TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 1, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 1.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SCAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street, Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Marrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

C. JARVIS,
HAIR CUTTER AND DRESSER,
Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,
of every description.
C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.
ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET
—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—
tfndv LOWELL. nov15

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,... LOWELL.
JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD,
tfnovt

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
jn4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & L. N. Gdhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mareens, Damasks, Table cuths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dinpars, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Saw, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery Goods.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
Central street, opposite the Post Office.
Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Face Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates painted in the best manner, and as low as can be had in Lowell.
sep18

TO LET—A pleasant and convenient Tenement. Inquire of L. D. BOISE, opposite Post Office.
tfnov6

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pnttfo24 LOWELL.

R. R. Smith & Co.,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
GENERAL DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Jewelry, &c.,
123, MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.
Days of Sale—Friday and Saturday Afternoons.
☞ All orders from a distance promptly attended to.
P. S. R. R. S. & Co. will attend to the renting of Tenements in or out of the City.
To Rent—Several small tenements. Inquire of R. R. Smith & Co., 123, Merrimack street.
Money to Loan—On Dry Goods, Cutlery, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. Inquire of
R. R. SMITH & CO.,
n&plyoct2 123, Merrimack Street.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Colby & Morse,
Attorneys and Counsellors.
OFFICE—MANSUR'S BUILDING,
Central Street.
RICHARD G. COLBY,
ISAAC S. MORSE.
August 20, 1844.



N. W. Ryan,
No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,
KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

R. Lapham,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
OFFICE OPPOSITE THE AMERICAN HOUSE,
Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,
LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 6, 1845. je3tf

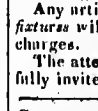
Binsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. BINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. BINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years.
n30

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattnets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



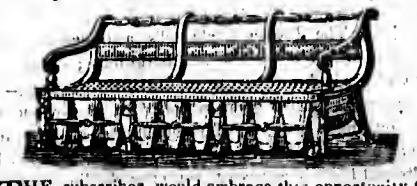
Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.
Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. aug

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept28 R. G. COLBY, Sec'ry.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,
Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.
N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.
Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

Merrill & Heywood,
(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)
23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.
Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.
Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vases—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Notice.
J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,
in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of
COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.
☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept6tf

Dental Notice.
WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.
J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.
MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.
N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11&4pif

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages in order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.
Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.
☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.
JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Cloth and Clothing.
JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:
CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.
BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.
CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.
DOESKINS—German, French, and American.
TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.
SATINETS—Maverick, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,
VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.
VELVETS—Blk and drab Tobby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.
GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.
CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.
HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.
BRACES—French rubber and Imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.
WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.
He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.
Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.
☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.
Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Cheap Mourning Goods!
30 PIECES, 600 yds. all wool M. de Leanes from 30 to 37½ cts. per yard. 20 ps., 350 yds. cotton and wool M. de Lanes from 18 to 25 per yard. 12 ps. silk warp Alapacas and Alapines of Raynards importation at the lowest prices. Mourning Cyprus Veils extralize. No. 12, Merrimack street, opposite Bridge st., at. [aug9] WM. WYMAN & Co.

From Jerrold's Shilling Magazine.

THE PHILOSOPHER MARRIED.

When the philosopher marries, all the people of his acquaintance combine to laugh at him. Why? Is there anything incompatible in philosophy and philogy; in the love of wisdom with the love of woman? "The wisest man the world e're saw" appears to have thought otherwise, and Socrates as well as Solomon was a husband. When Adam Crotch, finding, like his first father and namesake, that it was not good to be alone, contracted matrimony with Amelia Smith, was that any reason why all the other Smiths—Amelia's kinsfolk excepted—and Joneses, and Browns, and Tompkinses comprising the world he moved in, should, simply because Adam was reputed a philosopher, make merry at the expense of his father's son? It is true that the marriage of Adam was a step inconsistent with that philosophy when placed the *summum bonem* in the main chance. He married purely for those reasons that according to Uncle Toby, are written in the Common Prayer Book; which include, we believe, no reference to the Three Per Cents.

As we have styled Crotch a philosopher, it behoves us to explain what were his pretensions to that character—They consisted theoretically in a considerable amount of literary, scientific, metaphysical knowledge, and practically in a systematic course of life, based mainly on the principles of enjoying himself to the extent of his means, and repressing all desires that would exceed their limits. Thus Adam, who like many other philosophers, was rather fond of smoking, though in the abstract he preferred Havana cigars to the common weed, was wont to adapt his finances, to content himself with a clay pipe; and though he had taken as keen a relish for claret as any nobleman, could be very happy over a pot of porter. It was further a maxim with Adam Crotch, in economising, to sacrifice the lesser enjoyment to the greater, and always to deny himself what he could best spare.

Now there are two words to every bargain; Adam Crotch did not plunge into matrimony without having inquired what Amelia would say to the plan of life which he had chalked out. Her answers were most satisfactory. When Adam explained to her the difference between real and fictitious gratifications, and asked whether, content with true happiness, she could despise its illusory phantom, she would reply:

"O yes!" with an ethusiasm which none but young ladies who are in love can pronounce their words with.

Their marriage took place, but not altogether quietly. There were two matters connected with the event, on which they had a slight difference of opinion at the outset. All other preliminaries having been settled.

"Adam, dear," said the betrothed, "where shall we order our wedding cake, and whom shall we send cards to?"

"A wedding cake! exclaimed Crotch astonished. "Cards! my dear girl, what do you want with either?"

"O! we must have them, of course, love," she replied.

"Why of course?" asked the philosopher. "You are not fond of sweets neither am I, and the very few friends we are going to visit we can write to."

"But they will expect," urged the young lady, "our cards and a piece of cake. We should consider others, you know, Adam."

"Yes my dear," said Crotch, "of course we should; but what benefit would anybody derive from our sending them a mouthful of plum cake? What is it to eat?—There would be something in a large lump, but that would be out of the question. As to cards, they are wholly unnecessary. I object to them on principle, as conventional humbug, dictated by the mere caprice of society."

"Still," pleaded Amelia, "we had better do what is usual."

"Granted;" he returned, "when there is no particular reason to the contrary, I admit your abstract proposition. But, in this instance, we shall loose money. It will cost us two or three guineas at least; and for what? No pleasure to ourselves or anybody else."

"But surely we can afford it, dear."

"Nobody can, that is ought, to afford mere waste. Not a farthing ought to be squanderd. It had better be given away in charity."

"But people will be offended, dear, if we don't send them what they expect."

"Then let them be offended, my girl!" exclaimed Adam Crotch; "why should we regard unreasonable people?"

"Oh! you know, Adam," she answered, "it isn't everybody that's like you; and it is best not to make enemies, isn't it?"

"Humph!" ejaculated the philosopher musing as if this consideration had some weight with him, "there's something in that. Well—come—we'll e'en follow the ways of this absurd world of ours. But Amelia, mind one thing, we'll have none of that silver twist about our cards. That is a piece of fiddle-faddle, not only imbecile, but to me disgustingly vulgar."

"Do you think so?" was Amelia's answer, in a tone which rather inclined her lover to doubt whether her advocacy of cards and bride-cake arose from motives strictly of policy. Bride-cake and cards, however, though by no means with the good will of Crotch, were ordered.

The paradise to which Adam Crotch led his wife was the second heaven of a decent lodging house, otherwise called a tow-pair back. This however, was to be merely a temporary abode, to serve until they could find a small house, commensurate with their circumstances, in the suburbs of the town. With such a dwelling they were soon provided, and now rose the question of furnishing it, whereon the philosopher discoursed as follows:

"The essential points, my dear, to look to in choosing furniture are, comfort and utility. We cannot sit comfortably in an inconvenient chair, but so long as the chair is conveaient, its material matters little. We may apply the same principle to beds, tables, and fire-irons."

"Certainly, "answered Mrs. Crotch.

"Not but what," continued Adam, "there is a certain pleasure derived by the sense of vision from the handsome furniture, and if this can be obtained without financial embarrassment, well and good; but, the annoyance of being hampered in circumstances, is much more than equivalent to such gratifications."

"There is no doubt about that, dear," said she.

"Well, now you are, love," he pursued, "we can get a set of deal chairs and tables for a comparitive trifle; we can cover the chairs with what-dey-call it and make cushions for them ourselves. We can put oilcloths on the tables and paint their legs which will make them look quite well enough; and a floor-cloth of green baize will be just as good as the best Turkey carpet."

"My dear, what are you talking about?" demanded his wife in amazement.

"Why, that instead of mahogony and rosewood, and fine carpets, in which there is no essential advantage, we will have deal chairs and tables, and green baize."

"I never heard of such a thing!" said the lady.

"Don't you see that by so doing we shall have the money to eat and drink, love, and to be able to save something over in case of a rainy day?"

"Oh! you are joking, Adam," she answered.

"Joking," he repeated. "Not at all."

"Deal chairs and tables, and green baize carpet? Horrible!"

"What is the matter? You admitted my proportion with regard to the furniture in the abstract," said the philosopher.

"Nonsense," she retorted. "Bother the abstract."

"Amelia! My dear!" exclaimed the astonished husband.

"I have no patience with you!" she cried.

Adam first started, then whistled, and then set himself down biting his nails, while his irritated spouse overwhelmed him with upbraidings.

The philosopher was fain to make his peace by conceding the point as to the upholstery, and the house, amid his suppressed groans, was furnished in fashionable style.

Among other domestic exigencies that soon arose, was that of a set of dinner plates. Adam, this time without consulting Amelia, went and ordered a service of pewter. No sooner did Mrs. Crotch behold them than seizing one she dashed it indignantly on the ground. It was unbroken.

"See," observed the philosopher, with mild equanimity, "the advantage of pewter over China!"

"Oh, nonesense!" exclaimed Amelia.

"It is not nonesense," returned Adam. "What is there in a plate? Nothing—but the food upon it—that is, of any consequence. What objection is there in dining on pewter!"

"I can't bear it," she replied.

"But why?"

"Because I can't."

"Now don't you see," reasoned Adam, "how absurdly you talk. You can't hear it because you can't. Does it hurt your eyes or make your head ache? Does it pain you in any way?"

"I don't like it—and that's enough."

"No my good girl," urged Crotch, "it is not enough. When we say that we can't bear a thing, we mean that it produces an intolerable sensation. What intolerable sensation does a pewter plate produce in you?"

Such the scenes that were enacted almost daily between Adam Crotch and his helpmate. He wanted her to wear stuff dresses, she would have silk. One of their most serious disputes arose on the subject of cotton pocket handkerchiefs. "What earthly reasons," he demanded, "could there exist for wanting any other;" She answered, "Every reason," but gave none.

Reasons, however, she did give, occasionally, for her wishes. She wanted a white bonnet. Why? Because Mrs. White Wilson had one. She desires to have Venitian blinds for the parlor window. Wherefore? Such an embellishment had benn added to Mrs. Blake's.

In the course of time, Adam had sons and daughters. His philosophy encountered fresh trials. Disquiet and doctor's bills he was prepared for; but he was not prepared for the requisition of monthly nurses. He had not counted on supernumerary napkins, bibs, caps, pinafores, ribbons, feathers, frocks, and trousers. Occasional disturbances at his studies he had expected, but he never thought he should be called from his books to rock the cradle. An expedient which he had adopted to lighten this especial burden should be recorded. It consisted in the adaptation of a smoke-jack to produce the required motion; but his arrangement was continually interfered with by the cook.

His calculations thus confounded, his system thus upset, his scheme of domestic happiness thus baffled, what was the philosopher to do? He had no alternative but to cut down his own expenses to the lowest possible mark. He renounced wine, he foreswore grog, he relinquished the solace of his pipe—he drank his tea without sugar—he lived on the smallest amount of food that would sustain nature.

Our latest accounts of Adam Crotch represent him as meditating some scheme for the enlargement of his means. He intends to devote those faculties heretofore employed on speculation, to buisness.—Would that he could discover that stone, whose acquisition has so long been the philosopher's object! In the mean time, let philosophers in general, and those of the Crotch school in particular, about to marry, study attentively that chapter in the book of human nature, whose special subject is woman.

FILE YOUR NEWSPAPERS. Every person who takes a newspaper (and especially a weekly paper) should keep files of it, and every two or three years get them bound. Every man who does this, leaves a valuable book to his children, who will respect his memory and value the bequest more than ten times its cost. A volume of newspapers sixty years old would now sell at more than cost any where. A newspaper is the very best *history of the times* which can be found; and after a long lapse of time they are resorted to by scholars and antiquarians, with great interest.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 1, 1846.

Regular Nomination.—Election Jan. 5th, 1846.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS,

EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.

REGISTER OF DEEDS. On Monday next, the voters of Middlesex will, for the fourth time, be called upon to deposite their ballots for Register of Deeds; and we hope every man will feel the importance of turning out and rallying his neighbors, that this contest may be ended. Mr PATCH at each trial has had a large plurality of the votes thrown. At the last election, a change of a very small number of votes would have elected him. We have before said that no man in the county was better qualified to discharge the duties of the office than Mr PATCH; and his coming nearer an election at every succeeding trial, and the fact that no one has attempted to question his fitness for the position, show that in this respect the whole county agree with us.

Messrs Whitney and Hayden are doubtless perfectly competent to discharge the duties of the office; but by no means more so than Mr PATCH. In favor of Mr W. it is urged that he has been in the Register's office about a year, and for years more in the office of Elias Phinney, Clerk of the Courts of this county. To our mind this is a very good reason why he should retire from office, and give other equally deserving men an opportunity of making a respectable fortune, as we understand he has already done. It is also said that nearly every member of the bar of this county, *of both political parties*, signed a petition in favor of his receiving the temporary appointment. That is true; but it should be added, that the reason why many of them, and all the democratic members, signed such a petition was, doubtless, because it was understood that no person would receive the temporary appointment who intended to be a candidate for the office before the people. Mr Whitney comes into the field so short a time before the election, that a great many voters in the country towns will not learn till the trial has passed that he is a candidate; and for this reason his vote must necessarily be very small, and the most that can be effected by his friends, is to again defeat a choice.

Mr Hayden, to our mind, has forfeited all claim to the support of any party. He is a candidate in direct violation of a distinct and explicit understanding between him and Mr Adams, that he would not be. Mr A.'s letter speaks for itself.

[Mr Adams' letter, which states positively that in a conversation specially in raference to the appointment, Mr Hayden told him "*that he did not intend to be a candidate*, but should like the appointment, as it might be of advantage to him in procuring employment in some other situation," we published in our columns soon after it appeared in the Lowell Journal.]

Mr Hayden, wishing to blot out these facts, gets Mr Fletchar, another Commissioner, to write the following letter:

CHARLESTOWN, Nov. 18, 1845.

Mr Caleb Huyden,—Dear sir: At the regular meeting of the Commissioners, held at Concord, in September last, in conversation with you, relative to the appointment of a Register of Deeds, I inquired of you whether you intended to be a candidate for that office? Your reply was, "I do not know; I have not made up my mind, whether I shall be or not." When the Commissioners came together in the afternoon, I made known to them the conversation I had with you, and of your reply to my inquiry. No comments were made, but very soon afterwards they made the appointment.—This statement I made to you at the office of Register of Deeds, a few days after you had entered upon the duties of your office. Very respectfully yours,

TIMOTHY FLETCHER.

Since the appearance of this letter, Mr Adams has again written to the Journal. He concludes with the following comments upon Mr Fletcher's letter:

"In regard to this letter, I have first to say that, whatever passed at Concord between Mr Fletcher and Mr Hayden, nothing of it was ever communicated to me, or in my hearing; nor had I, at any time before his appointment, any intimation from any quarter, that Mr Heyden had ever thought of being a candidate for election; though I deemed it proper to inquire, lest I might have been misinformed. It is observable that Mr Fletcher does not deny my statement, that *my alleged conversation with Mr Hayden was 'soon afterwards communicated to the other members of the board.'* Had he done so, it would have made a direct issue on a matter of fact, known to us both. But he avoids that, and furnishes Mr Heyden with something else, to circulate through the County for his benefit, which should have the appearance of contradicting my letter to Mr Schouler. Such an appearance it certainly has. It would seem, from the letter, that Mr Fletcher made known to the Commissioners his conversation with Mr Heyden, so 'very soon' before they made the appointment, that it *must* have been made '*unconditionally*,' as alleged by Mr Heyden in the Aurora; and further, that there could have been no time, even if Mr Huyden had been present, for me to have had an interview with him. Now I ask the reader before he proceeds further, to determine *for himself* whether this is, or not, the obvious purport and meaning of the letter; and whether, or not, it admits of any other construction; and to learn whether, or not, it has been so understood.

Fortunately for me, the interpretation does not rest on human credibility. It is true that Mr Hayden came to Concord at the regular meeting in September, and verbally made known his desire to be appointed. *But the appointment neither was nor could be made there.* The Revised Statutes required it to be done at Cambridge; and a special meeting was appointed and held there on Wednesday of the next week, for the purpose; and Mr Stone's resignation was postponed accordingly. If Mr Fletcher or Mr Hayden has forgotten these circumstances, they can conveniently refresh their recollections by examining the RECORDS at Cambridge; and the date of Mr Heyden's bond may satisfy him that he was not appointed so 'very soon' after he saw Mr Fletcher at Concord.

Will Mr Fletcher please say whether he did not, immediately after the Commissioners had unanimously elected Mr Hayden, make known to me, for the first time, that he acted upon the principle that he was not to be a candidate? And also whether, a short time before the appointment, he did not inquire of one or more persons, at East Cambridge, if Lowell M. Stone, Esq. was not to be a candidate?—and assign the reason for asking the question, that the Commissioners had determined to appoint no one who was to be a candidate? An admission of this last fact may save the trouble of taking one or more affidavits.

I have only to add that, in making this exposure, I have been anxious to do neither more nor less than seems to me to be a matter both of right and duty, to defend my own character for truth.

JOSIAH ADAMS."

Mr French, also, another of the County Commissioners, understood that if Mr Hayden received the appointment, he was not to be a candidate before the people.

Voters of Middlesex County! are you desirous of putting an end to this controversy? There is one and only one way of doing so—*go to the polls and vote for the man who received at the last trial, nearly a majority of all the votes thrown.* That man was EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.

☞ The English journalists are great haters of America and her institutions, and great admirers of Daniel Webster. The London Times of a recent date, on the Oregon question, alluding to Mr Webster, says: "If he were still at the head of the Cabinet of Washington, *slight indeed would our apprehensions be as to the result of the Oregon negotiations*"!—True, for Daniel Webster is ever solicitous of the interests of the "mother country." The Times and other English journals are duly grateful for repeated manifestations of favor, and they take frequent occasion to applaud and flatter American eulogists of England's supremacy.

NINTH DISTRICT. *Seventh Trial.* There has again been no choice in this District. In 25 towns, the vote stands as follows: Pierce, (Dem.) 2643; Hale, (whig) 2896; Wheaton, (abo.) 548; Scat. 118.

On the sixth trial, the vote stood thus: Pierce, (dem) 3895; Hale, (whig) 3988; Wheaton, (abo.) 866; Scat. 342. Hale, the whig candidate, has made a net gain of 707. There remains six towns to be heard from, says the Atlas, but they cannot change the result—no choice.

NEW COUNTERFEITS. The Atlas says the following new counterfeit has been thrown into circulation within a week;—$3 bills on the Chicopee Bank of Springfield, Mass.—bill and impression very dark, particularly the vignette—paper much darker than genuine, and apparently *oily*. Signatures bad. So far as seen, they are dated Oct. 1, 1844. Numbers between 11 and 1200, and figures of No. clumsy. All $3's will be withdrawn from circulation by the Bank.

☞ A funny case of assault and battery was lately tried at Akron, Ohio. The Rev. J. D. Pickands, pastor of the second Advent Church, was charged with *kissing* the wife of Lyman Green, and *washing her feet* against her *husband's* will! The reverend gentleman acknowledged the facts as charged, but justified himself so conclusively on scripture grounds, that the case was dismissed!

TIRRELL, THE MURDERER. The New Orleans Bee of the 18th inst., says, Tirrell is still in jail in that city, and continues to maintain a dogged silence. Besides this, he appears haggard and care-worn, as if laboring under mental suffering.

☞ A handsome piece of judiciously managed generosity, is recorded in the Baltimore Clipper. The facts are these: "Some years since, a piece of property, owned by a widow lady, was set up at auction, to be sold for taxes, and purchased by a gentleman of this city. Having procured a clear and full title to it, in consequence of the original owner having failed to redeem it within the time allowed by law, the purchaser rented the property out; and, after having secured himself in his outlay, by receipts for rent, he appeared, a few days since, before Justice Wright, and, through legal process, restored the property, to the orphan children, by a full and free deed of all right and interest thereto."

☞ The Boston Eagle tells a strange story, the plot of which it locates in Charlestown; a husband told his wife he was going to the theatre, but got belated and returned home sooner than was expected; on retiring to bed, his wife complained of being unwell and desired him to get her a little brandy; he dressed himself and went out after the liquor; when he came to pay for it, as he supposed with a quarter of a dollar, the trader gave him $4,75 in change; on searching his pockets further, he found about $200 in gold—and then ascertained that he *had got into the wrong pair of pantaloons!*

PENNSYLVANIA FINANCES. From a summary statement of the receipts and expenditures at the State Treasury, from the 1st Dec., 1844, to the 30th Nov., 1845, it appears that the aggregate of receipts is $3,010,062 34, against $2,331,765 53, last year; and the expenditures $3,289,028 13, against $1,847,385 15 in 1844, but the expenditures of the present year embrace $1,789,990 30 of interest on the public debt. The available balance in the Treasury on the 1st Dec., 1844, was $663,351 88; the balance now in the Treasury amounts to $384,886 09.

Mr Fernsworth requests us to say, that in consequence of his having sold out his Oyster Saloon, he will be unable to provide for the supper to-morrow night, of the I. O. of O. F., at the Mechanics' Hall, and that therefore the supper will not take place, as contemplated.—*Courier.*

Mr F. has requested us to say the same.

BALL AT MANCHESTER. The Stark Guards and citizens of Manchester, are preparing for a grand time on the evening of the 8th of January. They always "do it up nice" there.

ROBBERY AT SALEM. We learn, says the Boston Transcript of last evening, from Mr Savary of the Salem Express that the jewelry store of Henry Cogswell, Essex street, was entered last night, by false keys, by some unknown villain, and jewelry, gold and silver watches, plate, &c, to the amount of about seventeen hundred dollars carried off. No clue is yet had of the robber or the direction in which he fled.

CONCERT. "The Peak Family" will give us one of their best vocal entertainments to-morrow (Friday) evening, at Mechanics' Hall. They are highly spoken of. See advertisement.

☞ Wish you a happy New Year. Should like to take it in newspaper subscriptions.

☞ Hon. John Slidell, Minister to Mexico, has resigned his seat in Congress as a member from Louisiana.

☞ To-day, Jan. 1, we invite our *debtors* to "cash down;" and to-morrow, Jan. 2, *creditors* will call and *take the* "cash up"—of course.

LOOK OUT! Ones of the Piscataqua Exchange Bank, Portsmouth, N. H. altered to one hundred dollars, are in circulation.—*Atlas*

Certainly! if any one of our patrons offers to pay us "one hundred dollars," we'll not only "look out," but *look pleased.*

☞ Mr Henry Witt, of Lynn, fell dead, in that place, on Saturday, from apoplexy.

☞ The present term of the Court of Common Pleas for Hamilton county, Ohio, has 70 cases of divorce upon the trial docket.

☞ The wife of Ex-Governor Thomas, of Maryland, has succeeded in obtaining a decree of divorce from her husband.

ENIGMA.

I am composed of 18 letters. My 1, 11, 5, 2, 18, is what "counter-jumpers" are somewhat ambitious of. My 12, 8, 5, 10, 4, 1, are a severe tax upon the people. My 5, 11, 13, 6, is what young ladies ought not to do. My 10, 14, 7, 11, 5, 3, 7, is what the "universal Yankee nation" repudiates. My 5, 9, 17, 2, is the name of a musical instrument. My 11, 13, 8, 10, 16, is the name of the fruit of a certain tree. My whole is what every righteous man does promptly.

Our readers are invited to solve the above.

CONUNDRUM. There is startling truth, as well as pungent sarcasm, in the following: "Why is the daily labor of factory operatives at this time, like a candle that *will soon burn out!* Because it is lighted at both ends."

MR CLAPP, of the Lynn Pioneer, has been convicted of a libel upon Mr Justice Lummus, of that town, in some peculiar strictures upon his Court.

CHRISTMAS PRESENT TO AN EDITOR. The whigs of Nassau and Nashville, N. H., through a committee, have presented to Mr Beard, the editor of the Nashua Telegraph, one of Pratt's patent Yankee card presses, worth $120, and a check for $64 in cash.—Christmas was the day selected for this valuable and complimentary tribute of esteem and friendship.

A BIG BUSINESS. The receipts of the bar of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, pay the expense of the entire establishment—being at the rate of one hundred dollars an hour, and from six to eight hundred dollars a day;—so says the Picayune.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE LAND OFFICE. From this document we learn that during 1844, the sales of the public lands amounted to 1,745,763 acres and the receipts into the land offices were $2,207,673; and during the first, second and third quarters of the present year, the sales amounted to 1,266 668 acres and the receipts into the land offices were $1,691,389. The commissioner recommends the preemption system, and graduation of the price of refuse lands according to the value to actual settlers.

"The Sobboth School Teacher's Gift to the little scholars, upon New Year's Day," is a neat little book, just published by Milton Bonny, 35 Merrimack st., and well calculated for the mission which its title indicates.

We understand that a factory was burnt at Winchester, N. H. on Saturday night last. We have learned no particulars. The light was plainly seen in this village.—*Greenfield Democrat.*

ILLINOIS. The census of Illinois shows that the population of that State has swelled in five years from 500,000 to 700,000.

A MISTAKE. We announced on Wednesday last, says the Union, that the nomination of George W. Woodward of Pennsylvania, was *confirmed* by the Senate. The nomination of that gentleman has not been confirmed.

J. B. BACKENTOS, the Mormon Sheriff of Hancock county, recently tried at Peoria upon an indictment for murder, was acquitted.

DOMESTIC GOODS. Quantity and value of Domestics exported from Boston to foreign places, during the week ending December 20th, 1845:

727 packages, ... $33,365

SHAD. The first of the season was eaten at Savannah on the 20th, eleven days earlier than last year.

SOUTH AMERICA. An arrival at New York from Buenos Ayres, with dates to October 25th, brings news that that port was still blockaded by the British and French squadrons.

THE FRENCH IN ALGIERS.—It is impossible to learn all the under currents connected with the conquest of Algiers from the French papers. The Brussels correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, in giving reasons for the recent defeats of the French, says "Marshal Bugeaud had till lately 180,000 francs a year secret service money for the payment of spies; for bribing Arabs and making presents to those who seek the dangerous friendship of France. He is openly accused in the French press with applying the best part of that sum for purposes not immediately connected with his mission, and to this malversation are attributed the late reverses in Algiers. Promises are made which are not fulfilled, large rewards offered, and small ones paid; in short, the whole conduct of the French in Algiers is that of a military rabble."

☞ The Washington Union of Monday has the following paragraph:—

"The National Intelligencer republishes a statement from the New York News, reported from Washington, 'to the effect that a settlement of the Oregon boundary question had been concluded in London between the British government and Mr McLane, on the basis of the 49th degree—the proposition having come from the former.' As we are at present advised, this report is not correct. Other rumors are afloat in the papers, touching the same subject, which are equally destitute of foundation."

The Washington correspondent of the Courier and Enquirer, writing on Monday night, says—"The President sent to the senate to-day a larger number of nominations for office than was ever before transmitted to that body at one time. They were nominations of collectors and custom house officers, extending from Maine to Texas."

CHAPLAIN TO CONGRESS.

The correspondent of the Manchester Democrat writes from Washington:

"You doubtless will recollect the inimitable description of "the Blind Preacher;" well, the Chaplain just elected by the House, comes near a perfect realization of that description by Wirt. His name is Milburne. He is perfectly blind—a good speaker and an excellent man. There is much of romance about his election to this office. He was a fellow passenger with some of the Western members. Their sympathy and respect was elicited by his resigned and christianlike deportment, and he was over persuaded to stop in the city, while they used their exertions in his behalf. Mr Boyd nominated him for the Chaplaincy and upon the 3d ballot he was elected."

If this comes pretty near a practical demonstration of a "blind leader of the blind," we hope they will not all "fall into the ditch together."

MR. KILBORN'S Ball last evening passed off grandly.

MR. DICKINSON'S ditto.

☞ To-night Mr GANSON'S party will "promenade all round" Wentworth's Hall.

NEW BOOKS.

"The Practical Astronomer" is the title of a new work from the press of the Harpers, being No. 5 of their new Miscellany. This volume is what its title imports it to be, namely, a practical work upon the science of Astronomy; and is such a book as every man who desires a general knowledge of this sublime study should possess. It treats mainly of the nature and properties of LIGHT, that fluid which is distributed throughout the immensity of the universe—which is essential to the enjoyment of every rank of existence—and of which so few persons know any thing. When we read a work of this kind, we are surprised at the narrow limits of our knowledge, and astonished at our ignorance of this essential and common element—the element which was the first production of the Almighty Creator. By the perusal of such works, we obtain real and useful knowledge. The author is Thomas Dick, LL. D., one of the distinguished Astronomers of the Age.

No. 46 of that magnificent work, *"Harper's Illuminated and New Pictorial Bible,"* is out. Also,

Nos. 73 and 74 of *"Illuminated and Illustrated Shakspeare."* Also,

No. 8 of the *"Wandering Jew,"* carrying the work to the 512th page.

"The Lady of Milan, or Fidelity unto Death," is the title of No. 69 of Harper's Library of Select Novels. Edited by Mrs Thomson—a tale of merit.

☞ All the above works are for sale at BIXBY'S, Wentworth's building.

CONGRESS.

Monday, Dec. 29.

SENATE. Mr McDuffie presented a memorial from the chamber of commerce and merchants of Charleston, S. C., asking the establishment of a branch mint in that city.

Mr Hannegan submitted a series of resolutions, declaring that all the region west of the Rocky Mountains, lying between 42° and 54° 40′ belonged to the United States—that there was no power in the government to alienate any portion of this territory, and that such a step would be an abandonment of the protection due to our citizens, &c.; the resolutions lie one day.

The bills reported by Mr Benton, of the military committee, for reviving the office of one of the inspectors-general of the army, and for establishing a corps of sappers, miners and pontoniers, were passed.

A message was received from the House stating that the President had signed the joint resolutions for the admission of Texas.

Several messages were received from the President, all of an executive character. The Senate then went into executive session.

In the HOUSE, nearly the whole of the day was consumed in motions and discussions in relation to the proposition to elect the superintendant and assistants of the folding room, which subject was referred to a select committee.

Mr Hunt spoke an hour upon the subject of nativism, the resolutions of the State of Massachusetts being under consideration.

The bill from the Senate constituting Texas a revenue district, was taken up and passed.

OREGON AND MR. CALHOUN. A Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says—

"I speak not without good authority in saying that Mr Calhoun has, since his arrival here, been actively engaged in an effort to promote the adjustment of the Oregon question. He interposed between the British minister and our government, and procured a reopening of communications between them. Several friendly conferences took place, and the result is, that if the United States take no rash or imprudent step, there will, in all probability, ensue a speedy compromise of the question on the basis of the 49th parallel, as heretofore proposed by our government."

The same paper has the following passage in relation to Mexico:—

"We may soon expect important information from Mexico. An organic law of that republic forbids the alienation of any portion of the national domain. On this point Herrera is assailed and will be overwhelmed. The question is, whether Paredes, after coming into power as the champion of the integrity of the Mexican republic, will proceed to acknowledge the independence of Texas, yield a portion of the state of Coahuila, and cede the whole of Upper California!—It is almost impossible that any but a Mexican statesman would be guilty of such inconsistency and treachery. Mr Slidell is instructed not to dally nor temporise, but to bring his negotiation to a close, in one way or another, very speedily. It is not at all improbable, therefore, that Mr Slidell will soon return, and that our government will take strong measures for enforcing our just demands upon Mexico. A war with Mexico is not at all improbable; and, indeed, it will certainly take place, if Paredes should be supplied with money by the Mexican clergy or the English capitalists in Mexico, which is very likely to be the case.

CURRENCY AND EXCHANGES. The New York Sun, a very able paper, (neutral in politics) has the following:

"The Brooklyn Eagle of yesterday garbled our remarks on the U. S. Treasury, giving nearly a column in reply, with abusive comments. However, we notice the Eagle without descending to the use of its weapon, and we now challenge it to prove our position either false or unfounded. We repeat—the financial affairs of the General Government are at present managed with greater *safety* and *economy* than they ever were. In other words, that the expense and cost of *keeping* and *disbursing* the public money is now less than it ever was, while the security to the government against *loss* or *defalcation* is now greater than ever before, and we defy the Brooklyn Eagle to prove the contrary. We assert that the people of the United States are better satisfied with the present management than any previous system; and we challenge the Eagle to propose a system that will cost less or give such general satisfaction. Go to our Navy Yards and ask the workmen if they were ever more promptly paid. Ask the sailors in the Navy, or the soldiers in the Army, if they experience any of those perplexing delays in receiving their pay to which they were subjected formerly. We are willing that our laborers, our sailors, and our soldiers, should be the judges in this matter. If their evidence is not sufficient, go to the mail contractors, the contractors for government stores and naval supplies; go to the farmers, rope makers, tailors, shoe makers, and all the various trades-people furnishing supplies to government, and you will receive further evidence of the truth of our assertions.—Look from one end of the Union to the other, and see the great uniformity in the currency and in the exchanges, altogether unexampled in our history. *Can you tinker up a better system?*"

☞ There is to be a grand exhibition by the "Lowell Union Club," assisted by "Harrison's Quartett Club" and the "Washington Brass Band," this (Thursday) evening, at the City Hall. It can hardly fail to be interesting.

"GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE." We have received a neat little volume bearing the above title, which has just been re-published from "an old author," by Judkins, Union Bookstore, 29 Central street. Every body ought to read it.

☞ A German concert of sacred music, advertised for sunday at Philadelphia, was stopped by the mayor. A journal of that city speaks of the proposed concert as an outrage and attempted desecration of the Sabbath. Heroic Philadelphia, is holier than Boston, for the Handel and Haydn have had Sunday evening performances as long as we can remember.—*Post.*

NEWS BY THE NOON MAIL.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Dec. 30.

The Senate was organized at noon, when Mr. Hannegan's Oregon resolutions were taken up as the matter first in order, and he moved that they be printed, and made the order of the day for the third Monday in January.

Mr. Calhoun opposed the motion, and spoke against the resolutions with great energy. Said they declared the question could NOT be settled by negotiation, and conveyed an implied censure upon the administration for offering the 49th line of parallel, as the boundary. Mr. C. sustained the administration, and offered an amendment, declaring the full power of the President and Senate to make a treaty on the basis of the 49th degree, and recommending the renewal of the offer of that line.

Mr Hannegan replied with zest, and said he was as independent as the President. He contrasted the conduct of certain statesmen as exhibited on the Oregon and Texas questions.

Mr Calhoun rejoined, and declared that the passage of the resolutions of Mr Hannegan would inevitably lose us for the present all of Oregon; and he explained at some length.

Mr Heywood, of N. C., made some conciliatory remarks, and moved to lay the whole matter on the table.

Mr Archer, of Virginia, expressed his cordial approbation of the course of Mr C., and thanked him for it.

Mr Clayton, of Delaware, thought that the Senate ought not to commit itself in advance of an anticipated treaty.

In the House, the resolutions from the Massachusetts Legislature, in favor of a full revision of the Naturalization Laws, were taken up.

Startling developements respecting the Saints at Nauvoo. There is intelligence from Illinois, that the Grand Jury of the United States District Court, sitting at Springfield, has been investigating the state of affairs at Nauvoo. The result is, they have found twelve indictments, (mostly against the head men of the Mormon Church) for counterfeiting the coin of the United States. Among the number indicted are Brigham Young, President of "The Twelve," and Orson Pratt, a prominent leader.

The Nauvoo correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune says: "I learn that the developements are startling. It appears that counterfeiting has been the principal part of the business there for some years, and that it has been carried on by the heads of the church. The amount counterfeited has been immense, and the execution in many cases so nice as to prevent detection. The Prophet, Joe Smith, used to work at the business with his own hands."

MR. FARNSWORTH has sold out his oyster saloon to Mr WELLINGTON. Mr LEONARD remains "inventer of ceremonies," as heretofore.

☞ The appropriate stimuli to healthful action in the human frame, and the other necessary effects to be produced to afford a perfect restoration to health, are produced most rapidly and surely by Brinckerhoff's Restorative, in cases of diseased chest and lungs. The full recorded attestation of gentlemen of the Medical Faculty in full practice, is convincing testimony of this fact. With such power, it is reasonable to suppose that a feeling of safety may be had in its use; we think this demonstrable by the most respectable witnesses.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages.—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merk and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Merk and John sts. jy21—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (126 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 120, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Dec. 29, 1845.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—720 Beef Cattle, 2600 Sheep, and 50 Swine. 300 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—Last week's prices generally were not sustained. A yoke or two extra 5 25; first quality 4 50 @ $5; second do. $4 @ 4 25; third do. 3 25 @ $4.

Sheep—Small lots 1 25 @ 2 50.

Swine—At retail 4½ @ 6c.

Statement of Brighton Market for 1845.

48,910 Beef Cattle.	Sales estimated at			$1,370,900
13,275 Stores,	"	"	"	212,400
107,960 Sheep,	"	"	"	134,950
56,580 Swine,	"	"	"	175,398
				$1,893,648

1844.

37,310 Beef Cattle, 4,136 Stores, 72,274 Sheep, 52,740 Swine,	Sales estimated at	$1,689,374

1843.

32,915 Beef Cattle, 10,605 Stores, 98,820 Sheep, 43,090 Swine,	Sales estimated at	$1,685,832

MARRIED,

In this city, Dec. 28th, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr William A. Couliard to Miss Nancy Murphy.

In Boston, Dec. 29th, Waldo Higginson, Esq. to Miss Mary D. Sohier.

DIED,

In Tyngsboro', Dec. 9th, Mr Roger L. Littlehale, 76.

In Waltham, Dec. 19th, Mrs Mary, widow of the late Jonathan Sanderson, Esq., 84.

In Hampton, N. H., Dec. 15th, Col. John Dearborn, a soldier of the Revolution, 82.

Vocal and Instrumental Concert.

W. GARCIA and Senor DeRIBAS respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that they will give a Concert on TUESDAY evening, 6th of January 1846, at the CITY HALL, when they will be assisted by Mrs. Franklin, Miss Rosa Garcia, and a gentleman Amateur.

☞ TICKETS 25 cents each, to be had at all the principal hotels, and bookstores, and at the door on the evening of performance. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at ½ to 8.

New Year's Party at Wentworth's Hall,

THURSDAY EVENING, January 1, 1846, under the direction of V. GANSON.

☞ Ticket $1.00. Music by Smith and Lovejoy.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 80, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjal

The Peak Family

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell that they will give a musical entertainment, assisted by J. R. HECTOR, formerly of the *Rainer Family*, at the *MECHANICS' HALL*, on FRIDAY EVENING, January 2d, 1846.

PROGRAMME.—PART 1.

1 *Quartette*—The Free Country, by Rainer
2 *Duette*—Gipsy's Wild Chant, sung by Julia and William, Lee
3 *Song*—No Home like my own, sung by Mrs Peak, Malibran
4 *Quartette*—The Sweet-Heart Rainer
5 *Duett*—Dear Heavenly Home, sung by Mrs and Master Peak.
6 *Song*—The Romaika, sung by Mrs. Peak, T Moore
7 *Quartette*—Rainer's Grand March, Rainer
8 *Duett*—Matrimonial Disputes, Mr Hector and Mrs Peak.
9 *Quartette*—Bunker's Height, Peak
10 *Quartette*—Wilt thou meet me there, love? Peak
11 *Solo and chorus*—The Miller's Maid, Rainer

PART II.

1 *Quartette*—The Sailor Boy's Carol, Rainer
2 *Duette*—The Pretty Page, as sung by the Peak family at the Tremont Temple, Boston, and at other places, with great applause, Bishop
3 *Song*—The May Queen, by Julia Dempster
4 *Song*—He doeth all things well, William, Woodbury
6 *Song*—Swiss air, with an accompaniment of voices
6 *Song*—The Mountain Maid's invitation, Rainer
7 *Quartette*—Will you come to my mountain home? Arranged by Peak
8 *Song*—My father's a drunkard, but we are not to blame—this is sung by Mrs Peak, by particular request.
9 *Quartette*—Tyrolese air, Rainer

☞ TICKETS 12½ cents—Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. jan1

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jec. 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said county, singlewoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to her, or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. Watson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. Watson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan1 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury *vs.* { Moody E. Abbott & James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy attest.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

Moses Stewart *vs.* { Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel, that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

For Apalachicola, Fa.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With immediate dispatch.



The superior fast sailing Bark, ARAB, *Freeman*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. d22

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Tuesday next.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, *Goodrich*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. jl

Mobile & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM LEWIS WHARF.

On Saturday.

To go up to the city without lightering:

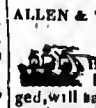


The fast sailing packet Schr. EMILY KNIGHT, *Hosmer*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is agent at Mobile. jl

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Bark CARLOS, *Mauron*, master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. jl

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, the performance will commence with the thrilling Drama of the

MAID OF CROISSEY.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, J. B. Bradley, J. Merrifield, Clark, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Mr J. B. Bradley and J. Merrifield. To conclude with the new Vaudeville of the

RIVAL PAGES.

Characters by Mrs J. Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, Mr G. H. Wyatt, J. B. Bradley, Mr Clark, &c.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. dec30

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called, HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Lucko, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle. [Boyv.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierra Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for correcting the list of Voters on SATURDAY EVENING next, from 6 till 8 o'clock, and on MONDAY MORNING next, January 5th, from 9 to 10 o'clock.

By order of the Board.

dec30 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracut; in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said T. T. Abbott will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Abbott, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Chancery Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Watson will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Dec. 10, 1845. dec23

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews, *vs.* { Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby, and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published at least three times in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 15, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY S. ORANGE, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Orange will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Orange, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
dec20 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. P. MORRILL.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 86, *Prescot Road, Liverpool.*

The sub-agents having been appointed Agents for the above line, are to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable in any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrolula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the City Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that he has *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.

Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3tdec

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY S. FOGG, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Fogg will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; when and where said Fogg will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

3tdec13 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tdec2

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Private Sale.

Three Piano Fortes; two second-hand Pianos, for private sale, a Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods, which will be sold at auction prices.

Sale—in Lots.

Valuable Wood and Timber Land within one mile of Lowell. About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to SHAPLEIGH.

S. C.

By E. B. Patch & Co.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Lowell and Central streets.*

Valuable Farm for Sale.

A farm situated in the south-easterly part of Littleton, on the road leading from the common to Acton, 2 miles from the said common, and 8½ miles from the Depot in Acton. Said farm contains 121 acres, well divided into mowing, pasturing, and tillage, 30 to 40 acres of woodland, and a young orchard. On the premises is a good two-story dwelling-house, a good barn 70 feet by 33, sheds and other convenient out buildings, and two good wells of water.

For further particulars enquire of George Wright, on the premises, or of the subscribers, where a plan of the same will be shown.

A large proportion of the purchase can remain on a mortgage.

At Private Sale—A large house on High street.—The house is well finished and contains 10 rooms well arranged for two families, with about 5000 feet of land. The location is such as to render it one of the most pleasant situations in Belvidere. Terms very easy.

Inquire of N. KIMBALL, on the premises, or of E. B. PATCH. j4

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel dn. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

To Let.

The small Shop in Commercial Square, recently occupied by Lewis Coburn as a Barber's shop. It is a first rate stand for Clothing, Shoe, or Variety store.—Rent $125. Appty to E. B. PATCH & CO.

At Private Sale—four large genteel Brick Tenements in the Westerly end of the Coburn Block, Appleton st.

1 good organ, in mahogany case, suitable for a vestry or parlor Will be sold low Can be seen at S P. Howes', No. 20 Merrimac street

Also, at office, 1 small parlor organ, new and in mahogany case

At private sale.—A good lot of land on Charles street.

At Private Sale.

An elegent new Carryall.

N. B. E. B. P. & Co. have several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly end uselessly draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. Fl.

Lowell, November, 1845. a2w*nov15

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Harris will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Harris, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec11 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN SHED, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Shed will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Shed will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,

1misadvdec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1845, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 23, Central street, for sale cheap for cash by [dec12] RAYNES.

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, neck and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia; hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills pulmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chnlly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in Cobura's Block, Central st., where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aa1adtf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. a23

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PRINCIPLES OF PHARMEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease or another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part, to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—" Like cures like "—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, is in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial st.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Gholmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Putter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. H. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Westhrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Hown, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6 3y

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1½ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Benaington, Albany, Bellowa Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestowa, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Coanny, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

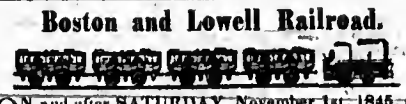
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5¼, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¾ train from Ruverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

12¼ M.....Portland

At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 3ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING AND SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

WHEREAS, my wife, ROSANNA SMITH, has left my bed and board, without any provocation whatever, all persons are hereby cautioned not to trust her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. PATRICK SMITH.

Lowell, Dec. 14, 1845. dec16 3t*

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its bygone influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature! This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without duley.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure; and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



A REMARKABLE and singular attestation has just been made by an eminent member of the Medical Faculty, as to the curative power of C. Brinckerhoff's health restorative in cases of Consumption, chronic Coughs and Colds, and Pains in the Side and Chest. This gentleman furnishes his patients with the Restorative, and finds it absolutely necessary, as he never had any prescription to produce the astonishing results realized by the use of the Restorative. This gentleman stands among his medical brethren as one of the most distinguished of their number: his name is left with the proprietor for reference. There is no doubt but that in a few years the leading physicians will prescribe this remedy, and that afflicted patients will use it and bless the hour that it was made known to them in. Being a truly fine herbal medicine is consequently of more importance, as every one feels safety while using it and no sense of danger as if he were using deleterious minerals. Mr. Wilkes a respected merchant in N. York, used the Restorative and was cured wholly from a dangerous rough and expectoration. The editor of the Commercial Advertiser with an earnest appeal commends it to the confidence of the sick, and affectingly calls on them all to give it a fair trial before relinquishing every hope.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbio, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 20 Central st.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States,

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. e&plynov8

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'a Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&r6m

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Wayneshurg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support; yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place; and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Fillebury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick F. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 2.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE,—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special price*, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bortlett Street Belvidare, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DENTISTRY.

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nav15

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Gdhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery Articles.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



TO LET.—A pleasant and convenient Tenement. Inquire of L. D. BOISE, opposite Post Office. tfnov4

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

pettfo24 LOWELL.

R. R. Smith & Co.,

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

GENERAL DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Dry and Fancy Goods, Cuttery, Jewelry, &c.,

123, MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

Days of Sale—Friday and Saturday Afternoons.

☞ All orders from a distance promptly attended to.

P. S. R. R. S. & Co. will attend to the renting of Tenements in or out of the City.

To Rent—Several small tenements. Inquire of R. R. Smith & Co., 123, Merrimack street.

Money to Loan—On Dry Goods, Cutlery, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. Inquiry of

R. R. SMITH & CO.,

a&ptyoct2 123, Marrimack Street.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fimael Stoves, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Colby & Morse,

Attorneys and Counsellors.

OFFICE—MANSUR'S BUILDING,

Central Street.

RICHARD G. COLBY,

ISAAC S. MORSE.

August 20, 1844.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphina Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

R. Lapham,

Counsellor and Attorney at Law,

OFFICE OPPOSITE THE AMERICAN HOUSE,

Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street,*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if

sep9

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. aug

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

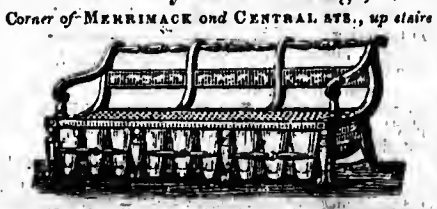
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 R. G. COLBY, Sec'ry.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last two years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. if

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Minature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Boquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1845 sep8tf

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swon, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Marrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&p1f

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof. Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tubby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chmois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italinn & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppns, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawe of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Cheap Mourning Goods!

30 PIECES, 600 yds. all wool M. de Lanee from 30 to 37½ cts. per yard. 20 ps., 350 yds. cotton and wool M. de Lanes from 18 to 25 per yard. 12 ps. silk warp Alopacas and Alapines of Raynards importation at the lowest prices. Mourning Cyprus Veils exerisiza. No. 12, Marrimack street, opposite Bridge st., et. [aug9] WM. WYMAN & Co.

THE DEATH OF A DOG.

A THRILLING SKETCH.

To die "the death of a dog" is said to be the fate of any unfortunate who has been disconnected by misfortune or misconduct from sympathy and charity of his kin. The phrase is familiar in every ear, and its signification is well understood. That dogs do generally die wretchedly is most true; and even the hound of high degree, when his day is over, may go to the dust as miserably as any "bob-tail tyke or trundle" of the canine fraternity. Dogs are generally supposed to die in the gutter; "headed," as we see them in the dog-days, or pelted to death with stones by mischievous boys. Books tell us that dogs, of all the brute creation, manifest closest attachment to man; while at the same time it is a received maxim that the death of a dog is the most despicable exit that can be made by biped or quadruped. At some future time perhaps philosophy may find out how far these facts go to the disgrace of the dog, and how far in favor of the magnanimity of man. The mastiff, the hound, the spaniel, the shepherd's dog, the harriet, the terrier, the greyhound, the bloodhound, &c. &c., all have their friends and masters during their day of utility; but to grow sick or old are sins always to be visited with the vengeance of neglect. Such being the unhappy fate of the genus *canis*, there is, perhaps, no sadder image to be called before the mind than "the death of a dog."

On the first of January, 1827, Col. Wm. Sublette, accompanied by a famous mountaineer, called Black Harris, started on foot, from the Valley of the Big Salt Lake, on an express expedition from the Mountains to St Louis. The story of the whole trip is too long to be told now, and we only propose to mention one remarkable incident of the journey. The two men took with them no horses, but pushed forward with snow-shoes upon their feet. An Indian dog, trained and broken for service, with a pack of necessaries weighing fifty pounds strapped upon its back, was their only friend, assistant, companion upon this perilous, desolate, and unprecedented adventure. After encountering suffering, hunger, and hardship, in every shape that winter could inflict upon them in a savage region, they stopped one evening, sick, and starving, under three elm trees, by the side of a frozen streamlet, still two hundred miles on the other side of the settlements. The dog was weak and sore footed, out of sight behind, as it followed faithfully and wearily on. Sublette had barely strength to scrape the snow from a spot, gather his blanket around him, and fall exhausted; while Black Harris broke dead branches from the trees and kindled a fire. If the condition of the two desolate travellers at this moment may be imagined, it must present a picture worthy of attention. Sublette lay coiled up in his blanket by the side of the little camp fire, while Black Harris, sitting cross-legged opposite, bent for warmth over the miserable blaze, his eye gleaming with strange earnestness upon the poor dog that came crawling in just as the heaviest shadows of night were gathering around. Harris did not move, as was his usual custom, to relieve the dog from its load. The animal crawled near the fire, crouched and closed its eyes, with the burden still bound upon its back, while Black Harris "did rest his chin upon his clenched hands and smiled," as his eye roved back and forth from the poor starved dog, to a little axe or tomahawk that lay near.

"Captain," said Harris, addressing Sublette.

"*Um?*" muttered the worn out man;

"The dog!"

"*Um?*"

"I say, the dog!"

"Well! well, then you ain't hungry, I suppose? I won't say dog to you again!" and Black Harris made a miserable attempt to whistle, his wild eye still fixed upon the poor beast that lay near him.

"He can't travel any more, any how," said Harris.

"*Um!*"

"O, go to sleep, if you've had your supper; I'm just talking to my friend here with four legs."

"Are you hungry, Harris?" asked Sublette faintly.

"Hungry! O, Lord, no! I have eaten three full meals in only a fortnight! Hungry, Captain! why, you're joking me: go to sleep, Captain, go to sleep: you have been dining out and indulging! go to sleep!"

"We must kill the dog, Harris!"

"O, not at all, Captain; I can wait awhile myself, and he'll save us the trouble before the morning."

"*Um!*"

"We've got nothing for him to carry, any how."

"O, Lord!"

"And he couldn't carry anything if we had it. I don't want to kill the dog!"

"*Um!*"

"There's nothing to eat on his bones, anyhow; good night, Captain."

"Kill the dog! kill the dog, Harris!" said Sublette, "you are starving: I *can't* eat the flesh of the wretched creature; but if you can, kill it, kill it, in God's name!"

Harris snatched the axe, and reeled with weakness as he rose to strike the dog. He struck and missed his aim. The dog rose and looked in his face. He struck again, and the blow descended with fearful effect upon the skull of the animal. It fell and rose again with a pitiful howl. The dog, with a last effort, crawled up to his master, put his fore paws on his shoulders, attempted to lick his face—fell back and died.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The following article, in which the advantage of Life Insurance on the mutual principle are clearly stated, in the form of an answer to objections, we copy from the Portland Argus:

OBJECTIONS ANSWERED. The advantage of Life Insurance being now admitted, and the correspondent *duties* of all who have the means of insuring themselves, without encroaching upon what they need from day to day, let us now see what are the objections, well founded or otherwise, most frequently urged, when a party's attention is called to the subject.

1st. I have no time to look into the matter *now*—no time to think of it—I am too busy! or, I like the plan very much—for every body but myself; or, it is a capital thing for the RICH, they have only to look about them, to see the insecurity of riches, and they can spare the money—or it is a capital thing for the POOR, who not being able to invest their small savings or other stocks, must either loose their interest in trying to save the principal, or their principal in trying to save their interest. I shall use my influence in persuading others—but have no idea of insuring myself.

In other words, to him who seeks to stay them for one moment in the headlong career of life, by saying, Stop, for one moment, and provide for your little ones and their mother! Stop, and put by something for *yourself*, in old age or sickness, want or sorrow! Stop, long enough to see your house in order, and to prepare, like a man of common sense, for what *must* happen—the answer is, "*Go thy way for this time, when I have a more convenient season I will send for thee*"—or, I am too well to think of such matters: what are fifty or a hundred dollars a year to me in my large business?—or, even two or three hundred put a side for old age, or funds for the use of my wife and children, after I am out of the way? How do I know they will out live me? Or, am I too poor, living only from hand to mouth, and how can I spare fifty cents or a dollar a week now, for the help of others—even my own flesh and blood hereafter? That it lengthens human life, encourages forethought and a wise economy, provides for the aged and helpless, the widow and the orphan, without burdening the community, we believe and acknowledge. But how does that concern us? Good morning—we are very busy.

Too busy to stop! Why, what are you laboring for? Is it not that you may have something *certain* for sickness or old age? Something beyond the reach of chance and change, for your wife and children, after your death? Something that will be sure to keep them together—and out of the work house? *Too busy to stop!* Why, what if a stranger should throw himself in your

way, with uplifted hands, while you were chaffering for a house, a farm, and say to you, Sir, if you will pay me twenty-five, or fifty, of a hundred dollars a year, according to your age, and the worth of the property you are bargaining for, while you live, the house or farm shall belong to your wife and children at your death, *happen when it may*, even if you die to-morrow—and here are the title deeds! Would you not stop long enough to hear him through—to satisfy yourself about the title, and about the value of that house or farm?—to count up the cost, if you should live to a good old age? to reckon the interest upon what you are called upon to pay, year by year—long enough, in a word, to feel justified, hereafter, in refusing the offer?

Now, observe—*this is the old system of life insurance.* A man might live so long that he would have to pay out, reckoning the yearly premium at compound interest, as he ought, more than his family would receive at his death. And then, *he had to die to get his money.* No matter how much he or they might need it, not a penny could they touch till he was out of the way. There was no provision for mother or children against creditors. After a long life of household thrift, industry and self-denial, on the death of a wronged, helpless or bankrupt husband, who had lost or wasted all she brought him in marriage, and all her savings and earnings after marriage, the mother and her babes had to go a begging to the Probate Court, or Orphan's Court, for enough to keep them out of the work-house, for a few months, at farthest. And worse yet, if worse there could be, under the old system, there were so many causes of forfeiture, that very few indeed were they who, belog able, had the heart to insure; while to the mass, who most needed life insurance for a refuge, the high rates of premium, and the exceeding difficulty of paying it yearly, and all at once, on a given day, were an impassable barrier.

And now suppose that stranger should say! Not only shall your family have that house or farm at your death, die when you may, but I will pay the insurance and taxes, and you shall have a share of the rent, as you go along—or you may leave that share to accumulate, year by year, so that the longer you live, the more you will get—and if you should want the whole in your old age, I will buy you out, principal and interest, at the full market value of the property—nay, if you are unable to pay the premium, I will lend you the money to pay it with, on the security of these very papers, and nothing more—and if you want money to pay off a mortgage to educate a child, or to set him up in business, or to marry off a daughter, I will lend you two-thirds the value of your account with me, at any time after the first year, *in cash*, on the same security—and though you should be fool enough to endorse the paper of every man that asks you—though you should be forced by your folly to pay other people's debts, till you are no longer able to pay your own, so that you live or die a bankrupt and a beggar, still my promise to your family shall be kept, and *there are the titles deeds;* with a certificate from the best lawyers of the land, that you are safe! *provided* you pay me one-fourth of the premium in cash, and give me a good security for the other three-fourths, with interest yearly. Would you not stop long enough to consider such a proposition seriously, as a matter of buisness at least?

Is not such is the present system of Life Insurance? Every existing association embodies more or less of all these improvements, and those on the mutual principles embrace the whole. J. N.

Portland Nov 10, 1845.

EXTENSIVE RELATIONSHIP. An individual possessing more brass than silver, called on a celebrated nobleman with whom he had not the slightest accquaintance.

"My lord," said he, "I am rather badly off for money, and have taken the liberty to call on you, as we are related; for as I am able to trace our genealogy, Adam was the founder of our family, and I hope your lordship will not think of denying our common descent, nor the claims arising from it."

"By no means," said his lordship, good humoredly. "There is a peony; and if all your relations will give you as much, you will be richer than I am."

☞ "A nursery must be a great place for dancing, Simon."

"Why so?"

"Because it is."

"I don't see how."

"Aint a nursery a regular *bowl* room?"

DOINGS OF SOCIETIES. The association to abolish the practice of biting finger nails, report that they have found some people who have nothing else to bite.

The Society for inspecting soap fat, report that, in consequence of the bees not living this year, there will be a great demand for pickled oysters when they are wanted.

INTERESTING TO LAWYERS. The Legislature of Vermont, at its receut session, passed a law providing that in case an atturney should fail to pay over moneys collected by him, it should be deemed a wilful and malicious neglect, and upon a verdict being rendered against him for the same, execution should issue against his body, and he be closely confined in jail until the money shall be forthcoming.

☞ "Death is the wages of sin." That's poor pay. We wonder that more people don't quit sinning, and stand out for higher wages.

☞ Wasn't Cowper an Odd Fellow? Hear him: "Oh, for a *lodge* in some vast wilderness!"

☞ Wooden cakes, beautifully frosted, and ma hogany dough-nuts, are advertised to be let for parties down east.

☞ A middle-aged gentleman was once asked why he did not marry. "Because I don't like old women," replied he. "Then, why not marry a young one?" "O, young ladies don't like old men."

☞ A Young urchin being severely reprimanded by his mother for saying "*hell*," remembered the chastisement, and on the following Sabbath when the minister, in preaching, used the word, leaped up and exclaimed, "By jings! if you had my mother to deal with, you wouldn't swear that way without getting licked, I knew!"

A GUARDED ANSWER. In the Registration Court, Cuper Fife was called on to appear as a witness, and could not be found. On the Sheriff asking where he was, a grave elderly gentleman rose up, and, with much emphasis, said—

"My lord, he's gone."

"Gone! gone!" said the Sheriff, "where is he gone?"

"That I cannot inform you," replied the communicative gentlemen, "but he's dead."

☞ A fugitive slave says the best "massa" he knows anything about is "*Massa*-chusetts."

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 3, 1846.

☞ MONDAY NEXT you can elect a Register of Deeds, if you will. At the last trial, Mr. Patch received 468 votes more than any other candidate.—He can and ought to be elected. Voters, turn out next Monday and settle the matter.

NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

The subject of forming a new judicial district, embracing Lowell and the surrounding towns, has been somewhat discussed, and, to our mind, is worthy sufficient consideration to lead to legislative action. Every person, from the northerly part of Middlesex county, who has had occasion to do business in our courts, is aware of the inconvenience of attending court, with a train of witnesses, at either Concord or Cambridge. The expense of "dancing attendance" for six, eight or ten days upon a court, in a distant part of the county, is a very great grievance. To get into the law, at all, is a misfortune. And to compel a person seeking justice, or defending against oppression or wrong, to be at two or three times as much expense as would be necessary to carry on a suit, if it was carried on at a more convenient place, by dragging him from one extreme end of the county to the other, *when there is no occasion for it*, is too unreasonable to find any advocates. Is there any necessity of compelling the people of Lowell and vicinity to go to Concord or Cambridge to have their lawsuits tried or *vice versa?* We say no. A new judicial district may be formed without detriment to any body, and greatly to the advantage of the people of Lowell and the northern part of the county. The greatest advantages of trying a cause near home are the saving of travelling fees and of the cost of keeping witnesses at court. If a case is tried near home the parties can ascertain very nearly the time to summon their witnesses and save the expense of keeping them at court a much longer time than is taken up by the trial. Travelling fees in all cases is a considerable item, and in many cases a very great one. This would mostly be saved by having suits tried where the parties live. A similar saving would be made in officers' fees—their returns, &c.

For the same reasons, to save expense and inconvenience, a new Registry of Deeds should be established. We agree with our neighbor of the Courier fully in this particular. It is a great and unreasonable expense and trouble for the people of this section of the county to be obliged to go to Cambridge to get their instruments recorded or to examine the records.

The northern part of Middlesex county, embracing Ashby, Townsend, Dunstable, Pepperell, Tyngsborough, Chelmsford, Shirly, Groton, Westford, Dracutt, Lowell, Tewksbury, Reading, Wilmington, Billerica, Curlisle, and the towns of Andover and Methuen in Essex, would be greatly benefitted by the formation of a new judicial district and the establishment of a new registry of deeds. Andover and Methuen, before they could be benefitted by the formation of a new judicial district, or the establishment of a new registry, would have to be annexed to Middlesex county, or a special statute passed authorizing them to try their causes and record their instruments in a district out of their county.

Great change have taken place since the present order of things was established. Where the second city in New England now is, was then only one or two sheep farms. To meet this change something must be done. Either a new county or a new judicial district and a new registry should be formed. We have no desire to see a new county formed, if the inconveniences and unnecessary burdens the people are now subject to are remedied by any other means. This subject should be considered only as regards the interests of the people, and not as to its effect upon party politics.

What are the ideas of the Bar upon this subject of a new judicial district? We should be pleased to have their views.

☞ The Stark Manufacturing Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent., the Sandwich Glass Co. three, the Providence Railroad four, and the New Bedford and Taunton three and a half per cent.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Montreal Herald says that Mr Buchanan's despatch to Mr Packenham on the subject of Oregon, is shrewd, statesmanlike and able, and must tax the ingenuity and ability of any man to answer, however great his capacity.

☞ "No man is born nobler than another," says Seneca, "unless he is born with better abilities and a more amiable disposition."

OREGON—*the war commenced!—Pennsylvania fired the first gun!* A duel was fought in Hopewell, York county, Pa., between Mr. Jesse Gilbert and Mr. William B. Blair. The dispute arose in an argument about the Oregon question. They fought with rifles at 60 paces. After the first fire, neither of the parties being wounded, the difficulty was adjusted by the seconds.

FIRES. The Rockaway House, kept by Mr. John Tilton, at Phillip's Beach, Lynn, was burnt on Thursday night, between 10 and 11 o'clock, with most of the furniture and the outhouses. The house was insured at Portsmouth, N. H., for $3000; the furniture was insured in Boston, where the house is owned, for $3500. The fire took from a stove placed in an attic which had been wet in consequence of the blowing down of a chimney.

The shovel factory of George W. King (late Judge Washburn's mill) in Raynham, was destroyed by an incendiary on Thursday night, together with his tools and about $1800 worth of new shovels. Loss $4000, and no insurance.

The Pittsburg Gazette of Monday says that a fine new three-story brick warehouse in the "burnt district," was burnt out on Sunday night. It was erected for Henry Thompson, and was rented by W. Noble, upholster, but he had not removed into it.

LAW OF LIBEL. The New York Court of errors have set aside, by a vote of 15 to 5, the decision of the supreme court in the libel case of J. Fenimore Cooper and Col. Stone, which the widow of the latter had carried up, Mr Cooper being unwilling to make any settlement with her.

☞ While Mrs Coleman was waiting for her father at Pittsfield with the remains of her husband, who died in consequence of the accident at Chester on the Western Railroad, she received the intelligence that the father too had been killed at Fitzwilliam by the caving in of a bank on the Cheshire Railroad.

CONGRESS.

OREGON — INTERESTING DISCUSSION IN THE SENATE.

In our last, we gave a sketch of Tuesday's proceedings. We now add a more full account:

Tuesday, Dec. 23.

In SENATE, Mr Hannegan, called up the following resolutions, submitted by him yesterday:—

"Resolved, that the country included within the parallels of 42 and 54 degrees 40 minutes north latitude, and extending from the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean, known as the territory of Oregon, is the property, and part and parcel of the United States.

Resolved, That there exists no power in this government to transfer its soil, and the allegience of its citizens, to the dominions, authority, control and subjection of any foreign prince, or sovereignty.

Resolved, That the abandonment or surrender of any portion of the territory of Oregon would be an abandonment of the honor, the character, and the best interests of the American people."

Mr Hannegan moved that the resolutions be printed and made the special order for the third Monday in January.

Mr Calhoun said—Though I cannot give my support to these resolutions, I am very much gratified that they have been moved by the senator from Indiana. If the Senate should support these resolutions, it is clear that the question can only be settled thereafter by force of arms; and should this be the case, and a war be commenced between this country and Great Britain, no peace can ever take place between the two countries but by our dictation at the cannon's mouth. I think it is a proper occasion for avowing the sentiments which I entertain upon this subject. I am for peace, if peace can be honorably preserved. I am in favor of adjusting the difficulty, if it can be adjusted, by negotiation; if it cannot be adjusted by negotiation, I am in favor of that course to be pursued by this government which shall throw the onus of a war from our own shoulders upon Great Britain. I approve of the course taken by this government in offering the 49th parallel, under all the circumstances of the case, as the boundary. I believe that the desire of the executive is, like my own, for peace—for an honorable peace; but if an honorable peace cannot be preserved, if we are to have war, I will stand by my country in every emergency.

Mr Calhoun moved the following resolves as a substitute for Mr Hannegan's:—

Resolved, That the President of the United States has power, "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two thirds of the Senate present concur."

Resolved, That the power of making treaties embraces that of settling and fixing boundaries between the territories and possessions of the United States and those of other powers in cases of conflicting claims between them in reference to the same.

Resolved, That, however clear their claims may be, in their opinion, "to the country included within the parallels of 42° and 54° 40' north latitude, and extending from the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean, known as the territory of Oregon," there now exists, and have long existed, conflicting claims to the possession of the same between them and Great Britain, the adjustment of which have been frequently the subject of negotiation between the respective governments.

Resolved, therefore, That the President of the United States has rightfully the power, under the constitution, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, provided that two-thirds of the members present concur, to adjust by treaty the claims of the two countries to the said territory, by fixing a boundary between their respective possessions.

Resolved, That the President of the United States, in renewing the offer, in the spirit of peace and compromise, to establish the 49th degree of north latitude as a line between the possessions of the two countries to the said territory, did not "abandon the honor, the character, and the best interest of the American people," or exceed the power vested in him by the constitution to make treaties.

Mr Hanegan said the two first propositions of the Senate could not be opposed by any one; but the others were inconsistent at least with the course that he (Mr H.) had laid down. He must be allowed to say that the conduct of gentlemen on this question contrasted strangely with their course in relation to Texas.

Mr Calhoun said if he had acted promptly on that subject, it was because promptness and boldness could only secure the object. Another year, and Texas would have been lost forever to us. But in regard to Oregon precipitancy would ruin every thing.

Messrs Haywood, Archer, and J. M. Clayton each took sides with Mr Calhoun.

Mr Hannegan had yet to see the evidence that Great Britain had any right in Oregon, except as a mere tenant. Had we taken possession three years ago, we would have had 50,000 men there capable of defending it, and no opposition would have been heard of.

Mr Allen wanted no barren propositions—no abstract resolutions. He desired no action of the Senate but such as would bring *results*. He wished to give the notice to Great Britain, and to extend the jurisdiction of our government over the territory, and to no other movement would he lend himself. "War and a war party had been talked of, but if by this it was meant that there was a party in favor of a war for the sake of war, he knew of none such. He regretted to see the pre-eminent (for eminent merely he would not term him) Senator from S. C. joining in this cry. "War" was the cry when we surrendered our territory in the north-east, and "war" the cry when the death-shrieks of the ill fated crew of the Caroline were drowned in the spray of Niagara. It was this that invariably frightened the property holders, and caused them to give all their influence to our adversary. But he declared in advance that no panic, real or artificial, that can be conjured up in the eastern cities, should make him yield one inch of our rightful claims.

The discussion was further continued by Messrs Hannegan, Haywood, and Benton; and on motion of the former gentleman, the resolutions were laid on the table to be taken up hereafter.

The act to repeal the act abolishing the office of one inspector-general of the U. S. Army, was taken up and read a third time, and passed.

Mr Jennes presented the resolutions of the Legislature of New Hampshire, for an alteration in the law, so as to allow newspapers to pass free of postage.

Wednesday, Dec. 31.

SENATE. The bills granting alternate sections of public lands for purposes of internal improvement, in the State of Michigan, and for continuing the Cumberland road in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, were passed over informally.

The bill to continue the office of commissioner of pensions was taken up, and passed.

The Senate adjourned over to Friday.

HOUSE. Mr McKay reported a joint resolution requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish the estimates of expenditures upon the meeting of each session of Congress. It was read a third time and passed. A bill was also passed establishing a collection district at Chicago, Ill.

A bill making appropriations for the improvement of certain harbors and rivers, was reported by Mr Tibbatts. The following are some of the items:

For the Ohio river above the falls $80,000; for the Ohio river below the falls 240,000; for the Red River 80,000; for the Hudson River 75,000; for St. Louis harbor 75,000; for Baltimore harbor 20,000; for Boston 40,000; for Portland 20,000; Savannah 50,000; Ashtabula 10,000; Chicago 12,000.

The bill was then referred to the committee of the whole and ordered to be printed.

A bill to establish a line of Stockade forts on the Missouri, through the Oregon Territory, was reported by Mr Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, and referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr Rockwell reported a bill for the payment of the passage of Gen Lafayette from France to the United States in 1825.

The House adjourned to Friday.

☞ In this world the poor are of three descriptions, viz.: The Lord's poor, the devil's poor and the poor devils. As a general thing, the Lord takes care of his poor, and the devil takes care of *his;* but the *poor devils* look out for themselves.

MERCANTILE READING-ROOM. We learn that the excellent reading-room over the Post Office, is henceforth to be under the superintendence of Mr Conner, who was recently so severely maimed on the railroad. We hope that Mr Conner may find the business united to his, and that the public will extend to this establishment a praiseworthy liberality.—*Courier.*

This situation has been tendered to Mr Conner from praiseworthy motives, and we trust the people of Lowell will respond in the same spirit. By patronizing this room, they can by the same act benefit themselves, and a deserving and unfortunate fellow citizen.

Mr C. takes the reading-room on his own responsibility, and is thus dependent for compensation wholly on the patronage which is extended to it.

EXPENSES OF THE MISSION TO CHINA.—The following message was received from the President of the United States, in the House of Representatives on Monday:

Washington, December, 1845.

I transmit to congress a communication from the secretary of state, with a statement of expenditures from the appropriation made by the act entitled "An act providing the means of future intercourse between the United States and the government of China," approved the 3d March, 1843. JAMES K. POLK.

The message was read and laid on the table.

The amount appropriated by the act of 3d March, 1843, was	$40,000 00
The amount paid Mr. Cushing, the commissioner, for outfit, salary, contingencies, loss on exchange, and return allowances equal to six month's salary, was	32,484 33
The amount paid Mr. Webster, secretary to the mission	7,500 00
	$39,934 33
The accounts have not been finally settled, and Mr Cushing claims further allowances	$893 26
Mr. Webster claims	1,994 64

☞ The Concert bill of Mr. Garcia and Senor de Ribas, for Tuesday, Jan. 6th, at City Hall, promises an unusual treat. Miss Garcia's sweet warbling in "Thus coos the Turtle Dove," from the Oratorio of Sampson, and Senor de Ribas' tasteful Oboe, at the Boston Academy and Philharmonic, are too fresh in our recollection to need discussion; while the distinct poetic enunciation of Mrs. Franklin in the beautiful ballads which have acquired her merited celebrity, and the comic Buffo vein of the veteran Garcia, independent of his peculiarly expressive piano forte touch, will (we predict) render the evening's entertainment in every way worthy of public patronage.

N. B. Our Irish friends have not been forgotten in the varied arrangement.

CHAS. G. EASTMAN, Esq., has assumed the editorial conduct of the Vermont Patriot, at Montpelier.—Mr E. is a veteran in the editorial ranks, and with ready hand and willing heart he will do good service in the democratic cause.

☞ The editor of the Courier has been reading old Mr Weller's advice to his son Samivel. He will have plenty of time for light reading, this winter;—no legislative reports to write, to prove that the *Creator* has no control over its *creature.*

☞ Asahel Huntington has *not* gone to Washington, as reported. The great liquor case does not come before the court at present—though it probably will this winter.

DISAGREED. In the case of Olney Ballou, vs. Alfred Ballou, Isaac C. Ballou, Elias S. Ballou, Nathan W. Harris, and Charles H. Jenks in Providence, for trespass in entering his house and arresting him about the time of the Chepachet affair, the jury could not agree.

☞ The dry house belonging to the powder mills of Mr John Carkin, of Bennington, N. H., exploded on the 1st inst., with about one hundred and fifty kegs of gunpowder, with some other damage to the other building.

☞ The lecture by Dr. CURTIS on next Monday evening is, we understand, to be the last of the present course. Subject—"the Nervous System."

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week ending Dec. 27th, 1845:	1844:
From passengers,	$5067	$4389
" freight, &c.,	9365	7303
Total,	$14,432	$11,692

☞ The hog is your *gentleman* among beasts, because he does not know how to do any kind of work.

LOWELL ACADEMY. The evening department of Prof. Adams' Academy will commence (re-opened) next Thursday evening. He always has a full school.

☞ The excellent performances at the Museum are attended nightly by vast numbers of our citizens.

☞ Read the advertisement of Miss STEELE'S "School for young Ladies." Miss S. is competent to give high satisfaction.

ACCIDENT. We learn with regret, that Mr. SAMUEL G. CRESSEY, well known in this city as a collector, slipped and fell upon the ice in the street, on Thursday last, and broke one of his legs above the knee.

Mr C is a very worthy man; and, having a family depending upon his labors, this severe accident is peculiarly unfortunate. We trust his numerous friends will be duly mindful of him.

☞ A girl about twelve years or age, named Susan Bump, of Bridgewater, was accidentally killed on Sunday last, by her brother. He took up the gun, supposing it was unloaded, aimed and discharged it at her. She lived but a few moments, only uttering the exclamation, "Oh! you have shot me."

☞ The Georgia legislature adjourned Dec. 25.—The tax bill and the bill in favor of married women were not passed, but all the bills for the incorporation of manufacturing companies and the railroad bills have all become laws; among them a bill for the extension of the Western and Atlantic Railroad to Cross Plains, which authorizes an issue of the bonds of the road to the amount of $60,000 per annum. The bonds are predicated upon the profits of the road.

☞ The next steamer from Europe, which will arrive within a week, will bring some stirring news.—We shall have accounts of the reception of the President's message. The English papers will be "chuck full" of wrath and vengeance.

☞ We should like to know upon what authority the Advertiser states that the petition signed by nearly all the members of the bar in this county for the appointment of Mr. Whitney Register of Deeds, was signed by them because "it was understood that no person would receive the temporary appointment who intended to be a candidate before the people.—*Lowell Courier.*

The following communication will show our neighbor our "authority," in part:

To the Editor of the Lowell Courier:

We have seen in your paper of the 2d instant, a statement that no persons signed Mr Whitney's petition to the Commissioners, for the office for which he is now a candidate, with the understanding that he was not to be a candidate, if he received the temporary appointment. We certainly did understand the matter differently from what you have stated it. Having long been on terms of the most kindly daily intercourse with Mr Whitney, we were not informed even that he was to be a candidate, at the time his friends sought for him the temporary appointment. If we had even heard of any intention on his part to be a candidate for the *election*, it is hardly probable that we should have petitioned in his favor, in order to give him an advantage over or you an argument against, a candidate *equally as competent, of our own political principles.*

Respectfully requesting the correction of a mistake,

We remain your obedient servants,

ITHAMAR W. BEARD,
A. R. BROWN,
B. F. BOTLER,
E. A. ALGER.

Lowell, Jan. 3d, 1846.

SCRAPS OF USEFUL INFORMATION. In looking over the expenditures of the British Government, for 1835, we find that about $20,000,000 were paid to 114,752 NON-EFFECTIVE men in the Army, Navy, and Ordnance Department, embracing, probably, half pay officers and other pensioners. The expenditures, during the same year, for the Civil Government, including all allowances to the several branches of the Royal Family, and the King of the Belgians; for the establishment of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; salaries and expenses of both Houses of Parliament, including printing: for the whole Judiciary Department, including the expenses of the Police and Criminal Prosecutions, and all the salaries and superannuation allowances to foreign ministers and consuls, and for all other pensions and annuities on the civil list, did not amount to $13,000,000!! *seven millions of dollars* a year less than the sum paid to these *non-effective, do-nothing men* connected with the British army and navy.—There are 363 Judges in the United Kingdom, whose salaries amount to $1,785,022 per annum. Nor are they *non-effective* men in their department, but men that honor the British name and give dignity to human laws throughout Christendom. Yet, for all their profound learning and assiduous labor, they do not receive in ELEVEN YEARS what is paid in ONE to the *do-nothings* of the British army and navy!

But let us come back to this modal republic and see if like abuses exist in its economy. In looking into the Register of the U. S. Navy, we find this to be a fact with regard to the actual service and pay of our naval officers in the earlier periods of our national existence. From 1815 to 1823, a period of about 8 years, there were 28 Captains, whose average time of service during this period, was less than *two years;* thirty Commandants, a little over two years; one hundred and seventy-two lieutenants, less than three and a half; and eight Chaplains, less than one and a half year. In the Naval Register for 1845, it will be seen that, of 1,391 naval officers under pay of the government, THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-NINE were *waiting orders!!* Their salaries, at the fixed allowance for officers thus waiting orders, amounted to $444,170!! Add to this the salaries of 8 Marine officers and Engineers, waiting orders the same year, we have the sum of $448,336 paid to the *non-effective* officers of our navy. Now the sum paid in 1845 to 287 members of Congress and to 30 Judges of the Supreme and District Courts of the United States, was $445,500, less than the amount received by these naval officers while waiting orders. It would be easy to prove that the non-effective men in this department alone receive annually more pay than is allowed to all the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, and to all the Judges of the Supreme and District Courts of the United States.

Is not this fact worthy the consideration of our national Legislature and Judiciery? E. B.

Worcester, Dec. 9, 1845.

AFFLICTING. On Friday of last week, Mr and Mrs Crouch, of Italy, left home with an infant about 2 months old, to visit some relatives in Jerusalem. It being a very cold day they bundled up very warm.—On arriving at their friends, the young mother commenced telling how "very quiet the baby was during the whole ride;" but her feelings can be imagined, when she learned the cause of its quietness. On uncovering it she beheld her infant a *corpse*, having been undoubtedly smothered.—*Penn Yan Democrat.*

NEW SUGAR LANDS. We have heard a great deal about the rich lands of the West and of Texas, but in our opinion the Parish of East Baton Rouge can vie advantageously with either. Only a few years ago, the idea of raising sugar cane on the highlands, was deemed chimerical. Now the experiment has been successfully tried, and the cane of the highlands thrives better and furnishes more juice than that of the Mississippi bottoms.—*Baton Rouge Gazette.*

☞ A lady having requested "Spoons" of the Sunday Mercury to write in her Album, he sat down and perpetrated the following:

Fair lady on this spotless page
Allow my thoughts to spread
Theirselves like maple 'lasses o'er
A slice of rye and injun bread.

Your rosy charms will soon decay—
Those blissful joys that childhood brung.
By time will soon be done away—
So go it lady, go it while you're young.

Miss Harriet F. Curtis, a lady of Vermont and authoress of "Kate in search of a Husband" (a book, by the way, that reached an eighteenth edition,) as well as one of the editors of "The Lowell Offering," has in Harper's press a new novel entitled "Jesse's Flirtations at Niagara and Saratoga." We predict for it a flattering reception.—*Boston Times.*

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages.—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Mer'k and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Mer'k and John sts. ly2t—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this! it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure,—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner! Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J. S. HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov1 6m.

MARRIED,

In this city, Dec. 30th, by H. G. Smith, Mr John R. Champlin and Miss Stacy Ann Swain, all of Lowell.

In this city, Dec. 31, by Rev. Mr Wood, Mr Edward Garnet, of Framingham, to Mrs Prudence Rogers, of Lowell.

In Nashua, N. H., Mr Sumner Woodward, of Nashua, to Miss Jane Swan, of Tiugsboro', Mass.

DIED,

In New Hartford, N. Y., Dec. 19, Abram Prescott, Jr., formerly of Westford, Mass., 36.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, the performance will commence with the thrilling Drama of the

MAID OF CROISSEY.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, J. B. Bradley, J. Merrifield, Clark, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Mr J. B. Bradley and J. Merrifield. To conclude with the new Vaudeville of the

RIVAL PAGES.

Characters by Mrs J. Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, Mr G. H. Wyatt, J. B. Bradley, Mr Clark, &c.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good ordor is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m, to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. dec30

Vocal and Instrumental Concert.

MR GARCIA and Senor DeRIBAS respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that they will give a Concert on TUESDAY evening, 6th of January 1846, at the CITY HALL; when they will be assisted by Mrs. Franklin, Miss Rosa Garcia, and a gentleman Amateur.

☞ Tickets 25 cents each, to be had at all the principal hotels, and bookstores, and at the door on the evening of performance. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at ½ to 8.

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy,	$3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language,	4 00
For instruction in the French language,	4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan3

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.

Lowell, Janurry 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS.

Janurry 1st, 1846. 3wadvjan3

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrent has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell in said County, mackinist, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any propsrty to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Clifford will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Clifford and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT.
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 2d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Taylor will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Taylor and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

For Apalachicola, Fa.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *With immediate dispatch.*



The superior fast sailing Bark, ARAB, *Freeman*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. d22

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Tuesday next.*



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, *Goodrich*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. jl

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Wednesday.*



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Bark CARLOS, *Mowry*, master, is now loading and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. jl

Mobile & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM LEWIS WHARF. *This Day.*

To go up to the city without lightering.



The fast sailing packet Schr. EMILY KNIGHT, *Hoomer*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is ogent at Mobile. j3

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury vs. Moody E. Abbott, & James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is on action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy attest.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

Moses Stewart *vs.* Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel, that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, SS.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews vs. Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published at least three times in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said county, singlewoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to her, or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. Watson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. Watson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan1 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said T. T. Abbott will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Abbott, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Chancery Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Watson will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.

Dec. 10, 1845. dec23

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 15, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY S. ORANGE, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Orange will beholden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Orange, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
dec20 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for correcting the list of Voters on SATURDAY EVENING next, from 6 till 8 o'clock, and on MONDAY MORNING next, January 5th, from 9 to 10 o'clock.

By order of the Board.

dec30 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. nov15

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruses, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN. And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Rossoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Loske, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Cronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Loskwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strung,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blust,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3injan1

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 43, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Lowell, opposite American House.

FOR the character and responsibility of the Institution, the Agent has the privilege of referring, in Boston, to Hon. ABBOTT LAWRENCE and WILLIAM APPLETON, Esq.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

The plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfil two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose*. By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use*.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	First 5y taken out Po..	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
61	$500	$37 08	83	$ 52 32	$386 21	$6 93	$177 59
		1839	1844	720 72	321 18	4 96	1730 50
			1849	541 00	256 45	3 99	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is inserted in all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awaeopdec13

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

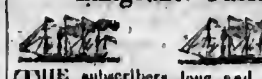
Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of those Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug16—1y. DR. F. MORRILL.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in London are ANDREW FARR & SON, 47, *Merchants Exch.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 3, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above line, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW FARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrotula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

—Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter, and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.

Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3tdec

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY S. FOGG, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Fogg will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Fogg will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

3tdec13 PETER K. MOORE, Assignee.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well suited for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tdec2

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Pianoo Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

By E. B. Patch & Co.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Lowell and Central streets.*

Valuable Farm for Sale.

A farm situated on the south-easterly part of Littleton, on the road leading from the common to Acton, 2 miles from the said common, and 3½ miles from the Depot in Acton. Said farm contains 121 acres, well divided into mowing, pasturing, and tillage, 30 to 40 acres of woodland, and a young orchard. On the same is a good two-story dwelling-house, a good barn 70 feet by 28, sheds and other convenient out buildings, and two good wells of water.

For further particulars enquire of George Wright, on the premises, or of the subscribers, where a plan of the same will be shown.

A large proportion of the purchase can remain on a mortgage.

At Private Sale—A large house on High street.—The house is well finished and contains 10 rooms well arranged for two families, with about 5000 feet of land. The location is such as to render it one of the most pleasant situations in Belvidere. Terms very easy.

Inquire of N. KIMBALL, on the premises, or of E. B. PATCH. j4

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold w, and warranted true timekeepers.

To Let.

The small Shop in Commercial Square, recently occupied by Lewis Coburn as a Barber's shop. It is a first rate stand for Clothing, Shoe, or Variety store.—Rent $125. Apply to E. B. PATCH & CO.

At Private Sale—four large genteel Brick Tenements in the Westerly end of the Coburn Block, Appleton st.

1 good organ, in mahogany case, suitable for a vestry or parlor. Will be sold low. Can be seen at S. P. Howes', No 20 Merrimac street

Also, at office, 1 small parlor organ, new and in mahogany case

At private sale.—A good lot of land on Charles street.

At Private Sale.

An elegant new Carryall.

N. B. E. B. P. & Co. have several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connexion with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. a2w*nov13

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN SHED, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Shed will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Shed will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1m1sadvdec6 next head of Pawtucket Falls.

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Monitor—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Casket. dec2

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—In the matter of VALENTINE BURROWS and LAWRENCE TRACY, both of Billerica, in said County, Co-partners.

The creditors of said insolvents are hereby notified that their third meeting will be held at the Court next to be holden by G. Washington Warren, Esquire, a Master in Chancery for said County, at Charlestown, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next—for the proof of claims and the auditing of the accounts of the subscribers, Assignees of said Insolvents, preparatory to a dividend.

WILLIAM SMITH, } *Assignees of*
DANIEL A. WILSON, } *said Insolvents.*

Lowell, Dec. 11, 1845. dec11 3tr

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their owe intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect tha system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divina instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented of or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in Coburn's Block, Central st., where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. anlmdtf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. a28

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PRINCIPLES OF THERAPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—" Like cures like "—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, " Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, " vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, " hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a repetition as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondrin, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preperations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolop, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozanges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skeltan, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dowe, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Glenson; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. H. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morerass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6—y

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6¼ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¼, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Hollows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Hoverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M. Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. novltf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¾ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

Arrabout 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12, M.....Portland

At about 5¼, P. M.

At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. oov4 aly

GRAND
Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a Phonographic Dictionary, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Aekworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

WHEREAS, my wife, ROSANNA SMITH, has left my bed and board, without any provocation whatever, all persons are hereby cautioned not to trust her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. PATRICK SMITH.

Lowell, Dec. 14, 1845. dec16 3t*

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Professions throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed is vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. HICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsapaiilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&p1yaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



A REMARKABLE and singular attestation has just been made by an eminent member of the Medical Faculty, as to the curative power of C. Brinckerhoff's health restorative in cases of Consumption, chronic Coughs and Colds, and Pains in the Side and Chest. This gentleman furnishes his patients with the Restorative, and finds it absolutely necessary, as he never had any prescription to produce the astonishing results realized by the use of the Restorative. This gentlemen stands among his medical brethren as one of the most distinguished of their number: his name is left with the proprietor for reference. There is no doubt but that in a few years the leading physicians will prescribe this remedy, and that afflicted patients will use it and bless the hour that it was made known to them in. Being a truly fine herbal medicine is consequently of more importance, as every one feels safety while using it and no sense of danger as if he were using deleterious minerals. Mr. Wilkes a respected merchant in N. York, used the Restorative and was cured wholly from a dangerous cough and expectoration. The editor of the Commercial Advertiser with an earnest appeal commends it to the confidence of the sick, and affectingly calls on them all to give it a fair trial before relinquishing every hope.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Whidham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jon29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [aov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 20 Central st.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flee poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyner8

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston, and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jos. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&r6m

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, colds, tic-doulereux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 6, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 3.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, newly sew and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, LOWELL. sep19

advly

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAPSTONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jo4

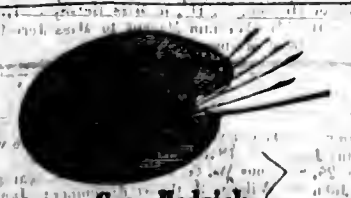
CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moroens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dippers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. my18

DENTISTRY.

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Iron Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. HANOS, DEAN HANOS.

jan8

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. 68tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

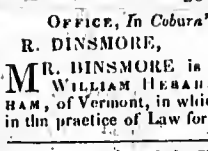
Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

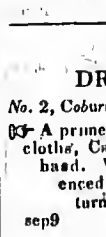
W. H. Taber,



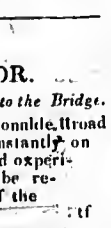
PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m



Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at GILBERT, jr's, No. 29, Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. aug

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

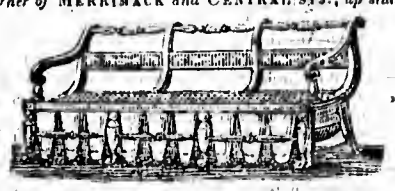
GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov14&ptf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Cothns may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. rang8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Carriage Manufactory.

—NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arell bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6me&plec20

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

T. S. HORSE, Sec'ty.

sept23

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, New No. 29 } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort*, *usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months so pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&pnct23

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codriegtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maverle, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain, and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and fight Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinshaw, and Canton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawers of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

☞ Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard if you see fit to do so.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. dec16

SONG.

BY MRS. F. S. OSGOOD.

Call me pet names, dearest! Call me a bird,
That flies to thy breast at one cherishing word,
That folds its wild wings there, never dreaming of flight,
That tenderly sings there in loving delight!
Oh! my sad heart keeps pining for one fond word,—
Call me pet names, dearest! Call me thy bird!

Call me sweet names, darling! Call me a flower,
That lives in the light of thy smile each hour,
That droops when its heaven—thy heart—grows cold,
That shrinks from the wicked, the false and bold,
That blooms for thee only, through sunlight and shower;
Call me pet names, darling! Call me thy flower!

Call me fond names, dearest! Call me a star,
Whose smile's beaming welcome thou feel'st from afar,
Whose light is the clearest, the truest to thee,
When tho' "night-time of sorrow" steals over life's sea
Oh! trust thy rich bark, where its warm rays are,
Call me pet names, darling! Call me thy star!

Call me dear names, darling! Call me thine own!
Speak to me always in Love's low tone!
Let not thy look nor thy voice grow cold;
Let thy fond worship thy being enfold;
Love me forever, and love me alone!
Call me pet names, darling! Call me thine own!

THE LOVES OF HABAKKUK BULLWRINKLE, GENTLEMAN.

About six-and-twenty years ago, a middle-aged North-country attorney, somewhat above five feet eight inches in height, but immeasurably corpulent, with an old-fashioned calf, mottled eyes, and a handsome nose, settled in a large and uncivilized village in the West of England. The manner of the inhabitants were rude and outrageous; their names, customs, frolics, and language, were such as Habakkuk Bullwrinkle had never before been accustomed unto. They cracked many a heart-piercing joke on his portly person; laughed at his ineffectual attempts to compete with the veriest youngster in the village, at wrestling, or cudgel-playing; rejoiced heartily when he suffered a cracked pate, or an unexpected back-fall; and never employed him in the way of his profession. He could have borne all his misfortunes with decency but the last;—*that* irked him beyond measure; and he did not scruple to upbraid those who deigned to drink out of his cup, with their folly and villanous prejudice, in measuring a man's wit by his skill at gymnastics, and exclusively patronizing a couple of rascally petitioggers in the vicinity, whose only merit consisted in their hard pates, and dexterity in breaking the skulls of their clients. The villagers waited with patience until Habakkuk's lecture and strong drink were finished, promised to reform, heartily wished him success in his trade, fell to loggerheads on their way home, and the next morning went for redress to the aforesaid petitioggers who fleeced them to their hearts' content for several lingering months, and then mutually advised their employers to settle the matter over a goodly feast.

Habakkuk Bullwrinkle inwardly mourned at the luck of his fellow-priests of the syren, but lost none of his flesh. His affairs at length grew desperate. He had been skipping over the land, after the fickle jade Fortune, for many a weary year; but the coy creature continually evaded his eager clutch. What was to be done? His finances were drooping, his spirits jaded, his temper soured, and his appetite for the good things of this world, as keen and clamorous as ever. He had tried every plan his imagination could devise to win over the rustics, but without effect. He was just about to decamp clandestinely, and in despair, when all at once, he recollected that he was a bachelor! His hopes rose at the thought. "How strange it is!" said he, unconsciously snapping his fingers with delight, "that the idea of marrying one of these charming rosy-skinned lasses, who are continually flitting about me, should never have entered my caput before! The whole village is one immense family—a batch of uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, cousins, and relations of every intermediate degree, from one to a hundred. If I can but weave myself into this web of consanguinity, my future ease and fortune are certain. They will stand by one of their own kin, let him be ever so distantly related, to the very last. By the laws! it's an excellent project! I've a warm heart, a winning way, and a great choice; so I'll even cast my eye about for a convenient helpmate; eat, drink, and be merry again."

Reader these were my thoughts, at the latter end of the year 1803; for I am the identical Habakkuk Bullwrinkle above-mentioned. Pursuant to my resolution, I began to wheedle myself into the good graces of the girls. I often met with a very tolerable reception, considering all things, and find many times, nearly compassed the object of my hopes, when the demon disappointment, in the semblance of a clod-hopper, yclept Andrew Skelpie—walked in to dash the cup of happiness from my lips. I never attempted to kiss a lass behind a hay-mow, or an old tree, but what this fellow would thrust his ugly phiz between me and the sweet pair of lips. I was longing to salute! If ever I made an appointment to meet a farmers daughter, and prattle away an hour or two with her, unseen by all, Skelpie and she were generally linked lovingly arm in arm together, on my arrival.

The first time I ever beheld this destroyer of my peace, was at a village revel. I shall never forget the manner in which he rose from the grass on which he had been lazily lolloping, and looked out through his half-closed eyelids, at the efforts of the back-sword players on the sward. He was called upon to enter the ring with a fellow about his own height, but more fleshy and comely-looking by half—being precisely what middle-aged good-wives term "a portly figure of a man, very much to my liking." Skelpie got up from the cool turf, one joint at a time, and made his way into the circle, by one of the most extravagant and ludicrous paces I ever beheld: it was between the ungainly toddle of an ox, and the loose-jointed motion of a drunken, staggering stripling. The portly fellow was a stranger from a neighboring county, who valued himself on his prowess at a single-stick; he had already

peeled the bark off a brace of poles, and the gray-headed rustics, who encompassed the scene of action and glory, trembled for the honor of their native village. An immense shout of applause greeted Skelpie's appearance; for, in him, it was well known, the champion of Wellmere himself would find a redoubtable opponent. He surveyed his adversary with a confident and most provoking glance, accompanied with an upturning of the higher lip, and a smack of his horny fingers, that sounded like a crack of a wagoner's whip. He coolly selected a stick, screwed it into his hand-guard, pidled his elbows, gave one stentorian "hem!" and then—I never beheld such a mutation in my life!—his eyes flew open, his lips clenched, every muscle in his body was instantly awakened, every limb was in active and most turbulent motion: he hit at his opponent's head, with a velocity that, to me, seemed supernatural; I heard a continual and most merry peal of blows rattling about the sconce of the portly stranger, but I could scarcely detect a single motion of the stick. The skin was tough—particularly tough; and, for some time, defied Skelpie's sturdy thwacks. At the close of the vigorous bout he looked amazed, muttered a curse on his ineffective weapon, and was just about to begin again, when, observing something auspicious about the closed mouth of his adversary, he put forth his hand, and parted the swollen lips of the stranger, from whose mouth a stream of blood immediately gushed.—The comely man afterwards acknowledged, that he had received a cut under his lip at the beginning of the play, but had sedulously sucked in the blood and swallowed it, hoping to crack Skelpie's pate before it was discovered. At this fine old English sport, he who draws from his adversary's head sufficient blood to stain muslin, is proclaimed the victor. Skelpie afterwards threw half-a-dozen sturdy fellows at wrestling, and bore off the prizes at the village games, as he had frequently done on previous occasions. He was by no means handsome in the face, fairly spoken, well-made, or merry;—the simple wenches idolized the dog for his prowess. He was capricious and false, but they seemed to like him the better. Each in her turn, hoped to fix the rover, excite the envy of her predecessors in his affections, and bear off the palm where they had ingloriously failed. He took no trouble to gain their love, and they unanimously doted on him. I often longed to see him get a good thrashing, and many times felt strongly impelled to fall on him myself; but a whole flood of fears and forebodings, invariably drowned the few sparks of courage and vigor in my breast, and I laudably forbore.

My love-suits were innumerable; but although they usually began and went on auspiciously, Skelpie never failed to bent me off the field in the end. The dog seemed to be unconscious of the mischief he made, and that irritated my spirit in a tenfold degree. He seemed to bear no malice against me, and many times rendered me an essential piece of service. I never shall forget the night when he clutched me by the cheek, and pulled me out of a flood-swollen brook, when I was at my last gasp, and then abused and threatened to bethwack me for being such a fool, and giving him the trouble of wading chin-deep to save me. My intellect, on this occasion, was befogged with the fumes of stout October, and I knew not where I went.

It would be tedious to narrate the whole of my adventures during the year which I spent in seeking out a wife; I shall content myself with particularizing what befel me in the pursuit of the four last objects of my love. And, first, let me introduce Ruth—Ruth Grobstock, the daughter of a rough miller, who resided on a hill about a mile to the left of the village. I secretly wooed her about a month, undisturbed by any mortal; I thought I was sure of her, and began to concert measures for obtaining a dignified introduction to her daddy, the miller.

One evening, after having ruminated for many hours on Ruth's attractions, I determined to roam up to the mill, which I never before visited—having hitherto carried on my love-suit with Ruth away from her home, at meetings which were too frequent to be altogether accidental.—While I loitered about the mill, pondering on the best mode of drawing out Ruth—for she had no reason to expect me—the moon suddenly gleamed full upon me, through an opening in the oak tree which stretched its huge boughs over the white cottage in which the miller dwelt; and methought there was something similar to the malicious smile of an arch woman, when intent upon a prank, gleaming on her sparkling face; her unnecessary glances as she seemed to peep through the tree, for the express purpose of betraying me to observation, threw me into a panic. I had heard of old Grobstock's mode and manner, and I feared him. I felt sure of a kind and endearing reception from Ruth, although I came altogether uninvited and unawares; but I fancied for a moment that I heard her father's flails whistling about my ears, and felt the teeth of his tykes rioting in my fat. My pulse throbbed audibly; and I was on the point of again making my way into the wood that clothed the hill-side, when a multitude of clouds which had been gradually hemming in the light of the moon, suddenly stretched over her face, and relieved my terrors by screening me from her afflicting glances. I rejoiced, and waxed courageous and young in heart again. The curtains of the best room in the little cottage were negligently drawn, and I had the satisfaction, after sundry leaps, of getting a glimpse of Ruth's little and exquisite foot, as it danced up and down before the blaze of a chirruping fire, which sparkled on the broad hearth. A gentle tap at the window set her on her legs in a moment, and before I could reach the door, she was there with an outstretched hand, and a pair of warm, ripe, ruddy lips, pouting forth to greet me. This was delicious! The friendly clouds were still sheltering me from the moon's eye; Ruth stepped forth, and we stood close at the foot of the old oak, in the most impervious and delightful darkness imaginable. I was mute with delight, but my happy-hearted, loving little damsel's speech after a few moments of silence, gradually began to thaw, and at length overwhelmed me with a torrent of words: "Oh! I am so glad you are come," quoth she; "if you had not, we should not have had a moment's talk together for the week. Daddy's gone out; but to-morrow evening, and the next, he means to stop at home, and get drunk; and, although his over-night's promises in other affairs melt like mists in the morning sun, and are quite forgotten by mid-day yet, when he says he shall get drunk, he always backs it wi' an oath, and then makes it a matter of conscience religiously to keep his word; so that you see, my dear Skelpie"—

[To be continued.]

☞ When a man stops his newspaper on account of pecuniary forebodings, we consider him about as gone a case as if he should conclude to stop his daily bread for fear he should come to poverty.

☞ The Woman's bill has passed the Senate of Georgia, securing to married women their own property; and similar to the law on the same subject in Louisiana and Mississippi.—*Baltimore Clipper.*

The bill was defeated.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 6, 1846.

REGISTER ELECTION.

Yesterday we had another trial for the election of a Register of Deeds. The vote of this city was very small, though some 200 more than at the last previous trial. Below we give the vote by wards:

Wards.	*I*	*II*	*III*	*IV*	*V*	*VI*	
Whole number	85	306	201	163	111	206	1072
Ephraim B. Patch	20	134	100	81	46	75	456
Nath. R. Whitney	50	153	89	68	47	106	513
Joel Hayden	15	15	10	11	17	25	93
Scattering		4	2	3	1		10

VOTE FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

	Patch.	*Whitney.*	*Hayden.*	*Scatt'g.*
Lowell	456	513	93	10
Dracutt	47	60	11	1
Chelmsford†	38	25		
Woburn	76	11	28	
Concord*	66	41	42	
Carlisle*	33	9	1	
Westford*	46	24	12	
Tyngsboro'	21	9	12	
Dunstable	21	12	11	
Billerica	32	24	14	
	836	728	224	11

† For returns from these towns, we are indebted to our neighbor of the Courier.

We learn verbally, that Groton gave Patch 70 votes, Whitney 40, and no scattering. If this be correct, Mr P. has gained largely there.

DREADFUL! Our neighbor of the Courier has seen a letter from "a prominent whig member of Congress," who writes that "the tariff is doomed." The Courier sounds the alarm, "that there will be *suffering here, and distress all over the land!*"

Now do'et, Colonel—do'nt try to frighten folks.—You'll find it hard work to make folks believe, that by a modification of the tariff, which possibly might reduce the *profits of capital* invested in certain manufactures from THIRTY *per cent down to* TWENTY-FIVE *per cent.* per annum, "distress all over the land" will be produced. Twenty-five, or fifteen per cent. dividends, are not very "distressing"—to those who pocket them. The people—the producers—seeing that *capital*, and not *labor*, comes in for all the benefits, don't think so much of "protection" as they did when told, just before the passage of the last tariff low, that it was to produce such glorious results for them. Our neighbor may think fifteen or twenty per cent. "the starving point," as he thought *eight dollars a day* for clerks, and *three* or *four thousand* dollars per annum for Judges, "the starving point."—Verily, this is worse than the "rotten potato" panic.

"GREAT CRY AND LITTLE WOOL." Mr. Hayden, the "Native" candidate for Register, at every trial past, has spent a good deal of ammunition in this city, by way of electioneering documents; but all to no purpose. The people here, in the first place, don't relish "Nativism," and in the next place, they know Mr. Hayden did'nt come honorably before them as a candidate. Such scurrilous stuff as he circulated in this city *on Sunday* last, for the especial abuse of "old Mr. Adams, *in his dotage*," [we quote the document] operates as in the story of the gun, which

"Aimed at duck or plover,
Rebounds and kicks the owner over."

MR. CONNOR, who was so dreadfully injured some four weeks since, on the railroad, as to be obliged to suffer the amputation of both legs above the knees, we saw riding in a sleigh through our streets to-day, looking as "hale and hearty" as ever. The accident was occasioned on the 6th of December. On the 25th, only 19 days subsequent, he attended Christmas services in St. Anne's Church.

Mr. Connor, as we have before stated, is about to take upon his hands the reading room, over the Post Office—relying upon the liberality of his fellow citizens for support. Will you patronize him?

VALUABLE NEW YEAR'S PRESENT. One of our subscribers in North Andover, Mr. DANIEL LUKE, was presented on New Year'a day, by his "lawful wedded wife," with a couple of hale, healthy and plump children—a boy and a girl—weighing 7 1-2 and 8 lbs. These make 11 children that have been born to them—10 of whom are now living. So much for "taking the papers."

☞ Small Pox prevails to an alarming extent in Philadelphia. There were 26 deaths by this disease in that city last week.

☞ Mr. Jonathan Lorabee of Derby, Vt., was found dead in his barn, on the evening of the 20th ult, upon the floor. He is supposed to have fallen from the scaffold.

TEXAS. An election was held in Texas on the 15th ult. for Governor and members of the Legislature.—The returns indicate that J. P. Henderson is elected Governor. It is regarded as certain that Gen. S. Houston will be elected one of the U. S. Senators.

☞ The Charleston Courier announces that a new steamship, intended to ply between that city and New York, has been commenced, and will be ready for sea in June next.

☞ Nearly the whole edition (two thousand copies) of "Sherburn's Suppressed History of the Administration of John Adams, from 1797 to 1801," has been destroyed by fire in Philadelphia, while in the hands of the binders.

WEST POINT. Since the foundation of this institution, 1200 cadets have completed (and double that number have commenced) their collegiate education at the expense of Government; *one-third* of these graduates have resigned, and of course rendered no equivalent for their enormously expensive education. The Missouri Reporter says it costs more money to educate one Lieutenant, who may be a very useless officer, after all, than is paid to any servant in the United States except the President, and hints strongly that the money could be better employed.

AN OREGON EXPEDITION is to be be fitted out at Newberyport, and the brig Henry, of 153 tons burthen, has been purchased at Salem for the purpose. Dr. White, the delegate from Oregon at Washington, has engaged passage in the vessel, and it is probable that several enterprising young men may seek their fortunes in that new country, which is destined in the next generation to be a great mart of trade.

☞ Mr Charles Howarth of Andover, committed suicide by cutting his throat on Friday night, 2d. He was an Englishman about 60 years old, married a few months since to a second wife, and possessed property.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS "goes the whole" on Oregon. In the House of Representatives, on Friday, he said that he was for giving the one year's notice at once—to-day, if it could be done; that he would have given it at the beginning of the session, if he could. At the end of the twelve months, alluded to in the treaty, he was for taking possession of the whole of Oregon. He had voted to give the notice last year, and was ready to give it now. Nor did he believe that war would follow from the notice; but if war did—which, he hoped in God, would not—with the hearts of the people united in our defence, and a united hand, he had no fears for the consequences. The time of it would be short, and we should be left in quiet possession of Oregon; but until the notice is given, said Mr Adams, such is my respect for treaties, that I will not vote one cent for fortifications, or for the army or navy.

Mr Adams further said—

If this bill shall be made the special order for Tuesday, I hope it will be arranged by the gentlemen who manage the business of this House, that the question of giving notice shall come up on the same day, and shall be taken up before any thing else. It is mere wasting of time, and whistling against the wind, to talk about raising a military force until our conscience is clear from the obligation of the convention.

And it does not follow that, if we give notice, there will of necessity be war; nor does it even follow that we shall then take possession. It will only be saying to Great Britain: "After negotiating twenty years about this matter, we do not choose to negotiate any longer; we shall take possession of what is our own; and then, if to settle the question what is our own, you wish to negotiate, we will negotiate as long as you please." *We may negotiate after we take possession.* [Much laughter.] This is the military way of doing business. [Increased merriment.] When the great Frederick came to the throne of Prussia, his father had prepared and equipped for him an army of a hundred thousand men. Meeting, shortly after, the Austrian Minister, the latter said to him: "Your father has given you a great army; but our troops have seen the wolf—yours have not."

"Well, well," said Frederick, "I will give them an opportunity to see the wolf." Frederick then added in his memoir: "I had some excellent old pretensions to an Austrian province which some of my ancestors had owned one or two hundred years before, and I sent an ambassador to the Court of Vienna stating my claim, and presenting a full exposition of my right to the province.

The same day my ambassador was received in Vienna I entered Silesia with my army." [A laugh.] So you see that on the very day his army entered Silesia, he gave notice to the Court of Vienna that the convention for the joint occupation of Silesia was ended. [Loud and prolonged laughter.]

I say, therefore, that I hope the first measure adopted by Congress will be to give, in the most solemn manner, the notice to great Britain, which the treaty requires; then the coast will be clear for us to do what we please. It does not, I repeat, it does not follow as a necessary consequence that, because we give this notice, we must take possession, though it is my hope that we shall. It does not necessarily drow after it a war; and if Great Britain chooses to take such notice as an act of hostility on our part, and forthwith commence hostilities on hers, we have been told that we shall all be one party, and God Almighty grant that it may be so!

If it shall be so, the war will have less of those very extraordinary terrors which my friend from South Carolina (Mr. Holmes) has now just discovered, notwithstanding the extreme military propensities which he manifested on this floor last year.

THE VOTE FOR SENATORS.

We meant to have published, last week, the official vote for Senators, but it slipped our mind. We give below the vote of Middlesex, Worcester and Essex.—The only counties in which Senators are elected, are Suffolk, Franklin and Hampden.

DISTRICT OF MIDDLESEX.

The whole number of ballots is	16,363
Necessary to a choice	8,182
No one has that number.	
The constitutional candidates are	
James P. Whitney, who has	7069
Thomas Hopkinson	6970
E. Rockwood Hoar	7233
Eli Rice	7316
Thomas Emerson	7312
Alfred Allen	7314
Joseph Fuller	6421
Benjamin Muzzy	6305
William E. Parmenter	6353
George W. Dike	6301
Bradford Russell	6313
Alpheus R. Brown	6324

DISTRICT OF WORCESTER.

The whole number of ballots is	16,440
Necessary to a choice	8,221
No one has that number.	
The constitutional candidates are	
John G. Thurstoe, who has	7841
Joseph Stone	7703
Stephen Salisbury	7785
Calvin Willard	7754
Jason Goulding	7725
Walter A. Bryant	5671
Francis Howe	5822
Adam Horrington	5845
Ivers Phillips	5872
Orrison Underwood	5843

DISTRICT OF ESSEX.

The whole number of ballots is	12,326
Necessary to a choice	6,164
No one has that number.	
The constitutional candidates are	
George Wheatland, who has	4196
Edmund Kimball, Jr.	5053
George Hodges	5434
Henry Poor	5341
Dennis Condry	5296
George Hood	3814
Samuel B. Gregory	3753
William Taggart	3766
Aaron L. Burnham	3770
Jonathan Noson	3581

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The Philadelphia Keystone publishes the following

"NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing between John Bull and Brother Jonathan in the occupation of the Oregon territory, will be dissolved twelve months from date, and the business of the territory will be henceforth conducted by Brother Jonathan solely on his own account."

☞ The editors of the Cincinnati Atlas estimate the quantity of flour in that city at the present time at 28,000 or 30,000 barrels. Of this quantity 22,000 barrels have been sold mostly on Eastern account, and are now waiting shipment, leaving about 6000 barrels on sale.

"DRACUTT REDEEMED," says a whig at our elbow, having by prodigious effort cast *sixty* votes for the whig candidate for Register, against *forty-seven* democratic. The whig leaders were highly indignant that at the last trial Mr Patch got a majority.

☞ The ancient Israelites worshipped a golden calf; but "commentators doubt" if it was so great a calf as some which modern Christians worship for their gold.

ON DIT. That the Hon. RUFUS CHOATE is to be appointed Dane Professor of Law in Harvard University, to fill the place vacated by the death of the lamented Story.

TERRIBLE STEAM-BOAT DISASTER!—*Great loss of life.* From the officers of the Diamond, arrived yesterday, we learn that, on the night of the 18th inst., the steamboat Belle Zane, Capt. Brazier, while on her way from Zanesville, Ohio, to this city, struck a snag about 12 miles below the mouth of White river, on the Mississippi, and immediately turned bottom up. It was about 12 o'clock when the accident occurred, and the night was bitter cold. Out of some 90 souls on board at the time, upwards of 50 perished by this terrible accident—some of the unfortunate victims only escaping being drowned to freeze to death after reaching the shore. At the time of the disaster, of course, the passengers were all asleep in their berths, and so suddenly did the boat careen and go over that such as made out to release themselves were only able to snatch a blanket or counterpane from their beds; they had no time to save, much less put on their clothing.

The Diamond came along a short time after the accident, and discovered the wreck of the Belle Zane bottom up. The officers of the former boat picked up sixteen of the passengers of the latter at two different points on the Arkansas side. The unfortunates, after suffering incredibly from the cold, were finally landed at Napoleon, where the balance of those saved on the Arkansas side had previously assembled. It seems that immediately after the accident, the cabin separated from the hull, on which those who were saved floated. The names of those lost could not be ascertained further than that of Mr Brown, lady, and child, of Zanesville. There were five ladies on board, all of whom were fortunately saved, except Mrs B.—*N. O. Picayune.*

[Correspondence of the Boston Daily Times.]

SPEECH OF MR. ADAMS ON THE OREGON—HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

Washington, Friday Jan. 2, 1846.

I was not in attendance at the Capitol to-day, but have this morning learned that Mr Adams, the venerable ex-President, made a speech in the House this morning on the Oregon question. He took the boldest, broadest and strongest ground on this question, declared, *that he was for maintaining the rights of the country to the whole of Oregon, to the 54th degree 4ms*—that he would not now consent to yield one particle of it—that he was firmly convinced that by every right the whole of the territory was ours, and being so convinced, *he would go as he who went farthest in the maintenance of it.* It being ours by every consideration of justice, he did not stop to inquire what would be the consequence of asserting that right—whether war ensued or not—for it was this constantly looking at consequences that would make us yield other and more important rights. He declared that he would vote for giving notice to Great Britain of the termination of the treaty of joint occupancy, and would vote for all measures tending to put the country in a proper state of defence. He declared that war would more likely be avoided by a bold determination to maintain our rights, than by the cringing policy that some had been disposed to recommend. Such is a general idea of his speech as I gather it from those who heard him. It is considered in every respect, *a most thorough going Oregon speech.*

"HEWET'S EXCELSIOR." We have before us the first No. of a truly magnificent new paper, bearing the above title, issued at New York by H. W. Hewet, Publisher and Engraver. It is splendidly embellished with engravings of a high order, somewhat in the style of the best London illustrated papers. The publisher says:

"*The Excelsior*, a Periodical Miscellany of original and selected literature, will be published once a fortnight, at the office, No. 2 Astor House, at 12½ cts. per number, or $3 per annum, or $5 for two copies, in advance. Each number of the *Excelsior* will consist of sixteen folio pages, elegantly printed, with the best new type, on fine paper, and embellished with engravings, prepared expressly for this work; and further enriched with a choice piece of illuminated Music, and graphic illustrations of passing events; besides original and selected architectural designs, alike of an ornamental and useful character; which architectural designs, with accompanying letter-press articles upon this important branch of art, will form a prominent and sterling feature of the work."

OREGON QUESTION. The N. Y. Herald presents the following view of the question:

"Upon the subject of Oregon, the different views presented to congress embody three distinct classes—

1st. The resolutions emanating from Mr Hannegan, which regard the question as entirely closed to future negotiations, and declare the right of the United States to the whole of the territory down to 54 deg. 40 min. at once.

2d. That of Mr Calhoun, which proposes an attempt at compromise on the 49th degree by another negotiation, before preparing any measures organizing a territorial government in Oregon at all.

3d. That of Mr Polk, in his message, which embraces in its comprehensiveness both of the other two, but calls for distinct action from congress for the organization of a territory, and the protection of settlers within the limits of the treaty in force between the two countries, and not repugnant to the law of nations. Thus the President leaves the way open for a compromise between the two governments, or for any other contingency which events may hereafter bring about.

We are more inclined to the opinion that the practical measures proposed by Mr Polk are much the best course that congress could pursue."

The London Morning Chronicle—a very amiable journal—is of opinion that, in case of a war about Oregon, it would be "perfectly legitimate" for the British to restore Texas to Mexico! Besides, "it may prove a wholesome lesson to President Polk and his satellites." How the world would stare to see the British *restoring* any thing! Punch ought to make a picture of the magnanimous Mr. Bull, *after the war*, handing over to Mexico the lovely cotton lands (things that Mr. Bull never coveted) of her revolted province. *Boston Post*

OLD ENGLISH POETRY. "*On a gentle woman walking in the snow.*

"I saw faire Chloris walk alone
When feathered rayne came softly downe,
And Jove descended from his tower,
To court her in a silver shower:
The wanton snowe flewe to her breast,
Like little birds into their nest,
And overcome with whiteness there,
For grief it thawed into a teere;
Thence, falling on her garment's hemme
To deck her, freezed into a gemme."

READ BEFORE YOU SIGN. A waggish friend in our "grocery," says the Cleveland Herald, remarking upon the ease with which names are obtained to petitions, made a bet of "the oysters" that in an hour he could get fifty names to a petition asking the Legislature to hang all the clergymen in this city, every signer of which should be a church member. He got up his petition, and inserted in large letters *capital punishment.* The big letters took; down went the names, taking it for granted that they were asking for the repeal of the law legalizing *murder.* The bet was won by the wag. We tasted the oysters.

DIFFERENCE IN RESPECTABILITY. Happening into a magistrate's office, says the St. Louis American, we found the following significant notice:

"If any respectable person calls, the Squire will be here in a few minutes. If any other person calls, the Squire won't be in this evening."

☞ A hen-pecked husband says that instead of he and his wife being one, they are ten; for she is 1 and he is 0.

☞ Remember the concert, to-night, of Mr Garcia and Senor de Ribas. We have no doubt it will be a good treat.

TEMPER AND TONE OF MEXICO. The Schr. Gold Huntress arrived at New Orleans 23d ult., from Tampico, from which we have the latest news of the temper and tone of Mexico. It appears that the Gold Huntress sailed on the 18th ult. from Arkansas, and on the 23d took a pilot on board off Tampico. The next day she went over the bar and up to Tampico, and the port captain came on board and received the vessel's papers, but made no objection on account of her having sailed from Corpus Christi. The next day, however, he came on board with the American Consul and, without assigning reasons, ordered the vessel to leave immediately. Upon the captain's insisting that the vessel required certain necessary repairs, the Consul remarked that as the vessel was from Texas it could not be allowed to have any communication with the shore—that the officer would enforce this, and that the vessel must leave at daylight. He said the law was positive, and that the vessel had better be off.—This advice was followed.

☞ The U. S. Treasurer's statement of the public money on deposit in Banks, on the 29th Dec., shows the following sums to be deposited as stated:

In Merchants' Bank of Boston	$981,024
In Banks of New York city	2,922,422
In Chesapeake Bank of Baltimore	109,063
In Banks of Philadelphia	259,141
In Washington city	451,248

Treasury notes outstanding on the 1st Jan., 1846, $577,805 38.

MCNULTY. The National Intelligencer of the 30th says:—Yesterday Mr Fendall, counsel for the Government in the case of McNulty, entered a *nolle prosequi* in the four remaining cases on the file against him.—The Court thereupon ordered the discharge of Mr McNulty.

☞ The two jails of Oswego county, N. Y., are at this time without a solitary tenant.

☞ To-morrow the "Great and General Court" will assemble in Boston. Our neighbor can "take his time" this year.

☞ The number of acres of land in Oregon, between 49 and 54 degrees and 40 minutes north is 104,640,000—it would make 2,902,800 farms, and support more than twelve millions of inhabitants.

THE CRAFT. Gen. Cameron, Jas. D. Westcott, and J. M. Niles, senators in congress, are printers and once worked at the case.

FLOUR. About 800 barrels of Michigan flour were sold at Buffalo on Wednesday, at $4,50, the highest figure offered.

THE PRINTER. The Printer is the most curious being living. He may have a *back* and *quoins*, and not be worth a cent—have SMALL CAPS and have neither wife nor children. Others run fast, but he gets along swiftest by *setting* fast. He may be making the *impressions* without eloquence—may use the *lye* without offending and be telling the truth; while others cannot stand when they sit, he can *set standing* and even do both at the same time—have and use *furniture*, and own no dwelling—make and put away *pi*, and never see it and much less eat it during life—be a harmon being and a *rat* at the same time—may *press* a great deal and never ask a favor—may handle a *shooting-iron*, and know nothing about a cannon, gun or pistol; he may move the *lever* that moves the world, and yet be as far from moving the globe as a hog with his nose under a mole hill—*spread sheets* without being a house wife; he may lay his *form* on a *bed*, and yet be obliged to sleep on the bare floor—use a dagger (†) without shedding blood, and from the earth handle the stars (***); he may be of a *rolling* disposition and never desire to travel—may have a *sheep's foot* and not be deformed—never be without a *case* and know nothing of law or physic—have *embroees* (⁀⁀) without ever having the arms of a lass thrown around him—*distribute* the metallic all around him daily, and be as closely locked and uncharitable as the veriest miser—have his *form locked up* and still be free from jail, watch house or any other place of confinement; his office may have a *hell* in it, and not be such a bad place after all; he may be disgued by the *devil* and be a Christian of the best kind. And what is strangest still—he honest or dishonest, rich or poor, drunk or sober, industrious or lazy, he always STANDS UP to his business.

Washington, Jan. 2, 1846.

Pakenham is greatly alarmed lest his efforts to compromise the difficulties between this goverament and his should not succeed. He has made overtures to Mr. Buchanan, but the latter is waiting for the next arrival from England, in order to hear the reception of the President's Message. Every thing will turn upon that. *Correspondent of the N. Y. Herald.*

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merk and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Merk and John sts. ly21—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (198 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

MARRIED,

In this city, Jan. 1, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr Gordon B. Wilson to Miss Mary J. Chase.

In this city, Jan. 2, by Rev Mr Wood, Mr J. Fowle to Miss Mary Heegan.

In this city, Dec. 30, by Rev S. Curtis, Mr Samuel Merrill, of Hudson, N. H., to Miss Betsey C. Hovey, of Dracutt. Mr William Mansur to Miss Jerusha J. Ricketi, both of Methuen.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending January 3, 1846.

Dec. 28, Sylvanus W. G. Harris, 4 years, scarlet fever; John G. Wilson, 3 throat distemper; January 1st, James Lane, 47, consumption; 2d, James H. Stone, 5 mos., dropsy of the brain; son of Albert and Nancy Ford, 1 day, infantile; Ann E. Leavitt, 6 years, scarlet fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Pelham, N. H., Nov. 28th, Miss Louisa, daughter of David Cutler, Esq., aged 26. [In our paper of Dec. 28th, the deceased was incorrectly stated to be "daughter of David *Allen*, Esq."]

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Luckwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caroniele, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorner.
Theodosius Clurk, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munsan I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abrahnm Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abrahnm Miller,
John Straag, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Von Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Vocal and Instrumental Concert.

MR GARCIA and Senor DoRIBAS respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that they will give a Concert on TUESDAY evening, 6th of January 1846, at the CITY HALL, when they will be assisted by Mrs. Frunklie, Miss Rosa Garcia, and a gentleman Amateur.

☞ TICKETS 25 cents each, to be had at all the principal hotels, and bookstores, and at the door on the evening of performance. Doors open at 7 o'clock: Concert to commence at ½ to 8.

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy, - - - $3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language, 4 00
For instruction in the French language, - 4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan3

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3modvjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS.
January 1st, 1846. 3wadvjan3

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.
Jan. 1, 1846. eldv3mjan1

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 43, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

Chancery Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Watson will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Dec. 10, 1845. dec23

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the use of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 6 Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.
1ny DR. F. MORRILL.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell in said County, machinist, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Clifford will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Clifford and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT.
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger

Messenger's Notice.

MIDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 2d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Taylor will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Taylor and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said county, singlewoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to her, or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. Watson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. Watson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan1 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracut, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said T. T. Abbott will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Abbott, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 15, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY S. ORANGE, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Orange will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Orange, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
dec20 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.
LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews *vs.* Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published at least three times in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
A true copy.
3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

Moses Stewart *vs.* Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel, that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
A true copy.
Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury *vs.* Moody E. Abbott, & James Ashworth, *Trustee.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy-five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
A true copy attest.
JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances, Commence at 8½ *o'clk.*

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, the performance will commence with the popular Vaudeville of

HIDE AND SEEK: Or, A HOLE IN THE WALL.

Characters by Messrs J. B. Bradley, Wyatt, J. Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs J. Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Mr J. H. Bradley J. Merrifield, and Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the new laughable Petit Comedy, in two acts entitled the

FAMILY JARS: Or, THE MISTAKEN FATHERS.

☞ Mr J. H. TENNEY has volunteered his services for a few evenings.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan6

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

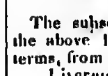
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.
This day.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, *Goodrich*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j6

Savannah & Boston Packets.

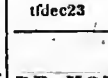
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Bark CARLOS, *Maurau*, master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co, agents at Savannah. j1

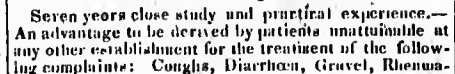
For Apalachicola, Fa.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
With immediate dispatch.



The superior fast sailing Bark, ARAB, *Freeman*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. d22

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, *47, Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., *36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, *Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No.* 10, *Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.*

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY S. FOGG, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Fogg will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Fogg will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
3tdec13 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(ENDOWED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Lowell, opposite American House.

FOR the character and responsibility of the Institution, the Agent has the privilege of referring to Boston, to Hon. ABBOTT LAWRENCE and WILLIAM APPLETON, Esq.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D. / ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

The plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose.* By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use.*

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in cash.	Bonus in addition to sum assured	Total Premium	Permanent Assurance, Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy	
60	$5000	$370 84	1837	$ 52 32	$386 26	$60 93	$1977 79		
			1838	720 52	321 58	49 08	1730 5		
			1839	524 00	256 48	37 98	1483 33		

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is inserted in all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec13

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.
Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.
Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3tdec

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

To the Honorable the justices of the Supreme Judicial Court holden at Lowell, within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of April, A. D. 1845:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives your Honors to be informed, Selina Rowe, of Lowell, a minor that on the 14th of September, 1839, she was aforesaid, married to James B. Rowe, of Lowell; that a lawfully time she has always conducted herself as a chaste affectionate wife, but that said James B. Rowe, regardless of his marriage vows, has on divers times been guilty of the crime of adultery with divers lewd women by name to your libellant unknown. Wherefore she prays that the bonds of matrimony between her and the said James B. may be dissolved, and, as in duty bound will ever pray. SELINA ROWE.
Lowell, April 10, 1845.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, MIDDLESEX, ss.

Supreme Judicial Court at Cambridge, Oct. Term, 1845.

On the libel aforesaid, ordered, that the said libellant notify the said James B. Rowe to appear at the term of said Supreme Judicial Court next to be holden at Lowell, within and for said county of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of April next, by publishing an attested copy of the said libel and this order therein, three weeks successively in the Lowell Patriot and Republican, a newspaper printed in Lowell, the last publication to be thirty days, at least, before the said second Tuesday of April next, that he may then and there show cause, if any he have, why the prayer in said libel contained should not be granted.

Attest: E. PHINNEY, Clerk.
A true copy of the libel and order therein.
jun1e3t Attest: E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Dec. 3d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said William Champion will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Champion, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

J. BANCROFT,
3tpdec26 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink. This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.
pot25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch & Co.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Lowell and Central streets.*

Valuable Farm for Sale.

A farm situated in the south-easterly part of Littleton, on the road leading from the common to Acton, 2 miles from the said common, and 3½ miles from the Depot in Acton. Said farm contains 121 acres, well divided into mowing, pasturing, and tillage, 30 to 40 acres of woodland, and a young orchard. On the same is a good two-story dwelling-house, a good barn 70 feet by 38, sheds and other convenient out buildings, and two good wells of water.

For further particulars enquire of George Wright, on the premises, or of the subscribers, where a plan of the same will be shown.

A large proportion of the purchase can remain on a mortgage.

At Private Sale—A large house on High street.—The house is well finished and contains 10 rooms well arranged for two families, with about 5000 feet of land. The location is such as to render it one of the most pleasant situations in Belvidere. Terms very easy.

Inquire of N. KIMBALL, on the premises, or of E. B. PATCH. j4

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold w. nud warranted true timekeepers.

To Let.

The small Shop in Commercial Square, recently occupied by Lewis Coburn as a Barber's shop. It is a first rate stand for Clothing, Shoe, or Variety store.—Rent $125. Apply to E. B. PATCH & CO.

At Private Sale—four large genteel Brick Tenements in the Westerly end of the Coburn Block, Appleton st. 1 good organ, in mahogany case, suitable for a vestry or parlor Will be sold low Can be seen at S. P Howes', No 20 Merrimac street

Also, at office, 1 small parlor organ, new and in mahogany case

At private sale.—A good lot of land on Charles street.

At Private Sale.

An elegant new Carryall.

N. B. E. B. P. & Co. have several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, *Commercial Square.*

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misndvdec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—In the matter of VALENTINE BURROWS and LAWRENCE TRACY, both of Billerica, in said County, Co-partners.

The creditors of said Insolvents are hereby notified that their third meeting will be held at the Court next to be holden by G. Washington Warren, Esquire, a Master in Chancery for said County, at Charlestown, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next—for the proof of claims and the auditing of the accounts of the subscribers, Assignees of said Insolvents, preparatory to a dividend.

WILLIAM SMITH, } *Assignees of*
DANIEL A. WILSON, } *said Insolvents.*
Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11 3tF

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

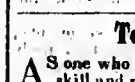
As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish impirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make reasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.
Lowell, November, 1845. a2w*nov15

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN SHED, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Shed will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Shed will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11

Stage Notice.



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester, at 2 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver.
Lowell, July 2, 1844.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—BRAKE IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, *John Street,*
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pot6o24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
[OVER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
LOWELL, MASS. dec12

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—bound 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of instructive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6½ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts., persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¾, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

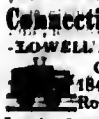
Leave Boston, at 7, A. M.; 11, A. M.; 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 6½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.
Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
6 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part at the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" " 11, " " " " Portland
At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally.
oov4 1y

E. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 22, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, Indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent; remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chully, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented as before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aulstf
Lowell, April 7, 1846.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a28

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Amipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, bestows by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as carcinomas of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits; St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other catharties are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. Carver, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, B. B. Craig; Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldeigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Gribbs, Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Rowson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford, Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. junesly

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel! In having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. nl3a&r6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents:

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McCluce, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddor, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Coort st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE.

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services in the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury; Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, colds, tic-doulourenx, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; U. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tsept23

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1841. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by: *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



A REMARKABLE and singular attestation has just been made by an eminent member of the Medical Faculty, as to the curative power of C. Brinckerhoff's health restorative in cases of Consumption, chronic Coughs and Colds, and Pains in the Side and Chest. This gentlemen furnishes his patients with the Restorative, and finds it absolutely necessary, as he never had any prescription to produce the astonishing results realized by the use of the Restorative. This gentleman stands among his medical brethren as one of the most distinguished of their number: his name is left with the proprietor for reference. There is no doubt but that in a few years the leading physicians will prescribe this remedy, and that afflicted patients will use it and bless the hour that it was made known to them in. Being a truly fine herbal medicine is consequently of more importance, as every one feels safety while using it and no sense of danger as if he were using deleterious minerals. Mr. Wilkes a respected merchant in N. York, used the Restorative and was cured wholly from a dangerous cough and expectoration. The editor of the Commercial Advertiser with an earnest appeal commends it to the confidence of the sick, and affectingly calls on them all to give it a fair trial before relinquishing every hope.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover, Sc. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bentley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [novt] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by JAS. JUDKINS, 20 Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 8, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 4.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfndv LOWELL. nnv15

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnnv1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

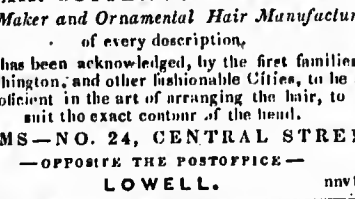
CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan8

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

J. Judson Jenkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Bloodl,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 1f

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.



Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. aug

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goenbles, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

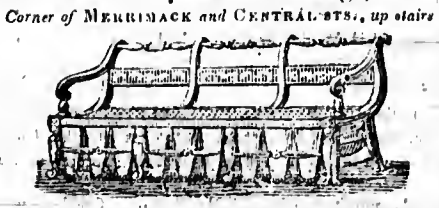
GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&rtf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. 1f

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will examine, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. rang8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep19tf

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec20

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office, Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Coverings, gold Blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Stafordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tubby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppa, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. nov15

THE STEPMOTHER.

"Well, I will try and love her then,
But do not ask me yet;
You know my *own* dear, dead Mama,
I never must forget.

Don't you remember, dear Papa,
The night before she died
You carried me into her room?
How bitterly I cried!

Her thin white fingers on my head
So earnestly she laid,
And her sunk eyes gleamed fearfully—
I felt almost afraid.

You lifted me upon the bed,
To kiss her pale cold cheek;
And something rattled in her throat—
I scarce could hear her speak;—

But she did whisper,—"When I'm gone
Forever from your sight,
And others have forgotten me,
Don't *you* forget me quite!"

And often in my dreams I feel
Her hand upon my head,
And see her sunken eyes as plain
As if she were not dead.

I hear her feeble well-known voice,
Amidst the silent night,
Repeat her dying words again—
"Don't *you* forget me quite!"

It sometimes wakes me, and I think
I'll run into her room,
And then I weep to recollect
She's sleeping in the tomb.

I miss her in our garden walks;—
At morn and ev'ning prayer;
At church, at play, at home, abroad—
I miss her every where.

But most of all, I miss her when
The pleasant daylight's fled,
And strangers drew the curtains round
My lonely little bed!

For no one comes to kiss me now,
Nor bid poor Anne—"Good night;"
Nor hear me say my pretty hymn—
I shall forget it quite!

They tell me *this* Mama's rich,
And beautiful, and fine;
But will she love you, dear Papa,
More tenderly than mine?

And will she, when the fever comes
With its hewild'ring pain,
Watch night by night your restless couch
Till you are well again?

When first she sung your fav'rite song,
"Come to the Sunset Tree,"
Which my poor mother used to sing,
With me upon her knee:—

I saw her turn her head away;
I saw your eyes were wet;—
"Midst all our glitt'ring company,
You do not quite forget!

But must you never wear again
The ring poor mother gave?
Will it be long before the grass
Is green upon her grave?"

He turn'd him from that gentle child,
His eyes with tears were dim,
At thought of the undying love
Her mother bore to him!

He met his gay, his beauteous bride,
With spirits low and weak,
And miss'd the kind consoling words
The dead was wont to speak.

Long years rolled on; but hope's gay flowers
Blossom'd for him in vain;
The freshness of life's morning hours
Never returned again!

THE LOVES OF HABAKKUK BULLWRINKLE, GENTLEMAN.

[Continued.]

I was struck all of a heap!—The purport of her subsequent discourse palpably proved, that she had mistaken me, in the dark, for the eternal and never failing Skelpie. Her lips once more approached mine; I was foaming with rage and disappointment; my hand had shrunk from her grasp, as from the touch of an adder, the instant the detested name of Skelpie escaped from her lips; I had already taken in a mighty draught of breath, intending to shower a whole volley of curses on her and Skelpie, together—when I suddenly experienced a shock, that deprived me of all sort of sensation in an instant. How long I lay in a death like state I cannot conceive; but I remember well enough, that when I awoke from my lethargy, trance, fit, or whatever it was, I found myself most painfully compressed in an aperture of the oak tree, thro' which the children were wont to enter into its hollow trunk. The moon was out in all her glory again, and her light fell upon the white brow of Ruth, and the gray jacket of the lean, and by me, abhorred Skelpie. Yes, there he was, twining endearingly round the sylph-like form of the false maid, who seemed to feel a pleasure in his embraces, which to me appeared altogether unaccountable. It was plain, from their talk, they did not conceive I was within hearing. I would fain have persuaded myself that I was dreaming, but my endeavors were ineffectual; the rugged edges of the aperture insinuated themselves into my side, and pained me dreadfully. Did Skelpie strike me? thought I: and does he imagine that I rolled down the declivity, from the force of the blow, and am now weltering in the ditch at its foot?—Truly, it was a most tremendous assault; and his conclusion of the effect, judging from the force of the cause, would be far from unreasonable. My case was forlorn in the extreme: my head, and one of my arms, were in the trunk of the tree; I was fixed in a most uneasy slanting position, and my feet were so placed on the outside, that the moon threatened every minute to reveal them. I would have given the world to be even floundering in the mire of the ditch, or any where else, out of the reach of Skelpie's fist. I was almost suffocated, and did not dare to breathe louder than a listening roe: a sigh or groan would in some degree have eased my pangs; but the sight of Skelpie prevented me from indulging in the consolation of the most wretched.

At length, a loud halloo announced the approach of old Grobstock. Skelpie instantly intimated his intention of decamping, but the vile maid desired him to clamber up the oak, and hide amongst its branches, until her daddy went to bed. Here was a terrific request!—"I won't go into the hollow," quoth he; "cause the zozpicious ould jakes do always pry into there, afore a' do goa to bed." I took the cuff of my coat between my teeth, and resolutely prepared for the worst;—but Skelpie ascended the other side of the tree. He had scarcely broken off the prolonged salute of the kissing Ruth, when old Roger Grobstock, drunk and growling, staggered up to the door. "Eh! what, lassie—wench! out and abroad at this time of night!" cried he, as Ruth tripped up towards him. "Ahey! what, vlaunting and trapesing about the whoam-stead wi' some vellow, I'll warrant! Odd! I'll verret un out; only bide a bit, I'll be about un. I be downcast vor want of a frolic to-night; so, ecod, lass, I'll duck the lad avore I goes to bed, just vor a bit of a joke like—all in good vellowship—but, ecod! I'll duck un, if he's a friend; and if he's a stranger—dost hear, wench?—I'll drash un wi' the flail, just like a whate-sheaf." [illegible]

Every word of his speech was equal to a blow: I struggled to get free with all my might, I had succeeded so far as to raise myself upright, when the miller, who had entered the house at the conclusion of his threat, re-appeared at the door with a flaming brand from the hearth in one hand, and a tremendous dung-fork in the other. He staggerd directly close up to the tree; but the sight of my out-jutting stomach, alarmed vlange, made him retreat a few paces. He thrust out the burning stick so near my face, that it scorched my cheek; and after surveying my disconsolate and rueful deportment for a min'el or more, be grounded his weapon, and accosted me in there words: "Why, thee bee'st a purly veller, beesen't?—And where did'at come from—and who bee'st? Art thee a thief, or—but, nod, it can't be—thee bee'st never come to court our Ruth, bee'st?—speak, twoad, or I'll vork tha!"

There was Ruth, looking over her father's shoulder, evidently alarmed at my appearance; Skelpie's heels were dangling over my head; the pronged fork was close to my waistcoat! I stared in the face of the man, unable to utter a word, but sweating like a baited bull, and plainly expressing my fears by my woe-begone and pallid countenance. I expected some dire punishment for my silence: but old Grobstock, after surveying me for a minuet, to my surprise, burst into a hand laugh, seized my trembling hand, and, with one vigorous effort, pulled me out of my imprisonment. After dragging me, helpless as I was, into the house, and placing me in a chair by the fire-side, he thrust a mug of cider and brandy into my hand, chuckling out, "Why, zooks! chap, how vrighted thee looks!—drink!" Here was a change!

By degrees I summoned up coorage, the miller made me drink stoutly of his good liquor; and, more than once, seized the dung-fork, and placing himself in a threatning attitude, thrust the points of it close to my breast, in order to make me look frightened again, and amuse him. I was twenty times on the point of revealing the whole affair, but a single look of Ruth's eloquent eye froze the words on my lips.

After an hour's laughter, interrupted only by gasping for breath, and frequent applications to the jug, my old host gave me a broad hint to depart; and after civilly opening the door, and wishing me a hearty good night, gave me a most grevious kick, that sent me galloping down hill, and betunk himself to laughing as heartily as before. I never courted young Ruth of the mill again.

My next love was the pale, down looking, modest Ally Budd, the niece of that hostrous old harridan, Hester Caddlefurrow; whose name was a hushing word to the crying urchins for many miles around; they feated her more than raw-head-and-bloody-bones, the wide-mouthed Bugle, or even the great Bullyhoo himself. The lads, of the village generally preferred the rare hale and ruddy wenches in the vicinity; Ally was not mystering enough for them; she had no capacity to feel and enjoy their rude merriment; or rough frolics; and few suitors doffed the cap of courtship at old Hetty Caddlefurrow's threshold. But Ally was indeed a beauty. Her youthful companions and neighbors saw nothing extraordinary in her calm, dove-like eye; but to me it looked like the surface of a smooth lake, in the still moonlight, with a delicious heaven of love smiling in its blue depths. I met her several times, at a distance from her home, and made her acquainted with my growing passion; but she always chilled my ardor by a ceremonious reference to her austere and masculine aunt. I laid these evasive receptions of my proffered affection to the credit of her modesty, and loved her the better for them. I used to hover about on the top of the hills which overlooked her abode, watching for the moment when my young dove would glide forth from the thatched cot, that nestled among the trees beneath me, with a feverish anxiety that I never felt on any other occasion in my life. She neither seemed to shun or court my company; but come forth smiling, and fearless of evil, like the white star of the evening, in the soft summer's gleaming. The presence of other women with whom I have been in love, has usually thrown me into a turbulent fever; but Ally Budd's pale, beautiful face, soft eyes, and gentle voice, had a calm and soothing influence on my spirit. Her words fell like oil, even on the stormy tide of her aunt's rough passions; whose ire she could quell at will, and oftentimes saved the offending clowns in the old women's employ from an elaborate cuffing. In this exercise, Hester was said to excel any man in the parish; she had a violent predilection for thwacking, or, to use her own expression, lecturing her domestics for every trivial offence; and nothing but the high wages which she gave, induced the rustic laborers to remain in her service. I was one evening sauntering round the summit of the hill which immediately looked down upon Hester's house, occasionally stealing a glance from the pathway into the wood towards the rich glories of the declining sun, when a rude hand clutched me by the collar behind, and, in a moment, I was unceremoniously pulled backwards into an immense wheelbarrow. The gigantic villain who had performed this daring feat, directly placed himself between the handles of the vehicle, and vigorously trundled it down the hill. I was seated, or rather self-wedged in the barrow, with my legs painfully dangling over the rim, on each side of the wheel; the velocity with which we descended the steep and rugged declivity, deprived me of all power; the fellow panted and laughed, pushing on with increased vigor, until we came in sight of the wide-gaping door of old Hester's kitchen. His fellow-laborers, who were seated at the porch, immediately rose at the sight of our novel equipage. Confound the rascal! he was a most experienced ploughman, and deemed this a fair opportunity of showing his great rectilinear skill, and obtaining the applause of his fellows, by driving me at full speed through the door-way of the house. It stood exactly at the foot of the steepest part of the hill; and, from the tremendous rate at which we traveled, the down-fall of the whole edifice seemed inevitable! My senses which had partially taken leave of me in the course of the descent, returned just as we arrived within a few yards of our destination; I uttered one shriek, desperately closed my eyes, and gave myself up for a buried man.

The next moment I found my body, safe and unhurt, on the hearth of Dame Caddlefurrow's kitchen. There was the dame, seated in her bee-hive chair, staring with surprise, impatience, and anger, at my worship in the barrow. As soon as the clown recovered his lost breath, he proceeded to an explanation of the cause of his introducing such an unsightly and unknown personage as me to her goodly presence. "I ha' zeed the chap, quoth he, elevating the handles of his wheelbarrow to the top of his shoulders, so as to afford the dame a full view of my person; "I ha' zeed the chap scaures and scaures o' times, skulking about the hill, always and vor ever just about night-vall, when I do goa s-veddering the beasts; zo, bethinks I, thic jockey bean't loirtering about here zo often, wi' any goot plan in his noddle: moorauver, I ha' zeed un coming athirt the veilds ov a night, just avore harvest, treading down whole zheaves o' wheat at a voot-vall:—that nettled I more nor all; zo I looked out ver un to-night, zlipped un into the dung-barry, walked un down the hill-side, and drove un, through the ould porch straight as a yurrow;—zo here a' is, and let uu gi'e a 'count ov hi'self," "Ay, let un give an account of himself," said the sturdy dame; "Who bee'st, oosbert?" To say that I was at the point of dissolution, were needless. I began to mutter a few incoherent sentences, when one of the fellows at the door cried out, "He's Habby Bullwrinkle, the devil's-bird, down in the village." "A lawyer?" shouted Mistress Caddlefurrow, in a tone that doomed me, in perspective, to all the horrors of the horse-pond. "Why, thou bloated raven! thou—" "Zober—zober, mother," whispered a voice behind me; and a hand, at the same time, quietly put the enraged widow back towards her bee-hive; "bide a bit; only bide a bit; hearken to resson." I extricated myself from the barrow, and looked up to see who my protecting angel could possibly be; it was no other than Skelpie. "This gentleman's my vriend," continued he looking drolly towards me; "he and I be main vond o' one another; I zeldum goes to chat wi' a lass, but what he is near at hand; zo—d'ye mind?—he often come wi' I to the top of the hill, and bide there, while I just stepped down to count little Ally vor an hour or zo; that's all:—I left un there to night.—I axed the mopue to come in, but he's modest, main modest, vor a chap of his yeorn." So saying, he resumed his seat, and tendered me the cider-mug and a spare pipe in such a friendly, unsuspicious manner, that told me all was right in a moment. The clowne retired, and the old dame looked at me as kindly as her features would permit, under the impression that I was the chosen friend of her niece's intended husband; for such, I soon discovered, Skelpie was by her considered! As soon as the storm in my veins had somewhat abated, I looked around for the mild goddess of my idolatry, the lady-like, modest, soft, silver eyed Ally Budd. She was drooping in a corner, with a cheek upon thrown over her folded arms, and snoring audibly!

[Conclusion in the next number.]

EXPULSION OF A PREACHER. The Methodist Episcopal Conference, now in session in this city, has expelled the Rev H. H. Shropshire, who last year traveled the St. Helena Circuit, from the ministry. He was charged with flagrant offence of having attempted the seduction of a young lady upon whom he was practising some Mesmeric experiments in July last. He fully confessed his guilt, and did not attempt to justify his conduct.—*N. O. Picayune.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN, 8, 1846.

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Returns have reached us from 25 of the 48 towns in the county, leaving 23 to be heard from. Thus far Mr Patch has gained handsomely, while Hayden loses.—If the other towns have done as well as those reported, Mr Patch is elected. If not elected, he comes very near it. The last vote has been played in Hayden's game. We give the returns as far as received:

	Patch.	*Whitney.*	*Hayden.*	*Scatt'g.*
Acton	75	10	19	
Ashby	53	36	13	
Billerica	32	24	14	
Cambridge	66	25	253	
Charlestown	172	15	215	16
Chelmsford	38	25		
Concord	66	41	42	
Carlisle	33	9	1	
Dracutt	47	60	11	1
Dunstable	21	12	11	
Framingham	54	35	40	3
Groton	40	70		
Holliston	64	26	13	4
Hopkinton	68	35	12	8
Lowell	456	513	93	10
Pepperell	111	64		3
Reading	22	95	60	4
Somerville	10	4	43	2
Stoneham	43	15	21	1
S. Reading	41	31		1
Tyngsboro'	21	9	12	
Waltham	69	55	8	
W. Cambridge	20	11	43	
Westford	46	24	12	
Woburn	76	11	28	
	1744	1275	964	53

EIGHTH OF JANUARY. This is the "glorious 8th"—the anniversary of a proud day to Americans.—This day, thirty-one years since, General Andrew Jackson, in behalf of Uncle Sam, gave John Bull a complimentary farewell *ball*, or military *leave-ee*, in recognition of his sudden departure from our shores. How the lion *did* dance to the notes of the eagle.

But the "Hero of New Orleans," having "filled the measure of his country's glory," has paid the debt of Nature, and now sleeps in death. Among the first in the hearts of his countrymen, his memory will live through future ages, and millions yet unborn will applaud his patriotism, honor his virtues, and emulate his fame.

A SLEIGHING PARTY, numbering about fifty couples, went from this city to Nashua on Tuesday. Stopped at "Indian Head," kept by Mr. BRISTOL—had a good supper, a good hall to dance in, and a "first rate time" all round. Mr. B. is indefatigable in his efforts to please the patrons of his house; and on this occasion he was certainly eminently successful.

ACCIDENT. We learn from the Courier, that Mr. Sandborn, up at the big shop, when oiling some machinery yesterday morning, was caught in the gearing of a shearing machine, and had one of his legs severely mangled. It was breakfast time when it happened, and he remained in the gearing some ten or fifteen minutes before he was discovered and taken out.

☞ The New Orleans papers of the 29th bring intelligence from Mexico, that Gen. Paredes had proclaimed against the existing government, and was marching against the city of Mexico with 40,000 troops.

CITY OF CAMBRIDGE. A petition to the selectmen of Cambridge is in circulation in that town, requesting them to call a meeting of the inhabitants to consider the expediency of petitioning the legislature for a city charter.

☞ Thomas Cook, who killed Thomas Naylor in an affray at Washington, has been found guilty of manslaughter, and sent to the penitentary for seven years.

OUR STATE SENATE. The *official* returns show that but 9 Senators have been elected; leaving 31 vacancies to be filled in the convention of the two branches.

☞ Man is more faithful with regard to the secrets of others, than of his own. Women, on the contrary, keep their own secrets better than those of others.

RETURN OF MR. DELAZON SMITH. This gentleman who went out to the republic of the Equator as special U. S. Agent, returned to Baltimore on Friday, in the brig *Phœnix* from Kingston, Jamaica.

☞ The New York Legislature met at Albany, on last Tuesday.

☞ In Illinois there has been more snow than usual, this winter.

MEXICAN MINISTER. There appears to be some reason to believe, says the N. Y. Sun, that the Mexican government has sent a Minister to the U. States.

☞ The State Treasurer of Pennsylvania it is said, has already sufficient means at his command to meet the interest due in February.

THE CONCERT, Tuesday evening, by Mr. Garcia and Senor De Rihas, was an excellent musical performance. They merited a larger audience.

EXTENSIVE. Rev. Mr. Stretter, of Boston, remarked in a discourse last Sunday that he had during his ministry married two thousand two hundred and twenty eight couples—one hundred and fifty eight during the past year.

"RICHES *take to themselves wings*," &c. Two brothers in Maine, by the name of Rich have lately been married to two sisters by the name of Wing, and removed to Illinois.

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week ending Jan. 3d,	
	1846:	1845:
From passengers,	$4979	$4708
" freight, &c.,	9399	6482
Total,	$14,378	$11,190

Making "twain one flesh" is supposed to mean, in modern parlance, the mixing of pig and puppy in the manufacture of sausages.

It is said that the treaty made by William Penn with the American Indians, is the only one *never sworn to and never infringed.*

☞ The Mayor and Aldermen of Peoria, Ill., have placed the tax on liquor shops at $50 per annum.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

The annual session of the Massachusetts Legislature for 1846, was commenced this morning at 11 o'clock.

In the SENATE the nine Senators declared elected, viz: five from Suffolk, two from Hampshire and two from Franklin, were all present, and at 14 minutes past 11 o'clock they were called to order by the Hon. John C. Gray, of Suffolk, the senior member.

His Excellency Gov Briggs, having been notified by a committee that the Senators elect were present and ready to receive and subscribe to the oaths required by the constitution, came in and administered the same.

Hon. JOHN C. GRAY was then elected President *pro tem.*, and Charles Calhoun Clerk *pro tem.*

The Secretary of State came in and delivered to the Senate the returns of votes received at his office from the several towns in the commonwealth, for Governor, Lieut. Governor and Senators. The latter were referred to a committee and the two former were laid on the table.

The HOUSE was called to order at 11 o'clock by Gen. William Crawford, of Oakham, the Senior member present.

The credentials of the members having been collected, and a quorum ascertained to be present, a committee was appointed, of which Mr Wally of Roxbury, was chairman, to inform the Governor of that fact; also that they were ready to take and subscribe to the oaths required by the constitution. Subsequently Gov Briggs came in with the members of the Executive Council and administered the required oaths.

A committee, of which Mr. Hopkins, of Northampton was chairman, was then appointed to receive, sort and count the ballots for Speeker, and the result was announced as follows:

Whole number	242
Necessary for choice	122
Samuel H. Walley Jr. (whig) had	189
Horatio Byington (dem)	48
Scattering	5

and the Hon. SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr., of Roxbury, was declared elected, and upon taking the Chair returned thanks in a few neat and appropriate remarks.

A committee, of which Mr. Perkins, of Salem, was chairman, was appointed to receive, sort and count the votes for Clerk, and the result of the balloting was as follows:

Whole number,	240
Necessary for a choice,	121
Charles W. Storey (whig) had	189
John A. Bolles (dem) had	48
Scattering	3

and Charles W. Storey was declared elected and he was sworn into office.—*Boston Transcript of Wednesday evening.*

CORPUS CHRISTI. Considerable interest is felt for our army at Corpus Christi, and late news speaks of cold weather, sickness and privation. The Picayune of 27th ult., notices letters just received from Camp. Of the unusual severity of the weather, the Mexicans when asked the cause, say it has been brought by the regiments from the North. The "oldest inhabitant" of the place gives it up that it is the coldest snap he has ever experienced. Barrel chimnies had been erected among the tents, mounds of sand thrown against them, while the sides and top had been covered with *chaparral*, a species of thorny bush very common in Western Texas and Mexico, and the soldiers were more comfortable. One of the Northers had blown an immense number of red fish, sheeps-head, as well as the largest green turtle, ashore—more than the entire command, near 5000 men could eat. A new hotel, called the "Kinney House," has been built at Corpus Christi. They only ask 12 1-2 cents for a cigar, American at that, at the new house.

☞ Mr O'Sullivan, of the New York Morning News, who returned in the "Acadia," gives a remarkable instance of the accuracy with which a thorough seaman may sail his ship by means of what is termed the *dead reckoning* alone, even without the aid of observations of the sun. He says that for three days before making land, the weather had not permitted any observation at all. By close attention to the dead reckoning, and a sagacious allowance for a current indicated by the unusual appearance of ice-bergs floating southward, the Captain was able to predict within a few minutes of time the exact hour of making the land. He had announced that it would be made at about 4 A. M., and accordingly at about a quarter before that hour he ordered the course changed a point to adapt it to the supposed position of the vessel. In less than five minutes the land was seen.

TAX ON PASSENGERS. Upon the question of the constitutional power of the state New York to impose a tax on passengers arriving at its ports, the U. S. supreme court has decided that the state has the power, as a municipal regulation guarding against the expense of supporting paupers. The reasoning was that the state had a right to guard itself against the expense of pauper emigrats; and that if, instead of giving security to protect the state from that expense, ship owners preferred to commute and pay a certain sum down, that did not render the commutation money illegal.

CONFIRMED. The Senate confirmed, last week, a considerable number of the President's appointments, among which are Levi Woodbury, of New Hampshire, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the place of Joseph Story, deceased.

James Shields, of Illinois, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in the place of Thomas H. Blake, removed.

William Medill, of Ohio, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in the place of Thomas H Crawford, resigned.

LIBEL. The publisher of the Hampden Post has been sued for a libel, by Reuben Smith, of Westfield. We read the story which is charged as libelous, but did not discover any personal allusion, or anything that could possibly injure an innocent man.

SHOCKING. The Bangor Whig says, that on Friday last, a Mrs. Eaton, of Exeter, was found by her husband, burned, almost to a cinder! Mr. Eaton had been married but twenty-four hours, and having occasion to leave his house on business, returned in about three fourths of an hour, and found his wife, whom he had just before left in good health and spirits, in the dreadful condition above described.

There is a mystery hanging over the affair which can never be unfolded. The probability, however, is, that Mrs. Eaton was visited by a fit and fell forward in the fire.

CONGRESS.

Monday, Jan. 5.

The SENATE did not sit more than one hour.

Mr Niles, from the committee on post offices and post roads, reported a bill to establish certain post routes in the new state of Texas.

The same gentleman also reported, from the committee on printing, the joint resolutions submitted some days since, reducing materially the price of the public printing in certain cases.

In the HOUSE, Mr Ingersoll, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported a bill terminating the joint occupation of Oregon under the convention of 1827, by notice to the government of Great Britain, and moved to commit the bill to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and make it the special order for the first Monday in February. Upon this some debate arose. Mr Giddings, of O. obtained the floor, and referred to the annexation of Texas as a measure impolitic and unconstitutional, and one that *he never would submit to.* The proposition now made was in pursuance of the same policy. He would not oppose the bill, but suffer gentlemen to go on their course as they might choose. Mr McDuwell, of O. followed in an argumentative speech in support of the American title to the whole of Oregon. He took much the same course of reasoning that Mr Buchanan has taken.—Whoever was in possession of a territory had the sovereignty over it. We were in possession from 1811 till the late war—the British government captured Astoria during the war, and restored to us the possession under the treaty of peace. We were admitted to be the party in possession, and therefore had not parted with any sovereignty over the soil of Oregon. He referred to the fact that the whole delegation from Ohio had formerly voted for the notice, and declared that the people of Ohio were in favor of it without distinction of party. The effect of the notice on Great Britain he would not undertake to predict. If Great Britain was exceedingly anxious to go to war, she could do it without the notice as well as with. We had gone far enough—farther than the western people would justify, and in their name he protested against the purchase of a peace by ceding a part of Oregon to Great Britain. He would rather make the territory the grave of his fellow citizens, and cover its soil with blood, than submit to the terms dictated by Great Britain. He strongly intimated that whatever party or individual should attempt to resist the popular impulse in favor of the assertion of our title to Oregon, would be ultimately overwhelmed by popular indignation. Mr Rhett, of S. C. said he must be put in that category of infamy and dishonor, in which the gentleman had placed all those who might refuse to carry out the dictation of the Baltimore Convention. He depicted the horrors of an unnecessary war, which he believed would result from the notice. Mr Sims, of Mo. spoke on the other side of the question, and said his motto was—"Oregon, and the whole of it; now or never."

NEW-YEAR'S DAY AT WASHINGTON. The National Intelligencer of Friday says:—

Yesterday being the 1st of January 1846, was kept as a holiday at the public offices, the offices of the Corporation, and all the offices connected with the Circuit and Criminal Courts.

At noon an immense body of citizens, sojourners and strangers repaired to the Executive Mansion, and made the customary salutations to the President and his family. The East Room and the Reception Room were thronged with the beauty and fashion of the metropolis, as well as others of all ranks and condition of life. Indeed the President's house was a perfect jam for two or three hours, and many who went thither to see the Chief Magistrate of the nation, had to return without accomplishing their object.

A great number of ladies and gentlemen, foreign Ministers, members of Congress, and others, also called and paid there respects to Mrs Madison, Ex. President Adams, and the Mayor of the City, by whom they were most cordially received.

The day being unusually fine and even mild for the season, there was a general turnout on Pennsylvania Avenue, and in other streets of this metropolis, which, throughout the entire day presented a very animated and lively spectacle.

A letter from Washington says:—

The President shook hands with those of the visitors, and his lady had a smile and graceful bow of welcome for all. The visitors were of every grade of society, a large portion of them being of the masses. The military uniforms were not numerous; probably from the fact that our army is mostly in Texas. The women constituted but a small portion of those who were present, which is not a matter of suprise, for the shoving, pushing, and squeezing, is such as to make it intolerable even to us who are made of sterner stuff.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY, now in Europe, have been received wherever they have appeared with an enthusiasm far exceeding the hopes of their most sanguine friends. A late letter from Manchester, Eng., says:

"In the musical world here, the Hutchinson Family are gathering laurels, and gold, as well. Nothing, in this way, can exceed the delight they give an English audience. The sister's singing of Tennyson's sweetly pathetic songs, "I'm to be Queen of the May, Mother," and "Wake me early, Mother," was delicately beautiful. It was gratifying to me to see tears steal over the hard features of John Bull, showing how deeply his heart was touched by the chaste melody of this simple but charming child of nature, from the far-off mountains of New England. A lady, sitting near me, expressed her own enthusiasm, by saying that the Queen would love her dearly. The railway song, "Clear the track for Emancipation," was received with a perfect uproar of applause. The Yankee ditty, "Away down East," brought into a glittering light all the mirthful feeling of the audience. I like their melody (in Georgia parlance) *a heap*, and have attended every soiree they have given here.

Hereafter hold your peace, and never again say I have no relish for music, because I am determined not to squander another dollar upon Ole Bull's fiddle strings.

THE MORMONS. We regret to learn that the reports against the conduct of the Mormons appear to be true. The coin counterfeited by them consisted principally of imitations of Mexican dollars and American half dollars and dimes, skillfully executed. The quantity issued is said to be immense, $1500 having been paid out at a mill owned by a Mormon in one week for wheat. Three qualities of the spurious money were manufactured, which were sold for 75, 50 and 25 cents on the dollar. That for which the highest price was asked, is said to be so perfect as to escape the most rigid scrutiny of the eye, the outer coat being of pure silver, and the alloy so completely covered as to prevent detection in any other way than by cutting. Revelations have also been made which lead to the belief that a number of persons have been murdered by them in a horrible manner.—*N. Y. Sun.*

BRUNSWICK Jan. 2, 1846. Having received from Professor Cleaveland his accurate annual report of the amount of rain and *snow, reduced to water* by an established principle, which has fallen from January 1st, 1845, to January 1st, 1846, he finds that there has been recorded *sixty-eight inches* and *fifty-nine one-hundredths of an inch.* Added to this amount of *snow, reduced to water*, we have *seven inches* and *seventeen* one-*hundredths* more. Hence the total amount of moisture will be equal to *seventy-five inches* and *seventy-six one-hundreths of an inch.* Professor C. has now kept his Meteorological Tables very accurately for the past *forty-two years*, and he finds that the *average* amount of moisture which has fallen *annually* for the above number of years is between *forty* and *forty-two* inches—though in one year, he has recorded *forty-eight inches.* In the month of *November last*, we had *seventeen inches* and *fifty-one-hundredths.*—*Correspondent of Boston Advertiser.*

Those who have been so anxious to have S. S. Foster and Abby Kelley married, may be pleased to hear that in all human probability the marriage was consummated on Sunday, 21st ult., at the house of Milo Townsend, New Brighton. Such were the arrangements made, and there is no doubt of its accomplishment.—*Salem co., O. Register.*

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN CONCORD, N. H.

Hill's Patriot Office, Concord:
Wednesday morning, Jan. 7th, 4 o'clock.

This morning, at a little past 12 o'clock, a fire broke out in the extensive frame buildings at the depot of the Concord Railroad Co., occupied by the Messrs Gilmore & Clapp for their wholesale grocery establishment, and by the Railroad Co., as a car-house, which at this hour, with almost all the contents, is reduced nearly to a heap of ruins.

When discovered, the flames had made such progress as to defy the attempts of our fire companies to quench them; and their efforts were mainly directed to stopping their extension on the south towards the Railroad passenger depot.

The buildings contained an immense amount of W. I. goods and groceries, comprising a large quantity of oil, iron, lime, plaster, flour, pork, fish, &c., besides four valuable passenger cars and three baggage cars, belonging to the railroad—nearly all of which is destroyed or so much injured as to be a total loss. By the well directed efforts of our firemen on that part of the building in which Messrs G. & C.'s safe (containing all their books) was situated, the latter was drawn out but slightly heated, and upon examination its contents were found to be wholly uninjured.

Messrs Gilmore & Clapp had recently finished taking an account of their stock, which they valued at $56,000. On this, $10,000 was insured in the Hartford Fire Insurance Co., and $5,000 in each the Manufacturer's, Firemen's, and National Cos., Boston—making their whole insurance $25,000. The Railroad company have lost $10,000—including the building worth $4,000 or more, and cars worth $6,000—on which there is said to be no insurance. The total loss will doubtless reach $66,000!

The origin of the fire is not, at this time, definitely ascertained. It is supposed, however, to have taken from the stove in one of the cars, which arrived at 9 o'clock last evening. The railroad track was laid directly into the centre of the burnt buildings, this part being used for the car-house; and was flanked on either side by Messrs G. & C.'s rooms.

MARCUS MORTON.

We perceive that certain persons who ought to be engaged in more honorable business, are endeavoring to defeat the confirmation of Marcus Morton, as Collector of the Port of Boston and Charlestown, by representing him as an Abolitionists. We knew Marcus Morton well. He is not Abolitionist, but he is anti-slavery, as was Washington, Jefferson, Marshall, and their compatriots, throughout the South; and are the patriots of all the States now. But Marcus Morton is for leaving the Slave question where the Constitution left it, with the people of the Slave States, themselves; who are most deeply interested, and who know best how to manage it.

We will not believe that a single Senator from the South can be found to vote against him, on account of his well known anti-slavery opinions. If one can be found so foolish, and so base, let him be *marked* by the sound democracy, at home, and abroad.

If the Northern and Western Democracy refuse to interfere with the domestic institutions of their Southern brethren, so also do they refuse to be proscribed, because of their own *abstract* opinions, on the subject of Slavery.

If Marcus Morton should be rejected on account of his anti-slavery (not Abolition) opinions, the author of his defeat cannot escape the retributive justice, due such political vileness.

We go against the political abolitionism of the fanatics in the free States, with all our might, but we are also opposed to slavery in all its forms, and while we live, will never cease to oppose it by all *fair, honorable* and CONSTITUTIONAL means, *whenever* and *wherever*, we believe a blow may be struck for "*the rights of man.*"

It is a fact, however, that opposition to Morton has not come from the slave States, so far as yet appears; but from *Tylerites* in Massachusetts.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

RHODE ISLAND. The Providence Journal, the organ of the Algerine portion of the whig party, which oppose the administration of Gov. Jackson, presumes that

"The following measures, if not in terms agreed upon, will be certain to follow if the political power of the state passes completely into the hands of the party which supports Gov. Jackson's administration:—the removal of the judges of the supreme court—the repeal of the open ballot—the call of a convention to frame a new constitution, 'without law and against law,' except the law of the general assembly, in violation of the existing constitution. This new constitution, they intend shall not differ mainly from the 'people's constitution.' It will abolish the dollar tax, and make residence—probably one year's—the only qualification for voting; it will repeal the property qualification for naturalized citizens, and probably the equal representation in the senate. In fine it will embody all the reform which progressive democracy has discovered, or may discover within the coming year. If all these changes can be carried into effect, Rhode Island will be a locofoco state."

NEW TRICK OF VILLANY. A gentleman having occasion to put a letter in the Post Office, a few evenings since, perceived the aperture for dropping letters into the box obstructed. Upon a close examination, he discovered that a loose paper had been thrust in at a convenient distance, so that letters could easily be abstracted. Doubtless this ingenious method has been successfully practiced, and thus we may account for the many complaints of missing letters at the Post Office. The gentleman was still more confirmed in this opinion from the fact, that two villanous looking individuals accosted him, and inquired at that late hour "if the Post Office was open?" and who apparently had no legitimate object there. We think it would be well for all persons who have letters to deposite in the office at night, to look and see that there is no obstruction.—*N. Y. Sun.*

QUITE A DAMPER ON AN ABSURD CUSTOM.—The general court procession yesterday had to march to church under a drenching rain, and through streets, filled with snow slush a foot deep. Those who thus suffered from the unfriendly elements will no doubt be in favor of a resolution for having the election sermon delivered in the representatives' chamber hereafter.—Repeatedly, within the last few years, motions have been made in the house to have such a change in the arrangements made, but some old grannies were always ready to get up and whine about the time-honored customes of our pious ancestors, and thus a useless public show, particularly inconvenient at this season of the year to the actors therein, has been perpetuated, lest it should be suspected that in our day we fall short of the sanctity and spiritual graces of the lawmakers of by-gone ages.—*Boston Post.*

That's the talk, Colonel.

OREGON. Give notice to England—extend our laws—establish military posts to protect emigrants, and then let John Bull decide what he will do about it. It appears to us this would be a just and resolute way of asserting our rights, and if England chooses to fight us for claiming our own, she must do so. What is ours we should hold and defend, whether it be on the Atlantic or the Pacific. If England owns any territory in Oregon, she can establish her title to it, and upon her established title there will be no disposition to encroach. All the United States require is that justice be done; peaceably if possible forcible if necessary.—*Post.*

☞ Two new and very popular pieces are being played at the Museum—"Family Jars," and "Hide and Seek." We understand the house is crowded every night, and visitors are highly pleased with the entertainments. The new comedy ("Family Jars") is received with roars of laughter, from beginning to end.

DON'T GIVE IT UP. Should you ever oversleep yourself in a country tavern, and the chambermaid wakes you and says she wants a sheet for a table-cloth, "don't give it up."

OREGON RESOLUTION IN THE HOUSE—IMPORTANT ACTION!

[Correspondence of the Boston Daily Mail.]

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Jun. 6—4 P. M.

Gents: The House has just voted, 102 to 82, (the strong majority of 20,) to postpone all action upon the Oregon Resolution, giving the one years notice to Great Britain, until the first Monday of February.

Two-thirds, however, were necessary, and the motion failed—thus bringing the question directly before the Committee of the Whole. But still this vote is considered as indicating a positive determination on the part of the majority of the House, to delay action until news shall have been received from England of the effect of the President's Message there.

Mr Hilliard of Ala., expressed the opinion that negotiations had been renewed in London, but Mr Ingersoll, as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, denied it most promptly.

The House went into the Committee of the Whole, and the debate was resumed on the question of passing the resolution for giving the notice. Mr Bowlin, of Mo., addressed the House for an hour, in a boisterous and intemperate speech, full of war fury. The Committee rose when he had finished, and the House adjourned.

☞ The old Howard Hotel, at Burlington, Vt., kept by Mr Prouty, was destroyed by fire on the 2d inst., together with the store adjoining.

☞ The inveterate prejudice heretofore shown by most persons against medicines which do not arise under the sanction of the medical colleges, is now rapidly passing away. At the commencement of the sale of Mr Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative, every case in which it was used faithfully, closed with such overpowering attestations as to its merit, that it was impossible to resist its influence. The estimation in which it is now held precludes the possibility of its being ranked with empirical remedies, the production of money getting jugglers or traffickers is the miseries of their fellow beings.

LOWELL MARKET—THURSDAY, Jan. 8.

[WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.]

Apples per barrel	$2 00 @ 3 00
Beans per bushel	1 50 @ 2 00
Butter per pound	18 @ 20
Beets per bushel	40
Beef per pound	4½ @ 5
Cheese per pound	7 @ 9
Chesnuts	1 50 @ 1 75
Cabbage per dozen	50 @ 60
Chickens per pound	7 @ 8
Cranberries per bushel	2 50 @ 3 00
Eggs per dozen	18 @ 20
Hay	19 @ 20
Lard per pound	8
Lamb per pound	4 @ 5
Mutton per pound	4 @ 6
Onions per bushel	50
Pork per pound—fresh	5½ @ 6
Printoes per bushel	55 @ 65
Pears per bushel	1 00 @ 1 50
Squashes per hundred pound	1 00 @ 1 50
Quinces	1 50 @ 2 00
Turnips per bushel	17 @ 20
Turkeys per pound	7 @ 8
Veal per pound	4 @ 6
Wood per cord—White Pine $3½—Hard do. —Oak and Walnut	4 50 @5 50 @ 6 50.

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Jan. 5th, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—620 Beef Cattle, and 950 Sheep. 150 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—We quote to correspond with last week. Extra 5 25; first quality 4 50 @ $5; second do. $4 @ 4 25; third do. 3 25 @ $4.

Sheep—Sales at 1 25 @ 2 50.

Swine—None at market except a few from the immediate neighborhood. At retail, 4½ @ 6c.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit—Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merk and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Merk and John sts. jy21—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov1 6m

MARRIED,

In Billerica, Jan. 1, Mr William Gray, of Tewksbury, to Miss Abigail A., daughter of John Richardson, esq., of Billerica.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, the performance will commence with the popular Vaudeville of

HIDE AND SEEK: Or, A HOLE IN THE WALL.

Characters by Messrs J. B. Bradley, Wyatt, J. Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs J. Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Mr J. B. Bradley J. Merrifield, and Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the new laughable Petit Comedy, in two acts entitled the

FAMILY JARS: Or, THE MISTAKEN FATHERS.

☞ Mr J. B. TENNEY has volunteered his services for a few evenings.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan6

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy, $3 50

For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language, 4 00

For instruction in the French language, 4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan8

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has obtained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called "HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swen, editor N. R. Carbonicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltze, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Tombridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Hunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

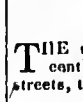
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
After One Fair Day.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, *Goodrich*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j8

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, *Poland master*, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. j8

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS, IGNATIUS TYLER.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS.

Jananry 1st, 1846. 3wadvjan3

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 43, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gunorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

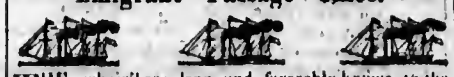
N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'s Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every port of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Chancery Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Watson will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Dec. 10, 1845. dec23

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY S. FOGG, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Fogg will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Fogg will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
3tdec13 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN SHED, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Shed will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Shed will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

To the Unfortunate.

A SONN who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeelingly draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make sensible application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. s2w*nov13

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell in said County, machinist, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Clifford will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Clifford and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 21, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Taylor will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Taylor and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said county, singlewoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to her, or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. Watson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. Watson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan1 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said T. T. Abbott will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Abbott, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews vs. Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published at least three times in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.
3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury vs. Moody E. Abbott, & James Ashworth, *Trustee*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy attest.
JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

Moses Stewart vs. Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustee*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel, that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.
Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.
DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No, 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. edv3mjan1

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misadvdec6 near head of Pawtuckett Falls.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.

oc28 L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Furniture Sale.

On SATURDAY, at 9½ o'clock, a.m., at office, the furniture of a family leaving the city, all nearly new, viz.: 2 hair seat mahogany Rocking Chairs; 12 Grecian Cane Chairs; 2 mahogany panned Bedsteads; Windsor do.; 4 maple Windsor do.; 6 common do.; 3 live geese Beds; 4 common do.; under-beds; mattress; 8 carpets; 1 splendid sofa; 2 common do.; 2 secreturies; 1 bureau; 1 mahogany dining table; 1 do. dress do.; 2 card do.; 1 small centre do.; 1 large gilt framed looking glass; 2 mahogany do.; clock; common chairs; 1 mahogany wardrobe Bedsteads, cost 40.00; 3 solar lamps; 3 cook stoves; some bedding; crockery and glass ware, &c., &c. Also, 10 boxes Rose Soap; 2 bags of dried Apple.

Also—at 12, m.,—1 Parlor or Vestry Organ.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Dry Goods.

To-morrow, FRIDAY, January 9,—at office,—at 2 o'clock, p.m., an invoice of seasonable and desirable dry goods, direct from New York, with orders to close for cash. The assortment consists of rich corded cashmere de Lines (high col's.), shawls, bdkfs., hosiery, gloves, calicoes, linens, alpaccas, &c., &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

Also, in the EVENING, an invoice of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard Chains, Gold Pencils, &c., &c., for cash to reimburse advances. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Pieno Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Dec. 3d, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of he said William Champion will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Champion, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

J. BANCROFT,
3tpdec26 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 15, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY S. ORANGE, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Orange will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Orange, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
dec20 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.
Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3tdec

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

Stage Notice.



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock, Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver.
Lowell, July 2, 1844.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—In the matter of VALENTINE BURROWS and LAWRENCE TRACY, both of Billerica, in said County, Co-partners.

The creditors of said Insolvents are hereby notified that their third meeting will be held at the Court next to be holden by G. Washington Warren, Esquire, a Master in Chancery for said County, at Charlestown, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next—for the proof of claims and the meeting of the accounts of the subscribers, Assignees of said Insolvents, preparatory to a dividend.

WILLIAM SMITH, } *Assignees of*
DANIEL A. WILSON, } *said Insolvents.*
Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. 3dec27

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 359 Washington-Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book; combining an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover,

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 359 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6¼ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¼, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Musoa village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Barlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For farther information of the various stage lines, Fares; and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5¼, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.
Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¼ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12, M.,.....Portland
At about 5¼, P. M.
At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily train up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 38, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches; indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at this store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or ar before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. au4dtf
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. a23

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon:

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,
Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful cneties in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plusters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as cutaneous eruptions of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysterin, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Brodstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Moreland; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Auran Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Denrborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6dly

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jns. C. Ayer; and by apothecuries generally. a13a&r6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very-powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for paints, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynv3

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Efforts of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. To all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-doulonreux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep28

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of an expected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to you aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1841. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



A REMARKABLE and singular attestation has just been made by an eminent member of the Medical Faculty, as to the curative power of C. Brinckerhoff's health restorative, in cases of Consumption, chronic Coughs and Colds, and Pains in the Side and Chest. This gentleman furnishes his patients with the Restorative, and finds it absolutely necessary, as he never had any prescription to produce the astonishing results realized by the use of the Restorative. This gentleman stands among his medical brethren as one of the most distinguished of their number: his name is left with the proprietor for reference. There is no doubt but that in a few years the leading physicians will prescribe this remedy, and that afflicted patients will use it and bless the hour that it was made known to them in. Being a truly fine herbal medicine is consequently of more importance, as every one feels safety while using it and no sense of danger as if he were using deleterious minerals. Mr. Wilkes a respected merchant in N. York, used the Restorative and was cured wholly from a dangerous cough and expectoration. The editor of the Commercial Advertiser with an earnest appeal commends it to the confidence of the sick, and affectingly calls on them all to give it a fair trial before relinquishing every hope.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, O. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

TRI WEEKLY LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 5.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless at *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN. EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, newly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, advly LOWELL. sep19

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mnreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dinpers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottamans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stoves, Leader pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing, Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan3

I. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimock st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

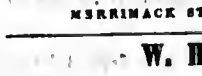
Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. ang2tm

Fall Fashion.





FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 20th, 1845. ang

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Gnetchins, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

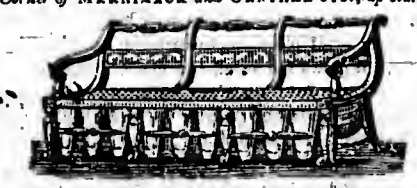
GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruiating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&ptf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. ruug8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering — May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem— Hyacinth — Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Minature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honurable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lawell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Lowell, opposite American House.

FOR the character and responsibility of the Institution, the Agent has the privilege of refering, in Boston, to Hon. ABBOTT LAWRENCE and WILLIAM APPLETON, Esq.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

The plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay on a provision for the future The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose*. By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use*.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy affected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Ratio in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 84	1837	$ 52 32	$386 20	$60 93	$1977 79
			1838	720 52	321 38	49 08	1730 55
			1839	534 00	256 41	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is inserted in all policies issued by the society:—

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2uwaeopdec18

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, guld blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italina & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. nov15

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

THE LOVES OF HABAKKUK BULL-WRINKLE, GENTLEMAN.

(Concluded.)

I could not bear to think of the heartless creature for a year after, of course I never hovered over the abode of Dame Caddlefurrow again. Skelpie soon deserted the cold lass for another love; and after being obliged to dance in her stocking vamps, according to the custom of the country, at the marriages of her two younger sisters, Ally was wedded to an unlucky miser—the most miserable character under the sun. But to resume:—after lighting my pipe, I sat for some minutes absorbed in reflections on my late adventure. I did not like Skelpie a whit the better for having shielded me from the wrath of the boistrous widow; a blow from his hand would have been much more acceptable than a favor; I imagined that he was rioting on the idea of having vexed me, by his act of apparent good nature and kindness; and I construed his silence very much in favor of this vagary of my heated imagination. Presently I heard a noise behind old mother Caddlefurrow's chair, which resembled the faint irregular chuckling of a woman's half-stifled laugh; and, anon, a tuft of hair, dark as a raven's wing, topped by a pheasant's plume, gleamed over the head of the chair; a white brow, and a pair of laughing black eyes, brim full of tears, followed; and, in a few minutes, Kate Skelpie, the wicked mischievous sister of my deliverer, tumbled out of the recess, which the dame's chair had effectually shaded. She was a round, dumpy lass, full of tricks as a frolicsome colt, with an impertinent cocked nose, and a pair of lips, which were continually in waggish and most alluring motion. I had seen her before at a farmer's merry making, when she picked me out for a partner, and, notwithstanding my obesity, obliged me to dance down six-and-thirty couple of, giggling girls, and roaring men;—keeping up all the time as grave a face as ever sat on the shoulders of an ukdertaker. I pitched and leaped about like a gambolling rhinoceros, to the infinite diversion of the company, and my own solitary grief and dismay. Kate and I were the only persons in the room who looked at all solemn. I felt an inkling of affection for the lass even then—why, I know not; and the continual crossings I received from Skelpie, determined me to make love under his own roof, where I should, most probably, be sure of peace and quietness in my trysting; as Skelpie usually past the love time of the nights, about at the abodes of the different village toasts. Here was a glorious opportunity of improving my acquaintance with the twinkling eyed Kate! She was not such a poetical looking creature as the snorling Ally Budd, nor so tall and comely as the false daughter of Grobstock; nevertheless, Kate Skelpie was a jocund, pretty and captivating young lass. I courted her and prospered.

She had no meddling parents to interfere with us; and Skelpie was, of course, absent from home five nights in the week. Many were the pranks which the dear jade played me; but I did not care;—they kept my flame alive, and her occasional kind looks and unsolicited salutes convinced me that I held a place in her heart. In the meantime, however, I carried on the war in another quarter. I had two nights in the week to spare, and these I spent at a farm-house about a mile from the village, with a slender young maiden named Amaranth Saffern.

One Saturday evening, Skelpie overtook me as I was journeying towards Amaranth's dwelling. He accosted me civilly; and having some serious notions about his sister, I did not scruple to enter into conversation with him. He had not crossed me for above a month; and Kate had informed me, the night before, "that she should have a good bit of gold, if the old chap at the Land's End would but take it into his head just to die a bit." These were good reasons for my civility, and we discoursed on the most fashionable village topics with great urbanity and mildness. At length, however, we arrived at Amaranth's door; and then for the first time, the truth flashed upon each of our minds. We were both evidently bent upon a love visit to the fair Saffern. Skelpie looked rather hurt, methought, and could not help heaving a short sigh. However, we both went in, and found Amaranth alone. It was market day, and her crippled grandfather, with whom she dwelt, as we both well knew, had gone to, and in all probability would remain at, the next market-town until a late hour, according to his usual custom; otherwise, we should almost as soon have ventured into a tiger's den, to despoil the animal of a whelp, as pay a love visit to the old man's grand-daughter. The miller was a lamb, compared with dame Caddlefurrow; and that lady a dove in deportment, to old Jagger Saffern.—But more of him anon.

Amaranth, it was plain, favored me rather than Skelpie. Without vanity be it spoken, I was, at that time, barring my obesity, which rendered me somewhat unsightly in the eyes of the lean, rather a personable man and not quite forty. I was by no means particularly solicitous to gain the young Saffern's affections, yet she clung to me in preference to Skelpie, who did all in his power to plesse her. He was evidently in love, and for the first time in his life, felt the pangs of jealousy in his heart. I was his successful rival! I, even I, Habakkuk Bull-wrinkle, the devil's bird, whom he had so long dispised, had succeeded in warping the affections of his Amaranth! He bit his lip, lowered and smiled by fits, and in vain endeavored to conceal the state of his heart. Amaranth seemed to rejoice in his torments; she had always been tolerable liberal in her tokens of affection, but, on this occasion, she almost exceeded the bounds of probability. I did not much like it at last for I began to think she was making a fool of me. We went on in this way for above an hour, when the old cripple's pony suddenly clattered into the court-yard. Skelpie started on his legs in evident alarm. There was no way of escape, but through a back door into a little yard, which was surrounded by a villanous high wall, so smooth, and well built too, as to defy even Skelpie's clambering capacities.

We had not been a moment outside the door,

before the cripple entered the house. Skelpie was endeavoring with all his might to get over the wall: he clung like a cat to the bare bricks; but, before he had well reached half way up, his foot slipped, and down he came. I was standing, disconsolately underneath him; he fell so suddenly that I had not time to get out of the way, and Skelpie's ponderous and hard skull struck me full in the pit of my stomach, and sent me staggering against the back door, which naturally gave way with the shock, and I was precipitated, on the broad of my back, into the very middle of the floor. Luckily, I came in contact with the table on which the candle stood, and extinguished the light in my fall.—The embers were dying on the hearth, and Skelpie had hauled me by the legs back into the yard, before the cripple (who wanted to reach his loaded blunderbuss before he looked round) could catch more than a vague glimpse of our form and features. The door swung inward, and Skelpie easily held it fast enough to prevent the cripple from pulling it open;—at the same time carefully screening his body behind the wall of the house; from the cripple's bullets, which we expected to hear rattling through the door every moment. He growled like an incensed bear, and muttered curses by wholesale on poor Amaranth, whom we heard whining most piteously. At length, he seemed to take a sudden resolution, chuckled audibly, and proceeded to barricade the door with all the furniture in the room. Here was an end to all our hopes of enfranchisement and safety. But oh! dear me! what were my feelings, when I heard the cripple hobbling up stairs, and trying to open a little window that commanded the yard. We were in a sad situation; our only chance of avoiding the lynx eyes of Jagger was by getting into two water-butts, which stood in the yard. The windows of the house looked into every corner, so that we could not possibly hope to conceal ourselves behind them. In we went, together, but my ill luck still attended me; Skelpie crouched comfortably in the belly of a dry butt, but the one into which I floundered was half full of water. The chilling liquid rose to within a foot and a half of the brim, the moment I got in, so that it was impossible for me to crouch, being actually standing on tip-toe, chin high in water! It was a bleak night, but my fever saved my life.

The cripple's blunderbuss, of unprecedented calibre, was thrust out of the window, before I could well moderate my quick breathing. He looked into every corner of the yard, but happily, did not perceive my miserable sconce, which was floating in the water-butt, immediately beneath him. He descended in a few minutes, and removed the furniture from the door, searched all round the yard, and at length discovering the marks of Skelpie's shoes in the wall, concluded that we had escaped, and went grumbling to bed. It was a long time before I would suffer Skelpie to help me out of my hiding-place: he effected the job with infinite difficulty, and led me, dripping like a water-rat, thro' the house.

About a week after this adventure, I discovered, that Kate and Amaranth, who were once bosom friends, had quarrelled about me, and were now as spiteful to each other as possible. They met one evening at old Hetty Caddlefurrow's, and on comparing notes, found that I was playing a double game. Ally Budd was present, but she said nothing. After lavishing the usual abusive epithets on me, they began to look coldly upon each other: from cool looks, they proceeded to vituperative insinuations; and, before they parted, naturally came to an open rupture. Occasionally, I suffered a little from their pouting and touting; but, in the main, I was happy enough between them. Each tried all her arts to win me from her rival; they sometimes met, grew great friends, vowed they would both turn their backs upon me forever, kissed, cried, quarrelled again, and grew more rancorous to me, and loving to each other, than before. Skelpie became an altered man. Amaranth flouted him, abused his sister to his face, and caressed me in his presence; although I believe the hussy, if she knew her own heart, loved the fellow all the time. Skelpie dressed smartly, discontinued his visits to all other girls, neglected his games, and even his daily occupations, to court Amaranth. He won the heart of the old cripple Saffern; but the lass still turned a deaf ear to his vows—she was trying to vex Kate Skelpie. I was completely happy, I felt—but wherefore should I dwell on this love contest?—Skelpie is looking over my shoulder, and does not seem to relish the protracted detail. Suffice it to say, then, that the banns of marriage were at length published, between Habakkuk Bullwrinkle, gentleman, and Kate Skelpie, spinster;—that we were united in due season;—and that Skelpie, a short time afterwards, obtained the hand of Amaranth. The angry passions of the girls soon subsided, and they loved each other better than ever. Skelpie became my bosom friend; I prospered in business; and the two families have lived together for above twenty years, in concord and happiness. The roses have faded in Amaranth's cheek, and the fire of Kate's eye is somewhat quenched; but the relation of my own mishaps, Skelpie's adventures, and our strange courtships, never fails to draw back the youthful smiles of hilarity in both their matronly faces. Heaven bless them!

SUEING FOR DAMAGES. "Hallo, Sharp," said Pop, meeting him the other day in the street, "you hobble, my boy; what's the matter with you?"

"Oh, I had my feet crushed through the carelessness of a conductor, the other day, between the cars, that's all."

"And don't you mean to sue for damages?"

"Damages? no, no—I have had damages enough from them already—hadn't I better sue for repairs?"

SORE THROAT. The Medical Journal has the following—

"We have known several instance in which this distressing complaint, even in its worst stage has been immediately alleviated, and speedily cured by the following remedy: Mix a penny-worth of pounded camphor with a wine-glass of brandy, pour a small quantity on a lump of sugar, and allow it to dissolve in the mouth every hour. The third or fourth generally enables the patient to swallow with ease.

"You havn't put on a clean shirt to-day," said a military captain to his corporal; "you never saw me without a clean shirt on parade, when I was a corporal." (He loved to speak of the immense difference between his present situation as captain, and that from which he had risen as corporal.)

"True, your honor; but then your honor's mother was a washerwoman."

OLD BACHELORS. A western editor, who is an old bachelor, says: "We never cared a farthing about getting married until we attended a bachelor's funeral. God grant that our latter end may not be like his."—*Exchange.*

"What makes you spend your time so freely, Jack!"

"Because it is the only thing I have to spend."

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 10, 1846.

THE FRIENDS OF GOV. MORTON

WHEELING INTO LINE. We are glad to perceive that the Essex Banner and the Fall River News, two good democratic journals, are coming out manfully in defence of Governor Morton against the attacks of those who want his *place* and the *emoluments* thereof. This is right. The friends of Gov. Morton, in their deep aversion to "family quarrels," and their determination not to be drawn into any connection with those trading politicians, whose political principles and party creed are just so much merchandize, or stock in trade, valued in dollars and cents, have forborne even an exposition of their indignation, till forbearance has ceased to be a virtue.

The little faction of political aspirants, in and about Boston, who magnanimously assumed the charitable task of breaking down Ex-Governor Morton, and thrusting him from the office of Collector of the port of Boston, having met here at home, with no sympathy, have transferred their operations to Washington, and are now besetting the Senate to reject the nomination.

Now, then, is the time for the friends of Marcus Morton—the democracy of Massachusetts—to speak out. For twenty years he has had their confidence, and they have loved to honor him. From the mere skeleton of a party, under his lead they have swelled their ranks to more than fifty thousand voters, and twice have triumphed and placed him at the head of the government of "old federal Massachusetts." As they have loved and honored and confided in him in times past, so they love and honor and confide in him now. *The democracy of Massachusetts is unchanged.* The ghost of disappointed selfishness held up to their view does not frighten them. They know that MARCUS MORTON always has been—and they believe still is and ever will be—TRUE TO THEM. They believe him to be HONEST, as a POLITICIAN and as a MAN; and this belief they will continue to entertain till controverted by better evidence, *from more reliable authors*, than has yet transpired.

Should the Senate reject the appointment of Collector Morton, (which we do not anticipate) we envy not the future prospects of those by whose baseness and political treason such a result is produced. From the unsold, unpoisoned democracy of the "old Bay State," from Essex to the hills of Berkshire, there would go up against these traitors, an universal burst of indignation, the force and effect of which they could not withstand.

But Marcus Morton will not be rejected. The senate of the United States will distrust the purity and honesty of the motives of men who once sold themselves to John Tyler for a "mess of pottage," and honorable senators will doubt the right of these same men to *sell the democracy of Massachusetts.*

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT,

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Edmund Burke, of New Hampshire, to be commissioner of patents, in the place of Henry L. Ellsworth, resigned.

Gansevoort Melville, of New York, to be secretary of legation of the United States, near her Britanic majesty, in the place of Francis R. Rives, resigned.

William H. Stiles, of Georgia, to be charge d'affaires to the court of his majesty the emperor of Austria, in the place of Daniel Jenifer, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to that court.

Benjamin A. Bidlock, of Pennsylvania, to be charge d'affairs in the republic of New Grenada, in the place of Wm. M. Bradford, recalled.

Anthony Ten Eyck, of Michigan, to be commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, in the place of George W. Brown, at his own request recalled.

Deputy Postmasters. James M. Buchanan, Baltimore, Maryland, in place of Thomas Finley, removed.

Paul Dean Cartique, Hudson New York, in place of Justus McKinstry, removed.

Robert H. Morris, New York, N. Y., in place of John L. Graham, removed.

George F. Lehmon, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in place of James Hoy jr., removed.

Henry C. Conklin, Brooklyn, New York, in place of George Hall, removed.

George Sanderson, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in place of William M. Porter, removed.

Stephen Ilsley, Newburyport, Mass., in place of Benjamin W. Hale, whose commission has expired.

Many other appointments have been confirmed in the last few days, for which we have not room.

☞ Our Boston correspondent "Truth," should have sent his name along with his communications.—To secure publication, the writer's name is generally indispensable. We make no objection to the articles forwarded by "Truth."

AMENDMENT OF CITY CHARTER. By reference to our Municipal record, it will be seen that some wholesome alterations are proposed in the city charter.

The Lady's Book, for January, is particularly inviting. Davis, 5 John st., has it.

"*The Western Continent*," in the name of a "first rate" new paper, just started in Baltimore, under the editoral conduct of PARK BENJAMIN. It is of the Mammoth size, well printed, and is offered at the low price of $2.00 per annum. Mr. Benjamin is a good editor.

"VARIETY IS THE SPICE OF LIFE," and there is any quantity of "variety" in the comments of the whig press upon Mr. Adams' Oregon speech.

☞ The number of Jews in the city of New York is eleven thousand, and they have nine places of public worship.

☞ The venerable Rev. Dr Shepard, of Lenox, who had lived to see three score years and ten, and during the last year preached the fiftieth anniversary sermon of his settlement in that place, died a few days since.

☞ A fire broke out in Rome, N. Y., on Tuesday morning, which laid the greater part of the town in ashes. About thirty houses and a very large amount of property were destroyed. One man lost his life.

APPOINTMENT. We understand that Mr Thomas J. Marsh, of Lynn, has received the appointment of weigher in the Boston Custom House, which took effect from 1st of January.

PURCHASE OF NAUVOO. The Warsaw Signal says: "Two Catholic priests passed through this place on Monday last, on their way to Nauvoo. Their object was to ascertain the particular nature and amount of property which the Mormons wish to dispose of, and on what terms it can be bought."

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Boston, Friday, Jan. 9th, 1846.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Every thing jogs on in this "city of notions" about as usual, notwithstanding the "collected wisdom" of the State are assembled together in our midst. The opening of the session was marked by no unusual demonstration, if we except a most copious outpouring of the elements from above. It is written that the rain descends alike upon the wicked and the just.—Whether the truth of this maxim was exemplified on the late election day, I must leave you to judge, as the procession was almost wholly composed of coons. A more woe-begone looking turnout on a gala-day, you never set eyes upon. Mud and "snow slosh" below, and a deluge from above, were a "caution" to new hats, brass buttons, and fresh tallowed boots. However, the "safeguards of the Commonwealth" have dried their best clothes, brushed up, and taken their seats, which they will of course keep warm until ploughing time, and the cod and mackerel begin to bite sharp. I understand the business of to-day will probably be that of filling vacancies in the Senate board. If this is effected, we shall have the message of His Excellency by Monday. You will, of course, obtain a detail of the business thus far transacted in the papers, and it is therefore useless for me to trouble you with a repetition.

Our news from Washington is not of much importance to-day. The Union contains a batch of confirmations by the Senate of the President's nominations. Not the slightest impediment has thus far been thrown in the way of confirmations—and no effectual opposition is anticipated to any nomination the President will be likely to send in. Much as the coons croak, every thing indicates harmony in the democratic ranks, and a most triumphant administration for President POLK.

Business is beginning to revive somewhat. The prospect is, that it will be quite as brisk the coming season as it was during that which has passed. Boston is a great place—and will be bigger and no mistake. It grows fast in all but grace. The Times of this morning furnishes a curious table of persons arrested for misdemeanors in this city during the year just closed. It appears that 4,643 were arrested, and 851 committed to prison. Common drunkards, 183—of which (shocking truth!) 100 were females! But of un-common drunkards—your occasional "busters"—the men bear off the palm, decidedly, showing 2,041 to 384 females. The catalogue is too disagreeable for me to continue; but it cannot be disguised that Boston is suffering under a state of moral declension.

Speaking of the commercial prosperity of Boston, I will cite a fact which may surprise you as it has myself. It is, that the *number* of foreign arrivals at this port during the last year, was greater by nearly 300 than the foreign arrivals at the port of New York. I subjoin you a comparative table of arrivals for each year since 1840, viz:

ARRIVALS FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

	At Boston.	*At New York.*
Year 1845	2305	2044
" 1844	2174	2208
" 1843	1716	1832
" 1842	1739	1962
" 1841	1790	2118
" 1840	1628	1953

It is proper to state that the number of vessels does not by any means indicate the comparative *value* of importations at the two ports—the majority of those arriving here being smaller craft than those entering the port of New York.

We have at present any number and variety of entertainments in the city. Lectures, concerts, theatres, exhibitions, &c. &c. are crowded nightly. In the theatrical world, the "particular star" for the past fortnight has been Miss Lee, the charming *danseuse* at the Athenæum. You will remember that she was formerly a favorite here, but has been perfecting herself in her art at Paris for a year or two past. To my mind she is the most pleasing and graceful dancer that has appeared here, excepting Elsler. Your musical cits will be glad to learn that the Seguin troupe are to perform a series of their best operas at the Howard Atheneum, commencing in a few days. Norma, Zampa, the Bohemian Girl, and others, will be brought out with great power and effect, both musical and scenic.

By the by, one who knows informs me that there will be quite a mania for chartering railroads at this session. I learn that about fifty different schemes will be submitted to the Legislature. It will not surprise me if the Boston and Lowell road be made to feel that the doctrine of "vested rights" is really what your venerable whig "brother of Buckingham" last winter denominated it in his Boston Courier—"*an exploded notion.*" Look out for squalls before spring.

During my stay in the city, this winter, you shall hear occasionally from A LOOKER-ON.

PORK TRADE IN THE WEST. A very intelligent New York Merchant, who has been largely engaged in the pork business for a number of years, returned to Cincinnati last week from a tour through the Scioto Valley, and furnished the Atlas with the following statement of the number of hogs that will probably be slaughtered this season at the points named:

Beginning at Columbus and taking the line of the Canal to Portsmouth	110,000
Between Portsmouth and Cincinnati, on the River	66,000
At Cincinnati	280,000
At Lawrenceburg	8,000
At Aurora	3,000
At Madison	80,000
At Louisville	110,000
At Westport, Charlestown, Vevay, Rising Sun and other towns between Cincinnati and Louisville, on the River	50,000
	707,000

This he estimates in balance than one-half the number that will be slaughtered west of the Alleghany Mountains this season, putting the whole number down at 1,500,000. Last year's slaughter he puts down at 840,000. "Although this is only an estimate," remarks the Atlas, "yet the data from which it is made would seem to warrant the conclusion that the number of hogs slaughtered this year is much greater than last year, and greater than has been generally supposed."

CHURCHES IN NEW YORK CITY. Baptist churches 23; cost $378,890. Episcopal churches 33; cost $1,707,211. Presbyterian churches 38; cost $870,-975. Congregational churches 6; cost $102,400.—Methodist churches 30; cost $444,240. Roman Catholic churches 12; cost $548,350. Dutch Reformed churches 23; cost $697,600. Universalist churches 4; cost $70,600. Unitarian churches 4; cost $94,-000. Jewish churches 6; cost $92,000. Quaker churches 4; cost $101,500.

"Did you take the note, and did you see Mr. ——, Jack!"

"Yes, sur."

"And how was he!"

"Why, he looked pretty well, but he's very blind."

"Blind! what do you mean!"

"Why, while I wor in the room, he axed me where my hat wor, and it wor on my head all the time."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

SENATE, *Thursday, January 8.* The nine senators met at 11 o'clock. Seven of the number went into the committee room for the purpose of counting the votes for senators, and the president, Mr Gray, and Mr Safford, being hardly a quorum, adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Messrs Page, of New Bedford, Chandler of Boston, Byington, of Stockbridge, Stevens, of Andover, and Lawrence, of Pepperell, were appointed to report rules and orders for the conduct of business in the House.

Messrs Tolman, of Boston, Ladd of Cambridge, Mayo, of Orange, Baker of Beverly, Rider, of Dartmouth, Morton, of Hadley, and Burrows of Bernardston, were appointed a committee on elections.

On motion of Mr Chandler, of Boston, the petition of James M. Freeman for a seat as member from Bellingham was taked from the table and referred to the committee on elections.

Mr Freeman, in his petition, avers that he can prove that the selectmen reported the whole number of votes cast for representative to be 163—necessary to a choice 82, and that Mr Freeman had that number, and was chosen, and the result of the ballot was declared accordingly. It was immediately afterwards suggested that a vote for James J. Fisk had been overlooked. Search was made, and in one of the piles such a vote was found, and without again counting all the votes, this was added to the 163, and making 164, so that it required 83 for a choice, and the secretary directed the clerk to make up the record accordingly. The meeting was adjourned to the next day, when three unsuccessful ballots were had, and then the meeting was dissolved. Since then it has been ascertained that Martin G. Cushman, a minor, and John Jackson an unnaturalized foreigner, voted against Mr Freeman on the first ballot.

At half past 11, the special assignment for that hour, the choice of a sergeant-at-arms was proceeded with. The committee on the votes reported the whole number to be 231, all of which were for Benjamin Stevens, Esq. and he was declared to be unanimously re-elected on the part of the House.

At 12 o'clock the choice of chaplain was proceeded with, and the committees on the votes reported the whole number to be 212—necessary to a choice 107; and that the Rev. Dr Jenks had 91; S. D. Robbins 87; Silas Aiken 19; Ames Smith 10; E. N. Kirk 2; Thomas Worcester, Austin Phelps and E. H. Chapin one vote each.

There having been no choice, it was unanimously voted, on motion of Mr Wales, of Boston, that Messrs Jenks and Robbins, the candidates who had received the highest number of votes, should be appointed chaplains, to officiate alternately.

Friday, Jan. 9.

In Convention. The two branches at 12 o'clock went into convention for the purpose of filling the vacancies existing at the Senate Board.

The following are the results of the several ballotings as declared by the committees appointed for the purpose of receiving, sorting, and counting the ballots.

DISTRICT OF ESSEX.

Whole number	241	Necessary for a choice	241
George Wheatland,	189	Edmund Kimball Jr.	192
George Hodges	193	Henry Poor	193
Dennis Coudry	193	George Hood	49
William Taggart	48	Samuel B. Gregory	48
Aaron E. Burnham	48	Jonathan Nason	48

Messrs Wheatland, Kimball, Hodges, Poor and Coudry, the whig candidates, were declared elected.

DISTRICT OF MIDDLESEX.

Whole number	252	Necessary for a choice	127
James P Whitney had	193	Thomas Hopkinson	191
E. Rockwood Hoar	193	Eli Rice	193
Thomas Emerson	193	Alfred Allen	193
Benjamin Muzzy	59	William E. Parmenter	59
A. R. Brown	59	Bradford Russell	59
Joseph Fuller	60	G. W. Dike	59

Messrs Whitney, Hopkinson, Hoar, Rice, Emerson and Allen, the whig candidates, were then declared elected.

In Worcester District, Messrs Thurston, Stone, Salisbury, Willard and Goulding, the whig candidates, were declared elected, each receiving 201 votes.

In Hampden District, Messrs Calhoun and Kyle, the whig candidates, were declared elected, each receiving 194 votes.

In Berkshire District Messrs Bowen and Hurlbut the whig candidates were declared elected, each receiving 195 votes.

In Norfolk District Messrs Guild, Maguire and Felt, the whig candidates were declared elected, each receiving 193 votes.

In Bristol District Messrs Bordeo, Shepard, and Eliot, the whig candidates, were declared elected, each receiving 193 votes.

In Plymouth District Messrs Beal and Young, the whig candidates, were declared elected, each receiving 192 votes.

In Barnstable District Messrs Scudder and Freeman, the Whig candidates, were declared elected, each receiving 181 votes.

In Nantucket and Dukes Mr Bornell the whig candidate was declared elected, receiving 175 votes.

HOUSE. Prayers were offerd by the Rev. Dr Jenks.

Mr Page from the committee appointed to prepare rules and orders for the regulation of the proceedings of the House, reported that those of the last session be adopted without amendment. Accepted.

The petitions of John C. Crane for the abolition of capital punishment, and Samuel Lawrence and others, for an act incorporating the Bay State Mills, were received and laid upon the table, until the appointment of the standing committees.

In the afternoon, Messrs Sheperd, of Framingham, Giles, of Boston, Bryant, of Barre, Saunders, of Grafton, and Newcomb, of Randolph, were joined to Messrs. Willard, Safford, Whitney, Beale, Scudder and Felt, of the Senate, as a committee to examine the returns of votes for Governor and Lieut. Governor, and then, on motion of Mr Coburn, of Dracutt, the House adjourned.

☞ At the celebration of the New England Society at New Orleans, the following toast was given:

"*The daughters of Louisiana*—Attracted by their bright eyes, enchained by their sweet smiles, the sons of the pilgrims only await their assent to become *pilgrim fathers.*"

DECREASE OF MEMBERS. The Congregationalists of Maine have decreased in the number of their communicants for the year ending in June last, 171.—In Massachusetts about 400. The F. W. Baptist denomination numbers 2001 less than it did a year ago; and the Methodists in the United States 31,769 less. The loss of members has been owing to deaths, expulsions, and the disorganizing influence of Comeoutism. —*Exeter News Letter.*

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Jan. 6.

SENATE. Mr Sevier, from the committee on territories, reported a bill to pay the debt due Texas before she enters the Union.

The resolutions reducing the prices of public printing, reported by Mr Niles, were referred back to the committee with instructions to report a resolution that the reduced prices should commence at the beginning of this session.

Mr Allen reported a joint resolution from the committee on foreign affairs asking the secretary of the acunte to cause to be prepared for the use of the senate ten thousand copies of the maps of Oregon as compiled by the officers of the exploring expedition.

Mr Cameron, from the committee on public buildings, reported a joint resolution to authorize the Washington monument committee to erect a statute to Washington on any part of the public grounds not otherwise occupied that may be designated by the President of the United States. Laid over.

Wednesday, Jan. 7.

In Senate, Mr. Calhoun asked to be excused from serving as chairman of the committee on finance, which was granted, and Mr. Speight, of Mississippi, appointed in his stead.

The bill for raising regiments of mounted riflemen was taken up, and amended, so as to appropriate $76,000 for equipments; $3000 for each stockade fort, and $2000 for the purchase from the Indians of sites for the forts. Ordered for a third reading.

Mr. Benton declared the bill essentially a peace measure.

The senate then took up the bill to establish forts in Texas.

In the House, Mr. Rhett made an explanation of his charge that Mr. J. Q. Adams had opposed the last war, and read from Mr. A.'s published sentiments at the time.

Mr. A. replied at much length and with striking severity. He gave a history of his whole course in relation to the last war, and said that if he was opposed to the war, because he wished the arbitration to be left with Alexander of Russia, then were Madison and his cabinet, that accepted that arbitration, and the congress which had supported Madison in what he did.

Mr. Rhett made a rejoinder which commanded very general attention.

The Majority of the committee on elections reported in favor of the right of Mr. Brockenborough, of Florida, contested, to take his seat. The minority reported in favor of the sitting member, Mr. Cabell.

Mr. C. B. Smith, of Ia., followed, and expressed the conviction that we had a better title to Oregon than any five British could show. When he closed the committee of the whole rose, and the house soon after adjourned.

MUNICIPAL.

Board of Aldermen, Jan. 5.

Reports—Of the committee on streets, on the petition of Amasa Kimball and others—recommitted; of special committee on a claim of E. M. Bugbee et al., for damage—accepted, and the accompanying resolution passed in concurrence; of committee on streets, on petition of Dustin Clark and others, for the widening, straightening and grading of Lawrence street—ordered to remain seven days in City Clerk's office; of the committee on commons, relating to the sale of a tier of lots on the east side of north common—accepted and the accompanying resolution, "making further provision for the sale of lots on the east side of north common," passed to concurrence; of the special joint committee on the Mayor's communication relating to the alteration of the City Charter—accepted in concurrence and the accompanying order, authorizing the Mayor to petition the Legislature for such alterations as were recommended in the report, was passed in concurrence.

(The amendments recommended are as follows:

1. That the Municipal year shall commence on the first Monday of January in each year;

2. That the number of Aldermen shall be eight instead of six;

3. That the City Council may annually elect Surveyors of Highways;

4. That the Ward meetings, for the election of Ward Officers, Common Councilmen and School Committeemen, may be adjourned from time to time.)

A memorial of Stephen Barker, relating to the assessment on his estate for the Lowell street sewer, was referred to the committee on Sewers. A petition of Thomas Nesmith, and a communication of Paul R. George, relating to the alteration of the grade of Merrimack street, were referred to the committee to whom were referred (Dec. 29th) the petitions of Tappan Wentworth, relating to the grade of Merrimack street, and of P. O. Richmond, concerning the grade of Lawrence street.

An order was passed providing for a convention at the next meeting of the City Council for the purpose of hearing the objections of P. O. Richmond and others, in relation to the widening, straightening and grading of Lawrence street.

An order from the Common Council, instructing the committee on lands and buildings to consider and report upon the expediency of selling the Market-House, and also to report the cost of the same, and the amount received for rents during the past year, was received and past in concurrence.

An order was passed that the same committee be authorized to sell the school-house on Middlesex st. recently occupied by Grammar School No. 4, and the land on which it stands.

The Auditor's exhibit of the state of appropriations, Dec 31, and the Auditor's assessment for the sidewalk on the north side of Merrimack street, were referred to the committee on finance, in concurrence.

The resolution authorizing the purchase of land for a House of Reformation, came up from the Common Council, with notice that the Common Council had non-concurred in the amendment made by this board (substituting the Swan place for the Adams place.) Laid on the table.

Adjourned to Monday evening next, Jan. 12.

MURDER. Charles J. Peterson was committed to jail in this town on Monday last, for the murder of William Amos, an Indian of the District of Marshpee. Amos was at the house of Peterson on Sunday afternoon, for the purpose of borrowing money or *liquor*, and was ordered out of doors by Peterson, at which time hard words passed between them, and Amos struck Peterson with his fist, several blows upon the face. After something of a scuffle between them, Peterson seized a large pine stake, and struck Amos upon the side of the head, breaking his skull in a dreadful manner, and causing his death in a very few minutes. He received two blows with the stake—one upon each side of the head—the first, however, was sufficiently powerful to cause almost instant death.—Peterson is a native of New Hampshire; is a mason by trade, and has resided in Marshpee about three years.—*Barnstable Patriot.*

WINTER ECONOMIES. *Recipes*—How to save wood in fire places: *shut the door.*

How to save wood in cooking stoves: *shut the door.*

How to save cutting much hard wood: *shut the door.*

How to save splitting much soft wood: *shut the door.*

How to prevent children crying from cold: *shut the door.*

How to keep a wife good natured: *shut the door.*

How to preserve your own temper: *shut the door.*

To these seven, a recipe might be added, setting forth that when you enter a neighbor's house, shop or store, first of all *shut the door behind you*; and also when leaving it, dont stand in parly at an open door with a northwester blowing into the house, but for decency's sake, for politeness' sake, for comfort's sake, pass out speedily and *shut the door.*

These rules will save many families at least 25 per cent. on the cost of fuel this winter, besides saving also a vast amount of patience and good will.—*Augusta Banner.*

SIN.

Manlike is it to fall into sin,
Fiendlike is it to dwell therein,
Christlike is it for sin to grieve,
Godlike is it all sin to leave.

☞ Rumors are afloat that Great Britain, France and Spain have been plotting to erect Mexico into a kingdom and place upon the throne a son of Louis Philippe. The New Orleans Picayune's correspondent of Havana says that there

"is the story is, that Isabella, the Second of Spain, the girlish queen whose eccentricities have been frequently noticed in the papers, is to marry a prince of the house of Saxe Coburg, while her sister, the *Infanta*, is to be given to the Duke de Montpensier, one of Louis Philippe's sons. A French fleet and army, in conjunction with what force—land and sea—Spain can raise, backed by an English fleet that is to see that nothing wrong is done, will escort the latter couple to America, and place them, nulens volens, *on the throne of Mexico*. In the mean time, continues our correspondent, the Baron de Cyprey is to wait at Havana the march of events, while three French frigates are stationed there, perhaps to place him in triumph once more at the head of the *corps diplomatique* in Mexico.

Santa Anna is, all this while, a quiet looker-on in Havana, patiently waiting the time when Almonte shall have thrust out Herrera, and burnt the old cat's-paw Paredes' fingers so badly that he will let the fire alone; then to slip in for his country's good, put down all partizanism, and quietly gnaw away at the meat of the nut for another few years. The health of the tyrant is good, but he seldom comes into Havana from his country residence except when the steamer from Vera Cruz is in the offing, when he comes in and waits with all a despot's impatience at the British consul's for his despatches, which, it is said, are neither few nor small in bulk.

In regard to the rumor about Montpensier and the Mexican throne, it has come to our knowledge, says the Picayune, that letters of an official character have been received in this city which more than hint that some such scheme is afoot. It is not to be imagined that Great Britain would aid in raising one of Louis Philippe's sons to an American throne for nothing, and hence it has been inferred that she is to receive Cuba as her portion of the spoils. It is intimated, also, that the joint efforts of England and France, to prevent the annexation of Texas to the United States, were made after much deliberation and upon an understanding between those powers that the acquisition of territory by the United States was to cease with the absorption of Texas into the Union. The events of the day are not of a nature to dissipate these rumors as idle *on dits*. The marriage of a prince of France with the Infanta, and his establishment upon a throne in Mexico, seems a ready way to prevent the alienation of California from Mexican sovereignty, and to implicate the Orleans dynasty in the stability of the new power, whilst the acquisition of a throne for the Infanta is compensation for the loss of Cuba to the Spanish monarchy. These rumors, in ordinary times would scarcely attract much attention; but as it seems to be certain that some movement of a decisive character is in contemplation in Europe, in regard to the future destiny of America, they arrest inquiry and awaken suspicion at once. We apprehend that the coming year will be a memorable one for good or evil to the liberties of this continent."

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merk and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Mer'k and John sts. jy21—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Ointment, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Unlike this, it is no internal remedy—but an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal, or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is much convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing an account of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

MARRIED,

In this city, Jan. 1, by Rev Mr Blanchard, Mr Ephraim Brown to Miss Mary F. Pollard.

In this city, Jan. 5, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr Lyman Blake to Miss Zeruah Rollins, both of this city. 6, Mr William H. Smith, of Londonderry, N. H., to Miss Sally D. Stearns, of this city.

In Harvard, by George Proctor, Mr Geo. W. Davis, of Shirley, to Miss Lorena E. Worner.

In Nashua, Jan. 1, by C. B. Fletcher, esq., Mr Josiah Evans to Miss Jane H. Smith, both of this city.

In Pepperell, Dec. 25, Mr Joel J. Shattuck to Miss Mary Jane Spaulding.

DIED,

In Dracut, Jan 4, Mrs Susan Ann, wife of Mr Samuel Butterfield, aged 27 years.

In Groton, Jan. 7, Mrs Mary Ann, wife of Bradford Russell, esq., and eldest daughter of the late Captain Joshua Nash, of Boston.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, the performance will commence with the popular Vaudeville of

HIDE AND SEEK: Or, A HOLE IN THE WALL.

Characters by Messrs J. B. Bradley, Wyatt, J. Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs J. Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Mr J. B. Bradley J. Merrifield, and Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the new laughable Petit Comedy, in two acts entitled the

FAMILY JARS: Or, THE MISTAKEN FATHERS.

☞ Mr J. B. TENNEY has volunteered his services for a few evenings.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jun6

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

After Our Fair Day.

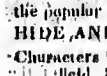


The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, *Goodrich*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j8

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Wednesday,



The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, *Peirce* master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. j8

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and very useful book for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. P. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan8

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1yr&plnec16

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy,	$3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language,	4 00
For instruction in the French language,	4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846 jan3

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mdvjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.

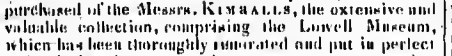
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS,

January 1st, 1846. 3mdvjan3

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and comfortable dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
1fdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN SHED, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Shed will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Shed will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice; and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience,—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine in his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr. Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec11 tf. M WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec10 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

Chancery Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Watson will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.

Dec. 10, 1845. dec23

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY S. FOGG, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Fogg will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Fogg will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

3tdec13 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys, and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of diseases, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among no charming host of *Anarch empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. a2w*nov13

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—In the matter of VALENTINE BURROWS and LAWRENCE TRACY, both of Billerica, in said County, Co-partners.

The creditors of said Insolvents are hereby notified that their third meeting will be held at the Court next to be holden by Geo. Washington Warren, Esquire, a Master in Chancery for said County, at Charlestown, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next—for the proof of claims and the auditing of the accounts of the subscribers, Assignees of said Insolvents, preparatory to a dividend.

WILLIAM SMITH, } *Assignees of*
DANIEL A. WILSON, } *said Insolvents.*

Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1845. dec11 3tr

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. 3m*jan1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 20, 1845.

Moses Stewart vs. Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustee*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 20, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury vs. Moody E. Abbott, & James Ashworth, *Trustee*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy attest.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews vs. Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees*.

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published at least three times in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of LORENZO P CLIFFORD, of Lowell in said County, machinist, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Clifford will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Clifford and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT.
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 24, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Taylor will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Taylor and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan3 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said county, singlewoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to her, or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. Watson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. Watson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan1 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 24, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracut, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Abbott will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Abbott, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
dec27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misadvdec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 24 Central st.

oct28 L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES,

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks, O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. on the Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Dry Goods.

To-morrow, FRIDAY, January 9,—at office,—at 2 o'clock, p.m., an invoice of seasonable and desirable dry goods, direct from New York, with orders to close for cash. The assortment consists of rich corded cashmere de laines (high col'rs.), shawls, hdkfs., hosiery, gloves, calicoes, linens, alpaccas, &c., &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

Also, in the EVENING, an invoice of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard Chains, Gold Pencils, &c., &c., for cash to reimburse advances. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North,	Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	John Ayer,
George Walker,	" (Mark Andrews)

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. thawa&poct23

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. Medicine willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink. This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 15, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY S. ORANGE, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Orange will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Orange, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
dec20 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.

Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3dec

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 43, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

POETRY OF THE HEART—A new and beautiful little volume of Poems, done up in gilt, just the thing for a present to a friend. By Rev. Wm. B. Tappan. For sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING AND SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

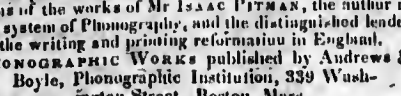
A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¾, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Coacord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermunt, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Conches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.
Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nuvltf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2½ P. M., one half hour after " " "
6 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¼ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12¼ M.,.....Portland
At about 5½, P. M.
At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chalic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and soundieg and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended Improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic, merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laorel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest of our lare been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of infallible cures the groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, asurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aulatf
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 42 Central st. a23

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical efforts of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Brodstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows; Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Gbelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Franels Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cohleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Grifin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Ashis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin, jan6ly

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, roumtenlent, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present enblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsom," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Culler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jay's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecuries generally. a13a&p6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyaug3

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Huston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eroptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sangaine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep23

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild operient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfola, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsapotilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

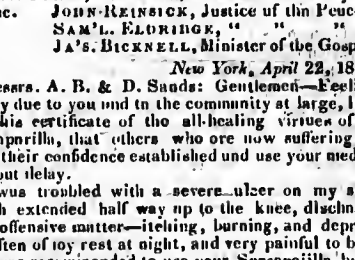
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



A REMARKABLE and singular attestation has just been made by an eminent member of the Medical Faculty, as to the curative power of C. Brinckerhoff's health restorative in cases of Consumption, chronic Coughs and Colds, and Pains in the Side and Chest. This gentleman furnishes his patients with the Restorative, and finds it absolutely necessary, as he never had any prescription to produce the astonishing results realized by the use of the Restorative. This gentleman stands among his medical brethren as one of the most distinguished of their number: his name is left with the proprietor for reference. There is no doubt but that in a few years the leading physicians will prescribe this remedy, and that afflicted patients will use it and bless the hour that it was made known to them is. Being a truly fine herbal medicine is consequently of more importance, as every one feels safety while using it and no sense of danger as if he were using deleterious minerals. Mr. Wilkes a respected merchant in N. York, used the Restorative and was cured wholly from a dangerous cough and expectoration. The editor of the Commercial Advertiser with an earnest appeal commends it to the confidence of the sick, and affectingly calls on them all to give it a fair trial before relinquishing every hope.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, nor any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual. Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 20 Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 13, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 6.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
NO. 9, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

William P. Webster,
COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE,]
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
No. 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.
Jan. 1, 1846. ady3mjan1

J. P. Jones,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
GEORGETOWN, MASS.
OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pattfo24 LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET.
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,
LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, Jr. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. ly30

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
adv1y LOWELL. rep19

C. JARVIS,
HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,
Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,
of every description.
C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.
ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET
—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—
tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfoov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoot23

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.
Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House!
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.



N. W. Ryan,
No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,
KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also, a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Toilet's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

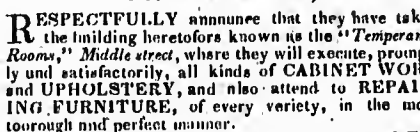
LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Merrill & Heywood,
(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)
23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.
Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.
Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Boquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Boy Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Notice.
J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,
in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of
COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanised sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.
☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,
Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.
N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS, Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.
Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Clocks.
EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 42, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec13] RAYNES.

Dental Notice.
WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens, that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.
J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimack street, opposite head of Kirk street.
MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate; or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.
N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&rtf

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.
Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.
☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.
JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdso20

Stage Notice.



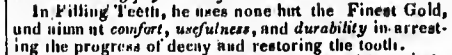
The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock, Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.
Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.
Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.
S. W. STONE, Driver.
Lowell, July 2, 1844.

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction*.
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MUWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&poct23

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.
The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.
We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.
Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 86, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.
ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfoct23 47, Merrimack Street.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

THE NIGHT ATTACK.

It is thirty-five years, this very month, since I was quartered with my regiment in ——ford; I recollect the time particularly, for I got my company in the Thirty-seventh, on the same day that I received an invitation from Mr Morden, with whom I had formed a mail-coach acquaintance, to spend a week with him, and join his nephew in partridge-shooting. This gentleman's house was fourteen miles distant from the town, and situated in a very retired part of the country. It was a wild but beautiful residence, placed upon the extremity of peninsula, which jutted into an extensive lake. To a sportsman it offered all the inducements that shooting and fishing could afford. But it had others besides these; no man lived better than Mr Morden—and his daughter Emily, and her orphan cousin, who resided with her, were decidedly the finest women who had attended the last race-ball. No wonder, then, that I accepted the old gentleman's invitation willingly, and on the appointed day put myself into a post-chaise, and reached the place in time for dinner.

The house was one of those old-fashioned comfortable Irish lodges, which are now extinct, or only to be seen in ruins. It was a long low building, covered with an infinity of thatch, which bade defiance to rain, cold, and storm. The tall and narrow casements reached the ground, a handsome flower-knot extended in the front, bounded by a holly hedge, and woodbine and other creepers festooned the windows with their leaves and berries. At some distance a well-stocked haggard peeped over a spacious range of offices; the lawn was studded with sheep, which appeared over-burdened with good condition; and as I drove up the avenue, I passed a well-featured, well-clad simpleton, urging before him, from a neighboring stubble-field, a flock of turkies, as formidable for numbers as for size. In short, everything about the place bespoke the opulence and comfort of the proprietor.

Mr Morden was a clever and respectable man; he was land-agent to several large estates—noted for plain and unpretending hospitality, punctuality in business, and a character of unusual determination.

The old gentleman received me with friendly sincerity, and his handsome daughter added a warm welcome. They apologized for not having company to meet me, but "two families which they expected had been detained by some unforeseen occurrence at home." Dinner was shortly after served. Like the host, it was excellent without display—the wines were superior—and when the ladies left us, the claret went round the table merrily.

"We are in trouble, here," said Mr Morden, addressing me, "and you have come to a house of mourning. We have just suffered a serious, I may say, irreparable loss, in the sudden death of two favorite dogs. They were of the genuine breed of Newfoundland, and for size, courage, and sagacity were unequalled. Poor Emily has cried incessantly since the accident."

"Were they stolen?"

"Oh no! I wish they were, for that would afford a hope that chance or money might recover them. No, sir, they would not follow a stranger, alas! they died yesterday by poison. We unfortunately laid arsenic in the meal-loft to destroy rats; and yet, how the poor animals could have got to it is a mystery! the steward declares the key never left his possession. I would give a hundred guineas the meal had been in the bottom of the lake." By Jove! no loss short of the death of a friend, could have given us all so much uneasiness. They were my daughter's companions by day, and my protectors at night. Heigh, ho! come, sir, pass the wine." Tears stood in the old gentleman's eyes as he spoke of his unhappy favorites, and from the valuable properties of the lost dogs, it was not surprising that their death occasioned so much regret to the family.

We joined the ladies in the drawing-room. After tea Mr Morden took a bedroom candle, and apologized for retiring. "Old habits best suit old people, captain; but I leave you with the ladies, who will sit up till cockcrow, if you please," and bidding us a good night, he departed.

"Emily," said young Morden, "you are still thinking of your favorites; well, I will ride the country over till I find you a handsome dog. Julia, hand me that violin from the piano, and Captain Dwyer will dance a reel with you and Emily."

"Heavens! who is at the window?" exclaimed Miss Morden suddenly; "it looked like that nasty beggarman who has been haunting the house and grounds these three days. Ah, Wolf and Sailor, had you been living, that vagabond would not have ventured here at this late hour." Henry Morden had left the room on hearing his cousin's exclamation, but soon returned, assuring the lady that the beggar was a creature of her imagination; he had searched

the shrubbery and flower-garden, and no mendicant was to be found in either.

The alarm was speedily forgotten, and we danced reels till supper was announced. The doors were locked, the windows fastened, the ladies wished us good night, and retired to their respective chambers.

Henry and I remained for some time in the eating room; the clock struck twelve, and young Morden conducted me to my apartment, and took his leave.

I felt a strange disinclination to go to bed, and would have given anything for a book. For temporary employment I unlocked my gun-case, put my fowling-piece together, and examined whether my servant had sent all necessary apparatus along with it. I opened the window-curtains. The moon—a full, bright harvest moon—was shining gloriously on the lawn and lake; I gazed on the sparkling surface of the waters till I felt the chill of the night breeze; then closing the shutters, reluctantly prepared to undress.

I had thrown my coat and vest aside, when a distant crash was heard, and a fearful noise, with oaths and screams, succeeded. I rushed into the corridor, and encountered a terror-stricken maid-servant running from the extremity of the passage. Miss Morden next appeared; she was in complete dishabille, and had hastily thrown on a dressing-gown. "Good God! Captain Dwyer, what has occurred?" A volley from without prevented my reply, and the crashing of the windows, as the glass was splintered by the bullets, made it unnecessary. "The house is attacked," she said, and then with amazing self-possession, added: "there are always loaded guns above the kitchen fire-place." We both ran down the corridor, she to alarm her father, and I to procure a weapon; young Morden, armed with a sword, met us. "The attack is upon our kitchen," he said, hastily, "it is our weakest point; this way Captain,"—and we both entered it together.

There was a bright fire burning on the hearth. The large window was shattered to pieces; and the idiot I had noticed on the lawn was standing beside the ruined casement, with a spit, making momentary passes at the breach, and swearing and bellowing frightfully. I leaped upon a table to seize two muskets which were suspended in the place Miss Morden had described. I handed one to Henry, when the fire blazed out suddenly, and discovered me to the banditti without. Instantly three or four shots were discharged. I heard a bullet whistle past my head, and felt something strike my shoulder like a sharp cut from a whip, but having secured the gun I jumped from the table uninjured. We heard Mr Morden in the passage; his manner was calm and collected as he ordered the servant-men to the front of the house, and despatched his daughter for ammunition.

Meanwhile, a dropping fire continued from without; from within no shot had been returned, as the robbers sheltered themselves effectually behind the angles of the offices and the piers of the gates. From some hurried words we overheard, they were arranging a determined attack.

"They will make a rush immediately," said the elder Morden, coolly, "and here comes Emily in good time; don't come in love!"—and he took some forty or fifty cartridges, which she had brought in the skirt of her dressing-gown. Notwithstanding the peril of our situation, I could but gaze a moment on the white and statue looking limbs of this brave and beautiful girl. "Go love, tell John to bring the Captain's gun-case from his chamber; and do you, Emily, watch from the end window, and if you perceive any movement that side, apprize us of it here. Now, my boys, be cool; I'll give my best horse to him who shoots the first man. You have a good supply of ammunition, if we could but coax the scoundrels from their shelter, and I'll try a ruse." The old gentleman took the idiot's spit, placed a coat upon it, while Henry and I chose a position at either side of the broken window. Mr Mordon raised the garment to the breach: it was indistinctly seen from without; three bullets perforated it, and it fell. "He's down, by ——!" roared a robber, exultingly. "Now, Murphy, now's your time; smash in the door with the sledge!" Instantly a huge ruffian sprang from behind a gable; his rush was so sudden that he struck twice with shattering force. We heard the hinges give—we saw the door yielding—and, at that critical moment, young Morden's gun missed fire! "Curses light upon the hand of him that loaded it!" he cried, as he caught up an axe, and placed himself determinately before the door, which we expected to be momentarily driven in. Murphy, perceiving the tremendous effects of his blows, called to his comrades to "*be ready.*" He stood about five yards from me; the sledge was raised above his head—that blow would have shivered the door to atoms—I drew the trigger—the charge, a heavy one of duck-shot, passed like a six-pound bullet through the ruffian's body, and he dropped a dead man upon the threshold. "Captain Dwyer," said Mr Morden, calmly, "the horse is yours!"

[Conclusion in the next number.]

☞ "Where were you all the afternoon?" inquired the master. "No where," answered the boy doggedly. "No where!" echoed the master, assuming a very wise look, and casting his eyes around the room to see if the boys noted him, his custom always when about to utter any impressive remarks. "That no where must be a great place, for a good many boys go there, I find. But how came you to go there, Patrick?" "Because," replied the little delinquent, "I had no where to go and so I went there."—A loud laugh from the school followed, in which the master heartily joined.

LITTLE EXTRAS. A western cotemporary, who is an incorrigible bachelor, says that he is opposed to uniting the marrying with the printing interest—as, during these hard times, he finds it as much as he can do to issue a single sheet, without being bothered with *little extras*.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 13, 1846.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, Jan'y 7th, 1846.

Our Foreign Relations and Mr Calhoun—Boston Collector—Lowell Postmaster—British Minister—Mr Ritchie—the Tariff and Sub-Treasury—competition between the foreign and domestic Manufacturer.

As matters and things now stand in and about Lowell, while the editor of the paper is on a visit to the seat of government, I have no doubt a letter from Washington will be read with unusual interest; not so much because of the absence of the editor, as because of his presumed facilities for obtaining correct knowledge appertaining to the Goverament action and intention upon the great and absorbing questions that now agitate the public mind here and abroad.

To the Lowell Postmaster's friends and enemies, allow me to say, that although his success or defeat is the political world to them, yet here it agitates neither the public nor the President's mind, only to the extent that when the Eastern nominations were sent to the Senate, the Lowell appointment was withheld for a passing thought of the Executive's mind, whether it was better that the present incumbent or another man should hereafter occupy that responsible position to the citizens of Lowell. The material difficulty in the way of the present incumbent, is the endorsement his nomination will give to the town-meeting process of choosing Postmasters.

To the friends of Gov. Morton—numerous in Lowell and the old Bay State—it is only necessary to remark that his confirmation is probable, yet by no means certain. If this GIANT of the Massachusetts democracy should be slain in the Senate by the "little David among his enemies"—although abolition will be one apology, and whig hatred a powerful cause, yet the design and death is simply and singly this—a *stab* at SILAS WRIGHT. I speak with knowledge in such a result, taking into account the personal spleen and petty intrigues of morbid intellects that have been at work for a twelvemonth for his destruction.

I believe, with two or three exceptions, all the nominations that are to come before the Senate are sent in and referred to their appropriate committees. I allude to these matters thus particularly, as they are subjects of considerable interest to your readers.

When your Post Office matter is settled, if I am here, your readers shall have a history of the manœuvering to get him in and to get him out; it will be amusing, if not instructive.

As I remarked in the first part of this letter, all matters here are merged by the American statesmen in the one great question of WAR. Upon this subject—in fact, until it is settled, the only one of substantial interest to the whole country—I will give you what information I possess, and an honest opinion made up from personal conversation with most of the distinguished members of the government.

First and foremost, and what is most material to all that has been said upon this subject, is the exact position Mr Calhoun occupies with regard to it, and to what extent his course will be sustained in the Senate by the votes of those who are considered his personal and political friends. First, then, you may set it down as a fact, Mr Calhoun has not even made an effort to bring about any meeting between our Secretary of State and the British minister. No meeting, formal or informal, has taken place between Mr Buchanan and Mr Pakenham, or between the British minister and any member of the Cabinet, or the President. The whole question stands *exactly* where it stood when Mr Polk's message was sent to the House. So far as the British minister and our government are concerned, this only is true; the whole question of war or peace, in all probability, hangs upon the answer or advices to come by the next steamer, in about ten days. Peace people will give a listening ear to this. Mr Pakenham, after negotiation was broken off, in his despatches to his own government, so put the question as to lead to the opening of negotiation there, or as to receive such advices himself here as might lead to an amicable adjustment. It is this state of facts that has induced the great South Caroline Senator to again stake his political destinies upon the cast of a die—And your readers may rely upon it, what he has done and the part he has acted has been solely and entirely upon his own responsibility, of his own volition, without even consulting his friends until after he struck the blow. Many of them, to my personal knowledge, differ with him as to the course he is pursuing.

He will be enabled to carry all his friends for the postponement of this question in the Senate, until ample time be allowed to determine whether or not it may be finally disposed of by negotiation. His own opinion is, that notice will be construed by the British government as a hostile act, and as a consequence, bar further negotiation. He will, in any event, vote against notice if he remains of his present mind. His course for postponing, to give time for renewal of negotiation, will be sustained by a large majority in the Senate. But if the vote come for notice, rely upon it, a handsome majority will be found to sustain it. Mr Calhoun will not, in that event, carry his friends. He may get Lewis, but I doubt. McDuffie will not vote with him. No other Senator of his peculiar way of thinking will.

Now, then, with regard to the course of the administration. They have come up to the war standard, and will stand there unmoved by threats of power without or regard to feuds within; except in the contingency that if Great Britain offer to take up with the proposition for 49°, our government will accept, and such a treaty would be ratified by the Senate.

All the rumors about changes in the Cabinet are without any foundation. Most of the Southern members are opposed to notice. Many of the Virginia members go with their brethren of the South. If the whigs should go in a body against it, there is much doubt if notice would pass the House. In all probability they will not. Western men of both parties are very full of gas upon the subject of Oregon, and upon that subject Gov. Cass has the lead of all others for the next Presidency. He has played his cards boldly, and with great sagacity. The debates in the House are many of them full of interest, and the galleries are crowded.

The English have refused the offer of 49°. If they persist in such refusal, war is as certain to ensue as the sun is to rise.

It is *not* believed by the great men here that we shall have war. There is but one opinion, and that is, no war will grow up at present. In case negotiation ceases, and notice is given, no act of war by either government is expected to take place, but each in pursuance of her supposed rights, will take steps to settle the country; collision will be a consequence among the citizens; and war may ensue by either government's adopting the hostile acts of her citizens as her own acts, and with force protecting them therein—such for instance, as the collection of debts, possession of land, &c. &c. So long as the present state of things exists, the war spirit absorbs all other interests.

The tariff, soon as the present steam is let off and differences with Great Britain adjusted, will occupy the public and Congressional mind almost as much as the foreign relations now do. That there will be found a sufficient majority to modify the tariff very considerably, there is no doubt. By modify, I mean reduce the duty on iron, woolens, &c. But the reduction, I regret, will not come up to Mr Polk's or Mr Walker's standard. It will be reduced, but still with a view to incidental protection; in other words; the *principle of protection* will run through the bill. The reduction will cramp the manufacturers somewhat, as it will be reduced so as to admit many articles now prohibited, thereby increasing competition. There are many English and foreign agents here, giving what information they possess in favor of increased facilities for importation, and I do not find our manufacturers with equally active agents attending to their interests. Mr Walker has made drafts from some half dozen custom-houses to assist in arranging the statistics of the tariff. The influences about those personages in their leisure hours are such as any one would expect, at all acquainted with the practice of the English merchants and manufacturers near our government. They have constantly paid agents among our own citizens, to attend to their interests at Washington, for the remission of duties and the adjustment of the American tariff. Would it not be justifiable if our own manufacturers kept as *well-paid* and *vigilant* eyes upon the seat of government? Unless the Oregon difficulty be settled one way or the other, no change of policy will be adopted. Soon as the Oregon difficulty is *disposed of*, in my judgment, a majority in Congress will be ready to reduce the Tariff and pass the Sub Treasury. It will be a blessed day when these consummations shall exist.

New Year's day in New York, and the 8th January hall here, will afford some incidents worth relating in another letter, if your readers shall appreciate and be sufficiently interested in this from a mere

LOOKER-ON.

REGISTER OF DEEDS. *No Choice.* We give below the official vote for Register of Deeds, at the late trial.

Whole number	5,220
Necessary to a choice	2,611
E. B. PATCH has	2,343
Whitney	1,489
Hoyden	1,318
Scattering	70

Mr Patch falls but 268 short of the number requisite to a choice.

At the trial last previous, the whole number of votes was 3,842—necessary to a choice, 1,922—Patch had 1,575, (347 short of choice,)—Hoyden had 1,107—Moore 983, and Scat. 177.

So by this it seems that Hayden is running off the track rapidly, while Patch gains handsomely.

PRESENT TO EX-PRESIDENT TYLER. Seeing that Captain Tylor was a zealous *annexationist*, it is not strange that the ladies are his greatest admirers. So, so—the ladies of Brazoria county, Texas, have presented the Captain with a beautiful silver pitcher, in token of their gratitude for his efforts to *annex them*——to the United States. The present, accompanied with a flattering letter, reached the Ex-President on New Year's day. He returned a most gracious answer, and the correspondence has been published.

NOT TRUE—that Mr Gough is to join the orthodox ministry, as reported. So says the Boston Star. The story was probably started as a "hit" at those ministers who have warmly defended Mr Gough's explanation of recent unfortunate events. For our own part, though Mr G.'s account of his sad fall is not entirely satisfactory, we are willing to give him time to redeem himself and regain the confidence of his fellow citizens We could not glory in his fall. We hope he is honest.

IMPROVEMENT. We understand that Messrs. Rand & Place, at Mechanics' Mills, are now making, per contract, *blinds* for the boarding-houses of several (or all) of the corporations of this city. This will be a decided improvement of the looks of the houses, as well as the convenience and comfort of tenants and boarders.

EXECUTIVE SESSION. The nomination of Charles W. Woodman, Esq., of Dover, says the N. H. Patriot, for Judge of Probate of Strafford County, (which we noticed last week,) was confirmed, and Mr Woodman appointed to that office, on the re-assembling of the Governor and Council on Friday last.

IN THE POLICE COURT, yesterday, a boy named Asa Annis, was arraigned for stealing money from Dexter Hildreth's store. Bound over in $100.

James Rogers had to pay $5 for wilfully assaulting and severely battering one Michael Roach.

THE STOCK MARKET IN NEW YORK. The Saturday evening edition of the New York Journal of Commerce says: "The bottom is fairly out of Wall street to-day. If a hostile fleet were off the port there could hardly be more panic."

ON HAND. The petition of Samuel Lawrence, for incorporation of the "Bay State Mills," was presented in the legislature last Friday. These mills, we understand, are to be erected at the "new city," Methuen, for woolen manufactures.

☞ The Bangor Democrat announces that Senator Fairfield will not leave his party to sustain the present tariff with the whigs—but will favor an essential modification of the tariff and will so vote without doubt.

☞ Kissing is said to be a cure-all for a scolding wife. The remedy is to be resorted to whenever an attack is threatened, and the application continued till danger is past.

CONUNDRUM. Why are Printer's types like certain criminals at Algiers.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Well, we don't "guy that up," for we reckon it's 'cause they're put in the *galleys*!

COMPLIMENTARY. The friends of the Morning News, (an able democratic journal) made the publishers a new year's present of a *new dress*—that is, new type, throughout.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE. A practiced eye and the judgement of a practical man are sometimes better than surveyors' instruments. A case in illustration occurred recently. One of our most enterprising practical business men had completed a very heavy contract of stone work for one of the factory companies. The work was measured by an experienced surveyor—the figures carefully cast—the value of the work ascertained, and the sum paid over. But the contractor was not satisfied with the results—he went back and cast his practiced eye over the mass of work—then "paced it off"—again reviewed, and again measured with his staff—till well satisfied he had not been fully paid. The surveyor was finally induced to re-survey and re-cast—which being done, increased the contractor's claim some *seven hundred dollars*.—This, to be sure, is a small item in $75,000, but still it's worth saving.

SCRAPS OF WISDOM. Law is like a box-trap; it is easier getting in than out of it.

Never stint your stomach to bedizen your back.

Think twice before you speak once, and you will speak twice the better.

A handsome woman pleases the eye; a good woman wins the heart.

Rotten-cored apples are often fairest to the sight; and the vilest scamps are often dressed the best.

Gilded roofs do not keep out sleepless nights.

☞ The lovers of sweet harmony will be delighted to learn that the Misses BRAMSON, who have been winning golden opinions in Boston, assisted by Mr. Garcia and the two Misses Garcia, will give a concert at the City Hall, on Thursday evening. (See advertisement.) A few days since, the Philharmonic Society, of Boston, presented to Miss Josephine Bramson an elegant gold bracelet, as a compliment for her valuable services. This is a pretty good endorsement.

NEW REVOLUTION IN MEXICO. Letters dated in the city of Mexico as late as the 7th December, unite in the opinion that another revolution was inevitable. Two revolutions had been planned, one by the army in the northern departments, and the other by the army in the city of Mexico and in the southern departments.

☞ The Twelve Apostles of the Saints at Nauvoo have granted a new dispensation to their deluded followers. Inasmuch as some of the families are divided in opinion as to the policy of removing west of the Rocky Mountains, husbands are permitted to *change* their wives, so as to overcome all these little differences relative to emigration.

CAUGHT NAPPING. The New York True Sun says that a watchman was gravely promenading on his beat in Hudson street, last night, with a label on his back, having the inscriptions—"The stars do wink with over watching"—"One of the boys caught me asleep and put this card on my coat."

☞ The Address of the Carriers of the U. States Journal (Washington) to their patrons on New Year's day, commences thus:

Where Goose creek rolls her shallow flood
O'er gravel, clips, and yellow mud,
The Capital of Freedom towers
Like a huge wash bowl ducked, with flowers!

☞ We find the following in the newspapers, under the head of "selected items":—

"Joshua K. Hitchcock, a poor mechanic in Baltimore county, had added to his family the other morning, three daughters, whom he named Mary Florida, Martha Texas, and Jane Polk. He has now seventeen children."

MORE BENEFITS OF LIFE INSURANCE. The Rochester Democrat says—"We are gratified to learn that our esteemed fellow citizen, S. B. Chase, Esq., just deceased, has left a handsome competence for his family in the shape of two life insurance policies, amounting to $7,500."

MORE CLERICAL DELINQUENCY. Elder Whitmon, pastor of the Baptist Church at Perma Corners, says the Rochester Democrat, has been arrested on a charge of having guilty intercourse with the wife of one of his parishioners.

INTERESTING TO SCHOOLMASTERS. The attorney general of Canada West has expressed an official opinion that aliens cannot be employed as teachers under the existing laws of the province, after the first of Jan., 1846.

MORMONS. The ship Brooklyn, Capt. Richardson, at New York, loading for the Columbia river, among other Christians will take on board 150 Mormons who have engaged a passage in her. She is advertised to sail on the 24th inst.

☞ By late advices from Texas, it is rendered highly probable that Gen. Henderson is elected governor, and Major Barnell, lieut. governor. The vice president of Texas, Gen. Burleson, is elected to the state senate.

THE NATIONAL PRESS." Geo. P. Morris, New York, is about to issue weekly, a "Journal for Home—A record of Art—a Mirror of Passing events"—under the above title. General Morris is competent to the task, and we wish him success.

STOOD TRIAL. Read the certificate of Messrs. Gilmore & Clapp, who were recently burnt out at Concord, in favor of the "improved Salamander Safe." That was a severe test. See advertisement.

☞ A letter from an officer at Fort Smith, Arkansas, states that "the whole country about us is filled with emigrants—every avenue is choked up with the wagons and stock of this moving world."

GOOD PATRON. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts yesterday subscribed for 2 copies of our paper. There is some hope of her yet.

☞ The American Army is now composed, exclusive of commissioned officers, of 7,883 men.

☞ The export of flour from Philadelphia for the past week, was over 22,000 barrels.

☞ The sleighing in the city is getting to be "shocking bad."

THE NEW YORK POSTMASTER. Mr Morris, has been confirmed by the Senate.

☞ Did universal charity prevail, earth would be a heaven, and hell a fable.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Jan. 10.

At half past 11 o'clock the special assignment was called up, and the Senate proceeded to make choice of a president. A committee, of which Mr Watts was chairman, was appointed to collect, sort, and count the votes—whole number of votes 35. Hon. William B. Calhoun, of Hampden, had 33, and was elected.—John C. Gray and Edmund Kimball had one each. Mr Calhoun, upon taking the chair, returned thanks in a few appropriate remarks.

Charles Calhoun, Esq., was elected clerk, he having received 33 votes, to one for John G. Palfrey.

Mr Willard, from the committee on the returns for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, submitted the following report:—

For governor, whole number of votes	105,928
Necessary for a choice	52,965
George N. Briggs had	51,638
Isaac Davis	47,427
Samuel E. Sewall	8,316
Henry Shaw	8,089
Scattering	458

No person has the requisite number, and the constitutional candidates are George N. Briggs, Isaac Davis, Samuel E. Sewall, and Henry Shaw.

For lieutenant governor, whole number votes	105,871
Necessary for a choice	52,936
John Reed had	51,365
George Savary	47,742
John M. Brewster	8,363
Charles W. Moore	8,023
Scattering	408

No person has the requisite number, and the constitutional candidates are John Reed, George Savary, John M. Brewster, and Charles W. Moore.

The report was accepted and sent down.

In the House, prayer was offered up by the Rev. Dr Jenks.

The Senate order in relation to joint rules and orders was concurred in.

The use of the hall on Tuesday evenings was granted for the purpose of agricultural discussions.

On motion of Mr Chandler, of Boston, ordered, that the committee on public buildings withhold the use of the hall when it shall be requested for the discussion in public of any question which has been referred to any committee, or which may be then before the house.

The report from the senate on votes for governor and lieutenant governor, was accepted in concurrence.

Mr Sargent, of Cambridge, moved that the house proceed forthwith to select two candidates for governor and two for lieutenant governor, to be sent up to the senate. Adopted.

Messrs Chandler, of Boston, Byington, of Stockbridge, and Burton, of Worcester, were appointed a committee to report forthwith what mode should be adopted in receiving the ballots for candidates to be sent up to the senate for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor; and they reported that each candidate should be balloted for separately, and that the result of each balloting should be separately declared, and also that in all other respects the voting should be conducted in the same manner as in 1844.

GEORGE N. BRIGGS and ISAAC DAVIS were then successively chosen as candidates for Governor; and JOHN REED and GEORGE SAVARY were chosen candidates for lieutenant governor.

A committee was appointed to notify the Senate, when the House adjourned.

Monday, Jan. 12.

In SENATE, Benj. Stevens was unanimously elected Sergeant-at-arms. Rev. Amos Smith was elected Chaplain.

Proceeded to the choice of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and GEORGE N. BRIGGS and JOHN REED were unanimously elected. A committee was appointed to inform them of their election.

In the HOUSE, the Speaker announced the Standing Committees. We give the Chairmen. On the Judiciary, Mr Bell of Boston; on Probate and Chancery, Mr Barton of Worcester; on Finance, Mr Sturgis of Boston; on Bills in 3d Reading, Mr Bayley of Boston, on Engrossed Bills, Mr Sargent of Cambridge; on County Estimates, Mr Everett of Foxboro'; on the Pay Roll, Mr Norton of Chelsea; on Change of Name, Mr Baker of Dennis; on Leave of Absence, Mr Crane of Boston; on Public Buildings, Mr Rand of Winchendon; on Printing, Mr Huntress of Lowell.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Jan. 8.

In Senate, Mr. Dickinson was appointed chairman of the committee on claims, in place of Mr Bagby, who declined.

Mr. Benton's bill for raising a regiment of mounted riflemen, which was yesterday ordered to a third reading, was taken up, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Allen, from the committee on foreign relations, reported the joint resolution advising the President to give notice of the termination of the convention in twelve months, with an amendment abrogating the convention at once, and directing the President to issue his proclamation at the end of twelve months for taking possession of the whole territory. He said he was instructed to move at an early day for its consideration. He would not make the motion now, because a senator had intimated to him that he intended to start a preliminary question, which had better be disposed of first. He would propose Monday for this motion; then the preliminary question would be started; after which he should move the senate to fix a day to take up the joint resolution.

It was read and ordered to lie on the table, and be printed for the use of the Senate.

The Senate adjourned till Monday, after spending a short time in executive session.

In the House, the Bill for the continuation of the Cumberland road in the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, was reported.

Mr. McKay reported the fortification, navy and army appropriation bills; also the bill making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic services of the United States, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1846.

Mr. Cobb, of Georgia, made a speech in support of the policy of claiming and taking possession of the *whole of Oregon* forthwith—giving notice and following it up with armed occupation. He admitted that there would be more difficulty in settling the question now than there would have been at any time during the past twenty years. The fault was in the negligence of those who administered the affairs of both governments. The whole soil of Oregon was consecrated to American freedom, and in this belief American citizens had gone there to settle. It was not sufficient now merely to afford protection to settlers. It was necessary to say to them at the end of twelve months the country shall be theirs, and that the lands which they have settled shall belong to them in fee.—He was not prepared to say, with Mr. Adams, that there was no danger of a war resulting from our course as to Oregon, but in was our duty to ourselves to pursue a certain course. The consequence he would not look to. We should suffer in a war, but that we should be weakened or injured in the conflict he would not believe, especially on such a day as this—the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans!

Mr. McClernand, of Illinois, followed on the same side, and spoke one hour, regretting that he had not further time to expatiate on the advantages to be derived from the settlement of Oregon.

Friday, Jan. 9.

The Senate did not sit.

In the House, Mr. Norris, of N. H., introduced a bill to repeal the second section of the apportionment act, which establishes the district system of congressional elections. Referred.

Mr Bowlin introduced a bill, similar to the bill of the last session, for extending a territorial government over Oregon.

Mr. Giles, of Maryland, took the floor and addressed the committee of the whole in favor of the notice, and asserting the right of the United States to all Oregon, and the policy of taking and keeping it. We could not compromise the matter. Great Britain would offer nothing that we could honorably accept.—We had offered her a compromise which, in the judgment of the world, would be pronounced liberal.—Great Britain never till lately claimed any sovereignty to the soil of Oregon.

Mr. Levin considered this a question of national independence. Our rights had been established be

strongly that the most devoted adherents to foreign interests would not mention it; but he did not wish to go for a title beyond the principle asserted by Mr. Monroe, that this country is consecrated to freedom, and that no European colonization would be permitted. The ocean was our natural boundary, and the swelling tide of our population was struggling to overcome all impediments, and expand till it overspreads the North American continent.

Saturday, Jan. 10.

The Senate did not sit.

In the House, a bill was reported to regulate appointments and promotions in the revenue service.—Some inquiries were moved as to the condition of our navy.

Mr. Hudson, of Mass., brought to the notice of the house an article in the Union, replying to Mr. H's complaint that the messages were not furnished in season by the printers. The article, which is signed by Mr. Heiss, was sent to the chair and read.

Mr. G. Davis moved to dismiss Mr. Heiss, as printer, on the ground that the article was disrespectful to the house, or one of its members.

The speaker decided that the motion was in order, as a question of privilege. The decision was objected to, but sustained.

Mr. G. Davis then commenced speaking.

Mr. McConnell said if Mr. D. volunteered for Mr. Hudson it was a dirty business, and in dirty hands.

The Chair called loudly to order.

Mr. Davis said he had nothing to say to a drunken blackguard.

The chair again called to order.

Mr. Davis asked pardon of the chair for the rudeness into which he had been in the excitement of the moment led.

Finally the subject was laid on the table till Monday.

The Oregon notice was further discussed in committee.

Mr. R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, made a speech in opposition to the notice, and Mr. A. Kennedy, in favor of it.

INGRATITUDE. A girl, who gave her name as Hannah Johnson, applied to the house of Mr Clark, Saturday, opposite the Hancock school, and stated that she was from Lowell, and had no place to sleep. Mr Clark kindly entertained her for the night, and in the morning she decamped, taking with her a silk dress, valued at $16, and a few trifling articles.—*Boston Bee.*

☞ We shall probably receive the Governor's Message to-night.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to sustain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets, Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Mer'k and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Mer'k and John sts. jy21—6m

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130 Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

MARRIED,

In Leeds, Me., Mr Charles A. Thoma to Miss Abigail C. Mitchell, of this city.

In Woburn, Mr John P. Sprague to Miss Mary E. Fowle: Edward W. Cutler to Miss Almira A. Foss; Mr John Knight, 3d, to Miss Sevlon R. Horton.

In Pepperell, by Rev Mr Babbidge, Mr Samuel A. Adams to Miss Varizana T. Wright.

In Waterford, Me., Jan. 1, Mr Luther Wilkins, of Acton, Mass., to Miss Almira F. Hamlin, of Waterford.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending January 10, 1846.

Jan. 8, John C. White, 23 mos., dropsy on the brain; Martha L. Titcomb, 5 mos., scarlet fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Shirley Village, 31st ult., Mrs Sarah P., wife of Capt Edward Fales, aged 38 years.

Concert.

MISS JOSEPHINE BRAMSON and Miss HARRIOT BRAMSON, one 10 and the other 7 years of age, great Pianists, assisted by Mr GARCIA and the two Misses GARCIA, will give a Vocal and Instrumental Concert, in the *CITY HALL*, in Lowell, on THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS next. jan13

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,

jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

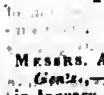
Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS,

jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Wednesday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, Paine master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah.

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 volumes, just received and for sale by JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor U. S. Chronicle; [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated learning school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilcox, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blant,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPINKNARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Fuss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjun13

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on Dec. at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy,	$3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language,	4 00
For instruction in the French language,	4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan8

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALL, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mdejan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler.

ARTEMAS L. BROOKS.
IGNATIUS TYLER.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask the customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible.

A. L. BROOKS.

January 1st, 1846.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND.

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,000,000, WITH DIVISION OF PROFITS.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D. / ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the insured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose.* By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use.*

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken in	Bonus in Cash	Bonus in addition to sum assured	Premiums to be paid after Division of Profits	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum to be assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 84	1837	$ 52 32	$336 20	$60 93	$197 79	1736 53
			1838	720 2	321 18	59 08	173 65	1463 93
			1839	584 60	256 40	37 98		

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awecepdec18

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicine can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon: And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan8

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects. Second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central st. nov15

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly armed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. These fruitless Attempts to injure this great medicine have met in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the restoring aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the Almost Hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analysed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover, So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bentley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2



Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. aug

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misalvdec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.

oc23 L. D. BOISE.

To the Honorable the justices of the Supreme Judicial Court holden at Lowell, within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of April, A. D. 1845:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives your Honor to be informed, Selina Rowe, of Lowell, aforesaid, that on the 14th of September, 1839, she was lawfully married to James B. Rowe, of Lowell; that since that time she has always conducted herself as a chaste and affectionate wife, but that said James B. Rowe, regardless of his marriage vows, has on divers times been guilty of the crime of adultery with divers lewd women by name to your libellant unknown. Wherefore she prays that the bonds of matrimony between her and the said James B. may be dissolved; and, as in duty bound will ever pray. SELINA ROWE.

Lowell, April 10, 1845.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, MIDDLESEX, ss.

Supreme Judicial Court at Cambridge, Oct. Term, 1845.

On the libel aforesaid, ordered, that the said libellant notify the said James B. Rowe to appear at the term of said Supreme Judicial Court, next to be holden at Lowell, within and for said county of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of April next, by publishing an attested copy of the said libel and this order thereon, three weeks successively in the Lowell Patriot and Republican, a newspaper printed in Lowell, the last publication to be thirty days, at least, before the said second Tuesday of April next, that he may then and there show cause, if any he have, why the prayer in said libel contained should not be granted.

Attest: E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order thereon.

jan13t Attest: E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 16, 1845.

David Mathews vs. Robert G. Bell, and Thomas Bixby and Jacob Nichols, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover twenty dollars for goods sold and delivered, work done and materials found, money lent and money had and received by the Defendant to the use of the Plaintiff as set forth in the Plaintiff's writ.

It appearing by the writ and the return of the officer thereon, that the Defendant is out of the Commonwealth, and no service had been made upon him, it is Ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon to be published in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, previous to the thirtieth day of December instant; and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

3tdec20 Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. P. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. dec2

POETRY OF THE HEART.—A new and beautiful little volume of Poems, done up in silk, just the thing for a present to a friend. By Rev. C. W. Thompson. For sale by JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received and for sale at 23, Central st., by RAYNES.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Administrator's Sale of Furniture.

On MONDAY next, Jan. 19th, 1846, at 10 o'clock, a.m., by leave of Court, at the late residence of R. G. Colby, deceased, on Stackpole Street, Belvidere, the household Furniture belonging to the estate of said Colby, in part as follows: 1 splendid Couch, 1 Divan Mahogany, Dining, Centre, Card and Work Tables, Bureaus, 1 large and several small Mirrors, parlor, entry and stair Carpets, cane seat and other Chairs, Solar Lamp, Feather Beds and Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bedding, Crockery and Glass Ware, Kitchen furniture, &c.

At 12 o'clock—1 elegant Piano Forte, in Rosewood case, and every way a first-rate instrument.

At 3 o'clock, p.m.,—at office of E. B. Patch,—the Law Library and Book Case belonging to said Colby's estate. Also, 1 office Safe.

J. G. ABBOTT, } Administrators.
I. S. MORSE. }

E. B. Patch, Auctioneer.

Jan. 18th, 1846.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do, Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Dry Goods.

To-morrow, FRIDAY, January 9,—at office,—at 2 o'clock, p.m., an invoice of seasonable and desirable dry goods, direct from New York, with ordinary to cash. The assortment consists of rich corded cashmere de laines (high col's.), shawls, hdkfs., hosiery, gloves, calicoes, linens, alpaccas, &c., &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

Also, in the EVENING, an invoice of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Guard Chains, Gold Pencils, &c., &c., for cash to reimburse advances. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

John D. Pillsbury *vs.* Moody E. Abbott, & James Ashworth, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff to recover the sum of eight dollars and seventy-five cents for medical attendance, according to the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's Attorneys that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this action; it is ordered by the Court here that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action by causing an attested copy of this notice, and order thereon, to be published three times, at least, in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at said Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next; and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy attest.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 3tj1

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOWELL POLICE COURT, Dec. 30, 1845.

Moses Stewart *vs.* Moody E. Abbott, and James Ashworth, *Trustees.*

THIS is an action of assumpsit brought by the Plaintiff, to recover the sum of eight dollars, being a balance due for board, as appears by the account annexed to the writ.

It being suggested by the Plaintiff's counsel, that the Defendant was out of the Commonwealth at the time of the service of the writ, and had received no notice of the commencement of this suit; it is ordered by the Court here, that the Plaintiff give further notice of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this notice and order thereon, to be published three times at least in the *Lowell Advertiser*, a newspaper printed in Lowell, before the thirteenth day of January next, and that this action stand continued until this order is complied with.

JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

A true copy.

Attest: JOHN A. KNOWLES, Clerk.

DINSMORE & FARR, Plaintiff's Attorneys. [3tj1]

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

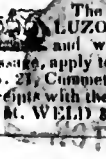
Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Donbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF. *After One Fair Day.*



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Bark LUZON, Goodrich, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j8

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.

Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. 3tdec

Notice.

E. CHENEY has removed to Commercial Square, opposite the Prescott Mills, next door to Richardson Burnap's, where he is ready to wait on all in his old line of business, Tuning and Repairing Organs, Piano Fortes, &c.

Also, Masons Scissors and Knives ground as heretofore.

CYRUS BRADBURY would give notice that he is in the same shop and will do small carpenter jobs with neatness and despatch.

Lowell, August 12, 1845. au 21 3mdaw

IVORY TABLETS.—A few very beautiful Ivory Tablets, Ladies Companions, Gold Pencils, &c., &c. For sale at 29, Central st. D. H.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores; all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1843.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparille. For the past six years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure; and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

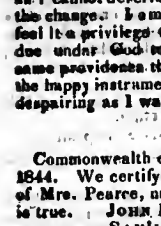
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyeug30

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam

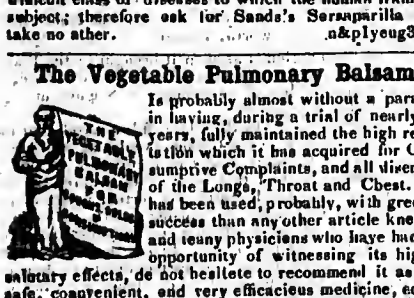


Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present polishing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cotler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&r6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell; G. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. 3&plyeow6

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY,

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued on till I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Stricture, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, soldeess of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep22

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make reasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. e2w*nov13

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, ie blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Colrringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Meveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencie and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Goats. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Marino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber, and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
Aug. 5, 1845. 1aug8

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Bound in 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of instructive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation, Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not believe, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR. 33. CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¾, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Fraecestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

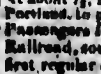
Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.
Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" " M.....Portland
At about 5½ P. M.
At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov1tf

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chalic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Hooseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sewing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, as urinal Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleaning in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. tfmay7
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a23

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general, feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Manie, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend on it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Brailstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts.; Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton,, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coolleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons; Dniiel Morcesan; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Rubinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Wardes & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Aunin, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. junedly

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PRINCIPLES OF THERAPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat;" (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual, it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Colocinel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between Dr. D. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug2—1y

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 15, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 7.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

pattfo24 LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. jy8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

Nn. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morceus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Tone-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Merrill & Heywood,

(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

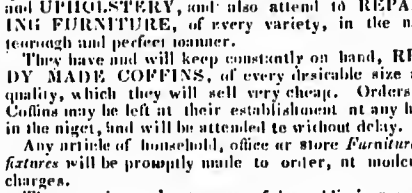
J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 43, Central street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DUANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.

J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Duane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Duane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&ptf

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,

DAVID A. COBURN,

SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Stage Notice.



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver.

Lowell, July 2, 1844.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction*.

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years:

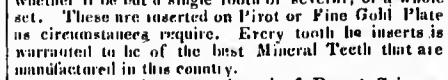
Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North,	" Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	" John Ayer,
George Walker,	" Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfbawa&poct23

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,

47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,

36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage in second passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

THE NIGHT ATTACK.

[Concluded.]

I had now received my own double gun, and gave the musket I had used so successfully to Henry Morden. The death of the ruffian with the sledge brought on a heavey fire from the comrades. Between the volleys they summoned us to surrender, with fearful denunciations of vengeance if we resisted longer. We were within a few yards of each other, and during the intervals of the firing, they poured out threats, and we sent back defiance. "Morden, you old scoundrel!" exclaimed the captain of the gang, "in five minutes we'll have your heart's blood." "No," was the calm reply, "I'll live to see you arrayed in cap and halter." "Surrender, or we'll give no quarter." "Cowardly scoundrel! come and try your hand at the sledge!" said the old gentleman, with a cold and sarcastic smile, as he turned his eye on me, where I was watching the door, with the confidence a man feels who has his own trustworthy weapon to depend upon.

"Morden, we'll burn the house about ye." "Will you put the coal in the thatch, Bulger?" "Morden, you have a daughter!" and the ruffian pronounced a horrid threat. The old man shuddered, then in a low voice tremulous with rage, he muttered, "Bulger, I'll spare five hundred pounds to hang you, and travel five hundred miles to see the sight!"

"The coal! the coal!" shouted several voices, and unfortunately the scoundrels had procured one in the laundry. "By Heaven! they will burn us out," said Henry; in alarm. "Never fear!" replied his cooler uncle; "the firing must have been heard across the lake, and we'll soon have aid sufficient." But a circumstance occurred almost miraculously that averted the threatened danger. The moon became suddenly overcast—heavy rain-drops fell, and in an instant an overwhelming torrent burst from the clouds, rendering every attempt the robbers made to ignite the thatch abortive. "Who dare doubt an overruling Providence?" said the old gentleman, with enthusiasm; "surely, God is with us!"

The storm which came to our relief appeared to dispirit our assailants, and their parley recommenced. "Morden," said the captain of the banditti, "you have Lord ——'s rent in the house; give us a thousand pounds, and we'll go off and leave you."

"All I promise I'll perform," said the old gentleman, coldly. "Bulger, for this night's work you have earned a halter, and I'll see you are hanged." "Dash in the door," exclaimed the robber in a fury; "we'll have the old rogue's heart out!" A volley of stones rattled against the door, but produced no effect, and again the robber parleyed. "Will you give us a hundred, Morden?" "Not a six-pence," was the laconic answer; once more stones were thrown, shots discharged, and threats of vengeance fulminated by the exasperated villains. At last, the demand was reduced to "twelve guineas for each man." "They'll be off immediately," said the old gentleman; "they know assistance is at hand: would that we could amuse them a little longer." But the ruffians were already moving, and Miss Morden presently announced that they were embarking, twelve in number in a boat. "Now for a parting shot or two," said Henry Morden. We picked up a dozen cartridges, and sallied from the house as the banditti were pulling hard across the lake. We opened a quick fire, which they feebly, and without effect, replied to.—While a musket-ball would reach them, we plied them liberally with shot; and, as we learned afterwards, mortally wounded one man and slightly injured two others. As we returned to the house, we met some fifty countrymen, armed with all sorts of rustic weapons, coming to our relief. Without a moment's delay we launched boats, and set off to scour the country; and at noon, so prompt and vigorous had been the pursuit, that six of the gang, including the wounded robbers, were secured.

We reached *the Wilderness* completely exhausted by the exertions of the morning, and the fatigue of the preceding night.—We refreshed ourselves, and went to bed, but previous to returning to my room, I visited the scene of action. Another blow, even a very slight one, must have driven in the door; and in the rush of twelve desperate ruffians, the chances would have been fearfully against us. Murphy lay upon his back; he was a disgusting object. The charge of heavy shot made as large a wound as a cannon-bullet would occasion. He was the strongest brute I ever saw; not more than five feet eight inches in height, but has limbs, body, and arms were a giant's; he was a blacksmith—a man of infamous character, and of a most sanguinary disposition.

Our escape from the robbery was fortunate indeed; Mr Morden had seven thousand pounds that night in the lodge, for he

had just received the rents of two estates It was almost entirely paid in specie.—This was of course known, and two desperate bands, who had kept the adjoining counties in alarm since the rebellion was suppressed, united, for the purpose of robbing "the Wilderness," and securing the immense booty.

The body of the smith was sent away—and having brought the battle to a close, I shall explain some matters connected with this daring outrage.

A man named Mitchell originated the intended robbery, and arranged the method of attack. He was a slight, low-sized person, but his activity was amazing, and no attempt was too hazardous for his desperate courage to undertake. On the morning of his execution—(he, with three others, was hanged at the subsequent assizes)—he gave us a cool detail of his plans.

The dogs were to be destroyed, and the premises reconnoitred. In the disguise of a beggar he effected both; laid meat, prepared with arsenic, for the poor animals; then made his way into the kitchen, and ascertained that the fastenings of the back door were defected. He purposed surprising the family at supper, or forcing an entrance when they were asleep. The first attempt he made at the drawing-room, but quickly perceiving that he had been observed by Miss Morden he retired hastily. A council was held by the robbers, and it was fortunately determined to postpone the attack until the family had gone to rest.

Nothing could be bolder or more likely to succeed, than Mitchell's desperate resolution. It was to leap feet-foremost through the window, armed with a dagger, and open the back door for his associates. He made the attempt, and providential circumstances alone prevented its being successful.—That very morning, a small iron bar had been placed across the window, it caught the robber in his leap, threw him back with violence, and the noise, attended with the outcry of the idiot, alarmed the family instantly.

Circumstances, they say, will often make men courageous. In this case it had the same effect on two beings of a very different description—a lovely girl and an idiot boy. Miss Morden throughout the trying scene displayed the coolest courage—and the poor simpleton, who commonly would avoid the appearance of a gun, armed with his spit, defended the breach like a hero.

We met at dinner. Julia, Miss Morden's cousin, would hardly venture to join us, for her brother rated her timidity severely.—When the alarm was heard, the earlu. girl buried her face beneath the bed coverings, and remained in pitiable agitation until the contest ended. Mr Morden took her from his daughter's arm, kissed her, and congratulated her on their delivery from the last night's danger.

"You little coward," said the old man, jocularly, "you must give your deliverer one kiss for your preservation;" the blushing girl received my salute. Miss Morden took my hand. "You too, Emily, will you not reward your protector?" Without coquetry she laid her lips to mine, and that kiss was sufficient recompense for twice the peril I had encountered.

For me no praise seemed sufficient; the successful defence was attributed to my exertions; and the fortunate shot that killed the villain smith was never to be sufficiently commended.

My visit ended—*I was in love with Emily;* but then I had little chance of succeeding to the property, which afterwards, by a chapter of accidents, fell to me, and a company of foot was all my earthly riches. She was an heiress; would it be generous to take advantage of casual service, and press a suit that would be as painful to refuse as unlikely to be granted? I mean (so says vanity) by Mr. Morden. No; I overcame the temptation of risking a trial, and returned to ——ford, possessing the esteem and good wishes of every inhabitant of "the Wilderness."

I was on parade some mornings after I rejoined the regiment, when a horse, splendidly accoutred with a superb tiger-skin, holsters, saddle, and every housing fit for a field officer, was led into the barrack-yard by a groom. The animal was a perfect picture of symmetry and strength; a dark chesaut, sixteen hands high, and worth at least two hundred guineas. The groom presented me a letter—it was from Mr Morden—the horse was a present.

Emily and her cousin married most happily, and we have often met since. They treat me as sisters would a brother and we frequently talk of the night attack upon "the Wilderness."

Three years passed away; the gang had been incessantly followed by Mr Morden, and were extirpated, with the solitary exception of Captain Bulger. Dreading the sleepless vengeance of that determined old man, this ruffian fled the country, and established himself in a disaffected district of the South.

In the interim, I got a majority in the Seventieth, then quartered in Cork. Soon after I joined I happened to be field-officer of the day on which a notorious criminal was doomed to suffer. The regiment had given a guard, and curiosity induced me to attend the execution.

I entered the press-room. In a few minutes the malefactor appeared in white grave clothes, attended by two priests. It was "mine ancient enemy," Bulger? Suddenly the sheriff was called out, and after a short absence returned, accompanied by a plain, vigorous country gentleman, enveloped in a huge driving coat, and apparently like one who had travelled a considerable distance.

I looked at the criminal; he was the ruin of a powerful man, and the worst-visaged scoundrel imaginable. He was perfectly unmoved, and preserved a callous sort of *hardiesse*, and as the priests hurried over their Latin prayers, made a careless response whenever they directed him. The door leading to the drop was open; the felon looked out upon the crowd most earnestly. "*He is not there,*" he murmured; "*he caused my apprehension, but he will not see me die!*" and added, with a grim smile—"*Morden you neither kept your word nor proved your prophecy!*" The muffled stranger stood suddenly forward—"*I am here Bulger! I paid for your apprehension, and have come some hundred miles to witness your execution.*"

"Morden!" said the dying felon, solemnly, "if a ghost can come back again, *I'll visit you!*"

The person addressed smiled coldly. "I found you unable to execute your threats while living, and, believe me, I apprehend nothing from you when dead."

The clock struck—the sheriff gave the signal—Bulger advanced to the scaffold—the drop fell—and in two minutes he was a corpse.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 15, 1846.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

This annual State paper has come to hand, and we lay it before our readers—to the exclusion, from this number of our paper, of almost every thing else. We have hardly read it yet; though a hasty glance shows that His Excellency is very solicitous of continued "protection" to invested *capital*. There is little else than "tariff," "tariff," from beginning to end. Texas gets a slap—Oregon is jueiped, and South Carolina hardly gets a wink.

It is amusing to see how *very* hard the governor tries to be a *Jackson man*. Suddenly he has become a great admirer of Jackson, and quotes him liberally as high authority. We always supposed the whigs would "fall in love" with the General after his death. Ere long, they will claim to have been the *original Jacksonians!* But no matter—for the present read the Message.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, Jan. 13.

Little was done in either branch to-day, except the "qualifying" of the Governor and Lieut. Governor, and the reception of his Excellency's Address.

Wednesday, Jan. 14.

In SENATE, rules and orders were adopted and ordered to be printed.

A petition of Samuel Lawrence and others, for an act of incorporation for manufacturing gas in Lowell, was presented and referred.

In CONVENTION, the two branches proceeded to the choice of Councillors, Secretary and Treasurer.

Councillors chosen—John P. Bigelow, of Boston; Edmund P. Tileston, of Dorchester; Samuel Hoar, of Concord; Ebenr. Bradbury, of Newburyport; Charles Russell, of Princeton; Edw. Dickinson of Amherst; Daniel N. Dewey, of Williamstown; James E. Starkweather, of Pawtecket; Charles Marston, of Barnstable;—all whigs, of course.

John G. Palfrey was elected Secretary.

Joseph Barrett, of Concord, was elected Treasurer.

FROM MEXICO. The U. S. ship St. Mary's, Commander Saunders, arrived at Pensacola on the 2d inst., from Vera Cruz, in a passage of ten days, having on board despatches for the government.

A letter in the Mobile Register, dated at Pensacola on the 3d inst., says—

"Up to the time I write no one from the shore had boarded her, but several had come ashore from her. Those who came from her report (and the report is credited) that our Minister was badly received by the Mexican government, and was in fact insulted. Another version of the story is that he was not received and recognised as such at all. This statement has created no little excitement here, and if true, as I have but little doubt one or the other is, it is presumed that the entire gulf squadron will shortly appear before Vera Cruz. It is believed here that this is another fruit of British intrigue and British diplomacy. If so, it doubtless looks to a declaration of war by that government against us."

☞ Dr White, the delegate from Oregon, does not return with the Newburyport expedition to that country, though he had made his arrangements to do so. He has been charged with some duty by the President, which will require his speedy departure over land, via Mexico. A letter from Dr White, received in Newburyport, announces this fact. The Doctor writes to those intending to embark for Oregon, that they should take with them, as far as convenient, whatever of household furniture they can, as they will find it very dear in Oregon, and difficult to obtain. He adds: "Have no apprehensions as to provisions; the country abounds with the necessaries of life, and certainly we have some of its luxuries, if not delicacies, such as an abundance of the choicest salmon, venison, wild fowl," &c.

CONDITION OF BANKS IN MASSACHUSETTS.—The official returns from each Bank in this State, has been compiled by Mr Palfrey, Secretary of State, and exhibits a very healthy state. We give a few of the general items, showing the condition of the 104 Banks in Massachusetts, on the first of December last:

Capital stock,	$30,970,000
Bills in circulation,	14,839,686
Amount due from the Banks,	65,017,625,06
Specie,	3,457,904,35
Debts due to the Banks,	52,648,729,68
Dividends for the year,	1,830,540

☞ We have received a pamphlet of thirty-two pages, entitled "*a refutation of the charge of abolitionism, brought by David Henshaw and his partizans against the Hon. Marcus Morton!*"

Friendly as we have always been to GOV MORTON, we are sorry to see this pamphlet, and do not believe het that the same feeling is participated in by Gov Morton himself. We dislike its tone, and manner, and seeming spirit of revenge upon its opponents. The "charges of abolitionism" should be treated as the "idle wind that bloweth where it listeth," and not be made the subject of even an anonymous pamphlet.—It is giving too much consequence to a small matter.

MUSEUM. This establishment is crowded with visitors every night to see Lillo's celebrated tragedy of George Barnwell, which is being played this week, by Wyatt and company. The museem is receiving, deservedly, unprecedented patronage this winter. Every body speaks well of it.

THE ANNUAL JOKE. Gov. Briggs recommends to the Legislature a "short session."—*Post.*

ADDRESS

OF HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE N. BRIGGS.

Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives:

The past year has been one of general prosperity and health to the people of this Commonwealth.

Labor and capital have been actively employed, and have reciprocally contributed to each other's success. Labor and capital ought to be so employed. And while each is willing to make a fair division of their joint earnings, they are, and must be friends.

Not only has an unusual degree of industry and enterprise animated our business community, but a spirit of kindness and good feeling has displayed itself among all classes of our citizens, in their intercourse with each other.

Those "principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings, sincerity, good humor, and all social affections and generous sentiments among the people," specially enjoined by the constitution of the State, to be promoted by the Legislature, have manifested themselves throughout the Commonwealth. They are worthy of the attention of men associated together for a common benefit, and the extent of their prevalence indicates the degree of civilization and christianity in every community.

These tokens of good, which, under the Divine favor, flows out from our free and liberal institutions, call for our grateful acknowledgments to that great and good Being, whose mercies to us as a people, have been so distinguished.

The state of our finances for the past year, as I learn from the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, is as follows:

The receipts amount to		$519,358 32
The expenditures to		$550,191 59
Excess of payments over receipts,		$30,833 27
The above amount of receipts includes		
Cash on hand January 1, 1845,	$10,677 59	
Balance of State Tax of 1844,	62,325 50	
		73,002 09
This sum, deducted from the whole receipts,		519,358 35
Leaves		$446,356 26
as the ordinary receipts for the year.		
The amount of expenditures includes		
Temporary loan for 1844,	$85,000 00	
And the 5 per cent. stock of 1842, paid in 1845,	46,550 00	
This sum, deducted from the whole expenditures,	$131,550 00	
	550,191 59	
Leaves as the ordinary expenditures of the year,		$418,611 59

To meet the excess of payments of $30,833 27, the Treasurer will have the balance of the State Tax of 1845, amounting to $65,000, and though not payable till February 1846, was designed for the service of 1845.

That sum will not only pay the above-named balance, but will be nearly sufficient to pay the $37,140 of the 5 per cent stock of 1842, which falls due in 1846.

It is confidently believed that no State Tax will be necessary to enable the Treasury to meet the demands upon it for the coming year.

To this end I recommend the most rigid scrutiny into every branch of expenditures, and if any item is found not called for by the public interest, that it be curtailed.

Liberal appropriations of money for meritorious objects, within the appropriate sphere of legislative provisions, and not a dollar for a useless object, or an unnecessary purpose, is true economy.

When the remaining $37,140 of the debt of 1812 shall have been paid, no other debt against the State will fall due before 1857. At that time the Scrip for $995,000 issued by the State in payment of its stock in the Western Railroad Corporation, will be payable.

The sinking fund set apart to meet that debt now amounts to $359,141.25. The sum, with the accruing annual interest, together with the yearly amount from the sales of public lands, in the State of Maine, which is appropriated by law for the same purpose, with the annual interest thereon will amount in 1857, with the present rate of the receipts from the public lands, to a million dollars.

The amount, whatever it may be with the stock itself will constitute the assets of the State, at that time, to meet its scrip for 995,000.

The State has lent its credit to various railroad companies to the amount of $5,019,555 56.

One million and fifty thousand dollars of this amount for scrip loaned to the Eastern Railroad, the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, the Andover and Haverhill Railroad and the Boston and Portland Railroad Corporations, will be due in 1857-9, none of the residue falls due before 1868. These roads are all in successful operation, and the companies pay the interest on their several debts, as they fall due.

The payment and fulfilment of the obligations of the bonds, which the State holds against these several companies, are secured by mortgages on the indebted roads. In addition to the mortgage on the Western Railroad, the State holds, in trust, a fund, now amounting to $290,610 61, and which is yearly increasing, by accumulating interest and additions to the principal, for the same purpose. Without some unexpected contingency, which no sagacity can foresee, there is no probability, the State will ever be called upon to pay one dollar of these liabilities.

With a character for punctuality unsullied by a failure, to meet any one of her pecuniary engagements, and with a credit equal to billions, for any purpose that she may choose to use it, there is nothing in her indebtedness or liabilities, either on her own account, or to aid others in carrying on those great works of internal improvement, by which her mountains are pierced and her vallies striped by railroad iron, that need alarm the most timid financier, or give a moment's uneasiness to the most cautious of her citizens.

Having the largest representative body, in proportion to the number of their constituents, of any government in the world, at once their pride and their security, the prudent, industrious, enterprising people of this Commonwealth, must essentially change their character and principles, as old now as their political existence, before a Legislature can be assembled in this place that would involve the State in any wild and unauthorized projects, or do anything to tarnish her good name for honesty and punctuality. May the time never come when every citizen of Massachusetts, would not feel the slightest just reproach upon the integrity of the Commonwealth, to be a stain upon his own private character. Mutation belongs to political as well as to all other human institutions, but I am sure that no political vicissitudes can ever spread over our venerated Commonwealth, the gloom of such a day.

There is now in successful operation within the limits of Massachusetts, seven hundred miles of Railroad.—These roads cost about $28,000,000. The average value of this stock is above par, and their average dividends exceed 6 per cent. The amount of their dividends shows the wisdom of the investment of the capital which built them, the amount of business done upon them, and their great public utility. The railroad from this city to Albany, across the Green Mountains is one of the great achievements of the age. Altogether they furnish evidence of the resources, the enterprise, the perseverance and the prosperity of our people.

Among other important topics introduced into the late communication of the President of the United States, to both Houses of Congress, that of the tariff occupied an important place.

The people of Massachusetts are deeply interested in the protective policy. In it their labor, their capital, and their prosperity are essentially involved.

For more than a quarter of a century after the adoption of the constitution, their capital was mostly engaged in commerce. But the course of National legislation has induced them to withdraw a large portion of that capital from commerce, and invest it in manufacturing establishments. Massachusetts has at this time $60,000,000 invested in manufactures.

The constitutionality of the protective principle, except as an incident to revenue, is clearly denied by the President in his message, and by the Secretary of the Treasury in his annual report. I am not aware that such a denial has ever before, since the adoption of the federal constitution, been promulgated from those high places. Perhaps, in justice to those functionaries, it should be said, that the opinions now avowed by them, on this subject, are the same which they were known to entertain before their elevation to the posts which they now occupy.

There is, however, a remarkable difference between the doctrines and arguments of the President's message, and the doctrines and arguments of his predecessors on the same subject. Every one of those illustrious men, from Gen. Washington to Gen. Jackson, all of whom belonged to the age of the Constitution and of the Revolution, in their official communications, in the plainest and most explicit manner assert the constitutionality of a protective tariff, and recommend Congress to foster and protect the manufactures of the country by their legislation. The preamble to the second act passed by the first congress which assembled under the Constitution of the United States, declared the object of the act to be the encouragement of manufactures and the raising of revenue.

Many of the framers of the Constitution sat in that Congress. Washington, the President of the Convention which made the Constitution, signed that bill. During the discussion of the measure in Congress, no one objected for the want of constitutional power. On the contrary, it was declared that one leading object of the adoption of the Constitution by the people of the States, was to confer upon Congress the power to protect the labor and industry of the country, and that they expected that power to be exercised. Petitions for that purpose were presented to that Congress, from the people of South Carolina, Maryland, New York, and Massachusetts. Against a principle reaching back to the origin, and flowing out from the very fountain of our government, the Secretary of the Treasury in his official report, and the President in his message, wage a war of extermination. The Secretary ascribes to it the instability of all former revenue bills, and avows the purpose of driving it from the statute-books of the Union.

Before the adoption of the Constitution of the United States, each State possessed the power to lay duties and imposts, and to regulate trade with other States and nations. It is a power incident to the sovereignty of every independent State. And it may be exerted by every such State for the protection and encouragement of its manufactures, or any other interest within its limits. By the express language of the federal constitution, this important power is surrendered by the States to the general government. Is the power thus given up by the States, lost or annihilated by that surrender!

The absurdity of such a proposition is its refutation. This essential attribute of a sovereign State was transferred to the general government, not that it should lie dormant, or be extinguished, but that it might be put into action with more efficiency for the common benefit. So the authors of the Constitution, and the members of the first Congress understood it. There is but one restriction upon its exercise, and that is the prohibition of a tax upon exports from any of the States.

Mr Madison argues the existence of the right in Congress to protect the home industry of the country, upon the ground which I have stated, with unanswerable ability. He says: "If Congress have not the power, it is annihilated for the nation; a policy without example in any other nation, and not within the reason of the solitary one in our own."

In his message to Congress in 1796, General Washington says: "Congress *have repeatedly*, and not without success, directed their attention to the encouragement of manufactures. The object is of too much consequence, not to insure a continuance of their efforts, in every way which shall appear eligible."

Mr Jefferson, in his message of November, 1808, says: "The situation into which we have been thus forced, has impelled us to apply a portion of our industry and capital to internal manufactures and improvements. The extent of this conversion is daily increasing, and little doubt remains, that the establishments formed and forming will, under the auspices of cheaper materials and subsistence, the freedom of labor from taxation with us, and of *protecting duties and prohibitions*, become permanent." In 1816, Mr Jefferson addressed a letter to Benjamin Austin, of Massachusetts, in which he re-affirms in the fullest manner, his opinion in favor of the policy of protecting American manufactures, or of what he calls the "American system." In that letter, he says the "federal merchants of Massachusetts" are opposed to this system.

Mr Madison said in his message of February, 1815: "There is no subject which can enter with greater force into the deliberations of Congress, than a consideration of the means to preserve and promote the manufactures which have sprung into existence and attained an unparalleled maturity throughout the United States, during the period of the European wars. This source of national independence and wealth, I anxiously recommend, therefore, to the prompt and constant guardianship of Congress."

In his inaugural message in March, 1817, President Monroe said: "Our manufactures will likewise require the systematic and fostering care of the government."

In 1824, General Jackson, in a letter addressed to Dr. Coleman of North Carolina, on the subject of the tariff, says: "I will ask what is the real situation of our agriculturists? Where has the American farmer a market for his surplus products? Except for cotton he has neither a foreign or a home market. Does not this clearly prove, where there is no market either at home or abroad, that there is too much labor employed in agriculture, and that the channels for labor should be multiplied? Common sense points out at once the remedy. Draw from agriculture this superabundant labor, employ it in mechanism and manufactures, thereby creating a home market for your bread-stuffs, and distributing labor to the most profitable account, and benefits to the country will result. Take from agriculture in the United States, six hundred thousand men, women and children, and you will at once give a market for more bread-stuffs than Europe now furnishes us. *In short, sir, we have been too long subject to the British merchants.* It is time that we should become a little more Americanized; and instead of feeding the paupers of England, feed our own; or else in a short time, by continuing our present policy, we shall all be rendered paupers ourselves." In February, 1828, the same eminent individual sent to the Governor of the State of Indiana, in answer to certain resolutions of the Legislature of that State, on the subject of the tariff and internal improvements, a copy of the letter from which the foregoing extracts are made, and remarks: "I will further observe to your Excellency, that my views of constitutional power and American policy were imbibed, in no small degree, in the times and from the sages of the revolution, and that my experience has not disposed me to forget their lessons." What General Jackson said would be the effect of encouraging manufactures, in creating a home market for agricultural productions, has become history. That portion of our population now engaged in mechanical trades and manufactures, "furnish a market for more bread-stuffs than all Europe now furnishes us." The productive industry of Massachusetts for the year ending April 1st, 1845, as shown by the statistics collected under the direction of the last Legislature, amounts to $123,000,000. With her population of 800,000, she receives annually the products of sister States to the amount of forty millions of dollars. Deducting the amount of domestic manufactures exported, and this sum equals one half of the exports of all the States of the Union, to the whole world. Can pursuits which produce such results, and which furnish them with such a home market, be injurious to the other States?

The extracts which I have read, present the expanded views and statesmanlike sentiments of the patriotic and illustrious authors, upon a subject which they considered very intimately connected with the permanent prosperity of their country. How striking the contrast with the arguments and views of the present chief magistrate, by which he repudiates the policy of the fathers of the republic, and proposes to measure and gauge every duty to be imposed hereafter, by what he denominates a revenue standard.

That class of politicians who deny both the expediency and constitutionality of giving legislative protection to the manufacturing and industrial interests of the country, have themselves ventured upon the boldest exercise of federal authority ever attempted since the origin of the government. Passing by the treaty-making power, which, by the terms of the Constitution, is to hold intercourse with foreign governments, by the simple process of resolution, the lowest form of legislative action, they have brought a foreign nation into this confederacy of States. This extraordinary measure, carried (as it is believed by those who are opposed to it) against the wishes of a majority of the people of the States, has been consummated for the avowed purpose of "giving security and permanency to the institutions of the South." In other words, for protecting the capital of the slave States of this Union, which is invested in slaves. By the existing laws of the United States, it is made piracy and punishable with death, through the instrumentality of the foreign slave trade, to bring a foreign slave into any of these States. Yet by this summary process of resolution, thirty thousand foreign slaves are at once brought into and under the jurisdiction of the laws of this Republic.

Shall the powers of our National Legislature be exerted to protect the capital of one portion of the Union, consisting of property in human beings, whilst that protection shall be withheld from the property and the labor performed by the muscles of freemen in all the rest of the Union? These are questions which recent events bring home to the mind of every freeman in this great country with earnestness and solemnity. They are put, not for the purpose of arousing sectional prejudices, or exasperating party feeling, but for the purpose of calling your attention and the attention of the people of the Commonwealth to what is passing before us. By the annexation of a foreign State, and its admission into the Union, the preponderance is given in one branch of the National Legislature to the slave-holding States. It is very clear that no such event was contemplated at the time of the adoption of the Constitution. So far from looking to the ascendency of the slave States in either branch of the Legislature, the Constitution itself recognizes and ratifies the ordinance of 1787 for the government of the North-west Territory, by the provisions of which three new States were to be admitted into the Union in which slavery was never to exist. Whilst this measure for the protection of the slave capital of the South is in progress, the Executive Chief Magistrate proposes to change the policy and utterly abandon a system which has been cherished by a majority of the people and their representatives from the beginning of the government. Is this great change to take place? Is a system begun by the fathers of the Constitution, and which has been more than fifty years in maturing, which has filled the National treasury with revenue, and covered the whole country with the evidences of prosperity, to be struck down at a blow?

Standing by the pillars of the Constitution, and ready to defend and uphold every part of it, I trust the Legislature of Massachusetts will insist that all the rights secured to the citizens of the Commonwealth, shall be acknowledged and respected.

The Reports of the officers in the State Prison present a satisfactory state of affairs in that institution. A personal examination of the Prison by the Governor and Council, confirms those reports. About six thousand dollars have been expended in repairs and buildings within the walls during the year. The expenditures seem to have been judiciously made, and the improvements are important and useful. A remarkable degree of health has prevailed among the prisoners. But one death has occurred among nearly three hundred persons in twelve months.

The fruits of a mild and humane treatment manifest themselves much to the credit of the officers, and go strongly to confirm the correctness of such a system Generally, those who leave the prison, leave it with a respect for the laws whose penalties they have been made to feel, and with kind feelings towards the officers. They go again into the world many of them with the purpose and the hope, by a correct course of conduct, of restoring themselves to their friends, instead of breathing out threatenings and vengeance against their fellow men.

This state of moral feeling on the part of prisoners, is an important point gained in the administration of penal law. There is a small library in the institution, which is much used by the prisoners during the hours that they are in their cells. The Inspectors and Warden concur in the opinion that an addition of suitable books is desirable. I think one or two hundred dollars, for that purpose, from the prison funds, would tend to improve the moral condition of its unfortunate inmates.

In connection with this subject, I deem it proper to call your attention to another important branch of the criminal law of the Commonwealth. By existing statutes, there are four crimes punishable with death. Treason, murder, rape, and burning a dwelling-house in the night time.

If the penalty attached to the violation of a law is, in the public opinion, too severe, two consequences will manifest themselves in its administration. First, a difficulty in procuring convictions; and secondly, if convictions take place, the pardoning power will be strongly urged to interpose and mitigate the punishment. Wise and judicious legislators should endeavor to avoid both of these consequences. They are grave and serious evils. For a jury to hesitate to find a fact, because by such finding, too heavy a blow in their opinion will fall upon the head of a fellow being, against whom it should be found, would tend to weaken the public confidence in that important and sacred tribunal. Those who are acquainted with the history of judicial proceedings, must be aware that such cases do sometimes occur. As a general rule, it would be a dangerous and unauthorized exercise of the pardoning power, for the executive magistrate to interpose and arrest the execution of a law, because in his opinion its penalty was too severe. But in a case where the expression of a strong public sentiment should speak out, in accordance with his own views as to the rigor of the punishment, there is danger that the pressure might be too powerful for a kind-hearted though upright magistrate to resist. It is quite obvious, that at this day the inclination of the public mind is in favor of the diminution of the severity of punishment.

So far as legislation can prevent it, the commission of a greater offence, should never be presented to the mind of a criminal as a means of avoiding detection in the commission of a lesser one. In reducing the penalty for robbery of the person, and for breaking and entering a dwelling house in the night time, (the burglar being armed,) from death to confinement in the State Prison, I apprehend our own Legislature were influenced, at least to some extent, by this principle. I am persuaded they acted wisely in so doing.

In a sister state, where such a change has taken place in the law applicable to robbery, it is said, that while the number of murders has diminished, the number of robberies has not increased. In one of the counties of our own Commonwealth, within the last year a person has been executed, who had committed, under the most aggravated circumstances, the double crime of rape and murder.

In another of our counties, a man was hung several years ago, for the murder of a female whom he had first violated. In the confession of his crime, I am informed he declared that the thought of committing murder, did not enter his mind until after the perpetration of the first offence, when the poor victim told him he would have to be hung for what he had done. He said it then instantly occurred to him that the only hope of escaping detection and death, was to put the witness of his guilt out of the way. With the desperate hope of saving his own life, he siezed a club, followed and killed the wronged and flying female. How many such cases there may have been Omniscience alone can tell. If a single one has been known to exist, does not that one, furnish a sufficient reason for removing the temptation for its repetition. I recommend to your calm consideration the propriety of reducing the number of capital offences now existing in this Commonwealth. In the case of murder, much reflection has convinced me of the propriety of making degrees of guilt in that crime. Whilst the penalty of death shall remain against the wilful and deliberate murderer in the first degree; murder in the second degree, committed under circumstances of mitigation, should be punished by confinement in the State Prison during life.

The annual Report of the Trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital, at Worcester, will be laid before you, giving "a statement of the condition of the Hospital, and all its concerns," in compliance with the law creating that noble institution. Since the last Report, the two new wings to the building have been completed. By these additional edifices, accommodations are furnished for one hundred and forty more patients than could be accommodated before.

The whole number of inmates at this time, is about three hundred and sixty. The arrangements, order, neatness, and general management of the institutions, are admirable. It fully maintains its high character, as an asylum, erected by the munificence of the State, for the reception of that unfortunate class of our fellow beings, who, by the Providence of God, are bereft of their reason. Under the administration of the benevolent and accomplished Superintendent, whose valuable services have been devoted to the institution from the commencement of its operations, the sufferings of all the patients are greatly alleviated, and a good proportion of them restored to health and reason, with joyful and grateful hearts are given back to their families and friends.

Every philanthropist, and every lover of his State, must feel gratified that such an institution has been established and sustained within its limits.

The liberal appropriations annually made by the Legislature for the benefit of the blind and the deaf and dumb, furnish the means of imparting the treasures of instruction and knowledge, to many children whose

iodigeoce would forever shut them out from those blessings,sbut for the provisions of the Commonwealth in their behalf. The benefactors of those institutions where these classes of children are received and taught, ood those generous and kind hearted instructors who devote their lives to their service, are entitled to the thanks and gratitude of mankind.

You will be informed of the number and condition of the militia, and arms of the Commonwealth, by the Report of the Adjutant General General, which will be laid before you in due time.

The Massachusetts School Fund now amounts to $10,493 60. The annual interest of this fund is distributed among the towns for the benefit of Common Schools. The past year, in towns raised, for the support of common schools $576,556 02, being an increase over the preceding year of $28,000. The Secretary of the Board of Education, in his Report for the present year, states that the amount raised by towns in various ways, "for common Schools, will exceed one dollar a piece for every man, woman and child, in the State." The people of Massachusetts expend annually, for the purposes of Education, more than a million of dollars. The returns from the towns for 1844 '45, show the number of scholars in the State between the ages of four and sixteen years, to be 194,-984. The whole number of public schools is 3372.—Incorporated academies, 16, unincorporated academies, private schools, and schools kept to prolong public schools, 1167, making schools of all kinds, 4615. The number of teachers in the public schools, including winter and summer, is 7267. Of these, 2523 are females and 4774 males. These returns also show several improvements gratifying to the friends of Education. The Secretary says "the average length of the schools has increased a full month each." The number of schools kept through the year, has also increased. Whilst there is a gradual improvement in the average attendance, the irregularity in that respect, continues to be a serious evil. When the State furnishes the means for schooling all its children, and those children, or their parents, neglect to improve those means, the funds of the State are not only wasted to the extent that they are not improved, but the absent children are grossly wronged, and the public defrauded of the benefits which would result from their education. Liberty, without intelligence, cannot be properly appreciated, or long preserved. Our district school-houses are the moral and intellectual laboratories, where, under the fostering care of the State, and the blessing of Providence, the minds and characters, of the rising generation, as they succeed each other, are to be fitted for the enjoyment of freedom, and for performing the high duties of freemen, or their neglect is to sink those generations to the condition of slaves, whether they continue to live under the name of liberty or not. No expedient should be left untried which the wisdom of the Legislature can suggest, or the vigilance of school committees, or other citizens invent, to fill our school houses, and give to every child the benefit of the liberal and free provisions made for him. To perfect our system of Common Schools, higher qualifications in teachers, more permanency in their employment, and better wages for their services, are demanded. These are subjects which, in your parental care for the present and future children of the Commonwealth, you cannot with safety overlook. I am happy to believe that at this time there exists among the thousands of teachers in the state, a true estimate of the dignity and magnitude of their employment, and more zeal to fit themselves for it, than has ever before existed.—The Normal Schools begin to make themselves beneficially felt in this respect, in those parts of the State where they have been longest in operation.—Within the last few months, a new element has been introduced, calculated to awaken a new interest among instructors of youth. I allude to Teachers' Institutes. At these meetings those persons who are, or who expect to be teachers, assemble together, and spend their time in taking lessons, and hearing lectures from experienced and accomplished masters, on those subjects which are connected with school teaching. These meetings have been for some time in operation in the State of New York, and have been attended with signal success. For the purpose of making the experiment here, a distinguished and patriotic citizen of Boston, who a few years since gave ten thousand dollars to aid in the introduction of Normal Schools, with the same spirit of liberality, offered a thousand dollars for defraying the expenses of the experiment. Under the direction and personal superintendence of the enlightened and persevering Secretary of the Board of Education, four Institutes were assembled in different sections of the commonwealth.—In every instance the result was most satisfactory and auspicious. I had the pleasure of witnessing the exercises and proceedings of one of these interesting assemblages. The lessons and lectures of those who conducted the Institute, were in the highest degree interesting. The punctuality, attention, improvement and entire devotion to the great purpose for which they came together, on the part of the members, were worthy of all praise. I hope before another year, some plan may be matured, by which all the teachers in the State may be able to participate in those institutions. May not some legislative aid and encouragement be given to a measure which looks entirely to the increased qualifications of teachers, and the improvement of Common Schools? I commend this great subject, which involves the destiny and character of the Commonwealth, in all its branches, and with all its interests, to your wise deliberations.

The Statute of distributions, and our admirable system of popular education, must ever be among the most efficient instruments of preserving to the people their cherished institutions, and liberty itself. The first, at once the voice of true affection and the dictate of equity and justice, distributes equally among kindred of the same degree, the accumulated wealth of the ancestor. By the munificent operations of the other, the treasures of education and knowledge, are alike distributed among all the families of the State, and the children of the poor and the rich, so far as the means of intelligence and mental cultivation are concerned, begin life upon equal terms. Under this just and beautiful system, which began with the pilgrims, the history of our people thus far shows, that in the higher and better pursuits of life, the children of the poor have been successful as well as the children of the rich.

In two former communications to the Legislature, I recommended the propriety of making their sessions as short as the public business would permit. I cannot forbear to renew that recommendation to you.—At a time of domestic tranquility and repose, when there are no agitating questions to prolong your deliberations, it seems to me that a short session, as a matter of economy, as well as an example to those who shall come after you, will be of great public use, and will meet the approbation of our constituents.

Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives:

The legitimate object and end of all good government and right legislation, is to give protection to property, safety to the person and reputation, to secure to labor a fair reward, and to elevate and improve the physical, intellectual and moral condition of men.

When legislators loose sight of these beneficent purposes for which they are clothed with power, and allow themselves to be actuated by mere party or partial considerations, they pervert the trust committed to them, degrade their true dignity, and do great injustice to those who have given them their confidence.

Let us proceed in the discharge of the duties assigned us. Strictly observing the injunctions of the Constitution, which we are sworn to support, and looking for aid and direction to Him who gives wisdom to those who sincerely ask it, let us do all in our power to promote the lasting prosperity of our Commonwealth.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, }
Boston, January 13, 1846. }

CONGRESSIONAL FRANKING. The Postmaster General has issued an order to the city postmaster at Washington, to the effect, that all letters or documents franked by the members of Congress, shall be charged with letter postage, unless it shall appear that said letters or packages emanated directly from members themselves. The effect of this is, that all letters on which there is a difference between the hand writing of the frank and that of the remainder of the subscription, will be presumed not to have emanated from members franking, and will be charged accordingly. If, however, on the arrival of the letter at its destination, the receiver shall think proper to open it and show that it is a bona fide communication from a member, then the postage shall be refunded.

CONGRESS.

Monday, Jan. 12.

In SENATE, Mr Wescott moved that Mr Levy's name on the journal be changed to David Levy Yulee, the name being so changed by the Legislature of Florida. It was the old family name, dropped by Mr. Levy's father, and now reclaimed by the son. Mr W.'s motion was adopted.

Mr Fairfield, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill providing for building ten steam vessels of war, three frigates, two sloops, and two smaller vessels, by contract, if the President see fit; that before the next congress meets, the President of the United States be authorized to complete all ships of war now on the stocks, and put in repair all vessels in ordinary; that he provide supplies for the navy and ordnance; that $5,500,000 be appropriated to carry this act into effect; that the act limiting the number of persons employed in the naval service to 7,500, be repealed.

Mr Benton gave notice of a bill to repeal the salt duty.

Mr Allen called up the joint resolution from the committee on foreign affairs, to amend and abrogate the convention of August 18th, 1827, and moved to make it the special order for Tuesday, the 27th of January.

Mr Hayward wished a longer postponement.

Mr Calhoun was in favor of postponement, for the accommodation of all.

Mr Westcott wished to await the opinions of Florida and Texas—as Texas was deeply interested in the question. If it involved war or peace, he wished the Texan senators to be here. He moved to postpone till the 10th of February. Agreed to—yeas 32, nays 18.

In the HOUSE, Mr Adams presented a large batch of petitions—among them two from North Carolina against the admission of Texas as a slave state. He occupied more than an hour in presenting his "pile."

Mr Douglass asked that the committee of the whole be discharged from the consideration of the bill on the Oregon territory, which was to be the order of the day for to-morrow, and that it be recommitted to the committee on territories. This was accordingly ordered, and the House then adjourned.

POLICE COURT.

JUDGE LOCKE UPON THE BENCH.

Jan. 10.

Richard F. Thayer—common drunkard—two months House of Correction.

Edward Farrell—same offence—same sentence.

Jan. 12.

Francis Conelly—same offence—same fine.

James Rogers—disturbance—fined $5 and costs.

Michael Shealds—same offence—same fine.

Jan. 13.

Timothy McCarty—common drunkard—three months House of Correction.

Nathaniel Ham—assault and battery on Elias Messinger—fined $10 and cost, or two months House of Correction. Sent down.

Nathaniel Ham—assault and battery on Mr Ray, newspaper agent—fined $3 and costs.

Jan. 14.

Commonwealth vs. *Charles Hines*—passing a $2 fraudulent bill on the Globe Bank, New York—bound over in $200 for his appearance at the Court of Common Pleas, February term—but for want thereof committed.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL. The new Hall, recently fitted up by "Lowell Lodge, No. 95," corner of Merrimack and John streets (Railroad Bank building), was dedicated last evening by the customary appropriate exercises. The Hall is fitted up in good taste, and in a style of combined neatness and elegance surpassing any thing we have before seen. We understand it is to be opened to the public on Friday afternoon and evening of this week—and no charge for "initiation."

☞ The Ohio democratic State Convention met at Columbus Jan. 8th, and unanimously nominated David Tod for Governor.

ROBBERY FROM A BANK. On Friday, during business hours, a package of $2800 was snatched from the counter of the Boston Bank and has not yet been heard from in any tangible form. It was laid on the counter in the way of business, and speedily taken up by one who had no business with it.—*Times.*

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week	
ending Jan. 10th,	1846:	1845:
From passengers,	$5634	$4877
" freight, &c.,	8103	7455
Total,	$13,737	$12,332

LETTERS FROM WASHINGTON. We have on hand Washington letters from the Editor, and from "Looker-on," for which we have not room to-day, on account of the length of the Governor's Message.—We shall publish them in our next.

☞ Remember, this evening, the Misses BRAMSON and the Misses GARCIA, at City Hall. The entertainment will be one worthy of patronage.

If we mistake not our position most egregiously, we can safely say there is no possibility within human foresight, of a failure to cure consumption, liver complaint, coughs and colds, &c, by making a use of Mr. Brinkerhoff's preparation. Youth, as well as middle-aged and aged persons, are benefitted alike by its healing balmy virtues alike to all ages and to every condition of the disease. The remark is strengthened by the testimony of the most responsible individuals who are living, and are willing and desirous to be referred to.

LOWELL MARKET—THURSDAY, Jan. 15.

[WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.]

Apples per barrel	$2 00 @ 3 00
Beans per bushel	1 50 @ 2 00
Butter per pound	18 @ 20
Beets per bushel	40 @ 50
Beef per pound	4 @ 5
Cheese per pound	7 @ 9
Chesnuts	1 75 @ 2 00
Cabbage per dozen	50 @ 60
Chickens per pound	7 @ 8
Cranberries per bushel	2 50 @ 3 00
Eggs per dozen	20 @ 22
Hay	19 @ 20
Lard per pound	8
Lamb per pound	4 @ 5
Mutton per pound	4 @ 6
Onions per bushel	50
Pork per pound—fresh	5½ @ 6
Potatoes per bushel	55 @ 63
Pears per bushel	1 00 @ 1 50
Squashes per hundred pounds	1 00 @ 1 50
Quinces	1 50 @ 2 00
Turnips per bushel	20 @ 25
Turkeys per pound	7 @ 8
Veal per pound	4 @ 6
Wood per cord—White Pine $3½—Hard do.	4 50 @ 5
—Oak and Walnut $5 50 @ 6 50.	

FOR THE PILES.

THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL REMEDY.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this! it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—Internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J. S. ROUGHTON the Genteel Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. And do as, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

CONSUMPTIVES, BEWARE OF IMPOSITION!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Mer'k and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Mer'k and John sts. jy21—6m

MARRIED,

In this city, Jan. 14, by Rev Lemuel Porter, Mr Alexander Hunt to Miss Sophia Shorney, both of this city.

By Rev B. F. Clark, of North Chelmsford, October 9, Mr Paul Hill, of this city, to Miss Belinda P. Hadley, of Chelmsford; Oct. 18, Mr David Alden to Miss Nancy W. Scott, both of this city; Oct. 30, Nathan B. Edwards, M. D., to Miss Maria H. Fletcher, both of Chelmsford; Nov. 20, Mr Charles P. Jones, of Chelmsford, to Miss Lydia P. Nason, of this city; Dec. 25, Mr Ebenezer Crockett, of Chelmsford, to Miss Elizabeth Holden, of Tyngsborough.

DIED,

In Norridgewock, Me., Jan. 3d, Mrs Lucy Emery, relict of Moriah Gould, 86. Mrs G. was a native of Concord, Mass., and resided there when the British marched into the town, witnessed the conflict between the Americans and the regulars; and saw the men that were killed there. She afterwards was one of the hardy pioneers that helped settle the then district of Maine, and lived to a good old age to witness the practicable operation of those high and holy principles, the establishment of which her father and husband fought, and a brother died, to gain for themselves and posterity.—*Courier.*

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performance will commence with George Lillo's popular Tragedy, (arranged and condensed into 3 acts,) entitled —

GEORGE BARNWELL: Or, *The London Apprentice.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clarke, Tenney, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

To conclude with the most laughable Farce of

THE IRISH TUTOR.

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Cross, Bradley, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan15

ATTRACTIVE EXHIBITION!

The Western Temperance Company,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell, that the original Temperance Drama, in 5 acts, entitled THE BROTHERS: Or, THE FALLEN SAVED, will be performed at the *CITY HALL*, on TUESDAY EVENING next, under the direction of G. A. HOUGH.

☞ Tickets 12½ cents. Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock. jan25

Concert.

MISS JOSEPHINE BRAMSON and Miss HARRIOT BRAMSON, one 10 and the other 7 years of age, great Pianists, assisted by Mr GARCIA and the two Misses GARCIA, will give a Vocal and Instrumental Concert, in the *CITY HALL*, in Lowell, on THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS next. jan13

Dog Lost.

A BROWN Spaniel Dog, with a chain round his neck bearing his name, "CARLO," and the initials "O. C. R. R." Whoever will return said dog, or give information at this office where he may be found, shall be suitably rewarded. jan15*

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Clifford will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Clifford will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

3tjan15 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOHN MEAD, }
JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.

Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Rosene, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Hoyt.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Varick, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munsell I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. D. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPINKNARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Fair Wind.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, *Paine* master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. j15

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,
jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS,
jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Instruction will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy,	$3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language,	4 00
For instruction in the French language,	4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan3

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1mlsodvdec6 near head of Pawtuckett Falls.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by HAYNES.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Administrator's Sale of Furniture.

On MONDAY next, Jan. 19th, 1846, at 10 o'clock, a.m., by leave of Court, at the late residence of R. G. Colby, deceased, on Stackpole Street, Belvidere, the household Furniture belonging to the estate of said Colby, to part as follows: 1 splendid Couch, 1 Divan, Mahogany Dining, Centre, Card and Work Tables, Bureaus, 1 large and several small Mirrors, parlor, entry and stair Carpets, cane seat and other Chairs, Solar Lamp, Feather Beds and Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bedding, Crockery and Glass Ware, Kitchen furniture, &c.

At 12 o'clock—1 elegant Piano Forte, in Rosewood case, and every way a first-rate instrument.

All the Furniture will be sold before dinner.

At 3 o'clock, p.m.,—at office of E. B. Patch,—the Law Library and Bookcase belonging to said Colby's estate. Also, 1 office Safe.

J. G. ABBOTT, }
I. S. MORSE. } Administrators.

E. B. Patch, Auctioneer.
Jan. 13th, 1846.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 47 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spalding pasture, 18½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Muck meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one-half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. jan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

At Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Valuable Wood and Timber for Sale—in Lots.

About 50 acres heavy growth of white oak and pine. Apply to S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal disease of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to reopening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler.

ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible.

A. L. BROOKS.
January 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SHAW, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. dec2

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition! Just rec'd at 43 Central St. nov15

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

N. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1841.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as distressed and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Urinh L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Peerce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

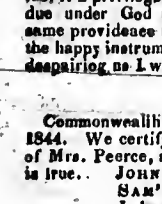
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&eplyaug30

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam

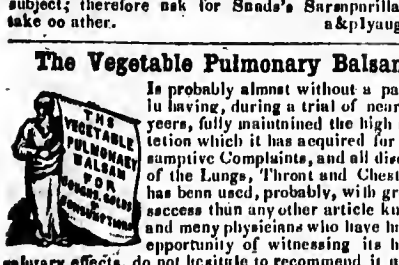


Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among those are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jns. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&r6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kiddee; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tSept23

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases; which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. n2w*nov13

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, Indin Bandannas, Choppan, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING, *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A.—an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¾ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertized as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

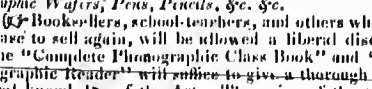
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6¼ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¾, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

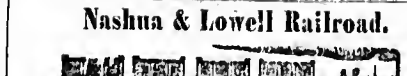
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5¾, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. novltf

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
" " 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
" " 5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¼ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" 12, M., ... Portland
At about 5¼, P. M.

At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scorvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, sanious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented of or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aa1atf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. a23

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, or St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its efferts.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Hurber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldeigh, Rending, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrus; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annie, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Bahlwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PRINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally; and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use; such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomitiug by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia'e of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. nov3—1y

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 17, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 8.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

at $3,00 per annum in advance; or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

(OVER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE,)

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

LOWELL, MASS. dec12

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

patfo24 LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD *Horses*, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 6, 1845. jeltf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. y30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work will be done by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. (1y30

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street, LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Pointed Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mareens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL,

LOWELL,

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fender Gilts, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. I. & D. BANGS.

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept18 S. J. MORSE, Secty.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley.*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Beauties of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering — May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Men, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

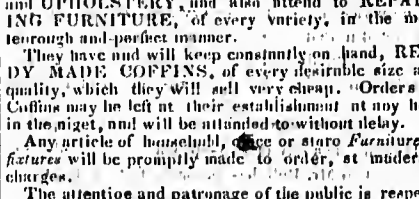
J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received at No. 48, Central Street, for sale, cheap for cash, by [dec12] RAYNES.

THE WAY TO BE INDEPENDENT. Take care that your expenses do not exceed your income.

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former culture of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. not14&ptf

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

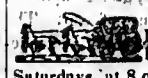
Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec20

Stage Notice.



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M.; passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver.

Lowell, July 2, 1845.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many; for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

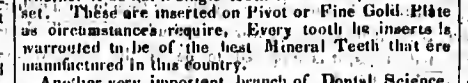
Dr. D. Mowe, Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North, " Elizabeth Hall,
Amos Holl, " John Ayer,
Hezekiah Walker, " Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnew&poct23

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured, that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, sold at the ADVERTISER OFFICE, Central Hall.

REUNION IN HEAVEN.

When shall we meet again—
Meet ne'er to sever?
When will Peace wreathe her chain
Round us forever?
Our hearts will ne'er repose
Safe from each blast that blows
In this dark vale of woes—
Never—no, never!

When shall love freely flow,
Pure as life's river?
When shall sweet friendship glow,
Changeless forever?
Where joys celestial thrill,
Where bliss each heart shall fill,
And fears of parting chill—
Never—no, never!

Up to that world of light,
Take us, dear Saviour!
May we all there unite,
Happy forever;
Where kindred spirits dwell,
There may our music swell,
And time our joys dispel—
Never—no, never!

Soon shall we meet again—
Meet ne'er to sever;
Soon will Peace wreath her chain
Round us forever;
Our hearts will then repose
Secure from worldly woes;
Our songs of praise shall close
Never—no never!

SONG.

BY LEWIS J. CIST.

The hour long dreaded, love, has come,
When thou and I must part;
I've forced a smile upon my lips
To hide a saddened heart;
A tear is trembling on your cheek—
Another in your eye;
I have but time to kiss them off,
And whisper—'Love! good-bye!'

To part from her he holds most dear
Is oft the lover's lot;
But still, though distant, dearest, thou
Shalt never be forgot;
For love in gentlest memory,
As by some magic spell,
Shall recall all sweet thoughts of thee,
And this, our sad—'Farewell!'

And still, as oft, on each fair star
That gems the azure night,
We gaze—we'll feel, though parted far,
Our spirits then unite;
And thus, in fancy linked, we'll rove
Through yon fair heaven of blue,
Or seek, in *Dream Land* fair, to meet,
And murmur still—'Adieu!'

Then weep not, dearest, that we part—
Think thee, our parting o'er,
What joy 'twill be again to meet,
Sweet love to part no more;
And if *then*, at our meeting, tears
Of joy bedew thine eye,
What rapture mine to kiss them off,
Without this sad—'Good bye.

From the Spirit of the Times.

THE NIGHT "OLD ARMSTEAD" BROUGHT THE NEWS.

BY THE VERY YOUNG 'UN.

Lowndesboro', Ala., Nov. 25th, 1845.

As the presidential contest of 1844 was drawing to a close, and the "returns" from respective States began coming in, the excitement which had been growing with the growth of the campaign, and strengthened with its strength, could now no longer be restrained, but showed itself as well in the eager countenance, as in the bitter words and hasty actions of men.—Business in this part of the country was almost entirely lost sight of; men noted for their devotion to their pursuit and their interest, might have been seen at any hour of the day, idly loitering about, discussing the probable issue with as much vehemence as though their whole fortunes depended upon it. Thousand upon thousands of dollars were staked upon the result; and when it became known that the vote of New York was to decide the contest, the eyes of the whole people were turned upon her with feelings of the deepest solicitude.

On the arrival of the day upon which the final news was to reach Montgomery, having a large amount of money bet upon the election, and feeling very anxious in regard to it, I determined to send an express for the intelligence. Accordingly, writing to a friend to send my messenger back as soon as the mail arrived, which I knew would be about eleven o'clock at night, I started "*Old Armstead*"—a faithful old negro of mine—a great favorite in the village, a "pisin Democrat"—with particular and pressing instructions to keep perfectly sober, start home as soon as he got the news, not to ride "Traveller" hard, and to be certain and be back before day. Immediately after he left it became known in town that I had sent "Old Armstead" to Montgomery after the news, and to give every one, of all parties, the benefit of the express, I agreed, upon his arrival at home that night, to fire one barrel of my gun in the event that Mr. CLAY was elected, and if Mr. POLK was the "chosen one," I was to fire both.

At my usual time I went to bed—but not to sleep. The "dread uncertainty" of the intelligence I was soon to receive, added to a nervous fear to the safety of my investment so lavishly made upon Mr. Polk, banished rest from my pillow. However, about three o'clock in the morning I had fallen into an easy slumber, and was dreaming of counting money and seeing new clothes, when I was suddingly aroused by the clattering of a horses hoofs against the hard ground, at least a quarter of a mile off. I raised up in the bed and in a moment recognized the strong powerful lope of my "Traveller."—Springing to the door, with my feelings in a tumult of anxiety, I lit a candle and jumped to the door when "Old Armstead" seeing me, and having about "half a gallon" on his mind, shouted out, "Master, *Mr. Polk's elected by —— !*" Not taking time to reprimand "Old Armstead" for unfeelingly his news with so strong an ex-

pression, I sprang to my gun, which was sitting ready cocked for the occasion; let go one barrel and had my finger on the other trigger, when the idea struck me to hold on a minute and see the effect produced by the one barrel. Before the reverberation had died away, out jumped Bill Thompson, the most violent, bitter whig in the village, from the door of his house, regardless of the bitter cold night, with nothing on but his shirt, (for he had just arisen from the bed on the report of the gun,) and, as he hit the ground, he yelled, rather than halloed. "*Hurrah for Clay!* I am a made man by ——! Hurrah for Clay!"

In a minute more there came tearing up the street to Thompson's house, half a dozen half-naked whigs, yelling like so many unchained devils, "Hurrah for Clay and Frelinghuysen!" I could stand it no longer, and with feelings of the most overjoyed rapture, pulled down the "hammer" on the second barrel. If a thunderbolt from Heaven had fallen amongst them, it could not have produced more consternation. Bill Thompson fell flat on his face and groaned, "I am ruined by ——! Broke! Smashed all to d——n!"

By this time the street was filled by the shouts of the triumphant democrats and the curses of the disappointed whigs. I ran back to put on my pantaloons, and on my return to the crowd found "Old Armstead" on the ground with a dozen man around him laughing. On approaching the spot I heard him yell out, "Yah! yah! yah! Bress God, dis night will be 'the deaf' of me, yet," and then he would roll over in another paroxysm of laughter, and press his hand to his side. "Yah! yah! yah! I 's seen heap of tings in old Virginny, but I never seed nothing to beat dat!" On some one enquiring of him what was the matter? he replied, "I am laffin at the way master fooled Mr Tomson. Yah! yah! yah!"

By this time day had broken, and the crowd had assembled at the grocery, where about half of them were drunk. In the midst of the confusion, in walked "Old Armstead" and said, "Master I'am afeered 'Traveller' hab get the botts; I had obleeged to ride him very hard last night to bring the news, and he is very sick."

"Thank God!" exclaimed Bill Thompson. "I hope he may die."

"If there's any doubt of it," exclaimed another disappointed whig, "well help him along."

To these charitable remarks I paid no attention, but as I left the grocery I heard "Old Armstead" say, "I 'spect, gentlemen, if 'Traveller' do die, Master can ride 'Grey Bill,' what he won from Mr Thompson."

"Oh, Lord!" groaned Bill Thompson, "will somebody cut that scoundrel's throat?"

Armstead becoming somewhat alarmed for his safety, followed me to where 'Traveller' was lying, who, by one or two drenchings, recovered from the effects of his hard night's work. Since that time, the bare mention of "The Night Old Armstead brought the News," is enough to make Bill Thompson leave.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Jan. 13.

In Senate, Mr. Allen gave notice that he should ask leave to introduce a resolution declaretive of the principles which should govern the United States in regard to the interposition of foreign powers in the political affairs of the independent nations of this continent.

Mr. Tarney, of Tennessee, introduced a bill to establish a national foundry in Tennessee.

A short time was spent in the consideration of private and local business, after which a long executive session was holden.

In the House, Mr. C. J. Ingersoll introduced a resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to furnish this house the plan of a treasury establishment, separate from banks and the agency of private bankers, but without the unnecessary machinery of the repealed sub-treasury act. Referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. Miller presented the memorial of many merchants of New York, praying the return of the duties paid upon the goods destroyed in the great fire of July 19th, 1845. It was referred to the committee on commerce.

Mr. Tibbats, of Kentucky, reported a bill appropriating $20,000 for the harbor at Cincinnati, and for opening a channel between Covington and Newport.

The second reading of the bill was objected to, and the yeas and nays ordered upon the question, "shall the bill be rejected?"

The vote was 57 yeas and 108 nays, and the bill was referred to the committee on commerce.

Mr. Dodge, of Wisconsin, reported a bill to enable the people of this territory to adopt a new constitution and to admit the present territory as a state into the Union.

Wednesday, Jan. 14.

In Senate, Mr Allen, in pursuance of notice given yesterday, asked leave to introduce the following joint resolution, which was read by the Secretary, viz:

Joint resolution declaratory of the principles by which the government of the United States will be governed, in regard to the interposition of the powers of Europe in the political affairs of America.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That recent manifestations of a disposition, by certain powers of Europe, to interfere in the political arrangements of this continent, with a view to the establishment on the European principle of the "balance of power," upon the independant nations of America, having made it, in his judgment, the duty of the President of the United States to call the attention of Congress to this subject in his annual message, and to announce, on the part of the United States, the counter principle of non-intervention, it is the judgment of Congress that the announcement thus made by the President was demanded by the manifest hazard to which each interference would inevitably expose the relations of peace now subsisting between the old world and the new.

Resolved, That Congress thus concurring with the President, and sensible that this subject has been forced upon the attention of the United States by recent events so significant as to make it impossible for this government longer to remain silent, without being ready to submit to, and even to invite, the enforcement of this dangerous doctrine, do hereby solemnly declare to the civilized world, the unalterable resolution of the United States to adhere to and enforce the principle, that any effort of the powers of Europe to intermeddle in the social organization or political arrangements of the independent nations of America, or further to extend the European system of government upon this continent, by the establishment of new colonies, would be incompatible with the independent existence of the nations, and dangerous to the liberties of the people of America; and therefore would incur, as by the right of self-preservation it would justify, the prompt resistance of the United States.

Mr Calhoun objected strenuously, and the Senate refused to grant leave—28 to 23.

In the House, members are still making Oregon speeches.

Carbondale, Pa., 4 P. M., January 12. About 10 o'clock this morning the roofs of the mines Nos. 1 and 2, to the extent of a number of acres, suddenly fell in. The sudden pressure of the air extinguished all the lights even in the other mines connected therewith, to the distance of about a mile. A great loss of life was feared, and after all came out who were able, and who were very much injured, it was found that there are about 15 still missing, among whom I am sorry to say is Mr Hayes, an assistant overseer in the mines. He was last seen near where the bulk of the ruin lies. As it is very dangerous to attempt to get at them in consequence of danger of more falling, and the uncertainty of their situation, I fear there is little hope of the extrication of any with life.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 17, 1846.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12, 1846.

Oregon—the Tariff—Mexico, &c.

Oregon is the all absorbing topic. The position of parties upon this subject is somewhat novel. John Quincy Adams, who Mr Winthrop says misrepresents the people of Massachusetts, together with the Western whigs, goes with the main body of the democratic party for the WHOLE OF OREGON; and for giving notice to the British for a dissolution of all partnership in the occupation, or in the exercise of the privileges of trading, hunting and fishing, in the Oregon country. John C. Calhoun, with his followers, goes with the main body of the whig party against notice.

Mr Adams deserves the warmest thanks of his country for breaking the trammels of party dictation and sustaining the rights and honor of our country. And the people of Massachusetts, notwithstanding what Mr Winthrop says, will sustain him in his course upon this question. The popular voice of Massachusetts is for the WHOLE OF OREGON. The whigs *pretended* their opposition to Texas was slavery; and they now *pretend* their opposition to Oregon is fear of war with Great Britain. Their *real* opposition to both is the same—they will be nurseries of democratic principles.

The giving notice depends upon the tone assumed by Great Britain. If she is blustering and belligerent, notice will pass both branches of Congress, the Senate as well as the House, by large majorities. Not more than three democratic Senators, if more than Mr Calhoun, and perhaps not even he, and probably not more than one half of the whig Senators going against it.—Should advances be made on the part of the British government for a compromise, and our government be given to understand that Mr. POLK's offer would be acceded to, Congress would probably refer the whole question of notice to the President. Should such be the result, whether Mr POLK would consent to a settlement on these terms is wholly problematical. The Senate, there can be no doubt, would ratify a treaty fixing the boundary at 49°. We apprehend that should a settlement be offered at 49°, giving us the exclusive navigation of the Columbia, that the matter would be closed up. But no settlement will, under any circumstances, be made giving us less than this.

The anti-notice speeches are all of a piece—the horrors of war and no preparation. As it is impossible to get into a war under two or three years, we do not see why sage legislators should whine about want of preparation. There is certainly time enough to make preparation. In the first place, giving notice is no act of hostility and can be no cause of war. The war, should it come at all, must grow out of acts independant of the notice.

Mr Walker, the Secretary of the Treasury, is preparing a tariff bill upon the principles of his report. Perhaps it will receive some modification, though should he be as happy in adjusting the details as in laying down its principles, it should not. But whether a tariff upon the true principles of political economy can be carried or not, it is quite certain that great changes will be made in the present tariff system, both in principal and detail. We saw a letter from a whig member of the Pennsylvania legislature to a gentleman here, stating that the Pennsylvania members of Congress would be instructed to go for a tariff based upon revenue principles. We have no faith in it. If they should, Congress beyond all doubt could pass an honest tariff.

The Sub-Treasery will be re-established. The Post Office law will be altered but little if at all.

There are a hundred members ready and anxiously waiting an opportunity to speak upon the Oregon question. The notice will not pass till after the next arrival from Great Britain. The Vermont Senators will go for notice.

The news from Mexico produces some excitement here. Sagacious men are as strangely inclined to believe we shall have a war with Mexico as with Great Britain. And much more likely not than to with either. If Mexico assumes a warlike attitude towards the United States, it is supposed to be at the instigation of Great Britain.

Hon. David Hensbew left here some time ago, and the Hon. B. F. Hallett arrived last Saturday. Mr Hallett is of the opinion that Gov. Morton will be confirmed.

The eighth of Jan. ball in honor of the victory of New Orleans, went off with much eclat, and was a very brilliant affair.

As short letters are preferable to long ones, good bye.

IMPROVEMENTS IN LOWELL. Our readers will perceive that a petition has been presented to the Legislature for an increase of the capital stock of the Lowell Manufacturing Company. We learn from a gentleman who has seen the plan, that it is the intention of this company to erect a new mill which will cover an acre of ground, in which are to be placed two hundred carpet power-loom for the manufacture of carpets. They have now fifty power-looms in operation. These have answered the purpose so well that this great addition is to be made. The carpet power-loom is one of the most wonderful inventions of the age. It is the invention of an American gentleman, Mr. Bigelow. They are only in use in Lowell.

Then we are to have our city lighted with gas. A petition for an act of incorporation for this purpose was presented to the Legislature yesterday. Mr Lawrence, one of the petitioners, informs us that as soon as the act is obtained the stock will be taken up, and the works will immediately be got under way. This will be a wonderful improvement to our snug little city.—[Courier.

Really, this does not look much like "suffering here and distress all over the land," which our neighbor a few days since assured his readers was staring them in the face. The fact is, manufacturers are not alarmed at prospective tariff legislation. They look in confidence to the future, well satisfied they will find a ready and profitable market, for years to come for their goods—whether the tariff be or be not modified.

It is certainly as gratifying to us as to our neighbor, to see "our snug little city" advancing to greatness.

☞ There is talk of starting a new democratic paper at Columbus, Ohio, in opposition to the Statesman, which, under the conduct of Mr. Hanewell, (the defamer of Gov. MORTON,) has become obnoxious to a considerable portion of the democracy there.

Mr. Case, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, advises a compromise—that Mr. H. sell out and retire, and that Col. Medary, formerly of the Statesman, return to its charge. Mr. Hanewell is too impulsive.

MUSICAL. The second and last Concert by the Misses BEARDOW, assisted by Mr and the Misses GARCIA, will be given this evening, at City Hall.—Its patrons can hardly fail to be pleased.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Oregon vote in the Senate—war or peace.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Jan. 12, 1846.

In my judgment, Lowell is to the United States what the island of Great Britain is to the world, in the enterprise and mechanical skill of her citizens; Lowell is full of active, thoughtful, ambitious, intelligent mind. There is hardly a girl at a spinning-jenny, a man at a jack, or a boy at a carding-machine, but what reads, feels, and thinks for her or himself upon all subjects connected with the welfare of this government.

Never in this generation, Mr Editor, has there been a crisis in the affairs of this country like the present. For twelve years past I have been an annual visitor here; and never before has the *whole political mind* been absorbed with the awful, momentous question of WAR so much as now. The burning of the Caroline—the blaze upon our Northern frontier—the early intrigue of the Executive for the annexation of Texas—the bold denunciation of Jackson to the French government—and even, as I learn, the notice from Russia to us to quit the joint occupation of territory—were all pregnant questions, agitating at the time; but at each of these periods, amid the portentous clouds of the political horizon, the sun-light of reason and discussion always tended to arbitration and probable adjustment of the difficulty. No such condition of things now exists. The mighty swell of public opinion, as if governed by an omnipotent but unseen hand, is making daily acquisitions to the hosts of the general government in favor of notice. The North, the East, the West, the Middle and most of the Southern States, are urging this people on to a destiny, the end of which they see not, and that no one fears.—*Rely upon it, friends, the chances are strongly in favor of war.* But one contingency can avert it: for the British government to signify its acceptance of Mr Polk's proposition. It will be closed with by our government, and the Senate will ratify such a treaty. The vote to-day indicates this, beyond doubt. Mr Allen's resolutions for notice were pulled up in the Senate, and postponed by a treaty majority, without discussion, until Feb'y 10th. Mr Benton, Mr Calhoun and followers, voted with all the whigs for postponement. This vote, I can assure your readers, is not a peace vote beyond the 49th degree, but a vote that will be repeated in the Senate until not only the arrival of the next steamer, but until another and another arrives—until, in short, the British government see for themselves. But one mind exists among us, and that is, that Mr Polk offered the ultimatum. It is for them to accept, or *war* is as sure as the coming morning. Will they renew, and accept a proposition so indignantly refused as this of 49° was by the British minister? For one, I do not believe they will. Hostilities are certain to exist if they do not. Judge for yourselves.

I have stated to you the case as you would see it were you here personally, and had a talk with Messrs Webster, Benton, Allen, Polk, Walker, Colquitt, and Woodbury; and heard the outpouring in the House of the single vent to an hundred stifled voices.

I can give your readers nothing further of interest, for nothing causes a remark here save the subject of Oregon. Other objects, weighty in themselves, sink into insignificance compared with this. Now, in ten short days, the advices from England will be received. If they come, not closing with Mr Polk's proposition, popular meetings will be held from one end of this Union to the other, speaking in thunder-tones to the ear of the world, the ONE MIND of this people in a conflict with their unfeeling, selfish tyrant mother.

LOOKER-ON.

☞ The Massachusetts Mills in this city, make a division of 10 per cent. from their profits on cotton manufactures for the last six months. This stock has been sold at 10 per cent. advance, dividend off; and the Merrimack, having been more freely offered within a few days, has fallen to 35 per cent. advance, but still leaves a profit on those purchases of November rates of 3 per cent.

AN ABSOLUTE FACT. The chronicles of Connecticut (says the Phil. Times) attest the fact that at one period, not half a century ago, two divorces were granted in that state on the ground that the defendants were habitually afflicted with cold feet. Now, even a cold heart will not break the rosy chain of Hymen.

EXCITING NEWS will reach us from Europe by the Hibernia, in a day or two—probably by Monday morning. Old Mr. Bull has probably fretted himself into something of a fever over President Polk's message. We hope nobody will be scared.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN. Read the advertisement of Harndee & Co., announcing their foreign arrangements for 1846. Harndee & Co. are responsible agents, and have long enjoyed, in an eminent degree, the confidence of the business community, both at home and abroad.

CITY OF CAMBRIDGE. At a town meeting in Cambridge, on Wednesday, called for the purpose of considering the expediency of applying to the Legislature for a city charter, it was voted, by a large majority of the voters present, to petition for a charter.

☞ We understand our fellow citizen, J. K. FELLOWS, jeweller, has left to-day for Washington.

Every body who goes there now-a-days, from Lowell, is *presumed* to "go for the Post Office."

☞ It will be seen by the letters of the Editor and a "Looker On," that there are different opinions as to the probable chances of war between this country and Great Britain.

☞ No one understands how a newspaper should be conducted, so well as some modest individuals, who never managed a paper in their lives. They—to believe them—understand all about it.

☞ James Bennett, the New York policeman who allowed the prisoner Murphy to escape and thus stole 214 sovereigns from his trunk, has been convicted.

☞ Nimrod Coburn, 18 years old, son of Heman Coburn, of Dracutt, committed suicide by hanging himself, on Monday last.

THE WESTERN TEMPERANCE COMPANY, which performed so happily here last year, will again appear, at City Hall, next Tuesday evening.

RAILROADS. Petitions have been presented already for railroads from Newburyport to Georgetown, and from Salem to South Reading.

THE WAY TO BE INDEPENDENT. Take care that your expenses do not exceed your income.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

On Thursday, nothing of note was done in either branch. A large number of petitions (mostly for railroads) were presented and referred. The Speaker announced the Joint Standing Committees, of which we give the Chairmen:

On Accounts, Kempton of New Bedford; Agriculture, Porter of Buckland; Library, Ladd, of Cambridge; Mercantile Affairs, &c, Howland of New Bedford; Manufactures, Shepard of Framingham; Claims, Wales, of Boston; Banks and Banking, Wilder of Leominster; Fisheries, Deane of Cohasset; Education, Chandler of Boston; Towns, Ellis of Wareham; Roads and Bridges, Taylor of Granby; Railways and Canals, Page of New Bedford; Public Lands, Greene of New Bedford; Public Charitable Institutions, Earle of Worcester; Prisons, Bullock of Pawtucket; Parishes and Religious Societies, Richardson of Boston; Militia, French of North Bridgewater.

Friday, Jan. 16.

The Senate disposed of the subjects of the Governor's message to appropriate committees—received and referred various petitions, and adjourned.

In the House, railroad petitions came in again thick and fast. Among them were four from different towns on the rout, in aid of petition for railroad from Woonsocket to Boston; Joseph S. Cabot and 435 others of Salem, H. Breed and 153 others of Lynn, John Safford and 132 others of Beverly, 213 citizens of Gloucester, Sylvester Osborne and 164 others of Danvers, and 99 citizens of Marblehead, in favor of railroad from Salem to Andover-road Methuen; three in favor of railroad from Middleboro' to Wareham; A Bragg and 439 others of Milford, in favor of petition of railroad from Woonsocket to Framingham; 232 citizens of Cambridge, in favor of road from Waltham to Boston, &c., &c.

Mr. Brynnt of Berre, offered an order which was adopted, that the committee on the Judiciary inquire into the expediency of so altering the constitution, that a plurality of votes shall elect in all cases.

Several papers from the Senate were then disposed of—among them, orders of notice that a hearing would be had, why petitions of Woonsocket and Boston railroad, and railroad from Salem to Malden, should not be granted.

An order also come from the Senate, that the Constitution be so altered, that State elections be held on the same day with the Presidential election. A joint special committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs Stone and Wheatland, of the Senate, and on the part of the House, Messrs Maynard of Westboro, Marsh of Springfield, Brackett of Woburn, Mears of Boston, and Parsons of Sandisfield, to consider this order.

From the Easton, Pa., Argus.

Departed this life, in Lower Mt. Bethel, on the 7th inst., Terence Duncan, in the 86 year of his age.

He was born in Kings Co., Ireland, in 1760, and received a liberal education. He was an active patriot in the rebellion of that country in 1798, for which he was apprehended and condemned to be hung, but being a man of considerable interest, was pardoned, ON CONDITION OF BEING DEPRIVED OF HIS SIGHT, WHICH, TO THE LASTING INFAMY OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, (*already disgraced by its innumerable and infamous cruelties,*) WAS ACCORDINGLY DONE.

Being thus deprived of his sight, he opened a school, and was long known through the principal parts of Ireland as a teacher of mathematics and natural philosophy. About the year 1825, in full hope and happy anticipation of the future, he, in company with his wife, an only and much loved son, an only daughter, his son-in-law, and two grand children, embarked for America. But unforseen misfortunes seemed to await him—shortly after his arrival in the United States his son died, by which he was overwhelmed with grief. He afterwards, in company with his daughter, taught a school in Newport, R. I., shortly after which his daughter died. Misfortune seemed to follow misfortune. His wife, partner of his grief, unable to survive this complication of sorrows, fell a victim to despair, and left him alone to mourn the many misfortunes that had befallen him. After which, lingering (I had almost said in solitude) for sixteen years, he ended his eventful life, in full confidence of the grace of God, through the benign influence of our heavenly savior. He was, when it was in his power, a friend to the needy, and a father to the destitute.—Peace be to his ashes.

HON. MARCUS MORTON. The enemies of Gov. Morton have taken great pains of late to misrepresent and denounce his acts and political course, and are now working with a zeal worthy a better purpose, to prevent his confirmation as Collector of Boston. We have looked upon the efforts of his opponents to injure the character and standing of one of the worthiest and most consistent democrats in Massachusetts, with sorrow and shame, hoping that those who had engaged in the work of believing their former professions, might be induced to desist from calumniating him for the sake of the future prosperity of the democratic party; but as the neglect of the Collector to keep them in office or put them in office was probably the great first cause of this onslaught upon his fair name, we do not expect their efforts will cease until the hope of acquiring office ceases, by the Collector's confirmation by the Senate. Should the Senate fail to confirm his nomination, it will be a severe blow to the democracy of the State,—one dealt through the misrepresentations and deceptions of political intriguers in our own ranks. [Plymouth Rock.

FIRE IN PORTLAND. The loss by the fire in Messrs Sanborn & Carter's press room, bindery, and sheet room, on Tuesday evening, is between 2 and $3000. The presses received more injury than we at first supposed; the wood work being warped and split where glued. They are two of Adams' best, and worth as they stood, $4000. There was a large lot of stereotype plates in the rooms, but they were little injured. The inside form of the Christian Mirror, which had just been worked off, lay on the press, and was not injured in the least. The building was considerably scorched and otherwise damaged. The presses, plates, and building were fully insured. The principal loss falls on the publications in sheets, and binding, of which the rooms were literally full—many of them about to be packed up and sent off. On them there was not a full insurance—and Messrs S. & C. most lose by the fire at least $1000, besides the hindrance suffered by their business. [Argus.

LYNCHING IN FLORIDA. A negro thief, Yeomon, having been arrested near Albany, Baker Co. Ga., and subsequently discharged on a writ of habeas corpus, was immediately re-arrested, and conveyed at once to Florida. He confessed that he was one of an organized gang of negro thieves and murderers, who, during the Florida war, had stolen negroes to the value of over $10,000. On his arrival in Jefferson county, Florida, the citizens assembled to the number of ninety, and, after an investigation of the facts, took a vote, which resulted, 67 in favor of hanging and 23 against it. Yeoman was accordingly executed at 12 o'clock, on the 2d inst.

FROM MEXICO. The New Orleans Times of the 7th inst. says—

"We have before us a letter from the city of Mexico, under date of the 18th ult., which discloses the following information in relation to Mr Slidell's mission:—

'Mr Slidell has been refused by the ministry to enter upon the negotiations respecting Texas, as he came here with credentials as a *resident minister*, instead of as a commissioner for the arrangement of a particular question.'"

AMERICAN FLAG INSULTED. We make the following extract from a letter to the Boston Post, dated "*Cape Haytien, Jan. 4.*

"The American bark Nautilus was fired into by the Haytien fleet, the captain ordered on board the Haytien vessels, and required to give up his papers. After having been detained some time, he was suffered to depart with his papers. All this was done while our flag was at her mast-head, and on the high seas, some 25 miles from the land. We hope soon to see some of our armed vessels in these waters."

TWO DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Oxford, Capt. Holdhouse, arrived at New York on Wednesday night, from Liverpool Dec. 6. The London Times of Dec. 4, the day the Acadia mail steamship sailed for Boston, published an extraordinary article, announcing that *the anti-corn law league had triumphed, and that Parliament was about to be convened for the purpose of repealing the corn laws.* In the cabinet council these measures were determined on almost unanimously, though the mode and manner of the repeal do not appear to have been exactly settled. We detach and subjoin some sentences from the paper in the Times, which of course produced a prodigious excitement:—

"The decision of the Cabinet is no longer a secret. Parliament, it is confidently reported, is to be summoned for the first week in January; and the royal speech will, it is added, recommend an immediate consideration of the corn-laws, preparatory to their total repeal. Sir Robert Peel, in one house, and the Duke of Wellington in the other, will, we are told, be prepared to give immediate effect to the recommendation thus conveyed. * * * *

It is understood that until Parliament meets nothing is to be done. For the legislature will be reserved the responsibility of opening the ports. We presume that none will quarrel with this brief appearance of delay, now that the resolution of the cabinet is known. The moral certainty of an early opening will be equivalent in its operation to an immediate order in council. It is enough for the merchant and the capitalist to know that by the end of January at the latest, the produce of all countries will enter the British market on an absolute equality with our own, excepting only those disadvantages which nature itself has made, and which man cannot entirely remove. * * * It is said that the decision has been made with that unanimity which perhaps the compulsion of circumstances alone can inspire. The reported exceptions are both insignificant and doubtful, and not of a sort to interfere with the construction of the cabinet. There is, of course, *one man* who had it in his power to offer an enormous impediment and create a frightful collision; but he has long exemplified that which the chief writer on the British constitution has declared to be the most decisive and triumphant test of its soundness, viz: the absolute impotence of military greatness against the constitutional movements of the popular will."

The Liverpool Chronicle of the 6th, in speaking of the share panic and the depression in trade, says—

"We cannot but think that there has been an undue alarm excited, and that money-leaders have taken an undue advantage of it. Assuredly there will be no famine nor lack of food either for man or for beast, as the abundant supply of all kinds of grain at market, and declining prices, will every week make more and more evident—no great drain for gold to pay for corn, as the chief imports will be from Canada and the United States. War is improbable, and we trust distant; and we look for money soon becoming more abundant, and greater facilities given to legitimate business."

P. S. Since the above was in type, we have received, by an arrival at New York, foreign dates five days later. A good deal of doubt is expressed concerning the Times announcement of the Corn Law Repeal.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

LOWELL MUSEUM. Since our estimable citizen (Mr. Gates) has become proprietor of this establishment, a new impetus seems to have been given to it.—I was in attendance last evening to witness the moral tragedy of "George Barnwell." The lecture room was crowded to overflowing, with a highly fashionable audience. Mr. Wyett personated the character of Barnwell with great merit; Mr. Merrifield sustained the part of Blunt with a great deal of celebrity. Mr. M.—I say without hesitation—is one of the best comic actors that has ever visited Lowell. Mrs. Merrifield is a most charming and fascinating actress, and performes the part of Milwood with taste and spirit.—Miss. St. Clair acted her part with much honor. Mr. Brodley (one of our own citizens) makes a good appearance upon the stage, and has improved rapidly in speaking. The evening closed with the laughable farce of the "Irish Tutor," in which Mr. Merrifield enacted Dr. O'Tool.

LATER FROM MEXICO. The Washington Union publishes accounts from Vera Cruz to the 11th Dec'r, in which it is stated that Mr Slidell was received very flatteringly by the authorities of the place, and it is known that he reached the city in safety. There is nothing else of interest.

THOMAS HOPKINSON, Esq., of this city, is Chairman of the Joint Standing Committee of the Senate, on Railroads and Canals.

PHALANX COTILLON PARTIES. The next of a series of brilliant parties, given by the Mechanic's Phalanx, at Mechanic's Hall, will come off next Thursday evening. Thus far they have been fashionably attended, and every thing has passed in admirable order.

HELP HIM. Mr Conner is now soliciting subscriptions to the Reading Room. He ought to be encouraged.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. a&w2minjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this! It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J. S. HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov14 6m

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

Consumptives, Beware of Imposition!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets, Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Market and John sts. ly28—6m

MARRIED,

In Pelham, N. H., Dec. 30, by Rev Mr. Dunham, Mr Josiah M. Kelley to Miss Miriam J. Powell, both of Salem.

HARD SENTENCE. John B. Gilson was this week, at Amherst, N. H., sentenced to *three days solitary and twenty years confinment at hard labor* in the State Prison, and costs of prosecution, for setting fire to a barn at Nashua, last September.

IN POLICE COURT, this morning, Barnard Hampson was fined $10 and costs, or two months House of Correction, for malicious trespass in breaking a window of Messenger's Hotel. Got mad 'cause he couldn't have liquor.

☞ A resolve complimentary to the Hon. Mr Simmons, of Rhode Island, for his course in the U. S. Senate, has been indefinitely postponed in the upper branch of the legislature of his state.

☞ The census of Boston taken last year has been finally ascertained to enumerate 114,366 inhabitants, and a gain of about thirty thousand in population since 1840, contrasting the total of that year, if taken on the same principle as this of 1845.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces !—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commensing at 6½ and 8½.

The performenee will commence with George Lillo's popular Tragedy, (arranged ned condeesed into 3 acts,) entitled —

GEORGE BARNWELL: Or, *The London Apprentice.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clarke, Tenney, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Cluir.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

To conclude with the most laughable Farce of

THE IRISH TUTOR.

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Cross, Bradley, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good ordnr is maietained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two parsons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan15

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat.

The JOSHUA BATES, (new.) The CONCORDIA.
" WASHINGTON IRVING, " " COLUMBIANA.
" ANGLO SAXON, " " St. PETERSBURG
" SUNBEAM. " GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harndeo Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons residing in this town, this Line also offers superior facilities of accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advSmjnee17

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge; and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.

jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

ATTRACTIVE EXHIBITION!

The Western Temperance Company,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell, that the original Temperance Drama, in 5 acts, entitled THE BROTHERS: Or, THE FALLEN SAVED, will be performed at the *CITY HALL*, on TUESDAY EVENING next, under the direction of G. A. Hovan.

☞ Tickets 12½ cents. Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock. jan15

Concert.

MISS JOSEPHINE BRAMSON and Miss HARRIOT BRAMSON, one 10 and the other 7 years of age, great Pianists, assisted by Mr GARCIA and the two Misses GARCIA, will give a Vocal and Instrumental Concert, in the *CITY HALL*, in Lowell, this (SATURDAY) EVENING. jan17

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Wednesday.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, *Paine* master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. jl6

Dog Lost.

A BROWN Spaniel Dog, with a chain round his neck bearing his name, "CARLO," and the initials "O. C. R. R." Whoever will return said dog, or give information at this office where he may be found, shall be suitably rewarded. jan15*

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps,* Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Cramp, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Bnys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. K. Voris, District Attorney,
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abrahnm Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abrahnm Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts, per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell,
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reversen while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his paymants (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose.* By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use.*

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in addition to sum assured	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 84	1837	$ 52 32	$386 26	$60 93	$1977 79
			1838	720 52	321 38	49 08	1730 5
			1839	544 00	256 41	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awoeopdec18

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.
JOHN CURRIER, }

Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Clifford will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Clifford will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
jan15 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and rapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds; Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and hurt when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the reportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor, Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica; C. E. & N. Perker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

nug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Fall Fashion.

FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.

Lowell, Aug. 30th, 1845. nug

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 22 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

POETRY OF THE HEART.—A new and beautiful little volume of Poems, done up in gilt, just the thing for a present to a friend. By Rev. Wm. B. Tappan. For sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1miandydec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 48, Central st., by RAYNES.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12*th*, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth $5,000 dollars, notes $2,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 8mndyjan13

School for Young Ladies.

MISS H. K. P. STEELE will open a School for Young Ladies, at the Room formerly occupied by Miss *M'Crillis*, in Wentworth's Building, Merrimack street, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of January. Inspection will be given in the *English studies* usually pursued in the Higher Schools and Academies of our country, and in the *Latin* and *French* languages.

Those persons who are desirous of examining evidences of Miss Steele's qualifications as a Teacher, are requested to call on her, at the residence of Dr. *Steele*, Middle street. To such young ladies as may be desirous of pursuing a regular course of studies, Miss S. will exhibit a plan of the course she intends to adopt in her School.

TERMS OF TUITION.

For all English studies, with the exception of Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, and Butler's Analogy, - - - $3 50
For Natural Theology, Ecclesiastical History, Butler's Analogy, and the Latin language, 4 00
For instruction in the French language, - 4 50

☞ Fees for tuition to be paid in advance.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846. jan3

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPINKNARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pod Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1ewa&plyjan13

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

Notice.

I. E. CHENEY has removed to Commercial Square, opposite the Prescott Mills, next door to ETHAN BUNAP's, where he is ready to wait on all in his old line of business, Tuning and Repairing Organs, Piano Fortes, &c.

Also, Razors, Scissors and Knives ground as heretofore.

CYRUS BRADBURY would give notice that he is in the same shop and will do small carpenter jobs with neatness and despatch.

Lowell, August 12, 1845. aug213m.

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,
jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS,
jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan13

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that after this date, I give my son, WILLIAM HENRY DENNISON, his time, to do and act for himself, he being of age. Also, that I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date.

AMMI DENNISON.

Lowell, Dec. 20th, 1845. *3tdec

IVORY TABLETS.—A few very beautiful Ivory Tablets, Ladies Companions, Gold Pencils, &c. &c. For sale at 29, Central st. nov15

OBSERVATIONS IN THE EAST.—The researches of John P. Durbin, D. D., in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor, in 2 vols. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.
oc28 L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On SATURDAY, Jan. 17th, at 2 o'clock, p. m., Horses, Carriages, &c. Immediately after an Invoice of Ready Made Clothing;—to be continued in the evening, when will be offered an Invoice of Watches, gold jewelry, &c.

On TUESDAY next, Jan. 20th, at 2 o'clock, p. m., a large Invoice of seasonable dry goods, consisting in part of Mouslin de Laines, rich silk warp and high lustre Alpacas, fig. do., Cashmere de Ecosse, Rep Cashmere, Thally, Parisiennes, Eclines—a great variety of prints, furniture patch, ginghams, colored cambrics; shawls of every variety and description. Fancy bilkets, silk do., a large lot of hosiery, gloves, mitts, fur neckties, cravats, napkins, mufflers, silk and straw bonnets, &c., &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

On THURSDAY next, Jan. 22, at 2 o'clock, p. m., great sale of Watches, &c., direct from the importer, such as full jeweled English gold and silver patent levers, full jeweled anchor levers, horizontal and duplex do., heavy double bottom silver English verge watches, gold chains, &c., &c. Sale positive, to reimburse advances. The goods may be seen the morning of the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Administrator's Sale of Furniture.

On MONDAY next, Jan. 19th, 1846, at 10 o'clock, a.m., by leave of Court, at the late residence of R. G. Colby, deceased, on Stackpole Street, Belvidere, the household Furniture belonging to the estate of said Colby, in part as follows: 1 splendid Couch, 1 Divan, Mahogany Dining, Centre, Card and Work Tables, Tabourets, 1 large and several small Mirrors, parlor, entry and stair Carpets, cane seat and other Chairs, Solar Lamp, Feather Beds and Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bedding, Crockery and Glass Ware, Kitchen furniture, &c.

At 12 o'clock—1 elegant Piano Forte, in Rosewood case, and every way a first-rate instrument.

All the Furniture will be sold before dinner.

At 3 o'clock, p.m.,—at office of E. B. Patch, the Law Library and Bookcase belonging to said Colby's estate. Also, 1 office Sofa.

J. G. ABBOTT, } Administrators.
I. S. MORSE. }
E. B. Patch, Auctioneer.
Jan. 13th, 1846.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from that 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fisher, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel dn. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 47 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 8 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Muck meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Forbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tsja15

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs. Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. Letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can communicate by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mndyjan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible.

A. L. BROOKS.
January 1st, 1846. Sundyjan4

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood or Habit of the System.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, to the removal and cure of diseases having thier origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it emulates the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all Internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Miss., Nov. 26, 1841.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an acount of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of lungeage to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which, reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1843.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsapariila by Mr. James M'Cooell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed acoding you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

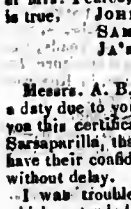
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiecy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesae Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fewle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remerkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam

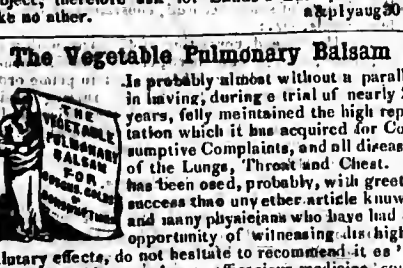


Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. m18A&r6m

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison, on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plymay3

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Uniontown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!
TO THE AFFLICTED.
DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Semieul Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the cotomenceomeat to 12 years, standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervisino of Dr. Gray, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Delton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep23

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *knavish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make sensonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, until the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. a2w*nov13

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No.* 2, *Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Maddar, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchew, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

GRAND
Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Bound 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of instructive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physicinn and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, *Geo.* H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Sunstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Marchendise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

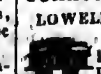
Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2½ P. M., one half hour after " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12 M. " " " Portland
At about 5½ P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has strayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended Improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent ageury.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, *Geo.* H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.

Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Sunstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

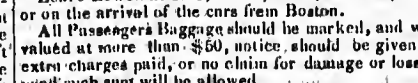
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Marchendise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tnov1

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

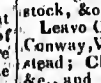
Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2½ P. M., one half hour after " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12 M. " " " Portland
At about 5½ P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has strayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended Improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent ageury.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bountifully provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar, to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chilly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented before the 25th, will be held over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
} Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 5, P. M. aulltf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. a23

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionery compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations for while its operation is as sure as calls, caster oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, premature appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 20, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 9.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements on proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient, in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfanvl

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan2t ly

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov19

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct28

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,— Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 3 BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

pattfo24 LOWELL.

N. W. Ryan,



No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bange,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGE,

jan8 DEAN BANGE.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sep6 T. B. MORSE, Sec'y.

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. odv3mjaat



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DEANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swen, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruiating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. novl4&2tf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

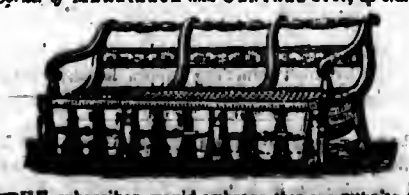
J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. H. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin.

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfsawn&poct28

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2¼ P. M., one hr 1 hour after " " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction to Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¼ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
1 P. M.....Portland
At about 5¼, P. M.
At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

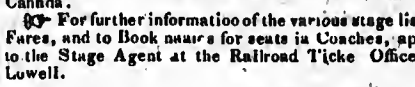
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. novltf

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

THE POET'S SONG TO HIS WIFE.

How many summers, love,
Have I been thine?
How many days, thou dove,
Hast thou been mine?
Time, like the winged wind
When 't bends the flowers,
Hath left no mark behind,
To count the hours!

Some weight of thought, though loath,
On thee he leaves;
Some lines of care roood both
Perhaps he weaves.
Some fears—a soft regret
For joys scarce known;
Sweet looks we half forget—
All else is flown.

Ah! with what thankless heart
I mourn and sing!
Look, where our children start,
Like noddet spring!
With tongues all sweet and low,
Like o pleasant rhyme,
They tell how much I owe
To thee and Time.

☞ Our *devil*, says an exchange paper, having fallen a victim to the "tender passion," thus pathetically laments the absence of his "true love!"—

I think of thee, oh Sally dear,
Ven I am setting up the types,
And ven I thinks you're far away,
From my eye a tear I wipes.

Oh, Sally dear, vot shall I do?
I'm sick of this ere life!
If you're not back here vestry soon,
In my heart I'll stick a knife.

From the Boston Miscellany.

THE CHASE: AN ADVENTURE OF THRILLING INTEREST.

I had just turned over in my berth, in hopes to resume a very pleasant dream, the thread of which had been broken by some noise on deck, and was about closing my senses to external objects, when a cry of "Sail ho!" caused me to jump up, and make haste on deck. I met Mr. Tompkins in the gang-way, coming down to call me. "Where is she sir?"

"On the lee beam."

"A ship?"

"No sir, I believe a schooner, but I can't make her out."

"Steward, hand up my glass."

The day had scarcely dawned, and by the grave and uncertain light, unassisted by the glass, I could only make out an object, but the moment I put my telescope to her, I saw she was a schooner with raking masts, standing to the westward, with a square sail set. We were heading south, close hauled, with a light air from the eastward, momentarily expecting the Trade Winds. As the day dawned more perfectly, and we were perceived by the stranger, his square sail came in and he hauled his wind with such celebrity, that I did not hesitate to pronounce him a slaver or a pirate, which indeed are synonymous terms in blue waters.

"Call all hands, Mr Tompkins; hoist our colors."

"Ay, sy, sir."

The stranger showed Portugese colors in reply to ours. This did not relieve the anxiety which had seized on me the moment I had a fair view of the schooner, for that nation was still actively engaged in the slave trade, and we were just in the track of outward bound vessels to the coast of Africa and the Cape de Verd Islands, also where they often touch to refresh and refit. Our crew consisting of ten men, besides officers, cook and steward were soon mustered aft.

"I have called you, my boys," said I, "to state my intentions in reguard to that vessel to leeward which I suspect to be a rogue. We will prepare for as stout a resistance as possible. If he is honest I shall see by your actions which of you I can really depend upon, and there will be nothing lost; and if a rogue, we must take it for granted that, if we give up like cowards, we shall have our throats cut; and this is to be our fate whether we resist or not if he boards us, let us make up our minds to sell our lives as dearly as possible; and remember, men, one man devoted to a good cause is able to beat off a dozen engaged in robbery and murder." They gave a simultaneous shout of approbation in good spirits.

It was now broad daylight and we could plainly perceive that the stranger gained to windward though he dropped astern a little, rendering it some what doubtful whether he was superior to us in sailing. Our bonny bark was reputed as a first rate sailer on the wind in her best trim; but she was pretty deeply laden with a full cargo of cotton bale goods, and about one hundred thousand dollars in specie, and it could not be supposed that we could sail with a clipper schooner on the wind or in any other way. Our ship's armament consisted of two six pounders, twelve muskets, and the same number of boarding-pikes, and a brace or two of pistols; my private armament consisted of a good rifle, a large ducking-gun, a double barrelled Joe Manton, a pair of duelling pistols capable of discharging six balls in as many seconds; and I accounted myself a good shot with all of them.

At eight o'clock it was nearly calm, the chase about two miles on the lee quarter, and heading directly for us.

Mr Thumkins was a six footer, a real down east Yankee, who had been mate of the Ark, for all I knew, and was equal to any man in that capacity, although he might be taken for twenty years of age, if seen going aloft; there were people who had known him at least that time as chief mate He always obeyed orders promptly never failed to have an answer ready, and exacted from all under him the same prompt and strict obedience that he paid to his superior officer. The second mate, Mr. Turner, was a young man of good education, looking forward to promotion, and promising to do honor to himself as a commander after a few more years experience. My crew were all active young men, and the cook (or *Doctor*, as he was

was a real specimen of a first-rate runaway Virginia slave. He could cook as well as he could fiddle, and on Saturday night he would amuse all hands by relating a 'possum hunt or a deer drive.' Having now described our crew, our vessel, and all we knew of the stranger, I will hasten to put the patient reader in possession of the facts for which he is anxiously looking. My orders were as follows, and they were obeyed in as short a time as I shall take to write them:

"Mr Tompkins, load the small arms, one ball and four buckshots in each; look to the flints, also load the *great* guns with round and canister."

"Ay, ay, sir."

"Doctor, put two iron bolts in the fire, and keep them red hot, and fill your choppers with boiling water."

"Mr Turner, muster all the hats and pea-jackets, and stick one on each handspike near about the ports; it will make him think we are well manned; and trice up all the ports, sir, and put a log of wood out of each, and give them a dab of black paint."

"Mr Tompkins, send old Brown to the helm, and tell him to *steer small*."

These arrangements being completed, I went down below and loaded my arms, and on examining the Doctor, I found that he was quite familiar with that instrument of death, the rifle; I accordingly gave him my flask and bag of balls, and other materials, telling him I should call upon him to load for me when the time came.

"Oh, neber fear, Massa—gib us breeze and him no catch us so essy," said he, grinning from ear to ear," and whetting his long knife on a stone.

I put a ball and four slugs into my double barrel, and a handfull of buckshot into my "ducker," and a *quantum suffici* of balls into the pistola. I had scarcely made these arrangements when Tompkins called—

"He's sweeping his bow off, sir, and I reckon he's going to slap 'long Tom' into us."

I jumped on deck, and as it was now dead calm, it was too evident that this was his intention.

"Down flat upon the deck, every soul of you," shouted I. All obeyed except Tompkins, who coolly looked through the glass.

"There she flashes, sir," said in another instant a heavy shot whistled through our main-top-gallan-sail.

"He shoots well, that's a fact," said Tompkins.

I looked as the smoke lazily curled away, and saw that he had not the same flag flying.—"Tompkins, what is that at the peak?"

"It looks, sir, like a red shirt with the Doctor's head in it, and a couple of bones rigged across his chin."

Sure enough, it was a red flag, with a bald death's head and marrow bones painted on it.—I cannot say I felt relieved at these simptoms; yet my mind was made up that we were lost, and it remained only for us to die game. There seemed nothing short of Providence to save us; if it remained calm, he would hore us through with his long gun; if it breezed up, he could outsail us.

"Mr Tompkins, keep an eye on him, and let me know of any movement. Mr Turner, hend on the wether studding sails, all ready to run out; perhaps we can out sail him off the wind when the breeze comes."

This order was scarcely obeyed, when Tompkins reported—"They are getting a tackriggin," sir, to hoist out their launch and board us, by heavens!"

"I like that, Mr Tompkins, for, the rascally captain and half his crew will come in her, certain of an easy prey; but if my aim don't fail me, few of that boat's crew will return, be they more or less. Mr Turner hoist those two guns on the poop at once, for if we want them at all, it will be over the stern. Are you a good shot, Mr. Tompkins?"

"When I was young, sir, I was called a leetle the best shot to Kennebunk, and I guess I could fetch a turkey at a hundred yards now with a straight rifle."

"Then, sir, do you take charge of the twelve muskets, and let Jim load for you as fast as you fire, while the Doctor and I will keep my own tools busy."

The pirate's launch was now manned, and pulling ten oars at us lustily, while a group of men were collected forward and in the stern sheets of her, perhaps twenty or twenty-five altogether scarcely a mile astern, and as we were almost entirely becalmed, gained rapidly on us. There was no occasion to call the people aft to give my orders, for they were collected round the captain with anxious faces and blanch cheeks.

"If they succeed in getting along side, boys," said I, "we will retreat with our arms to the cabin, and let them board us, and through the windows and cabin door we may clear the decks; if not, I shall reserve my last pistol for the powder magazine, which is at hand, and we will all go together, and disappoint the rascals.

"But I trust it will not be necessary to come to that. Nail down the fore-scuttle, Mr Turner. If they get alongside, mind every one retreat to the cabin, or die like a dog on deck, if he pleases."

"There they shoot, sir, and pull ahead as if after a whale," said the mate; "and here comes a little breeze too—perhaps it will strike us before the villian gets near enough."

"They are in the range of the rifle, sir."

"No, sir, wait until they get near enough to be sure of the leader—within a hundred yards. There she breezes, thank God! Good full, Brown, and nothing off. We have the breese before the schooner, but it is very light yet, and the launch gains fast. Now, Doctor, stand by, mind you ram the balls home, he cool, never mind the patches. Stand by, Tompkins, aim at the group in the bow, while I take the stern; are you ready?"

"Yes sir."

"Fire!" and down went the rascal at the tiller, and one also at the bow.

"Load her quick, Doctor, and let me give them Joe Manton; in the mean time fire away. Tompkins, as fast as you please, only take good aim—be cool."

"Cool as a cowcumber, sir."

[Conclusion in the next number.]

OREGON. "To those," says the Union, "who urge that the 'notice' will bring war, we reply, is there no danger of war in joint occupation? Is that anomalous and unprecedented state of things expected to continue much longer without breaking the peace? There is, we suppose, no doubt that we shall extend our laws to Oregon without delay. What have we then here? Two antagonistical populations and jurisdictions, claiming to hold the soil in common, and these populations made up of the hardy sinewy and fiery spirits of adventurous frontier life. So situated and so constituted, if they keep the peace when they draw near each other in numbers, it will be little short of miraculous. In such a state of things the alarm of war in Oregon may startle us at any moment, while we are seeking to settle the question peaceably and without the 'notice.' Yet between these two conditions we must choose. The alternative is 'notice,' according to the convention or 'joint occupation,' as we have said, while the country fills up on both sides. In the low, we go for the notice. It gives a good hope of peace. In the continuance of joint occupation the question now stands, there is no such hope

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 20, 1846.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15, 1846.

The Oregon question still occupies the mind of every body here. It is very evident, however, from the progress of the discussion in the House, and some significant votes in the Senate, that ample opportunity will be given the British Government to enter upon the settlement of this question by compromise, if so disposed. If not, the guilt of a war will be upon their hands. Notice will not pass the Senate till the heel of the session, unless England shows a bullying spirit, or assumes a position that unmistakably shows a determination not to make any advances for negotiation. Should she present either of these fronts, the day for settlement will be passed, and notice may as well be given early as late.

Yesterday, Mr Allen, chairman of the committee on Foreign Relations, called up a series of resolutions, in reference to and in support of that part of the President's message, declaring that the United States could suffer the interference and intermeddling of no foreign power with the affairs of American Governments.—Mr Calhoun thought that at the present crisis of affairs, the resolutions had better be withdrawn, and requested the chairman to suffer them to lie over. Mr Allen refused, and the resolutions were laid upon the table by a vote of 28 to 23—showing clearly that the Senate are opposed to what they term "precipitate action."

The President expressed the opinion a day or two since, that no action would be had upon the question of notice for some time to come.

Should such action be taken by Congress as to lead to a war, Mr Cass goes as far beyond the President in the war policy, or the policy that it is thought may lead to war, as to be looked upon as the champion of that side. On the other hand, Mr Calhoun is so exceedingly cautious, and so studiously avoids every thing that by possibility may look belligerent, he must emphatically be considered the champion of peace. So, whichever way this question may turn, I do not see but the honors are all spoken for.

Until we hear from England, some of the great measures that are before Congress will be considered. Congress, till then, might just as well adjourn over, unless the news from there is unfavorable to negotiation; if so, the bombast will about all be thrown off, in advance, and members be ready to *act* instead of "talking to Buncombe" for the edification of their constituents. Perhaps, though, should the news from England lead to a settlement of the question, nothing is lost; as every member must have a chance to display himself, and it is of but little consequence upon what theme.

I somewhat fear that the custom-house delegations, now here to adjust the details of a tariff bill, will depart in some instances from the principles laid down by the President and Mr Walker. Perhaps they will not be permitted to—but they talk about the necessity of departing from general principles in particular instances.

No extra appropriations, for steamships or for any other warlike preparation, will be made until all hope of negotiation with England is at an end. When that day comes, there will be but one mind and one party in this country, so far as making all necessary preparation for our country's defence, and the maintenance of our honor and our rights, are concerned. Appropriations, the most ample and liberal will be made, the moment the American mind is satisfied that an honorable peace cannot be maintained. Till then, not a dollar will be appropriated with a view to any particular rupture with England or any other nation.

While I go with the party that would assert and maintain our right to the whole of Oregon, and meet the consequences, I am clearly of the opinion that should England offer to accede to Mr Polk's proposition, the question would be settled.

Our Postmaster, at Lowell, was sent in to the Senate last Wednesday.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY. A very foolish attempt was made on Sunday night last, to rob the office of Messrs Kittredge & Thayer, wood and coal dealers, in Middle st. The rogue, or rogues, entered (by prying open) the window. They then succeeded in breaking open the money drawer of the desk, where they found about $1 40—*all in specie*. Unfortunately for the rogues, the proprietors, like wise men, kept in their office a strong box, for the *safe* keeping of their funds. By sundry scars, which, were only paint deep, it appeared that a feeble attempt was made to force the safe, which resisted with *iron* firmness. It was hard work and poor pay.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY, No. 1, *Capt. Philbrick*, accompanied by the Lowell Brass Band, paraded on Saturday evening, and marched to the Washington House, where supper had been bespoken. At 8 o'clock, the company, with several invited guests, sat down to a most excellent supper, which "mine host" of the Washington House so well knows how to serve. Supper over, song and sentiment, and music by the Band, were the order for an hour or two; and all retired well pleased with the evening's entertainment.

JOHN C. CLUER. The Courier of yesterday gives Mr Cluer a severe drubbing. The editor says he has "documentary proof from the old country, that this man is a most consummate scoundrel and adulterer." This is pretty plain language, and if rightly informed, we do not blame Col. S. for making use of it. There has been some clashing between the editor of the Courier and Mr Cluer before. Let the truth be known. If Mr Cluer is innocent, he will make it appear; if guilty, he should be exposed and punished.

SNOW STORM—EXTREME COLD. Saturday night there was a fall of snow to the depth of 4 or 5 inches. Since then the weather has been intensely cold. The high wind has blown the light snow all "to Guinea" or elsewhere. Charcoal dealers have "struck" for higher prices—30 cents a basket.

☞Miss Ellen Ladd, daughter of Nathaniel Ladd, Esq., a teacher in the Bradford academy, fell from the stairs upon her head, and, although she slept through the night without supposing herself much injured, died the next day. She was 27 years old and much esteemed.

☞Hon. AMOS ABBOTT will please accept our thanks for public documents.

☞The commissioner of the state land office of Michigan states the total amount of receipts for the last fiscal year on account of school lands to be

	$46,862 02
University lands	27,568 83
State building lands	4,643 72
Internal improvement lands	105,727 45
Total amount of receipts on account of all classes of lands	$184,802 07

THE QUEEN IN AN INTERESTING SITUATION AGAIN. The London Post of the 8th ult. says—"We have great satisfaction in being enabled to announce that an event, calculated to strengthen the affectionate attachment of the people to the throne, and at the same time increase the happiness of her Majesty's domestic circle, may be expected to take place early in April next." Good luck aday!

☞The trappers of the upper waters of the Missouri river have come down, bringing with them the ominous intelligence that the beavers had raised their dams seven feet higher than they have ever before built them. This information led to the belief that there would be an overflow in the Missouri several feet higher than ever before known.

REAL ESTATE. The estate at the corner of Bulfinch street and Bodwbin square, Boston, formerly owned by Samuel T. Armstrong, was sold on Saturday by Whitwall, Seaver & Co, for $26,000. In 1837, the same auctioneers sold it to the late owner for about $16,000.

SECOND PRESIDENTIAL TERM. The Washington Union, in reply to the many foolish charges that President Polk was governed in his Oregon policy by his ambition for a second term, says: "He does not desire a re-election—we have said it repeatedly, and we now confidently repeat the statement."

WESTERN ENTERPRISE. Mr S. S. Thompson, a merchant of Lafayette, Ia., has imported a quantity of shawls and dress goods direct from London. It must have surprised the Londoners to receive an order from a place nearly one thousand miles from the Atlantic coast.

☞An article in the Woonsocket Patriot recently asserted that to make a whistle of a pig's tail was an impossibility. Whereupon a "cute *yankee*" in Smithfield set his wits to work and made one—a *bona fide* whistle of a pig's tail! He made the editor a present of it.

DEMPSTER is coming to give the Lowell people some practical evidence of his musical powers. His concert is announced for next Thursday evening. The votaries of song we hope will receive him cordially.—See advertisement.

"LOCAL LOITERINGS *and visits in the vicinity of Boston*"—a neat copy of which we have received from Judkins, 29 Central street—are well worth one's time in reading. An account of a trip to Lowell will be interesting to Lowell folks.

"THE CITIZEN OF PRAGUE," a story translated by Mary Howitt, is one of the very best of Harper's Select Library. Price (for 230 pages), only 25 cents. For sale at the book-store of J. B. Short & Co: 49 Merrimack st.

JUDGE GARLAND. A true bill has been found by the grand jury at New Orleans against Rice Garland for forgery. The accused, it is stated, has written to one of his friends, stating his intention of returning and standing a trial. The note stated to have been forged was destroyed.

☞Two young men, named Blodget and Short, got into a fracas at Mystic, Ct., about escorting a young lady to her residence, when one of them knocked the other down, beat and choked him, while the one down drew a knife and wounded the hand of his adversary severely.

GEORGIA. The Macon Advertiser of the 9th instant, says—"We have reported returns from all the counties composing the third congressional district, which give Col. Towns (dem.) a majority over Dr Baker (whig) of 400 votes."

REUBEN ROWLEY, whose statement that he had bees robbed of a large amount of money, has been the subject of much remark, escaped from the lunatic asylum at Worcester on Friday evening.

☞A bill appropriating the necessary sum of money to meet the interest falling due on the 1st of August next, passed the Pennsylvania house on the 16th. The bill appropriates $1,886,581 76.

MODERATE. The expenses of the General Land Office are only $294,060 75 per annum! The expenses of the Commissioner's Office, at Washington, are about $95,000. Uncle Sam pays well.

☞The President has pardoned William Huff, sentenced to the state prison for five years on a charge of robbing the mail at Hudson, in December, 1843.

DICKINSON'S BOSTON ALMANAC, second edition, with corrections and additions, has come to hand. It is a very useful annual.

CONGRESS. Members keep talking to *Buncombe*, about *Oregon*, OREGON, OREGON. This must suffice for our report of "proceedings of Congress."

☞News is scarce—papers dry—readers impatient. Why won't something happen for the benefit of editors?

RAP AT SNUFF-TAKERS. The Olive Branch thinks "No man would thrust dirt into his head if he had any thing else in it."

☞Mount a beggar upon a free horse, and he'll ride him to death.

Earn your money before you spend it.

Dr Franklin's idea of charity, was the sprinkling of ashes on the side-walk, when the walking is very slippery.

THE TRUE WHIG. The word WHIG is made up of the initial letters of the motto of all good men, "*We Hope In God.*" [Claremont Eagle.

And the practice of the party, "*We Harden In Guilt.*" [N. H. Argus.

NEW BOOKS.

Life of Paul Jones, by Alexander Slidell Mackenzie. This is the history of a world-renowned Naval Hero—a man who served zealously and powerfully the American Republic in her hour of need, and who hated the English government with "perfect good will;" the man who, speaking of England, once said, "Savages would blush at the unmanly violation and rapacity that have marked the tracks of British tyranny in America, from which neither virgin innocence nor helpless age has been a plea of protection or pity." It is published by the Harpers, in two neat volumes, and embellished by a likeness of the hero.

Bixby, Wentworth's building, has the work.

Harper's Illuminated Bible, No. 47, has been received by Mr Bixby.

"*Local Loiterings and visits in the vicinity of Boston*" (in which is a sketch of a visit to Lowell), is the title of an interesting publication just out. For sale by Bixby.

"*The Citizen of Prague.*" This is No. 70 of Harper's Library of Select Novels. It is translated by Mary Howitt, the much admired authoress, and makes a volume of 230 pages,—for which is only asked 25 cents. For sale by Bixby.

STATEMENT of the Income and Earnings, and of Expenses of the Western Railroad Corporation for 1845. [They are *approximately* as follows, the annual accounts not being perfected:]

Receipts on Transportation, per account,		$810,000
Earned on do., and claimed of the Worcester Co., for excess of charges since termination of late award, April 15th.		
8½ months,	30,000	$840,000
One year's interest on two sinking funds,		26,041
Total gross income and earnings,		$866,041
Expenses, say	365,000	
Interest,	280,205	645,205
Net income and earnings (7½ per cent.)		$220,836
Add net surplus Jan. 1st, 1845, after dividend,		21,489
		$242,325
Deduct dividend of Sept. 1st, 1845,		90,000
Balance of income on Transportation assets Dec. 31st, 1845 (5 per cent),		$152,325

MR BANCROFT. The Boston Courier defends the distinguished Secretary from the attacks of some anonymous writer in a Baltimore paper. The Courier says:—

"His literary reputation is dear to us, and should be dear to every American. His literary project,—the History of his native country, has been but half executed; but no one, who has read that half, can withhold his regret that political schemes, and political relations, "or any other creature," should have retarded the execution of the whole plan. No historical work has yet been written on this side of the Atlantic Ocean, that can claim superiority over George Bancroft's History of the United States. Another generation not inheriting the political asperities of the present, will do justice to the author of that work, and place the work itself in the first rank of American classics."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Jan. 17.

In the SENATE, A communication was received from the Clerk of the Senate, stating that the 1500 copies of the Railroad Map, ordered by the last legislature, were now ready, and asking what disposition should be made of them; and Messrs Willard and Baldwin, were appointed, to be joined to a Committee of the House, for the distribution of said Maps.

Hon. Barker Burnell, senator from Nantucket and Dukes County, appeared, was qualified, and took his seat, and the Senate is now complete.

Mr. Cary presented the petition of sundry manufacturing companies in Lowell, that they may be allowed to purchase and hold stock in the Locks and Canals Company on the Merrimack; referred.

In the HOUSE, Mr. Chandler, of Boston, presented the petition of the Mayor of Boston, praying for an act legalizing the proceedings of the City Council, during the past year; referred to the committee on judiciary.

A lengthy memorial was presented from the President of the Western Railroad Corporation, in relation to their pecuniary connection with the proprietors of the Worcester Railroad, and praying that a law may be passed by the present Legislature, fixing the amount of compensation to be paid by said W. R. Corporation. The memorial was referred to a joint special committee with instructions to cause the same to be printed.

Monday, Jan. 19.

In SENATE, papers from the House were disposed of in concurrence.

A message was received from the governor, transmitting a communication from the secretary of war, to obtain the consent of Massachusetts to the purchase of Governor's Island, in Boston harbor, by the United States, and a transfer of the jurisdiction of that island, with Lovell's and George's Islands, to the national government. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

In the HOUSE, petitions presented—of Joseph T. Buckingham, Simon Greenleaf, and 141 others, of Cambridge, for a law against horse racing and other trials of speed, and against leasing ground for such purposes, without license previously obtained—of the directors of the Merrimac bank, at Haverhill, for reduction of capital—of Nathan Willis, for savings bank in Pittsfield—of Moses Phipps and others, for a railroad from Milford to Unionville—of the Ames Manufacturing Co., for an increase of capital—of Ephraim Fuller and others, for incorporation as the Essex railroad company.

Ordered, on motion of Mr Taylor, of Granby, that the select joint committee, to whom was referred the petition of the town of Auburn for an amendment of the constitution in regard to representation, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the third article of amendment of the constitution of the commonwealth, that a year's residence in the commonwealth, without the six months' residence in the town or city in which he claims the right to vote, shall be all the resident qualification necessary to constitute a voter for governor and lieutenant governor of the commonwealth, provided, however, that the claimant shall have taken up his abode in, or made the town or city, in which he claims the right to vote, his place of residence.

EMOLUMENTS OF COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS. The Washington Union publishes a statement showing the compensation and emoluments received, and the amount of fines, penalties and forfeitures retained by each of the several collectors at the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, Savanah, and New Orleans, during four years ending the 30th of June, 1845, compiled from a communication made to the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Treasury on the 30th inst. The collectors of Boston, during four years, retained $34,916; the collectors of New York, $53,059; the collectors of Philadelphia, $28,378; collector Williams, of Baltimore, for two years, eight months and twenty days, $11,842; the collectors of Savannah, for three years and nine months, $8,134; the collectors of Charleston, $21,018, and the collector of New Orleans, $18,274. The total emoluments thus retained was $174,712.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

At New Orleans on the 9th news was received from Tampico to the 1st. The Mexican revolution was going on swimmingly. On the 14th December the officers of the army at San Luis Potosi, met at the house of the commander general, Romero, and signed a strong manifesto against the administration, charging it with perfidy, ignorance, and cowardice, and with thwarting the purpose of the army in move on Texas, and with losing all respectability by allowing a minister from the United States to reside in the capital, and declaring that every future act of the government shall be void, that the functions of congress shall cease, and an extraordinary congress be convened *as soon* as the army occupies the capital. PAREDES is named for chief of the army, and whoever with arms opposes the plan shall be punished.

The governor and assembly of the department of San Luis Potosi fully approved the act of the army; and a committee of general officers was sent to invite Paredes to accept the *purple*. His reply had not been returned, but there was no doubt about his accepting.

On the 20th of December a meeting of the officers stationed at Tampico was held at the residence of Gen. D. Anastasio Parrodi, the commandant general of the department, and the proceedings of the army at San Luis were laid before them. They adopt, as their own in every respect, the action of the army of reserve, and direct their proceedings to be communicated to Gen. Arista, and urgently entreat him to unite his forces to the army of Paredes, to secure the well being of the republic.

On the 21st Gen. Parrodi addressed a circular to the citizens of the department, and another to the troops, and calls upon them to stand by General Paredes, who alone can sustain the honor of the nation.

The Picayune says—

"So far as we can learn from verbal intelligence and letters received here, no act of violence whatever occurred; there was none to oppose the revolt.

"A letter received in town from a respectable commercial house, and dated on the 23d Dec., states that he had actually commenced his march upon the city of Mexico at the head of 6000 men, and expresses the conviction that the affair may even be settled then.

The writer is of opinion that Paredes will refuse to treat with Mr Slidell, and "probably declare a paper war and send him away." The writer farther says he looks upon actual war as idle talk—in his own words, "as all humbug."

NEW COUNTERFEITS. Ten dollar counterfeit notes on the Ocean bank, of Newburyport, were thrown into circulation in New York on Saturday, 10th, and by 12 o'clock on Monday, half the brokers on Wall street had taken one or more of them. The principal vignette is made up of two females, a boy with a cap on his head, and a bareheaded negro boy; on the left end is Franklin and a railroad train. The paper has a very new and white appearance. The names of the officers are not well counterfeited.—The genuine notes are wholly unlike this.

Mr Bradbury, Cashier of the Belfast bank, states that counterfeit 5's of the Attleborough bank, Mass., are in circulation in B., well calculated to deceive.—They are letter C, Vignette, a drove of cattle and a train of cars, reapers in the back ground—also, a similar 5 of the Middlesex County Bank, Conn., E. Lucy, Cash., J. Russell, Prest. President's name in blue ink.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. 1&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

Consumptives, Beware of Imposition!

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets, Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Merk and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Merk and John sts. jy21—6m

MARRIED,

In Brattleboro', Vt., Mr Benjamin M. Butler to Miss Susan H. Palmer, both of this city.

In Pelham, N. H., Jan. 15, by Moody Hobbs, Esq., Mr Benjamin Hills to Miss Susan Higgins.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending January 17th, 1846.

Jan. 11th, Margaret Sangster, 19 yrs, typhus fever; 12th, Mariah F. H. West, 22 mos, dropsy of brain; 13th, James Bolton, 2 yrs, typhus fever; 13th, Orpha Ransom, 22, consumption; Joseph Crocker, 30, consumption; 14th, Susan T. Hadley, 31, consumption; Emily M. Foster, 8 mos, whooping-cough; Almira W. Jorden, 16 yrs, consumption; Andrew McFarland, 3, inflammation on the brain.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

ATTRACTIVE EXHIBITION!

The Western Temperance Company,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell, that the original Temperance Drama, in 5 acts, entitled THE BROTHERS: Or, THE FALLEN SAVED, will be performed at the *CITY HALL*, on TUESDAY EVENING next, under the direction of G. A. HOUGH.

☞Tickets 12½ cents. Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock. jan16

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner, and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&plec20

POETRY OF THE HEART—A new and beautiful little volume of poems, done up in gilt, just the thing for a present to a friend. By Rev. Wm. B. Tappan. For sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

From the 2d edition of the Boston Daily Mail.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE!

Resignation of the Peel Ministry—Great excitement on the Corn Laws—Restoration of a Whig Ministry!

The Liberty, Captain Norton, from Liverpool, was boarded off N.York, by the Herald's boat, on Saturday evening. She brings later and highly exciting news, up to Dec. 13.

The Queen had prerogued the meeting of Parliament from Dec. 16 to 30.

From the London Post, Dec. 12.

On Wednesday last, at the council that assembled at Osborne House, Sir Robert Peel and every member of his cabinet tendered the resignation of their respective offices, and these resignations her majesty was graciously pleased to accept.

The queen has since entrusted to Lord John Russell the duty of forming a new cabinet. His lordship appeers to have received the very earliest intimation that his services were likely to be required, since we find that, on Tuesday morning, immediately after the arrival of a messenger from London, the noble lord quitted the neighborhood of Edinburgh on his way south.—Yesterday Lord John Russell was honored with an audience by the queen, at her majesty's residence in the Isle of Wight.

The resignation is attributed to the opposition of Wellington to the repeal of the corn laws, which the majority of the Cabinet had determined should be proposed or they would go out of power. The Duke, it seems, had once agreed to propose the measure in the Lords, and then withdrew his assent.

The agitation consequent upon the explosion of the ministry paralyzed the grain markets. At Liverpool 8500 barrels of U. S. flour was offered at auction, but withdrawn, at 39s. No alteratioe in the provision market.

In London money and share market, 12th, the tendency of public securities was rather downward, but foreign bonds kept up.

The accession of the Palmerston Ministry to power, is, if it has not changed its character, a belligerent Ministry, and a Ministry far less disposed, with far less power, to make amicable treaties with the United States than the Peel and Aberdeen Ministry. It will be recollected that Lord Palmerston and M. Thiers came within an inch of involving England and France in a war, and that Lord Palmerston denounced the Ashburton Treaty as a "capitulation."

From the Liverpool Mail, Dec. 13.

The nation, by the resignation of Ministers, is in a much more serious dilemma than many persons seem to think. Sir Robert Peel, it is rumored, differs from the majority of his colleagues, on a measure that touches the vitality of the country; and finding himself so situated, he throws up the reins of government and retires. The landed interest, as it is called, would have almost insurmountable difficulties in furnisg an administration to enrry out their views. The conservative party is divided, suspicion and distrust hove long been in the cadup; some mermur, some storm, many are sick, and not a few are disgusted. What, then is to be done! Our opinion is, judging from the obscure light in which the delection is yet placed, that a dissolution of Parliament must be the result, followed immediately by a general election.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth.—Dear Sir.—I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously trobled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wished that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be know and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian Liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last months, when she filled fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sersaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was enable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year, without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, Warren st.

jan20 6m

Grand Musical Entertainment.

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

MR DEMPSTER has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give a Grand Concert at *WENTWORTH'S HALL*, on THURSDAY EVENING, January 22nd., 1846, on which occasion he will give a choice selection of his Songs and Ballads, including his new and popular Cantata, entitled "*The May Queen*," a Song of Three Parts—poetry by Alfred Tennyson, esq.

PROGRAMME....PART FIRST.

1. Song—The spot where I was born, Barnett.
2. When the Night Wind bewaileth, or Never More. (Words by Epes Sargent, esq.) Dempster.
3. Scottish Ballad—John Anderson my Ju. (Words by Burns.)
4. Song—The Lonely Auld Wife. [It was formerly the custom in some parts of Scotland, when one of an aged couple died, to leave the chair which the deceased used to occupy, in its accustomed corner, until the survivor should also follow to join its former occupant in the world of spirits.]
5. Sung—A Home in the Heart.—(Words by Eliza Cook.) Dempster.
6. Song—The Blind Boy.—(Words by Miss Gould.) "
7. Ballad—Lament of the Irish Emigrant.—(Written by Mrs Blackwood.) "

PART SECOND.

1. Song—The Indian Hunter—(Words by Eliza Cook.) "Oh, why does the white man follow my path!" Dempster.
2. Ballad—My Nannie, O.—(Burns.)
3. Song—Let us love one another.—(Words by Chas. Swain.) Dempster.
4. Scottish Ballad—Tak yer Auld Cloak about yu.
5. Song—A man's a man for a' that.
6. Ballad—The loved one was not there. Dempster.
7. Cantana—The May Queen. "

A song in three parts—written by Alfred Tennyson, esq. Part I. The Eve of May. Part II. New-Year's Eve. Part III. Return of Spring. [This song represents the gradual decay of a young and beautiful girl who is carried to the grave by consumption.]

☞ Tickets 25 cents each. To be obtained of Mr Metcalf, at his office; (Merrill & Heywood,s); at Mr Bixby's; at the Merrimack and American Houses, and at the door of the evening of Concert. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. jan20

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF NANCY S. WATSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, single woman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Watson will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said county, on the SECONDH MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Watson will apply for her discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

jan20. E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

To the Honorable Senate And House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

THE undersigned, a Committee in behalf of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation, respectfully represent that it became necessary for the construction of their Railroad, to take a portion of the land belonging to the Middlesex Turnpike Corporation, near Newfield Eddy, so called, and for that purpose the said Turnpike Corporation by their deed, dated the 20th day of July, A. D., 1837, conveyed to said Railroad Corporation all of that part of their Turnpike road lying between Biscuit Bridge, so called, in Tyngsborough, and the tavern house owned by William Adams, in Chelmsford, with the franchise privilege and appurtenances, including the Toll-house and lands connected therewith,—That since that time we have faithfully maintained and kept said Turnpike road in repair, and have taken tolls thereon. But that the business and management of said Turnpike road is so separate and distinct from the Railroad that it is attended with much inconvenience to them, besides expense and trouble to travellers; Wherefore, they pray, that they may be allowed and authorised to surrender the franchise and be relieved from the same, retaining the Toll-house and land connected therewith and so much land as is necessary for their Railroad, not exceeding six rods wide.

DANIEL ABBOTT, CHARLES F. GOVE, } Committee of the N. & L. Railroad Corporation.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Jan'y. 17, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, *Ordered*, That the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition with this Order thereon, to be served on the clerks of the towns of Tyngsborough and Chelmsford, and published three times in the Lowell Courier and Lowell Advertiser, the service to be ten days, and the last publication three days, at least, before the second day of February next, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 17, 1846.

Concurred.

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy: Attest.

3tj20 CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracut, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.

jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

Dog Lost.

A BROWN Spaniel Dog, with a chain round his neck bearing his name, "CARLO," and the initials "O. C. R. R." Whoever will return said dog, or give information at this office where he may be found, shall be suitably rewarded. jan15*

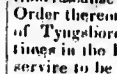
H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Savannah & Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Schr HENRY, *Pajot*, master, is now loading, and having a part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co., agents at Savannah. j16

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female Irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 15—1y DR. E. MORRILL.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The entertainments will commence with the celebrated Nautical Drama, in two acts (written by Douglas Jerrold, Esq.,) entitled

BLACK EYED SUSAN; or, *All in the Downs.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Clarke, Atkins, Smith, Miss Mary St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield,

In the course of the Drama, Mrs Merryfield will dance a Fusey Hornpipe.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Vaudeville by J Buckstone, esq.,—called the

DEAD SHOT

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Wyatt, Tenney, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan20

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat.

The JOSHUA HATES, (new.) The CONCORDIA.
" WASHINGTON IRVING, " " COLUMBIANA.
" ANGLO SAXON, " " St. PETERSBURG.
" SUNBEAM. " GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes bend money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co. of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harndeo & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. ndv3mjan17

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the street leading from Central street from what is now called Commercial Square to Merrimack street, may be laid out and graded, and sidewalks laid out and built thereon. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and lay out and build sidewalks thereon as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the south side of Tyler street. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec11 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

City of Lowell.

DECEMBER 12, 1845.

TO all persons whom it may concern:—Whereas, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Middlesex street may be established. And whereas, the Committee of the City Council, to which said petitioned was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

dec16 O. M. WHIPPLE, Chairman.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you le January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madejan18

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from the old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stratton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have found it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Hirdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Lorke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. H. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel P. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyrk, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Weekburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion:

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and storekeepers throughout the country.

AGENTS.—GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOHN MEAD, JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.

Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Clifford will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Clifford will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

3tjan15 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPINKNARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness; viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell. Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,

jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink. This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street. oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.

8t or 25 to 1 Jan 24 '45. GAY & D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

ON TUESDAY next, Jan. 20th, at 2 o'clock, precisely a large invoice of seasonable dry goods, consisting in part of Muslin de Laines, rich silk warp and high lustre Alpacas, &c. do., Cashmere de Ecosse, Hup Cashmere, Chally, Parisiennes, Ecliane—a great variety of prints, fine linen batch, ginghams, colored cambrics, shawls of every variety and description, fancy bakerie, silk do., a large lot of hosiery, gloves, mitts, fur muffs, cravats, napkins mufflers, silk and straw bonnets, &c., &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order. The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 18½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 8 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mack meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money if desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.

Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. fejan15

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.

dec6 N. F. GATES.

To the Afflicted,

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, offices formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—No advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madejan3

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,

IGNATIUS TYLER.

Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS.

January 1st, 1846. 3madejan3

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, an one flight of stairs are to let. These rooms are well fitted, for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH READ, at his office, over the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. 3m

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges,

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicines, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and whate there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mc. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayar, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Merz & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton,, Shattuck & Co.; Hallston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bewis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morerass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THERAPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon,

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which arn, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use; such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocratee, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which arn to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocatee, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, inspired by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypochondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between D. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug9—1y

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis; dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desparate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, worthless Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aulaif

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. n28

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

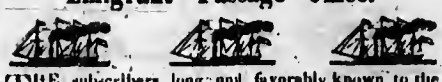
The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and Irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kiddee, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, colds, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tsept28

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscribee, at No. 2, *Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Cutriagtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gants. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and Imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally; that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly animosity from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. These fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Resturative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of our best brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor, Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING AND SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

Merrill & Heywood,

(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its extraordinary medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scurfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providance that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Urieh L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass., Barnstable, ss., Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and see your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delance street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many spurious articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos. Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jno. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a13a6m

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 10.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL. sep19

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be u proficient in the urt of orranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

Hadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, u.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreans, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufaure to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Soln Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jun21 1y

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Manaur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. P. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

—AND DEALER IN—

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

NO. 2, BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

'MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

tfnot LOWELL, MASS. dec12

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

patly24 LOWELL.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

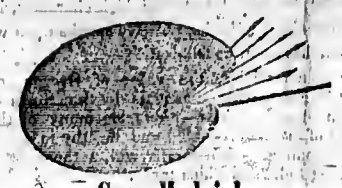
Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ad3mjan1



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Shoulder Banners, Clock, and Three-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.

J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember e former cures of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&ptf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. my16tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

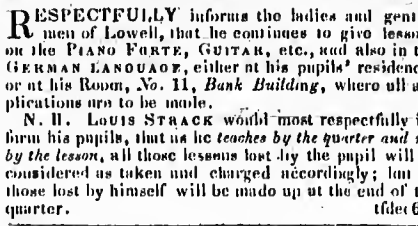
J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS, Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

From the St. Louis Reveille.

POOR TOM.

There's now a new stone in the old church-yard,
And a few withered flowers encircle it;
Alas! for the youth, by the fates ill-starred,
Who sleeps in his shroud beneath it!
Poor Tom! poor Tom!
In his early day to be plucked away,
While the sunshine of life was o'er him,
And naught but the light of a gladdening ray
Beamed out on the road before him.
Poor Tom!

All the joy that love and affection sheds,
Seemed to fling golden hopes around him;
And the warmest hearts and the wisest heads
Alike to their wishes found him.
Poor Tom! poor Tom!
He is sleeping now 'neath the willow bough,
Where the low toned winds are creeping,
As if to bewail so sad a tale;
While the eyes of the night are weeping.
Poor Tom!

Oh, the old church-yard, with its new white stone—
Now I love it though I used to fear it;
And I linger oft 'mid its tombs alone,
For a strange charm draws me near it.
Poor Tom! poor Tom!
We were early friends—Q. Time still tends
All the links of our love to sever;
And alas! Time breaks, but never mends
The chain that it snaps forever.
Poor Tom!

In the old church-yard we have wandered oft,
Lost in gentle and friendly musing;
And his eye was light, and his words were soft,
Soul with soul, as we roved, infusing.
Poor Tom! poor Tom!
And we wandered then, if we were men,
Aught in life could our fond thoughts smother;
But—alas! again—we dreamed not when
Death should tear us from each other.
Poor Tom!

On the very spot where the stone now stands,
We have sat in the shade of the willow,
With a life warm clasp of each other's hands,
And this breast his head his pillow.
Poor Tom! poor Tom!
Now poor Tom lies cold in the church-yard old,
And his place may be filled by others;
But he still lives here with a firmer hold,
For our souls were twined like brothers.
Poor Tom!

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various singe lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
" " 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
" " 5 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¾ train into Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls &c., M.....Portland

At about 5¼, P. M.

At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

I. O. O. F.

JOURNAL of Proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States, from its formation, February, 1821, to the close of the Annual Session, 1843, together with Statistical Tables showing the progress of the Order, &c.

Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846; do. do. Gem; do. do. Almanac—for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. M. & H. are Agents for the Symbol and Covenant. dec2

From the Boston Miscellany.

THE CHASE: AN ADVENTURE OF THRILLING INTEREST.

[Concluded.]

My double-barrelled gun dropped one ball in the water, and caused some confusion in the after part of the boat.

"Put it in to them, sir—we have not lost a all yet. Give me the rifle, Doctor."

"This discharge caused them, with the increased breeze, to lay on their oars an instant, and then pull round for the schooner; they had only six oars out.

"Three cheers, my lads, and fire as long as you can reach them. There, the schooner begins to feel the breeze. Mr Turner, run up the weather studding sails—keep her off two points, for he must pick up his boat. There, she breezes, thank Heaven! steady, Mr Brown, steady!"

"Steady, sir."

"Keep her straight, for your life. Steward, give the lads a glass of grog at once."

By the time the schooner had picked up her boat and hoisted her on board, we had gained a mile or two, and we were now going eight or nine knots with a free wind.

"Watch her close, Tompkins; let me know if she gains on us."

"Ay, ay, sir."

"Mr Turner, we are a little by the stern; carry every thing possible chock forward—carpenters' chest, harness; roll those two after casks forward—be lively, sir. Swab those guns out, Doctor, we'll have another dub at them yet, I fear, for he sails like a witch."

"Yes, sir, him going to Africa after ivory and gold dust—dat's what they call nigger trading."

"She gains, sir, but slowly; he has'nt got the best of the breeze yet, perhaps."

"So, that will do, Mr Turner; now get a small pull of your weather top-sail and top-gallant braces. Well, sir—well all?"

"They are hoisting that great square sail, sir, and she springs to it like a tiger."

"Mr Turner, slack a little of your top-mast and top-gallant backstays to the windward—carefully, sir, not much—and then send all chock forward—every pound will help."

"Four bells, sir; hold the reel."

"No, never mind the bells, nor the reel, Tompkins; what use is it to us now? Keep your eye on the schooner, and let me know when the six pounders will tell on him; and we may shoot away his top-mast, by good luck."

"Ay, ay, sir."

Tompkins was so mechanically correct in every thing that he would, no doubt, have brought his quadrant on deck and observed for the sun, if it had been noon, and I had not interfered. He was as cool as possible, and his conduct seemed to put nerve into his men.

"He gains fast, sir; I can see the red cap on the rascal at the helm—let me give him a shot, sir."

"Well, sir, fire away if you think you can reach him. Doctor, bring your loggerhead, and, when I give the word *touch her quick!* So, lift her breech a little, Tom; so, so, stand by—*give it to her!*" and away went our little shot and struck the water about two thirds of the way to the schooner.

"Load up again, Tompkins, and leave out the canister, and the shot will go straighter; aim higher than before, say for the royal—now give it to him!"

"Plump into her square sail, sir; but forty thousand such would'nt hit him hard. Oh, if we only could borrow his Long Tom for an hour or two! The sarpint is sure of us or he would fire it himself."

At this crisis the chase was only a mile or a mile and a half astern, and could easily have hored us through; but I presume he was afraid to yaw his vessel enough to bring the gun to bear, as it would no doubt kill his wind in a considerable degree, and, as he was gaining preceptibly, he calculated to be along side of us long before night.

"Load up again, sir, and I will try my luck, for it must be a mere chance shot that does him any harm."

"All ready, sir."

"Stand by, Doctor, and when I give the word touch her quick—fire."

The shot struck the water just under the bow; "Now for the other gun; I shall do better—ready—fire! His top-mast totters! it falls, by heavens!"

A spontaneous cheer from our crew seemed to assure us of safety. "Give me the glass boy. They are cutting the wreck away as fast as possible, still determined to overhaul us. Keep off two points, round in the weather braces a full, run out that lower studding-sail—be handy, lads. Watch the rascal, Mr Tompkins, and let us know if we gain on him."

The breeze was now fresh, well on the quarter, and we were sure to gain on him until his top-mast could be replaced, which, with a large and active crew bent on revenge, would cost him not an hour's work.

"She drops, sir, she drops! I can but just see that niger's head on the flag; half an hour ago I could see the marrow bones."

"Very well, sir; let the people get a bite of dinner, for we shall have more work to do yet to get clear of him, if we do at all."

"I don't know what more we can do sir, unless we grease the bottom," said Tompkins, with a smile.

"We have yet one principal resort, my dear sir, and we will do it the moment we get something to work upon, if he gains upon us."

Tompkins cut a new quid of tobacco, of which he had made uncommonly free use that morning, and by that only did he show any sign of anxiety:

"Get your dinners, Mr Tompkins and Mr Turner; I can't go down to eat while that fellow is dogging us. Send me a bite of buiscuit, and a glass of wine."

"Ay, ay, sir."

It was now about one o'clock and the schooner dropping slowly, while the preparation to fit a new top-mast were accordingly progressing. In ten minutes all hands were again on deck,

anxiously watching. As Tompkins came on deck, I heard him say to Turner—

"Concern me, if I know what the old man is going at; we've done all human nature can do, and he's not given to praying."

"How long, Tompkins, will it take him to catch us, when he makes all sail again, at the rate he gained before?"

"Three or four hours, sir. He will be alongside before sunset, I reckon."

By two o'clock, his top-sail and top-gallant were again set; and twenty minutes more, his studding sails, royal and ringtail, and it was evident that he began to gain space, though now more than four miles astern.

"Mr Tompkins, we will now try our last resort."

"Ay, ay, sir."

"Break open the hatches, saw the rail and bulwarks off abreast them, and tumble up those bales as fast as possible."

This idea had evidently never entered into the heades of any of the crew or officers; and the long faces with which they had seen the pirate gaining on us, were instently changed to faces of hope. In ten minutes the cook and the second mate had sawed off the rail and bulwarks, the hatches were off, and the bales coming up faster than any ever before came out of her, and overboard.

"Look to your trim, Mr Tompkins, do not take too many from one side. Send boy Jim on the poop to keep an account of the number as they pass by. Over with them, boys, you are now working for your lives." But no encouragement was necessary, for the men striped to their trousers only, worked like tigers.

"Mr Tompkins, cut away the stern boat; every little helps—let her go, sir, at once—that's it.—These large bales will oblige him to steer wild or to run against them."

We continued this work for nearly an hour, before we began perceptibly to gain on the schooner. But by four o'clock he had drooped more than a mile; yet to make sure, we did not abate our exertions until five o'clock, when four hundred out of a thousand bales had been thrown over. During the operation I could hardly refrain from laughing at the remarks which escaped from the men after we began to gain.

"Huzza, boys!" said one, "over with them, tha under-writers are rich."

"Watch there—watch!" cried another, as he rolled a bale over; "them will do for him to buy niggers with."

"I wish my old woman had a bale of that," said the Doctor.

As soon as the pirate discovered that we were gaining, he gave us several shots from his Long Tom, but the distance was too great, and by sunset he was hull down from the poop; a few minutes after he hauled in his square-sail and studding-sails, and rounded to; and when last seen, was very busy in picking up tha bale goods, which would no doubt come in play, though not quite so exceptable to him as the dollars would have been, sweetened with blood. At dusk, we could but just discern tha villain lying to.

"See all secure in the hold, Mr Tompkins, and put on the hatches; and as we have a steady trade-wind, let her go till midnight South-South-West; and let all hands get some rest. I must do the same, for I am nearly done up."

The excitement being over, I was nearly prostrate, and after thanking God with more favor and sincerity than I ever prayed before, I threw myself into my berth, but had a feverish and dreemy sleep till twelve o'clock, when my trusty mate called me according to orders.

"Twelve o'clock, sir."

"How is the wind and weather?"

"Fresh trade, sir—clear and pleasant—moon just rising—going nine, large."

"Take in the lower studding-sail, Tompkins, and haul up Southand East, if she'll go it good full."

"Ay, ay, sir."

It is sufficient to inform the patient reader that we saw no more of the pirate, and made much better progress now that our bonny barque was in ballast trim only. We finished our passage without further trouble. Many were the jokes cracked by all hands, as they talked over the events of that day's excitement. The underwriters not only paid for the cargo thrown overboard at once, on receiving the news, but, on learning the particulars, voted a peice of plate for me, and a gratuity in cash for the mates and men, in equal value.

In conclusion, I have merely to remark, that tha above tale is foundad on facts, and is not expectad to interest any, except nautical men, being too full of technicalities to amuse the general reader, and too imperfect to claim the notice of the literati.

FROM FLETCHER WEBSTER'S LECTURES ON CHINA.

FIRST SIGHT OF WHAMPOA.

About six miles below Canton are the remains of the barrier which the Chinese built to keep off the English. It is a great dyke of stone and piles. A narrow raceway is now made through it, which so compresses the water, that it cannot be passed only at a favorable time of tide. The current often runs here six or seven miles an hour. At length boats and crafts thicken like carriages in a crowded street. They come down stream with a fine wind, a dozen abreast, occupying the whole rivar. Collision seems inevitable. A large junk is within twenty feet, coming directly upon your boat, with all sails set. All the tales of cruelty and indifference to human life, which we hear reinted of the people of China, and especially the river population, rush upon the mind. They certainly mean to run you down, and your crew seem to look upon it with perfect apathy. In an instant—within five feet of collision—round swings one of the other boats and they have passed! The dexterity of the Chinese and their boats, exceeds that of any other people. Vessels are now seen at anchor, in long rows, and houses floating on the water in great blocks. One sells thro' streets of boats, as regular as those of houses on land, with their ornamented fronts, like small cottages: doors, windows, lamps, elegantly carved and gilt pilastres and portioces, and abundance of inhabitants. Butcher boats, vegetable boats, and scavenger boats, pass up and down the street, their occupants crying their various commodities, calling to sell or carry away.—It is a floating city, said to number of those who live wholly on the water—are born there, and pursue their business there, and die their, ashore touching terra-firma—three hundred thousand souls.

CANTON.

Canton itself is situated on a low piece of ground, hardly above the level of the river. Lofty hills approach it on the east, and an eminence is close to it, on which is a Tartar military station. I will not attempt to describe Canton at length. Its population is six hundred thousand or more. Its streets are seldom over eight feet in width; the houses low and dark.—The city within the walls is said to be smaller than the suburbs. One cannot discover which is the city, and which is the suburbs, until he is informed. The walls, which are high and very massive, form the backs of shops and stores built along them. In walking next the walls, one sees nothing but shops. Even the gates are not noticeable, of which there are many in the suburbs, as well as arches crossing the streets. The factories of the merchants are situated on the very bank of the river, and are much the finest and largest buildings that I saw, excepting the temples.

☞ We regret to learn that James Hoban, Esq., the Attorney of the United States for this District, died last night at his residence in this city. [National Intelligencer, Tuesday.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1846.

THE DISSOLUTION OF THE BRITISH CABINET.

This important event will not be without its effect upon the movements at Washington. Should the next arrival, now hourly expected, bring anything to show the views of the new ministry, the course to be pursued by our government would soon be determined upon. If the new government should be favorable to negotiation it would at once be opened;—if the matter is left in doubt, the whole Oregon question will remain *in statu quo* for the present.

The policy of the new ministry, it is thought by some, may have as great an effect upon the tariff policy of our administration as upon the Oregon question. This is not so. We cannot conceive that any contingency can arise, except immediate danger of war, that can change the views of Mr Polk, Mr Walker, and the whole body of the democratic party upon this great and vital question. Even war, would in no degree change the principles of the democratic party upon this subject. A revenue tariff, based upon the same principles, whether peace or war shall be our fortune, will be laid if democratic doctrine prevails. Should war come, a greater revenue will be required, and consequently greater protection be given, incidentally, to everything that can be protected; but no change in the principles of a revenue tariff will be resorted to.

We notice that the presses in different sections of the country are filled with very contradictory speculations as to the probable course to be pursued by Lord John Russell and his new cabinet. But speculation is after all, speculation. Whether their corn laws will be repealed, or whether any disposition will be shown to compromise the Oregon difficulty, or whether they will interfere in the affairs of Mexico, are important questions, but all, in a glorious state of uncertainty. The Tribune while it anticipates that an attempt will be made to bargain with us for a reduction of our tariff in consideration of a repeal of their corn laws, shows the absurdity of such an attempt as will be seen by the following extract from one of its own articles, to which we cheerfully subscribe:—

"In regard to tariffs, all bargains will be utter mockery. Messrs. Polk & Co. are pledged to cut ours down to a Revenue standard; the new British Ministry are virtually pledged to repeal the Corn Laws and establish Free Trade in all things where the demands of Revenue do not forbid it."

At any rate we cheerfully subscribe so far as this, if any tariff bargains are made they can have but one side to them, and that side is all our way, for, if we shall reduce our tariff to the revenue standard, under any and all circumstances, and the British favor us by a repeal of their corn laws as a consideration, all we get is clear gain, and all they give is given without consideration. But however pledged to a repeal of the corn laws the British Ministry may be, we look upon their repeal as a question of great uncertainty.

Our banks, and commercial men look upon the change of ministry as unfavorable to a peaceful termination of the Oregon dispute, and the banks are refusing discounts as an earnest of their fears of war.—The New York News, and the Express consider the chances of war increased by the change. The News says of the new ministry

"If strong enough on their feet, or rather in their seats, to risk it, the new ministers will probably offer 49°, and then make a loud merit of it, on the ground of peace and wisdom. If hard pushed, they may make a popular merit of out-Torying the Tories on this question. That Peel would have made this concession we know; that Palmerston would we do not know.

On the whole, therefore, in either alternative, whether the Whigs can maintain themselves in office or not, the hearing of the news seems to be *decidedly unfavorable*, on the question of Peace or War. There appears to be no chance of possible adjustment which did not exist equally before; while there are new and serious chances against any such probability, which are calculated to strengthen our manifest duty of *preparation for the worst.*"

We cannot believe there is the least danger of war so long as any room is left for compromise. However full of the war spirit the new ministry may be, they will be likely to count the cost of a war at least, as long as an honorable peace can be maintained. But to speculate upon the chances as we have already said, is useless. The whole question is with them to determine. Our government will await their decision and act accordingly.

☞ Mr VANDENHOFF, of New York, who has recently lectured with so much approbation in Boston, Salem and other places, gives a lecture, comprised of dramatic readings and recitations from Shakespeare, this evening (Thursday) at the City Hall. He is a distinguished gentleman of the stage, and is employed here by the officers of the Lowell Institute. All holding Institute tickets will be admitted this evening free. It is in contemplation to secure an engagement with him for a short course of dramatic lectures.

☞ The Palmer Manufacturing Co., divides thirteen per cent. for the last six months.

The York Manufacturing Co., at Saco, Me., has declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent., as usual. These are some of the benefits of "protection." Do the *operatives*—those who *earn* the money—fare as well?

HOLDING BACK. The Banks of this city, we learn, have refused to discount good paper for a week past. They are awaiting the arrival of the steamer from Europe, anticipating a return of stocks from English holders, who may have taken alarm at the prospect of war.

☞ Mr William B. Kimball, lately of the firm of Hale's Letter Company, in Boston, died recently at Montreal. He was a son of Rev C. O. Kimball, a few years since pastor of the Baptist church in Methuen.

☞ Some cases of small pox are reported in this city.

In Boston, this disease is prevailing to considerable extent. Constable Lunt died of it on Tuesday night.

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR. We learn from the Boston Post, that Col. Schooler, of Lowell, visited the House of Representatives yesterday. It is not stated whether or not he "sat with his *hat* on"

☞ The ship Wabash cleared at New Orleans for New York on the 12th inst., having on board Albert J. Tirrell, charged with the murder of Maria A. Bickford, of Boston.

☞ Decidedly the coldest day of the season.

LOWELL MUSEUM. Our worthy citizen, Mr Gates, spares neither time or expense to render this establishment a pleasing and innocent place of recreation and amusement. Wyatt's Company are this week interesting their crowded audiences, for the first time in Lowell, with the justly celebrated drama of "Black Eyed Susan" and also the laughable vaudeville of "The Dead Shot." Mr Wyatt performs his part with so much gracefulness and ease as to excite the admiration of all. But he has gained so much popularity here as an actor that praise is quite unnecessary. Free wit and humor, those essential requisites to human existence, reign supreme; and should a tear for a moment dim the eye of the spectator, it is soon driven away by the laughable jokes of Mr. Merrifield. We trust all will avail themselves of this rare opportunity to —

"Throw care to the winds like chaff, boys, ha!
And join in the laugh, boys, ha! ha! ha!"

☞ The New York "Commercial" (whig) says in relation to the late change in the British administration, that—

"If Lord Palmerston goes into the Foreign Office we shall be less hopeful than we have been of a satisfactory solution of the Oregon dispute. He is a restless, reckless, muddlesome, indiscreet and wrong-headed statesman; a very bad man to have the management of a delicate and dangerous controversy.—Yet we suppose there is a sort of necessity upon Lord John Russell to give him just that post and no other.

WHAT IS OREGON WORTH? On this point, capt. Fremont, from his talents and high character, is eminently entitled to be heard. He speaks upon what he himself has seen, as follows:

"Commercially, the value of Oregon country must be great, washed as it is by the North Pacific Ocean—fronting Asia—producing many of the elements of commerce—mild and healthy in its climate, and becoming, as it naturally will, a thoroughfare for the East India and China trade."

A CROWN LOST. After the troubles of the first French Revolution, Louis Phillippe made his escape to the United States, and while teaching in Philadelphia, he fell in love with Miss P——, daughter of a highly respectable citizen of the city. The lady was favorable to his advances, but was compelled to yield to the authority of her father, who declared that "no daughter of his should demean herself by marrying a schoolmaster!"

SENTENCE. In the Municipal Court, Boston, on Tuesday, Dr Thomas Wright, receiver of stolen goods, was sentenced to fifteen months in the state prison.—His plan was to observe when a gentleman left his house, and then furnish one of his thieves with a letter addressed to the gentleman, as an excuse for calling at the house, in case any of the inmates should find him in the entry.

FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA. A destructive fire broke out in Philadelphia Sunday evening at No. 57 South wharves, which destroyed the whole block and extended in all directions. Messrs Lewis & Sterling lose $30,000. Penrose & Barton 15,000. Waln & Co. a heavy stock of goods, and there are many other serious losses. Most of the property was insured. It was the work of a incendiary.

☞ On the 5th instant, in the U. S. district court, Judge McCaleb gave judgment in the case of Municipality No. 1 vs. the United States, whereby the square of ground on which the custom house in New Orleans is built, is declared to be the property of the municipality. The square is estimated to be worth more than half a million of dollars.

☞ A Mormon seceder, now at Cathage, says that Brigham Young lives most of the time in the third story of the Temple, the only access to which is by a ladder from the outside, which ladder is taken away every night, so that the lordly Brigham may enjoy his rest, unmolested by constables or U. S. officers of any description.

OREGON. The Pennsylvania house of representatives, on the 17th, passed resolves declaring our title is better than Great Britain's to 54 40, and instructing the senators and representatives in congress to vote for the notice. They also declare full confidence in the president and senate, whether the question be terminated by negotiation or otherwise.

THE OREGON NOTICE. The official paper of Friday says—"We should prefer Congress to take the responsibility to abrogate the Convention, instead of throwing it on the President, unless some circumstances should turn up to recommend such a discretion to be given to him."

☞ Col. Wm. Boardman, of Portsmouth, N. H., shipped for Vera Cruz, a few days since, 726 packages of machinery for the Guadalajara Spinning and Weaving Company; also machinery for a cotton and a paper mill for the same company. The aggregate weight of the whole is about 140 tons.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON. One iron foundary near Harrisburg, Pa., paid during the past season $10,000 for tolls on its coal and iron transported on the canal. There have been erected in the State of Pennsylvania, within the last two years, thirty-two anthacite iron foundaries.

FIRE AT SACO. A fire broke out in the loft of the cloth house of the York Manufactoring Company, on Tuesday, which ran with great rapidity through the attic 150 feet in length. The cloth room was entirely destroyed. Loss estimated at $10,000.

☞ A splendid bagle, the body of silver, trimmed with gold, is soon to be presented by the citizens of Salem to Mr. Francis W. Morse, leador of the Salem Band of Musicians, as a testimony of their sense of his personal and professional worth. It costs $500

☞ One of the elephants belonging to the Zoological Association, wintering in Zanesville, died on Tuesday week last. It was the largest of the four which belong to the Association. He was valued at $6,500.

☞ Letters from Washington, published at New York, say that the United States Journal has been purchased by the War party under the auspices of Senators Allen, Cass and others. Mere rumor.

☞ Jacob Copenham of Virginia, recovered a verdict of $3400 against Samson Ralter, for seducing his daughter. He was able to pay the amount of damages.

☞ The Common Council of Alexandria has passed resolutions, unanimously, in favor of a retrocession of the town of Alexandria, to Virginia.

SEVERE FIRE!

At about half past 11 o'clock this forenoon, just as we were getting our paper on the press, a fire broke out in the basement of the store occupied by Bent & Bush, Hatters, 30 Central st.

The fire is still (½ past 12) burning, and though it has nearly destroyed the inside of the brick block in which it originated, it is hoped it will not extend beyond.

The Firemen are working zealously. Bent & Bush have suffered severely in their stock—though they are insured $2500 at the Lowell Office.

Over their store was a boarding-house, kept by Mrs Morgan, from which every thing moveable was taken, though much damaged. This is the block built by Mr E. Burnap.

The next block (adjoining) is owned by S.O. Dearborne, of the Boston Custom House;—the lower part occupied by L.D. Boise, merchant tailor—2d story by Mr Hedrick, painter, who had on hand also a valuable lot of piano-fortes. Every thing was removed from this block, and of course much damaged. The inside of the building has suffered considerably. Probably insured.

1 *o'clock.* The fire is out, and has extended no farther than we have reported. Our office, which is in the same row, was for a time considered in danger. We thank our neighbors and friends for their offers of assistance.

Mr AMOS FRENCH, with commendable liberality, furnished *hot coffee* to the firemen, who had a hard time of it.

A HERO. The Southern papers have chronicled with various expressions of regret, the death at Washington within a few days, of a veteran sailing-master in our navy, an Italian by birth, but for forty-one years a resident of the United States. His history is given in the National Intelligencer, which refers to his heroism as follows:

The admission of the deceased into the American Navy was the reward of services as a volunteer to pilot the gallant Decatur into the harbor of Tripoli, when he set fire to the American frigate Philadelphia, then in possession of the Corsairs. He was at the time, (1804) a pilot on board the Enterprise, then under the command of Lieutenant (afterwards Commodore) Decatur. Lieutenant Decatur, being aware that his pilot understood the language of the Corsairs, first proposed to him, and afterwards to Commodore Preble, then commanding the squadron, the daring project of entering the harbor of Tripoli by night and destroying by fire the frigate Philadelphia. The deceased immediately volunteered his services, and the project being approved by Commodore Preble, the gallant Decatur, with the deceased, (one midshipman and twenty men being concealed in the bottom of a xebec) sailed for the Philadelphia. On approaching the frigate the xebec was hailed, when the deceased answered that he had lost his cable and anchor, and requested permission to make fast to the frigate until morning. Having obtained leave to make fast to her stern, Decatur and his brave companions boarded the Philadelphia and swept her decks. Out of fifty Corsairs not one escaped. The frigate was then set on fire and the heroic band set sail for the American squadron with only one man wounded. As a reward for this brave and heroic service, the deceased, upon the recommendation of Commodore Decatur, was admitted into the American Navy.

CONGRESS.

Saturday, Jan. 17.

The SENATE did not sit.

HOUSE. The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the secretary of the treasury in relation to the marine hospital at or near Ocracoke, in North Carolina, provided to be erected by an act of August 29, 1842; and a letter from the same officer in relation to the commission of frauds upon the revenue by the importation of syrups, designated and entered in our customs as molasses—which were both laid upon the table.

Mr McConnell, on leave given, introduced the following resolution:—

"Resolved, That the committee of ways and means be requested to inquire into the expediency of reducing or repealing the import duty on two of the prime necessaries of life, salt and iron."

Mr C. J. Ingersoll said he would *rather* debate this resolution; so it was laid over.

The Peruvian indemnity bill was taken up and discussed. There are $300,000 in the treasury, which were received from Peru to be distributed among those who suffered from Peruvian spoilations. The bill was discussed, but not acted on.

Mr Dromgoole, of Va., announced the death of his colleague, Mr Taylor, appropriate resolves were passed, and the house adjourned to attend his funeral on Monday. Mr Abbott, of Mass., was one of the committee.

A SPECK OF WAR. The board of Aldermen were greeted with a message from Mayor Havemeyer, referring to the threatening aspect of our foreign relations, and recommending that the city be fortified.—The message, together with a resolution on the same subject, was referred to a special committee. [N. Y. Tribune.

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week	
ending Jan. 17th,	1846:	1845:
From passengers,	$5357	$4770
" froight, &c.,	8886	6039
Total,	$14,243	$10,809

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT IN RHODE ISLAND. The House of Representatives in Rhode Island, at the recent session of the Legislature, refused to take up the bill to abolish capital punishment, by a vote of more than five to one.

☞ We understand that the *bare* idea of staying at home is becoming quite offensive to the modesty of many ladies who move in polite circles, now-a-days.

"NEW YORK EVENING LEDGER," is the name of a new daily penny paper, started in New York city. It opens well. Talent and industry will insure success.

DECLINE IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR. There were large sales of Howard street flour in this city on Saturday at $5 per bbl. [Balt. Clipper, Jan. 19.

☞ A meeting was called by the mayor at Chicago, Illinois, on the 9th, to consider the means of defending that city in case of war.

☞ Rev. Dr. Scott has been tried by the presbytery of Louisiana for alleged calumnies upon Mr Clay, and derelictions of duty, and *acquitted.*

Reuben Rowley has been returned to the lunatic hospital at Worcester. He went to Wrentham to see his family.

Graham's Magazine, for February, has been received by Merrill & Haywood, 23 Central st.

TASTE. A young girl of New Haven recently ran away with a negro.

☞ This morning was a cold one. God help the suffering poor.

The Hibernia steamer—now 17 days out—has not yet arrived.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Tuesday, Jan. 20.

In SENATE, Mr Bordee, from the committee on manufactures reported bills to incorporate the Holyoke Manufacturing Company in Amherst, the Suffolk Sugar Refinery, and the New Bedford Cordage Company; and to increase the capital stock of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Company in Salem to $1,000,000.—These bills were placed in the orders of the day to go through their several stages.

On motion of Mr Stone, ordered that the committee on public charitable institutions be instructed to visit the State Lunatic Hospital, and other institutions under the patronage of the State; and that their expenses be audited and allowed by the committee on accounts.

In the HOUSE, Petitions presented—Of Rufus Wyman and others, of Templeton, that the names of complaints before grand juries may be made public, and that they may be held responsible for the costs when the prosecution is not sustained—of a travers jury in Dedham, and Chief Justice Wells, of the court of common pleas, for the establishment of a house for the reformation of juvenile offenders in the county of Norfolk—of George Williams and others, for a railroad from Worcester to the New Hampshire line, through Price brook valley—of Massachusetts and Vermont Railroad Co., against the petition of Hon. David Henshaw and others, for a railroad through Oakham—of Martin Torrey and others for a railroad from the depot at Mansfield to the line of Rhode Island—of the selectmen of Scituate and Nathaniel Clapp and others, in aid of the petition of G. B. Weston and others, for railroad.

Orders adopted—On motion of Mr. Bryant, of Barre, that no order of notice on any petition presented or to be presented shall be made returnable after the twentieth day of February next.

On motion of Mr. Harris, of Nantucket, that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of providing by law that the writ of scire facias against a trustee, provided for by the 38th section of the 109th chap. Rev. Statutes, shall be brought within one year after the termination of the original action.

On motion of Mr Kempton, of New Bedford, that a committee of one from each county inquire whether any, and if any, what modification of the 7th chapter Rev. Statutes is necessary in order to secure in the assessment of taxes a more equal distribution of the public burdens among the citizens of this commonwealth, so far as it relates to the personal property that each may possess agreeably to the spirit and letter of the constitution.

On motion of Mr. Bloncherd, of Lowell, that the committee on probate and chancery consider the subject of providing for the conveyance of the real estate of minors and others at private sale in certain cases.

Wednesday, Jan 21.

In SENATE, Mr Borden, from the committee on manufactures, reported bills to incorporate the Bay State Mills for the manufacture of woolens in Methuen, with a capital of $1,000,000, and the Atlantic Cotton Mills at Methen, capital $2,000,000, and to increase the capital stock of the Lowell Manufacturing Company, by adding the sum of $900,000.

The committee appointed to consider what disposition should be made of the State map, reported that the clerk distribute two copies to each member of the council and legislature, and to the secretary, treasurer, and adjutant general, ten copies to the governor and lieutenant governor, and fifty copies to the secretary, for public institutions.

An order passed appointing Messrs Stone and Rising on the part of the Senate, to be joined, to consider the expediency of repealing all provisions of law for the support of state papers.

In the HOUSE. Petitions presented—of Harvey Danks and others, of Springfield, for an alteration of of the constitution and laws, so that a plerality of votes shall elect, and also that sheriffs, judges of probate, clerks of courts, registers of probate, coroners, and district attorneys be elected by the people, and that the term of office be five years—of Willis Philips and others for incorporation as the Springfield Water Power Company—of Newell A. Thompson and others for incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Massachusetts.

Mr Wales, of Boston, from the committee on claims, reported a resolve granting $50 a year for ten years to William Kidder. Ordered to a second reading.

The resolve in favor of William C. Reed, wounded by the bursting of a musket at a military muster, was ordered to a third reading.

☞ Judge Story used to relate the following pleasant story, concerning himself:

"When I came here to Cambridge," said he, "to occupy the station which I now hold, my friends thought proper to greet me with a public dinner, which was served up with a good deal of parade in a large room adjoining the post-office; where there was, as is not uncommon on such occasions, a great deal of noise, and a good while continued. I supposed it probable that there was not a man, woman or child in this small village who did not know of this merry-making, and the occasion of it, particularly as I had occupied a seat upon the Bench in Boston for sixteen years previously, and passed sentences of death and imprisonment upon numerous convicts. The bustle and noise being over, and having pursued my avocation as lecturer on law in this place for about two months, I had occasion one day to call at the post-office and inquire for *Judge Story.* "*Judge who?*" inquired the postmaster. *Judge Story,* I replied with some emphasis. "*Judge Story! Judge Story!*" reiterated the postmaster, "*who is Judge Story?* *I never heard of him before.*"

MOTHER WIT. A stingy husband threw off the blame of the lawlessness of his children in company, by saying his wife always "gives them her own way." "Poor things," was her prompt response' "it's all I have to give them!"

☞ The principal feature in the action of a remedy for the cure of Consumption must be such, that while it is busy in performing that difficult duty it should not irritate or distress, but on the contrary should have the most soothing effect possible. The state of the patient will not admit of any rough treatment; it should be as mild as it is efficient. These advantages are thoroughly combined in Mr Brinkerhoff's Health Restorative. Its action is speedy, safe, and easy, giving that sense of comfort to the patient so desirable in these distressing lung complaints where it is used.

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Jan. 19, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—350 Beef Cattle, 850 Sheep and 50 Swine. 70 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—A small advance only was effected. We quote extra 5 25 @ 5 37½; first quality 4 75 @ $5; second $4 25 @ 4 50; third 3 50 @ $4.

Sheep—Sales at 1 50, 2 25, [illegible] and $4 50.

Swine—No lots sold. At retail from 4½ to 6c.

LOWELL MARKET—THURSDAY, Jan. 22.

[WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.]

Apples per barrel	$2 00 @ 3 00
Beans per bushel	1 50 @ 2 00
Butter per pound	18 @ 20
Beets per bushel	50
Beef per pound	4½ @ 5
Cheese per pound	7 @ 9
Chesnuts	2 00
Cabbage per dozen	50 @ 60
Chickens per pound	8 @ 9
Cranberries per bushel	2 50 @ 3 00
Eggs per dozen	20 @ 22
Hay	22 @ 24
Lard per pound	9 @ 10
Lamb per pound	4 @ 5
Mutton per pound	4 @ 6
Onions per bushel	50
Pork per pound—fresh	5½ @ 5
Potatoes per bushel	55 @ 66
Pears per bushel	1 00 @ 1 50
Squashes per hundred pound	1 50 @ 1 75
Quinces	1 50 @ 2 00
Turnips per bushel	25 @ 30
Turkeys per pound	8 @ 9
Veal per pound	4 @ 6
Wood per cord—White Pine $3½—Hard do.	4 50 @ 5 —Oak and Walnut 5 50 @ 6 50.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by these empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. n&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Rt. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convinient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents anxious. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED !!

Consumptives, Beware of Imostion !

Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit. Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND OF WILD CHERRY, the first ever introduced to an American public, the only one prepared by a regular physician, and the only certain cure for Consumption in all its stages—The best remedy known to the world for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, liver complaint, difficulty of breathing, palpitation of the heart, and diseases of the lungs and breast. The genuine is only prepared by DR SWAYNE, N. W. corner 8th and Race Streets., Philadelphia. The only agents for Lowell, are C. S. Eastman, corner of Mer'k and Central Sts.; G. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall; Walker & Kidder, corner Mer'k and John sts. ly21—6m

MARRIED,

In this city, Jan. 18th, by Rev Mr Potter, Mr Reuben Moore to Miss Betsey Cummings.

In Carlisle, Mr William Farrar to Miss Lydia Green.

In Pepperell, Mr Samuel A. Adams to Miss Varitana T. Wright.

In Harvard, Mr George W. Davis, of Shirley, to Miss Lorena E. Warner.

DIED,

In Dracutt, Jan. 10th, Simeon Eugene, child of Simeon and Jennette Marshall, 10 mos.

In Pepperell, Jan. 17th, Isabella Thirza, daughter of David and Thirza Green, aged 7½ years.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces !—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8¼.

The entertainments will commence with the celebrated Nautical Drama, in two acts (written by Douglas Jerrold, Esq.,) entitled

BLACK EYED SUSAN: or, *All in the Downs.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Clarke, Aikins, Smith, Miss Mary St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

In the course of the Drama, Mrs Merryfield will daoce a Fancy Hornpipe.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Vaudeville by J Buckstone, esq.,—called the

DEAD SHOT!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Wyatt, Tenoy, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan20

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find epistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.,
jan22 Agent for Copid.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN insolvency before Josiah G. Abbott, esquire, Master in Chancery,—in the matter of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said county, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor. To all whom it may concern—The subscriber having been appointed Assignee of said Champion, all persons indebted are hereby notified to pay any sums due said Champion, and to deliver all property in their hands belonging to said Champion's estate to said Assignee, without further notice. The second meeting of the creditors of said estate will be held before said Abbott, Master in Chancery, at his office, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will apply for his discharge.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell, January 21, 1846. 3tjan22

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Local Loirterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. jan22

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing cnppored Ship MONSOON, *Paine*, master, will be ready to light freight on Monday, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j22

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. j22

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF NANCY S. WATSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, single woman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Watson will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Watson will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan30 E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Grand Musical Entertainment.

— FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY. —

MR DEMPSTER has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give a Grand Concert at *WENTWORTH'S HALL*, on THURSDAY EVENING, January 22nd., 1846, on which occasion he will give a choice selection of his Songs and Ballads, including his new and popular Cantata, entitled "*The May Queen*," a Song of Three Parts—poetry by Alfred Tennyson, esq.

PROGRAMME....PART FIRST.

1. Song—The spot where I was born, Barnett.
2. When the Night Wind bewaileth, or Never More. (Words by Epes Sargent, esq.) Dempster.
3. Scottish Ballad—John Andersun my Jo. (Words by Burns.)
4. Song—The Lonely Auld Wife.

[It was formerly the custom in some parts of Scotland, when one of an aged couple died, to leave the chair which the deceased used to occupy, in its accustomed corner, until the survivor should also follow to join its former occupant in the world of spirits.]

5. Song—A Home in the Heart.—[Words by Eliza Cook.) Dempster.
6. Song—The Blind Boy.—(Words by Miss Gould:) "
7. Ballad—Lament of the Irish Emigrant.—(Written by Mrs Blackwood.) "

PART SECOND.

1. Song—The Indian Hunter—(Words by Eliza Cook.) "Oh, why does the white man follow my path?" Dempster.
2. Ballad—My Nannie, O.—(Burns.)
3. Song—Let us love one another.—(Words by Cha's. Swain.) Dempster.
4. Scottish Ballad—Tak yer Auld Cleak about ye.
5. Song—A man's a man for a' that.
6. Ballad—The loved one was not there. Dempster.
7. Cantata—The May Queen. "

A song in three parts—written by Alfred Tennyson, esq. Part I. The Eve of May Part II. New-Year's Eve. Part III. Return of Spring. [This song represents the gradual decay of a young and beautiful girl who is carried to the grave by consumption.]

☞ Tickets 25 cents each: To be obtained of Mr Metcalf, at his office (Merrill & Heywood,s); at Mr Bixby's; at the Merrimack and American Houses, and at the door on the evening of Concert. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. jan20

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and domeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wrongfully suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched to boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL,"

and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN St., Lowell. a1yjan22

Dog Lost.

A BROWN Spaniel Dog, with a chain round his neck bearing his name, "CARLO," and the initials "O. C. E. E." Whoever will return said dog, or give information at this office where he may be found, shall be suitably rewarded. jan15

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Gco. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Varis, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Monson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abrahnm Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyrk,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

THE undersigned, a committee in behalf of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation, respectfully represent that it became necessary for the construction of their Railroad, to take a portion of the land belonging to the Middlesex Turnpike Corporation, near Newfield Eddy, so called, and for that purpose the said Turnpike Corporation by their deed, dated the 20th day of July, A. D., 1837, conveyed to said Railroad Corporation all of that part of their Turnpike road lying between Biscuit Bridge, so called, in Tyngsborough, and the tavern house owned by William Adams, in Chelmsford, with the franchise privilege and appurtenances, including the Toll-house and lands connected therewith,—That since that time we have faithfully maintained and kept said Turnpike road in repair, and have taken tolls thereon. But that the business and management of said Turnpike road is so separate and distinct from the Railroad that it is attended with much inconvenience to them, besides expense and trouble to travellers; Wherefore, they pray, that they may be allowed and authorised to surrender the franchise and be relieved from the same, retaining the Toll-house and land connected therewith and so much land as is necessary for their Railroad, not exceeding six rods wide.

DANIEL ABBOTT, CHARLES F. GOVE, } Committee of the N. & L. Railroad Corporation.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Jan'y. 17, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, *Ordered*, That the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition with this Order thereon, to be served on the clerks of the towns of Tyngsborough and Chelmsford, and published three times in the Lowell Courier and Lowell Advertiser, the service to be ten days, and the last publication three days, at least, before the second day of February next, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.
CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 17, 1846.

Concurred.
CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy: Attest.
3tj20 CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD, JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.
Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of LORENZO P. CLIFFORD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Clifford will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Clifford will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

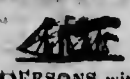
Per order of said Master in Chancery.
3tjan15 PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Rooms to Let!

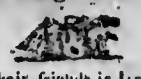
THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.
Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat.

The JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	The CONCORDIA.
" WASH'TON IRVING,"	" COLUMBIANA.
" ANGLO SAXON,	" St. PETERSBURG
" SUNBEAM.	" GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage; which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harndon & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. ndv3mjan17

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,
GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madyjan13

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gloden* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *known empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will unhesitatingly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.
Lowell, November, 1845. a&pnan1yjan20

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mfd&nplec20

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On FRIDAY, Jan'y. 23d, at 2, p.m., I shall sell the entire stock of rich and valuable Dry Goods at Store 51, Merrimack Street, lately occupied by Hutchins & Blake. Rich light and dark Silks; Cashmere and Silk Shawls (retail from 5 to 20 dollars) Edinboro; Berage; De Laine, other Shawls and Hdkfs.; Thibet cloths; Alpines; Alpacas; 2000 yds. Rept Cashmere; Cashmere de Cosse, and De Laines; 300 yds prints; a splendid assortment super bleached and brown damask cloths and napkins; 5000 yds prints and patches; Ticking; bleached Cottons; Hosiery; Gloves, and numerous other articles. To be sold to close the concern. Purchasers will find this the best chance of the season.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to
SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks: O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On THURSDAY next, Jan. 22, at 2 o'clock, p. m., great sale of Watches, &c., direct from the importer, such as full jeweled English gold and silver patent levers, full jeweled anchor levers, horizontal and duplex do., heavy double bottom silver English verge watches, gold chains, &c., &c. Sale positive, to reimburse advances. The goods may be seen the morning of the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, cheese-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Forbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tejan15

To the Public.

THE undersigned begs leave most respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he has purchased of the Messrs. KIMBALLS, the extensive and valuable collection, comprising the Lowell Museum, which has been thoroughly renovated and put in perfect order during the past week, preparatory to re-opening on MONDAY next, Dec. 8th.

Believing an orderly and well regulated Museum, in connection with some moral and rational evening amusements, would be approved and sustained by an intelligent, liberal and discerning public, he pledges himself to spare no pains nor expense to make the Lowell Museum a place of innocent amusement and instruction, every way acceptable to the people of Lowell and deserving of their patronage and encouragement.
dec6 N. F. GATES.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.
aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS.
January 1st, 1846. 3wndyjan3

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by
WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misadvdec6 near head of Pawtucket Falls.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.
C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3wndyjan3

"The Tongue is a Fire."

GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very needful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3



Fall Fashion.



FALL style gents Hats will be introduced THIS DAY at A. GILBERT, jr.'s, No 33, Central st.
Lowell, Aug. 20th, 1845. aug

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES.

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance, has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, as the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear, and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhoea of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhoea, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, la St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dueabury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Berber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollistoo, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexingtoo, Wm. H. Smith; Littletoe, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletchar; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Peppercll, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Wiethrope Robinson, Weshington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilsno; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Keadall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, onture's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of theenlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influence of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as corvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereax, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between I. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, lumule complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertized extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (usually) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their owe intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholise; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will odore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing noy but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented of or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aulatf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a28

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tflec23 47, Merrimack Street.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tsept28

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at No. 2, *Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Cadringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tubby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, Indin Bandonnae, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 6, 1845. rags3

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and sordid dechimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those frantic attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to promptly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of our best brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 17½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertized as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would have no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, ie the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Miss., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description come out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.; Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1yeov3

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present anthushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jen's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. m13A&eow

laira one day, Carden said: 'Decatur, your ships are good enough, and you are a clever set of fellows; but what practice have you had in war? There's the sub. One of these days we will probably have a "brush" together, and if I catch your ship at sea, I will knock her into a cocked hat, Stephen.' 'Will you,' says Decatur; *'I will bet you a hat on it.'* The bet was agreed on, and the conversation changed.

"But a few months elapsed ere the war that had been threatening commenced, and the two Capulus, by some singular coincidence, *met*. The results of the action are known. Capt. Carden, on going on board of the United States, was received by a lieutenant at the gangway, to whom he tendered his sword. 'Not to me, sir,' said the officer, 'but to the Captain. 'And where is the Captain?' said the embarrassed Englishman. 'He is standing aft there; that is the gentleman, sir, in a tarpaulin hat and round jacket.'

"Carden went aft, and his feelings on meeting, under such circumstances, his old friend, may be imagined. As he offered his sword to Decatur, that officer said, 'No, Carden, I never take the sword of a brave man; you have fought gallantly; but,' said he, laying his hand on the other's shoulder, 'I will *take that hat*, my dear fellow.'

"In transferring to the United States the suite of Captain Carden, a fine band was included. In the afternoon, when dinner was announced in the cabin, Captain Carden said to Decatur, 'those musicians are very skilful, and I have always had them on deck while at my dinner.' 'Very well,' said Decatur, 'we will have them up.' The band was ordered on deck to play, and Com. Decatur was asked what air he would like to hear. 'Let them play "Britannia Rules the Waves,"' said he, with a sly laugh."

EXTRACTS FROM FLETCHER WEBSTER'S LECTURES ON CHINA.

CHINESE SCHOLAR.

Having reached Canton, my first business was to find a Tartar, and by the help of Dr. Parker, one was at last procured, who undertook to instruct us. He was not a native Tartar, but a Chinese scholar, a tall, good looking, intellectual person, and I argued very favorably of our success with him. I noticed on his first arrival, there was an appearance of mystery and concealment. The Chinese who introduced him seemed very anxious. There was a whispering and shutting of doors; and a great many injunctions, apparently, and assurances, exclamations and gestures. However, we sat down to our task at last, and got through the alphabet. The next day, agreeable to appointment, he came again, and there was the same closing of doors, and looking behind and around, and springing up, if any one entered, and, in short, such a mystery about the whole thing, as if we were conspirators in some plot. I observed he was nervous and much agitated, hardly able to command himself, and laboring evidently under some very great excitement. He jumped up at any noise, as though he apprehended imminent danger, or some one was about to spring upon him behind. However, we got through our lesson. The next day he was missing at the appointed time.—The day following he appeared; and with more perturbation than ever. He could hardly speak or stand. He had grown haggard, his eyes were sunken and staring. Never certainly was mortal fear of something, I did not know what, more plainly depicted upon a man's face, than on his. He was accompanied by Dr. Parker's attendant. They entered carefully and softly, closed and fastened the door, made sure that no one was in the room; and then his friend, in a low tone, told me the nature of the case.

He was afraid of losing his head for coming to teach a foreigner Mantchoe. He begged me to receive back my money, which he brought in his hand, and let him go. He could not come again. He told me and I believe it, that he was on the point of taking poison to rid himself of his trouble. That he had eaten no rice, and taken no sleep since he first came.—He expected every moment to be siezed by the Mandarins, and carried off to be beheaded.

There was no arguing with him, no comforting or assuring him; and the only thing to be done was to discharge him and let him go.

We were more fortunate afterwards, and found two thorough bred Tartars, who had no fear of Mandarins, and who remained with us, long after all idea of going to Pekin was abandoned.

A CHINESE VILLA.

While at Canton, I had the pleasure to visit a country seat belonging to a distinguished Chinese gentleman, Duke Pwon. (Dr. Parker had the kindness to invite him to meet me at dinner, and the invitation was the consequence.) Duke Pwon, as he was treated while we were in China, but more generally known as Puntinqua, is a short stout person of forty years of age. His movements were very quick and monkey like. He seemed to be uneasy with his feet on the ground, and to went, to lift them up on his chair. He helped himself, with his own knife and fork, to everything he could reach. Told us he had the salt rheum, and pulled up his sleeve to show his arm. He showed us the game played with fingers, practiced also in Italy, a drinking pastime not unemosing. I do not wish to describe Duke Pwon under a disagreeable aspect. He was extremely civil, and we afterwards saw much of him. At first one is not pleased with such manners, but a little custom goes far to reconcile the mind to anything. His villa, called Pantong, is situated on the river, about three miles above Canton. It has about 100 acres in extent, in the middle of peddy fields, covered with water.—The approach to it is along a canal leading from the river. There are several houses, and detached out buildings, which make up the ville. Long wooden bridges, such as we see represented on dinner plates, connect the various buildings, which are all built on piles, of a sort of glazed brick. The main house is perhaps sixty feet square, two stories high, with numerous apartments. The large drawing room is handsome and handsomely furnished. In the rear of this building is a theatre, the stage fronting the windows of the back drawing-room. Between the two buildings is a fish pond, an indispensable requisite in a Chinese country place. On nights of performance long poles are thrust into the mud at the bottom of the pond, with lanterns at their tops. There was an aviary made of wire, filled with gold and silver pheasants of extreme beauty. A tame deer, two beautiful adjutants, and a monkey, made up the collection of animals.—There were no grounds or gardens, being a place built on a shallow pond, and artificially raised above the level of the water; the only walks were wooden bridges. The general appearance was pleasing, but there was nothing like what we call comfort.

THE CHINESE CARRIERS.

There are no beasts of burden, except a few buffaloes to plough the rice fields, in all the lower part of China. The population is too dense to allow the predactions of the earth to be used for the support of beasts. Every thing is done by human labor. There is no wheeled vehicle in Canton. I doubt if there are in all the lower part of the empire. Further north they use chariots and wagons, driven by mules. Thus Milton says—

"Where Chinese drive
With wind and sail, the carry-wagon light."

Besides the four or five horses used by the English gentlemen at Macao; half a dozen ponies in all, not more, certainly.

BOUNTY TO FISHERMEN. Last week 163 checks were drawn by the Collector of the port of Barnstable on Marcus Morton, Collector of Boston amounting to $35,730.46

This week, 10 checks, 2,033.59

Whole amount to January 8th, 37,764.05

☞ The news from England had a favorable influence upon our "fancy" stock market, and movements of stocks generally, as its complexion was deemed and taken to be decidedly pacific. [Boston Post.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 24, 1846.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER HIBERNIA.

22 days later from England.

The news brought by the Hibernia is of the greatest importance. It will have a favorable effect upon the business of the country, which has been somewhat injuriously affected by the war panic, as there seems to be no disposition on the part of the English, so far as we can judge by the tone of the press, to favor the war spirit; though so far as the government is concerned, its views are a matter of entire uncertainty. They still show that they are somewhat sensitive at being failed in their Texas intrigues, and that they sympathize with Mexico, or rather, that they have no sympathy with us in our relations with that distracted country. They speak favorably of Mr Polk's message in relation to the tariff, and against the part that touches the Oregon question. The strongest regret is expressed by some of the English journals, that their government had not met Mr Polk's liberal policy by throwing open their ports to our grain free of duty.—The Peel Ministry has resigned—Lord John Russell attempted to form a new government, and failed—and Peel again resumed the government.

To give our readers as correct an idea as possible of the effect of the President's message upon the British, particularly the Oregon and tariff portions of it, we make extracts which we find in Willmer & Smith's European Times, from several of the leading English papers.

Willmer & Smith say:—

"The country has been astounded by the sudden resignation of the Peel Ministry—one of the strongest executive governments that ever swayed its destiny; by the assumption of power on the part of Lord John Russell and the principal members of the late Whig Cabinet—followed, almost immediately, by its abandonment, and by the re-installation of Sir Robert Peel, minus two or three of his former colleagues—the whole forming the strangest anomaly in the punctilio of "cabinet-making" that has occurred in England during the present, or, indeed, any former generation.

This change appears the more extraordinary, from the fact that his future policy is as much a matter of speculation as the new comet—even more undefined, undeveloped. Nobody knows what Peel will do, but every one has confidence in Peel—a singular proof of the hold which one powerful mind has over the sympathies and the prospects of millions of people. The London Examiner wittily observes, in reference to this prevailing feeling, "The beauty of the present juncture is, that nobody knows what Sir Robert Peel is going to do, and yet every body is satisfied that he is the man to do it—*nobody knows what.*"

The cause of the resignation of Peel, the failure of Lord John to form a new government, and its resumption by Peel, are wholly unknown.

"When Lord John Russell threw up his cards, there was no alternative but to send for Peel; and the most extraordinary move in this drama of cabinet making is, that he felt as little apparent hesitation in resuming his old office, as he evinced promptness in throwing it up. His resumption of power immediately made itself felt in every branch of trade. Confidence, which had been shattered by the railway panic, became paralyzed when it was known that Peel was out; the markets fell, the funds sunk, business was suspended, and a gloom, a mist, hung over the commercial and trading world. These evils are fast subsiding with the causes which called them into existence.

We need hardly trouble our readers with the thousand-and-one rumors which prevail respecting the future policy of the Premier. Some assert that the reconstruction of his Cabinet involved a compromise with his colleagues; that instead of a total repeal of the Corn-laws, which the whigs showed their incapacity to carry, Sir Robert is to propose a fixed duty of twelve shillings, or six shillings, per quarter—the figures have a wide margin in the mouth of Madame Rumor—to be decreased by a shilling or two shillings per annum, until it expires in the course of six or ten years, as the case may be. Others say that a permanent duty of three shillings a quarter, with compensation to the landowner, enters into the new policy. All this is so purely conjectural, that we mention it as a proof of the absence of correct information, and of the diversity of opinion that prevails. Nothing definite will, in all probability, be known until the meeting of Parliament. Every possible precaution will be taken to prevent the secrets of the Cabinet from oozing out, as they did when the London Times published them a month ago."

The following is from the London Times:

"Oregon is the subject which the almost fanatical interest with which it has been agitated by the States, and its consequent bearings on the peace of the world, render the most prominent in the address. The long and animated comments of the American press show how little disposed the citizens have hitherto been to 'let off' the President on this painful and delicate subject. What is actually said is neither more nor less than what a million voices have dictated and we have long known. It need not augment the terrors of the European alarmist, and it certainly will not change the resolves or add to the preparations of the British Cabinet. It is already resolved and prepared.

"The terms of the message imply, then, the alternative of war, or conclusive negotiation. War is too monstrous to be thought of for a moment, except after every effort at a compromise has been exhausted. Britain and America must be too sensible of their mutual benefits, mutual dependence, and mutual respect, to peril the substantial blessings they now enjoy, and are daily multiplying in the relations of peace, for the bloody and precarious glories of war. It is all but impossible that two great and kindred nations, after healing so wide a breach, and helping one another to so great a common prosperity, should become again mutual and unnatural destroyers for a mere point of honor, for a remote wilderness, separated from both by a journey of many months, by stormy seas, and almost impassable rocks and deserts."

The London Examiner of Dec. 27 says:

"The message of the American President turns out not to be the very dreadful thing which people expected. Mr Polk has evidently become more moderate, in language at least. He may still breathe the spirit of the 'Far West,' but he has modified his words. He has abandoned the fiery for the ratiocinating, the imperative for the persuasive, the monitory for the didactic. Instead of claiming what he will most positively do with the Oregon, he very circumstantially narrates the negotiations that have taken place on the subject, and winds up by saying, that although, in his opinion, notice ought to be given for putting an end to the convention of mutual tolerance and neutrality, yet he leaves the matter to Congress, and will abide by its decision. * * * *

"With respect to the Oregon, whoever will take the trouble of opening a map will see at once how very diminutive a portion of territory lies between the offers of each country. The Americans offer the 49th parallel. The British propose the line of the Columbia from where it meets that parallel, offering, in addition, the large peninsula contained between the Pacific and Admiralty Inlet. Of the whole disputed tract, between the Columbia and the 49th parallel, this forms the one-fourth in extent and certainly three-fourths in importance. It forms, with the exception of the free navigation of the Columbia, the only point of the disputed territory worth having or worth carrying about. When two great nations have come so very near to an agreement, and left such very little space between their proposals, it would be quite absurd and preposterous to suppose that they could quarrel. Whatever may be thought of our own claims, and we have not been disposed to hold them beyond *all* doubt, yet considering the point to which negociations have proceeded, the future object is to conclude them with honor; and after the full disclosure by President Polk of the offers made by the British Government in 1826 and in 1844, the point of honor ought to be no more difficult to adjust than the line of frontier.

The political economy of the Message offers a pleasing contrast with its politics. It is as large as its diplomacy is narrow, and treats the prohibitionists of the North with as little ceremony as the diplomatic portion of it does M. Guizot or Sir Robert Peel. The President's statement of the financial case is clear and irrefragable. A duty for revenue he declares to be necessary and good. But a duty ceases to be merely for revenue, when the augmentation of the rate diminishes the receipt of the customs. He denounces *protection* as the robbing of Peter to pay Paul, and denies that manufactering products have more right to the title of *industry* than agricultural ones. * * *

How lamentable is it that we have not already responded to such an advance on the part of America, by flinging our ports open to its corn, with the prospect of their remaining permanently so? Both people might then defy their Governments to quarrel for a barren frontier."

The Manchester Guardian of Dec. 24, says—

"Whatever faults the message may have in reference to the Oregon dispute, there is one part of it which will be read in this country with unmixed satisfaction. We allude to the recommendation to place the tariff upon a footing more consonent with the principles of free-trade. The president, in the strongest and most explicit terms, condemns all duties imposed for any other purpose than that of providing revenue; and suggests the propriety of abolishing all specific duties and forced valuations, and levying taxes only upon an actual and moderate *ad valorem* rate. If he should be able to carry out his views on this subject, and the English government should succeed in effecting a satisfactory adjustment of the corn-laws, we trust that the feelings of hostility and distrust which now prevail on both sides of the Atlantic will be much diminished; and that the settlement of disputed boundaries will be very greatly facilitated. Neither to England nor to the United States is Oregon worth the profits of six month' unrestricted traffic between them; and we trust that this is a truth which both will discover and act upon, within the twelve months which remain for the settlement of the question."

The London Times of Dec. 24, is rather spleeny in its comments upon Mr Polk's message so far as relates to the annexation of Texas. It says:—

"The annexation of Texas is treated as a matter of history, and at the same time with that brevity of recollection in which the short-lived dictators of the Union are so tempted to indulge. Texas, no matter how, was independent, the states of Europe acknowledged it, Mexico herself at last acknowledged it, tho' with an offensive and impertinent condition, and too late to answer her purpose. The citizens, whoever, whatever, or whenever they might be, desired annexation, and, on the great principle of self-government, had a right to be governed as they liked. With the same sweet oblivion of Texan antiquities, the interference of Great Britain and France is treated as simply an attempt to maintain a balance of power against the encroachments of the Talon. It is asserted to be the indefensible right and duty of the American, not only to resist European interference, but to be utterly deaf to to the suggestions of European discretion and humanity.

IRELAND.

The present state of Ireland is still most unsettled—outrages and murders not abated. The repeal association continues its weekly meetings, and the projection of railways and other works are among the more prominent and important events that have lately occurred therein. The repeal association, at its meeting on the 15th ult., was attended by Mr. O'Connell, who made a long speech, in the course of which he pledged himself to support the Corn Law league, in the efforts to receive foreign grain into these kingdoms.

The following resolutions were passed. They emphatically show the determination of the repealers:

"1. That it is the sacred and imperative duty of the constituencies of Ireland to return as representatives none but repealers, members of this association, at the ensuing elections.

"2. That every constituency that shall elect, and every individual voter that shall support a non-repealer, where a repeal candidate may start, shall be deemed guilty of treason to Ireland."

FRANCE.—*Paris, Dec. 30.* This day his majesty Louis Philippe opened the session of the French chambers with the usual formalities. His majesty left the Tuileries in grand procession, accompanied by several high officers of state, functionaries of his household, the prefects of police and the Seine, several generals, admirals and others, and very many persons holding high offices in different departments. On arriving at the chamber, the king was received by a deputation of peers and deputies, and accompanied by them to the foot of the throne, an usher previously announcing the king. The chamber of deputies was crowded by deputies, foreign ambassadors, and persons of distinction, all of whom rose as the king entered. Having ascended to the throne, the king bowed to the assemblage. He then seated himself, put on his hat, and delivered a most gracious speech.

The news on the whole, is quite as favorable as could be expected. But it is very evident the British press effects to treat rather lightly and as of little importance, the great question that has already somewhat agitated both countries. The English affect to believe that Mr. Polk will not be backed up by Congress in his Oregon views. In this they are mistaken. But as Mr. Polk's recommendations will lead to negotiation there can be no great chance for war.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Jan. 20.

IN SENATE, Mr Hannegan, of Indiana, submitted an amendment and addition to the bill reported by Mr Fairfield, to build ten additional war steamers out of two millions which may be received from the sales of the public lands.

Mr Allen gave notice that on Friday he would ask leave to introduce resolutions respecting foreign interference in the affairs of the independent nations of this continent.

Mr Sturgeon, of Pa., presented a memorial from citizens of Pennsylvania, against any compromise of the Oregon line, and claiming the whole territory up to 54° 40'.

The Senate then went into executive session.

In the HOUSE, Mr Hamlin, chairman of the committee on elections, moved to take up the resolutions reported from that committee in relation to the Floride contested election.

The report and resolutions of the majority of the committee give the seat to Mr Brockenbrough; the contestant, whilst the report of the minority declare Mr Cabell, the sitting member, to have been elected.

The resolutions were taken up, and the clerk directed to read the reports from the majority and minority of the committee.

TWO BOSTON SHIPS LOST. The Hibernia brings intelligence of the loss by wreck of the ship Surat, Capt. Pierce, from Manila for Boston, off Anjier—crew saved. Said to be insured in State street for $80,000. Owned by R. G. Shaw & Co.

Ship Neptune of this port, owned by Nobla & Sturdevant, from Stockholm for New York, was abandoned at sea, and the crew picked up on the second ult by the ship Henry, Capt. Noyes, from New Orleans for Havre, where they arrived on the 15th.

The stern of a vessel, bearing the name "Howard of Savannah," was picked up in Fishguard Bay.—There were thirty or forty persons seen on her deck just previous to her going to pieces, who must have perished. No assistance could be rendered. [Transcript.

"THE UNIVERSAL YANKEE NATION." The Knickerbocker has the following jeu d'esprit, evidently intended as "a touch at the times," and being a somewhat successful one:

It is harder than a Chinese puzzle to put your finger on a bit of territory, disputed or undisputed, where the Yankee-Doodle is not. If you go to Land's End, he is there; to Mount Ararat, he is there; to Chimborazo, Himalaya, the Mountains of the Moon, or the Pyramid of Cheops, he is there; any where, in fine, where an ark, a dove, a camal, or sneka, can arrive, by their several faculties; bartering, scratching, his name on trees, and stones, and African slaves. He knows the whole map of the ancient dominions of Prester John, and every nook and corner of Monomotapa, and he is hand-in-glove with all the savages in the world. He has been to Ishabue until he has scraped it perfectly clean; and if your English trader has discovered a new bank of Guano, and is getting ready to fire a gun or two and take possession of it in the name of her majesty, imagine his concernment to discover a dozen of these fellows twenty feet deep in a Guano cavern, scooping it out with their fingers, and a Bangor schooner bauncing up and down in a little cove like a duck among bulrushes. Now if you walk on the sea shore of Bildsruxa, you will find that you are not the first there, perhaps to your great sorrow, as captain Rix swore violently when in walking thro' the streets of Rundown, at the very limits of the dominions of Prince Pampadelle, in Africa, he heard a sharp whistler going through the tune of "Yankee Doodle," with an easy execution and a devilish unconcern, which threw him at once into a casst fuver. And just so it was with the poor soul who discovered Bimpez, and was just uncorking a bottle of Madeira in commemoration of the event, when he saw a Yankee on the hill-side administering the cold water pledge to three natives.

THE FIRE. By the fire (of which we gave a hasty account on Thursday) Messrs. BENT & BUSH lost, according to their estimate, $3,500—of which, as we stated, $2,500 was insured at the Lowell mutual office. The building (now owned by Nathaniel Wright, Esq.) was insured at the same office for $2,500. The building was good deal damaged—the inside work from cellar to third story, being nearly destroyed. The insurance fully covers it, however.

Deerborne's building was but little injured.

The principal sufferers are Bent & Bush and Mrs. Morgan, who kept a boarding house in the second story. The furniture of Mrs. M.'s house was a good deal damaged by water and by removal. Our citizens, however, have contributed liberally to replace her loss.

The firemen worked manfully. The force pumps of some of our factories were put in requisition and made drowning work of it in short metre.

WITHDRAWN. Messrs Brooks and Miner, pastors of the first and second Universalist churches in this city, have withdrawn from the editorial department of the "Star of Bethlehem," the organ of the denomination here. This withdrawal is the result of the controversy which has been some time going on between Messrs Minor and Brooks, on the one side, and Mr Smith, pastor of the third church, on the other. Messrs Smith and Jaques are now the editors of the "Star."

This has been an unfortunate controversy, and must be deeply regretted by the denomination in this city.

ORDERS OF NOTICE. More orders of notice, says the Post, have been reported up to this date, in the Legislature of this State, than were ever before issued during a like number of days from the commencement of the session, in any former year. The number of memorials, petitions, remonstrances, and orders of instruction to committees &c., is also unusually large. If the business increases at the present rate, the current session of the general court will be one of the most laborious ever known.

SOUP FOR THE BOARDERS. A few years ago, when the Soup Societies were in operation, an Irish woman came to one of the places of distribution and asked for soup; two quarts were given her, together with a loaf of bread, which was a regular allowance for a day. About noon she made her appearance again, and asked for four quarts of soup. Says the man in attendance, "I think you have been here before this morning?" "Ah, yis, but hev'nt I taken some boarders since?"

RATHER SEVERE. A mad wag out of sport sent last week to one of his female friends a box of "*Lucifer* matches." The next time they met, the lady coldly thanked her friend for his useful gift. The donor was not a little surprised to find himself thus detected, and naturally inquired, "Why, what makes you attribute the gift to me?" "Because," she instantly replied, "I found your *name* upon it." [Boston Transcript.

POLICE COURT.

JUDGE LOCKE UPON THE BENCH.

Jan. 23.

Ann Thomas—for being a common drunkard—three months house of correction.

Michael Duffey for assault and battery on Owen Mehen, fined $10 and costs.

YOUNG MEN'S TEMPERANCE PIC-NIC. The Young Men's T. & M. R. Society propose to hold a Temperance pic-nic, at the City Hall on Thursday evening, January 29th—the proceeds to be devoted to the promotion of the cause. Donations are solicited and we hope will be liberally made.

A WINDFALL. The Kennebec Journel, that says an English estate, amounting to the small sum of about $40,000,000, is likely to fall to a gentleman named Jennings, now resident in Newcastle, Maine. It has been in chancery nearly fifty years, the interest meanwhile accumulating.

WARM WALKING. The following toast was given at a Western celebration, on the 4th of July, 1839.

"The wretch who would refuse to defend the liberties of his country—shod with lightning, may he be condemned to wander over a desert of gunpowder."

WOMAN TO BE HUNG. Mrs Van Valkenborg is sentenced to be hanged at Johnstown, N. Y., for the murder of her husband by poison. Gov. Wright's sense of public duty will not allow him to interfere, and she will be executed on the 30th inst.

ANNEXATION OF DRACUT. In the Legislature, yesterday, the petition of L. D. Boise and others, for the annexation of a part of Dracut to Lowell, was presented.

☞ The English say President Polk has a most *Pacific* look.

☞ Somebody said of a Miss Lucy of thirty-five, "She promises to be Miss Lucy *Long*!"

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, Jan. 22.

IN SENATE, Mr Hopkinson presented the first annual report of the Lexington and West Cambridge railroad corporation; the 10th annual report of the Charlestown Br. railroad; the petition of the same and Fitchburg road, for an additional act in their favor; the remonstrance of Daniel Harris and 89 others, of Acton and Concord, against petition of Joel Britton and others, for a steam mill in Concord; and several orders of notice to railroad petitioners.

Mr Freeman presented the petition of the register of probate for Barnstable county, for an increase of salary.

The committee on banks and banking reported a bill for the Berkshire Savings Bank at Pittsfield.

On motion of Mr Gray, the governor's message in relation to the sale to the government of islands in Boston harbor was taken from the table and referred to the committee on mercantile affairs and insurance.

The orders of the day were taken up on motion of Mr Barden, and the bills for the incorporation of the New Bedford Cordage Co., the Holyoke Manufacturing Co., Suffolk Sugar Refinery, and to increase the capital of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., were passed to be engrossed. Other bills were advanced a stage.

In the HOUSE, a large number of orders of notice on petitions came from the Senate and were concurred in.

Messrs Dikeman, of Northampton, Fitts of Haverhill, Ober, of Boston, Drury, of Rowe, and Newhall, of Berkley, were joined to the committee of the senate on the subject of abolishing the state pauper laws.

Orders adopted—on motion of Mr Byington of Stockbridge, that a committee be appointed to inquire and report upon the expediency of appointing commissioners to inquire into the condition of idiots in this commonwealth, to ascertain their number and what can be done for them, said commissioners to report at the next general court. Committee: Messrs Byington, of Stockbridge, Clark, of Boston, Burbank, of Lexington, Upham, of Malden, and Perry, of Dover.

On motion of Mr Wales, of Boston, that the committee on the judiciary inquire what action of this legislature is necessary to prevent the obtaining of preferences in the distribution of the estates of insolvent debtors, by means of suits in the United States courts.

On motion of Mr Sargent, of Cambridge, that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of giving the railroad commissioners the power to examine witnesses under oath.

The orders of the day were taken up. The resolve on the petition of William C. Reed was passed to be engrossed, and the resolves on the petitions of F. W. Paine, Charles Paine, and William Kidder, and authorizing the adjutant general to sell some gun-houses, &c., were ordered to a third reading.

Friday, Jan. 23,

In the SENATE, this morning, the report of the Board of Railroad Commissioners on the petition of R. M. N. Smith and others for a railroad from Chelsea to Boston, was, after an hour's discussion, ordered to be printed in concurrence.

Bills were reported to incorporate the Boston and Chelsea Iron and Screw Company, to increase the capital stock of the Framingham Bank, and the Ames Manufacturing Co. Placed in the orders of the day.

Bills to increase the capital of the Lowell Manufacturing Co., and to incorporate the Atlantic Cotton Mills, and the Bay State Mills, were severally passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, bills were reported to establish an uniform rate of toll for grinding corn, and for the government and management of Houses of Correction in certain cases, and they were placed in the orders of the day.

A report was made, that it was inexpedient to legislate on the subject of attaching a jury to Justice Courts, and of increasing the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace. Placed in the orders of the day.

Orders were passed that the special committee on the subject of the equal representation of small towns, consider the expediency of restoring to towns of more than 1200 inhabitants, the right of a fractional representation enjoyed by them previous to the passage of the present law; also of dividing the Commonwealth into representatives' districts, so as to reduce the number of the members of the House to 150; that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of appointing an Assayer of copper, iron and other ores.

A SUGGESTION FOR A NEW MORAL REFORM SOCIETY. The editor of the "Western Continent" published in Baltimore, is sometimes most amusingly sarcastic upon the 'fooleries' of the present times, and of the numerous schemes of philanthropy proposed for the good of mankind. In commenting upon the anecdote which has gone the rounds of the papers of the $7000 offered by a Chinese Mandarin for the wife of an English merchant, he remarks that it is a wonder that some of our modern philanthropists, whose sensibilities are so shocked at the social condition of the colored population of the South, do not take steps for reforming the morals of the Celestial Empire. Such a field for the exercise of their Christian labors, being even farther removed from the circle of their own concerns, they would have even less knowledge of the evils against which they warred, and might perhaps effect quite as much harm. With such moving reasons to rouse the philanthropy of a people, whose bosoms ever swell with sorrows not their own, whose mortal career is but a perpetual crusade against vice and error, we are surprised that a society has not been formed with some such name as the "*East India society for the suppression of the wife trade.*"

☞ While the crowd was gathered in Milk street, after the famous horse advanture of Monday, we incautiously remarked, in the hearing of the colonel, that the horse could not have been well trained.

"I don't know," says the colonel, "he seems to have been well *brought up.*"

We attempted to explain:—"He must be called *high bred*, at any rate, if he was *brought up in a cellar.*"

"No," persevered the colonel; "but that may account for his *celer*-ity."

Upon this the crowd dispersed without injury. [Boston Post.

We are informed that a lady at the south end went to church last Sunday, leaving the house in the care of her husband and another person. On her return, in consequence of certain discoveries which she made, she gave notice to her husband to "terminate the joint occupation" of her private apartments. [Boston Post.

A CARD.

The subscriber would tender his sincere thanks to the citizens of Lowell for their timely aid in removing his property from the late fire. Also to the several Fire Companies for their prompt and successful efforts in preventing the fire from reaching the frame buildings on Commercial street. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon this class of our fellow citizens. I cannot forbear to mention the kindness and liberality of our warm-hearted friends, A. B. French, on Central street, Mrs Boyden, on the Carpet, and others, who so profusely furnished hot coffee to our hall frozen firemen.

ETHAN BURNAP.

Jan. 23, 1846.

A CARD.

The subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the members of the Protection Fire Company and to other citizens who rendered assistance in removing and taking care of his furniture at the fire yesterday, on Central street.

WM. A. BURKE.

Jan. 23, 1846.

A CARD.

GEO. HEDRICK returns his thanks to his fellow citizens for their kind and careful assistance in removing his property, when exposed to the fire on Thursday morning last.

Jan. 23, 1846.

A CARD.

The subscribers tender their thanks to the Fire Department and their fellow citizens generally, for their kind and valuable services yesterday in endeavoring to arrest the destruction of their property.

CHARLES BENT,
FRANCIS BUSH.

Jan. 23, 1846.

LATE FROM MEXICO.

The Schr. Julia, arrived at New Orleans from Vera Cruz, brings news a few days later.

Mr Hoffman, bearer of despatches from our Minister, came a passenger.

Mr Slidell seems determined to remain in Mexico, though the government persists in refusing to recognize him.

The government was making some effort to head Paredes, though it was thought he would succeed.

Mr Parrott, Secretary of Legation, had reached the city of Mexico. There appears to be every prospect of the revolution, headed by General Paredes, proving successful. He was at the head of 9,000 men, and was rapidly approaching the capital, which the Government were making strenuous efforts to place in a position for defence, though I should not be at all surprised to see it surrendered without a blow. Puebla and the northern towns side with the Government while Vera Cruz, Tampico and Jalepe favor Paredes. The movement was commenced at Vera Cruz on the 23d ult. General Herrera had been nominated by the Chambers Supreme Dictator for the term of six months so that the operations of the government might be carried on with energy and effect.

CONGRESS—*Exciting Debate.* On Wednesday, there was a highly exciting debate in the Senate, on the bill appropriating $5,625,000 for building 10 extra war steamers. The debate arose on a motion of Mr Fairfield. Nearly all the Senators took a part in it.—Made the special order for next Tuesday.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark that it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing many more of the efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Riggins. nov4 6m

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

Notice!

THE person who was seen to take a valuable Gold Watch from the house of Mrs. Morgan, at the late fire, will do well to return the same to the subscriber *immediately*, or legal measures will be pursued.
R. LAPHAM.

Lowell, January 24, 1845.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The entertainments will commence with the celebrated Nautical Drama, in two acts (written by Douglas Jerrold, Esq.,) entitled

BLACK EYED SUSAN; or, *All in the Downs.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Clarke, Atkins, Smith, Miss Mary St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

In the course of the Drama, Mrs Merryfield will dance a Fancy Hornpipe.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Vaudeville by J Buckstone, esq.,—called the

DEAD SHOT!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Wyatt, Tenny, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

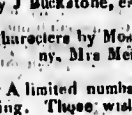
Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

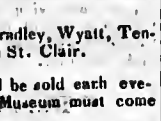
No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jun20

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM.	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs. Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. sdy3mjan17

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had in any quantity, at 28, Central street.
sep25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, fine Gold Chains, received at 40, Central st., by BARNES.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. K. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Monson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall; Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Von Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.
AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1yn&piec16

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(SHOWCROSS BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose.* By this means the apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open in his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use.*

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent, on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out for	Reduction to sum assured	Bonus in Cash	Permanent yearly Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 81	837	$ 52 32	$386 20	$60 93	$1977 29
			184	720 2	821 [illegible]	4 98	1390 6
			8 79	5 4 10	276 40	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom alone authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracut, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

Assignees' Notice

(IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.
JOHN GUERRIER, }
Lowell, Jan. 31st, 1846. jan31 3w

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

THE undersigned, a committee in behalf of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation, respectfully represent that it became necessary for the construction of their Railroad, to take a portion of the land belonging to the Middlesex Turnpike Corporation, near Benjamin Eddy, so called, and for that purpose the said Turnpike Corporation by their deed, dated the 20th day of July, A. D., 1837, conveyed to said Railroad Corporation all of that part of their Turnpike road lying between Biscuit Bridge, so called, in Tyngsborough, and the tavern house owned by William Adams, in Chelmsford, with the franchise privilege and appurtenances, including the Toll-house and lands connected therewith,—That since that time we have faithfully maintained and kept said Turnpike road in repair, and have taken tolls thereon. But that the business and management of said Turnpike road is so separate and distinct from the Railroad that it is attended with much inconvenience to them, besides expense and trouble to travellers. Wherefore, they pray, that they may be allowed and authorised to surrender the franchise and be relieved from the same, retaining the Toll-house and land connected therewith and so much land as is necessary for their Railroad, not exceeding six rods wide.

DANIEL ABBOTT, } Committee of the
CHARLES F. GOVE, } N. & L. Railroad Corporation.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Jan'y. 17, 1846.

ON the Petition aforesaid, *Ordered*, That the Petitioners cause an attested copy of their Petition with this Order thereon, to be served on the clerks of the towns of Tyngsborough and Chelmsford, and published three times in the Lowell Courier and Lowell Advertiser, the service to be ten days, and the last publication three days, at least, before the second day of February next, that all persons interested, may then appear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence.
CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 17, 1846.

Concurred.
CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy: Attest.
3t20 CHA'S. CALHOUN, Clerk of the Senate.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay"

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and wore to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worthy suspicion, the scrutiny of friends; or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that

"TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL,"

and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from a nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

De Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their mismanned medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr. Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, and if you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr. Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 8, JOHN St., Lowell. a1yjan22

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jn22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

IVORY TABLETS.—A few very beautiful Ivory Tablets, Ladies Companions, Gold Pencils, &c. &c. For sale at 29, Central st. nov15

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack at Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree, that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxative Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her care with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any one of the kind I have ever used. MARY O. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 8 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF NANCY S. WATSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, single woman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Watson will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Watson will apply for her discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan20 E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Stage Wagons, Pleasure &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JUEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. CHEEVER,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 3m50

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY, Jan'y. 26, at 2 p.m., I shall sell the entire stock of rich and valuable Dry Goods at Store 61, Merrimack street, lately occupied by Hutchins & Blake. Rich light and dark Silks—Cashmere and Silk Shawls (retail price from 5 to 20 dollars), Fallsboro, Berege de Laine, other Shawls and Hdkfs.—Thibet cloths—Alpines—Alpaccas—2000 yds. Rept Cashmere—Cashmere de Cosse and de Laines—800 yds prints—a splendid assortment super bleached and brown damask Cloths and Napkins; 8000 yds Prints and Patches—Ticking—bleached Cottons—Hosiery—Gloves, and numerous other articles. To be sold to close the concern. Purchasers will find this the best chance of the season.

Assignee's Sale—At Office.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., a lot of doors and door stuf and other lumber, and several stoves.

At 12 o'clock, same day, on the premises, the right and equity in a new house situated on the east side of Gorham street. Particulars at sale.

By order of S. C. CALEY, Assignee.
ELIJAH GLEASON.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to
SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice and been mentioned by the editors of one Agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood-lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Muck meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Farmish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr. ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica; of Mr. JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Exr.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. 1jan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office, —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought in this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

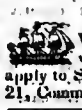
At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. j24

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND,

Gents.—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put through it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books singed, and that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes, 13,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very respectfully,
GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mndyjan19

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find pistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month.

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.
jan22 Agent for Cupid.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.
ang 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN insolvency before Josiah G. Abbott, esquire, Master in Chancery.—In the matter of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said county, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor. To all whom it may concern.—The subscriber having been appointed Assignee of said Champion, all persons indebted are hereby notified to pay any sums due said Champion, and to deliver all property in their hands belonging to said Champion's estate to said Assignee, without further notice. The second meeting of the creditors of said estate will be held before said Abbott, Master in Chancery, at his office, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at one o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims and said insolvent will apply for his discharge.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell, January 21, 1846. 3w4

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound:

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, as the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diurrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive crea tures can be hushed forever in your house or store, i you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cor. st., John Down, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Gbelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Briggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Tewksend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jnne61y

Reformed Medical Practice.

HOMEOPATHY, ANTIPATHY, AND ALLOPATHY, OR THE FIRST THREE PINCIPLES OF THEARPEUTICS (OR THE ART OF HEALING) COMBINED IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office, No. 2, Bridge Street,

Second door from Merrimack Street, Lowell. Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—" Like cures like "—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, " Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, " vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by emetic is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, " hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require. and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doleroux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively neressary, since the title (nearly) the qualities not forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, neck and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondrinsis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. This field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, serious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. jan1atf.

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK FURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 23 Central st. 23

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent dely and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.

36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundulk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction,

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg; I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased; attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Cornhill, Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, baldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep23

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Corrington's, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.

VESTINGS—Cushmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French; all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawers of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY-MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 5, 1845 tf18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM F. PAGE.

August 8, 1845.

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor, Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [novt] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING, *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Bonrds 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of instructive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Munroe, Francis & Parker*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Album—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bequet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Miss and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. 1

PROF. WILSON'S Cupid, and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at YOUNG'S Cash Store.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla.

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this trisd situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstible, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearre, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSIER, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsapoiilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pumphlets, which may be obtained of agents grutis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Corkroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what it has promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas in animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. e&p1ynov8

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present noblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wise & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 84 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Wise & Co.*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., Odell & Ayer, and by apothecaries generally. 2t m12&sep6

TRI-WEEKLY
LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 27, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 12.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sep19

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & DAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnovf

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street, Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Marrimack Street, Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hard Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Jndkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ndv3unjan1

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

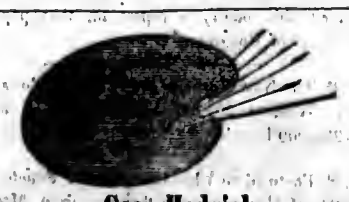
I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. aug13

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed all night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1¼ and 4¼, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfnov1

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st; 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
2½ P. M., one hour after " " "
5 P. M., in connect at this Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" " M., ... Portland

At about 5½ P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

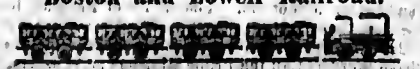
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11½ A. M.; 2, 5, 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. nov1tf

A NOCTURNAL SKETCH.

BY T. HOOD.

Even is come; and from the dark park, hark
The signal of the setting sun—one gun!
And six horns sounding from the chase, prime time
To go and see the Drury Lane Dane Shain,
Or hear Othello's jealous doubt spout out;
Denying to his frantic clutch much touch;
Or else to see Ducrow, with wide stride, ride
Four horses, as no other man can span;
Or in the small Olympic pit, sit split
Laughing at Liston while you quiz his phiz.
Night comes, and with her wings brings things,
Such as, with his poetic tongue, Young sung;
The gas up blazes with its bright white light,
And paralytic watchmen prawl, howl, growl
About the streets and take up Pall Mall Sall,
Who, trusting to her nightly jobs, robs fobs.
Now thieves to enter fur your cash, smash, crash
Past drowsy Charley, in a deep sleep, creep,
But, frightened by policeman B., three flee,
And while they're going, whisper, ah, "no go!"
Now pass, while folks are in beds, treads heads,
And sleepers waking, grumble, 'Drat that Cat!!
Who in the gutter caterwauls, squalls, mauls
Some feline foe, and screams in shrill ill will.
Now bulls of Bashan, of a prize size, rise
In childish dreams, and with a roar gore poor
Georgy, or Charles, or Billy, willy-nilly;
But nurse maid in a night-mare real, chest-pres't,
Dreameth of one of her old flames, James Gaines
And that she hears—what saith is mun's—Anne' bans
And his, from Rev'd Mr. Rice, twice thrice:
White ribbons flourish, and a stout shout out,
That upward goes shows Rose knows those bows woes!

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2. / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months on pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfawa&pnet23

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of Inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A. An invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonographic and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE.

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

From the New York Herald.

A SKETCH FROM A NOTE BOOK.

BY GRANT THORBURN.

I have some times thought that the best effusion of fun are lost to the public, through the timidity or bashfulness of some of the most refined and intellectual men and women in the country. They under-rate their own productions, and are afraid of *being* sneered at.—Though I presume not to class myself with either the intellectual or the refined—yet having seen the building of almost every house which now composes this great metropolis, I think I must have been slow, indeed, not to have learned something from the experience of the men and manners of the last half century; besides, I think it is the duty of every man and woman who knows any thing whereby they may benefit their fellows, to say so. So much for an apology.

* * * * * * * * *

In taking a retrospect while I sat in my door, in the cool of the day, I thought were I to live my life over again, I would just manage my treaty of peace with the *lasses* after the same mode and form which I pursued fifty years ago; therefore, I will describe the process, and say unto thee—"go thou and do likewise."

When I emerged from the hut wherein I first drew breath, "I looked on the daughters of men and saw that they were fair": I resolved that as soon as I could earn one shilling sterling (22 cents) per day, I would enter into co-partnership for life with one of those beautiful articles.—What God makes beautiful it is for man to admire. Perceiving by statistical tables, that the God of nature sent the same number of men and women annually into the world, I therefore thought it must be his law, that every man should have his mate at once, and leave consequences and provisions for the future to Him who hangs creation on his arm, and feeds her at his board. It is forty-eight years since I ratified that treaty of peace, love, and amity, and never for one moment did I repent it; nor did I ever lack a loaf in the pantry or a dollar in my purse; if God sent another mouth, He always sent food to fill it. With regard to courtship—it is the easiest thing in the world: love is language of nature; the veriest fool, if he can't pronounce, can speak it with his eyes, and women are nice interpreters. When first thinking of these important affairs, I resolved never to spend an hour in the private conversation of any young woman, till I was determined on taking to myself a wife; and in the next place, never to spend an hour with any, except she was the one, whom, above all others in the world, I wished to make wife. On this principal I practised, and I prospered. There is nothing to be gained by dangling after sensible women for a twelve month, talking unmeaning stuff; words without knowledge. You mistake the sex, if you expect to gain their favor by this means; while you think they are laughing at your small wit, they are smiling at your great folly. If you wish to gain the esteem of a sensible woman, (and let me tell you they have more wit, in general, than half of the men,) you must speak to her in the words of truth and soberness. After three or four sittings, (as the portrait maker says,) tell her your intentions at once, like a man, not like a blubbering schoolboy, and if there is seven ounces of common sense in your carcase, she will be yours in one month; and if you behave like a man of sense, while you walk together by the way, the honeymoon will never wane, but grow brighter, and brighter, till you put up at the last inn by the wayside—the grave. Having now got married, devote the leisure hours of your time to nourish and cherish your wife; leave politics, whig and tory, to the pure democracy, they will make as many presidents for you gratis, as will serve for a life time. If your circumstances are easy, and thou art fond of outdoors amusements, let your wife be your constant companion—it is unkind, unmanly, and impolite to leave her moping alone, while thou art abroad finding thy own pleasures; if it is thy lot to earn thy bread by the sweat of thy brow, when the labor of the day is past, devote the evening to the company of thy wife; if there are no extra cares to prevent, walk together in one of the beautiful parks, or go to hear a lecture (where it is gratis)—thus you will learn something, and make a long evening seem short. If thy wife is engaged repairing thy garments, or smoothing thy linen, then sit by the table (one candle will serve both) and read to her the news of the day, or some useful book; if children are to be cared for, stay at home and do your part; if one is fretful, take it on your knee and sing to it "Auld Lang Syne;" if the other stirs in the cradle, put your foot on the rocket—this will lighten the cares of your partner, and bring a smile on the face you are wont to admire; verily, in this house there is peace.—I speak from forty-eight years experience.

I make another remark, in which my experience bears me out. I say there is more true happiness in the families of the sober, industrious and intelligent journeymen carpenters in New York—and we have thousand of such—than is to be found in ten times ten thousand of the dwellers in Park Place, Leroy Place, Clinton and College Place, or any other place, where men and women trample on the laws of nature—laws made by the God of Nature, which must be obeyed, or a penalty incurred. Though true happiness dwells chiefly with all sober journeyman mechanics, I have singled out the Carpenters for the following reasons—because go where he will, having a saw, axe and hammer, he will find employment; if work is slack in the winter, he makes boxes in his own house for crackers, segars, and shipping stores. The real comforts of life being easily obtained he can live as well as those who are in gilded palaces. Masons, and others who can't work in time of frost, have not this advantage. The prudent mechanic participates with his partner, in all the joys and sorrows of the family—the rich, having no thought of to-morrow, are strangers to the finest feelings of nature; their wealth procures them a substitute for everything—the child is taken from the embrace of its mother to the arms of a hireling, thus severing the link of maternal affec-

tion—depriving the child of its natural right, and the mother of one of the kindest affections of her heart. In this, the wife of the peasant is happier than the mother of a prince. I speak of journeyman mechanics, because I know from experience, that his wants and cares are less frequent, and much lighter than those of his master. The former performs his work and receives his wages, the latter carries a load of care on his shoulders, and not the least is, where to get money to pay his men on Saturday. I think if every man knew his neighbor's troubles, we would find that God has divided what is termed physical evils in a very equal ratio.—The rich man has more than heart can wish, but see him in the interior of his palace—take a glance at the recesses of his heart—he is racked with pride, envy, gout, dyspepsia, and a thousand imaginary artificial wants, which never visit the habitation of the poor.

As I am speaking of young men of moderate circumstances, who expect, and no doubt many of them will become merchant princes in the next generation—I advise you to take a wife, as the first and best step, in commencing business. If your's is a retail business, if possible, have your dwelling under the same roof—and if there is a room at the back of the store, so much the better. Have the door that looks into the store made of glass, so that when you are out on business, your wife can sit and sew by said window, and see what is going on in the store. Never leave your store except on business.—Horse, foot, or hurdle races, fishing fowling and sailing parties will never pay your rent. Should you meet with an accident, which often occurs on these occasions, as getting a leg or arm broke, for instance, your first exclamation would be—"What business had I here?" When you are out on business, hurry back to your store as soon as possible. Don't stand in the street, talking politics, news, or any thing, except it may be something wherein your interest is concerned. Forty-five years ago, when I first commenced trading, my wife was my storekeeper, my book, my house-keeper, my cook, my everything.—One morning returning from Fly Market, foot of Maiden Lane, I met at the corner of William and Liberty streets with a friend. At that time Bonaparte was in the full tide of manslaughter, killing at the rate of half million per annum; that morning an arrival had brought news of his progress. We stopped probably ten minutes, rehearsing the matter. When I got to my store, I enquired of my wife if any one had asked for me? "Yes," she replied, "Mr C——n called to pay his bill, but wished to see yourself."—That night he cleared for Texas. Thus I lost thirty dollars by standing in the street, when I might have been in my store. Ever after, when a friend wished me to stop in the street, "Not here," says I, "but go to my store, and you may there talk all day if thee pleases."

Again: as thou art only beginning the world, therefore refrain from purchasing costly furniture; and fly as you would the plague, all temptations to purchasing plate. Perhaps your wife attends a tea-water company at the house of Mrs Van Pelt. Mr Van Pelt is an old established thriving trader. On the table is a silver teapot, sugar bowl and tongs. You go to see your wife home—she looks sad; and on the way she never opens her mouth. Having got home, she takes her stand at the glass while untying her hat. Her late pretty face is now as long as a bean-pole. She looks as sober as a churchmouse; you are distressed on her account; in the most soothing manner possible, you enquire what is the matter with your dear Maria; she looks as if she had lost all her friends; for one minute she won't speak, and perhaps, she begins to cry. Now, be cool take it easy, and acquit thyself like a man. These tears are the grapeshot, which the ladies always carry in the fountain of their sparkling eyes; with it they mow down their opponent as fast as did the invincibles of Buonaparte on the plains of Wagram.—We have whole-hog, half-alligator, and half horseman in Tennessee and Kentucky; they will stand before Colt's six-barrell revolving pistols; but there is not ten men between Plymouth Rock and the shores of the Pacific, that can stand the shot from a woman's eye. As I advised above, keep cool for a space, and say nothing; sit on a chair near enough to be heard; cover your face with sackcloth, whimper and cry a little, just by the way of galvanic sympathy.—As soon as she hears you sigh, her tender heart will relent, and instantly become your comforter. Now you will hear that all this muckle adoe about nothing was only a storm in a teapot—this heteful teapot, this sugar bowl, and milk pot. "I am sure, Mr Snodgrass, you can afford me a silver teepot as well as Mr Van Pelt does to his wife," &c. Now another crystal tear is rolling across her pretty eyes—don't look on them—you will be shot; for her sake, for your own sake, and for the sake of the next generation, don't give up the ship; draw close your chair; commence a mild and soothing speech, sprinkled now and then with some of the elegant extracts, metephors and epithets, with which you were wont to address your Maria ten days before marriage. Begin the exurdium as follows: You know, my dear, that Mr Van Pelt has been long established in a profitable and certain business—has made a fortune, and is now on the point of retiring; whereas, we are only beginning with a small capital. I can't conduct my business without borrowing money from the banks—(bank discounts). When I borrow $100 from the bank, I pay seven dollars every year interest. Were we to get the silver tea-pot, milk pot, sugar bowl and tongs, they would cost nearly, or may be, over three hundred dollars. Now, the interest on $300 is twenty-one per annum; this would buy you a good summer and a good winter hat, and a thousand times rather would I look on your pretty face under a handsome hat, than to see you pouring tea from a silver teapot to wet the mouth of some who might go home and laugh at what they would call our extravagance. I believe your wife is a sensible woman, and will relent at once. No merchant should buy plate till once he can carry on his business without bank discounts;—buy silver tea and even table spoons, I have found in the long run to be cheapest; Britania metal spoons being easily obtained are little cared for, and soon get lost. I now have silver tea spoons in my house, and in daily use, which I bought forty-five years ago, and table spoons I bought thirty years ago—but my wife always counted them when they went into the kitchen—had them brought up and put in her own hands—thus we have lost only one tea spoon since we commenced house-keeping. Now, ladies, this is the way to keep house.—Nursing wooly French puppies, jingling half the day on a piano, and running round to make calls, will never make your husband rich.

OUR WAY. "Why don't you get married?" mischievously asked a young lady of a rather elderly bachelor friend.

"I have for the last ten years, been trying to find some one who would be silly enough to have me," was the reply.

"I guess you have'nt been up our way," was the insinuating and heart-flattering rejoinder.

The last we saw of Benedict, he was going "up our way" with a swiftness of foot and determination of purpose that indicated in him a fixed resolution to conquer or to die.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 27, 1846.

GOV. BRIGGS' MESSAGE.

Having been absent some little time, we have not yet had an opportunity of giving this document such a notice as we think it merits, particularly so far as it relates to a subject foreign to the Massachusetts legislature—a protective tariff. About one third of his Excellency's Address is devoted to an argument in support of the present protective policy. Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Munroe, Jackson and other distinguished democrats are quoted as favoring the constitutionality, and as shewing the necessity of fostering our manufactures. 'Tis true, for the purpose they advocated the protective policy it was both constitutional and expedient. They advocated protection to our manufactures solely because they considered them as indispensable to our *independence*. So patriotic was the democratic party when establishing manufactures in this country that we might be independent of England and the world for the indispensable necessaries of subsistence, that any man who wore anything but homespun was disgraced in the eyes of his countrymen. But it was considered and supported as constitutional and expedient, upon the ground, and solely upon the ground of its being necessary to our independence.—When the policy of protection should be no longer necessary for this cause, no one pretended there would longer be any constitutional right to pursue the policy. It was considered as constitutional so far as it was necessary to pursue it for the defence and independence of the country, and no farther. The great argument then used, was, that we were but nominally *independent*, so long as we were *dependent* upon foreign powers for such articles as were indispensable to our existence. It was argued and the policy adopted upon this ground.

The democratic party will now, as then, sustain the protective policy as far as it is necessary to protect any article that is necessary to our independence. They stand where they did in the days of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Munroe and Jackson, "without change or shadow of turning." This modern, new-fangled, humbug, John Davis doctrine of protection of the labor of the country, was unknown in those days. Till within five or six years the cry of protecting our laborers from the competition of the pauper labor of Europe was never heard. The idea that laborers are to be benefitted by being forced into a business less productive (for if not less productive protection is not needed) than might be pursued, was a principle of political economy then unknown; and is still unknown, except, to a class of capitalists that by a system of legalized robbery compels the whole community to contribute to their unrighteous and ill-gotten hoards.

The very extract made by Gov. Briggs from Mr Madison proves conclusively that Mr Madison advocated the protective policy only because it was necessary to our independence. That this policy was introduced from necessity, during the period of the European wars, and the war of 1812. Mr Madison and every other statesman saw and felt the necessity of having all the requisites of subsistence within our own country in time of war. The extract from Mr Madison quoted by Gov. Briggs is taken from his message in 1815 just after the last war, and is as follows:—

"There is no subject which can enter with greater force into the deliberations of Congress, than a consideration of the means to preserve and promote the manufactures which have sprung into existence and attained an unparalleled maturity throughout the U. States, *during the period of the European wars.*—This source of *national independence and wealth*, I anxiously recommend, therefore, to the prompt and constant guardianship of Congress."

National independence and wealth is the only cause of Mr Madison's recommending manufactures to the fostering care of government. No argument except it was based upon the necessity of manufactures to our *independence* was ever used by any of the great men quoted by Gov. Briggs to prove the constitutionality of fostering them by protective duties.

Gov. Briggs descends to the same demagogical trickery as is resorted to by the "active Americans" to prove that Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Jackson and Van Buren were native Americans. Those great men warned their countrymen to beware of foreign influence—to beware of foreign institutions, the pomp and glitter of foreign courts, the introduction of foreign manners, foreign customs and foreign policy as they would tend to the subversion of our republican institutions. The solemn warnings given against these things is seized upon by the "native American party," wholly misapplied, and used as an argument against suffering foreigners emigrating to this country, or enjoying the privileges of freemen when here. In the same manner does Gov. Briggs misapply the arguments of the illustrious men he quotes. They support the constitutionality and expediency of protecting manufactures upon the ground as we have several times before said, of their being necessary to our independence—that in case of war we might have the means within our own borders of supplying our own necessities, instead of being dependent upon the mercies of a foreign power for the means of covering our nakedness. A protective tariff has long ceased to be necessary for such a purpose. Gov. Briggs, native American like, takes the arguments applied to the protection of manufactures for this purpose, applies them as arguments in support of a protective tariff for the sake of protection, and for the justification, or to render plausible a policy that gives from 20 to 30 per ct. more on manufacturing capital, of the honest earnings of labor, than by any just distribution capital is entitled to. We always regret to see men occupying high places descend to such miserable huckstering. It is as degrading to men, as truth, frankness, disingenuousness and honesty are ennobling.

We will not dwell upon this document but a moment longer. It is a very cautious, non-committal, unimportant thing. It passes over without a word of comment the most exciting and at this time the most important subject that will come before the legislature—the question whether railroads shall or shall not be supported as monopolies, independent of even railroad competition. This is an important question; one that should receive the serious deliberation of the Executive mind, and should be passed upon and recommended to the consideration of the legislature without fear, and with a single eye to the welfare of the State.

The only recommendations made in the address are, a short session, that the number of capital offences be reduced, and a most rigid economy introduced. But we cannot give Gov. Briggs great credit for political courage in making these recommendations, as in doing so, he only "follows in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor."

"THE HON. MARCUS MORTON AND HIS DEMOCRATIC OPPONENTS."

Under this caption a late number of the Fall River News comes out in a manly review of the rise, progress and present extent of the opposition to Hon. MARCUS MORTON, in the ranks of the democracy. Up to this time, the News had taken no part in this matter, from aversion to becoming a party to a "family quarrel." But, in the course of events, believing the time had come when DUTY to the democracy of Massachusetts, and JUSTICE to their long tried, faithful and favorite servant required their voice and action, they faithfully responded in the article which we copy below.

Whatever may be the result of the schemes (deep laid and malignant) to break down Gov. Morton, his standing with the democracy of Massachusetts—of all New England, in fact—will be in no wise impaired. The confidence reposed in him whose high honors were bestowed he still enjoys, unshaken, undivided. Marcus Morton *may* be (though we cannot believe he will be) defeated in the Senate; if so, those who have labored to that end must answer for it. None who wish well to the democracy of the whole country—who would not make "Mason and Dixon's line" an impassible barrier between the Northern and the Southern democracy—can desire such a result.

From the Fall River News.

Family quarrels are always unpleasant. A quarrel among leaders, and distinguished men of the same party, is generally productive of more mischief to the party and its cause than good to anybody. We consequently have been severely pained to witness the strife that has been raging among leading democrats, or those who have been heretofore such, and the disastrous effects it has had upon the cause of democracy in Massachusetts. We thought at first the least said about it the better. We, however, have come to the conclusion, that it is time to speak out, and that we intend to do plainly.

It appears to be a quarrel between the outs and the ins. C. C. Hazewell, the editor of the Concord Freeman, applies to Gov. Morton for an office—is refused—and then turns round and abuses him in his paper. Hazewell afterwards leaves the Concord Freeman, goes to Ohio and purchases the Ohio Statesman, and continues his abuse of Gov. Morton. Judge Tappan of Ohio, writes to Gov. Morton for information respecting Hazewell. Gov. Morton writes a private letter to Tappan, giving something of the editorial career of Hazewell, which letter, or a part of it, finds its way into the Newspapers of Ohio without the signature. The Hon. David Henshaw's name is incidentally mentioned in the letter as having been concerned in purchasing the Concord Freeman for Hazewell.—Henshaw pretends to understand the letter as accusing him of having purchased the Ohio Statesman for Hazewell, and thereupon asks Gov. Morton if he wrote the letter in question. In the correspondence he asserts that "a lie has been told, and that it has been traced to Gov. Morton," while Gov. Morton, on the other hand, shows, that Henshaw known that the letter contained no such charge as he pronounces false, and which was the ostensible reason for his (Henshaw's) commencing the correspondence. Henshaw does not deny that he knew from the Ohio papers that the letter contained no such assertion as he pretended to find in it. It was made to contain it by the way it was printed in the Boston papers.

The conclusion we have come to is this; that Henshaw who appears to be rather too much in a hurry to wait for the democratic party, slipped into Mr. Tyler's Cabinet, from which he was thrust out by being rejected by the Senate. He was then politically defunct, and had dropped out of the sight of the public. His name being mentioned in Gov. Morton's letter, he thought it would serve as a hook on which to fasten to again drag himself before the public. And hence his attack on Gov. Morton, founded on what he knew to be a misprint of the letter. His attack on Gov. Morton is furious and passionate, and abounds in mis-statements, and in many parts of it is more an attack on the democratic party, and the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, than on Gov. Morton.

On the other hand, Gov. Morton's reply is cool, courteous, and cutting, and is a most triumphant vindication of himself upon all but two points, and on these we do not think any vindication necessary. One is his doctrines and practices in relation to corporations, and the other his position in relation to abolition.

Henshaw has paraded before the public a list of all the acts of incorporation which Gov. Morton signed, as Governor. A long list of them were passed in 1824, and by a democratic Legislature. But it should be borne in mind that all those contained the private liability clause, as did likewise all those passed in 1843. The democratic party have not so much opposed business corporations, as they have opposed their irresponsibility. They have contended for the private liability clause. It was not till 1829 that the present whig policy of irresponsible corporations was adopted. In the year 1840 there were but a few unimportant acts granted. Gov. Morton's Message was in advance of public opinion, and had waked up attention to the subject of corporations. After that it was neither expected nor desired that he should resort to the veto on a question of mere expediency. He would not have been borne out by his own political friends in so doing.

Gov. Morton is accused of being an abolitionist, and this is the point most pressed against him at this time, in the hope of arraying slaveholding Senators against him, so as to cause his nomination to be rejected by the Senate. It appears a little singular to see the Boston Post, which supported Gov. Morton for Governor as long as he was a candidate, with a full knowledge of his views in relation to abolition, now turning round and opposing his confirmation as Collector of Boston, on account of his abolitionism. Gov. Morton's views on abolition were as fully known to the Post, when a candidate for Governor, as they now are. The very documents from which his abolitionism is now attempted to be proved, were then before the public. It is humiliating—it sickening to see this spirit of fawning sycophancy upon the slaveholders of the South; and this disposition to sacrifice any man at the North who dares to be a thorough going and consistent democrat, in holding the doctrine "that all men are created equal, and possess certain inalienable rights." And this sacrifice, too, is attempted to be made by those who call themselves northern democrats.

If a sacrifice is to be made of all those who, like Gov. Morton, disapprove of slavery, but who, nevertheless, hold sacred all its constitutional guarantees, and maintain the compact in good faith, because it is a compact, it is time it should be known. If all such are to be excluded from appointments under the federal government, there will soon be a question raised whether any who are in favor of slavery shall be appointed. We do not believe the slaveholders themselves are so insane as to rush upon such an issue, and we cannot believe they will thank their northern toadies for making it for them.

We have received a pamphlet vindicating Gov. Morton against the charge of political abolitionism, which shows up some of Mr. Henshaw's false statements.—Gov. Morton will come out of the fiery trial unscathed.

☞ The following condensed account of the news by the overland mail we take from the Boston Transcript.

INDIA AND CHINA. Two over-land mails had been received in England bringing dates from Bombay to Dec. 1, Calcutta to Nov. 21, Madras to Nov. 22, and China to Sept 30. The affairs of Punjaub have not lost their interest, though no late atrocity is recorded. The situation is most extraordinary; the troops have murdered all the Prime Ministers or Wazeers, as well as all the Kings that do not act as they please.—The British army remains collected on the frontiers of Punjaub, and will speedily, be ready to march on Lahore, if necessary.

The news from India is highly important. The prospect of a collision between the British and Sikh was becoming every day more imminent. It was thought, however, that any attempt on the part of the enemy would be attended with overwhelming defeat. Nothing of importance from China.

☞ The editor of the Courier seems to be quite fractious, because we asked him if he wore his hat while on a visit to the Legislature; and retorts upon us in regular booby style, by asking if we wore ours while at Washington. Having no objection to answering, we will tell our neighbor—though he wouldn't tell us—we did or did not, as was most convenient. If it was not for contradicting our friend, we would say that we have not interfered with the Lowell Post Office while a citizen of Dracut.

We are not surprised that every thing appears asinine to our neighbor, since he attempted to bray down Mr Livingston, at the City Hall. Even old friends stopped their ears to shut out the unearthly bellowing. What an ass, to kick your own bowels out! Don Quixote was never half so mad or stupid.

NEW BOOKS.

From Harper & Brothers we have received No. 10 of the superbly illustrated "*Wandering Jew*,"—No. 48 of the "*Illuminated Pictorial Bible*"—The "*Story of a Royal Favorite*," by Mrs. GORE, a novel of 140 pages, forming No. 47 of "Library of Select Novels,"—"THE COUSINS, *a tale of early life*," a very neat little book of upwards of 200 pages, designed for children, divided into 14 chapters, each forming a part of quite an interesting story for little folks.

These books are all for sale by Mr BIXBY, Westworth's building, Mer. st.

☞ In the Senate of the United States on Wednesday last, Mr Bagby of Alabama, introduced a resolution, increasing the term of the President and Vice President of the U. States to six years, and rendering the President ineligible for more than one term. Also providing that no Member of Congress shall be eligible during the term for which he was elected, or four years after; and that no member during his term shall be appointed to the head of an Executive Department.

☞ We had a smart "January thaw" during Sunday and Monday last. Last night again there came a light sprinkling of snow, which "patched up" the bad sleighing for a few hours. A jolly sleighing party, filling all the big sleighs in town, and accompanied by a good band of music, passed our office at 11 1-2 o'clk this A. M.—for Chelmsford, we understood.

"THEY ARE PASSING AWAY." Ebenezer Storer, Esq., died at Gorham, Maine, on the 20th inst., aged 88 years. He was an officer in the army of the Revolution and also a member of the Massachusetts State Society of Cincinnati. Peace to his manes!

☞ Information has been received at Chicago that the British Government is building seven war steamers this winter at Penlanguishine, on Lake Huron, and there is a good deal of excitement about it on the ports of the western lakes.

THE MUSEUM is still the central point of attraction in the city. The performances of Wyatt's company are full of lively interest,—hence the crowded houses every evening. New bill of fare this week. See advertisement and programme.

☞ Oysters, and any kind of lunch, can be found at all reasonable hours, at Wellington's, Farnsworth's old stand, at the corner of Merrimack and John sts. Leonard is still there, and does serve up oysters most *tastefully*

☞ The bark Montgomery was loaded yesterday at City wharf, Boston, with seventy-two mules for Mauritius. The animals came from Ohio, and were put in a pen made on the wharf of the bundles of hay which they are to eat on the passage.

☞ A committee of the no-resistance society has been appointed to go round with hot glue and pour it into all the sword sheaths they can find, so that the swords will stick in the scabard and cannot be drawn out.

☞ The cotton manufactory of Mr George C. Ballou, at Woonsocket, R. I., was destroyed by fire on Friday morning. Loss about $30,000. The adjoining mill of Edward Harris was considerably injured.

Mr. J. K. Le Baron, formerly of Boston, but more recently a merchant at Milwaukie, W. T., committed suicide a couple of weeks since by shooting himself through the head with a pistol.

A BAD BEGINNING. Five thousand boys are employed upon the canals of New York as drivers. Their condition is described as being the most awful imaginable.

☞ The legislature of Indiana have passed a law which virtually abolishes capital punishment. The jury are authorized to say in their verdict whether the offenders shall suffer death or be imprisoned for life.

"What for you don't mind your work dar Sambo?" said cuffee, "you darn lazy nigger!—you always is more benefit den profit—I wouldn't give you wittles for your clothes?"

☞ The Hibernia brought over on her last voyage, $150,000 in specie, and the duties of her freight ammounted to over $100,000. Quite a valuable cargo.

THE SCHOOLMASTER IN NEW ORLEANS. The Delta says the following is over a door, in a large black letters on a white ground, in that municipality:—

"*Grocery wines and Lick-hers.*"

Family *jars*, although often deprecated by sensitive and tasteful husbands, are said to be excellent *preservatives* of domestic *sweets*.

☞ The London Morning Chronicle has sent a reporter to this country to report for that paper the proceedings of Congress.

☞ The New Yorkers say their whole stock of flour is, Western 200,000 barrels, Southern 35,000; total 235,000 barrels.

H. S. Foote (dem.) has been elected Senator from the State of Mississippi, for 6 years from March 4, 1847.

A great rogue wrote home to his anxious parents, that he was doing well, and fast rising in the *knave-al* service.

☞ The folks in Georgia have seen a blazing meteor "as large as a barrel."

MANCHESTER, N. H.

In Hill's Patriot, some few weeks since, was given a history of the rise and progress of several manufacturing towns on the Merrimack river. In the description of the town of Manchester (which was formerly Derryfield), is the following paragraph, which we copy for the purpose of correcting an error in history:

"The man whose notion it was to alter the name by petition to the Legislature, who himself has more than once run into the changes of poverty and wealth, still lives at the West. B. F. Stickney married into the family of John Stark, and was several years John Stark's amanuensis, in the absence of the elder son, who always carried a nimble pen. He it was who named Manchester; which he predicted during the war of 1812, would be the great manufacturing town of North America: another relative of Gen. Stark, Maj. Moore, now of Tewksbury, Mass., was the active agent and owner to erect the first factory on the great Amoskeag Falls. He was succeeded by Messrs Kean, Tiffany and others, who purchased the McGregory farm in addition, paying for it the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. To their enterprise, which has repaid the owners cent per cent., may we now attribute entirely the early prospects and prosperity of this great town."

Taking occasion to spend an hour or two with our staunch old democratic friend, Maj. MOORE, at his farm-house in Tewksbury, a few days since, after enjoying a glass of his pure juice of the grape (grown in his own garden), he called our attention to the above extract, and pointed out an error of fact, which we might use if we thought proper.

While Maj. Moore resided at Derryfield (Amoskeag), Mr Thomas Stickney, of Boston, who resided then at Amoskeag, came one morning to his house with a petition for changing the name of Derryfield, and asked his advice in the choice of a new name. Maj. M. at once suggested the name of "Manchester," as, on account of the extraordinary water power there, he predicted it would at no distant day become a rival of the great manufacturing metropolis of old England—Manchester. This suggestion so favorably impressed Mr Stickney, that he at once responded—"*That's the name.*" It was immediately incorporated into the petition, which was forwarded to the Legislature, presented, and granted without opposition. So, to Maj. Moore belongs the honor of naming the town, which is now rapidly fulfilling the prediction he made of it some thirty years ago.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Jan. 22.

The SENATE took up the resolution for printing and publishing a full statement of all the transactions between the United States and the Indian tribes, from the origin of the Government.

Mr. Benton objected. The documents of Congress, Mr B. said, had been published so extensively that they glutted the market. The trunk-makers, pastry-cooks, and dry goods dealers, in the District, had generally been supplied at 4 cents a pound. But of late years the price had fallen to 2 cents. The documents had now become an article of expert for the benefit of cooks, dealers, &c., in other places. Complaints had been made to him (Mr Benton) by some of the parties interested in the trade, and for their benefit, he wished to raise the market price a little. The subject was laid upon the table.

Mr. Allen made an explanation of some remarks which he made yesterday, as to the probability of a war. He did not believe that Great Britain would declare war on account of Oregon. If she declared war it would be for some other and special state reason.

Mr Allen had assigned to-morrow for his motion to call up his non-interference, or rather general interference, resolution. But the Senate adjourned till Monday.

In the HOUSE, a resolution was adopted for the inquiry whether members of the twenty-eighth Congress, or of any previous Congress, had exchanged their books and documents for money.

The proceedings of Congress, the past week, are of very little interest. Probably, now that the long waited for foreign news has arrived, there will soon be some definite action on the Oregon question.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Saturday, Jan. 24.

In the SENATE, this morning, the committee on the Militia reported, that they had visited the Arsenal buildings belonging to the State in the city of Boston and in Cambridge, and had found the arms and munitions of war, contained in these buildings, to be clean, in good order and well arranged.

Bills were reported to incorporate the East Florida Serpentine Co., the New England Cordage Co., the Oldtown Manufacturing Co. and the New Bedford Steam Mill Co.

Bills to increase the capital stock of the Framingham Bank $50,000, and to incorporate the Berkshire County Savings Institution, passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, petitions were presented, among others, of Erastus Ware and others, to be set off from Salem, Lynn, and Marblehead, and to be formed into a new town to be called Oceana; of Benj. Stevens, Esq., Sergeant at Arms for an appropriation for repairs made in the Representatives Chamber.

There were several orders adopted, one of these was that the Committee on the Judiciary consider the expediency of amending the Constitution, so as to do away with a poll tax, as a qualification for voting, in the election of State officers.

The report of the Board of Railroad Commissioners on the petition of Dean and others for a railroad from Uxbridge to Westboro', was ordered to be printed.

The report that it was inexpedient to legislate on the subject of extending the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, was recommitted; and the report that it was inexpedient to attach a jury to Justices' Court was accepted.

Monday, Jan. 26.

In the SENATE, Mr Scudder presented the petition of L. D. Bamett, and others, for a revision of the law against gambling, and making it a penal offence to play for money or other property.

A message was received from the House, announcing the death of Walter Cook, a member of that body, and thereupon the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Petitions presented, by H. J. Brown and others for a railroad from Woonsocket to Needham; Samuel Richardson and others of Watertown, in aid of petition for railroad from Waltham to Boston; John A. Green and others in aid of petition for railroad from Walpole to Dedham—all referred.

Mr Kenrick of Orleans, offered an order that the committee on the Judiciary inquire into the expediency of so altering the statute that towns having paupers to maintain belonging to other towns, shall be liable for only $1 per week on each pauper, for the maintenance of such paupers.

Mr Byington, of Stockbridge, then arose and said he had the melancholy duty to perform of announcing the death of one of their body, Mr WALTER COOK, of Richmond. He was a man but little known out of his own county, having never visited the city before the assembling of the legislature at the present session. But he was a good old man—having arrived at the green old age of eighty—beloved by every one who knew him, and the respect shown for him by his fellow townsmen, in both parties owing in his election, was but one mark of his worth.

A Sledge Hammer in the Hartford Times tells the following story:

"A gentleman residing a few miles east of this city met with a painful accident a few days since. Happening in a blacksmith's shop a spark of fire from the anvil lodged in his whiskers, and before the fire could be extinguished, burnt off nearly one side of his face. At last accounts, the 'burnt district' was recovering."

☞ A fine day. Ladies out, of course.

From the Daily Mail, second edition.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

By the New Orleans papers of the 14th, we get fuller particulars of the Mexican news.

Mr Slidell had been politely received by the authorities in the city of Mexico. The President and his Ministers, after mature deliberation, had decided that "the engagement entered into with the United States to receive a plenipotentiary with special powers to treat about Texas, did not oblige the Mexican government to receive an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, empowered to fix his residence near the government, in which latter character Mr Slidell had presented himself." In La Voz del Pueblo, (the Voice of the People) of the 19th ult., it is stated that a full government council was convened for the purpose of deliberating whether Mr Slidell should be admitted in the character of Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary of the United States, when it was decided that he should not be admitted until the question of Texas should be settled.

A letter received by the Commercial Times, says that the Mexican Government was disposed to withhold the acknowledgement of Mr Slidell's mission, until it was positively known that the Senate at Washington had confirmed his nomination.

Paredes had issued a proclamation ordering that as soon as he had established the new Government and restored tranquility, he will then turn his attention to the recovery of Texas.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Courier says, that letters have been received from an officer of the U. S. brig Porpoise, arrived at Pensacola, direct from Vera Cruz, stating that Paredes marched into Mexico without resistance and had assumed the control of public affairs. The letter also states that Mr Slidell had not been received.

MEETING OF THE MORGAN ASSOCIATION.

This association; which is composed of the family and boerders of Mrs Morgan, who was burnt out at the late fire, was organized some months since, for the purpose of mutual improvement. An effort was made last Friday, to call them together once more; and consequently, on Friday evening, they met at an early hour, every member being present. The meeting was called to order by its President; after which the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we are happy to meet together, this evening, to congratulate one another on our fortunate escape from the late fire; and that we feel highly grateful to our Heavenly Father for preserving all of us in the midst of danger, and permitting us to meet together at this time, and that we hope we shall meet, at last, where "parting shall be no more."

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with our late landlady, who has been bereft of home and property by the late disaster, and that we will do all in our power to reinstate her in her former position.

Resolved, That we will adhere to each other, now and at all times, in the strongest ties of friendship and attachment; and, whenever we finally separate, as separate we must, that we will never forget the members of this Association.

Resolved, That we, in order to continue the harmony and good feeling now existing among us, will meet weekly, for the present, at such times and places as this Association shall appoint.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Association be presented to the members of the Fire Department, and to the citizens, to whose timely and active exertions we owing the speedy extinguishment of the fire.

After these resolutions were passed, some hour or two was spent in social conviviality. A song was sung, "We've been friends together," in Miss B.'s most happy manner. The meeting was then addressed by the President, in a few pertinent reflections on her preservation from the late fire. The meeting then adjourned to next Tuesday evening.

In behalf of the Association,

E. HUTCHINS, *Secretary pro tem.*

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing numerals of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

Notice!

THE person who was seen to take a valuable Gold Watch from the house of Mrs. Morgan, at the late fire, will do well to return the same to the subscriber *immediately*, or legal measures will be pursued.

R. LAPHAM.

Lowell, January 24, 1845.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, Jun., of Lowell, in said County, Salesman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Gould will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Gould, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Fairbanks will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Fairbanks, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
3tpjan27 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. nov15

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performances will commence with the new and laughable Vaudeville of

SHOCKING EVENTS!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

To conclude with the fashionable Petit Comedy, entitled

KATE O'HRIEN: Or, *The Cork Leg.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jos27

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Lucke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilkie, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Straog,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of the celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. I. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF ELIJAH GLEASON, JR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of ELIJAH GLEASON, JR., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Gleason will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Gleason will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan27 S. C. CALEF, Assignee.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.
JOHN CURRIER, }
Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

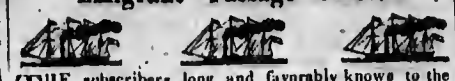
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable Information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,
36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

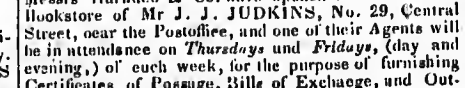
Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Colernine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The—

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorized Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 5, Court Square, Boston;
or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing coppered Ship MONSOON, *Paine*, master, will be ready to light freight on Monday, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j27

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. j26

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.

☞ This Ship takes no Ice.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Ship PARIS, ——, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs F. M. Weld & Co. Agents at New Orleans. j26

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrolola, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLIN,
1misadvdec6 near head of Pawtuckett Falls.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 43, Central st., by RAYNES.

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goeichius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. no21a&p1f

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, fire-dolourenx, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; 41. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. 1feept23

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find epistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.,
jan22 Agent for Cupid.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

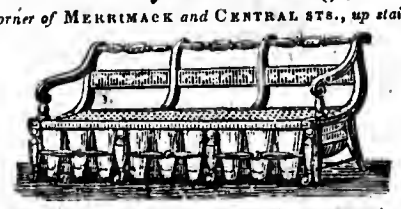
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.
Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This Ink is superior to any yet offered in the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious in the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.

oct28 L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

By order of Assignee of Elijah Gleason, Jun'r., on WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, the Right in Equity to a new House and Land, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street.

Also, on SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock, at office, a lot of new Panel Doors, Door Stuff, and other Lumber, and three or four Stoves.

S. C. CALEF, Assignee.

On SATURDAY, Feb. 7th, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, the Grammar School-house and Land, situated near the old Burying-ground. For particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, or the committee on Lands and Buildings.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.

New lot of Books at Auction.

Will be sold at auction, at E. B. Patch's office, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, Jan. 30th and 31 t, a large collection of miscellaneous Books, including a good assortment of Bibles of all sizes, Paper, Pens, and Stationery generally.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to

SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Meek meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tejan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Clocks, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expressee or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle Street, or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

nug 16—ty DR. F. MORRILL.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN insolvency before Josiah G. Abbott, esquire, Master in Chancery,—in the matter of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said county, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor. To all whom it may concern—The subscriber having been appointed Assignee of said Champion, all persons indebted are hereby notified to pay any sums due said Champion, and to deliver all property in their hands belonging to said Champion's estate to said Assignee, without further notice. The second meeting of the creditors of said estate will be held before said Abbott, Master in Chancery, at his office, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will apply for his discharge.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell, January 21, 1846. 3jan22

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF NANCY S. WATSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, single woman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Watson will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Watson will apply for her discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan20 E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers under the name of Brooks & Tyler. ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, January 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible. A. L. BROOKS,
January 1st, 1846. 3w&dvjan9

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 89 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS,
jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having thier origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

St. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA's. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsapariilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amon Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [novt] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *fixtures* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the articles safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

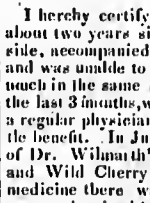
This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 51 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&p6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mn&pdec20

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflammation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollison, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Wurden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jmo6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homeopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, cold vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured;) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic douloureux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure to cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chollic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has thrown against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and pulrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good nature of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desparate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sunshades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. aulatf
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a23

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders; whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false oglations pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act, with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the health and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. n1yjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. o&plynov8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 29, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 13.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes,*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1 79 Central st., Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IS FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY.

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS, LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. n00

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug2t2m

N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,



KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office,

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept18

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. tyoct18

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1½ and 4½, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord,

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Cherlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Sanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

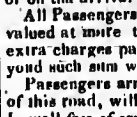
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00;—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Supt.

Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tfoov1

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one half hour after " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

12, M.....Portland

At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

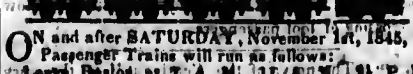
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, 8½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Boston, Oct. 28, 1845. oct16

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dowling of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foes of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of two bottles of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks.

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotype—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1,

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

ORNITHOLOGICAL EXPRESSES. The mode of communicating sentiments and secret information through the aid of the winged creatures of earth, partakes not a little of the romance of the early ages, though as an utilitarian custom it prevails even now to a considerable extent in some parts of Europe, and has become quite a *system* as carried on at a great cost between Paris and London. We learn from a late journal that there are several perfect establishments kept up by parties interested in the quick transmission of intelligence at the ports of Dover and Calais, and at regular distances on the roads of the two countries; whence the birds are exchanged in regular order, as they return with their little billets. The interruption occasioned by the hours of night is made up by a man on horseback, who again at daylight, or arriving at a pigeon-station, transfers his dispatch to the keeper, who has his bird in readiness. The distance by day is accomplished in less than eight hours. It has been found that hawks have proved themselves dangerous enemies even to these quick flighted birds; and a premium of half a crown is paid for every hawk's head produced. The pay of a keeper is £50 a year; and when this is added to the cost of food and the expense of sending the pigeons from station to station to be ready for their flight home, it will appear that the service is attended with considerable outlay. The duty of training young birds, and the management of the old ones, in feeding them at proper times, and in keeping them in the dark till they are thrown up, is very responsible, and almost unceasing, as good birds are not supposed to last more than two years.

From the New York Mirror.

ARIADNE.

BY MISS SARAH J. CLARKE.

[The dead-god Theseus, after having won the love of Ariadne, daughter of the king of Crete, deserted her on the Isle of Naxos.

In Miss Bremer's "H—— Family," the blind girl is represented as singing "Ariadne a' Naxos," in which Ariadne is represented as following Theseus, climbing a high rock to watch his departing vessel, and calling on him in her despairing anguish.]

Daughter of Crete, how one brief hour
E'en in thy young love's early morn,
Sends storm and darkness o'er thy bower,
Oh doomed, oh desolate, oh lorn!
The breast that pillowed thy fair head
Rejects its burden, and the eye
That looked its love so earnestly,
Its last, cold glance on thee hath shed—
The arms that were thy living zone,
Around thee closely, warmly thrown,
Shall others clasp, deserted one!

Yet, Ariadne, worthy thou
Of the dark fate which meets thee now!
For thou art *gruelling*—
Arouse thee, *joy* to bid him go!
For god above, or man below,
Whose heart's warm, strong, and generous tide,
Cold interest or selfish pride
Can chill, or stay, or turn aside,
Is all too poor and mean a thing,
One shade o'er woman's brow to fling,
Of grief, regret or fear!
To cloud one morning's golden light,
Disturb the sweet dreams of one night,
To cause the soft lash of her eye
To droop one moment mournfully,
Or trouble with one tear!

'Tis *thou* should'st triumph—thou art free
From chains that bound thee for a while—
This, this the farewell meet for thee,
Proud princess, on that lonely Isle!
Go, to thine Athens bear thy faithless name!
Go, base betrayer of a holy trust!
Oh, I would bow me in my utter shame,
And lay my crimson forehead in the dust,
If I had ever loved thee *as thou art*,
Folding mine falsehood to my high, true heart!

But *thus* I loved thee not—before me bowed
A being glorious in majestic pride,
And breathed his love, and passionately vowed
To worship only me, his peerless bride,
And this was thou, but crowned, enrobed, entwined,
With treasures borrowed from my own rich mind.

I knew thee not a creature of my dreams,
And my rapt soul went floating into thine,
My love around thee poured such halo beams,
Hadst thou been *true* had made thee *all* divine—
And I, too, seamed immortal in my bliss,
Whee my glad lip thrilled to thy burning kiss!

Shrunken and shrivelled into Theseus, now
Thou stand'st—the gods have blown away
The airy crown that glittered on thy brow,
The gorgeous robes that wrapt thee for a day—
Around thee scarce one fluttering fragment clings,
A poor, lean beggar in all glorious things!

Nor will I deign to cast one thee my hate,—
It were a ray to tinge with splendor still,
The dull, dim twilight of thy after fate—
Thou shalt pass from me like a dream of ill,
Thy name be but a thing that crouching, stole
Like a poor thief, all noiseless from my soul!

Though thou hast dared to steal the sacred flame,
From out that soul's high heaven, she sets thee free,
Or only chains thee with thy sounding shame—
Her memory is no Caucasus for thee!
And e'en her hovering hate, would o'er the fling
Too much of glory for its shadowy wing!

Thou think'st to leave my life a lonely night,
Ha, it is night all glorious with its stars!
Pure hopes, unclouded, beaming forth their light,
And free thoughts rolling in their silver cars,
And queenly pride, serene, and cold, and high,
Moves the Diana of its calm, clear sky.

If poor and humbled thou believest me,
Mole of a demi-god how blind art thou!
For I am rich in scorn, to pour on thee!
And gods shall bend from high Olympus' brow,
And gaze in wonder on my lofty pride—
Naxos be hallowed, I be deified!

On the tall cliff, where cold and pale
Thou watchest his receding sail,
Where thou, the daughter of a king,
Wail'st like a breaking wind-harp string—
Bend'st like a weak and wilted flower,
Before a summer morning's shower;
There shouldst thou rear thy royal form,
Like a strong oak amid the storm,
Uncrashed, unbowed, serivem!
Let thy last glance burn through the air,
And fall far down upon him there,
Like lightning stroke from heaven!

There shouldst thou mark, o'er billow crest,
His white sail flatter end depart;
No wild fears surging at thy breast,
No vain hopes quivering round thy heart!
And this brief, burning prayer alone,
Leap from thy lips to Jove's high throne:—

Just Jove, thy wrathful vengeance stay,
And *speed* the traitor on his way!
Make vain the syren's silver song,
Let nereids smile the wave along!
O'er the wild waters send his bark,
Like a swift arrow to its mark!
Let whirlwinds gather at his back,
And drive him on his destined track!
Let thy red bolts behind him burn,
And blast him should he dare to turn!

CAUGHT A TARTAR.

We found ourselves a few days since, on board the floating palace, the "Burlington," commanded by that prince of captains, Capt. Sherman, gliding over the waters of the beautiful Champlain. The day was delightful, and the passengers had sought the promenade deck to enjoy the attractive scene. Good humor and delight shone upon the features of all, as they in groups, and *solus*, gazed upon the enchanting scenery, chatted and promenaded. Among the crowd shone conspicuous three pompous specimens of mooarchy, whose stiff cravats, straight-buttoned surtouts, and military air, indicated their profession, and who bore upon their *frontispiece* the Royal Coat of Arms, telling that they were in by permission of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.—With majesty in their mein, and a lordly de-

tempt for the dwellers in *pumpkin land* upon their royal heads, they paced the deck in evident satisfaction with themselves, and with an occasional glance of condescending pity upon the Yankee natives about them. At length their eyes lit upon one of those queer specimens of New England production frequently seen, from every feature of whose face spoke the Yankee. He was a lank six-footer, with a careless, saunteringair, his hands thrust into the pockets of his coat, his cap set on the back of his head, and with supreme indifference to all about him, was lazily pacing back and forth before the British officers, whistling Yankee Doodle. He chanced to wear upon the front piece of his cap, stamped in leather, the American Eagle, with some appropriate motto. Taking advantage of this, and wishing to have a little sport at his expense one of the representatives of Royalty accosted him with —

"Well, my friend, I see you wear the eagle; I suppose you belong to the Army."

"Not exactly," replied the Yankee, touching his cap, *a la mode de militaire*, "but I have the pleasure of informing you that I hold a lieutenant's commission in the Third Company of the Thirteenth Regiment of Infantry, in the State of Connecticut."

"Indeed!" said the officer, "is that the regiment in which they use pumpkin-vines for trumpets, and bean-poles for muskets?"

"Look here, Mr John Bull," said Jonathan, "if that's your game, you've woke up the wrong passenger. May be pumpkin-vines and beanpoles would do to thrash the impudence and starch out of you bull-headed beef-eaters, but on a pinch we can muster yet a few of the same old muskets and Long Toms with which that pumpkin-eating Yankee, McDonnough, once made your turkey cock, Downie, pull down the British flag, on this frog pond of ours, and blubber for quarter. You've learn tell of that bit of a spree han't ye?"

This home thrust evidently disturbed the officer, and by this time the passengers had gathered about them. But rallying he said,

'This was rather an unfortunate affair for us. But what do you think would be the result of a war now?"

"What do I think?" replied Jonathan, "why, I think we'd lick you like thunder."

"You think so?"

"Wouldn't we, though? By the time we got through with you, there wouldn't be enough left to make a grease spot. We'd use you up, run you out, excommonicate you, radicate you.—I tell you what, stranger, if you don't want to wake up and find your cake dough, you had better keep that lion of yours mighty quiet."

"But you don't immagine you could take Quebec?"

"Take Quebec? Why, we'd walk into that Gibraltar of yours, and put up the Eagle on your flagstaff, some morning between sunrise and breakfast, just for diversion, to sharped our appetites."

"Well, you seem very confident of your strength, where is your Army to do all this?"

"Army! Maybe, stranger you han't travelled through these parts much. Army! Why, did yoo ever hear of Plattsburg, of Saratoga, of Bunker Hill, of Bennington, of New Orleans, of Yorktown, and some other such interesting places to you British? Well, the blood of the John Bulls that manured them places, has raised a mighty tall lot of regular Long Toms—every house in these parts is a barrack, and every man woman, and child, is an enlisted soldier; and at the first growl of your Lion, we'd be down upon him like a chain of thunderbolts. You wouldn't be nothing in our hands. We wouldn't leave you a foot of land from New Brunswick to Oregon. We'd sweep you an clean from the face of the earth that old satan never would be able to find more than one half of you."

The crowd had greeted the sallies of the Yankee with shouts of laughter, and our officer seeing that he had mistaken his man, began to edge off, but Jonathan following him up, pouring in his broadsides. At last the officer said:

"Well, my friend, I do not pretend to be much acquainted with your military resources in the States, and you must excuse me, I must go below;" turning at the same time on his heel, and he, with his brother officers, steered for the stairs.

"Hold on," said Jonathan, "don't go off mad. You oughn't have told us of your ignorance.—The way-faring man, though a fool may read that; but waits and I'll give you a few items of information that may be of advantage to you."

But John Bull had disappeared, and our Yankee resumed his walk and his Yankee Doodle. [Romeo Citizan.

How to make the cider. On Petticoat Hill, in Maine, not long ago, a dear lover of cider found his jug empty on a certain morning, and being at a loss how to get it replenished, seeing a neighbor's horse quietly feeding in a pasture, at a little distance from his house, a thought struck him! He took the gallon jug, caught the horse, and led him by the foretop to his neighbor's dwelling. "Hallo!" said he to the owner of the horse, as he approached him—

"Here's your horse!" "Well," said the owner, "what of it?" "Why, nothin'," replied the other, "only I catched him in my *beans* this mornin'; so I thought if you was a mind to fill this jug with cider, *I'd call it even!*" The jug was filled, and the horse "went to grass again."

Priviledged orders. Bankers who issue three dollars of paper for one of silver, receive 18 cents interest on their specie.

The farmer who loans specie or paper is not allowed by law, to receive but six per cent.

The banker's money at interest, is exempt from taxation. That is, he is only taxed on his profits.

The Farmer and mechanic pay a tax on their notes, accounts, and money at interest.

Bankers can issue their promissory notes and redeem them or not as they choose.

An honest man's cow is sold to redeem his promissory note.

Such is the manner in which whigs legislate for bankers. And at the same time they would have you believe that they are in favor of equal rights and equal laws. [Forum.

Indiana. We rejoice to learn by letters direct from Indianapolis that the bill providing a compromise between the state and her creditors and partial payment of the interest on the debt, *has passed both branches of the legislature*; the house by 61 to 33; the senate by 32 to 15. The bill went to the governor on Saturday last, and would be returned by him signed (Mr Butler writes) on Monday, the 19th, the last day of the session, and thus become a law. The state agrees to pay half interest by taxation, and the bondholders agree to look to the canals and canal lands for the other half, and to secure this will be obliged to finish the main canal. The old bonds are to be exchanged for new ones made to accord with this arrangement.—*New York Tribune.*

AN EDITOR'S SOLILOQUY.

To write or not to write?—that is the question;
Whether 'tis better to take up the pen—
After a sleepy dinner of baked beans—
To nip it—scratch your pate, and feel for brains
In vain—till the last hour to publish:
Or, seize the scissors manfully,
And clip—and clip—and clip
The better thoughts of others!—
We pause for counsel—
Joe! hand the scissors!

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 29, 1846.

THE DEMOCRACY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The present position of the whigs, abolitionists and Hale is such, that any democrat who has heretofore supported Hale, believing him to be a democrat will no longer remain in doubt. It is not surprising that there should be many men in the democratic ranks who have given their support to John P. Hale, while believing him a democrat, differing with the body of his party only upon the expediency of a single measure. But now since he has openly united himself with all the factions in the state; factions opposed to all the principles and measures of the democratic party; factions the sole end and aim of which are to break down and destroy democratic measures and principles, no one can longer give him the least countenance or support without abandoning every claim to democracy, and unfurling the federal or abolition flag.

Whig presses throughout the country talk of the struggle in New Hampshire as being likely to crush the democratic party. The Lowell Courier truly states the object of the union of the whigs and Haleites. It says:—

"A warm struggle will be made by the *whigs and Hale men* to carry the state in March, *and dwarf the power of the locofocos.* We should not be surprised if General Colby, the whig candidate, should be the next Governor. * * * * No one believes there will be any choice of Governor by the people. In which event the legislature will have to make choice of a Governor from the two highest candidates. General Colby will undoubtedly be one, and Mr Williams the other. A great effort will be made by the *whigs and Hale men* to carry the legislature.—Should they succeed, and it appears to us probable, *if all the whig towns will elect whigs, and the Hale towns elect Hale men, and in the towns where the whigs and Hale men can outvote the locofocos, to unite and vote for one candidate.* If the opposition (the whigs, abolitionists and Haleites) secure the legislature, and the choice of Governor must be made between Colby and Williams, Colby will be elected. This done, the *whigs should unite with the Hale men, and send John P. Hale to the United States Senate*, to fill the vacancy now temporarily filled by Mr Jenness. This, under all the circumstances, would be a great achievement, and we deem it as very likely to occur. * * * * New Hampshire, while she has given birth to a race of intellectual giants, has suffered herself to be ruled by a band of pigmies. The day of her deliverance draws nigh.—We hope soon to see her enrolled among the whig states of New England, by the side of old Massachusetts, and the friend and defender of DANIEL WEBSTER."

We think the whigs are a little premature in talking of their intentions. If we are not much mistaken they have completely winded Hale by exposing his and their plans. He received all the support he got from the democratic party because of his pretending to be a democrat. Now the whigs have opened their arms and taken him to their bosoms and he returned their embrace, that they may "*carry the state in March, and dwarf the power of the locofocos,*" we rather reckon the eyes of the democracy will be opened, and their power instead of being *dwarfed* will resume its former proud pre-eminence. Let it be fully understood that "a warm struggle will be made by the *whigs and Hale men* to carry the state" and the *whigs and Hale men* will receive a lean support from the N. H. democracy. The whigs and Hale must do their own work. To talk about Hale democrats, is now as much a contradiction of terms as to talk about white blackbirds. Unless we have greatly mistaken the democracy of our Granite neighbors, all that was wanting to prevent John P. Hale from distracting the democratic party, was the very act he has now committed, and the acknowledgment of it. Now the union of these factions is acknowledged, their object boldly proclaimed, (to break down democratic principles and "enroll N. H. among the whig states in New England, by the side of old Massachusetts, and the friend and defender of DANIEL WEBSTER,") his power is departed. The secret of his strength was his *pretended* democracy—that can avail him no longer. When a man unites himself with every faction that can throw a vote, avowedly for the purpose of *dwarfing* or destroying the democratic party, it is too late for any to be deceived.

We agree with our neighbor of the Courier, if John P. Hale cannot now be defeated, we shall expect to see New Hampshire a whig state, the friend and defender of Daniel Webster. But we anticipate no such result. The people of that state are not yet ready to embrace the doctrines of federalism. The whigs get Hale; but they get him as a whig, and none but whigs will support his cause. The democracy of N. H. are too deeply imbued with the principles of justice and equality; are too well satisfied with their own institutions to abandon them to follow the fortunes of any man. Notwithstanding the high hopes the whigs entertain of bringing over N. H., we have not a particle of fear of such being the result, now that the position of parties cannot be misunderstood.

Judge Woodward's nomination rejected. The U. S. senate, in executive session on Thursday, rejected the nomination of Judge Woodward of Pennsylvania, to the bench of the supreme court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Baldwin. The vote was large and the majority decisive—29 to 22. The result, it is said, was in conformity with the report of the judiciary committee, who had examined the case very thoroughly.

☞ The Catholics of Washington city have in contemplation to erect a church edifice of magnificent dimensions, something after the manner of the most extensive cathedrals of Europe, and to be a national church. It is intended by the Catholics to appeal for aid in this magnificent undertaking to every congregation of their denomination in the United States.

The famous Johonnot horse, who was so handsome that the ladies of Salem would never ride him, for fear that he would eclipse their beauty, is just dead and buried in the lunatic hospital grove at Worcester, aged thirty-eight years. [Post.

Line of steamers. We understand that the bids of the various routes are closed, and the Department is engaged in summing up the various propositions. Bids have been made for Bremen, Antwerp, Havre, and even Marseilles. The Postmaster General will scarcely be able to announce his selection of the route before the 1st of February. [Washington Union.

Sad accident. A son of Mr George Penny of Canaan, Maine, had his left hand completely severed from the arm on Friday last while holding a stick of wood for his brother to cut. The hand was amputated at the wrist joint by Dr Brooks of Skowhegan, and the boy is doing well. [Post.

Petition from the town of Gill. A petition from the town of Gill has been presented to the Legislature, asking for an amendment to the Constitution, by which all towns may be represented in the General Court. This is right. We are glad to see there is one small town waking up to the importance of having the right to be represented in the Legislature, and the injustice of being taxed while deprived of that right. Though "taxation without representation" was deemed such a gross injustice as to cause the war of the Revolution, yet, the people of this good old commonwealth, in their apportionment of Representatives, have deprived many towns of the privilege of having a voice in making the taxes, a share of which, they are compelled to pay. A small town is taxed ten years and represented one, two, three, four or five as may be; leaving five, six, seven, eight or nine years in which it is taxed, not only when it is not represented, but when it is deprived of the *right* to be represented. Now, in principle, there is no difference between the people of this country being compelled to contribute to the support of the British government without being represented when we were colonies, and in the people of the small towns in this state being compelled to contribute to the support of the government of this state without being represented. We are not prepared to say how many towns are, under the existing apportionment of representatives, compelled to submit to taxation when they have not the right of being represented; but we should not be surprised if a majority of the towns in the commonwealth were in just that situation.

Every small town in the commonwealth should make an amendment to the Constitution, so that taxation and representation should go together, one of the great issues in their political struggles till this great and just principle, that our fathers held most sacred, is again revived, and our Constitution so amended that the principle may be practically carried into effect. The operation of our last apportionment has but to be seen to be condemned by every honest man. The people of this state, without distinction of party, cannot too soon commence the work of reform. We hope the people and the towns all over the state will follow the example of the town of Gill, and petition the legislature upon the subject, as this is the only way to commence the remedy of this strange departure both from one of our own fundamental principles, and the fundamental principle of our fathers.

A great feat—what wont a woman do if she is determined? On Sabbath evening last, a young woman from North Haven, who was living in Meriden, proposed (for joke) to walk to her home, a distance of 12 miles, after 9 o'clock, there being, at that time, considerable snow in drifts upon the track. A gentleman being present, said he would give her $500 if she would accomplish the feat; she accordingly started about a quarter past 9 in the evening, and arrived at North Haven at 2 o'clock Monday morning, having travelled five hours on one of the coldest nights of the season, in an unbroken path of snow, thus winning, and more than earning, the sum of $500, which, by the way, she was careful to secure by note, before she left.

Wisconsin Territory. The Milwaukie Gazette of the 7th inst. says the amount of money received at the Land Office at Green Bay, in September, was thirteen thousand three hundred and seven dollars. In October, $24,716. Most of this money has been paid by actual settlers—hardy pioneers. This fact in itself, speaks volumes in favor of the prosperous and healthy condition of the Territory.

☞ The N. O. Picayune of the 11th states that Gov. Butler, commissioner to treat with the wild Indians, left Fort Gibson some days previous for the prairies. He has quite a party, consisting of delegates from the different tribes, guards, &c. Mr Washburn, one of the editors of the Arkansas Intelligencer, accompanies him.

A hard case! The Boston Recorder says that one of its subscribers stopped his paper the other day, because it did not report *more revivals*. The Editor replies that he reports all he hears of, and that he does not think it worth while to go beyond that, even to save one subscriber.

☞ A woman, in Devonshire Eng., lately carried her boy to be christened, telling the minister his name was *Acts*—being asked the reason of so odd a name, she said her husband and herself were religous folks, that having named four other boys for the evangelists, they intended to continue with the Apostles.

☞ The New York Senate have passed a bill through their branch of the Legislature, by a vote of 20 to 11, abolishing the office of State Printer, and providing for the public printing being set up at auction and executed by the lowest bidder.

☞ When we were a boy, we thought a great deal of *sweet* things; such as sugar-plums, candies, honey, molasses, and pretty girls. Regarding most of these, our taste has materially changed—nevertheless, we are still fond of *lapping Taises*.

Railways in England. A trial of the principle of the broad and narrow gauges of railways took place a short time since, when the superiority of the broad gauge was testified beyond all doubt, both as regards speed, power of draft and safety.

☞ Mr Samuel Fitch, an extensive and well known maker, whose manufactory is at Camden, N. J., has just shipped two large orders of riding and driving whips to England.

☞ The flouring mill of G. Keeler, at Chatham, Columbia county N. Y., was burnt down—2000 bushels of grain destroyed; loss $5000, upon which there was no insurance.

☞ At Burlington, N. J., on Sunday morning, the extensive mills of Thomas Dugdale & Son were destroyed; loss $4000, insurance $10,000.

☞ The new wire suspension bridge across the Monongahela has been sufficiently completed to allow the crossing of foot passengers.

☞ "The nerve of the Continent" is the very felicitous phrase applied by the Philadelphia North American to the Electro Magnetic Telegraph.

Lesson in law. Q. What is a settlement of a conveyance?

A. When an omnibus smashes a cab.

CONGRESS.

Friday Jan. 23.

The Senate did not sit.

In the House, leave was granted Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, to make a personal explanation, on motion of his colleague, Mr. Vance.

Mr. Giddings sent to the chair the following paragraph, contained in the speech of Mr Bedinger, of Virginia, which was read by the clerk:

"The South dreads not this contest on her own account more than other portions of this Union, and possibly not half so much as some. And it is a foul aspersion upon her character to say that she trembles because she is weak and helpless, defenceless and unbefriended.—And I will say to the person [Mr Giddins, of Ohio,] who threw out the base suggestion, that the South is able to defend her rights, not only on her own sunny plains, against the bloody efforts of reckless incendiaries, but on this floor and elsewhere, against the federal encroachments of him and his party upon the constitution of the country. And I say to him further, that there are bondsmen in the South, negro slaves there, who have ever been more true and more faithful to their masters—to the hands which feed and cherish them—than he has ever been to his country or its constitution. And should he, and his cherished allies and friends the 'black regiments from the West Indies,' attempt an invasion of southern soil, there are negro slaves there who would meet him at the thresholds of their masters' dwellings, and scourge him home!"

Mr. Giddings addressed the House at some length. He commenced his remarks as follows:—

"These remarks were made on the 15th instant, while I was absent from the hall, but did not appear in print until yesterday. I now embrace the earliest opportunity of calling the attention of the House and of the country to them. Their character is obvious.—They were intended to be grossly offensive. They are as great a violation of the rules of this House, of parliamentary decorum, as they are of gentlemanly propriety. I, sir, can enter into no personal altercation in this Hall. I was not commissioned for that purpose. Were I to do so I should forfeit my self-respect, and the confidence of a high-minded and patriotic constituency."

Mr. Bedinger (leave having been granted to him for an explanation in reply) rose and said:—"I was not aware, when I made the remarks the other day to which the gentleman from Ohio has alluded, that he was not in his seat. It is well known to those who are well acquainted with me that I do not see very well without my glasses, and I did not, when I spoke. When I first rose I was near his seat; and I thought, and still think, he was in it at that moment; but I take this opportunity to say that the same words would have been uttered by me if I had been certain he was in his seat." As to the gentleman's not desiring any controversy with me, I can say from the bottom of my heart, that I have quite as little desire to have anything like a controversy with him. Tho' I may be ambitious, I certainly have no embition which would prompt me to tilt with windmills.

I regret not that the remarks were made, but that they may have aided that gentleman in the smallest degree to obtain that notoriety which seems to be his whole object here."

The House resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the report of the Committee of Elections, on the subject of the contested election from Florida, but adjourned during the discussion of the question.

Saturday, Jan. 24.

The Senate did not sit.

In the House, the question of contested election from Florida, after a very long session, was finally disposed of—the House having decided that the sitting member (Mr Cabell) was not entitled to a seat, and that the contestant (Mr Brockenbrough) was so entitled. No other business was transacted.

Monday, Jan. 26.

In Senate, Mr Mangum proposed sundry amendments to the Oregon resolution, offered some days since by Mr Crittenden, so as to embrace a proposition for a reference to arbitration of the question as to boundary.

Mr Allen of Ohio, then rose, and moved to take up the question of leave to introduce his resolutions in regard to the interference of European nations with the affairs of the American continent.

The question of taking up was carried—ays 23, noes 21.

The resolutions were then introduced, and Mr. Coss took the floor, and made a speech in favor of them.

Messrs Allen, Calhoun, J. M. Clayton, Simmons, Archer, Chalmers, and Pennybacker spoke.

The question of leave to introduce the resolutions was then decided in the affirmative.

The resolution was then read, referred to the committee on foreign relations, and ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate.

In the House, Mr T. B. King, of Georgia, introduced a resolution that the President be authorized to give England notice of the abrogation of the treaty of 1827 from the joint occupation of Oregon, after this session closes, with a proposition to refer the matter in dispute to arbitration, and that the committee on territories report a bill for the establishment of a territorial government for Oregon—the said bill to go into effect after the twelve months notice. Laid on the table and printed.

Mr Preston King, of New York, offered a resolution to put an end to the debate on the resolution relative to Oregon, reported from the committee on foreign affairs, until Monday next, at 12 o'clock.—Lost.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, Jan. 27.

Senate. Bills were reported authorizing the Fitchburg Railroad Co., to purchase the Charlestown Branch Railroad; authorizing the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Co., to build a branch in Lowell; in addition to an act to reduce the capital stock of the Millbury Bank; and ceding the jurisdiction of Lovells, Georges and Governors Islands, in Boston harbor, to the United States.

Bills to increase the capital stock of the Amee Manufacturing Co., and to incorporate the Boston and Chelsea Iron and screw Co.; also a resolve on the petition of John L. Roberts and another, severally referred to be engrossed.

In the House, an order was adopted, which directed the inquiry into the expediency of amending the Constitution so as to require additional qualifications from foreigners before they are allowed to vote.

Bills were reported to establish the city of Cambridge; to increase the capital of the Bitchburg Bank, and the Boston and Providence Railroad Co., and authorizing them to hold stock in the Boston and Providence Railroad and Transportation Co.

Bills to incorporate the Suffolk Sugar Refinery, and the New Bedford Cordage Co., to increase the capital of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., were passed to be engrossed, in concurrence.

Wednesday, Jan. 28.

Senate. Bills were reported to incorporate the Wrentham Cotton Mills, the Fitchburg Savings Bank, and the Agawam Bank in Springfield, capital $100,000, and to enable the Manufacturing Companies in Lowell to own and improve the water of the Merrimack River, used by them.

Bills to incorporate the Berkshire County Savings Bank; the Bay State Mills; the Atlantic Cotton Mills; to increase the capital of the Lowell Manufacturing Co.; and the resolve on the petition of F. H. Bradlee, were severally passed to be engrossed, the three former in concurrence.

The bill ceding to the United States the jurisdiction of Georges', Lovell's and Governors' Islands, in Boston harbor, came up on its passage to a third reading, and after a long discussion, was recommitted.

Bills in addition to an act to reduce the capital stock of the Middlebury Bank; to incorporate the New Bedford Steam Mill Co.; the New England Cordage Co.; the Oldtown Manufacturing Co.; and a resolve on the petition of William Kidder, were severally passed to be engrossed, the latter in concurrence.

An amendment of the Constitution was reported by the special committee on that subject, providing that in the years which the election of the electors of President and Vice President occurs, the annual state election shall take place on the same day. The report and the amendment were ordered to be printed.

In the House, Mr Ball, of Boston, from the committee on the judiciary, made a report, that it is inexpedient to legislate upon an order concerning dispensing with the poll tax as a qualification for voting.

Mr Shepard, of Framingham, from the committee on manufactures, made a report that it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject of requiring stock in manufacturing companies to be divided into shares of $100.

On motion of Mr Crane, of Boston, that the same committee consider the subject of the appointment of an inspector or inspectors of flour, in this state.

The orders of the day were taken up, and the report that it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject of disclosing the names of complainants before grand juries, and to make them pay the cost when indictments they procure miss fire, was accepted.

EXTRACTS FROM FLETCHER WEBSTER'S LECTURES ON CHINA.

CHINESE COURTSHIP.

Every Chinese, as soon as he is in any way able to do so, takes a small footed wife. He sends for some old lady, whose well known and recognized, and there considered respectable, trade, is that of a 'go-between,' and enquires who among his neighbors has a nice daughter, who would do for a wife.

The lady mentions one, and gives a description of her appearance. She then sees the young lady whom she thinks he would prefer—some Miss Lee Nang or Nou Seen, and describes the merits of the gallant Noo Chung. The parents then with her help, arrange the settlement, and the bride is given away with as great ceremonies and rejoicings as the means of the families will allow—and in high and wealthy families, the husband first sees her face when he meets her at the door of his house, and taking her out of her sedan chair, raises her veil.

CHINESE POLICE.

On some occasion, when there was unusual excitement among the people at Canton, a large mob surrounded in the evening the foreign factories. An American, who had been out on the river, was obliged to make his way through the crowd to reach his house. On getting into his 'Hong,' as they called each merchant's residence, he found that he had been robbed of his watch. When, or by whom it was taken among that crowd of Chinese—all dressed alike, all looking alike, and closely packed together, in the dark, no one of whom he had ever before seen, or would probably see again, of course he could not tell. All he could say was, it had been taken by some one. Among the hundreds jammed together in the square. The probability of recovering it was very remote, but he made his complaints to the proper Chinese functionary, and stated the case. The Mandarin told him that within so many days he should have his watch. That very day all the police officers in that part of Canton, to the number of one or two hundred, were seized upon and imprisoned. One of them was then brought before the Mandarin, and the robbery stated to him, and he was informed that he must find that watch, and bring it back, and that all his comrades would remain in jail until he did. Each one of the poor fellows thus confined had a family dependent upon him for support, and friends and relations interested in his release. All these at once became most active in their exertions to discover the watch and not from the prisoners. Their friends and their friends' friends were interested; the army of police officers increased geometrically. The whole people became thief-takers, and at the end of three days the watch was found, in an obscure hut in the country, twenty miles from Canton, and restored to its owner. In other cases of theft, a similar, tho' harsher course, is sometimes pursued, but the result is generally the discovery of the thief and restoration of the goods. If a theft takes place in a house, on complaint to a Mandarin, all the servants are arrested and taken before him, and both the guilty and innocent bamhooed till the really guilty one confesses. The cruelty of this course not unfrequently, indeed generally, among foreigners, prevents complaints being made. The Chinese code, both civil and criminal, is immensely voluminous and detailed. There is nothing which can be done or suffered that is not provided for.

SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT.

The government of China is Patriarchal, and it is a pure unalloyed despotism. The Czar of Russia wields a power less uncontrolled than that of the Emperor of China. He reigns absolute and supreme, and knows no restraint upon his will. The laws are mere expression of his pleasure. The soil of all China is his own inheritance. The lives, fortunes, and honor of his subjects are in his hands. As their father and sovereign, he may take all from them by an arbitrary stroke of his vermilion pencil. His power knows no checks, or balances, or bounds. He is besides to his people, the representative and vice-ray of the Almighty—the head of religion—the son of heaven, in immediate communication with the Supreme—and the only being authorized to hold such communication. All religious observances and rites, as well as municipal laws, derive their sanction and obligations from him. In short, he is invested with every attribute that unlimited power can extort from the fear and ignorance of subject millions. His vast empire, for the purpose of government, is divided into great provinces. At the head of each of these is a high officer, responsible immediately to him for its order and good government.—Each province is again subdivided into districts, districts into towns, villages, and hundreds, Each of these subdivisions has its proper head, who is responsible to his immediate superior for the conduct and condition of those under his rule. In case of crime, or even accident, punishment is made to fall not only on the guilty themselves, but on those whose duty it was to detect or prevent it. For a serious crime or disturbance, not only the guilty themselves, but the head of the town in which it took place, and the district in which the town lies, and of the province in which the district is included, are punished in various degrees. The blow from the Emperor is felt throughout the whole chain.

Auricular confession! A robbery was recently committed at Milwaukie, the booty of which ($690) was recovered through the agency of the Catholic bishop of that place. The money was stolen from Mr Swift by a person who lectured his office at a time when his back was turned. Upon the counter stood the tin box open. The sight of the treasure, and the opportunity of taking it undiscovered, proved too strong a temptation for the visiter. Grasping a handful of the notes, he left the office and regained the street, unseen and unsuspected. The money was his, and the secret safe in his own breast. But conscience was already aroused and at work; he would have returned, but was deterred from attempting this by the fear that he should be discovered and branded as a thief. For several hours he wandered about, known to one "possessed," tormented by a secret which he dared not divulge, and yet could not keep. Goaded, at length, beyond the power of endurance, he sought out Bishop Henni and relieved his mind of its intolerable burthen by confessing the crime. The money was placed in the Bishop's hands to be restored to the lawful owner. As the bishop declined retaining any of it, Mr Swift presented fifty dollars to be used for charitable purposes.

From Washington. In the House, on Saturday, it was resolved, 105 to 80, that John C. Mabel was not entitled to his seat as a member from Florida, and that John M. Brockenborough was entitled to the seat—99 to 85. Mr. Thompson, of Miss. moved to reconsider this vote, and re-commit the subject to the committee on elections. Rejected—ays 92, nys 86. The oath was then administered to Mr Brockenborough, and the House adjourned. Thus it will be seen that the will of a clear majority of the people of Florida is respected and their fairly chosen representative admitted to his seat.—Boston Post.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Specimary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York City (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, whether bleeding or blind—internal or external—and positively the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a most excellent medicine to take and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing testimonials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J. THORNTON General Agent for the New England States, 130 Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

☞ The New York Sun thus sums up the Mexican News:

MEXICO REVOLUTIONIZED.—General Paredes has succeeded. The Government forces in the City of Mexico, having, on the 30th ulto., *pronounced* against the administration, President Herera capitulated, and transferred the supreme power to the Usurper, who entered and took possession without opposition.—Paredes is said to have evinced less hostility to the American Minister than his predecessor. This much we gather from the Washington Union of Saturday night, the intelligence having been received by the U. S. Brig Porpoise which arrived at Pensacola 14th inst., in twelve days from Vera Cruz. These contests between military chieftains and the representatives of the Mexican people would be of no importance to us, were it not for our unsettled relations with the Mexican Government. Paredes has risen to power on a pledge to go to war with us, for receiving into our Union a State which his predecessors acknowledged independent! This, a declaration of War against us, our government cannot pass unnoticed, and in negotiating with the military chiefs, we must keep the sword in one hand and the pen in the other.

LOWELL MUSEUM. Two humorous and pleasing pieces, the "Cork Leg," and "Shocking Events," are enacted at the Museum this week; in both of which the beautiful and graceful form of Mrs Merrifield is conspicuously displayed. She sustains her part throughout the evening with that refined and exquisite taste which a lovely and accomplished actress only can command, while the rich clear tones of her finely modulated voice awaken a new interest in every scene.

Mrs Merrifield exhibits a feeling of pride upon the stage, which we think is to a certain extent indispensable in an actress.

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week ending Jan. 24th, 1846:	1845:
From passengers,	$5256	$4518
freight, &c.,	7861	6868
Total	$13,117	$11,896

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Jan. 28.

29 Shares Boston and Wore Railroad, 14¼ @ 15 adv.
28 do Nashua and Lowell do, 25 @ 25¼ ₰ ct adv.
3 do Western do, 593 ₰ sh.
2 do Tremont Mamf Co, 12 ₰ ct adv.
3 do Mass Cotton Mills, 15 ₰ ct adv.
3 do Hamilton Mamf Co, 1 ₰ ct advance.
4 do Appleton do, 95¼ @ 96¼ ₰ ct.
1 do Merrimack do, 34¼ ₰ ct adv.
30 do Globe Bank, 7¼ ₰ ct adv.
30 do Stale do (par 60), 62 ₰ sh.
10 do Union do. 5 ₰ ct adv.

☞ The female portion of our community being more frequently liable than the other sex to diseases of the Lungs and Chest, and Coughs, &c., we would recommend to read the advertisement of Mr C. Brinckerhoff, in another column, concerning his Health Restorative. Having been the means of curing many of the most beautiful and interesting of the sex from the severest attacks of disease, it has won the favor and influence of the ladies, so freely bestowed upon any article which engages their interest.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Merrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. a&w2jan17

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Jan. 26, 1846.
[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—520 Beef Cattle; 615 Sheep and 60 Swine. 250 Swine arrived at the close of the market, and are unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—We noticed two beautiful Cattle from Westfield, sold for $250. Prices generally advanced. We quote extra 5 75 @ $6; first quality 5 25 @ 5 50; second $4 75 @ 5 25; third $4 @ 4 50.

Sheep—We noticed a beautiful lot of Wethers. Sales at $6, $4, and $3; ordinary Sheep $2 @ 2 75.

Swine—Not in demand; several small lots were sold, half Barrows at 4½c. At retail from 4½ to 6c.

MARRIED,

In St. Johnsbury, Vt., Jan. 14th, by Rev. J. H. Worcester, Hon John R. Redding, of Haverhill, N. H. to Miss Jane, daughter of Capt Hezekiah Martin, of St. Johnsbury.

DIED,

In this city, Jan. 19th, Mrs Maria Stiles, aged 25. She has gone to her rest, and her pains are all o'er,
The sorrows of life, she will share them no more;
She will rise from the tomb, when the trumpet shall sound,
In the presence of God, with the ransomed be found.
Through this hope in His goodness we all will rejoice,
And e'er praise His great name with one heart and one voice.

E. R.

In Alexandria, Licking co., Ohio, Jan. 14th, Mrs Sarah, wife of Mr Eli Trevitt, formerly of Hillsborough county, N. H., aged about 42.

City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street, and about seventy feet north from Dutton street, as more fully appears by the petition now on file: Notice is hereby given that the Board have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, for a hearing of the petitioner, in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same; and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board,
jan29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood; in these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable Kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily invigorated in its vital tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

Notice!

THE person who was seen to take a valuable Gold Watch from the house of Mr. Morgan, at the late fire, will do well to return the same to the subscriber immediately, or legal measures will be pursued.

E. LAPHAM.

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performances Commence at 8 o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8.

The performances will commence with the new and laughable Vaudeville of

SHOCKING EVENTS,

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

To conclude with the fashionable Petit Comedy, entitled

KATE O'BRIEN: Or, *The Cork Leg.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. Jun27

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN. And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered as external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M, State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor D. R. Curonicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson L. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS, GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF ELIJAH GLEASON, JR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of ELIJAH GLEASON, JR., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Gleason will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; when and where said Gleason will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan27 S. C. CALEF, Assignee.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF THEODORE T. ABBOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of THEODORE T. ABBOTT, of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Abbott will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Abbott will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan17 EPHRAIM ABBOTT, Assignee.

Assignees' Notice

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed Assignees of the estate, real and personal, of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Taylor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Taylor will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD } Assignees.
JOHN CURRIER }
Lowell, Jan. 15th, 1846. 3t

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of worms in children, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect cures, and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, E. Potter; Nashua, L. B. Russell; Manchester, R. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 6th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes bed, mattey and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 20, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, Stete Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advBmjant7

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are *ANDREW BARR & SON*, 47, *Merrimack Street.* *P. W. BYRNES & CO.*, 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47 Merrimack Street.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
This day.

The superior fast sailing coppered Ship MONSOON, *Paine*, master, will be ready to light freight on Monday, and will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j29

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.

The superior fast sailing packet Sch. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. j29

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.

☞ This Ship takes no Ice.

The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Ship PARIS, ——, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs F. M. Weld & Co. Agents at New Orleans. j26

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
First Vessel.

The fine fast sailing packet Brig CHAS. JOSEAH, *Tillinghast*, master, daily expected to arrive will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. j29

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,
No. 9, Middle, Street, opposite the Pastoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages; pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaint.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use, or at his office, No. 9, Middle street. Letters promptly attended to, (with inclosure.)

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. O. D.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss. Lowell, Jan. 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of PELLAH GOULD, Jun., of Lowell, in said County, Salesman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Gould will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Gould, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, middlesex County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Fairbanks will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Fairbanks, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN insolvency before Josiah G. Abbott, esquire, Master in Chancery—in the matter of WILLIAM CHAMPION, of Lowell, in said county, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor. To all whom it may concern—The subscriber having been appointed Assignee of said Champion, all persons indebted are hereby notified to pay any sums due said Champion, and to deliver all property in their hands belonging to said Champion's estate to said Assignee, without further notice. The second meeting of the creditors of said estate will be held before said Abbott, Master in Chancery, at his office, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors are to be present and prove their claims, and said insolvent will apply for his discharge.

B. F. BUTLER, Assigned.
Lowell, January 21, 1846. 3jan22

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF NANCY S. WATSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, single woman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Watson will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Watson will apply for her discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
jan20 E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find epistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 20, Central st.,
jan22 Agent for Cupid.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12*th*, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a span a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth $5,000 dollars; notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars; besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjun13

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

Sulphur-Fume Bath,

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most pleasant and reviving process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; C. Kimball, M. D.; H. Hildreth, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick F. Campbell, M. D. tfsept28

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Boscott Company's new bleaching house.

He will keep on hand a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ward will be made in order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rung8

Red Fin'd Shiners.

25000 SHINERS, large size, a beautiful article for Pond fishing. Also, all kinds of dry and green wood, for sale by

WM. & LUKE McFARLAN,
1mileadvd16 corner head of Pawtucket Falls.

GOLD CHAINS.—Warranted, five Gold Chains, received at 48, Central st., by RAYNES.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

By order of Assignee of Elijah Gleason, Jun., on WEDNESDAY, at 11, o'clock, on the premises, the Right in Equity to a new House and Land, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street.

Also, on SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock, at office, a lot of new Panel Doors, Door Stuff, and other Lumber, and three or four Stoves.

S. C. CALEF, Assignee.

On SATURDAY, Feb. 7th, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, the Grammar School-house and Lands situated near the old Burying-ground. For particulars inquire of the auctioneer, or the committee on Lands and Buildings.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.

New lot of Books at Auction.

Will be sold at auction, at E. B. Patch's office, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, Jan. 30th and 31st, a large collection of miscellaneous Books, including a good assortment of Bibles of all sizes, Pepit, Puits, and Stationery generally.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the mills, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 87 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furhish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tjan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

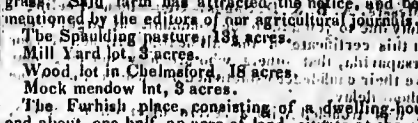
Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes, two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, fur private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

No. 7 Prince's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell on a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the largest and best selected in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845.

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Peirce & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845. sep6

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world, for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money, and I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice.

A MUTUAL co-partnership is this day formed between the subscribers, under the name of Brooks & Tyler.

ARTEMAS L. BROOKS,
IGNATIUS TYLER.
Lowell, Jananry 1st, 1846.

THE subscriber would respectfully ask his customers for a settlement of all accounts at the earliest date possible.

A. L. BROOKS.
January 1st, 1846. 3mdvjan6

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all venereal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeine influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providance that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REMICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delaney street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidance of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyeag30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, disguised in the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the cyportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative," and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 569, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, G. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover—So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. (nov1) C. BRINCKERHOFF.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute, promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store *Furniture* or *Repairs* will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6f

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve sufferers by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used, in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

SARAH SHIRLEY
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indinn Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can, recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20s&p3m

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos'a Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&p6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, voracious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough; Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in erysipive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitas' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Rending, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morerass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Towksbury, H. Klitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jun6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, lungs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nux vomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as consumptions of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of St. Vitas dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis; dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic; expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month.

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 4, P. M. nov1tf
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. 6m

Dr. H. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. H. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment; and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyeow3

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bailey.*)

23 Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works, suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower-vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 31, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 14.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,
published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,
HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,
Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,
of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET
—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—
LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
ifnov1

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
tjan4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocos, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street. Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. aug18

H. G. E. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 25, 1845. tdec23

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, &c.
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of goods for Gentlemen's wear.
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 74 Central St. Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,
LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

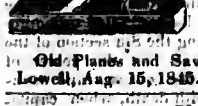
Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

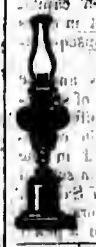
Hanover Dickey, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
No. 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.
Jan. 1, 1846. ad3mjan1

W. H. Taber,
PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market.



Planes made to order, or by draft.——Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

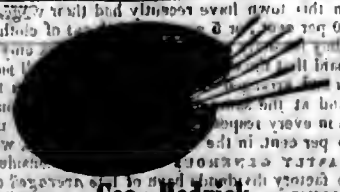
N. W. Ryan,



No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,
KEEPS a large and freall supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Working-a House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time Piece Dials, Transparencies, Theatre Scenery, &c. &c. &c. executed in the first manner and on reasonable terms. Orders may be left at the Post Office or obtained in Lowell. 1y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.
DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that any afflicted being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared ooly by Dr. Swayee, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kiddar, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Look! Look!!
TO THE AFFLICTED.
DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,
AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Sciatotere, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictores, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose, and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eroptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6½ A. M., and 1 and 4½ P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Main Village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bonnington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

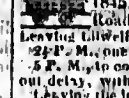
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Centr Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Connda.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and te Book numbs for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Supt.
Nashville, Oct. 27, 1845. tnov1

Connection between the Boston and
LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2 P. M., one half hour after do

5 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, with out delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M. to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to stop at the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

12 M.....Portland

At about 5½ P. M.

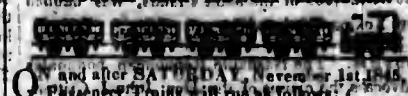
At about 7½ P. M. on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R.R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. no28tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st 1845, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston at 7, A. M., 12, Ar 3, 4, 5, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 2, 5, ½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston, Oct. 28, 1845.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this unions gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose*. By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use*.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in addition that is now assured	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assurer may borrow on the Policy
			1837	$ 52 32	$386 26	$60 93	$1977 79
60	$5000	$370 84	1838	720 52	321 38	49 08	1730 5
			1839	544 00	256 48	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec19

GRAND
Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonography and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number, 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book," and "Phonographic Reader," will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

"The Tongue is a Fire."
GOVERNMENT OF THE TONGUE, a little work compiled from an old author, and a very useful book, for every body and their friends, this day published and for sale by J. J. JUDKINS, 29 Central street, and the booksellers generally. jan3

Clocks.

EIGHT day alarm Clocks, warranted to keep good time, received and for sale by
jan3 J. J. JUDKINS.

For the Lowell Advertiser.
ELOQUENCE.

What magic power its potent charm
Will wreathe around the word,
When falling on the ravished ear,
Its deep, loud tones are heard.
Yes, like a free, unfettered stream,
Its gushing waters roll,
And stay not till its wondrous power
Is stamped on every soul.

And then how easy 'tis to turn—
The mind of man to yield;
For these ye call creation's lords,
Have 'neath the sceptre kneeled.
Those men whom wisdom loves to own,
Have felt its stirring breath;
And bowed submissive to its power,
Although the act were death.

When Tyranny's dread banner waved
Above our own loved land,
Its tainted folds were soon laid low,
At Eloquence's command.
And now Oppression's mighty arm
Is from our country driven,
To Eloquence the praise is due—
To Eloquence 'tis given.

Oh, may America's free sons
This glorious gift e'er cherish,
For Liberty and Freedom were,
And will be by it nourished.
Then England proud will never boast
Of men of higher sense;
For all her arts were once subdued
By the "power of Eloquence."

ELLA.

From the Eastern (Portland, Me.) Argus.
BUTTER MAKING.

We saw not long since, a published account of a process of butter making, as practiced by a Mr Weeks, of Salisbury, Vermont. It was therein stated that Mr. Weeks makes three qualities of butter; one of which being composed wholly of pure, butteryeious principles, and of exquisite flavor, is worth *thirty-eight cents per pound*; the second quality is worth nineteen cents, and the third, being of a gutinous substance, and insipid taste, sells for nine or ten. The process, as detailed in the published statement, is as follows. In the first place, Mr. Weeks heats his milk as soon as the animal heat has had time to subside, (he does not mention to what temperature, however,) and then sets his pans in cool water. When perfectly cold, the receptacles are raised and the cream removed from the milk in from six to ten hours after. The process of salting is performed immediately on removal of the butter from the churn, being thoroughly worked at the same time, and the process repeated the next day. No cold water is used at this beating, and the butter, being packed in close firkins or tubs, lined with cloth previously saturated with bees' wax, is covered on the top with a clean pickle. According to Mr Weeks' views, the grand and essential requisites in making good butter, are:

1. That the utmost regard to cleanliness be observed throughout the whole process.

2. That the most proper temperature to be observed, while the cream is being separated is from 45° to 50°.

3. That the cream should be taken from the pans before its quality is impaired, and immediately churned.

4. That when first put into the churn, the temperature should be never lower than 55°, nor above 60°. The churning should be continuous, not rapid, but moderate and uniform.

5. Salt of the best and purest quality should be used, and so incorporated with the butter at the first working, and the buttermilk so thoroughly expelled by means of the butter ladle, as to obviate the necessity of its repetition after it has been packed; but as this is accomplished with difficulty, the butter is sometimes beaten a second time, and as soon as the salt has had time to dissolve, and

6. That it should be packed in stone jars, wooden firkins or tubs, perfectly clean, and destitute of any quality that would have a tendency to impart a disagreeable taste, or flavor to the contents.

We have no doubt that butter made in this way, would possess excellent qualities, far superior in all probability, to that made in the usual way. If carefully preserved after packing, and kept in a temperature not exceeding seventy degrees, its flavor would be preserved unimpaired for years.

The fact should ever be borne in mind, that water, either with the milk, the cream, or the butter, and especially if it be soft water, is a decided injury; it not only greatly abstracts from the flavor, but essentially injures its keeping properties.

Butter making is a branch of domestic economy in which very few of our most experienced dairy-women are found to excel; and it is not unfrequently the case, indeed that those who are considered the most exemplary and successful in their management of other matters, relating to household economy, fail altogether in their management of the pail and churn.

This, however, is not altogether attributed to the *good wife* in every case, there are in some farms, and some cows, which should bear a part of the censure usually thought to be due only to the maid. Where a farm is not adapted to grazing, producing only such food as is calculated to operate a deleterious influence on the animal's health, and consequently inducing disease and imbecility of the secretory organs, it cannot be expected that good butter, such as —

Butter making is a branch of domestic economy in which very few of our most experienced dairy-women are found to excel; and it is not unfrequently the case, indeed that those who are considered the most exemplary and successful in their management of other matters, relating to household economy, fail altogether in their management of the pail and churn.

This, however, is not altogether attributed to the *good wife* in every case, there are in some farms, and some cows, which should bear a part of the censure usually thought to be due only to the maid. Where a farm is not adapted to grazing, producing only such food as is calculated to operate a deleterious influence on the animal's health, and consequently inducing disease and imbecility of the secretory organs, it cannot be expected that good butter, such as —

is themselves a principle of acidity, impart a nauseous and highly disagreeable flavor to milk; consequently, milk taken from animals fed with these vegetables, can never perhaps, be altogether dispossessed of the disgusting "*twang*," or by any process, either chemical or mechanical, be made to produce butter, equal in point of flavor and appearance, to that churned from the milk of animals kept on grain and grass.

Another chief cause of the frequent failures of our dairy-women, in this important business, is the practice—sometimes unavoidable we suppose—of "setting" their milk in cellars used as repositories for roots. Milk, kept in such situations, is greatly, nay, irreparably injured, by the absorption of the acid and noxious gasses emanating constantly from the bins. These, when absorbed in quantity by the milk, imparts a most disgusting flavor, which renders it utterly worthless, and unfit to churn. Though butter from milk kept in such situations, *may*, when first churned, be apparently possessed of good qualities, it rapidly deteriorates, and in a short time becomes strong and unfit for food.

Another, and not less common cause of bad butter, is to be sought in the filthy practices to which far too many of our dairy-women have recourse in order to impart to the article a rich and fascinating hue. White butter, it is well known, is never so valuable, or so eagerly sought for in market, as that of a richer shade; and it is the knowledge and general appreciation of this fact which has been principally efficient in producing that species of deception to which we allude. Among the numerous *mordants* used for this purpose, *otto* is probably the most common. It imparts a fine golden color, is not poisonous in itself, and operates as an injury to the butter only by imparting a slight astringency, scarcely perceptible at first, but gradually increasing as the butter becomes old.

Carrots are also used for the same purpose.—They are first carefully scraped or grated, and being formed into a thin jelly by a process, the details of which vary essentially under the management of different "artists," are capable of imparting to the cream a hue of peculiar richness, but which is induced in this, as in all cases of similar character, at the expense of its natural goodness, and the permanent and irremediable deterioration of those important and valuable qualities on which its keeping properties are known to depend.

The most filthy and disgusting practice, however, is yet to be named. We allude to the babit—and it is far from being an uncommon one among market people in certain places—of mixing the yolks of eggs with butter; an operation performed immediately after the butter is taken from the churn, and which imparts to it a most brilliant hue, and also a most disgusting *twang*. Butter *tinged* in this way, however, seldom remains long on the stand. Its inviting color insures a ready market, and as the deleterious effects of the foreign coloring matter are not immediately cognizable by the senses, the unsuspecting purchaser retires generally well pleased with his purchase, and congratulating himself upon the possession of an article which no one possessing a knowledge of its constituents, or the *modus operandi* of its productions, would willingly consent to eat.

Such, in brief, are a few of the many causes operative in producing bad butter. They who rely solely upon the *color* as an infallible criterion—and there are many that do—will hence perceive that a reliance upon a single sense is altogether absurd; and furthermore, if they would make sure of a good and intrinsically valuable article, they must seek it among those marketers and dairy-men who not only possess competent skill in making it, but who are also regulate in their dealings by those upright and honorable principles which induce them to regard all such acts as beneath the character of any but the most mercenary and depraved. It has been asserted that much of the butter bought up and repacked by our country merchants, is in reality little better than so much filth. The common remark of dairy people, that their butter is "good enough," shows that they have a very exalted opinion of it themselves, and they no doubt think so they say; but as the principal object is gain, and as butter is an article much sought for, it behoves every one to endeavor to furnish a good article, and to please their customers as well as themselves.

LOWELL DISPENSARY—1846.

Board of Managers—James G. Carney (Chairman) John Clark, John Aiken, John Avery, N. W. Ryan, John A. Knowles, Theodore Edson, David Dana, Charles T. Appleton, Benjamin F. French, Horatio Wood, Seth Ames.

Secretary and Treasurer—Benjamin F. Aiken.

Attending Physicians—Joel Spaulding, Josiah Curtis, Daniel Clark.

Consulting Physicians—John O. Green, John C. Dalton.

The object of the Dispensary is, to furnish medicines, and other needful articles, and medical advice and relief to the sick poor of this city. It has been in operation six years, and during that time has done something towards the relief and comfort of the destitute sick. As its beneficial operations become better known and appreciated, its power to do good, and the amount of good done by it, will be sensibly increased. Within the last year, about one hundred cases of sickness have come under the care of its physicians, nearly all of which have been cured. The income of the past year has proved to be insufficient to meet the expenditures; and with the prospect of an enlarged demand for medical aid and relief, for the coming and succeeding years, the Board presents its claims to a benevolent public; and in doing this, they do not feel that it is requisite, or necessary, to go into any elaborate recommendation of such an institution, or its object, in this community. Perhaps there is no place where such provision, as is made by the Dispensary, for the Indigent and unfriended sick, is more needed, or where it is more permanently beneficial, than here. Very many individuals, and some families come here with no capital but health and habits of industry; and before they have been able to save, from the daily calls upon their daily earnings, any thing nearly sufficient for such an occasion, sickness comes upon them, and suffering and want look them in the face. And how disheartening to such persons must be the prospect before them! At best, a recovery of health, loaded with the debts caused by sickness, and with loudor calls for labor, exertion and endurance, upon depressed energies and a weakened frame. To such persons the physicians of the Dispensary go to minister of your bounty and benevolence; without fee or reward, they dispense "of such as they have," and devote of the skill, and talents, and time entrusted to them; what is needed to make your bounty and benevolence effectual.

Silently and noiselessly, without show or parade, the work of the Good Samaritan is done—the money is expended, and the sick, recommended by you, are talked care of and healed. And now that more is needed, the Board make known the need in full confidence that it will be fully met, and that as in times past, so in all time to come, your beneficence to this charity will ever be found to be co-extensive with its wants and necessities.

In behalf of the Board.

JAMES G. CARNEY, Chairman.

B. F. AIKEN, Secretary.

☞ Information has been received at our State Department, that by a recent decree of the King of the Belgians, foreign flour of every description will be admitted into his dominions, duty free, until the 1st of July next.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 31, 1846.

We want the Advertiser next time to tell us why manufacturers are not as essential to national independence *now* as they ever were, and why a policy which has, according to his own showing, given us independence, should be abandoned by the country. [Courier.

We will answer both these questions with pleasure. We cannot tell the Courier why manufactures are not as essential to our national independence now as they ever were, because they *are so*. Now if the Courier will show us that a single article, necessary to the *independence* of our country, that would not receive under a revenue tariff, all the protection necessary to its production or manufacture, so far we will go, and so will the whole Democratic party, for its protection. The protective policy should be abandoned, because it is no longer necessary to secure the object for which it was resorted to—our national independence—and because, it being no longer necessary for that object, the only one that rendered it constitutional, it is now *unconstitutional*. Two most cogent reasons.

FIRE AT BILLERICA.

Two Factories and a Saw and Grist Mill burnt!

Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning, a fire broke out in one of the carpet mills at Billerica. Two carpet mills, occupied by Stephen Lanagan and Roger Laug, were entirely destroyed, together with all the machinery. A considerable portion of the goods was saved.

The buildings were owned by the Middlesex Canal Company.

A saw mill and grist mill were also destroyed.

Total loss estimated at $25,000. Mr Lanagan was insured for $5,000, and Mr Laug for $3,500.

Several of our city engines, accompanied by the chief engineer, Col. Bancroft, and others of the department, went down to render assistance.

OREGON. It will be seen by the manner in which the editor of the Washington Union winds off his leading editorial upon the news from England, that this news has caused no change in his mind as to the proper policy to be pursued by Congress, in relation to giving England notice that the joint occupation of Oregon must be terminated. He says:

"We cannot but regard the proposition which has been thus put forward and advocated by the 'Times,' as a *most complete and unequivocal acknowledgment from a high quarter in England, of the justice, the fitness and the necessity of the policy which has been recommended* by the message on this question, and advocated, in pursuance of that recommendation, on the floor of Congress. We should deprecate any abandonment of that as a measure full of evil omen."

SEDUCTION—DAMAGES. A few days since, in the Supreme Court, sitting in Cincinnati, Anu Maria Roberts recovered of John Hough $1700 for seducing her. On the 21st inst., another verdict was rendered against Mr Hough, for promising to marry Sorah Watson. His account now stands;

For seducing Miss Roberts,	$1,700
For promising Miss Watson,	$3,750
Total amount,	$5,450

Here is a fair average specimen of *law justice*.—For *destroying* a young woman, a man is made to pay *seventeen hundred dollars*. For refusing to *marry* another, he is made to pay *three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars!* We would suggest that the law for punishing seduction be abolished, and that a breech of marriage promise be made a *capital offence!*

☞ The Temperance Pic-Nic, at the City Hall, Thursday evening, was, a friend informs us, a very pleasant affair. Every thing went off to the universal satisfaction of the numerous gathering, and no one could complain of any want of "good things," or of "good speeches" to make the entertainment agreeable. Hon. Linus Child, Col. Schouler, our new friend Mr Norcross, and Rev. Mr Hanks, severally, made addresses.

HOT AND COLD BATHS may be taken at the bathing rooms, near the head of Market st., at all reasonable hours for only 12 1-2 cts.

They are kept in very good order. The establishment has been considerably improved under its present proprietor. The ladies department, of course, is under the superintendence of a lady. Nothing need be said as to the importance of frequent ablutions to health.

☞ The series of Cotillions got up by the Mechanics' Phalanx are exceedingly pleasant, and numerously attended by the dancing public. We should judge that another course would be given. The management and music are excellent; and ample refreshments are provided by Mr A. B. French upon the very best plan—every one gets just what he wants and pays for just what he has.

☞ We learn by the Post, that the constitutional convention of Missouri adjourned *sine die* on the 13th instant, having completed a draft of a new constitution to be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection. The final vote on its adoption by the convention stood—yeas 49, nays 13.

☞ The Western Railroad Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of *two dollars* per share, payable on the 1st of March.

☞ The editor of the Philadelphia Chronicle has been presented with a lemon, raised in Chester, Pa., measuring one foot in circumference, and weighing fourteen ounces.

☞ We learn from the Post that the Hon. B. W. Jenness, member of the United States Senate from New Hampshire, is confined to his room, at the Bromfield House, in Boston, by severe indisposition.

LARD, for London, is being put up at Springfield, Mass., in hogs' bladders, the form in which the best English article is sold. The packages resemble ostrich eggs, and command 15 cents per pound in London.

☞ The Boston Journal says 6000 bushels of cranberries have been sold at Faneuil Hall market, during the past season, averaging $3 a bushel.

☞ It is said the Pennsylvania House of Representatives will go for sustaining the tariff of '42, conditionally, by a small majority.

☞ The United States Journal says the story that that newspaper has been purchased by Senators Allen and Cass, is a "Rowback."

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Havana, West Indies, Jan'y 2d, 1846.

MR EDITOR: We received the first annual message of President Polk a few days since, which was read with interest; and permit me to say that I consider it worthy of its author—the so-styled "Young Hickory" of our Republic—inasmuch as it claims the whole of Oregon territory, and is bold and lucid in its reasonings to show that the time has come for our government to take a bold and decided stand in relation to it.

The vast importance of this fertile territory to our flourishing Republic, cannot but be obvious to every candid observer, who investigates the subject without party bias or preconceived prejudice. By casting your eyes on a map of North America or of the world, and noticing the position of this territory—recollecting at the same time the facilities we possess for connecting the Atlantic with the Pacific ocean by means of a railroad (a feasible route having been found through the Rocky Mountains, I believe)—you cannot but see its importance to our nation. By means of a railroad across the continent, communication could be had between New York or Boston, and China, in sixty days, whereas it now takes a considerable number of months. Then, again, our whale ships, which are now from six to ten months in getting from New Bedford to the "whaling-ground," might in less than half that number of weeks, reach it from a port on the western coast of Oregon territory. Trade with the Russian possessions and other nations would also be greatly facilitated.

Situated as our country appears to be, *in the centre of the world for business*—washed by the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific—with the means which we possess for facilitating inland commerce—and our natural position drawing to us the commerce of Europe on our East and that of Asia on our West—enjoying the blessings of civil and religious liberty—with our peculiar institutions of learning and means for the dissemination of knowledge among the people—with a just and liberal encouragement to science, art and manufactures, it requires no very sagacious seer to perceive, or wise prophet to predict, that with the free and sole use of this territory, our country would are long become the metropolis of the world!

And although I would not advocate an unjust war, nor one that could be avoided consistently with our national honor, yet, in my humble opinion, the loss of Oregon territory to the United States would be a greater detriment one century hence to our country, as a nation, than a ten, or even a twenty years' war within that period.

But there is another subject to which I wish to draw your attention, and that is, the importance of the island of Cuba to the United States.

I noticed some time since the following article in a public journal, published in the United States:

"A large meeting was held in St. Clair county, Ill. at which the following resolution offered by the Hon. John Reynolds, late Governor of the State, and for many years a distinguished member of Congress, was unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the chair appoint five persons to make a report to an adjourned session of this meeting, on the propriety of passing an act of Congress to authorize the President to purchase the island of Cuba, with the consent of the white population thereof."

Could this be done, I would rejoice, for, sir, I am in favor of extending the "area of freedom." What though it may "increase the number of slaves?" Are they not better protected by our laws than by those of any foreign nation?

Cuba contains 3500 superficial leagues, without including its numerous *keys*. It has 12 cities, 10 towns, 108 villages, and 96 hamlets; and the population of the island is little more than 1,000,000. In 1841, its exports amounted to $26,774,614. It has 75 rivers, and 6 railroads already built. The soil is very fertile, and were it under the management of Yankee gardeners, it would soon become the garden of the world. The agricultural resources are very great, although but partially developed, as well as the small part of its mineral wealth that has been explored. The exports of almost twenty-seven million dollars by one million inhabitants including the colored as well as white, who also pay twelve million dollars of taxes, clearly demonstrate this.

There is perhaps no country of the size of Cuba, that possesses so many fine harbors, some of which have been acknowledged to be the best in the world. On the Northern coast there are 29, on the Southern 23. Some of these are extremely well fortified. That of Havana, a harbor capable of sheltering a thousand ships, is among the number. A Spanish officer has said that with eight thousand troops, Cuba would be impregnable; and should this port ever again fall into the hands of the English, our whole southern coast and the Gulf of Mexico would be commanded by them, or could any present power dispossess them of it or vice. That England looks with a jealous eye on Cuba, none but the wilfully blind can deny. The 380 million pounds of sugar produced by that island interfere too materially with the 480 million pounds produced by all her possessions. Its importance to America is not regarded by her with a careless eye. It behooves our government to look to this matter; but I will for the present leave the subject to abler pens.

S.

COWHIDED. Bennett, of the New York Herald, got just's bit of a thrashing with a whip last Thursday. A Mr Clason was the *thrashor*. Cause—a personal article in the Herald.

The Evening Ledger gives the account thus:

"About 4 o'clock, to-day, James G. Bennett and Mr Clason met in Nassau street, had a small talk which finally resulted in a row. Neither party was injured. Mr Bennett kept his temper, but the other gentleman lost theirs and his hat also. The quarrel arose through the Mirror. While Clason was using a small whip, Bennett kept exclaiming, "None of your conscience, sir!" When all was over, Mr B. found Clason's hat and very coolly handed it over to the owner. We believe Mr B. had the best of it.

MR MOORE, the author of a history of Ireland, is visiting the south—lecturing and selling his history.—He writes to a friend this way, that he has been received everywhere by his countrymen with great enthusiasm.

THE BANK ROGUE CAUGHT. Joseph F. Ready, the Montreal bank teller, who eloped the other day with some $6,000 of the bank's funds, was nabbed in New York on Wednesday.

ANOTHER. The Nashville Republican nominates and advocates the claims of the Hon. John J. Crittenden, Senator from Kentucky, as candidate for the Presidency in 1848.

☞ A masterpiece of humorous description, is the Courier's "hog story." Who can now doubt the editor's disbelief of Mr Slidell's "point a moral or adorn a tale?"

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Jan. 27.

IN SENATE, the bill for building ten war steamers was taken up as the special order of the day. The bill was read proposing an appropriation outright for ten war steamers, and proposing also that the public land fund be set apart for building ten more.

Mr Fairfield of Me. addressed the Senate in behalf of his bill. He was answered by Mr Benton.

Mr Dickinson of N. Y. advocated the passage of the bill, and the discussion was continued by Messrs Fairfield and Hannegan—between whom there were some sharp words.

Mr Benton moved that the bill be postponed until the 16th of May. The debate was continued until the Senate went into Executive session.

Mr Webster offered a resolution calling for correspondence upon the Oregon question, subsequently to the President's message.

Mr Sevier asked that the resolution should lie over till Tuesday.

The House at an early hour went into committee of the whole, and took up the Oregon question.

Mr Douglass made a speech for the notice—that he went for it now—that he would not be satisfied with the valley of the Columbia, nor 49°, nor 54° 40'. We had a right to 61°, and the treaty with Russia was only a commercial treaty, which we could put an end to any day.

Mr Bayly, of Va. took ground almost directly opposite. Mr Campbell, of N. Y. advocated the giving of the notice in a qualified form. Mr Owen, of In. obtained the floor, when the committee rose.

Mr C. J. Ingersoll requested that the committee on Foreign Affairs be discharged from the consideration of a memorial asking the United States to recognize the independence of Liberia.

Wednesday, Jan. 28.

IN SENATE, the bill authorizing the payment of claims of New Hampshire against the United States, was taken up and discussed.

Messrs Crittenden and Phelps opposed the bill, and Messrs Atherton and Wescott supported it.

On engrossment for a third reading, under the yeas and nays, the bill was lost—19 to 21.

The discussion of Mr Fairfield's bill for the augmentation of the navy was continued. Mr Bagby opposed it as a war measure. He was for a reduction, rather than an increase, of the naval peace establishment. He reviewed our relations with England, and urgued that there was no ground for a war.

Mr Miller, of N. J. adduced an article in the *Union* of this morning, as a proof that the resumption of negotiations was to be expected.

Mr Hannegan declared that the views expressed in that article did not meet the President's approbation.

In the HOUSE, Mr C. J. Ingersoll made a proposition to end the Oregon debate on Thursday of next week, which was lost.

The Oregon question was next taken up, and a long discussion followed—developing, however, nothing of particular interest.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Thursday, Jan. 29.

In the SENATE, petitions were presented and referred, among others of Mrs John Kilton and others for an act of incorporation for the reform of dissolute women, and of Joseph Ballister and others, to build a hotel.

Bills were reported to amend the charter of the city of Lowell, providing that the Annual Municipal election in said city shall take place on the 2d Monday of December, and that the Board of Aldermen of said city, shall consist of 8 instead of 6 members;—giving further time to the Bank of Norfolk to close its concerns.

The bill ceding the jurisdiction of George's, Lovell's and Governor's Islands in Boston harbor, to the United States, was passed to a third reading.

Bills authorizing the Fitchburg Railroad Corporation to purchase the Charlestown Branch Railroad, and the Nashua and Lowell Railroad to construct a branch in Lowell; also resolves on the petitions of Charles Paine; F. W. Paine; and in favor of the Hampden County Agricultural Society, severally passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, petitions were presented for the abolition of capital punishment, and that seduction may be made a penal offence.

A bill was reported to provide for the election of members of Congress, by plurality at the third trial.

The report that it was inexpedient to amend the constitution relating to the qualification of voters, was accepted. Mr Knight, of Marblehead, made a very able speech against the report of the Committee.

The report that it was inexpedient to legislate on the subject of reducing the value of shares in Manufacturing companies to one hundred dollars, was, on motion of Mr Wilson, of Natick, after some remarks against the motion by Mr Mr Shepard of Framingham, and in favor by the mover and Mr Sturgis of Boston, recommitted.

The bill to increase the capital of the Fitchburg Bank was passed to be engrossed.

Friday, Jan. 30.

In SENATE, Petitions presented and referred—Of John Brooks and others, of Princeton, Holden and Hubbardstown, for a railroad from Worcester to the Cheshire railroad.

Bills reported—To incorporate the East Boston Manufacturing Co., and the Bradford Flax Co.

Ordered to be engrossed—Bills to incorporate the Wareham Cotton Mills, the Agawam Bank, and the Fitchburg Savings Bank, ceding jurisdiction to the United States of George's, Lovell's and Governor's Islands.

On motion of Mr Elliot, it was ordered, that the joint special committee on capital punishment, to whom was referred that portion of the governor's message relating to capital punishment, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the 8th section of the 2d chapter of the constitution, so that the power of pardoning shall be taken from the governor and council, in cases now punishable with death, when capital punishment shall be abolished by law, except in cases where the innocence of the parties shall be subsequently proved.

Petitions presented—Of Mehitable Daniels and 66 other ladies of East Medway, that the crime of seduction—one of the most fearful and atrocious offences—franght with such affecting and lamentable consequences, and which has so greatly increased in the country as to call for legislative interposition in several states—may be made a penal offence. '—Of Sally E. Eaton and others, Abigail H. Crosby and others, Isaac Hosford and others, also for making seduction a penal offence—of selectmen of Granby for an annual representation of said town—of Massachusetts Cotton Mills for an increase of capital.

Mr Bell, of Boston, from the committee on the judiciary, re-reported on the inexpediency of enlarging the jurisdiction of justices of the peace. The report is unanimous.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to increase the capital of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Mills, of the Lowell Manufacturing Company, and of the Framingham Bank—to incorporate the Berkshire Savings Bank, the Bay State Mills, Suffolk Sugar Refinery, Atlantic Cotton Mills, and the New Bedford Cordage Co.; and the resolves on the petitions of William Kidder, Charles Paine, and F. W. Paine.

We understand that the weavers in one of the factories in this town have recently had their wages cut down 10 per cent., or 5 cents on each cut of cloth, for which they formerly received 50 cents. Not only this—it is said that the overseers went into the mill on the Sabbath and arranged the looms so as to lessen their *speed*, and at the same time produce a better quality of cloth in every respect, making a difference of more than 15 per cent. in the wages of the weavers, which looks VASTLY GENEROUS at this time, considering that the factory dividends have of late averaged only *TWENTY per cent!* [Newburyport Advertiser.

A MARBLE QUARRY has been discovered in the town of Florida, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, which produces perfect serpentine marble, as need be—readily receives an excellent polish, and the quarry must prove very valuable to its proprietors, Messrs Erastus Rice & Co.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27, 1846.

Our foreign relations—position of the administration—Mr Bancroft—Gov. Morton—Mr Buchanan—Calhoun—Benton—Cass—Allen—the Tariff, etc.

Our foreign relations continue to be the subject of discussion here to the exclusion of all other matters of a political nature;—as I remarked to you in a former letter, *new parties and party lines will be cut by it*. It is in this view their importance magnify as they approach particular results in our domestic relations that are *to* come before the present Congress. But for the critical state of our foreign relations, and the bold, open ground taken by Mr Polk, the administration would have had a large majority in both houses. As it is, the administration has but nine votes in the Senate, and cannot command a majority in the House. Indeed, political lines of demarcation are just being *chalked out*. The young democracy is particular should mark well the present *pregnant* state of things. It may be expressed in three lines. Messrs Cass, Allen & Co. are for putting the country in a state of defence, and thereby saving the tariff "as it is," upon democratic ground. Calhoun, Benton & Co. are for pacific measures and the downfall of the tariff. Mr Polk stands *bottle-holder* to the combatants. Indeed, friend H., it is a curious state of things here, and, as you will not for the present hear from me again, I propose to speak somewhat more plainly than will be altogether palatable to a strict party man. My apology is this: party lines have ceased, and new formations are fast being made.

MR POLK IS A CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION. The Union will not deny by authority that, Mr. Polk *will not* in any event consent to be a candidate. The fact is, he is in exactly the condition of the young Miss whose passions outweigh her judgment. She was one of the most delicate and modest little creatures in the world, so much so, that at the earliest dawn upon the mind of the knowledge of good and evil, she determined resolutely she never would be courted "she did not wish to be." She caused her grandmama who printed a paper at that time, to tell all the young fellows so. She was courted by a black eyed man in specs, *and ruined*.

In the Senate, Mr Allen triumphed temporarily over Mr Calhoun in the reception of his resolutions delaratory of the Cass creed for the next campaign. The course Mr Benton has taken the past week has put at rest all prospect of War with Great Britain during this administration. Voting to increase the public expenditures is merely a masked tariff vote. Your readers may so look upon it with confidence.

All the ten thousand and one rumors about changes in the Cabinet, have this single base—Mr Bancroft's treachery to Marcus Morton (the detail of which I will give you at a leisure day), makes for him too hot a New England fire. If a grateful people ever permit him to retire to private life, the active minded, dazzling Secretary designs to settle upon the banks of the Mississippi. If any change takes place in the Cabinet, Mr Bancroft will be Secretary of State. As yet, the present gifted Secretary of State has not exchanged a word upon the subject with him in authority. Yet there are some grounds to expect a change before the adjournment of the present Congress.

Mr Walker has a tariff bill nearly prepared. Thirty per cent. *ad valorem* is his maximum, and five per cent. his minimum, discriminating in favor of revenue. I will explain, that your readers may understand, *Ad valorem* may apply to the value here, or abroad, at the place of purchase. This bill fixes it at the principal place of export or manufacture. Thirty per cent. upon iron, coal, or course woolen goods, would act as a protective duty; a duty so acting, by his bill would be reduced to a point tending to facilitate the importation of the article taxed, without regard to its competition with the domestic article. Hence, free wool will be taxed—revenue and not protection being the object. Well, in this arrangement of the tariff, Mr Bancroft being the New England Secretary, plays a very important part; as it is for New England, and her alone, that a variation would be made, if at all. Mr B. answers to this—"New England is daily becoming more colonial in her politics. She had better be cast out of the democratic political problem." Except Mr Buchanan, the administration will endorse Mr Walker's tariff bill. The Pennsylvania delegation will in a body oppose it. Mr B. in the Cabinet, under such circumstances, is a broken reed. It is this condition of things, and this only, that will make a change, if one be made. In this state of things, it is the object of the government to have Mr B. settle the Oregon boundary at 49°, they going for 54° 40', and then he retiring, leaves smooth water for the new Secretary, who will be George Bancroft, New England's joy and boast. It is this state of things and this temper in the Senate, that gives the slightest chance for the rejection of Marcus Morton. Judge Woodward's would not have been effected but for this. Except some one or two in Maine, one at Portsmouth, and a little fluttering about the Postmaster at Lowell, all the nominations from the Eastern and Middle States will be confirmed. I think Mr Seavey will be confirmed—I know he will unless more potent reasons to the contrary are shown than exist here at present.

The city is very full of strangers. Mr. Hallett is here waiting for a seat in the navy department.—Bureau of provision and clothing. This is to be the finale to the Morton jig, that Bancroft has been so long fiddling for. Soon as Hallett's bill is paid, and Mr. Henshaw gets rid of the gout, I will redeem my promise in a single letter, in giving your readers a brief account of the whole scene, the Drama located in Boston, and the farce acted by the Lowell people. Differing, as your paper has, with the Boston Post, upon the policy of continuing Mr. Morton as collector of the Port of Boston, it is supposed here by many, you are opposed to the general course of that old and tried pioneer of the New England democracy.

Yours, as ever, A LOOKER-ON.

P. S. You are authorized to take a fall suit of black—Morton will be confirmed.

PRESERVE AND BEAUTIFY. "*Foster's Mountain Compound, for the preservation and reproduction of the hair*," is an article which is meeting the confidence of all who use it, for removing dandruff, producing health and vigor to all diseased affections of the roots of the hair, and for beautifying and darkening the same.

H. W. FOSTER, hair dresser, opposite the American House, prepares this compound, and has the approving testimony of many of our citizens.

☞ It is said that the office of Clerk, in Norfolk Co., has descended regularly from the father to the son, for one hundred and twenty years.

LOUISIANA ELECTION. The first election under the new constitution took place on the 19th inst. In the city of New Orleans (except Algiers on the other side of the river) Isaac Johnson, dem., received 3431 votes; Wm Debuys, whig, 2090; Derbigny, native American, 310. Johnson over Debuys, 341.

Under the new constitution New Orleans elects 4 senators and 20 representatives. The democrats have elected all the 4 senators, and 12 representatives.—The whigs 7 representatives. One member (in Algiers)not ascertained.

These returns are more democratic than usual. We presume the democrats have carried the State. [N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

MR ROBINSON, who for a long time has been in the way of writing much for the Lowell Courier, has gone to Manchester, N. H., to take the editorial charge of the whig paper there, knewn as the Manchester American. Mr R. is quite an able man. We think our Democratic friends will find in him an honorable and highminded opponent. Success to him—but confusion to his principles.

☞ The Secretary of State, Mr Buchanan, gave a grand ball at Washington, on Friday evening, 23d, for which 1200 tickets were given out. It probably cost him not less than $2000, and does the matter up handsomely for an old bachelor.

The Rev. Otis A. Skinner, of the fifth Universalist Society, in Boston, has received a unanimous call from Orchard st. Universalist Society, of New York city, to become their pastor, and has accepted the call.

☞ The captnered Ohioans, whose case is yet to be decided by the supreme court of Virginia, have been discharged on bail—for $100 each.

☞ Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, of Salem, has assumed the pastoral charge of the first Baptist Church and Society in this city, in the place of Mr. Ballard.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. n&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bewery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of its Agents seatis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. And dewar, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

---

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
ja31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Cerns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Vorhis, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilson, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson L. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. Hayward, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Cadmus, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS—GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, D. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shannon & Co., Groton; J. F. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

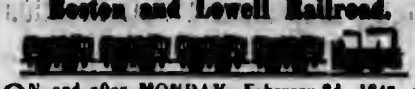
MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esquire, a Master in Chancery in and for said county of Middlesex. In the matter of NATHANIEL S. RICHARDSON, of Tewksbury, in said county, an insolvent debtor.

To all whom it may concern, notice is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be holden at the office of said Bradford Russell, at Groton, in said county, before said Master, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors who have not proved their claims may present them for allowance. And that the subscriber will at said meeting present his account as Assignee of said insolvent, preparatory to a dividend, if there be any thing to divide.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM SMITH,
Assignee of said insolvent.
Lowell, Jan. 29, 1846. 3t jan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 3, 5, and 6h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Benaington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Assignees' Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 5th, at 1 o'clock, p.m., on the premises of JOHN TAYLOR, Chapel Hill,—One Horse Cart—Two Wagons—One Set Wagon Wheels and Axles—One Plough—Lot of Forks—One Scale Beam—Three Harnesses—One Horse Power—One Grindstone—Lot of Ham—One Set of Falls—Lot of Chains. *Also*,—if not previously sold,—One superior HORSE, weight 1500 lbs., considered one of the best animals ever owned in Lowell. *Also*,—From 50 to 100 cords of Hog Manure. *Also*.—All said Tayler's right in equity to the redemption of the estate of which he now lives, consisting of about 3 acres of Good Land, on which are many excellent Fruit Trees, new just beginning to yield—a good new Dwelling House and out buildings.—Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

JOHN MEAD,
JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.
E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.
Lowell, Jan. 29, 1846. tjan31

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF SAMUEL HARRIS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Harris will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Harris will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
j31 SAMUEL C. SHAPLEIGH, Assignee.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, January 30, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FREDERIC HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and tha payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

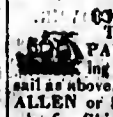
The first meeting of the creditors of said Holton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Groton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Holton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan31 Deputy Sheriff, Messenger.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This Day.

☞ This Ship takes no Ice. ☜



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Ship PARIS, *Symms*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs F. M. Weld & Co. Agents at New Orleans. j31

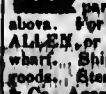
Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
First Vessel.

The fine fast sailing packet Brig CHA'S. JOSEAH, *Tillinghast*, master, daily expected to arrive will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. j29

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

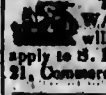
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAM COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Saturday next—First Vessel.
Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, *Spooner*, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j31

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. j31

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan29 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St. JUDKINS. nov15

Lowell Museum.

Two New Pieces!—Performance Commence at 8½ o'clk.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performances will commence with the new and laughable Vaudeville of

SHOCKING EVENTS!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Merrifield and Bradley.

To conclude with the fashionable Patit Comedy, entitled

KATE O'BRIEN: Or, *The Cork Leg.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

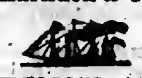
Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. jan27

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St.PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (they only evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF ELIJAH GLEASON, JR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of ELIJAH GLEASON, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Gleason will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; when and where said Gleason will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery,
jan27 S. C. CALEF, Assignee.

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maverio, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmare, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Goats, Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes,

HANKS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawers of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.
Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

H. J. Barter,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, CENTRAL ST.

HAS just received a fresh supply of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the varieties usually kept at such an establishment. nov1

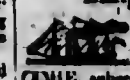
Local Loiterings,

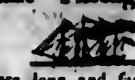
BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. 2m

---

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.







THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

---

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 28, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street and about seventy-five feet north of Andover street—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, as the time, and the Alderman's room in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same, and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board.
jan29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Notice!

THE person who was seen to take a valuable Gold Watch from the house of Mrs. Morgan, at the late fire, will do well to return the same to the subscriber *immediately*, or legal measures will be pursued.

R. LAPHAM.
Lowell, January 24, 1845.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

VESTINGS.—A large lot, embracing the richest and most desirable styles, at 34 Central st.
oct28 L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY, Feb. 7th, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, the Grammar School-house and Land, situated near the old Burying-ground. For particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, or the committee on Lands and Buildings.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.

New lot of Books at Auction.

Will be sold at auction, at E. B. Patch's office, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY evenings, Jan. 30th and 31st, a large collection of miscellaneous Books, including a good assortment of Bibles of all sizes, Paper, Pens, and Stationery generally.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Flain, on the premises, or to

SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

—At Office.—

Constable Sale of Furniture.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., 7 new and elegant Sofas, various patterns—1 large Rocking-chair, in hair cloth—24 Green cane seat Chairs—6 large Looking glasses—2 large column Stoves—4 small wood Stoves—Crockery, Glass and China Ware—Beds and Bedding.

Also,—4 pc superfine all wool carpeting—3 pc Venician carpeting.

At 11½ o'clock—1 second hand Seraphim—2 new Piano Fortes, in elegant Rose wood case, with Harp pedal and all the modern improvements. May be examined the day before the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufacturers in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those who may desire information.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 9th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, Jun., of Lowell, in said County, Salesman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Gould will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Gould, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Fairbanks will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Fairbanks, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 26, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Fairbanks will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Fairbanks, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jan27 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma2&dec20

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scrofula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past two years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dyspepsia, and disease of the spine, and have sufferer beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.
New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear. I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER.
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore, ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of recowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the cupertune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist:

"I have analysed a bottle of medicine called 'C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover, So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. B. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. nov6tf

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of these certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit, I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be [illegible] have ever used.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family, in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel! In having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&r6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel); to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 30 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 73 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and julep, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhoea of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhoea, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kilder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Atoass Furrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townshill, Joseph Blood; Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Stiles, Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics, in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as chilling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitu curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of interest, monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hystaria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, tic douloureux, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business heretofore existing between Dr. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug22ly

Highly important to all Invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and sure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, tumic complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines; and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned, has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant in the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the pills (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who own their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the hand, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholica; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The master we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marshes and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, hereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who imprously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Diseases rarely resemble one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation Asarinas Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7,y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if shaped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls, dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts, Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person or Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month. [illegible]

All bills not approved as above, and not presented as before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month.

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN G. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 10 to 2 and 3 to 6, P. M. [illegible]
Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. 3m28

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery,

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of illness which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between them and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose horrid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunting set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients buy,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his union, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wholly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that

"TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL,"

and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness; their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression; and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bears a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington Street, Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kilder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. A. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Coanor. axplynov8

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bailey,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Post Office, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846:

Ladies' Book of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Book of Shrines—Friendship's Offering—May Flowers—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower Vase—Fables of Flora—Bequet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man—and Every Day Christian. Also, just received, the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES—Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS'S Cabinet st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 15.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPALDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-Hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street, . . LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

ulvly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dimpers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Soft Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

E. C. Littlefield,

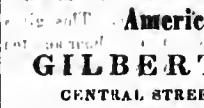
DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST IRON TUNS, FURNACE, OVEN MOUTHS, SOAP STONES, &c. &c.

No. 2 Changing Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market.

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug21 2m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3iojan1

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.

L. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones; Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on Hand.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan6 DEAN BANGS.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year, without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20s&p3m.

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows; viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one hour after " " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

1 P. M.....Portland

At about 5½ P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov28tf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil, will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 1dec6

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 6 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the money asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS.

jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against *the occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill *two or more objects*; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, *a Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, *such equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose*. By this means the apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use*.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium	Policy taken out for	Bonus in addition to sum assured	Bonus in Cash.	Reduction of Annual Premium.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum Up Assured, or may borrow on Policy.
21	$500	$17 50	83	$ 52 32	$38 26	$2 93	$60 93	$197 79
61	500	37 64	18 5	720	22 16	4 9 8	37 98	1383 33
			8 9	543	16 4			

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is inserted in the policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,

Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awaeopdec18

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING AND SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Writers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 29, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

dec28 1. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

AGRIPPA HULL.

In the village of Stockbridge, Mass., lives a black man by the name of Agrippa Hull, who served in the Revolutionary war. At the close of it he was honorably discharged, in testimony of which he shows a certificate signed by General Washington. He was for some years the servant of General Kosciusko, of whose generous and humane character he speaks with love and admiration.

Agrippa has an unrommonly fine head, and is remarkable for his excellent understanding and good character. By his industry he has become possessed of a valuable farm, which, at the age of 76, he cultivates himself. He is eminent for his piety, and those who have heard him speak at conference meeting, which he is in the habit of attending with his white neighbors, say that in prayer he is distinguished for fervor and eloquence, and peculiar originality and richness of language.

The acuteness and wisdom of his views upon most subjects, and the wit and force of his illustrations, make his conversation so impressive that you remember what he has said long after you have been parted from him. During an interview of perhaps half an hour, I was so struck with his remarks, that as soon as he left me I wrote down his words without any alteration or embellishment.

When I expressed to Agrippa my opinion upon the subject of prejudice against color, he said:

"When there is a flock of sheep, and some black ones among them, I always think that if they behave well, they have as good a right to be fed as the white ones. God will not ask what is our color, but what has been our conduct. The Almighty made all colors. If we find fault with the work, we find fault with the Workman. His works are all good. It is not the cover of the book, but what the book contains is the question. Many a good book has dark covers. Which is the worst, the white black man, or the black white man?"

"When a white man says any hard thing to me about my color, I tell him I pity him; and I ask him which is the worst, to be black outside or in. When a black man is treated ill by a white man, and he bears it patiently, and only pities him, I think that he has a chance to take a very high place over the white man."

"Once," said Agrippa, "when I was a servant to a gentleman who was very overbearing and haughty, we both went to the same church. Haynes preached. When we came out of meeting my master said to me, 'Well, Agrippa, how do you like nigger preaching?'

"Sir," I answered, "he was half black and half white: I liked my half, how did you like yours?"

Upon the assertion that the slaveholder cannot abolish slavery, Aggrippa said:

"No one can say he is obliged to do wrong. When the drunkard says he cannot live without spirits, I tell him to take temperate things for a while and see if he is not better. It is his will that is in fault. There is no necessity to do wrong. God never makes us do wrong."

He put his hand upon a little boy's head and said: "I love children; I love to see them well brought up. It is a good thing to feed the minds of children."

When speaking of the abolitionists, he said:

"It may be a great while before the Abolitionists can succeed in their purpose; but they will do great good to the black men, by inducing them to keep down their bad feelings, knowing that help will come at last. The Abolitionists have the great happiness of working for a cause in which they know that they have God on their side."

In a cause, the merit of which depends upon the question whether the black man is a man, no further testimony is needed than the remarks of Agrippa; and what greater encouragement can Abolitionists desire than that contained in his words—"God is on their side?"—[Exchange paper.

NAPOLEON, THE MAN OF DESTINY.

The subjoined intense description of the genius of Napoleon, and the purposes for which that wonderful man seems to have been created, so far as human reason can venture to fathom the designs of Providence is from the last chapters of "*Marston; or the Memoirs of a Statesman*," published in the September number of "Blackwood." Rarely have we read a passage of greater force; or, indeed, of greater truth; and tracing Napoleon's fatal error in regard to Poland, so powerfully alluded to below, still further back, we may see its origin in the ill-starred matrimonial alliance with Austria. There was the weight of that dragging him down. It was there that he proved false to his mission, as "the setter up and puller down of kings," by pandering to legitimacy, and encumbering himself with trammels which destroyed his force as the armed representative of regeuerate France. To please Austria, Poland was forsaken; and the mighty fabric of imperial power was shaken to its foundation. [Neal's Gazette.

"I have been for three days on the Vistula, gazing at the march of the "Grand Army." It well deserves the name. It is the mightiest mass of power ever combined under one head; half a million of men. The army of Persia were gathered of clowns compared to this incomparable display of soldiership; the armies of Alaric and Attila were hordes of savages in comparison; the armies of ancient Rome alone approached it in point of discipline, but the most powerful Roman army never reached a fifth of its number. I see at this moment before me the conquerors of this continent, the brigades which have swept Italy, the bayonets and cannon which have broken down Austria, and extinguished Prussia. The eagles are now on the wing for a mightier prey."

This prediction was like the prayers of the Homeric heroes—

"One half the gods dispersed in empty air."

Poland was not to be liberated; the crisis was superb, but the weapon was not equal to the

blow. It was the first instance in which the French emperor was found inferior to his fortune. With incomparable force of intellect, Napolean wanted grandeur of mind. It has been custom of later years to deny him even superiority of intellect, but the man who, in a contest open to all, goes before all—who converts a republic, with all its order, haughtiness, and passion, into a monarchy at once as rigid and as magnificent as an oriental despotism—who, in a country of warriors, makes himself the leading warrior—who, among the circle within circle of the subtlest political intrigues, baffles all intrigues, converts them into the material of his own ascendency, and makes the subtlest and boldest spirits his instruments and slaves—has given sufficient evidence of the superiority of his talents. The conquerer who had beat down in succession all the great military names of Europe, must have been a soldier; the negotiator who vanquished all existing diplomacy, and the statesman who remadeled the laws, curbed the fiery temper, and reduced to discipline the fierce insubordination of a people, whose first victory had crushed the state, and heaped the ruins of the throne, on the sepulchre of their king—must have been a negotiator and a statesman of the first rank. Or, if those were not the acheivements of intellect, by what were they done?—if they were done without it, of what value is intellect? Napolean had then only found the still superior secret of success; and we deny his intellect, simply in give him attributes higher than belongs to human nature. No man before him dreamed of such success; no man in his dey rivaled it, no man since his dey has attempted its renawal.

"But he was fortunate!"

What can be more childish than to attempt the solution af the problem by fortune? Fortune is a phantom. Circumstances may arise beyond the conception of man; but where the feebler mind yields to these circumstances, the stronger one shapes, controls, and guides them.

This man was sent for a great purpose of justice, and he was gifted with the faculties for its execution. An act of imperial guilt had been committed, of which Europe was to be purged by penalty alone. The fall of Poland was to be made a moral to the governments of the earth; and Napolean was to be the fiery brand that was to imprint the sentence upon the foreheads of the great criminals. It is in contemplations like these, that the spirit of history ministers to the wisdom of mankind. Whatever may be the retribution for individuals beyond the grave, yet justice on nations must be done in this world and *here* it will be done.

The partition of Poland was the most comprehensive and audacious crime of the modern world. It was a deliberate insult, at once to the laws of nations, and to the majesty of the great Disposer of nations. And never fell vengeance more immediate, more distinct, or more characteristic. The capital of Austria twice entered over the bodies of its gallant soldiery; Russia ravaged and Moscow burned; the Prussian army extinguished by the massacre of Jena, and Prussia in a day fettered for years—were the summary and solemn retribution of Heaven. But when the penalty was paid, the late of the executioners instantly followed. Guilt had punished guilt, and justice was to be alike done upon all. Napolean and his empire vanished, as the powder vanishes that explordes the mine.—The ground was broken up; the structures of royalty on its surface were deeply fractured; the havoc was complete; but the fiery deposit which had effected the havoc was itself shattered into air.

His re-establishment of Poland would have been an act of grandeur. It would have established [illegible] It would have shone that the new spirit which had gone forth summoning the world to regeneration, was itself regeneration; that it was not a tempter, but a restorer; that all conquest was not selfish, and all protestation not made to deceive. If Napolean had given Poland a diadem and placed it on the brow of Kosciusko, he would, in that act, have placed on his own brow a diadem which no chance of the field could have plucked away; an imperishable and dazzling answer to all the calumnies of his age, and all the doubts of posterity. He might even have built, in the restoration of the fallen kingdom, a citadel for his own security in all the casualities of empire; but, in all events, he would have fixed in the political heaven a star which, to the last recollection of mankind, would have thrown light on his sepulcre, and have borne his name.

MURDER AND ARSON—A FIEND. At Adrian, Michigan, an awful tragedy was enacted on the evening of Jan. 19. The chronicling of such enormities makes us heart-sick of our vocation. A letter relates the facts as follows:

"A man by the name of Chamberlain has for the last five or six years been more or less an inmate of the poorhouse. Although really in good health, and an able-bodied man, capable of doing any work, he has managed to excite the sympathy of the commissioner of the poorhouse, and thus obtain the support of the county. He is of a most revengful, malicious disposition. The commissioner ordered him to be discharged, and he attributed the cause to Mr Cobb. To revenge himself, he enticed Mr C.'s son into an upper chamber, there struck him three times on the head with a shoe-hammer, and then cut his throat from ear to ear. Having done this, he put the child into his trunk, locked it, and locked also the chamber door; set fire to the building in an adjoining room, and for the purpose, as is supposed, of drawing attention from that, he immediately fired the barn attached to the poorhouse; then he proceeded to the barn of John Hutchins, one of the commissioners, and fired that also; and then to that of Bryce Hong, the other commissioner; and was there detected in the act of setting fire to that. The skull of the little boy was broken in ten places; he was a fine healthy child of about three years of age. The hammer and knife were both found on the floor of the room where the child was. Chamberlain's clothes were covered with blood. He is now in jail, but refuses to answer any questions. The barns were totally destroyed with their contents, which consisted mostly of wheat and oats. The loss is probably $1100. Judge Thompson had over 400 bushels of wheat in Hutchin's barn, which was destroyed."

GREAT FIRE AT KEENE, N. H. We learn by Bigelow's Fitchburg and Keen express that E. & W. S. Grigg's cabinet manufactory, a large carpenter's shop, and a dwelling house and other buildings belonging to the same, were entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday morning about 7 o'clock. Loss six thousand dollars; insured *for six hundred*. [Post.

THE STATE INTEREST. Col. Snowden, the State Treasurer, will arrive in this city to-day, for the purpose of superintending the payment of the February interest, in relation to which subject the Harrisburg Union says:—We state upon authority, that there is at this time more than a sufficient amount of money in the Treasury to meet every dollar of interest on the first of next month. [Pennsylvanian, 29th.

QUERY. Who represents the whigs of Massachusetts, on the Oregon question—Mr Adams, who goes for the "*whole of Oregon*," or Mr Winthrop, who goes for "*none*?"

☞ A hard drinker, who is so crazed as to see "men as trees walking," is said to have the delirium tree-mens.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 5, 1846.

LONG POND WATER PROJECT—OR CITY OF BOSTON *VS.* TOWNS ON THE CONCORD RIVER.

There is no question before the legislature, or to come before it, except the railroad, and perhaps not even that, in which the people of Lowell feel a greater interest than this, of taking the waters of Long Pond and the ponds adjacent to supply the city of Boston with pure water. The same reasons why these waters should not be taken from the people of Lowell, by being diverted from their natural channel, apply with equal force against their being taken from the inhabitants of the towns all along the Concord River and its southern branch. We will give the effect of carrying this poject into operation upon Lowell and its inhabitants, and they may be applied to any other place on the river with equal propriety.

The first great objection to the project is, injury to a greater or lesser extent of every water power between the mouth of the Concord River and Long Pond. To do this injury without remuneration to the proprietors of all these privileges, and privileges of every kind, whether manufacturing, saw mill, grist mill, powder mill or fishing privileges, would be so manifestly unjust as no one would for a moment advocate such a course. But there are those, whose interests will be effected quite as injuriously as those of actual owners of privileges that must be paid for so far as injured, who will never receive a farthing. A man, though not the owner of any water privilege, nor *directly* interested in any, may be made a beggar by the diversion of a river. Mr. Whipple, or any other owner of a water privilege, may think it very unjust and unconstitutional to have his private property taken for private purposes even if he is paid for it what some twelve men who don't know half so much about its value as he does, choose to give him. He may say, and justly too, that it should not be taken, and cannot *constitutionally* be taken except for public purposes; that he has a right to be the judge of the value of his own property till some great public necessity requires it, when he must and is willing to submit. All this is very true, and he has a right to complain if his rights are infringed upon. But, though his case is hard and unjust, yet, what is it compared with that of the man who has invested his all in property that becomes valueless when Mr Whipple's or any other man's water privilege is destroyed; or that becomes depreciated just in the ratio that that the water privilege is injured, but is still unable to obtain the least redress? Such would be the practical effect of this project if carried out. Mr. Whipple and Mr everybody else who owns any direct interest in the water or its use would have their property unjustly and unconstitutionally taken from them perhaps at half or full price; but the owner of a house, the value of which depends wholly upon the prosperity of the town, which in turn depends wholly upon the mill privilege, gets not a single dollar though ruined. His case is certainly much harder than that of the owner of the water privilege.

Not only will individuals be injured and not redressed, but towns also. The city of Lowell will be as much smaller as its water power is diminished and thereby greatly injured. Who is to pay for this injury to the city of Lowell [illegible] to real estate consequent upon making our city less populous than it would be? Nobody. However much the legislature may injure towns and individuals should they pass this water bill, giving the privileges that God gave Lowell to Boston folks, it will provide no redress to towns nor individuals except those who have an immediate right to the use of the waters diverted. We shall, like the Courier, continue this subject.

☞ In reply to an article in the Advertiser, in which we shew that Gov. Briggs resorted to the same sort of demagogical trickery, in attempting to prove that Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and other apostles of democracy were in favor of a tariff of protection for protection, as the native Americans resorted to to prove them native Americans, the Courier says:—

"But we deny in toto that the question of protection to our manufactures was ever advocated "*solely* because they were indispensable to our *national independence.*" If the editor will turn to General Jackson's first annual message, he will find the following paragraph:"

"The agricultural interest of our country is so essentially coasected with every other, and so superior to them all, that it is scarcely necessary to invite it to your particular attention. It is *principally as manufactures and commerce tend to increase the value of agricultural productions, and to extend their application to the wants and comforts of society, that they deserve the fostering care of government.*"

"Now, here the old hero is in direct issue with the editor of the Advertiser. Manufactures and commerce deserve *principally* the fostering care of government as they tend to increase the value of agricultural productions of the country," says the old hero; while the Advertiser says he never advocated protection to manufactures on any other ground than that. It was necessary to our *independence.* Now which is right?"

We could almost let pass the strange and erroneous conclusion the Courier comes to from the extract he makes from the message of the "old hero." In consideration of the enthusiastic manner he refers to him did we not too well remember how the editor refused himself, and advised everybody else to refuse to pay the tribute of respect at the death of the hero and patriot, usual to be paid at such times to our country's benefactors. But is it not odd that the Courier jumps to the conclusion that the extract quoted proves that Gen. Jackson believed a tariff for protection for the sake of protection was constitutional and expedient, or that it was either the one or the other? Read it! Study it! What does it amount to? It is simply an invitation to Congress to give agriculture, manufactures and commerce the particular attention and fostering care their great importance demands. Not a word is said about the *manner* of fostering them;—whether by a revenue tariff, a protective tariff for the sake of protection, a bounty, or by general and equal or special and partial laws. The extract does not show that Andrew Jackson was ever in favor of a protective tariff even as a measure to secure our *independence.* It does not begin to show what we admitted. We said that the democratic party were in favor of, and admitted the constitutionality and expediency of a protective tariff so far as it was necessary to our independence but no farther. The Courier denies that the democratic party advocated the constitutionality and expediency of a protective tariff for protection *solely* because; and so far then as it was necessary to our independence, and makes the above extract from the message of the old General and says, "now here the old hero is in direct issue with the editor of the Advertiser." Now in the first place, the extract shows no issue with ourselves because, the *manner* of fostering these great interests is not spoken of, and no more applies, necessarily, to a tariff, than to a bounty or any other means of fostering them by legislation. In the second place, if Jackson did intend to invite Congress to foster these great interests by a tariff, it is certainly a most strange, forced, and unjust conclusion to come to, that, he intended to recommend Congress to foster them by a protective tariff for the sake of protection, (against the constitutionality of which he had waged through his whole life) instead of recommending them to foster them by a tariff for revenue affording incidental protection, a measure that he and the whole democratic party believed and still believe to be constitutional. To show any contradiction between our article and any sentiments of Andrew Jackson upon the tariff, it must be shown that he advocated the constitutionality of a tariff for protection beyond what would be afforded by a tariff for revenue; and also that he advocated it for some other cause than securing our *national independence.* As the extract fails to show even the first, it *must* fail to show the last; as, unless the first is established the last *cannot be.*

Now we have shown you just what is necessary for you to do, Col., be so kind as to give us another extract, coming to the point, *if you can find one.*

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Jan. 29.

The SENATE was but a short time in session.

Mr Webster's Resolution, asking the President to communicate any correspondence our Government may have had with Great Britain, on Oregon, since the delivery of his Message, if not incompatible with public safety, passed the Senate.

The navy bill was taken up, and Mr Speight of Mississippi spoke against it, and in the course of his remarks, declared his opposition to the notice, and his opinion that our title to Oregon was neither clear nor unquestionable.

In the HOUSE, Mr La Sere, the member elected in place of Mr Slidell, of Louisiana, appeared this morning and took his seat.

A motion to terminate the debate on the Oregon question on the 7th of February was voted down by 84 yeas to 52 nays.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, and Mr Ewing, of Tenn., and Mr. Holmes, of S. C., addressed the Committee in opposition to the notice.

Mr Baker of Illinois, closed the debate in a glowing speech in favor of the notice under any and every contingency.

The committee then rose and the House adjourned.

Friday Jan. 30.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, a large number of bills and resolutions were reported from committees.

Mr Baker rose to make a correction in the Union's report of his remarks yesterday, representing that he had said that he aided in bringing this administration into power. What he uttered was precisely the reverse of this.

The Oregon question was next brought up.

Mr Hodge spoke with decided ability and spirit in favor of giving the notice and claiming the whole of Oregon or none.

Saturday, Jan. 31.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, motions were made to print 5,000, and for 10,000 copies of the report of the Committee on Pensions. Several members participated in a debate on this subject and a final decision was made in favor of 10,000 copies.

Personal explanations next took place between Yancey, Baily and Hoge, as to their positions on the Oregon question. Mr Wick moved that all members who had made doubtful speeches, have leave to define their positions.

The bill to regulate and limit the pay of collectors of customs passed a third reading.

The Oregon question was next taken up.

Mr A. Johnson spoke with vehemence in favor of giving the notice, attacking Mr Boyly for misrepresenting Mr Adams' position.

Mr Boyly twice interrupted him for explanations.

Mr Johnson told him in his face not to shake his head and frown at him, for his frowns contain no terrors. He had better, said Mr J., frown at his slaves and boatsmen.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Jan. 31.

In the SENATE, the junior railway committee was appointed to consist of Messrs Wheatland and Hurlbert on the part of the Senate,—and the petitions of Charles Bemis and others, Thomas West President of the Boston and Maine Railroad, and Solomon Strong and others were referred to them.

Bills for the government and management of Houses of Correction in certain cases; to amend the charter of the city of Lowell; and giving further time to the Bank of Norfolk to close its concerns, were severally passed to be engrossed, the former in concurrence.

In the HOUSE, the bill from the Senate, ceding to the United States the jurisdiction over George's, Lovell's and Governor's Islands, was read and the rules having been suspended, it received several readings, and was passed to be engrossed.

A bill was reported providing for the sale of real estate of deceased persons and minors; and to pay Jesse Chickering $125 41 for services rendered, in preparing and completing the registration of Births Marriages and deaths.

Bills concerning the Milbury Bank, to incorporate the New England Cordage Co., the Old Town Manufacturing Co., and the New Bedford Steam Mill Co., were severally passed to be engrossed, in concurrence.

Messrs. Giles of Boston, Hopkins of Northampton, Dodge of Cohasset, Miles of Petersham and Dwight of Springfield, were appointed on the part of the House as the second or junior committee on Railway subjects.

Monday, Feb. 2.

In the SENATE. Bills to increase the capital of Fitchburg Bank; to incorporate the Bradford Flax Co; the East Boston Manufacturing Co.; and the Trustees of the Second Methodist Episcopal Church in Nantucket; relating to the Providence and Worcester railroad Co.; and to empower the several manufacturing companies in Lowell to hold and improve the waters of the Merrimack river, were severally passed to be engrossed, the first named in concurrence.

In the HOUSE, petitions were presented of Sarah G. Bagley and 4 to 5000 others, factory girls of Lowell, for a law defining the number of hours for a day's labor; W. I. Bowditch and others, a committee of the town of Brookline, that no railroad should be allowed to pass through said town; William Livingston and others for a railroad from Lowell to Andover; Aaron Lamman and others, for a revision of the gaming laws.

The reports, leave to withdraw on the petitions of several congregational societies for leave to tax pews, were accepted in concurrence.

Bills to limit writs of *scire facias* in certain cases; in addition, &c, establishing the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation; concerning the Charlestown Branch and Fitchburg Railroad Cos.; also resolves on the petition of John K. Going Jr. and in favor of the Hampden County Agricultural Society were passed to be engrossed, the three last named bills, and the last named resolve in concurrence.

FIRES. The large grist and saw mill, machine shop, &c., at Bobbinet village in Pepperell, were burnt to the ground on Wednesday night last. Loss about $8,000 no insurance.

At Tuftonboro', N. H., Nathan Jenkin's house, with most of its contents, was burned Jan. 20; no insurance.

☞ A lady has been arrested in Cincinnati for the very unlady like act of breaking her husband's head with an iron pot lid.

SOMETHING NEW. Till the Courier told us, we never knew that *James Madison was a Federalist;* we thought him an out and out Republican. Will the Courier tell us who, when Madison was run for the Presidency, was run on the *Federal ticket with him for the Vice Presidency?* We ask, because it is suggested there may be a little doubt about the fact of Madison's having been a Federalist, notwithstanding what the Courier says.

THE VOICE OF MICHIGAN. Resolves for the whole of Oregon up to 54 40, and instructing the delegates in congress to vote for immediate notice and for all measures for the protection of our citizens in the territory, passed the Michigan senate, Jan. 28, unanimously except George A. Coe, the whig member admitted to his seat the day before. The house passed the same resolves 29 to 3, two whigs and one democrat. There are about a dozen whigs in the house.

☞ The Post says, G. W. Breaker, a democrat, received the certificate of election as representative in the Kentucky legislature from Boone. Mr Stephens, whig, contested the seat, and the whig house gave it to him, cutting off all discussion by the previous question; but Mr S. was so uncomfortable under the decision that he resigned, and the people will have to choose again. This shows how much respect the whigs have for *certificates.*

IMPORTANT DECISION. *Suit involving a million and a half of dollars.* Most of our readers will recollect the case of Levis, defaulting officer of the Schuylkill, Phil. Bank, who issued false certificates of stock in the Bank of Kentucky, to the amount of $1-500,000. The Schuylkill Bank was the legal agent of the Bank of Kentucky, and it has just been decided that the Schuylkill Bank is responsible for the amount.

STEAM ENGINE. A petition is before the Mayor and Aldermen for license to erect and operate a steem engine on Willow street, Belvidere. As these smoking establishments are great nuisances, they should never be suffered to exist in any populated portion of the city. There is plenty of room for them a little retired from population. We hope the petitios will not be granted.

MATRIMONY IN NEW YORK. The Vice Chancellor of New York has cut asunder, at a single sitting *fourteen* matrimonal bonds: of these, ten were for unfaithfulness on the part of the liege lords, and the balance naughtiness on the part of the better halves. The Chancellor gave notice that he had several others to settle in the same manner.

VERY ACCOMMODATING. By reference to advertisement it will be seen that an extra train is now run from this city to Boston, leaving Lowell at 1 1-2 P. M., and that the last train from Boston leaves that city at 5 25, instead of 5, as heretofore. This gives us, for an afternoon visit to Boston, one hour and ten minutes longer than heretofore. Very convenient for business folks.

☞ Our occasional correspondent, "Looker On," thinks the opinion is somewhat prevalent that we are "opposed to the general course of that old and tried pioneer of the New England democracy, the Boston Post." Nothing is further from the fact, except so far as the course it has pursued in relation to Gov. Morton is concerned. In this, we do disagree with the Post.

DOCTORS, SETTLE THIS. Whig panic makers say the reduction of the tariff is inevitable, and that it will be followed by the prostration and ruin of manufactures; manufacturers are investing an unparalleled amount of capital in all the different branches of American manufacture. Are they doing it for the sake of being ruined, or dont they believe in the ruin cry?

FOUND DEAD. Mr. Thaddeus Hamblet, of Dracut, was found dead in the road on Saturday last.—He left home for the purpose of getting a load of wood. The probable cause of his death we have not learned. He was an elderly bachelor, and by industry and frugality had acquired a very respectable estate.

☞ The Nashua Telegraph says a dog school is to be established in Utica, New York. Are they to be taught the *dogmas of whiggery*, like the pupils in some of the schools in the Bay State? We demand a *categorical* answer. If so, we shall not trust "Boss" there.

WALTZING. Mr Kilborn commences (at Mechanics' Hall,) a school next Monday evening, expressly for the instruction of ladies and gentlemen in the polite accomplishment of waltzing. Mr K. is competent.

☞ When we publish the letters of correspondents we publish them entire, though we may not agree with all their views, as we think our readers are quite as capable of judging for themselves as we are for them.

☞ In the legislature, yesterday, the petition of Wm. Livingston and others for a railroad from Lowell to Andover, was presented. Also, a petition of Sarah G. Bagley and about 5000 others of Lowell, for a modification of the hours of labor.

☞ The Albany Knickerbocker says that one half of the maladies that mankind labor under might be prevented if they would only take a wife at the age of twenty. We disagree in toto.

☞ The committee of the London Peace society have memorialized Sir R. Peel in favor of settling the Oregon question by peaceful, rather than by other means.

THE MUSICIAN'S BALL, which is to come off next Monday evening, at Wentworth's Hall, will no doubt be one of the nicest affairs of the season.—Messrs. Williams and V. Ganson are directors.

☞ It is estimated by a New Orleans paper that the liquor sales at the bar of the St. Charles Hotel, in that city, amount to *one hundred dollars per hour.*

☞ The rumor of Mr. Buchanan's resignation, that has been going the rounds of the whig papers, is a hoax.

NEARLY COMPLETED—the new Middlesex Hotel, at Concord.

☞ Hon. AMOS ABBOTT will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

☞ Hogs are quoted at $3,40 a $3,50, in Cincinnati.

THE FARMERS' LIBRARY and MONTHLY JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURE. *No. 8. February, 1846. Edited by John S. Skinner. Greely & McElrath, Tribune Buildings, New York. Price $5 per annum.*

The former part of the number—the "Farmers Library"—contains a continuation of "*Thaer's principles of Agriculture.*" In the "Monthly Journal of Agriculture," is chapter I, and part of chapter II, of a *Treatise on Milch Cows.* It is a translation from the French of M. Francis Guenon. The author of the treatise claims to have discovered certain natural marks on the cows, by which it is easy to determine, with unerring accuracy, the three following imputed facts in regard to them:

1st. The quantity of milk which they can yield daily.

2d. The period during which they will continue to give milk.

3d. The quality of their milk.

Farmers look at this! the discovery is of immense importance and no humbug! For sale by Bixby—Westworth's building.

REAL WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA—IMPORTANT FROM BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE!! By the arrival at Baltimore of the brig Argyle, from Rio Janero, whence she sailed on the 13th December, and the brig Saldana, also from the same place, having sailed on the 20th December, the *American* has advices of an important character.

Rio de Janeiro, 17th, Dec. 1845.

The all-absorbing topic of the day is the late tremendous engagement between the Anglo allied forces at the River Plate, and some of Rosas's batteries at the mouth of the River Parana. On the part of the English and French the victory was complete indeed; not however, without serious losses as regards life, and property in the way of shipping.

The English brig of war Dolphin alone received 107 round shot in her hull and rigging during the engagement; the French steamer Fultos 104 shot; and a French vessel, or at least a vessel manned by French-men, but formerly belonged to the Buenos Ayreans, was completely riddled. The total loss of the allies amounted to 150 killed and wounded, while on the part of the enemy no correct statement has yet been made public. Report says that upwards of 800 men are missing. Certain that in one fort no less that 250 bodies were found, and in another some 150 or 160, and what is still more strange, they were all blacks.—To account for this it is said that as fast as a white men fell, killed or wounded, he was immediately carried off, while the poor blacks were kept at it, and lay where they fell.

THE REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

News from Vera Cruz of the 12th and from the city of Mexico of the 8th January has come to hand via New Orleans. It confirms the success of the movement of Paredes, who entered the capital on the 2d in triumph, and Herrera seems peaceably to have transferred his power to the new power. On the same day Paredes convened a junta of officers of the army, and an informal constitution was adopted. On the 3d a junta of nobles, two from each department, *named by Paredes for the purpose*, Santa Anna's minister Torsel presiding and Almonte secretary, elected him president till the meeting of the extraordinary congress, to be convoked in eight days. The friends of Herrera contended that Paredes ought to take an oath to go to war with the United States, but *this was voted down*, on the ground that it would be a declaration of war, and the assembly had no power to declare war. Paredes was sworn in on the 4th, making a grand inaugural address, but without alluding to the United States, or "the affair of Texas." He appointed Gen. Almonte minister of war; the bishop of Chipas, Senor Becerra, minister of justice; Senor Luis Parres, minister of finances; Senor Castillo Lanzas, minister of foreign affairs. All was tranquil in the capital, and the states were sending in their adhesions. The Indians were continuing their butcheries in the northern provinces, and stages and travellers were robbed every where as usual.

Our minister, Mr Slidell, had demanded his passports of the *new* government, which told him he might go where he pleased, as they did not recognise him. He was denied an escort to Vera Cruz, and he then sent a messenger to our brig Somers, which arrived at Vera Cruz on the 6th; and it is said some of the officers went to meet him at Jalapa. These are rumors.

A bearer of despatches came in the Pario, which brought the above news. [Boston Post.

A MERRY GOOD TIME. We are pleased to hear that our civil and military fellow citizens are uniting in preparation for the approaching annual Washington Assembly. There is to be a meeting in the Government Room of Mechanics' Hall this evening, to choose a board of managers.

☞ At Carlisle, Pa., William Grimshow, agent of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Philadelphia, was tried for having sent a challenge to Wm. H. Miller, Esq., to fight a duel, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs.

☞ Rev Matthew Hale Smith has received and accepted a call to the pastoral charge of the Second Presbyterian Church, on New York avenue, Washington city, formerly under the care of the Rev Mr Knox.

☞ The colored people of Boston have obtained a charter from England, and formed lately a lodge called the "Bay State Lodge of the United Order of Odd Fellows."

☞ The weather is about so, so—sometimes so, and sometimes not so.

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

— Performances Commence at 7½ o'clock. —

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performances will commence with the new Vaudeville, first time in America, entitled —

THE LITTLE BACK PARLOR!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Bradley and Merrifield.

Splendid Scotch Dance, Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the Vaudeville, entitled —

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER.

Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

LOWELL MUSEUM.



Fun and frolic, mirth and gladness,
At the Museum reign supreme;
Come and drive away your sadness
At mirth's bright gushing stream.

See "old Wyatt," graceful, easy,
Wins your admiration now—
While Merrifield and J. Brooks Bradley
Will drive sorrow from your brow.

Now beautiful and charming, fair,
Mrs Merrifield behold;—
Advancing now, see Miss St. Clair,
A favorite actress, truly bold.

And there is Davis, sure enough!
And Mr Cross is seen—
Though cross by name, there's fun enough,
Within his brain, I ween.

And Mr Gates, proprietor,
So pleasant and polite,
A hearty welcome will extend,
To you on every night.

The New England Family Magazine, for February (an illustrated number,) has been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Segalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. k&p3mjue17

WORTH

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this—it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. Remember, nothing on principles of efficacy may be obtained of the Agent here, J. S. HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & Co.; Andover, S. Higgles. eow1m

A CARD.

The undersigned would tender to the citizens of Billerica and the Fire Department of Lowell, their thanks for the prompt and efficient aid rendered them in saving their property from destruction during the late fire at Billerica Mills.

FRANCIS FALKNER & SONS,
C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Jan. 31, 1846.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending January 31st, 1846.

Jan. 28, Thomas Y. Leavitt, 4 years, scarlet fever; 31st, Honora Castles, 87, consumption.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Charlestown, Jan. 31, Mrs Susannah, consort of the late Joshua Simonds, 77.

In East Cambridge, Jan. 31, Mrs Eveliee Howard, wife of Samuel Poor, jr.

In Lynn, Jan. 21, Mr Amariah Childs, 80, formerly of Charlestowe.

CIVIL AND MILITARY.

Annual Washington Assembly.

CITIZENS are requested to meet at the GOVERNMENT ROOM, (Mechanics' Hall,) *THIS EVENING*, February 3d, at 7 o'clock, to choose a Board of Managers for the above Assembly. feb3

Musicians' Anniversary Ball,

AT *WENTWORTH'S HALL*, Lowell, Mass. A grand Ball will be given at the above named place, on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 9, 1846, conducted by B. WILLIAMS and V. GARCIA.

☞ Tickets $1.00. feb3

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF WILLIAM PAUL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM PAUL, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Butcher, an insolvent debtor; and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Paul will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where said Paul will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.

feb3 F. F. PEARL, Assignee.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tenot), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All Work done in the best manner and warranted. Stock Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6madvdec20

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Cramps, Aches in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsey, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Bidwell, Inspector S. S. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor N. R. Carefuicle, [Bnys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *This Day.*

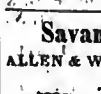
☞ This Ship takes no Ice. ☜



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered Ship PARIS, *Symes*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs F. M. Weld & Co. Agents at New Orleans. f3

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The fine fast sailing packet Brig CHARLES JOSDAH, *Tillinghast*, master, daily expected to arrive will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. f3

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Saturday next—First Vessel.*

Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, *Spooner*, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. j31

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Saturday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Schr ROWENA, *Young*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. f3

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, January 30, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrent has been duly issued by Bradford, Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FREDERIC HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Holton will beholden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Groton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Holton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
jan31 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esquire, a Master in Chancery in and for said county of Middlesex. In the matter of NATHANIEL S. RICHARDSON, of Tewksbury, in said county, an insolvent debtor.

To all whom it may concern, notice is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be holden at the office of said Bradford Russell, at Groton, in said county, before said Master, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors who have not proved their claims may present them for allowance. And that the subscriber will at said meeting present his account as Assignee of said insolvent, preparatory to a dividend, if there be any thing to divide.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM SMITH,
Assignee of said insolvent.

Lowell, Jan. 30, 1846. 2t jan31

City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street and about seventy-five feet north of Andover street—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, as the time, and the Aldermen's room in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same, and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board.

j29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Gum Elastic Bands.

A NEW and superior article, for fastening bills of letters, &c. For sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central street. A jan22

Christie's

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.,

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TOBIN, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preech or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid; is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she had tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the Rings and Fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3 aply

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. 1, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton, London. Subscription received by JUDKINS,
feb3 No. 29, Central Street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

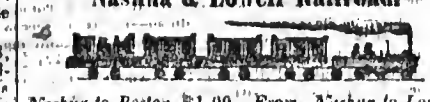
Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 12, 2, 5 and 8h, 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 8 and 14, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:15, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN.

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Huredeo Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advSnjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 38, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
1floc23 47, Merrimack Street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair cut and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Local Loiterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches." For sale by the hundred, dozen or single, at 29, Central Street. an22

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

Office—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

Assignees' Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 5th, at 1 o'clock, p. m., on the premises of JOHN TAYLOR, Chapel Hill,—One Horse Cart—Two Wagons—One Spt Wagon Wheels and Axles—One Plough—Lot of Forks—One Grain Basn—Three Harnesses—One Horse Power—One Grindstone—Lot of Hay—One Set of Falls—Lot of Clothes. *Also*,—if not previously sold,—One superior HORSE, weight 1500 lbs., considered one of the best animals ever owned in Lowell. *Also*,—From 50 to 100 cords of Hog Manure. *Also*,—All said Taylor's right in equity to the redemption of the estate on which he now lives, consisting of about 3 acres of Good Land, on which are many excellent Fruit Trees, now just beginning to yield—a good new Dwelling House and out buildings.—Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

JOHN MEAD,
JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.
E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, Jan. 29, 1846. tjan31

On SATURDAY, Feb. 7th, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, the Grammar School-house and Land, situated near the old Burying ground. For particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, or the committee on Lands and Buildings.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to

SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks.—O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant, Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

—At Office.—

Constable Sale of Furniture.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., 7 new and elegant Sofas, various patterns—1 large Rocking-chair, in hair cloth—24 Grecian cane seat Chairs—6 large Looking glasses—2 large column Stoves—4 small wood Stoves—Crockery, Glass and China Ware—Beds and Bedding.

Also,—4 ps superfine all wool carpeting—3 ps Venetian carpeting.

At 11 o'clock—1 second hand Seraphine—2 new Piano Fortes, in elegant Rose wood case, with Harp pedal and all the modern improvements. May be examined the day before the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufacturies in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtues, the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. P. MORRILL.

Improved Salamander Safes.

CERTIFICATE.

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'ly,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis; in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients. Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for any medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF SAMUEL HARRIS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Harris will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Harris will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

j31 SAMUEL C. SHAPLEIGH, Assignee.

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homeopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, & the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic to diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use; such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—" Like cures like "—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, " Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, " vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, " hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as convulsions of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic-doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, as the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and when there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The galloping and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine.

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dustiney, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, S. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Geo. st., John Dove, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig; Augustus L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bell, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morrison; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Asper Ferrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington Eq. Child; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Grimes Wilmington, Warden & Hayward, Wm. H. Carter; Ahiel Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Hayes, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Stokes; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, loins, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrufula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholica; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for meterials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only dangee that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed a whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts.—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
} Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. mutatf

Lowell, April 7, 1843.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 49 Central st. 599

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly elevated. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, sprouding out the folsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their fated opinions pay it"

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his books as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

INSERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and, for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL;" and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills porporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. s1yjun22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall; C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States, dec16

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Parker & Bailey,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1845.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower Vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 20 Central St. nov15

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country; and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its bygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the last ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed to vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was.

Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Josiah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.

SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "

JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,

240. Delancy street, New York.

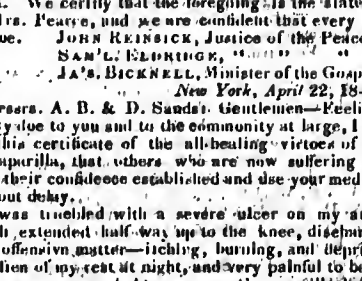
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sande's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plynog30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly armed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the departure and instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of our best brotherly expostolation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [cow'] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.,

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 26 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS, jan18 No. 80, Central street, Lowell.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c. Beware of all of these!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell*, by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a13A; p6m

DR. PEUCHTWANGER'S

GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov4

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsep23

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt, to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Proprietors Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 5, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 16.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Marrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL,

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

aly1y LOWELL. sep19

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mareens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

B. C. Littlefield,

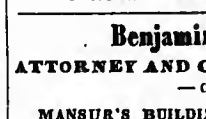
DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAPSTONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 2 *Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.*

jan21 by

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjas1

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, *Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,*

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—ALSO—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*

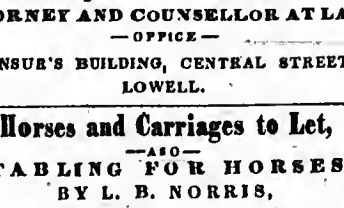
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

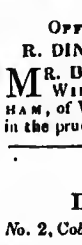


Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 *Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,*

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of Jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan18 DEAN BANGS.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxative Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. NTOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 8½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

1, M.....Portland

At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he teaches *by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,

jan18 29 Central Street, Lowell.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in the country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months so pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in few minutes without pain. tfoaw&poct23

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. DOANE has located in Lowell, take safety say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N. B.—Those suffering from the excruiating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11a&p1f

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept22 J. S. HORSE, Sec'ry.

MILITARY GLORY!

They are talking about a reform of the militia law of the State of New York, but the advocates of the old system bring to its defence such a power of eloquence that a change need hardly be expected. We cannot forbear making an extract from a speech which was delivered recently at Albany, in defence of the glory of militia.

"The militia is the bone and grizzle of the country. It locks, bolts and bars the gates of creation, and stands sentinel on the tallest ramparts of Nature's dominions. This Republic would be a miserable consarn, but for the militia. It keeps the ardent spirits of military effulgence in a glow of Icelandic fervorosity. I'm attacher to it myself. I think its rich. The system cant be bettered. Folks call it a farce. *I* don't see nothin' to laff at in it. It's a blaguey solemn piece of business, when you come to hug down to the naked reality on't. Tan't every body that can put on the regimentalities, and look like old Mars, the god of war, with a decided touch of Julius Junius Ceaze-ker thrown in for effect. No sir-*ee!* There aint a bigger or more important critter afloat than a live militia ossifer, all rigged in the full catwautements of glory, with sittips to his bricherloons, epeletts piled up on both shoulders, brass buttons from head tew foot, silver stars shinin' in the tails of his coat, a cap and plume on his head, and a drawn sword in his hand. Sich a site's enuff to make man and woman think better of this specie! 'Tis indeed!

I believe the preluscent delirium of this destined Republic is centered in its militia. It can't stand without it. With it, its proud motto is, "*Divided we stand, united we fall!*"—Stop cheering—you put me all out—

Gen. Washington belonged to the militia; so did Sippio Afri-cane-us; so did Boneyparte; so did that old Wizzigoth that ravished all Europe, and burnt its fences and stone walls, and so also, sodgers, do *I!*

I believe that if all out doors should bust threw the paraturnailye of the animal economy and slide down the greased plank of ancestrial delinquency ker-slump into the broad Savannars of this smilin' land of asses' milk and untamed honey, that nuthin' astir could poot 'em out but militia! That ar' a fact! Three cheers for the militia in ginerel, and the 9999th regiment in particklar. Sodgers! ground arms!

Who's afraid? What's Mexiko, Kalifornika and Oregon? Who's afeered of *them*? Sodgers! The mortal 9999 can thrash the life out of that ar' yallar, half-Spanish varmint, that Mexico, any mornin' afore breakfast. Our motto is, "*Liberty and Death, now and forever, one and inseperable!*" Whooray for Mexas! Down with Texico! Let's lick-er!"

From the N. Y. Sunday Mercury.

SHORT PATENT SERMON.

BY DOW, JR.

To resume my labor of love, I will discourse this morning, from the following text:

He cheats himself, and neighbors, too,
And, when the earth he passes,
Satan, to see his little soul,
Will have to put on glasses.

My hearers—carefulness, vigilance, prudence, and economy are commendable qualities; but mercenary meanness and miserly avarice are almost too loathsome and detestable to be meddled with by any decent moral physician, like myself, for instance. A germ of meanness, if it be not nipped at its first budding, will soon so overshadow and stunt every ennobling principle of the heart, that neither guano, fertilizing powers, nor all the manure of morality in creation will be able to make them flourish again. Man's soul, my friend, has an expandability and a stretchitiveness about it equal to Indian rubber. When high, heaven-born, noble and generous thoughts are infused into it, it swells like a balloon, and rises into a purer and more ethereal element—far, far above the clouds and storms of debasing passion. In fact, it cant get down if it would, any more than an inflated blow-fish can descend to wallow in its native mud. It scorns every dishonest deed, and spurns every low and niggardly practice. Pregnant with a generous and philanthropic pride, sooner than take advantage of the weak, the defenceless and the fallen, you might expect the American eagle to prey upon the putrid carcase of Mexico, or condescend to pick out the eyes of a prostrate nation. But when a human soul has been long exposed to the scorching rays of avarice, it becomes shrivelled up to fried shoestrings—nay, to the invisible atomy that concentrates with *nothing*. It becomes so insignificantly minute, that ten million like it would rattle in a peanut shell.

My friends—too many of you (city folks especially) are over inclined to meanness. I know some who are so vastly little—if I may be allowed the term—that, when they are brushed from the earth into the devil's dust pan, the old chap will have to put on double-magnifying spectacles, and poke for a long while, among the rubbish of mortality, before he can find them.—There's neighbor Tightfist, in some respects a worthy member of my congregation; and yet I regret to say, he is mean enough to chase a fat mosquito through a five mile swamp for the sake of his suit. To his credit, however, he once made a sacrifice for the good cause by putting an unfortunate-looking penny in the box, and gning supperless to bed. And there's neighbor Grab, too—if he had the power, and could enrich himself thereby, he would brush the silver stars from the firmament, and snatch the golden sun from the sky, and sell the moon for old brass.—If a sixpence were required at the gate of heaven, rather than pay the fee, I verily believe, he would rise from his resting-place at midnight, and pick the lock with a tenpenny nail. Oh! you mean and pitiful pilgerims! You think that by cheating others, you enrich yourselves; but you cheat yourselves in proportion as you cheat others. You cheat yourselves out of that contentedness and mental repose which the freehearted generous, and philanthropic enjoy; and which is worth more to mortal than mountains of gold.—By hoarding up every shilling you can get you

increase the burning thirst and intolerable itching for more; and where this incessant restlessness prevails, happiness won't foort, any more than birds will roost upon the nodding branches of the tree top. The beautiful flowers of sentiment will fade in your cold bosoms—your tender feelings become like parings of finger nails—philanthropy looses all its sweet liquor—your sympathies seem to be made of sole leather—you are perfect strangers to rational enjoyments. In short your lives lead through a dark tunnel, at the farther end of which you appear to see nothing else than a sixpence glittering in the sun, and are ever shoving with the Jerusalem fidgets to get at it. If this be happiness, I have therefore confounded the animal with some other creature that had hair on it.

My hearers—"Keep what you have got and get what you can," is a very bad precept. If everybody were to act upon this principle, a precious little indeed could be got. He that had much would keep it always without benefit to himself or to any body else; and he that had nothing would be in fair way to just hold his own forever. No, no—the seed must be sown before it can be made to produce sixty, or an hundred fold: but you must be careful and not sow it upon barren ground, or you will have the mortification of gathering nothing but thistles at the best. Of every three-pence, put one in your pocket, dispose of another for the good of the body, and give the other to God, through the hands of the poor and needy; and Heaven will smile upon, fortune favor you, men speak well of you—and finally go to your long home as happy as a woodchuck to his winter burrow. Be saving but not parsimonious. I want you to enjoy the good things of this world in a moderate and rational manner; as becomes a being of belly and wisdom. Partake thankfully and cheerfully of the good gifts of Providence with which you are surrounded, and not sit like "Patience on a monument smelling at beef." Open your mouths, your hearts, your hands and pockets—sow and reap—give and receive—help one another, and the reward will follow—but not in the manner that it followeth the thief. And, above all, foster and encourage a spirit of love—not that passion born love which springs up in a night, like the mushroom, and departs as suddenly;—but that gentle, heavenly, amaranthine love, which not only flourishes in smiles but blooms as fresh in tears. So mote it be!

CONGRESS.

Monday, Feb. 2.

In the SENATE, Mr. Greene presented a remonstrance from the legislature of Rhode Island against the reduction of the tariff, and resolutions in favor of cheap postage.

Mr Bagby gave notice of a bill to incorporate the Texan navy with that of the United States.

A debate took place on a bill offered by Mr Jarnagin of Tennessee, to pay the Texan government for goods taken from the custom house officers of Texas, on the Red River, by an armed force gathered in Arkansas by the owners of the goods; and also to pay Texas for rifles taken from her volunteers by a United States force, when they invaded the United States for the purpose of protecting the caravan trading between the Missouri and Santa Fe. The amount claimed was 57,000. Mr Sevier, of Arkansas, supported the bill, and Mr Evans, of Maine, opposed it.

The bill was laid on the table, and the Senate went into executive session.

In the HOUSE, Mr Winthrop, of Boston, presented and read the petition of Mrs Martha Gray, the widow of the discoverer of Columbia River. The paper is short, and is written with an elegant and touching simplicity. It relates that Captain Gray was employed in the American naval service during the revolutionary war; that she would have been entitled to a pension, as his widow, for those services, under existing circumstances, if her marriage with her late husband had taken place one month earlier in the year 1794, than it did; that neither she nor any of her husband's family had ever received any compensation from the government for the services rendered by Capt. Gray, who was the first to bear the flag of his country around the world; that she had four daughters the children of Captain Gray, three of whom were still unmarried; and that her circumstances were straitened and impoverished. The memorial was referred to the committee on revolutionary pensions.

A motion was made to take the question on the Oregon resolution, on Monday, the 9th of February.—This was laid on the table by ayes and noys, 99 to 88.

HORRID EFFECTS OF MILLERISM. The Springfield Statesman says: Mr Ebenezer Walker, a farmer of respectability, aged about 37 years, having a wife and one child, was induced by motives of curiosity to attend a Miller meeting in Belchertown, on Sunday the 18th. While there, he became deluded by the tirents and anathemas which were preached, and left the house after the close of the meeting in a state of mind bordering upon insanity. This malady continued to increase until he became a raving madman.—While in this way he declared that his heart was sinful and must be plucked out or burned out. Accordingly he rushed towards a large cooking stove and thrust his left hand into the burning embers, and clenched the red hot iron of the stove until the flesh was literally burned from the bones of his hand before he could be secured. The poor man continued in this awful state until death came to his relief on Tuesday evening, the 27th ult., at 8 o'clock. Great excitement prevails in Belchertown, and means will be taken to prevent any further spread of this accursed delusion.

☞ The Great Falls Transcript, under the head "Another Murder at Rochester," states that on Thursday morning last, Mr Benjamin Henderson, an unmarried man, about 40 years old was found dead and frozen near the brick yard, about a mile from that village. In company with his father, he had teamed a load of hay to the tavern of Mr Dodge, where it was sold. After drinking freely of intoxicating liquors, he started for home with the team, leaving his father behind, who soon followed, and found the team standing near the spot where the body was found. Supposing that he had gone home, he made no search. The next morning his body was found. Mr H. was much intoxicated when he left the village, and it is supposed that he thought the lime kiln was a house, and wandered about it, falling and recovering, till his strength failed.

BARYTES vs. WHITE LEAD. A mine of barytes is opened in Whately, Mass., about four and a half miles from Northampton depot, and about a quarter of a mile from the track, which will furnish six hundred tons a year. The article has heretofore been sent to New Haven by the canal, and there ground for market and use. In this state it has sold at Philadelphia for $40 a ton. This barytes is a heavy whitish stone, with a metallic lustre resembling silver. Ground and mixed with oil and spirits of turpentine it makes a shining white paint, which soon becomes hard. It is also mixed with white lead, the better to adapt it to some uses. Taken internally it operates as a virulent poison. It is said to be mixed with much of the white lead in use, and its effect is seen in the dingy color of many white painted buildings. It is considered difficult now to find any white lead which is not adulterated with it; but it is a gross fraud which ought not to be tolerated. [Exchange paper.

AWKWARD MISTAKE OF THE PRESS. A paper recently quoted the following description of Arabia: "A place mentioned in scripture history, and consecrated in the eyes of all civilized nations by having witnessed the visible descent of the Divine Being." The quotation was accurately printed excepting the last two words, for which unfortunately appeared (the words "*Diving Bell.*"

The first lesson which that old patriarch of printers, (ISAIAH THOMAS,) used to teach his apprentices, was—*when you drop a type, pick up two.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 5, 1846.

☞ The editor of the Courier refuses to point out a single article of manufacture necessary to our independence that cannot be produced under a revenue tariff. He says he is "not bound to prove a negative." Nobody asked him to prove a negative. We told him if he would (affirmatively,) point out a single article necessary to the *independence* of our country that would not receive all the protection necessary to its production under a revenue tariff, we would go for it's protection and so would the whole democratic party. He cites the fact that ninety millions of dollars worth of dutiable goods were imported into this country last year, and enquires, "how it can be said we are *wholly* independent of foreign countries for the supply of goods?" Nobody said we were *wholly independent of foreign countries for the supply of goods.* We said we could supply ourselves with goods *necessary to our independence* without any other protection than that afforded by a revenue tariff; if we could not we would go for further protection. But because we imported ninety millions of dollars worth of wines, silks, high priced cloths, tea, coffee, laces, precious stones and a thousand articles not necessary to our independence, or that cannot be produced in this country, it by no means follows that there are other articles necessary to our independence that need more protection than they may receive under a revenue tariff. He says, "when the Advertiser has proved that a protective tariff is not now necessary, we shall be ready to meet his arguments, and we hope to overthrow them." It is quite modest in our neighbor after having refused to prove a negative (though he was mistaken, we asked him to show an affirmative) to call on us to do just that—to prove that a protective tariff is *not* now necessary. But as negatives are sometimes as susceptible of demonstration as affirmatives, if the Courier will tell to *what* it would have us show a protective tariff is not necessary, perhaps we will undertake the task. If it would have shown that a protective tariff is not necessary to enable manufacturing capitalists to make from 25 to 40 per ct. on their capital we shall decline the task; for it doubtless is indispensable to such a state of things. But if it would have us show that the existing protective tariff does give manufacturing capitalists such dividends, and that the effect of it is to make labor, manufacturing and all other kinds, cheaper than it would be if their dividends were not more than one third as large, and that such a protective tariff is simply giving a few capitalists the legal power (not the moral right) of making all classes contribute to swell their enormous gains, we are ready to commence the work if the Courier will "meet and overthrow our arguments." If yea, give us the word.

He asks "how is it that a thing can be constitutional to-day and unconstitutional to-morrow, without any change in the Constitution? Will our neighbor point out to us the article in the constitution which partakes of this chameleon character?" No, we won't, for there is no such chameleon article in the Constitution, and we have said nothing of that chameleon character. It takes the Courier to change its color three times in the same article. We have never said that a thing that is constitutional to-day will not be constitutional to-morrow. We said the protective policy could be constitutional only so far as necessary to introduce the production or manufacture of articles necessary to our *independence*—that it has long ceased to be necessary for that purpose, and therefore, it is now *unconstitutional.* Unconstitutional not because of the chameleon character of the constitution, or of constitutional arguments, but because, *the cause* that made it constitutional no longer exists. It is as constitutional to lay a protective duty upon an article necessary to our independence, now, if it cannot be produced without, as it ever was; and we told our chameleon friend if he would point out a single article necessary to our independence that could not be produced under a revenue tariff, we would go for additional protection. The very thing that was constitutional then is constitutional now if that thing exists. But it does not follow, if it was once constitutional to lay a protective duty upon articles *necessary to our independence, and that could not be produced without such a duty,* that it is now constitutional to lay such a duty, *not for the same purpose of enabling us to produce the article and thereby secure our independence,* but for the purpose of giving manufacturers great dividends, or any other purpose except the one that alone rendered the protective duty constitutional. It may be constitutional to build a road *for military purposes* from one end of the Union to the other; but it does not follow that it is constitutional to build a road from one end of the Union to the other *without regard to the purpose.* A military road may be a constitutional work, while a road for purposes of internal improvements would be wholly unconstitutional. A protective tariff, *so far as necessary to secure our independence,* may be constitutional, while a protective tariff, for any other purpose, *would be wholly unconstitutional.* And all this is true, without there being any chameleon article in the constitution either.

The Lowell Patriot, one of the editors of which has received an appointment under Gov. Morton in the Custom House, is horrified at the idea of seeing Gov. Morton broke and thrust from the Collectorship. Has that paper no sympathy for those democrats whom Gov. Morton has attempted to break down, and whom he has thrust from office "without a why or wherefore?" [Hampden Statesman.

One of the editors of "the Lowell Patriot," now the "Lowell Patriot & Republican" neither has, seeks, wishes nor expects an office under Gov. Morton. Nor has the "Pat. & Rep," and the Lowell Advertiser (which we also publish) but two subscribers, one to each, that are connected with the Custom House. This is all the "pap" we receive from Gov. Morton or any of his officers. We think the Hampden Statesman can boast of a larger support from that quarter.

DIED ABROAD. Some few weeks since, we noticed the departure from this city of Dea. A. W. WHITTREDGE, bound for Havana, for the benefit of his health. Yesterday his friends were pained with the intelligence of his death, which occurred very soon after his arrival at Havana. Dea. W. has left a good name and many friends.

GOLD DOLLAR. Judge Douglass proposes in Congress to strike a golden dollar at the mint for circulation. Spain at one time emitted a great number, and they were found very useful, but so many mistakes occurred in passing them off in the night for half or a Spanish eighth, (sixpence) that they were finally abandoned.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, Feb. 3.

Commonwealth vs. Daniel Sharples, for assault and battery on John Hill. Fined $3 and costs, by Justice Wright.

Wednesday, Feb. 4.

Commonwealth vs. Eliza A. Aldrich, for stealing 40 lbs. yarn from Suffolk mill. Fined $5 and cost.

Several small boys were complained of for malicious trespass in breaking the windows of Mr Cookson's small "retail establishment" in Belvidere. One only was examined, and he was discharged.

Thursday, Feb. 5.

Michael McKeen, for violation of license law, was ordered to recognize in the sum of $150 for his appearance at the February term of the Court of Common Pleas.

THE COMMON COUNCIL of this city have passed a resolution expressive of their disapprobation of the project of having taken the water of Long Pond and the Ponds adjacent, to supply the inhabitants of Boston with "something to drink," instead of its being used as it has been, to drive an immense amount of machinery; and have requested our Representatives to oppose any diversion of the water from its natural channel. If this water is taken, it will be a very serious injury to this city and its inhabitants, and all the other towns lying on the Concord and its southern branch, for which no remuneration whatever can be made.

☞ The Courier don't tell who was run on the *Federal ticket for Vice President with James Madison for President,* but says that Hamilton, Madison, and Jay, and the Federal party, so far as his knowledge extends, were "out and out" Republicans. A day or two ago Madison was a Federalist, now he, and Hamilton, and the *Federal party,* are "out and out Republicans."

☞ The Union does not understand that Mr Slidell demanded his passports, or that he has received anything like a definite answer from the government of Mexico.

It says rumors are still afloat of a design on the part of Great Britain, France and Spain to place a European prince on the throne of Mexico. We cannot vouch for the correctness of so extravagant a report.

☞ The Courier repeats a passage of its own, and says it is what we build a paragraph upon asking him who run on the *Federal ticket with James Madison for the Vice Presidency?* But as he selects the wrong one we will give it:—"Madison, Jay and Hamilton were the leading friends and advocates of Federal Constitution in 1788, and for this reason were called Federalists."

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MR EDITOR: Allow me to stand corrected, very properly, by the editor of the Courier, in the use of an "undignified expression" in my last letter to you from Washington. By the word "bottle-holder," I meant simply *unprejudiced, uninterested.* I admit it is a jockey phrase, improperly applied.

Yours, A LOOKER-ON.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TERM. The first Monday of March has been assigned by the United States Senate for the consideration of Mr Bagby's resolutions to amend the Constitution, by making the Presidential term six years instead of four, and providing against a re-election.

ALL ABACK! We learn that the Agent of the Prescott Company has notified those who had engaged tenements for keeping boarders, that the new mills will not go into operation till September next—it has been generally supposed they were to be started as early as April.

☞ The democratic triumph in Louisiana receives no check. In the districts heard from, Johnson's majority for governor is 987—twelve democratic and seven whig senators are chosen—and to the house 37 democrats and 25 whigs.

☞ We learn from the Boston Courier that forty Bibles have been placed in the lodging-rooms of the Pearl street hotel in that city—a gift from the Massachusetts Bible Society.

RESPECT TO GEN. JACKSON. The Union publishes a translation of the decree of the Argentine government, directing its officers, civil and military, to wear mourning in honor of the memory of General Jackson.

THE MUSEUM performances this week are first rate. Go ye and see. Mrs Merrifield is "a little the best" dancer that has ever appeared here. Miss St. Clair plays her part admirably.

☞ Dow, Jr. says:—"Sleeping in church is always tolerated in a land of glorious liberty; but loud snoring is a nuisance to the more quiet and respectable sleepers."

☞ The Annexation of that part of Dracutt known as central village was brought before our Common Council, and referred to a committee of one from each Ward.

THE WESTERN TEMPERANCE COMPANY will give another interesting entertainment at City Hall, this evening, and again on Friday and Saturday evenings.

GUICCIARDINI HALL is the name given to room No. 7, in the Bank building. What Italian member of "Guicciardini Club" will tell us who *Guicciardini* was?

☞ Will the Courier tell who besides its editor ever called Madison a federalist, or the federal party republicans?

☞ The present premier of England, having interested himself in the vegetable epidemic which prevails, is now called "*a potatoe Peel.*"

☞ The Supreme court passed over the Massachusetts and Rhode Island case on Monday, in consequence of the illness of the chief justice.

"Ah ha!" said the farmer to the corn; "Oh boo!" said the corn to the farmer.

INK. The liquid in which public characters are dyed.

MUSICIANS' BALL next Monday evening.

☞ In the Courier of Thursday last was a leader devoted to Federalism in particular in contradistinction to its advocacy of Federalism generally. In the course of the article it says—

"It is only a few short months ago that we listened to a political address from Hon HARRY HIBBARD, late speaker of the New Hampshire House of Representatives, in which he stated that Alexander Hamilton was an opponent of the Federal Constitution."

And the editor in a severe sentence condemns the truth of the above. Whatever the *Courier* may say to the contrary, history justifies Mr. Hibbard in this assertion. And we have the authority of the Madison papers for it. The convention for the formation of the Constitution, was appointed to meet the 14th of May, 1778, but it was not till the 25th of the same month that the delegates from seven States were present.—Hamilton and Gouverner Morris were the Delegation from New York. Of the four months during which the convention sat he was absent nearly two, and those the busiest of the whole. In his speech of the 18th of June, in the discussion of the merits of two plans for a Federal Compact,—Paterson's and Randolph's—(the latter of which ultimately prevailed) he declared himself unfriendly to both plans. In this speech he explained at some length a system which he himself should have recommended, and read at the close of his remarks a formal draft of a constitution founded on his own views. Towards the close of the Convention, he gave to Mr Madison a still more formal draft, which may be seen in the Appendix to the Madison papers. "It provides for an Executive and Senate which are to hold their place, like judges, during good behavior; the Senate being like the present House of Representatives, made up of members elected from each State, in numbers proportioned to their wealth and population. The governors of the States were to be appointed by the general government, and to possess an unqualified veto on all the acts of the State legislature." It is hardly necessary to say that in this system the political efficiency of the States is entirely destroyed; and that confederation is consolidated into a simple elective monarchy. And it is probable Hamilton early went for the heredetary feature of the British constitution.

On the 29th of June he left the Convention, and Mr Madison says he returned on the 13th of August, but his name does not appear in the proceedings until the 6th of September, about three weeks before it closed. In the discussion of that day on the mode of electing President, he said "he had restrained from entering into the discussion by his *dislike of the scheme of government in general,* but as he meant to support the plan to be recommended as better than nothing, &c." That he opposed the constitution, and viewed it as inadequate for the basis of a permanent government, is beyond all question.

But how shall we account for the apparent inconsistency of Hamilton, inasmuch as he zealously defended it in the Federalist, in common with Madison and Jay? Let us see. It should be remembered that the present Constitution was opposed in the convention by two distinct parties—one viewing it as too strong, and the other as much too weak—of this latter class was Hamilton, and he made no secret of his views, when the constitution came before the people, it was opposed as being much too strong. With the views which Hamilton entertained of the character of the Constitution, it is hardly charging him with inconsistency, that in the Federalist he pointed out that it was not too strong. In conclusion in regard to the Courier's denial that Hamilton opposed the Federal Constitution, we will quote its own words:—"Every school boy ought to know better, and the *ignoramus* who can unblushingly make such a statement as the above, should remain in his closet till he has better learned his political alphabet."

ELECTION IN THE NINTH DISTRICT. The result of the election in the 9th district, on Monday last, in all the towns except Swanzey and Westport, the Post says, was as follows:

Pierce, dem.,	4109	
Hale, whig,	3911	
Others,	793	
Increase in the whole vote over the last trial,	2344	
Pierce's gain,	1223	
Hale's "	1037	
Others' "	84	
Pierce's gain, more than all others,	102.	

THE LAST DUEL, and a fatal one, was fought on Monday morning near the capital. The telegraph, at 2 P. M., furnished the Baltimore papers with particulars:

"Thomas F. Jones and Doctor Daniel Johnson, both of this beth city, North Carolina, fought a duel this morning at Bladensburg. On the first fire, Johnson was struck, and killed. His body was brought to the city this morning. Mr Jones gave the challenge, on account of some matters affecting Mrs Jones. Johnson withheld his fire, and when he fell, mortally wounded, protested his innocence of the charge brought against him in regard to Mrs Jones, and so died."

Among the reports made in the house of congress on Friday, Jan. 30, was one by Mr King, of Massachusetts, from the committee on revolutionary claims, in favor of erecting a monument to the memory of General Joseph Warren. The committee were unanimous in favor of the bill, which is intended to carry out the resolution of congress, adopted in 1777. The sum proposed to be approbriated is five thousand dollars. [Post.

The Fulton County Democrat reports that Mrs Van Valkenburgh, whose execution at Johnstown, we noticed a day or two since, met her untimely fate, unprepared. She confessed on the day preceding her execution, although she denied it the day before, that she had given her husband a dose of arsenic, which, although he did not die immediately, was ultimately the cause of his death.

WESTERN RAILROAD, ending Jan. 31st,	Receipts for the week 1846:	1845.
From passengers,	$4957,	$5343.
" freight, &c.,	8512	7401
Total,	$13,499	$12,745

ARRIVAL OF A. J. TIRRELL. Constables Andrews and Holmes arrived in this city last evening, in the Long Island train from New York, with their prisoner. On Monday evening they arrived at New York; in the ship Wabash, from New Orleans. Tirrell is in good health. [Boston Post.

A FUNNY MISTAKE. It is said that there was one of the largest congregations ever known at a village church, during a visit of Sir Robert Peel at the seat of a gentleman in the parish. The rural population went to church in the full expectation of hearing Sir Robert Peel preach, as they had heard that he was the "prime minister."

☞ "There's more in that fellow's head, Sam, than you think," said Dick, of a sleepy looking fellow standing by. "That may be," replied the other gravely, "I always suspected *he had 'em!!*"

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, Feb. 3.

IN SENATE. Petitions presented and referred—Of Horatio L. Nasforth, for a savings bank in Taunton; of the school committee of Carver, for their portion of the school fund for 1845.

Bills were reported to reduce the capital stock of the Merrimack Bank in Haverhill; to incorporate the Mechanics' Mutual Aid society in Boston; the Real Estate Mutual Fire Ins. Co. in Boston, and the Agawam Mutual Fire Ins. Co. in Ipswich.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to incorporate the Boston and Chelsea Iron Screw Company, and the New Bedford Steam Mill Co.; to increase the capital of the Ames Manufacturing Co. Bills from the house to provide for the government of Houses of Correction in certain cases; also resolves on the petition of L. B. Adams and Patrick Farrell.

Orders to be engrossed—Bills to increase the capital of the Boston and Providence Railroad Corporation, and for other purposes, and authorizing Stephen Hillard to build a wharf; also a resolve on the petition of Rebecca Davis.

In the HOUSE. Petitions presented—Of S. P. P. Fay and others against the granting of a city charter for Cambridge—of John Chamberlin and others, of the westerly portion of Cambridge, to be set off and erected into a town, to be called "Old Cambridge"—of William Lovey, jr., against the passing of the railroad prayed for by Charles Fenis and others through the thickly settled part of Cambridgeport—of W. H. Stoddard for new regulations respecting the peddling of goods—of Charles R. Train and others for a savings bank in Framingham—of the Fitchburg Railroad Co. against the petition of R. M. N. Smith and others—of Joh Handy and others for the protection of clams in Barnstable—of William S. Fearing for leave to build a wharf in Wareham—of M. A. Metcalf for leave to extend his wharf in Boston—of E. D. Hathaway and another for leave to build a wharf in Freetown—of George Caswell that she sink will sell him certain land in the town of Washington.

Mr Morris, of Springfield, from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill giving justices of the peace and police courts jurisdiction in cases of wilful and malicious mischief, where the damage does not exceed $15.

Mr Porter of Buckland, from the committee on agriculture, reported the bill concerning grinding grain, fixing the toll for corn at three quarts per bushel.

On motion of Mr Whitney, of Stow, that the committee on banks and banking inquire into the expediency of requiring additional returns from savings banks, covering deposites of 20 years' standing for $20, and not added to for 20 years; and also, in relation to making the rates of interest in such institutions more uniform.

Mr Wilson, of Natick, submitted an order instructing the committee on the resolutions of Georgia to consider the expediency of passing the following resolution, as the sense of the people of this commonwealth. It was introduced with a long preamble which we omit.

"Resolved, That Massachusetts distinctly and solemnly announces to the country her uncompromising opposition to the further extension and longer existence of American slavery; that she hereby deliberately declares her earnest and unalterable purpose to use every lawful and constitutional measure for its overthrow and entire extinction; and that she here pledges her cordial co-operation to the friends of civil liberty throughout the Union, in every just and practical measure that shall tend to free our country from the dominion, curse and shame of slavery, and make her great and glorious among the nations."

On motion, laid over till to-morrow.

The orders of the day were then taken up.

The bill (H. No. 17) providing for the election of representatives in Congress by a plurality, on the third trial, was next considered, the question being on the motion of Mr Byington, of Stockbridge, to recommit with instructions to report provisions, that upon the last election of representatives in the general court, viz, the fourth Monday of November, in each year, the persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected; that upon a second trial for representatives to Congress, county commissioners, county treasurers, and registers of deeds, the persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be deemed duly elected; and, also, that the committee report a resolve proposing an amendment of the constitution, so that, upon a second trial for the election of Senators in the general court the persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be deemed to be elected.

Mr Byington rose to support these instructions, and recapitulated the circumstances connected with the introduction of the general subject. He said he considered that the committee, in recommending the plurality system, upon a third trial, as to members of congress, had conceded that it had become necessary to depart in one respect at least from the majority principle, which had been so long established in this commonwealth as the fundamental law in regard to elections for public officers. Thus far they had yielded their strong predilection for the spirit of the constitutional provision on the general subject. The question, therefore, was whether there were any stronger reasons for retaining the majority principle in its absolute force, after repeated failures to elect, in regard to representatives and county officers. He thought not; but, on the contrary, believed that there were weightier reasons for applying the plurality system to the elections bearing on our domestic affairs, than to those for members of congress. He could conceive how by persisting in the majority principle the wheels of the state government might be actually stopped by the action of a numerous third party. In the present house, seventy towns had no representative, arising from this cause. At the last election the new party, who call themselves the Native American party, expected to defeat elections in all not every town and city, not excepting Boston, and now they say it was not for want of strength that they did not do so, but because their voters did not attend the polls.

Mr Byington referred to the examples of Connecticut and the states south of New England generally, as evidence of the success of the plurality systems. He also touched slightly upon the reasons founded upon convenience of choosing county treasurers and registers of deeds by a plurality.

Mr Byington was listened to with the most profound attention and satisfaction. He spoke with remarkable clearness and force, and evidently secured the good feelings and entire respect of the house by the pleasant, yet perspicuous, firm, and direct manner in which he presented his views.

Mr Bell, of Boston, chairman of the committee, opposed the instructions in every particular.

Mr Morris, of Springfield, was in favor of a portion of them.

Mr Giles, of Boston, argued strongly against any change in the system, and, without taking any question on the subject, the house, on motion of Mr Bryant, of Barre, adjourned.

Wednesday, Feb. 4.

SENATE. An order was passed for the judiciary committee to consider the expediency of providing further remedy by law for wanton intermeddling with personal property.

The House bill allowing the Hampshire and Franklin Bank at Amherst, to go into operation with a capital of $50,000, came up on its passage to be engrossed, and was opposed by Messrs. Hoar and Hopkinson, and on motion of Mr Woods, laid on the table.

Resolves were reported on the petition of Asahel Wright, and relating to the sale of public lands.

The bill to establish the Adams and Bonington Railroad, passed to be engrossed.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth transmitted an abstract of the returns of Register of Deeds, which had been made to his office. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

In the HOUSE, petitions were presented, of City Council of Boston, for a modification of the laws concerning the laying out and widening of streets in said city; of H. G. Rawson and others, against granting a charter to the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; sundry petitions that reduction may be made a penal offence.

The use of the Representatives' Hall was granted for an exhibition of the pupils of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, at Hartford, Conn., tomorrow afternoon, at 3½ o'clock.

The orders having been taken up, the first subject

was the unfinished business of yesterday, and the question was on the motion of Mr Byington to recommit the bill concerning the election of Representatives in Congress, with instructions. Mr Bryant of Barre spoke in favor of the motion, and Mr Barton of Worcester, in opposition to it, and against the plurality system generally. On motion of Mr Buck of Boston, the question, when taken, was ordered to be taken by yeas and nays. On motion of Mr Byington, the orders of the day were laid on the table. Adjourned.

FIRES IN BOSTON!

Alarming progress of Incendiarism! We learn from the second edition of the Daily Mail, that there were *four teen* incendiary attempts to fire the city of Boston last night. Most of the buildings fired were stables.

The firemen were out all night, and by great effort prevented the spread of the flames.

☞ We submit to our readers the particulars of every item of general news, from the habit acquired, and from knowing the duties of our vocation. When we see persons suffering from the dangerous Consumption of the Liver and Lungs, and Coughs and Colds, we deem it a principle of duty to call their attention to Mr Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative, where in his advertisement he speaks of its power and efficacy. The pleasantness of its taste, the nicety of its preparation, and its adaptedness to the cure at once, gives it an interest in our eyes.

[redacted]

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Feb. 2, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—570 Beef Cattle, 2000 Sheep and 270 Swine. 250 Sheep unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—We quote to correspond with last week. Extra 5 75; first quality 5 25 @ 5 50; second $4 75 @ 5 25; third $4 @ 4 50.

Sheep—Daily Wethers $3, 3 75, $4, and 4 50; a few ordinary Sheep $2 @ 2 25.

Swine—A few small lots Barrows at 5½c. At retail 5 and 6c. No sales to peddle.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that the late L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,

No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that disheartening complaint, the Piles. Mark this! it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external, and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 13a Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Meyers. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Hingins. nov4 6m

DIED,

In Orange, N. H., Jan. 6th, Mr Micajah Fowler, in the 54th year of his age. [Printers in N. Y., Penn. and Ill. are requested to notice the above.

Musicians' Anniversary Ball,

AT *WENTWORTH'S HALL*, Lowell, Mass. A grand Ball will be given at the above named place, on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 9, 1846, conducted by B. WILLIAMS and V. GANSON.

☞ Tickets $1.00. feb3

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country—its rivers, coasts, silver harbors, islands, and curiosities; with Baylies Plan of the Mines. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. &c. by F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS, feb5 29 Central st.

Legal Rights of Women,

THEIR liabilities and duties—with an introductory History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, feb5 29 Central st.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attraction of the Cross, by Rev Dr Spring; Sketches from Life, by Edmund Blanchard—may all be found at the UNION BOOK-STORE, 29 Central st. feb5

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. 1, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton, London. Subscriptions received by JUDKINS, feb3 No. 29, Central street.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF WILLIAM PAUL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate, to WILLIAM PAUL, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Butcher, an insolvent debtor; and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Paul will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Paul will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present, and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.

feb3 F. F. PEARL, Assignee.

Assignee's Notice

IN THE CASE OF SAMUEL HARRIS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Harris will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Harris will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

jan31 SAMUEL C. SHAPLEIGH, Assignee.

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performances will commence with the new Vaudeville, first time in America, entitled—

THE LITTLE BACK PARLOR!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Bradley and Merrifield.

Splendid Scotch Dance, Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the Vaudeville, entitled—

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb3

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. K. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector N. Y. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
Jhnoe H. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Esq. at celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilbee, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Monson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. K. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion:
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS.—GEO. H. CARLETON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues are extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, January 30, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FREDERIC HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Holton, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Gorham, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee of Assignees of the estate of the said Holton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
Jan31 Deputy Sheriff, Messenger.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

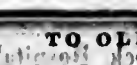
City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street and about seventy-five feet north of Andover street—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at half o'clock in the evening, as the time, and the Aldermen's room in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same, and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board.
jan29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers, under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes Head money and Broad stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their residence in full to enable Messrs. Harnden & Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

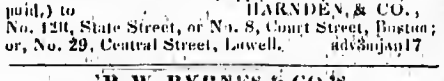
For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorized Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN, & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advSnjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

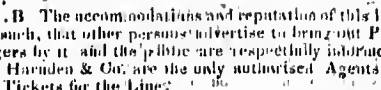
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when called in more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Manchester, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

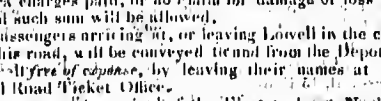
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

UNSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5, and 30, 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

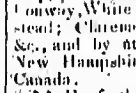
☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALTER HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—EXCHANGE WHARF.
On Saturday next—First Vessel.

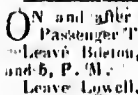
Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, *Spooner*, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send forward with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. F. M. WELTCH & Co., Agents at New Orleans. 3t

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. ROWENA, *Young, master*, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, knees, ankles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any individual power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. The composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been received during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DEAR SIR CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings, on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very respectfully,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shepherd's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DEAR SIR CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 116 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr. Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN.
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dean st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Pianist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, to better in every respect than he has been since he was three, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

T. S. MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is no less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I only state, that some other cases like those in my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and consultation of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tower, residing at No. 80 Prince street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76th year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail. A general weakness and instability affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. &c. John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended shortly after Capt. Tower fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced it a case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance, but could either feed or dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt. Tower were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perfect health looked out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was entirely restored.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptoms of apoplexy have been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 93 Pine street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the Rings and Fluid for only 24 hours, the pain entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, which produced, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are, WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3 6ply

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY, Feb. 7th, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, the Grammar School-house and Land, situated near the old Burying-ground. For particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, or the committee on Lands and Buildings.

EDWARD F. WATSON, Chairman.

Mechanics' Sale at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. Tuttle Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.

House on Appleton street.

On MONDAY, Feb'y 16th, at 3 o'clock, p.m. (on the premises), that new two-story Dwelling House, situated at the corner of Appleton and Garner streets, with 2500 square feet of Land, a well of excellent water, for all purposes, &c. &c. Said House consists of ten conveniently arranged and neatly finished rooms; the whole substantially built of excellent lumber; and to be sold without reserve. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as a permanent loan, if desired.

For further information, enquire of Messrs Hopkinson & Aiken, or the Auctioneer. The House may be examined any time previous to the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from this city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience. An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases, of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted, in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicines at his house on Kirk street, at Mrs. Morrill, with directions for use, or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. A letter promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all obstructions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can enclose the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. 1y1

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the Merrimack House. The subscriber offers for sale Braids, and Gentlemen's Wigs, curled and straight, of the best of all kinds, at reduced prices. He feels confident in working that he warrants to please all customers who favor him with a call, and can do it by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esquire, a Master in Chancery in and for said county of Middlesex. In the matter of NATHANIEL S. RICHARDSON, of Tewksbury, in said county, an insolvent debtor.

To all whom it may concern, notice is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, will be holden at the office of said Bradford Russell, at Gorham, in said county, before said Master, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors who have not proved their claims may do so, and show cause, if any they have, why the said insolvent should not have a certificate of discharge. And then the subscriber will at said meeting present his account as Assignee of said insolvent, praying a decision of the matter and allowance of the same.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM SMITH,
Assignee of said insolvent.
Lowell, Jan. 30, 1846. 3t jan31

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where the disposal of the choicest and most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the town. Young ladies and others fond of indulging in love and romance, can find a splendid assortment of the latest and most approved, and splendid engravings, to suit their fancy, and which will be sold at the lowest prices. Also, a large assortment of Valentine Writers, containing all the necessary materials for writing, and a great variety of Envelopes, with mottoes, &c. &c. Call and see for yourselves. jan29

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By C. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic dolereux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegeteble substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as aolts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Ducabury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Towar, Gen. at., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kiddar, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coburgh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morrison; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Harry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Ames, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Stiles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and soundleg and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorent and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders,* for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Lainn, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nassrine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. Jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or ar before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. au1atf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. s20

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunt ingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the potent hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched to boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

INNUMERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL,"

and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from disgusting sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 16 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyseluth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Boquat of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 23 Central St. nov15

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This and I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 2, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN RYDSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plysog30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. These frotless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their misteken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analysed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

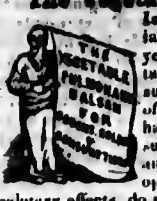
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS, jan18 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hooter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and

[redacted]

ings, or any other place may be [illegible] nently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyoov3

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the liobe and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tsept28

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonochœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. taug8

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 17.

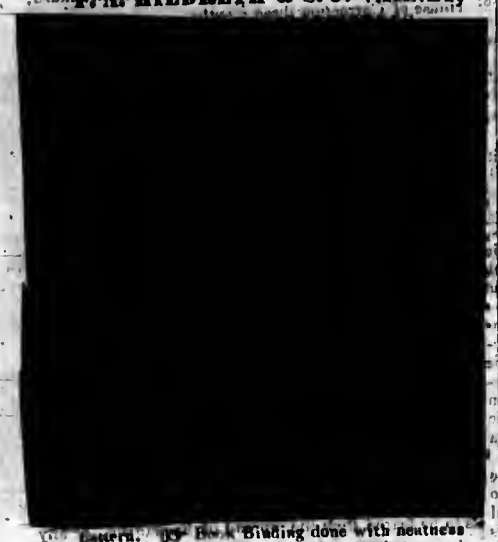
The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

P. A. MILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,



Pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, } C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adrly. LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv. LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors, Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jan1

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mereddo, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Cricketts, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST IRON RUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN MOUTHS, SOAP STONES.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Lowell.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market.

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL,

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carrieges, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. e30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bange,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washington House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. I. W. & D. B.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but those are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir, I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Tenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome illness, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

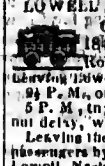
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparille, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

9½ P. M., one half hour after " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 8½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls

12, M.,.....Portland

At about 7½ P. M.,

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov 1, 1845. nov25tf

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, Bank Building, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 12½ to 25 cts. each, the contents of which are worth double the money. Also all other magazines and periodicals for sale low.

jan18 30 Central St., Lowell.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchants' Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future. The fund arising out of the premiums by the Assured, is made to fulfill two or more objects; first, the payment of the contract on the policy; secondly, a *Loan Fund*, out of which the assured for the whole term of one life, will be entitled, under certain guarantees, to borrow equal to *two-thirds* of his payments (see Table); thirdly, in the event of inability to continue his payments, such *equitable disposition of his interests in his Policy will be allowed him as he may choose*. By this means his apprehension of great pecuniary loss in the event of non-payment of premium, will be removed;—a vast class of society will thereby be admitted; and every individual, while steadily pursuing one object—a provision for his family at death—will have, by the plan of this society, a door open to his savings, which will never be closed against his *wants or his use*.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policyholders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured.....	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Premium to be paid during life.....	Bonus in Cash	Reduction of Annual Premium	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assurer may borrow on Policy.....
			1837	$ 52 32	$386 26	$50 93	$197 79	
50	$5000	$370 81	1846	720 2	321 8	49 08	173 05	
			1899	5+4 10	2 6+4	37 98	1483 33	

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants*, upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimants,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,

Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. In Boards 37½—sheep 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do. People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ackworth Stor, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received a large quantity of Donbar's Ink.—This ink is superior in any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets,

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

From the New England Farmer.

RECIPE FOR MAKING BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

Do, dear Jane, mix up the cakes:
Just one quart of meal it takes.
Pour the water in the pot,
Be careful 'tis not too hot.
Fill the measure through your hand;
Thicken well—don't let it stand;
Stir it quick—clash—clatter—
Oh! what light, delicious batter!
Now listen to the next command:
On the dresser let it stand
Just three-quarters of an hour,
To feel the gently rising power
Of powders melted into yeast,
To lighten well this precious feast.
See how it rises to the brim—
Quick, take the ladle, dip it in.
So let it rest, until the fire
The griddle heats, as you desire.
Be careful that the coals are glowing,
No smoke around its white curls throwing.
Apply the suet softly, lightly—
The griddle's black face shines more brightly.
Now pour the batter on—delicious!
(Don't, dear Jane, think me officious,)
But lift the tender edges slightly—
Now turn it over, quickly, sprightly.
'Tis done—now on the white plate lay it,
And to the breakfast room convey it.
Smoking hot, with butter spread,
'Tis quite enough to turn our head.
Now I have eaten—thank the farmer
That grows this luscious, mealy charmer;
Yes, thanks to all—the cook that makes
These light, delicious buckwheat cakes.

SOAPSUDS. If the suds usually made in the farmer's family were to be rigidly economized and applied to his tillage and grass lands, the addition to the crops would remunerate him amply for all the labor and expense of making the applications, besides being an important and permanent advantage to the soil. By conducting it into a tank, or reservoir, properly constructed, it would furnish him the means of adding to his manure heap in the ratio of at least a cartload to every hogshead of suds; and this for most purposes, would be equal to the best manure in his yards and styes. It is a matter of surprise that farmers who are by no means remiss in the performance of obvious duties, connected with the management of their farms, do not take more pains to save this article. We have often alluded to its fertilizing properties, and we can assure our readers that we think it important. Maine Cultivator.

BEST TIME TO APPLY PAINT.—It has long been a subject of inquiry as to the best time to apply paint to the clapboards of houses for durability. Repeated experiments have been made, within twenty-five years past, which have resulted in the conviction that paint applied between November and March, will stand more than twice as long as that which is spread in the warmest weather. The reason is obvious; for in cold weather the oil, and other component parts of the paint form a hard substance on the surface of the clapboard, nearly as hard as glass, and not easily erased, or even cut with a sharp knife, and will not soon wear off; whereas paints applied in the months of July and August, and more especially if in a severe drought, the oil immediately penetrates into the wood, like water into a sponge, and leaves the lead nearly dry, which will soon crumble off. [Selected.

TO MAKE SAUSAGES. Proportion your meet about half fat and half lean; cut it fine; then to one hundred pounds of meet add two and a quarter pounds of salt, ten ounces of sage, and ten ounces ground pepper made fine. Warm the meat, and mix them in thoroughly and stuff them, and the thing is done right. If any wish to keep them through the summer good and fresh put them in a clean firkin; melt the fat, and pour enough to cover them, cover the vessel and set in a cellar, and they will keep good the year round.

ANOTHER MODE. Prepare the sausage meat in the usual way. Then, instead of putting the meat in skins, make bags of white linen or cotton cloth—as large, say, as a man's arm, and about a foot long—stuff these bags with sausage meat, and hang them up to dry. When wanted for cooking, slip of the bag from so much as is needed, and cut into slices of convenient thickness for cooking by this way much labor is saved and the cooking quicker done. [Emigrant's Hand-Book.

ROUND TURNIPS INJURIOUS TO HOGS. A friend tells us that he once had a number of sheep taken sick, and he could not devise the cause. A neighbor said to him, "they act as if they had been living on turnips." "Turnips!" said our friend, "will turnips hurt them?" "Yes, all my young hogs were sick in consequence of eating round turnips," said the neighbor. [Ploughman.

FARMING SCENES AT THE WEST. About eight years ago, a raw Dutchman, whose only English was a good-natured "yes" to every possible question, got employment here as a stableman. His wages were six dollars a month and board; that was thirty-six dollars in six months, for not one cent did he spend. He washed and mended his own clothes, and paid by his wages. The next six months, being better able to talk English, he obtained eight dollars a month, and at the end of six months more, he had forty-eight dollars, making in all for the year, eighty-four dollars. The second year, by varying his employment—sawing wood in winter, working in the corporation in summer—making gardens in spring, he had by one hundred dollars, and the third year, one hundred and twenty-five dollars—making in three years, three hundred and nine dollars.

With this he bought eight acres of land. It was as wild as when the deer fled over it, and the Indians pursued them. How should he get a living while clearing it? Thus he did: He hired a cabin in close and fence his acres. He himself [illegible]

pay for the clearing. Behold him! already risen a degree—he is no longer a

In two years time he has 20 acres well cleared, a log house and stable, and money enough to buy stock and tools. He now rises another step in the world, for he gets married, gives up the camp, and is a regular farmer.

In Germany he owned nothing and never could have owned anything; his wages were nominal, his diet chiefly vegetables; and his prospect was that he would be obliged to labor as a menial for life, barely earning a subsistence, and not leaving enough to bury him. In five years, he has become the owner, in fee simple, of a good farm, with comfortable fixtures, a prospect of rural wealth, an independent life, and by the blessing of Heaven *and his wife*, of an endless posterity.

Two words tell the whole story—industry and economy. These will make any man rich in the West. [Indiana Farmer.

A CAPITAL STORY OF BOSWELL AND JOHNSON.

We have not met with a story for some time as well told as one in the new volume of Angelo's Reminiscences, of Boswell and Johnson. Angelo, it seems, gets it from the landlord of the inn where the lexicographer put up. Boswell had ordered a leg of mutton and a pudding, and our author proceeds:

Johnson gets off the pony, and the poor animal, relieved from the giant, smelt his way into the stable. Boswell ushered the doctor into the house, and left him to prepare for his delicious treat. Johnson, feeling his coat rather damp, from the mist of the mountains, went into the kitchen, and threw his upper garment on a chair before the fire; he sat on a hob near a little boy who was very busy attending the meat, and Johnson did not like the appearance of his head; when he shifted the basting ladle from one hand the other was never idle, and the doctor thought at the same time he saw something fall on the meat, upon which he determined to eat no more mutton on that day.

The dinner was announced. Boswell exclaimed, "My dear doctor, here comes the mutton—what a picture! Done to a tune, and looks so beautiful brown!" The doctor tittered. After a short grace, Boswell said—

"I suppose I am to carve, as usual: what part shall I help you to?"

The doctor replied, "I did not tell you before, but I have determined to abstain from meat to day."

"Oh dear! this is quite a disappointment," said bozzy.

"Say no more; I shall make myself ample amends with the pudding."

Boswell commenced the attack, and made the first cut at the mutton. "How the gravy runs; what fine flavored fat, so nice and brown, too. Oh, sir, you would have relished this fine, prime piece of mutton."

The meat removed, it came the long wished for pudding. The doctor looked joyous, fell eagerly to, a few minutes nearly finished the pudding! The table was cleared, and Boswell said—

"Doctor while I was eating the mutton, you seemed frequently inclined to laugh; pray tell me what tickled your fancy?"

The doctor then literally told him all that had passed in the kitchen fire, about the boy and the basting. Boswell turned pale as a parsnip, and sick of himself and company, he darted out of the room. Somewhat relieved on returning, he insisted on seeing the dirty little rascally boy, whom he severely reprimanded before Johnson. The boy cried; the doctor laughed.

"You little filthy, snivelling hound," said Boswell, "when you basted the meat, why did you not put on the cap as I saw you have on this morning?"

"I couldn't, sir," said the boy.

"No! why couldn't you?" said Boswell.

"Because mammy took it to boil the pudding in!"

The doctor, gathering up his herculean frame, stood erect, touching the ceiling with his wig, he stared or squinted, indeed, looking any but the right way. At last, with mouth wide open, (none of the smallest,) and stomach heaving, he with some difficulty recovered his breath, and looking at Boswell, with the lungs of a Stentor exclaimed—

"Mr Boswell! sir, leave off laughing, and under pain of my eternal displeasure, never utter a single syllable of this abominable adventure to any soul living while you breathe."

"And so, sir," said my host, "you have the positive fact from the simple mouth of your humble servant."

COSTUMES. *Georgia.* A shirt collar and a pair of spurs.

Mexico. A blue ribund and a string of beads

Southern Indian. A piece of rope round the waist.

Sandwich Islands. An ostrich feather.

Turk. A straw hat and a pocket handkerchief.

South Carolina. A segar and a pair of spectacles.

Anti-Mormon. A quill behind the ear, and two bricks.

Wall-street. A fur cap, a quid of tobacco, and a bottle of anti-agne drops.

The Maine Folks. A comforter and a pair of raw hide boots.

Connecticut. A string of wooden nutmegs, and a bundle of notions.

☞ "You blundering scoundrel," said the owner of a crockery store to one of his assistants—"what did you knock over that China set for? you have broken at least fifty dollars worth of dishes."

"Blessed are the *piece*-makers," said the boy, "that's the only excuse I've got."

"Give the rascal a dollar for his wit," said the man, smiling, "and let him get a pair of lighter shoes for his clumsy feet, at my expense."

YANKEE ENTERPRISE. John Ricord, Esq. lately appointed, by the King of the Sandwich Islands, Attorney-General of the kingdom, is a young American lawyer, who joined the Oregon expedition which left St Louis two years since, arrived there poor and friendless, and passed on to the Sandwich Islands, became a subject of the king, and received the appointment, with a handsome salary.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 7, 1846.

THE LONG POND WATER PROJECT.

In considering this subject a few days since, we show that the diversion of the waters of Long Pond and the ponds adjacent, would seriously injure not only the persons immediately entitled to the use of said waters for the purposes for which they have been or may be applied, but that it would also much injure the prosperity of this city, and the towns along the Concord, and consequently deteriorate the value of individual property; and that for this injury to the prosperity of our city and other towns, or to individual property, no compensation would or could be made, except to those persons owning the right to use the water, and who are injured in that use. Deprive Lowell of the whole of its water power, by carrying the waters of the Merrimack and Concord rivers to Boston or any where else, and not only is the property of the manufacturing companies destroyed, but all other property in the city is also destroyed. And if any portion of its water power is taken, to that extent are not only the owners of that water power injured, but other property in the city is also depreciated in the same ratio. Would honest legislators entertain the idea for a moment of taking from Lowell all its water power, and thereby ruining this whole city, when they can find no means of remunerating any body but the owners of the manufactories—leaving all other persons without remedy? If not, will they take part of the water power of Lowell, and partially ruin this whole city, and leave without redress the great mass of the people injured. To take a part, is the same in principle as to take the whole.

An attempt has been made to justify or excuse the taking of these waters, by saying that if they are taken, the Middlesex Canal will be given up, and its water turned back into its original channel, the Concord river, and the volume of water thereby not diminished. But this argument is entitled to no weight whatever. The Middlesex Canal will be given up as soon without the Long Pond project being carried as with. And when it is given up, the water must flow in the Concord river, making a material addition to its water power. The water for Middlesex Canal was taken for the specific purpose of a Canal, and for no other. When no longer wanted for that purpose and it is given up, it must be turned back into its original channel, and no where else. It is as much the right of the persons owning the water privileges upon the Concord, to have the water of this Canal turned back into its original channel after it is given up, as it is their right to require that the water which now flows in Concord river shall continue to flow there. The proprietors of the Canal cannot divert and use it for any other purpose, nor can the Legislature authorize its diversion and use for any other purpose, except payment is made to the persons owning the water privileges on the Concord river that would be benefitted by its being turned into its old channel. If a road is laid out and afterwards discontinued, it reverts to the proprietors of the land on each side; and if it is afterwards taken for another purpose, it must be paid for.

It is certainly very questionable whether there is any constitutional authority for passing an act like the one asked for. At any rate, it is an unsettled question. The Legislature has never yet exercised the power of taking private property for a purpose of this kind. But, we do not propose to consider this question in a constitutional point of view at the present time; for, constitutional or unconstitutional, it would be most unjust. Boston people should have good water, but they should get it without injuring others.—And this they cannot do if they take the waters of the Ponds that feed the Concord river. They cannot do it if they would, for there is no means of ascertaining the injury, nor are there any laws by which it could be redressed if it could be ascertained.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

It appears by a letter transmitted to the House of Representatives by the Post Master General, that the expenses of the Post-Office department for the year ending June 30th 1845, were $4,320,782; $209,268 less than the estimate. He estimates the expenses of the department for the year ending June 30th 1846,—$4,416,000. For the year ending June 30th, 1847,—$4,416,000. He states that the expense of transportation in New York and New England was reduced at the lettings in the spring past about 35 per cent., or about $250,000, from the former prices; and that it is probable there will be a greater reduction, at the lettings the ensuing spring, in the northwestern section, in the cost of transportation, of 25 or 30 per cent. upon the amount now paid—making in all a reduction of near 400,000 in the cost of transportation for the next year. The estimates are, notwithstanding, contained the same as the last year, because of the increased service required by the act of the last Congress, in putting into operation the new routes in the new States, and the additional service that will be required to extend the mail service to Texas, which will probably increase the cost of transportation as much for the next year as the reduction expected from placing the contracts under the act of third of March last. He says the Magnetic Telegraph may be continued at $6000 less expense to the government, between Washington and Baltimore, than for the last year.

☞ A long list of appointments of Consuls, Navy officers, District Attorneys, Custom-house officers, Deputy Postmasters, and other officers, have been acted upon and confirmed by the Senate. Among them are Robert Rantoul, Jr. to be Attorney of the United States for the district of Massachusetts; Franklin Pierce, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of New Hampshire; Isaac H. Wright, to be Navy Agent for the port of Boston; Samuel Cushman, to be Navy Agent for the port of Portsmouth, N. H.; and upwards of twenty Deputy Postmasters.

THE MORMONS have held an indignation meeting at Cincinnati, disavowing all connection with the holy "Twelve."

☞ The New Jersey Legislature is now regularly opened with prayer, for the first time since the organization of the State government.

DR JAMES STEWART, a revolutionary patriot, aged 91 years, died recently at Baltimore.

☞ About $200,000 of the Pennsylvania interest has been paid since the 1st inst.

Treasury notes outstanding 1st February, 1846, $5,005,916 66.

THE BATTLE OF THE PARANA.

The New York Sun gives the following account of the battle at Parana, between the united force of the English and French fleets, and the republicans of the Argentine Republic:

On the 20th of November, the English and French fleets moved up to the forts, which they prepared to attack in two divisions—the first commanded by Capt. Trehonart, and comprising four vessels; the second commanded by Capt. Sullivan, and comprising the same number. These divisions anchored from North to South, at 700 yards distance. The steamers Gorgon, Fulton and Firebrand anchored at 1500 yards from the most distant battery.

At 25 minutes past 8 on the morning of the 20th, the first division weighed anchor—the other soon after. At 50 minutes past 9 the batteries opened their fire. At half past 10 the action became general. The effect of the fire from the ships was quickly seen in the irregularity of that from the batteries. Yet the defence was obstinate. The pieces of those who fell were quickly supplied by others; but it is true that the cavalry stationed on the hill, charged upon the infantry when they attempted to fly.

At 12 the Argentine schooner Republican was blown up by a grenade from the British steamer Dolphin.—The fire-boats could not operate, by reason of the strong current. At this time Capt. Hope, of the Firebrand, cut the chains by which the boats were fastened, and a passage was opened by which the Gorgon, Fulton and Firebrand were enabled to pass and take a position flanking the batteries. Previous to this, the San Martin and Dolphin had suffered severely from the Argentines' fire, the former (an Argentine vessel captured by the English and French, and now directed against her late owners) was particularly aimed at, and received 100 shots. The Expeditive and Comet supported the flanking vessels, placing themselves within musket shot of the batteries. The fire of the latter gradually diminished, and after 4 P. M. they scarcely gave a shot. At this time, the English Commender-in-chief gave the signal to close up towards the shore, the point of approach being the position of the Gorgon and Firebrand. The French Commander prepared to sustain the landing. The defence was obstinate; the combat lasted from 10 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when the batteries were taken, and the Republicans put to flight with terrible loss.

The assertion that the cavalry charged the retreating infantry and made them keep at their posts, needs confirmation.

The whole report was evidently drawn up by some persons in the interest of the Monarchies. We shall probably receive more authentic accounts from Buenos Ayres in a few days.

YUCATAN REVOLUTIONIZED.

This province, disgusted with her union with Mexico, has "pronounced" against the government and set up on her own book. A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from Merida, Jan. 1, says:

"Yucatan is no longer a part of the Mexican federation. Yesterday the 'assembled department all' pronounced against their existing form of government, and have recalled the deputies in the Mexican congress. The Mexican eagle has been torn from their banner, and replaced by the stars of 1843. They have gone back to the old state of things; as they existed before the treaty with Mexico. The cause of the rupture is this same treaty; a resolution having been introduced and carried, in the Mexican chambers, for a revision of said established treaty.

Incident upon this has been the resignation of the governor of the department, Don Tiburcio Lopez, and his place is filled by Don Miguel Barbachano, formerly holding the same office.

Mexico, by her treaty with Yucatan, was bound to admit at her ports of entry all productions of said department, duty free. Gradual infringement took place against the basis and letter of the treaty—the customs refusing to comply therewith.

In this state of things came casual intelligense by the Steamer Guadaloupe, which put in at Laguna, of a rumor at the capital, that negotiations were on foot to hypothecate the customs of Yucatan, to the English, which probably was a ruse, to terrify the Yucatecoes into compliance with their desires. This heightened the feeling, then came the resolution for the revision of a solemnly made treaty, and the fire burst forth."

☞ The Ohio Statesman, C. C. Hazewell's paper, and Wm. Sawyer are attacking the claims of Silas Wright to the Presidency. Cass, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, concludes a very proper and cogent article upon the impropriety and impolicy of this attack, as follows:

If WILLIAM SAWYER and the *Statesmen* could succeed in killing off JOHN C. CALHOUN, and his friends on the Oregon question,—and SILAS WRIGHT, LEVI WOODBURY, &c. &c., and their friends, how much majority could they safely calculate upon, against HENRY CLAY, and for their candidate, in 1848?

This business of trying to kill off such men as WRIGHT, CALHOUN, MORTON and TAPPAN, deserves, and we doubt not will receive the severest rebuke from the hands of the *masses* of the democratic party, from one and of the Union to the other.

ORIGIN OF MORMONISM. The Albany Evening Journal gives the following account of Joe Smith's early operations: "Joe Smith, previous to his becoming a prophet, was a loafer. He resided near the village of Palmyra, spent most of his time in bar-rooms, and seemed only anxious to live along 'from hand to mouth,' without work. He was remarkable for nothing in particular, but indolence, and scheming, on a small scale. In 1824 or '5 he went vagabondising off into Western Pennsylvania, where, nobody knows how, he got possession of the manuscript of a half-deranged clergyman, with which he returned to Palmyra, where he pretended that he was directed, in a dream, to repair to a particular spot in the woods, and possess himself of an oracular 'slate,' or as he called it, a 'Golden Bible.' From this inspired 'slate,' which he used to place in his hat, he first read to the 'gaping few' new and strange revelations; and finally, he produced the 'Book of Mormons,' as the creed and faith for a people of whom he was designed by Providence to be the Prophet and Ruler. The 'Book of Mormons' is a copy of the manuscript which Smith obtained near Pittsburgh.

A wealthy farmer by the name of Harris was his first *believing* convert. Harris mortgaged his farm to raise the money required for the temporal support of the Prophet, and the printing of the 'Book of Mormons.' The Prophet led his convert (Smith and Harris) came to Rochester and offered us the honor of being their Printer. [We were in like manner, a year afterwards, asked to print 'Morgan's Revelations of Free Masonry.'] But as we were only in the newspaper line, we contented ourselves with reading a chapter of what seemed such wretched and incoherent stupidity, that we wondered how 'Joe' had contrived to make the first fool with it. But he went on making not only fools, but knaves, in Amarica and Europe, for more than twenty years, and until his career was abruptly cut short by men who became themselves violaters to the laws they were called to vindicate."

THE JOCKEY AND THE JUDGE. A judge, who was not very celebrated for his humanity, being on the western circuit of England, wanted a pair of carriage horses, and sent to Exeter, where a couple were found and taken on trial. During the term of probation one of them unfortunately died and the Judge sent for the dealer to communicate the disaster as well as to learn the extent of the pecuniary loss. Upon the horse master making his appearance, the judge said: "Well, Mr ——, this is an unfortunate business, what is to be done?" The dealer stroked down his forelocks, and with a professional bow, replied, "It is indeed unfortunate; my lord, but I were sure them hanimals could never live long as soon as I know'd your lordship had 'em *on trial*."

The Advertiser's "notes and annotations" upon the paragraph we copied from the first annual message of the "Old Hero," are too sublimated for our comprehension. [Courier.

Of course.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, Feb. 5.

In the SENATE, petitions were presented and referred—Of Francis D. Brigham and others, for a railroad from Concord to Barre; of Globe Steam Mills for leave to increase capital to $600,000.

Bills reported—To incorporate the Lowell Gas company, with a capital of $300,000; the Dana Manufacturing Co., in Essex county.

Ordered to be engrossed—Resolves to sell $6000 worth of land in Maine; to reduce the capital of the Merrimack Bank at Haverhill.

In the HOUSE, Mr Bell, of Boston, from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill for the restoration of property, the proceeds of forgery, or the passing of counterfeit coin; also giving compensation for the seizure of implements of crime, and officers for arresting forgers and counterfeiters. Ordered to a second reading.

Also, leave to withdrew on the petition of Gardner Ruggles and others that county commissioners be required to license public houses.

[Bills passed to be enacted on Wednesday—To enable the Fitchburg Railroad Co. to buy into the Charlestown Branch Co.; to allow a new terminus of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad in Lowell; to incorporate the New England Cordage Co.; to increase the capital of the Fitchburg Bank; and a resolve in favor of the Hempden County Agricultural Society.]

Friday, Feb. 6.

In the SENATE. Bills were reported to incorporate the West Acton and Boxboro' Steam Mill Co. and the Concord Steam Mill Co. both for sawing of lumber &c; the Tremont Gas Co in Boston with a capital of $500,000, and the Leicester Water Power Co; to increase the capital of the Hamilton Woolen Co, to an amount not to exceed $1,000,000.

The House bill limiting the writ of *scire facias* to one year was debated by the legal members of the board, amended by substituting *two* for one, and then passed to a third reading.

In the HOUSE, orders were passed that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of repealing the 79th section of the 30th chapter of the Revised Statutes, which allows Savings Institutions to invest their funds in bonds and other personal securities; also of providing by law for the attachment of shares in Railroad Corporations; also of amending the 98th chapter of the supplement, so that the object of said law may be obtained.

The orders of the day were taken up and the consideration of the Congressional plurality bill was resumed, and Mr Byington of Stockbridge finished his remarks in favor of his motion to recommit, and in reply to those who had spoken against it. The question on the motion was taken by yeas and nays, and the result was that the House refused to recommit by a vote of 58 yeas to 182 nays.

The question then recurred on ordering the bill to a third reading, and Mr Stevens of Andover moved to amend the bill, by striking out the 1st section, and substituting therefor, another providing that members of Congress in all cases, shall be elected by a plurality of votes at 1st trial. He supported his motion with some remarks; but before concluding them, gave way to a motion to adjourn, which was carried, and at 1-4 before 2 o'clock, the House adjourned.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Feb. 3.

In the SENATE, Mr Archer, of Va., presented thirteen memorials, asking a reformation in the naturalization laws.

Mr Calhoun presented a memorial from the Memphis convention, embodying the resolutions of the convention. The memorial was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs Calhoun, Archer, Semple, Barrow and Chalmers.

In the HOUSE, Mr Black, of S. C., offered a joint resolution on the Oregon question, that the President give "the notice" in a peaceful, friendly manner.

Mr Dromgoole, of Va., offered a bill with the same object, and with similar provisions.

The Oregon resolutions, reported from the committee on foreign affairs, were then taken up in committee of the whole.

Mr Leake, of Va., had the floor from yesterday, and spoke his hour in reply to the attacks which had been made by some members upon the state of Virginia, and the course of her delegation in the house of representatives. He is against giving the notice, and is in favor of getting the whole of the territory without a notice.

Mr Strong next got the floor, and read a resolution in favor of giving the notice and claiming all Oregon.

He was followed by Mr Sawyar, of Ohio, who made a humorous and original speech in support of our right to Oregon and the whole continent, by divine gift, as the theatre for the experiment of principles of liberty.

Mr Bell, of Ky., obtained the floor, and, on his motion, the committee rose.

On motion of Mr Collamer, the rules were suspended, and a resolve was passed requesting the President to communicate all correspondence which has passed between ours and the British government in relation to Oregon since the last annual message of the President to congress. Adjourned.

Wednesday, Feb. 4.

In the SENATE, Mr Johnson, of Maryland, presented a memorial for the adoption of international rules for the settlement of difficulties between nations.

He also presented a memorial for the assumption, by the U.States, of the unpaid Mexican indemnity.

Mr Pennybacker was excused from serving as chairman of the committee on private land claims.

The bill for the relief of Nathaniel Goddard and others was taken up for consideration, on its third reading. A debate ensued.

Mr Turney said the parties who presented the claim were guilty of morsl, if not political treason.

Mr J. Clayton defended the claimants.

In the HOUSE, a resolution to stop the debate on the Oregon resolutions on the 6th instant was offered, and on motion laid on the table—yeas 93, nays 91.—So the Oregon debate is to go on ad libitum.

Mr Bell, of Kentucky made a speech in favor of claiming Oregon to the greatest extent. In giving the notice he would add to it anything honorable which might tend to preserve peace.

He did not believe that war would follow the giving of the notice. He is a young man of ability, and speaks fluently and well.

FIRE IN WORCESTER. Thursday evening about 7 o'clock, a fire broke out in the barn occupied by Mr Moses Spooner, situated in the rear of the building containing the press, upon which are printed the Cataract, National Ægis, Christian Citizen, Omnium Gatherum, and the Daily and Weekly Spy. The flames made great progress, and much damage was done to forms of type, cases, paper and printer's fixtures, by removal. The buildings were owned by S. Barnside, Esq., and were, we believe, fully insured, says the Spy.

FIRE IN LEOMINSTER. On Wednesday, a fire broke out in the dwelling house of G. S. Burrage which entirely destroyed it, together with a shoemaker's and tailor's shop of J. H. Harrington in the same building. Loss $4000—insured for $2000.

☞ The title of the "United States Journal" has been changed to that of the "Daily Times." It is now edited by H. H. Robinson, Esq., formerly of the "Cincinnati Enquirer," our friend Case's paper.

☞ A foreign journal says—"The screw auxiliary vessel, Massachusetts, is, without doubt, the most extraordinary vessel, as a specimen of consummate engineering skill, that ever crossed the Atlantic."

☞ Miel Ames, of Pepperell, hung himself in his barn on Monday last. He was 60 years of age and had always borne a good character. He left a wife and two children.

FROM WASHINGTON. The correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, writing at 10 P. M. on Wednesday, says he has the *best* authority for asserting that there is no foundation whatever for the rumor that Mr Pakenham has made any overtures to our government, or that the negotiation has been resumed.

The same writer says—

"The tariff will not be brought up for discussion in the House before April. The secretary of the treasury has probably finished the bill which he has been preparing, with the aid of several custom house officers, at the request of the committee of ways and means. He informed the chairman that it would be ready on Saturday last. The committee will, no doubt, make some alterations, and prepare a detailed report to accompany the bill. Whatever bill may be reported will undoubtedly pass the House—war or no war—whether the Oregon question be settled or not."

POLICE COURT.

John Hews, a pedlar from Boston, for larceny of a box of cigars from O. B. Skelton, value of $5.—Fined $10 and cost, or two months House of Correction. Sent off for want of the *dust*. He gave Mr Skelton quite a run this morning when he found him at the railroad depot; but with the advantages of a Baker's team Mr S. took him up after a run of about a mile.

Leonard Lamphere, for being a common drunkard, House of Correction three months.

[redacted] be feared from the spread of Romanism, or any other sect, inasmuch as the government is entirely independent of the church.

"WHAT DOES IT MEAN?" The N. Y. Sun says, it was currently reported yesterday afternoon, about two hours after the arrival of the mail from Washington, that one of the fastest clipper built vessels at this port, with a picked crew of fifteen of our best pilots, had been chartered to sail for Liverpool. What's in the wind? Is government sending out despatches? are the speculators at work? or has the Oregon question been settled? From all we can gather, there is an important movement of some kind going on. The clipper is said to be under orders to sail at an hour's notice.

DREADFUL. The residents of Vine street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, were thrown into much disturbance yesterday by the shrieks of a woman from the third story of a dwelling in Morgan's court.

It was ascertained that the distressed woman was the wife of a powerful man, named Magee, who, while in delirium from the small pox, was endeavoring to get at the window to jump out, and she was doing all in her power to prevent it, and crying for help at the same time.

He dashed her against the glass till scarce a pane was left in either window, and the bystanders being deterred from interfering by fear of the infection, she sunk to the floor overcome by her frantic husband, but still retained her grasp upon him, till armed men rushed up stairs and secured him. [Philadelphia Ledger.

SMALL POX IN NASHUA STREET. Last week there was much alarm about the prevalence of this disease in the above vicinity, it being currently reported that the city crier had been heard ringing his bell and proclaiming "Lots of small pox in Nashua street!" A careful citizen, who thought this rather an extraordinary proceeding, called an that functionary, and found that there was a slight "error i' tha bill," as he had only been crying, "Lost—a small box in Nashua street." [Boston Post.

THE NINTH CONGRESS DISTRICT. The Taunton Democrat has returns from the whole district, 31 towns:—

For Pierce, dem.	4348
Hale, whig,	4104
All others,	309

Pierce has gained 295 votes over Hale since the 7th trial, and made *a net gain of two hundred and twenty-five.*

ELASTIC DOOR SPRING. Goodyear's patent elastic door-spring—with Ames' improved fastenings, is the best thing we have seen. We have one on our office door, and it works admirably. The improved fastening is a great convenience, as by it the spring can be removed and replaced in a moment with perfect ease.

Mr JEWELL, the agent, is now at the Washington House. See advertisement.

☞ Mr Abel Leonard wishes us to say the Reformer's assertion, that he "left the oyster department of Wellington's establishment, because his heart was sickened at the horrible scenes enacted there, caused by drinking rum," is unqualifiedly false.

PHILADELPHIA PORTER AND ALE. B. F. Hoiden & Co., No. 98 Central street, have a large supply of these articles of the very best quality. All who are recommended to use these beverages, by physicians, will do well to pay them a visit, as they can obtain any quantity at the most reasonable rates.

☞ We learn from the Portsmouth Gazette that it is expected that the Portsmouth and Concord Railroad will be located early in the spring, and the work of construction if contracted for.

Notice.

AT a meeting holden at Government Room, Mechanics' Hall, Feb. 3d, to choose Managers, &c. for the ANNUAL WASHINGTON ASSEMBLY, the following gentlemen were chosen, viz:

C. G. Giles,	O. M. Whipple,	D. Dixby,
C. B. Coburn,	Wm. Schouler,	F. A. Hildreth,
J. K. Fellows,	C. E. Stanley,	Alex. Wright,
J. G. Peabody,	John Newman,	A. B. French,
J. G. Abbott,	A. R. Brown,	Hervey Reed,
D. D. Baxter,	Geo. Savary,	J. L. Carney,
Wm. H. Gage,	Josiah Chace,	R. W. Brown,
Jos. Hopkins,	Joseph B. Warren,	J. H. Read,
Wm. Kittredge,	H. S. Rogers.	

N. B.—There will be a meeting of the above Managers, at Mechanics' Hall, on Saturday evening, Feb'y 7th, at 7 o'clock, to make necessary arrangements, &c. A punctual attendance is requested. 1feb7

NEWS BY THE NOON MAIL.

RUMORED DUEL BETWEEN CASSIUS M. CLAY AND T. F. MARSHALL. The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser gives the following:

"We have a rumor that a duel has been fought between Cassius M. Clay and Thomas F. Marshall, and that the latter was killed, and the former wounded.

Not much confidence is placed in it; but from the manner in which it was received in the House, I should judge that the confirmation of the intelligence would produce as powerful a sensation here as it ought to do.

I presume the letter from Ohio upon which it was founded is a hoax."

OREGON NEGOTIATIONS RESUMED. The Washington correspondent of the New York Express, under date of Thursday, 5th inst., says: "We have at length, and semi-officially, information that a correspondance has been opened between the Secretary of State and the British Minister on the Oregon question. The Chairman to the committee on Foreign Relations has made this communication to the House, in answer to a direct call on him from Mr Gentry, of Tennessee. Mr Ingersoll also promises that the correspondence shall be laid before Congress."

CONGRESS. The House on Thursday, by a vote of 107 to 87, agreed to stop the Oregon debate next Monday.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, nee L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,

No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (208 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this! It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing testimonials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England states; 120, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

Cheap Door-Spring.

THE attention of the public is invited to GOODYEAR'S PATENT GUM ELASTIC DOOR-SPRING, with AMES' IMPROVED FASTENINGS.

Persons who have any use for a Door-Spring, are invited to see its operation on doors at the Post Office, Patriot Office, Locks and Canals Machine Shop, and Farmers' and Mechanics' Hotel.

The subscriber will have them put on doors in any part of the city required, and if upon trial they do not prove satisfactory, ☞ *the money will be refunded.*

Any wishing to obtain them, can do so by leaving their names at the Washington Hotel.

P. JEWELL.

Feb. 7, 1846. 3wis

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

— Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock. —

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 6½ and 8½.

The performances will commence with the new Vaudeville, first time in America, entitled —

THE LITTLE BACK PARLOR!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Merrifield, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

After which—Singing by Messrs Bradley and Merrifield.

Splendid Scotch Dance, Mrs Merrifield.

To conclude with the Vaudeville, entitled —

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb3

Musicians' Anniversary Ball,

AT *WENTWORTH'S HALL*, Lowell, Mass. A grand Ball will be given at the above named place, on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 9, 1846, conducted by B. WILLIAMS and V. GANSON.

☞ Tickets $1.00. feb3

Local Loiterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. an22

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,

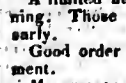
feb5 29 Central st.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

This day.

Taken no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, *Spooner*, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. P. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. f7

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day.



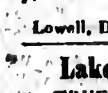
The superior fast sailing packet Schr ROWENA, *Young*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. f3

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMER'AL WHARF.

To go up to the city without lightering:

On Wednesday next.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr OSCAR, *Read*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f7

Legal Rights of Women,

THEIR liabilities and duties—with an introductory History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS,

feb28 29 Central st.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Agues in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so shiversally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Gee. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Pris. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. K. Varis, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilkie, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Mershall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Bluot,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment!

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

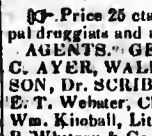
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

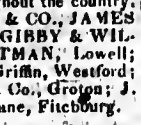
AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; N. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorized Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

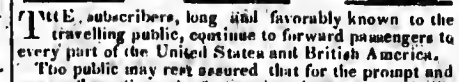
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool, Dublin, Cork,
Waterford, Drogheda, Belfast,
Dundalk, Newry, Derry,
Coleraine.

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec28 47, Merrimack Street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M. and 6, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 3, 5, and 8h, 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 41, Kilby street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31 Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Douloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ MR JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Edurnation throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux effecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 18, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Cap. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm, and was shortly after able to walk across the room.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

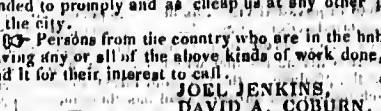
Severe Rheumatism.

MRS Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pulur street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3,&ply

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., (2.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't,

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages in order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at No. 2, *Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Cotrington, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maverlo, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valsnole and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, pleid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Maulder, Pongee, India Bendennas, Choppa, Spitalfields, Sinshaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawe of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 31 1845 oct18f.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 8, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. P. MORRILL.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

Office—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Flaite, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

House on Appleton street.

On MONDAY, Feb'y 16th, at 3 o'clock, p m (on the premises), that new two story Dwelling-House, situated at the corner of Appleton and Garner streets, with 2500 square feet of Land, a well of excellent water, for all purposes, &c. &c. Said House consists of ten conveniently arranged and neatly finished rooms; the whole substantially built of excellent lumber; and to be sold without reserve. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage and permanent loan, if desired.

For further information, enquire of Messrs Hopkinson & Aiken, or the Auctioneer. The House may be examined any time previous to the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF WILLIAM PAUL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM PAUL, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Butcher, an insolvent debtor; and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Paul will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the second MONDAY of February inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Paul will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master in Chancery.

feb3 F. F. PEARL, Assignee.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF SAMUEL HARRIS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Trader, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Harris will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, at Lowell in said county, on the SECOND MONDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Harris will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

j31 SAMUEL C. SHAPLEIGH, Assignee.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains," in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,

jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1846, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and other young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find epistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to return the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.,

jan22 Agent for Cupid.

City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street and about seventy-five feet north of Andover street—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, as the time, and the Alderman's room in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same, and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board.

jan29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by

jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell Jan 1st, 1846. 2madvjan3

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homeopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles, which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drinks and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual, it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nux vomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require; and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as calts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, as the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gambolings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Gen. st., John Dowe, Lincoln cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustus L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigge & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham, Pepperell, A. H. Coldleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Murcraes; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amsen Farrier; Stowe, P. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington K. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Green; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Rowe, North Reading, Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford, Thos. Sykes; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other, (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholice; synrope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The recur we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storm of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendent arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease, sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature; and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing to their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or ne before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 5, P. M. ealtf

Lowell, April 7, 1843.

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by BAYNES, at 48 Central st. 3m

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and mimeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*, which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before, infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known, when the city is horrided with

INSERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL,"

and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be led from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement, headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. m1yjun22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support; yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, as that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Gen. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyhealth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition, just rec'd at 23 Central st. apr15

Dr. Sande's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders and organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its benign influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Miss., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past two years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to you aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Yours very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass., Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REYSICK, Justice of the Peace.

SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "

JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy-street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly enmity from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. These fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restrative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased collcared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 289, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Gen. Gleason; Andover So Purtell, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jno. R. Nichols. jne29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. (nov1) C. BRINCKERHOFF.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

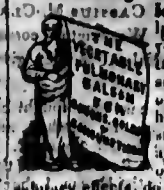
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 23, Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by A. BUDKINS, jan18 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course; and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wier & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a&r18

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plym18

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their disease, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. sept23

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public, generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 9, 1845. ra6m

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 18.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less; 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. novt5

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Paper Shades and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jan31

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table Covers, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Bolsters, Pillows, Ottomans, Counterpanes, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN COOK, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES, AND STOVE MOULDS, HOLLOW WARE, COPPER, AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, PUMP CHESTS, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAPSTONES, &c.

No. 2 Commercial Square, Central st., Lowell.

jan31

M. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 88, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Over Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan6 DEAN BANGS.

W. E. Tabor,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market.

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 13, 1845. au12tf

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 29, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 8½ train from Haverhill to any part on the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls,

12, M.....Portland

At about 5½ P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE manufactured and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-doulonreux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not *by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 6 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,

jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attraction of the Cross; by Rev Dr. Spring; Sketches from Life, by Lamon Blanchard—may all be found at the UNION BOOK STORE, 29 Central st. feb3

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. I, consisting various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton London. Subscriptions received by JUDKINS,

feb3 No. 29, Central Street.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SPEECH WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

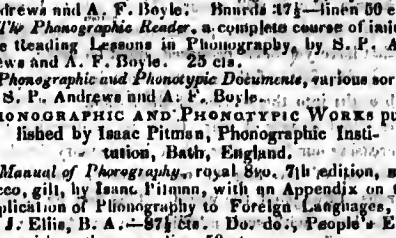
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised, there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you be at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN F. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central Streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept22 S. MORSE, Sec'y.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store formerly occupied by them, on Central and Merrimack streets, to the West end of the Merrimack House.

C. F. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 13, 1846. jan13

From Graham's Magazine.

THE DOUBLE SENTENCE:

OR,

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

It was late at night, between eleven and twelve, when the circuit judge stepped from the hackney coach, which had conveyed him from the City Hall, and mounted the steps of his dwelling. Though muffled in fur, and encased in a thickly quilted wrapper, he shuddered with the cold while striving to fit his key in the night latch, for the side-walks were white with snow and hail, which the sharp winds whirled into the air again, and left in piles and ridges around the door steps and area railings.

After some difficulty the judge succeeded in getting himself into the hall. He only paused to shake the frost from his outer garments, and deposited his umbrella with others that were dripping in the stand, amid a little pool of half frozen water,—for the lamp burned dimly and the hall fire was out, making the passage more than usually gloomy. It was a cheering contrast when the judge turned the lock of the door leading to a little snuggery, that opened from one end of the cold, dark hall. The little grate of German silver was heaped with anthracite coal, all in a glow, rendering the apartment warm and luminous enough, without the aid of two wax candles that shed their milder light over a girandole of frosted silver, that stood on the mantlepiece, and gave a flickering tinge of the rainbow to its pedants of slender glass, which seemed like icicles melting away in the warm atmosphere.

With a sigh of relief the judge threw his wrappers into a corner, pulled off his damp boots, and drawing forth a well-worn dressing-gown and a pair of faded slippers, from a closet behind the door, prepared to make himself warm and comfortable, after a day of unusual anxiety and fatigue.

"Well," he muttered, rubbing his hands softly together, as he sunk into the crimson easy chair, whose cushions closed around him with a soft and moss like clasp, "thank Heaven, I am at home at last! Poor fellow, I am afraid it will go hard with him!"

Here the judge paused, and sunk into a train of thought which seemed both deep and painful. He was yet scarcely a middle-aged man, and scenes of terror and death had not hardened his naturally kind nature. As his large brown eyes dwelt upon the fire, their changing expression was that of pity, mingling now and then with a sterner flash, as if he were striving to master the gentle emotions that crowded upon him. At length, he started upright in his chair, thrust his well-trodden slipper, which in his soliloquy had fallen to the hearth-rug, and heaving another deep breath, seemed to cast off the painful thoughts that had oppressed him. Stooping forward he softly raised the cover from a little china tureen that stood within the fender, and lifting the spoon, broke the golden surface that had creamed over the oyster soup which it contained. Then closing the cover again, he drew a nest-table closer to his chair, cut the leaves of new magazine which lay upon it, pushed and old law book and a pile of papers, so far on one side that some of them rolled over the carpet; and then lifting the tureen to the corner he had cleared, he began to regale himself with the rich soup, while he read the magazine by snatches, now and then pausing to knock aside a cracker which would keep dodging up and down, here and there in the delicious compound, and was sure to get over his spoon every time he attempted to fill it.

He had just succeeded in crushing his tormentor, and was smiling over the fragments as they floated softly into his spoon, when the door bell rung with a violence that made him drop the spoon and start half up from his chair.

"Nonsense! it was an accident. Something has touched the bell—no one can be coming here at this time of night!" he muttered, sinking back to his cushions, but another peal from the bell, hasty and sharp, as if some agitated hand had pulled it with unconscious violence, deprived him of all doubt on the subject. He pushed back his chair, folded his dressing-gown around him, and taking a light from the mantel-piece, went out; but though he walked fast, another loud peal from the bell hastened his footsteps.—A gust of wind blew out his candle as he opened the door, but there was enough light to reveal the form of a female, who stood on the door-step, muffled in a cloth cloak, and with a crimson lined hood drawn over her face. In the misty darkness beyond, he could just discern the outline of a carriage; one of the lamps was out, but there was a faint light to the other, and the judge afterwards remembered it was of cut glass too rich for a hackney coach, and without the number, which should mark these vehicles. Beside, there was a faint gleam of gold embroidery from that end of the hammer-cloth next the light but so faint that it might have been mistaken for a handful of illuminated sleet drifting by the lamp.

Without speaking a word, the woman entered the hall and walked forward, for the sturdy door was open, and she had nearly reached it before the judge could close the street door against the storm, which was beating full in his face.

"Are you alone, quite alone?" said the strange visitor, as he overtook her; the voice sounded unnaturally calm, but it was clear and sweet.

The judge was overwhelmed with astonishment but he answered that he was quite alone, and entered the study, followed by his singular guest. If his surprise was great when she was half concealed in darkness, it was no less when she stood within the glowing light which filled the room. She was young, perhaps, three or four and twenty, and but for the marble, like paleness of her features, and the glitter of her large blue eyes, would have been transcendantly beautiful. She stood motionless, gazing in the fire till the heat upon her silk mantle melted, and hung in glittering water drops among its plush and glossy folds. Two or three heavy

drops running down from her hood, and falling on the ungloved hand which held her cloak together, seemed to arouse her. She lifted her large eyes toward the judge, who had not yet shook off his astonishment, and gazed fixedly in his face, till his eyes sunk under her wild and intense look,

"You seem calm," said she, at last. "Can you sit on the bench all day, watching the law hounds hunt a human being to the gallows, and at night sink into that chair, quite comfortably and at ease, as if nothing had happened?"

A tinge of red shot over the judge's temple, but he saw that the young creature before him was no object of resentment, and answered her mildly:

"I am not without feelings," he said. "It would be better for me if I were. The judge who condemns is something almost as much to be pitied as the victim. After a day like this, he should not be reproached for seeking a moment's relief from the pains of his duties."

"You did feel for him then!" exclaimed the girl, while a gleam of light shot to her eye.—"Cold and calm as you seemed, there was yet a throb of human pity under it all."

"Heaven only knows how deeply I have felt for that unhappy man. His crime is terrible, but he does not seem born for evil!"

"Born for evil!" exclaimed the girl, eagerly —"he—oh no, he is noble, good, generous!—"

She broke off suddenly, dropped her clasped hands, and drawing close to the judge, said to him in a changed and low voice, "They will not find him guilty. You do not think they will?"

The judge shook his head. "The evidence is strong—terribly strong."

"I know—I know," said the strange girl, with a sort of breathless eagerness. "But there is nothing positive—you can save him—you *will* save him. Did you not say just now that he was not born for evil? Stop, stop, do not speak yet, I have something to say—my heart has been so full that I must speak or it will break."

"Poor girl, what is the wretched man to you?" said the judge, deeply moved.

"What is he to me? true, true, everybody will ask that question; you are the first, and I am here only to answer it. Listen, sir listen—since I was old enough to know what love was, I have loved that man—you understand, the man whom you are trying for the murder of his wife. He loved me, too, and through poverty kept down his secret, and wealth pampered my pride, love such as ours could not be hushed or smothered by such base nurses. Those who love passionately act passionately. I was ardent, impulsive, sometimes arrogant. He would not endure these things in me, because I was said to have intellect, and was rich; had I been poor like himself, and selfishly weak, he would have yielded up his pride to my great love. We quarrelled. It matters not how or wherefore, and he went away. Four months I never wrote. He shall make the first advances, I said, week after week, till my pride was quenched in anxiety. I wrote then, and his answer was that he *was married*! He thought that I did not love him—that my exactions and haughty will arose from lack of affection. He should never love any woman as he *had* loved me, his letter said, but I had cast him from my heart, and while his soul was thirsting for sympathy and tenderness, she, the woman he married, was thrown in his way. He was in the whirl of society, and fancying that excitement was a second birth of love, that his first passion had perished, when it was only in a resentful sleep, he pledged himself irrevocably to another.

"Oh, how I had loved that man! how truly I suffered!—but no human creature dreamed of it; why should they? I had nothing but my pride left, and that shielded me from pity, though it could not from the anguish which sympathy would have made more bitter. This was two years ago. He did not return to this city for months, and when he did come back with his bride, it was long before we met. I saw her often, though; for she was frequently in public, but it was always with a burning at the heart, and something of haughty scorn, that one who had loved *me* could love *her*, for she was an inferior woman in intellect and person—my pride, as well as my affection, was outraged in his choice.

"We met at length—oh! how changed he was—the whole truth had not yet reached his heart, but his energies were broken, his self-respect was diminished; he was that most pitiable of all objects, a man of strong energies suddenly rendered hopeless. Jealous affection made me keen-sighted, and I knew all this before we had spoken a word together. It was a bitter joy to me when I was first convinced that he did not love the woman he had married. My pride was appeased by this knowledge, but as that gave way, the passionate love so long held in check grew into strength again. It was unpremeditated—we never should have sought each other—but after two years' separation we were thrown together accidentally and alone. It was a terrible meeting for us both—terrible in itself and terrible in its consequences. For the first time in our lives, we poured out our whole hearts each to the other. All thoughts of pride or prudence were swept away by the strong feelings of the moment. I cannot tell you all that was said in that last interview—there were expressions of sorrow and bitter regret on both sides. You have seen him in the court, and know that even in this terrible trial he seems calm and unimpassioned. It is only the curb of a strong will on a burning nature. That day he seemed equally calm, equally immovable, and this made my grief more eloquent. I did not dream of the struggle that was going on under that cold exterior, and thinking that he did not suffer equally with myself, abandoned myself to reproaches and expressions of regret, that goaded his already frenzied feelings on to madness.

"'Oh, if she were but dead!' I remember saying this more than once. It was wild, sinful, but only an expression of agony. Heaven is my judge I had no deeper meaning. The last time I uttered this fatal wish, my hands were both clasped within his, and as he bent over me I saw that his features were convulsed and dreadfully pale. He wrung my knitted hands and laughed—laughed! I say. You are a judge, used to the tortured passions of men—the throes of a breaking heart—the wild cries of an uprooted intellect, are your study—tell me if this man would have laughed if my words had not maddened him; if he had not been insane! 'Oh, that she were dead!' I uttered in the anguish of my heart. I had my evil wish—the next morning *she was dead!*"

(Conclusion in the next number.)

☞ A good story is told of an epicure who had indulged pretty freely in pickled tripe and had washed it down with a bottle too much sparkling claret.

A sudden hissing sound over his head as he had returned to his bedside, and he ejected in rapid succession the claret and the tripe.

"O my dear," exclaimed his over [illegible] "what is the matter? you are [illegible] blood," as she saw the claret on [illegible] "don't care so much about the [illegible] exclaimed the epicure, "but I should like to know how all those shreds of leather came from!"

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 10, 1846.

ACTION OF CONGRESS UPON THE INCREASE OF OUR NAVY.

Matters at Washington are not passed upon in the order that appears most reasonable to persons at a distance from the seat of power—at least, so it seems to us.

Oregon, and our relations with Mexico, are the causes of a great diversity of opinion as regards the proper policy to be pursued. A portion of our members of Congress believe that war may grow out of our relations with England, or Mexico, or both, and that we should commence the preparation for such a state of things. Another portion are of opinion that there can be but little chance of serious difficulty with Great Britain, and that great preparations need not be made, long in advance, to meet Mexico either peacefully or otherwise. Others entertain still different views—the views of alarmists. But such an augmentation of our Navy as is asked for at the present time, is looked upon by all parties, and justly, as a measure anticipating war. This is bad policy. We should assert our rights to the full extent, but should not at the same time tell Great Britain, Mexico, or any nation to which we are opposed, either by act or deed, that we expect they will meet our claims by a declaration of war. There can certainly be no occasion for an increase of our Navy on account of any difficulties that may arise between us and Mexico, unless Great Britain espouses her cause. And it will be sufficiently soon to meet such an event, when it is known that it will occur. If we are to have a war with Great Britain, preparations far exceeding any that have yet been proposed, must be made. All the shipping force of the country must by some means be brought into the service of the nation. But till there is actual danger of war, there is no occasion for increasing our Navy more than is necessary for the protection of the flag of our country, and our citizens, throughout the world. This may be done as it has been, with such additions to our Navy as have been usual in time of peace. There is no occasion for doubling the expenses of our Navy department, carrying them up to some *twelve or thirteen millions of dollars* a year, unless it is certain we must fight. There is need of reform, thorough, radical reform in our Navy; but manifest impropriety in being "penny wise and pound foolish"—in reforming a few thousand dollars at one end, and increasing millions at the other. If we double our Navy, it must be supported as doubled. There is no going backward. Peace or war 'tis all the same—from the pockets of the people must be drawn the millions.

The first question to be settled before the augmentation of our Navy, now proposed, is, shall we have war with Great Britain? At present there is little prospect of it. To determine this question, Congress should pass all the acts relating to Oregon they intend to. If they intend to give the "notice" and take the other steps recommended by the President, as we hope they will, they should do it—the bill increasing the Navy should be passed over till we learn how Great Britain receives the tidings. If hostilities are to ensue, then pass the bill. If we are not to have war, there is no necessity for doubling our Navy expenses. If we are to have war, much more than has yet been proposed must be done. Determine first, whether we are to have war—till then, no such naval bill need be passed. If this is true, the course to be pursued by Congress would seem to be plain—act upon the Oregon question first, and the steamer bill afterwards—long enough afterwards, too, to know whether peace or war is to be the result of such action, whatever it may be, as the propriety or impropriety of the bill depends wholly upon the question of peace or war with Great Britain. There is nothing that the people of this country have a greater horror of, than a large, pampered, bloated, idle Army and Navy, sucking at their vitals. No statesman or administration that fastens upon them such an incubus, can or ought to stand.

We learn since writing the above, by this morning's mail, that negotiations between our Government and the British have been opened and broken off, without making any advances towards a settlement of the Oregon boundary. There is certainly less chance of a settlement now than before. The duty of Congress under the circumstances can but be clear, and the recommendations of the President will at once be carried out, unless President-making is of more consequence to some of the people's servants than the interests of the country. We repeat, the immediate action of Congress upon Oregon matters is indispensable to a sensible and judicious action upon the bill for increasing the Navy. If we are to have war, our Navy must be enlarged; if not, it should receive no such addition as is proposed. The present position of things in no way changes the proper course for Congress,—except that it should facilitate action on the Oregon question.

GUICCIARDINI. In answer to our call upon the Guicciardini Club, as to who Guicciardini was, a correspondent of the Courier says:

"Guicciardini was a historian, born at Florence, in the year 1482, of a noble family. * * * He died at Florence universally respected in 1540. His 'History of Italy' is a work of much celebrity in Europe, and one of which his countrymen are justly proud.

"The Association occupying Guicciardini Hall in the Bank building, is not a 'Club,' as the Advertiser supposes, but a 'Chapter' of a literary and benevolent order."

The editor of the Courier, in a postscript, gives no still farther light. He says:

"We believe it is Guicciardini's History of Italy spoken of by Macaulay in one of his Essays. A man in France was convicted of a heinous offence, and was sentenced to read Guicciardini's History of Italy or go to the galleys for life. He chose to read the book; but after reading through one or two volumes, he gave it up and went to the galleys."

If it were not for being too inquisitive, we should like to ask why a "Chapter" of a benevolent order should christen their place of meeting with the name of a "historian" so "popular and celebrated," of whom his countrymen are "justly proud"?

FIRE IN UXBRIDGE—*Loss of Life.* We learn from the Worcester Spy, that the Poor House in Uxbridge, was, with all its contents, destroyed by fire on Friday night. The progress of the flames was so rapid, that it was with much difficulty that any of the inmates, 30 in number, escaped. Three aged persons, Leonard Taft, Mr Balcher, and a female whose name we have not given, were burned to death.

FIRE IN CHARTVILLE. Messrs Barnes & Dewey's Woolen Mill in Charville, Lancaster, Mass., was destroyed yesterday morning by fire. Loss $30,000.—Insured in Boston and Hartford.

MAKING ROOM. The Merrimack manufacturing Company are making preparations preliminary to the erection of a very large and handsome brick block of boarding houses, for the accommodation of the additional help which they are soon to employ in the new mill. The block we are told, is to be 460 feet long, and 3 stories high—the front to be of superior pressed brick. It will doubtless be the finest block in the city. The company will hire the work done "by the day," instead of letting it out on contract, as is common with such jobs.

The foundation of the new mill—the largest in the city—is about finished, and the brick walls will soon rise.

CHANGED HIS MIND. We learn that the Rev. Mr REMINGTON, who was recently appointed by the Methodist Conference to the Pastoral charge of St. Paul's (Hanover st.) church in this city, has had a

"Change come o'er the spirit of his dream,"

and now adopts the doctrines, and espouses the cause of the Calvinistic Baptists. This is one of Time's changes.

☞ We owe an apology to our readers for the poor quality of the paper we have been printing the Advertiser on for some weeks past. Having been disappointed of a good article, which we had ordered, we have been obliged for a time to use a quality which we would not otherwise use. We shall be better provided, we trust, next week.

☞ The report of Hon. JOHN P. ROBINSON, Chairman of the Examining Committee in Greek for Harvard College, made before the Overseers of that institution, is said to be an exceedingly able and eloquent production. Mr Robinson has the reputation of being one of the best Greek scholars in the country.

☞ A lecturer at Chelsea, an evening of two since, upon introducing his wife among the auditors, remarked that, as she did all the lecturing at home, she had a natural curiosity to see how he would succeed in public. Thus neugbtily speeks the Boston Post.

☞ Some folks evidently think that Printers never eat, drink, or wear clothing; consequently they never pay the Printer. Such folks have got a good deal to learn, else they'll die in ignorance and sin. May the Lord have mercy on them.

☞ The last of the series of "dancing parties," at the Mechanics' Hall, given by the Mechanic Phalanx, will come off on Thursday evening next. Those parties have been very pleasant and doubtless the last will be the best of the series.

☞ We have no doubt that the circular (if any such document has an existance) addressed to the whig senators, representing that Gov. Morton, if confirmed, would retain or appoint whigs to office, has been the work of his enemies.

The pilot boat which was to sail from New York today for Liverpool, is supposed to be employed by the London Morning Chronicle newspaper. An agent belonging to that establishment came here by the last steamer.

WAR SPEC! A correspondent of the Boston Post, dating Washington Feb. 7, concludes his letter thus:

"It is now the general impression among the most sagacious and well informed politicians, both in and out of Congress, that the probabilities of a war have somewhat increased."

We have to record another fatal accident on the Cheshire Railroad. Mr Moses Putnam, a young man, was killed near Walpole, by the falling upon him of a bank of clay. This is the seventh or eighth death that has happened on this road since they began to grade it.

NEXT FRIDAY EVENING. All persons fond of "music and dancing" are "*bound*" to go to Mr KILBORN'S Friday Evening Assembly, at Mechanics' Hall, as Mr *Bond* will be present with his *band*.

☞ The Legislature of Ohio has raised the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court to $1300, and of the President Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas to $1000.

SWIFT. Jackson, the American Deer, only missed ten seconds in running eleven miles in one hour, at New Orleans. If he ever "runs" for office, he'll be a hard competitor.

☞ We are happy to be able to announce that Col. Schouler has changed his mind, and now goes against having the waters of Long Pond taken to supply the city of Boston.

☞ The shares of the new manufacturing company to be chartered at Essex, will not be made one hundred dollars each, so that people of moderate means can take stock.

☞ The receipts into the U. S. treasury during the fourth quarter of 1845 were $4,998,700. The expenditures during the same period were $5,703,810 66.

VALENTINES, in any quantity, quality, or style, may be obtained at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, 28, and Jndkins, 29, Central st.

STRANGE! that a lady who was 20 years old ten years ago, is only 23 now. She's a *single*-er woman truly.

The income of the Empress of Russia is said to be $1000 per day; enough to keep her busy at shopping, every pleasant afternoon in the year.

The Indiana Legislature has approbriated $40,000 for a Lunatic Asylum, and also made provision for a Deaf and Dumb Institution.

☞ A tailor had no goose, and wanted two. In ordering them, how should he express himself in the plural number?

The Norway Advertiser puts it down as very childish for a lady to have three babies at a birth.

☞ The whigs of Ohio met at Columbus Feb. 4, and nominated William Webb, of Butler, for governor.

Twelve hundred of the hand loom weavers of Moyamensing are on a strike for higher wages.

A HOAX. The reported duel between C. M. Clay and Tom Marshall, as we supposed, was a hoax.

THE WEATHER—clear, cold, sharp, biting, pleasant.

He that marries a widow, will often have a dead man's head thrown in his dish. [Spanish.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Feb. 5.

SENATE. Mr Bagby, of Alabama, introduced a bill to increase the naval establishment of the United States by adding to it the Texas navy. Read twice and referred.

The bill reported by Mr Fairfield from the committee on foreign affairs, to increase the navy, &c., was then taken up.

Mr Westcott made a speech in favor of the bill, which he contends is a peace measure, and one necessary and proper under the circumstances.

The Senate spent some time in executive session, and adjourned over to Monday.

In the HOUSE, as we have before announced a vote was passed to close the debate on the following Monday. Thursday and Friday were taken up in debating the question of "notice."

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

On Saturday last, the Oregon question was farther debated in the House, till interrupted by the announcement of a message from the President, which caused some sensation. It was a communication, in answer to a call of the House, accompanying the recent correspondence which has passed between the British minister and our own government, in relation to the settlement of the Oregon question, showing that Mr Pakenham had proposed and our government had refused an arbitration.

1. A short letter from Mr Buchanan to Mr Polk, covering the correspondence.

2. A letter dated Dec. 18, from Mr Buchanan to Mr M'Lane, directing him to seek an interview with Lord Abardeen, and ascertain from him the object of the military preparations being made by Great Britain, and whether they were designed for us.

3. A letter of the 3d January, from Mr M'Lane to Mr Buchanan, giving the result of the interview with Lord Abardeen, in which his Lordship said that the preparations were not commenced with reference to us, but that the condition of the Oregon question proved the expediency of them, and they would be continued in view of the possible unfriendly termination of that question.

4. Mr Pakenham to Mr Buchanan, Dec. 27, offering to submit the question of boundery to a third power.

5. Mr Buchanan to Mr Pakenham, declining the proposition, because to accept it would be to admit that Great Britain had rights there.

6. Mr Pakenham to Mr Buchanan, Jan. 6, in answer to the argumentative part of Mr Buchanan's last letter.

7. Same to the same, Jan. 16, proposing to submit the matter to the arbitrament of learned jurists or to a mixed commission.

8. Mr Buchanan to Mr Pakenham, Feb. 4, declining to accept this last proposition, for the same reason he did the first—that it would be to admit that Great Britain had a right in that country.

The correspondence having been read, was on motion of Mr C. J. Ingersoll, referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

The debate on the notice was continued by Mr Burt of S. C., who advocated it. Mr Davis of Ky. argued that we had no valid title to the whole of the territory.

EXTRACTS from the Washington Union, on the "London Times" and the Oregon question:

On the 10th of December, Sir Robert Peel resigned *avowedly* because he could not undertake the absolute repeal of the corn laws; *really*, because, as we suppose, we would not venture to face the country without having first thrown up his government by way of showing that he did not chose to stand in the way of a ministry that *would* attempt such a *repeal*. On the 11th, Lord John Russell, previously committed fully over his own signature to make the repeal of the corn-laws *his one cabinet measure*, was "sent for." He deliberated with his party friends till the 15th, and *then* made up his mind to form a thorough-going anti-corn law government. On Saturday, the 20th, he gave up the job, and retired. The alleged cause, be it observed, of his retirement, was the refusal of Earl Grey to co-operate with him, if Lord Palmerston—the most impracticable statesman in England, on the Oregon question—should take the foreign office. On Monday the 22d, Sir Robert Peel was again called upon to form an administration. *On that day the President's message arrived by express in London. That evening*, Sir Robert undertook to form a new government.

Now, during the month of December up to this time, *the London Times*, an ardent supporter of Lord Aberdeen's foreign policy, has been as *violent* as usual on the Oregon matter *in anticipation of the message*.—On the 24th, while it was *yet uncertain* whether Sir Robert Peel's cabinet would hold on, the violent tone of the "Times" continued. On the 27th, Sir Robert's decision to go on with Lord Aberdeen in the Foreign Office was known, and *then*, at once, and without warning, the whole spirit of the "Times," on the Oregon controversy, *suddenly changed*. On the 30th it began the series of articles to which we allude. Their style proves clearly that they are by a *new hand* in the columns of that journal—as we suspect, an *official* hand. They are marked by a *decorum and reserve* of expression, and a new moderation of spirit, broadly in contrast with all that the "Times" had heretofore written on the question, or on American affairs, and indeed hardly unbefitting a State Paper.

We believe that the "Times" took this tone under official direction, for a double reason. First, the President's message clearly showed that the business could be trifled with no longer. Recommending the "notice," and due protection and encouragement to our citizens, it made the termination of the "joint occupancy" altogether probable, and so brought distinctly before the English cabinet *the necessity* of some *speedy settlement*, under the alternative of probable war—an alternative to which, with the "daily bread" question already heavy upon its hands, the British government, with its strong interests in the continuation of peace, is now, at least, by no means inclined. This was one reason why a new stand should be taken, and a potent reason. Let us trust that *the spirit of our legislation* will not do away the efficiency thus demonstrated of the President's measures!

ANOTHER BANK DEFALCATION. The friends in this city of Mr Charles Shaw, Teller or Assistant Cashier of the Wrentham Bank, Mass., were yesterday apprised of the elopement of that gentleman to South America in a vessel which sailed from Boston on Thursday. It appears that previous to leaving he drew from the Suffolk Bank at Boston, $2700 which stood to the credit of the Wrentham Bank in that institution, by forging the name of the Cashier. What other sums he may have secured by similar means is yet unknown. On the evening preceding his departure, he gave a champagne party at the Tremont house, Boston, the expenses which were *only* $400!! [N. Y True Sun.

WE THINK SO, TOO. The Philadelphia Sun says:

"We are told in the newspapers, that "a poor wretch, whose name was Plumb, had been whipped to death in the State Prison, at Auburn, N. Y., by M. W. Carry, the keeper." No doubt that Carry, not being a poor wretch, will escape the penalty of the law; but the State of New York must stand responsible to the age, and to the country, for the blood of Plumb! until she expurgates from the statute book this barbarous, bloody, and illegal practice of whipping."

☞ A letter in the New York Post, dated Washington, Feb. 6, says—

"Yesterday the vote by which the nomination of Mr Wright as naval officer of Boston, was on Tuesday confirmed, was reconsidered, and the case was referred back to the committee on the judiciary."

We understand that ground will be broken this week for the Medford Branch Railroad, the survey and location of which are just completed. It will be built by the Boston and Maine Railroad Company, and incorporated with their stock. It will pass up the east side of Mystic river, and connect with the other road near the bridge. [Daily Mail.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Feb. 7.

In the SENATE, the bill to incorporate the Lowell Gas Co. was ordered to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr Thurston, it was ordered that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of providing by law that banks whose affairs are closed by expiration of their charter, or otherwise, shall be prohibited from disposing of their bill plates, so that they may be obtained for improper use.

In the HOUSE,—Petitions presented—of Johnson Gardner and others for a railroad and ferry from Fall River to Providence—of J. Woodruff and others for a railroad from Chelsea to Malden—of the city of Lowell against granting the citizens of Boston the right to drink up the waters of Long Pond and all the little ponds within four miles thereof—Concord Artillery for inscription on their new cannon.

Orders adopted—On motion of Mr Wilson, of Natick, that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of providing, in case of failure to elect registers of deeds at a second trial, that the governor and council shall appoint such officer from one of the two highest candidates.

On motion of Mr Hopkins, of Northampton, that the said committee consider the expediency of providing for the reappointment of railroad commissioners upon the expiration of their terms; that it shall be imperative for applicants for railroads to appear before the board in the first instance; and that besides facts in relation to railroads applied for, the board may report their views of the facts, &c.

On motion of Mr Wiley, of Boston, that the said committee consider the expediency of repealing said law altogether.

Passed to be enacted—Bill to give the South Boston Association two years to close its affairs.

Indefinitely postponed—The bill establishing a uniform rate of tolls for grinding grain.

This bill was not thus disposed of until it had been duly debated. Mr Maybew, of Edgartown, attacked the whole system of laws on the subject in the following speech:—

"Mr. Speaker—I am opposed to this law because I consider it an unwholesome one. What is a law good for that the people will not be governed by? This law is arbitrary, and savors too much of the old English laws, and ought to be abolished. What right have we to make a law to govern the grinding of grain, any more than we have for threshing out the same? Some are ready to say that without such a law the business would become a monopoly. I think not. Trade will always regulate itself, and a competition is always ready. It is an old saying that a bird that is bit always flatters. Its being old does not make it true; for I have seen a bird killed, that hardly kicked. Neither is it true that the law regulating the toll is a good law because it is old. It is true that I am hit in the present case, for I am so unfortunate as to own one fourth of a windmill, and the miller breaks the law every day he grinds. I think if the House should consider the frailty of this law they would at once have it repealed, and stop all further legislating on the subject. I therefore move that all after the enacting clause be stricken out, and to insert in the place thereof this provision—'that all laws for taking toll for grinding grain be repealed.'"

This amendment was carried by a majority of one, and Mr Chandler, of Boston, asked the speaker how the bill would read in its new shape, and the speaker proceeded to read it with as much gravity as he could command, as follows:—"An act to *establish a uniform rate of toll for grinding grain:* Be it enacted &c., that all laws for taking toll for grinding grain be repealed."

Now, although the head and tail of this bill were very close together, they by no means agreed in terms or purpose, and great was the mirth of members at the extraordinary union of incompatibilities.

Mr Chandler moved to strike out the title and enacting clause; and the speaker, regarding the motion as equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely, put it as such, and it was carried.

Monday, Feb. 9.

In the SENATE, a bill was reported to increase the capital of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills $500,000.

The bills to incorporate the Leicester Water Power Co. and the Tremont Gas Light Co., to increase the capital of the Hamilton Woolen Co., were severally passed to be engrossed.

The committee on Education reported leave to withdraw on the petitions of several towns for their share of the School Fund for 1845, they not having made their returns in conformity with the law.

In the HOUSE, Benj. Baker petitioned for leave to plant and grow oysters on the Commonwealth's flats in Boston harbor; James R. Faulkner and others of Lowell, remonstrated against the petition of the city of Boston for leave to introduce water from Long Pond.

An order was adopted that the committee on the Judiciary inquire into the expediency of repealing the 24th section of the Acts of 1845, concerning the study of medicine, and authorizing physicians to seize the dead bodies of poor persons and strangers for purposes of mutilation and dissection.

Passed to be engrossed—Senate bills to amend the charter of the city of Lowell; to incorporate the East Boston Manufacturing Co. and the Bradford Flox Co.; to enable the Manufacturing Corporations at Lowell to own and improve the water power used by them; to establish the Adams and Bennington Railroad Corporation; to incorporate the Real Estate Mutual Fire Insurance Co., the Agawam Mutual Insurance Co., and the Mechanics' Mutual Aid Society; and to reduce the capital of the Merrimack Bank in Haverhill.

The report that it is inexpedient to legislate respecting the fees of tax collectors, was recommitted.

The committee on Accounts were authorized to send for persons and papers, to enable them to ascertain the correctness of the pauper returns of the several towns in the Commonwealth.

"CALLING THE HOUSE." Extract from a Washington letter in the New York Globe:

"A most amusing scene is now going on, occasioned by a call of the House. The doors of the hall are locked, and members knock in vain for admission.

All of your readers may not be aware that when a call of the House is closed, all members not already in their places are arrested by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and must pay him his fee of $10 each.

I noticed even Honorables in the galleries, who appeared to feel rather embarrassed as their colleagues in the hall below recognized them, and amused themselves at their expense. The doors were finally opened, and the absentees entered, scot free, I think, this time, but learning a lesson that may be of advantage hereafter. It was laughable to see the assurance of certain members in attempting to excuse their colleagues on account of illness, whom I had seen in the Avenue half an hour previous, hearty as bucks, and enjoying the fine atmosphere of the morning. But from all I have seen in the House this session, I am inclined to believe that truth is susceptible of being stretched a little, when the end justifies the means!"

☞ A letter in the *Detroit Advertiser*, from Sault St. Marie, Jan. 1st, mentions the arrival of the express mail, and states that in crossing the Straits of Mackinaw, the ice was so thin, that the carriers were compelled to lay flat down upon it, and work themselves over! a specimen of Indian daring that is without a parallel.

NAVAL. An order was received at the Navy Yard Charlestown, on Thursday, to fit out the steamship Princeton, and get her ready for sea with all possible despatch.

Cheap Door Spring.

THE attention of the public is invited to GOOD 1 YEAR'S PATENT GUM ELASTIC DOOR SPRING, with Arch IMPROVED FASTENINGS.

Persons who have any use for a Door Spring, are invited to see its operation on doors at the Post Office, Patriot Office, Locks and Canals Machine Shop, and Parkhurst and Manchester House.

The subscriber will have them on doors in any part of the city required, and if upon trial they do not prove satisfactory, the money will be refunded.

Any wishing to obtain them, can do so by leaving their names at the Washington Hotel.

P. HEWELL.

Feb. 7, 1846. 3wis

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Morrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of his, this is to inform the public that he never had any students under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fact particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in order to obtain practice, are pleased to say that they derived their medical knowledge from DR. MORRILL,
No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowary), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—MORAL AND AMUSING.

— Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock. —

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 9th, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 2½ to 7, and 8½. *Ten performers this week and no extra charge.*

The performance will commence with the following songs, &c.

Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
Comic duett—Charity School, Mr & Mrs Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr Bradley.

The First Part will conclude with the celebrated comic song, with new verses, (by request,) entitled the Used up Man, By Jerry Merrifield.

The entertainment will close with the beautiful and thrilling Domest Drama (first time in Lowell) called THE MAID AND MAGPIE: Or, *Who is the Thief?*

Characters by Messrs Wyett, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Atkins, Smith, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb10

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

TUITION: for common English branches $4.00
" higher " " " $4.50
Languages, $5.00
Extra charges—Drawing and Painting, $2,00
Instrumental Music, 10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A.M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing and Painting.*
T. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.*
Feb. 10, 1846. [a2wp8w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PURSUANT to an order to me directed by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, in the matter of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; I herewith, in conformity to said order, given over said Master's hand this ninth day of February, A. D., 1846, give notice, that the third meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. will be held at the office of the said Master, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Nancy S. may be present and prove their claims, and the undersigned will present his account, preparatory to the making up of a dividend in said case.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb. 9, 1846, feb10

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, February 7th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER WEBSTER, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Ebenezer Webster will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Webster, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 31st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of HEZEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hezekiah Ferrin will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ferrin and do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Wednesday,

Takes no fen or Lima.

The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, *Spooner, master*, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Messrs. P. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans.

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FAN DOMMERCIAL WHARF.

To go up to the city without lightering.

On Wednesday next,

The superior fast sailing packet Schr OSCAR, *Reed, master*, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. (7

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHARF.

[illegible] ROWLEY, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. 7tf

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stantoe's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor U. S. Coronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilkie, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion,
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS, GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ys&pdec16

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets betwee *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, to all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harndon & Co. have opened as Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward *Passages*.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv8mjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, *47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

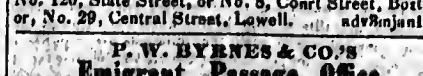
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M., 1, 2, 5, and 8, P. M.

Fare 25 cents.

☞ The Offices of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 5 and 11, Elm street, receive passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 25 cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent.
jan31 Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Dental Notice.

WE the undersigned, having learned that Dr. Doane has located in Lowell, can safely say to the citizens that having been acquainted with his work for several years, we can cordially recommend him as a Dentist. His operations in every department of Dentistry have given satisfactory evidence of his professional skill.

J. H. Goetchius, M. D. Dr. G. Swan, Dentist.
J. Williams, M. D. Dr. S. L. Dodge, Dent.

GOLD FILLINGS. Teeth filled with gold in the best modern style, at Dr. Doane's office, 118 Merrimac street, opposite head of Kirk street.

MINERAL TEETH inserted on the best gold plate, or pivots, as the case may require. Charges very reasonable for the best dental operations. Advice gratis.

N.B.—Those suffering from the excruciating pains of the tooth-ache, will remember a former notice of Dr. Doane's Nerve Anodyne. nov11&4tf

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jose. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Reversionary Addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 31	1837	$ 52 32	$306 26	$60 93	$1977 79
			1838	720 12	321 76	49 48	1780 5
			1839	584 00	256 41	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

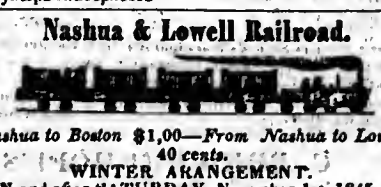
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bensington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

UNSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. 1jan31

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dunning of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N. H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's Instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Brace*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice;) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1aw4mplyjan18

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by WYER, at 48 Central st.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mos&pdec20

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. jan29

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and, swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a remedy *for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* constituting a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of misery. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly pleasing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, but they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. SEAVY.

REFERENCE.

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 200 Race street, Philadelphia. jan29 1mo

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

House on Appleton street.

On MONDAY, Feb'y 16th, at 3 o'clock, p m. (on the premises), that new two story Dwelling-House, situated at the corner of Appleton and Garnet streets; with 2530 square feet of Land, a well of excellent water, for all purposes, &c. &c. Said House consists of ten conveniently arranged and neatly finished rooms, the whole substantially built of excellent lumber; and to be sold without reserve. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as a permanent loan, if desired.

For further information, enquire of Messrs Hopkinson & Ames, or the Auctioneer. The House may be examined any time previous to the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold w, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 69 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,
feb5 29 Central st.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,
GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies; old bachelors and young ones, can find epistles elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.,
jan22 Agent for Cupid.

City of Lowell.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the Board of Aldermen by Theodore Hamblet, praying that he may be licensed to erect and use a Steam Engine on the west side of Willow street, forty feet distant from said street, and about seventy-five feet north of Andover street—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen have assigned THURSDAY, the 12th day of February next, at seven o'clock in the evening, as the time, and the Aldermen's room in the City Hall as the place, for the consideration of the same, and that all persons interested may then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Board.
jan29 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Cobblestoned Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. Those rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY,
Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. on the store, under the above rooms.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely *new* and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Pits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of illvease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumetic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp'y yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 195 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymen, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopaline Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, to better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 102 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 29, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was entirely in such a state.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored."

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. s13&4r6m

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.

Office No. 20 State st. Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM EMERSON, 79 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system,

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain; and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,

(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.

SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "

JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Coenell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,

240, Delancy street, New York.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. e&ptyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the cyporture and instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely."

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

Principal Office 689, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Penney & Bagley.*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Rondole Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bequet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Elegant and Standard Edition of Bulwer's Last Work, "LEILA; OR THE SIEGE OF GRANADA," for sale at

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dinsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Brailstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Berber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Peppercll, A. B. Colleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Nonh Kendall; Methuen, White & Deerborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jun6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the jealousies of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as corruption of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypochondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, &c, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug6—1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunt ingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show;
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false epitaphs pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and to these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before is raved a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to mineral and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of restoring strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physicians and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lend a helping hand to others for such relief, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 128 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Medford, E. A. Bancroft; Worcester, H. J. Copeland; and by dealers in medicine generally. sep6

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 19.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advty LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds,

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 ly

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

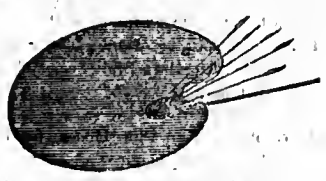
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

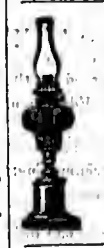


Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street; opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

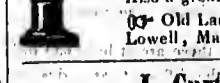
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan8

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 16, 1845. aug212m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. advsmjan1

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.

On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "

5 P. M., in connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¾ train from Haverhill or any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls,

12, M.....Portland

At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½ P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. no25tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Punch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Ja.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Helvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Gedey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. J. JUDKINS,

jan18 29 Central Street, Lowell.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attraction of the Cross, by Rev Dr Spring; Sketches from Life, by Laman Blanchard—may all be found at the UNION BOOK-STORE, 29 Central st. feb5

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. I, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton Lardon. Subscriptions received by J. J. JUDKINS,

feb5 No. 29, Central Street.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo, 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotype—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE

oct30 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c.; &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Central st., Huston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

O. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan8

From Graham's Magazine.

THE DOUBLE SENTENCE:

OR,

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

[Concluded.]

The stranger sunk to a chair as she ceased speaking, covered her face and shuddered, but when the small hands were removed from over her eyes, they were dry and painfully brilliant as before.

"What can I do for you? How can I help you?" said the judge, deeply moved by her tearless agony.

"Tell me," she said, "was he not insane?" Her lips partly opened, and her breath was held back with intense anxiety for his answer.

"It is but charity to believe that all great crimes are committed in a species of insanity," said the kind judge, anxious to soothe her.

"Then you *do* think he was insane?" she cried; while a gleam of hope shot to her eyes. "God bless you for saying that. God be praised that it was my story that convinced you of it. Tell me, if I go into the court to-morrow and repeat what I have just said, word for word, will it be evidence for a jury—will it convince *them* that he was driven wild by my wicked frenzy?"

The judge hesitated—he could not bear to crush the last hope to which the wretched girl was clinging.

"Speak," she said, "tell me, I beseech you!"

"I am afraid it would but prove a new motive for the murder—for the crime charged upon him!" he said, at length, but in a voice that bespoke pity and reluctance.

She fell back in her chair for an instant, as if struck helpless by his words, but instantly rallying again, she said—

"Then you think I had better not appear?"

"It could do no good, but might supply the only link wanting in a chain of evidence against the unhappy man. That is, a motive for the crime."

"Still you believe him to have been insane? You have heard all, and in your charge to-morrow, every word that I have said will be remembered."

The judge was deeply embarrassed, and it was with difficulty that he found words to undeceive her.

"I cannot, as an honest man, I dare not, as a sworn judge, make a charge on any evidence not brought forward at the trial," he said firmly, but with deep commiseration.

"Oh, Heaven, great Heaven! You cannot deny me this—and so much depends upon it. If you could but say that there was any thing in the evidence to prove him insane, it would save him. A human life! think how sweet a thing it must be to save a man like that from death—and such a death! The jury will be guided by your charge. I have studied their faces, one by one, ever since the trial commenced. I know that they are men to be guided into the path of mercy—only show them the way—only take a little of the responsibility. You will—you will—for did you not admit a few minutes since that he must have been insane? Only say *that* to-morrow—I ask nothing more."

The earnestness with which the poor girl pleaded was agonizing; her eyes grew moist, her hands were convulsively clasped, and in the energy of her appeal she sunk unconsciously to her knees, and clinging to his dressing-gown with both hands, wildly urged her suit.

The judge raised her, and even in her distress she felt that his hands trembled in performing this office.

"Be comforted, my poor young lady, be more composed; this is very distressing to me, I assure you," he said, while tears actually stood in his eyes.

"God bless you for those tears. I knew they were wrong who said you had no feeling. How do you think that lawyer advised me to act? See, I was in have brought this money to offer you, and these, and these!" She drew from the folds of her dress a large double purse, crowded full of bank notes, and with it a heavy diamond bracelet, and other female ornaments of great value. "I have given the lawyer almost as much to plead his cause; gold can purchase his eloquence, but I dare not offer it to you. My heart rose against his advice the moment I entered this room."

"It was well," replied the judge, crimsoning to the temples with indignation that any man could have advised a bribe to him. "It was well that you judged more honorably of me than your adviser. If any thing could win me to forgetfulness of a stern duty, it would be your evident distress—not your gold."

"I know it—I know it—and the blessings of a broken heart will follow you to the grave for every merciful word uttered in to-morrow's charge. Oh, the clock is striking—it is twelve. I will go home now. They think I am at a party. And so I was, two hours ago—see how brilliant they made me!" And with a mingled laugh and shudder the strange girl threw open her cloak, and revealed a dress of rose-colored satin and rich blond, in the folds of which a few white roses were crushed. "Would you believe it," she said, with touching earnestness, and folding her cloak over her person again, "would you think it possible, no creature in my father's house dreams of this, not even my own mother? They think that late hours and fashionable follies are rendering me so pale. To-night they will be all asleep when I get home, and I—oh Heaven, shall I ever sleep again?"

The wretched girl covered her face with both hands, and, for the first time during the interview, burst into tears. After weeping with unrestrained violence for a few moments, she uncovered her face with a sad smile, and suddenly taking the judge's hand between both hers, kissed it, and left the room sobbing bitterly.—Before the judge could overtake her, or offer her any of those civilities which her beauty and evident station seemed to demand, she had opened the hall door and hurried out into the dark night.

He caught one glimpse of her garments as she entered the carriage, and then, but for the muffled roll of wheels passing through the storm, all that had passed within the last half hour might have been a dream.

The next day, when the judge took his place on the bench, the spectators remarked that his eyes were more heavy than usual, and that his face was pale almost as that of the prisoner.—He cast a searching look, ever and anon towards a group of female witnesses that sat near, but among the quiet and commonplace features exhibited there, he found nothing to remind him of his midnight visitor. The business of the trial went on, and, deep as his interest has always been in the fate of the prisoner, he now listened with keener interest to the proceedings. Toward the close, when the evidence grew more and more decided against the prisoner, the judge became painfully restless; the color came and went on his cheek, and there was an expression in his fine eyes that no man remembered to have seen there before.

The prisoner, too, seemed less collected and indifferent than he had hitherto been during the trial. Instead of keeping his dark eyes fixed with a sort of mournful earnestness on the jury, as he had done the day before, he cast wistful glances towards the group of females. His eyes grew troubled and brilliant, while, now and then, as his hand was raised to wipe the drops from his forehead, those who looked closely saw that it trembled. This was altogether at variance with his former cold and impassioned demeanor, and people whispered to each other, that now as his case grew more and more hopeless his courage was giving away.

Once or twice he turned and cast a searching look over the multitude of human faces with which the room was crowded. The last time, some one in the crowd seem to rivet his attention. Fire flashed to his eye, and his cheeks were blood-red. He half started to his feet, dropped again as if a bullet had cleft his heart, and after one brief shudder, set motionless as before, gazing not upon either judge or jury, but pale and marble-like, on his own clasped hands.

Among the sea of human faces no one could tell which it was that had so moved the prisoner, and a boy, muffled in a cloak, and with a sealskin cap drawn over his forehead, pressed so eagerly onward just after, that it served to draw attention from the unhappy man. Though the crowd was so dense that it seemed impossible for any one to advance a single step, the lad forced his way till he reached those who stood nearest the prisoner, and gathering his cloak about him, stood within a few paces of the heart-stricken man, pale and motionless also.

At length the judge stood up to deliver his charge; he was paler than usual in such cases, while an expression of stern sorrow lay upon his features, and gave depth and solemn pathos to his voice. Still, though he seemed more agitated than any one had ever seen him before, his intellect was calm and clear. The evidence was against the prisoner; there was no clue, not a single thread upon which an honest mind might fix a doubt.

The prisoner never lifted his face, but the boy behind him stood immovable, with his large eyes riveted on the judge, and hardly seemed to breathe. As the summing up grew more and more against the prisoner, the boy began to waver. He reached forth one hand, and grasping the arm of a stranger that stood next, thus prevented himself from falling on the floor.

In the midst of an opinion, bearing decidedly against the prisoner, the judge caught the glance fixed on him by this singular boy. The blood rushed to his cheek—he stammered—put his hand to his forehead, and went on; but his voice was more subdued, and more than once tears were seen to flood his eyes.

Night came on—the jury had been out three hours, and all that time the crowd remained immovable, and in the front, with his eyes bent on the stooping head of the prisoner, was that pale and trembling boy. They came in at last, those twelve pallid men, with the unspoken destiny of a human being imprinted on their mournful faces. The boy looked upon them as they ranged themselves in the jury box; from one to the other his shrinking eyes were turned, and then, with one wild struggle, he forced a passage into the crowd.

GUILTY! That fearful word has sealed the death-sentence of two human beings. Three weeks after the trial, the prisoner was found dead in his cell. A paper of powdered opium, which was found in his bosom, was all the explanation of his death that ever reached the public. A week after, the judge received a funeral card, which surprised him not a little, for the bereaved family, though wealthy and in high standing, were total strangers to him. But a private note, which followed the card, informed him that after she was taken with the brain fever, that terminated her life, the young creature who had so suddenly left her home desolate, had earnestly requested that he might be present at her funeral.

He went, and there, whiter than the satin which lined her coffin, lay his midnight visitor—the seeming boy, whose mournful face had troubled him in the court room, and whose cold, pale beauty haunted him many an hour in after life.

THE LATE NEWS FROM RIO JANEIRO AND THE ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION. The Buenos Ayreen papers contained an official account of the battle of the month of the Parana river, which does not vary much, however, from those already received.—In the *Packet*, of the 13th, there is this paragraph:

The Battle of Parana. Nothing in an official shape from the Anglo-French commanders in the Parana, with respect to the battle of Obligado, has yet come to hand, but the Montevideo journals, notwithstanding their habitual mendacity, afford evidence enough that there was nothing exaggerated in the report of the Argentine General. It is acknowledged that the fire lasted nine hours, and that several, vessels of the combined fleet were literally riddled with shot, including the Argentine brig San Martein, under French colors, the British brigantine Dolphin, and the French steamer Fulton.

It is clear that the resistance opposed by batteries of Obligado against such overwhelming odds, was in the highest degree heroic, and such as neither England nor France singly ever met with before since the last general peace. It is also indubitable, that had the Argentine Government employed the means at its disposal—had the cannon been of a larger calibre—or even had the ammunition held out—the result would have been far more disastrous to the combined squadron, if even it escaped the ignominy of defeat.

An official document is published in the papers signed by Gen Rosas and Felipe Arana, his Prime Minister, giving notice that the vessels and cargoes, to whatever nation they may belong, which have entered the Parana river under protection of the allied fleet, shall be captured and declared lawful prizes; and also that the captain and crew of the captured vessels will be summarily tried and punished as *pirates* by the authorities of the province, where they may be captured.

☞ There are fifteen societies of Shakers in this country, comprising 7000 members.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 12, 1846.

HON. ABBOTT LAWRENCE'S STATEMENT AS TO THE PRICE OF LABOR IN THE LOWELL FACTORIES.

Mr Lawrence has written two letters to Hon. Wm. C. Rives, of Virginia, upon the tariff, slavery, &c.—The point in them is to satisfy Congress that a protective tariff is necessary to the prosperity of the labor of our country. The same old, often-refuted arguments that have been used a thousand times over are again paraded before the people—that by fostering manufactures a home market is created, labor protected against the competition of the pauper labor of Europe, &c.—but not a word is said in justification of the tariff system as it actually exists, giving manufacturers four or five times as great a per ct. on their capital as any other interest in the country can make or get, or tending to show that under a revenue tariff we should not have the same markets, a greater price for labor, the same everything, except that manufacturer's dividends might not be more than ten, instead of thirty per ct. per annum. But as we refer to those letters only on account of a single statement put forth, as to the price paid for labor in this city, we will not dwell upon other parts of the letter.

Mr Lawrence says,

"I will give you an example of the rate of wages under low duties, and under the Tariff of 1842. In 1841 and 1842, the depression in all kinds of business became so oppressive, that many of the manufacturing establishments in New England were closed, the operatives dismissed, the mechanical trades were still, and every resource for the laboring man seemed dried up.

In the city of Lowell, where there are more than thirty large cotton mills, from six to sixteen thousand spindles each, it was gravely considered by the proprietors whether the mills should be stopped. It was concluded to reduce the wages; this was done several times, until the reduction brought down the wages from about $2 to 1 50 per week, exclusive of board; this operation took place upon between 7 and 8000 females; the mills run on; no sales were made of the goods; the South and West had neither money nor credit, and finally, it was determined to hold out till Congress should act upon the Tariff. The bill passed, and of course the mills were kept running, which would not have been the case, if the Act had been rejected; and now the average wages paid at Lowell,—*taking the same number of females for the same service*—is $2 per week exclusive of board. Yet Mr Walker says labor has fallen. Where are the wages for labor, I ask, lower than they were in 1842? Who is to be benefitted by the adoption of a system that gives up everything, and gives no reasonable promise of any thing?"

The object of putting such a statement before Congress and the world is too apparent to need be mentioned. That it wholly misrepresents the facts as they exist here, a few plain truths will settle beyond all question. As Mr Lawrence's efforts are directed to the task of showing that it is the interests of labor he principally regards, a correct statement of the comparative prices paid for labor, in connection with the fact that Mr L. is the greatest manufacturer in the Union, and that some of our manufacturing companies, besides making semi-annual dividends of ten per ct., are making new great additions recently made, being made and about to be made, increasing their entire works in some cases 50 per ct., from surplus profits will be likely to set at rest the question, whether be is serious for the capital invested in manufacture or the labor employed by that capital. Mr L. says, "and *now*, the average wages paid at Lowell,—*taking the same number of females for the same service*—is two dollars per week exclusive of board," whereas in 1841 and in 1842 they were brought down to $1,50 per week exclusive of board. In the first place then, about one half of the "between seven and eight thousand" girls employed here, work by the week, and have received *no addition whatever* to their wages since 1841 and 1842. They get no more now than the *lowest* wages paid during those years. They *never*, since a yard of cloth was manufactured in Lowell *received less wages than at this time*, though they are compelled to do all of one third more work, and in many cases double. In 1840, "week hands" received from 75 cts. to $2,00 per week, exclusive of board; they now receive from 55 cents to $1,50—making 25 per ct. less wages now than in 1840, notwithstanding they do 33 per ct. more work. This is about the fair average;—25 per ct. less wages, and 33 per ct. more work. In these few words, we dispose of Mr Lawrence's statement as far as about one half of the girls in the factories here come into the account. The remaining portion of these seven or eight thousand girls are "piece" or "job hands."—They receive *for the same amount of work performed* the *smallest pay* that has ever been paid—the *lowest price* paid in 1841 and 1842. For weaving the same coarse cottons, per piece, as they now get 9 3-4 cts., immediately preceding the time of their being cut down in 1841 and 1842 they received for weaving them 11 1-2 cts. per piece. These are the rates upon one corporation; but the difference is still greater upon some of the others. On another corporation we are informed that for weaving the goods that in 1840, 16 cts. per piece was paid, but 11 cts. are now paid.—Different prices are paid according to the fineness of the goods manufactured. The reduction will probably average from 25 to 33 per ct. 'Tis true the "job hands" make more per week than they did a portion of the time in 1841 and 1842, but they are obliged to do much more work. They still make less than they did in 1840, though they too, are obliged to do nearly as much more work than in 1840 as the week hands are. We may as well say here, that the average wages of the "between 7 and 8000" girls here in the mills are less than $1,50 per week, exclusive of board, for regular work. The average wages of the "between 7 and 8000" factory girls here will not come up to three fourths of Mr Lawrence's statement of $2,00 per week. The "job weavers" were made to do the additional work required of them, at a reduced price, in this manner;—during the years "1841 and 1842" (under the pretence that the times were such as to compel it) the wages were from time to time reduced; and after being got down to the lowest possible point a new system introduced—the speed was lowered, and each girl required to tend three looms instead of two as had always been the custom. The price, per piece, was reduced once more, we think, after the three loom system was commenced, or at the time. The price, per piece, has not been raised, but after the girls got adapted to the new system, the speed was, from time to time, raised, and the girls compelled to do more and more work, and consequently (as they worked by the piece) they got more pay than they did at the same prices when they did less work. And now, as the speed has been raised to nearly where it was under the two loom system, they make more than they did when they were making this change; but not because they get more pay for the *same amount* of work done, but because they do much more work at the *lowest pay* ever received.

In some of the mills the plan of operations we have described has not been pursued. But all may rest assured of this fact—*in no mill have the wages of week hands, or the rates for piece work, been increased from the lowest amounts paid, at any time between 1840 and 1846.*

Now if the tariff of '42 has been of advantage to anybody but manufacturing capitalists we can't see it. Instead of being content with reaping all the advantages it gave them, by increasing the prices of their goods,—and giving the operatives the prices paid in 1840, before the *hard times* of 1841 and 1842 that Mr Lawrence speaks of, when he says they were *compelled* to reduce the wages or stop the mills,—they demand that, at least 33 per ct. more of the sweat and blood of the factory labor of this city, than they demanded in 1840, shall be added to their profits.

NEW BOOKS.

☞ We have received from the Harpers the following new works, which may be found at BIXBY'S:

Illuminated Bible, No. 49. This work retains its pristine excellence.

The Wandering Jew, Illustrated edition, No. 11. This number exceeds any former one in the beauty of its etchings.

Cricket on the hearth—by Charles Dickens. We find this Christmas tale inferior to the "Carol" or "chimes," and account for it from the fact that no writer's thoughts can be made to flow through one and the same channel at will, so many successive times.—Still it is the most heart-softening story of the season.

Step-mother—a novel by G. P. R. James. Part 1. We do believe James has a machine for writing novels, he makes them so fast and so much alike. As in the "mutton mill," so famed in yankee story, into which you had only to put a sheep and on turning the crank out came four quarters of lamb neatly roasted, a felt hat, two leather aprons and a pound of candles. So with James, a few incidents go into the hopper, and presto! out comes a novel in two volumes—a God-send to boarding school girls, and nobody else.

Forecastle Tom, or the landsman turned sailor—by Mrs. S. P. Dana. pp 216, 18 mo. A sea story by a woman, who of course never left the ladies' cabin after the ship got in blue water! we would suggest what Napoleon said to Madam de Stael, that "the greatest woman was she who had the most children," *not* the maker of the greatest number of such books as these.

John Martin, a sequel to Henry Milner—by Mrs Sherwood—pp. 352, 16 mo. Mrs Sherwood will need no commendation of ours. Let us say, however, that this is as unlike "Forecastle Tom," as it well can be. We are happy to see the publishers promise a complete series of this lady's works in 15 vols., at 85 cents per volume. A valuable addition to every family library.

CONGRESS.

IMPORTANT!—THE OREGON "NOTICE" BILL PASSED THE HOUSE!

Monday, Feb. 9.

The SENATE was engaged all the morning on private bills.

The HOUSE went into committee of the Whole on the Oregon resolutions. Mr T. B. King, of Georgia, spoke his hour. He made a vigorous attack upon the administration, for inconsistency and obstinacy on the Oregon question. He imputed the blame of the present state of things to bad influences operating on the Cabinet Ministers. The claim to the exclusive right to all Oregon was first started in Baltimore, as a political game, and was never heard of before.

He was followed by Mr Adams, whose speech was listened to with great attention.

At 3 o'clock the debate was stopped, and the committee proceeded, in great confusion, to vote on amendments. The word "forthwith" was stricken out of the resolution, on motion of Mr Ingersoll himself. Mr Hilliard's amendment, giving discretionary power to the President to give the notice, was rejected.

A proposition to draw the line through the Straits of Fuca was shouted down.

Every substitute and amendment was rejected. The "Crittenden proposition" found no favor at all. The following was offered:

Resolved, That the Oregon question is no longer a subject for negotiation or compromise.

Tellers were called for. Here was the richest scene ever presented in Congress.

The tellers took their stand—(Mr Douglas was one) "Those in favor of the proposition will pass between the tellers," said the Chairman.

Mr Petit alone presented himself, and a shout of laughter followed. Then Andrew Kennedy, of Indiana, followed, looking sheepish.

A tremendous burst of merriment greeted him from the floor and galleries. Hon. Robert Smith, Wick, Wentworth, Sawyer and Darragh. No more offered; at last, Felix Grundy McConnel, assuming a mock heroic air, which was irresistible, marched through in the most stately style. The ludicrous effect of this was indescribable.

After the House became a little composed, the noes came up, led by Pendleton, and embracing nearly the whole House. Mr Adams did not leave his seat. Indeed he did not vote on any of these questions.

Mr Dargin's amendment, declaring that the subject was one for honorable *compromise* and *negotiation*, was rejected by 46 majority.

It was renewed, striking out "*compromise*," and carried, 109 to 89.

The tellers then reported that they had made a mistake. The Chair ordered a new count. Mr Rhett and Mr Schenck denied his right to order a new count, and appealed. Great excitement arose on the subject.—Some of the Southern members were vehement against the decision. The confusion became very great.

One of the tellers declared that, notwithstanding the confusion, he believed that the count was correct.

The decision of the chair was negatived, 99 to 108. So the announcation of the vote for the proposition stands.

Mr Dromgoole's bill was read.

Mr Black, of South Carolina, offered his amendment as a substitute for Mr Dromgoole's and it was rejected.

Mr Dromgoole's proposition was rejected.

P. S. By the Magnetic Telegraph we learn that after the adoption of an amendment in the shape of a *proviso*, that further negotiation for an amicable settlement should not be precluded by it, the bill to give notice was passed, 163 to 54.

THE MILITARY SUPERINTENDENCY. We learn from Washington that a court of inquiry has been appointed to investigate the charges of maladministration against Major Ripely, the present military superintendent of the U. S. armory in this town. The court consists of Gen. Wool, Lt. Col. Clark, of the 8th infantry, and Major Cooper, all officers of the U. S. army. The court will be held in this town forthwith. *Springfield Republican.*

DISCHARGED. George W. Hatch, charged with cheating the Brook Farm Phalanx, by selling them a machine which was under mortgage, was discharged in the Police Court yesterday, Mr Parker, county attorney, being of opinion that the case did not fall within the meaning of the statute against false pretences. [Post.

☞ The editor of the Manchester American can't see the difference between the right of private property and a monopoly sacrificing those rights. In fact he is just turned round; he would take the private property of citizens on the Concord River (which he terms monopoly) and give it exclusively to the citizens of Boston. With him, individual private property is a dangerous monopoly, and equal rights only secured by a vast monopoly. That comes of being brought up in an office supported for defending monopolies—no fault of the young man, he is laboring under strong delusion.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID are coming into universal favor. That they have been used with the happiest effect in many stubborn cases of disease, and that they have been mainly instrumental in effecting many remarkable cures, no one we think, can doubt, after reading the numerous, well authenticated testimonials, which we publish in another column. These certificates come in good faith from high authority. You can obtain the genuine article of Walker & Kiddor, corner of Merrimack and John sts.

☞ We never knew an editor who suited all his readers; and we have never aspired to that proficiency. The editor who pursues the course he believes to be right, will not only please himself, but be quite as likely to please the mass of his readers as he would by sacrificing his own opinion of right, in the onset, with a view to *suiting everybody else*. This "everybody" is a difficult customer.

☞ The bill for the relief of W. L. Yancey, member of congress, and Daniel Sayre, passed the house of Alabama Jan. 27, by a vote of 59 to 32, has become a law in spite of the veto of the governor. The parties had had a duel, which the laws of Alabama now make a penitentiary offence; and the bill relieves the offenders from indictment. Mr Yancey's constituents had forgiven him, and re-elected him to congress since the duel.

LOWELL LITERARY ACADEMY. By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that this institution, under the principal charge of JOHN C. INGALLS, A. M., will commence a new term on the 25th inst. Mr. Ingalls and his assistants possess ample qualifications for the responsible offices they have assumed. The school, we are confident, merits liberal support.

EXPRESSES. It is rumored that the Portland folks are going to beat the New York Herald in the foreign news by the Cambria, now 8 days out from Liverpool. The modus operandi is to have an agent on board the steamer off Halifax, cross overland by horses to Annapolis, join the steamer Kennebec, and run to Portland, from thence by Railroad to Boston.

WESTERN LITERARY MESSENGER. This paper—edited by our old friend, Jesse Clement—has just entered upon its sixth volume. It is published weekly at Buffalo, N. Y.—is an excellent literary paper, and always a *welcome* "Messenger." Success to thee, Jesse.

THE LADY'S BOOK, for February, is a particularly good number. The embellishments are of a high order, and the reading matter is interesting. Davis, 5 John st., has it. Davis keeps all the current periodical literature, and newspapers from every quarter of Yankeedom, England and Ireland.

☞ The Montreal Transcript announces that 13,000 troops of the line, including two companies of sappers and miners, have been ordered into Canada from England, on account of some recent movements which have taken place in the lower province.

ECLIPSES FOR 1846. This year there will be two Eclipses, both of the Sun. The first is an Eclipse of the Sun, April 25th; visible in all parts of the United States. The second is an Annular Eclipse of the Sun, October 19th; invisible in the United States.

RELIGION IN TEXAS. The Texas Bible Society has resolved to supply every family in the state with a copy of the sacred scriptures, and $1000 worth of the publications of the American Bible Society have been received for that purpose.

FERRIN, of the American House, furnishes his breakfast table with the nicest "cream toast" made between here and anywhere you can think. Whoever is not willing to take our word for it had better go and taste for themselves.

☞ At a party recently given at Washington one of the belles dropped an *ornament*. There was a tremendous *bustle* in the room, immediately after the catastrophe.

☞ The new Constitution of Missouri, not yet ratified by the people, appropriates in perpetuity the proceeds of the 500,000 acres of land granted to the State by an Act of 1841, to the purpose of Education.

☞ The Irishmen employed on the Railroad at Fitchburg, got into a row on Monday evening last, which resulted in the death of one of the number.

☞ It is estimated that there are at least one million of finished muskets in the different armories and arsenals of the Union.

☞ The Texan seat of government has a population of 1500. Germen emigrants are flocking into Texas in great number.

☞ At a late celebration of old bachelors, at Bloomington, Ia., the following toast was drank—THE FAIR—Saints in churches—angels in ball rooms—devils in the kitchen.

APPOINTMENT. We learn that SAMUEL MERRIAM has been appointed jailor in this city, in place of James Fisher, resigned.

☞ Laws are like cobwebs; they catch the small flies, while the great ones break through very easily, and escape.

☞ Hon. Benning W. Jenness, of N. H., is fast recovering his health, and will soon be able to return to Washington.

The weaver's strike in Moyamensing continued on Tuesday. Every loom is stopped.

DREADFUL! One of our citizens the other day, went into a *fit* in a tailor's shop.

Long reflection is the guarantee of good success.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, Feb. 10.

In the SENATE, the committee on mercantile affairs, reported leave to withdraw on the petition of John B. Alley and others, of Lynn, for an act of incorporation for an insurance company.

The House report that it was inexpedient to legislate in relation to returns of Savings Bank, was accepted.

The bill to incorporate the Weybosset House Co., in the town of Princetown, came up on its passage to a third reading, and was opposed by Mr Elliot on the ground that there was no necessity of incorporating a hotel with so small capital as 50,000. Mr Shepard moved to amend the bill so as to provide that the corporators should not permit the sale of intoxicating drinks in their house contrary to law. The discussion was then continued on the bill as amended, and it was ordered to a third reading without a division.

In the HOUSE, B. Brown and others petitioned for a repeal of the law allowing fishing in the Merrimack river.

The bill authorizing the conveyance of the real estate of deceased persons and persons under guardianship, at private sale, in certain cases, was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr Robins of Boston, the bill and amendments were laid on the table and the latter ordered to be printed.

The House bill concerning wilful and malicious injuries to personal property, in certain cases; also a Senate resolve on the accounts of the Land Agent, were severally passed to be engrossed.

Wednesday, Feb. 11.

In the SENATE, the Special Railway Committee reported leave to withdraw on the petition of Charles Bemis and others for a railroad from Waltham to Boston.

The report of the Committee on Education, leave to withdraw on the petitions of several towns for their share of the School Fund, they not having conformed to the requirements of the law, was spoken to by several senators, and then accepted without opposition.

Bills to increase the capital of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills, and to incorporate the Wechusetts House Co.; also resolves concerning a bathing apparatus and the library in the State Prison, were severally passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, the Selectmen of the town of Billerica remonstrated against the petition of the Mayor of the city of Boston for leave to introduce water from Long Pond.

The following Senate bills and resolves were passed to be engrossed. To incorporate the Dane Manufacturing Co., and the Lowell Gas Co.; and to authorize the Boston Steam Flour Mill Co. to hold additional real estate.

The House at 12 o'clock took up the special assignment for this day, which was the consideration of the Congressional plurality bill, providing for an election by plurality on the third trial. The question was on an amendment moved by Mr Stevens of Andover, that a plurality shall elect at the first balloting. Mr Stevens concluded his remarks in favor of his motion. He was followed by Messrs Taylor of Granby, and Hopkins of Northampton, both of whom opposed it, and it was rejected by a vote of 69 to 121. Mr Chandler then moved the indefinite postponement of the bill, and the yeas and nays were ordered on the question.

The motion to postpone was opposed by Mr Byington of Stockbridge, and Bryant of Berre, and advocated by Mr Stergis of Boston, and Mr Page of New Bedford. The question was then taken, and the result was that the bill was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 160 yeas to 73 nays.

SHERIFF OF MIDDLESEX COUNTY AND HIS DEPUTIES. Hon. Samuel Chandler, of Lexington, has been re-appointed sheriff of Middlesex, and has renewed the appointments of the following gentlemen as his deputies, viz:—Thomas. Sumner, of Charlestown; Nathan Fiske, Levi Parker, Cambridge; Moses Prichard, Concord; Eliphalet Wheeler, Framingham; Wm. C. Lewis, Groton; Wm. A Phipps, Hopkinton; Jos. Butterfield, Jefferson Bancroft, Lowell; Adolphus Smith, Newton; Charles Powers, Townsend; Horace Hurd, Wayland; Albert Thompson, Woburn. *Bunker Hill Aurora.*

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

There will be no special meeting appointed for the election of Register of Deeds between this, and the annual March meeting. The regular election, with the appointment of which the County Commissioners have nothing to do, then takes place. The Selectmen, by the law of the Commonwealth, are required to insert an article in the warrant calling on the legal voters to deposite their ballots for Register of Deeds.

☞ Two splendid pickerel, weighing 6 1-4 and 5 1-2 pounds, caught yesterday on one hook and one bait by Capt. John Marston of Lowell, in old Concord river, and presented to Charles Hadley, Esq., will be served up to-day at 11 o'clock at Decoster's Lafayette Saloon, opposite Boyleton market. [Boston Post, this morning.

We presume the Post means Capt. JONA. M. MARSTON, of "Marston's Saloon," who knows how to do a handsome thing.

HITTING 'EM. The Charleston Patriot has the following hit at the unsettled relations between the United States and Mexico:

A CARD. Mexico begs the United States to excuse her. She has so much to do with her *family at home* that she cannot attend to her *foreign relations.*

WESTERN RAILROAD.	Receipts for the week	
ending Feb. 7th,	1846:	1845:
From passengers,	$5887	$3697
" freight, &c.,	8207	3450
Total,	$14,094	$7,147

☞ John Quincy Adams voted *for*, and Amos Abbott *against*, the Oregon "notice" bill. "When doctors disagree, who shall decide?"

HON. ROBERT RANTOUL was confirmed in his office of U. S. District Attorney by an *unanimous* vote of the Senate. A merited compliment.

☞ Many of our Dracut neighbors are "going it strong" for annexation. The subject begins to excite inquiry in Lowell.

THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, under the lead of Prof. BOND, will give a grand Ball next Monday Evening, at Mechanics' Hall. PUSHEE, and other celebrated musicians from abroad, are to be on hand.

ANOTHER. The grand annual Washington Assembly, under civic and military auspices, will come off on Monday, 23d inst., at Mechanics' Hall. Music by the Salem Band.

MORE SNOW. Yesterday we had a fall of about 4 inches of snow. Good sleighing again for a day or two. Get out your parties—lively.

RIGHT. Hill's New Hampshire Patriot has hoisted the regular democratic nominations. The Portsmouth Gazette has done the same.

☞ *Favors not hitherto acknowledged.*—For Legislative documents *not* received, our Representatives are entitled to ——!

☞ A man in Baltimore, who owed more money than he could pay, and who was bothered to death with duns and police officers, gave out that he had the small pox, and thus got clear of his tormentors.

Judge not wholly from appearances; gold may gild a rotten stick, and dirt sully a diamond.

☞ The peculiar appearance of the consumptive, the langour of their movements, the melancholy gaze, and the shade of sadness threwn areund them, opens at once the fauets of interest and feeling in others. No resse of wo or wrong is equal to the devastation of this dreadful disease. Whin there is time, use the Health Restorative, that admirnble compound of balmy herbs, and the success of this cure is guarantsed.

LOWELL MARKET—Thursday, Feb. 12

[WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.]

Apples per barrel	$2 00 @ 3 50
Beans per bushel	1 50 @ 1 75
Butter per pound	16 @ 18
Beets per bushel	40 @ 50
Beef per pound	4½ @ 5
Cheese per pound	7 @ 9
Chesnuts	2 00
Cabbage per dosnn	50 @ 75
Chickens per pound	7 @ 9
Cranberries per bushel	2 50 @ 3 00
Eggs per dozen	20 @ 22
Hay	18 @ 19
Lard per pound	8 @ 9
Lamb per pound	4 @ 5
Mutton per pound	4 @ 6
Onions per bushel	50
Pork per pound—fresh	5½ @ 6
Potatoes per bushel	55 @ 70
Pears per bushel	1 00 @ 1 50
Squashes per hundred pound	2 50 @ 3 50
Quinces	1 50 @ 2 00
Turnips per bushel	25 @ 30
Turkeys per pound	8 @ 9
Veal per pound	4 @ 6
Wood per cord—White Pine $3½—Hurd do.	4 50 @ 5
—Oak and Walnut	5 50 @ 6 50.

BRIGHTON MARKET—Monday, Feb. 9, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

At Market—490 Beef Cattle, 900 Sheep and 340 Swine. 50 Beef Cattle and 400 Sheep unsold.

Prices—*Beef Cattle*—We quote to correspnnd with last week. Extra 5 75; first quality 5 25 @ 5 50; second $4 75 @ 5 25; third $4 @ 4 50.

Sheep—Dull. Sales at 1 67, $2, 2 50, 3 25 and 4 25.

Swine—Not in demand. No sale of lots to peddle. At retail from 4 to 6 cts.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. Mnrrill takes this opportunity to say that, one L. A. Ingalls, having represented himself as a student of this, this is to inform the public that he never had any studeots under his instruction and that he never receives any. He wishes to make this fect particularly known to those afflicted with diseases, that they may not be imposed upon by those empirics, who, in urder to obtain practice, are plessed to say that they derived their medical knuwledge from DR. MORRILL,

No. 9, Middle Street. a&p2mjan17

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Unham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets contaiuing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. And dver, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

MARRIED,

In this city, Feb. 8, by Rev Mr Potter, Mr James M. Whitcomb to Miss Elizabeth Wheeler.

In this city, Feb. 8, Mr Wm. M. Long to Mies Jane Ballou.

In this city, Feb 8, by Rev S. Curtis, Mr John A. Messer to Miss Mary J. Stacy.

In Dracutt, Jan. 17, by Rev S. Curtis, Mr Levi A. Gould to Miss Betsey E. Reed, both of this city.

In Manchester, N. H., Feb. 5, Mr Henry L. Drew to Miss Jane M. Hubbard.

DIED,

Report of Deaths in Lowell, during the week onding Febrnary 7, 1846.

Feb. 2d, Elizabeth Freeman, 25 years, puerperal fever; Margaret Megan, 34, inflammation of the bowels; 4th, Patrick Devett, 37, rupture of a blood vessel; 5th Elizabeth Sullivan, 2 months, jaundice; Nancy Barnes, 54 yeers, consumption; 6, Lydia Skinner, 87, old age.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Newton, Mr Joshua Marean, uged 81 years.

In Nashua, N. H., Jan. 31, Andrew E. Thayer, esq., a graduate at Harvard Uoiversity in the class of 1803.

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. Boise has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing departtsent again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, at his office, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of Mersh next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the assignees will render their receipts and payments on account of said insolvents' estate.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.
JOHN CURRIER, }

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846. 3tfeb12

Messenger's Notice.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Washington Warren, esquire, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of BENJAMIN F. BLOOD, of Dracutt, in said County, esquire, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivary of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Benjamin F. Bloud will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Charlestown, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Blood, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
feb12 Dep. Sheriff Messengnr.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—For COMMERCIAL Wharf.

On Saturday.

Takes no Ice or Lime.

☞ The superior fast sailing A 1 packet Ship GRANADA, Spooner, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or cabin passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken Mondys. Messrs. F. M. WELD & Co., Agents at New Orleans. f12

Gum Elastic Bands.

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or papers to be kept on file. For sale by

ja22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—MORAL AND AMUSING.

—*Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.*—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 9th, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at a ¼ to 7, and 8½. *Ten performers this week and no extra charge.*

The performance will commence with the following songs, &c.

Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
Comic duett—Charity School, Mr & Mrs Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr Bradley.

The First Part will conclude with the celebrated comic song, with new verses, (by request,) entitled the Used up Man, By Jerry Merrifield.

The entertainment will close with the beautiful and thrilling Domest Drama (first time in Lowell) called THE MAID AND MAGPIE: Or, *Who is the Thief?*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Atkins, Smith, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good ordor is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents ur guardians. feb10

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruses, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prisan.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorner.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltee, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, egent M♥ P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Straug, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its compusition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe Extornal Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Morrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The studente will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

Tuition: for common English branches	$4 00
" higher " "	$4.50
Languages,	$5 00
Extra charges—Drawing and Pointing,	$2,00
Instrumental Music,	10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A.M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [Painting.
Feb.10,1846. a2wp3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

Middlesex, ss.

PURSUANT to an order to me directed by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, in the matter of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; I herewith, in conformity to said order, given over said Master's hand this ninth day of February, A. D., 1846, give notice, that the third meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. will be held at the office of the said Master, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors of the said Nancy S. may be present and prove their claims, and the undersigned will present his account, preparatory to the making up of a dividend in said case.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb. 9, 1846. feb10

Messenger's Notice.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, February 7th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER WEBSTER, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an Insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Ebenezer Webster will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Webster, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Cheap Door-Spring.

THE attention of the public is invited to GOODYEAR'S PATENT GUM ELASTIC DOOR-SPRING, with Ames' Improved Fastenings.

Persons who have any use for a Door-Spring, are invited to see its operation on doors at the Post Office, Patriot Office, Locks and Canals Machine Shop, and Farmers' and Mechanics' Hotel.

The subscriber will have them put on doors in any part of the city required, and if upon trial they do not prove satisfactory, ☞ *the money will be refunded.*

Any wishing to obtain them, can do so by leaving their names at the Washington House.

P. JEWELL.
Feb. 7, 1846.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 18, / New No. 129. } STREET,

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Guld Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years:

Dr. D. Mowe, Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North, " Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull, " John Ayer,
George Walker, " Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmawa&poct23

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harndon & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston;
or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Nawry,	Dorry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

To go up to the city without lightering.

On Saturday.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr OSCAR, *Reed*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f12

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—from Commercial Wharf.

First Fair Wind.

The fine fast sailing packet Brig PERSEVERANCE, *Baxter*, master, is now lading, and will promptly sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. f12

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—from Commercial Wharf.

On Tuesday next.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr CORDOVA, *Freeman*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. f11

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6.35 A. M., and 12.35 and 4.45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First trains at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bretleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

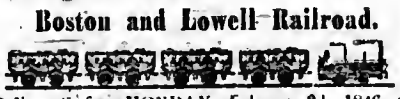
Leave Concord, vie Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coeches of Messrs. Chenoy, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Messenger's Notice.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 31st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of HEZEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hezekiah Ferrin will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ferrin and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent countorfeits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

Messrs. Adams & Hammond:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Felton streets, Boston. 3mdvjan13

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence, 4 Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Houses on Appleton street.

On MONDAY, Feb'y 16th, at 3 o'clock, p m. (on the premises), that new two story Dwelling-House, situated at the corner of Appleton and Garnet streets, with 2500 square feet of Land, a well of excellent water, for all purposes, &c. &c. Said House consists of ten conveniently arranged and neatly finished rooms, the whole substantially built of excellent lumber; and to be sold without reserve. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as a permanent loan, if desired.

For further information, enquire of Messrs Hopkleum & Ames, or the Auctioneer. The House may be examined any time previous to the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufactorers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

Office—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Mechanics' Mills at Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAML. LAWRENCE.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice; and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience. An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrotula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eriptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER.
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE descriptinn of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coaste, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,
feb5 29 Central st.

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th.

CUPID'S Head Quarters at JUDKINS', 29, Central street, where he dispenses to his votaries the most splendid Valentines and Valentine Writers in the city. Young ladies and older young ladies, old bachelors and young ones, can find couplets elegantly illustrated by Cupid himself, containing certain specific of such magical influence that they are warranted to restore the hearts of their choice, and only require asking to be theirs before the end of the month!

J. J. JUDKINS, 29, Central st.,
jan22 Agent for Cupid.

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY,
at his store, under the above rooms.
Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Rugby School.

ARNOLD'S Sermons preached in the chapel of the Rugby School, with an address before confirmation. Also, No. 39 Wiley and Putnam's Library of choice Reading, Hazlitt's Lectures on the English Poets. Just received and for sale by JUDKINS,
jan13 No. 29, Central street, Lowell.

Legal Rights of Women,

THEIR liabilities and duties—with an historical History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS,
feb5 29 Central st.

SILK PURSES,

the best assortment in Lowell, for sale low at WYMAN'S, at 13 Central st. a3d

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by diseases or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BOONYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Boonycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs. Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, and unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to resist his desire and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts thereby stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec, 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) cc. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparille, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20s&p3m.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer, and by apothecaries generally. a18A&P6m

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 75 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dyspepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,

(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce; and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.

SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "

JA'S. BICKNELL, Minister of the Gospel.

New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,

240, Delaney street, New York.

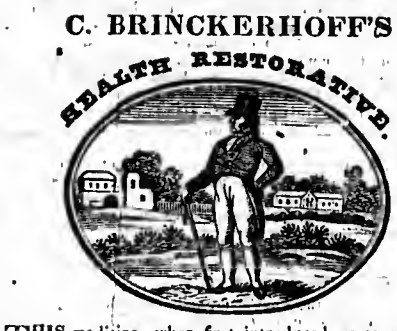
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. s&plyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid dechimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, chasing it among the mansions of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist:

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Glenson; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Eveleth* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Light and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mumps, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Down, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Glenson; Shelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Cot; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, COUNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be, the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as convulsures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. Martin's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. Aug24-1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning, thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine vendors, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money prayed for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn, to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wilfully suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shewing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET.—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjun22

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Efforts of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would have no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Cossens; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 20.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern, ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL,

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

ly nov1

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Manson's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfeov18

H. G. F. CURTISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL

Oct. 23, 1845. tdec23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

—DEALER IN—

Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS.

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a PERFECT MASTER of PRACTICAL SCIENCE, in the art of dressing the head, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

LOWELL.

nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

No. 13, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a. m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p. m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Duors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillas Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cribbets, and Parlour Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN MOUTHS, SOAP STONES, &c.

☞ Constantly for Sale at the Store recently occupied by him, on Central street, Lowell.

jan21 by

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

AND

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

M1 WILLIAM HEBARD and HON. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, ie which State he has been engaged ie the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., opposite the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept8



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall.

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of Camphene and Chemical Oil, fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wilkie & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing Ia Houses.

N. B. Settling and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Pinnes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws got in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. jan1y

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.

On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North 2½ P. M., one half hour after " " " "

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Stevenshill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls 12, M.....Portland

At about 5½, P. M.

At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

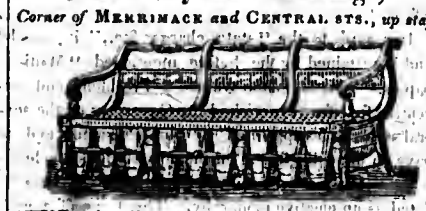
WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS, and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style, B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Paige & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of WARE

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON

of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept8tf

Sulphur-Fumo Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds, tic-doulourex*, dyspepsia &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, when all individuals wishing a consultation, respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the health, being the most cleansing and reuating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington M. D., John W. Graves, M. D., G. Kimball, M. D., H. Pillsbury, M. D., John C. Dalton, M. D., Erick P. Campbell, M. D. sep13

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs Gentlemen and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, &c., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would not respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost in the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Magazines Cheap.

I HAVE some hundreds of Graham's Magazines and Godey's Lady's Books for sale at from 8 to 12½ cts., the engravings of which are worth double the amount asked for the whole. J. JUDKINS,

jan13 29 Central Street, Lowell.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attractive of the Cross, by Rev Dr Spring; Sketches from Life, by Laman Blanchard—may all be found at the UNION BOOK-STORE, 29 Cetral st. feb5

Puritan Divine.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. 1, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton, London. Subscriptions received by J. JUDKINS,

feb5 No. 29 Central Street.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SHORT WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Bourits 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

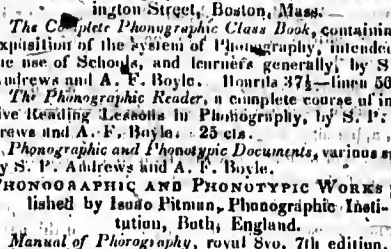
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded will pay for.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, E. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ly nov8

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in sawmill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your Agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to No. 1 W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mdvjan3

DON'T FRET. We are one of those who love a jovial, smiling face. If there is anything of which we may be prodigal, without cost or prejudice to ourselves, but with a great deal of benefit to others, it is of our smiles. Smiles are contageous, and so are their opposites, gloomy and unpleasant looks. Good heavens, reader, do try and carry a cheerful face. What if your path be beset with perplexities—don't fret.—There's no use in fretting, though you are in debt, and business is dull, and the banks won't discount, and your friends can't lend. Getting vexed with yourself and everybody else won't help the matter; no, not a bit. You may fret yourself into fiddle-strings, but you will only make yourself wretched—not cure the evil. If you jam your fingers in the crack of a door, or stumble against a pile of brick left carlessly on the side walk, or are half a minute too late for the steamboat, take it coolly; fretting won't heal the mischief. If the girl you like gives you the mitten, or you have got married and found yourself "taken in," keep cool; fretting won't bring back the one, nor make an angel of the other. If your umbrella "comes up missing" when you specially need it, or you get caught in a hail storm with your Sunday clothes on—if you want to be captain of a military company, and can't, or run at election for pound keeper, and get defeated—if your trunk is lost in travelling, or some gentlemanly pickpocket relieves you of your superfluous bank bills, take it easy; fretting may elongate your face, but won't afford any consolation for your troubles. Learn to be patient under perplexity. It is scandalous for any man, however unfortunate, to be always fidgetting and fussing—growling and grumbling. One mend-fault is worth ten find-faults, all the world over. Why, what a fever will send put himself in to-day about something which he will laugh at to-morrow, and yet perhaps the next morning, you will find the same individual in a perfect frenzy of passion about some little matter ten times more trifling. Keep cool then, and don't be needlessly worried. Remember that care once killed a cat, and it may kill you yet, if you are not careful.—"There's nothing," says a cotemporary, "like coolness; it never breaks things in its impatience. Coolness did you ever see it stumble up-stairs, or do itself a mischief? Study to be cool; ay, even if the house is on fire, or the horse runs away. Dangers retreat when coolly they're confronted."

JERRY ——, one of last year's preaching, he never laughed but three times in the pulpit, during the exercise of the Sabbath. On one of the occasions the following occurrence took place:

The pews of the church were those old fashioned square ones, so that people in different pews often sit back to back, merely separated by a low railing for a division. Now it fell out one Sabbath that two old deacons, in two contiguous pews, who filled into profound meditations, and closing their twice two eyes, had thrown their heads back until their two occupants with their long queues dangling therefrom had met together, and were quietly reposing for the benefit of the aforesaid internal meditations. There were some wicked people present, who seemingly disapproved that the two deacons were asleep, but I looked upon it as mere persecution, for the poor men sake. However, there was an unruly, depraved young man in the third pew, that occupied upon the two where the deacons were meditating, and what does this sacrilegious imp do?—Why he takes the dangling queues hastily and softly, ties them closely and firmly together. And then, as if that were not enough to send him to perdition, he takes a pin and cruelly sticks it into one of the deacons.

Well, the deacon jumped of course, like a stuck pig and the jump gave a horrid twich upon the queues of both heads.

Let go of my hair! cried deacon number one.

Let go of my hair! cried deacon number two.

'Twas now twich and twich, out and out, but the conclusion must be left to the readers imagination.

☞ A New Englander, riding in a railroad car off south, west somewhere, seemed to be particularly disposed to astonish his fellow passengers with large stories about Yankeedom. At last he mentioned that one of his neighbors, owned an immense dairy, and made a million pounds of butter and a million pounds of cheese in a year. This story produced some sensation, and the yankee perceived that his veracity was in danger of being questioned, appealed to a friend as follows:

"True, isn't it, Mr P——, I speak of Deacon Brown—you know Deacon Brown?"

"Ye-es, replied the friend, that is, yes, I know Deacon Brown, though I don't know as I ever heard precisely how many pounds of butter and cheese he makes a year, but I know he has twelve sawmills that all go by butter-milk."

LOVE BY TELEGRAPH. The Washington Bee mentions an extraordinary communication which took place recently by means of Morse's celebrated Telegraph. Woman's wit and love's disguises are proverbial, and work admirably through electro-magnetism.

A gentleman of this city, as the story runs, and a beautiful heiress in Baltimore, whom he *likes* better than himself, not caring to have their *sentiments* tumbled about in the mail and post office, have substituted one letter of the alphabet, as expressed by the telegraph, for another—wholly different from Morse's—which unintelligible, not only to the rest of the world, but to the superintendents themselves. Their messages are handed in at the telegraph office, where the superintendant plays the automaton over them, and at the opposite end, he carefully folds the long strips of paper, on which all the various letters have been accurately impressed by the telegraph machine, and sends them to the party to whom they were addressed. Thus they talk to each other any day, any hour of the day to

they choose. The other day one of these curious *love letters* fell into "old Papa's" hands, intended for his daughter. The old man is very hostile to the *connection* which he has a suspicion his daughter is bent on forming. He put on his spectacles and scrutinized the mysterious budget. Then he took them off, wiped them, and examined it again. It was all Greek to him.

"Jule," said he, "what's all this *about?*"

"That! Pa? O, that's only some paper from the telegraph office."

"Yes," said he, "I *know* its from the telegraph office, but what are all these *marks* upon it?"

"Those are made, you know," she replied, "as the paper passes through the machine."

"*They are?*" said he, very significantly. "Well, what do they mean?"

"La! now, Pa," said she, "you must think I can read Chinese;"—and she absolutely laughed the old gentleman out of countenance.

"I should just like to know," he continued, "what this reads, and I will step to the telegraph office, and get them to *translate* it."

"Do, father," said the dutiful daughter, "and please ask them why they send so much of it to me."

"They send it *to you*, do they?" said he. "Yes; yes—*I'll inquire.*"

And he did inquire, and tried in vain to find it out, the secret was as safe as silver in an iron safe.

This may be the first *private* alphabet which has been devised for carrying on a *speculation* in secret, but it will not be the last.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, Feb. 12.

SENATE. A bill was reported to incorporate the Bood Village Manufactoring Co.

The order from the House that has been slumbering on the table for some two weeks, that no orders of notice shall be issued returnable after the 20th of February next, was taken from the table, amended by fixing the day of return the 9th of March next, and it was then adopted.

The report leave to withdraw on the petition of Charles Bemis and others for a railroad from Waltham to Boston, was accepted.

The resolve providing for an emendment of the Constitution, that the State election which occurs in the same year with the election of electors of President and Vice President, shall take place on the same day, was rejected by a vote of 8 to 15.

The bill to incorporate the Concord Steam Mill Co., was discussed by several senators, and the subject of granting acts of incorporation for so small amonat as $50,000 was gone over, and without taking any vote, the bill was laid on the table.

IN THE HOUSE, petitions were presented of James Brown and others that they may be indemnified for any damage which their lands may sustain by the introduction of the water of Long Pond into the city of Boston; 300 legal voters of the city of Lowell against the petition of the Mayor of Boston for leave to bring water, &c.

Mr Denton of Boston offered an order that the committee on the Judiciary consider the expediency of repealing the insolvent laws, and providing a substitute that will secure an equitable distribution of the effects of insolvent debtors. It was adopted.

Bills to incorporate the Tremont Gas Light Co., the Leicester Water Power Co., to increase the capital of the Hamilton Woolen Co., and authorizing Darius Weeks to build a wharf, were severally passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

IN CONVENTION—Robert Campbell, of Pittsfield, and James Russell, of West Cambridge, were chosen directors of the Western Railroad.

Friday, Feb. 13.

SENATE. Bills were reported to increase the capital of the Globe Steam Mills to an amount not to exceed $400,000, and to incorporate the Forest River [illegible] and continued on the subject to consider the expediency of further legislation in relation to corporations, making it necessary for them to pay in a certain amount of capital before going into operation.

The consideration of the bill to incorporate the Coastwise Steam Mill Co. for sawing lumber, &c. with a capital of $50,000, was resumed, and after a discussion in which ten Senators participated, and the propriety of granting acts of incorporations of a nature like the one under discussion, and for so small an amount as $50,000, had been gone over, the bill was rejected by a vote of 15 yeas to 16 nays.

HOUSE. Daniel Wilson and others of Billerica remonstrated against the petition of the City of Boston for water.

Ordered that the Probate and Chancery Committee consider if any and what further provisions are necessary to protect *bona fide* purchasers at auction sales by Executors Administrators and Guardians against suits by heirs and others, &c.

The Senate bill concerning the transfer of shares in Manufacturing Corporations, was passed to be engrossed.

The reports leave to withdraw on the petition of John B. Alley and others, and inexpedient to legislate on the conditional assignment of dower, were accepted, the former in concurrence.

☞ Hon. Richard M. Johnson of Kentucky, the storied veteran, in a late letter to a democratic meeting in New York, says:—

"In the event of a war with Great Britain, if Heaven should smile on us, as in the struggles of '76 and 1812, we now have the power and the means, with a rapidly growing population of twenty million of people, to settle this question of territorial strife forever, so far as this Continent is concerned; and our duty will be obvious. We do not want any part or parcel of her European possessions, her homestead, nor any portion of her possessions in Asia, Africa, the East and West Indies or elsewhere in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans—although she holds them as colonies, in vassalage and oppression—but we want peace at home, and we must have it; and, true to ourselves as we shall be, that Almighty Power in whom we have put our trust heretofore, will give it to us. All my feelings do it then, are averse to war, my experience in the servitude of our common country, and the tented field, during the war of 1812, have confirmed and strengthened those feelings."

PASSAGE OF THE OREGON RESOLVES. The following are the amended resolves authorizing the notice to Great Britain, as they were passed to be engrossed by the House of congress on Monday, by a majority of over ONE HUNDRED:—

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States cause notice to be given to the government of Great Britain, that the convention between the United States of America and Great Britain, concerning the territory on the northwest coast of America, west of the Stony Mountains, of the 6th of August, 1827, signed at London, shall be annulled and abrogated twelve months after giving said notice.

2. And be it further Resolved, That nothing herein contained is intended to interfere with the right and discretion of the proper authorities of the two contracting parties to renew or pursue negotiations for an amicable settlement of the controversy respecting the Oregon territory."

They passed, yeas 163, nays 54.

☞ "What's the price of this silk?" inquired a deaf old lady of a young shopman.

"Seven shillings!" was the reply.

"Seventeen shillings!" exclaimed she; "I'll give you thirteen."

"Seven shillings, ma'm, is the price of the silk," replied the honest draper.

"Oh! seven shillings," the lady sharply retorted, "I'll give you five."

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 14, 1846.

OREGON.

We propose to consider the aspect of our relations with Great Britain and the chances of war. It cannot be denied that there is a strong apprehension in the public mind in both countries, that we are rapidly approaching a state of mutual hostility, if not open combat. The ostensible cause of our difficulties is the Oregon controversy. The United States claim the whole of the territory west of the Stony Mountains, between the Mexican and Russian possessions. This claim Great Britain resists; and asserts that no one nation has any right to Oregon to the exclusion of any other. That this territory is not properly subject to the jurisdiction of any existing government, but that each independent State has a right to make settlements and establish colonies in that region. This doctrine the United States refuse to recognize. It is generally supposed that Great Britain claims some portion of the territory as her just and exclusive property; but it will be seen by a reference to the correspondence that she boldly *discloims* all exclusive title. Nor is it easy to discover the precise origin and nature of her claim.—Mr Gallatin, when minister to England, was unable to define the British position, and so informed our government: and Mr Buchanan seems not to have relieved his mind from all uncertainty on this point. At one time the British government referred to ancient discoveries as affording some ground of title, and then all discoveries—English, Spanish, and American—are rejected, as entirely irrelevant to the question; hence we learn nothing definite but this:—*England is determined to secure Oregon for herself!* She has not been anxious to establish an indisputable title to the territory, apparently long since satisfied that the doctrine of *might* will be more powerful than that of *right*. The tenor of the whole correspondence leads to one conclusion—England will neither make nor accept any proposition compatible with the rights or honor of this nation. *If the United States ever possess the territory between the Columbia river and the forty ninth parallel, it must be acquired by the sword!* England will not engage in war for the maintenance of any title in which she has confidence, nor for the extention of her territory; the first she has not, and the letter she will not seek at the expense of a contest with America. There is one object, however, for which she will engage in war with any nation on the globe—*her maritime supremacy.* Whenever the United States shall have acquired the territory south of the 49th parallel, their ultimate superiority is rendered certain. They will monopolize the whole trade of the east, and become the commercial depot of the world. This Great Britain fears, and hence she will resist every attempt we may make to secure a peaceful and honorable adjustment of the controversy. Hence, we say, that the conclusion will be gradually forced upon the American people, that they must either maintain their right to Oregon by the means in their power, or consent to disgraceful abandonment of their claim. And it should also be remembered that this disgrace will be mingled with the certainty that we can never compete with England upon the ocean. As the present generation is now enjoying so largely the benefits of the [illegible] ready to make comparatively small sacrifices for the future glory and prosperity of the country.

And it is not improbable that the continental states of Europe will unite with England in the contest.—The last ten years have given birth to a singular sympathy between nations which for centuries have been hostile to each other. The history of Russia, England, France and Spain, furnishes positive evidence upon this point. Neither national feeling nor personal friendship among the rulers has done this. "Coming events cast their shadows before," and they anticipate the time when a struggle will be made for the establishment of republican principles in France and England, from whence they will early and rapidly spread thro all Europe. A war must come between the few and the many. If it come now it will be between Europe and America; if it be postponed a few years, it will be between the monarchs and their subjects. This is the fearful bond which unites the European States; and hence Great Britain now says that she claims no right in Oregon to the exclusion of *any other power*. How say, then, for Russia, France, and any nation which is willing to be a party to the alliance, to make the same claim that England makes.

There are already indications that France is about to do this. Those who remember the strength of that fear which produced the mighty alliance against France and overthrew Napoleon at Waterloo, can easily imagine that a danger equally imminent will not be neglected. "Carthage must be destroyed," was the Roman motto, and Europe will adopt a similar one.

The course of France upon the Texas question manifested her coldness, if not hostility towards her ancient ally; while the late speech of the French King is an indication of his friendly feeling for Great Britain.

We are aware that the idea of war is ridiculed by men who have good opportunities of judging; and was the dispute *about territory*, we should not trouble ourselves to dispute with them. But it is apparent that the difficulty is deeper and more permanent. England is now the mistress of the world; but the possession of good harbors upon the Pacific, secures the ultimate ascendency of the United States. If Great Britain will not resist a claim which is so disastrous to her prospects and plans, there is nothing which can rouse her to action. Her manufacturers, merchants, and landholders, are alike interested in the question.

With Oregon we secure the whole China and East India trade to our merchants and manufacturers, and slint the merchants of England within Cape Horn and Cape Good Hope. Who does not see that the continued greatness of England depends upon her supremacy in the East Indies? And that her downfall there will be speedily followed by embarrassment among her manufacturers at home? Now these results inevitably follow the possession of Oregon by the United States. On the other hand, America will make giant strides towards maritime supremacy. With this comes a rich harvest to our manufacturers, who will supply half the population of the world. The question to New England is infinitely beyond all tariff and currency controversies, and as such, should unite us in support of the rights of the nation.

The editor of the "Yankee Blade" having recently got married, is said to be *double-bladed* and several of his brother editors are making quite a *handle* of the circumstance.

FEDERALISM AGAIN.

The Courier seems better qualified to shock by rudeness and silence by violence, than to convince by reasoning or fairness.

In an article on Saturday last, in reply to "a correspondent of the Lowell Advertiser" who charges Mr Hamilton with having opposed the present Constitution, it says:

"Now we will undertake to prove that Thomas Jefferson was opposed to the Declaration of Independence, just as clearly and satisfactorily as the writer in the Advertiser, or any body else, can prove that Mr Hamilton was opposed to the Federal Constitution."

"It is true that Mr Jefferson affixed his signature to the Declaration, but so too did Mr Hamilton affix his signature to the Federal Constitution. Mr Jefferson was Chairman of the Committee appointed to draught the Declaration, and Mr Hamilton wrote the larger portion of the Federalist."

"But we are told that Mr Hamilton was opposed to certain features contained in the Constitution. It was not all that he wished it to be. Neither was the Declaration of Independence, as it passed the Congress, in all respects as Mr Jefferson desired. Every body knows that very material alterations and amendments were made to the instrument, after Mr Jefferson reported it. Differing as he did, on some points, from a majority of Congress, we have a right to assert that he was opposed to the Declaration as it finally passed, for it was *not* the Declaration which *he* recommended."

Can the Courier see no difference between Mr Jefferson's opposition to amendments to a Declaration he himself had written and Mr Hamilton's "*dislike* (to quote his own words) *to the whole scheme of Government.*" Mr Jefferson *never* said the Declaration of Independence as a whole did not meet his views. Mr Hamilton *did* oppose the Constitution as a whole; by the "masterly inactivity" of absence, during two months of the session of the Convention, by speeches and by the formal, written, draft of a Constitution almost diametrically opposed to the present one. Mr Jefferson never signed his name to the Declaration as a something "better than nothing"—as a choice of evils. Hamilton put his name to the Constitution for precisely this reason, else Madison and Yates are falsifiers.

In regard to the "state charge &c.," it can be and is sustained by the before mentioned "Madison papers." Mr Hamilton wanted a President and executive for life. He wished the Governors of the several states to be appointed by the President, and to have an unqualified veto on the acts of the state legislature. He wanted in fact a government as consolidated as an elective monarchy. The form of a government drafted by him would be an *incarnation* of Federalism.

Mr Hamilton was in 1787 but 30 years of age; if in maturer years he changed his views, he was simply inconsistent;—and could he have looked to the future for a *precedent*, (to use an Irishism) he would have found himself in right honorable company.

The abusive part of the article requires no answer.

☞ Hon. Abbott Lawrence says, "where are the wages for labor, I ask, lower than they were in 1842?" Before the passage of the tariff of '42 the cry was, give us a tariff, and laborers shall have "two dollars a day and roast beef." The tariff passed, and the tune is changed to—where are the wages lower than in 1842?—the time when Abbott Lawrence says "the [illegible] kinds of business became so oppressive, England were closed, the operatives dismissed, the mechanical trades were still, and every resource for the laboring man seemed dried up."

"Ought not manufacturing laborers to be thankful if *permitted* to receive as great wages as in "these days of ruin?" Visions of "two dollars a day and roast beef," avaunt!

PATRIOTISM. Fifteen hundred applications have been made for the offices in the two mounted regiments, which Congess has passed a law to raise. It is an undeniable fact that officers could be promptly obtained for an army of 500,000 men. We have seen folks who would rather *command*, than *serve*, rather *lead* than *follow*, except when there is danger!

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE. Joseph Heil, Jr., a native of Boston, aged 25, committed suicide at 70 Greenwich street, New York, on Thursday, by blowing his brains out with a pistol. He left a letter to a friend, stating that disappointment had rendered him weary of life, and begged that the doctors might not be allowed to get hold of his body.

ADVERTISING. Ninety-nine out of every hundred of the fortunes who have been amassed within the space of a very few years, in regular business pursuits, may be ascribed to the power of the press. It is the means of disseminating information throughout the country, and attracting customers from all quarters.

WHAT A QUESTION! The *True Wesleyan*, alluding to the duel between Webb of the N. Y. Courier and Marshall of Kentucky, after remarking that the former got shot in the *calf*, very innocently inquires if he "could have been shot any where else?"

THE CABINET. The Washington Union denies emphatically that there is any division in the cabinet, on the Oregon or any other of the leading questions of the day. It says they are harmonious and united in behalf of the President's message and his views."

A petition was recently presented in the Ohio legislature from John Teel, of Jackson county, praying that George Rodeugh *be divorced from his wife*, and that *she be given to the petitioner*, in pursuance of a previous contract of marriage.

APPLES AND PRINTER'S TYPES. "Say, Sam Jonsing, you're a literatum nigga, answer me dis: Why am apples like printer's types?" "I give dat up." "Ah, you uncomlightened black man; its because the're often *pie*. "Yah, yah, yah!"

☞ "The last acts of an expiring parliament, are always directed to popular objects." "Yes," said Sir Philip Francis, as a fellow on the *scaffold* makes a present of his nightcap to the hangman."

COMPLIMENT TO GEN. WOLF BY GEORGE THE SECOND. Some one said in the presence of this monarch that Wolfe was mad. "Then," said he, "I wish he would bite one of the rest of my generals."

☞ An ominous writer said "Hope is the last thing that dieth in man." Are we to understand by this, that the Whig of Louisiana are now totally defunct?

ECONOMY. Pie boots, neatly scraped, are recommended as an excellent substitute for tortoise-shell combs.

FROM WASHINGTON. The House on Tuesday passed the fortification bill with an amendment appropriating $300,000 for the armament of posts. The whole bill appropriates $1,5000,000. East of New York the appropriations are, for

Fort Adams, Newport, R. I.	15,000
Fort Warren, Boston	40,000
Governor's Island, Boston harbor	20,000
Fort McClearly, Portsmouth	6,000
Fort Scammel, Portland	25,000
Fort Preble, Portland	10,000
Narrows of Penobscot river, near Bucksport	35,000

The custom house bill, limiting the salaries of collectors and navel officers, was reported from the committee on enrolled bills, signed by the speaker, and afterwards by the president of the Senate. The revolutionary pension bill also passed.

MEXICO—*Mr Slidell.* The Washington Union of Tuesday says:—

"Letters were received last night in this city by special conveyance from Mexico and Vera Cruz. The letters from the city of Mexico are to the 14th January at which time Mr Slidell was in the city, but was expected to arrive at Jelapa on the 17th. He had obtained an escort to that place. Not the slightest insult had been offered him. He had not been received by the government in his official capacity—neither had they declined his reception.

It was said and believed, in Mexico, that Gen. Arista had published a *pronunciamento* against Paredes, and that he was in San Luis de Potosi, or on the advance to that place, at the head of 8,000 troops, on his march to the capital. Difficulties were gathering around the new president of the republic. Yucatan had raised her independent national flag, and Tobasco was about following her example. Californ was almost independent. These were the reports which prevailed when the last vessel left Vera Cruz, but they are in some respects irreconcileable with the accounts which were last received from Corpus Christi.

A letter dated Mexico, Jan. 17, says—

The cause of Mr Slidell's not having been recognized by the Mexican government was that, instead of coming as an American minister, invested with full powers for the arrangement of the Texan question, he come as plenipotentiary.

☞ The leading article in our paper to-day, upon Oregon, written by one of the soundest men in the State, who has devoted much labor and time to the investigation of this subject in all its bearings, we commend to the careful perusal of our readers. We deprecate war as much as any one can, but infinitely prefer to meet the question in that aspect, than to surrender, disgracefully, our vitally important rights on the banks of the Pacific; and any settlement that does, must not only disgrace this nation in the eyes of the world, but leaves it in the pitiable position of paying for being disgraced, far, far more than the cost of maintaining our rights and honor.

Still we can but believe the question will be amicably adjusted—England, notwithstanding the sceptre of "maritime power" passes from her forever if she acknowledges our rights, will never contest them at the "cannon's mouth," knowing what must be the final result. War gives us the whole of Oregon, whatever may be the result of a peaceful settlement. She has nothing to gain, but everything to lose, in such an event.

We specially invite the whig croakers for "arbitration" to that portion of the article relating to the probability of the Continental States of Europe uniting with England in the event of a war with the United States.

THE EMIGRANT SPIRIT OF AMERICANS. The Hon. John Wentworth of Illinois, himself an emigrant to that State from New Hampshire, in a late speech thus aptly hits off the emigrating spirit of Americans:

"He had a friend in Ohio, and as long ago as it was on the frontier. His half brother, living and moving away from the inroads of society, until he had reached the banks of the Mississippi, and was about to move again. He asked him his reason. He said it was the dying advice of his father, "to keep twenty miles beyond law and calomel, and a doctor and lawyer were within fifteen miles, and he thought it time to go."

☞ Our neighbor of the Courier is groaning over the prospect of a war, and whining because our government refused to leave the Oregon dispute out to *honest arbitrators*. Will he tell us where we could find *honest arbitrators*? That's the rub.

GOOD OYSTERS AND FIERCE. Mr A. B. French, "right opposite" our office, having engaged the services of Mr. ABEL LEONARD, (formerly of Farnsworth's Restorator,) is now prepared to tickle the palates of the best judges of good living. Abel knows exactly how to season an oyster.

THE ROGERS FAMILY have been this week singing in Boston. We hope they will come to Lowell again.

VERY PROPER. A correspondent of the Westfield News Letter says, that "a minority of the Rev. Dr. ——'s church having requested him to ask a dismission, he entered his pulpit the following Sunday, and taking for his text, '*I will not leave thee, nor forsake thee!*' gave them just such a lecture as they specially needed."

SARCASTIC. In a lecture at Syracuse, Rev. [illegible] N. Maffit placed Mormonism, Mesmerism and Phrenology in the same category, and wished, if there was any powar in Mesmerism, all these classes might be put into an eternal sleep. [Western State Journal.

HEARTLESS. "Elizabeth, I should say you were without heart, by the way you treat the Miss Browns."

"I can't help that, mother. Bill Jones stole my heart more than six months ago, and I mean he shall keep it too."

An extensive cotton factory was burnt on Sunday night, in Ashburnham, owned and occupied by George Blackburn and others, of this city. The stock, building, and machinery were totally destroyed. Insured. [Atlas.

☞ The London Examiner of the 27 ult says—"The greatest bustle prevails in our docks and naval yards."

If it be greater than some of the *bustles* which prevail here, we should be astonished.

☞ It looks bad to see a man borrowing his neighbor's newspaper because he is too stingy to take one himself.

AN INNAINDATION. A printer's money, says the Alton *Democratic Union*, may commonly be found secretly stowed away in his subscribers' pockets.

LEVEE BY THE CITY GUARDS. The City Guards will give a grand Levee, at City Hall, next Thursday evening.

"What are schools of whales for, sonny?" "To learn to spout, Neddy!"

The "Maryland Calico Print Works" turn out 24,000 yards of printed goods daily.

LOWELL MUSEUM. Continued success crowns the efforts of the manager, and it is really a pleasure to visit this well conducted establishment. Every week brings something new. We were present last evening to witness the celebrated drama of the "Maid & Magpie," which passed off with much eclat. Mr Gerald, the "old farmer" was admirably performed by Mr Wyatt, whose merits have been frequently the theme of just eulogy. Miss St. Clair's personation of Annette was exquisitely true and pathetic. We have never before seen her sustain her part in any character so well. In the second and last act from the missing of the silver spoon to the fall of the curtain, she wholly surpassed our expectations. All the other parts were sustained with admirable effect. There will be two performances of this celebrated drama, this evening, for the last time in Lowell.

☞ The question of "notice" was taken up in the Senate on Tuesday last, and is now occupying the attention of that body. Mr Allen opened the discussion in a very able speech. We hope no time will be lost in getting it through—the country is ripe to hear such news.

BALL, by the Lowell Brass Band, next Monday evening. Don't forget.

☞ The article we publish on "Federalism" has been delayed several days for want of room.

☞ It is easier to bring up a dozen children aright, than to reform one grown blockhead.

VETOED—the petition to run a steam engine in Belvidere.

A CARD.

The undersigned takes this opportunity to acknowledge her deep sense of gratitude to those individuals to whose timely assistance she is indebted for the rescue of her family and property from the recent fire. Also for their very liberal donations.

Feb'y, 1846. MARY MORGAN.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Ointment, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, whether bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "student" of mine. As I did, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impressions, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books; he knows nothing of my remedies; and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

Dr MORRILL, M. D.
No. 9, Middle street.
6wa&pfeb14

MARRIED,

man Holt to Miss Maria M. Philbrook, both of this city.

Notice.

THE Maangers of the "Annual Washington Assemblies," are requested to meet at Mechanics' Hall, THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

feb14 C. G. GILES, Chairman.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37, -- Central Street -- 37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c. for LUNCH constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 37.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

JUST PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE,

GREAT MEDICAL REPRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS;

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With engraving of the Author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and faithful description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Healthy Method* of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Care of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary Physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAML. KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allen & Goode; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers.

6wa&pfeb14

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be held at the office of the Hon. Joshua G. Abbott, in Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master.

I. DINSMOOR, Assignee.

Lowell, Feb'y 12, 1846. feb14

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, Feb. 11.

In the SENATE, Mr Cass presented a joint resolution of the legislature of Michigan, declaring our title to all Oregon to be clear and unquestionable, and that the American continent was not subject to colonization by any European power.

The Senate then proceeded to the special order, being the joint resolutions relative to Oregon, when Mr Allen resumed his speech in favor of them to a chamber full of spectators, including many ladies. He said that England, when at war with all the powers of Europe, raised sixty-four millions by taxes; and now after thirty years of peace, and no intervening war but of plunder and profit, as with China, she had to raise by tax, fifty-one millions. The whole amount of British exports is fifty-two millions at this time—only one million more than the amount of taxes. He commented too, on her colonial weakness, and concluded that the dread of British power was a delusion.

Mr Clayton next obtained the floor, on the other side, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. Mr King, of Georgia, wanted to state the reasons why he did not vote on Monday on the Oregon resolutions.

Mr Rathbun, of New York, objected—but the Chair decided that Mr King could proceed.

Mr Houston appealed from this decision, and on a vote of the House the Chair was sustained in its decision.

Mr King then stated that *part* of the official correspondence had been *suppressed* by the President, which he (Mr. K.) held to be wrong, and this it was that caused him to refrain from voting, as he could not, under the circumstances in which the suppression of part of the official documents had placed him, vote understandingly.

The House then went into committee of the whole, and the bill making appropriations for the payment of pensions was then taken up.

☞ The case between the Freewill Baptist Church, and the creditors to the Freewill Baptist society, involving the title to the Meeting House itself, has been decided in favor of the creditors. The decision is final.

SANTA ANNA *is about to return to Mexico!*—So it is confidently stated in a letter from Havana, dated Jan. 28.

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—MORAL AND AMUSING.

—*Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.*—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 9th, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8½. *Ten performers this week and no extra charge.*

The performance will commence with the following songs, &c.

Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
Comic duett—Charity School, Mr & Mrs Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr Bradley.

The First Part will conclude with the celebrated comic song, with new verses, (by request,) entitled the Used up Man, By Jerry Merrifield.

The entertainment will close with the beautiful and thrilling Domest Drama (first time in Lowell) called

THE MAID AND MAGPIE; Or, *Who is the Thief?*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Cross, Tenney, Atkins, Smith, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb10

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in General Court assembled:

RESPECTFULLY represent your petitioners, that they are inhabitants of that part of Dracut, in the county of Middlesex, which is known by the name of Centralville. That their business, feelings and interests connect them much more nearly with the city of Lowell than with the town of Dracut; that many of them do business in Lowell, and all of them are almost wholly dependant on that city for their prosperity; that Centralville is separated from the heart of the city of Lowell only by the Merrimack river, and is very intimately connected with the city; that the remotest part of Centralville is not more than half a mile distant from the City Hall, the Court House and the Post Office of Lowell.

WHEREFORE, as a matter of public and private convenience, your petitioners pray that said Centralville, which is now a part of said Dracut, and contains two hundred and three hundred acres of land, may be set off from said Dracut, and be annexed to and become a part of the city of Lowell in said county. To wit—Beginning at a point at the head of the Merrimack river, on the line which separates the city of Lowell from Tewksbury, thence running North 17° 30' East to a hemlock tree on the North bank of said river; thence running North 8° 15' West sixty-seven chains and fifty links; thence running North 35° West seventy-five chains nearly, till it reaches the thread of said Merrimack river below Pawtucket Falls; thence turning and running Easterly following the thread of said river to the point of beginning. (Signed.)

JOSEPH BRADLEY and others.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In Senate, February 10, 1846.

On the petition aforesaid, ORDERED, That the petitioners cause an attested copy of their petition, with this order thereon, to be served on the Town Clerk of the town of Dracut, and the City Clerk of the city of Lowell, five days at least before the 23d day of February current, and to be published three times in the Lowell Daily Courier and Lowell Advertiser, newspapers printed in the city of Lowell, the last publication to be three days at least before the 23d day of February current, that all persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, That the petitioners give notice to the inhabitants of said Dracut, by causing an attested copy of said petition, with this order thereon, to be posted up in the public houses in said Dracut, seven days at least before the 23d day of February current.

Sent down for concurrence.

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Feb. 11, 1846.

A true copy. Attest:

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

f14 CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of Senate.

Wanted.

4 COATmakers, 4 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given. None but first rate need apply at 88, Central st.

feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, February 10, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of STEPHEN LANIGAN, of Billerica, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of and property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Lanigan will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, 33 Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors may prove their debts and choose an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Lanigan, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Gum Elastic Beads.

A NEW and desirable article for securing bibs or aprons to be worn by children. For sale by

JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN. And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stratton's External Remedy called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Rascoe, Editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Carmichle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson L. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stratton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1yn&pdne16

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOSSE has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from *usual* prices that they were appraised inbrad to them.

BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. (feb12) B. & B.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber has *positively* no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles, yet on hand for Winter Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods there on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
ja31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Ancient Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 140.

Tuition, for Common English branches, $4.00
" " higher, $4.50
" Language, $5.00
Extra charge—Drawing and Painting, $2.00
" " Instrumental Music, 10.00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A. M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [*Painting.*
Feb. 10, 1846 (2m)

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for *removing* obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

DR. P. MORRILL.

aug 16—1y

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, at his office on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the assignees will render their accounts and payments on account of said insolvent estate.

Per order of said Master in Chancery,

JOHN MEAD,
JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846. 3feb12

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PURSUANT to an order to me directed by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, living and for said County of Middlesex, in the matter of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor, I hereby, in conformity to said order, give notice that a warrant has been issued to me against the estate of said debtor, bearing date the ninth day of February, A. D. 1846, and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. will be held at the office of the said Master, in Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors of the said Nancy S. may be present and prove their claims, and the undersigned will present his account, preparatory to the making up of a dividend of said estate.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Feb. 9, 1846. feb10

BEECHER'S LECTURES to young men, on various important subjects, second edition. Just rec'd at 29 Central St.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'s Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 50, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool, Dublin, Cork,
Waterford, Drogheda, Belfast,
Dundalk, Newry, Derry,
Coleraine.

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA,
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA,
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accomodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. herein specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes bed money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at may Bank in, England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3jan17

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISION OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gerham A. Warth, Esq.
James Buchanan, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.,
ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M.D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the occurrence of *casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide, amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy Commenced	Paid up to 1845	Bonus Added	Present Value of Policy	Sum to be Assured
£1000	$24 68	1827	$ 52 32	$386 26	$ 60 93	$1927 79
500	370 34	1832	220 52	321 98	19 08	1230 56
		1839	564 00	376 47	37 98	1383 35

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for investing the Society's funds in this country, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the Society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

f14dawsoodec15

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Fair Wind.

The fine fast sailing packet Brig PERRY VERANCE, Baxter, master, is now loading, and will promptly sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial, wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. f13

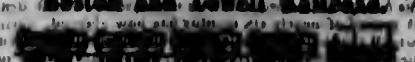
Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Tuesday next.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr COR-DOVA, Freeman, master, now loading. Will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. f13

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M., 1½, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

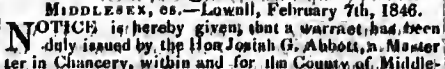
Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, *for 12½ cents.*

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent.

jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1.00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2.00—2d Class, $1.50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, February 7th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER WEBSTER, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Ebenezer Webster will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Webster, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Jan. 31st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of HEZEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hezekiah Ferrin will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ferrin and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
feb10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, that so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE D. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv15jan20

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H. January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents:—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell though a door a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burst out. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the notes of the banks warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth $5,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very respectfully,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mdvjan12

Local Letterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches." For sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29 Central Street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 68 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs Curled and straight. Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no stock but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for Hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

F. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 31, 1845. jan31

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant, Office No. 1, Commercial Square.

House on Appleton street.

On MONDAY, Feby 16th, at 2 o'clock, p. m. (on the premises,) that new two story Dwelling House, situated at the corner of Appleton and Gorham streets, with 2500 square feet of land, a well of excellent water, for all purposes, &c. &c. Said House contains ten conveniently arranged and neatly finished rooms, the whole substantially built of excellent lumber, and to be sold without reserve. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as a permanent loan, if desired.

For further information, enquire of Messrs. Hopkinson & Ames, or the Auctioneer. The House may be examined any time previous to the sale.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

By E. B. Patch,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Mechanics' Mills to Auction.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of February, all the Buildings known as the above, to be removed from the 15th March to the 1st April. Terms of payment easy. Apply to Messrs Brooks & Fiske, on the premises, or to SAMP. LAWRENCE.

N. B. The buildings included in the above are the Sattinet Mill, Lock Machine, and Carpenters' Shops, Counting-rooms, Sheds and other buildings, in all some ten or twelve; to be sold without the least reserve, as the land must be cleared.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality, they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure for cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c. has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be emulated has erroyed against them the antagonist efforts of those who seek to pass off inferior medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to pass off any other (as good,) specifics by means of specious and seductive and deceptive titles. *SUGAR COATED PILLS* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than a agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills" which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—but it is necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title, (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which form the unequivocal and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent, and have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of this medicine, where it has been placed by the grateful hands who owe their continuance of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fevers, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammation of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, bowels, kidneys and bladder; pains in the stomach, heart and sides; consumption, dropsy of the head or the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, mercury and syphilis; cancer, tetter, ring worm, salt rheum; sick headache, rheumatism both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; dyspepsia, apoplexy and paralysis; dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart; ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success. They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The powder of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the pores, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative means presented by nature, are salutive, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth, both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the more benignant temperature of the Southern climates. Accustomed, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marshes and on the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant care, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquirements. How does this happen? Simply because, barred of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the products of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of diseases sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. And, those who, improving through the goodness of Divine Providence, and aware of the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will show that every wish has been bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a remedy for all the ills of life.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of maladies. This mixture powers renders these pills the most highly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cause a full of affording relief, if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely trusted in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and surprising cures. They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should be the sufferers from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by those in search of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills. Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS,
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, E. D. BEAVER.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 288 Bowery, New York.

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Nervousness, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c., are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of rendering the nerves sensitive to *Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence on the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great if not of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been received during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

Mr. JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st. New York has been afflicted from childhood with Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and knees. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint, called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sensitive nerves. At times, no human being can have endured more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs. MARY BOWDOIN-TAYLOR, widow of the late Prof. Bowdoin-tayle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs. Shepard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Consumption and Fits.

DR. A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir,—I feel it a duty to state, for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, so applied to the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 3 years. He had often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screaming, at the same time, choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means and confidence and your remedies *as is now quite apparent*, I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent. I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 1, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ The Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 109 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits almost from his infancy. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system having been weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. John F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others of the ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs. WALTON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 5 Bond st., New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has been subject.—Relief attended after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Paralysis of the Heart.

☞ The following card relates to a Clergyman, son of the late Mr. John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN CHARLES, Minister of the Episcopalian Church at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing spasms of the Epilepsy, often filling down in almost one hour, and has been accompanied with violent palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For seven years he has been unable to preach more than once or twice. Mr Bristol has found the same remedies benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, as he has every reason to expect that he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatism and Gout.

☞ Dr. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir,—After the trial of almost everything without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic Remedies. If I am not mistaken in the subscription stated very positively relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, by its handling, together with general nervous debility of the system.

Respectfully yours,
MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

The following is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Major Noah.—The above case is personally known to me, and all we see has brought them true. It is a happy result, which I have witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a more or less fortunate and successful.

I am truly and respectfully yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of several first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt. Andrew V. V. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 70 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and loss of sight accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as cupping, bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street. He was carried home in a state of Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that in passing of his urine was apparently deficient, and on examination the physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was then unable to walk without assistance; he could neither read nor count money if alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes then procured for the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for the purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the invalid, a pair of Bands for the ankles, and one bottle of the Fluid. In perhaps four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perceptible improvement. *The first days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three months he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb5&4ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir: I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with these complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 78 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20u&cp3m.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Ladies Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Otter, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'a Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer, and by apothecaries generally. n19A&ly

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 30 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Sands's Sarsaparilla.

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THIS valuable Medicine is now used and universally approved by the most distinguished of the Medical Profession throughout our country, and, by its intrinsic medical value, the public generally, (but the afflicted particularly,) have been made acquainted with its usefulness, in the removal and cure of diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other ingredients, all of which are held in the highest estimation by the most distinguished physicians for the removal and permanent cure of the following and similar maladies:

As a mild aperient, antiseptic and tonic, it contains the three most useful properties of medicine. It purges, purifies and restores. Scorfula, Cancer, Leprosy, all Ulcers and Scrofulous Sores, all Diseases of the Skin, and all internal disorders not organic, but springing from a diseased circulation, give way before its hygeian influence.

The following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medicinal value of the Sarsaparilla:

S. Orleans, Mass., Nov. 26, 1844.

Messrs. Sands: With feelings of the most lively gratitude I wish to express to you, and through you to the world, an account of unexpected and almost despaired-of recovery, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For the past ten years I was afflicted with the liver complaint, dispepsia, and disease of the spine, and have suffered beyond the power of language to describe. Physicians prescribed in vain, and the remedies used seemed only to increase my sufferings. In 1843 I was attacked with erysipelas, which reduced me very low; as it passed off, ulcers of the most painful description came out on my face and neck; I lost the entire use of my limbs, and there was literally no rest for me by night or by day. In this tried situation I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and what it had done for others similarly afflicted with myself. I purchased one bottle, and found immediate relief by its use. I then used five more and was entirely relieved. My feelings are such as I cannot describe. I scarcely know myself—so great the change. I am like a new creature. This much I feel it a privilege to testify to. My present health is due under God to your instrumentality, and may the same providence that directed me to your aid make you the happy instrument of blessing others as diseased and despairing as I was. Your very grateful friend,

ESTHER F. PEARCE,
(wife of Uriah L. Pearce.)

Commonwealth of Mass. Barnstable, ss.: Nov. 27, 1844. We certify that the foregoing is the statement of Mrs. Pearce, and we are confident that every word is true. JOHN REINSICK, Justice of the Peace.
SAM'L. ELDRIDGE, " " "
JA'S. BIONNELL, Minister of the Gospel.
New York, April 22, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling it a duty due to you and to the community at large, I send you this certificate of the all-healing virtues of your Sarsaparilla, that others who are now suffering may have their confidence established and use your medicine without delay.

I was troubled with a severe ulcer on my ankle, which extended half way up to the knee, discharging very offensive matter—itching, burning, and depriving me often of my rest at night, and very painful to bear.

I was recommended to use your Sarsaparilla by Mr. James M'Connell, who had been cured by it, and after using five bottles I was completely cured.

I have delayed sending you this certificate for one year since the cure was effected, in order to ascertain with certainty whether it was a permanent cure, and it now gives me the greatest pleasure to add that I have neither seen nor felt the slightest re-appearance of it, and that I am entirely well. Yours very truly,

SARAH M'INTYER,
240, Delancy street, New York.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid dechaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 4 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover, So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan20

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Hewes Everit* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him, [sent] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bradley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.—Leaflets of Memory—Bowditch Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miscellaneous Works suitable for Presents. Among them are Mrs. Howitt's Book of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, plainness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES.

Are a safe and certain remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Manie, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Ducsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. at., John Down, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig; Augustus L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cohleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrer; Stows, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittereedge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Perrin; Woburn, H. H. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford, Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jone6i

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, in the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effectic schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be, the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, liver, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drinks and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmaceopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people or the influences of literary incompety.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, besides diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases of every kind of which such as consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitos dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell. n

☞ The business relation, heretofore existing between Dr. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug6—1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose horrid and nauseating advertisements, unjustly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proves for them,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr. Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*, which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES!

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering. They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratifications. If any of those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of retaining strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and factitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr. Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, and the agency of their unmanned medicines, instead of restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr. Peters would say, that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills;" than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived—unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at *Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass.*, or at their Agency office, No 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aly5

LOOK! LOOK!!
TO THE AFFLICTED.
DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,
AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Diseased Glandulas Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Disease from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and if they warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct16

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Children's Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of worms in children, is SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to affect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the consequent improvement in their health, that they would not be without, but would pay ten times its value to others for one, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Hudson, E. H. Hunt; Boxborough, H. G. Conant, and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 21.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SCAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court noticee inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN. EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new, and is good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,
HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,
Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,
of every description.
C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.
ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET
—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—
tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct28

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & EAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
Have added to the
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 25, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSEPH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,
LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,
No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,
KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.
Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. e30

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if
sep9

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fenaol Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan3 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,
Established for the suppression of quackery.
DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and pateot medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, end were to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with
MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,
will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, and only to
SECRET DISEASES,
but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at
15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pille," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr. Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of worms in *children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

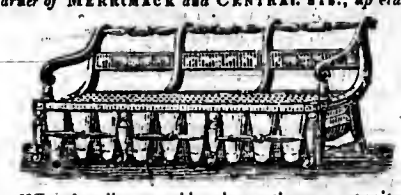
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell; Dix. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a28

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.
DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.
IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.
DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewistan, Del.
Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.
The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,
Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up etaire*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.
N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.
Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath.
(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)
THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimark street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.
References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Hair Work! Hair Work!
A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.
N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan32

THE PRISON PET.

The Warden of the Eastern Penitentiary at Philadelphia, asked me whether I had ever seen their prison pet, born in the Penitentiary? I answered in the negative, asking at the same time whether it was some rare animal, when he requested the matron to bring the pet to us. She went into one of the lonely cells, and soon returned with a well dressed, very handsome, bright, smiling, fat, delicately featured, yet rosy-cheeked girl of nine months, stretching out her little arms to every one who uttered the winning accents of playful caresses to her. She saw the first light in the solitary cell of her mother, an English woman, (sentenced for a grave crime, to seven years imprisonment,) and has never yet left the walls of the penitentiary, though the matron an elderly lady for whose arms she is rather a heavy burthen, kindly takes the babe daily out on the balcony, if the weather is sufficiently fair. Every person in the penitentiary seems to take a lively interest in the infant, not unlike the affection sometimes shown, during campaigns, to an *enfant du regiment*, or *la petite de la compagnie*. The Matron as well as the Warden told me, that the female prisoners know of no greater reward for exemplary conduct or assiduous application in learning to read or write, than the permission of having "baby" for a quarter of an hour, thus exemplifying again, what indeed all those who have paid any attention to the psychology of criminals, know perfectly well, that every convict, however low he may have sunk, takes with him into the prison cell a certain amount of affections and elements of goodness which wise treatment, with a gardener's care, may cultivate and cause to bring fruit, while the lovely appearance of the prison-born infant spoke well for the healthy cell and wholesome food of the imprisoned mother, and the kindness and attention with which, according to the mutual good will of our times, even criminals—even foreign criminals are treated, when those ages are indeed not yet very remote in which the destitution of a foreigner alone almost sufficed to constitute a crime, or at least furnished a sufficient ground for treating him as if he were guilty of it.

"Baby," as officers and convicts call the pet, will have ample reason, one of these days, to bless the house, which, with all its grave and stern character, became a house of unaffected love and tender attention to her, and where she found a home even in that solitary cell, far superior to that of millions and millions, whose honest parents struggled in vain against adversity.

She is the fifth individual, who thus broke in upon the principle of uninterupted solitude of the Eastern penitentiary, in spite of the well closed doors of the cells, and it is sincerely hoped that the watchful adversaries of the Pennsylvania System will not charge the officers and inspectors of the institution with this new infraction of their system. All the infants who were thus born soon after the imprisonment of their mothers have left the penitentiary with their parents in perfect health. [Ex. paper.

HEDGEHOGS. One of the most interesting facts of the natural history of the hedgehog is that announced in 1331 by Mr Leuz, and which is now confirmed by Professor Buckland: that is, that the most violent poisons have no effect upon it—a fact which renders it of peculiar value in the forests, where it appears to destroy a great number of noxious reptiles. Mr Leuz says he had once in his house a female hedgehog, which he kept in a large box, and which soon, became very familiar. He often put into the box some adders, which she attacked with great avidity, seizing them by the body, the head, or the tail, and did not appear alarmed or embarrased when they coiled themselves around her body. Neither herself nor the young she was suckling seemed to suffer from the bites of the venomous reptiles. Palles, also, assures us that the hedgehog can eat about one hundred cantharides without experiencing any of the effects which that insect taken inwardly produces on men, dogs, or cats. A German physician who had made the hedgehog a peculiar object of study, gave it a strong dose of prussic acid, of arsenic, of opium, and of corrosive sublimate, none of which did it any harm. The hedgehog in its natural state, only feeds on pears, apples, and other fruit, when it can get nothing it likes better. Its ordinary food consists of worms, slugs, snails and adders.

BUFFALO HUNTING AT RED RIVER, OREGON TERRITORY. At Red river the buffaloes are at present seldom taken in pounds.—Here it may be observed, that, to a stranger, the wild buffaloe bull, with his large humps, glaring eyes, fierce aspect, and long beard that almost reaches the ground, when encountered in the recesses of the forest or in the open plain, where there is no chance of escape, is the most formidable animal in America, far more so than the panther or

grizly bear. In the summer and autumn large parties of the half-breed hunters, all mounted on their small Indian horses, which are well broken to this sport, scatter themselves over the plains, camping generally in the open air, or in tents covered with hides, or under their provision carts. As soon as the buffaloes are perceived, the young men gallop after them, and either partially surprise them on the plains or succeed in driving them into some little valley or neck of land projecting into a lake, where escape is difficult. A running fire opens then all along the line. At the first volley the buffaloes scamper off. The hunters continue the pursuit, reloading their guns while their horses are in full gallop. For the sake of expedition, the bullets are carried in the mouth, and dropped into the barrel without any wadding. Their small whips are attached by a band to the right wrist. The horse with wonderful sagacity follows of his own accord the animal which his rider has singled out, and brings him alongside, and the rider then discharges his weapon unerringly. The horse then pursues another with similar success. In this way many buffaloes in succession are shot by the same hunter, and hundreds fall in a single race. No sight can be livelier than a camp of successful hunters. They generally pitch in some clump of woods. The provision carts form the outer circle, to which the horses are tied. Within this, fires blaze on on every side. The men smoke their pipes or arrange their fire arms, while the women are employed in cooking a sumptuous repast. The jest and the laugh circulate freely all around. [Dunn's History of the Oregon Territory.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL. The following table shows the rates of duty on the principal articles imported under Mr Walker's bill. We take these rates from the New York Globe.

Articles.	*Per cent.*
Ready made clothing	30
Hosiery	30
Oil cloth	30
Iron and manufactures of iron	30
Manufactures of other metals	30
Glass tumblers	20
Window glass	20
Plate glass	20
Articles composed of glass	30
Manufactures of leather	30
do of fur	30
Clocks and parts of clocks	30
Watches and parts of watches	10
Jewelry and imitations	30
Manufactures of gold or silver	30
Musical instruments	30
Sugar	30
Molasses	30
Wines of all kinds	30
Spices	30
Carpets, Brussels, &c	30
Carpets, common	20
Oranges and other fruits	30
Manufactures of wool	25
do cotton	20
do worsted	25
do mohair	25
do silk	25
Buttons	25
Flannels, baizes, &c.	25
Manufactures of hemp	20
do flax	20
Wool manufactured	20
Straw hats and bonnets	20
Raw silks	20
Sewing Silks	20
Floss silks	20
Feathers	20
Earthen, China and stone ware	20
Foolscap, letter, and all other paper	20
Books printed of all kinds	20
Blank books; bound or unbound	20
Blankets, cost under 75 cents	10
do all other	20
Steel in bars or sheets	20
Lead in bars, pigs or sheets	20
Zinc in sheets	20
Leather and skins	20
Manufactures of marble	30
Linseed oil	20
Linseed	10
Red and white lead and paints	20
Medicines and medicinal drugs	20
Acids, all kinds	20
Provisions of all kinds	20
Paint oils	20
Fish oils	20
Ale, beer and porter	20
Olive oil in casks	20
Other oil	30
Many crude articles used for manufacturing purposes	5
Tea, coffee and salt	free
Raw cotton	free

☞ The New York Telegraph gives the following items as a part of Mr McKay's bill, which is to be presented to Congress, modifying the tariff:—

Coffee, Tea and *Salt, free.*

Ad valorem.

Manufactures of Silk	30 pr ct.
Manufactures of Worsted	25 "
Cottons, ready made, hosiery, and all articles worn by men, women and children, made wholly, or in part by hand	30 "
Coal	30 "
Sugar of all kinds	30 "
Molasses	30 "
Brandy and all distilled spirits	75 "
Wines of all kinds	30 "
Manufactures of cotton, flax and hemp	20 "
Manufactures of wool	25 "
Unmanufactured wool of all kinds	20 "
Manufactures of iron, including cutlery, fire arms, side arms, and all other materials made of iron	30 "
Iron of all kinds	30 "

No bountise to be allowed on fishing vessels, nor drawbacks on refined sugar, spirits distilled from foreign molasses, and salt used in pickling fish.

☞ The Magnolia Telegraph is now completed from Lowell to Boston, and will be in successful operation in a few days. This enterprise has been prosecuted under the direction of Mr Paul R. George, says the Lowell Voice of Industry, whose democracy in selecting a superintendent in Lowell is truly commendable having appointed to that office Miss Sarah G. Bagley, one of our publishing committee. This is what we call *"the people's" democracy*, Miss Bagley having served ten years in the factories, is now entitled to the situation she has received, and for which she is eminently qualified.

We shall be able to furnish our readers with the operation and advantages of the Telegraph hereafter. [Boston Times.

In a recent duel between two Poles, one of them shot away the *skirt* of the other's coat. His second observing the truth of his aim, declared, that had his friend been engaged with a *client*, he would very probably have *hit his pocket*.

That's my "impression" as the printer said when he kissed his sweetheart.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 17, 1846.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MR PAKENHAM AND MR BUCHANAN, UPON "ARBITRATION" OF THE OREGON QUESTION.

For want of room we gave, last week, only a very brief synopsis of this correspondence.

Previous to the proposition for "arbitration," made by Mr Packenham, Mr Buchanan, under the authority of the President, addressed our foreign minister, Mr McLane, instructing him to communicate with the Earl of Aberdeen as to the course and object of the "extensive warlike preparations" being made by Great Britain;—whether they are intended for us; and also instructing him to communicate the result of his interview with Lord A., together with his own opinion of Great Britain's intentions.

Mr McLane waits on Lord A. in reference to the object referred to in the instructions of Mr Buchanan.—Lord A. admits the extensiveness of the warlike preparations being made by Great Britain, but disclaims their being made with direct reference to probable rupture with the United States; though he says "that in such a crisis, the warlike preparations now making would be useful and important." Mr McLane gives his opinion at some length. He says:—

"I do not think it ought to be assumed by any one that warlike preparations upon such a scale as that upon which they are undeniably making here could not have even an indirect reference to the possible contingency of a rupture with us.

I think it ought to be expected, indeed from all I can learn I cannot doubt, that, in case of hostilities, the aim of this government will be to strike its heaviest blow at the commencement, in the expectation of being thereby enabled to shorten the duration of the war."

The correspondence upon the proposition for "arbitration," is as follows:—

Mr Pakenham to Mr Buchanan.

Washington, Dec. 27, 1845

An attentive consideration of the present state of affairs, with reference to the Oregon question, has determined the British government to instruct the undersigned, her British Majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, again to represent in pressing terms to the government of the United States, the expediency of referring the whole question of an *equitable division of that territory* to the arbitration of some friendly sovereign or State.

Her Majesty's government deeply regret the failure of all their efforts to effect a friendly settlement of the conflicting claims by direct negotiation between the two governments.

They are still persuaded that great advantages would have resulted to both parties from such a mode of settlement, had it been practicable, but there are difficulties now in the way in that course of proceeding which it might be tedious to remove, while the importance of an early settlement seems to become at each moment urgent.

Under these circumstances, her Majisty's government think that a resort to arbitration is the more prudent, and perhaps the only feasible step which would be taken, and the best calculated to allay the existing effervescence of popular feeling which might otherwise greatly embarrass the efforts of both governments to preserve a friendly understanding between the two countries.

The government of the United States will see in the proposal which the undersigned is thus instructed to make, a proof of the confidence of the British government in the justice of their own claim. They will also see in it a proof of the readiness of the British government to incur the risk of a great sacrifice for the preservation of peace and of their friendly relations with the United States. It is made in a spirit of moderation and fairness of which the world will judge.

The British government confidently hope that the government of the United States will not reject a proposal made with such a friendly intention, and for a purpose so holy.

There is nothing in it, they are convinced, not perfectly compatible with the strictest regard for the honor and just interests of both parties, particularly when it is considered of what small value to either is the portion of territory which in reality forms the subject of controversy, compared with the importance of preserving a state of peace and good will between two such nations.

The undersigned takes advantage of this opportunity to renew to the Hon. James Buchanan the assurance of his high consideration.

R. PACKENHAM.

The Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, &c., &c., &c.

Mr Buchanan to Mr Pakenham.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, January 3, 1846.

The undersigned Secretary of State of the United States, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the note of Mr Pakenham, her Britanic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, dated the 26th ultimo, by which under instructions from his government, he proposes to the government of the United States "*the expediency of referring the whole question to an equitable division of that (Oregon) territory to the arbitration of some friendly sovereign or State.*"

The undersigned has submitted this note to the President, who, after having bestowed upon it that respectful consideration so eminently due to any proposition emanating from the British government, has instructed him to give it the following answer:

The British government do not propose to refer to arbitration the *question of the title to Oregon territory*, claimed by the two Powers respectively. It is a proposition to refer to a friendly sovereign or State, merely the *partition*, or "*equitable division*" of that territory between the parties. *It assumes the fact that the title of Great Britain to a portion of that territory is valid, and thus takes for granted the very question in dispute. Under this proposition, the very terms of the submission would contain an express acknowledgment of the right of Great Britain to a portion of the territory, and would necessarily preclude the United States from claiming the whole before the arbitrator.* This, too, in the face of the note of the undersigned to Mr Pockenham of the 30th August last, by which the President had asserted, in the most solemn form, the title of the United States to the whole territory. Even if there were not *other* conclusive reasons for declining the proposition, this alone would be deemed sufficient by the President.

The President heartily concurs with the British government in their regret that all attempts to settle the Oregon question by negotiation have hitherto failed.—He cannot, however, concur with that Government in the opinion that a resort to arbitration, and especially on the terms proposed, would be followed by happier consequences. On the contrary, he believes that any attempt to refer this question to a third Power, would only involve it in new difficulties.

In declining this proposition, the President refers to the sentiment expressed in the note of the undersigned of the 30th August last, to which allusion has already been made, that he "cherishes the hope that this long-pending controversy may yet be finally adjusted in such a manner as not to disturb the peace, or interrupt the harmony now so happily subsisting between the two nations."

The undersigned avails himself of this occasion to renew to Mr Pakenham assurances of his distinguished consideration.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Rt. Hon. RICHARD PACKENHAM, &c., &c., &c.

Mr Pakenham to Mr Buchanan.

Washington, Jan. 16, 1846.

With an anxious desire to contribute by every means in his power to a satisfactory conclusion of the question pending between the two governments respecting Oregon, the undersigned, her Britannic Majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, has reflected on the contents of the note addressed to him on the 3d instant, by the Secretary of the State of the United States' In answer to that which the undersigned had the honor to address to him on the 27th of last month.

The note of the undersigned proposed to the government of the United States *that the whole question of an equitable partition of the Oregon territory should be referred to the arbitration of some friendly sovereign or State.*

In his answer, the Secretary of State informed the undersigned that his proposition could not be accepted. That it did not propose to refer to arbitration the question of the *title* to the Oregon territory claimed by the two powers respectively. That in proposing to refer to a friendly sovereign or State merely the partition or equitable division of the territory between the parties, it assumes the fact that the title of Great Britain to a portion of the territory is valid, and thus takes for granted the very question in dispute. That under this proposition the very terms of the submission would contain an express acknowledgement of the right of Great Britain to a portion of the territory, and would necessarily preclude the United States from claiming the whole territory before the arbitrator; and this, too, the Secretary of State goes on to observe, in the face of his note to the undersigned of 30th August, by which the President had asserted in the most solemn form the title of the United States to the whole territory.

It is not the purpose of the undersigned in the present note to renew the discussion as to the title of either party, Great Britain or the United States, to the whole or any part of the Oregon territory. He must, however, beg leave, with reference to the observation which he has just quoted, to remind the United States Secretary of State, that if the government of the United States has formerly advanced a claim to the whole of the Oregon territory, it is no less certain that Great Britain has, in a manner equally formal, declared that she, too, has rights in the Oregon territory, incompatible with the exclusive claim advanced by the United States.

This declaration arising from a conviction equally sincere, will, the undersigned is persuaded, be viewed with the same consideration by the government of the United States, as they expect that their own declaration should receive at the hands of the government of Great Britain.

This premised, the object of the undersigned in addressing to Mr Buchanan the present communication is to ascertain from him whether, *supposing the British government to entertain no objections to such a course, it would suit the views of the United States government to refer to arbitration, not as has already been proposed, the question of an equitable partition of the territory, but the question of title in either of the two powers to the* WHOLE TERRITORY, *subject of course, to the condition that if neither should be found, in the opinion of the arbitrator, to possess* A COMPLETE TITLE TO THE WHOLE TERRITORY, *there should in that case,* BE ASSIGNED TO EACH THAT PORTION OF TERRITORY WHICH WOULD, IN THE OPINION OF THE ARBITRATING POWER, BE CALLED FOR BY A JUST APPRECIATION OF THE RESPECTIVE CLAIMS OF EACH.

The undersigned has suggested a reference on the above principle to some friendly sovereign or state.

This the undersigned believes to be the course usually followed in such cases; it is that which has already been resorted to by the two governments, (and more than once.) But there may be other forms of arbitration, perhaps, more agreeable to the government of the United States.

There might be, for instance, a mixed commission, with no umpire appointed by common consent; or there might be a board, composed of the most distinguished civilians and jurists of the time, appointed in such a manner as should bring all pending questions to the decision of the most enlightened, impartial, and impending minds.

In the present position of affairs, and feeling how much the interests of both countries require an early as well as an amicable and satisfactory adjustment of existing difficulties, the undersigned earnestly invites the Secretary of State to take the subject of this note into consideration, with a view to such an arrangement on the principle of arbitration as may seem to the government of the United States to be most just, wise and expedient.

The undersigned takes the advantage of this opportunity to renew to the Hon. James Buchanan the assurance of his high consideration.

R. PAKENHAM.

To the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, &c., &c. &c.

Mr Buchanan to Mr Pakenham.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, 4th Feb., 1846.

The undersigned, Secretary of State of the United States, has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the note of Mr Pakenham, her Brittanic Majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, dated on the 16th ult., by which he again proposes a reference of the Oregon question to arbitration.

Under the present proposition, the powers of the arbitrator would not, as in his last, be limited *in terms* to the distance of the territory between the parties, but would extend to the question of their conflicting titles. There is, however, *a condition annexed* to this offer which exposes it to the same objection in point of *fact*, if not in *form*, which was promptly presented in the answer of the undersigned to Mr Pakenham's last proposal. This condition is "*that if neither* [party] *should be found in the opinion of the arbitrator, to possess a complete title to the whole territory, there should in that case, be assigned to each that portion of territory which would in the opinion of the arbitrating power, be called for by a just appreciation of the respective claims of each.*" If the government of the United States should consent to an arbitration upon such a condition, this might, and probably would, be construed into an intimation, if not a direct invitation, *to the arbitrator to divide the territory between the parties.*

Were it possible for the President, under any circumstances, to consent to refer the subject to arbitration, THE TITLE, and THE TITLE ALONE, detached from *every other consideration*, is the only question which could be submitted. If not confined to a single point, so strong is the natural disposition of arbitrators to please both parties, that in almost every instance, whether of national or individual controversies, they make a compromising award. We have a memorable example of this in our last arbitration with Great Britain. Notwithstanding that the arbitrator, under the terms of the submission, was clearly and explicitly confined to the decision of which was the line of highlands described in the treaty of peace of 1783, yet, instead of pursuing any range of high lands whatever, he advised that the line should run along the bed of a river, and actually divided the territory in dispute between the parties by "the middle of the deepest channel of the St. Johns."

The undersigned might content himself, in answer to the present proposition, with reference to the observations contained in his last note to Mr Pakenham of the 3d ultimo. In that, it was plainly intimated not only that there are "other conclusive reasons for declining the proposition," independently of the one which has been prominently stated, but it was expressly asserted on the belief of the President, "that any attempt to refer this question to a third power would only involve it in new difficulties."

The undersigned will, however, proceed to state a single reason which, apart from the intrinsic difficulty of selecting a suitable arbitrator, as well as other considerations that might be adduced, is conclusive in the mind of the President against a reference of this question to arbitration in any form which can be devised, no matter what may be the character of the arbitrator—whether sovereign, citizen, or subject.

The reason is, that *he does not believe the territorial rights of this nation to be a proper subject for arbitration.* It may be true, that under peculiar circumstances, if the interests at stake were comparatively small, and if both parties stood upon an equal footing, there might be no insuperable objection to such a course. But what is the extent of territory in dispute on the present occasion? It embraces nearly 13 degrees of latitude along the north-west coast of the Pacific, and stretches eastward to the summit of the Rocky Mountains. Within its limits several powerful and prosperous States of the Union may be embraced. It lies contiguous, on this continent, to the acknowledged territory of the United States, and is destined, at no distant day, to be peopled by our citizens.

This territory presents the avenue through which the commerce of our western States can be profitably conducted with Asia and the western coasts of this continent; and its ports the only harbors belonging to the United States to which our numerous whalers and other vessels in that region can resort. And yet, vast as are its dimensions, it contains not a single safe and commodious harbor from its southern extremity until we approach the 49th parallel of latitude.

It is far from the intention of the undersigned again to open the discussion of the conflicting claims of the two powers to the Oregon territory. It is sufficient for him to state the continued conviction of the President that the United States hold the best title in existence to the whole of the territory. Under this conviction, he cannot consent to jeopard for his country all the great interests involved, and by any possibility, however remote, to deprive the republic of all the good harbors on the coast, by referring the question to arbitration.

Neither is the territory in dispute of equal, or nearly equal, value to the two powers. Whilst it is invaluable to the United States, it is of comparatively small importance to Great Britain. To her, Oregon would be but a distant colonial possession of doubtful value; and which from the natural progress of human events, she would not probably long enough enjoy to derive from it essential benefits; whilst to the United States it would become an integral and essential portion of the republic. The gain to Great Britain who would never sensibly feel;—whilst the loss to the United States would be irreparable.

The undersigned is perfectly aware that such considerations can have no bearing upon the question of the title of either party. They are presented solely for the purpose of explaining the views of the President in his refusal to adopt any measures which should withdraw our title from the control of the government and people of the United States, and placed it within the discretion of any arbitrator no matter how intelligent and respectable.

The President cordially concurs with the government of Great Britain in desiring that the present controversy may be amicably adjusted. Of this, he has given the strongest proof before the whole world. He believes that, as there no are two nations on the earth more closely bound together by the ties of commerce; so there are none who ought to be more able or willing to do each other justice, without the interposition of any arbitrator.

The undersigned avails himself of this occasion to renew to Mr Packenham the assurance of his high consideration.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Rt. Hon. Richard Pakenham, &c. &c. &c.

We have taken the liberty of putting in italics and small capitals, portions of the above correspondence, that what we conceive to be the points of disagreement may be more readily seen. Mr Pakenham makes but one proposition, to have a third power make an "equitable division of the territory." This is declined most properly, for various reasons, and for the insuperable objection that the question of *title* is the only one that in any contingency could be submitted to "arbitration." Mr Pakenham does not at any time offer to submit the naked question of the *title* of each, and in how much each has a perfect title, but offers to submit the compound question of whether the title of either or to the *whole* is perfect; and if not, then to have the arbitrators do just what he first proposed—make an "equitable division of the territory." Now unless we could satisfy arbitrators, not only that our title is perfect to the 49th parallel, and better than Great Britain's to 54° 40', but also that our title is "*complete to the whole territory,*" *every inch, up to the Russian possessions*, the only thing for the arbitrators then to do, would be to make an "equitable division of the territory."

Is this an offer to submit the question of *title*? Is it any thing more than a specious form of again offering to submit the question of an "*equitable division of the territory?*". Whigs, give us your opinion; and if you agree that it is only a proposition to have the territory divided, tell us if you are ready to openly advocate that policy? You do so covertly, when denouncing our government for refusing to arbitrate upon the terms proposed by Mr Pakenham.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Feb. 12.

In SENATE, Mr J. M. Clayton continued his speech on the Oregon resolutions for notice. After reprobating the idea that this was a "party question," Mr C. proceeded, in the most emphatic manner, to express his opinion in favor of giving the notice. He was in favor of it, because it was indispensably necessary as the first step in the way of securing an honorable peace between the two countries. But he insisted that with the President, and with him alone, should rest the responsibility of giving this notice. The chief magistrate, from his position, was best qualified to judge of the whole matter, and to him should be committed the discretionary power. Mr Clayton ridiculed the idea of a war being likely to result from giving the notice. Neither the President nor the heads of the War and Navy Departments, nor any member of Congress, speaking *ex cathedra*, had given any intimation of the danger of a war; and, in itself, the measure, so far from having a tendency to produce a rupture in the peaceful relations of the two countries, was the only means of preventing that collision between the two classes of settlers in Oregon which must be expected if the joint occupancy was permitted to continue, and which would almost necessarily lead to a war. The notice, then, was a pacific measure, and as such he was prepared to vote for it. In his concluding remarks, Mr Clayton observed that the people of the United States had manifested no want of confidence in the Executive with regard to the course of policy pursued on this most important question. On this question there was but one party—the national party; and though differences of opinion prevailed relative to the precise mode of executing the will of the nation, yet there was but one opinion as to the great principle at issue. He deprecated war. It was a terrible calamity. England was no common foe. The United States were not prepared for war. But he did not apprehend any war if the notice were given.

After a short executive session, the Senate adjourned over to Monday.

HOUSE. Mr Stebbins of Ga. offered a resolution, calling upon the clerk to report the reasons of the non-delivery of Fremont's report, ordered at the last session of Congress, which was adopted.

Mr Jones, of Ga. asked leave to bring in a bill to amend the judicial system of the United States.

Mr Caleb Smith, of Ind. offered a resolution from the committee on Foreign Relations, calling for information as to the payment of the 4th and 5th instalments of the Mexican indemnity. Adopted.

The consideration of the Pension bill was resumed in committee of the whole, and after a dry discussion upon various amendments, the bill was reported, but not passed, and the House adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 13.

The SENATE was not in session.

In the HOUSE, the Clerk explained that he could not distribute Fremont's Reports because the engravings are not finished.

The private bill calendar was then taken up, and occupied the time to 2 P. M.

Saturday, Feb. 14.

HOUSE. Mr Owen, of Ind. introduced the joint resolutions of the Legislature of that State against surrendering any portion whatever of the territory of Oregon to Great Britain, and insisting upon the maintenance of all our rights to that territory. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

In committee of the whole, the private calendar was again taken up, a number of bills rejected, and a few recommended, when the House adjourned.

Neither SENATE nor Supreme Court in session.

☞ America could support 930,000,000 of inhabitants, without being so densely populated as Europe now is.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Saturday, Feb. 14.

SENATE. Among the petitions presented, was one of the Tremont Iron Co., for an increase of capital stock.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to incorporate the Tremont Gas Light Co., the East Boston Manufacturing Co., the Dane Manufacturing Co., and the Lowell Gas Co., to amend the charter of the city of Lowell, to limit the *scire facias writ*, to increase the capital of the Hamilton Woollen Co., to enable the Lowell Manufacturing Companies to own and improve certain water powers, together with several other bills.

Passed to be engrossed.—House bills, relating to the yearly abstract of returns of Savings Banks; Senate Bills, concerning prosecutions for violation of by-laws; to increase the capital of the Beaman Manufacturing Co.; to incorporate the Springfield Water Power Co.; resolve to revise and explain the resolve of last year, in favor of the Worcester County Mannal Labor High School; and on the petition of David Fairbanks, Benj. Stevens, and John K. Going, Jr.

HOUSE. Mr Bell, of Boston, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill to establish the City of Roxbury.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to incorporate the Leicester Water Power Co., and concerning manufacturing corporations.

In the orders of the day, the bill incorporating the Washusett House Company, came up on its passage to a third reading.

Mr Bryant, of Berre, said there was something very mysterious about the bill, and called upon the members on the part of the House who were on the joint committee who reported it.

Messrs Thorndike and Seaver, of the committee, severally stated that Princeton was in summer a favorite resort for rusticating strangers to the number of about 2000 during the season, and that there are not hotel accommodations sufficient for them in that town. Mr Seaver said he was opposed to the bill, upon the general ground that it was not good policy to create corporations with so small a capital as $50,000.

Mr Bryant then moved to strike out the last four lines of the first section, which are as follows:—

"Provided, however, that the said corporation shall not carry on the business of hotel keeping, and provided, further, that said corporation shall not permit the sale of intoxicating drinks in their house."

Mr Bryant said that he had "understood from one of the applicants for the charter, that the last provision had been put in in order to get the bill through the more easily. In fact that it was a mere bait to catch the legislature. By the first provision of the bill the corporators were authorized to maintain a hotel, and by the second they were prohibited from keeping it.—There was an apparent contradiction in these provisions. He was opposed to the provision in relation to intoxicating drinks, because it was special in its nature. He would have all hotels stand upon the same footing, and be subject only to the general laws for regulating the sale of such drinks. He should as soon think of providing in a railroad charter that no ardent spirits should be carried over the road; or in a bill for building a wharf, that no spirits should be landed upon it; or in a bank charter, that the bank should not discount the note of a dealer in spirits; in a life insurance company's charter, that they should not insure the life of a person, unless he had signed the total abstinence pledge. He did not believe that a hotel, beyond the ability of individual enterprise to build, was needed in Princeton. They had there now a most excellent hotel,—the Mount Adams House. He was apprehensive that there was something behind the purpose of building a hotel. The capital asked for was no less than $50,000, while only $5000 could be used for the purpose of building the hotel."

On motion of Mr Rider of Dartmouth, the bill was re-committed.

Monday, Feb. 16.

THE SENATE was called to order at 11 1-2 o'clock but a quorum was not present. After a quorum got together a trifle of business in way of special legislation was done, and at 1 o'clock adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE there was a very slim attendance. After several petitions were presented and orders adopted the bill authorizing the conveyance of the real estate of deceased persons and persons under guardianship was taken up and after considerable discussion was recommitted. At about 2 o'clock the House adjourned.

☞ See next page.

MARRIED,

In Townsend, Feb. 11, Mr Lucius Smith, of Randolph, Vt., to Miss Susan Pressey, of Groton, Mass.

In Lexington, Feb. 11, Mr Joseph A. Wellington to Miss Ellen A., eldest daughter of B. Smith, Esq.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending February 14, 1846.

Feb. 9th, Wm. Exley, 1 year, dropsy of brain; 11th, Nancy N. Rollins, 18, typhus fever; 12th, Rosetta Clark, 23, typhus fever; 13th, Peliah Gould, 2, lung fever; James H. Hoyes, 1, croup; 14th, Charles A. Cory, 5, marasmus; Thomas Temple, 13 days, infantile.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. BUCKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 16th, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8½.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Gabriel, Atkins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the very laughable farce of

MY WIFE'S COME!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Cross, Mrs Merrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb17

French's Oyster Saloon,

37,—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr. ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *best manner*, at at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has also one or two private Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMAN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c., at short notice. Wedding Cakes handsomely made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon No. 35.

Evening. A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

WHIG CAUCUS.

The first whig caucus for organization of the perty for the spring election, and for the nomination of candidates to fill the offices in the city government, came came off last night. The movements were inauspicious for the "line backs." Dr. Huntington declined being longer a candidate for Mayor. The important question to be decided was, whether the dynasty that for years has ruled the city shall still bear rule, or whether a new order of things should be introduced. The "citizens" have completely out-generalled the "line backs." The "line backs" got the Chairman of the meeting, because the name of John Aiken "struck the ear" of the Chairman of the whig central committee first. Here their victories were brought to an end. T. Wentworth, Esq. headed the reformers; and with excellent lieutenants to back him—one of whom has for a long time been under his especial training—carried every thing through his own way, in a twinkling, to the utter confusion, amazement and chagrin of the "line back" dynesty.

Motions were made, put and carried, with an order, regularity and promptness which shew that everything was under the direction of an experienced commander. Capt. Russell gave an idea of what might be expected in a short speech. He said, the committee for reporting a list of names, from which to choose, at a future meeting, a candidate for mayor, might present his name, and the chairman's, and other gentlemen's, and whoever got the most *votes* would be the candidate.

For his part, he wanted a Mayor who would look after the interests of the city—he didn't care so much *who* he was, as *what* he was—he wanted a Meyor to spend his whole time in the discharge of his duties—he didn't care if he was a "good *loky*," if he was a good man, and would only look after the affairs of his office; and if eight huodred dollars wouldn't pay him, give him a thousand, or twelve huodred, or such a sum as would—that our Agents couldn't be expected to take the office, because they were receiving a much greater salary than it was necessary for the city to pay to commend the services of the best men, &c. &c.

So it seems that for a time, corporetion dictation must go down even in the whig party. How odd it would seem to see whig caucuses got up and not to have on egeot for eheirmon and on egent to open and close the meeting by telling the laborers their intereste.

BOND'S BALL. Last night, for a few moments, we dropped into this gay assemblage. A more dazzling array of beauty, or a better conducted ball it has not been our lot to witness for the season. The majesty of Queen Elizabeth could not excel in stately dignity a Mrs. P——, although her black alpine spoke strongly of widowhood. The coronet of Queen Victoria was not put on in richer or more fitting costume then the dress of little Miss L——, from Belvidere. Then there was the modest and sparkling lady in pink, with no ornament about her, though brilliant and beautiful as a fairy. Not speaking of beauty, what shall we say of our partner—such exuberance of spirits, such continuel stream of chat, with occasional flashes of dazzling wit as held the listener spell bound. But reader we are a bachelor, and cannot write with reason about beauty; we cannot discriminate as one ofter another pieces before us, all of them so beautiful. It is safe, however, to assert that the *waltzing* of the sisters in pink cannot be excelled in this or any other city.

We intended merely to compliment Mr Bond's party; the music was delightful, and the company, so far as we could judge, good and agreeable. ¶

ARRAIGNMENT OF TIRRELL. In the Supreme Judicial Court, yesterday, Albert J. Tirrell was arraigned on two capital indictments returned against him in November last—the first charging him with the murder of Maria Bickford, by cutting her throat with a razor on the 27th of October; the second charging that he also set fire to the house in which the deceased lived at the time. To both indictments he pleaded not guilty, in a clear and distinct voice. While the indictments were being read, he stood up erect and square. He appeared to be in good health. The fourth Tuesday in March was set down for the trial.—Messrs Choate and A. Merrill counsel for the defence. [Bostoo Post.

VOX POPULI, the Post Office organ, thinks we display a "masterly inactivity" in not defending the appointment of the present Post Office incumbent, and thinks we refuse, or neglect to do so, from "*fear* of offending the party." We have no *fear* in relation to the matter, and at a proper time shall, if it becomes necessary, show as *masterly activity*, as we have "masterly inactivity" upon this unfortunate question.

THE SNOW STORM, Sunday, was a "herd one." More than a foot of snow fell, which the wind piled up in monstrous heaps. The first train of cars from Boston did not arrive till past noon. The *mails* were of course late in, but the fe-*males* were in—to the mille—bright and early.

VALENTINES. Upwards of four thousand passed through the Post Office of this city. What lots of fun, frolic, sentiment and nonsense; and what a harvest for the Penny Post. One pretty little Miss had *fifty three* at a single delivery. We hope those doating swains paid the scot.

☞ Counterfeit $5 bills of the Manchester Bank, N. H., are in circulation, and are well calculated to deceive. They are signed Nathan Parker, Cashier, J. W. Parker, President, and dated October 3d, 1845—letter A. The central engraving at the top of the notes represents a group of cattle.

☞ Horace King, a negro slave has been emancipated by the Legislature of Alabama, by special enactment. His owner has, it is said, offered to refund the sum of $15,000, and urged the passage of the act.—King is a very intelligent man, and constructed a bridge at Wetumpka, for which he has been thus rewarded.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, Feb. 17.

Commonwealth vs. John Farrell, for an assault and battery on Margaret Terrence. Fined $5 and cost, and for want thereof was committed.

MUSEUM. There was an overflowing house last evening, to witness the thrilling play, (for the first time in Lowell,) of "Rosina Meadows, the Village Maid." It was played to good acceptance by Wyatt's company.

DEDICATION. The new Third Baptist Church (Rev. Mr Pearson's), John street, will be dedicated on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock. Sermon by Rev. William Hague, of Boston.

☞ The Salisbury and Amesbury Manufactoring Companies, says the Amesbury Transcript, have declared semi-annual dividends of ten per cent.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but ours should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.

6wa&pfeb14

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruses, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN. And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificats, from gentlemen of the highest respectebility, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinery; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain exterool remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor N. Y. Caronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorner.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopol Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strong,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburo.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1yn&pdec16

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in General Court assembled:

RESPECTFULLY represent your petitioners, that they are inhabitants of that part of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, which is known by the name of "Centralville." That their business, feelings and interests connect them much more nearly with the city of Lowell than with the town of Dracutt; that many of them do business in Lowell, and all of them are almost wholly dependant on that city for their prosperity; that Centralville is separated from the heart of the city of Lowell only by the Merrimack river, and is very intimately connected with the city; that the remotest part of Centralville is not more than half a mile distant from the City Hall, the Court House, and the Post Office of Lowell.

WHEREFORE, as a matter of public and private convenience, your petitioners pray that said Centralville, which is now a part of said Dracutt, and contains less than three hundred acres of land, may be set off from said Dracutt, and be annexed to and become a part of the city of Lowell in said county. To wit:—Beginning at a point at a thread of the Merrimack river, on the line which separates the city of Lowell from Tewksbury; thence running North 17° 30' East to a hemlock tree on the North bank of said river; thence running North 8° 15' West sixty-seven chains and fifty links; thence running North 89° West seventy-five chains nearly, till it reaches the thread of said Merrimack river below Pawtucket Falls; thence turning and running Easterly following the thread of said river to the point of beginning. (Signed.)

JOSEPH BRADLEY and others.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In Senate, February 10, 1846.

On the petition aforesaid, ORDERED, That the petitioners cause an attested copy of their petition, with this order thereon, to be served on the Town Clerk of the town of Dracutt, and the City Clerk of the city of Lowell, five days at least before the 23d day of February current, and to be published three times in the Lowell Daily Courier and Lowell Advertiser, newspapers printed in the city of Lowell, the last publication to be three days at least before the 23d day of February current, that all persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence—
CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Feb. 11, 1846.

Concurred—
CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy. Attest—
f14 CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of Senate.

Notice.

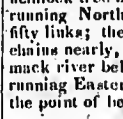
WHEREAS, my wife, Emily Lawrence, has left my bed and board, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay nothing more of her contracting.

JOSIAH LAWRENCE.

Feb'y 16th, 1846. *3feb17

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

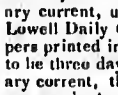
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Saturday.
Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, *Snow*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Wald & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. f16

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
To go up to the city without lightering
This day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr OSCAR, *Reed*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f17

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, sets gently in motion the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesoe Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptyaug30

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Feb. 14th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of STEPHEN LANIGAN, of Billerica, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Lanigan will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Lanigan, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
feb14 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master.

J. DINSMOOR, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb'y 12, 1846. feb17

Assignee's Notice.

IN THE CASE OF JOHN TAYLOR.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, at his office, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the assignees will render their receipts and payments on account of said insolvents' estate.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.
JOHN CURRIER, }
Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846. 3feb12

Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

MIDDLESEX, ss.

PURSUANT to an order to me directed by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County of Middlesex, in the matter of NANCY S. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; I herewith, in conformity to said order, give over said Master's hand this ninth day of February, A. D., 1846, give notice, that the third meeting of the creditors of said Nancy S. will be held at the office of the said Master, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors of the said Nancy S. may be present and prove their claims, and the undersigned will present his account, preparatory to the making up of a dividend in said esse.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb. 9, 1846. feb10

Fire Goods!



THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. Bottz has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 84, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This Day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr CORDOVA, *Freeman*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21 Commercial wharf. (17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above line, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine,		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

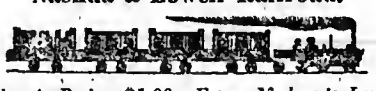
For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 12tf, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv8mjun17

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

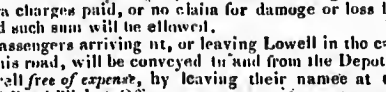
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BILSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz.

Leaving Lowell at 7½ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
3½ P. M., one half hour after " " "
5 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction to Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
12, M.,.....Portland
At about 5½, P. M.
At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale, Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

TUITION: for common English branches	$4.00
" higher " "	$4.50
Languages,	$5.00
Extra charges—Drawing and Painting,	$2,00
Instrumental Music,	10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A. M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [*Painting.*
Feb. 10, 1846. a2wp3w

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity to all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which was purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept23tf

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. d1ec2

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 38, Central st.

feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURES against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 73 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life for sale by JUDKINS, Central st.

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentury, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or preteeded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diurrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyepepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Aethor of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sedorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storm, of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southere climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swampe, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who sick are.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, serious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam

Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present onbleaching style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many spurious articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. "Among these are" Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Huntor's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer, and by apothecaries generally. eltf&ardm

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and mineral rocks, with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and mining Companies, with a map of the mineral region, &c. &c. by T. B. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,
626 20 Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and to all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bunnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent
I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt: JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURNOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN REISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.
MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.
Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

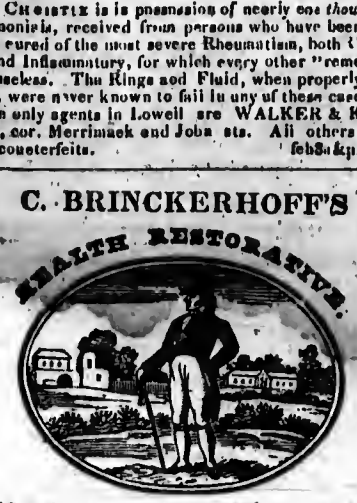
Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8 1y&ply

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, chasing it amoug the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.
JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Hartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents:

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. e&plynov3

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.
MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.
Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Corpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.
SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.
LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.
SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, comprising an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ashworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Pleo foc Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Iloudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacieth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

—Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, is every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Gen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts, Walker & Kiddar, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Sbattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Rewis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowa, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jun6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipothy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours; day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 22.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customery rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bertlett Street Belvidare, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tesements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advty LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

ttadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES.

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreaus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 *Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.*

jan31 1y

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 33, Central street,....LOWELL.

JAMES MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS, LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 *Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,*

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET,*

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, *Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,*

LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

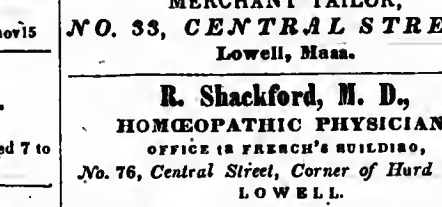
I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fuscel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Soldering and repairing of jobbing done to order. PUMPS, and all kinds ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Tune-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make cheets lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief, at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose science it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of retrieving strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills,* can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjne22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children,* is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,* prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ly

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 48 Central st. s23

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,* procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, as that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carletos & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar,* and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woolies garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building,* where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson,* all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds,* tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realised. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 66 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

PHRENOLOGY. *Amativeness*—A young lady's attachment to her looking-glass.

Philoprogenitiveness—Our little daughters playing with there doll babies.

Adhesiveness—Getting measured for a pair of boots, and setting on a piece of cobler's wax.

Inhabitiveness—A gormand contemplating skippery cheese.

Concentrativeness—Looking through the big end of a spy-glass.

Combativeness—The nightly demonstrations of the dogs of our village.

Destructiveness—An old maid tearing up doll babes.

Alimentiveness—Sucking molasses through a straw, or scraping a sugar hogshead.

Acquisitiveness—The early propensity of boys to rob orchards and water melon patches.

Secretiveness—Playing "Hunt the Slipper" with the gals, and trying to kiss them when you think no one is looking at you.

Cautiousness—Mamma telling John not to go out among the "gals" till he gets a little older.

Approbativeness—A lady's last look at her lover as she runs off and leaves him at church.

Self-Esteem—A rooster flapping his wings and crowing when on his own "dung hill."

Firmness—A brat squalling half the night, and not staying "put to sleep."

Conscientiousness—Reading your neighbor's paper, and not subscribing yourself.

Hope—School boys looking ahead for a long vacation, that they may go with the "fair ones."

Marvellousness—The youthful credence of "Jack the Giant Killer," or "Sinbad the Sailor."

Veneration—Placing too much confidence in the "minister," and sleeping in the church during the sermon.

AN UNIVERSAL GENIUS. It's a common saying that some things can be done as well others, but the only illustrators of the fact we ever heard of are what are called the *mock* auctioneers and one Mr. J. G. Surgoon, whose parish is a mile and a half before you come to Sunrise. He says:

J. G. Surgoon, Parish Clerk and School Master, Reforms ladys and gentlemen that he draws teeth without waiting a moment, blisters on the lowest terms, & fyaicks at penny apeace. Sells Godfather's Cordel, cut corns, and undertakes to keep any bodies usils by the year, or so on. Young ladies and gentlemen tort their grammer langwage in the neatest manner; also grate care taken of their morels and spelin. Also learns singing and teaching the Ho! Boy, Cow Tillions and other dances tort at home and abroad. Perfumery in all its branches. Sells all sorts of stashonary ware, blacking balls, red herrings and coals, scrubbing brushes, trecle, mouse traps, and all other sorts of sweetmeats—likewise taters, sausages, and other garden sluffs—also fruit, nuts, ballets boyle, tin ware, and all other eatables. Tumer sarve; corn sarve, and all hard wares. He also performs fleebotomy in a curious manner. Fathermore in particular, he has laid in a large sortment of tripe, china, dogs' meat, lollypops, and other pickles, such as boysters, &c. Old rags bought and sold here, and not any ware house—and new laid eggs every day, by me J. G.—P. S. I teaches joggrefy, and all them outlandish things.—N. B. A bawl on Wednesdays.

EXAMINATION OF LAW STUDENTS. *Question.* Have you attended any, and what lectures?

Answer. I have attended to many legal lectures, when I have been admonished by police magistrates for kicking up rows in the streets, pulling off knockers, etc.

Q. What is real action?

A. An action brought in earnest and not by way of a joke.

Q. What are a hill and answer?

A. Ask my tailor.

Q. How would you file a bill?

A. I don't know, but would lay the case before a blacksmith.

Q. What step would you take to dissolve an injunction.

A. I would put it in some very hot water and let it remain there until it was melted.

Q. What are past nuptials? A. Children.

Q. What is simple larceny?

A. Picking a pocket of a handkerchief, and leaving a purse of money behind.

PLEASE TO STOP MY PAPER. "I am going to stop my paper," said a miserly subscriber to a newspaper, to one of his neighbors; "I can't afford to take it."

"What is the price of it per year," said the other.

"Two dollars," was the reply.

"And can't you afford two dollars a year!—Think of it, truly two dollars a year! A year is a long time. Perhaps you have only a few such to spend here on earth. A year! whole year! and only two dollars! And what do you get for your money? A large, closely printed, useful sheet; giving you the news of the week, and a large amount of miscellaneous reading—philosophical and grave, light and humorous,—And yet you cant afford two dollars for such a paper a whole year.

"Well, I declare, neighbor, you [illegible] experienced man. I never tho't [illegible] that light before. It is only two [illegible] a year, and yet the paper comes to [illegible] week, I love to read it; I always find something in it that interests me. And moreover, on a second thought, I perceive that, after all, a good newspaper is about the cheapest thing a man can have. He gets more reading for his money than he can in any other way."

"True, neighbor, and this shows that what I have already said is true; newspapers seem to have been designed almost exclusively for the benefit of the poor. No man is too poor to take a newspaper, because it is the cheapest thing you can have."

Here both the speakers joined and said:

"Blessed are the editors, for they feed the poor with knowledge;" and they separated with looks of high satisfaction.

AN ELEPHANT HUNT IN AFRICA.

Well, then I will begin. Lieutenant Moodie was out elephant hunting with a party of officers and soldiers, when one day he was told that a large troop of elephants was close at hand, and that several of the men were out and in pursuit of them. Lieutenant Moodie immediately seized his gun, and went off in the direction where he heard the firing. He had forced his way through a jungle, and had just come to a cleared spot, when he heard some of his people calling out, in English and Dutch, "Take care, Mr Moodie, take care." As they called out, he heard the cracking of branches broken by the elephants as they were bursting through the wood, and then tremendous screams, such as we heard this night. Immediately afterwards, four elephants burst out from the jungle, not two hundred yards from where he stood. Being alone on the open ground, he knew that if he fired and did not kill, he could have no chance; so he hastily retreated, hoping that the animals would not see him. On looking back, however, he perceived, to his dismay, that they were all in chase of him, and rapidly gaining on him; he therefore resolved to reserve his fire till the last moment, turning toward some precipitous rocks, hoped to gain them before the elephants could come up to him. But he was still at fifty paces from the rocks, when he found that the elephants were within half that distance from him,—one very large animal, and three smaller,—all in a row, as if determined that he should not escape, stamping and snorting so tremendously that he was quite stunned with the noise. "That's what I call a very pretty position," observed the Major "Go on, Swinton; the affair is becoming a little nerveus." As his only chance, Lieutenant Moodie turned round, and levelled his gun at the largest elephant; but unfortunately the powder was damp, and the gun hung fire, till he was in the act of taking it from his shoulder when it went off, and the ball merely grazed the side of the elephant's head. The animal halted for an instant, and then made a furious charge upon him. He fell, whether struck down by the elephant's trunk he cannot say. The elephant then thrust at him as he lay, with his tusk; fortunately it had but one, and more fortunately it missed its mark, ploughing up the ground within an inch of Mr Moodie's body. The animal then caught him up with his trunk by his middle, and dashed him down between his fore feet to tread him to death. Once it pressed so heavily on his chest, that all his bones bent under the weight, but somehow or other, whether from the animal being in a state of alarm, it never contrived to have its whole weight upon him; for Mr Moodie had never lost his recolection, and kept twisting his body and limbs, so as to prevent it obtaining a direct iroad upon him. Whilst he was in this state of distress, another officer and a Hottentot huntor came up to his assistance, and fired several shots at the animal, which was severely wounded, and the other three took to their heels. At last the one who had possession of Mr Moodie turned, and, giving him a cuff with its fore feet, followed the rest. Mr Moodie got up, picked up his gun, and staggered away as fast as his aching bones would permit him. He met his brother, who had just been informed by one of the Hottentots who had seen him under the elephant, that he was killed. "Well, that was an escape," observed Wilmot. What made it more remarkable was, that he had hardly time to explain to his brother his miraculous preservation, before he witnessed the death of one of the hunters, a soldier, who had attracted the notice of a large male elephant which had been driven out of the jungle. The fierce animal gave chase to him, and caught him immediately under the height where Mr Moodie and his brother were standing, and after carrying the poor fellow a short distance, returned, and, as if to make sure of his destruction, it kneeled down on the body, and kneaded it with his fore legs; then rising it seized it again with its trunk, carried it to the edge of the jungle, and hurled it into the bushes. [Extract from a Narrative by Capt. Marryatt.

THE GALE. The late gale has produced many heart-rending disasters in the vicinity of New York.—The storm commenced on Saturday night, and blew with unprecedented fury. Among many melancholy disasters, published in the New York papers of yesterday, (Monday) the most appalling is the loss of the ship John Minturn, Capt. Stark, from New Orleans for New York. She went ashore on the Jersey Beach, and out of forty-one on board, all perished except six. Among those drowned were the captain and his wife. The ship Orleana, Capt. Sears, from New Orleans for New York, was also driven ashore near the same place, and several of her crew are supposed to have perished. Schooner Alabama, from Philadelphia for New York, went ashore on Saturday night during the height of the storm, and every soul on board perished—seven in all. Vessel a total loss. The Swedish bark Betty, Capt. Doehl, from New York for Antwerp, went ashore on Squam Beach, and became a total loss. Her master, mate and two seamen were drowned. The bark New Jersey, Capt. Lewis, from Savannah for New York, was also driven ashore, but still held together at last accounts.

The schooner Pioneer, from Brandywine (Del.) for New Haven, with a cargo of corn and flour, struck on Squam Beach 15th inst. and all on board perished. the vessel is a total loss. The schooner Register, of and from Newbern, N. C., went ashore near the same place, and one of the passengers was crushed to death by piece of the wreck—all the others were saved.

Many other vessels are reported to be ashore, and the New York papers estimate that from fifty to sixty lives have been lost.

The gale has severely felt at Bangor, Portland, Portsmouth, Mass., Cape Cod, New Bedford, Providence, and New London, but the disasters have been comparatively few. [Post.

☞ Mr Everett, our late minister to the court of St. James, said, in a speech in the House in 1823, on the occupancy of the Oregon river—

"Our undoubted right to the whole territory, from 42 degrees to the Russian boundary, is conceded by every statesman who has spoken on the subject."

If we fix the boundary at 49 deg. 40 m. "not a foot goes up nearly one half of the territory."

"My opinion is clear, that something decisive ought to be done by way of indicating our title." Washington Union.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 19, 1846.

THE FOREIGN NEWS. The advocacy by the British Government of the General principles of "free trade," and the proposition of Sir Robert Peel to at once admit Indian corn, one of the greatest staples of this country, and Buckwheat, free of duty into Great Britain—and to immediately reduce the duties on all bread stuffs from the United States, and in continually reduce them, so as at the end of three years to admit all kinds of grain from here free of duty—have knocked in the head the last argument of the high protectionists. The loggerhead argument with them has ever been,—why should we admit their manufactures here at low duties, while by their "corn laws" our bread stuffs are excluded from her markets! "Reciprocity" has been the only plausible argument they have had to cling to. By this, the people have been led into the error of "protection for the sake of protection," and had millions of dollars transferred from their own pockets to the pockets of the capitalists,—But if the British modify their "corn laws" then the reciprocity so long preached, as well as justice to our people, requires a modification of our iniquitous tariff. Many is the whig we have heard say, when Great Britain will reduce her "corn law" duties, then we will reduce our tariff. A whig gentleman, now in Europe purchasing goods for a large Importing House in Boston, in a letter home, says, "free trade" is the true doctrine, but hopes our government will impose high duties upon British manufactures as long as England imposes high duties upon American grain.

If Great Britain changes her "corn laws," as is now contemplated, it will be of the utmost importance to the agricultural interest;—that done, and our tariff reduced, farmers will gain at both ends—agricultural productions will be higher and farmers get what they buy cheepor. We look upon the news now brought, as an earnest of a happy change in the policy of this country and Great Britain. The agricultural, laboring and commercial interests, if it is carried into effect have truly cause to rejoice. The great barrier to a just distribution between labor and capital, will be broken down. While capital, in any one great controling branch of business, is depressed, labor in that branch must also be depressed; and as labor is regulated by the lowest standerd price, all labor must be depressed by legislation that depresses one branch of business to build up another—that gives capital in one branch (as is now the case in farming) but about 4 per cent on the capital invested, while to another it gives 40 per ct.

The news from Great Britain we should receive with unalloyed satisfaction were it not for fear that an attempt may be made to mix up the tariff with the Oregon question. Each should stand upon its own merits. The change in the tariff policy in of as much importance to Great Britain as to us. Our claim to Oregon should be considered without any regard to the tariff policy of the two countries whatever. We trust it no will be. And if so, whether settled by peace or war measures, whether we get the whole or a part, it will be far more satisfactory than if settled upon the merits of some other question.

That article in the Advertiser about the Post Office excites the risibles of a good many. We have heard good democrats say that the article in the Advertiser and the one in the other paper were both written by one and the same person. True it is that both papers are owned by the same firm; a little innocent knavery once in a while does very well, especially when it is of a description that people can see thro'. [Courier.

The above contains two untruths, and a matter of opinion that we don't hold to, and if we did, that we should not take pains to proclaim. "The article in the Advertiser and the one in the other paper" were *not* "written by one and the same person;" the article in the Advertiser we wrote, but the one in any other paper we never saw till it appeared in print. It is *not* true that the firm owning the Advertiser and the Patriot and Republican, owe any other paper. They neither own nor have control of any other paper. "A little *innocent* knavery once in a while" may be appreciated by the Courier, but it is beyond our understanding;—and as we don't expect to have use for any such commodity, that paper may enjoy the exclusive monopoly of the "*innocent* knavery" line of business, as well as of the knavery that is *not* innocent.

☞ The following from the Boston Courier shows why the Suffolk Bank refuse to receive the bills of the Manufacturers' & Mechanics' Bank of Nantucket.

"It was discovered last week that there was a large defalcation in the account of Mr Barker Bornell, state Senator from Nantucket and Dukes, who has, until a month or two, been cashier of the bank, and that a large portion of the capital had been misapplied. A director came on to Boston, to lay the matter before Mr Barnell, and induce him to return to Nantucket immediately, which he promised to do. He was in his place in the Senate on Friday, which day it is said, he drew some $12,000 from banks in State street on his individual account, and left the city, probably for the South, being unwilling to visit the scene of his delinquency, where his character and prospects were blasted."

As Mr Burnell is not a democrat, we predict the whig party will say nothing about his politics till the fact is repeated at a distance; then, it will probably be headed "Locofoco" or "Abolition Defaultor."

☞ Hill's New Hampshire Patriot thinks Mr Robinson, the New editor of the Manchester American is hardly so "high minded and honorable an opponent" as we imagined he would be. All we can say, is, we supposed he would be as quiet and gentlemanly there as here; but if we are mistaken, if he goes "to putting on airs" and being "saucy," just put the "gaffs" into him; he'll soon "keel over."

THE CITY GUARDS' LEVEE. Don't forget this opportunity for enjoyment. All will find sufficient entertainment, whether they belong to a regiment or no, if they have enough of the military spirit to enjoy a dance, or of the soldier to admire beauty. To-night is the time.

THE QUINCY AURORA has been discontinued for want of sufficient support. The editor complains that the new Post Office law has operated very much against country papers.

☞ A correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, writing from Washington, says,

"The notice in some shape, will pass the Senate. There are probably 6 or 8 Whigs that will vote for it. The lead of Mr J. M. Clayton will be followed on this subject."

Hiram Reed was tried at the Erie, N. Y., common pleas on the 10th for an attempt to commit a rape, and found guilty. This is the third case that has been tried in that county within three weeks. [Post.

OREGON: IRISH OPINIONS ON PEACE & WAR.

The following extract of a letter from T. D. McGee, dated at Dublin Jan. 3d, to the Boston Pilot, may not be uninteresting to many of our readers:

"Well informed men here do not believe in the probability of a third American war. They think whatever the United States may have to fear would be from naval attacks. It is worth observing that the constitution of the British army is very different from what it was in the campaigns of the peninsula. There are no longer any Germans regiments in the service, to keep the lines and to prevent desertion. The erection of Hanover into a kingdom has kept them at home under the eye of King Earnest, instead of sending them as formerly to hear the orders and wear the breeches of the horse guards. It is reported here that 50,000 troops are to be sent to assert the English claims to Oregon. You may count on 40,000 of them, at least, as settlers. There is hardly a mother's son of them that would not desert to the stripes and stars, and if our commander in chief is wise he ought to know it. If he should not find it out before they sail, he will hear of it soon after they land. I repeat again, America has nothing to fear if she is able to defend her seacoasts.

As to the chimera of raising a negro insurrection, no one but a madman or a professed philanthropist ever dreams of such a thing. On the contrary, there is a strong conviction here that the whites of the South are quite able to manage the colored population, and that, if they come to an insurrection, they would not want aid from the North.

The message of President Polk is regarded in Ireland with no ill will. Our press—which is, whatever its wants, a most faithful mirror of the Irish mind—regards it as a national defiance to England. We are inclined to think England will not take up the gauntlet. But if she does, there will be other questions to settle as well as the Oregon question. We consider our title perfectly clear to every inch of Ireland; while you cry America for the Americans, we cry Ireland for the Irish; we will give a year's notice to quit the joint occupancy of the Union, simultaneously with yours to terminate the copartnership in Oregon."

VOTE IN THE HOUSE ON THE "NOTICE."

	DEMOCRATS.		WHIGS.	
	For	*Against*	*For*	*Against*
Maine	6	0	1	0
N Hampshire	3	0	0	0
Vermont	1	0	0	8
Massachusetts	0	0	1	8
Rhode Island	0	0	1	1
Connecticut	0	0	0	4
New York	20	0	9	3
New Jersey	2	0	2	1
Pennsylvania	12	0	10	2
Delaware	0	0	0	1
Maryland	4	0	0	2
Virginia	5	8	0	1
N. Carolina	6	0	2	1
S. Carolina	6	0	0	0
Georgia	5	0	0	2
Alabama	4	2	1	0
Mississippi	4	0	0	0
Louisiana	3	0	0	1
Tennessee	6	0	0	5
Kentucky	3	0	6	1
Ohio	13	0	7	1
Indiana	7	0	1	1
Illinois	6	0	1	0
Michigan	3	0	0	0
Missouri	5	0	0	0
Arkansas	1	0	0	0
Total	120	16	42	38

TENNESSEE. The following joint resolutions have been passed by the Tennessee legislature:

Resolved, That the late annual message of President Polk to the two houses of congress is every way worthy the chief magistrate of the American people; the temperance, firmness, dignity, and liberality manifested in its discussion of our foreign relations, and its luminous exposition and patriotic recommendation of the great principles of domestic policy upon which the administration was brought into power, mark it as one among the ablest and most American documents ever issued from the executive department.

Resolved, That our senators in Congress be, and they are hereby, instructed, and our representatives requested, to sustain the principles of the message by their votes, by their energies and all their influence.

Resolved, That our senators in congress be, and they are hereby especially instructed, and our representatives requested, to vote against any proposition or bill which may be introduced in Congress, having for its object the establishment of a national bank, the assumption of the debts of the individual States, or the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of public lands among the States, whether acquired by cession or otherwise, as impolitic and unconstitutional.

Resolved, That our senators in congress be instructed, and our representatives requested to use their best exertions so to modify the tariff of 1842, as to reduce the duties it imposes to a revenue standard, and to abolish the minimum and specific duties, and to establish in their place ad valorem duties, as the most fair and equitable mode of levying a tax on imports.

Resolved, That our senators in congress be further instructed, and our representatives requested, to use their best exertions to extend the laws and jurisdiction of the United States over our citizens in the Oregon territory, and to adopt the most speedy means consistent with treaty stipulations to terminate the joint occupation of that territory by the United States and Great Britain.

WORKING OF THE NEW POSTAGE LAW. The Washington Union gives returns from 40 of the largest Post Offices in the United States, showing an aggregate decrease in the 4th quarter in 1844, of $58,484. Thus:

Receipts of 4th quarter	1844	$144,527
" " "	1845	86,043
Decrease,		$58,484

Or about two fifths; which is better than we anticipated. If the present rates are continued, the probability is that in two or three years the amount of revenue will be greater than under the former law. [Boston Times.

RAILROAD CONTRACT. We understand that the Providence and Worcester Railroad Company have contracted with the New England Iron Company, of this city, for the rails for their road. The price contracted for is $77 50 per ton. The rails are to be of the T pattern, and to weigh 56 pounds to the yard.—The New England Iron Company expect to be able to turn out five hundred tons of railroad iron a month, as soon as they get their machinery in operation. No railroad iron, we believe, has ever been made in New England. [Providence Journal.

DIVIDENDS. The Tremont and Suffolk manufacturing corporations make semi-annual dividends of ten per cent, payable on the 20th inst.

☞ The Springfield Republican states that the great Mastadon Skeleton has been purchased by Harvard University, for five thousand dollars.

JOHN H. WARLAND, late editor of the Manchester American, is now in the Insane Hospital at Concord, N. H.

A CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS. Prof. Morse has invented a secret alphabet for conducting private correspondence.

☞ The steam boiler of the National Intelligencer presses burst on Friday night last.

AUCTION DUTIES. Total paid by all the auctioneers in the State, for the year 1845, $49,295 17.

☞ Charles J. Fox, Esq., of Nashua, N. H. died on Tuesday, at his residence in that town.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Tuesday Feb. 17.

In the SENATE, two bills and a resolve were passed to be enacted.

Georgs Washington Warren and others of Charlestown petitioned for an act of incorporation for a Gas Light Company in said town.

Bills were reported to incorporate the proprietors of the High street Church and Kirk street Church in Lowell, the Harrison Avenue Congregational Society in Boston, and authorizing the North ward Corporation to extend their ward in Truro.

Leave to withdraw was reported on the petition of David R. Griggs and others to be set off from Roxbury and annexed to Brookline, and the report was placed in the orders of the Day.

Adjourned at quarter before 1 o'clock.

In the HOUSE. Petitions presented—Of Frederick W. Boldgett and others, and Simon Thompson and others against the Nashua and Lowell railroad—of Isaac Loveloy and others against capital punishment—of Horace W. Newell and others for a law defining the number of hours which shall constitute a day's labor.

Mr Byington, of Stockbridge, from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill securing to married women, whose husbands do not make suitable provision for them, their wages and deposits made by them in savings banks; and providing that all moneys deposited in savings banks for their own use, by unmarried women, may be paid to their own use after their marriage. Second reading.

The orders of the day were taken up, and the amendment proposed by Mr Whitney, of Stow, to Mr Norton's bill upon the revival of repeal statutes, was rejected by a very heavy vote.

The question now recurred on amending the report and by substituting the bill as amended at the suggestion of Mr Wales, of Boston, and it was ordered to a second reading, and to be printed, and placed in the orders of the day, in lieu of the report of the committee on the judiciary, that it was inexpedient to legislate on the subject. Carried without a count.

[The bill which has thus received apparently the sanction of the house, is as follows:

"No act nor resolve hereafter passed shall be construed to revive or re-enact any provision of law not in force at the time of its passage, if the intention so to revive or re-enact is not set forth therein"

The Senate report leave to withdraw from the Committee on Education, on the petition of several towns for their share of the School Funds, which they had been deprived of in consequence of informalities in their returns, came up for consideration. It was accepted after an amusing and eloquent debate of two hours duration, by a vote of 128 to 19, and after a motion to recommit with instructions had been rejected.

At quarter past 2 o'clock the House adjourned.

Wednesday, Feb. 18.

IN THE SENATE, it was ordered that the joint standing committee on Prisons consider the expediency of requiring the agent of discharged convicts to make an annual report of his doings to the Governor and Council.

The special committee on the difficulties between the Western & Worcester Railroad Corporations, reported that as an arrangement had been completed and entered into by said corporations, any legislation was needless on the subject, and that they be discharged from any further consideration of the same and that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, and said report was accepted.

Bills were reported to authorize the Boston Wharf Co. to extend their wharves; to set off a part of Ipswich to Boxboro', to incorporate the Bristol County Savings Institution; the Bensonville Manufacturing Co; the Union Mills; to increase the capital of the Tremont Iron Co; and the Taunton Copper Co.

IN THE HOUSE, an order was offered by Mr Byington of Stockbridge that a special joint committee be appointed to consider whether any improvements in the law can be made relative to manufacturing and railroad corporations, which was laid upon the table, on his own motion.

The Judiciary committee reported leave to withdraw on the petition of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad Corporation, and that it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject of appointing an Inspector of Flour.

Mr Wilson of Natick called up the preamble and resolution against American slavery, which he submitted some days since, and he spoke one hour and twenty minutes on the general subject of slavery, and in favor of an order which he also submitted with them that they be referred to the special committee on the Georgia resolves, with instructions to consider the expediency of passing the same. Mr Bryant of Barre at the conclusion of Mr Wilson's speech, moved that the subject be indefinitely postponed. Mr Fitts of Haverhill opposed, and Mr Gardner of Wales favored this motion. On motion of Mr Tolman of Boston the whole matter was laid upon the table by a vote of 97 to 71.

The city of Boston petitioned for an amount that said city had actually paid for the support of State Paupers.

CONGRESS.

Monday, Feb. 16.

In the SENATE, after the usual routine of morning business, Mr Hannegan, of Indiana, made a very able speech in favor of giving the "notice." He shew our title was perfect to the whole of oregon. He quoted a speech from Mr Clay, declaring that our title, as derived from Spain, was good against England to latitude 50, and to 55 against Russia; and against all the world to the territory drained by the Columbia and its tributaries, as derived from our own discoveries and exploration. He went on to condemn arbitration on the ground that it would be absurd to submit arbitration an exclusive title. He said the only argument for arbitration was fear of war, which he admitted was a great evil, but not so great as the dishonor of purchasing a peace.

In the HOUSE. Three resolutions, presented by different members, ordering the late project of the secretary of the treasury for a tariff bill to be printed for the use of the House, were laid upon the table.

Mr Campbell, of N. York, presented several petitions praying Congress to allow deputy postmasters to be elected by the people, or requiring that they should not be removed except for good cause. A resolution of inquiry was proposed upon the subject, but objected to by Mr McKay, of N. Carolina.

A resolution proposing the pre-payment of postage was introduced, and another looking to the transmission of newspapers free of postage. Adjourned.

REV. CHARLES T. TORREY. A petition has been presented to Gov. Pratt, of Maryland, for the pardon of the Rev. C. T. Torrey, (now confined in the Penitentiary for abducting slaves,) predicated on his increasing ill health. It is proposed that he shall pay for his slaves, be pardoned, and leave the state. He admits that he acted wrong, and desires to be forgiven. His wife has also petitioned in his behalf with numerous other applicants.

We learn, (says the Anderson, S. C. Gazette,) that there is great distress in some of the districts most of this, on account of the scarcity of corn; cattle and other stock are said to be dying for the want of provender, and it is with difficulty that many can obtain bread for their families. With us times would have been quite easy, had not other districts drawn largely upon us for supplies, which has raised the price of corn to one dollar per bushel, and scarce at that.

☞ Counterfeit $100 bills upon the Suffolk Bank, manufactured at the West, have made their appearance in Boston, via New Orleans.

Mr E. F. Gray, a constable of Portland, Me, fell down dead on Monday morning last, in his house in that city, while washing himself.

Commodore William B. Shubrick, we see it stated, has been removed from the head of the Bureaus of Provisions and Clothing in the Navy Department, and Mr Gideon Wells of Hartford, Ct. appointed in his place. Mr W. was formerly Postmaster at Hartford.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

THIRTY-ONE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The British mail steamer Cambria, Capt. C. H. Judkins, left Liverpool Feb. 4, and arrived at Boston at 10 o'clock on the night of Feb. 18, in a passage of 14 days.

From the Liverpool Times, Feb. 4.

Great Changes in the Commercial Policy of England—Repeal of the Corn Laws—Triumph of Free Trade. The steamship Cambria, commanded by our excellent and esteemed friend, Capt. Judkins, took out to-day the most important and gratifying intelligence that ever left the shores of Britain. Sir Robert Peel—England's powerful and brilliant minister—has developed his future commercial policy. It is at once simple and comprehensive, and under its operation the exchange of commodities between this country and the United States will be carried to an extent, and will be mutually productive of advantages, greater—to quote, not irreverently, the words of the sacred volume, "than the eye hath seen, or the heart hath conceived." The new scheme embraces, with a full sense of their importance, the principles of free trade—repudiates all protection for commerce, manufactures, and agriculture; admits corn duty free at the end of three years, with a scale in the interim which will probably oscillate between four and six shillings per quarter, and at once admits Indian corn and barley wheat free of all duty whatever.

Great Britain, at the present moment, is in a blaze of excitement; men talk, and think of nothing else; they have set their hearts upon securing the great fiscal scheme, for the regeneration of the country, which the Premier has laid before parliament, and they desire to curtail the period fixed for the total extinction of the Corn-laws. The friends of peace and progression, on this side of the water, hope—earnestly and sincerely hope—that the new policy will bind America to us by the ties of amity, brotherhood, and interest, and that the miserable squabbling about a barren waste will give way to more liberal, civilized and comprehensive views.

Great Britain is strongly inclined to a peaceful settlement of the Oregon dispute. In the House of Commons, Sir Robert Peel said,

"I think it would be the greatest misfortune if a contest about Oregon between such powers as England and the United States could not, by the exercise of moderation and good sense, be brought to a perfectly honorable and satisfactory conclusion."

FRANCE. M. Guizot has made a speech in the French Chamber that created some sensation. We have room for but brief extracts. After speaking at length upon the subject of annexation he went on to say that he might have broken off there, but he begged permission to refer to the remarks of the President's Message on the general relations of France with United States and of the general policy of the U. States towards France and Europe. He would himself not have opened such a discussion, and it was not either in the interest or the necessity of the two countries to have opened it; but, since it was opened, he had no hesitation to say his entire thoughts about it. They entertained the same good sentiments in the same good relations to the United States as they had always done, and they meant to maintain them. They meant to be always for the United States old and sincere friends. But the United States are not what they were sixty years ago. Then they were just created, badly constructed, and needed support—parential support.—Now they have grown and prospered, and taken their places among the powerful of the earth.

Far from regretting, they applauded and rejoiced at this prosperity and grandeur; and not only did they rejoice at their present grandeur, but at their great destinies in the future. Opinions might differ as to the merits of their social organization and their political institutions; but it was impossible not to recognize in that society, and by consequence in its influence, principles of justice, of humanity, of well-being for men, which have been wanting in the greater part of the States which have become great and powerful in the world. There was reason to hope that, in spite of all the imperfections, all the chances, all the obscurities of the future of this great people, it will exercise its influence in a manner more moral and more useful than many other great people. They were, therefore, far from complaining of, or being alarmed at the present and future greatness of the United States. But they were obliged to take into serious consideration, and regard with a vigilant, not distrustful eye, their greatness and strength; and nobody could be surprised that, in the interest of their country, they should maintain the independence of their policy towards the United States great and powerful, in quite a different manner than they had done towards the United States newly born, and hardly sure to live.

Even if the simplest common sense do not teach them that conduct, the message of the President of the U. States indicated it clearly. It was not for him to say that the words of the President were either opportune or measured; but they were frank, explicit, and honorable. He had read them attentively, and had sought, in the interests of his country, the policy they conveyed. He had found two things which appeared to him excessively grave. The first was, that the U. States have not taken and will not take part for or against any one is the affairs of Europe. They profess they practice a perfectly isolated policy with regard to Europe; independent neutrality. He did not blame them. He would go further, and say it was their interest, well understood, and that interest was good policy. "But then (pray, mark these words, they are of vast importance), the U. States cannot be astonished that we do the same; they cannot be astonished that the policy of France will be, with respect to the U. States, as independent, as purely attached to the national interest, as are the U. States themselves."

Item No. 1. That Col. Bancroft is to be the whig candiduto for mayor.

Item No. 2. That B. F. French is to be ditto.

Item No. 3. That Dr. J. C. Dolton is to be ditto.

Item No. 4. That Joshua Swan is to be ditto.

Item No. 5—fact. That the whig current is a little *rily*.

Item No. 6. (old series) That the "linnbacks" denounce the "Reformers" as the "*rum party*"—of course.

POSTMASTERS. John Blaisdell, Jr., has been appointed postmaster at Lake village, N. H., in place of Bracket Palmer, removed. Otis Brooks has been appointed postmaster at Wendell, Mass., vice Dr. Lucius Cook, removed.

☞ The sorrowing of those who are in deep affliction for themselves or friends low with consumption, or sickened with distressing coughs and colds, will soon be changed to a song of joy. The extension of the sale of Mr Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative, is sufficient evidence of the confidence placed in it. The sales from different parts of the country show its favor among the public. It is confidently recommended as a perfect and unfailing cure, and never yet has it deceived those who make trial of it.

MARRIED,

In this city, Feb. 15, by Rev D. C. Eddy, Mr John H. Akn to Miss Charlotte White.

In Saxonville, Dr J. M. Wiggin, Pastor of the Second W. M. Church of Providence, to Miss Caroline Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Rev Jotham Haven, of Saxonville.

DIED,

In Middlesex Village, Feb. 17, Ellen, wife of Francis A. Calvert, aged 32.

In Concord, Feb. 11, Mr Charles Melvin, aged 61.

In Newton, Feb. 15, Mary Ann Pettee, aged 41.

In Waltham, Feb. 6, infant son of J. H. and Miranda E. Priest; 15, Miranda Edgerton, wife of J. H. Priest, eldest daughter of the late Joseph Edgerton, Esq., aged 34.

LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

In the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

AN ACT to provide for the government and management of Houses of Correction in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever any house of correction shall be united in one and the same building, or establishment, with the jail, in any county except Suffolk, the sheriff of such county shall have the custody, rule and charge of the same, and of all prisoners therein, and shall keep the same himself, or by his deputy or jailer, for whom he shall be responsible; and the powers and duties of such keeper shall be the same as those of a master of a house of correction by law now are.

SEC. 2. The County Commissioners in such county shall have the same authority to appoint overseers of houses of correction, so situated, as by law they now have, and the powers and duties of said overseers shall be the same as by law they now are; provided, that they shall make no contract for the labor of the prisoners, to be performed without the yards of said house, or whereby the safe keeping of any prisoner may be endangered, unless the sheriff consents to the same.

SEC. 3. The said Commissioners in such county, or counties, shall, in the months of May and November in each year, make an allowance to the said keeper of a reasonable sum for his services and for the support of the prisoners under his charge, and other necessary expenses; and in case the said Commissioners shall neglect or refuse to make such allowance, or the said keeper shall be dissatisfied with the amount thereof, he may present his petition showing the facts to the Court of Common Pleas, next to be holden in and for said County, who shall cause notice thereof to be given the chairman of said Commissioners, and after hearing the matter of said petition, may determine the amount of such allowance, and pass such further order in the premises as law and justice may require.

SEC. 4. All acts, or parts of acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Approved by the Governor, Feb. 4th, 1846.

AN ACT to limit writs of Scire facias against Trustees.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

SECTION 1. No writ of *Scire facias* shall be maintained against any person adjudged trustee in process of foreign attachment, unless served upon him within two years after the rendition of judgment in the original suit: *provided*, that if the money or other thing due from him to the principal defendant, is not payable when said judgment is rendered, said writ may be maintained, if served within one year after said money or other thing shall become payable.

SECT. 2. This act shall not apply to any writ of *Scire facias* now pending, or that shall be issued and served within one year after the passage thereof.

Approved by the Governor, Feb. 14, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Manufacturing Corporations.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

SECTION 1. Any shares in Manufacturing Corporations may be transferred by the proprietor thereof, by an instrument in writing under his hand; recorded by the Clerk of the Corporation in a book to be kept for that purpose, and the purchaser named in such instrument, so recorded, shall, on producing the same to the treasurer, and delivering to him the former certificate, be entitled to a new certificate.

SECT. 2. That part of the twelfth section of the thirty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, which requires the transfer of shares to be by deed under seal, and acknowledged before some justice of the peace, is hereby repealed.

SECT. 3. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved by the Governor, Feb. 16, 1846.

[BRIGHTON MARKET.—MONDAY, Feb. 16, 1846. [From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—845 Beef Cattle, 1200 Sheep and 760 Swine. 200 Swine have been before reported. 300 Sheep and 550 Swine unsold.

PRICKS—*Beef Cattle*—Last week's prices were fully sustained. We noticed 9 beautiful Cattle from Westfield, and 4 from Springfield, price not public. We quote extra 5 75 @ $6; first quality 5 50 @ 5 75; second 5 @ 5 25; third 4.25 @ 4 67.

Sheep—Dull. Sales from $2 to $4.

Swine—Two lots of Shoats, selected, 4c for Sows, 5c for Barrows; a lot of large Barrows, selected, 4½c.—There appeares to be very little demand for Shoats, either in lots or retail—nearly all of 4 drores remain unsold.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but cure should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wa&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

Lost!

A NICE lined *BUFFALO ROBE* came where on Middlesex street. Whoever has found the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at L. B. Norris' Stable, Commercial street.
feb19 LAWRENCE B. NORRIS.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same. HUGH McEVOY.
Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, in and for said County.

In the matter of FREDERICK HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor. To the creditors of said insolvent and all whom it may concern: You are hereby notified that the second meeting of the creditors of said Insolvent, will be held before the said Master in Chancery, at his office in Groton, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the usual business of such meetings will then and there be transacted, when you may be present to prove claims, &c.

And you and all others are also notified that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of said insolvent's estate, and all persons having any property of said insolvent will deliver it over to me; and all persons indebted will pay the same to me accordingly.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM SMITH, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb'y 16th, 1846. 2tfeb19

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for thirty days!

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY
feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 58 Central street.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained; the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered as external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we must confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. K. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Pack, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. G. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment!

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock.—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 16th, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 ¼ to 7, and 8¼.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Gabriel, Atkins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the very laughable farce of

MY WIFE'S COME!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Cross, Mrs Merrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb17

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am appointed Assignee of the estate of said debtor, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be held at the office of the Hon J. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, on the NINTH day of March next, at ten o'clock, A. M., where they may be present and prove their claims.

R. LAPHAM, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb 19, 1840. feb19

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 38, Central st.
feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37,—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife, Emily Lawrence, has left my bed and board, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay nothing more of her contracting.

JOSIAH LAWRENCE.
Feb'y 16th, 1846. 3tfeb17

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—PEN COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Saturday.

TAKES no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, Snow, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. f16

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.
Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. tfdec2

Sands's Sarsaparilla.

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism; I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form: I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Rossell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in General Court assembled:

RESPECTFULLY represent your petitioners, that they are inhabitants of that part of Dracutt, in the county of Middlesex, which is known by the name of "Centralville." That their business, feelings and interests connect them much more nearly with the city of Lowell than with the town of Dracutt; that many of them do business in Lowell, and all of them are almost wholly dependent on that city for their prosperity; that Centralville is separated from the heart of the city of Lowell only by the Merrimack river, and is very intimately connected with the city; that the remotest part of Centralville is not more than half a mile distant from the City Hall, the Court House, and the Post Office of Lowell.

WHEREFORE, as a matter of public and private convenience, your petitioners pray that said Centralville, which is now a part of said Dracutt, and contains less than three hundred acres of land, may be set off from said Dracutt, and be annexed to and become a part of the city of Lowell in said county. To wit:—Beginning at a point at a thread of the Merrimack river, on the line which separates the city of Lowell from Tewksbury, thence running North 17° 30' East to a hemlock tree on the North bank of said river; thence running North 8° 15' West sixty-seven chains and fifty links; thence running North 89° West seventy-five chains nearly, till it reaches the thread of said Merrimack river below Pawtucket Falls; thence turning and running Easterly following the thread of said river to the point of beginning. (Signed.)

JOSEPH BRADLEY and others.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In Senate, February 10, 1846.

On the petition aforesaid, ORDERED, That the petitioners cause an attested copy of their petition, with this order thereon, to be served on the Town Clerk of the town of Dracutt, and the City Clerk of the city of Lowell, five days at least before the 23d day of February current, and to be published three times in the Lowell Daily Courier and Lowell Advertiser, newspapers printed in the city of Lowell, the last publication to be three days at least before the 23d day of February current, that all persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Sent down for concurrence—

CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk.

In the House of Representatives, Feb. 11, 1846.

Concurred—

CHARLES W. STOREY, Clerk.

A true copy. Attest—
f14 CHARLES CALHOUN, Clerk of Senate.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Feb. 14th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of STEPHEN LANIGAN, of Billerica, in said County, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Lanigan will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Lanigan, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
feb14 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

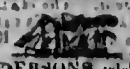
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

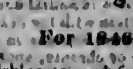
J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep19tf

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. RAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjne17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every port of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

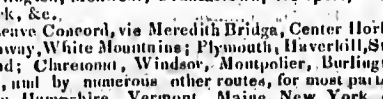
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Charlestown, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

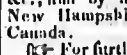
Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North

2¼ P. M., or last train of the day.

5 P. M., to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¾ A. M., to convey passengers by the 62 mile train from Concord to any part of the Lowell, Nashua & Concord Roads.

At about 9 A. M., on arrival of the night train from Great Falls

At about 12 M., Portland

At about 3¼, P. M.,

At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, east of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, without change.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc.; together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Filler do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises in the Declamation of Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

TUITION: for common English branches	$4.00
higher	$4.50
Languages,	$5.00
Extra charges—Drawing and Painting,	$2.00
Instrumental Music,	10.00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A. M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
CHESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [*Painting.*
Feb. 10, 1846. 2w&8w

Fire Goods.

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOISE has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 84, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were appraised injured to them.

BENT & BUSH.
Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B.—We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter or Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan21 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, 00 Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master.

J. DINSMOOR, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb'y 12, 1846. feb17

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express as by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burst off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 10,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 2mo&yan18

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Chronic Moving, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 2 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends, and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as: Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, both in the bones, exanthem on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat; &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of silent and venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs. Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr. Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr. has four private rooms for private patients. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for my medicine, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicine can be sent to them safely, in a case warranted. jy1

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure for causes of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and hence their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretcace of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasms of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many spurious articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n18a4m6m

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By *T. R. St John*. For sale by CUDLIPP, 50 Central st. feb5

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs: *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BOLSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristol has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 70 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and an examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb18ekply

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,

Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. &. N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Dinrrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures; Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Famale Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Prescott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1846. rag8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendancy to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 6th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with these complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p8m.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle: Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Bookseellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader," will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct20 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Merrill & Heywood,

(Successors to Messrs. Perkins & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bequet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentary, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES,

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth; that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dueabury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet; J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollistun, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigge & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littletan, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Colleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrase; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington. Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn; R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common selphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nunvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug6—1y

TRI-WEEKLY
LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 23.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 82, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Ammercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES,

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market: Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hend. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

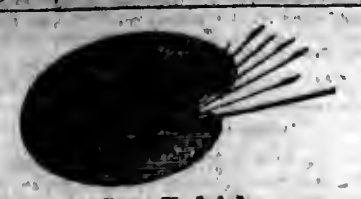
I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his books as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused nothing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 42 Central st. s23

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, as that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

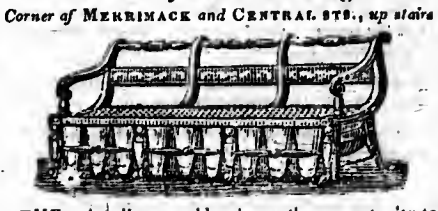
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Lainn, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath,

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

FATTENING CATTLE.

We take the following remarks of Mr C. W. Wood, upon the subject of fattening cattle, delivered at a quarterly meeting of the Loughborough Agricultural Association, England, from J. S. Skinner's Monthly Journal of Agriculture, New York.

"Mr C. W. Wood, surgeon, of Woodhouse Eaves, said he would direct the few remarks he had to make exclusively to the expressed object of the meeting, namely the feeding of cattle; and he viewed that as the most important matter with which the practical farmer had to do; in short, his whole life and exertions tended only to produce the greatest possible quantity of beef and mutton—if not in the shape of fat cattle, his suply of grain only produced the same effects in man. But before we talk of producing it is necessary to ascertain correctly what we want to produce. All animals are composed of bone, muscle, fat, cellular tissue, wool, hair, horns, skin, and nails, and we find these very substances ready formed in vegetables, the power of nutrition in the animal having nothing to do but select them from its food, and by means of the circulation to place them where they are wanted. If your object be, as in the young growing animal, to increase as well as to sustain it, you choose those vegetables which contain a large proportion of muscular fibre, or nitrogen and phosphate of lime for the bones, such as peas, beans, oats, barley, &c. If, with a full grown animal, your object be to sustain its condition with an increase of fat, you give those vegetables which contain fat ready formed, as lentiles, Indian corn seed cake, &c. But as you have generally a mixed object in view, namely, to produce bone, muscle, and fat also, you must necessarily give a mixed food. The operations of which I will now explain. The composition of the animal and the vegetable world is identically the same, and the latter, wherever we find it, contains in a greater or less degree all the elements of the former. The vegetable world is sustained entirely from inorganic nature, the earth on which we tread, and the atmosphere we breathe, occupying a middle sphere, its whole existence being to collect materials to build up the animal, consequently entirely subservient to it. The inorganic world, again, is composed of a few simple elements, of which hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, carbon, phosphorus, sulphur, and some saline substances, as potassium, sodium, and calcine, form the chief, the very elements of vegetable and animal life. Geology, chemistry, physiology, are therefore essential to the right understanding of this subject, bearing ever in mind that the lower are always administering to the wants and necessities of the higher orders of creation. There is no motion in an animal body, or emotion of mind, but what causes a coresponding absorption of the tissues of the body, and in order to keep up this daily waste, a certain amount of food is necessary. This is called sustaining the body. Thus cattle working hard require a larger amount of food than when at rest. This necessity being duly attended to, constitutes health. But fattening, gentlemen, is an unnatural condition, and requires an increase of substance. Hence the necessity of unnatural means, as the absence of exercise, light, and the influences of the atmosphere, a mixed diet (to bring out all the materials of the animal body to the greatest perfection) in a dry, warm state. *Mr Childer's beautiful experiments proved that warmth alone with an animal would produce one-third more flesh, and at the expense of one-fourth less food. Mr Norton also proved that the absence of light with warmth produced still greater results.* The reason of this is obvious. Every animal possesses both a nutritive and respiratory apparatus; the one to sustain the body, the other to support its vitality, by producing heat or warmth. This first object is effected by the gluten in the food principaly, the basis of which is nitrogen. The second by the starch, sugar, and gum, contained in the food, which form bile, the basis of which is carbon. The bile passes into the intestines, where it meets with oxygen, and thus becomes carbonic acid. In this state it enters the circulation, where it meets with peroxide of iron, (which the blood always contains,) the carbon unites with the iron, and forms carbonate of iron. In this state it passes to the lungs, where it meets with fresh oxygen during inspiration, which re-converts the carbon in the carbonic acid, which passes off during expiration, while the peroxide of iron is reformed, and taken back by means of its carriers to be again transformed into carbonate. The result of combustion of carbon is heat. [illegible] of the animal body is nearly [illegible] all food, therefore, before it [illegible] listed must be raised to its [illegible] ture, which can only be [illegible] sumption of carbon, or its

food. Potatoes, linseed-cake, and oleaginous seeds, on account of the starch, sugar, oil, and gum they contain, are well adapted to accomplish this end. If we reflect for one moment on the immense importance of the liver and lungs in the animal economy, is it not strange to see the score of diseased ones which our shambles are constantly exhibiting? showing the great inattention the farmer pays to the comfort and well being of his cattle. Fat is a reservoir of carbon for the system to draw upon for the purpose of combustion, in the event of the food not containing a sufficient quantity of the proper elements to keep up animal heat. As manure is an important result attending the feeding of animals, it may be well to remark that its quantity depends upon the refuse of food, and the amount of absorption going on in an animal's body, or in other words upon its own destruction, thus returning to inorganic nature, no food for vegetable life, the elements of its own nature. But the quality depends upon the quantity of nutritious food given to the animal. The young growing animal reqiring increase as well as sustenance, consumes all the nitrogen and fatty matter in its food. The milking cow the same. But in the full grown, feeding animal a large quantity of these ingredients is not consumed: a rich and valuable manure is the result. In choosing animals for feeding purposes, the farmer often exhibits a remarkable knowledge of physiognomy He likes a kindly-disposed, quiet-looking animal, with symmetry of carcass; one built for strength, broad across the back and loins, and long quarters, where large masses of muscles are placed, a narrow and deep chest, and 'a good handler,' or where there is a large quantity of fine, soft hair, with plenty of fatty matter underneath to nourish it. Thus furnished, he has only to put into operation the suggestions of science, and the result must necessarily be both profitable and useful."

☞ Trinity Church, within ninety-one years has given about four hundred thousand dollars in money to new churches in the city, in addition to one hundred and four lots of ground to Columbia College, forty-three lots to St. Marks, twenty-eight lots to the Protestant Episcopal Society, twenty five lots to Grace Church, three lots to the Church Du St. Esprit, six lots to St. Michael's, four lots to St. James's, and thirty-two lots to St. George's. But the Widow's mite, in proportion to her means, was a thousand times more than Mother Trinity's donations. Estimating the real estate of the latter at eighty millions, and the personal property at twenty millions more, which is said to be near the mark, how much ought she to give anually? At five per cent., which we believe is the interest she exacts on her lots, her real estate would yield *four millions of dollars annually*, and yet the other churches quietly permit her corporations to control these vast revenues and estates, granted for the support of protestant churches in New York! She doles out a little pittance annually, just to stop the mouths of those whose property she holds and controls. [New York Sun.

Economy. Never burn a lamp: only the oil and wick which are in it. Lamps are expensive.

Pull off your coat and shoes in the house, and also at church. You don't want to wear them out when they are not needed.

See to the stuffing of your wife's hustle.—Damaged cotton will answer as well as any.

If you chew tobacco swallow the juice; and you will not use so much.

Buy your liquor by the gallon, and never drink except at the particular request of your wife: and it will last longer.

Punning. The celebrated clown, Rice, had a benefit at Baltimore a short time since, at which it was announced that a silver cup would be given to the author of the best conundrum. The following were presented on the occasion, and the prize awarded for the first:

Why will the winner of the goblet be performing a feat that will throw Herr Alexander in the shade? Because he will extract *silver* from *Rice*.

Why is a boy that gambles like a man just recovering from the small pox? Because he is a *little better*.

Why is the course pursued by Mr Calhoun on the Oregon question like Oregon itself? Because it borders on the *Pacific*.

Why is a stable like the Senate of the United States? Because there is a great deal of neighing (*naying*) there.

Why is the Queen of England like a cracked bell? Because she has lost her *Peel*.

Why is President Polk on the Oregon question like a frightened rat? Because he goes for the *whole* (hole.)

Why do husbands now-a-days dislike to have their wives go abroad? Because they never leave their homes without a *bustle*.

Why are ladies' busties like Walter Scott's novels? Because they are fictitious *tales* founded on fact.

Why is floor like the earth? Because it is *ground*.

Why is the mourning head-dress of a young widow like the emblem of Freedom? Because it's the *Cap of Liberty*.

To prevent snow water from penetrating boots and shoes. Take equal quantities of bees-wax and mutton suet, and melt them together in an earthen pipkin, over a slow fire. Lay the mixture while hot on the boots and shoes, which ought to be made warm also, let them stand before the fire a short time for it to soak in, and then put them away until quite cool. When they are so, rub them dry with a piece of flannel, in order that you may not grease your blacking brushes. If you black them well before you put the mixture on you will find them take the blacking much better afterwards.

Confession. A lady came to Charles Wesley complaining that she was the chief of sinners—the worst of transgressors—utterly lost and hopeless. "I have no doubt madam," replied he, "that you are bad enough." She instantly flew into a passion, declared that she was no worse than her neighbors, scolded [illegible] mother as a slanderer, and it is thought would [illegible] his ears if he had not quitted the apartment. &c. Letters to a proiste.

[illegible] a son who, at the age of eleven rose to the rank of Major. One [illegible] hearing a noise in the nursery, [illegible] what was the cause of it. "It [illegible]," the Major crying for his

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 21, 1846.

PLURALITY LAW.

We have said nothing upon this subject during its pendency in the Legislature, for the simple reason that we knew whatever might be said would be of no avail, so long as the whig party were in the ascendancy, and likely to be losers by a change in the present system. We knew, too, that while the whigs of Boston were opposed to a change, none would be effected, though every whig press and nine-tenths of the whig party, out of Boston, should commit themselves in favor of a new system. Nothing is more common than to hear whig members from the country talk in favor of changes, reforms and doctrines, purely democratic; and nothing is more common than to find them, when called upon to act on the measures, or carry out the principles they have advanced, following in the wake of their Boston leaders, directly in opposition to their previously expressed democratic views. The interests of party, and of party mieee, are considered by the whig leaders when any change is proposed. Many were the whig members who believed the introduction of the plerality system would be a great saving of time, expense and trouble; but on being shown that their *party* would be losers by it, the whole mass of whig members, as we knew they would, went against change. The organ of the whig party in Middlesex county, published in the second city in New England, could not carry a single vote, after the Boston members declared against the change. The democratic party, having seen the whigs of the House and Senate train into line, so automaton like, "without a why or a wherefore," being led off by the Boston delegation, made a serious effort in 1844, to have the order reversed in the call of the yeas and nays, by beginning with Dukes and Nantucket, and ending with Suffolk. But the leaders knew the advantage of having Boston "lead off," and the "time-honored custom" was maintained.

A plerality law for the election of members of Congress, would at once find favor in whig eyes, if it could only be brought about without manifesting the grossest departure from principle in not introducing the same system for the election of State officers. But it can not. And when a whig brings forward an argument in favor of having Congressmen elected by a plurality vote, a democrat takes it up, and shows that the reasons are equally strong for introducing the plurality system in the election of State officers. The propriety of this application of the argument cannot be denied. And the pinrality system must be adopted in the election of State officers as well as of Congressmen, or the party is convicted, beyond the possibility of excuse, of sacrificing principle to mere *party ends*.

Should the plurality system be introduced in the election of State officers, it is far from certain that the whig party would be able to control the State a single year; hence the objection to its introduction. The whig party, could they do it and go no farther, would adopt the plurality system in the election of members of Congress, as soon as the requisite steps could be taken. But they see that cannot be done. And therefore, should we not be able to elect a solitary member of Congress, the plurality system will not be adopted so long as the whig party is in the ascendancy and will be likely to lose the control of our State government thereby.

Experimental preaching. The New York News says:

"We are in truth a people of practical philosophy. A fellow, whose term of imprisonment recently expired, is now lecturing down East on the evils of our penitentiary system; J. B. Gough has re-commenced his lectures on intemperance, &c.; Green, the reformed gambler, is lecturing out west on blackleglism; and G. Grimes, who has written a Treatise on Insanity, while confined in the Lunatic Asylum of Tennessee, is now disposing of the work"

Chain cables says the N. Y. Sun are a slender protection against invading fleets, judging from the movements of Captain Hope, of the British steamer Firebrand, at the battle of the Parana. He steamed up to the chain placed across the river, hooked it with his cat-block and hauled it up to the cat-head, and in the midst of a heavy fire from the fort, succeeded in cutting it in ten minutes from the time of getting fast to it.

☞ Mrs Costello has been convicted at New York, sent to Blackwell's Island for six months, and fined $250. Charles Mason, the seducer of the girl who was Costello's patient, was sentenced to the same fine and four months in the penitentiary. There will be an endeavor made to take the cases to another court, upon exceptions.

The Gold dollar. The papers are discussing the propriety of the Government issuing gold currency of one dollar denomination. While this discussion is going on we shall be happy to receive *silver dollars*, therefore our subscribers need'nt wait for the golden issue.

☞ We have received a Catalogue of the Willoughby Medical College, Ohio, for the year 1846.—It shows the Institution to be in a highly flourishing condition. Expenses of living are remarkably moderate.

The Washington Ball, next Monday evening, will bring out the "beauty and fashion" of our own city, and we understand, is to be attended by many distinguished persons from abroad.

How to make a good pudding. Put in lots of good stuff, bake it well, and set it before a hungry person to cool.

☞ It is estimated there are three hundred professional blacklegs in New Orleans at this time. There are not a few of the same kind here.

Diogenes being asked of what beast the bite is most dangerous, answered, "Of wild beasts, that of a *slanderer*; of tame, that of a *flatterer*."

Cheat the doctor, by being temperate; cheat the lawyer, by keeping out of debt; and cheat the demagogue, of either party, by voting for honest men.

Whiggery is the *opposite* to locofocoism—which is *all things to all men*. [Herald.

Of course, then, whiggery, being "the opposite" to this, is "*nothing to nobody*." Well, that is'nt a bad definition, after all. Take it all together, it is the *best one* we have heard. [Columbian Reg.

Hon. Edward Everett has accepted the Presidency of Harvard University.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, Feb. 19.

In the Senate, bills were reported to incorporate the Essex Railroad Company to construct and locate a railroad from Salem to Methuen; authorizing the Boston and Maine Railroad to alter the location of the said road and to construct a branch; to incorporate the 1st Methodist Episcopal Church in East Boston; also resolves concerning the Magazines in Cambridge and the records in the Commonwealth.

Several bills and resolves of a private nature were passed to be engrossed, some in concurrence.

In the House, John C. Tucker petitioned that the petition of Abott Lawrence and 2000 others for indemnification to the Proprietors of the Ursuline Convent be taken from the files of 1843, and it was laid on the table. Mr Sturgis of Boston, moved that the said petition of Abbott Lawrence and others, be taken from the files and referred to a special committee, and this motion was lost by a vote of 57 to 110.

Mr Clarke of Sherburne, by special leave introduced a resolution requesting the delegation in Congress from this state to oppose any increase in the present rates of postage, and it was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

The Senate reports leave to withdraw on the several petitions of towns for their respective shares of the School Fund, were accepted after considerable discussion.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Feb. 17.

In the Senate, petitions and reports were made, but nothing of interest was done during the morning hour.

The Oregon question was then taken up.

Mr Colquitt, of Georgia, being entitled to the floor, commenced a speech, in his own animated style, in support of the resolutions for giving notice. He contended that is the only question before the Senate, and he was in favor of it, though he doubted our title up to 54° 40'. As a man and Christian he could not say it was free from doubt and embarrassment. It was a subject that called for a compromising spirit on both sides. He was for the notice as a peaceful measure.

In the House, the morning hour was spent in committees reporting bills of a private or local nature, and offering resolutions.

Mr Thomas Smith again offered his resolution instructing the committee on foreign affairs to enquire into the expediency of reporting a joint resolution requesting the President to enter into negotiation with Spain for the purchase of Cuba; and it lies over, under objections, for debate. So the subject, if it should ever be reached, will be discussed.

The order of the day being the bill for making appropriation for pensioners, was then taken up.

Amendments were offered, and discussed by Messrs McKay, Hamlin and others.

Wednesday Feb. 18.

In the Senate, the Oregon resolutions were taken up. Mr Dix, of N. York, spoke in favor of the notice. He discussed the question of title at length, 1st, considering the laws and usages of nations applicable to acquisitions of territorial title; and 2d, the comparative claims of Great Britain and of the United States to territory on the north west coast, according to those principles. The conclusion at which he arrived was, that Great Britain had no claim whatever to any sovereignty in Oregon, and that the title of the United States was good up to 54 45. Mr Dix did not conclude and would continue on Thursday.

In the House, Mr Martin, of Kentucky, introduced a bill from the committee on milleage, to allow members for traveling eight dollars a mile for every twenty miles traveled by them on the way to and from Washington, up to two hundred miles—over that ten dollars for every hundred miles. Mr M. said the bill, with another cutting down the Senate mileage, would save $250,000.

The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up in committee of the whole, Mr Bowlin, of Missouri, in the chair.

Mr Clever, of N. York, and Mr Giddings, of Ohio, took exception to all the items for carrying the treaties into effect, for reason that a portion of the money was to be paid for slaves, as property, taken from the Indians. Mr Giddings declared that the Seminole war arose from the attempts to recover runaway slaves in Florida.

Mr Wick said that, admitting the fact, the government was bound to pay for slaves as property. We demanded and received payment from Great Britain for slaves taken during the last war.

Mr Sawyer said that Mr Giddings' denunciations were intended for application to the elections in Ohio; to enable him to get every abolition vote for the whig candidate for governor.

He went into a physiological examination of his colleague's constitution, showing that by applying a strong microscopic power to a drop of his colleague's blood, it would be found to be full, like all other blood, of very active animalcula; with this difference, that his colleague's blood would show millions of colored men, which, on all occasions, set his colleague in motion, and produced his monomania.

Manufacturing dividends. We have at different times given statistics of manufacturing dividends, principally in the eastern States, shewing the very heavy profits under the present tariff which companies divide. We perceive that the Massachusetts mills at Lowell have divided ten per cent. for the last six months, and the stock sells at ten per cent. advance, dividend off; and the Merrimack is at 35 per cent. above par. We are certainly doing great injustice to consumers in taxing them so heavily, for all the profit above a fair return for capital comes out of their pockets, and they have to pay the difference of duty between a high protective tariff and a thirty per cent. ad valorem duty. The Secretary of the Treasury, we learn, is preparing a bill with great care, which will place this important interest upon a proper footing.—There is no particular hurry for it, and as its details are extensive and important and there are many contingencies, foreign and domestic, to be anticipated, the subject may be postponed until a late period in the session; when there is a probability that the state of our foreign relations may enable Congress to bestow upon this question its undivided attention. The present tariff, in some respects, is actually prohibitory, and in others the duty is immoderately high; large importations are entered free of duty, which would bear a reasonable impost, and there is so much inconsistency in the rate of duties as regulated by the existing laws, that a uniform and safe system is very desirable, and should be adopted at the present session. The warehouse system, which should be an adjunct to the revenue tariff, will in itself be a great protection to our manufacturing and productive industry. It will prevent an avalanche of imported goods flooding the country. Goods may be imported in larger amounts, where credit exists, but they will not find their way out of the Government stores until they are sold and the duties paid. Sales and demands will therefore correspond with each other; there will be no rumors, speculations, fictitious excitements, nor any more sending goods on a credit of nine and twelve months through every town and village in the South and West. All will be uniform, safe and regular. Difference of opinion will exist in Congress on the specific duties on various articles, which can be always tranquilly compromised by a just medium. But that a bill amending the present tariff will pass both Houses of Congress at its present session, we can scarcely doubt. [N. Y. Sun.

A man may marry his wife's sister. The marriage question in the last Presbyterian General Assembly, came up on the appeal of the Rev. Mr McQueen of North Carolina, who had been suspended by the Presbytery of Fayetteville for marrying his deceased wife's sister. The Assembly returned the case to the Presbytery for reconsideration, but the latter have again referred it to the Assembly for final decision, after refusing, by a vote of 14 to 17, to support the principal upon which the suspension was founded.

A regular whaler. An Irishman, who had just come over, went into an office in this city the other day, where a notice was stuck up—"thirty men wanted for whaling." On being asked his qualifications, he said that within the week he had *whaled* Mick Finn, Ned Nowlin and Owen Conner, and that he should *whale* Jemmy Dully so soon as he could lay eyes on him. [N. Y. Ledger.

The levee, Thursday evening, at City Hall, by the City Guards and citizens, was numerously attended and decorously conducted. The hall was appropriately decorated for the occasion—the music was first rate, and the response of the gay assemblage harmonious and happy. The ladies—all in neat attire and happy mood—of all we would speak but for limited acquaintance. Among the "choice partners" particularly for wit, and humor, and lively converse, were Mrs H., from Middlesex st., and Mrs S., from ——t corp. "Kate" and her two sisters were there, commanding admiration as usual. Then there was Miss B., in white dress and white satin waist, with just enough of the ornamental to set off to advantage a fine specimen of Nature's handiwork; and Miss P., a graceful dancer; and Miss ——, in black, a favorite in the "choice of partners," and many other "bright particular stars," of whose acquaintance we should have been pleased.

The snow storm. So much, so wet and heavy, and so blown into heaps was the snow of yesterday, that neither the 2 o'clock nor the last night's train of cars from Boston, reached here; nor has the morning train yet, (12 o'clock; M.,) got in; consequently no mails from the South have reached here since yesterday noon. The northern train got in. No attempt was made to run from here to Boston last night. This morning, at the usual time, the train with four engines attached, and the snow-plough ahead, started for Boston.

We understand the reason no train started from here last night was that the snow ploughs were all at the Boston end of the track, which rendered it impossible to start till the plough of the Nashua road was borrowed. The 2 o'clock and last night trains from Boston, both started, but were obliged to put back. The train from here this morning got into Boston about 11 o'clock. The train from Boston got here at about 1 o'clock. No mails have reached Boston from N York since yesterday noon.

Snowing worms. The following statement is contributed to the Congregational Journal of Concord, N. H., by the Rev. I S. Davis, brother of the late mayor of Boston. It details a marvellous circumstance, if indeed the whole matter be not a case of optical delusion. We wonder that the narration had not been previously given, when the incident is said to have occurred six weeks since:

"As I was returning from Piermont on Monday, the 1st of December, I saw on the snow which had fallen during the night, what I supposed to be oats, spread broad-cast; but not seeing any track in the snow, for I was the first that travelled the road after the snow fell, my curiosity led me to descend from my carriage and examine; when, to my great surprise, I found that the objects I saw were *living worms*, about an inch long, lying on the top of the snow by hundreds: and these were scattered along the road I travelled for a distance of not less than five miles. I would say farther, that there were no trees near, from which the worms might have been shaken, and if there had been, and the worms had been on them, they would still have been *frozen*, for it had been very cold, and the ground was frozen hard before the snow fell. The worms were *alive*, for they immediately called up when I took them in my hand. They were of a brown color, with about 12 or 16 legs. I. S. Davis.

Wentworth, Jan. 20, 1846."

Interference in our affairs. Say what we may about our claims to Oregon, there can be no doubt that on Texas and Mexican measures the country has been greatly annoyed by the direct interference of England in our affairs. During the propositions for annexation, Captain Elliot was running about from pillar to post, now in Texas, then in New Orleans, and afterwards at Washington. It now appears from an authentic source, that Captain Elliot chartered a vessel at New Orleans to proceed to Tampico, and thence to St. Louis Potosi, where he had an interview it seems with Paredes, and urged him to march upon Mexico, to prevent Herrera making a treaty with the United States! [N. Y. Sun.

☞ *The Drummond light* nightly flashing far out in to the sea of darkness from the roof of the American Museum is one of the most beautiful and interesting spectacles ever witnessed. Its broad floods of light penetrate apparently over the whole city, and are distinctly visible for several miles on the Western side of the Hudson. In front of St. Paul's and the Astor it is as light as fifty moons were concentrating their mellow radiance there. The figures on the City Hall Clock can be seen as readily as in day-light, and one can read the finest print without difficulty by its beams. [N. Y. Tribune.

A lie! The Pittsburg Post tells the following formidable tale:

A western man and an eastern man undertook to tell *lies* for a wager, (a half gallon of brandy.) The person who could tell the most improbable story to win the liquor. It was arranged that the eastern man should open the contest. He began by stating the following singular occurrence—

"A few days since," said he, "I was standing upon the bank of the Susquehannah river, and on looking up the stream I saw a strange craft coming down. and I concluded to wait until it came opposite to me. In a short time it floated down to where I was standing, and I discovered that three men and three women were on board of it. One of the men was *blind*, another was without *arms* and the third had no *clothes* on. The blind man looked down and saw half dollar piece at the bottom of the river, the man without arms reached down and picked it up, and the one that was naked took it from him and put it in his pocket." The western man fainted, and when he recovered bought the liquor. He was so terribly shocked that he has not told a lie since.

Mr Imri Whitcomb, of Warner, was killed accidentally in that town last week. He and his father were drawing logs with a team. The son was driving the team, and by the side of the path and close to it was a large rock. At the time of the accident the father was some rods behind the team. When he came up near the rock, he found his son lying in the path crushed to death. It is supposed that the deceased was caught between the rock and the log on the sled, and thus jammed to death. He was a highly respectable man and citizen, and has left a wife and three children.—He was 33 years old. [Concord, N. H., Patriot.

An old coat. Mr Little has found under one of the pews in the old East Church, a coat which evidently belonged to one of the carpenters employed in erecting the house, a hundred and twenty-eight years ago. It is a specimen of old-fashion economy; having more patches upon it than could be found among a troop of beggars at the present day. In one of the pockets was a gimblet and a piece of chalk, and in the other a cotton handkercheif, in perfect preservation. [Salem Gazette.

Life insurance. We learn from the Atlas that Mr Thornton, whose sudden death was reported in our paper of Monday, effected an insurance on his life for 2000 dollars, on the 23d of last month, at the office of the New York Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co. He has left a young wife and five children, to receive the benefit of his thoughtfulness. We learn that Mr Thornton was respected as an industrious and worthy citizen, and by paying about 35 dollars in cash, he has secured 2000 dollars to his bereaved family. The offices are a blessing to the widow and fatherless, in their distress. [Transcript.

"I'm laying down the law," as the client said when he floored his counsellor.

THE STORM YESTERDAY.

Yesterday morning about sunrise, there was a slight fall of snow in this vicinity, the wind blowing moderately from E. N. E. Between 10 and 11 A. M. the snow fell fast and densely. About noon the wind blew a perfect hurricane, and created a tremendous swell in the bay. At times (for it was squally) the tempest fairly screamed through the ships' rigging, lying at the wharves, heeling those over, the broadsides of which were exposed to its fury. About 5 P. M., the wind moderated and changed to N. N. E., and the snowing ebbed. During the day much anxiety was manifested among those connected with shipping, as many vessels were reported by the telegraph as being in the bay before the storm commenced.

A melancholy disaster occurred in the Bay yesterday. Shortly after the pilot boat Frolic had put Mr Sullivan on board the ship Thomas Wright, she stood for the bark Carib, about 8 miles E. S. E. from Boston Light. When up with the bark, the canoe from the Frolic, with Mr Albert Gerney (warrant pilot) and Mr David Robinson (boat keeper) on board, when about half way between the pilot boat and the bark, was capsized end-over, by a tremendous sea, and split in two. Each man took hold of part of the canoe and held on to it. In the meantime the pilot boat stood down to them, launched another canoe, and was just about starting when it was capsized alongside, and Mr Geo. Sullivan, who was in it, barely escaped on board. Mr Robinson caught hold of a rope and was saved.—Not having another canoe, ropes and boat hooks were the only means they could use to save Mr Gerney.—Thrice he was hooked with a boat hook, but each time his clothes gave way and tore. Finally, a rope with a bowline knot or loop in it, was thrown over his head, and he was told to pison it under his arms, but he was too far gone to comprehend what was said—he sunk and perished. He was an amiable young man about 28 years of age, and had been married only four months.

The shipping in port sustained no damage, and no disasters, so far, have been reported in the bay. [Post of this morning.

☞ The Cincinati Inquirer a few weeks since told the following story:—

"A southern gentleman who, within the past two years, married one of our prettiest girls, and took her to Louisiana, came up in the early part of last summer with his wife to spend several months in the city, bringing with them a favorite black girl. The girl told him before she left home that if he took her with him she would leave him when she arrived here; but he knew she had always been a faithful servant, to whom he had always been kind, and he doubted her threats. Mr B., the southerner, had been in the city but a few days before the girl made good her words.—She left him, and he took no pains to win her back. A place was procured for her by one of the good natured persons whose province it is to attend to such things, where she remained three or four weeks, and then left on account of the bad treatment she received. She subsequently did a little washing here, and some housework there, until at length, after a good many rebuffs she was engaged as a nurse by a lady stopping at Broadway Hotel with whom she stayed about three months. She began to see that the life of freedom she expected to lead was not that which she anticipated. She sighed for her old home in Louisiana. On Thursday last she told her mistress she had determined to go back to her old master, and sure enough she packed up her things, took passage on board the Majestic for New Orleans, and left on the following day."

A dull prospect. A merchant in this city, says the Boston Post, received the following reply to several letters addressed to a debtor whose condition he did not know until the letter below came to hand. He thinks he will not write to him again, very soon:

Leominster, Feb. 4th 1846.

Sir—I have received several lines from you respecting a bill of salt dow you from —— & —— the bilt sir I well know ought to have been paid but we were unexpectedly drawed up soon after getting the salt & could not pay it & were finally drave into Chancery which I suppose you verry well know. The reason I have not answered your lines are two in the first place it has been as much as *I* could do to pay the Postage on my dunes that I have had since I failed without paying paper & spending time to answer them & further I suppose you all know I cannot pay.

All I can say to you for encouragement is I shall pay you if I ever get able but my chance for getting able I consider about the same as the chance for a cat to get out of —— without claws.

I have a wife & three children to support the oldest less than five years old & the youngest less than one & I have not been a well day for more than four years and have about 3 thousand Dollars of old debts hanging around me for a foundation so you can judge for yourself. Yours with respect —— ——."

New Jersey Manufactories. We shall gradually find the manufacturing interest spreading over the whole Union, and whatever may be the reduction of the Tariff, sufficient protection will always be extended to ensure a profit to the enterprising projectors. Mr Wm. P. Israel is engaged in converting his large brick building on Wood street, Burlington, into a cotton factory. The Gazette says it will be made four stories high, and the machinery will be driven by a 35 horse engine. It will have 2500 spindles, and will employ from 75 to 100 hands. [N. Y. Sun.

The notorious Capt. Rynders, of the Empire Club, is, said to have been one of the messengers despatched in the pilot boat from New York to Liverpool. She will doubtless get there safe, for we risk little in predicting that the captain will never be *drowned*. [Boston Jour.

Wonder if the whig senator from Nantucket didn't take passage in the same boat? [Post.

A word of advice. Ladies! in walking the streets tomorrow, or any day when the roofs are loaded with snow, keep as near as you can to the wall of the building. In so doing you may avoid serious accidents. The momentum of snow sliding from a common roof, throws it some distance beyond the middle of the side walk.

☞ *We have been kept back to-day, waiting for the mails.*

MARRIED,

In Littleton, Feb. 17, Mr Joseph Estabrook, of Acton, to Miss Nancy Raymond, of Littleton.

DIED,

In No. Chelmsford, Feb. 11, Susan T., infant daughter of Mr James Whittemore.

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epis3wfeb2t THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters as follows, viz: On the Evenings of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY next, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on SATURDAY, from 10 to 12, a.m., from 2 to 4, p.m., and from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening, and on MONDAY Morning, March 2, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

Voters who have recently removed from one Ward into another, are requested to give notice thereof to the City Clerk, either in person or in writing, previous to Saturday, 28th inst.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

feb2t THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. Morrill, wish to caution the public against the impositiun of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies; and has *no* right to make use professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.

6wu&pfeb14

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Illsley. nov4 6m

Lowell Museum.

TWO NEW PIECES.—WYATT'S COMPANY.

— *Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.* —

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 16th, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 2½ & 7, and 8½.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Gabriel, Aikins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the very laughable farce of

MY WIFE'S COME!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Cross, Mrs Merrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb17

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr AXEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, in and for said County. In the matter of FREDERICK HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor. To the creditors of said insolvent and all whom it may concern: You are hereby notified that the second meeting of the creditors of said Insolvent, will be held before the said Master in Chancery, at his office in Groton, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the usual business of such meetings will then and there be transacted, when you may be present to prove claims, &c.

And you and all others are also notified that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of said insolvent's estate, and all persons having any property of said insolvent will deliver it over to me; and all persons indebted will pay the same to me accordingly.

By order of said Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM SMITH, Assignee.

Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. 2tfeb19

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty Days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,

feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 58 Central street.

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am appointed Assignee of the estate of said debtor, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be held at the office of the Hon. J G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, on the NINTH day of March next, at ten o'clock, A. M., where they may be present and prove their claims.

R. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, Feb 19, 1846. feb19

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife, Emily Lawrence, has left my bed and board, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay nothing more of her contracting.

JOSIAH LAWRENCE.

Feb'y 16th, 1846. *3tfeb17

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers; 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 38, Central st.

feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

Lost!

A NICE lined *BUFFALO ROBE* came where on Middlesex street. Whoever has found the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at L. B. Norris' Stable, Commerical street.

feb19 LAWRENCE B. NORRIS.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same.

HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3medvjan8

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by C. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2d, 1845. tfdec2

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Gen. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor N. Y. Caroucicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theudosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilter, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. B. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Munro,	Samuel Twombley,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1yn&pdec16

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(ENCOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.

George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 59 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Bonus or addition to sum assured.	Bonus in cash.	Total Sum Assured and Bonus.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
		84.	$ 12 5.	$350 21	$1000 21	$60 93	$197. 5
6	$500	$379 81	187	720 2	1220 2	9 8	1 3 5
			1 4	2 6 1	3 7 5	$7 9 8	1883 3

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties assuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also an hority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2wreeopdec18

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred K. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell. Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK, { Old No. 2, New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasp or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial, by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless the work gives satisfaction.

☞ To such loads wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North,	" Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	" John Ayer,
George Walker,	" Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Toothache in a few minutes without pain. tfmwa&poct23

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. 3mdvtajun29

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mo&pdec20

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. Boise has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were appraised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply in ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter' Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,

jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of ELIJAH GOULD, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be held at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, in Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master.

J. DINSMOOR, Assignee.

Lowell, Feb'y 12, 1846. feb17

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends to England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and board stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The acrom modations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & *Co.* are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3majan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street.* *P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Ullray, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

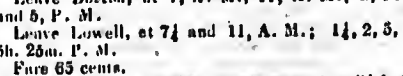
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALTER HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Jan31tf

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Peteh & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Sheet, Lapped, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept5tf

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by

jun23 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 87 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Forbush place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale.—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.

Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846 tejan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dry Goods.

On TUESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, p.m., Stock Sale, consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods; such as alpaccas, coburgs, saxonies, cashmeres, merinoes, colacoes, cotton goods, 4/4 linens, table linens, napkins, flannels, shawls, ladies', hose, gloves, silk, buttons of all kinds, hooks and eyes, needles and pins, cords, spool cotton, knitting pins, ribbons, linen and straw bonnets, furniture-prints, calf'd cambricks, white dress goods, a small lot of Ladies' kid shoes; children's do.

Also—An invoice Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Setinets, Doe skin, thin Stuffs, &c. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city to point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 140.

TUITION: for common English branches	$4 00
" higher " "	$4.50
Languages,	$5 00
Extra charges—Drawing and Painting,	$2,00
Instrumental Music,	10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A.M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing, Painting,*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.*
Feb.10,1846. s2wp8w

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Engs.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in newspublications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allis & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. nov6 6m

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle st., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—6ty DR. F. MORRILL.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has aroused against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the thin (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypocboudriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive their powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs; the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost *total immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, serious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

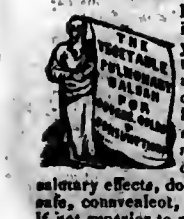
REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jas's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayers; and by apothecaries generally. n13&4p6m

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and connection with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions; &c. &c. By *F. R. St John*. For sale by JUDKINS, jan3 33 Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises as entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSHUIY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of New York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and feebleness affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c." Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pear street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and rapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renewed health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor, Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jun29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [novt] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&p1ynov3

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and Irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. rang8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet-Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypee—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for begioners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, &c.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art? The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Merrill & Heywood,

(*Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,*)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Boquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionery compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, so far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mec. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough; Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Joseph Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "Comitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug2—1y

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 24, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 24.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfaplv LOWELL. nov15

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st.; Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jy4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Patent Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cribbs, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAPSTONES,

No. 5 *Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.*

jan21 3y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET,*

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, *Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,*

LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 90, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. aly3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. jc8tf

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

J. Judson Jutkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan8

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 *Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,*



KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

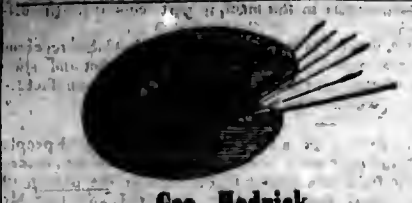
Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like spot eggs to make chants lay,
And for their false infidelis pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are admirable beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician, and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent; but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 43 Central st. a28

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

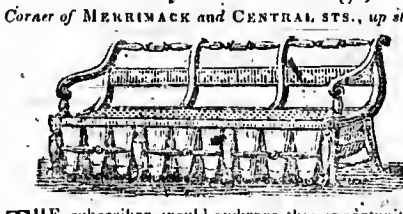
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co, City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. D. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself, will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. lfsept28

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

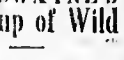
N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. ja31

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA,
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA,
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Onward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. novlyjan27

JUST PUBLISHED,

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*

THIS work contains a brief, and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr. Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues are exerted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODDWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance;

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE and Hair Dressing Saloon, 129 Washington st., Boston, is kept at J. DRINK'S, Central st.

APPEARANCE OF THINGS IN TEXAS. We may compare Texas to a very young beginner in life, struggling on with limited means and credit, and suddenly brought in as a partner in a great firm transacting a heavy business and with immense resources. Every thing lightens up with him. He abandons the shop for the warehouse, the coaster for the packet. Texas is indeed a wonderful country; strangers are taking it by storm, and the early settlers are making fortunes in selling their grants. From Bastrop to Austin there are farms on each side of the road, and every parcle has two or three farms on it. The city of Austin, which a few years ago was nearly desolate and forsaken, now teems with a busy multitude, and officers, soldiers, rangers, Indians, frontier men and strangers, are continually arriving and departing. The departments of the Government are all organized, and the land office is thronged with the crowd. The inhabitants of Austin never felt the confidence and security which they do at present. New Year's day was celebrated as a gala day at the capital; the public offices were closed; the term of the rangers under Hays having expired, they came in for their pay and received their discharge, while recruits for another campaign were enlisted.—Visiting in Austin prevailed on New Year's day as it does here. President Jones is at his plantation at Washington, but is looked for shortly to complete the necessary transfers of government. He may feel distressed at the result, but Texas will feel the benefit of the change. To use the language of a correspondent of the N. O. Delta—"The day has dawned—order is coming out of confusion—a thousand fires on her hills now blaze as beacon lights to guide the overwhelming multitudes that throng every avenue to her luxuriant prairies. The cabins rise like magic in every grove, and the patriarchal families, with their crowds of men servants and maid servants, their flocks and herds, are wending their way through the prairies, or gathering around their camp fires by the road side, seeking the new home. From present appearances, Texas will fill up with emigration more rapidly than any of the Western States has heretofore done."

Living is tolerably cheap at Austin as far as the products of the country extend, but colonials are high.—The land office is well arranged, has authentic maps of the country and civil clerks. Bexar, on the river San Antonio, is rapidly improving, and exhibits more evidence of prosperity than it has since the war. The trade with the Mexicans of the Rio Grande, which has been interrupted by the late heavy rains, is again reviving. Col. Hays encamped for one or two days on the bank of the Rio Grande, opposite the Presidio.—The Mexican commandant at that post made no attempt to molest him, and a small detachment of his men crossed the river and purchased some provisions of the Mexicans on the opposite bank. He met with no hostile Indians on his route, and saw no traces of them between Bexar and the Presidio. [New York Sun.

FORENSIC FUN. The New Orleans Picayune is a bright mirror reflecting for our mirth all the fun and folic culminated around it. "We have heard in our day of *legal quibbles*," says that witty journal, "but if a Philadelphia lawyer can beat the following, lately urged to a jury in this city, he can take our hat, eye, and our *corduroys*. The prisoner is on trial for *entering* a house in the night time with intent to steal.—The testimony was clear that he had made an opening sufficiently large to admit the upper part of his body, and through which he protruded himself about half way and stretching out his arm committed the theft.

Mr. Obfuscate Brief addresses the jury:

'What an outrage, (looking horrified and with outstretched arms,) I repeat what an outrage upon your intelligence and your common sense is it for the State's *Attorney* to ask at your hands the conviction of my client on such testimony! The law is against *entering* a house—and can a man be said to *enter* a house when only *one-half* of his body is *in* and the other half *out*? Gentlemen, look at the Divine Law on this point—God commanded Adam and Eve not to eat the *apple*—*i. e.* the whole apple. And all the commentators agree that if they had only eaten one-half they would never have been expelled from the Garden of Eden.'

The jury brought in a verdict of 'guilty' as to one half of his body from the waist up, and 'not guilty' as to the other half.

The Judge sentenced the guilty half to one year's imprisonment, leaving it to the prisoner's option to have the innocent half cut off or take it along with him."

VORACITY OF THE PIKE. In Germany, a mule in the act of drinking at a river was seized by a huge pike, which fastened on his nose, and nearly succeeded in drowning the poor beast. Though the mule, by struggling, aided by the driver, got its nose out of water, the pike kept its hold and was drawn ashore and killed. A little girl, not many years since, in dipping water from a pond, was attacked by one of these violent creatures, which dreadfully lacerated her arm. They not only become extremely despotic in ponds, destroying all other fishes, frogs, &c., but, under circumstances of hunger, swallow each other. Pennant mentions an instance of one that was actually choked to death in trying to swallow one of its own species. Many years since an old pike seized the head of a swan, in Lord Gower's canal, and gorged so much of it that both the fish and the majestic bird were killed. Combats have been witnessed between two of them. The fish is no less remarkable for its tenacity of life after being removed from the water, than its vigor while in it—snapping at objects presented to it for a long time after it is caught, with as much eagerness as if it were still at liberty.

NO GENTLEMAN. Profanity is generally condemned as a low, vulgar, ungentlemanlike vice. The condemnation is just, for it is utterly inconsistent with every trait of the gentleman, according to the proper definition of that term. A gentleman is a man who respects the rights and feelings of others, on the best means of promoting their happiness. According to this definition, a gentleman will not swear; for he will not deliberately check the veneration of others by irreverent appeals, and much less will invoke more than human power to aid him in inflicting pain. And among whom do we find this vice most prevalent? Among those most addicted to other vices, and especially intemperance. Drunkards generally swear, because intemperance impairs self-respect and respect for others. To swear like a pirate, is a proverb.—Why? Because profanity is the usual vice of the violent; and as piracy is the greatest crime of violence, it is naturally accompanied by the last degree of profanity. [Philadelphia Ledger.

GOOD JOKE. The *Knickerbocker* tells a very good joke now and then. The substance of the last one is that a Hoosier saw a man in Broadway with an enormous moustache and stared at him fixedly, until the victim angrily exclaimed

"What are you looking at?"

"There!" shouted the Hoosier. "I knew you had a mouth. Let's drink or fight—I don't care which, my-self."

They drank.

☞ A lady in Tremont street, in this city, who was suffering under a slight indisposition, told her husband that it was with the utmost difficulty she could breathe, and the effort distressed her exceedingly.—"I would'nt try, my dear, soothingly responded the kind husband. [Boston Times.

A son of the Emerald Isle meeting a countryman whose face was not perfectly remembered, after saluting him most cordially inquired his name. "Walsh," said the gentleman. "Walsh, Walsh," responded Paddy, "are ye from Dublin? I know two *ould maids* there of that name, one *aither of 'em yer mother*?"

Apples in town have got cider so high, that he splits around with it. [Louisville Examiner.

Nonsense. The only thing that high cider ever split, was the dress party. [Cincinnati Chronicle.

☞ A fellow said to a friend, "I don't see those they hang [illegible] "Why?" replied the latter, "you know it is true, it is forbidden that you and I are not there."

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 24, 1846.

Democratic Ticket.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

STEDMAN BUTTRICK, of Concord

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS,

EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.

LONG POND WATER PROJECT AGAIN.

Perhaps we are spending more time upon this question than many of our readers, who are themselves not interested in the subject, think it demands. But inasmuch as it is a question in which a large number of persons are directly interested, and as it involves a principle of much importance, we shall probably be excused for once more referring to it.

So apparent is the injustice of taking these waters, and paying only the persons injured having a *direct* right to their use, leaving wholly unredressed the infinitely more numerous class who are *indirectly* made to suffer from having their business injured, being turned out of employment, and from a depreciation of the value of property, that, we understand, our Boston neighbors now talk of furnishing as much steam power to the owners of the mill privileges as they diminish the water power. We have no limit to find with an arrangement of this kind so far as justice only is concerned, if it can be carried out, and upon a principle doing justice to all. If the city of Boston or any other private company, is required simply to supply the owners of mill privileges with an amount of steam power of equal value of the water power taken, the ends of justice might be no further subserved than if the waters are taken and nobody except the owners of the water powers recompensed. Should a clause be put into the bill authorising these waters to be taken only upon condition that an equivalent of steam power should be furnished to the proprietors of the water powers, 'tis true, so long as the steam power was furnished and used, perhaps no material injury would be experienced by any class of the community; but as soon as the act passed, the owners of the steam power might be bought off, and every body except them left to seek redress for a remediless injury. So, no equivalent of steam power can reach the objection, unless there is some provision guaranteeing that this power shall be used forever, or as long as the water power would be. If the Bostonians are willing to do the justice they talk, just impose upon the city of Boston an obligation (put it into the act) to furnish a steam power equivalent in value to that of the water power taken, and prohibit any other equivalent being made for such steam power. This done and we don't see but that pretty even handed justice would be done to all. The Constitutional question is still left untouched.

That private property may be taken for public purposes, under the sanction of the Legislature, by rendering a just equivalent, no one denies. And it is equally undeniable that it cannot be taken under any other circumstances. The only question, then, touching the constitutionality of taking these waters, is whether they are asked for such a public purpose, as the Constitution contemplates. What is a public purpose? It is somewhat difficult to answer this question; private and public good are so blended that it is extremely hard to distinguish between them so as to determine whether an enterprise is more fittingly called private or public. And we do not see but that the Legislature, in the first place, and then the Judiciary must conscientiously determine the question for themselves; and if they determine contrary to the wishes and opinions of the people, they must modify and make more definite the Constitution. It is safe to say, that no public purpose is such, as contemplated by the Constitution for taking private property, except it is one, in which, or in a similar one, the public generally are interested, and which cannot be prosecuted unless individual property can be taken; such as roads, railroads, turnpikes and canals. There are many other undertakings that the public good requires, yet, there is no pretence that individual property can be taken to advance them for the simple reason they can be carried on without; manufactoring, farming, mechanical busines, all branches of industry the public good requires should be pursued; but there is no pretence that the individual property of one man can be taken and given to another or the public to build them up. The public good requires that all the people should have the means of getting water; and the whole people would die without it; but there is no power given the Legislature in the Constitution, by which they can authorize one man to dig a well on another man's land. Nor do we more see how the Legislature can authorize a corporation, either the city of Boston or any other corporation, to take private property for the purpose of digging a well. Nor do we more see the Constitutional authority the Legislature has to give Boston, or any other corporation, the right to take private property, that Long Pond and the ponds adjacent may be converted into a well for the people of Boston. If the Legislature can authorize the corporation of Boston to take private property that they may have a well, then the same power may authorize any other corporation, or an individual to take private property for a well, and any man who wants a well on his neighbor's farm, or in his garden or door-yard, has only to petition the Legislature, and show it would be convenient, and he can be authorized to take it at the appraisal of twelve men. Such cannot be the constitutional power given the Legislature as to authorizing the taking of private property. If it is, there is no limit to the power of the Legislature over private property. But it is not so. And this project wants two elements that are indispensable to making it a public purpose, such as the Constitution allows private property to be taken for;—the people generally are not interested in it, and it is not necessary to take private property that the people or any portion of them may be supplied with water; in a word, it is not a public purpose within the meaning of the Constitution. If it is, then if a few persons want a store, a hotel, a blacksmith shop, a common or lumber yard, they are such public purposes as for which, the Legislature can authorize the taking of private property.

SPRING BUSINESS has commenced in good earnest in New York. The city (says the Sun) is crowded with merchants and dealers from the south and south-west, and the hum of active life is heard on every hand.

CHANGE. The "Star of Bethlehem" has undergone another change. In the last number, W. BELL is announced as editor and publisher.

THE MAYORALITY. We learn that the whig committee will report to the general caucus, to-night, the names of JEFFERSON BANCROFT, JOSHUA SWAN and JOHN A. KOWLES, as candidates for Mayor. From these the caucus will proceed to select one, who is to be *the* candidate next Monday.

ALDERMEN. The whigs of ward 1 have nominated HENRY SMITH for re-election. In ward 3 they have nominated WM. C. GRAY. In ward 5 they have nominated Dr. JOHN C. DALTON for re-election.

FROM MEXICO VIA HAVANA. Intelligence from the city of Mexico and Vera Cruz to the 31st of January, received by the New York Herald, is that Paredes remains in the undisturbed enjoyments of the power which his military force acquired for him. All accounts of revolution, subversive of his authority, which date prior to the 31st of January, are falsified by this intelligence. No movement op te that date was made, or even appears contempleted, against his power and authority.

THE AUBURN PRISON. The Grand Jury of Cayuga County have found true bills of indictment against Hirom Rathbun, Principal Keeper of the Auburn Prison, for manslaughter, in the case of the whipped convict, Plumb.

☞ The foreign news by the Cambria has had a favorable effect on the stock market at New York and Philadelphia, and stock advanced in price. The sales are large, and the best feeling animates both seller and buyer.

☞ The Wilmington, N. C., Chronicle of Feb. 18th says—"The trees are putting out their foliage, flowers in gardens (several kinds) are in bloom, and everything betokens that the reign of winter is closing rapidly."

QUESTIONS IN SURGERY. Do wounds often heal by the "first intention?" Not when the patient is rich and the surgeon is poor.

When does mortification ensue? When you "pop the question," and are answered "no."

☞ The annual meeting of the Canada Baptist Missionary Society was held at Montreal on the 5th inst. The expenditures during the past year were $7,092, while the amount received was only $5,354.

☞ The railroad committee of the Legislature have reported favorably as yet only upon one petition for new railroads, viz:—the Salem and Methuen Railroad.

☞ A man praising sack, said it was such excellent liquor, that it always made him fat.

"I have seen it make you *lean*," observed his friend."

☞ At Montpelier, Vt., the wife of Mr Henry French, committed suicide, leaving two children, the youngest only six days old.

☞ We learn that a "Citizens' Grand Picnic will take place at the City Hall, on Thursday evening, Feb. 26."

☞ The last snow storm completely blocked up some of the streets at New York; it fell nearly eighteen inches on a level.

☞ A judge in Kentucky has decided that a dandy is a nuisance, and may be kicked into the gutter, the same as any other puppy.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.—Mr Locke, the City Auditor, has handed us a copy of his annual Report of city finances. We have not had time to examine it.

Dean Swift says a woman may knit her stockings, but not her brow, curl her hair, but not her lip.

A Branch Railroad, from Medford, to intersect the Maine road at Malden, is to be built forthwith.

☞ Z. Wetherbee, Esq., has been appointed postmaster at Harvard, vice John Whitcomb.

HANGING. The New York Evangelist goes for capital punishment. The following article from that paper treats this serious subject with a degree of levity to which some christians will doubtless take exceptions:

"HANGING THE GATE. There is a gentleman spoken of in the interior of one of the States, (we think it must be in Sullivan County,) so opposed to Capital punishment, that he refuses to hang his own gate! This is very amusing, but the consequences to this man's domains, of this singular infatuation, are a just picture of what would happen to society, if the penalty which God has annexed to the crime of murder were stricken out from our system of legislation. The man's gate is off its' hinges, and he refuses to have it hung. His parks will be filled with hogs, and unruly depredators; his pastures of flowers, his beds of vegetables, and his fields of grain, will be trampled and wasted, and all his grounds will go to ruin.

Just so—these men who would abolish Capital punishment, and thus destroy the great sanctions of law, would throw society off its hinges, and leave everything open to innovation and destruction. They refuse to hang the gate! The consequence will be that murderers first, and all minor villains by the example of their security, may go in and out at pleasure. The man in Sullivan County, who refuses to hang his gate, because of his abhorrence of Capitol Punishment, ought never to hang up his coat or his hat, but to fold the one carefully away, and have a servant to hold the other. He ought to have no old fashioned cranes in his kitchen, no hanging tea-kettles, singing with the crickets on the hearth, no picture hanging to his walls, no hanging curtains to his windows, and, finally, no corrugated suspenders to his trowsers. All these peculiarities would not be a greater evidence of *monomania*, and a twisted mind, than the singular affection of some men for murderers, their horror of punishment in itself, and their theories of no government.

FROM HAYTI—END OF THE WAR. By the fast sailing bark Hecla. Captain Hoyt, we have advices from Port au Prince to the 10th instant. The projected invasion of the Dominicans had been abandoned for the present, the army of the north having refused to march.

The war excitement has been the main prop of Pierrot's administration, and now that there is no prospect of peace, formidable opponents are menacing him with another revolution, and the severance of Hayti into two new states is talked of. [N. Y. Sun.

☞ Benjamin Franklin says—"Printers accounts, though small, are very good index of character. Let me look over my books, and I can tell you the character of every person whose name is there."

To which a cotemporary adds, "This is upon the principle that a man who is prompt and honest in small matters will also be in large ones. For he who would defraud an editor of a years subscription cannot and should not be trusted in any thing. Hence the Printer's black list, which Dr Franklin first invented."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Friday, Feb. 20.

IN SENATE, Mr Field, from the Committee on Towns, reported a bill to establish the boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley.

On motion of Mr Hopkinson, it was ordered that the Committee on the Judiciary inquire whether any provisions of law are required to secure the administration of Justice promptly and "without delay."

The bills incorporating the Bristol County Savings Bank and the Bensonville Manufacturing Co., increasing the capital stock of the Tremont Iron Co., and Taunton Copper Manufacturing Co., setting off a part of Ipswich to Boxboro', concerning the wanton and malicious injury to personal property in certain cases, and the resolves concerning the Magazine in Cambridge and certain records of the Commonwealth, were passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, numerous petitions and remonstrances were presented; among the latter of which was that of the Mayor of Lowell against the annexation of part of Dracutt.

Mr Bell of Boston, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported that it is inexpedient to enact a statute allowing married women, who are minors, to convey real estate.

Mr Wilson of Natick, moved to take from the table his order relating to slavery, &c., but his motion was rejected by a vote of 87 to 77.

Mr Taylor of Granby, moved to amend the bill for the payment of wages and deposits of married women, whose husbands have neglected to provide for their support, by striking out the last clause which provides that all sums of money deposited by a married woman in any Savings Bank or Institution for savings for her own use, and in her own name, may be paid to such married woman, so depositing the same, on the ground that such a provision as this would lead to fraud in cases of bankruptcy, &c.

Mr Byington of Stockbridge opposed the amendment, and stated that there was nothing in this provision which prevented the attachment of this property.

On motion of Mr Stargis of Boston, the bill was recommitted, with instructions to the Committee to report the bill securing the same privileges to all married women.

Saturday, Feb. 21.

SENATE. Bills concerning the Boston and Maine Railroad Co., authorizing the 1st Parish in Dorchester to sell certain real estate, and to incorporate the 1st Methodist Episcopal Church in East Boston, were severally passed to be engrossed, as were also two bills of a private nature. Two reports leave to withdraw made yesterday were accepted.

The resolve concerning militia bounties was after some few remarks recommitted.

An order of inquiry about private and town ways was adopted.

In the HOUSE, immediately after a few petitions had been presented, the orders of the day were taken up and the House resumed the consideration of the revival law bill, and it was debated by Messrs Wales and Denton of Boston, and Taylor of Granby, and opposed by Mr Whitney of Stow. The vote was then taken on passing the bill to a third reading, by yeas and nays, and it was decided in the affirmative by a vote of 158 to 66. One hour and a half's time of the House was taken up this morning in considering this bill.

Two resolves of a private nature were passed to be engrossed, and the orders of the day were laid upon the table. A bill and two resolves were passed to be enacted.

Monday, Feb. 23.

In the SENATE, bills concerning the Harrison Avenue Congregational Society, establishing the boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley, relating to the Agent of discharged convicts, authorizing Stephen Locke and John Wheeler and John W. Trull to extend their wharves in Boston harbor, and providing for the safe keeping of town records, were severally passed to be engrossed—all of them originated in the Senate.

In the HOUSE, the Old Colony Railroad Co petitioned for an increase of capital stock.

Mr Bell of Boston, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a resolve authorizing the Governor to retain Counsel in an action pending in the United States Supreme Court, in which James Norris is the plaintiff and the city of Boston the defendant—[this action is to test the validity of the statute which imposes "head money" on foreign lading in this State.] The resolve received its three readings, and was passed to be engrossed.

The House report that it is inexpediant to legislate concerning deeds by married women, was accepted.

A bill was reported incorporating the Newbury Spring Bleaching Co., with a capital of $200,000, and it was ordered to be printed.

INDUSTRY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

We have received the statistics of the products and manufacturers of Massachusetts for the year 1846, as prepared from the Assessors' memoranda, by John C. Palfrey, Esq., Secretary of the Commonwealth. We copy a few items at this time, and shall refer to it again.

The number of pounds of cotton consumed in the State for the past year, amounted to 56,901,954; the number of yards of cotton cloth made during the year was 175,682,919, the value of which is estimated at $11,164,212.

The total amount of capital invested in cotton manufactures in the State is, $17,739,000, of which, that invested in calico manufacturing is $1,404,500. The number of hands employed in cotton mills throughout the States is 20,710—the number of mills, 302.

The amount of $5,604,002 is invested in the woolen manufacture, employing 7,372 hands. The number of yards of broadcloth made during 1845, was 1,022,359, value of which is estimated at $2,257,392. The number of yards of cassimere was 2,451,458, valued at 2,416,818.

The amount of carpet manufacture is $488,000.—Seventeen mills are engaged in the woolen manufacture.

The amount of wrought iron manufacture is $377,-685.

The manufacture of cutlery amounts to $148,175. Capital $68,725.

Boots and shoes were manufactured last year to the amount of $14,799,140, by which 27,109 males and 18,673, females were furnished with employment.—3,763,160 pairs of boots were made and 17,128,152 of shoes.

We were surprised, in looking over these returns, to find that the value of the boots and shoes manufactured during the past year in this State amounted to $14,799,140, while the whole value of the cotton manufacture was but $11,114,212, being a difference of $3, 634,928.

One of our Whig exchanges remarks, "We believe a careful investigator will find that the best paid labor in the State is that done for corporations, so much maligned by the would-be democrat reformers, while the poorest paid labor in the State is that of the manufacturers of boots and shoes."

We do not believe any such thing with regard to corporations, and we shall endeavor to show to the contrary in the course of a week or two, not having the means of comparison at hand at this time.

Boot and shoe manufacturers are protected 40 per cent. under the present tariff, and the cotton Manufacturers 100 per ct., assuming that Factory labor is the best paid, will not the partiality shown to the cotton manufacturers in the tariff, in part account for the difference?

"A careful investigator will find" that labor receives a more equitable share of the profits of boot and shoe manufacturing, than is the case in cotton manufacturing. [Newburyport Advertiser.

NANTUCKET BANK AFFAIR. The good people of Nantucket were thunderstruck on the announcement of the intelligence that a considerable portion of the capital stock had been extracted, and that Mr Barnell was missing. The directors state, that from present appearances, there are available means more *than sufficient* to redeem the circulation and pay the deposites, so that whatever loss there may be, will fall only on the stockholders. The late cashier is also individually wealthy. The bills were taken at par on the principal merchants. The Inquirer says: "From all we can gather, we think that no holder of bills need have any fear of ultimate loss. [Transcript.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Feb. 19.

In the SENATE, Mr Breese, by leave, introduced a joint resolution providing that the care and control of the mineral lands shall be restored to the secretary of the Treasury.

Mr R. Johnson reported, by instruction from the Committee on claims, a bill for the relief in part of Amos Kendall.

The Oregon resolutions were then taken up.

Mr Dix resumed, and proceeded with his argument.

Mr Benton next addressed the Senate. He complimented Mr Dix, for his luminous exposition of the title, which, he said, had he himself designed to discuss it, would have been sufficient to deter him, as it left nothing to be added. He concurred with the President in all his action upon this subject, and from a careful consideration of it he was satisfied that Great Britain had no right to complain. We quote the correspondent of the N. Y. Courier:—"In respect to the offer of the President to compromise, it has his cordial concurrence, and he believed that it had had a good effect both at home and abroad. It had served to quiet the feelings of Great Britain on the score of the Inaugural Address, and at home it had a good effect by shewing our people that the government was prepared to make great sacrifices to preserve peace; we are now united happen what may. He concurred also in the rejection of arbitration. Small matters might be thus settled, but not a question of territory, embracing rivers, and harbors, and dominion enough for a kingdom. He concurred fully with President, both in what he had offered, and what he had refused.

The fatal error we had committed was in the Convention by which we let the British in there, and this convention he had opposed almost "solitary and alone." When restored to our rights there after the war, it was admitted by Lord Castlereagh (and the admission should not be forgotten here or in Great Britain,) that we were the party who had a right to possession while the title was discussed. British law came in with the convention and ought to go out with it, for it was, as the Senator from N. York (Mr Dix) said, a great abuse.

For thirty years we had negociated, and made no advance, but we had now reached a point where we must act—act for the preservation of peace. The governments of the two countries must separate their people. Even the Patriarchs could not live thus, and we owe it to humanity to move speedily in the matter.

The notice was not only a peaceful measure, but the first step in on indispensible series of measures for preserving peace. The present ha regarded as a most auspicious period for settling the matter. The two governments were at peace, and a good understanding prevailed between them. No collision had yet occurred between the parties in possession—no blood had been shed—no point of honor was involved, and nothing had been done to arouse angry feelings.—He should vote for the Notice as an amicable measure, for such he regarded it, but come what may come he should vote for it."

In the HOUSE, Mr Dobbin of North Caroline, from the committee on elections, reported in favor of Mr Rank, the sitting member from New Jersey; Mr Dobbin, of North Carolina, Mr Chapman, of Virginia, and the three whig members for the report.

Mr Chase of Tennessee, made a minority report in favor of Mr Farlee, the contestant. This report is signed by Messrs Chase, Chipman, Hamlin and Ellsworth.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr Daniels, of N. C. in the chair.

Mr Horalson, of Georgia, then moved to take up the bill for the establishment of a company of sappers and miners. He gave notice that he should follow up this bill with one for raising a corps of mounted riflemen.

The House refused to act upon the bill, and proceeded with the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill—Mr McKay promising, as chairman of the committee of ways and means, that when this bill was disposed of the House should have liberty to act upon any other.

Friday, Feb. 20.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, those of the members who were in their seats were occupied in perusing the Cambria's news. After a while a quorum was formed, and

The bill providing that no senator shall receive mileage for constructive travelling—that when the President calls an executive session, no mileage shall be allowed any senator for attending said session, unless he shall have travelled for the purpose of attending said session—was ordered to be engrossed, and read a third time—ayes 115, nays 10.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr Hopkins in the chair, and took up the calendar of private bills. At 2 1-2 o'clock adjourned.

Saturday, Feb. 21.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, Mr Breckenbrough introduced an order which passed, to instruct the post office committee to inquire into the expediency of a tri-monthly mail from Jacksonville, Fla., to Havana, and also from Key West to Pensacola.

Mr Ashman gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill, making provision for those who fought in the late war against Great Britain.

Mr Hilliard reported a joint resolution for the relief of the late firm of Stockton, Stokes & Co., late mail contractors, which was referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

Mr Yancey moved to suspend the rules of the House so as to enable him to introduce a resolution that when the House adjourn it adjourn over until Tuesday next, in order to enable members to commemorate the birth-day of Washington. The rules were finally suspended, and the resolution adopted, with about ten dissenters.

A bill passed by the committee allowing *three hundred dollars* to an individual for the loss of a wagon in the Florida war, was laid on the table—75 to 42.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE. An unfortunate and desperate young woman, 18 or 20 years of age, attempted suicide yesterday afternoon in Castle street by taking an ounce of laudanum, in the presence of her sister, to whose residence she had come resolved on the commission of the act. She then left the house for her own home in Osborne place, accompanied by another female, but fell into spasms on reaching Washington street. She was carried into a druggist's shop, and emetics were freely used, but without effect, to relieve her, when the stomach pump applied by the physicians was successful in removing the poison and restoring her. She was first conveyed to her sister's residence, but the inmates denied all knowledge of her, and she was then taken to her home in Osborne place in a carriage. It was reported that she was from Maine, and was lured here by her sister, ruined and abandoned, and that this act was the result of a quarrel between the two. [Boston Post.

☞ Twenty-two bodies had been recovered from the John Minturn wreck at N. York on Friday. The captain, wife, son, and daughter, all lay together in the Methodist church. Around the body of Mr Keeler, a passenger, was found a belt in which he is believed to have had $1000, and, if so, the corpse was robbed. In fact every body found had been plundered by the pirates of the Jersey shore. Three of the crew, who were saved, John Bannister, Wm. Hill, and Francis Smith, assert that a larger portion of the crew and passengers might have been saved, had the people from the shore exerted themselves. A boat went under the lows of the ship, and then ashore, without taking one man off.

☞ Since Mrs Costello and Mr Mason have been upon Blackwell's Island, they have occupied rooms in the House of the Keeper as boarders, and lived in fine style. Orders have been sent up for Mr Mason to be set at work in the quarry, and Mrs Costello picking oakum among the other prisoners. [N. Y. Courier.

☞ Bennett's Express with the Cambria's news (allowing 15 minutes difference in time between the two cities) was run in 13 hours, 30 minutes, all told, leaving Boston Wednesday at 10 30 P. M., and arriving at the Herald Office at 8 45 A. M., Thursday morning.

THE WASHINGTON BALL. This was decidedly *the* Ball of the season. The Hall was appropriately trimmed for the occasion with flags, banners and streamers, which, with the magnificent portraits that the Mechanics' Association has decorated this room, gave the general scene a most splendid set off. The music by the Salem Band, was truly enlivening;—it caused the nerves of even these who forty years ago were bounding with a grace, ease, and elegance, that nothing but the Ball Room can give, to forget they were almost in the "sear and yellow leaf," and to find themselves whirling through the "misty mozes of the dance" with all the vigor of boyhood, and lofty bearing that ever accompanies decision and perfect self possession. The happy "inimitable" favored the company with a song he had manufactured for the occasion, descriptive of the happy scene of the evening, and what happy results might follow it, to the universal pleasure and delight of all present.

Many distinguished persons from abroad—Boston, Salem, and various parts of our own State, and other States too—honored the occasion with their presence. The uncommon, the remarkable collection of "beauty," even for a Lowell gathering, the place most of all distinguished for its "divinities," was a subject of universal wonder and admiration.

Had we time, we should be happy to go into a more minute detail of this gay scene of joy and hilarity—we may do so in our next. At present, we will simply add that joy, contentment, and happiness supreme glowed in the eyes of at least two hundred (as the "inimitable" calls them) divinities.

From the 2d edition Boston Mail, to-day.

Great fire last night—Entire destruction of the Howard Athenæum, Boston. About a quarter to 12 last night a fire caught in the green room of the Howard Athenæum in Howard Street, which spread with such rapidity that the entire building was soon enveloped in flames, and was entirely destroyed, notwithstand the active exertions of the Fire Department.

We understand there was no insurance on the building, fixtures and properties, but not half enough to cover the loss.

This was formerly the Second Advent Tabernacle.

MR BARKER BURNELL, late Cashier of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, has returned from Washington, and was met by Col. Hatch this morning at the Mansfield Depot, on his return to Nantucket.—He stated to the Col his surprise at the liberties taken with his name as connected with the Bank, during his temporary absence on business. He denies being a defaulter. A statement of the affair of this Institution may soon be expected.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT TROY. Five large brick stores on River street in Troy, were destroyed on Thursday night. It broke out at 10 o'clock, and continued until towards morning. The Troy Whig says: A much larger quantity of flour and wheat than was supposed was consumed at the fire. The property destroyed must have amounted to nearly $50,000.—Nearly the whole, however, is covered by insurance.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130 Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

MARRIED,

In this city, by Rev J. S. Spriager, in January and February, Mr Gordon B. Wilson and Miss Mary J. Chase; Mr Joseph T. Newton and Miss Emily W. Merrill; Mr George W. Kenney and Miss Eunice Hatch; Mr Otis W. Gates and Miss Lucy Farrow—all of this city. Mr Jeremiah P. Hadley, of Boston, and Miss Sarah H. Cotton, of Lowell; Mr Thaddeus W. Hext, of Marlboro', and Miss Philomela Thompson, of Lowell; Mr Samuel H. Edgerly, of Manchester, N. H., and Miss Mary J. Seaborn, of Lowell.

In this city, on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 22d, by Rev Abel Stevens, Mr Leander Crosby, of Billerica, to Miss Abigail Meody, of Lowell.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending February 21, 1846.

Feb. 10th, Lydia Ward, 59 yrs, consumption; Rachel Bird, 13, long fever; 16th, George Melvin, 2 mos, croup; Joanna Mansfield, 37 yrs, consumption; 19th, Carlos C. Durling, 47, consumption; Daniel O'Brien, 10 mos, scarlet fever; 21st, Cyrus J. Wilkins, 3, croup; Catharine F. Page, 1, gangrene.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Groton, Feb. 13th, Joshua Green 3d, youngest child of Joshua Green, M. D., 12.

Lowell Cemetery.

THE Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be holden at the Common Council Room, on WEDNESDAY evening, March 4th, at 8 o'clock, to transact business as follows, viz:

1. To hear the annual reports of the Treasurer and Board of Trustees.
2. To choose officers for the ensuing year.
3. To do any other business that properly comes before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

CHARLES HOVEY, Clerk.

☞ By a vote of the Board of Trustees, the price of lots on and after April 1, 1846, shall be Twenty dollars, and Five dollars additional for right of choice.

feb24 1w

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY —TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!

—*Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock,*—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8¼.

In consequence of ten great success of "*Rosina Meadows,*" and the crowds that were unable to obtain admittance last week, the Proprietor most respectfully announces it for a few evenings more—MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23, 24 and 25.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Gabriel, Atkins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the most laughable vaudeville of

THE TWO GREGORIES—or, Luck in a Name!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Mrs Merrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 9 A.M. to 10 P.M. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians.

feb24

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr. Gen. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Reeves, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor N. R. Caronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent Mt. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent Mt. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1yn&pdec16

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., *for* LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epis3wfeb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters as follows, viz: On the Evenings of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY next, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on SATURDAY, from 10 to 12, a.m., from 2 to 4, p.m., and from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening, and on MONDAY Morning, March 2, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

Voters who have recently removed from one Ward into another, are requested to give notice thereof to the City Clerk, either in person or in writing, previous to Saturday, 28th inst.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.
feb21 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Wednesday.
Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, *Snow*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Wold & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. f23

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE. FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f24

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Thursday next.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr PELICAN, *Pinco*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. f20

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 58 Central street.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same.

HUGH McEVOY,
Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

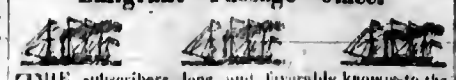
Notice

IS hereby given, that I this day relinquish to my son, CHARLES H. STIMPSON, his time, and declare him at liberty to act and trade hereafter for himself; and I shall claim none of his earnings subsequent to this date. CHARLES STIMPSON.

Witness—S. J. VARNEY.
Lowell, Feb. 21, 1846. feb24

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

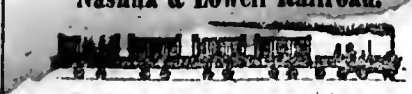
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to *Boston* $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

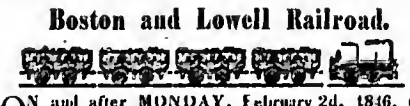
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passengor Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11¼, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan3tif Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN INSOLVENCY.—Before Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery, is and for said County. In the matter of FREDERICK HOLTON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor. To the creditors of said insolvent and all whom it may concern: You are hereby notified that the second meeting of the creditors of said Insolvent, will be held before the said Master in Chancery, at his office in Groton, in and for said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the usual business of such meetings will then and there be transacted, where you may be present to prove claims, &c.

And you and all others are also notified that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of said insolvent's estate, and all persons having any property of said insolvent will deliver it over to me; and all persons indebted will pay the same to me accordingly.

By order of said Master in Chancery.
WILLIAM SMITH, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. 2feb19

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of HENRY FAIRBANKS, of Acton, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am appointed Assignee of the estate of said debtor, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be held at the office of the Hon. J. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, on the NINTH day of March next, at ten o'clock, A. M., where they may be present and prove their claims.

R. LAPHAM, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb. 19, 1846. feb19

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mosdejan3

Lost!

A NICE lined *BUFFALO ROBE* came where on Middlesex street. Whoever has found the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at L. B. Norris' Stable, Commercial street.

feb19 LAWRENCE H. NORRIS.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.
No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, *Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.*

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Dizziness, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cancers Morbus, Scrotula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages; pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jyl

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOSS has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 84, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. (feb12) B. & B.

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 28, Central st.

feb11 HUGH McEVOY.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec20

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12*th*, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then got a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mosdyjan13

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Insolvency Notice.

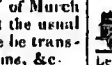
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of PELTIAH GOULD, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims. By order of said Master.

J. DINSMOOR, Assignee.
Lowell, Feb'y 12, 1846. feb17

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. WICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

Connection between the Boston and LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
" " 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
" " 5 P. M., to connect at the Junction to Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction to Wilmington at 7½ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¼ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9½ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls &c., &c.....Portland
At about 5¼, P. M.
At about 7½, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—ty DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Repairs, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep9tf

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. I, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton Lurdon. Subscriptions received by JUDKINS,
feb3 No. 29, Central Street.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 28, Central street.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
oct25

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, *Commercial Square.—*

Dry Goods.

On TUESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, p.m., Stock Sale, consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, such as alpacas, coburgs, saxonies, cashmeres, de laines, calicoes, cotton goods, 4-4 linens, table linens, napkins, flannels, shawls, hdkfs., hose, gloves, silk, bottons of all kinds, hooks and eyes, needles and pins, cords, spool cotton, knitting plus, ribbons, lines and straw bonnets, furniture patch, col'd cambricks, white dress goods, a small lot of Ladies' kid shoes; children's do.

Also—An invoice Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Doe skin, thin Stuffs, &c. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale.—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, if the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tsjan15

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by
jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Local Loiterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. an22

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23. I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

TUITION: for common English branches	$4.00
" higher " "	$4.50
Languages,	$5.00

Extra charges—Drawing and Painting, $2,00
Instrumental Music, 10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A.M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [*Painting.*
Feb. 10, 1846. w2wp3w

Rooms to Let!

THE rooms now occupied by G. T. Brabrook as a Furniture establishment, No. 44, Central Street, Commercial Square, up one flight of stairs, are to let. These rooms are well fitted for offices or other purposes. Possession will be given on the first of January, 1846. Enquire of JOSIAH SEAVY, at his store, under the above rooms.

Lowell, Dec. 2nd, 1845. 1dec2

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students; I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books; he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof, of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a patient.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6ms&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented in the Auditors, and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented on or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ARNER W. BUTTRICK,
RAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 3, P. M.
Lowell, April 7, 1845. aplotf

Legal Rights of Women.

HER Liabilities and duties—with an introductory History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS,
feb3 29 Central st.

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homœopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homœopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as carvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreax, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflammation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases; such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Menia, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

This is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have returned not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be stopped forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR,

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Geo. M. John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, Amos Tuttle; Burlington Gen. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Franklin Puffer; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis; Jaffrey, T. Metcalf; Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. M. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Conkey; Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Moorman; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Shrewsbury, Amasa Forriest; Stowe, E. A. T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington L. Cheney; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Tewksbury, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, O. Crosby & Co. Wilson; Westford, Hendrick Wilmington, Worden & Shepard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pentamus, Webster, H. B. Howe, North Reading, Madison, White & Hazelton, R. B. Annis, Andover, Upton & Co.; Bedford Town, Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin, jan6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PITMANGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography; royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phonetic Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a Liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian Liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.
SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

Merrill & Heywood,

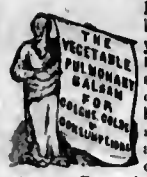
(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&p6m

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder; pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, Islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By E. R. St. John. For sale by JUDKINS,
feb6 29 Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Heada he and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HEWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.
ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURNER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN HALSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: SIR—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pahr street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Hurlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover, Se. Pariah, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber, would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rag8

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 26, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 25.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 27 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street, Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morgens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dispers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 ly

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ndv3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Bloodl,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET...LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jnn8 DEAN BANGS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, unvaryingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which, before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complains of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. olyjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physicians and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nh4 4ly

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 45 Central st. a28

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

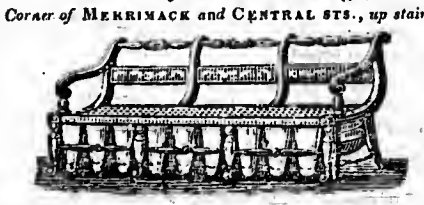
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Cloth, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, colds, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. 1fsept23

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 63 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

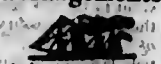
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs. Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advSmjan17

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No.* 2, *Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Coatings, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Muverie, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tubby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Muddne, Pongee, Iodia Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly jan29

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attractive of the Cross, by Rev Dr Spring; Sketches from Life, by Lyman Blanchard—any will be found at the UNION BOOK-STORE, 29 Central st. feb5

OLE BULL AND THE LOWELL BARBER.

It was my good fortune, not many months ago, to be in company with this justly celebrated violinist; and, among other amusing anecdotes he mentioned, I cannot forbear relating the following, using his own words to the best of my recollection. We had finished dinner and taken our seat on the piazza of the hotel, when the conversation, naturally turned upon music,—the "universal genius" of the Italians, and, afterwards, upon the "*peculiar*" genius which many negroes posses for playing the violin.

Ole was now in his happiest mood. A smile was on his countenance: "Yes, said he, "those "dark" fellows, indeed, always like *good* music, and *bad* music, too. They are singular people, and, think of it as you may, I am persuaded many of them have 'white' souls, however black their skins, for they are as easily charmed by the harmonies of music as by the sweetest Syren's voice. I always love the soul which responds with gratefulness to the sound of music."

"Did you ever hear," said he, "how I nonplussed a Lowell barber?" I replied in the negative. "Well, be patient a moment, I will tell you: You know when I am journeying I like to go sometimes incog; for 'tis very disagreeable to me to have the "good people" whispering about my ears—'That's Ole Bull,—that man you see there with the white hat on''—and then to have them mysteriously gazing me in the face. So I went to Lowell incog. and stopping a couple of hours I thought it necessary to patronize the barber *in the way of being shaved*; so presently seeing a "candy-stick" pole fastened to a post, "I put for it," as the Yankees say."

"As I came up to the shop a musical sound fell fast and thick on my ear. I opened the door. The music ceased. The barber bawed most graciously,—laid down his instrument, but *instanter* I observed, 'Pray, friend doe't let me interrupt you—play out the tune—'tis very fina; very fine, Sir! and then, if you please, you may shave me as smooth as a mirror, and at your own price."

"Ebony seemed delighted with the compliment.—His beautiful white teeth, a splendid set of ivury, shone dazzling; and his large, full eyes laughingly lit up as bright as the light on Eddy stone; and a good natured smile danced on his cheek, in time, as he funtastically drew his bow. 'Beautiful!—very Boastiful! that'a the Polka said I verdantly: 'No, sar: dats de 'Gwine ober de mount,' if you plaza, I will gib you some 'owiginal' wariations dis time." So he sawed it through again and I exclaimed—'that'a excellent! be se kiad, friend, to tach that last strain once more.' He did so: 'that's grand! I love that; pray, let me hear that agniu.' He bowed and the next moment his bow floarished in the air; his instrument responded, but, for the life of me, I could not understand the 'owiginal' varistioes. 'Do tuch that oece more,' said I! 'and if possible, let me catch it; my ear is pretty good for music; I was famous for the fiddle when a boy: So *he* agonized 'Gwine ober de mount' once more, and then, like some Teglioni, laid down the gentle harmonious, charming thing and his bow beside it carefully."

'That's grand!' I once more said, I *love* that! and then at his request, I tried my hand, most awkwardly, indeed, making the most horrible discords. He took pity on me and proffered his assistance. I acceptnd it with thankfulness seemingly. 'And now,' continued Ole laughing most heartily 'the accomplished barber would say, 'Det am wrong position—too heahy soand—dis am h flat,' and thus we agonized once more 'Gwine ober de mount.' 'This is an excellent violin,' said I, for what will you sell it?' and he ran it up to the round sum of fifty dollars instantly. 'Yes; sar, dis am superior-toned instrument—de messar ting for to get de high notes—just hark!' and he struck up on the 'Last Rose of Summer.'

'When he had finished, I observed to him, 'Why, you don't call that high?' He tried again and capped his climax. I rather reproved him,—told him I believed I could do much better myself. 'De fiddle den em yours if yoe does it;' 'but sheve me first,' said I, 'and then I'll try; 'hat,' said he, 'you am to gib me fifty dollars if yen doesn't:' 'very well,' I was barbered in half a trice.'

'Ebony then smiling pleasantly, proudly handed me my favorite. I made one of my grand flourishes with the bow and now commenced on his last peice—the 'Last Rose of Summer.' Of course I could do no better than to make a few awful blunders, but soon improving I drew my bow more gently and blended the notes more harmoniously. The barbers face changed a little. The smile suddenly disappeared. His eyes were fast eclarging. His mouth began to open violently, and on his countenance there was a look of solemn sadness. I had ascended the scale possibly, higher than he had ever dreamed. Now was 'my time.' I called out a few *harmonics*, his wool seemed almost to move on his head; his large white orbs rolled in wilderness as if about to leave their sockets; his legs were straddled and his body half inclined. What a serious posture! Now I played the *sublime*.' The amazed barber stood before me transfixed—a living black statue. I stopped abruptly but still he stood there motionless.'

After a few moments he recovered himself, and then, the first time for fifteen minates he looked me full in the face, fearfully, indeed like to one imploring,—a miserable captive. His lips quivered; he trembled, his very soul seemed convulsed; he could not speak. I addressed him kindly with a few words and returned the fiddle and bow. He attempted to reply but was unable. I waited awhile, and he tried again and faintly faltered out—'De—de—fid—dle—am—am won; who—am—yoe, great monsar? I could but smile and said 'I am, as you have discovered, a VIOLINIST, and hail from the *old world*; (and pointing to his instrument) learn now its sublime and hitherto unknown power; its divine and delightful harmony with the symphonies of the soul; forever let them hold sweet communion.' Bowing I left the shop but the barber followed, observed the direction I took and stopped. He eyed me until I turned the next corner, and with a look so full of strangeness and awe, that I am fully convinced he believed me possessed of some Satanic agency.'

Thus have I told the story as 'twas told to me.—[Portsmouth Mercury.

COMMITTEE OF SAFETY OF THE PROVINCIAL CONGRESS. The Boston Advertiser publishes the following official letter from General Warren to the Selectmen of Boston, written from Cambridge on the fifth day after the battle of Lexington. It shows how strictly the "siege" was beginning:—

CAMBRIDGE, 24 April, 1775.

In Committee of Congress.

Gentlemen,—The Committee of Congress have paid due attention to the Proposal of his excellency to the Inhabitants of Boston and the Vote of the Towe consequent thereto. We cannot but commend the Generosity and clemency of his Excellency's Disposition, which inclines him to such a Proposal, and approve the Wisdom of the town in readily accepting the terms proposed;—respecting the poor Inhabitants of Boston, we cannot but repeat our advice that the Committee of Donations would employ the monies lodged in their hands to facilitate their removal: And when apprised of the time allowed for the departure of our suffering Brethren from the devoted metropolis, we shall not fail to lend them our best assistance, by recommending to our friends in the country to furnish Habitations to the unhappy fugitives on the lowest terms; Respecting those who incline to seek a retreat in the Town of Boston we shall exert our best endeavors that they may pass with their effects without injury or molestation.

We are, gentlemen, with great

Esteem and affection, your

Most obedient Hum'e servent,

JOSEPH WARREN, Chairman.

To the Select Men, and other respectable Inhabitants of the Town of Boston.

A postcript to the letter of our New Orleans correspondent, dated on the 14th inst, says:

"I am just informed that the garrison of Matamoras has declared for the existing government of Paredes.

"General Ariste has been superseded from his command of the Northern army, so that this attempt at a new revolution is nipped in the bud. [U. S. Gazette of Tuesday.

THE ADVERTISER

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 26, 1846.

THE COURIER, THE TRIBUNE, AND THE FOREIGN NEWS.

On Wednesday night, Feb. 18, the Cambria arrived at Boston, bringing the important foreign news of the proposed change in the Commercial policy of Great Britain. The Courier, the following day, made extracts from the foreign papers showing what the proposed alterations were, but not venturing any editorial comments thereon. The news reached New York and was published in the leading organ of the high protectionists, the Tribune, with rather an extensive editorial notice, on Friday the 20th inst. The Tribune of that date reached Lowell the next day at noon.—The Monday following the Courier devoted about half a column to a leading editorial under the caption of "The new policy of England—its probable effects." So much for the time it takes for foreign news, to excite our tariff policy, to be carried from Boston to New York, and there digested by Horace Greely, and the result of his views sent to Lowell and all other parts of the country, giving the Courier and the whole high tariff press a one from which to preach their sermons.

The amount of the Courier's first sermon is, that the condition of the two nations (the United States and England) is not alike, and therefore an opposite policy should be pursued; and that the effect of Sir Robert Peel's new tariff when it goes into operation, will be to raise the price of agricultural productions and injure the Manufacturers. "Tis strange how men's minds change! Up to the time of Sir Rubert's new policy, who ever heard a whig contending for a policy the opposite of Great Britain's? As we said on the first arrival of the news, has not the burden of their song been, we *must* pursue the *same* policy as England? she has a high tariff and so must we have, or she takes our markets and gives us none in return. Was not reciprocity a theme they delighted to dwell upon? Was not the question asked, and asked again and again, why we should pursue a different policy from theirs, and give them "free trade" while they saddled us with highly restrictive or prohibitory duties? But now, we must cling to protection, because our true policy is the very antipodes of Great Britain's, and she wants free trade. Why had not some of these whig wisdomites discovered ere the last two weeks this new feature of American policy, and gone for free trade while England was going for a high protective tariff? If because the condition of the two countries is unlike, we should pursue an opposite policy to theirs, will the Courier or some other equally consistent whig tell us why the whig party did not advocate free trade while the British government were advocating high duties? and if they will advocate free trade, should it not change the existing high tariff? If the whigs think the true policy of this country is, to take the opposite of that of England, they have most signally departed from duty; they should have been the champions of free trade during the long course of years that England has pursued the protective policy. As they have not been, either Horace must have been suddenly converted, and the whole whig party become his proselytes by some almost miraculous power, or they really have little faith in the doctrine that we should pursue an opposite policy to that pursued by Great Britain, and are ready to pursue a policy like or unlike hers, as she goes for or against a high protective tariff.

With the other branch of the argument, that the effect of Sir Robert Peel's new tariff when it goes into operation, will be to raise the price of agricultural productions and injure manufacturers, (if by injuring manufacturers is meant reducing the dividends of capitalists to something like a reasonable amount) we are happy to agree. On the morning of the arrival of the news, in an article upon the foreign news, we said "if Great Britain changes her 'corn laws,' as is now contemplated, it will be of the utmost importance to the agricultural interest;—that done, and our tariff reduced, farmers will gain at both ends—agricultural productions will be higher and farmers get what they buy cheaper. We look upon the news now brought, as an earnest of a happy change in the policy of this country and Great Britain." Let the agricultural interests remember this important fact, now admitted for the first time by the high tariffites, that if England adopts the principles of free trade, agriculturalists will find a better market and better prices for their bread stuffs, their beef, pork, butter, cheese, and all the great agricultural staples of this country. Is it an objection to free trade, or low duty policy, that it will advance the interests of agriculture? It may be to those who look only to the interests of manufacturing capitalists, and would sacrifice the prosperity of every other interest in the country to give manufacturers 40 per ct. dividends; but to those who would see all interests thrive, who would see agriculture, commerce, labor, the mechanic arts, and manufactures stand any where upon an equal platform, it will be no objection that the agricultural interest is benefitted, and manufacturers deprived of the opportunity of taking from the great body of the people five times greater per ct. on their capital than they are justly entitled to, or any other interest can make.

"We should like to know how a party which has always had power under a *majority* system could lose it under a plurality." [Courier.

As this question is asked with apparent gravity, we will answer it seriously. A party could and would lose power under a plurality system, when under a majority system it would maintain it, in case a Governor and a large portion of a Senate cannot be elected by the people, and of the Representatives elected by a *plurality* of votes there would be a larger majority than there would of their opponents elected by a *majority* of votes. A circumstance not unlikely to happen should the plurality system be adopted.

TEXAS. The opponents of annexation have frequently declared that it would be a valueless dead weight upon us—a burden to us in any shape. Let us see how facts will bear out this impression. There is now $100,000 in the Texas Treasury. The collector of Galveston says, another $100,000 will be forwarded at the end of the quarter. When President Jones retires, there will be $350,000 in the Treasury. Texas is every way a solvent State, and will in a few years be to the Union what Louisiana now is. The Collector of Galveston, the only port of Entry in Texas, gives notice that Texian vessels will be enrolled in the Commercial Marine of the United States, on application at his office.

☞ The news by the Cambria was received in Montreal on Thursday evening in nineteen hours from Portland, and fifty-one from Halifax.

COUNTY TREASURER, AND REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Of STEDMAN BUTTRICK, Esq., our long-tried and faithful Treasurer we need not say a single word, and should not but that we wish to simply call the attention of the voters of Middlesex to the fact that a Treasurer is to be chosen. To Mr Buttrick we don't know that there is to be any opposition. Several years service, the prompt discharge of the duties of his office and the implicit confidence the whole community have in his integrity gives him the support of all parties.

For the office of Register of Deeds there are unfortunately three candidates. This circumstance has already rendered several attempts to elect a person to this office unavailing, and it is very desirable (if for no other reason than to avoid continual meetings) that this contest should be brought to a close by the election of somebody. We do not deny that all the candidates are fully competent to discharge the duties of the office; but no one can fail to see that all are not equally popular, and that neither of the other candidates stand anything so good a chance of an election as Mr PATCH. At each trial he has received a large plurality, and came nearer an election at every subsequent trial than at the former one. At the last he wanted but 269 votes of an election. He then received a majority of all the votes thrown out of the towns of Cambridge and Charlestown where his opponents reside and spared neither money nor pains to defeat an election. To Mr Hayden it is the same thing to defeat an election as to be elected himself, as he holds the office by appointment till some one is chosen.

What claims do the friends of Mr Patch's opponents urge? Why they say that they have already held offices a *long time*—that they have grown rich from the emoluments, and therefore should continue to hold them. Mr Patch, 'tis true, has no such claim; he has never been an office holder, nor grown rich from public fever. His friends support him because he is an honest man, and a good citizen, as capable of discharging the duties of the office as any man in the county; a democrat in feeling and practice, and the only person before the people who can be elected.

Voters of Middlesex, will you now terminate this troublesome contest! Next Monday is the day of the election for both a County Treasurer and a Register of Deeds. Then may both offices be filled and the people no more vexed with special elections.

THE WHIG CAUCUS.

The whigs of Lowell met at the City Hall Tuesday evening last, agreeable to adjournment. The nominating committee reported the names of Joshua Swan, Jefferson Bancroft, and John A. Knowles, as candidates before the caucus for the office of Mayor. At the third balloting, Col. JEFFERSON BANCROFT received a majority of the votes thrown, and was declared by the Chairman the candidate for election. The Alderman ticket is the same as last year, with two exceptions: Wm. C. Gray (if elected,) takes the place of O. M. Whipple, and Horace Howard of E. F. Watson. The board is certainly a very convenient one.—Henry Smith can furnish the city poor with meat; Selwin Bancroft can supply the groceries; Dr. Dalton can prescribe all the physic; Horace Howard can find the lumber to keep the city buildings in repair; Daniel Knapp can take special care of the corporation interest; and Wm. C. Gray can give tone and character to whig politics.

The meeting was not so numerously attended as we expected, and resulted in the success of the "line backs;" or rather, perhaps we should say the "line backs" succeeded in taking their choice of what they looked upon as evils. Mr Bancroft is neither a "line back" nor a "reformer," and will satisfy the "line backs" better than a "reformer" would, and will be more acceptable to the "reformers" than a "line back" would. There is considerable heart-burning on all sides but the democratic. The democrats look on with a stoical indifference that makes the whigs curse them more than ever. There is a strong talk among some of the whigs about getting up a new candidate;—they say that "loco-focos voted" at their caucus, and that the present candidate is concerned in a tavern, &c.—Whether it is true or false that loco focos voted at the meeting we are unable to say; but if they did it was the whigs fault, for both the "line backs" and "reformers" tried all they could to make democrats vote. And whether it is true or false that Mr Bancroft owns a tavern or a part of one, we don't see what it has to do with his fitness for mayor. But each faction must skin their own cnons, and make their own mayor, unless they have a mind to take the best man in the city, without regard to party, then the democrats will take hold and help elect him.

DEATH FROM ACCIDENT. Mr. Solomon Cutler, of Billerica, aged 77 years, was killed on Monday last, by falling from a beam in the barn, a distance of 15 feet. He was not discovered by his family till about an hour after he fell; and he survived about four hours after being discovered.

Mr Cutler was uncommonly active for a man of his years. He had ascended a ladder, to a high scaffold, for a bundle of straw, and a rotten piece of timber giving way he fell to the floor.

A SPECK OF WAR. At Muskaday, on the Wisconsin river, on the 3d, a small party of Winnebagos stole a canoe, in consequence of which a fight with fire-arms took place between the Indians and whites; four Indians were either killed or wounded, and two white man wounded. The legislature has authorized the raising of a horse company for the protection of the citizens in the vicinity.

☞ Madame Costello, who is now in the penitentiary, threatened the Editors of the New York Express with a libel suit, for publishing the police record of her incarceration.

☞ Miss Caroline Goodman was killed by lightning, while in bed, at Mobile, on the 18th; her face, breast and arms were burnt to cinders. Mrs Sampson and her child in the same bed were but little injured.

"How do you suppose," said a sexton's wife to a market man, "that I can afford to buy ducks, when my husband has not *buried a living soul* for three months past!"

☞ The Albany Argus of yesterday says, "the snow is of great depth in all this region. Our streets present a very picturesque appearance. In the more narrow, the snow is six and eight feet deep."

☞ About two thousand Mormons, mostly young men, have crossed the Mississippi on their way to California. They are to form the *advance guard* of the Mormon expedition.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, Feb. 24.

In the SENATE, a bill was reported incorporating the Newburyport Railroad Co. to build a railroad from Newburyport to Georgetown; also a resolve relating to Fort Kent in Fish River, Maine.

Senate bills incorporating the Essex Railroad Co., concerning the annual returns of Savings Banks and Institutions, and authorizing the Boston Wharf Co to extend their wharves, were severally passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, Mr Bell of Boston from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was committed the resolve to instruct our Senators and request our Representatives in Congress to oppose any alteration of the present postage law, reported that said resolve ought not to pass.

On motion of Mr Wilson of Natick, his order and resolve on Slavery, were taken from the table and placed in the orders of the day.

The following bills and resolves in the orders of the day were passed to be engrossed, many of them in concurrence with the Senate: Bills to incorporate the Citizens' Mutual Insurance Co. in Brighton; the proprietors of the Kirk street Church in Lowell; the Bristol County Savings Bank, and the 1st Methodist Episcopal Church in East Boston; concerning prosecutions for violations of by-laws; relating to the support of convicts; to increase the capital stock of the Tremont Iron Company, and the Taunton Copper Manufacturing Co.; in addition to acts incorporating the South Boston Lyceum, and the Boston and Maine Railroad Co.; to change the name of the Trustees of the Groton Academy to that of Lawrence Academy.

The bill authorizing the conveyance of the real estate of deceased persons and persons under guardianship at private sale, in certain cases, was taken up and discussed for an hour, and after motions to amend and to indefinitely postpone had been made and rejected, it was ordered to a third reading.

Wednesday, Feb. 25.

SENATE. Bills reported—to incorporate the New England Moral Reform Society in Boston, with a capital of $50,000—ordered to be printed; to authorize the town of Weymouth to sell its privilege to take alewives within the limits of said town, to the Weymouth Iron Co.; to incorporate the Methuen Bleaching and Dying Co.; and the town of North Chelsea.

The Rev. John H. Bisbee of Worthington was elected preacher of the next annual election sermon, he having received 34 out of 37 votes cast. Mr Bisbee is of the Congregational order.

Adjourned at 1 o'clock.

In the HOUSE, it was ordered that the committee on the Judiciary consider the expediency of reporting a bill increasing the tax on foreigners arriving in this Commonwealth from $2 to $10.

Bills were reported providing for the attachment of shares in railroad corporations and establishing the salary of the first clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at $1200.

The bill to establish the city of Roxbury came up first in the orders of the day, and was passed to be engrossed.

Mr Wilson's anti-slavery proclamation, was taken up, and forthwith laid down again with the orders of the day, on motion of Mr Chandler, of Boston.

Bills concerning the revival laws and incorporating the Bensonville Manufacturing Co. passed to be engrossed—also two resolves of a private nature.

The report it is inexpedient to pass the resolve relative to the reduction of postage, was after some discussion laid upon the table.

THE NEW TARIFF. A correspondent of the Philadelphia Sentinel complains that the Secretary of the Treasury has not carried out the views of the President in relation to the Tariff; that he has not only recommended great reductions in the rates of duty, but has presumed to frame a bill carrying out his own views on the subject. It is the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to recommend such emendments to the Tariff, or to any other revenue measure, which he deems conducive to the public interests. It is his special duty and it has been done by every Secretary of the Treasury. The correspondent of the Sentinel reminds the Secretary of the Treasury that the vote of Pennsylvania was secured to President Polk by his declaration of being favorable to the present Tariff, and that some of the heaviest reductions have been levelled by the Secretary against the interests of that State with a knowledge of that fact. The President in the celebrated Knox Letter, frankly declared he had always been against a high protective Tariff, and had uniformly voted against that measure, but he would support a Tariff for revenue with incidental protection.

The duty on Iron of all kinds is reduced to *thirty* per cent. We have abundant ore in this country, and Pennsylvania is rich with iron mines. The article can be manufactured in every variety of shape for almost every article in common use. Thirty per cent on such appears to us to be sufficient protection, and that duty on railroad iron ought to give us the monopoly. Thirty per cent in the advanced condition of our manufactures would seem to be sufficient protection on every article. Coal is set down at thirty per cent. The Pennsylvania anthracite will always command a market, and the little bituminous coal imported will soon be less from the quantity arriving from the Cumberland mines.—The duty on cotton goods is reduced to twenty per ct. This it is contended will throw thousands out of employment. We grow our own cotton. We have all the labor saving machines required in spinning and weaving; and twenty per cent protection to our own manufacturers ought to afford good dividends and fair profits. If not, then we are in favor of increasing it to thirty per cent. Under the present law they make thirty or forty per cent. profit, and that taken out of the pockets of the consumer is a very heavy tax.—*What would the manufacturing interest consider fair protection?* We do not, as it is alleged, reduce our tariff to benefit the foreign manufacturer. We do so to benefit ourselves; to relieve ourselves of a tax which enriches the manufacturer without benefitting the operative or the farmer. [New York Sun.

ARREST OF ANOTHER EXPRESS ROBBER. Officer A. M. C. Smith arrived in this city last evening, having in custody an individual named Charles J. Morris alias Mortgage, whom he arrested in the Western part of Indiana, on a charge of having been concerned with Dr Hatch in robbing the agent of Livingston, Wells & Co, of a trunk containing $35,000 on the 22d of October last. Mr George E. Pomeroy, late a member of Livingston, Wells & Co, accompanied officer Smith on his journey to Indiana, where they found the accused living in splendid quarters. [New York Express of Tuesday Evening.

MR EDITOR—I was exceedingly gratified to witness the attendance of the Hon. Linus. Child before the committee on railways and canals in favor of the Southbridge petition; the pleasure was heightened by the fact that a year's experience has wrought such a wonderful change in the mind of the talented author of the Livingston report. [Boston Post.

DEATH BY FREEZING. Benjamin Jones, Esq., of Lyndeborough, on Friday night last, he had been to this place with a load of wood, and arrived within a few rods of his house when his team got into a snow drift, from which they could not be extricated. Mr Jones was found frozen to death. He sustained an excellent character. [Nashua Gaz.

B. B. French, Esq., Clerk of the House of Representatives, has been absent from his table in the hall for several days past. On inquiry, we are sorry to learn that he is dangerously at home by very serious indisposition. [Nat. Intel. Monday.

☞ St. Paul says, "he that desireth the office of a Bishop desireth a good thing." So we should imagine, for the combined revenue of the two Archbishops and twenty-five Bishops of England, is computed at £3,154,460.

☞ We are equally indebted to the Post, Times, and Transcript for our legislative reports.

☞ The Post says "Marriageable ladies are called *wailing* maids."

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, Feb. 24.

Commonwealth vs. Warren Moulton for assault and battery on George Whitney—fined $5 and cost.

Wednesday, Feb. 25.

Eslwick Evans was fined $2 and costs for assault and battery on A. L. Bliss.

Wm. Putney was discharged from the complaint of his wife for threatening her with violence.

DESPATCHES. The National Intelligencer states that among the passengers in the Cambria were Mr. Bache, bearer of despatches from Mr McLane to Mr Buchanan; Mr Crampton, son of Sir Philip Crampton, the Secretary of Legation to Washington, bearer of despatches from the English Government to Mr Pakenham.

Another democrat Senator in Congress. On the 19th Feb. the legislature of Louisana, by a majority of 32 votes, chose Solomon U. Downs to be a U. S. senator for six years from the 4th of march, 1847, to succeed Alexander Barrow, whig. Mr Downs is U. S. district attorney.

☞ Pliny Ellis the gentleman who strangely disappeard from the Massachusett's yard a short time since has returned. He wandered away under a fit of derangement. He went to Connecticett. On returning to his senses he immediately returned.

The democrats of Illinois have held a state convention at Springfield, and nominated A. C. French, of Crawford county, for governor, and J. B. Wells, of Rock Island, for lieut. governor.

Hon. Mr Thomson of S. C. late our Minister to Mexico, is about putting to press a work on that Republic.

FOR OREGON. The ship Angelo, Hastings, is advertised to sail from New York for Oregon on the 30th of March.

APPOINTMENTS *by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.* David Hunter, to be paymaster in the army, to take effect from the 14th March next.

William A. Harris, to be charge d'affairs of the United States to the Argentine Confederation, vice Wm. Brent, jr., recalled.

☞ Having from time to time increased our exertions to make known to the sick their generous friend, Mr C. Brinckerhoff, and his preparation, we cannot but speak of the devotion he displays to their interets, by continually spreading before them, in his advertisement, as seen in another column, his remedy for Consumption. The remarkable favor shown his article, is such as to show convincingly the reputation it is so rapidly requiring. It is a source of happiness to see that the proprietor's exertions are receiving the reward due him.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

---

LECTURES AT THE THIRD UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

The Second Course of Lectures will be commenced in the Third Universalist Church NEXT SUNDAY EVENING, at 6½ o'clock. *Subject*—Human Life.

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Feb. 23, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

AT MARKET—520 Beef Cattle, 500 Sheep and 550 Swine. About 140 Beef Cattle, 200 Sheep and 300 Swine shipped on board the cars for to-day's market, were blockaded by the snow near Pittsfield, and will not probably arrive until Tuesday night. The Swinn reported unsold last week, changed hands Tuesday, at about 4c; and 425 of which are again reported.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—We noticed 9 extraordinary fat Cattle, fed by J. S. Wadsworth, esq., Genesee Flats, N. Y.: the best yoke was taken for the epicures of Worcester, at about $300—the others for the Boston market, at prices from 6 75 to 7 62. We quote prices generally to correspond with last week; extra 5 75 @ $6; first quality 5 50 @ 5 75; second 5 @ 5 25; third 4 25 @ 4 75.

Sheep—Lots were sold from $3 to $4 50.

Swine—"Dull," "dull." One small lot only at 3½ and 4½c, selected; a small number retailed at 4½ and 5½c. 400 Swine unsold.

MARRIED,

In this city, Feb. 22, by H. G. Smith, Mr Joseph S. Taylor to Miss Almira A. Hard.

In this city, Feb. 21, by Rev Amos Blanchard, Mr Henry W. Lovejoy to Miss Sarah F. King.

In this city, Feb. 22, Mr Paul T. Griffeth, formerly of Newburyport, to Miss Harriet D. Perkins, of Winthrop, Maine.

In this city, Feb. 24, by Rev Mr Miles, Mr Francis Turner, of Stoneham, to Miss Elizabeth A. Pike, of this city.

Lowell Cemetery.

THE Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be holden at the Common Council Room, on WEDNESDAY evening, March 4th, at 8 o'clock, to transact business as follows, viz:

1. To hear the annual reports of the Treasurer and Board of Trustees.
2. To choose officers for the ensuing year.
3. To do any other business that properly comes before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

CHARLES HOVEY, Clerk.

☞ By a vote of the Board of Trustees, the price of lots on and after April 1, 1846, shall be Twenty dollars, and Five dollars additional for right of choice.

feb24 tw

French's Oyster Saloon,

27.—Central Street—27.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 25.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Local Loiterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. an22

NEW BOOKS.

We have on our table publications from Harper & Brothers which may be found at Bixby's:

Pictorial Bible No. 50. This work has now reached to I. Epistle general of Peter, and will be finished in two or three more numbers. A generation will pass away before another as expensively published edition will be presented to the public. A more appropriate and proper present at wedding cannot be found.

The Step Mother—G. P. R. James, Part 2d. We noticed this novel on the appearance of the 1st part, and on examination of this, we have found no cause to retract our opinion.

Library of Select Novels—The Elves; translated from the German of Tieck, by Thomas Carlyle, with other Tales and Sketches, pp. 152. We were glad to have a volume of tales from the German by Carlyle. We remembered with pleasure his "German Romance" and opened this book with joy, but judge of our chagrin when we found that but twenty-five of the one hundred and sixty-two pages were either from the German or Carlyle. Now this would be obtaining readers by false pretences, were it not that these twenty-five pages are worth the price asked for the whole book, and our readers may burn the reel and yet get their money's worth, and they will do no more if they read them.

Philanthropy, or My Mother's Bible; founded on an incident which happened in New York; 18 mo., pp. 169. This tale is exceedingly well got up in the type, press and binding; both are worthy of the contents. It will be a pleasing addition to every Sunday School library.

LOWELL MUSEUM. Since the Moral Drama of "Rosina Meadows" has been produced at this establishment, the Lecture Room has been crowded to excess, and hundreds have gone away disappointed in obtaining seats. Miss St. Clair, who personates Rosina, has the principal part; but we do not wholly admire her gestures and acting in some of the scenes; yet, possessing as she does a classic face, a sweet musical voice, and a most beautiful form, we think she is for the most part qualified to represent Rosina. We have witnessed this drama enacted a number of times in Boston, and we have never seen the part of Miles Meadows, sustained so well as by Mr. Wyatt. In this part, he not only sustains much credit to himself as a good imitator, but also an accomplished classical speaker. Mr Merrifield keeps the house in a constant roar of laughter. Mrs Merrifield sustains her part admirably. We learn that this beautiful drama will be performed only three nights more in Lowell.

☞ The Union contradicts the rumor that some further correspondence has taken place on the Oregon question, and that a negotiation is going forward upon the principle of conceding Oregon on the condition of modifying the tariff. If any of these things have taken place, it says it is "certainly not advised of it. [Boston Times.

DREADFUL EPIDEMIC. Henry Wilder, of Greenfield, in this county, died yesterday morning, after an illness of only a few hours. Several have already died of a disease the most fearful and appalling. Physicians have no knowledge of the disease, and stand horror-stricken to witness their patients struck down in a moment and hurried to the tomb. History gives no account of so terrible and fatal a malady. In all cases persons attacked have died. Some twelve deaths have already occurred. The first symptons are chillness, severe vomiting, paroxysm, congestion of the prain; followed immediately by death.—[New Albany (Ind.) Democrat.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.
6wa&pfeb14

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!

—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock,—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at ¼ to 7, and 8¼.

In consequence of the great success of "*Rosina Meadows,*" and the crowds that were unable to obtain admittance last week, the Proprietor most respectfully announces it for a few evenings more—MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23, 24 and 25.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Crnes, Gabriel, Atkins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Mecrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the most laughable vaudeville of

THE TWO GREGORIES—or, Luck in a Name!

Characters by Messrs Morrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Mrs Morrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. fnb24

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 12 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epis3wfeb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters as follows, viz: On the Evenings of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY next, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on SATURDAY, from 10 to 12, a.m., from 2 to 4, p.m., and from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening, and on MONDAY Morning, March 2, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

Voters who have recently removed from one Ward to another, are requested to give notice thereof to the City Clerk, either in person or in writing, previous to Saturday, 28th inst.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

feb21 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stentan's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle, [Bnys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner,
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Cobnrn's block, 58 Central street.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same.

HUGH McEVOY.
Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scurfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street, Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparille after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our storekeepers find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

Notice

IS hereby given, that I this day relinquish to my son, CHARLES H. STIMPSON, his time, and declare him at liberty to act and trade hereafter for himself; and I shall claim none of his earnings subsequent to this date. CHARLES STIMPSON.

Witness—S. J. VARNEY.
Lowell, Feb. 21, 1846. feb21

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M., 1¼, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving in, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bonnington, Albany, Ballows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestawn, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
" " 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
" " 5 P. M., (to connect at the junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6¾ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

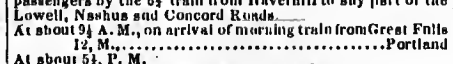
At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" " 12¼ M.,.....Portland
At about 5¼, P. M.
At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important seaports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent dely and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Nowry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
.tfilac23 47, Merrimack Street.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Saturday next.
Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, *Snow*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. f26

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f26

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr PELICAN, *Pinea*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. f26

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'ly,
GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Faltno streets, Boston. 8madvjan18

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gurhatt streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. Bond has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them.

BENT & BUSH.
Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 33, Central st.

feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Lowell Literary Academy.

THE *SPRING TERM* of this Institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1846, in *Wentworth's Building*, on Merrimack street, near the Depot. Instruction will be given in the Sciences and the Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, and Italian languages; Drawing, Painting, Vocal and Instrumental Music. There will be weekly exercises either in Declamation or Composition. The students will edit a paper once in two weeks, embodying their own compositions. This school has been gradually increasing in numbers, from its beginning, and is now in a very prosperous condition. Number of Scholars the last term, 40.

TUITION: for common English branches $4.00
" higher " " $4.50
Languages, $5.00
Extra charges—Drawing and Painting, $2,00
Instrumental Music, 10,00

JOHN C. INGALLS, A.M., *Principal.*
ALEXANDER R. TEBBETTS, *Associate Teacher.*
HESTER A. R. TEBBETTS, *Teacher of Drawing.*
I. N. METCALF, *Teacher of Piano-Forte.* [*Painting.*
Feb.10,1846. a2wp3w

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any port of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

ing 16—ty DR. F. MORRILL.

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended far the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&p1yjan13

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep6tf

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by

jn22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office in No. 1, Central Square.

—At Office.—

On SATURDAY, Feb'y 28, a large lot of groceries, &c., consisting of Sugars, Teas, Oil, Molasses, Fish, Soap, Sperm Candles, Raisins, Brooms, Pails, Tumblers, &c., &c.

Also—In the EVENING, a large invoice of new Gold and Silver Watches, consisting in part of Gold English, Levers, Gold anchor Levers, do. Lepines, Silver Levers, (English and anchor,) Lepines, half plate Horizontals, double case Verge watches, &c.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought in this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consisting of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tsjan15

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

Puritan Divines.

THE works of the English Puritan Divines, vol. 1, containing various selections from the writings of John Bunyan, by Rev James Hamilton London. Subscriptions received by JUDKINS,
feb3 No. 29, Central Street.

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented or before the 25th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS, } Committee.
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M.

saftf Lowell, April 7, 1845.

Legal Rights of Women,

THEIR liabilities and duties—with an introductory History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS,
feb5 29, Central st.

DENTAL SURGERY.



Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many for whom he has inserted sets this, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years:

Dr. D. Mowe, Mrs. E. McGaddes,
William Nourse, " Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hosley, " John Aiken,
George Warren, " Mary Andrews.
Dr. G. has also had them in for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to stop the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain.

sfeb28apr28

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therapeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homœopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homœopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahneman has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who in so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their awe opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug3—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dwesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bendstreet, J. C. Ayar, Louis N. Tower, Geo. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Simonds; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Fuller; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollision, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Bemis, T. Mossif, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldrigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons; Daniel Mercrues; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Parrier; Stowe, P. & T. Rice, Winchester Robinson, Wantage ton E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Prescot, S. C. Wilder; Westford, Henry Gritin; Wilmington, Warren & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pinnock; Woburn, H. B. Hood, Noah Kendall; Methuen, Whitte & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Osgood & Co.; Bedford Thos. Stiles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin.

jan1dly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing raformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a completa course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th aditiun, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
act30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts thereis stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight varitions, except the last 3 months, when she filled fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.
SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 8 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

Merrill & Heywood,

(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Taken—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Man, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Curier's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hanter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jno. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n18A&p6m

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dysepesia, dysantery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their advisable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and saunding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsie, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They drive them powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storm, of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Hopeless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease, sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,
feb6 20 Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Dolorreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetia Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent
I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HAWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dawitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No. 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and inaptitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elissbeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ply

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 25 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Conoord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Dability, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentleman or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S

HEALTH RESTORATIVE.



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth'a treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analysed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1846. VOL. 1.—NO. 26.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnev1

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

ttsdv LOWELL. nov15

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct23

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. ja4

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Chicheis, and various Upholstery articles.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE-HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET,

LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fannel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on Houses.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

N. W. Ryan,



No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

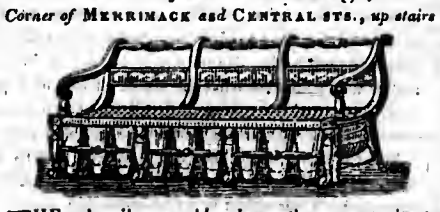
Lewistos, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chintz, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept20

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their head measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, E. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Concor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

SILK PURSES, the best assortment in Lowell, for sale cheap by RAYNES, at 42 Central st. a28

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harndee & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes bend money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons, advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week; for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv8mjan17

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscribers at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Coatings, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Casimere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, Indin Bandeanas, Choppa, Spitalfields, Sinchew, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Drawers of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1.

SYDNEY SMITH'S Miscellaneous Sermons; Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs Grant; the Attraction of the Cross, by Rev Dr Spring; Sketches from Life, by Lucius Bierbard—may all be found at the UNION BOOK-STORE, 29 Central st. feb6

A DEVILISH BIG FISH. A ship arrived here lately from Rotterdam, says an English paper, the master of which reports that, he was in company with Capt. Van Blast of the Tromp of that town, newly come from the Greenland seas. The captain informed him that in lat. 77, they saw a very large fish whose tail reached to the north pole, and raised the nitrous clouds which caused the aurora borealis. The common food of this monster was whales, of which it devoured as we would shrimps. So inconsiderable were they, in its mouth, that a whale of 140 feet in length might be seen sticking between his teeth. The animal uses its fore fin as a tooth-pick to take it out. The monster's two eyes resembled two rising suns in the horizon, and when he opened his mouth the upper jaw reached far above the clouds. He seemed to swallow them as they passed. His extended jaws covered and darkened one half of the surrounding sky. When the monster sneezed it occasioned a storm, in which the Dutch vessel was sadly tossed. Whenever he swam the globe seemed to yield to that side, and the beheld the north pole yielding likewise, like the mast of a ship aground.

The water was in violent agitation; and they rolled away their mast. Luckily one of the animal's whiskers had been rubbed off against the ice, and cutting from these three hairs they made jury masts of the same which are now used for the harbor booms of Rotterdam. [New York paper.

WOMEN AND THEIR WAYS. How often do we see a lady, who cannot walk; cannot rise in the morning; cannot tie her bonnet-strings; faint if she has to lace her boots; never in her life brushed out her beautiful hair; would not for the world prick her delicate fingers with plain sewing; but who can work harder than a factory girl, upon lamb's wool shepherdess—dance like a dervish, in a crowded ball room, and, whilst every breath of air gives her cold in her father's house, and she cannot think how people can endure the climate, can yet go out to dinner-parties in February and March, with an inch of sleeve and a half-a-quarter of boddice! [New York Mirror.

☞ "Mister printer," said a little urchin, poking himself into our sanctum with a paper in his hand pointing to a word—"mother wants to know what's the meaning of this 'ere word."

"What word—that Salmagundi?" said we.

"Yes, sir."

"Tell your mother that Webster says it is a mixture of chopped meat and pickled herring, with oil, vinegar, molasses, red flannel, and onions, to be eaten three times per day."

"By thunder! if the old woman did'nt think it was a scripture name."

☞ A Yorkshire lad who had lately gone to service, having had salad served up for dinner every day in the week, when asked why he had left his place, replied—"They made me yeat grass i'th summer, and I wor afraid they'd make me yeat hay i'th winter—and I could not stand that, so I wor off."

DROPS OF COMFORT GENERALLY ADMINISTERED BY FRIENDS. Having your health proposed at the age of forty, as a "promising young man."

Reading a newspaper, on a railway, containing an account of "five and twenty lives lost" only the day before.

Loosing a heavy sum at cards, and all your friends wondering how you could have been "*such* a fool"

Putting on a white neck cloth, which you fancy becomes you, and being hailed all the evening as "the waiter."

Publish a novel, which does not sell, and reading in a review—"This work is equal to anything of Ainsworth's."

Breaking down before ladies in the middle of a room, and a wag calling out "*Encore*"

Loosing your latch-key, and wife and mother-in-law both sitting up for you.

Having your gig nearly upset by an omnibus, and being abused by the conductor for not seeing "very ye're coming to." [London Punch.

☞ A gentleman wishing to get rid of a visiter and not liking to tell him "to put on his hat and make himself scarce," modified it thus: "Elevate your golgotha to the summit of your pericranium, and allow me to present to your circular that scientific piece of mechanism which forms the egress portion of this appartment."

WOULDN'T MARRY A MECHANIC. A young man commenced visiting a young woman, and appeared to be well pleased. One evening he called when it was quite late, which led the girl to enquire where he had been.

"I had to work to-night," he replied.

"Do you work for a living?" inquired the astonished girl.

"Certainly," replied the young man; "I am a mechanic."

"My brother doesn't work, and I dislike the name of a mechanic," and she turned up her pretty nose.

That was the last time the mechanic visited the young woman. He is now a wealthy man, and has one of the best women for his wife. The young lady, who disliked the name of a mechanic, is now the wife of a miserable fool—a regular vagrant about grog-shops—and she, poor and miserable girl, is obliged to take in washing, in order to support herself and children.

Ye who dislike the name of a mechanic, whose brothers do nothing but loaf and dress—beware how you treat young men who work for a living. Far better discard the well-fed pauper, with all his rings, jewelry, brazen-faceduess, and pomposity, and take to your affection the calloushanded, intelligent, and industrious mechanic. Thousands have bitterly regretted the folly, who have turned their backs on honest industry.—A few years of bitter experience taught them a severe lesson. In this country, no man or woman should be respected, in our way of thinking, who will not work bodily or mentally, and who curl their lips with scorn when introduced to a hard-working man. [Saturday Courier.

DIRN YOUR BRITISH GOLD. About the time that matters and things in the specie line were becoming interesting in Natchez—we saw a sucker from the landing, an *Illinise*, who had just sold the last of his load of corn, call at the Planter's Bank to obtain specie for his *bills*.

Handing them to the accomplished Teller, he said, "*Stranger, I don't want nuthin' but the specie funds—gold, ef you've got it, ef not—the specie it's self.*"

Mr. ——, with his usual grace, counted out the four hundred, in sovereigns, and handed them over. The fellow picked one up, examined it closely, read the stamp on both sides, and handing it in us asked, "*aint that British, Stranger?*" We informed him that it was, but that it was as current as American gold or silver.

"O!" replied he, "you don't fool me young man—*Dirn your British Gold!* I've got a kind o'pizen feelin' gin anything in that line—*Dirn your British Gold!* You must think I'm a fool—I aint redeemable no where but in the Bank of England, and I aint a gwoin ther to git it changed. *Dirn your British Gold!* Three cheers for *Illinois!*" [Concordia Intelligencer.

The waterworks company propose a new source to supply the city with salt water: they think they could save soap by bringing it in from *Bud*-bury river. [Post.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 28, 1846.

Democratic Ticket.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

STEDMAN BUTTRICK, of Concord

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS,

EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.

☞ DEMOCRATS, GO TO THE POLLS NEXT MONDAY, AND VOTE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES FOR COUNTY TREASURER AND REGISTER OF DEEDS.

☞ VOTE FOR STEDMAN BUTTRICK AND EPHRAIM B. PATCH.

RAILROAD MONOPOLY OR COMPETITION.

What course the present Legislature will pursue with regard to the question of sustaining or not sustaining existing railroad corporations as monopolies, without even the competition that would spring up naturally if roads are chartered with a view wholly to the public good, is, to our mind, as the Legislature is now constituted, a matter of some doubt. The democrats in the House will go, doubtless, for a system creating a wholesome competition. Whig policy is against competition, and in favor of monopoly. And were it not for the fact that there are many whigs all over the Commonwealth, whigs of influence too, whose interests are averse to the monopoly policy on this question, we should have no hope whatever of its being considered with an eye to the public welfare. But as many of the whig representatives were chosen with a direct reference to this question, and as the competition policy has its whig advocates in every corner of the State actuated by the strongest power that moves man to action, self-interest, there is a possibility that the people upon this subject may get justice. But every sort of "artful dodging" and specious fairness will be resorted to by the monopolists to defeat the interest of the masses, the competition doctrine. To prevent this, the friends of justice must have their eyes open, and be careful they are not caught in the numerous traps that will be set for them, whether they are hidden, or specially exposed to view, the trencher covered in staring capitals, with the words 'fairness,' 'justice,' 'equality,' 'public good,' 'integrity,' 'honesty,' 'liberality,' and a host of other well meaning words, made use of quite as often for deception as for the purposes professed. No one will be duped in this matter who considers what the object of the monopolists is, and the means they will adopt to maintain and still farther secure the permanency of that object.

What is their object, and what are the means by which they will attempt to maintain, and permanently secure it? Their object is to permanently secure a monopoly of all the business done by railroad in a given section of country, by preventing any other road being established by which, either directly or indirectly, an independent means of railroad communication would be furnished. To effect this, all new lines, and cross lines will be opposed that would introduce competition, if it is thought they can be successfully.—When it is probable that they cannot be defeated, the game will be, for the proprietors of the existing corporation to contrive to get a majority of the stock in the new line that the fare can be so regulated as no competition will arise.

To manage to get the stock into the hands of the proprietors of the old road, the monopoly party will divide itself into apparently opposing parties. First there will be a division of the monopolists who will take ground that it is unconstitutional—that the chartered rights of the old corporation are interfered with. The next division will have little faith in the argument of the unconstitutionality of the proposed project, and will think it quite as proper to leave that question to the tribunal for settling questions of a constitutional nature, the Supreme Court, but will be able to see no public necessity for such a road; all the business can be done, they will say, over the present road, and the corporation can take no advantage of the public by taxing exorbitant rates because the Legislature has the power to regulate the fare, (a power that it never exercises) and if a new line or a cross line is built the public must support two roads instead of one. Then there will be another division of the monopolists who will profess more liberality and fairness, and feel more interest in the success of the road, and more alarm lest everything should not be done fairly, and everybody have an opportunity of taking stock than even the real enemies of monopoly themselves. This division of the party will take care to have the charter given to persons interested in the old road or some of its friends, and then, that there need be *no unfairness, that the old corporation or its friends or tools, nor anybody else in particular* may get the control of the road by taking up a majority of the stock, they will have a clause inserted in the charter providing *how long and where* the books shall be opened, and as many other *like important* restrictions and guards as any one wishes. The different divisions of the monopolists will all go for them and dwell upon their importance, if by that means they can only get the charter into the hands of their tools. These provisions of when, and where, and how long the books shall be kept open, and how much stock an individual shall be allowed to take will be of exactly as much importance towards keeping the new road out of the control of the proprietors of the old, with which it may interfere, as if no such provisions existed. Whoever has control of the books when opened for stock subscriptions, as every body can't be accommodated at the same moment, gives the stock to whom he pleases.

Where a road cannot be defeated, the whole point in the game will be to get the control of it. To do so, all sorts of plotting and counter-plotting will be tried; and the only way to keep cross lines and new lines out of the hands of the proprietors of the old roads is to give the charter to men who are known to be neither owners in the old corporations, nor their tools.

We might cite particular cases where all this managing is being carried on, but it is sufficient to speak of the general manner of managing these things. Defeat of the project for a road that will in any degree compete with an existing one, or the control of the road, where it cannot be defeated, by getting the charter into the hands of persons who are in the interests of the road to be effected by the competition of the new one, are the two cards that will be played, and are being played by the monopolists. Their whole efforts are directed to these two points.

☞ *Weather cold—sleighing good.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The democrats of N. H. are holding enthusiastic meetings in various parts of the State. Hon. Franklin Pierce, Mr Wells, and Hon. Harry Hibbard addressed the democracy of Exeter on the 19th inst. At the above meeting a series of resolutions were passed showing the right spirit, and a determined one. We copy the following:—

"*Resolved*, That the union of the supporters of John P. Hale with the federalists and abolitionists in the nomination of the most open and avowed federalists for important offices in the State, as in Rockingham counsellor district, and senatorial district, No. 2, cannot fail to open the eyes of every honest democrat who has hitherto given his support to Mr Hale, as to the true designs of this reckless demagogue, and cause him to desert a party so manifestly unprincipled and corrupt.

Resolved, That the great number in attendance at this convention—the union, harmony and enthusiasm which has characterized its proceedings and animated both speakers and members, are an earnest that the right spirit is abroad in the democratic party, and that they are determined to be governed by the motto in the coming contest, "*everything for the cause and nothing for men.*"

Resolved, That we acknowledge but two political parties, viz: democratic and federal, and he who is not for us is against us."

We think the Lowell Courier has done the democracy of N. H. good service, as we thought it would, in laying bare the object of the whigs, Haleites and abolitionists. The statements it made have been quoted by all the democratic papers in the State.

☞ We have received a copy of the charter and by-laws of the State Mutual Life Insurance Co., and an exposition of the principles of insurance.

Life Insurance begins to excite great attention throughout the country, and in our cities thousands take out insurance on their lives in the course of every month. It appears to be a species of savings bank, where an individual deposites every year of his life a small sum of money, and at his death leaves for the person or persons to whom he directs the money to be paid, not the sum of all he deposites, but a very much larger amount.

We should judge this company to be perfectly safe and sound, and the cash payments appear to be low. The advertisement of the Co. will be found in another column. William P. Webster, Esq. is the agent of this Co. for Lowell and vicinity.

FROM WASHINGTON. General Romulus M. Saunders, of N. C., was confirmed as minister to Spain, in place of Washington Irving, recalled.

It is stated in letters that Mr Ritchie, one of the editors of the Richmond Enquirer, had killed Mr Hamilton Pleasants, son of J. H. Pleasants, former editor of the Whig. They appear not to have had a regular duel, but met in the streets of Richmond, and after discharging pistols without effect, attacked each other with bowie knives. Both were wounded, and Pleasants fatally. Ritchie had arrived at Washington.—This is the melancholy end of a quarrel which had existed for many months.

PORTSMOUTH AND CONCORD RAILROAD. At a meeting of the stockholders of the Portsmouth & Concord Railroad, held in this town on Wednesday last, says Hill's N. H. Patriot, report was made of subscriptions. It appears that $477,000 of positive subscriptions have been made, and about $150,000 conditional. As $600,000 positive subscriptions is all that is needed to commence the road, the deficiency will be speedily made up, and the grading will probably be commenced at the earliest practicable season.

LOW WAGES. The Moaymensing weavers have published a statement of their earnings, shewing that they are unable to earn more than three dollars and fifty seven cents each per week, at present rates.—many have to support their families even on this!

☞ The wife of Paul J. Wheeler, Esq., postmaster at Croydon Flat, N. H., was so badly burned, Feb. 9, by her clothes taking fire from a stove, that she died in two days afterwards. Mrs. J. A. Graves was burned to death at Gailford, Vt., from the same cause.

☞ The Syracuse Star states that Gerrit Smith, Esq. of Peterboro, Madison county, has advertised, in a pamphlet, nearly three-fourths of a million of acres of land—lying in N. Y. State, the greater part to be sold at auction.

FIRES. The large wooden school house in South Malden was burnt between 12 and 1 o'clock on Friday morning.

In Worcester, the satinet factory of J. L. R. Pickford was burnt on Thursday night. No insurance.

RIGHT OF WAY. The motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the bill granting the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, was agreed to in the Pennsylvania Senate on Friday, by a vote of 19 to 10.

☞ Hon. Martin Van Buren, ex-President of the United States, arrived in N. Y. city last Friday, and is at present staying at the house of Major Van Boren, in the Fifth Avenue.

☞ The State Convention of the Liberty party, held in Boston, on Wednesday last, nominated for governor Samuel E. Sewell, of Roxbury; and for Lt. Gov. John M. Brewster, of Pittsfield.

CORN AND CORN MEAL FOR EUROPE. The ship Liberty, Capt. Norton, New York on Wednesday last, with 3500 barrels of Indian meal, 24,000 bushels of corn.

In the reign of Henry VIII, two thousand criminals were executed annually; and during the period that he swayed the sceptre, seventy-two thousand were put to death.

WOODEN CLOCKS. Sixty thousand were shipped to England last year, and a larger number will be sent this year.

☞ James McDowell, ex-governor of Virginia, has been elected to Congress to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr Taylor.

☞ The sportsmen of Philadelphia are dealing out death and destruction among the flocks of robins now retiring to the north.

☞ Our minister to Russia, Colonel Tod, has received a vote of thanks from the Imperial Economical Society, for copies of valuable American books.

☞ Arrangements have been perfected for a daily line of steamers between Oswego and Montreal.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, Feb. 26.

In the SENATE the bill to establish the city of Roxbury came up from the House, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr Salisbury, ordered that the committee on banks and banking consider the expediency of providing further legislation concerning the fraudulent taking and conversion of the property of banks by officers and others employed in said banks.

Bills were reported relating to the erection of furnaces for the making of glass, and to incorporate the Charlestown Gas Company; also a resolve in favor of the Bristol County Agricultural Society.

Ordered to be engrossed—Resolves on the petition of William Gordon, coroner, and concerning the Concord Artillary Co..

Adjourned during a discussion of the bill providing for an increase of the salary of the Register of Probate for the County of Barnstable.

HOUSE. Sundry bills and resolves were passed to be enacted.

The committee on the Judiciary reported a new draft of a bill providing for the payment of the wages of married women, and it was ordered to be printed.

The preamble and resolutions relating to slavery came up for consideration. Various amendments were proposed, among them one from Mr Knights of Marblehead, who made considerable merriment by his speech and amendment (introduced to throw ridicule on Mr Wilson's resolutions), that Massachusetts was guilty of a gross abandonment of principle in not enrolling colored persons in the militia.

Mr Page of New Bedford thought that much obloquy and injustice were heaped upon the whig members of the House by certain editors, for not sustaining the anti-slavery resolutions. He quoted from the Liberator of last week: "A more contemptible, heartless, servile body than the present whig Legislature, cannot easily be conceived of. * * * * There is something approaching the heroic in the naked, unblushing villainy of the democratic party; but this cringing, crawling, dastardly spirit of whigism is indescribably disgusting. * * * There never was a more infatuated party than the whig party in this State. They are trying to serve Liberty and Slavery, God and Satan—only Satan and Slavery are incomparably more revered by them than God and Liberty."

Mr Page said his own judgment would be his guide in voting for or against the resolutions, and he should vote against the present preamble and resolutions introduced by the Demosthenes (so he called Mr Wilson) of the House.

After some half a dozen amendments were offered and rejected, Mr Bryant of Barre disclaimed the 1843 Texas resolutions, and withdrew his order for taking the yeas and nays. The question was then taken, and Mr Chandler's amendment adopted by a vote of 174 to 7, thereby killing Mr Wilson's resolutions.

Friday, Feb. 27.

In SENATE. On motion of Mr Willard, it was ordered that the Probate Committee consider the expediency of increasing the salary of the Register of Probate for the county of Worcester.

Bills were reported to continue in force the Lynn Institution for Savings; concerning foreclosure of mortgages; concerning railroads, and respecting corporations for mutual improvement and the promotion of education; for supplying the city of Boston with water from Long Pond.

The bill fixing the salary of the Register of Probate of Barnstable county at $500, passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, Mr Wilson of Natick presented the petition of Francis Jackson and 35 others, abolitionists, praying that the Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State may be re-called, and that a convention may be called for the formation of a new Union.

Mr Chandler of Boston said that this was an extraordinary petition, the most so of any that he had ever known to be presented to this House. As the matter had come up suddenly, he was somewhat doubtful as to the proper course to be taken; he therefore moved to lay the petition on the table for the present—and this motion was successful by a unanimous vote.

The bill to establish the city of Cambridge was amended and ordered to a third reading.

Senate bills to set off a part of Ipswich to Boxford, straighten the line between Shirley and Boxford, relating to the Agent of discharged convicts, were ordered to be engrossed.

Passed to be enacted—Act in addition, incorporating Boston and Maine Railroad Co; incorporating High street and Kirk street churches in Lowell.

The bill obliging every town to keep its records in a fire-proof safe, under a penalty of $50, came up on its passage to be engrossed; but the House adjourned without acting upon it.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Feb. 24.

In the SENATE, bills were reported for the relief of Isaac Hill, and for the relief of the forward officers of the exploring expedition.

Mr Breese presented a memorial from Mr Whitney on his grand Oregon railroad project. Mr Breese briefly explained the views and object of the memorialist.

The bill passed a few days ago by the House, for cutting off the constructive mileage of senators, was called up and after several jocose remarks, it was referred to the committee on the judiciary.

Mr J. M. Clayton gave notice that he should to-morrow call up the bill for adjusting French claims.

Mr Dickinson of New York, at one o'clock took the floor and spoke on the Oregon question, claiming all of Oregon and opposing the plan of negotiating with Great Britain about Oregon, in order to afford her an opportunity to set up a claim to our soil. He saw nothing in the late news that should induce us to alter our course as to Oregon. The queen's speech was peaceful, only calling for a little more military preparation.

In the HOUSE, in committee of the whole, (Mr Thompson in the chair) the river and harbor bill was taken up.

Mr McConnell, of Alabama, made a characteristic speech against the bill—directing his opposition particularly against the item for purchasing the Louisville, Ky., Canal, with an indefinite sum—and the item for what he called the "long lakes, longer than long John Wentworth."

Mr Crozier, of Tenn., offered an amendment to the bill to appropriate $22,500 for a canal around the "Muscles Shoals" in the Tennessee river, and made an eloquent speech in its support.

During his remarks, Mr C. gave way to Messrs Chapin, of Virginia, McConnell and Houston of Alabama, for explanations, which were very amusing, particularly those made by Mr McConnell. They were rich and spicy, and set the House in roars of merriment.

The committee rose at half past 3, and the speaker laid before the house several executive documents, among others the report of the commissioner of patents.

Wednesday Feb. 25.

In the SENATE, the bill to interchange books with France passed a third reading. $500 appropriated for the purpose.

A bill for the construction of a ship channel around the Sault St Marie was discussed, and laid on the table for the purpose of taking up the Oregon resolves.

Mr Allen gave his views upon the character of the news at length. He thought the professions of British ministers in parliament were not to be taken as affording any indications of the intentions of the British government. It was not the habit of that government to inform its opponents of its hostile intentions. He looked upon what we called the pacific tone of the British newspapers in nearly the same light. If any consequence at all was to be attached to these demonstrations, they were to be construed to mean exactly the reverse of what they seemed.

The feature of this news was the revival in more authoritive shape of that project first broached in a Paris journal, and now caught up and enforced by the principal paper of London, of setting a European prince over the people of Mexico. He was opposed to any such distant postponement as this. It would look like cowering before the power of England, and would have a bad moral effect upon the people of this country.

Mr Cass said he did not rise to make a war speech. He should not utter the word "inevitable" while he was up. As to the news from Europe, he must say this, that it seemed to him that one of the effects of steam power was that the affairs of nations were made to vibrate with the arrival and departure of mail steam ships. Why should our deliberations waver hither and thither with the receipt of news?

The result of the debate was that the senate refused to postpone, and went into executive session.

In the HOUSE, Mr T. B. King reported from the naval committee a bill for the reorganization of the navy department, which was read twice and ordered to be printed.

The committee of the whole was then formed, and the harbor and river appropriation bill taken up. The pending question was on the amendment proposing the appropriation of $250,000 for a canal around the Muscle Shoals of Tennessee river. Mr Payne, of Ala. made a vehement speech against the whole bill.

He was followed by Mr Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, who was understood to defend it.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT,

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Deputy Postmasters.—Stanley G. Trott, New London, Connecticut; in the place of James H. Turner, whose commission expired.

Philo F. Barnum, Bridgeport, Connecticut, in place of Ira Sherman, jr., removed.

Nehemiah Moses, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in place of Samuel Gookin, removed.

Officers of the Customs.—Cornelius W. Lawrence, collector of the customs for the district of New York, vice Cornelius P. Van Ness, resigned.

Phineas W. Leland, collector for the district, and inspector for the port of Fall River, Massachusetts, vice Charles H. Holmes, removed.

John McNeil, surveyor for the district of Boston, and Charlestown, and inspector for the port of Boston, vice Joseph Grafton, removed.

Peter Dixey, collector, Marblehead, Massachusetts, vice James Gregory, removed.

Joseph T. Pease, collector, and inspector for the port of Edgartown, Mass., vice Leavitt Thaxter, removed.

William Nichols, collector for Newburyport, Mass. vice Henry W. Kinsman, whose commission expired.

Enoch Fowler, naval officer for Newburyport, Mass. vice Thomas M. Clark, whose commission expired.

Cyrus Barton, marshal for the district of New Hampshire, vice Israel W. Kelley, whose commission had expired.

COMPLIMENTARY. We learn that a portion of our good citizens, known as the "old line"—who always do up handsomely whatever they undertake—will assemble at the Stone House, on next Wednesday evening, to discuss the merits of a supper, which Maj. COBURN so well knows how to provide. The Major, we learn, is about to leave the city; and this meeting of the "old line" is proposed as a complimentary farewell interview.

Messrs JASON DANA, JOHN BILLINGS and GILBERT FERRIN will answer all necessary inquiries.

MORMONISM. The following is from the Warsaw (Ill.) Signal of the 11th inst:

"O. P. ROCKWELL STABBED. Our readers were informed some weeks since that O. P. Rockwell had taken the wife of Amos Davis to himself. Davis seemed to take this trespass on his rights very quietly, and it was generally supposed that resentment was not in him. After living with Rockwell some time, Mrs Davis desired to return to her husband, but we have not heard whether he had received her. However, Rockwell and Davis quarrelled last week about the matter, and the latter drew a spear from his cane and stabbed the former in the side. Rockwell's wound is not serious he having pushed the spear aside from the place where it was aimed.

GOV. MORTON. The nomination of Gov. Morton, as Collector for the port of Boston, is now before the Senate of the United States for confirmation. A great opposition is made to his confirmation by certain *cliques* in Boston, as well as by the whole batch of Tylerized ex-officials, whose malignity he has incurred.

We cannot bring ourselves to the belief, that Gov. Morton's personal enemies will succeed in defeating his confirmation. We cannot believe, that a democratic Senate will listen to the idle, gossipping tales, which disappointed hatred and malignity have belched forth against him. A purer and more upright politician does not exist in Massachusetts than Gov. Morton.—No man has done more for the democratic party of that State that he. From a mere handful he raised the democratic party to 55,000 strong, and without his great name at the head of their legions, the democratic party there would have been almost without a name. We cannot in view of all Gov. Morton's claims, entertain the thought, for one moment, that personal hatred will be allowed to have away with any democratic Senator in defeating Gov. Morton's confirmation. [Nashua Gazette.

☞ A committee of the House have reported that it is inexpedient for the Governor to appoint Register of Deeds after three trials.

TREASON. A petition was presented by Mr Wilson, of Natick, to our Legislature yesterday, from Francis Jackson and 21 others, praying that our Senators and Representatives in Congress may be recalled, and a convention called immediately to form a new government. If this is not treason, we should like to be informed what is? [Boston Times.

"CONSCIENCE MONEY." The State Treasurer of Pennsylvania has received $250 from A. B. W., for taxes wrongfully withheld for many years.

☞ The constitutionality of the liquor law of this State must remain unsettled for a year to come, at least, the United States Supreme Court having determined to hear no more Constitutional questions till the next term.

☞ The Houston Morning Star informs its readers there is little doubt that Generals Houston and Rusk will be chosen to the United States Senate from Texas.

☞ The laying of the wires of the magnetic telegraph between Philadelphia and Wilmington, on the Baltimore line, was commenced on Wednesday morning.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

For Sale.

THE subscriber being about to change his line of business, offers for sale his entire stock of WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES, together with the *Store, Land, and Outbuildings*. It is situated near Hale's Mills, and in the vicinity of the Lowell Bleachery. There being no other store near, makes it a rare chance for any one desirous of entering into this business. For further particulars inquire of

THOMAS ADAMS,

Lowell, Feb. 27, 1846. [2m9] on the premises.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same.

HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

IMPORTANT! It is announced in the whig papers that Mr Webster has "*growled*" twice lately, in the U. S. Senate. Wonder if he'll bite?

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Elexinary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowary), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books; he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
Cheapside No. 9, Middle street.

LECTURES AT THE THIRD UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

The Second Course of Lectures will be commenced in the Third Universalist Church NEXT SUNDAY EVENING, at 6½ o'clock. *Subject*—Human Life.

In Insolvency.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Feb. 26, 1846. 3tfeb28

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

Lowell Cemetery.

THE Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be holden at the Common Council Room, on WEDNESDAY evening, March 4th, at 8 o'clock, to transact business as follows, viz:

1. To hear the annual reports of the Treasurer and Board of Trustees.
2. To choose officers for the ensuing year.
3. To do any other business that properly comes before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

CHARLES HOVEY, Clerk.

☞ By a vote of the Board of Trustees, the price of lots on and after April 1, 1846, shall be Twenty dollars, and Five dollars additional for right of choice.

fe24 1w

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOISE has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would farther say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Dunbar's Ink.—This ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acride and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 23, Central street.

oct25 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter, Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epis3wfeb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Notice to Voters.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters as follows, viz: On the Evenings of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY next, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on SATURDAY, from 10 to 12, a.m., from 2 to 4, p.m., and from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening, and on MONDAY Morning, March 2, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

Voters who have recently removed from one Ward into another, are requested to give notice thereof to the City Clerk, either in person or in writing, previous to Saturday, 28th inst.

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

feb21 THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by increasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for Lunch, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Lowell, 1846. feb14

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 56 Central street.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Staston's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Carpenter. [Bays.
M. Churchill, Pris. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Varis, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Manson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison,
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Bluet,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Staston. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

GUARANTEE CAPITAL $100,000!

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President; Hon. ISAAC DAVIS and Hon. STEPHEN SALISBURY, V. Presidents; W. DICKINSON, Esq., Treasurer; C. HARRIS, Esq., Secretary.

THIS company insures lives of persons of any age from 15 to 60 years, and for any sum from $100 to $5000. It is enabled by their charter to insure at a smaller cash payment, than any other Life Assurance Company; while their large guarantee capital, the provisions of their charter, and the high character of the men who have the management of the affairs of the Company, give abundant confidence in the safety and soundness of the institution. Individuals may take insurance on their lives for any number of years from 1 to 7, or for their whole life.

Some of the payments to be made by persons of different ages are here published, to wit:

For Insurance for One Hundred Dollars.

Annual payments.			Annual payments.		
Age,	From 1 to 7 years,	For life	Age,	From 1 to 7 years,	For life,
25	$0,83	$1,44	40	$1,37	$2,28
30	96	1,68	45	1,37	2,67
32	1,00	1,77	47	1,38	2,87
36	1,16	2,00	53	1,92	3,76

Thus, a person of the age 25 years, by paying to the Company, annually, 83 cents, if he dies at any time within 7 years, leaves his wife, his heirs, or any person to whom he directs it to be paid, a claim upon the Company for $100, which will be immediately paid.

For every additional 83 cents he pays to the Company annually, he will leave an additional 100 dollars. By the payment of $8,30, annually, he will leave the sum of $1000. So it is for other ages.

The undersigned has been appointed Agent of the above Company for Lowell and vicinity, and will receive applications for insurance at his Office, on Central street, under the office of the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot and Republican.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1846. oawa&ptf feb27

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mn&pdec20

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 15—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person of Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented of or before the 28th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN C. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT, } Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 5, P. M.

aulatf Lowell, April 7, 1845.

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!

—*Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock.*—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8¼.

In consequence of the great success of "*Rosina Meadows,*" and the crowds that were unable to obtain admittance last week, the Proprietor most respectfully announces it for a few evenings more—MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23, 24 and 25.

The performance will commence with the thrilling Domestic Drama of intense interest, in 4 parts, called

ROSINA MEADOWS: THE VILLAGE MAID.

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Gabriel, Atkins, Smith, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

New Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular song, Mr J. H. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the most laughable vaudeville of

THE TWO GREGORIES—or, Luck in a Name!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Mrs Merrifield and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. feb24

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF. *This Day.*

Takee no Ice or Lime.

The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, *Snow*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. f28

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*

The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f26

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important seaports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundulk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec22 47, Merrimack Street.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street, Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

Local Loiterings,

BY the author of "Pen and Ink Sketches," for sale by the hundred, dozen, or single, at 29, Central Street. au22

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expence*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

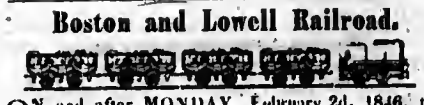
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Bradstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tJan31

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5, and 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Connection between the Boston and

LOWELL AND BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS.



On and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼ A. M., on arrival of train from the North
" " 2¼ P. M., one half hour after " " " "
" " 6 P. M., to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastward Trains.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7¼ A. M., to convey passengers by the 6½ train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Roads.

At about 9¼ A. M., on arrival of morning train from Great Falls
" 12, M.,.....Portland
At about 5½, P. M.,
At about 7¼, P. M., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed, without delay, to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the junction, may go Eastward by the first regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Nov. 1, 1845. nov25tf

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.

George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *accurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
61	$5000	$370 84	1837	$ 52 32	$386 26	$60 93	$1977 79
			1838	720 52	321 58	49 08	1730 55
			1839	564 00	256 41	37 98	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated*, to *borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awueopdec13

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The Safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 25,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'ly,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

— At Office. —

On SATURDAY, Feb'y 28, a large lot of groceries, &c., consisting of Sugars, Teas, Oil, Molasses, Fish, Soap, Sperm Candles, Raisins, Brooms, Pails, Tumblers, &c., &c.

Also—In the EVENING, a large invoice of new Gold and Silver Watches, consisting in part of Gold English Levers, Gold anchor Levers; do. Lepines; Silver Levers; (English and anchor,) Lepines; half plate Horizontals, double case Verge watches, &c.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale,

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice is conducted, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of diseases, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many infidential and *gladdened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *known empirics*, who eagerly and unfeeling draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will qualifiedly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate sensitive patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. H.

Lowell, November, 1845. a&poam1yjan20

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 38, Central st.

feh14 HUGH McEVOY.

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham sts, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Peach & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Gum Elastic Bands,

A NEW and superior article, for securing bills or letters to be kept on file. For sale by

jan22 JUDKINS, 29, Central street.

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures it Rostoni, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.; *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st. (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1ow&4plyjan13

Legal Rights of Women,

THEIR liabilities and duties—with an introductory History of their legal condition in the Hebrew, Roman, and Feudal civil systems.

Just published and for sale by JUDKINS,
feb5 29 Central st.

Notice

THIS hereby gives, that I this day voluntarily gave my son, CHARLES H. STICKNEY, his time; and declare him at liberty to act and trade for himself; and I shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting from this date. CHARLES STICKNEY.

Witness—S. J. VARNEY.
Lowell, Feb. 21, 1846. feb24

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homeopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) examined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitas vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN's office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup.* The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and when there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also, in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and depression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Concord, Mr. Dunstway; C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kendall, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower; Dea. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Tuttle; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Cunningham; Geo. S. Craig, Augustus L. Bemis, T. Dunkin, T. Nemsil, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Tudor; Littleton, Dan'l. Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Son, Daniel Moreman; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Surry, W. & T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Bixby, Bixby & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Bryant, B. C. Wilkins; Westford, Henry Cotton, Wilkinson, Worden & Howard, Wm. B. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, S. B. Hayes, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Stiles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symboliztion of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p8m

Merrill & Heywood,

(Successors to Messrs. Powers & Bagley,)

23, Central Street, opposite the Postoffice, have received the following ANNUALS for 1846.

Leaflets of Memory—Boudoir Annual—Rose of Sharon—Friendship's Offering—May Flower—Youth's Keepsake—Juvenile Gem—Hyacinth—Token—Forget Me Not, &c., &c.

Also, a great variety of Miniature Works suitable for Presents. Among them are the Flower vase—Fables of Flora—Bouquet of Flowers—Poetry of the Heart—Parting Gift—Cypress Wreath—Gems of American Female Poets—The Young Miss, and Every Day Christian. Also, just received the Odd Fellow's Offering for 1846. nov1

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam.* Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&p6m

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempts to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to this happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochoudriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasme of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times, in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sewing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Lake Superior Copper Mines.

A TRUE description of the Lake Superior Country —its rivers, coasts, bays, harbors, islands, and commerce; with Bayfield's charts. Also, a minute account of the Copper Mines and working Companies, with a map of the mineral regions, &c. &c. By F. R. St John. For sale by JUDKINS,
6t5 29 Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, they have entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BENNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREZON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Hands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomeo, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 78 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomeo fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomeo were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In few days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 25 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and speed to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 289, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Gen. Gleason; Andover So. Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bartley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Proprietors Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 27.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

— AND —

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, In Cobura's Block, Central Street.

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct28

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Cobura's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

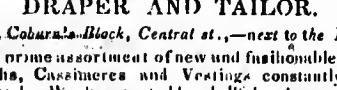
I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Getting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. eep13

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.



W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 80, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. advlmjan1

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Iemitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours, THOMAS WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to work at home. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. POWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20.d&p3m.

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Cobura's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Poogee, India Bandanas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Sinchaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 oct18tf.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process, which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vaunting set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, reodering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the almost in a very protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed nostrums, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. s1yjun22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ly

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets,

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sep26 I. P. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL, " JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfouwa&poct28

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation—Ashes—Tetter—Tumors—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dowaing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&p1yjan13

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption, on account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr. Buchan positively declares, that with this simple Guide, *any consumptive patient may do more for himself, than any physician can do, by way of the common practice.*

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 128 Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAML KIDDER, JR. & H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Hoit, Fisk & Co.; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers.

BY the number of [illegible] by the hundred, dozen, or single copy, Daniel Street. ja22

BUTTER MAKING.

The following article (says the Providence Transcript, from which we copy) is from one of our most experienced and intelligent agriculturallists. Of his successful practice we can attest, as we never saw finer butter, not even in Philadelphia, than we have eaten at his hospitable mansion.

MILK APARTMENTS, &c. The milk cellar should be deep, wall ventilated and dry; the bottom covered with stone flaging. Bricks will absorb milk, and other liquids that may fall upon them, and will soon contract mildew, the smell of which like the odor of cheese, vegetebles, fish, or foul air of any kind, will be imparted to the cream and butter. Over this cellar should stand the dairy room, with shelves to set milk upon in cool weather; the cellar to be used during the extremes of heet and cold. The temperature of the milk apartment, if possible, should never be above 65° nor below 45°. Set kettles should not stand in the dairy room; neither should churning, cheese making, nor cleansing milk vessels be done there, but in a convenieut room near by.

Cream may be kept good much longer, if it be kept in a white oek vessel' with a tight cover, and a feucet or tap neer the bottom, to draw off the milk when it settles, before the customary daily stirring. The quality of the butter is much improved by this manegement. If the milk be not drawn off, and it be churned with the cream the butter will be longer in coming, and it will show specks of sour curds, taste like cheese, and will soon become rancid. Butter will come quickly at all seasons of the year, if the cream be of a temperature of from 60° to 75°; to this end, use hot water in wieter, and ice in summer; *but never add either to the cream, in or out of the churn.*

SALT. Pure salt chrystalizes into perfect tubes. All other forms of chrystolization found in common ealt, arise from impurities; those of s needle shape in Liverpool bag, or blown salt, indicate the presence of lime, magnesia, &c. One great cenee of the failure in making good butter, may be traced to the use of impure salt. Rock aslt, and the large lumps of Turk's Island, washed, dried and finely pulverized, are preferable to all other kinds, being highly preservative, and hardening, the butter, so that it will he sooner ready to work over in warm weatber. The Liverpool bag or blown salt, the Salina salt, in small bags, from New York, and the fioe part of every kind of imported salt, contaio a great portion of impurity. Less thnn one ounce of pure salt is sufficient for a pound of butter; (many put in but half an ounce,) in all cases leaving out sugar and saltpetre.

In the manufactory of cheese, a preference is sometimes given to Liverpool bag or blown salt. This contains eelts of lime and magnesia, which attract moisture from the air, and have the desirable effect of softening the cheese, end the pungent bitter teste which they impart to it, is ao improvement in the estimation of some.

GENERAL REMARKS. The cream should not rise more than thirty-six hours; it should he sweet when taken off, and sweet when churned; yet there is a degree of maturity, to be acquired by keeping.

The kege for packiog butter should be made of white oak, bilging in the form of casks, for the mors perfect exclusion of air, and convenience of transportstion. If the butter is to be sent to a warm climate, or a foreign market, let the bilging kegs have moveable covers, to necommodate inspection; they should be soaked in stroug lics may be done to the purchasers in thre, nno to save the bottom from being spoiled for one or two inches deep all 'around, from its contract with dry wood. In case the wood is anything but white oak, there is danger of its giving an unpleasant taste to the whole. For the convenience of families, the size should vary from 25 to 50 pounds. A large keg of butter is exposed to the air for a long time, while on broach in o small family, and the bottom, in consequeoce becomes rancid.

The coneumer will cheerfully pay an extra price for 100 pounds of butter packed in four kegs instead of one. No salt should be put oo the sides, bottom, or between the layers. If the kegs are made with covers, put n cloth over the top, and cover that with pure fine salt. The practice of washing the butter is not approved of in Europe; it destroys its fragrance and sweetnese by dissolving the suger of milk, which it is said is always present in good butter. It is practised in Holland, when the article is designed for exportation to India; then the operation is usually performed with strong limped brioe made of pure salt, and pure water; water that has lime in it will not answer, as the lime is readily absorbed by the butter.

To exclude the air more effectually during the process of putting down, let a little melted sweet butter be run into the cavity, where the bottom head and stavee come together, theo nfter each layer is completed, let the dsiry-woman pass her finger round so as to press the butter hard and close against the side.

HOW TO OBTAIN GRAPE VINES.

In reply to a correspondent who desired to know "the best time and mode of grafting, or getting a start of grape vines," the editor of the Indiana Farmer and Gardener, says:

Grafting is only practised on the vioe for special reasons, and we have never had occasion to try it. We shall speak of a better mode of obtaining vines.

The best method of "getting a stert" of grape vines is by the employment of cuttings. These may be planted immediately after the spring pruning of established vinee. But cuttings of native grapes are as well planted in the fall.—The granulation, from which the roots spring, will form during the wioter, and the cuttings, starting early in the spring, will make good growth the first year. Cuttings are the best, because they can be procured easily, abundantly, and cheaply; they will bear carriage to any distance, are exceedingly tenacious of life, and they make thriftier plants. Cuttings may be set, either where they are to remain, (to which case several should be set, to allow for failures, and only the strongest finally retained,) or they may be set in nursery rows, eight inches apart. Cuttings should be inserted about eight inches deep, and have two eyes or buds above the surface.—The two buds are merely precautionary; that if one fails the other may sprout; one only, and the strongest, should finally be permitted to grow.

An old and skillful cultivator of the vine says that cuttings are the best of all modes of securing a supply of vines; "For my part, I am for scions without roots after my experiments. All the advantage the one with roots has over the other is that they are more sure to live; but they will [illegible] that a part of [illegible] practical importance, [illegible] in any quantity.

☞ John A. Lowell, Esq., has made a donation of one thousand dollars to the Massachusetts Horticultural Society.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 3, 1846.

ELECTION YESTERDAY.

We are enabled to give but few returns. The result of the election for Register is very uncertain. In this city, Mr Patch stands extraordinarily well, relatively, as will be seen by reference to the returns. Mr Buttrick is of course elected.

In Lowell, Mr Bancroft, the regular whig nominee was elected by a small majority. The regular whig ticket for Aldermen was elected, and also that for Common Councilmen, except in Ward 4, where Mr David J. Moody of the whig opposition was elected. It is said that the opposition received more whig votes than the regular nomination, and that Mr Buncroft and friends are indebted to the democracy for success.—Many of the whigs call it a "locofoco triumph." We call it a fight among the whigs, in which one party got beat a very little.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR MAYOR.

Wards	*I*	*II*	*III*	*IV*	*V*	*VI*	
Whole number,	186	474	380	383	221	255	1899
Nec'y for choice,							950
Jefferson Buncroft,	105	309	164	113	81	216	988
Joshue Swan,	73	144	168	252	138	38	813
Nathan Crosby,							28
J. V. Atkinson,							3
Scattering,							67

FOR ALDERMEN.

Whole number,	181	465	369	367	231	245	1858
Nec'y for choice,							930
Henry Smith,	181	453	345	348	190	239	1756
Selwin Bancroft,	148	332	200	136	157	218	1151
Wm. C. Gray,	165	392	203	251	164	174	1349
Joseph Butterfield,	181	321	205	151	157	232	1184
John C. Dalton,	176	442	333	328	171	233	1683
Daniel Knapp,	117	323	210	145	135	221	1151
Samuel Horn,	64	131	138	207	50	19	609
Thomas Nesmith,	65	127	138	194	48	3	575
John Smith,	64	126	133	189	68	25	605

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Patch.	Whitney.	Hayden.	Scatt'g.
766	836	95	2

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

Stedman Buttrick, 737 Scattering, 2

☞ The following gentlemen were elected in the several wards:—

WARD ONE.

Common Council. Danforth P. Brigham, Gilman N. Nichols, Willard C. Welch, Thomas S. Hutchinson.

School Committee. George May.

WARD TWO.

Common Council. Daniel S. Richardson, Daniel Balch, William Brown, Zadock Rogers.

School Committee. Theodore Edson.

WARD THREE.

Common Council. Hapgood Wright, Isaac Forrington, Joel Powers, Franklin Mead.

School Committee. Alonzo A. Miner.

WARD FOUR.

Common Council. Solon Stevens, Wm. Fletcher, David J. Moody, Josiah Sawtell.

School Committee. Frederick Parker.

WARD FIVE.

Common Council. Ames Hyde, Charles M. Short, H. G. F. Corliss, Josiah Sawtell.

School Committee. John O. Green.

WARD SIX.

Common Council. Lorenzo P. Wright, Columbus J. Hubbard, Lewis Packard, John E. Fitts.

School Committee. John Wright.

DRACUTT. The vote for Register of Deeds stands thus: Patch, 91; Whitney, 129; Hayden, 19.

Selectmen as last year, except that they followed the scripture injunction that "the last shall be first, and the first last." T. V. Coburn was put on to the tail end of the ticket, instead of Charles B. Varnum who was run down by his party. Some of the whigs think Mr Coburn did hardly the "clean thing" in sending in a letter of resignation and then giving his friends to understand that he would take the office after Mr Varnum had been brought out; thus raising high hopes in the bosom of deserving merit to be so unfeelingly blasted.

VOTES FOR REGISTER.

	Patch.	*Whitney.*	*All others.*
Lowell,	766	836	97
Carlisle,	55		15
Tewksbury,	75		70
Dracutt,	91	129	19
	987	965	201

CONCORD—not full returns. Patch has a majority over all.

SOME OF THE MODIFICATIONS IN THE BRITISH TARIFF AS PROPOSED BY SIR ROBERT PEEL.

The following are the rates or reductions proposed upon a list of the most important articles:

Reduction of duty on tallow, 50 per cent.

On timber a gradual reduction till it is finally admitted free.

Cotton manufactures that are now subject to a duty of 10 per ct., to be admitted free.

Cotton goods made up, that are now subject to a duty of 20 per ct. to be admitted at 10 per cent.

Woollen goods to be reduced from 20 to 10 per ct.

All the coarser articles of linen, free.

Silk velvets, &c. that now pay a duty from 15 to 145 per ct., to be admitted at 15 per cent.

The duty on paper that is now 1 shilling per square yard, is to be reduced to two pence.

Manufactures of metals to be reduced in all cases at least 50 per cent.—from 20 to 10.

Clocks reduced 50 per cent.

Carriages reduced 50 per cent.—from 20 to 10.

Candles and soap reduced about 33 per cent.

Hides, free.

On brandy and foreign spirits a reduction of 33 pr ct.

Sugar is reduced about 33 per cent.

Grass seeds, duty 5 shillings per hundred weight.

Indian Corn and Buckwheat, free.

Rice is reduced from 6 shillings to 1 shilling pr cwt.

Butter, cheese and hops, duty to be reduced 50 pr ct.

Bacon, beef, pork, potatoes, vegetables of all kinds, and everything of animal food to be admitted at once free.

The duty on oats, beans, peas, barley and rye, to be governed as nearly as possible by the principles which will apply to wheat.

WHEAT.

Whenever the average price of wheat, made up and published in the manner required by law, shall be for every quarter—

Under 48s.	the duty shall be	for every quarter	10s.	0d.
48s.	—49s.	do	do	do	9s. 0d.
49s.	—50s.	do	do	do	8s. 0d.
50s.	—51s.	do	do	do	7s. 0d.
51s.	—52s.	do	do	do	6s. 0d.
52s.	—53s.	do	do	do	5s. 0d.
53s.	and upwards	do	do	do	4s. 0d.

Mr Peel says—

"The enactments which we shall propose with respect to all other descriptions of grain, will precisely follow the scale which we have adopted with regard to wheat. It would, however, perhaps be more convenient for the house, considering the time I have already occupied, that I should rather refer them to the details which will be printed to-morrow morning, than go through the whole now as regards oats and barley. It may be sufficient for the present purpose to state that the same general rule will be adopted in all.—There would now, therefore, be levied on wheat, instead of a duty of 16s., one of 4s."

It will be seen from the above, that nearly all the great agricultural staples of this country are to be admitted free, or at greatly reduced rates of duty. It cannot be possible that the people of this country, or their representatives, will be so blind to their own interests, as not to so modify our tariff as to induce the British government to carry out the plan now proposed, and continue to act upon "free trade" principles.

OREGON. Sailed from Newburyport, Feb. 23d, for Oregon, the brig Henry, Capt. Kilburn. The following is a list of passengers:—Capt Kilborn's lady and three children; lady and two children of Capt Swasey, 1st mate; Dr G. Watson, lady and one child; and Miss Hannah Peabody—all from Newburyport; Col. William Lee, of Troy, N. Y.; Charles R. Bishop, of Sandy Hill, N. Y.; George C. Lawton, of Waltham, Mass.; Orul R. Wood and John N. Wood, of Boxboro', Mass.; James Potterson and John McKeen, of Charlestown, Mass.

The Newburyport Herald informs us that

"Three or four hundred spectators gathered at the wharf to witness the brig's departure, and there were many moist eyes among those who took leave of their friends. Religious exercises were had on the occasion, prayer being offered by the Rev. Mr Campbell, and a brief address made by Rev. Dr Dana. One of the passengers arrived from Boston in the cars a few moments after the brig cast off, and was put on board by a pilot boat. The vessel went down the river in good style, with a fine breeze, and as the barometer was rising, there is a probability that she will carry pleasant weather with her till clear of the coast. The people on the wharf gave them a parting salute of three cheers, which were responded to from the brig."

ANOTHER EXILE RETURNED. The Buffalo Advertiser announces the arrival of Chauncy Sheldon, one of the patriots who made the attack upon Windsor, Canada West, in December, 1838, and was afwards sent to Van Dieman's Land. Mr Sheldon, an old man of 60, a thriving farmer in the neighborhood of Detroit, went to that city with a load of wheat, having no idea whatever of joining the patriots. Happening to fall in with them, however, on the night of their expidition, he joined them in a hurry—and has had a long and deliberate repentance. He arrived at Sydney in February, 1840, got his ticket of leave in 1842, and his pardon in December, 1844. From Sydney he made his way to the Sandwich Islands, where Commoders Page, of the U. S. sloop of war, Levant, offered him a passage to Panama, which he gladly accepted. The officers and crew of the Levant made up a purse of $280 for him. From Panama he crossed [illegible] the U. S. schooner Flirt, and from Havanna to New York city.

THE DUEL. The Post says, it appears to have been John H. Pleasants himself, and not his son, who had the rencontre with Thomas Ritchie, jr., at Richmond. Mr P. is between 50 and 60 years old, and is one of the editors of the Star, and Mr Ritchie is a young man, although senior editor of the Enquirer. The fight was by appointment on the James river opposite the city. The parties were stationed 200 yards apart, armed with several pistols each, and with swords! As they approached they fired four or five shots apiece, only one of which took effect on Mr Pleasants. Mr Ritchie was slightly wounded in the face with a sword, and Mr Pleasants received a dreadful cut in the abdomen, but left the field in his carriage, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.—Friends of both parties were present. If the accounts we have are correct, the challenge came from Mr Pleasants.

☞ It is stated, in the first annual report of the Secretary of the Massachusetts Society for the Abolition of Capital punishment, as a curious fact, "that several countries, supposed to be far behind ours in intelligence and refinement, have long since tried the great experiment, which this society proposes to make. More than a century ago, the Empress Elizabeth commenced this great Reform in Russia, and to-day, sixty-two millions, forty-nine of whom are serfs, are governed without this fearful and inhuman form of punishment."

☞ According to the census of Georgia, which has been taken, the total number of whites is 453,169, and of blacks 316,156. In 1838, whites 373,190; blacks 260,542. The total population now is 774,325, against 641,702 at the last census, being an increase of 132,623, or a number nearly equal to one-fourth the entire population of the State at that time.

☞ The New York Sun estimates that the taxes of that city which are now 96 cents on the $100 would be reduced to 60 cents, by the adoption of a plan of reform excluding Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen from making contracts with each other.

A NEW COMPANY. A joint stock rumor company, it is said, is about to be established in Washington City, of which a lineal descendant of the famous Baron Munchausen, is to be the President. The objects of the institution will be to collect as many as possible of the rumors which float about the National metropolis, and to spread them as soon as possible to all parts of the country. It is supposed, from some little experience already had, that it will be made a most flourishing and profitable business.

☞ A baptism occurred in the upper part of Philadelphia county, on Sunday last, which was a little remarkable for an incident that occurred during the ceremony. The subject had been known pretty generally for his backslidings, and his conversion was hailed and commented upon with much rejoicing by the clergyman and his flock, but imagine their surprise on learning that while the sinner was receiving the ordinance of immersion, he had stolen the pastors watch!

MEXICAN ITEMS. The Hon John Slidell left the city of Mexico for the United States on the 17th ult. He was furnished with an escort, but a passport was denied him, he not being recognized a special minister from the United States. [Post.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, Feb. 28.

SENATE. A bill to increase the capitol of the Globe Steam Mills, and several matters were passed to be enacted.

Bills were reported in addition to an act incorporating the Essex Co.; and to incorporate the New Boston Manufacturing Co.; and to incorporate the Lowell and Andover Railroad Corporation. Ordered to second readidg—the last named to be printed.

Passed to be engrossed—Bill in addition to an act concerning Mutual Life Insurance Companies; to incorporate the citizens' Mutual Insurance Company in Brighton; establishing the Newburyport Railroad Corporation; the Methuen Bleaching and Dyeing Co.

HOUSE. Reports.—A bill repealing the act appointing railroad commissioners; that it is not expedient to take any action respecting witnesses taking oaths before railroad commissioners; inexpedient to take any action on the time of electing Western railroad directors; that no further action is necessary for fecing the collectors of taxes.

The committee on Finance reported a resolve authorizing the State Treasurer to borrow $250,000.

The bill authorizing married women to collect their own earnings was passed to a third reading. The bill reads as follows:

Sect. 1. In all cases where married women shall hereafter, by their own labor, earn wages, payment may be made to them for the same.

Sect. 2. All sums of money deposited by an unmarried woman in any Savings Bank, or Institution for Savings, for her own use, and in her own name, may be paid to her after marriage. And all sums of money, so deposited by a married women for her own use, and in her own name, may be paid to such married woman so depositing the same.

Monday, March. 2.

SENATE. Sundry engrossed bills and resolves passed to be enacted.

Bills to incorporate the Charlestown Gas Co., relating to the erection of furnaces for the manufacture of Glass, concerning Railroads, to continue in force the act incorporating the Lynn Institution for savings, and for the support of Convicts, and a resolve in favor of the Bristol County Agricultural Society were severally passed to be engrossed, the last named bill in concurrence.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, came up, was read a 2nd time and the question was on ordering it to a 3d reading, and it was passed over after a few remarks from Messrs Rising, Gray and Hurlbert, at the request of Mr Hopkinson, who said he wished further time to consider the bill.

In the HOUSE, several bills and a resolve passed to be enacted.

Several reports made on Saturday leave to withdraw and inexpedient, &c., were accepted.

Passed to be engrossed.—House bill to establish the Framingham Savings Bank; Senate resolves relating to Fort Kent in Maine.

The bill abolishing the Board of Railway Commissioners, and the two reports inexpedient respecting the administering of oaths by that board, and respecting the reports of the same board, were committed to the Standing Committee on Railways.

The bill concerning the attachments of shares in railroad corporations, was passed to be engrossed.

The bill for the payment of the wages and deposits of married women, was further discussed, without any question being taken.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, Feb. 26.

In the Senate, the Oregon resolutions were taken up, and some remarks were made by Benton, Breese and Webster, as to the time and order of taking the vote on the amendments pending.

Mr Hannegan and Mr Allen addressed the Senate in favor of the resolutions passed by the House.

Mr Allen declared that the President was for 54 40. Nothing short of it. Mr Calhoun enquired whether this question was to be settled by war or equitable compromise? It is assuming a grave aspect—the most important question since the resolution! He desired on early expression of opinion. Gen. Cass suggested that the British Parliament might propose a compromise, but would the British Government compromise at 49? He doubted it, and he knew no American, of any party, would yield an inch below 49. The Queen's and Sir Robert Peel's speeches were mere diplomacy. If the latter was sincere he was bound to recall Mr Pakenham. He *did* apprehend the worst—that England would *not* make a more liberal offer.—He was prepared to stand by the President on the platform of 54 40, and fight for it to the last.

In the HOUSE, explanations were made by Messrs Paine and Brinkerhoff in relation to their remarks yesterday on the harbor and river bill.

The house went, at an early hour, into committee of the whole, and took up the harbor and river bill.

Mr McClelland, of Michigan, spoke at length in support of the bill, and replied with spirit to the speech of Mr Payne against it.

Mr Rhett, of South Carolina, spoke against the bill.

HOW IT WAS DONE! Mr Spencer, a senator in the New York legislature, a few days since, in a speech before the senate of that state, referred to the abolition of slavery in Massachusetts. He said there was no specific record of its abolition. John Quincy Adams had informed him of the probable manner in which slavery was abolished in Massachusetts. It was in this wise. A note had been given for the price of a slave in 1787. This note was sued, and the court ruled that the maker had received no consideration, as man could not be sold. From that time forward slavery died in the old Bay State. [Post.

CANADA FRONTIER. *Trouble brewing.* The accession of a *Military* Governor in Canada has called forth expressions of regret in various quarters, and we fear this union of the *military and civil* government of that province will produce serious results.—The last Niagara Chronicle narrates several attempts to get up a frontier agitation. Col. Kerby, collector of the customs at Fort Erie, has been fired upon in the vicinity of his residence. Two persons have been held to bail, on the American as well as the Canadian side, to take their trial for attempting to destroy the steam ferry boat which plies between Fort Erie and Black Rock. It appears that no less than five attempts have been made to distroy this vessel—two by boring holes through the bottom and three by placing large quantities of gunpowder in the fire wood. [N. Y. Sun.

A Washington correspondent of the Albany Argus gives this as the immediate cause of the Richmond tragedy:—

"Pleasants gave notice that at 6 o'clock he would post Ritchie on the Hayscales, a place of notoriety like the town pump. Ritchie went there at 6 to prevent it, and both being armed with "revolvers," the fight commenced—Pleasants shooting first."

Good—the "old line" arrangements for the social supper party at the Stone House, tomorrow evening.—Lots of O. F. M. are pledged to be there.

Graham's Magazine, for March, is before us in all its beauty and richness. For sale by Merrill & Heywood, 23 Central street.

☞ Vessels from the United States will have to enter Texan ports and pay duties the same as foreign vessels a short time longer, till the legislature convenes.

☞ The Boston Times looks decidedly better with its new dress. It is now one of the handsomest, as well as one of the best conducted papers in the State.

THE LONG POND BILL authorizes the city of Boston, by three commissioners, to take the water of Long Pond, and the waters which flow into it, and any other ponds and streams within four miles of Long Pond, and any water rights connected therewith.

STRIKE. The Pennsylvania miners have all turned out for higher wages.

NEW NURSERY SONG.

Where *is* the baby? Bess its heart—
Where is muzzer's darling boy?
Does it hold its little hands apart,
The dearest, bessen toy?
And so it does; and will its little chin
Grow just as fat as butter?
And will it poke its little fingers in
Its tunnin little mouth ued matter
Nicey wicey words,
Just like little yoller birds?
And so it will; and so it mey,
No matter what its pappy, mammy say.
And does it wink it little eyses,
When it's mad and ups and crieses?
And does it squoll like chick-a-does
At every thing it sees?
Well it does. Why not, I pray?
Aint it muzzer's durlin' every doy?
Oh! what's the matter? oh my! oh my!
What makes my sweetest chicken ky?
Oh, nasty, uggy pin to prick it!
Its darlin muzzer's darlin cricket;
There! there! she's throwe it in
The fire; the kusl wicked pin!
There! hush my honey; go to seep,
Rocked in e kadls of e deep!

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, Feb. 16.

Petitions—of Maria S. Sanford, for abatement of assessment for the sewer on Lowell street—referred to committee on Sewers; of James Townsend and others, that a place of deposit for ammunition may be provided for the "City Guards"—refefred to committee on Lands and Buildings; of the same, for the use of the City Hall—granted; of Moses E. Philbrick and others, members of the Fire Department, relating to the appointment of a protection company, with power to control the premises where a fire shall occur, and keep all other persons therefrom—referred to the committee on the Fire Department.

—A report of the select committee to whom was referred the claims of sundry persons against the City, recommending that leave be granted to A. W. Willoughby, C. V. N. Brundige, Daniel Chapman and Leyman Raymond, to withdraw their petitions, was accepted in concurrence.

A report of the committee on Sewers and Drains, on the petition of Stephen Barker, was accepted, and the petitioner had leave to withdraw.

The Auditor's report of Receipts and Expenditures during the financial year ending December 31, 1845, was received and accepted in concurrence.

A resolution, from the Common Council, "relating to the annexation of a part of Dracott to the City of Lowell," and another "transferring sundry moneys," were passed in concurrence.

An order was passed, in concurrence, for printing a list of debts due the City, in connection with the Auditor's Report.

Alderman Knapp, from the committee appointed to confer with a committee of the Common Council in relation to the purchase of land for the location of a House of Reformation, reports that the two committees had not agreed respecting the expediency of purchasing either of the lots named in the resolution, namely, the Adams place and the Swan place, and recommending the appointment of a committee to consider such other propositions as may be made—accepted.

An order that a joint special committee be appointed to consider the subject of purchasing land for a House of Reformation was received from the Common Council, and passed in concurrence.

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23.

The City Physician's report of deaths in the City during the year 1845, was received and ordered to be printed.

The Auditor's estimate of the amount of money necessary to be raised for the current financial year, was received from the Common Council, referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed, in concurrence.

The report of the Committee on Streets on the petition of Amasa Kimball and others, was taken up and accepted, and the accompanying resolutions "laying out a portion of Moody street and sidewalks thereon," passed. Sent down for concurrence.

Alderman Whipple, from the committee on Streets, made the following reports, which were severally read and ordered to remain seven days in the City Clerk's office, viz.—On the petition of Ethan Burnap and others, for the laying out and grading of the street leading from Central street to Merrimack street; on the petition of Sidney Spaulding and others, that the grade of Middlesex street may be established; on the petition of George J. Tarr and others, for a sidewalk on the southerly side of Tyler street.

A report of the Committee on Streets on sundry petitions relating to the laying out and grading streets, and to sidewalks, recommending that the several petitioners have leave to withdraw, was received from the Common Council and accepted in concurrence.

A report of the Committee on Sewers and Drains against granting the petition of Maria S. Sanford, was accepted.

Adjourned to Wednesday, March 4th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

ACCIDENT. Mr Roland Nickless, employed as a watchman by the Boston and Lowell Railroad Company, met with a sad accident on Saturday evening, as follows: He was attending the gate, at the railroad crossing on Middlesex street, and had closed the bars as the seven o'clock Nashua merchandise train was coming, when three young men came out of a house near by, and thinking to cross the track before the cars came up, ran against the gate bar, which they, probably had not seen, with such force as to open it. Mr Nickless stretched forward to close the gate again, and get it out of the way of the train, when he was struck by the engine or tender and thrown on the track between the rails; his right arm was thrown on the rail, and the wheels of the tender passed over it. He laid there till the whole train, consisting of thirty cars, passed over him, at a slow speed. It is believed that he must have got his arm off of the rail after the tender passed over it. His hip was dislocated, and one of his legs very badly bruised. After he was conveyed to his house, Dr Kimball amputated his arm, and bound up his wounds. He is now as comfortable as could be expected, and is believed out of danger.—[Courier of Monday.

Letters have been received in this city from Mr Slidell, of the date of the 18th of January at Puebla, at which place he had just arrived from the city of Mexico. It was his intention, we learn, to remain in the country until further advices from the United States government reached him. [N. O. Jeffersonian.

It was Mr Reuben Sibley, of Sutton, who was killed at Oxford, in attempting to cross the railroad track in a sleigh on Thursday evening. He was about 40 years old and leaves a wife and two children. The whole steamboat train passed over him. [Post.

GERMANY AND AMERICA. The Oregon correspondence between Messrs Buchanan and Pakenham has been translated into German and published in pamphlet form in Berlin. The opinion there is so favorable to our claim, that the title of the pamphlet is "The clear and unquestionable title of the United States to the whole of Oregon."

DREADFUL DISASTER. Thirty persons were killed or drowned on the 13th ult. by the steamboat Congress from New Orleans coming in collision with the steamboat Saladin from Nashville, on the Mississippi river, near Pilcher's point. Their names are unknown. [N. Y. Sun.

FIRST RATE. The following toast, says the Troublesome Democrat, was recently given at a "darkey" celebration down South.

"*Mama Nature*—If you—de friend ob de ladies, poppytatum—although he hab a wife also, but also a berry black heart; which 'titles him to de universal 'steem ob dis 'sembly.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S ROUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Ao dover, S. Higgins. nav4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE !

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wn&pfub14 No. 9, Middle street.

MARRIED,

In this city, Feb. 28, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr George A. Hill to Miss Joannah F. Caverly.

In Billerica, Feb. 26, by Rev. Mr Thurston, Mr Isaac Reed of Acton, to Miss Sarah Jane, daughter of Mr Asa Hill of B.

In Charleston, Mr Theodore Lord, of Sanbornton, N. H., to Miss Elizabeth Harrington, of Boston.

In Waltham, Mr Isaac Thurlow, of Milton, to Miss Alice P Smith.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending February 28, 1846.

Feb 21st, son of Stephen B Clough, 1 day, infantile; 22d, Andrew Buswell, 3 yrs, disease of liver; 24th, Emma Jane Swann, 20, typhus fever; Betsey Latham, 57, consumption; 26th, Helen Durkey, 3 mos. convulsions; 27th, Abigal Cheever, 67, lung fever; 28th, Benjamin F. Bolton, 6, dropsey on the brain.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, March 2, of scarlet fever, Lucy, daughter of Alfred and Dorcas Gilman, 5 yrs, 11 mos, 7 days.

In this city, Feb. 28, Josiah Grant, jr., formerly of Frankfort, Me. [Maine papers please copy.

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GRAND ATTRACTION!

First time in Lowell of the laughable Petit Comedy of *Wilful Murder*, and the beautiful drama of *The Gambler!*

— Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock, —

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at ¼ to 7, and 8¼.

The performances will commence with the thrilling Moral Drama in three parts, entitled

THE GAMBLER'S REVENGE!

Characters by Messrs. Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Petit Comedy (received by the last steamship), called

WILFUL MURDER!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Brown, Kean, Miss St. Clair and Mrs Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar 3

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness-Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to

FRANCIS BALDWIN.

Billerica, March 2, 1846. mar3

Notice

IS hereby given, that I, being the lawful guardian of HEMAN SIMONS, have this day given him his time to act and trade for himself; and that I shall hereafter claim none of his earnings, nor pay any debts he may contract. JOSIAH SMITH.

Lowell, March 2, 1846. mar3

In Insolvency.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Feb. 26, 1846. 3teb28

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [(28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

Lowell Cemetery.

THE Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be holden at the Common Council Room, on WEDNESDAY evening, March 4th, at 8 o'clock, to transact business as follows, viz:

1. To hear the annual reports of the Treasurer and Board of Trustees.
2. To choose officers for the ensuing year.
3. To do any other business that properly comes before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

CHARLES HOVEY, Clerk.

☞ By a vote of the Board of Trustees, the price of lots on and after April 1, 1846, shall be Twenty dollars, and Five dollars additional for right of choice.
feb24 1w

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOSS has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were appraised injured to them.

BENT & BUSH.

Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [(28]12] B. & B.

Ink! Ink!!

JUST received, a large quantity of Denbar's Ink.—This Ink is superior to any yet offered to the public. It flows freely, and is free from those acids and corrosive properties so injurious to the steel pen. It may be had, in any quantity, at 29, Central street.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
feb26

Wanted,

A COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 30, Central st.

HUGH McEVOY.
feb14

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Gen. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Thendosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Monson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Klipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strong,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Gen. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,

A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

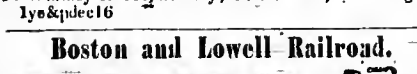
I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ys&pdec16

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.
At 11¼, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.
" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6¾ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.
At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.
At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.
At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.
At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

The Last Month!

AS the subscriber can receive no orders for work after MONDAY, the second day of March next, all those desirous of "great bargains" in clothing are respectfully invited to call previous to that time. He has many excellent articles yet on hand for Winter Spring or Summer wear.

The shop will remain open a few days in March for the sale of any goods then on hand, but no orders for work can be received after the above date.

PEREZ FULLER,
jan31 Merrimack, corner of Kirk street.

For Sale.

THE subscriber being about to change his line of business, offers for sale his entire stock of WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES, together with the *Store, Land,* and *Outbuildings*. It is situated near Hale's Mills, and in the vicinity of the Lowell Bleachery. There being no other store near, makes it a rare chance for any one desirous of entering into this business. For further particulars inquire of

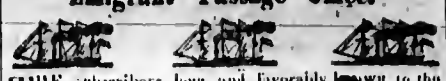
THOMAS ADAMS,
Lowell, Feb. 27, 1846. [6t[28] on the premises.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Feb'y 18th, 1846. feb19

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,65—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON, and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan3t

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other outbuildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epis3wfeb2t THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am not determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 58 Central street.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Claims against the City.

IN Committee on Accounts,—Ordered, That all bills against the City must be approved by the person or Committee under whose direction the expenditure was made, before they are presented to the Auditor; and that they must be presented to that officer on or before the 25th of each month.

All bills not approved as above, and not presented of or before the 28th, will be laid over till the next month

SELWIN BANCROFT,
JOHN O. DALTON,
JOHN P. SIMONDS,
ABNER W. BUTTRICK,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
} Committee.

Bills allowed by the Committee on Accounts are payable at the City Treasurer's Office the first day of each month, except when the first day is on Sunday; in that case, they are payable the next day.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

☞ The Auditor's Office is in City Hall, where he will generally be found from 2 to 6, P. M. eulatf

Lowell, April 7, 1845.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. "I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the efforts of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. R. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&ptyaug30

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madyjan13

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Sulphur-Fume Bath.

(HOT-AIR, IODINE, CAMPHOR AND MINERAL BATHS.)

THIS astonishing remedy for the cure of diseases of the skin, chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, diseases of the limbs and glandular system, chronic ulcers, coldness of the extremities, *colds*, tic-douloureux, dyspepsia, &c., &c., are now being administered every afternoon and evening, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Grey, 78, Merrimack street, where all individuals wishing a consultation respecting their diseases, will be waited upon cheerfully and gratuitously. Many of our most respectable ladies and gentlemen have taken these baths, and are ready at any time to state that their most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. These baths are highly beneficial to the healthy, being the most cleansing and renovating process imaginable. Price 50 cents per bath.

References—Elisha Huntington, M. D.; John W. Graves, M. D.; G. Kimball, M. D.; H. Pillsbury, M. D.; John C. Dalton, M. D.; Patrick P. Campbell, M. D. tfsept23

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

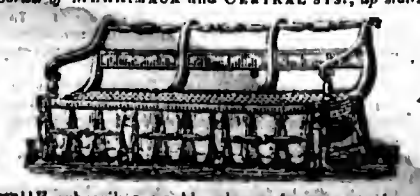
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consists of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-ders, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres,
The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tjan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel dn. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Will receive Light Freight till To-morrow and, sail *First Fair Wind.*



The superior fast sailing packet Bark BRIGHTON, *Snow*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m2

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. f26

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This Day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr FELICAN, *Pinco*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m2

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The fine fast sailing packet Brig HAVRE, *Carpenter*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m2

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrotula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. Letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and Pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. 1yl

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the three useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that uniting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE G. GOODWIN, No. 18 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggists and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. aulyjan20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application: *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE.

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 106 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr. Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN.

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYSON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, far better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every other without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 100 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has furnished the following:

—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state that cases other than have come to my notice, of a similar character, in which the same has been successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Dec. 29, 1845.

Ague and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt. Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 70 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since he began to fail; a general weakness and insensible alienation of mind, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as opium, bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he retained only a portion of his right side, and was partially deaf; and on examination his physicians pronounced the case to be that of confirmed Apoplexy and Paralysis. He could scarcely walk across the room without assistance, he could articulate only a few broken words, and his right side was entirely helpless. The family of Capt. Tomes procured one of the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of Bands for the limbs, and a pair of Bands for the head. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and sensation broke out. In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, chasing it among the nauseous of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the opportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov1] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov3

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Prescott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. ly

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chlolic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (mostly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholira; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, scorious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jun7 y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistes, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken, and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf&cd

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and julap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentory, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dugsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Dan. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Gen. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Mdrcuss; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter; Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis; Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Bahlwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therrpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homœopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homœopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of tic, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of Inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society; etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Bookseller, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonery Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jan'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13&&p6m

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr A. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Post-Office, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 6, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv&jan17

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 28.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. —je8tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct23

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfaov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN TRASK'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

.NO DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

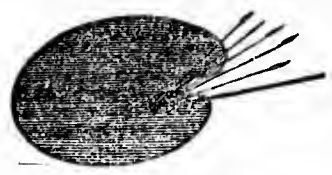
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan8



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphinn Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mareens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.



W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she is been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20.1&p3m.

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maveric, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lyons Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, henry Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Choppas, Spitalfields, Shenaw, and Cottan.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 9, 1845 nct18tf

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan31 1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wouldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aIyjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others for and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

☞ We copy the following extracts and remarks on Charles Dickens', ("Boz,") new Christmas Story —"The Cricket on the Hearth"—from the Philadelphia Saturday Courier:

THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH:

OR,

A FAIRY TALE OF HOME.

A FAITHFUL PICTURE FOR AN OVER-JEALOUS HUSBAND:—THE HEAVENLY INFLUENCE OF THE WIFE AT HOME.

Many surmises have been indulged in by the admirers of Mr Dickens touching the character of his annual tale for the season; whether he would again read a social or political lesson, and risk a new controversy on matters of opinion or practice, or retire to the ground of fancy and feeling, and content himself with an imaginary story that should be both amusing and instructive on a purely literary basis. The fact, that the new book was announced as a "Fairy Tale" gave no assistance towards deciding the question, since it was found that a "Goblin Story" could be used as a medium for the gravest morality. One glance at the book, however, soon convinced us that it was an attempt to blend the fantastic and actual in argument, which while it was indebted to humble life for its materials, involved in its mode of treatment more grace and skill than pertain to many a more ambitious theme. The story is indeed, of the simplest; and, we think is altogether dependent on the author's manner for its interest. We recognize the master's hand, but cannot conceal from ourselves that such experiments are perilous. The success with which it has been made in this instance must, however, be its justification. Love, friendship, devotion, mental struggle under doubtful circumstances, the triumph of good feelings, and the reward of generous forbearance, mingle in the tale; which, in many parts, rises to a tone of sentiment that, in its elevation, must command the sympathy of the wisest and the best.

It opens with a picture of the domestic ideal, (happiness at home, as Digby would ironically say, but he's a bachelor.)

"Yes," says the over jealous husband, Mr Julius Peerybingle, "the Kettle began it!—Don't tell me what Mrs Peerybingle said. I know better. Mrs Peerybingle may leave it on record to the end of time that she couldn't say which of them began it; But I say the Kettle did. I ought to know, I hope? The Kettle began it, full five minutes by the little waxed-faced Dutch clock in the corner, before the Cricket uttered a chirp. * * * It appeared as if there were a sort of match, or trial of skill, you must understand, between the Kettle and the Cricket. And this is what led to it, and how it came about. Mrs Peerybingle going out into the raw twilight, and clicking over the wet stones in a pair of pattens that worked innumerable rough impressions of the first proposition in Euclid all about the yard—Mrs Peerybingle filled the Kettle at the water butt. Presently returning, less the pattens: and a good deal less, for they were tall and Mrs Peerybingle was but short; she set the Kettle on the fire. In doing which she lost her temper, or mislaid it for an instant; for the water—being uncomfortably cold, and in that slippy, slushy, sleety sort of state wherein it seems to penetrate through every kind of substance, pattens rings included—had laid hold of Mrs Peerybingle's toes, and even splashed her legs! And when we rather plume ourselves (with reason too) upon our legs, and keep ourselves particularly neat in point of stockings, we find this, for the moment hard to bear. Besides, the Kettle was aggravating and obstinate. It wouldn't allow itself to be adjusted on the top bar; it wouldn't hear of accommodating itself kindly to the knobs of coal; it would lean forward with a drunken air, and dribble, a very Idiot of a Kettle, on the hearth. It was quarrelsome, and hissed and spluttered morosely at the fire. To sum up all, the lid, resisting Mrs Peerybingle's fingers, first of all turned topsy-turvey, and then, with an ingenious pertinacity deserving of a better cause, dived sideways in—down to the very bottom of the Kettle. And the hull of the Royal George has never made half the monstrous resistence to coming out of the water, which the lid of that Kettle employed against Mrs Peerybingle, before she got it up again. It looked sullen and pig-headed enough, even then; carrying its handles with an air of defiance, and cocking its spout pertly and mockingly at Mrs Peerybingle, as if it said—"I won't boil. Nothing shall induce me!" But Mrs Peerybingle, with restored good humor, dusted her chubby little hands against each other, and sat down before the Kettle, laughing. Meantime, the jolly blaze uprose and fell, flashing and gleaming on the little haymaker at the top of the Dutch clock, until one might have thought he stood stock still before the Moorish Palace, and nothing was in motion but the flame. He was on the move, however, and had his spasms, two to the second, all right and regular. But his sufferings, when the clock was going to strike, were frightful to behold; and when a Cuckoo looked out of a trap-door in the Palace, and gave note six times, it shook him, each time, like a spectral voice—or like something wiry, plucking at his legs. * * * Now, it was, you observe, that the Kettle began to spend the evening. Now, it was, that the Kettle, growing, mellow and musical, began to have irrepressible gurglings in its throat, and to indulge in short vocal snorts, which it checked in the bud, as if it hadn't quite made up its mind yet to be good company. Now it was, that after two or three such vain attempts to stifle its convivial sentiments, it threw off all reserve, all reserve, and burst into a stream of song, so cosy and hilarious, as never mauldin nightingale yet formed the least idea of. So plain too! Bless you, you might have understood it like a book—better than some books you and I could name, perhaps. With its warm breath gushing forth in a light cloud, which mellowed and gracefully ascended a few feet, then hung about the chimney-corner as its own domestic Heaven, it

trolled its song with that strong energy of cheerfulness, that its iron body hummed and stirred upon the fire; and the lid itself, the recently rebellious lid—such is the influence of a bright example—performed a sort of jig, and chattered like a deaf and dumb young cymbal that had never known the use of its twin brother. That this song of the Kettle's, was a song of invitation and welcome to somebody out of doors; to somebody at that moment coming on, towards the snug small house and the crisp fire; there is no doubt whatever. Mrs Peerybingle knew it, perfectly, as she sat musing, before the hearth. It's a dark night, sang the Kettle, and the rotten leaves are lying by the way; and above, all is mist and darkness, and below, all is mire and clay; and there's only one relief in all the sad and murky air; and I don't know that it is one, for it's nothing but a glare, of deep and angry crimson, where the sun and wind together, set a brand upon the clouds for being guilty of such weather; and the widest open country is a long dull streak of black, and there's hoar frost on the finger post, and thaw upon the track; and the ice it isn't water, and the water isn't free; and you couldn't say that anything is what it ought to be; but he's coming, coming, coming! ——— and here, if you like, the Cricket did chime in! with a Chirup, Chirup, Chirup, of such magnitude, by way of chorus; with a voice, so astoundingly disproportionate to its size, as compared with the Kettle: (size! you couldn't see it!) that if it had then and there burst itself like an overcharged gun; if it had fallen a victim on the spot, and chirruped its little body into fifty pieces; it would have seemed a natural and inevitable consequence, for which it had expressly labored.—The Kettle had had the last of its solo performance. It persevered with undiminished ardor; but the Cricket took first fiddle and kept it.—Good Heaven, how it chirped! Its shrill, sharp, piercing voice resounded through the house, and seemed to twinkle in the outer darkness like a star. There was an indescribable little thrill and tremble in it, at its loudest, which suggested its being carried off its legs, and made to leap again, by its own intense enthusiasms. Yet they went very well together, the Cricket and the Kettle. The burden of the song was still the same; and louder, louder, louder still, they sang it in their emulation.

"There was all the excitement of a race about it, Chirp, Chirp, Chirp! Cricket a mile ahead. Hum, hum, hum—m—m! Kettle making play in the distance, like a great top. Chirp, chirp, chirp! Cricket round the corner. Hum, hum, hum—m—m! Kettle sticking to him in his own way; no idea of giving in. Chirp, chirp, chirp! Cricket fresher than ever. Hum, hum, hum—m—m! Kettle slow and steady. Chirp, chirp, chirp! Cricket going in to finish him.—Hum, hum, hum—m—m! Kettle not to be finished. Until at last, they got so jumbled together, in the hurry-skurry, helter-skelter, of the match, that whether the Kettle chirped and the Cricket hummed, or the Cricket chirped and the Kettle hummed, or they both chirped and both hummed, it would have taken a clearer head than your's or mine to have decided with anything like certainty. But of this there is no doubt: that the Kettle and the Cricket, at one and the same moment, and by some power of amalgamation best known to themselves, sent, each, his fireside song of comfort streaming into a ray of the candle that shone out through the window; and a long way down the lane. And this light, bursting on a certain person who, on the instant, approached towards it through the gloom, expressed the whole thing to him, literally in a twinkling, and cried, 'welcome home, old fellow! Welcome home, my boy!'"

The husband of Mrs Peerybingle is a carrier, —"a sturdy figure of a man, much taller and much older than herself,"—"a lumbering, slow, honest man;"—she a lively, fairy sort of little woman, gay as he was grave. Mr Dickens recognizes in them not only his hero and heroine, but "the true poetry of heart," for the sake of which we can "bear to have them talking prose and leading lives of prose." Let us see how he carries out this ideal.

The usual matrimonial endearments at these kinds of reunion having passed, the disposition of the parties received some fuller development, and an amiable superstition of theirs being recorded that "to have a Cricket on the heart is the luckiest thing in all the world;" we are then visited with a sad instance of the stolid Carrier's habit of forgetfulness. The parcels have all been duly arranged by the faithful wife, (called in tenderness by her husband, "Dot,") and the final question put—"So these are all the parcels, are they, John?"

"'That's all,' said John. 'Why—no—I—' laying down his knife and fork, and taking a long breath, 'I declare—I've clean forgotten the old gentleman!'. 'The old gentleman?' 'In the cart,' said John. 'He was asleep, among the straw, the last time I saw him. I've very nearly remembered him, twice, since I came in; but he went out of my head again. Haloa! Yahip there! rouse up! That's my hearty!'"

The Stranger appears an old deaf man. The party is soon joined by one Caleb Plummer, a toy-maker, who studies his profession evidently *con amore*,—and who, as we learn from his conversation, has a Blind Daughter,—and by Tackleton, a toy merchant. The description of the latter we must extract, if only to show the power of style to make much of small things.

"He was a man whose vocation had been quite misunderstood by his parents and guardians. If they had made him a money-lender, or a sharp attorney, or a sheriff's officer, or a broker, he might have sown his discontented oats in his youth, and after having had the full run of himself in ill-natured transactions, might have turned out amiable, at last, for the sake of a little freshness and novelty. But cramped and chafing in the peaceable pursuit of toy making, he was a domestic Ogre, who had been living on children all his life, and was their implacable enemy. He despised all toys; wouldn't have bought one for the world; delighted, in his malice, to insinuate grim expressions into the faces of brown-paper farmers, who drove pigs to market, bellmen who advertised lost lawyers' consciences, moveable old ladies who darned stockings or carved pies; and other like samples of his stock in trade. In appalling masks; hideous, hairy, red-eyed Jacks in Boxes; Vampire Kites; demoniacal Tumblers, who wouldn't lie down, and were perpetualy flying forward, to scare infants out of countenance; his soul positively revelled. They were his only relief, and safety-valve. He was great in such inventions. Anything suggestive of a pony-nightmare, was delicious to him. He had even lost money (and he took to that toy very kindly) by getting up Goblin slides for magic lanterns, wherein the Powers of Darkness were depicted as a sort of supernatural shell-fish, with human faces. In intensifying the portraiture of Giants, he had sunk quite a little capital; and, though no painter himself, he could indicate, for the instruction of his artists, with a piece of chalk, a certain furtive hint for the countenances of these monsters, that was safe to destroy the peace of mind of any young gentleman between the ages of six and eleven, for the whole Christmas or Midsummer Vacation. What he was in toys, he was (as most men are) in all other things. You may easily suppose, therefore, that within the green cape, which reached down to the calves of his legs, there was buttoned up to the chin an uncommonly pleasant fellow; and that he was about as choice a spirit, and as agreeable a companion, as ever stood in a pair of bull-headed looking boots with mahogany-colored tops."

[Conclusion in the next number.]

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1846.

EX-GOV. MORTON.

We regret the Senate have delayed the confirmation of the Ex-Governor to this late day. We know something of the representations that have been made to the Senate that have brought it about. And we can assure our friends in the Senate, of the South, of the West, and of every other section of the country that if they have any desire for the future success of the democratic party, they must beware how they carry President making schemes so far as to kill off such distinguished champions of our great cause as Gov. Morton. Before his numerous friends will submit to his being rejected with impunity, something tangible, something more than the contemptible slanders of disappointed office hunters must be charged, and sustained, against the man around whom the democracy of Massachusetts have rallied for twenty years, whose name has commanded the respect of every democrat in the Union, whose political principles have been synonymous with democracy itself, and whose public and private character has been wholly irreproachable. We say this in no spirit of defience. But we know the democratic party will demand it. Whatever representations may be made, *facts* only will satisfy the people, and they *will* know what these facts are; and if the same measure of justice is not meted out to Gov. Morton as to other office holders, they will most significantly ask why? If "abolition" is the objection urged against him, they will wish to know wherein Gov. Morton's views differ from those of other officers who have been already confirmed, and who are even the immediate advisers of JAMES K. POLK? If he is thought to be more favorable to one man than to another for the Presidency, and that is the cause of the opposition to him, those who oppose him on that ground are most sadly blind to the effect of the rejection of Marcus Morton if they expect to gain strength in the democratic party by such course.

We have heretofore expressed our views as to the propriety and importance of Gov. Morton's confirmation, and have repelled some of the slanders circulated against him. The result of our last fall election shows the high estimation in which he is held by the democracy of this State, when even an attack upon his fair fame and the purity of his motives reduced our vote nearly 50 per cent. Let him be rejected by the Senate, and in this State, nor in New Hampshire, nor in New England, nor in New York, can any man for any office from President down, understood to be hostile to Marcus Morton, receive one quarter of the democratic vote.

The Boston Whig puts down Mr Swan as "a Locofoco" candidate for Mayor of Lowell. This is a great mistake. There is no truer whig in the old Commonwealth than JOSHUA SWAN, and the great mass of those who voted for him were of the same stamp. We were sorry that there was any split in the whig ranks on Monday, but we can't have Mr Swan and his friends put down as Locofocos. It is not so and never was. If the democrats had made a nomination for Mayor, which they did not, the regular whig candidate, Col. BANCROFT, would have had a much greater majority than he received. [Lowell Courier.

Here is magnanimity worthy of all praise. Verily, old Time works wonderful changes in the minds of men. Last November those whigs who voted against regular nominations were disposed of in this wise by our *disappointed* neighbor of the Courier. Said the Courier the day after the election:

"There were men who *call* themselves whigs, and who have been the recipients of whig bounties and honors, *though they never did an hour's labor or expended five dollars for the support or maintenance of whig principles*, SECRETLY at work, COMBINING WITH LOCOFOCOS, here at home, to defeat and disgrace me in the eyes of the people of the county.—They may think they have done a *great work*, and we hope they will *feel grotified with their labors*."

Now, "circumstances" having materially "altered cases," the Courier says there are "no *truer* whigs in the old Commonwealth" than "the great mass of those who voted for" JOSHUA SWAN, *against the regular whig party nomination!* So, hereafter these disorganizers may not only "*call* themselves whigs," but may demonstrate with the Courier's endorsement that "there are no *truer* whigs," than themselves—whether they *support* or *oppose* the nominations of the party.

GROTON. The democrats of Groton have redeemed the town. They have elected democratic officers throughout. The Selectmen are Geo. S. Boutwell, Joshua Gilson, and Peletiah Fletcher. The young men there have gone into the work, and we have no doubt they will maintain their democratic triumph. It is a general fact that a large majority of young men are liberal and democratic in their views, while old men, particularly when they have grown wealthy, become conservative and aristocratic—think their wealth entitles them to political consideration beyond that of other men. We would not be understood that men of wealth may not be democratic, but simply that the interests of wealth are not unfrequently antagonist to the interests of men as men, and therefore men of wealth are very liable, from self-interest in a pecuniary point of view, and from love of distinction and aggrandizement, to feel their own peculiar importance, become haughty, aristocratic and purse-proud as their purse grows long.

☞ At the late meeting in Dracutt, Mr ——, being elected field-driver, made the following short speech to his whig friends who had thus honored him:

"Mr Moderator,—I duly appreciate the honor conferred upon me in being elected to the ancient and honorable office of field-driver; but, as it will be impossible, from a multiplicity of engagements, for me to faithfully discharge the important duties of the office, I must request my fellow citizens to excuse me. I trust no one will think me unwilling to serve my country—I ever hold myself in readiness, as every true patriot should, to serve my country, and (casting a leering look to the little squad of whigs who had just voted him in) if need be—*my country's cattle*."

He was excused by a unanimous vote.

☞ Newbury voted on Monday against a union with Newburyport, 231 to 178.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Bedford, March 2d, 1846.

MESSRS EDITORS: I herewith send you the result of our annual town meeting for the choice of town and county officers; and a better spirit of unanimity prevailed in the selection of individuals to fill the important stations, than has been exhibited for fifteen years previously. Every officer was chosen on the first ballot, by an average majority of about one hundred votes.

For County Treasurer—Stedman Buttrick 102, all others 4.

For Register of Deeds—E. B. Patch 100, Caleb Heyden 27, Nath'l R. Whitney 12.

Town Clerk—Thomas Stiles, dem.

Selectmen—Amos Hartwell, John P. Reed, democrats, Jonathan Bacon, whig.

Town Treasurer—Isaac P. Bacon, dem.

Yours, respectfully.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Pepperell, March 3d, 1846.

MESSRS EDITORS: The following are the votes cast for county officers at our town meeting, yesterday:

For County Treasurer—Stedman Buttrick 121.

For Register of Deeds—E. B. Patch 102, Caleb Hayden 15, Nathaniel R. Whitney 56.

List of town officers for the ensuing year:

Town Clerk—John Loring.

Selectmen—John Loring, Luther Lawrence, Arnold Hutchinson.

Assessors—Arnold Hutchinson, Lovell Shattuck, Luther Lawrence.

Yours, &c.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Billerica, March 3d, 1846.

MESSRS HILDRETH & VARNEY: I herewith transmit to you the vote for County Treasurer and Register of Deeds as given in this town yesterday:

For Treasurer—Stedman Buttrick 109 (no opposition).

For Register—E. B. Patch 55, Whitney 38, Hayden 26. (3 votes for Mr Patch were thrown into the box for Treasurer, and not counted for him.)

The old board of Selectmen were chosen—one democrat and two whigs. Marshall Preston, Town Clerk, as usual. A caucus was held on Saturday evening last, without distinction of party. A sort of amalgamation, as I learn, was attempted by some democrats and natives, and Sweetser (democrat), Odiorne (native) and Preston (whig) were put in nomination. Only one of these was chosen for Selectman, viz. Mr Preston.

Yours, &c.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Stoneham, March 3d, 1846.

MESSRS HILDRETH & VARNEY: I give below the result of our election yesterday. We chose

George W. Dike, *Moderator*.

Solon Dike, *Clerk*.

B. F. Richardson, Ira Hay, James Pierce, *Selectmen, Assessors, and Overseers of Poor*.

Ira Hay, *Treasurer*.

George W. Dike, Silas Deen, Ira Gerry, *School Committee*.

For County Treasurer—Stedman Buttrick 133.

For Register of Deeds—Ephraim B. Patch 98, Caleb Hayden 50, N. R. Whitney 18.

Respectfully yours.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The packet Toronto arrived at New York yesterday, bringing London papers to the evening of the 7th and Portsmouth to the 9th ult.

The news is unimportant. The proceedings of Parliament show nothing to interest our readers.

The London Times of the 7th speaks in commendation of the course of Mr Calhoun.

There is nothing new from Ireland. The country continues to be a scene of excitement and agitation.

The Overland mail reached London on the 5th, and brought the important news that the Sikh army had crossed the Suttej, and thus declared war against the British. A battle immediately commenced on the 21st December, and lasted for three days, day and night. The slaughter was very great on both sides. Full particulars were not given. The British captured 65 pieces of cannon, and occupied the enemy's camp.

LONDON, Feb. 6. The opinion we expressed yesterday, that the pressure for money had passed its strength, has been confirmed to-day.

Discounts are still difficult, but the Funds have experienced a further advance of near 3-4 per cent. and Exchequer Bills are also higher.

CONGRESS.

On Monday nothing of interest transpired in either house.

Tuesday, March 3.

In the SENATE, Mr Clayton offered a resolution calling on the President for all correspondence on our foreign relations since the fourth of February. Lies over.

The Oregon resolutions were then taken up, and Mr. Dayton took the floor and delivered a forcible speech on the Notice. Still speaking.

In the HOUSE, Mr Hilliard's resolution, calling on the Postmaster General in regard to the mail arrangements between the United States and foreign countries, and to state the terms, &c., was taken up and adopted.

The New Jersey contested election case was then taken up. Mr Jenkins, of N. Y., is now speaking.

FROM CHIHUAHUA AND SANTE FE. The independence (Missouri) Expositor has intelligence from Chihuahua to the 1st of December, and Sante Fe to the 1st of January. It was brought by the traders only 34 days from the latter place. They brought in with them about $35,000, the greater portion of which has been forwarded by the residents of Mexico to answer their indebtedness in our eastern cities, three mule teams and seven men. This is but another experiment proving the practicability of crossing the plains at any season of the year.

A letter dated Sante Fe, the 16th December, speaking of political affairs, says:—

"Were the United States now to send a show of a respectable force, the whole country north or east of the Rio del Norte would submit without the slightest resistance. The people evidently *expect*, and I candidly believe *hope*, that the United States will take speedy possession. In any event, our business and other relations with the governor (Armijo) and other principal men are such that we always feel entirely safe."

AWFUL SEDUCTION, Catharine Squires, a lady of very fascinating appearance, was arrested yesterday on a charge of seducing a gentlemen by the name of Wm. H. Smith, residing at No. 100 Wooster street.—The complaint was made by Mrs Smith, the legitimate wife of Mr Smith. This fair seducer was committed to a call for repentance, by Justice Osborne. [N. Y. paper.

FROM ST. DOMINGO. Captain Fuller, of the schooner Navarro, at New York, from the city of St. Domingo, which port she left on the 28th of January, reports that since the shipwreck of the three Haytien men-of-war, nothing of importance had transpired between the belligerents. The Dominicans appeared to be settled in their policy, and quite anxious for peace.

IRON MANUFACTURES OF MASSACHUSETTS. Under this head we include all manufactures of which iron is the principal and useful or living portion, but with regard to some branches it is only necessary to state the value of the articles proposed.

We have now 32 rolling, slitting and nail mills, which roll and slit 14,942 tons of iron per annum, and produce 37,102,400 pounds of nails—total value, $2,738,300; hands employed, 1729. The number of forges is 152, producing annually bar iron, anchors, chains, &c., &c., to the amount of $238,966, and employing 422 hands. There are 4 furnaces for manufacture of pig iron, producing to the amount of $148,761, and employ 235 hands. For the value, number of factories, and hands employed, in other branches of iron manufacture, see below:—

	No. of Factories.	Value of annual production.	Hands employed.
Hollow ware & castings	91	$1,280,141	1267
Machinery	114	2,022,648	2421
Steam engines & boilers	6	208,546	221
Scythes	20	113,935	171
Edge tools	35	94,441	94
Cutlery	14	148,175	197
Butts and hinges	5	25,390	49
Latches & door handles	4	8,200	10
Locks	11	60,070	75
Tacks and brads	26	253,687	269
Shovels, hoes, &c.	39	275,212	259
Ploughs, &c	73	121,691	158
Railings, safes, &c.	7	129,300	87

Total yearly value of iron manufactures, $8,162,463. Hands employed, 7664. Total capital invested in all manufactures of iron in Massachusetts, $5,000,000.

Woollen Manufactures of Massachusetts. There are 139 woollen mills in Massachusetts, running 514 sets of machinery. During the past year, these mills consumed 15,387,448 pounds of wool, manufactured 1,022,359 yards of broadcloth, 2,451,458 yards of cassimere, 3,558,720 yards of satinet, 1,652,345 yds. of Kentucky jeans, 4,490,937 yards flannel and blanketing, and 256,205 pounds of woollen yarn, 702,000 yards of goods not specified. Total value, $8,897,478. Capital invested in woollen manufactures, $5,604,002. Hands employed, 3,904 males, and 3,471 females.

Carpet Manufactures. The number of mills in Massachusetts is 17, consuming 150,000 pounds of cotton, and 1,786,238 pounds of wool. They produce 158,958 yards of carpeting, valued at $834,322.—Capital invested, 488,000. Hands employed, 715 males, and 319 females.

Worsted Manufactures. There are now 10 establishments for the manufacture of worsted in this commonwealth, producing 2,321,338 yards of goods, and 617,366 pounds of worsted yarn, valued at $654,566. Capital invested, $514,000. Hands employed, 298 males, and 548 females.

Manufactures of Hosiery in Massachusetts. This branch of manufacture has now 17 establishments entirely devoted to it. They produce 134,138 pairs and 28,200 pounds of yarn, valued at $94,892. Hands employed, 53 males, and 185 females.

Linen Manufactures. The manufactories of linen in the state, are three in number, employing 93 males, and 99 females, and producing 875,000 yards annually, valued at $145,000. Capital invested, $79,000.

Silk Manufactures. The 9 silk establishments in Massachusetts, produced during the last year, 22,503 pounds of sewing silk, valued at 150,477. Capital invested, $38,000. Hands employed, 28 males, and 128 females. [Boston Post.

THE LATE FIGHT BETWEEN MR. RITCHIE AND MR. PLEASANTS.

The following account from the *Baltimore Patriot* (Whig paper) puts a much more favorable construction upon this sad affair, as far as regards Mr Ritchie, and shows that he not only was *not the aggressor*, but that under the circumstances, he could not well have done otherwise:

I learn the facts to be substantially as follows:—The quarrel had gone on in their newspapers to such an extent that Mr Pleasants thought himself called upon to bring the matter to a crisis. He therefore sent a request to Mr. Ritchie to meet him at a specified place and hour, across the river from Richmond with side arms. Mr Ritchie sent word back that he could not consent to settle the affair in that way. Mr Pleasant then sent word that the matter must be settled, and in that way.

Mr Ritchie then prepared himself with a revolver of six barrels, two duelling pistols, and a horseman's short sword, and repaired to the place designated, at the time named.

Mr Pleasants, who had not arrived, wore two (or four—there is doubt about this) common pistols and a sword-cane. A friend of Mr Pleasants approached Mr Ritchie, and said to him, that he thought the difficulty might be settled if the latter would do one thing, and that was, to acknowledge that he believed Mr Pleasants to be a brave man. Mr. Ritchie replied that once he could have done this; but now, Mr Pleasants having called him there, and not appearing himself, he could not make such an acknowledgment. Mr Pleasant's friend then informed him that he presumed he would have to fight. Mr. Ritchie replied, very well, he had come there to meet Mr Pleasants. The friend of the latter left the spot and went to his principal, who was not far off. Soon after this, Mr Pleasants appeared approaching Mr. Ritchie, considerably in advance of the two friends who had accompanied him to the spot. As he approached at a rapid pace, Mr. Ritchie fired successively his two duelling pistols, resting each on his left arm, drawn up in an angle for that purpose. He then presented his revolver, and fired either four or five of its barrels. After he had fired upon Mr Pleasants, the latter drew and fired thrice without effect, all the time rushing up to Mr. Ritchie, and when near enough he struck him with his sword cane, when the scabbard flew off, and Mr. Ritchie struck up the blade or spear with his short sword—in doing which he received the point of Mr Pleasants' spear in the corner of his mouth, cutting upwards a slight gash.

Mr Pleasants then fell, having received five wounds from the pistol shots of his antagonist, if not one from his short sword. One ball raked across the back of his left hand, carrying away all the muscles and tendons leading to the fingers; another passed through the fleshy part of his left arm, half way up from the elbow to the shoulder; another entered the left breast and raged under the arm: a fourth entered the left groin and proved fatal. The fifth wound was in the right thigh, either by a ball or a thrust from the short sword above alluded to. It is thought to have been from the latter.

HORRID MURDER. The following is a narrative of one of the most shocking murders that ever occurred in Kentucky:

To the editors of the Louisville Journal:

Russelloille, Ky. Feb. 17, 1846.

Gentlemen—A most distressing murder has just been committed in our town. A young man named John George, of respectable connections, attempted to seduce a Miss Jackson, of this town; failing in his attempts to seduce her, and fearing that it would be made public, he stole by the window of the young lady's room, raised it and shot her, after waking her and making himself known. He fled. The report alarmed the family who ran to her room and found her dying. She lived only two hours, but long enough to disclose everything. It is probable that the young man has gone to Louisville, as he had his clothes all packed and conveyed to Bowling Green a day or two ago, for the purpose of taking the first boat.

Yours in haste, JOHN MASCAL.

MOLASSES. The import of Molasses into Boston have been unusually large for a few days past. Since Sunday, the 1st inst., there have arrived here, as we find by an examination of the Imports, 3526 hogsheads, 110 tierces, 60 barrels, 228 casks, and 5 half barrels. Most of this large quantity was from the new port of Cardenas. [Traveller.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT. A bill to abolish Imprisonment for debt passed the lower House of the Baltimore Legislature on Wednesday last. [N. Y. Sun.

The "Baltimore Legislature"!—what is it?—where?

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, March 3.

In the SENATE, bills to establish the boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley; relating to discharged convicts, and authorizing Stephen Locke and John W. Trail to extend their wharves, were severally passed to be enacted.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, came up to-day on its passage to a third reading. Mr Hopkinson moved to strike out of the first section of the bill that part authorizing the city to take and hold the waters within four miles of Long Pond, and supported his amendment ably and at great length. Mr Hopkinson was followed by Mr Gray in reply, and after he had concluded, the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Mr Bates, of Ashby, offered an order that the committee on the judiciary inquire into the expediency of altering the time requiring the officers of Banks to notify the several towns of the names of stockholders in their Banks. Adopted.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to set off part of Ipswich to Boxford; to incorporate the Citizen's Mutual Insurance Company in Brighton; the Essex Railroad Corporation; in addition to an act incorporating Mutual Life Insurance Companies.

Petitions presented.—Daniel Otis and others, praying the Legislature to recall our Senators and Representatives in Congress; [this petition is of the same tenor and character as the one presented on Saturday from Francis Jackson, Garrison and others;] Joseph Bradlee and others and Selectmen of Dracutt in relation to annexing part of that town to Lowell.

At 12 o'clock the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, (the first time this session,) Mr Chandler of Boston in the Chair, to consider the bill and amendments providing for married women collecting their own earnings.

The discussion was continued with unabated zeal from yesterday, by Messrs Weles, Robbins and Sturgis of Boston, Bell of Kingston, Hopkins of Northampton, Blanchard of Lowell, Parkins of Salem, Lewis of Barnstable, and Walley of Roxbury, when after rejecting some six amendments, and adopting one offered by Mr Walley, that the receipt of any married woman for her own deposites shall be valid, the convention rose and reported the bill. The Bill with Mr Walley's amendment was then passed to be engrossed, by a large majority.

Wednesday, March 4.

In the SENATE, this morning, a letter was received from the Rev. John H. Bisbee of Worthington, signifying his acceptance of the office of preacher of the next election sermon.

Bills were reported to incorporate the Alger Iron and steel Co. at South Boston, the Essex and Eagle River Copper Co. at Point Shirley, and the trustees of Episcopal Clerical Fund; to increase the Capital Stock of the Bridgewater Iron Manufacturing Co.; and establish a fire department in the town of North Bridgewater.

The orders of the day were taken up for consideration and the first matter was the bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, and the amendment proposed thereto by Mr Hopkinson. On motion of Mr Hoar the bill was passed over, as several Senators were absent who were desirous of addressing the Senate on the subject.

The bill to establish the city of Roxbury was ordered to a third reading.

The bill to establish the city of Cambridge was passed over.

A resolve was reported providing for the reception and safe keeping of the standards for weights and measures.

In the HOUSE, the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill establishing the salaries of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas as follows: Chief Justice $2300 per annum, and the Associate Justices each $2000 to be paid quarterly; also a bill in addition to an act for the relief of insolvent debtors; both these bills were ordered to 2d readings and to be printed; also inexpedient to legislate on the forfeiture of estates for non entry; same as to the abuses of the common sheet-yard.

It was ordered that the committee on the judiciary consider what legal provision is necessary to protect the people of this Commonwealth against fraud practised by Life Insurance Companies which are established without the limits of the State.

FROM HAYTI—ST. DOMINGO, JANUARY 25, 1846. There is much anxiety in consequence of the threatened invasion by the Haytiens, under President Pierrot. His instructions to the army have been made public, by which it appears that the dreadful scenes of the old massacre are to be re-enacted. He is to save only the most beautiful white women for his officers. All our women, over forty years of age, captured by his army are to be taken to his palace, chained back to back. Our young women under that age, down to girls of five years of age, are to be delivered over to his officers and soldiers! This is the meanest work your abolitionists in New York, Philadelphia and Boston are helping with ships and money! He is now only waiting for a steam propeller, which the abolitionists or anti-slavery societies of Boston are to send him, to carry out his horrible designs upon this little handful of white people! He is a master workman in the trade of human butchery. Although now an old and feeble man, he was in youth the leader of the powerful jet blacks who fell upon and destroyed their masters. He murdered his master and mistress with his own hands. Their only daughter, a beautiful creature, whom the female slaves were about to murder as Pierrot rushed into the room and saved her, he made his wife, and drew around his new estate a large number of negroes who had also taken their master's daughters as wives. At the expiration of some years, when the new race of mulattoes first began to excite civil commotion, the bloody Pierrot was the first to plunge the fatal dagger into the bosom of his wife and children. His example was followed by his neighbors, and the whites and mulattoes were thus exterminated in that district. This act was applauded by the blacks. Pierrot became the Virginius of Hayti, and at last he has ascended to the presidential chair. He has vowed that every white male shall be exterminated, with the female children under five years of age. * * * * * Our hopes from Spain are not so promising as they were a month ago. Our own navy has been increased and our defences strengthened.—The army is in good discipline, but it is very small.—We will all fight to the last. [N. Y. Sun.

Anatomy and Physiology, for Schools and Families—by CALVIN CUTTER, M. D. With 200 wood cute.

We have glanced over this treatise with no little pleasure. It is written in a familiar style; the technical terms are clearly defined, and the engravings handsomely done. If useful works like this were widely read, instead of sickly novels, fewer people would be troubled with a vacant feeling in the head.—For sale by Merrill & Heywood, 23 Central st.

ECLIPSE. On the 25th of April there will be a partial eclipse of the sun. The degree of obscuration will be about five digits in Illinois, nearly seven in Boston, and eleven in Florida; gradually increasing as we approach the island of Cuba, near the middle of which it will be central and total. This will be the last large eclipse of the sun that will be visible to us until May 26th, 1854.

KILLED IN A FACTORY. At Graysville, Vt., Orvis Bennett, son of Arthur B., of Woodstock, became entangled in the machinery while employed in the factory and was instantly killed.

FAST DAY. Gov. Briggs has appointed Thursday the second day of April for the annual Fast in Massachusetts.

☞ By a recent "order in council," pot and pearl ashes of United States manufacture may pass through Canada duty free.

☞ Mr. Classon, who recently cowhided Bennet, of the New York Herald, has been fined $50 and cost for the offence.

VOTES FOR REGISTER.

	Patch.	Whitney.	Hayden.	Scatt'g.
Acton,	90	12	50	—
Bedford,	100	12	27	—
Billerica,	55	38	26	—
Carlisle,	55	—	—	15
Concord,	117	58	44	—
Dracutt,	96	129	19	1
Groton,	128	5	116	2
Littleton,	46	6	28	1
Lowell,	766	836	95	2
Newton,	15	—	128	—
Pepperell,	102	56	15	—
Somerville,	5	1	105	—
South Reading,	65	43	95	—
Stoneham,	98	18	50	—
Tewksbury,	75	70	—	—
Waltham,	192	35	77	—
West Cambridge,	32	16	56	—
Westford,	89	28	35	2
Woburn,	265	42	103	—
	2391	1400	1069	23

TOWN OFFICERS ELECTED LAST MONDAY.

DUNSTABLE. *Town Clerk*—Wurren Wilson.
Selectmen—Benjemin French, Henry Perkhurst, Andrew Spaulding.

TYNGSBORO'. *Town Clerk*—Willard B. Cummings.
Selectmen—Joseph Danforth, Jr., Elijeh Fletcher, Cyrus Butterfield.
Town Treasurer—Simon Thompson.

WESTFORD. *Town Clerk*—J. W. P. Abbott.
Selectmen, Assessors, and Overseers of the Poor—Albert Leighton, Nathan S. Hamblin, Phineas S. Chamberlain.
Treasurer—Albert Leighton.

TEWKSBURY. *Town Clerk*—Aeron Frost, Jr.
Selectmen and Overseers—Zephaniah Clark, Jr., Edward Kendell, Caleb Livingston.

LITTLETON. *Town Clerk*—James Kimball.
Selectmen, Assessors and Overseers—James Kimball, Charles Stearne, Andrew Robbins.

POLICE COURT.

Wednesday, March 4.

Sullivan Robinson—brought up for being a common drunkard—discharged by paying costs, and recognizing with sureties in the sum of $75 to keep the peace and be of good behaviour for six months.

Alexander McDermot—common drunkard—two months House of Correction.

Thursday, March 5.

Michael Doherty was fined five dollars and costs for rescuing a prisoner from the watchmen.

Abraham Tiffacy—common drunnard—complained of by his wife—House of Correction threo months.—Appealed. So he will be obliged to lie in jail four months before the appeal can be decided.

FIRE AT THE BROOK FARM, WEST ROXBURY. Tuesday evening, about half past 8 o'clock, a fire broke out in the large three story wooden building, erected last season for lodgings, &c, for the members of the Community—which was entirely destroyed.—The building, not being quite finished, was of course unoccupied. The loss on the property destroyed is estimated at $10,000, on which there is no insurance. It is not known how the fire originated. [Mer. Journal.

THE "OLD LINE" BALL came off last night, at the Stone House, and was very creditable to the getters up, and to Maj. Coburn, the provider. The Major is about giving up the Stone House, and going to Portsmouth, N. H. He will still continue to look to the comfort of the travelling public.

MONTGOMERY, a Washington Correspondent of the N. Y. Sun says—"There will be no serious difficulty with Mexico. There may be a brush on the borders; just enough to prove to the Mexican people that peace and a treaty with us is desirable. The brave and astute Almonte has no taste for a royal master, nor yet for a war, that is, a downright serious war, with the United States."

CORRECTION. In the list of Councilmen elected in Ward 5, as published in our last paper, the name of Jonathan Bowers should have appeared in place of Josiah Sewtell. Mr S. was elected in Ward 4.

☞ A Montreal paper says: "The receipt of the English news from portland, in advance of the mail, has established the capability of that route; *but the present unsettled state of affairs has an injurious effect on the stock.*"

☞ Colonel HENRY PURKITT died in Boston on Wednesday, at the venerable age of 91. He was a soldier of the revolution, and saw the memorable destruction of the tea in the harbor.

☞ A bill yesterday passed the House, incorporating the town of "*Ashland*," formerly called Unionville. It is in honor of Henry Clay's residence, and we guess it is about all that he ever will get. [Times.

☞ The Lawrence Manufacturing Co. makes a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent., payable on the 12th inst.

☞ Mr Slidell was at Pnebla at last dates, where he would remain until he should be received by the Mexican Government.

☞ Rolla Nicholas and not Roland Nickless, is the name of the gentleman who was injured on the Railroad last Saturday evening. [Courier.

☞ Gov. Morton, in a late letter to the Boston Pilot, says he never opposed Mr O'Neill, or any other man, because he was a Catholic in religion. [Post.

☞ There is to be a grand Fancy Ball on Friday (to-morrow) evening, at Dickinson's Hall.

How natural that we should seek out some ark of safety, when we are attacked by disease, and especially if suffering under Consumption or severe Cough, or Cold. We recommend the Health Restorative as the sure friend and unfailing remedy in these complaints, and from careful observation, are convinced of its superior efficacy and the truth of its recommendations.—The character of its testimony is so strong, that the most stubborn prejudice must yield before it.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books; he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.
6w&pdec16

MARRIED,

In this City, on the Second Baptist Church, March 1, by Rev Hosea Ballou, Porter, Mr William F. Dale, of New Bedford, to Miss Alice Ann Shattuck, of this city.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nnv4 6m

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.
ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y&mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

D'Aubigne's History,

VOLUME FOURTH. This Volume will be ready for delivery in Lowell, by J. JUDKINS, 28 Central st., on *Monday*, March 9th. Illustrated with two fine steel portraits, one of the Author, and the other of Luther as he appeared before the Diet of Worms.—The Author, in his preface to this volume, says—

"Of all property that a man can possess, there is none so essentially his own, as the labors of his mind. Man acquires the fruits of his field by the sweat of his servants, and of his beasts of burden; and the produce of his manufactures, by the labor of his workmen and the movement of his machines; but it is by his own toils, by the exercise of his most exalted faculties that he creates the productions of his mind. I know that it is written in the consciences of those on the Channel and of the Atlantic: 'Ye shall have one manner of law as well for the strangers as for one of your own country: for I am the Lord your God.'"—Levit. XXIV. 22.

It will of course be borne in mind, that in my editions the author has one half the profits, of all that are ordered or sold, previous to the publication of any rival edition. ROBERT CARTER.
New York, March 3, 1846. mar5

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.
OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellance, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.
Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.
a&p&neowmar5

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Varis, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilcox, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Marcus T. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.
AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GRAND ATTRACTION!

First time in Lowell of the laughable Petit Comedy of *Wilful Murder*, and the beautiful drama of *The Gambler!*

—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock,—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at ¼ to 7, and 8¼.

The performances will commence with the thrilling Moral Drama in three parts, entitled
THE GAMBLER'S REVENGE!
Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.
Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
The whole to conclude with the laughable Petit Comedy (received by the last steamship), called
WILFUL MURDER!
Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Brown, Kean, Miss St. Clair and Mrs Merrifield.
The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar 3

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness-Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to
FRANCIS BALDWIN.
Billerica, March 2, 1846. mar3

Notice

IS hereby given, that I, being the lawful guardian of HEMAN SIMONS, have this day given him his time to act and trade for himself; and that I shall hereafter claim none of his earnings, nor pay any debts he may contract. JOSIAH SMITH.
Lowell, March 2, 1846. mar3

In Insolvency.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN H. WATSON, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.
EDWARD A. DANA, Assignee.
Feb. 26, 1846. 3tleb28

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Tuesday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m5

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

On Saturday next.

The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. m5

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday.

The fine fast sailing packet Brig HAVRE, *Carpenter*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m3

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

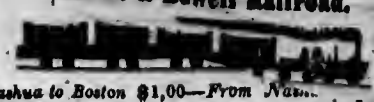
This Day.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr PELICAN, *Pinco*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m3

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 38, Central st.
feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:36 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot to Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Merrimack Bridge, Centar Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11¼, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7¼ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6¾ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5¼ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

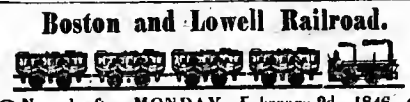
These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼ and 11, A. M.; 1¼, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan3tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent tedy and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.
ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37,—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.
A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

For Sale.

THE subscriber being about to change his line of business, offers for sale his entire stock of WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES, together with the *Store, Land*, and *Outbuildings*. It is situated near Hale's Mills, and in the vicinity of the Lowell Bleachery. There being no other store near, makes it a rare chance for any one desirous of entering into this business. For further particulars inquire of
THOMAS ADAMS,
Lowell, Feb. 27, 1846. [6t28] on the premises.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be attired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL BURNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the following parcels of said deceased, consisting of the following-house, a large new barn and other out-buildings thereon, 97 acres, with a dwelling. The land is in excellent order for house, corn-barn, grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 18½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.
The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions could known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.
MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.
Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tejan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.
epis3wfeb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Fire Goods!

THE subscribers having been burnt out, have the pleasure to inform their customers and the public that L. D. BOTER has kindly offered them a place in his Store, (No. 34, Central street,) until their Store is repaired.

☞ Their stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS having been appraised by the Insurance Company, they pledge themselves to sell them at the same discount from usual prices that they were apprised injured to them. BENT & BUSH.
Lowell, Feb. 11, 1846.

N. B. We would further say that we have our manufacturing department again under full operation, and shall be enabled to furnish Hats or Caps to order as usual. [feb12] B. & B.

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.
HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Coburn's block, 58 Central street.

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,
GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvjan13

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.
JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6m&pdec16

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.
aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC Rings, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of Head, face MATISM, acute or chronic, *Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy,* or limbs; *Gout and, Palpitation of the Heart, Apo-Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The Rings are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nervos. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonneycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Moggetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREDOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his right was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his right was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to exercise, and all his limbs are restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pain entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8s&ply

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering mortals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the exportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby notify the public that *Horace Everett* is no longer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov8

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. In all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. 1yoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. rag6

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of severe, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or protected improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary.—It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease giving them to each in due and orderly proportion. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jao7 y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddor, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments;—the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Down, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Gbelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollistou, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coburn, Reading, J. Prott & Sons, Daniel Mureras; Shirley, Jos. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing disease by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physic in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curat," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Calomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles as occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of tic, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypochondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 2, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. E. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., Poopie's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an Invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&r6m

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advtnjae17

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1846. VOL. 14.—NO. 29.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—GAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HESAND and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET,*

Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL,

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BARLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.

No. 29, Central street,...LOWELL.

JOSIAH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

J. Hadley Sanborn,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Periodicals—No. 20 Central Street

LOWELL.

Agent for the Boston, N. Y. Union, American and Foreign Sunday School Societies.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Welker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfsdv LOWELL. nov15

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. if

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloth, Cassimeres, Sattinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, u.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

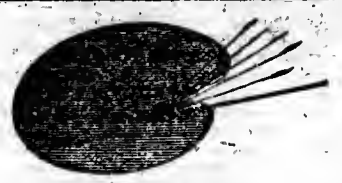
I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Leed, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's-measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

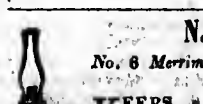
CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE,

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mrnaens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Bed Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.



W. E. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market.

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug12m

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1845.

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20u&p3m.

Cloth and Clothing.

JUST received and now opening by the subscriber, at *No. 2, Coburn's Block*, a complete assortment of British, French and German Goods, which, with a large variety of American fabrics, will be offered upon the most reasonable terms. Among which are the following seasonable Goods, viz:

CLOTHS—English, German, and American, in blk, browns, blues, and invisible green, of every grade.

BEAVERS—Water-proof, Codringtons, gold blue, and fancy brown and blacks, of all qualities.

CASSIMERES—Black and fancy styles in every variety.

DOESKINS—German, French, and American.

TWEEDS—Gold Emerald, mixed and common.

SATINETS—Maverie, Staffordville, Valley Co., Saxony, &c.,

VESTINGS—Cashmere, Fancy Silk, Valencia and Satin.

VELVETS—Blk and drab Tabby, Lynns Silk, plain and fancy.

GLOVES—Gents. Chamois and Fleece-lined Berlin, silk and wool, Merino, black and colored Kid, heavy Buck.

CRAVATS—Plain, plaid and light Satin, Italian & French, all sizes.

HDKFS—Madder, Pongee, India Bandannas, Chapman, Spitalfields, Sinclaw, and Cotton.

BRACES—French rubber and imitation do., English and heavy American web. Also, Goodyear's patent elastic.

WOOLENS—Flannel Shirts and Draws of all descriptions and qualities.

He has also on hand good READY MADE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c., which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought in this vicinity.

Garments made to order in the best manner and latest style.

☞ Particular attention paid to cutting all kinds of Garments for others to make. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Oct. 2, 1845 m18tf.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell,

jan21 1y

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr. Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not believe, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. O. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conserv and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept18 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH;

OR,

A FAIRY TALE OF HOME.

[Concluded.]

But toy-maker and toy-merchant both are gone; still the old deaf stranger unaccountably remains; nay, more, desires a bed, which the wife is anxious to grant. There have also been some mysterious intimations between her and him which have somewhat troubled John. He finds, however, consolation in his pipe, which she has filled for him—"Being out-and-out the best filler of a pipe in the four quarters of the globe;" the smoking of which, in turn, fills, naturally enough, the room with visionary shapes—

"And as he soberly and thoughtlessly puffed at his old pipe: and as the Dutch clock ticked; and as the red fire gleamed; and as the Cricket chirped; that Genius of his Hearth and Home (for such the Cricket was) came out, in fairy shape, into the room, and summoned many forms of Home about him. Dots of all ages and all sizes, filled the chamber. Dots who were merry children, running on before him, gathering flowers in the fields; coy Dots, half shrinking from, half yielding to, the pleading of his own rough image; newly-married Dots, alighting at the door and taking wondering possession of the household keys; motherly little-Dots, attended by fictitious Slowboys, bearing babies to be christened; matronly Dots, still young and blooming, watching Dots of daughters, as they danced at rustic balls; fat Dots, encircled and beset by troops of rosy grand-children; withered Dots, who leaned on sticks, and tottered as they crept along. Old Carriers, too, appeared, with blind old Boxers lying at their feet; and newer carts with younger drivers (Peerybingle Brothers on the till); and sick old Carriers, tended by the gentlest hands; and graves of dead and gone old Carriers, green in the churchyard. And as the Cricket showed him all these things—he saw them plainly, though his eyes were fixed upon the fire—the Carrier's heart grew light and happy, and he thanked his Household Gods with all his might, and cared no more for Gruff and Tackleton than you do."

We are next presented with a picture of Caleb Plumer and his Blind Daughter, seated in his eccentric apatment, drawn with much artistic power—for Caleb, though but of toys, is an artist, and to his daughter no less than a sorcerer;—having, in pity to her blindness, described all things connected with their state, calling, and dwelling, in such fancy-hues as, in her imagination made the life they lived enchantment.

"The Blind Girl never knew that ceilings were discoloured; walls blotched, and bare of plaster here and there; high crevices unstopped, and widening every day; beams mouldering and tending downward. The Blind Girl never knew that iron was rusting, wood rotting, paper peeling off; the very size, and shape, and true proportion of the dwelling, withering away. The Blind Girl never knew that ugly shapes of delf and earthenware were on the board; that sorrow and faint-heartedness were in the house; that Caleb's scanty hairs were turning greyer and more grey before her sightless face. The Blind Girl never knew they had a master, cold, exacting, and uninterested: never knew that Tackleton was Tackleton in short; but lived in the belief of an eccentric humorist who loved to have his jest with them; and while he was the Guardian Angel of their lives, disdained to hear one word of thankfulness. And all was Caleb's doing; all the doing of her simple father! But he too had a Cricket on his Hearth; and listening sadly to its music when the motherless Blind Child was very young, that Spirit had inspired him with the thought that even her great deprivation might be almost changed into a blessing, and the girl made happy by these little means. For all the Cricket Tribe are potent spirits, even though the people who hold converse with them do not know it; (which is frequently the case,) and there are not in the Unseen World, Voices more gentle and more true; that may be so implicitly relied on, or that are so certain to give none but tenderest counsel; as the Voices in which the Spirits of the Fireside and the Hearth, address themselves to human kind."

An annual Pic-nic party, at these humble lodgings, assembles the *dramatist persons* already mentioned, with the addition, among others, of May Fielding, the toy-merchant's intended; but who had been long ago engaged to Edward Plummer the toy-maker's son. The boy, however, had gone to "the Golden South America," and is now given up as hopeless. He has nevertheless, returned just in the nick of time: that old deaf man was none other than he; poor Mrs Peerybingle had made early discovery of his disguise, but kept his secret, though daily advising, of course, poor May Fielding of it. But this secret-keeping is likely to have fatal results. The Carrier, having discovered that there is a disguise, becomes naturally jealous, and gives way to such suggestions as "make the seated heart knock at the ribs." Here it is that Mr Dickens has specially called in his imagination to give dignity to his action.

"The Dolch clock in the corner struck ten, when the Carrier sat down by his fireside. So troubled and grief-worn, that he seemed to scare the Cuckoo who, having cut his ten melodious announcements as short as possible, plunged back into the Moorish Palace again, and clapped his little door behind him, as if the unwonted space there were too much for his feelings. If the little Haymaker had been armed with the sharpest of scythes, and had cut at every stroke the Carrier's heart, he never could have gashed and wounded it as But had done. It was a heart so full of love for her; so bound up and bound together by innumerable threads of winning remembrance, upon every one of which her many qualities of endearment; her every look and word and touch; her beauty, her youth, her hope, her trust in him; her belief in him, were active at once, and made it sore indeed. It was a heart so simple and so earnest in its truth; so strong in its love, so weak in its wrong: that it could not [illegible] nor revenge at first, and [illegible] held the boldest image of [illegible] vividly, clearly; as the Carrier sat [illegible] at his hearth,

now cold and dark; other and fiercer thoughts began to rise within him, as an angry wind comes rising in the night. The Stranger was beneath his outraged roof. Three steps would take him to his chamber door. One blow would beat it in. 'You might do Murder before you know it,' Tackleton had said. How could it be Murder, if he gave the Villain time to grapple hand to hand? He was the younger man. It was an ill-timed thought, bad for the dark mood of his mind. It was an angry thought, goading him to some avenging act, that he should change the cheerful house into a haunted place which lonely travellers would dread to pass by night; and where the timid would see shadows struggling in the ruined windows when the moon was dim, and hear wild noises in the stormy weather. He was the younger man! Yes, yes; some lover who had won the heart that he had never touched. Some lover of her early choice; of whom she had thought and dreamed; for whom she had pined and pined: when he had fanned her so happy by his side. Oh agony to think of it! She had been above stairs with the baby, getting it to bed. As he sat brooding on the hearth, she came close beside him, without his knowledge—in the turning of the rack of his greatest misery, he lost all other sounds—and put her little stool at his feet. He only knew it, when he felt her hand upon his own, and saw her looking up into his face. With wonder? Aye.—It was his first impression, and he was fain to look at her again, to see it right. No, not with wonder. At first it was alarmed and serious: then it changed into a strange, wild, dreadful smile, of recognition of his thoughts; then there was nothing but her clasped hands on her brow, and her bent head, and falling hair. Though the power of Omnipotence had been his to wield at that moment, he had too much of its Divine property of Mercy in his breast, to have turned one feather's weight of it against her. But he could not bear to see her crouching down upon the little seat where he had often looked on her, with love and pride, so innocent and gay; and when she rose and left him, sobbing as she went, he felt it a relief to have the vacant place beside him rather than her so long cherished presence. This in itself was anguish keener than all; reminding him how desolate he was become, and how the great bond of his life was rent asunder. The more he felt this, and the more he knew he could have better borne to see her lying prematurely dead before him with her little child upon her breast, the higher and the stronger rose his wrath against his enemy. He looked about him for a weapon. There was a Gun hanging on the wall. He took it down, and moved a pace or two towards the door of the perfidious Stranger's room. He knew the Gun was loaded. Some shadowy idea that it was just to shoot this man like a Wild Beast seized him; and dilated in his mind until it grew into a monstrous demon, in complete posession of him, casting out all milder thoughts and setting up its undivided empire. That phrase is wrong. Not casting out his milder thoughts but artfully transforming them. Changing them into scourges to drive him on. Turning water into blood, Love into hate, Gentlemen into blind ferocity. Her image, sorrowing, humbled, but still pleading to his tenderness and mercy with resistless power, never left his mind; but staying there, it urged him to the door; raised the weapon to his shoulder; fitted and nerved his finger to the trigger, and cried 'Kill him in his bed!' He reversed the Gun to beat the stock upon the door; he already held it lifted in the air; some indistinct design was in his thoughts of calling out to him to fly for God's sake, by the window—when, suddenly, the struggling fire illuminated the whole chimney with a glow of light; and the Cricket on the hearth began to chirp! No sound he could have heard; no human voice, not even her's, could so have moved and softened him. The artless words in which she had told him of her love for this same Cricket, were once more freshly spoken; her trembling, earnest manner at the moment, was again before him; her pleasant voice—oh what a voice it was for making household music at the fireside of an honest man!—thrilled through and through his better nature, and awoke it into life and action. He recoiled from the door, like a man walking in his sleep, awakened from a frightful dream; and put the Gun aside. Clasping his hands before his face, he then sat down again by the fire, and found relief in tears. The Cricket on the Hearth came out into the room, and stood in fairy shape before him. 'I love it,' said the fairy voice, repeating what he well remembered, 'for the many times I have heard it, and the many thoughts its harmless music has given me.' 'She said so!' cried the Carrier. 'True!' 'This has been a happy home, John; and I love the Cricket for its sake!' It has been, Heaven knows,' returned the Carrier. 'She made it happy, always,—until now.' 'So gracefully sweet-tempered; so domestic, joyful, busy, and light-hearted!' said the voice. 'Otherwise I never could have loved her as I did,' returned the Carrier. The voice correcting him, said—'Do.' The Carrier repeated 'As I did.' But not firmly. His faltering tongue resisted his control, and would speak in its own way, for himself and him. The figure in an attitude of invocation, raised its hand and said—'Upon your own hearth!'—the hearth she has blighted, interposed the Carrier. 'The hearth she has—how often!—blessed and brightened,' said the Cricket. 'The hearth which, but for her, were only a few stones and bricks and rusty bars, but which has been, through her, the Altar of your home, on which you have nightly sacrificed some petty passion, selfishness, or care, and offered up the homage of a tranquil mind, a trusting nature, and an overflowing heart; so that the smoke from this poor chimney has gone upward with a better fragrance than the richest incense that is burnt before the richest shrines in all the gaudy temples of this world!—Upon your own hearth—in its quiet sanctuary—surrounded by its gentle influences and associations—hear her! hear me! Hear everything that speaks the language of your hearth and home!' 'And pleads for her?' enquired the Carrier. 'All things that speak the language of your hearth and home, *must* plead for her!' returned the Cricket. 'For they speak the truth.' And while the Carrier, with his head upon his hands, continued to sit meditating in his chair, the [illegible] stood beside him, suggesting his reflections by its power, and presenting them before him, as in a Glass or Picture. It was not a solitary Presence. From the hearthstone, from the chimney—from the clock, the pipe, the kettle, and the cradle—from the floor, the walls, the ceiling, and the stairs—from the nuts without and the cupboard within, and the household implements—from every thing and every place endeared to him by habit, familiar, and with which [illegible] had ever entwined some recollection of [illegible] mingled with his mind—Fairies peeped out, and [illegible] beside him. Cricket old, [illegible] themselves [illegible] To pall [illegible] when it appeared [illegible] and embrace it. [illegible] To try [illegible] stay hands. [illegible] said [illegible] ugly, wicked, or accusatory creature to claim knowledge of it—none but their playful and approving selves."

In a word, the *denouement* to this affecting story is a happy one. Peerybingle, the Carrier, after experiencing a serious fit of jealousy—but too justly warranted by circumstances, or rather by *appearances*—for he had seen his dear little Dot with the arm of a man, a stranger, round her waist—developes the noble qualities of his nature, and overcomes the Evil Genius who is prompting him to evil deeds—and enjoys a triumph in affirming his conviction of the virtue of Dot—aye, even in the very face of appearances. But who is this stranger? Why a former lover of Dot's female friend who is about to be united in the bands of holy wedlock to the morose and evil-thinking Tackleton. But Tackleton is doomed to disappointment, albeit on his way to church, and with wedding-cake and bridal viands prepared for a feast. Bertha, the blind girl, excites our sympathy, but at length she is restored to a happy frame of mind. All ends joyously, winding up like many a *vaudeville*, with a dance in which even Tackleton joins, having previously sent in his wedding-cake and other eatables to add to the merriment of the party.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1846.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL.

Mr Walker's Tariff Bill, as furnished the Committee of Ways and Means, has been made public. Its general features are as we published them from the N. Y. Globe a short time ago. As it is rather a lengthy document, (though much shorter and more simplified than papers of that kind usually are) and as it may receive some amendments, we shall delay publishing it till it becomes a law.

If the whigs who have been such strenuous advocates for protection to American labor, have had any faith in their doctrines, the principles of this bill must meet their approbation. Ready made articles of wearing apparel, of nearly every description, are taxed considerably higher then the goods from which they are made, giving the protection to the labor instead of giving it to capital.

A very long list of luxuries and superfluities that peid from nothing to 15 per cent., are put into the 30 per cent. list. If we remember right, the Courier a short time since undertook to discourse about the hypocriay of the democratic party in opposing the tariff of '42, because it taxed luxuries too low. It found one or two articles in Mr Walker's bill that were not changed from the present rates of duty, to hang the accusation upon. Luxuries and superfluities are taxed by Mr Walker's bill more than twice as high, and in many cases, three, or four, or five times as high in proportion to necessaries as they are by the tariff of '42.

Wool, hides and such agricultural productions as can be protected, are so, much more effectually than under the tariff as it is. There is no wool admitted under a five per cent. duty by which the wool growers are cheated out of all the protection they expected to receive.

The incidental protection afforded cotton and woollen manufactures is probably all that is necessary that they may continue as prosperous as any business in the country;—indeed, no one attempts to show except by bare assertion that the protection is not ample. It must be remembered that twenty and twenty-five per cent. home valuation, amounts to full 30 and 37 1-2 per cent. foreign valuation.

The Boston Advertiser thinks the bill departs from the principles laid down in the President's Message.—It falls into the error by attributing to the President a different theory from what he advanced. It says:—

"The theory of the new Tariff, as expounded in the President's message, is to establish such ad valorem rates, as will produce the greatest amount of duty, except on those articles which are untitled for some reason, to be specially favored."

The theory laid down by the President, is not "to establish such *ad valorem* rates, as will produce the greatest amount of revenue;" it is to establish no rates upon any article higher than the rate that will give the greatest amount of revenue, *and* from such a rate down to free. It does not require that the rate affording the largest amount of revenue shall be the rate fixed upon *any* article; but that it in no case shall exceed such rate. The bill, as we understand it, is based precisely upon the principles of the message; and though it may undergo some modification, yet we very much doubt its being improved; as it is, all the interests of the country seem to be equally cared for, and throughout it is prepared with an eye to throw the burden of supporting the government upon the rich instead of the poor, wherein it is the exact opposite of the present tariff.

☞ The Courier thinks now the British government talks of abandoning the "protective policy" it would be perfectly in unison for the democracy at their political gatherings, to substitute "God save the Queen," for the good old national airs of Yankee Doodle and Hail Columbia. Should the Queen or the British government adopt "the good old national airs of Yankee Doodle and Hail Columbia," in word and spirit, we dont see that it would be a very cogent reason for our abandoning them or cursing the Queen, more than it would be for abandoning our tariff doctrines, because the English, after making one seventh of their people paupers by pursuing the opposite doctrines, are compelled to adopt them.

☞ The church in Belvidere, heretofore known as St. Luke's, having been transferred by the Episcopal Society to the fifth Congregational Society, is now under contract to be finished. The inside is to be finished in neat modern style; and the outside, we learn, is to be materially altered by the decapitation of each of the *pyramidal* work which has hitherto given this "splendid failure" more show than *substance*.

The fifth Congregational Society, Rev. Mr. Atkinson pastor, is now worshipping in the vestry of this house.

☞ A correspondent of the Courier thinks we made a mistake in reporting Mr ———'s speech declining the office of field-driver in Dracutt. He says, "the words 'my country's cattle,' clearly indicate that *brawly kind* which have broken into Texas, and will no doubt leap the wall of the pastures of Oregon, unless proper measures are taken to pound them."

We were *ignorant* of *this kind* they were, further than that they form a part of the whig team, but the explanation given shows them to be of the breed of Henry Clay's "virgin heifer"—"I should be glad to see it."

SERVED HIM RIGHT. There was a smart skirmish in one of the lobbies of the Postoffice, last evening. A man called for a paper, and one was handed him which was charged with letter postage, according to weight, as it contained "written memoranda," contrary to law. It appears that on the inside of the wrapper was a regular letter of some 20 lines, written by a brother at Great Falls. When the paper was handed over by the Postmaster and the postage demanded, the fellow took the *wrapper*, threw the *paper* back to the Postmaster, and telling him to "help himself if he could," started off. But the Postmaster cut him off at the door, and after a pretty smart scuffle, succeeded in drawing him into the "inner temple," where he had ample time to cool off and atone for his transgression. This should serve as a caution to those who are defrauding the Post Office of its rightful revenue.

MEDICAL PUBLICATION. We have received the three first numbers of the *Journal of Health and Monthly Miscellany*, edited by W. M. Cornell, M. D., and published by the editor at Boston and New York. The articles seem to be very "common sense," and as that is as far as our medical knowledge extends it is all we can say. Terms one dollar per year.

BAD EFFECTS OF ADVERTISING. A trader, who has advertised but seldom, says he should advertise more were it not that it places his reputation at stake. How so? we asked. Why, said he, I do business in a small way—when I advertise an article, I am so speedily out of it, that those who call a day or two afterward have doubts whether I have had it at all!

Professor Bush—R. W. Emerson—Swedenborg. We have before us a pamphlet entitled "Prof. Bush's Reply to R. W. Emerson, on Swedenborg." It is a discourse delivered at the Odeon, Boston, a few weeks since.

Merrill & Heywood, 23 Central st., have the pamphlet for sale.

TO PREVENT SMOKING OF A LAMP. Soak the wick in strong vinegar, and dry it well before you use it; it will then burn sweet and pleasant, and give much satisfaction for the trifling trouble in preparing it.—Lamp smoke is not only disagreeable to the smell, but hurtful to the lungs.

"I have lived," said Dr. Adam Clark, "to know that the great secret of human happiness is this: Never suffer your enemies to stagnate. The old adage of "too many irons in the fire," conveys an abominable lie. You cannot have too many—poker, tongs, and all: keep them all going."

FIRE IN BELCHERTOWN. The cotton mill, saw mill, and grist mill, in Belchertown, belonging to Messrs Shaw, Paige & Leach, were consumed by fire on Tuesday evening, 3d inst. The fire took under the picker in the cotton mill. There was an insurance of $2000 on the cotton mills.

☞ Two young women lately set fire to a meeting-house of the Reformers in Boone county, Ky, and burnt it to ashes because the church had refused them membership. We respectfully suggest that comments are unnecessary.

ARRIVAL OF THE MASSACHUSETTS. This vessel, so long expected, and for the safety of which some anxiety was entertained, arrived at the port of New York, on Wednesday evening, after a severe passage of forty-two days from Liverpool.

DEATH OF GOV. STOCKTON. A Philadelphia correspondent writes, "I regret to announce the death of His Excellency Thomas Stockton, Governor of Delaware, who died last evening at New Castle, while sitting in the office of the Clerk of Orphan Court.

☞ The Inauguration Ball, at Tammany Hall, says the Daily Globe, "was one of the grandest balls of the season. There were more persons than the room could comfortably hold, and all the beauty and intelligence of the city were present."

READY AGAIN. Messrs. Bent & Bush, who were a few week since burnt out, are now reinstated in their former premises, and are prepared to serve their patrons as usual. See Advertisement.

CHEROKEES. George Lowry, acting chief of the Cherokees, has issued a proclamation calling upon his people to observe Friday the 6th inst., as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer.

☞ The Times says the town of Roxbury is infested with a nest of roffians who break windows, and endanger the lives of ladies and others, both in streets and houses.

☞ Michael Walsh has been again sent to Blackwall's Island for six months for a libel on John Horsepool at New York.

☞ The supreme court of the United States has decided the case of Rhode Island against the state of Massachusetts by dismissing the bill of complaint.

☞ The Ohio house of representatives, by a vote of 31 to 17, has declared against the repeal of all laws making distinctions on account of color.

☞ Wisconsin is preparing to come into the Union. The question is to be submitted to the people at the April election.

☞ Dr Miller, brother-in-law of Mr Tyler, has been appointed an assistant P. M. General. (Newark Adv.

☞ A speculator at the West, recently said to a friend, 'When I first came to Chicago, I had not a rag to my back, and now I am covered with them!"

☞ Mr Robinson of the Tribune has been expelled from his seat, as a reporter, in the National House of Representatives. The vote was 119 to 80.

☞ A bookseller, not long since, received an order for "2 sam bms"—Psalm Books.

☞ Hon. John Davis has returned from Washington, and is now at his residence in Worcester.

☞ The Ohio is rising, and flour and coal, are falling.

☞ Large veins of copper have been found in Missouri, within 70 miles of St. Louis.

SLEIGHING'S "done up"—gone—and we must endure "shocking bad" travelling for a time.

MEETING OF PAPER MANUFACTURERS—INTERESTING TO PUBLISHERS, PRINTERS, AND THE WHOLE PEOPLE.

We publish the following able article from the Boston Times upon a meeting of paper manufacturers, holden at Boston:

"Personal to public notice, a meeting of a few paper manufacturers in this vicinity was holden on Thursday forenoon, at the Exchange Coffee house in this city. We learn by the Boston Whig that Dea. Moses Grant presided, and that Mr S. D. Warren officiated as Secretary. Mr Hurd in explaining the objects of the meeting, said they were in effect to resist the contemplated reduction of the present duty on manufactured paper, and likewise the increased duty on rags. Several gentlemen, we are informed, followed, and urged the importance of prompt and energetic action on the part of those more immediately interested in this branch of industry.

The following votes were passed by the meeting, having been drafted by Deacon Moses Grant:

Voted, That —— —— be a committee to prepare a memorial to Congress, setting forth the past action of that body on the subject now under consideration, and that the proposed change in the tariff will prostrate one of the most useful branches of manufacture in the country, and against which from the very reduced price of the article, and the immense saving to the country of the raw material, no objection has ever been made.

Voted, That said committee have full power to correspond with manufacturers of paper in other parts of the country, and urge upon them the necessity of immediate action in the matter.

Voted, That said committee be empowered to employ counsel, and send one or more agents to Washington immediately, to urge our claims.

A committee of five was then appointed to nominate a committee in accordance with the above resolutions, who, after a brief consultation, reported the following gentlemen.—Hon. E. P. Tileston, Moses Grant, Calvin Shapard, Lemuel Crehore,, and Allen C. Curtis, Esqs.

We believe this is the first organized demonstration of opposition to the proposed tariff bill of Mr Walker, on the part of the manufacturers of New England, and it comes from one of the most inconsiderable bodies or interests engaged in manufactures. We were not prepared to see such truculent measures taken so early—although we well knew that the tariff of 1842 was framed for the almost exclusive benefit of manufacturers, and that the bill was drawn up under the ravising hand of the Hon Abbott Lawrence and his brother manufacturers. They would defend it to the last. Mr Lawrence and others were engaged in different kinds of manufactures, to be sure, but such as have within themselves the same elements of individual wealth and advantage to the injury of the great mass of the people, and other and far more important interests than that of manufactures. The idea will be apparent at once to our readers, when we mention that the whole manufacturing interest is considered by the ablest calculators to be only *one-eleventh* of the value of the great staples of the country, while the agricultural interest is more than *eight-elevenths*.

We say then, we are not surprised that the manufacturers who have profited by the tariff of 1842, who have coined money from the necessities of the people, should do all in their power to memorialize Congress, beset the Committee of Ways and Means in session, at Washington, and defeat the details of the proposed bill.

We are free to confess, that the paper makers may find it a vastly very convenient thing for them to control this interest, and to save, untouched, their old branch of business. But it cannot be so—there is no reason for this exception—a bill and an equal bill has been framed for revenue purposes, on principles that so equally rest on the community, that we despair of ever seeing another that shall so generally benefit and meet with the people's wishes, irrespective of favor to the branches of American industry.

If the paper-makers have an interest in their manufactures—how much larger, we ask, is the interest of the publishers, the printers, and the great reading public, who are the consumers of the article—and who are all interested in getting better paper than they have been furnished with, and, as we believe, at a vastly cheaper rate. The truth is, the business of paper-making has been centered in the hands of a few manufacturers, and they have been so highly protected that they have done pretty much as they pleased with the consumer. We have had a 'cheap article at a high price. There has been no redress for us. Now it is contemplated to lessen the old duty to 20 per cent., and the result is, that the whole community will be benefitted by the reduction. The consumer who will be advantaged by it, is the whole people, and what is the trifling manufacturing interest which plants itself in opposition? it is that of a few manufacturers—to be considered but as dust in the balance, compared with the gigantic masses that are placed in the opposite scale of the balance. If this reduction takes place, how great is the benefit to all. Better and cheaper papers can be published, better books can be had, and incalculable advantage will be secured to the whole people.

We have been told, as a great bugbear, that English papers will increase among us; as though American papers would be lessened or injured by them. There is no limit to the mind or intellect, and whoever reads an English paper will always want to see what Brother Jonathan has to say to it in his own paper.

Paper will flow in here from England and especially from France and other places on the Mediterranean—the very harvest field of rags—and the consumer here will be benefitted by it in the highest degree.—We have no particular desire to see a high duty placed on rags, but we have a wish to see a lower duty on paper and to make as good and as cheap a paper as we possibly can—for the benefit of the great reading and consuming classes of the country. And we are not ready to see these great interests suffering by the little paltry interest of a small manufacturing class among us. Paper is cheaper in England, and in France especially, which furnishes the article more in accordance, perhaps, with the wants of the American people, and it is but just that we shall not be obliged to pay more for the article than a fair tax, particularly as our community is eminently entitled to its benefits, on the score of the wide consumption of the article, arising, too, from its high and extended intelligence.

Our friends, the paper makers, may memorialize congress, may employ counsel to crowd the [illegible] and among the sessions of the Committee of Ways and Means at Washington, but we firmly believe they will meet other interests there, which have rights, interests which will be proclaimed trompet-tongued by the press, that will cause them to be heard, and also to be respected.

We shall resume this question soon, and present some important statistics.

LOVE AND A THRASHING. In Saturday's Herald, a Baltimore correspondent tells the following:—

"An ardent young man, named Baer, from Havre de Grace, who was in attendance at the grand ball of the Independant Greys, a few nights since, fell desperately in love with a lady to whom he had an introduction, named Miss Cooper, on Howard street. After dancing on his toes, he found it grew no better, and not knowing how to follow up the acquaintance, he sat down and wrote her a very respectful letter, desiring a private interview, and sent it for delivery by a negro. The messenger delivered the letter to the lady's father, who broke open the seal, read it, picked up his cane, and made the negro lead him to the person who sent the letter. They accordingly proceeded to the National Hotel, on Pratt street, and the armorless youth was pointed out to the enraged father, reclining on a sofa, and dreaming of the elysium of bliss to which a favorable answer would lead him. The father seized him by the collar, dragged him to his feet, and without a word of explanation, beat the poor fellow half to death with his cane. All who knew the character of young Baer, are satisfied that his intentions were perfectly honorable, and that his ignorance of city usages alone caused him all his trouble. By and by when he becomes a grandfather, he will doubtless laugh heartily over his first courting expedition in Baltimore. The lady is described, and generally goes further beyond the rules of propriety in her manners, and decidedness was as much in fault as her young admirer, who will bear this stroke of his ardent passion for many days to come, with no one to soothe his sorrow."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, March 5.

In the SENATE, bills were reported to incorporate the Safety Insurance Co. in Boston; the Phenix File Manufacturing Co. in Bridgewater; the Newburyport Screw Manufacturing Co; and the Waterford Manufacturing Company in Blackstone.

The bill to incorporate the town of North Chelsea, was ordered to a third reading.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, came up, the question being on the amendments proposed by Mr Hopkinson, to strike out the power to hold the other waters within four miles of Long pond. The amendments were opposed by Messrs Willard, Cary, Baldwin, Shepard and Hurlbert, and Mr Hoar sustained them. No question was taken. Adj.

In the HOUSE, Petitions were presented and referred, of Simeon A. Blake and 41 others, for a law to prevent peddling; F. Choate and 46 others of Woburn, Samuel G. Greene, Jr. and 49 others of Medford, R. Nutter and 113 others of Boston, Asa B Crane and 24 others of Framingham, E. W. Sweatt and 31 others of Methuen, Benedict Anthone and 42 others of Charlestown; G. H. Brown and 17 others of Groton, James Anderson and 94 others of Roxbury, Aaron F. Holt and 86 others of Lowell, Isaac Tower and 41 others of Randolph, Abram Whitney and 39 others of Waltham, severally in aid of petition of Newell A. Thompson and others, to incorporate a Grand Lodge of I. O. of O. F.

Mr Willis of Boston offered an order that the committee on the judiciary consider the expediency of altering the 35th chapter rev. stat. relating to usury.

The bill to raise the salary of the first clerk in the secretary's office from $1000 to $1200, was taken up in pursuance of the special assignment, but on motion of Mr Chandler of Boston, was referred to a committee of the whole, without coming to any definite action.

The orders of the day were then taken up, and the bill authorizing the Treasurer to borrow $250,000 in anticipation of the revenue, was passed to be engrossed. Adj.

Friday, March 6.

In the SENATE, this morning, Mr Watts from the special committee on the subject of Capital punishment made a detailed report, accompanied by several bills providing for the punishment of first and second degree in the crime of murder—that murder in the first degree be punished with death—murder in the second degree by imprisonment for life—also that Treason, Rape, and Arson to be punished by imprisonment for life instead of by death as now provided. The report and bills were ordered to be printed.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water was again taken up for consideration. Mr Rising ably advocated the bill and opposed the amendments. He was followed by Mr Hopkinson in answer to the arguments made against his amendments.

The discussion was continued by Messrs Salisbury in favor of the amendments, and by Kimball on the other side. The question was then taken up yeas and nays, and the first branch of the amendments which was to strike out the authority to take and hold the ponds and streams within four miles of Long Pond was rejected by a vote of 9 yeas to 26 nays. The other branch of the amendment was withdrawn, and the bill was passed to a third reading without a division—Mr Hoar giving notice that he should move an amendment to the 6th section relating to dameges, when it came up again.

A bill was reported to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the County of Suffolk at $2000 per anum.

IN THE HOUSE, Robert G. Shaw and others petitioned for pecuniary assistance from the State, for the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary.

The committee on the Judiciary reported leave to withdraw on the petitions for a law to prevent disturbances in temperance meetings, and for a new law to prevent gaming; inexpedient concerning the investments of Savings Banks.

Senate bills to establish the Newbryport Railroad Company, to incorporate the Methoen Bleaching Company and the Charlestown Gas Company, to continue &c an act to incorporate the Lynn Institution for Savings, and relating to furnaces for the manufacture of glass (amended.)

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, March 4.

In the SENATE nothing of importance was done.—The discussion of the Oregon question was continued by Mr Haywood of North Carolina.

In the HOUSE, the New Jersey contested election case was decided.

Mr Runk, (whig) the sitting member, was declared entitled to his seat. The vote was—yeas 96, nays 96. There being a tie, the speaker voted in the affirmative, and the resolution of the majority of the committee was passed.

THE NEW TARIFF LAW is being reviewed by the correspondent of the Charleston Mercury. He takes the article of colored cottons, not exceeding thirty cents the square yard, to illustrate the operation of the proposed tariff. In the year ending 30th June, 1844, there was imported of this to the value of $5,968,529. By Mr McKay's bill, presented at the last session, the duty on this amount would be 25 per cent, or $1,492,—182. By Mr Walker's bill, now before the committee, the duty is 20 per cent. on the home valuation.—The home valuation is the market value of the goods with importer's charges for freight, insurance, &c., the duty, and importer's profit added—somewhat as follows:

If there were no duty the home valuation would be,	
Invoice value	$5,968,529
12½ per cent. for freight, commissions, &c.	746,066
	6,714,595
15 per cent. for importer's profit	1,007,023
	$7,721,718
But to this, to make the home valuation, has to be added the duty on it of twenty per cent.	1,544,343
And as this is paid by the importer his profit upon it at 15 per cent. is	231,651
Making a total of	$9,497,712

And on this amount, which is a rough estimate of the home value of goods invoiced abroad as above, Mr Walker's bill levies a duty of 20 per cent: $1,899,542

Which amounts to nearly 32 per cent. on the original cost of $5,963,529; or seven per cent. more than proposed by McKay's bill of the last Congress, and 12 per cent more than appears on the face of this bill to be the duty imposed.

And such would be the result on all other articles. On iron, for instance, Mr Walker proposes 30 per cent on the home valuation, which in practice would amount to 50 per cent of the article. On $100 there would be $12,50 for freight, &c., $112 50; and 15 per cent on that for profit, $16,87; $129,37; and 30 per cent duty on that, $38,81, and 15 per cent profit on that, $5,84, making a total of $174,12 is the home valuation, on which 30 per cent would be $52,23 duty on $100 of iron, equal to more than 50 per cent. [N. Y. Sun.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats* at their [illegible] stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take [illegible] opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their [illegible] and the public generally for the liberal patronage [illegible] before extended to them, and hope by strict [illegible] to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their [illegible] department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish [illegible] at a few hours notice. mar7

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "Christening Library," relinquished owned by Perkins & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same immediately to the store, as the Library is to be removed from the Court, to the Library in the basement room. MERRILL & HEYWOOD, mar7 23, Central street.

VOTES FOR REGISTER.

	Polch.	Whitney.	Hayden.	Scatt'g.
19 towns reported,	2391	1406	1068	23
Marlborough,	119	2	92	
Hollliston,	102	5	85	10
Stow,	75		36	
Shirley,	63			48
	2750	1407	1282	81

JOAN OF ARC. The authorities of Orleans, France, have voted 20,000 francs to erect a statue of Joan of Arc. The people of France propose to increase the sum. Foyatier has been selected as the artist.

☞ The wires of the Magnetic Telegraph were yesterday adjusted from the Railroad Depot to the Cupola of the Central Exchange. We understand that with the exception of some seven or eight miles, the line of the Telegraph is completed between this town and New York. [Worcester Spy.

THE INDUSTRIAL REFORM LYCEUM.

Will commence a *Course of Six Lectures* on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 18th, at the City Hall. Rev. WILLIAM H. CHANNING will give the introductory lecture. Popular speakers not accustomed to speak in Lowell are engaged for the course.

☞ Tickets for the course 25 cents. For sale at the Bookstores. Per order the Committee.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Ointment, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impressions, as I never had any students. I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wn&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

MARRIED,

In the Worthen Street Baptist Church, March 3, by Rev Lemuel Porter, Mr Moses Lervy, of Lunenburg, to Miss Jane A. Searls, of this city.

Notice.



ON and after MONDAY, March 9th, 1846, the Passenger train now leaving at 11½ a.m., for the Boston and Maine Railroad, will leave at 11, a. m. [mar7] March 7, 1846.

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GRAND ATTRACTION!

First time in Lowell of the laughable Petit Comedy of *Wilful Murder*, and the beautiful drama of *The Gambler!*

—Performance Commences at 8½ o'clock,—

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23d, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8½.

The performances will commence with the thrilling Moral Drama in three parts, entitled

THE GAMBLER'S REVENGE!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Favorite song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Petit Comedy (received by the last steamship), called

WILFUL MURDER!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Clark, Atkins, Brown, Kean, Miss St. Clair and Mrs Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar 3

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—1200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

French's Oyster Saloon,

27.—Central Street—27.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the very best Oysters in the very best manner, at at all reasonable hours, to ladies, gents and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

His hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloons, 27.

Feby 14, 1846. JOHN FRENCH. feb14

Wanted

EIGHT or ten [illegible] painters, apply at W. [illegible] street, near Commercial [illegible] if feb17

To be Let or Sold.

A VACANT [illegible] W Sydell, near Newbury- [illegible] Depot of the [illegible] 90 feet long [illegible] including the [illegible] or 10 or 15 [illegible] by letter [illegible] CARSONS.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lookwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Lockn, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Pris. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reycolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country. AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Dr. Morrill's
COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymar5

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New Yorkt

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jone. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samoel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken out in.	Bonus on sum assured.	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$995 35	$4488 35	$69 25	$10779
			1838	898 2	873 45	97 12½	1730 55
			1839	698 87½	308 50	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awacopdec18

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. [illegible] HAMMOND:

Gents,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in February, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 25,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 2madvjan13

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to

FRANCIS BALDWIN.

Billerica, March 3, 1846. mar3

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health and vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dependency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosmar5

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Tuesday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m4

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

This day.



The superior fast sailing packet Ship THO'S WRIGHT, *Gardner*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. m7

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This Day.



The fine fast sailing packet Brig HAVRE, *Carpenter*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m7

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The fast sailing packet Schr. JAMES FRANCIS, *Morris*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m6

D'Aubigne's History,

VOLUME FOURTH. This Volume will be ready for delivery in Lowell, by J. JUDKINS, 28 Central st., on *Monday*, March 9th. Illustrated with two fine steel portraits, one of the Author, and the other of Luther as he appeared before The Diet of Worms.—The Author, in his preface to this volume, says—

"Of all property that a man can possess, there is none so essentially his own, as the labors of his mind. Man acquires the fruits of his field by the sweat of his servants, and of his beasts of burden; and the produce of his manufactures, by the labor of his workmen and the movement of his machines; but it is by his own toils, by the exercise of his most exalted faculties that he creates the productions of his mind. I know that it is written in the consciences of those on the Channel and of the Atlantic: 'Ye shall have one manner of law as well for the strangers as for one of your own country: for I am the Lord your God.'"—Levit. xxiv. 22.

It will of course be borne in mind, that in my editions the author has one half the profits, of all that are ordered or sold, previous to the publication of any rival edition. ROBERT CARTER.

New York, March 3, 1846. mar5

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those who list the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

feb 28—3m DR. F. MORRILL.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjao29

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,

GUARANTEE CAPITAL $100,000.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President; Hon. ISAAC DAVIS and Hon. STEPHEN SALISBURY, V. Presidents; W. DICKINSON, Esq., Treasurer; C. HARTTS, Esq., Secretary.

THIS company insures lives of persons of any age from 15 to 60 years, and for any sum from $100 to $5000. It is enabled by their charter to insure at a smaller cash payment, than any other Life Assurance Company; while their large guarantee capital, the provisions of their charter, and the high character of the men who have the management of the affairs of the Company, give abundant confidence in the safety and soundness of the institution. Individuals may take insurance on their lives for any number of years from 1 to 7, or for their whole life.

Some of the payments to be made by persons of different ages are here published, to wit:

For Insurance for One Hundred Dollars.

Age,	Annual payments. From 1 to 7 years,	For life	Age,	Annual payments. From 1 to 7 years,	For life,
25	$0,83	$1,44	40	$1,37	$2,28
30	96	1,68	45	1,37	2,67
32	1,00	1,77	47	1,38	2,87
36	1,16	2,00	53	1,92	3,76

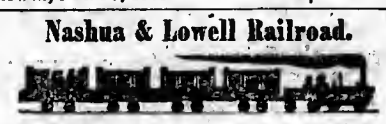
Thus, a person of the age 25 years, by paying to the Company, annually, 83 cents, if he dies at any time within 7 years, leaves his wife, his heirs, or any person to whom he directs it to be paid, a claim upon the Company for $100, which will be immediately paid.—For every additional 83 cents he pays to the Company annually, he will leave an additional 100 dollars. By the payment of $8,30, annually, he will leave the sum of $1000. So it is for other ages.

The undersigned has been appointed Agent of the above Company for Lowell and vicinity, and will receive applications for insurance at his Office, on Central street, under the office of the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot and Republican.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1846. 6awa&ptf feb27

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Benningtnn, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charleetown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal; Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11½, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice. And as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 3ma&p1y29

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who wants attend to marketing or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

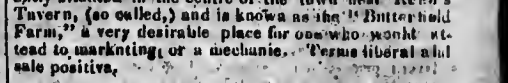
Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

For Sale.

THE subscriber being about to change his line of business, offers for sale his entire stock of WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES, together with the *Store, Land, and Outbuildings*. It is situated near Hale's Mills, and in the vicinity of the Lowell Bleachery. There being no other store near, makes it a rare chance for any one desirous of entering into this business. For further particulars inquire of

THOMAS ADAMS,
Lowell, Feb. 27, 1846. [6t28] on the premises.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

Notice

IS hereby given, that I, being the lawful guardian of REMAN SIMONS, have this day given him this time to act and trade for himself; and that I shall hereafter claim none of his earnings, nor pay any debts he may contract. JOSIAH SMITH.

Lowell, March 2, 1846. mar3

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hard street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 8 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicines at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. Letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, and consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines will be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. 6ya

Notice.

ALL persons [illegible] respectfully informed [illegible] against the [illegible] persons [illegible] on me.

LOWELL, Feby 19th, 1846. 4t9

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applied to the head, face or limbs: *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and all *Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Hendaohe and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Educatioo throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux effecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAZEON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Floid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the case, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tonzo, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as cupping bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tonzo fell down insensible to the ground, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his right side was paralyzed; and on consultation the physicians decided his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without [illegible], he could neither feed his mouth [illegible] to articulate [illegible], and his right [illegible]. The family of Capt [illegible] Rings and Magnetic Fluid [illegible] and in the course of [illegible] he was able to walk [illegible] for the [illegible] twenty-four hours after the [illegible] perceptible in the [illegible] cure. *In five days* [illegible] to raise his arm, and [illegible] his head, and *in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ply

C. BRINCKERHOFF'S



THIS medicine, when first introduced, some years since, met with opposition and deadly aimed hostility from ignorant and vapid declaimers, who threw their darts of venom at it, classing it among the nostrums of the age. Those fruitless attempts to injure this great medicine have now in a great measure passed away; the base individuals who fostered them have shrunk away, conscious of their mistaken zeal, and left the Restorative to proudly rank itself as the first and greatest medicine of the age. Consumption, that terrific destroyer of the beautiful and lovely of our kind, Liver Complaints, Coughs and Colds, Pains in the Breast and Side, and their concomitant evils, are rendered harmless and inert when met by a prompt and efficient use of the Restorative. Most opportunely, the efforts of the Proprietor to place his invaluable compound before the public are now in the way of being crowned with success; and in every place where the angel of destruction, under the cloak of disease, can be found, the Health Restorative shall drive him afar, and raise up the suffering martals, and open to them the joys of a state of renowned health and energies.—What a blessing to the nearly bereaved relatives, to witness the cyportune aid instilling new life into the almost deceased endeared one! Heed the voice of earnest brotherly expostulation and entreaty, and resort at once while there is yet time, to that best of all earth's treasures to the almost hopeless sick, the Restorative.

The following certificate is from Dr. Chilton, the well known New York chemist.

"I have analyzed a bottle of medicine called "C. Brinckerhoff's Health Restorative; and find that it does not contain Mercury, or any other metallic preparation, nor opium in any of its forms. It is composed of vegetable matter entirely.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D."

C. BRINCKERHOFF, Sole Proprietor,
Principal Office 589, Broome St., N. Y.

C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Central and Merrimack streets, and JONATHAN ALLEN, No. 9 Merrimack street, Agents for Lowell. Billerica, C. E. & N. Parker; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Andover So Parish, Amos Abbott; Methuen, White & Dearborn; Windham, N. H. Robert Bertley; Haverhill, Jas. R. Nichols. jan29

NOTICE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1845.

I hereby natify the public that *Horace Everett* is no langer my General Agent; and that I have no connection with him, nor have any thing to do with any pills which he may offer to the public, called the Health Restorative Pills, nor any other medicine manufactured by him. [nov6] C. BRINCKERHOFF.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, Germnn Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

Look! Look!!

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. INGALLS' MEDICAL OFFICE,

AT THE CORNER OF CENTRAL AND CHURCH STS.

DR. INGALLS would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office at the above place, and will devote his services to the treatment of the following complaints: Rheumatism, Coughs, Gravel, Diarrhœa, Female Debility, Effects of Mercury, Piles, Glandular Affections, Strictures, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of Secret Diseases recent or chronic. In all diseases of a recent nature a cure is warranted in from 10 to 20 days, according to the stage of the disease.

The Dr. wishes to say to the public that he will cure all Private diseases, such as Strictures, Gonorhœa, Gleets, Seminal Weakness, Ulcers in the Nose and Throat, Pains in the Bones, Eruptions on the Skin, and also Syphilis in all its forms and stages, with every other form of Delicate and Private Complaints. To all cases of Venereal Diseases from the commencement to 12 years standing, a cure is warranted in a few days, without the use of Mercury.

Dr. Ingalls' Female Monthly Drops and Pills are a sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities appertaining to females. Gentlemen or ladies wishing for Medicines, and who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the Medicines shall be delivered to them safely, and a cure warranted.

The Dr. can be found at his office at all hours of day and night. lyoct18

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 9, 1845. ntag9

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chollo, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittant, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomech, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholios; syncope, apoplexy and parulysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteric, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minarals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurility of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engnged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf16

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionery compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They not like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanyieg each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genoine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Welker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Actun, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghalmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Putter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Don'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcress; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amase Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Harry Griffin; Wilmington, Worden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Hown, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

Reformed Medical Practice.

Homœopathy, Antipathy, and Allopathy, or the first three principles of Therpeutics, (or the Art of Healing,) combined in Medical Practice.

By G. P. MARTIN, Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS.

Where he may be found or consulted at all hours, day or night, (extraordinary circumstances excepted.)

EXPERIENCE, nature's best and most effective schoolmaster, has taught us that there are three principles, (and three only,) grand and fundamental principles which are, and of necessity must be the foundation of all medical practice whatever. These principles are known to the medical world by the names Antipathy, Allopathy, and Homeopathy.

Allopathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve existing diseases by producing another disease in another part of the body, in order to relieve the unhealthy action in the diseased part. For example: the administration of powerful doses of physia in diseases of the head, chest, limbs, &c., or powerful emetics in similar cases, or blisters, setons, caustic issues, and irritating plasters, applied to the skin for the relief of internal diseases, and powerful corrosive and mineral poisons, narcotic and acrid vegetables, administered internally, and producing internal diseases for the relief of those diseases which have their seat in the external tissues and organs of the body.

Antipathy is that course of practice which seeks to relieve disease by producing an opposite effect, such as cooling when there is too much heat, and heating when the patient is too cold; increasing action when there is too little, lessening it when there is too much, &c., &c. Of this antipathic character are a number of the remedial agents in common use: such as the application of cold water, ice, and vinegar, to hot and inflamed surfaces; or the application of hot and stimulating drafts and poultices to cold feet, hands, &c.

Homeopathy is that course which seeks to relieve disease by stimulating the diseased part to a natural reaction, and this is done by the administration of infinitely small doses of such medicines as are capable of producing the same, or similar effects as the disease itself produces, in accordance with the established principle of medicine—"Like cures like"—or, as the great Hahnemann has it, "Similia similibus curantur." Even Hippocrates, who is so justly styled the father of medicine, has said, "vomitus vomitum curet," (vomiting by vomit is cured,) or, as a vulgar proverb has it, "hair of the same dog to cure."

The common sulphur has long been known as a specific for the itch, but when taken by a healthy individual it produces a disease precisely similar to the disease it cures, and this is true of Peruvian bark, Colomel, Nuxvomica, and a long list of the remedies which are to be found at the Pharmacopia's of the present day.

Each of the above principles has its advocates, who claim for their favorite principle a reputation as an exclusive system, and tenaciously adhering to their own opinions, they boldly denounce every system or theory, that appears in the least to conflict with theirs. But reason and experience teach us that each of these principles is good in its place, and that all have claims upon the attention of the enlightened public; and that the choice of one or all of these principles in a given case, must depend upon the skill and judgment of the practitioner.

A rational practice would seem to imply the adoption of all these principles on occasions should require, and also the adoption of every improvement in medicine and surgery, which commends itself to the better judgment of the practitioner, without regard to the prejudices of the people, or the influences of literary monopoly.

☞ Dr. M. has pursued the study of medicine from childhood, and having had the advantage of several years' extensive practice and experience, hopes by diligent attention to the business of his profession, and a kind and faithful regard to the wants and interests of his patients, to obtain a share of the public favor.

N. B. Particular attention paid to chronic or long standing diseases, of every description, such as curvatures of the spine, rickets, scrofula, catarrh, asthma, cancer, consumption, diabetes, dropsy, hysteria, palsy, epilepsy, catalepsy, and all kinds of fits, St. Vitus dance, rheumatism, tic doloreux, gout, dyspepsia, hypocondria, and all diseases of the nerves and bones.

☞ Teeth cleansed, filled, set, or extracted in the best manner, at Dr. MARTIN'S office, No. 9, Bridge street, Lowell.

☞ The business relation heretofore existing between L. L. Lincoln and Dr. G. P. Martin, is by mutual consent dissolved. aug8—1y

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of Inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle,

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages; by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ashworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsom," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n18A&P6m

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorized Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Post Office, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advjan17

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 29 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 10, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 30.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—STACKPOLE'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertiser without additional charge.

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,—
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Benjamin F. Blood,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stereu and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, In Coburn's Block, Central Street.
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes,*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN PARKER'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 53, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL,
LOWELL.
Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct28

PUMPS!
—
CISTERN, SHOWER AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
MADE AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
LOWELL.
sep9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds of
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments made to measure, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
ja e1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4



N. W. Ryan,
No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,
KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
EATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 20, Hurd Street,
LOWELL.
Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

C. JARVIS,
HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,
Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,
of every description.
C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.
ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET
—OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE—
LOWELL.
tfnov

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 2 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
ja31 1y

W. H. [illegible],

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by dozen. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug21 2m

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY inform the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he teaches *by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustules or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaperille, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

Weare Clifford,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Navarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in great haste.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1846. jan27y

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,
For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.
DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.
This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be noted that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in dose prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.
The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.
Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.
MR E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.
MR E. THORNTON, JR.
Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.
The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.
E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam


Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."
The proprietors cannot descend to the present enbushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 24 Chatham street Boston, and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.
For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. s13a&p6m

Hair Work! Hair Work!
A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 68 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.
N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET,
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth be Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnovm&p6oct23

JUST PUBLISHED
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT;
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relative to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan fully declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ow&p4plyfeb13

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup,
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Pimples—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a violent *sore.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of badly weak bowels, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Rising Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square; Colonel st. (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of Dr. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge streets.
January 15, 1846. jan15

Journal of Health.
REPORT of [illegible] with the Constitution of Health, for sale by [illegible]

"MY UNCLE, THE PARSON."

The Knickerbocker for January has a clever story entitled "My Uncle the Parson," from which we make an extract. At the dinner table our "parson" takes a bottle of cayenne pepper from his pocket to season his meat withal.

"The two farmers were attentive to all his movements. The addition of the sauce when there was such a full supply of gravy of the dish, seemed to them to be merely a superfluity; but the exploring genius of Ajax Telamon was irresistibly excited by the pepper, a condiment that was altogether new to him; and perceiving that the effect was grateful and appetizing, "Pray sir," said he, "would you have the goodness to let me taste a little of your *red* SALT?"

"With pleasure," replied the parson; "but I must apprize you that it is pepper, and not salt; pepper of the strongest force, that I received from a friend in the tropics, and," said he, handing it to him, "a very few grains go a great way."

A half derisive glance at the size of my uncle and then at his own portly figure seemed to intimate that he thought the caution very little worthy of notice by a man of his cubical inches. He rapped the bottle on the side as he had seen the parson, to loosen the grains of this fiery stimulant, applied it in the same way but without the same caution to his gravy, and used it freely with his meat.

The pepper was not long in making his acquaintance, but he resisted manfully the first intimations of his internal assailant; hemmed stoutly and repeatedly, as if he were determined to maintain his ground; his face then became scarlet; an unnatural warmth took possession of his frame; the tonsils of his throat began to swell; his eyes glistened, he dashed away a tear from his obstructed sight, spread abroad his arms like Samson groping for the remaining pillers of the temple of Gaza, and rose in an agony of distress and pain, unimaginable to him in his dreams before. His first note was that of the great brindle bull in his cattle-yard at home. The word ROAR does no justice whatever to the sound.

Fortunately he did not cough. My uncle much concerned at the incident, recommended him to allay the pungency with a glass of water. He caught at the word. He endeavored to say "Will that put it out?" and making for a huge stone jug that had just been replenished, he raised it boldly to his lips, and took a draught that had its contents been more genial, might, for its length and breadth and depth and height, have won from Bacchus the whole conquest of the Indies.

"Jedediah," said he as soon as he could articulate, "for the land's sake, *does* my mouth blaze?"

"No," said the other with imperturbable coolness, "but it smokes consumedly, Hiram, I tell you."

Another jar of water seemed to reassure him of his safety against internal combustion; and his powers of speech in some measure returning, and with them his entire self possession, he strode in front of my uncle and accosted him: "Do you know, mister, that I took you for a parson?"

"I am indeed," said my uncle, "an humble member of the cloth."

"O you be, be you? And do you think it is any how consistent with your calling to travel about the country in this here way, carrying hell fire in your breeches pocket?"

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE

Saturday, March 7.

In the SENATE. *Passed to be enacted*—Bills in addition incorporating the Essex Co; to establish the city of Roxbury, the Lowell and Andover Railroad Co. to incorporate the Hanover Branch Railroad Co; the town of North Chelsea; the Alger Iron and Steel Co; Essex and Eagle River Co; to increase the capital of the Bridgewater Iron Manufacturing Co; Resolves providing for the reception and safe keeping of the standards of weights and measure; in favor of the town of New Bedford.

In the HOUSE. Up to this morning the committees have reported, and the House have acted on no less than *four hundred and fifty eight* matters and there are probably more than double that number of petitions, orders, memorials, and remonstrances now before the committees.

Orders Adopted—By Mr Morris of Springfield, that the Committee on the Judiciary consider the expediency of further restricting the power of compromise in criminal prosecutions. By Mr Chandler of Boston, that the committee on Probate and Chancery consider the expediency of altering the law in relation to the salaries of all the Judges and Registers of Probate throughout the Commonwealth. By Mr Smith of Enfield, that the Judiciary Committee consider the expediency of establishing the salaries of all Judges of the Supreme Court hereafter appointed to be $2500, and of the Chief Judge $3000. By Mr Clark of Boston, that the Committee on Public Buildings, consider the expediency of laying a new sidewalk around the State House, and also of repairing the iron fences.

The bill raising the salaries of the Judges of the Common Pleas was referred to the committee of the whole.

A new draft of a bill incorporating the Wechusett House Co, of Princeton, was brought up and another lengthy discussion grew out of it, turning principally upon the temperance question. The bill was rejected.

Monday, March 9.

In the SENATE, this morning, leave to withdraw was reported on the petitions of Laban Souther and others, and Paul Pratt and others, for a railroad from Cohasset to Quincy; Christopher Webb and others, for a railroad from East Weymouth to Quincy.

A bill was reported on the petition of G. B. Wester and others, for a railroad from Duxbury to Quincy; to establish the South Shore Railroad Co; also a resolve relating to the 5th article under the the treaty of Washington. Both were ordered to be printed.

Passed to be engrossed.—Senate bills to incorporate the Phœnix Manufacturing Co; the Waterford Manufacturing Co; the Newburyport Screw Manufacturing Co; the New England Female Moral Reform Society; to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the county of Suffolk at $2000. House bill to establish Teacher's Institutes; House resolve to authorize the Treasurer to borrow money in anticipation of the revenue.

The House bill to establish the City of Cambridge was amended verbally and ordered to a third reading.

HOUSE. The bill to establish the city of Roxbury came from the Senate with a few unimportant amendments, which were concurred in.

Several orders of inquiry were adopted relative to the School Fund, the adjustment of salaries for Registers of Probate, and the notifying of creditors by Masters in Chancery.

The Senate resolve explanatory, &c. on the petition of the Worcester County Manual Labor High School, was generally discussed, amended, and passed to be engrossed.

Passed to be engrossed—House bills in addition, &c. to an act for the relief of insolvent debtors; establishing a fire department in Weymouth and Braintree; resolve on the petition of the town of Hadley.

☞ An inquest was holden yesterday upon the body of John H. Pleasants, deceased, before Coroner Robert T. Wicher, the examination before the Jury occupying nearly the whole day. Their verdict was that Thomas Ritchie, Jr., was guilty of [illegible] and that [illegible] and that Peter [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and

POLICE COURT.

Monday, March 9.

Charles Smith, for being a common drunkard, was sent to the House of Correction three months.

Charles Powers, for stealing a pair of boots from Farr & Whitney, was fined $10 and costs.

Tuesday, March 10.

Wm. Eastman (the "Major"), for stealing a lot of metal, of the value of $15, the property of the Lowell Machine Shop Co., was fined $10 and costs, or two months in the House of Correction.

REGISTER OF DEEDS. *Malden* gives Patch 107 votes, Hayden 27, Whitney 24. *Tyngsboro* gives Patch 58, Hayden 27, Whitney 33. *Dunstable* gives Patch 44, Hayden 30, Whitney 12. In the 26 towns now heard from the returns stand thus:—Patch 2959, Whitney 1476, Hayden 1866, scattering 31. Mr Patch has, thus far, a majority of 36 over all others.

There are 21 towns not yet reported—several of which have not yet voted. Charlestown, Cambridge, and some other towns vote the fourth Monday of March.

Townsend did not vote for Register of Deeds—no notice having been given in the warrant.

P. S.—*Burlington* gives Patch 38, Hayden 11, Whitney 4.

CONGRESS. Nothing important in the Senate or House, Thursday or Friday, except the Oregon debate in the Senate, a portion of which we publish.

LAST LECTURE. The last of the course of lectures before the Mechanics' Association at Mechanics' Hall, will be delivered this (Tuesday) evening, by Ralph Waldo Emerson. Subject—"The Uses of Great Men."

OCEAN MAIL TO OREGON. The Postmaster General has prepared a report in favor of an ocean and overland mail to Oregon, which will be immediately laid before the House of Representatives. This project embraces the following provitions: A steamship will be dispatched every month from Charlestoo to Havana, and once in two months the trip will be exteoded to Chagres, on the east side of the Isthmus of Panama. Thence the mails will be carried by wagon to some convenient post on the west side, and thence they will be carried by sailing vessels to the mouth of the Columbia. If Congress sanctions the recommendatioos of the Postmaster General, it is probable that Mr Kendall will be employed for that part of the service from Chagres to Oregon. [New York Eveniog Post.

FIRE IN MARLBORO. We learn the new dwelling house in Marlboro, owned and occupied by Mr George Hapgood, was destroyed by fire early on Friday morning last, together with all his out buildings, furniture, and a valuable cow—the family having barely time to escape in their night clothes. It is said that the wife of Mr Hapgood froze one of her feet before she found shelter. [Concord Freeman.

☞ No less than 10,114 bales of cotton arrived at New Orleans on the 23d ult., a larger amount than had been received any one day this season.

THE INDUSTRIAL REFORM LYCEUM,

Will commence a *Course of Six Lectures* on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at the City Hall. Rev WILLIAM H. CHANNING will give the introductory lecture. Popular speakers not accustomed to speak to Lowell are engaged for the course.

☞ Tickets for the course 25 cents. For sale at the Bookstores. Per order the Committee.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, inoented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. And dver, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.

6wa&pfeb14

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending March 7, 1846.

March 1, Mary A. Carroll, 19 years, consumption; 2d, Lucy Gilman, 6, scarlet fever; Rebecca Makee, 11, throat distempor; 3, Michael O'Neil, 33, lung fever; Mary L. Flewber, 3, scarlet fever; 4, Josephine E. F. Charles, 2, lung fever; Amanda M. F. Tuttle, 19, typhus fever; 5, Nathan Wright, 82, lung fever; 7, Henry Blyth, 57, lung fever; Harvey Walker, 5, croup; Mary M. Whitney, 4 weeks, hooping cough.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Groton, Mr David Lakin, aged 92 years.

Grand Olio at the City Hall!

THERE will be a Grand Temperance Olio, at the City Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, 1846, the proceeds of which are to purchase a *Temperance Printing Press*, to be under the control of Gen T. D. BENHAM, late editor of the "New England Cataract," published at Pittsfield, Mass.

"*The Young Men's Temperance Choir*" will be present and sing some choice selections for the occasion.

C. C. MASON, of Boston, and other distinguished speakers will be present.

☞ Tickets 12½ cents: to be had at the door.—Doors open at 7: exercises to commence at 8.

T. PEARSONS, President.
CHA'S. A. FISKE, Secretary.

Lowell, March 9, 1846. 2tmar10

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street.—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the very best manner, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Tea, Cakes, Ice-cream, Lemonade, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cakes, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. Wedding cake so made and made to order. ☞ Entrance in the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb16

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good Shoe pegters, apply at W. RICHER'S, Merchant tailor, near Commercial Square, or at this office. 3t feb17

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Fashionable Amusement—Performances Commence at 8¼ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 9, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8¼.

The performances will commence with the splendid Military Drama, in two Acts, by Mrs Charles Gore, entitled—

THE MAID OF CROISSEY: Or, *The Cross of Gold.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Humorous Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Patriotic Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once; only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar10

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 6, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of CALVIN HONEY; of Lowell, in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Calvin Honey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Honey and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
mar10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same *immediately* to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Conkers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hard st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

D'Aubigne's History,

VOLUME FOURTH. This Volume will be ready for delivery in Lowell, by J. JUDKINS, 28 Central st., on *Monday*, March 9th. Illustrated with two fine steel portraits, one of the Author, and the other of Luther as he appeared before the Diet of Worms.—The Author, in his preface to this volume, says—

"Of all property that a man can possess, there is none so essentially his own, as the labors of his mind. Man acquires the fruits of his field by the sweat of his servants, and of his beasts of burden; and the produce of his manufactures, by the labor of his workmen and the movement of his machines; but it is by his own toils, by the exercise of his most exalted faculties that he creates the productions of his mind. I know that it is written in the consciences of those on the Channel and of the Atlantic: 'Ye shall have one manner of law as well for the strangers as for one of your own country: for I am the Lord your God.'"—Levit. XXIV. 22.

It will of course be borne in mind, that in my editions the author has one half the profits, of all that are ordered or sold, previous to the publication of any rival edition. ROBERT CARTER.

New York, March 3, 1846. mar5

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

apis3w*feb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY.
feb19 No. 2, Cobern's block, 38 Central street.

Wanted.

4 COAT makers, 2 Pantaloon makers, 1 Vest maker, to whom steady work and the best prices given.—None but first rate need apply at 28, Central st.

feb14 HUGH McEVOY.

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness-Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to

FRANCIS BALDWIN.
Billerica, March 2, 1846. mar3

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quincy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered,

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronlois. [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Vorls, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilcox, late agent M. P. State Prison,
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Manuel I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Bluat,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advBnjan17

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 26, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec28 47, Merrimack Street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 22m. P. M.

Fare 25 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.
jan31tf

Purify the Blood,

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Billious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted as the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle, advlyjan29

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

GUARANTEE CAPITAL $100,000!

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President; Hon. ISAAC DAVIS and Hon. STEPHEN SALISBURY, V. Presidents; W. DICKINSON, Esq., Treasurer; C. HARRIS, Esq., Secretary.

THIS company insures lives of persons of any age from 15 to 60 years, and for any sum from $100 to $5000. It is enabled by their charter to insure at a smaller cash payment, than any other Life Assurance Company; while their large guarantee capital, the provisions of their charter, and the high character of the men who have the management of the affairs of the Company, give abundant confidence in the safety and soundness of the institution. Individuals may take insurance on their lives for any number of years from 1 to 7, or for their whole life.

Some of the payments to be made by persons of different ages are here published, to wit:

For Insurance for One Hundred Dollars.

Annual payments.			Annual payments.		
Age,	From 1 to 7 years,	For life	Age,	From 1 to 7 years,	For life,
25	$0,83	$1,44	40	$1,37	$2,28
30	96	1,68	45	1,37	2,67
32	1,00	1,77	47	1,38	2,87
36	1,16	2,00	53	1,92	3,76

Thus, a person of the age 25 years, by paying to the Company, annually, 83 cents, if he dies at any time within 7 years, leaves his wife, his heirs, or any person to whom he directs it to be paid, a claim upon the Company for $100, which will be immediately paid.—For every additional 83 cents he pays to the Company annually, he will leave an additional 100 dollars. By the payment of $8,30, annually, he will leave the sum of $1000. So it is for other ages.

The undersigned has been appointed Agent of the above Company for Lowell and vicinity, and will receive applications for insurance at his Office, on Central street, under the office of the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot and Republican.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1846. oawa&ptf feb27

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

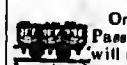
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the moraing train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 18—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice.

ON and after MONDAY, March 9th, 1846, the Passenger train now leaving at 12½, a.m., for the Boston and Maine Railroad, will leave at 11, a.m. [mar7] March 7, 1846.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Seasonable Dry Goods.

On WEDNESDAY, March 11, at 2 o'clock, at Office,—A general assortment of seasonable *Dry Goods*. Particulars hereafter.

Balance of Tailor's Stock.

On MONDAY, March 16, at 10 o'clock, a.m., without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city,—

What remains of the stock of Mr Perez Fuller, Merchant Tailor, Merrimack street, consisting of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vestings, Summer stuffs, sundry articles of Shop Furniture, &c., &c. To be sold at his store.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold w, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Rich and Valuable Furniture and Housekeeping Articles at the Stone House, Pawtucket street, Lowell, the Proprietor having taken the Rockingham House, Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

On THURSDAY next, March 12, at 9½ o'clock, a. m., the entire Furniture and Housekeeping articles in said House, recently furnished in the best possible manner with Furniture of modern style and superior quality, consisting in part of elegant Three Ply, super Kidderminster and Ingrain Carpets; Tufted and Chenille Rugs; elegant Sofas; Mahogany Chairs; large and small rocking do.; real maple cane seat and common Chairs; solid Mahogany Extension Tables; Centre do.; Pembroke do., of very superior quality; solid Mahogany Toilet Tables and Washstands; elegant Mahogany French Bedsteads, (couch patems); double and single H. W. patent windlass do., with sacking; large and small mahogany and framed Mirrors, two Chandeliers; Branch and Solar Lamps; best white Live Geese Feather Beds and super Spanish Hair Mattresses in excellent Ticks; Bedding; Painted Floor Cloth; the usual variety of Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, &c., &c. Also, one excellent Cow, one single Horse Wagon.

Terms at the Sale, which will commence at precisely 9½ o'clock.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day.



The fine fast sailing packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m10

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The fine fast sailing packet Brig HAVRE, *Carpenter*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m10

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The fast sailing packet Schr. JAMES FRANCIS, *Morris*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m6

For Sale.

THE subscriber being about to change his line of business, offers for sale his entire stock of WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES, together with the *Store, Land, and Outbuildings*. It is situated near Hale's Mills, and in the vicinity of the Lowell Bleachery. There being no other store near, makes it a rare chance for any one desirous of entering into this business. For further particulars inquire of

THOMAS ADAMS,
Lowell, Feb. 27, 1847. [6tf28] on the premises.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market House,

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mdvjan8

Particular Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account of three months or longer standing, are respectfully requested to call and settle the same previous to March the 1st; and all persons having demands against the undersigned are requested to present the same. HUGH McEVOY.

Lowell, Feb'y 16th, 1846. feb19

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and he hopes to give as good work as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Chaise Wagons, Pleasure &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and cheaper as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who have to do a job of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOHN P. [illegible]
DAVID A. [illegible]
SAMUEL P. [illegible]
[illegible] 1846. [illegible]

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chollic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, ncurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of eppetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholicn; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They devive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southeve climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, in as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he in superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing ie their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Botanical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Also, Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers have large accommodations and fair and reasonable dealing, to merit a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, sept2tf

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office, No. 5 Merrimack street, Lowell.

Risks taken in Lowell and Manchester, and Newhampshire.

sept2 I. S. HOUSE, Sec'y.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and julap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, peculiar appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate antinfluetorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few minutes; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dueslury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Geo. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Beals, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. H. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morrgan; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 17½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institute, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman; with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine; 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Stor, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. E. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. E. H. W.

Lowell, July 15, 1845. if

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN S t., Lowell. a1yjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective *Fly poison on paper*—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a4plyaor3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was stowed in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 30,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,000 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mdsynall

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout; Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spasmodic Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shanard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charlen st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREDON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Beek st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and in not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very obediently yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and paraplegia broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb5&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient for those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack at Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Tonitire Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last nine weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my night failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20&3pm.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough (from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec10

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 30 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 79 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan20

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of American Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 31.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 27 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. ja8tf

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, In Cobura's Block, Central Street.

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes,* No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct28

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

MADE AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

LOWELL.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES.

jan1 *78 Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

LEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillaw, Ottomans, Cricknts, and various Upholstery articles.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ndv3mjnnl

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfndv LOWELL. nov15

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 1 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building,* where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson,* all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antispa ptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in largest case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Towet, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. ja27y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered state of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the who's system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam.* Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine,* and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler,* upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n15A&r6m

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

L. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. ja31

THE POOR AND THE RICH.

BY JAMES RUSSEL LOWELL.

The rich man's son inherits lands,
And piles of brick and stone and gold,
And he inherits soft white hands,
And tender flesh that fears the cold,
Nor dares to wear a garment old;
A heritage, it seems to me,
One would not care to hold a fee.

The rich man's son inherits cares,
The bank may break, the factory burn,
Some breath may burst his bubble shares,
And soft white hands would scarcely earn
A living that would suit his turn;
A heritage, it seems to me,
One would not care to hold a fee.

What does the poor man's son inherit?
Stout muscles and a sinewy heart,
A hardy frame a hardier spirit,
King of two hands, he does his part
In every useful toil and art;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What does the poor man's son inherit?
Wishes o'erjoyed with humble things,
A rank adjudged by toil worn merit,
Content that from employment springs,
A heart that in his labors sings;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What does the poor man's son inherit?
A patience learned by being poor,
Courage, if sorrow comes; to bear it;
A fellow feeling that is sure
To make the outcast bless his door;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

Oh, rich man's son, there is a toil
That with all others level stands;
Large charity doth never soil,
But only whitens soft white hands;
This is the best crop from thy lands,
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being rich to hold in fee.

Oh, poor man's son, scorn not thy state,
There is a worse weariness than thine;
In merely being rich and great;
Work only makes the soul to shine,
And makes rest fragrant and benign;
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being poor to hold in fee.

Both, heirs to some six feet of sod,
Are equal in the earth at last;
Both, children of the same dear God,
Prove title to your heirship vast,
By record of a well filled past!
A heritage, it seems to me,
Well worth a life to hold in fee.

Extract from a Lecture on the Romance of the Revolution, delivered before the William Wirt Institute, Philadelphia.

THE HERO WOMAN.

BY GEORGE LIPPARD, ESQ.

In a thick wood, not more than half a mile from the Schuylkill, there stood, in the time of the Revolution, a quaint old fabric, built of mingled logs and stone, and encircled by a palisaded wall. It had been erected in the earlier days of William Penn,—perhaps some years before the great apostle of peace first trod our shores,—as a block-house, intended for defence against the Indians,

And now it stood with its many roofs, its numerous chimneys, its massive square windows, its varied front of logs and stone, its encircling wall, through which admittance was gained by a large and stoutly-built gate; it stood in the midst of the wood, with age-worn trees enclosing its veteran outline on every side.

From its eastern window you might obtain a glimpse of the Schuylkill waves, while a large casement in the southern front commanded a view of the winding road, as it sunk out of view, under the shade of thickly-clustered boughs, into a deep hollow, not more than one hundred yards from the mansion.

Here from the southern casement, on one of those balmy summer days which look in upon the dreary autumn, toward the close of November, a farmer's daughter was gazing, with dilating eyes and half clasped hands.

Well might she gaze earnestly to the south, and listen with painful intensity for the slightest sound. Her brothers were away with the army of Washington, and her father, a grim old veteran—he stood six feet and three inches in his stockings—who had manifested his love for the red-coat invaders, in many a desperate contest, had that morning left her alone in the old mansion, alone in this small chamber, in charge of some ammunition intended for a band of brave farmers, about to join the hosts of freedom. Even as she stood there gazing out of the southern window, a faint glimpse of sun-light, from the faded leaves above, pouring over her mild face, shaded by clustering brown hair, there, not ten paces from her side, were seven loaded rifles and a keg of powder.

Leaning from the casement, she listened with every nerve quivering with suspense, to the shouts of combatants, the hurried tread of armed men echoing from the south.

There was something very beautiful in that picture! The form of the young girl, framed by the square massive window, the contrast between the rough timbers, that enclosed her, and that rounded face; the lips parting, the head thrown back, and the cheek warming, and flushing with hope

and fear; there was a terrible yet very beautiful in that picture, a young girl leaning from the window of an old mansion, with her brown hair waving in glossy masses around her face!

Suddenly the shouts to the south grew nearer, and then, emerging from the deep hollow, there came an old man, running at full speed, yet, every few paces, turning round to fire the rifle, which he loaded as he ran. He was pursued by a party of ten or more British soldiers, who came rushing on, their bayonets fixed, as if to strike their victim down, ere he advanced ten paces nearer the house.

On and on the old man came, while his daughter, quivering with suspense, hung leaning from the window;—he reaches the block-house gate—look! He is surrounded, their muskets are levelled at his head, he is down, down at their feet, grappling for his life! But look again! He dashes his foes aside, with one bold movement he springs through the gate; an instant and it is locked; the British soldiers, mad with rage, gaze upon the high wall of logs and stone, and vent their anger in drunken curses.

Now look to yonder window! Where the young girl stood a moment ago, quivering with suspense, as she beheld her father struggling for his life, now stands that old man himself, his brow bared, his arm grasping the rifle, while his grey hairs wave back from his wrinkled and blood-dabbled face! That was a fine picture of an old veteran, nerved for his last fight; a stout warrior, preparing for his death struggle.

Death-Struggle? Yes!—for the old man, Isaac Wampole, had dealt too many hard blows among the British soldiers, tricked, foiled, cheated them too often to escape now! A few moments longer, and they would be reinforced by a strong party of refugees; the powder, the arms, in the old block-house,—perhaps that daughter, herself, was to be their reward. There was scarcely a hope for the old man, and yet he had determined to make a desperate fight.

"We must bluff off those rascals!" he said with a grim smile, turning to his child. "Now, Bess, my girl, when I fire this rifle, do you hand me another, and so on, until the whole eight shots are fired! That will keep them on the other side of the wall, for a few moments at least, and then we will have to trust to God for the rest!"

Look down there, and see, a hand stealing over the edge of the wall! The old man levels his piece—the British trooper falls back with a crushed hand upon his comrades' heads!

No longer quivering with suspense, but grown suddenly firm, that young girl passes a loaded rifle to the veteran's grasp, and silently awaits the result.

For a moment all is silent below; the British bravoes are somewhat loath to try that wall, when a stout old "Rebel," rifle in hand, is looking from yonder window! Here is a pause—low, deep murmurs—they are holding a council!

A moment is gone, and nine heads are thrust above the wall at once—hark! One—two—three!—The old veteran has fired three shots, there are three dying men, grovelling in the yard, beneath the shadow of the wall.

"Quick, Bess; the rifles!"

[Conclusion in the next number.]

THE RHODE ISLAND AND MASSACHUSETTS BOUNDRY. The long pending case in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the petition of the State of Rhode Island for a rectification of the Northern Boundry of that State, by carrying it five miles further north, into the State of Massachusetts, was decided on the 4th inst. in favor of Massachusetts. The opinion of the Court was delivered by Mr Justice McLean. The grounds of the decision we have not yet seen stated.—They may however be pretty safely inferred, we suppose, from the defence which was relied on by the State of Massachusetts.

The claim of Rhode Island, had it prevailed, would have dismembered this State of the whole or a principal part of six valuable towns, viz. Wrentham, Bellingham, Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglass, Mendon, and of a part of Franklin; and it would have disturbed a possession of that part of territory which has been enjoyed by the Colony, Province and State of Massachusetts for a period 196 years, under a line actually traced, by persons appointed for the purpose, in 1642, and since that time repeatedly renewed. The claim of Rhode Island was founded on an alleged erroneous construction of the Charter of Massachusetts, (which is of earlier date to that of Rhode Island) from that by which the actual line was determined. The ambigeity of the language of the charter has led to repeated discussions as to its proper interpretation. The present decision, we presume, will put the question at rest, so far at least as to secure so ancient an adjudication of it from being disturbed. It is moreover, as we believe, in conformity with the true intent and meaning of the charter, and it conforms with the construction given to it in the settlement. [Boston Advertiser.

TRAVELLING TO BOSTON,—OPPOSITION AND CHEAP FARES. The North River steam fares says the New York Express, are to be adopted on the Sound next summer. The arrangements for the season are about as follows: The regular mail line will be composed of the Oregon and Knickerbocker, owned by parties who have obtained a lease of the Stonington Railroad, of which they take possession on the 1st of April. The Worcester line will be composed of the Worcester and Cleopatra, owned by the Long Island Railroad Company, and the new steamer California, said to be owned by the Norwich and Worcester road. So much for the regular lines. On the outside, we shall have the Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Narragansett and Mohegan, all staunch and popular boats, owned by the New Jersey Steam Navigation Company, and the Neptune, the old opposition boat, and a just favorite. Warm weather, which will start travellers, will put the fare down, so far as the boats are concerned, to a point below what has ever been known, and the profits of the boats will be small. A combination or a compromise may be made, but it is hardly expected. [Transcript.

FOUND DEAD IN BED. A man named William Lillyman, an agent of E. R. Pitt of Roxbury, Massachusetts, in the sale of gimps, fringes, &c., manufactured in Roxbury came to this city, and put up at Lovejoy's Hotel last evening; he complained of slight indisposition, and retired to rest, and this morning, at 8 o'clock, was found dead in his bed. [N. Y. Sun.

"Deadlies, to bring a greater show,
Week cattle climb out with pain and pulling.
And this is purely symptom,
For what's a Corporation without the tugging.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 12, 1846.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The returns thus far are not so favorable as we had hoped. It will be seen, however, that we have heard from that part of the State where we had reason to expect the most unfavorable results. An election of Governor or Representative to Congress, is, we think, somewhat doubtful. Neither is it impossible that the "allied powers" will get the control of the Legislature, though we think not.

VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

	March, 1845.			March, 1846.		
	Steele.	Colby.	Hoyt & Sc.	Williams.	Colby.	Berry & Sc.
Rockingham co., 10 towns,	1376	1004	331	1556	1228	595
Strefford, 2 towns,	488	615	165	504	718	319
Belknap, complete,	1172	800	621	1718	854	761
Carroll, 2 towns,	366	149	33	297	186	165
Merrimack, 24 t'ns,	3264	1563	380	3936	1635	1494
Hillborough, 18 "	2247	1857	392	2557	2269	584
Sullivan, 2 "	331	190	77	364	217	126
Grafton, 17 "	1954	1261	674	2080	1336	928
Coos, 1 "	131		11	130		21
76 towns,	11,131	7435	3184	13,137	84 3	49 8

REPRESENTATIVES ELECTED. Hudson, 1 democrat; Merrimack, 1 whig; Nashua, 4 do; Nashville, 2 do; Francestown, 1 abolitionist; Lyndeboro', 1 dem; Litchfield, 1 do; Hollis, 1 do; Derry, 2 whigs; Humpstead, 1 do; Pelham, 1 dem; Manchester, 8 w; Bedford, 1 do; Chester, 1 Huleite; Auburn, 1 whig; Goffstown, 2 dem; Londonderry, 1 whig; Hooksett, 1 do; Candia, 1 nbo; Hillsborough, 2 dem; Portsmouth, 5 whigs; Kingston, 1 do; Durham, 1 do; E. Kingston, 1 dem; Newtown, 1 du; Southampton, 1 do; Windham, 1 whig; Dover, 5 do; Deering, 1 dem; Deerfield, 2 Huleites.

So far as reported, there are elected as follows, by counties:

	Dem.	Whig.	Hale & Co.
Strafford,	—	9	1
Rockingham,	3	19	7
Hillsborough,	9	19	1
Merrimack,	14	6	1
Belknap,	4	3	2
Sullivan,	1	3	—
Grafton,	7	9	—
Cheshire,	7	9	—
	45	77	12

METHUEN.

We are gratified to learn, as we do by a letter from a friend, that our democratic friends in Methuen got the best fruits of a hard contest in the recent election of town officers. Geo. A. Waldo, Esq. (democrat) was chosen Moderator, Josiah Dearborn, whig, Clerk and Treasurer, by 5 majority, and then after *four* unsuccessful hollotings for Selectmen, the meeting was adjourned (from Monday) to Wednesday. On the *ninth* holloting, Wednesday, Geo. A. Waldo, Wm. Swan, and Joshua Buswell were elected Selectmen—the two first democrats, and the third a whig. The whigs run six candidates at different times—Messrs Joseph How, J. F. Ingalls, Abial Stevens, Jr., Joseph W. Carleton, Joshua Buswell, and S. H. Harris—the latter a deserter from the democratic ranks a year or two since.

Messrs Waldo and Swan have done battle in the democratic ranks for many years, and are worthy the confidence of their fellow citizens. Mr Buswell is a whig deputy sheriff. Altogether, the Board will be an efficient one.

VENISON SUPPER AT THE STONE HOUSE. Major Cohorn, the proprietor of this House, being about to leave for Portsmouth, N. H., there to open one of the best public houses in that State, gave his old friends here, on Tuesday evening, one of the nicest venison suppers—with all the fixings—that an epicure ever set down to. All the company were most pleasant and joyful, and the Major, as he always is, was in a most happy mood. Wit, stories and sentiments made a three hours' feast slip by entirely unheeded.

The Major has the best wishes of numerous friends, who will always be happy to make his house their resting place, should business or pleasure cause them to seek the vicinity of Portsmouth. May he meet the success he merits, as an excellent and most gentlemanly conductor of a public house.

☞ The editor of the Advertiser ought to know, that we by no means acknowledge the truth of what appears in his paper, because we do not give to every statement a specific notice and denial. There is such a thing as writing what is to mean and contemptible to notice, of which fact the columns of the Advertiser have given frequent and irrefragable evidence. [Courier.

The above paragraph appeared in the Courier the day after, and in consequence of, our stating that the corporation organ here, though it had published a large number of extras containing Abbot Lawrence's statements in relation to the prices paid for factory labor here, had not denied our statements in reply to those of Mr Lawrence, and showing them to be untrue, nor apologized for circulating those of Mr Lawrence. As the article we wrote in reply to Mr L.'s statements about wages here, has been published entire in the principal democratic papers in the Union, and the Courier has the means of showing it untrue, if it is, we deem comment unnecessary.

☞ The strange medley of stuff that appeared in the Courier of yesterday, over the signature of T. Pearson, is as far from the truth in its conclusions and deductions, as in incoherency and being post fleeting out. What is meant by the expressions—"He is a *shrewd* and *brave* man"? Why does he turn *pale*? "His communication of *meretricious* celebrity."

P. S.—If T. Pearsons holds himself "responsible to the Young Men's Temperance Society for every cent of money collected on these occasions" [citizens' pic-nics and grand ones], perhaps he will have an objection to informing the public—who pay their money with the understanding that it is to be appropriated to advance the cause of temperance—what became of the proceeds of the citizens' pic-nic?

☞ A correspondent of the U. S. Gazette writing from Puerto Cabello, Feb. 12, says—

"There is a strong probability—almost, indeed, a certainty of a war breaking out between New Grenada and Equador. Nothing but the kindly forbearance of the former republic now stretched to the utmost, can prevent it."

☞ The whigs can't find but one article that they dare attack in Mr Walker's tariff bill—that's rags.

☞ Gen. Henderson was inaugurated Governor of Texas on the 19th ult.

NEW BOOKS.

We are happy to again acknowledge the receipt from Harper & Brothers, of the following works which may be found at Bixby's:

Illuminated Pictorial Bible, No. 51. The execution is like former numbers.

Parrot's Journey to Ararat, by Dr. Friedrich Parrot: translated by W. D. Cooley. This is a volume of 390 pages with a map and a number of wood cuts; it is well bound, and the typographical execution good. It is well worthy the perusal of the scientific, as well as the religious reader. The work is divided into thirteen chapters. Perhaps we can give no better idea of the general and extensive interest of it than by giving the contents of one of the chapters—chapter II: Preparations at Mosdok. Vladikavkas. Kiog of Persia's Family. Turbulence of the Natives. Road to Kobi. Height of the Mountains. Hill Forts.—Tiflis. Its name. The Georgians uncivilized.—Perpetual wars. Victories of Paskevich. The Plague. Position of Tiflis. Experiments with the Pendulum. Magnetic Needle. Heights round Tiflis. Garejan. Eliza-beth-thal. Geology. Coal near Tiflis. The Hot Springs. Their Medical Virtues. Chemical Analysis. Temperature and Quantity. Weather in Tiflis. Heat. Variations of the Barometer.

The Fairy Book. This is a collection of pleasing tales for children, illustrated with eighty engravings. The stories are very attractive to young minds, and each of them contains a good moral. The work comprises 27 of these moral fables. Most of them are recent translations—specially translated for this work.—Price 50 cts.

The Queen of Denmark, an historical novel, by Mrs Gove, author of "Mothers and Daughters," &c. This forms No. 72 of Library of Select Novels.

Guy Rivers, a tale of Georgia, by W. Gilmore Simms; two volumes in one. Either of these works will serve to while away a leisure hour very pleasantly, and we may add by no means unprofitably.

Dictionary of Practical Medicine—Part 18—a monthly publication, Edited by James Copland. Contents of present number—Inflamation, Influenza, Insanity (connate,) Insanity (idiotic,) Insanity (puerperal,) Insanity (suicidal.)

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Groton, March 7th, 1846.

MESSRS HILDRETH & VARNEY: Permit me to give you the proceedings of our annual town meeting last Tuesday, in full:

Bradford Russell, Esq., *Moderator.*

George S. Boutwell, *Town Clerk.*

George S. Boutwell, Joshua Gilson, Paletiah Fletcher, *Selectmen and Assessors.*

David Lakin, Abner Mansor, Colvin Child, Capt. Sumner Shattuck, Col. George Shattuck, *Overseers of the Poor.*

Reuben Lewis, Andrew Blood, Wm. D. Nutting, *School Committee.*

Col. George Shattuck, *Town Treasurer, Constable and Collector.*

All the above are democrats. The some offices were last year all filled by whigs.

Yours, &c.

☞ Ex-President Van Buren, says the N. Y. Sun, is now in the city and expected at the Irish Repeal Meeting this evening. A speech from the esteemed Ex-President in favor of Irish Repeal, would create an extraordinary sensation in some parts of the British empire at this crisis.

☞ A company of United States Dragoons has been ordered to Fort Crawford to prevent the threatened disturbances by the Winnebago Indians. Another company has been ordered to Fort Leavenworth, to take charge of the removal of the Sac and Fox Indians to the Kansas country.

"*Reasons for becoming a Baptist*," as given by Rev. Mr Remington, late of the Hord st. Methodist Church in this city, have been published in pamphlet by N. L. DAYTON, and may now be had at his bookstore, Merrimack st.

☞ A new party has sprung up in Otsego county, N. Y., and united with the whigs, as the "odds and ends" of all parties do, under the name of "bogus" men. The creed of the "bogus" men has not been published.

A THIN DRESS. An exchange paper under the head of "good advice," advises young men to wrap themselves up in their virtue." A cotemporary well says:—"Many of them would freeze to death if they had no other covering."

A ROW. There was a row—decidedly a row—at the National Theatre, Boston, Tuesday night last. Windows, blinds, lamps, boxes, scenery, &c., were most shockingly "shattered and torn."

CANADA RE-ANNEXED TO THE UNITED STATES. The Ice King has done the business, and Canada is annexed to the State of Michigan by a bridge of Ice across the Detroit river.

☞ George Hoadly, whig, has been elected mayor of Cleveland by a very small majority, and six democrats and six whigs are elected to the council—a draw game.

SACRED MUSIC. Among the pieces to be sung at a sacred concert out West, we notice—"Barney, leave the girls alone." "Go it, while you're young," and "Molly, put the kettle on."

☞ At Detroit, on the 2d, John R. Williams, dem. was chosen mayor by 13 majority. Council, 5 democrats, 7 whigs.

☞ The steam saw mill at Fort Gibson, owned by the U. S. government, was consumed by fire on the 12th ult. It was worth $12,000 or $15,000.

☞ Thomas Ritchie, jr., has written a long letter exculpating himself from the fatal consequences of the deel with Mr Pleasants.

THE LADY'S BOOK, for March, may be obtained at Davis' news room, 5 John st.—where may be found also, all the interesting publications of the day.

GOOD PAY. Mr Charles Dickens was paid fifteen hundred pounds, over seven thousand dollars, for the Story of "The Cricket on the Hearth."

☞ More than one hundred deaths have taken place from scarlet fever in Chillicothe, Ohio, within a period of six months.

REGISTER OF DEEDS. Medford voted for Patch 117, Hayden 82, Whitney 18. County treasurer, Bostrick, 198.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, March 10.

In the SENATE, an order that the Legislature adjourn *sine die* on the 3d of April next, was offered and laid upon the table.

Ordered to be engrossed—The bill to establish the city of Cambridge.

The petition of Johnson Gardner and others, for a railroad from Fall river to Providence, was referred to the next General Court.

The Senate resolve in favor of the town of New Bedford for a portion of the School Fund, was, after a protracted debate, passed to a third reading.

HOUSE. Mr Earle of Worcester, and Mr Hale of Haverhill, presented several petitions in favor of Massachusetts' receding from the Union, and calling a convention for the formation of a new Union.

Mr Bryant, of Barre, hoped there would have been no more of this kind of petitions presented, and he was sorry that such was the case. Those gentlemen who presented them pretend to have no sympathy with the petitioners, but to do it for the sacred right of petition; but in his opinion this was all a humbug. He thought the House ought to take decided action at once, without referring to a committee, and moved that the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

This action was opposed by Messrs Earle, Hale of Haverhill, and Chandler, and the resolutions were finally laid on the table.

A series of resolves adopted by the City Council of Salem, in old of the Essex Railroad Co., and against the new railroad route from Salem through Danvers to Malden, was presented by Mr Kimball of Salem.

Bills passed to be enacted—Establishing Newburyport Railroad Company; establishing Framingham Savings Bank; relating to auditing accounts; authorizing Treasurer to borrow money.

Wednesday, March 11.

SENATE. The Boston and Worcester Railroad Co. petitioned for an increase of their capital stock.

Bills were reported to incorporate the Dedham Lead Co; the Neptune Steam Mills in Newbery.

The House bill to incorporate the town of Ashland was reported without any amendment, and after a general discussion, it was ordered to a third reading by a vote of 20 to 8.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, after having been amended by Mr Rising the chairman of the committee who reported the bill, was passed without a division.

A bill was reported in addition incorporating the Peterboro' and Shirley Railroad Co.

In the HOUSE, the report, inexpedient, &c. relating to the sale of stocks deliverable at a future day, was accepted.

Ordered to be engrossed—House resolve relating to the distribution of the State map; and the Senate resolve providing for the reception and safe-keeping of standards of weights and measures.

The bill concerning remedies in equity, was debated at length by Messrs Crowninshield and Wales of Boston, and Barton of Worcester; but before any question was taken, the orders of the day were laid on the table.

The bill to establish the city of Roxbury passed to be enacted.

CONGRESS.

Monday, March 9.

In the SENATE, as soon as the journal was read, Mr Colquitt rose, with the Washington "Times" in his hand, of Thursday evening last, to which he said he wished to call the attention of the Senate.

The New York Commercial Advertiser writer reports him as saying that he was not in the habit of noticing publicly the charges of newspapers against himself; but in this case the editor spoke, not as from conjecture, but made a positive charge against the majority of the Senate.

'The writer would not probably think that he spoke harshly when he (Mr C.) said that the charge was conceived by a scoundrel's heart and written by a slander's pen. There was not one word of truth in the whole article. Mr Colquitt read the article and commented upon it. As to the "secret caucus held at the British minister's own table, with the doors and windows guarded," &c., he said he never was in the minister's house and did not know him. His resolutions, which were said to be the result of this intrigue, he had offered without consulting a single individual; and at a proper time, he would, as he had intended, given his reason for it. He had attended but one caucus during the present session of congress, and that was called by Mr Hannegan. In his remarks on that part of the article which declares the object of the treason to be a compromise on the 49th, Mr C. asserted that more than one half of the democratic senators were in favor of such a compromise.

Mr Hannegan shook his head. We shall see, said Mr Colquitt. Finally, Mr C. asked whether this scoundrel was admitted in to this chamber personally, or by representative, and hoped he would be excluded. He did not expect to reach the heart or conscience of this man, by anything he could say, and he spoke for the public. The editor was entitled to all the infamy he could win, and he should go to the world branded as a liar.

Mr Crittenden thought it necessary to notice this gross aspersion on the Senate, because this individual was in the habit of intercourse with some members of that body, and persons at a distance might think it extraordinary that such charges were put forth without any foundation. We owed it to the public to repeal the imputations which were thus cast upon members of this body, and he would assert that there was not the slightest ground whatever for these imputations.

Here the matter was dropped.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the Oregon question, and Mr Evans delivered a speech.

He said we did not know the object of the President in asking for the notice. In his opinion the Senate should go no farther until they had a distinct avowal from the President of the use he intended to make of the notice, if we passed it.

Mr Evans spoke for about two hours, and gave way to a motion to adjourn, without concluding.

In the HOUSE, petitions were received, and the river and harbor bill was then taken up. Mr McKay moved that the debate on it shall cease on Wednesday next. Laid on the table—ayes 90, nays 77.

The committee on ways and means reported a bill making appropriations for the Post Office department. The items amount to $4,416,000.

☞ The Washington Union, in alluding to the thousand and one stories published by letter writers respecting the Oregon question, says—

"No ultimatum has been sent—no offer has been made—none will probably be made, because we humbly conceive it becomes the duty of the British government to offer one in return. The theatre of any negotiation has not been shifted to London. And yet the President has not abated in the slightest degree the desire which has been twice expressed by his secretary of state to adjust the whole question in a harmonious and peaceable manner. Certainly these rumors are not calculated to advance their object, because they deceive the people of both countries as to the views and designs of the American government. They only tend to prevent the adoption of the measures which may consummate the desirable object."

☞ The editor of the Eastern Argus, writing from Washington, says:

"It is a historical fact, that, even before the Revolutionary war, the site of the city of Washington was laid out, and called *Rome*. A gentleman by the name of *Pope* was the proprietor of the soil, and the *Tiber* ran through his tract. The stream still flows, a mere brook, and yet retains its ancient name."

RAPE. On the 20th ult., in the Recorder's Court, New Orleans, Richard Tucker, a man of most disgusting appearance, having one eye only, and aged about thirty-five years, was charged with the heinous crime of having used brutal force, &c. on the person of a white child (whose name is withheld at present). The disgusting details fully warranted the Recorder to commit him for trial before the Criminal Court.

☞ Never marry unless for *love*, because it is the *salt of matrimony*.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

TEMPERANCE.

MR EDITOR—"T. Pearson," who announces himself as President of the "Young Men's Temperance Society," and who says he is "as high in moral character and refined feeling," as "Washingtonian," has replied through the columns of the Courier, to my brief caution contained in your Advertiser of Tuesday last. Whom "T. Pearsons" is, I have no knowledge except what I learn from his communication—perhaps he is all he represents himself to be. I have no wish to reply to any part of his article—it carries its own antidote. In general tone and spirit it exhibits anything but refinement of taste, or moral feeling, and goes to confirm what I before stated of certain modern temperance reformers, that the distinguishing features of their operations, are ignorance and rashness, with any quantity of billingsgate.

I commenced this article to say a word in relation to the establishment of a temperance press in this city, fearing that my remarks of the other day might be misunderstood.

As a friend of temperance, I am ready to do my part in assisting to establish, and in supporting a temperance paper in Lowell; but I am sure I speak the sentiments of a large class of citizens, when I say, that paper must be conducted in an honorable, high-minded manner, and in a style exactly the reverse of that pursued by that scurrilous hebdomadal, known by the inappropriate name of "Reformer." If Mr Bonner (of whom I have always heard favorably) has come here to play second fiddle to the notorious editor of the sheet just named, or to connect himself in any manner whatever with him,—he has mistaken his field—he had better labor elsewhere. The character of that editor is most distinctly marked—and none but a few kindred spirits, (of whom I presume "T. Pearsons" is one) have any sympathy or fellowship with his pretended temperance efforts. The impression is abroad that Mr B. is to connect himself with this mean sheet—if that impression is erroneous, it is incumbent on Mr Bonner to convince the people of Lowell that such impression *is* erroneous—otherwise he will fall far short of receiving an unanimous or liberal support.

If Mr Bonner is a worthy man, (and I have no reason to doubt it, except what is stated above) and pursues a high-minded, moral course, I have no doubt he will be welcomed by the friends of temperance in Lowell; but of blackguardism, scerrility, and personal abuse we have had enough—the cause has been retarded by such means more than its friends could advance it.

WASHINGTONIAN.

PHILADELPHIA WEAVERS—END OF THE STRIKE. The weavers of Moyamensing paraded on Saturday, for the last time. Returning to their hall in the forenoon, a debate commenced as to the course to be pursued. It was at last concluded to bend to the force of circumstances and return to work at the old prices, it being apparent that the manufacturers could not be forced into compliance with the new bill of prices. The starving condition of the hundreds who had joined in the strike, was the main cause of this compliance.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (198 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impressions, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.

6ws&pfeb14

MARRIED,

In this city, March 9, by Rev Ira Person, Mr Benj. F. Felch to Miss Mary E. Bennett, both of this city.

In this city, March 8, by Rev Mr Hanks, Mr George R. Tarbox to Miss Elizabeth Grover.

In this city, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr John Still to Miss Mary J. Lee.

In this city, by Rev H. G. Smith, Mr Nathan Lovewell to Miss Eunice Griffin.

In this city, Mr Lewis C. Peck to Miss Vesta A. Butler.

In Newburyport, by Rev Mr Medbury, Mr Abram Spaulding to Miss Hannah W. Hodgdon, both of this city.

In Billerica, Feb. 26, by Rev Mr Thurston, Mr Isaac Reed, of Acton, to Miss Sarah Jane, daughter of Capt Asa Hill, of Billerica.

In Georgetown, Mr Joseph Lombard to Miss Harriet Illsley.

[An exchange paper says the following is a *transcendental* marriage, on the "new philosophy" principle.]

In Skaneateles Community, N. Y., on the evening of January 11, Mr Henry E. Hawley to Miss Eliza Smith.

The following notice was read: "Nature in her operations produces a vast variety of characters, and dispositions of mind and persons. In this endless variety, where no two are alike, there are, nevertheless, strong affinities, sympathies and adaptations produced, which, when such parties come together, are manifested in a mutual attraction and strong attachment.

"The undersigned have so met, so been attracted to, and so formed attachments for each other. Believing that it will be a happy and permanent one, they have concluded to assume the duties, pleasures and responsibilities of husband and wife. This they feel themselves perfectly competent and fully at liberty to do, by their own volition, in their own way, without the ordinary forms, or the assistance or permission of priest or magistrate. They, therefore, would be regarded by their friends, and by all, as bearing these relations to each other. HENRY E. HAWLEY,
ELIZA SMITH,
Skaneateles Communitist."

DIED,

In this city, March 10, after a long and lingering sickness, Mrs Elizabeth, wife of Elijah Davis, esq., aged 54 years, formerly of Maine.

In Dracutt, March 8, Emeline Lawson, youngest child of Frederick and Mary Conner, aged 4 months and 9 days.

In Ashby, February 26, Mr George Clark, M. D., aged 28 years.

In Tyngsborough, Mrs Mary, wife of William S. Bridge, esq., and daughter of the late Samuel Pike, esq., of Chelmsford, aged 37.

In Ashburnham, Miss Harriet M., daughter of Samuel and Betsey Rimbenbar, of Leominster, aged 18.

In Charlestown, March 4, Mrs Hannah, wife of Mr John Skinner, aged 64.

In North Yarmouth, Maine, Feb. 20, Mr Nehemiah Porter, a revolutionary pensioner, aged 87 years and 3 months. [Massachusetts and New Hampshire papers please copy.

NEWS BY THE NOON MAIL.

[Washington correspondence of N. Y. Express.]

Senators from Texas elected: Houston and Rusk. The Southern Mail is in, and we have from Texas the interesting news of the election of two Senators to the Senate of the United States.

Thus the two Senators from Texas, one for six years one for four, are Gen. Samuel Houston and Thomas J. Rusk.

They will draw for the four and six years when they get to Washington, and take their seats.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The Boston Atlas has given returns from 89 towns. The vote stands for Williams (dem) 12,440—all others 15,008. This looks as if there was no choice for Governor by the people.

In Concord, on the second day, the fourth balloting resulted in the election of one whig abolitionist representative. The first day one democrat was elected.

LOWELL MUSEUM. The highly popular and beautiful drama entitled "The Maid of Croissey, or the Cross of Gold," is drawing our citizens in crowds each night to this favorite place of resort. One of the principal parts in this brilliant piece is sustained by Wyatt, that inimitable caricaturist of the whims and oddities of those quaint, comical old fellows who have an abundance of cash, and disobedient young grandsons to speed it. We should advise all who are afflicted with the "blues," to drop in and spend an hour, if they want their diaphragms tickled and their spirits lightened of care. No face, no matter what its length may be, can resist the laughter-moving quips and quirks of Mr Merrifield, who is, *par excellence*, the funniest mortal below the moon. We verily believe he would make a figure-head grin.

LOUISIANA. Both houses of the Legislature have agreed upon Baton Rogue as the future seat of government.

☞ GILBERT COBURN (dem.) was elected Representative from Pelham, on the second day of trial.

BRIGHTON MARKET—MONDAY, Mnrch 9, 1846.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

At Marknt 735 Beef Cattle, 20 pairs Working Oxen, 25 Cows and Calves, 450 Sheep, and 200 Swine. 125 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle*—The Beef Cattle at marknt today were of unusual good quality: nlthough our prices are as high as last week, they were not sustained for a like quality. We quote extra 5 75 @ $6; first quality 5 50 @ 5 75; second 5 @ 5 25; third 4 25 @ 4 75.

Working Oxen—We noticed sales as follows: $70, $75, $82, and $96.

Cows and Calves—Sales were made at $22, $25, $25 50, and $31.

Sheep—Sales small lots at 2 75, $3, 3 50, $4 and 4 50.

Swine—A lot to close at 3½ and 4½c; a lot selected 4¾ and 5¼c. At retail 4½ to 6c.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Information Wanted!

OF a gentleman who had a conversation in Durant's Grocery Store, Market street, Lowell, some time in May, 1845, concerning property that had been left to Widow Teal or Steele, of Londonderry or Derry, New Hampshire, by friends at the South. The individual referred to is supposed to reside in Lowell; and, should this advertisement arrest his attention, he will confer a great obligation by leaving his name and place of residence, and such particulars as he may possess concerning said property, at this Office, or by addressing a letter through the Postoffice to

JAMES C. STEELE,
*3advmar12 Windham, N. H.

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Balch's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,

Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.

Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended certificates of good moral character, and presented qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. mar12

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SULLIVAN ROBINSON, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex; Laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Robinson will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Robinson will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

Insolvent Notice of John Taylor.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth meeting of the creditors of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the Assignees will produce a full, just and true account of their receipts and expenditures in relation to said insolvent's estate.

For order of said Master in Chancery,

JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees,
JOHN MEAD, }

Lowell, March 10, 1846. 3mar12

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of MEKEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am duly appointed Assignee of said Ferrin's estate, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be holden on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, on Central street, in said Lowell, at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims.

R. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, In the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN! And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stantoe's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Rescoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Looke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, } Boys.
M. Churchill, Pris. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aeron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Bluet,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stantoe. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Wednesday next.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜

The superior fast sailing copperd Ship RIALTO, *Chase*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m11

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Dispetch.

The packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, *Tillinghast*, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m12

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.

The fast sailing packet Schr. JAMES FRANCIS, *Morris*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m12

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.

THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Grand Olio at the City Hall!

THERE will be a Grand Temperance Olio, at the City Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, 1846, the proceeds of which are to purchase a *Temperance Printing Press*, to be under the control of Gen T. D. BONNER, late editor of the "New England Cataract," published at Pittsfield, Mass.

"*The Young Men's Temperance Choir*" will be present and sing some choice selections for the occasion.

C. C. MASON, of Boston, and other distinguished speakers will be present.

☞ Tickets 12½ cents: to be had at the door.—Doors open at 7: exercises to commence at 8.

T. PEARSONS, President.
CHA'S. A. FISHER, Secretary.

Lowell, March 9, 1846. 2mar10

French's Oyster Saloon,

27.—Central Street.—27.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ALVIN LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 25.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. 6m14

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market-House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3mdec1

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Fashionable Amusement—Performance Commence at 8¼ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 9, and every evening through the week, at 8¼ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8¼.

The performances will commence with the splendid Military Drama, in two Acts, by Mrs Charles Gora, entitled —

THE MAID OF CROISSEY: Or, *The Cross of Gold.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Humerous Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Patriotic Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar10

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 6, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Calvin Honey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Honey and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
mar10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B.—Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same *immediately* to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. Morrill's COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
feb19 No. 2, Cobura's block, 58 Central street.

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness-Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to

FRANCIS BALDWIN.

Billerica, March 2, 1846. mar8

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

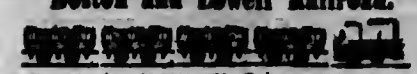
Price 50 cents per bottle. advly1jan29

To be Let or Sold.

A FACTORY building in Byfield, near Newburyport, and four miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is 90 feet long by 32 feet wide, and four stories high, including the basement. There are also tenements for 10 or 15 families, a good store, stables, and other out-buildings.—The water is good. Apply to the subscriber, by letter or personally, at his office, 4 Court street, Boston.

epicly*feb21 THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 35m, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Chesny, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent.
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M.; or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Offices.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Tamworth, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book seats for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

NATIONAL LOAN FUND Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken out in	Bonus in addition to sum assured.	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assurance may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$45 35	$448 33	$69 25	$1977 79
60	$5000	$370 75	1841	228 2	879 45	57 14	1390 5
			1846	688 2	308 51	45 79	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2awaeopdec18

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. P. MORRILL.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.—By E. B. Patch.

On MONDAY, the 23 inst., at 12 o'clock, m., on the premises, (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) all the right and interest which G. W. SHAW, as insolvent debtor, has in four two-story wooden Houses with 4000 feet of Land, situated on Pine st., in Lowell, nearly opposite the new Grammar School House on Middlesex street. Said Houses are now;—there is a good well of water and necessary out buildings.

JAMES ARNOLD, Assignee.

Lowell, March 12, 1846.

Balance of Tailor's Stock.

On MONDAY, March 16, at 10 o'clock, a.m., without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city.—

What remains of the stock of Mr Peter Fuller, Merchant Tailor, Merrimack street, consisting of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vestings, Summer stuffs, sundry articles of Shop Furniture, &c., &c. To be sold at his store.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Peremptory sale of Sole Leather.

On SATURDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a. m.,—at office,—2154 lbs. sole leather, some of which is the best Baltimore tanned. In lots of suit. Terms at sale.

At 2 o'clock, p. m.,—Sugar, Molasses, Saleratus, Raisins, Tobacco, Tea, Salt Fish, Salmon, Winter Oil, Winchester Soap, best sealed Herring, Painter Pails, Corn Brooms, &c.

Also,—A small collection of choice Rose and other fine House Plants, in excellent order for the Parlor.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufactorers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harndee & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and breed-stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harndee Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office on the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advMayjan17

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&p1dec20

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC HOBBS, Sec'y.

Lowell, March 4, 1846. mar6

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chole, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised exclusively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; sycope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marnases and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How once this happens? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and anger at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one recommended medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

---

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physicine and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions; book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

---

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Also, Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845. sept2tf

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Dutton and Lowell streets,

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept20 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and eyes, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, or the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depositary, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Wiathrop Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

---

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Soounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reformation are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL *sts., up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as—

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make silents lay,
And for their false epitetous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr. Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their poisonous medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which have a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burned off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madyjan13

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in mere chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any inferior power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nervas, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleedings, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, used for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk out.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 99 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 99 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

---

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of these certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE,

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jun20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 160 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 32.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Benjamin F. Blood,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

OFFICE—

MANSUR'S BUILDING, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—Agent of the—

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HOSMER and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL,

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1843. tfoct28

PUMPS!

BOOTH, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

HYDRAULIC PUMPS,

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

LOWELL. sept6

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

EATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseas, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan6

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

LOWELL.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tmdv LOWELL. nov15

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antispe cific properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now saw with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparille after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it; and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. ak6yaug30

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chilly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Navarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods rainsed in two or three days, in largest size.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1845. ja25y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOODS Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

P. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constent headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health.—I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. e&p6inosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the side envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a18a&r6m

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be waited on in the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

MARGARET.

BY JAMES RUSSEL LOWELL.

Fair as a summer dream was Margaret,—
Such dream as in a poet's soul might start,
Musing of old loves while the moon doth set;
Her hair was not more sunny than her heart,
Though like a natural golden coronet,
It circled her dear head with careless art,
Mocking the sunshine that would fain have lent
To its frank grace a richer ornament.

His lov'd one's eyes could poet ever speak,
So kind, so dawy, and so deep were her's,
But, while he strives, the choicest phrase too weak,
Their glad reflection in his spirit blurs;
As one may see a dream dissolve and break
Out of his grasp, when he to tell it stirs,
Like that sad dryad doomed no more to bless
The mortal who revealed her loveliness.

She dwelt forever in a region bright,
Peopled with living fancies of her own,
Where nought could come but visions of delight,
Far, far aloof from earth's eternal moan:
A summer cloud smiled through with rosy light,
Floating beneath the blue sky all alone,
Her spirit wondered by itself, and won
A golden edge from some unsetting sun.

The heart grows richer that its lot is poor,—
God blesses want with larger sympathies,—
Love enters gladliest at the humble door,
And makes the cot a palace with his eyes,—
So Margaret's heart a softer beauty wore,
And grew in gentleness and patience wise,
For she was but a simple herdsman's child,
A lily chance-sown in the ragged wild.

There was no beauty of the wood or field
But she its fragrant bosom-secret knew,
Nor any but to her would freely yield
Some grace that in her soul took root and grew;
Nature to her glowed ever new revealed,
All rosy fresh with innocent morning dew,
And looked into her heart with dim, sweet eyes
That left it full of sylvan memories.

O, what a face was hers to brighten light,
And give back sunshine with an added glow,
To wile each moment with a fresh delight,
And part of memory's best contentment grow!
O, how her voice, as with an inmate's right,
Into the strangest heart would welcome go,
And make it sweet and ready to become
Of white and gracious thoughts the chosen home!

None looked upon her, but straightway thought
Of all the greatest depths of country cheer,
And into each one's heart was freshly brought
What was to him the sweetest time of year;
So was her every look and motion fraught
With out-of-door delights and forest lore:
Not the first violet on a woodland lea
Seemed a more visible gift of spring than she.

THE HERO WOMAN.

BY GEORGE LIPPARD, ESQ.

[Concluded.]

And the brave girl passes the rifles to her father's grasp; there are four shots, one after the other; three more soldiers fell back, like weight of lead upon the ground, and a single red-coat is seen, slowly mounting to the top of the wall, his eye fixed upon the hall door, which he will force, ere a moment is gone!

Now the last ball is fired, the old man stands there, in that second-story window, his hands vainly grasping for another loaded rifle! At this moment, the wounded and dying band, below, are joined by a party of some twenty refugees, who clad in their half robber uniform, come rushing from the woods, and, with one bound, are leaping for the summit of the wall!

"Quick, Bess, my rifle!

And look there—even while the veteran stood looking out upon his foes, the brave girl—for, slender in form, and wildly beautiful in face, she is a brave girl, a Hero-Woman—had managed, as if by instinctive impulse, to load a rifle. She handed it to her father, and then loaded another and another? Was'nt that a beautiful sight! A fair young girl, grasping powder and ball, with the ramrod, rising and falling in her slender fingers!

Now look down to the wall again. The refugees are clambering over its summit—again that fatal aim—again a horrid cry, and another wounded man toppling down upon his dead and dying comrades!

But now look!—A smoke rises there—a fire blazes up around the wall; they have fired the gate. A moment, and the bolt and the lock will be burnt from its sockets—the passage will be free! Now is the fiery moment of the old man's trial! While his brave daughter loads, he continues to fire, with that deadly aim, but now—oh horror! He falls, he falls, with a musket ball driven into his breast—the daughter's out-streched arms receive the father, as, with the blood spouting from his wound, he topples back from the window.

Ah, it is a sad and terible picture! That old man, writhing there on the cabin floor, the young daughter bending over him, the light from the window streaming over her face, over her fathers grey hairs, while the ancient furniture of the small chamber affords a dim back-ground to the scene!

Now hark!—the sound of approach, the hall door—shouts—horrer—curses!

"We have the old rebel at last!"

The old man raises his head at that sound; makes an effort to rise; clutches for a rifle, and then falls back, again his eyes [illegible] the fierce [illegible] of [illegible] through the [illegible].

Now [illegible] daughter. Silent [illegible] she

powder-keg, and then placing her finger on the trigger, stands over her father's form, while the shouts of the enraged soldiers come thundering from the stairs. Yes, they have broken the hall door to fragments, they are in possession of the old block-house, they are rushing toward that chamber, with murder in their hearts, and in their glaring eyes? Had the old man a thousand lives, they were not worth a farthing now.

Still that girl—grown suddenly white as the 'kerchief round her neck—stands there, trembling from head to foot, the rifle in her hand, its dark tube laid against the powder-keg.

The door is burst open—look there!—stout forms are in the doorway, with muskets in their hands, grim faces, stained with blood, glare into the room.

Now as if her very soul was coined into the words, that young girl, with her face pale as ashes, her hazel eye glaring with deathly light, utters this short yet meaning speech—

"Advance one step into the room, and I will fire this rifle into the powder there!"

No oath quivers from the lips of that girl to confirm her resolution, but there she stands, alone with her wounded father, and yet not a soldier dare cross the threshhold! Embruted as they are in deeds of blood, there is something terrible to these men in the simple words of that young girl, who stands there with the rifle laid against the powder keg.

They stood as if spell-bound, on the thresbhold of that chamber!

At last, one, bolder than the rest, a bravo, whose face is half concealed in a thick red beard, grasps his musket, and levels it at the young girl's breast!

"Stand back, or by ——, I will fire!"

Still the girl is firm; the bravo advances a step and then starts back. The sharp "click" of that rifle falls with an unpleasant emphasis upon his ear.

"Bess, I am dying," gasps the old man, faintly extending his arms. "Ha, ha, we fooled the Britishers! Come—daughter kneel here; kneel and say a prayer for me, and let me feel your warm breath upon my face, for I am getting very cold ——O, dark and cold!"

Look!—As those trembling accents fall from the old man's tongue, those fingers unloose their hold of the rifle—already the troopers are secure of one victim, at least, a young and beautiful girl; for affection for her father, is mastering the heroism of the moment—look! She is about to spring into his arms! But now she sees her danger! again she clutches the rifle, again—although her father's dying accents are in her ears—stands there, prepared to scatter that house in ruins, if a single rough hand assails that veteran form.

There are a few brief terrible moments of suspense. Then a hurried sound, far down the mansion; then a contest on the stairs; then the echo of rifle shot and the light of rifle blaze; then those ruffians in the doorway fall crushed before the strong arms of Continental soldiers. Then a wild shriek quivers through the room, and that young girl—that Hero Woman, with one bound, springs forward into her brothers' arms and nestles there, while her dead father—his form yet warm—lays, with fixed eye-balls, upon the floor.

COST OF MANAGING A CITY. We copy from the New York Sun the following list of appropriations for the expenses of that city for the year 1846:

TRUST ACCOUNTS.		
For redemption of rev. bonds of '45		$1,170,250 00
Charges on arrears of tax		2,000 00
do do assessments		1,000 00
Fencing vacant lots		
Interest on assessments		20,000 00
Liens on lots		10,000 00
Streets, paving, sewers, &c.		150,000 00
Streets, opening		10,000 00
Wells and pumps		1,000 00
Redemption of temporary water loan		771,423 00
Water commissioners		310,980 00
State mill tax		143,997 31
		$2,591,650 31
SUPPORT OF CITY GOVERNMENT.		
Aqueduct repairs		$22,112
Alms house		250,000
Board of Health		2,000
Coroner's fees		4,000
Cleaning corporation docks and slips		10,000
County contingencies		30,000
Contingent expenses of common council		10,000
Cleaning streets		120,000
Donations		8,100
Docks and slips, repairs	25,000	
do do additions	15,000	
		40,000
Elections		9,000
Fevers and delinquencies		5,000
Fire Department:—For building engines, hose carriages, &c	10,000	
Repairing fire engines, &c.	4,500	
Making repairs and greasing hose	6,000	
Building and repairing houses	4,000	
Stockings for firemen to balls, &c	2,000	
Rent of houses and lots	3,500	
		30,000
Interest on revenue bonds		50,000
Interests deaths		2,000
Lands and places—general repairs	3500	
do fencing and improv't around Reservoir square, 40th and 42d sts.	33000	
		6,500
Marketship fees		100
Coroners' fees		31,000
Police		428,000
Printing and stationery		27,000
Repairs and supplies		42,000
Relief		1,200
Roads and avenues		15,000
Real estate expenses		2,000
Street expenses		40,000
Salaries		200,000
Sewers—repairing, cleaning, &c.		7,000
Water pipes	14,500	
" extending sewer from distributing reservoir	3,500	
		18,000
Lamplighting gas		174,000
		$3,617,350

Gubernator, his celebrated, handsome and grateful Consul riding in front to enquire, or have attended, one of the Misses Livingstons of this city, who fell in love with their gallant pilot on the Peak. This is very rich and very fantastical. [N. Y. Globe.

☞ Hon. B. W. Jenness, of New Hampshire, has resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 14, 1846.

THE BOSTON MAIL ON WAGES HERE.

The Mail says we contradict its statement as to the increased price paid for labor in the Lowell factories, but give no data by which to ascertain the actual prices that are paid. It is a sufficient answer to the Mail, and indeed the most proper one, to say, that as its own statement was a mere assertion, and an untrue one, we were called upon to take no other notice of it than to give it a full denial, leaving the Mail to furnish its own data to maintain its statements; failing to do which, it is bound to retract. If the Mail *knows* of any mill in Lowell where a girl can weave, from improvements of machinery, or from any other cause, two pieces of goods for which she now receives eleven cents each, as quick as she could one piece when the price was fifteen cents per piece, surely it wants no data from us to show the fact. If it has made it *without* knowledge, it is hardly modest to complain because we did not furnish statistics to disprove it. We would recommend to the Mail to retract its statement or back it up.

That paper thinks—

"If the manufacturing capitalists of Massachusetts, in the season of their prosperity—when they are dividing from ten to twenty per cent. on their investments,—cannot pay their workmen fair and remunerating wages, it is a 'sin and a shame.'"

We think so too; and though not desirous of making the Mail indignant with our manufacturing capitalists, will inform it that they are dividing not only from ten to twenty per cent., but from twenty to twenty-five per cent., besides laying aside large surpluses, from which to make great additions to their works, and are paying no more wages than they paid in 1841—42, when Mr Lawrence says they were compelled to reduce the wages or stop the mills. Perhaps we should qualify our statement a little, as we have understood that some of the corporations have commenced raising the wages within a few days.

As the Mail at the conclusion of its article says, it should be greatly obliged to us if we would give a well authenticated statement of the facts as regards the prices of factory labor here, we will, for the present, refer it to our reply to Hon. Abbott Lawrence's statement as to the rates of factory wages in Lowell, published the 12th ult.; where it will learn upon the authority of Mr Lawrence, that in 1841 and 1842 the average wages of the girls were reduced to $1,50 per week exclusive of board; and upon our authority, that they have not been raised since that time, and a statement as to how much more labor the girls are obliged to perform now than then,—both week hands and job hands,—and how the wages compare with 1840 before the introduction of the new system therein described.

If we can get a detailed statement as to the average prices of wages paid upon any corporation here, from the books of the corporation, we shall be happy to oblige the Mail to the fullest extent.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

New Hampshire has fallen from her high estate.—With the returns before us—with conviction that she has gone over to the enemy—we are left only to speculate on the causes which have produced this much-to-be-regretted result. We are not of those who after an event has happened, will constantly say—"Just as we expected."

We did not expect it; we had confidence in the firmness and integrity of her democracy, which had stood the test of the tumultuous upheavings of the political elements in 1840. *Yet we feared it.* And why?—Without claiming any share of the spirit of prophecy, we think we have seen this result brought about by the course of our friends in the State and nation.

We have not been at all convinced that the course of New Hampshire politics, in copying so closely those of the Southern portion of the confederacy, was the better course. We do not allude to ox question the policy of throwing Hale out of the pale of party lines, because of his manifest and openly avowed heresy, for we deem it but due to the necessity of party lines and discipline, to punish secession when unblushingly made for the purpose of attaining personal aggrandizement at the expense of principles.

Yet we think our democratic friends in our sister State have erred in allowing this matter in issue to be put upon its present grounds. It is not and should not have been a question in any way connected with *slavery*. The annexation of Texas is not and never can be such a question. The abolition of slavery is not affected by the annexation of that State, any more than any other of her peculiar domestic institutions. That is a matter to be left to her own laws, whether she be annexed or unannexed.

This consequence has also been forced upon the people of New Hampshire, by the unadvised acts of our friends in the National Administration. The contest has been narrowed to this single point by them, and no means left of avoiding the issue. It has been put in the mouths of Hale and his coadjutors to assert, that this was a slavery and no-slavery question, and no satisfactory answer has been left to be given.

The South—as well whigs as democrats—voted for Texas. Of this alone, no advantage could be taken; but upon our title to a territory as extensive as that state, the Southern democrats have manifested a lukewarmness that is only to be accounted for because it is a *Northern* territory, and thus forced this question upon the people of New Hampshire; who, for thus being neither hot or cold, have spewed such politicians out of their mouths as did the angel the church in Laodicea, for the same cause, "as told in the Apocalypse."

We think this election a true test of the sense of the people upon the question of Oregon. That, when called on to sustain a measure of southern policy, at the same time they found themselves deserted by the South in a Northern measure, they have rebuked their coadjutors. They have said, "we did not vote for Texas as a peculiarly Southern question, but as a national one, wholly aside from the matter of slavery. You have chosen to make it a sectional measure by your course on Oregon, and we cannot go with you."

Specially has this result been brought about by the course of our friends in the Senate of the United States in regard to Gov. Morton.

Their action, or rather inaction has put it in the power of Hale to adduce a convincing proof of his position.

One of the best and most prominent nominations in New England is opposed by the leading democratic paper at the South because he is an abolitionist, while his position, in fact, is that of the whole North on that subject, not being in any manner an abolitionist in the political and offensive sense of that term. Pamphlets are circulated to prove him an abolitionist, which show him to be such only as we have said, and his confirmation is withheld for such time that the delay upon such grounds is an insult to the people at the North—is so deemed by them—and in New Hampshire we have the avoidance of it.

We will say, therefore, to the democratic Senators that if they find within a year every State in New England in open and declared opposition to the administration it will not be because of the tariff policy; it will not be because of the annexation of Texas—as such;—but because that upon one subject the people at the North are not allowed to entertain distinct individual opinions, and when they do not in any way interfere with the rights and institutions of our neighbors. Our best men are subject to persecution, therefor.—There are now as many, aye, more, firm and staunch democrats in New Hampshire as in 1842, ready to support the administration on all questions of democratic policy, but who feel aggrieved with a state of things in which they find one whom they have delighted to honor, unsupported for entertaining sentiments similar to their own.

TEXAS. A private letter in the N. O. Bulletin of March 3, dated at Galveston 28th Feb., says "The Houston boat has at this moment arrived. Houston and Rusk, out of 56 votes, have received 53 each, for U. S. Senators. Gen. Houston is expected here every moment, to proceed on his way to Washington."

The valedictory of President Jones is written with dignity, much feeling, and in a patriotic spirit.

Gov. Henderson's inaugural address concludes thus:

"We have this day fully entered the Union of the North American States; let us give our friends who so boldly and nobly advocated our cause, and the friends of American liberty, no reason to regret their efforts in our behalf. Henceforth the prosperity of our sister states will be our prosperity, their happiness our happiness, their quarrels will be our quarrels, and in their wars we will freely participate."

The U. S. cutter Woodbury, Capt. Foster, sailed from Galveston on the evening of the 28th for the *Brazos St. Jago*, to co-operate with the movement of Gen. Taylor's command in that position.

The United States troops at Corpus Christi were to move about the 6th inst., for a station commanding the Rio Grande. Three companies left on the 26th ult., to act as escorts for the train of baggage wagons daily filing out. The scouts previously sent to Point Isabel had returned and reported favorably of that place for an encampment.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MR EDITOR—The Courier man seemed to be in perfect ecstacies yesterday over the result of the New Hampshire election—he ground out more large words, "redolent with big thoughts" in the first dozen lines of his leader, then he usually gets into his entire paper. The *flowers* of rhetoric were there, but no *thorns!* By the way, what kind of an operation is the *exhuming* of apples? He hopes "the bitter apples of radical locofocoism will be exhumed in New Hampshire forever." Webster says "*exhumation* is the disinterring of a corpse; or the digging up of anything buried." Now if the apples of locofocoism are so *bitter*, why does the Courier man want them dug up? The whig children will be less liable to bite them, if the Col. permits them to remain buried.

P. S. When is the "fatted calf" jollification to come off? QUILP.

FROM MEXICO. We learn by the Post of Thursday, that the United States brig Lawrence arrived at Pensacola on the evening of the 1st instant, in 13 days from Vera Cruz, with despatches for the secretary of state from Mr Slidell and Com. Connor.

Mr Slidell, it is supposed, will return to the United States as soon as he receives answers to the despatches which he has now forwarded. He had not been received up to Feb. 18.

The citizens of Vera Cruz were looking out and hoping for the return of Santa Anna from Havana, whose arrival was expected to be the signal for the authorities to declare in his favor.

The Sloops of war Falmouth, John Adams, and St. Marys, and the brig Porpoise, were all at Vera Cruz.

BRITISH POSSESSIONS IN AMERICA. The proposed reduction of the British duties creates great excitement in the British American possessions. Several riots are said to have come off in Montreal. The troops are in a state of the greatest activity. The N. Y. Sun says, "The British American possessions are now under a military Governor General, and we learn from a source entitled to credit, that the civil governors are soon to be superceded by a military lieutenant governors in all the colonies in North America and the West India Islands. Will the white people of Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia submit to these military dictatorships?"

ST. DOMINGO. The last news from Port au Prince up to Feb. 21 is, that the Haytien government was preparing for a general march against the Dominicens. The vanguard of the army have set out. The Haytiens will march with a force of thirty thousand, and have, besides, a blockading fleet of six vessels of war. The difficulty with the French consul general had not been settled.

THE FEMALE EYE. John Smith says that the female eye has the following variety of expression: The glare, the stare, the leer, the sheer, the invitation, the defiance, the denial, the consent, the look of love, the flash of rage, the sparkling of hope, the languishment of softness, the squint of suspicion, the fire of jealousy, and the lustre of approbation and pleasure.

ANOTHER REVOLUTIONARY HERO GONE. Mr Asahel Fuller, aged 82 years, died at Hingham, Wednesday. He entered the army in 1780, being then but 19 years of age, and continued to serve his country until the end of the war. He was a native of Fitchburg.

MR S. C. BALDWIN, late editor and publisher of this paper, has purchased and taken charge of the Plymouth Rock. The "Rock" will lose none of its good democratic reputation by the change. Success, friend B.

The Hickman, Ky., Standard says, "A lady residing within fifty miles of this place has recently given birth to four sons within an hour. They have been named Polk, Dallas, Texas, and Oregon, and all are in a thriving condition."

☞ The individual known nearly all over the country as the "Fakir of Ava," died at Louisville, on the 3d inst. His name is stated in the Louisville papers to be Marshall.

☞ The Washington Union of Friday last, has the following remarks concerning the important debate which took place in the senate on the day previous, and which we published on Tuesday:

THE WISE AND CELEBRATED MAXIM.

"Union, Harmony and Concession—everything for the Cause, nothing for men."

The scene in the Senate of the United States yesterday, was calculated to give pain to all republicans who witnessed it. It was certainly not altogether agreeable and cheering to all the friends of the administrations. It may have affected the gentlemen of the whig party in a very different manner. It might have been "sport to them, but death to us." Death! No, let us correct our phraseology. The great body of the people cannot be prostrated by any temporary storm in the Senate Chamber. Senators may differ, among themselves. They may exhibit now and then, some evanescent flashes of momentary feeling, but the great mass of the republicans, rising superior to all such excitements, will preserve the equanimity of their temper, and along with it their union, their power, their invincibility. The whig party may enjoy those momentary dissentions. They may idly read in them the signs of division in the republican party—they may enjoy the coruscation, and chuckle at the storm which it forebodes. But there is a salutary and conservative spirit in the Republican party which will preserve them united in despite of the ebullition of the moment, or the exultations of the whigs. The very actors in the passing scene will soon recover from the impulses of the occasion. Dear as is to them the union of the party, dear as are its principles, dear as are the great triumphs which they won together in 1844, having but one great interest in common, and that is the glory of their country, and patriotic success of the administration which the people have brought into power, we are fully persuaded that the feelings of the scene will vanish—nay, have vanished already—while the idle hopes of our division have been unnecessarily indulged in the sanguine calculations of the whig party.

Mr Haywood, of North Carolina, spoke of the President's views in regard to the Oregon. He contended that Mr Polk would and should compromise on the 49th parellel of latitude, in case Great Britain would renew the offer which the President had made to her last summer. When he concluded his speech, Messrs Hannegan of Indiana, and Allen of Ohio, rose to ask the senator from North Carolina whether they were to understand him as speaking enthoratively of the President's views, and whether he was prepared to compromise on the 49th degree. We shall not repeat the expressions employed by the three senators, nor remark on the manner in which the questions were propounded and answered. Upon the whole, Mr Haywood declined answering any catechisms, except by repeating the remarks which he had made in his speech.

May we be permitted to say that we did not ourselves understand Mr Haywood as intending to speak authoretively in the name of the President, except from the printed documents. We say, with all respect, that no men, out of his cabinet, is authorized to speak ex *cathedra* for him on this delicate and important question. He has expressed his opinions in his own message, or through the letters of the Secretary of State. We presume that no one has a right to speak for him but from the documents which he has submitted to his country. His future course must be judged by his past conduct. Mr Allen was himself interrogated the other day upon this question by the senator from Maryland, and Mr A. referred to the President's documents for his answer.

We can entertain no doubt, that such was the meaning of the Senator from North Carolina; and nothing but the extraordinary character of the passing scene probably prevented him from making a similarly prompt explanation. But the scene is over; and, we have no doubt, any little irritation, and all hasty remarks, have passed with it. The generous spirit of the senators will prevent their repetition. They are all the friends of the President. No evanescent remarks will swerve him from his course, nor disturb that self-balanced equanimity of spirit which graces the Chief Magistrate, who is determined to do his duty, amid all the difficulties that beset his path, whether they proceed from political enemies, or his friends at home, or from the cabinets of foreign nations.

Let us add that our true policy seems to us to be written in sunbeams. Decision of action and promptitude in carrying out the measures that the message recommends—the notice, the means necessary to protect our emigrants to Oregon, military preparations to meet any contingency, and the utmost harmony in our party, and unanimity in our public councils. Are not these better, we frankly and respectfully inquire, than any speculations as to the precise terms on which we may settle the question—terms which should not now be communicated to foreign nations, or any remarks or hypothetical opinions which may be unauthoritively attributed to the President? Is it not, in other words, wiser and more prudent for Congress to decide upon the measures which he has already recommended, than to form any conjectures as to what precise measures he may adopt in regard to a foreign nation? Let Congress act first, and then he will have an opportunity of acting himself in certain contingencies. And when he does act, let his country judge him freely upon his own constitutional responsibility.

FUNERAL OF AN ODD FELLOW. The Brooklyn (N. Y.) Eagle gives an interesting account of the funeral of Mr Mersh, late editor of that paper. The funeral services were performed in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, which was filled to overflowing.

"A large portion of the seats had been left vacant for the use of the brotherhood of Odd Fellows; and as soon as they entered (numbering 150 or 200, comprising Columbia Lodge No. 1, of New York, of which Mr Mersh has long been a valued and useful member, and large deputations from all the Brooklyn Lodges) the services opened with singing by the choir of the beautiful hymn, commencing:

'I would not live always; I ask not to stay,
Where storm after storm rises dark o'er my way.'

Rev. Mr Thayer, who officiated upon this occasion, read from the Bible an appropriate and effecting chapter; and then proceeded to pronounce a discourse upon the event which had called this auditory together.—This address was the most neat, chaste, touching which it has ever fallen to our lot to hear; and during its delivery nearly every heart was melted to tears, which visibly found vent through sad and swimming eyes. The tears of the speaker himself flowed freely throughout; and none responded more sincerely to the sentiments which the Rev. gentleman inspired than those who had known the deceased intimately in the business and friendly intercourse of life. Words fail to do justice to the eloquence and beauty of Mr T.'s remarks; for they were the emanation of deep feeling, and struck a corresponding chord in the bosom of each and every one of that vast audience."

THE PRINTING BILL passed by the legislature of New York has been signed by Gov. Wright. It provides that proposals shall be advertised for all the printing for the legislature and state officers, and the contracts given to the lowest bidders for the term of two years; the printing of the session laws to be advertised and contracted for in the same manner, and the contractor to furnish extra copies, if required, at an advance of not more than ten per cent. on the original cost; the Albany papers are all to be allowed to compete for the publication of the notices and advertisements now required to be published in the state paper; the office of state printer is abolished; the act to take effect immediately. [Post.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK. We regret our continued inability to advise our readers of any visible improvement in the prospects of this institution. A committee of directors, we learn, has been employed during the past fortnight in attempting to adjust the accounts; but the work is so extensive and so laborious that but slow progress is made, and consequently no official exhibit of the state of affairs can be very soon expected. We are given to understand, from a private source, that nothing has come up as yet to create a liability upon the cashier. If this be the case, the prospects of depositors and bill holders must be somewhat obscured. [Nantucket Warder, 11th.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, March 12.

In the SENATE, the bill to establish the city of Roxbury, was passed to be enacted in concurrence.

The House bill to incorporate the town of Ashland passed to be engrossed.

A committee was appointed to consider the expediency of doing away the distinction between written and spoken slander.

The House bill provided recompense to prosecutors and officers in certain cases came up and was debated, but before taking any vote the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. The bill authorizing the city of Boston to bring in the water of Long Pond and its tributaries, which has passed through all its stages in the Senate, was received and read. It is expected there will be considerable discussion upon it.

Another disorganizing petition from several citizens of West Brookfield, for the secession of Massachusetts, was presented and laid on the table.

Petitions presented.—Of Calvin E. Stevens and others, to be incorporated for manufacturing purposes; 231 citizens of Cabotville, for the defining of the number of hours to constitute a day's work.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth was authorized to recover certain documents which have been used in Washington on the settlement of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Boundary Question.

Bills passed to be engrossed.—Newburyport Screw Manufacturing Co., Waterford Manufacturing Co., Boston Safety Insurance Co.; in addition incorporating 2d parish in Dorchester; setting of W. Newton and others from Southboro' to Marlboro'; establishing line between Hatfield and Williamsburg; concerning the dedication of public and private way; a resolve relating to an account tendered under the 5th article of the treaty of Washington.

The profound lawyers have discussed the bill concerning the sale of trust estates and other remedies in equity, at great length. Mr Crowninshield of Boston, wishes to have a Court of Equity established to settle and forward cases which have been in litigation for years before our Supreme Court. Messrs Washburn and Giles of Boston, and Barton of Worcester, have taken up nearly two days in discussing it, and without taking the question.

Friday, March 13.

In the SENATE, bills were reported giving further time to the Cohennet Bank to close its concerns; concerning larceny by Bank officers, and persons employed in Banks; to incorporate the House of Correction and an Asylum for the Insane in Essex County.

A detailed report was made on so much of His Excellency the Governor's Address as relates to the Tariff and Protection, accompanied by a resolve on the subject. The report and resolve were laid on the table and 2000 extra copies ordered to be printed.

Passed to be engrossed.—Bills in addition establishing the Peterboro' and Shirley Railroad; to incorporate the Dedham Land Co.; the Neptune Steam Mills; the Northfield Bridge; establishing a dividing line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater; in addition incorporating the State Mutual Life Ins. Co. Resolves relating to the flats in Boston harbor; concerning the State Map.

The House bill concerning the sale of estates of deceased persons and persons under guardianship was debated and rejected by a vote of 7 to 14.

In the HOUSE, leave to withdraw was reported by the Judiciary Committee on the several petitions presented during the session, praying for a law to punish seduction.

It was ordered that on and after Monday next, the hour of meeting of the House be 10 o'clock A. M.

A bill was reported to repeal all laws regulating the fisheries in the Merrimack river.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, March 10.

In the SENATE, a communication was received from the postmaster general concerning the contracts for the transportation of the U. S. Mail between ports of the United States and those of foreign powers, in pursuance of the act of March 3d, 1845.

The P. M. general (says the N. Y. Com. Adv.) gives his reasons, at length, for making a contract with Mr Edward Mills, of New York, instead of taking the bids of Mr Skoo, or Mr A. R. Mann, or Mr Junius Smith. He considered Mr Mills' bid the lowest, and was made perfectly satisfied as to his means and responsibility. He gives his reasons for varying the original proposals:

"I became satisfied," he says, "that by touching at Cowes on the Isle of Wight, and making Bremen the terminus of the line on the continent, the public interest, as well as the mail service, would be best promoted, and proposed to give Mr Mills $400,000 for that service for five years."

Mr Mills accepted this, but reserved the right to go to Havre from Cowes alternately, which will make the line cost $350,000 annually. The contractors have already commenced to build the ships. The line is to consist of four steamers to run semi-monthly from New York to Cowes and Bremen.

In further execution of the law the postmaster general has made a contract with Charles Morgan for the transportation of the mails from New Orleans to Galveston, in steamships, once in every five days, and agreed to give him 75 per cent. of the net proceeds of the office at Galveston, and of the Galveston distribution to Texas, for four years.

It is submitted to Congress whether a line of steamers shall be contracted for to run to Chagres. And one from Panama, by the Sandwich Islands to the mouth of the Columbia river. Contracts have been offered for this and other services, by Mr Vandewater. An appropriation is asked to meet the contract with Mr Mills in order to secure the contractors of the confirmation of the contract by congress.

Mr Pearce, of Md., presented a memorial of citizens of Maryland on the Oregon question and in favor of conciliation and compromise.

Mr Evans concluded his speech against the Oregon notice.

Mr Reverdy Johnson will speak tomorrow.

In the HOUSE, the resolution offered yesterday by Mr C. J. Ingersoll, to attend the funeral of Gen. Van Ness, (an ex member) was taken up, but the House refused to adopt it.

Mr Wentworth offered a resolution that the debate on the harbor and river bill terminate on Tuesday next at 3 o'clock, P. M. Adopted—ayes 106, nays 66.

Mr Hendly moved to suspend the rules to allow him to offer a resolution to print 35,000 extra copies of the report of Mr Burke, as commissioner of patents. Various motions were made and the yeas and nays taken several times. At last the extra copies were ordered to be printed, as moved by Mr H.

The House then went into committee of the whole, and took up the harbor and river bill, which used up the day.

Wednesday, March 11.

In the SENATE petitions were presented and referred.

Committees reported sundry bills.

The bill granting alternate sections of the public lands to Michigan, to aid in construction of the Michigan Canal, was next taken up.

Mr Niles opposed it at some length.

Mr Cass spoke in its support.

Mr Yulee offered a substitute for the bill, which was read and laid on the table, together with the original bill.

The Oregon resolutions were then taken up, and Mr R. Johnson, of Maryland took the floor.

In the HOUSE, the members met at eleven o'clock, pursuant to the resolution adopted yesterday.

A motion was made and carried at once, to go into the committee of the whole, and take up the river and harbor bill.

Mr Gentry made a speech.

Mr Jones, of Tennessee, followed in a strong speech against the "bill of abominations and log-rolling" as he called it.

Mr Cobb, of Georgia, spoke on the same side.

☞ We are indebted to the N. H. Patriot, and Hill's Patriot for slips containing returns of the N. H. election. We appreciate their politeness none the less that things look desperate.

☞ The United States Supreme Court adjourned on the 9th inst.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

Correspondence of the Boston Morning Post.

Concord, 12th March, 1846, }
Friday, 8 P. M. }

The election, it is now fully ascertained, has gone against the democracy, both on the popular vote and in the return of members to the Legislature. Below you have an addition which I have just finished of the return of votes from 191 of the 224 towns and voting places in the State—43 remaining to be heard from:

Williams.	*Colby.*	*Berry.*	*Scattering.*
24,154	16,684	9,616	89
	9,616		
	89		
	26,389		
	24,154		
	2,235 Williams' minority.		
	267 Steele's majority in same towns last year.		
	2,502 Democratic loss.		
	1,100 Steele's majority in whole State last year.		
	1,402		

So you will see that if the remaining towns come in as well as last year, Mr Williams will lack 1402 votes of an election.

In the house of representatives it is probable that the majority of the "allied army" cannot exceed 8 or 10, if it shall reach half a dozen—hardly enough for the opposition to work with successfully, in the mutual operation of swallowing a federal governor and abolition senator in congress, which they will find it necessary to perform when they come together next June.

So far as ascertained, the complexion of the house now stands as follows:—Democrats 97, federalists 102, Hale faction 17. Opposition majority thus far, 22. I have made a liberal calculation on the remaining towns—democrats 24, opposition 21. This would reduce the opposition majority to 15—more than they will have, I think.

We have probably elected 3 democratic senators, one in No. 4 district by some 20 or 30 majority only. H. Hibbard, Esq., is chosen in No. 12. In the remaining 9 districts there is probably two choices, unless the federalists have elected in No. 1. Vacancies will be filled by the legislature.

Two democratic counsellors probably chosen in Hillsboro and Coos districts. No choice in the remaining three; will be filled also by the legislature.

A very bad defeat this. The federalists are in high spirits, and claim it as *their* victory. Their abolition allies must either "seafese the corn," or rebel. We shall see the result in June. I perdict that the democrats will then witness a little fun for their consolation in now being worsted. Yours in haste, H.

FROM WASHINGTON. The Journal of Commerce correspondent, writing on Wednesday, says there is no doubt that Mr Buchanan, as secretary of state, has recently given the President to understand that he (Mr Buchanan) goes for 54° 40', and nothing short of it; that the despatches from Mexico represent the political affairs of that country in a deplorable situation; that Mr Slidell has not the slightest expectation that his mission will be recognized, and wishes to return home as soon as he is authorized to do so. "Lt. David Porter was sent by the government to-day to Mexico, and is to proceed to Mazatlan, where he will communicate with our squadron."

The Intelligencer understands that Andrew J. Donelson, of Tennessee, has been nominated to the senate as minister plenipotentiary to Prussia, in the place of Henry Wheaton, who is recalled, it is said, at his own request.

LATER FROM ENGLAND. The latest news from England is that, the monopolists do not present the strong phalanx which they did: but there is still a disposition to fight. It is supposed that Sir Robert Peel will have a majority of fifty.

There is a great excitement in England from apprehensions of war on the Oregon question.

Many of the *proxies* withdrawn from the Duke of Wellington on the first blush of the new ministerial arrangement, had been returned to him.

SECURITY OF LETTERS BY MAIL. An *unsealed* letter was received yesterday from a remote section, at one of our city banks, containing a remittance of four thousand dollars. [B. Bee.

MURDERER ARRESTED. The steamboat Yazoo brought to New Orleans, 27th ulto., Alonzo Pennington, who is charged with having killed Edward Davis, in May last, in Christian county, Ky.

☞ By the death of Gov. Stockton, of Deleware, the office of Governor devolves upon Dr Joseph Meull, Speaker of the Senate.

THE INDUSTRIAL REFORM LYCEUM,

Will commence a *Course of Six Lectures* on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at the City Hall. Rev. WILLIAM H. CHANNING will give the introductory lecture. Popular speakers not accustomed to speak in Lowell are engaged for the course.

☞ Tickets for the course 25 cents. For sale at the Bookstores. Per order the Committee.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this! It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing *memorials* of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S ROUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has *no* right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own *merits*.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6w&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Insolvent Notice.

THERE will be held the second meeting of the creditors of STEPHEN LANIGAN, of Billerica, an insolvent debtor, at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said debtor may apply for his discharge.

The subscribers have been duly chosen Assignees of said bankrupt's estate, and all the property and rights of property of said bankrupt are to be paid and delivered to them forthwith.

T. V. BUTLER,
THOMAS PALMER, } Assignees.

March 10, 1846. 3mar14

ENERGY of the most liberal character, apply at W. E. RICHARDS, Merchant tailor, Market street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. mar14

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swen, editor H. R. Careolcle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilton, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Hanson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.	

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country. AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec10

Assignees' Notice.

THE undersigned have been appointed Assignees of the estate of EBENEZER WEBSTER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor. The second meeting of the creditors of said Webster will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, esq., Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

For order.

HENRY SMITH,
CYRUS K. MORRILL, } Assignees.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. 3mar14

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Balch's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,
Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.

Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. mar12

Insolvent Notice of John Taylor.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth meeting of the creditors of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the Assignees will produce a full, just and true account of their receipts and expenditures in relation to said insolvent's estate.

Pae order of said Master in Chancery.

JOHN CURRIER,
JOHN MEAD, } Assignees.

Lowell, March 10, 1846. 3mar12

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of HEZEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am duly appointed Assignee of said Ferrin's estate, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be holden on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, on Central street, in said Lowell, at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims.

E. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of CULLIVAN ROBINSON, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Robinson will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Robinson will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 80, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Their finishing department conducted with their usual, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. 4mar7

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Fashionable Amusement—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 9, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at ½ to 7, and 8½.

The performances will commence with the splendid Military Drama, in two Acts, by Mrs Charles Gore, entitled —

THE MAID OF CROISSEY: Or, *The Cross of Gold.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Humerous Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Patriotic Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar10

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 6, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Calvin Honey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Honey and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
mar10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Wednesday next.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜

The superior fast sailing copper'd Ship RIALTO, *Chase*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m11

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Dispatch.

The packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, *Tillinghast*, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m12

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrotula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Wanted Immedietely,

A JOURNEYMAN Harness-Maker. Also, a Boy to learn the trade. Apply to

FRANCIS BALDWIN.

Billerica, March 2, 1846. mar3

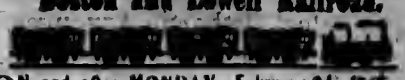
For Thirty Days!

THE balance of *READY MADE CLOTHING* remaining on hand, consisting of every article usually found in a clothing establishment, will be sold without regard to cost for *Thirty days!*

Gentlemen in want of any article in the clothing line will do well to call and examine this stock before purchasing, as I am determined to close the balance, in order to make room for my Spring Stock.

HUGH McEVOY,
6th19 No. 2, Cobart's block, 80 Central street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M., and 5, P. M.

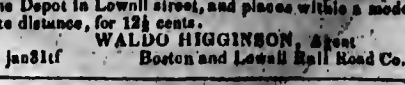
Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M., 1½, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stenstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

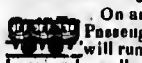
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

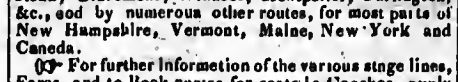
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the junction, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every port of the United States and British American.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same *immediately* to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for lunches, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. 6th14

Dr. Morrill's
COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicines and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Offices, No. 9, Middle street. 4mpfeb28

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 23d day of March present, at 12 o'clock, m., all the right and title that GEORGE W. SHAW, an insolvent debtor, has and to the following real estate on the sixth day of December last, to wit: A certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situated on the Northerly side of Pine street, in Lowell, containing four thousand square feet, bounded as follows—beginning at the southerly corner of the said lot and at the south-westerly corner of land of one Cheney; thence running northerly by the westerly side of said Cheney's land eighty feet, to land of some other person; thence turning and running westerly by land of said other person fifty feet; thence turning and running southerly by land of William Livingston eighty feet, to the northerly side of Pine street; thence turning and running easterly by said Pine street fifty feet, to the place of beginning;—Being the same land conveyed to George W. Shaw by William Livingston by deed dated October 24, 1845. The said premises will be sold, subject to a mortgage to John W. Shaw for $1600.

By order of the Assignee.

E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Balance of Tailor's Stock.

On MONDAY, March 16, at 10 o'clock, a.m., without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city,—

What remains of the stock of Mr Parez Fuller, Merchant Tailor, Merrimack street, consisting of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vestings, Summer stuffs, sundry articles of Shop Furniture, &c., &c. To be sold at his store.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bebel do. O. G. Brass Alarm night day dn. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.

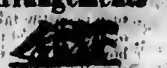
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar6

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, *for the purpose of furnishing* Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. advmar17

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged from the test to the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularities, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably efficacious in many cases, and the most convincing proofs of this can be given in the benefits which have been realized by [illegible] in their use.

Persons in [illegible] of the country [illegible] with these pills [illegible] or by any other [illegible] letter to me, post [illegible] I am willing of any [illegible] ing the use of these [illegible]

These Pills can be [illegible] my residence on Kirk [illegible]

[illegible] MORRILL.

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chills, bowels complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and seuading and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever; measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expecterant and purgative.

The origin of this invainable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conser; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Notice.

W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the old Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction-Store, where they intend to carry on the manufactory of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Also, Stoves for heating roomsand cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Jobbing, English, and Scotch PIPE of tools and edge to order. All kinds of Jobbing done in their line, with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this and their former dwelling, so respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM ADAMS, Jr.
ALEXANDER ADAMS.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1845. 3m

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, voracious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few minnutes; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mor. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Gen. Gleason; Gheimsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cohleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stonnham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittereidge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Hnward, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jne6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypie works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of imitative Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phonetic Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolisation of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

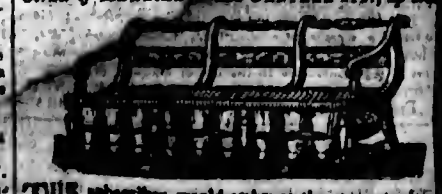
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for this trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

And his friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the largest and best selected in the city. D. M. WEAVER.

N. B. Second new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the latest approved fashion.

Lowell, July 19, 1845. tf

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiarnesses of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisments, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make cheats lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders, resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the comforts and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived; unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. n1yjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised them is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some



playing upon it some time; I then got round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a cloth round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they crushed off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 25,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,000 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very respy.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 8mndyan18

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSHURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs. MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURNOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may [illegible] some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature [illegible] fortunate and successful.

Very [illegible] M. M. NOAH.

New York, Dec. 20, [illegible]

Paralysis and Epilepsy.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Hedge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt. Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In [illegible] hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and improvement visible [illegible] *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3d&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts thereiu stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE,

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve sufferiug by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH,

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 166 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston,

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Goods, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ADAMS & CLARK, 79 Central st.

Lowell, Jan 20, 1845. jan20 1y

P. WILSON'S Lights of Tallow, Sperm and Patent Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 33.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,

At $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 3, 1845. jo6tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfeov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—REALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Stackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

—

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEE,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL sept

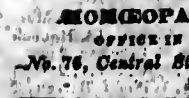
E. J. [illegible],

TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET.

Lowell, [illegible].

W. E. Tolman,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market or Jackson Hall, Lowell. Orders promptly attended to. Cash paid for good second hand Planes.

Old Planes and Chisels repaired in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug15tf

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfndv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY.

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

L. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stoves, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds

ISAAC W. BAZOS, DEAN BAZOS.

jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors, Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jn1

[illegible] W. Eyre,

[illegible] Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Painted, Printed Canvas, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mattings, Hearth, Stair, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, Rustic Drapery, Enamelled Cloths, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order Hair Cloths, Beds, Palmetto Mattresses, Cushions, and perform Upholstery work.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfndv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY.

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

L. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stoves, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds

ISAAC W. BAZOS, DEAN BAZOS.

jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors, Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jn1

[illegible] W. Eyre,

[illegible] Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Painted, Printed Canvas, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mattings, Hearth, Stair, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, Rustic Drapery, Enamelled Cloths, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order Hair Cloths, Beds, Palmetto Mattresses, Cushions, and perform Upholstery work.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

Mr. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussion or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

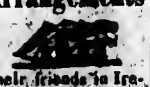
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N.B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harndee & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs. Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays and Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST BLOOD ATTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Sec. 19 Milton street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly[illegible]

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the speedy and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form; I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent me a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos'n Cutler*; upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayers and by apothecaries generally. a18a&p6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Merrimack (or Tremont), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,

DAVID A. COBURN,

SAMUEL S. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS' Cheap Bookstore.

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent ever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, *Mass.*, cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&p1yjan13

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. "Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&p1yfeb14

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 139. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronge during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe, Mrs. E. W. Gardner,

William North, " Elizabeth Hill,

James Neal, " John Aiken,

George Walker, " Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. [illegible]

Removal.

THE undersigned has removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Dutton and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Merrimack House, on Central Street, to the Store lately occupied by Messrs. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, 1846.

TARIFF ON COTTONS.

The New York Sun says:—

"A higher duty it is said will be proposed on cotton goods. The treasury report embodies much useful information as to every branch of domestic industry.—The only factory in Lowell, specially noticed, is the Hamilton factory. It was established in 1826, with a capital of $700,000, and the average profits since that time have been 9 1-2 per cent."

In relation to the 9 1-2 per ct, we wish to say hnt a few words. Nine and a half per ct. dividands don't show the whole facts as to the profits of the Hamilton factories, which have always been less than those of the other corporations in this city. In addition to the nine and a half per cent dividends, the Hamilton company are increasing their antire works about one-half; the cost of all of which is to be paid for from anrplus profits over and above the 9 1-2 per cent.

The Sun further adds—

"All the wages paid in Lowell is ascertained to he 40 per ct. higher than is paid in England. This is a very important fact, and should have influenca in the reduction of the tariff; for if we are compelled to pay a dollar per day for the amonnt of labor for which they pay in England only sixty cents, they will be able to undersell us if we reduce oer dety below 25 per cent."

Though we by no means believe it to be the fact that wages here are 40 per ct. higher than in England, though they ought to be donhle, and then capital could make more here than there; yet admitting it to be so, and everything else eqnal, let ns see hy the statistics furnished by the Snn itself, if we need a dety of 25 per ct. It makes the raw materials need hy the Hamilton amount to $256,800—cotton $140,000; dye stuffs $24,000; lumber $18,000; coal $15,000; oil $6000; starch $8,800; leather 1,500; indigo $3000; madder $18,000, and other dye steffs $28,000. To these add the cost of the labor—allowing every man, woman and ehild to work every day in the year, making no allowance for back water and loss time, which would amonnt to at least five per et., and reckon the wages at the rates given by the Snn—$192,284—and wa have $449,084. To this add for agents, agencies, taxation, expenses not enumerated by the Snn, depreciation of machinery &c., $75,000; and for interest on capital stock, $42,000, and we have $566,084, which is probably about the cost of the manufactnres of the Hamilton corporation. We have allowed $192,284 of the whole cost for the labor. If our labor is 40 per ct. higher than the English, and we have no other advantages over them to offset their cheaper labor, we should reqnire, to enable our manufacturers to fully compete with theirs, as much per ct. dety on a given amoent of their goods as would giva a sum equal to the difference between the cost of their labor and ours, to manufacture such given quantity of goods. Allowing the difference between our labor and theirs to be forty per ct., their labor to manufactnre the same quantity of goods manufactured hy the Hamilton would cost $115,870, $76,914, or 40 per cent. less than ours. The same quantity of goods that cost the Hamilton $566,084 to manufactnre would cost the English, taking the difference of labor only into the acconnt, $489,070; a little over 15 per ct, less. A duty of a little over 15 per ct., then, is all that is necessary to lay upon English goods of the qnality manufactnred at the Hamilton mills in this city, on account of the difference in the price of labor. At the Hamilton mills fine goods and coarse are manufactured.

We should like to have the Sun tell us, if it takes the Hamilton to base its assertions npon, how it comes to the conclusion that if there is 40 per ct. difference between labor here and in England, that goods manufactured at the Hamilton reqeire the protection of a 25 per ct. tariff. If it don't take the Hamilton for a guide, that is, if it don't intend to say that snch goods as are manufactured hy the Hamilton Company reqnire 25 per ct. protection, if there is 40 per ct. difference between our labor and English, but intends to say generally, that if there is 40 per ct. difference between our labor and that of England, manufactnrers require the protection that a 25 per ct. tariff will give, then we would ask what sense there is to the remark that 40 per ct. difference in labor requires a twenty-five per ct. tariff more than any other rate. The per ct. of protection needed, if there was no other cause for it but the difference in the price of labor, would depend entirely upon the ratio that the cost of the labor bore to the whole cost of the goods manufactnred. If the labor made the whole cost, and there was 40 per ct. difference between labor in this country and England, to maintain that difference would reqnire a forty per ct. tariff; if the labor made one half, or one quarter, or one eighth the whole cost, then we should need a twenty, ten, or five per ct. tariff. That is, the less the ratio that the cost of the labor bears to the cost of the whole goods manufactured, the less protection will he needed on account of the difference between the prices of labor.

It is a little remarkable that the Hamilton should he the only company to answer the questions of the Secretary's circular. That the companies making much greater profits made no returns was, of course, the result of accident.

Should wa offset the advantages we possess over the British manufacturers, against their cheaper labor—such as less taxation, better power, the more work performed by our operatives, cheaper raw material, less cost for transportation of both goods and raw material, &c., we should find but little protection necessary to make up for the difference between the price of labor in this country and England. In the manufacture of many kinds of goods, they would need the protection; not we. Will the Sun "illuminate" a little!

In our estimate of the duty required to protect our manufacturers on the account of the difference between the price of English and American labor, besides making no considerations for advantages our manufacturers have over theirs, we have made no allowance for manufacturers' profits; which, if added, would considerably reduce the protection required. If we have estimated the cost of the goods manufactured at the Hamilton too low, (as we see we have by the answers made by the Treasurer of the corporation to Mr Wallace's circular) then the amount of protection required is more than proportion ate too high.

Mr Gray, Treasurer of this corporation, it would seem by his answer to the circular, had little thought of giving us our information. He says "if the [illegible] would probably commence an opposition, and therefore the business" &c. We should not have made a respectable business of 9 per ct. dividends he would doubtless have said so.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. Mr Williams will be in a minority of about 2000—Mr Woodbury about 2500.—It is reported that the whigs and abolitionists have elected 2 Senators, and the democrats 2.

The House as far as heard from (all but 3 districts) stands thus:

Democrats	199
Whigs	115
Independents	23

RULES TO BE OBSERVED BY VISITORS IN AN EDITOR'S OFFICE. Enter softly. Sit down quickly. Dont touch the poker. Say nothing interesting. Engage in no controversy. Don't smoke. Keep six feet from his table. Hands off his papers. Eyes off his manuscript. If he is a decent man, he will put what papers he does not want within your reach—then pore over to your heart's content. If he is abrupt or looks savage, take it for granted he is stalled—and vanish.

MISS DIX IN KENTUCKY. We learn hy the Frankfort Commonwealth that Miss Dix has been successful in her application to the Legislature of Kentucky for the erection of a State Asylnm for the insane poor; a bill having been passed for the idcation of one in some part of the Green river country, also appropriating the snm of $10,000 to add to the building of the present Lnnatic Asylum.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. Amos Abbott for a copy of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasnry on the state of the finances, &c. Mr Abbott will please accept our thanks for forwarding to ns one of the most valnable public docnments ever published; it is invaluable for the statistics and the able views of its author.

GRACE CHUSCH, NEW YORK. This magnificent house of public worship was consecrated to the service of Almighty God, hy the Right Rev. Bishop McCosky, on Saturday last. It is one of the most splendid religious edifice on this continent. [Exchange.

Of coerse; the "*splendid*" system of religion is fast swallowing np that taught by him who was "born in a manger."

"The universal religion of Nature" is LOVE, manifested in the physical creation, by adaptions of powers and properties condecive to good; and in the moral universe, hy similar adaptions, expressed in the exercise of benevolence, kindeess, and a pere desire for the unalloyed happiness of all creatnres. [Loosing.

COOLNESS. President Wehber of Cambridge College, when salling one day with a company for pleasure, accidentally fell overboad. After sinking pretty deep, he at length came np, and raising his head above the surface of the water, he gravely observed, "It is expected, gentlemen, that you will hand me a rope."

☞ It is said that instructions have been sent to Mr Slidell, our Minister in Mexico, to again attempt to open negotiations with the government of Mexico, and if nnsuccessful, to demand his passports and return home. It is quite time that our position with Mexico should be nnderstood.

☞ At Dover, N. H., on Thursday night, a fire took in a room of the Cocheco company's factory, and several persons were injured hy an explosion of gas. There were some 20,000 feet of southern pine lumber in the room, to which the fire was confined.

COMMERCE OF NEW YORK. Twenty-eight and from foreign ports, 11 of which were ships, were entered at the Custom House, Friday, being the heaviest day for many years, and perhaps the heaviest ever known in this country.

GEN. JACKSON'S EPITAPH. The Union, Nashville, Tenn. says the following will be the epitaph on Gen. Jackson's tombstone:—"Andrew Jackson, born on the 15th of March, 1767,—died on the 8th of June, 1845."

☞ The N. Y. Tribune, in speaking of the N. H. Election says:—"Whigs of the Union, a glorious triumph has been won by *our* brethren!" Haleites, Abolitionists, the odds and ends of all factions are Whig brethren.

☞ I have it from authority upon which I can implicitly rely, that Mr Bancroft, having been advised to resign his office as Secretary of the Navy, and declining so to do, has received "notice to quit," and will in a few days be removed. [Washington Letter.

We have no fear that snch is the fact.

KINDNESS. "What! Mr Brown a hrnte! Why he writes to his wife every packet!" "Yes, he writes a parcel of finmmery nboet the agony of absence, bet has never remitted her a shilling. Do yon call that kindness?" "Decidedly, *unremitting* kindness."

☞ A boy at a school in the west, when called to recite his lesson in history, was asked "what is the German Diet?" He replied, "Sourkrout, schnapps and sausages."

☞ A Philadalphia paper says, "So great is the misery and povarty in this city that a child was born here the other day, whilst its mother was out of the house.

THE "BLOW OUT." The ever welcome 20th of March will this year be celebrated by lots of the young folks at Wentworth's Hall on that evening. Morse's Salem Brass Band has been engaged.

☞ Gov. Steele of New Hampshire, has proclaimed Thursday, the second day of April, for the annual humiliation, fasting and prayer.

THE LEVER, by the Mechanic's Phalanx, next Thursday evening, at Mechanics Hall, will undoubtedly be one of the nicest affairs of the season.

☞ Washington's Birthday was celebrated with commendable patriotism in the principal towns of Texas.

CHARMING MAN. A fellow who has a bow and a smile for every one abroad, and beats his wife at home.

☞ It is with little-eoaled people as it is with narrow-necked bottles: the less they have in them, the more noise they make in pouring out. [Ben Johnson.

☞ This is St. Patrick's day. We hear of no celebration in Lowell.

☞ The Town of Flanken has been captured by the Yankees, his agent at Charleston, S. C.

AWFUL CALAMITY.

We learn by the Telegraph from Concord, N. H., of one of the most awful and devastating storms it has ever been our lot to record. The storm took its rise near the outlet of Winnipisseogee Lake, taking a circuitous course mostly over the whole State, *sweeping* all before it. Trees were uprooted, houses blown down, barns, full of expectation, promising for years an abundance, were scattered to the winds in a twinkling. "Many distinguished individuals" of the State had their heads entirely smashed, and all their worldly hopes blasted in a day. The Patriot office, a large and splendid edifice, was almost entirely destroyed. In Strafford and Rockingham counties particularly, the storm was terribly furious. *Hale*-stones fell in all this vicinity as big as tea cups. The somewhat celebrated Jack Hale, was taken up by the storm, while actually speaking to an audience, and carried in a southerly direction, and has not since been heard of. It is expected if he should ever alight alive he will be found preaching the same doctrines as when taken up by the storm. But the calamity is too serious to speak lightly of. What is remarkable is this,—For *eighteen years*, although the weather has been at times variable, nothing like a storm has appeared within the borders of the State. In altogether one of the most terrible *Hale* storms that has ever happened in the Northern States. Such exhibitions are not uncommon in the Tropics but very rare in N. H. The whole population in Lowell were in consternation about the fate of their friends. The storm commenced with a little rumbling noise that sounded very much like the *distant voice of George Bancroft*. In a few days we will lay before our readers all the particulars of the terrible and unparallelled calamity.

The above was intended for our last, but received too late for insertion.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, March 9.

The report of the Committee on Streets on the petitions of Sidney Spaelding and others, Ethan Burnap and others, and George J. Tarr and others, having remained seven days in the City Clerk's office, were taken up and accepted; and the accompanying Resolutions were passed, viz:

Resolution grading Middlesex street;

Do. laying out and grading a street leading from Central street to Merrimack st., (to be called Prescott street.);

Resoletion to build a sidewalk on the southerly side of Tyler street.

A report of the same committee relating to a street leadieg from Fayette st. to Concord river was accepted in concurrence.

A communication from Thomas Nesmith relating to land for a House of Reformation, was referred.

A petition of Hannah Skinner concerning damage sustained by the alteration of Chestnut st.—Referred.

An Order was passed, in concurrence, authorizing the committee on the Superintendance of Streets to contract for plank for sidewalks.

Alderman Bancroft introduced an Ordinance relating to assessments for sidewalks, which was once read and referred to the committee on bills in the second reading.

Alderman Dalton offered an Order directing the City Marshal to notify the owner of a lot of land at the corner of Tremont and Moody streets that said lot is in a state of nuisance, and to cause the same to be drained forthwith. Passed.

An Order was passed for granting license to Fisk & Norcross to use a stationary Steam Engine near Middlesex street, and rescinding a form Order.

Adjourned to Monday evening next.

LATER FROM MEXICO. We have been permitted to make the following extracts from a letter lately received from Vera Cruz, under date of February 15th:

"Although the recent revolution has given much dissatisfaction to a majority of the departmental governements, the country remains quiet. It does not appear that General Arista has as yet declared against the authority of Paredes, though it is highly probable he will do so."

A rumor has reached here which appears to have some foundation, that Sonora, Sinaloa, and California, have pronounced against the government.

Mr Slidell is still at Xalapa. Our citizens and commerce remain unmolested.

There are at present before this place, French, English, and Spanish vessels of war. [Washington Union.

STEALING A SHEEP IN NEWTON. A few mornings ago a farmar in Newton who had "suffered some" before, missed a fat sheep from his flock, and suspecting a neighbor of his as being concerned in the trespass, went to his house early in the morning with a view to reconnoitre. There was no one present but a little shaver about 5 years old playing on the floor—of whom the visitor inquired:

"My little boy, can you tell me where your mother is?"

Boy. "Sheth down thellar."

Visitor. "Well, where is your father?"

Boy. "He 'ith down thellar there, thkinning a-thenap." (A sheep.)

The owner of the "*she-ep*" went no further, and on looking down the cellar saw the thief with the sheep hanging partly skinned, and the old lady holding the tub. [Boston Times.

MACCONNEL AND GREELY. Mac Connell, the drunken and disorderly Member of Congress, is a perfect half horse and half alligator. We alluded to his discreditable course a few days since. His disgraceful conduct was once spoken of in just terms of reprehension, in the Tribune. Mac was very indignant at this liberty with him, and swore he would whip Greely the first time he saw him. Soon after Mr Greely was in Washington, and was pointed out to him; whereupon throwing himself in his way, and facing him boldly, he asked if his name was Greely! "Yes," was the reply. "The editor of the Tribune!" "Yes," "Well, then, I'm going to have satisfaction out of you. You said I was a drunkard, a blackguard, and a disgrace to the House." "Yes, Mac., I did say so; and you know it is true—you know that you are drunk now." "That's a fact," said Mac. "And you know Mac," said Greely, "that you have talents enough to make a respectable man, but that you disgrace the House and yourself by getting drunk and playing the blackguard." "It's a fact," said Mac. "I know it's all true, and you're a clever fellow, and I'll be d—d to smash the truth! Come let's go liquor." [N. Y. paper.

MEANNESS. The Northampton Democrat justly says:

"A true specimen of meanness is exhibited by those persons who return papers to an editor, and desire them to be stopped, without paying arrearages, or even their own postage. Such meanness, editors have often to suffer, and also the loss of the *patronage* of such penurious scamps as will take a paper till the pay is demanded, and then discontinue it in a huff. To such noble *patrons* one may well say, '*Good ridance to bad rubbish!*'"

AN INFERENCE. A fellow was once asked what inference he could draw from the text in Job—"And the asses snuffed up the wind,"

"Well," he replied, "the only inference I can draw is this—that it would be a long time before they would grow fat upon such fodder."

☞ "Are you a son of Temperance," inquired a gentleman of a person who applied to him for employment.

"Why, no," replied the other, "I'm a son of Mary Beice!"

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, March 14.

SENATE. Mr Gray, from the committee on education, reported that it is inexpedient to legislate on an order relating to the privileges of children attending common schools. Accepted.

It was moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate refused to pass the bill to authorize the sale of estates of deceased persons. Laid on the table, to be called up hereafter.

The House bill concerning the attachment of shares in railroad corporations was debated and rejected without a division.

Leave to withdraw was reported on the petition of Samuel P. Dudley and others, of Shatesbury, for an act of incorporation for a hotel company.

HOUSE. Petitions presented—Of Sarah Nichols for an allowance on account of her late husband's services in the revolutionary war—of the Northampton Woollen Manufacturing Co. for increase of capital—of Charles L. Harding and others, for incorporation for manufactering purposes.

Report—By Mr Morris of Springfield, committee on the judiciary, that it is inexpedient to legislate concerning formal defects in the indictments.

Order adopted—On motion of Mr Ring, of Gloucester, that the committee on the judiciary inquire and report what title the commonwealth has to Ramsford Island, &c., and whether any measures are necessary to maintain the title.

House and Senate bills and resolves passed to be enacted—To increase the capital of the Bridgewater Manufacturing Co., to establish the city of Cambridge, to incorporate the town of Ashland, the Phœnix File Co., the Agawam Manufacturing Co., the Alger Iron and Steel Co., the Exeter and Eagle River Copper Company.

Another long debate was had on the bill to give additional chancery powers, in certain cases, to the supreme judicial court. It was supported at considerable length by Messrs Chandler of Boston, and Barton of Worcester, and Messrs Smith of Otis, and Mayhew of Edgartown, opposed it.

Monday, March 16.

In the SENATE, bills to establish the city of Cambridge, and to incorporate the town of Ashland, were passed to be enacted in concurrence.

A bill was reported to establish the Mount Holyoke Railroad Co.

A bill was reported authorizing the Boston and Providence Railroad Co. to construct a branch road from Attleboro' to the line of the State of Rhode Island.

In the HOUSE, bills incorporating the Newburyport Screw Manufacturing Co., Essex Co., Watertown Manufacturing Co., authorizing the Governor to appoint an Assayer of Ore, were passed to be enacted.

Several petitions were presented to prevent peddling.

Reports—To pay Henry Crink, Deputy Sheriff of Hamden County, $47, being expenses in arresting a horse stealer; Stephen Bates to be incorporated as the Temperance Hall Association of Dedham, had leave to withdraw.

The bill to establish the Lowell and Andover railroad company, was recommited.

A joint railroad committee has been created to consider railroad petitions, consisting of Messrs Beals and Maguire of the Senate, and Messrs Greene of New Bedford, Wilson of Natic, Bragg of Milford, Baker of Beverly, and Latham, of Williamstown.

The private matters in the orders having been definitely disposed of, the consideration of the bill giving additional chancery power to the supreme judicial court was resumed, and it was supported by Messrs Mears, of Boston, Hopkins of Northampton, Stevens of Andover, and Barton of Worcester.

The main features of the bill were opposed by Messrs Crowninshield, Sturgis, Wales and Seaver, of Boston, Gleason of Wayland, Taylor of Granby, Gridly of Amherst, Ladd of Cambridge, Bumhea of Plympton, and Mayhew, of Edgartown.

At 50 minutes past 1 o'clock, the debate had literally "soughed away," and the speaker proceeded to put the questions which had been raised during the five days the bill had been under consideration, in order:—

1st—On the amendment proposed by Mr Ladd, of Cambridge, to strike out the words "accident or mistake" from the second section; and the amendment was carried without division.

2d—On the amendment proposed by Mr Crowninshield, of Boston, to strike out the second or main section, entirely; taken by yeas and nays, and the amendment adopted—133 to 86.

Mr Gardner of Wales, now moved the indefinite postponement of the bill, which was carried without a count, and then the orders of the day were laid on the table.

Thus a stupendous lawyers bill has been killed after talking upon it for four days.

Mr Speaker Walley laid before the House the indecorous course conrse of the Senate in not sending a messenger with amendments to engrossed bill, &c, as provided by the rules and orders of the two branches.

CONGRESS.

In Senate, Thursday, March 12, the motion to print the report of the commissioner of patents came up and was debated by Ashley, Niles, and others.

Mr Jarnagin, of Tennessee, rose and read a portion of the leading article of the Washington Times of Tuesday, and offered a resolution, requiring that a committee be raised for the investigation of the facts in the case.

Mr Mangum denied, in the most explicit manner, the whole of these charges, so far as they affected whig senators. An inquiry, too, he reflected, was rather due to the British minister than to any body in this chamber. The hospitality of a great people should be his protection against defamation of this character.

Mr Speight supposed he was one of those aimed at, and denied most emphatically, any knowledge whatever of these things.

Mr Calhoun said he knew nothing respecting any alleged consultation upon Mr Colquitt's resolutions.

Mr Benton thought investigation altogether unnecessary, but would still cheerfully vote for it.

Mr Westcott would be ashamed of the senate if he supposed any member of it believed these charges.

Mr Berrien said the senators on his side of the house did not demand an investigation on their own account. For one, he should vote for this resolution, as furnishing a fit occasion for rebuking that licentiousness of the press which had now become so prevalent.

The resolution then passed without dissent. The committee consists of Messrs Jarnagin of Tenn., J. M. Clayton of Del., whigs, and Turney of Tenn., Benton of Mo, and Dickinson of N. Y., democrats.

Mr Atchinson then took the floor, and occupied it until the adjournment of the Senate, in advocating the passage of the resolutions of notice.

The Senate adjourned over to Monday, when Mr Calhoun has the floor.

The House had under consideration the consular system, revolutionary claims, gratuitous favors, Mexican indemnity, ports of entry, gold dollar, foreign surveys; after discussing all of which, the harbor and river bill was taken up in committee of the whole, and occupied the remainder of the day. Messrs Constable, [illegible], of Conn., Hunt and Winthrop, in favor of it, and Mr Cullen, of New York, against it in a sound free trade speech.

Tuesday, March 10.

In the House, a very meagre [illegible] at 11 o'clock. Toward the close of the sitting, Mr Douglass of Ill obtained the floor, and, in the course of his speech, said that the democratic party was pledged on the subject of internal improvement, as well as to maintain our right to the whole of Oregon.

Mr Seddon asked him if he intended to say that Mr Polk was subject to any reproach from the democratic party for having offered the compromise on 49.

Mr Douglass replied, in effect, that the offer having been rejected, the President would no longer have any excuse for accepting or offering such a compromise.—But, whatever was the fate of the Oregon question, Mr D. said it should not influence his vote on the tariff and internal improvements.

Saturday March 14.

In the House, Mr Hopkins, from the committee on Post Offices, reported a bill to abolish the office of the three assistant postmasters. Read twice, and referred.

Mr C. J. Ingersoll, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a bill to enforce certain provisions of the treaty with Prussia.

Mr Yancey rose and made an explanation of his remarks against "pretended democrats."

The house then went into committee of the whole and took up the River and Harbor Bill.

Mr Houston, of Del. spoke in favor of the bill, and pointed out the necessity of the improvement proposed at Newcastle, Del.

Mr Baker, of Ill., next spoke. He was in favor of improving the Illinois.

Mr. Bayly spoke against the bill and in favor of free trade.

FRESHET ON THE MERRIMACK. The recent rain and melting of the snow have caused the Merrimack to rise to about its highest point. It is now free from ice, from Nashua to Newburyport. The mills were stopped yesterday, on account of back water. To-day they have commenced running, and by to-morrow they will probably all be going again—as the Merrimack rises and falls very rapidly. The water here rose nine feet above low water mark. We have heard of no damage being done on the river from the rise of the waters, except at Haverhill; where we learn that the ice formed a dam, which raised the river to an unparalleled height. The water went up to the second story of Hale's factory, and filled the cellars and kitchens on some of the principal streets—the ice was piled up in large masses in the streets, and thus did much damage to the buildings. Little River bridge and several small buildings were swept away. The Boston papers of this morning say the streets are navigable in boats; but that the river is fast falling.

GREAT FRESHET NEAR PHILADELPHIA. The Philadelphia papers give reports and reaches of great destruction of property on the Susquehanna, Schuylkill and Delaware rivers.

On Saturday, the Schuylkill at the Fairmount Dam, was nearly a foot higher than the freshet of Dec. 1841.

At ALBANY, N. Y., there has been, also, a great freshet, submerging the whole lower part of the city, and doing much damage. The water rose 6 inches above a high water mark, made 44 years ago, and which had never been reached since till now.

LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

In the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

AN ACT concerning wilful and malicious Injuries to Personal Property in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Every person who shall wilfully and maliciously destroy or injure the personal property of another person, in any manner, or by any means, not particularly described or mentioned in the one hundred and twenty-sixth Chapter of the Revised Statutes, shall not be alleged to exceed the sum of fifteen dollars, be punished, by imprisonment in the county jail, or house of correction, not more than thirty days, or a fine not exceeding fifteen dollars.

SEC. 2. Every justice of the peace shall have jurisdiction, concurrent with the Court of Common Pleas in his County; and the Police Court of the City of Boston shall have jurisdiction, concurrent with the Municipal Court, of the aforesaid offence. Provided, however, that the party convicted before such justice, or Police Court, shall have the right to a trial by jury, on his appeal, as in other like cases.

Approved by the Governor, February 24, 1846.

AN ACT concerning prosecutions for violations of By-Laws.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

In any complaint, prosecution, or other process founded upon the By-Laws of any town or city, no part of such By-Laws shall be required to be recited or set forth, but the offence may be described therein with the degree of certainty required in prosecutions upon public statutes: provided that nothing herein contained shall affect the degree or kind of evidence required at the trial, of the existence of such By-Laws.

Approved by the Governor, February 28, 1846.

THE INDUSTRIAL REFORM LYCEUM,

Will commence a *Course of Six Lectures* on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at the City Hall. Rev WILLIAM H. CHANNING will give the introductory lecture. Popular speakers not accustomed to speak in Lowell are engaged for the course.

☞ Tickets for the course 25 cents. For sale at the Bookstores. Per order the Committee.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Elecuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—and no external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it—it is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a cooling mild medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wskpfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

MARRIED,

In Concord, Mr Isaac L. Hosmer to Miss Mary C. Swain.

In Newton, Lower Falls, March 11, Mr George Fuller to Miss Margaret J. Treasr.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending March 14, 1846.

March 10, Elizabeth Davis, 84, old age; 12, Margaret Parnell, 5 mos., bowel complaint; 12, Hannah Benson, 13, typhus fever; Charles N. Freeman, 2 mos., cankar; Mary H. Stickney, 1 mo., spina bifida; Joseph Farrell, 3 years, lung fever; 14, William Barrett, 2 mos., lung fever; Catherine White, 4 mos.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, March 15, at the residence of J. B. French, esq., Mr Luther French, formerly of Billerica, aged 79.

In Dracut, Feb. 28, Mr William Austin, a Revolutionary soldier, aged 92 years and 10 months. His funeral will be attended by all his children, and a great number of grandchildren. [New Hampshire and Vermont papers please copy.

In Acton, widow Susan Faulkner, aged 72.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a large Common Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with one adjoining anti-room about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. ALLEN,
GEO. FALKNER,
H. GOSS,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON LOCK,
Committee.

March 17, 1846.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated External *Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, In the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 12, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wilkes, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Hopper, Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.
I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.
1ya&pdec16

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Blowing Out Ball!

MR GANSON announces that he will give a grand Ball on the evening of FRIDAY, the 20th inst., at *Wentworth's Hall*.

Having engaged the *Salem Brass Band*, and made other extensive arrangements, he hopes the entertainment will give the highest satisfaction.

☞ Ticket $1.00. Refreshments furnished by Mr Cheney. 2mar17

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced toner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Insolvent Notice.

THERE will be held the second meeting of the creditors of STEPHEN LANIGAN, of Billerica, an insolvent debtor, at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Master in Chancery, on Central street, Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said insolvent will apply for his discharge.

The subscribers have been duly chosen Assignees of said Lanigan's estate, and all property and rights of property of said insolvent are to be paid and delivered to them forthwith.

B. F. BUTLER, } Assignees.
THOMAS TALBOT, }
March 13, 1846. 3mar14

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 80, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand, Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order, on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of land on Adams street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for Mechanics or other persons wishing to build. Owner leaving, as the lots range from [illegible] to 150 dollars. Two or three houses [illegible] this spring.

[illegible] large two-story house [illegible] good repair, and convenient for one or two families, with a two-story Wood-shed, and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Wanted Immediately

A JOURNEYMAN [illegible] Also, a Boy [illegible] to learn the trade, [illegible]
FRANCIS HARDWICK.
[illegible], March 2, 1846.

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Fashionable Amusement—Performances Commence at 8½ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 9, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8½.

The performances will commence with the splendid Military Drama, in two Acts, by Mrs Charles Gore, entitled —

THE MAID OF CROISSEY: Or, *The Cross of Gold.*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Atkins, Cross, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Hessorose Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Patriotic Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

YOUNG AMERICA!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Bradley, Davis, Cross, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar10

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 6, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in said County, carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Calvin Honey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the second MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Honey and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
mar10 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Assignees' Notice.

THE undersigned have been appointed Assignees of the estate of EBENEZER WEBSTER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor. The second meeting of the creditors of said Webster will be held at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, esq., Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order.
HENRY SMITH, } Assignees.
CYRUS K. MORRILL, }
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 3tmar14

Insolvent Notice of John Taylor.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth meeting of the creditors of JOHN TAYLOR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, within and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the Assignees will produce a full, just and true account of their receipts and expenditures in relation to said insolvent's estate.

Per order of said Master in Chancery,
JOHN CURRIER, } Assignees.
JOHN MEAD, }
Lowell, March 10, 1846. 3tmar12

Assignee's Notice.

THE creditors of HEZEKIAH FERRIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am duly appointed Assignee of said Farrin's estate, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be holden on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, on Central street, in said Lowell, at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims.

R. LAPHAM, Assignee.
Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of SULLIVAN ROBINSON, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Robinson will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said Robinson will apply for his discharge, and creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, March 11, 1846. 3mar12

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Balch's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,
Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.
Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the elements of English Grammar and Geography. mar12

Fresh Vegetable Purifying Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions, and promoting regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure. And the most convincing proofs of their virtues are the wonders which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

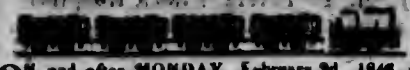
The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, on [illegible] the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon [illegible]
ISAAC HORNE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 2, 1846.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will ran as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will ran as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., an arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction ie Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M, and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot to Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per toe.

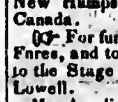
ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Wednesday next.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜



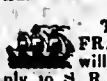
The superior fast sailing copperd Ship RIALTO, *Chase*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m11

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.

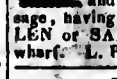


The fast sailing packet Schr. JAMES FRANCIS, *Morris*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m16

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

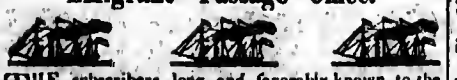
With Dispatch.



The packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, *Tillinghast*, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m12

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British American.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can present daily and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,
36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above line, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, No. 9 Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

☞ OFFICE, No. 9, Middle Street. [illegible]
Close [illegible]

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use, or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only safe cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Information Wanted!

OF a gentleman who had a conversation in Durant's Grocery Store, Market street, Lowell, some time in May, 1845, concerning property that had been left to Widow Teal or Steele, of Londonderry or Derry, New Hampshire, by friends at the South. The individual referred to is supposed to reside in Lowell; and, should this advertisement arrest his attention, he will confer a great obligation by leaving his name and place of residence, and such particulars as he may possess concerning said property, at this Office, or by addressing a letter through the Postoffice to

JAMES C. STEELE,
*Stadvmar12 Windham, N. H.

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bugley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same *immediately* to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. tfeb14

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISION OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
John. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.	

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.; ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in Cash	Bonus to extinguish premium	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$955 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 56
			849	693 3	309 54	45 76	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec18

D'Aubigne's History,

VOLUME FOURTH. This Volume will be ready for delivery in Lowell, by J. JUDKINS, 28 Central st., on *Monday*, March 9th. Illustrated with two fine steel portraits, one of the Author, and the other of Luther as he appeared before the Diet of Worms.—The Author, in the preface to this volume, says—

"Of all property that a man can possess, there is none so essentially his own, as the labors of his mind. Man acquires the fruits of his field by the sweat of his servants; and of his beasts of burden; and the produce of his manufactures, by the labor of his workmen and the movement of his machines; but it is by his own toils, by the exercise of his most exalted faculties that he creates the productions of his mind. I know that it is written in the consciences of those on the Channel and of the Atlantic: 'Ye shall have one manner of law as well for the strangers as for one of your own country: for I am the Lord your God.'"—Levit. xxiv. 22.

It will of course be borne in mind, that in my editions the author has one half the profits, of all that are ordered or sold, previous to the publication of any rival edition.

ROBERT CARTER.
New York, March 5, 1846. mar9

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 23d day of March present, at 12 o'clock, m., all the right and title that GEORGE W. SHAW, an insolvent debtor, in and to the following real estate on the sixth day of December last, to wit: a certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situated on the Northerly side of Pine street, in Lowell, containing four thousand square feet, bounded as follows—beginning at the southerly corner of the said lot and at the south-westerly corner of land of one Cheney; thence running northerly by the westerly side of said Cheney's land eighty feet, to land of some other person; thence turning and running westerly by land of said other person fifty feet; thence turning and running southerly by land of William Livingston eighty feet, to the northerly side of Pine street; thence turning and running easterly by said Pine street fifty feet, to the place of beginning;—Being the same land conveyed to George W. Shaw by William Livingston by deed dated October 24, 1845. The said premises will be sold, subject to a mortgage to John W. Shaw for $1600.

By order of the Assignee,
E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale,

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold w, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Groceries, &c.—At Office.

On SATURDAY next, March 21, at 10 o'clock, a. m., Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Raisins, Salt Fish, Salmon, Scaled Herring, Coffee, Soap, Brooms, Painted Pails, Whips, Candles, &c., &c.

At 2 o'clock, p.m.,—Horses, Carriages, Harnesses, &c. One black Horse, warranted sound and kind—a fine figure and fast trotter.

One second hand Elliptic Spring Wagon, made by Day, Whitredge & Converse, of this city.

One second hand Harness.

A 7 o'clock, evening,—An invoice of Gold and silver Watches. (Particulars hereafter.)

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

H. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most severe or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the fortunate excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited, if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the universal celebrity of its principal constituent, should in some measure recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (late proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

Also, H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell, and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely new and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This combination has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shanard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 18, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 196 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr. Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, in better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To Dr CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

HART JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor:—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 29, 1845.

Agueism and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Captain Andrew J. R. Tomlin, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 78 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since he began to fail in general weakness and lassitude of frame, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as common bleeding, &c., were recommended, but happily after Dept Tomlin had been given up by the doctors, with a severe dysentery in the system, which apparently denied and on consultation his physicians pronounced his case to be time of recovery. He was soon unable to walk, and could not without assistance even turn over in bed. The family of Dept Tomlin were unable to procure the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and on application a pair of Rings were procured, and a pair of Bands for the limbs, and a bottle of Fluid. In twenty-four hours after the Rings were put on, a great change was perceptible in the system, and perspiration broke out. In four days he was walked to quite his arm and has his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pear street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise two times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. &bb&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment to a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jen20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN B. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. C. Sherman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 70 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1,

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept22 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Dr. E. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as—

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full bloomlag glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjae22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper, [illegible] Fleas on plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. aplylnor3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burst off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 25,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,000 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very respectfully,

GILMORE & CHAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mo4yeas18

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be surpassed has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands, who seek their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to the happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder; pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From those have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in Medicines generally. nov4 4ly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-House, Commercial street, a few doors from Paich & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES,

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by prompt use and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845. sep6tf

Manual of Music.

REPORT on Congregational Singing, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confession of Faith, adopted in 1680. Both published and for sale by [f20] JUDKINS, 20, Central st.

GREAT

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books; and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phase Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Penny Pic, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonetypy and Phonography, or Speedier Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

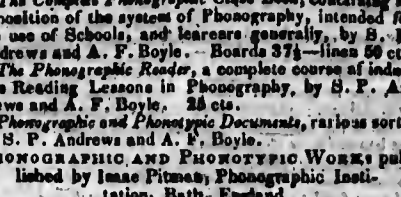
☞ Booksellers, school teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs.*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in oreptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents,

In Lowell, Dr. Dunbury, C. P. Stetson, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Sargent, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Geo. W. Coburn, John Wells, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, Jesse Tuttle; Burlington, Geo. Glanton; Chelmsford, B. Fletcher; Dracut, Francis Potter; Framingham, O. H. Whitney & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Cady; Hopkinton, L. Davis, T. Daniels, R. Monroe; Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Shattuck; Littleton, Dan'l Nutting, H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Bigelow; Pepperell, A. D. Coburn; Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Sweetser; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Westford, Daniel Parker; Stowe, P. & T. Rice; Winthrop Robinson, Westminster, E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Hunnewell; Townsend, Joseph Bland, Esq.; Tyngsborough, J. C. Frazer, B. G. Wilson; Westford, Henry Gilling, Wilmington, Wardin & Howard; West Boylston, Mechanic, Wilder & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Jacobs Saunders & Co.; Bedford, Thos. Hosier, Collection, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 34.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

—Agent of the—

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IS FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL. sept8

E. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 30, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

W. E. Tabor,

PIANO MANUFACTURER,

[redacted] opposite the City Market

[redacted] made to order, or by the quarter. Cash paid for good [redacted] timber.

Old Pianos and Tunes put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug21tf

Manover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

—No. 20, Hurd Street,—

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds

jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the

sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4



N. W. Ryan,

Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845.

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mercoes, Damasks, Table Cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Bed Pillows, Ottomans, Orchard, and various Upholstery articles.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Book Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Prescott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. raug8

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little interior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

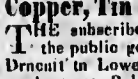
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs. Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Purify the Blood,

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form; is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system; whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1jan29

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid; while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptious, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, liliseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint; I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I. Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. e&p1youg30

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in living, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present blushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c. Beware of all of these!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jno. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a18a&r6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Aiken bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6mos&pdec20

PURE WILSON'S Lights and Shades of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

From the Boston Daily Star.

NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

REPORT OF A LECTURE DELIVERED BEFORE THE BOSTON LYCEUM,

BY REV. R. WALDO EMERSON.

The subject of this lecture was Napoleon, or the Man of the World. In looking, said Mr Emerson, among the prominent figures of modern history for some man, who, more than any other is fit to express the average character and aims of the nineteenth century, I find myself irresistibly drawn to BONAPARTE. He is not the best or the worst man, but the best known.—His character, his peculiar positions, and the extent of his power, render him a complete expression of the thought and belief and aims of the masses. Indeed, we cannot better uphold these aims to view, than by seeing them exaggerated in this colossal individual. It is an assertion of an eminent student of Natural History in modern times, he has been before remarked, that every organ is made up of homogeneous particles; every whole is made of similars. Thus the lungs are composed of infinitely small lungs, the livers of infinitely small livers, the kidney of infinitely small kidneys. Following this out, it may safely be affirmed of any man who carries with him immense power and the affections of a vast party, that he stands as the representative of that party. If Napoleon is France, if Napoleon is Europe, it is because the people he swayed were of the same kind, were little Napoleons.

In our society, there is a standing antagonism between the conservative and democratic classes; between those who have made their fortunes and wish to keep them, the owners of land and money and stocks, and those who are seeking to acquire property; between the interests of dead labor, that is, the labor of hands long since in the grave, and the interests of living labor which seeks to possess itself of land and money and stocks. The first class are selfish, haters of innovation, less numerous than the other, and always lessened by deaths. The second class are ill-natured, bold, selfish, always outnumbering the other, and increasing every hour by birth.—This is known as the workingman's party; the business men, the class of industry and skill. I do no injustice to this class in calling Napoleon its representative. Mr Emerson considered that the traits possessed in common by the party and the man, point out Napoleon as the incarnate democrat. He possessed the virtues and the vices of this class, above all, its spirit and aim, that being the employment of material energy to secure a material and sensual success; conversant, indeed, with vast intellectual power, but sternly subordinating all intellectual and spiritual forces of material advancement. God—says the Koran—has granted to every people a prophet in their own tongue. Paris, London, New York, waited for their prophet; Bonaparte was qualified and sent. I cannot but think, that every one of the million readers of his memoirs and biographies, delight in the page because in it is his own history. He is attracted to Napoleon because every thing about him is so thoroughly modern; he finds in him the very spirit of the newspapers. He was no saint, to use his own language, no Capuchin, not a hero in the highest sense. The communitarian sees in him the citizen who rose to the throne. But closer observation and a nearer view will show that all the elements of character which are agreeable to the habits and tendencies of the nineteenth century, this wonderful man possessed. It is a true mark of Napoleon's power of addressing himself to a particular class, that he becomes not only the representative but the monopoliser, the usurper of other men, as Mirabeau was, before him. Mirabeau plagiarised every good thought and good word spoken in France, and used it as his own. The lecturer referred to a remarkable instance of this. Some one heard Mirabeau speak in the French Chambers, and wrote for his amusement a peroration to the speech. Being somewhat pleased with it, he informed Lord Elgin of the attempt, and produced the composition. Lord Elgin approved it, and it was shown to several others, and at last to Mirabeau himself. Upon seeing it, Mirabeau declared his intention to incorporate it in the speech of to-morrow. Impossible, replied the author, I have shown it to Lord Elgin and to several others, and the attempt would be instantly exposed. If you have shown it—replied Mirabeau—I shall still speak it—and he did, for like all great persons he was of opinion that the things which his presence inspired were all his own, and much more with it, especially, as he himself said, since his adoption of them gave them weight. Much more than Mirabeau, Napoleon by the vastness of his powers and this representative character, becomes at last the recipient of all the knowledge and wit even in the country. He is the great agent, he gained the victories, he levelled the Alps, all the savans report to him. He plans not only the best measures and has the best thoughts, but every expression and every sentence of his deserves reading, as it is the writing and speech of France, and of no one Frenchman.

Let us look a little nearer at the qualities and powers of this extraordinary man. He was the idol of common men, because he possessed the talents and powers of common men in a transcendent degree. There is a certain satisfaction in coming, thus, to the lowest ground of politics, because here, at least, we get rid of cant and hypocrisy. In common with that great class which he represents, he wrought for material success; he wrought for power and wealth, not honest power and wealth, but power and wealth, however obtained. His own views were well represented in a speech which of the French Chambers addressed to him in behalf of the Senate, in 1804—Sire, the desire of perfection is the worst disease that ever affected the human mind. The word, liberty, was always used as a word of contempt in the mouth. The defenders of liberty and of human rights were ideologists. Necker was an ideologist. La Fayette was an ideologist.

An Italian proverb, pretty well known, declares that—"If you would succeed, you must

not be too good." It is an advantage within certain limits to renounce the sentiments of piety and honesty, since what was before a barrier may now become an aid in the attainment of our ends. As the river which, in Summer, was an insurmountable obstacle, becomes in Winter the smoothest of roads. Napoleon renounced, once for all, the sentiments and affections, and would help himself with his hands and his head. He was a worker in brass, and wood, and iron, and always, too, a wise master workman. He has not lost his natural sense and sympathy with things; men give way before him as before natural events. The farmers, and laborers, and smiths, are practical workers, their work is real and solid; but we see in it only power and skill, not thought and generalisation. Bonaparte always added to the materist and animal force the power of insight and generalisation. It was as if the sea and the land had taken flesh and began to cypher. The land and the sea presuppose him; they own and receive this cyphering operation who always knows what he is working with, and knows their product. He does not guess, he feels and forces his way.

The art of war was the perpetual game he studied. It consisted, with him, in bringing more forces then the enemy on the point where he attacked. He marched always on an angle and destroyed in detail, so that by bringing two against one, he might overcome the most formidable and the largest body of men. The times, his own constitution, and the circumstances of his position, combined to develop this democrat in the highest degree. He had the virtues of the great clans which he represented. That common sense which delights in the use of means, that simplicity in their direction, and the prudence with which all was guarded and tempered, make him almost the greatest man of history.

Nature must have for the greatest share in every success. So it is. Such a man wanted, and such a man is born. A man of iron, who could sit on horseback sixteen days, possessing the speed and spring of a tiger in action, not embarrassed by any scruples, governed by a selfish prudence. Such was Napoleon. My hand of iron—he said—was not at the extremity of my arm, but immediately connected with my head. He knew how to value and admire nature. He saw that he owed every thing to her, and not to himself. This was the reason of his favorite allusion to this star, and he, no doubt, pleased himself as well as his readers, by styling himself the "child of destiny." They charge me, he said, with crimes; men of my stamp do not commit crimes. I marched with the opinion of great masses, and with events. Of what use, then, is the charge of crime? My son could not replace me; I could not replace myself. I am a creature of circumstances. He was born strong, and like every realist, is terrific to all talkers and truth observing persons. He was strong according to the true measures of strength, by insight. He never blundered into victory, but won his battles in his head, before he won them on the field.—In 1796, he writes to the Directory—I have conducted the campaign without consulting any one; no good comes of confiding your plans to other persons.

History is dull, to this day, of the imbecility of kings. They are a class of persons much to be pitied; they know not what to do. The weavers strike for bread, and the king and his ministers meet them with bayonets. Napoleon and his ministers knew their office better. Here was a man who always knew what to do next. Few men hand any *next*, but live from have to month. Had Napoleon's ends been public and not egotistical, he had been the first man of the world. As it is, he inspires confidence in the beholder as to the possibilities of man. He sacrificed every thing to his aim; always had a system. He saw that incidents should not govern politics, but that politics should govern incidents. He knew that to be hurried away by every political event, was to have no system. Thus, his victories were only the doors to further achievements. He knew what to do next. He marched right on to his purpose. He would shorten a straight line to come at his object. Many anecdotes are related of him to prove that he was blood thirsty and cruel. Mr Emerson denied this. He was not blood thirsty or cruel, but no to him who stood in his way. He took no pleasure in bloodshed, but was not sparing of blood. He allowed no obstacle to stand in his way. Sire—said an aid de-camp to him, during the progress of a battle—General Clark cannot form a junction with Junot, on account of the terrible fire of the Austrian battery. You must carry the battery. But, Sire, every regiment that approaches is sacrificed—what new orders? Forward! forward! The lecturer quoted, too, from the memoirs of one of his officers, the account of the transaction at Austerlitz, during which a large body of Russians had been driven upon a frozen lake, within reach of the artillery. When the Emperor came up, he said to his officers—You are losing time, and commanded them to fire upon the ice. In spite of all remonstrances, he was inexorable, and after an ineffectual fire, from the larger pieces, some light howitzers were brought to bear upon the lake, and in ten minutes, five thousand Russians and Austrians were drowned. Many like anecdotes are told of him, some true and some false, but they illustrate the character of the man.

In the plentitude of his resources, all obstacles vanished. There shall be no Alps, he said, and he built his perfect roads, climbing by galleries their dizzy heights, till Italy was brought near to France. He laid his bones to, and worked for his crown.

We like to see every thing do its office after its kind, whether it be a milch cow or a rattlesnake. If battles are the best way to settle every thing, as most people, even now, believe, then let us accept Bonaparte as the best representative of this kind of power. His grand principle of war was, that the army should always be ready, day and night. He never economised his ammunition, but rained iron upon the enemy, and sent bullets in showers, and ponred squadron upon squadrons till he succeeded in his aim.—At Lodenstein, two days before the battle of Jena in addressing his troops, he said—My lads, you must not fear death; when a soldier braves death he drives him into the enemy's ranks. Mr Emerson spoke, too, of his skill in extracting himself from many desperate situations in the Italian campaign—of his being left in the marsh at Arcola, and of his being brought off from the field of Marato, &c. He was engaged in sixty battles, and had never enough. Each new victory was a new weapon. My power—said he—would fall, were it not for new achievments. It was established by conquest, and by conquest alone can it be maintained. He said that as much life is wasted for conservation as for creation. Men are only saved by invention and courage.

This prodigious vigor was guided and tempered by personality. A master-built in attack, he was held as invincible in defence as Fabius. His idea of defence was not contemplation still to appear thus disturbing party. My ambition—he said—was great, but it was cold and calculating policy. In his conversation with Las Cases, upon profession, he said that he had rarely met with that trait in the warring kind, which always anticipated and prepared for difficulties, and he himself was eminently gifted with this two in the morning kind. Every thing depends on the alacrity of his arrangements. The stars are not more punctual than his arithmetic,—

* * * * * Before battle he never thought of what he should do in case of victory, but much of what he should do in case of reverse. The same prudence and good sense marked every thing he did. He gave orders to his Secretary, before retireing to his chamber, not to wake him except it were necessary. If good news came, he did not hurry, there would be time enough to consider that; if bad news, instantly, for then no time was to be lost. From the same principal, too, he adopted the dangerous expedient with regard to his burdensome correspondence, to leave his letters unanswered three weeks, knowing that in that time much would dispose of itself. This enlarged the power of the man. Ulysses, Justinian, the Czar Peter, had not a tithe of this man's foresight and calculation. Perhaps the most striking example of his prudence consists in his not introducing names, before the thing had existed for some time. The Empire was not named so till long after its establishment.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1846.

EXTRACTS FROM A LETTER OF MR SIDNEY HOMER, OF BOSTON, TO HON. EDMUND BURKE, IN REPLY TO HON. ABBOTT LAWRENCE.

Before giving the extracts from Mr Homer's letter, we wish to say that the Boston Mail's statement that Mr H. had written a personally disrespectful letter to Mr Lawrence, is untrue—Mr H. having written no letter whatever to Mr Lawrence. We feel called upon to make this statement, having not denied the charge that he had so written, (from want of knowledge as to the fact) in our notice of the Mail's statement that Mr H. had written such a letter, and had suppressed an important fact about the improvements in machinery, by which a girl could weave two pieces of goods at eleven cts. each, as quick as she could nse when she received fifteen cts. per piece. We denied Mr Homer's suppressing any such fact as stated by the Mail, as an such fact existed. We now deny the other statement of the Mail, that Mr Sidney Homer has written a personally disrespectful letter, or any letter, to Mr Lawrence. We hope the Mail will not call upon us again to dispute its' assertions, but will maintain its own charges by publishing Mr H.'s letter to Mr L., (if he can find one) or by any other means. The affirmative of a question should be *prima facie*, made out before the negative is called upon to do any thing more than to deny. Mr Homer has written a letter to Mr Burke in reply to Mr Lawrence, from which we make the following extracts, and to which the Mail must refer if it refers to anything; but it contains no disrespectful word towards Mr Lawrence, unless it is disrespectful to refute the arguments of a man in his position. The Mail may so view it, but we know of no position that justifies a man in preaching false doctrines, or that makes it personally disrespectful to expose such doctrines, if it is done in respectful language, though strong and plain.

Perhaps it may not be amiss to state, though we have before done so, that a girl does weave much more cloth now, from improvements in machinery; or rather introduction of a new system, compelling her to tend three looms instead of two—than she did previous to 1842; but the pay per piece, has been so much reduced that a girl makes less wages now than then, notwithstanding the increased work performed. The labor of week hands has been increased in quite as great a ratio as the job hands, and in some cases in a much greater ratio; yet like the job hands they get less pay now than then.

We should be pleased to publish the entire letter of Mr Homer, and would were it not that our columns are at this time somewhat crowded; though there is not the same necessity of publishing it at length now, as when it was written, because a considerable portion of it is devoted to Mr Lawrence's argument, that inasmuch as the English pursue the restrictive policy we should also pursue the restrictive policy; which argument has lost even its sophistical force, now that the English propose to adopt free trade principles.

The Mail has retracted its statement about Mr Homer having suppressed a material fact in relation to wages here; perhaps it will now take back its other statement, which, though not so important, is no less untrue.

BOSTON, January 31, 1846.

Hon. Edmund Burke:

DEAR SIR: In this morning's Courier, I find a letter on the tariff, from Mr. Lawrence to Mr. Rives, dated the 16th instant, copied from the Richmond Whig. As it is evidently written with a view to influence the members of Congress and the public, it will not, I hope, be deemed presuming for one holding contrary opinions to attempt an answer.

By your admirable essays upon the tariff, you have shown a deep interest in the subject of equal duties, and great industry and research in collecting facts and arguments; and I trust you will give to the public your own reply to Mr Lawrence's letter. In the mean time, as an humble co-laborer in the cause of a just mercantile system, I proceed to give my own views upon the subject.

* * * * * *

Were it not for the established truth, that controversy, in some form or other, is one of the conditions of progress, we should all shrink from these unpleasant controversies, and the fatigue of refuting arguments which have been answered over and over again for the last century and a half.

As long ago as 1691, Sir Dudley North advocated the following principles:

"That the whole world, as to trade, is but as one nation or people, and therein nations as persons.

"That to force men to deal in any prescribed manner, may profit such as happen to serve them; but the public gains not, because it is taking from one subject to give to another. In short, that all favor to one trade or interest is an abuse, and gets so much of profit from the public."

It appears that then, as now, there were parties interested in maintaining monopolies and privileges, and that this pamphlet was suppressed; but, fortunately, some few copies escaped destruction.

Addison wrote, in 1711 (see Spectator, No. 69:)

"Nature seems to have taken a particular care to disseminate her blessings among the different regions of the world, with an eye to this mutual intercourse and traffic among mankind, that the natives of the several parts of the globe might have a kind of dependence on one another, and be united together by their common interest."

* * * * * *

Mr Lawrence mentions the increased amount of imports consequent upon reduced duties—that is, the increased quantity of clothing and other necessaries and comforts of life which the people of the United States will receive under a low tariff. This, to a certain extent, is doubtless correct. He then asserts that the exports are not likely to increase with the imports.—*This is an entire fallacy.* Exports will increase about in the same ratio as imports; and for proof of this, against Mr Lawrence's unsupported assertion, I refer to the arguments of Adam Smith, Mill, McCulloch, or of any of those writers who have devoted their lives to the study and elucidation of trade. *Specie will not be exported to any extent*, unless the banks improperly extend their liabilities.

* * * * * *

Mr Lawrence asserts that "no appreciable quantity of cotton can be shipped to England even if the tariff should be repealed." This is evidently an error; the history of the consumption of cotton in England is proof to the contrary, it being as follows:

	Pounds.
In 1790	30,574,374
1810	126,018,487
1830	265,426,476
1845	626,476,000

The enormous quantity of 625 millions of pounds weight of cotton, of which above 600 millions were from America.

There is no reason to presume that this consumption will not continue to increase; on the contrary, it assuredly will do so, if, as Mr Lawrence estimates, the quantity of goods manufactured for the American market is to be so enlarged.

This additional supply of goods will require both cotton for their manufacture, and a large shipment of provisions to feed the operatives.

Most certainly there will be increase of exports of cotton, of provisions, and of all the various articles that are shipped from this country. Consequently, additional employment for planters and farmers, increased value of cotton lands and western farms, additional freights for American shipping, and all the profitable results of equal duties.

We have in this a striking proof of the great argument for freedom of trade, viz: *that an increase of purchases is necessarily followed by an increase of sales.*

That New England will continue to enlarge her manufactures and consumption of cotton is doubtless correct. Mr Lawrence proves the truth of this, by his own statement, that in foreign ports, where we have no protection, American goods successfully compete with foreign, and it is perhaps surprising that in face of this fact he should continue to contend by every means in his power, through the press and in Congress, for a continued high tariff.

I am aware that he holds out the idea, that respect for the South and West prompts him to this course; but he can safely leave their interests to the care of such minds as Mr Benton, Mr Calhoun, Mr Walker, and others.

Our northern farmers may demand his care, and ask him why wool is admitted at a duty of five per cent.? Coarse wool, to be sure, *when it passes the custom-house;* but after washing and sorting, it is found fine enough to interfere materially with American wool.

The farmers and cattle-dealers throughout the country may inquire why foreign hides pay only five per cent.

* * * * * *

Mr Lawrence mentions the duty on flour at Rio Janeiro to be $5 to $6 per barrel; but upon referring this morning to the Brazilian tariff, I find the duty upon "flour" to be only twenty-five per cent. or about one dollar and fifty cents per barrel. We might presume Mr Lawrence to be wrong in his arguments, but are somewhat surprised to find him so *careless* or *misinformed* in regard to his facts.

Respecting the outcry about the frauds of foreigners: one would think Mr L. was a citizen of the Celestial Empire, where all foreigners are barbarians, or that the old nursery-song of Fe, Fi, Fo, Fum was ever present to his mind.

I am no friend to foreigners or foreign customs, and wish our people did not so closely imitate their follies and fooleries in the way of liveries, crests, and other silly and un-American fashions; but I disdain to increase the prejudices of citizens of this country against nations from which we have descended, and from which have come many of the noblest men the world has yet seen.

Nor can I forget that the principal cases of fraude upon the revenue in Boston, for many years, have been by American houses.

This danger of smuggling is one of the strongest arguments against a high tariff; and, without doubt, the revenue loses much more from this cause than is generally believed; for, what revenue force can guard our immense coast and frontiers against "those correctors of extravagant legislation, (as Sir Robert Peel once called them) the smugglers?"

As to ad-valorem duties, and frauds consequent thereon, a home valuation would do much to lessen such frauds; and being in trade in 1842, when the home valuation was in operation, I am satisfied that by a little practice, and by correspondence and samples from the different ports, the system will be found very practicable.

The crisis which Mr Lawrence depicts as a consequence of low duties, is now gathering, and will come, unless something is done to restrain the banks from over-issues, tariff or no tariff.

These commercial difficulties are not in consequence of low duties or high duties, but arise almost entirely from an erroneous banking system. If such panics and crises do come, it will be no satisfaction to the southern planter, or the western trader, that a northern manufacturer holds the mortgages over their estates rather than a foreigner; nor will it solace the impoverished people to know that, had they been able to purchase their goods at the cheapest markets, there would have been no need of the mortgage and poverty.

Mr Lawrence denies that wages have fallen, but I have a letter from Lowell stating that the girls now only receive eleven cents per piece for weaving the same cloth for which they were paid fifteen cents in 1842. He also states, that in 1841 and 1842, on account of the low tariff, the wages of the females at Lowell were reduced to $1 50 per week, and at the present time the average wages of the same number of females is $2 per week. On referring to the annual statistics of Lowell manufactures, compiled from authentic sources, and printed and published at Lowell, I find the average wages of females for the year exclusive of board, made up to January 1, 1842, to have been $2 per week; and on same authority, of January 1, 1845, the wages average $1 75 per week; and also the average wages of males to have been eighty cents per day, by the list of 1845. Facts are stubborn things, and go far to prove that a high tariff is of little or no advantage to the working people in the factories, but that the owners derive the great profit of this tax upon consumers. The unwillingness of the owners and capitalists to allow the operatives here in the profits has been clearly shown in the Massachusetts legislature within a few days, where a proposition of a democratic member to divide the factory stocks into shares of one hundred instead of one thousand dollars, so as to allow the work people a better chance to be stockholders, has been reported against by a committee.

As to the threat that "we can and will work fourteen hours per day," Mr L. will find that the work people have a voice in this matter, and that the fathers and brothers of the over-worked operatives have the same right at the ballot-box as himself; and I hope, ere long, they will discover that a silk dress and a French hat are but poor compensation for loss of health and beauty.

* * * * * *

One of the chief causes of our national prosperity and advancement is the freedom of trade between distant and extensive sections of this country; and could this area of the freedom of trade be enlarged so as to embrace the whole world, could all nations be brought to believe that their wisest course was to freely interchange their various productions, then would follow a rapid advance of wealth and greatness, a cessation of wars and international disputes, and a general rejoicing of the great and the good of all nations.

This may be called transcendental philosophy; it may differ from the lessons of prejudice and selfishness; but it does in no way transcend the precepts of Christianity.

SIDNEY HOMER.

MIKE WALSH dates a bulletin from Blackwell's Island, in these words:

"My friends must excuse me for not attending the several balls for which I received special invitations during the early part of last week, as I was confined to my room on the nights in question, although my own opinion is that my health would not have suffered a particle from exposure to the night air.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY was celebrated in Boston by the various Irish Associations. Among the sentiments proposed at the festive board of the Charitable Association, were the following:

Our Native Land—We will remember THEE in all time of our prosperity, and thine OPPRESSORS in the day of vengeance.

Our Adopted Country—Baptised in thy liberty, strangers become thy foster-children, and Aliens are lost in freedom.

The Constitution of the United States—Awarding its patent of nobility to MERIT, and not to BIRTH, it aspires to be the Magna Charta of freedom to all mankind.

The Charitable Institutions of the United States—May Liberty proclaim to the world, "These are my jewels."

The President of the United States—We can be LOYAL to him, and still be FREE.

Washington—His name is the boast of humanity; the fruit of his victories the heritage of man.

The Wives of Erin—The chaste patronesses of a BLESSED UNION, the fruits of which will repeal the ACCURSED UNION.

Governor Morton being among the guests, was called up, and spoke eloquently (says the Boston Times) to the sentiment of the third toast above:

"He expressed his thanks to the company for this and past favors. He said he should not be able, as the gentleman on his left could (Mr Calhoun), to boast of having Irish blood in his veins—yet he had a heart to feel for the wrongs of Ireland, and to sympathise with her sons in their struggles for political independence. They were entitled, of right, in this country, to all our civil and religious liberties. They were guaranteed to them by our national Constitution. He rejoiced in their two last toasts—they met his entire approbation. Their Society had been organized for over one hundred years, and was a charitable one—yet, after all, he could see but little use in having one—for Irishmen, individually, were every where charitable to one another. He referred to the great subject of toleration, and the provisions of the State Constitutions with regard to it; and observed that he did not like the word toleration, which meant permission to enjoy a particular religious belief. We might as well say, the Catholics tolerate us, as we the Catholics. No government had power to give us what was our right."

CONGRESS.

Monday, March 16.

SENATE. Mr Benton, from the select committee, read the reports relative to the charges in the Washington Times. The report shows that every specification made in that paper, about collusion between Senators, was utterly false. The report says, that "the charge in all its bearings is a contemptible falsehood," and recommends that the publisher, editor and reporters of the Times, be excluded from the Reporters' gallery.

Several Senators made explanatory remarks in regard to the report, and expressed their approbation of it. All the members of the committee concurred in the report as to the falsity of the charges in the Times.

The points made were: 1st, that there was a dinner at Mr Pakenham's, at which many whig Senators were present, and at which corrupt propositions for the settlement of the Oregon question were made; 2d, that a meeting of Senators was held in a committee room of the capitol, on the Friday before the sailing of the Cambria, at which it was agreed that a vote upon Mr Colquitt's resolutions should be taken in time to be sent out by the Cambria; 3d, that a count of Senatorial noses had been had.

All these charges the committee found unsupported by proof, and they were utterly false. The persons by whom the charges were made, had referred to some witnesses as their authority. These witnesses, on being produced, failed to corroborate any thing charged.

The report was unanimously concurred in.

The Oregon resolutions were next taken up.

Mr Calhoun (who had the floor from Thursday) said he should speak to the proposition for giving of "the notice," and should say nothing upon the question of title. He said if England would come back with the offer to make the 49th parallel, the boundary line, there would be no impediment to its acceptance by Congress, though the President had said nothing of this in his message. Mr C. explained why he and his friends opposed giving the notice. He hoped and trusted that a proposition was even now on the way to England, which would receive the assent of the British cabinet.

HOUSE. The seats were nearly empty, the members having been attracted to the Senate to hear Mr Calhoun's speech on Oregon. After organizing, the House went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill.

Mr Ewing, of Tenn. spoke in favor of the broadest principle in making internal improvements.

AN EXTRAORDINARY ELOPEMENT.

In consequence of fair promises of marriage, a young lady of Oakbotville, Mass., was induced to elope with a young man of that place. They took French leave, and went straight on to Buffalo as fast as the steam horse could whirl them there. On their arrival at that city, they took rooms at one of the first hotels, and the young man told the unsuspecting young girl that he had sent for a minister, who would soon tie their destinies together in the "hard knot" of matrimony.—But then, poor creature, came a bitter disappointment—a destruction of the airy castle hope had built. Under this comforting assurance, and taking advantage of her confidence in the near approach of the consummation of all her fondest anticipations and brightest dreams, the faithless villain attempted to accomplish the ruin of the fair girl whose affections he had won and who had given convincing proofs of her attachment to him, and reliance on his promises. But the fellow was baulked in his infamous design. The vigorous resistance of the poor girl and her cries for help, brought assistance ere her strength failed her. The landlord burst into the room, and soon received a frank and honest statement of all the circumstances from the girl.—His measures were quickly taken. At his request the weeping girl left the room; then locking the door, he said to the faithless heartless fellow—"Now you contemptible scoundrel, bring me all your baggage and open it." The command was obeyed. "Now," he added, "strip yourself of all your outer garments, hand them to me." This order was also obeyed.—He then searched his trunk and pockets, and taking therefrom all the money that he could find, amounting to about $60, he returned to the fellow his clothes and when he had dressed, gave him a hint to leave the house that he was not slow to take. He then gave the girl all the money, and putting her in the safe charge of a friend, sent her home to Cabotville. He has since received a letter from her, thanking him heartily, in the name of herself and her parents, for his timely aid in rescuing her so effectually from an unmitigated villain.

The landlord has his reward. We trust the false-hearted seducer will receive the full punishment his villainy merits. [Albany Citizen.

HORRIBLE MURDER NEAR AUBURN, N. Y. The house of Mr Van Nest, a farmer and supervisor of the town of Fleming, on Owasco Lake, about four miles from Auburn, was entered on Thursday night, about half past 9 o'clock, by some one in the disguise of a negro, and Mr Van Nest, his wife and child were stabbed by the villain, and are now dead; his mother-in-law and hired man were also stabbed, but are yet living. The man succeeded in keeping him off with the broomstick, and saved his own life and that of Mr Van Nest's mother-in-law, but he is badly wounded. [Albany Argus.

A slip from the Auburn Tocsin confirms the truth of the above monstrous butchery. Besides Mr Van Nest and his wife and child, who were killed, the mother-in-law, Mrs Wykoff, and hired man, Van Andale, will doubtless die of their wounds. The murderer is supposed to be a negro man by the name of William Freeman, who was sentenced five years since to the State prison for horse-stealing. Upon his trial, Van Nest, or some one of his family, is said to have been a witness against him, and this act was one of premeditated revenge. The devil, incarnate cannot escape; persons are on his trail, and he will be taken. Mr Van Nest was 36 years old, had been supervisor of the town, and was esteemed by all who knew him.

The murderer has since been arrested.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. All but two towns are reported in Hill's Patriot. The majority against Mr Williams is whittled down to about *eleven hundred;* and the majority of the combined forces in the House, the Patriot says, cannot be more than *six*, and perhaps only *four*. To the Senate, democrats are elected in districts 4, 8, 10, and 12—in districts 1 and 2, others are chosen. No choice in 6 districts.

The democrats have given their candidate nearly *ten thousand* more votes than the whigs have polled, and yet the latter are shouting "*Victory!*"

THE WATER BILL. "The bill" says the Boston Advertiser, "for supplying the city of Boston with pure water has passed the Senate, with slight amendments, and has been printed by order of the House.—We trust it will pass that body without serious opposition. It invests the city with the authority necessary for the attainment of the object, in a manner which we conceive is sufficiently guarded against abuse, by securing to all persons whose property shall be taken or injured, an adequate remuneration. After the passage of the act, it is to be submitted to the citizens for their approbation in ward meetings, and if disapproved by a majority of those who vote thereon, it will become null and void."

☞ In the House of Representatives of Tennessee on the 28th ult., Mr McDougal reported for the select committee on the Manufacturing resources of the State. This report contained a letter from D. S. Morgan, of Nashville, giving an estimate of the amount of capital invested in manufactures, as follows—In the production of Iron, $4,100,000; in cotton and woollen mills, $900,000; in hemp and other factories, $380,000—total, $5,380,000.

THE LOWELL ACADEMY, under the direction of Mr E. F. ADAMS, will give a "Third Aniversary" entertainment at City Hall, to-morrow (Friday) evening. The programme of exercises looks inviting, and the names of about 20 persons appear in connection with the parts. We have no doubt the entertainment will be a very pleasant one.

☞ A meeting of the friends of Temperance was held last evening, at which our Mayor, Dr. Hautington, presided; and it was voted that it is expedient to hold a TEMPERANCE FESTIVAL at City Hall, on the evening of the 24th inst. A general committee of arrangements, composed of gentlemen and ladies, numbering about 100 in all, was chosen, and are notified to meet at the Reading-room over the Post Office, to-morrow (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Speakers from abroad are expected, and every effort will be made to ensure an entertainment which will be pleasant and creditable to the friends of Temperance in Lowell.—Particulars will be given hereafter.

☞ At Baltimore, the wife of Mr James A. White, whilst laboring under an aberration of mind, cut a gash in the throat of her child, of which she had been delivered but ten days ago, severing the windpipe and left jugular vein, of which wounds it expired almost immediately. She also cut her other child severely, but not fatally.

☞ The Washington Union says, the statement that Mr Bancroft had received "notice to quit" the cabinet, is false from beginning to end, *and we know it to be so.*

INFANTICIDE. The body of an infant was found in Frye's Mill Pond, yesterday morning enclosed in a bag, with a stone to sink it, and having its throat cut. A coroner's jury was summoned and an inquest held, and the physician who was called gave it as his opinion that the child was born alive and was from one to three days old. [Salem Register.

☞ THE CONNECTICUTT ELECTION takes place on the first Monday of April. The democratic candidate for Governor and Lt. Governor are Isaac Toucey, and Noyes Billings. The whig candidate for Gov. is Clark Bissell, the present Lt. Governor.

FROM OREGON. A Honolulu paper of December, announcing an arrival from Oregon, reports that the Colonists were discussing the propriety of declaring their independence. They claim all up to 54 deg. 40 minutes.

☞ The Toronto Globe, (Canada) discussing the free trade policy of Sir Robert Peel, demands free trade for the Province, a liberal Constitution and railroad facilities *to the United States.*

☞ They are playing a first-rate bill at the Museum, this week. An hour may be agreeably spent there.

☞ "Truth crushed to earth will rise again." It is not so with eggs—generally speaking.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, March 17.

SENATE. Sixteen bills and two resolves were passed to be enacted, and they all received the signature of the President.

The bill providing for the punishment of murder, came up in order, and Mr. Wells, of Suffolk, spoke an hour and a half on the subject, and holds the floor for to-morrow.

HOUSE. Reports—A bill was reported authorizing the Collectors of taxes to seize and sell railroad shares for the non-payment of taxes in the same manner as other property; also a bill providing that in suits where the defence of usury is established, the defendant shall recover full costs and three fold the unlawful interest taken, and that so much of the 35th chapter of the revised statutes as is inconsistent with the act be repealed.

Passed to be engrossed.—Bills incorporating the Dedham Land Co.; Neptune Steam Mills, proprietors of Northfield Bridge; Peterboro' and Shirley Railroad Co.; and the State Mutual Life Assurance Co.

Wednesday March 18.

In the SENATE, after prayers, and the passing of bills to be enacted, bills were reported to increase the capital stock of the Northampton Woollen Manufacturing Co.; to incorporate the Millville Manufacturing Co.; concerning state papers and alien passengers, (ordered to be printed); reducing tolls on Chelsea bridge.

Mr Hopkinson reported a new draft of the bill to establish the Lowell and Andover railroad, (ordered to be printed and read a third time); and the bill to incorporate the South Shore railroad company, with certain amendments, ordered to be printed. Adj.

In the HOUSE. Reports—By Mr Blanchard, of Lowell, committee on probate and chancery, a resolve on the petition of Timothy Bagley.

By Mr Bell, of Boston, committee on the judiciary, that Senate bill concerning manufacturing corporations ought not to pass. The report was accepted, and the bill rejected accordingly.

Passed to be enacted—Senate and House bills and resolves, concerning private ways in Fitchburg, to establish the dividing line between [illegible] and Williamsburg, and to incorporate [illegible] Co., the Neptune Steam Mills, [illegible] at North Chelsea, and on the petition of E. E. Sewall and John H. Pillsbury and others.

☞ Merrimack and Concord rivers are falling.

NEWS BY THE NOON MAIL.

TWENTY-TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By Extraordinary Express from Halifax!

The Boston Times received this morning, by their own extraordinary express, the Hibernia's news in advance of her arrival at Boston. We have room for but few extracts.

Willmer & Smith's Times does not contain quotations or extracts from any of the English papers relative to the Oregon question. We infer from this that the leading London papers have not had much to say upon the subject of late.

Mr O'Connell is in very ill health. He is so feeble that he enters the House upon the arms of his son, John, and once or twice when he essayed to speak, his voice was so feeble that he could scarcely be heard.

There have been several extensive failures in London and Liverpool. In the latter place one house, Messrs. Stockdale & Sons, the most extensive soap manufacturers, it is said, in the world, have suspended payment. Their liabilities are little short of half a million of money. The failure was owing to the tightness of the money market, and to their consequent inability to negotiate their paper. This great failure has seriously involved several firms, and has dragged down some half dozen smaller houses.

PEEL'S NEW TARIFF BILL. *Immense majority of ministers.* The debate in the British Parliament on Sir Robert Peel's tariff measures was brought to a close on the 28th of Feb., after a powerful speech from Mr Cobden, on the weakness of the protectionists, numerically and politically. The vote was as follows:

For Sir Robert Peel's motion,	337
Against it,	240
Majority for the motion,	97

Wilmer & Smith's Times says, this majority is too potent for the landlords to struggle against. The safety of the measure is insured; and our trans-atlantic readers, engaged in commerce with England, may rest satisfied that Peel's commercial policy will become the law of the land. There will be wrangling, there will be delay, but there will not, cannot be defeat.

The Times gives an account of a terrible battle in India, in which the British sustained the known loss of 3,300 brave soldiers, including the gallant Sale, Sir J. M'Kaskell, and Major Bradfoot. When these accounts left the scene of action for Bombay, for transmission to England, there were several regiments from which returns had not been received, so that a further loss may be calculated upon.

Fifty European officers have fallen.

The enemy's loss is variously estimated at from 25 to 35,000 in killed and wounded.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, March 17.

Bridget Holland, for stealing a gold chain, sent to the House of Correction 3 mos.

Wednesday, March 18.

Mary Nelson, a vagabond, sent to House of Correction 3 mos.

Thursday, March 19.

Morris Quinn, Thomas Quinn, Thomas Quinn, 2d, and *James Bagley*, were fined $10 each and costs, for assault on Michael Kennedy.

☞ Mr CHANNING gave an excellent lecture last evening, before the "Industrial Reform Association" of this city. The City Hall was nearly full of people. Hon. ROBERT RANTOUL lectures before the Association next Wednesday evening.

☞ Thanks to Hon. EDMUND BURKE, for a pamphlet copy of his admirable articles on the tariff—the same which were published over the signature of "Bundelcund" in the Washington Union.

DESPERATE PASSION. "Pete, what makes you look so awful?" "Jake, I'm agitated, and unless my spirits are soothed, I shall do something desperate, I know I shall—*I—I'll rush out and tear a board off the pig pen!*"

TERRIBLE CALAMITY AT BUFFALO—$100,000 *worth of property destroyed.* We are informed by a passenger who left Buffalo this morning, says the Rochester Daily Adv., Extra, of March 15th, that the city was visited by a fearful calamity last evening at 7 o'clock. About the time the ice in the Creek gave way, and came down like a perfect avalanch, carrying everything before it! Between the foot of Main street and the Lake, there were some 15 or 20 canal boats, every one of which had disappeared, no one knew whither, but it is supposed, were jammed together between the steamboats, and completely demolished!

Every steamboat lying in the Creek, was more or less injured, except the Clinton and Indiana.

About 20 schooners were lying in the Creek, and every one of them has been greatly damaged; some completely demolished.

It was generally supposed, when our informant left, that there were a considerable number of individuals on board of the canal boats which have disappeared. If so, the loss of life on board these and the steamers must be great.

Of course it is impossible to estimate, with any degree of accuracy, the damage done, but it is supposed to be not less than *one hundred thousand dollars.*

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Eliscicary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (198 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is no internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Ag dliver, S. Higgins. 3aov1 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MURRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wd&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

DIED,

In Groton, March 14, Mrs Mary G., wife of Jonathan Blood, aged 76.

In Tewksbury, March 17, Mary Ann Moor, aged 23 years. [Funeral to-morrow, (Friday,) at 2 o'clock, P. M.

In Pelham, N. H., March 13, Mr Josiah Pearson, aged 74 years.

The writer, who has been acquainted with the subject of this notice for several years, bears testimony—as all will who have known him—to his many virtues as a Christian friend, and to his exemplary deportment as a christian. His life has been a living exhibition of [illegible] by the Son of God, in whom he was a sincere believer. He fleeted to the eternal home of the dead and mouldering tenement his dust! Religion and consoling love perpetuate the memory of virtuous and pious in posterity, many of whom have had their hearts so enamored down to praise—and together, by his many virtues, have attested a more worthy encomium in their admiration of his surviving companions and friends. May we cherish the virtues of the pious dead, that we both and [illegible] may partake of their [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 18, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN.

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To Dr CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a most equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Appleny and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt. Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 78 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude of frame then, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr Christie W. Brandreth, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as cupping, blistering, &c., were recommended; but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, without any premonitory symptoms. On recovery he noticed that the whole of his left side appeared dead; and his constitution has gradually progressed his case to be that of confirmed Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself, was unable to articulate distinctly, and was generally helpless. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for their gratification Dr Brandreth visited the patient. A pair of Rings for the hands, and one bottle of the Fluid, in twenty-four hours after using them, restored the paralyzed limbs to the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 20 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a1ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been extremely troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electory. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement on her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jon20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agency in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. G. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec18

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 79 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sep29 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take this present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning mirertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind,—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and here the effect is a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be led from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. s&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 25,000 dollars, notes 15,000 dollars, and money 1,300 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 8mdnyan18

Highly important to all Invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and soundieg and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to this happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being; the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels.—Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep12tf

Manual of Discipline.

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648; and the Confession of Faith, adopted in 1680; now published and for sale by [(26) JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Bonrds 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of industrious Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ashworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—81¼

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speedier Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

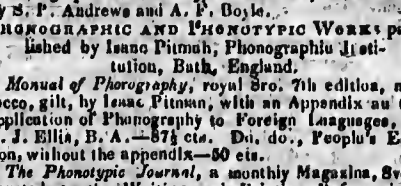
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who perchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, is in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the illness is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and when there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mrs. Ducsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Sagendorf, J. G. Ayer, Louis N. Tawer, Con. st., John Dove, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, Jonas Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, C. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Crie, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Maynard, Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bell, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Merriam; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Aaron Forster; Stowell, E. & T. Rice, Winthrop Rollstone, Wenham, Geo. E. Clark; North Tewksbury, E. Kittredge; Tewksbury, Joseph Blood, Emery & Brown; Topsfield, J. C. Proctor, S. Co., Wilmington, Eastman, Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, E. F. Hayes, Noah Richards, Mathews, White & Dearborn, E. B. Angier, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Sybel; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6ly

TRI-WEEKLY

LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, 1846. VOL. II.—NO. 35.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if paymsut is delayed 6 months frum the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday moreing, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertisting.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *speciol* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one squaro, to be changod semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rntes. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Booketore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, *Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,*

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTMEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

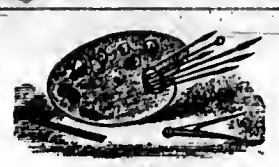
Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 *Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.*

jan21 ty

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. novt5

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Soldering and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds Pumps, and all kinds Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.

jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

EATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Druett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

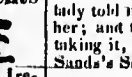
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO., No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjant7

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scurfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptyang20

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam.* Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsom," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer, and by apothecaries generally. n13a&p6m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages in order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

From the Boston Daily Star.

NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

REPORT OF A LECTURE DELIVERED BEFORE THE BOSTON LYCEUM,

BY REV. R. WALDO EMERSON.

[Concluded.]

To these gifts of nature, Napoleon added the advantage of a common birth. In his later days he was to sagacious not to be aware of the dept he owed to its austere education. He had great contempt for "these born kings, these hereditary asses," as he styled the Buurbons. "In exile, they learned nothing and forgot nothing." He never lost sight of his rise from the rank of citizen, and was always characterised by the habits of the middle class. Every one who dealt with him, felt that he was dealing with one who was not his inferior in any department; felt that he was not to be imposed upon, but could cypher as well as any other. He knew the circumstances of the Grand Duke of Milan, and the income and style of living of the governor of Cairo. When the accounts of the palace debts were brought to him, he looked over the bills, and detected great overcharges and errors, and reduced the sum total a considerable amount.

Napoleon, had thus, a strength by nature and by circumstances; still the grand weapon in his hands, the secret of his power over the millions he directed, lay in his representative character. He interests us only as he stands for France.—The spirit of the revolution, and the industrial masses found an organ and a leader in him. He threw himself, naturally, on the side of labor.—An incident at St Helena illustrates this.—Walking in company with a lady, they met some slaves in the road carrying some heavy baskets; the lady ordered them to keep back, but Napoleon replied, "respect the burden madam." In the time of the Empire, he embellished the market place at considerable expense, contending the market place was the Louvre of common people. Witness, too, the roads he built, and the improvements he projected, all tending to their benefit. The French do not march, but run, said the terrified Italians. The best illustration of the interest and sympathy of his troops, may be gathered from the promise, made to them before the battle of Austerlitz, that he would keep his person out of reach of the enemy's fire. This, the reverse of the ordinary custom of generals, is sufficient to explain the confidence and devotion of the army to their chief.—But though there was this identity in general between him and the mass, his power is felt and acknowledge not only as their leader, representative, but even when he decimates them and by his conscriptions drains the sources of their life. People felt that no longer was the throne occupied, and the land stocked by a small class of legitimists shut out from all common feeling and interest with the cultivators of the land; but that this vampire was hurled from their breasts, and that one of themselves was placed in the seat, having and wielded a power of their own

The day of selfish, narrow policy was ended; the day of experiments was come. Brilliant prizes glittered before the eyes of the young and talented. The old worn feudalism of France was suddenly changed into a young Ohio and New York. And even when many of the people began to ask, whether they had gained anything by these exhaustive levies, and the boundless ambition of their new master, the whole talent and intellect of their country defended him as their champion and chieftain. In 1814, when he was advised to seek support from the upper classes and the nobility, Napoleon said—My only nobility is the rabble of the Faubourgs.—Like every strong spirit, he felt a wish to measure his power with master minds, and continually complained of the lack of men. He was impatient of fools and of mediocrity. During his Italian campaign, he exclaimed—Good God, how rare men are; there are eighteen millions in Italy, I have with difficulty found two men. And in his later years he says—"Men deserve the contempt with which they inspire me. I have only to put a little gold lace on their collars, and sternest republicans will do what I wish" This imputation of levity to the mass, is only an indirect tribute of respect to those few whom he was compelled to except. Fox and Pitt, Carnot and La Fayette, could not be confounded with the mass of his countrymen. And in spite of his contempt for most of his contemporaries, acknowledgements are always made of the merits of his chief officers—Lannes, Durco, Dessix, Kleber and Augereau. If he felt himself to be their patron, and the founder of their fortunes, as when he said—I have made all my generals out of mud, yet he could not hide the satisfaction he felt at the reflection that they were worthy of his esteem. After his Russian campaign he said—I have two hundred millions in my coffers, and would give all for Ney. The characters he drew of his officers, at St Helena, though not satisfactory to the vanity of the French, are just to their prominent merits. I know—said he—the debth and draught of water of every one of my generals. In fact, every species of merit was sought and rewarded under his rule. Seventeen men were raised to the rank of Kings and Dukes, the cross of the legion of honor was always rewarded to personal valor, and not to his relatives. When soldiers have been baptised in the fire of the battle field, said he, they have all one character in my eyes.

There is something in the success of nature, which excites universal sympathy. When a natural king becomes a titular king, then all men rejoice. As intellectual and moral beings, we feel the electric shock when material power is overcome by the intellectual. As soon as we are removed out of the reach of local and party prejudices, *man* feels that Napoleon does his work. This capacious head, revolving such vast trains of affairs, that eye which looked through Europe, what strange sensations must they not have awakened; what events of romance are adequate to illustrate these striking adventures.—Mr Emerson spoke of the romantic elements in Napoleon's mind. Before the pyramids in Egypt he says—Forty centuries look down on

from these awful summits. He declares—Had Aere fallen, I would have changed the fate of the world. After the battle of Austerlitz, he speaks of the army's presenting him with a "magnificent bouquet of forty standards." Perhaps he should be blamed for his love of dramatic positions. He liked to have kings wait in his ante chamber. At his coronation, he turned to a person who had advised Josephine not to marry him because he had nothing but his cloak and his sword, and said—"Well, have I nothing but my cloak and my sword now?"

We cannot, amid the universal imbecility of men, sufficiently congratulate ourselves on this ready actor who took occasions by the beard and showed a virtue above all possibilities, and superior to all obstacles. Take him before ambition had made him mad, and he might stand for the incarnation of prudence—a prudence which consisted in the exercise of plain common sense, instead of adhearing to ordinary rules and customs.

The lesson he teaches, is the lesson which vigor always teaches—that *there* is always room for it. What heaps of cowardly doubts does not this man's life answer. It was the idea, in Napoleon's time, that there could be nothing new in war; as it is new in philosophy and religion. Always, in the belief of society, the world is used up. Napoleon knew better than society, and knew that he knew better. All men *know* better than they *do*. Really, they believe that society has a higher end than go-carts and baubles and primers. Napoleon knew the prejudices of other people, but did not care a bean for them, he snapped his finger at all objections. For instance, the passage of the Alps in Winter had been described by all writers as impossible. But Winter, says Bonaparte, is not the most unfavorable season for crossing the Alps. The snow is firmer then; there is no danger from avalanches, which are most to be feared. On the tops of the mountains, too, there are very fine days in December, and the skies always clear.

We have not sufficiently characterised this deputy of the nineteenth century, until we speak of his natural tastes for topics removed from war and peace. He delighted in intellectual pursuits, and reading was a favorite recreation with him. On his way to Egypt he proposed, after dinner, discussions upon some question of religion, or war, or government, and generally chose the disputants who should debate both sides.—Oftentimes, a question of philosophy would be raised, such as the origin of the world, the truth or falsity of presentimeot, the interpretation of dreams. Once, in a letter to Josephine, he related a conversation he held with a certain Bishop, on religion. The particular points in questions were the doctrines of Hell, and of salvation out of the Church. "I disputed like a devil," said he, "on these two points, but the Bishop was inexorable." He readily yielded assent to the objections against religion from its connection with the world, but would not hear of Materialism. Bourienne relates that, on one fine night on the voyage to Egypt, there was an Atheistic discussion on the deck of the vessel, in Napoleon's presence. Pointing to the stars, he said—You may talk as much as you please, gentleman, but who made them? In the time of the Empire, he patronised and honored scientific men, but men of letters he slighted, calling them mere manufacturers of phrases.—For medicine he had not much respect. Leave off your remedies; life is a fortress which you or I know nothing about. The whole science he looked upon as a collection of perscriptions, and taken together, productive of more danger than use. Water, air and cleanliness were the only remedies he confided in. His accounts of his battles are as good as Cæsar's. The most grateful portion of his history are the accounts of his leisure, where we see his taste for all excellence and genius. In these hours we find a striking example of the universality of genius. He delighted in theatical entertainments, and loved to frighten Josephine and the ladies by the representation of characters, which in a dim light, he would assume.

I have described Napoleon as the agent and attorney of the middle class, pursuing to material success, aiming to be rich. These he is.—He is the agent for destroying the old prescribed order: he is the internal improver, the opener of doors and markets, the subverter of monopolies and all abuses. Of course, the rich and conservative do not like him. England the representative of monopolies, was against him, and Egypt which holds on to antiquity. He was the great representative of the middle class. He had the virtues of that class; we must not be surprised if he had its vice also. We are sorry the picture has its reverse side. He pressed forward for purely external success, without any scruple about means. Bonapart was singularly destitute of the generous and noble sentiments. In a highly cultivated age, he scarcely find the merit of common honesty. We find him meanly stealing from Kleber, and other of his generals, to enhance his own fame. He was a boundless liar; his papers and bulletins were proverbial for the falsity of their statement; and what can hardly be believed, we find him in his old age, studying, by deliberate alterations in dates, &c., to throw around his deeds a false eclat. Like all Frenchmen, he was fond of stage effect. His allusions to his star, his love of glory, his immortality of fame, are all French. To make a great noise was his favorite design. With him, a great reputation was a great noise, —the more noise there is made the farther it is heard. His doctrine of immortality was fame. "There are two levers for moving men," said he "interest and fear. Love is silly infatuation; friendship a name. I love nobody, not even my brothers; perhaps Joseph a little, from habit, and because he is my elder; and Duroc, for he is stern and inflexible. I beleive the fellow never shed a tear. A man has no true friends. Leave sensibility to women; men should be firm in heart and purpose, or have nothing to do with war." He would steal, poison and drown; was intensely selfish and perfidious; indulged in low gossip; cheat at cards, and open letters. He interfered with the dress of women; would often listen incognito for the applause and praise of the crowd. He had no true respect for women, but treats them with great familiarity, and had a habit of pulling their ears, and pinching their cheeks. To show his familiarity, too, he would often pull men by the whiskers. It is not certain that he listened at keyholes, or that he was ever caught at it. But every one who ever had any intercourse with him felt that he was not dealing with a gentleman at heart, but with a rogue. In short, he fully deserved the epithet he received, of a "scamp Jupiter."

In descending the two great parties of the world, and in saying that Bonaparte is the representative of the Democrats, the class of business, against the Conservatives, I committed what is material to the statement. This difference is a difference of young and old. The democrat is a young Conservative; the Conservative is an old democrat. An aristocrat is a democrat ripened and gone to seed. Bonaparte represents the party which gives supreme value to property, and has all its habits. The counter party still waits its true representative.

Gentlemen, ladies, this instructive history has its moral. Here we have an experiment of intellect unsupported and uncheked by conscience. Never was such a leader so endowed, never leader had such followers. And what was the result of these decimated millions, this wholesale slaughter, that demoralized Europe? They came to no result. All passed away like the smoke of his artillery, and left no trace behind. He left France smaller, poorer, feebler than he found it, and the whole contest for freedom must be begun again. France served him with her life and her estates as long as her interests could be identified with him. But after men saw that victory was but the preparation for war, that they could not spend what they had earned, that they could not lie in down-beds, and sit in their chateaus, they deserted him. Men soon found that this absorbing egotist was fatal to all other men. I can compare his influence to nothing but the torpedo, which contracts the hand, and numbs the arm of him who touches it, and then, by a succession of shocks, completely paralyses, and at last, kills its victims. So the perpetual tendency of his exorbitant egotist is to absorb the power of existence of all others. It was this which led people, generally, to exclaim in 1814 —Assez de Bonaparte, enough of Bonaparte.—Napoleon failed. He did what he could to keep himself. It was not his fault, but the nature of things, the eternal law of the world, which called and ruined him. Every similar attempt that is founded on property, and that appeals to selfishness. The pacific Fourier will be imbecile as the foolish Napoleon. Mr Emerson had no faith that any system would win, which has such a narrow basis and which fences in its good. Only that good profits, which we can taste with all doors open, and which profits all men.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, 1846.

HON. CHARLES HUDSON'S SPEECH.

The Courier publishes a very long speech of this gentleman, recently delivered in the National House of Representatives, to prove that the proposed change in the commercial policy of Great Britain, about to be carried into effect, will injure the agricultural interest of this country, particularly at the West. It is a fact never to be lost sight of, in considering the honesty and merits of a whig speech intended to operate upon the tariff policy of our own country, that, for a long course of years, down even to the time of Hon. Abbott Lawrence writing his first tariff letters to Hon. Wm. C. Rives, almost coming down to the day of the arrival of the first news that Great Britain was to adopt the free trade policy, the whole whig posse, Abbott Lawrence and this same Charles Hudson included, were making it a serious, important and principal objection to the modification of our tariff that Great Britain would not admit into her markets our bread stuffs, and other agricultural productions, except under an enormous duty. Then, the English markets for our agricultural productions were of the greatest importance; and for depriving us of the advantages of them, we must pursue towards them the same policy they pursue towards us—meet restriction by restriction—cut them off from our markets because they did us from theirs. But now, their markets are of no value to us; nay, a positive injury; and for *injuring* us, by opening to us their markets, we must retaliate and injure them, and ourselves much more, by still continuing our restrictions. What a "change has come o'er the spirit of their dreams!"

Mr Hudson, as likewise Mr Lawrence, is now attempting to show that the duty the British imposed upon wheat and flour was an advantage to us because our wheat and flour found their way to the English markets, through Canada, at a less duty than wheat and flour from other countries. Let us admonish them that whatever advantages are derived in this way will inure to the Canadians. They get the advantage of the difference between the tariff upon colonial and foreign wheat, and not we, who sell to the Canadians. The fact that we export wheat and flour direct to England proves this position. But if the fact was as Mr Hudson assumes, that by the present tariff of England, we get the benefits of the difference between foreign and colonial wheat, and by that means are enabled to partially supply the English market, against the cheaper wheat of some of the European countries, still there are other products that, if a free British market is opened to them, will immensely more benefit the agricultural interest than any advantage we get by running wheat through Canada. There are beef, pork, hides, tallow, butter, cheese, lard, bacon, hams, rye, oats, barley, beans, peas, buckwheat, Indian corn, and the whole list of agricultural productions. Great quantities of Indian corn will find its way to England for the purpose of fattening beeves and swine, and the English will not probably be very long in learning the qualities of a Johnny-cake. Opening a new, great and free market for all these, and a great many other agricultural productions, will benefit not only the farmers producing them, but the whole agricultural portion of the country. By drawing off a portion of our agricultural labor and productions to furnish a supply for the British market, our own markets will be less crowded, and agricultural labor and productions become higher. Even New England farmers will be alike benefitted with the West, as they will meet less competition from that vast and productive region. All remember the argument, so often and so fondly used by the whigs, that manufacturing draws from agriculture a portion of labor, and creates a market for agricultural products, thereby increasing the demand and the price for them. Thus same is the result if it takes a portion of our farming labor to supply England with agricultural productions—the aggregate demand is increased, the home supply diminished and the price consequently improved. Wheat, as Mr Hudson says, forms but a small portion of our agricultural exports; but as we have competed with the world in what we have exported, at equal duties with the wheat of other countries, we shall not be likely to be particularly injured if we are relieved the necessity of paying any duties.

Mr Hudson has much to say of the great benefits of manufactures to the country, and the consequences of prostrating them. To adopt a policy that would ruin manufacturing, and transfer our workshops to Europe would be a policy to be deprecated, and one which we should as much regret to see as Mr Hudson himself. But a policy that compels the whole country to pay tribute to manufacturing capitalists to the tune of thirty or forty per cent. on their capital, we look upon as unjust and oppressive. This is the policy, this is the tariff the democratic party are warring against. If Mr Hudson, or any other whig, will shew that Mr. Walker's tariff bill will prostrate our manufacturing establishments, and transfer our workshops to Europe, then, he furnishes an honest and a sound argument against it. The amount of duty necessary to put manufacturing upon a fair footing with other interests in the country can be as accurately calculated, having the proper statistics which manufacturers can furnish, as any other proposition that cannot be reduced to exact mathematical certainty;—sufficiently near for all practical purposes. Mr Hudson, Mr Lawrence and all other high tariffites would show to much better advantage, appear much more honest, if they would try and ascertain what tariff is actually necessary to sustain certain branches of industry upon a fair equality with others, instead of bawling ruin, pauperism, and the tariff of '42, that manufacturers may rob all the rest of the nation.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES. Emigration to this country has for several years been greatly increasing, and has alarmed the sovereigns of Europe. The cheapness and fertility of land at the west and in Texas, and the advantages of free, republican institutions has caused immense numbers to leave the monarchical and priest-ridden countries of the old world, to carve out happier and more peaceful homes in the new. The tide of emmigration is so rapidly increasing that several European sovereigns are taking violent steps to cut it off. The German States allow no American papers, printed in the German language, to come into their country. Russia nor Austria will allow their subjects to depart their country; and it is thought other nations will follow.

Perhaps the despotisms of Russia and Austria may succeed in chaining the restless spirit, the burning desire in man for freedom; but there is no power in most of the European Governments to confine the body or the mind of the masses, while the one cries for bread and the other points to the land of plenty. Governments of Europe to retain their subjects must doff the extravagant trappings of crowned heads and aristocracies, and look to the substantial interests and welfare of the masses. The principles of democracy must be there found or they will be sought here.

WHIG THUNDER. The whigs of this city thought they could afford to burn a little powder in glorifying over the victory of their *brethren* in New Hempshire. Accordingly they got a gun and planted it one side of the city, and hired a man to pop it off a hundred times. It would seem the committee of arrangements had not duly considered all the items of expense attending the performance of this patriotic feat; for on settling with the man of the match and ramrod, to their utter dismay and consternation, they found he exacted of them one *dollar*. At first they refused to pay the price asked, and urged strenuously that *seventy five cents* was enough; but after a short speech in which he introduced scripture authority,—"The laborer is worthy of his hire"—to prove that he was entitled to the sum demanded, and reminded them that he had labored faithfully and well in rather a sorry business for over a half day, and that as there was no special bargain made he never thought of being asked to work for less than the standard whig price of "*two dollars a day and roast beef*," they forked over the dosh.

We have not learned that the last has yet been passed round to collect that extra *twenty-five cents*.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FUND. This fund, says the Times, on the 1st of January, 1846, amounted to $810,493 60—since which time there has been an addition of $3,150 19 to the fund, and there has been paid out $5,165 for Normal School-houses and District Libraries. The fund is invested as follows:—

Notes of certain banks in Boston, dated in 1831 and due in 20 years, for Massachusetts Claim,	$281,000 00
Boston and Portland Railroad Scrip,	50,000 00
Eastern Railroad Scrip,	20,000 00
Western Railroad Scrip,	190,000 00
Notes and mortgages at 5 per cent.,	20,000 00
Notes and mortgages at 6 per cent.,	92,587 48
Notes of purchasers of land,	153,641 31

The School Fund is limited in its amount to $1,000,000, and its increase depends solely upon the sales of lands in Maine. The amount of lands remaining unsold, does not vary much from 2 1-2 millions of acres, and at the rate they have sold for the last few years, will soon raise the School Fund to its limit, and then leave a large surplus for other purposes.

ANOTHER VENERABLE SOLDIER DEPARTED. Died, in Milford, N. H., March 13th, Mr NATHAN MERRILL, a revolutionary pensioner, at the advanced age of 83 years. Mr Merrill was a native of old Concord in this county, and recollected having seen the British troops when they came to that town 19th of April, 1775. Two years after, being fifteen years of age, he joined the continental army and served about two years. He was on duty at West Point at the time Major Andre, the British spy, was hung. He lived in Milford 58 years.

Other papers are requested to notice this death.

A BIG CITY. New York is certainly a great city. A directory has recently been published, containing the names of the business men of the city, arranged under 764 heads. It appears from the account, that so far as numbers are concerned, the grocers have the majority, there being no less than 2154. The next in order are the importers, who number 1080. Of lawyers, there are 966; tailors 782; dry goods dealers 727; dress-makers 686; commission merchants 650; boarding-house keepers 650; physicians 604; butchers 518, &c. &c.

A GOOD JOKE. In a discussion of the River and Harbor bill, in the House of Representatives at Washington, on Wednesday last, a great many amendments were proposed and rejected. Among others of a ludicrous character, Mr Culver, of New York, reported an amendment asking $5000 for improving the navigation up that branch of Salt River running through the State of New Hampshire. The amendment was offered in good temper, and received in good temper by the great body of the House.

TOWN OF HULL. The following is a list of officers elected for the current year:

For Moderator, Moses B. Tower—Town Clerk, Joseph Pope—Selectmen, Moses B. Tower, Jos. Pope, Winslow Lawton—Overseers, Jos. Pope, Winslow Lawton, Moses B. Tower—Assessors, Moses B. Tower, Winslow Lawton, Jos. Pope—School Com. Moses B. Tower, Jos. Pope, Joseph Cobb—Surveyers, Levi Leavitt, Moses B. Tower—Firewards, Moses B. Tower, Levi Leavitt—F. Driver, Levi Leavitt—Health Officer, Moses B. Tower.

THE ANTI-RENT QUESTION, says the N. Y. Sun, has been fairly brought before the Senate of that State, for Thursday by a committee to which it had been referred. It is proposed to abolish distress for rent, to tax the rents of leasehold estates and establish an equitable mode of proceedure in cases where the validity of titles to real estate is called in question.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, March 17.

In SENATE, Mr Dayton's resolution, which was offered two weeks ago, was taken up and adopted. This resolution calls upon the President to inform the Senate whether there is any thing connected with or growing out of our foreign relations, which renders necessary an increase of the army or navy, and if so, to give his reasons therefor.

Mr Berrien made a speech on the Oregon question, commencing it by congratulating the Senate that the clouds which lowered over the question at the beginning of the discussion were, in a great measure, dispersed. He adverted to the monstrous assertion that Congress came here to carry into effect the decrees of the Baltimore convention, and to the subversion of the principles of our constitution which would result from it. At an early period of the discussion we are told that this resolution would pass—that the democratic majority would not hesitate.

Mr Allen explained. He did not refer to party obligations of the Senate, but his conviction that the measure would pass was founded on his belief that the Senate thought with him.

Mr Berrien said the Senator from Ohio had emphatically declared that the resolution of the committee would pass, no matter what might be the array of facts against it. Mr Barrien went on to argue that the question was a proper subject of compromise.

The HOUSE was engaged in a desultory and unprofitable debate on the River and Harbor bill.

Wednesday, March 18.

SENATE. Petitions and memorials were presented.

Mr J. M. Clayton offered a resolution, calling on the President for a copy of any correspondence with Great Great Britain on the Oregon question, if not incompatible with the public interest. Laid over.

On motion of Mr Atherton, of New Hampshire, the resolution for printing extra copies of the Report of the Commissioner of Patents was taken up. Some discussion ensued; the number fixed on was 5000.

The Oregon resolutions next came up. Mr Archer of Virginia took the floor.

In the HOUSE, the River and Harbor appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole.

Many amendments were proposed. One was offered by Mr Fries, of Ohio, which was insulting to Mr Schenck, of Ohio, and caused much excitement in the House. Several motions were made, and the cry of "order" heard on every side.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, March 19.

In the SENATE, the following bills were reported: To incorporate the Braintree Cotton Manuf. Co.; in addition to Vermont and Mass. Railroad act; resolves in favor of Demastus Clapp and Richard Nichols, and concerning certain documents sent to Washington.

The bill to establish the Mt. Holyoke Railroad Co. was discussed, and ordered to a third reading.

The bill reducing the tolls on the Chelsea bridge was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The bill to incorporate the South Shore Railroad Co. was ordered to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE—Reports—By Mr Bleuchard from the committee on probate and chancery, a resolve on the petition of Noah H. Coleman for leave to convey real estate, in a new draft.

Messrs Chandler of Boston, Byington of Stockbridge, and Sergeant of Cambridge, were appointed to confer with the committee of the Senate, in relation to the informality or unparliamentary means of sending papers from the Senate to the House.

The orders of the day were taken up, and the debate on the Boston Wharf Company bill was resumed. It was supported by Messrs Freeman and Wales of Boston, Mayhew, of Edgartown, and Wilson of Natick, and opposed by Messrs Page of New Bedford, Earle of Worcester, and Robbins and Crowninshield of Boston.

The orders were laid on the table, and the House adjourned.

Friday, March 20.

In the SENATE, bills were reported to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the county of Middlesex at $1500 per annum; to increase the capital stock of the Boston & Worcester Railroad Co., and the Old Colony Railroad Co $500,000 each.

The House bill to establish the Hancock free bridge corporation, was, after a general discussion, passed to be engrossed by a vote of 27 yeas to 5 nays.

In the HOUSE, a bill was reported to incorporate the proprietors of the Electro-Magnetic Telegraph in Massachusetts.

It was reported that it was inexpedient to legislate on the orders in regard to the capitation tax on foreigners, and leave to withdraw on petitions relating thereto; also inexpedient concerning a more equal distribution of taxes.

The petition of citizens of Dracutt to be annexed to Lowell, was referred to the next General Court.

The Boston Wharf bill, that has been discussed four or five days, was rejected by a vote of 124 to 96, thereby sustaining the injunction of the Supreme Court prohibiting the Boston wharf company form extending their wharf.

The Senate bill to change the name of the Baptist General Convention, and for other purposes, was amended and ordered to a third reading.

MEXICO. The N. Y. Sun gives the following brief condensation of the late Mexican news:

"By the arrival of a *French* vessel (the Anna) at New Orleans on the 6th inst, we have received very important advices from Vera Cruz to the 23d ult., being five days later. The establishment of a monarchy *under the protection of France, Spain, and England*, is openly proposed! Paredes has joined in the intrigue and is now selling his country to foreigners.—A number of the priests have united in this movement, to bring into their country a European soldiery which robbed catholic churches, destroyed religious houses, violated the sisters of charity, plundered nunnries, and burned convents, in old Spain. The brave Almonte, seeing the ruin about to be brought upon his country, had resigned. He would not be a party to the intrigue. He has gone back among the people, and will probably rally them to defend their rights and nationality.—His reputation is unsullied. He stands before the Mexican people as Washington stood before the Americans. May a kind heaven give him power and influence to deliver his country in this hour of fearful danger!"

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Andrew J. Donelson, of Tennessee, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States at the court of his majesty the king of Prussia, in the place of Henry Wheaton, who has asked to be recalled.

Officers of the Customs. Henry W. Rogers, to be collector at Buffalo, New York, vice Jeddiah H. Lathrop, removed.

Otis N. Cole, to be collector at Sackett's Harbor, N. York, vice John O. Dickey, removed.

Michael Hoffman, to be naval officer at New York, vice Jeremiah Towle, removed.

Geo. W. Pomeroy, to be appraiser at New York, vice Mathias B. Edgar removed.

Stephen R. Mallory, to be collector at Key West, Florida, vice Adam Gordon removed.

Isaac H. Wright, to be navy agent at Boston, Mass., vice J. Vincent Browne, removed.

Deputy Postmasters. Nathan L. Woodbary, Portland Maine, in place of R. S. Lyman, removed.

Harvy Chapin, Springfield Mass., in place of Galen Ames, removed.

Edward W. Green, New Bedford, Mass., in place of Simeon Bailey, removed.

Geo. F. Worth, Nantucket, Mass., in place of S. H. Jenks, whose commission expired.

Thomas Shepherd, Northampton, Mass., in place of Amos H. Ballen removed.

WHO IS THE HEIR? He who can prove himself to be a direct descendant from MILES STANDISH, will be a lucky dog. In the debate before the Legislature on Friday, Mr Giles said he was endeavoring to find some of the descendants of Miles Standish, as they had at the present time, locked up in the British Court of Chancery, no less than six manors, yielding an annual income of £40,000 Transcript.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE N. BRIGGS,

GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS:

A PROCLAMATION

For a Day of Public Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer.

By and with the advice and consent of the Council, I appoint THURSDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF APRIL NEXT, to be observed by the People of this Commonwealth, as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer.

Let not this pious custom of our worthy ancestors be regarded by their favored descendants as a mere religious formality.

I recommend to the people, of all denominations, to cease from the cares of business and the pursuits of pleasure, to assemble in their places of public worship, and render to the SUPREME RULER of the world, the homage of contrite and grateful hearts:

His past mercies to us have been very great. We have been ungrateful and disobedient.

Let us, on that occasion, humble ourselves before HIM, and, for our individual and public sins, invoke His pardoning Grace "through our LORD and SAVIOR JESUS CHRIST."

Let us entreat of HIM to continue to us "His loving kindness":

So to order the Seasons, that sunshine and showers, seedtime and harvest, shall gladden the labors of the husbandman, and cause the Earth to yield her increase for the benefit of Man:

To smile propitiously on all the lawful pursuits of business, and bless us in the workshop and in the field, in the city and in the country, on the land and on the sea;

To give stability and vigor to all the institutions of society, designed to ameliorate the condition and elevate the characters of its members:

To increase in the public mind the love of order, truth and justice, and to stimulate the public heart to deeds of charity and good-will:

To remember in His good providence the widow and the fatherless, the poor and the down-trodden:

Let us pray, that HE would inspire the people of this great family of States with a reverence for the common constitution of this Republic, and with an honest intention to observe its boundaries:

That HE would dispose this, and all other nations, to preserve peace, and to cultivate a good understanding with each other; and that, in His infinite goodness, HE would save us and them from the cruelties and curse of war:

That, while HE is pouring upon us a profusion of temporal mercies, HE would awaken within us a concern for our future destiny, and bestow upon us those blessings, in comparison with which, all the possessions of Earth are as dust and ashes:

Finally, that HE would hasten the time, when the glorious Gospel of His SON shall be diffused over the whole Earth, all men shall be His humble and peaceful followers.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Boston, this second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the seventieth.

GEORGE N. BRIGGS.

By His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council.

JOHN G. PALFREY, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts!

FEDERAL GRIEF. The effect of the reception in Providence, in 1812 of the President's War Proclamation, is thus described by the Rhode Island *American:*

"On Wednesday evening last the President's Proclamation was received in this town. The bells of the several houses of worship tolled during the greater part of yesterday, the shops and stores were generally shut, and the flags of the shipping at the wharves, as well as that on the Great Bridge, were displayed at half mast.—Everything wore the aspect of mourning, expressing the feelings of our citizens upon the great national calamity which has befallen us."

A WATCHER WANTED. A laughable incident is told of a nervous man, who imagined himself very sick; reports were in the neighborhood that he was given over by the doctor. He was observed early in the day, making rapid strides through the streets. His alarmed neighbor met him:

"How are you, friend?"

"Sick, very sick!"

"Where now?"

"After some one to sit up with me to-night; *I am so plagued for watchers, that there is no one I can depend upon*"

TO THE POINT. The Cincinnati Commercial says that Capt. Browne of Loodon, writes to his brother, L. J. Browne, Esq. of Cincinnati, as follows. "We have no fear of war. We do not want Oregon—give us grain and flour."

SHOCKING! The Post announces the shocking fact that Mr Wockbagenikdewegbitnigenstorben fell down stairs the other day, and broke his nome into three pieces.

We understand that Mr Thomas Ritchie, jr., came by the cars on Monday evening, and proceeded to Chesterfield court-house to surrender himself for trial.—[Richmond Times, March 18.

☞ At Keene, N. H., Mr Nathan Wood's youngest daughter, five years old, while at play with a dog, fell into a tub of scalding water, and died in a few hours.

☞ We have been enjoying the most delightful weather the last two days. Our streets are improving rapidly.

☞ *Albert J. Tirrell*, for the murder of *Maria A. Bickford*, will be put upon trial in Boston next Tuesday.

QUICK. The time required to travel from New York to Cincinnati is only about 3½ days.

THE AUBURN MURDER. The fifth victim, Van Arndale, the hired man, is dead.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. asv4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I own both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students. I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the step to be successful, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a patient.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,

6wa&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

MARRIED,

In this city, March 17, by Rev Amos Blanchard, Mr Theodore A. Hall to Miss Susannah B. Smith; 18, Mr Everett W. Leighton, of New Durham, N. H., to Miss Alice O. Edgerly.

CONGRESS! HIGHLY IMPORTANT CALL FOR *an Executive Session of the Senate!*

Correspondence of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Thursday, March 19.

In the SENATE, Mr Allen gave notice that on Monday next, immediately after the morning business, he would move that the Senate go into Executive session upon a matter of the greatest importance, which must be settled in a few days.

Mr Ashley gave notice that he would ask the Senate to go into Executive session to-day, in relation to some matters, as to which there was erroneous action yesterday.

The Committee on Foreign Affairs, it is stated, have instructed their chairmen to report a resolution in favor of a demand by the President, on Mexico for a fulfilment of her treaty stipulations. If this be so, it looks like a disposition to open our batteries upon Mexico—from whom we are soon likely to hear something on account of the march of our troops to the Rio Grande.

HOW IT WORKS. Twenty years ago the perfidy of a leading democrat, Judge Bell, says the New York News, gave New Hampshire to the federalists. He was rewarded, as John P. Hale hopes to be, with six years in the U. S. Senate. But he never was the same man again, and from his place in the Senate he dropped like lead into insignificence: and New Hampshire has been ever since more strongly democratic than before.

Rives and Talmadge, in Virginia and New York, are parallel cases of treachery, successful for a time, similarly rewarded, and similarly crushed.

☞ The foreign papers say—"Matters in Ireland look serious, and every day is making them worse.—Disease is already doing the work of death; and if Sir Robert Peel's frightful anticipations of the future prove correct, the unhappy country is destined to become a huge charnel house."

ALL OUT. The lights no longer shine in our factories during the evenings. Friday evening, March 20, at 6 1-4 o'clock, the bells proclaimed to the toiling thousands a welcome discharge. Till the 20th September next there will be no more "lighting up" in the mills.

THE NORTH RIVER is open to Albany, and the Colombia and Oneida steamers have made a passage from New Yurk to Albany, and back.

HON MOSES NORRIS, of the New Hempshire Delegation in Congress, arrived in this city yesterday.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

A Hall Wanted.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a commodious Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with two adjoining anti-rooms about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. AMES,
GEO. FAIRGRAVES,
H. LORD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON DOE, } Committee.

March 17, 1846. tfmar17

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Batch's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,

Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.

Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the Instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination thereto. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. mar12

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the very best Oysters in the very best manner, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BRAGG, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierro Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Grand Novelty—Performances commence at 8½ o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 16, and every evening through the week, at 8½ o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, at 4 to 7, and 8½.

This week will be acted the grand romantic Drama, in Two Acts, entitled—

THE FORTY THIEVES!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, J. B. Tenney, Merrifield, Bradley, Smith, Clark, Atkins, Fees, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Popular Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.

The performance to commence with the popular Vaudeville of—

THE SECRET!

Characters by Messrs Bradley, Wyatt, Merrifield, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is meintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar16

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

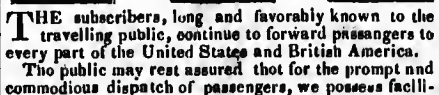
The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Limerick,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

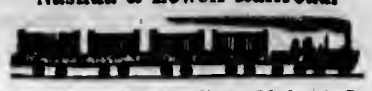
Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan31tf Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany; Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.
" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercural diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bittere. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosmar5

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. Aletters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *This day.*

☞ Takes no Ice or Limo. ☜



The superior fast sailing copperd Ship RIALTO, *Chase*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Stock taken always.—Messrs F. M. Weld & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m21

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *With Dispatch.*

The packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, *Tillinghast*, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m12

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This Day.*



The fast sailing packet Schr. JAMES FRANCIS, *Morris*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m21

Blowing Out Ball!

MR GANSON announces that he will give a grand Ball on the evening of FRIDAY, the 20th inst., at *Wentworth's Hall.*

Having engaged the *Salem Brass Band*, and made other extensive arrangements, he hopes the entertainment will give the highest satisfaction.

☞ Ticket $1.00. Refreshments furnished by Mr Cheney. 2tmar17

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 23d day of March present, at 12 o'clock, m., all the right and title that GEORGE W. SHAW, an insolvent debtor, is and in the following real estate on the sixth day of December last, to wit: a certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situated on the Northerly side of Pine street, in Lowell, containing four thousand square feet, bounded as follows—beginning at the southerly corner of the said lot and at the south-westerly corner of land of one Cheney; thence running northerly by the westerly side of said Cheney's land eighty feet, to land of some other person; thence turning and running westerly by land of said other person fifty feet; thence turning and running southerly by land of William Livingston eighty feet, to the northerly side of Pine street; thence turning and running easterly by said Pine street fifty feet, to the place of beginning;—Being the same land conveyed to George W. Shaw by William Livingston by deed dated October 24, 1845. The said premises will be sold, subject to a mortgage to John W. Shaw for $1600.

By order of the Assignee.

E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Valuable Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, March 26, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) a genteel Dwelling House situated on Gorham street, in front of the Grove, the same lately occupied by George H. Carleton, esq. Said house is large and well finished—parlors with folding doors, marble chimney pieces—dining room and kitchen on the ground floor, and seven chambers. Connected with the kitchen is a well of good water and a brick and cement rain water cistern, holding 3000 gallons. There is also a good Barn, Wood-shed, Work-shop, and a large amount of room for other purposes. The situation is very pleasant, and the whole arrangement such as to render it one of the most desirable estates ever offered at Auction in Lowell. Terms very easy. For further particulars inquire of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consists of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order.—The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice, and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 13½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 18 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money is desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.

Billerica, Jan. 13, 1846. tsjan15

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On THURSDAY next, March 26, at 3 o'clock, p.m., (on the premises,) the building known as the Kirk St. Chapel, directly opposite the house of John Clark, esq., Kirk street. To be removed or can remain on leased land, as the purchaser may desire.

Also—The Furniture and fixtures of said House, such as Settees, Stoves, Lamps, &c. Terms at sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library,*" recently owned by Penniman & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same immediately to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimoniel is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Pene. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAZEON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR. CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. P. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a complete Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of confirmed Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuery. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bittere. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20s&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts. Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine vendors, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like goat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*, which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with quickness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, realizing even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

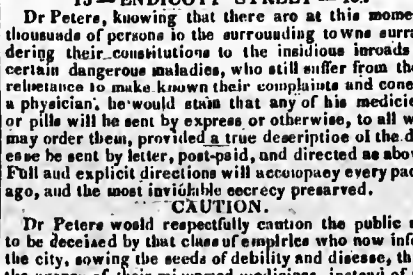
Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston; Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for planes, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,800 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. SundynalS

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the contemptible efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their owe intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates.—Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy as almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and swear at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would have no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f29] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

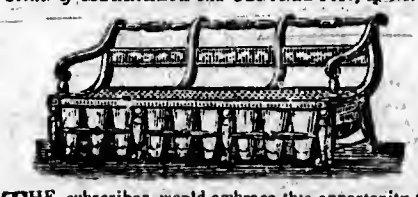
☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Bostoe, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as cathartic, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

Use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dudbery, C. P. Skahan, W[illegible] H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, C. Ayer, Louis N. [illegible]ar, Cen. st., John Down, Lawrence, cor. Mer. & [illegible]ste., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John st[illegible]

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington, [illegible] Gleason; Shelmsford, E. F. Webster; Groton, [illegible] cle Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, [illegible] tock & Co.; Hollliston, E. B. Craig, Augustus [illegible] T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dea'n, Ball, Lo[illegible]er; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Peppe[illegible] Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, A. Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. [illegible] Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Gr[illegible]rough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; [illegible]ry Grille; Wilmington, Warden & Ha[illegible] Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. [illegible] Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, [illegible] Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford, T. [illegible]erica, Henry Baldwin. [illegible] L. Bemis, Lexington, [illegible] E. Fletcher, Arlington, [illegible] al Harrington; [illegible] Parker; [illegible]ney, Wellington, [illegible]. Kittredge; [illegible]ven; Tyngsboro, [illegible] Westford, Hen[illegible]ward, Wm. H. [illegible] B. Hews, Nashua, R. B. Austin, [illegible]hes. Styles; Billerica, [illegible] jan6ly

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 24, 1846. VOL. 11—NO. 86.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

at

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tfeb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 28, 1845. tfoct28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Cobura's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advty LOWELL. sept9

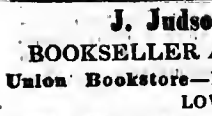
H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order at short notice. Cash paid for Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 18, 1845.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND [illegible] HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND [illegible] PUMPS, FURNACES, [illegible]

No. 3 [illegible] Central street, Lowell.

jan27y

T. Cushing & Co.,

GROCERS—Cor. Worthen & Shattuck Sts.

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

No. 30, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arraeging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the hand.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tuadv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funeel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

jen8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jo4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morcens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sep23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

[illegible] *Street, Boston.*

[illegible] loss or damage by fire on Buildings, [illegible] Machinery, and other property [illegible] of the Commonwealth. The subscriber [illegible] appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, [illegible] and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at the Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not by the lesson, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be [illegible] at extra and charged accordingly; but all [illegible] will be made up at the end of the [illegible]

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one dollar, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders in nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperiant or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

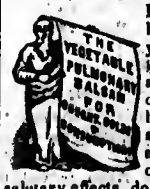
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6nosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors intend to observe to the present astonishing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jen'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a13A&p6m

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the secretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you certificats, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and breed stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harndee Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 5, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,

DAVID R. COBURN,

SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845, 6mos3p20

From the London Morning Chronicle.

PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDECE.

Letter from Sir Finikin Clamp, Bart., M. P., to the Rev. Gabriel Stokes, Rector of Moneybags-cum-Hayseeds, ——shire.

FRIDAY, January 30.

Well, you've read the debate, my dear pastor, and master,
And you see that our leaders have left us forlorn.
In rattling no Ministry e'er travailed faster
Than this, that is making its way along corn.

Only think of the corn laws, the darling, the dears,
Being destin'd to perish in three little years!
And think, too, that with them our rentals will fall,
Our family settlements, jointures, and all!
And oh! what a world of doubts, dangers, and fears,
Will there be in the space of these three little years!
Boats, markets, and leases, all lost in confusion,
Thro' the reign of this "mockery, snare and delusion."
Peel thinks that by granting these three years' degrees
Is letting Monopoly down to die to easy;
As at Newgate Jack Ketch gives a convict the hope
To find hanging improved by the length of a rope.

What galled me the most in Sir Robert's hostility
(Tho' on highways and paupers he show'd some gentility)
Was the sneer which he gave at us breeders of beef,
When he talked of the beasts and his coming tariff.
For all manner of beasts now admitted will be,
As Noah let them into the Ark, duty free;
And a terrible threat to the land owning classes
Is the threat of withdrawing protection from asses.

But we mean to die game. There are Wodehouse and Miles
Rehearsing their speeches and bottling their biles.
Though I think in O'Brien 'twas hardly discreet
That delay for a fortnight from Peel to entreat.
For 'tis awful to hear of the daily deserters
From our ranks to these new Anti-Corn Law converters.
These sudden admirers of cheapness in loaves,
By some are called "Cobden's eleven hour coves."
But I strongly suspect that of many the wish is
To make sure for themselves of the loaves and the fishes.

With my usual wish for your health and longevity,
This letter must bring an excuse for its brevity;
But I hope, my dear friend, I to-night shall get chastered home,
For town is still dull, and my Club's very spoony;
And Parliament (thanks to King Charles and his martyrdom,)
Has got an adjournment to next "*Dies Luna*."

JOURNEYING JOURNEYMAN PRINTER.

Among journeyman Printers there are many "moving planets," and some "bright shining stars." At a recent typographical celebration, at Rochester, N. Y., in commemoration of the birth day of Franklin, Mr Wm. A. Wells, a journeyman printer, thus presents his "case" of "sorts."

Mr President: It has often been remarked, that the fortunes of the members of the Typographical professions have been more diverse and precarious, than that of any other class of men. The changes constantly taking place in their circumstances, render them an easy prey to all vicissitudes of fire.

The printer is an intellectual being. No class of men, in any age of the world, have given evidence of so great a versatility of talent, universal knowledge and variety of reading, as the body Typographical. The biography of many printers would be both amusing and instructive. By way of illustrating the above declaration, I offer the following crude, rambling recollections, of a somewhat adventurous journey thus far through life; not that I would, in so doing, claim any notoriety for my many "hair-breath 'scapes," but from an inclination to let my fellow-craftsmen read a page of my story; and if any good should result from my experience, to bequeath the record of the incidents of my time, for the amusement of others.

I served nearly seven years' apprenticeship in the office of the late Alderman Seymour, 49 John street, New York. In this office, associated as fellow workmen, were the late Commissary General of this State, A. Chandler, Mayor Harper, of New York, Gen. George P. Morris, now editor and publisher of the "New York Mirror," John W. Elliott, the Foreman, (one of the notorious "Miranda Expedition") and your humble servant.

About this time, I *pulled* the first number of the "New York American," then edited by Charles King, James H. Hamilton and Julian C. Verplanck. The first edition of "Salmagundi," was also printed in this office, about this time, from the MS. of Washington Irving; in the *composition* of which I assisted. In Van Winkle's office, afterwards, I *set up* the three first numbers of the "Sketch Book," by the same gifted author.

In Boston, I worked upon the "Columbian Centinel," for "old Ben Russell," who discharged me from his office for drumming "*Yankee Doodle*" as I *beat* the last sheet of the *inside* of his paper, one morning, after having *worked off eleven tokens imperial*, within the preceeding ten hours. From Boston, I went to Flagg & Gould's office, Andover, Mass., and was employed in *setting up*, from his MS., Gibbs' "Hebrew Lexicon," which contained nineteen different languages, including those usually styled "*dead*." At this period of my history, I procured a Midshipman's warrant, and went to sea in the frigate Brandywine, Commodore Morris.

The ship sailed from Hampton Roads, in September, 1825, having on board, as passengers, that illustrious statesman and patriot, Gilbert Montier, Marquis de LaFayette. During a voyage of twenty-eight days, I saw much of this great, good man. The General conferred a particular favor upon me, by entrusting to my care, a rattle snake, and opossum, a gray squirrel, cock robin, and a poodle-dog—was on board the Brandywine, on the night of the memorable 25th of September, 1825, upon which occasion was thrown overboard, more than $50,000 worth of property, to lighten the vessel, while in the head of the bay of Biscay.

When in Portsmouth, (England,) I had the honor of being a guest, on board the Brandywine, at a dinner given to His Royal Highness, the Duke of Clarence, then Lord High Admiral of the British Navy, Lady Noel, wife of Lord Byron, her little daughter Ada, Admirable Lord Bolingbroke, and several other dignitaries of the British realm.

From England, we proceeded to Gibraltar, and joined the Squadron under Commodore Rogers. From Gibraltar, we sailed up the Mediterranean, on the European shore, touching at such ports as Cadiz, Port Mahon, Naples, Palermo, Malta, the ports of Calabria, [illegible] then crossing to the Asiatic [illegible] the Mediterranean, then running [illegible] bralter. From the Straits [illegible] winds, and made the Cape [illegible] the Cape of Good Hope. [illegible] sion and Elba Islands. [illegible] coast for six weeks, the ship [illegible] System. Land, of the pink of [illegible] I have visited the [illegible] land of St Catharine,

Buenos Ayres, Montevicdio and Mouldinedo, on the river La Plata; St. Salvador, at the head of the Bay of All Saints; Olinda and Pesambuco; Marenhem and Para, on the Amazon. I have also been in all the ports in the United Stetes, excepting Naw Orleans and Charlestes.

In my land cruises, I have wrought as a printer in Portland, Me.; Concord, N. H.; Boston, Mass.; Hartford, Ct.; more than twenty years ago, (in the office of my old friend P. Canfield, now present;) Naw Haven, Ct.; city of New York; Newark, N. J.; and Philadelphia. In this city, in "*Billey Brown's*" office, in Wagner's Alley, I assisted in *setting* up from his MS., *Prince Lucien Benaparte's* work on American Ornithology. I was also employed by *Mathew Carey*, one of the oldest printers and publishers in the United States, in the establishments of Ponlson, Mrs Lydia R. Baily, John Bioren, Dunne, "*Billey Fry*," &c.

Oee dark, gloomy night, in 1819, I found myself in the (nuw) city nf Buffalo, in a bar room, with but a single "*York shilling*" in my pocket, abont half sick, and completely tired of printing and the world. While I was discussing the ills of life, and the inconvenience of being 400 miles from home, in the wilderness, listenieg to the surges of lake Erie eed the cravings of an empty stomach, a gentlemen tepped me upon the shoulder in a good-natured menger, and asked me if I were a printer? I answered him in the affirmative. He wished to know whether I would go with him to Geneva, and take a situation in his office? I accepted his offer—(he slipped a $10 bill into my fingers)—and I accompanied him to Geneva, and was in his employment, until my wages amounted to $150, with which I renewed my adventures.

I have been confined in the same dungeon in the Carcal of Buenos Ayres, with Don Manuel Rossas; the latter gentlemae for treason, and your humble servant for slipping a dirk into the ribs of a Gaucho who attempted to take his life. I have danced in the Turtulio, with Madame Col. Coe, daughter of Gov. Balcarce—and eeten cassada root with the negroes of the coast of Africa, from e coaco-nut shell. I have had an audience with Gov. Balcarce, in the Castle of Buenos Ayres, as one of the suite of Commodore M. Woolsey, then commanding the U. S. squadron on the coast of Brazil, aed Acting Charge at the Court of Don Pedro. I have built e saw-mill and dam across Beer lake, western Michigan, and been in every station in the printing business, from *Devil* to the editor and publisher of a city daily.

I was elected Vice President of the first Harrison State Convention ever held in the United Stetes, at Niblo's Garden, New York.

As editor of the Washington County Post, I wrote the first editorial in favor of Harrison, for the Presidency. I have sipped matta, and kicked up my toes, amidst the throng of Buenos Ayresn losses, upon the Pampas of San Isidro: and have been dashing along Passes of the Alamenda, on the banks of the La Plata, in company with Mrs Hallett (The accomplished lady of Stephen Hallett, printer to the Buenos Ayrean Government,) in his coach-and-four, who was at the time, the richest man in Buenos Ayres.

Printers have been proverbial, in all ages of the world, for their notoriety. As an instance of the fluctuations of their fortunes, I might cite the case of that exalted patriot, statesman and philosopher, whose netal dey we have this evening assembled to commemorate. I speak of BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *a practical Printer*, who by his virtuous life, and high order of intellect, rose from the humble condition of an apprentice-boy to the most exalted station in life.

OREGON.

The Boston Post, of the 23d inst., in an article on "Oregon—the position of the President and Senate" makes the following remarks which so well express our views that we are happy to adopt them.

"The President then stands upon the recommendations of his message, and the question is not what he may do in contingencies that do not exist and never may arise, but what will Congress do with the question as it now stands? The negotiation, on our part, is at a stand. We repose on our entire rights. There is no offer of compromise pending. It is clear that if any is to be made it must come from Great Britain.

Of what avail, then, are speculations or conjectures as to what the President will do, should an offer of compromise come from that quarter? We say wait until it does come. The President will do right because in all this negotiation he has done right, and he is well entitled to this confidence from his friends and from the friends of Oregon. The President stands in no equivocal position. The recomendations in his message, which point out the only course by which we can proceed to carry out our whole title, stand now precisely as they stood the day they were made, not only unembarrassed, but strengthened by all the subsequent acts of the President. Those who mean to sustain our clear title to the whole territory, can devise no way so effectual as the measures recommended in the message. Will Congress come up to these measures? is now the anxious inquiry of the people—not what will Mr Polk do if Great Britain should make this or that offer. When was it heard of in the history of diplomacy, that those who had charge of a difficult negotiation in one country, gave out beforehand what they would do if the other party should make a proposition which never had been made? Or how can we invite Great Britain to make a proposition of settlement which we have offered and she has rejected? To renew it on our part, would be worse than idle.

We maintain, therefore, and such we believe is the sense of the country, that the President has done his whole duty, and as the issue now stands has performed his whole responsibility. The matter now rests with the Senate, and the people will hold that body responsible. Will they give the notice? That is the first point to settle. Having done that, the next question for Congress to pass upon is the subsequent measures recommended in the message. If in the meantime, or at any time, negotiation is renewed and a new offer made, the responsibility then devolves upon the President; and again we say the country has a guaranty for full confidence in him, that in this he will do right, from all that he has done heretofore. In short, if the democratic members of Congress, instead of indulging in criminations and recriminations, and wrangling about the *supposed* views of the President, would be satisfied with his clearly expressed *published* opinions upon the subject of Oregon, fulfil his recommendations for conspicuous action, do their duty as promptly, as faithfully, as unequivocally as he has done his, and then leave the question where the constitution has placed it, we do not believe that either the peace, the honor, or the interests of the nation would be in the least jeopardied."

ESCAPED FROM THE STATE PRISON. On Saturday afternoon, Samuel Brown, a convict employed in the shed of the state prison, managed to walk off unobserved among some visitors. He was not dressed in the usual prison garb. Marks and numbers as follows: [illegible] much freckled; both forearms and right hand punctured with India ink; two scars on the back of his neck; [illegible] on both shoulders; 19 years of age; 5 ft. [illegible] in. The warden has offered a reward of $50 for his apprehension. [Boston Post.

[illegible] only time [illegible] to leave her husband, [illegible] Nauvoo or California, [illegible] at last took her little boy, about 7 years old, [illegible] him at Cabotville, [illegible] Church in this city where [illegible] Mormons, having one of their members in this vicinity. Recently she has been [illegible] with him." [Hartford Times.

[illegible] has given a turnip to [illegible] pounds.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 24, 1846.

THE IMPORTANCE OF LOWELL—ITS EFFECT UPON THE DESTINIES OF THIS COUNTRY.

Few, perhaps, have given much thought as to the influence Lowell will and must have upon the future destinies of this country. It is and will be the leading city of the manufacturing interest in this great, and rapidly becoming greatest nation of the earth. As such, she will, as she does, give direction to the movements of the whole manufacturing interest. This interest, already far from inconsiderable, is growing in power beyond all parallel, and becoming more mighty than that of any other. As this power is exercised for the elevation or depression of the people, so it may be productive of much happiness, or the most appalling misery and wretchedness. The people of Lowell are, in a great degree, responsible for the manner of the exercise of this power;—such of them, we mean, as can afford to take this responsibility. We are aware that there are many here who can afford to take no part in this work, except to give tacit assent or open approval, of whatever is deemed best by the controllers of the capital here invested, wholly regardless of the rights of the laboring masses; while there are a portion of the sons and daughters of nearly thirteen hours a day toil, who have the indomitable courage and innate love of liberty to speak and act without fear, and free—according to the dictates of reason an conscience;—from many, nothing can be expected, save they will suffer wrong, rather than meet greater wrong for attempting to expose injustice, and the faults of a system that may lead to oppression horrible. Nor are these tha only people who cannot afford to speak plainly and truthfully instead of holding their peace.—There are but few in a manufacturing city who are not in some way affected by the influence of manufacturing capital. Even the ministers of God are not, in all cases, beyond the reech of the pollution of mammon, and they may shut their eyes to wrong—if they do not sometimes attempt to give it the semblance of truth—or extenuate it, by pointing only one side of the picture, or by hunting up apologies for it, sometimes of the pitiful order, that, things are not so bad as they might be.

The influence Lowell will have, effecting the happiness or misery of this great people, will arise not from the *immediate* affect the manufacturing system of this city will have upon the whole people of this country, but from the effect it will have upon the action of the whole manufacturing interest of the Union, and through that effect the people. It will control the manufacturing interest, and through that reach the people, from being the greatest, the oldest, the leading and guiding manufacturing place—the head quarters of the manufacturing interest. The same policy that is adopted in Lowell, is adopted, in all essential particulers, in every manufacturing village and town throughout the length and breadth of our land. The same policy that is pursued for the benefit of manufacturing capital in Lowell is pursued for the benefit of all manufacturing capital. The same antagonist interest that exists between Labor and Capital here, engaged in manufacturing, is found everywhere. The same rules and regulations that are adopted here are adopted in all manufacturing places. The same appliances used here to keep the operatives in awe and subjection, to compel them to submit to whatever is exacted of them, to prevent strikes or turnouts, and to control the price of labor, are adopted, by a general understanding, by all manufacturers. In a word, Lowell is the embodyment of the manufacturing interest;—her destiny is the destiny of all manufacturing places; the condition of her people, now and henceforth, is and will be the condition of all manufacturing people. And when we consider that manufacturing corporations are soulless, and consequently void of sympathy, and hostile to labor, so far as a division of the results or profits of labor and capital are considered, and therefore, induced to take every advantage of labor, checked by nothing but want of power, and also consider the immense power that the whole manufacturing capital of this country, directed to a single object, may wield—whether it be to grind labor or to any other end—and that at Lowell direction to that power is given, we can but feel the vast importance that attaches to this city. A power so vast is not centred in any city in this confederacy of States. Measures that are here adopted affect every laboring man, woman and child in the country. Here is the grand centre of a power that may do more to depress or elevate the laboring masses, than can be effected at any other place or by any other power, save the power of the ballot-box, in the land. The practical working of our manufacturing system is such that the entire manufacturing capital invested and to be invested acts in all its connection with labor with precisely the allegiance of purpose it would if controlled by a single individual. This unity of action gives manufacturing capital a power altogether more effective and potent than an infinitely greater amount invested in agriculture, commerce or any other pursuit. It is this that makes it dangerous—that gives Lowell its consequence as the place where it is exercised whether for good or for evil, and where it should be exposed in all deviations and departures from the interests of the people.

In view of the importance and affect of Lowell upon the future destiny of the country, it becomes us to inquire, what is the duty of those who can afford to speak independently upon all subjects in this city? It is so to speak; to fearlessly expose injustice and wrong in whatever shape it may exist. All that is good in the manufactering system to speak well of, and all that is bad and dangerous to expose and warn the people against. To show the power possessed by corporate manufactoring capital, and the manner of its exercise, that it may be guarded against and held in check by the only power that can reach it, the people at large, through the ballot-box. It is legislation that has given power to manufacturing capital, and legislation only can stay the abuse of that power. To the people,—to the people independent and disconnected from the manufactering interest, as a general rule, we must look for the exposure and redress of wrongs growing out of the manufactering system. Lowell is the place where to expose the fruits of the system, and the people of the different States are the power to apply the remedy.

☞ Handbills are posted up all over the city cautioning the people to beware of the "*man in black.*" He is described as being dressed in full suit of sable with a white neck-cloth and gold spectacles.

☞ Elder Knapp we understand is about to attempt getting up a revival here.

NEW BOOKS.

We have received from HARPER & BROTHERS, the following new works:

Remarkable Criminal Trials, from the German. 12 mo., pp. 339.—This work, in the original, holds the same rank as "Chandler's Trials" with us. It is extremely interesting, not only as exhibiting the different method of criminal jurisprudence, under the civil law, but also as "narratives" of more thrilling scenes than any fiction has ever portrayed.

A Grammar of the Latin Language, from the German. By C. G. Zumpt. 12 mo., pp. 594.—Rather too voluminous a work for the schoolboy; but a very valuable aid to the advanced studeat. If its American popularity is to be judged from its native having already reached the ninth edition, it will have a great run indeed. The style of the letter-press and binding is very pleasing.

The Farmer's Dictionary—by D. P. Gardner, M. D. 12 mo., pp. 376. This book comes to us in rather a questionable shape; not that we complain of the beautiful clear print, or the fine wood engravings with which it is illustrated. But we have known little practical good to result from such works; and if our experience is a fair sample, why publish? However, that question is for the editor, and not for ourselves or the publishers, who have done all that could by them be done to render the work saleable.

Select Novels, No. 15—a very beautiful reprint of the "Young Duke;" by D' Israeli. The circulating libraries must certainly be losing affairs when this book can be had for nearly the price which it would have cost a few years since to read it.

"*Jessie's Flirtations,*" by the author of "Kate in search of a husband," (the well known Miss CURTIS, of the Lowell Offering) is the title of a new and highly interesting tale, which will be read by tens of thousands.

All the above works may be found at BIXBY's, Wentworth's building, Merrimack st.

☞ To the whig who undertook to tell us that there were others who knew as much about the tariff as ourselves, and that our own party were erring in opposing the tariff of '42, we have only to say, we are aware of the truth of the first branch of the statement; and as to the second, true or false, we would say, curses from democrats or whigs will not induce us to advocate whiggery or deter us from expressing our own views upon the tariff and all other subjects.

☞ We need not tell the reader that we have got a new head to the Advertiser. We have never admired the "pictorial" head which was chosen by our predecessors, and we take this occasion to displace it for one more to our liking—more appropriate, we think, to a business paper. We shall use a better quality of paper, too, than we have heretofore used—that is, if the paper-makers can be kept within six weeks of their agreements.

Commodore Crane's suicide was cool and premeditated. On Monday, he made his will, appointing his wife and Commodore Warrington his brother-in-law, his executors. He gave directions as to his burial, and left a check for a thousand dollars in favor of his wife, among his papers. His pecuniary circumstances were good, and the business of his bureau was left in excellent condition.

CHARLESTOWN.—The election for town officers took place in this town yesterday. The main question in issue was "Rum or no Rum." The "Union Temperance ticket," we learn, prevailed.

The vote for Register of Deeds stood for Haydan 570—Patch 439—Whitney 4.

WARM BATHS. There is no portion of the year when bathing is so indispensable to health, or is so great a luxury, as in the spring. The bathing rooms on Market street are well fitted up, and everything clean and in the best order. The price is only one half what is usually charged—12 1-2 cents.

☞ In Nashua, the Courier says, dogs are taxed $1 a head, and in Nashville $2, besides a recording fee of 12 1-2 cts. Wonder if the collector is authorized to take the body?

☞ A very powerful memorial has gone up to the Governor for the pardon of Milke Walsh, on the ground of excessive severety, and a punishment for libel which has the same characteristics as a sentence for felony.

AS GOOD AS PUNCH. The Pekin Visitor says:—"Coming home a few mornings since, we met a man attempting to walk on both sides of the street. By a skillful manœuvra we passed between him."

☞ We hope there will be a large attendance at the temperance entertainment to-night, at City Hall. A very social, pleasant time is anticipated. There will be good speaking and good singing, no doubt.

☞ Mr Nathan Allen, a soldier in the Revolutionary war, died at his residence in Phiney Neck, Queen Anne's County, Maryland, last week aged 90 years.

☞ The railroad bridge at Peter's Island, near Philadelphia, took fire from the sparks of the locomotive, and 15 feet of the roof were burnt on the 21st.

☞ The business upon which Mr Allen moved that the Senate go into executive session on Monday, was understood to be the recent treaty with Belgium.

☞ In one year, ending 5th January, 1846, 6,418,748 bushels of wheat and wheat flour were imported into England from Canada.

☞ The New York Tribune gives the following definition of *Quadrangle*: A parcel of compositors quarrelling for "fat copy." The "boys" will understand it.

☞ The steam sawmill at Fort Gibson, owned by the United States government, was destroyed by fire on the 12th ult. It was worth $12,000 or 15,000.

☞ Judge McLean has declined the honor of becoming President of the American Bible Society—his engagements will not permit.

☞ The great debate on Sir Robert Peel's financial scheme, extended over three weeks, and afforded food for twelve nights incessant oratory.

THE CITY GUARDS will give a levee on the evening before Fast, at City Hall.

☞ Milwaukie, Wisconsin, is to be made a city. It has a population of ten thousand.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, March 21.

In the SENATE the following bills were passed to be engrossed: To incorporate the Mount Holyoke Railroad Co; Millville Manufacturing Co; the Union Mills; in addition concerning the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad Co.; to authorize the Boston and Providence Railroad Co. to construct a branch; the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Co. to surrender a portion of the Middlesex Turnpike in Tyngsboro' and Chelmsford; to increase the capital stock of the Northampton Woolen Co.

Reports. Bills were reported to incorporate the Barton Manufacturing Co. at Oxford, capital $100,000: to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the County of Worcester at $1500 per annum.

In the HOUSE the committee on county estimates made a report apportioning taxes on the several counties.

Engrossed bills and resolves. Bill in addition for the relief of insolvent debtors; concerning usury;

The bill to change the time of assessing taxes in the city of Boston, from May to the 1st of January in each year, was passed to be engrossed.

The bill to incorporate the New England Moral Reform Society came up on its third reading and was passed by a large majority. The object of this society is to reform abandoned females, and the society is about erecting an asylum for the accomodation of such females as are penitent.

Monday March 23.

In the SENATE the following bills were passed to be engrossed: To incorporate the Braintree Cotton Manufacturing Co.; the East Carver Co.; concerning larceny by Bank officers and persons employed in Banks; authorizing the Boston and Worcester Railroad Co. to increase their capital stock; to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the county of Middlesex.

The bill concerning state paupers and alien passengers, providing for the abolition of the provisions of law, for the support of state paupers, and increasing the capitation tax from $2 to $3 per head, came up and the question was on ordering it to a third reading. A motion was made to indefinitely postpone the bill, and after a general discussion was rejected by a vote of 4 yees and 22 nays. The orders of the day were then laid on the table.

In the HOUSE, the following House with several Senate bills were passed to be engrossed: providing for the collection of taxes by seizure on shares in corporations; to incorporate the proprietors of the Electro-Magnetic Telegraph.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the report leave to withdraw on the petition of Newell A. Thompson and others for an act of incorporation for the Grand Lodge of I. O. of O. F. was accepted, was lost without a division.

CONGRESS.

Friday, March 20.

The SENATE did not sit.

HOUSE. The day was consumed in calling the yeas and nays upon the River and Harbor appropriation bill. The item appropriating $25,000 for the improvement of the harbor of Charleston, S. C. was rejected. The South and North Carolina delegation all voted against this appropriation.

The following appropriations were then ordered to be engrossed, each being decided by yees and nays:

Savannah harbor, $50,000; Hudson river, 75,000; Ohio river, 80,000; Mississippi, &c., 24,000.

The whole amount of the appropriations in the bill as passed, was about $1,380,000.

Saturday, March 21.

Neither the SENATE or HOUSE was in session.

☞ "John Smith, jr., of Arkansaw," writing to the Boston Post, from New York, says:

"It is believed, and I think there is good grounds for it, that the Hibernia has brought out despatches to Mr Pakenham, instructing him to offer the 49th deg. parallel on the Oregon question."

And adds—

"I am informed, by one who I think knows, and who by the way is a 54 deg. 40 min. man that not more than fourteen or fifteen senators, at farthest, will be found willing to object to the 49th deg. parallel.—Thus we go. It is not unlikely that the Oregon controversy is very near at end."

A DOCTOR KILLED BY HIS OWN PRESCRIPTIONS. We have just seen a private letter from Macon, Ga., says the N. Y. Tribune, stating that Dr. Ambrose Baker, an old and highly esteemed physician of that place, died on the 8th inst., from the effects of his own medicine. He wrote a prescription for a dose composed in part of Prussic acid, to be administered to a patient. The druggist sent the medicine, with a message that whoever took it would be killed. The patient thereupon refused to take it, when the Doctor, to convince him there was no danger, swallowed it himself. He died in half an hour. The prescription was copied exactly from a medical work, but the quantity of Prussic acid was eight times greater than it should have been. So much for a typographical blunder.

☞ Mr Beard was chosen a member of the N. H. legislature from Nashua, by receiving exactly the number of votes—not having one to spare. The editor of the Oasis says—

"This fact reminds us of the story of the Dutchman, who fancied himself St. Peter, and door-keeper to heaven. His neighbors came up for admission—some were rejected and some permitted to pass in. At last he himself was presented for judgement. He proceeded to interrogate himself as to the good and wicked acts of his life—balancing the several deeds—arguing pro and con—now this way, now that. At last came the decision, amid doleful shakings of the head:—"Van Sceifenghisteritzson, you—may—go—in;—*but it is a tam tight squeeze!*"

DESERTION AND DEATH OF A WIFE. Rochester papers of last week report the death of Mrs Hannah Patterson, late Hannah Elizabeth Williams, of Pepperell, Mass., who was deserted by her husband, Geo. E. Patterson, of St. Johns, New Brunswick, a few days before her death. The parting scene with her little child, a girl about nine months old, was very affecting. Paterson is a man about five feet ten inches high, of very genteel address, is a carpenter, and will probably make his way to the East in search of work. [N. Y. Sun.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. It is amusing to see what fools the whigs make of themselves about this election. When the democrats used to carry for years and years the Granite State, the whigs used to say—Oh! New Hampshire is nothing—an ignorant State—let her go to the d——l. Now, it is nothing but New Hampshire! New Hampshire! glorious State, great people. All the whig prints are calling her so, and young, abet getting New Hampshire—and the [illegible] all is, they don't know what fools they are. The whigs have not got New Hampshire, neither have the abolitionists—and soon we shall see them fighting for the pole most *capsnkerously*. [Boston Times.

VERY NICE. An old whig gentleman objected to ride in the railroad cars because they were drawn by a *loco-motive*.

☞ Wilmer & Smith say that Indian corn promises to become as popular in England as in America.

☞ To-day, in Boston, commences the trial of Albert J. Tirrell, for the murder of Maria A. Bickford.

☞ The Washington Phalanx, of Boston, have voted to become nothing.

THE SPRING BUSINESS in New York, it is said, never was known to have been more flourishing.

POLICE COURT.

Monday, March 23.

Wm. Hill for assault and battery on Orin Reed—fined $6 and costs.

Tuesday March 24.

Commonwealth against *John S. Emmons*, for stealing a trunk of goods from the Lowell Passenger Depot, the property of Conant, Morgan & Co. of Plainfield N. H. Emmons was ordered to recognize in the sum of three hundred dollars for his appearance at the June Term of the Criminal Court—committed for want of bail. A letter from the jailer in Haverhill, N. H., says, a man by the name of Emmons, confined there for forgery, departed awhile ago without leave of absence. It is not certain [illegible] man.

GENERAL ORDER. [illegible] of respect to the memory of the late C[illegible] William M. Crane, of the United States navy, [illegible] the bureau of ordnance and hydrography, [illegible] position of his long and meritorious services, [illegible] of the several navy yards, and the vessels of the navy in commission, will be hoisted at half mast, and thirteen minute guns fired at noon on the day after the receipt of this order.

Officers of the navy and marine corps will wear crape on the left arm for thirty days.

GEORGE BANCROFT.

Navy Department, March 19, 1846.

☞ At JUDKINS', 39 Central st., may be found "*a Phrase Book in English and German,*" with a literal translation of the German into English, arranged on the plan of a dictionary; by Moritz Erthailer.—This is the third edition, published in New York.—The work is highly spoken of by numerous teachers. It contains a full explanation of the sounds and accentations of the German, which must be invaluable to students of the language.

☞ The correspondent of the N. Y. Express, at Washington, March 20, says:—"Ezra Holden, Esq., Editor of the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, died in this city at half-past nine o'clock this morning, of brain fever. He had been suffering from partial derangement for two days. His wife and brother reached the city only in season to close his eyes, and not in time to be recognized.

NUNS. Proceedings have been instituted against the Ursuline Nuns at Quebec, for a violation of their charter, they having refused to educate young ladies who attended balls. Twenty girls were expelled for the alleged delinquency.

☞ The New York State Colonization Society, at a meeting held on the 19th inst., appointed a committee to appeal to the public on behalf of the seven hundred and fifty-six captives rescued from the slaver Pons.

☞ The Washington Union, in speaking of the recent intelligence from Mexico, says:—

"Since the royalist party has taken open ground in favor of monarchy, the Mexican people have become much better inclined towards the U. S. Upon the whole, our affairs with Mexico were assuming a more hopeful aspect."

☞ Counterfeit $50 notes on the Lewis County, Bank, N. Y., are in circulation. Thompson's Bank Note Reporter says the engraving is equal to the best work of Raudon, Wright & Hatch, but its vignette, a large mill, &c., differs from the genuine. [Boston Times.

We shall not be likely to be troubled with them.

☞ I. E. Cheney will give a concert of music in City Hall, East evening, April 2, when he expects to be assisted by most of the musical talent in the city.—He also expects the Chenay Family (his brother's children) from Vermont, will join in the concert.

THE MORMONS DEPARTED AT LAST. We learn, says the Warsaw Signal of the 4th inst. that the Saints took their line of march from their encampment in Iowa, on Saturday morning last. About 2,000 went along.

☞ In the list of appointments by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, announced in yesterday's paper, an error occurred in inserting I. H. Wright as navy agent at Boston. We learn that the case has not been acted on by the Senate.—*Union.*

A jury at Wicklow found a verdict for £1000 against John L. Arabin, ex-lord mayor of Dublin, for the seduction of his own daughter by a woman whom he had seduced twenty years before.

☞ It is said that none of the bills warning the people against the "man in black" have been in the least mutilated—even the boys have an unaccountable dread of the unknown.

☞ Senator Huntington, of Connecticut, has been obliged to leave his seat in the United States Senate, on account of ill health, and return home.

☞ An Astronomical Observatory has been projected by the Alumni of Columbia College, with prospects of success.

☞ The telegraph from Utica to Albany reports that Van Arsdale is not dead, but will be able to testify against the black murderer. [Post.

☞ A down-east Yankee very cutely says: "Tho' the men hevo the reins, the women tell 'em which way they must drive."

☞ An infant son of Senator Cloquitt died at Washington city on the 18th March.

LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

In the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

AN ACT in addition to the several Acts incorporating Mutual Life Insurance Companies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court, assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. The net profits of the business of the Mutual Life Insurance Companies incorporated in this Commonwealth, one third of which they are required to pay to the Trustees of the Massachusetts General Hospital, shall be taken to be the excess of the dividend over six per centum, annually payable by the said companies respectively, to the holders of the guaranty capital stock actually paid in; and in case the said guaranty stock shall be redeemed, the company shall continue to pay to the trustees of such other capital, the same sum annually that they would have been liable to pay if the same guaranty stock had not been redeemed.

SECT. 2. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to invalidate or affect an agreement made by, and between, the Trustees of the Massachusetts General Hospital and the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Company, and ratified by an Act of the General Court passed January seventeenth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four; nor the rights and duties of the said corporations under and by virtue of said agreement.

SECT. 3. This act shall not take effect until the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Company shall have expressed their consent thereto.

Approved by the Governor, March 7, 1846.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S TOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, E. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students. I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the chap no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wa8pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

MARRIED,

In Waltham, March 19, by Rev Mr Ripley, Mr William E. Worthen, of Lowell, to Margaret B., second daughter of Dr E. Hobbs, of Waltham.

In North Andover, by Rev Mr Loring, Mr Edmund Morse, of Haverhill, to Miss Chloe Farnum, of Andover.

In Lancaster, Mr Samuel Houghton to Miss Lefy Wade.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending March 21, 1846.

March 15, Luther French, 79, old age; Harriet A. Bruce, 29, consumption; Sarah Jane Kelley, 7, inflammation of brain; Mary Spencer, 40, consumption; 16, Mary A. Booth, 1, dropsy of brain; 17, George A. Evans, 1, lung fever; 19, Jane M. Weston, 24, consumption; Edwin D. Cram, 2, scarlet fever; Sarah M. Miller, 14, scarlet fever; Louisa B. Simpson, 33, consumption; Amanda M. Rollins, 18 months, lung fever; 20, Emily M. Osgood, 36, consumption; 21, Esther Ann H. Grant, 3 months, hooping cough; Timothy Hayes, 6 weeks, infantile.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Dracutt, March 20, of consumption, Sarah F. A., daughter of G. W. and Susan W. Lewis, aged 6 months.

In Methuen, March 5, of cancer, Mrs Elizabeth, wife of Mr John Peaker, aged 73 years; Miss Hannah Carlton, 36, consumption.

In North Andover, March 15, of consumption, Mr John D. Carlton, aged 30.

In Billerica, March 3, Harriet R., wife of Mr Sewell Pearson.

In Groton, March 3, Mr William Livermore, 76; 8, Mr Asa Lowell, 70.

In Acton, March 15, Mrs Susan, widow of the late Dr Abraham Skinner, 82.

In Shirley, Feb. 25, Mrs Lucy, wife of Mr Moses Chaplin, 70.

In Charlestown, March 12, Mrs Elizabeth Muzzy, of Lexington, aged 92.

In Bath, Maine, March 16, Mrs Elizabeth, wife of Mr David Holmes, formerly of this city, 65.

In Bucksport, Maine, Hon Samuel Little, aged 54, a brother of B. Little, late Postmaster of Georgetown, Mass.

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Triumphant Success—Time Altered Performances commence at ½ to 8 o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, March 23, and every evening through the week, at ½ to 8 o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The performance will commence with the grand romantic Drama, in Two Acts, entitled —

THE FORTY THIEVES!

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, J. B. Teoney, Merrifield, Bradley, Smith, Clark, Atkins, Fass, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Popular Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.
Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Vaudeville, by J. Buckstone, esq., called —

THE DEAD SHOT!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Wyatt, Teaney, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar24

Spring has Come!

AND with Judkins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24

Wanted!

A SUITABLE man is wanted to take charge of the Dracutt Almshouse. Good reference as to character and qualifications will be expected. For further information apply to either of the subscribers.

T. V. BOBURN, } Selectmen
WM. HOVEY, } of
JOHN STEVENS, } Dracutt.

Dracutt, March 23, 1846. *a2ip1tmar24

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF. *First Vessel.*

The elegant fast sailing A 1 packet Ship MARTHA, Snow, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Wold & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m23

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF, *On Saturday.*

The packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, Tillinghast, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m23

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRONT COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Thursday next.*

The regular fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, Baker, master, now loading, will have quick dispatch and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m23

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham streets, to the West end of the Market House.

G. P. TALBOT & CO.

Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3m4dyjan3

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Cambridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Blunt,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BRAED, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Baich's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,

Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.

Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. mar12

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c. &c. ALWAYS, constantly on hand.

☞ Refreshments served to order, at private residences, such as Oysters, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. fab14

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. —H. J. BAXTER, mar26 No. 88, Chesnut street.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages; pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleat and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass; Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. Morrill's
COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Office; No. 9, Middle street. a&ptymar5

A Hall Wanted.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a commodious Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with two adjoining anti-rooms about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. AMES,
GEO. FAIRGRAVES,
H. LORD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON DOE, } Committee.

March 17, 1846. tfmar17

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1;jan20

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAACS. MORSE, Sec'y.

Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar9

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 6.10, A. M., 12.10 and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers luggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Troy, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00.—2d Class, 1½ 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 15 m. at the Junction.
" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

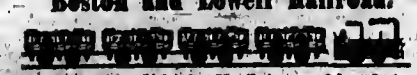
Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar8tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, February 2d, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 11, A. M., 2, P. M, and 5, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½ and 11, A. M.; 1½, 2, 5h. 25m. P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jan8tif Boston and Lowell Rail Road Co.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.

(APPROVED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
John. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in addition to sum assured	Bonus in Cash.	Reduction of Annual Premium.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$953 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79	
			1838	828 95	373 45	57 12½	1730 50	
			1839	693 37½	308 56	45 70	1483 33	

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&pawaeopdec18

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same immediately to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Constable's Sale.

MIDDLESEX, ss. Lowell, March 23, 1846.

Taken on sundry executions and will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, next, the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., at Samuel C. Shapleigh's Auction Room, No. 1, Commercial Square, the entire Stock and Tools of a Cabinet Manufactory, consisting of 6 elegant modern style Sofas, well made and finished complete—15 do. unfinished, with all the materials for completing the same—a quantity of superior Hair Cloth and other trimmings for upholstering—a quantity of nails—Casters—Buttons—Glue—Curled hair—Mosses—Batting—Varnish—Spirits of Turpentine—Japan—Sand Paper—English Twine—a lot of very superior Mahogany and Black Walnut Branch Veneers—black Walnut and other lumber—2 excellent Work Benches, with a vice to each—3 Stoves and Funnel—Hand screws, &c., &c.

CHAS. J. ADAMS,
Constable of Lowell.

On THURSDAY next, March 26, at 3 o'clock, p.m., (on the premises,) the building known as the Kirk St. Chapel, directly opposite the house of John Clark, esq., Kirk street. To be removed or can remain on leased land, as the purchaser may desire.

Also—The Furniture and fixtures of said House; such as Settees, Stoves, Lamps, &c. Terms at sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

ON MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Valuable Real Estate.

ON THURSDAY, March 26, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) a genteel Dwelling House situated on Gorham street, in front of the Grove, the same lately occupied by George H. Carleton, esq. Said house is large and well finished—parlors with folding doors, marble chimney pieces—dining room and kitchen on the ground floor, and seven chambers. Connected with the kitchen is a well of good water and a brick and cement rain water cistern, holding 2000 gallons. There is also a good Barn, Wood-shed, Work-shop, and a large amount of room for other purposes. The attention is very pleasant, and the whole arrangement such as to render it one of the most desirable estates ever offered at Auction in Lowell. Terms very easy. For further particulars inquire of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished rooms, and about 2300 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BILLERICA.

To be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of NATHANIEL STEARNS, late of said Billerica, deceased, all the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the following parcels, viz.:

The Homestead, consists of 97 acres, with a dwelling-house, a large new barn, chaise-house, corn-barn, and other out-buildings thereon, all in prime order. The land is in excellent order for raising grain and grass. Said farm has attracted the notice and been mentioned by the editors of our agricultural journals.

The Spaulding pasture, 18½ acres.
Mill Yard lot, 3 acres.
Wood lot in Chelmsford, 16 acres.
Mock meadow lot, 3 acres.

The Furbish place, consisting of a dwelling-house and about one half an acre of land, situate at the corner, so called, in said Billerica.

The above is sold at auction by order of said deceased, contained in his will. Conditions made known at the time of the sale—a mortgage upon the premises for two thousand dollars, of the purchase money, if desirable.

For further particulars, inquire of Mr ANTHONY JONES, of Billerica, of Mr JOHN WILSON, of Lowell, or of the subscriber.

MARSHALL PRESTON, Ex'r.

Billerica, Jan. 12, 1846. tjan15

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for restoring obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably mild, safe, and sure, and the many certificates of their virtues and the benefits which have been realized by the sufferers in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the mail, by the proprietor or by any other authorized agent, by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I take pleasure in saying to the afflicted, that by the aid of these Pills no family need be without a Physician.

The Pills can be had at No. 5 Merrimack street, at my residence on Kirk street, Lowell.

aug 18—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

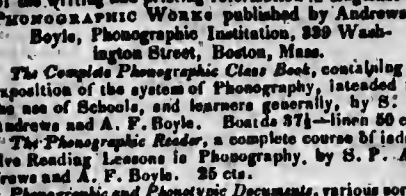
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL sts., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of langour and depression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be limited forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cor. st., John Down, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, Amos Tuttle; Burlington—Geo. Gleason; Charlestown, E. B. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barbey; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hopkinton, E. B. Craig; Haverhill L. Semple, T. Dimond, T. Merrill, Grigg & Co.; Lexington, Wm. M. Bush; Littleton, D. P. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldwell; Reading, J. Frost & Son, Daniel Morrison; Sterling, Jos. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amos Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winchester Robinson, Washington E. Church; Worcester, H. Rutteridge; Townsend, Joseph Hosely, Rodney & Green; Tyngsborough, J. D. Prescott, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Heald; Wilmington, Warren & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Perkins; Woburn, H. S. Hovey, Noah Kendall; Hathorn, White & Brothers, R. B. Austin, Josiah Shattuck & Co.; Stoneham Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan1ly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S "INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apopiexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is no much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confession of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [128] JUDKINS, 20, Central st.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their pains optimus pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. elyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which have a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth $2,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3modeyjan13

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux effecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt at.

☞ Mrs J. TURGEON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BAISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, of Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Baisted has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved one of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a better equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andraw J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and inability affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of confirmed Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE,
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed. I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew, but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jon20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent is Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 269 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 9, 1845. augly

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 37.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tfeb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

Hy G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

[illegible], Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Cobarn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. BINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. e30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advty LOWELL. sept9

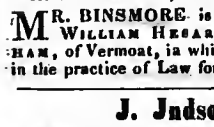
H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Staedards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING;

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE—

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAR BANGS.

jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., —next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be relied upon, if the work is not satisfactory. If sep9

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf6c6

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, and are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved; two bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel! In having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have need it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a12A&P6m

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the secretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

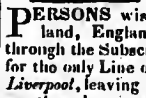
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

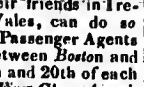
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptyaug30

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN.

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.)	CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.)	COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.)	St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.)	GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs. Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages in order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,

DAVID A. COBURN,

SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec27

THE LAST WORDS OF A RESPECTABLE MAN.

"Such were the words of one, universally respected, whose memory will ever be cherished by his inconsoluble friends."

A rich man dying, called his son
To hear his last advice:
Whispering he spake—his sight was gone—
His feet were cold as ice!

"Beware of evil, spendthrift ways,
And wasteful company;
Be wise and frugal all your days,
If you would virtuous be.

"Opinions correct in the world,
Adopt with deep respect;
New-fangled thoughts and things, at once,
My prudent son, reject.

"O'er ward and deed keep constant guard—
Your bright side let men see;
Society lays down certain rules
For all morality.

"Be your attendance at your church
Constant; your prayer-book, new;
Dress well; and do not fail to choose
A handsome, central pew.

"In friendship, have a wakeful eye;
Avoid a needy friend:
He's NOT your friend—who something wants;
Borrow not—neither lend.

"All men in troubled waters, shun,
And all things out of joint;
Good tables seek—and dinners give,
As your best interests point.

"If any woman you have wronged—
(Vice causes sad expense)—
Have fortitude—oh, fly from vice—
Leave her to Providence.

"For marriage, in my will you'll find
A safe, directing voice,
Where birth and competence combined,
Will bless your father's choice.

"Something I had to say on truth,
Something on honesty;
My memory fails—but stick to both,
When the best policy.

"Gather my bills up—pay my debts,
And call my credits in;
With all men I would die at peace,
And all good memories win.

"One debtor—he is very poor—
A carpenter by trade—
He'll never pay; so by this man
You'll get my coffin made."

From the St. Louis Reveille.

THE DISCOVERY: A POSTMASTER GENERAL IN DISGUISE!—A GOOD SUPPER GRATIS.

BY SOL. SMITH.

On my way to the North, in 1835, in company with several gentlemen of New Orleans, it happened that the stage in which we were passengers stopped for supper at a small village, situated between the towns of Columbus and Zanesville, on the Cumberland road, in the State of Ohio.

There was a great gathering of militia Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Sergeants, and Corporals, with a considerable sprinkling of privates, all of whom had been exhibiting their patriotism during the day, by marching up and down the road, shouldering arms, carrying arms, presenting arms, and charging bayonets preparatory to intended hostile operations against the neighboring State of Michigan, the authorities of which, and those of the State of Ohio, were at open war,—almost—about *boundary*.

For the purpose of amusement, it had been agreed that the stage driver should be informed that I was Amos Kendall, Postmaster General of the United States, traveling in disguise, and assuming the very common name of Smith, in order to discover abuses in the transporting department. With many mysterious hints, and under strict charges of secrecy, Jehu was made acquainted with the awful fact, that he was actually driving the important individual above named. The reins almost fell from his hands!—"What, Mr Kindle! *Amos* Kindle!" exclaimed the astonished driver—"it can't be possible!" "It *is* possible," answered the gentleman who was imparting the information, and who was enjoying an outside seat, "and it is his wish to be entirely private, in order to avoid the attentions that would otherwise be lavished upon him." The driver promised the most inviolable secrecy, and proceeded to curry down his horses.

We had not been long in the hotel where our supper was being prepared, before it was plainly perceptible that *something* was going on; curious glances were thrown into the bar-room where we were sitting; militia officers flitted about or collected into groups; the landlord and his family began to spruce up; in brief, it was evident that our secret had been confidentially imparted to half the village.

The first demonstration that was made, consisted of an invitation to my friends and myself to accept the use of a private parlor. This being at once agreed to, the landlord ventured to suggest that, if not disagreeable to me, my fellow citizens of the village would like to pay their respects to me and *take me by the hand*.

"No objections in the world," said I, "let the worthy citizens come in."

Then followed a scene of the richest kind of fun—but Dickens has described a similar adventure, and I pass on.

Supper was announced. I was placed at the head of the table—the richest viands and preserved fruits were spread in profusion before us. We feasted!—and during the operation numerous female heads—or rather heads of females—were continually popping in at the windows and open doors, while the piazza was filled with boys of all sizes, who amused themselves by firing off chinese crackers, sending up young rockets, and shouting "hurra for Jackson—and his cabinet!"

Supper over, we retired to the bar, and demanded our bill of expenses. The landlord smilingly answered, that he was too happy to entertain us without compensation—he felt honored by my sitting at his board, and my friends were equally welcome. After much urging, I consented to receive his hospitality gratuitously, since he *insisted* on it, but *my friends*, I would not consent that *they* should feast at his expense—oh, no! *They* must be allowed to pay for their splendid supper. Well, if I *insisted*, he *would* take pay from *them*—and he did.

"Could I say two or three words with you in private?" asked the landlord, in a low voice, as he walked by my side towards the couch, which was waiting.

"By all means," I replied, and he led me a little to one side, into a dark part of the piazza. After two or three hems! to clear his throat, the

landlord commenced: "Whatever *others* may think of you, sir, I consider you an *honest man*."

"Sir, I feel very much obliged by the favorable estimate you have formed of me."

"Yes, sir, let the opposition say what they please, I believe you to be a conscientious individual—I do."

"Well, sir, considering this is the first time we have ever met, I must say your liberality is extraordinary; but I thank you for your good opinion."

"Ah, sir, though we have never *met*, I know you well—we all know you for a most efficient officer, and deserving man."

"It is true I am tolerable well known in the Western and Southern country, and as for my *efficiency* I believe I do push ahead about as hard as a man conveniently can."

"That you do—all parties must acknowledge it. You have effected many improvements in your department."

"Yes, I flatter myself that in the stage department I have made some improvements."

"Your removals have met with general approval in this part of the country."

"Removals?—oh, yes—I do travel a great deal."

"Yes you do, and to some purpose. Now I wanted to speak to you about our Postmaster here."

"Indeed! Well, what of *him*?"

"Are you not aware that he is a whig?"

"No!—is he?"

"Yes, he is—and it is thought by the friends of the Administration here, that *he* ought to be removed, and a good democrat appointed."

"What is the office worth?"

"About five hundred a year."

"Who would be a proper person for the office?"

"Why, I couldn't exactly say—but if"——

"Would *you* accept the appointment?"

"Most willingly, if you should think me worthy."

"Well, I'll tell you what you'd better do. Write on to the department—state the matter as you've stated it to me, and perhaps"——

"If you would just make a memorandum, it would be sufficient."

"My dear sir, don't depend on anything that passes between us *here*—*here* I am Sol. Smith, as you may see by the way-bill; but at Washington—you understand."

"Yes, I understand. Then I'll write on to the department."

"Yes—write."

"Sir, I shall depend on your good offices."

"Sir, you may—your supper was excellent, and your attentions shall not be forgotten—farewell—write on to the department, by all means."

The worthy aspirant to the Postmastership of the village, accompanied me to the coach, carefully turned up the steps when I had entered, and then joined his fellow citizens in the three loud cheers with which our department was honored.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

After all our struggling and scheming for the honors and riches so highly prized by man, what is actually more valuable than health?—What contributes more directly to happiness? The stings of a guilty conscience, it is true, inflict more keen-felt misery than the pangs of a rickety constitution, and incapacitate one more effectually for the enjoyment of every pleasure; but, after that, what distinction can a man in his senses more anxiously covet than a body uniformly free from disease? When nature feels the flow of its blood pure and unimpaded, what unutterable gladness bathes the spirit in that one feeling of—health? God created the earth and the air beautiful through the senses; and at the uplifting of a little lid, a whole flood of imagery is let in upon the spirit, all of which becomes part of its very self—and the mere consciousness of existence is like that emotion of which Milton speaks, as breathed from the bowers of Paradise,

> Vernal delight and joy, able to drive
> All sadness but despair!

It is to us a matter of deep surprise that so little importance is attached to these considerations—that people do not reflect, not only that by a just attention to them, they would experience one of the few glowing delights which are unaccompanied with danger or remorse, but that it is their duty, as mortal beings, not to give their souls wholly to amassing wealth or acquiring fame. Through all our schools, colleges, and other seminaries of learning, physical education, we fear, is wonderfully neglected. What compensation are Greek, Latin, and Metaphysics, to a young man just entering on manhood whose health is destroyed? He brings into the arena of life, to meet its fierce contests—to bear its hard shocks—to persevere in its long continued, laborious enterprises—and to subdue its impetuous opposition—a shrivelled, puny body, limbs trembling with weakness, and palsied with pain. His feeble system is borne down to the bed of sickness even by the operations of his own over-cultivated mind. The spirit is too strong for its tenement.

The sword has worn through its scabard. He hears the trumpet sound, and the busy hum of preparation, but he cannot arise and arm himself for the battle. Opportunities of usefulness, and of creating an honorable reputation, crowd thick around him, but he feels a prostrating weakness, which, like an invisible enemy, creeps through his veins, and drinks the life-blood from his heart; and he languishes in pain and wretchedness, like Ivanhoe in the castle of Front de Boeuf, unable to perform a solitary act in the fray on whose result hang all his most cherished hopes. He is a "drone in the hive of life"—a stranded bark, rotting in the wind and sun, while others are dancing on the blue waves, and exulting in their foamy path. We can with difficulty imagine a spectacle more deserving of the sympathy of men and angels, than a human being whose heart is overflowing with philanthropic feelings, and whose mind teems with godlike schemes for making others wiser and better, thus doomed to dreary inactivity, and perpetually compelled to think of himself by sharp enforcement of physical pain, or the nervous despondence and inability produced by bodily weakness. But why speak of literary and professional men alone?—do not the sons of Mammon fling away the precious blessings of health with equal carelessness? Thousands of our fellow citizens, who are surrounded with all the elegances of life, are at this moment envying the obscure ploughboy, whose pure breast has conceived no cankered longings either of avarice or ambition, whose feelings are overclouded by no complication of diseases, and whose glowing cheeks rebuke the fashioness of the victim to study, and the martyr to artificial wants. The beauty of our females, too—especially the daughters of the wealthy—fades in a few summers for want of physical exercise, and children are brought into existence predestined to misery by faults not their own, and blighted with the seeds of hereditary disease.

☞ The receipts at the Custom House during the six days of the week are $750,000. Last week they amounted to $810,000. [N. Y. Express

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, 1846.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

TEMPERANCE FESTIVAL.

Mr. Editor,—The Temperance Festival holden at the City Hall on Tuesday evening was highly creditable to all concerned. There were only two speakers from abroad, (several who were invited not finding it convenient to come) but these two acquitted themselves honorably. They were Dea. Moses Grant, of Boston, and J. L. L. F. Warren Esq., of Brighton.—Dea. Grant is an old soldier in the temperance cause, and labors with an honest sincerity of heart that wins him many friends. Mr Warren made a decidedly pleasing speech of half an hour's length. He is a man of very agreeable exterior, and speaks in a very pleasant, yet forcible style. Short speeches were delivered by Rev. Mr Miner, and Rev. Mr Hunks of this city.

The music, vocal and instrumental, under the direction of Mr John Buttrick was every way worthy that gentleman's high reputation in this science.

The table, under the superintendence of the committee of ladies, was tastefully spread, and reflected much credit upon that fairer portion of creation, who are ever forward in works of charity and benevolence. The only desideratum in reference to the table was, what is the case on all such occasions—a limited supply of refreshments. It will be seen, however, at a glance, that to provide a full meal for *all* present on such an occasion would be next to an impossibility—and no one probably expects as much.

The societies of Rechabites, male and *female*, in full regalia were in attendance, and joined in the festivities of the occasion.

Finally, let this hasty sketch be closed by adding that our worthy Mayor, Dr. Huntington, presided on the occasion, assisted by E. B. Patch, Esq.; and to all appearance, every thing passed off much to the satisfaction of all present, and to the honor and benefit of the temperance cause.

The Practical Astronomer. This is the title of a new work, just published by the Harpers: by Thomas Dick, L. L. D., author of several former astronomical and other works. It is divided into parts and subdivided into chapters and sections, and treats of light and colors, and gives practical descriptions of all kinds of telescopes; explains the use of the Equatorial Transit, Circular and other Astronomical instruments; together with other topics connected with Astronomy. The work is illustrated with one hundred engravings. As its name implies, it is intended for the practical rather than the merely theoretical student of Astronomy. It is intended for persons who have already acquired some knowledge of the science. We should judge the work to be judiciously arranged, the illustrations plain and easily understood, and the subjects treated of concisely, and at the same time clearly, forcibly and in good taste.

To be had at Bixby's.

Serious accident. A young man by the name of Albert Livermore, porter at the Washington House, in coming up Cherch st., on Tuesday evening last, in passing a pile of dirt and blocks that entirely covered the sidewalk against a building recently moved upon the spot by Wm. Gray, fell into a hole, excavated to put in the underpinning, and so injured his head by striking it upon the stones as to completely bewilder him. When found, he could not tell who he was nor where he belonged. He is now comfortable.

That there should not have been a light put there was inexcusable carelessness.

Hon. Robert Rantoul delivered an Address last evening before the Industrial Reform Association of this city, upon capitol punishment. Mr R. has given this subject much thought for some years, and, going into it as he does with his whole abilities, determined to convince people of the expediency of abolishing capital punishment, makes out, as no one will deny, a very strong case.

Important from St. Domingo. The N. Y. Sun says, the Dominican Republic has been saved from Haytien invasion by the timely intervention of a Spanish fleet, and the refusal of President Pierrot's forces to march to the conflict. The Spanish fleet had sailed from the Island, having adjusted their differences with the Haytiens and secured the independence of Dominica.

☞ The following sentiment, given at the Irish Charitable Society celebration, in Boston, St. Patrick's day, was omitted in the account published by the Post:

By A. McAvoy, Treasurer. *Collector Morton*—A native born citizen, but not a *native* that would exclude an adopted citizen from office on account of his country or creed.

☞ The town of Manchester, N. H., voted at the late town meeting to petition the Legislature for a City Charter. It is the largest town in New Hampshire now, sends the most representatives to the Legislature, and casts the largest vote.

Fire in Groton. On Monday morning last, a fire was discovered in a shop owned by E. Whiton, Esq. A galvanic battery and some patterns were destroyed. Loss inconsiderable.

Wanted. The Odd Fellows want a new Hall, and the proprietor of the Museum wants more room. Why don't somebody erect a good building and pocket their 12 per cent? Nothing easier.

Destructive fire. The extensive cotton factory of Messrs. Magill & Green, in Malone, N. Y., was destroyed by fire on the 13th. The loss is said to have been nearly $60,000.

☞ The trial of Mr Thomas Ritchie, Jr., for causing the death of Mr Pleasants, will take place on Wednesday next before the Supreme Court at Richmond.

☞ The Washington Union of Friday announced that the tariff bill from the Committee of Ways and Means would be forthcoming in a few days.

☞ On Sunday morning, about a third of the free bridge across the Merrimack, at Concord, N. H., was carried away by the ice.

☞ The first Salmon of the season was brought into Boston from Nova Scotia on Tuesday.

Often enough. On and after the 30th inst. we are to have six trips daily on the railroad to Boston.

TRIAL OF TIRRELL FOR THE MURDER OF MRS. BICKFORD!

On Tuesday morning the trial of Albert J. Tirrell for the murder of Maria A. Bickford was commenced in Boston. The case is fully presented in the following opening remarks of the District Attorney:

The prisoner is the son of Leonard Tirrell, late of Weymouth, was twenty-two years of age last February, was brought up a shoe-maker. He was married in 1842, and has a wife and two children. He had a kinsman in New Bedford, and while on a visit there in 1844, he became acquainted with Maria Bickford. Maria Bickford was 21 years old in June. She was married in 1840. She deserted her husband in 1842 and came to this city with a paramour, who deserted her, and she became a common prostitute. Her husband had several interviews with her and tried to reclaim her, but without success. The prisoner and Mrs Bickford travelled together as man and wife, and at one time carried her to the house in which his family resided. In April last he carried her to the Hanover House, from whence she was expelled as soon as her character became known. Afterwards the two kept a house of ill-fame in London street, in this city, she passing under the assumed name of Maria Welsh.

The prisoner was indited at the Municipal Court, for adultery, but eluded the officers and passed the summer in travelling. On the 29th September he was arrested at New Bedford and committed to Boston jail. He was bailed out by a relative on the 2d of October. On the same day he entered his name at Doolittle's tavern as Albert De Wolf. He made search for Mrs Bickford, but it is supposed she secreted herself, being afraid of him. He gave a gold watch to a young man to find her out. On the 10th of October, both of the names of Albert De Wolf and Albert J. Tirrell were entered on the books of Mr Doolittle. On the 21st October, letters from his wife and family and friends being addressed to the Judge of the Municipal Court, the proceedings on the indictment were stopped, he paying the costs and entering into bonds to keep the peace and be of good behavior. On the 15th October, the deceased went to the house of Joel Lawrence, in Cedar lane, to live. On the 22d October, she went out and the prisoner came home with her and passed the night with her. He passed every succeding night with her until her death. On Sunday, the 26th October, he came to Lawrence's house in the afternoon.—Loud and angry words were heard coming from her chamber; afterwards he went away and came back about 8 o'clock in the evening. At 9 she came out as she said, to get some water for Albert. About the same time the house was shut up for the night. Every person but Maria Bickford who was in that house that night, will be before you. The Lawrence family occupied the lower floor of the house. Above were three chambers, the back one occupied by the prisoner and the deceased, the middle one vacant, the front one by Priscilla Blood and W. J. Patterson. About daylight a faint shriek was heard and afterwards a fall on the floor of something heavy, and then a person was heard to go down stairs falling or stumbling as he went down and then a groan or cry of fire. Presently Patterson and Miss Blood saw a blaze and their room was full of smoke. P. openened the window and cried fire.

Mrs Lowrence found a pile of bed clothes on fire against Miss Blood's door; the wood-work was also on fire. The door of Mrs Bickford's room was open and the room full of smoke, and her body was found lying near the fire-place, her throat cut from ear to ear and no apparel on but her night clothes. Near her was a razor, and on the other side of the room a razor case; a puddle of blood near the pillow, and also some ways from it in the bed. The wash-bowl was full of blood and water. There was no blood under her. In the room were found a vest, socks, and cone, belonging to the prisoner, and in the pocket of the vest, a key which opened his trunk. A part of the bed-clothes of her bed, and those of the bed of the middle room, were found in the entry on fire.

On the same morning the prisoner applied at Fullum's stable for a horse and waggon and a man to drive him. Mr F. Ordered one harnassed. The prisoner, who was known to Mr F., said that he had got into a scrape about a girl, and must go off. He was taken to a house of a relative in Weymouth, and nothing more was seen of him until his arrest at New Orleans. *Jabez Fisher*, coroner, was also on request on the body of Maria A. Bickford, on the day that she was found dead. He was called up about 5 o'clock in the morning, on 27th of October last, and went to a house in the rear of Charles street, in the alley leading from Pinckney street. The house was occupied by Mr Joel Lawrence; arrived there about twenty minutes after 5 went into a chamber at the head of the stairs on the right; found that it had been set on fire; found the dead body on the floor; throat cut very deep; the body had only night clothes on, blacked and burnt with the fire. Found a razor covered with blood in the room; also clothes which belonged to Tirrell; also a trunk, valise and other property. The razor and the clothing &c., were produced in court.

The testimony of three or four witnesses gives the substance of the whole for the Government. What the defence may be we cannot foresee.

Joel Lawrence testified that in October last he lived at a house in what is sometimes called Mont Vernon Avenue, in the rear of Charles street; had lived there for twenty odd years; had known Maria Bickford for about two years; she came to his house first time about a year and a half ago; she died there on the 27th of October last; had been there eight or ten days; she did not go out evenings; has seen the prisoner at the bar three or four times; he came to see Mrs B.; was there on Sunday, 26th October, about noon; went out about dusk, and came in again about 8 o'clock; about 9 o'clock saw him in Mrs B.'s room; went to bed soon after, previous to which he shut up the house; Tirrell did not go out before the door was locked, witness slept in the basement story, his wife one story higher, and Mrs Bickford's room was still one story higher up.

The witness was minutely examined as to the manner of his being waked up on the morning of the 27th of October. He heard a noise in the entry like some one unlocking the door, and then a very strange noise in the yard; when he got into the entry, his wife was going up stairs; she threw down some bed clothes, which was on fire, and he threw them out into the yard; after that they dressed themselves and went up again, and found more fire; Mrs Bickford's room was so full of smoke that nothing could be seen; struck his foot against the body as he went to open the window; threw water on the fire; Mr Hatch, Mr Bowker, and watchman came in, and witness went after coroner; the witness identified the clothes, cane, &c. the articles belonging to no one in the house; had seen the vest on Tirrell; the persons in the house that night were himself, wife and two children, William Patterson, Priscilla Blood, A. J. Tirrell and Maria A. Bickford; had carried a letter from the deceased to the post-office about a week before, and one to No. 9 Elm street; thinks the former was directed to a Mr Johnson, and the latter to A. J. De Wolfe. Witness said he was 65 years old.

The witness was closely questioned, on the cross-examination, as to the character of the boarders in his house, and of the company they received. He answered reluctantly, but finally admitted that he knew Tirrell was not Mrs B's husband, and that he spent several nights with her in his house, and that other persons had visited the house in the same way.

Berthena Lawrence, wife of Joel Lawrence, was called to the stand, and testified that Mrs B. had been in the house eight or nine days, no one came to the house to see her but Albert, and he came every night; had heard no angry language between them.

On cross-examination, she said Mr Bickford, husband of the deceased, had been there with her several times; deceased had been called Johnson and also Maria Welsh.

James B. Fullum—Keeps a livery stable in Bowdoin Square; was called up by one of his men on morning of 27th October, who said there was a man at the door who wished to see him; opened the window and asked what he wanted; then went down; Tirrell was there; he said he had got into trouble and wanted him to carry him off; that some one had been in his room and tried to murder him; witness sent a man, with directions to carry prisoner wherever he wanted to go; had known Tirrell before; he had frequently hired horses there; Thompson went with him in a covered wagon; saw nothing peculiar about his dress; he was in a hurry.

Cross examined—Tirrell said something about house being on fire; had seen him and Maria Bickford together often; supposed him to be extremely fond of her:

Oliver Thompson—A hostler in the employ of Mr Fullum—heard a rap at the door about 5 o'clock on the morning of Oct. 27; found a man there who wanted a horse; he gave his name, but don't recollect what it was; sounded like Garrett; under Mr Fullum's directions, witness drove the prisoner to a place called Weymouth; drove where he directed; first to South Boston, and then he said keep straight along; he said he was going to his wife's father's; did not pay; said he would see Mr F. in a day or two, and pay him; on South Boston bridge he said he like to have got into a scrape, and was going out home; he wanted me to drive as fast as I could conveniently; did not appear to be alarmed.

Here the Court adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The points of defence relied upon by the prisoner's counsel are, first, that Maria A. Bickford might have committed suicide—second, if killed by Tirrell it was done in an affray, and without malice aforethought, and consequently only manslaughter—Third, that the prisoner was a *somnambulist*, or "sleep walker," and whatever he did he did in that state, and was not accountable. The last point of defence is the one principally relied on.

A trick worth recording. A "very gentlemanly looking man" called a few weeks since at a store in Broadway, and enquired of the proprietor, who is a German, if he would like to sell a medicine, of "known celebrity," stating at the time the percentage which would be allowed, and pointing out the advantages which would accrue to his store, from the publicity it would acquire from the extensive advertising of the medicine. The German feeling satisfied that he could lose nothing by the experiment, consented to receive a specified number of bottles.

In due time they came, and very elegant in outward appearance they certainly were, being beautiful labelled—with a bronze wrapper, *a la Chinoise*, and marked in illuminated figures, "price $5 00." The perfume emanating from the unfolding of the bright wrappers, and the glitter of the embossed name—("The Elixir of Life")—pleased the German so much that he was induced to place the bottles in the most conspicious part of the store. Scarcely had Japonica-flit "melted into air," when a gentleman, apparently very near-sighted, gave an inquiring look into the store, and coughing very consumptively, demanded if such an advertised medicine was sold there, naming the "Elixir." Being answered in the affirmative, he threw a $5 gold piece on the counter, and clutching the bottle with as much avidity as though he had really obtained the "Elixer of Life," rushed from the store. The demand was so frequent that before three days had elapsed, the stock was sold.

The "gentlemanly looking man" again made his appearance to negotiate with the German for the sale of the remaining lot on hand, and receive from him the proceeds of the last, amounting to $40, the German reserving his profits, $10. The excuse for the sale of *all* his medicine was ill-health, necessity of removing to a warm climate, &c., and the German being satisfied, the articles of sale were made out and completed, all but the singing, when a Yankee friend, possessing more shrewdness than the German, stepped in and rescued him from the loss of some $800 or $900. Subsequent inquiries proved that the "gentleman" had sent persons to purchase the medicine, and an examination of the "glowing bottle" proved it to contain molasses and water! perfumed with some powerful essence. [N. Y. Mirror.

A remarkable case.—*A Pin remaining in a person's ear twenty-four years.* The facts of a very singular case came to our knowledge, on Saturday. About twenty-four years ago, a lady of Andover, Mrs. Gunnison, on retiring at night put up four curls in papers and pins. In the morning one of the pins was missing, and from the painful sensation in her ear, she was confident it had penetrated there. A careful examination however, after a time, failed to satisfy any but herself, that the pin was in her ear.—Inflammation and great distress in the region of the ear and throat followed, but no surgeon or physician could be persuaded that the cause was the missing pin. From that time to the present, she has been troubled with a singular sensation about the ear, attended by an impaired memory, and a slight injury of late to the power of hearing. Her protestations have been considered as the result of mere imagination, probably of hypochondria, nor would any of her friends or physicians believe the idea of there being a pin in her head, for so great a space of time—notwithstanding she was able, by probing, to touch a hard foreign substance in the ear. This, the doctors said, was a piece of bone. She was advised however, a short time since, to come to the Eye and Ear Infirmary in this city, and did so. The result was, that on Friday last, a brass pin of the usual size, was drawn from the ear—excepting a small portion of the point, which probably still remains imbedded in the flesh or bone. The pin is very little changed, not perceptibly corroded, and looks simply like any old, well worn, pin. [Boston Star.

The army of occupation advancing.—The main body of Gen Taylor's army marched from Corpus Christi towards Brazos St. Jago previous to the 12th, and General Taylor and staff left on the morning of that day. No persons not belonging to the force were allowed to accompany its march or establish themselves in the vicinity of the army. The troops were to take a position on the left (Mexican) bank of the Rio Grande. The squadron of transports were to leave Galveston on the 20th inst. under convoy of the U. S. cutter Woodbury, Capt. Foster, and the steamer Mosquito. Gen. Mejia is said to have returned to Matamoras on the 2d inst. The Mexican troops this side the Rio Grande—if any—are said to be under the command of Garcia, Canales and Sovereign.

Head Quarters, army of occupation
Corpus Christi, Texas, March 8, 1846.

Orders, No. 30. The army of occupation being about to take possession on the left bank of the Rio Grond, under the orders of the Executive of the United States, the General commanding deems it proper to express his hope that the movements will prove beneficial to all concerned, and that nothing may be wanting on his part to insure so desirable a result, he strictly enjoins upon his command the most scrupulous regard for the rights of all persons who may be found in the peaceable pursuit of their respective avocations, residing on both banks of the Rio Grande. No person under any pretence whatever, will interfere in any manner with the civil rights and religious privileges of the people, but will pay the utmost respect to both.—Whatever may be required for the use of the army, will be purchased by the proper departments at the highest market price. The General commanding is happy to say that he has entire confidence in the patriotism and discipline of the army under his command and feels assured that his orders, as above expressed, will be strictly observed.

Z. Taylor, Brig. Genral,
U. S. Army, commanding.

☞ The Albany Citizen relates, that during one of the many assuagements of the flood on Sunday, a hardy Irish woman emerged from a wooden tenement in Water street, and with an infant under one arm and a pig under the other, waded out into Columbia street, having saved as she said, her whole family from a watery grave! It was difficult to tell which baby squealed the loudest, and for the matter of that, indeed it was no easy thing to determine which was pig and which was infant.

☞ David Fender "popping the question" in a letter, concluded thus, "And should you say yes, dear Mary, I will truly be your D. Fender."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, March 24.

In the Senate, the bill repealing all provisions of law for the support of state paupers excepting lunatics, and that the capitation tax shall be $3 instead of $2, was thoroughly discussed and ordered to a third reading by a vote of 23 yeas to 10 nays.

In the House, a joint committee were appointed to consider when the present session can close consistent with the public interest.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Cape Cod Branch Railroad from Middleboro' four corners to Sandwich.

Bills and resolves passed to be engrossed. Resolves granting taxes for the several counties; bills incorporating Union Mills, Millville Manufactering Co., Mount Holyoke Railroad Co.; to increase capital of Northampton Woolen Manufacturing Co.; in addition to incorporate Vermont and Mass. Railroad Co.; establishing Lowell and Andover Railroad Co.; authorizing Boston and Providence Railroad Co. to construct branch; authorizing Nashua and Lowell Railroad Co. to surrender a portion of Middlesex Turnpike.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, was discussed at length. Mr Wilson, of Natick was in favor of bringing in the water, but was opposed to giving Boston the control of all the ponds and rivers within four miles of Long Pond. The members thinking more of their dinners than pure water, the debate was cut off on motion of Mr Ellis of Wareham, to be resumed to-morrow.

Wednesday, March 25

Senate. Bills to revive the act for the Salisbury Branch Railroad Co.; to incorporate the Ashland Manufacturing Co.; to establish Hanover Branch Railroad Co (new draft) were reported. Leave to withdraw on petition of S. O. Richardson and others for a railroad from South Reading to Danvers, was reported.

The bill concerning the crime of murder came up in the orders of the day, and Mr Watts concluded his speech in its favor. The bill was amended, on motion of Mr Hopkinson, and further discussed, but the Senate adjourned without taking any vote.

In the House, the Long Pond bill was taken up; the amendments were rejected, and then the bill passed to a third reading by a vote of 121 to 74.

The orders of the day were then laid on the table.

Passed to be enacted—Bills and resolves, relating to the house of correction and insane asylum in Essex county—to establish the South Shore Railroad corporation—to increase the capital of the Northampton Woolen manufacturing company, and of the Union Mills.

CONGRESS.

Monday, March 23.

In the Senate, Mr Webster offered a resolution calling for the correspondence between this Government and that of Great Britain on the North Eastern boundary, from the 20th June, 1840, to the 4th of March, 1841, which was agreed to.

The House, on motion of Mr Harralson, went into committe for the purpose of taking up the bill for raising two regiments of mounted riflemen.

There was a long debate on the bill.

The freshet at Haverhill. Our correspondent writes:—"The waters have subsided. Men are building and repairing bridges; *righting up* their capsized sheds; draining and pumping out their cellars, or hauling up slippery hides from their depths; drying their carpets; walking slowly about to view their neighbors' ruins; chopping their way through the immense icebergs that block up our streets, or winding our way about and among them—while *rats*, having recovered their self possession, and dried their fur, are cautiously returning to take possession of their deluged quarters in the lower streets. On the banks of the river in some places, now that the water has fallen, are perpendicular walls of ice-blocks, 5, 10, and 15 feet in height, 1-4 of a mile in length, looking from the distance like impregnable ramparts,—from which, ever and anon descends a mighty avalanche into the stream [Boston Traveller.

Canada is coming. An Address to the British Parliament from Canada says, among other things,

"Whether, therefore, England wishes it or not, Canada will cut her connection immediately.

"The Canadians, by joining the United States, will continue all the privileges which England's colonies enjoy *under a free trade system.*

"In losing the British American colonies, England will lose employment for 30,000 sailors, and the finest naval nursery in the world, the amount of tonnage in that trade being greater than that of the trade to all India and China.

"But it is not a simple loss to England; the command of the St. Lowrence will give a gain to America equal in extent to our loss, thereby trebling her naval power, while it leaves her with no rival or enemy in the north."

Let her come!

Extract from a letter dated London, March 3d.

"Fine red wheat from the Mediterranean and Black sea can now be purchased at 46s. to 50s. per quarter—cost freight and insurance, weighing 60 to 62 lbs. per bushel. In the Baltic, prices of wheat are quite as high as in England, say 50s. per quarter, free on board, for good red."

The N. Y. Sun says:

"Fifty shillings per quarter is equal to one dollar and thirty eight cents per bushel. Our Western farmers can raise wheat and deliver it at New Orleans, or ports on the Lakes, in western New York, at seventy-five cents per bushel, and make fifty per cent. on the cost of production at that. Who says the lazy lords and their serfs around the Baltic and the Black sea can compete with the free sons of Columbia?"

Hon. Charles Hudson, of Massachusetts.

The Hon. John P. Hale was introduced to several of the whig members of our legislature yesterday by Joseph Bell, Esq. Mr Hale was lionized considerably, but we understand he still calls himself a democrat.—A man is generally known by the company he keeps, and the old adage says,

"Birds of a feather,
Flock together."

and so we thought when we saw him, Mr Hale in company with the leading whigs of the House. [Boston Times.

British philanthropy. Great Britain has made another demonstration of her philanthropy. Her armies in the East are busily employed in "civilizing and christianizing" the poor natives of India. Thirty thousand of them were *converted* in less than three days—that is, converted according to her usual mode—*from life unto death*; and she is so delighted at her success that she is in some danger of going mad with joy. Her humane philanthropists had better send us a few more exhortations to cultivate peace—they have so little occasion for such efforts at home. [Worcester Palladium.

Hancock free bridge. The bill for chartering this bridge, which is to run parallel with the Cambridge, has passed the Legislature. The bill provides that the tolls shall be the same as on the West Boston bridge, until the bridge is paid for, and a fund of $100,000 accumulated, after which it shall be forever a free bridge.—*Boston Times.*

☞ Rev. Joseph Penelman, who was settled in Bedford, Mass., in 1775, soon after the battle of Lexington, 19th of April, made the following prayer:—"We pray thee to send the British soldiers where they will do some good; for thou knowest, O Lord, that we have no use for them here."

☞ Among the items of expense in the city of New York, according to the comptroller's report, is $82 for *gloves* wore by members of the Common Council!

☞ The mother of Wm. Freeman, the Auburn Murderer, was of Indian origin, and went from Plainfield, Mass.

MOB IN NASHVILLE—GREAT EXCITEMENT!

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, writing from Nashville, Tenn., under date of March 15, gives the following account a most inhuman and disgraceful scene:

"This city exhibited a scene on yesterday afternoon and evening, of one of the most cruel mobs it has ever been my lot to witness. It originated in a case of slander about the wife of Mr. Porterfield, who attacked Mr Judson—who they say has formerly published a paper in your city—familiarly known as Ned Huntline—and fired three times without hitting, when Judson drew and shot him above the eye.

"It caused great excitement—Judson was taken to the Court House for the purpose of hanging him in the square, when a brother of Porterfield came up to shoot him. Judson ran and took refuge in the City Hotel, having not less than twelve or fifteen shots fired at him without touching him. The mob still pursuing him, he ran up to the third story, and jumped out at the back way, breaking one of his thighs in the fall and throwing him senseless. Supposing him to be dying, he was taken to the jail.

"Last night about 10 o'clock, finding that he was still alive, the mob broke into the jail; maimed and almost naked, they threw him into the street, to be hung. He begged for a minister—which was denied him—he feared not death but requested to be shot, and begged that if there was any gentleman present that he would shoot him. They took him to the square and run him over the rail of an awning post, the rope broke and he fell, when he was taken back to jail, where he lies to die sometime during the night.

"Mr Porterfield was buried this afternoon. Take it all in all, it was worthy of the reign of Terror in France. I was present, and attended closely to all that occurred of last night's proceedings."

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, March 24.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT. The President sent into the Senate a Message to-day, recommending generally an increase of the defences, and especially the construction of a Steam Navy. Since December, he says, he has seen no reason to change his opinion in regard to the importance of the subject. In December last he had caused communications to be made as to the increase necessary at that time, and his views were unchanged in reference to these recommendations.

England is arming at all points and a rupture *may* ultimately grow out of the Oregon question. In case of a rupture with the British Government all this increase would be used against us. The President says he cannot doubt the propriety of increasing our forces by land and sea.

The notice is again recommended as provided for by the treaty of 1827, and the President says the giving of the notice cannot be construed into a war measure.

The unsettled condition of our affairs with Mexico also warrants an increase of the Army and states that at the last advices our minister had not been received at Mexico.

Two thirds of the Army were now in Texas, owing to the threatening aspect of our affairs in that quarter. Towards Mexico he desires to act in an amicable manner and for the maintainance of an honorable peace.

The message was ordered to be printed.

STEAMBOAT ON FIRE—NARROW ESCAPE.—The steamer Telegraph, on her passage from New York to-day, when coming round Throgg's Neck, discovered the steamboat Shepard Knapp, bound for Norwalk, some two miles ahead, enveloped in smoke and flames. Capt. Stone crawded on all steam, and was soon along side the burning boat, to which he lashed the Telegraph, and immediately rendered such assistance as to subdue the flames, and in all probability saved the boat from destruction and the passengers from a watery grave. The S. K. had about 75 passengers on board. The damage to the S. K. was not so serious as to prevent her proceeding on her passage.—[New Haven Palladium, 23d.

ANOTHER GREAT FIRE AT PITTSBURG. The Pittsburg American of Saturday afternoon says:—We have to record another destruction of property in our city by fire. The destruction has been very great, extending from Seventh to Prospect street, including in all 16 houses most of which were new.

A NEW CRIME IN THE CATALOGUE! James G. McDaniel was on Thursday last, in this city, (Portland) committed to the County House of Correction on a Mittimus from the Municipal Court, under sentence of four days' confinement for the crime of *telling fortunes*. [Eastern Argus.

☞ Sleighing still continued in Berkshire, on the 16th inst, up to which time they had had 107 days of *uninterrupted* sleighing!

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CATTLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As in duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but cure should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
No. 9, Middle street.

6wn&pfeb14

MARRIED,

In this city, March 14, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr Samuel King, of Albany, Maine, to Miss Harriet Hall, of Dracutt.

In this city, March 22, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr Convis Lowell to Miss Sybil P. Gordon; 23, Mr Edson G. Baldwin, of Boston, to Miss Pamelia C. Brocklebank, of Lowell.

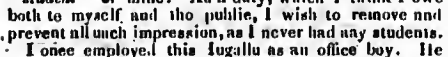
In this city, March 22, Mr Edward D. Washburn, of Boston, to Miss Lucinda A. Biglow, of this city.

In Georgetown, by R. Herbert, esq., Mr Edward F. Currier to Cynthia A. Chaplin, both of Georgetown.

DIED,

In Groton, March 18, Mr William D. Nutting, aged about 28.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 6½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 3, P. M., 6½, P. M.

Fare 50 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Chaney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.
mar30

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. H. Chronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Varian, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Malcolm I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strang,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3o

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.
Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KROWLES & BOARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. H. J. BAXTER,
mar24 No. 38, Central street.

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Two New Pieces!—Time Altered Performances commence at ½ to 8 o'clock.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, March 26, 27, and 28, performances commencing at ½ to 8 o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½.

The entertainments will commence with the Interesting Melo Drama, in Three Acts, entitled —

THE IDIOT WITNESS: Or, *A Tale of Blood!*

Characters by Messrs Marrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Atkins, Tenney, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair;

Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the Tragedy of

BOMBASTIES FURIOSO: Or, *The Intrigues of Court.*

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Tenney, Cross, Clark, Smith, Macready, Atkins, and Mrs Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar26

Mills for Sale.

THE subscriber wishing to change his business, offers for sale his Grist and Saw Mills, situated in the Middle of Chelmsford. Said Mills are in good repair, and will be sold low, on the most liberal terms. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the premises. [o2tp3m26*] G. W. ALDRICH.

Examinations of Public Schools.

THE Public Schools in this City will be examined, at the close of the present quarter, as follows, viz.:

The Primary Schools, on THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

The Grammar Schools, on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., as follows, viz.:

No. 5, (Mr Shattuck's,) at 9 o'clock, and No. 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. 2, (Mr Graves',) No. 3, (Mr Kimball's,) and No. 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock; and No. 1, (Mr Balch's,) No. 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No. 8, (Mr C. Morrill's) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High School on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., as follows, viz.:

The Female Department at 9 o'clock, and the Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

Candidates for admission into the High School will be examined on MONDAY, the 30th, and TUESDAY, the 31st inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M., on each day. FREDERICK PARKER,
Secretary of the School Committee of Lowell.

Lowell, March 11, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. tmar12

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
odvty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every port of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street.* *P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

A Hall Wanted.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a commodious Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with two adjoining anti-rooms about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. AMES,
GEO. FAIRGRAVES,
H. LORD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON DOE,
} Committee.

March 17, 1846. tfmar17

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as a proof has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly1jun29

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hurd street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letter promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residence, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Wanted!

A SUITABLE man is wanted to take charge of the Dracutt Almshouse. Good references as to character and qualifications will be expected. For further information apply to either of the subscribers.

T. V. BOHURN, }
WM. HOVEY, } Selectmen of
JOHN STEVENS, } Dracutt.

Dracutt, March 23, 1846. *a2tp1tmar24

Spring has Come!

AND with Jenkins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

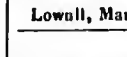
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.

First Vessel.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 packet Ship MARTHA, Snow, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs F. M. Wehl & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m23

Savannah and Boston Packets.

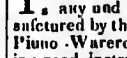
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF, *On Saturday.*



This packet Brig CHARLES JOSEPH, *Tillinghast*, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m23

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *This Day.*



The regular fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m26

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant,—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Constable's Sale.

MIDDLESEX, SS. Lowell, March 23, 1846.

Taken on sundry executions and will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY next, the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., at Samuel C. Shapleigh's Auction Room, No. 1, Commercial Square, the entire Stock and Tools of a Cabinet Manufactory; consisting of 6 elegant modern style Sofas, well made and finished complete—15 do. unfinished, with all the materials for completing the same—a quantity of superior Hair Cloth and other furnishings for upholstering—a quantity of nails—Castors—Buttons—Glue—Curled hair—Moss—Batting—Varnish—Spirits of Turpentine—Japan—Sand Paper—English Twine—a lot of very superior Mahogany and Black Walnut Branch Veneers—black Walnut and other lumber—2 excellent Work Benches, with a vice to each—2 Stoves and Funnel—Hand screws, &c., &c.

CHAS. J. ADAMS,
Constable of Lowell.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and in pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or an mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes! two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Clothing, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately; as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.
Lowell, March 26, 1846.

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished rooms, and about 2300 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.
E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c.; Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library*," recently owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Heywood, are requested to return the same *immediately* to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the city.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
mar7 23, Central street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 69 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs, Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. ja31

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. ja31

GRAND
Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING AND SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of Inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, Instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

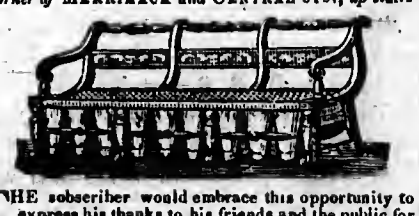
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by woman and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it would be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and work according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cor. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts.; Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollisten, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Sewall, T. Daniels, T. Mossill, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Gelleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morornes; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Reading, M. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Hazel, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Gettis; Wilmington, Warden & Haward, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. D. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co.; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin.

june6ly

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, ebullic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the repetation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have an desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This castion is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammation of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest; of the abdomen end of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart; ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rem, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Pottnr; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false oblutjus joy."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary vendors resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expence of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctence to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. nlyjun22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwangor, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Petter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After pouring upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burst off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madynal3

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremore, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY HONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Honnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Sheuard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added this following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pelar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her heads were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.
SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your Invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. taug8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 38.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2,00 per annum in advance, or $2,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES,

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je6d

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov13

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29, Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.

tfoov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

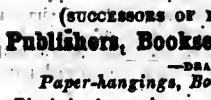
E. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market

Planes made to order, by draft. Cast steel for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug15tf

B. F. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

C. JARVIS,

HAIR-CUTTER AND DRESSER,

Wig Maker and Ornamental Hair Manufacturer,

of every description.

C. J. has been acknowledged, by the first families in Washington, and other fashionable Cities, to be a proficient in the art of arranging the hair, to suit the exact contour of the head.

ROOMS—NO. 24, CENTRAL STREET

— OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE —

tfadv LOWELL. nov15

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1 *78 Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y.

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseas, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Dispers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office, 28 State st., Boston.

INSURES against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Furniture, Merchandize, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself, will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days from the time.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dispondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitations of a friend she was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr Whitte, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosmar5

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescriptios for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wisg & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Cheatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jan. C. Ayer; and by Apothecaries generally. a13&r6m

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power, with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of egents gratis.

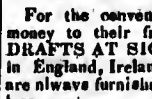
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

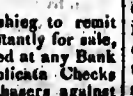
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most virulent class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv8mjan17

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch Bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17, 1845. dec17y28

From the London Daily News.

CLEAR THE WAY!

VOICES FROM THE CROWD.

Men of thought! be up, and stirring,
Night and day!
Sow the seed—withdraw the curtain—
Clear the way!
Men of action, aid and cheer them,
As ye may!

There's a fount about to stream,
There's a light about to beam,
There's a warmth about to glow,
There's a flower about to blow,
There's a midnight blackness changing
Into gray:
Men of thought, and men of action,
Clear the way!

Once the welcome light has broken,
Who shall say,
What the animagined glories
Of the day!
What the evil that shall perish
In its ray!

Aid the dawning, tongue and pen;
Aid it, hearts of honest men;
Aid it, paper—aid it, type—
Aid it, for the hour is ripe,
And our earnest must not slacken
Into play.
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way!

Lo! a cloud's about to vanish,
From the day!
Lo! the right's about to conquer,
Clear the way!
And a brazen wrong to crumble
Into clay.

With that right shall many more
Enter smiling at the door;
With the giant wrong shall fall
Many others great and small,
What ages long have held us
For their prey;
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way!

WOMEN AND DANCING.

The following humorous dialouge is taken, we believe, from one of the novels of Dr Lever, the author of "Tom Burke of Ours":

"I believe a woman would do a great deal for a dance," said Growling; "they are immensly fond of salutory motion. I remember once in my life I used to flirt with one who was a great favorite in a provincial town where I lived, and she was invited to a ball there, and confided to me she had no stockings to appear in, and without them her presence at the ball was out of the question."

"That was a hint for you to buy the stockings," said Dick.

"No; you're out," said Growliog. "She knew that I was poor as herself; but though she could not rely on my purse, she had every confidence in my taste and judgement, and consulted me on a plan she formed for going to the ball in proper twig. Now what do you think it was?"

"To go in cotton, I suppose," returned Dick.

"Out again, sir—you'd never guess it," and only a woman could have hit on the expedient. It was the fashion in those days for ladies in full dress to wear pink stockings, and she proposed *painting her legs!*"

"Painting her legs," they all exclaimed.

"Fact, sir," said the doctor, "and she relied on me for telling her if the cheat was successful"——

"And was it?" asked Durfy.

"Don't be in a hurry, Tom. I complied on one condition, viz: that I should be the painter."

"Oh, you old rascal!" said Dick.

"A capital bargain," said Tom Durfy.

"But not a safe covenant," added the attorney.

"Dont interrupt me, gentleman," said the doctor. "I got some rose pink accordingly, and I defy all the hosiers in Nottingham to make a tighter fit than I did on little Jenny; and a prettier pair of stockings I never saw."

"And she went to the ball," said Dick.

"She did."

"And the trick succeeded," answered Durfy.

"So completely," said the doctor, "that several ladies asked her to recommend her dyer to them. So you see what a woman will do to go to a dance. Poor little Jenny! she was a merry minx; by the by, she boxed my ears that night for a joke I made about the stockings. 'Jenoy,' said I, 'for fear your stockings should fall down when you are dancing, hadn't you better let me paint a pair of garters to them?'"

A SNAKE-BIT IRISHMAN.

The New York Spirit of the Times tells a funny story of an Irishman, who was exceedingly afraid of snakes,—especially "ould ones"—and who had thrust himself upon a hunting party in Tennessee. When awake he was odious—when asleep he snored so loud that no body else could get any rest. On the second night of his introsion, he made himself more than usually obnoxious. But after a while, he got asleep, and then commenced his thundering snoring. It soon grew fast and furious, loud and long; occasionally a sort of half snort, half grunt, terminated with "snakes, by jabers, blast their sowls!" This continued till about day-break, when Jim W., whose stock of patience had long evaporated, unrolled himself from his blanket, saying in his usual quiet way, "Humph! I'll *stop* that infernal concert or *start* the maker of it, see if I don't! Umph!" He then awoke the rest of the party, when a plot was laid and carried into execution.

W. got his hunting knife, and going to where the offal of a large deer had been thrown, he cut off the *entrail*, and securing the ends with twine to retain the contents, he tied one end of it fast and tight to a corner of Paddy's shirt tail that had wandered thro' a riot in the seat of his breeches, coiling it all up smooth by his side, snake like and true. All things thus arranged, the conspirators laid down again, and at the conclusion of one of the stage horn snores with the "snakes sowls" variation, Jim W. roared out at the top of his voice, "Hu we! Hu wee! Sooiee! Snakes!" giving Pat, with every word, a furious dig in the side with his elbow, drumming an accompaniment on his shins with his heels! Of course, all this noise and hutting awoke him quick and wide, and the first movement he had his hand on the nape cold coil of entrail at his side. Hissing out a "blame," from between his clenched teeth he made a heave that carried him some ten feet clear of the camp, and with a force that straightened out the coil, and made the snake's tail crack like a cart whip!

Quicker than wild lightning does he, leap off with the rapidity of lightning around the camp in a circle of some forty feet across, and at

every bound shouting, or rather yelling, "Saze 'im! saze 'im by the tale! Oh, howly Vargin, atop 'im! Och, Saint Patharick, tare 'im to smitherena wid a gun, can't yees? He's got me fast howld by me body! och he has, by jabers! an he's *a mealen his boult*, a whal Howly Father, he's got a shark hook on 'is tale! Och, murther, he's forty fut long!" On making this last circuit he ran through a part of the smouldering camp fire, and the twine at the aft end of the snake took fire; this brought a new terror; and added a strong inducement for him to put on more steam and increase his rate; round and round he went. "He's a firery sarpint—och, murther! Howly Vargin, he carries a lita to see how to bite by! Och, help; I'm awallowed (jumping a log) intirely all but my head. He's sixty fate long, if he's a fut. Thread on his bloody, firery tale, will yees? Thry to save me!" than, as if inspired with new life and hope, he roared out, "Shoot 'im—shoot 'im! *but don't aim at 'is head!* Shoot, shoot!"

Now here was a picture! There stood the Judge, hugging a sapling with both arms and one leg, his head thrown back emitting scream after scream; here lay Jim W. on his back, with his feet against a tree; his arms elevated like a child's when he wants you to help him up, and it was scream for scream with the Judge. All sounds, at all like ordinary laughter, had ceased, and the present notes would have rendered immortal the vocal fame of a dozen panthers.—Yonder stands Jim A.—"fat Jim"—with his legs about a yard apart, his hands on his hips, shouting at regular intervals of about five seconds, "Snake—*Snake*—SNAKE!" at the same intonation, but so loud that the echoes mocked each other from many crags, and "Snake, Snake," reverbrated loud and long among those mountain slopes, while his eyes carefully and closely followed the course of poor Paddy round the camp. After running round it about thirty times, the persecuted one flew off in a tangent into the dark woods, and the medley sounds of "snake, murthur, help, fire, saxty fut, Howly Vargin," &c., gradually died away in the distance, and the hunters were alone.

"Umph," said Jim W., after stopping his laughing and hiccough, "umph, I thought *that entrail* would stop snoring at *this* camp at least. Umph!" The next evening the Patlander was seen traveling at a mighty rate through Knoxville, with a small bundle under his arm and a hugh shillalah in the other hand, poked out ahead of him in a half defensive, half exploring attitude.—When he was hailed by Archy Mc——— with, "Which way, Paddy?" casting round at the speaker a sort of hang dog, sniky glance, he growled forth, a word at a step, "Streight to Ireland, by Jabers, where there's no snakes!"

"O, TEMPORO!"—O, TEMPERANCE!! At Portsmouth, in "old Virginia," a trader issues the following advertisement:

OLD WINES AND LIQUORS: ALSO GROCERIES. I have a very large and general assortment of Old Wines and Liquors, part of which have been kept on hand, improving for ten years, and were then said to be twenty years old. My Groceries will bear a fair comparison with the best in the City, as may regard quality and price, and carefulness in putting them up. The Old Wines and Liquors will be found most beneficial for the preservation of health, when moderately and judiciously used. Should any one be found so incredulous as not to have a firm and unshaken belief in so plain a matter of fact assertion, let him enquire, or call on the subscriber, who has been a regular temperate drinker during the last 50 years of his life, and, if not satisfied with his healthy appearance, they can see a portrait of his uncle, who died a few years ago in the State of New York, aged 107 years, and he was *well known* to be a drinking fish since the day he left Pentuah, then a stripping.

Feb 25—tf WM. WALLACE.

FANNY FORRESTER, (Miss Clubback) the popular magazine writer, is to be married to the Rev. Mr Judson, and will accompany him on his missionary labors in India. She will carry with her, it is added, a high devotion which a former one of the same exhibited, who followed the missionary fortunes of her husband in the east. [N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

This is another case of *infatuation* which would almost seem to be for an untimely death. We really think there should be a law against the wholesale sacrifice of life which is continually chronicled amongst those who imagine they are "*called*" to labor in unhealthy climes as the wives of missionaries. How any man can answer to his conscience to beguile any woman to become his wife with almost sure death in the face of such an undertaking, we know not. Our remarks may seem uncalled for, but from observing the numerous sacrifices of life attending these missionary marriages, we feel justified in a sort of admonitory warning. [Boston Transcript.

A COLD AND HEARTLESS LADY. In one of the large and fashionable stores in the lower part of this city, they have a female figure, on which they exhibit their cloaks, mantillas, &c., and which gives rise to many amusing mistakes. Among the most laughable was one that occurred a few evenings since. An applicant for charity came into the store, and after going around amongst the numerous clerks, soliciting a few pennies, his eye rested upon the lady in question. He immediately advanced towards her, and lifting his hat and making a most profound bow, reciting his tale, begged her to give him only a few cents. Not receiving an answer, he repeated his tale of woe:—still no answer. He stood in silent amusement, when at last, turning round, he thus addressed the clerks, who were standing witnessing the scene, convulsed with laughter: "I would not ask her again for a dollar; she is the most cold and heartless lady I have ever met with!" [N. Y. True Sun.

FINDING STORE. A chap from "the bush" was patrolling the streets of Boston a short time since, with a sheet of gingerbread under his arm, and gazing at the signs; when one which was labelled "General Finding Store" attracted his attention. He entered, chewing his "gingerbread," and after a severe effort at swallowing, like a hen eating dough, he exclaimed, "I swow! you must be darned lucky chaps to *find* all these here things.—I s'pose you aint found my umbriller nor nothing, are you?"

PROFIT OF KEEPING COWS. A correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser gives the result of his experience in keeping cows. Thinking that if the adage were true, that "a cow will half support a family,"—two would go far towards the whole support, the gentleman bought two; and the result of five months was as follows:—Original cost of cows $29, and cost of keeping $20—making $50. Their milk, at 4 cents a quart, came to $120 40, and the cows are now valued at $40—which leaves a balance in favor of the cows of $91 40. He says the secret is in feeding well, with the special view of making the diet as nearly resemble the summer habits of the animal as possible.

☞ Dow, Jr., says when a man becomes poor, and gets hard up, with his evil-eyed creditors staring at him from a dozen directions, he will shut off and go Saward in spite of all plans pointing to the contrary. Righteousness will shield those who practice it can't afford.

☞ The man who thinks he knows a little more than anybody else is requested to answer the following questions:

"If a hard knot be tied in a string, which way, how long, and with what custom will the run after it? Also who tied the knot?"

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, 1846.

THE BOSTON MAIL AGAIN.

We propose to reply to the two last articles of the Mail in the precise order they are written. Our readers must excuse us for rambling, or departing from the point at issue between the Mail and ourselves.

The Mail first complains of us for not being *disingenuous*. We have no wish to do away this cause of complaint. Ingenuousness we have ever considered commendable. Candor, frankness, fairness; freedom from equivocation or dissimulation we have ever looked upon as indispensable to honorable discussion; and should have supposed that the Mail probably thought so too, and that *disingenuous* was accidentally written for ingenuous, had not our denial of the Mails statement been unequivocal and unconditional, and so admitted to be by the Mail itself. It says, we insist it shall furnish the evidence of its own falsehood. We insisted, nor asked for any such thing. The Mail stated that a Mr Sidney Homer in making a statement about wages here had suppressed an important fact.—We broadly denied the suppression of any such fact as referred to by the Mail, because no such fact could be suppressed as it did not exist, and gave the Mail a gentle hint that it would appear quite as well to take back its assertion or maintain it by evidence—to retract, or furnish the evidence of the *truth*, not the *falsity*, of its statement. After complaining considerably it retracted. It has since admitted that Mr Homer did not write a personally disrespectful letter to Mr Lawrence—thus acknowledging that the whole of its first article was untrue.

But the Mail thinks the point at issue between us is of *little consequence*. The point, and the only point between us is the truth or falsity of its own statement which it has admitted to be untrue. We are sorry the Mail should think it of *little consequence* whether its statements are true or false, but as we have no wish to magnify or lessen the consequence of the Mail, or its statements, in its own conceit, we will not object to its setting its own value upon its own statements.

The Mail is of opinion that as the Advertiser is published where the evidence of the rate of wages here can be readily obtained we ought to furnish it. This we shall be most happy to do, as we have before said, if we can get access to the proper books. Should we be permitted, we will accommodate the Mail with pleasure; not because it is necessary to the maintenance of any issue between that paper and ourselves, (for we have made none that it has not backed out of) but because we wish to present the difference between wages now and in 1840—41 previous to the passage of the existing tariff.

The Mail says:—

"We regret exceedingly that we cannot get the attention of the Lowell Advertiser fixed upon the point or issue we have endeavored to make between that paper and ours; namely, the effect of *protection* on the Wages of Labor."

We usually claim the privilege of making issue as to the statements of another, or not, as we please.—We don't know that we are under any obligation, because a man makes one statement that we make him retract, to accept every other issue he may *endeavor* or wish to get up between us. But we have no objection to considering any question the Mail would like to discuss; and if it will just tell us what beneficial effect a protective tariff has upon the labor of the country, and endeavor to sustain its position by facts or arguments, we will either assent to the doctrine it may advance, or we will dissent and give our reasons therefor. The Mail cannot be so blind and stultified as to suppose it has yet offered any arguments or facts to show that a protective tariff increases the prices of wages. Its first statement about wages here it admits was not true; so that cannot be worth much. The table of wages it publishes from the Boston Courier, admit it to be true, and it don't show whether wages since the tariff of '42 (the most protective of any) are higher or lower than before; so that proves no more as to the effect of a protective tariff upon labor than if it had not been made. And as to arguments about the beneficial effects of protection it has not made any.—We are quite ready to hear what the Mail has to say in favor of protection increasing wages. We now accept the issue it wishes to make as soon as it will make an attempt to sustain such issue. Please commence and give us the facts and arguments.

A few words more upon this table of wages published by the Boston Courier and copied by the Mail, and also by the Lowell Courier, as it doubtless will be by every other whig paper, and we dismiss this subject till we again hear from the Mail. The editor of the Lowell Courier, however it may be with others, knows this table is an unfair, false, deceptive representation of the actual rates of wages paid here. This statement will lure hundreds of girls to Lowell, with the idea that when here, they can get from two to three, or from three to four, and perhaps from four to five, or from five to six dollars a week besides board,—when in reality they will only get from 55 to 80 cents per week.

The girls working in the Middlesex and Carpet Mills receive much higher wages than in the other mills, on account of its being much harder and more disagreeable working in the woollen than in the cotton mills.—The girls working in the Merrimack mills get much more wages than they do in the other cotton mills, because it requires the best, oldest, most experienced and skilful hands to manufacture fine goods. To make up this table of wages, from the 550 girls employed by the Middlesex, the Courier takes but 126, those making the highest wages, and gives the amount made by them for a sample. It then says, "In the Hamilton mills, the same rates of wages are obtained."—In the Hamilton mills there are 752 girls employed.—Now whoever says that these 752 girls average as much each, per week, as the 126 on the Middlesex spoken of in that table are reported to average each, states what is unqualifiedly false—known to be false to every person in Lowell. In the Carpet Mills the wages of but 17 out of 550 girls are given for a certain number of days. In all the cotton mills, the wages for a given number of days, of but 4 weavers, 4 spinners and 4 dressers are given. From these few picked cases, of girls with iron constitutions who for a short time can do double work and thereby get the pay of five common hands while they pay the board of but one, we are left to infer the average rates of wages paid at Lowell. And lest we should consider these cases in their true light, as picked cases, the Courier says,

"It may be said that these are picked cases, and that taking a term of years, wages have fallen. This evasion does not bear the test of examination, as may be seen by the prices paid at the Merrimack works, one of the most celebrated of all the mills of New England."

It then goes on to give the rates made per week in two of the Merrimack Mills from '40 to '46 inclusive. The deception does not come of comparing the present with former rates in the cases selected for none is made; it comes of giving us as a general sample of wages here a few selected cases of the highest wages paid in the mills paying the highest wages, and then telling us these are not selected cases.

It is true in some of the mills where the very finest goods are manufactured, as is probably the case in Mills No. 2 and 3 on the Merrimack, the prices paid job hands has not been reduced hardly in the ratio that the speed has been increased, so that a few of the operatives may make a few cents per week more then at some former periods, though the reverse is the case with the mass of the operatives in this city. How the wages at this moment compare with former periods, we are not prepared to say, as within a month, considerable changes have been made. Whether or not the alterations have been made to influence the action of Congress upon the tariff, is a matter that others may judge of as well as we; but we rejoice that it is done, whatever the motive. Another reason why extraordinary wages are paid girls in some instances upon the Carpet Corporation, is, that that company have made some new improvements in machinery that the public is not allowed to see, and lest models of it may be taken if they employ men, they employ females to do the work of men, and are obliged to pay them accordingly. But very few girls are strong enough to do this work. And such cases as these are cited as a fair and honest statement of the wages of the females in the Lowell mills; cited, too, by those knowing all the facts! Would such a course be adopted to sustain an honest cause?

MEXICO. The Corpus Christi Gazette says that the northern states of Mexico, consisting of Tamaulipas, Nuveo Leon, Cohahuila, and portions of the states of Zacatecas and San Luis de Potosi, had it in contemplation to declare their independence of Mexico, and, like Yucatan, form a separate independent nation, with a government modelled after that of the United States. The Gazette thinks it possible that the event has already taken place, and adds, that it is in possession of a printed copy of the proclamation and the orders appertaining to the movement.

BIGAMIST AND IMPOSTER. The New London News warns all people to beware of a person who has resided in Stonington for about a year, calling himself "Dr. Otis Smith, Thomsonian physician," who married the daughter of a respectable citizen of that place, got a horse upon credit, and started for parts unknown. He was moved to his sudden departure by the discovery of his previous marriages, and it being ascertained that he had a wife in each of the states of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and New York. He was held in much esteem at Stonington, and was an active exhorter at religious meetings in Stonington, and vicinity.

QUERY. How long does it take for "Marshfield chowder" to digest? Since that "chowder," the Courier has poured soft soap enough upon the God-like to have cleansed an Esquimaux squaw, and still appears as full of it as on the day he visited Marshfield, or at the time that *that* "chapter of the Webster and [illegible] public" was confided to him. "Wash and be clean!" Don't spare the soap, neighbor, and see that it is made strong with *lie*.

CALIFORNIA. There at present three new expeditions about to start for California; one from Ft. Smith on the Arkansas, of about 1000 souls, under the charge of Leavell, and another under the command of Major Russell, of Missouri, embracing many emigrants from Kentucky, and another under the guidance of Mr Grayson, who leaves Independence, Missouri, on the 14th April, for the valley of Sacramento in North California.

THE PLYMOUTH ROCK, in an article on "Oregon—the President, &c."—in speaking of the "*mysterious position*" of the President that whig letter writers talk so much about, says—"We do not imagine that the President feels bound to explain his intentions to every whig nuisance in the shape of a letter writer at the capital; and we would suggest to our nervous friends of the whig party to reserve their sympathies till they are required by us."

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR. Whether or not we are to have war, great preparations are being made for it. The British army is to be increased 10,000 man; the militia are to be in readiness for immediate training; the ordinary corps are to recive an accession of 1500 men; the royal marines 2500 man; and the land regiments of the line 6,000. The increase in the navy will be about 1000 men.

OUR DEFENCES. The New York Tribune says: "When he (the President) calls for armaments, let Congress provide them without hesitation. Let it never be said that war found us unprepared because Congress, and especially the whigs in Congress, neglected or disregarded the President's recommendation to prepare for it."

FANNY FORRESTER. We learn by the Eastern Argus, that "dear, delightful Fanny Forrester," as Willis calls her, is to be married in June. Her future husband is the Rev. Mr Judson, who has been for more than thirty years a missionary in Burmah.

NEW ARTICLE OF EXPORT. Upwards of 7000 tons of white gravel have been shipped from New York to London since the 5th September last. It is taken from the beach at Long Island, and used to beautify the parks and gardens of London.

THE AUBURN MURDERER. William Freeman, confesses the horrible deed he has committed. He denies having any accomplice. His only brother was hung for killing his supposed wife.

☞ Gen. Sam Houston arrived at New Orleans on the 19th, in the steamship Alabama. He was on his way to Washington, where he goes to attend to his senatorial duties.

NEWSPAPERS IN OREGON. A gentleman has left Honolulu with a press and types for the purpose of establishing a newspaper in Oregon city. This press and these types went from New York.

TOWN OF ROXBURY A CITY. In conformity to the act recently passed by the legislature, the town of Roxbury has voted, by a vote of 536 yeas to 122 nays, to become a city.

☞ We gave on the day the Steamer arrived a brief account of the great battle in India. Below is a more particular account, as published in Wilmar & Smith's Easipooa Times.

GREAT BATTLE IN INDIA—3,800 BRITISH AND NATIVE TROOPS KILLED & WOUNDED—REPORTED LOSS OF 30,000 SIKHS—AT MAODKEE AND FEROZESHAH.

Our advices from Bombay, since the sailing of the steamship Cambria, come down to January 17th, and furnish accounts of one of the greatest battles ever fought by the British in our Indian Empire, in which we have sustained the known loss of 3,300 of our brave soldiers, including the gallant Sale, Sir J. M'Caskill, and Major Broadfoot. When these accounts left the scene of action for Bombay, for transmission to England, there were several regiments from which returns had not been received, so that a further loss may be calculated upon.

An Extraordinary Gazette gives the official account of all the military operations in this great struggle. The result, we are proud to say, is as glorious and decisive a victory as ever crowned the British arms, and equalled only by the field of Waterloo. Previous to laying before our readers copies of the more important despatches, we prefix the following brief outline:

On the 12th, 13th and 14th of December, the Sikh army crossed the Sutlej, with, at the lowest estimate, 30,000 men (of whom 20,000 or 30,000 were cavalry), and about 150 pieces of cannon of the largest calibre moveable in the field, and exquisitely finished—an artillery immeasurably more powerful than was ever brought into the field by Wellington or Napoleon.

It is only in morals that the Sikhs are to be ranked as barbarous. They are a race, as vigorous in body, as acute in intellect, and as skilful in all the arts they cultivate, of which war is the chief, as the generality of Europeans. The place at which this formidable host passed the river may be about 40 or 50 miles from Lahore, the capital of the Punjaub, and within a much less distance of Ferozepore, the most advanced of the British posts. Ferozepore is about 15 or 20 miles from the point at which the Sikhs crossed the river.

The invaders having established themselves and organized their force on the British side of the Sutlej, made some slight demonstration of attacking Ferozepore in the interval between the 15th and 19th; but, upon the last named day, broke up, and taking the direct road to Delhi, proceeded in a southerly direction, as if they would mask Ferozepere, having it on their right. In this direction, a division of 30,000 of the invaders had proceeded about 25 miles to a place called Moodkee, when, on the evening of the 18th, they were met by a part of the British army commanded by Sir Hugh Gough and the Governor-General, Sir Henry Herdinge, who, as second in command, took the field in person.

A fierce conflict ensued, in which the Sikhs lost the artillery attached to their division, in number 17 guns. It was at this stage of the battle that Sir Robert Sale and Gen. M'Caskill fell. The contest proceeded leisurely on the 19th and 20th, the armies on both sides being occupied with the burial of their dead, and the re-organization of their respective armies. During these two days, the British commander received some reinforcements; but the invaders having fallen back upon their main body, probably 30,000 or 40,000, presented a prodigiously augmented force, when the shock of battle was renewed on the 21st, at a place called Ferozesher, about 12 miles in rear of Moodkee.

At Ferozesher the invaders had prepared a strong entrenched camp, which they stood prepared to defend with 100 pieces of their huge field artillery, and 60,000 men. Imagination can scarcely depict the fury and obstinacy of the two days' fight that must have preceded the capture of the invaders' camp, with all its *materiel* and artillery, and the utter dispersion of the invading army on the 22d December. The most fortunate escaped to islands in the Sutlej, or perhaps to the Paajaub bank, but the greater part were scattered in broken parties through the British territory. Their loss is variously estimated at from 25,000 to 35,000 in killed and wounded. Our loss in killed and wounded, it is to be feared, falls little short of 3,300, including 50 European officers.

THE TRIAL OF TIRRELL.

The witnesses for the defence were called principally to establish the fact of his being subject to "sleep walking," or *somnambulism*. The evidence of a single witness shows the tenor of all the testimony upon this point. The witnesses were mostly members of the Tirrell family, as they naturally would be, from the fact that they would be the only persons likely to known if he was subject to the disorder upon which his defence is attempted to be made out. Several physicians were called to establish the fact that the wounds causing the death of the deceased might have been inflicted by herself, or by another person in a state of *somnambulism*. The ergamants for the prosecution and the defence have both been closed, and the Court commenced the charge to the jury this morning.

Leonard B. Tirrell—I am the brother of Albert. My age is 30. I slept with him before I left home. He used very frequently to get up in the night. He used to do so when he was not more than 8 or 10, perhaps earlier. He would frequently get out of bed before I knew it. I once followed him up into an upper room of the house. He would sometimes grab me hard in his sleep, and I would be obliged to shake him to wake him. He would try to make a noise, in these states, as if he was trying to speak, and could not articulate. He would not often talk on these occasions, so that I could understand him, but would sometimes. I would frequently find him pawing at the window, and he would break the curtains down. They grew worse upon him as he grew older. They appeared to be worse. After I left home, and I lived with him, I once woke up in the night and found him in my room. I called to him very loud, and was obliged to get a light before I could wake him. He said he thought somebody was after him. He looked pale, and appeared to be ashamed of it. He usually in such cases made a noise as if he was distressed. After he woke up, his breathing would be bad. He was faint and distressed. He usually wanted a light in his room. He thought he felt better when he had a light. We were always particular, and he was himself, to have the cellar door fastened, so that he might not fall down in his sleep. I have sometimes heard him make a noise, which might have been heard in the street.

Cross examined. I began to sleep with Albert from the time when he was about 5, until I was married, about six years ago. From the ages of 7 and 14, I think he got up as often as once a month, perhaps oftener. From the ages of 14 and 17, I should think the cases were more frequent. No man awake would act as he did. I used to halloo at him. Sometimes he would answer rationally, sometimes not. His eyes were usually open. I do not think he would recollect what he did in these states; but I had not my attention called to that. I never knew any remedy applied to this complaint; nor knew what brought it on. I do not know of his having ever done any violence to any one except that he would sometimes clinch hold of me, very hard. When he would make these noises, he would not speak any words. I never knew Albert to walk [illegible] ford, to know her.

A DESPERATE CONVICT SHOT. Sunday, March 22, about six o'clock, a convict named Gibbs, who was under sentence for nine years from last August, for burglary, and who had previously served ten years in the eastern penitentiary for Arson, &c., sprung upon Mr Watson, the keeper of the prison, intending no doubt to dispatch him and make his escape.

Mr Watson had one of Colt's revolving pistols, and after a desperate scuffle for possession of the weapon, in which Mr Watson's hand was severely lacerated, Mr W. shot Gibbs, first in the back, (reaching round him) and twice in the breast.

Gibbs staggered into his cell, and in a few moments expired. [Harrisburg paper.

Mr George Smith, of Mattapoisett, was found on the 25th inst., in the woods, having accidentally shot himself while in the act of loading his gun. He lived but a few hours. [New Bedford Mercury.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, March 26.

In the SENATE bills concerning slander, abolishing the distinction between written and spoken slander; to incorporate the Plymouth Mills; providing for the construction of towns and private ways, were reported.

Leave to withdraw was reported on the numerously signed petitions for the enactment of a law that a day's work shall not exceed 10 hours.

The bill concerning the crime of murder, was again discussed but no question was taken.

In the HOUSE, Mr Ball of Boston, from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill for the construction of town and private ways; Mr Byington of Stockbridge from a special committee, submitted a detailed report, accompanied by a resolve for the appointment of three commissioners on Idiocy. All placed in the orders of the day, and the last named ordered to be printed.

The orders of the day were brought up, and the bill in addition to an act for the relief of insolvent debtors, was passed to be engrossed, after having been amended.

The report, inexpedient to legislate on the subject of taxation and registration of foreigners, was accepted.

Friday March 27.

In the SENATE, Mr Hopkinson, from the parent committee on railways, &c., reported on the petitions of David Pingree and others for a railroad from Salem to Danvers, that the committee had been unable to agree in any conclusion, and they ask to be discharged from further consideration of the same. The committee who considered this case, was composed of six members, and they are equally divided upon the question, and the views of the two branches of the committee, in the shape of reports, were also submitted; the one in favor of granting the charter prayed for, is signed by Messrs. Perkins of Salem, Bryant of Barre, and Lawrence of Pepperell; and the one against it is signed by Messrs Hopkinson and Baldwin of the Senate, and Page of New Bedford, of the House.

These reports were laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

A resolve was reported providing for the erection of a Mutual Labor School, for Juvenile Offenders, the cost of which is not to exceed $30,000.

The bill concerning State Paupers and alien passengers, was taken from the orders of the day, and passed to be engrossed without dividing the house.

Passed to be engrossed—Bills to incorporate the Benton Manufacturing Co; the Boston Oil Co.; the Hanover Branch Railroad Co.; to establish the Register of the Probate for the County of Worcester. Resolves concerning the tariff and the protective policy.

The bill concerning the crime of murder, was again discussed, but no question was taken.

In the HOUSE, Mr Bell of Boston, from the committee on the judiciary, on the petition of Joseph T. Buckingham and others, reported a bill to prohibit horse racing in this commonwealth.

The Senate bill concerning larceny by bank officers and persons employed in banks; and the House Bills concerning Marriage and Divorce; and to repeal all laws regulating the fisheries in Merrimack river were passed to be engrossed.

Several reports were accepted, all of a private nature, excepting one inexpedient &c., concerning streets and ways in the city of Boston.

On motion of Mr Chandler of Boston, it was voted to hold afternoon sessions, on and after Tuesday next.

The bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, was slightly amended and passed to be engrossed.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday March 24.

In the SENATE petitions and memorials were presented. Among the memorials was one presented by Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, from the citizens of Marblehead, relative to bounties on fishing vessels and cod fisheries. Mr Davis accompanied its presentation with a speech on the subject, and against the bill of Mr Benton to repeal the bounties.

Mr Benton replied at some length, enforcing his well known views on the subject, and in favor of his bill.

Mr Fairfield spoke in favor of the bounties, on the ground that the fisheries were nursery schools for seamen. The subject was then laid aside.

The Oregon resolutions were then taken up.

Mr Chalmers, of Mississippi spoke. He is in favor of compromise.

In the HOUSE, after some preliminary business, in which Mr McConnell made motions out of orders, and the chair directed him with emphasis, to "take his seat"—the debate to raise two rifle regiments was resumed in committee of the whole.

Mr Black, of South Carolina, spoke briefly in favor of the bill.

Mr Tilden opposed it.

Mr Rathburn followed, also in opposition to the bill.

Mr Haralson, chairman of the committee on military affairs, then took the floor and replied to Mr. R.

Wednesday March 25.

In the SENATE, Mr Berrien introduced a resolution calling upon the committee of military and naval affairs, respectively, for the documentary statements received by them recommending an increase of the army and navy.

Mr Benton sent to the table a letter from the secretary of war, recommending the increase of the army, &c. Mr B. said it contained all the information which the committee had received. It was ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate.

The Oregon notice was taken up and Mr Sevier, of Arkansas, made a strong speech on the subject in support of our title, and ridiculing the panic which had prevailed in the Senate—he called it a senatorial stampede. He went for the notice.

In the HOUSE, the bill for raising two regiments of riflemen was first in order.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr Mc Kay in the chair, and took up the rifle regiment bill.

Mr Haugerford offered in lieu of the whole bill, one authorizing the President to increase the number of men in the President to increase the number of men in the present regiments, but not to raise new ones. This substitute was adopted, and the committee of the whole then rose.

It provides for filling up all the companies of the army to eighty men, to be enlisted for three years. It will add four or five thousand man to the rank and file.

THE NASHVILLE TRAGEDY. Mr Judson is still alive, but we are unable to form any reliable opinion as to the danger of his wounds and bruises—he is still in the county jail. His escapes from death on Saturday were almost miraculous; particularly that he should have survived his fall from the third story of the City Hotel. When we get the facts, and when it will be prudent to do so, we will publish further particulars. [Nashville, Tenn. Union.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT. The Haverhill, N. H. Republican says that Moses Whitcher, Esq. of Benton, was killed instantly on Wednesday afternoon last, by the falling of a tree.

THE EX-CAPTURED SLAVES. At a meeting in the Broadway Tabernacle, on Tuesday evening, about $670 was subscribed for the support, in Liberia, of the slaves re-captured in the bark Pons, by the U. S. ship Yorktown. [N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

☞ Did it ever occur to you, that the early notes of the birds may be, like the prayers of children, an offering of gratitude for protection during the night?

DAMAGE AT OLDTOWN. On Friday, 20th inst., a new dam, (considered for a block of mills, and a new frame recently raised for a double saw-mill, were carried away by the freshet. The property belonged to Rufus Dwinel, of this city. [Bangor Whig.

☞ The "Washington Times," published by Mr Jesse E. Dow and edited by Mr H. H. Robinson, has been discontinued.

JOHN B. GOUGH is now lecturing on Temperance in Virginia.

☞ Down East they are discussing bank reform.

CONGRESS—BY THE NOON MAIL.

Thursday, March 26.

In the SENATE, Mr Chalmers, of Mississippi, presented the credentials of Thomas J. Rusk, one of the Senators from Texas, and Mr R. took the oath and his seat.

Mr Allen again asked that some day be named on which the Oregon debate shall be closed. A discussion ensued, and the subject was laid over.

Mr J. Mr Clayton's resolution, calling on the President for any further correspondence that may have taken place between the United States and Great Britain, in regard to Oregon, so that the Senate might act advisedly on the question of notice, was taken up. A spirited debate ensued, but no decision was reached.

The Oregon resolutions were next taken up, and Mr Miller, of New Jersey, addressed the Senate.

HOUSE. The bill to supply deficiencies in appropriations for certain objects for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1845, which was under consideration yesterday when the House adjourned, was taken up this morning, in committee of the whole.

A furious and partizan discussion commenced. Mr Douglass, of Illinois, spoke in vehement terms, attacking the nullifiers and abolitionists.

☞ The story of the arrest of Mr Schatzell, U. S. consul at Matamoras, says the Post, turns out to be a hoax. We have news from that port to the 10th of March, when nothing certain was known about Mr Slidell. The U. S. brig of war Porpoise touched at the mouth of the Rio Grande on the night of the 9th inst., bound for Aransas, and bore away on the morning of the 10th for her destination.

The Mexican army at Matamoras on the 10th March was not larger than it has been for some time past, there being only from twelve to fifteen hundred men there, under the command of Gen. Mejia.

CLOSING UP OF CHARLES RIVER. The Post says, if the petitions of the agent of Charles River and Warren Bridges, for liberty to let the right to build pier wharves with authority to build stores, &c., &c., on them, on each side of these two bridges, as far as the draws, and the petition of the Fitchburg Railroad Corporation, for permission to extend their new wharf along the side of Warren Bridge, to the draw, now before the Legislature, should be granted, the effect would be to close up Charles River. The Post has a very able article upon the subject that "members" would do well to read.

☞ The recent rain and thaw in this vicinity have driven most of the lumbering crews from the logging swamps. This is much earlier than usual, as they commonly operate until about the 10th of April.—The effect of this will be to lessen about one-fifth of the quantity of lumber procured, and to increase even in greater ratio the cost of that procured. Supplies for the full term are already in the camps, and its consumption by the men in procuring lumber advantageously would be much better than any use that can now be made of them.

The river is rising at this place, and fears begin to be entertained of a great freshet.

The bridge spanning the river at Oldtown, 12 miles above this city, has been carried away by the ice and freshet. [Bangor Courier, 21st.

☞ A fellow climbed one of the poles of the Magnetic Telegraph in Baltimore, the other day, and applied his ear to the wires, in order to *hear the news.*

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remove and prevent all such impression, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books: he knows nothing of my remedies; and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient.*

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6wa&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Ae dorat, S. Biggles. nov4 6m

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair.* For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. 1fadvmar26

MARRIED,

In this city, March 28, Mr Edson G. Baldwin, of Boston, to Miss Pamelia C. Brecklebank, of this city.

In Littleton, Mr Joseph Estabrook, of Acton, to Miss Nancy, daughter of Alvin Raymond, esq., of Littleton; Mr John D. Warren to Miss Sarah P. Hoar.

DIED,

In Woburn, March 15, Capt Samuel Leathe, aged 49 years. Widow Sarah Richardson.

In Tyngsborough, Feb. 28, Mrs Lucy, wife of Mr Jepthah P. Cummings, aged 34.

In Acton, March 15, Mrs Sarah, widow of Dr A. Skinner, aged 82.

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Buff'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is engaged with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the subscriber by purchasing one of these maps. No commission taken for the agency. E. J. JUDKINS,

No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

HOUSE TO LET.—On Tyler Street. Possession given the 1st of April. Inquire of N. CRITCHET, No. 7, Merrimack st.

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Carouicle. [Boys.
M. Cherchill, Pris. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.
Benjamin Moore, Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp, Pierre Van Cortlandt,
Stephen Marshall, Abraham Miller,
John Strang, Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck, Edwin M. Bluet,
Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hoat's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.'

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D.

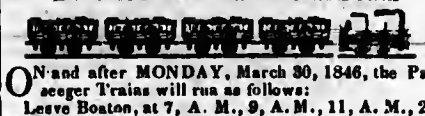
Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&pdec16

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. H. J. BAXTER,
mar24 No. 33, Central street.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction to Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.
" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Retland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord for Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Centre Harbor, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Danville, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day.

The packet brig CHARLES JOSEPH, Tillinghast, master, (daily expected to arrive,) and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m20

Lowell Museum.

Wyatt's Company—Two New Pieces!—Time Altered Performances commence at ½ to 8 o'clock.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, March 26, 27, and 28, performances commencing at ½ to 8 o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½.

The entertainments will commence with the Interesting Melo Drama, in Three Acts, entitled—

THE IDIOT WITNESS: Or, *A Tale of Blood!*

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Clark, Cross, Atkins, Tracey, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Popular Song, Mr J. B. Bradley.

The whole to conclude with the Tragedy of

BOMBASTIES FURIOSO: Or, *The Intrigues of Court.*

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Tracey, Cross, Clark, Smith, Macready, Atkins, and Mrs Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar26

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. BUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercural diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendence, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and an inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and no from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BEARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,
56, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Vessel.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 packet Ship MARTHA, Snow, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs T. M. Wild & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. m23

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin.

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, New No. 120. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL, " JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&poct23

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats,* at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, on moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

ong 16—ty DR. F. MORRILL.

Mills for Sale.

THE subscriber wishing to change his business, offers for sale his Grist and Saw Mills, situated in the Middle of Chelmsford. Said Mills are in good repair, and will be sold low, on the most liberal terms. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the premises. [a2tp3tm26*] G. W. ALDRICH.

A Hall Wanted.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a commodious Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with two adjoining anti-rooms about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. AMES,
GEO. FAIRGRAVES,
H. LORD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON DOE,
} Committee.

March 17, 1846. tfmar17

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Spring has Come!

AND with Jackins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Farm in Chelmsford.

ON MONDAY, April 13th, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 28 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Read's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 6 well finished rooms, and about 2800 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hard street; Two do. do. on Willimn street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37, -- Central Street -- 37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner,* at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confections, &c.,* at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. D. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. 6m14

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Haywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar13

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar3

Return the Books!

PERSONS having books belonging to the "*Lowell Circulating Library,*" formerly owned by Powers & Bagley, and now by Merrill & Haywood, are requested to return the same to the subscribers, as the Library is to be removed from the shop.

MERRILL & HAYWOOD,
mar7 Central street.

THE subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership, and have taken the Store recently occupied by Messrs. Powers & Bagley, Central and Merrimack Streets, to the West end of the Merrimack House.

C. F. BAILEY & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or Sound Writing and Sound Printing. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, as the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in erysipelas diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and depression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and noises of these destructive ores never can be heard forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR,

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dunsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Com. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Chandler; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Bradley; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hopkinton, E. B. Cook; Hopkinton, Dennis, T. Daniels, T. [illegible] & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Sedge; Littleton, [illegible] Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. [illegible]; Pepperell, A. B. Cummings; Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Merriam; Shirley, Isaac B. Whitney; [illegible], Amasa Farrar; Stowe, F. A. F. Bliss, W[illegible] Robinson, Washington E. Clark; [illegible] Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph [illegible] Henry E. Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. [illegible] C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Gilbert; [illegible] Weston & Howard, Wm. H. Carter; [illegible] Wilmington, E. B. Hoyt, Noah Randall; [illegible] Wilton, Isaac Dunsmore, R. B. Austin; Pentucket Mills, Perry & Co.; Bunker Hill Store, Sherburne, Henry Bickford.

jan6ly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentary, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has aroused against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specified by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to scatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflametions of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholic; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; kysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confession of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [(23)] JUDKINS, 20, Central st.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as"—

"Mossy proved for show,
Like peat eggs, to make sheets lay,
And for their sales opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solumnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or he persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr. Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN S.T., Lowell. a1yjun22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghooses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly-paper or paper—Chemical Whale Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which have a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&p1ynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth $5,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and nearly 1,000 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Faker streets, Boston. 5mosdvpall3

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsey, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 18, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Agueing, Sick Headache, Paralysis.

The following [illegible] interesting character, and has attracted the attention and consideration of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and the hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 80 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8 1ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, such complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack at Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease; and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spittiog of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public printed advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to retore to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Proprietors Company's new boarding-house.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly, and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 2, 1845. 1ysep2

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 31, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 39.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell, 1846. tfeb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street, Belvidere, nearly new, and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 18[illegible] tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE. A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & EAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Bonk Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,...LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

—

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

MADE AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

adv1y LOWELL. sept9

B. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

Over the Store of Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.

DR. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. nog12m



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep12

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 90, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. adv3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A primo assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jao1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Perticular atteotion peid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mureens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillos Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept23 I. A. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan27

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he teaches *by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons which the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself, will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.

" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Billous and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle, adv1yjan29

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apotheceries generally. o13a&r6m

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Imperfect Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aparient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyepepsia for a number of yeare, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

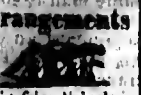
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. ap3mowm6

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and this public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla.—I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acuto Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. L. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plymay30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6mos&pdec20

From Arthur's Magazine.

PAT MUPHY'S FORTUNE.

BY H. HASTINGS WELD.

CHAPTER I.—PAT ABROAD.

Dr Gregory had just returned from an early professional call, one biting morning in November. On alighting from his chaise, he caught the eyes of his daughter as she stood at a front window, riveted upon some object in his equipage, with an expression of countenance in which pity and mirth seemed to be struggling for the asceodancy. Turning around to ascertain what thus attracted her attention, the Doctor (he was in haste for his breakfast) now for the first time perceived a little ragged and bare-footed boy, who was hanging at the bits of his horse, with an air of resolute determination to hold on, as if he had seized Bucephalus by the head-stall. Dr Gregory was both humane and a humorist; and was in particularly good spirits just now, having relieved a fellow creature from intense suffering, and received therefor a reasonable fee—two events which, conjoined, constitute a physician's happiness; and though the good physician, like Dr Gregory, would infinitely rather miss the last than the first, it cannot be denied that they are pleasant associate circumstances.

"Hullos! you little centaur, reversed!" he cried, "who pays you for holding a horse that wouldn't run if you whipped him?"

"Is it me you mean? It's the less trouble to hold him then, if he woo't run," said the boy, "and if your honor *should* forget to give me the sixpence, I'm no poorer than I was before!"

"Ah! ha!" said the Doctor, imitating his brogue, "it's a wit you are! Here John," he said to the groom, who had now come round, "turn the horse into the stable, and this little savage into the kitchen, and administer some hot coffee with rolls, and half a pound of chops."

"Sure that will not be had to take," said little Pat, following the *groom*. "Your honor has the name of the best Doctor in the country."

Dr Gregory, at his comfortable breakfast with his family, soon forgot that such a being as little Patrick existed. This we say without scandal to his benevolence; for so many calls were made upon him for professional and other aid, that he fell into the habit of prescribing for temporary relief, and thinking no more about the applicants. But his daughter, Helen, who had youth, charity, and leisure, took good care that her father's humane credulity should never be misdirected or imposed upon, so far as she could prevent it; nor did she permit it to slumber, when any object came under her notice which deserved more than the casual notice which served for immediate assistance. Mrs Gregory was pleased at the influence which Helen exerted over her father, and an excellent understanding knit together the inmates of the happy household. The Doctor, though he had two or three young sons, was himself the youngest person in his family. A mind conscious of rectitude, good bodily health, and a most cheerful temper, kept up in his spirits the continual flow of youth. He never permitted himself to be startled out of his equanimity, or made angry by any trifle, and thus, in prosperity never unduly elated, and in adversity never unreasonably cast down, he kept ever on the sunny side of life. To such a man no day was a blank, and no night came without pleasant reflections. The little beggar boy, whose wits had been sharpened by poverty, divined so much of his character from his manner, and from what was seen and heard in the kitchen, that he resolved not to lose his acquaintance. Helen, who was disposed to see how the shivering boy looked after a warm breakfast, returned from the kitchen, reporting:

"Well, father, your little Irish patient says he is ready to go now."

"Irish patient—oh, the little rogue I sent into the kitchen after his breakfast! Well, why don't he go then?"

"Because, he says, you would never forgive him, if he left without paying his respects. Betty says he is 'a dry little stick,' and my own ears have heard that he keeps the kitchen in an uproar of laughter."

"So, well we might as well laugh too. Have him passed up, Helen."

"Now then!" said the Doctor, affecting a very stern look, as Pat awkwardly bowed into the room: "now, then! young man, what do you wish to see me for?"

"I'm entirely too much like yourself to forget *that*, your honor. 'Sure you don't give up a fat case till you're regularly discharged!'"

"Indeed said the doctor laughing heartily:—"I have a most precocious subject on you, at any rate. Pray what have you been doing in all your little life?"

"Oh, sometimes one thing, and sometimes another."

"But what were you doing last?"

"Eating my breakfast at your expense," answered Pat.

Helen laughed now, and so did her mother, but the Doctor was puzzled and only muttered "So-o-o!" as was his custom when in a quandary. Pat was a more curious specimen of natural history than he had ever met before, and the Doctor did not know exactly where to place him. His wife, who had been looking with pity at the lad's unprotected feet, brought a pair of one of the children's shoes, and bade Patrick put them on.

"Oh, *millia murther!*" shouted Pat, throwing up both hands with well-feigned horror. "Sure it's not my mother's son would do the likes of *that*."

"*What?*" cried the Doctor, astonished at what he supposed was the insolent pride of the little beggar boy. "What is it you would not do, pray?"

"There's many things I wouldn't do," said Patrick, looking roguishly around the circle whose eyes were now curiously fixed upon him. "Beautiful teeth your ladyship has!" he said to Helen, who closed her lips with half a pout at his impertinence, but lost all command of them in a clear belle-like laugh, as Pat added—"Many things I would not do—and one of them is to disgrace the shoes of a son of your honor's, by putting my naked feet into them. Sure they never saw the like!"

"Give the young scamp a pair of silk hose!" shouted the Doctor, as soon as his cachinnatory paroxysm permitted.

"Lamb's wool will answer if you please, ladies," said the little adventurer, nothing abashed at the storm of laughter he had raised.

"Where do you live? Have you a father? Mother? Sisters? A place? Do you want one?" said the Doctor, hurriedly, rattling one question after the other, in order, if possible, confuse the young rogue.

"Blood Alley," answered Patrick, pu[illegible]

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 31, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 39.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spalding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell, 1846. tfeb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street, Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 18[illegible] tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & RAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS;

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advly LOWELL. sept9

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

Agent—Dow Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS.

Lowell.

DR. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ndv3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,

jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

jel



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 29 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan17

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons that by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself, will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.

" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West Indie Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to abuse who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up some to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. m13a&r6m

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Imperfect Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed; they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

H. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor,) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

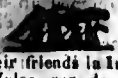
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. ab1yjune5

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat: The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harndea & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harndon & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hopetic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism, than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparille, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my hand is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me, and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Pawle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases in which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,

DAVID A. COBURN,

SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6mos&pdec20

From Arthur's Magazine.

PAT MUPHY'S FORTUNE.

BY H. HASTINGS WELD.

CHAPTER I.—PAT ABROAD.

Dr Gregory had just returned from an early professional call, one bleak morning in November. On alighting from his chaise, he caught the eyes of his daughter as she stood at a front window, riveted upon some object in his equipage, with an expression of countenance in which pity and mirth seemed to be struggling for the ascendancy. Turning around to ascertain what thus attracted her attention, the Doctor (he was in haste for his breakfast) now for the first time, perceived a little ragged and bare-footed boy, who was hanging at the bits of his horse, with an air of resolute determination to hold on, as if he had seized Bucephalus by the head-stall. Dr Gregory was both humane and a humorist, and was in particularly good spirits just now, having relieved a fellow creature from intense suffering, and received therefor a reasonable fee—two events which, conjoined, constitute a physician's happiness; and though the good physician, like Dr. Gregory, would infinitely rather miss the last than the first, it cannot be denied that they are pleasant associate circumstances.

"Hullo! you little centaur reversed!" he cried, "who pays you for holding a horse that wouldn't roo if you whipped him?"

"Is it me you mean? It's the less trouble to hold him then, if he woo't run," said the boy, "and if your honor *should* forget to give me the sixpence, I'm no poorer than I was before!"

"Ah! ha!" said the Doctor, imitating his brogue, "it's a wit you are! Here John," he said to the groom, who had now come round, "turn the horse into the stable, and this little savage into the kitchen, and administer some hot coffee with rolls, and half a pound of chops."

"Sure that will not be bad to take," said little Pat, following the *groom*. "Your honor has the same of the best Doctor in the country."

Dr Gregory, at his comfortable breakfast with his family, soon forgot that such a being as little Patrick existed. This we say without scandal to his benevolence; for so many calls were made upon him for professional and other aid, that he fell into the habit of prescribing for temporary relief, and thinking no more about the applicants. But his daughter, Helen, who had youth, charity, and leisure, took good care that her father's humane credulity should never be misdirected or imposed upon so far as she could prevent it; nor did she permit it to slumber, when any object came under her notice which deserved more than the casual notice which served for immediate assistance. Mrs Gregory was pleased at the influence which Helen exerted over her father, and so excellent understanding knit together the iometer of the happy household. The Doctor, though he had two or three young sons, was himself the youngest person in his family. A mind conscious of rectitude, good bodily health, and a most cheerful temper, kept up in his spirits the continual flow of youth. He never permitted himself to be startled out of his equanimity, or made angry by any trifle, and thus, in prosperity never unduly elated, and in adversity never unreasonably cast down, he kept ever on the sunny side of life. To such a man no day was a blank, and no night came without pleasant reflections. The little beggar boy, whose wits had been sharpened by poverty, divined so much of his character from his manner, and from what was seen and heard in the kitchen, that he resolved not to lose his acquaintance. Helen, who was disposed to see how the shivering boy looked after a warm breakfast, returned from the kitchen, reporting:

"Well, father, your little Irish patient says he is ready to go now."

"Irish patient—oh, the little rogue! I sent in to the kitchen after his breakfast! Well, why don't he go then?"

"Because, he says, you would never forgive him, if he left without paying his respects. Betty says he is 'a div. little stick,' and my own ears have heard that he keeps the kitchen in an uproar of laughter."

"So, well we might as well laugh too. Have him passed up, Helen."

"Now then!" said the Doctor, affecting a very stern look, as Pat awkwardly bowed into the room: "now, then! young man, what do you wish to see me for?"

"I'm entirely too much like yourself to forget *that*, your honor. Sure you don't give up a fet ease till you're regularly discharged!"

"Indeed said the doctor laughing heartily.—"I have a most precocious subject in you, at any rate. Prsy what have you been doing in all your little life?"

"Oh, sometimes one thing, and sometimes another."

"But what were you doing last?"

"Eating my breakfast at your expense," answered Pat.

Helen laughed now, and so did her mother, but the Doctor was puzzled and only muttered "So-o-o," as was his custom when in a quandary. Pat was a more curious specimen of natural history than he had ever met before, and the Doctor did not know exactly where to place him. His wife, who had been looking with pity at the lad's unprotected feet, brought a pair of one of the children's shoes, and bade Patrick put them on.

"Oh, *millia murther*!" shouted Pat, throwing up both hands with well-feigned horror, "Sure it's not my mother's son would do the likes of *that*."

"*What?*" cried the Doctor, astonished at what he supposed was the insolent pride of the little beggar boy. "What is it you would not do, pray?"

"There's many things I wouldn't do," said Patrick, looking roguishly around the circle whose eyes were now curiously fixed upon him. "Beautiful teeth your ladyship has!" he said to Helen, who closed her lips with half a pout at his impertinence, but lost all command of them in a clear belle-like laugh, as Pat added—"Many things I would not do—and one of them is to disgrace the shoes of a son of your honor's, by putting my naked feet into them. Sure they never saw the like!"

"Give the young scamp a pair of silk hose!" shouted the Doctor, as soon as his cachinnatory paroxysm permitted.

"Lamba wool will answer if you please, ladies," said the little adventurer, nothing abashed at the storm of laughter he had raised.

"Where do you live? Have you a father? Mother? Sisters? A place? Do you want one?" said the Doctor, hurriedly, rattling one question after the other, in order, if possible, to confuse the young imp.

"Bliod Alley," answered Patrick, putting

hands behind him, and standing erect—"No, sir. Yes, your honor. Five of them. I wish I had. Try me once."

"Are you really in distress, or only shamming?"

"May be I shammed hungry! Ask Betty if I ate any breakfast—then go and ask my mother and five sisters when *they* took meat enough off the table to feed six after they had done!"

"Another hint, Mrs Gregory," said the Doctor, smiling. "Just load a basket for this little original."

Pat was soon fitted out with shoes, warm socks, and a basket of broken food. "Now," said the Doctor, "Will you be sure and come back to-morrow morning?"

"Will a duck swim, your honor? Will a fly come back to the t'ale?"

"Be sure then and bring home the basket," said Mrs G.

"I'll do that thing, and another one too," said Pat, making them his best bow, as he backed out of the room, wishing them all" the top of the morning."

Pat hardly reached the street, before he sat down on the curb-stone to put on his shoes.

"So-o," said the Doctor, watching him from the window. "Helen!"

The daughter came and stood beside him.

"Now "continued the father, "see how little is *necessary*, how easily a person may be satisfied, and with how little we ought to be content. A toilet-table, glass, and bureau for somebody's chamber, when she reached her twentieth birthday, cost me three cases of whoping cough, two fevers, and a compound fracture—a whole year's practice of extraordinary amount, in my cabinet maker's family; and yet that little fellow borrows my pavement, and makes it answer in the place of all those superfluities!"

"Yes, most magnanimous, Papa—but who asked you for all those superfluities?, 'Who contrived that his daughter should be packed off on her birth-day directly after breakfast, that when she came in to dinner, the furniture of a princess' chamber might surprise her? You are quite a good preacher, I will admit, even to finding your own text, as you did in this case. For my part," she continued, blushing scarlet, and turning half aside as the old gentleman looked her keenly, and somewhat quizzically in the face—"for my part, I should be satisfied with a house furnished at no more cost than my single room is. I am willing to give up superfluities, if—if—"

"So-o-o—here we come again. Love in a cottage—the romance of ardent affection—proof against adversity, like a salamander safe—poetry and boiled cabbage—children without clothes, and potatoes with their jackets on. Very fine and pleasant to talk about by moonlight, in midsummer—very cool and uncomfortable with the thermometer at zero, and no coal in the grate!"

"I suppose you were rich when you married?"

"Hey? ah, there's John with the horse?" said the old gentleman, hurrying away from a conversation which he suspected might be about to take a wrong turn. There was a certain young gentleman whose preference for Helen had become too marked to be overlooked; and as the suitor was really an unexceptionable person, his adresses had been tacitly allowed, while the careful father indefinitely postponed, and dexterously evaded listening to any formal communicaton, inasmuch as that would imply a period to the suspense in which the old Æsculapius was determined to keep the young people.

The most unfortunate position in which a poor suitor for a rich young lady's hand can be placed, is when her father happens to be a successful member of the young man's own profession. The wealthy lawyer, physician, merchant, or tradesmen, knows so well the difficulties and discouragements of those who are just entering upon the pursuit by which he has made his wealth, that he scans their pretensions and characters with a most careful and critical eye. No mere *hope* is entered by such a father as *cash* in the account; and no "expectations" are credited as actual capital. The young merchant may pass for more than he is worth with any body but the merchant; and the young lawyer or Doctor may be rated above his professional value by any body but the veteran in his own line of life.

Such were the disadvantages under which young Dr Henry aspired to alliance with the family of old Dr Gregory. Probably he overestimated his difficulties—and probably, too, the old Doctor intended he should. It is a trick of the experienced to pile all sorts of impediments in the way of the young, in order to test their capacities, prove their quality, and fire their ambition. Many a young man, who esteems a certain old father to be a terrible cerberus, would, if he really could discover the thoughts of the ancient gentleman, find him saying in his heart, "Had I three ears," (three pairs, to keep up the canine parallel) "I'd hear thee!"

CHAPTER II.—PAT AT HOME.

The little Irish boy left on the whole a good impression on the minds of the Doctor's family, though they were sadly non-plussed by his free and easy demeanor. The Doctor was captivated by his ready wit—the wife and daughter pitied his evident though uncomplaining destitution! The key to the little living enigma consisted in a word beyond which no city reader will need any explanation. Pat was, or rather had been, a "News-boy;" as such he had acquired developement for the natural aptitude of his tongue—as such he had learned the readiness of reply, and keenness of repartee, which astonished the Doctor's household.

As soon as Patrick had completed his street toilet—for, with stockings and shoes in his possession, he instantly discovered what he had not thought of before, that it was too cold to run barefooted—he started for home at a good pace. As he knew that his mother and sisters were half famishing, he was delighted to have it in his power to render them substantial aid and comfort. The reply was indeed most opportune. The father of the little family had died but a short time previously after a long illness, which had eaten up their little earnings, and sent their movesbles, one by one to the pawnbrokers and the second hand auction stores. Contemptible in value as these poor chattels seemed, every sixpence is a treasure to the suffering poor, and the widow Murphy was looking in vain for some article convertible to cash, though ever so trifling, when Patrick arrived with his basket of provision. If Dr Gregory had seen how like famished bears the little flock fell upon the broken food, he would have owned that there was no "shamming!"

"Oh, Paddy, dear," said his mother, wiping her eyes that had filled, while her children ate so greedily, "how hard you must have begged to get all this!"

"Sorrow the bit, then; did I get by begging," answered the boy. "I told them my mother and five sisters were starving with cold and famishing with hunger, and begged for a penny or two to buy them bread, but the people either pushed me aside, and looked 'you lie,' or told me to end done with it. 'At last,' and here the little fellow stood up proudly," I tried another plan."

"You did not steal, Paddy!" cried his mother, looking frightened. "And, God save and keep us! The boy has shoes and stockings to his feet, too! That ever it should come to this!"

"Is it my own mother that asks me that?" said Pat his eyes glistening with tears of pride and sorrow. "Did she tache me thou *shalt* stale, by mistake? No, I did *not* stale, mother! I shamed a rich and good natured man out of what he will never miss—and look how it helps the childer? Take hold yourself, mother. I've had my breakfast, and by the same token, the same man is good for tomorrow!"

A rude knock at the door interupted Pat, and summoned an anxious cloud upon the face of his mother. The immediate and abrupt entrance of the—stranger, we were about to say—followed. But, Alas! he was one of those who are no strangers to the poor!

"Come! Mrs Murphy!" he said, "if you can't pay your rent, it is high time you gave way, to make room for those who can! Three weeks behind, terms weekly, in advance, is a hard loss for us—but," and he gave a scrutinizing look about the bare apartment, "we shall have to put up with it, and let you go scot free."

"*Let us go!* Lord save us, where are we to go to?"

"Well that's not *our* look-out, you know. We can't harbor you rent free any longer, at any rate. What, Pat! comfortable shoes and stockings, hey? You've improved on yesterday. *You* must be fitted out, I suppose, whether your mother's honest debts are paid or not!"

"Truth, sir," said Pat, a little angrily, "they were not bought, but a free gift, and made by a man who does not begrudge your shoes, nor the heart of the man who stands in'em!"

"Huity! toity! little Paddy bantam! I meant no harm, I am sure," said the man, provoked, but ashamed to betray it. "You might as well have begged money to keep a house over your head, as shoes for your feet, while your hand was in."

"Beggars can't be choosers," said Pat, with provoking calmness. "If they could, we shouldn't be *your* tenants!"

"I'll choose for you, then!" said the man, now thoroughly enraged. "Don't let me find you here to-morrow. If I do the whole troop shall be bundled off to the almshouse, except *you*, sir, and you shall be sent to the House of Refuge!"

"Maybe he thinks he carries the keys of all them pieces in his pocket," said Pat, as he closed the door which the unfeeling fellow had disdained to close after him.

"Heigho!" sighed the old woman, as she shivered over the ashes, which she was raking about with a bit of inth, in the hope to coax heat out of the tinder-like embers of pine shavings—"Heigho! we are all born but we are not all buried yet! Them as is at the top now, may find themselves at the bottom before they die!"

"True for you, mother—but never say die, yet. Maybe there's room for us at the top, too, without pushing any body else down," said little Pat.

"Heaven forgive me, and so there may be, Paddy, dear! But one can't help thinking. Well the sun has risen to-day, but it isn't set."

"No—nor it won't, neither, till it sets on brighter faces, for here *he* comes that never came without a welcome, nor left without your blessing," said Patrick, going from the window to the door.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 31, 1846.

THE PRESIDENT ON THE "NOTICE."

The President, in answer to the resolution of Mr Dayton, calling on the President to know whether in his judgement any addition to our naval or military force is required, after strongly recommending an increase, which may be wanted on account of our relations with Great Britain, says—

"I have seen no reason to change or modify the recommendation of my annual message in regard to the Oregon question. The notice to abrogate the treaty of the 6th of August, 1827, is authorized by the treaty itself, and cannot be regarded as a warlike measure; and I cannot withhold my strong conviction that it should be promptly given. The other recommendations are in conformity with the existing treaty, and would afford to American citizens in Oregon no more than the same measure of protection which has long since been extended to British subjects in that territory."

The position of the President, then, after all the flatterings of the whig press, seems to be precisely what it was the day he delivered his first message, recommending the notice to be given. The policy he then marked out was clear, unquestionable, dignified, fearless and statesmanlike. Like a statesmen, he adheres to the recommendation that he then believed and still believes to be the true policy of the country. He shows no faltering, no wavering, no timidity, notwithstanding most of the whig members of the Senate and a portion of the democratic members are favorable to a less decided, and we must say, a more timid course; one that does not sustain the executive in his recommendation, from *fear* that Great Britain will not take it *kindly*. This is the only reason; for no one denies our right to give the notice, the expediency of giving the notice, the propriety of terminating the joint occupancy. But there is a great fear that if we do Great Britain will be turbulent, and perhaps attempt to give us a flogging for our impudence in doing just what the world acknowledges we have a right to do, and what the treaty creating the joint occupancy provides either party may do. And so war, war, war, is continually held up as a bugbear to frighten American citizens; or rather to frighten the indirect representatives of American citizens, for had they the spirit of the people the notice ere this would have been given, and that too without any trembling. That giving the notice would give Great Britain cause to complain no one pretends; but there is fear she will call us to account for an act we have a right to perform and she no right to complain of, and therefore, it is *safer* for us to be cautious, and not give the notice at all, or if at all, to annex to it a *qualification*, that amounts to saying, *by your leave, or, we mean nothing.*

Whig letter writers have had much to say about Mr Polk being "uneasy," a "little alarmed" at the prospect of war, showing the "white feather,"—but we are inclined to think they are indebted to their imaginations for Mr Polk's fears rather than to his views publicly or privately expressed; at any rate, his messages show but little doubt as to the proper policy to be pursued, or *fear* in pursuing it. If there is any doubt, any fear, any cringing, or showing of the "white feather," it is by another department of the government. Let the Senate come up to the work as nobly as the President and the House have done, and we shall see nothing in any branch of the government that looks much like showing the "white feather."—Nor on the other hand, shall we see anything like a bullying, bombastic, blustering spirit; but we shall then see a government that understands its rights, and *dares* to honorably and justly pursue them.

In the Senate pursuing the best course to get an honorable settlement of the Oregon dispute, by showing England our government is divided as to the proper policy to pursue? and that too, not because the policy proposed to be pursued is not right, but because England may take offence. If she finds we dare not give the notice, will she not be likely to conclude we shall not dare to exact any more of the territory than is her liberality she may please to give us? That is the way we think it looks. Others can judge for themselves. Now if that is not the best way to get up a war, then we mistake human nature. Induce England, by making her believe that we are divided in our councils and are afraid of her power, to exact what we cannot honorably accede to, and is not war a necessary consequence? Is not the Senate pursuing precisely that course? So it seems to us. Would that they would take the sentiments of the people as their guide, and delay no longer.

INCENDIARISM. Between 12½ and 1 o'clock, yesterday afternoon there were three alarms of fires, supposed to be set, in this city. They were all extinguished without much damage being done. The first was a stable near the Freewill Baptist meeting house. The second was Dea. Bancroft's stable between Market and Middle streets. The third was a building belonging to the Carpet Company, on the Carpet corporation. They were unquestionably the work of an incendiary.

We cannot speak in too high terms of the promptness with which our firemen are always upon the ground at the alarm of fire, nor of their unfaltering exertions and skill in mastering the devouring element.

A DESPERATE CONVICT SHOT. At the prison in Harrisburg, Pa., on Sunday week, a convict named Gibbs, sprung upon Mr Watson, the keeper of the prison, intending no doubt to despatch him and make his escape. Mr Watson had one of the Colt's revolving pistols, and after a desperate scuffle for possession of the weapon, in which Mr Watson's hand was severely lacerated, Mr W. shot Gibbs, first in the back, (reaching round his) and twice in the breast. Gibbs staggered into his cell, and in a few moments expired. Mr Watson displayed great courage and presence of mind, or he must himself have been killed.

A FISH TRAP. The New Haven Register gives an account of the latest Yankee notion, in shape of a patent spring fish hook. By a very delicate but ingenious machinery, as soon as a fish attempts to nibble the bait on the hook, a second hook comes down and catches him in the back of the head, and he is a "gone sucker."

THE CITY GUARDS' LEVEE, to-morrow evening, at Mechanics' Hall, will be one of the most pleasant and social parties of the season.

PUSHEE added to *Bond's* Cotillon Band, will make the music No. 1; and the refreshments, which are to be provided by FRENCH, will be ditto, of course. The number of tickets is limited, we understand.

LADY OF LYONS. We learn that the Rhetorical Society of the Lowell Academy will enact the "Lady of Lyons" at the *school room, No, 20 Merrimack st.* on THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY evening of this week.

Tickets of admission 12 1-2 cents.

☞ When Tirrell was conveyed in a carriage from the Court House, the Post says the cheering was absolutely uproarious.

We should hardly think our Puritan neighbors would consider Tirrell a proper subject to be made a "lion" of, even though he is not guilty of murder.

☞ "Fanny Forrester" is the signature of Miss Chubback, an authoress of some celebrity, and Teacher in the Female Seminary, Utica, N. Y. That she is about to form a matrimonial connection with Dr. Judson is mere rumor, and has no other foundation whatever. So says one of our exchanges.

☞ The Jurors, in case of Tirrell, say they found their verdict of "not guilty," on the ground of a want of proof that he committed the crime charged, and that the question of *somnambulism* was not considered by them at all.

☞ The Democratic Mayoralty Convention have unanimously nominated Wm. F. Havemeyer, the present efficient and popular mayor, for re-election at the approaching canvas, in N. Y. city. His acceptance of the nomination is somewhat doubtful.

RECHABITES. We are requested to state that the Rev. Mr Merritt, of Haverhill, will lecture before the I. O. of R. of this city, this (Tuesday) evening, at City Hall. The lecture is free, and the public are invited to attend.

CAREX BY JOWL. The Hampden Post says:—since the New Hampshire election the whigs have manifested quite a paternal regard for the abolitionists, and if the latter behave themselves hereafter they may be considered worthy to vote for Henry Clay in 1848.

☞ The Portland papers state that a man by the name of George Christie, was found dead on Commercial wharf, in that city, on Tuesday of last week. He was steward of schr. Accumulator, of Gloucester, Ms.

EX-PRESIDENT TYLER. A resolution of thanks and respects to Ex-President Tyler, has been unanimously adopted by the Legislature of Texas.

☞ Gen Rusk, one of the Texas Senators, it is said will go for 54° 40'. Gen. Houston, the other, uncertain.

☞ At Portland they have a singing mouse. [Post. Probably some Mons. Thomas Grimalkin has been teaching *mu(s)ic*, "down there." Scat!

SEEKING A WIFE. A diver for pearls often finds a shark in the way. [Ex. paper.

Sometimes the diver gets "*taken in*" by the shark.

☞ A cotton factory is about to be established in Alexandria, District of Columbia.

☞ Rev. J. H. Morrison, of Milton, is to assume the editorial charge of the Christian Register.

☞ Hon. John. M. Botts has been nominated for Mayor of Richmond.

☞ Mus't not forget friend Cheney's Musical entertainment, to-morrow night.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, March 28.

In the SENATE, the amendments made by the House, to the bill for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, were concurred in without any opposition.

The report, leave to withdraw, on the petition for a law that 10 hours shall constitute a day's labor, was taken from the table and accepted.

The House bill in addition to an act for the relief of insolvent debtors and the more equal distribution of their effects, was taken from the orders of the day, and passed to be engrossed.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Accushnet Steam Mills at New Bedford.

Passed to be engrossed—to incorporate the Middlesex Iron Co.; the Merchants and Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co. at Worcester; the Ashland Manufacturing Co.; the Plymouth Mills; to revive an act to establish the Salisbury Branch Railroad Co.; to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the county of Norfolk.

The bill concerning the crime of murder, was taken up, and further considered, but no vote was taken.—An amendment was proposed but it was not acted upon.

In the HOUSE, Mr Gardner of Weles, offered an order that the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to report a bill forthwith, to repeal the present Insolvent law—rejected.

The House went into the committee of the whole, Mr Bylngton of Stockbridge in the chair, for the consideration of the bill changing the time of assessing taxes in the city of Boston.

The committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. Leave having been granted, the House voted to print Mr Wales' amendment.

Monday March, 30

In THE SENATE, a bill was reported to incorporate the Newberport and Boston Steam Boat Co. with a capital of $100,000.

Passed to be engrossed—A Bill to incorporate the Conant Manufacturing Co.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Chelsea Branch Railroad Co, with authority to locate and construct a railroad from the Eastern Railroad in Chelsea to the Boston and Maine Railroad at Malden and it was ordered to be printed.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill concerning the crime of murder and it was further discussed, but no question was taken. Adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Friday next at 11 o'clock was assigned for the consideration of the Senate resolves concerning the Tariff and the Protective Policy.

The first and second clerks in the Treasury office petitioned for an increase of salary, and the petition was referred to the committee of the whole.

Orders were adopted instructing the Judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of establishing the office of Attorney General; to consider the expediency of increasing the salaries of the attorneys for middle and western districts; also to consider the expedience of a law making it the duty of all petitioners for railroads to have all orders of notice made returnable previous to the meeting of the legislature. Adjourned.

The engrossed bills for supplying the city of Boston with pure water, and in addition to an act for the relief of Insolvent debtors, were passed to be enacted in both branches, and sent to His Excellency the Governor.

CONGRESS.

Friday, March 27.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, amongst other bills, a bill was reported for commencing a fort at Sackett's harbor. A bill amendatory of the act for the preservation of lives and property on board steamboats was passed.

Mr Hilliard, from the committee on the post office department, made a report recommending an appropriation for executing the contract with Mr E. Mills for a line of steamers to Cowes and Bremen.

The House took up the private calender, and adjourned at 4 P. M.

Saturday, March 28.

The SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE, in the committee of the whole, the private Calender was taken up.

Much discussion ensued on the bill to pay an old lady fifty-seven dollars and fifty-seven cents! She had paid it at the land office for lands, but no land!

THE TRIAL OF TIRRELL.

The Boston Transcript of the 28th gives the following condensed account of the argument and the result of the trial of Tirrell.

"Mr Choate's argument for the defence was agreed by all to be a masterpiece of pleading—such as has been shown on few criminal trials, especially in a case combining a guilty connection with a married woman, with the alleged crimes of murder and arson. Ingenious in its arguments, cautious in its points, and eloquent in all its bearings his defence presented a rare case of special pleading—startling in its *possibilities*, profound in its thoughtfulness, pathetic in its appeals, and remarkable in its logic. The prisoner listened to it with the most imperturbable coolness, but the perspiration stood in big drops on the brow of the matchless orator, and his form shook to very nervousness with the intensity of his emotion.—Those who heard Mr Choate on this occasion, will not soon forget the almost painful earnestness of his manner, or the powerful bearing of his words. He seemed as if he were pleading for his own life, and the whole ocean possessed an awful interest. We give below a synopsis of his defence, which occupied 5 1-2 hours in the delivery. Mr Choate commenced by reminding the jury of their solemn obligations to weigh the circumstances of this defence in a Christian spirit, and he averted to the danger of mistake in giving sentence, the uncertainty of human proof, and the dreadful consequences of arriving at a fatal but erroneous conclusion. He quoted the circumstances related by O'Connell of three of his clients though innocent, being convicted and executed. Mr Choate said there was not a chance of pardon from the Governor.

In defending the prisoner, he said, it was impossible that the theory of the government could be true; that the defendant, who loved the deceased devotedly, fondly, idolatrously, should have gone asleep in her arms, and awoke to murder her. There was no possible motive for the act. To believe it, the jury must believe a stupendous moral miracle.

Whatever took place that night, or whenever the prisoner left the house, the prisoner could give his counsel no explanation of it, for he was in a state of perfect unconsciousness in the morning. Such was the proof as to his condition. Four hours after he had laid down by her side, under the same passionate enchantment which had governed and misled him for a year, he was found in a state of unconsciousness, and she soon after is found dead. He goes, in his still continuing sleep, to two houses, places where he was well known, and at the latter is awoke. He asked not for a horse or vehicle to go off with, but asks for a man to drive him home. The time, place, and mode of death possessed not one feature of premeditated killing.

At four o'clock he rises, and, without the occurrence of a single circumstance, he coolly cuts the throat of his victim from ear to ear, and then sets fire to the house, and flees. Could he have done this, and be so blind as to suppose that he would not be traced?—At the moment he was engaged in the act the mighty heart of the city was just arousing itself into morning life. In every direction he could meet his fellow men on their way to the duties of the day; and ready, on the first indication of a fire, to hasten to the spot and extinguish it before it had been in progress for the space of a minute. The time in this view was of vast importance to the question of plan. If the prisoner had planned his prompt detection, he could not have planned a more effectual course. He could not in his senses have hoped to escape suspicion. He must have known that he was the last man with the deceased.—Everybody in the house knew it. Before committing a murder at that hour, he would have thought of all this.

Then came in the enquiry whether the deed was done by the waking man, or the haunted dreamer.—Here came in the grand improbability of an act of wilful murder under the circumstances, while there was no violent improbability, at least no impossibility, that the deed might have been done in his sleep. The last presumption to be arrived at was that of wilful murder. It was not to be entertained, until all other solutions of the death had been exhausted.

Mr C argued, from the medical and other testimony, that he might have committed suicide, and that such was the more reasonable supposition. He contended that the condition of the room, when examined by Mr Pratt, might have been very different from its condition at five o'clock in the morning. There were many hypotheses to account for the death, entirely reconcilable with the prisoner's innocence. There was a mystery hanging about that chamber of death, which could not be solved, and unhappily the prisoner could afford no assistance to explain it. Lawrence might himself have dragged the body from the bed, and his cowardice, caused by his mode of life, might have prompted him to conceal it. The ear-ring might have been snatched from the ear of the corpse for the purpose of plunder. Why did Lawrence endeavor to prevent Bowker from going up stairs, when his upper story was in flames? What was his motive for concealment? About to be wedded, by necessity, by her youthful lover, and having arrived at the crisis of the natural destiny of her class, was it strange that Mrs Bickford should have thought of destroying herself, and at the same time all evidence of her mode of leaving a world which she had made so hateful to herself? If the suicide was probable, there being no evidence in relation to it, suicide it must be taken to be. Suppose she rises, sets the house on fire, returns to the bed, and commits suicide; the gush of blood starts the sleeper to terror or horror; he finds himself by the side of the bleeding body, seizes it and throws it upon the floor. Might he not have attempted to stop the blood; and perceiving that she was dead, and the house on fire, rushed wildly from the house in the manner in which the noise has been described? All this does not prove that it might not have been suicide.

The flight of Tirrell from the house, if he did fly from it, had no tendency whatever to negative the natural presumption of suicide, or the less usual case of homicide committed by a person while in sleep. In either case, what would it be natural for Tirrell to do? It would not answer for him, standing as he did in the power of the government under a suspended indictment, to be found in the house in which his paramour, Maria Bickford, had come to a death by her own hand. He could not restore her to life by remaining and exposing himself to the consequences of his violated pledges to the government. This was the infelicity of his situation. He could not afford to remain there.—And this was his situation, whether she committed suicide, or whether he, under his terrible infirmity of sleep walking, had risen and killed her in his unconscious sleep.

Again, he said, he could not afford to be found in a brothel with a woman who had died a violent death. The discovery might have exhausted the forbearance of his wife and family, as well as the law. If he woke up, and found the woman bleeding by his side, and, to get something to stanch the blood, rushed into the closet, with the lamp, proved to have been burning, and by accident set fire to the clothes, the misadventure did not change his situation. It rather increased the urgency for his escape from the house.

The three principal points in the defence were 1st, that the evidence did not in any degree negative the idea of suicide; 2d, there was not a particle of evidence inconsistent with the idea that a third party had not done the deed; 3d, that, if the prisoner did it, it was when he was in the unconscious state of somnambulism. The jury would not infer murder from the stupendous series of improbabilities based upon the circumstances which had been heedled headlong into the case by the government. These improbabilities, as he had said before, were his spell-bound affection for the deceased, the discovering hour, and his extraordinary conduct, if he were guilty, immediately after the murder.

Mr Choate now entered fully upon the great ground of defence, somnambulism. That the prisoner had for years been subject to that dreadful disorder of the brain, had been most positively proved from his childhood up to the day of the tragedy. In the state of somnambulism, while the conscience and the moral sense are asleep, there may remain the will to hate, the will to kill, and the muscular power to carry the will into execution. It was for the government to prove, to a moral certainty, not only that the blow was struck, but that it was struck by a rational being. But instead of this, they had, by their own witnesses, proved that the prisoner was not in a rational state on the morning of the death. If the simple question before the jury, on all the evidence, was whether Tyrrell was in the somnambulistic state on that morning, the jury would, he believed, render a verdict in the affirmative. If so, the fact that he was unhappily charged with murder should not prevent their arriving at the same conclusion on the interlocutory question.

Mr Choate next reviewed the medical and other testimony, and then concluded by stating that he had given the facts of the whole case, and the fate of the prisoner was in the hands of the jury. Duty to society did not always require the death of the accused. Under the iron law of Rome, it was still the custom to bestow a civic wreath to him who should save the life of a citizen. Do your duty to-day, gentlemen, and you too may deserve the civic wreath.

Mr Choate closed his argument, having been six hours and a half in the delivery. During the argument, the prisoner was frequently seen to be in tears. His wife also, who was present in the forenoon, was seriously affected, and sobbed aloud.

S. D. Parker Esq commenced his closing argument for the commonwealth, viewing the whole *rationale* of the horrible event and the evidence produced in a manner, which, requiring nothing of the ingenuity of men "learned in the law," was of course entirely antagonistic to the pleading of Mr Choate, but not less manly and forcible on his side of the question. Mr Parker said:

The duty I owe to the Commonwealth and to justice on this solemn occasion, is the sober and serious investigation of truth; and I am not at liberty, as the defendant's counsel are, to disguise it, nor lead your minds away from it. Human life is at stake, and no arts of eloquence, no fact or adroit management, no warmth or zeal, no straining of the testimony, should be manifest on the part of the prosecution on such an occasion. I shall appeal to your understanding, and not to your feelings; to your reason and not to your sympathy; and I need not inform you that you have taken a solemn oath, binding you as you regard your own salvation, to give a verdict not according to your compassion or your wishes, but solely according to the effect justly produced on your minds by the evidence in the case. What you conscientiously believe in your heart about this charge, you must honestly before God and all men declare, however painful that declaration may be; and you must not be deterred by any considerations of wife, or children, or respectable connections, from doing the duty now imposed on you by your country according to the laws of the land. You stand between the living and the dead; if you see youth and beauty before you, and you feel for them, you must not forget that youth and beauty, in the helplessness of sleep, was suddenly stricken out of life, and precipitated into the darkness and dampness of an untimely tomb. What would be your feelings if that blackened remnant of what was once so fair and frail was exhumed and now placed before your eyes? The compassion you might then feel for her sad fate, "unanointed and unannealed," hurried, without a moment for repentance or prayer, to judgment in an other world, would extend itself to all others in like danger, and the whole force of your duty to society would be felt, and you would see that you could not refuse to justice its claim to punish the culprit, whenever his guilt was established.

The Court adjourned at 7 o'clock. The Court assembled this (Saturday) morning, at 9 o'clock. At a quarter past 9, Judge Dewey commenced his charge to the Jury, which was a full, clear, impartial recapitulation of the testimony on both sides. He closed at a quarter before 11 o'clock, when the Jury retired. At five minutes before 1 o'clock, the Jury came in and rendered a verdict of "NOT GUILTY." After the rendering of the verdict, he was again arrested on the other indictment of Arson, and remanded to prison to await trial.

UNITED STATES BANK. The Philadelphia U. S. Gazette says an arrangement has been made by which the claim of the United States against the Bank of the United States was provided for, and the bank's assets are now freed from the lien of the government, and its affairs can now be more readily settled. This arrangement is one that is calculated to be of very great benefit to those now anxiously awaiting a speedy settlement of the affairs of this *unfortunate* institution.

A box containing two corpses has been brought to light by the high water at Ithaca, N. Y., and they have been identified as those of the wife and child of Edward H. Relloff, recently sent to the State prison for abductiag them. He will now be tried for merder. He wes a Thompsonian doctor, and schoolmaster, and jealous of his wife. [Ex. paper.

OCEAN STEAMERS.—ASTOR LINE. It is reported that Mr William B. Astor is about to establish a line of four steamers between New York and Liverpool, at an outlay of *one million* of dollars, under the superintendence of Mr Junius Smith. [N. Y. Sun.

SANTA ANNA. The Cornwell (Jamece) Chronicle, giving intelligence from Havana to the 57th February last, says that an English steamer has arrived there from Vera Cruz, with instructions to Santa Anna to return forthwith to Mexico. Advices from Havana, eighteen days later, report Santa Anna busily engaged at cock fighting.

☞ The large and massive stone dam an the river at Great Falls, N. H., was washed away on Friday morning last. It was nearly 30 feet high, and was built at great expense.

☞ The Canadian parliament met March 20, and the governer general made a speech recomendiag a reorganization of the militia.

☞ The editor of the Lyen Pioneer hes been sentenced to sixty days imprisonment in the jail at Salem, for libelling Aaron Lummus, a justice af the peace.

☞ A press and types have been sent to Oregon city, for the perpose of having a newspaper issued on that side of our continent.

☞ The bill supplying the city of Boston with water has been passed to be enacted by both braaches of the legislature and sent to the Governor for his approval.

☞ All the ten hour petitioners have had leeve to withdraw; and alwaya will so long as we have a whig government.

OUR TREATY WITH BELGIUM was unanimously confirmed by the Senate, on Thursday last.

☞ The "Men in Black" is at the Museum, "dodging for a wife."

☞ No paper will be issued from this office on Thursday, Fast day.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

I, Dr F. MORRILL, wish to caution the public against the imposition of one L. A. Ingalls, who has unqualifiedly assumed the title of *Doctor*, and who has taken the ungranted liberty to represent himself as having been a "*student*" of mine. As a duty, which I think I owe both to myself and the public, I wish to remova and prevent all such impressions, as I never had any students.

I once employed this Ingalls as an office boy. He never was allowed access to my books; he knows nothing of my remedies, and has no right to make any professional use of my name. I wish the *chap* no ill success, but he must stand or fall upon his own merits.

N. B. I offer a reward of $500 for any proof of his ever having been a student of mine; but care should be taken to distinguish between a student and a *patient*.

F. MORRILL, M. D.,
6w&pfeb14 No. 9, Middle street.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invnted by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J B HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

☞ BOOLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Begle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tfadvma28

TEMPERANCE NOTICE.

The members of the Lowell W. T. A. Society will hold their annual meeting for the choice of Officers, at City Hall, on THURSDAY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

E. B. PATCH, President.

Lowell, March 31st, 1846.

A CARD.

The lady who lost a purse containing $4 or $5, a few evenings since, at the Museum, can heer of one that was found there (which perhaps may be the one she lost), by calling on the Manager.

March 31, 1846.

MARRIED,

In this city, March 26th, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr Jacob Livingstoe to Miss Sophia E. Rock.

In this city, March 22d, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr George Savory to Miss Sophronia N. Downer.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending March 28th, 1846.

March 22d, Charles L. Wilson, 9 mos., lung fever; Harriet C. Wentworth, 24 yrs, brain fever; 24th, Mary Ann Hurd, 2, measles; Walter C. Jones, 11 mos, lung fever; Julia F. Chase, 19 yrs, lung fever; two sons of James Leavitt, 1 day, infantile; 25th, Mary Ann Ellis, 18 yrs, typhoid pneumonia; 28th, Mary Fish, 84, consumption. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Bethel.

In Groton, March 16th, of consumption, Mrs Esther, wife of Mr Artemas Wheeler, aged 68. [Printers in New York will please copy.]

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bell'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Hosiery, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 21, 1846. 3mamarch28

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GREAT EXCITEMENT!

The mysterious MAN IN BLACK engaged for one week only.

Time Altered—Performances commence ½ to 8 o'clock.

First time in Lowell of the original Petit Comedy, dramatized from Bentley's Miscellnay, by Mark Lemon, Esq., entited THE MAN IN BLACK!

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The entertainments will commence with the pleasing and original Petit Comedy, by Mark Lemon, Esq., entitled THE MAN IN BLACK!

Characters by Messrs Peter Punctilio, Bradley, Merrifield, Teasey, Atkins, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Comic Song, Jerry Merrifield.
Song, J. B. Bradley.
Ballad: "Erin is my Home," Mrs Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the celebrated Farce, written by C. H. Saunders expressly for G. H. Wyatt, entitled

THE FACTORY GIRL: Or, *Dodging for a Wife!*

Characters by Messrs. Merrifield, Wyatt, Bradley, Atkins, and Miss St. Clair.

☞ Fast Day there will be four grand performances, viz: 1st Afternoon Performance at 2½; 2d do. at 4; 1st Evening do. at 6½; 2d do. at 7½ o'clock.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. mar26

Trees!



The subscriber has for sale at his Nursery (in Dracutt), on the Mammoth Road, 3½ miles from Lowell, a good assortment of Apple, Peach, Plum and Cherry Trees, budded with choice varieties; Quince, Currant, and Gooseberry Bushes, Grape Vines, Rhuburb Roots, &c. Also—A splendid lot of Forest and Ornamental Trees, consisting of Elms, Rock Maples, White Ash, Bass Wood, White Maples, White Oaks, Firs, &c. &c. ASA CLEMENT, Jr.

mh31

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, JOHN CAUGHLIN, on my account, as I have never given him any authority to make any purchases whatever, either for himself or me, on my credit.

MOSES CAUGHLIN.

March 30th, 1846. mh31 3tA

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruses, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has obtained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Staoton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Comuon Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Owen, editor the R. Corosnicle, fRoyc.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reyoolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorner.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aeron Ward, late Member of Coogress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlaodt,
Stephao Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Streng,	Gilbert Martin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Blunt,
	Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of the celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Deer Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yoorn,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Munor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

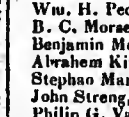
AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

1ya&pdec16

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Goot, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore levanted, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and [illegible] Agents only. Wholesale and retail at No. 25 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Mortill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 3m

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. H. J. BAXTER,
mar24 No. 33, Central street.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Charlotoot, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjun31

Spring has Come!

AND with Jenkins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hard st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee,

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BEARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every port of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent dely and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Removal.

THE undersigned have removed from the Store recently occupied by them, on Central and Gorham Streets, to the West end of the Market House.

C. P. TALBOT & CO.
Lowell, Jan. 1st, 1846. 3madvjan3

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day produce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

HOUSE TO LET—On Tyler street. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of
tfmar28 N. CRITCHET, No. 7, Merri'k st.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin.

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronge during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying his place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and if the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmawe&poct23

Mills for Sale.

THE subscriber wishing to change his business, offers for sale his Grist and Saw Mills, situated in the Middle of Chelmsford. Said Mills are in good repair, and will be sold low, on the most liberal terms. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, on the premises. [e2ip3tm26*] G. W. ALDRICH.

A Hall Wanted.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, in the city of Lowell, wish to engage, on a lease of several years, a commodious Hall, for their own use, about 50 by 60 feet dimensions, with two adjoining anti-rooms about 20 feet square.

For such a Hall the Order will pay a liberal rent for a term of years. For further information apply to either of the undersigned.

S. C. AMES,
GEO. FAIRGRAVES,
H. LORD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
ZEBULON DOE,
} Committee.

March 17, 1846. tfmar17

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmure19

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. 10h26tf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Notice!

THE annual meeting of the Lowell mutual Fire Insurance Company will be holden at the office of said company, in Lowell, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of April next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Sec'y.
Lowell, March 3, 1846. mar5

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.*

J. J. JUDKINS,
mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Mortgagee's Sale.—Tin Ware, Stoves, Tinman's Tools, &c. &c.

On FRIDAY, next, April 3d, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., the Stock of Whitney & Blair, at their store on Middlesex street, near the railroad.

A large assortment of new Tin Ware; cooking, parlor, and air-tight Stoves; 1 sett of Tinman's Tools; 4 Pedlar's Wagons, &c. &c. Sale without reserve.

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

At Private Sale,

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished rooms, and about 2300 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Stock Sale.

At Office, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 9th and 10th, at 9½ and 2 o'clock each day: The Stock of a country dealer, closing up, consisting of a great variety of shelf Goods, such as black, blue, olive, mixed, brown and green Broadcloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Setinetts, Thin Stuffs, Vestings, in great variety, among which in some 1000 yds. rich De Laines and Coilmeras, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Laces, Dimpers, colored and white Table cloths, Napkins, white Imperial Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Tickings, Flannels, Linseys, Batting, Wadding, Suspenders, and many other articles of Fancy Goods, &c.

The Stock is worth the notice of dealers and consumers, and to be sold without reserve for cash, to the highest bidder.

N. B.—Ladies are respectfully invited to attend the sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell; Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Highly important to all invalids

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has aroused against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nemly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diorrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid feries of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From hose have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expecturant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the red, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates.—Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invelids who lie grouning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one encompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers, renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide renge of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jee7 y

---

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

FOR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was *a certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

---

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f 28] JUDKINS, 20, Central st.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonatypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

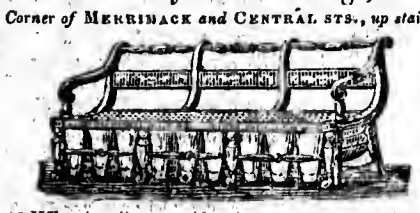
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for th very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasent to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as stirring in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depositary, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wunder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mar. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington, Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morerans; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Greee; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

---

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the following puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like new eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false splutions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspision, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrufulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

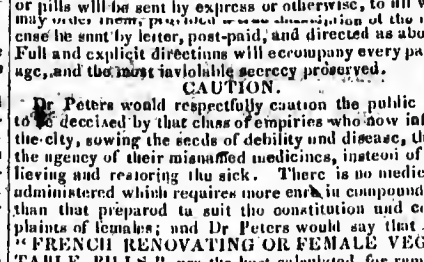
Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they crooked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3mndyjan13

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvonic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreoux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face;

Convulsions and Fits:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plester was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymen, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, ler which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb5a&p1y

---

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack at Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.
SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20n&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 180 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Prescott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Proprietors Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, on hand, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rag8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 40.

The Lowell Advertiser,

IS PUBLISHED ON

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3,00 per annum in advance, or $3,50 if payment is delayed 6 months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE—SPAULDING'S BUILDING, COMMERCIAL SQUARE.

Lowell Patriot & Republican, weekly,

published at the same office, every Friday morning, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

Terms of Advertising.

One square of 12 lines, $1,00 for three insertions; 17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cts. for 3 insertions, and 12½ cts. for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion. Yearly advertisers, unless a *speciol* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—Agent of the—

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tfeb28

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street, Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street.....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.

tfnov1

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,

advty LOWELL. sept9

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 2 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS

Lowell.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Hanover Dickey, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

No. 20, Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Jan. 1, 1846. ndv3mjan1

DENTISTRY,

—BY—

DR. G. P. MARTIN,

CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.

ISAAC W. BANGS,
DEAN BANGS.
jan8

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.

je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillas Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for Insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan4

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. almar17

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advtyjan29

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam



Is probably almost without a parallel! In having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a13A&r6m

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it a character which it well deserves. The profession justly prizing useless advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. s4p6m6mar6

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harndan & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,

No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. ndv3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores; inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sorsoparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 8th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen:—About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. S. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. s4mly29m30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

UCELI JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. dtfdec20

From Arthur's Magazine.

PAT MURPHY'S FORTUNE.

BY M. HASTINGS WELD.

[Concluded.]

A man of some five and twenty entered, cheerful and humane in countenance, kind, yet not mincing in his manner. "Hey day, good folks!" he said, "all in the dumps! Who is sick?"

"No one, sir," said Pat.

"No! you all will be, if you don't keep warmer: but that's poor comfort, you say, to those who can't. Come, Mr Murphy, tell us all about it!"

Patrick in a clear and straight-forward manner, told the new-comer what the reader already knows. When he had done, the stranger said:

"One, two, three, four dollars—is it? Well, I can't afford to *give* you that—but Mr Murphy, I'll tell you what. I'll lend you five, four for the rent, and one for capital, for you to start afresh on."

Pat and his mother overwhelmed him with thanks, which he did not stop to hear, but was off before the widow could reach him; or she certainly would have thrown herself at his feet and clasped him by the knees.

"There, mother! I told you the sun was not set yet!" said Pat, executing a most difficult stage negro *pas*, in his new shoes. News boys are familiar with "theatricals"—that is such as they prefer, and the prospect of going back upon the penny paper vending Rialto; no longer a 'lame duck,' but as he expressed it, "in town again with his pocket full of rocks," elated little Paddy quite as much as a recovery from hopeless bankruptcy could have pleased any one of his seniors. His head was already as full of plans for the future as his heels were of activity. He counted the provision to be drawn from the Doctor's kitchen as good for a couple of days at least; and being now comfortable in circumstances, he began to think of enabling his sisters in some way to contribute their share to the maintenance of the household. How very little will suffice to make the poor happy! And how readily might the fact be experimentally tested by thousands who know nothing of it, but, repining amid competence, excuse their heartless indolence, and indifference to the real sufferings of others, with the deceptive plea, that "they should be glad to do good if it were only in their power."

CHAPTER III.—PAT THE LANDLORD.

"Come, father!" cried Helen, the next morning, "do lay down that prosy pamphlet, and come to breakfast! You are too old a man to be so completely swallowed up by the shop. You care more for a gallipot than for your breakfast, and would rather read a tedious medical periodical than see your family! I declare, you are so redolent with pulverized liquorice and rhubarb, that I am almost sick of the sight and odor of you!"

"Why, Helen," said her mother, "how you run on! I declare, I am quite ashamed of you!"

The good old Doctor smiled with arch meaning, as he submitted to his daughter's railery.—"Never mind, wife," he said, as he took his seat at the table "physicians *are* such nuisances that I can never think of admitting another into the family; and as to that number of the Medical Examiner, it is a stupid affair, sure enough. It is nearly half filled with a paper contributed by some young quack, named Harry, or Henry, or some such name!"

Helen blushed and laughed, and laughed and blushed again. Her weapons were now fairly turned against her, and she had nothing to do but to look out that she did not scald her fingers in doing the honors of the breakfast table, while her father making the most of his advantage, pressed her most unmercifully. The real truth was, that the report of Dr Henry's case, in which Dr Gregory had been so much absorbed, was a most interesting one, skilfully treated, and reported in a manner which showed the young man to be a master of his profession, and a most excellent practitioner. Helen had shrewdness enough to perceive that her father was in a most excellent mood as regarded her wishes and hopes, and therefore courted rather than depreciated his mirth. She was, therefore, more disappointed than pleased when her father changed the subject, by saying to his wife:

"Well, my dear, did you miss any spoons, yesterday?"

This question answered in the negative, the Doctor continued;

"Then, unless little Pat considers your basket worth more than any thing he would be likely to get here to day, he will come back this morning."

"To be sure he will come," said Mrs. Dr Gregory."

"To be sure he will, father," said Helen.

"Well—perhaps—" said the Doctor, pretending to have his doubts. Knowing that all womankind are more or less inclined to contradiction, the Doctor cunningly took care that their negatives should support the affirmative he wished to reach. Betty here announced that the young gentleman was already below stairs.

"Give him some breakfast, Betty," said the Doctor, "and then send him up. Now you see," added the Doctor, turning to his daughter, "that little Pat is deep. He throws a sprat to catch a shad. He will keep on till he gets far enough into your confidence to steal something worth while."

"You hard-hearted old gentleman," said Helen, "how can you be so—uncharitable! He knows that honesty is the best policy."

"He will come to a the gallows in the end," said the Doctor, winking his wife to observe how their daughter's fine face lighted up with the excitement of contradiction.

"He will come to a fortune, and own a whole square!" retorted Helen.

"So-so," said the Doctor. "Good, so. And I'll tell you what, my pretty prophetess—I know you believe what you predict, and I'll make you a promise on the credit of your faith. You shall marry this young Doctor Henry, or Harry, or whatever his name is, whenever Pat has a house to let you."

And the happy father laughed immoderately at his own wit. His wife joined—and Helen, though she rose from the table, and pretended to be angry, could not help joining too. Before she could reply, Betty announced a caller. It was one of the Doctor's tenants, and he directed that he should be shown up. He was the lessee of several large old houses, in a poor part of the city, which the Doctor hardly ever drew in a year, and could not point out without a guide. His lease was about expiring, and he called to obtain a renewal, but wished it on diminished terms, as he said there was a prospect that certain contemplated city improvements would ru-

in the property. "So—" said the Doctor," a hard *improvement* that. They pay me little more than the taxes, now and if they are improved at that rate, I shall be made a beggar with them. I must look into this a little, sir."

At this moment Pat made his appearance at the door. Helen went to him, led him to a farther window, and entered into conversation with him. He looked like another boy this morning—hope and pleasure shone in his face, and his whole appearance was tidy and cheerful. The Doctor's lesse soon took his leave, having first conversed in an under-tone a moment or too, with a frequent look toward poor Pat. The Doctor's countenance showed that the lad had gained little in this inteiview.

"Now," said the Doctor, as Helen led the lad to him. "Your name is Patrick, I believe?" Patrick bowed. "I am very sorry," the Doctor continued, "to learn that you are a very bad and a very impudent boy—though I might have guessed the last."

Helen and Mrs Gregory looked astonished, and poor Pat, gathering a new hope of sympathy from their faces, said, as he hung his head, and burst into tears—

"Sure, sir, that will be news to my mother, wherever you heard it!"

"Come, come, sir!" said the Doctor, "no more play with us—we've had enough. I do'nt want to condemn you unheard—and if you are deserving, I would do you good. Your sharp answers will serve for an hours amusement; but if you are, as I am told, a very bad boy, you are a dangerous plaything; and if you can establish your character, I would do something more than amuse myself with you, for, to tell the truth, you have interested me very much.—Now answer me without evesion:—What have you ever done to maintain yourself?"

"I sold the papers, sir."

"So.—Yes—that explains something. Why don't you sell them now?"

"My father took sick, sir, and was very bad—and one day with another, sir, I spent my little money, and lost my stand, sir, and other boys got my customers, sir, and my heart was gone, and my mother and sisters were starving, and the rent wasn't paid, sir—and the Lord save you and yours from tasting the bitter cup!"

Helen turned her head to brush away a tear, and Dr Gregory continued his questions, but in a tone more kind.

"But how could a boy suffering all this be so full of fun and nonsense as you were yesterday, and as you would have been to-day, if every thing had gone as you expected?"

"Oh, sir, there's a many ways in the wide world, and them as travels in one don't know the stones in another! Two or three days, sir, I'd shivered barefooted in the cold, and told the people what I could you just now, sir, and I couldn't get a sixpence! The blessed angel put me on another track, and your kind face, sir, made me try it on you—and that's the whole truth, sir. I am no blackguard, if I look like one."

"Very well put in! Very well told, Patrick—but I've something more to say yet. The house you live in is mine, and your landlord is my tenant."

"Then, I hope," said Pat, "he's a better tenant than landlord!"

"Well, he tells me that yesterday you lied him down that you hadn't a dollar in the world."

"Lied him down! Sure, it was the blessed truth, sir!"

"But he says he threatened you with the house of refuge, and that this morning your mother found money to pay the rent in full. Now you must either have had this money, or—I am unwilling to say it—you must have stolen it since, for he says you are very poor."

"Ah, look at him, your honor! Think of this backbiter once! He knows I am poor, he says—and he threatens me with the House of Refuge for not paying my mother's rent, and perhaps he didn't tell you of *that*, but he tould me I might as well have begged money as shoes, and abused me for the very kindness which your lady had for me! And then he says I stole the money, and still he put it into his own pocket without a tear!"

"Patrick, you have made the case bad for your accuser, but you hav'nt helped yourself yet. Tell me honestly where did this money come from?"

"It was loaned to me, sir."

"*Loaned!* And the doctor smiled his disappointment at what seemed a new evasion.

"Yes, sir," said Pat, proudly, "*loaned!* May-be you think the impudent little blackguard has no friends, 'but there's a God above, sir, who remembers the widow and the fatherless,' and he sent an angel to us when we were all in the sorrow. The man that loaned Pat Murphy five dollars—four for the rent, and one to buy papers—and here it is," said Pat, as he showed it—"that man knows Pat Murphy will pay, if he leaves his body to the surgeons to do it with. And it isn't the first good thing he's done, sir. He's come out of his bed in the bitter night, time and again, to soothe the pain of the poor who could not give him fee nor reward, and he's put his hand in his pocket, over and often, to pay for the medicine and the food of the dying man, when he knew he couldn't live so much as to thank him—the blessings of heaven fall on him for it! And now my poor father is in Heaven, and Dr Henry may one day meet him there—may it be a long day off, for the good of the poor on earth! Good morning, ladies, and you, sir, too, and when next you would play with the poor, don't put the farce before the tragedy, sir, if you please, sir, for that's not the way at the Bowery!"

Helen was in tears, and her mother in silent amazement at the little fellow's eloquence.

"Here, Pat, stop!" shouted the Doctor, as the boy moved away.

"Is it more play you want, sir?" asked the boy, turning half-round.

"Your name is Murphy? And the Doctor's is Henry—eh?

"Yes, sir."

"Well, here," continued the Doctor, taking up the Medical Examiner, "is your father's case all printed."

"I can read, sir," said Pat proudly. "Don't play with the bones of the dead, if you please, sir!"

"No—no—Patrick," said Dr Gregory, taking him kindly by the hand, and drawing him to him. "I know Dr Henry, and there are those in this house who know him better than I." Pat shrewdly looked toward Helen, and she blushed crimson. "We shall enquire about you. What rent do you pay?"

"A dollar a week."

"Fifty-two dollars a year. And how many rooms have you?"

"One, sir."

"And how many tenants are there, in the whole house?"

"Ten, sir, besides the lower grocery."

"So-o-o," hummed the Doctor. "Why the fellow gets more for that one house than he pays me for eleven! And he wants me to reduce his rents! Miserably must the poor be oppressed by such harpies!"

"True for you, sir," said Pat—"if your honor would only take the house into your own hands."

"I can't do that, my boy," said the Doctor musing—"Pat!" said he at length, after a pause, "how old are you?"

"Seventeen, come Easter."

"So. Well, I'll ask Dr Henry about you and if he gives you half as good a character as you do him, I'll give you charge of the house you live in. You shall have it at the same price he pays—on condition that you don't charge the others more than enough to get your own part, rent free, and a fair price for the trouble in collecting. And I'll not renew the lease for any of them, neither. If you show yourself honest and capable, here's an opening for a living for you."

Pat's heels flew involuntarily into the first position of another negro *pas*—but he blushed, hung his head, stood still and wept his thanks, while even Dr Gregory's eyes moistened.

"Call here to-morrow?" said the Doctor, willing to relieve his grateful embarassment.

"Patrick" said Helen, calling him back, "I want a word with you. Have you a couple of pleasant rooms in your house to let me?"

"Anan!" said the boy astonished.

"What!" asked Dr Gregory.

"Why, father!" said Helen, "you certainly have not forgotten your promise made this morning, that when Pat has a house to let, I may be married?"

"Oh, you baggage!" said the Doctor. "Well, when one has a pill to take, the sooner it is off his mind the better. "marry, as soon as your mother can get you ready—for I see you are built of a mind. But don't you go now and tell Dr. Henry what depends on his endorsement of Paddy here!"

"Sure, Dr Henry would never tell a lie to save a kingdom," said Pat earnestly.

"Get out of the house, you little rogue," said the Dr, "you've done in two hours what my wife and daughter have been trying in vain to do for two years."

Is any body so dull as not to guess the end?

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1846.

☞ The Courier persists that the statements of the Boston Courier as to wages here is a fair one. It says:—

"The tables are correct, and present *a fair statement of the actual state of wages in our mills*, and they cannot with truth be gainsayed by any one. The statistical tables lately published by Joel Taylor, compiled with the utmost care, and from the most authentic sources, make the average wages of females in the Lowell mills, including new and old hands, and children, if any there be, $2,00 per week, besides their board."

The Boston Courier says, the cases given are not picked cases; and the Lowell Courier insists that it gives "*a fair statement of the actual state of wages in our mills.*" That table makes the wages from *over* two to *over* six dollars a week. Mr Joel Taylor'a table, the Courier says, makes the average wages two dollars a week. Now Mr Joel Taylor'a table is false, or the Boston Courier's table is made up of picked cases, and therefore, does *not* give a "*fair statement of the actual state of wages in our mills.*" Take your choice, Mr Courier, of the horns of the dilemma, but you *must* take one. Both statements can't be true, even should the Courier swear it as well as assert it.

Now will the Courier tell us how Mr Taylor gets his statistics from which he tells the world that the average wages of the girls in the mills here are $2,00 a week, exclusive of board? We believe he knows no more about it, from actual examination of the books of the corporations, than we do, and they won't let us examine them, no how. If so, Mr Taylor's table is nothing more than guess work, made up from such statements as the agents have a mind to give him without their being at all responsible for them. We should expect such a table would make the wages quite as much as two dollars a week, when published, immediately before the action of Congress on the tariff. Mr Taylor's table is not correct, and an examination of the books of the corporations will show it; and much less does the table published by the Boston Courier present anything like a fair average of the rates of wages paid the girls in the mills in this city. We should like to have Mr Taylor tell by what *process* he gets at the result of two dollars a week.

GOING AHEAD. At the new city that is to be, at Methuen, contracts have already been made for laying the foundations of five large factories. Great activity prevails in all the "regions round about." Land will be sold in lots at auction on the 28th inst.

The company is busily engaged building houses for the accommodation of their workmen. Some 12 or 15 are already completed, and *many* others are under contract. Mr Edw. F. Watson, of this city, is a large contractor for building houses. Messrs REED & POWERS, also of this city, have a very heavy contract for mason work—the laying of at least 5,000,000 of bricks.

There will be busy times at Methuen this coming summer.

OYSTERS ALL ROUND. "All hands" paid their respects to Mr WELLINGTON, proprietor of the spacious Oyster Saloon, corner of Merrimack & John Sts. (formerly Farnsworth's,) on Tuesday evening, where they enjoyed a most luxurious repast of the most savory OYSTERS, from raw to every department of approved cookery, with LOBSTERS, et ceters. Nothing could have exceeded the nicety of the arrangements; and to speak of the entertainment in round numbers, the "fatted calf" would not be a circumstance.

Mr. W. has ample room to accommodate a large number of guests; and he has the means and the skill to get up a first rate oyster supper, for one man or for fifty men.

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL. Several of the Lodges of the I. O. of O. F. in this city, have united in leasing the Hall heretofore occupied by Mr Dickinson as a dancing Hall. They take a lease for eight years, for which they pay $2,900, *in advance*. This, when fitted up, will be a very commodious place of meeting.

GREAT LOSS. We regret to learn that Messrs. Fiske & Norcross, who have recently established extensive lumber works in this city (in the vicinity of the jail,) are loosers to an enormous amount in mills and lumber at Bangor, by the late terrible freshet. Their loss is estimated at $50,000. We hope it may prove much less.

RESIGNED. Mr Justice Locke, of the Police Court has resigned his office. H. H. F. CORLISS, Esq. is just the man who can give future satisfaction as his successor;—at least, we think so.

POLICE COURT.

BEFORE JUSTICE WRIGHT.

Friday, April 3.

Commonwealth *vs.* Charles W. Clark. Complaint for setting fire to a store-house belonging to the Lowell Co., last Monday—the day on which there were three fires in quick succession.

Mary Kitchen, who lives on the Lowell Corporation, testified she saw a person coming away from the building about 4 or 5 minutes before it was discovered to be on fire—thought the person strongly resembled prisoner—but could not swear certainly. Mrs. K. was at her chamber window 25 or 30 rods from the building that was burnt.

Charles Sargent, an overseer on the Lowell Corporation, testified that as he was coming out from a passage-way leading to this building, he met a person going in—that person very much resembled prisoner—he looked at him closely, because he was a stranger, and he thought he had no business there; 5 minutes after the building was on fire. He next saw prisoner at the Depot—about an hour after, trying to induce the conductor to carry him to Boston—conductor refused and after cars started, prisoner jumped on.

Robt. Thompson, an overseer of Lowell Co.—was the first one who got to the fire—he opened the door, and saw some harness slats and other sticks piled together and on fire—before he could get a pail of water the fire had communicated with a lot of harnesses hanging over head, and filled the room with smoke—the building was pretty much burned down.

This was the principal testimony for Gov't.

An *alibi* was set up in defence, and made out if the Court believed the witnesses. But His Honor thought the evidence was not sufficient to warrant him in binding him over, even independent of the *alibi*.

Ames for Gov. Butler for defence.

The annual meeting of the Lowell Washington Total Abstinance Society was holden at City Hall April 2d, 1846, when the following persons were elected as the board of officers for the ensuing year:—

Dr. Josiah Curtis, President.

Josiah Hubbard, Levi McIntire, } Vice Presidents.

J. B. Harlow, Recording Secretary.

Jonathan Ladd, Corresponding Secretary.

E. B. Patch, Treasurer.

J. M. Varnum, Frederick Holton, A. L. Brooks, Willard Welch, J. G. Kittredge, } Directors. J. E. Sawyer, Paul Hill, Lovejoy, Eli Cooper, Joseph Griffin.

The Treasurer's report shows that there is money on hand to the amount of $156. There is also in the hands of the Treasurer of this Society $118, the proceeds of the celebration in July last—which is at the disposal of the committee of arrangements for that occasion.

NOTION. The Courier says—

"Another notion is somewhat prevalent, that those who use their capital in a way to give employment to the greatest number of consumers, and pay for their labor the greatest amount of wages, are excellent contributors, directly and incidentally, to the common wealth, the common happiness and common improvement of their country."

That is very true if those who use their capital in this way don't ask some bounty, tariff, or other piece of privileged legislative machinery, by which they compel the whole people to pay "tribute" to them, for paying the same wages that others do, after reducing the ability of others to pay the wages they would if it was not for being obliged to pay the "tribute." That is the operation of the tariff. Always tell the whole story.

DISASTROUS FRESHET AT BANGOR.

A correspondant of the Boston Daily Star gives the following account of the late freshet:

"Before you receive this, you will, I doubt not, have heard of the appalling calamity with which our good city and river have been visited. We have had one of the most terrible ice freshets which has ever occurred on this or any other river. I can convey to you no adequate idea of the ruin and devastation which is every where apparent in the city and on the river above. The sudden transition from one of the most severe winters we ever had, to almost summer weather, accompanied with very heavy rains, melted the snow and caused the river above to rise to an almost unprecedented height. This broke up the ice above and brought it down in all its strength, causing it to jam, and flow the water back from place to place along the river, as it forced its way down, in many places inundating the banks to the depth of 20 or 30 feet. On Saturday the jam, which was immediately above the city, started and made the first rush upon us, sweeping every thing opposing its course. It was soon however, arrested in its progress, by the strong unbroken field of ice in the tide water below, and remained in this state until midnight of Saturday, when the continued rising of the water in the river started the great jam, above Old Town, which contained all the ice brought down for 70 or 80 miles above. This at midnight swept down upon the jam here already formed, forcing it along still farther down below us; but it again jammed and stopped; almost instantly the water rose 15 or 20 feet, and submerged nearly the whole business portion of the city.

Sunday morning's sun dawned upon the saddest picture that was ever witnessed in Bangor. The scene was truly awful—buildings, lumber, mills, bridges, and almost every description of property were mingled in the wild mass of ruin. The ice jammed in masses of 30 or 40 feet above the usual bed of the river. During the night, which was dark and murky, every body, men, women and children, with torches and lanterns, were in the streets, and on the wharves and banks, securing property, or waiting in expectation of the ice starting. The scene was truly appalling when it did start; the ringing of bells and cries of hundreds, retreating before the rising flood for their lives, may be imagined, but cannot be described.—After having risen to the height I have mentioned, the water continued throughout all day Sunday, when a little after dark, the jam again started, and in a few moments passed the city, and the water retreated to its accustomed bounds.

Fortunately the jam in its course did not sweep the banks and wharves entirely, but crowded with the first jam of the ice the lumber back into the eddies, and on the banks jammed up in the ice; it made a channel through some distance from the stores, leaving the next morning a perpendicular wall of fifteen or twenty feet high of ice.

THE LABORER.

BY R. S. S. ANDROSS.

Ay! stand erect! nor bend thy knee, nor bow,
But speak thine own free thoughts, and with an eye
Bold as an eagle's, cleaving the bright sky,
Hold upwards thy proud way! Oh, why should'st thou,
Whose iron arm hath made the mighty world
Alrealm of beauty, and subdued the wave,
O'er desert vales and mountain heights unfurled
The flag of Hope, why should'st thou, like a slave,
Cringe to the sod of Pride, and bend thee low,
Even on the soil thy hand hath taught to bloom
As a fair garden; wherefore should'st thou so
Bow down, and shut thy soul in a tomb?
Oh, stand erect! If now I stern off and bar
And speak thine own free thoughts—thou art a MAN!

FAST DAY the people "went it" very fast.

CINCINATI MARKETS. Some idea of the extent and character of the delicacies of Cincinati may be inferred from the following list of marketing, brought in by one person alone, who supplies the city from the counties of Jay and Randolph, Ind.; 74 Deer, entire carcasses, 270 Deer Saddles, 172 Opossums, 4200 Rabbits, 483 Squrrels, 2290 Pheasants, 10,000 Partridges or Quails, 90 Wild Turkies, 240 Small Birds, 6 *Coons*.

☞ The whigs of the legislature are about to wipe out the remainder of the "retrinchment bill." The fact that they have been picking at it for three years, undermining it as a whole, and daring to touch it only by mites, shows that they have a little *fear* of the "people" as well as much love of the "office holders."

EFFECTS OF DRUNKENNESS. John T. Tuckar, of Madison County, Ky., on Sunday last, at Washington, rushed into the house of Capt Ramsay, of the Navy, under the influence of mania a potu, and severely wounded six persons with a knife, before he could be arrested and confined.

THE ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y., was set on fire on Wednesday evening last, by incendiaries, who put friction matches between the clothes of several of the beds in different parts of the house. Ten or fifteen thousand dollars damage was done to the furniture and building, before the fires could be put out.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION. The Algerine whigs have, by a very small plurality, triumphed over the Liberal Whigs and Democrats. Byron Diman's vote is less than a hundred more than Charles Jackson's. The legislature is Algerine and Diman will be Governor.

☞ Our old Dresden friend, Asa Clement, Jr., has a fine variety of orchard, garden and ornamental trees that he will part with reasonably, and set them out if desired. Mr Clement has given much attention to the raising of trees, and has some of the choicest fruit and plum trees in New England. See advertisement.

☞ It appears from papers found on board the slavers recently captured, that slaves cost on the coast of Africa, from $15 to $20 each, and will sell in Brazil for $300. If the Pons had reached her destination, she would have cleared $250,000; the Ponther, $350,000, above all expenses.

THE LITERARY EMPORIUM, a compendium of Religious, Literary and Philosophical knowledge—published monthly, at $1,00 a year, by J. K. Wellman, New York. This is an entertaining and cheap work. Each No. has two rich embellishments.

MR. WEBSTER, in his speech on the Oregon question, goes for settling at the 49th parallel, and for negotiating as to the navigation of the Columbia, and for the possession of the sounds, straits, harbors, islands, &c., south of there.

FIRE. On Saturday of the 28th ult., a fire broke out in Mr Currier's sail loft, in Newburyport, in consequence of the boiling over of a kettle of tar. The fire was extinguished after doing about $1000 damage to the building and stock.

THE SUB TREASURY BILL is under discussion in the House, and will doubtless pass by a large majority. When that measure shall be established it will be a proud day for the democracy and a happy one for the country!

THE YOUNG PEOPLES MAGAZINE, edited by Seba Smith, published also by Wellman, monthly, at $1,00, is worthy of patronage. This work is also beautifully embellished.

☞ We like to have forgotten to inform our readers that we were misinformed about Elder Knapp being here to get up a revival. We are happy to correct the mistake.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE, for April, is before us—a welcome visitor always. You will always find it bright and early at the Bookstore of Merrill & Haywood, 23 Central st.

☞ Dr Ortis Smith has disappeared suddenly from Stonington Ct. Just before he left it was ascertained that he had *four* wives living, besides the one at Stonington.

FOUR CHILDREN DROWNED. The Delaware, N. Y., Gazette records the death of three children of Colvin Thomas, by drowning. They were playing on a pond, when the ice gave and all fell in.

TERMINATION OF THE OREGON DEBATE.—The Newark Daily Advertiser says, that there is said to be a mutual understanding that the Oregon debate shall terminate in the Senate on Friday of next week.

DEMISE OF DR O'FLAHERTY. The Rev. Dr O'Flaherty, of the Catholic church, died suddenly in Salem, about 9 o'clock, on Sunday evening.

☞ Subscriptions have been opened in Europe for the great Catholic Cathedral; which is proposed to be erected in Washington.

☞ Last year the Whigs of New Hampshire elected a Senator, but this year of the great victories, no whig has been chosen to to the Senate.

MR. HAVEMEYER having declined being candidate for re-election to the mayoralty of N. Y., MR. ANDREW H. MICKLE has been nominated.

☞ The very last definition of "Home Protection," is, a closet in your house suitable to hide away in from your creditors.

☞ The Boston Banks have all declared semi-annual dividends of 3, 3 1-2, and 4 per ct. on capital stock.

LAY OVER! Our citizens are getting crowded again. There is a great and increasing demand for small tenements.

☞ The laboring men of Albany are about to organize a society to regulate the price of labor, and to protect themselves.

THE LADY'S BOOK for April is on our table. Mr. Davis has it at his literary depot, John st.

☞ Shocks of an earthquake were felt at Maysville, Ky., on the night of the 23d ult.

THE REV MR TOOMEY, now in jail at Baltimore for stealing slaves, is said to be at the point of death.

MR. CHENEY'S CONCERT.

Mr Cheney had a grand house on Fast evening, at City Hall. The performances presented a sufficient variety to suit all tastes; and all, we presume, were more or less pleased. The Quartette singing, by a new club (of which we did not before know the existence,) was certainly entitled to the highest meed of praise. The First,

"Hurls, for the swelling sea!"

sung by Messrs French, Wilson, Gilpatrick and Page, was received with round after round of applause, till the singers were obliged to re-appear. When they returned, however, instead of repeating, they sang

"She sleeps in the Valley,"

with heart touching effect, bringing the moistening tear to many an eye. The piece was sung in perfect harmony and the words distinctly spoken, which is more than we can say of popular singing generally. The Solo and Quartette,

"Our happy home,"

was sung with fine effect and was loudly cheered.

The Pirate's Glee, "Blow on," was sung in character, but not in so good harmony as the other pieces. Whether the performers sang with a wildness *intentionally*, or whether they *looked so bad* they could not sing in tune, we cannot say. However, it was creditably performed and well received, notwithstanding an *envious few*, who had taken position near the door, evidently bent on hissing them down. Applause soon drowned them out.

The smoothness, together with the height and depth of tone, the purity and contrast between the soft and loud tones, and the clearness with which they pronounce their words, surpasses any Quartette singing we have ever heard. The two basses were surpassingly grand.

We have heard that this Quartette Club are preparing for a series of Concerts, which we hope is the case. They will throw some of the prevalent humbug singing in the shade. The new club has not been christened; "waiting for one of their number to get his growth," they tell us. The *boy* is the one who sung low bass! What will he do when he "gets his growth?"

Success to the new Quartette Club—laurels are in store for them.

CONGRESS.

Monday, March 30.

SENATE. Mr Rusk, of Texas, presented the credentials of Mr Houston, his colleague, and Mr H. took his seat.

The two Senators then drew lots for terms.

Mr Rusk drew lot No. 3, which fixes his term to expire March 4, 1851.

Mr Houston drew No. 1, which fixes his term to expire March 4, 1847.

The Oregon resolutions were taken up.

Mr Barrow, of Louisiana, addressed the Senate, and opposed the extreme sensitiveness of the 54 40 Senators. He is for a peaceful settlement of the question.

Mr Webster addressed the Senate at some length, and defined his position.

The 49th deg. of latitude, he said, was the basis upon which the settlement of this question must now be made. England, who had hitherto refused to accept that line, could not now expect from the U. States, any thing South of it.

The President, he went on to say, must be held responsible by the people, as he was made responsible by the constitution, for the conduct and management of this negotiation.

Mr Allen did not agree with Mr Webster, that the responsibility devolved upon the President, for, in his opinion, it devolved upon the Senate. The President had discharged his duties in his recommendations. It was the duty of the Senate to carry them out before it could evade responsibility by throwing it upon the President.

HOUSE. The House went into Committee of the Whole, and passed through with the bill making appropriation to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the year ending June, 1846.

Tuesday, March 31.

SENATE. The Oregon resolutions were taken up.

Mr Cass took the floor and made a very able speech in reply to some of the advocates of compromise on the 49th parallel.

HOUSE. The House went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the Treasury Bill.

Mr Chapman concluded his speech in favor of the Bill.

Mr J. R. Ingersoll then took the floor and made a speech against the bill.

Wednesday, April 1.

SENATE. The Oregon resolutions were taken up.

Mr Benton (with the permission of Mr Ashley, who was entitled to the floor,) defined his position as to our claim and title to Oregon. His voice is low, and his manner calm. Mr Cass had said yesterday, that if the fact could be established that the 49th degree of latitude *was* agreed upon at the treaty of Utrecht, he would stop there. Mr Benton endeavored to prove that it *was* there agreed upon. His proof and arguments are strong.

HOUSE. As soon as the House met, it went into Committee of the Whole and took up the Sub-Treasury bill.

Mr Grider spoke against the bill, and Mr Harmonson and Sawyer in favor of it.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Wednesday, April 1.

SENATE. Bills were reported relating to the duties of School Committees, and the distribution of the School Fund; to incorporate the Ontonigon Copper Co., the Powtow River Mills.

The House commenced holding afternoon sessions yesterday. Shortly after 1-2 past 3 o'clock, the hour of assembling, the House again went into Committee of the Whole, upon the various salary bills. The bill to increase the salaries of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, was further debated, and the amendments offered in the morning, were rejected, and it was voted that the committee report that the bill ought to pass. The committee thereupon rose, reported progress, and had leave to sit again. The bill was amended by the House, by giving the Chief Justice $2100 per annum, and the associates each $2000, and it was then ordered to a third reading by a vote of 116 yeas to 93 nays.

The Senate bill for regulating the rates of toll on Chelsea Bridge, and the House resolves for the appointment of Commissioners on idiocy were passed to be engrossed.

Friday, April 3.

SENATE. Bills were reported incorporating the Malden Canal Co.; authorizing the Western Railroad Corporation to extend a branch from West Brookfield to New Braintree; incorporating the Lowell Academy; the Massachusetts Teachers Association.

Passed to be engrossed.—The bill incorporating the Acushnet Cotton Mills; to repeal an act providing for the appointment of Railroad Commissioners; and the bills concerning the crime of Arson and Treason.

HOUSE. The following petitions were presented and referred: George W. Chipman and others of Boston, for incorporation as a religious society; Trustees of Brighton School Fund, for leave to surrender charter; Joseph Rowe and others, against petition of the Granite Railway Co.

Passed to be engrossed.—Changing time of holding terms of Hampshire Co. Court of Common Pleas; resolve on the time of Nathaniel Clark, Trustee.

The bill to establish the salary of the Register of Probate for the County of Suffolk, at $2000, which was reported to the House by the Committee of the Whole on Wednesday afternoon, was taken up on its passage to a third reading.

The discussion was general and Mr Chandler called the locum of the whig party, appealing to their pat-

riotism, to walk right up and "*kill the 1843 retrenchment bill dead as a stone.*" The yeas and nays were then ordered on Mr Barton's amendment to establish all salaries of Judges and Registers of Probate to what they were in 1842, which resulted in *adopting* it by a vote of 114 to 107.

After adopting the amendment for raising the salaries, the yeas and nays were called on the passage of the bill to a third reading, and it was passed by a vote of 109 to 103, thus undoing all the doings of the democratic legislature of 1843 in the shape of retrenchment.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The House voted, (93 to 88,) to instruct the judiciary committee to report a bill fixing the salaries of the District Attorneys of the Western and Middle Districts at $800 each.

Passed to be enacted. The bill raising the selaries of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas to $2000, passed to be engrossed 98 to 70.

FIRE IN BILLERICA. We learn by Mr Talbot, that a fire broke out, last night, in the barn of the widow Faulknor, and entirely consumed her barn, shed and house. Lose about three thousand dollars. Nothing in the barn was saved, and unfortunately a horse and two cows were burned alive. The furniture in the house was mostly saved. A man was taken on suspicion, and is now undergoing an examination for having set the fire. The man is a stroller, and it is most probable he went into the barn to sleep, and the fire was the result of accident from an attempt to light a pipe. We do not learn whether there was any insurance.

P. S. We learn that the man has been discharged.

DROWNED. A boy, about 8 years old, son of a Mr Hardy, of the Middlesex Co., while at play, Fast day, on the margin of Concord River, fell into the water and before assistance could be rendered was drowned. The body was found after lying in the water about 24 hours.

ALBERT J. TIRRELL. Nothing will be done in relation to the indictment against Tirrell for arson until May. Nor will Mr Parker even then take the responsibility of entering a *nolle prosequi*, unless the court shall distinctly intimate that such a course would be proper under the peculiar circumstances of the case.—[Post.

☞ The new Middlesex Hotel, under Mr Colburn Haddock, will be opened on the 20th instant, by a grand *Dedication Ball*. [Concord Freeman.

BOND'S "Lowell Brass Band" discoursed musical notes from the steps of the third Universalist Church, on the afternoon of Fast, *pro bono publico*.

☞ Mrs Elizabeth Berry, in New York, came to her death by inhaling gas arising from burning charcoal in her room.

A REVIEW of "Reasons for becoming a Baptist," by REV. GEO. MAY, neatly printed, may be obtained at the bookstore of Wm. H. Stevens, Central st.

☞ Our streets are now dry, and the roads for some miles around us have become tolerably passable.

☞ A new and rare bill at the Museum.

CONSUMPTION.

There is, perhaps, no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps of annually so many victims, as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its conquest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle-aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for life's calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals and tearing him from a world ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers that beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and "Waft on to fame" the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Mectuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (195 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and in no way the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J. S. TOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130 Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Hoyt.

nov4 6m

DIED,

In Methuen, March 28, Martha M. Marston, aged 34 years.

In Chelmsford, March 13, of apoplexy, Mrs Hannah, wife of Mr David Dutton, 69.

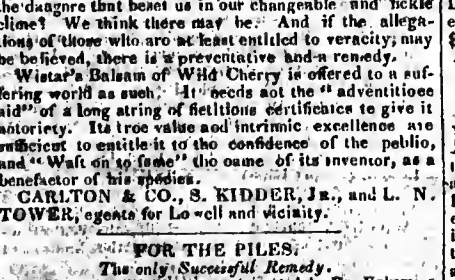
In Billerica, March 30, Mr Reuben Kendall, aged about 40.

In this city, April 2, Martha G., wife of Mr Samuel H. Wood, aged 24. [Papers in New Hampshire please copy.

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS, on Monday, the 30th inst., three barning attempts were made to set fire in this City, I hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who will furnish such evidence as shall lead to the detection and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of either of these incendiary acts. ELISHA HUNTINGTON, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, March 31, 1846. 31wapr4



GILT FRAMES

FOR

Mirrors, Portraits, and Pictures,

MADE AT

No. 23, Central Street.

WHERE may be found an assortment of ENGRAVINGS, Oil Paintings, Glass, Looking Glass Plates, Mirrors, Pictures, Guitars, Accordeons, &c. &c. for sale cheap. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Quills of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c. &c.

Plate Glass of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for Mirrors, Pictures, together with a large assortment of Fancy Goods, Combs, Brushes, Canes, &c. at lowest prices. Dealers in the above articles are invited to call and examine for themselves these Goods, which for quality and price will suit the times. Please call and look.

W. H. DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. 31aprd

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, he of course would recommend one own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I here thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in Iowas where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SAAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. ☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. edv&pm1yapr4

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, , esquire, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE AMES & PETER H. COBURN, both of Lowell, in said County, Traders, and copartners under the firm of T. Ames & Co., insolvent debtors; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Ames and Coburn, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Groton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ames and Coburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

3aapr4 JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 31, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORING WALKER, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Loring Walker will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Walker, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

3tapr4 JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This Day.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 packet Ship MARTHA, Snow, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged. Has most of the above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. E. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 22, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Messrs. F. Mc Wade & Co., Agents at N. Orleans. ap4

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Thursday next.



The regular fast sailing packet Schr. SOPHIE, *Ballard* master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. E. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 22, Commercial wharf. ap4

Spring has Come!

AND with it Jackie, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtain, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c. of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. apr21

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bull'd Satins, Valencia, Marseillou and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorised Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

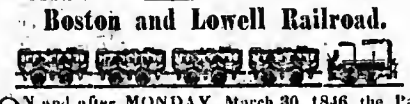
Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

---

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their name at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, Apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan3t

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p.m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, as that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar31

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, JOHN CAUGHLIN, on my account, as I have never given him any authority to make any purchases whatever, either for himself or me, on my credit.

MOSES CAUGHLIN.

March 30th, 1846. mh31 3ia

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street.* *P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Colernine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

dec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BEARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—80,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Postoffice, and at No. 10, Hord street, office formerly occupied by Dr. Huntington.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Dinrrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at either of his Offices, in this city, on Middle street or on Hurd st., or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap4plymar5

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9 Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. W. J. BAXTER.

mar24 No. 32, Upper [street.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

At Private Sale;

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished rooms, and about 2300 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Piller do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Ploughs! Ploughs!!—At Office.

On WEDNESDAY next, April 8th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the stock of an extensive plough manufactory, consisting of a great variety of sizes of the most approved patterns, adapted to all kinds of soil. Farmers will do well to attend this sale as every article will be sold without reserve.

Stock Sale.

At Office, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 9th and 10th, at 9½ and 2 o'clock each day: The Stock of a country dealer, closing up, consisting of a great variety of shelf Goods, such as black, blue, olive, mixed, brown and green Broadcloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Thin Stuffs, Vestings, in great variety, among which is some 1000 yds. rich De Laines and Cashmeres, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Laces, Dimpers, colored and white Table cloths, Napkins, white Imperial Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Tickings, Flannels, Linseys, Batting, Wadding, Suspenders, and many other articles of Fancy Goods, &c.

The Stock is worth the notice of dealers and consumers, and to be sold without reserve for cash, to the highest bidder.

N. B.—Ladies are respectfully invited to attend the sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought in this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufacturers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

To the Unfortunate.

AS one who is well acquainted with the professional skill and practice of Dr. F. MORRILL, I would say that it is exceedingly surprising to witness the extent of practice he now enjoys; and it is equally surprising to observe the manner in which his practice increases, which is ample evidence of his past, as well as present success. His long and diligent attention to the study and treatment of certain classes of disease, has elevated him, as a medical practitioner, to a rank second to none in the country. To this very many influential and *gladened* patients, in all parts of the Union, would happily respond.

As one who feels a deep sympathy for those who have unfortunately incurred any of those dreadful and alarming diseases which are so prevalent in our country, I would sincerely advise you, instead of going to *Boston* and other places, among an alarming host of *Spanish empirics*, who eagerly and unfeelingly draw your money from you, without giving you any relief, to make seasonable application to Dr. M., who will unhesitatingly warrant you a cure by the *safest* remedies, and for a moderate compensation. His extensive business has made it necessary for him to open another office in this city, which is most admirably situated to accommodate ecclesiastic patients, where they can consult the Doctor, and the strictest secrecy be observed. ☞ See his late advertisement in the different papers. 11.

Lowell, November, 1845. a4pdm1yjan20

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in the country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every Instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction or will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are better found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar27 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This assertion is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. Those have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmosphnric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by any one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of melady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

---

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. B. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conser; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

---

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by prompt care and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845. sep6tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648; and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680: just published and for sale by [f22] JUDKINS, 20, Central st.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or Sound Writing and Sound Printing. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr Isaac Pitman, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypy—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

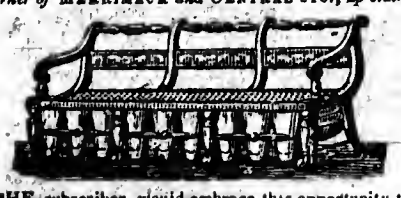
The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child sails into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysterie, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT-EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents,

In Lowell, Mr. Dustbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Towne, Cen. st.; John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. M. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Bull, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Mcgrane; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, P. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Hanry Grills; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pulsifer; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn; R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jan6 1y

---

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fates opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*, which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P. I do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aljan22

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

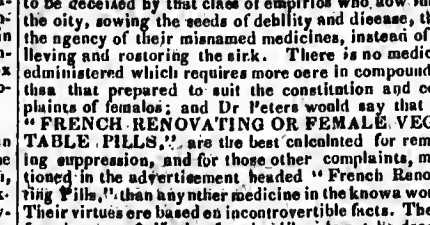
Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3medyjan18

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 120, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. B. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conser. a&plysov6

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the wrist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumetic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face;

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has ceased their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREZER, wife of the celebrated Pianist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 76 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and an examination by physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ply

---

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Beividere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Laxitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian Liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Beividere) Dec, 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to make you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Union st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracett to Lowell, and has taken a shop in Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-house.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or approved paper, on as low terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Those that don't promptly find it to their advantage. Any pattern of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 9, 1845. tf

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 7, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 41.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

17 Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

by
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sep19

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Brown & Alger,

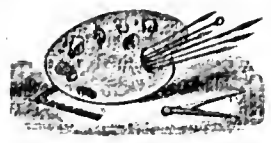
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. feb28

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett jn4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphene Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE.

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3ojan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is infused acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, or bilious complaints, this medicine is invaluable, as beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and corroborative evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mnovmar5

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unfinishing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 51 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. m13a&rtfnov

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Good's stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London,

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
$5000	$370 75	1836	$45 35	$344 35	$69 25	$197 79
		1840	828 2	373 45	57 1-4	173 57
		1844	693 3	306 51	45 7-8	148 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

DENTAL SURGERY.



Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfeawn&poct23

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from number of testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent liver.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of diseases.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 43, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawsl p1jan13

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 7, 1846.

LOWELL POSTMASTER.

Understanding that Mr Seavy has been favorably reported on by the Post Office Committee of the Senate, and that the Senate as well as the Committee may know the nature of some of the objections urged against his confirmation, and that the people here may know who, at Washington, controls this matter, small in itself, but involving a most dangerous principle, we feel bound, in the discharge of our duty, as editors of the democratic paper here, to publish the affidavits of two or three individuals, entirely above all reproach and suspicion, and state the single fact that Mr Bancroft controlled the appointment. We shall, at a future time, state how we know the cabinet officer of New England should be held responsible for the appointment, and all other facts in relation to this, as it seems to us, unfortunate, improper and detrimental transaction.

But to the affidavits.

I, Andrew F. Simmons, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, of lawful age to testify, do certify that on or before the 15th day of September last past, I inclosed in a wrapper, a newspaper, on which I had made some brief memoranda in writing, and directed the same to Mr David P. Carpenter, of Saco in the State of Maine.—Said paper and said wrapper I put into the Lowell Post Office, and bears the Lowell post-mark, Sept. 15, 1845, and is hereto annexed.

On or about the 18th of September last, I was called on by one of the Post Office clerks, and word was left by him, with my employer, for me to call on Mr Seavy the Postmaster at the Office. I immediately went to the Office. Mr Seavy asked me my name. He then showed me the paper I had deposited, and the wrapper hereto annexed and asked me if I had sent that paper. I told him I did send it. He then told me I had broken the law. I then asked him how much was to pay? He said the fine was five dollars; and I paid that sum to him and he gave me up the paper and wrapper, the latter of which only I have preserved.—This transaction took place to my certain knowledge before the 20th of September, 1845, and I am confident on the 18th Sept., the day or day but one subsequent to the Brigade Muster in Lowell.

I am a clerk for Isaac Farrington, trader, on Central street, in Lowell, and was at the time of the above transaction.

(Sworn to before A. R. Brown, Esq.)

The wrapper referred to was annexed to the affidavit.

To whom it may concern:

I hereby certify, that the fact, that Mr Seavy, Post Master of Lowell, had received a fine during the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1845, and had made no return of the same in his quarterly return ending Sept. 30th, was talked of here in the streets publicly, and by more than a dozen persons, to my personal knowledge, before the first of Jan. 1846. EDWIN A. ALGER.

(Sworn.)

Lowell, Jan. 29, 1846.

Mr Butler—Sir,—In answer to your letter of this date, addressed to me as Superintendent of the Boston & Lowell Rail Road, requesting me to give you an account of a conversation which it is reported that I had with Mr Stephen S. Seavy about the Rail Road Company furnishing him with a free ticket, I say, that some time in the month of August and September last, after Mr Seavy was appointed Post Master of Lowell, he met me in the street near the Rail Road Passenger House, and asked me, if we, or I, would give him a free ticket over our road? My reply was, "I am not authorized to do a thing of that kind, and why should we do it." He said he had saved the Rail Road a hundred dollars and more by not returning our delinquencies in the delivery of the mail to the office.

I understood him to say, that he had noted the delinquencies referred to, but had not returned them.

My Reply was, "the Rail Road asked no favors in relation to their conduct in carrying the mail."

The price of a season ticket at the time of the above conversation, was, I believe, one hundred and fifty dollars. Yours, J. ROBERTS.

I, Josiah B. French, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, of lawful age, depose and say, in answer to the following interrogatories proposed by Benjamin F. Butler, Esq.

First. Were you a mail contractor in the year 1845.

Ans. I was, and have been since 1837.

Second. From 1837 till the appointment of Stephen S. Seavy as Post Master what situation did he hold.

Ans. For the most or all of the time I have supposed he held the office of Assistant Post Master in Lowell. I supposed it from the fact that when I was in the Post Office he was frequently employed in making up the arrivals and departures of the mails, and from his general superintendence in the Office.

Third. If, at any time during the year 1845, you had any conversation with him relative to his obtaining his present appointment in which he urged any inducement to you to favor his supposed claims to the office, will you detail particularly the circumstances under which such conversation, if any was held, and all the conversation which took place upon the subject.

Ans. During the first part of April last, said Seavy called me into the Post Office in Lowell, and said he hoped I would do nothing against his obtaining the Post Office, and added that he had done me many favors and prevented my being fined, and that what he had done, I might expect would be his future course, should he be appointed. I then said, in reply, that I should do nothing against him nor for him; that he knew he was not my choice for a Post Master; that I did not then then think that I should take any active part for any one for the office. I then inquired what he meant by saving me from being fined. I can't state the exact answer he gave me, but the substance of it was, that in making up his weekly returns of the arrival of the mails he had not always noted the failures of the same when behind the schedule time; and that he had sometimes sent and been himself to the cars to bring the mail to the office. I do not now remember the reply I made to him.

This conversation was in April 1845, just before I left Lowell for Washington, where said Seavy knew I was going to attend the mail lettings.

JOSIAH B. FRENCH.

(Sworn to before Tappan Wentworth, Esq.)

There was also an affidavit of Mr Beard, stating that Mr Seavy obtained from him certain petitions, recommending him (Seavy) for the office of Post Master, under a pledge that they should not be used, and Mr Seavy's statement that he wanted them only for future reference. These petitions, it appears by the affidavit, were put into Mr Beard's hands, as chairman of a public meeting, by Mr Seavy himself, in compliance with a vote of the meeting, that every person who wished to be a candidate, to be voted for at that meeting, for the office of Post Master of Lowell should give up all petitions that he might have previously obtained to be cancelled. These petitions, thus obtained of Mr Beard, were sent to Washington, in violation of the pledge to Beard and to the meeting.—More, as appears by other affidavits, many of the signers of these petitions were whigs and signed as whigs, and signed a "citizens'" petition. A large number of these whig signers of the "citizens'" petition were cut from their appropriate heading and attached to a democratic petition; thus representing whigs to the Department as democrats.

These are the principal objections, except political ones, that are urged against the confirmation of Mr Seavy. How he meets them we know not. Our columns are open to him to answer them, if he should so choose. It would give us great pleasure to have them explained to the satisfaction of an honest public. To meet them by denying their truth is an impossibility. The gentleman who make these statements are not men to state what is false or to be mistaken. How they were "smothed over" to the Senate Committee we should be glad to know, and the public good would be greatly subserved thereby. What excuse could be given for receiving a fine and making no memorandum of it whatever, (for such Mr Seavy stated the fact to be to Hon. Josiah G. Abbott and ourselves,) and instead of returning it at the time of making his first quarterly return thereafter, of putting it in his pocket, and not returning it till he made another quarterly return, after the fact of his receiving the fine and not returning it at the time he should, had been exposed? What excuse could be given for violating his pledge to Mr Baard, that he would not use those petitions, and for violating his pledge in the meeting? What for representing whigs to the Department as democrats? What for claiming of Mr Roberts a season ticket worth one hundred and fifty dollars for neglecting his duty? What for trying to obtain Mr French's influence in his behalf for the Post Office for sometimes going and getting the mail for him, and for *neglecting his duty to note the failures of the arrival of the mails at the time they were due*, and thereby exempting him, the contractor, from a fine? And what reply could be made to his saying to Mr French, just as he was going to Washington for the purpose of making farther mail contracts, "that what he had done, he might expect would be his future course"? These are grave questions; we hope they may be explainable, but we do not see how.

It appears by the letter we to-day publish from Washington that Mr Bancroft (for what reason we cannot see, for the above facts, and more were laid before him) has taken it upon himself to interfere in this matter, even since it went before the Committee of the Senate.

☞ The correspondents of the New York Evening Post and of the Washington Union attribute the result of the late election in New Hampshire, partially, to the neglect of the U. S. senate to act upon certain nominations of men in the north for responsible offices. Facts do not justify this conclusion, for the majority against the democrats at the last election was not so large as it was at the previous election in November by more than a thousand votes. Again, Senators were vehemently urged by the *friends* of the nominees not to act upon the nominations alluded to until *after* the New Hampshire election. [Post.

We are sorry to be obliged to disagree with the Post in its conclusions. The Post probably will not deny that the democratic party, in New Hampshire was defeated by democrats voting the Hale and Abolition tickets. The arguments used that caused them so to vote were, that a Northern democrat was not allowed to entertain an opinion, except by permission of the Southern democracy—that the North must submissively worship whatever idols the South saw fit to set up, and none others; that Texas was not a national but a Southern measure, supported only that slavery might be perpetuated. These arguments were so plausibly supported, by reference to the course of the Southern democrats on Oregon, and the Senate delaying the confirmation of distinguished democrats of the North, because they were not ready to go with some Southern politicians and advocate the institution of slavery as abstractly right and a divine institution, wholly within the

[illegible] democrats were misled and refused to support regular democratic nominations. New Hampshire is as democratic as she ever was, and will give democracy as strong a support as she ever did, as soon as factionists are deprived of their power to mislead. But should the Senate by an injudicious course confirm the truth of what Hale and his friends have told the people, we lose not only New Hampshire, but Maine and nearly every other democratic free state.

CITY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZED. Yesterday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the City Government elect met at the City Hall, to effect an organization. Quite a large concourse of people had assembled to hear the new Mayor's address. Rev. Mr Person made a prayer. Justice Wright then administered to the Mayor the oath of office; and the Mayor proceeded to administer the oath to the members of the Board of Aldermen, and the Common Council.

Mr Mayor Bancroft then delivered an address, making some very sensible suggestions and recommendations, and showing the state of the finances of the city at the present time; how and when the city debt had, from time to time, accumulated, until it had now become over $150,000; and strongly recommended the policy of not suffering it to increase, if it could not be diminished. The address was very well delivered, and as little objectionable in all its parts as could be expected from a whig. Some portions of it, intended for political effect, might as well have been omitted. Our schools were justly spoken of in the highest terms.

After the address, the Mayor, and the Boards of Aldermen and Common Council, retired to the lobbies and completed the organization. John G. Locke, Esq. was re-elected Clerk of the Board of Common Council, and Daniel S. Richardson, Esq. President. Thos. Ordway was re-elected City Clerk.

☞ A Washington correspondent of the N. York Tribune, writes that a democratic senator enquired of Mr Buchanan as to a statement which appeared in the Philadelphia Leger, stating that despatches from Mr McLane informed our government that no further proposition for a settlement of the Oregon question, would be made by Great Britain; to which Mr Buchanan states explicitly and unqualifiedly, that no such intelligence was received. The substance of what Mr McLane *did* say, was, the controversy stood in abeyance—there was no just warrant for peace, and no real apprehension for war.

The same writer also says in a short review of Mr Cass' speech, that Mr Cass said the President, in his judgment, had thus far fulfilled his duty faithfully and patriotically, and he believed he would continue to do so, with honesty and fidelity. He then drew a powerful picture of the grasping ambition, of the wars of aggrandizement Great Britain was now waging, and of the motives by which she was animated in the controversy with our Government. In every part the utmost prudence and propriety was manifest, and occasionally the illustrations were classical and eloquent in an eminent degree. The whole speech displayed great care and research, and was listened to, on the floor of the Senate, with an attention that is seldom bestowed upon a speaker.

☞ Now is the time to advertise, all ye who would do a good Spring business. Let the newspaper readers know that you are on hand.

ANOTHER FIRE IN BILLERICA.—*Incendiaries at work!* Sunday night another fire broke out at Billerica Mills, in Wilson and Dix's barn, which burned down the barn in which it broke out, another barn, a carriage house, a store and a dwelling house. The barns and carriage house were owned by Wilson and Dix; the store and dwelling house by Mr Easty. The firm of Talbot & Co. of this city, had about $1500 worth of dye wood burned that was stored in one of the barns. The goods in the store and most of the furniture in the dwelling house were saved. The whole damage done amounts to about $4000, a portion of which loss is covered by insurance. Three or four engine companies from this city, and a large number of our citizens, went down to the fire. The people of Billerica are greatly alarmed, and are taking the most energetic measures to protect their property and ferret out the incendiary.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN ROXBURY. About half past 12 o'clock on Saturday, a fire broke out in a large four story building on Factory street, in Roxbury, owned by Mr Abel Phelps, of Boston, and occupied by Mr McIntosh, as a sash, blind and hinge manufactory. Asa M. Forrest, looking glass frame manufactory.—Lemuel Lyon, hat manufactory, and Richardson & Philbrick, sash and blind manufacturers.

The loss in the building is about $2500. Mr McIntosh's loss is about $1000; Mr Richardson's $500; Mr Forrest's $500; Mr Lyon's $400. Total, $4,900. There was no insurance. The fire is supposed to have been set by an incendiary.

WRITING AGAINST TIME. It is stated that Mr James, the novelist, has undertaken for a considerable sum of money, to write three novels—one fashionable, one historical, and one sentimental; to finish the life, in two volumes, of any celebrated character; to write a pamphlet against the Corn Laws; and to commence four different tales in four different magazines: all within the space of a calendar month. It is supposed that he will perform the task with ease, and have two or three days to spare.

☞ On the river passage from Pittsburg to Cincinnati a German emigrant went ashore at Point Pleasant, Va., with his child, and was left by the boat.—At Gallipolis the boat landed again, when the German's wife discovered his absence, and supposing him to have been drowned caught her other child in her arms, jumped into the river and both sunk to rise no more. The husband shortly after arrived on another boat.

TIRRELL TO BE TRIED FOR ARSON. The Boston Sun says:—"In the Supreme Court, on Saturday, notice was given to Tirrell's Counsel to hold themselves in readiness for the trial of the arson indictment, which will take place in the early part of June. No day was specially assigned, but his honor Judge Shaw intimated that previous to the adjournment of the court, this week, a day would be appointed for the trial."

JUSTICE HUNG UP. Judge Locke having resigned, and as the justice of the Police Court has exclusive jurisdiction in all justice cases, within the city of Lowell, no justice cases whatever, between the inhabitants of Lowell, can be tried till another Judge is appointed. The appointment should be made without any delay that can be avoided.

☞ Charles Lewis Thayer, a native of Sweden, and Charles, son of Dr Samuel Woodbury, of Townsend, were drowned by the upsetting of a leaky boat at Worcester on Fast day. They had been educated at the Baptist seminary in Worcester, and Thayer was master of several languages. The bodies were recovered.

BOOKS AT BIXBY'S. May be found at Bixby's, published by Harper and Brothers, No. 52 of the illuminated pictorial Bible. One more number we think, brings this splendid edition of the Bible to a close.—All desirous of obtaining back numbers or the complete work, had better apply immediately.

Also: The Chevalier D'Harmental, or Love and Conspiracy, translated by P. F. Christin and Eugene Lies, from the French of A Dumas. This novel has quite taken us; it is beautifully written and exceedingly interesting—buy and read for yourself.

DOUBLE ENTENDRE. A cleanly-shaved gentleman inquired of a fair demoiselle, the other day, whether or not she admired mustaches.

"Oh," replied the charmer, with an arch look, "*I invariably set my face against them.*"

INSTALLATION. We learn that the Rev. Mr Niles will be installed pastor of the second Unitarian Society in this city, to-morrow. Services in the first Church at 10 1-2 o'clock.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL. John A. Bolles, of Boston, to be a justice of the peace and quorum, for *all the counties* in this commonwealth.

FIRE IN MILLBURY. The Singletary Cotton Mill of Messrs Farnum & Jenks was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Insured in Providence and Worcester.

CASH ON HAND. The U. S. treasurer's weekly statement, ending on March 30th, shows that there was then on deposit in the several banks, &c., $11,784,393,69.

DANCING. Mr Kilborn will commence a school for the instruction of young ladies, Misses, and boys, at Machanics' Hall, next Saturday afternoon.

☞ Those fresh oranges at Cheney's, (under City Hall,) are delicious, truly.

☞ An Irishman cautions the public against harboring or trusting his wife Peggy on his account, as he is not married to her.

☞ An editor in Illinois, mentioning the fact that ladies have discarded corsets, concludes with the following effusion:—

"Sound the loud timbrel o'er valley and sea—
The tape strings are broken and women are free."

☞ Yesterday was the warmest day of the season. People are beginning to look about their gardens.

ALGERINE ADJ'T GEN. DEARBORNE is a candidate for the Mayoralty of the new city of Roxbury.

☞ Part of the workmen on the Gloucester railroad struck for higher wages on Wednesday.

☞ Now is the time to set out Trees.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, April 1, 1846.

Foreign Relations—The Tariff—George Bancroft—Change in the Cabinet—Mr. Polk—Chances of War—Change in the Tariff—Postmaster, &c.

It is now three months since I wrote you from Washington. But little change since that time has taken place in the aspect of political affairs here. Mr Walker's report upon the tariff, has been given to the House and referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, in whose hands it is undergoing some change.

Our foreign relations continue to absorb all other questions. Neither the tariff, sub-treasury, or any other important improvement in the domestic concerns of the government, can take place until our relations with England take some *definite direction*. When I last wrote wrote you I remarked that in my judgment *this whole question was entirely out of our hands*.—it is so now. And it is a humiliating spectacle to see in the U. S. Senate the British title to Oregon argued by American statesmen with more force than it has ever been by the British Premier. It is captiously urged by our opponents that Mr Polk should settle upon the general base of 49. I would ask all gentlemen to pause a moment and reflect, and then tell me if they can, haw in the name of God Mr Polk is to obtain a settlement, even upon the basis of 49? *He has offered this precise thing and the British Minister has* REFUSED *to accept the proposition*. What more can the Executive do and not tarnish the honor of his country, but stand firmly upon the American ground he now occupies, and wait for Great Britain to *re-consider* the proposition she has refused? No man, or child in America but will echo Mr Webster's language "*England must not expect an inch of ground south of* 49." When the British Premier shall have considered our liberal, conciliatory proposition, and instructed his minister here accordingly, then, and not till then, does it become us to talk about accepting 49. Mr Polk ought to accept 49! Again I ask the whole horde of grumbling, fault-finding, British-hearted hounds, how in the name of God are we to obtain 49? Talk to the British Premier, and not to James K. Polk! When he is induced to signify he will accept our *proposition* to that effect; then, and not till then, talk of the utility of Mr Polk settling upon that basis.

Your readers feel more interest upon the subject of the tariff than any other. You shall have for their benefit the opinion of a close observer upon this question. *I do not believe any tariff bill can pass the House and Senate altering materially the tariff of* '42. The reasons that induce this opinion are too numerous for detail. Among them, the preference given to commodities, the produce of one State over another;—the fact that all the Pennsylvania delegation and most of the N. York will go for the tariff as *it is*;—that unfortunately Mr Polk's Cabinet does not command the party majority upon the leading measures it inculcates;—that Silas Wright has *spread his wings* for the succession, and will alight upon *democratic abolition tariff ground in opposition to the administration*. These, combined with various other causes of different hues, all tending to distract the party's strength and purposes, will, in my judgment, defeat the so much wished for reform upon the tariff.

George Bancroft, New England's dazzling political meteor, is in very bad odor with men of all parties. I cannot repeat, and if I did you would not believe, the half that's said of him. For instance, I heard a New England democratic member say in a public barroom, speaking of the Hon. Secretary—"He is a lying, impudent puppy—totally unfit for his place—knows books but not things." A prominent whig, in a small circle, his name coming up, said—"Bancroft? I can find you a hundred men that will state under oath, they would not believe him in a court of justice." A leading democratic Senator, as I remarked—"Mr Bancroft says so and so;" "Bancroft?" returned he, "you can't tell any thing by what he says. Why, he will lie!" I name thus much, that your readers may have knowledge of the how our brilliant friend stands in his new position. *Slanders, ten thousand and one*, in all shapes and of all phases, are harped upon for mere pastime. It is revolting to hear it, and unfortunate for his future fame, that so bright an ornament to American Literature should ever have mingled in the muddy pool of politics.

Your Postmaster at Lowell has been reported upon favorably to the Senate, and *will be confirmed*. Mr Bolles, who came here for Gov. Morton, endorsed Mr Seavey to the committee, and in company with Messrs Bancroft and Atherton, explained so as to *smooth over*, all the charges made against him. Mr Seavey's case, though but a little one here, excited considerable interest in the minds of some *ingenuous*, strong men.—Governor Morton's friends have very much injured his chance of confirmation by interfering for Seavey. Attempts to whitewash gross wrong will have an effect. I think this last effort has killed him. At any rate, I will authorize you to reverse the proposition I made in my last letter, and now to bet a suit of black worth $50, that Gov. Morton will *not* be confirmed. Mr Bancroft says he will—Mr Fairfield says he will—Cave Johnson says he will. But I think *the extra pound will break the camel's back*.

Mr Wright is cold and stiff, and will be buried in the *ways* of Senators soon as Mr Wells' case (now at the head of one of the Bureaux of the Navy Department, and soon to come up) is disposed of. Some few in Maine, and one or two in New Hampshire, will be all that will stick in the Senate. Mr Nourse, from McCrate's district, Maine, will most likely be rejected. I wish your readers to understand, that *I write the facts as I find them here—not my own wishes or feelings*. I write as the reader would see, were he here, with the same facilities for information I have.

You will not hear from me again for the present, unless some new phase in politics presents itself.—Appearances indicate as follows:—For the succession, either Calhoun, Cass, Wright, Benton, Buchanan or Woodbury, on the democratic side; and on the part of the whigs, Webster, Scott, or McLean. That Mr Polk is still in the condition of the miss, whose morals forbid, yet whose passions inculcate seduction for a second term. That a re-organization of the Cabinet is inevitable immediately after the adjournment of Congress. That Mr Polk is more of a politician than any President we have had since Jefferson, not excepting Van Buren. That Bancroft, like his Mazarin prototype of old (so Mrs B. says), will *bend* to the breeze, not *break* in it. That the tariff will not be altered materially. That the Sub-treasury in some shape will pass. That Lewis Cass is making headway very fast. He made a great speech to-day. A *hundred thousand* have been ordered of the printer for the first edition. It is not believed here, in the higher political circles, neither is it the sentiment of the people here at all, that we shall have war. But so far as I can judge, this opinion is founded entirely upon the fact of a belief (for aught that appears, groundless) that the English will yet offer to settle on 49°. *The public mind here is very quiet;* no confident belief of war existing, or much uneasiness manifested by the party about changes in the tariff.

Truly yours as ever, A LOOKER-ON.

☞ The letter we publish to-day from Washington, we are willing our readers should have as we have it, except to say, that whatever some persons, friendly to Gov Morton may have seen fit to have done, unwisely and wholly ignorant of the merits of the case, we know that the Governor himself, had neither part nor lot in it.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, April 2.

SENATE. The Oregon resolutions were then taken up.

Mr Cass replied to the remarks of Mr Benton yesterday with great energy and good temper. He read authority, as negative proof, which was all he had, that the 49th parallel was not established by the treaty of Utracht. He asked Mr Benton, if he (Mr B.) believed that it had been established.

Mr B. did not answer.

Mr Cass then said he should assume that Mr B. believed the line of 49 had not been established, and then claimed that he had broken the bonds of 49, which had been placed around him, and was again free. He seems to think he has Mr Benton "on the lip."

Mr C. having concluded

Mr Benton contended that the line of 49° was established, as proved by the documents he quoted yesterday.

HOUSE. The House went immediately into committee of the whole, and took up the Sub-Treasury bill.

Mr Davis concluded an able speech he had commenced yesterday, against the bill.

Mr Dromgoole, next got the floor, and spoke with ability in favor of the bill.

The bill was then passed through the House, ayes 124, noes 67, on the final vote.

Friday April 3.

In the SENATE, the Sub-Treasury bill was reported from the House, read twice and referred to the Committee of Finance.

The "notice" was further discussed. Mr. Webster gave notice that he should avail himself of the earliest opportunity to defend the Ashburton treaty.

In the HOUSE. The House went into Committee of the whole on the "Cumberland road bill." A long debate ensued without action.

Saturday April 4.

In the SENATE, Mr Ashley concluded his speech in favor of printing the report of the commissioners of patents, and the special order of the day—Oregon—was taken up on motion of Mr Calhoun, and Mr Mc Duffie spoke for an hour and a half in favor of a compromise on 49. Discovery without settlement gives no title, and he was astonished at the claim which had been set up on the ground of discovery. The only line he considered worth any thing was the discovery of Capt. Gray, and the subsequent exploration of Lewis and Clarke, followed by the settlement at Astoria. As to a settlement of the question, he believed this country was in great danger of being involved in war upon it, and he had been shocked with the coolness with which war, that great calamity, was mentioned. It must be at least seven years' war. Mr McDuffie would go for that form which expressed most thoroughly to the President his duty to settle. If a treaty to settle this question according to our offer of 1826 were sent in to-morrow he would be ready to vote for it on five minutes consideration. The senate adjourned on motion of Mr Webster.

The HOUSE was engaged on the private calendar, first having adopted a resolution that all debate on the Cumberland road bill shall cease in committee of the whole two hours after it shall have been taken up.

A discussion took place on the bill to allow fishing bounties to the fishermen of Marblehead.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Saturday, April 4.

In the SENATE, a joint committee reported that the legislature be prorogued 15th inst.

Bills were reported to incorporate the Watertown Railroad Co; the Walpole Railroad Co; the Fitchburg and Worcester railroad Co.

A large number of other railroad bills were reported.

In the HOUSE, Mr Byington made a motion that on and after Tuesday next the session should commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 1-2 P. M. Accepted.

Passed to be enacted. Bills to repeal an act providing for the appointment of Railroad Commissioners, and to establish several manufacturing companies.

The bill specially assigned, relating to hawking and peddling, was discussed and recommitted.

Monday April 6.

In the SENATE—Passed to be engrossed. Bills concerning usury; marriage and divorce; the collection of taxes, for the suppression of horse racing; to establish the Lowell Academy, &c. Resolves providing for the erection of a State manual labor School for boys.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Bedford Railroad Co., with power to locate and construct a railroad from Bedford to Lexington.

In the HOUSE—Passed to be engrossed—Bills incorporating the Wampsucker Steam Mills of New Bedford; resolves concerning the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island;

A long discussion was had on the bill providing for the abolition of all state pauper laws, and raising the "capitation tax" from two to three dollars and giving the proceeds of it, one half to the commonwealth and the other to the town or city where the same may be collected. Finally laid on the table.

Afternoon session. Nothing of importance done.

☞ Midnight incendiarism finds no favor in our house of representatives. The clumsy bill from the senate to reduce the punishment for setting fire to a dwelling house in the night time to state prison for life, was rejected yesterday, after a full debate, by a vote of about two to one. A similar bill in relation to treason was indefinitely postponed, without a division.—The anti-capitol punishment party does not appear to be very fully represented in the house. Their philanthropic principals have not yet generally permeated through the mind of Massachusetts. [Post.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE. The old store and 674 feet of land, No 132 State street, was sold on Saturday at auction for $16,350, which is over $24 the square foot. A lot on Chatham street, in the rear of the above, with an old wooden store upon it, comprising 513 feet of land, sold for $9,600—which is nearly nineteen dollars per foot for the land. [Boston Transcript.

MOUNT BENEDICT. We hear that over *seventy thousand dollars* has recently been offered for Mount Benedict, the site of the late Catholic Nunnery, in Somerville. The original cost to the Catholic Bishop and associates, we believe, was *six thousand dollars!* The reply to the offer, as we are told, was that they sometimes buy, but never sell such property. [Charleston Aurora.

☞ The bill for "suppression of horse racing," trotting and pacing, and the racing, trotting and pacing of "other animals" has been passed by the legislature. It inflicts no penalty upon the animals, but provides for the punishment of all persons concerned in any race by a fine not exceeding $1000, and imprisonment not exceeding one year. [Post.

SAD ACCIDENT. A little lad about seven years of age, named Farr, fell from a wagon yesterday afternoon, as he was riding with his father, and was so injured as to cause his death in about twenty minutes.

CONSUMPTION.

There is, perhaps, no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps of annually so many victims, as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year, the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its conquest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its death dealing shafts. The old, the middle-aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for life's calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals and tearing him from a world ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventive of the dangers that beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "advertitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and "Waft on to fame" the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable in the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietors,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfsdvmn28

MARRIED,

In this city, March 28, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr Reuben G. Durgin to Miss Harriet E. Underwood, both of this city; April 1, Mr Hiram Chipman, of Charlestown, to Miss Julie A. M. Hussey, of this city.

In this city, April 5, by Rev Mr Eddy, Mr George J. Adams to Miss Ellen Orne.

In this city, March 29, by Rev Mr Child, Mr Elbridge Crossman to Miss Mary J. Harris; April 2, Mr Charles H. Fiske, of Manchester, N. H., to Miss Elisa A. Wood, of this city; Mr Ebenezer A. Roberts to Miss Susan A. Chick; April 5, Mr Thomas Magilton to Miss Ruth Maria Rollins.

In Woburn, March 28, Mr Abiel Eaton to Miss Catharine West.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending April 4, 1846.

March 29, Daniel Mills, 24 years, small-pox; John H. Manning, 10 years, typhus fever; 30, John H. Putney, 4 months, hooping-cough; 31, son of Reuben Lawton, 3 days, infantile; Henrietta A. Gilman, 2 years, measels; April 2, Maria G. Wood, 24 years, anæmia; Thomas J. Hardy, 5 years, drowned; Rhoda Dane, 37 years, disease of the heart; 3, Phebe Jane Johnson, 22 years, consumption; Betsey Beaman, 29 years, chronic pleurisy; 4, Sarah Jane Catheart, 4 months, jaundice; Mary Ann Sullivan, 3 years, measels.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, March 23, Charles Legaron, son of Cyrus W. and Emeline M. Wilson, aged 9 months.

In this city, March 23, of the measles, Mary Amanda, daughter of Daniel Hurd, aged 1 year 10 months.

In Acton, March 16, Miss Sesna A. Forbush, aged 20 years.

A CARD.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfmar7] April 6, 1846.

Freedom Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have this day relinquished to my sons WILLIAM G. BLISS and LUCEAN B. BLISS, and my daughters CAIRA L. BLISS and SYLVIA BLISS, their time from this date henceforth; and that I will neither claim any of their future earnings, nor hold myself responsible for debts of their contracting. A. B. BLISS.

Attest—S. J. VARNEY.

Lowell, April 6, 1846. ap7 3ta



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

Valuable Remedy.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated *External Remedy* for the cure of Rheumatism, Cramps, Affections of the Spine, Pains in the Back and Chest, Swelled Limbs, Croup, Ague in the Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Issues, Salt Rheum, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Weakness, in the Ankles, Nervous Diseases, Contraction of the Muscles, Burns, Corns and Frosted Feet, is now almost universally acknowledged to be one of the Wonders of the World, and the BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY NOW KNOWN: And, as a proof of the great celebrity which this remedy has attained, the following certificate, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, is offered. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy which has proved so universally successful in all cases where it has been applied.

Sing Sing, May 13, 1845.

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have used Mr Geo. E. Stanton's External Remedy, called HUNT'S LINIMENT, and have proved it to be fully equal to the character he gives it. Its healing properties are truly extraordinary; and we most confidently recommend it as one of the safest and most certain external remedies that has yet been discovered.

Caleb Roscoe, editor Westchester Herald.
Isaac Birdsall, Inspector P. M. State Prison.
Albert Lockwood, Judge Court Common Pleas.
James Locke, the extensive Horticulturist.
James B. Swan, editor H. R. Caronicle, [Boys.
M. Churchill, Prin. of celebrated boarding school for
Samuel F. Reynolds, Supreme Court Commissioner.
R. R. Voris, District Attorney.
Theodosius Clark, Pastor Meth. Episcopal Church.
Robert Wiltse, late agent M. P. State Prison.
Aaron Ward, late Member of Congress.
Munson I. Lockwood, Clerk of the County.
Wm. H. Peck, agent M. P. State Prison.
B. C. Morse, Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Benjamin Moore,	Samuel Trowbridge,
Abraham Kipp,	Pierre Van Courtlandt,
Stephen Marshall,	Abraham Miller,
John Strong,	Gilbert Mertin,
Philip G. Van Wyck,	Edwin M. Bluat,

Benjamin Washburn.

The following letter from the highly eminent Physician who has been attached to the Mt. Pleasant State Prison for many years, is the best evidence of the value of this celebrated Liniment:

Sing Sing, Dec. 26, 1844.

My Dear Sir: I received your note of yesterday, asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, as prepared by Mr Geo. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can commend it to you as a safe External Remedy, and, in my opinion, the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
A. K. HOFFMAN, M. D

Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt, Croton Manor.

I fully concur in the above opinion.

WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

☞ Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all the principal druggists and store-keepers throughout the country.

AGENTS. GEO. H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. 1ya&plec16

Auction! Auction!

TO be sold at public auction, (by order of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery,) at Billerica Mills, Billerica, on SATURDAY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., two large copper kettles and the fixtures connected therewith, lately use for dying, or coloring, by STEPHEN LANIGAN. To those engaged in the manufacture of cloth they will be found very important. DANIEL WILSON.

April 7, 1846. 2tmar7

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS, on Monday, the 30th inst., three daring attempts were made to set fire in this City, I hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who will furnish such evidence as shall lead to the detection and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of either of these incendiary acts. ELISHA HUNTINGTON, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, March 31, 1846. alwapr4

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Spring has Come!

AND with Judkins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, JOHN CAUGHLIN, on my account, as I have never given him any authority to make any purchases whatever, either for himself or me, on my credit.

MORRIS CAUGHLIN.

March 30th, 1846. mh31 3ta

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.--Central Street--37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original receipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Furristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikes, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GREAT EXCITEMENT!

Time Altered—Performances commence ½ to 8 o'clock.

First time in Lowell of the celebrated Moral Drama, entitled the SIX DEGREES OF CRIME!

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The performances will commence with the celebrated Drama, written by S. F. Hill, Esq., called the

SIX DEGREES OF CRIME!

Characters by Messrs Bradley, Wyatt, Merrifield, Tenney, Clark, Cross, Atkins, Smith, Jones, Hackett, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The whole to conclude with the laughable and highly popular song of

THE GAL IN THE CABBAGE LINE!

By Jerry Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

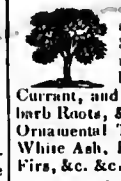
A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. apr7

Trees!



The subscriber has for sale at his Nursery (in Dracutt), on the Mammoth Road, 3½ miles from Lowell, a good assortment of Apple, Peach, Plum and Cherry Trees, budded with choice varieties; Quince, Currant, and Gooseberry Bushes, Grape Vines, Rhubarb Roots, &c. Also—A splendid lot of Forest and Ornamental Trees, consisting of Elms, Rock Maples, White Ash, Bass Wood, White Maples, White Oaks, Firs, &c. &c. [mar31] ASA CLEMENT, Jr.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esquire, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE AMES & PETER H. COBURN, both of Lowell, as said County, Traders, and copartners under the firm of T. Ames & Co., insolvent debtors; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Ames and Coburn, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Groton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ames and Coburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them. JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

3tapr4 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 31, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORING WALKER, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Loring Walker will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Walker, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

3tapr4 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BEARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

HOUSE TO LET—On Tyler street. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of

tfmar28 N. CRITCHET, No. 7, Merri'k st.

Dr. Morrill's

COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6.33 A. M., and 12.35 and 4.45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Canter Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6¾ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple clear boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Post Office.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diorrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Coat Makers!

3 GOOD Coat Makers will have constant employment and the highest price given. H. J. BAXTER,

mar24 No. 33, Central street.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornimental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished Rooms and about 2800 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Ploughs! Ploughs!!—At Office.

On WEDNESDAY next, April 8th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the stock of an extensive plough manufactory, consisting of a great variety of sizes of the most approved patterns, adapted to all kinds of soil. Farmers will do well to attend this sale as every article will be sold without reserve.

Valuable invoice of choice Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Vines, &c.

At Office, on SATURDAY next, April 11th, at 10 o'clock, a.m., consisting of best selected Apples, Pears, Cherries, Peaches, Plums, Grapes, and a variety of ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Catalogues will be ready, and the trees may be seen on the morning of the sale.

Every tree will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder.

Stock Sale.

At Office, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 9th and 10th, at 9½ and 2 o'clock each day: The Stock of a country dealer, closing up, consisting of a great variety of shelf Goods, such as black, blue, olive, mixed, brown and green Broadcloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Thin Stuffs, Vestings, in great variety, among which is some 1000 yds. Rich De Laines and Cashmeres, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Laces, Diapers, colored and white Table clothes, Napkins, white Imperial Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Tickings, Flannels, Linseys, Batting, Wadding, Suspenders, and many other articles of Fancy Goods, &c.

The Stock is worth the notice of dealers and consumers, and to be sold without reserve for cash, to the highest bidder.

N. B.—Ladies are respectfully invited to attend the sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Thursday.*



The good fast sailing coppered packet Ship ANN, *Hill*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam takes always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. a6

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Thursday next,*

The regular fast sailing packet Schr. OPHIR, *Bullard* master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No 21, Commercial wharf. a4

—CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in many chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been presented during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 20 in a day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Beisted has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3.&ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dvc16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. rang8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so by inquiring [illegible]

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN H. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20u&p8m.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false promises pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wouldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or with at the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be led from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of ignorance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, surreable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

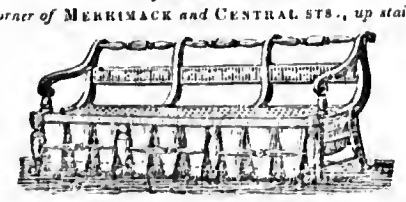
One books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madyjan13

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Ducsbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l. Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. H. Coburgh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the most reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Highly important to all invailds

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurrey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of one being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to*, in *the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, specious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 193 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept6tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 9, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 42.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

P. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, Nn. 4-, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sep19

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Cobura's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 82, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Three-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Cobura's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
jc4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the Distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG.
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell,* Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory diseases, &c., it will be found a most powerful, beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, &c. respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 2, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&p1yang30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to form the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheaps at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL ENKINS,
DAVID H. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

P. W. HYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Cobraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.
ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. nawa&plyfeb14

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



IS pronounced without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam.* Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n&3a&r6m

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the Blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping of other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

RECIPE FOR DRESSING SALAD.

BY REV. SYDNEY SMITH.

Two large potatoes passed through kitchen seive,
Smoothness and softness to the salad give;
Of mordant mustard add a single spoon,
Distrust the condiment that bites too soon;
But deem it not, thou man of herbs, a fault,
To add a double quantity of salt;
Four times the spoon with oil of Lucca crown,
And twice with vinegar procured from town;
True flavor needs it, and your poet begs
The pounded yellow of two boiled eggs.
Let onions' atoms lurk within the bowl,
And, scarce suspected, animate the whole;
And, lastly, in the flavored compound toss
A magic spoonful of anchovy sauce.
O! great and glorious; O! herbacious treat—
'Twould tempt the dying anchorite to eat;
Back to the world he'd turn his weary soul,
And plunge his fingers in the salad bowl.

THE TARIFF.

We give place in our columns to the following letter, from a Lowell Mechanic, addressed to Hon. Levi Woodbury, and published in the Washington Union of the 28th ultimo.

LOWELL, March 15, 1836.

Hon. LEVI WOODBURY:

It is Sabbath day, and I have staid at home from church for the purpose of reading the Hon. Abbott Lawrence's letters to the Hon. William C. Rives.—They were put into my hands by the corporation editor of this place, by whom they have been published, and sent far and near among the laboring men of New England. Having given them a careful perusal, I was astonished to find, the Hon. Abbott Lawrence could wilfully attempt to mislead the public mind in regard to the condition and practical operation of the tariff of 1842 upon the interest of the operatives in Lowell.—His high position, his great commercial experience, forbid me the attempt to analyze the general commercial and currency propositions his letter inculcates.—As a merchant, he says: "If we are obliged to import $140,000,000 of goods subject to duty, to meet the wants of the government, it is quite certain *coin* must be exported to meet the deficiency." I would ask why not *corn* instead of *coin*. Daniel Webster said at Baltimore, a few years since, we might make a reciprocal treaty with Great Britain advantageous to commerce, and export our corn from the Western states to pay for what we want of the English. There seem to be two objects to be inculcated by the letters—one, that Virginia and the Carolinas had better engage in manufacturing; the other, that the whole *protective policy* is for the benefit of labor. The first proposition is, in my judgment, fallacious. The second is not true as concerns us upon the wheel of the tread-mill.

"In the city of Lowell, where there are more than thirty large cotton-mills from six to sixteen thousand spindles each, it was gravely considered by the proprietors whether the mills should be stopped. It was concluded to reduce the wages. This was done, several times, until the reduction brought down the wages from about $2 to $1 50 per week, exclusive of board. This operation took place upon between 7,000 and 8,000 females. The mills run on. No sales were made of the goods; the South and West had neither money nor credit, and finally it was determined to hold out till Congress should act upon the tariff. The bill passed, and, of course, the mills were kept running, which would not have been the case if the act had been rejected; and now the average wages at Lowell, *taking the same number of females for the same service—is $2 per week, exclusive of board.—Yet Mr Walker says labor has fallen. Where are the wages for labor, I ask, lower than they were in* 1842? *Who is to be benefitted by the adoption of a system that gives up everything, and gives no reasonable promise of anything?*"

The above quotation is from the second letter.—When Mr Lawrence penned the above paragraph, *he knew he was misstating the facts.* In order to put this matter clear before the reader, I will propose it in questions and answers.

Ques. What were the wages in the mills in 1841 and 1842?

Ans. Previous to being reduced, they averaged from $2 75 to $3 for piece-hands, and from $1 to $2 for week-hands.

Ques. What is the price now?

Ans. The average is about $1 85 for experienced hands, and $1 for new hands. The wages of now hands have been raised from 50 cents to $1 the last month.

Ques. What proportion of work by the week, and what by "the piece?"

Ans. About one-third by the week, and two-thirds by the piece.

Ques. What kind of work is piece-work?

Ans. It is a piece of work that a specified sum is paid for doing; such as weaving a piece of cloth, spinning a set of yarn, dressing a beam of yarn, &c.

Ques. Were wages lowered in 1841 and 1842?

Ans. They were.

Ques. How much?

Ans. From ten to thirty per cent.

Ques. Have they been raised by the piece or week since?

Ans. THEY HAVE NOT, with the exception of new hands, as stated above. They have, in some instances, been equalized by taking from one and adding to another.

Ques. Do all the mills pay about the same prices?

Ans. It is intended to have all the wages in all the cotton mills uniform.

Ques. How was work by the piece or job introduced?

Ans. By allowing a specified sum for doing a certain piece of work, thereby giving the operative a chance to make more or less, according to his ability.

Ques. When was it introduced?

Ans. At the commencement of manufacturing.

Ques. When work by the piece was commenced, and more wages made, was the price reduced to bring it about the same as by the week, though the work was considerably increased?

Ans. IT WAS INVARIABLY.

Ques. How many hours are the operatives actually in the mill at work?

Ans. Twelve and a half is the average, within a fraction.

The reader will further understand (and this applies to coarse goods, and more than three-fourths of the cotton goods manufactured in Lowell are coarse goods) that up to the time of the reduction of wages in 1841 and 1842, the girls had never been required to tend but two looms. Girls that were then making from two dollars to two dollars and twenty-five cents per week, were reduced to about one dollar and sixty two cents; and it was soon found, at these prices, it was difficult to keep help to operate the machinery.

The company then reduced the speed of looms, *and the price per piece* for weaving, and required the girls to tend three looms, allowing them to make on the three from one dollar and seventy-five cents to two dollars per week. They have since that time gradually increased the speed of the looms, until they are about the same as when the girls tended but two.

They have also *reduced* the price per piece for weaving, in about the same proportion that they have increased the speed, so that a girl now makes only about the same wages, though she actually does about fifty per cent. more work. The girls employed at weaving constitute about one-half the female operatives in Lowell.

Yet Mr Lawrence, with a consequential air, asks Mr Walker, where wages are lower than in 1842?—I answer him, for the same amount of labor done, they are lower among the female operatives of Lowell.

I have a few more practical applications of facts, for a general proposition in his third and last letter, and have done for the present. If the editor of the "Union" will publish my letters, and speak plainly concerning them, if they be of use in giving light to my brother mechanics in other parts of the Union, I will write some more just like this, should I find they obtain sufficient notice from Mr Lawrence for him to condescend to correct me or himself where our statistics disagree. His letter conveys a false impression about the practical benefit of the tariff, or I have lied, intending to mislead my brother workingmen. I have cited you the manner we are treated in Lowell under the tariff of 1842. We tended two looms in 1840; we tend three now, and make not so much wages in proportion to the work we turn off. Justice requires me to say the tariff does not work this change. Our dependance is on the labor of our hands. What we fear is not the tariff, high nor low, but AVARICE; first, combination of wealth, then its natural product, the grinding heart of avarice.

"The President and his Secretary of the Treasury have stated, that the operations of the present tariff law oppressed the poor. I confess this assertion surprised me, coming from high functionaries of the government, who have the means of obtaining correct information. I assume the responsibility of stating, that a laboring man may be, and is, clothed with American manufactures, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, as cheaply as a laboring man in Great Britain, or any other part of Europe, who wears as comfortable garments; and that the revenue is raised principally from articles consumed by those classes of society who are in easy pecuniary circumstances. I beg to refer Mr Walker to the reports from the customs and ask the favor of him to present them to the President, and he will there find the only article on which the poor man is taxed to any extent, is sugar; and that cannot be deemed very onerous when he obtains his tea and coffee free of duty, and with a favorable prospect, if the present duty be maintained, of very soon being supplied from our own soil with sugar, at a price much below that now paid. It is an error of the President and Secretary to put forth a statement that the tariff of 1842 oppresses the poor man, when the principal part of the revenue is derived rather from the luxuries than the necessaries of life."

The above quotation is from Mr Lawrence's last letter of March 13. I presume the statement of the honorable Secretary means this, no more—that a tax upon the poor man's wants and necessities for daily consumption is oppressive. If I show a high tax upon his clothes and tools, the price of work I give you below will, I trust, be sufficient to show the tax oppressive. By the act of 1842, a wool garment is taxed 50 per cent.; a hat the same; shoes the same; salt, shovel, the same. This constitutes what labor must have. I work in the mill. Every article I have to purchase. I find by the tariff, a tax, and a high tax, is put upon all the articles I use. The argument is, it is put on to raise the price. It is certain it does raise the price of coarse woollens, iron, shoes, hats, &c.—The price of labor in the manufacture of the article, *has not been raised* by the *increased* price of the article itself. Take ready made clothing, for example:

"For making common white and checked cotton shirts, six cents each; common flannel undershirts, the same. These are cut in such a manner as to make ten seams in two pairs of sleeves. A common fast seamstress can make two of these shirts per day.—Sometimes very swift hands, by working from sunrise to midnight, can make three. This is equal to seventy five cents per week (allowing nothing for holydays, sickness, accidents, being out of work, &c.) for the first class, and $1 12 1-2 for the others.

"Good cotton shirts, with linen bosoms, neatly stitched, are made for twenty-five cents. A good seamstress will make one in a day, thus earning $1 50 per week, by constant labor.

"Fine linen shirts with plaited bosoms, which cannot be made by the very best hand in less than fifteen or eighteen hours' steady work, are paid fifty cents each. Ordinary hands make one shirt of this kind in two days.

"Dutch trowsers, overalls, &c., eight and ten cents each; drawers and undershirts, both flannel and cotton, from six to eight cents, at the ordinary shops, and twelve and a half at the best. One garment is a day's work for some; others can make two.

"Satinet, cassimere, and broadcloth pants, sometimes with gaiter bottoms and lined, from eighteen to thirty cents per pair. One pair is a good day's work.

"Vests, fifteen to fifty cents—the latter price paid only for work of the very best quality. Good hands make one a day.

"Thin coats are made for 25 to 37 1-2 cents apiece.

"Heavy pilot-cloth coats, with three pockets, $1 each. A coat of this kind cannot be made under three days.

"Cloth roundabouts and pea-jackets, 25 to 50 cents. Three can be made in two days.

"A great number of females are employed in making men's and boys' caps. By constant labor fifteen or eighteen hours a day, they can make from 14 to 25 cents. We are told by an old lady who has lived by this kind of work a long time, that when she begins at sunrise and works till midnight, she can earn 14 cents a day!"

The prices here attached to the laborer for ready-made clothing are put forth by the New York Tribune as fact. I presume this authority will not be questioned as to the price of labor under the tariff of 1842, *out of Lowell*. The tariff of 1842 does not enhance the price of labor; neither will its reduction. In truth and in fact most of the legislation is a dispute between the CAPITALIST and the POLITICIAN. I would to God it were not so; that we could be heard in the halls of legislation; that the successful politician would condescend to ask the boss that he might be conducted to the workshop, and there investigate our privations and wants. Mr Lawrence knows to the tenth part of a mill of our earnings and our privations. One and a half mill per yard in weaving will increase our wages twenty-five cents per week. He will not permit it. We now tend three looms when we used to tend but two. *Ten hours* of labor upon *three* looms will give out more work than we gave in 1842 on two looms. He *will not permit it*; neither will they give us any more wages though we make for them an increased profit of 15 per cent. We have a bill before the Massachusetts legislature to make ten hours of labor a *day's work*. *They will not let it pass*. All that is said upon the subject of our wants and oppressions is almost all said over our heads.

If these few remarks shall be thought worthy a place in the "Union," I should feel flattered, and will attend to any answer Mr Hudson or Mr Lawrence may give out as to the practical operations of the tariff upon the operatives. *It does us neither good nor harm*, except so far as it combines wealth. Combination of wealth in any form will oppress the laborer until the heart of man be changed.

Pardon me for addressing this letter to a man I have never seen. It is a laboring man's tribute to political consistency and political worth. There is a strong sympathy between the laboring men of New England and the Hon. Levi Woodbury. Truly yours, &c.,

A MECHANIC.

"THE GOLDEN MOMENT." Mr Calhoun, in his late speech on Oregon, declared the question of "notice" had undergone a great change since the commencement of the session. He was then opposed to it, but he had now very little objection to it. At that time he regarded it as a *war* measure—but circumstances transpired, had deprived it of that character, and it might now be considered as a *peaceful* measure. We are not going to find fault with this statement of the case; but propose simply to suggest, whether the Senate had not better "strike while the iron is hot," and pass the notice while it continues to be a peace measure—lest further delay change the aspect of it back again, to its original shade—a *war* measure.—[Augusta Age.

☞ A benevolent gentleman of this city who had been in the habit of bestowing very liberal donations upon a widow lady whom he considered destitute of the means of a comfortable livelihood, was surprised upon the death of the *poor* widow, a short time since, to find that she had made him executor of her will leaving an estate worth $12,000! [Post.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 9, 1846.

THE "SECRET ESTIMATES."

Much has been said recently, respecting the appropriations proposed by the War and Navy Departments. It appears by the documents transmitted to the Chairman of the Senate and House Committees on Military affairs and Naval appropriations, and now published in the Union, that, no injunction of *secrecy*, whatever, except the following very proper one by the secretary of war, was made: "It is, in my opinion, important that the information, *in all its details*, as set forth in these documents, should not be made *public*. I trust the committee will concur in the propriety of this suggestion."

There was no suggestion that these estimates in *detail*, should not be laid before the Senate. But as they pointed out our weak points, that they might be strengthened, it was thought advisable, in case we should happen to get into a collision with Great Britain, that they should not be made *public*, and thereby give her an opportunity to take advantage of knowledge there was no occasion for her to be possessed of. What a hue and cry would have been raised if the secretary had made his communications so that Great Britain could have had reliable information as to all our weakest places! Such stupidity and short-sightedness, while threatened with a war, would have furnished the whigs a subject to howl about from one end of the Union to the other!

The Secretaries of the War and Navy recommended, and the President sanctioned, only such additions of the army, navy, and fortifications, as they deemed would be necessary to a permanent peace establishment. The secretary of war deemed that in the present aspect of affairs, sound policy dictated that upon the "permanent works" it should be *in the power of the government* to expend as much as would under ordinary circumstances be expended in two or three years. Simply to have the power to do at once, as much towards providing proper harbor and coast defences, as we should do under other circumstances, in two or three years. The extent of the recommendations of the secretary of the navy, may be seen from the following which constitute his entire recommendations. He says,—"These greater preparations (greater than the ordinary annual appropriations) should consist, as far as possible, of such expenditures as will be but anticipations of what, at an early day, would be required, even in case of the establishment of harmony with all nations.

'They should consist, first, of an accumulation of naval materials and stores necessary for the rapid equipment of the vessels which are afloat, for such of those on the stocks as it may be desirable to employ, and for such others as Congress may authorize to be built.

The second branch of expense that should at once be authorized, at the discretion of the President, should be the repair and equipment of all the vessels in ordinary, and of the frigates and sloops on the stocks.

It is also advisable that the limitation heretofore imposed on enlistments in the navy, by which the number is confined to 7,500 seamen, be suspended for a definite period, and that further enlistments be authorized and provided for.

I would recommend that authority be granted for the construction of three steam frigates, five steam sloops, and two steamers of a smaller class. Such an increase would not be disproportionate to our resources or wants in a time of profound tranquility."

'Tis true, there was transmitted to the Committee of the Senate and House, estimates made by the bureaus of the war and navy departments, based upon the contingency of a war with Great Britain, that provided for very much greater expenditures; as great, probably as the whigs have represented the "*secret estimates*" to be, and from which they doubtless got their material for all their alarming developements. No injunction of *secrecy* however, was imposed, except that already spoken of, and which by the way, referred to these estimates of the bureaus, made upon the supposition of actual war, and not to any recommendations, made by either secretary; these estimates were not recommended by the secretaries at all, though they thought it advisable to transmit them, that congress might know what would probably be necessary in case of actual hostilities.

The wisdom of the executive department of the government is more clearly manifested by every attempt made to assail it. It gives us pleasure to refer to the wise policy pursued of doing, while threatened with the possibility of war, every thing that can be done to advantage, by making our permanent peace establishment as effectual as possible, to resist any sudden outbreak, and at the same time ascertain what will be necessary in case of war, but not recommending congress to run headlong into great war appropriations till it is pretty conclusively settled that they will be needed.

FREE NAVIGATION OF THE ST. JOHN'S. The value of the Ashburton and Webster Treaty, that Mr Webster has been so lauded for effecting, is beginning to be appreciated. Mr Webster was outgeneralled in the diplomatic art, or had more British than American feeling. The free navigation of the St. John's is guaranteed to American citizens for the productions of the country watered by the St. John's and its tributaries. Now all this appears very fine, and of great value. But the British Provincial Government, when our lumber gets to the mouth of the river, all *free*, just imposes an export duty of 20 cents a ton upon all lumber, American or Provincial, before allowing it to pass out to the broad ocean. Now had'nt Mr Webster ought to receive the eternal honor and gratitude of his country, for obtaining *such free navigation of a river as to make American productions and American citizens pay British taxes and support British laws, institutions and governments?* We must now either claim under the treaty, free egress to the ocean, and fight to maintain our version of the meaning of *free navigation*, or *submit* to taxes at the pleasure of the British. What a beautiful settlement! No settlement and war, or submission to British avarice! Whigs, throw up your caps and shout—All honor to the God-like!

☞ At Spottswood, N. J. in 1841, died William Lions, a revolutionary pensioner. This man was in the revolutionary army nearly the whole of the war.—On the day before the battle of Trenton, as he was marching without either shoes or stockings, over the frozen ground, he took a pair of stockings from the clothes-line of Mrs Smith in the village; Mrs Smith saw him, and ran after to reproach him; he pointed to his bloody feet. She allowed him, and went back in tears. Washington saw him, and said "My brave boy you deserve a better fate." "Ah!" replied Lions, "there's no danger of my feet freezing while the blood runs."

☞ The Courier, without attempting to get out of the dilemma in which it found itself by our assistance, by stating that the table of wages here, published by the Boston Courier, and also that published by Mr Taylor, presented "*A fair statement of the actual state of wages in our mills*," though *both* could *not* be true,—says our "attempt to discredit Mr Taylor's table is a very mean piece of business." We stated and now repeat, that the table published by Mr Taylor is not correct, and the books of the corporations will show it. If there is any thing mean in stating that fact, the Courier is welcome to make the most of it.—The Courier thinks our only reason for thinking so, was that the corporations would not allow us to see their books. This was not our only reason; we knew as from facts given us by operatives and overseers who know all about it. It thinks, too, that for us to ask to examine the books to make a table is *impudent!* But for Mr Taylor to make the request is all very proper! Mr Taylor is a whig! Mr Taylor is connected with the Courier office! And, of course, these are sufficiently high distinctions to render entirely proper in him, a request that, in a common man, would be the extreme of *impudence?* What exalted personages these Courier folks must be!

We said, we believed Mr Taylor knew nothing about the rates of wages in the mills from an examination of the books. The Courier says, "each item (of the table) was compiled from *authentic sources* and from the books." Mark, the Courier does not say the rates of wages were made up by Mr Taylor from a personal examination of the books, nor will it. We asked for the *process* of how Mr Taylor made the average rates of female wages $2.00 per week exclusive of board. We are told the *table* was compiled from *authentic sources*. Neither the *process* in full, nor is it told whether the rates of wages were taken by Mr Taylor from the pay roll books of the corporations. Will you, Mr Courier, give definite answers? Tell us when and how they were raised from the average of $1.50 per week, to which Hon. Abbot Lawrence says they were reduced in 1841—1842?

☞ Samuel Brown, late convict of our prison, ought to have the credit of doing the neatest thing, in the pedestrian line, of the century. He contrived to slip out of his workshop in the prison into a lobby, appropriate a pair of overalls, a coat and cap, become a voritable teamster, and walk into the street. "How came you in here?" said an officer, as the teamster coolly put his hand to go out (as any satisfied visiter would do) on the iron door leading from the prison.—"Come in at the big gate with the team, and they don't want me any more," was the ready reply. And so he passed officer after officer, through the guard room, and the outside gate not forgetting, as the last one politely and promptly gave him a pass through to freedom, to say "Good bye." Once in the street he dropped his dignity, and found active use for his legs. He ran in the direction of the Fitchburg depot. In ten minutes after he left he was missed, but from that time to the present he has eluded a most vigilant and veteran police. Where's Sam Brown? enquires the Boston Post.

CONNECTICUT REDEEMED!

Full returns, from Connecticut for Governor, show that Dissut (whig) wants 982 votes of an election.—Whig loss from last year upwards of *two thousand*.—The democrats will have both House and Senate, which insures the election of Toucey (dem.) for Governor, and that all the other offices of the government will be filled by democrats. The whigs have but 9 out of the 21 Senators—net whig loss of 14. To the House, so far as heard from, are elected 97 democrats to 76 whigs and 1 abolitionist. The democratic majority will not be diminished by the towns yet to be heard from. Gloriously done Connecticut! New Hampshire was a democratic defeat, but not a whig triumph. Connecticut is a democratic victory! and a whig *defeat*.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM MEXICO. By an arrival at New Orleans from Vera Cruz dates to the 16th ult ore received. Mexico continues in a high state of fermentation. Gen Mexia the Mexican General, is marching on the Rio Bravo with reinforcements to meet the United States General Taylor, who is about encamping on the eastern bank of the river.—Gen Paredes, the Commander in Chief, and acting President, has obtained a loan of two millions of dollars, to invigorate and to supply the army, and to strengthen the fortifications of Vera Cruz, in order to prevent our Navy from making any lodgement there. He will take the field in Person, if the war with the United States is commenced by an attack on the port of our fleet lying at Vera Cruz. Mr Slidell, the American Minister had sent in an ultimatum to the Mexican government, demanding an audience in six days. The Mexican Council immediately convened, and soon decided to receive him in the limited capacity of an Envoy to discuss and settle the question respecting the territory of Texas. More important events may be looked for daily. It is feared that Mr Slidell is received, but to gain time, for all these preparations look like war.

Santa Anna has issued a curious and extraordinary manifesto, denying point blank his intentions of invading Mexico with troops from Cuba, as promulgated by his enemies, and says, "*I most solemly protest*, that I will prefer to wander all my life time through foreign countries, and die far away from a well beloved country, rather than to seek return to its bosom through *the road of violence, opprobrium, and infamy!*"

GOOD USE OF A SACK. The New York Courier & Enquirer has the following good sack story:—

A few weeks since a young countryman from Connecticut came to the city, and in the course of his perambulations dropped in at a notorious mock auction shop No. 5. Chatham street, when he was very speedily done for to the tune of $60, and returned home quite crest fallen.

Having while there read of a seeking operation performed with success upon a man of the same "profession," he returned to the city yesterday, and having provided himself with a sack, and accompanied by a goodly number of friends, he proceeded to the shop, when the auctioneer was informed that unless he disgorged the $60, he would be put in the sack and hung up at his own own post, as a warning to evil doers. The money was very quickly forthcoming, and the honest auctioneer was saluted with three cheers; but just as the country man's friends were about leaving, they learned that a person present had been victimized out of a few hard earned dollars. A sight of the sack at once brought the money also, and the shop keeper was left in his glory.

A man by the name of Waite is about to be tried in Mississippi for the murder of Thomas Shannon, who was invited to Waite's house, where he went unarmed; the door was closed upon him, and he was assailed by three men with bowie knives. He closed in with them, being a man of great strength, and kept them from stabbing him fatally for *three quarters of an hour*, but finally fell, when each plunged his knife in him and fled. The object was plunder, and the wife and also the daughter of Waite, one of the murderers, were present. It is a shocking detail. [N. Y. Sun.

LOWELL POSTMASTER—HIS DEFENCE.

Our *Whig* neighbor, as we expected, has taken up the defence of Mr. Seavy in an elaborate article of a column and a quarter. With the best explanation he could get from the Postmaster, he wholly fails in the attempt. Mr. Seavy must have had somebody at Washington to have managed his case, who had more adroitness than he, or his champion, the editor of the Courier has, or he must have been taken from the Senate committee with a strong, high hand. Without going at all into the extraneous matter of the defence, let us examine the points, the gist of this answers to the affidavits and the statement of Mr. Roberts.

The Courier thinks, or rather says, the affidavits about the *fine*, though it says the charge is a grave one, amount to nothing, because it was returned at a subsequent quarter! Is this a valid defence? Forgetfulness, nor any other excuse is given for not returning the fine at the proper time, and for neglecting to make any memorandum of it as should have been done. Mr. Alger's affidavit (and twenty others to the same effect might be obtained,) shows, that the fact this fine was not returned as it should have been, was publicly talked of before Mr. Seavy returned it. Thus, the Postmaster *might* have learned the necessity of returning it. We think some better reason for not returning it, nor making any memorandum of it, must be given. If he did not forget it, (and that is not pretended,) *why was it not returned?* There can but *one* reason be given.

The statement of Mr. Roberts, no more than the affidavits, is attempted to be impeached. The Courier says:

'Mr Roberts' letter is frank and open, and is characteristic of the man. What Mr Seavy's enemies wish to make out from this transaction is a case of collusion "You give me a season ticket, and I will not report your delinquencies to the Department." We understand Mr Seavy meant nothing of this sort. We have understood that Mr Seavy has repeatedly carried the mail to and from the depot himself, which if he had not done, would have laid the road or the mail contractor liable to be reported to the Department; and it was this that he meant by the casual remarks [*casual remarks!*] he made to Mr Roberts. This, then, explains that matter.'

The Postmaster must either admit Mr Roberts' statement to be true, and so condemn himself, or deny it, or say Mr Roberts is mistaken. Could a man say less? Who expected he would admit that he claimed or tried to get a season ticket, because he had or would neglect his duty, and so cheat the department? But, *was* Mr Roberts mistaken? Some five months previous to his application to Mr Roberts for a season ticket, he had made application to Mr French, for his favor, because he had favored him in not returning his delinquencies, and for sometimes carrying the mail for him to and from the depot. Now the Boston & Lowell Railroad Corporation had a contract with Mr French, that bound him to carry the mails between the depot and the post office; and if any fines were imposed on account of Mr French's neglect, he was to pay them. So no carrying the mails from the depot to the post office, or *vice versa*, could have been of any advantage to the railroad corporation, or any body but Mr French. This Mr Seavy must have known, or why should he have tried to obtain Mr French's favor, five months before he applied to Mr Roberts, and urged as one reason why he ought to favor him, that he had carried the mails for him. If it belonged to the Railroad corporation to carry them (and had Mr Seavy not known of Mr French's obligation to do so, of course he would have supposed it did,) he would not have asked favors of Mr French for carrying them for *him*. He knew the Railroad Corporation was under no obligation to him for carrying the mails, because he knew they had nothing to do with carrying them from the depot to the post office. Therefore, he would not have asked Mr Roberts for a season ticket for carrying the mails. He must have asked for it for having done some other favor. What was it? Why, the Corporation *was* liable for fines when they were behind time in getting the mails up and down the Railroad. In not reporting these delinquencies the corporation could be favored. Did Mr Seavy ask for a season ticket for favors he said he had done the *corporation*, or did he ask it for favors he had done *somebody else*? Why should he ask the *corporation* to give him a ticket worth $150, because he had saved *Mr French* from being fined? Was the corporation bound to pay French's debts? The defence set upon is unnatural. Again, could Mr Roberts be mistaken?—What similarity is there in language, or idea, between the request of a season ticket *for sometimes carrying a mail bag* and for favoring the corporation *by not returning their delinquencies?* It is an impossibility for Mr Roberts to be *mistaken*. It is not in the nature of things.

The Courier says the enemies of Mr Seavy wish to make out *collusion* between Mr Seavy and Mr Roberts to cheat the government. The affidavit, shows nothing in the remotest degree, like *collusion* on the part of Mr Roberts; nor did any one ever dream of his *colluding* with Mr Seavy. Mr Roberts is not the man for *collusion*, and the Courier knows better than to intimate a thing of the kind.

Mr. French's affidavit is very briefly disposed of as follows:—

"The same explanation is applicable in this matter that we made in regard to the conversation between Mr Seavy and Mr Roberts, viz: he had befriended Mr French by carrying the mail himself, instead of letting it lie over and be reported to the Department."

The affidavit shows this to be one of the reasons urged why Mr French should not oppose him; but in *addition* to this, the postmaster said "*that in making up his weekly returns of the arrival of the mails, he had not always noted the failure of the same when behind schedule time*"—saving Mr French from being fined. The defence set up to Mr Roberts' statement is that he is *mistaken*—that it was for *carrying the mail* Seavy asked the season ticket. The same defence is made to Mr French's affidavit. But Mr French *can't be mistaken*, and have substituted the conversation about *carrying the mail* for that of *not returning the delinquencies*, for Seavy talked to him about *both*, and *both* are given in the affidavit. French must be impeached, reason belied, and Roberts mistaken where it is impossible he could be, or there was a conversation about *not returning the delinquencies*.

As to the petitions, no defence whatever is set up in pollution of the manner of getting them from Mr Beard, for violating the pledge to the meeting, or for cutting whigs from a "citizen's petition" and attaching them to a democratic one, thus representing whigs to the department as democrats.

The Courier disclaims all interest in the Lowell Postmaster. We always like to believe our neighbor when we can; but if the Courier has no interest in Mr Seavy, nor he in the Courier, why does he (as is the fact) give the patronage of the Postoffice (such as the law does not compel him to give somewhere else) to the Courier? Why did the editor of the Courier write to Hon. Daniel Webster for the confirmation of Mr Seavy? Why is Mr Seavy only waiting for his confirmation to take the list of letters from the neutral paper that now has them, and give them to the Courier? Why does not the Courier take up the Hon. George Bancroft's defence, as well as Mr Seavy's?

We will just inform the Courier that while a citizen of Dracutt we never interfered with the Lowell Post-office, nor the Lowell postmaster, and exceedingly regret that circumstance are such as to now make it our duty to do so.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday April 7.

In the SENATE, Mr Wheatland from the Joint Special Committee, on an order of the 26th of February, concerning the annexation of Texas, and the proceedings in relation thereto, reported that the majority of the Committee were of the opinion that further action in the matter is not called for. A minority report signed by Mr Wilson of Natick was also presented. The report of the majority was accepted.

The house bill providing for the payment of the wages and deposites of married women, was passed to be engrossed.

The bill to establish the salaries of the Judges and and Registers of Probate, to what they were in 1842, came up and was recommitted to a special committee; also, the bill raising the salaries of the District Attorneys of the Western and Middle Districts.

AFTERNOON SESSION. A budget of the Senate papers were disposed of.

Petitions were presented, of James N. Paige and others to alter charter of Methuen Bleachery; Rufus R. Cook and 70 others of Chelsea, so to alter the license law as to make the penalty imprisonment in States Prison for violating.

Bills incorporating the Cape Cod Branch Railroad Co.; for the suppression of Horse Racing; concerning Usury; for the collection of taxes, passed to be enacted.

John P. Andrews and others of Salem, for the killing of our volunteer militio system, had leave to withdraw their petition.

The traitorous petitions of Francis Jackson and others, for the secession of Massachusetts from the Union &c., were taken from the table and referred to the Judicary Committee.

The House decided by a vote of 122 to 34 to recommit the report against the petitions for a railroad from Danvers to Malden with instructions to report a bill establishing a road.

Wednesday, April 8.

SENATE. The Senate report asking to be discharged from considering the petition of David Pingree and others for a railroad from Salem to Malden, came back non-concurred, and with instructions to grant a bill.

The Senate decided to non-concur with the House by a vote of 29 to 7.

HOUSE. The bill for changing the time for assessing taxes in the city of Boston was discussed at length, and rejected by a vote of 135 to 31.

Afternoon Session.—Nothing of importance done.

CONGRESS.

Monday April 6.

In the SENATE. The galleries were excessively crowded to hear Mr Webster defend the "Ashburton treaty." The hearers thought they hardly got paid for breathing impure air, as most of his discourse consisted of reading old documents that for a long time had been dead and buried. He gave notice that the next day he should give his views on Oregon.

In the HOUSE. The subject of the New Hampshire election of congressmen by general ticket, instead of districts, was laid on the table, 94 to 55; and then the Cumberland road bill was taken up in committee of the whole, an amendment appropriating 500,000 acres of land to every state in the Union, except those which already received it, was adopted.

The substitute for the bill was then adopted, 82 to 55. It gives to the state of

Ohio	154,000 acres
Indiana	921,600 "
Illinois	1,399,360 "
Missouri	1,331,832 "

The committee then rose and reported the bill to the House. Adjourned.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

At a meeting of the "Young Men's Temperance and Moral Reform Society," on Tuesday evening, April 7, 1846, the following officers were unanimously elected: President, TIMOTHY PEARSON; Vice President, FRANKLIN B. DOE; Secretary, CHARLES A. FISHER; Treasurer, J. BOSWORTH; Directors, Dr. GEO. P. MARTIN, S. O. SMITH, J. MUNROE PEARSON. Voted, that the above list of officers be published in all the papers of this city.

J. ABBOTT, Sec. *pro tem.*

Lowell, April 7, 1846.

PORTLAND ELECTION. On Tuesday there was no choice for mayor. Charles Holden, democrat, and editor of the Argus, had 540; Greely, whig, 764; Adams, "citizen," 514; scattering 6. The whigs have elected two aldermen and six councilmen; the democrats one aldermen, one councilman, and one constable. Four aldermen and fourteen councilmen remain to be chosen.

KILLED. Mr Jesse E. Clifford, on the Boott Corporation, was instantly killed on Monday last, by the falling upon him of a brick wall which he was engaged in tearing down. He was immediately got out, but he was found dead. He was recently married, and his wife was nearly distracted on learning the fate of her husband.

☞ Samuel Lawrence, Esq. was somewhat injured on Tuesday last by one of the baggage cars, on the Massachusetts corporation, where the railroad crosses the street, running against his horse, which he was riding, and crowding him and his horse between a fence and the car.

☞ The St Louis circuit court decided that where a bankrupt, subsequent to his discharge in bankruptcy, promises, orally or otherwise, to pay a debt, the moral obligation resting upon him is sufficient consideration to support his promise.

REVENUE OF BOSTON.

From Jan. 1 to March 31, 1846	$1,406,047 00
From Jan. 1 to March 31, 1845	946,668 72
Increase of revenue over last year,	$459,378 28

☞ The Platte (Missouri) Argus says, ninety Omaha Indians, who went on a hunt last fall, have not been heard of since. It is supposed that they were killed by the Sioux.

☞ Thomas Ritchie, Jr., charged with the murder of John H. Pleasants, has been acquitted, and all the parties connected with that affair declared not guilty.

☞ We have had an article written for some days in reply to the Mail, which will be published in our next, if our columns are not too much crowded.

☞ "A friend" never writes anonymous communications. An honest man, whether he be a *friend* or not, is never ashamed to show his hand.

MORE MUSIC. We learn from the Worcester Palladium, that the "Robin Family" give concerts every morning. Hav'nt heard 'em here yet.

STILL LATER FROM MEXICO—IMPORTANT.

The U. S. brig Somers, commander Ingraham, arrived at Pensacola 28th ult. making the passage in 8 days.

On the 16th, Mr Dimond was informed by a letter from Mr Barrett of the legation, that Mr Slidell had demanded his passports, having been refused reception as minister, although the Mexican cabinet expressed a perfect willingness to treat with a commissionur upon the Texas question.

He also wrote that Mr Slidell would be in Vera Cruz in the course of a week, and would immediately take passage therefrom for the United States. The St. Mary's was in readiness for his accomodation when he left.

On the 13th, Com. Conner received a letter from Mr Black, our counsel, in Mexico. He appeared to be somewhat exhilarated by the cheering intelligence brought from England by the Cambria, which he had just received.

He writes that if this news had been sooner received Mr Slidell would have been received, and throws out a suggestion that our mission may be accepted at the last moment.

The people of Vera Cruz are awfully frightened, and are, as will be seen by the newspapers, moving out of the city. The Mexican navy has been taken in tow by the steamers to a place of absolute safety, far up one of the neighboring rivers.

The people of Vera Cruz wish to see the question between us settled, and having never been very warmly attached to the revolutionary government, threaten a pronunciamaato unless their wishes are regarded.

The British Minister, writing to the English commander on the station, says that he cannot persuade these people that England will not co-operate with them against the United States—they have the greatest confidence that England is going to interfere to prevent being bullied by us, but he has unequivocally intimated that their hopes would not be realized.

☞ A powder mill at Enfield Ct was blown up on Saturday last, and one man killed, and another dangerously wounded.

THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE

Was organized, on Monday, the 6th inst., by the choice of JOHN O. GREEN, Chairman, and FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary. The following sub-Committees were appointed, viz.:

Rev GEORGE MAY, of Ward 1, of Grammar School No. 5, and Primary Schools Nos. 4, 11, 14, 21, 25, and 35;

Rev THEODORE EDSON, of Ward 2, of Grammar School No. 3, and Primary Schools Nos. 5, 6, 9, 13, 27, and 33;

Rev A. A. MINER, of Ward 3, of Grammar Schools Nos. 4 and 7, and Primary Schools Nos. 15, 17, 22, 31, 32, and 34;

FREDRICK PARKER, of Ward 4, of Grammar Schools Nos. 1 and 3, and Primary Schools Nos. 7, 19, 20, 28, and 30;

Dr JOHN O. GREEN, of Ward 5, of the High School, and Primary Schools Nos. 1, 3, 23, 24, 25, 29, and 36;

And JOHN WRIGHT, esq., of Ward 6, of Grammar Schools Nos. 2 and 6, and Primary Schools Nos. 2, 8, 10, 12, and 16.

A LIFE PRESERVED!

The following positive testimony in favor of Wistar's Balsam, has been received by the agent in this city.

Jordon, N. Y., April 15, 1845.

In the winter of 1841 and '2 I was troubled with hoarseness and dry hacking cough, produced no doubt by change of climate, having previously spent some time at the South, and possessing weak lungs and a rather delicate constitution. In February I was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, which continued until I had not sufficient strength of voice to speak loud in three months. Through medical treatment and care I partially recovered during the summer, but on the return of winter was attacked again with cough, chills, fever, night sweats. Physicians said they could do no more for me, as I was rapidly sinking with consumption. Fortunately, my friends procured the BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, thinking it might relieve me for a time, and with the blessing of kind Providence, it entirely restored me to health, which I have continued to enjoy until the present time, without any symptom of my former disease, with the exception of being a little more liable to cold from damp air and sudden changes of weather. ELIZABETH WILSON.

Sworn and subscribed this 15th day of April, 1845, before me. A. CHASE, Justice.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pmor4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is no internal remedy—but an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no loteske about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

A CARD.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfmar7] April 6, 1846.

Freedom Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have this day relinquished to my sons WILLIAM G. BLISS and LUCIAN B. BLISS, and my daughters CAIRA L. BLISS and SYLVIA BLISS, their time from this date henceforth; and that I will neither claim any of their future earnings, nor hold myself responsible for debts of their contracting. A. B. BLISS.

Attest—S. J. VARNEY.

Lowell, April 6, 1846. ap7 3tA

Auction! Auction!

TO be sold at public auction, (by order of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery,) at Billerica Mills, Billerica, on SATURDAY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., two large copper kettles and the fixtures connected therewith, lately use for dyeing, or coloring, by STEPHEN LANIGAN. To those engaged in the manufacture of cloth they will be found very important. DANIEL WILSON.

April 7, 1846. 2tmar7

HOUSE TO LET—On Tyler street. Possession given the first of April. Inquire of tfmar26 N. CRITCHET, No. 7, Merri'k st.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SAAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&pat1yepr4

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, JOHN CAUGHLIN, on my account, as I have never given him any authority to make any purchases whatever, either for himself or me, on my credit.

MORRIS CAUGHLIN.

March 30th, 1846. mh31 3tA

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—GREAT EXCITEMENT!

Time Altered—Performances commence ½ to 8 o'clock.

First time in Lowell of the celebrated Moral Drama, entitled the SIX DEGREES OF CRIME!

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The performances will commence with the celebrated Drama, written by S. F. Hill, Esq., called the

SIX DEGREES OF CRIME!

Characters by Messrs Bradley, Wyatt, Merrifield, Tenney, Clark, Cross, Atkins, Smith, Jones, Hackett, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The whole to conclude with the laughable and highly popular song of

THE GAL IN THE CABBAGE LINE!

By Jerry Merrifield.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons or once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. ap7

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS, on Monday, the 30th inst., three daring attempts were made to set fire in this City, I hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who will furnish such evidence as shall lead to the detection and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of either of these incendiary acts. ELISHA HUNTINGTON, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, March 31, 1846. alwapr4

Spring has Come!

AND with Jenkins, at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street, has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. mar24



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

Trees!



THE subscriber has for sale at his Nursery (in Dracutt), on the Mammoth Road, 3½ miles from Lowell, a good assortment of Apple, Peach, Plum and Cherry Trees, budded with choice varieties; Quince, Currant, and Gooseberry Bushes, Grape Vines, Rhubarb Roots, &c. Also—A splendid lot of Forest and Ornamental Trees, consisting of Elms, Rock Maples, White Ash, Bass Wood, White Maples, White Oaks, Firs, &c. &c. [mar31] ASA CLEMENT, Jr.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 1st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, esquire, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of THEODORE AMES & PETER H. COBURN, both of Lowell, in said County, Traders, and copartners under the firm of T. Ames & Co., insolvent debtors; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Ames and Coburn, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Groton, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of April inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Ames and Coburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them. JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

3tapr4 Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 31, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORING WALKER, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Loring Walker will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Walker, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

3tapr4 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street.—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restaurator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. H. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. 6m14

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described is the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pfmosapr9

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s, right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order on file.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & BEARD, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf6b17

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belridere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The stove will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

Dwelling-House.

On SATURDAY, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, a small wooden dwelling-house, with brick ends, situated on West street. A desirable location for those employed in the Hamilton or Appleton mills. It will be sold for cash, without reserve.

Large Wooden House.

On or about the first of May, 8 large woodan tenements, situated on Lowell street. They will be sold together on a liberal credit,

At Private Sale.

A lot of Land situated on the south side of Merrimack street, near the dwelling house of John Aiken, esq., containing about 11000 feet. Terms—A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, or if built upon immediately, nothing will be required in advance.

Also—A House on Middlesex street, on easy terms.

Also—Another lot of Land, with an unfinished house thereon, near P. O. Richmond's Mills, Lawrence st. For further particulars inquire of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

A new genteel House, with 8 well finished rooms and about 2300 feet of land, pleasantly situated on Willow street, Belvidere. Enquire of W. A. BLAISDELL, or the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

Two genteel Houses on Hurd street; Two do. do. on William street. Terms liberal. For further particulars, enquire of A. L. BROOKS or of the Auctioneer.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.

100 Clocks. O. G. Brass Bevel do. O. G. Brass Alarm eight day do. do. do. Brass Pillar do. Wood do. These Clocks are of the best quality; they will be sold low, and warranted true timekeepers.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Valuable invoice of choice Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Vines, &c.

At Office, on SATURDAY next, April 11th, at 10 o'clock, a.m., consisting of best selected Apples, Pears, Cherries, Peaches, Plums, Grapes, and a variety of ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Catalogues will be ready, and the trees may be seen on the morning of the sale.

Every tree will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder.

Stock Sale.

At Office, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 9th and 10th, at 9½ and 2 o'clock each day: The Stock of a country dealer, closing up, consisting of a great variety of shelf Goods, such as black, blue, olive, mixed, brown and green Broadcloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Thic Stuffs, Vestings, in great variety, among which is some 1000 yds. rich De Laines and Cashmeres, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Laces, Diapers, colored and white Table cloths, Napkins, white Imperial Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Tickings, Flannels, Linseys, Batting, Wadding, Suspenders, and many other articles of Fancy Goods, &c.

The Stock is worth the notice of dealers and consumers, and to be sold without reserve for cash, to the highest bidder.

N. B.—Ladies are respectfully invited to attend the sale.

Paper Hangings.

On THURSDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., 3000 rolls of modern style paper hangings, of various qualities. Dealers are invited to attend the sale.

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 25 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sanding a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

ad&1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. Morrill's COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. e&p1ymar5

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility; Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid; is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: SIR—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & WILDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are false counterfeits. feb3 &1y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Gen. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidère, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. aug8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sow but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used, MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given to every case, are based upon principles hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every occasion, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs to make clients buy,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this be guaranteed to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or with as little necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is inundated with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonably mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lure I from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complains of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospitol, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellings, houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whole Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynow3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they crarked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

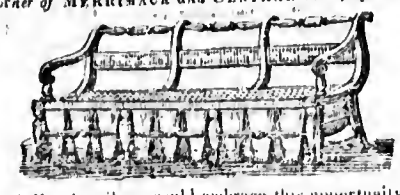
Our books saved are worth 35,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madyjan13

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, nervousness, sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupified and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, to the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Dueshury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Remis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Murcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrop Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Gettin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Hearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Bahlwin. jan6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Highly important to all invailds

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached, has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the fifth (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owes their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used, in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appatite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. The lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good intice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountenously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills puffed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER—

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.—AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Chimney-st street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sep9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 43.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements at 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly or monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DENTISTRY,
—BY—
DR. G. P. MARTIN,
CORNER OF JOHN AND PAGE STREETS,
LOWELL, MASS.

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 6, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sep9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRESCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HENARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Brown & Alger,

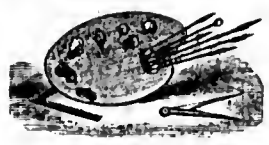
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new, and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 12, Central Street, Lowell,
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 8, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jun8 DEAN BANGS.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory.
sep9 tf

H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug2-3m

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jao1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.
Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Drapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DROP, WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The
JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money in their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. adv3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who, is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unscribed by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparill after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Poole, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S
Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our *Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.
ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL, OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.

George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy cost the..... taken	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$805 35	$118 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1840	628 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 5
			1830	693 37½	308 51	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

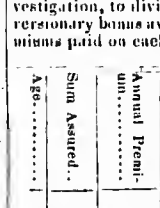
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York; to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all these!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&r6m

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles from highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle, adv1yjan26

THE PRISONER'S ADDRESS TO HIS MOTHER.

[During our visit to the Massachusetts State Prison, some time since, the Warden spoke with deep interest of a prisoner whose talents as a poet had excited much attention. We find the following lines from his pen in the "Prisoner's Friend." Our readers will agree with us in pronouncing them very beautiful. [New York Tribune.]

I've wandered far from thee, mother,
Far from our happy home;
I've left the land that gave me birth,
In other climes to roam;
And time, since then, has rolled his years,
And marked them on my brow—
Yet still I've often thought of thee—
I'm thinking of thee now.

I'm thinking of those days, mother,
When, with such earnest pride,
You watched the dawnings of my youth,
And pressed me to your side;
Then love had filled my trusting heart
With hopes of future joy,
And thy bright fancy honors wove,
To deck thy "darling boy."

I'm thinking on the day, mother,
I left thy watchful care,
When thy fond heart was lifted
To Heaven—thy trust was there;
And memory brings thy parting words,
When tears fell o'er thy cheek;
But thy last loving, anxious look,
Told more than words could speak.

I'm far away from thee, mother,
No friend is near me now,
To soothe me with a tender word,
Nor cool my burning brow;
The dearest ties affection wove
Are all now torn from me;
They left me when the trouble came—
They did not love like thee.

I would not have thee know mother,
How brightest hopes decay—
The temper with his baneful cup,
Has dashed them all away;
And shame has left its venomed sting,
To rack with anguish wild!
'Twould grieve thy tender heart to know
The sorrows of thy child.

I'm lonely and forsaken now,
Unpitied and unblest;
Yet still, I would not have thee know
How sorely I'm distressed;
I know thou wouldst not chide, mother,
Thou would'st not give me pain,
But cheer me with thy softest words,
And bid me hope again.

I know thy tender heart, mother,
Still beats as warm for me,
As when I left thee, long ago,
To cross the broad blue sea;
And I love thee just the same, mother,
And I long to hear thee speak,
And feel again thy balmy breath
Upon my care-worn cheek.

But ah! there is a thought, mother,
Pervades my beating breast—
That thy freed spirit may have flown
To its eternal rest;
And as I wipe the tear away,
There whispers in mine ear
A voice that speaks of Heaven and thee,
And bids me seek thee there.

From the Eastern (Portland, Me.,) Argus.

PICKLES. A variety of articles are used for pickels. but, after all, we believe there are none superior to the good, old fashioned cucumber.—They should be picked from the vines when of small size, and if the appliances for immediate pickling are not at hand, they may be deposited in a vessel and covered with a strong solution of salt in pure water. For this purpose, oaken vessels are much preferable to pine ones. For pickling, we beg leave to submit the following directions—leaving it optional with the reader to adopt our system or not, as he may think proper:

In the process of pickling, brass vessels, properly cleansed, are preferable to those of iron—No vinegar should be allowed to cool in them, as it has a tendency to induce the formation of verdigris, which is an active poison. Vessels that have any grease, or fatty substance about them, should also be rejected as unsuitable, and in fact none should be used which are not perfectly pure and sweet. Having prepared your receptacle, make a liquor by boiling alum and salt in the vinegar, in the proportion of two thirds of a tea cup full of well cleared salt to a table spoon full of alum in three gallons of vinegar. If any scum rises, scalding should be resorted to, and the extraneous matter carefully taken off till the liquor becomes perfectly pure. Moderately strong vinegar is the best for pickels Should it lose its strength, it may be drawn off and fresh vinegar substituted.

CUCUMBERS. The most proper vegetables for pickels, are those that are small and green, and of tolerably rapid growth. In pickling, it is essential that they be *cut*, not *pulled* from the vines, and that as long a stem be retained on the fruit as practicable. They should then be deposited in a wooden vessel, or earthern jar, and *boiling* water poored over them, In this condition they should remain from four to five hours, when they may be removed to another vessel, and immersed in *cold* vinegar, in which a spoonful of alum and a tea cup full of salt to the gallon, have been dissolved. When you have done pickling for the season, decant the liquor, and scald and skim it as above directed, until it is quite pure and clear; then put in the cucumbers, *scald without boiling* for five minutes, and return them to the jar while hot. Cucumbers preserved in salt, or saturated brine, may be prepared for pickling, simply by soaking and scalding.—When this process is adopted, no salt need be added to the vinegar. If peppers or spices are deemed desirable, they should be added to the liquor while hot, and before it is introduced to the pickels.

PEPPERS. In pickling peppers, care should be had to select such as are perfectly sound and fresh. They should be soaked for eight or ten days in saturated brine, changing the brine each day, and be deposited in some place, moderately warm and dry. Some extract the seed, as their retention renders them to hot and pungent for some palates, and is thought to detract much their goodness, especially when old. A very excellent stuffing for peppers is made by chopping common white cabbage very fine, and mixing with it cinnamon, mace, cloves and nasturtiums. The peppers are to be slit carefully, and drained of their seeds, without injuring the pulp, and the stuffing introduced previously to their being deposited in the jars. Some sow them up, and deposite them in cold, sharp vinegar, strongly spiced. Tomatoes may be prepared in the same way, or they may be pickeled along with peppers in the same jar. It is a good policy to

mit either tomatoes or peppers to become hard and tough before pickling- they are less wholesome, no so palitable, and far less likely to keep well.

NASTURTIUMS, if for pickels, should be gathered when small and green. As soon as pickeled, they should be immersed in a solution of salt and water, which should be changed once every four or five days. When ready for pickling, the brine should be turned off, and scalding vinegar poured over them; they can be seasoned at pleasure, though most persons prefer them without.

MANGOES are prepared by taking out the seeds, and filling the cavity with powdered cloves, nutmeg, pepper, strips of horse radish, cinnamon, string beans, flag-root, nasturtiums, radish tops, onions, &c. They should be previously soaked in salt water for some days.

From the Ohio Cultivator

EXPERIMENTS IN CORN CULTURE—RESULTS OF CLOSE PLANTING.

Mr David Nelson who is one of the best farmers in Franklin county, has, at our request, given us the results of his past year's experience in the Cultivation of Indian Corn, together with some observations respecting his system of farming, that we think will prove of value to our readers.

Mr Nelson's farm borders on Alum creek, about 3 miles northeast of Columbus. The soil is upland, rich clayey loam, with limestone gravel, well suited for wheat; has been cultivated 40 years. For the last twenty years his system of rotation of crops has been, 1st corn, followed by wheat, then corn with manure, or else clover. He makes a large amount of manure which is applied in the spring to the poorest portions of his corn ground, or wheat stubble, but the quantity is not half sufficient to go over the land annually planted to corn. He plows deep and cultivates thoroughly, and finds his land every year increasing in productiveness.

For corn he plows in the fall, 7 to 8 inches deep, and in the spring *lists* the ground (running a plow through and back about 4 feet apart,) and then makes a light furrow crosswise of the ridges, in which the seed is dropped—in rows 4 feet apart, and hills 1 1-2, with 4 plants left to a hill.

Last spring a field of 20 acres was so badly killed by the frosts, that only a few scattering plants appeared to be alive; accordingly he run a small plow between the rows and planted anew, the 6th and 7th of June. This left the rows only about 20 inches apart east and west, and 4 feet north and south. On one side of the field the frosted plants recovered so as to nearly occupy the ground, and there those in the newly planted rows were thinned out, leaving one to three stalks in a hill, and the number of plants on the ground was in all about one quarter more than the usual number, and pretty evenly distributed.

Another field of like quality of soil escaped injury from frosts, and the plants stood at the usual distance. Both were cultivated alike, and come on finely, producing a good crop. In order to ascertain the exact difference in the result, Mr Nelson measured an acre of the close planted, and the same quantity of average quality in the other field, and at harvest measured the product. The acre of close planted yielded 90 bushels, and the other 84 bushels; the former also gave full 1-4 more fodder than the later.—So that he considers the close planted more profitable than the other, after making due allowance for a little extra labor in planting and cultivating; and he is persuaded that on land in good condition, closer planting than common will be found advantageous, especially when the fodder is an object. But it must be remembered he allows no weeds to rob the corn crop of its nourishment. Mr N. is trying a number of experiments in wheat culture the results of which he has promised us after harvest.

BREACH OF PROMISE OF MARRIAGE.

Our English files contain reports of a most remarkable trial which took place before the Queen's bench, during the month of February—Miss Mary Elizabeth Smith *vs* the Earl of Ferrers. The lady was a respectable farmer's daughter; the gentleman, a nobleman of the highest connections, whom the lady had seen, but with whom she had no personal acquaintance, although endeavoring to bring herself to his notice by a series of unsuccessful stratagems. The trial was the most extraordinary one of the kind ever recorded. The girl had managed to deceive her parents into making preparations for her marriage with the Earl, and this through a long continued correspondence, showing letters written by him during a period of three or four years. These letters as published were well calculated to mislead, and strange to say they were written not by the Earl, but by the girl herself in the hope of extorting money through an apparent case of breach of promise! The defence of the Earl of Ferrers that he had never spoken to the young lady in his life, and that the letters were one tissue of fabrication and forgery from beginning to end. Such a fact seems to surpass anything amongst the possibilities of human life—that a girl of 20 should make such a claim upon a young nobleman, and carry it out in a manner to puzzle the most skilfull and experienced imitator of hand writing seemed indeed incredible and that she should make such an extraordinary effort to extort money by means of conspiracy and forgery, imitating not a signature merely, but forging a mass of paper filled with false sentiments—and all this besides being willing even could she have established her case, to lose the sanctity of her name and character by having them brought thus publicly before a court of justice. The lady had pretended that various costly presents had been sent her by the Earl, for which the bills had afterwards been sent in to him. These she had ordered herself though it was found difficult to prove it. The trial had proceeded for two days and seemed to be enveloped in the deepest mystery, when the Attorney General produced four letters which were proved to be forgeries upon the Earl, and which being unexpectedly shown had come with equal surprise upon the attorney conducting the cause for the plaintiff as well as upon the family of the lady herself. At this mysterious part of the case, the Soliciter General came forward and observed that taking into consideration the extraordinary fact that those four letters had been identified by the mother of the lady herself, and that they had come by surprise upon not only the parties he had mentioned, but likewise upon his learned friends who were assisting him. Under these circumstances he would pray his Lordship would be so kind as to allow him to withdraw from the case.

The Attorney General said he had only an observation to make. He had no objection to his learned friend adopting this course; but he would pray that those four letters should be impounded, and placed in the custody of the officer of the Court.

The Soliciter General begged that all the other letters should be impounded also.

Court—certainly.

The plaintiff was then declared non-suited, and thus abruptly, and most unexpectedly, terminated, after three and a half days' investigation, the most extraordinary case that ever was brought into a court of justice. The report of this remarkable trial, so disgraceful to women, and so curious in its details occupies columns after columns in the London papers, in glancing over which we have gained the facts in the above. [Boston Transcript.

SURPRISED OR NOT? The London Times of the 4th ult., in its money article says, the rejection by the United States of arbitration "took the city completely by surprise." The political editor seemed to think differently, for the leading article commences thus:—"The rejection of the renewed proposition for terminating the Oregon dispute by arbitration, has not taken any one by surprise." We shall therefore have to await further advices to know whether Great Britain was surprised or not. [Philadelphia North American.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, 1846.

CORPORATION BENEVOLENCE.

A short time since, the corporation organ in this city, in noticing a benevolent proposition of some Boston charitable people to build a lot of cheap houses and rent them to the poor at such rates as will meet the bare interest of the money, took occasion to speak of the liberality of the corporations here in representing them as pursuing a similar plan in furnishing houses to the persons in their employment. Of the benevolence of the individuals who propose to aid the poor by providing them with cheap rents, we have no more doubt than the Courier has. But that a man should so far forget the dignity of a man, and his accountability to God, as to compare a scheme of that kind with the system pursued by corporations in this place, is a picture that makes the heart sick to look upon. How any one, who has the ability and means to acquire an honest livelihood, can sacrifice his independance and become the subservient tool of wealth, merely for the crumbs that such prostitution will give, is truly astonishing!

Let us see how the plan persued by the manufacturing corporations tallies with a charitable association, such as spoken of. The poor, who are relieved by being furnished cheap rents by a charitable association, such as spoken of, get the benefits of it. It is just like receiving a donation of a sum equal to the difference between rents thus furnished and the usual rates of rent. How is it with the corporations of this city? Are the widows who keep corporation boarding-houses, or the operatives boarding in them benefitted from the cheapness of corporation rent, or is it the corporators, the capitalists who gain by the system? 'Tis true, rent upon the corporations is much lower than any where else in the city. Sometimes they get no rent whatever. But did any one ever suppose they did not make it up some other way? When they tell the widows what their regular rent is, they also tell them *for how much they must board their operatives*, and that they *must not board anybody else*. The system will all be understood by tracing it through the female portion of factory operatives and their corporation landladies. A similar plan is pursued with the male operatives and their landladies. A widow woman can get a house on the corporation for $100, as good as she can on the street for $150 or $200—but she is required to board girls at $1,25 per week. This is the regular price. When provisions become so high that the boarding-house keepers cannot *possibly meet their bills*, as is now the case, the companies add 12 1-2 cents per week to the board of each girl, and pay it themselves by deducting it from the rent. As soon as they can possibly contrive to live again the 12 1-2 cents is taken off. This is no new practice with them. The rent and board are fixed at such rates as that the most shrewd managers, at the most favorable times, can just make a decent living. Those with only ordinary capacity run under, and leave the place in debt to every body who has given them credit. This rent is like the British "sliding scale" of duties—a regulator of the price of board as that is of provisions.—Should they not adopt a system of this kind, when the widows could stay in the place no longer, from inability to meet their bills and get treated, then the corporations would necessarily be obliged to require their operatives to pay more for their board. This requirement would be met by the operatives by a demand for increased wages, and if not complied with, would probably result in a "turnout." But by the arrangement of charging low rent, or no rent, according to the times, they avoid all collision with the operatives, and keep their boarding-house keepers at work for a compensation that will barely let them live. But it may be asked, is it not liberal in the corporations to furnish these low rents, and of advantage to the widows? Neither the one nor the other, farther than it is liberal to obtain service for the least possible compensation, under all circumstances, and of advantage to the widows to have the privilege of serving at such rates. Do the corporations gain by adopting the system, as to rents, they pursue? A few facts will settle this question. Like individuals, corporations hire their help as low as they can. If an individual or a corporation boards a hand, man or woman, he or she can be hired as much cheaper than if not boarded, as the cost of the board. So if an individual or a corporation makes arrangements to board a hand for one or two dollars a month less than board of the same quality can be obtained for otherwheres, that individual or corporation can hire their hands one or two dollars per month cheaper than if such boarding place was not furnished. The hand asks, how much can I make clear of my board? And as soon as he or she is satisfied that as much can be made, clear of board, by going to work for the individual or corporation that has made arrangements for board, at one or two dollars less than it can be obtained for otherwheres, he or she is ready to commence. So as much as the corporations can get their help boarded for under price, so much less they are obliged to pay them; and the entire difference between what the operatives do pay, and what they should pay for board, goes into the pockets, not of the operatives, but of the corporations. Neither are the operatives any gainers by the corporations paying 12 1-2 cents a week towards their board by taking it out of their rent; they work for them for just so much less. Now instead of there being any *benevolence* in the corporations furnishing very low rents, or throwing in the rent entirely, they do it wholly to make money out of the operation. They pay their help just as much less wages, as we have before said, as they furnish board to them less than it can be got otherwheres—taking into consideration the low rents, they fix the price of board for the operatives to pay at the lowest amount that the boarding-house women can sustain themselves by, at the time every thing is cheapest. When the widows cannot longer sustain themselves a further deduction of rent is made. If this system was not adopted, the price must be fluctuating, or the regular price of board must be fixed at a rate that would enable a boarding-house keeper to meet her bills even in hard times, and then, in good times, she would make something; but now, by this "sliding scale" operation, by making an allowance or not making it, according to the times, she is kept continually in the work, for the lowest possible pay, and the corporations get the profits that would otherwise go into her pockets. And this is called a *benevolent project!* Compared to philanthropists furnishing rents for the bare interest of the money! What philanthropy! Who can contrive a piece of machinery better adapted to get all the dollars, and all the *cents* too, into the corporation philanthropists pockets?.

Again, there are a great many mechanics and others who work for the corporations and board on the street. The wages of these persons are no more than the wages of those who board on the corporations; so the companies get them at the same price they would if they furnished them with cheap board, without being obliged to furnish houses for them to board in at low, or no rent.

When any one undertakes to again talk about corporation generosity or benevolence, in furnishing houses to board the operatives in, he will just state the whole facts, the people can then judge much better.

☞ Mr Dillingham, a Representative in Congress from Vermont, in a letter to his constituents declines a re-election. He concludes his letter with the following admirable sentences:

"Our country is still in its infancy, yet it ranks even now, among the first in the world. But "what we shall be does not yet appear." Looking to the past, it is not perhaps, extravagant, to predict of the future, that the end even of the present century, may see us a Nation of eighty or a hundred millions of inhabitants—and that even then we shall be comparatively a young people. Our growth and perpetuity, however, depends much upon our being a moral—an agricultural people, as at present—enterprising, intelligent, full of energy and hope; instead of becoming a country of a dense and crowded population, where the struggle for success in life is all among the rich and the great, where the degraded masses can have no chance but for a life of hardship and misery, and no hope but for an early grave.

In this view it will be seen why, when Texas voluntarily offered herself to us, I consented to receive her, though attended with one evil which I regret, but which would have pertained to her had we refused the offer. Hence too, it will be perceived why I am for Oregon to its last broad acre. It is ours by right—it is a country of vast capacities for sustaining a large portion of *free intelligent christian men*. Such a population we can give it. No other nation can. No other would if they could. I look on any new state added to this Union as a new cord to bind it together as a new guarantee of its duration.

With a Union composed of 13 states, six of them combined against the other seven, might endanger its national existence, but where are six among 30? so lost as to be borne along with the common brotherhood, in spite even of themselves. The larger the Union of States the less the danger of factions—the less the influence of cliques, and of sections—and where factions cliques, and sectional divisions, lose their power to control, there will the common good of the great whole become the order of the day.

P. DILLINGHAM, Ja.

☞ We have received from Hon. John A. Bolles a letter, showing that our Washington correspondent was mistaken in supposing he interfered with the appointment of Mr Seavy, while *at Washington*, or that he went there for Gov. Morton. He says, although proud to be called the friend of Gov. Morton, he never went to Washington for him. That about a *fortnight ago he wrote to* HON. MR. NILES respecting Mr Seavy's character. That he has no doubt Lowell people are competent to settle their own Post Office difficulties without foreign interference, but feels bound, by the obligations of neighborly kindness, to express his opinion as to the veracity and integrity of a man, whom he has known for several years, when asked to do so.

If the people of Lowell are capable of managing their own affairs without foreign interference, we should suppose they might be qualified to judge of a man's "veracity and integrity" without the foreign interference of a man thirty miles off, with only a casual acquaintance. Whether a man *talks at Washington* or *writes to Washington*, to operate upon matters upon which he is wholly ignorant, it comes to about the same thing.

THE ODD FELLOWS, who have recently hired Dickinson's hall, have engaged L. B. Norris, stable keeper, just across the passage, to keep the "he-goat" for them. His "imperial" is cut with the greatest precision. Norris evades all questions as to what he is kept for, by telling the curious "he is kept for milk."

☞ A law has been passed in some of the rapidly growing Western Territories, which requires as a condition to vote, that a citizen shall have resided in the territory "one year" It is apprehended if this law should be strictly enforced, that some of the cities might be without municipal officers, as there would be no voters.

THE MINISTER AT LARGE, Rev H. Wood, will make his quarterly report, to morrow (Sunday) evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock, in the Rev. Mr. Miles' church. The friends of the poor, and all who feel an interest in the causes and remedies of poverty and evil in our city, are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ We learn, says the Cincinnati Times, that an individual named Nathan Vanskiver, living in Covington, while shaving on Thursday week, had his throat cut by his little girl, who in suddenly and violently opening the door, drove the razor through and through the jugular vein.

"Is that the tune the old cow died of?" asked an Englishman, settled at the industry with which a New Englander whistled Yankee Doodle.

"No, Beef," replied Jonathan, "that are's the tune old *Bull* died of."

☞ It is estimated by some London statician, that there are in that city full fifty thousand men who would murder a man for the purpose of obtaining a shilling and escaping punishment.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION. We see by the Post of this morning that if all the towns yet to elect representatives, barely having a whig plurality, should elect whigs, the House will be about tied.

☞ It is said that the New York convention were *up to snuff* when they nominated Mr Mickle, the tobacconist, for Mayor—they may be satisfied that all who *chews* will vote for him.

☞ The New Orleans Delta says that there are in that city at least 200 professional blacklegs, and the chief portion of them board at the fashionable hotels.

☞ Two married females were taken up in the streets of Springfield, last week, in a state of beastly intoxication, and committed to the House of Correction.

☞ Workmen have commenced upon the new canal from Pawtucket Falls down along the bank of the river. It is a stupendous work.

☞ The residents on Nesmith street were charmingly serenaded last evening—by the new Quartett Club, we reckon.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

I. O. OF RECHAB.

A brief notice of some parts of a lecture, delivered in the City Hall Tuesday evening, March 31st, by Rev. Mr Merritt, of Haverhill:

In connection with the opening exercises, the 35th chapter of Jeramiah was read. (Query. Do *modern* Rechabites, claim to be a kindred society to the one mentioned in that Scripture? Did these "Rechabites" *never* drink wine, nor build houses, nor plant vineyards, nor sow grain? Will they never do these things? Were the Rechabites of old a *secret* society?)

But the lecture. Mr Merritt certainly is a *candid* man, and by no means destitute of talent or eloquence; every man who heard him will agree with me in this. The gentleman stated that "he had frequently been called on of late to deliver addresses for the order.—(Of course, then, he must be good authority upon Rechabism..)

The terms of membership were as follows, viz:—3, 4, or $5, for "initiation" fees, and $1 to be paid quarterly, to continue their membership.

(If a person should be a member of this "Order" 40 years, he would pay into the treasury in principal and interest, more than $600, and quite likely the extra expense and loss of time connected with the duties of the members, would exceed $400 more. Who can afford it? not the honest laborer.)

The "initiate" must be temperate, moral, and of good constitution. If the applicant for membership, be a reformed inebriate, he is not admitted till after he demonstrates his ability to keep the pledge. (This is a very bad feature. You must say to the reformed drunkard—I KNOW you can keep the pledge. I will not weaken your confidence in your ability to do so, by throwing suspicion around you.)

The society (according to Mr Merritt) are never to appeal to law against the "rum sellers." (This is bad. Is not every good citizen in duty bound to see that all laws against crime *are* put in force?)

Mr Merritt *admitted that the order has no claim to benevolence*. Some objections against the order were then noticed.

1st objection. It is a *secret* society. (The speaker said this charge had its origin in the desire of most men to have their good deeds known. Query,. Are the Rechabites an exception to this rule?) It was stated as an answer to the above objection, that the *early churches* were secret societies.. (Give us the proof sir.)

2d objection. You are doing no good. Ans. This objection is made because you do not know what good we are doing. (This we admit.)

3d objection. The society has no religion. The answer made to this objection was—"We have no religious creeds—every meeting of the order teaches the omnipresence of God; we only ask a man to be honest and moral."

Some objections against the order, contained in a late number of the New York Evangelist, were next noticed. The speaker referred these objections, for their origin, to "the fear that their craft was in danger." (Danger from what? Secret societies?)

It was also stated that "the great mass of mankind was loosing confidence in the churches." (This may be the experience of the Rev. Mr Merritt, but it does not *necessarily* follow that the remark is true.)

The speaker next introduced a comparison between the early churches and those of the present day, in regard to their support of the poor. (Does not the gentleman know, that the members of the churches *do* support their poor? Let the poor tax paid by the members of the churches in this state, be applied to the support of their own poor, and it would keep them at board in our Hotels.)

The speaker said, "let the churches become what they *should* be, and there will be no need of the humble tents of Rhecah." This is an important statement. The object had in view by the I. O. of R., is no more nor no less than *to supply the difference between the churches of the first and nineteenth centuries*. So it follows then as a direct consequence, if any christian of the nineteenth century, will unite with the Independent Order of Rechab, he then and there becomes a *primitive christian*: And yet this society will not receive an invalid christian! Christians certainly are bound to look after a society with such pretentions.

A LOOKER ON.

We know nothing of the merits of Rechabitism, but would quite as readily agree to what a "looker on" says they hold to, as to his conclusions.

THE POSTMASTER AND THE COURIER. The Courier has abandoned every point it made in defence of the Lowell postmaster, and is now whining in a most pathetic strain about "blasting reputation." We are as sorry that the character of a man should rest under imputation as the editor of the Courier, and should as heartily rejoice if the causes of suspicion could be removed. But setting up a defence and then abandoning it for whining, and talking about "base purposes," after finding the attempted explanation untenable, does but little towards removing suspicion, or wiping out positive testimony. The Corrier says—"we *thought* the charges there made (in the Advertiser) susceptible of explanation." We *thought* they were not, and Col. Schouler has certainly shown himself inadequate to the task.

As there is no occasion for reiterating what we have before said, now all endeavor to defend the postmaster by explanation or denial, is given up, we shall simply say a word or two concerning the Courier itself. "We never did aught to get him the appointment he now holds," says the Courier. But you did write to Daniel Webster for his *confirmation* after he was appointed. If you did not expect the list of letters, *why did you do it?* You say you would not publish the list of letters unless the law entitles you to do so. You published them under Mr Robbins, *without any examination whatever being made to ascertain whether you were entitled to them or not*, and when, in fact, they belonged to another paper as a subsequent investigation showed. What a conscientious man! You speak of two sections of the locofoco party. There is but one section of the democratic party here, and they regret Mr Seavy's position. You charge the publishers of the Advertiser with being the owners of the "neutral paper." We have already pronounced that charge, before made by yourself, false; and now we are under the disagreeable necessity of doing what, under other circumstances would be ungentlemanly,—of saying the editor of the Corrier *lies knowingly* when he reiterates the charge. Mr Varney does own the establishment, but in no way controls the paper—a fact well known to to the Courier editor and *reporters*. You say you can't reconcile it with your conscience to enrich yourself with money that don't belong to you. It does not necessarily follow, that because you can't reconcile taking money that don't belong to you, with your conscience, that your conscience is always consulted. It certainly did not prevent your publishing the letters without knowing whether you were or were not entitled to them. You deny having taken up the defence of Mr Seavy at his request, or at the request of his friends. But your connection with Seavy was such that it was not necessary for them to ask you to defend him, and they knew it, and therefore they *only told you what the defence was*. Would that it had been satisfactory.

☞ Mr Ingersoll has given his author for his charge against Mr Webster, ex-Governor Seward.]

☞ Saturday April 4, from N. Y. Robert Owen sailed for England in the packet ship Prince Albert.

MR CHARLES STONE has been appointed a constable for this city.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, April 9.

In the SENATE, the bill providing for the widening of the draw of the Newburyport Bridge, was passed to be engrossed.

Afternoon session.—Messrs Hopkinson, Borden and Willard, were joined on the part of the Senate, as a committee of conference to take into consideration the differences of the two Houses on the Danvers and Maldan Railroad disagreement.

The most of the afternoon was spent in discussing the House bill raising the salaries of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas. An amendment was adopted fixing the salaries at $1800, but without taking the question, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. The report on the petition of David Henshaw and others, giving leave to withdraw, was accepted.

The bill in addition concerning the Militia passed to be engrossed. This bill requires that each company shall not exceed sixty men and four musicians, instead of sixty men including musicians, as provided for in the present law. The artillery companies are to appear as infantry on muster days; with the exception of one company who may be nearest the muster field, and they are to bring out their cannon.

The report adjourning the Legislature on Wednesday, April 15th, was accepted in concurrence.

The bill concerning Hawkers and Peddlers, in a new draft, and much modified, was passed to be engrossed by a vote of 112 to 46.

The engrossed resolves respecting the tariff and protective policy, were passed to be enacted, by a vote of 175 to 37.

The report of the railroad committee upon the petition of David Pingree and others, for a railroad from Danvers to Malden, came from the Senate, that body non-concurring with the vote of the House to re-commit with instructions to report a bill. On motion of Mr Fowler of Danvers, the House insisted on its former vote, and appointed a committee of conference, consisting of Messrs Fowler, Stevens of Andover, and Lawrence of Pepperell.

The State Pauper bill next came up, and during its discussion the House adjourned.

Friday, April 10.

SENATE. Several resolves to pay towns and individuals militia bounties, were passed to be engrossed.

The bill abolishing the distinction between written and spoken slander, was refused a third reading without a division.

The bill establishing the salaries of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas at $1800, passed to a third reading.

Afternoon session.—The bill establishing the Woonsocket Railroad, via West Newton, was discussed all the afternoon, and finally passed to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, an order was adopted that no member should be allowed to speak more than 15 minutes at one time on any one subject.

The House then took up the bill abolishing all laws for the State's maintenance of paupers, and increasing the capitation tax on alien passengers. On motion to indefinitely postpone the bill, it was debated at length, and finally rejected, by a vote of 79 to 141. The Speaker enforced the fifteen minutes' rule.

Afternoon session.—At 4 o'clock, the House proceeded to the consideration of the orders of the day, being the bill to protect creditors and stock-holders of corporations from loss by fraud and insolvency, and providing for the equal payment of creditors of broken banks and other insolvent corporations. The bill was referred to the next General Court.

The resolve to grant $12,000 for enlarging the State Lunatic Hospital at Worcester, next came up on its passage to a third reading. After two hours' discussion, the previous question was ordered, and the bill rejected by an almost unanimous vote. Adjourned.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, April 7.

SENATE. At 12 o'clock, the Oregon resolutions were taken up, and Mr Webster, as was expected, made his speech. It was supposed that he would address himself to the Oregon question, but he did not, but immediately betook himself to a statement of circumstances in regard to the Caroline affair. He justified the destruction of the Caroline, except in so far as it took place upon American ground. After a few supplementary animadversions on Mr C. J. Ingersoll, Mr W. turned upon the speech of Mr Dickinson, and asked Mr D. now to produce the authorities for his statement that there had been direct and palpable interference on the part of the General Government with the judiciary of the State of New York.

Mr Dickinson. "I shall reserve my authorities until the Senator concludes, when I shall produce them to his satisfaction."

Mr Webster continued his speech for some twenty minutes longer, and concluded with a forcible enumeration of the advantages to the country, flowing from his treaty of Washington.

Mr Dickinson rose in reply, and in a calm and dignified manner, set forth the circumstances of his allusion to the Ashburton treaty; but deferring his remarks until to-morrow, he gave way for adjournment.

In the HOUSE, the Cumberland road bill was rejected—yeas 77, nays 103. The land clause was first stricken out by a decided vote.

The House next went into committee of the whole, and took up the Senate bill for raising a regiment of mounted riflemen. No vote was taken on this bill.

Wednesday, April 8.

In the SENATE, Mr Dickinson took the floor, and said he had been an object of the anger of the Senator from Massachusetts for two days. It was now his turn to be heard. He had always endeavored to conduct himself with the courtesy and kindness which became a member of this body, and he would not permit any Senator to assail him, with impunity, in such language as a gentleman would not employ.

Mr Mangum. "Order!"

The Chair. "Does the Senator from North Carolina make a point of order?"

Mr Mangum said he hoped the Chair would do that.

Mr Dickinson resumed with the remark that it was something singular that this cry of order was not heard yesterday, (about as palpable a hit, I take it, as it would be easy to make.)

Mr D. went from point to point of Mr W's invective, and showed how baseless his complaints were, and how unprovoked all his attacks. He gave Mr Webster several very hard thumps, and made some points which brought down upon him a general laugh.

Mr D. went into the provisions of the treaty, and contended that they were unwise and prejudicial to the interests of the country—that it gave up our territory to the British, and sacrificed the maritime rights of the United States.

In the HOUSE, the order of the day was the bill for raising one regiment of mounted riflemen, which was debated in committee of the whole until adjournment.

☞ A weak mind is always conjuring up misfortunes, and makes itself wretched before it is time.

A LIFE PRESERVED!

The following positive testimony in favor of Wistar's Balsam, has been received by the agent in this city.

Jordan, N. Y., April 15, 1845.

In the winter of 1841 and '2 I was troubled with hoarseness and dry hacking cough, produced no doubt by change of climate, having previously spent some time at the South, and possessing weak lungs and a rather delicate constitution. In February I was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, which continued until I had not sufficient strength of voice to speak loud in three months. Through medical treatment and care I partially recovered during the summer, but on the return of winter was attacked again with cough, chills, fever, night sweats. Physicians said they could do no more for me, as I was rapidly sinking with consumption. Fortunately, my friends procured the BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, thinking it might relieve me for a time, and with the blessing of kind Providence, it entirely restored me to health, which I have continued to enjoy until the present time, without any symptom of my former disease, with the exception of being a little more liable to cold from damp air and sudden changes of weather. ELIZABETH WILSON.

Sworn and subscribed this 15th day of April, 1845, before me. A. CHASE, Justice.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. eop&pmar4

LATER FROM EUROPE. The packet ship Northumberland, arrived at New York on Wednesday last, having sailed from London on the 9th ult. The only important news brought out is that the English have probably been defeated in India in a battle with the Sikhs.

The Morning Chronicle of the 6th says, the intelligence from the seat of war in the East is far from satisfactory. Without giving credit to every rumor afloat in India, we must still confess that each successive mail only increases our anxiety.

The result of the battles fought on the 18th, 21st and 22d of December is of a purely negative character. The Sikhs were effectually prevented by the bravery of the British troops from advancing upon the territories of the protected states, or from opening a campaign in British India. They were repulsed with loss, but they were by no means routed. Not a man was driven back across the Sutlej, until they thought fit deliberately to withdraw six or seven days after the battle. They retained the command of one fortified bridge, and on the 13th of January a party of the enemy, which had been operating eighty miles farther up the river, crossed it again, and took up another intrenched position near Loodiansh. Some of the native troops are said to have thrown down their arms and to have fled, leaving the Europeans to bear the brunt of the battle. Her Majesty's 53d and 31st were engaged and are said to have suffered severely, but they demanded to be led anew to the fight, which Sir H. Smith did not deem prudent to do, and therefore withdrew the troops.

Sir Henry Smith's column advanced to attack them in this position, but considerable uncertainty prevails as to the result of this engagement.

Some skirmishing took place near the Sikh bridge of boats, on the 13th, 14th and 15th of January, without any remarkable effect. On the 15th the Sikhs came over the river at Phulloor, plundered the neighborhood, and pitched a camp on the left bank, in the British territory. On the following day they made some further advances, and entrenched themselves near Aulta. Sir H. Smith moved his brigade up the Sutlej, driving the enemy before him, until the morning of the 21st, when he came upon one of their fortified positions, which fired grape-shot amongst the British ranks.

The Agra Ukbar construes the retirement into a defeat, while the Delhi Gazette states that heavy firing was heard in the direction of Loodiansh during the whole of the afternoon of that day. Nothing positive appears to have been known as to the results of that day when the mails were leaving Bombay.

☞GO EARLY TO THE MUSEUM.

MARRIED,

In this city, April 8, by Rev Mr Child, Mr George W. Thurston to Miss Elisa A. Dutton.

In Campton, N. H., by Rev. Mr Shed, Mr Charles McGarath, of Groton, to Miss Mary Ann Pulsifer, of Camptoo.

DIED,

In this city, April 8, of typhoid fever, Miss Almira R. Butler, of Campton, N. H., aged 18 years. [Maine and Massachusetts papers please copy.

In this city, April 8, Eliza Ann Fenno, aged 19 years.

In Dracutt, April 1, Robert M., son of Stephen C. and Abigail M. Taylor, aged 7 months and 11 days; April 9, Mrs Rebecca, relict of Hon John Hubbard, formerly Prof. of Mat. and Nat. Philosophy in Dartsmouth College, aged 78 years.

In Woburn, March 29, Mr Hiram T. Jones, aged 38 years.

March 20, Marquis De Lafayette, son of Cyrus and Hannah Clement, aged 22.

Last fall, he left his home in this city for Hartford County, Md., to regain his declining health. The attempt proved unavailing. He left the friends he had gained in a strange land, to "seek the bosom of his God." Com.

Lowell Institute.

THE annual meeting of the members of the Lowell Institute will be held WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 15, at 8 o'clock, in the Committee Room at the City Hall, for the choice of Officers and transaction of other business. A full attendance is requested.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.

A. W. FARR, Secretary. 1mapr11

Messenger's Notice.

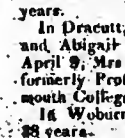
MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 9, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Newton Colburn will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of April instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Colburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
Deputy Sheriff Messenger.
3tapr11

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Henrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. a&papr11

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, March 31, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORIN WALKER, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Lorin Walker will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Walker, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Deputy Sheriff Messenger.
3tapr4

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Onondaga, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Nawburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ye&pdec16

D'AUBIGNÉ and his writings from the reformation, with a sketch of the life of the author, by Rev Dr Baird, for sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

A CARD.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made promptly, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 99 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 3lyapr4

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40,

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 6mamarch28

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SAAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&putlynpr4

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street.—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by his arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order.

☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

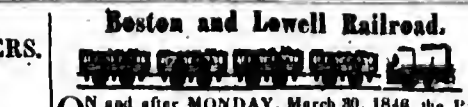
Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John G. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexender, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, G. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00.—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6¾ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar31

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Freedom Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have this day relinquished to my sons WILLIAM G. BLISS and LUCIAN B. BLISS, and my daughters CAIRA L. BLISS and SYLVIA BLISS, their time from this date henceforth; and that I will neither claim any of their future earnings, nor hold myself responsible for debts of their contracting. A. B. BLISS.

Attest—S. J. VARNEY.
Lowell, April 6, 1846. ap7 3ta

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, March Term, 1846.

Francis M. Kittredge, Plff., vs. *Thomas Bell*, Dfdt., and *Nathan Brooks*, Trustee.

THIS is an action of assumpsit, instituted by the Plff. against the Dfdt. to recover the sum of fifty dollars, for certain pills, portions, plasters, medicine, medical attendance, &c., as in the declaration in the writ on file in said Court is fully set forth.

It appearing to the Court by the suggestions of the Plff., and on inspection of the officer's return on the Plff.'s writ, that the said Dfdt. had no place of residence in this Commonwealth at the time of the service thereof, and that he has no last and usual place of abode, tenant, agent or attorney in the Commonwealth known to said Plff. or to said officer, that all the Dfdt.'s right, title and interest in law or equity, or in right of his wife, in the County of Middlesex, is attached by said writ, and that no personal service of said writ has been made upon said Dfdt.—It is ordered by the Court here, that the Plff. give further notice to the Dfdt. of the pendency of this action by publishing this order in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, and that this action be continued to the next term of this Court, and so from Court to Court until notice shall be given to the Dfdt. according to this order.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the order as file,

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

KNOWLES & DEAND, Plff.'s Attorneys. [3wmar21

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises

A genteel Double House, with 6000 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or seperately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

Large Wooden House.

On or about the first of May, 8 large wooden tenements, situated on Lowell street. They will be sold together on a liberal credit.

Dry Goods, Broadcloths, &c.

On FRIDAY, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., a large and valuable invoice of Woolens, Linens, White Dress Goods, &c., in part as follows: Blue, Black, Super, Twilled, and Plain Germon, French and English Broadcloths; plain and figured Buckskins, Doeskins, and plain Cassimeres, Vestings, Scarfs, &c.—Also, a large lot of super, medium, and low-priced Irish Linens, Bishop Lawns, White Muslins, and other sensonable Dress Goods.

The above is the best invoice of such goods ever offered in Lowell, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Great Sale of Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, the 23 day of April commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., with Lot No. 1, and proceeding in the order described below:

No. 1. Three brick tenements, 3 stories high, on the westerly side of Adams street: two of them being the two northerly tenements in the Bascom block, and the other being the southerly tenement of the Adams block.

No. 2. Two Cottages with about 7400 feet of land, on a cross street leading from Lowell to Fletcher street, near the "Stone House."

No. 3. One acre and 71 rods on said back street, near the lot last named.

No. 4. Five acres and 55 rods of land on a back street west of and near the head of Pawtucket canal and adjoining land of —— Bowers.

No. 5. The quarry of morter stone, containing about 38,909 feet, on the westerly side of School street, and south of Cross street, intersecting the same.

No. 6. About 20,000 square feet of land, with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, situated on the west side of Water st., Belvidere, known as the Cram place.

Terms easy. A large portion of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage. Enquire of D. S. RICHARDSON, esq., Munsur's Building, or of the Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Farm in Chelmsford.

On MONDAY, April 13th, at 3 o'clock, p.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 12 acres excellent Land in a high state of cultivation, with a two-story Dwelling House 38 by 28 feet, in good repair; a Barn about 36 by 26 feet, also in good repair; a well of excellent water for all purposes, &c., &c., and is pleasantly situated in the centre of the town near Reed's Tavern, (so called,) and is known as the "Butterfield Farm," a very desirable place for one who would attend to marketing, or a mechanic. Terms liberal and sale positive.

Valuable Farm in Tewksbury.

On MONDAY, April 20, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 119 acres, excellent Land, will divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasture, and Wood Land. On it is a good one and a half story dwelling-house; barn, shed, &c.,—a well of excellent water for all purposes—a quantity of excellent Fruit Trees, &c. Terms liberal. A large part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage, if desired.

Cottage Houses.

On THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, Two Cottage House, situated on the West side of Dutton street, near the Engine House,—on leased land. Said houses are conveniently arranged and neatly furnished, and will be sold together or seperate, as may be desired by the company. Terms at sale.

Wanted. 1000 dollars on a bottom mortgage of Real Estate in Lowell—worth $2000.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
First Vessel.



The superior fast sailing new Bark GLOBE *Theobald*, master, will receive what freight may offer, and sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. a7

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trusting my son, JOHN CAUGHLIN, on my account, as I have never given him any authority to make any purchases whatever, either for himself or me; on my credit.

MORRIS CAUGHLIN.
March 30th, 1846. ml31 3ta

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill—a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage Houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—1260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families; with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. Morrill's
COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ef&jlyear

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles furnish an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the applicatme appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Regetlies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREBOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the case, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his skin was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up as to be completely useless. After using the rings and plaid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. raug8

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20n&p3m.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cases which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, twelving years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunt ingly set forth the pretensions to the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome pulls as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed in the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are redeemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, and only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. 4lyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly-poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Improved Salamander Safes.

[CERTIFICATE.]

Concord, N. H., January 12th, 1846.

MESSRS. ADAMS & HAMMOND:

Gents.,—The Iron Safe which we purchased of you in January, 1845, was situated in our Store which was consumed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The safe fell through a floor a distance of fifteen feet, striking on the top, and when first seen was of a white heat. After playing upon it some time, a rope was put round it to pull it out, but it was immediately burnt off. We then put a chain round it and drew it out. When we opened it we found the covers of the books warped so that they cracked off, but the paper was as white and legible as ever.

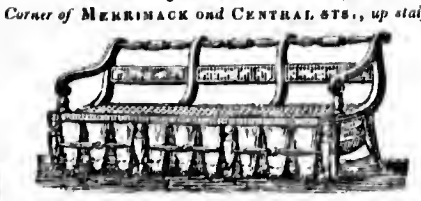
Our books saved are worth $5,000 dollars, notes 12,000 dollars, and money 1,500 dollars, besides various other papers, which are as perfect and legible as they were before the fire. Yours, very resp'y.,

GILMORE & CLAPP.

☞ Apply to ADAMS, HAMMOND & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton streets, Boston. 3madvpis13

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preperation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, or St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tawer, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle, Burlington Geo Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton,, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Hall, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteridge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Hillerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Aekworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Highly important to all invailds

and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, bowels complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines; and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases; and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,

AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.,

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

Manual of Discipline,

REPORT on Congregationalism, together with the Cambridge Platform, adopted in 1648, and the Confessions of Faith, adopted in 1680; just published and for sale by [f28] JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 44.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by dreft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.

OFFICE, In Coburn's Block, Central Street.

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE;

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

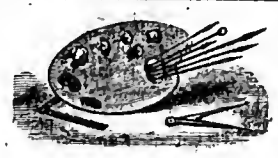
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphene Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.

Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences, or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not *by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in needed a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to write, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even its own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pfimosapr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos'h Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle sold and sent is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a18&eptfm

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its proper tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not, retained the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ad81yjan30

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements

For 1846.

PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so, through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) St. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so, by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes bed, money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co. have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. ndr3mjan17

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form: I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent me a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other! a&plyaug30

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Paige & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice. STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.

Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845. sep19tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12. / New No. 129. } STREET,

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate, as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To Individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOIVE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL, " JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ANDREWS,

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawn&poct23

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Fass of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experience in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age, forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwe&plyfeb14

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 8, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

DR. F. MORRILL.

aug 16—1y

FARMING. A farmer in Saratoga county, who keeps twenty cows, has this season received for butter $525, for 21 pigs fattened on butter-milk, $173. Total $698. He has besides used milk and butter freely for a large family. The labor has been performed chiefly by females. The churning was done by a stout ram, and good enough for him. This is a specimen of the ample prosperity of our grazing interests, renovated within three years by the modification of the British tariff. Before that modification, cheese was a drug, selling at one to three cents a poond and tons of it rotting in store, given to feed pigs or thrown away as waste dirt. Now thousands of tons of our cheese are exported to England, at seven and eight cents a poond.—This turns our farmers from butter to cheese, and so reduces the supply and increases the price of butter. The Saratoga farmer may thank the wisdom of English legislation for three hundred of the seven hundred dollars of his earnings, and then be a high tariff man and oppose trade if he will.

The legislation of England was for her own benefit—not ours. Before the modification of her Tariff, her vast population were compelled to pay very high prices to her farmers, for provision, and this was called protecting British industry. But the discoveries of modern times have proved that cheap provisions are an important encouragement to industry, and that to get all their supplies cheap, is best for the people. They have therefore adopted the policy of free trade instead of protection, and already conformed their Tariff to the new doctrine, with the exception of two or three articles; and Sir Robert Peel, it is well understood, will deal with these on the same plan at the earliest opportunity.—Under the new system, England turns her capital and labor into the channels which are most profitable. She buys what other people can make cheaper than she, and pays in what she can make cheaper than other people. The new policy has spread fresh vigor over England, and diffusing its benefits far beyond the limits of that kingdom, is spreading prosperity through the United States. [Journal of Commerce.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The ship Adirondack, from Cork, Ireland, 18th March, arrived at New York, Friday, and the New York pilot boat Wm. J. Romer, from do. 12th March, arrived on Saturday.

The Romer arrived at Cork, on the 6th March and immediately despatched a messenger to London. She remained till the 12th and then sailed for New York.

The money market in England still continued tight, but grain had advanced. No change in cotton.

The Indian news was considered alarming by many, but the well informed in London, were under no apprehension as to the result.

It was said in the Cork papers that the government would appropriate three millions sterling towards completing the Irish Railways.

Sir Robert Peel's proposed free trade system was still under discussion in Perliament, with a prospect of being speedily adopted. There had been no action in Parliament on the Oregon question.

The insurrection in Austrian Poland had become formidable, the Patriots having organized a provisional government at Cracow; subsequently to which, it was rumored in Paris, the Russians had dispossessed them of that city.

SHE WAS FALSE, AND HE UNDONE. We have already announced the death of Dr John Braddee, in the Western Penitentiary, in which he was sentenced to ten year's confinement in 1841 for robbing the United States mail. The Pittsburg Journal states the following facts connected with the case:—

"It is known that Braddee's wife, who clung to him during his trial, and suggested by her presence and the signs of affliction, that beautiful apostrophe to love in anguish, with Mr Biddle's defence, electrified the crowded auditory, had been unfaithful to her vows, and married another during Braddee's imprisonment. He was not made acquainted with the fact, and for the five years he was in confinement, he was fond of an opportunity of talking about 'his wife and children.' He spoke of them in terms of warm affection; and undoubtedly his desire to recover his liberty was stimulated by an attachment to them; even after he became aware that he must soon die, he desired to be at liberty, even if it were to die in a barn, to the end that he might not die a prisoner. But so soon as he learned the conduct of his wife, he instantly ceased to wish for freedom. It was the final blow to the poor convict, the unexpected thrust like that which extorted the memorable *et tu Brute*, commanding surrender; and poor fellow he gave up at once. He never after mentioned wife or child, or desired to move beyond the limits of his cell. The name of his wife was avoided with an iron will, although for the previous years of his confinement, it had been a pleasant and hopeful theme."

☞ The Boston Young Men's Society for Meliorating the condition of the Indians, have addressed a letter to the municipal judges upon the subject of salaries. The appointment of a superintendent of public schools will come before the society for consideration at their next meeting, at 2 o'clock P. M. The great question now is, "Who was the schoolmaster that taught his pupils to lie, as affirmed by Mr. Thayer?" The little questions are, "Who wants a comfortable salary as school superintendent, and who wants to be taxed to pay a jackass for dancing among chickens?" The Mutual Admiration Society will be admitted to the galleries. Female petitioners for a dissolution of the Union, with knitting work, will be provided with seats on the lower floor. [Post.

From the Dublin Nation.

THE VOW OF TIPPERARY.

From Carrick streets to Shannon shore,
From Slievenamon to Ballindary—
From Longford pass to Gallymore—
Come hear the vow of Tipperary.

Too long we've fought for Britain's cause,
And of our blood we never chary;
She's paid us back with tyrant laws,
And thinned the homes of Tipperary.

But never more we'll win such thanks,
We swear by God and Virgin Mary,
Never to list in British ranks,
And that's The Vow of Tipperary.

The following very appropriate verse was found, some time since, written upon the back of a broken bank note:—

"Hark from the banks an awful crash,
Ye patriots hear the cry:
Here is a note that calls for cash,
But, oh, "'tis all in my eye!"

☞ The following is the inscription on a village doctor's sign in Devonshire: "I cures a goose—my wife cures the ganders." As our readers may find some difficulty in making this out, it is necessary to explain that the good man intended to make known that he cured *agues*, and his wife cured the *jaundice*. [Exchange paper.

MODEST. Mr Webster read a letter in the senate from Mr Wheaton, in which the defeat of the quintuple treaty is attributed to the Ashburton treaty. *The quintuple treaty was defeated months before the Ashburton treaty was signed!* Oh, Daniel! [Post

HEAVY FAILURE. Howard & Lothrop, extensive Paper Manufacturers at South Hadley Canal, have gone into involvency. Their liabilities are understood to be over $90,000. [Northampton Courier.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1846.

THE BOSTON MAIL AND PROTECTION.

We hardly expected, after accepting the issue the man of the Mail seemed so exceedingly anxious of getting up between us and himself, that he would write over a column and a quarter without touching his darling point, save, to give his opinion, unaccompanied by any statistics whatever, as to the rates of wages at different periods and *assume* they were increased by a protective tariff, and refer us to some old arguments of his that we never saw, nor ever expect to see, for his views. As we do not exchange with the *Mail*, its articles written *some months ago* did not fall under our observation, and probably never will.—The Mail asks:—

"Would the Advertiser insist upon our going over the ground again for its especial benefit alone, merely that it should accept or reject our arguments or facts, as best pleased its fancy?"

My dear Mr Mail, if you did not wish to discuss the question of whether a protective tariff, or the tariff of '42, increased the wages of labor, why all that complaint because we did not abandon the first point at issue between us, and take up with the one you wished to substitute? Did you expect by trumping up a new issue to get an opportunity of dodging a retraction of the first? If so, you as signally failed as we imagine you will in dodging a discussion or a "back out" of the issue last proposed. Now rather than the Mail should dodge, we will take the "laboring oar," and show that even its *assumptions*, unsustained as they are, by a single word of argument, or a single fact, are untrue. To be sure, all we are bound to do, or ought to do, is, to meet such facts and arguments as the Mail offers to sustain its positions; and as it has offered none, it would be treating the Mail honorably, and properly, to call on it to back up its *assumptions* or withdraw them. But as we wish to get the Mail into the arena some how, let us inquire what are its *assumptions*? Let the Mail speak for itself. Hear it:

"We have *assumed* that Protection, as the term is understood in connection with a Tariff, is the only barrier between the paid labor of this country and the pauper labor of Europe; that without Protection American labor must compete *directly* with European labor, and as the number of laborers in Europe is as ten to one compared with ours, the prices *here* must recede to a level with the prices *there*."

Now, though the Mail man is very confident we cannot *rub out* these assumptions, still we "will try" to do it, at least, so far as to show that he is wholly wrong in his *assumed* conclusion that without a tariff to protect our labor from the *direct* competition of European labor, the prices of labor *here* must recede to a level with the prices of labor *there*. If this assumption, that protection to our labor is necessary, and be the *true* cause why the price of our labor is greater than the price of European labor, then, it follows necessarily, that where our labor *does come into direct competition with European labor, the price of it must be the same as the price of the European labor*. Is it so? Our agricultural laborers, our laborers engaged in commerce, our laborers engaged in many branches of manufacturing, (such as the manufacture of common boots and shoes, coarse cottons, and an indefinite number of articles of less importance,) our laborers engaged in the fisheries, our Connecticut laborers, engaged in manufacturing wooden clocks for the London market, and in short, ninety-nine hundredths of the whole laboring population of the nation come into *direct competition* with the laborers of the world. Are those laborers, thus *directly competing* with the labor of the world, nay more, *actually overcoming the disadvantages of distance, and crowding the productions of our labor into the markets of the world, against all competition*, REDUCED in the price of their wages to the LEVEL of the pauper labor of Europe? Certainly not. Then we must seek some other cause besides a protective tariff for the difference between the price of labor in this country and in Europe. It cannot be a protective tariff that gives the Connecticut clock-maker, or the Western prairie corn-grower, better wages than the European laborer, because corn nor Connecticut clocks are protected, nor can they be, from the fact that they are exported and cannot be affected by protection. The same is the case with nearly the whole labor of the country.

What, then, causes the difference between the reward of labor in this country and in Europe? The same state of things that causes the difference between the reward of capital in this country and in Europe. There is a much greater difference between the profits of capital there and here, than there is between the price of labor there and here. The causes of this difference are two-fold and irremediable. In the first place, a given amount of labor and capital there, (from want of as great natural advantages, from want of ability to perform as much labor, combined with other causes,) produces less than the same amount of our labor and capital. In the second place, labor and capital there gets a much less share of the results or productions of labor and capital than they do here. Compare England and the U. States. There, out of the productions or results of labor and capital must be taken enough to support her government, her army, navy, nobility and non-producing aristocracy, government clergy, and the interest on a national debt that of itself is enough to exhaust a great proportion of the energies of her people before labor and capital gets anything. Here but a mere trifle, comparatively speaking, is required for *any purpose* save to reward the laborer and capitalist. In this lies the cause of the difference between the reward of laborers in this country and in Europe, and of capitalists too. England is not as a government like, and as enormously expensive as Great Britain's, and fastens upon us her national debt and clergy, her aristocracy and nobility, her army and navy, and reduces our resources to the condition of hers, and will the Mail tell us how much better off the laborers of this country would be than are the laborers of Great Britain? If these causes are sufficient to account for the difference between the reward of labor there and here, we need not resort to a protective tariff or any other humbug to account for it. The Mail says if we come into *direct competition* with European laborers, that is, if we are obliged to sell our productions at the price, for which, similar foreign productions are sold, our laborers must work for the same price as foreign laborers. We have shown this position to be untrue from the actual facts, of our laborers not only competing with theirs, but driving them out of their own markets without changing the prices of our labor. Now let us bring these facts to the test of reason. Suppose the labor of a man here produces no more than the labor of a man there, and the products of both are sold at the same price; still, if of the products of the foreign laborer three fourths are taken for some purpose besides rewarding the laborer, and of the products of the laborer here only one half are taken, then, the laborer *here* gets promisly twice as much as the laborer *there*, though the products of both are sold at the *same price*. Now will the Mail tell us, if it believes its own position, why the labor of this country, so far as it does come into *direct competition* with the labor of the world, is not *reduced* to the *price* of the labor of the world? And also, if it believes the causes we assign for the difference between the reward of labor here and in Europe, have no effect? or in other words, if it believes if all the burdens and disadvantages imposed upon the labor of England were imposed upon the labor of our own country, that our laborers would still be just as well rewarded as they now are if we only continued the tariff of '42?

As to the rates of wages here, we cannot get them from the books of the corporations. But they have been reduced since the passage of the tariff of '42, and are now lower, notwithstanding they have been raised some within a month or two, than they were immediately preceding the passage of that act.

THE OLD CONTINENTAL; *or, the price of Liberty.*—This is the title of a neat work in two vols., by Hon. James K. Paulding. It is a thrilling tale of the Revolution, and vividly presents to the reader a most truthful picture of the deprivations and trials and intense sufferings of a whole people struggling to maintain their inalienable rights against the impositions of a tyrant king. So many and so varied the items in "the price of liberty," given by the writer, in graphic colors, that the reader can with difficulty stop short of the last line of the last chapter.

This work may be found at Judkins' Bookstore, 29 Central st., where also may be found all the popular periodical literature of the day.

☞ Much excitement prevailed at Concord, N. H., on account of a man named Crummot having committed a rape on his daughter, about 13 years of age, and then arrested by a Sheriff, but allowed by the Sheriff to escape. A son of this same Sheriff about the same time, while out gunning, shot a horse worth $70 while his rider was watering him, and the man narrowly escaped being shot also. This boy is a full grown fellow 18 or 19 years of age, and has long promised to make business for the State, being naturally vicious, and receiving some extra advantages from his father's grog shop. So writes a correspondent of the Boston Bee.

☞ The latest news from Mexico is that Sig. Barbachano, governor of the state of Yucatan, and the members of both houses of congress, arrived at Campeachy from Merida on the 21st ult., to proclaim their independence from the government of Mexico.

☞ The Bristol print works at Taunton, Mass., turn out fifteen hundred pieces of muslin de laine per week. These are of the richest quality, and with others made in this country have almost excluded the article from abroad.

☞ The United States Circuit Court, Judge Woodbury on the Bench, were hearing cases and delivering opinions in Boston yesterday.

☞ Thanks to Hon. S. Breese, of the Senate, and Hon. T. H. Bayley, of the House, for Congressional documents.

A CRUEL FATHER. In a speech recently made in the Senate by Mr Webster, he is said by the Union, "to have carried the war into Africa!"

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

In the SENATE, Mr Barnell Senator from Nantucket, appeared in his seat for the first time since his reported defalcations.

Passed to be Engrossed—Bills to incorporate the Fitchburg and Worcester Railroad Co; the Lancaster and Sterling Branch Railroad Co; the Boston and Woonsocket Railroad Co; the Concord and West Acton and Boxboro' Steam Mill Co's; the American Nail Co; to establish the salaries of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas; the Malden Canal Co; to authorize the Grantie Railway Co to extend their road.

The Bill to incorporate the Watertown Branch Railroad Co, was rejected—9 to 10.

In the HOUSE, the bill to raise the salaries of the Judges and Registers of Probate to the amount at which they stood previous to the passage of the act of 1843, was passed to be engrossed after considerable debate—107 yeas to 94 nays.

The bill to increase the salaries of the attornies of the Eastern and Middle districts was ordered to a 3d reading—79 to 68.

The Senate bill concerning the Militia came up, and was passed to be engrossed.

The resolve for the payment of pauper accounts was amended and passed to be engrossed.

Monday, April 13.

SENATE. The following bills and resolves passed to be engrossed: Bills incorporating the Bradford Railroad Co; the Wrentham and Foxboro Railroad Co; the Malden Steam Mills; the Winchendon Railroad Co; establishing the salary of the 1st Clerk in the Secretary's office; in addition incorporating the Methuen Bleaching and Dying Co;

The bill to incorporate the Watertown Branch Railroad was also passed to be engrossed.

The HOUSE voted to adhere to its vote on the Danvers and Malden railroad.

The Committee on change of name reported *two hundred and nine* names to be changed;

Report. Leave to withdraw on petitions of Frances Jackson and others, for secession of Massachusetts from the Union, (accepted, 153 to 0.)

Passed to be engrossed. Bill relating to the duties of School Committees and the distribution of the School Fund; establishing salaries of District Attornies for Middle and Western Districts; relating to railroad corporations;

The bill establishing the Walpole Branch Railroad Co; was passed to be engrossed, after some discussion.

The resolve given $21,000 to the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary, upon condition that $10,000 is given by individuals, passed to a third reading.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Mr Wilson of Natick moved to reconsider the vote whereby the House adopted the report that it is inexpedient to legislate about the admission of Texas into the Union—was reconsidered by a vote of 96 to 72. Mr Wilson, then moved to amend by insertion his own preamble and resolutions offered some weeks since, censuring Congress for admitting Texas, &c., &c., and the question was taken by yeas and nays. The House adopted Mr Wilson's Anti-Texas resolutions by a vote 146 to 49. The preamble and resolves was then read twice as follows:

Resolved, That Massachusetts distinctly and solemnly sounds to the country her uncompromising opposition to the further extension and longer existence of American slavery; that she hereby deliberately declares her earnest and unalterable purpose, to use every lawful and constitutional measures for its overthrow and entire extinction, and she hereby pledges her cordial cooperation to the friends of civil liberty, throughout the Union, and in every just and practical measure, that shall tend to free our country from the dominion, curse and shame of slavery, and make her great and glorious among the nations.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, April 9.

In the SENATE, the resolution of Mr Clayton, calling for any further correspondence about Oregon was taken up, and after an exciting discussion was laid over for further debate, and the resolution for notice taken up. Mr Mangum made a speech in favor of notice of some kind, and then the senate went into Executive session.

HOUSE. [Correspondence of the N. Y. Evening Post.] A stirring day in the House; I never saw one more so.

Mr C. J. Ingersoll arose to make a personal explanation. He then read as follows:—

I have put the few words I desired to say into writing, that there might be no mis-report or mistake about them. I would not ask the indulgence of the House for my personal vindication, but the occasion involves the most precious privilege of members of this House in which the people are represented. Its freedom of speech has been grossly attacked, through me, by a senator, Mr Daniel Webster. Of him, as a senator, or an individual, I have never spoken here.—Of Mr Daniel Webster's misconduct as Secretary of State, I have often spoken, mostly to commend it—in the instance which provoked him this session, with a severity which I acknowledge justifies retort. All I rise to do is, to ask the House to indulge me with a word of explanation, as to which I suppose there will hardly be objection. If adopted, I promise they may be answered next Monday, and then I shall pray permission to speak on the subject. One of them is designed to bring officially before the House the journal or minutes of the committee on Foreign Affairs, in February, 1843, whose the honorable gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr Adams) was chairman of the committee. These minutes will prove that Mr Secretary Webster made known to members of that committee, by a written communication, that the President wished for a special mission to Great Britain, which special mission I think it will sufficiently appear, was to settle the Oregon question by yielding what Mr Webster has lately denied our right to claim.

The resolution for information from the Department of State will bring forth proofs of Mr Secretary Webster's misdemeanors in office—his fraudulent misapplication and personal use of the public funds, and corruption of party presses with the money appropriated by law for the contingent expenses of foreign intercourse. When discharged, as he was, from the department to which he was so great a disgrace, he was a delinquent, a public defaulter. He did not account for the public money he fraudulently abstracted from the department, till more than a year after he was expelled from it, and did not account for most of it then, by paying back the money he abstracted, but by vouchers from notoriously base agents of his choice, who receipted for it to be expended in managing party presses. Papers from the department of state, some of them signed by him, will reveal the mystery of what one of his corrupt agents, in a letter to him marked "private," applauds as Mr Webster's new and admirable mode of settling the Northeastern boundary question, after the forty years' blundering, however honest and patriotic, of Washington, the Adamses, Jefferson, Madison Munros, Jackson, and Van Buren, who did not consider it right to expend public money in corrupting the presses of the people. It is sickening, if not sad reality, that a man of fine abilities, as preposterously as profanely miscalled "godlike," should be exposed in his mean and paltry contrivances and associations with notoriously base felons, in a palpably vile misuse of the public money. When I spoke the offensive words of the secretary, which appeared to have goaded him to that madness betraying the guilty, I had no idea of the extent of his offence. Indeed I have not now, for detection is only begun since he called me to it. One of his co-adjutors writes to the secretary of State that he presumes the contingent fund is ample, and the secretary's control over it complete. These papers, when made printed documents, will show the application of some of the same secret contingent fund to the release of McLeod; and although Mr Webster is reported to have said in the Senate that there was only one letter on that subject, three, in one and the same day will appear.

Whether, when furnished with proofs of Mr secretary Webster's malversation, corruption and delinquency, his offence will be deemed impeachable misdemeanors in office, conviction of which must remove him from the Senate, and disqualify him to hold any office of honor, trust or profit, under the United States, will remain to be considered. Should it prove necessary to go to the extremity, the similitude will be striking with a great English lawyer, called by a poet the wisest and meanest of mankind. It will be perceived that the detection, if I am not mistaken, which any former disclosures may lead to, merges my individual wrong; and even the injustice done through me to the representative characters, freedom and privilege of this House, in the much greater importance of misdemeanors in office. When congress sees the proofs I propose to submit, they will judge all parties, and do what is right. It is useless, and would be worse than useless, for me to apply epithets to Mr Webster. I desire to try him, and be tried, by proofs.

Mr Ingersoll then submitted a series of resolutions (in accordance with his notice) and they were read.

Mr Bailey and Mr Hilliard opposed the resolutions.

Mr Winthrop of Boston, made a vindictive and excited reply to Mr Ingersol, which, although I have taken full notes of, you could not print in to-morrow's edition. I omit it altogether. There was one passage between him and Mr Ingersoll, when the latter asked him if he, Winthrop, had not said that he, Ingersoll, was to receive a scarifying from Mr Webster, that promised at one time, rather serious consequences, as the two gentlemen stood in close neighborhood, and seemed a little inclined to come to closer; but it passed off.

The resolutions were adopted—yeas 126, nays 28, and are as follows:

Resolved, That the President of the United States, be requested to cause to be furnished to this House, an account of all payments made in the President's certificates, from the funds appropriated by law, thro' the agency of the State department, for the contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, since the 4th of March 1841, until the retirement of Daniel Webster from the department of State, with copies of all entries, receipts, letters, vouchers, memorandums, or other evidence of each payments, to whom paid, for what, and particularly all concerning the North Eastern Boundary dispute with Great Britain: also, copies of whatever communications were made from the secretary of state during the last session of the 27th congress, particularly February, 1843, to Mr Cushing and Mr Adams, members of the committee of this House on Foreign Affairs; of the wish of the President of the United States, to institute a special mission to Great Britain; also, copies of all letters on the books of the department, to any officer of the United States, or any person in New York, concerning Alexander McLeod; provided that no document or matter is requested to be furnished by the foregoing resolution, which in the opinion of the President, would improperly involve the citizen, or subject of any foreign power.

Resolved, That the chairman of the committee of this House, on Foreign Affairs, submit to the House, the journal of the minutes of the committee, during the last session of the 27th congress.

Friday, April 10.

In the SENATE, Mr Jarnagin offered a resolution calling upon the President for a statement showing the application of the secret service fund since the 4th of March, 1825, which was laid over under the rule.

Mr Webster, in view of a further discussion of the Ashburton treaty, moved a call upon the President for the correspondence between the United States and Great Britain during the years 1841, '42 and 43, in reference to the right of search or visit. It was adopted.

The special order of the day, the "notice," was taken up. Mr Bagby was entitled to the floor, but yielded to Mr Fairchild to say a word in reply to Mr Webster's statement that there were not fifty men in Maine who were not satisfied with the settlement of the N. E. Boundary. He thought he should not be doing justice to his constituents to hear such assertions, and not refute them.

He then went on to show the disadvantages resulting to Maine from that treaty.

Mr Webster maintained the treaty was as good as Maine had a right to expect.

Mr Bagby then took the floor and made a speech in favor of the notice.

In the HOUSE, Mr Dixon, of Ct., moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution requesting the President of the United States to furnish an account of the payments from the secret service fund, from the 4th of March, 1841, until the retirement of Mr Webster from the office of secretary of State, was yesterday adopted.

Mr Dixon then proceeded to vindicate Mr Webster from the aspersions cast upon him by Mr Ingersoll and Mr Yancey, and undertook to prove the inconsistencies of the administration party upon the currency, the tariff and nullification.

The motion to reconsider was laid upon the table.

Saturday, April 11.

In the SENATE nothing of importance was done.

In the HOUSE, Mr Winthrop made a personal statement relative to some allegation about Mr Webster being a pensioned agent to manufacturers—denying that such was the case. His commercial friends have given him an annuity, as a mark of respect and as an evidence of the estimation in which they held his services.

Sundry private bills were considered, after which the House adjourned.

☞ Making "twain one flesh" is supposed to mean, in modern parlance, the mixing of pig and puppy, in the manufacture of sausages.

[redacted]jor Ripley of the Springfield Armory has been honorably acquitted by the Court Martial, of every charge brought against him. Of course!

☞ Christy's Band of Ethiopian Minstrels perform again at the City Hall this evening. They are very good of the kind.

☞ The Park Place House, N. Y., was set on fire on Saturday, but discovered and put out before much injury had been done. The incendiary escaped.

☞ The Supreme Court commenced its sittings here to-day.

☞ The Boston folks voted almost unanimously, yesterday, in favor of the water act.

☞ Several articles crowded out to-day.

☞ *A NEW AND GRAND BILL AT THE MUSEUM, THIS WEEK. Go early.*

A LIFE PRESERVED!

The following positive testimony in favor of Wistar's Balsam, has been received by the agent in this city.

Jordan, N. Y., April 15, 1845.

In the winter of 1841 and '2 I was troubled with hoarseness and dry hacking cough, produced no doubt by change of climate, having previously spent some time at the South, and possessing weak lungs and a rather delicate constitution. In February I was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, which continued until I had not sufficient strength of voice to speak loud in three months. Through medical treatment and care I partially recovered during the summer, but on the return of winter was attacked again with cough, chills, fever, night sweats. Physicians said they could do no more for me, as I was rapidly sinking with consumption. Fortunately, my friends procured the BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, thinking it might relieve me for a time, and with the blessing of kind Providence, it entirely restored me to health, which I have continued to enjoy until the present time, without any symptom of my former disease, with the exception of being a little more liable to cold from damp air and sudden changes of weather. ELIZABETH WILSON.

Sworn and subscribed this 15th day of April, 1845, before me. A. CHASE, Justice.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pmnr4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurff* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. Hadvmn28

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY. — NEW PLAYS!

First time in Lowell, of the interesting Melo Drama of the "Incendiary," for Three Evenings, MONDAY, TEESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, April 13, 14, and 15, at 8 o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The performances will commence with the thrilling Melo Drama, in 2 acts, by Charles Wells, esq., entitled

THE INCENDIARY: Or, *The Factory Burner!*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Clark, Merrifield, Bradley, Tenney, Aikins, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Song, - - - - - - - - Mr Bradley.
Comic Song, - - - - - - - Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

FAMILY JARS: Or, *The Mistaken Fathers!*

Characters by Messrs Wyatt, Merrifield, Tenney, Bradley, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. nprt4

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in said county, stonecutter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Benjamin Day will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Day, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

J. BANCROFT,
3tnpr14 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Lowell Institute.

THE annual meeting of the members of the Lowell Institute will be held WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 15, at 8 o'clock, in the Committee Room at the City Hall, for the choice of Officers and transaction of other business. A full attendance is requested.

NATHAN ALLEN, President.
A. W. FARR, Secretary. tmapr11

ASTOUNDING CHARGES AGAINST MR. WEBSTER.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Herald states the following very serious charges as those which Mr Ingersoll expects to prove against Mr Webster.—The correspondent says—

"From facts which are to be submitted to Congress, in compliance with the call of the resolution which passed yesterday, it will appear that Mr Webster, soon after entering upon the duties of Secretary of State, took from the disbursing agent of that department, Edward Stubbs, Esq., the entire control of the secret service money. That he drew from thence the sum of seventeen thousand (17,000,) part of which he employed (3,000,) on the newspaper press upon the Northern frontier, for the purpose of giving a certain tone to public opinion, pending the trial of Alexander McLeod. That for this purpose, he employed F. O. J. Smith, formerly a member of Congress from Maine, who wrote to Mr Webster, from time to time, for more money, and in whose communications it is stated, that his (Mr Webster's mode of doing business, (employing the press and individuals, too, in behalf of McLeod,) was the only one by which the affair could be settled. This letter is on file in the department, and will be forthcoming, with the other extraordinary papers that are now preparing to be sent into the House of Representatives.

Another similar case, is that in which a person named Powell, was employed to use the government money. He received $1000 for services in the same way. Some time ago, it will be remembered, Mr Ingersoll charged upon Mr Webster that he had applied to the House Committee of Foreign Relations, at the head of which was Mr Adams, for one year's salary and an outfit of $18,000, as Minister to England. This was soon after the conclusion of the Ashburton treaty.—This charge, both Mr Webster and Mr Adams positively denied. Well, sir, among the papers in the State department, is a letter from Mr Adams in his own hand writing, to Mr Webster, in reply to one sent from Mr Webster to him on that subject, in which it is stated that the committee had had the subject before them for consideration, and that the application for the outfit was negatived in committee, by a vote of five to three.

Thus, it will be seen, that both Mr Webster's and Mr Adams' denials upon this subject, are now or shortly will be proved to be the other way.

I understood that what I have given above, is not a tithe of what will be forthcoming in a few days; so that the country must be prepared to meet the most extraordinary developements that have ever been made in either this or any other country, concerning a public man. Mr Ingersoll is committed before the country on this business, and the burden of the proof now rests with him. What I have given above, may be relied on as true, for the source from whence it come to me, is unquestionable.

MARRIED,

In this city, April 8, by Rev Mr Barnap, Mr Nathaniel Perley to Miss Ann Mariah Gates, both of this city.

In this city, April 12, by Rev Mr Hanks, Mr Joseph T. Moulton, of Waltham, formerly of Thornton, N. H., and Miss Marin Jane Babcock, of Lowell, formerly of Readsboro', Vt.

In Salem, April 9, by Rev Joseph Banvard, Rev Daniel C. Eddy, pastor of the first Baptist Church, in this city, to Miss Elizabeth Stone, of Salem.

In Norwich, Ct., April 8, Mr Waldo A. Fisher, of this city, to Miss Angelina Hawes, of Waltham, Mass.

DIED,

Report of Deaths in Lowell, during the week ending April 11, 1846.

April 5, Thankful Burnham, 51, consumption; Caroline P. Kimball, 38, consumption; 6, Amasa Dupee, 52, pleurisy; Nathan Farr, killed by a fall; 7, Jesse E. Clifford, 34, killed by falling of a brick wall; Joseph W. Wright, 51, inflammation of the lungs; 8, Alzaira R. Butler, 18, typhoid fever; Eliza Ann Fenno, 19, consumption; Mary Ann Nichols, 1 year, dropsy of the brain; Hannah E. Bean, 15 months, measles; Richard W. Burns, 6 months, dropsy of brain; 9, Mary C. Gardner, 30 years, inflammation; 10, James McManmos, 85, consumption; Mary Ann Webster, 2, consumption; William H. Huntoon, 2 months, lung fever; 11, Albert L. Stiles, 14 months, lung fever; Sarah E. Church, 7 months, lung fever; Emily Eliza Huntoon, 2 years, measles; John McIntee, 1 year, measles.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

A CARD.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Messenger's Notice.

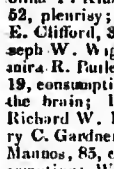
Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, April 9, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracut, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Newton Colburn will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of April instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and theo proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Colburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
3tapr11 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Dizziness, Weakness, Nausea, Numerous eruptions on the face and neck, Heetic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

Bath, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

Bath, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. ad&pmtlyapr4

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners within and for the County of Middlesex:

WE, the subscribers, humbly represent, that a road from Salem road, near Sunshcen River, in Billerica, to the road leading from Billerica to Tewksbury, between Heath Swamp and Mill Meadow, so called, in Tewksbury, a part of which has been laid out, by the town of Billerica, and a part by the County,—a part of said road has been fenced up, two years past, to the great inconvenience of the public.

We, therefore, pray that your Honorable Board would view the same, and order such new pieces of highway, and widenings, as your judgment, the public convenience and necessity may require.

THEOPHILUS MANNING, and 39 others.

MIDDLESEX, SS.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for said County, at Cambridge, on the first Tuesday of January, A. D., 1846.

ON the foregoing petition, Ordered, That the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties at the house of JOHN BROWN, in Tewksbury, on THURSDAY, the fourteenth day of May next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, by serving the Town Clerk of Tewksbury and Billerica with a copy of said petition and this order thereon, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at Lowell, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in each of the towns of Billerica and Tewksbury fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Copy of petition and order thereon.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy.

law3w&14 Attest—Sam'l Chandler, Sheriff.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.--Central Street--37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrufula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. ad&plyapr5

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

mmar17

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½ P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train of Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6¾ a.m. train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar8tf

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Post Office.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine a his house in Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

Office—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

Dry Goods—At Office.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, a large invoice of seasonable dry goods.

For particulars see small bills circulated.

Plants!—Plants!!

On THURSDAY next, at 2 o'clock, 500 pots the most splendid Plants ever offered at auction in this city. Particulars hereafter.

N. B. Those in want of Plants will do well to attend this sale, as there are many very choice plants.

To be sold at Auction about the 15th day of April next, on the premises:

A genteel Double House, with 6300 feet of land, situated on Ash, near Washington street, Belvidere—built about one year ago, in the most thorough manner—parlors with folding-doors, and 7 other rooms in each tenement, very conveniently arranged. There is a good wood-shed, and a first-rate well of water. The front yard and land in the rear is well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees of the choicest varieties.

The above will be sold together or separately, as will best suit. The present occupants will give possession immediately, and one of them will take a long lease at a handsome per cent. on the price paid. A part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage as long as desired.

For particulars, inquire of D. G. LITTLEFIELD, or the Auctioneer.

Lowell, March 26, 1846.

Dry Goods, Broadcloths, &c.

On FRIDAY, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., a large and valuable invoice of Woolens, Linens, White Dress Goods, &c., in part as follows: Blue, Black, Super, Twilled, and Plain German, French and English Broadcloths; plain and figured Buckskins, Doeskins, and plain Cassimeres, Vestings, Scarfs, &c.—Also, a large lot of super, medium, and low-priced Irish Linens, Bishop Lawns, White Muslins, and other seasonable Dress Goods.

The above is the best invoice of such goods ever offered in Lowell, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Great Sale of Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, the 23 day of April commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., with Lot No. 1, and proceeding in the order described below:

No. 1. Three brick tenements, 3 stories high, on the westerly side of Adams street: two of them being the two northerly tenements in the Bascom block, and the other being the southerly tenement of the Adams block.

No. 2. Two Cottages with about 7400 feet of land, on a cross street leading from Lowell to Fletcher street, near the "Stone House."

No. 3. One acre and 71 rods on said back street, near the lot last named.

No. 4. Five acres and 55 rods of land on a back street west of and near the head of Pawtucket canal and adjoining land of — Bowers.

No. 5. The quarry of mortar stone, containing about 38,909 feet, on the westerly side of School street, and south of Cross street, intersecting the same.

No. 6. About 20,000 square feet of land, with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, situated on the west side of Water st., Belvidere, known as the Crain place.

Terms easy. A large portion of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage. Enquire of D. S. RICHARDSON, esq., Mansur's Building, or of the Auctioneer.

House, Store and Land.

On FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on South street, near the Appleton boarding-houses, a large new dwelling-house, conveniently arranged for two families, with a store in the basement, comprising altogether 14 well finished rooms, with a good wood shed, small barn, and a large stone and cement rain-water cistern. The property is well situated to rent at all times, and is desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars apply to the auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Valuable Farm in Tewksbury.

On MONDAY, April 20, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 119 acres, excellent Land, well divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasture, and Wood Land. On it is a good one and a half story dwelling-house; barn, shed, &c.,—a well of excellent water for all purposes—a quantity of excellent Fruit Trees, &c. Terms liberal. A large part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage, if desired.

Cottage Houses.

On THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, Two Cottage House, situated on the West side of Dutton street, near the Engine House,—on leased land. Said houses are conveniently arranged and neatly furnished, and will be sold together or seperate, as may be desired by the company. Terms at sale.

Paper Hangings.

On THURSDAY next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., 3000 rolls of modern style paper hangings, of various qualities. Dealers are invited to attend the sale.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Crooked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above O. ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;* Geo. Furristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Lemu'l Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. A. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skehon; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 ×3m

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Highly important to all invaildsand Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion; dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has errayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the repetetion of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Suger Conted or preteuded improved Indion Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders where used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How once this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

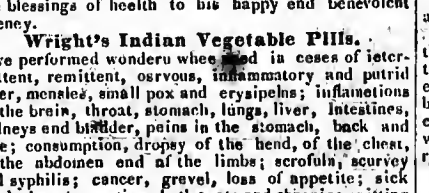
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Rooms new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Feathers made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institutine, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo, 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

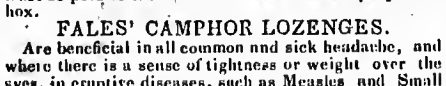
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Towce, Con. st., John Dowe, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Daniel Ball, L. H. Flotcher; Marlborough, Gen. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cohleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Worden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent doly and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON,
47, *Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.*
36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison, on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as—

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make chicks lay,
And for their false opinion pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worthy suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from unseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan23

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c. attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN,
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs. Stannard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully youre,

GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TUCKER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and to*

his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pain entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3u&ply

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient for those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN H. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20u&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lowistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs. E. Kiddar, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 3, 1845. ly&p3

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 16, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 45.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. ung212m

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1, 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1840. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Morrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bortlett
je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Corpots, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

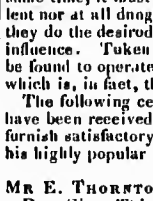
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with confidence for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. s&p6wosaptf9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam.* Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam" "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. nt3A&p6in

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'tly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of disease to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. u&p1yaug30

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 5
			1839	693 3	308 50	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Paich & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,
in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of
COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvonized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.
J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

SONG: WOMAN'S A TREASURE.

Oh! woman 's a treasure,
Her love is a pleasure,
Which sweetens the moments of life;
Nothing else that kind heaven
Hath unto man giveo
Can ever compare with a wife.

Our troubles she lightens,
Our happiness brightens,
With the beams of her beautiful smile;
All that 's worthy possessing
Would lose half its blessing
If she did not share it the while.

If with sickness we languish,
Or suffer in anguish,
Like an angel she'll watch by our side,
Untiring, uncomplaining,
With love never waning,
But the truer the more it is tried.

When fortune is frowning,
Or prosperity crowning
Our efforts, still woman 's the same;
Her love lasts forever,
And quench you can never
The unselfish immaculate flame.

Then cherish her dearly,
And love her sincerely,
Be faithful, indulgent and kind;
Make not a slight failing,
A pretext for railing,
If such you should happen to find.

O do not misuse her,
And never refuse her,
When proper her wishes may be,
And thy cost, care and trouble,
She will recompense double,
By the kindness she 'll lavish on thee.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CATTLE SHOW AND PLOUGHING MATCH.—CONCORD, OCTOBER 7, 1846.

The Society of Middlesex Husbandmen and Manufacturers hereby offer the following Premiums, for encouragement of Agriculture, Manufactures, and the cultivation of Trees, within the County of Middlesex.

LIVE STOCK.

For the best Fat Ox, at least expense,	$8 00
" next best,	6 00
" best Bull, not under 1 year old or over three,	8 00
" next best,	6 00
" best Bull Calf, not over 12 nor under 3 months,	4 00
" next best,	2 00
" best yoke of Working Oxen,	8 00
" next best,	7 00
" next best,	6 00
" next best,	5 00
" next best,	4 00
" best 3 year old Steers,	6 00
" next best,	3 00
" best 2 year old Steers,	5 00
" next best,	3 00
" best yearling Steers,	4 00
" next best,	2 00
" best Calf Steers,	4 00
" next best,	2 00
" best Milch Cow,	8 00
" next best,	6 00
" next best,	4 00
" next best,	3 00
" best Milch Heifer, under 3 yrs. old,	6 00
" next best,	4 00
" best 2 year old Heifer, not having had a calf,	5 00
" next best,	3 00
" best yearling Heifer,	4 00
" next best,	2 00
" best Heifer Calf, not over 12 nor under 3 months,	4 00
" next best,	2 00

None of the above animals, except Calves, will be entitled to premiums, unless they have been owned in the County of Middlesex at least six months previous to the time of exhibition.—Milch Cows and Heifers will not be entitled to a premium unless the owner furnishes a certificate, showing the mode of keeping, and quantity of milk given or butter made.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

For the best piece of plain Cloth, not less than 15 yards, ¾ yard wide,	$4 00
" next best,	2 00
For the best piece Woolen Flannel, not less than 20 yards, ¾ yard wide,	4 00
" next best,	2 00
For the best Ladies' long Hose, not less than 3 pair,	2 00
" next best,	1 00
For the best piece of Woolen Frocking, not less than 16 yards, 7-8 yard wide,	4 00
For the best Cotton and Woolen Frocking, not less than 16 yards, 7-8 yard wide,	3 00

A written statement of the mode of preparing, and a minute and accurate account of the expense of manufacturing said articles, must be exhibited.

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

For the best piece of Carpeting, not less than 20 yards, 1 yard wide,	5 00
" next best,	3 00
" best Woolen Coverlet,	3 00
" next best,	2 00
" best Woolen knit half Hose, not less than 6 pair,	2 00
" next best,	1 00
" best pair of Woolen Blankets,	3 00
" next best,	2 00
" best Hearth Rug,	3 00
" next best,	2 00
" next best,	1 00

After examination, the goods will be considered in the charge of the owners, but must remain a short time for public inspection.

BUTTER.

For the best new churned butter not less than 12 lbs.,	$3 00
" next best,	2 50
" next best	2 00
" next best,	1 50
" next best,	1 00

Certificates of the manner in which it has been made and preserved, will be required.

WHITE MULBERRY TREES AND CULTURE OF SILK

For the best Plantation of White Mulberry Trees, not less than 150 in number, which shall be in the best thriving condition in the Autumn of 1846,	$15 00
" next best,	10 00
" next best,	8 00
" next best,	7 00
" best specimen of Silk not less	

than 2 lbs., 8 00
" next best, 7 00
" next best, 5 00

Certificates will be required of the manner and expense of growing the silk, with evidence accompanying the same.

SWINE.

For the best Boar, $6 00
" next best, 5 00
" best Breeding Sow, 6 00
" next best, 5 00
" best Pigs, not less than 3 in number, from 4 to 8 months old, 5 00
" next best, 3 00

All unsuccessful competitors on Stock shall be allowed, from the funds of the Society, eight cents per mile for travel from their respective places of abode, to the town where the annual show is holden. And the same travel will be allowed to all unsuccessful competitors on Swine.

FOREST TREES.

For the best plantation of White Oak Trees, not less than half an acre, nor fewer than 500 Trees thereon, to be raised from the acorn since 1832, and which shall be in the best thriving state in the autumn of 1846, $20 00
" second best, 15 00
" third best, 12 00
" best plantation of white Ash trees, not less than an acre, nor fewer than 150 trees thereon, to be raised from the seed, and which shall be in the best thriving state in the autumn of 1846, 15 00
" second best, 10 00
" third best, 8 00
" best plantation of Elm Trees not less than ¼ of an acre, nor fewer than 80 trees thereon, to be raised from the seed, and which shall be in the best thriving state in the year 1846, 8 00
" best grove of Sugar Maple Trees, not less than 200 trees, set out since 1841, and shall be in the best thriving state in the year 1848, 5 00

FRUIT TREES.

For the best Apple Orchard, not less than 75 trees, which shall have been planted or set out since the year 1835, and shall be in the best thriving state in the year 1846, $15 00
" the second best, 12 00
" the third best, 8 00
" best engrafted or budded Pear Trees, not less than 25 trees, set out since the year 1836, and the best thriving state in the autumn of 1846, 10 00
" next best, 5 00
" the best Peach Orchard, not less than 100 trees, set out since the year 1844, and which shall be in the best thriving state in the autumn of 1846, 10 00
" next best, 5 00
" the best Plum trees, not less than 25 trees, set out since 1841, and shall be in the best thriving state in the autumn of 1846, 5 00
" next best, 3 00

A full statement, in writing, of the soil, mode of cultivation, and treatment in regard to insects, must be furnished to the committee.

Premiums will be awarded for the best specimens of Apples, Pears, Peaches, Grapes, and other fruits to be used at the annual dinner of the Society. Premiums will also be awarded for the best specimen of Vegetables.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

A REVEREND SEDUCER AND SCOUNDREL. *Greenfield, Mass., April 4th.* Another of those villaneous cases of seduction and desertion, by which so many females are disgraced and the hearts of their friends made to bleed, has come to light in this county. A little more than a year since, a young man named Warren D. Tobey, came to Northfield, in this county, very highly recommended from the Seminary at Wilbraham, as a preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and was stationed as a preacher over the Methodist Church in Northfield.—Among the members of his Church, was a very respectable and worthy young lady named Stratton, with whom he soon became acquainted, which acquaintance appeared to ripen into love, and they were soon engaged to be married.

Soon after their engagement, the villain began to effect her ruin, and under a profession of the most ardent affection and fidelity, and an assurance that they were already married in the sight of Heaven, and that human ceremonies were of little consequence; her conscientious scruples were overcome and her ruin accomplished. A short time after he had accomplished his villainous purpose, he left Northfield, and is supposed to be now preaching in this or some of the neighboring States. The above facts have been held from the public till the present time, in the hope that Tobey would be brought to justice, but as all hopes of the kind are now given up, the young lady's friends have come to the determintion to unmask the hypocrite and publish his true character to the world. Tobey is of middling size, dark hair, black eyes, and is 26 or 28 years of age. [Exchange paper.

A LEGISLATOR TAKEN IN. During the the debate on the hawker's and pedlar's bill in the Senate, yesterday forenoon, Mr Beal of Plymouth, stated that the jewelry pedlers, who, in despite of the law against their vocation, were as plenty as locusts, had penetrated even to the committee rooms of the Legislature, and one of them had sold to a member what he called a gold pen, for the sum of five dollars, the real value of which was fifty cents The scamp should be sentenced to listen to legislative debates through the period of a railroad session. [Boston Courier.

ERIE CANAL. We learn from the Rochester papers, and from various sources that an immense business is anticipated on the opening of the Erie canal. The warehouses the whole length of the canal are overloaded with western produce and various kinds of freight. From this fact, together with the express and accommodation trains over the western Railroad, at the low fare of $3 to Albany, we have every reason to expect a great increase of western trade to our growing city. [Boston Transcript.

A JOB. One first of April, at Newburyport, an honest blacksmith of the Miller faith found an order on his slate—"to hoop an earthquake, mend the lock on the gate of New Jerusalem, and repair one of the hinges on the cellar door of the infernal regions."

☞ It is agreed upon that the Oregon question shall be taken to-day (Thursday) in the Senate.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 16, 1846.

COURIER AND POSTMASTER AGAIN. The Courier, having been driven from the position it took in explanation of the affidavits we published, and also the statement of Mr Roberts, relating to the Postmaster, continues to adhere to the *collateral issues* it made with a pertinacity worthy a man who fully appreciates the maxim that "a lie well stuck to is better than the truth waveriug." The Courier editor knows the owners of the Advertiser own the "other paper" because somebody *told* him so. If he should be *told* we owned the Courier, then he *would know* that we did, and would probably prepare to vacate the premises. He certainly has mistook his calling, he must have been "born" for the law! He has seen receipts too, for advertising in "that paper," signed Hildreth & Varney. If he has seen such, they were signed wrongfully and without authority. No man was ever authorized to sign the name of Hildreth to any bill or receipt emanating from the Vox Populi Office. He also refers the "curious" to a document that may be seen at the City Clerk's office. That document proves exactly the reverse of any ownership in Vox Populi by Hildreth. It is a mortgage. Now if Hildreth *owned* that office, why should he take a mortgage on it? Men sometimes *give* mortgages on their own property, but we never knew any body to *take* one.

As to "private conversation," we have published no conversation, statements or affidavits, but are made public documents, by being on the files of the Post Office Department at Washington. Nor have we accused the Post Master with a design to *pilfer*; we stated the facts and asked an explanation. The Courier gave one, but it failed; and if the design of pilfering or cheating the department, that he might obtain personal favor and emolument, either by neglecting to *return fines* at the proper time, or by neglecting to *report delinquencies* rests upon the Postmaster, it is the fault of the facts, and the Courier's abortive effort to explain them, and not any opinion of ours, as we have only laid bare the facts, and shown the Courier's explanation of them *must be untrue.*

The letter the editor wrote to Daniel Webster, for Mr Seavy's confirmation, was not written at the time we went to Washington, and "to put Daniel Webster and whig Senators on their guard." It was written previous to our going to Washington, and before the editor of the Courier or Mr Seavy had the least idea we thought of going; *and it was written in accordance with an understanding with Mr. Seavy, and an expectation of having the list of letters after the confirmation.*

P. S.—The "distinguished democrat" so often quoted by the Courier within the last six months, in matters pertaining to the democratic party,—no less a personage than the Postmaster's *private secretary*,—paid another visit to the Courier office, on Monday forenoon, to furnish the editor with materials for the article which appeared in the afternoon. This is the same "distinguished democrat" who communicated to the editor of the Courier and other whig orators a detailed account of all the doings (in Committee meeting) of the Democratic City Committee, last fall, which was immediately thereafter promulgated to a whig caucus in the City Hall. If the editor of the whig organ can *make any thing* out of this "distinguished democrat" it is more than honest tradesmen can do. The editor of the Courier may "love the treason," but in his heart he must "despise the traitor."

CONNECTICUT SECURED.

We have heard from 29 of the 30 towns which had a second trial for representatives on Monday. In 11 towns the democrats succeeded and chose 16. In 17 towns the whigs succeeded, and chose 25. In one town, Woodstock, the abolitionists succeeded and chose 2.

Democrats chosen on the first trial	98
" " " second trial	16–114
Whigs chosen on the first trial	78
" " " second trial	25–103
Abolitionists chosen	2
	219

The town of Bozrah only remains to be heard from, and that will elect a democrat. The house consists of 220 members; 111 is a majority, and our friends have 114. They have a majority in the senate. *So Connecticut is safe.*

THE EMPIRE CITY ALL CORRECT.

This is the way the Globe tells the story—"The democracy of the Empire City again triumphant—Mickle the democretic candidate for Mayor elected—Leonard, the democratic commissioner, elected by 5,000 majority, besides a large majority in both boards of the common council."

ANDREW H. MICKLE, the democratic candidate for the office of mayor of New York, was elected on Tuesday last by a plurality of FIVE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX VOTES. The democrats have also carried SIXTEEN wards out of the EIGHTEEN; all but the third and fifteenth; thus securing the entire control of the municipal government of "the big city" for the ensuing year.—Good boys.

MAN SHOT. Mr Hill, one of the Directors of the West Feliciana Rail Road, residing in Mississippi, while seated in his house on a sofa by his wife, was shot by some person unknown. A portion of his tongue was cut off, his eye shot out, and several teeth carried away. He is expected to recover, but will be horribly disfigured.

☞ A marriage took place in New York last week, where the bride, bridesmaid, bridesgroom and groomsman were all cousins, and thirteen other cousins (17 in the whole) stood beside them. An uncle of the whole seventeen was also present; and altogether it was a family and a happy affair. The groom's father was brother to the bride's mother.

☞ We wish it always understood, that when we consider a correspondence or communication worth publishing, we publish it entire, and as written, though with parts of it we may wholly disagree, not feeling at liberty to cut up and alter it, and still make the writer responsible.

☞ The Pennsylvania House of Representatives have passed resolutions instructing their Senators to vote against any alteration of the existing Naturalization Laws. Ayes 58, noes 12.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1846.

Our Foreign Relations—Lowell and the great national fair—The Middlesex mills—Tariff—John C. Calhoun—Lowell Democracy—Daniel Webster—C. J. Ingersoll—George Bancroft.

Since I last wrote you, nothing of interest has occurred here. As then stated, the subject of our Foreign Relations drowns all others. To my view, this whole matter presents an aspect a little different than to most others. England, as well as this nation, is governed mainly by public opinion. Congress is in session here—Parliament there. This Boundary question is being agitated in both places. By this course the public pulse is felt through the representatives of the people. The rulers of both nations are agreed upon 49 as a basis, Both are alike afraid of reaction in the public mind, and consequent loss of power. Each procrastinates to be well informed of the wishes of the people. So that at this moment we see Congress and the British Parliament actually holding a confab upon the subject of peace or war. The ministers on both sides are speechless, during this national tete-a-tete.

In my judgment about the 4th day of July next, this suspense in the public mind will be put an end to, by the respective ministers of the two countries finally settling upon 49. Negotiations towards this point must be approached by our minister at London, and being *opened* there, finally transferred here and *settled*.—Reasons for this course and this belief:—Mr Polk has withdrawn all propositions. The English one to Columbia river is the only one now standing. This we refuse: and this makes it incumbent on us to propose. To be sure we proposed last, and had we not *withdrawn* it, the English should open the matter; thus we have etiquette against us, in not keeping the case open. Mr Polk will not offer, but may allow Mr McLane to approach the subject in London, informally, and so put the matter on tracks again.

In this letter it was rather my inducement to write, to inform your readers concerning expectation here about Lowell, as connected with the national fair of American manufactures, to be exhibited here in May next. *However she may improve the opportunity offered to advertise her lofty position in the mechanic arts, such exhibition as she makes will be taken as fair estimates of her ability.* It is the exhibition from Lowell that is to *characterize* and *nationalize* the whole scene, if she stretch herself for the occasion. The exhibition of her fabrics, her cottons, her prints, her broad-cloths, cassimeres, flannels, feeting, yarn, coverlets, carpets, her card manufactures, her specimens at the foundary of castings, hair brushes, bobbins and spool cotton, sail, duck, jeans and pilot cloths. Have by all means one of White's card machines, that all but talks. The whip machines, and drawings of the carpet power loom. The Middlesex's fair mole skin by the side of the Corpet's coarse negro cloth, together with all the variety that is manufactured in Lowell, with Winslow from the machine shop and Lawson to explain upon them, and you will do more to sustain a just tariff and raise the prids of congress to foster the American arts, than all the speeches that could be made by all the whig members, should they commence now speaking and speak till dooms day. Every preparation will be made here to exhibit the articles to advantage. *It is now an opportunity for the genius of New England arts to appear before the liberal mind of the whole country.* By all means should the Middlesex transfer her rich store houses, *sample* by the *fleece*, as she can do, specimens of her wool, far and from the farmers, whose flocks feed in all parts of the Union,—on the banks of the St Lawrence, upon the shores of the great lakes, in the valleys of the Merrimack and Connecticut, and her still finer fleeces from western Virginia, upon the banks of the Ohio, or coarser from the great praries of Illinois, or the medium quality that she procures from the banks of the great mother of waters. There is hardly a district, from the valley of the Mississippi, through the entire region of the north and west, to the boundaries of our country, but that the Middlesex mills can, if they will, (and it is their duty to do so) exhibit to the members, in a fine wool fabric, the product of their own farmar constituency, a sample of the wool of this year's shearing, laying side by side the fine spun and finished cloth of actually the one clip. It is *truth* alone that can withstand the fierce attacks alike of the high tariff man and the free trader. Let this practical illustration of truth in the exhibition of American manufactures have its full swing, its free talk with the article itself and the tariff bill together, before the American congress. The poor, miserable talk about over swing, dazzling, and affecting unjustly the legislative mind, by such exhibitions, underates the intelligence both of the legislature and the people.—Such advertisement is absolutely needed to the just understanding of this most difficult and subtile political question. I, Mr Editor, *advocate* the free trade doctrines of John C. Calhoun. But he mistakes his character altogether, who supposes he will not feel his bosom swell with as much pride, at the grand exhibition of the genius and mechanic industry of the country, as the most bloated and avaricious whig.—two days since he said to me—"Mr ———, I hope New England people will take this occasion to give us a national exhibition of manufacturing skill and progress in the mechanic arts. At the close of the last war, I saw what the intelligence and energies of this country would in all probability bring about, if they could be assisted a little in getting under way by the general government. It was with this view I took the course I did to foster the manufacturing interest,—I should really like to see *this grown up child*, I did something for in the christening of." What say, will the Lowell people send on, at least some of the *swadling clothes of Mr Calhoun's baby?* In what I have said let me not be understood as advocating or fostering the present tariff; what was most need to correct it, in the privilege of *staring it full in the face.*

Of other matters of much interest here, there is but little. A Webster gale sprung up here a few days since in the coote; in its course, as the whigs say, struck C. J. Ingersoll, and blowed him entirely out of sight, so that for the last three days he has been spoken of as "the late Mr Ingersoll." He has been seen however, within the last two days, *high up*, and in a *direct line* over *Mr Webster's head*. It is feared by some and expected by many, as he falls, if he *hits* upon the great Daniel, it will prove like David's sling to the great Goliah.

Your paper about the Lowell Post Office fell like a little bomb among the senators. There was very considerable enquiry afterwards upon the subject. There are some eight or ten contested cases east, and you may safely calculate none of them will be acted upon until about the 1st of May—not certain then, at least not till the Oregon debate stops in the senate, so that those in interest will have ample time to buckle on their armor for a general conflict. Acts of the Lowell democracy should be guarded, intelligent, and confined to the principles of the party. In the centre of New England, and from its work shops, as it were, her course and her sentiments as expressed, are watched with great interest by national legislators and by her brother machanics throughout the Union. The New England secretary remains *in statu quo. I do not* believe his reputation for falsehood proceeds so much from a bad heart, as a bad habit. Truly yours as ever.

A LOOKER-ON

FROM THE PACIFIC. The Washington Union publishes the following extract of a letter to a senator of the United States, from an officer in the

United States ship Warren, at sea,
Off the Gulf of Tehuantebec, Jan. 31, 1846.

The United States force in the Pacific amounts to 102 guns; that of the English 310. The English admiral, Seymour, was much surprised at the great number of our whale ships on this ocean; at port Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, there lay 45 whale ships, 43 of which belonged to the United States; they carry from three to four thousand barrels of oil, and fill up in from eighteen months to three years. The California, a new ship which cost $60,000, had on board $100,000 worth of oil taken in about sixteen months. There are on the coast of California six fine ships employed in collecting hides; they bring out an assorted cargo, which they dispose of at 150 per cent. profit, taking in payment for their merchandise, hides at $2 each; one ship carrying say 40,000 hides; the business is a profitable one, notwithstanding the duties on their out cargoes are very high.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, in speaking beforehand of the brilliant gathering which took place at the President's levee on the night of the 4th inst.. says—"It is currently reported that Mrs. Polk has had the kindness to provide wearing apparel for those ladies who in their hurry may come half dressed."

☞ The Columbus (O.) Journal says there was considerable excitement in that city on Saturday last by intelligence that a colored man who had been residing there it is said for a number of years, had been forcibly taken off to Kentucky by some persons who claimed him as a slave.

CAMBRIDGE. Rev. James D. Green, a member of the House of Representatives, was elected Mayor of Cambridge on Monday, by a small majority. The Whig Aldermen and nearly all the Whig Common Councilmen were also elected.

☞ Major Tochman has brought a suit against the editor of the Union for ten thousand dollars, for a libel published in that paper, and because the editor declined to publish a rejoinder.

LADIES. The ladies defray two-thirds of the expenses of government, says the New York Mirror. A cargo of French goods, on which the duty alone will be $200,000 is daily expected to arrive at Boston.

☞ In Brooklyn, Francis B. Striker, the whig candidate for mayor, is elected by a majority of about 800. The democrats and whigs have elected an equal number of the common council.

ALBANY ELECTION. The result is, that the whigs elect their mayor, Wm. Parmelee, Esq., by a majority of 587 over Col. Paige, the present incumbent.

Dr. W. P. SHATTUCK is lecturing on Mesmerism at Buffalo, N. Y. Will the doctor ever return to Lowell and "wake up" sundry small bills that have been profoundly sleeping two or three years?

☞ Cato, the Censor, only repented of three things during his life,—to have gone by sea when he could have gone by land, to have passed a day inactive, and to have told a secret to his wife.

☞ A large proportion of the Protestant nobility of the province of Lifland; have petitioned the Russian government to purchase their estates, and permit them to emigrate to Germany.

☞ At Watervillo, N. Y., the dwelling house of Timothy Leonard, was burnt in the night, and he, his wife, and Miss Woodward, aged 12 years, perished in the flames.

ANOTHER GONE. Benjamin Pegg, a revolutionary soldier, died last week near Covington, Miami Co., Ohio, aged *one hundred years and ten months!*

☞ The packet ship Queen of the West, which arrived at New York on Saturday, brought 500 steerage passengers.

☞ Some one says of a certain congregation that "they *pray* on their knees on Sunday, and on their neighbors the rest of the week.

☞ In Worcester, on Sunday last—two buggies smashed up, and five drunken men got their noses *barked*, says the Worcester Transcript.

☞ One of the freight cars on the Utica and Syracuse railroad was destroyed by fire from the locomotive.

☞ The editor of the Spirit of the Times, in exaggerating the charms of Miss Clifton, says she is an *immense* favorite at the West.

☞ Another avalanche at Troy, N. Y., on Saturday, killed two horses and two men named Michael Farrell and John Conrad.

☞ The Hagerstown Herald places a *multiplication table* over its list of marringes. Quite appropriate.

CIRCUS. Our city authorities have granted a license to Rockwell & Stone's circus for one week—sometime in May.

☞ Snow fell at Utica on Sunday to the depth of four inches.

☞ They will begin to dance at the Middlesex Hotel, Concord Mass., on Monday evening next at seven o'clock. Music, Flagg's band. [Post.

☞ The United States Treaty with China was ratified at Canton on the 29th of December last.

☞ The Custom House receipts at New York last week were $350,000.

☞ An Iowa paper gives as our national ultimatum, "Phyfty-Phour Phorty, or Phyght."

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Tuesday, April 14.

In the SENATE, the bill relating to peddling was discussed, amended and ordered to a third reading.—Several bills were ordered to be engrossed, after which the body adjourned for dinner.

In the HOUSE, the orders of the day were taken up, debatable matter passed over, and the following bills and resolves ordered to be engrossed—to change the names of various persons, concerning the appointment of guardians of spendthrifts, and warrants in cases of bastardy; on the petition of the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary.

The senate resolve for the erection of a state manual labor school for juvenile offenders, was recommitted with instructions to report in favor of a commission to be appointed by the governor and council, to ascertain and report what measures, if any, can be taken with a view to the benefit and reformation of juvenile offenders in this commonwealth.

Afternoon session. The SENATE voted to nonconcur with the House in its vote to recommit the resolve for establishing a state manual labor school for juvenile offenders.

Voted to nonconcur with the House in its amendment of the bill establishing the salaries of judges and registers of probate, by which the salaries were restored to the amount they were previous to the retrenchment bill of '43.

In the HOUSE a bill authorizing the Nashua and Lowell railroad company to surrender a portion of the Middlesex turnpike, was introduced on Iesvo.

The senate bill to incorporate the Lancaster and Stirling Railroad Co., was ordered to be engrossed.

The bill to incorporate the Boston and Woonsocket Railroad Co., after considerable discussion was refused a third reading.

Wednesday, April 15.

In the SENATE, bills concerning the annual returns of Railroad Corporations; concerning the location of the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad; hawkers and pedlers; the correction of the State Map, were severally passed to be engrossed.

The bill to incorporate the Framingham Branch Railroad Co. was also passed to be engrossed.

The bill establishing the salary of the Register of Probate for Suffolk County, came from the House with certain amendments, in which the Senate voted to non-concur.

HOUSE. The bill establishing the Otis Pettee railroad route, was refused a third meeting.

The resolve for the erection of State Manual Labor School, which was yesterday recommitted with instructions, came from the Senate non-concurred in.—The House voted to insist on the recommitment, and a committee of conference was appointed.

Passed to be engrossed. Bills concerning Trust Estates; incorporating the Polishing Brick Manufacturing Co.; the St. Johns Catholic Total Abstinence and Mutual Belief Society; resolves concerning attachments on process of the United States Courts.

The resolve appointing a commissioner to examine the State Pauper Accounts of each town and city in the State, to see if frauds have been committed on the State Treasury, elicited a long discussion. The resolve passed to a third reading without opposition.

Afternoon Session. The bill authorizing the Connecticut River Railroad Co. to extend their road, was amended, and passed to be engrossed.

Mr Byington, of Stockbridge, offered a resolution favorable to the manner in which Mr Speaker Walley had discharged his duties as Speaker.

Mr Walley then addressed the House in a very appropriate speech.

The vote, by which the Otis Pettee railroad route was refused a third reading, was re-considered, and then after a very exciting discussion rejected.

The bills for raising the salary of Registers of Probate for Suffolk, and also the Register for Barnstable were passed.

The House concurred with the Senate in raising the salaries of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas.

Mr Wilson's resolves relating to American Slavery, passed to be engrossed.

Adjourned at 9 1-2 o'clock.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on Monday, it was agreed that the question on the Oregon notice should be taken on Thursday. Mr Huntington spoke on the Oregon question,

The House went into committee of the whole and took up the bill for extending the jurisdiction of the United States over the Oregon settlers. Mr Adams spoke for nearly an hour in opposition to the claims of Great Britain, to any portion of the territory of Oregon, and went for the whole up to 54 40. No question was taken. A message was announced from the President, said to be the papers respecting the *secret service fund.*

☞ A fact came out of the Senate, yesterday, which is of some consequence in shedding light upon the policy of the administration, and of removing from it every charge of apathy which has been made upon it. A query from Mr Mangum, who addressed the Senate on the Oregon question, drew from General Cass the fact that his resolutions at the early period of the session, looking to military preparations, were presented with the sanction of the President of the United States. [Washington Union Friday.

LOOK OUT LADIES. We would caution the females who have occasion to visit our Post Office, in the evening, to be on their guard for theives. Within the past week several ladies have lost considerable money by having their purses stolen. It is supposed the rogues are females who mix in with the crowd which is usual in the evening in the ladies' department at the Post Office. [Courier.

Basking ridge, N. J., Oct. 10th, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle, Boston: Dear sir—I perceive by all the newspapers, that you are the General Agent of that very useful and highly popular Medicine called Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Allow me to inform you, sir, that I have used that medicine in my family with decided success. Last fall my wife was quite sick—had a very bad cough I consulted a physician who visited her and prescribed some medicine, which did not remove her cough. At last he ordered Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I immediately procured a bottle of your agent in this place, Mr Daniel W. Doty; she took it, and it cured her cough entirely. During the winter I had a fever myself, which left me very weak and feeble—I had a severe cough which troubled me sometime; I had recourse to your Balsam again, and found it highly beneficial; I was obliged, however, to take two bottles before I was entirely well. All who have bad Colds, severe Coughs, or diseased Lungs, I would advise to try Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY at once.

Sigoed, DAVID AYERS.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Ayers, and believe his statement to be true, and entitled to the confidence of the public. REV OSCAR HARRIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Baskeridge.

CARLTON & Co, S. RIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&pmor4t

MARRIED,

In this city, April 13, by Rev Mr Porter, Mr Jonathan E. Reed, of Burlington, to Miss Deborah R. Hunt, of Billerica.

In this city, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr Henry D. Scott to Miss Lydia E. Buffum.

In Harvard, Mr John W. Walker, of Worcester, to Miss Caroline S. Robbins.

In Haverhill, Rev T. B. Abell, Pastor of the Universalist Society in Middletown, Ct., to Miss Harriet E. Smiley, of Haverhill.

DIED,

In this city, April 9, Mrs Mary Caroline, wife of Mr George Gardner, formerly of Boston, aged 30 years.

In Tyngsborough, April 11, of consumption, Charles S. Hall, formerly of Nashua, N. H., aged 20 years.

In Conway, N. H., Mr Ebenezer Bean, a revolutionary pensioner, aged 99 years and 6 months. He was in the battle of Bunker Hill, where he had his gun shot off in his hands about 18 inches from the lock, and many holes made through his clothes by the British bullets. He belonged to Captain Aaron Kleeman's company, Col. John Stark's regiment. He served more or less through the first three years of the revolution.—In 1782 he moved from Bow to Conway, where he lived till his death, much respected for his patriotism, industry, and benevolence.

Museum. We nnderstand the new license to the Museum prohibits exhibitions on Saturday evenings.—This is an nnnsnal feature in licenses of this sort in this place and all others. We are favorable to all proper observances of the sabbath, but we see no propriety in prohibiting innocent and proper amusement *two* nights in the week. The mayor and aldermen endorse it as an exhibition fitting and proper, by licensing it for five nights in the week. Now we wish to ask, why refuse to license six nights in the week? The City Hall is let for all kinds of meetings and all sorts of exhibitions, whether of the "learned pig" or theatrical readings, Saturday nights as well as others; and why this distinction against the Museum? Saturday night, of all others, is the time we need a place to resort for amusement. Then our mills are closed, and the people will, at that time, seek amusement and recreation of some sort. Why deprive them the privilege of going to the Museum more than to other places of amusement, and perhaps to immoral ones? If this is not a fit place of resort, it should not be licensed at all; if it is, it should be licensed Saturday nights, as it always has been, and as similar establishments are every where else, and all other places of emusement are here. These are our views in plain words. We should like to hear the reasons for the change, as would many other citizens.

The Museum is never kept open after 10 o'clock.

The Freewill Baptist Meeting House.—This house and block adjoining with land has been the subject of a long lawsuit between the creditors of the Freewill Baptist society, and the Freewill Baptist church, to whom the society had transferred the property. It was thought to be settled, finally, in favor of the creditors; but after the decision of the case between the creditors and the church, a new party comes in, and claims the entire property, under the following circumstances:—

The land upon which those buildings stand was conveyed by Paul R. George to Ira Frye; and by Ira Frye to the Freewill Baptist Society, under certain conditions, one of which was that the Society should pay a certain note given by Paul R. George to the Locke and Canal Corporation. This condition has been broken by a failure to pay the note. Frye enters upon the estate for condition broken, claims the entire estate, and conveys his interest to George. The question now is, whether the creditors shall hold the estate as the property of the Society, or whether George shall hold it for the neglect of the Society to perform one condition of the deed, by which they took the property.

A case exact in point, as it seems to us, is reported in the Boston Advertiser of yesterday. A man hired a store and land for a term of years; one of the conditions of the lease were that rent should be paid at stated periods; the rent was not paid at the time specified; the lessor entered for condition broken, claiming the possession of the property therefor. The lessee admitted the condition broken, and asked the supreme court to stay the proceedings, by his paying the rent, cost and interest. The court decided they had a right by the common law to stay the proceedings, and as equity required it they did.

We cannot see any difference, in principle, in the the two cases.

Concert—Rogero Family. We take pleasure in inviting the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Rogere Family for a concert THIS EVENING, at City Hall. When here on a former occasion, they were greatly admired by all who heard them. We hazard nothing in promising a *rich musical treat*. Go, by all means.

Lost. Mrs. Lambert, on returning from New York, in the boat Oregon, where she had been to purchase a stock of millinery goods for the spring trade, lost her purse containing fifty dollars. She thinks it was taken from her pocket while asleep in the ladies' cabin.

☞ The Secretary of War has asked the City of New York to give Castle Garden to the United States that the city may be put in better state of defence.—The city government are considering the proposition

For One Night Only!!

THE ROGERS FAMILY,

ON their return from their Southern tour, will give a *Concert of Vocal Music*, at the CITY HALL, on *THURSDAY EVENING*, April 16; on which occasion they will sing a selection of their most popular Songs and Ballads.

☞ Tickets 25 cents; to be had at the door on the evening of the Concert. To commence at ½ before 8.

Lowell, April 14, 1846. 1tapr16

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
April 14, 1846. tfadvapr16

United States Marshal's Sale.

United States of America, }
Massachusetts District, ss. } Lowell, April 14, 1846.

PURSUANT to agreement of parties, I hereby give notice that I shall sell at public auction, on the premises, corner of Adams and Lowell streets, in Adams' Block, so called, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at ten o'clock, a.m., the stock in trade of a grocer, consisting of barrels of Sugar, hogsheads of Molasses, Oil, Cans, Measures, Teas, Crockery and Wooden Ware, Butter, Fish, Brooms, Baskets, Stone Ware, Cassia, Starch, Raisins, Pepper, Balances, Counter Scales, Bed Cords, Sugar Grinder, and various other articles usually found in a grocery, the same having been attached by me on mesne process, and to be sold as aforesaid. Sale positive. Terms cash immediately after sale.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.
Clark & Hatch, Boston, Auctioneers. 1ta16

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

Stapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—TWO NEW PIECES!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY Evenings, April 16, 17, and 18, commencing at 8 o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½, or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The entertainments will commence with the new and laughable Vaudeville, (first time in Lowell,) entitled,

NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY: Or, *The Youth who never saw a Woman!*

Characters by Tenney, Clark, Mrs Merrifield, Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Song, - - - - - - - - Mr Bradley.
Comic Song, - - - - - - - Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the pleasing petit Opera, called the

BORROWED BEAU!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Tenney, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

In the course of the place, the following songs, &c.

Duett—"To-marrow will be Market Day."
By Peter and Gertrude.
Song—"I don't think I'm ugly." By Gertrude.
Song—"I've no Money." By Gertrude.
Finale—"She is Mine." By all the characters.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. apr16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF. *First Packet.*



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship CHARLOTTE, *Homer*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. a12

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Saturday.*



The superior fast sailing Schr HENRY FRANKLIN, *Bearse*, master, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. n15

Messenger's Notice.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, April 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in said county, stonecutter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Benjamin Day will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Day, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

J. BANCROFT,
Stapr11 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Messenger's Notice.

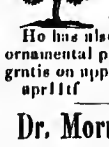
Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, April 9, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracut, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Newton Colburn will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of April instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Colburn, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
3tapr11 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues grntis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. aapl5may5

A CARD.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparila and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the whole and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

Bath, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

Bath, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. ☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&partlyapr4

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bortlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. tmar3tf

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Buff'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

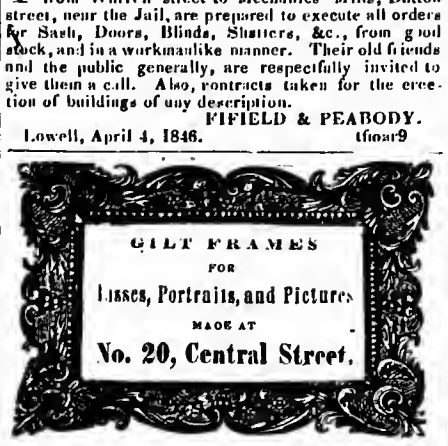
☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1ya pr4

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,

No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Post Office.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonarhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jy1

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale.

On SATURDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, 1 good Rifle, lot of Books—Burlies works, 3 vols.; lot Latin, Greek, French and Miscellaneous; Fergusons Roman Republic; Ainsworth's Dictionary; Webster's Chemists. D. S. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

On TUESDAY, the 5th day of May at 2 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Summer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

Dry Goods, Broadcloths, &c.

On FRIDAY, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., a large and valuable invoice of Woolens, Linens, White Cotton Goods, &c., in part as follows: Blue, Black, Super, Twilled, and Plain German, French and English Broadcloths; plain and figured Buckskins, Doeskins, and plain Cassimeres, Vestings, Scarfs, &c.—Also, a large lot of super, medium, and low-priced Irish Linens, Pichop Lawns, White Muslins, and other seasonable Dress Goods.

The above is the best invoice of such goods ever offered in Lowell, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Great Sale of Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, the 23 day of April commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., with Lot No. 1, and proceeding in the order described below:

No. 1. Three brick tenements, 3 stories high, on the westerly side of Adams street: two of them being the two northerly tenements in the Bascom block, and the other being the southerly tenement of the Adams block.

No. 2. Two Cottages with about 7400 feet of land, on a cross street leading from Lowell to Fletcher street, near the "Stone House."

No. 3. One acre and 71 rods on said back street, near the lot last named.

No. 4. Five acres and 65 rods of land on a back street west of and near the head of Pawtucket canal and adjoining land of —— Bowers.

No. 5. The quarry of *quarter* stone, containing about 38,909 feet, on the westerly side of School street, and south of Cross street, intersecting the same.

No 6. About 20,000 square feet of land, with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, situated on the west side of Water st., Belvidere, known as the Crain place.

Terms easy. A large portion of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage. Enquire of D. S. RICHARDSON, esq., Manser's Building, or of the Auctioneer.

House, Store and Land.

On FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on South street, near the Appleton boarding-houses, a large new dwelling-house, conveniently arranged for two families, with a store in the basement, comprising altogether 14 well finished rooms, with a good wood shed, small barn, and a large stone and cement rain-water cistern. The property is well situated to rent at all times, and is desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars apply to the auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Valuable Farm in Tewksbury.

On MONDAY, April 20, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the premises Said farm consists of 119 acres, excellent land, well divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasture, and Wood Land. On it is a good one and a half story dwelling-house; barn, shed, &c.,—a well of excellent water for all purposes—a quantity of excellent Fruit Trees, &c. Terms liberal. A large part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage, if desired.

Cottage Houses.

On THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, Two Cottage House, situated on the West side of Dutton street, near the Engine House,—on leased land. Said houses are conveniently arranged and neatly furnished, and will be sold together or separate, as may be desired by the company. Terms at sale.

At Private Sale.

Three elegant new Piano Fortes; two second-hand Organs. Also, constantly on hand, for private sale, a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., together with a great many other goods. All of which will be sold at auction prices.

At Private Sale.

Several elegant Piano Fortes, just received from celebrated manufactories in Boston, equal to any ever brought to this market from that city in point of beauty and quality of tone, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any manufactorers' prices. Purchasers are requested to examine them.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.

This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corbs, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Mereham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers.—Cyrus K. Morrill, R. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (merely) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have obtained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and gaze at the multitude of invalide who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

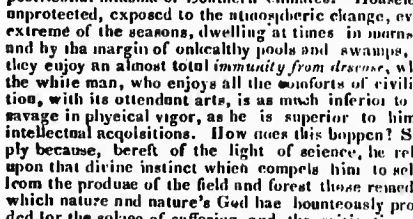
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetalde Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollers, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be loosed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

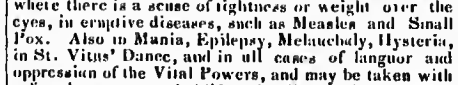
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coburn, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amass Farlier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Cartor, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jun6 1y

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our *Agents* in *Lowell* are *ANDREW BARR & SON*, 47, *Merrimack Street*. *P. W. BYRNES & CO.*, 36, *Waterloo Road*, *Liverpool*.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents or the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for fire years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fate opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humore completey eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will citenumerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and leave the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administring.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN,

Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ma&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c, are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connecting with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensative to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRESOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymon, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopolian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

Dr. Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented; that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.

Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house end to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. S. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian liniment in a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it in similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.

Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.

Lowell, (Carpet Lane) ec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845.

SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.

Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20b&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts.; Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. raug8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 18, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 46.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly or monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. jun17

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. jn8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tlmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,

LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HOGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

29 CENTRAL ST.

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

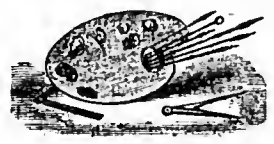
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Toilar's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct28

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan2t 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morcens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell, and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters; as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

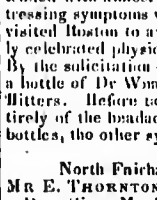
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines would not be current if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Curtis' Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Reed & Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. ul2&p6m

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood: in these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. eadyjan29

Sands's Sarsaparilla.

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN!

Harnden & Co's Passage Arrangements



For 1846.



PERSONS wishing to send for their friends in Ireland, England, Scotland, or Wales, can do so through the Subscribers, who are sole Passenger Agents for the only Line of regular Packets between *Boston* and *Liverpool*, leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each month, and composed of the following *First Class American Vessels*, built expressly for this Line, and equal to any Ships afloat. The

JOSHUA BATES, (new.) CONCORDIA.
WASHINGTON IRVING, (new.) COLUMBIANA.
ANGLO SAXON, (new.) ST. PETERSBURG
SUNBEAM, (new.) GOV. DAVIS.

These Vessels are commanded by experienced and humane Masters, and particular attention will be paid to the accommodation and good treatment of Passengers under their charge.

Persons wishing to send for their friends, can do so by procuring a Certificate of Passage of HARNDEN & CO. here, specifying what Vessel they wish them to come by, and the day of leaving, thus saving them the expense of any detention in Liverpool.

Harnden & Co., wishing to conduct their business upon principles of fairness and equity, to prevent fraud and deception, have but one price for passage, which, in all cases, includes head money and bread stuffs.—Prepaid Passengers always have the preference over Passengers paying in Liverpool.

Those applying by letter, or otherwise, for Certificates of Passage, should, in all cases, furnish the names and ages of the persons sent for, with their address in full to enable Messrs. Harnden Co., of Liverpool, to notify them of the proper time to leave home, and furnish other necessary information.

To persons returning home, this Line also offers superior facilities and accommodation.

REMITTANCES.

For the convenience of persons wishing to remit money to their friends, we keep constantly for sale, DRAFTS AT SIGHT, which are cashed at any Bank in England, Ireland, or Scotland. Duplicate Checks are always furnished, to insure the purchasers against loss.

N. B. The accommodations and reputation of this line are such, that other persons advertise to bring out Passengers by it, and the public are respectfully informed, that Harnden & Co. are the only authorised Agents to sell Tickets for the Line.

☞ *For the accommodation of those residing in Lowell*, Messrs Harnden & Co have opened an Office in the Bookstore of Mr J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central Street, near the Postoffice, and one of their Agents will be in attendance on *Thursdays* and *Fridays*, (day and evening,) of each week, for the purpose of furnishing Certificates of Passage, Bills of Exchange, and Outward Passages.

For further information, apply, (if by Letter, post-paid,) to HARNDEN & CO.,
No. 120, State Street, or No. 8, Court Street, Boston; or, No. 29, Central Street, Lowell. nov3onjan17

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Paich & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Ja.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

CHARITY.

In the hour of keenest sorrow—
In the hour of deepest woe—
Wait not for the coming morrow;
To the sad and suffering go.
Make it thy sincerest pleasure
To administer relief—
Freely opening thy treasure
To assuage a brother's grief.

Go and seek the orphan sighing—
Seek the widow in her tears;
As on mercy's pinions flying,
Go—dispel their darkest fears;
Seek the stranger, sad and weary;
Pass not on the other side—
Though thy task be sad and dreary,
Heeding not the scorn of pride.

Go, with manners unassuming,
In a meek and quiet way—
O'er the father, near presuming,
Though thy brother sadly strey,
'Tis a Savior's kind compassion—
'Tis his righteousness alone,
All unmerited salvation
That around thy path has shone.

When thy heart is warmly glowing
With the sacred love of prayer,
Be thy words of kindness flowing,
Not as with a miser's care;
Duty e'er should be thy watchword—
Pity drop the balmy tear,
Always toward the fallen cherish
Sympathy and love sincere.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CATTLE SHOW AND PLOUGHING MATCH.—CONCORD, OCTOBER 7, 1846.

[Concluded.]

FARMS.

For the best cultivated Farm, regard being had to the quantity of produce, manner and expense of cultivation, and the general appearances of the farm—all statements to be made in writing, $25 00
" next best, 20 00
" next best, 15 00
" next best, 12 00

All competitors on Farms and Trees may contend for a higher premium until they shall obtain the Society's highest premium.

Notice will be given in the public Newspapers of the time when the Committee on Farms will commence their examination, and any person desirous of having his Farm inspected, may make application to the Secretary, or through the Trustees of the town where he resides, to the Secretary or to either of the Committee. No application will be received after the first day of September.

PEAT OR BOG MEADOW.

To the person who in the year 1846, shall exhibit, in writing, to the Committee on Farms the best satisfactory experiments on reclaiming Peat or Bog meadow, on not less than one acre, $20 00
" next best, 12 00
" next best, 8 00

The committee will require a full and perfect statement of the bottom, nature, production and value of the soil in its natural state, method of reclaiming, quantity, quality and value of the crop last produced.

CRANBERRIES.

To the person who in 1846, shall exhibit to the Committee on Farms, the most satisfactory account of his method of managing his Cranberry Meadows, stating how long it should be flowed, at what time, if any, the grass should be cut, method, time and expense of gathering, quantity, and value per acre, $10 00

COMPOST MANURE.

To the person who shall give satisfactory evidence to the Committee on Farms in the fall of 1846 of having adopted the best practical course in the manufacture of Compost Manure within the year, of not less than 20 cords, together with a statement in writing for publication, setting forth the whole process, with a description of the premises, and the number of cattle or swine kept during the year, with suggestions in regard to a future course, the whole to be sworn to, if required by the Committee, whose duty it shall be to give the premises a thorough personal examination, $10 00
the next best, 5 00

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENTS.

For the greatest quantity of Rye on an acre, not less than 30 bushels to the acre, $10 00
the next greatest quantity, 5 00
For the greatest quantity of Indian Corn on an acre, not less than 75 bushels to the acre, 10 00
the next greatest quantity, 5 00
For the greatest quantity of Potatoes on an acre, not less than 350 bushels to the acre, 8 00
the next greatest quantity, 4 00
For the greatest quantity of Barley, on an acre, not less than 35 bushels to the acre, 8 00
the next greatest quantity, 4 00
For the greatest quantity of Carrots to the acre, not less than 1-8 of an acre, and not less than thirty thousand pounds to the acre, 6 00
the next greatest quantity, 3 00
For the greatest quantity of Ruta Baga to the acre, not less than half an acre, 2 vols. N. E. Farmer.

Each applicant for the above premiums must exhibit a certificate stating the preparations and nature of the soil, quantity and kind of manure and other dressings; quantity of seed, and when sown or planted, and every other information, tending to introduce a successful cultivation of the above Bread Stuffs and Vegetables.

MACHINES AND TOOLS.

To the person who shall produce at the Show any Agricultural implement of his own invention, which shall deserve a reward, not exceeding $10 00
Certificates are to be produced to the Committee, proving its utility.

PLOUGHING MATCH.

To owners of the eight Ploughs to be drawn by oxen, which shall be judged to have done the best work, with the least expense, on 1-8 of an acre:

DOUBLE TEAMS—1 Plough, $10—2 do. $7—3 do. $6—4 do. $5.

SINGLE TEAMS—1 Plough $10—2 do. $7—3 do. $6—4 do. $5.

It is understood that no person who has obtained a premium at any previous Ploughing Match, or trial of Working Oxen, can contend for the same or less premium, with the same oxen. No person shall be a competitor at the Ploughing Match after he has obtained the Society's first premium with double and single teams. And no person shall contend for either of the Society's premiums, unless he is the owner of the Oxen and Plough, and acts as ploughman himself, or some person who works on his farm. Single teams will plough without a driver.

All competitors in Ploughing must enter their names with the Secretary, before 8 o'clock on the day of the show.

TRIAL OF WORKING OXEN

Will take place immediately after the services in the Meeting House.

All competitors in this trial must enter their names with the Secretary, before nine o'clock on the day of the show. It is understood, that whenever, merely from want of competition, any of the claimants might be considered entitled to the premiums, under a literal construction, yet if in the opinion of the judges the object so offered is not deserving of any reward, the judges shall have a right to reject such claim. No article or animal on which, to any owner, one premium shall have been awarded, shall ever be permitted to receive the same or a less premium. Milch Heifers will not be allowed to take a premium as Milch Cows; the same pair of Steers will be allowed to receive but two premiums.—The proof of Agricultural Experiments, and the manner in which they were conducted, to be offered at the Annual Meeting of the Trustees.—The Trustees have reserved fifty dollars to be awarded to such persons as shall exhibit any article of utility, for which no premium is offered above. If any competitor for any of the Society's premiums shall be discovered to have used any disingenuous measures, by which the objects of the Society have been defeated, such persons shall not only forfeit the premium which may have been awarded to him, but rendered incapable of being ever after a competitor for any of the Society's premiums. MEMBERS of the Society who shall have premiums awarded to them, will be entitled, by a vote of the Trustees, to an allowance of 10 per cent., in addition to the premiums mentioned in this bill. Any person having received a gratuity on any article (except Live Stock) shall be debarred from ever receiving any premium on the same article.—All persons (ladies excepted) not members of the Society, who take a premium of $5,00 and upwards, shall receive a Diploma of membership for $5,00 and the balance of said premium in cash. All premiums not called for in a year, will be forfeited, and added to the funds of the Society. NAHUM HARDY, President.

MOSES PRICHARD, Secretary.

APPLICATION OF MANURE. The most essential point in my estimation is not thoroughly looked at, viz: the making of the most of our manure after once made. Some say put it where you are going to plant corn or potatoes, and plough it under, and it will ferment and rot, and as the soil is thirsty it will absorb it. So it will for a season; but as you plough and hoe, you stir up the manure and leave it exposed to the scorching sun, it evaporates and is wasted. The spring following, you plough and sow the same field with oats, as is generally the case; and here you not only expose the manure, but the first crop, after it is well mixed with the soil, is one calculated to impoverish it the most. Then comes a crop of rye or wheat, which, with your oats and corn, exhausts three-fourths of the manure. Thus, in my estimation, this three-fourths is lost to the farm.

The question then arises, what shall we do with our manure? Why, sir, I would advise you to put it where you sow rye or oats, and plough it under, and let it stay there, and sow grass-seed for your first crop, and smooth it down to meadow or pasture. Then you would have large crops of grain and grass for fodder, and to make manure with, besides the compost heap. Then you will have a rich meadow pasture for your planting, instead of a plough-worn field that needs thirty or forty loads of manure to be fit to till. [Farmer's Gazette.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday April 16.

The SENATE reconsidered the vote whereby they refused the bill granting $7000 a year, for three years, to the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary, and amended it by inserting $5000 instead of $7000, and passed it to be engrossed.

The anti-slavery resolve of the House was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 20 to 16.

The report of the committee of conference on the subject of a state manual labor high school was, accepted; the Senate recedes from its former vote, and concurs in the passage of the resolve in favor of the institution.

In the HOUSE the following bills and resolves were passed to be enacted:—To incorporate the Lancaster and Stirling Branch Railroad Co, the Fitchburg and Worcester Railroad Co., the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell, the St. John's Catholic Total Abstinence and Mutual Relief Society, the Polishing Brick Manufacturing Co., concerning trust estates, guardians of spendthrifts, for the correction of the state map, to raise the salaries of the state house watchmen, in addition to the charters of the Eastern Railroad Co., relating to railroad tracts across other highways, licensing hawkers and pedlers, resolves relating to attachment under process from the U. S. courts, for repairs in the senate chamber, concerning Rainsford Island, the arsenal in Boston, concerning the Winchendon Railroad Co., authorizing the Connecticut River Railroad Co. to extend their road, to raise the salaries of justices of the common pleas, authorizing the Nashua and Lowell Railroad to give up a part of the Middlesex turnpike, to incorporate the West Acton and Boxboro' Steam Mill Co., concerning warrants in cases of bastardy.

Afternoon session. In the SENATE the resolve for the erection of a state manual labor school, was passed through the several stages, and sent down.

The resolve for the appointment of commissioners to examine the state pauper accounts for 1845, was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr Stone offered a resolve concerning the State Lunatic Hospital at Worcester, which went through the several stages to be engrossed.

The bill to establish the salaries of the district attorneys for the middle and western districts, was ordered to be engrossed. Adj. to 8 o'clock, P. M.

In the HOUSE the committee of conference on the subject of a state institution for juvenile offenders, reported in favor of a resolve for the appointment of a commissioner to obtain by donation or purchase a piece of land for such an institution, and appropriating $10,000 towards the expenses. Report accepted and the House concurred with the Senate, when the resolve came in.

Passed to be enacted—Bills to establish the Framingham Branch Railroad Co., and the Watertown Branch Railroad Corporation; to raise the salaries of the register of probate for Suffolk and Barnstable; on the petition of the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary; for payment of state pauper accounts. Adj. to 8 o'clock, P. M.

☞ Mr Clay arrived at St. Louis on the 4th inst.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 18, 1846.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY BILL. This bill has passed the House by a large majority, and will doubtless, in some shape, pass the Senate. We do not propose to discuss the merits of this measure, at this time, as its effect and operation is pretty generally understood by the people. There is a single feature in the bill, however, as it has passed the House, that may be somewhat questionable—*the specie clause as introduced in the bill.* We have no doubt, nor has any portion of the democratic party, about the propriety of ultimately collecting all government dues in *specie*.—The bill as it has passed the House provides that all the revenue of the nation shall be paid in specie after the 30th day of June, 1846. Whether it is sound policy to change from paper to specie, all at once, is the question. The currency of the country is unquestionably somewhat inflated; and should the draw upon the banks, to meet the requirements of the government, be so extensive as to very greatly and suddenly change the operations of the banks, it might produce such a panic as to endanger the continuance of the bill. This is our only fear.

Great and sudden changes in the currency must affect the business of the country. If the banks have a greater circulation than their specie warrants, a call upon them for specie will result in a refusal to discount, or a suspension of specie payments, or both.—Either or both of these results, though in consequences of a bad system and an unsound currency, had better be avoided, because they will be attributed to the Sub-Treasury, and the bill thereby be endangered. Rather than the country should lose the advantages of this great regulator of the currency;—this great check upon excessive issues of bank paper; this scheme that will give us more security against broken banks, and universal distress in consequence of the bursting of a blown up bank bubble than all the legislation that has ever been had since the formation of government—we would see the change from specie to paper introduced more gradually.

We hope the Senate will deliberate upon this subject carefully, and if there is danger, amend the bill, in this particular after the manner of the bill as it passed under Mr. Van Buren, except perhaps this time for requiring all payments to be made in specie need not be so long. If there is not danger, certainly no alteration should be made from the bill as it passed the House. The specie principle is right. But for the future safety of the measure, if there are doubts, payments in specie should be introduced gradually.

Since writing the above, we have seen a letter on the currency, of Sidney Homer, Esq., of Boston, to Hon. Edmund Burke, published in the Union, in which occurs the following paragraph:—

"But the Independent Treasury, as it is called, if carried out, *strictly and at once*, will, to some extent, check the increasing tendency to speculation and over-issues, and continue the state of prosperity of the past three years. If this measure is delayed until speculative operations (as yet chiefly confined to the cities, and the manufacturing interests of New England) spread over the whole country, this salutary check can only be put into operation at the risk of panic and difficulty. As the effect of this inflation and speculation usually is to draw gradually the specie from the country to the Atlantic cities, and place a large part of the basis of the circulation of the country in the banks of Boston or New York; or as a gentlemen who is a keen observer of money affairs, said, "to place the money of the country upon the wharf ready for shipment," it has been a matter of surprise that parties engaged in the home manufacture of any articles with which foreign goods come into competition, have not seen the benefit this system would be to them in checking importations, and by giving timely warning to the banks, of restricting undue issues of paper, and preventing the export of specie, by the only method that can ever be of any practical utility; that is, by rendering the prices of foreign goods such as to make it unprofitable to import them.

Mr Homer has given the currency question a most thorough investigation, and his opinions are justly entitled to much consideration. We hope he may be correct in his idea that this bill should be put into operation *strictly and at once*. Mr. Homer speaks truly in saying, "if this measure is delayed until speculative operations spread over the whole country, this salutary check can only be put into operation at the risk of panic and difficulty." We again say, the only danger is that the currency has already become too inflated, and consequently speculative operations too wide spread to make the change from paper to specie, at once and entire, practicable.

☞ The Courier does not say, Mr Taylor made up that part of his table of manufacturing statistics that gives the average rates of wages in the mills here, from the pay-roll books of the corporations. It carefully used language so as not to say so, though at the same time, it intended to have it understood that he did.

☞ The last patent medicine got up is called "Fairfowl's California Vegetable Pills." Another is in preparation, not quite out yet, to be called the "Ichaboe Guanorian Lozenges"—designed for dwarfs and generally under sized men and women, possessing no extraordinary powers in producing growth.

☞ There was a bit of a row on Merrimack st., Thursday evening. Cause—the Watchmen took a young man from "Rowdies' Corner" to the Watch-house. A rescue was attempted, but the well aimed blows of the watch-hooks had a very cooling effect.

THE CONCERT by the "Rogers Family," Thursday evening, drew a highly respectable audience.—They are fine singers, and come very near to the Hutchinson standard. We hope to see them here again ere long.

HUMAN GLORY. There arrived at Hull, England, not long since, a Dutch vessel, navigated by a man, his wife, and four daughters, laden with bones raked from the battle field of Napoleon, to be sold by the bushel for manure to grow turnips.

☞ Dea. —— gave us the following:—Why was Paul R. George the most fitting person to establish the magnetic telegraph? Because he is the greatest "wire puller" in the country.

☞ The Massachusetts Legislature adjourned *sine die*, Thursday evening, about 10 o'clock, after having been in session one hundred days.

☞ The following notice appeared on the west end of a country meeting house: "Any person sticking bills against this church will be prosecuted according to law, *or any other nuisance.*"

ARRIVAL OF THE UNICORN—ONE WEEK LATER FROM ENGLAND!

The steamer Unicorn arrived at Boston yesterday afternoon, after a most tedious passage of 29 days.—We extract such items of the news brought as may be interesting.

THE OREGON QUESTION. We have given in another column the conversation which took place in the house of lords relative to the state of our relations with America, between the earl of Clarendon and the earl Aberdeen, on Tuesday evening last. The speech of the foreign secretary, it will be seen, was conciliatory, but determined. He expressed the strongest desire for peace, coupling it with the assurance that it could yet be preserved, and intimating that nothing would be left undone to preserve it, consistent with the honor of the country. But he gave no information as to the state of the negotiations; he refused to produce all the papers asked for, and only consented to submit a portion of them to the house, alleging as a reason, that the public interest would suffer by the inspection of the whole. Nothing can be inferred from the tone of this conversation as to the turn which matters are likely to take on this mooted subject.

It would be folly, however, to regard the bland and polite language of the British minister as expressing the feeling of the British nation. We regret to state that anger and irritation have lately been called into existence by the news from America, and every day is calling into existence among us a war party, fierce and unreasonable.

The general belief in this country is, that when the notice is given, and the question has been left in Mr Polk's hands, a message from the queen will afford ministers an opportunity of declaring their *ultimatum* to parliament. They will take their stand on what they conceive to be their strongest position in the controversy, make out what the lawyers term a "strong case," and if an attempt is made to possess the Oregon by force, the result will be that horrible alternative—war! To this point affairs are daily drifting.

That the worst is anticipated is evident from the extraordinary and unprecedented activity in all the different dock yards. [European.

Already the effects of Sir Robert Peel's policy are being developed on the continent. Russia is about to liberalize its tariff; while the held which free-trade principles have taken on the affections of our volatile French neighbors, has all the order and constancy of first love. The example is contagious; and little doubt exists that it will be followed by every commercial country in which a healthy spirit of auterprise and activity exists. Denmark, for instance, by a decree issued on the 28th ult., has made a large reduction on the import duties on cotton, linen and other manufactured goods, and another reduction of the duties was expected to follow. Naples is arranging its tariff with a view to a great reduction in the import duties; and all this, we take it, is but the precursor of more extended trade and unalloyed prosperity.

The admission of Indian corn, buckwheat, and rice at a nominal duty—precautions which the government have wisely taken to arrest the dreaded dearth, will be found of infinite service in the present condition of the country. A large quantity of Indian corn, now under lock in this and some of the other English ports, will be released at a duty of one shilling per quarter, the parties giving a bond that if the new tariff is rejected by the House of Lords, of which there is not the least fear, they will pay the present duty. The popularity of Indian corn as an article of food, is daily on the increase, and the 100,000 quarters which the government have purchased for the famishing poor in Ireland, will give the peasantry a taste, there is every reason to hope, for a superior and economical article of daily life.

The wool market is flat both for English and colonial—but the small stock in the farmers' hands renders the market firm.

The money market, although, sufficiently stringent, is somewhat easier during the last few days. Bakers' bills 3½ to 4¼, seconds 4¼ to 7, money on call 3¼ to 3½. The Bank of England is still doing at 3½, and the average of consols is 96¼. [Liverpool Times, 10th.]

LORD CATHCART, GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA. The queen has been pleased to appoint lieutenant-general the Earl Cathcart, knight commander of the most honorable order of the bath, to be captain-general and governor-in-chief of her majesty's provinces in Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and of the island of Prince Edward, and governor-general of all her majesty's provinces on the continent of North America, and of the island of Prince Edward.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY. These natural and unassuming American vocalists, after giving a series of highly successful concerts in London, have returned to the provinces for a fortnight to fulfil some previous engagements, and they intend giving one concert in Liverpool on the 13th inst.

IRELAND. The repeal candidate has been returned, in a contested election, from Meyo. Some violence took place; the military fired upon the populace and killed one man. Mr O'Connell's health is represented as being bad.

The Dublin Evening Packet has published a statement of the receipts of the repeal association. The income of 1843 was $47,914; 1844, $43,406; 1845, £17,969. The total receipt from 1840 to the present time is set down at $127,869 11s 7d.

POLAND. Poor, prostrate, subjugated Poland, the Ireland of the continent, has been making a fruitless, bootless effort at a revolution, or as the failure of national patriotism is always termed—an insurrection.—The little republic of Cracow, which is now in possession of the Austriens troops, had been the head quarters of this unfortunate attempt to restore the nationality of the Poles; but the conspiracy has extensive ramifications in Prussia, and Russia, as well as Austria. In the western parts of Russian Poland there was a determined effort to realize the dream of independence. Strange to say, hundreds of nobles, in urging the peasantry to join in the revolt, were either assassinated or given up to the authorities. So true is it that patriotism is a sentiment of education, of refinement.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

John Slidell, Esq., U. S. minister to Mexico, arrived at New Orleans on the 8th. He left Jalapa March 23, having received the necessary documents the day before from the city of Mexico. He was treated formally in the interior, but was warmly saluted upon arriving at and leaving Vera Cruz.

Upon the arrival of the army of occupation in front of Matamoras, the Mexican forces were drawn out on the opposite bank of the river. On the next morning, 29th, the American troops discovered the Mexican artillery of eighteen pounders lining the opposite bank, and pointing directly into their camp, whereupon the American army moved their encampment four miles below.

This step was doubtless taken by Gen. Taylor in order to avoid every appearance of any disposition to commit aggressions upon the west bank of the river, and to maintain strictly the defensive character of his operations.

The most reliable statements represent the regular army in Matamoras to consist of 2000 soldiers and 500 rancheros. The Mexican citizens of the Rio Grande are said to be quite disaffected to their own government, and secretly friendly to the American cause.

The Picayune gives a rich proclamation issued by President Paredes on the 21st of March, to explain and justify his whole course of conduct before the Mexican nation. He says—

"The right to declare war against the United States is not vested in me, and the illustrious congress of the nation will, assoon as they have met, take into consideration the necessary steps required in the conflict which awaits us, and which was in no manner provoked by this magnanimous and forbearing nation.

As, however, in the meantime, the United States might make a sudden attack upon one of our maritime boundaries, as on those adjoining Texas, it will be necessary to repel force by force, and when the invaders shall have made the commencement, the immense responsibility of having disturbed the *peace of the world* will fall upon them.

☞ Who shall be Judge? Aye, who?

Mexico never has committed, nor will she commit, a single aggression against the people or government of the United States of America; but if an attack should be made, it will be repelled to the fullest extent of our power, and with all the energy of our character.

The nation will maintain, as long as she wishes to maintain it, the 'republican system' which it adopted with rejoicing.

The army will combat at the points which destiny may determine; the people will support it in its efforts, and I ask of the Supreme Arbitrator of nations to take us under his safeguard, and to permit the elevation of his power and the consummation of his glory."

DISINTERESTED OPINION. The Worcester Palladium, one of the ablest democratic journals in the country, makes the following notice of Lowell affairs:

LOWELL POSTMASTER. It appears from the Lowell Patriot that there is some feeling of disaffection among the democrats of that city in regard to their present postmaster. A Mr Seavy, who had been a clerk in the office, obtained the appointment shortly after the accession of Mr Polk to the Presidency, and notwithstanding representations against him, a committee of the Senate has reported in favor of his confirmation.

What Mr Seavy's standing is, as a member of the democratic party does not appear; but the allegations against his official character, unless susceptable of the clearest explanation, are such as should impel an honorable man to relieve his political friends from embarrassment by immediate resignation.

[Here the Palladium quotes the substance of the charges against the Postmaster.]

By these representations it appears that the Lowell postmaster is guilty of an inexcusable obliquity in his official conduct; such as the democratic party should not be expected to approve of in one put forward as an exponent of their principles. He may have a sufficient explanation, but we have not seen it.

We will refer the editor of the Palladium to the Lowell Courier, (whig and post-office organ,) for all the "explanation" that has been given.

WHIGS IN OFFICE. The N. Y. Jeffersonian complains of the policy of permitting a great proportion of the public offices in Washington to be filled by whigs. Here is what it says:

"In the Army and Navy, owing to a mal-administration of appointing Commodores to the Bureaus (who are, almost without exception, whigs, and who ought to be afloat and civilians appointed in their stead), they invariably return and appoint whigs, to the exclusion of sterling democrats, under the plea that the Heads being responsible for the duties to be performed, have a right to choose their own clerks and sub-officers in their respective departments. This position is unjust in principle, and in practice indefensible, because there is abundance of material in the democratic party to fill the offices with the best talent and ability, though politically not so palatable to the Heads of Bureaus.

Nor is the injustice of which the democrats complain of recent date, as was fully shown in the Globe after the election of Harrison—it remains to this date; and we can state upon authority in which we have the most implicit confidence, that the proportion of whigs holding office at Washington is *three to one* over the democrats. Removals for opinion's sake is equally bad, and justice demands that the matter should be inquired into and remedied at once."

A NEW BRICK MILL TUMBLED DOWN! Yesterday morning, about 4 o'clock, there was a terrible crash in the Hamilton Company's yard. It appears that the water had worked under the stone foundation of the new mill (which had not yet received its machinery), and about forty feet of it came down, and now lies a sorrowful heap of ruins. The time was truly providential. Two hours later, and several lives must inevitably have been lost. The damage is heavy—variously estimated at $10,000 to $25,000.

All the mills in the city were stopped several hours in consequence of this accident, as the water had to be shut out from the main canal till a dam was thrown across the Hamilton canal, to prevent further disastrous workings of the water.

☞ The "City Hotal," Boston, formerly "City Tavern," Brattle st., has been leased by Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & GAGE, by whom it has been thoroughly renovated, greatly improved by desirable alterations, and re-furnished throughout. Mr Gage is well known in Lowell as the gentlemanly clerk at the Merrimack House, a few years since; and since then he has been known by the patrons of Wilde's hotel, in Elm st., as possessing in the highest degree the good qualities of a popular landlord. With Mr Chamberlain we have no personal acquaintance, but in Boston he is no stranger to his professions. See their card.

MURDER. The Bangor Whig of Wednesday states that a widow Emerson, who resided in the township of Orono, was murdered in her own house on Tuesday. She was between 60 and 70 years of age, and was known to be possessed of ready money, to obtain which the murder was probably perpetrated. A man by the name of Canney has been arrested on suspicion of being the murderer.

FRAUD IN FLOUR. It appears by the Annual Report of the New York Inspectors, that 26,968 barrels of flour were weighed in the city of New York, and found short 150,836 pounds, equal to *eight hundred and fifteen barrels*! Of the flour inspected at Albany there was 98 barrels "light weight," and 59 barrels with "false tare."

☞ The Courier accords to us an honor to which we have no right to aspire: it says "Mr Bancroft has kept the company of the editor of the Advertiser for the last dozen years." We never spoke to the Secretary of the Navy till we went to Washington, nor "kept company" with him.

MILEAGE IN PROSPECT. The sailing distance from New York to the Columbia river, Oregon, is only about 15,000. The mileage of the "Oregon member," will be an item—about $12,000 and the constructive pay for the Senators the same amount.

☞ A committee of the New York Assembly have reported in favor of submitting to the people at the next November election the question whether or not the state capitol shall be removed from Albany; and if so, whether to Utica or Syracuse.

LOOK OUT. There have been many robberies in the lobbies of the Post Office, recently. Another female was victimized to the amount of about $20, on Thursday evening.

☞ Matilda Green was tried and convicted for touching a greenhorn, named Charles Converse, out of $300, by means of the *Hoag system*. [New York Globe.

☞ A criminal in China has been sentenced to be cut into *ten thousand pieces* in the open market place. He is not expected to survive the operation.

EXAMPLE. Wicks, a murderer, executed in England, said he had paid for seats to witness the two last executions.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday April 14.

In the SENATE Mr Westcott of Florida spoke on the Oregon question. He maintains the whole claim up to 54 40, but is against the notice.

When he concluded, Mr Houston took the floor, and will speak to-morrow.

The Senate then went into Executive session.

In the HOUSE, on motion of Mr Haralson of Ga., the debate on the Oregon Occupation Bill was ordered to cease on Thursday at 2 o'clock. So we will have a vote on Oregon in each House about the same time.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the Oregon bill, Mr Hamlin of Maine, in the chair.

Mr Faran of Ohio, then addressed the committee on the bill.

He was followed by Messrs Tibbatts of Ky., Vinton Ohio, and Cobb of Ga.

The committee having risen, Mr McKay, from the committee of ways and means, reported the Tariff bill.

Mr Stewart of Pa. made a movement to have it rejected at once, but the House adjourned.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON!

Passage of the Oregon Notice, with amendments, in the Senate—32 to 22!

Thursday, April 16.

In the Senate, Mr. Crittendan spoke two hours on the Oregon notice, but refrained from a discussion of the title. He had little faith in any title not founded on settlement and occupation. He would vote for the notice asked for by the President, not deeming it an offensive measure, though it might be given in such a manner as to have that effect.

Mr Allen opposed it, as it would cause a conflict between the two houses. He moved that the House resolutions be taken up, which was agreed to.

Mr Johnson of Md., moved to amend them as follows:—

Insert before *Resolved*, the preamble to Mr Crittenden's amendment. Also to insert the word *amicable* before "settlement." His purpose was, if the preamble be adopted, to move to strike out all after *Resolved*, and insert Mr Crittenden's resolution, except the proviso.

Mr Allen thought the preample exceptionable, except its historical part. After the second "whereas," he moved to strike out what followed, and insert from the President's message the words—"It is the duty of Congress to consider what measures shall be adopted to protect American citizens in Oregon," &c.

Mr Allen's motion to amend Mr Johnson's amendment was rejected—yeas 22, nays 32.

A proposition to amend Mr Johnson's amendment by striking out that clause requiring the President to exercise his discretion as to giving the notice, was rejected. Yeas 22, nays 32.

The question was then taken on Mr Johnson's amendment to the House resolutions, and it was carried—yeas 30 nays 24.

This settles the question. The Senate agrees to Mr Crittenden's proposition—which has been repeatedly published—with these modifications, to wit: inserting the word "amicable" before settlement, and striking out the proviso that the notice be not given till after the end of the session.

The HOUSE, it is generally believed, will reject this amendment of the Senate.

THE ROAD TO WEALTH. In reference to Mr V. B. Palmer's newspaper advertising agency, we agree with the Chronotype, that Mr Palmer's business is one of the necessary complements and results of the railroad system. The country and city are now becoming mingled, while the press has to be to a great extent still local. Country people take country papers, but they so frequently visit the cities, that they find it highly convenient to be supplied with city business information. Mr Palmer makes himself the medium of communication between the dealers of our four principal Atlantic cities, and about one thousand country newspapers, transmitting advertisements and collecting bills &c. While he is leading those who employ him on the sure road to wealth, we doubt not he is on it himself.

He has published a small work, entitled "Road to Wealth," which explains the philosophy of advertising. [Boston Times.

MILITARY. At a meeting of the Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, held at their Armory on Thursday afternoon, Major Abijah Watson presiding, the following gentlemen were chosen officers: Charles E. Stanley, Captain; Charles G. Giles, 1st Lieutenant; James L. Hunttress, 2d do.; Rufus Reed, 3d do.; Levi B. Stevens, Ensign. John Billings, 1st Sergeant; William A. Cobb, 2d do.; Thomas G. Farmer, 3d do.; Charles Nichols, 4th do.; Elisha Winch, 5th do. Thomas G. Farmer, Clerk. [Courier.

CONSCIENCE. A firm on Long Wharf received through the post office yesterday a letter which inclosed $118, one hundred dollars of which, the writer stated, had been overpaid to him by said firm, some time ago, and being then hard pressed for cash, he was tempted to use it. Fortune recently had smiled upon him, and he now returned the principal with interest. Better late than never. [Post.

☞ The Indian population within the States and Territories of the United States, including Oregon, is estimated at 350,000 souls.

☞ Horace Greeley, Esq., of N. Y., will address the Labor Reform Lyceum, next Wednesday evening.

Basksnridge, N. J., Oct. 10th, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle, Boston: Dear sir—I perceive by all the newspapers, that you are the General Agent of that very useful and highly popular Medicine called Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Allow me to inform you, sir, that I have used that medicine in my family with decided success. Last fall my wife was quite sick—had a very bad cough. I consulted a physician who visited her and prescribed some medicine, which did not remove her cough. At last he ordered Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I immediately procured a bottle of your agent in this place, Mr Daniel W. Doty; she took it, and it cured her cough entirely. During the winter I had a fever myself, which left me very weak and feeble—I had a severe cough, which troubled me sometimes; I had recourse to your Balsam again, and found it highly beneficial; I was obliged, however, to take two bottles before I was entirely well. All who have bad Colds, severe Coughs, or diseased Lungs, I would advise to try Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY at once.

Signed, DAVID AYERS.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Ayers, and believe his statement to be true, and entitled to the confidence of the public. REV OSCAR HARRIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Basksnridge.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. eps&pmar4

☞ BOOLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bagle, 128 Washington street, Boston. tlmdwm29

MARRIED,

In this city, April 16, by Rev Mr Potter, Mr Parker Tyler, jr., of Providence, R. I., to Miss Milly Whitcomb, of this city.

In Newton, April 9, Mr Reuel Lane, printer, of Concord, N. H., to Miss Mary Cunningham, of Newton.

In Boston, Mr Aaron Wheeler, of Acton, to Miss Phebe E. Rogers, of Boston.

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young Misses and Masters in this highly and useful accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall*,—providing he can obtain a sufficient number of scholars. He will teach Waltzes, Cotillions, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Tuition, Five dollars for twenty-four lessons.

April 18, 1846. apr18

MR. HAYES' STATEMENT. We also greatly surprised that Mr J. F. C. Hayes, formerly employed by Mr Varney, should "contend," (that is the word he uses,)" that he had a *right*" to sign the name of Hildreth to any paper whatever. Hildreth *never authorized* him, in any way, to use his name; neither alone, nor in connection with Varney's. He never heard of his doing so but once, and then immediately told Mr Varney he could not suffer his hands in Vox Populi office to use his name in any way—he supposed Mr Hayes meant no harm, but that he must not presume because Hildreth & Varney were a firm in the Advertiser office that he could use the names of Hildreth & Varney in Vox Populi office. We supposed at the time that Mr Hayes acted honestly, but from misapprehension; and had no thought of accusing him of acting from any bad motive. If Hildreth authorized Mr Hayes to use his name why did he not always do so, instead of having "frequently done so!" We are sorry that a misunderstanding with Mr Varney should have induced Mr Hayes to have made statements that we should have believed him incapable of making.

P. S. Since writing the above we have received from Mr H. the following note. It will be seen that Mr H. substantiates both the statement that Hildreth is not an *owner* in the Vox Populi concern, and that Hildreth *never authorized* the use of his name—the only statements that have been made. And also that Mr H. *inferred* it was right for him to use the name of Hildreth from *circumstances*. As Mr Varney owns the Vox Populi concern, and is also connected with the Advertiser it is not very strange that Mr H. should make the mistake.

Ms F. A. HILDRETH: In the note I addressed Col. Schouler concerning the signing of your name to receipts and bills in "Vox Populi" office, I did not intend to be understood as saying that you was an *owner* in that concern. It is also true that you never personally authorized the use of your name. The *circumstances* under which the business of that concern was placed induced the conviction in my mind that I was acting strictly right in using it; and you will doubtless concede that I have not acted "wrongfully." I make this statement to avoid any misconstructioe of what I have done, and I trust you will as readily do me the justice to free me from all improper motives in that relation, which from your article of the 16th might be inferred. Respectfully yours,

J. F. C. HAYES.

We had no intention of imputing to Mr Hayes any wrong motive in the use of the name of Hildreth in connection with the Vox Popeli office. If any one supposed our article was intended to reflect upon him, they entertain an idea wholly different from what we intended to convey. We had no doubt he used our name from a misunderstanding.

☞ We shall attend to the statements of the Courier in our next.

Notice.

THE Pews in the South Congregational Meeting-house having been generally surrendered to the First Unitorian Society in Lowell, will be rented at Auction at said Meeting-house, on MONDAY, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., the purchaser bidding for the right of choice only, and acquiring by the purchase the right to occupy the Pew selected, subject to such rent or tax upon the new valuation as the Society from time to time may impose—and the right to occupy is to continue so long as said rent or tax be punctually paid.

N. B. The house will be open on SATURDAY and on MONDAY FORENOON to all who wish to select Pews. Per order of Standing Committee.

A. W. BUTTERICK, Clerk.

Lowell, April 15, 1846. 1tapr19

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL*, in *Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE.

Boston, April 6, 1846. o6wapr19

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorised, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on end paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GRAKENS,	DANIEL HENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEADS,	SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH BANOS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHESVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L R. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.

S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

SETH AMES.

Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,

A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ap18 1ats THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap of dung is on Fenwick Street. 2tapr19

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—from COMMERCIAL WHARF
This day.

The superior fast sailing Schr HENRY FRANKLIN, *Bearse*, master, will sail, as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. a19

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years* a *cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yo&pdec16

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentery employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the sun and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides; a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyapr4

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Lowell Museum.

WYATT'S COMPANY.—TWO NEW PIECES!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY Evenings, April 16, 17, and 18, commencing at 8 o'clock, except Saturday, when there will be two grand performances, commencing at 7½ and 8½ or when there is a sufficient number to fill the first house.

The entertainments will commence with the new and laughable Vaudeville, (first time in Lowell,) entitled,

NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY! Or, *The Youth who never saw a Woman!*

Characters by Tenney, Clark, Mrs Merrifield, Merrifield, and Miss St. Clair.

Song, - - - - - - - Mr Bradley.
Comic Song, - - - - - - - Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the pleasing petit Opera, called the

BORROWED BEAU!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Bradley, Tenney, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

In the course of the piece, the following songs, &c.

Duett—"To-morrow will be Market Day."
By Peter and Gertrude.
Song—"I don't think I'm ugly." By Gertrude.
Song—"I're no Money." By Gertrude.
Finale—"She is Mine." By all the characters.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

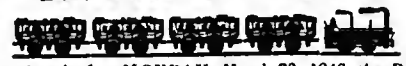
No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. apr16

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured* and *Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. s&pnpr11

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Chenoy, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Cherlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjon31

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
April 14, 1846. tfadvapr16

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and inclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37, -- Central Street -- 37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in said county, stonecutter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Benjamin Day will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on the SECOND MONDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Day, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

J. BANCROFT,
3tapr11 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose wood Cases, of every pattern, manufactured by them, constantly for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or, the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

Also—a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furnitura Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,
No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Post Office.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages; pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. All letters promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. 1yr

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 103 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale.

On SATURDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, 1 good Rifle, lot of Books—Burlins works, 3 vols.; 1st Latin, Greek, French and Miscellaneous; Fergusons Roman Republic; Ainsworth's Dictionary; Webster's Chemists. D. S. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

Great Sale of Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, the 23 day of April commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., with Lot No. 1, and proceeding in the order described below:

No. 1. Three brick tenements, 3 stories high, on the westerly side of Adams street: two of them being the two northerly tenements in the Bascom block, and the other being the southerly tenement of the Adams block.

No. 2. Two Cottages with about 7400 feet of land, on a cross street leading from Lowell to Fletcher street, near the "Stone House."

No. 3. One acre and 71 rods on said back street, near the lot last named.

No. 4. Five acres and 55 rods of land on a back street west of and near the head of Pawtucket canal and adjoining land of —— Bowers.

No. 5. The quarry of morter stone, containing about 38,909 feet, on the westerly side of School street, and south of Cross street, intersecting the same.

No 6. About 20,000 square feet of land, with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, situated on the west side of Water st., Belvidere, known as the Crem place.

Terms easy. A large portion of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage. Enquire of D. S. RICHARDSON, esq., Mansur's Building, or of the Auctioneer.

House, Store and Land.

On FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on South street, near the Appleton boarding-houses, a large new dwelling-house, conveniently arranged for two families, with a store in the basement, comprising altogether 14 well finished rooms, with a good wood shed, small barn, and a large stone and cement rain-water cistern. The property is well situated to rent at all times, and is desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars apply to the auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clk, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and in every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 22 feet of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale—A valuable building lot on Charles street.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale: Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Valuable Farm in Tewksbury.

On MONDAY, April 20, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the premises. Said farm consists of 119 acres, excellent Land, well divided into Mowing, Tillage, Pasture, and Wood Land. On it is a good one and a half story dwelling-house; barn, shed, &c.,—a well of excellent water for all purposes—a quantity of excellent Fruit Trees, &c. Terms liberal. A large part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage, if desired.

Cottage Houses.

On THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, Two Cottage Houses, situated on the West side of Dutton street, near the Engine House,—on leased land. Said houses are conveniently arranged and neatly furnished, and will be sold together or separate, as may be desired by the company. Terms of sale.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

3tapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Petlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 22 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John B. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Tims. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikon, Benj. Watson. mh26 3m

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to collect a case; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chulic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines; and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the incenter of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been raoacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From hese have been collected remedies attacking the various farms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

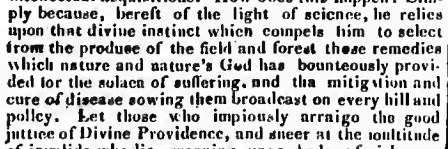
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for th very liberal share of patronage they have favored ihm with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptice diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Manin, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

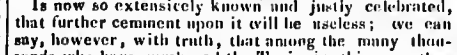
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Braintreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kiddor, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Glenann; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollistun, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Bigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coldleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

T. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW, BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* T. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment; and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome bulls as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last years of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure nation, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjnu22

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL S. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in some chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp'y yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 12, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To Dr CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved one of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No. 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude effected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Palar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&p4y

Dr Wilmarth's Celebrated Medicines.

THE following certificates are presented, that those suffering under disease may avail themselves of the benefit of the justly celebrated medicines of Dr. Wilmarth. Numerous certificates of their efficacy and worth might be produced from all the New England States, but these are deemed sufficient; for, those desiring to ascertain the truth of the facts therein stated, can do so, by inquiring of those certifying.

I hereby certify that for more than a year past I have been more or less troubled with the sick headache and a pain in my left side. In June last I was furnished with a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and immediately on taking them the pain in my side was in a measure relieved, and after taking half a box, both complaints were entirely relieved, and for the last two months I have been free from them.

MALINDA SPRAGUE.
Lowell, (Merrimack st Belvidere) Dec 8th, 1845.

Dr. A. T. Wilmarth,—Dear Sir. I hereby certify that for the last three months I have been seriously troubled with the piles to such a degree that for one week I was confined to the house and to my bed.—I employed a regular physician, who prescribed various remedies for about ten days without any favorable effect, and in fact I continued to grow worse, until I obtained a box of your Lenitive Electuary. In two days after I began to take the medicine I was essentially better, so much so as to be able to attend to my business, and in two weeks was entirely cured, by taking less than half a box. I consider this remedy a safe and effectual one for this distressing and troublesome disease, and wish that all troubled in the same way might have the benefit of this remedy. And if you should be of opinion that publishing this will have a tendency to relieve suffering by causing this remedy to be known and used, you are at liberty to do so.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. S. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane,) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This may certify that I have used Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills in my family for the last six months, and prefer them to any other, and can freely and confidently recommend them to others as a safe and good family medicine.

I have also used Dr. Wilmarth's Pain Extractor or Indian Liniment to a severe case of rheumatism, and it gave relief in a short time. I consider it a superior remedy for that distressing complaint.

SARAH AUSTIN.
Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8th 1845.

I hereby certify that my daughter, 15 years of age, about two years since was taken with a pain in her side, accompanied with a cough and general debility, and was unable to labor, and until last June continued much in the same state with slight variations, except the last 3 months, when she failed fast. During that time a regular physician prescribed for her case with very little benefit. In June last I was furnished with a bottle of Dr. Wilmarth's Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry. Within a week after taking the medicine there was a manifest and decided improvement in her health. She continued to get better, and for the last six weeks her health has been good, and she has been able to labor as usual. I consider the article a safe and good remedy, and can confidently recommend it to similar cases.

LOVINA WADLEIGH.
Lowell, (Merrimack st., Belvidere) Dec. 8th, 1845.

This certifies that for more than a year past I have been out of health. My complaint was general debility, accompanied with a constant headache and want of appetite; and for about three months my sight failed me, so that I was unable to sew but very little. I had been under the care of a regular physician nearly a year without any perceivable benefit. I then obtained a box of Dr. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and a bottle of his Indian Vegetable Bitters. Within two weeks after taking the medicine, the headache ceased, and my strength, eye-sight and appetite were restored, and for the last four months I have not been troubled with those complaints. ANN R. WASHBURN.
Lowell, (Carpet Lane) dec. 8, 1845.

This certifies that I have used in my family Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills, and can recommend them to be as good an article of the kind as I have ever used.

Lowell, (West st.) Dec. 8, 1845. SARAH SHIRLEY.

This certifies that for the last six months I have been acquainted with Dr. A. T. Wilmarth's Indian Vegetable Pills and his Sarsaparilla, Dandelion and Wild Cherry Syrup, and have used them in my own family in various complaints with the best effect. I consider them safe and excellent remedies, and can recommend them, especially the pills, in preference to any article of the kind I have ever used. MARY C. FOSTER.
Lowell, Dec. 8th, 1845.

The above mentioned medicines may be had of L. N. TOWER, 79 Central st., and of ELIJAH MORSE, 3 Warren st. jan20a&p3m.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory,

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. 1aug8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 21, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 47.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 47, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every THURSDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,

No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERBERT and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street

LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

78 Central st., Lowell.
jan14

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m. | 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 8 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jun21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

N. W. Ryan,



No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Meruens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he attends by the quarter and not by the lesson, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly, but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf sept2

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient as even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6nosapr9

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufactura of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.
J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietar is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggists and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly&jan29

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rags

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POST-OFFICE.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine rankling ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief: my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken out in.....	Years in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
			1837	$95 35	$448 3	$69 25	$1977 79
60	$5000	$370 75	1840	828 2	371 45	57 12	1730 5
			1839	693 3	309 [illegible]	45 [illegible]	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants*, upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons; (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec18

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 60, Merrimack Street,
LOWELL.
pattfo24

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

(OVER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.)

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
apr4 LOWELL, MASS. dec12

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET,

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years:

Dr. D. MOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL, " JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&poct23

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup,

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered for several weeks.

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. luwa&plyjan13

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT AND CURE OF

Pulmonary Consumption,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

☞ It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

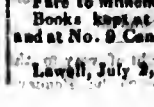
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr. Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 160, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. cowa&plyfeb14

Stage Notice,



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 2 o'clock, P. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock, Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents.

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver.
Lowell, July 2, 1844.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 21, 1846.

☞ "The Advertiser does not deny that the publishers of the Advertiser own the paper in which the list of letters are now published," says the Courier.—We don't know how many times the Courier would have us deny any ownership in that paper; twice before, and now for the third and last time we deny, as we have proved, that Hildreth has any ownership in the paper or office in which the list of letters is published.

The Courier in the first place tried to make the public believe he wrote to Daniel Webster about the time we went to Washington, to put him and the whig Senators on their guard; but as he wrote long before we thought of going there, he gives up that point, but denies having written in accordance with an understanding with Mr Seavy, and an expectation of having the list of letters after the confirmation. What then did you write for? Why take such an interest in a democrat? The reason *you* gave for writing we shew *must be false*, and you deny the reason *we* gave for you. Do tell us then *why you did write?* You do not yet deny, nor dare you, that some of Mr Seavy's *friends knew* that you wrote to Webster for Seavy's confirmation. It is a matter of little consequence, whether Mr Seavy or his friends had an understanding with you about writing. You deny an expectation of having the list of letters after the confirmation. This is contrary to all your acts and sayings. After the list of letters was taken from the Conrier, you made a *furious attack* upon the Postmaster, *claimed* the list of letters, and *threatened writing to the Postmaster General about it.* You suddenly turned round, wrote *for his confirmation, took up his defence and whined most piteously in his behalf.* And now, you would have us believe, all this change has taken place, and all this labor has been performed for the Postmaster merely for the love you bear for the democratic party! Can you expect a reasonable man to believe it?

The "distinguished democrat" who we said visited the Courier office on Monday to furnish the editor with materials for the article which appeared in the afternoon, the Courier says was not the gentleman who gave him the account of the proceedings of the Democratic City Committee. Well, perhaps in this we are mistaken. But if the "distinguished democrat" who visited him on Monday and furnished the materials for his article did not give him an account of the meeting, why then, he did not do so by the editor of the Courier as he did by other whigs.

The Courier man is entirely welcome to all the advantage he can derive from the use of such language as "unqualifiedly *false!*" if we are mistaken, and somebody other than the "distinguished democrat" informed him about the proceedings of the City Committee.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY. This bill, as it has passed the House, is essentially the same as the bill passed under the administration of Mr Van Buren, except it requires an immediate instead of gradual payment of all government dues to be made in specie.—It cuts all connection with the banks. The principal features in the bill are the following, which we find condensed at our hand in an exchange paper.

1. The rooms in the Treasury building at Washington, prepared for the Treasurer of the United States, are to be recognized as the Treasury; and the Treasurer is to keep the public funds that come into his hands until they are drawn out according to law.

2. The Mint at Philadelphia, the branch at New Orleans, the Custom Houses in Boston, New York, Charleston, and St. Louis, to be branches of the Treasury for the safe keeping of the public money.

3. All receivers of public money to keep safely the funds that come into their hands until the same are ordered out; and on no condition to use or loan the same.

4. The officers having the public money in charge, to give bonds, and transfer money when directed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

5. Receivers General to be appointed by the President; and no more than ten additional clerks to be allowed for that branch of the public service. No clerk to be allowed more than $800 a year.

6. If any of the officers, or those connected with the Post Office Department, shall convert to their own use, or invest in any kind of property or merchandise, or loan any portion of the public money, the act shall be deemed an embezzlement and declared a felony, and all persons advising or participating in such act, being convicted thereof, shall be sentenced to imprisonment not less than six months, and to a fine equal to the amount of money embezzled.

7. After June 30th, 1846, all payments to be made in gold and silver coin only. Drafts are not to be thrown into circulation as a paper currency or medium of exchange.

8. After October 1st, 1846, all disbursements on account of the Government to be made in specie only.

9. The Receiver General at New York to be paid $4000 a year; and the Receivers at Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, $2500 each; and no commission or perquisites to be allowed, under penalty of its being considered a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both.

10. The bill to become a law (if the Senate consent) on the 1st of July, 1846.

☞ The Detroit Free Press says the copper mania is raging stronger than ever. There will be a general rush for the upper country in about 30 days. There was considerable excitement among holders of stock yesterday and the day before, owing to letters which have been received from agents of the several companies now in that region. There are several companies which were formed last season, and which have their leases perfected, making preparations to commence operations this spring, with a determination to test their locations. All doubt as to the existance of mineral in large quantities is removed.

☞ Six subscribers to the Advertiser have discontinued their paper on account of our publishing the facts about the Postmaster here, as set forth in the affidavits of Messrs. Simmons, Alger and French, and the statement of Mr Roberts. Two or three of the individuals who stopped their paper have spent twice six days in endeavoring to get enough to stop with them to keep them in countenance. We are really sorry that no better defence than stopping six papers can be set up for the Postmaster. If he could be honestly defended we would willingly pay the subscription price of twice six papers.

RIOT AT BROOKLYN, N. Y. The hands employed on the Dry Dock at Brooklyn turned out last week for higher prices. They were mostly Irishmen. A parcel of freshly landed Germans, who had been engaged to take their places, were assaulted by the old hands, and several of them badly wounded.

☞ The bill for granting the right of way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has passed the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, 51 to 45.

LOWELL POSTMASTER—THE PETITIONS.

I, Charles J. Adams, of the city of Lowell, Mass., City Marshall of Lowell, do certify that the persons whose names are hereto annexed, are most of them men with whom I am, and have been for a long time well acquainted, and whose names I am told are upon the petition of S. S. Seavy, for his appointment to the Lowell Post Office. I also certify that I know most of the men named herein to be and have been for a long time active and voting members of the whig party in this city; and have no doubt that every person named below are whigs and have so voted for years past.

The men alluded to as known to me are as follows:

Charles W. Thompson,	Franklin B. Coburn,
John W. Adams,	Wm. G. Nutting,
John R. Wentworth,	John H. Watson,
Wm. S. Bennett,	Leonard Woods,
Edw. W. Bradley,	John McGregory,
J. P. Jewett, M. D.,	A. Dwinell,
True Wing,	Farley Hall,
Alanson Nichols,	Sam'l C. Simpleigh,
Theo. Butterfield,	Joel Stone, jr.,
Thomas J. Knowles,	Reuben Butterfield,
J. A. Brabrook,	Wm. Bradstreet,
C. G. Weaver.	

(Sworn to Jan. 2, 1846.)

The above names, known to Mr. Adams, and the names of many other whigs, personally known to us to be so, were cut from the heading of the petition to which they were originally signed and attached to a petition headed as follows:—

WE THE UNDERSIGNED,

Citizens of Lowell, in the State of Massachusetts, and members of the DEMOCRATIC PARTY, would respectfully, but urgently recommend Maj. Stephen S. Seavy, of Lowell, as a candidate for the office of Post Master at Lowell; knowing him to have been, at all times, a firm and consistent member of the DEMOCRATIC PARTY, and from his connection with that office, and his business capacity, the MOST SUITABLE PERSON to receive that appointment, and one who alone could meet the wishes of the majority of the PARTY IN LOWELL.

Lowell, Feb. 15, 1845.

(Copied at the P. O. Department in Washington.)

The following affidevit of Dea. Brabrook is similar to others that have taken, and shows what kind of a petition was signed by these and other whigs. If cutting names from one paper and pasting them to another would make the owners of them as good Democrats in Lowell as they are represented to be at Washington, it would be a very easy thing to revolutionize our city.

I, Joseph A. Brabrook, do hereby certify that I have lived in Lowell for the past thirteen years, and that during that time I have always acted openly as a whig in my politics; that on or about the fifteenth day of February last past, a petition was presented me for my signature in favor of Stephen S. Seavy as deputy Post Master with a printed heading or preamble stating that it was the petition of "Citizens generally," and at the same time a petition was shown me for "Democratic Citizens" to be signed in favor of Mr Seavy. I signed the "Citizens'" petition, and not the "Democratic Citizens' Petition," which last I would not have signed because it would have been a false representation if I had done so.

(Signed) JOSEPH A. BRABROOK.

(Sworn to Jan. 2, 1846.)

As the editor of the Courier has taken up the defence of the Postmaster, will he tell us, why these petitions were sent to Washington at all, after a pledge to a public meeting, and also to Mr. Beard that they should not be? and why, being sent they were cut from one petition and pasted to another, thereby representing whigs as democrats? What's the explanation?

DANIEL O'CONNELL. The accounts of the bad health of the Liberator must have been somewhat overstated; for on the 19th of February he made a speech in the House of Commons, touching the condition of Ireland, the report of which occupies several columns of the London Morning Chronicle, and if we may judge by the marks of applause, full of his characteristic vigor. In the course of his speech, Mr O'Connell said:

"Between 1821 and 1831, the population of Ireland increased by one million souls; between 1831 and 1841, only by half a million. This sudden check in the usual progress of population is the surest test of deep internal misery and suffering in the condition of a people. Of the total agricultural population of Ireland, according to the report of the commissioners of poor law inquiry, in 1835, two millions three hundred thousand were constantly in a state approaching to starvation. The rural population was calculated in Lord Devon's commission at seven millions, and of these, five millions habitually suffered the greatest privations and hardships; and yet, according to the report of the commissioners, the patient endurance which the laborers exhibit entitles them to the best attention of government and of parliament.

Now, with regard to this laboring population (says Mr O'Connell), many of them are already obliged to live on diseased potatoes, and the largest body have only a supply which they do not expect to last longer than two months. Potatoes were their only food—their only drink, water; and they had neither bed nor blanket to cover them from the cold. In the middle of November, half the crop was destroyed. Since then, the disease had been making fearful advances, and although there had been a temporary lull, it was again in progress, and the worst prognostications of the minister were likely to be realized."

WRECK OF THE STEAMER OREGON. The Journal of Commerce of Saturday says:—

"The splended steamer Oregon, Capt St John, which cost $140,000, in attempting to come through Hurlgate this morning, about 4 o'clock, unfortunately got upon the rock called the Gridiron. The engine was immediately stopped, but the mischief had been done; she was hard and fast; and in a moment after, both her bow and stern settled a foot or two, leaving her centre highest. Water soon began to flow into the cabins, and when our informant left, it was a foot or more above the cabin floors. Her centre doubtless rests upon a rock, while her extremities are free. The passengers were taken off by the ferry boat Astoria, and transferred to the steamer Traveller, Capt. Joel Stone, from New Haven, and by her brought down to the city, where they arrived about two hours after the accident. The Traveler had passed through the gate when the accident hapened, and discovered that the Oregon was in trouble, immediately put back for her relief. The number of passengers was about 100, no one of whom was injured, nor were they very badly freightened, relief being so near at hand. There was very little wind at the time, and a bright moon-light. The tide was pretty well up when the boat went on, though not at its height. Whether she will be saved or lost, is yet a matter of uncertainty. The steamer Neptune, by the last accounts, was alongside, taking out her furniture. The Oregon is chiefly owned by Mr George Law, of this city, and is uninsured.

The damage to this splendid boat is estimated at about eight or ten thousand dollars.

☞ The body of the female who died in the Derne street watch-house Saturday, has been recognized and taken to Lowell for interment. Her name was Rosaline Prescott; she was 21 years old and is supposed to have been insane at the time of her death. [Boston Bee.

DANCING. Mr. E. J. Davis, of Salem, will commence a school for the instruction of children and Misses, on Tuesday afternoon next, at Washington's Hall. See advertisement.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

THE FEMALE OPERATIVES OF LOWELL WORKING MORE HOURS AND RECEIVING LESS WAGES THAN THE SO CALLED "PAUPER LABOR OF ENGLAND."

Much has been written respecting the pauper labor of England interfering with our own industry; and Mr Abbott Lawrence in a recent letter, questions the veracity of those informants of the Secretary of the Treasury, who furnished the data, from which he was induced to report that wages of labor in cotton mills had been reduced since the passage of the tariff bill of 1843; and adduces some facts as to wages in 1846, to strengthen his assertion.

Now does Mr Lawrence suppose that the public have so little fairness or intelligence as to believe that the Secretary of the Treasury is guilty of misrepresentation in not including the wages of 1846 in a report prepared in 1845? How could Mr Walker foresee that his agitation of the question of wages would have the good effect of compelling the factory owners to advance the wages of the work people?

The Secretary of Treasury applied by circular to the Lowell corporations for facts and figures, which some of them declined from motives of "self respect" to furnish; and what better authority could be than have than certain tables called "statistics of Lowell manufacturas, compiled from authentic sources;" printed and published at Lowell; the correctness of which they endorse by now distributing among the members of congress that for 1846. These tables are now before us; and that of January 1842, expressly states,—"average wages of females clear of board, $2.00 per week; of males 80 cents per day." January 1844, "average wages of females clear of board per week, $1.75; of males 70 cts. per day." January 1845, the same—$1.75 for females and 70 cts. for males.

These tables are probably made up from the average of all the mills, and not particular mills, as produced by Mr Lawrence and his agents—possibly selected as the most advantageous in fortifying his assertions.

One humiliating fact these statements of the Honorable Abbott Lawrence prove, viz: that in the Lawrence mills, from Nov. '42 to Feb. '43, many months after the passage of the present high tariff, the female operatives were paid, on an average $1.63 per week,—board $1.25—total $2.88. The Jackson Co., Nashua, N. H., paid for four weeks ending April, 1843, the following wages:

Females attending three looms, $1.29—board $1.25—total $2.54. Those attending four looms $2.12—board $1.25—total 3.37.—probably for 72 hours labor, being about *two cents* the hour, exclusive of board. Now in Manchester, England, a mill of the Oxford Road Twist Co., in which is made a description of heavy sheeting, corresponding to Lowell sheetings—there were paid, in 1844, (as furnished by an American gentlemen well known, and who can be relied on for accuracy,) the following wages for what is called pauper labor, viz: Females attending three looms, 16*l* sterling, or $3.88 per week. Those attending four looms, 20*l*, or $4.85 per week, of 69 hours labor as restricted by law; or nearly fifty per cent greater wages paid in England to the "pauper labor;" and shorter hours, than to those healthy, cheerful and industrious women of Lowell.

Workmen and working women! How long will you be deceived and trodden under foot? For how many years shall your petitions to the Legislature be laid on the table or treated with disrespect, by those who are probably either stockholders themselves, or the friends of those who live on the proceeds of your labors, rather than friends of the operatives.

PROTECTION TO ALL.

PEACE! PEACE! It's peculiarly edifying, says the Louisville Democrat, to hear Englishmen read homilies to us on peace. Is England ever at peace with the world? Her hands are always stained with blood whilst her hypocritical scribblers talk of the barbarism of the United States. England is now engaged in a bloody and exterminating war in Hindostan.—She is warring in conjunction with France in South America. But she preaches peace with the United States. If she thought there was a chance of butchering thirty thousand Americans and thereby extending her dominions, it would be delightful. We should hear of nothing but honor and blood. It's disgraceful now for two such nations as England and the United States to go to war, but it's no disgrace for two powerful nations like England and France to make war on the poor states of the La Plata in South America.

☞ It is stated in a Pittsburgh paper, that the mechanics of that city are making one hundred large wagons to be used in the transportation of goods from Independence, Missouri, to Santa Fe, the present spring. It is also stated that a splendid carriage, costing $1500, is building at the same place for one of the Mexican merchants.

☞ A large number of merchants in Boston, have published a card commendatory of the honorable conduct of J. H. Colkmore, Esq., who went into bankruptcy, paid 30 pr cent. on his liabilities, and received his discharge; and afterwards paid the balance in full by means of a legacy received from his mother.

☞ One of our upper crust exquisites, a few days since, told his coachman he might have a coat he did'nt intend himself to wear any more, "Thank ye sir," replied John, "I have no desire to own any of your *abandoned habits.*"

☞ Mr Kendall, of the Picayune, writing from Houston Texas, on the 4th, says, "I am told that Rice Garland, the runaway judge of our supreme court, was seen here a day or two since, travelling under the assumed name of Col Tallifer."

☞ A farmer recommending a cow, said she would give good milk, year after year, without having calves, because it runs in the breed, as she came from a cow that never had a calf.

PORTLAND. At the second trial Eliphalet Greely whig, was chosen mayor, having 941 votes, to 849 for Mr Holden, democrat.

☞ A man in Kentucky, has invented a pill so powerful in its operation, that it will work off the tightest pair of boots mortal ever wore.

☞ Died at Worcester, on Tuesday last, of disease of the brain, EDWARD PALFREY, Esq. late editor of the Salem Advertiser, aged 41.

☞ The jury have returned a verdict of not guilty, in the case of Polly Bodine, tried for murder.

CONGRESS.

Friday, April 16.

The SENATE was not in session.

In the HOUSE, a message was received from the Senate, announcing the passage of the Oregon resolutions.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the Oregon jurisdiction bill.

Mr Davis, of Mississippi, spoke against the bill, and offered an amendment in lieu of the whole bill.

The House finally passed the bill extending jurisdiction over the Oregon territory.

An amendment defining that the boundary should extend from 42 to 54 40, was rejected by a vote of 70 to 60.

Saturday, April 18.

The passage of the Senate Oregon Notice Resolution, with modifications in the House.—Tremendous majority, &c., &c.

The Joint Resolution from the Senate, giving the notice, &c was taken up.

Mr Owen moved that the House concur therein, with the following amendments;

Strike out the words "and immediately directed to renewed efforts for the amicable settlement of all their differences and disputes in respect to said territory," and in lieu thereof, to insert, "directed to the importance of a speedy adjustment of all their differences and disputes in respect to said territory."

Also, to strike out the 2d resolution, and in lieu thereof to insert—

SEC. 2d. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States is authorized and requested to give to the British Government the notice required by its said second article, for the abrogation of the said Convention of the 6th of August, 1827.

Mr Owen moved the previous question, which was sustained.

The amendment offered by Mr Owen was agreed to—yeas 98, nays 87.

The Senate resolutions as thus amended, were carried by a larger majority than what the House resolutions were passed by, in proportion to the number that voted on both occasions,—the ayes being 144, the nays 41, being more than three to one.

Unless the Senate be inclined to act stubbornly and do nothing more than what they have already done, the House will eventually pass their resolution for the purpose of catching them in a trap of their own making; for, it is currently believed that they would not have ever passed Mr Crittenden's amendment, as amended by Mr Johnson, of Maryland, if they had thought the House would accede to it. In this, however, they will be disappointed, for I understand the House, rather than have no form of notice, but particularly one which has hardly an objectionable feature in it as that of the Senate, will vote it through on Tuesday next, if the Senate do not concur in their amendment of to-day.

As soon as the President finds himself authorized to act, he will forthwith issue his proclamation dissolving the joint occupancy, in accordance with the terms of the treaty of the 6th of August, 1827, and leave the issue to his God and his country. Mr Polk is determined of doing his duty, and will look to the country at large to sustain him, as General Jackson before him has done, and let politicians say and do as they may think fit.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALEDONIA.

SIXTEEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The Royal mail steamship Caledonia, arrived yesterday in Boston. She left Liverpool on the 4th inst. and her intelligence is 16 days later.

The tone of the British press on the Oregon question continues to be denunciatory and warlike.

The commercial accounts from all parts of the country are desponding and gloomy. With the solitary exception of the Iron trade in which great activity prevails owing to temporary causes, there is not a branch of manufacturing industry which is not suffering more or less under paralysis.

The cotton market is laboring under the effect of the general depression. Rates which rule in the Liverpool markets involve a loss of not less than twenty shillings per bale, on a comparison with the prices which prevail in America.

The money market is in a very unsatisfactory state. Cash is scarce and dear, and nothing but first rate paper, and that of short dates, stands the least chance of discount in the London market.

The uncertainty about the new tariff in the United States prevents goods from going forward, and will greatly lessen the receipt of duties in the United States for the first half of this year, so that the apprehension of war is almost as bad as war itself.

The British Tariff. The "great and comprehensive measure" of Sir Robert Peel has passed through another stage in its progress towards its legislative finals. The second reading, after a week's debate, was carried by a majority of 88, which is a diminution of 9, as compared with the first great parliamentary division that followed its introduction into the House of Commons. It is now uncertain whether the subsequent stages can be so accelerated as to launch the bill into the House of Lords, before Parliament adjourns for the Easter holidays.

The speech of Sir Robert Peel, in closing the debate on the second reading, was another of those elaborate, well-reasoned arguments, pregnant with mind and matter, which the premier on great occasions is in the habit of giving to the world. The liberality of its tone and the large political and economic truths which it evolved, have increased the chasm between him and the old tory party.

Parliament. The English Tariff and the Irish Coercion Bill; the bane and antidote of the government. The latter measure is being fiercely assailed, and, in truth with much force, by the opposition; for it proceeds upon a principle repugnant to every principle of civil liberty—that of punishing the innocent with the guilty. There are according to Sir James Graham, five counties in Ireland where murders and assassinations are rife—where life, either at night or at mid-day seems to be estimated at a pin's fee. These five counties are parallel with, or contiguous to the great Irish stream, the Shannon; and are almost exclusively agricultural. It makes ones blood run cold to read in the Irish papers, the deliberate system of shooting and assassinations of which these distorbed districts are the scenes.

Great Battles in India—war ended. Since the departure of the Unicorn, further advices have been received from India. Two more great battles have been fought in India between the British and Sikh armies, both terminating in decisive victory to the former. The first was under the command of Sir H. Smith, and the latter Sir H. Gough, which was perhaps one of the most bloody on record. In Sir H S.'s battle, the whole army of the enamy were driven headlong over the difficult ford of a broad river; his camp, cannon, (56 pieces), baggage, stores of amonition and of grain—his all, in fact wrested from him by the repeated charges of cavalry and infantry; and in that of Sir Hugh Gough's, the Sikhs lost 12,000 men and 65 pieces of artillery.

The English had 300 men killed, 13 of whom were officers, and 2500 wounded, of whom 101 were officers. Her Majesty's 53d and 61st regiments suffered enormously. General Littler and Brigadier Taylor are among the dead.

The action commenced in the morning, and, the work of destruction had closed by eleven o'clock in the forenoon. An awful sacrifice of life took place on the Sutlej, in attempting to cross which, our troops mowed down thousands of the flying foe, and those who escaped the fire were drowned in the stream.—This victory has put the finishing stroke to the war. The Sikhs have agreed to pay a million and a half sterling, in the course of four years, towards the expenses of the war, the payment to be enforced by the occupation of Lahore.

From France we do not find anything of much interest. The news from Algeria is of the same character as the preceding month. There had been some skirmishing with Abd-el-Kader.

Mr Liston, the celebrated comedian, died in London on the 23d.

Some of the rich Polish exiles resident in Paris sold stocks in the French railways to the amount of £80,000 sterling, to assist their comrades in their insurgent countrymen.

Warlike Preparations. The greatest activity continues in all the dockyards in England, and the recruiting for the army is still going on with great spirit.—6000 soldiers were ordered to India, 3000 of which were to proceed by the over land mail route. It is now stated that the order will be rescinded. There is a rumor current that an additional number will proceed to Canada.

Indian Corn. This article continues to arrive in great quantities in the principle ports of the country, and is already becoming one of great consumption. In Liverpool we have several flour dealers and bakers who bot forth Indian corn, Indian flour and bread made of Indian flour, as the prominent article of sale.

VOREE, the new Mormon city in Wisconsin, is growing rapidly under the direction of prophet Strang, whose commission from Joe Smith, dated at Nauvoo, June 19, 1845, runs as follows:

"And now behold my servant, James J. Strang hath come to thee from afar for truth when he knew it not, and hath not rejected it but had faith in thee, the Shepherd and Stone of Israel, and to him shall the gathering of the people be; for he shall plant a stake of Zion in Wisconsin, and I will establish it; and there shall my people have peace and rest, and shall not be moved, for it shall be established on the Prairie on White river in the land of Racine and Walworth, and behold my servants, James and Aaron, shall plant it, for I have given them wisdom, and Daniel shall stand in his lot on the hill beside the river looking down on the praire and shall instruct my people, and shall plead with them face to face.

Behold my servant James shall lengthen the cords and strengthen the stakes of Zion, and my servant Aaron shall be his counsellor, for he hath wisdom in the gospel and understandeth the doctrines and erreth not therein.

And I will have a house built unto me there of stone, and there will I show myself to my people by many mighty works, and *all those of the city shall be called Voree*, which is, being interpreted, garden of peace, for there shall my people have peace and rest and wax fat and pleasant in the pleasance of their enemies.

But I will again stretch out my arm over the rivers of waters and on the banks thereof shall the house of my choice be. But now the city Voree shall be a strong hold of safety to my people, and they that are faithful and obey me I will there give them great prosperity and such as they have not had before, and unto Voree shall be the gathering of my people, and there shall the oppressed flee for safety and none shall hort or molest them.

So spake the Almighty God of Heaven. Thy duty is made plain, and if thou lackest wisdom, ask of God, in whose hands I trust thee, and he shall give thee unsparingly, for if no evil befall thee thou shalt lead the flock to pleasant pastures. God sustain thee.

JOSEPH SMITH.

To JAMES J. STRANG."

☞ THE NAVY REGISTER FOR 1846. The navy register for 1846 is much more full than any of its predecessors, and must be the result of no little labor and care. It gives the names of every officer in the navy and marine corps—his present employment, when he was last at sea, the whole sea duty he has performed, the shore duty he has had, his annual pay, and the gross amount paid him during the year ending 30th of June last. It contains, also, the names of civil officers connected with the service, a list of vessels belonging to the navy, list of vessels and officers employed in different squadrons, and a list of officers at the various share stations. On the whole it furnishes much "food for reflection," and ought to have a wide circulation among the people as well as among the officers. We are struck with the frequent recurrence, on almost every page, of the phrase, "*waiting orders,*" which we suppose, means *unemployed.* Of the 67 captains on the list, only thirteen are at sea; of the ninety-seven commanders, only 21 are at sea; of three hundred and 26 lieutenants, about one hundred and twenty-two are at sea; of sixty-nine surgeons, twenty five seem to be at sea. Forty-one captains and fifty-three commanders are wholly unemployed—and an aggregate pay of about $200,000. We have not time to go fully into the subject, but it deserves attention.—The Bureaux of the Department are all filled with naval officers.

We understand, by the way, that a civilian has been recently nominated by the President, to the Bureau of Clothing, &c. Gideon Wells, of Connecticut; an excellent selection. It is to be hoped that not only will this judicious innovation be ratified by the Senate, but that it will be the parent of a few more of its kind.—[N. Y. News.

☞ The selectmen of Worcester, Mass., in their annual report, denounce in strong terms the play of the "Reformed Drunkard," &c., exhibited by Dr. Robinson, as tending to demoralize the mind, and increase the vice they represent, rather than to diminish it.—They also state that on the day after the lecture, of Green, the self-styled "Reformed Gambler," some months since, there was a greater sale of playing cards than had been for weeks and months previous. [Boston Times.

Basskeridge, N. J., Oct. 10th, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle, Boston: Dear sir—I perceive by all the newspapers, that you are the General Agent of that very useful and highly popular Medicine called Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Allow me to inform you, sir, that I have used that medicine in my family with decided success. Last fall my wife was quite sick—had a very bad cough. I consulted a physician who visited her and prescribed some medicine, which did not remove her cough. At last he ordered Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I immediately procured a bottle of your agent in this place, Mr Daniel W. Doty; she took it, and it cured her cough entirely. During the winter I had a fever myself, which left me very weak and feeble—I had a severe cough, which troubled me sometimes. I had recourse to your Balsam again, and found it highly beneficial. I was obliged, however, to take two bottles before I was entirely well. All who have bad Colds, severe Coughs, or diseased Lungs, I would advise to try Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY at once.

Signed, DAVID AYERS.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Ayers, and believe his statement to be true, and entitled to the confidence of the public. REV OSCAR HARRIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Basskeridge.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ap4dcpmr4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, prepared by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of this City (256 Bowary), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this—it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. ap4 6m

---

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels of the head, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing bald heads and *gray hair.* For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 219 Washington street, Boston. 4mdvms28

MARRIED,

In this city, April [illegible] by Rev U. C. Burnap, Mr Charles H. [illegible] to Miss Nancy Wilson.

In Acton, April [illegible] Mr William A. Hill to Miss Nancy J. Colley.

In Boston, Mr Aaron Wheeler, of Acton, to Miss Phebe E. Rogers of Boston.

Middlesex Horticultural [illegible]

MEMBERS will be [illegible] of the Society at [illegible] WEDNESDAY, the [illegible] M. A practical [illegible] and is requested. Per order, [illegible], April 20, 1846.

☞ At a meeting of the Middlesex Horticultural Society, holden at Mechanics' Hall, Saturday afternoon the 18th instant, the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen as the as the officers of the Society for the current year:—Alexander Wright, President; John C. Dalton, Vice President; W. F. Smith, Secretary; P. P. Spalding, Treasurer; William Speecer, Daciel Cushing, Phineas Adams, George W. Larrebee, Edward J. Payea, Phineas Whiting, Abiel Relfe, Trustees.

THE FIRST GREENS AND ASPARAGUS OF THE SEASON. Our old friend Merriam, of Chelmsford, paid us a visit this morning, and brought along a nice lot of greens, asparagus and cresses. Mr Merriam is always the first of the season in the garden line. He will accept our thanks.

MEXICO.—LATEST. We have reports of another revolution in Mexico, in favor of Santa Anna. It is not improbable that this crafty old fellow is now there in person and in power.

☞ As we expect, to-morrow, to receive a retraction of Mr Hayes' last statement as we did of his first, we shall take no further notice of it at this time.

Teeth! Teeth!

DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 3m

W. D. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap21 6m LOWELL.

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Fire Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

Auction!

WILL be sold at public aucrion, at Billerica Mills, on SATURDAY, 2d May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the Dye-Stuffs, consisting of the kinds and qualities used for coloring carpet yarns—1 wash-box for scouring wool—a quantity of 10 inch funnel in good condition, suitable for heating dry-rooms; belonging to the estate of STEPHEN LANIGAN, insolvent debtor.

B. F. BUTLER, } *Assignees of*
THOS. TALBOT, } *said Lanigan.*
April 21, 1846. ap21a&pts

Assignee's Notice.

IN the matter of LORIN WALKER, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Mason, an insolvent debtor, the subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been chosen Assignee of the estate of said insolvent, and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be holden in said Lowell, at the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for said county, on MONDAY, the fourth day of May next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors may prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Assignee.
Lowell, April 20th, 1846. ap21

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed Assignee in the case of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Honey will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esquire, a Master in Chancery, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY the fifth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD S. LEAVITT, Assignee.
Lowell, April 20, 1846. ap21

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE.
Boston, April 6, 1846. 2awapr19

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIBBENS,	DANIEL HENCHMEN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L H. WELLES, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH SANGS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CREAVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L B. BOURNE,
BENJAMIN LAWSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr20

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY,
the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,

A Pleasantly Situated Factory in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Railroad. The said Factory has been lately occupied as a Woolen Manufactory, and contains 2 sets of Cards, 1 Picker, 2 stories of Looms, with accommodations for 30 or 40 Looms, and other out buildings. There is about 7 acres of land belonging to the above property, with a never failing supply of water, and power to drive the whole establishment. The Factory is in good repair, and will be sold on favorable terms. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, on the premises.

HORACE C. DEAN.
April 14, 1846. 1tdapr16

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect care of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Huet's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape; but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newberg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap of dung is on Fenwick Street. 3tapr10

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young Misses and Masters in this highly and esefm accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall*,—providing he can obtain a sufficient number of scholars. He will teach Waltzes, Cotillons, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Tuition, Five Dollars for twenty-four lessons.
April 19, 1846. apr19

Lowell Museum.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF WYATT'S COMPANY.

First night of the new Drama of *Charlotte Temple.*

MONDAY EVENING and every evening during the week, except Saturday, commencing at 8 o'clock, will be presented the new Drama, taken from the popular American story of the same name, and dramatized by Mr Charles H. Saunders expressly for the Museum Stage, entitled

CHARLOTTE TEMPLE;—Or, a *Tale of Truth.*

Characters by Messrs Bradley, Wyatt, Merrifield, Clark, Atkins, Frost, Tenney, Miss St. Clair and Mrs Merrifield.

Song, - - - - - - - - Mr Bradley.
Comic Song, - - - - - - Merrifield.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of

NEW LIGHTS—Or, *the Irish Schoolmaster!*

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Wyatt, Tenney, Bradley, Clark, Miss St. Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

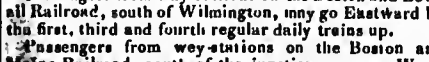
A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. apr21

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 12, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7¼, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 1¼, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz!

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.
" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jno. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n18a&r6m

To the Afflicted.

DR. MORRILL'S MEDICAL OFFICE,
No. 9, Middle Street, opposite the Post Office.

Seven years close study and practical experience.—An advantage to be derived by patients unattainable at any other establishment for the treatment of the following complaints: Coughs, Diarrhœa, Gravel, Rheumatism, Female Debility, Glandular Affections, Effects of Mercury, Strictures, Piles, Diseases of the Skin, Cholera Morbus, Scrofula, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic. In all diseases of a private nature a perfect cure is warranted in from 9 to 14 days, according to the stage of the disease.

Dr. M. wishes to say to his friends and the public generally that he continues his practice as usual, curing all private diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, and also Syphilis, in all its forms and stages, pains in the bones, eruptions on the skin, ulcers in the nose and throat, &c., with every other form of delicate and private complaints.

In all cases of Gleet and Venereal diseases of from one to ten years standing, a cure is warranted; in all private diseases in a few days without mercury.

N. B. Ladies can obtain the Doctor's medicine at his house on Kirk street, of Mrs Morrill, with directions for use; or at his office, No. 9 Middle st.. A letter promptly attended to.

Dr Morrill's Female Monthly Drops and pills are the only sure cure for all suppressions and irregularities that were ever offered for sale in this city.

The Dr has four private rooms for private patients.

Gentlemen or Ladies wishing for my medicines, who cannot call at the office, can consult the Dr. by letter, and the medicines can be sent to them safely, and a cure warranted. jyr

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards; extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other ordinary uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [Mar19] Concord, N. H.

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in Ray's Block.

Sept 16 A. E. BROWN.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect care of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Huet's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape; but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newberg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap of dung is on Fenwick Street. 3tapr10

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young Misses and Masters in this highly and esefm accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall*,—providing he can obtain a sufficient number of scholars. He will teach Waltzes, Cotillons, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Tuition, Five Dollars for twenty-four lessons.
April 19, 1846. apr19

HOUSE, SIGN AND FANCY PAINTING AND GLAZING.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

—FOR—

SPRING AND SUMMER,

AT

NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

April 14, 1846. 1tdapr16

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

JOHN G. LOCKE.
apr21tf

French's Oyster Saloon,

27.—Central Street—27.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the very best Oysters in the very best manner, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gent lemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Tea, Cakes, &c., for Ladies, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with Ice Creams, Ices, Fruit, Confectionary, &c., at short notice. Wedding Cakes on hand and made to order.

☞ Basement on the upper Range, No. 25.

A. B. FRENCH.
Lowell, April 16, 1846. apr16

GILT FRAMES

FOR

Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures

MADE AT

No. 20, Central Street

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $5 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please.

W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. a&apr11

F. Brown's

SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sicking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 82 Washington Street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., KIDDER, Jr., & AYER, L. N. TOWER, & E. LINCOLN. For sale by Druggists and Dealers generally. ☞ PRICE—$1 00 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. a&papr11ya&pr

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Sale of Real Estate.

On THURSDAY, the 23 day of April commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., with Lot No. 1, and proceeding in the order described below:

No. 1. Three brick tenements, 3 stories high, on the westerly side of Adams street: two of them being the two northerly tenements in the Bascom block, and the other being the southerly tenement of the Adams block.

No. 2. Two Cottages with about 7400 feet of land, on a cross street leading from Lowell to Fletcher street, near the "Stone House."

No. 3. One acre and 71 rods on said back street, near the lot last named.

No. 4. Five acres and 55 rods of land on a back street west of and near the head of Powtucket canal and adjoining land of —— Bowers.

No. 5. The quarry of mortar stone, containing about 38,909 feet, on the westerly side of School street, and south of Cross street, intersecting the same.

No 6. About 20,000 square feet of land, with the large dwelling house and other buildings thereon, situated on the west side of Water st., Belvidere, known as the Cram place.

Terms easy: A large portion of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage. Enquire of D. S. RICHARDSON, esq., Munson's Building, or of the Auctioneer.

House, Store and Land.

On FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on South street, near the Appleton boarding-houses, a large new dwelling-house, conveniently arranged for two families, with a store in the basement; comprising altogether 14 well finished rooms, with a good wood shed, small barn, and a large stone and cement rain-water cistern. The property is well situated to rent at all times, and is desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars apply to the auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clock, a.m., on the premises, in Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 22 feet of land on Tyler; near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., some day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square;—

Cottage Houses.

On THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, Two Cottage House, situated on the West side of Dutton street, near the Engine House;—on leased land. Said houses are conveniently arranged and neatly furnished, and will be sold together or separate, as may be desired by the company. Terms at sale.

Peremptory sale of Real Estate, for cash.

On THURSDAY next, April 23d, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on the premises, a new two-story Dwelling-House, modern style, consisting of 11 conveniently arranged and well finished rooms, with 2800 feet land, pleasantly situated on the east side of Gorham street, near Summer street.—A good chance for an investment.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent land; with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bolt'd Satins; Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers, having remov

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW-ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and neer, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a6y

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of Intermitteat, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, paine in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive their powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Weight's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of Invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

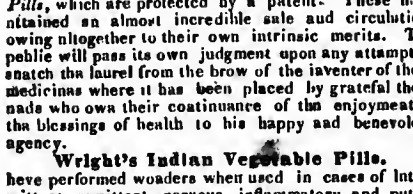
The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS, and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. S. H. WEAVER.

N. B.—Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. S. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

WEAND Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—lines 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation, Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6½ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18½ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionery compound.

☞ This preperation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, is every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common nad sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Manie, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

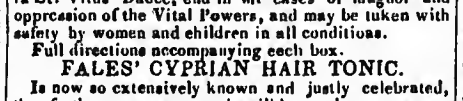
and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Gen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morrison; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
office29 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. PEUCHTWANGER'S GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure cuition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

Carriage Manufactory. NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mdpdec20

CHRISTIE'S Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pursuured by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discovaries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovary has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRESOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 78 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for that purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependant on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistan, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laian and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warrunted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original receipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Maldrn.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. No commission charged for selling. J. J. JUDKINS,
mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply to T. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Concord Square, or at this office. tf

Powered by Google Translate

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 48.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square; No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly, monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
MADE AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
adv1y LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. e30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of
Camphene and Chemical Oil,
fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.
☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May12, 1845. y

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles. a

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 29 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupils will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

H. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mospr9

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,
in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of
COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.
J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1,jan29

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 6, 1845. rmg6

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
GEORGETOWN, MASS.
OFFICE OVER THE POST OFFICE.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptious, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores; inflammatory or chronic rheumatism; general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence; and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparille after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:
JASON HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.; ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy Taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Deduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 51
			1839	693 3	308 50	45 70	1483 88

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2aug30sepdec18

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pattfo24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
(UPSTAIRS OVER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.)
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

From the New York Evening Post:

TO JOHN BULL.

I wonder, John, if you forget, some sixty years ago,
When we were very young, John, your head was white as snow;
You didn't count us much, John, and tho't to make us run,
But found out your mistake, John, one day at *Lexington*:
And when we asked you in, John, to take a cup of tea
Made in Boston harbor, John; the *tea-pot of the free*;
You didn't like the party, John; it wasn't quite select;
Some aborigines were there you didn't much expect;
You didn't like their manners, John, you couldn't drink their tea;
You thought it got into their heads, and made them quite too free;
But you became quite tipsy (John, you drink a little still),
The day you marched across the Neck, and ran down *Bunker Hill*;
You acted just like mad, John, and were tumbled o'er and o'er,
By your stalwart Yankee son, John, who handled half a score.
But now I hope you're sober, John—you're quite too fat to run,
You hevn't "got the legs" now, you had at *Bennington*.
You had some corns upon your feet, *Cornwallis*, he was one,
That made you at the *Yorktown* fight so leme you couldn't run;
You *tried enough*, I will admit, and threw away your gun;
And told a man to hold your sword, his name was WASHINGTON.
Another much loved spot, John, has sweet associations,
When you were going down to York, to see your rich relations;
The "Dutchmen of the Mohawk," are anxious you to entertain,
Put up some "*Gates*" that stopped you, on *Saratoga's* Plain.
The hill you must remember, John, 'tis high and very green,
We mean to have it lithographed, and send it to your Queen.
I know you love that hill, John; you dream of it 6½ nights;
The name it bore in '76 was simply *Bemis Heights*.
Your old friend *Ethan Allen*, of Continental fame,
Who called you to surrender, in the "Great Jehovah's name;"
You recognized the "Congress," then, authority most high,
The men he called so eerly, John, and rid you of *Fort Ty*.
I know you'll grieve to hear it, John, and feel quite sore and sad,
To learn that *Ethan's* dead and gone; yet still there's many a lad
That's growing in his highland home, as fond of guns and noise,
And gets up quite as early, John, these brave "Green Mountain Boys."
"Oh, no, we never mention it," we think it quite unlucky,
The day you charged the cotton bags, and got into Kentucky.
I thought you knew geography, but misses in their teens,
Will tell that "Old Kentucky" was that day below Orleans.
The "beauty" on that day, John, was some distance from the bags;
And did you get the "booty," John? Somehow my memory flags,
I rather think you made a "swap;" I've got it in my head,
That instead of gold and silver, John, you took it in cold lead.
Though "mistress of the ocean," you couldn't rule the lakes;
There were some *Ganders* in your fleet, but, John, you had no "*Drakes*."
You had enough good spirits there, you drank both hock and sherry,
But, John, you couldn't stand our fare, you couldn't take our *Perry*.
"We make them all so" yet, John, on land and on the sea;
Our eagle's free, and loves to soar; he cannot bear a cage;
His talons scratched the lion's back, and set him in a rage.
Our glorious stars are sparkling bright, increasing year by year,
Supported by a million hearts, that never knew a fear;
Our children lisp it in their prayers, 'tis carried o'er the sea,
Dost hear it, John? It thunders there, "We're children of the free!"
Free as our sires of '76—as bold, as brave, as true;
To worship God, and keep the land, we took, dear John, from you;
To keep our flag free on the land, unsullied on the wave,
Until the last bright star shall set on the last freeman's grave.
I thought your memory I'd refresh, you like old things and times;
So these, events, to please you, I have tumbled into rhymes,
And don't forget your old tried friends, because you're now the Ton,
But, John, just think of '76—and give up *Oregon*.

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

CATHERINE ACTON:
OR,
THE RETREAT FROM LEXINGTON.

BY J. H. INGRAHAME.

CHAPTER I.

"If thine enemy hunger, feed him. If he thirst, give him drink."

It was about nine o'clock on the morning of the nineteenth of April, 1775, when a young man mounted on a beautifully-limbed chesnut horse, galloped at full speed up to the door of a small farm-house, situated upon the turnpike road to Boston. He threw himself from his saddle, and clasped the hand of a young girl, who, with a pale cheek, and anxious looks, came forth to meet him.

"What news of the enemy, George?" she asked, eagerly: "and are you hurt?"

"I am safe, Catharine, but White Star, you see, is slightly wounded in the shoulder by a bullet that grazed it."

"Thank God for your preservation," cried the maiden, with a fervor that betrayed her deep interest in the safety of the young man.

He was about three and twenty, with a manly figure, and a fine, frank expression. He was plainly dressed in the ordinary frock of the yeomanry of the day, but was armed with a broad sword, slung at the waist, and a long fowling piece, which he held in his hand. Upon his head he wore a low crowned hat, with a broad brim buttoned boldly up in front.

She was a blooming, rustic beauty, with rich auburn hair and sunny eyes. Her figure was faultless, though perhaps a thought too full. She had a sweet look of love and gentleness upon her fair face, and seemed well fitted to be the mate of the noble youth by her side. Her age was about nineteen. Her dress was a neat chintz

gown, made in the simplest fashion, and her only ornament was a ruby ring upon the middle finger of her right hand. "I have ridden here as hard as I could spur, Catherine," he said, after she had spoken, "to secure *your* safety, which is dearer to me than my own. The British troops who marched to Concord during the night to destroy the stores there, have been met and compelled to retreat, as you have no doubt heard from those who are flying before them. They were manfully resisted at Concord bridge, and unable to effect their object, and seeing that the country was rising in arms all around them, they turned to fly. They have been retreating now for several miles, battling as they march with the country people, who harass them at every step, firing upon them from behind stone walls, houses, hedges, and every covert that commands the road. I have been joining in the pursuit until half an hour ago, when seeing that in their retreat they would take this road and pass your door, I crossed the fields and forest to anticipate them, and warn you and your aged grand-parents to escape to a place of safety. They are infuriated by the hot pursuit of the people, and will doubtless wreak their vengeance upon the inhabitants they fall in with. Do not delay. Listen!—You can already hear the firing of musquetry. They will soon be here! Do not stop to save any thing, but fly to your uncle's dwelling. It is a mile back from the road, and will be secure; for they will not dare to go far from the highway to do mischief!"

The sound of distant firing was now distinctly heard. The report of the shot guns and rifles could be distinguished from the deeper mutthed discharges of the British muskets, as they returned the fire of their assailants. The road was filled with women and children, flying before the retreating English; and the shouts of the Americans, as they rushed towards the scene of conflict, rung loudly on the air.

Catharine Acton silently pressed the hand of her lover, and proceeded instantly to comply with his wishes. She soon had her old grandfather ready, with his hat and stick, and her grandmother, with her cloak and bonnet.

"Now take the path through the wheat field, and hasten with all the speed you can," said George. "I will support your grandfather, while your grandmother leans on you."

Thus speaking the young man leading his foaming horse by the bridle, took the path towards the uplands, the venerable grandsire leaning on his arm, and the lovely girl sustaining the aged form of the venerable mother. As they reached the edge of the forest, along which their path led, the sounds of the firing grew louder and nearer. At each louder and fiercer discharge of fire-arms, the young man's eye kindled, and he looked back wistfully, while he bit his lip with impatience. But his affection for Catharine Acton, and for those she loved, was even stronger than his desire to mingle with the strife.

All at once they discovered before them several persons approaching, who, on arriving nearer, proved to be the family towards whose dwelling he was escorting his charge. They were on their way, two of them sons of the old man, armed, with guns to harass the retreating foe, and the rest to bring off the old people from the scene of danger.

"I gladly surrender my charge to you," said George to three or four females, and one or two lads of the party. "Convey them to your house, and keep safely there yourselves till the British army have passed. Do not remain in the fields even at this distance, and expose yourself to draw their fire. Catharine, I trust in your discretion to see to this! Now, one shake of the hand, and I return to my duty with my fellow countrymen!"

"Oh, George, do not go! You— But I will not detain you! I will not be selfish. I will forget myself, and think only of my poor country, which needs every arm in its defence!"

"Patriotic as beautiful, my sweet Kate," he said, bending from his saddle—for he was already seated in it again—and pressing his lips to her cheeck. "I shall return to you by night. But do not be anxious if you do not see me then. I am resolved to follow the enemy till we see him fairly and safely shut up in Boston again!"

Thus speaking, the young man touched his horse with his spur, and in a moment afterwards he was hidden from the tearful gaze of the young girl by a clump of trees.

The young patriot had just time to regain the house, and throw himself from his horse, when the van of the retreating column came in sight a quarter of a mile distant. It was moving on in great confusion, several of the platoons broken, and running, each man by himself, in advance of the main body, while the officers, both on horseback and on foot, were trying to rally them. As they came on, young Munroe could see them occasionly wheel and fire in platoons, at either side of the highway, wherever the flash of a gun showed them that an enemy was concealed. Those who ran in advance, before passing a barn, or tree, or any object that would afford shelter to their enemies, would rush upon it with a shout, discharging their muskets, to drive at a distance any lying in ambush. The firing from the fields was incessant, and George could see the British soldiers dropping in their ranks in great numbers.

"PROGRESSIVE" AMERICA. A writer in the London Times indulges in dismal forebodings like the following:—

"No European politician can look forward to the power of the United States within the present century, but with the most appalling prospects:

In 1830, the census of population was				12,000,000
In 1840, it was				17,000,000
In 1850, at same rate, there will be				24,083,333
In 1860,	"	"	"	34,118,055
In 1870,	"	"	"	48,270,959
In 1880,	"	"	"	68,202,230
In 1890,	"	"	"	96,618,364
In 1900,	"	"	"	137,102,518

Speaking of the developement of the inexhaustable resources of our country, he says—

"The greatest labor of Hercules, the noblest deeds recorded of men in ancient or modern history, sink to naught when compared with the doings of Brother Jonathan."

RIOT AT THE ATLANTIC DOCK YARD, BROOKLYN. The Irish laborers at this yard, some time since, made a strike for higher wages. The contractors, in consequence, engaged a large number of German laborers at the rates they were paying the Irish, at the time the strike commenced; but the Irish have, to a great extent, prevented the Germans from proceeding to their work. To protect the workmen, twelve hundred troops have been ordered out by the sheriff of King's county. It was reported that the United States troops were out and under arms to prevent further disturbances, but subsequent report contradicts the statement. The most effective means have been taken by the municipal authorities to prevent all further trouble, and no further outbreak is expected. The Germans will continue on the works.

☞ If a woman will always look amiable and pleasant, she will always look pretty.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1846.

THE MAIL AND PROTECTION, AGAIN.

Our argument, meeting the assumed position of the Mail, *that without the barrier of a protective tariff the labor of this country must be reduced in price to the level of the price paid European laborers*, the Mail congratulates itself, was just the one it should have wished us to make, had it dictated it, and thinks the controversy must be considered at an end. We think not; and without indulging in any of the frothy and egotistical ebullitions of that paper, (no uncommon resort with hard pressed people,) we will simply consider its arguments.

It first *assumes* that a tariff is the *only barrier* between the labor of this country and Europe. Our reply is, that a tariff is no barrier, and that other causes make the difference between the price of labor here and in Europe. We say, that if the tariff is the *only barrier*, the only cause of the difference between the price of labor here and there, then *labor* HERE, *employed in branches of industry* NOT AFFECTED *by the tariff must be reduced to the level of the price* THERE. This position the Mail admits, but says the tariff protects *all labor* directly or indirectly. Is this true? Let us examine. If labor is protected by a tariff, it is done by giving laborers a higher price for their productions than they would get without the tariff. Do the great mass of laborers get higher prices for their productions than if the tariff did not exist?—Certainly not. No article is exported unless the price abroad is better than the price at home. If the price abroad is better than the home price, a home tariff to cut off *foreign competition* can have no effect upon the *home price* because, with or without the tariff, there will be no *foreign competition*, the home price being so much lower than the foreign, that, instead of having *foreign competition*, we *compete with foreigners* in their own markets. [We are thus explicit because the Mail cannot or will not understand.] Now there are, as we before said, ninety-nine hundredths of the laborers of this country who are engaged in the production or manufacture of commodities that in no way come into any competition with similar foreign articles in our own markets. These laborers are neither *directly* nor *indirectly* affected by a protective tariff, because the prices of their productions are neither increased nor diminished by it. The prices they get for their productions are the prices they will bring in the markets of the world; and they make as large profits by supplying London or Paris, as Boston or New York.

But the Mail says *all laborers* are *directly* or *indirectly* protected by a protective tariff because it creates markets. That a protective tariff may force labor and capital from one branch of business to another, and thereby force population from one place to another, and consequently, change the *place* of a market is quite true. But if the *place* of a market is changed, or even if a protective tariff *created* people, and made a *new market*, if it is no better than the markets of the world, it would afford no protection to laborers engaged in the production of articles that seek the markets of the world. If we are correct, then *all laborers* are not, either directly or *indirectly*, protected by a tariff. And as those who are not protected, at all, are not *reduced* to the *level* of the pauper labor of Europe, a tariff cannot be the *only barrier*, or the only cause of the difference between the price of labor there and here. And as the labor engaged in the production of articles not effected by a tariff, is as well paid as labor engaged in the production of protected articles, it follows, that the tariff is not only, not the *only barrier*, or cause of difference between the price of labor here and there, but further, that it is no *barrier* or cause of difference whatever.

The Mail, instead of sustaining its position, that a protective tariff is the *only barrier* between American and European labor, abandons its ground, comes over to the anti-protective side, and shows that *other causes* than a protective tariff account for the difference in the price of labor in this country and Europe. We said that it was not a tariff that caused our laborers to be better rewarded than European laborers; but that it was because our laborers, and our capitalists too, were exempt from the enormous burdens that European laborers and capitalists were subject; and because that our natural advantages, and ability to perform labor were far superior to theirs. We accounted for the difference between the greater profits of both, our capital and labor and theirs, on the general principle that from the productions or results of their labor and capital was drawn infinitely more, for purposes *other* than to reward the laborer or capitalist, than was drawn from the productions or results of our labor and capital; and that the same amount of their labor and capital produced less than ours. In comparing England and the United States, we contended that her laborers got less than ours because from the results of their labor were drawn enormous amounts to support the splendor of the English government; her immense army and navy; her priesthood; to liquidate the interest of her crushing national debt; to support an idle, extravagant, luxurious and voluptuous aristocracy and nobility; while here, the producers of the country are almost wholly exempt from all such burdens. The Mail, instead of denying our argument and contending the tariff was the *only barrier* or cause of the difference between labor *there* and *here*, strengthens our position, by showing *additional causes* for the difference, *other* than its ONLY *barrier, a protective tariff.* One reason why our fishing laborers are better paid than theirs, it says, is "the American fisherman has the advantage of *position*." If that is true, and it is, certainly they are not indebted to a protective tariff for it: for protection don't change their *position*. So a tariff is not the *only barrier*. The Connecticut wooden clock makers have the advantage of craft, says the Mail, because no other man than a Yankee can make or sell a wooden clock. So there is *another barrier* besides the tariff. It says, too, "The *rental* of land in England for one year exceeds the average *price* of land in this country; and the English farmer must hire his labor cheap, or he cannot compete with the American farmer, who pays high wages." Most true and honest admission! So there is *still another barrier*, or cause why labor *there* is not so well paid as *here*. Now if the Mail will add *these barriers* to the ones we have furnished it, there will be no need of resorting to a protective tariff to account for all the difference there exists between the price of labor *here* and *there*. We trust the Mail man will not, very soon again, *assume that a tariff is the only barrier that keeps labor here from being* REDUCED *to the* LEVEL *of the price there.*

The Mail thinks if we break down and prostrate our manufacturing interest, farmers will not be able to pay the prices they now do. We are aware that all sudden changes are injurious; and should any interest be prostrated the whole would be more or less injured.—but as there is no desire to break down manufactures, before we make an argument to meet any such state of things we will let the Mail show that a revenue tariff will not leave manufactering in as prosperous a condition as any interest in the country.

We would ask the Mail man before he again asserts his position, that a protective tariff is the *only barrier* that prevents our labor from receding in price to the level of the pauper labor of Europe, to give definite answers to the following questions:—

Is or is not, a protective tariff the *only barrier* between the price of European and American labor?

If it is *not* the *only barrier*, do you concede the position you first *assumed* was erroneous, and admit you was mistaken when you said it was the *only barrier* and that without it labor *here* would be *reduced* to the *level* of the price of labor *there*?

If you still say it is the *only barrier*, and that without it labor *here* must recede to the level of the price of labor *there*, then tell us whether you do or do not intend to admit that, the difference in the price of land, (the annual *rent there* being more than the *whole average price here*,) that the difference in natural advantages;—that the fact of our laborers performing 10 per ct. more work than the laborers of England—that the difference between taking from the productions of her laborers and capitalists enough to support her government, meet her national debt and for all the other purposes we have before enumerated, and taking as is taken from our laborers and capitalists, only enough to support a simple, economically administered government, makes no difference between the reward of labor *there* and *here*?

If you do intend to say these things make no difference, and that the tariff *is* the *only barrier*, then do you not virtually say that labor in this country would be just as well rewarded as it now is, if all the burdens imposed upon British labor were imposed upon our labor instead of the now comparatively light impositions?

The questions we before asked, the Mail passed over in silence. If it will answer the above, should it speak again, we pledge ourselves to answer twice the number of questions of its asking. As we discuss the question of protection to arrive at truth, we wish the Mail to come directly to the issues made and no *point* it may make shall be dodged. It shall be *rubbed out*, or admitted invulnerable.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

HON. JUDGE WILDE PRESIDING.

April 13.

This Court commenced its April Session here, on Tuesday last.

Allen Blood and wife, vs. David Rideout. This was a writ of entry to recover land in Groton, alleged to have been "bid in" by an administrator.

The Jury did not agree.

Russell and Mellen for plaintiffs—Wentworth and Farley for defendant.

J. G. Abbot, Assignee vs. Jefferson Bancroft.—This was assumpsit for value of a horse taken by the defendant and sold by him as attaching officer.

Verdict for defendant.

Abbot and Brown for plaintiff—H. W. Smith, and B. F. Butler, for defendant.

Caroline Frost, who sues &c. Wheelock Newton, Breach of promise of marriage and seduction.

Verdict for the plaintiff $2,500; but two thousand of which could be available, as that sum was all that was claimed by the plaintiff.

J. G. Abbot and E. Buttrick for plaintiff—A. H. Nelson, and G. T. Curtis, for defendant.

Benjamin A. Chase, vs. Samuel E. Shapleigh, assumpsit for work and labor done.

Verdict for the plaintiff $249,00.

B. F. Butler for plaintiff—Abbot and Brown for defendant.

Lucella Pearl vs. Philander H. Cheswelt, Breach of promise of marriage and seduction.

Verdict for plaintiff $2000.

B. F. Butler for plaintiff—Hopkinson for defendant.

Merrill vs. Jackson, Breach of covenant of Warrant.

Verdict for plaintiff $448.

E. Buttrick for plaintiff—Mellen for defendant.

Jona. Bowers et al vs. Locks and Canals. Case for disturbance of plaintiffs several fisheries on the Merrimack river.

Was taken from the Jury and continued on leave to amend the declaration.

Butler, Wentworth and Farley for plaintiffs—Mellen and Chonte for defendants.

Elizabeth Moore vs. The City of Lowell. Case for damages because of an injury from a defect in an Highway.

Still on trial.

H. W. Smith and B. F. Butler for plaintiff—Ames and Farley for defendant.

NEW BOOKS AT BIXBY'S. *Statistics of the Woollen Manufactories of the United States.* This work gives a condensed history of all the woollen manufactories in the United States, their place of location, by whom carried on,—the amount of machinery run,—the motive power,—the quantity and quality of goods manufactured, &c. This is a very valuable work to manufacturers, operatives and politicians.—Price 50 cents.

Darwin's Voyage of a Naturalist. This highly interesting work, in journal form, two volumes, gives a history of the voyage of the Beagle, undertaken for scientific purposes, besides a sketch of the observations of the author (Charles Darwin) in natural history and geology. These volumes are from numbers 10 and 11 of Harper's new Miscellany, excellently well bound, and printed in the best style.

Elizabeth Benton, or Religion in connection with Fashionable Life. A moral tale written in familiar and pleasing style, designed for young readers. It is very appropriate for Sabbath schools.

The Commander of Malta, by Eugene Sue; translated by Adelbert Deisy. This volume forms No. 79 of Harper's Library of Select Novels. Comment upon Sue's productions is unnecessary. It is a sort of historical novel, founded on the Algerine piracies upon the French near two centuries since, while Cardinal Richlieu was at the head of the French government.

Nos. 75—76 of Harper's Illuminated and Illustrated Shakspeare. The conclusion of Coriolanus, and the commencement of Julius Cæsar.

☞ Gouché, who was convicted of manslaughter, at Albany, has been sentenced to the State Prison for life.

THE JOINT RESOLUTIONS CONCERNING THE OREGON TERRITORY AS AMENDED AND PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Resolved, That, whereas by the convention concluded the twentieth day of October, eighteen huadred and eighteen, between the United States of America and the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the period of 10 years, and afterwards indefinately extend and continued in force by another convention of the same parties, concluded the sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, it was agreed that any country that may be claimed by either party on the northwest coast of America westward of the Stony or Rocky mountains, now commonly called the Oregon territory, should, together with its harbors, bays, and creeks, and the navigation of all rivers within the same, be "free and open" to the vessels, citizens, and subjects of the two Powers, but without prejudice to any claims which either of the parties might have to any part of said country; and with this further provision, in the second article of the said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, that either party might abrogate and annul said convention, on giving due notice of twelve months to the other contracting party—

And be it further Resolved, That it has now become desirable that the respective claims of the United States and Great Britain should be definitely settled, and that said territory may no longer than need be remain subject to the evil consequences of the divided allegiance of its American and British population, and of the confusion and conflict of national jurisdiction, dangerous to the cherished peace and good understanding of the two countries.

With a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the abrogation of the said covention of the 6th of August, 1827, in the mode prescribed in its second article, and that the attentions of the government of both countries may be the more earnestly and immediately directed to renew efforts for the amicable settlement of all the differences and disputes in respect to said territory:—

Resolved by the Senate and House, That the President of the U. S. be, and he is hereby authorized, at his discretion, to give to the British Government the notice required by its said second article for the abrogation of the said convention of the 6th of August 1827.

CONGRESS.

Monday, April 20.

Disagreement between the Senate and House on the form of the "notice."

IN THE SENATE.—A Bill for carrying a mail across the Isthmus of Panama was reported.

A message was received from the House, returning the Oregon resolutions, and adhering to the House amendments.

Mr. Allen moved to agree to the amendments of the House.

The Senate refused 29 to 21.

Voted to agree to the amendments, Allen, Ashley, Atchison, Atherton, Begby, Benton, Breese, Bright, Cameron, Cass, Dickinson, Dix, Fairfield, Houston, Jenness, Niles, Pennybacker, Rusk, Semple, Sevier, Turney—21.

25,000 extra copies of the report of the commissioner of patents were ordered to be printed. Adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE. The House adopted a resolution to adjourn over from Thursday to Monday next, to allow time for the carpets to be taken up.

A message was received from the President in reply to Mr. C. J. Ingersoll's resolution, relative to the secret service money.

The message simply states that about $5000 were expended while Mr. Webster was Secretary of State, but refuses to say for what purpose the money was expended.

The President also communicated the correspondence about McLeod.

Mr. Ingersoll made a speech—insisting that his charges could not be moved.

The House took up the message from the Senate notifying that their disagreement to the House amendment to the Oregon resolve, and voted to *insist* on its amendment, yeas 99, nays 83. Pending a call for a committee of conference, adjourned.

Friday, April 21.

The Senate and House chose committees of conference in the matter of dispute about the form of the Oregon "notice" bill.

Senate Committee—Berrien, Haywood and Corwin.

House Committee—C. J. Ingersoll, Owen, and Hilliard.

THE CALEDONIA'S MAIL. The largest mail ever received at the Boston Post Office was brought there from the Caledonia, Monday, at half past one, P. M. consisting of 113 bags of letters and papers. It was important to forward the letters and papers for the South by the steamboat mail, which closes at 4 P. M. The clerks went at it, and before half past 4 o'clock the mail for the South was on its way to New York! In less than *three hours*, a mail, containing over 35,000 letters, was assorted and despatched by the clerks of Boston Post Office. [Ex.

FIRST RATE. Who will not be glad to hear that the numerous friends of Mr FULLER—"the inimitable"—propose to give him a complimentary Concert, on next Wednesday evening? Mr F. we learn is about to leave for Europe, and his friends are determined to "call him out" once more before he leaves. Now urging attendance needed.

STICK A PIN HERE. The London Chronicle of the 7th ult., contains an article upon the conquests of England in India, in which occurs the following remarkable passage: "*We can never govern India so well as we ought, until we possess the whole of it!*"

ROBBERY. On Saturday some young drawer thieves managed to get at the money-draw of Mrs. Beckhaltar, New York, and obstructed a pocket-book containing $2,000 in money, besides valuable papers.

DEATH OF PURSER SPENCER. Letters from Africa, state that Purser Spencer, of the U. S. ship Marion, died of yellow fever. He is represented as an exemplary young man.

FROM BROOKLYN, N. Y.—All was quiet at the Atlantic dock on Tuesday; an additional force of Germans was put on. The Irish had a meeting, and were addressed on Bergen Hill. The military remain on duty.

☞ The English underwriters have introduced a clause into their policies, stating that they do not insure against capture, or destruction by an enemy.

☞ An estimable French gentleman, M. Lassalt, of Missouri, was murdered by a man named Bruce, who shot him down in his field and killed him.

☞ In Illinois, the democratic candidates for governor and lieutenant governor—Augustus C. French and Joseph B. Wells—are natives of New Hampshire.

May day evening, Mr KILBORN will have a select party to a social dance at Mechanic's Hall.

☞ Fresh Shad, taken from the Merrimac, have been in market some days.

☞ The Caledonia's mail consisted of 113 bags of letters and papers.

☞ 10's of the Fitchburg Bank, Mass., altered from Citizens Bank, Augusta, Me., are in circulation.

☞ Van Amburgh has just landed in New York with a fresh caravan.

MEXICO—MR SLIDELL.

The New Orleans Delta gives the following synopsis of the correspondence between the Mexican authorities and our minister. It shows that Mr Slidell did his duty with honor to himself and his country.

It shows that on the 1st of March Mr Slidell addressed a communication to the Mexican government, requiring a definite answer as to its intention to recognize him as minister or not, in which he says—

"On the 16th of December the undersigned was informed by Mr Pegna y Pegna, that difficulties existed in relation to the tenor of his credentials, which made it necessary to consult the council of government thereon; and on the 20th of the same month he was advised by Mr Pegua y Pegna that the Mexican government had decided not to recognize him in his capacity of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary.

To this communication of the minister of foreign relations the undersigned replied, under dates of 20th and 24th December, refuting the reasoning by which the refusal to recognize him was attempted to be sustained, vindicating the course pursued by his government, and declaring his intention to proceed to Jalapa, there to await instructions adapted to all *their* emergency so entirely unlooked for.

He has now received them instructions. The President of the United States entirely approves the course pursued by the undersigned, and the communications by him addressed to the Mexican government.

Had the then existing government continued in power, as no alternative would have remained, the undersigned would have been directed to demand his passports.

The President of the United States would have submitted the whole case to congress, and called upon the nation to assert its just rights, and avenge its injured honor.

The destinies of the Mexican republic, however, having since been committed to other hands, the *President is unwilling to take a course which would inevitably result in a war, without making another effort to avert so great a calamity.*

He wishes, by exhausting every honorable means of conciliation, to demonstrate to the civilized world that if its peace shall be disturbed, the responsibility must fall upon Mexico alone.

He is sincerely desirous to preserve the peace, but the state of *quasi* hostility which now exists on the part of Mexico, in one which is *incompatible with the dignity and interests of the United States*, and it is for the Mexican government to decide whether it shall give place to friendly negotiation or *lead to open rupture.*

To this request he received an answer dated at Mexico on the 12th of March, peremptorily refusing to receive him, and declaring among other things, that "the supreme government had declared beforehand that they would look upon annexation as a *casus belli*; conformable to this declaration, the negotiations were of necessity to be ended, and war was the only recourse of the Mexican government." The letter (which is too long for republication in our columns) then proceeds to reiterate, in a most offensive tone, all those charges of perfidy, spoliation, and aggression on the part of the United States, with which we have become familiar, when proceeding from the dignitaries of Mexico for several years past.

To this communication Mr. Slidell replied on the 17th March. He demanded his passports—replies in an able and conclusive manner to the twenty times refuted calumnies of the Mexican minister—and concludes:

"The undersigned has already exceeded the limits which had prescribed to himself for reply; the question has now reached a point *where words must give place to acts.*

While he deeply regrets a result so little contemplated when he commenced the duties of his mission of peace, he is consoled by the reflection that no honorable effort to avert the calamities of war have been spared by his government, and that these efforts cannot fail to be properly appreciated not only by the people of the United States, but by the world."

The passports were despatched on the 21st and the minister retired."

MUSEUM. Thursday and Friday evenings are positively the last of Charlotte Temple—On Saturday afternoon there will be a grand performance commencing at 3 o'clock, for the accommodation of families and persons who cannot attend in the evening—On which occasion will be presented the Maid and Magpie and Nature and Philosophy, Songs, &c.

☞ No performance on Saturday Evening.

Baskenridge, N. J., Oct. 10th, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle, Boston! Dear sir—I perceive by all the newspapers, that you are the General Agent of that very useful and highly popular Medicine called Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Allow me to inform you, sir, that I have used that medicine in my family with decided success. Last fall my wife was quite sick—had a very bad cough. I consulted a physician who visited her and prescribed some medicine, which did not remove her cough. At last he ordered Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I immediately procured a bottle of your agent in this place, Mr Daniel W. Doty; she took it, and it cured her cough entirely. During the winter I had a fever myself, which left me very weak and feeble—I had a severe cough, which troubled me sometime; I had recourse to your Balsam again, and found it highly beneficial; I was obliged, however, to take two bottles before I was entirely well. All who have bad Colds, severe Coughs, or diseased Lungs, I would advise to try Dr WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY at once.

Signed, DAVID AYERS.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Ayers, and believe his statement to be true, and entitled to the confidence of the public. REV OSCAR HARRIS, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Baskenridge.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pmar4

☞ DOOLEY'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c. which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. Madvms28

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending April 18th, 1846.

April 14th, Emma C. Low, 23 yrs, consumption; George A. Tuck, 2, lung fever; Samuel A. Law, 22, consumption; John Sullivan, 36, killed by fall; Mary E. Richardson, 2, dropsy on the brain; 16th, Charlotte M. Ealey, 3, dropsy on the brain; Janet B. Murry, 6, remittent fever; Ellen Crannon, 31, lung fever; 16th, Charles N. Nourse, 24, typhoid pneumonia; Sarah A. Griffin, 16, typhoid fever; 18th, Daniel S. Currier, Jr, 2, dropsy on the brain; Catharine Appleton, 35, typhoid fever; Dennis Connelly, 37, epilepsy.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, April 16th, Catherine Lawrence, wife of Charles T. Appleton, Esq., and daughter of the late Luther Lawrence, Esq.

In this city, April 14th, of consumption, Samuel Adams, only son of Mr Samuel Law, aged 22.

In this city, April 5th, Mrs Caroline, wife of Leonard M Kimball, and daughter of the late William Parker, of Gofistown, N. H. [Printers in Boston and New Hampshire are requested to copy.]

In Middlesex Village, April 19th, Mr Jacob Howard, in the 81st year of his age.

In Woburn, April 14, Mr Gilman Converse, aged 29.

In Groton, March 26th, Mr Curtis Shepley, aged 30; April 14th, Mr Asa Ames, 46.



Trees, Shrubs, &c.

At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Mr. Epiron—Yesterday and day before the two trials which have been the subjects of much discussion in our city, came off at the Centreville House. It is well known to most of your readers, that great disturbances took place on Merrimack street during the nights of the 16th, 17th, and 18th, of April, to Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week. It was supposed that no Justice of the Peace had jurisdiction of any disturbances in Lowell, since the resignation of his Honor Judge Locke. But it is otherwise, and Dr. Israel Hildreth, of Drecut, issued his warrants against several of the rioters on Saturday, they were arrested and brought before him on Tuesday, for trial. The first warrant was against Pinder, Morse and McColley, for riotous behavior. Upon this the defendants were discharged by his Honor, upon a legal point raised by the defendants counsel.

The second warrant was for assault and battery upon Abijah Sanderson, one of the city watch, after the said Pinder was taken into custody, and being conducted to the lobby. Upon this complaint the defendant was found guilty, and fined five dollars and costs. The defendant appealed. The fact that a Justice of a neighboring town has jurisdiction during the Police intermission, will secure peace and quiet to Lowell hereafter. The reason of these disturbances seem to have been an unfounded prejudice against watchman Sanderson, and many in the city blame him for an unwarrantable interferance with the rights of young Pinder and his associates to appropriate the side walk, in front of Wyman's Exchange to their own exclusive use.

The trial has developed the full state of the case. Mr. Sanderson kindly requested Pinder and his associates to leave the side walk where they were loafing, three separate times, to which Pinder made no answer. He then put his hand gently upon his breast, and Pinder stepped back in anger, and began to swear at, and threaten him violently. He came on the second time, Mr. Sanderson still requesting him, as was proved, "to leave peaceably." Determined to stand and loaf, where he pleased. He then paraded up and down Merrimack and Central streets with his associates, threatening Sanderson, and swearing, until the row was got up, for which he was taken up. I hesitate not to say, that Mr. Sanderson on that night, acted and conducted like a "faithful guardian of the night," and ought, and will be sustained by all good and peaceable citizens, who know the facts. He knew his duty, faithfully and fearlessly performed it, and will be sustained by the city, I doubt not. The verdict of these cases will, I trust, prove a salutary lesson to our young men who are inclined to make disturbances, and incumber the sidewalks, and insult our females, and we hope their will be no repetition.

Mexico—*A failure.* By a letter in the Union, from Vera Cruz April 1st, it seems the revolution had been postponed. Almonte arrived that morning, and a junta was called, in which there were two parties, one in favor of "pronouncing" for Santa Anne, the other for Almonte; but they broke up without pronouncing for either. Senor Almonte is going to Paris. The letter adds—

"An American frigate has just anchored at Sacrificios, which I take to be the Potomac. There are ten miles outside, 950 troops from Mexico, bound to this city."

Essex. A meeting for the election of Register of Deeds of Essex county has been appointed—the fourth of May next is the day.

City of Lowell.

April 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and constructed on the southerly side of Pawtucket street from School street to the Pawtucket,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

April 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to give notice of the intention of the City Council to lay out and cause a sidewalk to be constructed on the northerly side of Merrimack street from Concord River bridge to High street; and also to lay out and cause to be built a sidewalk on the southerly side of said street from Prescott street to Concord River bridge. And the said Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

April 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the north side of Charles street from Central street to Lawrence street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

April 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out upon the southwest side of Lee street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same and of the intention of the Council to lay a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

April 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Grand street may be established, a sidewalk laid out, and said street accepted, the Committee of the City Council to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street, to lay a sidewalk thereon and to accept said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsey, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have thee bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives us the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment: My grandson, Clarke B. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of ourcs, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littletan; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office,—to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,

(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

Enoch Hobart,	George H. Kuhn,
Daniel L. Gibbens,	Daniel Henchman,
Billings Briggs,	Geo. T. Bigelow,
Samuel Leeds,	Sam'l H. Walley, jr.,
Asa Swallow,	Warren White,
Geo. A. Bourne,	Isaiah Bangs,
Uriel Crocker,	A. Blanchard, jr.,
Edward A. Raymond,	James Cheever,
David Kimball,	Nath'l B. Boyden,
Benjamin Lamson,	Seth Ames.
Abraham T. Lowe,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.

S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

SETH AMES.

Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mopr19

Assignee's Notice.

IN the matter of LORIN WALKER, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Mason, an insolvent debtor, the subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been chosen Assignee of the estate of said insolvent, and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be holden in said Lowell, at the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for said county, on MONDAY, the fourth day of May next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors may prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Assignee.

Lowell, April 20th, 1846. ap21

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed Assignee in the case of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Honey will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esquire, a Master in Chancery, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY the fifth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD S. LEAVITT, Assignee.

Lowell, April 20, 1846. ap21

French's Oyster Saloon,

37,—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of Ladies and Gentlemen, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for Lunch, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream*, *Cake*, *Fruit*, *Confectionary*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. 6p14

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Prescott Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made promptly, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [feb9T] April 6, 1846.

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not; or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tjunar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Horace C. Dean,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A NEW AND FASHIONABLE

GOODS,

—FOR—

SPRING AND SUMMER,

AT

NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL

April 14, 1846. tfadvapr16

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young Misses and Masters in this highly and useful accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall*. He will teach Waltzes, Cotillons, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Tuition, Five dollars for twenty-four lessons.

April 19, 1846. apr19

D. W. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,

ap21 6m LOWELL.

Auction!

WILL be sold at public auction, at Billerica Mills, on SATURDAY, 2d May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the Dye-Stuffs, consisting of the kinds and qualities used for coloring carpet yarns—1 wash-box for scouring wool—a quantity of 10 inch funnel in good condition, suitable for heating dry-rooms; belonging to the estate of Stephen Lanigan, insolvent debtor.

B. F. BUTLER, } *Assignees of*
THOS. TALBOT, } *said Lanigan.*

April 21, 1846. up21 a&pte

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., of Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ep18 1sts THEOPHILUS PARSONS.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Lonking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. elyapr4

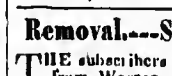
Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or the gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Currier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 20, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmarT

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c., Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3monar12

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

D'AUBIGNE and his writings from the reformation, with a sketch of the life of the author, by Rev Dr Baird, for sale by JUDKINS, 29, Central st.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord; leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Beaniugtan, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjun3t

F. Brown's

SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates:)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this; *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 23, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas in/for th my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time just suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, & E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. mtr&patlyapr4

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 8, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

House, Store and Land.

On FRIDAY the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on South street, near the Appleton boarding-houses, a large new dwelling-house, conveniently arranged for two families, with a store in the basement, comprising altogether 14 well finished rooms, with a good wood shed, small barn, and a large stone and cement rain-water cistern. The property is well situated to rent at all times, and is desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars apply to the auctioneer.

Auction sale of Plum Trees—at office.

On FRIDAY next, April 24th, at 10 o'clock, A. M; a splendid collection of plum trees, from the farm of Elias Phinney, Esq., of Lexington, for his own use, and are considered among the best known varieties, in part as follows: White Gage, Marshall's Red, Hubbar's Washington, Smith's Orleans and Duane's Purple. The trees are very handsome and in the best possible condition for transplanting.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clock, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell Court above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2200 ft. of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Genteel Household Furniture of a family breaking up.

On WEDNESDAY next, Apr. 29th, at 9½ o'clock, a. m., at the house of Mr Francis A. Calvert, Appleton st., the entire furniture and housekeeping articles in said house, consisting of fine and superfine ingrain carpets; large tufted rugs, elegant mahogany chairs (French patterns) in hair cloth, do, large and small rocking chairs, nice card and pembrook tables, sofa; piano forte, one very superior writing desk (cost $28), large and small mirrors, oil paintings, mantle ornaments, super live geese beds, bedding and bedsteads—mahogany sinks, washstands and toilet tables, bureaus; sets chamber crockery, child's crib truck bed, excellent parlor stove for coal, air tight and cook stoves in good order, clock, full set stone china, dining ware—the usual variety of crockery and glass ware, table cutlery kitchen furniture, family stores &c.

Piano Forte at 12 o'clock. A very superior pinnd forte in mahogany case with harp pedal, Boston built, has been used only about 1½ year; music stool and piano cover.

N. B. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine the goods on the morning of the sale.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. d&plysmar5

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners within and for the County of Middlesex:

WE, the subscribers, humbly represent, that a road from Salem road, near Sanshean River, in Billerica, to the road leading from Billerica to Tewksbury, between Heath Swamp and Mill Meadow, so called, in Tewksbury, a part of which has been laid out, by the town of Billerica, and a part by the County,—a part of said road has been fenced up, two years past, to the great inconvenience of the public.

We, therefore, pray that your Honorable Board would view the same, and order such new pieces of highway; and wideninga, as your judgment, the public convenience and necessity may require.

THEOPHILUS MANNING, and 39 others.

MIDDLESEX, SS.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for said County, at Cambridge, on the first Tuesday of January, A. D., 1846.

ON the foregoing petition, Ordered, That the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties at the house of JOHN BROWN, in Tewksbury, on THURSDAY, the fourteenth day of May next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, by serving the Town Clerk of Tewksbury and Billerica with a copy of said petition and this order thereon, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at Lowell, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view; and also by posting the same in two public places in each of the towns of Billerica and Tewksbury fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Copy of petition and order thereon.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy.

taw3w14 Attest—SAM'L CHANDLER, Sheriff.

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Doeskin Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 21, 1846. 3mmar21

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; aed by deelers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the entegonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palete, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Suger Coated or preteaded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and silvertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their owe intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon aey attempt to snetch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remitteat, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, smell pox end erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, beck and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; eick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery end cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitetioe of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves nod lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the preteace of eradicating disease. The field and the forest aloee have been searched for materiels for the healing art. From hese have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the caretive mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the neiform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling et times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy oe almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys oll the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitioos. How ooes this hoppen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies apon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and oature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadrast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good jattice of Divine Providenre, and sneer at the ieultitude of invalids who lie groening upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wnued—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disenae rarely assumes one form from another, even in aey one case—hence the absurdity of nttacking it hy one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of melady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according tn directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remerknble and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to e wide renge of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the port of the public, lest teey should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to thet of the genoine Pills.—Therefore, we onee more caution the public against purchasing aay but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

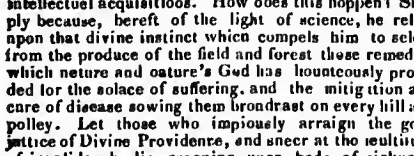
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressely for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Pinting Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an expositon of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th editiun, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Raformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instructiun, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, conteining a *Phonographic Dictionery*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphobet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolisation of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be alluwed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directiuns. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompony each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dence, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vitel Powers, and may be taken with safety by women end children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercia street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and entics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procere a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it eceording to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

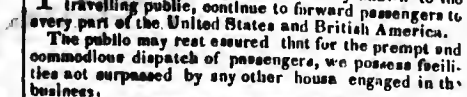
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton,, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigge & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Coblelgh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbory, H. Kittereige; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. june6ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent dely and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, via.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Corkroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepered by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make silents lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solomnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofelous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be decoived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNATIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Cherles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebruted Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the syetem.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank tt., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No. 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude afflicted him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and to his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar Street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for *only one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dyeing and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on teries as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dyo House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE. Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jen'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Crackod Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 82 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexender, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. *Old* curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.* J. J. JUDKINS,

mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 25, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 49.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by dreft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

METALLIC PUMPS,

SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street

LOWELL.

Agent, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
scp9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

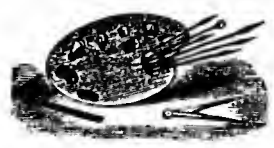
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing an House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4



N. W. Ryan,

No. 6 Merrimack st., first door below City Hall,

KEEPS a large and fresh supply of

Camphene and Chemical Oil,

fresh from the distillery.

Also a great variety of Camphine Lamps.

☞ Old Lamps cleaned and repaired.
Lowell, May 12, 1845. y

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillee Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, nutrient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents; and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Patch & Co.'s Auction Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of

COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of

COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.

Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, English, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage.
J. W. ADAMS,
AUGUSTUS ADAMS, JR.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845 sept9tf

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Drocut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

J. P. Jones,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GEORGETOWN, MASS.

OFFICE OVER THE POSTOFFICE.

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.
CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug20

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York:

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq.
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office In Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
30	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	373 45	57 124	1730 5
			1839	693 3	308 5	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec18

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,

Botanic Physician and Surgeon,

—DEALER IN—

VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

Office, No. 4, John Street,

Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,

pattfo24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,

[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE,]

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

tfpst LOWELL, MASS. dec12

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

CATHERINE ACTON:

OR,

THE RETREAT FROM LEXINGTON.

BY J. H. INGRAHAM.

CHAPTER I.

"If thine enemy hunger, feed him. If he thirst, give him drink."

[Concluded.]

As he took his position at an upper window of the house he felt that to fire upon an enemy so harassed and driven was almost unmanly; but a moment's reflection upon the character of that enemy, confirmed him in the fearless discharge of his duty. As the column came near, those in the van fired upon the house, but did not stop, for at this moment they were more closely pressed by the Americans than they had been since the commencement of their retreat. They went by a long heavy trot, evidently greatly fatigued. The faces of the soldiers looked stern and haggard, and many an eye was turned warily from side to side of the perilous road; for from unexpected quarters the death shot had often fallen into their ranks and lessened their number.

"Poor fellows," said George, as he observed them through a crevice in the window, "I will not fire upon them, but upon their chiefs. These men are but hirelings. Their leaders most merit to become the targets of our rifles."

Secure in his position, which concealed him from view, while he could see clearly the disordered march by of the scarlet columns of the flying enemy, he waited until he should discover an officer of rank.

the whole body of the enemy had nearly passed, no one of them stopping near the house save a single wounded soldier, who seated himself upon the curb stone of the well, and, wistfully looking down called painfully for "water!"

His comrades were in too great peril themselves to heed him. The whole body of British to a man felt that unless relief came from Boston, not one of them would ever reach the city. One third of their number was already killed or wounded,—and while they were diminishing, their American assailants were increasing. The whole country was pouring from its bosom its strong men, who were rushing to the scene of battle and death with whatever weapons they could lay hands on. Each instant the situation of the foe became more desperate; and from a march the retreat was fast taking the character of a flight. No man therefore could give heed to his fellow.

The rear of the column which was most exposed to the terrible fire of the ambuscaded Americans, just as it came in sight of the position which George had taken up, wheeled and poured in by platoons a fierce and destructive fire upon their foes. The Americans drew back for a few minutes, and the British soldiers, encouraged, gave a loud huzza and pressed on past the house. Nearly in the rear rode a British Colonel, whose voice and courage had contributed mainly to keep the column in marching order, and save it from general rout. He was galloping at one moment from the head of the column to the rear, and the next moment was in the centre, and then in the van, encouraging, commanding, manœuvering, entreating his men to take courage and hope for succor.

"A little longer hold out, my brave fellows," he cried, "and we shall meet Lord Percy with artillery and cavalry to succor us. Expresses have been three hours gone ahead to inform him of our condition. Keep up heart!"

As he spoke these words, George raised his rifle to his shoulder, and covered the officer's heart with the barrel. A flash—a report! and the British Colonel clapped his hand to his breast, threw back his head, and, reeling in his saddle, tumbled headlong to the ground. His fall, however, was broken by two grenadiers, who placed him upon the roadside near the well. At the same moment there was a general rush of the soldiers towards the house, to avenge the fall of their leader. Munroe, however, was already in his saddle, and scouring the path leading to the forest uplands. A volley was fired after him without effect. The British soldiers prepared to set the house in flames, when the pursuing Americans, pressing closely upon them, compelled them to continue their retreat, which now become a flight. The fall of their leader, though not the highest in command, yet the most active and brave, threw them into despair, and all discipline was at an end. They thought not of their wounded Colonel, who was left with only one of the grenadiers, lying upon the grass near the door of the farm-house.

George had not gone a quarter of a mile when he met Catharine.

"Whither were you going?" he asked surprised at meeting her.

"To share your fate. I could not remain away and hear the firing, and not know where and how you were. Has the enemy passed by?"

"Yes, but their Colonel has fallen by my hand!"

"Oh, George! Have you slain a man? Do you confess it? Oh, what a fearful thought! But it is war, and we must look on things with different eyes. But I shudder as I look at you!"

"Indeed you ought not! But it is a dreadful thing to take human life. I hesitated to fire, but I thought of my country, and how he was her invader, and that his fall would greatly aid us, and I fired."

"Did he fall dead?"

"I do not know, indeed, if he be dead. I am now going to ride back. The enemy have passed on, and I must join in the pursuit. Look around, and see the people running across the fields from hill to hill, following on the track of the foe!"

"The very hedges and walls seem alive with men and even boys with guns."

"Yes, boys feel themselves men to-day. I must go. Return to your uncle's, dear Kate! To-night I will see you again."

The maiden would have spoken, but he was out of hearing. She turned back a few steps until he had passed out of sight, when she once more took the pathway towards her dwelling.

She approached cautiously and with fear. The noise of the firing was full a mile distant from her, and only here and there could be seen a farmer on foot or mounted on his plough-horse, without a saddle, hastening to join in the pursuit with their countrymen.

Step by step slowly Catharine Acton advanced towards her house. She passed through the garden, and stopped near the porch, and listened attentively. All sounds of war were stilled.

She took courage and entered the house. She passed, not without a palpitating heart, to the front door, and looked out. In the road she saw lying two bodies in scarlet uniforms. They were stiff and dead. She closed her eyes with a shudder. A groan reached her ears, and, looking in the direction, she saw seated upon the well-curb the wounded soldier.

He could not speak, but pointed to the water and then to his parched lips. In an instant she forgot all fear. She remembered only her humanity. The soldier wore the uniform of the Invaders, but she only saw in him the image of Christ. She hastened to the well, and drawing up water, gave him to drink, holding the bucket to his lips. When he had drank he thanked her with a few grateful words, and then pointed to an elm a few feet distant. She looked in the direction, and saw a wounded officer, whom by his elegant uniform she knew must be of high rank. He sat supported by the tree, and pale as death. His hand pressed a handkerchief red with gore against his breast. His eyes faintly regarded her, and once or twice he made an effort to articulate. It was the British Colonel whom her lover had shot. The remaining grenadier had fled and left him to perish alone.

As soon as Catharine saw him she felt assured that it was the officer who had fallen by George's rifle. She hastened to him with a prayer that he might live, and not die! She carried water in her hand and placed it in his lips. He revived and faintly smiled.

At this moment a village surgeon and three men rode by in pursuit. Catharine with difficulty prevailed upon him to stop and examine and dress the wound. He pronounced a possibility of recovery.

"But it is bad policy, Miss Catharine," he said, "to take such care of our foes. But I will help you with him into the house and dress his wound; but you must be answerable for his appearance if he lives, as he is a prisoner of war."

"I will be answerable for his appearance, sir," replied the noble girl.

CHAPTER II.

The wound of the officer did not prove to be fatal. Owing to the kind care and nursing of the lovely girl, aided by George, who was quite as anxious to save his life as she was, he recovered, and was in a few weeks exchanged. As he took leave of her, he placed upon her finger a costly and singular-looking ring, saying—

"Should you or any one dear to you get into trouble during this war, and it is in my power to aid you, I will do it. Whoever bears this ring to me shall be my friend."

Two months after his departure, George and three other daring young men, who had formed a plot to seize the person of General Howe, by entering the town in disguise, were discovered, imprisoned, and George, as their leader, was sentenced to be shot as a spy.

An hour before he was to have been led forth to suffer the sentence, Colonel——sought an interview with General Howe. He told him the history of his being wounded, and how his life was saved by Catharine Acton, and that he had promised her his influence and aid whensoever she should send him a ring he left with her, or ask for it in behalf of herself or others in person.

"Just now," continued the Colonel, "I have had this ring presented to me by a young farmer, with a letter from her asking pardon for George Munroe, who is her betrothed. I shall esteem it a favor done to me personally if you will pardon and liberate him."

"I cannot refuse you, Colonel——, for thrice in ten years you have saved my life in battle. I cannot refuse pardon in so romantic an affair. Wait a moment, and I will write you an order for his release."

The same evening, George Munroe, with glowing eloquence and deep gratitude, thanked Catharine Acton for his life.

"But for your christian benevolence, which saw only a fellow being in a wounded foe, this officer would have perished, and I should now have been no more among the living. Thus, dear Kate, has virtue and mercy its reward even in this life. No man will ever suffer by kindness to an enemy.

THEODORE PARKER'S SERMON AT THE MELODEON. There seems to be no abatement of interest to hear this able preacher, and the Melodeon was densely crowded last Sabbath morning by an attentive auditory.

"*Great is truth, and stronger than all things*," were the words of his text. Truth, he said, was the thought and intellect of God, the form and mode of his existence; it was God's will, and the most powerful of all things. Between truth and falsehood there must always be a perpetual warfare. For truth itself, God only was responsible; it was uniform and he believed the whole human race hungered and thirsted after it. While truth would lead to our welfare, falsehood which was multiform would lead to our ruin. It was neither kings nor rulers that kept the world a going, but the ideas and sentiments of men's minds and hearts. These ideas and sentiments which were from God, would surely, sooner or later, find some outward expression. Old errors always fought against new truths, but the latter was sure to triumph. The discovery and application of new truths was the cause of the wars in Europe and of the American revolution.

But no old truth was ever lost; Judaism took up all that was good of Heathenism, and Christianity adopted all that was true in Judaism, and when Protestantism shall have all the truths of Catholicity, the latter must fall. There existed a class of men who wished to monopolize the inspection of all troth, who insist that it must pass through *their* hands before it goes into the market. Such would say to a modest neighbor, who felt that he had discovered a new truth, "Who is God, that he should give truth to you, and not first let me prove it?" If the answer to this should be, "it looks like—nay it *is* truth"—it would be said "it was only an ingenious counterfeit." It had not passed through their hands for inspection, therefore it must be blasphemy, heresy and infidelity, and so for a while the Priest puts down the Prophet—the pedlar controls the market.

But truth was as old as God, would last as long, and would finally prevail. Why it came not all at once no man could know, but however impatient we might be to receive it, we could well afford to await God's time.

It was once a part of Religion and Christianity that the sun, moon and stars went round the earth. It was said *why* this was so was because it was a miracle, and it was not to be supposed that men could understand all these things. Objections to this doctrine were set down as blasphemy, which if they prevailed, it was held that the Bible and Christianity must fall.—But now the most bigoted of the clergy would not say that the sun went round the earth. Yet Christianity still stands, and as firm as it did then. Often had the clergy placed themselves in opposition to philosophy and science. The oldest written book we have, says the world was made in six days; but on the tops of rocks and mountains and under the sea, science had found books older than Genesis, and which proves the contrary. At this discovery the clergy again cried out that the Scriptures and Christianity were in danger.—But now no scholars, except a portion of the clergy, believe the world was made in six days, and those that now hold the belief would soon have to give it up. The Bible speaks of but one deluge, but geology proves that there have been many. This, too, the clergy insisted was in opposition to Christianity, yet Christianity is not overthrown; nor can it be, for it rests, not on poems, but on fact. In politics new truths had been discovered.

Some one gave utterance to the truth that government was made for the people, and not the people for the government. But Kings said no! and cried out treason! Kings said that the bodies of men belonged to the State, and their souls to the church. The Church confirmed this and said, that government was a divine institution, and as of God should be obeyed. But when there was a famine in Great Britain, truth went in with it. The people of that country would say, "we will have bread," and what the people of England will, they will.

In social affairs, a great change had taken place.—There was a sentiment now that the rich did not own the poor, that pauperism was not of God, &c., although this sentiment as yet had hardly got upon its feet. Mr P. concluded by saying, that Church and State would tell you that Christianity is a lie—that it was too good to be true.

He would say to his hearers, believe it not! There was nothing too good to be true. He would charge them to fear no traitors—but to fear most to be false—to take counsel of no cowards, but to trust in truth whenever and wherever found, and whether toiling here or gone above, we should be alike at home and alike of God. [Boston Times.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 25, 1846.

☞ The Courier is out again in defence of the postmaster. Were it not that the editor has written to Daniel Webster for Mr Seavy's confirmation, we should not know whether he sets up the defence for the purpose of presenting the postmaster in a bad light or because he cannot see the ridiculousness of the contradictory statements he makes in explanation of the facts. He says:—

"The Advertiser came out yesterday with a new series of affidavits, the intention of which is to show that Mr Seavy sent one to Washington a petition purporting to have been signed exclusively by Democrats, asking the appointment of Mr Savvy to the office of postmaster of Lowell, which contained the names of Whigs, and that they were transferred by Mr Seovy before the petition went to Washington, to the Democratic petition, from another petition called a citizens' petition."

Here the charges are briefly set forth, with the exception of the one that these petitions were sent to Washington in violation of an agreement to a public meeting and a pledge to Mr Board, (made before the Postmaster could get them from him,) that they should not be sent to Washington; but that charge is not referred to at all by the Courier. That paper says, (after summing up the amount of the charges as above)

"Now, then, as regards the charges brought against Mr Seavy in the Advertiser yesterday, *and which we have stated above*, we will say, that allowing the facts to be true, just as they are stated, that they are discreditable to any man, and no man of honor would be guilty of such conduct; but we doubt the truth of the statements which are made."

Here is a strong and unqualified condemnation of the postmaster if the facts are as the Courier has summed them up. How has it summed them up?—Why simply, that two kinds of petitions were circulated in Lowell, for signers for Mr Seovy to be Postmaster, and that many whigs who signed a "citizens' petition" were cut from the petition which they signed and attached, not to a "citizens' petition," but, to a "democratic petition;" thus representing whigs as democrats. The Courier then continues, having denounced the Postmaster if the facts are as it has summed them up, and gives an explanation of the Postmaster's conduct which the editor thinks is perfectly satisfactory if these whig names were transferred from a "citizens" to a "democratic" petition. In the same article he *condemns* the Postmaster if the statements about the petitions are true, and also *reconciles the facts*, if true, with fair dealing. After *condemning* him if it is true that whigs were transferred from a "citizens" to a "democratic" petition, he *explains* it all as follows:

"We should like to know whether these names were found scattered here and there, among the Democratic names, or whether they were found all in a heap together. If the former, then it is the most likely thing in the world, that they escaped the eye of Mr Seavy; if they were found altogether, then is probable that they were pasted on to the long petition through mistake. * * * * * *

Now the question for the Advertiser to answer is, were these Whig names all found together, or were they found scattered about in different places? In either case the matter is susceptible of a perfectly clear explanation, without in the least degree affecting the honor and integrity of Mr Seavy.

As the editor of the Courier both condemns and exculpates, on the same state of facts, we leave one to offset the other. It is impossible to tell which is the greater effort.

We will say, however, that some of the whig names attached to the democratic petition are in a heap together, and others are all about in different parts of the petition. As the numbers are too large for them to be there by accident, we can see no solving of the manner of their coming there, except that where democrats and whigs both signed a "citizens'" petition, to save the democrats and represent them as such, though they signed simply as "citizens," democrats and whigs were, when so found, all cut from the "citizens'" petition and attached to the "democratic." *

MR. FULLER, aided by several distinguished professors and amateurs, will give a concert at City Hall, on Wednesday evening, April 29th, previous to his departure for England. Mr Fuller does this at the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, whom he has on many occasions delighted by his vocal and "inimitable" comic powers, (always gratis) and who are now desirous of "testifying" their respect and regard for him as a gentleman, liberal, honorable and high-minded.

We advise all, desirous of obtaining seats, to go early, as we predict a "rush."

☞ The New York House of Assembly have laid upon the table the bill providing that jurymen shall be paid. To us in Massachusetts it seems strange that jurymen should not be paid, as well as lawyers, judges and every body else about a Court.

Frost's Pictorial History of the world, we are glad to learn, is to be completed without further delay. Its publication has been some months suspended. Nos. 13 and 14 have just appeared. Merrill & Heywood, 53 Central st., are agents for Lowell.

☞ Some twenty gentlemen belonging to the "upper ten thousand" of Cincinnati, have recently formed themselves into an association, which is to be called "The Cincinnati Whist Club." The initiation fee is to be only *five hundred dollars*.

☞ Capt. Huigler, formerly a member of the Texian Congress from San Patricio, was shot through the heart by a Mr Pool at Goliad. Pool was arrested. It was said to have been in an affray.

COMMERCIAL STATISTICS. We learn by the Post, that for the year ending June 30th, 1845, the total imports to the United States were $117,254,664. Of this amount $102,438,431 were imported in American, and $14,616,083 in foreign vessels. Of the same amount $52,147,840 were admitted duty free, while $60,191,862, paid an *ad valorem*, and $34,914,862 paid a specific duty.

By the following list may be seen the *value* of each of the most prominent articles of import during the year 1844-45:—Bullion and specie $4,000,242; teas $5,730,514; coffee $9,221,271; copper and brass $1,977,939; manufactures of wool $18,057,875; manufactures of cotton $13,963,282; manufactures of silk, camlet, lace, &c. $3,918,120; manufactures of iron, tin, steel and brass $4,291,077; earthern ware and porcelain $2,658,037; watches $1,100,543; wool unmanufactured $1,680,794; pongees $8,260,784; molasses $3,151,682; sugar $4,780,555; spices $533,045; cigars $1,160,644; iron and steel $4,629,500; salt $898,603; indigo $802,700; spirits and wines $2,601,297.

The exports from the United States for the year ending June 30, 1845, were $114,646,606. Of articles of *domestic production*, were $99,299,776; Of this amount $23,816,653, were in foreign and $75,483,123 in American vessels. Of articles of *foreign production* were $15,346,830—of which $11,459,319 were in American and $3,887,511 in foreign vessels.

Clearances from the United States and Entrances thereto for the year ending June 30, 1845. 8197 American vessels, with a total of 2,053,977 tons, and crews of 100,794 men and 2462 boys; and 5583 foreign vessels, with a total of 930,275 tons, and crews of 54,657 men and 720 boys.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

HON. JUDGE WILDE PRESIDING.

April 25.

The case of *Moore* against *the City of Lowell* went to the jury yesterday, and the result was a disagreement. Farley argued the case for the City, and Butler for the plaintiff.

Next came on a *slander case. John Webster* against *Robert B. Caverly.* The purport of the slander was, Caverly said Webster had had criminal connection with his (Caverly's) wife, and that she was *enceinte* in consequence.

Ames and Hopkinson for plaintiff—Wentworth and Farley for defence.

As this case is a very singular one, and excites considerable interest, we may give a brief report of it hereafter.

DEATH OF A REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER. The Coroner held an inquest at No. 263 Stanton street, New York, Monday afternoon, on the body of Henry Depow, a native of New England, aged 97 years.—Verdict, death by old age and pulmonary disease. The deceased was a revolutionary soldier of the last war, and a pensioner. He fought in the battle and surrender at Yorktown, and many other well fought fields.

ANOTHER MURDER. The Louisville Journal says that on Wednesday at midnight, Warden Pope Mercer, a clerk in Gregory & Co's Lottery office, shot David McIntire through the head. The difficulty grew out of words of disrespect spoken by McIntire of the ladies in attendance at the Theatre.

☞ A European company is said to have purchased about three hundred thousand acres of land in Hamilton, Brodley, and Polk counties, Tennessee. It is intended to settle a large number of foreign emigrants on this tract of country, and direct their labors chiefly to wool growing and manufactures.

☞ David Fleming, an Irishman in Exeter, while oiling the gearing of a gristmill, was caught and drawn into the cog wheels, and had both legs crushed off, just below the hips. He died in about 4 hours afterwards.

A HINT TO READ FAST. An exchange paper says, that in a certain bar room the following hint was stuck up by a wag: "Gentlemen learning to spell are requested to use yesterday's papers."

☞ The dancing public will have an opportunity for enjoyment, at Mechanics' Hall, on May-day Evening.

For particulars see advertisement.

☞ An "old man" writes to the editor of the Southern Miscellany, that "according to the twelve ruling days there will be another dry season from March to November, 1846."

☞ The New York Courier, describing one of the furniture shops of that city, speaks of carved rosewood bedsteads worth $800; and sofas, the carving on which alone cost $300.

☞ The New York Morning News says, "It is evident that the offer of the line of 49 deg. from the British Government is coming, if it has not already come by the Caledonia."

☞ The large iron foundry of Miles Greenwood, in Cincinnati, has been destroyed by fire. The building and contents were insured for $25,000, being only a third of the value of the property destroyed.

☞ Yesterday, the heavens indicated rain; but instead, we got clouds, wind, dust, and eyes filled with gravel stones.

☞ An editor out west wears out seven pairs of boots a year, regularly, in kicking loafers out of his office.

☞ A young man, by the accidental discharge of a gun, had one side of his face blown off, at Pembrook on Saturday last.

☞ Towards *thirty thousand* of the Punjaeb people have been slaughtered by the English, yet our peace societies manifest no indignation.

MILWAUKIE. The democrats have carried the city—electing their Mayor, Solomon Juneau by over 300 majority—and every ward.

☞ To make pickles upon the vines—sprinkle the cucumbers daily with vinegar, until it strikes in.

☞ The New York presses are hard at work to get up a prejudice against lawyers.

☞ Horace Greely did not lecture before the Labor Reform Association, as was expected.

From the Chronotype.

CATECHISM ON THE TARIFF.

Question. What is meant by Tariff laws?

Answer. Laws which enact that the agriculturalist, planter, mechanic and laborer, in fact all consumers, shall not exchange their productions for clothing, except at certain shops; namely, the warehouses of the manufacturers.

Q. For whose benefit are these laws?

A. Manifestly for those who advocate and support them, viz: the manufacturers.

Q. Are not the increased profits of the manufacturers justly their property?

A. No more than the increased price which a shop-keeper might get, if he could forcibly prevent men from buying at any shop but his own.

Q. Is it not hard that the manufacturer should not sell the productions of his factory, for the most that is possible?

A. Not so hard as that the farmer, planter &c., should not sell their produce for as much as they can get by a free sale, and buy their clothing so wherever they can get the most for their money.

Q. Is it not wrong to encourage the productions of foreigners?

A. When a farmer or planter produces corn or cotton, and exchanges it abroad for goods, he may as truly be said to produce the goods, as if they grew in the fields; and if they are prohibited from doing this, it is *their* production that in reality is stopped.

Q. How is the present state of things to be altered?

A. By making it generally known, how much all men except the manufacturers, are interested in the removal of the injustice.

Q. If our manufacturers make goods as cheap as they can be imported, what will the public gain by a change of the Tariff?

A. Nothing. Neither will the manufacturers lose: but the change in the law will soon determine the correctness of the *if*.

Q. Taking it for granted, that the goods can be had cheaper from abroad, what gain is their import to the country?

A. If the farmers, planters, and other consumers of goods outnumber the manufacturers, (which they doubtless do, ten to one) then it is the advantage of the great majority to have clothing and other goods cheap.

The manufacturers exist for the consumers, not the consumers for the manufacturers. The great public are interested, but it is strange to see how their existence is forgotten by every body. To make a man pay one dollar, for what, without a Tariff, he could buy for fifty cents, is robbing him of half a dollar—call it what you like.

Q. Is not free trade a theoretical conceit?

A. Yes; and in the same manner the idea of two and two making four is a theory. If a man avoids running against a post, he has a theoretical conceit that it will be unprofitable.

Theory is from a Greek word, signifying "to see," and means seeing further than a man's nose. The outcry against theory in the abstract is the outcry of monopolists against common sense—the defence of their own robbery of the public at large.

Q. Does not free trade mean a repeal of the laws which protect American industry?

A. Certainly not. The industry of the buyer is as much American industry as that of the seller. A laboring man, or farmer is told that he must give a dollar's worth of the produce of his labor for a cotton shirt, instead of seventy-five cents, and this is by way of protecting native industry. Now, industry against industry, why is not twenty-five cents in the hands of the farmer, as good as in the hands of the manufacturer. There is no use in protecting one man's capital and industry, against another man's capital and industry. It is a fraud.

A washerwoman is told that she is to give five cents more for soap, in order that the soapmakers may be protected against foreign competition. Now in the name of justice, will nobody protect the washerwoman,—simply because the poor woman is not represented in Congress?

Q. Has it not always been a principle of government to establish and protect in this country any trade or manufacture, or the production of any articles calculated to be a source of national benefit?

A. When any trade or manufacture can be introduced with final advantage, private enterprise is competent to its accomplishment. To ask for more, is only to ask to have a finger in the public purse.

UNIVERSAL PROTECTION.

THE OREGON STEAMER OFF. The Oregon is off, says the N. Y. Tribune, and safe if not quite sound on the railway at the Dry-Dock. She was floated off with the help of lighters and under the direction of Mr Sturgis, who superintended the getting off of the Henry Clay. The Oregon is not injured even so much as was feared, and was raised and taken to the Dock without having suffered any additional injury. The sum necessary to put this glorious vessel in perfect apple-pie order again will not exceed $10,000, and it is confidently expected that she will be ready to resume her trips on the Sound in thirty days.

INDIGNATION MEETING. Some of the people of Sandwich, on the Cape, have held a meeting, at which, they expressed their indignation by passing resolutions denouncing Judge Cushing and District Attorney Clifford, because they thought two young men who were tried and convicted in Barnstable, at a recent term of the court, for setting fire to a barn and for larceny, did not receive a sentence adequately severe.

THINK OF THAT. A speculator who buys largely of the producers, remarked to us, that the first thing he looked for when he went into a man's house to purchase, was a newspaper. If he saw none, he was *sure of a good bargain!* Think of that! No man can cheat a person who reads a newspaper. [Cincinnati Com.

REJECTIONS. In the Executive session of U. S. Senate, on Tuesday, was learn by letters, that the nominations of Dr Nourse, of Hallowell, as Collector of Bath, Me., and of Mr Hawkes, as Surveyor of Eastport, Me., were rejected. [Times.

Five barns belonging to John Gibson, Esq., and standing near each other, in Francestown, were struck by lightning, last Saturday evening, and entirely consumed, together with 30 tons of hay and a number of hogs. [Nashua, N. H., Gazette.

WASHINGTON APRIL 21. In executive session—Dr Nourse, of Hallowell, was to-day rejected as collector of Bath, Me., and Mr Hawkes as surveyor of Eastport, Me. [N. Y. Express.

An Eastern advocate for that sort of patriotism which supplied the British with beef during the last war, is fearful that the army of occupation will trespass on the territory of Mexico. [Post.

☞ Senator Allen, of Ohio, has been nominated at a democratic convention in St. Clair County, Illinois, as a candidate for the next Presidency.

☞ A false friend is like a shadow on a dial it approaches in clear weather, but vanishes as soon as it is cloudy.

☞ A woman named Cowley, committed to the City Prison, N. Y., was found dead in her cell.

☞ The New York Legislature have agreed to adjourn *sine die* on the 13th of May.

☞ The New York Sun says that Victoria and Albert have been breakfasting on corn bread.

☞ The expenses of the city of Boston are estimated for the coming year at $1,064,000.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, April 22.

In the SENATE. In reply to an enquiry, from Mr Webster, Mr Lewis said the Sub Treasury Bill would be reported, but not without amendments so that it would not, at all events, go into operation before the 1st of January next. Also, that the Warehousing bill, and a bill to establish a branch mint at Charleston and another at New York, would have to be passed before the committee would press the Sub Treasury Bill. And he assured the Senate that the Committee were anxious to preserve the currency of the country from the effect of introducing this measure suddenly, which would not be done, however much the Committee might be in favor of the measure.

Mr Jarnagin called up his resolutions relative to the secret service money.

Mr Webster said he approved the course taken by Mr Polk in the matter—complimented Mr Tyler's prudence in public disbursements—and declared that not one dollar had been expended while he (Mr W.) was Secretary of State, without the President's order.

It might be thought that he should desire the publication of the papers, that every body might see what they are and what they show.

But this was a matter of little concernment to him, (and he promised it was of little to the late President,) that he certainly would not wish to see an important principal and an important law violated and broken for any personal convenience in that respect. He was not at all apprehensive that the country would suspect either President Tyler or himself, acting under his authority, of any thing improper in the disbursement of a few hundred or a few thousand dollars.

As to the source of this miserable vituperation, he had nothing to say. He was afraid he should be thought to have paid too much attention to it already. Adjourned.

In the HOUSE. The House went into committee of the whole and took up the bill relative to the Smithsonian Institute.

SENSIBLE. The Boston Courier says: "The blunders which are committed in attempts to christen foreign plants by Latin, French and Dutch descriptive names, are ridiculous. The catalogue before us is full of such blunders. And what is the use of all this show of learning? Why should a cabbage be called *choux*?—lettuce, *laitue pomee*?—squash, *giravmout*?—and flax, *linum usitatissimum*? A potato is nothing but a potato, when called *solanum tuberosum*; and *pomme d'amour, solunum lycopersicum* is, after all, only a tomato."

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT. A child, three years old, of Mr John Shields, an Irishman, was run over by a team heavily loaded with timber, in this village, on Monday afternoon, while playing in the street a little north of the post office. It was killed instantly. The wheels passed directly over its head, crushing it in a most shocking manner. The accident occurred within the sight of the mother, rendering her almost frantic with grief. The poor woman seized the little dead one in her arms, and pressed it to her breast, covered with blood as it was, exclaiming, "Oh, they have murdered my boy!" The sight was enough to draw tears from every beholder. [Hill's N. H. Patriot.

A TEN-STRIKE. "I say, Mr Horn, don't those boys get sleepy, being out so late at night?"

"I s'pose they do, sometimes, sir, but I hire them expressly to *set up*," replied that individual.

Boston, Sept. 10, 1845.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.

Dear Sir,—I take great pleasure in communicating through you, to all whom it may concern, and the public generally the astonishing effect your truly wonderful medicine has had upon me. I have enjoyed perfect health for four or five years. Physicians told me my liver was diseased, and that I might some day die of consumption. Last September, 1844, I took a slight cold, which produced a hacking cough; this continued until February, 1846, when I added another cold; my cough increased, I soon lost my appetite, and my strength failed. For six weeks I could not lie upon one side; I sweat very much nights, raised considerable blood during the winter, and could not speak a loud word for two weeks. With all these bad symptoms, I had very severe pain in my side and between my shoulders; general debility followed. I was confined to my room about eight weeks. I had buried a sister and brother, both died with consumption. I expected to die myself; my friends also despaired of my life.—At this time an uncle, who had been benefitted himself advised me to take

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

I accordingly procured a bottle, took it, and felt some better; obtained another, and a third; then I ceased to bleed, and my cough was much better; but my disease was so deeply rooted, I was obliged to continue taking the Balsam until I had taken seven bottles. I can honestly and truly say, I believe Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry saved my life.

MRS. MARY B. GOULD.

We are personally acquainted with Mrs. Gould, assisted in taking care of her during her sickness, believe and know the above statement to be true.

MRS. P. C. PRESCOTT,
MRS. S. A. BACHELDER,
No. 1 Commercial street.

Boston, Mass. Sept. 12, 1845.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&pmar4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—and an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S TOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov4 6m

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tha&vma28

MARRIED,

In this city, 22d inst, by Rev. Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Joseph Ingalls and Mrs. Sarah J. Coburn, both of Dracutt.

Fuller's Concert

AT the CITY HALL on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 29th, 1846.

MR P. FULLER, at the request of his numerous friends in this city, has been induced to offer a musical entertainment on the above evening. He will be able to avail himself of the best *musical talent* of the city—Professors and amateurs having kindly expressed a desire to compliment him with their services, previous to his departure (for a few months) to a foreign land.

Mr WM. B. OLIVER, of Boston, has also volunteered his valuable aid and will appear in several songs, glees, &c. Likewise a young lady from Boston, will play a select air with variations on the Piano Forte.

It having been suggested that the performances should partake liberally of the *comic*, Mr FULLER will, in addition to several songs, conclude the evening's entertainment (by particular request) with a *Harmonic Recitation*.

To commence at ¼ before 8 o'clock. Cards of admission, at 25 cents each, to be had at the Book-stores and at the door.

☞ For programme of concert see small bills. a25

Ball on May-day Evening!

MR KILBORN will give a ball at *Mechanics' Hall*, on Friday evening, May 1st, under the management of A. R. Brown, esq, J. N. Mack, J. Billings, C. G. Giles, and R. J. Baxter.

Tickets $1½ to be obtained of the Librarian at the Mechanics' Association, at the Merrimack House, and of the managers. Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock. Music by Kittredge's Band.

Refreshments furnished by Thomas T. French.

☞ The Hall will be appropriately trimmed for the time and occasion. a25

CONGRESS—PASSAGE OF THE OREGON 'NOTICE' BILL BY BOTH HOUSES!

THURSDAY, April 16.

In Senate, the Committee of Conference made a report recommending that both Houses recede from their amendments, and adopt the resolution in the following form:

With a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the abrogation of the said convention of the 6th of August, 1827, in the mode prescribed in its second article, and that the attention of the governments of both countries may the more earnestly and immediately directed to the adoption of all proper measures for a speedy and amicable adjustment of the difficulties and disputes in respect to said territory—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, &c.—That the President of the United States be, and is hereby authorized, at his discretion, to give to the British government the notice required by its said second article for the abrogation of said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty seven.

In this form it passed the Senate, 45 to 10.

Nays—Messrs Allen, Atchison, Breese, Cass, Bright, Dickenson, Fairfield, Jennuss, Semple, Westcott.

In the HOUSE, the report was concurred in, yeas 142, nays 46.

EPITAPH ON A TAILOR.

Here lies below a tailor dead,
His name was Edward Print,
He cabbag'd buckram, silk and thread,
'Til Satan cabbag'd him.

☞ Santa Anna was still at Havana, April 1st.

SERVED RIGHT. A youngster in Dayton, Ohio, was recently knocked down and severely horse-whipped by the friends of several young ladies whom he insulted by using indecent language towards them as they passed along the street.

☞ The site of the late Howard Athenæum was sold yesterday in Boston to Mr Edward A. Raymond for $4 per foot, about $40,000.

☞ They caught a seal at Brunswic, Me., the other day, over seven feet long! [Post

This beats the "broad *seal*" of New Jersey.

☞ Three steamboats now run between Boston and Hallowell, Me.—fare, *one dollar*.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Two or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

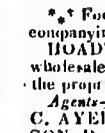
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. s&papr11

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilde, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE

Boston, April 6, 1846. s6wapr19

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 25, 1846.

THE Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery for the County of Middlesex has issued a warrent against the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said John Barr will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of one or more Assignees.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
3tapr25 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to give notice of the intention of the City Council to lay out and cause a sidewalk to be constructed on the northerly side of Merrimack street from Concord River bridge to High street; and also to lay out and cause to be built a sidewalk on the southerly side of said street from Prescott street to Concord River bridge. And the said Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee
np28 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the north side of Charles street from Central street to Lawrence street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out upon the southwest side of Lee street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Grand street may be established, a sidewalk laid out, and said street accepted,—the Committee of the City Council to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street, to lay a sidewalk thereon and to accept said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
apr22 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and constructed on the southerly side of Pawtucket street from School street to the Pawtucket,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Assignee's Notice.

IN the matter of LORIN WALKER, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Mason, an insolvent debtor, the subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been chosen Assignee of the estate of said insolvent, and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent will be holden in said Lowell, at the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for said county, on MONDAY, the fourth day of May next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, when and where the creditors may prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

ISAAC S. MORSE, Assignee.
Lowell, April 20th, 1846. ap21

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed Assignee in the case of CALVIN HONEY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Honey will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esquire, a Master in Chancery, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY the fifth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

EDWARD S. LEAVITT, Assignee.
Lowell, April 20, 1846. ap21

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART, DANIEL L. GIDDINGS, BILLINGS BRIGGS, SAMUEL LEEDS, ASA SWALLOW, GEO. A. BOURNE, URIEL CROCKER, EDWARD A. RAYMOND, DAVID KIMBALL, BENJAMIN LAMSON, ABRAHAM T. LOWE, GEORGE H. KUHN, DANIEL HENCHMAN, GEO. T. BIGELOW, SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr., WARREN WHITE, ISAIAH BANDS, A. BLANCHARD, jr., JAMES CHEEVER, NATH'L B. BOYDEN, SETH AMES.

ENOCH HOBART, President.

S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the aforenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

Trees, Shrubs, &c.

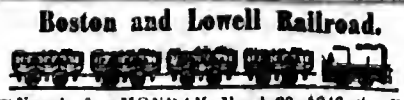


At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Feb. 28, 1846. mar31f

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

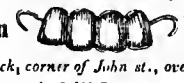
ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan3t

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

D. W. VINALL,

Surgeon  **Dentist.**

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap21 6m LOWELL.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 3m

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Colburn's Block, Central street. ap21

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

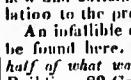
N. B. During their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 86 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young *Misses* and *Masters* in this highly and useful accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall*. He will teach Waltzes, Cotillons, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Tuition, Five dollars for twenty-four *lessons*.
April 19, 1846. apr19

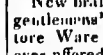
Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow bitch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common use. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

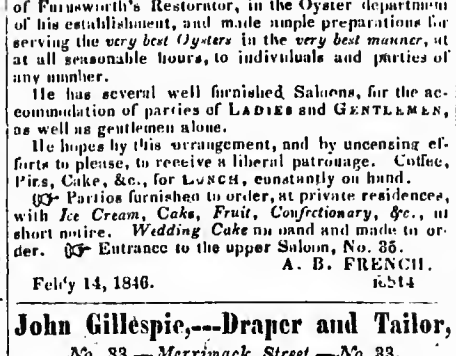
DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap of dung is on Fenwick Street. *3apr19

To Let!



A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

3tapr16 A. R. BROWN.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846: a1yapr4

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.--Central Street--37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.
Feb'y 14, 1846. fe514

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Auction!

WILL be sold at public auction, at Billerica Mills, on SATURDAY, 2d May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the Dye-Stuffs, consisting of the kinds and qualities used for coloring carpet yarns—1 wash-box for scouring wool—a quantity of 10 inch funnel in good condition, suitable for heating dry-rooms; belonging to the estate of STEPHEN LANIGAN, insolvent debtor.

B. F. BUTLER, } *Assignees of*
THOS. TALBOT, } *said Lanigan.*
April 21, 1846. ap21a&pts

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16 -1y DR. F. MORRILL.

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, And other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ap18 1ots THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dry Goods.

On TUESDAY next, Apr 28th, at 10 and 2, o'clk, a valuable stock of seasonable dry goods from New York, with orders to close for cash. Consisting of rich dress goods in great variety, adapted to the season, elegant summer shawls various styles, white dress goods, prints, patches, white lmp. quilts, table covers, piano forte covers, ginghams, linen cambric hdkfs., a great variety of silk and cotton hosiery, gloves, silk, thread, tapes, ribbons, some elegant bonnet trimings.

Also—an invoice of muslin ginghams, balzerines, printed lawns, corded ottomans; muslin de laines, calicoes, &c., &c.

N. B. Ladies are invited to attend as they will find desirable goods for the present season.

Genteel Household Furniture of a family breaking up.

On WEDNESDAY next, Apr. 29th, at 9½ o'clock, a. m., at the house of Mr Francis A. Calvert, Appleton st., the entire furniture and housekeeping articles in said house, consisting of fine and superfine ingrain carpets, large tufted rugs, elegant mahogany chairs (French patterns) in hair cloth, do, large and small rocking chairs, mee card and pembrook tables, sofa, piano forte, one very superior writing desk (cost $28), large and small mirrors, oil paintings, mantle ornaments, super fire geese beds, bedding and bedsteads—mahogany sinks, washstands and toilet tables, bureaus, sets chamber crockery, child's crib track bed, excellent parlor stove for coal, air tight and cook stoves in good order, clock, tall set stone china, dining ware—the usual variety of crockery and glass ware, table cutlery, kitchen furniture, family stores &c.

Piano Forte at 12 o'clock. A very superior piano forte in mahogany case with harp pedal, Boston built, has been used only about 1½ year; music stool and piano cover.

N. B. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine the goods on the morning of the sale.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, 1 lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 13 421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft. lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Sumner Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' Will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor. Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

Houses and Land.

On FRIDAY, May 1st, at 2 o'clock p.m., on the premises, 1 large three story House, and 2500 feet of land, situated on Water st., known by the name of the "Batchelder House." Also, on the same street, a lot of land containing 2500 sq. ft.

Also, at 3 o'clock—2 lots of land on Pleasant st, in rear of the other lots, containing 2500 ft. each.

Also, immediately after the above, another lot land on Washington st., near the church in Belvidere.

Valuable Real Estate

On TUESDAY, the 5th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, on Lowell just above Dummer stret. A Block divided into eight tenements, renting together for about $700 per anum. This property is in good condition, and is well situated to rent at all times and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars inquire of the Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clk, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2200 ft. of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

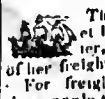
Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
1fadrapr16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.

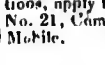


The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Bark ADELINE & ELIZA *Hopkins*, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hinson, Agent at New Orleans. a25

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
To go up to the city without lightering.
First Vessel.



The superior fast sailing coppered Brl, CHRISTIANA, *Woodbury*, master, now loading, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent in Mobile. a25

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalide.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of favers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholle, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholies; syncope, apoplaxy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and pollay. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in say one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any cumbination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

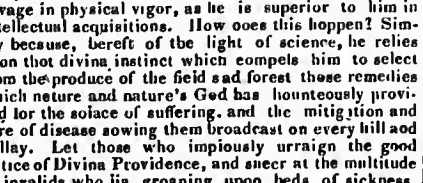
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Pinting Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an expositine of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Stor, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gawings and action of these destructive creatures can be bushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

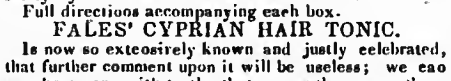
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Cen. at., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Ghelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Grigge & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Peppercll, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcrass; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stonebam, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kittredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffis; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearsons; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Deoriorn, R. B. Ansis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Bahlwio. june6ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street.* P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool.*

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&p1nov3

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS, to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and nonmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome pasiage —

"Money proved for shinv,
Like nest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Stone Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ms&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Crump, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREFOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty-four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chaffs, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastero, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing not of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 82 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*;	Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*;	James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*;	S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.*

J. J. JUDKINS,
mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 28, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 50.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, at $2.00 per annum, in advance, or $2.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1,50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Pinnes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. eug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advty LOWELL. eept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. ap20

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings, Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
corner of 29 Central st., Lowell.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory.
sep9 tf

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street, Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House,

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not *by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. taug3

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and joining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTEN, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.
a&p6monapr9



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H' DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. s1yapr4

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv15jan29

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of *French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. a4papr18

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this purest medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr. Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.
CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

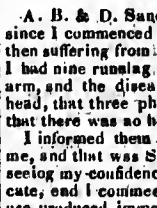
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fuwle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apotheceries generally. n13A&P6m

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorised, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office,—to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIBBENS,	DANIEL HENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BAIGES,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH HANGS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CREAVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L H. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1845. 1may19

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap is now on Fanwick Street. 3may18

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcerous Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Ulcers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Sweets.
January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan18

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyjan18

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. J. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MEWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELISABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmay8 oct23

Notice.

J. W. & A. ADAMS have opened a shop under the Methodist Meeting-house, Commercial street, a few doors from Paige & Co.'s Ancient Store, where they intend to carry on the manufacture of
COPPER, TIN, AND SHEET-IRON WARE,
in all its branches. Also, on hand a general assortment of the most approved patterns of
COOKING, PARLOR, AND OFFICE STOVES.
Air-tight Stoves for heating rooms and cooking, constantly on hand. All kinds of Russia, Sheet, and galvanized sheet-iron work done at short notice.—STOVE PIPE on hand and made to order. All kinds of repairing done.

☞ The subscribers hope by promptness and fair and honorable dealing, to receive a share of public patronage. J. W. ADAMS,
—AUGUSTUS ADAMS, Jr.
Lowell, Sept. 6, 1845

AN OLD FASHIONED SPEECH. A bill was reported in the Virginia Senate, 2d ult., to provide for building a road from Logan county to the Kanawha River, in the county of the same name.—The bill made an approbriation for the purpose. Mr Gore, a venerable member of the House of Delegates, had leave granted him to appear at the bar of the Senate, and advocate the passage of the bill. We give his very quaint speech, which the Richmond Enquirer says, did more for the bill than the most learned arguments or pathetic appeals. At the conclusion of the speech the bill was passed unanimously.

Mr Gore rose and said: Mr Speaker, with much embarrassment I rise to appear before this enlightened body. In pressing this claim for an appropriation from the public Treasury, it will be necessary to state some of the difficulties which this section of country labors under. We have in our country high mountains and deep vallies, we can't get our truck to market except on horses, for we have no wagon roads; and we have to carry salt, which is a bad thing to carry on horseback, because it runs and sinks the horses.

I went to this country in 1808. It was then a desert country. Only four families had settled in the Coal River Valley. I went there because I had heard it was a good place for a poor man to raise children, and the ground was rich and the game plenty. I had not seen the country, but from what I hsard, it would suit me, as I had five children, and I found them increasing more rapidly than my means of supporting them.—When I started, there was no road or path—I got lost on the way, and got up on the mountain, where I found that my horse could'nt get back, and I was afraid he could'nt get forward, for there was a narrow steep place for several hundred yards, where there was hardly room for him to get down, and if he fell, he would fall thirty feet and kill himself. He was lame, too, and his lame leg was next to the precipice. I was then, Mr Speaker, reduced to necessity; and necessity is the mother of invention; so I tied a rope to my horse's tail, and guided him down in safety. When I got to the county, I had no time to build a house, but staid in camp all the winter; during which, I killed enough game to furnish my family with meat, and cleared enough land to make corn. I had no fencing to make, as there were no cattle to destroy the truck.

We had no mill in the valley, and we had to beat our corn in logs, and to eat the hominy.—The nearest mill was thirty miles beyond the mountain. I went to mill but once in four years, and that was oftener than my neighbors went. Our chief dependence was upon hunting, and game was plenty. I went out one day and killed five elks, one bear and a painter. I did,nt want to loose the meat, so I skinned all of them, and went home for salt. I told my wife what I had done, and you may be sure I told a good story; and she was well pleased—so much so, that nine months from that time she brought me a fine hearty boy. When I went to the country I had five daughters; this was the first son I had. From that time, as long as the elks lasted my wife had sons; but as soon as they disappeared, my wife commenced having daughters again. Our country is rapidly increasing in population—I have myself done my part in that way; for I have one hundred and thirty-seven descendants, and I do hope I shall, in my old age, be able to see my descendants hauling their truck and salt in wagons, which will be the case, if you will pass this bill.

PRINTERS. No men labor harder than printers—no men are more scantily paid in proportion to the wear and tear of mental and physical constitution—no men in this community, we are quite certain, are called upon for so large an amount in proportion to their means, of gratuitous services—and we believe that no men perform those unpaid services with more cheerful alacrity. The boldness or indifference with which some people lay assessments upon newspaper proprietors would justify the inference that they suppose types and press cost nothing—journeymen and apprentices to labor and live without need of food or clothing—and paper makers to furnish a costly material without ever asking for payment. We have no doubt that many proprietors of papers give enough annually in the way of advertising for persons and societies who are able and ought to pay, and in newspapers for which he gets neither credit nor thanks, to defray expenses of educating his children, even though he might have a son or two at college. If some rich fellow, who inherited his money without earning it, were to give away half as much, he would be lauded "sky high," as the prince of philanthrophists, and his name would ring along the Atlantic from Mexico, and echoed from the Rocky Mountains, as a benefactor of his race.—A few hundred dollars given in a lump, is something to tell of. Fourpence a time, a dozen times a day, is never thought of.

MISS SEWARD, WASHINGTON, AND MAJOR ANDRE. Miss Seward was so considerable a person when her reputation was at its height, that Washington said no circumstances in his life had been so mortifying to him, as that of having been made the subject of her invective in her monody on Major Andre. After peace had been concluded between Great Britain and the United States, he commissioned an American officer, who was about to sail for England, to call upon her at Litchfield, and explain to her, that instead of having caused Andre's death, he had endeavored to save him, and she was requested to peruse the papers in proof of this, which he sent for her perusal. "They filled me," said Miss Seward, "with contrition for the rash injustice of my censure." [Southey.

A HOOSIER HEROINE. The Belmont Ohio Chronicle records an exploit performed by a woman living at Beallsville, Monroe county, which no petticoated Senator will ever reach, however fearfully they may bellow bedlamony in the Capitol. It seems this woman had sold a horse for seventy five dollars, a fact which some villain near her residence was aware of, and painting himself black and otherwise disguising his person, he went to the woman's house and demanded the whole amount. She gave him some bank notes and told him to count them. As he stooped down to do so, she struck him over the head with a heavy poker, and then alarmed the neighborhood. In a few minutes the miscreant was found to be dead! The heroine's name is not given, what we look upon as a great oversight in the Ohio paper, for Judith herself was little better entitled to immortality.

A few such women would overcome the Halls of Montezuma, and all Mexico for that matter, while half the braggarts who threaten such an achievement were talking about it.

THE MYSTERIES OF TYPE SETTING. A country gentleman came into a certain publisher's office, and remarked that he liked the paper, except that the type was very small, added, after a little reflection, that he supposed, in the commencement of the enterprise, the publisher could not afford to use larger type. The publisher took no special pains to contradict him. [Country Jo.

Printers will understand this joke, if readers do not.

THE BEST FERTILIZER. Somebody says, the best fertilizer of any soil is a spirit of industry, enterprise and intelligence—without this, bones, guano, or other manure will be of little use.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 28, 1846.

PANIC.

A great effort has been made to get up a money excitement, by bankers, brokers, and a certain class of politicians, and not without a very considerable degree of success. To effect the purpose, our relations with Mexico and England, and the prospect of the passage of the Sub Treasury, have been the subjects for alarm. The banks, fearful they might lose the privilege of using the government funds, and of making them the basis for issuing their notes as they would on the same amount of specie, by refusing to discount, aided by two per ct. a month note-shavers and such politicians as would make political capital at whatever cost, have been able, without any adequate cause, without any cause whatever—save the mere panic of their own creation—to very much and very injuriously affect the currency and distress the business community. Banks for several weeks have refused to discount, and money could be obtained only through brokers, (who are not uncommonly the agents of the banks or the accomplices of their officers,) at three or four times the legal rates of interest.

That there is no necessity for this state of things, the facts,—that there has been no run upon the banks for specie—that specie is not to any amount, required for exportation—that in the Oregon controversy there is but little prospect of war, and should it result in that, it must be at so distant a period as to have no affect upon the currency operations of the present day—that our Mexican difficulties are not of sufficient moment, should they terminate in an immediate war with that power, so distracted is it in its own councils and so limited are its resources, to make any sensible impression upon our banking operations—that the Sub Treasury bill, which has been made the cause of most of the alarm, does not propose to draw from the banks the money on deposit with them that it may be transferred to the vaults of the Sub Treasury,—clearly prove.

What then does this manufactured panic show?—First, it shows that banks, of all places, are the most improper ones to deposite the public funds; because if the mere probability of finally taking the government money from their keeping is a cause for banks to get up a panic and create distress, would they think they had any less cause to pursue the same course if the government was in a situation to need its funds, and withdraw them for actual use; most certainly not.—

Second, that without a system like the Sub Treasury, (by which the government will be continually receiving and paying out specie, thereby keeping it in circulation among the people, and preventing the banks from inflating the currency by continually testing their ability to redeem their notes,) we shall have periodical expansions of the currency, followed by contractions ruining every man who happens to own one-half of what he is actually worth, and distressing every debtor in the country. Third, that banks with no check as at present, can expand or contract the currency at *will*. Fourth, that we need the Sub Treasury to render the government independent of banks and their made panics, and to secure the people against the evils of bank accomodations to-day, and a refusal of them to-morrow.

Whigs, democrats, nor any body else, seriously pretend there is any real cause, independent of the natural tendency of banks to over issue, for the present money difficulties. The panic is a wholly manufactured one; got up that the whigs may defeat the Sub Treasury, the banks retain the use of the government funds and have no check upon their operations, and that brokers and note-shavers may reap a harvest.—A better argument for the necessity of introducing the Sub Treasury, than this panic, could not be made.—Its necessity being made manifest at this time, we hope it will secure and hasten the passage of the bill.

PASSAGE OF THE NOTICE.

The giving of the notice, as appears, is left wholly discretionary with President Polk. With Mr Polk's known views, it must have been passed with the expectation of its being given immediately. Congress having authorized the notice, which is the first step recommended by the President towards the final determination of our rights in the Oregon country, it must now pass such laws as are necessary to protect our citizens in that territory, or giving the notice would be a mere farce. If the boundary should be settled, our people should be protected and tried only by American and not by English courts. If it should not, still no less important is protection to our people, and protection too, by our own laws. Having taken the first step recommended by the President, Congress has put itself in a position that virtually pledges it to sustain the recommendations of the President contingent upon the giving of the notice. Giving the notice, and not following it up by such acts as are necessary upon the abrogation of the treaty for joint occupancy, would show the world we meant nothing by the act; consequently, Congress, having authorized the President to give the notice, knowing he would do it, has itself, virtually, given the notice and is bound to sustain it by such a course of acts and policy as is necessary to make it effective by bringing the dispute to a close in some manner.

CONGRESS. The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial of Friday says: All the Oregon bills are before the Senate, and not one of them will pass that body till they have seen what course the President will take. Without these bills, the notice will be a matter of no consequence at all. The President has no longer any motive to delay a renewal of the negotiation; and the British Government is invited to reopen it, by a solemn act of Congress, approved by the President. If a treaty be not soon made, it must be owing to the fault of the British Government.

☞ The Washington Union, says an intelligent gentleman, who has been engaged in the production of sugar in Cuba for the last 30 years, after a careful examination, puts the value of American property on that island at $35,000,000.

☞ The first Chilian Ship that ever visited the United States, arrived at Edgartown Mass., on the 22d inst.

☞ Rev. J. Q. A. Edgell, of West Newbury, asked a dismission from his pastoral charge, on Sabbath last.

☞ The ruins of the fire in New York, in July last are said to be still burning in some places.

We take the following from the Cincinnati Enquirer. Mr Case, with whom our readers are familiar, writes in his accustomed forcible, pointed, clear and common sense style.

"Some of the English papers are furious about the rapacity of the United States in desiring the whole of Oregon. They scold, threaten, brag, and bluster, as though Great Britain were the most amiable and disinterested nation upon the face of the earth. From their talk, one would suppose that the aristocracy of Great Britain did not desire to extend her dominions in the East Indies, New South Wales, upon this Continent, or in the islands of the sea. They wonder what in the world we want of more territory. They are ready to go to war, and are only kept back out of pity to our defenceless state, and the deplorable consequences to us. But this kind of stuff—this miserable bravado—this bullying and blustering—is well understood, and rightly appreciated, on this side of the Atlantic.

We have no wish to conceal our abhorrence of war, and the dread with which we look upon its *moral* desolations; but we fear not the power of Britain in a just cause. With the aid of a few thousand French troops, we defied her armies and navies, when we were scarcely two millions and a half of people, and without ships, or soldiers, or money, and secured our independence; and with less than half our present resources she found us no mean antagonist upon land and sea during the last contest; and were war now to ensue, upon the Oregon question, Great Britain would be the greatest sufferer, if, indeed, she would not lose Ireland, "the Canadas," &c., and experience a most *searching and thorough revolution*, in her *home government*.

Great Britain governs at *home* and *abroad* with the sword, and her yoke sits *heavily* and *uneasily* upon the *laboring millions, everywhere*. The cup of her iniquity is well nigh filled to the brim; and if she provokes a war with this country, the *masses* will regard it as one involving "the rights of man," throughout the world. The recent attempt at revolution in Poland shows what *spirit* is at work in the old world; and it would not be strange if a war between a democratic United States and monarchical England, should prove the signal of the "war of opinion," long since predicted by CANNING, and a general rising of the oppressed throughout Europe."

THE TEXAS "STATE HOUSE" or "Capital" is a one story wooden building, made somewhat roughly inside and out, over 100 feet long, and 50 wide. It is divided into two rooms, by a wide passage,—one for the Senate, and one for the House. At the most, the building might cost $1000,—not more. The chairs occupied by the members, are made of turned or rounded wood, unpainted, and extremely common, with raw-hide seats, hair side up, stretched on when green, and fastened by holes slit in the hide and drawn over the rounds. Their desks are ordinary pine tables—the speaker and president of the senate are equally provided for. The "strangers' gallery" is made of pine benches rising one above the other. So far as comfort is concerned, no one suffers; and the Texians have no idea of *lavishing* money upon things to look at just yet.

FIRE IN NEW YORK—TEAS DESTROYED. A fire broke out in New York on Friday night, in the new block of stores corner of Cherry and Pike streets. The cargo of Tea lately received by the ship Rainbow, from Canton, was destroyed with the building, says the Journal of Commerce.

The following is a near approximation to the quantity of goods in the store, a very small portion of which was saved:—900 bales of cotton, 400 hhds. of sugar, 830 half chests young hyson tea, 20 hhds. rum; also 3 or 400 bags of saltpetre, under the walk.

THE COOLEST YET. As one of the Roxbury omnibuses, fully loaded with passengers, was coming over the Neck on Tuesday afternoon, says the Boston Traveller, a young man jumped in, and after deliberately collecting all the fares, jumped out again. To the astonishment of the poor passengers, on arriving at the head of State street, they were informed by the driver that the gentlemenly collector had nothing to do with the concern, and that his collections were made entirely on his private account.

TARIFF DOCUMENTS. Hon. Abbott Lawrance's letters to Mr Rives, and Mr Hudson's speech on the wheat trade of the country, have been printed for gratuitous distribution. Copies may be obtained at the Whig Reading Room, Scollay's building. [Boston Advertiser.

As the tariff is only of advantage to the laborers, we presume manufacturers had nothing to do with paying for these documents and the circulation of them.

TOASTS. *The Ladies*—like clouds—beautiful at a distance.

A lady being told the above toast was given at a bachelors' meeting by one of the fraternity who had lately *married*, gave the following:

The Bachelors—like clouds, mutable and changing—"the wind passeth over them, and they are gone!"

NEW COUNTERFEIT. We have been shown a new counterfeit $10 note on the Washington Bank, Boston, well executed, purporting to have been engraved by Terry, Felton & Co, Boston and Providence, letter A, dated Jan. 1, 1845, payable to I. Stone. Vignette an eagle—on the right a lady with her left arm on the shoulder of an Indian, on the left a cupid encircling the head of Washington with a wreath. [Plymouth Memorial.

ANOTHER PIANO ATTACHMENT DISCOVERED. The Washingtonian states that a gentleman living on South Cove, on going home to dinner one day last week, discovered that an entirely original attachment had been put upon his Piano during his absence,—by the Deputy Sheriff. A good joke that. [Boston Times.

FROM THE CHEROKEE COUNTRY. Wheeler Faught, one of the men charged with the murder of Takatoka, on the 28th February, had his trial on the 18th of March, was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on the 26th. [Bee.

☞ At this season of the year, when there is so much real and personal estate in the market, our readers would do well to keep an eye upon the advertisements under the auction head.

☞ To-day they are making the first sale of lots at the New works in Methuen. Some good bargains and some "shocking bad" ones will be made.

☞ Such a turn-out as there *will* be to attend Fuller's concert to-morrow evening! For further particulars go and see.

☞ The Chicopee Bank, of Springfield, has just made a new emission of bills of the different denominations, from new and elegantly designed plates.

☞ Read the advertisement of A. L. Dennison & Co., and give them a call when you go to Boston.

CHARGED AND PRIMED—Eastman's soda fountain, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.

☞ "I shall be back again in a minute," as the auctio said to the doctor.

From the Chronotype.

CATECHISM ON THE TARIFF.

NO. II.

Question. Are not all the increased profits of the manufacturers a national gain?

Answer. Certainly not! because all that they gain must be taken from somebody else.

Q. If goods fall in price, will not wages fall, and consequently the fall in goods be no advantage to the laborer?

A. No. The only effect will be to compel the capitalist to give a larger share of the profits to the workman.

Q. Is not the manufacturer the farmer's best friend?

A. The farmer's best friend is he that will give him the most goods for his produce: for instance, if a farmer has a barrel of flour which he can sell to a Lowell manufacturer for fifty yards of cotton shirting, or three yards of broadcloth, but without duties, a *rascally foreigner* would give him for the same barrel of flour one hundred yards of shirting, or six yards of Broadcloth. Query,—which will he consider his best friend in the way of a trade?

Q. If there were no restraints on trade, would not the United States be supplied with goods from foreign countries?

A. Certainly; in part. But no foreigners would not probably *give us* the goods, something must always be produced to pay in; and nothing would be imported, unless that by which it is paid for can be produced with greater advantage than the commodity for which it is bartered. Common sense therefore points out, that it is for the interest of the community that its industry should be directed to the production of such articles as are attended with greater *final* advantage in preference to those which are attended with less; which would be the result of leaving things to find their own balance.

Q. Should we not be obliged to pay for these goods with specie?

A. Certainly not; unless we preferred to pay in specie rather than in corn, cotton, flour, cheese and other things. England has specie enough, and so has France; and they have no occasion to import it from this country. They will certainly prefer corn and pork for their work-people, and cotton to keep their mills a going.

The only way that gold goes out of the country is through the inflation of paper currency. If the banks keep within proper bounds, there will be no more demand for specie for shipment, than for horse-shoes for a whaling voyage.

Q. Do not high prices of manufactured goods make high prices for every thing else, and is not such a state of things good for every body?

A. High prices oblige all men to give more work for a less quantity of goods. When the traders in any particular branch (for instance, the owners of factory stock) obtain high prices, they get rich, and it is argued that high prices will make all men rich. This is like getting rich by filling your purse out of your waistcoat pocket, or swapping jack-knives. If a man had the liberty to take a cent a piece from every person in the United States, he would get rich. But if all had the liberty to do the same, nobody would get rich.

A time will come when the public will wake us from a dream, and ask who it is that has humbugged them with the idea that the way to get rich was for every body to give high prices for every thing.

It is easy to name the men, who collect the cent a piece, or the dollar a piece, from every person who has occasion to buy a cotton shirt or a pair of trowsers. A few of their names are to be found at the foot of the "Boston Memorial on the Cotton Manufacture," and it is perfectly natural to expect that these men will cry out "ruin to the country," "total misapprehension," "extensive frauds," "unscrupulous foreigners," "enlightened policy," "bamboozling free trade,"—because the public at large do not any longer choose to pay this small tribute *to them*, and because the Secretary of the Treasury and Members of Congress see the unfairness of it.

UNIVERSAL PROTECTION.

PHONOTYPY. *Extracts from the Report of the Committee who attended, by the request of Messrs. Andrews and Boyle, an Exhibition of a Class in Phonotypy, on the 20th of March*, 1846.

The persons presented for examination were four colored adults, belonging to Providence, R. I.

On the 9th of February last, neither of these persons knew the name or the power of a single letter of any alphabet. They affirmed that they did not know the top from the bottom of a book. Letters were to them unmeaning blots.

It appeared that they had attended, as a class, a course of lessons in Phonotypy, equivalent to two weeks of six days each, and six hours a day, amounting in all to seventy-two hours of study, extending over a period of about six weeks. The experiment was made under many disadvantages. The pupils were not only ignorant, but utterly unused to mental application. Their want of familiarity with books, can scarcely be appreciated by those who have used them from childhood.

The course of instruction was interrupted by the daily avocation of the pupils, by sickness in one case, and by the opposition of friends, to the experiment.—Their attendance on the recitations was quite irregular. Three different individuals acted at different times as teachers, all inexperienced, and each having a different method of instruction. The books employed were found to be printed on too fine a type for adults, as they often complained that it pained their eyes to read. The large charts of the Phonotypic Alphabet, now employed, could not be procured at the commencement of the course.

It was suggested to the committee, that the exhibition ought not to be regarded as a decisive trial of the value of the Phonetic Alphabet in teaching. The pupils were brought, for the first time in their lives, probably, before a large and respectable audience, and, certainly, for the first time to furnish a literary entertainment.

The exhibition consisted of reading from a Phonotypic chart and book. The chart contains forty-two characters, which represent each one of the sounds of our spoken language. The pupils have had virtually nothing to learn, but the association of a single definite sound with each character. The teacher points with his rod to a character. Its sound is given by the pupils. Then he points to another and another. When the sounds are uttered, the word is in reality pronounced. This exhibition was very interesting, as tending to show that the whole art of reading and spelling, whose acquisition now consumes years of painful study, (at a season of life, too, when the mind should not be confined to dumb artificial signs,) might be reduced to learning the sounds conventionally attached to forty-two characters. It was evident, in fact, that there was no special merit in the pupils, except that of a laudable desire for improvement.

At the close of the exhibition, the Committee elicited from gentlemen present, evidence of the time required to learn to read the English language. The evidence was such as to set the advantages of the new system in a strong light. It was known to the committee, beforehand, that some persons holding college diplomas have not yet learned to spell the language correctly. But the exhibition of the new mode of reading led them to the conclusion, that if the Phonotypic characters can be introduced, all mistakes must necessarily cease.

In this report the Committee confine themselves to a statement of the facts that were brought before them, and of the conclusions thereupon. They have not, all of them, been able to give that attention to the new system, which would be needful to enable them to speak confidently upon its merits. They cannot, however, dispute the conviction, that it presents claims of no ordinary character upon the candid and careful consideration of the friends of learning, of popular education, and of humanity.

GEORGE B. EMERSON,
EDWARD N. KIRK,
CHARLES SUMNER,
AMASA WALKER.

☞ A journeyman tailor lately recovered, before a justice in New York city, his bill of $3 for making 3 coats. He was 3 days at the work, and then had to go to law for the money.

CONGRESS.

Friday April 24.

SENATE did not sit.

In the HOUSE. The Oregon joint resolution was reported as correct and signed by the Speaker. It cannot be signed by the President of the Senate before Monday on account of the adjournment over to that day.

The House went into a committee of the whole upon the state of the Union.

Mr McKay moved an amendment of $25,000 for the purpose of paying the first instalment towards putting into execution the contemplated American mail line from the United States to Cowes, thence to Bremen.

Mr Hilliard defended the contract of the postmaster general, and the contemplated mail arrangements, against the attacks of Mr King of Georgia.

Mr Payne wished to know whether it was in contemplation to increase the rates of postage?

Mr Hopkins, of Va., said that it was in contemplation to make a slight increase of the present rates of postage, and the basis of a bill had been agreed upon by the committee on post offices which would be reported next week.

Mr Payne of Ala., denounced the bill before the House, and the law reducing the rates of postage, as measures intended to bolster up the Tariff. Until the postage was increased he would vote for no mail steamers.

Mr Campbell, of New York, hoped the bill before the House would pass. It had been well examined, and he hoped the committee would make the bill a law.

Mr Hamlin defended the low rates of postage in reply to Mr Payne, and advocated the abolition of the franking privilege entirely.

Mr Payne briefly rejoined.

Saturday April 25.

SENATE did not sit.

The HOUSE took up the private Calender, passed some bills, rejected some and adjourned.

SUDDEN DEATH. Mr John Paddon, teacher and professor of music, died in Cambridge yesterday morning. He left home as usual to go to Boston, to give instruction to his classes, when he fell and died almost instantly.

☞ The people of Lexington fired a national salute of 27 guns in commemmoration of the 19th April.

☞ The Courier don't see anything in the Advertiser's article about the postmaster worth minding.

As it only shew the ridiculous contradictions of the Courier we are inclined to agree with our neighbor.

ANTI-SLAVERY CONVENTION.

A Middlesex County Anti-Slavery Convention will be holden in this city on Thursday and Friday next.—Messrs. Garrison, Remond, Pillsbury, White, Stone and others are expected to be in attendance.

The meeting will be holden in City Hall on Thursday, and in Wentworth's Hall on Friday.

☞ A child of Mr Pease, of South Boston, was burned to death, on Sunday last, by his clothes taking fire.

☞ Only 27 complaints for crimes and misdemeanors were made yesterday in the Boston Police Court.

MR. WEBSTER. The Boston Post says: *The Whig Ovation*, in honor of Mr Webster came off yesterday, at about 6 o'clock P. M., in very good style.

The Mayor of the city addressed Mr Webster very flatteringly, and Mr Webster replied to the Mayor very graciously, in a ten or fifteen minutes speech. He said after attending to some private business he should return to Congress do what good he could and avert what evil he could.

☞ Judson, the individual who killed Mr Porterfield, at Nashville, Tenn., was discharged from prison on the 16th inst., and immediately left the city for Pittsburg, where his father resides. No effort was made by Porterfield's friends to prosecute Judson.

Boston, Sept. 10, 1845.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.

Dear sir,—I take great pleasure in communicating through you, to all whom it may concern, and the public generally the astonishing effect your truly wonderful medicine has had upon me. I have enjoyed perfect health for four or five years. Physicians told me my liver was diseased, and that I might some day die of consumption. Last September, 1844, I took a slight cold, which produced a hacking cough; this continued until February, 1846, when I added another cold; my cough increased, I soon lost my appetite, and my strength failed. For six weeks I could not lie upon one side; I sweat very much nights, raised considerable blood during the winter, and could not speak a loud word for two weeks. With all these bad symptoms, I had very severe pain in my side and between my shoulders; general debility followed. I was confined to my room about eight weeks. I had buried a sister and brother, both died with consumption: I expected to die myself; my friends also despaired of my life.—At this time an uncle, who had been benefitted himself advised me to take

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

I accordingly procured a bottle, took it, and felt some better; obtained another, and a third; then I ceased to bleed, and my cough was much better; but my disease was so deeply rooted, I was obliged to continue taking the Balsam until I had taken seven bottles. I can honestly and truly say, I believe Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry saved my life.

MRS. MARY B. GOULD.

We are personally acquainted with Mrs. Gould, assisted in taking care of her during her sickness, believe and know the above statement to be true.

MRS. P. C. PRESCOTT,
MRS. S. A. BACHELDER,
No. 1 Commercial street.

Boston, Mass. Sept. 12, 1845.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ap4dpmar4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

This Vegetable Pile Elexiuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (86 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a universal medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. nov1 6m

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JORDAN, No. 23, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietors,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. 1feb1ma6m

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppression and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL; and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap8ly

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for this city, to quantity not exceeding one thousand yards, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard.

JOS. GRIFFIN, jr.
Sup't of Streets.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28d3w

WEBSTER AND INGERSOLL. The Washington Union of Friday says—"Mr C. J. Ingersoll desires us to publish that he will take the first opportunity—and hopes it will occur without delay, certainly to-morrow or Monday—to comply with Mr Webster's request in the Senate, to make known the particulars and proofs of Mr Webster's alleged delinquencies."

Mr Ingersoll tried to get an opportunity to comply with Mr Webster's request on Saturday, but the House went into Committee of the whole and took up private bills, and thereby deprived him of the opportunity.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. Returns are yet very meagre. The Journal of Commerce reports from 24 counties, and shows the election of 11 democrats and 13 whigs to the house of delegates—last year 10 democrats, 16 whigs. John W. Jones, late Speaker in Congress, is returned from Chesterfield, without opposition. The sense of the people is taken upon the subject of education: Jefferson county votes "school" 851,—"no school" 180.

The election was not carried on with much spirit.—Full returns will not be received under about a fortnight.

MAIL ROBBERY. The mail from Buffalo to Erie, Pa., was robbed of the bag containing the letter packages. A man named Thompson, heretofore implicated in similar adventures has been arrested on suspicion. No letters were found on him, but notes of various banks were.

ROSES. John G. Locke, Esq., at City Hall, has a large lot of the most splendid varieties of roses ever seen in these parts.

☞ The New York papers are very contradictory in their statements about the Brooklyn riots.

MARRIED,

In this city, April 26, by Rev Ira Person, Mr George Tuebee of this city, to Miss Lydia Blodgett of Littleton.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending April 25th, 1846.

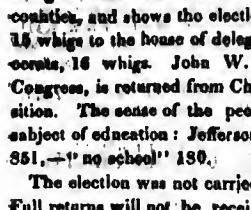
April 19th, William N. Cobb, 2 yrs, dropsy of the brain; 20th, Francis H. Berick, 4 mos, lung fever; James Hooper, 1 yr, measles; Betsey Copp, 21, typhoid fever; 22d, Ole Hougen, 78, liver complaint; 24th, Wm. Hamilton, 5, consumption; 24th, Thomas Ryan, 24, ——; 25th, Margaret Trawley, 3, croup; Wm N. Atkinson, 8, scarlet fever; Margaret Brialey, 5 mos, inflammation of bowels.

DAVID WELLS, Sep't Burials.

In this city, April 26th, Mr Joseph Richardson, 43.

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foendry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER } ap28 A6m

Fuller's Concert

AT the CITY HALL on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 29th, 1846.

MR. FULLER, at the request of his numerous friends in this city, has been induced to offer a musical entertainment on the above evening. He will be able to avail himself of the best *musical talent* of the city—Professors and amateurs having kindly expressed a desire to compliment him with their services, previous to his departure (for a few months) to a foreign land.

Mr WM. B. OLIVER, of Boston, has also volunteered his valuable aid and will appear in several songs, glees, &c. Likewise a young lady from Boston, will play a select air with variations on the Piano Forte.

It having been suggested that the performances should partake liberally of the *comic*, Mr FULLER will, in addition to several songs, conclude the evening's entertainment (by particular request) with a *Humorous Recitation*.

To commence at ½ before 8 o'clock. Cards of admission, at 25 cents each, to be had at the Book-stores and at the door.

☞ For programme of concert see small bills. a25

Ball on May-day Evening!

MR. KILBORN will give a ball at *Mechanics' Hall*, on Friday, evening, May 1st, under the management of A. R. Brown, Esq., I. N. Mack, J. Billings, O. G. Giles, and H. J. Baxter.

Tickets $1; to be obtained of the Librarian of the Mechanics' Association, at the Merrimack House, and of the managers. Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock. Music by Kittredge's Band.

Refreshments furnished by Thomas T. French.

☞ The Hall will be appropriately trimmed for the time and occasion. a25

Trees, Shrubs, &c.

At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, offers for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

JOHN G. LOCKE.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine F Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—30,000 feet narrow inch and ½ side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

F. CLEAVES, 122 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Stanton's External Remedy.

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Lepsus, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrance, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

, For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya2pdec16

Middlesex Horticultural Society.



THE FIRST EXHIBITION of the Society for this season will be given on THURSDAY afternoon, the 30th inst, at Mechanic's Hall. The Exhibition will be open for visitors from half past two until half past five. The Society will also give a COLLATION the same evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the funds of the Society.

Music will be furnished.

Tickets for the Collation, 25 cents—to be had at the usual places.

Per order.

Lowell, April 28, 1846. ap28 2t

To Let!



A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

3tapr16 A. R. BROWN.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and constructed on the southerly side of Pawtucket street from School street to the Pawtucket,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out upon the southwest side of Lee street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk,

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Grand street may be established, a sidewalk laid out, and said street accepted,—the Committee of the City Council to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street, to lay a sidewalk thereon and to accept said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr22 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to give notice of the intention of the City Council to lay out and cause a sidewalk to be constructed on the northerly side of Merrimack street from Concord River bridge to High street; and also to lay out and cause to be built a sidewalk on the southerly side of said street from Prescott street to Concord River bridge. And the said Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the north side of Charles street from Central street to Lawrence street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Lowell Museum.

LAST WEEK OF WYATT'S COMPANY.

☞ *Two New Pieces!—Come one, come all!!* ☜

[To commence at 8 o'clock.]

ON MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, April 27th and 28th, the entertainments will commence with the fashionable Comedy of

A LESSON FOR LOVERS!—*Or, Down at the Pump.*

Characters by Messrs Bradley, Merrifield, Miss St Clair, and Mrs Merrifield.

Song, - - - - - - - Mr Bradley.
Comical Ditty, - - - - - - Merrifield.
Dance—Highland Fling, - - - Mrs Morrifield.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Vaudeville of

THE SINGING COBBLER!

Characters by Messrs Merrifield, Clark, Tenney, Mrs Merrifield, and Miss St Clair.

The Pieces produced under the direction of G. H. Wyatt.

New Pieces on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

☞ No performance on Saturday evening.

A limited number of tickets will be sold each evening. Those wishing to visit the Museum must come early.

Good order is maintained throughout the establishment.

Museum open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardians. apr28

Messenger's Notice.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 25, 1846.

THE Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery for the County of Middlesex has issued a warrant against the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said John Barr will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of one or more Assignees.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
3tapr25 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercery, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Strictare are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from unskilful practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 38,—Merrimack Street,—No. 38,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Auction!

WILL be sold at public auction, at Billerica Mills, on SATURDAY, 2d May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the Dye-Stuffs, consisting of the kinds and qualities used for coloring carpet yarns—1 wash-box for scouring wool—a quantity of 10 inch funnel in good condition, suitable for heating dry-rooms; belonging to the estate of SUMNER LANGDON, insolvent debtor.

E. F. BUTLER, } *Assignees of*
THOS. TALBOT, } *said Langdon.*

April 21, 1846. ap21a&3t

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot *or fine* gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 32 Central street. ap21 A3m

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

HORACE C. DEAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A NEW AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF

GOODS,

—FOR—

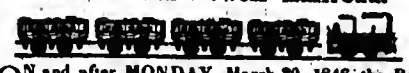
SPRING AND SUMMER,

AT

NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.

April 14, 1846. tfapr16

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M.; 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will ran as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

D. W. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,

ap21 6m LOWELL.

Dancing School.

MR R. J. DAVIS, of Salem, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell that he proposes opening a School for the instruction of young Misses and Masters in this highly and useful accomplishment, to commence on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, April 28, 1846, at 5 o'clock, at *Wentworth's Hall.* He will teach Waltzes, Cotillons, Fancy Dances, Polka, and all other fashionable dances.

☞ Toition, Five dollars for twenty-four lessons.

April 19, 1846. apr19

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Doll'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Goats' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 21, 1846. 3mmarch28

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m28

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

General Household Furniture of a family breaking up.

On WEDNESDAY next, Apr. 29th, at 9½ o'clock, a. m., at the house of Mr Francis A. Calvert, Appleton st., the entire furniture and housekeeping articles, in said house, consisting of fine and superfine ingrain carpets, large tufted rugs, elegant mahogany chair, (French patterns) in hair cloth, do, large and small rocking chairs, nice card and pembrook tables, sofas piano forte, one very superior writing desk (cost $28) large and small mirrors, oil paintings, mantle ornaments, super live geese beds, bedding and bedsteads—mahogany sinks, washstands and toilet tables, bureaus, sets chamber crockery, child's crib truck bed, excellent parlor stove for coal, air tight and cook stoves in good order, clock, full set stone china, dining ware—the usual variety of crockery and glass ware, table cutlery kitchen furniture, family stores &c.

Piano Forte at 12 o'clock. A very superior piano forte in mahogany case with harp pedal, Boston built, has been used only about 1½ year; music stool and piano cover.

N. B. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine the goods on the morning of the sale.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises—the Life Estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, an insolvent debtor, in the Farm now occupied by said Colburn in said Dracutt, subject to a mortgage now amounting to about six hundred dollars.

By order of ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!!

To-morrow, WEDNESDAY, April 29th, at Office, at 2 p.m., a large invoice of seasonable Dry Goods, Irish Linens, Silk, Cashmere, Barage, and Worsted Shawls. For particulars, see slips circulated.

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, 1 lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 12,421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft. lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Sumner Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor.

Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

Houses and Land.

On FRIDAY, May 1st, at 2 o'clock p.m., on the premises, 1 large three story House, and 2500 feet of Land, situated on Water st., known by the name of the "Batchelder House." Also, on the same street, a lot of land containing 2500 sq. ft.

Also, at 3 o'clock—2 lots of land on Pleasant st, in rear of the other lots, containing 2500 ft. each.

Also, immediately after the above, another lot land on Washington st., near the church in Belvidere.

Valuable Real Estate

On TUESDAY, the 5th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P.M., on the premises, on Lowell just above Dummer stret. A Block divided into eight tenements, renting together for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition, and in well situated to rent at all times and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars inquire of the Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clk, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2300 ft of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold separately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3010 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are buildings to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRETON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

ap18 1mo

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the great convincing proofs of their virtues are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the post-office or by any other conveyance proposed by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be questioned by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 2, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a powerful antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sedorific, diuretic, expectoract and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rare, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street, Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

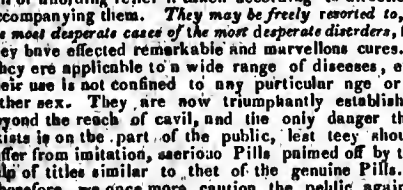
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL *sts., up stairs*



[illegible] would embrace this opportunity to [illegible] thanks to his friends and the public for [illegible] liberal share of patronage they have favored [illegible] with during the last ten years, and would respectfully [illegible] a continuance of the same. He has on [illegible] a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the [illegible] in this country and manufactured [illegible] which he will sell at a very [illegible] for cash or approved credit.

[illegible] the public are invited to call and [illegible] which is the largest and [illegible] in the city. D. H. WEAVER.

N. B. [illegible] Also, [illegible] by ship in the most approved style. D. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of Inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolisation of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotypy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertized as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are expelled and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Smell Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects.

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be bushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

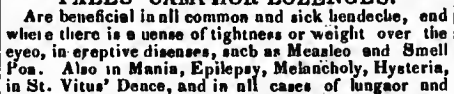
and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tower, Gen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Glenson; Gleinsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Fremingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Bally L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cohleigh, Reading, J. Prett & Sone, Daniel Morcress; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsboroogh, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. jeneGly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and comfortable dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, *Merrimack Street*. *P. W. BYRNES & CO.*, 36, *Waterloo Road, Liverpool*.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents or the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

dec23 47, Merrimack Street.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of Quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients, who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions to the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before inflicted a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient ever though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is honored with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. s&plynov8

Carriage Manufactory. NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec 17 1845. 6m&dec20

CHRISTIE'S Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs. *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Sides, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and all *Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each heel; and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenerd's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. P. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was assisted to raise his arm and to his head*, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about. A period of nearly six months had now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been observed; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb24ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support; yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed a whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the frieges curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by K. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikes, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.* J. J. JUDKINS,

mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett corner, near Concord Depot, or at this office. tf feb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 51.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly, monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je3tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
ndvty LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. 1y30

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be retarded after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb26

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mareens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY Informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf nov6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. 1y32

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,
For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.
Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

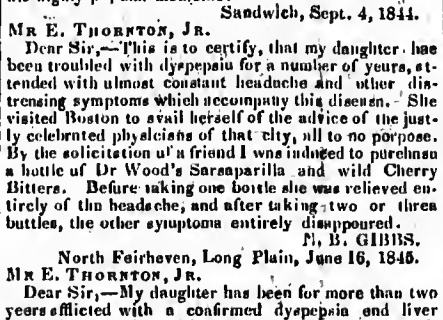
Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
M. B. GIBBS.
North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnsapr9



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1ynpr4

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Innatimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. advly1jan29

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. ab4apr11

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustules or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparille after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co.; Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&p1yaug30

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "Americao Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wiog & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jos'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jno. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&r6m

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company
CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office,—to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON.
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART, DANIEL L. GIBBENS, BILLINGS BRIGGS, SAMUEL LEEDS, ANA SWALLOW, GEO. A. BOURNE, URIEL CROCKER, EDWARD A. RAYMOND, DAVID KIMBALL, BENJAMIN LAMSON, ABRAHAM T. LOWE, GEORGE B. KUHN, DANIEL HENCHMAN, GEO. T. BIGELOW, SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr., WARREN WHITE, ISAIAH BANGS, A. BLANCHARD, jr., JAMES CREEVEY, NATH'L B. BOYDEN, SETH AMES.

ENOCH HOBART, *President.*
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the above-named Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES,
Lowell, April 16, 1846. 1may19

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell a lot of excellent manure on reasonable terms, he being obliged to remove it by order of the Mayor. The heap of dung is on Fenwick Street. 2may19

From the Boston Transcript.

MR EDITOR: The following little incident interested me so much that I could not forbear giving it a metrical dress for your readers. It is the usual policy of the slave-holding interest to destroy the natural affections of their servants, but the following is one of the many instances to prove that the mother's heart will triumph over even this policy, which would do credit to the ingenious malice of Satan. The picture of this poor woman sitting day after day by the roadside asking of every passer-by for the children who were all the world to her, and in whom she could not, conceive of another's feeling no interest, cannot receive embellishment. Schiller's pen might worthily paint it—mine can only record it:

THE SLAVE MOTHER.

I saw her sitting by the roadside
'Neath the blazing noontide sun;
Heeding not the threatening lashes
For her taske left all undone.

Her dark eyes were dim and sunken,
Wan her cheek and gray her hair,
And, on each who passed, she fastened
Her bewildered fearful stare.

"Do you come from Carolina?
Oh! kind stranger tell me pray."
"No, thank God, I'm from the free states
But I passed there on my way."

"Passed there! did you see my children?
Are they and my husband well?
My brave boy, my little Rosy,
And my babe?—oh, stranger tell!"

"How good women should I know them?"
Then in rapid words she told
Where the master lived who held them,
And their wretched mother sold.

"No—alas, I did not see them."
Quick she turned her head away,
And, for sometime was she heedless
Of whatever I could say.

Then she told of her dear husband,
How their mutual love had grown!
How they felt that even slavery
Might be borne if not alone.

Now were children born unto them,
And they thoughtless blessed the day,
Almost dreaming it was Freedom.
When so gaily they did play.

Scarce the last babe had the mother
Pressed unto her beating breast,
Scarcely had the toil worn father
Smilingly his child caressed,

When the heartless tyrant tore her,
From the husband God had given,
She, from her young babe was parted,
And to Georgia's wilds was driven.

Still she pined to constant anguish,
Heeding not the whip or chain;
Burning out with the desire
Once to see her child again.

Still she sat beside the pathway,
Asking each who did appear,
"Have you come from Carolina,
Have you seen my children dear?"

So she sat till death appearing,
Knew not that they called her slave;
And with kindly arms he bore her
To her lonely roadside grave.

He had been to Carolina;
He had seized her child so dear,
To unite the loved in heaven,
And to end their sorrows here.

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

BIBLE LEGEND OF THE WISSAHIKON.

It was here in these wilds of Wissahikon, on that day of the battle, as the noon-day sun came shining through the thickly clustered leaves, that two men met in deadly combat. They grappled by the huge wreck of some primeval world, at least one hundred feet above the dark waters of the Wissahikon.

That man with the dark brows, and the darker grey eye, flashing with deadly light, with the muscular form, clad in the hunting frock of the Revolution, is a Continential named Warner. His brother was murdered the other night at the Massacre of Paoli. That other man, with long black hair drooping along his cadaverous face, is clad in the half military costume of a tory refugee. That is the murderer of Paoli, named Dabney.

They had met there in the woods by accident, and now they fought, not with sword or rifle, but with long and deadly hunting knives that flash in the light, as they go turning and twinging over the green sward.

At last the Tory was down! Down upon the green sward with the knees of the Continental upon his breast—that up-rised knife quivering in the light, that dark gray eye flashing into his face!

"Quarter—I yield!" gasped the Tory, as the knees were pressed upon his breast—"spare me—I yield!"

"My brother!" said the patriot soldier, in that low deep tone of deadly hate—"My brother cried for 'quarter' on the night of Paoli, and even as he clung to your knees, you struck that knife into his heart! Oh! I will give you the quarter of Paoli."

And his hand was raised for the blow, and his teeth were clenched in deadly hate, he paused for a moment, and then pinioned the Tory's arms, and with one rapid stride dragged him to the verge of a rock, and held him quivering over the abyss.

"Mercy!" gasped the Tory, turning black and ashy by turns, as that awful gulf yawned below. "Mercy! I have a wife—a child—spare me?"

Then the Continental, with his muscular form gathered for the effort, shook the murderer once more over the abyss, and then hissed this bitter sneer between his teeth.

"My brother had a wife and two children!—The morning after the night of Paoli, that wife was a widow, those children were orphans!—Wouldn't you like to go and beg your life of that widow and her children?"

This proposal made by the Continental in the mere mockery of hate, was taken in serious earnest by the horror-stricken Tory. He begged to be taken to the widow and her children, to have the pitiful privelege of begging his life; after a moment's serious thought, the patriot soldier consented; he bound the Tory's arms yet tighter, placed him on the rock again—led him up the woods. A quiet cottage, embossed among trees, broke on their eyes.

They entered that cottage. There, beside the desolate hearth-stone, sat the widow and her children. She sat there a matronly woman of about thirty years, with a face faded by care, a deep dark eye, and long black hair hanging in dishevled locks about her shoulders.

On one side was a dark haired boy, of some six years—on the other a little girl, one year

younger, with light hair and blue eyes. The Bible an old and venerable volume—lay open upon the mother's knee.

And then the pale faced Tory flung himself upon his knees, confessed that he had butchered her husband on the night of Paoli, but begged his life at her hands!

"Spare me, for the sake of my wife—my child."

He expected that his pittiful moan would touch the widow's heart—but not one relenting gleam softened her pale face.

"The Lord shall judge between us!" she said in a cold icy tone, that froze the murderer's heart.

"Look! The Bible lays upon my knee. I will close that volume, and then this boy shall open it and place his finger at random upon a line and by that line you shall live or die!

This was a strange proposal, made in full faith of wild and dark superstition that existed in olden time.

For a moment the Tory kneeling there, livid as ashes, was wrapped in thought. Then in a faltering voice, he signified his consent.

Raising her dark eyes to Heaven, and praying the Great Father to direct the finger of her son—she closed the Bible—she handed it to the boy, whose young cheek redened with loathing as he gazed upon his father's murderer!

He took the Bible—opened its holy pages at random—placed his fingers on a verse.

There was a silence.

Then the Continental soldier, who had sworn to avenge his brother's death, stood there with dilating eyes and lips parted.

Then the culprit kneeling on the floor, with his face like discolored clay, felt his heart leap to his throat.

Then in a clear, bold voice the widow read from the Old Testament—it was short, yet terrible:

"THAT MAN SHALL DIE!"

Look! the brother springs forward to plunge a knife into the murderer's heart, but the Tory, pinioned as he is, clings to the widows knee! He begs that one more trial may be made by the little girl, that child of five years, with golden hair and laughing eyes.

The widow consents—there is an awful pause. With a smile in her eye, without knowing what she does, that little girl opens the Bible as it lays on her mother's knee—she turns her laughing face away—she places her finger upon a line.

That awful silence now grows deeper!

The deep drawn breath of the brother, the broken gasps of the murderer, alone disturbs the silence. The widow and dark-eyed boy are breathless.

The little girl, unconscious as she was, caught a feeling of awe from the horror of the countenances around her, and stood breathless, her face turned aside, her tiny fingers resting on that line of life or death.

At last gathering courage, the widow bent her eyes to the page and read. It was a line from the New Testament.

"LOVE YOUR ENEMIES."

Oh! awful Book of God, in whose dread pages we see Job talking face to face with Jehovah, or Jesus waiting by Samaria's well, or wandering by the waves of the dark Gallilee. Oh! awful Book, shining to night, as I speak, the light of that widow's home, the glory of the mechanic's shop shining where the world comes not, to look on the last night of the convict in his cell, lightening the way to God, even through that dark gibbet. Oh! Book of terrible majesty and child-like love, of sublimity that crushed the soul into awe, of beauty that melts the heart with rapture!—yon never shown more strangely beautiful than there, in the lonely cot of the Wissahikon, when you saved the murderer's life!

For need I tell you that the murderer's life was saved! That widow recognized the finger of God—and even the stern brother was awed in silence.

The murderer went his way.

Now look ye how wonderful are the ways of Heaven!

That very night the widow sat by her lonely hearth—her orphans by her side—sat there with a crushed heart and hot eye-balls, thinking of her husband, who lay mouldering on the drenched sod of Paoli—there was a tap at the door.

She opened the door and—that husband living, though covered with wounds, was in her arms!

He had fallen at Paoli—but not in death. He was alive; his wife lay panting on his breast!

That night there was prayer in the wood-embowered Cot of the Wissahikon!

CUBA. A correspondent of the Washington Union, writing from Cuba, says:

"The new message of the President, touching the public defences of the United States, has excited a good deal of interest. None can doubt but that the policy of Mr Polk is correct. He makes no offensive preparations, nor uses any language at which the most fastidious can take umbrage; yet I believe, if the crisis of war should come, the executive department will find in its present head an energy and a force sufficient to meet the greatest emergency. Americans abroad, of either party, feel confidence in the energy of the administration; they feel confident that if any conflict shall ensue, such timely notice will be given as shall enable them to prepare for the worst. That the sagacity of your statesmen will effect this, none who know them can question.

"The weather for two months has been extremely hot, with frequent rains. Crops continue to promise great abundance, not only for the present, but also the coming year.

"Santa Ana is at his country seat, a few miles from Havana, engaged in cock-fights, to which he seems far more devoted than to his restoration in Mexico. I believe the reports that circulate in your papers that he is endeavoring to organize and establish a monarchy in that country, are without the slightest foundation. I do not myself believe he has any definite plans for the future, nor do I believe that he has *now* the least expectation of returning to Mexico under the auspices of any foreign power.

"The reports which seem to have gained some credence in the American press, that France and England were about to assist Mexico to a Spanish prince, are not credited here. A well informed gentleman, connected with the government at Havana, stated to me a few days ago that there was no truth in these rumors; and remarked that if he understood the affairs of Spain, she had quite enough on her hands to maintain her present system, without any new weights to throw it from its balance; but especially that she would not undertake the hazard of organizating a government in Mexico, and thus bring herself into conflict with the United States in the settlement of the Texas question, and subsequently in fighting off her emigration to California. The observation struck me as one of some shrewdness, and as most likely to be entertained by the Spanish government, in the event that the manifest project of establishing a monarchy in Mexico, should be brought up in Madrid."

ANECDOTE. As a stiff old nobleman lay on his death bed, his chaplain striving to comfort him, said, "You will be a citizen of a better country."

"Nay, sweet" stammered the dying man, "I am and will be a nobleman."

DEATH MARKED. About 150 Canadian fugitives passed through town on Monday, over the Western Railroad, declared, we understand, to Malden in this state. [Springfield Gaz. 23d.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30, 1846.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY THE ESSEX COMPANY. On Tuesday came off the great sale at the new city. It was numerously attended from all parts, but Manchester, N. H., was more largely represented than any place except Lowell. Lots sold from 6 1-4 to 70 cents per foot. Just think of it! land selling at *seventy cents a foot* on barren plains in a paper city! And yet the investments there made are doubtless generally judicious. There a city, now on paper, will actually be built up, incorporated, and be a real bustling, active, thriving, live city, in the short space of five or six years! Magic and enchantment are outdone by realities. And all this on account of the enormous profits of manufacturing. And all this, too, while the tariff is about to be altered so as to ruin manufactures, and paralyze the whole country! Either manufacturers are *mad*, or all the prating about ruin is rank hypocrisy. Can any one doubt which? Manufacturers know that, tariff or no tariff, manufacturing will be the best business in the country. Great protection may add to manufacturers' great profits, but to prostrate manufacturing is an impossibility, though a revenue tariff would somewhat reduce their profits; but not so much that it would not still be the best business in the country. The acts of manufacturers prove they believe in the truth of these remarks whatever they say.

The few lots of land put into the market and sold, came, we understand, to $78,000, as much into two thousand as the company paid for all the land on the side of the river where the city is to be located. The land sold comprises about three acres. The company still retain the rest of the city.

After the sale the Hon Abbott Lawrence addressed the purchasers. He said the land had gone lower than was anticipated, but still the company was satisfied—that much money would be made by purchasers &c., thanked them for their attendance—smiled as if perfectly well satisfied, and wound up.

There are certain restrictions imposed upon purchasers, but none that are not proper. They are such as will make the land more valuable. The terms of payment are 1-4 of the purchase money down, and 1-4 with interest, on the remainder annually till all is paid.

CENSUS OF LOWELL.

In discharge of a duty imposed upon them by law, the School Committee will in the course of the following month, ascertain by actual examination, the number of persons between four and sixteen years of age, belonging to this city on the first day of May next; and also the number of births that have happened in this city during the year next preceding the said first day of May, together with the following particulars with regard to each of the said births, to wit: The name of the child (if it have any); the sex of the child; the date of the birth; the place of the birth; the name and surname of the parents; the occupation of the father; and the residence of the parents. They will probably ascertain at the same time, the whole number of persons belonging to this city. It is quite important that they should obtain accurate information with regard to the aforesaid particulars, as the amount of money that this city will receive from the State out of the income of the School Fund, will depend upon the result of their investigation. We hope, therefore, that all persons will be prepared to give prompt and correct answers to all the inquiries that may be made by the School Committee or the agents with regard to the matter above mentioned.

☞ The Advertiser yesterday contained a long article about the "Panic." We have heard that there has been quite a panic at the Advertiser office for some weeks past, in consequence of which, it is said, that some of "their circulation has been withdrawn." [Courier.

We have not heard of any *panic* at the Advertiser office, nor run upon its *circulation*, except the *protesting* of papers to the number of about a *sixpence*, through Post Office influence—which has been more than met by an importation of *specie* from new subscribers. There is, at least, this feature of resemblance between the *panic* at the Advertiser office and the *money panic* now raging—they are both *manufactured*; and play upon words, though it may be amusing enough, don't show there is any good cause for the present monetary difficulties.

THE TURKISH PERSECUTION. A letter from Constantinople dated Feb. 19, says—"Since the Armenian Patriarch has, *ex cathedra*, uttered the curse, fathers and mothers who have gospel-reading children have turned their sons and daughters out of doors, in a state of destitution, lest the curse they have incurred should spread through the whole family. Many, too, of the excommunicated have been dismissed from the employment of their masters from the same dread. Of their own countrymen, no one will buy of them, and no one will sell to them. And even the water carriers of the streets, who are mostly Armenians, refuse to take water to any house where any of the accursed reside. But these are merely what may be called the legitimate effects of the curse; its illegitimate effects, or those which superadded malice has brought about, are still worse."

FULLER'S CONCERT, last evening, was very liberally attended, and went off to the universal satisfaction of a discriminating audience. We will not attempt a criticism upon the various performances, as it would necessarily be too limited for us to do them justice at this time. There is one fault we noticed in some of the singers (which is almost a universal one), a want of distinctness in utterance. We do not mean Mr Strack's charming *Tyrolese Warble*.

☞ The Lowell Company have substituted new patent power-looms for whirling carpets throughout their entire works. By this change about 20 girls are given employment, and 60 men turned off.

☞ Hon. Amos Kendall is to be the Orator for the Literary Societies at Dartmouth, next commencement.

☞ The long-hoped for and much needed rain has got along at last.

☞ Col. R. M. Johnson is in Washington, in good health.

CHEAP. The fare, from Boston to New York, is now only $2.

☞ Mr Gough has returned from the South, and is now at his house in Roxbury.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Great Western.

This steamship arrived at New York, Tuesday noon. The news is not important. The New York Sun glosses the following items from Wilmer & Smith's European Times:

Parliament has adjourned for the Easter holidays, and will not meet until Friday next. The adjournment is of the briefest. The premier justifies it on the ground of urgency of public business.

Commercial matters wear an improved aspect. Affairs are still sufficiently bad; but comparatively speaking not so much so as they were a week ago.

The cotton market has improved since the sailing of the Caledonia.

Tariff bill has not yet passed the Commons.

In various parts of the country large numbers of operatives have struck for an advance of wages. The masters and men are much at loggerheads.

The British Corn trade continues dull, and prices are 8s. lower than at the begining of the year.

The American provision trade has partaken the fatalities which the Treasury order affords. Considerable supplies of beef and provisions have been released from bond under the low duties and are finding their way into general consumption.

The Corn Bill, which stands committed to Monday week, will be once more on the *tapis*, pressed to a third reading, and sent to the House of Lords for acceptance or rejection.

The latest accounts from Spain show that General Narvaez, administration was at an end. It was rent asunder by the discovery of an intrigue, on the part of Christina and the Patriarch of the Indies, to supercede Narvaez in favor of the intriguing women's latest favorites—the Baron de Meer and the Marquis de Villume.

The French government are taking every precaution to keep their navy in the best order, and up to the mark as regards strength. The naval preparations in in England are calculated to keep alive the jealousy of other powers;

It is said that the line-of-battle ships in England, and all steamers on the home station that are not specially employed, will be assembled together in about a month as an experimental squadron.

GEN. CASS. The attack of the Charleston Mercury on Gen. Cass, says the N. O. Jeffersonian, is exceedingly unjust and ungenerous. In an article copied by the Tropic of yesterday, it seeks to indentify him with the disgraceful surrender of Hull. Gen. Cass was indeed under Hull's command, a Lieutenant. But he protested against the surrender. He urged Gen. Hull to fight; and when his councils were disregarded he broke his maiden sword and flung it at the feet of his General. He subsequently distinguished himself in battle—as his gallant father in the army of Wayne had done before him—and his whole career has been full of patriotism, and devoted to the best interests of his country.

These assaults upon men that have defended their country in war, and elevated its character in peace, are in exceeding bad taste, come from what party they may. They are not relished by the people. The whigs sank themselves below par by attempting to prove that Andrew Jackson was an enemy of his country, and the democrats made no capital by trying to show that Harrison was a coward. The political bigots that have endeavored to dim the military lustre of Richard M. Johnson, find themselves overshadowed by his glory; and those who now decry Cass because he chooses to defend the honor and rights of his country are but contributing to his future fame and distinction. *The old soldiers of the Republic cannot be put down.* [Boston Times.

THE OREGON CONTROVERSY SETTLED. Letters by the Great Western, from high sources, say that the Oregon question *is settled*—and give the details, viz., latitude 49° to the Straits of Fuca, and thence through said straits to the Pacific, leaving the whole of Vancouver's Island to Great Britain, the navigation of the Columbia for a term of years, &c.

The Journal of Commerce publishes the above, and says it has reason to know that the President will be prompt to accept the terms. What becomes of our clear and indisputable title to the whole of Oregon? [Boston Post.

We "have reason to" doubt such acceptance, and we doubt the settlement.

☞ The Mail man is hard at work fighting the battles of the tariff. He asks the Lowell Advertiser if he would break down the home market and send the Massachusetts manufacturers to compete with the Western farmers, who already "produce more than they can sell." This looks as if the tariff had not made the home market big enough after all. But what has become of the argument the Mail used the other day, that by means of the tariff the most important manufacturers had become cheaper to the consumer than the foreigners can make them. If I can make hats cheaper and better than any body else in the world, am I going to stop business because Congress won't tax other people's hats to protect my business? Certainly not so long as numbskulls wear hats. [Chronotype of 29th.

RELICS OF THE BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN.—On Saturday last, a man engaged in digging a grave at Germantown, discovered a number of human bones, upon a spot which was identified by a venerable inhabitant as the place of interment of Capt. Frazer, of the Virginia line, and seven soldiers of the American army. His description of the bodies, as they were hurried, was confirmed by the appearance of the remains, notwithstanding the lapse of sixty-seven years. The bones of the patriot dead were found undecayed; and pieces of the cloth of their regimentals remained entire, and were piously preserved as relics. It is proposed to erect a monument upon the spot. [Boston Courier.

INVETERATE SMOKERS. A correspondent of the Troy Whig, writing from Cuba, says:

"The entire population smoke cigars. In returning from the theatre the other night, where I went to see the Ravels, I saw ladies genteelly dressed smoking their cigars as they were walking home through the streets. The barber smokes while he shaves you, the negro smokes as he waits upon you, the servant girl smokes as she sweeps or cooks, the children smoke, and over the way are two or three girls who smoke the day through, and cease not when the sun gives way to the moon."

SINGULAR. Mr Josiah Gifford, late of Sandwich, Mass. was chosen one of the Vice Presidents of the Mass. A. S. Society at its last meeting. Mr G. *has been dead for several years.* He had the honor conferred upon him several times before his death, and since that event has been annually reelected. [Sandwich Observer.

CHARACTERISTIC. At an execution in Dublin, many years ago, the hangman received a present of a guinea from the culprit. Overjoyed at such an unexpected gift, he exclaimed, "Long life to your honor!" At the same time he drew the bolt that launched the unhappy man into eternity.

EFFECT OF HAVING CITIES. It is said that a large number of gentlemen who now live and do business in the cities of Roxbury and Cambridge, are about moving their families out of town, *for the benefit of the country air.*

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION POSTPONED!—We are requested to say that the exhibition advertised by the Middx. Horticultural Society, for this afternoon and evening, has been postponed, on account of the weather, to next Tuesday afternoon.

☞ KILBURN'S grand May Day Ball, to-morrow evening recollect.

From the Chronotype.

CATECHISM ON THE TARIFF.

NO. III.

Question. Is it not absurd to say that a high Tariff injures the farmers of the West, and the cotton planters of the South, and all persons who produce any thing for exportation?

Answer. Certainly not! for two things are necessary to the completion of commerce. First, that we should have what other nations want; secondly, that we should be at liberty to receive what they are willing to pay in. Any thing that obstructs the power of purchase on one side, lessens the ability to sell on the other.

Q. Is not any measure that is productive of good to one class of the community, productive of good to all?

A. Not if the benefit to that class is derived from a corresponding injury to others. The removal of the police would no doubt be a benefit to *one class* of the community, but that does not prove that it would be productive of good to all.

Q. Were not the tariff laws intended to be permanent, and is it right for Congress to alter laws, after capital has been invested upon the faith of such laws?

A. No laws can be permanent *that are not just*; and Congress is called upon to alter the Tariff or any other laws, so soon as increased knowledge has shown any error or injustice in those existing. To argue otherwise would be to argue, that we should not charter railroads on account of turnpikes, and canals, or license steamboats, because we had already encouraged the building of schooners and flat-boats.

Q. If the system of free trade has a tendency to enrich the whole world, at large, would it not consequently injure America?

A. No more than anything that enriches Massachusetts, will injure Boston. Men have made the discovery that cities, and the country are mutually benefitted by whatever increases the prosperity of either; and it only remains for them to apply the same idea with respect to nations. A trader is benefitted by the prosperity of his customers; and in spite of our prejudices, every one has more or less interest in the welfare of all men.

Q. Do not the most radical friends of free trade confess that the manufacturers are entitled to some protection?

A. Yes! to the same protection that the Western farmer, the cotton planter, the wool-grower, and all other interests of every kind and description are entitled to. Protection should be universal and equal; any exclusive protection means giving one class of people something which is not their own;—it means robbing somebody for the benefit of somebody else.—A fair trade wants no protection, but to be protected in the right of buying and selling what others are willing to sell and to buy.

Q. If then the country at large is taxed by the Tariff, to whose benefit does this tax accrue?

A. To the benefit of the capitalists who are the owners of factory stock; and to the commission merchants, agents, overseers, and others in their employ. Say about fifty thousand, out of a population of eighteen millions.

To specify this more in detail;—supposing the tariff, by advancing the price of clothing, compels every person to pay three dollars each, per annum, more than they would pay if goods were admitted free; or at a less rate of duty, this will amount to fifty four millions of dollars to be divided among fifty thousand people; any as follows:

20 large capitalists, recv's about	$50,000	each	$1,000,000
100 2d class "	"	"	25 000	"	2,500,000
300 3d " "	"	"	10,000	"	3.000,000
500 4th " "	"	"	5,000	"	2,500,000
5,000	"	"	2,000	"	10 000.000
20,000	"	"	1,000	"	20,000,000
19,580 receiving the balance, or about	750	"	15,0 0,000
50.000			54 000,00

including speakers at public meetings, "has blue" maidens, magazine writers, and editors, who are stockholders, or employed by them.

Q. Do these fifty thousand constitute what are called the great American Interest?

A. They constitute the party who style themselves the great American Interest, and who make all this outcry when the public begin to discover the injustice under which they have suffered so long. They very naturally defend most lustily the plunder they have for years been receiving from the seventeen millions, nine hundred and fifty thousand unprotected people.

"No man e'er felt the halter draw,
With good opinion of the Law;
Or thought his sentance orthodox,
When both his feet were in the stocks."

Q. Is not free trade opposed to the "experience of our ancestors?"

A. Our ancestors were doubtless very wise, and many of them very good; but probably, when boys, they went to school, and when grown up made love, and when old, lost their teeth. They had stout hearts and good hands, but the wisest of them had no idea that a man could travel thirty miles an hour; that a girl could tend four looms; that cotton could be produced at five cents the pound; or of many other things that every school boy of the present time knows. To say that our ancestors knew more than we do, is to say that we now know more than our descendants will in the next century.

This wisdom of our forefathers is always the argument of those too indolent to think, or who derive some profit from ancient abuses. If a thing *was* good, *is* good, and *is likely to be* good, it is capable of being demonstrated to the satisfaction of the existing generation. Men do not believe in Euclid, because it is the wisdom of our ancestors, but because it is demonstrable now. Our ancestors may have been very wise; but it is our wisdom, not theirs, that must enable us to judge of it.

Q. If a man stops his paper because it contains something differing from his own preconceived opinions, what does it prove him to be?

A. Either a prejudiced bigot, or an ignorant simpleton! UNIVERSAL PROTECTION.

NEW YORK ELECTION—*Democracy Successful.* The election for delegates to a state convention to amend the constitution took place on Tuesday. In the city of New York the democrats were completely triumphant, having elected the sixteen regularly Tammeny Hall nominees by a decisive majority. Two of them were on other tickets, and received, one 26,745, the other 26,646 votes. The highest democrat not on any other ticket had 18,075. The highest whig not on any other ticket had 9111. The highest native do. had 4719. *Pure democratic majority four thousand two hundred and forty-five.*

Kings county also elected the three democratic delegates, Brooklyn, the native city, gave them about 300 majority.

In Albany city, where the vote was small, the whigs had about 800 majority; in the county the anti-rent ticket, two democrats and two whigs, probably succeeded.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. The Richmond Whig does not anticipate any essential change in the representation. The Union says "the republican party has suffered deeply by the multiplicity of eager republican candidates in some counties, and by local questions, in others, such as the school question, and the right of way for the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company, in the northwestern section of Virginia, where we have suffered the most. Old Virginia stands unshaken in her principles."

FROM THE ARMY OF OCCUPATION. General Taylor maintained his ground opposite Matamoras, April 24, and was in possession of the two ferries.—The Mexican force was 4000 men, Gen Ampudia having arrived with 2000. The general impression was, that the disputes between the two countries would be amicably adjusted.

CONGRESS.

Monday, April 27.

HOUSE. Mr Ingersoll made a personal explanation in which he reiterated the charges he had before preferred against Mr Webster, of unlawfully using the secret service fund; of misapplying said fund to corrupt the party press; and of leaving the Department of State a defaulter to said fund.

Mr Ingersoll said he had found the papers on which these charges were made, in searching the archives of the State Department, as he had a right to do as chairman of foreign affairs, for other information, and had moved a call upon the President for the papers in order that the charges might be proved.

Upon the receipt of the President's answer to that call, he had, after asserting the charges to be true and susceptible of proof, determined to let the matter drop on his part, believing that Mr Webster would demand an investigation. Instead of this, however, Mr Webster merely denied the charges, and heaped additional vituperation on his (Mr I.'s) head. Mr Ingersoll said he therefore felt it his duty to bring forward the proofs of the charges he had made.

He then read from some memoranda which he had made, and asserted that Mr Webster had in the first twelve months of his administration of the State Department, drawn from the secret service fund, which was properly in the custody of the "disbursing agent" of the Department, the sum of $15,000. That this amount was drawn on orders payable to himself, and there was proof in the Department that the President did not sanction it.

He further stated that Mr Webster returned $5,000 of this money on the 28d June, 1842; $4,500 of it was settled by a President's certificate, in July, 1842; and certain other allowances and repayments reduced the amount to about $2,800—in which sum he was a defaulter when he finally left the office, and he did not settle the amount until within ten days of the inauguration of Mr Polk.

Mr Ashmun replied, and reviewed the past history of Mr Ingersol., stating that he had been the treducer and villifier of some of the best men in the country, and among others of Mr Richard Stockton, of N. J.

Mr A. said he knew of insidious efforts that had been made to prevail on Mr Tyler to disavow the sanction he had given to those disbursements.

Mr Ingersoll inquired whether they were made by him.

Mr Ashmun replied—"By you."

Mr Ingersoll said it was false—it was a lie—the lie of a coward.

Much confusion ensued, and Mr Ashmun said he was not to be drawn into a personal controversy with the aged member from Pennsylvania.

Mr Ingersoll said he was not so aged and applied several harsh epithets to Mr A.

All this was said during much confusion and excitement.

Order being restored, Mr A. went on and in a few minutes concluded his remarks.

Mr Schenck moved that a committee of five be appointed to ascertain in what manner Mr Ingersoll has become possessed of information which the President had said could not be communicated to the House.

The resolution was amended so as to direct the appointment of an additional committee, with power to send for persons and papers, to investigate the charges made by Mr Ingersoll against Mr Webster, with a view to the impeachment of the latter if the charges should be proved; and as amended it was adopted without a division. Adjourned.

Tuesday, April 28.

SENATE. Mr Miller presented resolutions from New Jersey in favor of the tariff, and for light-houses on Tucker's Beach.

Mr Jarnagan gave notice of a joint resolution authorizing a board to be appointed to adjudicate the claims of our citizens against Mexico.

A bill for the relief of Goddard and others was taken up, which Mr Tarney opposed.

HOUSE. The speaker appointed Messrs Schenck, Dobbin, McIlvaine, Stanton and Rockwell a committee on Sohonck's resolution to inquire how Mr Ingersoll obtained his information about the secret service money; and Messrs. Pettit, Vinton, Davis of Mississippi, King of Massachusetts, and Wilmot, on Mr Pettit's resolution to inquire into the truth of the charges against Mr Webster.

The Smithsonian bill was discussed.

Bordentown, N. J., Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has been in the market some six or seven years. The universal celebrity which this medicine has gained over all others throughout the whole country, is enough to convince the most incredulous of the great value of it, and encourage those who are sick to try it. I have long felt it my duty, and wished for an opportunity to express to you my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from it. I have been rescued from the grave, and saved from that most terrible disease, consumption, by using it. Last winter after I took a bad cold, I was troubled with a severe cough for several weeks, so that my appetite and strength failed me. I was obliged to give up business, leave my bench and shop. I had all the alarming symptoms of consumption, such as pain in the side, sweating nights, &c. I tried many kinds of medicine, but all in vain, until I procured a bottle of DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which by faith and perseverance, finally saved my life, and cured me entirely. I have not enjoyed as good health for twelve years past as I do now.

THOMAS BENNETT.

We are personally acquainted with Mr Bennett. The public may rely upon the truth of his statement.

WHITALL STOKES,
ap30 GEORGE PARKER.

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (196 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: It is an internal remedy—and an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S HOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins.

nov4 6m

☞ BOOLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 2x8 Washington street, Boston. tfsdvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS.

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

---

MARRIED,

In Acton, April 16th, Mr Simeon Ingalls to Miss Maria Nickles.

In Boxboro', Mr James S. Chester to Miss Rachel Ann Paine.

DIED,

In Fitchburg, April 18th, Mrs Emily, wife of Mr J. P. Appleton, aged 36.

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMIANA: being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 39 Merrimack st. ap30 3&e

---

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well-seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 168 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [ma18y19] Concord, N. H.

LATEST FROM MEXICO. The last rumor from Mexico is that Paredes, the Supreme Dictator, by his usurpations, had caused great discontent. He has suppressed all the presses favorable to liberty, and gathered round the Capitol a strong force to overawe the National Assembly. He has called for the interference of European powers in his behalf, and demands the title of "Constitutional Sovereign of the Mexican Kingdom." He is concentrating forces on the Rio Grande, and that is one link in the chain of his movements to perpetuate his power. That the revolutionary movement had failed in consequence of a division of opinion as to the propriety of declaring for Almonte, or calling back Santa Ana to take charge of affairs.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard.

JOS. GRIFFIN,
Sup't of Streets.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28&4p

Ball on May-day Evening!

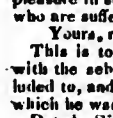
MR KILBORN will give a ball at *Mechanics' Hall*, on Friday evening, May 1st, under the management of A. R. Brown, esq, I. N. Mack, J. Billings, C. G. Giles, and H. J. Buster.

Tickets $1; to be obtained of the Librarian of the Mechanics' Association, at the Merrimack House, and of the managers. Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock. Music by Kittredge's Band.

Refreshments furnished by Thomas T. French.

☞ The Hall will be appropriately trimmed for the time and occasion. a25

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

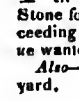
Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

☞ POSTPONED TILL TUESDAY. ☜

Middlesex Horticultural Society.



THE FIRST EXHIBITION of the Society for this season will be given on TUESDAY afternoon, the 5th of May at Mechanic's Hall. The Exhibition will be open for visitors from half past two until half past five. The Society will also give a COLLATION the same evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the funds of the Society. Music will be furnished.

Tickets for the Collation, 25 cents—to be had at the usual places. Per order.

Lowell, April 28, 1846. ap30 3t

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and constructed on the southerly side of Pawtucket street from School street to the Pawtucketville—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

ap29

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Fall, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.....BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line; among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Belts;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSDICK } ap28 A'm

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood. Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Post-office, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the ordinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Messenger's Notice.

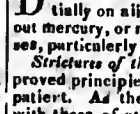
MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, April 25, 1846.

THE Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery for the County of Middlesex has issued a warrant against the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in said County, trader, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of the creditors of the said John Barr will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the proof of debts and the choice of one or more Assignees.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
3tapr25 Deputy Sheriff Messenger.

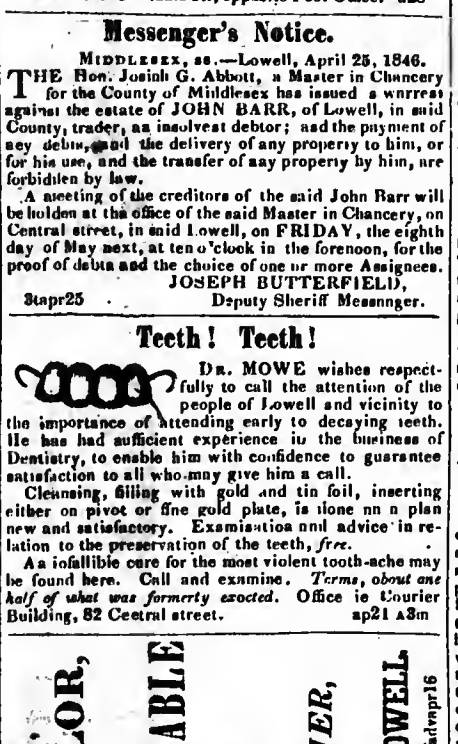
Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

As a infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m



L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints; (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Paleness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure in giving to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle;—six bottles for $5.00. eilv&par1yapr4

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners within and for the County of Middlesex:

WE, the subscribers, hereby represent, that a road from Salem road, near Sanshean River, in Billerica, to the road leading from Billerica to Tewksbury, between Heath Swamp and Mill Meadow, so called, in Tewksbury, a part of which has been laid out, by the town of Billerica, and a part by the County,—a part of said road has been fenced up, two years past, to the great inconvenience of the public.

We, therefore, pray that your Honorable Board would view the same, and order such new pieces of highway, and widenings, as your judgment, the public convenience and necessity may require.

THEOPHILUS MANNING, and 39 others.

MIDDLESEX, SS.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for said County, at Cambridge, on the first Tuesday of January, A. D., 1846.

ON the foregoing petition, Ordered, That the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties at the house of JOHN BROWN, in Tewksbury, on THURSDAY, the fourteenth day of May next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, by serving the Town Clerk of Tewksbury and Billerica with a copy of said petition and this order thereon, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Lowell Advertiser, a newspaper printed at Lowell, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in each of the towns of Billerica and Tewksbury fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Copy of petition and order therein.

Attest—E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy.

law3wa14 Attest—SAM'L CHANDLER, Sheriff.

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ap18 1ots THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe, and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the old of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No: 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, duties should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:



Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 5½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 5½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 28, 1846. mar3tf

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London,

(ENDOWED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken for the	Reduction to sum assured	Bonus in Cash.	Reduction of Annual Premium.	Equivalent to Assured on Policy
60	$5000	$370 75	837	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	373 45	67 12½	1730 5
			8'9	693 3'1	308 50	45 70	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2aweeopdec18

Auction!

WILL be sold at public auction, at Billerica Mills, on SATURDAY, 2d May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the Dye-Stuffs, consisting of the kinds and qualities used for coloring carpet yarns—1 wash-box for scouring wool—a quantity of 10 inch funnel in good condition, suitable for heating dry-rooms; belonging to the estate of STEPHEN LAWRENCE, insolvent debtor.

B. F. BUTLER, } *Assignees of*
THOS. TALBOT, } *said Lawrence.*

April 21, 1846. ap21&4p2a

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Cobern's Block, Central street. ap21

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises—the Life Estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, an insolvent debtor, in the Farm now occupied by said Colburn in said Dracutt, subject to a mortgage now amounting to about six hundred dollars.

By order of ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.
E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846.

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, 1 lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 13,421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft, lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Sumner Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor.

Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

Houses and Land.

On FRIDAY, May 1st, at 2 o'clock p.m., on the premises, 1 large three story House, and 2500 feet of land, situated on Water st., known by the name of the "Batchelder House." Also, on the same street, a lot of land containing 2500 sq. ft.

Also, at 3 o'clock—2 lots of land on Pleasant st, in rear of the other lots, containing 2500 ft. each.

Also, immediately after the above, another lot land on Washington st., near the church in Belvidere.

Valuable Real Estate

On TUESDAY, the 5th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P.M., on the premises, on Lowell just above Dummer stret. A Block divided into eight tenements, renting together for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition, and is well situated to rent at all times and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars inquire of the Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, at 11½ o'clock, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2200 ft of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two familes. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with elac, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

D. W. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,

apt2 6m LOWELL.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap&p1yrar5

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street.—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the very best Oysters in the very best manner, at all reasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unremitting efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Tea, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☜ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has strayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scarvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering. and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

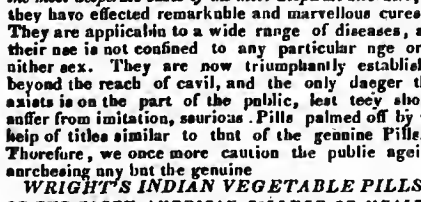
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally.

nov4 1y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for his very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 339 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an expulition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phono Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Arkworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1.

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,

oct30 1y 339 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jolap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st., Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lungs, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhœa of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

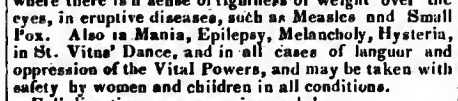
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayar, Louis N. Tower, Cen. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kidder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Gbelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Holliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Bemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Morcross; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stoneham, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, H. B. Hown, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annis, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Stiles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. June6ly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in this business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO.,

36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents of the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,

tfdec22 47, Merrimack Street.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory refereuce can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs on —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false optnions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints, which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

16—ENDICOTT STREET—16.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York; where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Metli poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130 Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Carriage Manufactory. NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mo&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local applications. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSHURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result; to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and to his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 20 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb4&ply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. As I was thus attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazerine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 a3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Bunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergymen in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.*

J. J. JUDKINS,

mar28 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 52.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patrint office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by dozen. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
MADE AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. T. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET.
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF FOWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Bonk Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
lfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. ap30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
—AND DEALER IN—
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf.
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN K. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 82, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Steedards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tuller's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. C. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACE, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES,
&c. &c. &c.
No. 6 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y.

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funeel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Duors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
jan4

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 13, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

Mr. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not by the lesson, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dutton to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on as reasonable advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Roofing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845.

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which places them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and, gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extricated by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.
N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 17, 1845.

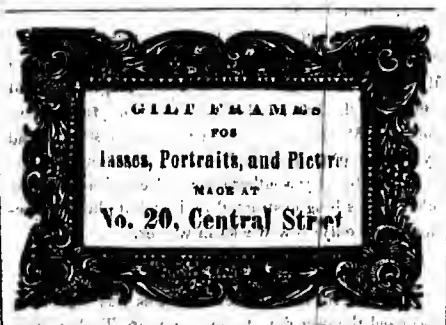
MR E. THORNTON, JR.:

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint; together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,
ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence; for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has exceeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, entitle it to the confidence and love bestowed for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.
ap6mosapr9



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proprtion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. T. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurity of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and a signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extensive scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues are united on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, in combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. sdvtjan20

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain, Curtains, Fretted, White, Borders, &c., &c., of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. ap11

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or help of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, revitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.
CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it; and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, New-York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. e&plyaug30

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present onblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wiog & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13A&p6m

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office,—to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each; the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,
DANIEL L. GIBARNS,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,
SAMUEL LEEDS,
ASA CALLOW, T
GEO. A. BOURNE,
URIEL CROCKER,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,
DAVID KIMBALL,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,
GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL HENCHMAN,
GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr.,
WARREN WHITE,
ISAIAH BANGS,
A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
JAMES CREAMER,
NATH'L B. BOYDEN,
SETH AMES.

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the above-named Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 10, 1846. 3mapr18

DANIEL KENNEDY will sell at Auction, at his store on Merrimack street, on Monday next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., the large and valuable stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., belonging to the estate of Frederick Barker, deceased. Sale positive, and without reserve. Terms cash. Lowell, April 29, 1846. 2mapr29

COME, TELL ME THY SORROW.

BY CHARLES SWAIN.

Come, tell me thy sorrow, and if I can aid thee,
My heart and my purse are both thine to the end;
If not, seek support from the being that made thee,
But mourn not in silence without solace, my friend.
Tho' the sky be now dark, there is hope for to-morrow,
A sunlight to come, which the more may restore;
Then cheer! bid thy soul spring immortal o'er sorrow,
Thou hast one friend at least, if thou canst not find more.

Ne'er fancy thine own disappointments are greater,
Than theirs who seem right, whatsoever they do;
Misfortune finds all either sooner or later;
Life's mourners are many—the faithful are few,
Then vex not thy spirit with fears and surmises,
But wrestle with care, and thy firmness restore;
There's a star for thee yet, and, till brightly it rises,
Thou hast one friend at least, if thou canst not find more.

THE RAINY DAY.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

The day is cold, and dark, and dreary;
It rains, and the wind is ever weary;
The vine still clings to the mouldering wall,
But at every gust the dead leaves fall,
And the day is dark and dreary.

My life is cold, and dark and dreary,
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
My thoughts still cling to the mouldering past,
But the hopes of youth fall thick in the blast,
And the days are dark and dreary.

Be still, sad heart! and cease repining;
Behind the clouds is the sun still shining;
Thy fate is the common fate of all,
Into each life some rain must fall,
Some days must be dark and dreary.

"OF SUCH IS THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN."

BY PHAZMA.

A blind old beggar, with his bat in hand,
Neglected by the busy passers by,
I noticed shyly at a corner stand,
With moisture falling from his sightless eye.
A child came by—a laughing little creature—
With joy and innocence in every feature;
Skipping forth gaily to an apple stand,—
She saw the beggar and became less gay;
Then flung the bit of silver in her hand
Into the old man's hat, and ran away!

☞ "Spooni," of the New York Sunday Mercury, once wrote the following on "Autumn."

The Autumn time at length is here,
The Autumn (b) air about is;
Old Capricorns must be near,
I know it by the *goatees*—
Those hairy appellages that float
From face of each man-monkey,
So beautifully *a la goat*,
Instead of *a la donkey*.

THE INJUDICIOUS USE OF MANURE,

Knowing, as I do, that a large proportion of farmers in this country often throw away their manures when they suppose they are using them as they should, I have thought that an article upon this subject would not be out of place.

In consequence of a want of *chemical* knowledge, agriculturists use their manures without judgement or discretion, and oftentimes to their most decided injury, as I shall proceed to show.

Agricultural chemistry teaches us that a certain class of vegetables, such as grain, requires a greater proportion of nitrogen than others. As nitrogen is not a very abundant article with most farmers, and yet of the highest value to the grain grower, it behooves him to make an economical use of it. If he intends to raise a fine crop of good wheat, it is highly necessary that he should not waste that quantity of this element that he has, or that he can get hold of.

All such crops as potatoes, turnips, beets, pumpkins, cabbages, peas, beans, carrots, &c., including clover, herd-grass, timothy, and the other grasses, need but very little of manures containing nitrogen, as they will receive all sufficient from the atmosphere, and rain and snow; while wheat, rye, oats, corn, barley, and buckwheat need larger proportions of such substances; each differs from the other, however, as to the quantity needed. Wheat for instance, needs more nitrogen than either of the others, for the formation of the gluten which renders its flour so nutritious. The substances yielding nitrogen most abundantly, are the animal manures, especially the fluid manures, and the dead bodies of animals themselves. In connection with this matter, Liebig, in his work on "Agricultural Chemistry," says:—"An increase of animal manure gives rise not only to increase in the number of seeds, but also to a most remarkable difference in the proportion of the gluten which they contain." Here we have the highest authority for stating the importance of animal manures.

Those farmers then, who use their animal manures upon those crops that need them not, thereby depriving their grain crops of them, although they cannot well do without them, in a measure throw them away. Such crops as potatoes, turnips, the grasses, &c., thrive as well when given rotten hay, straw, leaves saw-dust, or swamp-muck, and such substances, as when furnished with the richest animal manures. They supply their proper food, and with a right proportion of the right kind of alkalies or alkaline substances, they can dispense entirely with animal manures, leaving them to be used for the grain crops.

Before leaving this subject it will be well perhaps, to say, that *guano* is often very injudiciously used, and the money spent for it thrown away; bringing thereby odium upon what is deridingly called "book-farming." The principle constituents of guano, different from most manures, are those which peculiarly fit it for *grain*, and whoever uses it for any other purpose, could save his money by dispensing with it and using cheaper and more accessible manures. I have no doubt that many complaints will be made by those who use guano upon vegetables, while those who use it on grain, will be well satisfied with its effects. We shall see. [Farmers' Cabinet.

STIRRING THE LAND OFTEN.

It would appear from the results of experience that the oftener land is stirred or worked during the growth of a crop, the better such crop flourishes, and this whether the land be in a high or low condition, fertile or poor—always avoiding to injure the roots of the plants of whatever kind they may be, by not stirring too deep, or roughing. Land that is free, or is rendered stirring, has in the chemical phrase a greater affinity for the various gases that are always floating in the atmosphere, and which are given off from decomposed animal or vegetable matter, as prepared for the food of plants. There seems to be no doubt that a very large, if not the largest, portion of sustenance is taken in through the pores of the

sleaves, caled the mouths of growing vegetation; and if the gases are taken in by roots or leaves, or both, which is rather probable, the frequent stirring of the ground seems to greatly facilitate the operation. Old and experienced farmers consider an additional ploughing before the seed is sown is almost equal to a dressing of manure, and whenever the time permits it and the ground is in order, that is, not too wet, they re-plough thair land. In the South, where farms are large, the practice of what they term resting their fields prevails. After a crop or two of tabacco or corn, they will not bear further exhaustion, and they are suffered to remain idle for two or three years, when, on again ploughing, it is found that corn or tobacco will grow, and this without manure. The land exhausted of the properties, seems to recover them back again. [Farmer's Monthly Visitor.

MANURES.

Increasing attention is now being paid by our farmers, generally, saving of manures. This is as it should be. No farmer, however productive may be the soil he cultivates, can long expect to produce unpatantial and remunerating crops, who neglects this grand desideratum. We find that in many sections of this country, cellars are now considered a necessary appendage to the barn.—The opinion that manure should be secured from the wasting and deteriorating influences of the sun and external air, is also quite prevalent, especially among that class who read and reflect upon what they read. One farmer, with whom we had tecently the pleasure of an hour's conversation, expressed it as candid conviction that the value of his manure had been doubled by being secured from these deteriorating agents. In some instanses, conveniences are supplied for economizing the liquid manure—the urin from the barns and stables, and the suds and other liquid mattters from the sinks and barn-yards.—These matters are the very life-blood of successful agrieulture. We have no doubt but that tha liquids produced by a herd of cows, or other domestie animals, could it be carefully preserved, and applied according to the dictates of science, would be found of equal, if not greater value, than the solid exerements. * * * * *

Some years since an experiment was made in Flanders which went far to ascertain the precise value of urine when applied as a stimulant of vegetable life. A box of fine white sand was exposed to a heat sufficiently intense to dissipate its moisture, and thoroughly to destroy every particle, of organized matter it contained. It was then placed in a dry situation, and some seeds of tha Egyptian wheat being planted in it, the whole mass was saturated with urine in a state of incipient putridity. The result of the experiment was that the wheat vegetated—grew rapidly through the season, and in autumn, rather before the maturation of the same grain in the open fields, produced a remarkable yield of fine and perfectly developed grain. The application of the liquid was repeated weekly during the season. [Olive Branch.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, April 29.

In the SENATE a joint resolution in regard to claims of citizens of the U. S. upon the republic of Mexico, was introduced, on leave, by Mr Jarnigin. Mr J. said he did not intend to ask for the consideration of this resolution for some days. The resolution authorizes the President, with the consent of the Senate, to appoint a board to ascertain and adjust all claims of our citizens against the republic of Mexico.

It is preceded by a long preamble setting forth the grievances under which our citizens labor from repeated outrages by Mexico, and that having rejected our minister and every pacific overture, no alternative is left the United States but a peremptory demand for settlement.

The bill granting alternate sections of the public domain to aid in the completion of certain works of Internal Improvement in Michigan, was taken up and gave rise to a debate in which Messrs Calhoun, Niles, Cass, Breese, Wescott, Archer, J. M. Clayton, Benton, Huntington, T. Clayton, and others, took part, and after slight amendment was passed—Ayes 26, Noes 11.

In the HOUSE, the speaker announced the bill to establish the *Smithsonian Institute* to be the first business in order.

The House then went into a committee of the whole and took up said bill.

A rambling debate was kept up on several amendments proposed, in which Messrs Wood, of N. Y., Giles, of Md., and Wick, of Ia., took part.

The hour having expired, the committee proceeded to vote upon the various amendments which had been offered to the bill, and after consuming three hours in rejecting most of them, finally adopted a substitute for the original bill, which was reported to the House and finally passed by a vote of 85 to 76.

Its shape was now distinguished by these three features—a great national library, a national museum, and a botanic garden. A separate building is to be erected, next and near to the patent office, and suitable grounds are to be procured for the purposes of the garden. Of the whole annually accruing interest, four-fifths are to be devoted to expenditures for the support and increase of the library.

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS. A printer intended to say—

"Ye parliaments of England,
Ye Lords and Commons too"—

had it—

"Ye piles of pretty women,
Go on the Common too!"

GREAT TOWN MEETING. The meeting last night at the Chinese Museum, to adopt such preparatory measures for entering immediately and with proper energy upon the important enterprise of constructing a railroad from Harrisburg to Pittsburg, thereby securing a continuous railway communication between this city and the Ohio, was large and enthusiastic, and the spirit evinced throughout was such as must convince all that the enterprise must and will succeed. [Philadelphia Pennsylvanian of the 28th.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT. The special train of cars for Newton met the Long Island train at West Newton, when a young man jumped off from the Newton train to the track of the L. I. train, and was run over and killed at once. His name was Werson Hunt.

SOUTHERN WEATHER. A letter dated Charleston, April 18th, says: "Summer is upon us—I am writing in a cool and well aired office, and the thermometer points to 80—in the sun 94. The heat is very appreciable, and every one is complaining it has come upon us too suddenly."

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHURCH. A fair has been held in Philadelphia for re-building St. Augustine's church, which was destroyed by fire in the dreadful riots, and $5,000 was realized.

☞ Trouble is anticipated from the refusal of the Government to pay toll on the canal from Lake Tahoe, Michigan.

NAVAL. Orders have been received at Norfolk to fit out the U. S. sloop Boxer, now in ordinary at the Navy Yard.

A MISTAKE. Two works on *Galvanism* have been seized at Rome in mistake for *Calvanism*.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1846.

A TRIP TO TEXAS—THE COUNTRY, &C.

The following letter, from a New England man of much experience, and practical withall, will doubtless be interesting to many of our readers at this time. Texas having just become a portion of our Union, and the tide of emigration setting strongly in that direction, to know the actual state of that country must be very desirable; and therefore we give the communication a place in our columns, with pleasure, though to the exclusion of much other matter:

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

CITY OF AUSTIN, TEXAS, April 13, 1846.

Messrs Editors: I left New York near the 1st of last Feb. for a visit to this country, and was something like twenty days on the passage. I fell in with nothing, perhaps, worthy of record—except what you have often read of—until we reached the Alabama river, on which, at Montgomery, (the future capital of the State) we took passage in a steamboat for Mobile. This is a very important river—it being navigable for nearly 650 miles, running through a rich, fertile country, in a tortuous but usually placid manner. The banks, though mostly low, have some high imposing bluffs.—We passed several pretty villages, and what were in 1835-6 and 7, *cities*, of no small magnitude—on paper. The grounds adjacent these "cities" are usually excellent soil and produce excellent crops, as we have every reason to know, from the quantities of cotton stowed upon our boat. The first Mississippi steamboat I ever stepped foot on, was the New York, and *this was not one*—but made after the same fashion.—They are constructed for comfort. The main cabin runs the entire length of the upper deck, with state rooms for two passengers each, with a door at each end leading into the cabin, and one to the guard of the boat. The tables are what are called sofa-tables, and when the leaves are not spread for meals, make capital velvet covered sofas. The fare on the boat in which I took passage, *is not done up so nice* as we find on boats north and east; though I am willing to think this was not a fair specimen. The Bar is the most important matter on the boat, and is most affectionately patronized and duly conducted. They charge a dime a drink for mighty poor liquor, and the Bar takes $75 a day at that. For a pack of innocent *whist cards* issuing from the *proprietor* of the *bar* we merely pay a dollar—the cards to be returned if you choose. For a shave I paid two dimes. Such are some of the charges on the southern boats. The water used for drink, when first taken from the river, looked very impure; but a couple of hours settled it, so that it was not bad to look at, nor did it taste badly, though the first day I could not touch it. Those accustomed to it love it. But let them drink of the Croton once and they wouldn't call me a "green one" after that.

We called often for cotton and passengers. The planter usually goes to market with his cotton, the boat charging him nothing for passage, though one dollar a bale on his cotton for any distance. I had heard much of *southern planters* and conceived them *all* princely rivers, if not princely rich, but I never saw a people less like princes. In gentlemanly deportment, intelligence, and the enjoyment of the comforts of life, they bear no comparison with New England farmers—many of them live in huts (with their negroes close by them, faring in the same way) that a New England town would be arraigned for putting their paupers in. There is no excuse for this indolence, for their lands are rich, with plenty of timber for building—still they *stay* for years in shanties made of logs thrown together, and *lighted* by holes sufficient for the admission of any quantity of day-light, or wolves. A Northern man, if he would continue to be "Northern," would become rich in almost any part of the South in five years—I mean particularly the farmers or planters, as they are called here.

Talk of cruelty to slaves! Who sees it or knows it? *No one who knows any thing of the South.* I have seen slavery in most of its phases, and I do protest that an unprejudiced person *can* see more physical and mental suffering, more dreadful and disgusting misery, amongst the black population, in twenty-four hours, in Philadelphia or New York, than in as many months in the South.

From Mobile, we came to New Orleans by steamboat, touching at Mississippi city. What a city is New Orleans. It seems like the *Depot of the World*, where cords of cotton, sugar, rice—where tons of merchandize from every nation on earth—and where thousands of emigrants from every section of the universe are *emptied*—and where there are scores on scores of steam-boats and other vessels discharging and receiving their peculiar freights. It is amazing to witness the labors of this young giant.

From New Orleans to Galveston is about 400 miles by sea. The distance is run in 38 hours, in first-class boats. Galveston is the principal port of Texas. From here, persons can go to any part of the State they choose. The mode of conveyance is usually horseback, though steamboats can go for short or long distances—as the water may be—up the Trinity, Brazos, Colorado and Nueces rivers; which run, as you may see on the map, through nearly every part of Texas.

The settlements already made are on the banks of these rivers, the *soil* of which is often 12 to 15 feet deep! probably a large part allavial, and rich beyond conception. It yields from 500 to 750 lbs. cotton of the best quality to the acre, or cane sufficient to make 1000 lbs. sugar; and they calculate one hand to cultivate 10 acres. *As the soil is worked, the production increases.* Such a thing as manure is never spoken of in the country. No portion of the earth worked, has any need of it. Emigrants who have settled a few miles from these rivers have selected prairies, skirted with wood and timber. They open sufficient land to raise corn (often yielding 150 bushels to the acre), wheat, and cotton, to the amount their means will allow, and turn the rest of their attention to raising stock, which costs nothing except the care. It runs upon the open prairie, and is known and selected by marks branded when young. The stock increases immensely fast, and is the finest I ever saw, except such as we have at this. A yoke of oxen not used to work, weighing 15 cwt. each, can be purchased at $25. Oxen of the largest class, broken for the road, cost $40 to $45. Cows and calves sell at about $7. Still, people get rich at these prices. The weather is warm, and the grass green the whole season, so that a barn for cattle is not needed. I came up the country the last of February, and saw thousands on thousands on thousands of the finest cattle I ever beheld, grazing in the open fields.

Lands in almost any part of Texas can be bought at 50 cents to $2.00 per acre—the latter price commanding the best farming lands that are not under cultivation, and much that is. It costs nothing of importance to open a farm here, as a large portion of the earth is unencumbered by a rock, stone, tree, or bush, and the soil is easily broken. Labor, however, of all kinds, is high, especially that of mechanics—ranging from $2.50 to $4.00 per day. A little time well employed earns a great deal of money. Though cows are so cheap, butter is worth now 25 cents, and cheese is actually brought from the Northern States and sells at 30 to 50 cents per lb.

The shoeing a horse costs $3.00 to $3.50, with very light shoes, such as are only used here. Half-soleing a pair of boots, $1.25 to $1.50. *Making* a pair of pants, $3.50 to $4.50; making a shirt, $1.50 to $2.50, and other things in proportion. Merchandize sells at enormous profits, but plenty of that is on the way here, and already in the country. Since annexation, every thing in the way of trade comes from the *other* States of the Union—before that glorious achievement, thousands of dollars worth of goods were imported direct from Holland, France and England. There will now be millions of dollars worth of *New England manufactured goods*, such as shoes and boots, cottons, cassimeres, satinetts, wooden ware, &c. &c., purchased for this great State and Mexico (perhaps that part going to Mexico—and 'tis not small—may be contraband, but that don't concern us), that would have come from Europe. Should New England complain? No; and she does not, and my "impression" is, that many of the leading men, particularly those interested in manufactures, have all the while secretly rejoiced at annexation.

I am now about 250 miles from the Gulf, and Galveston Bay, in what is called the "upper country," and have travelled already over a considerable portion of Texas—camping out for several nights, with no protection but the heavens and a *Mackinaw blanket*. I meet daily the principal members of the government, who seem happy to give me every information. I have constant access to the General Land Office, examining maps, field notes, surveys, descriptions, &c. &c.; the Commissioner, whose guest I am, politely allowing me every facility. In a word, I have taken unwearied pains to earn every thing possible relating to this State, and I aver that no portion of North America equals or compares with Texas as an agricultural country, in my humble estimation—and that I have had no very limited opportunity of knowing other parts of the country, you are aware. I know that *one* man, by his labor, can produce more in this State than *four* in any State in New England—except, perhaps, on the alluvial bottoms of your principal rivers.

Every thing in this section is yet new and cheap. Even the State Capitol—that I see as I write—is a one-story wooden building, resembling some of those *long ones* that I remember as having been built on the "Acre," with the exception of paint and plaster. The chairs occupied by the members of the House and Senate would be more than pass for "kitchen chairs" with your tidy Yankee housewives. The seats are made of common raw cow-hide, with the variegated *hair colors*, and they answer every purpose, especially for *these* members, who are mostly rascally bachelors (otherwise mighty fine fellows). In this city, there is only a baker's dozen of young ladies, and *they* have *all* been "tormented to death" with offers. What a field for five hundred of your worthy and beautiful girls. They could marry in three months, had they a mind.

Several of the principal officers of the present, and late government, are Eastern men. Dr. Anson Jones, the late President, and one of the best and most intelligent men I have ever seen—so acknowledged by all—was from "old Berkshire." Mr Allen, late Secretary of State, was a native of Newport, N. H., and a superior man.

The expense of coming to this country is, by the "Southern route," $125. By Cincinnati, Ohio and Mississippi rivers (the best in every respect), about $60. By the Upper Lakes and Chicago, to the Illinois and Mississippi rivers, not far from $75. And by sea from New York or Boston, $50, cabin passage.

I came by the "Southern route," on account of the other routes being obstructed by ice; but this obstruction exists only a few weeks in winter.

Yours truly, A. H. B.

☞ A gentleman in New Orleans was agreeably surprised the other day, to find a plump Turkey served up for his dinner, and enquired of his servant how it was obtained. "Why, Sa," replied Blackee, "dat ar Turkee is his roosin on our fence tree nights; so dis morning I seize him *for de rent ob de fence.*"

☞ William R. Morrison, of Gilmanton, N. H., aged 79, a respectable farmer in easy circumstances, committed suicide last week. No cause is known for the act; he got up in the morning in his usual health, went out, took off his coat, hat, &c., and jumped into the well.

TAKING IT COOLLY. We saw a fellow yesterday, says the Pittsburg Journal, taking a snooze on the Allegeny wharf, with his feet in the water, and his head on a board pile. He did not look as though he was in the habit of touching cold water often.

☞ The Pensacola Gazette of the 23d ult. says the U. S. brig Somers, Capt. Ingraham, will sail this morning, immediately after the arrival of the mail, for Vera Cruz.

A SMART GIRL. A damsel in Ayrshire, Scotland, having two lovers, and not knowing which to prefer, settled the matter by marrying one and immediately eloping with the other.

MORTALITY. The number of deaths in New York last week was 210: of these, 35 died of consumption.

☞ Lots of chroning little "dears" were out Maying yesterday. The weather was rather unpropitious, but still they were out.

☞ Gen Taylor has put a stop to desertion by having a few of the deserters shot.

☞ The city of Baltimore advertises for a loan of $30,000, at five per cent.

IOWA. Two thirds of the delegates chosen to the convention are democrats.

THE VETICE. On Tuesday last, the President signed and approved a joint resolution concerning the Oregon Territory.

INGERSOLL AND WEBSTER.

The charges against Mr Webster have not yet been explained. Mr Webster denounces them as false, and uses very strong and vituperative language against Mr Ingersoll; and some of Mr Webster's whig friends, particularly Mr Ashman, are striving to turn the tables, by charging fraud, falsehood and slander upon Mr Ingersoll. But recrimination ever brings suspicion upon him who, by himself or friends, resorts to it. It is very remarkable that Mr Webster should not have regretted, at least, the necessity of the President's refusal to furnish the documents that would have *proved* his innocence, if he was so, instead of being so rejoiced that he did not comply with Mr Ingersoll's order asking for the papers relating to the secret service fund while Mr W. was Secretary of State.

The whig papers are now laying great stress upon the recent statement of John Tyler that no money was improperly used. As we understand it, the whole matter was managed almost exclusively by Mr Webster and Tyler knew but little about it any way. But the fact that the whigs should lay so much stress upon Mr Tyler's statement, only makes the whole matter look more suspicious. They universally denounced John Tyler's administration as the most rotten, corrupt and profligate that ever existed; and even accused him of entering upon the Presidential duties penyless, and retiring from them with a fortune exceeding the amount of his entire salary which he had made from the *acts of office*. But now his evidence is wanting to bolster up Mr Webster, and what is he? Why the whole whig press publish in flaming capitals what Mr Webster says of him in a late speech:—

"THE LATE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN ALL THINGS RESPECTING THE EXPENDITURE OF THE PUBLIC MONEYS, WAS REMARKABLY CAUTIOUS, EXACT AND PARTICULAR."

We shall express no opinion as to the merits of this controversy, at this time, except to say the course of Mr W. and his friends looks suspicious, and Mr Ingersoll's statements must be explained or proved false to relieve Mr Webster. There seems to be a desire to retreat and recriminate, rather than wish an investigation or meet the facts and charges of Mr Ingersoll by other facts, explanation, or aught else, save wholesale denunciation. Such a course will not prove Mr Webster innocent in the minds of the unprejudiced portion of the people.

We make the following extracts from a speech of Mr Ingersoll delivered on Monday last.

"Mr SPEAKER: When Mr Webster, in virulent terms, in Senate, assailed my truth, concerning transactions of which proofs ought to be in the Department of State, I went there in search of them for my vindication. As member of the Committee of Foreign Affairs, for some years, I have some freedom of access there, though probably none which any other member of Congress is not entitled to.

Searching for proofs, not to expose him, but vindicate myself, I fell most unexpectedly on others which led me, next day, to denounce him as a delinquent.

When the President's answer to the resolution of the House of Representatives refused certain documents, I repeated, in general assertion, the fact of his deliaquency, and added that it is easily susceptible of proof. My friends advised me to go no further, exposing that Mr Webster would challenge investigation.

Not having done so, but having again, with opprobrious language, in Senate, charged me with slander, and called on me to substantiate my accusation of him, I now submit a short statement, which may be tested as to truth.

There are are three charges of delinquency.

First. Unlawful use of the fund appropriated for the contingent service of foreign intercourse, commonly called the secret service fund.

Secondly. Misapplying part of that fund to corrupt party presses.

Thirdly. Leaving the Department of State in default to that fund.

First. Congress appropriates annually a small sum, commonly $50,000, for the contingent expenses of foreign intercourse; the disbursement of which is sometimes usefully clandestine, but never, as has been erroneously supposed, corrupt.

Shortly after President Harrison's death, and before Vice President Tyler was at home in chief magistracy—in April, 1841—Mr Webster began an entirely novel method of dealing with the secret service fund. Instead of directing the disbursing agent to pay *any third person*, Mr Webster required the money to be paid *to himself*.

In this way he drew to himself from the disbursing agent twelve thousand dollars during the first nine months of Mr Webster's incumbency as Secretary, about $1,300 a month, in 1841, and three thousand dollars more early in 1842.

Thus he took into his own hands fifteen thousand dollars in his first twelve months. The President, there is written evidence in the department to show, never authorized this, knew nothing of it, and when first apprised of it, more than fourteen months after it had been going on, to the large amount of fifteen thousand dollars, refused it his sanction.

It was not till July, 1842, as the evidence in the department shows, in Mr Webster's hand-writing, that he got a President's certificate for four thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

After drawing $15,000 to himself during fifteen months, during which period there is no trace of what he did with those large sums, he appears to have returned one third of the amount withdrawn. Why return it, if taken for any public purpose? Where had it been kept? If in any place of deposite, was it separate from Mr Webster's private funds? Did he use it?

These $5,000 were returned ten days after, according to the published correspondence, his negotiation with the British envoy extraordinary, began by conversational and confidential interconrse, without protocols or other usual records of such transactions.

In 1843 Mr Webster took to himself $2,000 more, making altogether $17,000.

On closing his account, crediting the $5,000 *returned*, and various other sums, there remained a balance against him of $2,280, of the secret service fund.

Secondly: Application of the secret service fund to corrupt party presses.

In the Department of State there is now a letter signed F. O. J. Smith, marked *private*, dated Portland, the 12th of August, 1842, addressed to Mr Webster, Secretary of State, substantially as follows:

It begins by congratulating Mr Webster on his settlement of the Maine boundary question by a *new mode of approaching the subject*, after forty years of diplomacy, without which *new mode* another forty years of diplomacy would have come to nothing.

[Mr F. O. J. Smith seems to have exceeded the boast with which his correspondent Mr WEBSTER hugged himself in his elaborate vindication in the Senate.]

Mr Smith informs Mr Webster by this letter that he had occasion to resort to services and influences, *in order to adjust the tone and direction of* THE PARTY PRESSES, and through them of public sentiment, to a purpose so desirable of accomplishment under Mr Webster's administration.

Mr Smith, therefore, submits a claim or account, if I recollect right, in blank for Mr Webster to fill up, of which he calls for payment out of the contingent fund. Mr Smith presumes that the contingent fund will be ample, and Mr Webster's control of it complete, to do whatever he may think just.

The sums Mr Smith vouches as got by him from Mr Webster are $9,000 for services connected with the northeastern boundary, and two years after he vouches $500 more, he will be shown.

Thirdly: Leaving the Department of State in debt to the secret service fund, $2,220.

The records of the department show this default beyond all denial or question.

They show, furthermore, that it was neither paid or accounted for during nearly two years after Mr Webster's removal from office.

They show several letters sent to him by President Tyler's direction, urging payment and evasive letters of excuse from Mr Webster for non-payment.

At length, a peremptory letter that exposure would or might be the consequence of more delay, produced reimbursement. But *settlement* did not take place till the 1st February, 1845, ten days before President Polk arrived in Washington to be inaugurated, when Mr Webster produced another voucher from Mr F. O. J. Smith, for an additional $500, and other vouchers, one from George Smith for $500.

George Smith, since dead, denied that he had ever been paid or vouched more than $150, to which sum Mr Webster reduced the $500 at first demanded, as his agent, now in Washington, will prove.

Granting all the vouchers Mr Webster produced, there was nevertheless a balance of about $1,200 due from him, at all events, when he left the department. That sum he was in default to the secret service fund, after crediting everything in the way of repayment, offset, or voucher, that he claimed.

LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

In the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

AN ACT relating to the support of Paupers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever any person not having any legal settlement within this Commonwealth, shall be committed to any workhouse by virtue of any law of this Commonwealth, for any cause, for which such person might be committed to the house of correction, there shall be allowed, and paid for the support and maintenance of such person, during the time of his confinement, the same sum, as would have been allowed and paid, if such person had been committed to the house of correction.

SECT. 2. The sum to be allowed and paid for the support of any person committed to any workhouse, as provided in the preceding section, shall be paid to the overseers of such workhouse in such way and manner as is provided in the one hundred forty-third chapter of the Revised Statutes, for the payment of the expense of supporting and maintaing persons committed to houses of correction.

Approved by the Governor, March 9, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Annual Returns of Savings Banks and Institutions for Savings.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

SECT. 1. The Treasurer of every Savings Bank and Institution for Savings, shall, as often as once in every year, make return of the state thereof, as it was at the close of business on the last Saturday of some preceeding month, to be designated by the Governor, which return shall be made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, within fifteen days after an order to that effect; and said return shall specify the following particulars, namely:—Place where located; Name of Corporation; Number of Depositors; Amount of Deposits; Public Funds, stating amount of each; Loans on Public Fands, stating amounts on each; Invested in Bank Stock, stating amount on each; Loans on Bank Stock, stating amount on each, Deposits in Banks bearing interest, stating amount on each; Loans on Railroad Stock, stating amount on each; Invested in Real Estate; Loans on Mortgage of Real Estate; Loans to County or Town; Loans on Personal Security; Cash on hand; Rate and amount of ordinary dividend for last year; Average annual per cent. of dividends of last five years; Annual Expenses of the institution; all of which shall be certified and sworn to by the Treasurer; and five or more of the Trustees or Managers of the Corporation shall also certify and make oath, that the said return is correct, according to their best knowledge and belief.

SECT. 2. Blank forms of such returns shall be furnished to every such corporation by the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and he shall prepare suitable yearly abstracts thereof, and lay the same before the Legislature.

SECT. 3. The eighty-second and eighty-third sections of the thirty-sixth chapter of the Revised Statutes are repealed.

Approved by the Governor, March 7, 1846.

AN ACT respecting Corporations for Mutual Improvement and the promotion of Education.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

SECT. 1. Corporations may be formed pursuant to the seventh Section of the forty-first Chapter of the Revised Statutes, either by the name of "Lyceum," as is therein provided, or by any other corporate name which the associates shall adopt.

SECT. 2. Corporations formed in pursuance of the said seventh Section, may, in addition to the powers and privileges thereto granted, have and exercise all the powers and privileges granted by the first six Sections of said forty-first Chapter, and may hold real and personal estate to any amount not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, in addition to the value of their books.

Approved by the Governor, March 11, 1846.

NEWS FROM THE ARMY. We learn by the N. Y. Sun, that the U. S. steamer, Col. Harney, arrived at New Orleans on the 29th ult., bringing news from the Brazos Santiago, to the 12th. Gen. Taylor's forces are opposite Matamoras. His advanced guard were warned to returned but be continued his march, took position within reach of the Mexican batteries, and planted four 18 pounders which command the city of Matamoras. Ampudia sent a written notice to Gen. T. to retire beyond the Nences. The General replied that his orders were to occupy his present position, and he should repel any attempt to cross the river, assuring Gen. Ampudia that he had no hostile intentions, but that his sole purpose was to prevent any encroachment upon our territory. Gen. Taylor, however, fell back with his forces, but still commands the town with his 18 pounders. Nothing was further done and Gen. Ampadia sent to the city of Mexico for orders. Ampudia set out from San Luis with 2000 men, but his ranks were reduced by desertion, to 1000 when he arrived at Matamoras, and with all the commands, at present, they cannot muster 5000 very poor soldiers.

ATTRACTION *at the Museum, this evening.* Instead of a play, this evening—the last appearance of Wyatt's Company—there will be a spicy entertainment, consisting of songs, duetts, &c., by Mr and Mrs Merrifield, Bradley, Wyatt and Tenny; together with a learned lecture on Magnetism, by the king of Yankeedom, the unrivalled *Doct. Gay*, "member of all the learned societies *east of Bangor*," who will bring his "Graham-fed and fire-proof subjects" to a test of the proofs of the sciences. Go early, if you would secure a seat. Mr Paschoncllo will be there.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. Eight senators were to be chosen. The democrats have elected 4, the whigs 3, and one district to hear from. So that the democratic majority will be 6 at any rate, and may be 8. Of the 134 delegates to the house we have heard from 92, and the net whig gain is 4 only upon last year, when the democratic majority was 24. We see no reason to doubt that a democrat will take the place of Mr Archer in the U. S. Senate.

EARLY. Mr Ford, who keeps an excellent eating house at No. 2, Wilson's Lane, Boston, served up green peas and fresh salmon yesterday.

☞ Capt. Baaker's *express locomotive*, drawn by seven, passed our office at precisely eighteen minutes before 11 o'clock this morning.

☞ Gen. Worth has resigned his commission.

☞ The Caledonia sailed from Boston yesterday, for England. She took out 80 passengers, among them the Rev Mr Kirk and the Hon. D. Safford of Boston. The mail bags, 60 odd in number, contain some 40,000 letters and the usual quantity of other mailable matter. A special messenger from the State Department at Washington went out in the Caledonia, as bearer of despatches.

NEW YORK CONVENTION. We have sufficient returns to show the election of a decided majority of democratic delegates to the state convention. Already we number 60, and we may safely add 10 others; making an aggregate of 70, or a democratic majority of 12, possibly, a still larger majority. [Albany Argus.

Ex Gov. Bouck is elected in Schoharie county; the other delegate is whig by a meagre majority.

BODY FOUND IN THE MERRIMACK. We learn that the body of a man, apparently from 45 to 60 years old, was taken from the river about 7 miles below this city, last evening. Appearances indicated that he had been in the water some weeks, or perhaps months.

The man was well dressed, in blue broadcloth coat and pants, silk velvet vest, and calf boots.

☞ The inauguration of Hon. EDWARD EVERETT as President of Harvard University, came off on the last day of April. The usual exercises on such occasions were gone through with. Mr Everett's Address is being highly spoken of.

☞ Gen. Cross left the camp of the army of occupation to attend to some private affairs, was taken prisoner by a small party of Mexicans, and has not since been heard of.

☞ Exhibition by the Middlesex Horticultural Society Tuesday afternoon, and collation in the evening. See notice.

Bordentown, N. J., Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Sath W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has been in the market some six or seven years. The universal celebrity which this medicine has gained over all others throughout the whole country, is enough to convince the most incredulous of the great value of it, and encourage those who are sick to try it. I have long felt it my duty, and wished for an opportunity to express to you my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from it. I have been rescued from the grave, and saved from that most terrible disease, consumption, by using it. Last winter after I took a bad cold, I was troubled with a severe cough for several weeks, so that my appetite and strength failed me. I was obliged to give up business, leave my bench and shop. I had all the alarming symptoms of consumption, such as pain in the side, sweating nights, &c. I tried many kinds of medicine, but all in vain, until I procured a bottle of DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which by faith and perseverance, finally saved my life, and cured me entirely. I have not enjoyed as good health for twelve years past as I do now.

THOMAS BENNETT.

We are personally acquainted with Mr Bennett. The public may rely upon the truth of his statement.

WHITALL STOKES,
GEORGE PARKER,
CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pmar4

FOR THE PILES.

The only Successful Remedy.

The Vegetable Pile Electuary, invented by Dr. Upham, a distinguished Physician of New York city (190 Bowery), is the only successful remedy for that distressing complaint, the Piles. Mark this: it is an internal remedy—not an external application—and will cure any case of Piles, either bleeding or blind—internal or external; and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health, in a remarkable manner. Pamphlets containing memorials of its efficacy, may be obtained of the Agents gratis. J S TOUGHTON General Agent for the New England States, 130, Washington Street, Boston. Agents—Lowell, Messrs. CARLETON & CO. Andover, S. Higgins. aov4 6m

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MANAHLL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED,

In this city, April 19, by Rev Mr Springer, Mr James C. Parker, of Woburn, to Miss Eliza A. Lang, of this city.

In Bedford, April 23, by Rev Geo. W. Woodward, Mr Charles E. Manning, of this city, to Miss Melvina Hosmer, of Bedford.

In Carlisle, Mr Artemas Parker to Miss Sarah A. Bennett.

In Woburn, Mr Charles Tuy to Miss Mary V. Wilson; Mr Charles Swan, 2nd., of West Cambridge, to Miss Mary R. Parker.

DIED,

In Charlestown, April 30, Mrs Eliza Ann, wife of Mr Cornelius Faller, 38; Mr Phineas Mixter, 24.

In Natick, April 8, Mr Beaonl Moxsey, a revolutionary soldier, 86.

In Concord, April 25, Hiram B. Dennis, esq., 30.

In Weston, April 23, Mrs Eliza Jane, wife of Samuel H. F. Bingham, 34; April 28, Mrs Betsey, wife of Jonas Hastings, 62.

In Lancaster, Luther T., child of the late Luther T. Bancroft, of Boston, aged about 2 years.

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology.—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

"BEDLAMANIA:" being selections from the Vermont Asylum Journal, or "crazy folks paper," compiled and revised by its former Editor; for sale wholesale and retail by JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Notice!

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscriber and MICHAEL KENNEDY, under the firm of *Keating & Kennedy*, is this day dissolved.—All persons having demands against said firm, and all persons indebted to it, will settle with the subscriber.

JAMES KEATING.
Lowell, May 2, 1846. advtmay2

☞ POSTPONED TILL TUESDAY. ☜

Middlesex Horticultural Society.

THE FIRST EXHIBITION of the Society for this season will be given on TUESDAY afternoon, the 5th of May at Mechanic's Hall. The Exhibition will be open for visitors from half past two until half past five. The Society will also give a COLLATION the same evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the funds of the Society. Music will be furnished.

Tickets for the Collation, 25 cents—to be had at the usual places. Per order,

Lowell, April 29, 1846. ap30 2t

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMANIA: being selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale wholesale and retail by J. S. DAYTON, 9 Court st. If may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 39 Merrimack st. ap30 4&r

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—April 27th, 1846.

IN INSOLVENCY. In the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said County, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor. I hereby call the Second Meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on SATURDAY, the ninth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and said creditors are hereby notified that I have been appointed Assignee of said Colburn. ITHAMAR W. BEARD,
adv3may2 Assignee.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
This Day.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered fastened Ship PARIS, *Symmes*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m2

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
Goes up to the city without lightering:
On Tuesday—First Packet.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Ship WILLIAM GODDARD, *Potter*, master, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUE WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. m2

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This day.



The superior fast sailing Brig PERSEVERANCE, *Baxter*, master, now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m2

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Wednesday.



The fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m1

Trees, Shrubs. &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kearick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

ap11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 17 Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL*, in *Brattle Street—lots City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE.
Boston, April 6, 1846. aOwapr19

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats* at their Old Stand, NO. 20, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to this firm, and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department thoroughly stocked with their stock, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases; and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard,

JOS. GRIFFIN,
Sup't of Streets.
Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28a&r

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Haywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.....BOSTON.

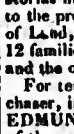
A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. } ap28 a1m

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ap18 1ots THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of ivory pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best, work and materials in the country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage Houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

W. D. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap18 6m LOWELL.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Coozier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 3m

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

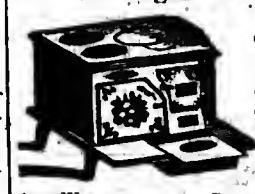
☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

F. Brown's

SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BTTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this; *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 25, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular fulntness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. *Sold* also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1,00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&pot1yapr4

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also 10,000 feet extra Birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

J. CLEAVES, 168 State Street.
March 19, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises—the Life Estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, as insolvent debtor, in the Farm now occupied by said Colburn in said Dracutt, subject to a mortgage now amounting to about six hundred dollars.

By order of ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.
E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.
Lowell, April 27th, 1846.

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, a lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 13,421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land, lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft. lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Sumner Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor.

Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

Valuable Real Estate!

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, at 11½ o'clock, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and is every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2200 ft of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two familes. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Morrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3010 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

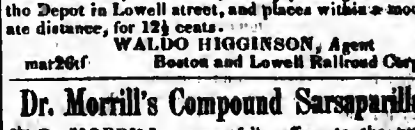
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no connexion with medical preteeders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post-Office. a28

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 2½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 65 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial ules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Scrofula Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr. M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plyman5

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be reimbursed by those making the said of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle st., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 25—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHARLES STONE, Otters's Block, Central street. ap22

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned had arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—our is it necessary. It is however our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mole suggested by nature, are audorific, diaretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates, Homeless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and pelley. Let those who impiously arreign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to aither sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegotable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race. street Philadelphia. jna7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW-ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

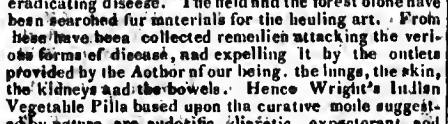
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up Stairs



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the new manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very little advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the largest and best selected in the city. E. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. E. H. W.

Lowell, July 13, 1845.

GRAND

Writing and Printing Reformation.

PHONOGRAPHY AND PHONOTYPY, or SOUND WRITING and SOUND PRINTING. *ANDREWS & BOYLE* are the authors and sole publishers of Phonographic and Phonotypic works in the United States. They keep constantly for sale the works mentioned below, and are daily making additions to their assortment by the publication of new books, and by fresh importations of the works of Mr ISAAC PITMAN, the author of the system of Phonography, and the distinguished leader of the writing and printing reformation in England.

PHONOGRAPHIC WORKS published by Andrews & Boyle, Phonographic Institution, 389 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

The Complete Phonographic Class Book, containing an exposition of the system of Phonography, intended for the use of Schools, and learners generally, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. Boards 37½—linen 50 cts.

The Phonographic Reader, a complete course of inductive Reading Lessons in Phonography, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle. 25 cts.

Phonographic and Phonotypic Documents, various sorts, by S. P. Andrews and A. F. Boyle.

PHONOGRAPHIC AND PHONOTYPIC WORKS published by Isaac Pitman, Phonographic Institution, Bath, England.

Manual of Phonography, royal 8vo. 7th edition, morocco, gilt, by Isaac Pitman, with an Appendix on the application of Phonography to Foreign Languages, by A. J. Ellis, B. A.—87½ cts. Do. do., People's Edition, without the appendix—50 cts.

The Phonotypic Journal, a monthly Magazine, 8vo., devoted to the Writing and Printing Reformation. Printed in Phonotypes—12½ cts.

The Phonographic Correspondent, containing the best reading matter for practice, instruction, &c.—10 cts.

The Ipswich Phone Press, containing a *Phonographic Dictionary*, and miscellaneous reading matter—10 cts.

The Ackworth Star, containing easy reading lessons for beginners—6¼ cts.

The Alphabet of Nature, or Contributions towards a more accurate Analysis and Symbolization of spoken Sounds. By A. J. Ellis, B. A., an invaluable work—$1:

A Plea for Phonotypy and Phonography, or Speech Printing and Speech Writing. By A. J. Ellis, Fellow of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, etc.—18¾ cts.

The Phonotypic Bible—per number 6¼ cts. *Phonographic Wafers, Pens, Pencils, &c. &c.*

☞ Booksellers, school-teachers, and others who purchase to sell again, will be allowed a liberal discount. The "Complete Phonographic Class Book" and "Phonographic Reader" will suffice to give a thorough practical knowledge of the Art. The price of the two is but 62½ cts; persons interested in the Reform are earnestly recommended to forward one, two, or three dollars, for which they will be supplied with additional reading matter in Phonography and Phonotopy, together with as many of the theoretical works advertised as the money forwarded may cover.

ANDREWS & BOYLE,
oct30 1y 389 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Fales' Cathartic Lozenges.

THOUGH prepared from a great many vegetable substances, are as palatable and pleasant to eat as any other confectionary compound.

☞ This preparation is decidedly the best among all the known cathartic preparations; for while its operation is as sure as salts, castor oil and jalap, or any other cathartic medicine, it has the advantage over all in being pleasant to eat, while all other cathartics are generally disagreeable to take. Price 25 cents per box with full directions, and may be found at the depository, 96 Commercial st.; Boston.

FALES' WORM LOZENGES

Are a safe and sure remedy for worms. Children love them. They act like a charm in removing the symptoms, such as starting in sleep, grating the teeth, paleness about the mouth and nose, occasional sickness at the stomach, precarious appetite, swelled bowels, and general feverish habits. The child falls into a quiet sleep, the worms are stupefied and expelled, and the child, as far as heard from, in every instance has been cured.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions. Sold at 96 Commercial street.

FALES' COUGH LOZENGES

Are beneficial in all common Colds and Coughs, Whooping Cough, Inflamation of the Throat and Lunge, in the Croup and Hives, and more certain to operate satisfactorily than the celebrated *Hive Syrup*. The most happy effect is obtained in a few moments; the symptoms disappear and the disease is broken up by the magical effects of these Lozenges.

Full directions accompany each box, and found at the Depository, 96 Commercial street.

FALES' DYSENTERY LOZENGES

Are a safe and agreeable remedy for Dysentary, Diarrhoea of Adults, and of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and bowel complaints of children. Particular attention must be paid to the directions which accompany each box.

FALES' CAMPHOR LOZENGES.

Are beneficial in all common and sick headache, and where there is a sense of tightness or weight over the eyes, in eruptive diseases, such as Measles and Small Pox. Also in Mania, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Hysteria, in St. Vitus' Dance, and in all cases of languor and oppression of the Vital Powers, and may be taken with safety by women and children in all conditions.

Full directions accompanying each box.

FALES' CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC.

Is now so extensively known and justly celebrated, that further comment upon it will be useless; we can say, however, with truth, that among the many thousands who have purchased the Tonic in this or other countries, none have returned with complaints, while thousands have expressed not only their approbation, but their wonder and admiration on beholding its effects,

☞ A few bottles only to be had at 96 Commercial street, Boston.

CLEAR OUT YOUR RATS.

The gnawings and antics of these destructive creatures can be hushed forever in your house or store, if you will procure a box of the genuine

MADAGASCAR RAT EXTERMINATOR.

and use it according to directions. You cannot depend upon it unless obtained of J. J. FALES, 96 Commercial street, or of the

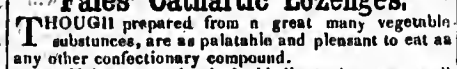
Agents.

In Lowell, Mr. Duesbury, C. P. Skelton, Wm. H. Kimball, Wm. Bradstreet, J. C. Ayer, Louis N. Tewer, Geo. st., John Dows, Lincoln, cor. Mer. & Bridge sts., Walker & Kilder, cor. Mer. and John sts.

Also, in Acton, James Tuttle; Burlington Geo. Gleason; Chelmsford, E. F. Webster; Concord, Francis Potter; Framingham, C. H. Barber; Groton, Shattuck & Co.; Hollliston, E. B. Craig, Augustin L. Hemis, T. Daniels, T. Metcalf, Griggs & Co.; Lexington, Wm. H. Smith; Littleton, Dan'l, Ball, L. H. Fletcher; Marlborough, Geo. Brigham; Pepperell, A. B. Cobleigh, Reading, J. Pratt & Sons, Daniel Moorman; Shirley, Jas. P. Whitney; Stonehnm, Amasa Farrier; Stowe, F. & T. Rice, Winthrope Robinson, Washington E. Clark; North Tewksbury, H. Kitteredge; Townsend, Joseph Blood, Emery & Green; Tyngsborough, J. C. Proctor, S. C. Wilson; Westford, Henry Griffin; Wilmington, Warden & Howard, Wm. H. Carter, Aaron Pearson; Woburn, R. B. Howe, Noah Kendall; Methuen, White & Dearborn, R. B. Annie, Josiah Dearborn & Co; Bedford Thos. Styles; Billerica, Henry Baldwin. janeGly

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tf dec29 47, Merrimack Street,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opintons pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure cuition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous nastidy, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr. Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification." To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjnn22

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preperation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whole Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. ap1y nov3

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17, 1845. 6ms&dec30

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvonic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles; but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Deer Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching; at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymun, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness; and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and infirmity affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street; with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration burst out. In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and to his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8&aply

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE.

Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original receipt obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by K. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benj. Watson. mh26 3m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 63 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs, Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B. Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies long combs and braids. Combs can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, June 21, 1845. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the mission cause by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.* J. J. JUDKINS,
mar26 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. M. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Tremont Square, or at this office. 2w

Transcribed by Google Cloud Vision

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 53.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS, MADE AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, adv1y LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING, MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,* CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS Lowell.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET,*

Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON, H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING, *No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,* LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—DEALERS IN—

Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.

No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD. tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HAYARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—

Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished on short notice and on reasonable terms. Lowell, June 8, 1845. ja8tf

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.

HOURS.—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—Agent of the—

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square. Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

W. D. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John St., over the Drug-store, sp12 6m LOWELL.

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN. Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfoov18



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE—

SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.

LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell. jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Cammercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4.

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE

T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocos, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They measure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

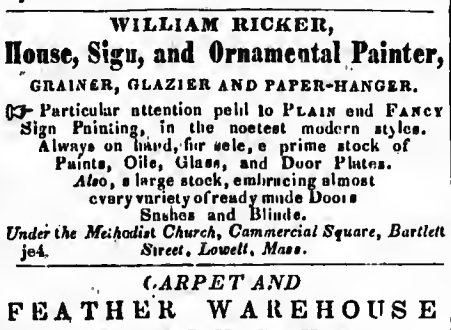
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire. sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st. Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $8.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR. Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order. Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building,* where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson,* all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY. August 8, 1845. aug8

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so great has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West Indin Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. edv1yjan29

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, (Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIBBENS,	DANIEL BENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L H. VALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOORNE,	ISAIAH BANGS,
UZIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHEEVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L H. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.

S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the above named Company, on *Buildings only,* can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

SETH AMES. Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 19, New No. 129. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. Those are inserted on Pivot or fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth in inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set or fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth in inserts thus, for six months before paying for them; and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. HOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HALL, " JOHN AYER.
GEORGE WALKER, " MARY ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. dawapost28

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE.

Rev Mr. Brewer's 20th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(KNOWN AS SUCH BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society entitled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus to add to sum assured	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$395 36	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	628 2	373 45	57 12½	1580 5
			1839	698 3½	308 50	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell and its vicinity. 1ya&p2nwaeopdec18

F. Brown's

SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 23, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular fullness of the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—H. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., & C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv2pmjly1apr4

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

"PROTECTION" FOREVER. A Society has been formed in England, to oppose the movements of the Anti-Corn Law League and sustain the Corn Laws.—It is called the "Central Society." The London Punch hits it off as follows.

THE SONG OF THE CENTRAL SOCIETY.

What makes our flag o'er distant seas,
To brave the battle and the breeze,
(Aside.) And lets us live at home in ease?
Protection!

What won the day at Waterloo,
At Trafalgar and Acre, too,
(Aside.) And helps us to put on the screw?
Protection!

What is it saves us from dissent?
What raises profits cent. per cent.,
(Aside.) And at our prices holds the rent?
Protection!

What makes our soil grow wheat and oats?
What swells your pounds to five-pound notes,
(Aside.) Besides securing country votes?
Protection!

What keeps down democratic views?
What saves our isle from wooden shoes,
(Aside) And lets us pay our mortgage dues?
Protection!

What, more than muskets, men, or mortars,
Spreads England's power thro' earth's four quarters,
(Aside.) And portions off our sons and daughters?
Protection!

What sharpen'd Watt's and Arkwright's brains?
What made power-looms, and railway trains,
(Aside.) And keeps down surely laborers' gains?
Protection!

What saves from continental meat,
And gives as much of British wheat—
(Aside.) As we can grow, not you can eat?
Protection!

From the New York Spirit of the *Times.*

ETHAN SPIKE'S FIRST AND LAST VISIT TO PORTLAND.

"Portland is the all darndest place I ever seed. I was down there in '33, to see a little about my goin to the legislatoor, and such a rum time as I had, you never heer'd tell on. Did I ever tell you about the ice cream scrape I had?"

We answered in the negative, and he resumed.

"Wall I'd been down thar, two or three days, pokin about in every hole, an' tho't I'd seen every thing there was to be seed. But one day towards sun down I was going by a shop in Middle street that looked wonderful slick—there was all manners of candy an' peppermints an jessamints an' what nots at the windows. An' then there war signs with goold letters on to them, hangin' round the door, tellin' how they sold Soda, Mead, an' Ice cream thar. I says to myself, I have heern a good deal about this 'ere ice cream, an' now I'll be darned if I won't see what they'r made of. So I puts my hands into my pookets an' walked in kinder careless an' says to a chap standing behind the counter—

"Do you keep any ice creams here?

"Yes sir," says he, "how much 'll have?"

"I considered a minit on't, says I—a pint, sir."

Tho young feller's face swelled out, an' he liked to have laughed right out, but after a while he asked—

"D'd you ssy a pint, sir?"

"Sartin," says I, "but p'raps you don't retail, so I don't mind takin' a quart."

Well don't you think the feller snorted right out. Tell yer what, it made me feel sort o'pison, an' I give him a look that made him look sober in about a minit, an' when I clenched my fists and looked so at him, (here Mr Spikes favored us with a most diabolical expression) he hauled in his horns about the quickest, an' handed me a pint of the stuff as perlite as he could be. Wall, I tasted some of it, an' found it as cool as the north side o' Bethel hill in January. I'd half a mind to spit it out, but jest then I seed the confectioner chap grinning behind the door, which riz my spunk. Gall smash it all, thinks I, I'll not let that white livered monkey think I' am afeered—I'll eat the darned stuff if it freezes my inards. I tell yer what, I'd rather skinned a bear or whipped a wild cat, but I went it. I eat the whole in about a minit.

"Wal, in about a quarter of an hour I began to feel kinder gripy about here," continued Ethan' pointing to the lower parts of his stomach. "an' kept on feelin" no better very fast, till at last it seemed as though I'd got a steam ingen sawin' shingles in me. I sot down on a cheor and bent myself up like a nut cracker, thinkin' I'd grin an' bear it, but I couldn't set still—I twisted and squirmed about like an angle worm on a hook, at last the chap as 'gin me the cream, who had been lookin' on snickerin' says to me.

"Mister," says he, "what ails yer?"

"Ails me!" says I, "that are darned stuff of your'n is freezing up my daylights," says I.

"You eat to much," says he.

"I tell yer I didn't," screamed I. "I know what's a'nuf an' what's too much without askin' you, and if you don't leave off snickerin' I'll spile your face."

He cottened right down, and said he didn't mean any hurt, and asked me if I hadn't better take some gin. I told him I would. So I took a purty good horn and left the shop.

"After I got out," continued Ethan, "I fell better for a minit or so, but I hadn't gone fur afore the gripes took me again," so I went into another shop and took some more gin; then I sot down on the State House steps and there I sot and sot, but didn't feel darned a mite better. I began to think I was going to kick the bucket, an' then I thought of mother and father an' of old spanker, that's father's horse—and when

I thought that I should never see 'em agin," I fairly blubbered. But then I happened to look up and see a dozen boys grinnin' an' larfin' at me, I tell yer what, it riz my dander, that had got down below *zero*, right up again. I sprung at 'em like a wild cat, hollerin' out that I'd shake their ternal gizzards out, an' the way the little devils scampered was a caution to nobody. But after the 'citement of the race was over, I felt wus agin, and I couldn't help groanin an' screechin as I went along.

At last I thought I'd go to the theatre, but afore I got there the gripes got so strong that I had to go behind a meetin' house and lay down and holler. Arter a while I got up and went into a shop and eat a half a dollar's wuth of biled isters with four pickeled cowcumbers, and wound up with a glass of brandy. Then I went into the theatre and seed the plays, but I felt so tarnally that I couldn't see any fun in 'em, for I dont think the isters and the cowcumbers dun me any good. I sot down, laid down, and stood up, but still it went on gripe, gripe. I groaned all the time, and once in a while I was obleeged to screech kinder easy. Every body stared at me somebody called out—"turn him out!" once or twice. But at last just as the nigger Orthello was going to put the piller on his wife's face to smother her, there came such a twinge through me, that I really thought I was bustin' up, an I yelled out—"Oh dear! oh scissors!" so loud that the old theatre rung again. Such a row you never seed: the nigger dropped the piller, and Deuteronemy—or what you call her there—his wife jumped off the bed and run, while every body in the theatre was all up in a muss, some larfin," some swearin." The upshot of it was, the perlice carried me out of the theatre and told me to make myself scarce.

Wall, as I didn't feel any better I went into a shop close by, an called for two glasses of brandy; arter swallowin' it, I went hum to the tavern. I sot down and tried to think I felt better, but 'twas no go; the blessed old ingine was still wallowin' away inside; so I went out and eat a quarters worth of isters an a piece of mince pie. Then I went back and told the tavern keeper that I felt kinder sick, and thought I'd take some Caster ile, a mouthful of cold meat and a strong glass of whiskey punch and thon go to bed. He got the fixens, which I took and went to bed.

But tell yer what, I had rather a poor night. Sometimes I was awake groanin' and hollerin," and when I was asleep I'd better bin awake, for I had such awful dreams. Sometimes I thought I was skinin' a bear, and then by some hocus pocus 'twould all change t'other side to, and the tarnal critter would be skinin me.

Then, agin, I'd dream that I was rollin' logs with the boys, and jest as I'd be shoutin out—"now then!—here she goes!"—everything would get reversed agin—I was a log, and the boys were prying me up with their hand spikes. Then I'd wake up and screech and roar—then off to sleep agin—to dream that Spanker had run away with me, or that father was whopping me, or some other piagy thing, till mornin."

When I got up I hadn't any appetite for breakfast, and the tavern keeper told me that if I was goin' to carry on screamin' and groanin' as I had the night afore, my room was better than my company.

"I hain't," said Mr Spike in conclusion "I hain't bin to Portland since, but if I live to be as old as Mathusalem, I shall never forget that all fired ice cream."

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

Eight days later from England.

There is but little additional news to what was brought by the Great Western.

Wilmer & Smith's European Times says, the accounts from the United States by the Hibernia, to the beginning of April have excited a good deal of attention. The message of Mr Polk to congress is not considered warlike; and indeed some of the public writers profess to see the best guarentee for the continuance of peace, in the expense to which the country will be put by arming for a conflict. Seventy millions of dollars bestowed upon putting the army and navy on a footing for commencing the emergency of the case, would induce every man who contributed his quota to that astounding sum to inquire into its necessity.

Cotton has risen one eighth on the receipt of the news of short crops here by the Hibernia.

The London Examiner says England loves Peace but is ready for War.

The arrivals of produce have been large.

Nothing new has transpired on the Oregon subject, and matters remain in *statu quo*.

Corn trade. Since the Great Western sailed, there has been an improved demand for wheat, and the prices have risen somewhat. In Liverpool the corn trade is better. Several cargoes have arrived in Dublin.

France. About 5 1-2 o'clock on Thursday, as Louis Phillipe was returning from his drive in the forest of Fontainbleau, a man seated upon the wall, fired at the King. Several balls struck inside the carriage, but no one was injured. His family were with him. The assassin was arrested. His name is Laconate.—He is an old General, guardian of the forest. [Journal des Debats.

England. The news is distressing—in some parts of Tipperary the peasantry, unable to resist longer the cravings of hunger, have broken into the shops and helped themselves. The town of Clommell is in a state of seige, and the poor starving people are only kept down by fear of the bayonet.

Spain. The latest accounts from Spain announce the very gratifying fact that Narvaez has been driven out of the country. He has fled to the South of France.

No further action has taken place on the tariff bill. The discussion of the Coercion bill has taken precedence of all other measures.

The king of Prussia is desirous to remodal the Zollverein treaty.

The Cambria run ashore on the beach, off Truro, Cape Cod, about five miles south of the Highland Lights, from whence she has not yet been removed.—The passengers, mails, &c., were taken off by other boats. When she struck she was in charge of a Halifax pilot, and was about thirty miles south of her usual course. When relieved of her great weight of coal she will probably ride away.

New York Money Market. There is an active business doing in flour and grain—holders having dropped the price of Genesee to $4,87 1-2. Enquiries have come into market, and sales about ten thousand barrels, Thursday and to-day 20,000 bushels of corn have been taken for export. [New York Express of Thursday last.

☞ We are enjoying excellent grass weather just now.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1846.

THE MAIL AND ITS PROTECTIVE ARGUMENTS.

In discussing with the Mail the question of whether or not the tariff is the *only* barrier between the free labor of this country and the pauper labor of Europe in both the articles we have written upon this issue (as our readers will remember without a repetition of them) we asked the Mail man, that a fair argument might be had, and that he might have an opportunity to meet our objections to his position to answer certain definite questions. In both his articles, he has omitted to comply with our request. And now he has the unblushing effroatery to say—"The Lowell Advertiser has more adroitness in shifting positions when cornered in argument, and in harping on unimportant points of its own creation, than fairness in meeting facts with facts," though in our last article we told him if he would answer the questions we put, we in turn, would answer twice as many such as he might choose to ask. True, had he answered them, he must have contradicted his original position or his subsequent argument, answer them as he would. But we supposed he had liberality and independence enough to acknowledge his error, and try and make the most of some new point when the old one failed him. But we fear we were inclined to give him more credit than he was deserving of. In his articles he has taken the position that a tariff is the *only* barrier between labor in this country and the pauper labor of Europe; and also argued that there are *other* barriers. Now both can't be true. If the toriff is the *only* barrier there cannot be *other* barriers; if there are *other* barriers the tarriff cannot be the *only* one. The Mail must be mistaken in one or the other of these positions; and it could not have answered our questions without admitting it.

We not only said the tariff is not the *only* barrier or cause of difference hotween labor here and in Europe, but that it was no cause whetever of the difference. We shew this, at least to our own satisfaction, by the fact that ninety-nine hundredths of the laborers of the country, engaged in business that neither is nor can be protected, received quite as good pay as laborers engaged in business that is protected. We went farther; we shew what were the causes of difference between both the *prices of labor here* and *there*, and also between the *profits of capital here* and *there*.—The Mail has not disputed a word we said, nor pointed out a single fallacy in our reasoning or conclusions; so there is no occasion to repeat our argument, either to fortify our reasoning or sustain our facts. To be sure it says the speciousness of our arguments will be seen if we permit the great home market to be cut off by breaking down our manufacturers. But this is said without attempting to detect and point out their speciousness. We are much inclined to think the Mail man could'nt find any difference between what he was pleased to term resemblance to truth and the truth itself, and come to his conclusions from prejudice rather than reason. As to the speciousness of our arguments being seen if we break down home manufactures, if we could honestly, we would say the speciousness of his argument would be seen, but we cannot say it even in the remotest degree resembles truth, and therefore must say, the absurdity of his argument, that with a revenue tariff manufactures will be broken down, must be seen when we consider that a revenue tariff will give from 20 to 40 per ct. protection on every thing, and that 3-4 of our manufactures can compete with the world without protection, as is proved by the fact that a portion of three fourths of all the different articles of our manufactura seak the markets of the world. Such is the fact with our common boots and shoes, common cotton goods, our machinery and locomotives, and almost every kind and quality of manufactures made in the country, to any extent, except fine cotton and woollen goods.

All the Mail says is based upon the assumed, conditional position *if manufacturers are broken down*. Already has the Mail man been told that we agree with him, if manufacturers are broken down distress will follow; and that if he shows that manufacturing will be broken down under a revenue tariff he then makes a legitimate argument. But till he shows that under a revenue tariff manufactures *will* be broken down, all he says is mere wind, because deduced from a premise not established and which is *untrue*.

Now, Mr Mail will you answer the questions we have before put; and also show, *how* a change of the present tariff to a revenue one, will break down manufacturers? We say it will not because three quarters of the articles we manufacture need no protection, and all, both those that do need it and those that do not need it, will be protected from 20 to 40 per ct. under a revenue tariff.

When the Mail will fairly meet the arguments we have made, we are prepared to then take another step, and show that a tariff giving capitalists from 25 to 40 per ct. dividends, as are made under the present protective tariff, depresses the price of the whole labor of the country. We don't propose to *assume* it is so, but we propose to *prove* it is so; and if we fail in the attempt, we will acknowledge our error.

What say Mr Mail, will you come to the point and answer the questions that we may proceed? We can't take new points so long as you dodge the old ones. Settle one thing before taking up another is a rule that should never be departed from.

The Union completed on the first day of May, its first year under the charge of Messrs. Ritchie & Heiss. On all the great questions of the day, the Sub-Treasury, Tariff, Mexican relations, and Oregon it has taken the true democratic and American ground, and ably sustained it. We are happy to learn, as we do by the address of the publishers to the people at the commencement of the present year, that the Union has in a pecuniary point of view more than met the expectations of the proprietors. One year since, the whigs were predicting the total annihilation of the Union in less than six months—false prophets as ever.

Nashua Gazette. This paper, recently purchased by Wm. Butterfield, now sole editor and proprietor, has come out with a new and much improved head. Mr Butterfield was editor of the Lowell Advertiser, and the Patriot for about a year, during the campaign of '40; but was obliged to give up business on account of ill-health. He did good service in the democratic cause while here, and made numerous strong and lasting friends by his manly and independent course. The democracy of Hillsborough county may rejoice that they have so able and honorable a man to defend and develope their principles.

Lowell Institution for Savings in account with James G. Carney, Treasurer.

DR.

To amount loaned State of Massachusetts,			$109,640
" " "	City of Lowell,		190,800
" " "	Town of Charlestown,		61,000
" " "	"	Cambridge,	15,000
" " "	"	Medford,	14,100
" " "	"	Woburn,	5,000
" " "	"	Framingham,	3,100
" " "	"	Lunenburg,	1,800
" " "	County of	Middlesex,	10,000
" " "	on	Bank Stock,	21,000
" " "	on	mortgage of Real Estate,	231,408 70
" " "	to	Banks in Massachusetts,	50,000
" "	paid for	68 shares Lowell Bank,	13,800
" "	"	167 " Eagle do.,	16,700
" "	"	146 " N.England do.	14,600
" "	"	216 " Stata do.,	12,960
" "	"	120 " City do.,	12,000
" "	"	120 " Globe do.,	12,000
" "	"	120 " Hamilton do.,	12,000
" "	"	130 " Market do.,	9,100
" "	"	68 " Railroad do.,	5,100
" "	"	34 " Bunker Hill do.,	3,400
" "	"	60 " Boston do.,	3,000
" "	"	30 " Concord do.,	3,000
			$772,508 70

The net amount of interest to May 2, '46, is	$22,189 47
The amt. of the 36th divid'd, payable than, is	13,341 26
Leaving a surplus of	$8,848 21

JAMES G. CARNEY, Treasurer.

Lowell, April 29, 1846.

LOWELL, April 29, 1846.

The subscribers, a Committee of the Trustees, have examined the above account and find it correctly cast and properly vouched. They also find the amount of the 36th dividend, payable May 2, next, to be thirteen thousand three hundred and forty-one 26 100 dollars.

LEMUEL PORTER,
JOHN AVERY.

The Treasurer of the Lowell Institution for Savings, herewith presents his 34th semi-annual account with the Institution.

1672 new accounts have been opened within the last year, depositing, with the other depositors, $330,471 56; and 1181 accounts have been closed, withdrawing, together with partial paymonts on accounts not closed, $254,450 61; leaving an increase of 491 in the number of the depositors, and of $76,020 95 in the amount deposited.

This increase is much the largest which has ever taken place in the year succeeding the division of the surplus profits. Many of the larger deposites being withdrawn, after these settlements, to meet engagements made to run out just at such time as will enable the holders to realize their share of the extra dividend. Over sixty thousand dollars, principally of this description of deposites, was paid out in the first six weeks of the year. The income during the year is, also, larger than the gain of any previous year, in the relative addition to the number of the depositors, as compared with the amount deposited—a very desirable result, as showing an extended use of the Institution by the class for whose benefit such institutions are especially established.

The Board of Investment have been enabled to invest the funds, since the last annual report, at favorable rates, considering the high character of the securities required by the by-laws; and to anticipate the receipts of the present quarter as profitably for the institution,

By amount received of 4679 depositors, per certificates of Trustees,	$750,645 77
By net amount of interest on loans and dividends on Stocks, less dividends and expenses paid,	8,698 57
By amount received of Lowell Bank, by over-draft of account,	13,164 36
	$772,508 70

as to induce them to obtain the necessary funds, by temporary over-draft, for that purpose. It will be perceived that the net surplus, after making the next dividend, will be Eight thousand eight hundred and forty-eight dollars and twenty-one cents; the largest amount accumulated in any one year, and giving encouragement to hope for a very considerable surplus at the end of the present five years.

The experience of the last nine months has conclusively proved the wisdom of the policy which caused the erection of the Savings Bank Building, the cost of which is included in the amount entered as loaned on real estate. And the confident anticipations advanced in the Treasurer's last report, have already been more than realized. Constructed with a view to the existing and increasing wants of the institution, it has provided for them, for a long time to come, by increased facilities for transacting its business with much greater convenience and comfort to its depositors; while, as an investment, setting aside its Bank stocks, and charging no rent for its own spacious Banking Rooms, it is the best the institution holds. The feeling of safety as to the books and securities, is also greatly increased, as, in addition to the safeguards used to this end in the erection of the building, and the construction and protection of the vaults, a private watch, with a watch clock, is sustained at the expense of the three Banks. By this clock it can be known, every day, whether the watchman visited the Banking Room of each Bank, and passed in front of each vault in each half hour of the previous night or not. Thus giving to the Lowell Banks a more perfect and thorough night-watch and care than is known to be had in any other Banks in New England. It remains for those of us who have charge of the funds during the day, by a continued and quiet perseverance in the path which has won the trust and confidence of the community, to preserve, unimpaired, this great power to do good.

Respectfully submitted.

JAMES G. CARNEY, Treasurer.

Lowell, May 1, 1846.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, May 1, 1846, *Voted*, That the foregoing account, certificate and report, be published in the newspapers published in this city.

Attest: JAMES G. CARNEY, Treasurer.

Mr Ashmun is a man of talent and a man of nerve. [Courier.

When Ingersoll gave Ashmun the lie, and told him what he said was the lie of a coward, he skulked, and prated for a few moments about New England not tolerating duels, and not being drawn into a personal controversy with the aged member from Pennsylvania, and sat down. There is *nerve* for ye! There is the "bold, *open-mouthed* man, who, when occasion requires it, can talk plain, and give his opinion of men and things, without fear or favor," that the Courier man so much admires for his *nerve* and *open-mouthedness*.

What is more dastardly than for a man to use the language of a blackguard, and skulk behind professed peace principles to save being kicked?

☞ Sixty prime looking, Maine girls, real "corn-fed," have arrived in Lowell, to work in the Merrimack factory. [Star.

We calculate, Corporal, that these young ladies will "*corn-fed*" ente to make youn *falling* star if you run against their *grain* in this fashion. They are delicately reared and "as good as wheat." [Bee.

If they have been "delicately reared," God help them ere a twelve month, unless they make *falling* stars of full sixty valiant corporals.

☞ We acknowledge the error to which the Courier referred us, in our remarks upon Ingersoll and Webster. We should not have said the whole whig press are publishing in *flaming capitals*, what Mr W. in his late speech, said of John Tyler; but should have said, the whole whig press are publishing the late speech of Mr Webster, headed in *flaming capitals*, in which he says—

"THE LATE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN ALL THINGS RESPECTING THE EXPENDITURE OF THE PUBLIC MONEYS, WAS REMARKABLY CAUTIOUS, EXACT AND PARTICULAR."

☞ The Boston Times thinks that the Hon. Berker Burnell the cashier of the Manufacturer's and Mechanic's Bank of Nantucket, has not yet exonerated himself from all blame. The Nantucket Warder says, that the affairs of the bank are now, and must have been last November, when the cashier swore to its debts and resources, in the most inextricable confusion. "The result of the result" in this matter, to use a famous whig phrase, remains to be seen.

☞ Two steamboats will commence running in a few weeks from Newburyport, the one to Boston and the other up the Merrimack river to Haverhill. A correspondent of the Herald thinks by expending a few hundred dollars in rendering the river navigable, a suitable boat might run from Newburyport to the foot of Hunt's Falls in Lowell. Our Tewksbury and Belvidera friends would be happy to have this plan carried out.

☞ Bixby has the following new works which we shall notice in our next:—*Uncle John*, by Mrs. Opie; *A year with the Franklins, or, to suffer and be strong*, by E. Jane Cutter Nos 77 and 78 of the *Illustrated Shakespeare*; No 53 of the *Illuminated Bible*.—Nevels: *The French Minister, or, Son's Revenge*, translated from the French; and *Piers and Parsenas*, by Mrs Gore.

Hindoo Mythology. This is a little book giving a great many views of the gods worshipped by the heathen, many of which we think are more becoming objects of worship than the gods of some of those in our own land. Read it, and judge for yourselves.—Jenkins, 29 Central st., has it, for sale.

Old. The Fayetteville Observer states that Mr. Wm. Pridgen died lately in Bladen Co., North Carolina, aged *one hundred and twenty-four years*. He served in the Revolution, though quite an old man; and has left great grand children over forty years of age.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, April 30.

In the Senate, the resolution offered by Mr Bevier, authorizing a compilation of business records and operations of the Treasury Department, was taken up. Mr Allen supported the resolution. He had seen one volume already prepared of the compilation, and an index of the next, and pronounced the work a great, substantial and desirable desideratum—a compilation of jewels.

Mr J. M. Clayton thought the work would be valuable for use in the Treasury Department.

Mr Evans laughed at the idea that it was a "work of jewels." He had never seen a more trashy, useless work in his life.

Mr Wetcott of Florida, said he had understood the work was compiled by Dr Mayo, who had written a book defaming President Jackson. He would give no person public employment who would defame any President.

Mr Archer thought a work might be valuable whoever compiled it.

Mr Benton ridiculed "this work of jewels," and read from a volume of it before him, specimens of its jewels, in a merry way. He was utterly astonished to hear senators get up and recommend such miserable stuff as valuable jewels, about which they knew nothing.

The House met in the morning and immediately adjourned over to Monday, to give time for cleaning Representative's Hall.

Friday, May 1st neither house was in session.

Appointments by the President—*by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.* Benj. Patterson, to be marshal of the United States for northern district of Alabama from and after the 8th of May, 1846, when his present commission expires.

Wilson Knott, to be deputy postmaster at Newark, N. J., vice John J. Plume, removed.

John T. Mason, jr., to be a purser in the navy, vice Purser Robert J. Moore, deceased.

John F. Steele, to be a purser in the navy, vice Purser Thomas E. Norris, resigned.

Edward C. Doren, to be a purser in the navy, vice Purser Philo White, resigned.

Wm. B. Hartwell, to be a purser in the navy, vice purser C. C. Rice, deceased.

Congress. In the House on Tuesday, Mr Johnson, of New Hampshire, presented the petition of Charles D. Abdell, Joshua Allen, and eleven hundred and fifty others, citizens of Hampden county, Massachusetts, praying that the law of Congress, passed in August, 1842, placing the national armories under military government, may be repealed, and the same placed under civil government as heretofore.

Singular case of love and desperation. Some time in February, says the Rochester Advertiser, we gave an account of an attempt by Mary Ann Walch to shoot a Mr Levi Grey, formerly of Albion, Orleans co., at Lafayette, In., whom she charged with being the father of her child. We have since learned that the woman was formerly a resident of this city, and boarded for a time on Mortimar street

She had previously made a similar attempt upon his life at Ashtabula, Ohio, and after his incarceration in Prison at Lafayette, she exhibited herself and child about the streets relating the story of her wrongs with eloqeence of tears and exacting the sympathy of the people. She declared her determination to get Fast, leave her child with her friends, and use the balance of an "ill-spent life" in vengeance upon her seducer.

The last Dayton Transcript says that she was in that city a few days ago, dressed in men's clothes, on her way to the place where her seducer resides. She was armed to the teeth and her determined manner left no doubt but that she was fully resolved to put her threat into execution. She had left her child at home and assumed this disguise to be able more effectually to accomplish her purpose.

Ingersoll and Webster. We perceive that some of the whig papers are not now quite so confident of Mr Webster's escape untarnished as they were before the committee of investigation was appointed. The Washington correspondent of the New York Courier says—

"Whetever the result of this investigation may be as it respects Mr Webster, it can, in no event, redeem the character of Mr Ingersoll. He, in the first place, made a series of charges which he has been compelled to abandon as false, and if even the second series shall be found to be based, by a perversion of facts, upon colorable pretence, it will by no means clear him from the imputation of having commenced this attack with a disregard for truth, and with a malevolent intent to vilify and traduce the character of the eminent statesman he has assailed."

This seems to be begging the question—an effort, should Mr Webster fail, to prostrate Mr Ingersoll with him. [Post.

A real scamp. A young woman appeared at the police office at the Tombs and entered a complaint against her husband, Joseph Franch, to whom she had been but lately married in New Orleans. From her statement it appears that her maiden name was Mary Ford. She had by her industry and frugality contrived to lay up about $700, when she became acquainted with French, to whom she was married, and in company with whom she left New Orleans for this city, where they arrived last Saturday. On Tuesday evening the lately married couple walked out up the Bowary. While passing along the street French asked his wife for the key of her trunk, alleging as a reason for so doing, that she might lose it, as he himself had just dropped a key upon the sidewalk. Having thus obtained the key he contrived to leave her standing in the street while he went into a porter house. She waited for a long time, but her husband did not make his appearance, and she accordingly procured the aid of some person to show her the way to her boarding house in Robinson street, where she arrived a few minutes after French had left with $650 in gold, which he had taken from his wife's trunk. He has not since been heard of. [N. Y. Tribune.

Free trade in France. The Observateur Francais announces the establishment of a free trade league at Bordeaux. "It will thus be seen," adds the Observateur Francais, after some details, "that the impulse is given. No doubt, immediately all the great ports of France—Marseilles, Havre, Nantez—will respond to the appeal made to them by Bordeaux; likewise all the manufacturing towns will follow the example; they will hoist the flag of that revolution of which England with unabated energy, has given the signal."

☞ The contractors have arrived in town, and are just about to commence putting up the bridge across the great canal from near Horace Howard's lumber yard to the "red house" on Middlesex street. The bridge is put up as a continuation of the Nashua & Lowell Railroad. The company are about to erect a merchandise depot on Middlesex street near the "red house above mentioned.

☞ Nimrod, can you tell who was the first man? Adam somebody. His father wasn't nobody;—and he never had no mother, on account of the scarcity of women and the pressure of the times.

Cultivate flowers. John G. Locke, Esq., has a very extensive variety of choice flowers for sale. Also, many varieties of fine fruit trees.

☞ The Union of Tuesday night announces that the President, in the exercise of his "discretion," will promptly give the notice.

☞ The city government was organized on Monday in Cambridge.

An unsexed woman. A young woman was recently taken to the New York City Hospital from Anthony street, with a broken leg, who goes by the name of "Johnny." It is said that she has acted in the capacity of stage driver nearly three years on one of the omnibus routes in the city. Dressed in male apparel, she chewed tobacco, smoked segars, drank brandy, and swore as valiantly as any of her confederates, and her sex was never discovered. It was during this time that she adopted this name which is now the only one by which she is known.

☞ By reference to the report of the Savings Bank, it will be seen that this institution is in a highly prosperous condition; for which those interested have in a great measure to thank its principal officer, Jas. G. Carney, a gentleman of most accurate business habits, and entire integrity, and a very able financier.

Fifty-four forty. The real 54° 40 democracy of Philadelphia had a large gathering at the Chinese Museum on Friday evening last, and were addressed by several members of Congress, among whom were Hon. C. J. Ingersoll, and Hon. O. B. Ficklin, from Illinois. [Times.

☞ Capt. Fremont has been so fortunate as to discover a new route or pass, by which California can can be reached by emigrants in 60 days less time than by the old route *via* Oregon. This new route is perfectly practicable for wheeled vehicles.

☞ The Boston & Lowell Railroad Co. are now putting up the frame of a new building just by the brick engine depot, on Middlesex street. It is to be about 130 feet long, and about 40 deep.

☞ A sailmaker on Whales'a warf in this city has adopted this motto:—"large sails and small profits." [Boston Post.

To get the "profits," Colonel, he must advertise in the Post.

☞ Frances Read, with a party of other young ladies went to visit Niagara Falls, and approaching too near the precipice became dizzy and fell into the rapids. She has not been found.

Northern scene. Nicholas Pinkham, of Anharn, a grey headed man of *sixty*, has been sentenced by our S. J. court, recently sitting in this city, to the state prison for life, for a rape on a girl *thirteen years* old! [Eastern Argus.

☞ By an extra from the Rochester N. Y. Advertiser we learn that the whole block of buildings from the Arcade on Buffalo street, to Hamilton's bookstore on State street, was burnt about 1 o'clock on Saturday morning. [Post.

The National Intelligencer circulates a street rumor that Congress will adjourn in June, in order to commence the next session in October; and that therefore the tariff will not be modified this session! [Post.

"Fifty-four forty." The vote of the Senate on Mr Critteaden's notice resolution, smacks strongly of 54—40!—*there being just 54 senators voting, and 40 voting in the affirmative.* So says a Jo-cose friend. [Augusta Age.

☞ The duties secured on merchandise into Boston the last month, were $460,000—during the corresponding month (April) the last year, $429,000.

American enterprise. There are twenty-two of Norris' locomotive engines ready for the railroads in Austria. Complimentary to our mechanics.

Mr Webster. The chairman of the Committee of investigation on the charges of Ingersoll against Webster, have sent to Maine for witnesses.

☞ The postmaster of Newburyport has taken the advertising of the list of letters from the Herald (whig) and given it to the Advertiser, (dem.)

☞ Four attempts have been made to fire Hartford, Ct.

☞ The weather is delightful.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The Cambria has been got off in safety. She is reported not to be injured in the least.

A whale-ship has been burned in the harbor of Honolulu, having on board 150 barrels of sperm and 1500 of whale oil.

The Union says—"The report is that the Mexicans intend to postpone their operations until the 1st June, in order to allow the governments to arbitrate the matter, but no reliance can be placed upon what they say."

Bordentown, N. J., Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has been in the market some six or seven years. The universal celebrity which this medicine has gained over all others throughout the whole country, is enough to convince the most incredulous of the great value of it, and encourage those who are sick to try it. I have long felt it my duty, and wished for an opportunity to express to you my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from it. I have been rescued from the grave, and saved from that most terrible disease, consumption, by using it. Last winter after I took a bad cold, I was troubled with a severe cough for several weeks, so that my appetite and strength failed me. I was obliged to give up business, leave my bench and shop. I had all the alarming symptoms of consumption, such as pain in the side, sweating nights, &c. I tried many kinds of medicine, but all in vain, until I procured a bottle of DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which by faith and perseverance, finally saved my life, and cured me entirely. I have not enjoyed as good health for twelve years past as I do now.

THOMAS BENNETT.

We are personally acquainted with Mr Bennett. The public may rely upon the truth of his statement.

WHITALL STOKES,
GEORGE PARKER.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pmar4

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by *I. J. JUDKINS*, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor, —W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfadvmar26

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MERRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED,

In this city, April 26, by H. G. Smith, Mr Philip L. Carter to Miss Martha E. York.

In this city, April 30, by Rev M. A. H. Niles, Mr Edward Hutchins to Miss Abby W. Lincoln.

In this city, May 3, by Rev Lemuel Porter, Mr Cleaveland J. Cheney to Miss Catharine J. Bean.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending May 2, 1846.

April 27, Mary Ann Haynes, 18 years, lung fever; Elizabeth H. Brown, 4, croup; Sarah H. Brown, 9, lung fever; Harriet G. Brown, 6, inflammation of brain; Elizabeth Whittier, 6, lung fever; George F. Nason, 6, scarlet fever; 29, Mary Donovan, 34, consumption; John Murphy, 20, small pox; 30, James Riley, 5, ——; Joanna White, 33, consumption; Marietta Sheldon, 15 months, lung fever; May 1, Richard Reynolds, 42, yrs, dropsy; Elizabeth R. Abbott, 35, disease of the heart; Ann P. Dalton, 4, scarlet fever; 2, Thomas French, 78, diabetes.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

To be Let.

A LARGE ROOM adjoining the Lowell Reading-Room, over the Post Office, suitable for a lawyer, doctor, or miniature painter. Rent low—may be entered immediately. Enquire at the Reading-Room.

May 5th, 1846. my5tf

I. O. of O. F.

AN adjourned meeting of VERITAS LODGE, No. 49, I. O. of O. F., will be holden on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 6th, at ½ to 8 o'clock, at the Merrimack Lodge-Room, Market street.

my5 1t E. G. RICHARDSON, N. G.

Lowell Institution for Savings.

THE Annual Meeting of the Lowell Institution for Savings for the choice of officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting, will be held in the Banking-Rooms of the Institution, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of May next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon.

JAMES G. CARNEY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. my5 1t

☞ POSTPONED TILL TUESDAY. ☜

Middlesex Horticultural Society.



THE FIRST EXHIBITION of the Society for this season will be given on TUESDAY afternoon, the 5th of May at Mechanic's Hall. The Exhibition will be open for visitors from half past two until half past five. The Society will also give a COLLATION the same evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the funds of the Society. Music will be furnished.

Tickets for the Collation, 25 cents—to be had at the usual places. Per order.

Lowell, April 28, 1846. ap30 3t

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be holden at the Committee Room, City Hall, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any further business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. CURTIS, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations. Per order.

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. my8tm

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by having a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein, living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

By P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to said judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846.

my8w3w5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Canisteo, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water-st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

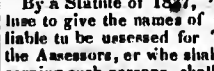
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—April 27th, 1846.

IN INSOLVENCY. In the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said County, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor. I hereby call the Second Meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on SATURDAY, the ninth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and said creditors are hereby notified that I have been appointed Assignee of said Colburn. ITHAMAR W. BEARD,

adv3tmay2 Assignee.

Teeth! Teeth!

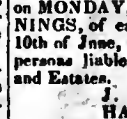


DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

ap11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

WAGER & DATERS

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. up28

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated end Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON, }
NATHAN FURTER. } sp28 a1m

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Wednesday next.*



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered fastened Ship PARIS, *Symmes*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hyuson, Agent at New Orleans. m4

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF. Goes up to the city without lightering. *This Day.*



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Ship WILLIAM GODDARD, *Potter*, master, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUE WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Jobn Phillips Agent at Mobile. m4

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m1

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Saturday.*

The fine packet ship STERLING, *Sanders* master, will receive what freight may offer & sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m4

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

"BEDLAMANIA:" being selections from the Vermont Asylum Journal, or "crazy folks paper," compiled and revised by its former Editor; for sale wholesale and retail by JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmny2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Notice!

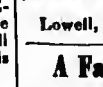
THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscriber and MICHAEL KENNEDY, under the firm of *Keating & Kennedy*, is this day dissolved.—All persons having demands against said firm, and all persons indebted to it, will settle with the subscribor.

JAMES KEATING.

Lowell, May 2, 1846. adv3tmay2

A Factory to be Sold at Auction.

To be sold at Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 7th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.,



A Factory Building in Byfield, about 5 miles from Newburyport, and 4 miles from the Rowley Depot of the Eastern Railroad. The main building is of wood, with a heavy stone basement, 3 stories high above the basement. There are belonging to the property, and to be sold with it, about 7 acres of Land, 4 Dwelling-Houses, with tenements for 10 or 12 families, a Store, Stables, and other out buildings, and the old machinery. The water power is good.

For terms, which will be made convenient to the purchaser, inquire of Col. JOSIAH TITCOMB, Byfield, EDMUND LE BRITON, Esq., at Newburyport, or of the subscriber, at his office, 4 Court street.

ap18 1sts THEOPHILUS PARSONS.

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard.

JOS. GRIFFIN,
Sup't of Streets.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28 a&r

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

Enquire of A. R. BROWN.

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Cobern's Block, Central street. ap21

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.t

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfder28 47, Merrimack Street.

Piano-Fortes.

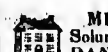


T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Bruttle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE

Boston, April 6, 1946. n6wnpr19

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencin, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. e28

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood!—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. aAplymar5

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMIANA: being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 26 Merrimack st. ap30 a&r

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Linens.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, May 12, 13, and 14, at 9 and 2 o'clock,—By far the largest stock of Linen Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of all the variety of goods manufactured from Linen, brought directly from Ireland by the man himself. Families and Dealers will find this a very favorable opportunity to purchase, as the stock will amount to more than $2000 worth, and a better variety than can be found in Lowell or Boston at retail. Description of Goods hereafter. They will be arranged in the chamber over our Sale-room and exhibited several days before the sale, of which due notice will be given.

Imagery, Busts, &c.

On THURSDAY, May 7, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at office.—A large lot of Imagery, Busts, &c. The assortment is large, and consists of many varieties. Particulars hereafter.

Mortgagee's Sale of Watches, Jewelry, Pocket Cutlery, &c., &c.

On SATURDAY next, May 9th, at 10 and 2 o'clock to be continued in the evening if all is not sold.—An extensive stock of a retailer in the neighboring city, consisting of very superior fine Gold English and Anchor Lever Watches—Lepin and half plate Cylinder Escapements—Verge and Quartier Watches—Gold Guard and Fob Chains, some very high cost—Cameo and other rich gold Bosom Pins—Gold and Silver Pencils—elegant Pocket Knives—Razors, Scissors, &c., &c. Catalogues will be published, and the Goods may be seen on the morning of the sale. Every article will be sold without reserve according to the arrangement on the catalogue. Dealers are invited to examine the stock.

At Private Sale.

A Farm in North Tewksbury village, consisting of 25 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Household Furniture, Carpenter's Shop, and Dwelling House.

On SATURDAY, May 9th, at 9½ o'clock, a.m., at office,—A large lot of Household Furniture, together with the balance of new Tin Ware, by order of Mortgagee.

At 2 o'clock, p.m., same day, on the premises—A Carpenter's Shop situated near the corner of Central and North streets, the same occupied by A. K. Hood.

At 3 o'clock, on the premises—A convenient Dwelling-House and about 2000 feet of Land, situated on Cady st. Said House contains six rooms, is pleasantly located, and in every way desirable. Terms easy.

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises—the Life Estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, an insolvent debtor, in the Farm now occupied by said Colburn in said Dracutt, subject to a mortgage now amounting to about six hundred dollars.

By order of ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846.

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, 1 lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 13,421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first-rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft. lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Sumner Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor.

Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

Valuable Real Estate!

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, at 11½ o'clock, a.m., on the premises, on Lowell (just above Dummer street,) a block divided into 8 tenements, renting for about $700 per annum. This property is in good condition and is well situated to rent at all times, and in every way desirable as an investment. Terms easy for a large portion of the purchase money. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, p.m., a valuable House and 2200 ft of land on Tyler, near Lawrence street. It has 12 well finished rooms, and is conveniently arranged for two families. Also a small barn and woodshed in the rear, and the best well of water in the city.

Also—at 3 o'clock, p.m., same day, a House on Merrill's Court, finished with nine, conveniently arranged for 3 small families. Also a good Barn which may be sold seperately or together as is preferred.

Terms liberal, on a portion of the purchase. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 2010 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, March 2d, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

" 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

" 6½, p.m., or on the arrival of the train from the North, with a detention of 30 m. at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington

At 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the 6½ a.m. train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls.

At about 12 m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland.

At 6½ p.m., to convey passengers by the 4th train from Haverhill to any part of the Lowell, Nashua and Concord Railroads.

At 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland.

These trains will proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first, third and fourth regular daily trains up.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first, fourth and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Feb. 26, 1846. marfri

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the inventiou, and recommended to more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumetic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimoonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Edocatioo throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agooixing complaint called Tio Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs. MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magoetio Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a chokieg in the throat and pain in the regina of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permaoent

I am very respectfully yoers,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvaoic Bracelets and Floid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanio Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAZEOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no retora of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymae, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, he better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. P. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, has been in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and inactitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as cupping blistering, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe hypoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his right was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance, his cranial muscles drooped, his arm became almost powerless, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration burst out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and to his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and Jobe sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

Dr. Wagy's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and solitary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bittors. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughtor has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparille and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hupily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confirnance in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my frieods. Very trely yours,

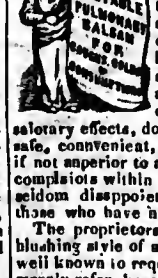
ANSEL WHITE.

The cere described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in oil cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituants, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosupr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present enblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam which for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are since imposed upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of these!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston, and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a13a&p6m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office, or store Furniture or Pictures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for ith very liberal share of patronage they have favored shm with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvment in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others for end near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nav4 a1y

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessiege of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondrinsis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delirete female complaints.

No other medicine yet discoverod has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From hese heva been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidance and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of putrid pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white men, who enjoy all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bountiously provided, for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and pulley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie grooning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *This may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS,
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 196 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others corroboratory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unlimited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesae Druggists, 79, Fultoo street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of DR KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meechum, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. adv3mmar26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwenger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1yaov8

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false epitetons pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restrictive property, and the importence of making this known where the city is hourded with

MISERABLE AND UNEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to mineral and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was thoe attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClura, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tuenel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Stove Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other shop in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN,

Lowell, Dec. 17 1845. 6mo6p1o20

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 54.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET,*
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FERRICH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 5, 1845. jed1f

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—Agent of the—
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John St., over the Drug store,
ap18 6m LOWELL.

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Foanel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, is the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

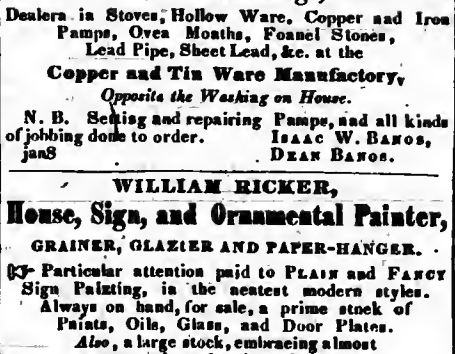
CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept22 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New Wheels of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. RYAN.
Lowell, 1846. 21sapr1

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pau6o24 LOWELL.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company
CONTINUE TO INSURE
(REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.
They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the *separate funds*, either for seven or one year.
OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GARDNER,	DANIEL HENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH BANGS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHEEVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L B. BOURDEN,
BENJAMIN LARNED,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.
☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint —Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas —Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles —Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent* fever.
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he saw his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of two bottles of Bitters and Syrup.
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Wheumatisms—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of badly constructed, &c.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Rotary Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means of double efficacy in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Bartlett sts., Lowell.
Medicines may be found also at the Store of Crosby & Thompson, No. 6, Commercial Square, Cambridge st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of the G. Gidding, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tawsdplyjan13

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for "Brown's," as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyapr4

Weare Clifford,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woolen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Towor, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.
N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

Map of Maine and New Brunswick.

I HAVE on hand a few of the above, which are to be sold for the benefit of a Clergyman in Illinois, who has been for some time a missionary there. Persons will confer a favor upon him and also upon the subscriber by purchasing one of these maps. *No commission charged for selling.* J. J. JUDKINS,
mar26 No. 29 Central street, Lowell.

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of *French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.
Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, &c. a8apr11

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping, or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

SLANDER.

FRANCES S. OSGOOD.

A whisper woke the air—
A soft light tone and low;
Yet barbed with shame and woe!
Now, might it only perish there!
Nor any farther go!

Ah me! a quick and eager ear,
Caught up the little meaning sound!
Another voice has breathed it clear,
And so it wanders round,
From ear to lip—from lip to ear,
Until it reached a gentle heart,
And *that*—*it broke.*

It was the *only* heart it found,
The only heart 'twas meant to find,
When first its accents woke;—
It reached that tender heart at last,
And *that*—*it broke.*

Low as it seemed to *others'* call,
It came—a thunder crash to here,—
That fragile girl so fair and gay,—
That guileless girl so pure and true!

'Tis said a lovely humming bird,
That in a fragrant lily lay,
And dreamed the summer morn away,
Was killed but by the gun's *report*;
Some idle boy had fired in sport!
The very *sound*—a death-blow came!

And thus her happy heart, that beat
With love and hope, so fast and sweet,
(Shrined in its *Lilly* too
For who the maid that knew
Not owned the delicate, flower-like grace
Of her young form and face?)
When first that word
Her light heart heard,
It flattered like the frightened bird,
Then shut its wings and sighed,
And with a silent shudder,—*died!*

MR CAUDLE'S BREAKFAST TALK.

Punch's Almanac for 1846, which forms a number of his inimitable periodical contains some more of his adventures in life of the widowed Caudle. He marries Miss Prettyman, as poor Mrs Caudle always prophesied he would do—and straightway, even before the honeymoon is over, begins to show "No 2," that she is to be *Caudled*, and not to *Caudle*, and furnishes forth abundant proof that his "No. 1," had set him an example, which he means to follow, by turning the tables on his "No. 2." In other words, (his own) he "bends the bow the other way." The following shows how Mr Caudle married Miss Prettyman.

When Harry Prettyman saw the very superb funeral of Mrs Caudle—Prettyman attended as mourner, and was particularly jolly in the coach—he observed that the disconsolate widower showed that above all men he knew how to make the best of a bad bargain. The remark, as the dear deceased would have said, was unmanly, brutal; but quite like *that* Prettyman. The same scoffer, when Caudle declared "he should never cease to weep," replied, "He was very sorry to hear it; for it *must* raise the price of onions." It was not enough to help to break the heart of a wife; no, the savages must joke over its precious pieces.

The funeral, we repeat, was remarkably handsome; in Prettymen's words, nothing could be more satisfactory. Caudle spoke of a monument. Whereupon Prettymen suggested "Death gathering a Nettle." Caudle—the act did equal honor to his brain and his bosom—rejected it.

Mr Caudle, attended by many of his friends, returned to his widowed home in tolerable spirits. Prettyman said, jocosely poking his two fingers in Caudle's ribs, that in a week he'd look "quite a tulip." Caudle merely replied—he could hardly hope it.

Prettyman's mirth, however, communicated itself to the company; and in a very little time the meeting took the air of a very pleasant party.—Somehow, Miss Prettyman presided at the tea-table. There was in her manner a charming mixture of grace, dignity and confidence—a beautiful black swan. Prettyman, by the way whispered to a friend that there was just this difference between Mrs Caudle and his sister—"Mrs Caudle was a great goose, whereas Sarah was a little duck." We will not swear that Caudle did not hear the words, for as he resignedly stirred his tea, he looked at the lady at the head of the table, smiled, and sighed.

It was odd; but women are so apt! Miss Prettyman seemed as familiar with Caudle's silver tea-pot, as with her own silver thimble. With a smile upon her face—like the butter on the muffin's—she handed Caudle the tea-cup. Caudle would, now and then, abstractly cast his eye above the mantle piece. There was Mrs Caudle's portrait. Whereupon, Miss Prettyman would say, "You must take comfort Mr Caudle, indeed you must." At length Mr Caudle replied, "I will, Miss Prettyman."

What then passed through Caudle's brain, we know not; but this we know; in a twelvemonth and a week from that day, Sarah Prettyman, was Caudle's second wife. Mrs Caudle, number two. Poor thing!

Showing how Mr Caudle objected to Mrs Caudle's female friend, a visitor for a month.

When a husband comes home to what he expects to find a comfortable house, it is a little—I say a *little* annoying for him—to break his shins over a heap of portmanteaus in the hall, and find too, he's saddled with a visitor—some stupid Miss or the other, with all her boarding-school starch about her. Eh—what? *You* said *you'd invited dear Mrs Loveday?* You took an advantage of me then; and to done when I was asleep. I don't recollect it. And now I shall be stunned to death by her for three months—for of course she plays the piano; and I shouldn't wonder if she's brought a guitar besides with her. For three precious months! What! *She's only invited for one month?* Humph! Then she'll stay three, of course; they always do.

Nice breakfasts I shall have now—for she'll not always stay in her own room; she won't always be tired travelling. Nice breakfasts I'm doomed to! What! *How will the door beat her?* Oh, in the gentlest way possible—I know. She'll always be reading the playhouse advertisements in the paper, and always be wanting to go to the Opera, or a concert, or the circus, or some show of that sort. I know the sly way talk of such girls very well. But understand, Mrs Caudle, I'm not hampered with her. As you say she was your acquaintance, not mine. I suppose I shall have all Miss-ris Hooks here in three days—you alone must be troubled with her. I shall behave as civil as I can—but don't expect that

I'll take har ont, or spend money upon har; that's your affair, not mine.

No, I *don't* forget when I'd my three friends here altogather; not at all? I was too happy ever to forget it. Jack Stoke—noble fellow! What a soog he sang, and what punch he made; Tom Ryder—the best fellow he, at whist and a chorus; and Sam Slab, who gave each a licking to the coal-heaver. Ha! they were something like people to have in one's house. What? *You never complained of them, and why can't you have a friend?* That's quite a different thing. Besides, as I say, women never have friendship one among another—they don't know what it means. No, indeed; I *don't* thing friandship's a thing of cigars and brandy and-water—not but all three are a very pretty mixture. They were something like nights we had. *You never got to sleep till four while my friends were here!* What's that to do with it? Is that any reason you should bring a lot of visitors to my house who can't say "bo" to a goose? And when you know, too, how I like to enjoy the comfort of my fireside alone! How I hate that we should have anybudy to disturb us! And if you loved me really, you'd hate [illegible]—but it's a bad business to have all the love of one side; I feel *that*."

Showing how Mr Caudle thought something "very odd."

Anything particular, my dear, in the paper—I mean any thing in the military way? *What do I mean?* Oh, nothing. Ha! ha! A little joke of mine—just a little joke. What do you think of the [illegible] regiment? *What am I driving at?* Nothing at all. I thought you might have seen him. They go by the window, you know, twice a day. *What of it?* Nothing, to be sure. Only, it is odd—I must say it is odd—that one of 'em—a young fellow with sandy mustachios—always turns his head towards this house. I say it's [illegible] odd. Now, you aan't say he's looking for Miss Loveday. She's gone—thank heaven! at last. I waited till she want before I spoke; because I know how women will stand by one another.

Well, Miss Loveday is gone—do you hear ma, Mrs Caudle?—and still that fellow with sandy mustachios looks towards this house. Now, I think that's [illegible] very odd. And I should like to know what he's looking for? What? *I'd better ask him?* I shall take my own opinion as to that, Mrs Caudle; but allow me to say this much—that—ha!—there *was* a woman—[illegible]—no never never caused me the finger achs. That I had never lost that woman! Eh? *You wish I [illegible] had.* Ha! *She* never gave herself airs about her beauty. What? *She couldn't?* Mrs Caudle, I don't wish to say a harsh thing of you—far from it. But permit me, in all good temper to say, that you are not fit to stir the tea of that blessed woman. She never looked about her—never stared at anybody but her own husband [illegible] went out. She never thought there was another such in the world. But I deserved to lose her—I didn't think enough of her then.

If any soldier had dared to look twice at any [illegible] shown what she felt as a wife, [illegible] But she *did* know her duty—I wished [illegible] did!"

Upon this, the second Mrs Caudle—poor ill-used soul!—simply remarked that "she knew he was a brute," and left him with his own bad [illegible] and his own bohea.

WASHINGTON, May 2, 1846.

The case of Benton vs. Thomas. The Circuit Court for this district is now engaged in a singular and very remarkable case of libel and defamation, and serves in some measure to supply that vacuum in the regards of the less industrious of our population occasioned by the brief recess of Congress. It is the prosecution instituted upon the complaint of senator Benton against the Hon. Francis Thomas, late governor of Maryland, for charging upon him and his family a very gross offence, connected with the difficulties between the governor and his late wife, a niece of Mrs Benton. The matter was transferred from the criminal court to the circuit court, in consequence of Judge Dunlop being related to some of the parties. Judge Dnulop has also, within a few months been transferred to the latter court, and consequently presides on the trial of the ex-governor, which is conducted before the aged senior Judge Cranch and Justice Morsell.

The case has been continued from time to time on the [illegible] the defendent's counsel, on the plea [illegible] desirous of procuring the deposition of [illegible] widow of the late Senator Linn, resident in St Louis. Mr Benton and the complainants in the case insist that Mrs Linn shall be brought here to give her testimony orally, or that the trial shall go on without her. The motion now before the court is made by Gen Jones, principal counsel for Gov Thomas, that the case be continued another term for the purpose of compelling the prosecutors to consent to the deposition of being taken and used as evidence upon the trial.—Gen [illegible] addressed the court for several hours in support of the motion, and was replied to in nearly as long a speech by Gen. Waddy Thompson, of South Carolina, late minister to Mexico. To-day senator Crittenden has spoken at great length in opposition to the motion. He denounces it as a mere trick on the part of the opposite counsel to starve off the case until the patience of the complainants and the witnesses is tired out.

Mr Benton and his family visit the court in person, [illegible] emphatic voice of the senator, is frequently heard [illegible] interjection by way of [illegible] counsel, or in assertion or denial of what they are saying. The importance [illegible] attendance of Mrs [illegible] that the defence say they expect to prove that senator Linn was a participant in the misconduct which Gov. Thomas charges upon his wife previous to his marriage with her. The court has yet given no decision upon the motion, but [illegible] N. Y. Post.

A SCENE IN BROADWAY. Passing down to our office yesterday morning, nearly opposite Niblo's, our attention was attracted by the egress from the front door of a neat but plain two story house of an old gentleman, bent and decrepid, borne up on either side by [illegible] vocation it probably was to perform this [illegible] decrepitude and care were strongly depicted [illegible] ment of his face. His assistants seemed [illegible] care of keeping alive the [illegible] ering for the last time; and we thought as we looked [illegible] n, that each was fearful lest a breath of [illegible] day journeyed their venerable charge slowly [illegible] nish the faint flickering as delicately lingered in the socket. The [illegible] was John Jacob Astor, whose [illegible] and enterprising has been devoted [illegible] accumulation of wealth. We moralized as [illegible] it was a shame to place the [illegible] gold, and silver, for which bread [illegible] that no man would ever [illegible] to [illegible] enough to carry [illegible] position of fortune [illegible] necessitous, nay [illegible] for [illegible] weakness of mind. [illegible] N. Y. Globe.

☞ C. A. Bowditch, in a recent work, marks the assertion that of every 100 that would take [illegible] 50 [illegible] 25 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 1

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED BY THE USE OF DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The following certificate is from the wife of Mr Enoch Perry, a very respectable farmer in Oxford county, Me. and can be relied upon as true in every particular. It was not solicited, but given by the lady from a sense of duty, feeling that she owed the preservation of her life to Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry:

Rumford, Oxford County, Maine, July 22, 1845.

This may certify that I have for a number of years been severely afflicted with the asthma. In October, 1843, I took a violent cold, which produced a very severe cough, which was accompanied with severe pains in my side, and I sweat profusely nights. These bad symptoms continued, until I was so much reduced that I was unable to do any work about house, or even to walk across the room without assistance. In July, 1844, I was so afflicted with shortness of breath, such great difficulty in breathing, and in such severe pain, that I was unable to lie in bed or sleep for three weeks. One physician who attended me, and another who was consulted, both gave me up to die—said they could do no more for me. My friends despaired of my life. I had no hope myself. I then commenced taking Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Before I had taken one bottle, I was able to walk about house. I continued to take the Balsam until I had taken four bottles, and NOW I AM WELL, free from pain, little or no cough, do my own work, keep no help, and have got enjoyed better health for fifteen years.

[Signed.] RELIANCE PERRY.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr. and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ep4&pmar4

☞ Bonsai's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. S. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfedvmar28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED.

In this city, May 4th, by Rev Mr Miles, Mr Charles Nichols to Miss Hannah Jane Maxury.

DIED.

In this city, May 6th, of scarlet fever, WILLIAM STACKPOLE ABBOTT, son of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, aged 17 months.

In Boston, May 5th, after a protracted illness, Hon. John Pickering, 69.

SALE OF
Valuable House Lots in Central Village.

WILL be sold at public auction, in Central Village, TO-MORROW, (FRIDAY, the 8th,) at 10 o'clock, A. M., six lots of land, 44 by 85 feet, on the southerly side of Fourth street.

Also—18 lots, between Elm and Cedar streets, 46 by 100, near Mount Vernon Square, and directly in front of the Fuller Cottage.

All of said lots are toll free to the occupants and all persons having business with their families, and are some of the most eligible and sightly lots in the village. Title good. Sale positive.

1tmay7 A. R. BROWN.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

a3wmay7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

Sealer's Notice.

THE subscriber, sealer of Weights and Measures for the city of Lowell, for the present year, hereby gives notice, that he will attend, at his Shop, on Middle street, to the sealing of such weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose,

6tmay7 O. A. RICHARDSON.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Moody street from Merrimack street to Pawtucket street may be accepted as a public street, and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Race street from Merrimack street to Dodge street may be laid out and accepted as a public highway, and the grade thereof established, and that a sidewalk be built on both sides of said street,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Tyler street and the sidewalks may be altered,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to alter the grade of said street and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the city Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out Hanover street from Lowell street to Moody street, to establish the grade of said street, and lay out sidewalks thereon, and the Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is hereby given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street establish the grade, and lay sidewalks thereon, and all parties interested can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

a1aw3may7 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Removal—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Hamblen's Mills, Dutton street, over the Fall, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Stanton's External Remedy.

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Sbattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, tradec, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell, in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846;

adv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be holden at the Committee Room, City Hall, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any further business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. CURTIS, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations.

Per order,

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. my8tn

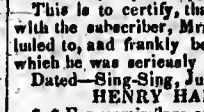
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—April 27th, 1846.

IN INSOLVENCY. In the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said County, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor. I hereby call the Second Meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on SATURDAY, the ninth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and said creditors are hereby notified that I have been appointed Assignee of said Colburn. ITHAMAR W. BEARD,

adv3tmay2 Assignee.

Teeth! Teeth!

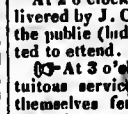


DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth: He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, in sets on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms*, about one *half* of what was *formerly* charged. Office in Chester Building, 82 Central street. ap21 1m*

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

ap11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

To be Let.

A LARGE ROOM adjoining the Lowell Reading Room, over the Post Office, suitable for a lawyer, doctor, or ministers painter. Rent low. Will be entered immediately. Enquire at the Reading Room.

May 5th, 1846. my8tf

New Watch, Jewelry, & Musical Furnishing Establishment.

344 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

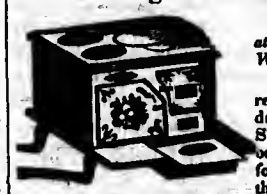
A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets; Baskets; Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors; Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles; Eye Glasses;
Steel Bugs, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. ap28 4'm

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
April 14, 1846. tfadvapr15

WAGER & DATER'S
Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ep28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged at any time within one year, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept, in case any get out of repair, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard. JOS. GRIFFIN,

Sup't of Streets.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28A&P

Notice!

THE co partnership heretofore existing between the subscriber and MICHAEL KENNEDY, under the firm of *Keating & Kennedy*, in this day dissolved.—All persons having demands against said firm, and all persons indebted to it, will settle with the subscriber.

JAMES KEATING.

Lowell, May 2, 1846. adv2tmay2

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long; 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wdemay2

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

3tapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—20,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 103 State Street,

March 16, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Corners, or at this office. tf4r27

A NEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the taxable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to deem all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her taxable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other Incorporated Companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS FARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

L. Worcester,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr. W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 20, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMIANA; being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 38 Merrimack st. ap20 4&P

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered fastened Ship PARIS, *Symmes*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hymson, Agent at New Orleans. m7

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Goes up to the city without lighterage.

With Dispatch.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Ship WILLIAM GODDARD, *Potter*, master, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. m6

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The fine packet ship STERLING, *Bearse*, master, will receive what freight may offer & sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m6

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The fast sailing packet schooner MONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m1

"BEDLAMANIA;" being selections from the Vermont Asylum Journal, or "crazy folks paper," compiled and revised by its former Editor; for sale wholesale and retail by JUDKINS, 29 Central st.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Linens:

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, May 12, 13, and 14; at 9 and 2 o'clock,—By far the largest stock of Linen Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of all the variety of goods manufactured from Linen, brought directly from Ireland by the man himself. Families and Dealers will find this a very favorable opportunity to purchase, as the stock will amount to more than $2000 worth, and a better variety than can be found in Lowell or Boston at retail. Descriptive of Goods hereafter. They will be arranged in the chamber over our Sale-room and exhibited several days before the sale, of which due notice will be given.

Mortgagee's Sale of Watches, Jewelry, Pocket Cutlery, &c., &c.

On SATURDAY next, May 9th, at 10 and 2 o'clock to be continued in the evening if all is not sold,—An extensive stock of a retailer in the neighboring city, consisting of very superior fine Gold English and Anchor Lever Watches—Lepin and half plate Cylinder Escapements—Verge and Quartier Watches—Gold Guard and Fob Chains; some very high cost—Cameo and other rich gold Bosom Pins—Gold and Silver Pencils—elegant Pocket Knives—Razors, Scissors, &c., &c. Catalogues will be published, and the Goods may be seen on the morning of the sale. Every article will be sold without reserve according to the arrangement on the catalogues. Dealers are invited to examine the stock.

On SATURDAY next,—in front of office,—at 9 o'clock, a.m., one second-hand Buggy Chaise; one second-hand Family Carriage, two seats, with sliding top, built expressly for a gentleman in this city, and cost $2,50; four new and second-hand Harnesses; one second-hand Wagon on iron axles; &c., &c.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, p.m., 2000 rolls paper hangings, of various styles and qualities, direct from the manufactory. Dealers and consumers are invited to attend. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Household Furniture, Carpenter's Shop, and Dwelling-House.

On SATURDAY, May 9th, at 9½ o'clock, a.m., at office,—A large lot of Household Furniture, together with the balance of new Tin Ware, by order of Mortgagee.

At 2 o'clock, p.m., same day, on the premises—A Carpenter's Shop situated near the corner of Central and North streets, the same occupied by A. K. Hood.

At 3 o'clock, on the premises—A convenient Dwelling-House and about 2000 feet of Land, situated on Cady st. Said House contains six rooms, is pleasantly located, and is every way desirable. Terms easy.

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises—the Life Estate of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, an insolvent debtor, in the Farm now occupied by said Colburn in said Dracutt, subject to a mortgage now amounting to about six hundred dollars.

By order of ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846.

Executor's sale of Real Estate in Lowell.

To be sold at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 3 o'clock, p.m. on the premises, the following lots of land viz:

First, 1 lot situated on the west side of school street, with a small dwelling house thereon, containing 18,421 sq. ft. The said lot is rich, and will make a first rate garden. There are some choice plum and cherry trees on it.

2d—1 undivided half of about 2½ acres of land, lying on said street, north of the above mentioned lot.

3d—1 undivided half of another lot containing about 14,953 sq. ft. lying west of the first mentioned lot, near the stone house on Lafayette st.

This land belongs to the estate of Samuel Adams, late of Boston, deceased, and is to be sold agreeable to the directions contained in said Adams' will—the title is supposed to be good. Sale positive,—conditions made known at the sale. By order of the Executor.

Lowell, April 23d, 1846.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the most locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 28, Central street, Lowell. 2mmar13

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave Boston, at 7, A. M., 9, A. M., 12, M., 3½, P. M., and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell, at 7½, A. M., 9, A. M., 11, A. M., 1½, P. M., 2, P. M., 5½, P. M.

Fare 45 cents.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 and 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

mar26tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted daily on all private diseases; which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or [illegible]. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days. Practitioners of the Thomsonian and cured by Dr. M. the [illegible] principles; without pain or [illegible] to the patient. In the treatment of [illegible] with those of [illegible] more than [illegible] and he [illegible] enlarged [illegible] new [illegible]

Rupture and Contraction [illegible] and the train of evils [illegible] habit in youth, [illegible] more necessary, are [illegible] theological principles, by [illegible] they feel and reasoning [illegible] more guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. would [illegible] pretenders, who claim to be graduates [illegible] Europe, the only qualified [illegible] Surgeon in the [illegible]

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely new and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applied to the head, face or limbs! *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 262 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard'n, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence, and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 12, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 106 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 57 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a considerable share to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 108 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and in not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a similar equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt. Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 78 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since he began to fail, a general weakness and lassitude attended him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr Isaac W. Pinkney of Brooklyn was consulted. The usual remedies were resorted to, including, &c., warm [illegible], but gradually grew worse. Tomes fell down [illegible] on the [illegible] with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he [illegible] that a portion of his body was [illegible] and [illegible] and Paralysis. He [illegible] was unable to articulate [illegible] to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid. In twenty [illegible] this purpose procured a pair of Rings, and a bottle of Magnetic Fluid. In twenty [illegible] nothing was perceptible [illegible] to raise his arm and to [illegible] his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone. A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the Rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits.

feb5&4ply

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificats of Mr White is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

a&p6mosapr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unbinshing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Read, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally.

nl8A&P6m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

ap20tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for his very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furnitura made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been an utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally.

nav4 aly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion; dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance or the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasms of Southern climates. Homeless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual requisitions. How once this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of illness, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have affected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now, triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 168 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the secretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For farther particulars and concisive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corkn, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetloch, Postern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invanted, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;*	Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skeiton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Ailison & Gault. adv3mmar26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea Poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1yno28

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, most convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly8mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cases which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make citizens lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is now sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief, at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from unnecessary sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of retaining strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &c., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 160 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c. attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. dm4p6dec20

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 9, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 55.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH & S. J. VARNEY,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
MADE AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
adv1y LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BOILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
tfmavt

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, In Coburn's Block, Central Street.
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES.
jan1. 78 *Central* st., *Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, NEAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je3tf

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

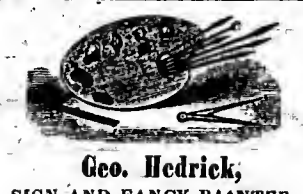
Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell—1846. tf feb28

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap18 6m LOWELL.

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office,

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
Ns. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan2t 1y

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the lastest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
ja4

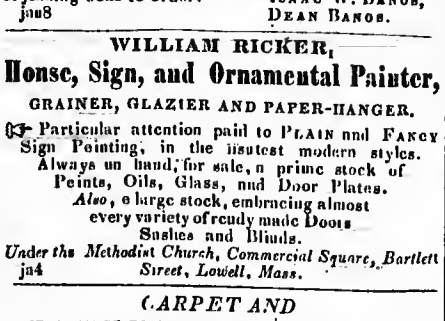
CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morceau, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillee Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sole Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
Now breaks of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German Language, either at his pupils' residence or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimark street, Belvidere, opposite to Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjen29

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company
CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from this class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the payment of their seven year Policies.
They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.
OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)

DIRECTORS.

Enoch Hobart,	George H. Kuhn,
Daniel L. Gibbens,	Daniel Henchman,
Billings Briggs,	Geo. T. Bigelow,
Samuel Lees,	Sam'l B. Walley, jr.,
Asa Swallow,	Warren White,
Geo. A. Bourne,	Isaiah Bangs,
Uriel Crocker,	A. Bleshard, jr.,
Edward A. Raymond,	James Cheever,
David Kimball,	Nath'l B. Boyden,
Benjamin Lamson,	Seth Ames.
Abraham T. Lowe,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.
☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anetomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age: forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON, & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gould; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. tawn&ptyfeb14

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.
N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.
H. W. FOSTER.
Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan3t

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the whole end emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warrasted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A perusal is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr. F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyapr4

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of Loudon.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boureau, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.

George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$845 35	$1483	$69 25	$1977 79
			1842	828 2	3734 5	57 12	1730 5
			1849	693 3	868 5	35 7	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeopdec18

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

REUNION IN HEAVEN.
BY WM. LEGGET.

If yoer bright stars that gem the night
Be each a blissful dwelling sphere,
Where kindred spirits re-unite,
Whom death has torn asunder here;
How sweet it were once to die,
And leave this blighted orb afar,
Mixed soul and soul to cleave the sky,
And soar away from star to star.

But O, how dark, how dreary and lone,
Would seem the brightest world of bliss,
If wondering through each radiant one,
We fail to find the loved of this!
If there no more the ties shall twine,
That death's cold hand alone could sever;
Ah! then these stars in mockery shine,
More baleful as they shine forever.

It cannot be—each hope, each fear,
That lights the eye, or clouds the brow,
Proclaims there is a happier sphere,
Than this black world that holds us now;
There is a voice which sorrow hears,
When heaviest weighs life's galling chain,
'Tis Heaven that whispers—dry thy tears,
THE PURE IN HEART SHALL MEET AGAIN!

From the New Orleans Delta.
ABOUT A BAROMETER.

It was near eight o'clock in the evening when the overseer of a plantation in the interior of this state was aroused from a half and half kind of a stupor, caused by the combined influences of the heat of the weather and the odor of some genuine Havena leaf, by the shrill cry of "Housel house! Haint there nobody to hum, here?"

"Jim," shouted the overseer, looking towards the negro quarters, "go to the gate and see what on earth all that hawling's for!"

Obeying the order, Jim hastily unbarred the gate, and there drove up one of those nondescript vehicles known as a yankee pedlar's wagon. There emerged from the vehicle aforesaid a curious specimen of nature's handiwork. He was a tall, slim man, with a pair of small twinkling grey eyes; a nose whose only occupation seemed to be to sniff and twich whenever its owner spoke. The mouth of the individual was ornamented with a slight pucker, and his whole appearance denoted that he wished to place himself in the smallest place possible. In proof of this, his hell-crowned hat stuck directly on the top of his head; his coat and vest had evidently belonged to a younger brother, his pantaloons fitted him like india rubber. Yes, in one thing he was profuse, and that was what he termed "his hair." It was beautiful hair—in color of a "delicate ginger," or may be what the urchins would call "a yaller jaffy color." It was combed behind his ears and fell in graceful neglience on the back of his coat. In fact, to take him for "all in all" at first sight, one would be impressed with the idea that Nature had made Joel Spry—for such was his name—at the very lowest terms, of the most ordinary material, and on the cheapest scale.

"Wa-al," said he after surveying Mr Simmons, the overseer, for a second or two, "your name be'ant Hodson,—no, not Hodson, Tompkins; no, darn the name! And after studying that book on nimmytichny, (mnemotechny) too, that tells ullers what people forgit, only to think that I can't think of. Oh! now I've got it! Your name be'ant a-a- Jenk—— I say mister, what might be your name?"

"Simmons," answered the overseer.

"Wa-al, now, only to think! I thought of that name all the while, and yet I couldn't git it out. Why, mister, the man that keeps the plantation adjinin' your'n told me that you was almighty clever, and said he thought as how I mought du a little tradin' with you."

"Well," said Simmons, "what have you got to sell?"

"Sell," said Joel, with a look of wonder, "why, Mister Simmons, I got all on airth that kin be sold. Calicoes, potash, cutlery, calomel, broadcloth, buttons, yarn, nutmegs, allspice, clocks, thermometers, barometers!"——

And, as if a sudden thought struck him, he looked appealingly into the overseer's face, and in a voice of the utmost solicitude, said, "Neow, Mister Simmons, du you want a fust rate barometer? You don't know how much you could save. I'll tell you when its a'going to rain and when it's a'going to shine—when to plant and when to hoe—when to"——

"Oh," said Simmons, cutting Mr Spry very short, "I'll bet you fifty dollars against all you have in the wagon, that I have an old blind nigger, who can tell the changes of the weather with more precision than the best of your barometers."

"I swow!" chuckled Mr Joel Spry to himself, "if here be'ant a chance to make the pewter, then I'm darned! Simmons I'm your man; down with the dollars and I'll unload the wagon."

Suiting the action to the word, the bet was speedily arranged. Mr Joel spry, with great care took out two large boxes, one marked "dry goods," and the other "fancy articles," and had them carefully deposited in the overseer's room.

"Neow," said he, after taking a stiff glass of Monongahela, "it's gittin' late and I want to commence. Bring forth the nigger that'll match the *ba*-rometer."

"Here, Jake!" hawled the overseer. Forthwith there hobbled from the negro quarters an old Ethiopian, three shades blacker than charcoal, as blind as a bat, and four times as ugly.

"Har, massa, har am old Jake."

"Jake, what kind of weather are we going to have to-morrow?"

"Cloudy wedder, massa, cloudy wedder. Old Jake's hig toe feel like de debbil to night."

"Wa-al, if that don't beat all that ever I hearn tell on, I wish I may be darned," said Mr Spry with a horse laugh. "Only to think, a blind nigger tellin' the state of the weather by his toes! Oh, Jehossaphat!"

"Well, sir, and what says the barometer?" said Simmons.

"Says? Why it says clear, light winds, and not a drop of rain."

"We'll see," said the overseer. "Jim, fodder this horse, and put this wagon under the shed. Mr Spry, this is your room. Good night, sir."

"Good night, Mister Simmons. But wait awhile, neow, du take care of them boxes. I got nearly four hundred dollars worth of goods in'em, and if the cutlery gits damp, or the calicoes gits siled, I shall be ruined."

With these injunctions the parties retired to rest. The next morning when they awoke, the sky was overcast, and the aspect of nature portended a long fall of rain.

"Aha! what did old Jake tell you, Mr Spry?" was the first remark of the overseer.

"Wa-al, now, the quicksilver in my *ba*-rome

ter must a'been damp. But I say, naw, friend Simmons, you'll let me have another trial. You won't take all that a poor feller's got on earth, jist on account of the quicksilver's bein' damp?"

"Oh, no," said the good natured Simmons, "you may try every day for a week—your board and your horses feed shall cost you nothing, but at the end of that time I must either have your goods, or you my fifty dollars."

Mr Joel Spry concluded the bargain with some appareat hesitation, but he seemed resolved to make the best of a sad case. Every night Spry's barometer was pitted against old blind Jake's toes, and regularly every morning the toes came off victorious. Spry who ate all the while like a hog, and actually commenced getting fat, declared every successive morning that "he should be ruined past redemption." He tore his hair, clenched his hands, cursed old Jake for a hobgoblin, and swore that had he been born in Salem, he would have been hung for a wizard. At last the seventh day came. It had rained for six days previous without intermission, and now as old Jake had predicted the night previous, in opposition to the indication of Mr Spry's barometer, the sun shone bright and beautiful. Spry took his mare from the stable and harnessed her in his wagon. With tears in his eyes, he bade the negroes who were laughing at him, "good bye," and actually gave old Jake the barometer which had cost him so much trouble.

"Simmons," said he, "you won the bet fairly—take the things and keep 'em, and never say again that you never knew an honest yankee pedlar."

"Well, well: good bye," said Simmons, "I wanted to teach one of you d—d Yankees a lesson, and I guess that I've given you what you deserve."

"Wa-al," sobbed Mr Spry in a most melancholy tone, "it can't be helped. Good bye, Simmons. Get up, Nabby—get up you tarnal critter!" So saying he applied the lash to Nabby, and she moved away at an astonishing rate. When Spry had got outside the gate, he turned around and said in a loud nassl tone:—"I say Simmons! them boxes of mine is full of goods. Full to the brim with brickbats and cornstalks! Got a week's board and lodging, and horse feed for nothin'! I knowed it was agoin' to rain for a week, and that I couldn't travel! That barometer of mine is patent and no mistake. I say Simmons, how is old Jake's toes? Gee up Nabby."

"Here Jim, get me my gun?" said Simmons, in a terrible fury.

"I draw'd the load out afore you wes up this morning," shouted Spry, who was now out of danger.

"Well," said Simmons, almost out of breath with anger, "if I ever see a yankee pedlar on this plantation again, if I don't shoot him, I wish I may lose a year's pay, and be shot into the bargain."

BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT,

BY HON. THOMAS H. BENTON.

The following remarks, relative to OREGON, were incidentally made by Hon. T. H. Benton in the U. S. Senate, in 1842, during his speech upon the Ashburton Treaty.

"But, it is demanded, what do we want with this country, so far off from us? I answer by asking, in my turn, what do the British want with it, who are so much further off? They want it for the fur-trade; for a colony; for an outlet to the sea; for the communication across the continent; for a road to Asia; for the command of 140,000 Indians against us; for the port and naval station which is to command the commerce and navigation of the North Pacific ocean, and open new channels of trade with China, Japan, Polynesia, and the great East. They want it for these reasons; and we want it for the same; and because it adjoins us, and belongs to us, and should be possessed by our descendants, who will be our friends; and not by aliens; who will be our enemies.

Forty years ago, it was written by Humboldt that the valley of the Columbia invited Europeans to found a fine colony there; and, twenty years ago, the American Congress adopted a resolve *that no part of this continent was open to European colonization.* The remark of Humboldt was that of a sagacious European; the resolve of Congress was the work of patriotic Americans. It remains to be seen which will prevail. The convention of 1818 has done us the mischief; it put the European power in possession; and possession with nations, still more than with individuals, is the main point in the contest. It will require the Western pioneers to recover the lost ground; and they must be encouraged in the enterprise by liberal grant of lands, by military protection, and by governmental authority. It is time for the bill of my colleague to pass. The first session of the first Congress under the new census should pass it. The majority will be democratic, and the democracy will demand that great work at their hands. I put no faith in negotiation. I expect nothing but loss and shame from any negotiation in London. Our safety is in the energy of the people; in their prompt occupation of the country; and in their invincible determination to maintain their rights.

I do not dilate upon the value and extent of this great country. A word suffices to display both. In extent it is larger than the Atlantic portion of the old thirteen States; in climate, softer; in fertility, greater; in salubrity, superior; in position, better, because fronting Asia, and washed by a tranquil sea.—In all these particulars, the Western slope of our continent is far more happy than the eastern. In configuration, it is inexpressibly fine and grand—a vast oblong square, with natural boundaries, and a single gateway into the sea. The snow-capped Rocky mountains enclose it to the east, an iron-bound coast on the west; a frozen desert on the north, and sandy plains on the south. All its rivers, rising on the segment of a vast circumference, run to meet each other in the centre; and then flow together into the ocean, through a gap in the mountain, where the heats of summer and the colds of winter are never felt, and where southern and northern diseases are equally unknown. This is the valley of the Columbia, a country whose every advantage is crowned by the advantages of position and configuration; by the unity of all its parts—the inaccessibility of its borders—and its single introgression to the sea. Such a country is formed for union, wealth and strength. It can have but one capital, and that will be a Thebes; but one commercial emporium, and that will be Tyre, queen of cities. Such a country can have but one people, one interest, one government and that people should be American—that interest ours—and that government republican. Accursed and infamous be the man that divides or alienates it!

Thus eloquently spoke Col. Benton in 1842. Then he expected "nothing but loss and shame from any negotiation."

We regret that in 1846 he should deem it duty so zealously to urge negotiation under auspices which foreshadow "loss and shame" which he predicted in 1842. We would rather see him battling with the gallant CASS and "the Western pioneers, to recover the lost ground. We want Oregon, "because it adjoins us, and belongs to us, and should be possessed by our descendants, who will be our friends; and not by aliens, who will be our enemies."

A SPECIMEN. The Dahlonega Times, of the 23d ult. says: We have shown a specimen of the first water, about the size of a large pea, belonging to the Rev. Pinckney Cheek, of Henry County. It was found at the Union Gold mines not long since. Mr Cheek informs us that several others had been found at the same place, but not so large as the one shown us.—This is a rich discovery, and one that promises to open up to our State vast resources of wealth, as it will give a fresh impetus to the energies and enterprise of those engaged in digging from the bowels of the earth its hidden treasures.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 9, 1846.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm and title of HILDRETH & VARNEY, is this day, by mutual consent dissolved. All claims against the late firm will be adjusted by S. J. VARNEY; all debts due for subscription to the "Lowell Patriot and Republican" and the "Lowell Advertiser," must be paid to F. A. HILDRETH or his authorized agent; and to the settlement of all claims for advertising and job printing, both parties are authorised to use the firm's name.

F. A. HILDRETH,
S. J. VARNEY.

May 5, 1846. may7

INGERSOLL AND WEBSTER.

A writer in the Courier under the signature of X. takes exception to our saying.—

"We shall express no opinion as to the merits of this controversy, at this time, except to say the course of Mr W. and his friends looks suspicious, and Mr Ingersoll's statements must be explained or proved false, to relieve Mr Webster. There seems to be a desire to retreat and recriminate, rather than with an investigation, or meet the facts and charges of Mr Ingersoll by other facts, explanation, or aught else, save wholesale denunciation. Such a course will not prove Mr Webster innocent in the minds of the unprejudiced portion of the people."

The amount of X.'s comments are that Mr Webster nor his friends are called on to do anything, but interpose the plea of not *guilty*, and leave Mr Ingersoll to sustain or prove his charges. This we admit, till a *prima facie* case is made out, and have never said aught to the contrary. Nor have we at all expressed an opinion as to innocence or guilt of Mr Webster; but have in express terms declined doing so. We did say, and still say, the course of Mr Webster and his friends in retreating from an investigation, and answering the *facts* and charges of Mr Ingersoll only by recrimination and denunciation of Mr I., looks suspicious. Are we justified in the remark? Mr Ingersoll makes certain charges and supports them by memoranda of documents found in the office of the Secretary of State. These documents make out a *prima facie* case against Mr Webster. There are two ways of meeting the charges based upon the documents;—deny their existence or explain them so as to relieve Mr W. from suspicion. The existence of the documents is denied by no one, nor has any attempt been made to explain them. These facts, together with the facts that Mr I. only received the vilest personal abuse from Mr W. and his friends, and that Mr Webster expressed no regret that the President felt bound to withhold the documents which would have proved his innocence, if he was so, we think fully justifies us in saying the course of Mr W. and his friends looks suspicious. And still more we think so when we find Mr Webster speaking in the highest terms of the integrity of John Tyler, and the whole whig press of the country copying it, after all their charges against the late President of the foulest corruption.

But X. says Mr Webster did express his regret that President Polk could not properly furnish the papers called for, but does not point out any such language in his remarks. We are confident Mr W. expressed no such regret whatever; and so strange does it strike X. that he did not, that he fancies he must have done so and makes the statement on the authority of his imagination.

If X., most learned as he is in the legal profession, will take the trouble to re-examine our comments, he will find no departure from the plainest and commonest principles of "criminal jurisprudence."

☞ The Boston Olive Branch is down upon constable Clapp of Boston and a fellow named Dr Hatch for abducting a son of Hon. Romelus M. Saunders hitherto confined in the N. H. Asylum for the Insane. It appears that young Saunders had been partially insane, but had fully recovered, and was to be kept at the Asylum another year to gratify the hatred of a "step dame false." Ascertaining the true state of things he left Concord for Boston to see some friends, and was there forcibly seized and carried to Concord in defiance of law, right and justice. To some friends who had interested themselves, (Mr Norris, editor of the Olive Branch, and Geo. Keet, Esq., editor of the Sun,) this Clapp was treacherous, and abusive. We believe this Clapp is the same Dogberry that so outrageously insulted a young man in the Boston Exchange little more than a year since, because he did not wear his whiskers to suit the severe states-prison taste of the virtuous catchpole.

Insane Asylums require looking after.

RETRENCHMENTS IN THE NAVY. Mr Bancroft, the Secretary of the Navy, in reply to a call from the House of Representatives, recommends retrenchments to be made in the naval establishment, by the discharge of 20 captains, 47 commanders, 67 lieutenants, 8 surgeons, 91 midshipmen, 30 masters, all at waiting orders, 7 secretaries, 27 clerks and professors and teachers innumerable; the pay of the whole amounting to over $300,000. The Secretary says that a series of reforms have been began which if carried out would lessen the expenses of the Navy to the amount of over a million of dollars without diminishing its efficiency in the least. The service he says must be relieved of the burden of unemployed officers, and therefore he recommends that they be discharged as above.

FIRST MERRIMACK SALMON OF THE SEASON. EMERY, of the Merrimack House, served up the first salmon taken from the Merrimack, yesterday.—We regret (as who would'nt?) our engagements prevented us from responding to the polite invitation of the landlord to dine with him on the occasion. We have not learned whether our aldermen were there.—Presume they were.

☞ The Barre Gazette says, that Messrs. Williams & White of that town have nearly completed machinery for the manufacture of Bunge, an article used for veils, and which has never been made in this country. The Gazette says, "from the delicate machinery required, it was thought that such a thing could not be. The nicety of the work may be understood when it is known that the warp is of silk as fine as it comes from the cocoon."

DAMAGES FOR LIBEL. I. W. Goodrich, editor of the Cataract, has recovered $618,50 of Hiram Davis, trader, both of Worcester. The affair grew out of a quarrel between the "Sentinel" and "Cataract" newspapers published in Worcester. The Palladium thinks without questioning the integrity of the jury, that "the amount of the verdict affords ground for the suspicion that it was arrived at upon a principle of decision that is neither sound in law nor morals."

AMERICAN LABOR.

The following from the Boston Post shows the sincerity of the cry of protection to American labor, in a light not to be misunderstood:

"Last week the representative of a spinning establishment at Boston, United States, visited this country in order to engage woolcombers and mill hands.—About a score of families from Bradford have already been engaged and are about to sail from Liverpool as soon as the ship is ready."

The above paragraph is cut from a London journal of March 21. We wish the Economist had been more particular, and have furnished the name of this "representative," and of the establishment that employed him. There is enough given however, for our purpose. It shows the means to which our capitalist resort to procure laborers.

Now how does this practice correspond with the professions of our manufacturers? How, with their boastful regard for *American* labor? How, with their cant that lowering duties on manufactured articles is opening the door of competition with foreigners? It is notorious, that for years, a large portion of the workmen in our factories have been foreigners; and the above shows how it is that such has been the case.—The fact is, our own citizens have been excluded, and the very protectionists that are getting up the excitement about altering the tariff are sending abroad for foreigners to work for them. This is their protection of American labor; this is the way they would save it from competition with the pauper labor of Europe.

Now we protest against this cant of our high tariff men on the subject of labor. By no class of men is labor treated more as a commodity—more as an article to be bought as cheap as possible. Now why is England ransacked for "mill hands?" Will it be pretended that here they are not to be had? This is an absurdity, when there are so many thousands ready and anxious for work. The difficulty is not in this respect.

Here men of capacity and worth—mechanics of enterprise and intelligence—as well as humble laborers—have their price. They are loth to work under this price. There is a pride in this which is just and should be encouraged. But our factory agents are straining every means to make large dividends, and they flatly refuse to give this price. Hence it is that they visit England and engage the "mill hands." *The latter will work cheaper than our own citizens.* What see is the practice of our manufacturers, is it not something very like mockery for them to advocate a high tariff on the ground of protecting American labor?

Let us not be misunderstood. We have no sympathy with the detestable cry we hear so often against foreigners. Each artisan, each humble laborer, that lands on our soil, and becomes an industrious citizen, is a co-worker in the great cause of American civilization. Court parasites, the men of wealth or title, who emigrate, have generally little sympathy with our democratic ideas; but the mechanic from abroad has drank to its dregs the cup of monopoly and oppression, and would rally to support our institutions and spend his life-blood in defending them. We are writing against the gross inconsistency of our protectionists when they pretend that the high tariff is for the laboring men, while they send abroad for hands to compete with our own labor on our own soil.

A BOLD STROKE FOR A WIFE. The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York Tribune relates the following, under date of the 6th inst.:—"There was quite an exciting love affair came off last evening, in the neighborhood of Sixth and Walnut streets. A Miss Ward, a charming young creature, it appears had become attached to a young medical student named Throckmorton, in Louisville, where her parents reside, and in order to separate the lovers, Miss W. was sent to the seminary of Mrs Segoies, opposite the Washington Square in this city. The young man, nothing daunted, soon came on, and while Mrs Segoine and her pupil were enjoying a pleasant walk, Mr T. suddenly appeared, picked up Miss W. in his arms, and in an instant they were both in a cab and soon out of sight! The school-mistress stood for a moment amazed—she knew not what to say, or where to go; but I have no doubt ere this some generous person has settled all the difficulty by making that twain one."

They have been "tied up."

VIRGINIA ALL RIGHT—WHIG HOPES BLASTED. The Richmond Enquirer says—

—"Last spring, after a thorough organization, we swept the state and, carried a number of counties which had for years belonged to the whigs. In the lower house our majority was twenty four, and in the senate ten. This spring we went into the contest without organization or system. In many counties democratic candidates crowded upon each other, and the result has been the loss of some of the staunchest counties in the state. In spite of all the disadvantages, however, we have achieved a triumph almost as brilliant as a year ago. We have lost only *one* senator, and that by twenty-five only, in a district which gave Mr Clay 280 majority. In the house we have sustained a net loss of only *five*."

The Post, in reply to an article in the Boston Atlas has the following just and very fine paragraph:—

"Nor was it either parliamentary or in good taste for Mr Hilliard (of Alabama) to get up and couple the fame of a member of the other branch (Mr Webster) with that of WASHINGTON. The history of the world never gave but one occasion great enough for the exhibition of so grand a character as that of our hero, and the utmost merit that Mr Webster can ever aspire to is to celebrate with words his deeds. To guide with consummate talent and valor the armies of a rebellious colony to victory, to rule with moderation and wisdom as the first chief magistrate of a republican empire, and retire spotless, unpensioned and not enriched, is to acquire glory with which the mere efforts of the intellect cannot be compared without irreverence."

☞ Mr Webster, says Hills N. H. Patriot, passed through Concord on Saturday.

"A very respectable section of the 'allied army' (mostly Hale-men) awaited his departure from the Phœnix Hotel, but there was no cheering. Some of them say he *must* be the next President. His $100,000 annuity, raised by 'commercial friends,' does not appear to have depressed Mr Webster's spirits."

We make the above extract for the benefit of our neighbor.

☞ The Rhode Island legislature met at Newport on Tuesday. Robert B. Cranston was chosen speaker of the assembly, F. E. Hoppin first clerk; for second clerk, Thomas A. Jenckes, dem. and late clerk, had 25, and B. T. Eames 40 votes, and was chosen. In senate, Joseph S. Pitman had 10 votes for clerk, George Rivers, dem., 18. The "grand committee" were to report on state officers yesterday. The Algerine majority on joint ballot is 24.

☞ The Post says,—"It cannot be denied that Connecticut has declared against the tariff, for just before the election, the Hartford Courant, the leading whig paper in the State, published this:—

"The government of the state for another year will be determined by the freemen two weeks from Monday. They will also declare by their action on that day whether they adhere to the policy of the tariff of 1842," &c.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. The Northampton Gazette says the extensive paper establishments of Messrs. Howard & Lathrop, and D. & J. Ames, with the grist mill intervening, at South Hadley Falls were destroyed by fire. Loss about $75,000. One hundred and seventy operatives, male and female are in consequence turned out of employment.

PAUPER EMIGRANTS. G. H. Goundie, United States consul in Switzerland, has addressed a letter from Basle to our city authorities, in which he states that the evil of sending paupers and criminals to this country is on the increase. To counteract this shameful practice, Mr Goundie translated, and caused to be published extensively in Switzerland and Germany, the act of our legislature which requires that "owners, captains and agents, give a guarantee that such emigrants as they may land at New York, shall not fall a charge to the city or state within two years after their arrival."

We quote from this letter, dated Basle, March 27, 1846. [N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

"Town authorities and cantonal governments have been in the habit of sending their paupers to the United States, merely securing them a passage to New York, and not providing them with a cent to proceed inland after their arrival. Since the publication of this act, those that had been sent this spring had money sent after them, and others that are about being shipped, are now provided with sufficient means to carry them to the west. They do it, not for the good of the individuals or for the benefit of the country where they are going, 'but being fearful that if not provided with means to carry them into the interior after arriving at New York,' they might be refused a passage and returned to them by the French government. It is out of the question to put a stop to it entirely; yet I think I have succeeded in relieving the city of New York from the offence of maintaining Swiss and German paupers in future, as they will come prepared hereafter to pay their way to the far west.—Emigration this year will far exceed any previous years—and I am convinced if I had not taken this measure, your city would have again been overrun by these destitute paupers, who, when winter came, would have to be provided for in your alms-houses and hospitals.

With high regard, your humble servant,

G. H. GOUNDIE,
U. S. consul in Switzerland."

☞ A Washington correspondent of the Commercial Advertiser of the 5th inst. writes that the Secretary of War received, last night, despatches from the army of occupation ten days later.

The Mexicans were busily employed in completing their fortifications; but apparently rather from apprehension of an attack from the United States than from any intention to enter upon offensive measures themselves.

It is now said that the President is waiting for Mr Slidell's arrival in Washington, which will be about two weeks hence, to make up his mind as to the course to be taken by him in relation to Mexican affairs.

Does Mr F. O. J. Smith, the gentleman employed by Mr Webster with the secret service fund, or the Courier, best know whether Mr Webster or John Tyler had complete control of the contingent fund? We think Mr Smith. [Advertiser.

We do not know much about "F. O. J. Smith" but we know that Mr Tyler says that he alone was responsible for the use of the "Secret Service fund." [Courier.

The Union says Mr Tyler has written *no* letter about his control of the secret service fund. So you are out again, Mr Courier.

WHAT'S THE MATTER? The Concord Freeman says, "Old Concord is getting to be a mighty sort of a place. Last week a man operated upon the chest spot of a Doctor—and on Tuesday last a Doctor *laid out* a man on the Mill Dam. Verily, this is a great country, and Concord is the oldest town in New England! What is the price of pigs?"

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION IN NEW HAMPSHIRE. A Democratic Republican State Convention will be holden in Concord, on Thursday, the 11th day of June next at 9 o'clock A. M., for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, members of Congress, and other business.

IOWA ELECTION—CONVENTION. The Territorial Gazette says:—"Enough has already been heard from to tell the general result. There will be a very large majority of democrats in the convention, sufficiently large for all practical purposes."

THE RHODE ISLAND LEGISLATURE assembled at Newport on Tuesday last. The returns of the votes cast at the annual State election had been examined, and the result was that there was no election of Governor and Lt. Governor by the people.

☞ The Amoskeag company, Manchester, contemplate extending their canal 1000 feet and building two or three new factories this year, and expect to get a grant from the legislature for an increase of capital stock on "*liberal terms.*"

☞ The Mexican Government is said to be so poor, as not to be able to furnish her minister to France with enough of his pay to procure medical attendance in that country, where he, at last advices, was sick.

☞ The editor of the Pawtucket Chronicle thinks he can get along without the "Olive leaves for the Public press" which Mr E. Burritt the learned blacksmith has been sending him for a year past.

☞ Hon. Robert Wickliffe, Jr., Charge d'Affaires of the United States at Turin, was married on the 7th April to Miss Josephine Van Hoeton, of Rotterdam—a lady of rank and fortune.

RAILROADS FROM BOSTON. Ninety trains leave for twenty-five different stations. About one every ten minutes for 16 1-2 hours each day—Sundays excepted, of course.

☞ We learn from the Dedham Democrat that the "girls and fellers" had a fine time at West Dedham, celebrating the first of May in a right ancient and honorable fashion.

☞ The Post says there is a terrible excitement in whigdom. A clerk has been removed from the treasury department who had been there only *thirty-five* years!

In the HOUSE, the amendment appropriating $25,000 towards the carrying of the mail to Cowes and Bremen, was agreed to, by which the contract with Mr Edward Mills is confirmed.

☞ Rev E. G. Brooks will preach in the Universalist Chapel, Chardon st, Boston, to-morrow, and Rev. T. S. King will supply his desk in this city.

☞ The Great Western left New-York on Thursday. She took out 120 passengers, $200,000 in sovereigns and a very heavy mail.

☞ The impression is pretty general that the steamers of the Canard line are commanded by incompetent men.

☞ The Kennebec has reduced her fare to 50 cents from Hallowell to Boston, and the Charter Oak has done the same.

☞ The freshets down east have set any quantity of drift wood afloat. A man in Penobscot bay has collected a raft worth $15,000.

☞ No news south of Boston by the noon mail. The boats were probably detained in the Sound by the storm.

CONGRESS.

Tuesday, May 5.

In the SENATE, Mr Ashley reported a bill to amend the act extending jurisdiction over the lakes and other navigable waters. Laid over.

The consideration of the bill providing for the adjustment of all suspended pre-emption claims in the several states and territories, was resumed.

One or two amendments offered by Mr Johnson, of Md., were adopted, and the bill as amended reported to the Senate.

Mr Mangum moved to recommit the bill with a view to give time for its further consideration. The motion prevailed.

The judiciary committee reported a bill to extend the maritime jurisdiction of the federal courts over all the lakes and navigable waters of the United States.

In the HOUSE, Mr Hunter moved that the bill for the retrocession to Virginia of Alexandria, be made the order of the day for Friday next—which motion was agreed to.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole (Mr Kink of New York, in the chair,) and took up the bill to supply deficiencies in the appropriations of last year, with the Senate's amendments. A discussion ensued, and some amendments were adopted.

The Committee then rose, and the amendments were adopted by the House.

Sundry bills from the Senate were then read twice and appropriately referred.

Wednesday, May 6.

In the SENATE, several important reports were made.

The bill to establish federal courts in the state of Florida, and to regulate compensation of judges, was taken up, and after some discussion the salaries of the judges were fixed at $1600, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

In the HOUSE, in committee of the whole, the bill to repeal a part of the act of 1842, which imposes duties of twenty per cent. *ad valorem* on Java coffee, was taken up.

The committee rose to allow Mr Dromgole to introduce a privilege question, in relation to compelling members to attend U. S. District court.

The consideration of the bill in relation to Java coffee was resumed in committee of the whole; the amendment of Mr Jones, making it apply solely to coffee in American vessels, was agreed to.

The bill was then reported to the House. The amendments were concurred in, and the bill was passed.

Thursday, May 7.

In the Senate, the bill to settle the claims of the New Hampshire Military services was informally laid aside, no quorum voting on it.

After considering private bills, the senate adjourned till Monday.

The HOUSE refused to go into committee of the whole on motion of Mr McKay.

Mr Adams moved to suspend the rules to offer a resolution calling on the President for further information respecting deserters in the army, and authorizing the President to have arrested and tried for murder, those who had shot soldiers, if any were shot, without trial. The motion to suspend the rules was lost.

The House then went into committee of the whole, and took up the Post Office bill.

Mr Giddings, of Ohio, rose, he said, to a privilege question. He went on to make a severe speech against shooting deserters without trial. He said no worse murder would it be if a corporal's command had been ordered to shoot members of congress. A discussion ensued, in which several members took part.

IMPORTANT FROM THE MEXICAN FRONTIER! *Hostilities commenced—Attack on the United States forces—Four of our men killed!* By telegraphic despatch the New York Sun received the following, dated Philadelphia, May 7th:

The mail from New Orleans arrived at an early hour this morning, conveying the following important intelligence from the Frontier:

A scouting party of the U. S. Army was attacked by about fifty Mexicans, on the American side of the Rio Grande, and fired upon. Lieut. Porter and three privates killed on our side. This occured very near the American camp. Lieut Porter was the son of the late Comodore Porter.

Gen Taylor had ordered the blockade of Matamoras, which was strictly enforced by our vessels of war.

Fifty soldiers in all had deserted from the American army, some of them being shot in the act of crossing to the Mexican side of the Rio Grande.

MEXICO. The N. O. Picayune says the last news from Mexico, is that the minds of all men were ripe for a revolution.

Gen. Alvarez had raised the standard of revolt in the southern part of the department of Mexico; proclaimed the federal constitution; and declared himself in favor of the recall of Gen. Santa Anna. No details upon this subject are given in the papers.

The Mexican government is said to have sold its two war steamers, the Montezuma and Guadalupe, to Munning & McIntosh, an English house.

We are convinced that the policy of the government of Paredes is controlled entirely by the English. Americans in Vera Cruz entertain no doubt whatever that a settlement of the difficulties between Mexico and the United States would have been arranged long ago, but for the interference of the English minister; but now they do not look for peace until there has been a trial of strength between the two countries—until, in fact, San Juan de Ulua shall be reduced.

In regard to this fortress, it is now rendered almost certain that it cannot be taken unless by a very considerable squadron of vessels of the first class, or by a land attack. It has been put in thorough repair, and is defended by guns of the largest calibre.

The papers of the capital announce that Gen. Bravo left there at the head of 6000 men, with a view to protect the department of Vera Cruz, and any other parts of the interior which may be threatened by attack by the United States forces.

El Diario del Gobierno announces that 7000 men well organized and officered, and amply provided with munitions, money, &c, will compose the Army on the North, and that the chief command has been restored to Gen. Arista, and that Gen. Ampudia will henceforth be only second in command. The appointment of Arista is confirmed by way of Brazos Santiago.

CONNECTICUT. The Senate and House have elected Toncey, the Democratic Candidate, Governor of the State. He had eight majority on the joint ballot of the two Houses.

The rest of the government was formed by electing Democratic officers.

☞ Mr FRENCH has been re-elected Register of Deeds for Essex county by two or three hundred votes majority. It was the second trial.

☞ The Union says the chairman of the committee to investigate the charges against Mr Webster has received no letter from Mr Tyler.

☞ Hon. John Slidell, our Minister to Mexico, left New Orleans for Washington, on Saturday evening, the 25th ult.

☞ The Union is of opinion that our relations with Mexico must and will be brought to a *focus* soon.

☞ A charity Sandwich cowhided a minister the other day and was fined three dollars and cost.

☞ Arrangements are making to extend the magnetic telegraph from Boston to Portland.

☞ Gen JOHN MCNEIL is at Nashua, N. H., on a short visit for the benefit of his health.

☞ At Allen's may be found sheet music, ancient and modern.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED BY THE USE OF DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The following certificate is from the wife of Mr Enoch Perry, a very respectable farmer in Oxford county, Me. and can be relied upon as true in every particular. It was sent solicited, but given by the lady from a sense of duty, feeling that she owed the preservation of her life to Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry:

Rumford, Oxford County, Maine, July 22, 1845.

This may certify that I have for a number of years been severely afflicted with the asthma. In October, 1843, I took a violent cold, which produced a very severe cough, which was accompanied with severe pains in my side, and I sweat profusely nights. These bad symptoms continued, until I was so much reduced that I was unable to do any work about house, or even to walk across the room without assistance. In July, 1841, I was so afflicted with shortness of breath, such great difficulty in breathing, and in such severe pain, that I was unable to lie in bed or sleep for three weeks. One physician who attended me, and another who was consulted, both gave me up to die—said they could do no more for me. My friends despaired of my life. I had no hope myself. I then commenced taking Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Before I had taken one bottle, I was able to walk about house. I continued to take the Balsam until I had taken four bottles, and I NOW I AM WELL, free from pain, little or no cough, do my own work, need no help, and have not enjoyed better health for fifteen years.

[Signed.] RELIANCE PERRY.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ejm&pmar4

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who see it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 328 Washington street, Boston. tfadvmar28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

MARRIED,

In Nashville, N. H., May 7, by Rev D. D. Pratt, Mr Peter H. Putnam, of this city, to Miss Ruby Steele, of Wilton.

In Concord, May 5, by Rev Joseph Merrill, Mr David P. Farmer, of Pelham, N. H., to Miss Mary Ann Hamblet, of Drucutt.

In Charlestown, N. H., May 6, John C. Fernham, Esq., of Andover, Mass., to Miss Sarah Tufts, daughter of Josiah Tufts, of Charlestown, N. H.

In Brookline, N. H., May 3, Mr Zebedee Jackson to Miss Catharine Preston, both of Townsend, Mass.

DIED,

In this city, April 27, of scarlet fever, George Franklin, only child of Storer and Sarah B. Nason, aged 6 years 3 months and 24 days.

Farewell, dear child, thy pain is o'er,
Sickness and pain thou'lt know no more;
But all thy joys will be complete—
Then rest, dear child, thy rest is sweet.

In this vain world thou didst enjoy
No pleasure pure without alloy;
But all thy joys will be complete—
Then rest, sweet child, thy rest is sweet.

In Townsend, April 6, Caleb Sylvester, a revolutionary soldier, aged 92 years and 6 months. [Maine papers please copy.

In Woburn, April 5, Georgiana Eliza, only daughter of George W. and Eliza B. Pierce, aged 5 months and 9 days.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, 90 Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adopted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Shoe-dealer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Barr will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the TWENTIETH of May inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

H. WRIGHT.

May 9, 1846. 3tmay9

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. 1feb17

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt-Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossineing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him in New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would become perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 9 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE, Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *This Day.*

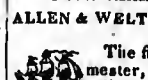


The superior fast sailing A 1 copper fastened Ship PARIS, *Symmes*, master, now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m9

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF. Goes up to the city without lightering. *With Dispatch.*

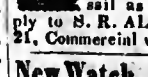


The elegant fast sailing A 1 Ship WILLIAM GODDARD, *Potter*, master, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUE WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillisis Agent at Mobile. m6

Savannah and Boston Packets.

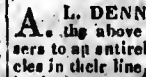
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This day.*



The fine packet ship STERLING, *Sanders* master, will receive what freight may offer & sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m9

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner MONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m7

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.....BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. } sp23 a1m

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. ndvtj10may2

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out upon the southwest side of Lee street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

upr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Grand street may be established, a sidewalk laid out, and said street accepted,—the Committee of the City Council to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to establish the grade of said street, to lay a sidewalk thereon and to accept said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr22 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and built on the north side of Charles street from Central street to Lawrence street,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk on said street, as petitioned for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

apr23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to give notice of the intention of the City Council to lay out and cause a sidewalk to be constructed on the northerly side of Merrimack street from Concord River bridge to High street; and also to lay out and cause to be built a sidewalk on the southerly side of said street from Prescott street to Concord River bridge. And the said Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 22, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that a sidewalk may be laid out and constructed on the southerly side of Pawtucket street from School street to the Pawtucket,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and build a sidewalk as prayed for, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

ap23 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

s3wmay7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

Sealer's Notice.

THE subscriber, sealer of Weights and Measures for the city of Lowell, for the present year, hereby gives notice, that he will attend, at his Shop, on Middle street, to the sealing of such weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose.

6tmay7 O. A. RICHARDSON.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by having a time citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846.

ndv8wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be holden at the Committee Room, City Hall, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any further business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. CURTIS, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations.

Per order.

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. my5tm

Teeth! Teeth!

DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleaning, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



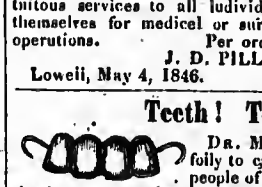
At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrent every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rosa-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
tfadvapr16

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. s&plymar5

Bricks for Sale.

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick, and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Linens.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, May 12, 13, and 14, at 9 and 2 o'clock,—By far the largest stock of Linen Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of all the variety of goods manufactured from Linen, brought directly from Ireland by the man himself. Families and Dealers will find this a very favorable opportunity to purchase, as the stock will amount to more than $2000 worth, and a better variety than can be found in Lowell or Boston at retail. Description of Goods hereafter. They will be arranged in the chamber over our Sale-room and exhibited several days before the sale, of which due notice will be given.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, p.m., 3000 rolls paper hangings, of various styles and qualities, direct from the manufactory. Dealers and consumers are invited to attend. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

A beautiful House Lot.

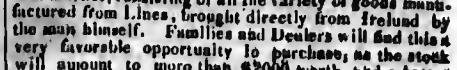
At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

P. W. BYRNES & CO.'S

Emigrant Passage Office.



THE subscribers, long and favorably known to the travelling public, continue to forward passengers to every part of the United States and British America.

The public may rest assured that for the prompt and commodious dispatch of passengers, we possess facilities not surpassed by any other house engaged in the business.

We have efficient, careful and responsible agents in all the important sea-ports in Ireland, who will give every attention and information to passengers, that can prevent delay and disappointment.

Our Agents in Lowell are ANDREW BARR & SON, 47, Merrimack Street. P. W. BYRNES & CO., 36, Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

The subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above firm, engage to secure passages on the best terms, from the following places, viz.:

Liverpool,	Dublin,	Cork,
Waterford,	Drogheda,	Belfast,
Dundalk,	Newry,	Derry,
Coleraine.		

They solicit a share of the patronage of those wishing their friends brought to America, and pledge themselves to spare no pains to secure every satisfaction.

ANDREW BARR & SON,
tfdec23 47, Merrimack Street.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

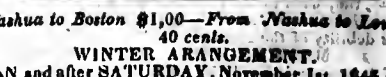
For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimensions for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell by the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by having their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book means for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight, 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 00 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Supt.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan27

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and all *Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BOBBYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 106 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Beak st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tuttee, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tuttee fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of confirmed Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone; was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tuttee were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts; and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3u&ply

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusuel power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was indeced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jo., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Weter st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other preparation for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'n Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n18a&r6m

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aty

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion; dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from diseases*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual requisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cevil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Iodine Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sanda's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. L. Gonda dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. adv3mmar26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of those troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preperation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. eaplyhov3

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. R. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and amusening advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Moses proved for above,
Like nest eggs, to make chants lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wound by suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their properties, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thru' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjun22

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE PREPARATION OF WILD CHERRY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

DR. SWAYNE, Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Weynesburg, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c., &n., which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints an advertisement of Dr. SWAYNE'S *Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine. Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewiston, Del.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office is now removed to N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. dec16

Carriage Manufactory,

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tonnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done to the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mis&pdec20

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 56.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $2.00 per annum, in advance, or $2.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square; No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS, SET AND REPAIRED BY

C. L. BRADLEY,

CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS, advty LOWELL. sepi9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING, MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store*, CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS Lowell.

American House,

BY

GILBERT FERRIN,

CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,

Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING, *No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,* LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street LOWELL.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

—OFFICE— SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL. LOWELL.

Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.

sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,

Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store, sp126m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN

STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.

No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.

jan21 1y

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,— Vestings and Trimmings,

And a general assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,

jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—

STABLING FOR HORSES.

BY L. B. NORRIS,

BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.

GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Lowell, June 8, 1845. je6tf

I. W. & D. Sanes,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fronel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the

Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,

Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Furnaces, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. SANES, jan8 DEAR. SANES.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)

Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

—AGENTS IN— *Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.*

Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*

No. 24, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSEPH MERRILL, C. M. HEYWOOD. tfnov1

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

— Agent of the —

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE:

In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.

Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.

STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON, H. G. BLAISDELL.

Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,

36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

— OFFICE —

Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,

LOWELL, MASS.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,

Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of

A. R. BROWN.

Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LOWELL.

OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*

R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND

FEATHER WAREHOUSE

T. P. & L. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURer, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.

Old Planes and Saws put in good order.

Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. ang12m

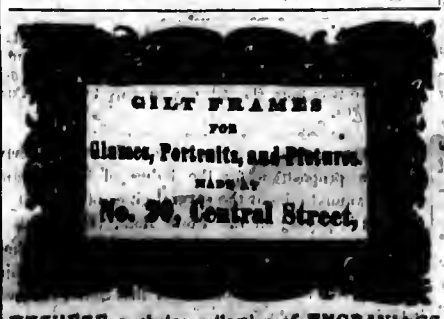
State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Offices No, 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for Insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. 1y1apr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.

August 8, 1845. reug8

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Hart Burn, Billious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and Gaenral Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfaits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. sdv1yjan29

NATIONAL LOAN FUND

Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.

United States Board of Local Directors at New York

JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq

John Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.

James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.

George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.

Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D. ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against *the occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*; and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy Taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
6	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$448 35	$66 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 21	87 45	57 12	1730 5
			1839	693 37	308 56	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

1ya&p2aweeopdec18

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company

CONTINUE TO INSURE

REAL ESTATE ONLY, FOR SEVEN YEARS.

AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.

They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are promptly paid on and paid, satirely, from the *separate funds* either for seven or one year.

OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, (Entrance from the East Portico, Devonshire street.)

DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIBBENS,	DANIEL HEACHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAMUEL H. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH BARDO,
UBIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHEAVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L H. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LARSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.

S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.

☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the above-named Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.

Lowell, April 19, 1846. SETH AMES. 1mapr18

Bricks for Sale!

300,000 CHIMNEY Brick and 200,000 Face Brick. Enquire of CHAS. STONE, Coburn's Block, Central street. ap21

F. Brown's

SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all discases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the sun and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. **** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. edv&pattyapr4

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,

MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, New No. 125. } STREET.

A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he Inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets this, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,		Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,	
WILLIAM NORTH,	"	ELIZABETH HILL,	
AMOS HULL,	"	JOHN AYER,	
GEORGE WALKER,	"	MARK ANDREWS.	

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&poct28

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three broad wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE, Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wd1may2

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

For the Lowell Advertiser.

ON HEARING THE FIRST BIRD OF SPRING.

Welcome thou art, little warbler of spring,
Thy carollings ever do happiness bring;
As the half-withered bud is restored by the sun,
Our spirits are cheered by thy merry spring song.

When on the bright morn thou didst pour in mine ear
Thy music so sweet that e'en angels might hear,
I listened—then said, "'Tis but a sweet dream,"
And wished I could sleep to enjoy it again.

The notes were repeated, and soft as the late
They fell on mine ear; I was breathless and mute.
When my mind became lucid, my dream took to wing,
I listened with rapture to the first bird of spring.

Oh, would ever thus I could hear thy sweet song—
It would cheer my sad heart like remembrances gone;
It would chase away sorrow like sunbeams the dew,
And with cheerful contentment my mind would imbue.

Bright buds of the forest are bursting afresh,
The crimson-lipped daisy peeps forth from its rest;
All nature in exquisite harmony brings
Her offerings to welcome the first bird of spring.

Lowell, March 27th, 1846. P.

From the Democratic Review.

THE MIDNIGHT WATCH:

OR,

THE CAPTAIN'S STORY.

"Talking of circumstantial evidence, I can tell you a story, in point, of an affair that happened within my own personal knowledge, if you wish to hear it."

The speaker was one of a group that stood upon the promenade deck of the Empire, one day last summer, as she glided along the glories of the Hudson, on her downward passage from the political capital of the state to the commercial and financial capital of the union. This group had been collected by an animated discussion between two professional-looking disputants, respecting the necessity and propriety of killing men as punishment for murder.

The conversation at first so spirited as to excite the interest and attention of a number of ladies, who had moved themselves up so as to be within hearing had begun to flag. The arguments for and against had been pretty neatly exhausted, and the combatants were beginning in the lull of the battle, to draw off their polemical cohorts, preparatory to a peace, both parties satisfied with the *uti possidetis*, although the spectators could distinguish no great difference between it and the *statu quo ante bellum*.

It was at this opportune moment that the speaker, a square-built, red-faced comfortable looking man, proposed to tell his story. Of course there was a general expression of assent; so clearing his throat with a preparatory "hem," and stowing his quid a little more compactly, after shifting it from starboard to larboard, he began:

"I am a sailor, or rather was, for it is a great many years since I gave up ploughing the deep and took to turning furrows upon the land. Just forty years ago I was in command of a little full-rigged brig, called the Moresco, belonging to Baltimore. We were bound for Liverpool, and from thence to the Cape de Verds, for a cargo of salt, and thence home. My crew consisted of three men and a boy, rather short handed you may think for a long voyage, but sailors were in demand, and my vessel was a little bit of a thing, and required but few to manage her; besides, I was young then, and felt myself about equal to the watch of a small frigate aloue; and in addition there was the mate, who had come on board of me with the reputation of being as active an officer as ever steped across a ship's gangway.—Mr Clark, James C. Clark, I thing was his name, was a young man, about thirty, but he had been to sea pretty much all his life. Report said, for I didn't know much of him personally, that he was a good sailor, but a regular marine Tartar; a thorough-going disciple of the 'Hell-afloat system.'"

Here there was a movement of increased interest, especially among the ladies; and one of the gentlemen embodying the curiosity of the auditors, demanded of the captain an explanation of the principles of the system he had mentioned.

"It is a system," replied the captain, "much in vogue formerly, and which, I am sorry to say has not been entirely done away with to this day. It is a system, the fundamental principle of which is, that a sailor, I mean a regular 'fore-the-mast' duff-eat-er, a real 'Jack-nasty-face,' is the incarnation of human depravity; that, as the phrase is, 'the better you try to serve him, the worse he tries to serve you, and that it is necessary to continually work him, and curse him, and flog him, to make him to earn the salt junk and rusly pork upon which he is half-starved."

"But surely," exclaimed another of the listening group, "such a system can find no advocate in the American service in the present day!"

The captain turned to the speaker, and deliberately eyed him with a peculiarly benign expression, rendered somewhat quizzical by a slight pursing of the lips.

"you believe, at least" exclaimed the captain "in the progress of humanity; in the march of mind; in the developement of the genius of American civilization don't you? Well, it is a comfortable belief, if you want to keep it never go to sea before the mast, if you do, ten chances to one you will have it knocked out of you with a marlingspike, or a belaying-pin, as soon as your officers get you into blue water. I am sorry to say it, but I have seen things at sea, that if told on shore would make even the judges of the Marine Court stare; and I have pretty good reason to know, that Jack has, to this day, occasional opportunities of seeing some of the 'Devil's doing's when he can't help it. But I'm a going rather 'large;' so you will see I'll just board my jawing-tacks and brace sharp up to my story.

"This Mr Clark, as I was mentioning, had the reputation of being a good sailor and an active officer, but it was said that he never could get a crew to sail with him the second time; and more than once he had to secrete himself while his ship was in port, and join her only at the last moment, in order to avoid arrest at the complaint of some of his misused men. But so far from being against him, there were not a few old sea-dogs who really thought that it was in his favor; and even I, at that time, had no very clear idea of the distinction between a good officer and a hard one. Glad, at any rate, was I, when Mr Clark joined the brig, and commenced helping to stow the cargo. I soon found that report had not belied his character, and that he was a thorough driving fellow, who knew what

work was and how to have it done. He was evidently disposed to severity, with cartman, hackmen and others; but I could discover no evidences of capricious or down right bad temper.

"In a few days, owing mainly to his activity and energy, the cargo was aboard and stowed, and the brig ready for sea. Our crew consisting, as I have said, of three men and a boy, came on board, and the wind shifting immediately to 'free,' we 'sheeted-home' every thing and stood out for sea.

"We had been out but a few days when I became convicted that Mr Clark's manner was to the full, as rough as I had heard it represented. Hardly an order came from his lips unaccompanied by an oath or some opprobrious epithet.—And but little less liberal was he in the use of blows. Upon several occasions I remonstrated with him, but he pleaded so strongly in justification the necessity of the case, that I was compelled to let him have his way. It is always a delicate thing for a captain to meddle with a mate's authority: discipline is the main point, and upon any disagreement in the cabin it is sure to suffer.

"Another reason for my indisposition to interfere with the exercise of Mr Clark of his authority in his own way, was the fact that his displays of bad temper were not wholly unprovoked.—Had I had Job himself for first officer, sure am I that his well tried patience would hardly have enabled him to resist the temptation of flourishing a rope's-end, at least a dozen times a day. I was frequently provoked beyond all bounds by the conduct of the men.

"For a small crew hardly a worse one could have been selected. One of the three men were willing enough, but he was slow and stupid.—The others were smart, active fellows, but real grumbling, growling rascals, who had made up their minds, from the first, never to lift a hand or stir a foot when they could help it. They had both been in the English service, and although Americans, they had acquired all the vices of an English sailor. In fact I recollect that one of them told me that he had made three voyages in a Canadian-timber ship, where every time they reefed topsails, the officers were compelled to chase the men up the rigging with hand spikes.

"To these two men, whose names were the usual sailor-hailing handles, Jack and Bill, the mate had taken a supreme dislike, and they to him. At last things got to be so bad, that not an order of his did they pretend to obey, unless it was accomplished with a curse and a blow; and not frequently in the night, during the mate's watch, when only three person's were on the deck, have I been aroused from sleep by the sound of a rope's end on Bill's back, and his yells of rage and pain.

"Well, in this way, cursing, and grumbling and flogging, as thousands of vessels have done since, we made our course accross the Atlantic. Had I known then as much as I do now, things would have been different. I would have resolutely set my face against Mr Clark's brutal and badgering ways on the one hand, and on the other I would have triced up Mr Bill or Jack to the rigging upon the first sufficient provocation, given them three dozen with the cats, in regular man-o'-war style, called the accounts square, and treated them mildly until they had run up another score, to be whipped off in the same way.—They would soon have understood how the land lay, and have come to the conclusion that it was time to luff up a bit, and leave off backing and filling round mutiny point. There never was a sailor who wouldn't knock under to a due mixture of severity and kindness; but this constant hectoring only makes him feel bad, and disposes him to run his head against a marling-spike or a belaying-pin, whenever he sees his tormentor have it in hand. However, I was young then, as I have said, and did'nt know as much as I do now.

[Continued.]

CONGRESS.

Friday May 8.

SENATE did not sit.

IN THE HOUSE. Mr Tibbatts reported a bill that was refered to the Committee of the whole, authorizing three townships of land to be sold by the secretary of the Treasury for the benefit of the different blind institutions of the country.

The House went into committee of the whole and took up the special order, the bill for the retrocession of the County of Alexandria to Virginia.

The 1st, 2d and 3d sections of the bill were then agreed to.

Mr Calver moved to strike out the word "white" in the 4th section, which was lost by a nearly unanimous vote.

Mr Payne, of Ala., made a speech against the bill, in which he charged eastern Va. with a design to add the votes of Alexandria to their strength, in state elections. He said the object of eastern Va. in thus seeking to increase its vote, was to defeat western Va. in its efforts to extend the right of suffrage.

Mr Bayly got the floor, and came down on Mr Payne like a thousand—nay ten thousand thick. He charged him with impertinent interference in the domestic affairs of Va., of which he knew nothing.

The bill finally passed by a vote of 95 to 66. A motion was made to reconsider and the House refused, and then adjourned.

Saturday May 9th.

The SENATE was not in session to-day.

In the HOUSE Mr Garrett Davis offered resolutions calling on the President for information whether any detachments of the army on the Rio Grande have attacked, or been attacked by, Mexican forces; whether officers or soldiers have been killed in such attacks; if so, to report the manner and to state whether they were killed on Americas or Mexican territory.

2dly. To report whether any supplies of our army have been captured by the Mexicans, and what effort, if any, made to recover them.

3dly. To report whether any naval commander has blockaded the mouth of the Rio Grande or Matamoras, or captured or ordered off any American, British or Mexican ship from Matamoras; and to communicate all orders under which such Naval commanders acted.

A motion to suspend the rules to receive the resolution was made and lost—ayes 64 nays 85.

Mr Pettit asked leave for his special committee, in relation to Mr Ingersoll's charges, to sit whilst the House in session, and be allowed a clerk.

Mr Schenck asked for a clerk for his committee, appointed to inquire who it was that had violated the confidential papers of the State Department. He did not ask for leave to sit while the House was in session.

The House refused to allow either committee a clerk.

Mr Pettit then tendered his resignation as Chairman of the Committee, but the House refused to receive it.

The House then proceeded to consider bills on private calendar. Having made some progress with them the House adjourned.

FOUND OUT. "Mr Simkins, your wife is a nice one, by Pshe! Thank fortune I've found her out."

"Found her out."

"Yes, beyond a doubt."

"Good heavens—you don't mean to insinuate—"

"I insinuate nothing—I called at your house twice this morning and found your wife, sir, out."

ANECDOTE. "Where was your faith before For'a time?" said a pugnacious sectarian to an honest old Quaker. "Where, I fear, thine never was, friend: in the footprints."

☞ Honesty is the best policy, except in cases of fun.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1846.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm and title of HILDRETH & VARNEY, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved. All claims against the late firm will be adjusted by E. J. VARNEY; all debts due for subscription to the "Lowell Patriot and Republican" and the "Lowell Advertiser," must be paid to P. A. HILDRETH or his authorized agent; and in the settlement of all claims for advertising and job printing, both parties are authorized to use the firm's name.

P. A. HILDRETH,
E. J. VARNEY.

May 5, 1846. may7

MEXICO.

From present appearances, war with Mexico seems inevitable. If the late news proves correct, a declaration of war (if even that is necessary) is the only remaining step to be taken, previous to taking the whole country. If war with that distracted country, ruled by petty and profligate tyrants, must come, or has been commenced, it would be dishonorable to this nation and cruelty to the unfortunate Mexicans to stop short of its entire subjugation, and Annexation. The first blow that is struck, should be struck with a view to conquering, elevating, and making that people finally happy in the enjoyment of a Republican Government, and the blessings of peace. The operations of our government must be energetic, decisive, and sufficiently extensive to effect a sudden and complete victory, or disgrace will attach to our country, our government and our arms. Nor must we calculate to meet Mexico alone. Great Britain, if not openly, will secretly aid her. She would much prefer to aid Mexico than fight about Oregon. If she can cripple us in the South, she may hope for a better settlement of the Oregon question.

We trust our government will no longer dally with the rulers of Mexico, who rule for a day and are succeeded by another set who disavow the acts of their predecessors, and who, in turn, are themselves succeeded, and their acts disavowed, thus keeping everything in a state of most vexatious uncertainty and causing greater sacrifices on our part than would be the cost of conquering the whole nation. Speedy, prompt, energetic, (and speaking comparatively with what we have done,) extensive action seems to us the only policy to be recommended by a wise administration.

☞ We should not publish communications of correspondents impeaching the integrity of one of the highest public officers in the government, did we not believe them in that particular correct. We had occasion to call on Mr Bancroft two or three times while at Washington, in relation to our Post Office affairs and was informed by him that he had in no way interfered with them, and was in no degree responsible for the appointment of Mr Seavy, nor had had any control of it. We referred him to a letter that bore his endorsement—"Respectfully referred to the Post Master General with best wishes for Mr Seavy," (signed George Bancroft.) He denied having put such an endorsement upon any letter for Mr. Seavy. These statements were made in presence of two members of Congress and another gentleman. President Polk, in presence of a member of Congress and another gentleman, said the case of Postmaster at Lowell was referred to Mr Bancroft, he coming from that section of the country, and he sent Mr Seavy to the Senate on the approval of Mr Bancroft; and that if the appointment was one he was sorry for it. We afterwards visited the Post Office Department, and on examining the papers concerning the Lowell Post Office, missed the letter upon which was the above endorsement of Mr Bancroft. We inquired for the letter and was informed by the Assistant Postmaster that Mr Bancroft was in a day or two before, and with the consent of the Postmaster General, had taken it from the file.

From the above and other statements made by Mr B., we must say, we lost all confidence in his integrity, and could come to no other conclusion except, that he intended to control the appointment and still avoid the responsibility of making it, by denying all agency in it; and that he took the letter he endorsed, from the files of the P. O. Department to avoid being detected in a false statement. We have a copy of the letter and Mr B.'s endorsement upon it. The endorsement is as given above.

Some time since we told our readers they should have our reasons for the belief that Mr B. controlled the appointment of Postmaster here. Those above given, together with the assurance of Mr Polk's private secretary, that Mr Seavy would not be sent to the Senate without the knowledge and approval of Mr Bancroft are the principal.

☞ The President has responded to Mr Adams's call for information as to the deserters from the army being shot. No official report on the subject had been received at Washington later than April 6, up to which time Gen Taylor announced that four deserters had been drowned in attempting to swim the river, and two shot by the piquet guard. It is known that some have been shot since.

☞ Ancelli's Great Painting of the "End of the World" is now open for exhibition at the Horticultural Hall, School street Boston. "This picture is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of canvas, and about forty of the figures are colossal, which imparts to the principal scene represented a most imposing and grand effect.

The sudden withdrawal of the sun's light, the fearful flashing of the forked lightnings, the gloom induced by the threatening clouds, the terror depicted in the countenances of the people, the calmness and resignation of the Christian, as well as the faithful delineation of every grade of human character, form a scene of unrivalled beauty, grandeur, and sublimity.

No description can in any manner convey an adequate idea of this sublime painting. It can only be fully appreciated by an actual view."

Captain French Forest arrived in this city yesterday, direct from Washington, bringing with him orders for the immediate sailing of the Princeton. He goes out in her as passenger, to relieve Captain Dalamy in the frigate Cumberland, now in the Gulf. The Princeton was fired up and ready to go to sea in an hour after his arrival, but owing to the state of the weather the pilot declined to take her out. She will, however, the weather permitting, go to sea this morning.—[Post.

☞ The Dover N. H. Gazette has a standing "one line" thus:

"Keep your hens out of your neighbors garden"

☞ The Legislature of Michigan have abolished capital punishment in that State.

THE N. Y. GLOBE—MR SECRETARY BANCROFT AND HIS REPORT.

"What will the American People say—that people for whom and for whose liberties the Navy has spilled its best blood, when we tell them that the process of humiliating the nation is revived again by Mr Bancroft? The noble proposition of appropriating $20,000,000 to make the Navy worthy a 'first rate nation,' is suddenly turned into fifty of small detail, involving no great practical end, but designed, admirably designed for the exercise of tyrant favoritism and cruel injustice. He would build up the Navy by breaking down twenty captains, forty-seven commanders, sixty-seven lieutenants, men whose whole lives have been devoted to the service, and whose brave deeds humbled the 'meteor flag' and made us a name among nations! He would strike off some ninety midshipmen, a few professors, thirty or forty masters and masters' mates, a few secretaries, and save this great Republic the enormous sum of $300,000! Think you, that such twopenny propositions ever meet favor with the people?—How much more befitting the condition of the country, the circumstances that surround it, the actual necessity, whether we have peace or war, had he told congress what the people will soon tell it, we want you to so legislate with reference to the navy as will enable us to meet England on the ocean—in her own favorite way, as it was done at St. Vincent, at Aboukir, and at Trafalgar, though with a different result to the standard which shall float defiance to the 'blood stained banner of St. George,' than what occurred at those places. Instead of turning your old sea warriors out to die—to starve—to be looked upon as living monuments of a Republic's ingratitude, build them ships and send them to the furthermost ends of the earth, with our glorious flag streaming to the wind, the emblem of the great mission it is its destiny to perform. Narrow is his mind who has only to view the dollar and forgets justice—unworthy is that man of public station under our institutions, who, with the demagogue's notion of economy, would inflict injustice on a gallant officer; and incapacitated for his place is the head of a department who cannot believe long enough, or see, that some millions must be expended as they flow into our treasury, to increase our navy. It may save us from a hundred millions of debt, and from the imposition of grinding taxes to meet the demands of the great Shylocks, the kings of the world.

If there is any thing we dispise, it is that low demagogueism of men in public places, most frequently shown on subjects involving public expenditure. We go for an economical administration of the government, and for the most rigid accountability of public officers. But our notions of economy do not sink so low as to refuse to suggest appropriations to place the country in the most complete posture of defence, or to beat the enemy off if they were hattering at the walls of the capital; they are not of that *professional* character which, if the country were at war with one nation and circumstances looked promising to be at war with another, would lead us to suggest that the navy stood in need or no appropriations beyond that required for a contemptably small peace establishment. No high minded statesmen is ever associated with this species of demagoguism, and the great democratic Party of the country, repudiates the demagogueism with sickening disgust."

We cut the above paragraph from a column and a half of matter of a similar strain in the New York Globe of the 8th inst., for the purpose of putting our veto upon such doctrines as it advances passing as democratic, or at all expressing the feelings of the democracy concerning abuses that have grown up in the American navy.

With regard to the individual at the head of the navy department, we have had occasion heretofore to express, and now repeat, we have no confidence in his integrity. We know him to be totally and entirely regardless of his word; one of those kind of men of whom it may be truly said—*he has no truth in him.* This is a great misfortune to the country, and will not unlikely prove a great though an unjust barrier to the great reforms recommended by the navy department.

But Mr Bancroft in his last report has discovered a research, a justness and courage that entitle his effort to the gratitude of the whole republican party.—His report should be published from one end of the Union to the other. At all our primary meetings and state legislatures it should be read and its recommendations urged upon congress. Our opinion of Mr Bancroft, personally, God knows, is mean enough.—We believe him to be wholly unfit for any business of life as regards integrity. But with the most unbounded contempt for any lying man, we should almost be induced ever hereafter to speak only in Mr Bancroft's praise, should he persevere and finally succeed in effecting the reforms recommended.

Mr Slamm may talk of the gallant acts of our navy in the last war, and all the howling sycophants plastered upon the government FOR LIFE may screech until they are hoarse, the idea cannot be eradicated from the public mind, that abuses exist both in the army and navy, that need and must be reformed.

Talk of persons attached to the navy being turned upon the world to starve! The extended and extending commerce of the country affords ample field for employment, even in the calling they have been educated in by the government. It's no compliment to the officers that they necessarily become *paupers* as soon as you deprive them of feeding at Uncle Sam's crib.

Is a million of dollars no object for retrenchment worthy attention in one branch of the public service? So important, so true, so just, are Mr Bancroft's suggestions, that it's hard to find language adequate to urge attention upon the subject. If the report itself fail to effect it, an appeal to the people will come like a thunder clap upon the benumbed ears of our rulers. From present appearances our Mexican affairs bid fair to give birth to another Florida plunder game upon the general government. The administration should look to it; and Mr Slamm, while his attention is drawn to the gallant acts of the navy, should look a little to secretary Marcy, and let us know how comes it?—We are hearing of straggling parties of from three to ten of our men, from the camp, being robbed, or murdered, or shot, or deserting to the enemy. How do these men pass the sentinels? upon what public necessity are they suffered to be strolling about, does not appear. Will friend Slamm tell us in the country about these things? Will the Globe just look again to Mr B.'s report and see if it cannot find in it somewhat of the retrenchment recommended, urged, and expected by the republican party of the country?

Antipathy to the Secretary should never carry us out of the pale of just reforms from whatever source emanating. We, repeat,—if the honorable secretary perseveres, we doubt not we shall be forced by public opinion, to become his constant eulogist, and so drown in the great good he urges, the contemptible prevarications he practices, and for which we so heartily despise him.

☞ The standing army of the United States consists of one regiment of dragoons, one regiment of rifle men, four companies of artillery, and eight regiments of infantry, about 9000 men.

☞ We understand Col. Schoolcraft and Mr P. Fuller leave for Europe in the next Steamer. A pleasant voyage to them.

WAR WITH MEXICO!—NEWS FROM THE ARMY.

On the 23d ultimo, 2000 Mexicans crossed the Rio Grande, about 20 miles above Gen. Taylor's camp. Two companies of cavalry, 63 men each, commanded by Captains Thornton and Hardee, were sent to reconnoitre the next morning. They fell into an ambush, when Lieutenant Cairn and 13 men were killed, Capt. Thornton reported missing, and Capt. Hardee and 46 men taken prisoners. A wounded man, sent in by the Mexicans, made this report:

"Gen. Taylor's communication with Point Isabel is cut off, and he had but 10 days' provisions. A call was made on Gov. Henderson, of Texas, by Gen. Taylor, for forty companies of riflemen, sixty men each, twenty companies to be mounted, and to rendezvous at Corpus Christi, and the foot companies at Galveston. Gen. Taylor has also called upon the Governors of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama, for 8000 troops. Gen. Taylor's works opposite Matamoras would be completed by the 28th, at which time the fire would be opened on the city. The Mexican force is 8000, well equipped, and with an excellent park of artillery. The Governor has issued his requisition for 2500 volunteers, and they were all ready in the streets of New Orleans on the morning of the 2d, actively preparing for departure. They expected to leave the next day. The Louisiana Legislature has appropriated $100,000 for the service. The city of New Orleans was in a great state of excitement—drums and flags parading through the streets, calling for volunteers."

Arista had assumed the command of the Mexicans, and notified Gen Taylor of the fact on the 26th. The principal officers known to be in command of the Mexican forces, are Gens. Arista, Ampudia, Mexia, and Canales, Cols. Carasco and Carajahal; all men of talent.

"Gen Taylor's position, in the rear of Matamoras, is sufficiently strong to withstand successfully an attack of the whole Mexican force, and commands the town, which, with the batteries already mounted, could be razed to the ground in an hour's time. Gen Taylor has in camp full rations for fifteen days, which he thinks can be made to last thirty days, by which time he is in hopes to receive large reinforcements. It is thought by the superior officers of the army that 20,000 will be required within a very short period, as it is well known that the Mexican army is daily receiving large reinforcements from the interior.

We ought, says the New York Sun of yesterday morning, to have at least 100,000 men underway to Mexico within thirty-six hours; and all our naval power, with privateers, should be on the Mexican coast immediately, picking up every thing afloat bearing the Mexican flag, and taking possession of Tampico, Tobasco and every other accessible point on the Gulf and Pacific. We must sweep the military depots out of Mexico. The horrible massacre of Cross, and Porter and others, cries for vengeance! We will make no terms this side of the city of Mexico! Now for Vera Cruz! Where are our bomb ships? Where are the Post Captains, Commodores, Lieutenants, and Midshipmen whom Secretary Bancroft proposed to disband! Give these gallant men a chance, and we guarantee that the fortress of San Juan D. Ulloa will hoist the American flag in twenty four hours! while the officers he proposes to retain are protecting our commerce in every sea or winning laurels on the west coast of Mexico. Would that Comodore Catsby Jones were again at Monterey, instead of being on his farm

Remember the Florida war, its mismanagement, its allies and its disastrous procrastination. No tampering with the despots and military brigands of Mexico. No trifling with these enemies of civilization.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

LOWELL INSTITUTE.

Mr Editor: It was voted, at the annual meeting of the members of the Institute, that a list of the officers for the present year, together with a synopsis of the Treasurer's Report, be published in one or more of the newspapers in the city. The following are the officers for the present year, viz. Joshua Merrill President; Abijah Watson, 1st Vice do.; Jona. Kendall, 2d do. do.; A. W. Farr, Corresponding Secretary; Milton Bouney, Recording Secretary and Treasurer; George Savory, Stephen T. Stanley, C. G. Giles, L. B. Morse, Jona. Ladd, R. Dinamore, Nathan Allen, J. J. Judkins, Jas. Patterson, L. P. Wright, Rufus Rogers, Holland Streeter, Board of managers.

Synopsis of the Treasurer's Report. The total receipts into the Treasury during the past year were $623 37. Total expenditures, $639 53. Expenditures exceed the receipts $16 16. Amount of funds belonging to the Institute now on hand, (being the surplus of recipts over expenditures in several past years,) after deducting $16 16 for present use, $213-10.

A. W. FARR, *Sec. for past year.*

ANOTHER TRAGICAL LOVE AFFAIR. At Newport, near Cincinnati, a deformed girl, named Magdaline Traw, was shot dead on Saturday evening last, while she was making lace in her bedroom, by a man named John Taw, a pedlar, whom she had refused to marry, on account of her own personal defects. As soon as he had discharged his pistol he drew a common knife from his pocket, and cut his throat from ear to ear. The parties were German.

☞ The whig letter writers and papers are very busy nominating democratic candidates for the Presidency. How very kind of these gentlemen. Well, we must not deprive them of all the "fun," since here in consists the difference between the whig and democratic party, the one nominates candidates *the other elects them.*

☞ The "*Golden Rule*" is the name of tiny sheet "Devoted to the Moral and Intellectual improvement of the young" printed and published every month by Henry L. and George P. Brown Groton Mass 1846. They do very well as boys they will do better as men.

☞ A correspondent of the Union writing from Metamoras April 24, says Santa Ana remains near Havana without the slightest idea of returning to Mexico at present.

AN OLD MAN GONE! Mr Silas Howell, died in this city yesterday May 8. He was the oldest man in the city! Being *One Hundred years and ten months* old. He was born the 4th day of July 1745. [Portland Argus.

NEW ENTERPRISE. The ladies of Lancaster have made a proposition for the ladies of Pennsylvania to hold annual fairs at the several cities of that State, to assist in paying off the State debt. Our faith in woman is already great, and if the six hundred thousand ladies of Pennsylvania succeed in extinguishing the forty-two million liabilities of that State, then will it be immeasurable.

☞ The Courier says, members of the Fire Department can now get their pay for services during the past year, by calling on the City Treasurer, at his office, City Hall. The Treasurer, in his office every evening the present week.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS. The House of Representatives, by a vote of 101 to 82, agreed to adjourn on the 13th July next. Considerable business may be done between the present time and the day of adjournment.

BY THE MOON MAIL.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

Nothing in addition south of Washington.

The news from Washington is, that the result of a Cabinet meeting held on Saturday, was that the President was to send into Congress a message yesterday, (Monday,) recommending an immediate PROCLAMATION OF WAR AGAINST MEXICO, and the blockade of all her Ports.

The Military Committees of Congress also held meetings on Saturday for making estimates of the forces and the resources to be provided for by Congress.

They would report yesterday, Monday, a recommendation to raise FIFTY THOUSAND VOLUNTEERS and an appropriation of TEN MILLIONS of dollars.

General Taylor was deceived by the Mexicans, in the opinion at Washington. The deception consisted in forewarning Gen. Taylor against "robbers and marauders" that infested his vicinity, in order to lull him into security and to throw him off his guard; to make him in fact believe there would be no fighting, so that, in the mean time, the Mexicans might take position on the American side of the Rio Grande.

This had the double effect upon Gen. Taylor, of lulling him into security, and of preventing his sending out scouts and scouting parties to watch the Mexicans, for fear they would be cut off in detail by these robbers and 'marauders, as Lieut. Porter's party was.

There seems to be no doubt that the Mexican force was secretly augmented, until it has reached between TEN and TWELVE THOUSAND strong. This is the estimate of the letters received here.

The news from the Rio Grande was wholly unexpected to all parties, and takes all by surprise. At the last accounts from Washington, it was stated that Gen. Houston would leave immediately for the seat of war.

☞ Under the caption of "Momentous," the Washington Union publishes a private letter from an American gentleman, dated at London, April 18th.—The letter amounts to this: That Sir Robert Peel will succeed in effecting his proposed change in the corn laws by the middle of this month, and will then with his colleagues immediately retire. A new cabinet will then be formed with Lord John Russell at its head, and Lord Palmerston as secretary of foreign affairs. This gentleman is known to entertain an almost insane hatred of the United States. The chief obstacle to the formation of a ministry by Russell, at the time of Peel's former resignation, was the hostile feeling entertained by Palmerston towards France. He availed himself of the Easter Holidays to visit France and reconcile Louis Phillppe to his restoration to the secretaryship of foreign affairs. His sentiments towards France will hereafter be entirely pacific. "In his new born zeal for the welfare of France, he will at once seize upon Guizot's 'balance of power' doctrine in North America, and use his position and his talents to consummate the most desperate purposes at any time contemplated by England or France to check our growth or diminish the influence which our institutions are exercising over the other nations of the earth."—Should the "notice" not arrive in England by the 25th of April there is no prospect of securing the *clear line* of 49, except by the last resort, the *ultima ratio* of nations—war.

Such is the opinions of a private gentleman, writing from London, and we must confess if Peel retires, and Russell comes in with Palmerston at his old post, having made an alliance with Guizot, then there is a fair chance for war—a war that in our opinion will never come to pass.

IRELAND. The Dublin nation of April 18th, in describing the state of this oppressed country, says—"Tipperary in insurrection. Clonmel in a state of seige. The tocsin ringing. Government bayonets displayed. The people's food locked up. Hill tops covered with thousands of strong men, *livid with hunger.* Provision boats boarded, mills and stores ransacked. Galway, Cork, Clare, Limerick, counting their daily deaths of inanition. Families in Cavan resolving on a suicide of starvation, to escape beggary. Thousands on thousands waiting for typus, or some newer or more hideous phantom, to rescue them from the griping horrors of want. Hospitals yelling with delirious starvelings—church yards fattening—drugs at a famine price—doctors at fault—and parish coffins at a premium—to this state has the government suffered this country to be reduced."

☞ Mr MERRIAM paid us another visit Saturday, and brought along the first out doors growth of Lettuce Spinach, Beets, and Turnips that have been in the market.

☞ Will the Courier tell us which of its articles we have garbled?

LOWELL MUSEUM.

THE Proprietor begs leave to announce an engagement for positively *Three Nights only*, with

Mr. J. BROUGHAM,

the celebrated Imitator of *Irish Peculiarities*, who will appear at the Lecture Room of the Museum, on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, May 11th, 12th and 13th, in a grand Miscellaneous Entertainment, entitled

PAT'S PECULIARITIES,

Or, Ireland and Irishmen, illustrated in Song and Story, Introducing with other new matter, imitations of celebrated Performers. Assisted by Mrs BROUGHAM.

The Entertainment will consist of Songs, Ballads, Recitations, &c. For particulars see small bills.

Tickets admitting two persons, 25 cents.

No boys admitted, unless accompanied by their Parents or Guardians. Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock. may12

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the Insolvent Estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stone-cutter, an Insolvent Debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Day, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, in Concord in said county, on FRIDAY, the 12th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Day may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery. Lowell, May 12th, A. D. 1846.

may12-3t JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee.

$10 REWARD!

WHEREAS my wife Louisa, having left my board without any just cause, while I was at Waltham for a few days on business, taking with her my bed and other articles of furniture, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no bills of her contracting. The above reward will be given to any person or persons who will obtain said furniture and deliver the same to me.

And whereas, the said Louisa has taken away and secreted my child, seven months old, in some place unknown to me, any person who will inform me of the whereabouts of said child or satisfy me that it is well provided for, shall be handsomely rewarded.

may12-3t C. L. BRADLEY.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Shoe-dealer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Barr will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the TWENTIETH of May inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

H. WRIGHT.

May 9, 1846. 3aw3

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED BY THE USE OF DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The following certificate is from the wife of Mr Enoch *Perry*, a very respectable farmer in Oxford county, Me. and can be relied upon as true in every particular. It was not solicited, but given by the lady from a sense of duty, feeling that she owed the preservation of her life to Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry!

Rumford, Oxford County, Maine, July 22, 1845.

This may certify that I have for a number of years been severely afflicted with the asthma. In October, 1843, I took a violent cold, which produced a very severe cough, which was accompanied with severe pains in my side, and I sweat profusely nights. These bad symptoms continued, until I was so much reduced that I was unable to do any work about house, or even to walk across the room without assistance. In July, 1844, I was so afflicted with shortness of breath, and great difficulty in breathing, and in such severe pain that I was unable to lie in bed or sleep for three weeks. One physician who attended me, and another who was consulted, both gave me up to die—said they could do no more for me. My friends despaired of my life. I had no hope myself. I then commenced taking Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Before I had taken one bottle, I was able to walk about house. I continued to take the Balsam until I had taken four bottles, and NOW I AM WELL, free from pain, little or no cough, do my own work, keep no help, and have not enjoyed better health for fifteen years.

[Signed.] RELIANCE PERRY.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ep4&pmar4

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boole, 328 Washington street, Boston. tfadv mar28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS; For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED,

In Dracut, on Sunday last, by Rev. Mr Adams, Mr JOHN VARNUM to Miss NANCY C. GREEN. [The happy couple have propitiated the printer, and thereby secured to themselves innumerable blessings.]

In this city, on the 11th inst, by Rev. Ira Person, Mr Lemuel Lathrop to Miss Mary Kelly, all of Lowell.

In Buffalo, N. Y., April 29, Dr. Wellman M. Barbank, of Lake Zurich, to Miss Dorcas W. Littlefield, of Lowell.

In this city, May 10, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Oliver A. Chartere and Miss Rhoda Lavina Mansfield.

Also, Mr Samuel Willey and Miss Sabra A. Grozier, all of this city.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending May 9, 1846.

May 3d, Joanna Goodwin, 9 yrs, scarlet fever; 4th, Sarah Decring, 18, consumption; 5th, Patrick Joice, 11 mos, convulsions; Martha J. J. Hamblet, 4 yrs, scarlet fever; 6th, Peace C. Gilman, 27 dropsy of the brain; Philanda Gould, 20, ———; Charles H. Chapman, 13 mns, scarlet fever; William S. Abbott, 17 mos, scarlet fever; Sarah P. Johnston, 4 yrs, scarlet fever; 7th, Charles B. Edes, 26, delirium tremens; 8th, Stephen Barrell, 39, consumption; 9th, Roseann McGlaley, 11 mos, dropsy on brain; William Murphy, 6 yrs, small pox.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city May 10, Cynthia E., wife of Mr J. T. Farnsworth, 25.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12x] dec16

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber, most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle at modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$8.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $3.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Paving-Stones Wanted.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.

☞ Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard, JOS. GRIFFIN,

Sup't of Streets.

Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28 A&P

☞ A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale cheap. may2

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy is Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Charles E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight* and *strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Caskers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

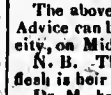
N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap3pymaro

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Wednesday.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner MONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m7

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF. Goes up to the city without lightering: *With Dispatch.*

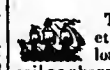


The elegant fast sailing A1 Ship WILLIAM GODDARD, *Potter*, master, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUE WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillisis Agent at Mobile. m6

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Saturday.* Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Bark ELIZA THORNTON, *Little*, is now loading, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m11

Savannah and Boston Packets,

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Saturday.*



The fine packet ship STERLING, *Sanders* master, will receive what freight may offer & sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m11

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p.m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p.m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wdmay2

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quality of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All householders who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all householders, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.....BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

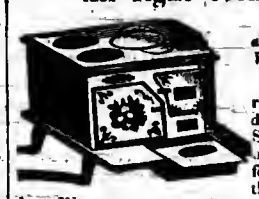
Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on Garman Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;

Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON, }
PETER K. DATER, } ap28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrent every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

HORACE C. DEAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
GOODS,
—FOR—
SPRING AND SUMMER,
AT
NO. 3, CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL.
April 14, 1846. tfadvapr16

Piano-Fortes.



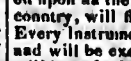
T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every Instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not; or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year, free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These Instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Thomas W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

B. F. F. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.* GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Thomas W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846.

sdv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street.

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *☞* The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Moody street from Merrimack street to Pawtucket street may be accepted as a public street, and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7alaw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Race street from Merrimack street to Dudge street may be laid out and accepted as a public highway, and the grade thereof established, and that a sidewalk be built on both sides of said street,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7alaw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Tyler street and the sidewalks may be altered,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to alter the grade of said street and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my7alaw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

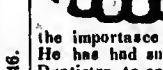
MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the city Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out Hanover street from Lowell street to Moody street, to establish the grade of said street, and lay out sidewalks thereon, and the Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is hereby given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street establish the grade, and lay sidewalks thereon, and all parties interested can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

a1aw3may7 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Teeth! Teeth!

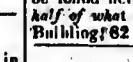


DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building 62 Central street. ap21 a3m

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Mechanic, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

a3wmay7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMIANA; being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 30 Merrimack st. ap20 A&P

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh,

Auction and General Commission Merchant,—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Linens.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, May 12, 13, and 14, at 9 and 2 o'clock,—By far the largest stock of Linen Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of all the variety of goods manufactured from Linen, brought directly from Ireland by the man himself. Families and Dealers will find this a very favorable opportunity to purchase, as the stock will amount to more than $2000 worth, and a better variety than can be found in Lowell or Boston at retail. Description of Goods hereafter. They will be arranged in the chamber over our Sale-room and exhibited several days before the sale, of which due notice will be given.

On WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, p.m., 3000 rolls paper hangings, of various styles and qualities, direct from the manufactory. Dealers and consumers are invited to attend. Sale positive.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 2910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

nag 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Brattleboro, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan28

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets, Boll'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Cloth Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. 6mar6

PERMANENCE OF THE FAMILIAL INSTINCT, A Rev Mr. Bonner's 50th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, June 4, 1845; just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shanard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a throbing in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Miss Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

DEAR DOCTOR—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he was found that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, a specimen of which I got of you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6monsaprp9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel! In having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a18&4r6m

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by RAY E. NOYES, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

Aapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Haywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would love no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conour; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa; dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the emphyment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of sufferings, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie grooning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false sights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one encompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH-AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 196 Race street Philadelphia. jne7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustules or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of Inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen:—About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston; and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetloch, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavie growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

Front a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meechum, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson; C. P. & O. B. Shelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Coreer, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. ndv3mmar26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is premised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conour. a&plyaug8

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Two or three Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly mar8 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money preved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely arrested, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15,

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns scattered their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Loch Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. elyjan22

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh24f

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, stripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nasarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1846. jan27y

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 57.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, *or* $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
Office—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lnwell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-Hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSEPH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell; 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting; in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every veriety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomens, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New braids of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. edvlyjan29

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Disease, &c. &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell had been badly poisened, was covered with large sore. Cured by the use of two *bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tuva&plyjun13

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company
CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FORS EVEN YEARS.
AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.
They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses, are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.
OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)
DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIDDESS,	DANIEL HENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L J. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH BANGS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHEEVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L B. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. NEWYOOD, Secretary.
☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the above named Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1mapr19

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.
Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.
☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.
JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec30

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are so much like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. **** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyapr4

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manuel of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Gude, " *a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each.
Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadrmay2

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

Paving-Stones Wanted.
PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, in quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.
Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard. JOS. GRIFFIN,
Sup't of Streets.
Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28A&P

HARVARD.
BY OLIVER WENDAL HOLMES.

She came beneath the forest dome
To seek its peaceful shade,
An exile from her ancient home,—
A poor forsaken maid;
Na baseer, flaunting high above,
No bigoned creed she bore,
One holy book of light and love
Was all her worldly store.

The dark brown shadows passed away,
And wider spread the green,
And where the savage used to stray,
The rising mart was seen;
So when the olden winds had brought
Their showers of golden rain,
Her lap some precious gleanings caught,
Like Ruth's amid the grain.

But wrath soon gathered uncontrolled
Among the baser churls,
To see her uncles red with gold,
Her forehead white with pearls;
"Who gave to thee the glittering bands
That lace thine azure veins?
Who bade thee lift those snow-white hands
We bound in gilded chains?"

"These are the gems my children gave,"
The stately dame replied;
"The wise, the gentle and the brave
I nartered at my side;
If envy still your bosom stings,
Take back their rims of gold,
My sons will melt their wedding rings
And give a hundred fold!"

From the Democratic Review.

THE MIDNIGHT WATCH:
OR,
THE CAPTAIN'S STORY.

[Continued.]

"We left Liverpool, and if it was bad before we got there, it was much worse after we left. Often and often I wished the voyage over and and that Clark and his two bass drums, as he used to call them, were paid off and discharged. Generally I enjoy the sea; it is such a grand place for sentiment. I like to come on deck, and after giving an extra pull or two upon the halyards and braces, to walk up and down, and study the ceaseless play of light upon the curling, hissing hills of water. I love to stretch myself upon the booby-hatch or hen-coop, and gaze up into the clear vault of heaven, until the stars show themselves in the daylight, and you don't so much as say thankye, but look right past them, up, up to the pure sapphire where no sunbeams are needed—where God lives, and hosts of angels float in his breath around his Eternal Throne. I love to lean over the taffrail, and lower my soul out like a deep sea-lead, down, down into the fathomless caves of the ocean! I love all this kind of thing, and enjoy myself very much; not that I suppose that my imagination is up to the flights of many of our great American poets; or that I can feel the sentiments of the situation as fully even as many a sea-sick girl on her first voyage; but still I love to indulge myself, as far as my slender gifts in sentimental line will permit, and, as I said, generally I enjoy myself at sea very much. But this voyage was an exception—I could neither read, sleep, or think; and as for anything like a quiet communion with nature, it was out of the question in such a perfect marioe pandemonium as the Moresco.

"In three weeks we reached Mayo, the island in which we were haund, and anchored in the roadstead. While getting in our cargo of salt, which took us about two weeks, things went on rather more quickly, but it was only a lull before the storm. Two days ont from Mayo our third man fell sick, and was compelled to keep his berth. This reduced the mate's watch to himself and Bill, while my watch was composed of Jack and the boy.

"It was in the mate's middle watch, on the fourth night after we had started for home, that I was aroused by the usual sounds of Mr Clark's voice in tones of high passion. I heard him exclaim with an oath, 'I'll have your life, you villain! I'll murder you!'—and then followed a torrent of imprecations. To this some muttered reply was made, which as I was almost half asleep at the moment, I could not understand, and then came a quick heavy tread of feet on deck.—'D——n you,' exclaimed the mate 'I'll cut your heart out.' And then I heard a noise of scuffling—a choking sound—a crashing blow, and the fall of the body on the deck.

"At this moment I was sensible, from the motion of the brig, that she was rapidly falling off from the wind, and fearing that she would come round by the lee and be taken back, I jumped from my berth, and while slipping on my clothes I shouted to Mr C. to mind his helm; but he made no answer.

"I slopped only for my trowsers and pea-jacket, and hurried up. As I entered from the companion way, I heard a heavy splash in the water, over the starboard-quarter, and I saw Mr Clark leaning over the bulwark, and with one hand holding on by the maintopmast breast backstay.

"As I stepped towards him he turned, and a flash from the binnacle lamp lighted up his countenance, its expression was awful—a look horror and fear was rapidly chasing from his features the grin of rage and the flush of physical exertion.

"'Lower away the boat,' he suddenly shouted in accents of the wildest agony; 'lower away the boat, quick, quick—Bill has jumped overboard—save him for God's sake!'

"'Hold!' I exclaimed, 'belay that,' as Mr Clark jumped to the taffrail, and began to cast off the boat-falls

"'Into the boat! quick, into the boat!' shouted the mate in a hoarse and convulsed tone.

"'Stop, Mr Clark,' said I, laying my hand upon his shoulder, and drawing him back from the taffrail, 'What shall we man the boat for?'

"'For Bill—Bill is overboard—he jumped overboard.'

"'If Bill is overboard,' interposed Jack, in a surly tone, 'it's the best place for him, I guess; look at this'—and Jack stretched out his hand in the pinnacle light.

"'Blood! how is that?'

"'Why, here on deck—and see, you can feel it on the quarter rail; and here is some hair mixed with it. Bill's hair, by G——,' exclaimed Jack, holding a lock of bloody hair in the light of the galley lantern, that the old wooden-legged black cook how brought forward.

"'And see here, here is the knife, all covered with blood—I heard Clark ask him for it not ten minutes since.

"'Mr Clark,' continued Jack, sidling up to the mate, with a most truculent and lowering visage and tone, 'you'll swing for this, if there's any law in the land. I heard him cry murder,

and I've heard you threaten to take his life more than once.'

"'Man the boat! man the boat!' shrieked the mate, wringing his hands, and frantically grasping the boat-falls.

"At this moment it occurred to me, that perhaps the sailor might have been merely wounded; and although the chance of picking him up was so small, it was worth the attempt, if only for the mate's sake. So, directing the boy to hoist a lantern into the rigging, while the old cook was to mind the helm, and keep the brig aback, the boat was lowered, and jumping into it, with Jack and the mate we pushed off. With such convulsive strength did Mr Clark bend to his oar, that I had to direct the whole force of the rudder against him, to keep him from pulling Jack round-and-round. Stoutly we rowed out in the blackness to leeward, till the light in the distant brig shone like a fixed star, so small the parallax, or change in the angle of the vision, as it rose and fell upon the undulating sea. Frequently we stopped and listened; and frequently the mate's agonized voice went over the hissing waste of waters, but no groan of the dying came back in reply.

"'There's no much use in this work,' exclaimed Jack.

"I knew that he spake the truth; and after two hours hard pulling, I sternly silenced Mr Clark's remonstrances, and ordered the boat back to the brig. As we mounted to the deck the purplish light of dawn streamed across the water. The murderer turned his ghastly face towards me, and in a hall inquiring tone, exclaimed, 'he jumped overboard.' I looked him steadily in the eye for a moment, and deliberately shook my head. His lips became of a bluish white; his breath seemed to fail him; and staggering forward, he threw himself across the companion-hatch and sobbed violently. The stern hard man was all gone.

"All that day he sat in the cabin upon the transom, with his head bowed upon his hands. I left him in the cabin pretty much to himself, but I could not help, as I walked the deck, taking an occasional glance at him through the sky-light. In the afternoon he roused himself a little, took a look out of the cabin windows, got out his desk and wrote steadily for an hour; and superscribed several letters, directed one of them in words, that in a distance looked very much like my name. This was suspicious. I saw that he had made up his mind to something—what was it? What could it be but suicide? It was clearly my duty to prevent this, or at any rate to give him no longer time to think about it; so just at sunset I called Jack and the boy, and went down to the cabin. I at once addressed myself to the criminal, told him plainly my suspicions; told him that I knew he intended to throw himself overboard; and that as I was determined he should do no such thing, at least for the present, I had come to the resolution of putting him in irons; he started, appeared for the moment somewhat astonished, but readily submitted without saying a word.

"The next morning we were spoken by a brig, which proved to be a United States man-of-war, five days out from Porto Prayn, in the island of St Jago, and bound for Chesapeake. The first lieutenant came aboard of us, and after hearing my story, took me back with him to see his captain, who decided at once to transfer Mr Clark to his vessel, and carry him home for trial. At the same time he loaned me three active fellows to supply his place, without which I could not have got along at all, seeing that my third man was likely to be, for some time confined to his berth. When all was arranged we filled away and stood on in company, both being bound for the capes of the Chesapeake. The man-of-war, however, out-sailed us, and it was not until a week after her arrival that I got in with the Moresco. In the mean time Mr C. had been handed over to those who had jurisdiction on shore; and as soon as we arrived all hands were ordered up as witnesses, and preparations for his trial at once commenced. Somehow or another they were not so long about such things then as now. The lawyers were not so expert in saving off cases and bamboozling judges; and the juries just as leave hang a man as look at him, if he had fairly thrust his head in the noose. There has been a change since then, whether for better or worse, I can't say, but I suppose for the better. The truth is, I've seen so many changes, that in the beginning I was a little dubious about, turn out so well in the end, that I'm determined never to say any thing new is wrong again. Why, I've seen the time when I've thought that a ship was no ship unless her shrouds were cat-harpened as tightly as the ribs of a Broadway belle. I've turned up my nose at chain cables, and d—d the lubber's eyes who first dared to lead the maintopmast stay anywhere else than to the head of the foremast; but if I was at anchor on rocky ground, off a lee-shore, wouldn't I like to have iron ground tackle to hang by, or if a heavy lurch whipped out my foremast, would'nt I be glad that my maintopmast stay wasn't fastened to the head of it? No, no, the world is not so perfect yet that one could wish to stand still.—There are cat-harpens on the shrouds of society that many improvements in the mode of setting and rattling down the standing rigging; why, it is that the great national ark carries her spar easier when you slacken the stays; and that when you work to windward you must not round in the lee braces too taught, or what you make up in pointing you'll lose in going ahead.

☞ The excitement, enthusiasm, and patriotism of the entire population of the vast South and West, who are hastening to the standard of their country to assist in driving out an invading enemy; suggest the following from Macaulay's "Horatius:"

East and west and south and north
The messengers ride fast,
And tower and town and cottage
Have heard the trumpet's blast.
Shame on the false Etruscan
Who lingers in his home,
When Porsena of Clusium
Is on the march for Rome.

The horsemen and the footmen
Are pouring in amain
From many a stately market-place,
From many a fruitful plain;
From many a lonely hamlet,
Which, hid by beach and pine,
Like an eagle's nest hangs on the crest
Of purple Apennine.

The harvests of Arretium
This year old men shall reap;
This year young boys in Umbro
Shall plunge the struggling sheep;
And in the vats of Luna,
This year the must shall foam
Round the white feet of laughing girls
Whose sires have marched to Rome.

Music. Shall our Summer evenings be rendered so much the more delightful, by some of our Lowell Bands playing several evenings of each week during the season?

They are putting in the foundation of the new Middlesex mill with extraordinary care. Very essential.

Elder Knapp is preaching in Albany and draws crowded houses.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1846.

WAR WITH MEXICO.

Mexico, in the language of the President, in his war message to Congress, "has proclaimed that hostilities have commenced, and the two nations are at war." Congress on Monday passed a bill authorizing the raising of 50,000 volunteer troops and made an appropriation of $10,000,000 to carry on the war.—The provisions of the bill will be found in another column.

A short account of the indignities and acts of hostility which our government and troops have recently received at the hands of the Mexicans may be interesting, and we give it.

About the 12th of last October our Consul at Mexico, acting under our government, asked the Mexican government if it would receive an Envoy from the United States with power to adjust all differences. On the fifteenth of the same month the Mexican Minister answered in the affirmative, requesting at the same time that our naval force at Vera Cruz might be withdrawn. It was done. On the 10th of Nov. Mr John Slidell M. C. from La. was commissioned by the President as Minister Plenipotentiary to Mexico. Mr Slidell arrived at Vera Cruz on the 30th of Nov. Gen. Herrera then at the head of the government seemed anxious to receive Mr Slidell, but yielding to the popular clamors he hesitated, and while hesitating, one of those revolutions so common in Mexico placed Gen. Paredes at the head of the government, who peremptorily declined to accredit Mr Slidell, in a manner outrageously insulting. Mr Slidell immediately left. Meantime an efficient military force had been ordered to take a position between the Nueces and Del Norte to meet a threatened invasion of Texas by Mexican troops, because Texas had determined to annex herself to the United States. This force was concentrated at Corpus Christi. After the receipt of the intelligence by our Government of the rejection of Mr Slidell, the army was ordered to take a position on the east bank of the Del Norte, the western boundary of Texas. The army left Corpus Christi March 11th and arrived on the bank of the Del Norte opposite Matamoras March 28 and encamped on a commanding position and threw up breastworks, &c., &c. On the 10th of April Col. Cross left the army on horseback, on business, and was murdered; his body was not found till more than a fortnight afterwards. On the 12th of April Gen. Ampudia notified Gen. Taylor to leave in twenty-four hours and retire beyond the Nueces or fight. Meantime some fifty men had deserted, mostly foreigners, but six or seven of them being shot, put an end to it in a great measure. About the 18th Lieut. Porter was sent out on duty with a detachment of ten men, and was met by a Mexican party of 50, and Porter and two men were killed, the others making their escape returned to the camp. The first open act of hostility was made on the 24th, when Gen. Arista having succeeded to Gen. Ampudia notified Gen. Taylor that he considered hostilities as commenced. A party of dragoons of 63 men, the same day were sent out to ascertain whether the Mexicans were crossing the Rio Grande about twenty miles above the camp as reported, and fell into an ambush, on the American side of the Del Norte, and after a short affray in which, sixteen were killed, among them Lieut. Kane, Capt. Thornton, (missing) and Lt. Mason, the remainder were taken prisoners. After the fight, the Mexicans were reinforced, and Gen. Taylor is entirely surrounded, perhaps by ten thousand troops. Gen. Taylor has about 2,300, with fifteen days provision which might be made to hold out thirty.

A call was made on Governor Henderson, of Texas, by Gen. Taylor for forty companies of riflemen, sixty men each, twenty companies to be mounted, and to rendezvous at Corpus Christie, and the foot companies at Galveston.

Gen. Taylor has also called upon the Governors of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama for 8,000 troops. The above is the latest news from the army.

Such is the present state of affairs. Gen. Taylor is in a critical position, but if the resolute old fellow can only keep himself intrenched for fifteen or twenty days, a reinforcement of twenty thousand will come to his relief, and driving the Mexicans before them, on to the Capital, plant the stars and stripes in the Public Square of Mexico, and strike up Yankee Doodle in the Halls of the Montezumas.

P. S. Since writing the above we learn by later news that the Senate had not passed the whole bill from the House to provide for the emergency of war as will be seen under the head of Congressional. We also learn that Capt Thornton and Lt. Mason together with two dragoons have arrived safe at Gen. Taylor's camp. Capt. Thornton, discovering the ambuscade too late to retreat, cut his way through the enemy's ranks with a boldness and intrepidity that is almost incredible. It seems he is not to be killed by accidents of flood or field. He is the same gentleman who so narrowly escaped when the Pulaski was blown up. He had the yellow fever several times in Florida, and has passed through many other hair breadth 'escapes.

☞ A very heavy thunder shower passed over New York Saturday about midnight. The new Custom House Barge Office, nearly finished, on Pier No. 1 East River, was struck by lightning. The cupola was much shattered, the iron on the top knocked off, and many pains of glass broken. The damage will amount to $200 or $300.

Ireland. The people, the laborers of Ireland are starving, while at the same time the repeal association has a fund on hand of a million of dollars.—We cannot see how O'Connell can justify himself in the collection of repeal rent from a starving population.

Weather. We had a heavy rain Saturday night—and early Sunday morning a very respectable thunder shower. Monday and Tuesday was as cold as Greenland.

Jenkins has for sale Mitchel's map of Texas, Oregon, California and a part of Mexico. War in that region will increase the demand for them.

Ninth district. The governor and council have concluded not to order another election for congress until the regular election in November. [Post.

☞ The whig papers chuckle over the divisions in the democratic party. See what the editors of two leading whig papers, the Courier and Enquirer and the Tribune, say of each other:

Patent medicine. It is said that the newest patent medicine is a *poultice*, invented by one of the wealthy, and much in use among boys and a certain class of men. [Barre Gazette.

THE ARMY &C.

All eyes are now fixed upon Gen. Zachariah Taylor—a boyish Kentucky volunteer under Wayne, an ensign under Washington, in what was called "Adams' army"—a gallant lieutenant in the Indian wars, that were terminated by the battle of Tippecanoe—the commandant and defender of a frontier post that withstood one of the most desperate storms of British and Indians during the last war—the sleuth hound that followed Black Hawk to the Badaxe, and the Hero of the battle of Withlacoochie, which brought the Florida war to a close. This resolute veteran is just the man to put himself doggedly in any position where his government ordered him; and he is just the man who being there will take his own mode of giving a good account of the enemy that comes to disturb him. [N. Y. Gazette and Times.

The distances to be traversed by the earliest aid that could reach Point Isabel are as follows.—From Galveston by the outside rout, 320 miles; from Galveston by the inside rout, 336; from New Orleans by river Mississippi and coastwise to Point Isabel, 802; from N. O. to Galveston, 483; from Matamoras to the bar of the Rio Grande, by the course of the river, about 70 miles.

Killed and missing officers lately attached to Gen. Taylor's Army. It was a son of Col. Cross who married a daughter of P. A. Dexter, Esq., of this city, and not the Colonel himself, as at first reported.

Lt. Kane was a son of the late U. S. senator from Illinois. He married, two years ago, a step daughter of Maj. Dix, of the pay department, and leaves a widow of sixteen, and a son.

Capt. Thornton (missing) is a Virginian; he was appointed a lieutenant when the second regiment of dragoons was raised for the Florida service.

Lt. Mason is a grandson of the former governor of Virginia of that name.

Lt. Porter, it is well known, was son of the late Com. Porter. [Post.

The War Bill passed by the House on Monday is nearly as follows:

Whereas, by an act of the Republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that Government and the United States:

Sec. 1. The President is hereby authorized to accept the service of volunteers not exceeding 50,000 for twelve months or to the end of the war.

Sec. 2. $10,000,000 are hereby appropriated to carry the above into effect.

Sec. 3 Volunteers are to furnish their own clothing and horses, but when mustered into active service are to be armed and equipped by the government.

Sec. 4. They are to be subject to the articles of war, and, except as to clothing and pay, to be placed on the same footing as the army, and in lieu of clothing they are to receive an equivalent in money.

Sec. 5. The volunteers to be officered according to the respective laws of the States to which the companies belong.

Sec. 6. The President, if he thinks it necessary, is empowered to make nominations to the Senate of Generals of Brigade and divisions, and of the General Staff as now authorized.

The Generals will appoint their own Aids, and the President will apportion the officers among their respective States tendering Volunteers.

Sec. 7. The volunteers received will be entitled to all the benefits conferred on persons wounded in the service of the United States.

Sec. 8. The President is authorised to complete all the armed vessels now authorized by law; to purchase or charter merchant vessels and steamboats to be converted into public armed vessels, in such numbers as are necessary to protect the sea board and harbors, or general defence.

Secs. 9 and 10. Provides the rate of pay and the continuance of the act for two years. Privates of foot companies will receive $10 per month; the mounted men $20 per month, including the use and risk of horses.

Geographical position of the U. S. army. Gen Taylor's camp, on the left bank of the Rio Grande, is about ninety miles from the coast, by the channel of the Rio Grande, but only forty miles by the land route to Point Isabel. The mouth of the Rio Grande, (ten miles south of Point Isabel) has only seven feet of water at the highest tide. In a heavy sea the navigation is very dangerous, vessels often taking four or five days to beat over the bar, and the Mexican shore commands the channel effectually. The current of this river runs at ten miles an hour in some places, and the water is fresh nearly to the bar. His supplies by this avenue would, therefore, be exposed to great delay, and to the interference of the Mexicans, unless protected by armed vessels. The entrance to Point Isabel, however, is accessible for ships of large draught, at all seasons.—The coast in that vicinity is lined with small islands of sand, thrown up by the sea, between which and the main land are navigable sounds or bays called Lagunas. Point Isabel is a high sand bluff projecting into the Laguna del Madre, the Gulf entrance of the latter being at the east point of the Isla del Madre, the Gulf entrance of the latter being at the south point of the Isla del Padre. The Mexicans may be able to take the artillery and stores at Point Isabel, and they may even destroy our camp, unless aid is promptly despatched to Gen. Taylor. He proposed to open his batteries on Matamoras on the 28th April, but that town was deserted, and the Mexican army no doubt abandoned it to obtain the stores and the post at the Point. [Sun.

☞ The people of N. H. are about to have a railroad begining and ending in their own state, from Concord to Portsmouth. The annual meeting for the choice of officers was holden at Bornaly's in Portsmouth on Wednesday last.

Portsmouth is awaking from the slumber of ages and the hum of business is heard in her streets. Old buildings are disappearing and new ones are taking their places. They are building a new Steam Factory there and performing other Massachusetts feats to numerous to mention. So we learn from the Exeter News Letter.

☞ The Publishers of the Patriot, Statesman, and Courier at Concord N. H. will each of them issue a daily during the session of the Legislature in June, 25 cents each for the session.

☞ Wills and Mrs Sigourney are said to be in Boston.

☞ The N. Y. Globe says, Succotash, a mixture of green corn and beans, should be spelled as above, and not "seecotash."

☞ Our Minister to Mexico, Mr Slidell has arrived at Washington.

Melancholy Suicide. A young man about twenty-five years of age, named George W. Bernham, a clerk in the office of the New England Puritan, Boston, committed selcide at his boarding house in Gouch street, on Monday morning, by cutting his throat with a razor.

Gen. Arista is said to have learned the tin and copper business in Cincinnati while he was in banishment in this country by Gen. Santa Anna.

Odd-fellows' hall. The new Odd-Fellows' Hall was dedicated last evening by Deputy Grand Master, the Rev. E. M. P. Wells, of Boston. Address, by Rev. Mr. Miner, of this city, which is said to have been masterly. The Hall is the one recently occupied by Mr Chas. S. Dickinson as a dancing academy. The Hall has been fitted up in most gorgeous style by Messrs Bascawl & Woodward at expense of $1000. The Odd Fellows here number about a thousand, having five lodges and one encampment.

CONGRESS—BY THE NOON MAIL.

Wednesday May 12.

The War Bill passed the Senate—Yeas 50 nays 2.

The war bill of the House passed the Senate without any important alterations.

Davis of Mass. T. Clayton of Del., Berrien of Ga. and Calhoun of S. C., refused to record their names either way.

The N. Y. Sun by Telegraph, despatch, says, the House has taken a short recess and is now meeting to take up the Senate bill. The amendments of the Senate will be agreed to, and the bill passed to-night.

The principal amendment was to transfer the appointment of officers of the volunteer troops from the President to the Governors of the respective States.

The Senate refused to strike out the preamble to the war bill which states that war exists by an act of the government of Mexico.

England and Mexico in league. By the proclamation of Gen. Ampudia, distributed through the American camp, published in the N. O. papers, in appears that Mexico expects England to aid her. Gen. Ampudia, in his proclamation pronounces our government unworthy of the Christian name. It is addressed to the English and Irish soldiers under Gen. Taylor.

He refers to American antipathies to their birthplace and to our effort to take Oregon, and he calls upon these foreigners in the ranks of our army to come to the Mexican ranks; and he guarantees to them good treatment, and the payment of their wages, and expenses till their arrival at the beautiful capital of Mexico.

The Proclamation says:

"Germans! Poles! French! and individuals of other Nations! separate yourselves from the Yankees and do not contribute to robbery and usurpation which civilized Europe will look upon with utmost indignation. Come and array yourselves under the tri-colored flag, in confidence that we, equally with the English, have armies to protect you and the Mexican flag."

Dated "April 6th, Head Quarters—on road to Matamoras.

The greatest meeting ever held in N. O. says the Delta of the 5th, assembled on account of the War.

A Thief. A rogue on Tuesday evening about 9 o'clock sprang into Dr Graves carriage standing in front of his house on Hurd st., and applying the whip vigorously dashed toward Billerica. The young man in the office seeing the horse start, with some one in the carriage gave the alarm, and in less than a quarter of an hour men were out in all directions after the thief. Mr Coryl and Mr Fuller drove down the Billerica road, and when within about a mile of the town, came in sight of the flying thief. They soon came up with him, and drew up intending to wait till they got to Billerica town and then seize him. The fellow finding he was pursued, drove to the side of the wall, leaped it and made for the woods. Messrs. Coryl and Fuller followed but he eluded them. Returning to the road, they found in the Dr.'s carriage a harness stolen the night before from the stable of Mr. Benjamin Watson. The pursuers arrived in Lowell about half past 10.

We understand that the Doctor's horse—a very gentlemanly one by the way—is in the highest degree indignant at the rascally treatment he received at the hands of the thief.

Another. Capt. Paul R. George together with some ladies visited the Cemetery week before last in a carriage. Arriving at the gate, the Capt. tied his horse as he thought safely, and conducted the ladies through our beautiful and picturesque cemetery with his usual grace and politeness. After spending an hour or so in a delightful ramble, they returned to the gate and the gallant Captain found his horse and carriage gone. Looking anxiously about for a short time and not discovering them, he was compelled to walk home with the ladies in a state of anxiety and excitement more "readily imagined than described." Arriving in town, the news was spread that a horse had been stolen from the cemetery, and lots of men went in pursuit. About 9 o'clock P. M. the same day, one of the express riders returned with the lost horse and carriage, having found them at the back side of the cemetery, hitched at the side of the road. In this case we understand the Capt. was much more indignant than the horse at the way he had been served.

Information wanted. A female, about sixty-five years of age, named Jane Dana, left her sister's house, in this city, about a fortnight ago, and has not since been heard of. She had on when she went away a red printed gown, with a printed cape different from the gown. She had formerly worked at Billerica Mills. She was an English woman by birth. Any person who can give any information respecting her to her sister, Mary Turner, on Winter street in this city, will be well repaid. The other papers in this city will confer a favor by copying this paragraph. [Courier.

Death of Rev Chas. T. Torrey. He died in the Maryland Penitentiary, Baltimore, on the afternoon of Saturday last, at 3 o'clock. He was imprisoned for abducting slaves. He was sentenced nearly two years since for ten years. The Boston Advertiser says—"We are informed that the funeral of Mr Torrey will take place in this city, on Monday next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.; and that further particulars will be published by the Committee of Arrangements."

Counterfeits. The Coos County Democrat says, look out for two dollar bills on the Derry bank in this state (N. H.) They are in circulation in this quarter, probably fresh from a Canada manufactory.

New Railroad. A company has just been chartered and held their first meeting in Worcester to-day, to construct a railroad from Worcester to Nashua.

Frost. There was a sharp frost in this vicinity Tuesday night. Wednesday morning early it could be gathered in favorable places by the handful. The peach and fruit trees generally, must have suffered severely.

Music. A man and woman, the former with a hand organ the latter with a tamborine have been strolling about our streets for a week past. The itinerating ameteer plays indifferently well on the French horn. They look like natives. They collect crowds.

For England. The Courier says that the Advertiser and Niagara are both wrong in stating that we are going out to England in the steamer. We intend to sail for Liverpool on the 21st of this month, from New York, in the packet ship "Queen of the West." We shall be absent five or six months. The Courier, in the mean time, will be under the editorial charge of Wm. S. Robinson, Esq., a gentleman well qualified to discharge the duties of an editor.

☞ The Mechanic's Institute of this city have ordered of Mr Harding a full length portrait of Hon. Abbott Lawrence. It is now at Mr Harding's room in School street, Boston.

"Ah, Dick, how d'ye do! what are you about."

"Fitting up a gymnasium, on Middle street."

"Fixin up for Jim Nasium!—who the deuce is he? When's he comin."

☞ No news out of the war line.

CONGRESS.

Monday, May 11th.

On Monday afternoon the President sent to Congress the expected message.

It opens by referring to his annual message on the state of our Mexican relations. He explained that a desire to fix the boundary and adjust the claims that had been standing twenty years, was the cause of this inquiry as to the opening of negotiations; that all efforts having failed to settle these points, he had now to announce a state of war.

He then proceeded to show how Mr Slidell came to be appointed last October. Our consul at Matamoras was desired to inquire if a minister would be received. An affirmative answer was given, and conditions accepted to withdraw our forces from Vera Cruz. Herrera was anxious to receive Mr Slidell, but events prevented, and on the 24th December he was refused.

In January, Paredes succeeded, and Mr Slidell was again instructed to present his credentials, which were declined. The forces were kept at Corpus Christi until then.

Texas had asserted the Del Norte as her boundary in 1836, and our army was ordered their on account of convenience for carrying provisions and obtaining supplies.

Gen. Ampudia notified Gen. Taylor on the 12th ult. to retire in 24 hours, and again Gen. Arista repeated the order on the 26th, and notified him that he considered hostilities as commenced. Thence ensued the difficulties before the public. Gen Taylor has called on Texas and Louisiana for troops.

The President invokes congress to RECOGNIZE A WAR, and recommends authority to be given him to call a large body of volunteers into service for twelve months, and liberal provision to be made for supplies, &c. &c.

The House of Representatives had a bill up for raising volantoers and supplies, and the question will be taken before adjournment.

In the Senate a sharp discussion arose on the message.

Mr Calhoun had the floor, and argued that the position assumed by the President, that there was a state of war, was incorrect; no such state existed according to its sense, as implied by the constitution. A collision, it is true, had taken place, and it was for congress to decide whether that collision was of such character as to justify congress, the only party efficient to declare war, in taking such a step.

Tuesday May 12th.

The Senate took up the House Bill, making the war appropriations.

On motion of Hon. Mr Allen the rules were suspended.

Mr Calhoun opposed all party action. He said it would be observed that the first portion of the bill amounted to the declaration of war, and that we should be sure of being right before making such a declaration.

The Hon. Mr Allen said, no time was to be lost in voting the requisite supplies to protect our troops and our citizens.

Mr Mangum was ready to vote any amount of men or money.

Mr Benton remarked that if the Finance Committee reported the bill as it now stood, the military committee would do the same; if the former modified it, so would the latter.

Mr J. M. Clayton said he would vote any amount of men and money, if the bill was truly and faithfully reported.

Mr Benton then stated the amendment which the committee on military affairs had agreed upon in the morning. One of them struck out the preamble and declared that war existed.

As the Telegraph dispatch closes, Mr Benton is reading and translating an official paper in Spanish, issued by Gen. Paredes.

In the House—Mr Winthrop corrected the journal. He voted for the increase of volunteers pay, and not against it.

The House then took up the bill from the Senate, organizing a corps of Sappers and Miners.

Mr Giddings made a speech about shooting deserters. He was frequently called to order, and at length stopped.

The bill was finally passed and returned to the Senate.

The Westpoint bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole. Mr Sawyer spoke against it, and in continuation of his remarks of yesterday.

Another message was received from the President, covering further correspondence between the army and the government.

☞ The wheat crop west and south is said to be very promising.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss. May 9, 1846. } In Insolvency.

In the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said county, yeoman, an insolvent debtor.

By direction of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, I hereby call the third meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on THURSDAY, the Twenty-First day of May instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where I shall produce my account relating to the estate of said insolvent. ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

may14-a3t

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

When an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, it is at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kibbler, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at Truro, by Tucker & Smith; at Liverpool, by T. R. Pattin; at Windsor, by L. D. Gilbert; and at Halifax, wholesale and retail, by John Naylor, Ag't.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&Rcmcho

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Pancea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of these complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mches

LETTER FROM SABIN HATCH.

Montrose, Pa., August 6, 1842.

Mr. C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—I was severely afflicted with an affection of the lungs, pain in the left side and breast, attended with an alarming cough. I was in New York, and my friends there advised me to try your Health Restorative. I procured two bottles, and before I had used one of them I found my health materially improved, and after using the second bottle I enjoyed as good health as I had done at any time in five or six years. At the time I speak of, being in New York, my friends despaired of my ever reaching my home. I used no other medicine, and can attribute my improvement in health to nothing, under God, but the medicine here spoken of; and I am desirous that every one similarly afflicted would give it a trial. SABIN HATCH.

may15 r2m

☞ Bogle's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thedyman28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. Morrill, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED,

In this city, May 3, by Rev. Mr Springer, Mr John Aldritt to Miss Nancy Kingsley. 10th, Mr Jas. Turlon to Miss Lovina Coolidge, all of this city. 11th, Mr Horatio H. Rodliff, of Claremont, N. H., to Miss Mary J. Low, of this city.

In Lexington, May 10, Mr William P. Locke of East Boston, to Miss Eleanor J., daughter of Loring Pierce, Esq., of L.

DIED,

In Lexington, May 7, Mr Ebenezer Harrington, 86. His brother was one of the minute men who was killed in Lexington on the morning of the 19th of April, 1775.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT!

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&eply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the Insolvent Estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stone-cutter, an Insolvent Debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Day will be holden at the office of the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, in Concord in said county, on FRIDAY, the 12th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Day may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery. Lowell, May 12th, A. D. 1846.

may12-a3t JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee.

$10 REWARD!

WHEREAS my wife Louisa, having left my board without any just cause, while I was at Waltham for a few days on business, taking with her my bed and other articles of furniture, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no bills of her contracting. The above reward will be given to any person or persons who will obtain said furniture and deliver the same to me.

And whereas, the said Louisa has taken away and secreted my child, seven months old, in some place unknown to me, any person who will inform me of the whereabouts of said child or satisfy me that it is well provided for, shall be handsomely rewarded.

may12-a3t C. L. BRADLEY.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preporation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

Millerstown, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. Swayne—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. Richard Vonmeter.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true,

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations porporting to contain Wild Cherry are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of Dr. Swayne. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this great wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*; who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

**** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Gridley, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. H. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&dec16

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *First Vessel.*



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, Stoddard master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m13

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner MONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m14

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Saturday.*

Takes no Ice or Lime.



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Bark ELIZA THORNTON, *Little*, is now loading, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Skippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m11

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnastic, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demends upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

u8wmay7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Shoe-dealer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Barr will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the TWENTIETH of May inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

H. WRIGHT.

May 9, 1846. 3tmay9

Spice and Sarcasm.

BEDLAMIANA: being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAVTON'S, 88 Merrimack st. np30 a&p

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases; recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Rich'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug t6—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Belts;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FORTES ap28 a3m

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.

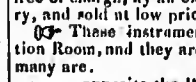


T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. np21 a3m

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

epr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3madvmay2

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandize; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

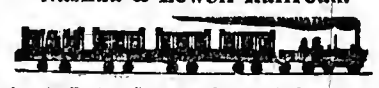
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in my style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. **** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfepr7] April 6, 1846.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

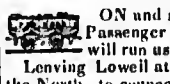
Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

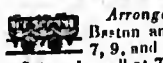
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.



Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 14, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On SATURDAY next, May 16th, in front of office, at 10 o'clock, a.m., by order of Assignee, 1 French Horse, young, sound and kind, fine figure and great bottom; 1 second hand Chaise; 1 single horse Wagon; 1 Harness, brass mounted; 1 second hand Baggy, in good order; 1 store Wagon and Harness; 1 Buggy Wagon; 1 Pedlar's Box, suitable for sleigh or wagon; 15 sides Sole Leather; 1 second hand hair cloth Sofa; 6 cane seat Chairs; 1 Clock; 1 good second hand Gig; 1 second hand Harness.

Also—2 casks Raisins; 10 boxes superior Soap; 5 boxes Tea; 10 hds. Sugar; 4 casks Oil; Candles, Cigars, Brooms, Mats, &c. &c. Terms cash.

Paper Hangings.

On FRIDAY next, at 9 o'clock, a.m. (unavoidably postponed from Monday last), a large lot Paper Hangings, direct from the manufactory, for cash. Dealers are invited to attend.

On MONDAY, May 18th, at 10 o'clock, a.m., at Office, by catalogue—A very fine collection of choice varieties of Double Dahlias, about 1000 plants, in prime condition, from the celebrated garden of Mr E. Allen, consisting of more than 100 varieties. For specimens of these varieties, we would refer to those sold by Mr A. in this city last season.

Every variety will be warranted correct according to catalogue.

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

Great Sale of Linens.

On TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, May 12, 13, and 14, at 9 and 2 o'clock,—By far the largest stock of Linen Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of all the variety of goods manufactured from Linen, brought directly from Ireland by the man himself. Families and Dealers will find this a very favorable opportunity to purchase, as the stock will amount to more than $2000 worth, and a better variety than can be found in Lowell or Boston at retail. Description of Goods hereafter. They will be arranged in the chamber over our Sale-room and exhibited several days before the sale, of which due notice will be given.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

A beautiful House Lot.

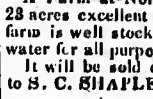
At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 2910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M.; passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be holden at the Committee Room, City Hall, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any further business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. Curtis, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations. Per order.

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. my8tm

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.

The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.

The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for man of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.

CHAMBERLIN & GAGE

Boston, April 6, 1846. a6wapr19

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. *Apply to*

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Sealer's Notice.

THE subscriber, sealer of Weights and Measures for the city of Lowell, for the present year, hereby gives notice, that he will attend, at his Shop, on Middle street, to the sealing of such weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose.

6tmay7 O. A. RICHARDSON.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University, residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to *Fits* since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been on return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John Wm Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8ly&ply

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of this most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preperation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and saletary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

H. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more then two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Ja., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosnpr9

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.



Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the *genuine*, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon's Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jns. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. n13a&r6m

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, an Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

Aapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. Summer12

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for his very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterie, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white men, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendent arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so beanteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentlemen who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plynug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorised Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Gonda, dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benjn. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. edv3mmr26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preperation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents:

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Coonor. a&plymov3

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

adv1y&mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, in exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders; whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and bove the effects in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious ieroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit direcitons will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants. Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jaa31

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1846. jan17y

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 68.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
sp12 3m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funael Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & RAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 28, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSEPH MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

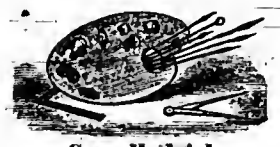
Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. 1aug8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODDWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. sdv1yjan29

Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company
CONTINUE TO INSURE
REAL ESTATE ONLY, FORS EVEN YEARS.
AND are authorized, by their Act of Incorporation, to keep the funds derived from that class of Risks, separate and distinct from the other funds of the Office, —to be appropriated exclusively for the protection of their seven year Policies.
They also insure on Real or Personal Property for *one year*—and while the *expenses only* are paid in equitable proportions by each, the Monthly Dividends, Return Premiums and Losses; are predicated on and paid, entirely, from the separate funds, either for seven or one year.
OFFICE, NO. 10 OLD STATE HOUSE, BOSTON,
(Entrance from the East Portico, State street.)
DIRECTORS.

ENOCH HOBART,	GEORGE H. KUHN,
DANIEL L. GIBBENS,	DASIEL HENCHMAN,
BILLINGS BRIGGS,	GEO. T. BIGELOW,
SAMUEL LEEDS,	SAM'L H. WALLEY, jr.,
ASA SWALLOW,	WARREN WHITE,
GEO. A. BOURNE,	ISAIAH BANOS,
URIEL CROCKER,	A. BLANCHARD, jr.,
EDWARD A. RAYMOND,	JAMES CHEEVER,
DAVID KIMBALL,	NATH'L B. BOYDEN,
BENJAMIN LAMSON,	SETH AMES.
ABRAHAM T. LOWE,	

ENOCH HOBART, President.
S. P. HEWYOOD, Secretary.
☞ All persons in Lowell and vicinity, desiring insurance from the abovenamed Company, on *Buildings only*, can leave their applications with the subscriber, at his office in Central street.
SETH AMES.
Lowell, April 19, 1846. 1map19

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.
Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.
☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.
JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Paving-Stones Wanted.
PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until the 8th of May next, for furnishing suitable Stone for street paving for the city, the quantity not exceeding one thousand perch, to be delivered in Lowell as wanted, during the months of May and June.
Also—Proposals for laying said Stone by the square yard.
JOS. GRIFFIN,
Sup't of Streets.
Lowell, April 27th, 1846. ap28a&p

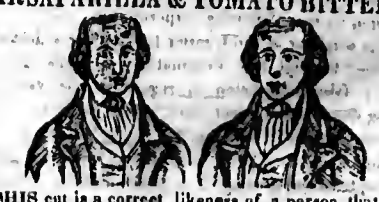
For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadmay2

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1946. a6wapr19

Spice and Sarcasm.
BEDLAMIANA; being Selections from the *Vermont Asylum Journal*, or "crazy folks paper." Just published and for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. W. DAVIS, 5 John st. It may also be had of JUDKINS, 29 Central st., and at N. L. DAYTON'S, 38 Merrimack st. ap30 a&p

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly. WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&pnlyapr4

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Wurth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
	George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Ages.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1835	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1840	828 2	373 45	57 124	1736 55
			1839	693 3	308 50	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awneopdec18

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

COLD WATER SONG.
BY REV. JOHN PIERPONT.
Air—"*Auld Lang Syne.*"

Shall e'er cold water be forgot
When we sit down to dine?
O no, my friends, for is it not
Poured out by hands divine?
Poured out by hands divine, my friends,
Poured out by hands divine;
From springs and wells it gushes forth,
Poured out by hands divine.

Cold water, too, (tho' wonderful,
'Tis no less true, again!)
The weakest of all earthly drinks,
Doth make the strongest men;
Doth make the strongest men, my friends,
Doth make the strongest men;
Then let us take that weakest drink,
And grow the strongest men.

And as the bells of tulips turn
To drink the drops that fell
From summer clouds—then why should not
The two lips of a belle?
The two lips of a belle, my friends,
The two lips of a belle;
What sweetens more than water pure,
The two lips of a belle!

The sturdy oak full many a cup
Doth hold up to the sky
To catch the rain, then drinks it up,
And thus the oak *gets high!*
'Tis thus the oak gets high, my friends,
'Tis thus the oak gets high,
By having water in its cups;
Then why not you and I?

Then let cold water armies give
Their banners to the air;
So shall the boys like oaks be strong,
The girls like tulips fair;
The girls like tulips fair, my friends,
The girls like tulips fair;
The boys shall grow like sturdy oaks,
The girls like tulips fair.

From the Democratic Review.

THE MIDNIGHT WATCH:
OR,
THE CAPTAIN'S STORY.
[Concluded.]

"'Well, well,' continued the captain to his auditors, 'I see that you think I am going rather large; but just wait a minute till I put my helm down, and brace up again once more, and I'll weather the whole story in half the shake of a shark's tail.

"It is not neccessary to go into a long account of the trial. Suffice it to say, that my evidence, light as I could make it, was heavy against the prisoner. I was compelled to testify to the bad blood between him and the dead man—the words and sounds I heard that night—the splash in the water—the attitude of Clark over the bulwark—the blood and hair found on the deck and the rail. But if my evidence was hard, Jack's was still harder; he swore that the mate had told him two or three times, that he, the mate, 'would have Bill's life.' He swore that, not more than three minutes before the row, he heard Mr Clark ask Bill for his sheath-knife; that shortly he heard the mate say 'D——n you, I'll murder you;' that there was a scuffling, and the sound of two or three blows and the cry of murder, to which he should have paid no attention, had it not been for the low and peculiar tone in which it was uttered; that upon this, he sprung upon deck, and saw the mate in the very act of lifting the body over the quarter-bulwark.

"The evidence of the sick man, boy, and cook, was all, as far as it went, to the same effect; and by the time it was all in, it was all up with Mr Clark—he didn't need a long speech from the district attorney to finish him, without that, he stood no more chance for his life than a flying-fish does among a school of dolphins'. The jury brought him in guilty, after about fifteen minutes deliberation—and the next day the judge sentenced him to hanged."

"And was he hanged?" demanded one of the group of listeners, as the captain paused in his story.

"Certainly," replied the captain; "they put a rope around his neck, and, knocking out the platform from beneath him, left him dancing the pirate's jig upon nothing. He kicked and struggled for a long time; but I supposed that made the sight more instructive—a greater moral lesson. Oh! he was hanged by the neck until he was dead, for I saw the body afterwards."

"And it served him right," exclaimed the gentleman who had been the advocate of capital punishment in the recent dispute—"served him right; it was a clear case of murder!"

"Yes, it was a clear case—a very clear case; yet to my certain knowledge, there was no murder about it."

"How so?" exclaimed a dozen voices. "Do you think he did not mean to kill the sailor?"

"I dont thiog at all; I know. I know not only that he did not mean to kill the man, but that no man was killed."

An expression of increased interest now escaped the group, which gathered up closer around the narrator.

"Listen," he continued, "and I'll just reel off my yarn, and whip the fag-end of it in half a minute.

"It was about five years afterwards that I took a cargo of tobacco to Gibralter, to supply the *contrabandistas*, who, under the broad and powerful shield of the English flag, make the Rock a depot for goods to be smuggled into Spain.—Well, I was ashore one day, attending to the sale of some goods at auction in Commercial Square, when, among the sailors who were loitering about, I saw one whose face struck me as being very familiar, but whose name I could not recollect. He passed on, and I should have thought no more about it, such things being common enough, had there not been something in the fellow's look that struck me as being very peculiar, and induced me to pause and think where I had seen him. Suddenly a recollection of the Moresco business came over me like a blaze of sheet lightning in a dark night. 'That's either Bill, Bill's twin brother, his ghost, or the devil,' said I, as I jumped from a tobacco hogshead, and almost knocked down the American Consul, and fairly running over two Moors, three Jews and a jackass, took after the sailor, who was still in sight. As I came up with him he turned, and I could see at once that he recognized me. He touched his tarpaulin, took my proffered hand and called me by name; there could be no doubt that he was the identical Bill.

"'I suppose, captain,' said he, 'that you thought that I had gone to Davy Jones' long ago; but you see I'm alive and flapping. How have you been this long time? how is my old friend' Mr Clark?'

"'Mr Clark?' said I, 'Mr Clark was hanged!'

"'Hanged! the d——l! why that's worse luck than ever I wished him. I only expected that his watch would pitch him overboard some dark night. But what was he hanged for?'

"'For murdering you.'

"'For murdering me!' exclaimed Bill in astonishment; and I had to repeat the assertion with the account of the whole affair, to convince him of its truth. 'And now,' said I, 'how is it that I see you alive?'

"We walked out on the bastion, and took a seat upon the banquette, when Bill began his story, which it would be tiresome to tell in his words. The amount of it was, that he had frequently threatened Mr Clark that he would jump overboard, and that he had nearly made up his mind several times to do so; that he came on deck that night, feeling sore from a recent flogging, and somewhat excited by drink, which he and Jack and bribed the old cook to steal from the cabin; for some time the mate had the helm, and that after asking for his knife and returning it again, Mr Clark ordered him to take the wheel—to which he, Bill, replied that it was not his turn yet, and that he, the mate, might lash it or leave it, and be d—d. Upon this the row commenced. Mr Clark jumped at him, struck him a blow in the face, and knocked him down; and in falling his knife came out of his sheath, and getting under him inflicted a wound in his side; that as soon as he could get upon his feet maddened by pain, rage and drink, and reckless of life, but anxious to spite Mr Clark, he had jumped upon the bulwark, resolved to throw himself into the sea; that Mr Clark seized him, endeavored to drag him on board; and that it was Mr Clark's voice that cried for help. With a sudden effort Bill tore from the mate's grasp, and sank into the water. In falling, he struck his head into the main chains and was for a long time insensible. Upon coming to himself, the love of life returned and induced him to exert his powers as a swimmer induced him to sustain himself upon the surface. He kept up until just at daylight, when his strength being quite spent, he saw a large ship bearing down upon him. She came so close as to hear his feeble hail, and lowering a boat, picked him on board, where rest and kind nursing soon restored him to health. The wound in his side was slight and healed up completely before the ship reached Liverpool. Since that time Bill had been knocking about the world from various ports, until at last his luck had brought him into Gibralter; and there he stood before me, a living proof of the fallibility of human testimony, and the danger of relying upon circumstantial evidence.

"'I don't want to see anymore hanging matches,' said the captain, after a pause, drawing a piece of cavendish from his pocket, and politely tendering it to his auditors: 'I don't want to see any more great moral lessons preached from the gallows or the yard-arm; and twisting off a piece of the dainty weed, the captain marched off with the conscious air that always marks your habitual *raconteur*, when he thinks he has told a story in point.

ANTI-MINISTERIAL. A Rev. Divine of the olden time, residing in Hamilton, and still remembered there as the famous Dr. S——, had occasion to travel to London frequently. On one of his journeys he arrived at an inn, where he had formerly "put up;" but was informed that the bed rooms were all occupied; and that, with the exception of a bed in a double bedded room there was no accommodation. The Rev. gentleman consented to take his bed; and on retiring was admonished by the house-keeper to keep himself very quiet, as a lady occupied the other bed. The doctor nothing daunted, proceeded to the room, and it being late in the night, silence reigned throughout the inn. Suddenly a shout from the worthy divine alarmed the House—landlord, scullions, and all, rushed half-naked to the scene. The shouting grew more distinct—"The lady's dead,—the lady's dead," distractedly uttered by the Divine, was met by the jeering response of—"Who the d—l would have thought of putting you in the same room with a living one!"

INDEPENDENT TREASURY. "There will never be any accumulation of coin either in Bank or Government vaults. The drafts of the Secretary of the Treasury upon the customs here *would be a description of paper that would be eagerly sought up into exchange circulation*, in their brief and rapid passage from their issue to their point of collection, and an amount equal to $20,000,000 *would be easily held in suspension by the internal exchanges*; as these drafts would be drawn against specie actually collected and in the Treasury, they would be to all intents and purposes specie warrants. This description of paper is *looked upon by many friends of the Independent Treasury plan, in its general features*, as highly desirable, but the law as it stands, we think compels the presentation and payment of all such drafts within reasonable time for their transmission. There is no question of the utility of paper of that description, if can be guarded against the evil of its running into issue on *credit* and not on *specie*; and it is *to prevent the possibility of this that the law very properly prevents the drafts from running into general circulation.* [N. Y. Morning News.

PRIMITIVE SHOES. A Hungarian (perhaps a hungry man also) attracted much attention in West street yesterday by sporting a pair of wooden sandals of the roughest workmanship, looking much like two pig troughs, and made in the same manner from the trunk of the linden tree. The soles of these articles were about an inch and a half thick, and the upper wood half an inch—each one was a solid piece, held a solid (not quite a cubic) foot, and struck the flagging with a blow as solid as that from a pavior's rammer. They were the most decidedly primitive or Adamitic of any article of apparel now known.

CROPPING TO MOTHER EARTH. A correspondent of a Philadelphia paper, writing from Bristol, England, gives the following as a sample of the many epigrams occasioned by the frequent *turning* in the policy of Sir Robert Peel:

"Oh, Earth! dear Mother Earth! hear this our cry!
Our warmest prayer do not then deny!
When good Sir Robert dies (as die he must),
And renders back to thee his subtile dust;
When thou receivest him in thy cold embrace,
And most conserve him in the 'appointed place;'
Grant this, oh, Earth! our prayer, oh! do not spurn!
On him press light, and leave him ROOM TO TURN."

Affectionate! Webb says of Greeley, "no reflecting man would willingly leave his purse, (the contents unknown) in the possession of an editor who proclaims himself a contented by the publication of private letters stolen from their owner.

Greeley returns the affectionate ebullition, by telling Webb that "he is almost the only criminal he ever helped to *beg off from the State Prison.*" [Rochester Daily Advertiser.

A BUG OF PUNCH—FROM "PUNCH." A GENEROUS MINISTRY. Ireland is starving, and so ministers send her plenty of *provisions*—only they are all in a Coercion Bill!

TOM THUMB AN ACTOR. This miserable dwarf—much honored of the great—is about to appear at the theatres. The stage must, in truth, be in a forlorn state when "the smallest contribution is gratefully received."

THE SMOKE NUISANCE. If the House of Commons were compelled, like other buildings, to consume its own smoke, we should not have a single act of Parliament.

REVENGE OF FRIENDS. The Peers have resolved, at a meeting at the Clarendon, to oppose by every means the progress of the Corn Law Bill. The British Lion is so frightened that he has sent to Van Amburgh, applying for a situation.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1846.

"TICKETING LABORERS."

A few days since, in a short article written in consequence of the Boston Mail's expressing great indignation at a proposed system of ticketing laborers, being discussed by the government of France, we stated, that a similar system was practised by one class of employers in this country, and shew the system adopted by manufacturing corporations.

Our neighbor of the Courier took up our article and says,—"without any explanation, it would give a wholly false impression in regard to the system of giving certificates to operatives, which is practised by the corporations in this city."

Now we wish to know wherein our remarks, without explanation, give any impression different from the actual state of facts? We stated, and re-state, that no man or woman leaving or being turned off from the employment of any corporation in this city can get work upon any other corporation, unless he or she has a "ticket," given by an officer of the corporation where he or she last worked. Nor can any person leaving or being dismissed without their "ticket" get employed by any manufacturing corporation in New England if they are notified that the person having left or having been dismissed has not received the customary "ticket." We further stated that the managers of the corporation could give the "ticket" or not, just as they saw fit. This is true. Thus by the rules of the corporations of New England, a person may be deprived the privilege of earning his bread at his accustomed business in all New England by the mere breath of an agent; and that breath may be the result of caprice or injustice on the part of the agent as well as unworthiness on the part of the operative.

The Courier admits the existence of this rule, but says it is not aware that it extended beyond the limits of Lowell, and says such a rule must be maintained for the good of the operatives. Now if the rule is a proper one for this city, it is proper for the whole country. And if the good of the laborers requires they should be "ticketed" here, we can see no good reason why the good of the laborers in France does not require their being there "ticketed." We believe the ticketing system is bad both here and there. All oppression is for the good of the oppressed and not for the advantage of the oppressor. Southern slaves are kept in bondage for their good and not for the benefit of their masters. Such is always the cry.

The Courier would have us infer these regulations are adopted only to keep from our midst men and women of loose morals. Such is not the fact. It is of no consequence for what the person leaves or is discharged, if the "ticket" is withheld, deprivation of employment as before stated follows. We do not say "tickets" are improperly withheld or given. But we do say that the "ticket" system is as bad if practiced here as if practised in France; and that it is an improper and unrighteous exercise of power, exercised whenever it may be, of one class of persons over another.

We ask the Courier as an act of justice, to show wherein our statements depart from the exact truth.—If any injury results from our remarks it is the fault of the facts and not of any perversion of them by us.—But we do not believe the truth ever harms. If the truth prevents a wrong state of facts, good may come from their being exposed. If they are not wrong, nothing is to be feared from an exposition of them.

☞ "War," says the Courier, "is always sure to bring out the latent patriotism of the country." Pity it had not thought of an article in its own columns, and added to its aphorism, "and poetry too." We refer to half a column of solid nonpareil, contributed to that paper by *Rev.* J. Wesley Hanson, on the subject of War, Taxes, and Mexico, all in rhyme. We hope the youthful poet, while engaged in blowing off steam from the surcharged boiler of his indignant imagination, *will not rend his linen.*

☞ The whole force under the command of Gen. Taylor, officers and rank and file included, amounts to less that 2500 men. The balance of the army of the U. S. consists of about 3700 men. About 1600 are under the command of Gen Wool, whose station extends from Niagara down the St Lawrence to Maine, and following the Atlantic coast to Florida. 1800 or 1900 of them are under the command of Gen Gaines whose station runs from Wisconsin down the Mississippi, following the Gulf to Florida, where it meets Gen. Wool's position. About 300 are under the command of Gen. Brady, stationed in Michigan.

These four divisions of our army constitute the whole of the present strength of the U. S. Army.

☞ The naval force of the United States consists of 11 ships of the line, 1 razee, 12 first class frigates, 2 second class frigates, 33 sloops of war, 8 brigs, 6 frigates, 9 war steamers, and 4 store ships.

WHO BLAMES HIM? The city authorities sent a man having the "small pox" to the City Hospital; but as they provided him with rather poor quarters, he quietly put on his hat and walked home, reaching there before his conductor had reported him as safely ensconsed in his pest house home.

SABLE WARBLERS. This musical club of Lowell Boys, gave the residents of Nesmith street a very satisfactory exhibition of their abilities at screnading, on Thursday evening, for which they will please accept the thanks of the listeners, and best wishes for their prosperity. Cake and beer next time. ☞

☞ We would call the attention of our readers to the sale of Dahlias, from the garden of Mr E. Allen, at the office of S. C. Shapleigh, on Monday morning; and if they answer at all to those sold by him last year, we are confident they will meet the most sanguine expectation.

N. B. We are assured by Mr Allen that the sale will embrace all the choice varieties sold by him last year; and also very many new varieties superior to any heretofore offered in Lowell.

☞ We learn from the Courier that *George Washington* is raising recruits in New York.

☞ Our readers will do well to read President Polk's proclamation of war, carefully.

☞ Rev. C. H. Fay will preach in the Third Universalist Church to-morrow.

☞ On the 6th inst. both Santa Anna and Almonte were at Havanna.

☞ The State of Pennsylvania now contains 180 Lodges of Odd Fellows.

INGERSOLL AND WEBSTER.

To our opinion, that Mr Webster and his friends are called upon to do something more than plead not guilty, the Courier's correspondent, X, replies:—

"Mr Ingersoll states that on examination of certain papers, in the state department, he has found sufficient evidence to convict Mr Webster of certain offences, and this *statement*, as we understand the matter, in the estimation of the Advertiser, makes a *prima facie* case, which, unless rebutted, must convict Mr Webster."

This by no means presents our position. We do not rely upon the *statement*, simply, of Mr Ingersoll for a *prima facie* case against Mr Webster. We say, and said, the *statement* of Mr Ingersoll *supported by memoranda of documents*, in the department of Secretary of state, the existence of which documents not being denied, nor the *correctness of the memoranda* being denied, nor the *facts*, as presented by Mr I. being explained, makes out a *prima facie* case; and the course of Mr W. and friends, in retreating from an investigation, and heaping the lowest personal abuse upon Mr I., looks suspicious. We say the *statement* of Mr I., *supported as it is*, requires something more, on the part of Mr W. and friends, than mere *denial*. If the charges of Mr I. rested upon the *statement* only of the gentleman, we agree, mere *denial* would be all the notice Mr W. would be honorably bound to take of the matter. But such is not the state of the case. Mr. I.'s charges are sustained by documents, admitted to exist and which are not explained. As we before said, these documents must be explained, or shown not to exist to relieve Mr W. The case does not rest upon the *statement* of Mr Ingersoll but upon the *documents*.

X says, Mr Webster did, in substance, regret that the President could not comply with the resolution calling for the papers reletive to the secret service fund. He says—

"Mr Webster *did* say, in substance, that notwithstanding it might be supposed that he, knowing that the papers called for, contained no evidence to convict him of improper conduct, might be anxious they should be communicated to the Senate, he concurred in opinion with the President, that they could not properly be thus communicated."

In endeavoring to show that Mr Webster shew *regret* that papers could not be furnished, X proved the reverse. Mr W., without expressing the first word of *regret* that the papers were not forthcoming, only says: "*notwithstanding it* MIGHT BE SUPPOSED *that he might be anxious they should be communicated to the Senate, he concurred with the President, that they could not properly be thus communicated.*" It is a plain admission that the public had a right to expect he *would regret* the withholding of the papers, yet he does no such thing. Where is the *regret* expressed either in language or substance?

We have no desire, but that Mr Webster should be able to escape scathless. What we have said is from no ill-feeling to that great man, nor to make party capital. It was the honest expression of our opinion from all the facts in the case that came to our knowledge.

TERRIBLE DISASTER AT SEA—*Loss of a Swedish sloop of war—Seventeen persons only saved out of a crew of one hundred and thirty-two.* Sunday evening, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clk, the bark Swan, Capt. Snell, from New Orleans, arrived at this port, says the Philadelphia Kayetone, and is now lying at the first wharf above Pine street. She brings the following lamentable news:

On the 3d of May, (Sunday) about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in latitude 25° 11', and longitude 79° 42', between Havana and the Floridas, the captain observed something at a distance, which he took for a piratical vessel, and immediately ordered the guns of the bark to be loaded, and in a few minutes everything about the vessel was in prime order and ready for action.

He was, however, on arriving near the supposed pirates, mistaken in his views, and discovered that they were persons who had been wrecked—and were blistered by the sun in a horrible manner, and in a state of nudity—floating upon spars and pieces of wood. There were seventeen in number, all of whom were taken on board and every possible care taken of them by the captain and crew of the bark. Their story is as follows:

On the first of May the Swedish sloop of war, Charles Krona, Captain E. G. Klint, sailed from Havana for Sweeden, with a crew consisting of one hundred and thirty-two men, and when off Matanzas, having been two days and three nights out, was caught in a squall which turned the vessel bottom upwards, consigning to a watery grave *one hundred and fifteen souls.* The vessel immediately sunk.

The seventeen above alluded to saved themselves by clinging to the spars of the vessel and pieces of wood, upon which they floated and buffeted the angry waves for one day and night, when they were picked up, almost in a state of starvation, and brought to this city by the bark Swan, and the only officer saved was First Lieut. A. F. Thersmeden, who is stopping at Bloodgood's, foot of Walnut street. Lieuts. Suerin, Bilt and Bevenstrole, were the names of the officers who were lost.

Captain Snell has provided them with everything that will make them comfortable and happy. They are fine looking men.

ARITHMETIC, *in two parts, for common and high schools; by Frederic A. Adams, Principal of Dummer Academy. Lowell: published by Daniel Bixby.* 1846.

This arithmetic is got up in much better and more durable style than the generality of school books. Of its merits read the sufficient recommendation below:

"*From Mr Geo. B. Emerson, Boston.*

Boston, April 3d, 1845.

I have carefully examined the plan of Mr Adams' work on Mental Arithmetic, and have given some attention to its execution, and I am confident that it will prove a very valuable addition to the means of instruction in Arithmetic. It is a successful extension of the admirable method of Colburn's First Lessons, with such modifications as seemed to be required in a higher work on the same general model. It occupies unappropriated ground; and it deserves, and I think it will take, a high place amongst the text books.

GEO. B. EMERSON."

☞ We learn from the Nashua Gazette that a new railroad is contemplated from Nashua to Essex city in Methuen.

☞ About eighty foreigners, principally German, arrived at Concord, N. H., on Thursday last, from Boston, and proceeded to Lebanon to work upon the Northern railroad.

WESTWARD HO! A company of sixteen persons from Lowell, left Boston on Wednesday evening in the Albany train, bound for Wisconsin.

☞ A railroad has been completed, at a cost of half a million dollars, between Princeton and Spanishtown, Jamaica, one of the W. I. Islands.

☞ In these times of "wars and rumors of wars" we are under great obligation to the "New York Sun" for Extras.

☞ The Illinoisans are considering the expediency of revising their Constitution.

From the Georgia (Milledgeville) Journal.

MANUFACTURING AT THE SOUTH.

The Milledgeville Manufacturing Company to which we alluded a few weeks since, have not only contracted for the erection of their manufactory, but the building itself is being erected, and is finished to the basement story. At a recent meeting of the stockholders, Geo. L. Deming, Esq., was elected President, Messrs. A. W. Reading, B. T. Bethune, Ezra Daggett and Miller Grieve, Directors, and Thomas Hall, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer. The capital which the company now contemplates using is $60,000—this to be extended as circumstances require. In a few months it will be in active operation, and will be the means of benefitting our town, and those engaged in agriculture near it, to no inconsiderable extent. By comparison, we may even now form some estimate of the benefits to be derived from it.

In Fayettaville, North Carolina, there are three cotton factories, and within a short distance of the town three more, making six in all. The aggregate amount of raw cotton which they consume per month is 250 bales, and the number of persons they support as operatives, &c., exceeds 1000. Annually they consume 2000 barrells of bread stuffs—200,000 lbs. pork, besides eggs, butter, lard, poultry, &c., &c. It appears then, that these six establishments furnish a market to cotton raisers, worth to them $400,000 per annum, besides consuming of the superabundance of the farm $60,000 worth annually. This is the estimate of the Salisbury, N. C. Watchmen, which we have briefly extracted from—and to it we will add another estimate in the form of a query. What amount do those 1000 persons engaged as operatives spend per annum with the merchents of Fayetteville, for sugar and coffee, articles of dress, &c? Surely it must be a considerable sum, which goes to the *profit* account of the merchants at that place!

Now the Milledgeville manufacturing company uses steam instead of water power. It will consume, annually, 600 cords of wood, which at $2 per cord will amount to $1200. Taking the consumption of the Fayetteville manufactories as a guide, this company will consume 333 barrels of flour, and 33,333 pounds of pork annually—which at $5 per barrel, and 5 cts. per pound, make $3,331 65. The other products of the farm, which will be consumed, we will set down, still taking the Fayetteville companies for a guide, at $3,000. And the consumption of cotton we will set down annually at 66,666. We thus arrive at about the sum which will be expended annually by this manufactory, and which the farmers of the surrounding country will be the recipients of; and it amounts to $74,197 75, added *annually* to the trade of Milledgeville by this one factory!

This is but one, and only a *local* estimate of the benefits to be derived from this *steam* cotton factory in our town. We look upon it as only *taking the lead*, and that other similar companies will be formed in the towns and villages of Georgia, which will do more to diversify *labor* and capital, and put idle people to work than any other enterprise of the day. It has been tested, and it is now well known, that *steam* power can be used to greater advantage than water power; and our towns *will* have *steam* factories in them when they are known to be profitable concerns. At any rate the enterprising company in this place has set a good example, which we hope will be speedily followed all over the state; for with the staple always at hand, we can certainly manufacture cheaper than the North,—And if the northern manufacturer reaps so great a per centage as he is represented to reap upon his investment, the southern manufacturer, buying cheaper, can certainly do at least a *little better.*

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, May 13.

In SENATE, Vice President Dallas signed the war bill.

The President transmitted letters received from Gen. Taylor.

The House bill, making appropriations for fortifications for the next fiscal year, was taken up. The committee on finance had reported an amendment to the appropriation, assigning two instead of one hundred thousand dollars for the fortification of Florida Reef at Key West, and Tortugas. This was discussed in the Senate by Lewis, Evans, Ynlee and Westcott.

Mr Johnson, of La. offered an amendment for repairing forts below New Orleans, which was rejected.

The amendments of the finance committee were all adopted, and the bill passed.

The Indian appropriation bill next came up for discussion, and Mr Sevier spoke upon it.

In the HOUSE, the Speaker signed the war bill, which was immediately sent to the President.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating that the steam revenue cutters would be completed this fall, and asking authority to appoint engineers. The bill on this subject was then taken up and discussed by Messrs Rathbun, Gordon, T. B. King, Holmes and others, and it was recommitted to the committee of the whole, with instructions to amend.

The West Point bill was taken up in committee of the whole and reported to the House, with recommendations that it pass. Mr Brockenburough spoke in favor of fighting Mexico, while discussing the army appropriation bill.

Thursday, May 14.

In the SENATE, the committees reported several bills.

Mr Breese introduced a bill to repeal the provision in the navy appropriation bill of last year, increasing the naval force to 7500 men. The bill was referred to the committee on naval affairs.

Bills from the House were then taken up and referred.

The bill in relation to Florida judiciary, and the New Hampshire claims for military services, were passed, the latter 29 ayes and 14 noes.

The French spoliation bill was further postponed till Monday.

The amendments of the House to the bill raising a corps of sappers and miners were concurred in. It was thus passed and sent to the President.

Mr Archer's motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate disagreed to the emendments of the House in regard to the amendments of the bill for a regiment of mounted riflemen, was laid aside for inquiry.

The bill authorizing the appointment of one paymaster and three assistant paymasters in under discussion as we close the despatch.

The West Point bill was finally passed.

In the HOUSE, a motion to reduce the mileage of members was rejected.

The army appropriation bill was then taken up. A discussion ensued. Mr Sherman of Ohio, replied to Mr Delano. Mr Sims of Missouri, made a strong defence of the administration.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the congress of the United States, by virtue of the constitutional authority vested in them, have declared by their act, bearing date this day, that "by the act of the republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that government and the United States:"

Now, therefore, I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the same to all whom it may concern; and I do specially enjoin on all persons holding offices, civil or military, under the authority of the United States, that they be vigilant and zealous in discharging the duties respectively incident thereto; and I do moreover exhort all the good people of the United States, as they love their country, as they feel the wrongs which have forced on them the last resort of injured nations, and as they consult the best means, under the blessing of Divine Providence, of abridging its calamities, that they exert themselves in preserving order, in promoting concord, in maintaining the authority and the efficacy of the laws, and in supporting and invigorating all the measures which may be adopted by the constituted authorities for obtaining a speedy, a just, and an honorable peace.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents. Done at the City of [L. s.] Washington on the thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the seventieth.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President—
JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The Boston Mail says, there is nothing later from Point Isabel than May 2d, when no attack had been made upon that Point. In the mean time the works of defence had been strengthened, and reinforcements had begun to arrive. We have nothing later from Gen. Taylor's encampment than before; but if there had been a battle, it would certainly have been known at Isabal.

There is no ground for a rumor published in an extra from one of our newspaper offices here, that Point Isabel is captured.

Nothing more as to the fate of Capt. Thornton and Lieut. Mason, but, notwithstanding the positive statement in the "Union," there is yet ground to doubt whether they returned safe to camp.

The Picayune, May 7th, says: last evening there were seven full companies mustered and only waiting to be equipped and ordered to march.

MEXICAN PORTS BLOCKADED—TO BE.—The Bark Horn, from Havana to New York has arrived, and brings papers representing that the American Government was on the point of declaring a blockade of the whole Pacific coast, and that an American squadron had arrived for that purpose, and was anchored in the harbor of Mazatlan.

FIRE IN CANADA. A fire in Saguanay county, communicated from some land clearings, has destroyed all the houses in Bay village, except the Church, the the Presbytery and Mr Price's store and houses; and also on the Chez Marse, at a new settlement, it destroyed houses, barns, cattle, grain, agricultural implements, and every building in the village at the mouth of the river.

The government of the Province immediately took measures to distribute rations among the sufferers in the Saguenay county, and recommended the Legislature to take into consideration the propriety of granting pecuniary relief. The number of people left homeless is estimated at about 3000.

Accounts from river Oaelle (south shore) state that the fire is also raging with fury in the back settlements of that place, and four houses had been burnt.

THE LIBEL CASE in Washington, in which Gov. Thomas is defendant, has been continued to the November term, for the purpose of procuring the testimony of Mrs Linn, relict of Senator Linn, deceased.

"THOS. SPENCER, *a friend of Webster.*" We have received a letter from a blockhead, post marked Lowell, April 30, 1846, which concludes as follows:

"Nor dont the writer didont sign his name a citizen of Mass or a friend of Webster Thos. Spencer.

The whole letter is bed English, and manifests nothing but gross ignorance and ill manners. The author makes a splutter about being "prond of the name, fame and standing of Daniel Webster," and to show his true discipleship, *taxed us for the postage* of his silly stuff. [Cincinnati Enquirer.

Who is Thomas Spencer?

☞ H. H. Dexter, of Boston, broker, who was reported as having obtained the proceeds of a check of £750, without having any funds in the bank on which it was drawn, and as having departed for parts unknown, has returned, and is ready, as is said, to answer all proper questions, and meet all his liabilities.

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. myt6tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administator of the goods and estate of CHARLES H. NOURSE, late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, teamster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Charles H. Nourse, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

MARCELLUS HOUGHTON, Administrator.
myt6 3t*

Savannah and Boston Packets.

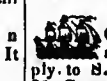
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
First Vessel.



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STODDARD master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m18

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.



The fast sailing packet Schooner MONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m16

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.
This Day.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜



The superior fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Bark ELIZA THORNTON, *Little*, is now loading, will take what freight may offer and sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m16

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the Insolvent Estate of BENJAMIN DAY, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stone-cutter, an Insolvent Debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Day will be holden at the office of the Hon. Nathan Brooks, a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, in Concord in said county, on FRIDAY, the 12th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Day may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery. Lowell, May 12th, A. D. 1846.

may12-3t JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss. May 9, 1846. } In Insolvency.

IN the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said county, yeoman, an insolvent debtor.

By direction of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, I hereby call the third meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on THURSDAY, the Twenty-First day of May instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where I shall produce my account relating to the estate of said insolvent. ITHAMAR W. BEARD, may14-3t Assignee.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 18 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE, Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street. Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wdrmay2

STILL ANOTHER TRIUMPH OVER DISEASE IN MAINE!

Warren, Lincoln Co., July 15, 1845.

Dear Sir:

I take pleasure in complying with your request to bear testimony in favor of your valuable medicine, having had a daughter, 15 years old, very dangerously sick the last year, restored with it. My daughter took a violent cold in Sept. 1843, which settled on her lungs. She was troubled with a bad cold all winter. I tried various kinds of medicine, but none of them had the desired affect. The cough continued until March, when we became alarmed at her condition, and applied to a physician, who attended her some time, but did her no good. We then consulted another, but all to on purpose: Having exhausted the whole catalogue of medicines now in the land—two distinguished physicians having done their best to restore her—we then obtained a bottle of

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

which relieved her immediately. After taking four bottles she was completely restored, and now enjoys good health. JOHN LEEDS.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mchm

☞ Bogle's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities creates a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 39, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfadvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In Nashville, N. H., May 7th, by Rev D. D. Pratt, Mr Peter H. Putnam of this city, to Miss Ruby Steele of Wilton, N. H.

In Nashua, N. H., May 11th, by Alien P. Dudley, Esq., Mr Douglass R. Patterson of this city, to Miss Elisabeth Adeline, daughter of Jonas Powers, of N.

In Plainfield, Vt., May 11th, Mr Increase Leadbetter, Jr. of Weston, Mass. to Miss Clarissa M. White, of P.

To Mr Increase Leadbetter, Jr.

'Tis true, indeed, that *Clara White*
Has always been her friend's delight,
Has always lived in pence;
Yet since she has become thy wife,
O may she *Lead* a *better* life,
And have a good *Increase*.

DIED.

In Peterboro', N. H., May 10th, of consumption, Mrs Julia A., wife of Augustus L. Prescott, of this city, aged 24 years. [Will Maine papers please copy!]

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

a3wmay7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *imitations* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts.; Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my15m] dec16

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr Bennett's 20th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 39, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

French Regulating Pills.

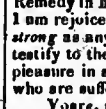
THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at Concord, N. H. by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6mcho

$10 REWARD!

WHEREAS my wife Louisa, having left my board without any just cause, while I was at Waltham for a few days on business, taking with her my bed and other articles of furniture, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no bills of her contracting. The above reward will be given to any person or persons who will obtain said furniture and deliver the same to me.

And whereas, the said Louisa has taken away and secreted my child, seven months old, in some place unknown to me, any person who will inform me of the whereabouts of said child or satisfy me that it is well provided for, shall be handsomely rewarded.

may12-a3t C. L. BRADLEY.

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other Incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who release to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. aly tj10may2

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 50 cts.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Barlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

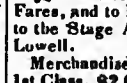
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, via:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

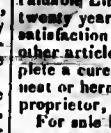
☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

my14-a&rly GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

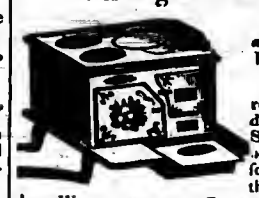
A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Belts;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. } sp28 a'm

WAGER & DATER'S

Air Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, Inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Sealer's Notice.

THE subscriber, sealer of Weights and Measures for the city of Lowell, for the present year, hereby gives notice, that he will attend, at his Shop, on Middle street, to the sealing of such weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose.

6may7 O. A. RICHARDSON.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square; or at this office. tf feb17

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.

On MONDAY, May 18th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at Office, by catalogue—A very fine collection of choice varieties of Double Dahlias, about 1000 plants, in prime condition, from the celebrated garden of Mr E. Allen, consisting of more than 100 varieties. For specimens of these varieties, we would refer to those sold by Mr A. in this city last season.

Every variety will be warranted correct according to catalogue.

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm in well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint to diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," be cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be holden at the Committee Room, City Hall, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any farther business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. CURTIS, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations. Per order.

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. my4tm

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

Greeting:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846;

adv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unremitting efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionery*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance in the upper Saloon, No. 36.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 39, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely new and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BOONYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Boonycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Sheaard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, as the mucus rises and chokes in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYLOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Miss Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

"Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since he began to fail; a general weakness and insensible affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but during other, Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his right side appeared dead; and an examination by physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt. Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to rear his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is in this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is *warranted* to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time I determined to have recourse to Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. I prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnenpr9



Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

Is probably almost without a parallel in having, during a trial of nearly 20 years, fully maintained the high reputation which it has acquired for Consumptive Complaints, and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat and Chest. It has been used, probably, with greater success than any other article known, and many physicians who have had an opportunity of witnessing its highly salutary effects, do not hesitate to recommend it as "a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine, equal if not superior to any other prescription for the above complaints within their knowledge, and one which has seldom disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it."

The proprietors cannot descend to the present unblushing style of advertising similar articles. It is too well known to require any such course, and they would merely refer those who wish for further confirmation of its superiority to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others, attached to each bottle. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam was for many years the only article known as *Pulmonary Balsam*. Its great celebrity has given rise to many *spurious* articles, which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, and being put up so as to resemble it as nearly as possible, are often foisted upon the public for the TRUE article. Among these are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Indian Pulmonary Balsam," "Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam," &c.—Beware of all of them!—Enquire for the article by its whole name, the VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, and be sure to get the true article, prepared by Reed, Wing & Cutler, Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham street, Boston; and see that it has the written signature of *Wm. Jon'a Cutler*, upon a yellow label on the blue envelope. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam." For sale by druggists and country merchants generally.

For sale in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., Jas. C. Ayer; and by apothecaries generally. a18A&r6m

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

To Let!

A genteel tenement of 9 rooms, on Merrimack street, in perfect order. Location and water good. Also—a Store in King's Block.

Stapr16 A. R. BROWN.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 22, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for ith very liberal share of patronage they have favored shes with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufasturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very mall advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

—It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ly

Highly important to all invailds
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public are the best judges in such cases, and will form their own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive their powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial; and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained *gratis*.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. o&p1yaug30

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.

This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

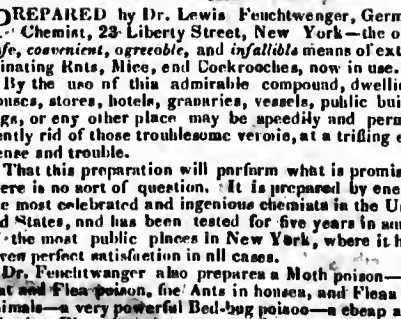
From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston;*	Geo. Farristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;*	James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;*	S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Gonde dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikan, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. odv3mmor26

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwenger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of those troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,
Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisments, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fates opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and opotheceary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrufulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospitol, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

Hair Work! Hair Work!

A FULL variety of Hair Work may be found at 65 Central st., opposite the American House. The subscriber offers for sale Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs; Curled and straight Frizettes of all depths, at reduced prices. He keeps no work but that he warrants Ladies and gentlemen who wish to have a wig made, can do so by calling and having their heads measured.

N. B.—Cash paid for long hair. Old curls dressed over—also Ladies hair curled and dressed. Ladies can be retired from the gentlemen's department.

H. W. FOSTER.

Lowell, Jan. 31, 1846. jan31

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' Mantelaloe, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, Mantelaloe and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Towle, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1846. jan27y

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 59.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, at $2.00 per annum, in advance, or $2.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, makers & special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept19

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 3m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

L. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Fennel Stoves, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan3 DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 50, Central street....LOWELL.
Jan1 tfnov1 C. H HEYWOOD.

W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors, Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19


Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

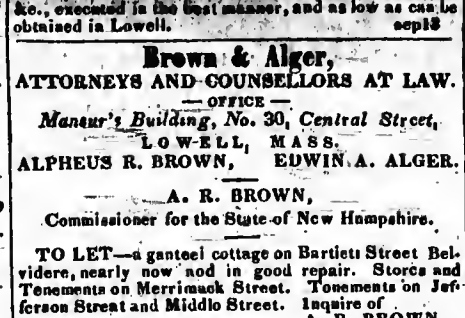
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfoct18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreons, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Cortains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residence or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building,* where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as *he teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson,* all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 1fdec6

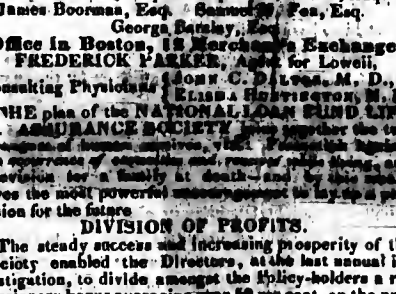
Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the *Prescott* Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug6

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so great has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York.
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel B. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 18 Merchants Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell,
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.,
ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY unites together the two strongest of human motives, viz: *Provision* against the occurrence of casualties and reverses of fortune during, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
			1837	$725 25	$441 35	$68 25	$1977 79
60	$5000	$370 75	1838	598 8	373 45	57 12½	1730 5
			1839	693 87½	396 64	46 75	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated *for investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1yn&p2awaeopdec13

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Rat-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 128, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Boston, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Carter. alyapr3

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

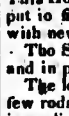
THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. POMMELL.

BATH, Me., May 22, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. ☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyspr4

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL,* in *Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price at board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1846. a6wnpr19

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—*Nervous Affections*—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's Instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Pilcox Spring Pad Supporter,* for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt,* and his Improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery,* which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawskplyjan13

THE QUAKER OF THE OLDEN TIME.
FROM THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

The Quaker of the olden time!
How calm, and firm, and true,
Unspotted by its wrong and crime,
He walked the dark earth through.

The lust of power, the love of gain!
The thousand lures of sin
Around him, had no power to stain
The purity within.

With the deep insight, which detects
All great things in the small,
And knows how each man's life affects
The spiritual life of all.

He would by faith, and not by sight
By faith and not by law;
The presence of the wrong or right,
He rather felt than saw.

He felt that wrong with wrong partakes
That nothing stands alone,
That whoso gives the motive, makes
His brother's sin his own.

And, passing not for doubtful choice
Of evils great or small,
He listened to the inward voice
Which called away from all.

Oh! spirit of that early day,
So pure, and strong, and true,
Be with us in the sorrow way
Our faithful fathers knew.

Give strength the evil to forsake,
The cross of Truth to bear,
And love and reverence to make
Our daily lives a prayer.

From Neal's Saturday Gazette.

A MARRIAGE AT ST. PETERSBURG.

BY MRS. E. F. ELLETT.

A man of observing and acute intellect said, in the eighteenth century, of a Russian, then distinguished in France—"Cut open his vest, and you will feel his heart velvet." The sarcasm is less true at the present day than under Louis XV; but it has not lost all its point. Notwithstanding the elegance and polish of manners existing in Russian society, it hides in its bosom the corruption and egoism which civilization rather veils than effaces. This appears in the domestic relations; and especially in the tie of marriage—with which convenience has more to do than affection. Ambition, and the passion for play are the chief moving causes among the noblesse of St. Petersburg. When here and there, from the treacherous surface of society, some romantic or tragic incident surges into view, it excites, among the languid circles of the aristocracy, less of interest than astonishment. The events on which the following sketch is founded—which have occurred but recently—caused a general excitement in the capitol.—The fearful and unexpected denouement—the mystery surrounding one of the persons concerned—and the silence observed with regard to a powerful and venerated name—contributed to invest the story with remarkable interest.

At a ball costume, given by the old wealthy princess Belocelsky, the nobility and beauty of St. Petersburg were assembled. Such stars as Madame Beckwonzoff—Olga Danilowsky—and the two Mademoiselles Troubelzkoi, were in the zenith of their glory, and shone on many dazzled worshippers. But one, newly risen, went nigh to eclipse them all. One of the maids of honor to the Empress, a young girl of about eighteen, stood in the quadrille. On her the eyes of half the nobles and chevaliers were fixed. Her figure was well developed and exquisite in symmetry, and she possessed a beauty rare and highly esteemed in the northern capital. The women there have generally blue eyes and pale complexions, sometimes of marble whiteness, with blonde hair and slight figures. The abundant and raven locks of Marie K——, the clear brown of her cheek, colored with the richest tint of sunset—her dark, expressive eyes, veiled by their long lashes, and shooting forth the most bewitching glances ever and anon—filled all who looked at her with admiration. She had a naive and engaging manner—an arch softness—a piquant vivacity—in a word, a finished coquette, that rendered her charms irresistible, and gave her the superiority over the divinities that had heretofore reigned in the saloons of the capital.

Mademoiselle K—— wore this evening, with a grace that could not be rivalled, the ancient national costume. The Russian bonnet formed the diadem; the cordage was of a brilliant gold color, and fastened by a knot of sapphires; the short skirt was of scarlet. Her hair was braided in several tresses, tied at the end with rosettes of silk and gold. She moved through the dance with a grace that enchanted everybody. When the music ceased at last, there was a movement among the group of youthful admirers who had crowded to gaze upon her, and eager to claim the honor of her hand for the next quadrille.—All drew back suddenly. A man of lofty and majestic figure, superbly dressed, but not in any fanciful costume, came forward, and bowing gracefully, addressed Mademoiselle K——.

For the rest of the evening his attention was assidious. No one else ventured to approach the beauty distinguished by the devotion of the Emperor. His eyes were perpetually fastened on her face with an expression of intense admiration; while Marie seemed, on her part, invincible to his homage. She kept her eyes fixed on the ground, or raised them timidly only at intervals; and replied briefly and coldly to the conversation of her illustrious companion. Once only she changed countenance. It was when her glance fell on a young man, standing at a little distance, and attentively regarding her.—This was Paul de B., one of the aids-de-camp of the Emperor, and her affianced husband.

The emotion betrayed in the quiet blush that rose to Marie's cheek, did not escape the attention of the Emperor; nor did he fail to perceive the young officer. The glance he saw exchanged gave a whole history to his quick perception. He led the fair girl to a seat; he seated himself beside her; and Marie saw herself the envy of the brilliant circle that surrounded him. The sovereign adored by all—the man who excelled in beauty all others in the empire—was at her feet! Paul was no longer within sight; her worldly mother smiled upon her; her triumph was open and complete. Marie's heart beat high; a glow was on her cheek; the reign of vanity had commenced.

When the young maid of honor left the saloon, her imperial admirer himself conducted her.—With downcast eyes, but with exultation at her heart, she passed through the gay circles that had seen her conquest. Just by the door stood Paul de B——. The eyes of Marie for a mo-

ment rested on him; again she blushed the young officer started forward—exclaiming—"Marie!" but drew back the next instant and was presently lost in the crowd.

Early the next morning Col. de B—— was announced at the door of Madam K—— Marie rose to meet him as he entered her boudoir.—She was paler than the evening before, but even more exquisitely lovely. She smiled, and extended her hand, which the young man pressed passionately to his lips.

"My own Marie!" he murmered, as he seated himself at her feet, still holding her hand in his.

And the young girl replied to his epithets of endearment, bending fondly over him, till her raven curls touched his forehead.

"I must leave you, Marie!" at length said the officer.

"Leave me—Paul!" repeated the maiden.

"Yes—I have orders to depart immediately for Caucasus."

The young girl grew pale as death, and the exclamation of surprise died on her lips.

"Ah, Marie," murmered the lover, "it is hard to leave you; but I must serve my country, and fight her battles."

The maiden covered her face with her hands, and the tears trickled through her slender fingers.

"Do not weep, love, but hope! I shall win glory and honors. One thing I ask before I depart; a lock of that silken hair, to wear upon my heart. I ask it not as a gage of love; but as a sacred symbol, as a remembrance of the friend of my childhood—for such you are, Marie;—as a relic for the pilgrim; a talisman for the soldier. It will secure my safety and be a pledge of victory."

Without saying a word, Marie took up the scissors, severed one of her glossy ringlets, and gave it to her lover. He placed the precious gift in his bosom. And it seemed in truth a talisman, to bring success to the arms of the young officer. While the intrepidity, courage and heroism he displayed in fighting the Emperor's battles, won him the highest military honors, and a fame that shed lustre even on the proud name of his ancient house—he never received a wound. Eighteen months afterwards he returned to St. Petersburg--wearing on his breast the cross of St. Anne—and the treasured look with which he never parted, next his heart.

A year and a half passed. Two young officers were walking along the principle street of the capital. One of them was Paul de B——, just returned from Caucasus; the other, an officer of the Chasseurs of Finland. The face of the former wore an expression of disquiet and pain; but his lips were curled in generous scorn.

"It were base," he said, after a few moments of agitated silence, "to heed such a rumor, or suffer a thought of suspicion to divide us for one moment. Marie false! Nay— might she not call *me* faithless, since I have been two hours in St. Petersburg, and am not already at her feet!"

"Listen, first," replied the other. "I'll tell you no more than I, myself witnessed. It is not many weeks since I was on service at Tsarskoe Selo, when the court was there. I was walking through the Chinese garden, and passing close by a thick arbor, heard voices within. One was that of a man, and by turns supplicating and commanding: the other a female voice, that spoke in eager though timid accents. Unwilling to intrude on the secrets of personages who might be, for aught I knew, too high to render knowledge consistent with my safety, I turned my steps in another direction. A moment after, I saw a tall figure, whose majestics proportions could not be mistaken, wrapped in a uniform cloak, with a military cap drawn closely over his face, emerge from the arbor and go out by one of the side-paths. On the other side, a young girl—pale and violently agitated, with face half covered by the handkerchief she held to her eyes, went forth slowly. I recognized Mademoiselle K——."

"Enough!" exclaimed Paul de B——, faintly: and his friend started to perceive the terrible effect of his words. His lips were parted with a forced smile, that betrayed the agony of his soul. He said no more, but waving his hand in token that he would not be followed, turned abruptly down another street. It was that leading to the house of Madame K——.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

CONGRESS.

Friday, May 15.

In the SENATE, Mr Comoron presented the proceedings of the war meeting held in Philadelphia on Wednesday, accompanying them with a high eulogium upon the public spirit of the citizens of Philadelphia.

Mr Archer called up his motion to reconsider the vote of the Senate disagreeing to the amendment of the House to the bill for raising a regiment of mounted riflemen, which requires the officers to be selected from the supernumerary corps of the army.

Mr Archer briefly defended the House amendment, and said this was a question between the army and Presidential favoritism.

Mr Dix replied that the practice had been heretofore in raising new regiments, to leave the appointment of officers in the hands of the President without restriction, and the appointments had been made partly from the army and partly from private life. If the officers were taken from the army it would be necessary to fill the place of those who should be selected, from private life.

After some remarks from Messrs Cass, Berrien and Houston, the question on the motion to reconsider was decided in the negative—ayes 22 noes 22. The Vice President voted in the negative.

The Senate then adjourned over until Monday.

In the HOUSE, leave was granded Mr Delano to make a personal explanation.

The House then went into committee of the whole and took up the private calendar, to which the remainder of the day was devoted.

Saturday, May 16.

The SENATE did not sit.

The HOUSE receded from its amendments to Senate bill providing a regiment of mounted riflemen and stations on the way to Oregon; has passed both houses.

On motion of C. D. Ingersoll, 10,000 extra copies of the President's message in relation to our affairs with Mexico, was ordered to be printed.

Message was received from the President that he had signed the Fortification Bill; remainder of day in committee on private bills.

Mr King, of Georgia, on leave offered resolutions calling on the secretary of treasury for a statement of the number of vessels and officers in the revenue service.

☞ The following interesting "dog story" is from the "Musical Gazette" a weekly paper devoted to the subject indicated by its name:

"Music in Boston is certainly on the advance, for even the dogs begin to criticise and discriminate. We were at the house of a friend the other day, where there was a little, frisky pet poodle dog. The little fellow was amusing himself quietly enough, when his mistress began to sing a particular song. At the very first notes, he raised his head and listened, then sprang to the piano stool up by it, and yelped most melodiously until the song was concluded. During other songs he remained quite indifferent, but let a single measure of this air be performed, and the canine songster would put in his accompaniment. We were told that whether he was in the room, or a distant part of the house, the same effect was produced; and that even when apparently asleep, a few notes of "Come, O come with me," would cause him to commence his usual serenade."

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 19, 1846.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR—ANOTHER BATTLE.

It appears by the southern papers that another small body of our troops have been obliged to fly before the Mexicans, and that some more of our men have been killed. The Picayune says *six*. The Sun gives the following account of the battle which is substantially the same as given by the N. O. papers.

New Orleans, May 9, 1846

The Schooner Mary Clare has just arrived from Brazos Santiago; left on the 19th. Capt. Griffin and passengers report that Captain Walker and 70 Texian rangers were nearly all killed or taken prisoners on the 27th ult., about 20 miles above Point Isabel, by a large force of Mexicans.

He started from his camp on the 28th, with his whole force to reconnoitre and if possible open a communication with Gen. Taylor. He had proceeded as far as about midway between Point Isabel and the Camp, when an overwhelming Mexican force approached suddenly. A portion of his troops were raw recruits. He instructed them to keep on his right and gave orders for the whole to retire under cover of the chaparral in view, but his raw troops, panic stricken, scattered in confusion.

The Mexicans advancing with overwhelming numbers, he gave orders to retire. He was followed until within a mile of Point Isabel, where he arrived with only three of his men, six others subsequently came in. Capt. W. estimates the number of Mexicans he encountered at 1500, and he supposes that at least 30 of them fell during the fifteen minutes which he engaged them.

This force is supposed to be a portion of that which had, at last accounts, crossed the Rio Grande some 20 or 25 miles above Matamoras, and which is estimated at 3000 men. It is believed that they have taken a circuitous route on the eastern side of Gen. Taylor's camp.

Captain Walker succeeded in reaching the Point at 4 P. M. with only three men. He applied to Major Thomas for four men, and announced his determination to proceed to Gen. Taylor's Camp or die in the attempt. His object being to communicate full particulars of the attack to the Commanding officer.

The post is very strongly defended. With the exertions of Majors Monroe and Saunders, with 500 men to defend the post, it is believed it can be made good against three thousand. There are now about five thousand Mexicans on the American side of the Rio Grande, one half above and one half below Gen. Taylor's camp. The Picayune says, the greatest apprehensions now felt for the American position, is that the Mexicans may raise fortifications to command Brazos Santiago. The natural formation of the ground is most favorable for such a purpose; the men would be effectually protected from any naval force by the natural embankment and the position could only be carried by actual storming of the works.

REDUCTION OF THE TARIFF.

The existing war with Mexico constitutes no reason, for refusing to reduce the tariff. We have a present surplus of twelve millions of dollars. The expenditure of less than this sum, we trust, will bring the contest to a speedy and successful termination.—Besides, a reduction of duties and a fairer equalization of the tariff do not necessarily imply a reduction of the revenue. On the contrary, the reduction of the duties, that are nearly prohibitory, must increase, the revenue. The bill proposed by Mr Walker brings, according to the estimates, twenty-four millions of net revenue; *that* of the committee nearly a million more—which, together with the augmenting proceeds of the sales of public lands, will yield an abundant revenue. It is disgraceful to the country to suppose that the contest with Mexico renders improper any reduction of the duties. The present is not a revenue tariff; and in case of war, the heavy duties will be enforced more prohibitory.

Let no member of Congress, therefore, refuse to support the rights of our country abroad, from any panic anticipation that it will arrest the reduction of the tariff. For from it! We must do our duty in both ways, boldly and unhesitatingly.

Now is the time to strike against the tariff system. The country demands it. Justice requires it. The power is put into the hands of the republican party to consummate this reform. We are waiting with great impatience for the House to act upon the tariff question. How long will it be before Congress proceeds to act, and to act decisively, upon this great and leading measure of the present session? [Union

---

☞ The Lowell Courier is following in the wake of the Tribune and Atlas, and writing long articles condemning the policy of our government in the Mexican war, and defending that of Mexico. It says, in speaking of our right to the territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande,—"Suppose the bravos and blockegs who rule that state [Texas] had resolved, in their legislature, that their boundary extended all over Mexico and California—such impudence is supposible—then Mr. Polk would have sent Gen Taylor to take up his quarters in the 'Halls of the Montezumas,' at the head of all the armies of the country, and if Mexico dared to resist, even to send a regiment of troops within sight of the American camp, we should have declared that a state of war existed by the act of *Mexico*."

How does such language differ in spirit from that of the tories of the Revolution, and the "blue light" tyrants of the last war?

THE WEATHER. Yesterday was warm and showery—and the farmers said it was a fine growing time. About four o'clock in the afternoon a clearing up shower came over from the westward, and as it settled to the eastward it made its exit with some very respectable thunder and lightning—the first of the season. The clouds have up from the westward and the sun shone for a half of an hour—as it went down through a narrow belt of blue sky—very handsomely. At sunset, in the bow window of the west a glory and a beauty was displayed equal to any dry goods shop on Merrimack street. The night was cold—but the wind blew strongly, keeping the frost off the earth and saving the early fruits from destruction, just as the whigs *keep* some of their party by "blowing" them up like a bladder. This morning it was as cold and bracing as an October morning, and ice formed on the side walks and street.

YUCATAN AND SOUTHERN MEXICO. The news, from Yucatan and Southern Mexico of the 1st inst. is, that the people of Southern Mexico and the Congress of Yucatan, were uniting their efforts for a grand revolutionary movement against the despots of Mexico. The congress of Yucatan had refused to entertain any propositions from Paredes, and a courier, whom he had sent to Merida, to request only three hundred troops, narrowly escaped with his life.

☞ A man in Florida named Bewell, was hung by the mob, he having confessed that he was an accomplice of Yeomans, who was hung last winter for negro stealing.

☞ The Washington Union of Thursday night says that "the President and his Cabinet are now actively engaged in organizing its military and naval forces under the recent act of Congress. He is in constant communication with his Secretaries, and in frequent consultation, eight and day, with his Cabinet. Arrangements are making which will be announced in due season; and we entertain little doubt that they will be found satisfactory to the country. The plan of the campaign will develope itself. In twenty days after the fiery torch is passed through the land, we shall have the 50,000 volunteers to take the field.—Those who live near the scene of action will probably be first called out; but the more distant volunteers will be held in reserve to bide their time, if they are wanted. We understand that offers are pouring in upon the President."

☞ "Unless Congress intends to put duties on tea and coffee, and other free articles, or to order an issue of Treasury notes, we cannot, for the life of us, see how they can avoid *raising* the present Tariff; that is, if the Government is to be provided with ways and means to meet the appropriations which Congress has made and will make, before the session closes."—[Courier.

We would ask our neighbor, how *raising a protective tariff can increase the revenue?* A protective tariff is one where the duties are so high, as to so far cut off importations as to make the revenue less than it would be with smaller rates of duty. To increase the revenue, *protective* duties must be reduced. So Mr Courier, you perceive that to get a greater amount of revenue than at present, the duty on protected articles must be brought down to the revenue standard.

THE SHAKER VOCALIST. These singular performers will give an exhibition at the City Hall, this evening. The Salem Register, a very correct paper, during its political hercsies—says of them:

"We were apprehensive that their performances would prove to be a mere burlesque of the peculiar rites and ceremonies of the Shakers; but we find that those who are acquainted with that extraordinary people, vouch for the strict accuracy and perfect propriety of their representations—and we have seen that no attempt is made to add ridicule to the exhibition, or to make the performances more ludicrous than the movements are in reality. They go through with all their songs and dances with perfect sobriety, and we have no doubt that these, with the interesting explanations of Dr Tripure, give a faithful transcript of the manners, habits and opinions of the remarkable sect of which they were once members. The exhibition is really curious and interesting."

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MR EDITOR—Reading in your paper, May 12th, of Mr Bancroft's reputation for truth, brought to mind a good story I heard of him, as follows:

Lieut. M——, of the U. S. N., having been frequently deluded by the *mistakes* of the Hon. Secretary and having grown somewhat restive in consequence, while smarting under his disappointments, met Lieut F——, who had just come in from sea, and was returning from his first visit to Mr Bancroft.

"Where have you been F——?" said M——.

"Just left the Secretary."

"Oh, Mr Bancroft! How do you like his appearance?"

"Oh, well enough—has a good deal of soft soap about him, hasn't he?" said F.

"Soap," returned M.—"his *soap* be d——d; he has *lie* enough about him to make soap for the whole navy!"

☞ We see by the N. Y. Sun that there are in the port of New York at least *fifty* of the finest fast sailing packet ships in the world, strongly built, and equipped in the best manner, ranging from 800 to 1100 tons, and capable of mounting from 24 to 36 guns each, and accommodating 400 men. Adding to these, what there are in all the ports of the Union, and fit them up as war vessels, should'nt we have a respectable navy? The Sun says the mercantile marine alone, without counting our regular naval force, can send out one thousand steamers, 80 frigates of 36 guns each, 250 of 24 guns, 350 of 20 guns, and 500 of 12 guns. In addition to these we can send out 1,500 more, each capable of carrying an armament powerful enough to capture any merchantman afloat.

The State of New York alone can concentrate an army of one hundred thousand men in three days.

DR. DARLING, of Haverhill will give a lecture tomorrow evening, at Wentworth's Hall, at 8 o'clock, on the science of chemistry, in the course of which he will exhibit the grand experiment of solidifying carbonic acid gas. He will pass this solidified air round among the audience, frozen at 162° below zero, being about as much colder than ice, as ice is colder than boiling water. Dr. Darling has many flattering testimonials from the press where he has previously lectured.

BRITISH INTERFERENCE. A Washington correspondent of the True Sun says, "it is the opinion of the President and Cabinet that England has had secret participation in the recent movement of Mexico, and that she only desires an opportunity to become embroiled and to bring in other parties against the United States. This view is concurred in by Mr Slidell, who is fresh from the scene, and has had some opportunities to form a correct judgment."

MIDDLESEX MEDICAL SOCIETY. The annual address will be delivered before this society by J. CURTIS, M. D., on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the City Hall.

Mr Curtis, the lecturer, is one of the best read of the young physicians of the city, therefore an entertaining lecture may be expected from him.

Gentlemen and ladies are invited to attend.

☞ The Keene Republican relates that Mr G., a transient man, went to Surry and married the hitherto respectable widow C.; that shortly afterwards she sent for her neighbor, Mr H., to call on her on some business, told him her husband was absent, and made proposals to him as tempting, but as coolly received, as those made by an ancient queen to a fine young gentleman who went down into Egypt; and that the husband Mr G. then suddenly appeared, knocked down Mr H., and extorted from him a note for $500, value not received. Mr G. is jugged for trial.

☞ The steamboat Boreas has been lost on the Mississippi. She had a very valuable cargo. $60,000 worth of gold dust, except one keg, was lost.

ORIGINAL ANECDOTE. A French teacher at one of the schools in this city, inquiring of a pupil in regard to her health—she replied, that she had so severe a cough, she was afraid she should die. "Oh dear, (he exclaimed,) I do hope you are not in the last paroxism of consumption!" [Portland Argus

---

THE NATIONAL FAIR. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer writes that he is informed it is the intention of the managers of the Great National Fair which is shortly to be held at the seat of Government, to have in attendance FIVE HUNDRED Lowell girls from Massachusetts. So much has been said by the Southern members of Congress about the sickly looks and the skeleton forms of the operatives of the north, that it is deemed advisable to seize the coming opportunity to give a tangible contradiction to the same, by the "appearance of the witnesses in court." The same writer adds that a member of the Senate who has been all along fighting the Tariff Bill for 1842, has declared that he will go and view all the girls, and if he finds them as beautiful as they are represented, he will forever hold his peace! The whigs could not have hit upon a more powerful argument against the new Tariff Bill. [Transcript.

We could wish to urge no stronger objection against the present tariff than that five hundred girls, taken as they will average after they have wrought two years in the mills,—should be shown, as their whig masters (?) propose to do, among the manufacturers of N. England. The philanthropist, legislators and philosophers with which the Capitol abounds might then see that death and fat dividends are not immeasurably separated.

By the way, does the learned and lively lady of the Transcript see nothing improper in the visit of five hundred modest, young, beautiful, and virtuous girls to the National metropolis.

☞ "The *best* hotel in Lowell is the AMERICAN HOUSE. A man can get there every thing that is good to eat and drink, and a good close bed to sleep on; and he will find the landlord "a right down clever fellow and no mistake," who will do all in his power to make his guests comfortable and of *home*. Try him, reader; and if you find we have not told the truth, we will pay your bill!"

So says the Editor of the Nashua Gazette, and if he is not a judge of what is "good to drink," pray who is?

☞ A young lady of Aberdeen, (Miss.) advertises for a decent, honest, moral, young man, for a husband—*no fortune required*. The lady says she is about five feet three inches high, eighteen years old, fair complected, blue eyes, black hair, nose a little projected, with a slender make, and has a fortune of several thousand dollars! The last qualification is irresistible.

JAMES MCCAFFERTY has been hung, in Huntingdon, Penn., for murder. At the first attempt to launch him into eternity the rope broke, and he fell without much injury. At the second trial, he was sent to his "final account." "Drink and bad company," he said, brought him to his disgraceful situation.

It is said the Empire club, N. Y., will go to Mexico. From what we have heard of them, we should suppose they would whip their weight of wild cats, men or devils.

COL. T. CROSS. From an examination of the body of this lamented officer, the surgeons have come to the conclusion that he was first lassoed and then dragged from his horse and murdered, by beating him on the head, by the Mexican rancheros on the Rio Grande — He was a native of Maryland, and son-in-law of Lawrence L. Van Kleeck, of Brooklyn, L. I.

Massachusetts has 89 paper mills, consuming annually 12,000 tons of rags. The yearly production is estimated at 607,175 reams of paper and valued at $1,750,000.

☞ Barker, Bethell, the bank plunger, has absorbed the entire funds of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' bank of Nantucket. He will keep them and go free, since he is too big a sponge to be grasped and squeezed by the hand of justice. So say the Boston papers. He will now be fit for Congress.

LITERARY NEWS. The author of the "Vestiges of Creation" proves to be Robert Chambers, of Edinburgh, the great publisher and bookseller; and the author of "Ten Thousand a Year," Rev. George Croly, the poet.

☞ Great zeal is said to be manifested in getting up the great national Fair, at Washington. It will be a splendid exhibition of the mechanical skill of our country.

☞ "Don't be in a hurry—keep your seat," when addressed to a visitor in an editor's office, means "clear out as fast as you can." [Post.

Exactly!

☞ Mrs Lucy Cogswell, of Marlboro, widow of Mr Charles Cogswell, aged 54, was found suspended by the neck from the banisters of the stairs in her dwelling, on Thursday night the 7th inst.

MUSEUM. Mr H. S. Spencer, a blind man is giving concerts at the museum for two or three evenings. He is called a first rate violinist. See advertisement in another column.

☞ Governor Anderson, of Maine, delivered his annual message to the Legislature, on Friday last. It is spoken of in the highest terms; we have not yet had time to read it.

☞ We understand that Nathan Crosby, Esq., has been appointed Police Judge of this city, against the almost unanimous wishes of the Lowell Bar.

☞ A fellow named Dull stabbed John W. Sedman, in a tavern in Baltimore, during a quarrel about one of the "frail sisters" of that city.

☞ Entire companies in different parts of the country are offering their services to whip the Mexicans.

☞ Col. Cross was killed by one Ramon Paicosa, an officer under the Mexican government.

☞ Gen. Houston did not leave Washington for Texas on hearing the war news as was expected.

☞ In the Louisiana Legislature on the 6th, a motion was made that the Senate and House of Representatives form themselves into two companies and march to the seat of war! This was finally laid upon the table.

☞ A man was seriously injured by falling from the staging of a house on Fayette street, on Saturday.

☞ In the Municipal Court, in Boston, Thursday, Judge Colby sentenced a teamster to pay a fine of eighty dollars and costs, or four months in the House of Correction, for beating his horse.

NEW BOOKS FROM HARPER & BROTHERS AT BIXBY'S. We have very long been waiting for No. 12 of the *Wandering Jew*, and it has, we are happy to say, at length got along, and is as beautiful as former numbers and more interesting.

"*Boarding Out*," *a Tale of domestic life*, by the author of "Keeping House and Housekeeping" &c., is a well bound work of 130 pages, 12 mo. that we would advise all married people in doubt about the advantages and comforts of housekeeping over boarding out, to read.

Richlieu, by P. R. James, Esq., and the best of his novels, by the way, being No. 16 of Harper's pocket edition of select novels.

Pictorial History of England. This work will be completed in about 40 numbers and will make four of the most splendid imperial octavo volumes ever issued by the Harpers. It will contain several hundred wood engravings illustrative of all the different arts, manners, costumes, implements of war and husbandry, and everything pertaining to the progress of civilization among the people, and of portraits of distinguished persons and of remarkable historical scenes. The plan of this work is worthy a history. It is not merely an account of wars and kings, and courts and statesmen, but it is also a history of the "people;" a history showing the condition of "common life" in all its sufferings and improvements and the cause of the change. It not only is to give results, but their causes; and those, not only in great and sudden changes, and among the rulers of the earth, but among the masses, and traced to their origin through the labyrinths of time however long. In the language of the compiler "the design of the work is to present a history of the people as well as a history of the kingdom, pursuing the investigation of the past, and the progress of the country and its inhabitants in various interesting directions, to which the authors of the most popular of existing English histories have only slightly and incidentally referred. The narration of political movements and changes, of foreign and domestic wars, for conquests for power, in which the people have only had to obey and suffer, will be found given with the fulness which the importance of these subjects demands."

No. 1 only, is yet out. Price 25 cts.

THE NOON MAIL brings no news in addition that received this morning.

☞ Gen Scott will assume the command of Army as a matter of right if at all.

The Mail says, there is a place in Duchess county, N. Y., where the children are so fat they have to be rolled in sand to keep them from slipping out of bed.

☞ "I like you," sighed the girl to her suitor, "but I can't leave home. I'm a widow's only darling; no husband can ever *equal* my parent in kindness." Be my wife, we will all live together, and see if I don't *beat your mother*," said the swain.

☞ We learn by the N. Y. Sun that a certain calico printing establishment in Berkshire County, Mass., has failed.

If the tariff had only been altered, what a theme it would have afforded for croaking. Perhaps the failure was in *anticipation* of the ruin consequent upon a revenue tariff.

☞ We shall attend to the Mail in our next.

☞ A man in Boston the other day carrying a rough plank along the street, accidentally thrust it against and tore the slight fabric of a dashing lady's dress. Through the rent a coffee bag was seen, with the imprint of "Prime Old Java, No. 1." as large as life.

☞ The widow of Col. Cross died at Washington on Thursday morning. She had been in failing health for some time and the shock of her husband's death was too much for her.

FORTIFICATIONS. The following are items in the Fortification Bill, just approved by the President:—Governor's Island, Boston, $30,000; Fort Warren, Boston, $45,000; Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., $15,000; Fort Trumbull, Connecticut, $20,000; Penobscot River, $35,000; Fort Preble, Portland, $10,000; Fort Scammell, Portland, $25,000; Fort McClary, Portsmouth, $6,000.

☞ A. GILBERT, Jr., says he has the *best* hats ever introduced into this market. They are of the manufacture of Beebe & Costar, N. Y., and are "exceedingly fair" to look upon. He only asks the hat-wearing public to step in at No. 33, Central st., and examine for themselves.

☞ The young man who run away with a boarding school Miss at Philadelphia, went and got married as soon as possible, then returned to the city, and drove by the house where the school is kept, two or three times, just to make the other Misses feel bad!

CONCERT.

BY THE SHAKERS—3 *Ladies and* 3 *Gentlemen*.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, May 19th, at the CITY HALL—they have recently been playing at the Marlboro' Chapel, Boston, at Salem, Lynn, and elsewhere, with unbounded success. Admission only 12½ cents. For programme see small bills. Doors open at 7.—Concert to commence at 8 precisely. may19it*

DR. E. DARLING,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Lowell, that an opportunity will be presented them on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 20th, at 8 o'clock, at WENTWORTH'S HALL, of hearing a lecture on the Elements of Chemistry, and of witnessing with a variety of others, the most interesting experiment in Natural Science, viz: Carbonic Acid Gas, or an invisible air compressed into a solid, which will be exhibited to the audience so intensely cold (162 deg. below zero) as to instantly freeze mercury, and even proof alcohol.

Tickets for a Gentleman and 2 Ladies, 50 cents—single do., 25 cents—to be had at the door. 21t-m16

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD.
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19tf

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but temporary, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19-2w C. K. MORRILL.

STILL ANOTHER TRIUMPH OVER DISEASE IN MAINE!

Warren, Lincoln Co., July 15, 1845.

Dear Sir:

I take pleasure in complying with your request to give testimony in favor of your valuable medicine, having had a daughter, 15 years old, very dangerously sick the last year, restored with it. My daughter took a violent cold in Sept. 1843, which settled on her lungs. She was troubled with a bad cold all winter. I tried various kinds of medicine, but none of them had the desired effect. The cough continued until March, when we became alarmed at her condition, and applied to a physician, who attended her some time, but did her no good. We then consulted another, but all to no purpose. Having exhausted the whole catalogue of medicines now in the land—two distinguished physicians having done their best to restore her—we then obtained a bottle of

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which relieved her immediately. After taking four bottles she was completely restored, and now enjoys good health. JOHN LEEDS.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. apu&peprl4

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Pounteau? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is ne yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alterntives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisment in another column. [Bostes paper. my15 A&r6mclnn

☞ Rowls's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tlsdymar28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. op28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, May 16, by Rev. Lemuel Porter Mr William Bowser and Miss Mary Foss, both of this city.

In Dracutt, May 9, by Rev. Joseph Merrill, Mr Horatio N. Marshall to Miss Mary Ann Varnum.

In Tyngsboro', May 14, by the same, Mr Warren Shurburne to Miss Mehitable Ames.

In Watertown, May 13, Mr Josiah Widnell, of Kidderminster, Eng., to Miss Emily, daughter of Samuel Stickney, Esq.

In Brighton, May 14, Mr Daniel Osborne to Miss Sarah H. Dana

In Hingham, May 14, Mr John Gill, editor of the Hingham Patriot, to Miss Joanna Whiting, eldest daughter of Capt. Edward Humphrey.

In New Bedford, April 30, Mr Charles T. Congdon, late editor of the N. B. Bulletin, to Miss Charlotte E. Bayliss.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending May 16, 1846.

May 10th, Cynthia E. Farnsworth, 25, puerperal fever; John Mackay, 8 mos, dropsy of the brain; 13th, Ellen Sherwell, 3 mos, scarlet fever; Ruth Rigg, 89, consumption; June H. Evins, 21, puerperal fever; Geo. S. Chase, 3, consumption; James McCarren, 1 yr, ——; 15th, son of A. K. Hood, 1 day, infantile; 16th, Abby Jane Glover, 8 mos, cankec; James McCarty, 37 yrs, jaundice.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

CONCERT BY A BLIND YOUNG MAN!

Tuesday Evening, May 19th.

MR. H. S. SPENCER, the celebrated Vocalist and Violinist, respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will give a concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music, this (TUESDAY) EVENING, May 19, in the Lecture Room of the Museum.

Mr S. will perform a variety of splendid pieces on the Violin, with variations on one string, imitating several instruments. He will also cause the violin to articulate words, sufficiently plain to be understood.

The whole to conclude with SONGS and a RECITATION. Tickets admitting 2 persons, 25 cts. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. may19 1t

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Castar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Castar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. my16 1t

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of CHARLES H. NOURSE, late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, teamster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Charles H. Nourse, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

MARCELLUS HOUGHTON, Administrator.

my16 3t*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss. } In Insolvency.
May 9, 1846.

IN the matter of NEWTON COLBURN, of Dracutt, in said county, yeoman, an insolvent debtor.

By direction of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, I hereby call the third meeting of the creditors of said Colburn, to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on THURSDAY, the Twenty-First day of May instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where I shall produce my account relating to the estate of said insolvent. ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

may14-3t

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE.

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846, 8wdrmay2

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

JOHN G. LOCKE.

ap21tf

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—246 Commercial Wharf.

First Vessel.

The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STODDARD, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m13

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—from Commercial Wharf. *On Saturday.*

The fast sailing packet Schooner JEROME, *Parker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m13

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Gennesing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a Kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

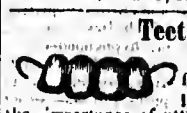
HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yu&pdec16

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleaning, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either an artificial or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 92 Central street. ap2 1 x3m

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmor9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French; German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bonl'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Ghost Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—ly DR. F. MORRILL.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Trucks &c., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL A. FREEMAN.

Lowell, Dec. 17 1845. 6ms&pdec20

Sealer's Notice.

THE subscriber, sealer of Weights and Measures for the city of Lowell, for the present year, hereby gives notice, that he will attend, at his Shop, on Middle street, to the sealing of such weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose.

O. A. RICHARDSON.

may7

The Strength of Hindooism!

OR, Heathen Mythology,—a beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may7

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other Incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandize; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By an Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment, and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. adv1j10may2

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited:

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [four7] April 6, 1846.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston, $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Milson village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjon31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11½ a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m. train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

may9tf

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 3, and 5½.

FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations; and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Chaney, Averill & Co., No. 42, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

may9tf

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or sending the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next,

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846.

may8w3wtuny5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37.—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has assumed the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary, &c.*, at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb18

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in so instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-s&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

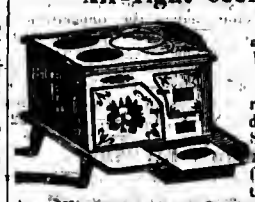
L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. } ap28 1m

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Cool or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrent every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pianos-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FOSTER. } ap28 1m

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,

FOR Cool or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrent every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pianos-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tjune17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, in Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndvlymay9

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor in the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

may7 3wpay7

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Furniture, Horses, Carriages, &c., at Auction.

On SATURDAY next, at 9½ o'clock—at office—a general assortment of Household Furniture—Particulars hereafter.

Also at 12, M.,—by order of E. A. Alger, Esq., 78½ Nonpariel Type, No. 2, S. H.—1 Large Chase—2 Small do.

At 11 o'clock,

1 Grey Mare, sound and kind, very fast traveller, and in every respect a superior animal—sold for no fault—the present owner having no further use for her. Also, 1 Bay Mare, sound and kind, good traveller—sold for no fault. 1 good second-hand Buggy. 1 Pedlar's Cart. 2 second-hand Waggons. 2 second-hand Harnesses.—1 pr new Cech Harness, a firm article, &c.

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co. (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Footers on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Fuyor, now owned D. S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 5 small tenements.

Also, 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Baker Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

House Lots at Auction.

On TUESDAY, May 26, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, Two House Lots situated on Appleton st., first lot above a house built and occupied by Mr Farmer, nearly opposite the new Machine Shop.

No. 1.—This lot is 30 feet front by 110 deep.

No. 2 is 50 front by 110 deep.

These lots are very desirable for private residences, they being very pleasantly situated close by the Common, and on a street that bids fair ere long to be one of the pleasantest in the city. Said lots are within a few minutes walk of the Appleton, Hamilton and Middlesex Mills. Persons wishing to purchase lots will do well to wait until this sale.

At Private Sale.—House lot ex Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuits. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons; as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Middlesex Medical Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be held at the Committee Room, City Hall, in the city, on WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., for choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any further business that may properly come before them.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., the Annual Address will be delivered by J. CURTIS, M. D., at the City Hall, at which the public (ladies and gentlemen) are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ At 3 o'clock, P. M., the Society will render gratuitous services to all individuals that may present themselves for medical or surgical advice or surgical operations.

Per order,

J. D. PILLSBURY, Secretary.

Lowell, May 4, 1846. m9tm

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B.—The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients. Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar6

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

RENT & SWEET

WILL this day introduce the Spring Style Hats at their Old Stand, NO. 33, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats in a very short notice. may7

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs: the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY; and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12] dec16

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its co-temporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system must be questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it in more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but an discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

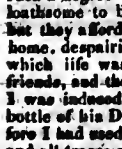
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson. Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&p6mcbo

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pasture, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only, Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Gen. Moseman, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*; John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*; Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*; Thos. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carleton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, G. F. & O. S. Shattuck; and by W. S. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Merrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—Wilson & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Conner, and T. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. my6 3mos

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—20,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, clear, dressed and well matched. Also, 40,000 feet inferior North and maple side boards, suitable for sheeting or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. GRAVES, 760 State Street.

March 18, 1845. [dmar19] Concord, N. H.

Wanted

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKERS, Hartsett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of illness which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as—

"Money proved for show,
Like most eggs, to make others lay,
And for their rules opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure action, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found, It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chilly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 22, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applied to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONAYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonaycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt ct.

☞ Mrs J. TARNOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 100 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up on so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever; measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentery and cholica; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasmu of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is an much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man; and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS:

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 20 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, operient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order: This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 1st 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it given me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous sores, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarcaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form; I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; B. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyeow39

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, A Discourse by Rev Mr Bancroft's 20th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846; just published, and for sale at 20, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 21, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 60.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 4d, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements at 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered in the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
ad4ly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET,....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

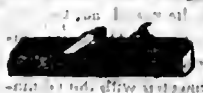
Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & RAGLET,)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street, LOWELL.
JOSEPH MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Mayl

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—Agent of the—
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell, 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell, sep13

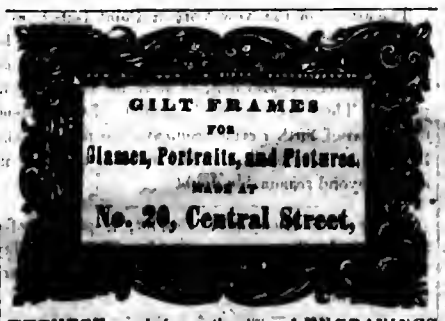
Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
—A. R. BROWN,—
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residence or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principle in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjan29

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 12, } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one visiting a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he Inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmwn&poct23

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a4plynov8

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanslike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. 6mar4

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, Bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. ndv1&jnelyapr4

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilde, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1946. e6wapr19

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself, than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. aaws&plyfeb14

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

THE WATER LADY.
BY THE LATE THOMAS HOOD.

Alas, the moon should ever beam
To show what men should never see!
I saw a maiden on a stream,
And fair was she!

I stayed awhile to see her throw
Her tresses back, that all beset
The fair horizon of her brow
With clouds of jet.

I stayed a little while to view
Her cheek, that wore in place of red,
The bloom of water, tender blue,
Daintily spread.

I stayed to watch, a little space,
Her ported lips if she would sing?
The waters closed above her face,
With many a ring.

And still I stayed a little more,
Alas! she never comes again;
I threw my flow'r to from the shore,
And watch in vain.

From Neal's Saturday Gazette.

A MARRIAGE AT ST. PETERSBURG.
BY MRS. E. FI-ELLETT.
[Concluded.]

Once more the lover, long seperated from his betrothed, stood in her presence. Marie was seated on a fauteuil, her fair head leaning on her hand, Her dark curls fell loosened on her neck. There was an air of laoguor and dejection about her, that imparted a more touching interest to her beauty. She started up at the sound of Col. de B——'s name, and with a cry of joy rushed towards him, extended her hand with the English familliarity introduced within a few years into Russian manners. The officer bowed without speaking; his courage failed him. Marie saw that he was agitated, and trembled also.
At length, Paul, recovering his self possession by a strong effort, addressed her:
"Listen Marie," said he, in a low but firm voice. "You know well the love I have borne you. A look, a smile from you, was a treasure for which I would have given my heart's blood. When I left you for Caucasus you gave me a lock of hair; I placed it upon my heart, and it rendered me invulnerable. Yes, if please God to give effect to this superstion of love. For me—you have been—not a woman—graceful—though liable to err; but an angel, glorious, beautiful and pure as the angels of heaven. To believe you other than this—to tear from your name that crown of reverence and worship with which I have encircled it, would be to renounce all faith, all hope; it would be to die!"
While he spoke, the eyes of the young man were fastened mournfully on Mademoiselle K—. She was deadly pale, and trembling violently, grasped the arm of the fauteuil for support. The face of Paul wore the expression of one who, in agony and despair, makes a last appeal. One condemned, and about to die on the scaffold, might have looked thus.
"Tell me," he said, quickly, in tones hoarse with emotion, "tell me now, if you will, if you can, are you worthy to become my wife?"
There was an instant's pause. A dreadful struggle was in Marie's breast. She raised her large dark eyes proudly to the face of her lover They flashed fire. "Who is it," she exclaimed, "who dares to doubt me? Whence these base suspicions?"
"I have not doubted you, Marie, on the vague rumors abroad in the city. I scorned to listen to the calumnies raised against you. But one who is my friend, and could only speak the truth, saw you with the Emperor in the garden at Tsarskoe, and heard words of love, and saw you weep. *Was* it you he saw, Marie? He may have been mistaken; tell me, was it you?"
"It was——— ———, Paul," answered the young girl.
"And the Emperor's words—and those tears ——"
"I deny not," said Marie, crimsoning to the forehead, "that he has pursued me with love.—I did consent to meet him at Tsarskoe Selo.—But I loved you, Paul! and his suit was hateful to me. He was repulsed!"
"Marie remember my life and more than my life, hangs on your words. Swear to me," and he drew from his bosom, a small crucifix of gold, suspended by a ribbon to his neck, "swear to me, upon this crucifix, that you are innocent!"
Pale as death, Mademoiselle K—— stood silent.
"Swear!" cried the officer in a terrible voice. "Or must I believe——"
"Oh Paul! believe nothing, but that I love you—wildly, devotedly!" exclaimed the young girl, falling on her knees.
"Swear then that you are innocent!" persisted Col de B——.
"I swear it!" said Marie, grasping the crucifix, and pressing in convulsively to her lips.
Forgive me, my own Marie!" cried the young man, kneeling at her feet, and covering her hand with tears and kisses.

Some days after, there was a marriage at the Cathedral de Cazan. This vast edifice, built in 1800, on the model, as was ridiculously maintained, of St. Peter's at Rome, is, if not the most elegant, the richest and most frequented, of the one hundred and forty-six churches of the capital. It was here that the Emperor and Empress performed, in the nuptial ceremony, that united the aid-de-camp and the maid of honor,—the offices *pere assis* and *mere assise*. This august patronage was in the highest token of favor the imperial pair could bestow on the bride and bridegroom. Yet, notwithstanding the splendor of pageant, hardly one of the assemblage who witnessed it could get rid of an impression of gloom and anxiety, in observing the abstracted air of Col. de B——, and the extreme paleness of the bride. When the newly married pair, after having drunk of the same cup, according to the ceremonies of a Greek marriage, were to walk thrice, hand in hand, around the altar, to signify the union and fidelity with which they are to fly the union and fidelity with which they are to walk the same path in life. It was noticed that the bride's strength failed her. She was obliged to lean upon her mother, and supported by her, to go through this touching formality.
La Porte Sainte, closed for an instant, was now opened, and the bishop advanced to bestow on the young pair the nuptial benediction. The bride's face assumed a strange expression. Her eyes, wide open as if in terror, gazed wildly on the extended hands, the golden robe, the floating hair, and long, white beard of the priest; her white lips moved convulsively, and tottering she fell back in a swoon.
The members of her own family and her hus-

band's crowded instantly round her. In a few moments consciousness returned. Madame K——, who supported her daughter in her arms, whispered in her ear, and Marie, by a strong effort, recovered her calmness. She stood up, smiled, and made excuse for the weakness that had been overcome by so trying a scene. The bridal procession then left the church

A splended ball was given the same evening, in honor of the bride. It was attended by the most brilliant of the aristocrasy of St Petersburg. Marie de B——was radiant in her bridal dress, and her mother all smiles and triumph. The grave and pensive looks of Col. de B—— did not escape observation.

When the evening was far advanced, Madame L, herself led her daughter from the saloon, and returning soon after, signified to the Colonel that he might follow. The dancing continued. A polonaise was danced by the Prince Viazytesky and the beautiful lady Bentendöff, that enchanted all the spectators by its graceful figures, and called forth repeated expressions of admiration. Suddenly a long, wild, piercing shriek startled the whole assembly. It came from the bridal apartment: several of the guests rushed thither followed by the terrified Madam K. The door was secured by a slight fastening within, but was easily forced open. All recoiled in horror from the sight that presented itself.

Marie de B., still in her bridal dress, the veil and pearls entangled in her long black hair, that escaping from its fastening, streamed in disorder over her shoulders,—lay on the floor, weltering in her blood. The Colonel stood near her, grasping the dagger in his hand. His face was ghastly pale, his eyes rigidly open, and staring; his features frightfully distorted. When he saw Madame de K., who shrieked at the sight of her daughter, he started forward, seized her arm, and dragged her close to the body.

"There—madam—there!" he exclaimed—"—you knew of this fair work! It is your doings! She—your daughter—has confessed all!"

The tragic mystery was solved. Madam K. had urged the marriage of her daughter with Col de B., to hide the consequence of her intrigue with the Emperor. Even the oath taken by Marie could not keep suspicion from the Colonel's mind, when he saw her strange behaviour at the church. At his questioning she had confessed the truth.

The affair was not brought before the ordinary criminal tribunal, to be afterwards examined by the Governor-General. Col de B. did not undergo a regular trial; there was reasons why he should not. He was sent once more to Caucasus—the region that has been called *succursale de la Siberie*. He is still there, to remain probably, till some Circassian ball puts an end to a life secretly doomed.

The bride recovered, almost by a miracle, from her wound, thanks to the German surgeon in the Emperor's service. She has left St Petersburg with her family, to retire into obscurity, the mystery of which no one has been able to penetrate.

Such are some of the private memoirs of courts and soverigns!

From the Washington Union.

THE DEL NORTE THE TRUE BOUNDARY OF TEXAS.

By the organic law of 1836, the republic of Texas fixed her boundary at the Rio del Norte, and with this boundary her independence was recognized by the United States, and by England, France and Holland. After the battle of San Jacinto, the Mexicans retired beyond the Del Norte, and have never re-occupied the country between that river and the Nueces. It was organized into a county of Texas, running from the Nueces to the Del Norte, and has been constantly represented in the Congress of Texas, in their Convention, and now in the Congress of the United States. A post of delivery west of the Nueces was authorized by a law of our Congress, unanimously passed in December last, and our revenue laws are now in full operation there. The lower Del Norte was always the boundary of ancient Texas, as a part of Louisiana ceded to us by the treaty of 1803—such has been the opinion of our distinguished statesmen and Presidents, ever since 1803. Mr Jefferson distinctly announced it in repeated communications, and especially on the 8th of July, 1804, his fixed opposition to the "relinquishment of any territory whatever eastward of the Rio Bravo."

Mr Madison, in his letter of the 31st March, 1804, says, "our boundary" extended westwardly to Rio Bravo" and he declares that the French commissioner delivered to us the possession of Texas with "the Del Norte as its true boundary." On the 8th November, 1803, James Monroe declared that "in *contestibly*" the boundary of Louisiana is "the Rio Bravo to the west;" and Mr Pinkney unites in the declaration. Mr Monroe, in his letter of 19th January, 1816, and 10th June, 1816, says, none could dispute "our title to Texas;" and he adds "that our title to the Del Norte was as clear as to the island of New Orleans." In his letter of the 12th March, 1818, John Quincy Adams proves our full title to Texas, and says, "Well might Messrs Pinkney and Monroe write to M. Cevallos, in 1804, that the claim of the United States to the boundary of the Rio Bravo was as clear as their right to the island of New Orleans." Mr Henry Clay, in his speech of 1820, in Congress, quotes and repeats the same opinion; and in his celebrated anti-Texas letter of 17th April, 1844, Mr Clay says: "The United States acquired a title to Texas extending, as I believe, to the Rio del Norte, by the treaty of Louisiana." And the distinguished Senator from Missouri, Col. Benton, in one of his able letters on this subject, republished by himself in the Globe of 4th May, 1844, says:

"The best and most numerous harbors on the continental coast of the Gulf of Mexico lie between the Sabine and the mouth of the Rio del Norte. As a naval and commercial power, owing to the great river which carries the commerce of an empire into the Gulf, we had the greatest need for these harbors. By the acquisition of Louisiana we obtained them; by the new boundary established on our southwest frontier in 1819, we gave them away." "Before the establishment of this boundary, all the country to the west of the lower Mississippi quite to the Rio del Norte was ours."

That Texas was born by the treaty of 1803, and that its boundary extended to the Del Norte, is thus proved by the concurrent authority of Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Adams, Pinkney, Benton and Clay. It was the boundary fixed by Texas in her organic law of 1836, and beyond which the Mexicans were then driven. And if Texas had no other claim to the country between the Nueces and Del Norte, that by conquest and occupation would be complete.

"NOT ANYTHING ELSE," &c. We venture to assert that hundreds have, in turn, used and condemned this saying as a vulgarism, which in fact it has become, by too common use and application, and few indeed, are acquainted with the following anecdote, which is its authentic origin.

Coleridge the *poet*, was habitually *prosy*—very prosy in conversation. He would descant for hours on mere trifles, much to the annoyance of his intimate friends. One day, in conversation with Charles Lamb, he addressed the latter with "Charley, did you ever hear me preach?"

"*I never heard you do any thing else!*" was the witty and instantaneous reply; and the origin of the popular, if you like, vulgar saying at the head of this paragraph.—*N. Y. Mercury.*

The Dover Gazette states that a full grown child was found floating in the river, at Great Falls, on Monday week, and that it must have been in the water eight or ten days.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 21, 1846.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR!

METAMORAS IN ASHES—SEVEN HUNDRED MEXICANS KILLED, AND ONLY ONE AMERICAN! A GENERAL BLOCKADE OF THE MEXICAN PORTS.

The Southern papers bring an account of a brilliant victory!

The Galveston Civilian, with which all the Southern papers agree, says—The following report is from Capt Walker, of the Texas Rangers, who had arrived on the 5th inst., at 4 P. M., from the entrenchment opposite Matamoras.

We learn that an engagement had taken place between the U. S. and Mexican forces. The particulars, as far as we can learn, are as follows:—

Gen. Taylor, on the evening of the 3d inst., left the entrenchment with a detachment of U. S. troops, for the purpose of opening a communication between Point Isabel and the entrenchment. On the morning of the 4th, the Mexicans, taking advantage of his absence, at daybreak opened a heavy cenonade on the entrenchments, which was gallantly returned by the U. S. troops, and in thirty minutes silenced the enemy's batteries and reduced the city of Matamoras to ashes.

Upwards of 700 of the Mexican forces lay dead upon the field of battle, and the number of houses left in Matamoras was not sufficient to accommodate the wounded. But one American was killed during the engagement.

Capt. Walker with 40 men, volunteered and carried the news to Point Isobel. Our troops are in fine spirits.

According to accounts received at Point Isabel, the number of Mexicans in and about Matamoras was estimated at ten thousand men, and reinforcements were daily expected.

General Taylor left Point Isobel, on the 6th inst., with a detachment of troops, determined to open communications between Point Isabel and the army opposite Metamoras, which had for some days past been cut off, and only effected in one instance by the valiant and undaunted Walker, of the Texas Rangers, whose horse was shot from under him in the attempt, and the loss of six men.

When Gen. Taylor left Point Isabel, to return to the entrenched camp, opposite Matamoras, there was not the least doubt that he would be forced to cut his way to his entrenchments through the vastly superior numbers of the enemy, who were known to be posted in large forces among the almost impassable thicket of chapperal on the road, with a determination to cut him off, if possible, in his attempt to regain his other forces.

The number of the Mexicans is entirely vague and uncertain, though all the statements agree in estimating them at not less than 10,000, while many accounts put them at 15 or 20,000.

Gen Taylor anticipated a formidable and desperate opposition to his march, but determined to accomplish it or perish.

Santiago and Isabel are now under martial law—every citizen compelled to do military duty.

On the morning of the 6th previous to the departure of the New York, heavy cannonades were heard and supposed to be another attack from the Mexicans on the United States troops opposite Matamoras.

Great excitement prevailed at Point Isabel and Santiago up to one o'clock, P. M., when the New York took her departure. Arrived at Santisgo on the 6th inst., schooner Decatur from New Orleans. U. S. schooner Flirt will leave in a day or two for New Orleans. Steamer Monmouth left on the 5th, bound to Aransas, for the purpose of bringing every man capable of doing duty to the camp at Santisgo.

Gen. Taylor had ordered the schr Flirt to return to Vera Cruz, with despatches—which are supposed to be that of ordering the squadron to blockade the Mexican ports.

There is indeed but little doubt all the ports in the Gulf are under strict blockade, and the American fleet in the Pacific is amply sufficient to shut up every port of Mexico on that shore, as soon as orders can be sent to that effect.

THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN MEXICO AND THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Texas, before annexed to this country, claimed the Rio Grande to be the boundary line. The territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande was fought for, and embraced within the limits of Texas as much as any portion of the State. It was claimed by Texas from the beginning of the revolt Her independence was acknowledged by this country and the nations of Europe, under that claim. It even was understood to be a portion of Texas by the Mexicans themselves, as appears by a document issued by Gen. Woll, Commander-in-Chief of the Mexican army on the North-eastern frontier, under an order of the Mexican government, bearing date of June, 1844.

We copy the document so far as is necessary to show where the Mexicans then understood the boundary to be, and the comments of the Union thereon.

"*Head Quarters of the Army of the North*
Mier, June 20, 1844.

I, Adrian Woll, general of brigade, &c., make known:

1. The armistice agreed on with the department of Texas having expired, and the war being in consequence, recommenced against the inhabitants of that department, all communication with it ceases.

2. Every individual, of whatever condition, who may contravene provisions of the preceding article, shall be regarded as a traitor, and shall receive the punishment prescribed in article 45, title 10, treatise 8, of the articles of war.

3. *Every individual who may be found at the distance of one league from the left bank of the Rio Bravo, will be regarded as a favorer and accomplice of the usurpers of that part of the national territory, and as a traitor to his country, and after a summary military trial, shall receive the said punishment.*"

"Now this document shows:

1st. That Mexico holds the territory on the east bank of the Del Norte to be Texas;

2d. That, as Texas territory, she has resolved to make it the scene of a *war of extermination;* and

3d. Some light is thus thrown on the propriety and constitutionality of sending an American force to defend it against armed invasions by such foes, after it had been made a congressional and revenue district of the United States by act of Congress."

The President has ordered the enrolment of between *forty-three* and *forty-four thousand men*, including those called out from the South and West. The Governor of New York has been ordered to put eight regiments of men in readiness for further orders. The Governor of Pennsylvania six regiments, and so on.

A RESUME OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

Last week we gave a slight sketch of the origin and progress of the Mexican war, and brought it down to the affray in which thirteen of our men, under the command of Thornton, were killed, and forty six taken prisoners. This happened on the 24th of April, and late on the same day the Mexicans were said to have surrounded Gen. Taylor. Such was the fact.

On the 27th, Capt. Walker, formerly of the Texian Revenue Service, who had been stationed with 24 Texian Rangers midway betwsen Point Isabel and Gen. Taylor's camp, started with his whole force to reconnoitre, and if possible cut his way through to Gen. Taylor. He had proceeded but a short distance when an overwhelming Mexican force appearing, he was obliged to retreat and reached point Isabel with some half a dozen men, the remainder being killed or taken prisoners. Nothing daunted, Capt. Walker taking ten men resolved to inform Gen. Taylor of the critical position of Point Isabel, and on the 29th of April at daylight he started for Gen. Taylor's camp.—He reached the camp with the loss of four men, having had his horse shot from under him.

Gen. Taylor at once resolved to take the field and secure the provisions at Point Isabel. So on the evening of the 3d of May he moved out of the camp with 2000 men, leaving not far from 700 men, mostly artillery, in the camp. The enemy, knowing Gen. Taylor had withdrawn a large portion of his force, on the morning of the 4th of May opened their batteries near Metamoras on our camp. Major Ringgold commanding the artillery in the American camp, promptly returned the fire, and in thirty minutes silenced the Mexican batteries and reduced the town of Metamoras to ashes. During the cannonading 700 Mexicans were killed and only one American. Meantime Gen. Taylor proceeded without interruption to Point Isabel, and prepared to return on the 6th of May. It was supposed he would have to cut his way through a vastly superior force to his intrenchments; and there, on his march to his encampment on the Rio Grande the latest accounts leave him.

We are pleased to record at this early stage of the war so signal a triumph of American arms, although the next mail from the South may bring tidings of a disastrous defeat of the handful of American forces on on the Rio Grande. For various reasons, impossible to give here in detail, the country has every reason to suppose that England is assisting, or promising to assist Mexico in this war with the United States. On this account it is all important that the war should be prosecuted promptly, energetically, and determinedly, or within six months there will be other armies than the Mexican and American in Mexico, and other fleets than the American in the Gulf.

A PROCLAMATION OF WAR BY THE MEXICAN DESPOT—PAREDES.

The British mail steamer Tweed, brought news from Vera Cruz down to the 3d inst., to Havana: thence the Bark Rapid brought it through to New York in eight days.

The news is highly important.

Almonte has gone to France and England, taking with him Paredes' war proclamation; and doubtless to obtain aid of them.

The proclamation shows that all the murders and movements of the Mexican army have been in accordance with orders of the Mexican authorities.

Santa Ana remains at Havana.

The following extracts from Paredes' Proclamation, will, we trust, silence the tory press of our own country about war not existing *by the act of Mexico*, as it was declared to exist on the 22d of April by Paredes, long previous to being declared by our government:

Paredes' Proclamation.

"At the time Mr Slidell presented himself, the troops of the U. S. occupied our territory, their squadrons threatened our ports, and they prepared to occupy the peninsula of the Californias, of which the question of the Oregon with England is only a preliminary. Mr Slidell was not received, because the dignity of the nation repelled this new insult. Meanwhile the army of the United States encamped at Corpus Christi, and occupied the *Isla del Padre;* following this they then moved to the Point *Santo Isabel*, and their standard of the stars and stripes waved on the right bank of the Rio del Norte, opposite the city of Matamoras, blockading that river with their vessels of war. The village of Laredo was surprised by a party of their troops, and a small party of our men, reconnoitering there, were disarmed. Hostilities, then have been commenced by the United States of North America, beginning now conquests upon the frontier territories of the departments of Tomaulipas and New Leon, and progressing at such a rate, that troops of the United States threaten Montarey in upper California. No one can doubt which of the two republics is responsible for this war; a war which any sense of equity and justice, and respect for the rights and laws of civilized nations, might have avoided. I have commanded the General-in-Chief of our forces on the northern frontier, to repel all hostilities offered to us, which is actual war against any power making war on us; and calling upon the God of battles, He will preserve the valor of our troops, the unquestionable right to our territory, and the honor of those arms which are used only in defence of justice. Our General will govern himself by the established usages of civilized warfare. With orders from me to prevent, if possible, the effusion of blood, he will intimate to the General-in-Chief of the American troops that he shall return to the other side of the Riddel las Nueces, the ancient limits of Texas. Those nations interested in preserving the peace of so many years, and who may be injured in their commercial relations with the Mexican Republic, will perceive the hard alternative to which they are reduced by the *politic* invasion of the United States, and they [the nations] must accumb or defend their existence thus compromised. I solemnly announce that I do not declare war against the United States of America, because it pertains to the August Congress of that nation, and not to the Executive, to settle definitely the reparation which so many aggressions demand.

But the defence of the Mexican Territory, which the United States troops invade, is an urgent necessity, and my responsibility would be immense before the nation, if I did not give commands to repel those forces who act like enemies, and I have so commanded.—*From this day commences a defensive war*, and those points of our territory which are invaded or attacked will be energetically defended."

☞ Capt. John Sandjerl, of Florida, a native of Kentucky, had the direction of the works at Gen. Taylor's camp. He is represented as a bold progressive in the science of war. At Transylvania University, Kentucky, and at West Point, he was always ahead of his class in mathematics. At West Point he graduated second.

The Transcript says, a telescopic comet was discovered Tuesday evening, between 9 and 10, at Cambridge, by Mr Geo. P. Bond. Its place was in the Constellation of the Lyax. Cannot the whigs, prompted by their ingenious patriotism, see something portentous in the appearance of this skyey wanderer, just at the commencement of the Mexican war?

RECRUITING is said to be going on briskly in New York.

THE N. Y. GLOBE AND GEORGE BANCROFT.

The N. Y. Globe, we find, by a little elucidation, does not go against reforms in our army and navy, but is ready to go as far as the farthest in all wholesome reforms. And with its explanation we say, give us your hand, friend Slamm upon reforms *needed*, and to be urged both in the army and navy. We agree with you Mr Bancroft is not trustworthy to this undertaking. From Maine to Texas, could our young Hickory President hear the mutterings and grumblings among the people about George Bancroft, he would not be long in making the much needed reforms. Our navy cannot be reformed under such lead. We are very loth to speak thus of public men connected with the administration; but public opinion upon this matter is so clear it becomes the duty of the press to speak out upon the subject. Mr Polk cannot get on with such an incubus upon the administration. Common opinions, often expressed in every part of the Eastern and Middle States, is "Mr Polk has done nobly, but why in the name of G—d does he not turn out that Buncroft?" It is useless longer to disguise the fact,—Mr Bancroft never was the choice of the New England Democracy.

The ship of state can no more sail now than in olden times unless this *Jonah* be thrown overboard. We speak sincerely, and as the truest friend of the administration, when we say the party is suffering and the administration in danger of being swallowed up, unless a change be effected in the navy department.

EDGAR A. POE. Now while some silly people including the editor of the "Knickerbocker," are professionally abusing "this unquestionable men of genius," it is pleasant to record the opinion of the author of "Proverbial Philosophy," "The Crock of Gold," &c., concerning him. Mr Tupper says, "Induction, and a microscopic power of analysis, seem to be the pervading characteristics of the mind of Edgar Poe.—Put him on any trail, and he traces it as keenly as a Blackfoot or Ojibbeway; give him any clue, and he unravels the whole web of mystery; never was bloodhound more sagacious in scenting out a murderer; nor Œdipus himself more shrewd in solving an enigma.—He would make a famous transatlantic Vidocq, and is capable of more address and exploit than a Fonche; he has all his wits about him ready for use, and could calmly investigate the bursting of a bomb shell; he is a hound never at fault, a moral tight rope dancer never thrown from his equilibrium; a close, keen reasoner, whom no sophistry distracts—nothing foreign or extraneous diverts him from his inquiry."

The Lowell Advertiser makes a very violent attack upon the Hon. George Bancroft, Secretary of the Navy; denouncing him as a common liar, and saying with emphasis that "*the truth is not in him.* What *reason* the Advertiser has for thus denouncing a distinguished member of its own party, is not for us to inquire. [Mail.

Our *reasons* for our assertions Mr Mail, are, we have known him to lie in some two or three instances, to ourselves, since he has been at the head of the Navy Department. It is his reputation at Washington, sustained by Hon. members of both the House and Senate. It is but a few year's since he came from the whig party, and we should judge from the Mail's, Courier's and other whig papers' defence of him, they had not lost all their affection for him.

☞ From the Washington correspondence of the New York Commercial Advertiser:—

"I have no doubt that Parodes is himself an English agent, and that he was provided with the means for assuming the position he holds by England."

This is not probable; but if true, nothing on earth would kindle the passions of this people so soon.—There is no doubt, a latent hate exists in the breast of almost every man, woman and child, in this country, towards the English government, and English intsrference in the affairs on this continent.

The course of the administration upon the subject of our Mexican affairs is popular with the people.—Indeed every state paper that has emanated from the Executive has met with a hearty response from the people.

NEW BOOKS AT BIXBY'S,

From the great Publishing House of Harper and Brothers.

The last number of the Illuminated Bible, being No. 54.

Dictionary of practical medicine, monthly, part 14.

Novel. The Bush Rangers, or Van Dieman's Land, by Charles Bowcroft, Esq.

D'Aubigne's Discourses on Theology—translated from the French, by Robert Baird, D. D.

We shall give a more extended notice of the above works in our next.

☞ So far as we can learn the glorious news from the camp cheers the hearts of the people, drowns party differences, and is fast rousing the martial spirit of the masses. On all hands we hear the hope expressed the next news may come from the Gulf; that our fleet there may have bombarded and taken Vera Cruz; and an army of forty thousand be concentrated *there*, to march to the city of Mexico. It strikes us, the city of Mexico and Vera Cruz in our hands, the fighting would be ended and a treaty easily made. Let the American Eagle perch upon the towers of the cities of Vera Cruz and Mexico!

The arrival of the New York at Point Isabel, says the N. O. Picayune, was most opportune. It will be recollected that she had nearly 200 regular troops on board under Lieut McPhail, as well as several field pieces. These were all safely landed. Even without the arrival of further reinforcements, the post at Point Isabel must have been so strengthened as to place its safety beyond reasonable doubt.

Hill's New Hampshire Patriot, a pattern of a Newspaper by the way, says that last Tuesday, May 19th, a very cold day, was the anniversary of the Dark Day of 1780.

GEN. WORTH is a native of New York. He entered the army March 1813, as first lieutenant of Infantry. He is called the best tactician in the Army. He was not educated at West Point Academy, neither was Gen. Taylor.

☞ The Collector of Boston has received orders from the department at Washington, for Capt. Heward of the steam cutter McLean, to hold himself in readiness to proceed south at a moments notice.

☞ An adjourned military convention is to be holden in Concord, N. H., June 10th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE BRITANIA—SIXTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The news is unimportant.

The corn trade is in a dull state.

The cotton market prices remains firm.

The share market is improving.

Sir Robert Peel gave Mr D'Israeli the lie in Parliament and it was expected farther trouble would grow out of it.

The condition of the Irish is most pitiable and growing worse daily.

Portugal.—The wine growers have risen against the exactions of the government and the country has been put under martial law. The insurgents numbered between 3000 and 4000.

India. Peace has been restored in Punjaub. The English are making their arrangements for the occupation of the conquered country. The revenue of the country is estimated at £400,000.

Spain. The troubles in Spain continue. The revolt in favor of the young Prince has not been suppressed.

The American brig Falco has been lost and plundered. The Falco sailed from Boston on a trading voyage to the islands of the Pacific having on board the new American consul for New Zealand. After arriving on the coast, a storm came on, and she was stranded on a reef of rocks.

Finding the vessel not much injured, the crew were preparing to get her afloat, when a large number of natives, in concert with some Europeans living on the island, rushed on board and committed the most disgraceful outrages. They broke open the hatches, and getting into the hold commenced plundering every thing that was valuable.

The American consul contrived at the onset of the attack to escape with a large amount of specie and papers of great value, and obtained shelter in a gentlemen's house some distance on the beach. The wreck was subsequently burnt.

YUCATAN. Papers from Yucatan of the 15th ult., say that Congress was to have assembled on the 28th ult., to form a Constitution for the peninsula. The people remained resolute in their determination to sever themselves wholly from Mexico.

PRIVATEERING. Our Consul at Havanna has transmitted the names of two or more American merchants, at that place, who have made arrangements to take letters of marque and reprisal from the Mexican government to prey upon our commerce. So say the papers.

CONGRESS.

Monday May 18.

In the SENATE. Mr Bouton moved to instruct the Committee on the military to inquire into the expediency of increasing the number of officers in the regular army to most the increase made in the rank and file, and also to provide for efficient organization of volunteers. Agreed to.

The bill reducing the limitation of the present naval service to 7500 men, was passed finally.

The bill to increase the number of paymasters in the army, and to make the appointments premenent, was taken up, and after a brief explanation was finally passed.

The HOUSE agreed to stop debate on Army appropriation bill at 2 o'clock.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the Army Appropriation Bill.

Mr Lumkin of Georgia followed and read from manuscript a speech mainly defending the Administration for what it had done towards acquisitinn of Texas, and for sending on army to the Rio Grende. The House paid him undivided attention.

Mr McKoy said that in consequence of the increase of the rank and file, it would be necessary to increase the appropriation for pay, subsistence &c., some $2-000,000.

Mr Tombs made a very animated speech and denounced the bill which passed congress for prosecuting the war, as perfaced by an averment which was untrue. Mr T. declared that the war was a war of aggression on Mexico, and a usurpation of power.

Tuesday May 19.

In the SENATE. Mr Benton from the military committee, reported a bill supplementary to the act for prosecuting the existing war with Mexico, and for other purposes.

Several private bills were passed.

The bill for adjusting unsettled preemption land claims was passed.

The post office appropriation bill was then taken up. Mr Speigh, of Mississippi, said he would not oppose the bill, but denounced the cheap postage system as intended to keep up high taxes. He asked if the committee intended any change.

Mr Niles, of Connecticut, reported that the committee contemplated no change as being necessary. The bill was then laid over until to-morrow.

The HOUSE went into committee of the whole, Mr Cobb in the chair, took up the army appropriation bill.

Mr Tibbetts, of Kentucky, spoke for an hour, and maintained that the war with Mexico ought to be vigorously prosecuted to a glorious termination. He is replying, in the course of his speech, to the assault made by Mr G. Davis and Mr Gridder, of Kentucky, upon the administration for bringing this war upon us.

Mr Dromgoole, of Va., followed and defended the administration and the majority in congress for voting in haste upon the war bill. Mr D. cited as a precedent the embargo act of 1807, which was passed the same day Mr Jefferson recommended it to congress.

NOTICE.

LOWELL, May 19, 1846.

I HEREBY release to my son Joseph M. D. Johnson, the remainder of his time during his minority, and will not claim his earnings after this day.

may21a3t HARRIET JOHNSON.

DEAN & DINSMORE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.

may21 Insurances effected. A&Ply

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF.

With dispatch.



The fast sailing packet ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m20

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The fast sailing packet Schooner JEROME, *Parker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m18

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2—

"WHILE THERE IS LIFE THERE IS HOPE."

Instances like the following are almost of daily occurrence, and render superfluous all farther comment upon the efficacy of Wistar's Balsam:

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir,—The character of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is so well established throughout the country, and especially in the state of New York, that any farther testimony would seem to be unnecessary. Yet I have derived so much advantage from it, that I am happy to communicate through you to the sick and afflicted, what it has done for me, and I consider it a privilege and duty to do so. I have been troubled with weak lungs four years: had a cough more or less every winter; I was confined to the house all last winter with a severe cough, pain in the side and breast, raised blood several times. I consulted a physician, but have never taken any medicines which has done me so much good as *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*.

I consider it the best medicine in the world for Coughs Colds, and Pulmonary complaints.

WILLIAM B. SWARTS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&r6sachm

☞ SOZLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tisdvmu28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of CHARLES H. NOURSE, late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, teamster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Charles H. Nourse, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

MARCELLUS HOUGHTON, Administrator.

my16 3ta

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., in this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

First Vessel.



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STODDARD master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. mi3

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. thsm7

The Strength of Hindooism:

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh28tf

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

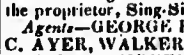
HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

City of Lowell.

MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Tyler street and the sidewalks may be altered,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to alter the grade of said street and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

MAY 5, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the city Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out Hanover street from Lowell street to Moody street, to establish the grade of said street, and lay out sidewalks thereon, and the Committee have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is hereby given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street establish the grade, and lay sidewalks thereon, and all parties interested can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

a1aw3may7 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

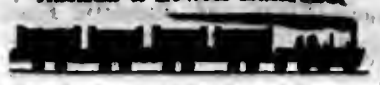
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 60 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bunnington, Albany, Hollows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

—Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Moody street from Merrimack street to Pawtucket street may be accepted as a public street, and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is hereby given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

City of Lowell.

APRIL 29, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Race street from Merrimack street to Dodge street may be laid out and accepted as a public highway, and the grade thereof established, and that a sidewalk be built on both sides of said street,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—notice is hereby given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises.

By order of the Committee.

my7a1aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant;

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the taxable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and an oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her taxable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses; Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. udtj10may2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithomar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithomar W. Brord*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846;

adv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

French's Oyster Saloon,

37,—Central Street—37.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old patrons and the public that he has engaged the services of Mr ABEL LEONARD, formerly in charge of Farnsworth's Restorator, in the Oyster department of his establishment, and made ample preparations for serving the *very best Oysters* in the *very best manner*, at all seasonable hours, to individuals and parties of any number.

He has several well furnished Saloons, for the accommodation of parties of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, as well as gentlemen alone.

He hopes by this arrangement, and by unceasing efforts to please, to receive a liberal patronage. Coffee, Pies, Cake, &c., for LUNCH, constantly on hand.

☞ Parties furnished to order, at private residences, with *Ice Cream, Cake, Fruit, Confectionary*, &c., at short notice. *Wedding Cake* on hand and made to order. ☞ Entrance to the upper Saloon, No. 35.

A. B. FRENCH.

Feb'y 14, 1846. feb14

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

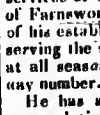
A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Rugs, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON, }
RAYMAN FOSTER. } ap28 a'm

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

alawmay7

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Furniture, Horses, Carriages, &c., at Auction.

On SATURDAY next, at 9½ o'clock—at office—a general assortment of Household Furniture—Particulars hereafter.

Also at 12, M.,—by order of E. A. Alger, Esq., 78½ Nonpariel Type, No. 2, S. H.—1 Large Chase—2 Small do.

At 11 o'clock,

1 Grey Mare, sound and kind, very fast traveller, and in every respect a superior animal—sold for no fault—the present owner having no further use for her. Also, 1 Bay Mare, sound and kind, good traveller—sold for no fault. 1 good second-hand Buggy. 1 Pedlar's Cart. 2 second-hand Waggons. 2 second-hand Harnesses.—1 pr new Cach Harness, a firm article, &c.

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co. (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Footers on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Favor, now owned D. S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 5 small tenements.

Also, 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Abner Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

House Lots at Auction.

On TUESDAY, May 26, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, Two House Lots situated on Appleton st., first lot above a house built and occupied by Mr Farmer, nearly opposite the new Machine Shop.

No. 1.—This lot is 20 feet front by 110 deep.

No. 2 is 50 front by 110 deep.

These lots are very desirable for private residences, they being very pleasantly situated close by the Common, and on a street that bids fare ere long to be one of the pleasantest in the city. Said lots are within a few minutes walk of the Appleton, Hamilton and Middlesex Mills. Persons wishing to purchase lots will do well to wait until this sale.

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3010 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belridere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

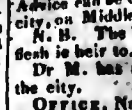
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in the city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap9ly&mark

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—1st March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I grew daily grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true,

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massays
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12s] dec16

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its catalogue varieties? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood in the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reason why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious,

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but an discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr., a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6mcho

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original receipt obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Messinger, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*; John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*; Lect & Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*; Tim. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. Shattuck; and by W. A. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Merrill, B. F. Allen, Benja. Watson, *Nashua*—White & Hill, *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Conner, and J. A. Berry, *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—80,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet shallow birch and maple side boards, suitable for facing to other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

S. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1845. (thsm10) Concord, N. H.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. FORRESTER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial street, or at this office. tf e617

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose timid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunlingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safely say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston; more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bone, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wotldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and praying that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

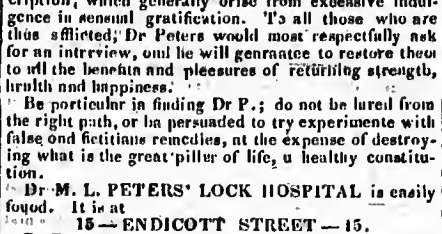
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Petrrs would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. oly jan22

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' Mouslaine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Meborders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, Mouslaine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Towor, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week.

Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. Summer12

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs: *Gout, Tic Doloureux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can effect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE; Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN.

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TOZER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 79 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 96 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the singe med fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. fsb3a&ply

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned hes urrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called;) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their owe intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scorvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; synocpe, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and scoff at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will odoro that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would long ere time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 A1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 39 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaperilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plein, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. e&p6mosapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week; it was doing great things for her; and there are three on foot in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore, ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr Bouton's 23th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 39, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 23, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 61.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,

OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
—Lowell.

American House,

BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 25, 1845. tfoct23

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,

Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
apt8 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,

DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
Jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,

—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,

Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan3 DAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,

(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order, and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,.... LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

Hugh McEvoy,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skilful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

Benjamin Dean, Jr.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
— Agent of the —
ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE:
In Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square.
Lowell: 1846. tf feb28

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester.

INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,

GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19



Geo. Hedrick,

SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

Brown & Alger,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,

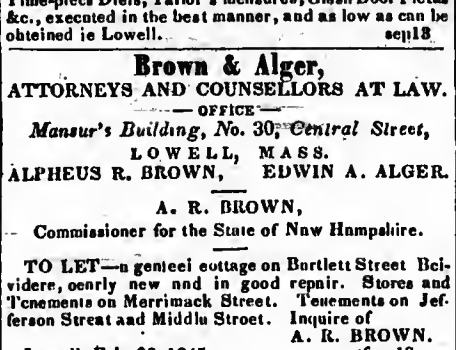
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HENARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Palatings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Purify the Blood.

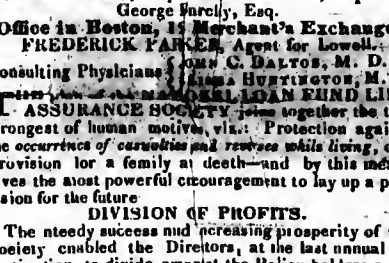
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.

(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISION OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gehnm A. Worth, Esq.
Jnmeu Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Purely, Esq.
Office in Boston, 15 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., LEMA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
LIFE ASSURANCE AND LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY join together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy elected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus in addition	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
20	$5000	$370 75	1837	$955 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	822	373 45	57 124	1730 55
			1839	693	308 56	4570	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1yn&p2awaeopdec13

DR. FRICHWANGER'S
GERMAN


PREPARED by Dr. Louis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is an sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 136, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. B. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyne3

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. ☞* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&pattyapr4

Notice!



MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wildn, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1846. a6wapr19

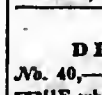
Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.
THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,
among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.
☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.
☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.
JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Wm. Hardy,



Having leased the PUBLIC HOUSE at Billerica Centre for two years longer, takes this occasion to renew his solicitations for past patronage, and respectfully to solicit a continuance. He will continue to run Carriages for conveyance of PASSENGERS and BAGGAGE to and from the Billerica Depot, at every train.
Passengers conveyed at any hour to any part of Billerica, and to *Bedford Springs.*
Billerica, April 7th, 1846. apr10 3mar

THE COBLER'S LAST.

BY J. E. DOW.

'Twas night: and at the witching hour
When church yards yawn and folks turn over,
When April rains begin to pour
Their tribute on the fragrant clover,
A cobbler left his social glass,
Drank as became an erring mortal,
And staggering home contrived to pass
In safety through his lonely portal.

His wife, a brisk and burly dame
As ere made sinful man unhappy,
Turned over muttering as he came,
For she just then felt wondrous nappy.
And soon upon his nuptial couch
Our hero like a brute lay snoring,
With two-and-sixpence in his pouch,
And still the April rain was pouring.

For hours they lay in different mood,
That strange and ill assorted couple,
The one with warm rebellious blood,
The other lank and pale and supple.
At length the good dame left her bed
To put her household things in order,
While o'er her partner's drunken head
Sleep hung like poppies in a border.

The clock had told the hour of ten
With iron tongue from many a steeple,
Before the good man dared again
To show himself 'mong sober people.
He sallied forth with humble mein,
Nor dared his partner's wrath to measure,
His dress seemed wond'rous good and clean,
And Sunday was a day of leisure.

Along the quiet streets he went,
That all at once had lost their level,
His wages he had mostly spent
In keeping up the last night's revel.
His favorite tavern stood before,
The church and people were behind him,
He thought he'd take but one drink more,
And then, why those who sought, might find him.

Up to the bar he boldly stept,
And call'd for something warm and rosy,
St. Crispin's feet he'd truly kept,
And in the keeping had got boozy,
The ready gins were quickly drained,
And for it he threw down his money;
The landlord looked with eyes enchained,
"What, gold," said he, "so early, Johnny?"

"Gold! that's a good one," quoth the wight,
With eyes scarce open to the morning;
"I had but two-and-six last night,
Beyond the sum I spent in corning."
"Well this is gold the host replied,
"And good gold too, or I'm mistaken."
The cobler looked as though he lied,
Then looked again: his faith was shaken.

Deep in his pockets once so bare,
He thrust his hands with doubts distressing,
And found a hundred sovereigns there,
With silver worth a Friar's blessing.
Back to his humble stall he went,
As sober as a Parish Beadle,
And told his wife—who spied a rent,
And ran to fetch a darning needle.

"Dear John," said she—"ahem—you're kind,
Although you're drunk too much to please me,
You know I'm of an anxious mind,
And none but Deacon Jones can ease me.
I sent for him last night to tea—
(And here she fumbled o'er the stitches)—
He came and quite consoled me:
And left for you his broadcloth breeches."

PRUNING FRUIT TREES.

Reiterated experiments have demonstrated the fact, that incisions or wounds made in fruit trees, in the months of March and April, invariably look black as soon as the circulation of the sap commences—the vital fluid oozing out of the wounds, until the incipient foliage of the limbs is sufficiently developed to receive it; while similar wounds or incisions inflicted in June, when the developement of the leaves is perfected, or nearly so, will immediately cicatrize and heal without loss of sap. It is also noticeable that fruit tress broken in autumn by strong winds, or the too great weight of fruit, usually look white and clean, as though the rupture had been carefully cleansed; while in all cases where injury has occurred in the winter, the wound will assume a black and carious appearance, and be speedily followed by decay. From these data we infer, physiologically, that the best period for prunning and grafting, is when the trees are in full leaf, and, consequently, in a vigorous and growing state. If a limb be taken off at this time, the sun and warm atmosphere will immediately dry the wound, and by closing effectual the pores prevent the admission of moisture.
DEAD BRANCHES. We last year noticed one of our finest apple trees in a sickly condition, some of the branches were dying, others in a dead state. We attribute this to the deleterious influence exerted on the vitality of the tree by several dead limbs, which had been amputated some eight or ten inches from the trunk, and in this subsequent experiments convinced us we were correct. We immediately cut out these stumps close to the trunk and carefully abscinded all the dead and dying wood we could discover, so that the remaining part of the tree was left unincumbered, and in a perfect healthy state. The tree soon re-acquired its healthy tone, and in autumn produced an abundance of excellent, well developed fruit.
It is asserted by some physiologists that a *dead* branch is far more exhausting to a tree than a live one, in consequence of its copious absorbtion of sap; and that a fruit tree can never be in a healthy state while there are dead limbs to deteriorate the circulating vital fluid, which is tnd blood, and source of energy and *life* to the tree. Some persons prefer amputating the limbs six or eight inches from the trunk; but this is bad policy, for where there are many limbs amputated in this way, the tree generally fails, or more frequently dies outright

RESPECTABILITY. "Cato, does you know dem Johnsings, up dar in Congo Place, is got to be berry 'spectable folks?"
"Wal, Scipio, I thought dey was gettin' along berry well; but I doesn't know how 'spectable dey is."
"How 'spectable does you tink, Cato?"
"Wal, guess 'bout tree tousand dollars."
"More 'spectable dan dat."
"Wal how 'spectable is dey?"
"Why, five tousand dollars, and a house an' lot, besides."
"Whew! good bye, Cato, I must give 'em a call."

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE. We understand, the Hamilton Corporation have generously given the use of a small piece of land on Central st., near the canal bridge to an unfortunate man, by the name Mr Connor, (who has recently lost both his legs,) for the purpose of keeping a fruit stand. We hope all friends of humanity will patronize him. [Voice.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, May 20.

In the SENATE, the committee on finance reported the bill making appropriations for the support of the West Point Academy, with amendments.

Mr Turney offered a resolution instructing the committee on Military to inquire into the expediency of limiting to the age of 60 years persons who may receive military appointments.

Mr Woodbridge presented the resolutions of the Senate of Michigan, against leasing United Staets mineral lands on Lake Superior.

A motion was made to print, and was carried.

The Senate then took up the amendments reported by the committee on commerce to the bill for fixing the value of certain foreign coins at custom houses.

The HOUSE, after the transaction of various other business, went into committee of the whole, and took up the bill making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic lists. The motion to strike out the appropriation for the Clerk of Meteorological Department was discussed with warmth. Mr Adams supported, and Mr Jones of Ga., and Rathbun of N. Y. opposed the appropriatios. The latter gentleman goes against sundry, if not all scientific and costly experiments.

Thursday, May 21.

In the SENATE, Mr Semple presented a remonstrance of the people of the district of Columbia against the retrocession to Virginia, of Alexandria; referred to the committee on the District of Columbia.

A resolution was then offered from the committee on naval affairs, that engineers enquire into the merits of R. Y. Loper's plan of building war steamers.

The committee on territories made a report against the matter of territorial government for Oregon this session of Congress, and they were unable to agree on matters in the bill for extending our laws over Oregon, and wished to be discharged.

The Millitory Committes were instructed to enquire into the expense of purchasing 200 of Colt's Pateut Rifles, to be used in the Mexican war.

In the HOUSE, the committee reported a bill for extending our laws over Oregon, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of that bill.

The House then took up a bill to amend the chartor of the city of Washington, and extend the right of suffrage in said corporation. After much time had been spent on the subject the bill was passed.

THE LATE KING OF PRUSSIA. One fine day in the summer of 1799, two English gentlemen, strangers on their travels, rowed to the Peacock Island, uninformed of the royal family being there, and consequently, of the interdiction; they had landed at a point of the island distant from the ferry, and were delightfully strolling about, when the then Count Marshal Von Massaw caught sight of them, and they were desired to quit the island instanter, by the way they came. They, however, deviated from the direct path to the boat, and were met by a gentleman and lady, unattended, and so artless in their dress and deportment, that the strangers had no presentment of whom they were. When they met, the unknown gentleman said, "How do you like the island?" Expressing themselves in rapture as to its position and ornamental culture, the unknown lady, with much affability, invited the strangers to accompany them, since, being well known, they could point out all that was remarkable. "We should be delighted," replied the Englishman, "had not the marshal peremptorily ordered us to leave the island, the king and queen being here." "Matters are not quite so formidable," said the amiable lady; "come along with us, and we will undertake to excuse you with Mr Von Massaw, who is our intimate friend." A lively conversation ensued, in which the lady spoke enthusiastically of England: in return, they both seemed to enjoy the free and critical remarks made by the Englishmen; but great was the latter's astonishment, on nearing the chateau, to find the royal servants stationed, and the marshal advancing to announce breakfast! Aware now that they had been in company of the king and queen, they would have apologized, but the winning affability of the queen claimed their apprehensions, and what little remained wholly ceased on the former saying, "Enter, gentlemen! you'll take breakfast with us! [Dr. Eyelert.

GALLANT EXPLOIT. The Newark Daily Advertiser has received a letter from a correspondent stating that a young man from Newark, Gilbert Dudley, aged only nineteen years, returning from one of our most advanced pickets, whither he had been sent to convey orders, he came unexpectedly upon two Mexican soldiars, who had, apparently, just rowed across the river, and were refreshing themselves in a cool shade, having placed their muskets in thoughtless security against a neighboring tree. Gilbert was equal to the emergency; he sprang to the muskets, threw one on the ground, and stepped upon it, while with the other he menaced the lives of his opponents. He carried the two muskets upon his left shoulder, drew his sword as a sort of pacificator, and thus marched them at a respectful distance in advance, straight into camp! Much valuable information was gathered from them, after which, they were blindfolded, led out of the camp and set at liberty.

THE ROAD TO WEALTH. The sure road to wealth is through the medium of the press. It is the mighty lever that moves with power in a country like this, and advertising is the secret of the success of all our wealthy, *business* MEN. Everybody says so—it must be so. Go, ask the enterprising, and they will tell you so. Advertise! Advertise! V. B. Palmer is known all over the United States, and has agencies in all our large cities. His office in Boston is at No 20 State street. All who desire to advertise in the *country newspapers*, or those published in other cities, can make arrangements to do so by calling at his office. [Boston Sun.

CHAPPARAL. The word Chapparal occurs in the news from Texas which we publish this morning. As that is rather a new word with our readers, and as it may occur again, and is important as illustrating the "seat of war," we think it proper to say that a Chapparal is a term applied to a species of evergreen thicket composed of the Musquit bush, matted with vines. It generally grows about six or seven feet high The whole country between the Nueces River and the Rio Grande, is more or less covered by this Chapparal, interspersed with salt lakes. There is very little fresh water or grass to be had in any portion of the whole intermediate distance, averaging one hundred and fifty miles wide. [Phil. U. S. Gaz.

THE GREAT NATIONAL FAIR opened to-day [Thursday May 21st] at 12 o'clock, with the ringing of the great bell, which was raised for the occasion, the firing of cannon, the display of flags, and music by the band. The fair realizes all that has been expected. The crowd of people visiting it is immense.

☞ The Legislature of New York adjourned *sine die* on the 14th inst., after passing 337 public and private acts. Previous to the adjournment a resolution was passed authorizing the Governor to call out 50,000 volunteers to aid the government in the war with Mexico.

Nobly done, New York! May every other State prove herself like patriotic.

THE RIGHT STUFF. The New Orleans Courier says that Benjamin Story, President of the Bank of Louisiana, made an offer on Saturday to the Governor to advance $500,000 for the use of the State in the present crisis. As still another inkling of the signs of the times, we may state that Senator Marks, from West Feliciana, was among the first to put down his name as a full volunteer private!

DESERTION FROM BRITISH SHIPS. It is said that a number of British sailors have deserted from British ships now at New York, from fear of being pressed into naval service, upon their return to England, in the event of a war with this country.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 23, 1846.

THE MAIL AND ITS PROTECTIVE ARGUMENTS.

We should have sooner attended to the Mail man had not other matters crowded upon our attention.

The *Mail* finding it could not sustain the positian, that the tariff was the *only* barrier between the prices paid for labor in this country and the prices paid in Europe, and also that there were *other* barriers, now crawls off by plumply denying having said there were *other* barriers. It contends the *other* causes of difference between labor here and in Europe, to which it referred, are *collateral*, incidental to, and growing out of the one great barrier, the tariff. Now we ask the Mail to shaw how our cheaper land, superior natural advantages, our advantages of *position*, (which it says we enjoy in the prosecution of some branches of business,) our cheaper government, our exemption from a grinding national debt, our Yankee skill, (that it admits is beyond competition,) our exemption from the support of great armies and navies, of a government clergy, of aristocracies, nobility, and all the dead weights hanging upon the machinery of a monarchical government are collateral; or incidental to a protective tariff? This is the whole question. The Mail still admits, in substance, that these are causes of the difference that does exist, but says they grow out of the tariff. Now we can't see how, nor do we believe any body else can, and should like to have the Mail enlighten us. We and the Mail agree, it seems, as to the causes of the difference between the condition of laborers here and in Europe, but while we hold them to be the primary causes, the Mail man holds them to be secondary, collateral, growing out of the tariff.—Now if he will just show that fact we are his convert.

The Mail wishes us to define what we mean by a revenue tariff. Always willing to satisfy a laudable thirst for knowledge, we will answer. A tariff for revenue, contradistinguished from a tariff, for protection, is one, where no duties are laid higher than at the rate that will give the greatest amount of revenue. When duties are laid so high upon any article as to so far cut off importation, as to give a less amount of revenue than lower duties would give, they then cease to be revenue duties and become protective. 'Tis true, duties fixed at rates giving the greatest amount of revenue upon all articles might, and doubtless would, give more revenue than would be needed to carry on an economically administered government; and therefore we advocate a discriminating revenue tariff; that is, a tariff that taxes no article at a higher rate than will give the greatest amount of revenue, and discriminate under that rate by taxing articles of necessity and general use at lower rates than will give the greatest amount of revenue, that no more money may come into the national treasury than is necessary to meet the wants of the government. But the Mail says we can't get a tariff that will, to a cent, meet the wants of the government. Well, probably no person but the Mail man ever thought of estimating the expenses of this great nation to a cent, and then regulating our tariff so as to pay them without falling a cent short or overrunning a cent; more especially when the revenue from the sale of public lands may be one or three millions. But we can, as is always done, make an estimate of the expenses of the government, and estimate how much of them can be met from a tariff, whether protective or revenue, and how much from other sources; and whether the estimate comes within a cent or a million of dollars, it is no argument against the principles of a tariff, either protective or revenue.

The Mail in its last article says,—

"The Advertiser says that all our arguments are based upon the assumed, conditional position, that the manufacturers will be broken down by a "revenue tariff." This is not correct."

We did say so. And now from your own mouth, we will prove our saying was true. On the 28th of April last the Mail, in reply to us, contains the following;—

"The manufacturers of Massachusetts alone consume more breadstuffs than our whole export put together. Shall we break down the market thus created, and send these manufacturing laborers to compete with the farmers of the west, who already produce more than they can sell, in order to pursue still more blindly that *ignis fatuus*, a foreign market for our bread-stuffs."

If manufactures were not to be broken down by a change in the tariff, how were farmers to lose the advantage of the markets created by manufacturing?—And how were the manufacturing laborers to be compelled to turn farmers and compete with the farmers of the west? The truth is, Mr Mail, your whole argument has been (though a very absurd one) that laborers would be deprived of employment, and farmers of a home market, because manufactures would be broken down by a change of the tariff. Yielding that point, certainly you will now admit that farmers are not going to be injured by being deprived of a market, because you now admit they are not going to be deprived of any. By the time we hear from you again, we expect you to take back, or rather deny all you have said, and argue ruin to our farmers by manufacturers being broken down and the home markets destroyed thereby.

GEN. TAYLOR. Much speculation is going on as to the propriety of Gen. Taylor's leaving Point Isabel, after hearing the news of the attack upon our camp, the destruction of Matamoras and other particulars of our triumph. From the accounts, it is somewhat doubtful whether he left Point Isabal before receiving reinforcements. It is asked, why he did not wait to be reinforced before attempting to return, and run the almost inevitable hazard of a battle, with a force five times his own, when it was not necessary for him to be at the camp?

It seems to be hardly necessary to speculate as to the policy of Gen. Taylor's movement till it is certainly known under what circumstances it was made. If he waited to be reinforced, then all doubt as to propriety of his return to the camp is removed. If he did not wait, may there not have been good reason for his immediate return? Was there no danger of an attack upon the camp from the Mexicans reinforced? At any rate, he is in a better position to judge of what movements are most proper than anybody here, with a very imperfect knowledge of the actual state of affairs in detail. It appears from accounts of Gen. Taylor to the Department at Washington, that he expected to return to camp on the 6th inst., and was expecting to be reinforced by that time.

☞ The Tribune office was illuminated in honor of the brilliant victory of the American arms!

MONSTER MEETING IN NEW YORK. On Wednesday, May 20, one of the greatest meetings ever assembled in New York was holden at the Park, Mayor Mickle presided with 72 vice presidents. Levi D. Slamm, editor of the Globe, in behalf of a committee to draft resolutions, reported a series from which we copy the three first:—

The citizens of the City and County of New York in General Meeting assembled, in view of the fact that "a state of War exists between the Governments of Mexico and the United States," pass the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the aggravated and multiplied wrongs to which our country has been subjected by the authorities of Mexico for a long series of years, and for which reparation has been repeatedly demanded, and continues to be withheld, and which are at last followed by the refusal to receive an Envoy appointed to make an amicable adjustment of existing controversies, and consummated by actual hostilities, have brought our relations with that nation to a crisis in which forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and submission would be deemed pusillanimous by the civilized world.

Resolved, that this meeting cordially approve of the authority given by Congress to the President of the United States to call out 50,000 volunteers, and for the employment of the army and navy of the United States in defending the American soil thus unexpectedly assailed, and in the signal and ever avenging punishment of its invaders; that this is a cause in which we can appeal with entire confidence for the purity of our motives to the God of battles, and with a full reliance upon the resistless energies of our fellow citizens, to defeat the enemy and preserve the integrity of the Union; and we hereby pledge our lives and fortunes to support the government of the United States in the just and necessary WAR in which we are now engaged with Mexico.

Resolved, That it is the public expectation that this government will be prompt, vigorous and extensive in its operations by land and sea—offensive and defensive. That in the successful prosecution of the war, the moral standing of the government of the United States with the governments of the world is more or less involved. That, therefore, vigor, promptitude, decision, and a wise liberality, are imperatively requisite on the part of the constitutional authorities to beget that confidence in the navy and army, and among the people, so essential to lead to a result at once brief, honorable, and triumphant.

The resolutions were followed by patriotic speeches, till 9 o'clock, when a band struck up Hail Columbia, and the mighty multitude dispersed.

It was voted that a copy of the resolutions and the proceedings of the meeting be transmitted to the President.

THE PLAN OF OUR GOVERNMENT FOR PROSECUTING THE WAR.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Sun says,—"Government having completed their arrangements for the Mexican campaign, I am at liberty to announce a few heads of the plan. Fifty thousand men in all to be brought into the field, the invasion to enter Mexico at four points, marching to and concentrating at the capitol.

The high region of central Mexico is as healthy and as cool in summer as the State of New Jersey, and into this region our forces will march forthwith. The great western division of the army from Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, &c., will proceed directly into the gold region of Santa Fe and New Mexico, sending a detachment into California by the short road discovered by Capt. Fremont. A division from the southwest will rendezvous at Fort Towson, on the Red River, Louisiana, from whence there is an ancient military road, in good order, across the high table lands of Upper Texas to the city of Chihuahua, in Northern Mexico, there uniting with the roads from Santa Fé, California and the Pacific, which all join the great military road at Chihuahua leading to the city of Mexico. Both these routes are most delightful for a summer campaign. The main garrison will probably be established at the *Presidio del Norte*, on the right bank of the Rio Grande, on the road from Fort Towson to Chihuahua, which seems to be the most central place for keeping up uninterrupted communication with all points. Chihuahua is exactly in the center of Mexico, due west of Bexar, Texas; and due east of Guaymas, a port on the west coast in lower California."

Will anybody say this plan, if pursued, is not carrying the "war into Africa" sufficiently far, or will they say the President lacks energy and decision.

☞ It is understood the President is about to call on the Governors of the different states for regiments for the war as follows:

New Hampshire	2	Indiana	4
Massachusetts	3	Kentucky	4
Maine	3	Ohio	6
Vermont	2	Michigan	2
Connecticut	2	Wisconsin	1
Rhode Island	1	Iowa	1
New York	8	Florida	1
New Jersey	2	Louisiana	4
Pennsylvania	6	Texas	2
Maryland	2	Tennessee	4
Delaware	1	District of Columbia	1
Virginia	5	[Battalion	
North Carolina	3	86 regiments	
South Carolina	2	500 men each.	
Georgia	3		
Alabama	3	43,000	
Mississippi	2	250 half regt.	
Arkansas	2		
Missouri	2	43,250	
Illinois	3		

LOWELL is growing much faster than at any former period. Dwelling houses, mills, stores, and buildings for almost all kinds of artizanship are going up almost with the rapidity of enchantment. So great has been the change from the removing of old buildings and the erection of new, that a person who has not visited the city within six months, would hardly know him whereabouts any where off the two main streets. We shall number over fifty thousand in less than ten years.

☞ The New Yorkers are paying particular attention to the well being of their State prisoners. The Legislature appropriated $20,000 to pay the debts for the Sing Sing prison, $10,000 to bring in a full supply of the Croton water, $4000 for repairs, and $4000 for new shops, &c.

☞ A convention was recently holden in Albany on the subject of Education, at which resolutions were passed in favor of making *all* schools in New York free, to be supported by a tax on property.

HORRID. Mrs. Sarah Donaldson, of Georgia took her three children, tied the two oldest, boys, together, and threw them into the Catahoochie river, and tied the youngest to herself and also plunged in. They were all drowned. Fear of starvation was said to be the cause of the strange and horrid act.

☞ A company of printers are about to start from New York city for Texas. Cannot something be done in Lowell by this patriotic class? Bob our sedate devil is anxious to start for the Battle Ground and the "Halls of Montezumas."

WAR ITEMS.

The merchants of Charlestown, S. C., offer to carry able bodied volunteers to the seat of the war *free of cost and find them* during the passage. That's the spirit.

Companies, and whole regiments, in some instances, in New York, have offered their services for the war. Reports to that effect have been made to the governor by their respective officers. *Fifteen thousand* are said to be ready to march.

THE JERSEY BLUES. After two meetings in Trenton, N. J., and the passage of patriotic resolutions, the following call was issued:

"*War! War!! War!!!* Sober and healthy young men, are invited to come forward and enrol themselves and form a company to be called the NEW JERSEY VOLUNTEERS—to be subject to the orders of the State or General Government.

None but real "Jersey Blues" in spirit and patriotism are wanted.

The books are open at Head Quarters, South Trenton. JOSEPH A. YARD.

Treston, May 16, 1846.

This company, we understand, are to elect their own captain, after a sufficient number has been enrolled.

☞ Six members of the Louisiana Legislature have enrolled as voluntoers for Texas.

☞ The New Orleans Picayune says volunteers are pouring in from all quarters and the idea of resorting to a draft is there abandoned.

☞ One hundred guns were fired in Portland in honor of the triumph of the American arms over the Mexicans.

☞ Gov. Edwards, of Missouri, immediately complied with the requisition of Gen. Gaines, and issued a call for 1200 volunteers to meet at St. Louis.

The steamship Alabama leaves this evening for Point Isabel, and will take down five more companies belonging to Col. Mark's regiment. [N. O. Picayune, May 12.

☞ It appears by Gen. Taylor's despatches that reached Washington on Tuesday, that "Capt. Walker lost but 8 or 10 men." Captains Thornton and Hardee, and Lieut. Kane, all of the 2d dragoons, have arrived unhurt, prisoners of war, at Matamoras, and reported themselves to Gen. Taylor, by letter, as kindly treated."

☞ At a war meeting in Washington, Col. R. M. Johnson said "he was not for stopping on the Rio Grand if he had his way. He would march into the interior of Mexico, and cut their departments right and left. He was not desirous of a war, but the time had arrived when forbearance had ceased to be a virture. He spoke of cutting California from the Despotism of Mexico; and if the people desired it he was in favor of annexing California to our country. He said the present war was only a wedding and a dinner compared with the struggle for independence. 'At the conclusion of the meeting 45 young men presented themselves as volunteers."

A WILLINGNESS TO WORK. Judge ——— was called upon Tuesday last, by Nathan Crosby Esq., the newly appointed judge, to *qualify* him for that office, where upon the Deacon says, the Judge drily remarked—that he would do his best but it was rather late to begin.

☞ The Bartlet Steam Mills, at Newburyport, have declared a semi-annual dividend of 7 1-2 cents.

☞ It is thought the wheat crop in Illinois, this year will be a third more than the last, which yielded a surplus of over 7,000,000 of bushels.

☞ "I shall be at home next Sunday night," as the young lady said, when she followed her beau to the door, who seemed to be somewhat wavering in his attachment. "So shall I," was the reply.

☞ A son of Sir Robert Peal is in New York city.

☞ "This is a world of business and bustle," said a minister in a recent sermon. "Yes, but more bustle than busines," whispered a pretty girl. She knows.

That was said before bustles went out of fashion.

☞ The workmen employed in constructing the magnetic telegraph between New Haven and Boston say, that during cloudy weather, and even at other times, their hands become numb, and sometimes almost useless, in consequence of the electricity which is constantly charging the wires.

☞ Somebody says—"We like to see a young lady walk as though a flea was biting her on each hip: it is so fascinating. She is just the match for the dandy, who steps like an open-winged turkey, travelling over a bed of hot ashes. [Ex.

POLICE COURT. John Wallace, for passing a counterfeit $5 bill of the Cumberland Bank, Portland, upon N. Crichett, Merrimack street, was bound over to-day in the sum of $2000 to take his trial at Concord. [Courier.

Governor Toucey sent a short message to the Connecticut Legislature on Wednesday, in relation to the Mexican war. He calls on them to respond to the action of Congress, and to adopt such further measures as may benefit and sustain the fame of the State. It was referred to a Select Committee. [Times.

☞ Robert B. Thomas, editor of the Farmers' Almanac for the last fifty-three years, died at West Boylston on Tuesday, the 19th inst. aged 80.

☞ A Boston Company have purchased the great coal mines on the St. John's river of the British Government.

☞ The whole number of Catholics now in the capitol of New England, is estimated at 32,000 at least or more than *one quarter* part of the entire population of Boston.

SINGULAR ESCAPE. A man named Trow murdered a Miss Lockert in Cincinnati, and then cut his throat, and after laying ten days in this condition, subsisting on water alone, he made his escape, and no one knows where he is gone.

The Massachusetts Medical Society hold their anual meeting in Boston on Wednesday next.

It is strongly urged upon the emigrants to Oregon, to take wives with them, as there is no supply of the article in that land.

☞ The frost, in all this region has cut down the corn, where up, and all other tender plants.

☞ NO ADDITIONAL NEWS BY THE NORTH MAIL.

☞ The Louisville Courier states that Henry Clay Jr., is forming a company to march to Texas.

☞ The Mail says, Hiram Bowman, of Hudson, N. H., was burned to death in Londonderry, in the shanty where he slept while tending a coal pit.

☞ The woolen factory of Mrs Noyes, in the town of Wales, near Buffalo, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night.

☞ The N. E. Anti-Slavery Convention will meet in Faneuil Hall on Tuesday next, at 10 A. M.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Victoria's accouchment is expected to take place at Buckingham Palace about the middle of May.

Letters received from Algiers state that Abd-el-Kader had once more outwitted the French generals.

A French mechanic has invented a system of signal lights by the means of colored glasses, which, according to their position at the mast head, indicate the direction of vessels at sea.

Lord Aberdeen has recognized the annexation of Texas, by informing the Custom-house authorities that the produce of that country must be regarded as the produce of the American Union.

The Europeau of the 4th says—"The accounts which came to hand from America recently had no visible effect on the price of the English securities.—The settlement of the Oregon on the basis of the 49th parallel continues to be regarded as a thing that must be—as a fair settlement, to which the leading statesmen on both sides of the Atlantic will combine to give their aid.

"The Liverpool Mail, April 25, thinks arbitration the only way in which the Oregon question could be settled, and adds—"

"We contend that, if the United States, by virtue of their own legislative act, avail themselves of a dissolving provision in a treaty which is constructively in favor of a settlement by reference, and which reference they refuse, under circumstances offensive and menacing, they thereby by this dissolution do, to all intents and purposes, openly DECLARE WAR AGAINST ENGLAND!

The Royal Shaksperian Club are to endeavor to collect funds for the purchase of the house at Stratford-on-Avon, in which Shaksyeare was born.

The citizens of Edinburgh have adopted an address to the citizens of Washington, deprecating war, and recommending the settlement of the national disputes by arbitration.

Mount Hecla is again in a state of eruption.

Ibrahim Pacha, son of Mehemet Ali, has arrived at Paris.

FRIENDSHIP—what is it? It is another I. We should be tender of it, as of self. It is not a name, a thing that comes and goes. It is the soul of another commingling with our own. It is constantly awake to the interests of another, and is kept alive by daily draughts from the finest feelings of the human heart. Whoever hath it, hath a treasure, most valuable when most needed. How cold and cheerless is the heart that is not warmed by it. How benumbed the feelings that will not be quickened by it. The first tender shoots of friendship from the heart, how delicate until matured and strengthened by sympathy from another. Impugn the motives by which it seeks to disclose itself you offend not; yet the barbed steel enters the very soul of Friendship. It rests there, and can be removed only by death.

Hasty thoughts of your Friend G.

☞ The Post says, the Richmond Enquirer is informed by a gentleman from Washington that Com. Perry has been appointed to the command of the fleet in the Mexican Gulf, Com. Connor having been placed over the ordnance department; and that it is most probable that none of the volunteers from the Atlantic states will be sent to Texas. They will be received and disciplined, and held ready for action.

☞ An English lady of high fashion, at Bonlogne, who has lately separated from her husband, as she says, to avoid his company in this world and the next.

FEMALE PATRIOT. The Mayor of Baltimore has received a note signed "Mary," enclosing $10 to help furnish supplies for the volunteers!

☞ The Commissioners to run the boundary line between Massachusetts and R. I., are now in discharge of their duties. The Commissioners on the part of Mass. are Hon. Myron Lawrence, Hon. Johnson Gardner and Hon. Wm. Bayles.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The Governor and council have had a meeting to count votes, appoint justices, &c., and adjourned without ordering another election for member of Congress. Mr Woodbury's minority is 1412. The whigs did not elect a single state Senator. Messrs. Dodge and Emerson, abolition, are elected by small majorities in senatorial districts Nos. 1 and 2, and Messrs. Gage, Patten, Page and Hibbard, democrats, in Nos. 4, 8, 10 and 12. No choice in the other districts. [Post.

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage. Orders received for *Embossing* Cards.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 23d, 1846. 4w1*

MESSENGER'RS NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, May 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell, in said County, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hutchinson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the fifth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Hutchinson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
may23 3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to save a dollar and have them done by one of the best binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

"WHILE THERE IS LIFE THERE IS HOPE."

Instances like the following are almost of daily occurrence, and render superfluous all farther comment upon the efficacy of Wistar's Balsam.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle t

Dear Sir,—The character of Wister's Balsem of Wild Cherry is so well established throughout the country, and especially in the state of New York, that any farther testimony would seem to be unnecessary. Yet I have derived so much advantage from it, that I am happy to communicate through you to the sick and afflicted, what it has done for me, and I consider it a privilege and duty to do so. I have been troubled with weak lungs four years: had a cough more or less every winter. I was confined to the house all last winter with a severe cough, pain in the side and breast, raised blood several times. I consulted a physician, but have never taken any medicines which has done me so much good as *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*.

I consider it the best medicine in the world for Coughs Colds, and Pulmonary complaints.

WILLIAM B. SWARTS.—

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity.— cpa&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to *you*, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion; Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail, Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mcbm

☞ BOOLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who see it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tisdwma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, May 17th, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr John Murphy and Miss Mary Jane Sargent, both of Lowell.

In this city, on Thursday morning May 14th, by Rev. E. G. Brooks, Mr Charles P. Dudley, of Boston, and Miss Lydia J. Davis, of Lowell.

In this city, May 19th, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Joseph W. Huntoon to Miss Ann Marden. 21st, Mr Samuel Swett, of Marblehead, to Miss Margaret Moon, of this city.

In Dracutt, 21st inst., by Rev. Amos Blanchard, Mr Elbridge G. Tuttle, of Boscawen, N. H., and Miss Mahala Jane Tuttle, of Dracutt.

In Lempster, May 7th, by Rev. N. R. Wright, Mr Hosea B Walker, to Miss Sarah A. Adams, both of L.

In Charleston, on the 6th inst., by Rev Mr Richards, Mr J. C. Farnham, Printer, of Andover, Mass, to Miss Sarah Tufts of C.

DIED.

In Henniker, 11th inst., of consumption, Mr Z. K. Hardy, aged 39, formerly of Nashua.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

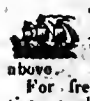
GRAND CONCERT BY THE SHAKER BROTHERS AND SISTERS, comprising Novelty, Refinement, Instruction and Amusement, SATURDAY Evening, May 23d, at 8 o'clock—and in the Afternoon at 3 o'clock, for the accommodation of families and others who cannot attend evenings.

The Proprietor takes pleasure in announcing for this evening, an engagement with the above highly popular Company, consisting of DR. TRIPURE, J. M. OTIS, J. PARTRIDGE, Mrs. L. B. TRIPURE, Miss A. FOSTER, and Miss JULIA A. WILLARD, who will appear at the Lecture Room of the Museum on the above Evenings in the following exercises:

A luminous description of the Shakers, their manners, costumes, peculiarities, &c, by Dr Tripure, interspersed with a great variety of Songs, Dances, Recitations, in full costume by the Company. In the course of each entertainment, Miss *Julia A. Willard*, one of the Sistern, will perform the truly wonderful feat of *whirling round* 1500 times without cessation, the whole making an entertainment of thrilling interest and amusement. Tickets admitting two persons at once, only 25 cents. may23

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Tuesday.*



The fast sailing pocket ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m23

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This Day.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner JEROME, *Porker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m23

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2m C. K. MORRILL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.

may21 Insurances effected. a&ply

NOTICE.

LOWELL, May 19, 1840.

I HEREBY release to my son Joseph M. D. Johnson, the remainder of his time during his minority, and will not claim his earnings after this day.

may21 a3t HARRIET JOHNSON.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 8wadrmay2

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *First Vessel.*



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STODDARD master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m13

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted in resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossiasing, *June* 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir; I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New-York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearence of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. M. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

E. BURNAP,

Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,

West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at

ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

The Strength of Hindooism

OR, Heathen Mythology,—A beautiful little book of about one hundred pages, and numerous cuts of Idols, &c., &c., by Rev E. Noyes, late a missionary to Orissa. Just published and for sale by JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street. may2

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Castar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Castar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the goods and estate of CHARLES H. NOURSE, late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, teamster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Charles H. Nourse, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

MARCELLUS HOUGHTON, Administrator.

my16 3ta

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. a&pnpr11

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Merodith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

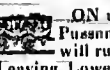
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

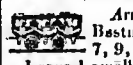
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrongement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains, Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

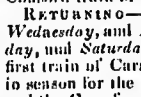
☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

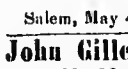
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 8, 1846.

Piano-Fortes,



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rosa-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good Instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warrantad to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumerating may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. adtjly10may2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846;

adv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Belts;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON, }
NATHAN FOSTER. } sp28 a1m

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate; and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

a3wmay7

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co. (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Footers on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Favor, now owned D. S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 5 small tenements.

Also, 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Abner Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

House Lots at Auction.

On TUESDAY, May 26, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, Two House Lots situated on Appleton st., first lot above a house built and occupied by Mr Farmer, nearly opposite the new Machine Shop.

No. 1.—This lot is 30 feet front by 110 deep.

No. 2 is 50 front by 110 deep.

These lots are very desirable for private residences, they being very pleasantly situated close by the Common, and on a street that bids fare ere long to be one of the pleasantest in the city. Said lots are within a few minutes walk of the Appleton, Hamilton and Middlesex Mills. Persons wishing to purchase lots will do well to wait until this sale.

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale.—Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

Medical Card.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

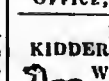
N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurserins, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS !☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Mussey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it: at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

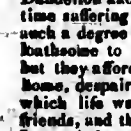
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&F6mcho

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Posterns, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 22 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston*; Geo. Ferristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Rose'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Thos. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carleton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Shelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus E. Merrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Conner, and J. A. Parry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. advSmmar26

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—20,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 103 State Street,
March 26, 1846. [tfmar26] Concord, N. H.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Hackett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Many proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure action, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before inflicted a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative but a restorative property, and the importance of ranking this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shewing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

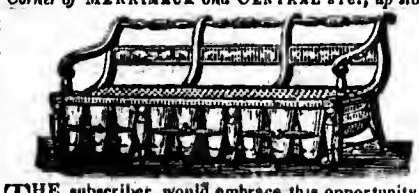
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at the Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the frieges curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nasarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel applicatioe of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreoux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumboga, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreoux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Douloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. This mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charlee st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest result. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate in from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymen, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRIETED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of those cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3n&ply

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and peralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being; the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudurific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Pottar; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preperation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine,

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcere, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this poteat medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unbesought to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has had to constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 20th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 6, 1845, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 26, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 62.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected. A&ply

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pattfo24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,
COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
(OVER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.)
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Bench timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. ang212m

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 9, 1845. je9tf


Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmart7

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
&c. LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ads1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosswood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. atyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Drecutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German [illegible] New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* mode of immediately destroying Rats, Mice and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in Houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Wolker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq. Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange,
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA CONTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz. Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragment to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 6 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	873 45	57 12½	1730 55
			1839	693 3 4	808 50	45 70	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country;* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awsteopdec13

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's, Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, destruction of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:
BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.
BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlyapr4

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL,* in *Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1846. a6wapr19

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its revenge for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter,* for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt,* and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery,* which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awa&p1yjan13

From the Manchester American.
THE POETRY OF THE POOR.

Robert Nicoll, the author of the touching lines below was widely and favorably known in England as the Editor of the Leeds Times, and a young poet of rare promise. In a short autobiography, prefaced to a volume of poems recently published in London, we are informed, that at thirteen, when a school boy, he began to scribble for the newspapers, and that at sixteen,

"To further my progress in life, I bound myself apprentice to Mrs. J. H. Roberston, wine merchant and grocer, in Perth. When I came to Perth, I bought Cobbett's English Grammer, and, by constant study, soon made myself master of it, and then commenced writing as before, and you know the result.

"When I first came to Perth, a gentleman lent me his right to the Perth Library, and thus I procured many works I could not get before—Milton's prose works, and what I prized more than all, a few of Bentheim's, with many other works in various departments of literature and science, which I had not the good fortune to read before.

"I was twenty years of age in the month of January last, and my apprenticeship expires in September next. By that time I hope, by close study, to have made myself a good French scholar; and I intend, if I can raise the money, to emigrate to the United States of North America."

His sympathies were all with the poor, whose privations and trials had made deep impression upon his heart, and most of his pieces, as in the following, contains some latent attack upon the abuses to which the "toiling millions" of England seem so hopelessly subjected.

Nicoll died at the age of 23. [Times.

WE ARE LOWLY.

We are lowly—vary lowly—
Misfortune is our crime;
We have been trodden under foot
From all recorded time.
A yoke upon our necks is laid,
—A burden to endure;
To suffer is our legacy—
The portion of the poor!

We are lowly—very lowly,
And scorned from day to day;
Yet we have something of our own
Power cannot take away.
By tyrants we are toiled to death—
By cold and hunger killed;
But peace is in our hearts—it speaks
Of duties all fulfilled!

We are lowly—very lowly,
Nor house nor land have we;
But there's a heritage for us,
—While we have eyes to see.
They cannot hide the lovely stars—
Words in creation's book—
Although they hold their fields and lands,
Corrupted by our look!

We are lowly—very lowly,
And yet the fairest flowers
That by the wayside raise their eyes—
Thank God, they still are ours!
Ours is the streamlet's mellow voice,
And ours the common dew;
We still dare gaze on hill and plain,
And field and meadow too!

We are lowly—very lowly,
But when the cheerful spring
Comes forth with flowers upon her feet,
To hear the throstle sing,
Although we dare not seek the shade
Where haunt the forest deer,
The waving leaves we still can see,
The humming birds can hear!

We are lowly—very lowly!
Our hedge-row paths are gone,
Where woodbines laid their fairy hands
The hawthorn's nest upon.
Yet slender maroies still are left,
And heeves doth endure,
And hears the prayers that upward rise,
From the afflicted poor!

LOVE IN A PRINTING OFFICE

I once heard an old Jour, remark, that a printing office was no place for love-making, and I have since experienced the truth of his observation—being now perfectly convinced that the flower of love can never bloom in the midst of types, stands and printing ink.

It was my fortune once to sojourn for a few days in the village of——. Directly opposite the office was a pretty white cottage, with a rose bush clambering around the casement, and I was not long in making the discovery that the aforesaid white cottage with the rose shaded window, contained a fair inmate—a flower whose beauty far outshone the roses that clustered around the window. She was a little blue eyed saucy looking creature of some sixteen summers. She was the belle of the village. Her name was Mory, sweet, poetic Mary.

"I have a poetic passion for the name of Mary."

It was a beautiful summer morning, and I had raised the window to admit the cool breeze from the flower-decked fields, and it was not long before I perceived that the cottage window was also hoisted, and that sweet little Mary was seated near it, busily engaged with her needle. I worked but little that morning. My eyes constantly wandered towards the cottage window, where little Mary sat, and all sorts of strange and fantastic notions whirled through my fancy lighted brain, and I began to think I left a slight touch of what the poets call *love,* sliding in at the corner of my heart.

A few days passed away, and chance made me acquainted with Mary. Heavens! she was a sweet creature—she had a form that would have shamed the famous Venus da Medici—a cheek that out-blushed the richest peach—and a lip that would have tempted a bee from his hive on a frosty morning. I thought, as I gazed on her in mute admiration, that I had never looked upon one so exquisitely beautiful. She seemed the embodiment of all that is lovely and bewitching.

Well, time passed on, and one day Mary expressed a desire to visit the printing office.—Gad, thought I, what a chance! I'll do it there, yes, there in the very midst of the implements of mine art—why shouldn't—If *Love in the Printing Office*—eh! There was something original in that, and I resolved to try it at all hazards.

Well, Mary came to the office, and I explained to her the uses of the various implements of the *black art*—the press and the rollers—the ink and the stands, and the boxes of the A B C's.—I took an opportunity to snatch her pretty lily-white hand, and she drew it back, knocking a stick full of matter into *pi!*

"I must have a kiss for that, my pretty one," said I and at it I went. I managed to twist my arm around her waist, and in struggling to free herself, she upset a galley of editoral, a long article on the Oregon question. Nothing daunted, I made at her again. This time I was more successful, for I obtained a kiss. By St. Paul! it was a sweet one, and the little witch bore it like a martyr—she never screamed once; but

as I raised my lips from hers, she lifted her delicate little hand and gave me a box on the ears that made me see more stars than ever viewed by Herschal through his big telescope. Somewhat nettled, and with my cheek smarting with pain, I again seized her waist and said "Well, if you don't like it, just take back the kiss."—She made a desperate struggle, and as she jerked herself from my arms, her foot struck the lye-pot, and over it went! Another galley of editorial was sprinkled over the floor, and in her efforts to reach the door, her foot slipped and she fell, and in the effort to sustain herself, her hand—her lily-white hand—the same little hand that had come in contact with my ears—oh, horrible! —was stuck up to the elbow in the *ink keg*! Shade of Franklin! what a change came over the beauty of that hand! She slowly drew it from the keg dripping with ink, and asked me what use I made of that *tar!* I began to be seriously alarmed and apologised in the best manner I could, and to my suprise, she seemed rather pleased than angry—but there was a "lurking devil in her eye" that told me there was mischief afloat. As I stood surveying the black covering of her hand, scarcely able to suppress a laugh at its strange metamorphosis, she quickly raised it on high, and brought it down "ker slap" upon my cheek! Before I could recover from my surprise, the same little hand had again descended, and again left its inky imprint on my cheek.

"Why, Mary," I exclaimed, "What are you about?"

"I think you told me you rolled ink on the *face* of the form," she replied with a loud laugh, and again her hand lit upon my face—taking me a broad slap in the very middle of my countenance, and most wofully bedaubing my eyes. With a light step and a merry peal of laughter, she skipped through the door. She turned back when beyond my reach, and with her roguish face peering in at the doorway, shouted back.

"I say, Charley, what kind of roller does my hand make?"

"Oh" said I, "you take to much ink."

"Ha! ha!" she laughed, "well, good bye, Charley—*that's my impression*! ha! ha!"

I went to the glass and surveyed myself for a moment and verily believed I could have passed for a Guinea negro without the slightest difficulty.

And so," said I to myself, "this is love in a printing office. The devil fly away with such love!"

The next morning when the editor came to the office, I "rather calculate" he found things a little topsy-turvy. However that made do difference to me—for I had "mizzled" long before day-light.

I bore the marks of that scene for many a day, and now whenever I see a lady enter the printing office, I think of little Mary and keep my eye on the ink keg—and though she was as beautiful as Hebe I would not venture to touch her with a ten foot pole!

Talk about love in a boudoir—love in a bower—love on a spring seat sofa—love by moonlight, starlight, lamplight; or any other light, and I am with you heart and soul—but I pray you by the ghost of Faust, never talk to me about *Love in a printing office!* [Illinois State Gazette.

CONGRESS.

Friday, May 22.

In the SENATE, Mr Fairfield, from committee on Naval Affairs, reported back the hill for building tee steam ships, with amendments, placing the matter ender the control of the President.

Mr Mangum asked when Mr Fairfield inteeded to call np the hill for action. He did not like to give the President exclusive control of all the important matters relative to this unfortunate war with Mexico.

Mr Fairfield said he designed to call it up on next Monday week. The fact that the war hill put other matters under the control of the President, rendered it absolutely necessary to put this measure also.

Mr Allen offered a resolution calling on the President for information in his possession relating to the design of France and England to make Texas an independent monarchy, which was adopted.

The bill to extend jurisdiction over Oregon coming up, Mr Westcott moved to postpone the whole anbject to the first Monday of December next.

Mr Benton then took the floor, and spoke at leegth on the subject of the Oregon boundary. He said it was his unpleasant duty to have to correct the errors of both parties in this controversy. He said our treaty with Russia never intended the the line of 54 40 as our western boundary, but was placed there by us as the western boundary of England.

In the HOUSE, Mr McClelland, from the committee on commerce, reported a hill allowing a drawback on merchandise imported into the United States from the British North American provinces to be exported to foreign countries. Passed.

WOMAN KILLED ON THE RAILROAD. We learn by Mr Bagg, jaryman from West Springfield, that an Irish woman was killed on the railroad in West Springfield, Thursday evening. It is supposed she had fallen asleep on the track, while in a state of intoxication, and that while in this situation the "cow catcher" attached to the downward train of cars, struck her in the head, killing her instantly. Her head was literally clove asunder. [Springfield Post.

☞ The Postmaster General has laid a report before the Senate giving the operations of the post office law in the United States for the month of October last. The following, in substance is the result:—Number of single letters paying five cents, 2,139,203—gross receipts $106,960; number of single letters paying ten cents, 771,669—gross receipts, $77,166. The number of drop letters was 50,842. The ship letters numbered 15,349, and paid like the drop letters, two cents each. Massachusetts made the following returns for the month:—Five cent letters, 315,647; ten cent letters, 45,496; newspapers, 583,429. This is equal to any state in the Union, for the population, and equal to Pennsylvania in the number of newspapers.—*Boston Courier.*

A wretch named Wm. Hudson, living in Pendleton county, Virginia, recently murdered his wife and two children, and maimed four others; the lives of two of the latter were despaired of. He surrendered himself soon afterward, and, in reply to an inquiry, said that he committed the deed in a fit of passion, occasioned by improper conduct on the part of his wife. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

A WAR HORSE FOR WALKER. The intrepid Walker having had his horse killed under him while attempting to open a commenication between Point Isabel and Gen. Taylor's Camp, some spirited gentlemen of our city have determined to send him a magnificent war horse, and subscriptions for this purpose are now being circulated. We doubt not a handsome sum will be realized. [New Orleans Bee, May 13th.

INSURRECTION. Extract from a letter dated Richmond, Va., May 17, 1846: "We had a negro insurrection here a few days since, a few miles from the city. They were to march to the city, and take the banks and all the cash, but they were not quite quick enough. About a dozen were arrested, and they will put a rope round their necks by way of a pattern." [Transcript.

☞ Yesterday a whig of our city was abusing the administration, cursing the Mexican war and the depression in the cotton market to the blundering of President Polk and his cabinet. An Englishman present joined in, and even more abusive than the whig, which the latter was unwilling to listen to, and interrupting John Bull, cried out, "Look you, sir, I have a right to abuse the government as much as I please, but no d——d Englishman shall," and floored him.—*Mobile Tribune.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 26, 1846.

A SUGGESTION.

As our country is now at war, and as the services of many of her brave and gallant sons are called for, and as one of our military companies has nobly volunteered their services in defence of their country,—the first, and as yet the only one in Massachusetts having done so,—wherefore we suggest the propriety of our fellow citizens holding a PUBLIC MEETING for an interchange of sentiments, and to return thanks to our energetic citizen soldiers for their patriotic promptitude in thus at once responding to the call of their country.

What say the liberal citizens of Lowell?

VICTORY OF THE AMERICAN ARMS!

The tidings of two more successful battles, in which Gen. Taylor, and his gallant command ent their way through, routed and slew an overwhelming numerical force of the enemy, have reached us from the Southwest. This news is indeed great, good, glorious. The fire of American patriotism has not yet gone out in the hearts of our countrymen, notwithstanding the traitorous efforts of tory partizans to quench it by a deluge of dirty debility. The old Teutonic "*furor*" remains yet in the Anglo American, and we thank God for it.

We regard these successful battles as but the commencement of a series of victories which shall ultimately extend the blessings of civil and religious liberty to the entire Southwestern North America;—and as we are now engaged in such a war we wish to hear of no end to it,

"—— Till the battle flags are furl'd
In the Parliament of man, the Federation of the world."

WHIG AND DEMOCRATIC PRESSES.

The Union says, the present rebellions of the whig organs are ominous of a determined and desperate attack upon the administration. Such was the course of the federal press in the war of 1812; and we shall scarcely be surprised to see them *now*, as *then*, invoking the formation of an organized opposition—calling forth another Hartford convention perhaps, and urging their members of Congress to refuse supplies for carrying on the war.

The democratic press again, with one or two faltering and equivocal exceptions, marches boldly up to the object, and is prepared with one heart to carry on the war with the vigor which is necessary to abbreviate its duration, and, of course, to mitigate its horrors. It is delightful to witness the firm and patriotic tone which distinguishes the democratic press at the present moment.

☞ The Courier having been engaged for the last six months in the Herculean labor of writing *up* Daniel Webster, has now undertaken to write *down* the administration for its course in relation to the Mexican war. As it used soft soap to rub out and wash off stains from the character of its divinity, it now applies "capsicum and red pepper" to the exposed surface of the public mind in order to raise an inflamation thereon, to be used against the government. As much as it effected *for* Daniel Webster, so much it may be expected to injure the government.

Its articles latterly appear to be written after the fashion of the Tribune and Atlas school combined, but with a highly original taste it has neglected the facility of the one and the thunder of the other, and with singular ingenuity has interwoven the false philosophy and impotent malice of both.

"NOT A LITTLE WAR," The N. Y. Tree Sun says, "as the world's attention is now occupied as to the probabilities of a war between the United States and England, it would be well to consider what kind of a war such a one would be, and what effect it would have upon the civilized world. * * *

It would be a war of oppressed mankind against despots. The starving millions of Ireland; the enslaved patriots of Poland; the priest-ridden millions of Italy, would rise simultaneously against their despotic rulers.

Our government would then treat in its negotiations with the *People* of other countries—Kings and Emperors would not be recognized by us. Their ministers and ambassadors would not be received, and the *people* only send their agents. None but republican ships of war would be formally received by our vessels. Our practices would then accord with our professions of extending the area of Freedom. * *

Then with the locomotive of Liberty we would crush the despotism of the age, and fear not to measure the sword of Justice with Tyrants.

WAR OF MEXICO AGAINST THE U. S. The Union of Tuesday night, speaking of the Mexican Usurper's proclamation of war against the U. States, says: "The fact as officially announced, has at length reached us, that the government of Mexico makes war upon the United Stated. This appears from the manifesto of Parades, dated from the 'National Palace of Mexico, April 23, 1848,' and purporting to be addressed to the nation."

MESSRS. ROCKWELLS & STONE'S MAGNIFICENT CIRCUS. By reference to the advertisement in another column it will be seen that Rockwell & Stone's circus is to visit our city next week. This circus has been open in Boston during the past winter, and received the patronage of its most respectable citizens. The papers of Boston speak in the highest terms of the excellence of their performers and the beauty of their stud of horses. Our citizens will now have an opportunity to judge for themselves.

☞ The democrats of the first congressional district in Mississippi, have nominated Hon. James B, Bowlin as their candidate for the next Congress.

YUCATAN. The Union contains the following extract of a private letter from Yucatan:

"The people of Yucatan, it appears now, are in earnest in throwing off the yoke of the Central Government, and are determined to invoke the aid of the United States to effect this. The bearer of the demand from Gen. Paredes, (I am advised) on calling upon the Yucatan Government for troops to operate against us, was ordered to leave Merida immediately, for that the only troops that Yucatan would furnish, would be to operate against Mexican tyranny."

☞ We learn by the N. Y. True Sun that at the opening of the great national fair the young gentlemen looked round most anxiously for the five hundred Lowell girls who were expected, but they were not visible. The managers will have to account for it. Some dozen of bachelors had made up their minds to select from the "*Five hundred.*"

THE PHALANX and the CITY GUARDS will perform military duty to-morrow.

From the Boston Times Extra.

By Telegraph Despatch from Washington to the N. Y. Sun.

LATEST FROM THE ARMY.

TWO BATTLES!

Mexicans twice routed and TWELVE HUNDRED KILLED!

American loss in Second Battle 62---Killed and Wounded.

GEN. VEJAH TAKEN PRISONER!

MAJ. RINGGOLD DIED OF HIS WOUNDS

CAPTAINS THORNTON AND HARDEE, AND LIEUT. KANE, RELEASED BY THE MEXICANS.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun,

WASHINGTON, May 23d, 1846.
Saturday Evening, 7 o'clock.

The mail from New Orleans of 16th instant, just le, brings the following most important intelligence:

A great battle had been fought by Gen. Taylor, on his return from Point Isabel to the Camp.

He encountered, it is supposed, from 5000 to 7000 Mexicans, to which he had but 1600 men to oppose, and yet with that small force he had cut his way through the Mexicans, killing a large body of the enemy, capturing their cannon at the point of the bayonet, and taking Gen. Vejah, one of the commanding generals, prisoner.

The battle was fought on the 7th, and our troops, wearied and fatigued after action, slept on the field, and found next morning 200 Mexicans lying near them killed.

Several pieces of artillery have been taken by our troops, and the disparity of force was so great that I cannot but consider it a most glorious result for the arms of the United States. I lament to add that the brave Major Ringgold of Baltimore, was killed in this action.

SECOND BATTLE!

The second battle took place on the 9th inst., commencing at 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M., within 3 miles of Taylor's camp. The action was on the edge of a ravine and one mile from the chapperal which was near 12 miles in width; the Mexicans commencing the action with their artillery, which was posted so as to sweep a narrow passage, through which Gen. Taylor was advancing. On the other hand, Gen. Taylor immediately ordered a charge in the teeth of the enemy's destructive fire, and the troops promptly responding, carried the enemies' guns at the point of the bayonet.

The total loss of the Mexicans in both actions was at least 1200. The Mexican forces amounted to at least 6000 men, while that of the Americans did not exceed 1600 men. An exchange of prisoners took place subsequent to the battle, by which Capt. Thornton and Lieuts. Hardee and Kane were released, Lt. Dana was not demanded. Amongst the prisoners taken by Gen Taylor was Gen. Vega, for him two American officers were offered in exchange, but it was declined to give him up save in exchange for an officer of equal rank whenever one should be taken.

The Mexican army was so confident of victory that every preparation had been made to celebrate it, but all their preparations fell into the hands of the Americans. In their flight many of the Mexicans took to the river and were drowned in their attempts to swim it. Gen. Taylor reached his camp the afternoon after the army leaving there, his whole force for the next morning left for Point Isabel and arrived there on the evening of the 10th.

So sudden and impetuous was the attack that Gen. Arista had not time to save his papers, which, with all his correspondence, fell into the hands of Gen. Taylor. The action lasted one hour and a half, in which time 600 Mexicans were killed or wounded, and the Americans took 300 prisoners and 8 pieces of artillery. On the morning of the 11th he started back to his camp opposite Matamoras. We need not say that he and his army are all in fine spirits.

The Americans lost in the second action, about sixty-two killed and wounded. Among the killed were Col. McIntosh, Lieut. Cochran, by the bursting of a shell, Lieut. [illegible], whose names are not given. Col. Kane, Lieuts. Gates, Verbank, Hooe, Luther and others, were among the wounded.

Further information has been received that the American consul and all the American residents at Matamoras had been arrested, and sent to Saltillo, a small town about 30 miles from Matamoras.

ACCIDENT. We learn that Mr Norcross, of the firm of Fiske & Norcross, lumbermen of this city, and formerly of Bangor Me., who is now engaged near the head waters of the Merrimack, directing the operations of his lumbermen, was thrown from his carriage and had his leg broken, one day last week.

☞ We have received of Mr N. L. Dayton, Mer. street, a copy of Professor Upham's Inaugural Address, delivered before the New Hampton Seminary, N. H. The subject of the address is, *Theological Education.* Its object is, to show the necessity of specially educating the clergy to fit the order for their calling.

ROBBERY. The Providence Gazette says, a young man from Boston—Nathan H. Kingsbury—while riding along in Rehoboth, had his horse stopped by two men, and himself dragged from his wagon and robbed of his watchand pocket-book containing $11½.

GREAT WAR MEETINGS are being held all over the country. One was held in Baltimore last Saturday which was addressed by Gen. Houston and Hon. Reverdy Johnson.

NO DRAFT IN LOUISIANA. Louisiana has volunteered the four regiments required by Gen. Taylor, without the need of a draft by the Governor.

☞ The Mechanic Phalanx of Lowell have unanimously volunteered for the war. Also the National Cadets of Providence, and their offer was accepted by Governor Diman. The Bristol, R. I., artilery offer for garrison duty, if the U. S. troops shall be withdrawe.—*Past.*

THE PHALANX of this city have voted to hold in readiness to march to the seat of the war at the call of the Governor.

☞ Our government has purchased two steamers of 500 tons each, built by Bell & Brown of N. Y., and four schooners of 90 toes each, all intended for the Mexicans.

☞ Some one has borrowed a flag, the National Ensign, belonging to his office. Will they oblige us by returning it, without delay?

☞ All the military companies in Boston come out to-morrow. There will be a grand display.

☞ The report of the death of the widow of Col. Cross, proves to have been incorrect.

☞ Tarlton & Child, Mer. st., get up as good a boot, and in as good style as any establishment in the city.

☞ Mr Parry has sold his interest in the Pennsylvanian (one half) to John W. Forney, Esq. The Pennsylvanian will now be conducted by Messrs Hamilton and Forney.

ANOTHER STAR COMING. The Milwaukie Courier says that a very large majority of the people of Wisconsin, have declared in favor of a State Government.

The New England Workingmen's Convention will hold its annual meeting at hall 339 Washington street, (Boston) on Wednesday and Thursday. [Post.

MILITARY TO BE CALLED OUT.—*Official.* The following regiments of volunteers are to be enrolled, but *not* called into service until further orders:

States.	*Number of Regiments.*	*Foot.*
Maine	1	777
New Hampshire	1-2	390
Massachusetts	1	777
Rhode Island	1-2	390
Connecticut	1-2	390
Vermont	1-2	390
New York	7	5,439
New Jersey	1	777
Delaware	1-2	390
Pennsylvania	6	4,662
Maryland	2	1,554
Virginia	3	2,331
North Carolina	1	777
South Carolina	1	777
Louisiana	2	1,554
Michigan	1	777
Florida	1-2	390
Iowa	1	777
Wisconsin	1	777
Alabama	1-2	390
	39	24,486

Volunteers called for from different States for *immediate* service:

States.	*Number of Regiments.*	*Horse.*	*Foot.*
Arkansas	1½	789	388
Mississippi	1		777
Alabama	1		777
Georgia	1		777
Tennessee	2	789	1554
Kentucky	2	789	1554
Missouri	1	789	
Illinois	2		2331
Indiana	2		2331
Ohio	2		2331
Texas	1½	789	388
	22	3945	13,208
			3,945
			17,153

☞ The public attention is invited to the following testimonials favorable to Prof. Church as a teacher of the French language. Prof. C. is about to open a course of free lessons. (See advertisement.)

Extract from the Report of the standing Committee of the Boston Primary Schools, presented to the Primary School Committee, December 8, 1845, and read to the Teachers on the afternoon of December 9, 1845.

"The Standing Committee cannot omit to make honorable mention, in this Report, of the kindness of Mr Edward Church, a teacher of French, in this city, who, at the request of the Chairman of this Committee, gave a gratuitous course of twenty-four lessons in the French Language, during the past summer, to the Teachers of our Primary and Grammar Schools, much to the gratification and improvement of the large number who attended.

"Not only did our teachers derive profit from the instruction given by Mr Church, in the particular subject of his lessons; but also, (and in this opinion the Teachers unanimously, we believe, concur,) from the very valuable example which he set before them, of the right way and manner of imparting instruction.—It was a frequent remark among the Teachers, that, if they learned nothing of the French language, they were more than repaid for their attendance, by the excellent example of the art of teaching and of devoted attention to a Teacher's duties, which Mr Church set before them, in his own person.

"In communicating to the Board their feelings in relation to the kind attention of Mr Church to our Teachers, the Standing Committee have no doubt the members of the board will be disposed to unite with them in the expression of their thanks for his kindness; and they therefore append to their Report a Resolution to that effect, "which they trust will meet with the approbation of the Board."

Signed JOS. W. INGRAHAM, Chairman.

At a meeting of the Primary School Committee, held on the eighth day of December, 1845, the following Resolution appended to the Report of the Standing Committee, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the cordial thanks of this Board be presented to Edward Church, Esq., for the generous devotion of his time to the gratuitous instruction in the French language, of the Teachers of our Schools, and that a copy of this Resolution, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, be communicated to him.

J. F. BUMSTEAD, Chairman.
ALVAN SIMONDS, Secretary.

NEW BOOKS.

Pictorial Bible. The Harpers have now completed this splendidly illuminated edition of the Scriptures at a cost which puts it within the means of almost every one. Instead of diminishing in beauty as it drew near a close, the last number contains two plates, (full size) beside a family register, each displaying artistical skill which would do honor to the burin of any engraver. Back numbers of the Bible, to complete sets may be had at Bixby's.

Illuminated Shakspeare, Nos. 79 and 80. This double number has a portrait of Egypt's Queen, for whose voluptuous "amila" "Antony lost a world,"—which alone is worth its cost.

The Bush-ranger of Van Dieman's Land, No. 82, Library of select Novels. This is a kind of story which we do not much affect, yet to those who have a taste for such tales, there is sufficient of love, murder and war to interest them and not leave a regret for the small sum which they will pay for it.

D'Aubigne's Discourses. To those who have read the Reformation, we need not commend the style or matter of these productions. Of the manner of publication, it is high praise to say that it is worthy of the contents.

A MAN BURNT TO DEATH. We learn that Hirem Bowman, of Hudson, was burnt to death last week, in Londonderry, under the following circumstances. He was engaged in the woods alone not far from Crem's tavern preparing a coal-pit, and occupied an old shanty which had been built and was used by wood-choppers last winter. On Monday of last week, he went to his work, and nothing more was seen or heard of him until Friday, when a man who had lent him a stove went to the woods for it, and found the shanty had been destroyed by fire; and upon examining the ruins, the half consumed corpse of Bowman was found. It is supposed that the fire caught in the night while he was asleep. He was a single man, about 25 years old. His dog, his only companion, was also burnt to death. [Nashua Gazette.

☞ Mr Hudson said in Congress the other day, that he had nothing to do with the old federalists. He belongs to a party here which claimed in their last state address to be the legitimate descendants of the old federal party, and the inheritors and supporters of its principles.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT. The stone cars ran over a little boy some twelve years of age, in Hookseit, on Thursday week, literally splitting open one of his legs from his thigh to the ankle. He was the son of Mr Shute. [Manchester Messenger.

ACCIDENT. In Winchendon, on Monday last, as the stage was in front of the tavern, the horses became fractious, and a Mr Holl, of Waltham, who was on the top of the stage, became frightened, and leaped from the coach, breaking one of his legs in a shocking manner. [Concord Freeman.

The first salmon caught in Lowell was served up yesterday by Maj. Ferrin of the American House.—[Courier.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The Glorious news of the successful battle is confirmed. Eight thousand Mexican troops arrived at Matamoras. Gen. Paredes on his way with 15,000 more.

FARTHER PARTICULARS.

The Galveston Civilian of the 15th says, on the 18t Gen Taylor received an express from his camp, stating that 8000 fresh troops had arrived at Matamoras and that over 3000 had crossed the Rio Grande.

He immediately made preparations to leave next day, with all the force that could be spared from Point Isabel. Gen Paredes is at the head of 15,000 troops on his way to Matamoras. It may possibly be that the fresh troops arrived at Matamoras, is the advance division of his army.

No doubt the enemy were fully advised that General Taylor had left for Point Isabel, and their plan is to try and capture him on his return, whilst a strong force crossing above is to come down upon his army.

The Mexicans had continued their firing into the fort opposite Matamoras nearly ever since Gen. Taylor left the works. The brave and gallant Major Brown died from a wound received in his thigh.

Our loss has been only 263 in the fort.

The United States squadron arrived off Brasos De Santiago May 8th. The object of the comodore of the fleet now is to blockade the whole Mexican coast.

The frigates Cumberland, Raritan, Potomac, the sloop John Adams, and the brigs Lawrence and Somers, constitute the navy force there.

LET IT BE RECORDED

That **John Quincy Adams, Geo. Ashmun, Henry Y. Cranston, Erastus D. Culver, Columbus Delano, Joshua R. Giddings, Joseph Grinnell, Charles Hudson, Daniel P. King, Joseph M. Root, John Strohm, Daniel R. Tilden, Joseph Vance** and **Luther Severence,** of the House of Representatives, and **Thomas Clayton** and **John Davis,** of the Senate, ALL WHIGS, voted against furnishing supplies of men and money to sneeer our army oe the frontier, when surrounded by the enemy and hourly in danger of being cut to pieces by the foe! Let this fact not only be RECORDED, but REMEMBERED!—*Maine Age.*

And let it be remembered too, that five of those sixteen whigs represent our own Massachusetts!

☞ The Nashua Telegraph speaking of May Training there Tuesday last says,—

"The uniformed companies appeared very finely.—The Artillery, under Capt. Charles H. Parker, were in good order and discipline. The Guards, Capt. James N. Center, came out with a beautiful new white fountain plume, and new dark pantaloons, with the band belonging to the village. Their ranks were full, and their discipline good. The Light Guard, Capt. Geo. W. Holt, had out full ranks and a full band from Lowell, and did well. The Greys, Capt. Isaac J. Fox, made their first appearance under a legal organization, and looked finely, and for men who have had only their very limited drilling, we think did very well, indeed"

We know of no place with six times or less, the number of inhabitants where one would find so many fine military companies as in Nashua.

The following note of distances is not without interest at this time: From New Orleans to Point Isabel is 302 miles by water. From Galveston to Point Isabel is 320 miles by water. From New Orleans to Vera Cruz is 1500 miles. The population of the city of Mexico is about 180,000. The population of the whole country is about nine millions. [Mail.

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



GRAND ENTERTAINMENT WITH GREAT ADDITION IN INTEREST, SPLENDOR, &c.

THE MAGNIFICENT MAMMOTH CIRCUS of Messrs. Rockwell & Stone doubly increased from their former great attractions, *unrivals all Conceivable Grandeur* for their Tal ited performance, Equipments, &c., combined for their Travelling Entertainments this Year 1846. *This most renown and Brilliant Establishment* comprising upwards of *One Hundred and Twenty Men and Horses*, will exhibit in LOWELL,

ON THE SOUTH COMMON, near the South Grammar School House, for six days only, commencing on MONDAY the 1st day of JUNE, next.

The particulars of this MIGHTY EQUESTRIAN TROUPE so fortunate and famous, are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a correct detail may be found in the *Immense Descriptive Bills* posted in the principal Hotels and elsewhere. However it may not be amiss to annex the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal, MADAM CAMILLA GARDNER, PROF. HARRINGTON & SON, OSCAR R. STONE, WM. H. STOUT, MAST. STOUT, G. W. SERGEANT, D. MINNICH, C. BADON, V. PAQUET, H. SMITH, F. CRAWFORD, E. DORR, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Messrs. CAMPBELL, GALBIANE, T. WARDER and J. WADDEE, Vocalists; BACON & DAN GARDNER, Clowns. The TYROLEANS. The DANCING PONY FANNY ELLSLER; INTELLIGENT DOG NAPOLEON, etc., etc.

This Grand Cavalcade will be preceeded on their arrival, by the N. Y. Brass Band in their costly CHARIOT, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by EIGHT SPLENDID STEEDS driven in hand.

☞ Doors open at 2½ and 7½, P. M., performance commences at 3 and 8. Admittance to boxes 25 cents, Pit 12½. may26a1j6

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or course BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

GRATIS.--EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at 9 to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

"WHILE THERE IS LIFE THERE IS HOPE."

Instances like the following are almost of daily occurrence, and render superfluous all further comment upon the efficacy of Wistar's Balsam.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir,—The character of Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry is so well established throughout the country, and especially in the state of New York, that any further testimony would seem to be unnecessary. Yet I have derived so much advantage from it, that I am happy to communicate through you to the sick and afflicted, what it has done for me, and I consider it a privilege and duty to do so. I have been troubled with weak lungs four years: had a cough more or less every winter. I was confined to the house all last winter with a severe cough, pain in the side and breast, raised blood several times. I consulted a physician, but have never taken any medicines which has done me so much good as *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*.

I consider it the best medicine in the world for Coughs Colds, and Pulmonary complaints.

WILLIAM B. SWARTS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&paju14.

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of these complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&Fdecbm

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell; Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfsdvme28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, on Sunday, May 24, by I. W. Beard, Esq., Mr Ebenezer S. Sanborn to Miss Joanna E. Furgerson.

In this city, May 21, by Rev. Mr Springer, Mr Ebenezer N. Bartlett to Miss Elizabeth A. Kimball.

At Shirley, 16th inst., by Rev. Mr Chandler, Mr Wm. G. Linsted, of Boston, to Miss Mary F., daughter of John K. Goiog, Esq., of S.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending May 23, 1846.

May 18th, Caroline Holmes, 23 yrs, puerperal fever; 20th, Sarah C. Sandborn, 7, consumption; 22d, Eleanor Realy, 16, consumption; Margaret Devlin, 56, consumption; Ann Rourke, 2, measles; 23d, Mariah Chase, 20, inflammation of brain; Wm. A. Johnston, 3, convulsions.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experiance, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage. Orders received for *Embossing* Cards.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Duyton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3w1s*

MESSENGER'RS NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, May 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell, in said County, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hutchinson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the 5th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Hutchinson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
my23a3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may 23

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

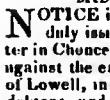
Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N H.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.

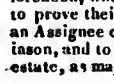


The fast sailing packet ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. m26

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

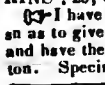
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday.



The fast sailing packet Schooner SAM'L DAVIS, *Hosie*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m26

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
First Vessel.



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STODDARD master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m13

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if other diseases be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ouinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the *last eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbours will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littletoo; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutory activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

IMPORTANT NOTICE I

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

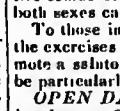


WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; oleo, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&rly GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Trees, Shrubs. &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

NOTICE.

LOWELL, May 19, 1846.

I HEREBY release to my son Joseph M. D. Johnson, the remainder of his time during his minority, and will not claim his earnings after this day.

may21a3t HARRIET JOHNSON.

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19a1f

Wanted!

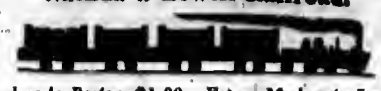
EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

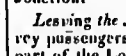
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 1½, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Couches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—*MERRIMACK STREET*,—*No.* 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

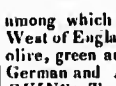
☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pinno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best, work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—*Merrimack Street*,—*No.* 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfmar7] April 6, 1846.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, an and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of LORING MARSHALL, late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate, has presented for allowance to the Judge of Probate of said County, the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased: Ordered, That the said administrator notify the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of said deceased, to appear at a Court of Probate to be holden at Lowell, in and for said County, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, by leaving a true copy of the following citation with all persons interested therein living within twenty miles of said Court, or reading the same to them fourteen days at least previous thereto, and notifying all others concerned in said estate, by causing a true copy of the following citation to be published three weeks successively in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, the last publication to be at least three days before the said first Tuesday of June next.

Given under my hand and seal at Cambridge this first day of May, A. D., 1846.

S. P. P. FAY, Judge of Probate.

MIDDLESEX, SS.—To the heirs at law and all others interested in the estate of LORING MARSHALL, *late of Lowell, in said County, trader, deceased, intestate.*

GREETING:

WHEREAS, *Ithamar W. Beard*, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance to the judge of probate of said county the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased.

You are hereby notified to appear at a Court of Probate, to be holden at Lowell in and for said county, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next to show cause, if any you have, against the allowance of the same.

By order of the judge of probate. Dated at Cambridge, this first day of May, A. D. 1846;

adv3wmay5 ISAAC FISKE, Register.

New Watch, Jewelry, & House Furnishing Establishment,

203 WASHINGTON STREET.... BOSTON.

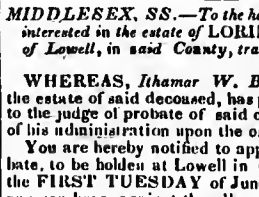
A. L. DENNISON & CO. having recently taken the above Store, invite the attention of purchasers to an entirely new and well selected stock of articles in their line, among which may be found the following:—

Rich Gold and Silver Watches;
Silver Spoons and Forks;
Plated on Steel, and on German Silver Spoons and Forks;
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens;
Plated Tea Sets, Baskets, Castors and Candlesticks;
Solar and Hand Lamps, Girandoles;
Tea Trays and Britannia Ware;
Sheffield Table and Pocket Cutlery;
Razors, Scissors, Toilet Combs and Brushes;
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses;
Steel Rings, Purses, Card Cases, Paper Folders;
Silver and Plated Coral and Bells;
Children's Silver and Plated Cups;
Children's Silver and Plated and Steel Knives and Forks;
Watchmakers' Tools and Materials—all of which will be sold at prices calculated to please our customers and secure their attention.

A. L. DENNISON,
NATHAN FORTER. ap28 a1m

WAGER & DATER'S

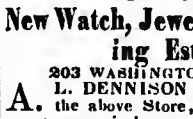
Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting Mineral Teeth on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan to renew and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Cowley Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Notice

IS hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor to the last will and testament of JOSEPH W. WIGHT, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, Machinist, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Joseph W. Wight, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

adv3may7 ITHAMAR W. BEAD, Executor.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Assignee's Sale of Marble and Stone Work.—The entire stock of Benjamin Day, Lowell st., consisting in part of 700 feet of American marble headstones, ready shaped—700 feet American do. da. in Slabs—100 feet Swanton do. for hearths—145 feet Italian marble head stones, ready for lettering—232 feet Italian marble slabs—425 do. do., thin—175 do. do. 1¼ inch thick—2 Italian Marble Obeliaks, sawed out in form—1 do. do. Die—1 large Marble monument—5 da. da. Obeliaks—530 feet Soap Stone hearths, in slabs—5 large blocks Soap Stone—1 lot sand stone—1 lot Harvard Slate stone—3 small buildings on leased land—1 large Bay Horse—1 waggon and harness, and sundry other articles belonging to the same estate, by order of Han. Josiah G. Abbott, assignee of the estate of Benjamin Day, an insolvent debtor. Terms at sale which will be on the promises. my26

On SATURDAY next, May 30th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. 1 New Sliding Top Buggy, with extra seat, drab lined, made in the most thorough manner on the improved plan—1 second-hand Concord built wagon, iron axles, in good condition—1 second-hand buggy, drab lined, nearly new, extra width, an excellent family carriage—2 second-hand Buggy harnesses, brass mounted harnesses, in good condition—1 Black mounted do.—1 second-hand covered wagon, on elyptic springs and iron axles, in good order—1 new Express wagon, Boston built, cost $135—1 second hand Store wagon in prime order.

Dry Goods.

On TUESDAY, May 26, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at office.—A very prime stock of seasonable Dry Goods, consisting of a great variety of Summer Dress Goods, Bishop's and Queen's Lawns, Thin stuff for boys' clothes, Linen Drillings, Calicoes, Corded Ottamans DeLains, silk warp Alpaccas, Mohair Cantings, a great variety of Summer Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, Cravats, Pocket Hdkfs, Sewing Silks, Threads, &c. &c.

N. B. Ladies are invited to attend.

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co. (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Footers on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Favor, now owned D. S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 5 small tenements.

Also, 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Abner Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

Houses Lots at Auction.

On TUESDAY, May 26, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, Two House Lots situated on Appleton st., first lot above a house built and occupied by Mr Farmer, nearly opposite the new Machine Shop.

No. 1.—This lot is 30 feet front by 110 deep.

No. 2 is 50 front by 110 deep.

These lots are very desirable for private residences, they being very pleasantly situated close by the Common, and on a street that bids fare ere long to be one of the pleasantest in the city. Said lots are within a few minutes walk of the Appleton, Hamilton and Middlesex Mills. Persons wishing to purchase lots will do well to wait until this sale.

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 2910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call;

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Merrimack Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of these HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly.—It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Poad, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. myl4 A&P6mcho

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Beecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*; John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*; Lewis'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*; Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skeltan; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Beeja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. advSmar26

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

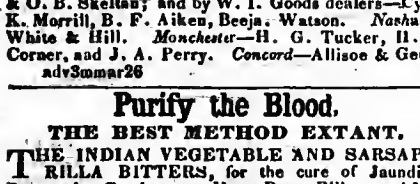
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,
Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and best *selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform the pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and not *by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf&w6

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreoux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenerd's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, of Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination at some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of man who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benovolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplaxy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast as every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—o remedy *for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, sarsaparilla Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jna7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and meaneaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coitus, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary vendors resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding town surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physicians as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lata, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mcy12u] dec16

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and joining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unequal power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild *Cherry* Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system;

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug20

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE, Rev Mr *Bennett's* 23th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 28, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 63.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 4d, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may2t Insurances effected. A&ply

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
edvty LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, *CENTRAL STREET*;
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50, Merrimack Street,
pattfo24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,
COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE,]
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jen21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 9, 1845. je8tf


Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept18

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets,
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on Houses.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.
jan8

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
tfnov1

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Duors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
jan

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. —tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mirrors, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseillea Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one of three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking-Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. atyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129 } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing All Operations on the Teeth and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Minera Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one, wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North,	" Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	" John Aier,
George Walker,	" Mary Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnov8&apoct23

Lumber for Sale.
FOR SALE—80,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to
P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 19, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, Lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bittars, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bittere, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *.* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&parlyapr4

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilds, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston, have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1946. a6wnprt9

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Care of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, *"a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice."*
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&ptyfeb14

Wanted!
EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

LINES ON THE DEATH OF CHARLES J. FOX, ESQ., OF NASHVILLE, N. H.

BY JOHN H. WARLAND.

The scholar's brilliant light is dim,
And on his brow Death's signet set!
Oh, many an eye that welcomed him,
With sorrow's burning test is wet!
His was a noble heart and true—
His was the strong and gifted mind,
And Fame and Love around him threw
Their wreaths, with choicest flowers entwined.

His mind lay like a gem within
A fretted and a slender frame,
Which oft it buoyed to health again,
Unknown whence the healing came.
The jewel though the casket frail,
Shone with a clear and perfect ray,
As if its light would never pale
Before e'en Death's triumphant sway.

He wore away—no lovelier clime
With fairy scenes and gentle breeze—
The grandeur of the ocean chime,
Italia's skies or India's seas—
Not these could brace his wasting frame—
Nor home with all its memories dear—
But calmly, when the summons came,
His soul soared to a brighter sphere.

His was the scholar's gentleness—
"The faculty and power divine"—
Which leave on all their strong impress,
And glow in every thought and line.
Truth found in him a champion,
Clad in her armor burnished bright—
An error's clouds sank one by one,
Before his clear, serener light.

His was a Christian's holiness—
Whose beautiful and placid ray
Beamed on his soul, its flight to bless
Along its bright celestial way—
Undimmed in life's long last eclipse,
When Love its midnight vigils kept—
When press'd to his HER pale, pale lips,
And gentle eyes above him wept.

Tread lightly where the scholar sleeps,
Within his cold and narrow bed,
For one her bridal vigils keeps—
Above the wept and stained dead.
Tread lightly by his rural tomb—
And o'er it plant the gentle flowers,
Sweet symbols of her spirit's bloom
In a far brighter land than ours.

JUSTICE IN THE INTERIOR OF POLAND.

A REMARKABLE CRIMINAL CASE.

The continental journals ever anon give records of tribunal cases attended either by such features of criminality or such circumstances of barbarism in the administration of justice as produce a good effect in impressing us with a sense of the comparitively happy condition of our own country. We have selected one case of this nature which seems to us worthy of being quoted; and which has reference to that portion of Poland under the Russian dominion, a country apparently in a most wretched state. Though reported lately, the case occurred a year or two ago; but the state of Poland is no way since improved.

The towns of Bordyezow, in the ancient province of Volhynia, was the immediate scene of the transaction to be recorded. On the 4th of March, of the year 1837, a physician of that town was called out at night to visit a patient. In traversing a small and secluded street he stumbled and fell over an unexpected obstacle. Feeling the object which had thrown him down to be soft and warm, he examined further with his hands, and became assured that the body of a newly murdered man lay before him. He immediately called for assistance. Lights were brought, and the police appeared, when it was found that the victim was a young man, on whom thirty-six wounds had been inflicted with a sharp stabbing weapon. Marks of violence or strangulation also appeared on the neck. The body was soon recognized to be that of Moses Abraham Ovitch, tutor to the children of the Jew Chaim Isaac Kovitch, usually known by the name of Kiszka.

Kiszka, whose tutor was found in this condition, was a man of great local importance, not only from the number and extent of his possession, but also from the public functions which he discharged. In the insurrection of 1831 he had sided with the Russians, and made himself notorious for his activity as a spy and informer in their cause. In recompense for his services he had been afterwards appointed by the Russian authorities to the office of prosecutor or denouncer of the smugglers or contrabandists of the district, a sort of land custom-house officer, in short. As the cities of Zytomir and Berdytchef, the richest and most important in the Ukraine, and the latter of them containing a population of 48,000 persons, 40,000 of them Jews, have no other industry, and no other means of industry, save what are of a contraband nature, it may be guessed that Kiszka's previously acquired character was anything but improved by his new employment. In fact, he became an object of terror and hatred to the whole province, and he was endured only through the popular dread of punishment and fines the latter of which resources is a favorite one with the Russian authorities, and is wielded by them alike against whole communities and single individuals.

The news of the assassination of Moses Abraham Ovitch, tutor to his personage, spread like wildfire through the town; and however indisposed personally, the head of the police found himself obliged, immediately after discovering the body, to transport himself to the house of Kiszka. That individual was found in bed, and feigned to be awakened out of a sound sleep.—But his agitated manner told another tale; and, when desired to get up, it appeared that he was fully clothed from head to foot. On examination, stains of blood were found sprinkled over his dress, and yet undried. It seemed indeed, to the eye of impartial observation, as if he had just reached his bed after coming from the bloody deed. Whether the police were impartial observers or not may well be doubted; but their line of conduct was dictated to them on the present occasion by the populace. Before Kiszka could even be questioned a great uproar took place outside his abode. Thundering knocks were applied to the gates, and the people soon burst into the house. It was with difficulty that the police could save Kiszka from being torn to pieces on the spot, and it was only after many promises of an instant inquest into the murder that they got the suspected party conveyed to jail for security.

The family of Kiszka consisted of four motherless children, two sons and two daughters; and in the house were also found two men-servants and two girls. One other servant, a girl named

Omelanka, known to belong to the household, could be discovered nowhere when the police went to make their examination. The youngest of the boys confessed, on interrogation, that a violent quarrel had taken place on the evening before the murder between Kiszka and the tutor, and that the later then wished to leave the house, but had been locked into a chamber by Kiszka. After retiring to rest the children had hear plaintive cries and moans in the house. The other son confirmed this tale. The eldest girl, who was about the age of sixteen, revealed that the tutor, though he might have been punished for other causes, had been loose so far in his moral conduct. As far as she could explain the matter, the girl (Kiszka's daughter) thought that the death of the tutor had been occasioned by the jealousy of the missing servant, Omelanka.—This person, a well-looking woman of nineteen, lived in improper relations with her master Kiszka, but was attached to the tutor. In consequence of finding her affections unreturned, Omelanka, (as the daughter of Kiszka thought,) had artfully enraged her master against the tutor, and had instigated the former to the murder, if by him it had really been committed.

This conjecture (for it was no more) was taken advantage of by the police and authorities to save Kiszka, who was a man too useful and loyal, as well as too rich, to be willingly sacrificed, although the very blood, stains were found upon him, and the children's direct evidence could not be explained away, while Omelanka's disappearence, perhaps involuntary, was all that stood against her. Nevertheless, while the people waited in anxious suspense for declaration of the results of the inquest, to their suprise and indignation, an officer, attended by a party of soldiers, appeared in the streets of Burdyezow, and read the following proclamation:

"The chief of the police, Baron Zabieline, being convinced, on close inquiry, that the real author of the murder of Moses Abraham Ovitch is the missing girl Omelanke, (who, in all probability, has been induced by remorse to drown herself in the river,) the Jew, Chalm Isaac Kovitch, is accordingly set at liberty as one totally innocent in the affair; and Baron Zabieline warns the inhabitants of Burdyezow to do him no injury, upon pain of severe punishment."

Such was the proclamation, and, in terms of it, Kiszka was at once set at liberty; but, before leaving the guardhouse, he sent for six sturdy peasants of the Ukraine, and, surrounded by his body-guard, he made his way openly through the streets to his own house. When there, he placed sentinels and took other precautions for safety. These measures, however, could not frighten the people or check the murmers. During the whole night after the liberation of Kiszka, menacing bands paced in front of his mansion. In the morning matters had grown still more ominous. Five or six thousand men, Jews like himself, and many of them students, had assembled near the house of the obnoxious Kiszka; and, at length, early in the day, they made an attack on it with sticks, stones, and such like weapons. Seeing the perilous state of things, Baron Zabieline attempted to address and pacify the mob, but narrowly escaped without personal injury. He then called out the military, both horse and foot, and a serious conflict took place. It terminated in the dispersion of the people, after they had left forty-three of their number in the streets, victims to the sabres and fire-arms of the soldiery.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

CONGRESS.

Saturday, May 23.

The SENATE was not in session, and the point of attraction appeared to be the National Fair, which continues to be thronged by visitors from all parts of the country.

In the HOUSE, Mr Stanton asked leave to introdnce a resolution from the committee on naval affairs, to print 5000 copies of the report of the committee accompanying the bill for the construction of 12 iron war steamers and one iron frigate. The House refused.

Mr Daniel moved that the House proceed to the consideration of the private bills reported from the committee of the whole on the private calendar. This motion prevailed, and the rest of the session was devoted to private business, and at a quarter before two o'clock the House adjourned.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun, by Telegraph.

Washington, May 26.

IN SENATE. On motion of Mr Pearce of Md., the committee on military affairs were instructed to inquire into the expediency of distributing among the officers and soldiers, engaged in the war, all the property captured in said war.

On motion of Mr Dix the Senate then took up the bill for carrying on the war with Mexico.

The bill intended to increase the number of General officers.

Mr Dix explained the object of the bill, and the necessity of its being passed before the middle of June. There might be 30000 volunteers on the Rio Grande who would need to be officered.

He argued in favor of reducing the number of officers at the close of the war.

Mr Morehead followed, he paid a high tribute to Gen. Taylor, and contended that new officers should be taken from the regular army, he did not want to see old "rough and ready," as they call Gen. Taylor, over slaughtered by allowing the President to put over him four Brigadier Generals who had never seen service.

He should oppose the bill unless properly amended.

In the HOUSE, Mr Brinkerhoff called up the resolution for thanks to Gen. Taylor and his army, but again consented to lay it aside, to wait for a message from the President covering the official despatches.

Mr Paine is now speaking in favor of Mr Grover's motion to strike out the item of $59,000 for the support of the Marine Hospitals.

PATRIOTISM AND TORYISM.

Patriotism. Whatever may be the difference of opinion as to the origin or necessity of a war, the constitutional authorities of the country have declared, that war with a foreign country actually exists.

It is alike the dictate of patriotism and humanity, that every means, honorable to ourselves and just to our enemy, should be employed to bring "said war to a speedy and successful termination." * * * *

To that end, I call upon the citizens of Massachusetts at once to enrol themselves in sufficient numbers to meet this request of the President of the United States, and to hold themselves in readiness to be mustered into the service of the Republic, when the exigencies of the country shall require it.—*George N. Briggs.*

Toryism. It is understood that requisition has been made upon Massachusetts for fifteen hundred men, to aid in carrying on the war. For any *proper* purpose these men will not be needed. * * *

Massachusetts, we trust, will take no part in this invasion and subjugation of Mexico which is threatened. *Lowell Courier.*

☞ A Thermometer does not indicate the degrees of cold or heat, more accurately than does the appearance of the whigs the nature of the news from the "seat of war." When you see them stepping off very briskly, with "heads up," and smiling countenances, you may safely infer that the Mexicans have the better of the fight. On the contrary, when they appear downcast, look as cross as—, and each one is "mum" as a "hard cider" candidate for the Presidency, you may depend upon it, the Americans have gained a victory, says the Franklin Democrat.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 28, 1846.

TORYISM.

The government, with only sixteen dissenting votes in the Senate and house, has declared war to exist by the acts of Mexico. The President, to prosecute the war, has called on the governors of the several states for soldiers. Our gallant army already in the field, is marching on from victory to victory, against great and fearful odds. While true Americans are rejoicing in our success and triumphs, as in the last war, there is a party of tories trying to bring defeat upon our arms, compel us to an ignoble surrender of our claims to our rightful territory, to yield to Mexican insolence, braggadocio and treachery, by paralyzing the efforts of our government, by denouncing the war as an unjust, unholy crusade upon the poor weak Mexicans for the perpetuity of slavery, and the robbery of Mexico without a shadow of cause or excuse. Such, we say, is the language of the tory party. We say it too, not without authority. The Lowell Courier of May 23d, in a leader headed "The war with Mexico," following in the wake of the N. Y. Tribune, the Boston Atlas and Advertiser, says—

"Our course in relation to Mexico for the past twelve years or more, has been a series of outrages and wrongs, which would not have been borne by any other nation of any respectability. We have connived at and aided the dismemberment of the republic—stolen her rich and noble province of Texas, and until lately she has merely remonstrated in words. It was not until we undertook to extend our jurisdiction over several hundred miles of undoubted Mexican territory, containing Mexican towns and cities and from fifty to a hundred thousand Mexicans people, that she resorted to arms. To borrow an illustration from plantation usage, when we merely gave them a hundred lashes, "well laid on," they were quiet, but when we rubbed capsicum and red pepper into the wounds, they found it necessary to flounce. * * *

Capt Thornton is taken prisoner and some of his men are killed. The news flies to Washington. Mr Polk asserts, and Congress endorses, the brazen lie, that war exists by an act of Mexico, and ten millions of dollars and fifty thousand troops are immediately voted, with the most indecent haste. We see the country agitated from one extramity to the other with the war-cry; sham-patriots take the lead of affairs; fellows make speeches at the mass meetings; men are induced to fight slavery's battles for $10 a month and a chance to plunder the Mexican temples, offset by an equal chance of death by yellow fever; the nation's revenue is squandered to give fat contracts to party favorites; and all this——that the national honor may be vindicated! The nation has lost its honor by its course hitherto; it can only regain it by ceasing from wrong doing. * * * *

It is understood that a requisition has been made upon Massachusetts for fifteen hundred men, to aid in carrying on the war. For any proper purpose, these men will not be needed. * * * *

Massachusetts, we trust, will take no part in this *invasion and subjugation of Mexico*, which is threatened; that she will do her part in *defending the country*, her past history sufficiently shows."

The editor of the Courier also writes from New York—

"The war is a party war, got up for party purposes, and the whigs, although they should and will stand by their country, now and ever, yet they should look twice before they lend their assistance to strengthen the *administration* which has brought wrongfully and unnecessarily this great calamity upon the country."

The Danvers Courier says—

☞ "*Shame upon a country that will go to war in such a case. Words too strong or to severe, cannot be uttered in view of such iniquity and disgrace to our country.* * * * *

It is a war in which the cause will be too strong—*in which the right is on the weaker side.*—We shall march to battle with the murky clouds of slavery and oppression overshadowing the glorious stars of our banner—*while the cry of freedom uttered from barbarian lips—liberty glittering from every fold of their flag—will strike consternation and dread to the hearts of their enemies.—God forbid that we should go to war in such a cause.*" ☜

Mr Severence [whig representative from Maine] *declares that "he believes the Mexicans on the Rio Grande have been acting in self defence, and if they have made a manly resistance to Gen. Taylor they are to be honored and applauded for doing so."*

What shall be said of a party trying to defeat our arms, disgrace our country, brand us as a nation of robbers, and that hopes for the success of our enemies! ?

When our country is in danger, a patriot's duty is to guard, protect and defend it. Instead of this, our hardy sons of liberty, on whom the country relies for the defence of her honor, rights and liberties, are told their services are not needed for any proper purpose, in this war, and Massachusetts, it is hoped, will take no part in this invasion and subjugation of Mexico!—Troops are called for, and our soldiers are told they are wanted only for an unholy purpose, and the Mexicans are to be honored for a manly resistance to our arms, their national duplicity and their assassinations; and the Almighty is invoked to prevent our going to war in such a cause as ours! Add to all this, the false statements and misrepresentations that the traitors among us are spreading over the land, and we have a true picture of what is actually being done by a class of people who should be American. To get up sympathy for Mexico and opposition to our own country, we are told that we have "*stolen* her [Mexico's] rich and noble province of Texas." What is the fact?—Texas had won her independence, and it was so acknowledged by the world, long before the United States took the first step towards annexation, and that, too, without any aid or interference on our part. The "rich and noble province of Texas, (ever before a worthless swamp) having severed herself from Mexico, the civilized nations of the world having acknowledged her to be independent of that government, years before annexation, how, let us ask these Mexican sympathizers, did the United States *steal* from Mexico her "rich and noble province?" . "Our course towards Mexico has been a series of outrages and wrongs, which would not have been borne by any other nation of any respectability," say they. What, let us ask, have we done to Mexico that is so heinous? We are told that we have connived at the dismemberment of her republic and *stolen* Texas. And this is all we are told.—The latter we have shown *must* be false. The former requires some evidence more than the bare assertion of a man who goes against his country—resorts to false statements to put her in the wrong, and tells our soldiers when our country is calling for their services that they will not be needed for any *proper* purpose, and recommends they take no part in what he is pleased to term the "*invasion and subjugation of Mexico.*" "Mr Polk asserts and congress endorses the brazen lie, that war exists by the act of Mexico." It would seem to be enough to put the integrity of the President and all the members of Congress, without distinction of party; with only sixteen exceptions, against this wholesale charge of falsehood; but we will go farther, and consider the ground upon which the charge is made. As war exists it must be by the acts of Mexico or the United States. If it is a brazen lie, that it exists by the acts of Mexico it must exist by the acts of the United States. What have the U. States done? It is said they have taken possession of Mexican territory. That possession of territory *claimed* by Mexico, has been taken, we admit. But no territory has been set foot upon except that which we also claim, and which is laid down in all the recent maps as our territory. But under what circumstances did we enter even, upon disputed soil? Why Mexico agreed to receive a minister that boundaries might be settled, and not until after he had been refused a recognition, and *three months* after he presented himself, did our troops leave Corpus Christi and take their position on disputed ground. What other course could be pursued? Either we must pocket the insult offered the nation by the rejection of Mr Slidell and accept of such a line as Mexico saw fit to give us, or we must set up our own claims. We entered upon the territory as we had a right to do. The Mexicans also entered upon the territory. They commenced assassinating our men whenever and wherever they were to be found, by order of the Mexican government; at last, a small company of our army having left the camp to reconnoitre were surrounded and attacked by the Mexicans, and Lt. Porter and two men killed. Up to this time the Americans had done nothing but to enter upon the territory. The war was opened on their part by both declaration and attack, before anything had been done by us except to enter the territory, after they had shut the door to compromise by rejecting Mr Slidell, whom they had agreed to receive and whose object was to settle the boundary.

A CALL UPON MASSACHUSETTS.

Gov. Briggs, by Proclamation dated May 26, calls upon the citizen soldiers of Massachusetts to enroll themselves to meet the requisition of the President for one regiment of infantry, 770 men. And by a general order from Adj Gen Oliver, the companies to compose the regiment are to consist of 77 men each, the organization to be as follows:

For the companies: 1 Captain, 1 First Lieutenant, 1 Second Lieutenant, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 2 Musicians, 64 Privates,—in each company, 77 rank and file, 10 companies, giving 770 men.

For each regiment, 1 Colonel, 1 Major, 1 Adjutant (to be a Lieutenant of one of the companies, but not in addition), 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 2 Principal Musicians, giving, with the above 770 men, a grand total of 778.

The general order of the Governor states, Whatever may be the difference of opinion as to the origin or necessity of the war, the constitutional authorities of the country have declared, that war with a foreign country actually exists. It is alike the dictate of patriotism and humanity, that every means, honorable to ourselves and just to our enemy, should be employed to bring "said war to a speedy and successful termination," and thus to abbreviate its calamities, and save the sacrifice of human life, and the wasting of the public treasure. A prompt and energetic co-operation of the whole people in the use of those means, is eminently calculated to produce that most desirable result.

The general order of Adjutant General Oliver states that the Regiments, when organized, will be designated and known as the "First Regiment of Massachusetts Infantry," it being understood that it is not to be taken or considered to be a part of the present "*Volunteer Militia*" of the State, but as a corps specially raised to meet the call of the General Government. If, however, any company or companies belonging to any of the existing Regiments desires to tender their services, for the coming campaign, they will be incorporated into the new Regiment; and individuals who may desire it, will, on application, be assigned to some one [illegible] notice shall be given, Head Quarters, that any new company is raised and ready for orginization, the necessary orders will be issued for the election of company officers; and when the required number of companies is organized, the necessary orders will be issued for election of company officers; and when the required number of companies is organized, the necessary orders will be given for the election of field officers; and, in both these cases, the election return will be sent direct to the office of the Adjutant General.

It is understood that when the Regiment is raised, as contemplated in the above orders, it will be ordered to West Point, there to be drilled and await orders from the General Government.

Capt. Cullum, of the U. S. Engineer corps now at Fort Warren in this harbor, advertises for 100 Engineer recruits.—*Transcript.*

☞ It is reported that the first Regiment of Infantry to be raised in Massachusetts is to be drilled at West Point. We trust the government is not so weak as to send Massachusetts soldiers there and thereby make asses of them, as it has of the military paupers heretofore educated there. It should be ever kept in mind that our present able Generals, Taylor and Worth were not educated at West Point,—and moreover that a troop of these sneaking puppies resigned, on the breaking out of the Florida war, after they had been educated by the government at a cost of thousands of dollars.

☞ The Courier, in speaking of our illumination, thinks there is a chance for us to show our "patriotism by something more substantial than tallow candles." In return we think it could better show its wit and judgment by silence than by its present traitorous course in "giving an enemy aid and comfort;" and should its readers, by its adoption of such measures cease to peruse it, we venture to say that whatever they may lose of "capsicum and red pepper" they will gain in genuine patriotism and critical acumen.

ANTI-MORMON EXCITEMENT RENEWED.—We learn by the N. Y. Sun, that "forces are arming again around Nauvoo to expel the Mormons, the excitement having been renewed by a revelation from one of the Mormon elders, named Daniels. He has "confessed" that the Mormon Camp, now in the wilderness, is to return and march upon Illinois, with Indian allies, and massacre the inhabitants. He has also disclosed the oath administered to him by the late Joe Smith, binding him to secrecy and authorizing him to take any number of wives, or as many as he could support.—Gen. Warren has called upon the inhabitants to abstain from hostilities and permit the Mormons to retire in peace."

THE MILITARY. The Guards, and Phalanx were out yesterday with full ranks, and made a very fine appearance notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. The Guards marched to Dracutt to practice target shooting. A silver medal was the prize for the best three shots and was awarded to CORPORAL OTIS N. CUTLER. They then fired at the target by sections, and twenty-two shots from thirty-three took effect.

Our volunteer militia will give good account of themselves whenever called into action.

It has been the practice of our citizens heretofore to send to Boston for music on occasions of parade, but we think that after hearing the "eloquent strains discoursed" by both the *Washington* and *Brass Band* yesterday, they will be content with home manufacture.

CENSUS IN LOWELL.

We are indebted to Frederick Parker Esq. for the following statistics in relation to the population of Lowell at the present time—the births and deaths during the past year—number of children between the ages of four and sixteen years, &c.

Ward	No. of families.	No. of inhabitants.	Between 4 & 16 yrs.
1	421	3822	517
2	514* / 495†	3037* / 4346†	1189
3	863	5145	1003
4	743	4901	966
5	785	3818	1011
6	896	3773	594
Total	4217	28841	5280

Births in Lowell during the year next preceding May 1st. 1846, viz:

Ward	Males.	Females.	Total
1	24	24	48
2	74	73	147
3	50	67	117
4	55	65	120
5	56	77	133
6	53	39	92
Lowell	312	345	657

As ascertained by the School Committee during the present month.

The number of inhabitants in 1844 was	25,143.
Present number	28,841.
Increase in two years,	3,698.

*East of Concord river. †West of Concord river.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, May 18.

Petitions referred—Of John Waugh and others, that the passage-way between Middle and Market streets may be graded; of Thomas Talbot and others, that a passage-way may be laid out from Middle to Market street; of Ira Spalding and others, that the bounds of Central street, on Chapel Hill, may be defined; of Gilbert Ferrin, that he may be licensed as an innholder.

An application of Rockwell & Stone for the alteration of the time of exhibiting their equestrian performances, so that it shall be the first week in June next, was granted.

The subjects of suits against the city by Josh. Harwood and Daniel Chapman, were referred to the Committee on Claims.

A communication from the agent of the Proprietor of Locks and Canals, containing a proposition for filling up the low ground on the North Common, was referred to the Committee on Common.

Sundry persons were appointed members of the Fire Department to fill vacancies in engine companies No. 7, 10, 11, 13 and 14, and the Hook and Ladder company.

Stephen S. Seavy was appinted a constable.

Alonzo Hunt was appointed superintendent of the Market.

Alderman Smith, from the Committee on Lighting Streets, reported in favor of granting the petition of Jonathan Tyler et. al., for a lamp to be placed at the corner of Andover and Washington streets; and the accompanying order was passed.

Alderman Smith, from the Committee on Lands and Buildings, made a report on the petition of the Proprietors of Lock and Canals, relating to the Lot of land owned by the city, on Race street, which was accepted, and the accompanying order authorizing the Mayor to execute a deed in favor of said company on receiving a deed of another lot on Cabot street, was passed.

Alderman Gray, from the Committee on Claims, reported that no further action he had on the claims of Silas Butterfield, and that John Putney have leave to withdraw his petition. Accepted.

Alderman Gray, from the same committee, also made a report on the petition of A. W. Livermore, and the accompanying order authorizing the tender of a sum of money for injury sustained by him, was passed.

Alderman Knapp, from the Committee on the Fire Department, reported that Moses E. Philbrick and others have leave to withdraw their petition. Accepted.

Alderman Dalton, from the Committee on Common to whom was referred the petition of H. J. S. Hall, relating to an exhibition of fire-works on the evening of the 4th of July, reported that he have leave to withdraw. Accepted.

An order granting leave to the Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation to lay a curved track across Merrimac street, subject to certain conditions, was passed in concurrence.

An order was passed for continuing the drain on the southernly side of the North Common to the drain made by the Proprietors of Locks and Canals.

An order was passed directing the City Marshal to give notice to owners of land on the north side of Market street, of the existing nuisances thereon, and to cause the same to be abated forthwith.

A report of the special committee, to whom was referred the subject of a House of Reformation, was received from the Common Council and laid on the table.

A resolution for building a small pox hospital was passed in concurrence.

An order from the Common Council for grading the land and setting trees around the Grammar school-house at the corner of Middlesex and Branch streets, was passed in concurrence.

Adjourned. Next meeting Monday evening, June 1.

☞ The Courier, with a sneaking kindness for Native Americanism, a cause to which it as eagerly volunteered as precipitately deserted, sneers at our idea of "extending the blessings of civil and religious liberty" to Mexico. In the Courier anxious that the Government should follow the example of Protestant Massachusetts and plunder and burn the churches and monasteries of Mexico, as did the church-begotten mob Mount Benedict at Charlestown? Can the Episcopal piety of the Courier (by a rule of contrarieties) see nothing to respect in the poverty of a clergy, where the wealth of the church is unbounded; nothing to admire in the proverbial hospitality of a priesthood in a country of robbers and *rancheros*, and nothing to reverence in the high-hearted humanity, love and charity of the Catholic clergy of Mexico, which has obtained for them a "name and a praise in the whole earth"? As we said before, we go for extending the blessings of civil and religious liberty to the Catholics of Mexico by emancipating that republic from the domination of petty tyrants and military despots.

☞ We have received a letter from Boston, postage unpaid, signed "Honor & Truth" in which there is a much greater display of meanness, than manners. If the writer will send us his name and a lock of his hair, attested and acknowledged before a justice, we will publish his effusion.

☞ Telegraphic communication has been opened between this city and Boston.

☞ The Camanche Indians have refused to meet and treat with the American Commissioners.

☞ 2500 stand of muskets have been taken from the Arsenal in N. Y. city, and shipped for the South, for the use of the army in Texas.

REJECTED. The U. S. Senate rejected the nomination of Henry Horn as collector of the port of Philadelphia. The vote stood 29 to 22.

☞ The N. Y. Tribune says, "Matamoras is healthy; the yellow fever never appearing there more than in New York; and so it is through all the interior of Mexico."

BY THE NOON MAIL,

We have received no farther news of importance.—The Southern papers speak of the prospects of Gen. Taylor as being in the highest degree flattering. The general opinion is, that the Mexicans had been reinforced, and that Paredes, in person, was marching for Matamoras at the head of 15,000 men, though doubted by some.

On the sixteenth, capts. Desha and Stockton, with 1000 regulars marched for Barita, 15 miles from Point Isabel.

Gen. Taylor intends crossing the Rio Grand by making a bridge of his wagons.

GEN. TAYLOR has been appointed Brevet Major General of the Army.

The Commission of Gen. Almonte, as minister to England and France has been revoked, and Senor Valdivieson has been appointed in his place.

JUSTICE COURT.

BEFORE JUSTICE WEBSTER.

Charles. Powers—for Larceny was fined fifteen dollars and costs. Appealed. Dean for the Com. Sweetser for Deft.

James Barrett—Common drunkard two months in the House of Correction.

BEFORE JUSTICE I. S. MORSE.

Daniel Parker—Common Drunkard three months in House of Correction.

MEXICAN ARISTOCRACY. Acts, and not words, speak the real intentions of mankind nationally or individually. An attempt is making among the opponents to the Mexican war to show that this country and not Mexico, was the first to declare war. Let us see how facts will sustain that position. Gen. Almonte was directed by his government the moment Congress authorized by law, the annexation of Texas, to demand his passports, declare that war would be declared against us, and to leave the country. He complied fully with his orders, and this was tantamount to a declaration of war from Mexico *ab initio*. Gen. Paredes ordered all disposable troops he could spare to march on the Rio Granda and drive off the Americans—he strengthened the castle of St. Juan de Ulloa with additional Regiments.—Gen Ampudie officially notified Gen. Taylor that war existed unless he fell back beyond the Nueces, and Mexicans have killed and captured our citizens and have opened their fire from Matamoras on our batteries. All these are war acts of the Mexicans; and Gen Paredes in his proclamation declares that a defensive war exists, but qualifies it by saying "*I do not declare war against the United States, for that belongs to the Supreme Congress.*" Such subterfuge can deceive no one.—The whole course of the Mexican despots shows an evident determination to go to war.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28tf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1,6m*

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 26, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my2A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.

First Fair Wind.



The fast sailing packet ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. m27

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may28A3m

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Haywood's Bookstore, No. 22, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

Mt. Holly, Naw Jersey, Nov. 1, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle,—Dear Sir: Having used DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, with great benefit to myself, I cheerfully comply with your request to give my testimony in fever of it. Some time since I took cold, and it settled on my lungs; I was troubled for several weeks with a very bad cough, raised blood several times, and had all the alarming symptoms attending confirmed consumption. I despaired of recovery. After trying various remedies in vain, I obtained a bottle of your Balsam: I took three bottles, and to my astonishment was entirely cured. I attribute my restoration to health to that medicine alone. All who are sick or afflicted with Pulmonary affections, I would recommend them to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM immediately. THOS. F. KEELER.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. apn&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mchm

☞ BOOTH'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tladvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, May 27, by Rev. Amos Blanchard, Mr. John Kimball and Miss Maria H. Phillips.

In this city, May 26, by Rev. T. Edson, Rector of St. Anne's Church, John Fellows, M. D., to Miss Leonora W. Hosmer, both of Boscawen, N. H.

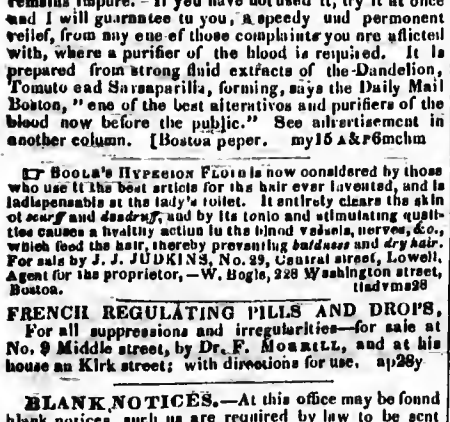
In this city, May 26, by Rev. Mr Springer, Capt. Samuel Dennett, of Frankfort, Me., to Miss Lavina K. Coulliard, of Lowell.

DIED,

In this city, 23d inst., of convulsions, WM. A., eldest son of Wm. C. and Sarah J. Johnston, aged 3 yrs. [Papers in N. H. please copy.

In this city, May 19th, Mrs. Caroline H., wife of Mr Henry P. Holmes, 23.

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



GRAND ENTERTAINMENT WITH GREAT ADDITION IN INTEREST, SPLENDOR, &c.

THE MAGNIFICENT MAMMOTH CIRCUS of Messrs. Rockwell & Stone doubly increased from their former great attractions, *unrivals all Conceivable Grandeur* for their Talented performance, Equipments, &c., combined for their Travelling Entertainments this Year 1846. *This most renowned* and Brilliant Establishment comprising upwards of *One Hundred and Twenty Men and Horses*, will exhibit in LOWELL,

ON THE SOUTH COMMON, near the South Grammar School House, for six days only, commencing on MONDAY the 1st day of JUNE, next.

The particulars of this MIGHTY EQUESTRIAN TROUPE so fortunate and famous, are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a correct detail may be found in the *Immense Descriptive Bills* posted in the principal Hotels and elsewhere. However it may not be amiss to annex the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal. MADAM CAMILLA GARDNER, PROF. HARRINGTON & SON, OSCAR R. STONE, WM. H. STOUT, MAST. STOUT, G. W. SERGEANT, D. MIRNICH, C. HACON, V. PIQUET, H. SMITH, F. CRAWFORD, E. DORR, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Messrs. CAMPBELL, GALBIANO, T. WADDER and J. WADDER, Vocalists; BACON & DAN GARDNER, Clowns. The TYROLEANS. The DANCING PENY FANNY ELLSLER; INTELLIGENT DOG NAPOLEON, etc., etc.

This Grand Cavalcade will be preceeded on their arrival, by the N. Y. Brass Band in their costly CHARIOT, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by EIGHT SPLENDID STEEDS driven in hand.

☞ Doors open at 2½ and 7½, P. M., performance commences at 3 and 8. Admittance to boxes 25 cents, Pit 12½. may26 atj6

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage. Orders received for *Embossing* Cards.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis*

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, May 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell, in said County, Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Hutchinson will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the fifth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Hutchinson, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

may23 3t

GRATIS.—EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ½ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evens, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apperently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yu&pdec16

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2m C. K. MORRILL.

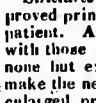
Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Saturday.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner SAM'L DAVIS, *Howie*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. m25

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *First Vessel.*



The superior fast sailing Schr. RAPID, STEDDARD master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. m13

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

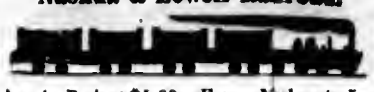
☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to save a *dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadrmay2

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10 and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more then $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, or most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

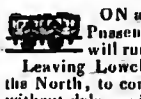
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1.50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern train.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 3 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 3 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

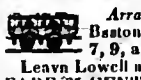
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with bat little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Beil'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pinno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

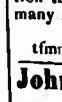
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

Hats! Hats!



A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mola and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollers; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT, } Assessors.
MATTHIAS PARKHURST,
Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercural diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Cooking or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages in order, at short notice, and *as* low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



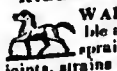
At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

JOHN G. LOCKE.
apr11tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&rly GEORGE H. CARLTON.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 1st, on the premises, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a lot of land containing 8000 square feet, situated at the corner of Gorham and Charles sts.

Also same day, at 11 o'clock, one other lot containing 18,000 square feet, situated on the corner of Lowell and Willey sts. may28

Valuable House Lot at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 1st, at 4 o'clock, P. M., (or immediately after the sale of the Ten-Footers on Carpet Lane,) a valuable House Lot on Warren street, near Church street. Said lot contains 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord River, being the second lot from Church st. Sale positive—Terms at sale, may28

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co. (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Footers on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Favor, now owned D. S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 5 small tenements.

Also; 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Abner Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

At Private Sale.—2 Blocks of Houses, 6 tenements, situated on Fletcher and Edward's Court, Central Village. may29

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Assignee's Sale of Marble and Stone Work.—The entire stock of Benjamin Day, Lowell st., consisting in part of 700 feet of American marble headstones, ready shaped—700 feet American de. de. in Slabs—100 feet Swanton de. for hearths—145 feet Italian marble head stones, ready for lettering—232 feet Italian marble slabs—425 do. de., thin—175 do. de. 1¼ inch thick—2 Italian Marble Obeliska, sawed out in form—1 do. do. Die—1 large Marble monument—5 do. do. Obeliska—530 feet Soap Stone hearths, in slabs—5 large blocks Soap Stone—1 lot sand stone—1 lot Harvard Slate stone—3 small buildings on leased land—1 large Bay Horse—1 waggon and harness, and sundry other articles belonging to the same estate, by order of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, assignee of the estate of Benjamin Day, an insolvent debtor. Terms at sale which will be on the premises. my26

On *SATURDAY next, May 30th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.* 1 New Sliding Top Buggy, with extra seat, drab lined, made in the most thorough manner on the improved plan—1 second-hand Concord built wagon, iron axles, in good condition—1 second-hand buggy, drab lined, nearly new, extra width, an excellent family carriage—2 second-hand Buggy harnesses, brass mounted harnesses, in good condition—1 Black mounted do—1 second-hand covered wagon, on elyptic springs and iron axles, in good order—1 new Express wagon, Boston built, cost $135—1 second hand Stere wagon in prime order.

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell st., the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other cause. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents. If ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Marino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. ja27y

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of *French and American Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. ap&paprll

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from Impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with those reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Cenner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6acho

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original receipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Posttern, and Coffin Joints, Spevin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—Genrge H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allisen & Gault.

adv3mmsr26

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the preprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered vacations and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cromp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Gulvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Dolareoux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Dolerenux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bennycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux effecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuence of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymen, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis,

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDEIL, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

Highly important to all invalids
and friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chollic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills" which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however our duty to assure the public emphatically that there are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy the but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevelent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apeplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Handsome, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marshes and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Many praved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others gay,
And for their false optntons pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coitus, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is bourded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shewing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would shew me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12s] dec16

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperiant or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians, and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparille and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS,

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state; that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water-st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6monsajr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system;

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE. Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 30, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 64.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected. A&ply

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
MADE AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
adv1y LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street
LOWELL.

E. B. THOMAS, M. D.,
Botanic Physician and Surgeon,
—DEALER IN—
VEGETABLE MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.
Office, No. 4, John Street,
Residence, No. 50½ Merrimack Street,
pattso24 LOWELL.

William P. Webster,
COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE IN SPAULDING'S BUILDING,
[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]
Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,
tfpat LOWELL, MASS. dec12

W. H. Taber,

PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap18 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES,
&c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 6, 1845. je6tf



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. uep13

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c, at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jua8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL.
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the newest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar12

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Pointed Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diaperu, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketu, and various Upholstery articles.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS'S Central st.

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Prescott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for paints, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&p1y*p8

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
John. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus to each assured.....	Reduction to sum assured	Bonus to Cash.	Reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 76	1837	$98 35	$448 35	$63 25	$177 79
			1838	838 2	378 45	57 12½	1738 85
			1839	893 3 4	818 56	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the empire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1y*&p2awasepdec18

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:
BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.
BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *u* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&parlyapr4

Notice!

MR G. W. GAGE, (late head clerk for Mr Solomon Wilde, No. 11, Elm Street,) and Mr DANIEL CHAMBERLIN, (a well known hotel keeper of Boston,) have leased the *CITY HOTEL, in Brattle Street—late City Tavern*—for a term of years. This Hotel has been enlarged, painted and papered, and put in first rate order; and has also been furnished with new furniture throughout.
The Stables attached to the house are entirely new, and in perfect order.
The location of the CITY HOTEL, being within a few rods of the Postoffice, in State street, and in the immediate vicinity of the Market and business portion of the city, makes it convenient for men of business, as well as for gentlemen and ladies who are traveling for pleasure. Price of board, *one dollar* per day.
CHAMBERLIN & GAGE
Boston, April 6, 1846. n6wapr19

Weare Clifford,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of unwalu dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nauarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woolen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Lumber for Sale.
FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to
P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Wanted!
EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Musical Notice.
I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works.
☞ New Music received from Boston every week.
Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. jan1 3mmar12

From the Chronotype.
TO MY "AIN BONNY JEAN."

Seven years of wedded life, Love,
We've jogged along together;
And trod a thorny path, Love,
Uncaring wind or weather.

And yet the time seems short, Love,
Since we were first acquainted;
Though wedded life is not, Love,
Just what our fancies painted.

We dream'd of bliss unmarr'd, Love,
Nor doubted each to-morrow
Would bring us fresh delights, Love,
Exempt from care and sorrow.

Yet we have tasted grief, Love,
And mingled tears together,
About our infant's grave, Love,
Embracing one another.

And we have seen the cheek, Love,
Of Infancy grow pallid;
And in our hearts have felt, Love,
The claims of Death were valid.

Yet lived to see the rose, Love,
Which sickness seemed consuming,
Again its blush disclose, Love,
And on that pale cheek blooming.

And blessings we have had, Love,
Beyond our utmost merit;
And thankful we should be, Love,
For those we still inherit.

We count six little eyes, Love,
Whose light on us is beaming;
And not a moment flies, Love,
But we are fondly dreaming,

That in the bright To Be, Love,
Our son and bonny daughters
Will give themselves, all three, Love,
To Him whose blood hath bought us.

That He their peace would seal, Love,
And lest our faith should falter—
O let us daily kneel, Love,
Before His holy altar,—

Commit to Him our way, Love,
And seek for them His favor,
That both ourselves and they, Love,
May dwell with Him forever.

May 20th, 1846. D.

JUSTICE IN THE INTERIOR OF POLAND.

A REMARKABLE CRIMINAL CASE.

[Concluded.]

A formal inquiry into the affair followed. Punishments, fines, and imprisonments of individuals took place; order after order was received from distant and superior powers on the subject; and finally, after the proceedings had been protracted for the space of more than two years, the affair terminated according to wont, in the infliction of a public fine, of 300,000 rubles on the collective population of Bordyezow.

Death, imprisonment and loss of wealth were all that the people of Bordyezow now gained by their attempt to inflict condign punishment on an opressor and (as they believed) a murderer. Kiszka, on the other hand, received from the authorities felicitations and praises. His lucrative office was left to him; and he soon seemed to have forgotten the late event. However, he found it advisable to retain about him his guard of Ukraine peasants, men possessed of the forms of intelligent beings, but otherwise mere animal machines. One of these men, named Hodoveseck, was the leader of the body guard, and the favorite of his master. Hodoveseck was trusty at most times, but was given to indulge in drinking. On such occasions he lost all command of his actions or words, and became, in fact, a dangerous madman.

Such as he was, he retained his place about Kiszka for three years after the murder of the tutor, in 1837. One day, however, in November of 1840, Hodoveseck, being intoxicated, was violently reproached and menaced by his master. Irritated seemingly beyond the bounds of reason, he struck Kiszka, and, growing more and more enraged, or, perhaps, seeing the necessity, for his own safety, of completing what he had begun, he threw down his master, and, with the aid of his comrades, bound him securely. Hodoveseck then took a number of keys from his master, in spite of the entreaties, threats, and tears of the latter. Calling on his comrades to follow him, the man led the way to a dark and concealed earthen vault or cave, which he opened, and from which, after entering, he re-issued with a miserable being, more resembling the spectre of a woman than a living creature. On the instant of her reaching the light this wasted creature fell down insensible. A medical man was procured, and the result was, that, in a short time afterwards, Kiszka was once more in the hands of the police, charged with the murder of Moses Abrahrm Ovitch, by the only witness of it, Omelanka.

When the wretched creature, so long lost, could fully relate her story, it was found to run thus: Omelenka admitted the improper mode of her former life with her master, and also owned that she had entertained a strong affection for the deceased tutor, though her master had no grounds to complain of impropriety in her actual conduct on that score. He became jealous, however, and to this jealousy the tutor owed his death. The latter had one day slightly corrected one of the children. Kiszka seized on pretext for a quarrel, and so abused the tutor that he desired to quit the house. Kiszka prevented him, and as the boy had deposed, locked up the tutor in a chamber. On the same night Omelanka was visited by her master, who armed himself with a long knife and commanded her to follow him, and look on what he was about to do. Passing to the place where the tutor was confined, the wretch who was remarkable for personal strength, seized the miserable young man, and stabbed repeatedly, till life was extinct. The murderer then threw the body from the window.

In the meantime Omelanka screamed for help, but Kiszka had locked the door as he entered, and no one came. After this terrible act, Kiszka, who found uses for concealed places about his residence, and who was alarmed by the girl's cries; conveyed her to a dark underground cave or cell, and there he shut her up. He himself afterwards brought her food. Her situation in time underwent some changes, the man Hodoveseck being made acquainted with the fact of her existence; but she was represented to him by her master as "a lady of rank, obnoxious to the authorities." Hodoveseck, though Omelanka had been unknown to him formerly, could not fail to see the falsity of the story told to him, and to comprehend the poor girl's true position and character. Rude poor as he was, this man had respect enough for religion and morality to

reProach Omelanka with the character of her past life, which he thought gave her master such power over her. Her conscience was touched, and the consequence of her fresh mormers and lamentations was, that her brutal master removed even the scanty pallet he had allowed her, and rendered her situation doubly miserable.—When released she was almost in a state of starvation.

Hodovesock bore out the story of Omelanka in as far as he knew of it, being resolved, no doubt for his own safety, to go through with the expesure he had begun. A new trial for the morder of the tutor was ordered, and took place in the high criminal court of Voltrynia, in presence of commissioners appointed specially for the purpose. Kiszka found these patties inaccessible to bribes and promises, and, indeed, even the Russian government, if willing; durst not have acquitted him in the face of the evidence and after all the sufferings and lossee which the people had previously endured through the criminal. Kiszka was condemned to receive one hondred and one strokes of the knout, and afterwards to be condemed to labor for life in the mines, the punishment of death having been abolished in the Russian territories, eaving in cases of political deliquency. Kiszka underwent the dreadful ordeal of the knout in the great square of Jytomir.

Stretched on an inclined plane he was exposed to the the strokes of three executioners, who, armed each with a long lash having iron cramps at the end, advanced by turns, and, with the impetos of a walk or run of ten paces, inflicted on the miserable wretch the full number of blows forming the penalty of the law. Such is the so called substitute for capital punishment in Russia. Kiszka, a strong man, survived it, but he was the fourth who had borne the same number of blows and thus, the knout has generally proved but a capital doom in a most cruel shape.

The wretched and guilty Kiszka yet lingers out his days, in all proability, in the Asiatic mines of Russia. His case forms a shocking picture of the state of justice in Russian Poland, and, indeed, of the mode of government generally. There is Sarmatia truly fallen, as the poet hath song!

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, May 27.

In the House of Representatives to-day the general appropriation bill has been undar consideration.

Mr Andrew Stewart, of Pennsylvania, had tha honor of consuming the last honr with a declamatory speech in favor of a protective tariff. At ona o'clock tha voting upon amendments and contested items began and continued until three.

An amendment was offered by Mr J. Thompson, and modified at the suggestion of Mr Rathbun, prohibiting the payment of salary and outfit to the Minister or Commissioner to China, unless he should actually have resided there.

In SENATE, the bill for the creation of more Major Generals and Brigadier Generals, for tha better organization of tha volunteers, was taken up and the discussion was brought to a close.

Mr Benton moved an additional section that some more workmen might be employed, and still another that the volunteers should receive fifty cents per day, and if mounted twenty-five cents for forage, for every day's travel from home until they joined the army, and the same on their return. These were adopted. Mr Dix moved an amendment allowing the volunteers three dollars and a half extra pay per month. The bill having been thus amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

The Senate then went into Executive session. I understand Gen. Taylor's nomination to be Major General by brevet, was confirmed yesterday. The whole list of officers for the New regiment of mounted riflemen was confirmed.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

Thursday, May 28.

In SENATE. Mr Johnson, of Louisiana, presented a resolution of the Louisiana Legislature, in favor of the general government speedily providing to pay the volunteers to the Army on the Rio Grande.

Mr Hannegan submitted a joint resolution, for tha adjournment of the two Houses of Congress, on tha 30th of June.

Mr Houston of Texas, introduced a joint resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor and his army, and that a suitable sword be presented to Gen. Taylor by the President.

Mr Berrien hoped the resolution would pass at once, and that the Senate would show by an unanimous vote how deeply it feels the importance of the services rendered by Gen. Taylor and his gallent band.

Mr Houston said they were included in the general terms of the resolution; it embraced all under Gen. Taylor's command, both of the army and navy.

Mr Sevier said that he hoped the resolution would lie over, in order that it might be made more specific than it now was.

The motion to lay over was then put to vote, and prevailed.

The Senate took up the Oregon Jurisdiction Bill.

HOUSE. Several bills from the Senate were taken up and appropriately referred.

FIRE IN GOFFSTOWN. We learn that the dwelling house, barn, and out buildings of Rev. Mr Willey, in Goffstown, were burnt to the ground on Sunday night last, with all their contents, including a valuable horse, carriage, &c., and most of the provisions and furniture. There is no doubt that this was the work of an incendiary. Mr Willey had been out to deliver a lecture in the evening, and returned, and put up his horse without a light. At about midnight, Mrs W. waked up, and sparks were passing by the window.—On raising the alarm, the barn had already fallen and the house was on fire. Mr Willey had laid his pocket-book upon a table in his chamber, and as he went out, he seized the table, and carried it with him, but in the hurry of the moment did not secure his pocket-book. He subsequently found it upon the table, rifled of about thirty dollars, which some unmitigated villain had stolen from him. We do not learn whether there was any insurance.—*New Hampshire Telegraph.*

GEN. JOHN MCNEIL. This veteran, who distinguished himself in the war of 1812–13, we are happy to know has recovered from his late indisposition and has resumed his duties of surveyor of the port of Boston. He is, also, as ready to serve his country *now*, as during the last war with Great Britain. We are informed that he has tendered his services to the President, and also to the governor of this state, and as ardently desires to risk his life in the defence of the honor and rights of his country in the war with Mexico, as when the young eagle coped with the British lion in the battle of Lundy's Lane.—*Post.*

REV. A. A. MINER. We are now authorized to say, that Dr. A. A. Miner has concluded NOT to accept the invitation of the Fifth Universalist Society in Boston, but will continue the pastor of the Second Universalist Society in this city. Thus the matter is settled. Will our brother editors who have given a different notice, please make the correction?—*Gospel Trumpet.*

THUNDER STORM. A terrific thunder storm passed over this vicinity, on Saturday evening last.—The lightning struck, we understand, in diverse places. In the north part of the town, two horses belonging to Capt. Aaron Lincoln were struck. The first had a lightning rod attached to it, on which the fluid passed down without injuring the barn, but killed two cows enclosed in the yard. The other barn, standing ten or twelve rods from the last, had no rod attached. The lightning passed from the ridgepole to the ground, without setting it on fire or damaging it materially.

A farm house in Swanzey, occupied by Mr David Eddy, was struck during the storm, and considerably injured. Mr Eddy was severely stunned by the shock, but recovered.—*Taunton Democrat.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 30, 1846.

PROPOSED PUBLIC MEETING.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Lowell, believing that a public meeting at this time, in honor of the recent brilliant victories of our army on the Southwestern frontier, would be but a just and merited tribute of respect and approbation to our gallant army and its brave officers, therefore recommend, that a Public Meeting be holden at the City Hall, on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

John W. Graves,	J. B. French,
Samael G. Cressy,	Joshua O. Dacatar,
Otis Ballard,	A. R. Brown,
Abram French,	Ithamar W. Beard,
A. S. Holbrook,	A. D. Plympton,
Jas. C. Abbott,	E. A. Alger,
Wm. Jones,	Thos. P. Goodhue,
F. A. Hildreth,	Isaac N. Goodhue,
Abijah Watson,	Benj. Hutchinson,
Ephm. B. Patch,	Weare Clifford,
A. W. Farr,	A. S. French,
S. J. Varnay,	Daciel H. Dean,
Henry H. Barnes,	W. Kittredge,
Benj. F. Butler,	A. C. Wright,
Enoch W. Batchellor,	and fifty one others.

The gentlemen having signed the above call, and others friendly to tha objects uf tha proposed meeting, are respectfully requested to meet at the Advertiser office, this evening, at 8 o'clock.

RESUME OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

In the confusion attendent on the rapid transmission of intelligence it is almost impossible to keep dates as correctly as it would be desirable. In our last week's account of the progress of the Mexican war we stated that Gen. Taylor started to return from Point Isabel to the Camp on tha 6th of May; tha official account shows that he started on tha 7th. On the 8th at 2 o'clock P. M., he foeght the first great battle at Palo Alto, a small stream, "dislodging the Maxicans from their position mainly by tha artillary, two 18 pounders and two light batteries. Our force 2300, tha enemy's 6800, with 7 pieces of artillery. Maxican loss 100 killed; ours 4 killed, 2 officers 37 men wounded.—Fighting time 5 hours

On the 9th he fought *the* battle of Rasaca de le Palma, three miles from Matamoras. This battle "was a series of brilliant skirmishes and heavy shocks, in in which 1500 fighting men, mat 6000 hand to hand—overwhalmed them with the precision of their vollies, and the steady coolness of the bayonet—and drove them from the field with the loss of their artillery, baggage, pack mules, fixed ammunition, and near 2000 stands of muskets."

Our loss about 30 killed and 140 wounded; Mexican 2,000 killed and missing, and one hundred taken prisoners. Among them General Vega.

Our camp opposite Matamoros had sustained 160 bonrs bombardment from the enemy with little injury. "One officer, (Maj. Brown, the commander) and one non-commissioned officer killed and ten men wounded, comprise all the casualties incident to this severe bombardment," and *not* 263, as stated heretofore in this paper. May 11th Gen. Taylor leaving Maj. Twiggs to act entirely on the defensive, started for Point Isabal. May 12th, Gen. Taylor announced at Point Isabel that he should lose no time in investing Matamoras and opening the Navigation of the river.

May 13th, Com. Conner announces tha arrival of 1000 volunteers from New Orleans off Brazos da Santisgos, and the latter date is tha latest intelligence from tha seat of war.

It would seem by the proposed action of Gen. Taylor in investing Matamoras, that the government intend to carry the war into the heart of Mexico, a course of action to which we have heretofore expressed a favorable opinion, and one that wa should heartily rejoice to see carried forward with energy, vigor and promptitude.

SENATOR BENTON'S PRIVATEER BILL. The privateer bill introduced by Hon. Thomas H. Benton, says the Times, provides that if any persons shall, contrary to tha provisions of any subsisting treaty between the United States and any foreign nation, apply for or take a commission of letters of marque, for arming any ship or ships to act as privateers against the United States, or against the citizens or people thereof, from any prince or state with which the United States shall be at war, the offender shall be liable to punishment as a Pirate. By the act they are declared to be guilty of Piracy, and upon conviction of the crime charged, in any Circuit Court of the United States, they are to be punished with death. The Circuit Court, by the law, is empowered with authority to try and determine all such cases. This is an important bill and will probably become a law.

☞ Tha whig abolition, and peace society papers of the North, are endeavoring to spread the idea that Texians are backward in enlisting for the war, and that they are intending the North shall do most of tha fighting. The New Era, of Austin, Texas, says, "It is gratifying to see the joyous excitement prevailing among all classes of our citizens at the prospect offered them once more of meeting the Mexicans in the battle field. Many of our most prominent and cherished citizens are enrolling themselves as private soldiers in different companies, vieing with the young men in promptness and alacrity. It is with difficulty that a quorum of tha legislature can be kept together. Some of the most fiery spirits have already left for the Rio Grande."

☞ Gen. Vega arrived in N. Orleans May 17th, as prisoner of war and was immediately released on parole and took up his lodgings at the St. Charles Hotel. He is said to have a very prepossessing appearance, being a little over the medium height, has a fine manly countenance of a swarthy hue, set off by full and well trimmed whiskers and mustachios.

☞ The Common Council of New York city have chosen Mr C. C. Childs publisher of the Globe, city printer. The True Sun says, "This appointment will be received with general favor—Mr Childs having been for many years a hard-working practical printer, irreproachable in in his personal as well as his business character, and a valuable citizen, who looks to his own industry and not to political favoritism for his success. We like to see such men prosper."

A FIGHTING METHODIST. A noble example has just been set, says the N. O. Jeffersonian, by the Rev. Richard A. Stewart. Being in this city when the news from Taylor's army arrived, he immediately returned home, and arrived yesterday with 100 stout volunteers from East Baton Rogue and Iberville. Capt Stewart was formerly a distinguished lawyer and politician in the State of Mississippi.

☞ The Courier of yesterday says

"We said that the statement, that war exists by the act of Mexico, was a "brazen lie." The Advertiser says:—"It would seem to be enough to put the integrity of the President and all the members of Congress, without distinction of party, with only sixteen exceptions, against this wholesale charge of falsehood," &c. Why does not the editor state what he knows very well, that the whigs all remonstrated against the preamble of the act, thus *denying* the statement, which he says they have endorsed?"

For the single reason Mr Courier, that they did no such thing, and we defy you to show any remonstrance or protest upon the journal of the House or Senate—whara it would appear had there been any—against the preamble of the act declaring war to exist by tha act of Mexico.

Tha Courier also labors hard by qualifying, modifying and explaining to back out of its statement that the U. States had *stolen* Texas. It says

"What we mean by saying that Texas was stolen, is this—that the rebellion of Texas was instigated and carried on by citizens of the United States, and encouraged by Andrew Jackson himself, for tha very purpose of seizing the province when the proper time should come."

Now we ask the Courier, though it has given up the point first made, to show when, where or how tha citizens of the U. S. before becoming citizens of Texas "instigated and carried on the rebellion." More especially do we ask evidence of wherein the lamented Jackson in any way "instigated and carried on the rebellion."

That paper also says,

"Recollect tha tha Mexicans were on their own side of the river, *in undoubted Mexican territory*, before the hostilities commenced, while the Americans were on *disputed* ground. But as soon as the Mexicans chose to go into the *disputed* territory, the war commenced."

True the war commenced as soon as the Maxicans went upon *disputed* ground, and why? Not because they *went upon disputed ground*, but because they went there after having made a declaration of war, and went thera to carry out that declaration, and commenced the war by an attack upon a small detachment of our soldiers.

So far as relates to our own conrsa in Massachusette legislature we have long ago, and all we deem necessary, or desire to say.

☞ The Advertiser copies from tha Maine Age, an article, in which tha sixteen members of Congress who voted against the war bill are set forth in huge type, as having "voted against furnishing supplies of men and money to succor our army on the frontier." Tha Age and the Advertiser both know that a *lie* is implied, at least, in this; for these sixtaen were willing to vote supplies to succor the army, but objected to the falsehood contained in the preamble of the bill. Every man on tha floor of congress knew as well as Polk himself, that it was false that e war existed by the act of Mexico, yet the locofocoes were so used to voting lies and humbug is their conventions and caucuses, that they swallowed this without a grimace.—*Courier.*

Let us analyze the above, and give the Courier and its whig friends the benefit of the statements made, whether true or false.

"The Age and Advertiser both know that a *lie* is implied, at least, in this; for these sixteen were willing to vote supplies to succor the army, but objected to the falsehood contained in the preamble of the bill." Thare certainly is no *lie*, direct or implied, in a statement that sets forth what, and all, that those sixteen men did. The Age and Advertiser did just that. Had those sixteen whigs been desirous of voting supplies for tha army, and against the preamble, their proper course would have been (and we presume they were not ignorant of legislative proceedings) to have voted for tha bill and enterad their *protest* upon tha journals of their respective houses as to the preamble. As they voted against the whole bill, either they did not know how to do what they wished, or they intended to do just what they did, when they voted against furnishing the supplies and men.

"Every man on tha floor of Congress, knew just as well as Polk himself, that it was false that a war existed by the act of Mexico." Then every whig on the floor of Congress, except those sixteen, *lied knowingly* when they voted that war did exist by the act of Mexico. But we are inclined to think that neither whigs nor democrats will believe, notwithstanding tha Courier, that all the whig members uf Congress voted what they knew to be a *lie*, when they consider that before this vote Mexico had formally and officially declered war to exist, and followed it up by an attack upon a small portion of our army in which they succeeded in taking a number of prisoners and killing several of our men.

MR. AMOS FRENCH will please accept our politest acknowledgements, for a couple of baskets of the first strawberries brought into this market. We have no doubt he has more left with sugar and cream to match. Call at the sign of the "big lantern," directly opposite Advertiser office.

☞ "Push along, keep moving." Now that we are actually at war with Mexico, the general voice of the country seems to be in favor of pushing it to a crisis at once. Any delay or procrastinations on our part will only prolong it, and multiply its evils.—*Mail.*

THREE CITIZENS OF WORCESTER. Two are officers in Gen. Taylor's army on the Rio Grande, exposed to all the hardships and dangers of the camp: the other a Senator in Congress, voting against the raising of men or money to go to their assistence.—*Palladium.*

☞ It is rumored that Bishop Hughes, of your city, is about to proceed to Mexico. He has had one or more interviews with the President this week, and the subject of their conference is understood to have been the best means of conveying to the clergy in Mexico the assurance that no blow is aimed at the Catholic Church, in the war we are now waging against that Republic.—*Washington Letter to New York Commercial.*

☞ We understand that Gen. Gaines has appointed our esteemed brother of the Tropic, T. B. Thorpe Esq, bearer of despatches to Point Isabel, and that he will leave this morning for his destination.—*New Orleans Bee of 20th.*

☞ Mr Ira Sinclair came from Lowell week before last on a visit with his wife and stopped at his brother's, in Meredith. In the course of the night he got up, partially dressed himself, took his wallet, bank book, papers &c. from his pockets laid them on the table and went out, saying to his wife he was going out a minute. He has not been seen or heard of since! Search has been made in every direction by a large number of people but no trace of him can be discovered. He was a man of feeble health; age, we understand, about thirty.—*Belnap Gazette.*

☞ The soldiers of Napoleon dubbed him "The Little Corporal." Taylor's soldiers have dubbed him "*Old Rough and Ready.*" His motto is—"I wish no man to go where I am not willing to lead."—*New Hampshire Patriot.*

☞ The N. H. Legislature meet next Wednesday June 3d.

☞ Rev. A. A. Miner will preach in Billerica tomorrow.

THE QUARTETTE CONCERT, by the "Odd-Fellows' Quartette Club," in the 3d Universalist Church, Thursday evening, was, in our opinion, (though we do not aspire to musical criticism) an entertainment of rare merit. Four gentlemen, citizens of Lowell, compose the club; and, though the organization is of recent origin, tha harmony of the quartette music is delightful. For depth and height of tone, we never listened to a happier combination of voices. We hope to hear them again, ere long.

☞ We have received from the composer, a piece of Music, set to some beautiful lines, written by Miss Cynthie H. Stow, who was lost in the wreck of tha Home, in 1837, and left for her brother a few hours before she embarked, under the impression that she should never meet him again. The lines are truly touching, and we have no doubt, though no judge of musical compositions, from the reputation of Mr Swift, that the music is equal to the poetry.

DICKINSON has fitted up a Gymnasium on Middle street, in a very large and commodious room in as good style as any one we have ever visited. A person unacquainted with Gymnastic exercises has little idea of their invigorating effects upon the system. Exercises of this kind are indispensable to the health and strength of gentleman whose employment confines them to the counting room.

☞ At the Dunstable and Groton Springs, Messrs Kittridge and Robbins have put everything in order, besides building bowling saloons, both house, swings, &c., for the accomodation of company. They will do a great business there this season. The location is a delightful one.

☞ The two men of this city, who rode all over Dracutt to get a file of the "Lowell Republican," might have been accomodated by calling at our office with far less trouble. What a deal of expense would have been saved them if they had had the good sense to have been subscribers to so good a paper.

☞ A Washington correspondent of the New York Herald writes that Gov. Morton has been confirmed. As we saw nothing in relation to any action of the Senate upon the Governor we presume tha report is incorrect. We were really in hopes the report might have proved true.

☞ The Dover N. H. Gazette says that there are several cases of Small Pox in the towns of Frominghan and Strafford, and some have proved fatal.

☞ Mr O'Sullivan, is said to have retired from the editorial department of the *Morning News.*

☞ Thirteen volunteer companies numbering about one thousand men, have tendered their services to tha Governor uf Tennessee.

☞ The melancholy yet glorious death of Major Ringgold was followed by the highest honors being paid to him in Baltimore, his late residence.

☞ Gen Arista, who commanded in the late actions on tha southern frontier, used to be a tinman in Cincinnati, and was an honest and intelligent men.—So says the Richmond Enquirer.

☞ The Fourier association at Alphadelphia, so called, near Gelesburg in Kalamazoo county, Mich., has been newly or quite broken up.

☞ We are under great obligations to the proprietors of the N. Y. Sun, and Boston Times for Extras daily, containing the important news from the seat of war during the past few weeks.

☞ The Newburyport Courier, a whig paper, whose patriotism is equal to its honesty, has been "*taking*" from "THE TIMES EXTRA," whole columns of matter without credit.

☞ The Norwich & Worcester Railroad Company, says the Worcester Spy, has a determined to make trial of the low rate $1,50 instead of the present charge of $2,00, passengor fare, between Norwich and Worcester.

VOLUNTEERS. The Worcester Light Infantry, Capt. Lamb, voted unanimously on Wednesday, to volunteer to make up the requisition of the President upon Massachusetts.

☞ The "Voice of Industry" has been much improved under its new management. It is edited by a Committee, one of whom is Miss Sarah G. Bagley, a very determined, intelligent lady.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON. We learn, says the N. Y. Herald, that the Senate in executive session, Tuesday, confirmed the promotion of Brevet Brig. Gen. Taylor to Brevet Major General of the American Army.

GOV. STEELE, agreeable to the requisition upon N. H. by the President, has called for five companies, 889 man, and the order for this enrollment has been issued by the Adjutant General.

☞ Mr. H, Swift and the Kendalls, assisted by Miss Stone, of Boston, propose giving a concert here in a week or two.

FORT POLK. Gen. Taylor has christened the military works at Point Isabel, erected to cover the main depot of the army, FORT POLK, in honor of the President.

A duel has been fought by two men in Kentucky, about a lady. Tom Marshall acted as second to one.

☞ A Washington letter writer says, a man came to the door of tha House of Representatives and enquired for the *member from Oregon.*

☞ The cause of Gen. Almonte having been superceded in his mission to France and England, was, that papers were found on his Secretary, who was arrested at Vera Cruz, seriously compromising him.

☞ The Louisiana legislature have appropriated $200,000 in addition to the $100,000 before appropriated to meet the immediate expenses of volentaers constantly arriving at New Orleans.

BABE, *the pirate*, has not been released, but is detained at N. Y. upon indictments for murder and piracy.

☞ Dr Woodward the Superintendent of the Insane Asylum at Worcester is reported to have been stricken with paralysis—which is not true.

TALL RIDING. A boy of 15 rods 190 miles in *thirteen hours.* He carried the war news and saddled his own horses.

☞ Our readers must not forget that the Circus exhibits on Monday evening, the first time this season in Lowell.

BUMPER. Corruption of the words *bon pere*, (good father,) meaning the Pope, whose health was always drank after dinner by the Monks, in a full glass of wine.

☞ The Lexington Artillery have volunteered to go to Mexico should they be wanted.

BY THE NOON MAIL,



Arrival of the Steamship Great Britian at New New York, at about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, bringing four days later intelligence from England.

From the New York Sun Extra.

Tha form of the Oregon Notice passed by the U. S. Senate is highly gratifying to the British, and all agree that it ensures a speedy adjustment of the dispute.

The London Times of May 8. says, "There is, at bottom, the same deep and earnest hope in both countries that this question will be amicably settled, and we trust there is equal resolution in the governments of both countries to make every exertion consistent with their true interests and honor, to terminate the controversy."

The accounts from various parts of Ireland, as to the wants of the people, are painfully apparent. One day last week sixty people were admitted into the poor house at Dungarvon.

The strike amongst tha English operatives in the building trade continues.

Tha French funds fell somewhat, owing to reports that Oporto (Portugal) was in full insurrection, and that unfavorable intelligence had arrived from America. M. Piret, the Belgian Envoy to the United States, had arrived at Havre, to embark for Washington.

Tha Albenian Christians have been subjected to atrocious cruelties by the Seraskier of Albania.

Wilmer & Smith quote cotton 1-8 higher than it was at the time of the sailing of the Britannia.

The grain markets were somewhat active. The price of sugar is steadily increasing.

The news, as will be seen, is not important.

A letter from Crecow, dated April 26, states that an attempt was made to excite tha people to revolt, by means of religious fanaticism. A woman, dressed as a peasant, was placed on the alter amidst cries of "See, a saint appears during divine service!" The pretended saint announced to the assembled multitude that the Holy Virgin had appeared to her in a dream, and said to her, "Poland is not yet lost; God the Father has resolved to establish the kingdom of Poland in all its fulness." Some police agents and the militia, entered the Church, arrested the modern saint, and conducted her to the principal door. The crowd followed the saint, but soon dispered at tha sight of tha cannon.

GEN. ARISTA'S PAPERS, as we learn by tha Mail, show that the Mexican force on the day of battle exceeded 8000; though it is not absolutely certain that the whole of this force was on this side of the Rio Granda.

Gen. Arista's Aid stated that the Mexican loss, in killed on the field of battle and drowned, was 800.—Fifteen hundred Mexican muskets (all King's arms,) had been collected by our troops.

The plan of campaign as developed by Arista's papers, was for that General, after demolishing the small force under command of Gen. Taylor, to overrun Texas, and, having effected "the conquest of the revolted province, if it should be necessary to secure the fruits of victory, it was arranged that Gen. Paredes himself should march an army of occupation into tha conquered country.

☞ The Second Edition of the Times says that they have letters from Washington which state that Hon Marcus Morton is confirmed.

Also, that the President has withdrawn the name of Hon. Isaac H. Wright as Navy Agent for this port, and appointed Col. Joseph Hall in his place.

VAN AMBURGH, with his grand cursvan of animals, is on his way toward this City and will make his grand entry on tha 29th of June. His train consists 110 horses attached to tha wagon which contain the cages with the animals. The horses have silver-mounted harnesses, all uniform, very costly and showy. The Band occupy an elegant chariot, eighteen feet high, which is drawn by eight large London Dray horses, matched and elegantly housed and harnessed. The entire train will be the most imposing and elegant of anything of the kind ever witnessed in this city.—The collection of animals is one of the best in the world, large and valuable additions to which have recently been made. The Cersvan will be exhibited on tha vacant land at the foot of the Common, near the Providence Railroad Depot, by permission of the city authorities.

A large plate has been issued, representing Van Amburgh, as he appeared before Queen Victoria, and her lords and ladies, in waiting by special command, at Drury Lane Theatre. It is a fine picture.—*Trans.*

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken tha Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,

may30 1f No. 4, Market St.

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at tha Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mouslin de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to tha Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at tha Shawl and Silk Store, up over tha Post Office. may30

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This Day.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner SAM'L DAVIS, *Horie*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 2t, Commercial wharf. m30

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell, my23aly6m

Mt. Holly, New Jersey, Nov. 1, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle,—Dear Sir: Having used DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, with great benefit to myself, I cheerfully comply with your request to give my testimony in favor of it. Some time since I took cold, and it settled on my lungs; I was troubled for several weeks with a very bad cough, raised blood several times, and had all the alarming symptoms attending confirmed consumption. I despaired of recovery. After trying various remedies in vain, I obtained a bottle of your Balsam: I took three bottles, and to my astonishment was entirely cured. I attribute my restoration to health to that medicine alone. All who are sick or afflicted with Pulmonary affections, I would recommend them to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM immediately. THOS. F. KEELER.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butler.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Pastiles? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is an yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&P6mchm

☞ BOOTH'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 226 Washington street, Boston. tfadvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MERRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, May 28, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Sylvanus T. Marsh to Miss Augusta E. Persons.

In Salem, N. H., May 14th, by Rev. Mr Haywood, Mr Norris Emerson to Miss Coreelia W. Emerson, of Methuen, Mass.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my2A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my23A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



GRAND ENTERTAINMENT WITH GREAT ADDITION IN INTEREST, SPLENDOR, &c.

THE MAGNIFICENT MAMMOTH CIRCUS of Messrs. Rockwell & Stone doubly increased from their former great attractions, *unrivals all Conceivable Grandeur* for their Talented performance, Equipments, &c., continued for their Travelling Entertainments this Year 1846. *This most renowned* and Brilliant Establishment comprising upwards of *One Hundred and Twenty Men and Horses*, will exhibit in LOWELL,

ON THE SOUTH COMMON, near the South Grammar School House, for six days only, commencing on MONDAY the 1st day of JUNE, next.

The particulars of this MIGHTY EQUESTRIAN TROUPE so fortunate and famous, are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a correct detail may be found in the *Immense Descriptive Bills* posted in the principal Hotels and elsewhere. However it may not be amiss to annex the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal. MADAM CAMILLA GARDNER, Prop. HARRINGTON & SON, OSCAR B. STONE, WM. H. STOUT, MAST. STOUT, G. W. SERGEANT, D. MINNICH, C. BACON, V. PIQUET, H. SMITH, F. CRAWFORD, E. DORR, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Messrs. CAMPBELL, GALLIANI, T. WADDER and J. WADDER, Vocalists; BACON & DAN GARDNER, Clowns. The TYROLEANS. The DANCING PONY FANNY ELLSLER; INTELLIGENT DOG NAPOLEON, etc., etc.

This Grand Cavalcade will be proceeded on their arrival by the N. Y. Brass Band in their costly CHARIOT, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by EIGHT SPLENDID STEEDS driven in hand.

☞ Doors open at 2½ and 7½, P. M., performance commences at 3 and 8. Admittance to boxes 25 cents, Pit 12½. my26A1j6

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time; we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

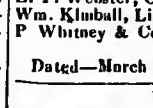
ROADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes are rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfepr7] April 6, 1846.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., in this city by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-A&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage. Orders received for *Embossing* Cards.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 23d, 1846. 4Swis4

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—For COMMERCIAL War. *First Fair Wind.*

The fast sailing packet ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always.—Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. m29

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Carrier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26A3m

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveynd to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hollowu Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlingtoe, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

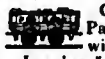
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjun3t

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½.

FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm-street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9if Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from ewkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. edv1ymay9

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boid'd Sattins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

GRATIS.--EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ½ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others, (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estate, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other Incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

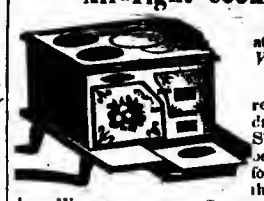
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland, *Monday,* and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ep28

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 A3m

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

epr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood!—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coutar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 88 Central st.

SUMMER STYLES—Just received, Beebe & Coutar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 88 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 1st, on the premises, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a lot of land containing 3000 square feet, situated at the corner of Gorham and Charles sts.

Also same day, at 11 o'clock, one other lot containing 18,000 square feet, situated on the corner of Low. all and Willey sts. may28

Valuable House Lot at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 1st, at 4 o'clock, P. M., (or immediately after the sale of the Ten-Footers at Carpet Lane,) a valuable House Lot on Warren street, near Church street. Said lot contains 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord River, being the second lot from Church st. Sale positive—Terms at sale, may28

Ten Footers at Auction.

On MONDAY, June 1st, at 2 o'clock, on the Premises, all of the Ten Footers between Carpet Lane and Market st., belonging to the Lowell Manufacturing Co, (if not disposed of at private sale.

Also, 2 Ten Fenters on Carpet Lane, formerly owned by John Fuvor, now owned by S. Richardson, Esq. Said buildings contain 8 small tenements.

Also, 1 Ten Footer owned and occupied by Mr Abner Kittredge as a paint shop.

Said buildings are to be removed between the 1st and 15th of June. All of the above buildings will positively be sold at the time named, unless previously disposed of at private sale. may19

At Private Sale.—2 Blocks of Houses, 6 tenements, situated on Fletcher and Edward's Court, Central Village. may26

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On MONDAY, June 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Assignee's Sale of Marble and Stone Work.—The entire stock of Benjamin Day, Lowell st., consisting in part of 700 feet of American marble headstones, ready shaped—700 feet American do. do. in Slabs—100 feet Sweeton do. for hearths—145 feet Italian marble head stones, ready for lettering—282 feet Italian marble slabs—425 do. do., thin—175 do. do. 1½ inch thick—2 Italian Marble Obelisks, sawed out in form—1 do. do. Die—1 large Marble monument—6 do. do. Obelisks—530 feet Soap Stone hearths, 12 slabs—5 large blocks Soap Stone—1 lot sand stone—1 lot Hacvard Slate stone—8 small buildings on leased land—1 large Bay Horse—1 waggon and harness, and sundry other articles belonging to the same estate, by order of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, assignee of the estate of Benjamin Day, an insolvent debtor. Terms at sale which will be on the premises. my26

On MONDAY, June 1st, by order of Hon. J. G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benj. Day, Lowell at the entire stock of said Day, consisting of a large amount of Marble, Soap Stone, Sand Stone, &c. &c. (Particulars hereafter.)

At Private Sale.

A Farm of North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19A2m C. K. MORRILL.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tannel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mmapdec20

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 16 ft. long 12 R. dia meter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE.

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 2mdvma2

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher accomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

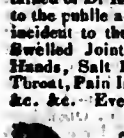
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Poed, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemesoe.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. myl4 a&r6mcho

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Lees'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skaltock; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv2ownar26

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, in combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

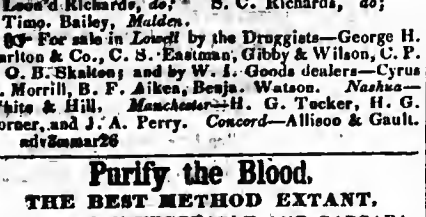
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West Indis Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. odv1yjan29

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, boeght of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf&ec6

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m30

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c, are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application.—*As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, or the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In *twenty four hours* after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in two weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Highly important to all invailds
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholira; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive their powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the variprovided by the Author of our being the lungs, outlets the kidneys and the bowels.—Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extremo of the seasons, dwelling at times in moraases and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polny. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jas7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs of —

"Money craved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And fur their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, feedering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious wounds of reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. atyjun22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grow worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Voemeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Mussey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [myl2] dec10

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and specdy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been far more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confirence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once place it in the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrufula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

PERMANENCE OF THE PASTORAL OFFICE. Rev Mr *Bennett's* 28th Anniversary Sermon, delivered at Woburn, Jan'y 4, 1846, just published, and for sale at 29, Central st., by J. J. JUDKINS.

such apportionment, shall be called by the selectmen of Chelsea, and holden in the town of Chelsea; and the selectmen of North Chelsea shall make a true list of persons belonging to that town, qualified to vote, at every such election, and deliver the same to the selectmen of the town of Chelsea, by whom the same shall be taken and used in the same manner as if it had been prepared by themselves.

Sec. 5. In case said towns should not agree in respect to a division of town paupers, town property, or town debts, or state or county taxes, the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Suffolk is hereby authorized to, and shall, upon petition of either town, appoint three competent and disinterested persons to hear the parties, and award thereon; and any award made by said three persons, or any two of them, and accepted by the said court, shall be final.

Sec. 6. Any justice of the peace in the county of Suffolk is hereby authorized to issue his warrant, directed to any principal inhabitant of said town of North Chelsea, requiring him to notify and warn the inhabitants thereof, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the time and place therein appointed, for the purpose of choosing all such town officers as towns are by law authorized and required to choose at their annual meetings.

Section 7. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved by the Governor, March 19, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Hawkers and Pedlers.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. From and after the first day of July next, every hawker, pedler, or petty chapman, or other person, going from town to town, from place to place, or from dwelling house to dwelling house in the same town, either on foot, or with one or more horses, or otherwise carrying for sale, any goods, wares or merchandize, or taking a residence in any town for that purpose, for a less time than one year, except as provided in the second section, or under a license granted as herein provided, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars for every offence. And that nothing contained in this section shall be construed to restrain sales at Public Auction, according to law.

Sec. 2. Any person may go about as aforesaid, selling and exposing to sale any fruits and provisions whatever, live animals, brooms, agricultural implements, fuel, newspapers, books or pamphlets, agricultural products of the United States, the products of his own family; but the sale of jewelry, wines, spirituous liquors, playing cards, indigo and feathers—as aforesaid, is hereby prohibited; *provided*, if the city council of any city shall authorize the mayor and alderman of such city, or the inhabitants of any town shall authorize the selectmen of such town to restrain the sale, by minors, of any goods, wares or merchandize, the sale of which in the manner aforesaid is permitted in this section, such mayor and aldermen, or selectmen, while such authority remains in force, may exercise, in the premises, all the powers they are by law authorized to exercise in relation to theatrical exhibitions and public shows; and any violation of such restraint, when the same shall be imposed by the regulations of said mayor and aldermen, or said selectmen, or any sale of the articles in question, without a license, where the same shall be required in exercise of the authority above granted, shall subject the persons guilty of the same to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars for every offence; *provided, further*, that no such restraint imposed, or license granted, shall remain in force beyond the term of office of those by whom the same was imposed or granted.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Commonwealth may grant a license to go about selling and exposing to sale, any goods, wares or merchandize, not prohibited in the second section, to any applicant, who shall file in his office a certificate, signed by a majority of the selectmen of any town, or the mayor of any city, in the Commonwealth, which certificate shall state that, to the best knowledge and belief of such mayor or selectmen, the applicant therein named is a citizen of the United States, and resides in such city or town, and is in good repute for morals and integrity. And the mayor or selectmen as aforesaid, before granting such certificate, shall require every such applicant to make oath that he is the person named therein, that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a resident of such city or town, which oath shall be certified by a justice of the peace, and accompany the certificate.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause to be inserted in every license, the names of such cities and towns as the applicant shall select, with the sum to be paid to the respective treasurers thereof, annexed, and shall receive from the applicant one dollar for each city or town so inserted; and any person so licensed is hereby authorized to sell, as aforesaid, any goods, wares or merchandize not prohibited in the second section, in any city or town mentioned in his license, upon first tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum stated to be due; and the treasurer of such city or town shall make a certificate on the face of the license, stating the sum so received. No license granted under this act shall be pleaded in bar to any complaint against the person licensed, if it be proved that he exposed to sale in any county, city or town mentioned in such license, any article not permitted or prohibited in the second section, prior to tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum required by this act, or in any county, city or town not mentioned in such license: *Provided*, that this act shall not be construed to require any person so licensed to pay the sum due to the treasurer of any county, city or town, before he is prepared to trade therein.

Sec. 5. Every person licensed under the foregoing sections, in addition to the sum payable to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall pay to the treasurer of each city or town mentioned in his license, the sums following: For every town containing not more than one thousand inhabitants, according to the U. States census next preceding the date of any license, three dollars. For every town containing more than one thousand and not more than two thousand inhabitants, six dollars. For every town containing more than two thousand and not more than three thousand inhabitants, eight dollars. For every town containing more than three thousand and not more than four thousand inhabitants, ten dollars. And for every town containing more than four thousand inhabitants, the sum shall be increased, in addition to ten dollars, one dollar for every one thousand inhabitants over four thousand contained therein; *provided*, that the sum to be paid to the treasurer of any city or town shall in no case exceed twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 6. Every license granted under this Act before the first day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, shall bear date on the first day of July next, and shall continue in force till the first day of January aforesaid and no longer, and the amount to be paid therefor shall be one half of any sums herein provided to be paid for a similar license for a year; and every license granted after the aforesaid first day of January, shall bear date on the first day of January of the year in which it is granted, and shall continue in force one year and no longer; and it shall not be lawful for any person to sell under any such license except the person licensed therein or named in a transfer of the same, as hereinafter provided. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of all licenses granted, with the number of each, the name and residence of the person licensed, and the counties, cities and towns mentioned therein, and also of all special State licenses. The treasurers of the counties, cities and towns shall severally keep records of all licenses upon which the sums provided in this act have been paid, with the number of each, the name and residence of the persons licensed, and the sums received thereon, and all such records shall be open for public inspection.

Sec. 7. In addition to the licenses authorized in the foregoing sections, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, upon the conditions required in the third section, may grant special State licenses, upon the payment, by the applicant, of one hundred dollars for each license; and the person so licensed shall be authorized to expose to sale any goods, wares or merchandize not prohibited in the second section, in any city or town mentioned in his license, upon first tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum stated to be due; and the treasurer of such city or town shall make a certificate on the face of the license, stating the sum so received. No license granted under this act shall be pleaded in bar to any complaint against the person licensed, if it be proved that he exposed to sale in any county, city or town mentioned in such license, any article not permitted or prohibited in the second section, prior to tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum required by this act, or in any county, city or town not mentioned in such license: *Provided*, that this act shall not be construed to require any person so licensed to pay the sum due to the treasurer of any county, city or town, before he is prepared to trade therein.

Sec. 8. All sums paid to the Secretary of the Commonwealth under this act, shall be for the use of the Commonwealth; and all sums paid to the treasurer of any county, city or town, shall be for the use of the county, city or town so receiving the same. Any license granted under this act, upon proceedings had by the applicant, as provided in the third section, may be transferred by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the person to whom such license is transferred, shall be liable, in all respects, as if he were the person originally licensed.

Sec. 9. Every person licensed as herein provided, shall post his name, residence and the number of his license in a conspicuous manner, upon his parcels or vehicle, and whenever such license is demanded of him by any selectman or justice of the peace, he shall forthwith exhibit it, and if in neglect or refuse to do so, shall be subject to the same penalty as if he were without a license; and this act, or a synopsis thereof, shall be printed on every license.

Sec. 10. The license of any person who shall be convicted of a violation of any provision of this act shall be void. Any person who shall counterfeit or forge a license, or who shall have a counterfeit or forged license in his possession, with the intent to utter or use the same as true, knowing it to be false and counterfeit, or who shall attempt to sell under a license which has expired, or is forfeited, or which was not granted to him, or which has not been transferred, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

Sec. 11. The seventh and eighth sections of the thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 10, 1846.

AN ACT to set off a part of the town of Ipswich, and annex the same to the town of Boxford.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: That the tract of land, containing about ten acres, heretofore situated in the town of Ipswich, in the County of Essex, lying northerly of the following described lines, viz: commencing at the westerly corner of Ipswich, at a stone marked "Ips. Twp. Box.," in land of Isaac Hale, at the corners of Ipswich and Topsfield, at Boxford line, and thence running south, fifty-four degrees east, sixty-four rods and three links, to a bound stone between Ipswich and Topsfield, at a point northerly of the house of Ethridge S. Bixby; and thence, running north twenty-two degrees east, sixty-six rods and ten links, to a point on the present line between Ipswich and Boxford, with the inhabitants thereon, be set off from said town of Ipswich and annexed to said town of Boxford; and said inhabitants shall hereafter be considered inhabitants of Boxford, and shall there exercise and enjoy all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties and liabilities, in like manner with the other inhabitants of said town of Boxford. Provided, that said land and the inhabitants thereon, shall be holden to pay all such taxes as have lawfully been assessed or granted by said town of Ipswich, in the same manner as they would have been holden, if this act had not been passed. [Approved by the Governor, March 7th, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the dividing line between the towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. The dividing line between the towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater, in the County of Plymouth, is hereby established, as follows: Beginning at a stone monument, on the northerly side of the highway, near the dwelling-house of Lyman Willis, in West Bridgewater, on the line between the towns of East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater, thence, running south, sixty-five degrees and twenty-four minutes east, four hundred and forty-two rods, to a stone monument, on the line between said towns of East Bridgewater and Bridgewater, on the northerly side of the highway, leading from the dwelling-house of Caleb Mitchell to Joppa Village; thence, running south, eighty-five degrees and twenty minutes east, one hundred and eighty rods, to a stone monument, on the northerly side of the road, about one rod from the bridge, being a former angle of the town line, and from thence to Hallifax line, as described and established by an Act passed the twenty-third day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty eight, establishing the dividing line between the said towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater; and the said line, as above described, shall forever hereafter be the dividing line between said towns.

Sec. 2. All the land lying on the southerly side of said line, which has heretofore constituted a part of the town of East Bridgewater, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Bridgewater, and all persons residing on the land aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be inhabitants of said town of Bridgewater.

Sec. 3. All the land lying on the northerly side of said dividing line, which has heretofore constituted a part of the town of Bridgewater, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of East Bridgewater.

Sec. 4. All persons who shall hereafter become chargeable as paupers to either of said towns of Bridgewater or East Bridgewater, whose legal settlement shall have been acquired on the territory set off by this act from the town of East Bridgewater to the town of Bridgewater, and who are not residents upon said territory at the time of passing this act, shall receive their support by the town of East Bridgewater; and all persons who shall hereafter become chargeable as paupers to either of said towns, whose legal settlement shall have been acquired on the territory set off by this act from the town of Bridgewater to the town of East Bridgewater, and who are not residents upon said territory at the time of passing this act, shall receive their support by the town of Bridgewater.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, March 20th, 1846.

AN ACT to alter the times of holding the terms of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Hampshire.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. That portion of the fourth section of the eighty-second chapter of the Revised Statutes, which provides that the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Hampshire, shall be held on the fourth Monday of March and the third Mondays of August and November, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. There shall be a term of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Hampshire, on the third Monday in February, the first Monday of June, and the third Monday of October, annually.

Sec. 3. All writs, recognizances, continuances, or other proceedings, civil or criminal, returnable, or having reference to the third Monday of August next, shall be returned to, have day in, and be proceeded upon, at said term hereby established on the first Monday of June next.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 7th, 1846.

AN ACT relating to the meetings of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec 1. So much of the sixth section of the eighty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as relates to the meeting of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire, on the first Tuesday of June, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. There shall be a meeting of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire, on the Tuesday next after the second Monday of June, annually; and all petitions, bonds, orders, returns, and other proceedings returnable, and having reference to the first Tuesday of June next, shall apply to, and be proceeded upon at the time herein fixed for holding the June meeting.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 15th, 1846.

RESOLVE in relation to the granting of permits to cut down timber on the public lands.

Resolved, That the Land Agent be directed to suspend the granting of permits to cut down timber on the lands situated on the River St. John, and its tributary streams. Provided, that if it shall be necessary for the prevention of trespasses, the Land Agent is authorized to grant a limited number of permits, not exceeding one for any one township. [Approved by the Governor, April 11th, 1846.

RESOLVE authorizing the Land Agent to sell lands in certain cases.

Resolved, That the Land Agent be authorized and directed to make a further sale of lands heretofore sold by this Commonwealth, in those cases where notes taken for the said lands were due in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, or before that year, and remain unpaid. Provided, That the Land Agent shall first give notice to the delinquent purchasers of the said lands, either by writing, where the parties are known, or by publication made once a month for three months, in one or more of the public newspapers in each of the States of Maine and Massachusetts, of the passage of this Resolve, and that the said delinquent purchasers shall fail to pay their said notes to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth, on or before the first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven; in which case, the said Treasurer is directed to cancel or deliver up the said notes to the makers thereof. [Approved by the Governor, March 2d, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the dividing line between the towns of Hatfield and Williamsburg.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. The dividing line between the towns of Williamsburg and Hatfield, in the County of Hampshire, shall commence at the southeast angle of the town of Williamsburg, at a point fifty-five rods and seventeen links in a direction nearly east from a stone monument on the west side of Horse Mountain road, on the line between the towns of Northampton and Williamsburg, and shall thence run north eleven degrees and thirty minutes east, to the south line of the town of Whately.

Sec. 2. All the land lying on the west side of the line above described, which heretofore constituted part of the town of Hatfield, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Williamsburg, and all the land lying on the east side of the said line, which heretofore was within the town of Williamsburg, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Hatfield.

Sec. 3. All persons residing on the lands aforesaid, shall be deemed to be inhabitants of the town to which the said lands are respectively annexed, and shall be entitled to all the civil and political rights and privileges therein, that they enjoyed as inhabitants of the town from which the said lands are severed.

Sec. 4. The town of Williamsburg shall be liable for the support of all poor persons who are now, or shall hereafter become, chargeable upon the town of Hatfield, and who have derived their legal settlement from the ownership of, or residence upon, any land which is hereby set off to said town, in the same manner and to the same extent as the town of Hatfield is now, and would continue to be, liable, if this act had not passed.

Sec. 5. The inhabitants of the town of Williamsburg shall, hereafter, pay to the town of Hatfield, such proportion of all County and State taxes, as shall be assessed upon the town of Hatfield, for the lands and estate hereby set off from said town, and annexed to Williamsburg; such proportion to be ascertained and determined by the town valuation, made in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty.

Sect. 6. An Act entitled "An Act to establish the dividing line between the towns of Hatfield and Williamsburg," passed on the fourteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, is hereby repealed.

Sect. 7. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

March 19th, 1846. Approved by the Governor.

AN ACT providing for a recompense to Prosecuters and Officers in certain cases.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Section 1. Upon any conviction of the offence of forging, or making any false or counterfeit certificate, bill or note, in the similitude of any certificate, bill or note issued by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, or any commissioner or other officer authorized by law to issue the same for any debt of this Commonwealth, or any bank bill or promissory note issued by or for any bank or banking company established in this state, or in any of the United States, or for the offence of counterfeiting any gold or silver coin current, by law or usage, in this Commonwealth, or for the offence of possessing, with intent to utter as true, or of knowingly uttering as true, any such false and counterfeit certificate, bill, note, or coin as aforesaid, and also upon any conviction of having in possession, materials, tools, plates, dies, moulds, or implements, designed and adapted for counterfeiting such coin and bank bills, purporting to be issued by such banks as aforesaid, and also upon forfeiture by persons prosecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, of any recognizance for their appearance to answer to the same, the court before which such conviction may be had, or where the record of such recognizance may be, may order a meet recompense to the prosecuter, and also to the officer who has secured and kept the evidence of the offence, not exceeding their actual expenses, with a reasonable allowance for their time and trouble, to be paid by the county treasurer, and charged by him to the Commonwealth; provided, that where recognizances are forfeited as aforesaid, the amount to be paid in any case, shall not exceed the amount received by the Commonwealth thereon.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, March 21, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The boundary line between the town of Lunenburg, in the County of Worcester, and the town of Shirley, in the County of Middlesex, from an established monument at the southeast corner of Lunenburg and the southwest corner of Shirley, to an established monument at the northeast corner of Townsend, shall be confirmed and established as a straight line; provided that the dwelling house of Jacob Harrington, now supposed to be standing upon the line aforesaid, and the occupants thereof, for all purposes, shall be considered within the town of Lunenburg, so long as said building shall remain on said line. [Approved by the Governor, March 3, 1846.

AN ACT to establish Teachers' Institutes.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. Whenever reasonable assurance shall be given to the Board of Education, that a number not less than seventy teachers of common schools shall desire to assemble for the purpose of forming a Teachers' Institute, and to remain in session for a period not less than ten working days, the said Board, by a committee of their body or by their secretary, or, in case of his inability, by such person or persons as they may delegate, shall appoint a time and place for said meeting, make suitable arrangements therefor, and give due notice thereof.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of rooms, fires, lights, attendance, or other necessary charges, and for procuring teachers and lectures for said Institute, the said Board, their secretary, or other person or persons, duly appointed by them, may draw upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, for a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars for any one Institute, from such funds as may be in the Treasury, under the general warrant of the Governor for said purpose.

Sec. 3. To meet the expenses aforesaid the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer, for a sum not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, to be taken from the capital of the School Fund, and to remain in the Treasury subject to the drafts provided for in the second section of this bill. [Approved by the Governor, March 12, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Annual Returns of Savings Banks and Institutions for Savings.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. The Treasurer of every Savings Bank and Institution for Savings, shall, as often as once in every year, make return of the state thereof, as it was at the close of business on the last Saturday of some preceding month, to be designated by the Governor, which return shall be made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, within fifteen days after an order to that effect; and said return shall specify the following particulars, namely: Place where located; Name of Corporation; Number of Depositors; Amount of Deposits; Public Funds, stating amount of each; Loans on Public Funds, stating amount on each; Invested in Bank Stock, stating amount on each; Loans on Bank Stock, stating amount on each; Deposits in Banks bearing interest, stating amount in each; Loans on Railroad stock, stating amount on each; Invested in Real Estate; Loans on Mortgage of Real Estate; Loans to County or Town; Loans on Personal Security; Cash on hand; Rate and amount of ordinary dividend for last year; Average annual per cent. of dividends of last five years; Annual Expenses of the Institution; all of which shall be certified and sworn to by the Treasurer; and five or more of the Trustees or Managers of the Corporation shall also certify and make oath that the said return is correct, according to their best knowledge and belief.

Sec. 2. Blank forms of such returns shall be furnished to every such corporation by the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and he shall prepare suitable yearly abstracts thereof, and lay the same before the Legislature.

Sec. 3. The eighty-second and eighty-third sections of the thirty-sixth chapter of the Revised Statutes are repealed. [Approved by the Governor, March 7, 1846.

AN ACT to change the Name of the Persons therein mentioned.

Ruth Castles may take the name of Ruth Cobb; Henry Castles may take the name of Charles Henry Cobb; Thomas Coffin Amory may take the name of Thomas C. Amory; Sylvia Fellows Mudget may take the name of Sylvia Fellows Thomas; George B. Kehew may take the name of George B. Appleton; Nathaniel Baker may take the name of Henry Smith Baker; Albert Callender may take the name of Charles Albert Callender; William Sewall Murphy minor son of Widow Sarah L. Pool, may take the name of William Sewall; Samuel Hutchinson Parkhurst may take the name of Julius Thorn Parkhurst; George Vincer may take the name of Edwin Vincer Wiech; Mary Whitten may take the name of Mary Wilbur; Caroline Maria Haynes, minor, may take the name of Caroline Maria Crane; Joseph Joost may take the name of Joseph Joost Hewes; William Gray may take the name of William Chandler Gray; Josiah Bates may take the name of Josiah Winslow Bates; Stephen Briant Stephenson may take the name of Briant Stephenson; Lewis Clark may take the name of George Lewis Clark; Dolly Miller may take the name of Eliza May Miller; Henry Foster may take the name of Henry Havea Foster; William Cowen Alexander Gault may take the name of William Gault; Maria Cloutman may take the name of Maria Brown; Eliza Daws Cloutman may take the name of Eliza Daws Brown; Joseph Henry Towne may take the name of Joseph Hardy Towne; Thomas Sawyer may take the name of Oliver Thomas Sawyer; John Bottum may take the name of John Bottume; also, John Bottum, Junior, minor son of John Bottum, may take the name of John Bottume, Junior; Elizabeth Hale Rowell may take the name of Elizabeth Hale; also, that her minor children, Elizabeth Christiana, Mena Douglas, Gertrude Corriana, and Howard Augustus, may severally take the surname of Hale; Caroline S. Thwing may take the name of Elizabeth Barnes Thwing; William Rice may take the name of William Adams Rice; Elizabeth Cushing may take the name of Elizabeth Lane Cushing; Abby Tryphania Knox, adopted daughter of George A. Parish, may take the name of Abby Tryphania Parish; Peter Pearce Hutchinson may take the name of Pearce Hutchins; Almira Gilpatrick may take the name of Almira Gill; William Davenport Irish may take the name of William Davenport: also, his family, Deborah, Sarah Frances, William, George Edward, John Henry, Benjamin Franklin, may severally take the surname of Davenport; Jesse Ross Rhoades may take the name of Jesse Rhoades Mayo;—severally of the City of Boston, all of the County of Suffolk. James Hambleton Hill may take the name of Horace Lane Hill; Francis Ashton Monarch may take the name of Francis Monarch Ashton; Theodore Monarch may take the name of Theodore Ashton; Harriot Webb may take the name of Harriot Northey Webb;—severally of the City of Salem. George Gordon Murphy may take the name of George Gordon Mosely; Lydia Gordon Murphy may take the name of Lydia Amanda Mosely; Mary Elizabeth Murphy, minor, may take the name of Mary Elizabeth Susannah Mosely; Geo. Francis Murphy, minor, may take the name of George Francis Mosely; James Blackey may take the name of James Blankey Dennison; Edward Nawell Gibson may take the name of Edward Sylvanus Nowhall; Anna G. Shove, minor, may take the name of Anna S. Johnson; Gilbert Boyce, junior, may take the name of Gilbert Russell Boyce; Elijah Hedding Alley may take the name of Freeman Alley, severally of the town of Lynn. William McConnell, of Georgetown, may take the name of William Corliss; Thomas L. Lucy may take the name of George Hudson; Elizabeth P. Lucy, (his wife,) may take the name of Lucy Hudson; John W. Lucy, Helen L. Lucy, Martha J. Lucy, and Charles T. Lucy, their minor children, may take the surname of Hudson; Samuel Miller Soines, may take the name of Alvan Moroni Monteith, severally of the town of Bradford. Adaline Means Brown, of Ipswich, may take the name of Abby Ann Brown; Hipsabeth P. Wiggin, of the town of Danvers, may take the name of Elizabeth P. Wiggin; William Pousland may take the name of William Pousland Friend; Nancy Stephens Pousland may take the name of Nancy Stephens Friend; James Hill Pousland, minor, may take the name of James Hill Friend, severally of the town of Beverly. Polly Smith, of Salisbury, may take the name of Mary Jane Smith; Charles Merris Chace, of Newburyport, minor, may take the name of Edwin Bailey Chace; Jonathan Andrew, of Salem, may take the name of John Andrew; Benjamin Harris Saunders, of Rowley, a minor, may take the name of Amos Joseph Saunders; Abigail Pike, a minor, daughter of True Pike, of Salisbury, may take the name of Mary Abigail Pike; Jeremiah Farnham, a minor, of Andover, may take the name of Charles Farnham, all of the county of Essex. Augustus Fitzaubut Richards, of Natick, minor, may take the name of Georgo Fuller; John Franklin Nealy, of Wayland, may take the name of Franklin Foster; Mary S. Nealy, of Wayland, may take the name of Mary Foster; John Ingalls Wiley, of South Reading, miner, may take the name of Elmer Alonzo Willis; Henry McIntire, of Reading, may take the name of Henry Clay; Elizabath Jane Donahoe, of Lowell, minor, may take the name of Lydia Anna Nealy; Leander Shalton, of Cambridge, may take the name of Leander Lincoln; Mary C. Shelton, of Cambridge, may take the name of Mary C. Lincoln; also, Sarah E. Shelton, Martha J. Shelton, Henry C. Shalton, Mary E. R. Shelton, and Angelina C. Shelton, may severally take the surname of Lincoln; Roxana B. Davis, of Cambridge, may take the name of Anna B. Davis; James Western Babcock, of Framingham, may take the name of James Austin Elliot; Caroline Lucinda Beck, adopted daughter of James M. Beal, of Natick, may take the name of Caroline Lucinda Beal; Oliver Rice, of Sudbury, may take the name of Oliver Richard Rice; James Whiting, of Charlestown, may take the name of James Henry Whiting; Comfort Harriet Corson, of Lowell, may take the name of Helen Marr Corson; Philip Coverty, of Brighton, may take the name of Edward Marshall Abbott; Frederick Buckingham, minor, of Cambridge, may take the name of Frederick Alexander Buckingham; George Washington Aiken, of Watertown, may take the name of Cerrus Imus Aiken; George Fuller, of Newton, may take the name of Charles Jeremiah Fuller; Eliza Jane Nickerson, minor, adopted daughter of William and Caroline M. Howe, of Lowell, may take the name of Eliza Auburn Howe; Gamaliel Bradford, of Charlestown, may take the name of Alden Howard Bradford; Mary Miller, of Holliston, minor, may take the name of Mary Jones Miller; Julia Ann Caine, the wife of Henry Caine, of Woburn, who has taken the surname of Wendell, may now take the surname of Wendell; also, his daughter, Luella Bell Caine, may take the name of Julia Ann Wendell; Mary Cornell, of Framingham, may take the name of Clara—Hemmenway; Charles Watkins, adopted son of William Wight, of Holliston, may take the name of Charles Winthrop Wight; Adolphus C. Sebutt, of Lowell, may take the name of Charles Thompson; Lydia Richardson, of Chelmsford, may take the name of Lydia Richardson Warren; Anna S. Green, of Holliston, may take the name of Ann Smith; Theophilus Bigelow, of Holliston, may take the name of Richard Bigelow; George L. Avery, of Malden, may take the name of James Connt Austin; Guy Slade Burroughs, of Sudbury, may take the name of George Burroughs; Dolly D. Brown, of Stoneham, may take the name of Mary D. Brown; John Aloysius Hanner, of Somerville, a minor, adopted son of George W. Beck, may take the name of John Aloysius Beck; Daniel Forbes, of Charlestown, may take the name of Daniel H. Forbes; Emily Amelia Winship, a minor daughter of Jonathan Winship, of Brighton, may take the name of Amelia Merriam Winship; Levi Bartlett Thyng, of Lowell, may take the name of Levi Bartlett Tyng, all of the county of Middlesex.

Eleazer Allen Battell, of the town of Worcester, may take the name of Allen E. Battall; Lemuel Newton, of Hardwick, may take the name of Samuel Home Allen; John Wetherell, Junior, of Orford, may take the name of John Weloott Wetherell; Mahala Holt, of Milford, may take the name of Mahala Holt Cook; Desire Goddard, wife of Elisha Goddard, of the town of Princeton, may take the name of Sarah Desire Goddard; Amanda Zuriah Stewart, of Upton, may take the name of Amanda Zuriah Webster; Eliza Ann Pratt, of Worcester, may take the name of Eliza Ann Brewer; Davis Sylvester Clark, of Royalston, minor, may take the name of David Sylvester Brown; Harvey Allen, of Princeton, may take the name of Harvey Wilbur Allen; Persis Elizabeth Weld, of Charlton, may take the name of Elizabeth Weld; Antoinette G. York, of Upton, may take the name of Jane Maria Walker; Charles Smith Straw, of Worcester, may take the name of Charles Smith Lee; John Waldo Lincoln, of Worcester, counsellor at law, may take the name of Edward Winslow Lincoln; Algernon S. Crawford, of Barre, may take the name of Algernon S. Butler; Julia Sophronia Ruble, adopted daughter of Simon Hubbard, of Holden, may take the name of Julia Caroline Hubbard; Joshua L. Knight, of Leicester, may take the name of Charles S. Knight, all of the county of Worcester. Henry Graves, of Northamptan, may take the name of Henry Graves Moore; Cyrus M. Bartlett, of Worthington, may take the name of Cyrus M. Parsons; Sedate Manly Thayer, of Northampton, may take the name of Manly Sedate Thayer; Edward McIntire, of Springfield, may take the name of Edward West; Sarah Burnell, of Northampton, may take the name of Sarah Burnell Breck; Medad Russell Wright, of Easthampton, may take the name of Russell Medad Wright; John Smith, of Amherst, may take the name of Hervey John Smith; Lewis Joy, of Amherst, may take the name of Lewis Everett Joy, all of the county of Hampshire. Mary Taft, of Springfield, county of Hampden, adopted daughter of Edward M. Joy, may take the name of Lillian Almeria Jey; Elizabeth Antoinette Chase, adopted daughter of Henry R. Vaille, of Springfield, may take the name of Elizabeth Pilman Vaille; Alonzo Stearns, of Williamsburg, may take the name of Alonzo Lysander Stearns, all of the county of Hampden. Oliver Death, of Wendell, may take the name of Oliver Davis; Sally Death, of Wendall, may take the name of Sally Davis; also their children, viz. William S., Eliza, Oliver, Mary E., Benjamin, Royal Francis, Hannah Jane, Sarah Ann, Eliza Sophronia, may severally take the surname of Davis; John Sumner Mudge, of Northfield, may take the name of John Green Mudge; Sabra Willis Carlton, of Buckland, miner, may take the name of Sabra Maranda Carlton; William Dwight Monk, of Deerfield, may take the name of William Dwight; Candace M. Master, of Buckland, may take the name of Candace Carr Howard; Daniel Sweetland, of Barnardston, adopted son of Richard Montague, may take the name of Daniel Richard Montague; Wealthy Minerva Roxana Trask, may take the name of Wealthy Roxana Cowles; also her two minor children, Sarah Maria and George Evans, may severally take the surname of Cowles; Lenander Morton, of Whately, may take the name of Leander Lincoln Morton, all of the county of Franklin. King Williams, of Stockbridge, to take the name of King Sacket Williams; Charity Johnson, of Becket, may take the name of Charity Whittemore, all of the county of Berkshire. William Leland, of Roxbury, may take the name of William Sherman Leland; Edward Gill, of Quincy, may take the name of Edward Howard Gill; Lafayetta Whitney, of Braintree, may take the name of Lewis Lafayette Whitney; Mary T. Fisher, of Franklin, may take the name of Mary Thurston; Harlow Whitney, Junior, of Wrentham, may take the name of Gustavus H. Whitney; Augustine Joshua Bryant, of Milton, may take the name of Augustus Bryant; Ferdinand Clark, of Roxbury, may take the name of Ferdinand Nimrod Clark; Josephine Friendham Wright, adopted daughter of J. W. Parkhurst, of Dedham, may take the name of Mary Josephine Parkhurst; Margaret Howe Brown, of Dorchester, may take the name of Margaret Howe, all of the county of Norfolk. John Wilson, of Fall River, may take the name of John Yates Wilson; Jonathan Soule, of Westport, may take the name of Jonathan P. Soule; Oren Bassett, of Taunton, may take the name of Oren Larned Bassett; Sarah Brown, of Norton, miner, may take the name of Sarah Hunt; William Armstrong Dobson, of Taunton, may take the name of William Armstrong; Elipbalet Robbins, second, of New Bedford, minor, may take the name of Eliphalet Howe Robbins; Mary Macomber of Westport, may take the name of Mary G. Macomber; Richard F. Merchant, of New Bedford, may take the name of Richard F. Merchent; Oliver Perry Coggshall, of Pawtucket, a miner, and adopted son of David R. Sprague, may take the name of Oliver Coggshall Sprague, all of the county of Bristol. Nathan Chandler McLauthlen, may take the name of Nathan Chandler; Elijah Lamb, of Abington, may take the name of Elijah Gay Morris; Rosella Ford Hatch, of Marshfield, minor daughter of David P. Hatch, may take the name of Mary Dyke Ames Hatch; Ellis P. Richards, of North Bridgewater, adopted child of Lyman Clark, may take the name of William Ellis Clark; also Sarah A. Richards, adopted child of Lyman Clark, may take the name of Caroline Augusta Clarke; Olive W. Faunce, of North Bridgewater, may take the name of Ellen Maria Faunce; Ebenezer D. Trickey, of Chatham, may take the name of Ebenezer D. Trakez; Patience Jane Trickey, his wife, may take the name of Patienca Jane Trakez; Hestar Ann R. Trickey, a minor daughter, may take the name of Hester Ann R. Trakez; Charles Henry Hall, of Marshfield, may take the name of Charles Henry Austin, all of the county of Plymouth. Ruthy Chase, wife of Lysander Chase, of Yarmouth, may take the name of Ruth Chase; Jonathan French Whorf, of Provincetown, may take the name of Charles Francis Whorf; Polly Bassett Fairfield, of Yarmouth, may take the name of Mary Bassat Fairfield; Tabitha Atwood, of Brewster, may take the name of Abby Atwood; Marshall Underwood, of Dennis, may take the name of Marshall Sears Underwood; Mary Helan Wixson, of Dennis, minor, may take the name of Susan Helan Wixson; Joseph Baker, a minor, of Dennis, may take the name of Joseph Kally Baker, all of the county of Barnstable. Moses Starbusk, a minor son of Widow Mary Ann Starbuck, of Nantucket, may take the name of Albert Wilson Starbuck, county of Nantucket; and the several persons before named, from and after the passing of this act, shall be known and called by the names which by this act they are respectively allowed to assume, as aforesaid, and the same shall hereafter be considered as their only proper and legal names.

Approved by the Governor, April 16, 1846.

AN ACT ceding to the United States jurisdiction over George's Island, Lovell's Island, and Governor's Island, in the harbor of Boston.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. Jurisdiction is hereby granted and ceded to the United States, over two islands in Boston harbor, known as George's Island and Lovell's Island, upon the former of which the United States are erecting works of fortification, known as Fort Warren.

Sec. 2. The consent of this commonwealth is hereby granted to the United States to purchase an island in the harbor of Boston, called Governor's Island, for the purpose of erecting thereon forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings; the evidence of the purchase aforesaid to be entered and recorded in the Registry of Deeds, in the county of Suffolk and commonwealth of Massachusetts; and the jurisdiction over the said Governor's Island is hereby granted and ceded to the United States: Provided always, and the cession and consent aforesaid are granted upon the express condition, that this commonwealth shall retain a concurrent jurisdiction with the United States in and over the islands aforesaid, so far as that all civil processes and such criminal processes as may issue under the authority of this commonwealth against any person or persons charged with crimes committed without the said islands, may be executed therein, in the same way and manner as though this cession and consent had not been made and granted.

Sec. 3. This property over which jurisdiction is granted by this act shall be exonerated and discharged from all taxes and assessments which may be laid or assessed under the authority of this commonwealth, while the said islands shall remain the property of the United States, and shall be used for the purposes intended by this act.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, February 7th, 1846.]

AN ACT concerning the City of Boston.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. All and singular the acts and doings of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the chairman thereof, during the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, purporting to have been official acts and doings on behalf of said city in the absence of the Mayor thereof, and which might have been legally done and performed by said Mayor alone, or by said Mayor and Aldermen together, whether in relation to any deeds, leases or agreements, indentures or assurances, drafts on the city treasury, or any other matter or thing within the official powers and duties of the said Mayor alone, or said Mayor and Aldermen together, and whether by a concurrent vote with the Common Council or otherwise, shall be deemed to have and shall have the same force and effect to all intents and purposes as if said acts and doings had been done and performed by the said Mayor alone, or by said Mayor and Aldermen together.

Sec. 2.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.
EXTRA.

LOWELL, MASS., MAY 27, 1846.

STATE LAWS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

AN ACT concerning Bonds given on dissolving attachments.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Before any bond shall be approved pursuant to the twentieth section, of the one hundred and sixty-third chapter of the statutes of the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, the person whose goods or estate shall be attached, or some one in his behalf, shall make application in writing in some of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, or Court of Common Pleas, for that purpose; which application shall contain the names and places of residence of the person or persons to be proposed as surety or sureties; and notice shall be given to the plaintiff in the action on which the anachment shall be made, or his attorney, of the time and place of hearing upon such application, and the time shall be given, and notice shall be served in the manner provided in the ninety-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, for notice to the adverse party, of the time of taking depositions: provided always, that the attaching creditor or his attorney may in writing waive such notice, or consent to an approval of any such bond before the expiration of the aforesaid time. [Approved by the Governor, March 18, 1846.]

AN ACT providing for the appointment of assayers of ores and metals.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, may appoint one or more suitable persons to be assayers of ore and metals, who shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties.

Sec 2. It shall be the duty of each assayer, to assay such ores and metals as may be offered to him for assay, and to give a certificate therefor, for which service he shall be paid a reasonable compensation by the person procuring such assay to be made. [Approved by the Governor, March 18, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Marriage and Divorce.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Whenever a marriage is supposed to be void, or the validity thereof is doubted, for any cause other than those enumerated in the first and second sections of the seventy-sixth chapter of the Revised Statutes, and good cause for such supposition and doubt shall be made to appear upon the examination of the party applying for relief, or upon other evidence exhibited to the Court having jurisdiction in case of divorce, the party so applying may, by leave of such Court, file a libel for annulling the same, and the same proceedings shall be had thereupon, as are provided in said chapter and by any laws now existing, or that may hereafter be enacted touching divorce for the causes mentioned in said sections, and upon due proof of the nullity of the marriage, it shall be declared void by sentence of divorce or nullity. [Approved by the Governor, April 8, 1846.

AN ACT for the suppression of Horse Racing.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec 1. All racing, running, trotting or pacing of any horse, or other animal of the horse kind, for any bet or wager of money or other valuable thing, or for any purse or stake made within this Commonwealth, and all persons aiding or abetting the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the common jail, not exceeding one year, or by both; such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court. [Approved by the Governor, April 8th, 1846.

AN ACT concerning proceedings in Criminal Cases.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: No complaint or indictment against any person for any misdemeanor, shall hereafter be stayed, or any recognizance taken, or any commitment made in such case, be discharged or superseded under the provisions of the twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of the one hundred and thirty fifth chapter, or the twenty-seventh section of the Revised Statutes, if the offence charged in said complaint or indictment shall be punished by imprisonment in the State prison. [Approved by the Governor, April 8, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the collection of Taxes.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Any share or interest of any stockholder in any corporation that is or may be incorporated under the authority of this Commonwealth, may be seized and sold for the neglect or refusal of such stockholder to pay his taxes.

Sec. 2. Such seizure may be made by leaving with any officer of said corporation, with whom a copy of a writ may by law be left when the share of a stockholder is attached on mesne process, an attested copy of the warrant with a certificate thereon under the hand of the collector, setting forth the sum which such stockholder is to pay as his tax, and that upon his neglect or refusal to pay said tax, he has seized said share or interest.

Sec. 3. The sale of such share or interest shall be made in the manner, and subject to the rules prescribed by law for the sale of goods by collectors of taxes or like cases.

Sec. 4. The provisions of the thirty-ninth and forty-fifth sections of the ninety-seventh chapter of the Revised Statutes, respecting sales on execution, shall apply to sales made under the provisions of this act. Approved by the Governor, April 8, 1846.

AN ACT relating to Railroad Corporations.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The annual report now by law required to be made by the Directors of the several Railroad Corporations within this Commonwealth, shall, hereafter, contain full information in relation to the following items, to wit:

Form of Railroad Return to the Legislature.

Capital stock, $——
Increase of capital since last report.
Capital paid in since last report.
Total amount of capital paid in.
Funded debt, per last report.
" " paid since last report.
" " increase of since last report.
Total present amount of floating debt.
Average rate of interest per annum on do.

Cost of Road and Equipment.

For graduation and Masonry, per last report.
" " " paid during the last year.
Total amount expended for graduation and masonry.
For bridges, per last report.
" " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for bridges.
For superstructure, including iron, per last report.
" " " " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for superstructure, including iron.
For stations, buildings and fixtures, as per last report.
" " " " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for stations, buildings and fixtures.
For land, land damages and fences, per last report.
" " " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for land, land damages and fences.
For locomotives, per last report.
" " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for locomotives.
For passenger and baggage cars, per last report.
" " " paid during past year.
Total am't expended for passenger and baggage cars.
For merchandize cars, per last report.
" " paid during the past year.
Total amount expended for merchandise cars.
For engineering and other expenses, per last report.
" " " paid during past y'r.
Total amount expended for engineering and other expenses.
Total cost of road and equipment.

Characteristics of Road.

Length of road.
" of single track.
" of double track.
" of branches owned by the company, stating whether they have a single or double track.
Weight of rail per yard in main road.
" " " in branch roads.
Maximum grade, with its length in main road.
" " " in branch roads.
Total rise and fall in main road.
" " in branch roads.
Shortest radius of curvature, with length of curve in main road.
" " " " " " in branch roads.
Total degrees of curvature in main road.
" " " in branch roads.
Total length of straight line in main road.
" " " in branches.
Aggregate length of truss bridges.
Whole length of Road unfinished on both sides.

Doings during the year.

Miles run by passenger trains.
" " freight "
" " other "
Total miles run.
Number of passengers carried in the cars.
" " " one mile.
" tons merchandise carried in the cars.
" " " one mile.
Number of passengers carried one mile, to and from other roads.
" " carried one mile, to and from other roads
Average rate of speed adopted for passenger trains, including stops.
Average rate of speed adopted for freight trains, including stops.
Estimated weight in tons of passenger trains, including engine and tender, but not including passengers, hauled one mile.
do. tons of merchandize trains, including engine and tender, but not including freight, hauled one mile.

Expenditures for Working the Road.

For repairs of road, maintenance of way, exclusive of wooden truss bridges, and renewals of iron.
" repairs of truss bridges.
" renewals of iron, including laying down.
" wages of switch men, gate keepers and flag men.
" removing ice and snow.
" repairs of fences, gates, houses for flag men, gate keepers, switch men, tool houses.
Total for maintenance of way.

Motive Powers.

For repairs of locomotives.
" new locomotives, to cover depreciation.
" repairs of passenger cars.
" new passenger cars, to cover depreciation.
" repairs of merchandize cars.
" new merchandize cars to cover depreciation.
" repairs of gravel and other cars.
Total for maintenance of motive power.

Miscellaneous.

For fuel and oil.
" salaries, wages and incidental expenses, chargeable to passenger department.
" salaries, wages and incidental expenses, chargeable to freight department.
" gratuities and damages.
" taxes and insurance.
" ferries.
" repairs and station buildings, aqueducts, fixtures, furniture.
" interest.
" amount paid other companies in tolls for passengers and freight carried on their road, specifying each company.
" amount paid other companies, as rent for the use of their roads, specifying each company.
" salaries of President, Treasurer, Superintendent, law expenses, office expenses of the above officers, and all other expenses not included in any of the foregoing items.

Income during the year.

For passengers:—
1. On main road exclusively, including branch owned by Co.
2. To and from other roads, specifying what.
For freight:—
1. On main road and branches owned by Company.
2. To and from other connecting roads.
U. S. mails.——Rents.
Total income. $——
Net earnings after deducting expenses.

Dividends.

Surplus net divided.
" last year.
Total surplus.
Estimated depreciations beyond the renewals, viz:
Roads and bridges.
Buildings.
Engines and cars.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall furnish a table, prepared in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing section, to every such railroad corporation, in the month of November, annually.

Sec. 3. Such annual return shall also state whether any fatal accident or serious injury has occurred to any passenger or other person, upon any railroad in reference to which such return is made, during the period covered by said report; and, if so, the cause of such accident or injury, and the circumstances under which it occurred.

Sec. 4. If the Directors of any Railroad Corporation shall find it impracticable to return all the items in detail required by this act, they shall, in the next annual return, state the reasons why such details cannot be given. [Approved by the Governor, April 10th, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Usury.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Whenever in any action brought on any contract or assurance for the payment of money hereafter made it shall appear that a greater rate of interest has been directly or indirectly reserved, taken or received, than is allowed by law, the defendant shall recover his full costs, and the plaintiff shall forfeit threefold the amount of the interest unlawfully reserved or taken, and no more.

Sec. 2. Whenever a greater rate of interest than is allowed by law, shall hereafter be paid, the party paying the same may recover back threefold the amount of the lawful interest so paid, and no more.

Sec. 3. So much of the second and third sections of the thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as is inconsistent with this act, is hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 8th, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the dedication of Public Ways, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. No way heretofore opened and dedicated to the public use and not already become a public way, and no way hereafter opened and dedicated to the public use, shall become chargeable upon any city or town, unless such ways shall be laid out and established by such city or town in the manner prescribed by the statutes of this Commonwealth.

Sec 2. It shall be the duty of the Mayor and Aldermen of each city, and of the selectmen of each town in this Commonwealth, and they are hereby authorized and required, whenever and so long as the public safety may demand it, to direct and cause the entrances of all the ways aforesaid, entering on and uniting with any existing public way, or by other sufficient means to caution the public against entering upon such ways.

Sec. 3. In case any city or town shall not close up the entrances to the ways aforesaid, or give other sufficient notice that the same are dangerous, such city or town so neglecting, shall be liable for any damages arising from any defects therein, in the same manner as if such ways were duly laid out and established.—[Approved by the Governor, April 9, 1846.

AN ACT for the payment of the wages and deposites of married women.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. In all cases where married women shall hereafter by their own labor earn wages, payment may be made to them for the same.

Sec. 2. The receipt of any married woman for the payment of money, deposited by her before or after marriage, shall be a valid discharge to any individual, or Savings Bank, or Institution for savings making payment; *provided*, that nothing in this act contained, shall affect the right of any creditor of the husband of said married women, to attach the same. [Approved by the Governor, April 9, 1846.

RESOLVES relating to the Tariff and Protective Policy.

Resolved, That the Legislature of Massachusetts cordially responds to the views presented by His Excellency the Governor, in his annual address—showing that it belongs to the General Government, not only as a power, but as a duty, to give encouragement to manufactures, as recommended by General Washington, through the "protective duties" sanctioned by Mr. Jefferson, and enforced by his successors.

Resolved, That, while it rests with the National Government to decide when and how for that power shall be exercised, in the opinion of this Legislature the beneficial effects of the protective system, on Agriculture, that were particularly pointed out by Gen. Jackson, have been realized; that the present tariff is advantageous in every part of the country—giving to labor the security that is required against rivalry from foreign pauperism, while it raises no more of revenue than is indispensable, and provides steady supplies of most of the manufactures that are used by the poor, at lower rates than they have ever been obtained elsewhere; and that its repeal, in the general prosperity that exists, would be ill-timed and injurious throughout the Union.

Resolved, That, while the people of Massachusetts ask no special legislation for their own benefit, they protest against the discrimination which it is proposed to make against them, by fixing higher rates of duty for the security of labor in the Middle and Southern States, than for their own; and

Resolved, further, That, at a time when war is mentioned in the National Councils as by no means improbable, any proposal that tends to discourage the fisheries, the nursery of our seamen, is impolitic in a national view. [Approved by the Governor, April 10, 1846.

AN ACT relating to the duties of School Committees, and the distribution of the income of the School Fund.

Be it enacted &c., as follows: Sec. 1. In every city and town in the Commonwealth, in which it is now required by law that the school committee shall be elected in the month of February, March, or April, the school committee of the year preceding such election shall continue to hold their office, and to discharge the duties thereof, notwithstanding the election of successors, until the winter terms of the several schools shall have closed, and until the certificate, return and report, as hereinafter provided, shall have been by them made and transmitted to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. *Provided, however*, that, in regard to the examination of teachers for the summer schools, and all other duties, except the making and transmitting of said documents, the term of office of the now committee shall be held to commence immediately after their election to the same.

Sec. 2. The school committee of each city and town shall, as soon as may be, after the first day of May, annually, ascertain, by actual examination or otherwise, the number of persons between the ages of four and sixteen years, belonging to such city or town, on the said first day of May, and shall make a certificate thereof, under oath, and also of the sum raised by such city or town for the support of schools, including only wages and board of teachers, and fuel for the schools, during the said year; and shall transmit the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of the following April, which certificate shall be in the following form, to wit:

We, the school committee of ——, do certify, from the best information we have been able to obtain, that, on the first day of May, in the year ——, there were belonging to said town the number of —— persons, between the ages of four and sixteen years; and we further certify, that said town raised the sum of —— dollars for the support of common schools for the said year, including only the wages and board of teachers, and fuel for the schools.

—— ——, } *School*
—— ——, } *Committee.*
—— ——, }

——ss. On this —— day of ——, personally appeared the above named school committee of ——, and made oath that the above certificate by them subscribed is true.

Before me,

—— ——, *Justice of the Peace.*

Sec. 3. The form of the blanks, and the inquiries provided for by the statute of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, chapter two hundred and twenty-seven, shall be prescribed by the Board of Education; and it shall be the duty of said Board, in the month of January annually, to transmit to the Secretary of the Commonwealth copies of said blanks for the several cities and towns. It shall be the duty of said Secretary to cause said blanks to be forwarded to the sheriffs of the several counties, who shall transmit them as soon as may be to the clerks of the several cities and towns within their counties respectively, and said clerks shall forthwith transmit the same to the school committees. The school committees of the several cities and towns shall return said blanks duly filled up to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of April. If any school committee shall fail to receive such blank form of return on or before the last day of March, they shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall transmit such blank as soon as may be.

Sec. 4. The school committees shall annually make a detailed report of the condition of the several public schools in their respective cities and towns, which report shall contain such statements and suggestions in relation to such schools as the said committees shall deem necessary or proper to promote the interests thereof; and a certified copy of such report shall be transmitted by said committees to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth on or before the last day of April. Said report shall also be deposited in the office of the clerk of the city or town; and shall either be read in open town meeting, in the month of February, March or April, or at the discretion of the school committee, shall be printed for the use of the inhabitants.

Sec. 5. The income of the Massachusetts School Fund, to the first day of June in each year, except the sum of two hundred and forty dollars, appropriated to the support of schools among the Indians, shall be apportioned by the Secretary and Treasurer, and paid over by the Treasurer on the tenth day of July, to the treasurers of the several cities and towns, for the use of the common schools therein, according to the number of persons therein, between the ages of four and sixteen years, ascertained and certified as provided in the second section of this act. *Provided, however*, that no such apportionment shall be made to any city or town which shall have failed to comply with any of the provisions of this act, or which shall not have raised by taxation for the support of schools, including only wages and board of teachers and fuel for the schools, during the said year, a sum equal at least to one dollar and twenty-five cents for each person between the ages of four and sixteen years, belonging to said city or town on the first day of May of said year.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect from and after the last day of April, in the present year; and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit a copy thereof to the school committee of each city and town, as soon as may be after the passage of the same.

Sec. 7. All acts and parts of acts, inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT to provide for constructing town ways and private ways in certain cases.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—If any town in which a town way or private way has been, or shall be, laid out or altered by County Commissioners, agreeably to the provisions of the twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, in any case in which the select men of such town have unreasonably refused or neglected to lay out or alter such town way or private way, shall not make and complete the same in the manner which has been or may be prescribed by said Commissioners, and to their acceptance, within six months from the time of laying out such town way or private way, or within such time as they may direct, the said Commissioners as soon as may be thereafter, shall cause such way to be completed as aforesaid, and at their next meeting they shall direct the expenses and charges; and if said town shall not, before the next regular meeting of said Commissioners, pay the same, with interest thereon, at the rate of ten per cent a year from the time of payment thereof, from the County treasury, the said Commissioners shall cause the same, with all further costs, to be collected in the manner—and in relation thereto, the said town shall be subject to the liabilities prescribed, and set forth in the forty-fifth section of said twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, respecting delinquent towns which have not paid their proportion of the expenses and charges of completing a highway.

Sec. 2. If any town in which any town way, or private way, laid out or altered by the selectmen thereof, has been, or shall be, approved and allowed by County Commissioners, and an acceptance and record thereof directed by them to be made by the clerk of such town, agreeably to the provisions of said twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, in any case in which such town has unreasonably refused or delayed to approve and allow such town way or private way, and to put the same on record, shall not make and complete the same in the manner which has been, or may be prescribed by said Commissioners, and to their acceptance, within six months from the time of their approval thereof, or within such time as said Commissioners may direct, the same proceedings and the same remedies shall be had, and such delinquent town shall be subject to the same liabilities as are provided in the preceding section for the case therein mentioned.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the Inspection of Lime.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Whenever, in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, an inspection shall be demanded of Lime manufactured in and imported from the State of Maine, the Inspector shall require that such lime be in casks, manufactured from sound and well seasoned lumber, with at least ten good hoops well driven and secured upon each cask, the staves of the cask shall be thirty inches in length, and not less than half an inch in thickness; the heads shall be not less than three-fourths of an inch in thickness, and they shall be well crossed in. Each cask to be not less than twenty-six and one-half inches between the heads, and seventeen inches between the chimes, with good and suitable bilge, and made in a workmanlike manner.

Sec. 2. The same rules, regulations, restrictions, and liabilities, except as to the size of the cask, shall apply to lime imported from the State of Maine as are provided in said twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, and the same compensation shall be made for inspection. [Approved, April 10, 1846.]

AN ACT concerning Warrants in cases of Bastardy.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The provisions of the third section of the one hundred and thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes shall extend to warrants issued by any Police Court or by any Justice of the Peace within this Commonwealth, in pursuance of law, for the maintenance of bastard children.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 10, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the appointment of Guardians of spendthrifts.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The selectmen of any town upon which any spendthrift is or may become chargeable, may petition the Judge of Probate of the County in which said town is situated, to appoint a guardian over him in the same manner as is provided in the eleventh section of the twenty-ninth chapter of the Revised Statutes, and said Judge shall have the same power to act upon said complaint as is given in the chapter aforesaid. [Approved by the Governor, April, 1846.]

AN ACT in addition to the several Acts concerning the Militia

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The commanding officer of every company raised at large, in addition to the returns now required to be made to the commanding officers of regiments and battalions, shall, within ten days after each of the days of inspection, trainings and review required by law, make, to the Adjutant General, a return of the number of men belonging to his company, that appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on any such day, together with the number of men belonging to his company that were absent—it being provided that not more than sixty-four in number, exclusive of musicians, shall be so returned as having done such duty, excepting in such companies as are allowed a larger number by law, and of musicians not more than four; and it being also provided that the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which any company may belong, shall certify that each company did, on the day of regimental field inspection and review, well and faithfully perform all the duties required by law on such day, in default of which, any such company shall forfeit the pay provided by law for the day aforesaid.

Sec. 2. The commanding officer of every company raised at large, shall, after each of the days of inspection, training and review required by law, make out an alphabetical roll of the persons, not exceeding sixty-four in number, exclusive of musicians, excepting such companies as are allowed a larger number by law, and of musicians not more than four, that appeared, armed, uniformed, and equipped, and performed duty in his company on each of said days, and, within twenty days after the last parade, shall transmit the same certified, under his oath, to be correct and true, to the Adjutant General, it being provided that such roll shall contain the names of those persons only, who have performed the duty required by law, and shall not contain the name of any private who has performed duty as musician.

Sec. 3. The Adjutant General shall, within twenty days after the receipt of the last return provided for in the second section, transmit to the mayor and aldermen of any city, and to the selectmen of any town, in which the company armory, or place of assembling the company is situated, the alphabetical roll provided for in the second section, after he shall have carried out, opposite to the name of each man returned, the amount of pay to which such man is, by law, entitled—and this roll shall, before it is so returned, be certified by said Adjutant General to contain the names of those persons only who are entitled to the bounty provided by law; and the mayor and aldermen, and the selectmen aforesaid, shall, the reupon, draw their warrants upon their respective treasurers, directing them to pay the amount due to the persons named in said roll, and shall, on or before the thirty-first day of December, annually, under a penalty of thirty dollars for neglect in so doing, remit said roll to the Adjutant General, with a certificate endorsed thereon, setting forth that a warrant has by them been drawn on their respective treasurers, in favor of the several persons whose names are recorded in said roll.

Sec. 4. The Adjutant General shall, on or before the fifteenth day of January, ascertain, from the returns made to him, the amount of money which will be necessary to reimburse the several towns and cities, and submit the same to the Governor of the Commonwealth, who is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer of the Commonwealth for the repayment of the sum advanced.

Sec. 5. The commanding officer of each regiment and battalion of the Commonwealth shall, annually, within ten days after the autumnal inspection and review, make to the commanding officer of the brigade to which such regiment or battalion belongs, a certified roll of the names of the field and staff officers belonging to such regiment or battalion, specifying the rank of each, who appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on said day. And the commanding officer of each brigade shall, on or before the tenth day of November, annually, make to the commanding officer of the division to which such brigade belongs, a certified roll of all such field and staff officers within his brigade, specifying the rank of each, as have appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty at the brigade, regimental or battalion inspection and review. And the commanding officer of each division shall, on or before the first day of December, annually, make to the Adjutant General a certified roll of all the field and staff officers within his division, specifying the rank of each, who have appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on the days of such autumnal inspection and review. And each and every commissioned officer who shall be entitled to receive the sum of six dollars; and each and every noncommissioned officer who shall be so returned, shall be entitled to receive the sum of three dollars.

Sec. 6. Any commanding officer of a regiment, battalion, brigade or division, who shall make to the Adjutant General a false report of the names of field and staff officers belonging respectively to his regiment, battalion, brigade and division, as having done duty, or who shall include in such roll the name of any person who has not personally appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty as aforesaid, or the name of any person who has been excused for absence or nonperformance of such duty, shall be deemed to have been guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted therefor by indictment in the municipal court of the city of Boston, if living in the county of Suffolk, or in the court of common pleas, holden in either of the other counties of the Commonwealth, in which the officer so offending shall live—and, upon conviction thereof, shall forfeit and pay, to the use of the Commonwealth, for each offence, a sum no less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, in the discretion of the court before which such conviction shall be.

Sec. 7. Each colonel of a regiment may raise, by voluntary enlistment, and organize, within his regiment, and for the use thereof, a band of musicians, not to exceed eighteen in number, including one master and one deputy master; and may grant to the master and deputy master and privates, warrants as such—and each band shall be under the direction and command of the commanding officer of the regiment; and each commanding officer of a battalion may, in like manner, raise and organize, within his battalion, and for the use thereof, a band of musicians, not exceeding eight in number, including one master, and one deputy master, and grant to the master, deputy master and privates thereof, warrants as such—and such band shall be under the command and direction of the commanding officer of the battalion. The master, and, in his absence, the deputy master, shall teach and lead and command such band, and issue all orders directed by said commanding officer of any regiment or battalion, as the case may be. And each member of each and every such band, shall provide himself with such uniform as may be directed by the commander-in-chief, and keep himself provided with such instrument or instruments, as may be directed by the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion; and, for any neglect, deficiency or misconduct, shall forfeit such sums as are prescribed in such case, in the one hundred and second section, chapter twelfth, of the Revised Statutes, and may be dismissed from the band by the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion.

Sec. 8. Each member of a regimental or battalion band shall be entitled to receive the sum of three dollars for each full day's service, and one half that sum for each half day's service, rendered in obedience to an order from the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which such band may belong, it being provided that such commanding officer shall not order out said band for more than two day's service in any one year, nor upon any other occasion than that of a regimental or battalion parade for review or instruction and drill.

Sec. 9. The master of every such band shall, within ten days after the parade thereof, made under order of the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which such band may belong, make to the Adjutant General an alphabetical return of the names of the men who appeared in uniform and performed duty in such band on any such day, the last return to be made on or before the tenth day of November, annually, it being provided that the returns above specified shall contain a certificate signed by the commanding officer to whom said band was ordered to report itself for duty, setting forth that the duty was well and faithfully performed—in default of which, the members of such band shall forfeit the pay provided for in the eighth section; and the Adjutant General shall proceed to provide for the pay of such members, and for the reimbursement thereof on the part of the Commonwealth, in the same manner as is provided for in the case of members of the volunteer companies of the militia.

Sec. 10. The commissioned officers of each company of cavalry, artillery, grenadiers, light infantry, and riflemen, shall be one captain, one first, one second, one third and one fourth lieutenant.

Sec. 11. The commanding officer of each regiment and battalion of artillery shall, at least ten days before the annual field inspection and review, designate by special order one company in his regiment or battalion, to appear at said inspection and review, with its field pieces and caisson, and the necessary apparatus and ammunition complete for the field—it being provided that regard shall be had to the company which is nearest to the parade ground; and the commanding officer of such company, and of each company of artillery, on occasions of parade for experimental gunnery, shall provide horses to draw the field pieces and caisson, and present the account of the expenses thereof, as is provided for in the one hundred and twenty-eighth section of chapter twelfth of the Revised Statutes; and each and every company in such regiment or battalion not so designated, shall appear armed and equipped, and be inspected severally as infantry. And the commanding officer of each and every such company shall, on the day of company parade under his own order, immediately preceding the full inspection, inspect the field pieces and caisson, and all the appurtenances belonging thereto, and shall make out a return of their condition, certified under his oath to be correct and true, which he shall deliver to the brigade inspector on the day of regimental field inspection, and in default thereof, shall be liable to the penalty for such neglect made and provided.

Sec. 12. The Adjutant General of the Commonwealth shall be the inspector general of all the militia thereof, and shall perform and discharge all the duties appertaining to the office of such inspector general, and shall present his account for the expenses he may incur in the performance of his duty, as such, as is provided for in the one hundred and twenty-eighth section of chapter twelfth of the Revised Statutes.

Sec. 13. The Adjutant General shall cause a copy of this act to be sent to the clerks of the several cities and towns in this Commonwealth, and to all the commissioned officers of the volunteer militia, and shall provide forms of all the returns necessary to be made to him.

Sec. 14. The twentieth section of the twelfth chapter of the Revised Statutes, together with the third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the act in relation to the Militia, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and so much of the tenth section of the same act as relates to the forfeitures of towns to be reimbursed by the State for neglect in making returns to the Adjutant General; and all acts and parts of acts to which this is in addition, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT regulating the rates of toll at Chelsea Bridge.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The Salem Turnpike and Chelsea Bridge Corporation, are hereby authorized, from and after the first day of May next, to demand and receive at Chelsea Bridge, over Mystic River, the following rates of toll, instead of the rates of toll heretofore established, to wit—for each foot passenger, one cent; for each horse and rider, four cents; for each cart, farm or market wagon, truck or sled, drawn by one beast, five cents; for each additional beast, four cents; for each horse and chaise, chair, sulky, cab, sleigh, buggy, or other pleasure wagon, six cents; for each coach, carryall, omnibus, or other pleasure vehicle, drawn by two horses, fifteen cents; by more than two horses, twenty cents; for each drift horse and neat cattle, two cents; for sheep and swine, six cents per dozen; one person and no more to pass with each team free of toll. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846

AN ACT to repeal an act providing for the appointment of a Board of Railroad Commissioners.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The act entitled an act providing for the appointment of a Board of Railroad Commissioners, chapter two hundred and fifty-two, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-five, is hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846.

RESOLVE for auditing and paying the Accounts for re-publishing the Laws.

Resolved, That the Treasurer of the Commonwealth be authorized and directed to audit, allow and pay from the Treasury, to all persons having demands against the Commonwealth for publishing the Laws of the State, who shall within ninety days after the adjournment of the present General Court, make to him satisfactory proof that they have complied with the requirements of the Resolve of June 25, 1794, except as to the time within which the publication is required to be made, and that the Governor be requested to draw his warrant accordingly. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846.

AN ACT in addition to an Act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for the more equal distribution of their effects.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Every Judge of Probate or Master in Chancery in their respective counties, before whom any matter may be pending, in relation to any insolvent estate, under the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for a more equal distribution of their effects, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, chapter one hundred and sixty three, upon complaint made under oath by any person interested in said estate, against any one suspected of having fraudulently received, concealed, embezzled, or conveyed away any of the money, goods, effects, or other estate of such insolvent, may cite such suspected person to appear before him, and to be examined on oath upon the matter of such complaint; and if the person so cited, shall refuse to appear and submit to such examination, or to answer such interrogatories as shall be lawfully propounded to him, the said Judge or Master may commit him to the common jail of the county, there to remain in close custody, until he shall submit to the order of said Court or Master; and all such interrogatories and answers shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the party examined, and filed in such probate court or with such Master, to be used in any proceeding before such Court or Master, pending against said insolvent, or in any way or manner authorized by law.

Sec. 2. The first, second, and sixteenth sections of the act in further addition to the several acts for the relief of insolvent debtors and the more equal distribution of their effects, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, chapter one hundred and seventy-eight, are hereby repealed, provided, that nothing in this act contained, shall affect the proceedings at any meetings of creditors at other meetings already called; and provided further, that in case of absence of the Master in Chancery, or Judge of Probate, at any meeting, such meeting may be adjourned by the Clerk.

Sec. 3. The several Judges of Probate and Masters in Chancery in the Commonwealth, shall, on or before the tenth day of each and every month, make returns to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, containing the names of the persons who, during the next preceding month, have petitioned or been proceeded against before him as insolvent debtors, under the act of the year eighteen hundred and thirty eight, chapter one hundred and sixty-three, and the acts in addition thereto since enacted, also the residence and occupation of such persons, with the date when such proceedings were commenced by or against them. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary to enter the same in a book, convenient for reference, which shall be open for the inspection of the public.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of Judges of Probate and Masters in Chancery, to order the assignees to give written notice, by mail or otherwise, of all meetings of creditors of insolvent debtors, and of all dividends, in cases pending before them, to all known creditors of such insolvent debtors.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved, March 30, 1846.

AN ACT in addition to an Act regulating the Inspection of Pickled Fish.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. From and after the passing of this act, there shall be four numbers of mackerel; those of the best quality, not mutilated, measuring not less than thirteen inches from the extremity of the head to the crotch, or fork of the tail, free from rust, taint, or damage, shall be branded number one. The next best quality, being not less than eleven inches, measuring as aforesaid, free from rust, taint, or damage, shall be branded number two. Those that remain after the above selections, if free from taint or damage, and not less than thirteen inches, measuring as aforesaid, shall be branded number three, large. Those of the next inferior quality, free from taint or damage, not less than ten inches in length, as aforesaid, shall be branded number three. All other mackerel, free from taint or damage, shall be branded number four.

Sec. 2. The Inspector General shall not have any interest, directly or indirectly, in the cure or packing of any pickled fish, except so far as a faithful performance of his duty requires.

Sec. 3. The act, in addition to an act regulating the inspection of pickled fish, being the one hundred and forty-fourth chapter of the statutes of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; the act concerning the manufacture of barrels for packing pickled fish, being the forty-second chapter of the statutes of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four; and also so much of the seventy-third section of the twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as is inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed. [Approved, March 31, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Larceny by Bank Officers and Persons employed in Banks.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—Sec. 1. If any officer of an incorporated bank, or any person in the employment of such bank, shall fraudulently convert to his own use, or fraudulently take and secrete, with intent to convert to his own use, any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money, belonging to, and in possession of, such bank, or belonging to any person and deposited therein, he shall, whether intrusted with the custody thereof or not, be deemed thereby to have committed the crime of larceny in said bank, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison not more than ten years, or by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail not more than two years.

Sec. 2. In any prosecution for either of the offences mentioned and described in the first section of this act, it shall be sufficient to allege generally, in the indictment, the fraudulent conversion, or taking with such intent, of money to a certain amount, without specifying the particulars of that amount. And on the trial, evidence may be given of any such fraudulent conversion or taking with such intent, committed within six months next after the time stated in the indictment: and it shall be sufficient to maintain the charge in the indictment, and shall not be deemed a variance if it shall be proved that any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money, belonging to and in possession of such bank, or belonging to any person and deposited in such bank, of whatever amount, was fraudulently converted or taken with such intent, as is set forth in said first section, within the said period of six months.

Sec. 3. In any prosecution for the offences mentioned and described in the first section of this act, the fraudulent taking or receiving by any person or persons, of any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money belonging to such bank, by reason of any unlawful confederacy or agreement of him or them, with an officer of said bank, or any person in the employment thereof with intent to defraud the same, shall be held and deemed to be a fraudulent taking by such officer or person in the employment of such bank, to his own use, within the meaning of the first section of this act; and it shall not be necessary on the trial, to identify the particular bullion, money, note, bill, or security for money, so taken or received. [Approved by the Governor, March 31, 1846.

AN ACT to provide for the government and management of Houses of Correction in certain cases.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—Sec. 1. Whenever any house of correction shall be united in one and the same building, or establishment, with the jail, in any county except Suffolk, the sheriff of such county shall have the custody, rule and charge of the same, and of all prisoners therein, and shall keep the same himself, or by his deputy or jailor, for whom he shall be responsible; and the powers and duties of such keeper shall be the same as those of a master of a house of correction by law now are.

Sec 2. The County Commissioners in such county shall have the same authority to appoint overseers of houses of correction, as situated, as by law they now have, and the powers and duties of said overseers shall be the same as by law they now are; provided, that they shall make no contract for the labor of the prisoners, to be performed without the yards of said house, or whereby the safe keeping of any prisoner may be endangered, unless the sheriff consent to the same.

Sec. 3. The said Commissioners in such county, or counties, shall, in the months of May and November in each year, make an allowance to the said keeper of a reasonable sum for his services and for the support of the prisoners under his charge, and other necessary expenses; and in case the said Commissioners shall neglect or refuse to make such allowance, or the said keeper shall be dissatisfied with the amount thereof, he may present his petition showing the facts to the Court of Common Pleas, next to be holden in and for said county, who shall cause notice thereof to be given to the chairman of said Commissioners, and after hearing the matter of said petition, may determine the amount of such allowance, and pass such further order in the premises as law and justice may require.

Sec. 4. All ac

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 2, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 65.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is pubed on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evening at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is ded six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for ev additional insertion Adver isements of 6 lines and less, cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-annually.

Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers emaining them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers with additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Bills, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Templates, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at the lowest, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is pblished weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
adly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
LYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
Office—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BOILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 20 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct 23, 1845. 1foct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—*Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,*
apr 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
an1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
J. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over* 4000 *volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected. A&rly

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. 1mar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER,
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1mar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1fnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Officers, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1yspr4

W. H. Taber,
PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber.



Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by. Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. nde&pat1ynr4

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARE ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&pot23

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.	

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THIS plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken out in	Bonus to sum assured	Bonus in Cash	Premium reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
61	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 - 85	$448 31	$68 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	873 46	57 1½	1730 5
			1839	693 3	308 50	45 79	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awoenplec18

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, ships, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome [illegible] at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no part of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mr White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz. *Patent Spring Pad Supporter,* for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt,* and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery,* which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Chadwell & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh28tf

"TO ARMS!"

Awake! arise! ye men of might!
The glorious hour is nigh—
Your eagle pauses in his flight,
And screams his battle-cry!

From North to South, from East to West,
Send back an answering cheer,
And say farewell to peace and rest,
And banish doubt and fear!

Arm! arm! your country bids you arm!
Fling out your banners free—
Let drum and trumpet sound alarm,
O'er mountain, plain, and sea.

March onward from th' Atlantic's shore,
To Rio Grande's tide—
Fight as your fathers fought of yore!
Die as your brother's died!

Go! vindicate your country's fame—
Avenge your country's wrong!
The sons should own a deathless name,
To whom such sires belong.

The kindred of the noble dead
As noble deeds should dare;
The field whereon their blood was shed
A deeper stain must wear.

To arms! to arms! ye men might!
Away from home, away!
The first and foremost in the fight
Are sure to win the day!

PARK BENJAMIN.

Baltimore May 13, 1846.

From the Lady's Book of 1835.

The Broken Vow.

BY MRS. NORTON.

Harry Dunstan was the younger son of a younger son; a colonel in the army, who thought a man provided handsomely for his offsprings when he bought a commission in the guards.—But Captain Dunstan was not of the same opinion; expensive in his habits, thoughtless and extravagant in his ideas, the gaming table, the turf, and the dice-box supplied him with temporary resources; his father, after having paid his debts half a dozen times, refused to do any thing more for him, and soon after died, leaving him according to the *technical* expression, "without a farthing in world," i. e. with about three hundred a year. Dunstan was advised to marry an heiress, which he was perfectly willing to do; after one or two disappointments in England, he received an invitation from a General Campbell, who had been a friend of his father's, to spend the shooting season at Cumlin Dhu, a beautiful romantic place in the highlands. Thither Harry Dunstan proceeded, and was warmly welcomed on account of his great merit, in having possessed so amiable a father. Amongst the inmates of the General's house, was a nephew of his, Archie Campbell, a gay, warm hearted young Scotchman, blunt in his manner, but with acute feelings, kind to a fault, the idol of his circle, and the admiration even of the calculating and heartless Dunstan himself. A sort of friendship, or more properly companionship, was established between the two young men; and in spite of the contrast between them, they became inseparable. Archie Campbell, who had scarcely ever been from the wilds in which he lived, was struck with the natural and acquired elegance of the English officer, for Harry Dunstan had no dandyism about him; gentle without effeminacy, graceful without affectation, he won easily on the unsuspecting; and a sort of tact, which was taught him, partly by his dependant situation, partly by an inmate thirst of vanity which led him to wish for universal praise, gave him that enviable power of adapting himself to different dispositions, and chameleon-like variety in the choice of the *modes* of making an impression, which would have baffled a keener sighted man than his simple happy friend. From the old general, who found an apparently eager companion in his favourite sports, to the piper whose account of St. Fillan's meeting and prize pipes, was so kindly listened to, all loved Dunstan.

And one more loved him; one who should rather have allowed her young heart to wither in her bosom, for Archie Campbell had wooed her, and Archie's bride she was to be. It was a settled thing, and many of her privileged friends already laughingly addressed her by the title of Mrs. Campbell of Cumlin-Dhu—and Mrs Campbell she might have but for Harry Dunstan!—Archie himself introduced his friend to his betrothed; it was *he* who expressed a wish that they should like one another; it was *he* who requested Harry to take care of Minny and her Highland pony, while he himself went to see a sick old man, or give directions about the general's farm, it was *he* who informed Dunstan that the only delay to the match was the return of Minny's uncle who was to give her a fortune hardly earned in India, and had wished to see his beloved child by adoption united to the man of her choice; the father was only a poor clergyman, and his brother's return was daily expected. Dunstan heard, and pondered, and while he sat on the sunny bank with the blue sky reflected in the uplifted eyes of his innocent companion, dark and treacherous thoughts coursed one another through his mind; while he wove hair-bells for Margaret Dure's fair locks, and she smiled on him in confiding friendship, he was meditating how to cover the innocent victim with chains whose links should be concealed among flowers till they were bound round her heart! It were vain and useless to recount Harry Dunstan's acts; he was thirty, she seventeen; he was a man of the world, she had never been beyond her native village. She admired him, she liked to have him with her, she looked forward to happy days at Cumlin-Dhu, with her husband Archie, and her new friend; then she wished that Archie was like Dunstan, *in some things,* till—Harry Dunstan seemed to her the most perfect of human beings. And think not that this was mere fickleness or admiration of outward outward show. Dunstan had laid his plot deeply; he contrived by a thousand stratagems to weaken the bonds of affection between the two lovers; and while he appeared to earnestly wishing to reconcile their quarrels, and to laugh at their childish difference as he called them, he inwardly exulted as the barbed dart sunk deeper and deeper into the bosoms of those who unwittingly cherished a serpent.

Archie Campbell was in the daily habit of riding to the manse, and taking what he laughingly termed his "orders for the day," from the gentle lips. He rode out one morning while the gray mists still clung to the tops of the hills, as if loth to leave them to the glory of the uprisen sun. The freshness and brightness of nature gave warmth to his heart and vigour to his limbs, and a kindly and remurseful spirit

stole over him as he reflected on some hasty and jealous words he had spoken to Minny the day previous. "What a weak thing is a man's soul!" thought he; "I struggle with doubts and fears which at one time wring my heart, while at another they seem as easily dispersed as the shadows and mists from the brow of yonder mountain. At this hour of quiet glory—in the dewy silence of this delicious morning—how feverish, how foolish, seems the feelings of yesterday. My poor Minny, what could make me doubt you now?"

What, indeed!—As he approached the manse it appeared to him that there was an unusual stir—an unusual number of people assembled on the little lawn from which Minny used to watch his coming: his heart beat, his breath came quick, the old man must be ill, or the housekeeper had died suddenly, or—any thing but Minny! Mr. Dare was standing on the lawn; his white head uncovered, and his eyes wondered irresolutely from one to another of the grieved and perplexed countenances of his household. When he perceived Archie he staggered forward, and with a nervous laugh which contrasted thrillingly with the wild anxiety of his eye as he pressed young Campbell's hand, exclaimed—"Weel, laddie, and isn't this a wild trick you've played us, so sober and discreet as you seemed; weel, weel—and where?" The old man's tone suddenly altered; the haggard smile vanished from his face, and as he leaned heavily on Archie's arm, he whisped in a hoarse voice—"Don't say it, don't say it, don't tell me you don't know where she is, or may be ye'll see me die at your feet." Archie collected from the weeping domestics enough and more than enough to satisfy him. The snowy coverlet of Minny's bed remained undisturbed by the pressure of a human form. She had not slept at the manse that night; she would never more rest her head in peace and innocence beneath its roof again!

He came back to Cumlin-Dhu; and asked for Dunstan—he had departed suddenly on the plea of urgent business in England. Archie Campbell gazed in his informant's face with a vacant stare, and then bowed his head on his hands; he did not weep or groan, or even sigh—a slight shudder only passed over his frame. I anxiously watched him the few succeeding days we were together he was just the same as usual; he talked and laughed, and though the laugh was less cheerful, it was wonderful how well he conquered his sorrows—only sometimes he stole a look at Dunstan's unfilled place, a wild and fearful expression lighted his countenance, his lips moved and his breath came thick and short. For a little while I thought he would either get over it, or that he retained some hope that Minny herself would repent before it was to late, and return; he rode out at the accustomed hour to the manse, where the lonely old father was mourning in silent and submissive sorrow.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

CONGRESS.

Friday, May 29.

In the SENAT. Mr Hannegan's resolution was taken up in the Senate, providing for adjournment, sine die, on the 20th of July.

Mr Webster said that when he looked at the business already cut out to be done, it was, he thought, premature to fix upon a day to adjourn. He was as anxious to adjourn as any one could be, and if a day were named, it might prove too early or too late.

Mr Bagby could not now vote for the resolution.—He wanted the tariff disposed of.

The resolution was finally postponed until Monday week.

The Senate then took up the post office appropriation bill, and after some time spent in the discussion of some amendments proposed by the post office committee, it was laid aside.

The joint resolution from the House, to appoint a committee to visit West West Point, was taken up and read.

Mr Haywood was opposed to it. The secretary of war might appoint six persons to visit the academy.

Mr Webster was opposed to it *in toto*.

Mr Speight moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was agreed to, and the Senate went into executive session and afterwards adjourned over until Monday.

In the HOUSE. Mr Bart introduced a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee, three from each House, to visit and examine West Point, and to report upon the propriety or expediency of retaining or abolishing said institution.

The resolution after a debate between Mr B. and Mr McClelland was adopted 91 to 82.

The House took up the bill from the Senate providing for the appointment of additional paymasters in the army.

Without any action upon the bill, at a late hour the House adjourned.

Saturday May 30.

SENATE not in session.

The House went into a committee of the whole and took up the bill on making alterations in the pay department of the army. A long debate followed. The bill was at last suspended by a substitute offerd by Mr McRay, the substitute authorizing the increase of the army to the extent of three paymasters; and those to be continued so long as the increase of the army is deemed necessary by the President. Passed and adjourned.

THE "RANCHEROS" OF MEXICO. It will have been observed in the several statements that have from time to time been put forth relative to the *materiel* of the Mexican armies, and more particularly the one which the American troops have just encountered, that mention is made of a description of troops styled *Rancheros*. This is an appellation derived from their occupation and mode of life, and is common to a similar class of men who inhabit on the pampas of South America. Half Indian and half Spanish in their extraction, gaunt, shrivelled, though muscular in their frames, and dark and swarthy visaged as they are, these men are the Arabs of the American continent. Living half of the time in the saddle, for they are unrivalled horsemen, with lasso in hand they traverse those vast plains in search of the buffalo and wild horse, who roam them in countless herds. The killing of these animals and the preparation and sale of their hides is their principal means of livelihood, other than occasionally [illegible] helping hand to some of the partizans in the [illegible] wars that are continually being waged around them. Their costume generally consists of a pair of tough hide leggings, with sandals of the same material, bound together with leather thongs, over which is a blanket, with a hole in the centre large enough to allow the head to be thrust out, and which falls not ungracefully over their shoulders, leaving ample room for the play of their arms. Add to this a broad straw *sombrero*, and the lasso hanging ready for use in his girdle, and you have the *Ranchero* as he appears in the time of peace or in the pursuit of his occupation. Join to this a long lance with a sharp spear head, ornamented with a strip of red bunting, on a horse as savage and as unmanageable as himself, and his belt plentifully supplied with pistols and knives, and you have the *Ranchero* as a member of a troop of banditti, or as a soldier in a body of cavalry. Cowardly as they generally are in the open field, yet in a conflict among the chapparels of Mexico, or in an ambuscade, they are indeed a formidable enemy.—Their power of enduring fatigue is almost inexhaustible, and a scanty meal per diem of jerked beef and plantain suffices them during months.

Such are the *Rancheros*, and under disciplined control they would be rendered the best light troops in the world. These are the men who comprise the great body of the Mexican cavalry, and they are to the armies of that nation what the Cossacks are to the Russians—ever on the alert, never to be surprised, and untiring in the pursuit of the foe when plunder, no matter how trifling, is to be obtained.—*True Sun.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 2, 1846.

TREMENDOUS WAR MEETING AT THE CITY HALL LAST EVENING!!

The greatest meeting ever brought together in Lowell assembled last evening at the City Hall, "to return thanks to our army and its officers for their gallant conduct on the banks of the Rio Grande del Norte—to respond to the call of Governor Briggs—to consider the action of Congress and the Executive—the duty of the citizen in the time of war—and such other measures as may be thought proper to bring about an honorable, speedy and advantageous peace."

The meeting was called to order by Dr J. W. Graves, and the following list of officers were chosen:

For President,
The Hon. Mayor Col. BANCROFT.

For Vice Presidents.

J. W. Graves,	O. M. Whipple,
Josiah B. French,	Joshua Swan,
Wm. Livingston,	Tappan Wentworth,
I. W. Beard,	John Nesmith,
Capt. J. G. Peabody,	Hon. John P. Robinson,
Samuel Converse,	John A. Knowles,
James H. Rand,	Alexander Wright,
Capt. J. M. Varnum,	Capt. James Russell,
Peter Powers,	Joshua Merrill,
Abram French,	E. H. Patch,
Capt. Jonathan Tyler,	Otis Bullard,
Capt. E. W. Batchelder,	A. S. Holbrook,
	Maj. A. Watson,

For Secretaries,

F. A. Hildreth,	E. A. Alger,
J. K. Fellows,	Oliver March,
S. J. Varney,	J. C. Abbott,
Isaac S. Morse,	A. W. Farr,
	I. N. Goodhue.

Long before the hour arrived for calling the meeting to order the Hall was crowded and all the avenues leading thereto, so that it was utterly impossible for the officers of the meeting to penetrate the dense mass to fill the seats assigned to them. At least five thousand people were unable to obtain entrance to the Hall; Merrimac street was for forty rods so filled as to almost entirely block up the passage.

The Lowell City Guards volunteered and appeared in full uniform, accompanied by the Lowell Brass Band. The Mechanics' Phalanx appeared in like manner, with the Washington Brass Band. The Phalanx formed along the Hall to the right of the speaker's desk, and the Guards to the left. Behind and above the speaker's desk and fronting the entrance, a very large and beautiful National Ensign, the property of the city was displayed, covering almost the entire end of the Hall, with the motto "*Success to the brave General Taylor and his gallant companions in arms.*" The gallery, over the front of which was displayed another National Ensign, was crowded almost to suffocation with ladies, who gladdened the scene with their presence. Altogether it was an expression of which Lowell may feel justly proud.

Letters were received from Hon. Caleb Cushing, Hon. Franklin Pierce and Fletcher Webster Esq. The following are those of Messrs Cushing and Pierce, that of Mr Webster will be found in the remarks of Mr. George.

Boston, June 1. 1846.

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of this date, inviting me to attend a meeting of the citizens of Lowell this evening, on the subject of the existing war between the United States and the Mexican Republic—and to respond to the call of Governor Briggs for a volunteer force from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and heartily concurring in the proposed objects of the meeting, I regret that arrangements made by me for proceeding to New York, prior to the receipt of your invitation, and which cannot now change, render it impossible for me to attend it.

I remain respectfully,
C. CUSHING.

Messrs. A. R. Brown and others, Committee.

Manchester, June 1st, 1846.
1 o'clock, P. M.

MY DEAR SIR—Our hearing before the commissioners, to which I referred on Saturday, commenced this morning, and the indications now are that we shall not be able to close it in season for me to take the four o'clock train for Lowell. The question is one of much importance to the parties, and hence I cannot hurry the matter as it might perhaps in a case of less magnitude. That you will have an enthusiastic meeting I cannot doubt; and if I cannot be with you I shall much regret the detention. In haste,

Your friend and serv't
FRANK. PIERCE.

B. F. Butler, Esq., Lowell Mass.

It being impossible for the President and other officers to reach the desk, word was passed forward to proceed in the business of the meeting, and Maj. Watson being called to the chair, Benj. F. Butler offered the following resolutions:

WHEREAS the accumulated and multiplied wrongs of a long series of years, on the part of Mexico against our National Government, have at last brought to a crisis the relations of the two Governments with each other, to wit: A Declaration of existing War: Therefore

Resolved, That it is the duty of all good citizens to meet and consult, and do what they can consistently with National Honor to strengthen the arm of the Executive; trusting at the same time, that it will tender alternately to our misguided enemy the olive branch and the sword.

Resolved, In the language of Gov. Briggs, "it is alike the dictate of patriotism and humanity, that every means honorable to ourselves and just to our enemy, should be employed to bring said war to a speedy and successful termination;" and we cordially approve of the prompt response of his Excellency, to the call of the President for a regiment of infantry, and recommend its immediate organization and discipline.

Resolved, That to carry out the objects of the foregoing resolution, the city government of Lowell be requested to take such legal steps as will enable them to raise $50,000 for the use of the Executive, until the meeting of the legislature.

Resolved, That a bold, united and determined action of the citizens of this country at the present time, is the only course to bring about a permanent and honorable Peace, and to avert a more calamitous war with other nations.

Resolved, That the almost unanimous action of both Houses of Congress in the emergency presented by the Executive, but embodies that oneness of feeling which, in our judgment, and to the extent of our knowledge, exists in the New England mind.

Resolved,—By the ladies present, in the name of the sex, for the City of Lowell,—That their thanks be presented to the men and officers in the Army and Navy, for their gallant conduct in the recent battles; and their sympathies at the same time are extended to the wounded and the friends of the slain.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to our military companies present, for their prompt response, in full ranks, to the call of their fellow citizens—an earnest of ready obedience to any requisition for their services.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be transmitted to the Hon. Daniel Webster, and that he be requested to have presented a copy of the same to the Executive, both Houses of Congress and the Commander upon the Rio Grande.

In support of the resolutions, Mr Butler said that this is no party movement; it is no matter under what denomination each may think the greatest amount of political truth may be found. Such dissertations have no place here. War actually exists. Our Country is invaded and however bounded our faith is pledged to protect it. Our soldiers have fallen but in the fall have most signally triumphed. We are here then to show our gratitude for their services, and our readiness to cooperate with them when called for. This then is an *American question*, and what heart does not swell with happy and proud emotion as we contemplate a victory of American Soldiers. "It is good to be here."

It has been sneeringly asked "what can citizen soldier's do? of what use are they?" The answer has been made on the Rio Grande and in thunder tones reverberating from mountain to hill top, and from thence to the St. John's, and not a valley but has caught the echo. We have been asked what need that we in New England should meet on this occasion? No, *need!* But what soldiers on the frontier will not be strengthened with the assurance of support and march with a bolder step; when he learns that the "cold calculating yankees," are roused and the sons of Lexington and Concord will succor them.

And the Fair Ladies who honor us by their presence are here too, saying by their cheering smiles of hope and tear of sympathy to the mothers, daughters, sisters and wives of our slain that they feel their grief but trusting in Him whose chosen title is the "Lord of Hosts" are ready to peril their fathers, sons, brothers and husbands in the cause of their country for a like glorious triumph.

After the remarks from B. F. Butler, Esq., upon reading the resolutions, Capt. P. R. George, from N. Y., was introduced to the multitude, and remarked:

Mr President and Gentlemen: I have been instructed by the chairman of the committee of arrangements, to second the resolves just read, and to say to you, that after the most persevering effort on his part, he was unable to obtain the speakers whose names were announced as invited in the notice of the meeting.

My friends, at all times it is a laborious and a thankless task to address the human mind under disappointment, however trivial. It is peculiarly so under the high wrought expectation of this mighty mass for entertainment and instruction from the eloquent and brilliant Cushing, and the stirring energies of Rantoul, the sound of whose voices upon such fruitful themes would stir in the human breast, all the feelings, "great or little, wise or wild."

[But, gentlemen, since we can sound you no lion voice, you will pardon the digression while I tell you how most lions are made. It is usual to commence with a little puppy, feed him well till about half grown, then cut off his tail and teach him to bark; keep him well until full grown, cut off his ears, teach him then to growl. Soon as he growls so fiercely as to frighten the children, call him a lion, take him a little ways from home, and most people will think him so.]

Gentlemen, the following letter with your permission I will read:

Boston, June 1st, 1846.

To Messrs A. R. Brown and others:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of this morning inviting me to address a meeting at Lowell this evening, "on the subject of the Mexican war—the position of our country in our present crisis—and to respond to the call of Gov. Briggs for a volunteer force from the old commonwealth." Unavoidable engagements, which, on this short notice, cannot be deferred, will prevent my accepting your invitation.

I trust, however, there is but one feeling in the community as to the duty of our State at the present time; that it should respond promptly to the Governor's call, and that all of us, laying aside all other questions, should manifest our resolution to stand by the Government and the Country.

I remain very respectfully,
Your friend and fellow citizen,
FLETCHER WEBSTER.

Such, gentlemen, are the doctrines infused by Daniel Webster into the mind of his oldest son—who would have been with you but from the fact that he is engaged in feeling the public pulse in Boston for a meeting.

Gentlemen, the occasion that has called us together is one of grave and solemn import. It goes forth as the voice of the "spindle city" to the world upon the subject of our foreign relations—those relations, gentlemen, upon which but a few weeks since, Daniel Webster in the U. S. Senate, after carefully noting down, said—"*England must not expect* ONE INCH *of ground south of the 49th parallel.*" That remark was made under circumstances that now ring in the ears of a listening world. None but the GREAT DANIEL could fill up the gap of party, and make among this people but one mind on the subject of war.

Mr George then stated the delicate position of our foreign relations with England, applying his remarks on Mr Webster's position of 49° to the same position taken previously by the President in his offer to the British minister—the manner of its refusal, &c. &c.

He then spoke of our Mexican affairs, and read the following extract:

"The impudent proposition of the Mexican Government to their English creditors has formed the subject of angry articles in the newspapers, and has added to the disgust which capitalists are beginning to entertain for every species of foreign investment. At a stormy meeting of the bondholders in London, a cool proposition was made by the representatives of Gen. Paredes, of demanding two millions of money as a *new* loan, and consolidating the deferred debt at a discount of sixty per cent!"

Mr George said it appeared from this that the Mexican usurper could get nothing from London. He spoke of her prostrate and famishing condition, without money, food or clothing, and expressed the opinion that the war would terminate within 60 days. Such was the present prospect and expectation of our own government. He stated that it was contemplated by our government to capture Northern Mexico. Mr G. finally closed by reading the following extracts from recent speeches of Sir Robert Peel and Lord John Russell:

"Looking at one of the greatest nations of the globe, I am happy to find there are symptoms of returning feelings of amity and good will. When I read the speeches of Webster, Calhoun, and others, I forget all the idle menace wafted from the other side of the Atlantic. I trust her Majesty's Government will be able to fix finally the limits which divide the dominion of her Majesty from those of the United States; and I trust the convention or treaty which shall settle that boundary will be but the prelude of a more intimate connexion between us and that vast commonwealth of a free people; that we shall carry on together our manufacturers and our agriculture, vieing with each other, if you will, to make our productions more and more perfect, striving, in the neutral markets of the world, for pre-eminence; striving, also, in our respective branches of production, that we may clothe them and they may feed us, but hoping that there never shall be occasion to cross the bayonets of Britain and America on any bloody field whatever."

Mr G. paid a well merited compliment to the citizens of Lowell for their universally admitted industry and intelligence.

A. R. Brown, Esq. being next called upon, responded in substance as follows:

As war actually exists between the United States and Mexico, by the act of Mexico, it is well to enumerate what have been her acts of aggression. Her spoliations upon our comerce have been the subject of long and repeated negotiation, and final adjustment by arbitration. The sum of two millions being awarded to our citizens is still due at this day. Our Minister, sent to her government to effect a peaceable and friendly compromise has been treated with contempt, and dismissed with disgrace. Our brave officers and soldiers on the Rio Grande murdered by Mexican soldiers, and finally our army attacked by the whole Mexican force on this side the Rio Grande, before a gun had been fired by the troops of Gen. Taylor.—Thus was the war commenced by the Mexicans, preceded by a general declaration; and the war on the part of the United States is a purely defensive one, to protect our territory and secure a permanent, lasting, and honorable peace.

It is the duty of the Government now to act vigorously and promptly in its prosecution, to sustain our valiant General and his troops, who have so nobly combatted the enemy, and won imperishable laurels in two pitched battles against the almost overwhelming forces of the enemy. To maintain the brave Taylor and his compatriots in his present position merely, would bring no beneficial results to our already victorious arms. We should carry the "war into Africa," into the heart of the enemy's country, our arms should advance, the Mexicans in arms overthrown; the rights of the citizens respected, the Olive Branch of Peace and the Sword alternately tendered to them, and the terms of peace dictated in the halls of their Capital.

Our country having been invaded by a foreign force, it becomes us to sustain the Executive and the Government with stout hearts and strong arms, and with all the sinews of war, until it shall be brought to a glorious and an honorable termination.

New England, the seat of wealth and intelligence, should not be backward in those patriotic expressions of sentiment which if it be but general throughout the Union, and patriotically expressed, will teach the crowned heads of Europe that their favorite scheme of a "balance of power in the North American Continent" is an obsolete idea. A united expression of sentiment to sustain our country, one voice through the land declaring that we know our rights, and knowing, dare maintain them, will do more to avert the horrors of war at the present time, than standing armies and gallant navies.

I see before me representatives from almost every State in N. England, young men who have sought our city as a residence, who with us have sprung into existence since the war of 1812, and nowhere can there be a more correct expression of the public sentiment of New England.

Let it not be said that old Middlesex, the land of Prescott, the grave of Warren, a County glorious in our Revolutionary history, is remiss in her duty. This is the first expression from New England. The presence of our two gallant corps, the City Guards and the Phalanx, in the vast concourse before me, declares that here, in the city of Lowell, in sight almost of the spire of Bunker's height, and fields of Lexington and Concord, the patriotic flame of '76 is still alive and burning in our bosoms. At the call of our country, when danger nears her, when foreign arms are gleaming on her borders, our motto shall be, "we are ever ready."

This is a national war, and he who would confine it to the narrow bounds of party, is unworthy the name of American. The almost unanimous vote in Congress, the efforts of all without distinction in the South and West, stamp the charge of this being a party war as a huge lie. Therefore it becomes us as faithful public citizens to sustain the government in its present crisis, and respond earnestly and cordially to the call of his excellency Gov. Briggs, for a regiment of infantry to meet the requisition of the United States government.

E. A. Alger, Esq., then came forward, but said as the hour was getting late, he would not trespass upon the patience of the audience with a speech, but would propose three cheers for Gen. Taylor, his officers and soldiers, for their brilliant achievements upon the Rio Grande. This proposition met a most hearty response from the vast assembly. Three cheers were also given for the military companies and the Bands, and three for the ladies, when the meeting dissolved.

Notwithstanding the attempt of a portion of both political parties to damp the ardor and enthusiasm that pervades the masses of all parties, by their refusal to sign the call or take a part in the meeting, among whom we regret to say was our postmaster, the immense gathering and the unanimous expression of a determination to sustain the Government in the existing war, shows that upon subjects touching the patriotism of this people, they know no such limits as party lines. "Our country, our whole country, and our country forever" is the sentiment of the American heart.

EX-GOV. MORTON.

We are exceedingly gratified to announce to our readers that the appointment of Ex-Governor Morton to the collectorship of the port of Boston has been confirmed by the Senate by a very large vote. That very strenuous efforts were made against him is very true. That they failed of their purpose, it seems, is equally true. And though Gov. Morton's was the great case in New England, and as the termination has been his support, we trust, all personal differences of opinion and minor disagreements will now be brought to an end, and the whole democratic press and party bend their entire energies to the advancement of the great and momentous interests of the country.

Though in our humble way we have done all in our power to repel the attacks made upon the Ex-Governor, and bring about his confirmation, because we deemed it indispensable to the future success of Democratic principles in the northern portion of the Union, yet, we cherish no particle of ill feeling towards any person who disagreeing with us has thought proper to take a different course, and we hope no one entertains towards us any unkind wish for doing what we considered our duty as the conductor of a democratic press.

☞ Hons. B. W. Jenness and Amos Abbott will accept our thanks for copies of the President's message to the Senate and House of Representatives upon the existing relations between our government and Mexico, and recommending the adoption of measures for repelling the invasion of territory of the United States by Mexican forces.

☞ Our neighbor says's the southerners are about to make war on the Bey of Tunis because he has abolished slavery. There is no prospect at present of their making war on Lowell for that reason.

☞ The Circus of Messrs Rockwell & Stone commenced their entertainments last evening to the usual multitude of visitors. The magnificence of their establishment appears to exceed anything ever produced here. Their former popularity is in no danger of suffering with such a company. All will be sure to pay them a visit.

☞ Our report of the War Meeting necessarily crowds out our war and other news. The sum and substance of the war news is, that our forces have taken possession of Harita, a small Mexican town about seven miles in a direct line from Point Isabel, and 18 by water. The latest dates from Point Isabel are May 19. Gen Taylor was about to take Matamoras, and it was reported that 2000 Mexicans had marched out of it.

☞ Prof. Church returns his most sincere thanks, to the citizens of Lowell for their large patronage bestowed upon him. Prof. C. knowing that a great many persons have not been able to attend the first lesson on account of the *War Meeting*, will, ON FRIDAY NEXT, repeat the same lesson as last night, (at 8 o' clock P. M. Mechanics' hall.)

☞ The Towson Riflemen, Capt. Marriott, eighty men between 18 and 22 years of age, left Baltimore on Friday for Washington and the seat of war, their services having been accepted.

☞ Nine hundred volunteers left New Orleans on the 20th ult. on board the steamer Mary Kingsland and the ship Ondiakn.

☞ Mr Sunderland, the distinguished lecturer on Pathetism is about to give a series of lectures in the City Hall. See his advertisement.



ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM SHIP HIBERNIA.—TEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

We are indebted to Mr Kelly, the gentlemany, ever ready and obliging Express man, for a copy of the Boston Bee Extra many hours in advance of the mail.

The steamship Hibernia, Capt. Alexander Lyrie, arrived at Cunard wharf, East Boston, on Monday, at 12 o'clock, M.—having made the passage from Liverpool in 13 days.

The news is not very important.

Rumors prevail that Sir Robert Peel will retire from the office of Premier, when the measures upon which he has based his character have passed.

The European Times says:

"It is reported that twenty gunners, two sergeants, two corporals, two bombardiers, under the command of Captain Blackwood, are to be despatched the British Government in their war-steamer, the Vixen, to Oregon early next month; the vessel is to be an adequate supply of guns and stores, and 3000 excavators are to be sent to the same destination with all possible speed."

The London Times of Thursday, May 14th, says: The packet which will sail from Liverpool in few days will convey to the United States the real impression produced here by the late intelligence. The resolution was intended as a threat or a hostile measure, it has totally failed to have any effect whatever, *except that it is probable Mr Packenham will at once empowered to bring the controversy to a prompt and final issue.* The London Economist states on what it considers high and unquestionable authority, that the Oregon question is on the point of a satisfactory settlement.

The third reading of the Corn Bill has at length passed the House of Commons by the largest majority which it has yet commanded—ninety-eight.

The proposition of the representatives of Gen. Paredes to the English creditors of Mexico is denounced as impudent.

The corn bill is the hinges upon which the fate of the Cotton Market will turn. If the bill passes the ayes will go up with a vengeance; if not—not.

The timber trade is hurt by the stagnation produced by the turnout. There is likely to be a great struggle between the employers and employed.

American provisions are now cured in a manner to suit British palates.

Nothing important from France;—do. from Spain;—do. from elsewhere.

PROGRESS OF OPINION.

[From the *Lowell Advertiser* of May 12th.]

"MEXICO. From present appearances, war with Mexico seems inevitable. If the late news prove correct, a declaration of war (if even that is necessary) is the only remaining step to be taken, previous to taking the whole country. If war with that distracted country, ruled by petty and profligate tyrants, must come, or has been commenced, it would be dishonorable to this nation and cruelty to the unfortunate Mexicans to stop short of its entire subjugation, and annexation. The first blow that is struck should be struck with a view to conquering, elevating, and making that people finally happy in the enjoyment of a Republican Government, and the blessings of peace."

[From the *Boston Post* of May 30th.]

"We expect John Quincy Adams to come out on the war with Mexico. Let us carry to that fine but distracted country relief from its miserable military despots, peace, liberty regulated by law, and the democratic republican civilization for which the mass have so long sighed. Heaven will smile on such a mission."

We have reason to believe that the views, as expressed above are in accordance with those entertained by the Administration, and express the feelings and wishes of the mass of the democracy, and indeed, we may add, of the whole people.

THE UNITED STATES A MEDIATOR. The N. Y. Sun says, "We are rejoiced to learn, as we doby the Argentine News of March 7th, that our Minister, by authority of his Government, had offered the mediation of the United States to terminate the war between the Argentine Republic and the neighboring Republic, or independency of Paraguay, and both parties accepted it. *Laus Deo!* This is gratifying intelligence. These three American governments are now exactly where we have long wished to see all our American Governments, mediating between each other, and settling their disputes peaceably among themselves.

BABE, the pirate has been pardoned by the President. He was convicted of piracy about three years ago on the schooner Lavina. So we learn by the N. Y. papers.

THE FIRST VOLUNTEERS IN BOSTON. The Washington Light Guard, company G, Capt Kelsey, voted unanimously, (about 50 members being present) to tender their services to Gov. Briggs, in compliance with the order issued on Tuesday, for enrollment under the law of congress, to prosecute the war against Mexico.—*Post.*

CRANBERRIES. The cultivation of cranberrys is exciting much interest in this country. Almost every owner of suitable low land is setting vines. From the best information we can obtain, not less than one hundred acres of ground have been set with cranberry vines, during the past winter and present spring.—*Yarmouth Register.*

WAR. Greeley, of the *Tribune*, says that in time of profound peace some old women preach against war, but after war is actually declared they are as dumb as oysters. This is very true, but, "there is a rule without some exceptions," and the saying is exemplified in this instance, for there is one old woman in the *Tribune* establishment who is preaching against it all the time.—*New York Globe.*

☞ "That's what I call a real *finished* sermon," remarked a man as he was coming out of church.—"Yes, *finished* at last," replied his neighbor, "tho' I began to think it never would be."

☞ A son of "green Erin" having bought a new bible, commenced his family record, and enrolled the name of his first-born thus:—"Patrick McCraty, born Aug. 6, 1845, aged *six years*"

POLICE COURT.

BEFORE N. CROSBY.

Friday, May 29

Lemuel Clark—assault and battery—fined $2 and cost.

Frederick Rice,—larceny—discharged.

JUSTICE COURT.

BEFORE I. S. MORSE.

James Burnet and *John Stockwell*—assault on Peter Norris—Stockwell discharged, Burnet fined $5 and cost.

Saturday, May 30.

Aaron Deshon—assault and battery on Wm. Chamberlain—fined $3 and cost.

James Nesmith,—common drunkard—6 months House Correction.

Richard Stremler—drunkard— 3 months House Correction.

Monday, June 1.

BEFORE W. P. WEBSTER.

Elizabeth Wyman—larceny—fined $5 and cost or 2 months House Correction. Same fined $3 and cost or 1 month House Correction.

Mt. Holly, New Jersey, Nov. 1, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle,—Dear Sir: Having used DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY with great benefit to myself, I cheerfully comply thwi your request te give my testimony in favor of it. [Some two since I took cold, and it settled on my lungs; I was troubled for several weeks with a very bad cough, raised blood several times, and had all the alarming symptoms atteeding confirmed consumption. I despaired uf recovery. After trying various remedies in vain, I obtained a bottle of your Balsam: I took three bottles, und to my astunishment was entirely cured. I attribote my restoration to health to that medicine alone, All who are sick or afflicted with Pulmonary affections, I would recoiomend them to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM immediately. THOS. F. KEELER.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lo well and vicinity. epu&papr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&r6mcbm

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dryness*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bagle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thdwm28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, May 26, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr Moulton Hodgdon to Miss Julia A. Emery.

In Concord, May 21, Mr Moses Hobsun to Miss Lucy J. Winn.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending May 30, 1846.

May 24th, Stephen Phelan, 12 yrs, drowned; Susan Donahue, 1, measles; Nancy J. Jameson, 29, consumption; 27th, Hannah Holmes, 18, consumption; 29th, Jane Alexandee, 2, measles; 30th, Susan Hutchinson, 16, concussion of brain; George E. Eston, 10 months, croup. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

THE Annual Meeting of the *Middlesex County Bible Society*, will be held in the John-street Church, Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, June 3d, at nine o'clock, A. M. ☞ A punctual attendance of the friends of the Bible in Lowell and from all parts of the County is earnestly solicited. AMOS BLANCHARD, Sec'y.

Lowell, June 1, 1846. je2a1t

INTELLECTUAL DIVERTISEMENT.

MR. SUNDERLAND has the pleasure of proposing to the citizens of Lowell, a course of *Experimental Lectures* on the HUMAN SOUL, in the CITY HALL, on *Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings* of the present week, in which he will develope the power of *Spells, Charms*, and *Fascination*, illustrating the *mysteries of Trance, Dreaming, Witchcraft and Ghosts*, and combining a series of the most *Grave, Witty, Divertive, Mirthful, Musical*, und astonishing powers and susceptabilities of the Human Mind.

Doors open at 7½ to commence at 8 P. M. Single Tickets 15 cents. For 2, 25 cents. je2a2t

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
First Fair Wind.



The fast sailing packet Schooner SAM'L DAVIS, *Hoxie*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je1

Savannah and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Saturday.



The fine fast sailing Brig GROWLER, *Washburn*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. j1

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.
On Saturday.



The fine fast sailing coppered Bark CARIB, *Dickerson*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyuson, Agent at New Orleans. je2

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,
may30atf No. 4, Market St.

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mousliu de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. HENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



GRAND ENTERTAINMENT WITH GREAT ADDITION IN INTEREST, SPLENDOR, &c.

THE MAGNIFICENT MAMMOTH CIRCUS of Messrs. Rockwell & Stone doubly increased from their former great attractions, *unrivals all Conceivable Grandeur* for their Talented performance, Equipments, &c., combined for their Travelling Entertainments this Year 1846. *This most renowned* and Brilliant Establishment comprising upwards of *One Hundred and Twenty Men and Horses*, will exhibit in LOWELL,

ON THE SOUTH COMMON, near the South Grammar School House, for six days only, commencing on MONDAY the 1st day of JUNE, next.

The particulars of this MIGHTY EQUESTRIAN TROUPE so fortunate and famous, are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a correct detail may be found in the *Immense Descriptive Bills* posted in the principal Hotels and elsewhere. However it may not be amiss to annex the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal. MADAM CAMILLA GARDNER, PROF. HARRINGTON & SON, OSCAR R. STONE, WM. H. STOUT, MAST. STOUT, G. W. SERGEANT, D. MINNICH, C. BACON, V. PIQUET, H. SMITH, F. CRAWFORD, E. DURR, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Messrs. CAMPBELL, GALSIANO, T. WADDEE and J. WADDEE, Vocalists; BACON & DAN GARDNER, Clowns. The TYROLEANS. The DANCING PONY FANNY ELLSLER; INTELLIGENT DOG NAPOLEON, etc., etc.

This Grand Cavalcade will be preceeded on their arrival, by the N. Y. Brass Band in their costly CHARIOT, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by EIGHT SPLENDID STEEDS driven in hand.

☞ Doors open at 2½ and 7½, P. M., performance commences at 3 and 8. Admittance to boxes 25 cents, Pit 12½. may26au6

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage. Orders received for *Embossing* Cards.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the last of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.
Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis*

GRATIS.—EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN.—ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ¼ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 A1f

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

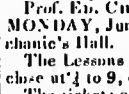
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Musical Notice.

I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works

☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmnr12

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsong, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had but all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

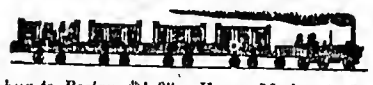
*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

DOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kindall, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yo&pdec16

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when entered for the cars, and no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A.M.—3 and 6¼, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¼, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the ratable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her ratable estate, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Bonds, Notes and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Professions, Trade or Employment.

By the, Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to the Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber must respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium, amongst which are the apparatus on the principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bonpl Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

HENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in the his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—20,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Adjourned Sale of Land,

On SATURDAY next, June 6th, at 2 o'clock, on the premesis—A lot of land containing 18000 sq. ft., situated at the corner of Lowell and Willey streets. Said lot is a very desirable one, having about 278 feet front front on the said streets.

Also At 3 o'clock on the premises—another lot containing 8000 square feet, situated on the corner of Gorham and Charles streets. This is a very desirable lot near the centre of the city and has about 150 feet front. Terms at sale. je2

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY next, June 8, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a lot of land in Dracut, being in the fore field of the Richardson Farm so called, belonging to heirs of Martha Harrington, late of Framingham, deceased. Said lot contains 9994 square feet, being lot No. 104 as laid down and described on a plan of said field, made by Wm. F. Osgood. OTIS HOYT, Administrator.

At Private Sale.—2 Blocks of Houses, 6 tenements, situated on Fletcher and Edward's Court, Central Village. my28

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high grounds in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said Farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at 110 & 84 Merrimack st., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promply and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN,
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Hats! Hats!



A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercerial diseases of the blood and all Cheonic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&ptymar5

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap23 3m

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore, No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-Board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationary, Blank Books, &c. a&pap18

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermitteet, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gruvel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the utmosphere change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who improperly arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent is Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pasterns, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Merrill, B. F. Aikes, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv3mar28

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of *Lowell*, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lessons*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 1fdec6

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money grieved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opulence joy."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies met with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is inundated with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician in the early stages of disease, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. m1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head; face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramps, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid to constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.—

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,
Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching at the same time a choking in the throat, so much so that he was black in the face. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 195 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,
Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly retovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now enable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&aply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflamatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&p1yang30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Corner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three wheel 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. Swadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted by the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODDWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjan29

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

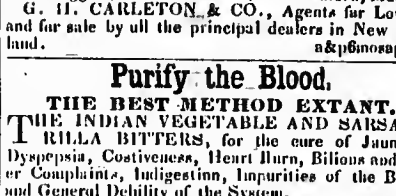
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Comer; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs;*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved tyle. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 4, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 66.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is psblished on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 4d, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books; Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IS FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
ap12 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 ly

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1, 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Ovens Mouths, Funnel Stoves, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern. ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HAYWOOD.
tfnov1

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth'n Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR,
ad1y27 Insurances effected, A&ply

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if
sep9

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. ifmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, is the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. ifmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

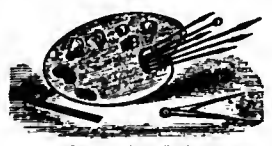
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

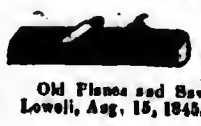


Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. sfyapr4

W. H. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug212m

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular tightness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly. WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. ndv&pmtyapr4

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or springs.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, would give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLL, " JOHN AVEL,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ASHBROW.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnovs&post23

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
John. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., / ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against *the occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy Interest for 5 years.....	Reduction to subscription to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Present reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
			837	$105 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
60	$5000	$370 75	1838	828 21	373 45	57 12½	1780 5
			1839	693 37½	308 51	45 70	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.

The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*

☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.

Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:

"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimant* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
tya&p2awaeopdec18

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&ptvnov3

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter,* for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt,* and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery,* which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

The New Year's Clock.

BY MISS FRANCES CAULKINS.

'Tis midnight:—and the Old Year past is flown;
Time's new-born king advances to the throne.
Hark to the sounds as from yon tower they roll!
What lessons bring they to the listening soul?

The bell strikes one!—One God, enthroned on high,
Turns on thy soul the lightning of his eye:
Whist sees He there? Does that Omniscient ray
Disclose thy bliudness, or illums thy way?

The bell strikes two!—Two worlds awake the dead;
A heaven of love, a gulf of wo and dread.
Friend! if thy soul to its own place should go,
Say, would it soar to heaven, or sink to wo?

Three sounds the bell!—and well the strokes agree,
With God triune, the One Almity Three.
Is He thy Father? Is the Son thy Friend?
The Heavenly Dove—does He on thee descend?

Four strokes are pealing from the tongue of time—
Four ancient empires darkened earth with crime;
Christs kingdom rose and bade these shades depart.
Say, hath this kingdom dawned within thy heart?

Five strokes are on the bell! Five senses bind
The outward world to the indwelling mind.
O, when these senses fail, this body dies,
Hast thou a mansion built in yonder skies?

Six! six! the watchman sounds—These heavens were spread,
These seas, these mountains in six days were made.
When rocks shall melt, and seas no more shall be,
Host thou secured a Friend to plead for thee?

Seven strikes the clock!—the holy number seven,
A seven fold glory fills the courts of heaven—
O may a seven fold grace on the bestowed,
Admit thy soul into that blest abode!

Eight hours are struck! Eight men from Jesse sprung
Stood up before the Seer—he moved along,
And o'er the lenst poured forth the sacred dew—
If thou art lowly,—God will seal theo too.

Nine strokes resound! Nine hundred years and more,
The world's first fathers trod life's circle o'er:
O when thy life's brief period shall decline
May Christ exalt thee to the life divine!

Ten from the belfrey sounds!—Ten great commands
Came down from heaven, graved by Jehovah's hands.
Death, if thou break'st but one thou hast broke all!
Take hold of Christ, or thou to wo must fall!

Eleven the bell saw peals! Eleven the band
That heard the ascending Saviors last command:
Quick to obey, they spread the Gospel round—
Dost thou do all thou canst to swell the sound?

Twelve strokes resound! Twelve months complete the year;
They pass like dreams; the eternal day draws near:
Tho Young Year is before you, fresh and new—
What on God's table shall it write for you?

From the Lady's Book of 1835.

The Broken Vow.

BY MRS. NORTON.

[Concluded.]

I accidently encountered him one evening; he was sitting on his favourite bank—the deep crimson sun lit the heath and hare-bell, the wide blue lake lay stretched beneath, and the perfumed air echoed the confused murmur of distant sounds and the hum of insects; he looked at the empty seat by him, "Minny, sweet Minny!" said he, in a low gentle voice, then suddenly rising, with startling energy he stretched his arms and bent forward with a straining effort to the distant mountains: "Margaret, Margaret Dure!" and the hills returned in the same tone of unspeakable anguish "Margaret Dure!" I feared he would fall and be dashed to pieces on the shingles below, yet I dared not speak, hardly breath; he slowly drew himself back and sank down—that night he heard of Minny's marriage with Dunstan; that night he swore to me to leave Britain and travel for a while till his health should improve. He went abroad, and after a few months Mr Dure received a letter from him, the hand-writing was feeble and the style incoherent; it expressed a wish that, as he was dying in a foreign land without any probability of being able to return, Mr Dure should have a small marble slab erected under the old cypress tree, with his name and age, and the year he died in. This was accordingly done. In little more than a year after her marriage, Margaret Dunstan was attacked by a complaint which had often threatened her—that canker-worm of the young and lively, consumption. Dunstan, disappointed in his hopes of money by his grieved and angry uncle, had latterly treated her coldly if not harshly; yet it was impossible to see anything so young and so beautiful dying without some feelings of pity; after a vain course of remedies had been gone through, he acceeded to her sorrowful prayer, that he would take her back to die at Coulin-Dhu, where her old father still lived. They arrived late in the evening, and, worn and exhausted, Margaret felt that she could not go to the manse that night; she had not heard of Archie's death in the stranger land and of his last request, and she stole into the churchyard where she was so soon to rest, and sat down in the still twilight, leaning her weary head against a tombstone. She had not sat there many minutes before she heard the little gate open, and presently afterwards her own name was uttered in a low voice. "Here I am, Dunstan," said she rising; the speaker darted forward and then stood transfixed to the spot—"Margaret Dure!"—she uttered a piercing shriek. "Minny," said the young man wildly, "do not fear *me,* it is only Archie Campbell, are you living, and is it only the moonlight that makes you so pale?"—"Oh, Archie do not speak in that tone; we are both altered, and I am dying now, but I deserved it, and I am contended to leave this world, and when I am buried in this lone place you will think of me sometimes, and forgive me." "Minny, I hope you will live many long years, and I will see you sometimes at night, for I must be dead to all but you. Tell me, is he, is Dunstan kind to you?" "Can the treacherous in friendship be faithful in love?—No, Archie, the red gold tempted him, not Minny's face; he has chid me for smiling, and reproached me for leaving you, and said it was for a more splendid life I went with him; and—and that if I changed once I might change again; and he has chid me for weeping when I thought of my father and of you, Archie, and the sweet banks of Coulin-Dhu." "And did you think of me, my sweet Minny? Did you think of me still amid all the temptations and pleasures of England?" "Archie, after the dream that he loved me melted away, love went out of my heart; but night and day, through the melancholy spring and the long weary summer, I wept for you—for your kind words and faithful promises; for

for your kind words and faithful promises; for the long happy days we spent together) and I felt that it was just that I who forsook should be forsaken." Archie Campbell rushed forward and taking the unfortunate girl in his arms he strained her convulsively to his bosom. "What have I done?" said Margaret, as she di-engaged herself; "oh, Archie, pity me and let me go home;" and the word brought a fresh torrent of bitter tears to her already dim and swolen eyes. "Fear nothing," said he, as his arm sunk by his side; "I am no traitur—God Almighty and All-merciful bless and protect you; go, and, Minny, tell no one you have seen me:" he loosed her hand and walked quickly away, and his bewildered companion returned to her husband. After a most distressing scene between Minny and her poor father, it was agreed that they should live at the manse till something else should be settled, or till Minny should get better; though Mr Dure felt he never could like Dunstan, yet his first fears had not been realised, his daughter was married; and though it was a grievous thing to think on poor Archie, his old favourite, yet he was a man prone to forgive, and he left vengeance to Him who hath said "*Vengeance is mine.*" The minister gently told his daughter the fate of her betrothed and deserted lover; she listened intently, and remembering the scene of the night before she said earnestly, "Are you sure? oh, I cannot believe he is dead." She shuddered as she said this; her father calmly drawing her arm within his, walked through his little garden and entered the churchyard at the end of it. "There,' said he mournfully, "is the stone I raised to him." Minny looked, though her head swam.

This stone
is erected to the memory
of
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,
who departed this life,
aged 24,
May 6th, 1825

It was the stone on which she had been leaning the night before; she gave a wild scream and fainted; her body weakened as it was, was terribly shaken by this adventure, and though she still hoped some wild chance might have preserved Archie, and that it was indeed he that stood by her and spoke to her that evening, yet the awful words, "*I will see you at* NIGHT, *for I must be dead to all but you,*" rung in her ear, and his hand, she remembered, was very cold. A sick thrill passed over her as she remembered this, and she at length became persuaded she had seen the spirit of her lover. Meanwhile she grew weaker and weaker every day. One evening she expressed a wish to visit once more the moss bank which overhung the lake. Dunstan had gone out shooting, and it was on his way home. The old servant at the manse supported her, for she was now too feeble to walk without assistance; she sat down in the accustomed spot, dark overhanging mountains behind her, and the quiet blue lake before her; towards sun-set she saw Dustan coming over the hill, he waved his handkerchief to her and she answered the signal; he leaped down the turfted side of the hill till he came to the most dangerous part, where it rose almost perpendicularly from the lake.

"Come slowly, Dustan, pray," said the alarmed wife; Harry Dustan laughed at her fears: he made one step more and was arrested in his progress. A wild, gaunt form sprung upon him like an angry wolf, and endeavored to hurl him down the precipice; Dustan struggled as those struggle, as those *only*, who have death present to their eyes, but in vain; nearer and nearer he was dragged to the edge, till there was nothing between him and the lake below but a space of about four feet, by a sudden effort he flung himself on his back, and fired his loaded gun, his opponent bounded a few steps backward, the leaves over which he rolled rustled in the decent—a sick faint scream from Margaret, and all was silent. Minny Dustan walked feebly forward, her husband descended the hill, every fibre quivering with the struggle he had made; they met beside the body of the wounded man. Margaret bent over him, he opened his eyes, gave a dim dreary glance round him, took Dunstan's hand, and raising his eyes, to heaven murmured some indistinct words; he then turned them once more to Minny, a film came over those orbs, and he lay a corse before them—the corse of Archie Campbell! Worn and emanciated by suffering, and looking like a man who had passed many years of sorrows, the noble-hearted youth lay cold and stiff before his treacherous friend. And it seemed to Dunstan afterwards, that his marriage, the death of Archie the more lingering illness of Minny, and the sorrow and misery he had brought on all, were but as a warning dream.

THE LICENSE CASES. It seems that the Court of Common Pleas has come to a conclusion to *force the trial* of all the indictments under the license law, regardless of the case that now awaits the decision of the Supreme court of the United States. It will be remembered that the Court were unable to reach that case at its last term, and made it a *privileged case* to be heard at any time in the next term when counsel should desire it. But it appears, by the report of the Springfield Republican, that Judge Cushing, of our Common Pleas, is in possession of such information as enables him to state what the decision of the Supreme Court will be. From the bench of Hampden county, he stated that Judge Story, in the outset, had doubts of the constitutionality of our law, but that he changed his opinion before his death; and that Judge Mc Lean objected to the law at the first hearing of the case, but has since waved his objections, and expressed his regret that a decision was not made at that time. All the other judges he represented as in favor of the law; and its constitutionality, he stated, would be decreed at the next term. How Judge Cushing got the opinion of the *new judges*, who have not yet heard the case, the Republican does not inform us.

A singular anomaly has been exhibited in our county upon this matter, where Judge Washburn, of the Common Pleas, is now engaged in the trial of license cases.

Under the reported decision of the Supreme Court of the State, Mr Hallett, for the defence, argued to the jury that *they are the judges of the* LAW *as well as of* FACT. Judge Washburn, as we have been informed, in his charge, *read a written argument in reply to Mr Hallet:* in which he instructed the jury that they had the *power*, but not the *right*, to judge of the law; and must take the law as laid down by the court.

It is deeply to be regretted, for the peace of the community, that this question has come up; for it is one that involves the very existence of the great right of trial by jury; and bids fair to awaken the mightiest struggle the commonwealth has ever witnessed; in which the long cherished reverence of the people for courts of justice will be put at hazard.—*Wor. Pal.*

☞ "Miss Fitztown," said an affected dandy last evening, determined to be as empty as the vanity of a brainless head could be, "do you much board on it as an art that of a—a—a—Multi—" "Miss Fitztown, as you certainly are acquainted with music!" "Why, sir, I cannot say that I am," replied the young lady; "tho' since I first became acquainted with you I have known a *natural*." "Charming science, is that of Music," said the dandy, not knowing the "lick back" he had received.—*Delta.*

☞ The Rio Grande, Rio Bravo, and Rio Grande del Norte are so many different names for the same river.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 4, 1846.

WANTED.

A boy from 16 to 18 years of age at this office.

RESUME OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

Our last resume brought the account of the war down to May 13th, when Commodore Conner announces to the Secretary of the Navy that 1000 volunteers had arrived off Brazos de Santiago. About the middle of the month Col. Wilson with four companies of regulars and three companies of Alabama volunteers took Barita, a small Mexican town, delightfully situated on the Rio Grande about 7 miles in a direct line from Point Isabel, and 18 by water. Another report is, that a party of Marines landing from the fleet anticipated the above named force, marched on Barita, the Mexican troops there evacuating the post without the slightest opposition, and that the inhabitants joyfully received them and offered them fresh provisions.

On the 18th Gen. Taylor was to have taken Matamoras, and it was said that two thousand Mexicans were seen to have marched out. It is supposed Gen. Taylor took peaceable possession of Matamoras, as no guns were heard at Point Isabel to the 19th of May.—This is the latest news at the present writing—Thursday morn., June 4.

NAVY CHANGES.

A bill has been introduced into the House of Representatives, by Mr Rathbun to re-organize the Navy Department. It proposes some very material alterations. It provides for establishing two Bureaux to which will be committed the charge of Navy Yards, docks, repairs and building of vessels, &c., all to be under the general control of the Secretary of the Navy. Civilians instead of Naval officers are to fill these places. A re-organization of Naval Court Martials is also proposed. The N. Y. Sun referring to this proposed change, and we fully agree in its views, says, "Naval Court Martials, as at present conducted, are mere Star Chamber Courts, where legal testimony is shut out and the accused can never know the cause; where the evidence of a sailor is considered of no weight or value, and where private considerations and professional jealousies are brought to bear against the accused, or friendship influence and consideration are made to operate in his favor. Under the new law, it is proposed to try all charges of peculation and fraud against an officer by the Courts of the United States, and upon conviction, the President is authorized to dismiss him from the service. But we would go further than this, all charges involving official disgrace and removal from office should be tried by an *impartial* tribunal. No one will deny that this is an important feature in our National institutions. An officer before a Court Martial is tried by peers, who has a direct interest in his being cashiered, inasmuch, as it may bring some of the members of the Court Martial nearer promotion. Naval Court Martials on questions of duty, unofficer-like deportment, and on several points of a national character may be and no doubt are just and proper, but we do contend that all questions and charges involving the life of the accused, or his dismissal from office should be submitted to the Federal Courts of the United States to be tried by law and the established rules of evidence."

VOTE FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

E. B. Patch,		4,547
Whitney,		3,628
Hayden,		1,754
Scattering,		149
		10,078
Patch's vote,	4,547	
E. Patch, designed for E. B. Patch,	79	
	4,626	
Necessary to choice,		5,039
Patch,		4,626
		413

A change of 207 votes would have elected him if the 79 were added. Showing a relative gain over the last trial. Whitney lacks 1,411. Hayden gained on Whitney at the last trial in consequence of anonymous handbills circulated through the country towns, where his true position in reference to Mr Whitney, was not known. The County Commissioners will probably order another trial as early as it is convenient.

☞ The Courier appears to be exceedingly anxious for information in the matter of our volasteering. It says, "The question comes home to our mind with painful force—'when is the editor of the Advertiser going to volunteer?'" We will tell it and with perfect safety to ourself too,—just as soon as the course of the Courier becomes reasonable, loyal and decent.

By the way, it could hardly be considered improper for us now—inasmuch as the Courier has interested itself so much recently in our personal movements—to ask—why did the military editor of the Courier desert his command and colors, and leave his editorial post so soon after the declaration of war? Has he run away with hopes "to live to fight another day?" or has he, as the tone of his paper would seem to indicate, gone home to England for a commission?

ALARM OF FIRE. There was an alarm of fire yesterday between the ringing out and in of the dinner bell. It was caused by the slight burning of a building, corner, of Jefferson and Lewis Streets, near the "Acre," so called. Very little damage was done. The two or three alarms of fire that we have had latterly, have happened just about dinner time. Very civil of them to come so opportunely.

☞ The Courier quotes from the Republican before being united with the Patriot, and from a correspondence of the Advertiser, which we said we should not have published had we not believed it true so far as it related to the integrity of Mr Bancroft, to show that we have changed our mind in relation to him. We entertain for Mr Bancroft's genius and acquirements the same admiration now we ever did. But have been compelled from actual knowledge since to change our opinion as to his moral worth.

☞ X, the mathematical correspondent of the Courier, furnishes that paper with the following important intelligence:—"The Union, founded on the Constitution of 1789, *is now dissolved*—the United States are now annexed to Texas, and James K. Polk is now the President of the United States of Texas."

RIGHT. The Washington Union of the 29th ult., says—

The government will conduct the war against Mexico with all the vigor in our power. *We shall invade her territory; we shall seize her strongholds; we shall* TAKE EVEN HER CAPITAL, if there be no other means of bringing her to a sense of justice.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

CONTEMPTIBLE MEANNESS.

The *Honorable* Nathan Crosby, whom the wisdom of the Governor and Council, aided by the *honesty* and *uprightness* of Dr. Kimball, and through the dictation of a few corporation agents, and against the general remonstrance of the bar, have seen fit and proper to place in the office of Justice of the Lowell Police Court, has recently issued the following *Bull:*

"*Police Court, District of Lowell, May 26, 1846.*

Ordered, that *Monday*, June 8th, next, and every second *Monday thereafter*, at 10 o'clock A. M., be fixed days for holding terms of this court for civic actions—reserving Tuesday of each week as fixed days also, as heretofore, until the return day of all writs made before this order is known.

All continued actions to be ready for trial at the opening of the Court on Mondays, and all new entries to be made during the forenoon of that day.

Appearances to be entered Tuesday forenoon, and all new entries to be ready for trial or judgment on Wednesday morning.

N. CROSBY, Justice."

Now judge Crosby may have a right to allow plaintiffs costs for two or three days attendance, when the defendant does not appear at all; being as he is, under corporation patronage, we suppose he may do any thing.

It is said his *Honor* has attributed the opposition of the bar to his appointment to the fact that he once objected to the sum of twenty-five cents in a bill of costs and *tried* to draw a writ of error on the judgement.

He now boasts in the street that "*he has regard to the rights of the people and is going to put a stop to the extortions of the bar.*" And how does he do it? why, he deducts from the bill of costs the sum of 25 cents which has always been allowed, and adds from 38 cents to $2.00 to every bill of cost.

Perhaps a history of the judge's practice in Lowell, may give some idea of the man, and as it may be included in a short space, we give it:

The only case he ever, to our knowledge, had in Lowell, (except, indeed, that his honor did defend Elder Thurston, in a most admirable manner, into a conviction, and if abler counsel does not save him, into state prison,) was an action in favor of a person residing out of the county in which he unfortunately forgot to endorse his writ, and by the means a judgment was recovered against his client; his Honor, the former justice of the police court, allowed, as has been the universal practice, 25 cents for taxing, which so offended his honor, judge Crosby, that he forthwith sued out a writ of error on the judgment, but wonderfully forgot again to endorse, and had another bill of costs to pay.

Now it does appear to us that there is something too mean, too narrow, and, we might say, too contemptible, for a man who holds so important an office as Justice of the Lowell Police Court, in this indirect manner of baiting the attorneys to bring actions in that court, and at the same time, deceiving the public by pretending to reduce costs.

THE VOICE OF MANY.

THE DEADLY FIRE OF AMERICANS. In every battle from the days of the revolution to this time, says the Cincinnati Esquirer, the *fire of the Americans* has been more terribly destructive than that of any other nation of the world. The reason is that an American never fires without bringing his gun to his face—*without taking good aim.* Look at the battle of New Orleans, where three thousand veteran British soldiers bit the dust, to some half dozen Americans—the battle of San Jacinto, where six hundred Mexicans were killed to five or six Texans—and now the two recent engagements of Gen. Taylor's troops, when *twelve hundred Mexicans* are cut down, and three hundred taken prisoners, to sixty-two Americans killed and wounded!!

THE VOLUNTEER COMPANIES OF GEORGIA. Almost to a man have our gallant Volunteers responded to Governor Crawford's call upon them, "to report their rank and file," and make such tender of service as they thought proper. At Savannah, Augusta, Macon, and Columbus, the volunteer corps *have all* tendered service, and pronounced themselves *ready* to proceed wherever his Excellency may order them—says the Georgia Journal

THE PRESCOTT GUARDS. We are happy to publish the following letter from Capt. Lemuel Shattuck, which speaks for itself.

Pepperell, June 1st, 1846.

To the Editor of the Lowell Advertiser:

SIR: At a meeting of the PRESCOTT GUARDS, they voted almost unanimously to tender their services to the Governor for the purpose of bringing to a close the war with Mexico.

Yours, &c.,
L. SHATTUCK.

☞ A Washington correspondent of the N. York Tribune writes—"I understand that Gen. Conner has been instructed to *receive* any friendly proposition which Mexico may make to this country."

LOST AT SEA. The N. Y. Sun says, the ship Clara, from Portsmouth, N. H., for New Orleans, ran down the Spanish brig Dixon, from Havana to Majorca, with 40,000 staves. The Captain and crew were taken on board the Clara.

☞ The President, believing that the rejection of Mr Horn by the Senate, was the result of misrepresentation or error, has again nominated him to that body, and it is supposed he will be confirmed.

☞ We learn by the Salem Advertiser, that Lt. PERRY, son of the late gallant Com. Perry, is in that town, enlisting recruits for the navy.

FOR THE WAR. Mr Edward Webster, youngest son of the late Daniel Webster, arrived in the city yesterday, for the purpose of raising a company to form part of the regiment called for by the proclamation of his Excellency, Gov. Briggs—he takes this step with the full approval of his distinguished father. *Boston Courier.*

☞ It appears by the Post, that the services of Capt. Kelsey and the Light Infantry Company of Washington Light Guard, of Boston, and/or his command, have been accepted by the Governor, and the fact made known to the company officially by a note from Adjutant General Oliver.

☞ The Charlottsville (Va.) Advocate, of the 9th ult., says that the wheat fields in that vicinity present a very unpromising appearance. The ravages of the fly had been very great.

☞ It is said the tariff bill is to be taken up in Congress on the 15th inst.

☞ Gen Taylor crossed the Rio Grande to enter Matamoras by building a bridge of his wagons. He is a yankee for expedients.

☞ Over 20,000 emigrants are said to have arrived at New York during the month of may last.

PRESIDENTS OF MEXICO.

ITURBIDE—Emperor of the limited monarchy, established after the separation from Spain—exiled, returned and shot, 1822.

GEN. VICTORIA, the first President, elected 1824, with Gen Bravo as Vice President, who denounced Victoria, but was beaten, surrendered and banished.

GEN. PEDRAZA was elected, in the month of April, 1828, over his opponent, Gen. Guerrero, who used violence to displace him; he was aided by a force with Santa Anna at its head, who was defeated, and made his escape. In 1828 (October) a mob headed by ex-Marquis Cadeua seized the Government, and Pedraza fled, and

GUERRERO was declared elected, with Bustamente for Vice President. Soon after that, Bustamente revolted, civil war ensued, which ended in the execution of Guerrero in Febuary, 1831, at Oajaca, leaving

BUSTAMENTE in the President's chair. In 1832 Santa Anna marched from Vera Cruz to the capital made Bustamente resign in favor of Pedraza, then in exile in Philadelphia, who returned and served out the remainder of his time of the 1828 election; and then

SANTA ANNA was elected in May, 1833—taken prisoner at the battle of San Jacinto in 1836; Bustamente was then in exile in France, but returned on hearing of the capture of Santa Anna; and

BUSTAMENTE was elected. Santa Anna on obtaining his liberty was in retirement some time on his estate, then took the field against Bustamente in 1841, and drove him from power; and

SANTA ANNA became President in 1841; and he is deposed by

GEN. HERRERA, who sent him to Havana in exile—and then Herrera, was deposed by

PAREDES, who usurped the Presidency, and is now, 1846, the military despot.—*N. Y. Globe.*

N.H. LEGISLATURE assembled at Concord, Wednesday, June 3d. The House elected John P. Hale, of Dover to the Speakership. The

Whole number of votes were	260
Necessary for a choice,	131
Henry H. Rust (dem.) had	1
George G. Fogg (ind.) "	2
Samuel Swazey (dem.)"	118
John P. Hale (ind.) "	139

Thomas J. Herris, abolitionist, was chosen clerk, and Cyrus K. Sanborn appointed assistant do.

The Senators elect were Hons. George H. Dodge, District No. 1; Abram Emerson, No. 2; Wm. H. Gage, No. 4; David Patten, No 8. Harry Hibbard, No. 12; leaving vacancies which were filled by the Senate and House in convention, as follows: Hons. J. U. Parker, District No. 3; Wm. W. Robbins, No. 5; Artemas Hermon, No. 6; Timothy Abbott, No. 7; Nathan Kingsly, No. 9; Irenus Hamilton, No. 11; all whigs. Gen. Anthony Colby, whig, will unquestionably be chosen Governor, and John P. Hale sent to the United States Senate; the remaining offices of the State Government, will be filled by whigs, abolitionists, Haleites, showing a perfect amalgamation of these factions. We are indebted to the polite attention of the proprietor, for a copy of "The Daily Patriot of an early date.

THE SILENT WOMAN. Madam Regoier, the wife of a law officer at Versailles, while talking in the presence of a numerous party, dropped some remarks which were out of place, though not very important. Her husband reprimanded her before the whole company, saying, "Silence, madam, you are a fool!" She lived twenty or thirty years afterwards, and never uttered a word, even to her children! A pretended theft was committed in her presence, in the hope of taking her by surprise, but without effect, and nothing could induce her to speak. When her consent was requisite for the marriage of any of her children, she bowed her head, and signed the contract.

THE CIRCUS. The performances of Mr Harrington and his little boy are wonderful. The singing was excellent—there is a base voice of singular power and compass. We were particularly struck with the perfect order which reigned in and about the tent.—We can recommend it as an exhibition where the most fastidious will find nothing to offend them. They perform every afternoon and evening this week.

☞ The whigs are about to start a new daily paper of the cheap class in New York city. The true Sun intimates that Mr Horace Greely of the Tribune, is insane.

☞ What is the matter? The Courier is silent in relation to Mr Webster. There may be some truth in the report that the distinguished Senator had entreated the editor of the Courier, as he valued his (Webster's) friendship, to hold his tongue.

ACCIDENT. A young man was considerably injured this morning by the falling of a pile driver, in Carpet yard. We did not learn his name.

A PURCHASE. The British Minister has bought a suit of chamber furniture now in the National Fair, at an expense of $8000. The correspondent of a Baltimore paper thinks that this furniture is destined for the British Court, as a specimen of Yankee ingenuity and the mechanic arts of this country.

☞ Commodore James Renshaw, of the United States Navy, died in Washington city, on Friday last, aged 62 years.

MORE VOLUNTEERS. The Stark Guards, of Manchester, N. H.—a crack company—have voted unanimously to offer their services to Governor Steele, if wanted.

☞ The Indian of Columbus, Ohio, at the call of the Governor, have met to make arrangements for fitting out the volunteers with uniforms.

☞ Alonzo Pennington, the notorious leader of a band of outlaws in Kentucky, has been executed at Hopkinsville, agreeably to sentence.—*Post.*

BASE, the pirate, has been discharged on the indictments found against him in New York, and is now at large.

☞ At Baltimore, two hundred and sixty German Emigrants arrived on Saturday, in the Bremen ship Johannes.

☞ The Commercial Bank, of Macon, Georgia, has stopped payment.

☞ Hon. Archibald Yell, member of Congress from Arkansas, is about leaving his seat to join the Arkansas regiment and the army of Mexico.

☞ Why was the Courier of yesterday less than nothing? Because it was — X.

☞ Workmen are now engaged in paving Central street from Hard st. to Tower's corner.

VOLUNTEERS. In Nashua and Nashville a full company of 77 volunteers have already formed.

☞ Hon Franklin Pierce together with twenty citizens of Concord N. H. have signed an agreement drawn up by the Attorney General volunteering their services for the war.

FASHION on Tuesday last won the purse of $600, on the Long Island Course.

WEATHER. Warm, and very fine.

CONGRESS.

Monday June 1.

In SENATE. Mr Dix presented a memorial from citizens of New York, asking that a special mission be appointed by the United States Government to the countries on the Eastern Coast, with a view of increasing our commerce with those countries and making more systematic arrangements with them.

The bill authorizing the appointing of additional Pay Masters, with the amendments of the House was taken up and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr Cass took the floor and commenced his reply to the great speech of Mr Benton. Mr C. said it was his determination to remain silent, having as he admitted spoke enough already, but was obliged to forego his resolutions, by the vigorous attack made by Mr B. on the whole 54 40 party.

Mr Benton briefly replied.

Mr Webster expressed the belief that the question of boundary would be settled with England before the close of the session.

In the HOUSE, Mr Morse of La., introduced Mr Kaufman, one of the members elect from Texas, who was sworn and took his seat.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr Hamlin in the chair, and took up the bill to appropriate certain lands, to aid the construction of a road in Wisconsin. A discussion ensued and several amendments were offered. Mr McConnell was noisy and offered an amendment, to appropriate $25,000 to establish a grocery at the falls of Niagara; also $25,000 to break up the running gear of ruinous and foul Legislation.

Tuesday June 2.

In the SENATE. Mr Sevier, from the Committee on Finance, introduced two resolutions calling on the President, first to report to the Senate what amount of money will be necessary to meet the Government expenses for the current, and next fiscal year, with a view of prosecuting the war with Mexico to a speedy and honorable termination; and whether the present rate of revenue will yield a sum of money equal to the probable expenditures. Secondly, in the event of a deficiency in the revenue to meet the anticipated expenses, whether he would recommend a modification of the present tariff to meet the exigency and prevent a resort to a loan, the issue of Treasury notes, or direct taxation.

The resolutions were adopted.

On motion of Mr Crittenden, the vote passing the resolution offered by Mr Sevier was reconsidered. Mr Crittenden then offered as amendment, calling on the President to report what modifications of the Tariff, or what other fiscal measures he would recommend, &c.

After a long discussion the resolutions was laid aside till to-morrow.

The Senate went into Executive session.

In the HOUSE, the Senate bill to increase the number of men and officers in the army was taken up.—Five or six members had spoken on it. Mr McDowell was speaking when this report closed. He does not want Congress to pass a bill which would allow Gen. Taylor to be superceded. He would go for a bill creating one additional Major General, and he to be Gen. Taylor.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, June 2.

BEFORE N. CROSBY.

Warren Dyer and *Jonathon Goodwin* were each complained of for obstructing the sidewalk—discharged by paying cost and promising to "go and sin no more."

Peter Runels—for an assault and battery upon Emily Falter, was fined ten dollars and costs.

Philip Mohan—drunkenness—fined three dollars and costs.

Williard George—fast driving—was fined five dollars and cost.

NEW WORK. We received from the publisher, this morning, "POVERTY: *its Illegal Causes, and Legal Cure; Part 1. By Lysander Spooner. Boston, published by Bela Marsh.* When we have read it, as we promise carefully to do, we will speak of it as we think it deserves.

THE CITY MARSHALL. By reference to our Police Report it will be seen that this efficient officer has his eye on fast driving, obstructors of the sidewalk, and other law-breakers.

☞ Nothing by the noon mail from the seat of war, or anywhere else.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignent cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

INTELLECTUAL DIVERTISEMENT.

MR. SUNDERLAND has the pleasure of proposing to the citizens of Lowell, a course of *Experimental Lectures* on the HUMAN SOUL, in the CITY HALL, on *Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings* of the present week, in which he will develope the power of *Spells, Charms*, and *Fascination*, illustrating the *mysteries of Trance, Dreaming, Witchcraft and Ghosts*, and combining a series of the most *Grave, Witty, Divertive, Mirthful, Musical*, and astonishing powers and susceptabilities of the Human Mind.

Doors open at 7½ to commence at 8 P. M. *Single* Tickets 15 cents. For 2, 25 cents. je2a2t

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *First Fair Wind.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner SAM'L DAVIS, *Hoxie*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je1

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *On Saturdays.*



The fine fast sailing coppered Bark CARIB, *Nickerson*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. je2

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,
may30a1f No. 4, Market St.

From the Boston Mercantile Journal, Jan. 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

There are so many "certain cures" for coughs, colds, and even consumptions, that we are sometimes disposed to question the efficacy of any of them. Mr S. W. Fowle, a druggist of the highest reputation, at 138 Washington st., has the agency of an article called Balsam of Wild Cherry, which seems to have won for itself a good reputation wherever it has been introduced. We have seen letters from various parts of New England, from persons of the highest standing in the places where they reside, bearing testimony to the benefit themselves or friends had received from a trial of its properties.

Extract from a letter dated

Petersburgh, Va., Jan. 15, 1846.

A gentleman of unquestionable veracity informs us, that his brother had been confined to his bed for weeks with some species of cough, that baffled the skill of several eminent physicians, and by the use of two bottles of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, he has been restored to perfect health, and he is now "a fat and hearty man." Yours respectfully,

ROSSER & ANDERSON, Druggists.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. cps&paprl4

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6wchm

☞ BARLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities arouses a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 33, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thdwma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. np28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, June 2, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Rev. Sherburne Dearborn, Pastor of the Baptist Church in Peterboro', N. H., and Miss Emeline Little of Lowell.

In this city, May 26, by Rev. Mr Miles, Mr William H. Foster, of Boston, to Miss Hannah G., daughter of Hon. Joseph Locke, of this city.

In this city, May 28, by Rev. Mr Springer, Mr Geo. W. Heath to Miss Hannah W. Bunker.

In this city, May 31, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Isaac B. Chaplain to Miss Rhoda W. Bugley.

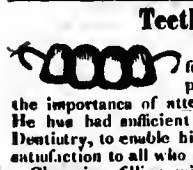
In Baltimore city, April 26, Mr John Wall Slagle to Miss Susan E. Mesuiter, of Lowell.

DIED.

In this city, May 24, of consumption, Nancy Jane, daughter of Thomas and Nancy Jameson, 29.

In this city, June 1st, James D. Frye, aged 24 yrs.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston. Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis*

GRATIS.--EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ¼ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mouslin de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections; Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would soon in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AVER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1¼ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



GRAND ENTERTAINMENT WITH GREAT ADDITION IN INTEREST, SPLENDOR, &c.

THE MAGNIFICENT MAMMOTH CIRCUS of Messrs. Rockwell & Stone doubly increased from their former great attractions, *unrivals all Conceivable Grandeur* for their Talented performance, Equipments, &c., combined for their Travelling Entertainments this Year 1846. *This most renowned* and Brilliant Establishment comprising upwards of *One Hundred and Twenty Men and Horses*, will exhibit in LOWELL,

ON THE SOUTH COMMON, near the South Grammar School House, for six days only, commencing on MONDAY the 1st day of JUNE, next.

The particulars of this MIGHTY EQUESTRIAN TROUPE so fortunate and famous, are impossible to describe in an advertisement; a correct detail may be found in the *Immense Descriptive Bills* posted in the principal Hotels and elsewhere. However it may not be amiss to annex the names of a few of the distinguished performers, artists and novelties without equal. MADAM CAMILLA GARDNER, PROF. HARRINGTON & SON, OSCAR R. STONE, WM. H. STUUT, MAST. STOUT, G. W. SERGEANT, D. MINNICH, C. BACON, V. PIQUET, H. SMITH, F. CRAWFORD, E. DORR, Riders, Acrobats, &c.

Messrs. CAMPBELL, GALSIANO, T. WADDEE and J. WADDEE, Vocalists; BACON & DAN GARDNER, Clowns. The TYRRLEANS. The DANCING PONY FANNY ELLSLER; INTELLIGENT DUO NAPOLEON, etc., etc.

This Grand Cavalcade will be preceeded on their arrival, by the N.Y. Brass Band in their costly CHARIOT, the most superb affair ever beheld, drawn by EIGHT SPLENDID STEEDS driven in hand.

☞ Doors open at 2½ and 7½, P. M., performance commences at 3 and 8. Admittance to boxes 25 cents, Pit 12½. may26at6

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my2a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For farther information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

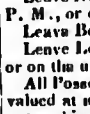
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&ly GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March 1840, to ascertain the taxable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her taxable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandise; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Become from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All housekeepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advtj10may2

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Strictures are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

Deeply impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advtymay9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bath'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. In regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

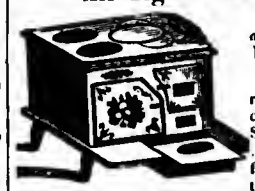
☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mnoarch28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.



BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19]

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

2 Valuable Building Lots;

ON TUESDAY next, June 9th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, 2 valuable Lots of Land, situated on Middlesex street, nearly opposite the New Machine Shop, containing about 6600 feet each. *Terms*—Three fourths of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage, payable in 2, 4 and 5 years, with interest annually, the balance in cash or good Bankable notes and interest. The location of these lots render them the most desirable of any in the market. j4

ON SATURDAY, June 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of land situated on John Street, (adjoining land owned by Dr. Leach) containing 4000 square feet. This is the most central and desirable lot in the market. Terms—$1000 may remain on a mortgage from 4 to 6 years, the balance cash or Bankable notes. jc4

Adjourned Sale of Land.

ON SATURDAY next, June 6th, at 2 o'clock, on the premesis—A lot of land containing 18000 sq. ft., situated at the corner of Lowell and Willey streets. Said lot is a very desirable one, having about 178 feet front front on the said streets.

Also At 3 o'clock on the premises—another lot containing 8000 square feet, situated on the corner of Gorham and Charles streets. This is a very desirable lot near the centre of the city and has about 150 feet front. Terms at sale. jr2

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY next, June 8, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a lot of land in Dracutt, being in the fare field of the Richardson Farm so called, belonging to heirs of Martha Harrington, late of Framingham, deceased. Said lot contains 9994 square feet, being lot No. 104 as laid down and described on a plan of said field, made by Wm. F. Osgood. OTIS HOVT, Administrator.

At Private Sale.—2 Blocks of Houses, 6 tenements, situated on Fletcher and Edward's Court, Central Village. my28

At Private Sale.—House lot on Warren, near Church st. A lot of land containing about 3000 square feet, running from Warren street to Concord river, being the second lot from Church street.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

A beautiful House Lot.

At private sale, the corner Lot on the corner of Nesmith and Chestnut streets, or the one adjoining, or both together, if desired. The corner Lot contains 3910 feet—the other 4250 feet. This is one of the finest locations on the high ground in Belvidere, and will be sold on easy terms.

Enquire of S. J. VARNEY, at this office, or of E. B PATCH, Auctioneer.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

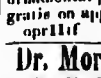
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y., the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLES—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymarb

Spring has Come!

AND with it JUDKINS—at the Union Bookstore No. 29, Central street—has received a new and superior lot of French and American *Paper Hangings, Figured and Plain Curtains, Fire-board Prints, Borders, &c., &c.*, of every desirable pattern, at prices to suit customers. Please call and look.

Also—All kinds of School and Miscellaneous Books, a&paprl3

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one accompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we deem more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

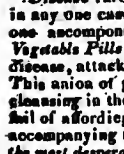
198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

---

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston*;	Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*;	James Alexander, *do*;
Lees'd Richards, *do*;	S. C. Richards, *do*;
Thos. Bailey, *Malden*.	

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carleton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Merrill, B. F. Aiken, Benjn. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Parry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.
adv Sumner 28

LOUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec8

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shaw,
Like neat eggs to make cakes lay,
And for their false epistoms pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wrongfully suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of looking this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12] dec16

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from seven hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonising complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Douloureaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TAYSON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BAYSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ly

---

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. u&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes; and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Ja., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Towrr my14 A&P6mcho

---

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. Swadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gald Peas have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and guinine much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and with Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Ja., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 ALy

---

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 6, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 67.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and [2] cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
SET AND REPAIRED BY
C. L. BRADLEY,
CORNER OF LOWELL AND WORTHEN STREETS,
advly LOWELL. sept9

Benj. F. Butler,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. Curtis, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
CORNER OF JOHN AND MERRIMACK STS
Lowell.

American House,
BY
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. Baxter,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 33, CENTRAL STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

R. Shackford, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76, Central Street, Corner of Hurd Street,
LOWELL.

J. Judson Judkins,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Union Bookstore—No. 29 Central Street
LOWELL.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, NEAR THE CITY HALL.
LOWELL.
Oct. 23, 1845. tfoct23

W. D. VINALL,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-store,
apt2 6m LOWELL.

Daniel Holt, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. Littlefield,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND STOVE HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c. &c. &c.
No. 3 Commercial Square, Central street, Lowell.
jan21 1y

Abram French,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
—Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets,—
Vestings and Trimmings,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1. 78 *Central st., Lowell.*

Horses and Carriages to Let,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES.
BY L. B. NORRIS,
BARTLETT STREET, REAR OF CENTRAL ST.
GOOD Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Lowell, June 8, 1845. je8tf

I. W. & D. Bangs,
Dealers in Stoves, Hollow Ware, Copper and Iron Pumps, Oven Mouths, Funnel Stones, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, &c. at the
Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

Merrill & Heywood,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,
—DEALERS IN—
Paper-Hangings, Borders, Blank books, &c.
Blank books made to order and paper ruled to any pattern, ☞ Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
☞ *Circulating Library of over 4000 volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
tfnov1

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected. 1yrly

Hugh McEvoy,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL
Life Assurance Company, of Worcester,
INSURES lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
—OFFICE—
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

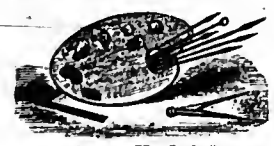
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Morrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

W. M. Taber,



PLANE MANUFACTURER, opposite the City Market. Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber.
Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
Lowell, Aug. 15, 1845. aug21 2m

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and sides; Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. nde&patlynpr4

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying his place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or springs.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that no one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth in use in this, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ABBREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnews&poct23

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janl,

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., / ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken	Bonus to reduce the sum assured	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
21	$5000	$378 75	1837	$95 35	$349 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	371 45	57 12½	1780 5
			1839	693 37½	308 51	45 70	1498 38

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awneopilee18

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyeow8

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Fuss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter,* for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt,* and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery,* which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Mondy and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tfnews&plyjan13

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

From the Newburyport Herald.

OUR COUNTRY, RIGHT OR WRONG.

BY HON. GEORGE LUNT.

"Our country! right or wrong,"—
What manly heart can doubt
That thus should swell the patriot song,
Thus clog the patriot shout!
He but the foe arrayed
And War's wild trumpet blown,—
Cold were his heart who has not made
His country's cause his own.

Though faction rule the halls
Where nobler thoughts have swayed,
One sacred voice forever calls
The patriot's heart and blade!
He, at his country's name,
Feels every pulse beat high,
Wreathes round her glory all his fame,
And loves for her to die!

Where'er her flag unrolled
Woos the salating breeze,
Flings o'er the plain its starry fold,
Or floats on stormy seas—
All dearest things are there,
All that makes life divine,
Home, faith, the brave, the true, the fair,
Cling to the flaming sign.

Oh, is this thought a dream?
Not by the gallant dead,
Who sleep by hill, and plain, and stream,
Or deep on ocean's bed!
By every sacred name,
By every glorious song,
By all we know and love of fame,
"OUR COUNTRY—RIGHT OR WRONG!"

From the Albany Cultivator.

PROFITS OF POULTRY.

Having seen frequent articles in your paper, in which the "Poland Top-Knot" fowls were highly recommended as layers, I was induced, in the spring of 1844, to purchase some eight or ten of them, in order test the difference, if any, between them and the common breed. From observation I soon became satisfied that they were rightly called "everlasting layers," from the fact that while the common breed were continually annoying me with a desire to sit, the Top-Knots showed no signs of it, but continued laying the whole season.

I raised a number of chickens during the summer, and in the fall found my number of Top-Knots had increased to 30, including two cocks. The balance of my poultry I disposed of, and more out of curiosity than anything else, I concluded to keep an exact account of eggs received for one year, from Jan. 1, 1845. My number averaged but 26, five having died during the year.

My receipts were as follows:

January,	135
February,	142
March,	418
April,	549
May,	566
June,	534
July,	361
August,	311
September,	284
October,	104
November,	51
December,	32
Making	3,487 eggs.

Reckoning them at one shilling per dozen; which price they command three months in a year, in our market they would amount to the sum of $36.32

Deduct 13 bushels each of corn and barley, at 40cts 10.40

Leaving a balance of $25.92

My yard occupies about one square rod of ground, a part of which is enclosed with rough boards, to afford them shelter in stormy weather, and containing their nests and roosts, with an abundant supply of lime, sand, gravel, food and drink which is always before them. They are not allowed to run out during any part of the season, and their desire for animal food is satisfied with now and then a sheep's pluck, and a supply of sour milk, of which they are extremely fond.

To preserve eggs, I would recommend the following: For every two gallons of water add three pints salt, one quart newly slacked lime, and a tablespoonful of cream of tartar. Let the keg stand in a cool part of the cellar, putting in your eggs from time to time, and brine sufficient to cover them. If they are sound when put in, they will come out so after any reasonable length of time. JOSEPH ANNIN.
Le Roy, Genesee Co., N. Y.

BEANS.

The common white field bean so generally acknowledged to be a valuable product, that is unnecessary to say aught in its praise: no "committee on Beans," ever to our knowledge, *made a report* that was discreditable to them:—(we mean the *beans* not the committee.) It accommodates itself to almost any soil, giving quite a good yield on the loosest sand, indeed a poor soil is better adapted to it than one that is very rich, as in the latter it is apt to make too much vine. As this bean sends out a legion of fine roots, it is important that the soil intended for it, should be deeply stirred as well pulverized. Old, Well-rotted barn, or chip manure is the best, and a dressing of plaster or ashes around the plants is useful. We should prefer planting in drills far enough apart to admit of the cultivator being run between: drop the seed every three or four inches, and thin the plants to 9 inches apart. The after culture may be done with the cultivator, though one hand-pulling of weeds between the plants in the drill, may be required. On a favorable soil, and with good treatment, 20 to 25 bushels to the acre may be expected. The vines make excellent fodder for sheep. Good crops have been obtained by planting in alternate rows among corn. The cost of raising the crop is comparitively small, where the dressings are done by the cultivator, and the cultivator, and harvesting by children. The small white field beans generally bring $1.25 to $1.75 per bushel, in this market, and always meet a ready sale. We commend this interesting member of the legominous family, to the special favor of all cultivators, in the full assurance that they will find it a profitable crop.—Give it a fair trial, and it will speak its own merits.—*N. E. Farmer*

CATERPILLARS. Those farmers who are in the habit of raising caterpillers for ornament or use, will doubtless be gratified to learn that the dry weather in April has produced a goodly share of these insects.—They already begin to bask in the sun, and expand by the nutritious ailment of foliage and fruit buds, and if not prematurely molested will, in a short time, pupe

every leaf, and take full and quiet possession of the trees.

To judge of the future by the past, it may by reasonably calculated, that some of our farmers, and even some who do not belong to any agricultural society, will raise this season double as many caterpillars as apples! But those who are so deficient in taste, as to prefer the flavor and appearance of apples, will do well to look to their trees in time. A thimble full of these rascals which can now be destroyed in an instant would fill a half bushel measure a month hence and require ten fold labor to subdue them.

The common sense of every farmer will suggest the best method of extirpation. One method we will mention which we never knew to fail, viz:—grasp the intruders with a vigorous hand, and squeeze the whole mass into a shapeless heap. If you do not wish to come into such close contact with the insects, wrap an old newspaper, after you have read it carefully, around the nest, and then proceed with the operation.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, June 3.

In SENATE, Mr Dix, from the committee on finance, reported back the House bill relating to the drawback on goods imported from the British North American provinces to be exported to foreign countries, with a recommendation that it pass. Mr Dix also reported back from the committee on military affairs the bill to increase the number of paymasters, with the amendments, and recommended that the Senate should not concur in the amendments of the House. The recommendation was adopted, and the bill goes back to the House.

The Senate then took up the bill to grant alternate sections of land in Mississippi for the improvement of the navigation of Pearl river, in that state.

Mr Niles, of Connecticut, declared himself against the whole object and purpose of the bill, and wished to lay it on the table.

Mr Calhoun moved to lay the bill on the table, which was carried.

The resolutions of Mr Lewis offered yesterday, calling on the President for certain information, were, with Mr Crittenden's amendment, taken up. The amendment was agreed to, and the resolutions adopted.

The HOUSE was engaged up to 2 o'clock, on the supplemental war bill, to increase the major general's and brigadier general's in the army.

The bill was advocated by Messrs. Holmes and Burt, of S. C., and opposed by Messrs. Smith, of Illinois, and Darragh, of Pa. Mr D. insists that we have ample force and a sufficient number of officers to subdue Mexico.

☞ It will be seen from the proceedings of the Legislature that the power of intrigue, coaxing and bargaining has brought up the abolitionists, independents, and recreants of all kinds, and the federalists to act in unison. Office, spoils and plunder the bond of their union, and it will continue till the overpowering motive ceases to operate. The federalists strive to glory in abasing themselves at the feet of Hale and his squad of abolition followers.—It is astonishing how highly they now appreciate the patriotism, love of liberty and devotion to right principles of John P. Hale! The fact is that they have been obliged to succumb to Hale and such politicians as are associated with him, and they exert themselves prodigiously to make their plight appear as little disgraceful and humiliating as possible.—*Concord N. H. Daily Patriot.*

A FLEET. The easterly winds which have prevailed during the past fortnight, almost filled our harbor with vessels. Yesterday morning the wind changed to S. W., the sun shone out and chased the fogs away, and from his rising to his going down more than five hundred vessels of all rigs and sizes, from the stately frigate to the lowly fisherman, spread their canvas to the breeze and went to sea. At sunset, from the observatory, could be seen the bay almost clothed with vessels, from the utmost verge of the horizon to the harbor. The frigate United States, with sealed orders, got under way at half past 4 P. M., and stood to sea under a cloud of canvas.—*Post of Wednesday.*

RAILROAD FROM METHUEN TO MANCHESTER. We learn that a route has been surveyed from the New Hampshire line through Salem, Pelham, Windham, and Londonderry to Manchester, the distance being not two miles greater than by a straight line, and the estimated cost less than $20,000 a mile.—*Post.*

STRANGE, BUT TRUE. There are two men now boarding at the American House, in this city, who have boarded there one year and a half, and sleep in the same bed, who have never spoken to each other, never seen each other, and do not know each other.—*Lowell Cour.*

Probably stage drivers who arrive on alternate days.—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ Genevoort Melville, Esq., secretary of legation, died in London on the 12th ult Muy. The body has been sent to New York for interment. Mr McLane, our minister, was so unwell as to be unable to attend the funeral ceremonies.—*Post.*

☞ The women of Mexico, as in every other barbarous country, are mere slaves, totally devoid of education. Few of the ladies of wealth can write their names, and but a small number know how to read.

☞ On the 22d ult. the two Mexican steamers Montazuma and Guadalupe were at Havana. They took advantage of the absence of our squadron and escaped from Vera Cruz, and arrived at Havana under English colors.

A WAR PRIZE TAKEN. U. S. Marshal of N. Orleans on the 26th ult., seized the Mexican schr. Jesuita, under process issued against her as a prize of war, she being owned by citizens of Mexico.

☞ One hundred bushels of Strawberries were sold in Cincinnati, on the 26th ultimo.

☞ We understand that the charges made against Hon. I. H. Wright have been found by the court of inquiry to be groundless. If so, it is a great mystery why his name was withdrawn from the Senate.

LAST DAY OF THE CIRCUS. It will be seen by the advertisement in another column that this company gives its last entertainment this evening. It is one of the best conducted companies in the Country. They made a splendid appearance in our streets this forenoon—the horses in full regalia.

☞ The Post of Friday says, yesterday forenoon in Quincy market, Mr Aaron P. Grant, of Peterboro,' N. H., had his pocket book, containing $895, stolen. The bills were on the Boston Mechanics' bank and Fitchburg bank.

☞ Some political wag has sent a coon *skin* through the Post Office to John P. Hale.

☞ "There's a thousand dollars drawing interest," as papa said when he saw his baby nursing.

☞ The President has recognized Adolph Meier as Consul of Hanover for the city of St Louis, Mo.

RHODE ISLAND'S quota of volunteers are enrolled, waiting orders.

CONNECTICUTT, in two days after the call of the President, enrolled doubled its quota of volunteers.

☞ Santa Anna is still in Havana—at his occupation of cock-fighting.

FIRE IN MILFORD, N. H. Wednesday morning at 2 o'clock the store of Mr Abiel Lovejoy was destroyed by fire. Loss $4000.

☞ Outstanding Treasury notes on the 1st inst. were $491,214,26.

☞ They are about abolishing trucks in Boston.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 6, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM R. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

☞ The views, if not the language of the postmaster's private Secretary appeared in an editorial in the Courier, which says "we are *sorry* to say that the postmaster is as much of a war-hawk as any of the rest of them,"—refering to the persons who got up and participated in the great war meeting; and adds,

"We learn from excellent authority, that Mr Seevy, when asked to sign the call, *expressed entire sympathy with its objects*, and only objected to sign because he had *reason* to believe that the meeting was merely an affair, got up for the purpose of sustaining the Lowell Advertiser."

We should like to know why the postmaster, or the Courier, or anybody else had reason to believe the meeting was got up for any purposes other than those specified in the call? But the reason given, though entirely false, certainly shows an *enlarged* mind!—The course of the Executive must not be approved by a public expression, nor the bravery and success of our army acknowledged, because our brilliant postmaster does not like everybody who had or would join such a meeting. We supposed the object of the meeting, and the result shew us to be right, was not the glorification of a postmaster, but that it was to express our thanks to our gallant army, and show the government there was but one mind here on the subject of the Mexican war among the people; and that we did, notwithstanding the efforts of the postmaster and a half dozen of his friends aided by the Courier.

When the Advertiser dies for want of support, we trust it will be for a better cause than because we published some affidavits showing that the postmaster tried to obtain favor for neglecting his official duties, or for stating that we were sorry that he tried to make our glorious meeting a failure. He will be able to do about as much towards breaking down the Advertiser as he did in preventing the war meeting.

☞ The Courier man says, "annexation was one of those gigantic crimes that escape immediate punishment, but for which judgment yet awaits this nation. As for the evidence of General Jackson's concern with it, we have plenty of it to satisfy our own mind."

Who can longer doubt that the evidence is conclusive?

"The Advertiser would indeed put the whigs in a hard position. They did not believe the preamble of the bill; if they voted for the bill, in spite of the preamble, they were *liars*; if they voted against the bill, on account of the preamble, they were *traitors*.

Exactly so. If they knew the preamble was a *lie* and voted for it they certainly *were liars*. If they voted against furnishing the supplies, whether it makes them *traitors* or no *better than traitors* it is no lie to state the fact. The trouble is, Mr Courier, and the whigs who voted for the bill will not thank you for stating the contrary, or for impugning their knowledge of the proper manner of presenting their views, they believed the preamble true. Adopt that supposition and you only get sixteen traitors in the whig party, while the rest are honest patriots. If you plead ignorance for them, and say they did not know enough to vote for the supplies and enter their protest to the preamble, you still have sixteen traitors, and make the balance liars besides making fools of the whole whig party. To be sure if they were ignorant it may be a good reason for excusing them, but it don't alter the effect of their acts.

☞ The new government of N. H., after a great many gross blunders, for which the whigs are to be excused, not having had the advantage of much experience, has been organized by electing Hale Speaker of the House, James U. Parker, President of the Senate, and Anthony Colby Governor.

The following resolutions were introduced into the House, and laid upon the table, on motion of Mr Ayer of Hillsborough.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the thanks of the State of New Hampshire be tendered to Brevet Major General ZACHARY TAYLOR of the United States Army, and to the brave officers and soldiers under his command for their distinguished and gallant conduct during the late engagements with the invaders upon the Rio Grande del Norte.

Resolved, that notwithstanding the repeated outrages of Mexico upon the persons and property of our citizens since the treaty of 1831, outreges which would have justified, in the estimation of the civilized world, the strongest measures for redress, the course of this government has been marked by a spirit of forbearance and conciliation until the series of wrongs was consummated by actual invasion of our territory.

Resolved, That in the measures of the national executive for the protection of our soil, the security of our citizens and the vindication of the rights and honor of our country, in reference to our relations with Mexico and her invasion, we recognize not only a spirit of justice, a desire for peace, but, at the same time wisdom, statesmanlike forecast and patriotic energy.

☞ Mr Amos Kendall, says the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, has made a proposition to the Government to allow the company of which he is the president to contract a magnetic telegraph to New Orleans. If we are correctly informed, the proposition is, that the Government shall advance three hundred thousand dollars, the entire line to be completed in three months, provided a sufficient quantity of wire can be obtained within that time. The Government to have control of the telegraph for a definite or indefinite time, or else receive a rate of interest for the loan until paid. The President was rather favorable to the plan, but on the matter being referred to the Secretary of War, that gentleman expressed his doubts whether the Department was authorized to carry the plan into execution, without a special act for that purpose. Hence, we suppose, the suggestion of the Union, that the subject is to be brought to the attention of Congress.

THE END IN SIGHT. The N. Y. Sun says,—"there is no doubt that the last steamer brought directions to Mr Packenham to lay before our Government the ultimate proposition of the British Ministry on the Oregon boundary—*the 49th parallel through to the Ocean, and the free navigation to the Columbia to England for ten years.* This last stipulation is necessary to the proper arrangement of the affairs of the Hudson's Bay Company."

If such an offer is made, there is no doubt, we judge, that the controversy will be be brought to an amicable adjustment at once. Our people and the government will prefer such a settlement, as it can be honorably made, to a contest with Great Britain.

☞ The Albany Evening Journal proposes to divide the Empire State.

LIFE ASSURANCE. We have been favored by Wm. P. Webster, Esq., with the perusal of the annual report of the Directors of the State Mutual Life Assurance Co., of Worcester, at the meeting of the Company on the 5th of May. The report shows the condition of the company to be highly flourishing and prosperous. It has been in operation but eleven months, but during that short period, and that its commencement, it has issued about five hundred policies and has not yet met with a single loss. It pays its officers small salaries and being conducted on a safe and economical system, its annual expenses are trifling. Its cash funds now amount to more than $60,000 and appear to be safely invested.

Mr Webster is the agent of the company for Lowell.

☞ The great war meeting in Lowell is being viewed, as it really was, as one of the most important demonstrations that have been in the country. The N. Y. Herald, the N. Y. Sun, and the leading papers all over the country are giving it extended notices and look upon it as a most significant expression of N. England. This is correct. Lowell, made up as it is from intelligent young men from all of the New England States, more completely embodies, and represents the N. E. mind, where the incrustations of party can be broken through, than any other place. In fact, it is about the same as a N. England Convention.

THE CONQUEST OF MEXICO. A pamphlet may be found at J. E. Short & Co.'s, 49 Merrimack street, containing an appeal to the citizens of the United States on the justice and expediency of the conquest of Mexico. The work, at this time, is very saleable as giving a history of the Texas revolution, and the cause and justice of it, and as fixing the boundary between Mexico and Texas to be the Rio Grande, by the best evidence that a question of the kind will admit.

Will our neighbor of the Courier read it?

LOCUSTS. The Washington, Pa. Reporter of May 19th says "the locusts are here! The woods are vocal with their music. Untold millions cluster upon the boughs of the forest trees, and the orchards are literally black with them. Whether or not our fruit trees are to fall a prey to their voracity, or only their foliage is to suffer, future observation must determine."

CONNECTICUT—*The War.* The report and resolutions approving the course of the President and Congress relative to the war with Mexico, were passed in the House of Representatives on the 29th. There were in the affirmative 193, in the negative 0. This, says the Hartford Times, was a proud vote for old Connecticut. She is heart and hand with her country.

☞ The Springfield Gazette apologises to its readers, says the New Haven Register, for *accidentally* placing the words "*Glorious News*" over the account of the American victory on the Rio Grande! Like his federal ancestors, the editor thinks it "unbecoming a moral and religious people" to rejoice over victories gained by American arms.

☞ The Pawtucket Chronicle says, that a young man of that village, Warren Jackson, went into Blackstone river above the falls to bathe, swam toward the falls and was drawn over by the current and was drowned. This was on Tuesday—his body had not been found Friday morning. Bathers cannot be too careful in avoiding currents and places where water is of an unknown depth to them.

ACCIDENT. A camphene lamp exploded in Davis & Thayer's dry goods store, Central st., under the Third Universalist Church. There was a cry of fire, and a rush for a minute or so, but it was put out with little damage.

THE WEATHER. Wednesday *warm*, Thursday *warmer*, Friday *warmest*. Friday evening, a magnificent thunder shower moved round to the north, and during the night fell in considerable quantities.—To-day is cool and comfortable, with the prospect of a glorious day to-morrow.

☞ We conclude the Mail has dropped its protective tariff discussion with us, as we have not heard from it since our last article, which appeared several weeks since. It probably preferred to back out rather than come to the point by answering a few plain questions and honest arguments. We hope it will yet resume.

☞ It is reported about town that the former editor of the Courier has gone to Mexico, instead of England, to superintend the translation of the Mexican articles in that paper into the Spanish language. If he succeeds in convincing his Mexican friends that he goes as strongly for them, as he goes against his own country (United States) it would not be surprising if he become the military dictator of Mexico. We shall see.

BISHOP HUGHES. The N. Y. Sun says, "The report in regard to the appointment of Bishop Hughes as an agent, in any capacity to Mexico, it is announced by authority, is without a shadow of foundation. We may add, that Bishop Hughes never applied for such a mission.

YUCATAN. A number of gentlemen of Baltimore have desired the President to furnish them with the means of going to Yucatan and there raise a force to march to Mexico and revolutionize the government. The encouragement they may receive is questionable.

☞ An iron firm in Cincinnati was robbed of notes and drafts lately, to the amount of $8,000. A day or two after a suspicious looking person presented to the citizens' Bank a draft of $1000 which excited suspicion, and the fellow was arrested.

☞ Barker Burnell was arrested on the 4th inst., in Nantucket, charged with embezzling $130,000 of the funds of the Manufacturer's & Mechanic's Bank. No examination was had, and the defaulting cashier was held to bail in in $20,000.

☞ From every part of the country volunteers are offering themselves for the war. An army of 500,000 could be made up in three months, to go to Mexico if needed, by volunteers alone.

☞ The prize of $500 offered by *Dan Marble* for the best play suited to his line of acting, was awarded by the committee to J. M. FIELD, editor of the St. Louis Reveille. The play was a comedy called Family Ties.

☞ An exchange says, "In the various cities and *providences* of Mexico are published about fifty newspapers." The *providences* we presume are those places in the United States where the whig newspapers go for Mexico.

☞ A correspondent of the Nashua Telegraph says that the site of the city of Washington was once called *Rome*, the river *Tiber*, and the owner of the soil *Pope*.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

BIBLE SOCIETY OF MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

The first annual meeting of this Society, was held in the John street Church, Wednesday; Hon. Simon Greenleaf, Professor of Law in Harvard University, in the chair. The meeting was opened by prayer and reading of a portion of Scripture. The Report of the Executive Committee represented that the County had been explored within the year, by Rev. Calvin Wolcott, their agent, with a view to ascertaining the extent of its Bible destitutions, and supplying them by sale or by gratuitous distribution.

The number of families visited by him is 21,340. Bibles and Testaments sold at cost, 9,281; given and sold under cost, 1,681. Twelve hundred families, including three hundred Roman Catholics, were found destitute of a complete copy of the Sacred Scriptures Four hundred were destitute of any portion of the Bible. The moneys contributed to the Society during the year, fall short by less than $500, of the expenditures, including the expenses of agency, and of Bibles and Testaments given and sold under cost. A debt of nearly that amount now stands due the American Bible Society. The Committee hope to cancel this debt within the present year.

The Treasurer's Report was also read and accepted. The subject of printing these reports was referred to the Executive Committee, who were also authorized to employ such agencies as they may think necessary to diffuse information respecting this Society, and to increase the contributions to its funds.

The following resolutions, presented by John Aiken, Esq., in behalf of the Executive Committee, were unanimously adopted:

1. *Resolved*, That the success of this Society during this first year of its existence, calls for expressions of gratitude and of high gratification on our part; of gratitude that God has disposed His people to contribute and labor so promptly, so heartily and so efficiently; and of gratification that so much has been accomplished, by means of their contributions and labors, in so short a period.

2. *Resolved*, That, as a knowledge of the truths contained in the Sacred Scriptures lies at the foundation of all Christian education and of all works of Christian charity, the general diffusion of those Scriptures should be regarded by all Christians as a duty of paramount obligation.

3. *Resolved*, That in view of the momentous interests depending on the manner in which this obligation is discharged, the good people of Middlesex County ought, in our judgement, greatly to increase their contributions to the Bible cause; and more especially are they called to increased activity and liberality in this work at the present time, by the excited, agitated, tumultuous and conflicting state of the public mind, and by the abounding means which a kind Providence has placed in their power.

4. *Resolved*, That these enlarged contributions of our own people, should, in our judgment, flow through the treasury of this Society; that the debt already contracted for our own supply may be speedily cancelled, that destitutions hereafter to be discovered within our own borders may be promptly supplied; and that we may the more distinctly and impressively feel our own obligations to aid the Parent Society in disseminating this word of truth and life in destitute portions of our own county and of foreign lands.

Interesting addresses were made by Rev. Messrs Farnsworth, Butler, Frost, and Stetson, Hon. Mr Greenleaf, J. A. Knowles, Esq., and others. The remarks of the President at the opening of the meeting, were characterized by peculiar appropriateness, beauty and warmth.

The following gentlemen were elected officers for the year ensuing, viz:

Hon. Simon Greenleef, of Cambridge, *President.*
Hon. Samuel Hoar, of Concord, and Rev. Hosea Ballou, D. D., of Medford, *Vice Presidents.*
Rev. Ames Blanchard, of Lowell, *Secretary.*
Daniel Shattuck, Esq., of Concord, *Treasurer.*
Rev. Caleb Stetson, of Medford, Rev. Messrs Theodore Edson and Charles K. True, and John Aiken and B. F. French, Esqrs., of Lowell, with the Secretary and Treasurer, *Executive Committee.*

The next annual meeting was appointed to be held at Concord, at such time as the Executive Committee may designate.

The meeting was closed by singing the stanza,

"From all that dwell below the skies
Let the Creator's praise arise:
Let the Redeemer's name be sung
In every land, by every tongue."

Although the number in attendance was not large, the meeting was felt by all who were present to be one of uncommon interest. It gave abundant evidence of the strong hold of the Bible cause upon the intelligence and the affections of the good people of this county, and authorized the most cheering hopes for its vigorous support, as our increasing population and wants shall require augmented efforts to supply them with the Word of Life.

A. B.

☞ A meeting of the friends of Temperance was held last evening at the Committee room of the City Hall, at which John Aiken, Esq., was called to the chair, and Dr. J. Curtis appointed Secretary.

The meeting then voted to proceed to take measures for celebrating the coming FOURTH OF JULY.

The following committee of twelve were appointed to report at a future meeting the manner in which we will celebrate the coming anniversary, and also report a list of thirty-six persons who shall constitute a committee of arrangements for carrying it into effect:

John Aiken,	Homer Bartlett,
Dr. J. Curtis,	J. M. Varnum,
E. B. Patch,	C. G. Giles,
Dr. Huntington,	John Clark,
F. Houlton,	Ethan Burnap,
D. W. Grey,	Joshua Merrill.

After some further business relative to a convenient place of meeting &c., voted to adjourn till Wednesday evening next, the 8th inst., at 8 o'clock.

J. AIKEN, Chairman.
J. CURTIS, Secretary.

☞ Under the head of Noon Mail it will be seen that the news from the army is glorious. Matamorsa taken without a blow. How our neighbor of the Courier will bear this (to him) afflicting intelligence, it is at present impossible to judge. We trust he will be able to survive the shock.

☞ Cassius M. Clay is captain of one of the Kentucky companies volunteered for the army of Mexico.

☞ The last news from Hayti is that President Riche's government was popular.

☞ The population of the Republic of Mexico is about *nine millions*—of the city of Mexico 180,000.

☞ The first peas raised in R. I. this season have been sold in Providence for $6,00 a bushel.

☞ A son of John M. Botts, about to graduate at West Point, will leave immediately for the seat of war.

☞ The whigs say that Gen. Taylor went against annexation, at any rate he is opposed to Mexico.

YUCATAN.

The Brig Young Gregory brought advices from Merida the Capital of Yucatan down to the 10th ultimo.

The N. Y. Sun, translates as follows—"The old Legislature (Assembly) has been dissolved, and a new and extraordinary Congress was in session. It was opened with the greatest solemnity by Miguel Barbachano, who was appointed Governor interim by the Assembly, and has since been elected Governor of Yucatan, by the Congress. The names of the other Government officers are also given. The first operation of the new Congress was to settle the question of Independence. This being done, they proceeded to the management and regulation of all other matters necessary to the establishment of a new Government. Three persons have been appointed on a secret foreign mission, *via the United States!* Although the Government did not *openly* declare that these officers were to visit Washington for the purpose of enquiring into the steps necessary to procure annexation, yet this was well known to be the object. This step has found great favor with the people, and although the mission was *via* the United States to some other country, yet it was well understood."

☞ There are but two towns in R. I. where taverns are licensed to sell spirits. We presume they do there as in this state—sell without a license.

BY THE NOON MAIL,

MATAMORAS TAKEN WITHOUT OPPOSITION.

From the New Orleans Delta, May 29.

The Steam ship Telegraph has arrived from Point Isabel.

On the 17th inst, a detachment of 300 regulars and 350 volunteers proceeded to Barita and took possession of it, and established a military depot.

On the night of the 19th, *an express arrived from Gen Taylor, stating that he had crossed the Rio Grande and taken the city of Matamoras without opposition.*

The Mexicans having fled the city—the Mexicans from the last accounts were deserting their ranks in battallions.

Col Mclntosh, Capt. Page, and all the others who were wounded in the action of the 8th and 9th, are at Point Isabel, and are recovering.

The condition of the brave and esteemed Capt. Page is melancholy indeed; the whole of his lower jaw, with part of his tongue and palate was shot away by a grape shot.

He does not desire to live, but converses with cheerfulness and exultation upon the success of our army.

All our accounts represent the Mexicans as having fought on the 8th and 9th with courage and desperation which would have reflected credit upon the troops of any nation.

They were nearly in a state of starvation, and had been promised the ample supplies of the Americas camp in case they would secure the victory.

They met the charge of our troops manfully, and stood the destructive fire that was pouring in upon them without giving way, until the works were encumbered with the dead and wounded.

MURDERED. Mr Jared Hubbard, merchant at Burlington Flats, N. York, was murdered on Monday night by some unknown persons as he was crossing a bridge on his way home, about 10 o'clock in the evening. He was struck with a club on the back of the head, and then thrown into the water, where he was found next morning.

☞ Three dollar bills of the Mechanics' Bank at Hartford, altered to $50 and $100, are in brisk circulation. Two of the latter denomination were passed at the Danvers Bank. The cheat is admirably done, and people must look out.—*Mail.*

MAMMOTH CIRCUS.



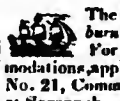
Saturday Afternoon and Evening.
POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY!

OF the Circus, when the *Pageant* of the *Spanish Bull Fight*, with other novelty will be produced, for the last time this season.

N. B.—Those having demands against the Company are requested to present them to the Treasurer at the American House on Saturday, before 6 o'clock P. M.
je6 Alt

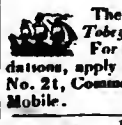
WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 58, Central St.

Savannah and Boston Packets.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.



The fine fast sailing Brig GROWLER, *Washburn*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. j 6

Mobile and Boston Packets.
ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF
Goes up to the city without lightering.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. je5

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.
Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4 3m

From the Boston Mercantile Journal, Jan. 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

There are so many "certain cures" for coughs, colds, and even consumptions, that we are sometimes disposed to question the efficacy of any of them. Mr S. W. Fowle, a druggist of the highest reputation, at 138 Washington st., has the agency of an article called Balsam of Wild Cherry, which seems to have won for itself a good reputation wherever it has been introduced. We have seen letters from various parts of New England, from persons of the highest standing in the places where they reside, bearing testimony to the benefit themselves or friends had received from a trial of its properties.

Extract from a letter dated

Petersburgh, Va., Jan. 15, 1845.

A gentleman of unquestionable veracity informs us, that his brother had been confined to his bed for weeks with some species of cough, that baffled the skill of several eminent physicians, and by the use of two bottles of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, he has been restored to perfect health, and he is now "a fat and hearty man." Yours respectfully,

ROSSER & ANDERSON, Druggists.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&paprl4

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Pannacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&e6mchm

☞ Boole's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *Sandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor, —W. Boole, 248 Washington street, Boston. 1bdvmar28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

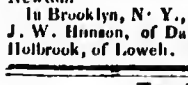
In this city, June 2, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Thomas A. Covell and Miss Lucy J. Allen, both of this city.

In this city, May 28th, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr. Wm. R. Wyman to Miss Mary J. Kenniston, both of Lowell.

In this city, June 2, by the same Mr John H. Nutting, of Amherst, Mass, to Miss Harriet A Moore, of Newton.

In Brooklyn, N. Y., by Rev. T. B. Thayer, Rev. J. W. Hanson, of Danvers, Mass., and Miss Eliza Holbrook, of Lowell.

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinsen's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis8

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. my30

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mouslin de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. my30

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sonnte and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28 a1f

GRATIS.--EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. Ed. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ½ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,

may30 atf No. 4, Market St.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 a3m

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases; and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossineng, June 10, 1845.

—George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted. And for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GHIRY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&r1y GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mn&pdec20

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&p1ymar5

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best* manner, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfmar7] April 6, 1846.

Piano-Fortes.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 16th, 1846. may19 a1f

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28 a2w3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my2 a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL,

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28 a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

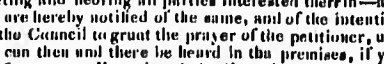
CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioner, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my28 a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.;

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

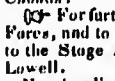
Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjm31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

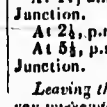
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.,—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leave Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ Tim Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 41, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 a1y6m*

Assessors' Notice.

THE inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the taxable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her taxable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumerations may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other Incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandize; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twenty dollars; and every such person so liable to do Military Duty, who shall, when called upon, refuse to give his name and age, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. advj10may2

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S H. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bott'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department as regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mcmarch28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Iron Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. 1fmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in the his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2m C. K. MORRILL.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple slab boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 103 State Street.

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Assignee's Sale of Marble and Stone Work.

On MONDAY, June 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,—The entire stock of Benjamin Day, Lowell St., consisting in part of 300 feet of American Marble Headstones, ready shaped—700 ft. American do. do., in slabs—100 ft. Swanton do., for Hearths—145 ft. Italian Marble Headstones ready for Lettering—282 ft. Italian Slabs—426 ft. do. do., only—175 ft. do. do., 1¼ inch thick—2 Italian Marble Obelisks sawed out in form—1 do. do. Die—1 large Marble Monument—5 Marble Obelisks—630 feet Soapstone Hearths in Slabs—5 large blocks Soapstone—1 lot Shinlestone—1 lot Harvard Slatestone.

2 small buildings on leased land—1 large Bay Horse—1 Waggon and Harness, and sundry other articles belonging to the same estate. By order of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Assignee of the estate of Benjamin Day, an insolvent debtor. Terms at sale, which will be on the premises. je6

On SATURDAY next, June 13th, instead of the 11th, as before advertised—The entire stock of a Dealer, comprising the largest and best stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods ever sold by auction in this city. Particulars hereafter. Catalogues will be ready and the Goods may be seen on Wednesday, 10th. Sale positive to close an estate. je6

Great Sale of Irish Linen Goods, direct from Ireland.

The Ladies and gentlemen of Lowell are respectfully invited to examine a most choice selection of Irish Linens, at our office, which will be sold without reserve on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, June 10th & 11th, at 10 and 2 o'clock each day.

This Stock consists of all the variety of Linens to be found in the American market. Amongst which are many articles rarely found in Lowell—such as Superfine Linen Sheeting, 3 yds wide—Super Double Satin Damask Table Cloths from 20 by 10½ to 8 by 8½—Table Napkins and Towels of the very finest quality—Long Lawn Extra width, and quality suitable for Gents Pocket Hdkfs—Extra fine 4-4 Linen for dickeys, &c.—Super Satin Damask Cloths, unbleached, &c. &c., together with a very extensive assortment of bleached and unbleached Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies, Sheetings, Pillow Case Linens, 9 and 8, and 6¼ wide,—4-4 Shirtings—30 inch heavy Linens for window shades—Bleached and unbleached Drillings and Plain Goods for Pants and Boys Cloths—Linen Cambric Hdkfs—Linen thread—best Scotch Diaper—Birds Eye and Fish Eye Diaper, Toweling, &c. &c. Also, an invoice of White Imperial Quilts.

The Goods will be open and may be examined on Tuesday, P. M., or the morning of the sale.

P. S.—Every article sold as Linen, warranted pure linen. Families will find this a favorable opportunity to supply themselves with the best of Linen Goods.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location in most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

6 Tenements in Central Village, Drucutt.

On MONDAY, the 15th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the Premises.

2 blocks—divided into 6 small tenements—situated on *Fletcher & Edward's Court*, about 20 rods west of Drucutt Bridge—rented to good tenents at $400 per an.

The above is in the immediate vicinity of the Massachusetts and Beott Mills, and the tenements are of the right size to rent at all times.

Terms one-third *Cash*, the balance in one or 2 years, and interest annually.

2 Valuable Building Lots.

On TUESDAY next, June 9th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, 2 valuable Lots of Land, situated on Middlesex street, nearly opposite the New Machine Shop, containing about 6600 feet each. *Terms*—Three fourths of the purchase money may remain on a mortgage, payable in 2, 4 and 5 years, with interest annually, the balance in cash or good Bankable notes and interest. The location of these lots render them the most desirable of any in the market. j4

On SATURDAY, June 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of land situated on John Street, (adjoining land owned by Dr. Leach) containing 4000 square feet. This is the most central and desirable lot in the market. Terms—$1000 may remain on a mortgage from 4 to 6 years, the balance cash or Bankable notes. je4

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY next, June 8, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a lot of land in Drucott, being in the fore field of the Richardson Farm so called, belonging to heirs of Martha Harrington, late of Framingham, deceased. Said lot contains 9994 square feet, being lot No. 104 as laid down and described on a plan of said field, made by Wm. F. Osgood. OTIS HOYT, Administrator.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

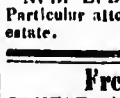
aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Nutt and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Custar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Custar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No. 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and wall earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochoedriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are *sudorific*, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every woued—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by any uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest teey should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & C. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Merrill, S. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Parry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv3mar26

L'OUIS STRACK,

PROFESSOR OF

MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lessons*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tf dec8

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and empirics venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them; provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Latz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 199 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mcy12m] dec16

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screaching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pular street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were ever known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&Pemcho

For Sale!

SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,

Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.

Lowell, May 1, 1846. 8wadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once restoring *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. e&p6mosapr9

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West Indin Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

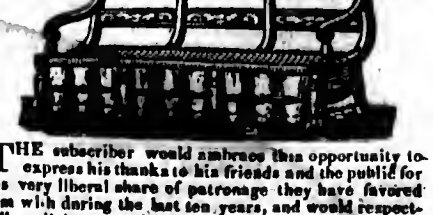
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Henghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 A1y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs!*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 9, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 68.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.50 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Offices, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
sp18 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, near of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGANO and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for Insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. Swadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m28

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 1fdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. ruug8

Purify the Blood
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so great has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principle in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. advly1jan29

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemic White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agent
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner. &plynov3

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the *Temperance Rooms," Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order on moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engraving illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which accompany the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allyon & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ownw&p1jan14

Musical Notice.
I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano-forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works
☞ New Music received from Boston every week. Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar13

J. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* What will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Paleness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printors, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the fe-valid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:
BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.
BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.
Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *,* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&pnlysapr4

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Buorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Reduction to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$500 00	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$449 35	$69 25	$1977 75
			1838	228 8	374 48	67 14	1730 5
			1839	693 3	808 50	65 70	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2ewsaopdec13

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

LINES ON THE DEATH OF MAJOR RINGGOLD.
BY EDWARD H. DAVIS.

Oh! heard ye that shout? "we have conquered the foe,"
How it rings and re-echoes o'er inbeotain and plain!
But, alas! with it mingles the sad note of woe—
"A hero has perished—brave Ringgold is slain!"

They have laid him to rest on a far distant shore,
Where the lilo del Norte in its majesty flows,
And millions of freemen his loss will deplore;
And weep o'er the spot where his ashes repose.

Though dimmed is the eye of the hero, forever,
And hushed is his voice in the stillness of death;
His spirit will hover around those who never
Deserted their leader till life's latest breath.

When round them like hail, the death storm shall rattle;
And the war-cloud in darkness envelope the plain,
His voice will be heard o'er the din of the battle,
Till victory perch on their banners again.

His name shall live on when the struggle has ceased,
And "green-visaged war" from our borders has flown,
When the era of freedom has so far increased,
That its boundaries are traced on the ocean alone.

Philadelphia, May [illegible], 1846.

From the N. Y. Spirit of the Times.

An Incident on the Western Waters.

THE STEAMBOAT CAPT. WHO WAS AVERSE TO "RACING."

BY THE YOUNG 'UN.

Early in the spring of the present year a magnificent new steamer was launched upon the Ohio River, and shortly afterwards made her appearance at the Levee, opposite the flourishing city of C——. Gilt-edged covers, enveloped the Captain's "respects," accompanied with invitations to "see her through," upon her first trip down the River, were forwarded to the Editorial corps in that vicinity and the chalked hats were "numerous" on the occasion. It was a grand affair, this *debut* of floating palace, which has since maintained her repute untarnished, as the "crack boat," *par excellence*, upon the Western waters. Your humble servant was among the "invited guests"—and a nice time he had of it!

I found myself on board this beautiful craft in "close" communion with a score of unquestionable "beauties." The company proved to be a heterogeneous conglomeration of character—made up of editors, lawyers, auctioneers, indescribables, and "fancies"—with a sprinkling of "none-such's." There was a stray parson, too, in the crowd—but as his leisure time "between meetings" was spent in trading horses, we dispensed with his "grace before meals."

We left our moorings an hour before sunset, upon a clear, cold afternoon, and passed rapidly down the stream for a considerable distance, without experiencing any out of way occurrence. The "sons of temperance" and the parson aforesaid, amused themselves over a smoking whiskey toddy—the "boys" were relieving each other of their superfluous dimes and quarters at *euchre*, when a tall gentleman, who was "some" (when he was sober,) stepped suddenly into the cabin, and imparted the information that a well known "fast boat" had just hove in sight at the mouth of the Kentucky River. The cards were "drapt," instanter—the punches disappeared—and the "mourners" were soon distributed into knots upon the promenade deck, to watch the progress of events.

Our "bully" boat sped away like a bird, however, and the craft behind gave us early evidence that she should offer no child's play. The "fat was in the fire" at once—a huge column of black smoke curled up in the clear atmosphere—*on extra turn or two* was visible upon our own boat, and away we went. A good deal of excitement existed among the party, as the rival steamer was clearly gaining upon us. A craft like ours, with such a company, and such a captain musn't be *beaten*.

As the boat behind us fell in under our stern, and we could "count her passengers," a sort of impression came over us, that by some mistake, we had got upon the wrong boat! At least, such was the expressed opinion of the parson as he threatened to "go down stairs" and take another drink. Our Captain was a noble fellow—he paced the deck quietly, with a constant eye to wind'ard; but he said nothing. A bevy of the mourners stepped up to him, with——

"What speed, Cap'n?"

"Fair gentlemen; I may say, *very fair*."

"Smart craft, that behind," ventured one.

"Very," responded the Captain, calmly, as he placed his hand upon a small brass knob at the back of the pilot house. This movement was responded to by the faint jingling of a bell below, followed immediately by a rush of cinders from the smoke-pipes, and an improved action of the paddles.

"Now we move again."

"Some," was the response, and a momentary tremor prevaded the boat as she "slid along" right smartly.

But the craft in our rear moved like our shadow on the waters, and as we shot down the river, it seemed as if we had her "low," so calmly and uniformly did she follow in our wake. The excitement of the congregation upon deck had by this time become intense, and it was pretty plain that the boats must shortly part company or "split something!" The rascal behind us took advantage of a turn in the channel, and "helm a-starboard!" was clearly heard from the look-out of our rival, as she "hove off," and suddenly fell alongside us! The parson went below at once, to put his threat into execution, as we came up into the current again, "neck and neck;" and when he turned we were running a twenty five-knot lick, the steam smacks on to 49°!

"She's going—goin'—go——," muttered an auctioneer to himself.

"A perfect non-suit," remarked a lawyer.

"Beaten, but not vanquished," added a politician; and away we scudded side by side for half a mile.

"Wouldn't she bear a *leetle* more?" meekly asked the parson.

"She'd do'og very well," replied the captain. "Don't get excited, gentlemen; my boat is a new one—her reputation and mine is at stake. We musn't rush her—*racing always injures a boat*, and I am averse to it;" saying which he applied his thumb and finger to the brass knob again—the bell tinkled in the distance—and our rival pilot shortly had an opportunity to examine the architecture of our rudder-post!

I was acquainted with the engineer. I stepped below (believing we should be beat at our present speed,) and entering the engine room—"Tim," said I, "we'll be licked—give her another turn, eh!"

"I rather think she moves *some* as it is, said Tim.

"Yes: but the C——is hard on us—give her a little, my boy—just for——"

"Step in here a moment," remarked Tim; "it's all 'mum,' you know—nothin' to be said, eh? Quiet there!—don't she tremble some?"

I noticed, for the first time, that our boat did labor prodigiously!

"But come round *here*," continued Tim: "*look there!—mum's* the word you know."

I stepped out of that engine-room (Tim said afterwards, that I "sprang out at one bound;" but he lied!) in a hurry. *The solder on the connection pipe had melted and run down over the seams in a dozen places*, from the excessive heat—a crowbar was braced athwart the safety-valve, with a "fifty-six" upon one end—and we were shooting down the Ohio, under a head of steam "chock up" to 54 40!

My "sleeping apartment" was well-aft. I entered the state room, got over the back side of my berth—and stuffing the corners of the pillow into my ears, endeavored to compose myself in sleep. It was out of the question. In attempting to "right myself," I discovered that *my hair stuck up so straight, it was impossible for me to get my head within six inches of the pillow!*

I tossed about till daylight, in momentary expectation of being landed in Kentucky, (or some where else!) We led our rival half an hour into Louisville; and I immediately swore upon my night cap that I would never except another invitation, for a pleasure trip, from a *Steamboat Captain who was averse to racing!* G. P. B.

CONGRESS.

Thursday June 4.

In Senate. Mr Sturgeon presented a petition respecting the bark Pons, condemned as a slaver and sold in Philadelphia, praying that her name be changed to that of Cordelia.

A memorial was presented against the retrocession of Alexandria

Mr Cass offered a resolution calling on the President to report whether any officer of the Army has, during the past or present year, called on the States for military or volunteers, without sufficient authority; and if so, what number were thus called for and whether said call has been countermanded.

Mr Cass said be referred to the calls said to have been made by Gen. Gaines. Mr C. read a statement showing that G. had made a call for upwards of 12,000 troops, and had made appointments of staff officers for the same. Mr C. said he intended no reflection on his motives—for he (Mr C.) knew him to be a gallant and meritorious officer; but he (Gen. G.) had acted unfortunately. Gen. Taylor had authority—General Gaines had not. The latter had been ordered to Washington.

The resolution was then laid over for the day.

The Senate was engaged until the adjournment in a discussion on the post office appropriation bill, in which the whole subject of cheap postage, the franking privilege, compensation of postmasters, &c., was fully reviewed. No action was had upon the bill.

In the House, the special order (being territorial business) was postponed until the supplementary war bill should be disposed of.

The House then proceeded to vote upon the amendments adopted in committee of the whole, all of which were concurred in, and the bill was read a third time and passed—ayes 119, noes 53.

The bill authorizes the President and Senate to appoint one major General and two brigadier generals.—When the war with Mexico terminates the number of major generals shall be reduced to one, and that of brigadier generals to two; the president to select these without regard to the dates of their commissions.

President authorized to call into the service general officers of the militia, at his discretion.

Friday, June 5.

Senate. The Pearl river bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr Huntington called up Mr Cass's resolution of inquiries relating to Gen. Gaines.

Mr Cass said the action of the House yesterday in introducing a clause into the supplemental war bill, declaring all calls made upon governors of states for troops by officers of the general government illegal, unless accompanied by a copy of the authority under which they act, superseded the necessity of the adoption of some measures in view of which he had presented the resolution. He had a respect for Gen. Gaines; he believed him a brave man and a zealous officer, and he had rendered important service to the country in times of difficulty. But he said, if the President had done such things as Gen. Gaines had, he would have been impeached the next day.

Mr Webster desired senators to remember how vast were the military expenses to which we were now subjected by the legal, regular action of the government. He had made inquiries, and ascertained that they were half a million of dollars a day.

Mr Sevier defended Gen. Gaines without reservation; he approved his conduct. He deserved a vote of thanks for what he had done. He would have deserved to be shot if he had remained inactive.

Mr Webster said it was evident that the whole proceeding was in violation of law—that the President had acted contrary to law. What right had any officer to undertake to judge of the necessity of a war?

Mr J. M. Clayton suggested a modification of Mr Sevier's amendment, calling for all the correspondence in reference to Gen. Scott, which was accepted.

Mr Johnson of Md., opposed the resolution, and said there were occasions when a power should be exercised beyond the law and constitution.

Mr Webster replied to Mr Johnson, and made a speech in support of the constitution, holding it sacred under all circumstances.

Mr Crittenden bore testimony to the gallantry of Gen. Taylor and said that to him, and to him alone, was the credit of the brilliant victories on the Rio Grande due.

The debate was continued until near 5 o'clock, when Mr Calhoun moved to lay the whole subject on the table. Lost, ayes 11, noes 36.

The resolution as amended was then adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

The House went into committee, and was occupied all day on private bills.—*Post.*

Saturday June 6.

In the Senate. The Pearl river bill was taken up for final action.

Mr Speight complained of the treatment it had received from Senators on his own side of the Chamber. Mr Allen replied pointedly. He found nothing in the Constitution authorizing grants of alternate sections of land for river improvements. The gentleman had retorted upon the Democracy of some on that side of the Chamber, and said that in some cases Democracy at home was apt to be Aristocracy here. The charge applied not to him. He was not in the habit for voting for River and Harbor bills.

Mr Speight rejoined that his reflections did not apply to the Senators from Connecticut. The bill was put on its final passage and passed—yeas 23, nays 18.

Some messages were received from the President and laid on the table. The Senate next took up the French Spoliations bill. Mr Colquitt addressed the Senate against the claims.

A message was received from the President, covering the correspondence respecting the right of search. Ordered to be printed.

The post office appropriation bill was taken up. The amendment appropriating $50,000 for a magnetic telegraph from Atalanta, Ga., to Mobile, Ala., was discussed by Messrs Jernigin, Westcott, Niles, Haywood, Dickinson, Calhoun, and others, and finally lost without taking final action on the bill. Adjourned.

In the House. Mr G. Davis asked leave to introduce a resolution call on the Secretaries of state, Treasury and Navy departments, and the post master General, to inform this House whether the job printing, stationery, &c., have been let to the lowest bidder, in conformity to the law. The suspension of the rules to receive this order was refused—yeas seventy two, nays sixty two—not two thirds in the affirmative.

Mr Winthrop, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a joint resolution for the purchase of Little & Brown's edition of the Laws and Treaties of the U. States. Resolution lies over.

On motion of Mr Haralson, Messrs. Baker and Yell, who had gone to fight the Mexicans, were excused attendance in the House. The House next took up the private calendar.

Mr Andrew Johnson offered a resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress on the 20th July, and moved for a suspension of the rules to consider it.—The suspension was refused—yeas 84, nays 73. The House then agreed to meet at 10 o'clock in the morning hereafter. Proceeded to the consideretin of private bills.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 9, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

CHANGE OF THE TARIFF.

It is urged by the supporters of the "tariff as it is" that no alteration should be made in our present protective duties because, being in a war, we shall need all, and more than all the revenue that can be raised to meet the wants of the government. Admitting that the greatest amount of revenue that can be raised will be needed, and the necessity for a change of the tariff becomes greater. Revenue cannot be had from duties on imports unless goods from which to raise it are imported. At present, the duties on very many articles are such as to amount to a prohibition or to greatly diminish their importation. Many articles too, to favor manufacturers and a few others, are brought into the country free, or at so low rates of duty as to afford but a trifling revenue. Upon any article, there is a certain amount of duty that may be imposed which will give more revenue than any other rate, whether higher or lower. Such rate is called the maximum revenue rate. If you increase the duty beyond that maximum, revenue rate, importations will diminish in a greater ratio than the duties are increased and the revenue be diminished thereby. If the duties are reduced below the maximum revenue rate the revenue is diminished because the importations do not increase in the ratio the duties are diminished. As the present duty upon many things is much above the maximum revenue rate, and upon others much below, if we need all the revenue a tariff can be made to give, it must be shorn of its exclusively protective features by the duties above the maximum revenue rates being reduced to such rates, and the duties below such rates must be raised to them. So if we need all the revenue that can be raised on account of the war, it is a conclusive reason why the tariff should be changed; and we hope to see our whig friends who cry out against change in the tariff because we need more revenue, go to work and increase the revenue by changing protective prohibitory duties to maximum revenue ones.

Prosecution of the war. Circumstances have put it in our power, in the course of this day, says the Union of Friday last, to ascertain some interesting facts touching the state of the army, and the plans of the campaign. Without entering into details, we may state, in the general, our conscientious belief, that the Executive is doing his duty—doing everything it can—doing it with every degree of energy by land and by sea—in order to conduct the present campaign to its legitimate results, to bring the enemy to terms, and to conquer an honorable and permanent peace.—All we will say now is, that the war will be conducted with an energy, on the part of the government, which is worthy the enthusiasm of the people.

Gen. Taylor has, according to last accounts, about 8,000 troops under his orders. Hundreds and thousands of volunteers were pouring into his camp. He will soon be in advance into the enemy's country: and we shall not be surprised to hear of his reaching Montery about 130 miles from Matamoras, about the commencement of the table land, in a healthy region, at no distant day.

☞ The Courier thinks the whig members of Congress would prefer being called liars by the Advertiser, to being misrepresented as to their vote on furnishing the supplies to our army on the Rio Grande.

We think so too. And as we only stated the *fixed fact*, that *if* they voted for the whole bill and believed as the Courier says they did, that the preamble was a lie, and did so without entering their protest, as was also another *fixed fact* they must have lied knowingly, they will probably think quite as well of our integrity, for only drawing a logical conclusion from the Courier's premises, as of the Courier man's for *proving* them liars, if his statements are to be believed, though *saying* at the same time they were not liers.

Fire at Warren, Ohio. Monday week, a fire broke out in the flourishing village of Warren, and reduced nearly the whole village to ashes. It took about 11 o'clock in the evening, in a store of Mr Balcmyer and spread with fearful rapidity, destroying an entire square; in which were the post office, two printing offices, (those of the Democrat and Herald,) a large row of dry goods and business establishments, some twenty in number, was entirely consumed,—together with barns, outhouses, &c.

The Cleaveland Herald says—A friend who was present at the conflagration, estimates the loss of property at $135,000—a loss proportionally more severe than the great Pittsburg fire.

Terrific storm at Wilmington, Del. A slip from the office of the Delaware State Journal, dated June 5th says—

This afternoon, about 5 o'clock, this place was visited with a storm of wind and rain of great severity. Trees were fritted to pieces, awnings torn into ribbons and several buildings blown down. The large ship house of the Thatchers was prostrated, but we have heard of no persons having been injured by its fall.

The ship house of Bette, Harlan & Hollingsworth, was also blown down, and and to relate, several lives have been lost by the falling timbers—two dead bodies have already been taken from the ruins, and it is not yet known whether there are others beneath the mass of materials. A portion of Asbury M. E. Church is blown off; several vessels at the wharves are lying bottom upwards. It was a frightful gale, though of short duration.

The largest Cotton Factory in the United States, owned by an individual, is at Norristown, Pennsylvania, and belongs to a heavy capitalist in that vicinity, Samuel Jamieson. It is said to be one of the largest and most thoroughly finished in the United States. It is built in the form of an L, its length nearly 300 feet, five stories high, and with machinery as complete as any in the world. It is propelled by steam, the engine being a hundred horse-power, and drives 17,000 spindles.

☞ Friday last, the Maine legislature balled of electing a United States Senator in place of Hon. George Evans.

Whole number of ballots	132
Necessary to a choice	67
Hannibal Hamlin had	57
George Evans	48
Scattering	27

☞ In Trenton, on Thursday night, an ineffectual attempt was made to blow up with gunpowder the iron safe in the counting-room of the railroad depot.—On Monday evening a jeweller was knocked down, but hung on to his trunk of watches, and the disappointed robber escaped.

☞ Gen. Taylor is claimed as a Kentuckian by a portion of the press. The Richmond Times says, however, he is a Virginian by birth. He was born in the tide water region of old Virginia. His father was a patriot of the Revolution, was a commander of a small vessel of war belonging to the Virginia navy, and was well known for his great firmness and gallantry, and his clear, strong intellect.

☞ Hon Abbott Lawrence has given $600 to the American Bible society, N. Y. to constitute himself and sons, James Lawrence, T. Brigham Lawrence, and Abbott Lawrence Jr. life directors of the society. He regrets having so long delayed becoming a member of the Bible Society.

☞ Orders from the Navy Department have been received at Baltimore to ship as many men for the navy as possible. The Brandywine frigate is fitting out at Norfolk to join the Gulf squadron, and is waiting for men.

☞ Gen Cass stated in the U. S. Senate, on Wednesday of last week, that Gen. Gaines had been ordered to repair to Washington, because, it is stated, he had, without authority, called upon States for about 12,000 troops.

☞ H. H. Carroll, Isaac Hill, William Low, Jonathan Eastman, Franklin Pierce, Thomas P. Treadwell, were chosen delegates of Concord to attend the Democratic Republican Convention of N. H. to be holden on the 4th inst.

☞ To day has been fixed upon by the Legislature of New Hampshire for the choice of U. S. Senator for six years from March 4, 1847.

☞ It is said that a member of congress from Vermont can read, speak and write *nineteen* different languages.

What splendid attainments! There was a parrot that could swear in five languages, and broke its neck in trying to "pronounce" after a Mexican general.—*Post.*

☞ The Merimac Co. make another semi annual dividend of ten per cent.

☞ In St. Louis, there is no demand for anything but *lead.*

☞ The trial of Abram Wilcox for the murder of Samuel McKinzer, of Saratoga, resulted in a verdict guilty, in pursuance of which he was sentenced to be hung on the 28th of July.

☞ "An old gentleman who has dabbled in statistics, says he never heard of more than one woman who insured her life. He accounts for this by the singular fact of one of the questions on every insurance paper being, "What is your age?"

Scandal expedited by railroad. The Post says it is astonishing how news flies from city to city now. A gentleman cannot drink a glass of gin in Hotel at Salem on Sunday, without hearing of it the moment he enters his place of business in Boston on monday morning.

☞ It is said the Boston folks talk of a celebration when the Magnetic Telegraph shall be ready to go into operation between that city and Washington.

☞ The Norfolk Democrat very clearly and distinctly exposes the dishonesty of the Lowell Journal in the matter of the difficulty between *Hon* George Ashmon and C. J. Ingersoll.

☞ A man of colour made two attempts to hang himself, Sunday last, on Boston Common. He gave as a reason for his attempted suicide, a desire *that he might soon seek his maker.*

Rev. Theodore Parker, of Boston, has delivered a great anti war discourse at the Melodeon.

☞ Several clergymen of this city, we are informed, delivered sermons against the war last sabbath.

☞ Luxury: To go into Cadman's, Market street, and get your head champooed and showered by a man who understands his business. If you don't feel better for the operation it is because your hot, dirty head is preferable to a cool and clean one.

☞ The N. Y. Courier has come out for Gen. Scott for the next Presidency.

☞ Capt. Coy, of Boston, has got his company filled. The Bostonians are about to make him a present of a sword costing $150.

☞ The New York Tribune states that about thirty cotton factories are now being erected in Georgia. The state is determined to be to the South what Massachusetts is to the North.

☞ The dry goods dealers in Charlestown have agreed to close their places of business, on and after Monday the 8th, at 8 o'clock P. M.

☞ Gen. Wool of the U. S. A. suite arrived at Buffalo on Tuesday, and left for the west by the evening boat.

☞ The correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce, under date of Washington, Friday June 5, says:

It is now ascertained that Mr Packenham has not received any instruction to make a final offer for the partition of the Oregon territory.

☞ Court of Common Pleas commenced its sitting to day in Concord.

☞ The National Fair at Washington city closed last week.

☞ The Montreal Courier says that "hostilities once begun on this continent, no man can say where they will end, and when we find the Americans disciplining an army of some 60,000 men, it is time for us to think of putting our Provincial forces on a respectable footing."

☞ A young lady of Baltimore, Miss Margaret Hagan, has completed a quilt in which there are 27,000 pieces, none of them larger than a half dime.

☞ Col. Taylor, brother of Gen. Taylor, has been ordered from Troy to take charge of the commissariat on the Rio Grande.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Telegraph despatches from Washington to the N. Y. Sun giving the news, as contained in the N. O. Delta of May 31, being from Mexico to the 15th and from Vera Cruz to the 20th ultimo.

The Delta states that the United States steam frigate Mississippi arrived at Vera Cruz on the 18th with the news of the battle of the 8th and 9th inst.

The Mississippi and Falmouth had blockaded the port of Vera Cruz.

Orders had been received from the city of Mexico directing all Americans to leave Vera Cruz by the 24th inst.

It is generally thought that the American vessels left in port, the bark Louisiana and the brig Helen McLeod would be seized by the Mexicans.

The contractor of supplies for the American squadron had been forbidden by the Vera Cruz authorities to furnish them.

The barque Thalens was boarded off the harbor of Vera Cruz by the U. S. sloop Falmouth and took a letter bag from her.

The Brig St. Petersburg sailed on the 19th for New York.

The following are extracts from from a letter from a merchant in Vera Cruz to the N.O. Delta, dated May 19, 1846.

A circular has been issued by the government, stating that all American Consuls cease immediately from being recognized, and ordering all American citizens to embark for the interior within eight days.

The steamer Mississippi yesterday ordered off a vessel from the port, but she came in during the night—thus proving the port to be blockaded, at least to national vessels, a step which is generally compromised. The government is making every effort to carry out the war with success, and has replenished the Treasury, by carrying through some very strong measures.—The Castle of St Juan de Ulloa and the city, are in a brilliant state of defence, and would require a very strong force to be attacked.

Don Jose Marie has been named as the Governor of Chihuahua in the document of Sonora. The Apache Indians have attacked the town of Apulo where they killed 32 Mexicans; the Indians stealing everything they could lay their hands upon. The whole department is in a dreadful state of misery and consternation; several robberies on a large scale have been lately committed in the city of Mexico and its neighborhood.

In speaking of the American army, a despatch from the Mexican commandant of the Engineers at Matamoras, says that the American army is not more than 4000 strong, and is in a state of demoralization; there is no union among them, without any desire for glory; its officers are good, but then there are many who have come to fight against their will. If we have no local revolution the American army will either capitulate, or be entirely defeated, in twenty days. The exports from Vera Cruz in the month of April amounted to $241,356, of which $198,127 was in specie.

POLICE COURT.

June 5th.

Emma J. Brown was brought up for passing a counterfeit five dollar bill on the Cumberland bank, Maine, and discharged.

Torchez Grimes was sent to the House of Correction for 4 months for being a common drunkard.

June 6th.

Richard Hieland, for drunkenness—fined $5 and costs.

John Ragan for assault and battery on Abijah Sendereon, watchman, was fined $5 and costs.

June 9th.

James Manning and *Michael Hoar*, brought up for lewdness of speech and behavior—fined $5 apiece. Appealed.

House of reformation. At a meeting of the City Council on Monday evening, the following report was presented.

The Joint Special Committee, to whom was referred so much of the Mayor's address as relates to a House of Reformation for juvenile offenders, have had that subject under consideration, and ask leave to report:

That in their opinion, a House of Reformation for juvenile offenders is loudly called for, and much needed in this city; that it will operate not only as a corrective, but a preventative of crime. As a school of discipline, its effects will be most salutary in reclaiming the wayward and vicious, and saving many from the corrupting influences with which the young, in a city like ours, are constantly surrounded.

Your committee, therefore, would recommend that the attention of the City Government be immediately called to this subject, and that an appropriation of a sum not exceeding eighteen thousand dollars, be made for the purchase of a suitable lot of land and the erection of a building, or buildings, therein, having in their plan, reference to the enlargement or alteration, as the wants of the city may hereafter require.

All which is most respectfully submitted by your committee.

DANIEL BALCH,
G. N. NICHOLS;
AMOS HYDE,
DANIEL KNAPP,
JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
SOLON STEVENS,
HAPGOOD WRIGHT,
LORENZO P. WRIGHT,
} Committe.

Lowell May 4 1846.

In board of Aldermen, June 1, 1846.
Accepted in concurrence.
THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

New Hampshire Legislature. *Saturday June 6.* The President of the Senate announced the standing committees of the Senate, and the joint standing committees on the part of that body.

House. A long list of petitions were presented, among which were petitions asking for bank charters, abolition of capital punishment, alteration of militia laws, railroad charters, in relation to slavery, in relation to peddlers, in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

A message was received from the Gov. with the reports of the railroad commissioners and laid on the table.

A resolution was introduced fixing Tuesday as the day for going into an election of a U. S. Senator to the unexpired term of Hon. L. Woodbury—laid on the table.

The resolution directing the Treasurer to apply for the share of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands allotted to New Hampshire, was passed to its third reading. Adjourned.

Private correspondence ought not to be public.—*Post.*

Black-berries ought not to be *red* when they are *green.*—*Joe Miller.*

☞ There was a flare-up between the French man-of-war steamer Tonnerre, and the schooner Catherine, of New York, at St. Jago de Cuba on the 19th. The French captain finally apologized for calling the Yankees d—d rascal; and then the Catherine showed her colors, her not doing which had given offence at first—*Post.*

From the N. Y. Daily Globe.

OUR DESTINY.

Some of the Federal editors, especially be of the Fourier branch, are much troubled to know what is to be the upshot of the war with Mexico. After long forbearance on our part—after every effort to maintain friendly relations, we have reluctantly been forced into this war, to protect our territory and the honor of the nation. And now that we are at war with Mexico, it is necessary that it should be prosecuted with the utmost vigor. Our object will be to redress wrongs and injuries which have been for years heaped upon us; but there is another great object to be attained, and that is the establishment of a new form of government in that distracted country—a government in which the people will be recognized as the true sovereigns—a government after the model of our own. Mexico to all appearances is in the last stage of premature old age, and was there a country that more required to be *revolutionized.* It is time that the people of that mis-named republic should be taught the blessings of true liberty. The cause of humanity, and the best interests and highest posterity of Mexico would be most undoubtedly promoted by annexation to our own glorious Union, and is not this the great result which will follow from this war in which we are now engaged? To this complexion will it come at last. Mexico will form a part of the Union, not by conquest, but by the free voice and act of her own people; and after Mexico, will come the Canadas, and other provinces, now simple colonies, until this continent is embraced in the arms of one republic. As certain as there shines a sun in our firmament, so sure will these mighty results follow on in succession. *This will be our destiny.*

Mississippi Banks. The Jackson Mississippi Southron says—

"The high court adjourned yesterday. Its last act was to pronounce a judgment, settling the banks now and forever. In the appeal of several of the Natchez banks from a decision of the circuit court, the high court decides in substance, that a continued state of suspension of specie payments is just and undoubted ground of forfeiture."

☞ A correspondent of the N. H. Daily Patriot writes that

"Soon after the intelligence came of the Governor's election, firing of cannon was resorted to as a token of their rejoicing; but while they felt to rejoice the heavens felt to mourn, for no sooner had the firing commenced than the clouds gave vent to their fountain of tears, and they flowed in torrents, as if they would gladly wash out the stain of hypocrisy which is now attached to the "allied army."

A young man, named Washburn A. Jewell, was drowned in the Middlesex canal, Charlestown, on Sunday afternoon. He had driven his horse in the water to wash, was accidentally thrown off, and before assistance could be afforded, he was drowned. He was in the employ of J. Forrestall, truckman, of this city.—*Boston Courier.*

Col. Sevier has offered two sentiments on the floor of the Senate with which we most cordially concur. One is, that Congress ought not to adjourn until the tariff has been reduced. The other is, that, if the war continues, we must raise more revenue by putting some of the free articles in the dutiable list.—*Union.*

☞ It is said that Mr Nathaniel George Parker, son-in-law of Col. Joseph Hall, new Navy Agent of the port of Boston, snapped a pistol at Mr Hall because he was disappointed about an appointment.

Philadelphia, May 29—A good thing happened yesterday in the Court of Quarter Sessions. A young fellow was sued for the support of an infant which, it was asserted, he had begotten out of wedlock. For the purpose of screening himself, and proving that the mother was a common prostitute, he persuaded a friend to take the stand, and declare that he had criminal intercourse with the female in question. He was permitted to go through with his self-criminating evidence, but when about leaving the witness stand, he was utterly astounded by Judge Jones directing an officer to take him into custody; and being placed in the dock, was informed that he must give bail for his appearance to answer the offence he had just acknowledged himself guilty of. It was universally acknowledged the offender had been properly punished.

☞ An Irishman going to market met a farmer, with an owl.

"Say, misther, what will you take for yer big eyed turkey?"

"Tis an owl," replied the astonished farmer.

"Divil a bit do I care whether its ould or young what's the price of the bird."

What is life? 'Tis a beautiful shell,
Cast up by eternity's flow—
On the strand of time's quicksand one moment to dwell,
And there all its loveliness show.

Gone back to its element, grand
Is the billow that brought it ashore.
Behold! another is washing the strand,
And the beautiful shell is no more. L. S.

☞ The following lines were sent by a young lady to her lover, whose name was *Nott.* The nuptial knot was tied immediately after their receipt:

Why urge, dear sir, a bashful maid,
To change her single lot;
When well you know I've often said
In truth, I love you, Nott.

For all your pains I do, Nott, care,
And trust me on my life,
Though you had millions, I declare,
I would, Nott, be your wife.

BEDFORD SPRINGS

This delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is open by Mr. D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9.4m

MARRIED,

In this city, May 28, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr Wm R. Wyman to Miss Mary J. Kenniston. June 2, Mr John H. Nutting, of Amherst, Mass., to Miss Harriet A. Moore, of Newton.

June 4, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Abel W. Means to Miss Lucy A. Symmes. 6th, Mr Leonard Lamphere of Dracutt, to Miss Mary A. Morgan, of Lowell. 7th, Mr George J. Rugg to Mrs Sarah Ann Carpenter.

In Townsend, June 2, Mr James W. Bailey, of Boston, to Miss Martha R., daughter of Levi Warren, Esq., of T.

In Troy, N. Y., June 1st, by Rev. Dr. Beman, Mr. Edmund F. Hazelton, of Boston, with Miss Sarah M. Garfield, youngest daughter of Rev. J. M. Garfield, D. D., of Albany.

DIED.

Report of Deaths in Lowell, during the week ending June 7, 1846.

June 1st, James D. Frye, 21 yrs, bilious fever; Mary DuFrene, 2 mos, inflamation of bowels; 3d, Walter Hickay, 3 weeks, ——; 4th, Judeth Green 21 years, ——; Lucetta M. Steward, 27, 27, puerperal fever fever; Cyrus P. Adams, 1, dysentery; Florence A. Lawson, 3, inflamation of bowels; Wm. Hilliard, 3 days, infantile; John Smith, 2 yrs, 7 mos, scarlet fever; Edward Donnelly, 25 yrs, consumption; 6th, George Hancock, 11 mos, croup; Charles L. Sawyer, 3 yrs, scarlet fever. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city June 8, at 11 o'clock, Charles H., only son of Hasen and Elmira Elliott, 19 years.

From the Boston Mercantile Journal, Jan. 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

There are so many "certain cures" for coughs, colds, and even consumptions, that we are sometimes disposed to question the efficacy of any of them. Mr S. W. Fowle, a druggist of the highest reputation, at 138 Washington st., has the agency of an article called Balsam of Wild Cherry, which seems to have won for it self a good reputation wherever it has been introduced. We have seen letters from various parts of New England, from persons of the highest standing in the places where they reside, bearing testimony to the benefit themselves or friends had received from a trial of its properties.

Extract from a letter dated

Petersburgh, Va., Jan. 15, 1846.

A gentleman of unquestionable veracity informs us, that his brother had been confined to his bed for weeks with some species of cough, that baffled the skill of several eminent physicians, and by the use of two bottles of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, he has been restored to perfect health, and he is now "a fat and hearty man." Yours respectfully,

ROSSER & ANDERSON, Druggists.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papl4

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mcbn

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boge, 248 Washington street, Boston. thdvmn28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, June 8th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS M. KITTRIDGE, of Chelmsford, in said County, Physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Kittridge will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the 19th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Kittridge and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

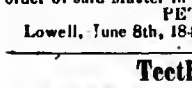
JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
j9a3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twentieth day of June inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, June 8th, 1846. j93t

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. np21 a3m

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, Marsh, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.
Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Grape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

IS THERE A LADY in *this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mousslin de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28a1f

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth'n Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Coelic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the friends and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

Stanton's External Remedy,

CALLEB HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Quincy, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [15apr7] April 6, 1846.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODFREY WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Wednesday.



The fine fast sailing brig CHINCHILLA, *Patterson*, master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. je5

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
Goes up to the city without lightering.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. je5

Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
First Fair Wind.



The fast sailing packet Schooner SILAS CRANE, *Johnson*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je1

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above on an to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. n28

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee
my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

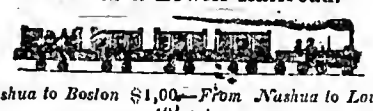
CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Nashua & Lowell Railroad.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M.; or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

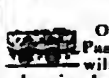
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

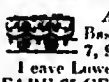
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains, Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

Removal.—Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmay9

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

Assessors' Notice.

THE Inhabitants of the city of Lowell, and all others (owning, occupying, or holding in trust, real estate in said city,) are hereby notified to bring in to either of the subscribers, Assessors of said city, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, true and perfect lists of their polls and estates; both real and personal, liable to taxation in said city, which they were possessed of on the first day of May, instant.

By an Act, passed March, 1840, to ascertain the taxable estates within this Commonwealth, the Assessors are required to *doom* all persons liable to be taxed in this city, who shall refuse or neglect to give said Assessors in writing, (and on oath or affirmation, if required,) a true account of his or her taxable estates, according to said Act.

The following enumeration may serve as a guide to assist the inhabitants in making their statements:—Polls, the number of 20 years of age and upwards; Real Estate, quantity of Land, Buildings, &c.; Personal Estate, Money at Interest, more than they pay interest for; Shares and Stocks in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Bridges, Manufacturing, and other incorporated companies; Money on hand or deposited; Public Stock and Securities of all kinds; Goods, Wares and Merchandize; Stock in Trade; Household Furniture, exceeding $1000 in value; Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Horses, Carriages of all kinds; Income from Profession, Trade or Employment.

By the Revised Statutes, persons who neglect to bring in to the Assessors, lists of their Polls and Estates, have no right to claim abatements of their Taxes.

By a Statute of 1837, "All house-keepers who refuse to give the names of persons residing with them, liable to be assessed for Taxes, when called upon by the Assessors, or who shall give false information concerning such persons, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of twenty dollars."

By an Act, passed March, 1840, the Assessors are required to enroll all persons within the city of Lowell, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are not exempted by law from enrollment; and all house-keepers, who shall refuse to give the names of all persons residing with them, who are liable to do Military Duty, or who shall give information which is false, shall be punished by a fine of twelve dollars.

The Assessors earnestly call upon all persons liable to pay Taxes to make representation within the time above specified, of all property held by them on the first day of May, in order that a fair and equitable assessment may be made.

The Assessors will attend at their Office, City Hall, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY EVENINGS, of each week, from the 10th of May to the 10th of June, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to receive from all persons liable to be assessed, the lists of their Polls and Estates.

J. H. B. AYER,
HAZEN ELLIOTT,
MATTHIAS PARKHURST, } Assessors.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. &dvj10may2

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those afflicted with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. mh1ymay9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bal'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. As regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of STOVES, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUS

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in the old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2m C. K. MORRILL.

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet *merchantable* white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing at other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street.
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On SATURDAY next, June 13th, instead of the 11th, as before advertised—The entire stock of a Dealer, comprising the largest and best stock of Gold and Silver Watches; Jewelry and Fancy Goods ever sold by auction in this city. Particulars hereafter. Catalogues will be ready and the Goods may be seen on Wednesday, 10th. Sale positive to close an estate. jr6

Great Sale of Irish Linen Goods, direct from Ireland.

The ladies and gentlemen of Lowell are respectfully invited to examine a most choice selection of Irish Linens, at our office, which will be sold without reserve on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, June 10th & 11th, at 10 and 2 o'clock each day.

This Stock consists of all the variety of Linens to be found in the American market. Amongst which are many articles rarely found in Lowell—such as Superfine Linen Sheeting, 3 yds wide—Super Double Satin Damask Table Cloths from 20 by 10½ to 8 by 8½—Table Napkins and Towels of the very finest quality—Long Lawn Extra width, and quality suitable for Gents Pocket Hdkfs—Extra fine 4-4 Linen for dickeys, &c.—Super Satin Damask Cloths, unbleached, &c. &c., together with a very extensive assortment of bleached and unbleached Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies, Sheetings, Pillow Case Linens, 9 and 8, and 6¼ wide,—4-4 Shirtings—30 inch heavy Linens for window shades—Bleached and unbleached Drillings and Plain Goods for Pants and Boys Cloths—Linen Cambric Hdkfs—Linen thread—best Scotch Diaper—Birds Eye and Fish Eye Diaper, Toweling, &c. &c. Also, an invoice of White Imperial Quilts.

The Goods will be open and may be examined on Tuesday, P. M., or the morning of the sale.

P. S.—Every article sold as Linen, warranted pure linen. Families will find this a favorable opportunity to supply themselves with the best of Linen Goods.

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 38 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. ja6

6 Tenements in Central Village, Dracutt.

On MONDAY, the 15th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the Premises.

2 blocks—divided into 6 small tenements—situated on *Fletcher & Edward's Court*, about 20 rods west of Dracutt Bridge—rented to good tenants at $400 per an.

The above is in the immediate vicinity of the Massachusetts and Boott Mills, and the tenements are of the right size to rent at all times.

Terms one-third *Cash*, the balance in one or 2 years, and interest annually.

On SATURDAY, June 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of land situated on John Street, (adjoining land owned by Dr. Leark) containing 4000 square feet. This is the most central and desirable lot in the market. Terms—$1000 may remain on a mortgage from 4 to 6 years, the balance cash or Bankable notes. je4

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY next, June 8, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a lot of land in Dracutt, being in the fore field of the Richardson Farm so called, belonging to heirs of Martha Harrington, late of Framingham, deceased. Said lot contains 9994 square feet, being lot No. 104 as laid down and described on a plan of said field, made by Wm. F. Osgood. OTIS HOYT, Administrator.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlia Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

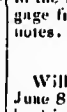
THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Hats! Hats!



A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mule and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell my16tf

GRATIS.—EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. ED. CHURCH will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will dispose them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price. Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,

may29atf No. 4, Market St.

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MORSE would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 310, middle E. B, Currier's, nearly opposite High st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and workmanship will be used.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done as usual.

may28a3m

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corbs, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Muecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilbby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corser, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv3nomar26

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such en one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro'out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons in it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

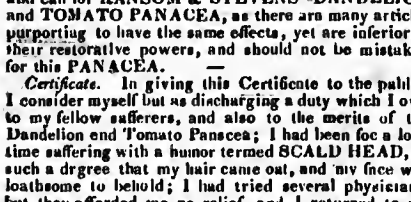
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesonn.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6incho

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physicino and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been be utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

S. S. Heughton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kiddar; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 86 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by the experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
dcpr17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely new and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvonic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TARBOX, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, of Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleedings, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and an examination by physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent—he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pelar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has strayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder; pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How occa this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

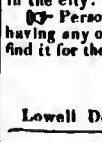
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tuonel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Trees, Shrubs. &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

aprl1tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money provrd for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in them complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is learded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnomed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

'DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of reported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighten.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mcy12s] dec16

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents; and it is this fact that has rendered it so universally popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificates, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6monapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who in one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, in one of peculior value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. It soon produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now use with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Browe, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. L. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf fe17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 69.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING,—

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.,

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL, atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
apl2 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21ly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Woolworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 ly

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WM. P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building. No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves those articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Druett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

Purify the Blood,
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT,
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



CAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Louis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwellinghouses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&ptynov3

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan18

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in town where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&paplyapr4

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To Individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfsaw&apoct23

Musical Notice.
I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works
☞ New Music received from Boston every week.
Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6tf 50, Central St.

THE MAIDEN AND THE KING.

"And far as sweep the seas below
My sails are on the deep;
And far as yonder eagles go,
My flag an every keep.

Why o'er the rebel world within
Extendeth not the chart?
No skill can reach—no arms can win
The Kingdom of a heart!"

So sighed the King the linden near;
A listner heard the sigh,
And thus the heart he did not hear,
Breathed back the soft reply:

"And far as sweep the seas below,
His sails are on the deep;
And far as yonder eagles go,
His flag on every keep;

Love *thou* art not a king alone,
Both slave and king thou art!
Who seeks to sway must stoop to own
The kingdom of the heart!"

So sighed the Maid the linden near,
Beneath the lonely sky!
Oh, lonely *not!*—for angels hear
The humblest human sigh!

His ships are vanish'd from the main,
His banners from the keep;
The carnage triumphs on his plain;
The tempest on the deep.

"The purple and the crown are mine,"
An outlaw sighed—" no more;
But still as greenly grows the vine,
Around the cottage door!

A shelter from the hunter Maid,
And water from the spring!"
Before the humble cottage prayed
The man that was a king.

Oh, was the threshhold that he crossed,
The gate to fairy ground?
He would not for the kingdom lost,
Have changed the kingdom found!

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier:

The First Affront.

BY GEO. HAYDEN.

"Why, Jimmy, dont you intend going down to your friend Charles Langton's boarding house to-night, to sit an hour or two with him?" asked old Mr Thornton, a respectable merchant, in Baltimore, of his nephew and partner in business, James Thornton, a young man of some twenty-two or three years of age, whose heart beat high with many a generous and manly impulse, but who was rather too fiery, and quick of resentment.

"No, indeed! I havn't the remotest idea of so doing," replied James Thornton, in an earnest tone of voice.

"What reason have you for not complying with your promise?"

"Why do you forget that it was but last night I met him in company with John Wilson, our late Delegate to the State Legislature, with whom I had the difference at Mrs Harden's party, about a week since, and that he did not condescend even to return a civil nod of the head, to to my salutation!" said James Thornton.

"Pooh! and is that it? Well, now, I will wager my head that there is some mistake about it—for Charles Langton is not the person that would be guilty of so base an action as 'fighting shy' of an old friend, or I'm greatly deceived in him," replied the old gentleman.

"You are deceived, then—for such was evidently his intention; however, he may put on these stiff airs to his heart's content, but he will never find in me the lad that will knuckle to him, for I am determined, for the time to come, to pay him off in his own coin; moreover, I shall henceforth cut his acquaintance."

"This, I believe, is the first cause that Charles Langton has ever given you to be affronted—is it not?"

"It is," answered James Thornton."

"Then act not precipitately, for you know not of what extenuating explanation his conduct may admit, and in your present irritated mood might take some rash step, which would be to you a source of regret during the remainder of your days."

"What! And am I passively to submit, whilst he lord's it over me?"

"Ah, I see, Jimmy, that you are in no fit state of mind to night for hearkening to advice, but if you will give me your attention for a few moments while I relate a tale, I think I shall succeed, in convincing you that I am right.—Come, what say you?"

"Certainly, sir. I will lend a willing ear to any thing you may have to say," he replied.

"Well," said old Mr Thornton, after taking a pinch of the genuine 'Congress' from his capacious box, "there formerly resided in a flourishing little village in this State, two young men, one named Joseph Hampton, the other's real name I shall think proper to conceal, but for convenience sake shall call him Thomas Jameson. There existed no material difference in their characters, except that the latter was posessed of a quick and headstrong temperament, whilst the former was slow to anger and forbearing.—When children, they had chased the gaudy butterfly from flower to flower, and gambolled over the grassy lawn together in guileless harmony; hand in hand they had gone through the ordeal of school discipline, and when a holiday came, bringing with it the welcome respite from the irksomness of study, had roamed over the verdant hills and valleys, or strayed off to the banks of the trouting stream; and side by side they had striven and panted in their laudible exertions to outstrip each other, and bear off the honors of the school.

"Equal in birth, fortune, and education, their friendship, thus contracted during the balmy days of childhood, strengthened as they ripened into manhood; When business did not require their attention, they were in a manner inseparable.

"The one witheld no secret from the other; on the contary, with a noble hearted confidence, they freely unbosomed themselves to each other. Their friendship was allowed by no selfish motives; it was the congenial intercourse of soul, the participation in each other's joys and woes, and the mutual exchange of kindered feelings; to which grovelling and mistrustful spirits are strangers.

"Living in the same village was a lovely dark-eyed girl, the only child of Dr. Cuthbert, an old and eminent physician. Throughout the village and its vicinity, Anna Cuthbert was noted for her gay and amiable disposition, her modest unassuming manner, and her numberless charitable deeds. She was alike the life and soul of the village dance, and the untiring attendant on the couch of sickness, the daughter and the benefac-

lent and social neighbor. No one, that ever sought at her hand, was sent away with a sorrowing heart; but with a cheerful alacrity that doubly enhanced the debt of gratitude, she ministered to their wants. The feeble and indigent of the neighborhood she took under her special charge, and when borne down by sickness and fatigue, they were unable to reach her door to solicit her bounty, she would visit them in their humble abodes, taking with her an ample supply of all the necessaries requisite for them in their enfeebled state, watch by their bedsides, and apply the grateful cordials to their parched lips.

"It was on one of these charitable visits, which were ever a source of ineffable pleasure to her, that Thomas Jameson, soon after he had come to reside in the village, first met with and immediately became deeply enamored of her. In sooth, she was a creature to be beloved. The matchless symetry of her rich and voluptuous form—the playful and happy smile dimpling her cheeks, which wore the mellow tinge of some eighteen summers—the lofty forehead, partially concealed by glossy ringlets, that fell in jetty profusion over her snow white neck—and the kindling lustre of her dark and prominent eyes, were such as no one could have looked upon without loving her. She aped not the affected airs of the world. Nature had endowed her with a queen-like mien and easiness of carriage, which would have put to shame the boasted elegance of manners of every boarding school miss in our Monumental city.

"Thomas Jameson lost no time in communicating the state of his feelings towards Anna Cuthbert, to his friend Joseph Hampton, who highly commended him for his choice, and willingly undertook to introduce him at the Doctor's. Here he met with a cordial reception from Dr. Cuthbert, and on taking leave, received a kind and pressing invitation to become a visitor at his house, an invitation which it may readily be conjectured he gladly excepted of, now that their was no great an attraction for him there. He continued his visits regularly at White Hall, the Doctor's residence, standing a little out of the village, and before many months had expired, succeeded in realizing his fondest hopes, by wining Anna Cuthbert's affections.

"It was about a month before his appointed nuptials, that Thomas Jameson, in passing by the garden at White Hall, accidently overheared Anna Cuthbert in earnest conversation with some one whose voice he did not immediately recognise. Now Thomas Jameson was not an eaves-dropper; no, he would have scorned so mean an act—but he could not resist the incination to catch a look at his betrothed. So looking unperceived through the thick shrubbery that skirted the garden, he saw Anna Cuthbert, whose countenance was crimsoned with blushes seated in a little summer-house, thickly embowered with fragrant honey suckles and wild rose, and holding Joseph Hampton by the arm, who had apparently just risen from the seat beside her. Hampton gazed into her beautiful eyes for a moment, then taking a splended golden miniature from his breast, gayly tied it around her neck, at the same time saying something to her in an under tone that caused her to blush more deeply than before.

"Immediately the brain of Jameson was fired to madness at the base betrayal of the trust he had reposed in his friend Hampton. Every amiable feeling vanished on the instant, and he would have laid him a bloody corpse at Anna Cuthbert's feet, could he but have the means at hand;—but lacking these and maddened to desperation, he rushed furiously from the spot, vowing a deep revenge for his wrongs.

"That night he met Hampton in company with several young men of the village, and openly charged him with basely endeavoring to alienate from him the affections of a girl whom he was well aware had pledged herself to become his bride Hampton would have given an explanation of his conduct; but Jameson unable to control his rage; struck him a violent blow in the face, pronounced him a villain, and told him, if he possessed the spirit of a man, to resent it.—Who would not have resented it! Mild and forbearing as was Hampton, he was nevertheless at heart a lion. Calling aside one of his companions, he conferred with him for some moments, and then sent him to inform Mr Jameson that he would meet him the next morning, when in all probability the matter might be compromised. This but enraged Jameson the more. 'No let it be settled to-night, and here! yes, here in this very room!' he madly exclaimed, pulling from his breast pocket a pair of rifle-barrelled pistols, and throwing them on a table before him.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

CONGRESS.

Monday, June 8.

SENATE. Mr Lewis, from the committee on finance, reported the sub-treasury bill, which had passed the House, and been sent to the Senate.

Mr Lewis reported amendments to the bill, which were ordered to be printed, and with the bill laid on the table.

Mr Hannegan's resolution for fixing on 20th of July for the adjournment of congress, was taken up.

After much talk, it was decided to postpone the consideration of the resolve to Monday, 26 to 21.

The French spoliation bill was then taken up, read the second time and passed—yeas 27, nays 23.

A message was received from the President, covering the correspondence between Mr Marcey, the secretary of war, and Gen. Scott; and Mr Mercy and Gen Gaines and Gen. Taylor.

Gen. Scott alludes to remarks made upon him in certain high quarters for not being *en route* for the Rio del Norte, and says he does not choose to put himself in a position to be fired upon in the rear from Washington, and receive in front the fire of the enemy. He also gives his opinion as to the success of the campaign, which is favorable, and enters fully into particulars as to the amount of the force, equipments, and expense. He thinks the brave and gallant Gen. Taylor should have no superior officer placed over him.

Mr Marcy rebukes Gen Scott, for speaking slightly of the President.

IN THE HOUSE, the Speaker appointed Mr Boyd, of Kentucky, and Mr Carroll, of New York, on the committee on military affairs, in place of Mr Baker of Illinois, and Mr Yell, of Arkansas, who have gone home to raise regiments for the war. All the day thus far has been taken up by the House in committee, Mr McClellan in the chair, on the admission of Iowa into the Union, and in considering a bill to enable the people of Wisconsin to form a constitution to establish a state government. Mr Erdman is speaking as this report closes.

Tuesday, June 9.

SENATE. Mr Turney submitted a resolution from the Committee on Military Affairs, suggesting the expediency of exempting by law the persons and property of volunteers from arrest and seizure for debt during the term of their service.

Mr Cass moved the printing of 5000 extra copies of the President's message, containing the correspondence on the subject of the right of search—referred.

The Post Office appropriation bill was then taken up. Mr Niles moved to amend by appropriating $200,000 for the mail to Bremen, and $250,000 for the mail to Liverpool, and entered upon a long explanation of the bill now pending, with reference to the foreign mail service.

In the House, Mr Vinton, of Ohio, had the unanimous consent to make a report from the select committee to investigate the charges against Mr Webster.

The report is signed by a majority of the committee, and exonerates Mr Webster from all guilt, but admits Mr Ingersoll had grounds for his charges. Mr Brinckerhoff made a minority report, in which he introduced some letters, with a resolution that all the testimony be printed. Mr Martin of Ky. asked Mr B. if Mr Ingersoll was allowed to appear before the committee to prosecute his charges? Mr B. said he was not.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

IS OUR WAR WITH MEXICO JUST? The fact that the war, on the part of Mexico, is a war of aggression, aggression too, after having closed the door to all compromise, by faithlessly and insultingly to this nation, rejecting Mr Slidell in the face of an explicit, full and well understood agreement to receive him for the very purpose of settling the question which the Mexican usurper now makes as the ostensible cause of the war—the question of boundary—and of settling all other difficulties, would seem to be sufficient to satisfy any person having either patriotism, or a sense of justice, that this war, on our part, is not only just, but *forced* upon us; and that to retreat, stand still, or do aught but push it to the utmost extremity, till an honorable peace can be terminated, would disgrace us in the eyes of the world. Yet there are those, notwithstanding these facts, who declare us in the wrong and Mexico in the right, and sustain their position by passing over, or misstating the facts that have transpired since the agreement to receive Mr Slidell, and assuming that we were the aggressors by entering upon what they say, is unquestionably Mexican territory, to wit: the territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande. In their burning and eternal hate to the spirit of republican principles, they go even back of the question of boundary to put us in the wrong, and let the long smouldering fires of toryism, which lit up the land in the last war, belch forth again, in desloring the war an attrocious plunder game, growing out of the annexation of Texas, and that that scheme was conceived in sin for the perpetuity of slavery, and perfected by robbing Mexico of her rich and noble province of Texas. Such we would not say is the language of the mass of any party, but such are the views, and such is the course of a portion (and we hope it may be a small portion) of the whig party.

That we are right in saying this war is an aggressive one on the part of Mexico, is proved by the fact that *Paredes declared war to exist, and made two or three attacks upon a small portion of our army before* our government declared war to exist, or our army had made the first hostile demonstration, or we had in any way given the Mexicans any cause whatever for offence, except our entering upon disputed territory. Was that a just cause for them to commence hostilities? It might have been, perhaps, had we done so without having previously exhausted every other means of obtaining our rights. Those who denounce our government and the war, seeing that, if we entered upon the disputed territory not till after every other means to bring the matter to a close had proved futile, we were justified, and that entering upon the territory was a duty, are endeavoring to convince the people that the Mexican government was willing to receive an envoy to settle the boundary, but not other matters, and that Mr Slidell was commissioned to settle all difficulties. The communications passed between Mr Pena y Pena and Mr Black upon the subject of receiving an envoy from the United States, recently laid before Congress by the President, shows that the rejection of Mr Slidell was not in consequence of his being clothed with too great powers. Mr Black opens the subject of the Mexican government receiving an envoy, by a letter to Pena y Pena from which the following is an extract:—

"*He* ('The President.") *desires that all existing differences should be terminated amicably by negociation, and not by the sword.*

"*Actuated by these sentiments, the President has directed me to instruct you, in the absence of any diplomatic agent in Mexico, to ascertain from the Mexican government whether they would receive an envoy from the United States, intrusted with full power to adjust all the questions in dispute between the two governments. Should the answer be in the affirmative, such an envoy will be immediately despatched to Mexico.*"

Extract from Mr Pena y Peno's reply:—

"In answer, I have to say to you, that although the Mexican nation is deeply injured by the United States, through the acts committed by them in the the department of Texas, which belongs to this nation, my government is disposed to receive the commissioner of the United States who may come to this capital with full powers from his government to settle the dispute in a peaceful, reasonable, and honorable manner."

The whole correspondence submitted by the Executive to Congress, shows that the refusal of Mr Slidell on account of his having too great powers, was an after thought. A letter from Mr Black to Mr Buchanan, explains the true reason why Mr. Slidell was not received—it was fear on the part of the Mexican government of the Mexican people. Mr Black writes:

"CONSULLATE OF THE U. S. OF AMERICA }
Mexico, December 18, 1845. }

On Wednesday, the 3d instant, I received a letter from our consul at Vera Cruz, dated the 29th of November, informing me that a vessel had just arrived at Sacrificios, on board of which was the Hon. John Slidell, who had sent for him, the said consul, to come down to that place, as he wished to leave Vera Cruz for this capital by that night's dilligence, but he, the consul, was of opinion he would not be able to leave until the next stage.

On the receipt of this letter I called at the Foreign department of this government, [Mexico] to see the Minister of foreign affairs. * * * *

He said this ought not to be; the government did not expect an envoy from the United States until January, as they were not prepared to receive him; and he desired, if possible, that he would not come to the capital, nor even disembark at this time, and that I should endeavor to prevent his doing so, as his appearance in the capital at this time might prove destructive to the government, and thus defeat the whole affair. You know the opposition are calling us traitors, for entering into this arrangement with you. I told him I regretted this had not been known in time, as the envoy would be now on his way to this capital, and that the Mexican government had set no time for his arrival, and it was to be presumed that they would be ready to receive him whenever he arrived. I know, he said, there was no time set.

As then, Mr Slidell was, without cause, and insultingly rejected, was entered the territory claimed by both parties, as we were obliged to do; but not till after Mexico had violated her faith, and left no other course for us to pursue, as is proved by the correspondence between the two governments. And we think the people of this country or of the world, will not justify the commencement of hostilities by Mexico on this account, whatever may be the views of a few traitorous and discontented spirits.

The position that the annexation of Texas was a robbery of Mexico, being a ground taken only by those among us who rejoice at the defeat and mourn at the success of our arms, and not by the Mexicans themselves, we will pass that over.

Is the Rio Grande the boundary between Texas and Mexico? Whether it is or not, is a matter of no consequence, so far as relates to the justice of this war, for it was consented by the Mexicans under such circumstances, as we have shown, as to compel us to assume our present attitude, or be disgraced. In 1836, Santa Anna, the then Dictator of Mexico, was taken prisoner by the Texans in the battle of San Jacinto.—A treaty was then made between him and the Texan government, by which, as appears by a work before us on the conquest of Mexico, he saved his troops and his life. The public treaty declares:

Article 3. The Mexican troops will vacate the territory of Texas, passing to the other side of the Rio Grande del Norte.

The secret treaty reads:

Article 4. A treaty of commerce, amity and limits will be established between Mexico and Texas. The territory of the latter not to extend beyond the Rio Bravo del Norte.

The Texan Republic soon after the treaty with Santa Anna, in its constitution, defined the boundary of Texas as follows:

Beginning at the mouth of the Sabine river, and running west along the Gulf of Mexico, three leagues from land, to the mouth of the Rio Grande; *then up the principal stream of said river to its source;* thence due north to the forty-second degree of north latitude; thence along the boundary line, as defined in the treaty between the United States and Spain, to the beginning.

The Rio Grande, then, was understood to be the boundary by the Texans, they fought for it, they embraced it in the treaty with Santa Anna, and he, having the whole power of the Mexican government in his own person, acknowledged it to be the boundary. If Texas has a rightful claim to any territory, it is good to that between the Rio Grande and the Nueces. But we do not expect to satisfy workers of treason, and shall leave them for the present to their own destruction.

☞ A Washington letter writer to the True Sun, says,—"There is a misapprehension entertained in New York and elsewhere, that the British government has directed Mr Pakenham to present an official offer to settle the Oregon question immediately. It is not the fact, though nearly in substance. I *heard* Mr Pakenham declare within the last 48 hours, he had not received the proposition from England.

No doubt exists, however, that his instructions received by the last steamer, contain the main features of the proposals that is to be made after the next arrival, and that he has entered upon the preliminary conferences with the department of State, in reference to the settlement, of which memoranda will be preserved. The second interview with Mr Buchanan took place yesterday and lasted several hours. I am not prepared to speak of its nature or result, but the substantial terms will, I apprehend, be found as follows, whenever disclosed. The 49th parallel as the dividing line of territory; mutual privileges in the straits of Fuca and Puget's Sound; free navigation of the Columbia river to the Hudson's Bay Company for ten years, and Vancouver's Island exclusively."

Such a proposition, we think, would not be entertained by the President. A division by the 49th parallel and mutual navigation of the Columbia for ten years, perhaps might be, under existing circumstances acceded to, but nothing less.

FROM TEXAS.

Grossest outrage and massacre.

[From the Galveston News, May 30.

The sloop Tom Jack, Capt. Parker, arrived yesterday morning, from Corpus Christi. She left Aransas Pass last Monday, at which place the steamship Sea had just arrived from Brazos Santiago. Some of the persons connected with the army from St. Joseph's Island and Corpus Christi, on board the Sea, were MacCleister, Lieut. Humphreys and Mr Rogers, all of whom were supposed to have been killed. The former, indeed, was severely wounded and supposed to be dead by the Mexicans. To this circumstance he owes his escape. He was subsequently found in the *chapparal* and taken to Matomoras, where he was well treated and recovered from his wounds.

Mr Rogers accompanied with fifteen men, two women and one child, started from Corpus Christi for Point Isobel on the second or third instant. They arrived at the little Colorado a day or two before the battle of the 8th, where they were surprised by a company of Mexican Rancheros, (cavalry,) and being overcome by superior numbers, they were compelled to surrender on a promise of being treated as prisoners of war. As soon, however, as they delivered up their arms, they were tied four together, stripped of their clothing and robbed of all their money, of which they had a considerable amount. Having been closely bound without power of resistance, their throats were then cut with a large knife by a person apparently employed for the purpose, the women having previously suffered dishonor. In this massacre Rogers saw his father and a brother butchered before his eyes, before his own turn came; and his escape was owing to the fact that when the wound upon his throat was not fatal, he had the presence of mind to feign himself dead, and was with all the balance thrown into the Colorado. He managed to swim to the upper side of the river. From there he subsequently made his way to the Rio Grande, was taken prisoner and sent to the hospital at Matamoras. He was subsequently exchanged for Mexican prisoners. It is stated that a letter was written from Corpus Christi, two days before the departure of this company, giving information to the Mexicans of their march, the amount of their money, &c. Further developements may detect the author of this cold-blooded treason. It was not, we learn, without much reluctance and severe threats from the American officers, that the Mexican officers consented to exchange Mr Rogers.

FROM THE ARMY OF MEXICO. The arrival of the Galveston at New Orleans on the 29th ult. brought intelligence from Point Isabel to the 27th. It is stated that the Mexicans were encamped at Reinosa, about 90 miles from Matamoras, up the river, and were awaiting reinforcements. Another account says they were encamped at Camango, 200 miles above. Gen. Taylor has forbiddon his soldiers to take anything from the people of Matamoras without paying its full value—and the citizens were allowed to trade freely in all articles except liquor.

The amount of money found in the Mexican army chest after the battle of the 9th, was $16,000 in gold.

The Mexican soldiers, it is said, refused to defend Matamoras against the American army, having had no rations served out to them for five days. Com. Connor, as the report went at the seat of war, intended to take down with him, in his contemplated attack on San Juan de Ulloa, two or three line-of-battle ships with the squadron he is refitting at Pensacola.

The U. S. frigate Cumberland, bearing the broad pennant of Comodore David Connor, and frigate Potomac, arrived here yesterday morning. These ships have come in for supplies of water and provisions.—Left the brig Lawrence at anchor off the Rio del Norte.—*Pensacola Letter, May 30.*

☞ John Welch, aged 28 years, hung himself in the jail at Troy, N. Y. He was about being conveyed to the state prison for five years for larceny.

N. H. LEGISLATURE—*Tuesday, June 9.* The principal business of both the Senate and the House, was to elect John P. Hale to the Senate of the United States for six years from the 4th of March, 1847.

In the House, a long list of petitions were referred.

On motion of Mr Nesmith, a committee of one from each county was appointed to divide the state into Congressional districts.

The Senate and House met in Convention and filled the vacancy of Councilors in districts one and two.—John Kelley was elected in No. 1, and John C. Young in No. 2—both anti-democratic.

Wednesday, June 9.

HOUSE. Petitions referred—of David A. Bantou and others, for a railroad from Manchester to Methuen; of the town of Milford, in favor of districting the State; of B. R. Perkins and 27 others, for a railroad from Exeter to Manchester; of John B. Woods and others, for amendment to license laws; of S. B. Swett and 105 others, for further legislation in respect to hawkers and pedlers; of Joseph Doe and others, for the incorporation of the Great Falls Bank; by Mr Messer, of John L. Clendennin and others, for a bank at Salem.

The Speaker announced a committee for districting the state.

The committee on unfinished business of the last legislature reported among other bills a bill incorporating the Salisbury and East Kingston railroad, and the bill incorporating the Freewill Baptist Book concern.

Mr Clark of Manchester, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, reported the bill in addition to the act incorporating the Amoskeag Manufacturing company, allowing an increase of the capital stock of said company $900,000, without amendment.

A long list of notices of itentions of introducing bills were given. Adjourned.

MARCUS MORTON. Our readers will see by our columns to-day, that the nomination of Marcus Morton as Collector of the port of Boston and Charlestown, has been confirmed by the Senate. After the efforts to defeat him, and the consequent thorough investigation into his character, this long delayed Senatorial vote, in his favor, is highly honorable to him, as a man, and an officer. We need not say that this result is not unexpected to us, and that we are well pleased with it.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

☞ The N. H. Patriot says, there are a few men in that State who lately said that they hoped that "every soldier who went to the Rio Grande would leave his bones there;" "that for every Mexican ten Americans would be killed," and declared that "the Mexicans were right and our country clearly in the wrong." These were the men who were most boisterous in their rejoicings over the election of John P. Hale.

GREAT FIRE AT SARATOGA. On Monday last, a fire broke out in the brick building near the U. S. Hotel, and destroying, before it was stopped, six buildings containing nine stores, owned and occupied by Joseph Westcott, J. B. Ricard, T. McDonnel, H. P. Hyde, W. P. Comstock, H. Eonda, and two or three others. One of the upper stories was occupied by the printing Office of the Saratoga Sentinel, which was destroyed. It was supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

MORE VOLUNTEERS. A correspondent writing to us from Groton under date of June 8th, says, "I am authorized to state that at a meeting of the members of the Groton Artillery they unanimously voted to tender their services to his Excellency the Governor, whenever in his wisdom it is deemed expedient to call any of the independent troops into actual service.

HAVANA. The latest intelligence from Havana is that the two Mexican steamers, the *Montazuma*, and the *Guadaloupe* are at anchor there; their officers and crew well, and overjoyed at having so luckily escaped the American squadron.

☞ A splendid and commodious house has been erected and fitted up at the Bedford Springs, for the accomodation of invalids, and pleasure parties. These springs within a few years have become much noted. See advertisement.

☞ At the Court of common pleas now holden at Concord on motion of Hon. Thomas Hopkinson, Thomas A. Parsons of this city was admitted an attorney and Counselor at Law to practice in all the Courts of this commonwealth.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce writes in a P. S.—

"I have been advised from unquestionable sources that the Oregon negotiations have been resumed under circumstances that promise a speedy and happy conclusion."

☞ In the list of captains of Kentucky companies, volunteered for the war, the name of Cassius M. Clay does not appear. We took the report of the newspapers. It is a mistake, as the Salem Gazette suggests.—*Post.*

☞ The N. Y. Mirror thinks a good many of the "Flying Rumors," of the day would be more appropriately designated by taking off the F.

☞ The amount of Wool to be clipped in the U. States, in 1846, is estimated at 149,000,000 lbs., valued at $36,000,000.

☞ There is one mean rich man whom the Daguerreans have tried three times to get a likeness of, but failed, because he was *too stingy to leave his shadow!*

AVENGERS. A brother of the late Col. Cross and a brother of Lieut. Porter have enlisted, and are on their way to the seat of war.

☞ Mexico has not less than three thousand mines which have produced more silver than all the world—besides, about $25,000,000, annually now.

☞ It is estimated that the amount of American property now afloat on the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and in the South Seas, is probably worth $100,000,000.—*Exeter News Letter.*

☞ Mr Meredith, of Baltimore, son of Ivan Meradith, was shot through the heart by Dr Harper, at Liberty, Missouri, last week. They had been playing cards.

☞ Judge Archibald Randall, of the U. S. District Court died on Monday last, of apoplexy.

☞ A correspondent of the Boston Transcript, writing from Detroit in relation to the copper fever there says,

"Depend upon it, there is a tremendous excitement upon the subject, and the time is coming when, in relation to some of the locations, the truth of the old maxim will be most keenly felt—"the devil take the hindmost."

☞ The Louisiana Legislature has adjourned *sine die.*

☞ The yellow fever has made its appearance at Cuba.

☞ Mike Walsh has been pardoned by the Governor. Glad to hear it.

☞ The steamer Great Britain sailed from New York Monday, with 41 passengers.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Important from Washington—Changes in the Cabinet—The Oregon Question near a settlement.

From the Journal of Commerce.

I am justified by my information, which is from authentic sources, in saying that the Oregon question is, in fact, SETTLED, so far as the British government and the President are concerned.

The President will communicate to the Senate in a few days the proposition of Mr Packenham, and take the advice of that body upon it.

A treaty will be concluded in a fortnight, beyond a doubt. The terms offered are such that there can be no reasonable objections to them. They are, substantially, 49—whole of Vancouvre's island—and common navigation of the Columbia.

CABINET CHANGES.

There is to be a general change in the Cabinet, consequent upon the adjustment of the Oregon question.

Mr Buchanan is to retire from the State Department. Some say Mr Rush will succeed him.

Mr Walker may be transferred to the War Department. That part of the arrangement I doubt.

Mr Haywood will take Mr Bancroft's place, and Mr B. will go abroad.

Mr McLane will return from England immediately.

Nothing further from the seat of the war.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Mexico determined to carry on the War—demands on Churches—Movement of Paredes.

Office of the New Orleans Picayune,
Tuesday, Noon, June 2d.

By the barque Louisana, Capt Willis, we have advices from Vera Cruz to the 25th ulto, five days later than those brought by Thetis. The Louisanna sailed in company with the Helen McCleod, leaving no American vessels in port. Blockade of Vera Cruz commenced on the 20th, 15 days being allowed all neutral vessels in port to load and depart. By order of Mexican government American Consuls affairs had to be closed. All American citizens were to leave the 26th. On that day the consul expected to go on board the steam frigate Mississippi. The Raritan frigate arrived on the 25th, and a sloop found lying off the port, got off in haste to prevent being seized. The day they sailed news reached Vera Cruz that Mezatlan (on the Pacific) had pronounced against Paredes. Gen Alvarez was still carrying on his hostile preparations in the south part of Mexico. A report was in circulation that Gen Paredes intended to leave the city of Mexico at the head of more troops to reinforce the army of the north. Great animosity existed against American volunteers, increased by the news of the second action of the 8th and 9th. Enormous forced loans had been imposed upon the clergy by the government. The clergy had declared itself totally unable to get the Metropolitan churches prepared to furnish subsidies of $98,000 per month; Churches of Mechoacun, $5000; of Puebla, $40,000; of Gaudalaxara, $20,000; of Durango, $15,000; of Oaxaca, $8000. These great sums show that the President is determined to prosecute the war with energy. Senor Gondey has been arrested by the government. Gen. Almonte has made formal resignation of his mission to France. In regard to Paredes putting himself at the head of the army, the El Republicano says it is uncertain whether he will repair to the Rio Grande or to Vera Cruz. He would leave the capital as soon as congress assembled. Accounts of the disastrous actions of the 8th and 9th had been received at the capital, and appeared in the official journal. They are more accurate than Mexican bulletins generally, and do credit to Arista. The news was received with regret; but with a determination to fight the war out.

MASSACRE IN TEXAS. The N. O. Courier of the 29th, speaks of a letter from San Antonio de Bexar, in which it is stated that most of the able bodied men of New Braunfels, Castlonville, and Lake Quenl, having joined Gen. Taylor's army, the Camenches and Lipans profiting by their absence, threw themselves upon the old men, women and children, burnt the houses, the crops of corn, mutilated the dead bodies, violated the women, and carried off a number of children into slavery.

GEN. TAYLOR'S CANNON will prove him to be the most efficient peace-maker. He has done more to secure the permanent peace of the country then the entire one hundred and seventy Unitarian clerical protestors against Texas, with the sprinkling of Orthodox and Universalists, who have been attempting their better qualification to preach politics then religion.—*Hill's Patriot.*

POLICE COURT.

June 9th.

Cyrus Parker—Assault and Battery fined three dollars and costs.

BEFORE W. P. WEBSTER.

June 10.

John Fenno—Assault and Battery fined three dollars and costs

June 11.

Daniel Hickey—Assault and Bottery fined three dollars and costs.

BEDFORD SPRINGS

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeble. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m.

ANOTHER RESTORED IN KENNEBECK!

East Livarmore, August 12, 1845.

Dear Sir:

You may publish this letter, or make such use of it as you think best. A year ago last fall I was taken sick with a severe cough, was very much pressed for breath, lost my appetite, and became very much reduced in my general health, sweat profusely, and could not sleep nights. I applied to a physician, who did all in his power to relieve and restore me, but did not succeed. I was confined to the house most of the winter, often had long spells of severe coughing; raised some blood. Sometime in the spring I commenced taking WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. Before I had finished one bottle I was relieved: my cough removed—my sleep restored—I had no more. I have taken 4 bottles the past season. My strength and general health is now good. I attribute it to Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Signed, NATHAN WELLINGTON.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Wellington, and believe his statement above to be true.

Signed, SUMNER G. MOULTON.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Plainsbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would have made me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all sufferers persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN DELAY.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & Co. EASTGIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. JEWETT MAN, agents for Lowell.

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Huston, "one of the best alteratives and perifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&r6uchar

☞ Bogle's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thdvm28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,
For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ep28y

MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT.

THE NEW-ENGLAND VOCALISTS, (formerly known as the Odd-Fellows Quartette Club,) will give a Concert in the Third Universalist Church, on SATURDAY Evening next, 18th inst., commencing at 3 o'clock. Doors open at 7½.

Tickets 12½ Cents,

to be obtained at the Bookstores of Messrs. Merrill & Heywood, D. Bixby, J. J. Judkins, Jona. Allen, and M. Bonney's, and at the door on the Evening of the Concert. je11a2t

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Drucutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises.

SARAH J. COLBURN.
Dracett, June 10th, 1846. je11atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store,*" up over the Post Office. je11

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

CITY OF LOWELL.

June 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to define the limits of Pawtucket street, to widen, straighten and grade the same, and to lay out sidewalks on said street or such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to act in the premises as set forth in the order, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

May 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been prescnted to the City Council, praying that the grade of the passage way running from Shattuck street between Market street and Middle street may be established,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

June 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and grade Charles street from Gorham street to Lawrence street, and to lay out sidewalks on the same or such part of the same as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and to lay out sidewalks thereon, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Perindicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearence not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the Re-prints are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States in which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11 112 Fulton st., New York.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newberg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON,
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, June 8th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS M. KITTRIDGE, of Chelmsford, in said County, Physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Kittridge will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the 19th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Kittridge and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
j9a3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Hutchinson, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twentieth day of June inst., at ten o'clock in the fore noon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, June 8th, 1846. j93t

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,
may30 a1f No. 4, Market St.

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mouslin de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 a3m

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6 atf 58, Central St.

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11 tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickinson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to have their orders with Messrs. Bixby, March, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

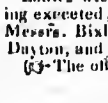
☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr Hart has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.
Lowell, May 23d, 1846. a3wis*

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr. East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

R. W. HILL, M. D.

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by fading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. Carlton & Co. City Hall; L. N. Tower, Central st.; C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. Lincoln, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Middle sts., Lowell. my2oa1year

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to the Stern corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2m C. K. MORRILL.

GRATIS.—EVENING COURSE.

FRENCH SPOKEN. ED. CHURCH'S System.—Twenty-four Free Lessons in French.

Prof. Ed. Church will begin his first free course on MONDAY, June 1st, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Mechanic's Hall.

The Lessons will begin at 8 o'clock, precisely, and close at ½ to 9, every Monday and Friday.

The tickets and Instruction Book may be had at D. Bixby's Bookstore. The Instruction Book, ($1.50,) is the only expense. Lowell, May 26, 1846.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

New Orleans and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—From Commercial Wharf. *To-marrow.*



The fine fast sailing Brig CHINCHILLA, *Patterson* master, now loading, and having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML. WELCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyson, Agent at New Orleans. je11

Mobile and Boston Packets.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
Goes up to the city without lightering.
On Saturday next.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. je11

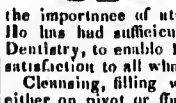
Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—From Commercial Wharf. *This Day.*



The fast sailing packet Schooner SILAS CRANE, *Johnson*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je11

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOVE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

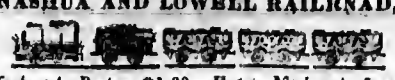
THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28 a1f

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. 1jan31

Lowell, Boston and Maine Railroads.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.



Arroogement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

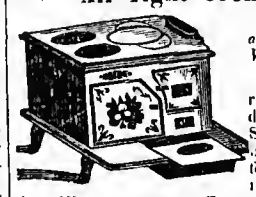
Removal.---Sash, Doors, and Blinds.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tjuai9

WAGER & DATER'S

Air-Tight Cooking Stove,



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. thuai7

Dr. Morrill's Compound Sarsaparilla.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. a3p1y mai5

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [ifapr7] April 6, 1846.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

AUCTION SALES.

By E. B. Patch.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale,) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon the *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

6 Tenements in Central Village; Dracutt.

On MONDAY, the 15th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the Premises.

2 blocks—divided into 6 small tenements—situated on *Fletcher & Edward's Court*, about 20 rods west of Dracutt Bridge—rented to good tenants at $400 per ann.

The above is in the immediate vicinity of the Massachusetts and Boott Mills, and the tenements are of the right size to rent at all times.

Terms one-third *Cash*, the balance in one or 2 years, and interest annually.

On SATURDAY, June 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of land situated on John Street, (adjoining land owned by Dr. Leach) containing 4000 square feet. This is the most central and desirable lot in the market. Terms—$1000 may remain on a mortgage from 4 to 6 years, the balance cash or Bankable notes. je4

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

By S. C. Shapleigh.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On SATURDAY next, June 13th, instead of the 11th, as before advertised—The entire stock of a Dealer, comprising the largest and best stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods ever sold by auction in this city. Particulars hereafter. Catalogues will be ready and the Goods may be seen on Wednesday, 10th. Sale positive to close an estate. je6

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

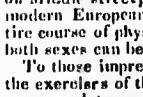
Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

Returning—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

Salem and Wilmington Stage. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

Returning—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

Hats! Hats!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Cosier, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Cosier's summer style silver drab Beever Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—payable in advance—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlyma9

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bod'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr. WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. As regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.
Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple skin boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price for to two dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State st.
March 18, 1846. [ifmar18] Cor

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meacham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Connor, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv3iumur26

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacee; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physicians attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesnn.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&P6incho

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
ON
Childrens' Worm Medicine.

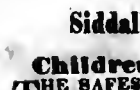
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge; by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at fair prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
ebl7 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screems have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymon, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tames, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and an examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this opposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, by none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines wherein has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kiducys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scorvey and syphilis; canker, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diorrhea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasms of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against ourchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Carriage Manufactory.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.
Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ms&pdec20

Trees, Shrubs. &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Konrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

uprIItf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictious of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false oglulous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly sus picion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of enquiries who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. nlyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to the jaws of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations porporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above: They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR:

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosaur9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One only told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by, *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply to W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. feb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 13, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 70.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 1y

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. tf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
ap12 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES, AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jae21aty *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&Pty



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Assures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morcens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newkampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jnn. 20, 1845. jnat.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Warn and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves those articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846, alyapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. Swadrmay2

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN-LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rnag8

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and a signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Louis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, packet barge, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. s&plymon3

A. Frost & Co,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Mondy and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&patlynpr4

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GANONEH,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HALL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tf mw&spnov23

Musical Notice.
I. N. METCALF, Teacher of the Piano forte, Singing, Cultivation of the Voice, &c. Also, dealer in Sheet Music and Musical Works
☞ New Music received from Boston every week.
Office at Merrill and Heywood's Bookstore, No. 23, Central street, Lowell. 3mmar12

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 58, Central St.

"THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS."
BY THE LATE THOMAS HOOD.

One more unfortunate,
Weary of breath,
Rashly importunate,
Gone to her death!

Take her up tenderly,
Lift her with care;
Fashion'd so slenderly,
Young and so fair!

Look at her garments,
Clinging like cerements;
Whilst the wave constantly
Drips from her clothing;
Take her up instantly,
Loving, not Loathing,

Touch her not scornfully;
Think of her mournfully,
Gently and humanely,
Not of the stains of her;
All that remains of her,
Now, is pure womanly.

Make no deep scrutiny,
Into her mority,
Rash and undutiful!
Past all dishonor,—
Death has left on her
Only the beautiful.

Still for all slips of her's—
One of Eve's family—
Wipe those poor lips of her's
Oozing so clammily.

Lock up her tresses,
Escaped from the comb—
Her fair auburn tresses;
Whilst wonderment guesses,
Where was her home?

Who was her father?
Who was her mother?
Had she a sister?
Had she a brother?
Or was there a dearer one
Still, and a nearer one
Yet, than all other?

Alas! for the rarity
Of Christian charity
Under the Sun!
Oh! it was pitiful!
Near a whole city full,
Home she had none!

Sisterly, brotherly,
Fatherly, motherly
Feelings had changed:
Love by harsh evidence,
Thrown from its eminence,
Even God's Providence
Seeming estranged.

Where the lamps quiver
So far in the river,
With many a light,
From window and casement,
From garret to basement,
She stood, with amazement,
Houseless by night.

The bleak wind of March
Made her tremble and shiver;
But not the dark arch;
Or the black-flowing river;
Mad from life's history,
Glad to death's mystery,
Swift to be hurled,—
Anywhere, anywhere,
Out of this world!

In she plunged boldly,—
No matter how coldly
The rough river run,—
Over the brink of it;
Picture it, think of it,
Dissolute Man!
Love in it, drink of it,
Then, if you can!

Take her up tenderly,
Lift her with care;
Fashion'd so slenderly,
Young and so fair!
Ere her limbs frigidly
Stiffen too rigidly,
Decently, kindly,
Smooth and compose them;
And her eyes close them,
Staring so blindly!

Dreadfully staring
Through muddy impority,
As when with the raving
Last look of despairing,
Fixed on futurity.

Perishly gloomily,
Spurred by contumely
Cold Inhumanity,
Burning Insanity,
Into her rest!
Cross her hands humbly,
As if praying dumbly,
Over her breast!

Owning her weakness,
Her evil behavior;
And leaving with meekness,
Her sins to her Savior!

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

The First Affront.

BY GEO. HAYDEN.

[Concluded.]

"Hampton's second would have remonstrated, but Hampton checked him, and bade him enquire the distance. A thrill of horror ran through the hearts of all present except Hampton, as Jameson with a deliberate smile replied—

"'Foot to foot!'

"'I accede to your terms, since you so eagerly thirst for my life,' said Hampton, not a muscle of his countenance betraying the slightest agitation; 'but shall we die as we have lived, *friends?*' he continued, with a melancholy smile, advancing and proffering his hand to his adversary.

"'No! I die on terms of friendship with no such base villain!' replied Jameson, grinding his teeth with rage.

"The pistols were charged and reluctantly placed in their hands by their companions, one of whom was selected to give the signal to fire by counting four. They advanced from their companions, and stationed themselves, 'foot to foot,' in the center of the room. The muzzels of their pistols rested against each other's breast, immediately over the heart. It was a fearful scene thus to behold two bosoms-friends tottering on the verge of eternity, into which, if hurled, it would unquestionably be as *murderers!*—Humanity shuddered at the spectacle, and Christianity sorrowed on account of the insult offered her. It was a moment of breathless interest. The blood curdled in the veins, all respiration ceased, and only the heavy throbings of hearts could be heard, as the young man chosen for the sad purpose pronounced in a faltering voice,

"'One—two—three—'

"Before he could utter the last fatal word, the

door was suddenly burst open, and Anna Cuthbert, knocking up Jameson's pistol (for Hampton nobly determined to spare the life of his friend, though at the price of his own, had previously without being noticed pointed his to the ceiling,) rushed into his arms. As soon as she had recovered her breath she exclaimed—

"Oh see! see how deeply you have wronged him!" At the same time holding up before Jameson's bewildered vision his own miniature, which he had presented to Joseph Hampton, as a memento of their friendship, and which she, after oft renewed solicitations, had obtained from him."

"And her blushes were no doubt produced by some joke of his touching her anticipated union with Jameson," said James Thornton, interrupting his uncle.

"Precisely so!" said old Mr Thornton. "But to bring the tale to a conclusion," he continued —"no sooner was Jameson convinced how wrongfully he had acted, then grasping Hampton's hand, he said—

"'My friend, my injured friend, can you forgive me?'

"Yes, freely! and may this prove a lesson for us both!' was Hampton's reply. And firm friends they remained ever after."

"But pray, uncle, who might this Thomas Jameson be, whose real name you have kept a secret?" inquired James Thornton, whose corisosity was awakened.

A smile brightened the old man's countenance, and he cast an affectionate glance at his wife, as he replied—

"Why, Thomas Jameson was no other than your old uncle; who has just related the tale to you, and whom you no doubt consider somewhat of an egotist, but who has simply stated matters as they really were; and Anna Cuthbert was your Aunt Nancy' who sits so demurely in the corner, as if study ng over the events of her younger days, and deploring the sad loss of her yeauty, of which that remorseless old thief, time, has long since robbed her."

"Enough! I will hasten instantly to my friend, and let him clear up this matter, which I am conscious he will do to my satisfaction," said James Thornton; and taking his hat in his hand, he opened the door, and—was caught in the arms of Charles Laugton, who, fearing that his friend might have taken offence at his behavior on the previous night, had come to inform him that he did not hear him when he saluted h m, nor know that he had passed, till he was pointed out to him by Mr Wilson. The l tter was at the time endeavoring to convince him of the impropriety of his conduct towards Thornton at Mrs Harden's party—a task which he had happily succeeded in—and then awaited but Thornton's coming at the hotel, on the opposite side of the street, to render him an apology.

Congress.

Wednesday June 10.

In the Senate, Mr Cass made a brief personal explanation on e letter published in the Union by Geoeral Gaines.

Gen. Gaines says that Mr. Cass, when Secretary of War, had approved his (Gen. Gaines) conduct in mising troops for the Creek and Seminole War in 1836.

Gen. Cass went on to prove that Gen. Gaines had inadverteatly fallen into an error.

The reso ution submitted by Mr Turney, that the committee on military affairs enquire into the expediency of exempting the property and persons of volunteers from arrest by siezure during their term of public service, was rejected.

The Senate then took op the Supplemental war bill, returned with amendments by the House of Representatives.

The first amendment of the House for reducing the number of Major and Brigadier Generals was agreed to by a vote of 26 to 18.

A message was received from the President and the Senate passed into executive session and sat to a late hoor. [*The message contained the basis of a treath for the settlement of the Oregon question, which was discussed at great length by the Senate*]

In the House, Mr Pilsbury from Texas, appeared, was qualified and took his seat.

Mr Rockwell, of Conn., moved, as a privilege question, a reconsideration of the vote passing the bill authorizing a convention to form a constitution for Wisconsin, for the purpose of striking out a proviso that the convention may alter the boundary described in the bill. After debate, the vote by which the bill was engrossed was then reconsidered, and the vote by which the proviso was adopted, as an amendment, was reconsidered; the proviso was stricken out, and the bill which defines the boundary of the state was passed.

[From the Boston Post.

Whiggery in New Hampshire.

Gov. Anthony Colby's Message. The federalists of Massachusetts are in ecstacies with the message of their brother federalist, Gov. Colby, of New Hampshire. It gives them, to use the words of the Atlas, "unmixed satisfaction." And well it may, for it goes all lengths with them in their tariff doctrines and anti-Texas notions. It will suit, also their allies the abolitionists, for it is sufficiently denunciatory of our brethren of the southern states. It is party up to the hub, and presents the dignified spectacle of the chief magistrate of a state giving a fling at the Baltimore democratic convention. The Atlas can hardly contain itself in rejoicing: it sees in the message every thing that is high and noble, &c.

The governor has one significant paragraph:—

"The treasurer in due time will make known the condition of the state finances. I HAVE GOOD REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE STATE IS NOT EMBARRASSED WITH DEBTS."

The governor's partyism would permit nothing more than this in compliment to the incorruptible honesty of the New Hampshire democracy. They have resisted the temptations to run into indebtedness, when all around them was speculation, and they deliver over to their opponents an unincumbered possession. Yet the governor has only soul enough to give to this policy the few words we have quoted.

Of course the governor has a fling at the south—an ungracious boast, and in excessive bad taste, of northern freedom. His words on Texas are as follow:—

"Texas has been annexed to the United States, for no higher object than to perpetuate an institution which degrades the human race, and dishonors the God of Heaven. For doing this there is no excuse that will avail for our country before a righteous Judge."

Gov. Colby knows better, or ought to know better than this. With as much reason he might say that the Washingtons, Jeffersons, Madisons, and Franklins struck for independence to perpetuate the institution of slavery. This, and one or two more such paragraphs, however, was the sop the goverоor was in duty bound to cast to the Hale Cerebus.

It is amusing to hear such a governor talk about working "regardless of party"! Whatever sins Gen. Anthony Colby has to answer for, one of them will not be a want of fidelity to federal principles or the federal party.

"Pot calling the kettle black." The Register talks about some *black*-gaurd locofoco—it don't mean us, however. But 'tis very naughty to call such hard names. In our time we have seen *black* whigs, and we know some who are very *green*, and in 1840 we saw a great many who were confoundedly *blue*.—*Salem Advertiser.*

Marry. "If you are for pleasure, marry.
If you prize your health, marry.
And even if money be your object, marry.
If you love the Creator, you ought to marry, to raise up worshippers—if you love the ladies you ought to marry, to make them happy—if you love your country, you ought to marry, to raise up soldiers to defend it—in fact if you wish well of earth and heaven, you ought to marry, to give good citizens to one, and glorious angels to the other."

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 13, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

☞ The Courier, in an article attempting to justify *the sixteen whigs who voted against furnishing supplies and men for Gen. Taylor's army, when surrounded by the Mexicans and the greatest alarm was felt lest they should be cut to pieces or perish from starvation*, says, some of the whigs upon the final vote did enter their protest against the preamble. Very true, perhaps that some of the whigs did so, but they were not of *the sixteen*. *The sixteen* voted against the preamble, supplies, men, money and all. Had *the sixteen* voted for the bill and entered their protest to the preamble, (if they had conscientious scruples as to the truth of the statement there put forth) they would have acted as become patriots instead of being branded, as they eternally will be, as *traitors*.

Will the Courier tell us why *the sixteen* did not vote for the bill and enter their protest to the preamble?—The reason has been given that the time was short and they had no opportunity. Had not *the sixteen* the same opportunity as those who did enter their protest?

Reprint of Foreign Reviews.

We were about to write a notice of these works, when our eye caught the following in the Augusta Age, which so well expresses our views that we are happy to adopt it:

"We invite the especial attention of our readers to an advertisement in another column of our paper, setting forth the character and value of the several English Reviews therein mentioned, which are republished in the best style, and at the shortest notice, by Leonard Scott & Co., New York. Such is the high character of these publications, that it can be hardly necessary to say anything in their commendation. Still, however, to those who may not have had an opportunity to peruse these publications, we would say, that there is not probably to be found in the English language, so much interesting matter, from the most distinguished writers in Europe, within the same compass, and for any thing like the same price, as is to be obtained in these reviews. So abundant are the productions of the press in these days, that to keep up with the times, and obtain a knowledge of the productions of all the various authors who crowd the field of modern literature, requires an amount of labor and expense, that few men of business can afford. But it is nevertheless highly desirable for all intelligent men to know what these various and numerous productions contain. As we have already remarked, we know of no possible channel through which this information can be obtained as easily as through the medium of these republications. Engaged as contributors to the different reviews, are nearly all the distinguished literary men and women of England. These writers explore the whole field of literature, domestic and foreign, and condense the mass of crude materials in such a manner as to exclude the less valuable, while the pith and marrow are retained. In the field of politics, every shade of opinion is to be found, from that of the most rigid monarchist to that of the ultra liberalist, with almost every intermediate shade of opinion. In fact, these several reviews contain a complete epitome of the literary, political and scientific production of modern Europe, and of the civilized world. No intelligent man should be without them."

Stones broken open. Thursday night a parcel of scoundrels commenced operations in Lowell.—Mr Ivory Gould's clothing store, No. 1 Commercial Square, directly under the Advertiser office, was broken into by taking out two panes of glass. Goods to the amount of about one hundred dollars or so were carried off. Among the articles taken were shirts, bosoms, coats, pants, vests, &c., &c. The thieves helped themselves likewise to five dollars in change. The rascals seem to have "had some fun," for they tossed and tumbled the clothing in all directions.—They were evidently greater fools than thieves generally are, and will speedily be caught.

The theives appear to have adjourned from Mr Gould's store across Prescott street, to a fruit store, kept by Mr Chase. Here they threw the fruit about and acted as silly as before.

Mr William Prescott's stall, No. 16 Market house was also entered through a broken window. Mr Prescott deals in butter and cheese. The robbers tumbled over the contents of the desk, found the key to the safe, opened it and threw the papers on the floor—took an hundred coppers and exit.

We are pleased to learn that the watchmen were neither disturbed nor injured by these robberies. The Courier with wonderful impertinence asks where they were. What business is it to him, we should like to know? They were safe, and that's enough!

War afloat. The English are anticipating an invasion of their island by the French when death shall have terminated the existence of Louis Philippe. The London Quarterly Review thinks there are 80,000 men in France among her army of 450,000 "who would esteem it an honor and a privilege to burn Portsmouth, Chatham and Sheerness even if they were assured that in their blood the flames which they had kindled would be extinguished." The United service Journal writing on the invasion and defence of Great Britain says, "Since the peace of 1815 the agricultural commercial and manufacturing resources of the French Empire have received a development which at no former period of her history they ever attained. Her population in round numbers is 37 millions. Her revenue exceeds that of Great Britain, while her debt only amounts to one fourth the of the encumbrance which exercises so chilling an influence on the energies of this country."

Fourth of July.

We are requested to inform our readers that there will be an adjourned meeting of the friends of Temperance at 7½ o'clock, THIS EVENING, in the City Hall for the purpose of completing arrangements for celebrating the coming Fourth of July.

The New York Sun, one of the best papers in the country, having some of its political heresies, defended against a libel suit, on Tuesday last, and was muleted to the tune of *six cents damages and six cents costs.* We should have expected such would have been the result from the universal character of that paper.

☞ The Norwich Cadets will arrive in town this afternoon at 5 o'clock. They will be the guests of the Mechanic's Phalanx.

☞ A correspondent of the N. Y. Sun, writing from Washington, gives the best and fairest idea of Gen. Scott's impropriety of conduct, of anything we have seen, and therefore we copy it instead of the whole correspondence between him and the war department, as it is very lengthy. The President's message, and a portion of Gen. Scott's letter to the war department, we publish in another column.

War Department's Correspondence with Gen. Scott.

Washington, June 9, 1846.

The President, in obedience to the call of Congress, has submitted the correspondence between Gen. Scott and the war department, relative to his taking command of the army on the Rio Grande. The President in his message to the Senate, states that on the same day he signed the bill providing for prosecuting the war, he communicated to Gen. Scott, through the Secretary of War, and also in a personal interview his desire that he should take command of the army on the Rio Grande, and of the volunteer forces which would be called forth to march against Mexico. The President voluntarily tendered this command to Gen. Scott without any intimation that the service was desired by him. He did so because Gen. Scott was commander-in-chief, and had a right, by his rank in the army, to command the forces. Gen. Scott assented, and at a subsequent interview, the arrangements, number of troops, and various other subjects were discussed, tending to give force and efficiency to the command. It was distinctly settled and well understood, that Gen Scott was to have the command of the army against Mexico, until the Secretary of war submitted the letter of Gen. Scott of the 21st of May, to the President, the character of which made it necessary for the President to change his determination in regard to the command, and to inform Gen. Scott that he was relieved from the command of the army destined to march against Mexico, and subsequently, after his appointment as Major General, Gen. Taylor was directed to take command. Gen. Scott, in his letter to the Secretary of War, says he has received no order to take command of the army, but has held himself in readiness, and has been assiduously engaged in making all the preliminary arrangements for the equipment of the volunteers and much of the forces, in which he has been indefatigable in his efforts to give efficiency to the army destined to invade Mexico; but Gen. Scott informs the Secretary that in the midst of these hurs, he has been compelled to stop the necessary work to "*guard himself*" against condemnation which he apprehended in a "high quarter." The General proceeds to state that he is too old a soldier not to secure "himself from danger, (ill will or pre-condemnation in his rear, before advancing on the enemy,") which he subsequently explains to mean that it is not his desire to place himself in a most perilous position, viz:—"*A fire upon his rear from Washington, and the fire in front from the Mexicans.*" Gen. Scott then proceeds to show the amount of force required, and the manner in which the war should be conducted. The Secretary of War, in reply, strongly condemns the language used by Gen. Scott, as reflecting upon the character of the President, insinuating that he was capable of acting in bad faith to the commander of the army, as well as manifesting a reckless disregard to the interests of the country; and having exhibited the letter of Gen. Scott to the President, he was directed to inform Gen. Scott that he will be continued in his present position at Washington. Gen. Scott, in reply, disavows any intention to imply any doubt of the good faith of the President, or any disposition to apply to him any disrespectful words. Neither did he accuse the Secretary of War, but he had reason to believe that the Secretary had allowed himself to be influenced by persons who were not friendly to him, and who might take advantage of his absence to prejudice him in the estimation of the President. Some further explanations passed, but the President adhered to his determination to continue Gen. Taylor in command of the army, and to retain Gen. Scott at the head of the Bureau. I regret, in the present state of affairs, to see any misunderstanding between the President and the war department, and the oldest Major General in the service, and one who has in other times rendered good service to his country, has placed himself in such a position and a conference of the nation, but it seems to me that there can be but one opinion on the merits of this case, and that is unfavorable to the course of Gen. Scott. A soldier must always obey orders. When the commander-in-chief in person informed Gen Scott that it was his desire that he should command the army destined against Mexico, and when Gen. Scott understood that he was to have the command, all that remained at the proper time, was to say to the President, "I am ready, sir, to receive my instructions." Instead of which, he informs the Secretary of War "that he had received no orders to command the army." Did General Scott require any other orders than the verbal direction of the commander-in-chief to make his arrangements to take that command? Is it in conformity with military usage for an officer to receive an order to execute a certain trust from a superior officer, to demand it in writing? Did Gen. Scott believe that not a promise, but a direction received from the President of the United States would have been abrogated and rendered null and void without cause. What did Gen. Scott mean in saying to the Secretary of War—"I do not desire to be fired upon from my rear at Washington, and in front by the Mexicans? A soldier must look forward, not backward—he must look at the enemies of his country, not himself—it is the foe whom he is called upon to punish and subdue, not to defend his own position and reputation from secret enemies behind him. I cannot, therefore, imagine any other course left for the President to pursue in receiving these letters, than to continue Gen. Taylor in command. He is bound to sustain the dignity of the office confided to him by the people. S. T.

☞ The leading article in the Eastern Argus of June 2d, is an appeal to the democrats to prepare for the fall campaign. The Star of the East is thoroughly democratic and we trust the independent sons of that state will not see her lustre dimmed. New Hampshire has, for the moment, thrown herself into the arms of the federal opposition much to her injury and much to the regret of a large majority of her citizens. Let not Maine do likewise and have like cause for shame and sorrow!

The Argus truly says, and we trust every patriot in Maine will feel the high responsibility resting upon him when called on to deposite his ballot at the next election,—

"Our country is engaged in a war, the ultimate consequences of which is beyond human ken. She needs the hearty support of all the true friends of her free institutions, and she should be prepared to encounter opposition, as of old, from the panders of European aristocracy and bloated wealth.

Should the federalists succeed in their efforts to overthrow the democratic party in Maine, what support would the general government receive from our State in case of a continuance of the war? Let the conduct of the same party in the last war, under the administration of Gov. Strong, answer. Who would desire to see the lustre of the "Star in the East" thus dimmed and disgraced?"

☞ The Norwich Cadets, together with the military companies of this city, have been invited to attend the concert of the Quartette Club this evening, at the Third Universalist Church.

☞ A horse attached to a milk cart, thundered up Prescott street, this morning with a dog at his nose and a long string of men and boys at his heels. Damage trifling.

☞ Mr Merriam paid us his respects again yesterday, and left another lot of the best vegetables of the season.

☞ It appears by the proceedings of Congress of the 10th inst. that the subject of a *treaty for the settlement of the Oregon question* is being considered by the Senate.

President's Message.

In Senate, June 8, the following message was received from the President of the United States:

To the Senate of the United States:

I communicate herewith a report from the Secretary of war, transmitting the correspondence called for by the resolution of the senate of the 5th instant, with Gen. Edmund P. Gaines and Gen. Winfield Scott, of the army of the United States.

The report of the Secretary of war, and the accompanying correspondence with General Gaines, contain all the information in my possession in relation to calls for "volunteers or militia into the service of the United States" "by an officer of the army," without legal authority therefor," and of the "measures which have been adopted" "in relation to such officer or troops so called into service."

In addition to the information contained in the report of the secretary of war, and the accompanying correspondence with "Major General Scott of the United States army, upon the subject of his taking the command of the army of occupation on the frontier of Texas"—I state that on the same day on which I approved and signed the act of the 13th of May, 1846, entitled "an act providing for the prosecution of the existing war between the United States and the republic of Mexico," I communicated to General Scott, through the secretary of war, and also in a personal interview with that officer, my desire that he should take command of the army on the Rio Grande, and of the volunteer forces, which I informed him it was my intention forthwith to call out to march to that frontier, to be employed in the prosecution of the war against Mexico. That the tender of the command to General Scott was voluntary on my part, and was made without any request or intimation on the subject from him. It was made in consideration of his rank as commander-in-chief of the army. My communications with General Scott assigning him the command were verbal, first through the secretary of war, and afterwards in person. No written order was deemed to be necessary. General Scott assented to assume the command, and on the following day I had another interview with him and the secretary of war, in relation to the number and apportionment among the several states of the volunteer forces to be called out for immediate service; the forces which were to be organized and held in readiness subject to a future call should it become necessary; and other military preparations and movements to be made with a view to to the vigorous prosecution of the war. It was distinctly settled and was well understood by Gen. Scott, that he was to command the army in the war against Mexico, and so continued to be settled and understood, without any other intention on my part, until the secretary of war submitted to me the letter of Gen. Scott, addressed to him under date of the 21st of May, 1846, a copy of which is herewith communicated. The character of that letter made it proper, in my judgment, to change my determination in regard to the command of the army; and the secretary of war, by my direction, in his letter of the 25th of May, 1846, a copy of which is also herewith communicated, for the reasons therein assigned, informed Gen. Scott that he was relieved from the command of the army destined to prosecute the war against Mexico, and that he would remain in the discharge of his duties at Washington. The command of the army on the frontier of Mexico has since been assigned to Gen. Taylor, with his brevet rank of major general, recently conferred upon him.

JAMES K. POLK.

Extracts from Gen. Scott's letter to the Secretary of War.

Headquarters of the Army
Washington, May 2d, 1846.

Sir: I have received no orders as yet, assigning me to the immediate command of the army, about to conquer a peace within Mexico; but I have been told to hold myself in readiness for that service. From that moment I have occupied myself, incessantly, with the vast preliminary arrangements which can only be made advantageously at this place, through the respective chiefs of the several staff—the adjutant general, quartermaster general, commissary general of subsistence, chief of ordnance, and surgeon general.

* * * * * *

In the midst of these multitudinous and indispensable occupations, I have learned from you that much impatience is already felt, perhaps in high quarters, that I have not already put myself in route for the Rio Grande; and now with 14 hours a day of preliminary work remaining on my hands for many days, I feel myself compelled to stop that necessary work to guard myself against, perhaps, utter condemnation in the quarters alluded to. I am too old a soldier, and have had too much special experience, not to feel the infinite importance of securing myself against danger (ill-will or pre-condemnation,) in the rear, before advancing upon the public enemy.

Not an advantageous step can be taken in a forward march, without the confidence that all is well behind. If insecure in that quarter, no General can put his whole heart and mind into the work to be done in front. I am, therefore, not a little alarmed, nay, crippled in my energies, by the knowledge of the impatience in question; and I beg to say I fear no other danger.

My intentions have been, after making all preliminary arrangements here, to pass down the Ohio and Mississippi, to see, or to receive myself by correspondence, that the volunteers, on whom we are mostly to rely in the prosecution of the existing war, are rapidly assembling for the service—to learn the probable time of their readiness to advance upon Mexico—to ascertain if their supplies of every kind are in place, or are likely to be in place in sufficient time—to hasten one and the other—to harmonize the movements of volunteers, and to modify their routes (if necessary) so that all, or at least a sufficient number, shall arrive at the indicated points on the Mexican frontier, at the best periods, and, as far as practicable, about the same time. All that I have sketched, I deem to be not only useful to success, but indispensable. As a soldier, I make this assertion, without the fear of contradiction from any honest and candid soldier.

Against the *ad captandum* condemnation of all other persons, whoever may be designated for the high command in question, there can be no reliance (in his absence) other than the active, candid, and steady support of his government. If I cannot have that sure basis to rest upon, it will be infinitely better for the country, (not to speak of my personal security,) that some other commander of the new army against Mexico should be selected. No matter who he may be, he shall, at least, be judged and supported by me, in this office and everywhere else, as I would desire, if personally in that command, to be myself judged and supported.

My explicit meaning is, that I do not desire to place myself in the most perilous of all positions—*a fire upon my rear from Washington, and the fire in front from the Mexicans.*

* * * * * *

However the foregoing suggestions (hastily thrown together) may be viewed, I have deemed it due more to the country than my humble self, that I should present them, and await the wishes or the orders of the President.

With great respect, I have the honor to remain, sir, your most obedient servant.

WINFIELD SCOTT.

Hon. W. L. Marcy, Secretary of War.

☞ Mr. J. L. Hill, of the firm of Hill & Hunt, Saxonville, was relieved of his pocket book, containing $100, on Tuesday last, between Faneuil Hall and State street, Boston.

Hon. Daniel Webster has our thanks for a copy of his speech in vindication of the Ashburton or Washington Treaty. We shall give it a careful examination as soon as our time will admit.

Col. J. H. Johnson, one of the most gentlemanly, whole-hearted men we ever met with, will accept our thanks for public documents.

☞ "We prefer "*leaded* matter" if you please," as the typo volunteers said to the Mexicans when they shot copper balls.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Great Gale at Point Isabel.

The Steamer Alabama sailed from Brazos de Santiago on the 1st inst. and arrived at N. O. on the 6th. She brought the news of a Gale at Point Isabel or Fort Polk, which blew ashore the steamers Augusta, See, and Col. Harney, and schrs. Waterman, and Eulalia. It blew down all the tents upon the Points, leaving the wounded and sick exposed to its fury.

☞ A fire in Boston this morning destroyed several small poor wooden buildings, between Cova and South streets, occupied by some Irish laborers, as stables. Loss inconsiderable—the fire, as supposed, the work of an incendiary. Three horses perished in the flames, and several dirt carts and huracsses were burned up.

New Books.

Received of Harper and Brothers the following New works which may be found at Bixby's. We shall refer to them more particularly hereafter.

No. 2 of Pictorial History of England.

Nos. 81—82—83—and 84 of the illuminated Shakspeare.

Nos. 13 and 14 of Wandering Jew.

Part 25 of Dictionary of Practical medicine.

Novels. Emilia Wyndham, Chronicles of Clovernook, and Crichton.

Historical. A year among the Jesuits and Voyages in the Arctic Regions.

New Hampshire Legislature.

We learn from the Daily N. H. Patriot, that on Friday afternoon, Col. Joseph Cilley of Nottingham, was elected U. S. Senator from that State, to serve out the unexpired term of Mr Woodbury.

Asa McFarland was chosen Public printer.

George G. Fogg was chosen Secretary of State.

James Peverly, jr., at the third balloting, was elected State Treasurer.

Edmund N. Andross was elected Commissary General.

No business of importance has yet been acted upon in the N. H. Legislature, except the organization of the Government.

Justice's Court.

before wm. p. webster.

Commonwealth against *Leonard Woods*, for an assault and battery on S. C. Shapleigh. It appeared in evidence that Woods was in the habit of frequenting Shapleigh's private counting room—that there was strong feelings of mutual dislike—that on the day of the alleged assault Woods came into Shapleigh's counting room and used gross personal abuse. Shapleigh ordered him out—he refused—Shapleigh took him by the shoulder—Woods struck him, and after some scuffling the affray ended.

The Court in summing up, said, that every person had absolute control in and over his private [illegible]es. Mr Shapleigh's counting-room was as private as any business place could be; the law justified the imposition of hands—the use of moderate force in thrusting out an intruder. The blow struck by Woods was the first violation of the law, and the Court decided that the defendant should pay a fine of $3 and costs.—Shapleigh himself appeared in behalf of the Commonwealth and conducted the case better than one half the lawyers.

Police Court.

James Keating, Thos. Rariden, Morris Hannofan, Richard Fitzgerald, Thos. Hurley, James Senton, Dennis O'Neal, Patrick O'Neal, Peter Seaden and Augustus Dupee were brought up before the Police Court for throwing stones. Rariden was discharged, the rest were fined $1 apiece and costs.

Small Pox. The Dover Gazette says there has been twenty cases of small pox in Tamworth, N. H.

Oregon Question. It is now believed, and indeed is much the more probable, that the President has submitted no treaty to the Senate for the settlement of the Oregon boundary, but that he has submitted a *proposition*, the *basis* of a treaty that may be perfected should the Senate be favorable to the terms.

☞ We are happy to state that the investigation of the charges against Hon. Daniel Webster has resulted in his exculpation from any misapplication of public funds.

☞ The Atlas says that counterfeits are being multiplied daily. We have seen within a few days past, 5s and 10s of the Taunton-Bank—10s Dedham—5s Manchester, N. H.—5s Thames, Norwich Ct.—5s Meriden, Ct.—besides bills altered from broken banks.

Robbery. Mr. Moses Maodell of this town put up for the night last week at Taft's Hotel in Lowell. In the morning he discovered that his room had been entered and his watch and a few dollars in change taken. His wallet, in which was a large amount of rhino, did not fall under the fingers of the thief—One or two other rooms were entered, but nothing else stolen.—*Barre Gazette.*

Hurrah for Maine. We are informed that the lady of Mr Charles Wiggin, of Knox, Me., last week gave birth to *four children*—two boys and two girls! The children, we regret to say, died in about an hour after their birth; the mother is doing well.—*Belfast Journal.*

ANOTHER RESTORED IN KENNEBECK!

East Livermore, August 2, 1845.

Dear Sir:

You may publish this letter, or make such use of it as you think best. A year ago last fall I was taken sick with a severe cough, was very much pressed for breath, lost my appetite, and became very much reduced in my general health, sweat profusely, and could not sleep nights. I applied to a physician, who did all in his power to relieve and restore me, but did not succeed. I was confined to the house most of the winter, often and long spells of severe coughing; raised sour blood. Sometime in the spring I commenced taking WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. Before I had finished one bottle I was relieved: my cough removed—my sleep restored. I need no more. I have taken 4 bottles the past season. My strength and general health is now good. I attribute it to Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Signed, NATHAN WELLINGTON.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Wellington, and believe his statement above to be true.

Signed, SUMNER C. MOULTON.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts, CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&pupr14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Huston paper. my15 a&r6mchm

☞ Bogle's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tuthvma36

BEDFORD SPRINGS

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m

FEVER SORE. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by the dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of the sore, so that I suppose I could hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S. I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ D MILLER, M. D.

For CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. j9-1

MARRIED,

In this city, 11th inst., by Rev. Amos Blanchard, Mr Ebenezer Farrington and Miss Laura A. Sherburne.

In Littleton, 10th inst., by Rev. Mr White, Mr Isaac Whitney, of Harvard, and Miss Horcas W., daughter of Mr Reuben Hoar, of Littleton.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Society of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	2
Physicians	5	Agents	4
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Carmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

BRADBURY & GOSS,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je13

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

Goes up to the city without lightering.

This Day.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillicis Agent at Mobile. je13

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜



The superior fast sailing Bark LEPANTO, *Hatch*, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. je12

MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT.



THE NEW-ENGLAND VOCALISTS, (formerly known as the Odd-Fellows Quartette Club,) will give a Concert in the Third Universalist Church, on SATURDAY Evening next, 13th inst., commencing at 3 o'clock. Doors open at 7½.

Tickets 12½ Cents,

to be obtained at the Bookstores of Messrs. Merrill & Heywood, D. Bixby, J. J. Jodkins, Jones, Allen, and M. Bonney's, and at the door on the Evening of the Concert. je11a2t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements on the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be oversold. "*Silk and Shawl Store*," up over the Post Office. je11

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

TWELVE HUNRED SHAWLS, *And no two alike!* Prices, from $1 all the way up to $75.—Also, some more of those Elegant Crape Shawls—just received at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office. may30

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the Misletoe be available, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had at every agent.

Ossuning, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come upon perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any lad of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Gridin, Westford; Wm. Kindall, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a liberality, candor and forbearance not often found on works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the REPRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers: the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for spavins, wind-galls, spavins, decrease of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well on neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,
may30atf No. 4, Market St.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Hutchinson, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twentieth day of June inst., at ten o'clock in the fore noon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, June 8th, 1846. j93t

IS THERE A LADY *in this wide world*, who would not buy a Silk dress instead of a Mousline de Laine one, provided she could obtain it for the same money? Then go to the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office—for there you can get a Silk dress for $5 to $7, and so gradually rise to $20. my30

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that High street from East Merrimack street to Tewksbury line may be laid out and the grade established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Howe and Davidson streets may be laid out and accepted as public streets,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the part of Merrimack street north of Cabot street may be laid out and accepted, and that the grade of Merrimack street from Pawtucket street to the Merrimack Canal may be established,—The Committee of the City City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

my28a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the grade of Cabot street from Merrimack street to Lowell street, and sidewalks may be established,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

my:8.2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

NEW PRINTING OFFICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of executing, with neatness and despatch, all kinds of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, at their office (formerly Dickenson's Gymnasium) in the rear of Merrimack and Prescott streets. They trust that their long experience, with faithful attention to business, will entitle them to a share of the public patronage.

Ladies wishing to have Cards or other kinds of Printing executed, will please to leave their orders with Messrs. Bixby, Marsh, Merrill & Heywood, and N. L. Dayton, and they will be promptly attended to.

☞ The office will be open on the 1st of June.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—Mr HART has had several years' experience in the Establishment of *Dickinson & Co.*, Boston.

Lowell, May 22d, 1846. a3w18*

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, June 8th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS M. KITTRIDGE, of Chelmsford, in said County, Physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Kittridge will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the 19th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Kittridge and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
j9w3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scrofula, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Scabie, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in solemn earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is one to them.—The Dr. feeling numerous of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings can be had of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je1a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Stictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the trained evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, rendering nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on physiological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in Co. his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

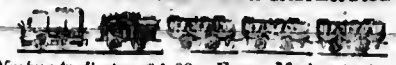
HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above soon to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 58, Central St.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell, *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua, daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hollows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Tuftonboro', Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c.; and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

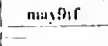
Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

—UNSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjm31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4¼ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs Cheney, Averill & Co, No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

REMOVAL.

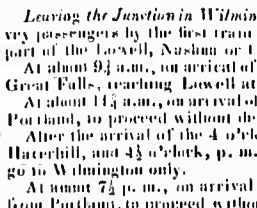
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfm19

WAGER & DATERS AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market in the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *TOVES*, both wood and coal. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Thimbles, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 113 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

HUNT & BUSH

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Their Finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most delicious medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scalp Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all venereal diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various kinds of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plynmar5

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

LESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has recommenced business, as above, and hopes by close application and keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings* and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [rfapc7] April 6, 1846.

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Stock of a Jeweller.

On WEDNESDAY next, June 17, at 10 & 2 o'clock. To be continued in the evening, if all is not sold before. The entire stock of a Watch Dealer and Jeweller of a neighboring City, consisting of about $4000 worth of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Fob and Guard Chains, Fancy Goods, &c. The whole comprising a very superior stock and worthy the attention of the trade. To be sold without reserve for Cash at the Highest Bid. ☞ Dealers are invited to examine the Stock on TUESDAY, P. M.

Catalogues will be ready Tuesday noon. je13

Great Sale of Houses, Stores and Land.

On MONDAY next, June 15th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., (on the premises,) 2 Blocks, 6 tenements, with 4876 feet of land, situated on the east side of Dummer street, known as the South Blocks. This property is centrally located, and well calculated to accommodate Tenants. It offers a good opportunity for an investment—will be sold in 1 lot or more, as may be wanted.

Also: Immediately after, a Block of Tenements and 1 Store, with 4520 feet of Land, situated on the corner of Lowell and Adams sts., will be sold in lots or the whole as may be desired at the sale.

All the above buildings are nearly new and occupied by good permanent tenants, who will remain if desired. Terms at sale. je13

On SATURDAY next, June 13th, instead of the 11th, as before advertised—The entire stock of a Broker, comprising the largest and best stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods ever sold by auction in this city. Particulars hereafter. Catalogues will be ready and the Goods may be seen on Wednesday, 10th. Sale positive to close an estate. je6

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

6 Tenements in Central Village, Dracutt.

On MONDAY, the 15th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the Premises.

2 blocks—divided into 6 small tenements—situated on *Fletcher & Edward's Court*, about 20 rods west of Dracutt Bridge—rented to good tenants at $400 per an.

The above is in the immediate vicinity of the Massachusetts and Boott Mills, and the tenements are of the right size to rent at all times

Terms one-third *Cash*, the balance in one or 2 years, and interest annually.

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16-4y DR. F. MORRILL.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell my16tf

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber must respectfully give notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Mabble street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be pertinently gratifying and important.

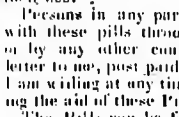
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. mdly1may9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent toothache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what were formerly exacted.* Office in Currier building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for cash. HUNT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846 my28atf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—40,000 feet merchantable white pine boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow boards and ample size boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to P. CLEAVES, 163 First Street, Concord, N. H.

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19]

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chopped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Hatley, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibbly & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Coreer, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adv3mmer26

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system must have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors most accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invelid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

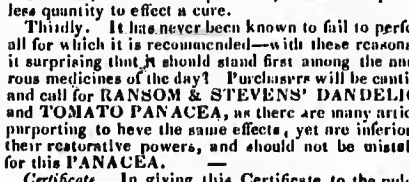
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. myl4 a&p6mchu

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

Opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BUNNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREFOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretruded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (newly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, by none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198.**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

Trees, Shrubs. &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

epr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs ea —

"Money proves for show,—
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease to sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Messey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mmsapr9

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfolous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable aperitive. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one eye, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Bruwo, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tfeb17

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 16, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 71.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, {Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 14, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 — 1y

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL.

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of Johnson, over the Drug Store,
ap12 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected. A&ply

H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1aty

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
4lf may1

HUGH McKVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4 ---

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1mar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmx18

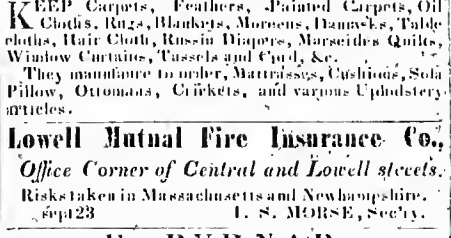
Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL,
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Curtets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ty.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7200 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Timber, sawed to dimension for three inch wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846 Swmlymay2

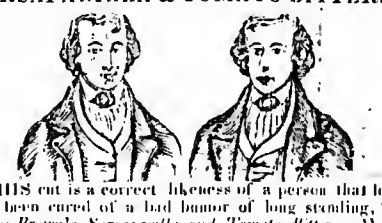
PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv&tyjan29

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and to all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, I have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. BONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&portyapo4

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK {Old No. 2, New No. 129.} STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH *in a manner warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmawa&pjan23

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Ch. Lewis, Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plymo3

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD
AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Lungs—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent* liver.
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Ahiel H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Glancehill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Hurent to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. 1aug8

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.
He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.
apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

The Divine Right of Kings.

The only king by right divine
Is Ellen King, and were she mine,
I'd strive for liberty no more,
But hug the glorious chains I wore.

Her bosom is an ivory throne,
Where tyrant virtue reigns alone;
No subject vice dare interfere
To check the power that governs here.

O! would she deign to rule my fate,
I'd worship Kings and kingly state;
And hold this maxim all life along!
The King—MY King—can do no wrong.

THE HALLS OF THE MONTEZUMAS.

Montezuma II ascended the Mexican throne A. D. 1502, at the age of twenty-three, before Mexico had been discovered by Europeans. He died 30th June, 1520, in the forty-second year of his age, of wounds inflicted by the Spanish discoverers, whom he had invited to his royal palace. Historians agree in admiring his character.

On ascending the throne, not content with the spacious residence of his father, he erected another much more magnificent, fronting on the *plaza mayor* of the present city of Mexico. So vast was this great structure, that, as one of the historians informs us, the space covered by its terraced roofs might have afforded room for thirty knights to run their coursers in a regular tournay. His fathers palace, although not so high, was so extensive that the visitors were too much fatigued in wandering through the apartments, ever to see the whole of it. The palaces are built of red stone, ornamented with marble, the arms of the Montezuma family (an eagle bearing a tiger in his talons) being sculptured over the main entrance. Crystal fountains, fed by great reservoirs on the neighburing hills, played in the vast halls and gardens and supplied water to hundreds of marble baths in the inferior of the palaces. Crowds of nobles and tributary chieftains were continually sauntering through the halls or loitering away their hours in attendance on the court.—Rich carvings in wood adorned the ceilings, beautiful mats of palm leaf covered the floors.—The walls were hung with cotton richly stained; the skins of wild animals, or gorgeous draperies of feather work wrought in imitation of birds, insects, flowers, in glowing radiance of colors. Clouds of incense from golden censors diffused intoxicating odors through splended apartments occupied by the *nine hundred and eighty* wives and five thousand slaves of Montezuma.

He encouraged science and learning, and public schools were established throughout the greater part of his empire. The city of Mexico in his day numbered twice as many inhabitants as at the present, and one thousand men were daily employed in watering and sweeping its streets, keeping them so clear that a man could traverse the whole city with as little danger of soiling his feet as his hands. A careful police guarded the city. Extensive arsenals, granaries, war horses, an aviary for the most beautiful birds, menageries, houses for reptiles and serpents, a collection of human monsters, fish-ponds built of marble, and museums and public libraries, all on the most extensive scale, added their attraction to the great city of the Aztecs. Gorgeous temples—in which human victims were sacrificed, and their blood baked in bread, or their bodies dressed for food to be devoured by the people at religious festivals,—reared their pyramidal altars far above the highest edifices. Thousands of their brother men were thus sacrificed annually. The temple of Maxtili, their war god, was so constructed that its great alarm gong, sounding to battle, roused the valley for three leagues around, and called three hundred thousand armed Aztecs to the immediate service of their monarch. So vast was the collection of birds of prey in a building devoted to them, that 500 turkeys, the cheapest meat in Mexico, were allowed for their daily consumption. Such were the "Halls of the Montezumas!" The summer residence of the monarch, on the hill of Chapoltepec, overlooking the city, was surrounded by gardens of several miles in extent, and here were preserved until the middle of the last century, two statues of the Emperor and his father. The great cyprus trees, under which the Aztec soverign and his associates once held their moonlight revels, still shade the royal gardens. Some of them fifty feet in circumference, are several thousand years old, but are yet as green as in those days of Montezuma, whose ashes, or those of his ancestors, rendered sacred, in the eyes of the native Mexicans, the hill of Chapoltepec. Natural decay and waning population now mark the seat of power of the great Montezumas.

CITY OF MEXICO. The city of Mexico is said to be the finest built city on the American continent. In some respects it certainly is so. In the principal streets the houses are all constructed according to the strictest architectural rules. The foundations of the city were laid, and the first buildings were erected by Cortes, who did every thing well which he attempted, from building a house or writing a couplet to conquering an empire. Many of the finest buildings in Mexico are still owned by his descendants. The public square is said to be unsurpassed by any in the world. It contains some twelve or fifteen acres paved with stone. The cathedral covering one entire side, the palace another; the western side is occupied by a row of very high and substantial houses, the second story of which project into the street the width of the pavement; the lower stories are occupied by the principal retail merchants of the city. The most of these houses were built by Cortes, who, with his characteristic sagacity, and an avarice which equally characterized him in the latter part of his life, selected the best portion of the city for himself.

The President's Palace, formerly the palace of the viceroys, is an immense building of three stories high about five hundred feet in length, and three hundred and fifty wide; it stands on the site of the palace of Montezuma. It is difficult to conceive of so much stone and mortar being put together in a less tasteful and imposing shape; it has much more the appearance of a cotton factory or a penitentiary than what it really is; the windows are small and a parapet wall runs through the whole length of the building, with nothing to relieve the monotony of its appearance except some very indifferent ornamental work in the center; there are no doors in the front either of the second or third stories—nothing but disproportionately small windows and too many of them; the three doors and there are only three in the lower story, are destitute of all architectural beauty or ornament. Only a very small part of this palace is appropriated to

the residence of the President: all the public offices are here, including those of the heads of the different departments: ministers of war, foreign relations, finance and justice, the public treasury, &c., &c. The halls of the house of deputies and of the senate, are also in the same building. —*Waddy Thompson.*

CATHEDRAL OF MEXICO. The Cathedral, which occupies the site of the great idol temple of Montezuma, is 500 feet long by 420 wide. Like all other churches in Mexico it is built in the Gothic style. The walls of several feet in thickness are made of unhewn stone and lime. Upon entering it, one is apt to recall the wild fictions of the Arabian Nights; it seems as if the wealth of empires was collected there. The clergy in Mexico do not, for obvious reasons desire that their wealth should be made known to its full extent; they are, therefore, not disposed to give very full information upon the subject, or to exhibit the gold and silver vessels, vases, precious stones and other forms of wealth; quite enough is exhibited to strike the beholder with wonder. The first object that presents itself on entering the cathedral is the altar, near the center of the building; it is made of highly wrought and highly polished silver, and covered with a profusion of ornaments of pure gold. On each side of this altar runs a high balustrade, enclosing a space about eight feet wide, and eighty or a hundred feet long. The balusters are about four feet high, and four inches thick in the largest part; the handrail from six to eight inches wide. Upon the top of this handrail, at the distance of six or eight feet apart, are human images, beautifully, wrought, and about two feet high. All of these, the balostrade, the handrail, and images, are made of a compound gold, silver and copper, more valuable than silver. I was told that an offer had been made to take this balustrade, and replace it with another of exactly the same size and workmanship of pure silver, and to give half a million of dollars besides. There is much more of the same balustrade in other parts of the church; I should think, in all of it, not less than three hundred feet.

As you walk through the building, on either side there are different apartments, all filled from the floor to the ceiling, with paintings, statues, vases, huge candelsticks, waiters, and a thousand other articles, made of gold or silver. This, too, is only the every day display of articles of least value: the more costly are stored away in chests and closets. What must it be when all these brought out, with the immense quantities of precious stones which the church is know to posess? And this is only one of the churches of the city of Mexico, where there are between sixty and eighty others, and some of them possessing little less wealth than the cathedral; and it must also be remembered that all the other large cities, such as Puebla, Guadalajara, Guanajuato, Zacatecas, Durango, San Luis Potosi, have each a proportionate number of equally gorgeous establishments. It would be the wildest and most random conjecture to attempt an estimate of the amount of the precious metals thus withdrawn from the useful purposes of the world, and wasted in these barbaric ornaments, as incompatible with good taste as they are with the humility which was the most striking feature in the character of the Founder of our religion, whose chosen instruments were the lowly and humble, and who himself regarded as the highest evidence of his divine mission, the fact that "to the poor the gospel was preached." I do not doubt but there is enough of the precious metals in the different churches of Mexico to relieve sensibly the pressure upon the currency of the world which has resulted from the diminished production of the mines, and the increased quantity which has been appropriated to purposes of useful decorations in architecture and statuary, made of mahogany and marble. —*Waddy Thompson.*

Proceedings of Congress on Friday.

[Correspondence of the Commercial Advertiser.]

The Question Settled.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

Mr Charles Graeb boo been nominated as consul to the Prussian provinces of the Rhine. The committee on commerce have bung up the nomination for farther information.

Gen. Taylor's Despatches.—In the Senate, this morning, a message was received from the President, transmitting the detailed accounts of the battles of the Rio Grande.

Open Doors.—Mr Allen offered a resolution to suspend the 40th rule, which requires that Executive business shall be transacted with closed doors. The resolution lies over one day under the rule.

Decisions of the Supreme Court.—A bill providing for the purchase and distribution of the decisions of the Supreme Court, among the several states and territories, came up in its order.

Mr Benton opposed the bill with some warmth, and said he was against this whole system of book buying and book-printing by Congress. It was a disgraceful fact that members of Congress had received books that cost the government $250—which they afterward sold for $10!

Mr Ashley defended the bill, and after some farther remarks the subject was postponed.

Oregon Settlement.—The Senate, then, at a little after one o'clock, on motion of Mr Berrien, went into Executive session.

Ponton Train.—Mr Haralson obtained leave to make an explanation somewhat personal to himself, and in which the members of the military committee were interested.

He alluded to an editorial article in the Union of Wednesday night, commenting upon a letter from Gen. Taylor, in which he regrets not having been supplied with a ponton train.

Mr Haralson explained that they had reported a bill on the subject as early as the 10th of December—and on the 8th of January, a bill was received from the Senate upon which they had in vain endeavored to procure the action of the House.

The Ingersoll Investigation.—Mr Schenck obtained leave to make a report from the committee appointed to inquire how the seal of confidence imposed by law, and heretofore uniformly preserved, in relation to the expenditure of the secret service fond, came to be broken; and how Charles J. Ingersoll obtained the information in relation thereto which he had communicated to the House and to the public.

The report is very short, and merely recommends the publication of the record of proceedings of the committee, and all the testimony taken before them, leaving it for the House to draw its own inferences from the facts, and adopt such measures as it may deem proper.

The Battles on the Rio Grande.—A message was received from the President transmitting the official detailed accounts of the battles of the 8th and 9th May, which have been received within a few days from Gen. Taylor. Ordered to be printed.

P. S. An endorsement on our Washington letter informs us that the Senate has agreed to the treaty, or proposition, only seven voting against it.

This differs from the account published in an extra from the Sun office, which gives the vote as 38 to 12.

Congress.

Saturday June 12.

The SENATE was not in session to-day, having adjourned over to Monday.

The HOUSE met at 10 o'clock.

Several members claimed the floor, and much time was lost in discussing points of order.

Mr Houston claimed it from yesterday, but yielded it to Mr McKay to allow him to move to go into committee of the whole, and he to second the motion.

The House then went into committee of the whole, on motion of Mr McMay, (Mr Hamlin in the chair,) and took up the navy appropriation bill.

Mr Reid's motion to stop the debate on the bill 2½ o'clock, was adopted.

Mr Hanley of Ia., had the floor, and directed his remarks particularly against the depot at Memphis, Ten. He denied that it was a western measure.

Mr Darragh took ground against the erection of national depots. He prefers that public work should be done by contract.

At the hour appointed the debate ceased, and the voting commenced in the committee.

The amendments offered for a dry dock, sectional, floating, or stone, at Portsmouth, Pensacola and Philadelphia, were lost.

An amendment approbriating $150,000 for a sectional floating dock at Philadelphia was adopted, only 66 in the negative.

The House adjourned without final action on the bill.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 16, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

☞ Dr. Bartlett, in a letter from Paris to the Lowell Courier, says, in speaking of Louis Phillippe—

"Why is this august and venerable man singled out, amongst the monarchs of the age, as the special object of such extraordinary homage? There is but one answer to all these questions, and that is simply this—because Louis Phillippe has made himself the steadfast champion and friend of peace. His other great qualities have made him an able and sagacious ruler of France, but it is as a *Peace King* that he is now especially venerated, and that his memory will be forever embalmed in blessings. Are their no Cabinet councilors, Senators, and so on, in the United States, wise enough to read in this most pregnant and instructive history, the righteous and avenging retribution which will most assuredly overtake *their* names, if, for some paltry piece of doubtful territory, or for some factitious shadow of what they are pleased to call national honor, or, it may be, from still lower motives of private spite or personal aggrandisement, they are ready to precipitate their country into the horrors and calamities of a long and bloody war?"

It certainly ill becomes any American abroad to be writing home homilies on peace when our country is engaged in war, for the purpose of paralyzing the efforts of our army, or of inducing our government to surrender her just rights. And no one can but somewhat suspect the sincerity of an intelligent man, who holds up the king of France as a peculiar friend of peace, simply because he goes for sustaining peace in his own country, where no war can exist except among his own subjects and against himself. Louis Phillippe must maintain peace in his own country or he may lose his crown. Why should he not then, there go for peace?

But with two or three sons in the French army, and a long war with Algiers, and deterred from making war upon Spain only for fear of the other powers of Europe, Louis Phillippe looks little like a man deserving the *sobriquet* of *Peace King!* And while his armies are resorting to practices worse than barbarism was ever guilty of—smothering and burning the poor natives they are subduing in the dens and caverns they have sought as a last place of refuge—is he not a fit subject to moralize over and to hold up to us as an example worthy imitation? *

NORWICH CADETS. This fine body of young men from the Green mountain State, arrived in town Saturday afternoon in the two o'clock train from Nashua. The Mechanic Phalanx received them, escorted them to the camp ground on the east side of Gorham street, above Union street, and pitched their tents with them. Saturday evening they attended the concert of the Quartette Club. On Sunday they attended St. Anne's Episcopal Church, and in the Afternoon the John st. Church, (Orthodox.) They took the cars for Boston, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Their commander, Gen. Ransom, returned thanks at the Depot to the Phalanx, and gave them an invitation to visit Norwich. The Washington Brass band of this city accompanied them to Boston.

A TURNOVER. Four drunken fellows from Andover, Scotchmen, drove crazily down Central street, Sunday evening, just about sunset. Of the two on the front seat each had a rein, and arriving at the corner of Market street, one or both drew the horse to the curb stone and the whole were thrown out of the carriage. One was considerably injured and taken into the City Marshal's office, from whence he was escorted, by the polite attention of the watchmen, to the City Hall.

☞ It is said that information is in possession of the U. S. Senate, showing that Sir Robert Peel will resign the Premiership within thirty days—that a portion of the Tories have signified to Lord John Russell their rediness to form a coalition for Peel's overthrow, and that he, Peel, will, at the coming up of the Hour Labor Bill, avail himself of the chance to declare himself fully and to relinquish the Premiership.

CONCETT. Miss Anna Stone, together with Messrs J. R. Kendall, H. Swift and F. H. Brown, will give a Vocal and Instrumental Concert, this evening, at Mechanics' Hall. Miss Stone sustains a very high reputation as a vocalist in Boston, and at the recent testimonial to "Father Heinrick" her singing is very highly spoken of by the press.

☞ The net proceeds of the sales of public lands for the last fiscal year were $2,076,022.

☞ The Union publishes Gen. Taylor's official account of the battles on the Rio Grande, the various movements of our army, and the bombardment of Fort Brown. The official account shows that the accounts heretofore given not to have been exagerated.

☞ An order from the War Department disbanding the regiment of mounted Volunteers, raised in Louisiana by Gen. Saunders, is bitterly complained of. The volunteers held a meeting and passed a series of resolutions, warmly complimenting General Gaines, and as warmly denouncing the Secretary of War.

STRAWBERRIES. The extra morning train on the Patterson railroad brought 14,000 baskets of strawberries to this market, at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 12th inst.—*New York paper.*

☞ The N. Y. Journal of Commerce says it is informed that Great Britain will immediately offer to become the mediator between this country and Mexico for the settlement of all difficulties.

☞ Van Amburgh's & Co.'s Grand Caravan will enter Boston, Monday, June 29th.

Police Court.

JUNE 15, 1846.

Commonwealth vs. *A. W. Vanalstin.*

Charles J. Adams, City Marshall, on oath complained, before his Honor, Judge Crosby, against one A. W. Vanalstin, a *Daguerreotyper* of this City, for offences committed against Section 10, Chap. 130 of the Revised Statutes, which Section reads as follows:

"If any person shall import, print, publish, sell, or distribute any book, or any pamphlet, ballad, printed paper, or any thing containing obscene language, or obscene prints, pictures, figures or descriptions, manifestly tending to the corruption of the morals of youth, or shall introduce into any family, school, or place of education, shall buy, procure, receive or have in his possession any such book, pamphlet, ballad, printed paper or other thing, either for the purpose of sale, exhibition, loan, or circulation, or with intent to introduce the same into any family, school or place of education, he shall be punished by imprisonment in the State Prison, not more than five years, or imprisonment in the County Jail not more than two years, and a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars."

On said complaint, a warrant was issued and said Vanalstin, on last Saturday, was arrested and brought before his Honor, at which time proper surety were given for his appearance this day. At two o'clock P. M. an examination was commenced; Seth Ames, Esq. appeared in behalf of the Commonwealth, and Caverly & Wentworth for the respondent.

The examination of the many witnesses on the part of the Commonwealth and the cross examination of the same by respondents Attornies being so prolix, and the evidence elicited of a character, to say the least, offensive, we forbear a *full* report of the trial; but suffice it to say that the evidence elicited in the examination, clearly set forth, that the prisoner had, in several instances, violated the Section of the Statutes before cited, in that he had taken Daguerrotype likenesses of naked females, full length and in various positions—that he had exhibited them to sundry young men—circulated them in the community and offered them for sale. He was bound over by the Justice in the sum of $600 for his appearance to the next term of the Criminal Court to answer further to the odious offences prefered against him.

There was another case of the same character, Commonwealth vs. Benjamin Butler, (cab driver,) taken up after Vanalstin's examination was through. The same offences were brought against him as was set forth in the warrant against Vanalstin. The evidence in this case was conclusive against the prisoner; however, some mitigating evidence was shown which were, that the respondent was a young man, that he was drawn into the committal of offences by the principal, Vanalstin; yet the court thought he had arrived to the age of discretion and therefore required him to answer further in the sum of $300. *

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Embargo Declared by Mexico—Yankee Valor.

[Washington Co. of Phila. North American.]

NEW ORLEANS, June 5.

The bark Texidor, Capt. Major, has arrived from Tobasco, whence she sailed on the 28th ult. There was a great excitement prevailing there among the resident Americans in consequence of the reception of an order for an EMBARGO ON ALL AMERICAN VESSELS.

The order came by express from Mexico, and was immediately followed by an order for the capture of Capt. Major's vessel, and at the same time fifty Mexican soldiers were placed in charge of a New Orleans schooner. There were 400 Mexican soldiers in Tobasco.

Capt. Major was guarded to his vessel by twenty of his friends, until the soldiers were afraid to make him prisoner. The schr. Capt, Cox, of New Orleans, was seized and the crew imprisoned. Several English vessels were in port. No American men of war were seen by the Texidore.

The steamer Ventura was ordered to fire up and give chase to Capt. Major. His vessel had one gun on board, which was cut up in small lengths for shot "to smash the Ventura's coffee mill," as the Captain says. She did not, however, venture out.

Capt. Thornton has been placed under arrest, by order of General Taylor, on charges of disobedience of orders and neglect of duty in suffering his command to be surprised.

The Delta contains translations of Gen. Arista's despatch, officially announcing the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. They are quite amusing and deeply imbued with the Mexican spirit. He does not acknowledge that he retreated—that is left to be guessed at.

Gen. Worth arrived at Fort Brown on the 27th ult. The common impression at the camp seemed to be that no further movement would be made for twelve or fourteen days, unless orders were received from Washington.

The Delta learns from gentlemen arrived in the steamship Alabama, that it is the least of Gen. Taylor's intention to rest on his arms for any length of time.

At a period not more distant than ten days he means to take up the line of march for Monterey, and Nuevo Leon, the present camp of the enemy. He takes Camargo, Reinoso and Mier in his route.

The present camp of the enemy is in New Leon, and there are laurels to be plucked by our soldiers from the tree of fame.

Capt. May's sword was not brought back but delivered at Brazos to an officer of the army, and it is now, doubtless, in the hands of the valiant May.

RUMORS. It is rumored over this city, though we have no *official authority* for the statement, and will not vouch for the truth of it, that the Senate of the U. States has been engaged in closed doors for three days past on a message from the President of the United States, consulting them about the propriety of accepting terms proposed by Mr Pakenham for the adjustment of the Oregon question. There are different rumors about the precise character of the proposition.—It is said in the streets of Washington this evening, immediately after the Senate adjourned at 5 o'clock, that they advised the President to accept the proposition by a vote of 38 to 12! We cannot consent to keep these important rumors from our readers, altho' we have no official evidence for them, and have had no sort of communication upon this event with any member either of the Senate or of the administration.

We understand the Senate adjourned over till Monday.—*Union of Friday.*

It will be observed that the Union does not *deny* that the Senate has advised the acceptance of the proposition for the settlement of the Oregon question, by a vote of 38 to 12!

A FAMILY DIVIDED IN OPINION. A young lady—blooming as a rose-bud—lovely as an Houri—of sweet seventeen—but as unsophisticated as a boarding school education could make her, was last evening at the house of a friend of the family. The conversation turned on the Oregon question, when she very ingenuously remarked:

"I'm goes in for 54 40, because he says he's in favor of the whole or none. Ma says she'd take 49, because she's in favor of peace. I would not like to take any one older than Harry Bloomfield, and he's but *twenty-five.*—*N. O. Delta.*

We learn that the government has authorized the recruiting officers upon naval stations, to offer a bounty of twelve dollars and three months advance wages, to all able bodied seamen who enter the service, and to landsman, or new recruits, fifteen dollars bounty and on advance of three months wages.—*Baltimore Patriot, Thursday.*

The N. H. Democratic State Convention.

We have room for but a small portion of this body.

JARED W. WILLIAMS was unanimously nominated candidate for Governor.

A State Central Committee was elected consisting of the following gentlemen from the several Counties

Merrimack—H. H. Carroll and John M. Hill.

Rockingham—Richard Jenness and Geo. W. Kittridge;

Strafford—B. W. Jenness of Strafford and Wm. B. Smith of Dover;

Cheshire—William P. Wheeler of Keene and Elijah Carpenter of Swansey.

Carroll—Joseph Wentworth of Sandwich and F. R. Chase of Conway;

Belknap—William Badger of Gilmanton and John Carr of Sanbornton;

Hillsborough—Chandler E. Potter of Manchester and John L. Hadley of Weare;

Grafton—Joseph Quincy of Rumny and Samuel Swasey of Haverhill;

Coos—James M. Rix of Lancaster and John P. Pitman of Bartlett;

Sullivan—H. G. Carlton of Newport and Harvey Huntoon of Unity.

Hon. Franklin Pierce offerred a series of resolutions which were unanimously adopted, and from which we extract the following:

Resolved, That the circumstances now existing, both in this State and in the country at large, call imperiously for concession and entire harmony, in the ranks of the democracy—that when its enemies have seized upon the government, all minor differences among ourselves should be forgotten, and that especially when our land is involved in war, the highest duty of the democracy is union for the sake of the Union.

Resolved, That the course of the national administration in upholding and maintaining the American title to Oregon, meets with the hearty approbation of this convention.

Resolved, That in the extension of our system of free government, we behold the extension of regulated freedom, and we hail the annexation of Texas as the accomplishment of a great American measure, necessary to secure our rights in the Gulf of Mexico, to protect our south-western borders, and to embody in an republic a people American in interest, feeling and principle.

Resolved, That we view with jealousy and alarm the attempts of foreign despots to gain and extend footholds on this continent—that the North American continent should be the heritage of freedom, and be preserved free from the misrule and blighting influences of tyranical and despotic governments—and that President Polk, in his noble stand against foreign interference, insultingly and offensively exerted to defeat the annexation of Texas, deserves the deep and grateful thanks of every man whose bosom contains an American heart.

Resolved, That the democratic party is the party of progress and reform of existing abuses; and believing that the provisions in the Constitution, requiring religious and property qualifications, to be wrong, and that the mode of the choice of officers now appointed by the Executive and the Legislature, should be changed, and the appointments of them be referred directly to the people; we pledge our influence to effect a revision of the Constitution for these purposes.

Resolved, That we reaffirm the sentiments and opinions of the democratic party and democratic statesmen of the north, entertained from 1776 to the present day, in relation to slavery—that we deplore its existence, and regard it as a great moral and social evil, but with this conviction, we do not deem ourselves more wise than Washington, Franklin, and their associates, and that patriotism, common honesty and religious principle alike bind us to a sacred observance of the compact made by those wise men.

Resolved, That the speedy establishment of the Independent Treasury system—separating the funds of the government from connection with banks and preventing their use in reckless speculation; and thus operating most beneficially to give uniformity and stability to the currency and the business interests of the country, and to restrain the evils of bank paper—is imperiously demanded; and that experience and the test of actual experiment, since the downfall of the United States Bank, has fully proved that the affairs of the government can be best managed by its own responsible agents.

Resolved, That the present tariff is unequal and unjust, favoring capital at the expense of labor, and should be immediately revised; and believing the principle of protection to the wants of the government, imposing the burdens of taxation equally upon all, and so adjusted as to promote the interest of no one class, to the injury of another.

Resolved, That from the present moment until that when Hartford Convention Federalism shall cease to bear rule in New Hampshire—when the reins of the Executive shall drop from the hands of him who now holds them against a majority of more that 19,000 in the popular vote—when the money power of overgrown corporation capitalists in another State shall cease to arrogantly dictate to a free people their principles of legislation—when their press and their leaders stationed among us, shall discontinue their anti-American cant of 1812, designed to discourage enrolments and paralize the national government in its efforts to repel hostile invasions,—till that moment when the hollow-hearted cry of pretended philantrophy shall no longer be raised, to deceive the people and drown the voice of patriotism—when those now in power who openly countenance and encourage the party which shamelessly declares that the path to its success lies only over "the ruins of the present American Church and the present American Union," shall be driven from places of trust—we flag to the breeze the ensign of Democracy with this inscription:

"*Fidelity to the Constitution, cemented by the blood and consecrated by the prayers of our Revolutionary Fathers*—

1775 1812 1846

"*Millions for defence, but not a cent for tribute,*" *either to buy our peace with foes from abroad, or to conciliate their allies "on our own soil."*

Resolved, That the thanks of the democracy of New Hampshire be tendered to Brevet Major General ZACHARY TAYLOR of the United States army, and to the brave officers and soldiers under his command for their distinguished and gallant conduct during the late engagements with the invaders upon the Rio Grand del Norte.

Resolved, That in the measures of the national executive for the protection of our soil, the security of our citizens and the vindication of the rights and honor of our country, in reference to our relations with Mexico and her invasion, we recognize not only a spirit of justice, a desire for peace, but at the same time wisdom, statesmanlike forecast, and patriotic energy."

☞ The Quarter Master General of the Army says the expenses of the war are one million dollars per month.

☞ General Scott, who "sat down to a hasty plate of soup," is now known as Gen. Tureen.

WELCH & MANN'S Circus entered Boston yesterday at 9 o'clock.

☞ We have received from the Hon. Secretary of the Commonwealth a copy of the Acts and Resolves of 1846.

THE ROLL. The number of volunteers to be called into immediate service, is 17,153. The whole number to be in readiness at 24 hours notice, is 28,463. The whole number to be enrolled is 41,649, of which 37,704 foot, and 3,945. If this force is added to the regular force now in service, it will amount to 60,000 men.

☞ The Odd Fellows, of Trenton, N. J., have subscribed $14,000 for the erection of a splendid Hall for the use of the fraternity of that city.

BY THE NOON MAIL.



ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN

Ten Days Later from Europe.

The Great Western arrived at New York at 10 o'clock, yesterday forenoon.

The news is not very stirring.

The Mexican war news had affected the London Money Market.

The Corn Bill in the House of Lords had passed a second reading by a majority of forty-seven.

Queen Victoria has another baby—the little Princess was born on the 25th ult.

The accounts of the new potato crop in Ireland are, upon the whole, encouraging.

The railroad projects are advancing.

The money market is rather dull.

FRANCE. The prominent topic of the Paris papers appears to be the escape of Prince Louis Napolean from Ham, of which they record the full particulars.—Although most of the Paris journalists make no secret of their satisfaction on the occasion, they none of them profess any devotion to his political character or cause.

The prince's plan of escape appears to have been ingeniously conceived, and cleverly executed.

INDIA AND CHINA. We have received from Calcutta to the 7th, Bombay the 15th ultimo, and from China to March the 30th.

Tranquility prevailed throughout India. The affairs of the Punjaub remain in the same unsettled position

IRELAND. In Ulster, the laboring classes are suffering as severely from the went of potatoes as in the south and west.

TREATY MADE AND SENT TO THE SENATE.

From the N. Y. Sun by Telegraph from Washington.

The Oregon Treaty is already proposed and signed, and will be sent to the Senate this morning. It consists of five short sections, and it is expected will be ratified before adjournment this evening.

☞ The Constitutional State Convention of New York, for revising the Constitution of that State, is now in session. The Albany Argus gives the following as the proposed amendments of the Constitution, or to the system of laws based upon the action of the Convention:

I. The reduction of the Executive patronage.

II. The election of the State officers by the people.

III. The reorganization of the State Departments, with a reduction of the powers and a readjustment of the duties of the State officers.

IV. Taking from the State officers the power to borrow money or to create State debts, to carry on the operations of government, unless authorized to do so by annual appropriation bills.

V. Giving to the people of each county the power of making local appointments, and of legislating on purely local subjects.

VI. Prohibiting the legislature from creating any state debt, except in case of war or invasion, and providing for the completion of unfinished canals from the revenues of the public works.

VII. Incorporating into the constitution the pledges and guaranties of the act of 1842, "to provide for paying the debt and preserving the credit of the State."

VIII. Prohibiting all loans of the credit of the State.

IX. Prohibiting all special acts creating corporations.

X. Reorganizing the judiciary.

XI. Dividing the State into single senate districts.

REVOLUTION IN MEXICO. The Pensacola Gazette says: "An endorsement on the envelope of the above letter dated Saturday, 5 1-2 P. M., says—Lieut. Wood, bearer of despatches from Com. Conner, has just arrived from Vera Cruz, and says that the reign of Paredes is over."

From Vera Cruz and the Pacific. The U. S. steamer Mississippi, Capt. Fitzhugh, arrived at Pensacola on the 4th from Vera Cruz May 29. Dr. Wood, of the U. S. navy, bearer of despatches from Com. Sloat, commanding our naval forces in the Pacific, J. Parrott, Esq., U. S. counsel at Mazatlan, F. M. Diacond, Esq., U. S. consul at Vera Cruz, and seven other Americans from Mexico, were passengers.

Vera Cruz was blockaded by the U. S. ships Raritan and Falmouth and brig Somers. The St. Mary's is off Tampico.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES. It will be seen by reference to an advertisement under the head of Auction Sales, that Mr. Shapleigh sells tomorrow a very fine lot of Gold and Silver Watches.—Catalogues may be seen by calling at his counting room.

☞ We notice that the Boston papers have commenced the summer campaign of puffs upon Mr. Caleb Hayden.—*Courier.*

The editor of the Courier in going against *Native American Caleb Hayden*, does as becomes a high-minded, honorable man. Was the course of that paper always as just, we should be saved a vast deal of trouble in exposing its heresies and departure from correct principles.

HEAVY DAMAGES. James Watson Webb has recovered *six cents* of Dr. Bacon for libel.

☞ There is a perfectly satisfactory argument for the "Divine right Kings" on the outside.

☞ The June term of the U. S. Circuit Court, Judge Woodbury presiding, commenced in Newport, R. I. yesterday.

ANOTHER RESTORED IN KENNEBECK!

East Livermore, August 12, 1845.

Dear Sir;

You may publish this letter, or make such use of it as you think best. A year ago last fall I was taken sick with a severe cough, was very much pressed for breath, lost my appetite, and became very much reduced in my general health, sweat profusely, and could not sleep nights. I applied to a physician, who did all in his power to relieve and restore me, but did not succeed. I was confined to the house most of the winter, often had long spells of severe coughing; raised some blood. Sometime in the spring I commenced taking WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. Before I had finished one bottle I was relieved: my cough removed—my sleep restored—I bled no more. I have taken 4 bottles the past season. My strength and general health is now good. I attribute it to Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry

Signed, NATHAN WELLINGTON.

I am personally acquainted with Mr Wellington, and believe his statement above to be true.

Signed, SUMNER C. MOULTON.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bog's, 218 Washington street, Boston. tisdvma28

BEDFORD SPRINGS

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6onchw

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr Benjamin B. Miller, on the cure of an old fashioned Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinestridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved as once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN agents for Lowell. je11

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending June 13, 1846.

June 7th Charles Chamberlin, 16 yrs, consumption; 8th, Julia Anne Payne, 22, consumption; Thomas H. Morrill, 9 mos, measles; Charles H. Elliott, 19 yrs, consumption; 12th John W. G. Andrews, 3 yrs 8 mos, dropsy of brain; 13th, —— Dowd, 4 yrs, scarlet fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Groton, June 10, very suddenly, Mr Asa Lewis, 69

At St. Louis, on the morning of June 3d, Mr Joseph Bradley, of Dracutt, Mass., aged 77.

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

MISS ANNA STONE, principal Vocalist of the Boston Handel and Haydn Society; Mr J. K. KENDALL, Professor of the Clarionette and Orpheclyde; Mr H. SWIFT, Tenor Vocalist, of Boston; and Mr F. H. BROWN, who will preside at the Piano, respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell that they will give a Concert at MECHANIC'S HALL,

On TUESDAY EVENING, June 16, 1746,

PROGRAMME, PART I.

Song—Miss Stone. Gratias Agimus Aibi, with Clarionette Obligato.
Solo—J. K. Kendall—Orpheclydé.
Song—H. Swift. "Proudly and wide,"
From the Opera of Fra Diavolo.—Auber.
Duet—Miss Stone and Mr Swift.
"Rest, weary Traveller."—Brahom.
Solo—J. K. Kendall. Clarionette.
Song—Miss Stone. "I love thee, dearest Brother."
H. Swift.

"When the last rays, at twilight hour,
Fall gently o'er the drooping flower:
When mists are gathering on the hill,
Nor sound is heard, save mountain rill,
Then hear the echo whisp'ring near,
In softest accents to thine ear,
'I love thee, dearest brother.'"

These words were written by Miss Cynthia H. Stow, who was lost in the wreck of the Home, in 1837, and left for her brother, a few hours before she embarked, under the impression she would never meet him more.

PART II.

Overture,—Piano Forte.
Song—H. Swift. "Can I my Love resign?"
From the Opera of Cinderella—Rossini.
Solo—J. K. Kendall. Clarionette.
Song—H. Swift. 'The Merry Days of Old.'—Nelson.

"The merry' merry days of old,
When hawk and hound were nigh,
When gallant Lords and Ladies fair,
Drew sport from earth and sky."

Song—Miss Stone. "What Enchantment." Blanso.
Duet—Miss Stone and Mr Swift.
Fioravantes' celebrated Singing Lesson.

Doors open at 7½, and Concert commence at 8. Admission 25 cts. Children half-price.

Tickets to be had at the usual places, and at the door. je16 AII

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	Name of Principal.	Time,	
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock,	A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ "	"
3	" Kimball,	10½ "	"
4	" Morse,	9 "	"
5	" Shattuck,	3½ "	P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 "	A. M.
7	" Pooler,	2 "	P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ "	A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good mural character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. Aje16

A SERIES OF SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS,

BY THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, *under the direction of* MESSRS. A. & A. BOND.

The *Lowell Brass Band*, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. Bond, propose giving four Concerts of Instrumental interspersed with Vocal Music, during the six coming months—of which due notice will be given of each.

☞ Subscription papers may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and J. Allen's Bookstores, and at C. S. Eastman's Apothecary Store. je16a4t

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16 Alf

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.

OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.* Alf je13

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—SIR: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him in New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdw16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it unnecessary to [illegible] as the literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may11 Alf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 A3m

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store,*" up over the Post Office. je11

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to *order* any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 58, Central St.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11 Alf

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boot'd Satins, Velcurta, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. As regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PITNEY.

Lowell, March 21, 1846. 3mmarch28

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his offices, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the forces of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on 2d etter of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1-1, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhea," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 middle st., opposite Post Office. 3o28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&ely GEORGE H. CARLTON.

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, Apothecary, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 A2inf C. K. MORRILL.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. THWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 A1y6m*

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je13

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Goes up to the city without lightering.

This Day.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Toby*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillicis Agent at Mobile. je13

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Thursday.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜



The superior fast sailing Bark LEPANTO, *Hatch*, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hanson, Agent at New Orleans. je12

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		65
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13 Alf

BRADBURY & GOSS,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

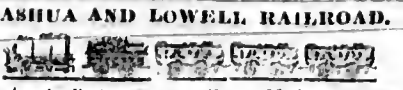
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13 A3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c.; and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

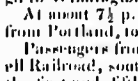
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfapdl

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

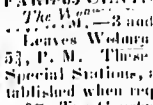
At about 7½ p.m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Way Trains.—8 and 6½, P. M. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Wedges Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¾, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Hutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BAAGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1y mar5

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 83 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side Lamps, stoves, &c. &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

Stock of a Jeweller.

On WEDNESDAY next, June 17, at 10 & 2 o'clock. To be continued in the evening, if all is not sold before. The entire stock of a Watch Dealer and Jeweller of a neighboring City, consisting of about $4000 worth of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Fob and Guard Chains, Fancy Goods, &c. The whole comprising a very superior stock and worthy the attention of the trade. To be sold without reserve for Cash at the Highest Bid. ☞ Dealers are invited to examine the Stock on TUESDAY, P. M.

Catalogues will be ready Tuesday noon. je13

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY next, June 22, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a large genteel brick tenement, situated on Kirk st., the same recently occupied by Mr Peabody, who has removed from the city.

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the promptly in the world in cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

HATS! HATS!



A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLES—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1y may9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sennit and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28 Atf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price. GEO. OFFUTT,

may30 Atf No. 4, Market St.

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended Improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being—the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels.—Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one*.

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

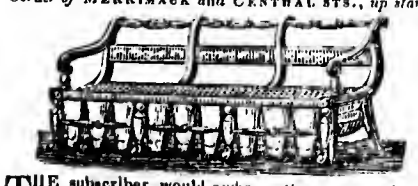
The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



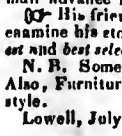
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's, Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended on as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These Instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for the sale.

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at W. RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. 1f feb17

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients buy,
And for their false quotque pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the city and its vicinities who are under certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. (may12aj dec16

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pasterns, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by K. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. J. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, H. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. nov3mmar26

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Haughton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov14 1y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one of the kind ever offered to the public, and carried out as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues established by rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The ease with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carringes to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6mn&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OUSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BUNNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for [illegible] He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since.

ANN F. STRAIN.

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREDON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

REV. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: SIR—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. NOAH, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is combined, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pimples or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, leputic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and as to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower myl4 a&p6mcho

Pigeons! Pigeons!!

THE experiment of attracting Pigeons by the scent of "Fleicher's Pigeon Oil" has been frequently tried, and large quantities taken, while none could be taken at any other stand in the neighborhood. The increased sale for the last year or two, without any effort to make it known, is sufficient evidence of its effect without any other testimony. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. ploctlmay8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 18, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 72.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
ap12 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&p1y



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STAPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES;
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfoov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sep123 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846 Swadvmay2

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FURTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 4de6

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

J. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, ulceration of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&putlyapr4

A. Frost & Co,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

DENTAL SURGERY.



Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK {Old No. 2, New No. 129.} STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH *and warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawn&poct28

DR. [illegible]'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis, Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place, may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&p1ynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JASON HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Hoogman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
	George Barclay, Esq.

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Paid by cash.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$500	$37 07½	$85 [illegible]	$25 [illegible]	$11 83	$6 92½	$197 79
			82 82	35 [illegible]	7 1½		1 36 5
			60 33	38 [illegible]	7		184 93

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimant* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awneopdec18

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs. Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.
He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.
apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

From Blackwood's Magazine.

The "Old Player."

IMITATED FROM ANASTASIUS GRUN.

Aloft the rustling curtain flew,
That gave the music scene to view,
How gaudy was the suit he wore;
His cheeks with red how plaster'd o'er!

Poor veteran! that in life's late day,
With tottering step, and locks of gray,
Essay'st each trick of antic glen,
Oh! my heart bleeds at sight of thee.

A laugh thy triumph! and so near
The closing net and humble bier;
This thy ambition? this thy pride?
For better thou had'st earlier died!

Though memory long has own'd decay,
And dim the intellectual ray,
Thou toil'st, from many an idle page,
To cram the feeble brain of age.

And stiff the old man's arms have grown,
And scare his folded hands alone
Half raised in whisper'd prayer they see,
To bless the grandchild at his knee.

But here—'t is action lends a zest
To the dull, pointless, hackneyed jest;
He saws the air 'mid welcome loud
Of laughter from the barren crowd.

A tear drops down his cheek—with pain
His limbs the wasted form sustain;
Ay—weep! no thought thy tears are worth.
So the pit shakes with boist'rous mirth.

And now the bustling scene is o'er,
The weary actor struts no more;
And hark, "The old man needed rest,"
They cry: "the arm-chair suits him best."

His lips have moved with mutter'd sound—
A pause—and still the taunt goes round;
"Oh! quite worn out—'t is dating age,
Why lags the driveller on the stage?"

Again the halting speech he tries,
But words the faltering tongue denies,
Scarce heard the low unmeaning tone,
Then silent—as tho' life were flown.

The curtain falls, and rings the bell,
They know not 't is the players knell;
Nor deem their noise and echoing cry
The dirge that speeds a soul on high!

Dead in his chair the old man lay,
His color had not pass'd away;—
Clay-cold, the ruddy cheeks declare
What hideous mockery lingers there!

Yes! there the counterfeited hue
Unfolds with moral truth to view,
How false—as every mimic part—
His life—his labors—and his art!

The canvass-wood devoid of shade,
Above, no plaintive rustling made;
That moon, that ne'or its orb has fill'd,
No pitying, dewy tears distill'd.

The troop stood around—and all the past
In one brief moment sparkle at last:
"Well, he has won the hero's name,
He died upon his field of fame."

A girl with timid grace drew near,
And like the Muse to sorrow dear,
Amid the silvery tresses lays
The torn stage-wreath of paper bays!

I saw two men the bier sustain;—
Two bearers all the funeral train!
They left him in his narrow bed,
No smile was seen—no tear was shed!

AN AMUSING AFFAIR.

The home correspondence of one of the Parisian journals received by the Britannia, relates an amusing scene. We copy a translation of it from the Boston Atlas:

I have just heard of an amusing adventure which occurred here a few days ago; should you not like to hear it? The affair took place in the country, and had for its heroes and heroines the elite of Paris. I was reminded when I heard of it, of Chantilly and the illustrious Vatel.

One of the most accomplished and distinguished ladies of Paris; Madame Bache, had assembled in the parlors of her chateau the most brilliant personages of the two Faubourgs. The festivity was given on account of the Count of Arnim, the Prussian ambassador, and in consequence, Luxemburg and the Palais Bourbon, as well as the diplomatic corps, had sent their most illustrious representatives to the chateau of Madame Bache.

No one was wanting to the entertainment, and while they were conversing together in the parlor, in a manner which they only can converse, who have seen so many things and are familiar with everything, and just at the moment when a consul general was relating some of the scenes in the private life of Ibrahim Pasha, and a deputy from Languedoc was displaying, in the midst of bursts of laughter, a letter which he had just received from an elector in his district, asking him to send to the government, for the garden of plants, two camels which he did not know what to do with; "for," wrote the elector, "it will not cost the government much, and it will secure you my vote;"—just at this moment, I say, Madame Bache, who was moving about the rooms with active and thoughtful ease, which all at once perceived her footman agitating himself in the manner of an electric telegraph, in a corner of the door. The footman was very pale and much excited; great anxiety was depicted on his face; but at sight of so many fashionable people the poor devil dared not advance any farther.

Madame Bache perceived at once that some accident was the cause of all this agitation.

"What's the matter?" said she to him approaching him.

"Ah, Madame, a great misfortune!" cried the footman, clasping his hands.

"What is it?"

"The cook is drunk; so very drunk that he has forgotten even to light the fire in the furnace. Even if he were in a condition to get dinner he could not prepare it this four hours."

If you have ever been placed in the situation of Madame Bache, then only can you realize the terror this inflammation could not fail to aspire. The appetites of her guests had already become sharpened by delay, and we must remember, too, that the personages to whom these appetites belonged were diplomatists. Madame Barbe, however, remained perfectly calm and unmoved. As for remedying the mischief, that was out of the question; she resolved, therefore, to meet it with good-nature,

"Ladies and Gentlemen," said she, turning round and addressing the company; "I have invited you here to dinner, but I regret to say that there is no dinner for you; my cook is *more than dead*, and I have but this moment been informed of it. If, therefore, we wish to have the table arranged it is absolutely necessary we should do it ourselves."

It is related of Napolean, that once speaking of Cornetille, he said, if the poet had lived in his day, he would have made him his prime minister. If I were the present king, it seems to me that I should make Madame Bache an Ambassador at least.

Her readiness had a success that was quite astonishing. The Count of Arnim rolled up his sleeves—the whole company followed his example—and they all descended to the kitchen, with loud bursts of laughter.

The cook was setting in a chair, with a face as read as a lobster and as immovable as the sphinx. Arranged around him were any quantity of stew-pans, but not a single plate. Their watchword was "conquer or die"—and, if you will believe me, conquer they did.

A Peer of France was commissioned with attending to the spit—two members of the House of Deputies superintended the frying—three Secretaries of Foreign Embassadors were appointed to the honorable office of scullions—and two Presidents of the Royal Court were entrusted with the responsible duty of watching the pots on the fire.

Seven or eight army and navy dignitaries executed sundry great feats in the pantry and the out houses; they brought in, amid cries of enthusiasm, twenty dozen eggs, and any number of chickens and ducks.

All the ladies declared that they were excellent in preparing omelets; in consequence omelets were prepared, and in at least twenty different ways:—*omelette au rhum*, by a Dutchess—*omelette aux truffes*, by a Marchioness—*omelette aux pointes d'asperges*, by a Viscountess—*omelette aux confitures*, by a Baroness. But I will not mention all the others.

Madame Bache maintained order in all parts of the service. She reserved for her own part, the preparation of the stews and the sauces.

You ought to have been there to witnessed the sport.

"The vinegar cruet!" cried a Consul.

"A little parsley for my chicken!" cried a Charge d'Affairs.

"A little salt, and some pepper, if you please!" demanded a deputy secretary of State.

"I want some flour!" hawled out a Procureur General.

After the omelets were prepared, there were still so many eggs left that our great ladies, transformed into domestics, prepared some porched eggs, some dropped eggs, some eggs *a la coque*, and other eggs *a la neige*.

"If you are fond of eggs," said Madame Bache, to animate her little army—"you can have them in any way you like."

From time to time the cook would endeavor to get up, and would then sink back into his chair with a heavy sigh: then he would follow with a stupid gaze, the gentlemen in their black dresses, and the ladies in their silk robes—all of them supplied with plates—but he could comprehend nothing of what all these fashionable people could be doing down in his kingdom.—At ten o'cluck, Madame Bache announced, amidst the general enthusiasm, that the dinner was ready—and, at eleven it was arranged on the table.

Each one had earned his share by their own personal exertions, and they all eat with appetites worthy of Chevalier de Bayard himself. The dinner was unanimously voted excellent—so good, that at five in the morning, they were still seated at the table. At this moment the comedy was well nigh converted into a tragedy. The cook of Madame Bache had recovered from his lethargy, and looked about for a sword, threatening to destroy himself. But he could find nothing but a carving knife—and to kill himself with that seemed altogether too vulgar—and he gave up the idea.

Congress.

Monday June 15.

In the SENATE. Mr Allen rose and having been recognized by the chair, read his abdication of the post of Chairman of the Committee on Foreign relations.

Mr Cass passed high compliments on Mr Allen.

The Speeke accepted Mr Allen's resignation.

On motion of Mr Webster it was agreed that the Senate should fill the vacancy to-morrow at 1 o'clock.

The Post Office Appropriation Bill was taken up.—Mr McDuffie made a speech against carrying the mails to Europe in ocean war steamers. Mr Miller was for sustaining the contract made by the Postmaster General, because the law of the last session authorized and sanctioned it, but he did not believe in the utility of the scheme.

The amendment for mail steamers from New York to Liverpool was rejected. That for steamers from New York to Bremen was carried, 27 to 24.

The HOUSE went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cobb in the chair, and brought up the Tariff bill, by a vote of 115 to 71.

(From the True Sun—by Telegraph.)

Tuesday, June 16.

SENATE. A message from the President was transmitted this morning, including Secretary Walker's report on Finance and Tariff. The President states that the increased revenue rendered necessary by the war with Mexico, can be met by reducing the duties to a revenue standard, imposing duties on free articles, and modifying the duties on others. Additional authority is asked for the issue of Treasury Notes.

The Secretary's report was also read. He enumerates a deficiency in the revenue for the next fiscal year of nineteen millions six hundred and twenty thousand dollars; but anticipates that receipts from various sources will reduce that sum to fifteen millions, leaving four millions deficit. This will be further reduced if the Tariff is modified according to the provisions of the House Bill introduced by the Committee of Ways and Means.

The entire receipts with this modification, are estimated at $30,000,000; but leaving still the deficiency mentioned of $15,000,000.

The adoption of the warehouse system proposed, it is estimated will farther reduce this amount, and the graduation of sales of public lands half a million more will leave still over twelve millions deficient.

To meet this the Secretary recommends a resort to loans, or treasury notes, or both, as circumstances may render it most desirable, at the earliest dates, and such rates of interest as may be agreed upon. The message and report were referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

The Executive message was also received, which was understood to be the treaty.

The Post Office Appropriation Bill was passed and returned to the Senate for concurrence in amendments.

THE HARVEST IN VIRGINIA The cutting of wheat had already been commenced on the lower James River, and the crop is expected to be an average one, notwithstanding much damage done by the fly. From North Carolina, the prospect of a good crop is encouraging.—*Richmond Repub.*

Miss Emily Chubbuck, so well and favorably known to the literary world as "Fanny Forrester," was married to Rev. Adoniram Judson of the Birman mission, on the 2d inst. at Hamilton, Madison county, N. Y.

THE LATEST CASE. A very modest lady, who was a passenger on board of a packet ship, it is said sprang out of her berth and jumped overboard, on hearing the captain during the storm, order the crew to haul down the sheets.—*Argus.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 18, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

Is our war with Mexico just?

In an article last week we endeavored to show that the existing war was forced upon us by the outrages of the Mexican government. Our neighbor Courier devoted two articles in reply, and to these replies we would say a word. The Courier opens his first article by expressing his joy that "the Advertiser has at last felt compelled to discuss this question," and winds up his last with, "no talk about toryism and treason can persuade the people of Massachusetts to sing hosenna to this inglorious and infamous war." We felt called upon to defend the justness of this war because in our soul we believed, and still believe it to be a just war on our part, and that the mind of every well wisher to the country need not be biased by the infamous and false statements of a few partizan defamers of our country, with no higher avowed motive than to render the administration of James K. Polk unpopular. We did not feel there was any necessity of discussing the question of on whom rests the responsibility of this war, because there was need of n word being said further than to truly present the facts and correct the false views presented by those pure patriots who would sacrifice and dishonor our country for the high and glorious purpose of breaking down the government and preventing the progress of republicne principles. The Courier of the 11th inst. says

"We take it for granted that there is no difference of opinion among whigs, in relation to one thing—and that is a determination to root out and destroy James K. Polk's corrupt administration at the very first opportunity. It is a more imperative duty than any other which devolves upon them."

Here is given the exalted motive for opposition to the war. Our country must be defamed—the administration villified—our government and people denounced as plunderers and robbers because "*it is a more imperative duty than* ANY OTHER, *to root out and destroy James K. Polk's corrupt administration.*" To sustain our country, her rights and honor,—to relieve our soldiers from peril by sending them succor,—to redress the wrongs, insults and injuries to our people and nation,—to avenge the death of our brave officers and soldiers who fell in an unjust and unholy attack made upon them by the order of the Mexican usurper are trifling matters to that of destroying James K. Polk:—Nay, not only must truth be belied, but to Mexican baseness, duplicity and treachery must be sung the hosannas, lest James K. Polk's popularity may defeat that great, that most important of all duties, the rooting out of his administration.—Noble, glorious, exalted patriotism that. The interests, the rights, the honor of this people and nation, and the blood of her so better than murdered citizens crying for redress, must be sacrificed and unatoned for, lest *party*, this or that *party*, may gain, or lose, or maintain the ascendency. Treason to country, and honor to all Mexican outrage is better than aught that may give support to James K. Polk's administration.

But to the Courier's argument to show the war is unjust towards Mexico, and aggressive on our part. In reply to us that the war is aggressive on the part of Mexico, inasmuch as *Paredes declared war to exist and made two or three attacks upon our army before* our government declared war to exist, or our army had made the first hostile demonstration, or we had in any way given the Mexicans any cause whatever for offence, except our entering upon disputed territory, the Courier does not deny the facts being as we state them, but goes behind the attacks upon our troops, and and behind the Mexican declaration that war existed, and makes as answerable for it because we entered upon disputed territory. It says, "Paredes declared war to exist, because we had invaded his country."—Now in the first place entering upon the disputed territory, of itself was no act of war. And in the second place it was entered upon under such circumstances as to wholly leave Mexico unjustified in making a declaration of war. If we sustain this second position, then, Mexico is not only the aggressor, on the Courier's own ground, but is the aggressor unjustly and without cause. Let us see whether we or they departed from proper usage. Mexico agreed to receive an ENVOY to settle. He was accordingly sent. He got there and they violated their agreement and would not receive him. What was to be done? Could we honorably, or, ought we, to both quietly submit to such an indignity, and surrender our claims? There is not a government on earth that will pretend it. Then we were bound to seek redress, and should have been fully justified in declaring war. Our government was desirous of an amicable and honorable settlement.—Accordingly they ordered our army to enter upon the disputed territory. This was the only alternative left, save to submit to Mexican insult, give up the territory and be disgraced in the eyes of the world. Our government wished to avoid both war and disgrace, and entered upon the territory. What then could and should the Mexicans have done? Should they have declared war? Certainly not. The government should have repaired the wrong and insult of refusing to receive Mr Slidell and violating her agreement by acknowledging her error and receiving him. Such was the only course left for her unless she was determined on war or intended to abandon the territory.—Then, as we took the only course that could be taken to avoid war or disgrace, and as we were compelled to take it in consequence of the act of Mexico, we were justified in taking it, and Mexico instead of being justified in declaring war and attacking our troops is wholly responsible for the war, and the judgment of every mind must be, that she is not only unjustly the aggressor, but that she is so after committing an outrage upon the U. S. that no nation on earth could have received more leniently. It was received with a magnanimity becoming a great and a just action.

[To be continued.]

☞ This is a peculiarity with the Mexicans, and strange as it may seem to some, these common ablutions of the sexes are not regarded in the slightest degree improper or indelicate. The only difference between that country and this is, that the beaux and belles make their pleasure excursions in and under the water instead of in sail boats and steamers, and the one is regarded and spoken of with the same delicacy of language and purity of purpose as the other. What a tyrant is custom!

☞ The Committee of the friends of Temperance to whom was refered the subject of a Fourth of July Temperance Celebration, have reported that it is inexpedient to celebrate.

SKULKING. A *parenthus* pamphlet has for some days past been circulated through the towns of this county and district in relation to ourself and "a clique of political speculators," as it terms the democratic party agreeing with us; but as its malicious authors, in our opinion, the postmaster and his private secretary, could not procure its publication in a democratic paper in the State, nor dared affix to it their names, nor could get anybody else to acknowledge its paternity, we can take no notice of it except to say, that it is a tissue of lies from beginning to end save where it quotes from our paper.

We received this illegitimate, from a gentleman in Dunstable, none having been circulated in this city.

In relation to our opinion of Mr Bancroft, just what that is our friends will see from the following extract from the Advertiser of the 4th inst.:—

"The Courier quotes from the Republican before being united with the Patriot, and from a correspondence of the Advertiser, which we said we should not have published had we not believed it true so far as it related to the integrity of Mr Bancroft, to show that we have changed our mind in relation to him. *We entertain for Mr Bancroft's genius and acquirements the same admiration we ever did. But have been compelled from actual knowledge since to change our opinion as to his moral worth.*"

For this change, we have given our reasons in our paper. And if Mr Bancroft, or any respectable man for him, denies any statement we have made and calls upon us for proof, we are ready to give the evidence of members of Congress in answer and care not before what tribunal, though a Middlesex jury would be most to our taste.

Horrid Murder in Charlton!!

We are pained to record the the particulars of a shocking murder, perpetrated in Charlton on the night of Thursday last, says the Worcester Transcript.—Isaac Moody, a negro about 41 years old, lately from Webster or vicinity, came recently to Charlton, bringing with him a colored woman, said to be his wife.—These two persons fell in company with an Englishman named Buttersworth, an unmarried man, 40 to 50 years of age, and for some twelve years a resident in Charlton and its neighborhood. They procured *rum*, drank freely, and, as the negro says, sometime during the night, being in the open field, some distance from any house, Buttersworth attempted to force his wife, upon which he made an attack upon him with a sharp stone, bruising and cutting his head, and leaving him unable to rise.

The woman gave contradictory statements. She says that when she and her man left Buttersworth he was on his hands and knees trying to get up—that when they reached the road, some 20 rods distant, Moody stopped and said "*G—d d——m him, I will go back and finish him;*"—that he went back, and although it was dark and she could not see what he did, yet she heard the blows distinctly.

When found next morning, Buttersworth was dead—the back side of his head was knocked in, and the skull horribly fractured and gashed by the stone. Some of the gashes were 4 or 6 inches long, and one on the side of the head extended to the chin, and severed the ear. The negro fled, but was found secreted in a swamp—examined before Justice Brown of Oxford, and committed to the jail in this town on Saturday.

☞ By the Tuesday's Congressional proceedings of Congress, it appears that the whigs will have an opportunity to go for a tariff that will give the largest amount of revenue. Some days ago we shew them that if we should need all the revenue a tariff could give, it was a conclusive reason why the present tariff should be changed, inasmuch as that fails to do so by departing from the maximum revenue principle in taxing some articles so high as to entirely cut off the importation of them, and consequently, of course, all revenue, and by taxing others so low as to offer a trifling revenue, or none, according to the extent of the departure from the maximum revenue principle. As we now need more revenue let us see them come up to the work and reduce the protective and prohibitary duties, and then, if that is not sufficient, increase the low duty and free articles to the maximum revenue rates.

☞ Than bathing, there is no more desirable or expeditious method of removing from the surface the waste matter thrown from the system. "On perspiration coming to the surface the watery particles rapidly evaporate, and the remainder being a more solid substance is deposited on the skin. If suffered to remain, obstructs the pores and keeps in the body a great quantity of noxious matter which deteriorates the quality of the blood and renders it unfit to nourish the frame—the skin if unfitted for duty throws the office of excretion on the lungs, these being over tasked, become weakened, thus it becomes an imperative duty on all to practise daily ablution."

To affect this, call at Besse's Bathing House, on Market street, where will be found clean water, clean towels, and everything to render a bath a luxury and a blessing.

Extract from Gen. Taylor's official account of the Battle of the 9th ult.

The strength of our marching force on this day, as exhibited in the annexed field report, was 173 officers, and 2,049 men—aggregate 2,222. The actual number engaged with the enemy did not exceed 1,700.—Our loss was three officers killed and twelve wounded; thirty-six men killed, and seventy-one wounded. Among the officers killed, I have to regret the loss of Lieut. Inge, 2d dragoons, who fell at the head of his pintoon, while gallantry charging the enemy's battery; of Lieut. Cochrans, of the 4th, and Lieut. Chadbourn, of the 8th infantry, who likewise met their death in the thickest of the fight. The officers wounded were Lieut. Colonel Payne, Inspector General; Lieut. Dobbins, 3d infantry, serving with the light infantry advance, slightly; Lieut. Colonel McIntosh, 5th Infantry severely, (twice;) Captain Hooe, 5th infantry, severely, (right arm since amputated.) Lieut. Fowler, 5th infantry, slightly; Captain Montgomery, 8th infantry, slightly; Lieutenants Gates and Jordan, 8th infantry, severely, (each twice;) Lieutenents Selden, Maclay, Burbank, and Morris, 8th infantry, slightly.

I have no accurate data from which to estimate the enemy's force on this day. He is known to have been reinforced after the action of the 8th, both by cavalry and infantry, and no doubt to an extent equal to his loss on that day. It is probable that 6,000 men were opposed to us, and in a position chosen by themselves and strongly defended with artillery. The enemy's loss was very great. Nearly 200 of his dead were buried by us on the day succeeding the battle. His loss in killed, wounded, and missing, in the two affairs of the 8th and 9th is, I think, moderately estimated at 1,000 men.

Our victory has been decisive. A small force has overcome immense odds of the best troops that Mexico can furnish—veteran regiments, perfectly equipped and appointed. Eight peices of artillery, several colors and standards, a great number of prisoners, including fourteen officers, and a large amount of baggage and public property have fallen into our hands.

New Books.

The new books which we mentioned in our last, are the following:

Wandering Jew, Nos. 13 and 14. We have so often referred to this beautiful work it need only be said that as it draws near the close it loses nothing of its beauty of illustration and typography.

Illustrated Shakespeare—Nos. 81 to 84 (inclusive.) When completed, no more splendid work of the Printer's art will be found in this country. It would seem that the publishers have endeavored that each number should exceed the last, in neatness of execution.

Pictorial History of England—No. 2. We shall endeavor to place this edition of the History on our shelves as a book to interest us when we sit quietly down to enjoy ourselves, and we would advise our readers to do likewise.

Emilia Wyndham—12 mo.—pp 168. A lady friend of ours has conjured us to read this novel; you will, said she, fully appreciate woman's character and station in life, and learn what a woman can do. Yet we have not read the book, although her commendation is so just praise. *The truth is, we dare not.*—Being a bachelor, we fled women about us in too many shapes already. Still we hope none of our readers will be deterred from the same fear.

Chronicles of Clovernook—By Douglas Jerrold.—A most caustic but mirthful satire on the present age; its hollow hearted, grasping and avaricious spirit. He who would while away an hour with racy reading—yet rise from it pondering on the deep moral contained therein, will buy this book.

Crichton—by Wm. Harrison Ainsworth—2 vols. in one. 18 mo—pp. 237. price 50 cents. This is the most readable novel of the day—full of incidents and curious old learning which will keep attention fully alive and interest awakened during its perusal.

Voyages of Discovery and research in the Arctic Regions from 1818 to the present time. 18 mo pp 589. This work supplies a place long vacant. Narratives of voyagers are usually too prolix and encumbered with details which are not interesting to the general reader. This work has been carefully abridged from the original narratives and all such details eliminated.

A year among the English Jesuits. 18 mo—pp. 334. By Andrew Steinmetz. This is a book evidently written to feed the morbid appetite which one religious sect has to learn the faults of another and hear it abused and traduced, and will, no doubt, have a great sale. We know nothing of the writer, but are inclined to look on him who exposes the weakness of those with whom he has been associated, to the world, as on him who betrays a confidential conversation—little reliance can be placed on him. So with our author—he admits that he ate their bread and drank their wine of charity. Why revile them? Was he not as bad as they? What makes him now holier?

PRIVATEERS. In a Vera Cruz paper of the 24th ult., says the New Orleans Picayune, the Mexican Government is strenuously urged to issue promptly letters of marque against our commerce. It further suggests that the present Mexican vessels of war may far better be engaged in privateering than in any other service, or than in lying idle, liable to constant attack. The article is a very calm and quiet one, but full of pith, and may be fareshadows the intent of the Mexican Government.

☞ It has been reported and denied, and is now a *fixed fact* that Cassius M. Clay has gone out to the defence of his country. The New York Tribune says: "We scarcely know how to express our surprise and regret at this intelligence. We are persuaded that this movement on his part will greatly impair the moral influence on which depends in a great degree the success of his labors against slavery."

☞ The Pennsylvanie says that the receipts at the Philadelphia Telegraph office for messages sent to New York and Washington since Tuesday week were 150 $200 per day, until a breach took place on Friday which stopped the flow of cash.

☞ A beautiful young lady, in Delaware county, Pa., having been compelled by her father to marry a gentleman of fortune, though she had promised her hand to another, took poison in her coffee the morning after her marriage, while at breakfast with her husband and parents, and expired in less than an hour.

☞ President Everett, we learn by the Post, will deliver the annual address before the Association of the Alumni of Harvard College, on Friday, the 28th of August. On the 28th, Charles Sumner, Esq., in addition, will deliver the Phi Beta Knappn ornation.

☞ The Connecticut License Law has been modified by the Senate. Drinking and selling to drink are allowed only in Taverns, to whom the authorities may grant licenses on such terms as they think proper. It is thought the house will concur.—*New York Sun.*

THE LOWEST AND MOST COWARDY ACT—to publish and circulate slang and dirty lies that you dare not father.

☞ Money is everywhere quite easy. In N. Y. capitalists are begging borrowers to take loans.

☞ No courting which is not done *sigh*-entifically can succeed.—*Salem Advertiser.*

☞ The Temperance Jubilee at N. Y. is said to have been a grand affair.

☞ There has been several failures in Baltimore on account of the pressure in the money market.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Awful Calamity at Quebec!

Theatre Royal burned and a great many persons with it.

The Montreal Herald of the 15th inst. says,

"It has again pleased the Almighty to afflict our already chastened city.

Last night, at 10 o'clock, a fire broke out in the Theatre Royal.

The house had been decently crowded, but some had fortunately left before the accident.

A rush was at once made to the staircase. In an incredibly short space of time the whole of the building was enveloped in one sheet of flame.

The staircase communicating with the boxes was a steep one, and we are of opinion it had fallen from the weight of those who crowded upon it.

One foot was interposed between the hapless crowd and eternity! and on that space we, with five or six others stood, the fierce flames preying around us, and the dense smoke repelling all efforts to extricate. As far back as we could see there was a sea of heads, of writhing bodies and out-stretched arms. *Noise there was none: but few mourns escaped the doomed.* At the extreme end in view there were faces calm and resigned; persons who, from the funeral veil of smoke which gradually enshrouded them, appeared calm to drop into eternal sleep. By our side was one brother striving to extricate another, but abandonment was unavoidable. One poor creature at our feet offered his entire worldly wealth for his rescue; the agonizing expression of the faces before us can never be effaced from our memory.

The flames were above and around us—but human aid was of no avail. In five minutes from the time of which we make mention, the mass of human beings who had but a short interval previous been in the enjoyment of a full and active life, were exposed to one view a mass of calcined bones!

Up to this hour, *forty-six bodies have been recovered from the ruins!* Most of them have been recognized:—a greater loss of life than in the two dread conflagrations of last summer.

Sad wailing pervades the city.

☞ The story of Vae Amburgh's being killed by his leopard was a hoax.

Police Court.

WEDNESDAY JUNE 17.

George Prior,—for violating the liscense law, fined $20 and costs, committed.

Amos Bean,—Common drunkard, was sent to the House Correction 4 mos.

BEFORE WM. P. WEBSTER, ESQ.

Thursday June 18.

Catharine Stanley—complained of for an assault and battery on one Mrs Stanley—discharged.

CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS. We find the following in an exchange paper.

"The Swedish system for the cure of drunkenness, is being adopted at different places in Germany. Several temperance societies have tried it with great salutary effect. I would also recommend it to the special attention of the different temperance societies in the United States. To give it a fair trial, it is however required that the society should have a hospital at its own disposal. 'Drunkards are taken to these hospitals, and confined in them for a term of eight days, during which time they are provided with the very best provisions, including all kinds of delicacies. Every thing they receive is, however, well soaked in liquor, and during their eight day's confinement they are not permitted to taste one morsel of food but such as has been prepared in this way. It is a desperate but a certain cure. Lately in one of these places, eighty had been treated in this manner, (some of them for many years outcaste of society,) and seventy-three of them are now reformed, with the best hope of again becoming useful members of society."

LOWELL HOSPITAL.

THE Committee of the Lowell Hospital Association, appointed to examine and report on the Treasurer's accounts and the general state of the Institution, for the year ending May 10, 1846, report as follows:

That the gross expenses of the year have been		$4075 79
Received from patients		1293 63
Leaving chargeable to the Association		2782 16
Number of patients admitted during the year—Females	190	
Males	25—215	
Discharged—Cured	184	
Relieved	12	
Not relieved	4	
Died	9	
In Hospital May 10, '46	6—215	
Out of which number the cases of *typhus fever* were		124
The whole cost of each patient has been per week		$9 45
Of which has been paid by patients		3 00
Leaving a charge to the Association for each patient per week of		6 45

N. B. By a law of the Hospital, the utmost charge for patients—including board, medicines and medical attendance, is per week, For a female..... 3 00
For a male.....4 00

And in cases where patients are unable to pay the said charge in whole or in part, the Corporation by which they are recommended is bound to make up the deficiency, taking its chance for future repayment; the patient equally with others, enjoying all the benefits of the Institution.

The whole number of deaths since the opening of the Hospitol, out of 1013 patients, has been 37, or 3.65 per cent.
For the past year 9 out of 211, or 4.25 per cent.

The Committee would beg to draw attention to the number of cases of typhus fever, admitted during the past year, amounting to no less than 124 out 211, and the consequently great relief that must have been afforded to the keepers of boarding houses in particular, and safety to their inmates, by the removal of so many patients afflicted by a disease now generally allowed to be infectious; and they hope this fact may be duly noticed trusting that it may make a suitable impression on the parties so immediately interested.

They would also beg to refer to the number of deaths since the opening of the Institution, which they believe is small, compared with most others of a similar nature—being little more that 3 1-2 out of every 100 patients admitted.

To the skill, care and kindness of the Physician, Matron and Nurses, and to the beautiful order quiet and cleanliness of the Hospital, the Committee give their most willing and hearty testimony, and cannot close their report without expressing a hope that the time is fast approaching, when the benefits of the institution and the motives of its founders will be duly and thankfully appreciated. Respectfully submitted.

J. D. PRINCE,
LINUS CHILD,
WM. A. BURKE } Committee.

Lowell, May 27, 1846. je18a3tr3w

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. jel6atf

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Ja. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactury of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the best Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLES!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

REDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasnat and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j04m

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alturatives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 a&r6mchm

Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1845.
Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Gratitude alone prompts me to make the following communication which I should like to have published to the world. I have been afflicted for the last five years with a severe pain in the side, attended with a hacking cough and night sweets, so that I have not been able to do a day's work during all that time. I have been attended by three of the most respectable physicians in our vicinity, but obtained no relief. As a last resort I was induced to try

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

I used three bottles, and with entire success. I feel that I am restored, and once more rejoice in perfect health. Signed, JOHN FERNS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&papr14

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurff and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thdvma28

LOWELL MUSEUM.
GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown:* together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—Introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled "THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and house of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Certain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GURRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets 25 cents each person. Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF. *This day.*

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜

The superior fast sailing Bark LEPANTO, *Hatch*, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. je18

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF. Goes up to the city without lightering. *First Fair Wind.*

The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips Agent at Mobile. je18

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	Name of Principal.	Time.
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock, A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ " "
3	" Kimball,	10½ " "
4	" Morse,	9 " "
5	" Shattuck,	3½ " P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 " A. M.
7	" Pooler,	2 " P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ " A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. Aje16

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases; and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIRBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&plec16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The Loudon Quarterly Review, The Edinburgh Review, The Foreign Quarterly Review, The Westminster Review, and Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving to the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers, jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

A SERIES OF
SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS,

BY THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, *under the direction of* Messrs. A. & A. BOND.

The *Lowell Brass Band*, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. Bond, propose giving four Concerts of Instrumental interspersed with Vocal Music, during the six coming months—of which due notice will be given of each.

☞ Subscription papers may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and J. Allen's Bookstores, and at C. S. Eastman's Apothecary Store. je16a4t

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Saturday next.*

The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je13

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store*," up over the Post Office. je11

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

ONLY THREE HOURS NOTICE!—Ladies of Lowell, should you wish to order any particular style of a Shawl or a Silk Dress, remember, by giving us your order, we can obtain them,—at the Shawl and Silk Store, up over the Post Office. may30

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, je6atf 58, Central St.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS, JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies; viz:

To Merchants & Traders	88	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartman	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je18atf

L. Worcester,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40,

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Rich'd Satins, Valencia, Marseillee and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department in regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chalic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to so fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. jc4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no connexion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&ply GEORGE H. CARLTON.

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order. Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.* je13 atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., in this city by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.

He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.

apr11tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6.35 A. M., and 12.35 and 4.45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

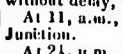
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

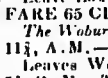
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

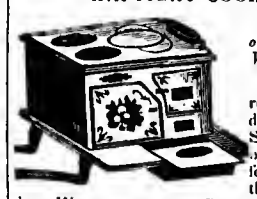
REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfapr9

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. op28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.
BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST.

They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7 April 6, 1846.

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —*No. 1, Commercial Square.*—

Adjourned sale of real estate.

ON MONDAY next, June 22d; at 10 o'clock, a. m.; on the premises—2 Dwelling Houses, with a convenient lot of land, situated on the east side of Dummer st.

Also: at 11 o'clock, 3 houses and one store, on the corner of Adams and Lowell streets, with 4520 ft. land, to be sold separately or together, as may be wanted.—Terms at sale.

Peremptory Sale of Piano Fortes.

On WEDNESDAY next, June 24th; at 10 o'clock, a. m., 5 elegant new Piano Fortes, Boston build, with iron frames, harp pedal and all the modern improvements—in rich Rosewood cases, to be sold without the least reserve to pay advances. A manufacturers warrant will be given. N. B. Those in want will do well to attend this sale as they may rest assured the instruments are of the first class, and made by the most thorough builders in Boston. Ladies and gentlemen will please examine them on Tuesday, P. M., at our sale room.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side lamps, stoves, &c &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 28 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms; on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage;

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY next, June 22, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a large genteel brick tenement, situated on Kirk st., the same recently occupied by Mr Peabody, who has removed from the city.

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHAS. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. aulyImoy9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on gold or fine gold-plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28atf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar18] Concord, N. H.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE COMMISSION STORE.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store on Market Street, formerly occupied by CHARLES OFFUTT, for the sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture on commission. Those having articles of Furniture to sell, he will serve them for a small commission. Those wishing to purchase may be assured of getting articles at a low price.

Second-Hand Chairs and Furniture painted in good style and at a low price.

GEO. OFFUTT,
may30atf No. 4, Market St.

Highly important to all invailds and Estends of Invailds.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, bowels complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires soothing more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wefully deceived. This cautine is positively nevessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snetch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrafula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis; dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

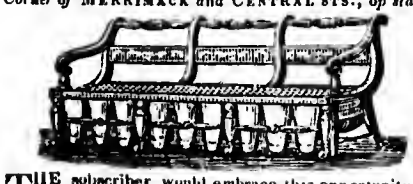
The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



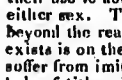
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogeny and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an American Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
15mar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House painters, apply at WRICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, recently set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lotz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

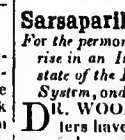
☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. C. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12u] dec16

DR. KITTREDGE'S

Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrufula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Boston;* Geo. Forristall, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Malden.*

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. C. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikee, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault.

adr3umer26

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

Dr. Wood's

Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnsapr9

Carriage Manufactory.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tunnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN.

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ma&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery acquires an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the wrist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HEWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and eat his food, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pear street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles, purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which an invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&p6mcho

Pigeons! Pigeons!!

THE experiment of attracting Pigeons by the scent of "Fletcher's Pigeon Oil" has been frequently tried, and large quantities taken, while none could be taken at any other stand in the neighborhood. The increased sale for the last year or two, without any effort to make it known, is sufficient evidence of its effect without any other testimony. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. ptoct1may8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 20, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 73.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Daily Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, *Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.*

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 *Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
ap12 LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. RINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,
Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ARRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845 jnal.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 8wadvmay2

PROF. WILSON'S Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life, a new supply at JUDKINS', Central st.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. advly jan29

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND RELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. BONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *,* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&parlyapr4

A. Frost & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.
They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.
Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

A FEW more of those fine Gold Pens have been received by JUDKINS, 29 Central street. For sale low. may2

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2. / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLT,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnovw&sport28

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Rat-ing poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.

John J. Palmer, Esq.	Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq.	Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq.	Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.	

Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., / ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$387 75	$193 87	$193 87½	$1938 75

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awacopdec18

Trees, Shrubs, &c.



At Office—West End of the City Hall.—The subscriber, Agent for the Messrs Kenrick, of Newton, and other Nurseries, has for sale all kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, &c., of the best varieties.
He has also a superb collection of Roses, and other ornamental plants, both hardy and tender. Catalogues gratis on application to my office.
apr1 1tf JOHN G. LOCKE.

The History of Life.

I saw an infant in its mother's arms,
And left it sleeping;
Years passed—I saw a girl with woman's charms,
In sorrow weeping.

Years passed—I saw a mother with her child;
And o'er it languish.
Years brot me back—yet through her tears she smiled
In deeper anguish.

I left her—years had vanished; I returned;
And stood before her;
A lamp beside the childless widow burned—
Grief's mantle o'er her.

In tears I found her whom I left in tears,
On God relying!
And I returned again in after years,
And found her dying.

An infant first, and then a maiden fair—
A wife—a mother—
And then a childless widow in despair—
Thus met a brother.

And thus we meet on earth—and thus we part
To meet—oh, never!
Till death beholds the spirit leave the heart,
To live forever.

THE CUT-WORM.

This is the most troublesome worm that we have to contend with in our fields and gardens. We think our readers generally understand what is meant by the *cut-worm.* It is of a slate color, and is often found more than an inch long. It differs from the common muck-worm, that comes from the dor-bug, being more slender and darker, its habits are peculiar. It attacks young plants in the night only, and then it cuts them off square near the earth, and leaves them prostrate and uneaten.

It is destructive among cabbage plants and a variety of others; it fells to the earth peach and cherry trees that are an eight of an inch in diameter, and causes much trouble to nursery men. It seems to delight in mischief, not devouring the hundreth part of the game that it has killed It seems to suck the sap of young plants, not caring for the wood or leaf; and many of what we commonly call weeds seem as agreeable to the cut-worm as the most valuable plants.—Hence some gardeners leave weeds about their favorite plants in order to feed this worm.

Before the sun or the gardener rises, the cut-worm buries himself close by the plant that he has felled, to the depth of an inch, and more; there he lies quietly till evening, when he crawls to the next plant for his next supper. If you have a nursery row of peach or cherry trees ten inches apart, and no weeds between, he will advance regularly and fell a tree each night till the trees have grown to hard for him. You will then find some of them half eaten off and left so.

One mode of destroying the cut-worm is to watch your drills early in the morning and wherever you find he has felled a tree, dig down and find him near the root. You then put him on a hoe or a stone and crush him with your foot, treading on him in the dirt will not kill him. Cutting in two, or cutting off his head will answer when you have a proper implement handy.

Some guard their favorite plants by placing circular birch bark around each one, two inches high. Strips of board placed on each side of the drills will guard against such as are not fenced in with the plants.

It would be a good plan to have *burnt earth* to sow plants in that are so agreeable to the cut-worm as the young cherry and the young peach tree. It is well known that cabbage plants succeed best on ground that has had brush burnt on it. Burnt earth might be placed between strips of board set edgewise, and not many cut-worms would trouble the gardener in this space. This may possibly be cheaper than to place a wall of birch bark, or of tin, around each plant.—*Mass. Ploughman.*

GRASS SEED. One of the most successful and economical modes of securing timothy seed, and which is practised by some farmers to great advantage, is to reap the tops of the grass while it is yet standing in the meadow, to be afterwards threshed and cleaned, and then the rest of the grass is mowed and manufactured into hay.—The seed thus costs only the labor of cutting and threshing, the remainder affords the usual crop of hay.—*Boston Sun.*

IMPROVEMENT OF SOIL. Time was when most of the cultivated soil in the United States was rich; but that day has past. In many of the States, the occupants of farms have worked their lands out of heart, and abandoned them for more advantageous positions in the "far West."—Many others still cleave to the homes of their ancestors, with little other prospects than that of making a bare subsistence, and the great majority of American farmers experience sad reverses from the annual deterioration of their lands.—Tennessee, which is still the greatest corn-growing State in the Union, could once boast of seventy-five and a hundred bushels of Indian corn to the acre, but at present, the average crop is not more than thirty bushels to the acre.

Mixing manure with the soil is of the greatest consequence, and it is especially so, when applied in the latter part of the summer for the wheat crop. Wheat will not bear an abundant supply of unmixed manure, buried in large masses and lumps beneath the soil. When manure therefore is spread, it should be harrowed at least half a dozen times well, with the surface soil, before the plough turns it under. It thus becomes thoroughly broken, the soil is made mellow, and the whole is well intermixed. So important is this operation, that one half or even one-third the manure will sometimes be equally efficacious.

The question might be gravely asked, why have these changes occurred? A bad system was at first adopted, and has been persisted in.—Farmers have had too much confidence in the soil, and paid to little attention to its wants.

The great Buel's motto was "to improve the soil and the mind:" his idea might have been correct, but the order of the subjects should be changed. The *improvement of the mind and the soil*, as the true desideratum.

The means to enrich the soil are numerous. Every cultivator is obliged to have at least a horse, a cow, a pig or two, and a few sheep; and there is no problem in arithmetic more clear than that from any animal properly managed, more manure can be made than will be required to make produce to support it.

Suppose we try the pig first. We will give it the poorest food of the place. We will be at the expense of constructing him a good house, and preparing him a yard with litter. Feed him on refuse cabbage leaves, roots, scraps from the kitchen, &c., and in one year he will pay for his mansion, food and the labor of given it to him,

and furnish enough manure to produce ample food for two such pigs another year. (!!) If any one will try it and plead disappointment, he may draw on me for three pigs.

The cow, in addition to paying expenses by her milk, when housed and well littered, will furnish on a mean of manure that will, by its scientific application, give food for one, if not two cows. The same may be predicated of all domestic animals.

But unfortunately, many farmers lose the most valuable particles of manure by exposing it to the weather. After fermentation, the *residuum* is little better than the like amount of chaff.

The secret of improving the soil consists in knowing its wants and being able to supply them. The correct combination of the different properties of a soil must be studied. On some lands, clay will be useful; on others, swamp mud will be found valuable, and on others, sand will answer the purpose. Draining is often advantageous, and many plots may be irrigated the great profit of the farmer.—*The Naturalist.*

Congress.

Wednesday June 17.

In the SENATE, Mr Bright gave notice of a bill to raise the pay of volunteers to ten dollars per month during the war.

Mr Dix, from Committee of Conference on the supplemental war bill, reported that the majority had agreed thereon, and asked the concurrence of the Senate. Mr Mangum, one of the Committee, disagreed with the report, regarding some of its provisions as revolutionizing the whole military service. He moved that the report be printed and the bill be laid on the table. This motion was lost: ayes 22, noes 22.

A long discussion then took place, and the bill was shown to be in part unconstitutional and incongruous. A motion to postpone the bill until to-morrow was lost. Ayes 26: Noes 28. The report was then concurred with. Ayes 22: Noes 16.

Mr Haywood reported the House bill to recede to Alexandria to Virginia, and recommended its rejection. The senate proceeded to ballot for a Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr Archer withdrew his name. Messrs Webster, Sevier and McDuffie were the principle candidates. Mr Webster withdew on the third and Mr Savier and McDuffie were the principal candidates. Mr Webster withdrew on the third and Mr Sevier on the fourth ballot. On the seventh ballot Mr McDuffie was elected. The Senate then passed into Executive session.

In the HOUSE, A resolution for printing the 10th volume of the Laws of the United States was rejected. The amendments to the Indian Approbation bill were taken up. A protracted debate ensued. Amendments were concurred with. Senate amendments to the Post Office Bill were then taken up in committee. The same were concurred in and reported to the House. Reports from committees were called for.

The printing of the testimony before the Webster impeachment committee was ordered. A communication from the Navy Department and many relating to the Lake Superior mineral lands from the war department, were disposed of and the House adjourned.

THE TREATY CONFIRMED.

Thursday June 18.

SENATE. Mr Allen's resolution, providing that executive business shall hereafter be transacted with open doors, was negatived, 38 to 12.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to bring up the Warehouse bill, after which the Senate went into executive session. At 5 o'clock the Senate closed their session, having confirmed the Treaty. The vote is variously stated at 38 to 12, and 40 to 11.

The seal of secrecy has not been removed, nor will it be until after the treaty is ratified by the two governments.

In the HOUSE, the Tariff bill was under consideration in committee of the whole. Messrs. Seaborn and Jones, spoke in favor, and Messrs. McClean, Mellvain and Holmes, of S. C. in opposition.

The Navel Pension Bill was then taken up.

Gen. Gaines, with his aid, Capt. Calhoun, arrived in Washington this evening. He received his orders on the 10th and started the next day.

New Hampshire Legislature.

HOUSE. *Portsmouth and Concord Railroad.*—Mr Christie, from the Judiciary committee, to whom had been referred a large number of petition asking for a law authorizing Portsmouth to subscribe to the stock of the Concord and Portsmouth railroad to the amount of $100,000, reported a resolution granting leave to the petitioners to withdraw their petition.—Laid on the table.

Capital Punishment. Mr Christie, from the Judiciary committee, made a report upon a petition in favor of abolishing capitol punishment, and the committee was discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Ordered to a third reading. A bill incorporating the New Hampshire Methodist conference; a bill relating to coast survey; a bill in relation to the coast survey; A bill in relation to certificates of shares in corporations.

Mr Rust, by leave, from the committee on Bonds, Bridges and Canals, reported a bill incorporating the Sullivan Railroad Company, which was read twice and referred to the committee on bills on their second reading.

Mr Rust from the same committee, made a report, with a resolution, postponing the petition of Samuel D. Bell and others for the Manchester and Methuen railroad, to the next session. Laid on the table.

Bills read a third time and passed. A bill relative to certificates of shares in corporations; A bill incorporating the N. H. Methodist Conference; a bill relating to the coast survey of New Hampshire.

Latest from the South.

New Orleans papers to the 10th inst. state;

Gen. Taylor's son had left New Orleans for Matamoras, with his father's brevet commission of Major General.

The lady of Capt. Page, who was so severely wounded at the battle of Palo Alto, arrived at New Orleans on the 9th, on her way to Point Isabel, to meet her husband.

A letter published in the Delta from Pensacola says, it is reported that the condition of our squadron, in relation to that of the English fleet, which has been increased, is very precarious.

It was rumored in New Orleans, that as soon as the English squadron on the Mexican coast heard of the declaration of war against Mexico, it would be a signal for them to take possession of the whole Mexican coast. Commodore Sloat's squadron is somewhat diminished by the return of Old Ironsides to the United States, still he will, no doubt, when joined by Captain Stockton, give a good account of himself.

The Hon. Henry Middleton, who for many years represented us at the Court of St. Petersburg, died at Charleston on Sunday last.

Mr Walker, Secretary of the Treasury, has issued orders granting clearances to Matamoras, thus throwing open Northern Mexico to American Manufactures.

The Oregon Treaty has been referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

HORSE STEALING. The Star, published in Kane county Illinois, states that twenty-four horses were stolen in that county in a few days, and near that number of horse thieves have been trapped, tried, convicted, and sent to the State Prison. The Star says "Some time since one of these speculating gentry was trapped and to escape the vengence he justly merited, he informed his captors that there were some one hundred and fifty horses concealed in a cavern in the north ern portion of the State. It appears this hold is the regular place of rendezvous and concealment of the band until opportunity offers to transport their booty to the Southern and Eastern markets."

☞ Gen. Gaines is now in Washington.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE, 20 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

Is our war with Mexico just?

[Concluded.]

Thus far, in the present article, we have gone upon the supposition that the Mexican government agreed to receive Mr Slidell for the settlement of all difficulty between the two governments. In a former article upon this subject we quoted from the correspondence between them to prove the agreement, and as our neighbor takes exception only to the omission of a single word we will not repeat it at length. The Courier says:

"Now we do not mean to accuse the Advertiser of misquotation, for the editor may have copied the above from some other newspaper,—but *some one* has left out the important word "present" from the above.—Mr Pena y Pena said "settle the *present* dispute,"—the word is quite a material one in this case."

To this, we would say in the first place, that we quoted from the correspondence as published by our government; and that our compositor accidentally omitted the word "present" and as it in no way altered the sense we did not detect the error in the proof. The President wishes to know whether the Mexican government "*would receive an envoy from the United States, intrusted with full power to adjust all the questions in dispute between the two governments.*"

The reply is, "*my government is disposed to receive the commissioner of the United States who may come to this capital with full powers from his government to settle the present dispute in a peaceful, reasonable, and honorable manner.*" Now what is the dispute, or the present dispute? Why, clearly all difficulties existing between the two governments at the then present time; the matter referred to by the President. Boundary, nor any other difficulty was specially named, but all points and matters of difference then existing made up the difficulty asked about and replied to, and to settle which the agreement was made to receive an envoy. But as the Courier does not pretend they had any valid excuse for rejecting Mr Slidell, it is hardly worth while, perhaps, to spend the time we already have upon this point. Without pretending it was the real reason, it says, "the objection was a plausible one at least." And because Mexico has a *plausible* excuse for violating her agreement, and because we did not choose to accept of excuses that are only pretended to be *merely plausible*, we are responsible for an "inglorious and infamous war."—Because we will not acknowledge duplicity and faithlessness truth, we are a "nation of robbers."

But coming down to the actual declaration that war existed, the Courier would have us infer that both parties are equally culpable so far as that goes, as each did it before knowing the other had done so. Paredes declared war to exist twenty days before we did; and though our government declared war before they learned that Paredes had, they did not declare war to exist till they knew Col. Cross had been murdered, and till they knew the attacks had been made upon detachments of our army. Quite time for the declaration.

The Courier insists, then, that before any attacks upon our army, "we had planted our batteries before Matamoras, and had blockaded the river so that no supplies could reach the city," and then asks, "Is it any less hostile to starve a people to death, than to cut them to pieces?" But here is stated more than the truth. We had planted our batteries to hold the Mexicans in check, that they might be deterred from making attacks upon our troops; but the river was not blockaded so that no supplies could reach the city, nor were the supplies cut off at all.

In the Courier's second article upon our right to the Rio Grande, it admits the treaties from which we quoted, and that they recognized the Rio Grande as the boundary, but contends that Santa Anna had no power to make them. Santa Anna, previous to the battle of San Jacinto, had usurped the government of Mexico, become Supreme Dictator, established a consolidated government and was, when taken prisoner, endeavouring to subdue Texas, she having revolted against his new and unconstitutional government. If there was any power to make a treaty he had it. But we refered to those treaties and to the resolution passed in the Texas Congress immediately after the treaties were agreed upon, not only to show the rights of Texas by virtue of those treaties, or by the passage of the resolution, (which resolution of itself could confer no right,) but to show what the Mexicans and Texians were contending for—to show that Mexico understood that Texas claimed to the Rio Grande. And as Texas claimed to the Rio Grande and maintained her claims to whatever she did claim, her title, independent of the treaties with Santa Anna, is as good to the Rio Grande as to any other portion of the territory.

THUNDER STORM. A great part of yesterday and all of the day before, was extremely warm and dusty. Crops were already beginning to suffer.—About three o'clock yesterday, the wind hauled round and blew from the east as chilly as the east wind only can. At four o'clock indications of a thunder storm were seen at the westward, and at 20 minutes to six it burst over the city. It was so dark at this time that one could with difficulty see to read in the open air.—The thunder was quite heavy, and the lightning vivid. It rained smartly for an hour or so, and gradually till about 9 o'clock when it ceased altogether. Everything promises a charmingly fine day tomorrow.

☞ It has been reported and denied, and is now a *fixed fact*, that Cassius M. Clay has gone out to the defence of his country. The New York Tribune says—"We scarcely know how to express our surprise and regret at this intelligence. We are persuaded that this movement on his part will greatly impair that moral influence on which depends in a great degree the success of his labors against slavery."

FIREWORKS AND FOURTH OF JULY IN BOSTON. The site chosen by the Committee of Arrangements for the City Celebration of the Fourth of July, for the exhibition of the Fireworks in the evening, is upon the small hill south of the Frog Pond, the works facing the west. The best place to see, as well as the most comfortable one to stand upon, will be the Charles street Mall.

THE CHOLERA IN CANADA. The Montreal Herald says that the report of a case of Asiatic Cholera in Quebec has not been confirmed, but cases of ordinary Cholera, always yielding to proper treatment, had been prevalent in the country.

England a Mediator.

It is thought England will offer to act as a mediator or arbitrator for the settlement of the difficulties between the United States and Mexico, and the War growing out of them. Certainly we have no objection to her offering to bring our affairs to a peaceful termination, thereby showing her good and kind intentions towards both the United States and Mexico; but the expediency of this Government accepting her, or any power as an arbitrator of its difficulties, she will, of course, be as willing we should judge of, as we are that she should tender her kind offices. So far as comity goes, her desire to interfere in our matters, for our good, is exceedingly proper. And so far as comity goes, we are bound to treat her good intentions with civility and politeness. There our duty ends, unless we wish her assistance. We wish her aid in the manner and matter proposed, if we need it. Do we?—From present appearances the Government and Gen. Taylor seem to be bringing the matter to a close, and will probably do it as quick and quite as satisfactorily as it would be done should we "leave it out." It is well to submit all cases to a third party when you are in the wrong, for the usual way is in all references to "split the difference," with but little regard to the right or wrong of either side. But as right is on our side, and as we are probably able, and fully competent in every way to judge of, and maintain our rights, until affairs take on very different turn from what they yet have, our government will be likely to politely acknowledge, and feel highly flattered and thankful for Great Britain's generous and kind intentions in proposing to settle for us our difficulties, but say to them, that as they are small matters, we couldn't think of troubling Great Britain, necessarily somewhat to the neglect of her own important concerns, with them.

☞ The following report, of Hon. R. J. Walker, Secretary of Treasury, for a further change of the tariff than that heretofore recommended, to meet the wants of the Treasury growing out of the war, and to cease with the war, or as soon as the public finances will permit, will be read with interest.

Report of Secretary Walker.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 15.

It appears that the aggregate estimated expenditures of the War and Navy Departments for the fiscal years terminating on the 30th of June, 1846 and 1847, amount to $23,952,904 over and above the estimates made by those Departments in December last, and then submitted in my usual report to Congress. In that report it was supposed upon the expenditures then estimated for a state of peace there would remain on the first of July, 1847, a balance in the Treasury of $4,532,441. Deducting this balance from the excess of expenditures above estimated by the War and Navy Departments there would result a deficiency of $19,620,463.

It is believed, however, that this deficiency, will, from augmented receipts, accrued and accruing for the fiscal years 1846, and 1847, be diminished 4 millions, which would reduce the deficit on the first of July, 1847, $15,620,463.

It is ascertained by experience that for the certain, prompt and convenient payment of the public creditors, at all times and places throughout our widely extended territory, and the supply of the Mint and Branch Mints, for coinage, a sum of 4 millions especially during a state of war, must remain on hand in the Treasury, which would again require the sum to be provided for, before July 1, 1847, to be $19,620,463.

By the modification of the tariff, it is believed $5,534,059 may be produced. The modification proposed accompanies the bill.

The Secretary of the Treasury recommends as a basis, the bill reported by the Committee on Ways and Means to the House of Representatives on the 14th of April last, together with the augmented and additional duties now proposed and enumerated in schedule A. This change would increase the revenue $4,034,059.

After a careful examination of the additional data which it has been in my power to obtain since the month of February last, this is my conviction that the bill of the committee will produce a nett revenue of at least $26,000,000. If to this be added, the additional duties proposed to be levied in schedule A. the bill of the Committee will produce a nett revenue of $30,034,057. This would make an addition of $5,534,057 that would be produced under the act of August, 1842. If then we deduct this $5,534,057, from the deficit above estimated we should have a deficit of $13,086,406.

If, in additios to the modifications of the Tariff, above suggested, the warehousing system was adopted, it would make an addition to the annual revenue of one million from customs, which would reduce the deficit to $13,086,406, and it is true the warehousing system might diminish the revenue during a portion of the first year succeeding its adoption, but that it would add one million per annum to the permanent annual increase, is not doubted. It is believed, also, that the reduction and graduation of public lands in favor of sellers and arbitrators, would make an annual addition of half a million to the revenue derivable from the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, by bringing millions of unsalable acres into the market. Deducting this sum, $12,88,406 must be met by loans, treasury notes, direct taxes, and excises. The Secretary then argues against direct taxes and excises, and says it would be difficult to put in operation such a system in all the States and territories, so as to realize the required amount in cash before the 3th of July, 1847. Direct taxes and excises would not meet the sanction of the people, unless when engaged in a war with some great maritime nation, exposing our commerce to great hazard and greatly reducing the revenues from imports.

Loans and Treasury Notes are alone left, and the Secretary recommends a contingent authority should be vested in the Department, to issue Treasury Notes, or effect a loan of a sum not exceeding $12,586,406.

A portion of the money should be raised by Treasery Notes, and the remainder by loans, interest on each not exceeding 6 per cent. If the authority were limited so as to lower this deficit, and the power given to resort to loans or Treasury Notes, or both as the emergency might require. The money might at a much lower rate of interest, than if the Department resort to loans or Treasury Notes.

The history of Government has demonstrated that one is sometimes preferable and sometimes the other, and thus save a large amount of interest by adopting that which is most available. If the war be speedily terminated it is possible no loan nor treasery Notes will be required, or if so for an inconsiderable amount. The same power that is now given to redeem the loan, even before its maturity, whenever the friends of the Government will permit, should it continue, has also the power to re-issue as heretofore, provided by law as well as their receipt in revenue payment.

The additional duties designated in schedule A, are recommended as a war measure, and to terminate with the restoration of peace, or as soon thereafter as the state of the public finances will permit their discontinuance.

(Signed) R. J. WALKER.
Sec'y of the Treasury.

To the President.

A SERIOUS FRACAS. On Sunday and Monday evenings of this week, a serious rencontre took place between a party of Yankees and Irishmen in this place. "Brickbats" and cudgels were in great demand.—Two Irishmen were seriously injured, one having his skull broke in. Several of the police were severely beaten, and we are informed that one was stabbed with a dirk or bowie knife. We hope the ringleaders may be taken care of.

P. S. Since the above was in type we have learned that some six or eight have been arrested.—*Manchester Messenger.*

Five days later from England.

The Steamship Caledonia, Capt, Lott, arrived at Boston, Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, making her passage, included her detention in Halifax in 14 days. Her intelligence is five days later than the news by the Great Western, at New York.

The Caledonia brought 43 passengers from Liverpool, left 8 and took in 18 at Halifax; making 53 to Boston.

The Cotton Market was firm and steady, with a fair demand, and prices did not vary from those reported by the Great Western.

The weather has been fine, and the prospects for the coming crop are flattering.

The Oregon question had ceased to give any uneasiness.

Norman, the self accused murderer and robber, now in custody in London, was connected with an extensive robbery in New York.

Prince Louis Napoleon, who has arrived in England incognito, is about to leave for Florence, to join his sick father.

The overland mail from India arrived on the 3d inst but there was no news of importance.

It was rumored, that in consequence of the apprehension of an American war, the harbor of Bombay, which is capable of strong defence, was to be immediately fortified.

The Spanish Government has withdrawn from the United States the right to deposit at Mahon the combustables, provisions, and effects necessary for its Mediterranean squadron.

The almost exclusive topic of interest from France, is the escape of Prince Louis Napoleon from the castle at Ham.

The Costa Cabral ministry of Portugal has at length fallen amid the universal execration of the Portuguese people, and the whole country is in a state of insurrection.

The cholera is advancing with rapid strides towards St Petersburgh.

Austria, Prussia and Russia are apprehensive of another outbreak in Cracow, to be set on foot by the Polish emigrants in France, England and Belgium. The three powers have taken measures of precaution. At Warsaw several arrests have been made. Austria has made use of the assistance of the peasantry, by liberally remunerating them for their recent exertions.

Persecution against the Nation, Newspaper.—The crown has served notice on Mr Duffy, proprietor of the Nation, that the prosecution for sedition, founded on an article that appeared in that journal several months ago, on the use of railways as military roads in Ireland, is to be brought to trial on Saturday, the 13th inst., before the Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

Preparations of Paredes to Prosecute the War.—Gen. Bravo Appointed President of Mexico, ad interim.

Telegraph Correspondence of the New York Sun.

Baltimore, Wednesday Night.

Dates from Vera Cruz, to June 1st, have been received at Charleston, by the way of Havana.

The Foreign Consuls resident at Vera Cruz, had protested against the blockade of that port.

The Mexican Congress met on the 27th ult. Ex-President Bustamente had been elected President.

It is stated that Paredes will march to Matamoras at the head of a strong army—the largest portion composed of the body of troops called the reserve. The time for his departure with the army is already fixed but has not been made public. Gen. Bravo will occupy the Presidential chair, *ad interim.*

Every thing in Mexico is in the worst possible condition. The suspension of payment for supplies to the government, still continued.

The Trade of Matamoras.

This fine town, now in possession of the army of the United States, and thrown open to the trade of our country by a late order of Gen. Taylor, is made virtually a free port, and furnishes to our merchants a happy opportunity to extend their coast trade in a region where it has not only never been before,—but where the utmost advantages will flow from its introduction. The manufacturers of Cotton goods in the States of Mexico are said to be very respectable; but the cost of the simple cotton stuffs, in consequence of the heavy price of Cotton, (which is prohibited by the heavy duties,) is such that the resources of the common people are consumed in the purchase of the meanest fabrics. To fill the city and port of Matamoras, with the exquisite and cheap Cotton manufactories of this country is really to extend our moral and social influence upon the people of that region, infinately beyond any thing that can be effected by our arms—to say nothing of the active and large business which can be conducted with the contiguous country through this medium.—We have no doubt that our Yankee brethren, so many of whom eschew and denounce this *Southern* war, will know how to make use of its advantages; and we look to see them, before long, scudding over the Gulf, to the Rio Grande, with sloops and schooners, carrying all the surplus splendor of their Calico shops.—*Charleston Patriot.*

FUNNY. The following paragraphs appear as editorial, within an inch of each other, in the Advertiser of yesterday:

Money is everywhere quite easy. In New York capitalists are begging borrowers to take loans.

There has been several failures in Baltimore on account of the pressure in the money market.—*Cou.*

We see no way to get out of the above, but to say that Baltimore is nowhere, or "own up" that the news from there may be a little old—say three days, ample time for all sorts of changes in a shin plaster currency, in these magnetic telegraph days.

TREMONT VOCALISTS. This choir of Boston singers propose giving two concerts in this city, on the evenings of the 3d and 4th of July. On the 3d at the City Hall, and the 4th at Wentworth's. They are highly spoken of by the Boston press, and in other places where they have given concerts.

☞ John Allan, Esq., has been elected to the captaincy of the Voice of Industry. Heretofore, as a Christain soldier, Mr. Allen has been attached to the Universalist Division, and has unquestionably seen some hard fighting. Subsequently he has served as a sabaltere in the Brook Farm Phalanx. We wish him success.

THE LOWELL MUSEUM presents, as will be seen by reference to its advertisement, many attractions to visitors.

DEAD. A colored man, Mr Charles Monoel, dropped down dead as he was about entering the Centralville House last Thursday.

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST is to be exhibited in this city next week.

FOURTH OF JULY. We see by the Voice of Industry that the Industrial Reformers will hold a grand Mass Meeting in this city, on the anniversary of the National Independence.

☞ We publish the following notice of a new Arithmetic just published by Mr Bixby, believing it fully merits all the praise bestowed upon it by the Courier's correspondent.

[From the Courier.]

Arithmetic.

I beg a corner of the Courier for the purpose of saying a word or two respecting a new school-book on Arithmetic lately published by Mr Bixby, of this city. Its author is Mr Frederick A. Adams, formerly Tutor in Mathematics in Dartmouth College, and at present the popular and successful Principal of Dummer Academy in Byfield. Part first, consisting of "Advanced lessons in Mental Arithmetic," is an application of the analytic method of Colburn's First lessons to the higher and more complicated arithmetical operations. A slight inspection will show the attempt to have been successful; and a minute examination will introduce one with singular ease to the arcana of the science.—It makes the grounds and reasons of the rules in Proportion, Measurement of surface and solids, Extraction of the square and cube root, &c., as intelligible and familiar as those of Addition, Multiplication, Division and Subtraction are made by the "First Lessons." The solving of problems under these higher rules by the purely mental process is shown to be practicable to a degree seldom attempted, or believed, hitherto, to be generally attainable. One who has been trained in the old Arithmetics can hardly examine this part of the work, without a sensation of wonder and delight at its simplification of the most intricate processes. The relation of numbers are so fully analyzed and explained as to supersede nearly all dependence upon mechanical rules, enabling the pupil to frame them readily for himself. As an example of this, the sections in the Construction of the Square and of the Cube are worthy of special attention.

A leading feature, and probably a peculiority of this work is, that, in all the mental calculations in large sums, the highest order of numbers in the sum is taken first, hundreds before tens, and tens before units. The ease, interest, and naturalness of the operation are in this way greatly increased.

Part Second consists of written Arithmetic, and contains, in an admirably simple and comprehensive form, all that is needed for "cyphering." The size and appearance of the volume are exactly suited to the purposes of a school book. I can pretend to but a moderate acquaintance with elementary works on this subject; but I am sure that no one can fail to derive profit and improvement from a thorough conning of this, or can doubt its superiority, in every respect, to that now in use in our public schools. If *any* work exists better or equally suited to discipline the pupil's mind, or to make arithmetical operations in business practically easy and pleasant, it has not fallen in my way.

A. B.

Jen d'Esprit.

How prostrate lie the heaps of slain,
On Rio Grande's bloody plain;
But none, by sabre or by shot,
Fell half so flat as Winfield Scott,
Who, far beyond the reach of pain,
Expired from apprehended plot.

—*N. Y. Globe.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulas diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Palmer, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4w

Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Gratitude alone prompts me to make the following communication which I should like to have published to the world. I have been afflicted for the last five years with a severe pain in the side, attended with a hacking cough and night sweats, so that I have not been able to do a day's work during all that time. I have been attended by three of the most respectable physicians in our vicinity but obtained no relief. As a last resort I was induced to try

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

I used three bottles, and with entire success. I feel that I am restored, and once more rejoice in perfect health. Signed, JOHN FERNS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pap14

☞ Have you used the Dandelion & Tomato Panacea? If you have, you can testify to its efficacy, and are willing to acknowledge that it is as yet unsurpassed for the removal of those complaints which originate in the blood, and cannot be cured so long as the blood remains impure. If you have not used it, try it at once and I will guarantee to you, a speedy and permanent relief, from any one of those complaints you are afflicted with, where a purifier of the blood is required. It is prepared from strong fluid extracts of the Dandelion, Tomato and Sarsaparilla, forming, says the Daily Mail Boston, "one of the best alteratives and purifiers of the blood now before the public." See advertisement in another column. [Boston paper. my15 A&P6inchn

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating properties causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tlad6ios28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROGT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&Ptaug1

LIST OF VOTERS.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters, on Friday Evening next, from half-past seven till nine o'clock, and on Saturday morning, June 27, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board,
je20a4t THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly chosen Assignees of the Insolvent Estate of FRANCIS M. KITTREDGE, of Chelmsford, in the County of Middlesex, Physician, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Kittredge, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on MONDAY, the Sixth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors of the said Kittredge may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

DANIEL S. RICHARDSON,
PETER R. MOORE,
Lowell, June 20, 1846. 4t Assignees.

LOWELL MUSEUM.
GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown:* together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Curtain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GURRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*; changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets **25 cents each person.** Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for **10** cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

LOWELL HOSPITAL.

THE Committee of the Lowell Hospital Association, appointed to examine and report on the Treasurer's accounts and the general state of the Institution, for the year ending May 10, 1846, report as follows:

That the gross expenses of the year have been $4075 79
Received from patients 1293 63

Leaving chargeable to the Association 2782 16

Number of patients admitted during the year—Females 190
Males ..... 25—215
Discharged—Cured 184
Relieved 12
Not relieved 4
Died 9
In Hospital May 10, '46 ..... 6—215
Out of which number the cases *of typhus fever* were 124
The whole cost of each patient has been per week $9 45
Of which has been paid by patients 3 00
Leaving a charge to the Association for each patient per week of 6 45

N. B. By a law of the Hospital, the utmost charge for patients—including board, medicines and medical attendance, is per week, For a female 3 00
For a male 4 00

And in cases where patients are unable to pay the said charge in whole or in part, the Corporation by which they are recommended is bound to make up the deficiency, taking its chance for future repayment; the patient equally with others, enjoying all the benefits of the Institution.

The whole number of deaths since the opening of the Hospital, out of 1013 patients, has been 37, or 3.65 per cent.
For the past year 9 out of 211, or 4.25 per cent.

The Committee would beg to draw attention to the number of cases of typhus fever, admitted during the past year, amounting to no less than 124 out 211, and the consequently great relief that must have been afforded to the keepers of boarding houses in particular, and safety to their inmates, by the removal of so many patients afflicted by a disease now generally allowed to be infectious; and they hope this fact may be duly noticed trusting that it may make a suitable impression on the parties so immediately interested.

They would also beg to refer to the number of deaths since the opening of the Institution, which they believe is small, compared with most others of a similar nature—being little more that 3 1-2 out of every 100 patients admitted.

To the skill, care and kindness of the Physician, Matron and Nurses, and to the beautiful order quiet and cleanliness of the Hospital, the Committee give their most willing and hearty testimony, and cannot close their report without expressing a hope that the time is fast approaching, when the benefits of the institution and the motives of its founders will be duly and thankfully appreciated. Respectfully submitted.

J. D. PRINCE,
LINUS CHILD, } Committee.
WM. A. BURKE }

Lowell, May 27, 1846. je18a3tf3w

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	Name of Principal.	Time.
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock, A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ " "
3	" Kimball,	10½ " "
4	" Morse,	9 " "
5	" Shattuck,	3½ " P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 " A. M.
7	" Pooler,	2 " P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ " A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell,
FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. ajel6

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
may14-a&Fly GEORGE H. CARLTON.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIPPY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to define the limits of Pawtucket street, to widen, straighten and grade the same, and to lay out sidewalks on said street or such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to act in the premises as set forth in the order, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that the grade of the passage way running from Shattuck street between Market street and Middle street may be established,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and grade Charles street from Gorham street to Lawrence street, and to lay out sidewalks on the same or such part of the same as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and to lay out sidewalks thereon, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Bokar*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je13

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
Goes up to the city without lightering.
First Fair Wind.



The superior fast sailing Schr SHETLAND, *Tobey*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillipis Agent at Mobile. je18

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store*," up over the Post Office. je11

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11a1f

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States in which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st. New York.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cattman	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured 207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chalic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by boiling to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may18atf

A SERIES OF
SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS,

BY THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, *under the direction of* Messrs. A. & A. BOND.

The *Lowell Brass Band*, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. Bond, propose giving four Concerts of Instrumental interspersed with Vocal Music, during the six coming months—of which due notice will be given of each.

☞ Subscription papers may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and J. Allen's Bookstores, and at C. S. Eastman's Apothecary Store. je16a4t

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

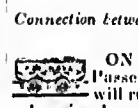
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

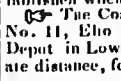
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastword by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay in Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

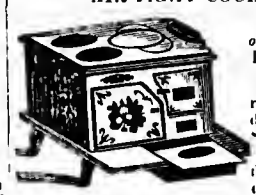
The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¾, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Acerill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

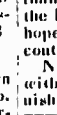
WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up to us at this time, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.
BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

L. Worcester,
DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bod'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department. As regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and obstinate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 38, Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Adjourned sale of real estate.

On MONDAY next, June 22d, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the premises—2 Dwelling Houses, with a convenient lot of land, situated on the east side of Dummer st.

Also at 11 o'clock, 6 houses and one store, on the corner of Amms and Lowell streets, with 4520 ft. land, to be sold separately or together, as may be wanted.—Terms at sale.

Peremptory Sale of Piano Fortes.

On WEDNESDAY next, June 24th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., 5 elegant new Piano Fortes, Boston build, with iron frames, lamp pedal and all the modern improvements—in rich Rosewood cases, to be sold without the least reserve to pay advances. A manufacturers warrant will be given. N. B. Those in want will do well to attend this sale as they may rest assured the instruments are of the first class, and made by the most thorough builders in Boston. Ladies and gentlemen will please examine them on Tuesday, P. M., at our sale room.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side lamps, stoves, &n &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

At Private Sale.

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes; &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On MONDAY next, June 22, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a large genteel brick tenement, situated on Kirk st, the same recently occupied by Mr Peabody, who has removed from the city.

On MONDAY, June 22d, (if not disposed of at private Sale) Land, and Mortar Stone Ledge, near Pawtucket Falls.

About 1½ acres of Land situated on Cross and Back streets, near School streets. The location is most desirable, commanding a good view of Lowell, the Merrimack river, and many miles of surrounding country.

There is upon it a *Mortar Stone Ledge* which is supposed to be of the best quality. It will be sold together or in small lots as may be wanted, or exchange for improved real estate in the city or vicinity. Enquire of E. B. Patch. je6

At Private Sale.—A choice collections of Dahlias Plants. They are in fine condition, and will be sold low. Call immediately.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adopted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

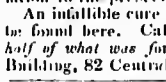
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet merrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *first manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

TUFIELD & TEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antegonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and, sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflamatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, dinretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bonotenously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease anwing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, torn from the false lights of men, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of covil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

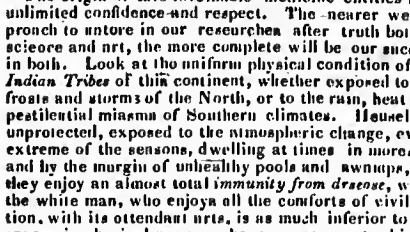
The only Office in Boston where the indinn Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jno7 y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



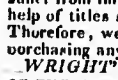
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1846. tf

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscribers's Piano Warerooms, 86 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Wanted!

EIGHT or ten good House-painters, apply at W RICKER'S, Bartlett street, near Commercial Square, or at this office. tf feb17

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shaw,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,"
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

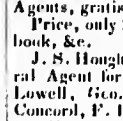
S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Swarkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

DR. KITTREDGE'S Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastero, and Collin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Merchant, *Boston*; Gen. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Tisdo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilby & Wilson, C. P. & O. H. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corfier, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. nov3monar26

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov14 4ly

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it need be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1843.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6monopr9

Carriage Manufactory. NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are now prepared, at their new establishment, a little south of Middlesex street, between the Railroad crossing and Arch bridge (or Tonnel), to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages to order, at short notice, and as low as can be done elsewhere. All work done in the best manner and warranted. Store Wagons, Pleasure do., will be kept constantly on hand and for sale.

Jobbing of every description, such as Wheel and Carriage making, Blacksmithing, Painting, &c., attended to promptly and as cheap as at any other place in the city.

☞ Persons from the country who are in the habit of having any or all of the above kinds of work done, will find it for their interest to call.

JOEL JENKINS,
DAVID A. COBURN,
SAMUEL J. FREEMAN,

Lowell Dec. 17 1845. 6ms&pdec20

CHRISTIE'S Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY HONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURNOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BOLSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&p1y

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease to that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of the Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Syrolula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactored only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&p6mclio

Pigeons! Pigeons!!

THE experiment of attracting Pigeons by the scent of "Fletcher's Pigeon Oil" has been frequently tried, and large quantities taken, while none could be taken at any other stand in the neighborhood. The increased sale for the last year or two, without any effort to make it known, is sufficient evidence of its effect without any other testimony. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. ptoctlmay8

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESRDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 74.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
sep23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—Merrimack, corner of John st., over the Drug-Store,
ap12 LOWELL. 6m

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS,
VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER,
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors, Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE —
Munsey's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves those articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Timber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 in. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine,* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my head and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. adv&partlyapr4

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell
Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bonk Building,* where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson,* all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings,* and doing his work in the *best manner,* to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the correct season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly,* in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. a Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.

THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living,* and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum Assured.	Annual Premium.	Policy taken out in the year	Bonus in addition to sum assured.	Bonus in Cash.	Per centage reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
61	$5000	$370 75	1837	$45 35	$448 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			18	228 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 5
			39	693 3	308 50	45 70	1488 83

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country,* which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the empire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2nwaeo dec18

DR. F. BUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connar. a&pdlynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2. / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold and aims at *comfort, usefulness,* and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure,* without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&pact23

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

From the Amesbury Transcript:

IS TORREY DEAD.

Behold an angel fair
The message down doth bear—
Torrey come home:
Thy mansion house of clay
Cast off, and come away;—
Christ bids thee come!

The martyr is not dead,
He hath but laid his head
Awhile to rest;
His spirit it has fled—
On cherub wings hath sped
To Jesu's breast.

On high the Saviour stands,
Waiting with welcome hands
At God's right hand;
He looks upon the earth
And sees bright souls go forth—
A martyr band.

And as when Stephen prayed
His foes shrank back dismayed
At his bright face—
So when the martyr goes
From prison cell, his foes
Astonished gaze.

As from the dungeon dark
The bright and heavenly spark
Wings up its way,
The news all heaven goes round—
"The martyr's head is crowned;
O joyful day."

From Ainsworth's Magazine:

PAYMENT IN KIND.

Mr Bulstrode was one of those very agreeable men, who never let an opportunity pass of playing upon the nerves of his friends. You could not be five minutes in his company without hearing, that you were billious or shaky, that your hair was falling off, or your front teeth were going, or that some frightful misfortune had befallen some of your friends. It was his boast that he had never had an ache or a pain in his life, until at last he was bitten in the hand while separating two dogs. Upon this occurence, his friends resolved to pay him in kind for the annoyance he had caused them, many time and oft.

A numerous party of ladies and gentlemen had assembled around the dinner-table of Mr Baxter, at Clapham. Why should we speak of the Wigneys and the Munroes, the Gunnets, and Mr and Mrs Jeffries, or of any other of the guests who are of no consequence to this narrative? Suffice it to say, that Mr Bulstrode was present; also Mr Grimshaw and Pickersgill.

Mr Bulstrode was a stout, hale, thick-set personage, of about forty five, reddish-visaged and very tight in his clothes, which were a semi-military frock-coat, buff waistcoat, and white ducks. His hair was dark, short, and stiff; his whiskers were shaved at the base, in a line parallel with the cheek-bone; and when he laughed, he shewed, and apparently meant to shew, a fine, strong set of teeth. It may be added, that he wore a black stock, and was very erect in his carriage.

"Ha-ha-haw! Ma'am," guffawed Mr Bulstrode; "Nothing like a good appetite. A good appetite, Ma'am!" and he sent his plate a second time to Mrs Baxter for fish.

"Nothing indeed!" sighed the lady, who was afflicted with dyspepsia. But you are always so well, Mr Bulstrode."

"Hearty ma'am, ha!" cried Bulstrode, swallowing a huge mouthful between the apostrophe and the interjection. "Sound as a roach, through-out! scratch—cut—wound—sure to heal directly." So it seemed; for his hand, which had been bitten, was out of the sling; and there was nothing else on it but a bit of black court plaster.

Grimshaw looked at Pickersgill as much as to say "now?" as his friend answered by a shake of the head, equivalent to "not just yet," and a wink, which seemed to signify—"wait—let him come out a little more."

Nor did Mr Bulstrode fail to come out as he was wont. The first of his polite and flattering comments was addressed to a gentleman opposite him, sitting next to a lady to whom it was understood that he was about to be married. Him did Mr Bulstrode agreeably remind that he was getting enormously stout; adding "Why Brown-john, your waistcoat gets shorter and shorter every time I meet you." He vivaciously remarked to another acquaintance that the effects of good living were telling betimes, on his nose. He told a third, who peered about a little in looking for the salt, that he was afraid his sight was beginning to fail; in a tone that would have suited the observation that his friend was looking well and hearty. Nor did he—albeit, as we should have before mentioned, a bachelor—let the fair sex alone. He congratulated one very young lady, who was morbidly sentimental, upon being in robust health, and complimented another, who was not very young, by telling her that she seemed to have lost ten years since he last saw her. Mention being made of a beautiful blue-eyed and fair-haired child, Mr Bulstrode took the opportunity to suggest that such eyes and hair were indications of a consumptive tendency; the child's mamma being within his hearing. Moreover, he related with much relish divers pieces of disastrous intelligence relative to certain public securities, and also to various branches of commerce, in which several of his friends then and there present, were interested. In the mean time, to judge from his manner, not only was he highly self-satisfied, but even labouring under the impression that he was making himself rather agreeable.

The promiscuous conversation, interlarded, from time to time, with similar observations by Mr Bulstrode, at length happened to turn on the subject of Shakspeare; in reference to which somebody mentioned Herne's oak, as still extant in Windsor Home Park.

"Ah!" observed another, "it is on the right-hand side of the Park as you look from Windsor."

"Anywhere," inquired Pickersgill, "near her Majesty's kennel?" and he trod, gently, on Grimshaw's toe.

"No," said his friend; "quite near the path; a good way from that. By the by, the Queen has some handsome dogs there."

Here ensued a short pause.

"Oh!" resumed the last speaker, suddenly—"Baxter."

"Sir, to you;" answered the gentleman addressed.

"You know Mangles?" said Grimshaw.

"Know him! Nobody better."

"Then you have heard what has happened to his beautiful Scotch terrier."

"Hush!" cried Pickersgill, violently nudging Grimshaw, and at the same time appearing to

whisper to him.

"Heard what!" asked Baxter with suprise.

"Oh!—never mind—not now—I'll tell you by ank by."

"Eh!" said Mr Bulstrode, who had only in part overheard the foregoing colloquy. "What was it that somebody said about that cur ol Mangles's.—the brute that bit me the other day?"

"Nothing — nothing particular," answered Grimshaw. "Broke its leg:—thats all."

"I'm very glad to hear it, the benst!" declared Bulstrude.

A few words were here interchanged between Grimshaw and Pickersgill, in an under-tone; their conversation, seemingly, relating to Mr Bulstrode, whom they kept eying askance, in such a manner that at length he looked inquiringly at them, as if to ask what they were saying about him. Whereupon Mr Pickersgill asked him to take wine; and whilst he poured out and drank the liquid, Mr Grimshaw watched him narrowly! Again Pickersgill and Grimshaw exchanged looks. Then the latter filled a tumbler before him with water, and having drunk a little, remarked to the former that it seemed to heve a strange taste. Mr Pickersgill tried it too, and protesting that he could discover nothing particular in it, handed the jug across the table to Bulstrode, inquiring if he could taste anything extraordinary in the water. Mr Bulstrode, on trial, said it was very good water, and wondered what was fancied to be amiss with it. Still more did he marvel at the interest with which his experiment was regarded by the gentlemen who seggested it; nor did he quite know what was meant by one of them, speaking behind his hand into the others ear, saying, "No symptons as yet," and the other replying in the same manner, "It may lurk in the system for years, mayn't it?" Indeed, he was just on the point of demanding what was this mystery relative to himself, when Mr Baxter, who had been watching these proceedings, came behind Mr Grimshaw's chair, and put some questions to him in an inaudible voice, the answer which appeared greatly to shock him.

"Best say nothing about it," said Grimshaw.

"No, I don't think so," replied Baxter, looking very serious. "He ought to be told of it. There may be means of prevention. He should have medical advice. I'll tell him."

"Don't; urged Grimshaw.

"I wouldn't, certainly,', added Pickersgill.

"I shall, I ought, I feel that I ought," said Mr Baxter. "Bulstrode, may I speak a word with you? Our friends will excuse us.

Mr Bulstrode, with some astonishment, following his host into a corner of a room, where he latter thus addressed him.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

Congress.

Friday, June 19.

RUMOR. The President said to a Senator, on Wednesday evening, that Mr Mc Lane announced in his recent despatches the important fact that the proposition forwarded to Mr Pakenham for the settlement of the Orogon question, was agreed to by Her Majesty's Privy Council, by a bare majority of one, Sir Robert Peel being one of the *minority*. Mr McLane farther expresses the opinion that if the news of the war with Mexico had been received in England before the proposal was dispatched to Mr Pakenham, it would not have been made.

These facts may cause some to doubt the ratification of the treaty by Great Britain—but "their doubts are traitors," for Great Britain would be dishonored in the eyes of the whole world should she refuse to confirm her own proposal, made and accepted in good faith.

The vote in the Senate yesterday upon the ratification of the treaty was as follows:—

Ayes—Messrs Archer, Ashly, Bagby, Barrow, Benton, Berrien, Calhoun, Chalmers, J. M. Clayton, Thos. Clayton, Colquitt, Corwin, Crittenden, Davis, Dayton, Dix, Evans, Greene, Haywood, Houston, Huntington, Johnson of La., Johnson of Md., Lewis, McDuffie, Mangum, Miller, Morehead, Niles, Pearce, Pennybacker, Phelps, Rusk, Sevier, Simmons, Speight, Turney, Upham, Webster, Woodbridge and Yulee—41.

Noes—Messrs Allen, Atchison, Atherton, Breese, Bright, Cameron, Cass, Dickinson, Fairfield, Hannegan, Jeuness, Semple, Stargeon and Wescott—14.

Mr Dix called up the warehousing bill, which was postponed and made the special order for Wednesday, and the Senate went into Executive session.

In the HOUSE. The tariff bill was taken up in committee of the whole.

Mr Young proceeded to defend the protective system, which he said all experience had proved to be the system best adapted to promote the prosperity of all the people.

Mr Robert Dale Owen followed in an elaborate history of the progress of manufacturers and the protective system. He advocated the proposed reduction.

Mr Ramsey closed the debate of the day in a short speech in apport of the present tariff.

Saturday June 20.

SENATE not in session.

The HOUSE then went into committee, Mr Cobb in the Chair, and took up the tariff.

Mr Darragh made a speech in support of the protective policy.

Mr Sawyer followed, and commenced his comments by attacking Mr Polk and those who have settled the Oregon question. He talked as though things would be different if he were at the head of the Government, and threatened the "vengeance of the mighty West." He attacked Mr Benton, and Mr Payne called him to order.

The rules were appealed to. Several members expressed their views.

The Chairman gave his views at length. Mr Sawyer was permitted to go on, and on he went, hitting right and left, as several of the Senators.

☞ A writer to the True Sun from Washington says,

"Among those who are best informed, it is considered almost certain Mr Buchanan will be offered the vacancy on the Bench of the Supreme Court, and that he will accept it at the proper time.

Mr Bancraft will, in all probability, retire within a few months, but whether to St. Petersburg, as has been suggested, is undecided. The friends of Colonel Sevier of the Senate are determined that mission shall not go without competition, and his claims will be pressed with much zeal."

The Hon. Levi Woodbury has accepted an invitation to deliver the Oration at the celebration, on the approaching 4th, in Portsmouth. The Salem Brass Band have been engaged to play during the day and evening.—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

COMMUNICATIONS. We neither endorse, nor hold ourselves responsible for, articles which appear in the Union under the head of communications.—*Union.*

That's just our doctrine, and so we told our readers at the commencement of our editoiral labors.

☞ There is a man in Boston so much opposed to war, that he won't drink *gunpowder tea*; nor will he go to church because it has *canons*.—*N. Y. Daily Globe.*

Capt. Joshua Loring arrived in our harbor, on Monday last, over *six hundred bass*—more than a hundred of which were of an unusually large size. This is the first good haul which has been made this season. —*Barnstable Patriot.*

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS. Ten dollar bills of the Stonington Bank, Stonington, Connecticut, are in circulation.—*Boston Post.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,

EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.

ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

☞ The Courier of Friday in an article in reply to us on the Mexican war makes three points:—First, it objects to the motive we attribute to him for opposing the war, vilifying the government and denouncing this nation as a nation of robbers.

Second, that the entrance of the Mexicans upon disputed territory was no more an act of war than the entrance of our troops upon it.

Third, that our entrance upon the disputed territory was not in consequence of the rejection of Mr Slidell, and gives as a reason that the army was actually on its march before he received the final decision of the Mexican government.

To the first point. The Courier reiterates that "It is a more imperative duty than any other the whigs have to perform, to root out and destroy Mr Polk's administration." This time it does not say *corrupt* administration as heretofore. Now if it is a more imperative duty than *any other* to destroy Mr Polk's administration, then, to defend our country and people, and maintain their rights, and the honor of the nation is a *secondary* matter to that of securing *party* success; and therefore, if our government and people, to secure that success, are to be vilified, calumniated and denounced as robbers, why it must be done. But the Courier says it has done no such thing as to defame our country, vilify the administration and denounce the people and government as plunderers and robbers. Well let us see how that is. Our government and people have annexed Texas, and have declared war to exist by the act of Mexico. If the annexation of Texas is a robbery of Mexico, and the war does not exist by the act of Mexico, but exists by the act of our government, and is therefore, an unjust and infamous war, then, the supporters of the war must be unjust and infamous. Now what says the Courier? On the 11th inst. it says,

"She [Mexico] is unquestionably ready at this moment to make peace, if we yield up to her what is her right—then compelling peace means nothing more or less than compelling her to give up still more to our rapacity than we have already seized. * * * *

The fact is—and the whigs know it—the course which our government has taken is one of outrage and injustice against Mexico—are we then to be expected to join in the blood-hound cry which Mr Polk is trying to raise throughout the country against her—are we to say amen to all schemes for her subjugation—are we to join in hunting her down, while slave-holders and robbers are "in at the death," to bear off the "best pieces," and throw the entrails to us for thanks? We think that such is not our duty—far otherwise. It is to protest against every act of aggression upon Mexico —every blow against her which is not strictly in self-defence—to call upon Mr Polk to carry out his peaceful professions, and offer peace to Mexico, and not to cease denouncing the acts which have involved us in the war. * * * * *

For one, we do not believe in the divine right of James K. Polk or Sam Houston. Judging from the past, we are far more inclined to believe that they can do no *right*, than that they "can do no wrong."

The Courier of May 23d, says

"Captain Thornton is taken prisoner and some of his men are killed. The news flies to Washington.—Mr Polk asserts, and Congress endorses, the brazen lie, that war exists by the act of Mexico, and ten millions of dollars and fifty thousand troops are immediately voted, with the most indecent haste. We see the country agitated from one extremity to the other with the war-cry; sham-patriots take the lead of affairs; felons make speeches at the mass meetings; men are induced to fight slavery's battles for ten dollars a month and a chance to plunder the Mexican temples, offset by an equal chance of death by yellow fever; the nation's revenue is squandered to give fat contracts to party favorites; and all this —— that the national honor may be vindicated! *The nation has lost its honor by its course hitherto;* it can only regain it by ceasing from wrong-doing."

June 13th the Courier said

"No talk about Toryism and treason can persuade the people of Massachusetts to sing hosannas to this inglorious and infamous war."

It has said, "annexation was one of those gigantic crimes that escape immediate punishment, but for which judgment yet awaits this nation." It has charged this country with having "stolen from Mexico her rich and noble province of Texas." We trust we have said enough to the first point, and now for the second.

The entrance of Mexico upon the disputed territory was a very different matter from our entering upon it, because we had done so, it being the only remaining step we could take, except to declare war or submit to disgrace, while Mexico should have repaired the wrong of not receiving Mr Slidell, and we could then, have honorably withdrawn from the territory and opened negotiation. But, even admitting they had the same right to enter the territory we had, and that we both had a right there, still they are responsible for the war, because if both had a right there, they had no right to *attack* as for being there. They entered upon the territory *and attacked* our troops. The *attack* commenced the war, and Congress declared war to exist not in consequence of the entering, but in consequence of the entering *and the attack*.

To the third point, that our troops entered the territory in dispute before Mr Slidell was refused. Mr Slidell notified the Mexican government of his arrival there on the 8th of Dec. 1845, and was finally rejected on the 20th of the same month. Gen. Taylor was ordered to leave Corpus Christi by a letter from the Secretary of war dated Jan. 13, 1846. He did not start till the 11th of March following, and did not arrive there till the 28th. So the government did not order Gen. Taylor to enter upon the disputed territory till *twenty-four* days after Mr Slidell's rejection; nor did he start for almost three months after, and did not arrive opposite Matamoras till over three months after the rejection. And now we think the third point is answered.

☞ Hon Amos Abbott will accept our thanks for a copy of the report of the Commissioner of patents.

☞ We learn by the Courier that Engine Companies No. 1, 3 and 10 will come out on the morning of the 4th of July at sunrise.

☞ Gen. Zachary Taylor, the hero of the Rio Grande, is 56 years old, and was born in the county of Orange, Virginia.

☞ Serenade by the Washington Brass Band tomorrow evening, foot of Jackson street.

☞ The London Punch thinks that young Bonapart saved his *bacon* in escaping from the fortress of *Ham*.

☞ The letter bag stolen from the steamboat at Cincinnati, has been found in one of the state-rooms of the boat, rifled of its contents.

Register of Deeds.

The following from a writer in the Bunker Hill Aurora, the only paper in the County, by the way, that has ever spoken a word in favor of Mr Hayden, would seem to show that Mr Patch's election is almost a matter of certainty, as the contest now lies solely between him and Mr Hayden, who is losing the support of even that paper, as, in its columns is urged the election of Mr Patch. It was in Charlestown and Cambridge (under the influence of the Aurora) that Mr Hayden received his strongest support. Unless he very much increases his vote, which is very unlikely—judging from the course of the Aurora—Mr Patch will be elected by an overwhelming majority:

Communication from the Bunker Hill Aurora.

"REGISTER OF DEEDS. On Saturday next another trial is to be had for Register of Deeds, and we trust it will result in the choice of the candidate who at each balloting has received the largest number of ballots; there probably will be but two candidates, and it seems useless for a third party to contend further against the friends of Messrs Patch and Hayden. Both are candidates of political parties; Mr Hayden of the Native American and Mr Patch of Democratic; both candidates are undoubtedly qualified to discharge the duties of the office. 'Lexington,' in your last number, seems to urge the *claims* of Mr Hayden to the office. I would not urge the *claims* of Mr Patch, neither would I admit the *claims* of Mr Hayden, or of any other individual. The office of Register of Deeds for the county of Middlesex, as I understand it, is vacant, and the appointing power, by law rests with the voters of the county, and it strikes me as being in bad taste for any individual to set up claims to any office of this kind until he has been elected. Mr Patch is a gentlemanly man, well qualified to discharge the duties of the office, and seems to enjoy the confidence of a large number of the voters in the county, and we hope he will be elected. BUNKER HILL."

Of Mr Patch's character, particular fitness for the office, and all that makes a man worthy the confidence of his fellow-citizens, we have heretofore expressed our views in full, and deem it superfluous to say anything further upon these points. Mr Patch will, of course, receive the unanimous support of the Democrats, and it would be very strange if a large proportion of the Whigs, particularly the friends of Mr Whitney, should not give him their votes in preference to his opponent, the Native candidate, Caleb Heyden, with whom they can have no sympathy.

Remember, Fellow Citizens, that Saturday next, is the day of the election, and that the contest is between Democracy and Nativism. Every Democrat and every hater of Native Americanism, whether whig, or to whatever party he may belong, should be at the polls.

☞ The President's Message we publish to-day, is another of those concise, direct documents characteristic of our Chief Magistrate.

[From the Union.

FUNDS FOR CARRYING ON THE WAR.

Message

Of the President of the United States, in answer to a Resolution of the Senate of June 3, 1846, calling for information relative to the mode of raising funds for carrying on the War with Mexico.

To the Senate of the United States:

In answer to the resolution of the Senate of the 3d inst., I communicate herewith estimates prepared by the War and Navy Departments, of the probable expenses of conducting the existing war with Mexico, during the remainder of the present and the whole of the next fiscal year. I communicate, also, a report of the Secretary of the Treasury, based upon these estimates, containing recommendations of measures for raising the additional means required. It is probable that the actual expenses incurred during the period specified may fall considerable below the estimates submitted, which are for a larger number of troops than have yet been called to the field. As a precautionary measure, however, against any possible deficiency, the estimates have been made at the largest amount which may state of the service may require.

It will be perceived from the report of the Secretary of the Treasury that a considerable portion of the additional amount required may be raised by a modification of the rates of duty imposed by the existing Tariff laws. The high duties at present levied on many articles totally exclude them from importation, whilst the quantity and amount of others which are imported are greatly diminished. By reducing these duties to a revenue standard, it is not doubted that a large amount of the articles on which they are imposed would be imported, and a corresponding amount of revenue be received at the Treasury from this source. By imposing revenue duties on many articles now permitted to be imported free of duty, and by regulating the rates within the revenue standard upon others, a large additional revenue will be collected.

Independently of the high considerations which induced me, in my Annual Message, to recommend a modification and reduction of the rates of duty imposed by the act of 1842 as being not only proper in reference to a state of peace, but just to all the great interests of the country, the necessity of such modification and reduction as a war measure must now be manifest. The country requires additional revenue for the prosecution of the war. It may be obtained, to a great extent, by reducing the prohibitory and highly protective duties imposed by the existing laws to revenue rates; by imposing revenue duties on the free list; and by modifying the rates of duties on other articles.

The modifications recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury in his annual report in December last, were adapted to a state of peace, and the additional duties now suggested by him, are with a view strictly to raise revenue as a war measure. At the conclusion of the war these duties may and should be abolished, and reduced to lower rates.

It is not apprehended that the existing war with Mexico will materially affect our trade and commerce with the rest of the world. On the contrary, the reductions proposed would increase the trade, and augment the revenue derived from it.

When the country in in a state of war no contingency should be permitted to occur in which there would be a deficiency in the treasury; for the vigorous prosecution of the war; and to guard against such an event it is recommended that contingent authority be given to issue treasury notes, or to contract a loan for a limited amount, reimbursable at an early day. Should no occasion arise to exercise the power, still it may be important that the authority should exist should there be a necessity for it.

It is not deemed necessary to resort to direct taxes or excises—the measures recommended being deemed preferable as a means of increasing the revenue. It is hoped that the war with Mexico, if vigorously prosecuted, as it is contemplated, may be of short duration. I shall be at all times ready to conclude an honorable peace, whenever the Mexican government shall manifest a like disposition. The existing war has been rendered necessary by the acts of Mexico, and whenever that power shall be ready to do us justice, we shall be prepared to sheathe the sword, and tender to her the olive branch of peace.

JAMES K. POLK.

WASHINGTON, June 16, 1846.

Later from Texas.

The Galveston News of the 2d contradicts the statement, which appeared in its columns a short time since of a train of waggons containing the effects of, and accompanied by one hundred German emigrants on their way from New Braunfels to Piedenales, having been captured by Indians. The emigrants had arrived safely and were delighted with their new settlement.

☞ Two hundred Indians are said to be encamped at St. Joseph's, on their way to Fort Leavneworth, to volunteer with the Santo Fe expedition.

From the Washington Union.

From the Seat of War.

Interesting letter—Gen. Taylor—his Army, &c.

We take great pleasure in laying before our readers the following letter from a distinguished officer in the navy to a senator in Congress:

United States ship Potomac,
Off Rio Grande, May 20, 1846.

MY DEAR SIR: I had the pleasure of receiving your friendly note of the 18th March, and regret that it has not been in my power to write to you sooner in return. But since our arrival here I have been so much occupied in both flood and field, that I have not been able to write to any body except my family, and to them in a very hurried way only.

The news of the late most glorious victories of our gallant little army, will be old to you before this reaches Washington; and, no doubt, the official reports of Gen. Taylor are already in the public prints, as I know they left here some eight or nine days ago. It would, therefore, be superfluous for me to repeat particulars here.

When we look at the great superiority in numbers of the Mexican troops, (being nearly, if not quite, three to one of ours engaged,) and consider also the advantages of the positions they occupied in the chapparels, (scrub woods) on each side of the road by which our troops were compelled to advance, I think it must be conceded by all the world that a more brilliant achievement can hardly be found on the records of history. It completely eclipses (although on but a comparatively small scale) the recent boasted victories of the British troops over the feeble Sikhs of India.

* * * * * *

Taylor, I presume, will not move from Matamoras until he receives further instructions from Washington. He has now about five thousand troops, including volunteers and draughted men, all told,—probably four thousand with him on the right bank of the river. I am told that Gen. Vega, after he was prisoner in our camp, and saw for himself the number and kind of men composing our army, remarked to General Taylor that with ten thousand such troops he might march to the city of Mexico without difficulty; and I have little doubt this might be done by Taylor, for certainly he is the man above all others that we know about to make war with the Mexicans.

He understands them perfectly, and knows they will not and cannot stand the charge of the bayonet, which is his favorite arm and mode of fighting, though he had but little opportunity of using it in the late battles, as the enemy kept pretty much at artillery distance, which is *their* favorite arm. And the General himself told me (for he paid us a visit at Point Isabel since the battles,) that he thought they loaded and fired their pieces with as great celerity and accuracy as we did ours, though they did not manoeuver them so well in the field; eight were taken, and the other two have been since found in the river, I am told.

General Taylor is an extraordinary man, and has less of the military in his appearance than any man I have ever seen who wore a sword. He came into our camp on the 11th, dressed and looking like a very plain, good-natured, honest, well-to-do-in-the-world-farmer, in search of a market for his crop, with not so much as a single uniform button to be seen about him. We received him with three hearty cheers. But the sailors, who like such fun, would not stop until they had given him nine cheers. Notwithstanding his farmer-like appearance, the field of battle is said to be his very element. *There* he is cool and perfectly self-possessed; his fault as a general is, that he is too apt to be found in that part of the field where the balls fly thickest. Neither he nor his horse received the slightest scratch, though he told me that his orderly's horse was killed by his side, by a cannon ball passing between the legs of *his* horse. He has the utmost confidence in himself, and seems to know just what he can do, and what he cannot; and he appears to have the faculty of inspiring those around him with the same confidence in him that he himself possesses. He has constantly said, as I am told, and he repeated the same thing to me, that he has never for a moment entertained a doubt that he should beat the Mexicans if they dared to attack him, notwithstanding the great superiority of their numbers. I hope, however, he may not be ordered or permitted to advance far into the country without an army of at least 20,000 men.

With such a force, well appointed and provided with everything necessary, he will be able to dictate his own terms of peace, before he gets half way from the Bravo to the city of Mexico. This, I am sure would be the most economical, as well as humane and expeditious mode of terminating the war.

We of the squadron can do nothing with our present force but blockade their ports. This we have already done. Commodore Connor has, some days since despatched vessels to shut up the ports of Vera Cruz and Tampico, which cannot fail to be seriously felt by the enemy, as his chief dependence for revenues is on the commerce of these two ports and Mazatlan, on the west coast. Our squadron is entirely insufficient to justify an attack on the castle of San Juan de Ulloa.

It is now at least three times as strong as when the French took it, and its fall then was entirely owing to the accidental circumstance of the blowing up of a magazine, by which some three or four hundred of the garrison were killed or wounded. We must not attempt it without such a force as will not leave the question of success doubtful: defeat would be eternal disgrace to our flag, and it is one of those cases where the greatest possible courage and exertion may be of no avail, for there is no way of getting at it but by battering down its walls; and before you can accomplish this, it may sink every ship you can lay before it. It is said to mount now upwards of two hundred guns—none less than 32s, and from this size up to 68 pounders, Paixhaus. Several new water batteries have recently been erected.

Since I commenced writing, the commodore has made the signal to get under way for Pensacola; so I shall be so far the bearer of this myself. We go in to replenish our supplies, which are nearly exhausted.—I pray you excuse this rough and blotted epistle; for really I have no time to be particular in composition or execution. I shall be glad to hear from you, and to hear how the Oregon question is likely to be settled.

Very truly yours.

JOHN P. HALE has made his first abolition and whig anti-war speech in the Legislature of N. H. He takes the abolition whig ground of the N. Y. Tribune, Boston Atlas and kindred prints. He has evidently read the Lowell Courier of late. He says,—"the war which we are now waging with the Republic of Mexico is the *most infamous war ever waged—unparalleled in the annals of infamy.*"

MERRILL & HEYWOOD have No. 18 of Frost's splendid Pictorial History of the World. The present number, like former ones, is more beautifully embellished with engravings than any work of the kind we have seen.

ADJUDICATION, JUDGMENT AND CONDEMNATION. A man in Boston has been fined five dollars for stealing a newspaper from the door of a subscriber.

☞ The Sub-Treasury Bill has been reported in the Senate with several amendments, in matters of detail—the time for the specie clause to go into effect, is fixed for January, 1847.

☞ The Legislature of Connecticut also refused to commute the punishment of Andrew J. Potter, under sentence of death. He will be hung on the 20th of July next.

☞ The N. H. Legislature have passed a resolution to a second reading to adjourn on the first Wednesday in July.

☞ Northern Mexico has been opened to American manufactures by orders of the Secretary of the Treasury to great clearances to Matamoras.

☞ Hon. A. H. Everett, sails from N. Y. to-day on his mission to China.

☞ Elder Knapp is preaching in Boston.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

LATER FROM THE ARMY ON THE RIO GRANDE!

Advance to Reinoso--A fight expected.

The U. S. revenue schr. Welcott arrived at Mobile on the 15th from the Gulf Squadron off the Rio Grande, with despatches for Com. Connor at Pensacola.

Correspondence of the N. O. Delta.

POINT ISABEL, June 7.

Yesterday afternoon, Lt. Col. Wilson, with five companies of the first Infantry, Capt. Desha's Mobile Volunteers, and Capt. Price's Texas Rangers, accompanied by Capts. Ogden and Flint, volunteer aids to General Smith took up their line of march for Reinoso, about 60 miles from Matamoros. Gen. Canales, with his 1800 cavalry, has fallen back, and is entrenched at Reinoso. A brush may therefore be looked for between him and the command of Lt. Col. Wilson.

Sickness prevails to a great extent throughout the volunteers, confined, however, to bowel complaints chiefly; but no signs of fever. The weather and green corn are the principal causes.

From the Galveston Civilian of June 6.

Gen. Taylor has received another alarming message from Gen. Arista, in which the latter says that unless the Americans retire immediately to the East side of the Rio Grande, he will be compelled to come down from Monterey and chastise them.

Letters from the city of Mexico continue to speak of the disturbed state of the country, and the revolution in progress, and in conception. *Paredes is about to march* (there seems to be no doubt of the fact,) *with 7000 men, or more to the Seat of War,* with the army of reserve, and he is making extraordinary efforts to raise money and men, the last seeming more abundant than the first.

MR. TEMPLETON'S CONCERT AT CITY HALL. Mr Templeton, the distinguished English vocalist, will give his highly popular entertainment entitled "The Rose Shamrock & Thistle" at the City Hall on Tuesday evening June 30th, one week from to-day. A Boston paper says,—"Mr Templeton possesses a rare and extraordinary power, and sweetness of voice, and imparts to much of his music an expression that few have equalled." Mr Templeton has unfortunately been engaged in certain personal controversies, but the bitterest of his enemies are compelled to acknowledge his extraordinary vocal powers. Our musical friends will hear the concert in mind.

☞ The New York Herald correspondent at Washington writes that there is a prospect of a treaty with Mexico being under weigh, if information from high quarters can be relied on. A proposition from Mexico is believed to have been received at the state department.

HIGHWAYMEN. We learn by the Post, Mr Brown of Licking, Ohio, was robbed of $4,000, on Wednesday night week, near the national road. He was stopped by four ruffians, his arms fastened behind him, his feet tied beneath the horse's belly, and after his money was taken from him he was suffered to go wherever his horse chose to carry him.

STRUCK. On Saturday afternoon during the thunder storm the lightning struck the house of Mr Erastus Douglas, Worthen street. Little damage was done, except tearing a few slates from the roof.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr. D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m

Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle:

Dear Sir—Gratitude alone prompts me to make the following communication which I should like to have published to the world. I have been afflicted for the last five years with a severe pain in the side, attended with a hacking cough and night sweats, so that I have not been able to do a day's work during all that time. I have been attended by three of the most respectable physicians in our vicinity, but obtained no relief. As a last resort I was induced to try

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

I used three bottles, and with entire success. I feel that I am restored, and once more rejoice in perfect health. Signed, JOHN FERNS.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&papr14

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Hog'n, 228 Washington street, Boston. tlndvims28

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&r6mchm

CITY HALL, LOWELL.

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MR TEMPLETON, (of the Theatres, Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden, London,) has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give his highly popular entertainment, entitled

The Rose, Shamrock and Thistle,

at the above Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, June 30th, 1846. Tickets, 50 cents each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door on the evening of Performance.

Books of the words, price 12½ cents, to be had at the door. je23a1t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, in Lowell in said county, on the 13th of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

je23a3t H. WRIGHT, Assignee.

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST!—This most beautiful work of Art, unsurpassed, if it has ever been equalled, by any of Ancient or Modern times, will be exhibited in LOWELL, on *Thursday Evening*, June 25th, at WENTWORTH'S HALL, and will continue till Saturday Night, day and evening.

Admission 12½ cents. je23a3t

SITUATION WANTED, by an American Girl to do house work in a private family. Address through the Post Office, Box 587. je23*2t

MARRIED,

In this city, June 11th, by Rev. Mr Miles, Mr Albert Shattuck of Groton, to Miss Sybel R. Shattuck, of Pepperell. 17th, Mr Nohum Jones, of Boston, to Miss Lucy Blake, of Lowell.

June 14th, by Rev. Mr Springer, Mr David Metcolf, of Charlestown, to Miss Ursula A. Currier, of Lowell.

16th, Mr John W. Robinson to Miss Lavina A. Perkins. Mr Faxon Hayford to Miss Sarah A. Goodwin. 18th. Mr Henry Weston to Miss Celissia B. Bartlett.

By Rev. Mr Hanks, Hezekiah C. Bickford, M. D., of New London, N. H., to Miss Paulina A. Coburn, of Lowell.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending June 20, 1846.

June 18th, Philena Parth, 26 yrs, typhus fever; Elisa A. Parkhurst, 38 yrs 9 mns, inflammation of bowels; Louisa Ann Cox, 2 yrs, inflammation of bowels; Catharine Lee, 14, ——; John B. Cusey, 2, measles; 19th, Mary Bartlett, 33, consumption; James McCafferty, 43, consumption; 20th, daughter of Andrew J. Page, 1 day, infantile; Louisa Cassidy, 1 yr, croup; Abraham McNeal, 65, typhoid fever; Emily Fry, 2, scarlet fever. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, June 13, Mrs Elisa A., wife of Matthias Parkhurst, Esq., 39.

In Charlestown, June 20, Elizabeth McCormick, 16.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*: together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automatun Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 3 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Certain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GURRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Gen. Cuttis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets **25 cents each person.** Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for **10** cents each.

For particulars see small bills. 3one10

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is4&ptnag1

LIST OF VOTERS.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the porpose of correcting the List of Voters, on Friday Evening next, from half-past seven till nine o'clock, and on Saturday morning, June 27, from 8 to 9 o'clock,

By order of the Board,
THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

je20a4t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly chosen Assignees of the insolvent Estate of FRANCIS M. KITTREDGE, of Chelmsford, in the County of Middlesex, Physician, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Kittredge, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on MONDAY, the Sixth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors of the said Kittredge may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

DANIEL S. RICHARDSON,
PETER R. MOORE,
Assignees.

Lowell, June 20, 1846. a3t

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store*," up over the Post Office. je11

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11tf

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—UNION COMMERCIAL WHARF. *With Immediate Dispatch.*

The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je22

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the best Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
56, Central St.
je6tf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above-named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to this only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 3, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. E. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. T. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unequalled success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

C. K. MORRILL.

may19a2m

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c., &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the Inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by
GEORGE H. CARLTON.

may14-a&ply

BRADBURY & GOSS,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Sawe Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character. They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je1A6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

LOWELL HOSPITAL.

THE Committee of the Lowell Hospital Association, appointed to examine and report on the Treasurer's accounts and the general state of the Institution, for the year ending May 10, 1846, report as follows: That the gross expenses of the year have been $4075 79
Received from patients..... 1293 63

Leaving chargeable to the Association..... 2782 16

Number of patients admitted during the year—Females.....190
Males.....25—215
Discharged—Cured.....184
Relieved..... 12
Not relieved..... 4
Died..... 9
In Hospital May 10, '46....., 6—215
Out of which number the cases of *typhus fever* were..... 124
The whole cost of each patient has been per week..... $9 45
Of which has been paid by patients..... 3 00
Leaving a charge to the Association for each patient per week of..... 6 45

N. B. By a law of the Hospital, the utmost charge for patients—including board, medicines and medical attendance, is per week, For a female..... 3 00
For a male.....4 00

And in cases where patients are unable to pay the said charge in whole or in part, the Corporation by which they are recommended is bound to make up the deficiency, taking its chance for future repayment; the patient equally with others, enjoying all the benefits of the Institution.

The whole number of deaths since the opening of the Hospital, out of 1013 patients, has been 37, or 3.65 per cent.
For the past year 9 out of 211, or 4.25 per cent.

The Committee would beg to draw attention to the number of cases of typhus fever, admitted during the past year, amounting to no less than 124 out 211, and the consequently great relief that must have been afforded to the keepers of boarding houses in particular, and safety to their inmates, by the removal of so many patients afflicted by a disease not generally allowed to be infectious; and they hope this fact may be duly noticed trusting that it may make a suitable impression on the parties so immediately interested.

They would also beg to refer to the number of deaths since the opening of the Institution, which they believe is small, compared with most others of a similar nature—being little more that 3 1-2 out of every 100 patients admitted.

To the skill, care and kindness of the Physician, Matron and Nurses, and to the beautiful order quiet and cleanliness of the Hospital, the Committee give their most willing and hearty testimony, and cannot close their report without expressing a hope that the time is fast approaching, when the benefits of the institution and the motives of its founders will be duly and thankfully appreciated. Respectfully submitted.

J. D. PRINCE,
LINUS CHILD,
WM. A. BURKE
} Committee.

Lowell, May 27, 1846. je18a3tp3w

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take places as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	Name of Principal.	Time.	
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock,	A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ "	"
3	" Kimball,	10½ "	"
4	" Morse,	9 "	"
5	" Shattuck,	3½ "	P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 "	A. M.
7	" Ponder,	2 "	P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ "	A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—the Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.
FREDERICK PARER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presented qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Selling Book; to read well in common reading, and fully tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. aje16

DISSOLUTION OF COPARNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODJN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the house in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assment will be continued by the subscriber, who is suprized to collect and settle the accounts of the late m.

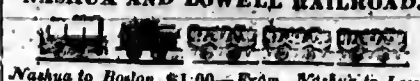
ALONZO. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN IVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to brham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mon work done in order at short notice. je16atf

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:55 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Lowell.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.10 A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expence*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington; Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

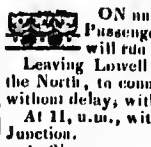
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

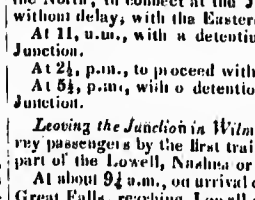
The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¼, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. op28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymay5

A SERIES OF SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS,

BY THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, *under the direction of* Messrs. A. & A. BOND.

The *Lowell Brass Band*, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. Bond, propose giving four Concerts of Instrumental interspersed with Vocal Music, during the six coming months—of which due notice will be given of each.

☞ Subscription papers may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and J. Allen's Bookstores, and at C. S. Eastman's Apothecary Store. je16a4t

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH:

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square:—

Peremptory Sale of Piano Fortes.

On WEDNESDAY next, June 24th, at 10 o'clock; a. m., 5 elegant new Piano Fortes, Boston build, with iron frames, harp pedal and all the modern improvements—in rich Rosewood cases, to be sold without the least reserve to pay advances. A manufacturers warrant will be given. N. B. Those in want will do well to attend this sale as they may rest assured the instruments are of the first class, and made by the most thorough builders in Boston. Ladies and gentlemen will please examine them on Tuesday, P. M., at our sale room.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable Real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street; with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock; chandelier, centre and side lamps, stoves, &c &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

At Private Sale

A Farm at North Tewksbury village, consisting of 23 acres excellent Land, with buildings thereon. Said farm is well stocked with choice fruit trees, excellent water for all purposes, &c. &c.

It will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Lowell.

At Private Sale.

Seven good Dwelling Houses in different parts of the city.

Also—Several Building Lots, centrally located.

1000 dollars to let, on a bottom mortgage.

For Sale. Three shares in the Chelmsford Company.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 29th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of Land on Stackpole and Bartlett streets, containing about 11400 square feet. The above land will be sold in one, two, three or four lots, as purchasers may desire. je23

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

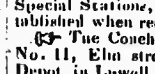
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent toothache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

—ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28atf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR.

No. 40,—MERRIMACK STREET,—No. 40.

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue, olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS;* French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS;* Tweed cloths, Velvets; Boil'd Sattins, Valenein, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS;* Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞ The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department—as regard to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞ New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mamarch28

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my25a1;6m*

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended Improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie grooning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nnv4 aly

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—20,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 103 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patrons who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunt ingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make silents lay,
And for their false quotations pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shewing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrufulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. olyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Saadwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. That prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pfimonapr9

DR. KITTREDGE'S Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Clifes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception.

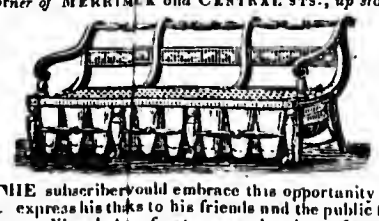
Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meecham, *Bilton;* Geo. Focrstull, *Boston;*
John S. Tyler, *do;* James Alexander, *do;*
Leon'd Richards, *do;* S. C. Richards, *do;*
Timo. Bailey, *Maden.*

☞For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S Eastman, Bibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Berry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. adv3mmar26

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers at this country and manufactured expressly for his sale, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 1 1845. tf

Piano-Fortes.



GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of new pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at factory prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from J. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciotic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, Widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and insensibility affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Floid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and was his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pelar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb2u&ply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my hand is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparille after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptynag30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but re discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower myl4 a&r6mcho

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 25, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 75.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FETRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest and first styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. jc4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

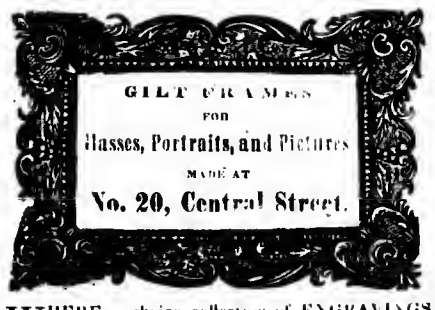
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morceens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly apr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rnug8

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 16 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. 3wadvmay2

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.
These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, [illegible] Sores on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.
They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.
These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*
They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.
READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I even publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.
My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.
Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.
Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally. *** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00. ndv&pat1yapr4

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bot tle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.
Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjan29

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, &c., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. (Mapr7) April 6, 1846.

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Haviland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human natives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Paid on the sum assured.....	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the assured may grow to Policy.....
		Policy taken out in				
60	$5000	$370 75	1837 $95 35	$148 35	$69 25	$1977 79
			1842 628 2	37 145	57 124	1530 5
			1844 693 4	308 [illegible]	45 70	1488 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeoplee18

DR. F. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, New No. 129, } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring. This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS BULL,	" JOHN AYER,
BRIDGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawn&poct23

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

The Value of Labor.

BY CAROLINE F. ORNE.

Ho, ye who at the anvil toil,
And strike the sounding blow,
Where from the burning iron's breast
The sparks fly to and fro,
While answering to the hammer's ring
And fires intenser glow—
Oh, while you feel 'tis hard to toil
And sweat the long day through,
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho, ye who till the stubborn soil,
Whose hard hands guide the plough;
Who bend beneath the summer's sun,
With burning cheek and brow—
Ye deem the curse still clings to earth
From olden times till now,
But while ye feel 'tis hard to toil
And labor all day through,
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho, ye who plough the sea's blue field—
Who ride the restless wave,
Beneath whose gallant vessel's keel
There lies a yawning grave,
Around whose bark the whitry winds
Like fiends of fury rave—
Oh, while you feel the [illegible]
And labor long hours through;
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho, ye upon whose tovered cheeks
The hectic glow is bright,
Whose mental toil wears out the day
And half the weary night;
Who labor for the souls of men;
Champions of truth and right—
Although you feel the toil is hard;
E'en with this glorious view,
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho, all who labor—all who strive!
Ye wield a lofty power.
Do with your might, do with your strength;
Fill every golden hour!
The glorious privilege TO DO
Is man's most noble power.
Oh, to your birthright and yourselves,
To your own souls be true!
A weary, wretched life is theirs,
Who have no work to do.

From Ainsworth's Magazine.

PAYMENT IN KIND.

[Concluded.]

"I am very sorry, Bulstrode, to have to mention to you an unpleasant circumstance; but it is right that you should know it. I understand you have been bitten by a dog of Mr Mangles's."

"Yes," said Bulstrode, "the mongrel I hear has broken his leg."

"Not that exactly. The animal has been shot."

"Shot!"

"The fact is, I regret to say—but in such a case every precaution should be taken—the fact is that the animal has shown symptoms of hydrophobia."

Mr Bulstrode's complexion changed from the radish to the turnip.

"So," continued Mr Baxter, "I hear from Grimshaw."

At once the meaning of the experiment with the glass of water was obvious to Mr Bulstrode, and a horrible idea flashed upon him.

"Now don't be frightened," pursued Baxter, "only I think, in prudence, something had better be done."

"Good Heavens!" exclaimed Bulstrode, "what is to be done?"

"Immediate excision, I should say," answered Pickersgill, whom Mr Baxter and Grimshaw had beckoned to join them.

"The application of caustic," suggested Grimshaw."

"Or wouldn't the actual cautery be preferable?" subjoined Pickersgill.

"But the wound has healed," said the thunderstruck Bulstrode, "it's all over with me."

"Hydrophobia," observed Baxter, "does not necessarily, I believe follow from the bite of a mad dog."

"Ugh!" ejaculated Bulstrode, shuddering.

"Still I would consult a medical man," counselled Mr Baxter.

"Yes," added Grimshaw, "I would send for a lawyer."

"You appear faint," observed Mr Baxter.—"Dont be alarmed—come, sit down again and take a glass of wine—it may be nothing after all."

"Thank you," stammered Mr Bulstrode, "I—I feel that I had better go: I'll see some surgeon instantly."

"No, no," said the host, "don't do that, we'll send for one here, that will be better. At any rate, let us think the matter over for five minutes or so—come." So saying he led Bulstrode, in a state of utter prostration, back to the table.

"I say," whispered Pickersgill, "we must not carry this too far."

"No, no; we wont do that," answered Grimshaw, "let us wait a little, and see how he takes it." And they resumed their seats.

In the meantime, Bulstrode sat looking the very image of consternation; his eyes dilated, his lips blanched, his hair on end; whilst he shivered to such an extent as visibly to shake the table. He continued sitting, whilst the ladies retired, apparently unconscious of what was passing around him. In vain did the host exhort him to "cheer up." The occasion of this change which had come over him, and which had given rise to the idea that he had been taken ill, was in the meantime whispered round the board; whereupon various suggestions, of a medical nature, were proposed on different hands, for his benefit; most present strongly recommending the water cure.

"It would serve him right," said Grimshaw, privately, to Pickersgill, "to be brought to undergo a course of hydropathy. I should like to give him a couple of hours of the wet sheet."

"He does not seem," returned Pickersgill, also speaking under his breath, "to require a sudorific. Look at the drops on his forehead. Come this is enough." Grimshaw," he added aloud, "are you certain of the fact as to Mangles. From whom did you hear it?"

"From Bill White."

"Who is Bill White?"

"Mr William White," answered Grimshaw, "is a gentleman of some eminence in the profession of canine surgery. I obtained my information whilst visiting him on behalf of a patient."

"Where are his quarters?"

"In all probability he is at this present moment at the Fox-and-Goose, hard by; suppose we send for him."

"By all means," said Mr Baxter, "and ascertain the rights of the story. Pluck up your spirits, Bulstrode—never be down-hearted—fill, and pass the bottle."

Mr Bulstrode swallowed his wine with a spasmodic gulp, as if already, by anticipation, in a hydrophobic paroxysm. In the mean time a servant had been dispatched for Mr White. The man was gone for about half an hour, which seemed an age to the individual on whose account the messenger had been sent. Consolation and joke alike failed to rouse him.

At length the anxiously expected arrival took place; and Mr White was ushered into Mr Baxter's dining-room. Professionally attired in a suit of fustian, he entered, smoothing his cropped hair, whilst with an approbrisie obeisance, he proffered his service to the company.

"Well, White!" said Mr Grimshaw.

"Well, sir!" echoed Mr White.

"Now, then. How about that dog!"

"What dog, sir, is it as you're speakin' on."

"That dog that you were told to shoot."

"Oh! that 'ere dog, sir, as they said was mad. Ah! what a pity to be forced to kill him."

Mr Bulstrode fell back in his chair nearly senseless.

"But was Mr Mangles quite certain that the dog was mad?" enquired Grimshaw.

"Muster Mangles, sir?" repeated Bill.

"Yes, Mr Mangles. You told me the dog was Mr Mangles's, A scutch terrier."

"No, sir, beggin' your pardon. Not Mr Mangles's. Mr Mangnall's sir. The dug was his'n and not Mr Manglee's."

Bulstrode breathed again.

"Surely," said Grimshaw, "I thought you said Mangles."

"You was mistook, sir. But I s'pose 'twas my fault for not pronouncin' of the name quite proper. No harm I hope sir?"

"None," observed Mr Baxter, "except, that between you, you have frightened that gentleman there almost to death."

The individual alluded to laughed almost hysterically.

"Well, sir," said Mr White sympathetically. "I'm very sorry for it I'm sure—very."

"Really, Mr Bulstrode," apologized Grimshaw, "I beg ten thousand pardons. I am extremely concerned, sir, that a mistake of mine should have occasioned you such dreadful apprehensions."

"Don't mention it, sir," replied Bulstrode, his voice still quivering, "All's well that ends well. But I hope, sir, that you will be rather more cautious another time how you excite terrors, which, to a person of weak nerves, might have done serious mischief. Of weak nerves, sir. Ha, ha! mine—mine are pretty strong."

"Certainly, sir, certainly. I assure you words cannot express my regret."

"Mr Bulstrode's is a very judicious caution," observed Mr. Baxter.

"One," added Pickeregill, "that should be borne in mind by everybody. Your health, Mr Bulstrode."

"Thank you, sir—thank you—ahem!" answered Bulstrode. The force of the maxim appeared to come home to him.

"Well, White," said Mr Baxter, we are much obliged to you. Here's a shilling for your trouble, and perhaps you would like a glass of something warm in the kitchen."

"Thankee, sir," said Bill White. "Mr Grimshaw, might I speak a word with you?"

Grimshaw rose and retired with him, out of hearing.

"I say, sir," whispered Mr White, with a grin, "I hope you won't forget that five bob you promised me, when you put me up to the sell."

"No, no, Bill. Here they are," said Mr Grimshaw, slipping a crown into the hands of his confederate, who, thereupon, made his bow, and vanished.

The recital of the above incidents, at the Chaffinches' on the next evening, gave great satisfaction to that harmonious society. Mr Bulstrode, since the hoax that was thus played upon him, has discovered considerable emendment of conversation, and having once had his own nerves thoroughly harrowed, has learned to be tender of other people's; so that he no longer enjoys his former celebrity for rendering his acquaintance uncomfortable.

Congress.

Monday June 22.

In the HOUSE the death of Richard P. Herrick late Representative from the State of New York, was announced to the House in appropriate and feeling language by Charles H. Carrol. He offered the usual resolutions of condolence and respect, which were adopted, and the House adjourned until 12 o'clock to-morrow; then to attend Mr H's funeral.

In the SENATE Mr Atherton presented the credentials of Wm. Cilley, the newly elected Senator from New Hampshire, who was qualified and took his seat.

Mr Cass introduced a resolution of enquiry relating to the Mineral Lands, which was then read and adopted.

The Clerk of the House then appeared and informed the Senate of the death of Mr Herrick, and invited the Senate to attend his funeral to-morrow. The Senate adjourned till to-morrow to attend the funeral services.

From Tobasco.

We learn from Capt. Eldridge, of the schooner Sarah, from Tobasco, which port she left on the 25th May, that the authorities at that place were making little or no preparations for war. The news of the battles of the 8th and 9th had not reached Tobasco.—An order from the government was hourly expected to seize the American vessels in port. A Yucatan schooner had just arrived from Vera Cruz—she had been taken by the American squadron, and released. Tobasco was on the eve of another revolution, and said to be in favor of Santa Anon. One of the leaders of the revolution had been seized and cast into prison.—*N. Y. Globe.*

☞ The Oregon treaty contains but five short articles:

Article 1—Fixes the territorial boundary between the United States and Great Britain, west of the Rocky mountains, on the line of 49 degrees, till it reaches Queen Charlotte's Sound, and then through the straits of Fuca to the ocean, which gives to Great Britain, Van Couver's Island.

Article 2 Declares the navigation of the Columbia river, up to where it striken the line of 49 degree, to be free to the Hudson's Bay Company, during the continuance of its charter.

Article 3. The rivers, ports and harbors north of 49 degree, to be free to the commerce of both nations.

Article 4. Indemnity for the forts and trading stations of the Hudson's Bay Company, south of 49 deg. and of the Americans north of the same, if any there be.

Article 5. Indemnity for private property of citizens or subjects who may be south or north of 49 deg. if they wish to retire within their own territory.

SAD ACCIDENT. A lad named Henry Van Vronker, about 12 years old, living with Mr Benj. Comings, of Cornish, was killed on Wednesday last, by being thrown from a wagon. He was a mulatto boy of uncommon intelligence, and with his limited advantages, (being the son of a poor washer woman in Lowell) had obtained a good English education, and read much of history and the general literature of the day. His thirst for knowledge was immoderate, but the hopes he had awakened are now cut short. He was driving a very steady horse behind a pair of horses driven by a son of Mr Comings, when the horse, from some unknown cause took fright, and passed the other team dashing the wagon in pieces and killing the boy.—*N. H. Statesman.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 25, 1846.

For Register of Deeds for Middlesex County,
EPHRAIM B. PATCH, of Lowell.
ELECTION, SATURDAY, JUNE 27.

Fraud upon the Post Office Department.

Last week, we noticed a *parentless* pamphlet of slang and falsehood, that had been circulated through this county, and gave as the authors of it, in our opinion, Stephen S. Seavy, the postmaster of Lowell, and another person who is known here as his private secretary, William Fowle Smith. This pamphlet purports to be an Extra of the "Lowell Patriot and Advertiser," and "Lowell Republican," and gives the name of Fisher Ames Hildreth as editor of these papers.

Believing this pamphlet was called an Extra of the Patriot and Advertiser and Republican, to cheat the government, and the per cent. postmasters, out of the postage that should have been paid on them as pamphlets, we wrote to several postmasters as follows:

Lowell, June 22, 1846.

To the Postmaster of ——:

DEAR SIR—Will you do me the favor to inform me by letter if a document has been received at your P. O. purporting to be an extra of my papers bearing the request "READ AND CIRCULATE?" And whether it was sent to all the subscribers to my paper, and to how many other persons? Whether you supposed it (not stopping to examine it, of course,) an extra of my papers and suffered it to pass through the post office as such? Whence came it? What is the difference of postage between my paper and a document like that, purporting to be an extra of *my* papers, had it not been considered such an extra?

I make these inquiries, because I am of the belief that the authors of the pamphlet referred to, called it an extra of my papers to deceive the postmasters in the county, and cheat the post office department by circulating a document that should have paid pamphlet postage, as an extra newspaper; and also believing that a gross outrage has been committed to ascertain who were subscribers to my paper. As I shall communicate at an early day with the Postmaster General at Washington, an immediate answer will greatly oblige.

Yours respectfully,
F. A. HILDRETH.

Among others we give the following replies:

Billerica P. O., June 23d, 1846.

F. A. HILDRETH, ESQ.—Dear Sir: In answer to the queries in yours of the 22d instant, I have to state that a document, such as you named, was received at my office, directed generally to the subscribers of your paper; one or two, I believe, to other persons. I did suppose it an extra of your paper, as I thought it so purported, and suffered it to pass through the office as such, without demanding postage therefor. Whence it came, I know not. Had it not purported to be an extra from the office of the Patriot, I should have demanded pamphlet postage, to wit: 2 1-2 cents each.

Respectfully yours,
MARSHALL PRESTON,—
P. M., Billerica. Mass.

North Chelmsford June 24, 1846.

F. A. HILDRETH, ESQ.—Dear Sir: In reply to yours of the 22d, I will say, there was received at this office a document bearing the following inscription, "READ AND CIRCULATE," so far as I can recollect, it was sent to all the subscribers of your paper, and two or three others, I supposed from your office, as the package bore the names of the subscribers to the Patriot and Republican, and a portion of them were distributed with that impression. From whence they came, I cannot say as they bore no post mark.—As it regards the postage, I suppose it is needless for me to write, as you are probably as well acquainted with the Post Office Laws as myself. If in my haste I have not answered your enquires, please to inform me as I shall be in the city soon, and will call upon you and give you the particulars, better than I can put them on paper.

Respectfully yours,
E. G. REED.

We also have received a letter from the postmaster of Shirley, showing that just our subscribers, (except one who did not receive any, or was forgotten by the postmaster there in his answer) and no one else received one of these pamphlets, and that the postmaster considered them as extras as they purported to be.

Now the fact that these documents were sent to almost, if not to every one of our subscribers in the towns where they were sent, shows that whoever circulated them must have known our subscribers. To ascertain the subscribers to the Patriot and Republican, in the towns where these documents have been sent, (and it is most remarkable that they have not been sent to a single subscriber, except their paper went by mail, to our knowledge,) access must have been had to our subscription books, and long enough to copy them too, or our bundles of papers must have been broken open at the post office. And no one, we are confident, has had access to our books. If the names were obtained by breaking them open, it must have been done at the Lowell post office, because there is no *other one office* where, if the bundles had been opened, the names of the subscribers in *all* the towns to which they have been sent, could have been obtained—that is, *all* the bundles that must have been broken open to have ascertained the subscribers that have by some means been ascertained, enter *no other one office except the Lowell office*, and therefore could have been ascertained at no other office by breaking open the bundles but the Lowell office.

To slander us, the titles of our papers are stolen, the names of our subscribers obtained by a gross outrage, and the government defrauded of some fifty dollars postage. Are not these sufficient reasons why the document is *anonymous?*

If the names of our subscribers were obtained by breaking open our bundles, is it not conclusive evidence that some one at the Lowell P.O. was concerned in getting up and circulating that pamphlet, and thereby defrauding the government.

He who collects fines and don't return them at the proper time, nor till after he may know he is suspected of attempting to cheat—and tries to get a free passage on the railroad because—according to the statement of the railroad agent—he has cheated the government by not doing his duty, and reporting when the mail is behind time—and asks for personal favor and influence of a mail contractor for the same cause, and promises to continue to neglect his duty and thus continue to cheat the government, if he can by that means get such favor, is a person quite likely to circulate frauds and continue to cheat the government while he has an opportunity.

We would state that a letter from one postmaster states that he did charge pamphlet postage on the document, and that it was sent, he thinks, to all our subscribers, and two or three other persons.

A QUESTION. If the Mexicans in this country should be ordered into the interior, as Americans have been in Mexico, who will be obtained to edit the Courier?

☞ The army of the United States in Mexico appears now to be about 11,000 strong, as the estimates show.

☞ The Courier of yesterday makes but a single point that requires any notice at our hands. His whole argument, in fact, except that which he makes to ease off his denial of calumniating our country, government and people and finally admitting having done so, is an attempt to show that Mr Slidell was not rejected till after Gen. Taylor left Corpus Christi and entered upon the disputed territory, and therefore that he did not enter upon it as the Advertiser would have it understood in consequence of such rejection. To our saying Mr Slidell was rejected *twenty-four days* before our government issued orders to Gen. Taylor to enter upon the disputed territory, Mr Slidell being rejected on the 20th of Dec. 1845, and the government issuing orders to Gen. Taylor not till the 13th of Jan. 1846. the Courier says that is "*a direct falsehood. Mr Slidell was not finally rejected until the fifteenth of March.*" To meet this charge of falsehood we must just quote from the published official correspondence between the two governments.

Mr Pena y Pena to Mr Slidell.

PALACE OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT,
Mexico, Dec. 20, 1845.

The undersigned, minister of foreign relations and government of the Mexican republic, had the honor to receive the note which Mr John Slidell was pleased to address to him on the 8th instant, making known his arrival at this capital. * * * * * *

The undersigned, having submitted the whole to his excellency the President of the republic, and having also considered attentively the note addressed to him by the Secretary of State of the United States, relative to the mission of Mr Slidell, regrets to inform him that, although the supreme government of the republic is animated by the pacific and conciliatory intentions which the undersigned manifested to the consul of the United States in his confidential note of the 14th of October last, it does not consider that, in order to fulfil the object proposed by the said consul, in the name of the American government, and accepted by the undersigned, it should admit his excellency Mr Slidell in the character with which he is invested, of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary residing in the republic.

In order to place this *refusal* upon its proper grounds, the undersigned will briefly communicate to Mr Slidell the reasons by which his excellency the President is guided.

[The letter then goes on to give reasons for the refusal.]

* * * * The supreme government of Mexico, therefore, cannot admit his excellency Mr Slidell to the exercise of the functions of the mission conferred on him by the United States government.—* * * * *Mr Slidell cannot be admitted in the character with which he appears invested, as the honor, the dignity, and the interests of the Mexican republic would thereby be placed in jeopardy.* * * * * * * *

MANUEL DE LA PENA Y PENA.

To his Excellency JOHN SLIDELL, &c., &c., &c.

Here is a flat rejection of Mr Slidell, as we stated, on the 20th Dec. 1845. True Mr Slidell remained in the country, corresponded with the Mexican government and did all in his power to have them retrace their rash and unjust steps, but they adhered to their rejection, and he finally abandoned all hope of changing their determination on the fifteenth of March following. And now the Courier thinks it would seem, that as he did not give up the hope of being received until the 15th of March that he was not rejected till then. *He was rejected on the 20th of Dec. 1845, and all his efforts from that day to the 15th of March 1846 could not make the Mexican government recall that rejection, or modify it in the smallest possible degree.*

An illustration will explain this matter. Suppose the editor of the Courier proposed, the 20th of last Dec., marriage to Miss Nancy. She blushed, pouted, boxed his ears and refused, and gave her reasons—she did'nt like him, did'nt love him, and beside she was already engaged to an Englishman, and accompanied the refusal with a gentle hint that he had better make himself scarce But he with commendable humanity, consulting her happiness full as much as his own, persists in an attempt to induce her to retract her refusal till the 15th of the following March, when several of Miss Nancy's attendants take him by the shoulder and politely but firmly conduct him to the door, show him out, and shut it in his face.

It appears to us if the editor of the Courier had been thus rejected at the commencement of a business of this kind, that he must possess a degree of assurance rarely encountered, to deny that he had been refused, till he had been ordered to leave the house four months afterwards.

☞ Our file of the London *Morning Herald* by the Caledonia, says the New York Sun, is a literary curiosity. That journal seems to be deeply afflicted with a horror of America and Sir Robert Peel. The paper of Saturday, May 30th, commenting on the news from America, published the day before, draws this picture of Great Britain's future position:

"Meanwhile the States, oppose, disarm and disable Mexico, (conquest is out of the question) an immense mercantile American navy is created by the corn trade, a vast amount of bullion accumulates in the States from a constant drain of English gold; Canada, betrayed, and not unnaturally disaffected, declares for annexation; Great Britain attempts to assert her supremacy, and is driven with disgrace out of every sea, by the very means she has provided for her own destruction. This pictures is, indeed, disheartening, but we defy any one to show where it is overcolored or overdrawn."

It then goes on to denounce Sir Robert Peel and his "social revolution," and concludes that "England will be no longer mistress of the seas." The paper of the 2d June keeps up the fire. "Loss of the Canadas," "American Progress," and the American nightmare, stick so fearfully close to the poor fellow that he exclaims, "all nations would rejoice to see the star spangled banner tattered and shilled!" Then, acknowledging the impotency of his rage, he adds that "for the present England must submit to whatever insult America may please to offer," or until "the approaching election shall have driven into the ignominy and obscurity they deserve the arch-traitor (Peel) and his abject tools." After that, when Lord Stanley gets into office, he warns the yankees, that instead of the star spangled Banner floating gracefully over Oregon, Mexico, Texas and Canada, Polk may see it replaced by the British Jack at New York and Washington!—The paper of the 3d June has several columns "of the same sort." He compares Sir Robert Peel to a monkey. And all this is from the special organ of the British Barons, the great leader of the high tories and the worshipper of the "Divine right of Kings to govern wrong!"

☞ C. W. Bertrand, son of the French General Bertrand, with five other Frenchmen, have volunteered their services to the United States Government in the war against Mexico, and have been accepted.

☞ John "De Skience niggah" dances this evening at the City Hall.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Register of Deeds.

Mr Editor,—I am for one greatly interested in the election of a Register of Deeds. It is time that a good, reliable man was chosen. The county ought not to be longer troubled with this matter; and it is to be hoped that the next trial will end this profitless and protracted contest. It has been prolonged by the intervention of an irregular candidate, but it has now assumed a position in which it can be soon terminated.

Mr Whitney the regular whig candidate, and a very worthy and respectable man has withdrawn his name. His sense of gentlemanly propriety, and his desire for a fair, honorable competition, rendered him no fit match for the secret stratagems, private circulars and Sunday handbills which the friends of his fellow whig opponent used to disparage and defeat him. The field is now left to two candidates, the *quasi*-whig, native-American, nondescript nominee Mr Hayden, and the regularly nominated Democratic candidate, Mr Fitch. From these two the county is now called to make a selection.

Mr Hayden, or the friends of Mr Hayden, (I could not willingly wound the sensibility of the gentleman) have urged his *claims* to the office of Register of Deeds. Claims! forsooth. Claims! And in what respect are the people of Middlesex under obligations to this candidate, that warrants this modest summons to discharge the debt. The answer is very promptly made—his past services. Let us examine and liquidate these *claims*, and see if the balance lies against the county.

Mr Hayden was once a clerk, chief clerk, I believe, in the Register of Deeds. From some cause or other many years ago he became sick and unable to attend to the duties of his office, but being a bachelor and having a competency he was able to retire from business to regain his health. His place was occupied by others, successively; and he never returned to it. After a few years, having re-established his health, he returned to the court-house and was at different times employed in the Probate office under Mr Fiske, and in the Registry office under Mr Stone, and possibly in the Clerk's office under Mr Phinney. Upon the resignation of Mr Stone, last year, the Commissioners were casting about to find a man to discharge the duties of the office temporarily, and as was universally understood, to find one *who was under no circumstances to be a candidate*, and they picked up Mr Caleb Hayden, who at the time was supposed to have complied with the condition I have named. This condition as we all know was imposed with the intention of giving all parties a fair chance; and also as not to give to any one likely to be a candidate the advantage over all others which the occupancy of the office would afford. But as the time for making nominations approached, the first candidate who was introduced to public notice, by a native American Convention, was Mr Hayden.—Since that time he has stood before the country as a candidate, notwithstanding his promise, which, whether made directly or impliedly an honorable man would have equally regarded, and by interfering with regular party nominations, has caused the voters of the county great trouble and expense, *but has kept himself in office.* Now Mr Hayden has occupied a false position before the public, and has gained many votes thereby. He is supposed to have occupied the post of chief clerk for many years immediately prior to his appointment as Register pro tem., which I have shown to be a mistake, and he has gained the very advantage which the Commissioners determined not to bestow upon any one,—that of occupying the office during the trial,—and that he has gained by evasion and shuffling. These are Mr Hayden's *claims.*

With regard to Mr Patch, the other of the two candidates, I shall say but a few words. He has always from his nomination, secured a plurality of votes, even when the other candidates of his party at the same election, were in the minority. He is the regularly nominated candidate of his party; and his *claims* are, honesty, fairness, intelligence and industry. He is a man of affable manners and active, methodical business habits. He has been placed before the county by his friends, who have sustained him by a fair and open course. He has been untouched, so far as I know, by secret circulars from Cambridge, although the small buzzing of a petty slander has now and then made itself heard. He will, I am confident, be elected: and the citizens of Middlesex may rest assured that the important interests which he will have in charge, will be faithfully cared for. It is earnestly to be hoped that the coming trial will preclude the necessity of a further printing of secret circulars and Sunday placards, by the election of Mr Patch. SPOT POND.

SUPPLIES FOR THE ARMY. We learn by private advices from the army, on the Rio Grande, says the Worcester Palladium; that great dissatisfaction prevails among the soldiers because of the scarcity and bad poor quality of the supplies furnished them by our government. The fault probably lies in the commissary's department. It would be no new thing if those engaged in furnishing supplies should attempt to enrich themselves by speculations at the expense of the comfort, health, and efficiency of the army. If such be the fact, they deserve the fate which Napolean was accustomed to award in such cases.

"The care of the emperor (says a French historian) extended, in an especial manner, to the comfort and interests of his soldiers. Walking one day with his marshals on the shores of the isle of Loban, he passed a company of grenadiers seated at their dinner. "Well my friends," said Napolean, "I hope you find the wine good." "It will not make us drunk," replied one of their number; "there is our cellar," pointing to the Danube. The emperor, who had ordered a distribution of a bottle of wine to each man, was surprised and promised an immediate inquiry. Berthier instantly set it on foot; and it turned out that forty thousand bottles, sent by the emperor, a few days before, for the army, had been purloined and sold by the commissaries. They were immediately brought to trial, and condemned to be shot."

☞ We are indebted to the Secretary of the Society and author of the Report, Rev. Amos Blanchard for a copy of the *First Annual Report of the Bible Society of Middlesex County.* Could we, we should be happy to copy liberally from the report. We commend the report to the careful consideration of every true christian.

☞ Hon. John Wentworth has been nominated for re-election to Congress in the fourth district in Illinois.

☞ After sixteen days work a panel of jurors has been obtained for the trial of Wyatt, at Auburn, N. Y.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce says,

"I learn that Mr McDuffie is about to report a measure from the Committee on Foreign Affairs in relation to the means of TERMINATING the MEXICAN WAR, by a speedy adjustment."

☞ It is said the British government has not authorized Mr Packenham to offer Great Britain as a Mediator between Mexico and this country.

☞ The Mormon war is reported to have broken out again. The regulars have determined that every Mormon shall leave that place, and measures have been adopted to drive off such as are not disposed to go.

The editor of the Hancock Eagle, at Nauvoo, has suspended his paper.

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST. By an advertisement in our paper it will be seen that this wonderful work of art is to be exhibited in Lowell for a brief time—commencing this evening. Of course, as we have not seen it, we can only judge of its merits, by the high praise bestowed upon it by those who have. Its strange history renders it an object of interest to the Curious; but its beautiful expression of face and form, with the marvellous accuracy of its execution, make this statue one of the richest gems of art in existence. It is seldom our citizens have an opportunity of seeing a "master piece," and we hope they will suitably estimate the occasion. The exhibition continues day and evening till, Saturday night.

☞ By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr Reuben Coburn proposes to sell his farm and other real estate in Dracut. The farm is the Hanchett place, buildings newly repaired throughout, and really one of the pleasantest situations in our knowledge.

☞ The last arrival brings the remarkable intelligence that a lad, aged seventeen years, died recently in the Hospital of Navan, of glanders, which he had contracted from a horse which he attended. The infection was received by the boy through a slight cut on one of his fingers. Horses, it appears, can be cured of this frightful disease, but a remedy for the human subject has hitherto been beyond the reach of medicine.

BOOK KEEPING. We have received from Mr Bixby, "The Common School Book-Keeping," by Charles Northend, of Salem. It teaches everything connected with book-keeping by single entry. It is plain, practical and much simplified. The work is in two parts—a day book and a leger—and teaches the transaction of business in that manner.

LARGE STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE. The bed pieces, cylinders and ballance wheel of a very large Steam Engine went to Boston this morning on the Boston & Lowell Baggage train. The bed pieces and cylinders weighed 15 tons. The Engine is of about 170 horse power. Its destination is at one of the Waltham cotton Factories.

FLOATING WHEEL. A wheel of this kind pumps water into the two wheeled thunder showers that sprinkle our streets. Its location is the North west corner of the canal bridge Central street. The bridge is now rendered doubtly attractive to loafers.

☞ A meeting was duly organized, last Tuesday, by the inhabitants of a portion of Dracutt and Methuen Mass., and Pelham and Salem N. H. for the organization of a religious society to be called the First Methodist Society of Dracutt, and to take the necessary steps preparatory to building a Meeting House.

☞ Hon. LEWIS CASS will accept our thanks for copies of his speeches on the bill to protect the rights of American Settlers in Oregon, and in answer to the Hon. Thomas H. Benton on the same subject.

☞ We learn from the Courier a Polish Jew Francis H. Szawlorki, has, "on satisfactory evidence of the sincerity of his convictions, his repentance toward God and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ," been baptized by the rector of St. Anne's, the Rev. Mr Edson.

☞ Miss Nancy Barnard of Boston, formerly of Amesbury, committed suicide on Saturday last, by hanging herself. She was a respectable woman, about 47 years old, of a melancholly turn of mind.

☞ Hon Abbott Lawrence's House was burglariously entered on the night of the 17th of June, and robbed of a number of small valuable articles. He has offered $500 reward for the apprehension of the thief.

LIEUTENANT PORTER. The body of Lieut. Porter, it is said, has been found, 26 miles from Matamoras, on the other side of the river. It was recognized by a peculiar mark on one arm.

☞ We are much obliged to our neighbor of the Courier for again returning to us papers that by some mistake at the Post office find their way into the Courier's box, instead of our own.

☞ Col. Joseph Hall has been confirmed by the Senate as Navy Agent for the Port of Boston.

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracutt, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN COBURN.
Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je25-1awa&p6w*

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and extend Elm street from Chapel street to Gorham street,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
je25a2w3w JOHN G. LOCKE. Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a street called Ford street, extending from Cabot street to Moody street, may be laid out and graded,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
je25a2w3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good results.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN,

Physician at Exeter Corner,

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. cpa&pjpr14

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ H MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN agents for Lowell. je11

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brigham.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&p6mchln

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boole, 248 Washington street, Boston 11adv1m28

MARRIED,

In this city, June 18th, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Gideon French to Miss Ally H. Roberts.

DIED.

In Pelham, June 4th, Mr Moses Bailey, of Dracutt, aged 80. [Me. papers please &c.]

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out a street from Gorham street to South street (near the South Grammar School house), and to lay sidewalks thereon or on such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said streets and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to establish the grade of Central street and the sidewalks, to lay out such further sidewalks as may be deemed expedient, and to widen and straighten the present sidewalks on said street if the public good requires it,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown:* together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and pronounced in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automa on Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skid, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection in *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Pointed by C. Lehr. After which, the

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Certain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GURRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets 25 cents each person. Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

⁂ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

BOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. E. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&plec16

CITY HALL, LOWELL.

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MR TEMPLETON, (of the Theatres, Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden, London,) has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give his highly popular entertainment, entitled

The Rose, Shamrock and Thistle,

at the above Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, June 30th, 1846. Tickets, 50 cents each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door on the evening of Performance.

Books of the words, price 12½ cents, to be had at the door. je23a1f

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, in Lowell in said county, on the 13th of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

je22a3t H. WRIGHT, Assignee.

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST!—This most beautiful work of Art, unsurpassed, if it has ever been equalled, by any of Ancient or Modern times, will be exhibited in LOWELL, on *Thursday Evening*, June 25th, at WENTWORTH'S HALL, and will continue till Saturday Night, day and evening.

Admission 12½ cents. je23a3t

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&p1y GEORGE H. CARLTON.

BRADBURY & GOSS,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.

OFFICE—No. 28, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.* je13 a1f

GENTS HOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16a1f

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this Office. m26

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	*Name of Principal.*	*Time.*
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock, A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ " "
3	" Kimball,	10½ " "
4	" Morse,	9 " "
5	" Shattuck,	3½ " P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 " A. M.
7	" Pooler,	2 " P. M.
8	" C. Morrell,	10½ " A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, *Secretary.*

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination thereto. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. ajc16

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Bookes	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Citizen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13a1f

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED D WIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&Ptaug1

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Immediate Dispatch.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je22

HATS! HATS!



A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, For, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 58, Central St. je6a1f

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly chosen Assignees of the Insolvent Estate of FRANCIS M. KITTREDGE, of Chelmsford, in the County of Middlesex, Physician, on insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Kittredge, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said county, on Central street, in Lowell, in said County, on MONDAY, the Sixth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place creditors of the said Kittredge may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

DANIEL S. RICHARDSON,
PETER R. MOORE,

Lowell, June 20, 1846. a3t Assignees.

WE DO NOT EXPECT you will come all the way up stairs, unless we offer you sufficient inducements in the way of bargains in SILK GOODS and SHAWLS, of which we have an endless variety; and would only add, we will not be undersold. "*Silk and Shawl Store*," up over the Post Office. je11

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11a1f

ANOTHER LOT of those White Mohair Shawls and all there is in this country, just received and for sale at "the Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office. je11

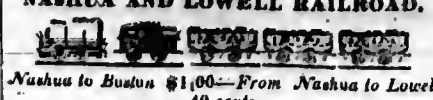
LIST OF VOTERS.

THE Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters, on Friday Evening next, from half-past seven till nine o'clock, and on Saturday morning, June 27, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

je20a4t THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 7½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A. M.—3, and 6½, P. M.

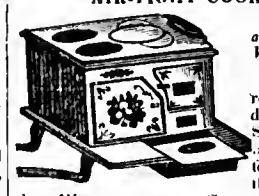
Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¾, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 40, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 or 6 days. *Strictures of the Urethra* are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are an agony with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, indowing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. ap28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar6

A SERIES OF SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS,

BY THE LOWELL BRASS BAND, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. BOND.

The *Lowell Brass Band*, under the direction of Messrs. A. & A. Bond, propose giving four Concerts of Instrumental interspersed with Vocal Music, during the six coming months—of which due notice will be given of each.

☞Subscription papers may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and J. Allen's Bookstores, and at C. S. Eastman's Apothecary Store. je16a4t

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to save a dollar and have them done by one of the best binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

To-Morrow Friday June 26, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A quality of seasonable Dry Goods, being the balance of the Stock of a Dealer. Also an Invoice of fresh and desirable goods from the shelves to raise money. Among them are a great variety of White Dress Goods, Printed Lawns, Muslins, Balaurines, &c; &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

On SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock—Horses; Carriages, Harnesses, &c.

1 2d hand Buggy Chaise; Drab lined, brass mounted, in good order—1 New Express Wagon, Boston built, in every respect a first rate article—2 second-hand Store Wagons, in good order—2 light single horse Wagons—1 second-hand Chaise—5 second-hand Harnesses—4 new Harnesses—3 doz. Whips—Also, a quantity of Second-hand Furniture, Family Stores, &c. je25

Constable's Sale.

Taken on Execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of June inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of S. C. SHAPLEIGH, on Commercial Square, in Lowell, 50 gallons Molasses—½ bbl. Saleratus—½ do. Fine Salt—lot of Chocolate—lot of Tobacco, and a variety of groceries and other articles. WM S CHAMBERLIN,

june 25 Constable of Lowell.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1600 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock; chandelier, centre and side Lamps, stoves, &c &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 29th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of Land on Stackpole and Bartlett streets, containing about 11400 square feet. The above land will be sold in one, two, three or four lots, as purchasers may desire. je29

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which on entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ym9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16--1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tmar7

L. Worcester,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 40,—*MERRIMACK STREET,*—*No. 40.*

THE subscriber has just received, (in addition to his former large stock,) a splendid assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.,

among which may be found—Super French, German, West of England, and American black, blue black, blue olive, green and brown *BROADCLOTHS*; French, German and American *CASSIMERES* and *DOESKINS*; Tweed cloths, Velvets; Bott'd Satins, Valencia, Marseilles and other *VESTINGS*; Gents' Scarfs, Suspenders, and all other articles usually kept in Clothing Stores.

☞The subscriber has secured the services of Mr WORCESTER, to superintend the Tailoring department, and as to Mr W.'s reputation as a Cutter, it may be enough to say that he is classed with the first in the city and country.

☞New York and Boston fashions just received.

JOHN PUTNEY.

Lowell, March 24, 1846. 3mmarch28

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co, City Hall; L. N. Tower, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my29a1y 6m

Highly important to all invalids
and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a universal antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fevers, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headachs, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diorrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bountifully provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,
OR
Children's Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the *"Temperance Rooms," Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 168 State Street,

March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,
15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertissments, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make citizens lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure volition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

—15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of infidility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the stage above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physicians as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in thy use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

Dr. Wood's
Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THURSTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant head ache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mos apl9

DR. KITTREDGE'S
Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Childains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spavin growing out of Horses' Hoofs, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

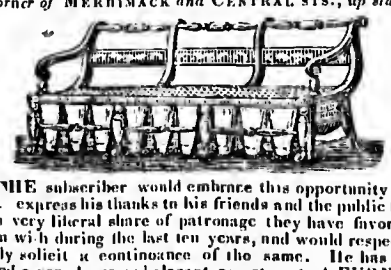
From a few of the many acknowledgements we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Meredeau, *Boston*; Geo. Forristall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gilday & Wilson, T. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aikco, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. mly3mar26

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S
Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloureaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensative to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 185 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN.

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TURNER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN CHRISTEN, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,

Druggist and Apothecary,

40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.

Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,

CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Towee my14 a&r6mcho

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 79 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 27, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 76.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Offices, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 6, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 14 lines, $1 00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain, and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary prices. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. All

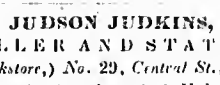
W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&rly

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* H



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order
aug21 aly

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, VENETIANS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STOVES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street;....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clocks, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's Measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

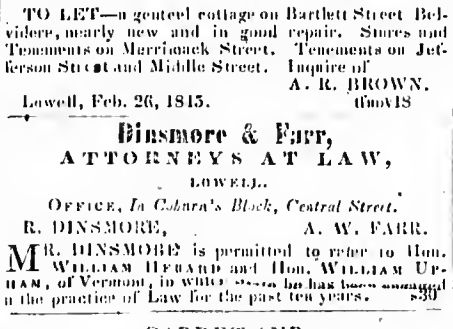
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmy18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Cobura's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which States he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mourseus, Dagueskas, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sep12 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from $[illegible] to $150 each. Two or three houses are to be erected [illegible] street this spring.
Also—72[illegible] large two-story house fronting Central st[illegible], and convenient for one or three [illegible] story Wood-shed and an excellent well [illegible]. Liberal terms
All or any part will [illegible]
Please call and [illegible] at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. stsypr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

For Sale!
SOUTHERN Pine Lumber, sawed to dimension for three breast wheels 15 ft. long 12 ft. diameter each. Enquire of WILLIAM FISKE,
Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street.
Lowell, May 1, 1846. Swadrmay2

F. Brown's
SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared, and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much distress. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a decided and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Lyng Bao'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Wing & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.
apr4 adv&partly

Purify the Blood.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bot the will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tflec6

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner and in any style that may be ordered A perfect fit always warranted *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent liver.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Ahrel H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

DR. F. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. F. Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an [illegible] animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plymr3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

In this work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experience in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. nown&plyfeb14

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmarD

Weare Clifford,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, no borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1841. jan27y

THE LAST JOURNEY.

MICHAUD, in his description of an Egyptian funeral procession, which he had met on his way to the cemetary of Roseita, says: "The procession we saw pass; stopped before certain houses, and sometimes receded a few steps. I was told that the dead stopped thus before the doors of their friends, to bid them a last farewell, and before those of their enemies, to affect a reconciliation before they parted forever."

Slowly, with measured tread;
Onward we bear the dead
To his long home.
Short grows the homeward road;
On with your mortal load,
Oh, Grave! we come.

Yet, yet—uh! hasten not
Past each remembered spot
Where he hath been;
Where late he walked in glee;
There from henceforth to be
Never more seen.

Rest ye—sit down the bier;
One he loved dwelleth here;
Let the dead lie
A moment that door beside,
Wont to fly open wide
Ere he drew nigh.

Hearken!—he speaketh yet—
"Oh, friend! wilt thou forget
(Friend—more than brother!)
How hand in hand we've gone,
Heart with heart linked in one—
All to each other?

"Oh, friend! I go from thee,
Where the worm festeth free,
Darkly to dwell;
Giv'st thou no parting kiss!
Friend! is it come to this?
Oh, friend, farewell!"

Uplift your loud again;
Take up the mourning strain—
Pour the deep wail!
Lo! the expected one
To his place passeth on—
Grave! bid him hail!

Yet, yet—uh! slowly move;
Bear not the form we love
Fast from our sight—
Let the air breathe on him;
And the sun beam on him
Last looks of light.

Here dwells his mortal foe;
Lay the departed low,
Even at his gate—
Will the dead speak again?
Ut'ring proud boast and vain,
Lost words of hate?

Lo! the cold lips unclose—
List! list! what sounds are those,
Plaintive and low?
"Oh, thou, mine enemy!
Come forth and look on me,
Ere hence I go.

"Curse not thy fiemnn now—
Mark! on his pallid brow
Whose seal is set!
Pard'ning I pass thy woy—
Then—woe not war with clay—
Pardon—forget."

Now all his labor's done!
Now, now the spoil is won!
Oh, Grave, we come!
Seal up the precious dust—
Land of the good and just,
Take the soul home.

Blackwoods Magazine.

Magnetic Telegraph.

The following extraordinary dramatic scene, we will venture to say, has never had its parallel on this earth, and is the legitimate offspring of that strange invention the magnetic telegraph, an invention to which the public attention at this moment is so much and so universally attracted.

On Saturday evening last, June 6, Professor Morse, the inventor and superintendent of the magnetic telegraph, and his assistant, Mr Vail, in their office at Washington, wished to test the integrity of the telegraphic line the whole distance through from Washington to New York, a distance of no less than 260 miles. The better to understand the singularity of the scene we are about to record, the reader must imagine four individuals, one at the office in Washington, one at Baltimore, 40 miles distant, one at Philadelphia, 108 miles farther, and one at New York, (or rather Jersey City opposite New York,) 112 miles further.—The telegraphic line passes through the instrument at the offices at each of these places, and a communication despatched from any one is written and understood instantly at all the others. We shall designate the operators by the names of the places at which they are stationed:

Washington.—Baltimore are you in connection with Philadelphia?

Baltimore.—Yes.

Wash.—Put me in connection with Philadelphia.

Balt.—Ay, ay, sir; wait a minute. (*After a pause.*) Go ahead. You can now talk with Philadelphia.

Wash.—How do you do, Philadelphia?

Phila.—Pretty well. Is that you, Washington?

Wash.—Ay, ay; are you connected with New York?

Phila.—Yes.

Wash.—Put me in connexion with New York.

Phila.—Ay, ay; wait a minute. (After a pause:) Go ahead. Now for it.

Wash.—New York, how are you?

(New York does not answer.)

Phil.—Hallo, New York, Washington is talking to you. Don't you hear him? Why don't you answer?

N. York.—I don't get anything from him.

Wash.—I get that from New York.

Phila.—New York, Washington says that he gets that from you.

Balt.—How is it that Washington hears from New York, and New York does not hear from Washington?

Phila.—There's where I am floored.

Balt.—What is the reason, Washington?

Wash.—Because New York has not properly adjusted his magnet.

Phila.—I have been hard at [illegible] work all day, I am like bricks. Had no supper. I have had a stiff evening's work; there have been so many messages to-night—one alone that gave us seventeen dollars. I want to go.

Wash.—Wait a little.

Balt.—Go it ye cripples.

Phila.—Who is writing?

Wash.—Don't talk all at once.

Balt.—Mary Rogers are a case, so are Sally Thompson;
Gen. Jackson are a hoss, so are Colonel Johnson.

Phila.—Who is that? I will discuss that pint.

Wash.—Baltimore, keep quiet. Philadelphia, tell New York to ask me to write dots, (*that is, to adjust his magnet.*)

Phila.—Ay, ay, sir; wait a little. New York ask Washington to write dots.

N. York.—Ay, ay. Washington, write dots.—(Washington begins to write dots.) That's it; O. K. Now I have got you; go ahead.

Wash.—Do you now get what I send you?

N. York.—Ay, ay.

Wash.—Did you get Prof. Morse's message for his daughter?

N. York.—Yes, from Philadelphia; but it is too late to send it over the river to-night. I am all alone; the two boys are gone.

Wash.—Very well: no matter.

Ball.—Good night; I'm going.

Wash.—Good night all. night.

Phila.—Good night.

N. York.—Good

And so ends this curious scene; not an imaginary one but one of actual occurrence. Let any one reflect upon the fact, that all these questions and answers occurred in a space of time but very little onger than that in which this unique drama has been retated.—*Union.*

Congress.

Tuesday June 23.

No business was done in either Houses on account of the funeral of the Hon. Richard P. Herrick member from N. Y.

Wednesday June 24.

In the SENATE. Mr Benton, from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill for organizing and mustering into the service of the United States such volunteers as have been or may be raised to aid in carrying on the war with Mexico. He asked to have the bill read the first and second time.

Mr Webster made some objections to this bill, though he said he did not know as he should oppose its passage, and entered into a review of the expenses of the war, and of the plan of the administration, as exhibited in the communication of the secretary of the treasury for raising the means of meeting the accruing expenses of the government.

He thought Mr Walker's estimates and calculations would be found to be fallacious.

Mr Benton rejoined, and defended the bill as being the best that could be framed by the committee for this emergency.

The bill was postponed till to-morrow.

A bill from the House, to authorize the Chief Clerk of the Patent office to sign patents, was taken up and discussed briefly, by Mr Webster and Mr Calhoun, in which discussion the great expense of the printing of the Patent office documents, was commented on with some severity. Mr Calhoun declared that according to his information the profits of the printing of a single document amounted to $90,000! The bill was for tha time, laid aside; and on motion of Mr. Haywood, the Senate went into Executive Session.

In the HOUSE. Mr C. J. Ingersoll, from the Committee on foreign relations, made a report upon tha relations between this country and Mexico, which was ordered to be printed.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole Mr Coffin in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Tariff Bill.

Mr Boggs warmly advocated a reduction of the present tariff.

Mr Hume followed in favor of the tariff, as being highly beneficial to all interests.

When Mr Hume had concluded Mr Winthrop obtained the floor, but the House was not there, and he said he did not like to speak to empty benches.

By Electric Telegraph from Washington to the New York Sun.

THURSDAY JUNE 25.

In the SENATE. Mr Bright introduced a bill to increase the pay of non-commissioned officers and privates of military and volunteer companies and regiments, and to allow the officers of the same a grant of land in certain cases.

The resolution to adjourn on the 20th of July, being on its passage, it was briefly and strongly opposed by Messrs. Benton and Yencey, on the ground that the period was about to arrive when Congress could and should legislate for our people beyond the Rocky Mountains. The latter moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr Sevier opposed the resolution. The time was too short for the business before them, and he was unwilling to adjourn and leave important matters unacted on. Mr Cleytoe moved to extend the period named to the 3d of August. Mr Benton would prefer the 10th of August.

The European Mail of the 14th July will arrive about the 3d August, and it might be found inconvenient to adjourn on that day.

The debate was further continued with great animation. The resolution was then laid on the table, yeas 28, nays 28.

The bill for organizing the volenteers was then taken up. Mr Benton explained its provisions.

Mr Breese took the same ground. He was unwilling to give the power of adjournment to the House. Mr Westcott took the same view of the case. Mr Davis advocated the resolution. He thought there was time enough to do all the work necessary by the 20th July.

HOUSE. The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr Cobb in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of the bill to reduce the Tariff. Mr Winthrop made a speech in support of the present Tariff system. Mr Broadhead next addressed the Com., and spoke his hour in favor of sustaining the present system. He was quite animated and severe upon his southern political friends. Mr Hubbard, of Virginia, followed, and advocated a modification of the present Tariff.

Mr Ewing, of Penn., obtained the floor next, and addressed the Committee in favor of a Tariff affording protection to American Industry. He contended that party had too much to do with the legislation of the country.

THE SUB-TREASURY BILL. The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial, gives the following as the principal amendments, proposed in the Senate to the Sub-Treasury Bill:

"They change the names of tha sub-treasurers from receivers general of the public money, to assistant treasurers of the United States, and increase the number from four to five—the additional treasurer to be stationed at Detroit, where a suitable vault is to be fitted up in a building belonging to the United States.

They also prohibit the treasurers, collectors, postmasters, and all the public officers of whatsoever character, from depositing the funds in their hands in banks, or exchanging them for other funds than such as are allowed by the bill.

The Secretary of the Treasury is not to transfer the balances from the present depositories to the new depositories before the 1st of January next, but to check upon them for payments made by the Treasury.

On and after the 1st of January, (instead of the 1st of July, as in the House bill,) all duces to the United States are to be paid in gold and silver only; and after the 1st of April next, all disbursements are to be made in gold and silver only.

Disbursing officers having, at present, credits in banks shall be allowed until the first of January to check on the same, allowing the public creditors to receive their pay from the banks either in specie or bank notes.

The impression is that the bill will pass in the shape in which it has been put by the finance committee of the Senate."

From the Army, June 1st, 1846.

Correspondence of the N. O. Delta.

CAMP OPPOSITE MATAMORAS.

Andrew Jackson Regt. June 1, 1846.

On Wednesday evening a deputation comprising the alcalde and a few other officials of the Mexican town of Reynosa, about 90 miles from this, came into General Taylor's camp with a flag of truce, and tendered the surrender of that town, fearing he might make a descent upon it, and intimating the desire of the people they represented to come under the General's orders. The positive answer of General Taylor is not promulgated, but the Mexicans evidently left satisfied. On their return, this party, as we have just learned from some of Capt. Walker's men, was met about 35 miles from our camp by Gen. Canales, at the head of about 1500 or 2000 Mexican cavalry, who were evidently on their way to reconnoitre our movements and catch stragglers. Gen. Canales made prisoners of the alcalde and his companions, and by this time they are food for worms.

☞ Texas has sent 2400 men to Mexico.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE, 27, 1846.

☞ The Courier, against all fact, sticks to the assertion that Mr Slidell was not finally rejected until the fifteenth of March. It says, in reply to Mr Pena y Pena's letter to Mr Slidell, from which we quoted,—"this to be sure contains a refusal to receive Mr S. in the character in which he came, but it was by no means a final rejection, and was not so considered by Mr Slidell or Mr Polk." It is unnecessary for us to repeate the language of Mr Pena y Pena's letter, that the Courier does not attempt to show was anything short of a full, complete, and final rejection. It relies upon the letters of Mr Slidel and the Message of the President to make out a case. We have already said after Mr Slidell's rejection on the 20th December, he remained in the country and tried to get a reconsideration of the act. He could not, and certainly did not do it. The quotations from Mr Slidell and the President, made by the Courier, fully sustain our views of the case. The Courier admits there was a refusal to receive Mr S. in the character he came, at the time we fix. If he was then rejected in that character, as he never presented himself in any other character, was he not finally rejected at that time? It says "he (the President) excuses the *first* rejection of Mr Slidell. And on this ground," &c. Prey tell when was the second rejection?

That Mr S. and the President talk about the consequences, should he be finally rejected, is very true.—But the very quotations made by the Courier show neither more nor less than that they were warning Mexico of what might be the result if she should adhare to her position. The Courier says,

"Following out the views which Mr Polk entertained, Mr Buchanan directed Mr Slidell (Jan. 29) to renew his efforts, and says, among other things, 'should the Mexican government, however, FINALLY REFUSE to receive you, the cup of forbearence will then have been exhausted.' Again he says, same date, 'You should wait patiently for a FINAL DECISION on the question of rejection.' &c. Again—'Should the Mexican government FINALLY REFUSE to receive you, then demand pasaports.' &c.'

Does this mean anything more than directions to Mr S. that if Mexico does not change her mind and receive you, then thus you will act, and thus will be the consequences. Again the Courier says,

"March 1st, Mr Slidell writes to Mr Buchanan, '*My letters from Mexico speak confidently of my recognition.*' How could this be, if he was *finally rejected* two or three months previous?"

This simply shows what we have before said, that Mr Slidell after being rejected tried to get Mexico to change her mind, and some letters he received thought she would.

The Courier also speaks of instructions to the army to prove that Mr Slidell was not rejected at the time we said. It says,

"But here is another witness. Mr Slidell (Feb 11) writes to Mr Buchanan as follows:—'*The advance of Gen. Taylor's force* to the left bank of the Rio del Norte, and the strengthening our squadron in the Gulf, are wise measures, *which may exercise a salutary influence upon the government.*'"

This simply shows what we have all along contended for, that our army was ordered to the Rio Grande because Mexico had violated her agreement and rejected Mr Slidell, and that it was ordered there that it might have a *salutary influence* upon Mexico; bring her to her senses, induce her to [illegible] remove the indignity offered us, and retract her refusal to receive Mr Slidell. All these liberal efforts on our part foiled and war is the result. The whole case is, Mr Slidell *was* fully, decidedly, finally, and in as plain terms as language can convey, rejected on the 20th *December*, 1845, and no efforts on the part of our government, perseveringly continued in for three months, could get that rejection withdrawn or modified.

As for the illustration made to satisfy the acting editor of the Coerier of the mistake he had fallen into, we inteeded it only as an *illustration*, not for a moment entertaining the idea, more than the gentleman himself, that it is "a supposable case" that any lady would have a heart to *reject* any honorable proposals he might wish to make. We ask our neighbor's pardon for inadvertantly leaving our language open to such a construction as he saw fit to put upon it.

From the Patriot of yesterday.

Resume of the Mexican War.

In a former resume we stated that on the 19th ult., Gen. Taylor probably took Matamoras. The Mexican army did abandon that place on General Taylor's crossing the Rio Grande on a bridge made of his wagons. He took possession without opposition. The stars and stripes of the American Union have since waved there instead of the Mexican flag. Paredes has made exorbinant demands upon the churches for money, but they answer that they are unable to meet them. A loan has also been attempted to be had from England, but this must, of course, fail for want of ability to give satisfactory security. And more especially must it fail since Paredes has seized upon the revenues pledged to England for the payment of former loans.—Vera Cruz is blockaded, and the fortress of San Juan de Ulloo will probably be taken, eventually, unless the war is soon terminated by some compromise. This fortress is considered almost impregnable, and no attempt to take it will be entertained till our naval force at Vera Cruz is much strengthened.

On the seventh instant, Col. Wilson, at the head of four companies, started from Matamoras for Reinoso, a town about sixty miles from Matamoras, up the Rio Grande. This is the first movement towards the invasion of Mexico since the taking of Matamoras. Col. Wilson's command comprises only about five hundred men, yet they expect to take the town without a brush. From the fact that Gen Taylor has sent out this detachment, it would seem he has little fear of Paredes concentrating a force of sufficient magnitude to enable him to make a descent upon Matamoras, as some accounts from the seat of the war have supposed probable.

Reinforcements have reached Gen. Taylor, so as to render his position perfectly secure, and, probably, enough to warrant him in marching for Montery, via the Rio Grande, which root, it is said, Gen. Taylor would take to avoid crossing the hot arrid country; he is probably ere this on his way, following Col. Wilson's detachment.

A newspaper was established at Matamoras on the 1st of June, called "Republic of the Rio Grande and Friend of the People." The New Orleans Picayune makes the following extract from it:—

"Rise, then, and shout for the *Republic of the Rio Grande.* Abandon the Mexican vulture that preys upon your vitals—the fitting symbol of a government that has no deeper commiseration for your sufferings, than the voracious bird upon her crest feels for the serpent that writhes in his beak. Assemble your delegates within the American lines—organize your provisional government at once, and declare your independence to the Sierra Madre. At your leisure you can debate a constitution, and arrange the details of your government. Rid your new republic of that horid incubus, the Mexican Tariff, which has ruined her treasury and demoralized her people—open your ports and trade freely with all the world—get the most for what you have to sell by having the world for buyers—get what you want to buy at the cheapest rates by having the world for sellers—educate your children—protect the liberty of the citizen, and the rights of property—ally yourselves to the great Mother of Republics, and imitate those qualities which have made her great. Do this, and you will be great and happy yourselves—fail, and your fate is fixed forever.

Long live the United States of America!

Long live the Republic of the Rio Grande!

Gen. Arista in said to have sent proposals to Gen Taylor for an amistice, and that his head querters are established at Montery at the head of 15000 men.—Gen Taylor replied that he would meet Gen. Arista at Montery.

Paredes is at the head of the army in person, and Gen. Bravo has been made President, *ad interim.*

THE TARIFF DEBATE—Extracts from the Speech of Mr. Owen of Indiana.

[From the Boston Post.

Congress are hard at work on the tariff. On the 19th Mr McKay offered a resolution that all debate on the bill before the house of representatives should be closed on the 30th, at 12 o'clock. Mr G. S. Houston suggested Saturday, the 27th, as an amendment. But the subject of terminating the debate was laid on the table by a vote of 97 to 67. The debate then proceeded in committee of the whole. Mr Young of Kentucky, defended the protective system and was drawing a picture of the distress existing in the state of Pennsylvania in 1819—which he attributed to the reduction of the tariff—when Mr Broadhead interrupted him in the conviction that the distress of 1819 was occasioned by the notorious expansion of the paper money system, and that previous to it forty banks had been chartered in one batch. Mr Owen, of Indiana, then most ably advocated the reduction of the tariff. He first alluded to the law of progress in society and government that must go on and that it was folly to resist it. He instanced the suffrage movement in France and the corn law movement in England as examples; it was as impossible to perpetuate the disfranchisement of voters as it was the system of commercial restriction. He gave a brief sketch of the absurd system, citing from the old commercial laws of Europe and this country to shaw how absurd had been former interference with trade, and that progress consisted in interfering less and less with individual pursuits. He turned to the legislation of the present day, and after dwelling on the principles of protection, he gave a brief history of this system in this country. We quote his account of the commencement of this policy in this country, because the facts, Mr Owen states, are not thought of:—

"In 1789 was passed the first tariff bill. The young republic had just brought to a close an expensive war; and her population, of less than four millions, had incurred a national debt of nearly eighty millions; equal, in proportion, to a debt of four hundred millions now. Her manufactures were all in their earliest infancy, many just struggling into existence. Then, if ever, a high scale of duty was required and heavy protection was justifiable. Yet how do the rates of that primitive tariff compare with our impositions of to-day? On the single luxury of carriages there was a duty of fifteen per cent., and on East India goods of twelve and a half per cent. With these exceptions, the highest rate of ad valorem duty was *ten per cent.* On such staples as iron, leather, saddlery, clothing, millinery, it was seven and a half per cent.; and be this borne in mind!—on woollen and cotton goods (the latter but recently introduced) it was *five* per cent. only. On sugar the duty was one cent a pound, on coal two cents a bushel, and so of other articles.

The tariff of 1790 increased but slightly these rates. And so again in 1794, and for many succeeding years. [illegible] the first quarter of a century after the establishment of our government, no ad valorem duty whatever higher than 20 per cent. was imposed, except on a single article of luxury, wines; and the specific duties were on a scale of similar moderation. It was not until the administration of Washington and Adams and Jefferson and almost of Madison had passed away, that men talked of twenty-five and thirty and forty per cent. protective duties.

In 1816 it was that we first began to copy from England the policy of protection for protection's sake, and to raise the scale of tariff duties without reference to revenue. This foreign plant seemed, for a brief space, to thrive in a republican soil. The tariff bill of 1820 failed, it is true; but in 1824, and again in 1828 and 1832, the system, christened, in very defiance of its parentage, *American*, was sanctioned and extended.

One thing, however, is to be remarked, and ought to be remembered. The first tariffs, of moderate duties, framed on a revenue scale, passed with a degree of unanimity unknown in modern days. On the passage of the tariff of 1789, and also on that of 1794, the yens and nays were not even called, either in the Senate or the House. On the tariff of 1790 they were called in the House only, and the vote stood nearly three to one. On the tariff of 1797 the vote was more than three to one. The majorities continued large until the protective doctrines of 1816 were flung, as a firebrand, into our legislative halls. From that moment they diminished. Bitter sectional quarrels, ending in lean majorities, mark the entire period of our high protective tariffs. That of 1824 passed, in a House of two hundred and nine members, by a majority of five only; and in the Senate by a majority of four; that of 1828 by a majority of nine in the one house and five in the other.

The tariff of 1832 obtained a somewhat better vote; but it had not been six months a law until it kindled, throughout the Union, scenes of sectional strife such as no other question—not that of slavery itself—has ever had power to call forth in this republic. It brought upon us the days of nullification."

Now, nothing is more common than for high tariff men to appeal to the days of Washington and of the early period of our constitution, and to contend that the protective system was coeval with our government. Yet then the highest duties was ten, twelve and a half, and fifteen per cent. Compare these duties with those of the present tariff. Mr Owen thus sums them up:

"The average of its duties has proved to be *thirty-four* per cent., actually exceeding that of the tariff of 1832, of which the average was but thirty-three and eight-tenths. The gross revenue it produced, for the year ending 30th September, 1845, was nearly thirty-one millions; the largest amount ever raised from imports in any one year (the years 1831 and 1825 alone excepted) since the foundation of the government. A general idea of its impositions may be gathered from the fact, that on four staple necessaries, iron, coal, sugar, and molasses (yielding six millions of revenue) its duties actually average over *sixty* per cent.; three times the compromise maximum; while on cotton and woollen goods (on which the duties reach six millions and three quarters) the average rate is about *thirty-nine* per cent.; nearly double the same maximum."

Mr Owen gives the average rate of duties in the bill now before the house as follows:

"Its average rate, as nearly as can now be ascertained, will be about twenty-four and a half per cent.; and thus the average of all its duties, high and low, taken together, is, in fact, four and a half per cent. higher than the very highest contemplated by the compromise. Its principal schedule, including the staples of iron, coal, woollen goods, clothing, carpeting, saddlery, paper, wines, and many other staples, is put at thirty per cent., being a tax higher by one-half than the maximum of the compromise. Cotton and silk goods bear a duty of twenty-five per cent."

After the conclusion of Mr Owen's able and eloquent speech, Mr Collin followed on the same side in a speech also replete with facts and figures. Mr Chipman followed in another forcible argument against the tariff. Mr Ramsey closed the debate for that day.

☞ We learn that Rev. Mr Conway, of St. Peter's Church, in this city, is about to remove to Salem, to take the place of the Rev. Dr. O'Flaherty, deceased. He will be succeeded by Rev. Peter Cradden, of Boston.—*Courier.*

Court of Death.

Rembrandt Peale's Court of Death is to be exhibited in this city, at City Hall, on Monday, July 6. This great picture was painted twenty-five years since, and was suggested to the painter by reading Bishop Porter's Poem on Death. Those better qualified to judge than ourself, speak of it in the highest terms, "as one of the greatest and *best* pictures of the day"—as a grand moral poem on canvas. It contains 23 figures of the size of life. Dimensions—24 feet long, 13 high. It is a rare thing that citizens of Lowell have an opportunity to see so great a picture as this, and we hope they will visit it, bearing in mind that the remembrance, as well as the possession of

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

FIRE. At about 3 1-2 o'clock, P. M., Thursday, June 18, a fire broke out in the barn attached to what is well known as the old Dr Green house, on Main st. The house was owned by Geo. W. Els, and occupied by several families. The fire spread with great rapidity and at one time there was danger that other houses would be consumed, but by the active exertion of our firemen, the fire was confined to the barn and house. The furniture and clothing in the house were mostly saved. It is not known how the fire originated. It is said that the house was insured. It was worth $500. It was erected about 90 years since.

Two individuals were severely injured during the fire by the breaking of a ladder.

Our fire department should be provided with better ladders, and the way to provide them should be by the formation of Ladder companies, whose duty should be to keep proper ladders in such a state, that our firemen could use them without danger of their neck or limbs.—*Daily Patriot, Concord, N. H.*

A YOUNG GIRL RUINED BY HER PASTOR.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says—"There is considerable excitement in the city, owing to the sudden departure of a certain minister of the Lutheran Reformed church, who is charged with having ruined forever a very young girl, the daughter of a member of his church, with whom he boarded.—It is said that he has a wife and five children. The circumstances attending the case are of the most revolting character. Only think of a man administering the sacrament with a heart full of corruption."

SERIOUS ACCIDENT. George Glover, a young man, together with another young man, a cab-driver, was driving down Prescott street yesterday afternoon on a cab. When opposite Mr Patch's auction room the horse stumbled and threw them both to the ground breaking Glover's leg. The casualty is the more severe since the leg had been broken in the same place before. It is thought he will be obliged to have his leg amputated.

☞ A very beautiful and singular appearance has recently presented itself on Lynn Beach. The prevailing west winds for the past month have brought up myriads of the young of the great clam, so that the beaches are literally white with them. They are less than a finger nail in size, but there are enough if fully grown to load a hundred ships.

☞ A reckless rascal, driving furiously down Market street, Thursday evening, ran against a woman at the crossing on Central street and to use the language of a by-stander "knocked her more than three rods." We think the City Marshall did not see the affair, nor hear of it.

☞ The Barre Gazette states that the wife of Mr Edwin Fuller, of Oakham, died on Wednesday of last week, after an illness of a few hours, under circumstances to excite suspicion of foul play. She was but 19 years of age, and had been married only three weeks.

☞ Dee. Grant was much annoyed with applications for "wine," in consequence of a typographical error of the Post, which represented the firm of Grant, Daniels & Co., as having received a large quantity by the bark Jane. It was "wire," not "wine," the Dea. imported.

DEATH OF A REVOLUTIONARY PATRIOT.—Col. Thomas Wylley, a soldier of the Revolution, died at his home in Effingham county, Geo., on the 31st ult., in the 84th year of his age. At the time of his death he was in the receipt of $600 yearly from the government as a pensioner.

☞ "A Scotch peasant girl, said to her brother, "She could na see just what it was that made him gang so often and stay so late to see one lassie; for her part she had rather hae the company o' *ane lad* than *twenty* lasses!"

AGAIN REJECTED. Henry Horn, who was a short time since rejected as Collector of the port of Philadelphia and renominated by the President, was again rejected on Wednesday, June 24th, by the Senate.

☞ We learn from the Daily N. H. Patriot that there was a severe hail storm at Henniker on the afternoon, of Wednesday the 24th. Thousands of lights of glass were broken and much damage was done to the crops.

VERMONT AND MASSACHUSETTS RAILROAD. We learn by the Post, that a contract has been made by the directors of this corporation for iron sufficient to lay fourteen miles of their track, between Fitchburg and Athol, at the low rate of $76½ per ton.

DR JEWETT will address the W. T. A. Society to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 5 1-2 o'clock in the City Hall. He will deliver his much admired Poem on Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the same place.

☞ An Irish gentleman addressing an indolent servant who indulged himself in bed at a late hour—"Fall to rising, you scalpeen, fall to rising. Don't stand there lying in bed all day."

☞ Hon. Samuel Appleton says, that he is indebted to "kind Providence for a fair portion of this world's goods." For "kind providence" read "a protective tariff."

☞ It is estimated that more than one *hundred thousand* volunteers have already offered their services for the Mexican war.

THE CITY OF MANCHESTER. A bill has been introduced in the Legislature of N. H. providing for city privileges for the town of Manchester.

☞ The report that Mr Pakenham had received instructions to offer the mediation of England is untrue.

☞ Wyatt, found guilty at Auburn, N. Y., of the murder of the Van Ness family, has been sentenced to be hanged on Thursday, Aug. 20.—*Post.*

A GOOD EXAMPLE. The Quebec Insurance Company have determined not to insure any building in which camphene is used.

☞ We shall have Welch & Mann's Circus and Van Amburgh & Co.'s Caravan here in a short time.

☞ Col. James Page was nominated to the senate Wednesday morning, for collector of Philadelphia.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Great Fire in Charlestown.

We learn by the Boston Mail, that between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning a severe fire broke out on Warren st., Charlestown, in the Lard Oil Factory of Messrs. Quimby & Sargent, No. 30 South Market street. The building in which it originated, was, in a short space of time, completely enveloped in flames, which spread with great rapidity to the adjoerning buildings, mostly dwelling houses.

A large double 3 story house, and also a two story house in the rear, were entirely destroyed. A four story house to the north of those was considerably injured.

To the eastward the fire extended to several storehouses, barns and out-buildings attached to the Factory, and destroyed 4 or 5 dwelling houses.

The fire communicated to 4 three story houses which were very badly injured.

We have heard the loss estimated as high as $100-000, but should think it would not exceed $75,000.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

Capitulation of Reynosa without firing a gun.—Camargo opening her gates to the U. S. Army.

Washington, Thursday Eve, June 25th, 1846.

Our New Orleans papers have failed; letters of the 17th and 18th inst, are received. The Mobile Register of the 19th says:

The Steamboat Fashion returned from Brazos, having landed troops, who were welll received. She brings a report that the town of Reynosa surrendered without resistance; also, that Camargo capitulated in advance. The army is in good health.

The main body of Gen. Taylor's army is on the right bank of the river Deseas.

The commands of the Washington and Jackson regiments of Louisiana volunteers are on the left bank.

Gov. Henderson, with one thousand Texiens, reached the Ris Grande on the 10th, accompanied by seventeen Tonkawey Indians.

The Alabama companies, and the St. Louis and Louisville Legions, are at Brazos Islands; also, Colonels Dukny's, Peyton's, Davis's and Wetberston's commands.

The committee sent by the Louisiana Legislature to present the vote of thanks to General Taylor, reached Matamoras on the 8th. Patriotic and appropriate speeches were made on the occasion, and a splendid collation was served up. Toasts, wit, and sentiment flew round the board.

The steamship McKim had sailed from Mobile for New Orleans, with army supplies.

Fourth of July.

Grand Universalist Jubilee. There will be a great meeting of the Universalists of Boston and Lowell, and regions round about, on the coming "Glorious Fourth," at Woburn Watering place, 15 miles from Lowell, and 10 miles from Boston. A beautiful grove has been obtained, and the necessary arrangements are made. Each individual will take such refreshments with him as he may please. No tables will be spread and no expenses incurred beyond the railroad fare, which will be greatly reduced on that day.—*Gospel Fountain.*

ACCIDENT. A horse attached to the fore wheels of a buggy, ran at full speed up Lowell street, about seven o'clock last evening. A little boy, son of William Santry, about five years old, who was in the street, was struck by the horse or wheel, and thrown a considerable distance. Two of his ribs were broken.—*Courier.*

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST. We are glad to learn that large numbers of our citizens have been to see this admirable work of art, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. It is indeed worthy all the commendation that has been lavished upon it.

THE GREAT BOSTON REFRACTOR. We are gratified in being able to inform our readers that satisfactory reports were received by the Caledonia, from the college agents, respecting this magnificent instrument. Two object glasses of 15 inches diameter, and 252 Paris inches solar focus, had been completed, and the persons deputed by the college had proceeded to Munich for the purpose of testing and thoroughly examining the mechanical as well as the optical parts of the instrument. This examination and trial occupied, them on the 14th and 15th of May, and the result appeared to warrant the assertion of the maker, that this telescope was "*better, much better*, than the Pulkova." The Pulkova Telescope has hitherto been considered as the best in the world.

The Equatoral machinery on which our Telescope is to be mounted, together with the circles, eye pieces, micrometers, and clock work, are in great forwardness, and the whole will probably be ready for transportation by November next.—*Boston Courier.*

☞ We understand that Judge Woodbury is not to deliver an address before one of the great political parties of the day on the 4th prox. at Portsmouth, N. H., but he is invited by an union meeting of both parties to deliver to them on that occasion some views on national considerations connected with the revolution and our national independence.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of BUCKLAND & RUMPHREY, is by mutual consent this day dissolved.

June 24, 1846. je27a3t*

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. aje27

BE SURE you call at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office, on or before the 4th of July next, for they will give you an equivalent for your money. They will not resort to any deception in order to sell you—they rely on the quality and price to sell their goods. aje27

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, June 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HARRY COREY, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Corey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY the eighth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shoriff Messenger.

je27a3t

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and extend Elm street from Chapel street to Gorham street,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to coosult with those who may require his aid. j0u4m

---

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good results.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN,

Physician at Exeter Corner.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a sickness sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jel4

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a porifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&P6mchar

---

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

---

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurff* and *deadruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 2.8 Washington street, Boston tuthsmar28

MARRIED,

In Fitchburg, June 2d, Mr Horace N. Wehl, of Cambridge, to Miss Sarah A. Pratt, of F.

DIED.

At the Carroll House, White Mountains, 22d instant, Ethan Allen Crawford, Esq., 52.

CITY HALL, LOWELL.

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MR TEMPLETON, (of the Theatres, Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden, London,) has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give his highly popular entertainment, entitled

The Rose, Shamrock and Thistle,

at the above Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, June 30th, 1846. Tickets, 50 cents each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door on the evening of Performance.

Books of the words, price 12½ cents, to be had at the door. je23 a1f

---

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of JOHN BARR, of Lowell, will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for the county of Middlesex, in Lowell in said county, on the 13th of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors of said Barr may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

je23 A3t H. WRIGHT, Assignee.

THE IVORY STATUE OF CHRIST!—This most beautiful work of Art, unsurpassed, if it has ever been equalled, by any of Ancient or Modern times, will be exhibited in LOWELL, on *Saturday Evening*, June 27th, at WENTWORTH'S HALL, and will continue till Saturday Night, day and evening.

Admission 12½ cents. je23 A2t

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a street called Ford street, extending from Cabot street to Moody street, may be laid out and graded,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25 A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out a street from Gorham street to South street (near the South Grammar School house), and to lay sidewalks thereon or on such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said streets and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25 A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to establish the grade of Central street and the sidewalks, to lay out such further sidewalks as may be deemed expedient, and to widen and straighten the present sidewalks on said street if the public good requires it,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25 A3aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Central) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done carefully at short notice. je16 a1f

---

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25 A1f

---

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. tya&pdec16

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*: together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three seas, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Dismal Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of [illegible] skid, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Furies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Curtain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GUERRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets 25 cents each person. Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

BRADBURY & GOSS,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13 A3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.

OFFICE—Nn. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*

je13 A1f

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 A3m

---

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may16 A3m C. K. MORRILL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 A1f

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11 a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4 a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the [illegible] officers, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,

ROBT. RANTOUL,

SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Ja.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20 is&r1aug1

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&p1ymnr5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses if long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&p1y GEORGE H. CARLTON

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FIM COMMERCIAL WHF.

First Fair Wind.



☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜

The superior fast sailing Bark LEPANTO, *Hatch*, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. je25

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Immediate Dispatch.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading; will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je22

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

---

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

je6 a1f 58, Central St.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

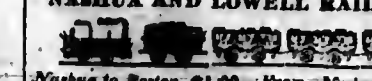
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11 a1f

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:25 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stunstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticket Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ o.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9 tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 14, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9 tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days. *Strictures of the Urethra* are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on physiological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	*Name of Principal.*	*Time.*
1	Mr. Butch,	9 o'clock, A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ " "
3	" Kimball,	10½ " "
4	" Morse,	9 " "
5	" Shattuck,	8½ " P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 " A. M.
7	" Fowler,	2 " P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ " A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Main Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. Aje16

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office.—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Constable's Sale.

Taken on Execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of June inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of S. C. SHAPLEIGH, on Commercial Square, in Lowell, 50 gallons Molasses—½ bbl. Saleratus—½ do. Fine Salt—lot of Chocolate—lot of Tobacco, and a variety of groceries and other articles. WM S CHAMBERLIN,

june 25 Constable of Lowell.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1600 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clocks, chandeliers, centre and side lamps, stoves, &c &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 29th, at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises, a lot of Land on Stuckpole and Bartlett streets, containing about 11400 square feet. The above land will be sold in one, two, three or four lots as purchasers may desire. je29

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which no entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

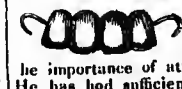
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice to relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a8m

---

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28 at6

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 a1y6m*

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for Binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to save a dollar and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 15 Wall street,)—Issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders 88		To Brokers..... 3	
Manufacturers..... 8		See'y of Insurance Company..... 1	
Mechanics.....12		Bank Tellers..... 2	
Clergymen.....12		Civil Engineers... 4	
Physicians..... 5		Agents..... 2	
Lawyers..... 4		Bookkeepers..... 2	
Teachers..... 7		Clerks.....14	
Students..... 4		Innkeepers..... 2	
Editors and Printers.. 5		Ladies.....16	
Public Officer..... 1		Gentlemen..... 5	
Sea Captains and Mariners..... 4		Cartmen..... 2	
Farmers..... 6		Servants..... 1	
	152		55
			152
			207

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. F. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13 a1f

---

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers for wrapping or other purposes for sale at this Office. m16

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned hes errayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storm of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marshes emt by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual urquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the restoration and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Warm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain cure* for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

Lumber for Sale.

FOR SALE.—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow inch and staple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to nine dollars per thousand. Apply to

P. CLEAVES, 168 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [fmar19] Concord, N H.

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital, 15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and menacing advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs us —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs to make silents buy,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sknerhed in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.'s do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints to a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of reliving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1jan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Rittebuck, Willis H. Mussey,
Jacob Sturkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except those bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12t] dec16

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. WOOD'S standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist
G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell;
and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosep19

DR. KITTREDGE'S Green Nerve and Bone Ointment.

THIS much celebrated Ointment, which was prepared by Dr KITTREDGE and used with unparalleled success, is now prepared from the original recipe obtained of Dr KITTREDGE in his lifetime. It is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Gout, Swelled Joints, Contraction of the Cords, Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Piles, Sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the Back, Side and Breast, Chilblains, &c. &c. Every family should be supplied with it.



This Ointment is a sure cure for diseases of Horses, such as Corks, Cuts, Galls, Chafes, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Film in the Eye, Bruises, Sprains in the Shoulder, or Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Coffin Joints, Spaving coming out of Horses' Heels, &c. TRY IT! It has proved better than any thing heretofore invented, by applying round the top of the hoof just under the hair, once or twice a week.

Prepared by E. D. PUTNAM, and sold by R. K. MOREY and his authorized Agents only. Wholesale and retail, at No. 32 Washington street, Boston.

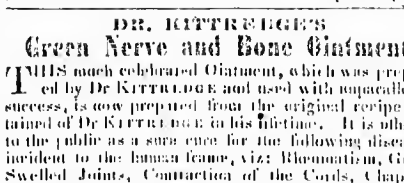
From a few of the many acknowledgments we have received of the good results, there can be no deception. Having used the above Ointment, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Geo. Merchant, *Boston*; Geo. Fairstall, *Boston*;
John S. Tyler, *do*; James Alexander, *do*;
Leon'd Richards, *do*; S. C. Richards, *do*;
Timo. Bailey, *Malden*.

☞ For sale in *Lowell* by the Druggists—George H. Carlton & Co., C. S. Eastman, Gibby & Wilson, C. P. & O. B. Skelton; and by W. I. Goods dealers—Cyrus K. Morrill, B. F. Aiken, Benja. Watson. *Nashua*—White & Hill. *Manchester*—H. G. Tucker, H. G. Corner, and J. A. Perry. *Concord*—Allison & Gault. mh3mos26

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



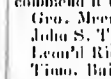
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last six years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

Piano-Fortes.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely new and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and as constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very respectfully,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. T. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 165 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN P. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANA F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TUCKER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible on the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Sands's Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this patent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Wiusted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and one merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respty,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and convincing evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug20

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for those complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its unrivalled powers for eradicating disease from the system must be questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the innumerous medicines of the day! Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a minor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson. Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&p6meche

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 30, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 77.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,

Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,

aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL.
SURGEON DENTIST,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....*LOWELL. 6m
apl2

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing an House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

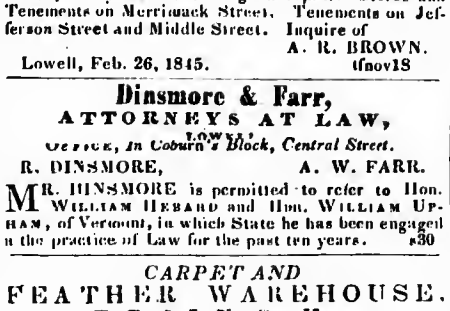
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1846. raug8

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising affect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

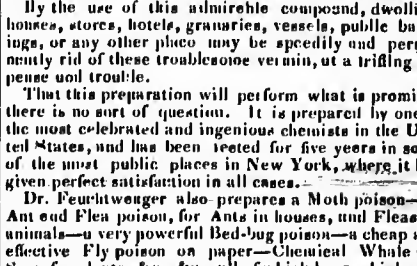
Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had but the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures in the difficult class of diseases to which the [illegible] Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes; and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I lay been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining the relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashoba*, H. Jamesou.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Corleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my4 a&e6mcho

LOUIS STRACE,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc. and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACE would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Lumber for Sale.
FOR SALE—80,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fancing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to
P. CLEAVES, 163 Main Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar18] Concord, N. H.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—*Merrimack Street,*—*No.* 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ptynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Reduction of Annual Premium.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$905 35	$1483	$69 25	$197 79	
			1846	828 2	371 45	57 12½	173 05	
			1899	6933 5	808 50	45 70	1483 33	

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awacopdec18

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awx&plyjan13

A Valentine.

Sent to a Gentleman, February 14, 1846.

Wanted a *hand* to hold my own,
As down Life's vale I glide;
Wanted an *arm* to lean upon
Forever by my side!

Wanted a *firm and steady foot*,
With steps secure and free,
To keep its straight and onward pace
Over Life's path with me.

Wanted a *form* erect and high,
A *head* above mine own
So much that I might walk beneath
Its shadow o'er me thrown!

Wanted *an eye* within whose depth
Mine own might look and see
Uprising from a guiltless heart
O'erflown with love for me!

Wanted a *lip* whose kindest smile
Would speak for me alone!
A *voice* whose richest melody
Would break affection's tone!

Wanted, a *true religious soul*,
To pious purpose given,
With whom my own might pass along
The road that leads to Heaven!

Answer to the Above.

Wanted, *a hand* to clasp in mine,
As down Life's stream I speed;
Wanted, *an arm* to lean on mine—
'Tis such an arm I need!

Wanted, *a light and blithsome foot*
With joyous step so free,
To thread the checker'd paths of life
O'er Life's tempestuous sea.

Wanted, *a form* of medium height,
A *head* below mine own;
That confidence might upward gaze
On looks of love alone.

Wanted, *an eye* whose matchless hue
Illum'd with love sincere;
In palace or in lowly cot
The same would still appear.

Wanted, a *lip*, whose every smile
Would hallow a sweet home;
A *voice* whose rarest melody
Would breathe of joys to come.

Wanted *a heart* to know and feel,
Forgive and be forgiven,
To cheer the varied way that leads
To happiness and Heaven!

THE OLD MANORIAL CHAMBER.

BY ALFRED CROWQUILL.

THE REFLECTIONS OF THE PIER-GLASS.

The polished philosophy of the small-sword made me smile, from its strong assimilation to that of many mortal blades; at its conclusion, I listened anxiously for some in break the silence. I was not long kept in suspense, for a low and silvery voice filled the chamber. I could not discover at first, from what object it proceeded, until the few opening words betokened the pier-glass to be the speaker.

"My memoirs may not prove uninteresting," said the glass, "for nothing has passed by me during my existence, without having been compelled to pay me a tribute, by giving me the advantage of its reflection, and leaving, as it were, its every action to be registered faithfully on my tablets. I have, in fact, been the repository of the most delicate secrets. Young coquets have consulted me upon the arrangements of a love-lock, when apparently only listening to the sighing of a love-sick swain. *Passes* beauties have trusted me with the secret of the rouge-box, false ringlets, and paddings. Old beaux have made me solely privy to the nice arrangements of an artificial tooth, and the artful delusion of a killing false whisker. But oh! the greatest delight of my existence has been the sweet, killing, coquetting looks, that have been practised before me, to be afterwards levelled upon some half caught swain. I bore it as well as I could! It was cruel! but I had my revenge, by knowing that what I had taught, worked successfully against the peace of my rival. I felt myself smile, when I thought that I had been the first to receive the impress of her beautiful form.

My birth was, I believe, Venetian, but I remember nothing distinctly until I found myself placed in my present situation with my first master, a dashing cavalier; the gliding of my beautiful frame tried, but in vain, to outvie me by its brilliancy, but though magnificent in itself, it had not any innate knowledge of the world. I flattered every one who approached me and I therefore got countenanced by all the vain, who, I assure you, form a great majority, if not the whole of humanity.

Of the good old days then I will speak, when my aforesaid master's roof tree was darkened with the smoke of the right royal fires of hospitality, where the wandered had his warm nook and his share from the reeking spit; and the servants, from the grey-haired old man to the peri hawking-boy, looked upon service as an inheritance; and it was so, for the old servant's child was as certain of being servant to the young heir, as he himself was of inheriting the plentiful estate of his father. The first thing I reflected on, worth notice, was the bold, manly, open countenance of my young master. He stood before me and looked himself full in the face, his heart beamed in his fine hazel eyes; he smoothed with youthful pride the soft downy moustache which hardly covered his lip, and gracefully arranged the deep crimson feather of his hat, which was placed with a jaunty air over the most luxuriant auburn curls; he might have been twenty or less I do not exactly know, for it was the first time I had seen him. Soon came peeping over his shoulder a most lovely face; it was the perfection of femoine beauty; she was a mere girl, whose light hair flowing in beautiful confusion over her ivory forehead and neck, was more charming, from being careless and unstudied, her deep blue eyes were swimming with joyousness, as he placed her face beside his, and exclaimed:

"Faith, good cousin, have I caught you, Narcissus-like, courting your own shadow, and throwing away pour killing looks upon that cold glass when so many eyes are weeping to look upon you; come, knight of the mirror, I and my nymphs await you in the park, so follow me, I summon you by a most potent spell—your own vanity."

She bounded through the door into the park, followed by my youthful master, threatening kisses of revenge. I envied the rascal and regretted that I could not hold forever two such bright visions. Hardly had they gone, when the tall figure of a cavalier darkened my surface; as he was followed stealthily in the footsteps of the two cousins, his own unexpected reflection

startled him, he turned suddenly towards me.—His face was magnificent, his moustache like the raven's wing, but his eyes were grey, and shifted, with an uneasy motion. As he stopped for a moment to arrange his sword knot, he seemed fearful of even looking himself in the face, he passed from before me and left me in my own reflections. I felt relieved; he was my master's boon companion; he could change his hues like the snake, chaunt his merry cazonetts, sing a love song with enthusiastic ardor, or a love song with all the pathetic tenderness of a lover, without possessing either.

In the evening, my whole surface was filled with the reflection of wine, blushing fruit, and rich vivands. My master and his friend were playfully pitching dice upon a large silver salver. They seemed careless of the play, again and again they threw, and my young master's ringing laugh proclaimed his success, which was both with equal good humor by his jovial antagonist; but soon the wine joined in the game, and the throws became desperate; the friend's hand glided behind him, and he took most dexterously some dice, that had lain unperceived by me, from a small table at my foot. Fortune declared against my master; I watched with intense interest as the friend alternately placed the false and fair dice behind him, what would I have given for a tongue, but a slight form grew upon me, and I beheld the beautiful cousin noiselessly gazing upon the pair; the friend's back being towards her, he was unconscious of the addition to the company; her quick eye soon discovered his manœuvre, and upon his placing his false dice behind him after his own throw, she seized them, and passed through the glass door of the room; the treacherous hand felt in vain for the false dice; a sudden sickness came over him, he would play no more, my master pressed him to try the air. No! the traitor dared not leave the room; a glass of water he thought would recover him; my master would fetch it with his his own hand, this was what the adept wished. The moment he had left, the hurried search amused me; terror stricken at finding no trace of the dice, he stood confounded.

My master returned, but the pure water did not recover him, they retired, and the lights were extinguished; deep in the night a light faintly illumined me, and I beheld a figure crawling with anxious scrutiny around, upon the rich carpet, but with no success, which of course I knew to be impossible. I saw his disturbed countenance by the light of the small taper placed upon the floor, which threw a gigantic dark shadow at his back, as if the fiend who ruled his black heart was embodied and hovering over him. A deep oath burst from his lips as he quitted the chamber with a full feeling of his insecurity.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

Congress.

Friday, June 26.

In the SENATE. Mr Calhoun said he had been instructed by the select committee which he had had the subject in charge, to make a report upon the memorial and resolutions of the Memphis Convention. The committee had been unable fully to consider and present in their report conclusions upon all the questions embraced in the proceedings of the Convention.

Mr Johnson submitted a resolution directing an inquiry of the Secretary of the Treasury as to the alleged frauds against the government, by the importation of sugar from the West Indies in the disguise of molasses. He said, his information was that the frauds upon the customs have been immense, perhaps amounting to a million of dollars.

Mr Chalmers presented a resolution for printing 5000 copies of the report of the library committee upon the expense of the exploring expedition. They were ordered.

The remainder of the day was given up to private business.

In the HOUSE. The resolution referring the much talked of Hoamuh claims, to 188,900 acres of land on the Missisippi river, in Louisiana, to the Attorney General for investigation, and conferring upon that officer's authority to put them in a course of adjudication before the Supreme Court, was received from the Senate.

The Suplimentary Army Bill, likewise was received from the Senate. Mr Stephens was in favor of referring it to the military committe, and proceeding with it with deliberation.

The tariff bill was then taken up, and remained under discussion in Committee of the Whole until the adjournment.

Saturday, June 27.

SENATE. Mr Evans presented a petition for the adoption of some peaceable mode of settling national disputes—which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

On motion of Mr Dayton, the Naval Committee was instructed to inquire whether a contract has been made with Mr Robert L. Stevens for building iron steamers, and if so, to report what legislation is necessary to carry said contract into effect.

Mr Lewis, from the Finance Committee, reported the Army Appropriation bill with amendments.

Mr Miller called up the joint resolution from the House, granting public grounds for the Washington monument.

Mr Benton opposed it an a scheme for robbing the people, who would contribute their dollars for proper and patriotic motives. He moved to recommit it.

Mr Miller opposed its being re-considered, and advocated its passage.

Mr Benton rejoined, and denounced all such begging schemes as frauds upon the community. He was humorous and entertaining.

Mr Dayton thought it was not the subject to be ridiculed. He hoped the Senate would pass or reject the bill at once.

Mr Allen opposed the resolution. It was only another screw to fasten down the Capitol in this place. If a monument was to be erected, let it be built by Congress and upon a proper spot—upon a hill—where it would remain as long as the hill should last.

Mr Davis advocated the resolution.

A motion to lay the bill on the table was lost—yeas 19, nays 24.

HOUSE. On Mr McKay's motion, the House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr Cobb of Georgia in the Chair,) and the debate on the tariff was resumed.

Mr Bedinger spoke for an hour in opposition to the tariff of 1842. He said he could not venture to go home to his constituents without raising his feeble voice against the injustice, fraud, tyranny and oppression of a system under which they literally groaned, and which sat upon them like a foul incubus. He told the fable of the fish-hawk and the pike-fish, with great gusto, and applied it to the subject in hand.

Mr Ewing of Tennessee, next got the floor and made an argument in favor of the protective policy. He believes the present tariff defective and would support a proper modification of it.

Mr Pollock followed with a strong tariff speech.

St. Johns (N. F.) in Ruins.

We learn from Captain Scarrow, of the brig Belcher, arrived at Quebec, June 24th, from Harbor Grace, N. F., that just before he left that place, a mail arrived from St. Johns, bringing the dreadful account that the *whole of the city* of St. Johns, Newfoundland, except two stores, had been burned down on the 9th instant, and that fifty soldiers were killed in blowing up a house to arrest the fire. Eighteen vessels were also burnt in the harbor.

St. John's, contains a population of about 20,000 inhabitants. The town was burnt twice before—once in 1824, when most of the inhabitants took refuge on board the vessels in the harbor for safety,—and again partly in 1840: It seems to be an ill-fated town. The buildings were principally of wood.—*New York Sun.*

☞ The democratic Convention of Delaware nominated Wm. Thorp, for Governor, and John D. Dilworth for Congress.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 30, 1846.

☞ We have but a word to say in reply to the Courier on the "progress of opinion." An attempt is made to show a change in our views. The strong point of the parallel columns is, that in Dec. we said:

We cannot believe that the people of this nation will sustain any party that is not ready to assert our rights to the whole of Oregon and take such steps as are necessary to maintain them.

And that at a subsequent date we commented upon the report of the N. Y. Sun, that Mr Packenham had received directions to lay before our government the ultimate proposition of the British ministry—the 49th parallel through to the ocean, and the free navigation of the Columbia to England for ten years, we said:—

If such an offer is made there is no doubt, we judge, that the controversy will be brought to an amicable adjustment at once. Our people and the government will prefer such a settlement, as it can be honorably made, to a contest with Great Britain.

Let us examine the position, of the two nations and see if the "progress of opinion" involves any change of opinion, not warranted by the *changed* position of the two nations. When we said *we cannot believe that the people of this nation will sustain any party that is not ready to assert our rights to the whole of Oregon*—at that time, the President's offer of a settlement of the 49th parallel had been almost indignantly, rejected by Mr Pakenham. Great Britain, then claimed to the Columbia. Our title to 49 was questioned by no party in this country. Great Britain refusing 49, the President withdrew the offer, and Mr. Buchanan laid before Congress our title to 54° 40', and a very strong case he made of it. While Great Britain stood in the attitude of refusing the President's offer of 49, we believed, and still believe that no party in the country, would, could or should, be sustained, that was not ready to assert and maintain our rights to the whole of Oregon. But when Great Britain yielded and signified her willingness to accept the offer the President had made, then we could honorably settle.—Whether it was expedient so to settle, may be a matter of some question; but that it could be done without *dishonor* on our part, is not a matter of dispute — That Great Britain could take what she had repeatedly refused without suffering a little in dignity, is, however, a good deal questionable. The concession has been on her part, and had it not been for the strong position taken by President Polk, it would never have been made.

Great Britain has yielded in this controversy. And from the day of the settlement of the Oregon boundary will be dated American Supremacy among the nations of the Earth. Not because we have got what did not belong to us—for perhaps, quite likely, we may have given up what was ours—but because we have got what England said was her's, and compelled her to take, and sue for the opportunity of taking, what she has over and over again refused to take.

Fourth of July in Lowell.

Though there is to be no one great celebration here in which the body of the people will take part, yet most of our citizens will be engaged in some of the numerous smaller gatherings that are to be assembled. The fire companies, a part or all of them, will be out in the morning. The Industriol Reform Association will assemble at a grove on the [illegible] road, where a collation will be provided, and addresses made by various popular speakers. The Sunday School children, teachers &c. will celebrate at the grove at the foot of Chapel Hill. Many of the Universalists and others will attend the Universalist Jubilee at Woburn watering-place;—arrangements have been made for reduced fare upon the railroad.—The children of Mr Wood's Ministry at Large, will meet at the Third Universalist Church and there sell flowers, the proceeds, as we understand, to be expended under the direction of Mr Wood for the benefit of poor children under his charge.

☞ We have received from D. H. Dustin, Esq. a copy of the Reply to the Defense of Maj. James W. Ripley by the Memorialists. We have not yet had time to read it. Charges were preferred against Maj. Ripley, a Court of Inquiry instituted, and he, on investigation acquitted. The memorialists complain of unfairness, partiality and a departure from the rules of evidence by the court in their investigation and decision.

☞ We understand that Mr Ryan of this city, being in Charlestown town house during the hours of voting for Register of Deeds distributing some votes for Mr Patch, Mr Jesse Mann, the champion of Nativeism in this county, moved he be expelled from the hall, alleging as a reason that he was an emissary of the Pope of Rome. He made the motion with the usual seriousness, zeal, and want of breeding of an ignoramus.

MR. TEMPLETON'S CONCERT THIS EVENING AT CITY HALL. This distinguished artist gives a concert this evening at City Hall. A cotemporary—a musical amateur—thus speaks of him: "Templeton has an excellent voice, but it is nothing when compared to his beautiful tenor. He sings, as if he felt what he sings, too; in fact, when thoroughly embarked in a good piece of music, he not only sings, but looks and acts, the idea of the composer.

The entertainment in which this accomplished artist appeared last night, viz: "Rose Shamrock and Thistle," gives one an idea of the peculiarities of these different schools of composition as well as of their peculiar beauties. It is sprinkled with very appropriate and at times, sparkling criticisms, as well as interspersed with characteristic anecdotes, which serve to add to the interests and variety of the whole in an eminent degree.

MR LOUIS STRACK. This gentleman we learn gives a concert on the evening of the Fourth, at City Hall, when he will be assisted by the Lowell Brass Band, the New England Quartett Club and several amateurs. This is Mr Strack's first concert, and we hope he will have, as he richly deserves, a full house.

☞ We publish a letter from Mr George, at Washington, to-day but do so without endorsing it.—We shall be hapy to be advised of the influences that justify Mr Bancroft's course in relation to our P. O. affairs.

☞ The Washington Brass Band play to-morrow evening near the Merrimack House should the evening be fair, if not, the next pleasant evening.

☞ The mormons are said to have fled from Nauvoo.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Washington, June 22, 1846.

FRIEND H. In one week at Washington, taking a cool, calculating side-view of matters and things, I have come to the following conclusions:

That a bill modifying the present tariff, will pass the House.

That its fate is somewhat doubtful in the Senate.

There are twenty-four whigs, and Mr Colley, just arrived from New Hampshire, makes 25.—It is said Messrs Sturgeon and Cameron, of Penn., will vote against reduction—this will make 27. Mr Niles of Connecticut, is in doubtful state of mind on the subject—may vote with the whigs. Some one other of the Senators may be induced by the *feeling argument* of the manufacturers to vote on their side. When they have but *one* to buy I have never known them to fail of getting him. *One* in *twelve* of the apostles, you will doubtless recollect, the whigs bought up. One in 28 of the Democrats they may buy. This one will give them 28; just half of the senate. Thus reasoning, it will devolve on the casting vote of the Vice President, from Pennsylvania, to determine the question of the reduction of the tariff the present session. The above statement is, in my judgment, the unborn fact as it now exist in regard to the present tariff.—*Pennsylvania will determine the question.* On Geo. M. Dallas will it devolve to cast the die. How will he decide to act? In my judgment as he thinks it will most conserve his chance for the next Presidency—and of this your readers can judge better than I. For some of them think he has some chance, I think he has *none*, consequently I have no guide to judge what will be his vote.

The 54 40 men will not vote against a reduction of the tariff, to spite the South, as many suppose. Mr Cass, their leader, wants their votes in his aspirations for the Presidency. A twenty-five per cent advalorem duty, on all articles of import, may yet pass in place of the present bill. *I think not*, though many here fear it may take that turn.

The treaty has been ratified 41 to 14. The President in his message accompanying it, said, *to accept of the terms proposed was against his judgment*, but that he should defer to the wisdom of the Senate.

It is a remarkable fact that Sir Robert Peel, in presenting the proposition to the English Cabinet, himself voted against making it, and it only passed by *one vote.*

The 54 40 men are a great deal chagrined at the position in which they are placed by the ratification of the treaty. They ask, and act, and feel, much like a man just turned out of office.

The political mind is passive about the succession, both with the whigs and democrats. Cass and Colquitt for President and Vice, for democrats, and Webster and Critenden for whigs, is the tendency of the political mind here just now; but no formation, nothing like a determined current is yet set in any direction.

The Sub Treasury bill in some form, it it thought, will pass and become a law. The Warehouse bill will probably pass. A branch mint at Boston will be provided, most likely in the bill establishing mints at New York and Charleston, S. C. Messrs Calhoun and Dix are inclined to so recommend.

All is passive and quiet here among the members of both Houses. No acrimonious feeling at all existing among the [illegible] parties.

Most of the nominations, before the Senate have been favorably disposed of. Many of the Senators have received a scurrilous pamphlet purporting to come from the Advertiser office. I should think from what I hear said on the subject it would have a contrary effect from the one intended. I am satisfied from strict inquiry, Mr Bancroft has been wronged on the subject of your P. O. in Lowell, and that he has acted as an honest man would act upon the evidence given him. There have been some influences exerted (not proper to make public because of a private nature,) which have produced all the difficulties, and which, on my return, I will explain to any of our friends that may have curiosity to enquire. Neither Mr Bancroft nor the appointing power are at all censurable under the circumstances Any thing I may have said in any former letter, leading to a different conclusion, I take this mode of correcting—I judged right upon the evidence, but I had not then *all* the evidence.

The resolutions of your war meeting have been presented to the Senate with a few very appropriate remarks, by Mr Webster.

There is a very growing feeling of dissatisfaction here, that so large a proportion of offices should fall among men from the slave states. I think it rather from inadvertance, and fit men striking the mind of Mr Polk at the time of appointment, than design to be neglectful of he free states' interest. Still it is a serious and glaring fault, and will engender much bad feeling if continued long in the same course. One remedy, and a very important one, is the sustaining our member of the cabinet from the free states with the full vigor and force of the party The writer of this letter has been somewhat faulty in this respect. Constant faultfinding with Messrs Bancroft and Marcy only tends to weaken their influence in the government and throw all the patronage into the hands of the Southern portion of the cabinet. Your readers will be astonished when I tell them all the full missions abroad, *every one*, are from the Southern slave states. For instance: England, McLane of Maryland; France, King of Ala.; Prusia, Donalson of Tenn.; Spain, Saunders of N. C.; Mexico, Slidell of La.; Brazill, Wise of Va.; Turkey, Carr of Md.; Russia has none now, here are eight in all. This state of facts will surprise your readers as it did me, and instruct them, whatever may be our private griefs, to sustain our public men. The Charges are in about as bad a ratio. All the principal stations are filled with men from the slave states; and so of Consuls, every one, but one, of the lucratives posts are filled with southern men. It is a startling state of facts, and filled with instruction.

There will be no change in the cabinet, except Mr Buchanan. He denires to go on the bench and will shortly. It is not even surmised who will succeed him. Some say Richard Rush. *He is too old.* I think it will be Elmore, of S. C.

I have given you a long letter, but short as I could make it and give you the news. Truly yours,

GEORGE.

P. S. All defer to the opinion that Silas Wright's re-election Gov. of N. Y. will place him before all other competitors for the succession.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. J. H. Johnson for a copy of the Report of the Hon. Commissioner of Patents. We shall take occasion to speak of this valuable document at a future time.

Official Despatches from the Army.

[From the Washington Union.

We have been permitted to lay before our readers the following extracts from the last official despatches of Gen. Taylor, which have been received at the war department:

Head Quarters Army of Occupation,
Matamoras, May 30, 1846.

I enclose an original draft, found in Gen. Arista's papers, of an invitation to our soldiers to desert. A similar call was previously made by Ampudia, and has already found its way into the public prints. The department may see from these documents what arms were used against us.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Z. TAYLOR,

Brevet Brigadier General U. S. A. Commanding.

The Adjutant General of the Army, Washington, D. C.

The following is the extraordinary and insidious address of Gen. Arista, referred to in the preceding extract: [What irresistible inducements does he offer for desertion—to exchange the honorable and proud character of *American citizens* for the miserable and degraded lot of "*peaceful Mexican citizens.*"]

General Arista's Advice to the Soldiers of the United States Army.

Head Quarters at Matamoros,
April 20, 1846.

Soldiers!—You have enlisted in time of peace to serve in that army for a specific term; but your obligation never implied that you were bound to violate the laws of God and the most sacred rights of friends! The United States government, contrary to the wishes of a majority of all honest and honorable Americans, has ordered you to take forcible possession of the territory of a friendly neighbor, who has never given her consent to such occupation. In other words, while the treaty of peace and commerce between Mexico and the United States is in full force, the United States, presuming on her strength and prosperity, and on our supposed imbecility and cowardice, attempts to make you the blind instruments of her unholy and mad ambition, and forces you to appear as the hateful robbers of our dear homes, and the unprovoked violators of our dearest feelings as men and patriots.

Such villany and outrage, I know, is perfectly repugnant to the noble sentiments of any gentleman, and it is base and foul to rush you on to certain death, in order to aggrandize a few lawless individuals, in defiance of the laws of God and man. It is to no purpose if they tell you that the law for annexation of Texas justifies your occupation of the Rio Bravo del Norte; for by this act they rob us of a great part of Tamaulipas, Coahuila, Chihuahua, and New Mexico; and it is barbarous to send a handful of men on such an errand against a powerful and warlike nation. Besides, the most of you are Europeans, and we are the declared friends of a majority of the nations of Europe. The North Americans are ambitious, overbearing and insolent as a nation, and they will only make use of you as vile tools to carry out their abominable plans of pillage and rapine.

I warn you in the name of justice, honor, and your own interests and self respect, to abandon their desperate and unholy cause, and become peaceful Mexican citizens. I guarantee you, in such case a half section of land, or 320 acres, to settle upon gratis. Be wise then, and just, and honorable, and take no part in murdering us who have no unkind feelings for you. Lands shall be given to officers, sergeants, and corporals according to rank, privates receiving 320 acres, as stated.

If in time of action you wish to espouse our cause throw away your arms and run to us, and we will embrace you as true friends and christians. It is not decent nor prudent to say more. But should any of you render any important service to Mexico, you shall be accordingly considered and preferred.

M. ARISTA,

Commander in chief of the Mexican army.

Head Quarters Army of Occupation,
Matamoros, June 3, 1846.

Sir—I respectfully enclose herewith a field return of the forces in and near Matamoros, both regular and volunteer. The corps known to have arrived at Point Isabel, of which no returns have yet been received, [illegible] under my orders to nearly 8,000 men. I am necessarily detained at this point for want of suitable transportation to carry on offensive operations. There is not a steamboat at my command proper for the navigation of the Rio Grande; and without water transportation, I consider it useless to attempt any extensive movement.

Measures have been taken to procure boats of suitable draft and description, and one or two may be now expected. In the meantime, I propose to push a battalion of infantry as far as Reinosa, and occupy that town. For any operations in the direction of Monterey, it will be necessary to establish a large depot at Camargo, which I shall lose no time in doing as soon as proper transports arrive, unless I receive counter instructions from the department.

I trust that the department will see that I could not possibly have anticipated the arrival of such heavy reinforcements from Louisiana as are now here, and on their way hither. Without large means of transportation, this force will embarrass rather than facilitate our operations. I cannot doubt that the department has already given instructions based upon the change of our position since my first call for volunteers.

Our last accounts of Arista represent his force to be halted at Coma, an extensive hacienda on the Monterey road, about 100 miles from this point. He has pickets covering the roads leading to Matamoros, with a view to cut off all communications with the interior. The departmental authorities have issued a decree, denouncing as traitors all who hold intercourse with us, or with those who do so. I am, nevertheless, disposed to believe that in some quarters, at least, our presence is not unfavorably received. We have no intelligence from the city of Mexico. Ordnance stores and other munitions of war, are continually discovered in the town. Five pieces of cannon, and a very large amount of balls, shells and ammunition generally have been brought to light.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Z. TAYLOR,

Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. A. comd'g.

To the Adjutant General of the Army,
Washington, D. C.

The vote for Register of Deeds.

	Patch.	Hayden.	Scott.
Lowell	655	410	10
Charlestown	170	277	
Dracutt	51	30	
Cambridge	132	367	
Medford	24	77	
Somerville	7	77	1
Shirley	38	30	
Wilmington	10	18	
Groton	48	64	
Woburn	112	56	
Stoneham	96	35	
Reading	31	131	
So. Reading	32	76	
Malden	48	38	
Waltham	117	44	
Littleton	44	18	
Burlington	18	8	
Concord	83	37	2
Marlboro	36	46	
West Cambridge	29	20	
Newton		13	
Brighton	22	37	
Watertown	6	45	
Ashby	46	60	
Townsend	32	21	
Towksbury	24	8	
Chelmsford	30	21	
Carlisle	36	16	
Billerica	19	17	6
	1995	2007	19

Twenty towns to be heard from which gave Mr Patch at the last trial a majority of nearly five hundred. His election is considered certain.

The Sunday School of the Ministry at Large proposes a sale of flowers on the morning of the fourth of July. Contributions of flowers, from the friends of the Ministry, will be gratefully received on the 3d of July at the Hamilton Chapel, Middlesex st.

From the Seat of War.

The N. O. Picayune of the 20th inst. contains some further intelligence from the seat of war, given by one of the Legislative committee. The American flag was displayed in Fort Poredes, and the army appeared as well contented as could be expected, considering the pause of active hostilities.

Before the committee left the Rio Grande, intelligence of the death of Gen. Torrejon, reached Matamoros; it is stated that he died of a fever. After the battles of the 8th and 9th of May, it was thought he was killed in one or the other of those actions. He was commander of the Mexican division that captured Capt. Thornton's command.

There was no certain knowledge in the American camp, as to the position of the Mexican army, but it was generally supposed to be at Montery. It was also confidently asserted that Gen. Arista and Ampudia, had both left the army for the capital—the latter charging Arista with having betrayed the army, and Arista charging Ampudia with cowardice.

U. S. Sloop of War John Adams, brig Lawrence, and cutter Woodbury, were off the mouth of the Rio Grande.

The brig Archelaus arrived at the Brazos on the 12th inst, from Tampico, with Mr Schutzell, late American consul at Matamoras, and several other Americans, who had been previously ordered from Matamoras by the Mexican authorities.

FOURTH OF JULY!!
Industrial Reform Celebration in Lowell!

New England Minstrels! Lowell Brass Band! Collation! Toasts and Speeches!!

A procession will be formed at half past nine o'clock A. M., with music and banners, near the City Hall, and march to a beautiful Grove on the banks of the Merrimac, where the day will be spent in a manner becoming the sons of Revolutionary Fathers. The friends of Labor Reform every where—in the city and country—are earnestly invited to join in the festivities of the occasion.

Messrs Wright and McFarland, of Boston, A. Brisbane, of New York, and other advocates of the Rights of Labor, will be present and address the meeting.—Arrangements will be made for social amusements at a little distance from the speakers' stand. The ladies are especially invited.

Tickets for the Collation may be obtained at the Voice of Industry office, and at the Bookstores.

Important from Yucatan.

YUCATAN DECLARED INDEPENDENT. By the arrival of the schooner Maquina at New Orleans, on the 20th inst., the N. O. Picayune learns that the legislature at Merida had declared the Independence of Yucatan, and its disseverence from the Mexican republic. It is intended now to appoint Barbxeo the acting Yucatan president of the republic. Some of the most influential citizens of Yucatan have not hesitated to express their hope that in two or three years from the present time, if not before, they would see these three stars added to the fast increasing number that were now crowding into the banner of the stars and stripes of the United States.

☞ Our friend Merriam visited us again this morning. His turnips are the nicest, and, by the way, the earliest brought into market—he left a bunch at our office three or four weeks ago, as big as tea-cups.

A GOOD BILL. In the Connecticut legislature, a bill for the punishment of those who attempt to improperly influence votes of persons in their employ, passed the house by a large majority. The penalty is a fine of $50 to $100.

We wish such a law existed in this state and then we should like to see some men in this region take a sweat under it.—*Barre Gaz.*

British ship Wm. Abrams, which arrived here a short time since from Barbadoes, cleared yesterday for Calcutta with 522 tons of ice. This is the first instance of a British ship's loading with this peculiar staple of Yankee land for the East Indies.—*Traveller.*

☞ Shadruch Penn, Jr., editor of the "Missouri Reporter" died in St. Louis on the 14th of the present month. He was one of the ablest editors in the country. "He was a man of much talent and great zeal and died with his harness on."

☞ Col. Bailie Peyton is sick at Barito, on the Rio Grande.

FOURTH OF JULY!
CONCERT AT THE CITY HALL.

LOUIS STRACK most respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he will give his *first Concert in Lowell*, on the FOURTH OF JULY next, at the above mentioned place, when he will be assisted by the LOWELL BRASS BAND, the NEW ENGLAND QUARTETTE CLUB, and others.

Tickets 25 cents each: to be had at all the principal Bookstores, Hotels, and at the door. aje30

CITY HALL, LOWELL.
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MR TEMPLETON, (of the Theatres, Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden, London,) has the honor to announce to the citizens of Lowell, that he will give his highly popular entertainment, entitled

The Rose, Shamrock and Thistle,

at the above Hall, on this, TUESDAY EVENING, June 30th, 1846.

Mr SMART will preside at the Piano Forte.

Among the Songs connected with the entertainment will be the following:

Song—Sally in our alley.
Song—Tell her I love her.
Hunting Song—Oh! Towler.

In the course of the evening, the favorite Grand Scena, "ALL IS LOST NOW;"

"Still so gently o'er me stealing," as originally sung by Mr Templeton in the Grand Opera of La Somnambula.

Song—Meeting of the waters.
Song—we may roam thro' this world.
Song—The Minstrel Boy.
Song—John Anderson my Jo.
Song—A man's a man for a' that.
Song—There lives a young lassie.
Song—The Laird o' Cockpen.

Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock, and terminate at 10. Tickets, 50 cents each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door on the evening of Performance.

Books of the words, price 12½ cents, to be had at the door. je30a1t

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!
TARLTON & GUILD,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

WOuld respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. ja30tf

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office. je30a2w

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofolus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Huinee, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. j9a4m

---

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good results.

Exetor, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN,

Physician at Exeter Corner.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pupr14

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinebridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. j6lt

---

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental in this season of the year. my15 a&r6mchm

---

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. np28y

---

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor, —W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. 16dvmw28

DIED.,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending June 27, 1846.

June 22d, Mary E. Gibson, 3 yrs 8 mos, dropsy on the brain; 23d, John G. Tuttle, 44 yrs, dysentary; Alice Juoe Tibbetts, 18 mos, dropsy on the brain; 24th, Caroline E. Ladd, 2 yrs, cholera infantum; Victoria A. A. Wilkins, 1 yr 8 mos, dysentary; 25th, Geo H. Bohonon, 17 dys, infantile; Nancy A. Manahan, 22 yrs, cooker; son of Amos D. Wright, 2 dys, infantile.

In this city, June 28th, Mrs Lucretia H., wife of Samuel Blake, and daughter of Mr Joseph Hildreth, of Stow, 42 years. Funeral this afternoon at 2 o'clock, P. M.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, June 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HARRY COREY, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Corey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY the eighth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
je27a3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

CITY OF LOWELL.

MAY 20, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council, praying that the grade of the passage-way running from Shattuck street between Market street and Middle street may be established,—the Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the first day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and grade Charles street from Gorham street to Lawrence street, and to lay out sidewalks on the same or such part of the same as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the intention of the Council to lay out and grade said street and to lay out sidewalks thereon, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.
je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 3, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to define the limits of Pawtucket street, to widen, straighten and grade the same, and to lay out sidewalks on said street or such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—the said Committee of the City Council have appointed WEDNESDAY, the eighth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to set in the premises as set forth in the order, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit. By order of the Committee.

je11 JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of BUCKLAND & HUMPHREY, is by mutual consent this day dissolved.

June 24, 1846. je27a3t

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. Aje27

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

---

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has never *failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*: together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary efforts of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Certain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GUERRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets **25 cents each person.** Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 3m

---

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

---

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

---

BE SURE you call at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office, on or before the 4th of July next, for they will give you an equivalent for your money. They will not resort to any deception in order to sell you—they rely on the quality and price to sell their goods. Aje27

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through the postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a daily Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, to, gather with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy lifeby leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. Those facts are here mentioned from long experience in other earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED D. WIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&ptaug1

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all is other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

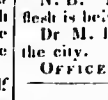
N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plynm5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable oil liniments ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, sewins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&ely GEORGE H. CARLTON

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

First Fair Wind.



☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜

The superior fast sailing Bark LEPANTO, *Hatch*, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Lynson, Agent at New Orleans. je25

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Immediate Dispatch.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. je22

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Male and Bonsh Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

---

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

je6atf 58, Central St.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

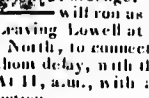
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. 11ja6.31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

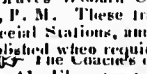
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

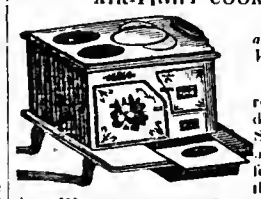
The Woburn Branch Trains. Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1¼ and 5¾, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 41, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cures, particularly "Gonorchœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethea are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Public Examination will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., as follows, viz:

No.	*Name of Principal.*	*Time.*	
1	Mr. Balch,	9 o'clock,	A. M.
2	" Graves,	10½ "	"
3	" Kimball,	10½ "	"
4	" Morse,	9 "	"
5	" Shattuck,	2½ "	P. M.
6	" O. H. Morrill,	9 "	A. M.
7	" Fowler,	2 "	P. M.
8	" C. Morrill,	10½ "	A. M.

The High School will be examined on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., in the forenoon;—The Male Department at 9 o'clock; and the Female Department at 10½ o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission into the High School will commence on MONDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., and be continued through that and the following day.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Lowell, June 16, 1846.

Qualifications for admittance to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write in fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and learn satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography. Aje16

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH:

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At office:

ON THURSDAY, July 2d, at 1 o'clock, P. M., a large assortment of fresh and seasonable dry goods, consisting of fashionable summer dress goods; such as printed Lawns, Balzerines, muslins, Ginghams, white dress goods, prints &c. Also, a great variety of rich summer shawls, scarfs, hosiery, gloves, linen goods, furniture, patch, &c. Ladies are invited to attend.

On SATURDAY, July 11, at 10 o'clock, A. M., one grey mare, 6 years old—sound in every respect, and Kind in any harness, good size and figure, of the celebrated Eclipse stock—may be seen on application to Mr E. Allen, at Pawtucket Gaiden.

Constable's Sale.

Taken on Execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of June inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of S. C. SHAPLEIGH, on Commercial Square, in Lowell, 50 gallons Molasses—½ bbl. Saleratus—½ do. Fine Salt—lot of Chocolate—lot of Tobacco, and a variety of groceries and other articles. WM S. CHAMBERLIN,

june 23 Constable of Lowell.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street; with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons to which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side Lamps, stoves, &c &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

BY E. B. PATCH:

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Land at Auction.

On MONDAY next, June 29th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a lot of Land on Stuckpole and Bartlett streets, containing about 11400 square feet. The above land will be sold in one, two, three or four lots as purchasers may desire. je23

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale; Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

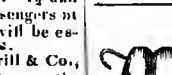
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ad1y may9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth: He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

---

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16-1y DR. F. MORRILL.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfnm7

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may23

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO D. WOOD,

Thankful for past patronage, the business in

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned repetation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases these under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and beneficent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, neck and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs: scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under tha pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have affected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge,

OR

Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 sly

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the *"Temperance Rooms," Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh28tf

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

He particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. o1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luta, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

Dr. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by these in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to anyother. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by his most valuable medicine. The following certificate and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the credit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. True, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Keley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

apr4 adv&partly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL sts., up stairs



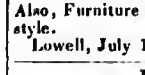
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 845. tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mhogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 8 Central Street. Persons wanting good instrument, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adopted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shrnard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: SIR—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved one of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8u&ply

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, ned gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hepily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6moseptg

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE G. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabries, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by G. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my29 aly6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 2, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 78.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jet3 Alf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Alf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. 6m
np12

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, TIN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of Jobbing done to order.
jan8 Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
Alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell.
tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.—
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

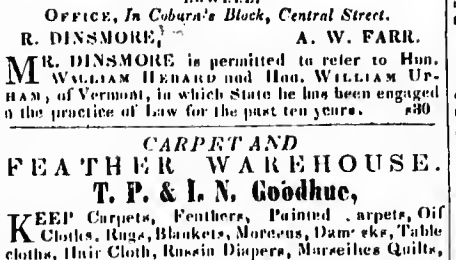
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndvly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unbought and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief: my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&elyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carlton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower myl4 a&p6mcho

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Goitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Lumber for Sale.
FOR SALE—80,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to
P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
—FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Louis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly-poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing All Operations on the Teeth and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every mouthful he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,	
William North,	"	Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	"	John Ayer,
George Walker,	"	Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfsawa&poct23

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onws&plyfeb14

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

Weep not for her.

Weep not for her! Her span was like the sky,
Whose thousand stars shone beautiful and bright,
Like flowers, that knew not what it is to die;
Like long linked, shadeless, polar light;
Like music floating o'er a waveless lake,
While echo answers from the flowery brake;
Weep not for her!

Weep not for her! By fleet or slow decay,
It never grieved her bosom's core to mark
The playmates of her childhood wear away,
Her prospects wither, or her hopes grew dark;
Translated by her God, with spirit shriven,
She passed, as 'twere in smiles, from earth to heaven!
Weep not for her!

Weep not for her! It was not here to feel
The miseries that corrode unmissing years,
'Gainst dreams of baffled bliss the heart to steel,
To wander sad down age's vale of tears;
As whirl the wither'd leaves from friendship's tree,
She passed from time to rest eternity!
Weep not for her!

Weep not for her! She is an angel now,
She treads the sapphire floors of paradise!
All darkness wiped from her refulgent brow,
Sin, sorrow, suffering, banished from her eyes;
Victorious over death, to her appear
The Vista'd joys of heaven's eternal year:
Weep not for her!

Weep not for her! Her memory is the shrine
Of pleasant thoughts, soft as the scent of flowers.
Calm as on windless eve the sun's decline,
Sweet as the song of birds among the powers,
Rich as the rainbow, with its hues of light,
Pure as the moonshine of an autumn night;
Weep not for her!

Weep not for her! there is no cause of woe;
But rather nerve the spirit, that it walk
Unshrinking o'er the stormy path below,
And from earth's low defilements keep thee back;
So when a few fleet severing years have flown,
She'll meet the at heaven's gate and lead the on!
Weep not for her!

THE OLD MANORIAL CHAMBER.

BY ALFRED CROWQUILL.

THE REFLECTIONS OF THE PIER-GLASS.

[Concluded.]

Days passed ere I again beheld one of the to me, interesting two; it was a bright early morning, the sweet breeze floated in through the open doors, and windows, the birds filled the air with gushing melody, and the sun shone coquetishly through the stained glass as if pleased with its borrowed dyes; it was such a morning as would make the bad man sigh, and look back with regret to the days of his innocence, when he could fearlessly open his whole boson to receive its purity.

But more beautiful than all, was the bright vision that fell upon me; the fair cousin stood before me, wild flowers were twined in her long hair, beneath her hat, and her young pilant form was showing to advantage by her elegant riding custome; she looked around as if disappointed at seeing the chamber unoccupied, for she had evidently intended to surprise her cousin with an early visit, but the blush soon revelled in her cheeks as she entered, and seized the morning kiss. She presented him with a boquet of spring flowers delightful was it to behold those two young and pure beings stand irresolute before each other, whilst the mantling color of their cheeks told each other the secret of their hearts; that morning I heard the first avowal of love, the blush of innocence was reflected in me. Ah! how seldom has it been repeated; I rejoiced in their rejoicing, and I became dull as they departed from my surface.

Wedding lights were multiplied by me, I almost reeled by the continued succession of beauties as they whirled past, to be mine only for a moment; the strains of joyous music vibrated through my frame and I felt supremely happy, for my two favourites were one; but I trembled as I beheld the dark form of my master's friend, gliding, the gayest of the gay, amidst the merry throng; he looked to me like a storm-cloud, ready to burst with mischief on those around him; the lights faded, and the fairy feet at last grew tired and I was alone.

Months flew by, and a shadow fell upon the young face of my master, or his evil genius still hovered about him, but carefully shuned the house, where the purity of its young mistress made a coward of him, and he sought other places to carry an his nefarious schemes. One night my master was brought to the manor-house apparently intoxicated, a thing which fell in those wassailing days, he had always avoided, the tears from the eyes of the young wife, as she beheld him she loved unconscious of her attentions, and her grief. His wine had been drugged.

The next morning the friend came with a bold front, and claimed large sums from my astonished master, which he had lost to him the previous evening, a warm altercation ensued, upon his producing bonds with the tremulous signature of my master affixed to them; the claim appeared like a hideous dream to him, for as yet he had not perfectly recovered the effects of the overpowering drogs he had taken in the wine. The amount of the debt of honour was terrible to look upon, and in incontrovertible black and white showed the madness of the preceding evening. Ruin appeared inevitable; the thought of his young confiding wife was maddening but how to avoid the blow? the man who demanded on the part of himself and associates so ruinous a sum, was of unblemished fame, and of honourable though impoverished family; yet why did he tamely stand by, and behold the friend for whom he expressed the greatest affection, ruin himself while in a state that made him unconscious of his acts. Bitter and indignant were the words that flowed from my master's trembling lips, the villian dared not raise his eyes, for his coward soul shrunk within him, until stung by the well-deserved reproaches and taunts of his injured friend, his rage became unbounded, and in the unguarded moment of passion, he laid his black heart bare before my mistaken and astounded master; too sure did he see the precipice at his feet, the ruin of himself and of one he held dearer than himself, and his utter powerlessness to prove the baseness of his destroyer, who smiled with a bitter scornful sneer, as he felt his own security, and despair of his victim.

As they stood with flashing eyes, and the dark blood of passion staining their foreheads, my young mistress calm, and as beautiful as an angel of mercy, stood suddenly between them.—She waved them apart, they retreated and stood abashed before her.

"Husband," said she, turning affectionately to my master, and placing her small hand within his trembling one, "I know all. For you, sir," continued she, approaching to as to confront her husband's traitor friend. "I know you. You

are a villian, and a foul stain upon the escutcheon of an honorable family; for their sakes I will not blast you with the world, but dare to enforce one of those bonds you now hold in your hand, or take them from this room, and I will expose you to the infamy you deserve."

The villain glared upon her like a liger preparing to leap; the indignity was so startling and sudden, that it almost paralysed him; at last by a violent effort he recovered his self-possession, and bowing with mock respect, he replied,

"Madam, I do not wonder that you should feel very poignantly the disagreeable and dangerous situation in which your husband's weakness has placed you; but the character which you have been pleased to fix upon me remains to be proved. The grumbling of loosers will not find much faith in the world. Had your sex been different, I would have answered the foul calumny with my sword; but, as you are a woman I will answer you with these parchment weapons in my hand, and throw back upon you the obloquy with which you have dared to load my untarnished name. This house is mine, as fast as the law can bind it. Expect no mercy. My revenge shall be justice to myself."

Unmoved was that beautiful face, except by slight curl of scorn that flitted over her proud lip.

"Boaster!" replied she, "one breath of mine would drive you forever from the world you love so much, and make you an outcast from the society that is your life. Fool! look and let your own eyes read your condemnation." As she spoke she enclosed her fair white hand, and discovered to the trembling villian *two loaded dice* broken in her palm. "An old and faithful servant saw your manœuvre reflecting in that glass," continued she, and pointing towards me, "he hastened to inform me, and I secured these little dumb witnesses. Now, sir, decide your own fate."

ANECDOTE. Many years ago there was, in the eastern part of Massachusetts, a worthy old D. D., and though he was an eminently benevolent man and a good christian, yet it must be confessed he loved a joke much better than the majority even of inveterate jokers. It was before church organs were much in use—and it so happened that the choir of his church had recently purchased a double Bass Viol. Not far from the church was a large town pasture, and in it s huge Town Bull. One hot Sabbath in summer time the Bull got out of his field and came bellowing up the street. About the church there was a plenty of untrodden grass, green and good, and Mr Bull stopped to try its quality—perchance to ascertain if its location had at all improved the flavor—at any rate, the Rev. Dr. was in the midst of his sermon; boo-woo-woo went the bull. The clergymen paused, looked at the singing seats with a grave face and said—"I would thank the musicians not to tune their instruments during the service time as it annoys me very much. The people stared and the minister went on. Boo-woo-woo-woo, went the Bull, as he passed to another green spot. The parson paused again, and again addressed the choir—"I do really wish the singers would not tune their instruments while I am preaching, for as I have already remarked, it annoys me very much."—The people tittered for they knew by the twinkle of his eye that he knew as well as anybody what the real state of the case was—he went on with his discourse. Boo-woo-woo-woo, said the Bull. The parson stopped again, and again said to the choir—"I have already twice requested the musicians in the gallery not to tune their instruments during sermon time. I do particularly request Mr. Lefavor, that you will not tune your *Double Bass Viol* while I am preaching."—This was too much. Lefavor got up, much agitated at the idea of "speaking out in church," and stammered out—"It is not me, Person B——, it's th—th—th—that d—d Town Bull." "Oh," said the parson, "is it, then the Sexton will please drive away the Bull." The people laughed; but with a gratified look at the success of his joke, he went on with his sermon. *Telegraph.*

Congress.

Monday, June 29.

SENATE Sundry resolutions of inquiry relative to defences and improvement of rivers, and erection of light houses in the State of Texas, were adopted.

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Bagby, to meet hereafter at 11 o'clock, was adopted, yeas 30, nays 11.

The resolution of Mr Simmons, calling on the secretary of the treasury for specific estimates of revenue to be derived from measures proposed in his report of the 16th instant, was adopted, after being amended on motion of Mr Davies, so as to call for specific estimates of the $54,000,000, which the secretary says is annually drawn from the people for the benefit of the manufacturers.

The Senate then proceeded with the bill to reduce and graduate the price of public lands. This bill proposes to divide the land into five classes. The first class is to be five years in market, at $1.25 per acre; second class ten years at $1; third class, fifteen years at 75 cents; fourth class, twenty years at 50 cents; and the 5th class, 30 years at 25 cents. Lands remaining unsold at the end of these periods, are to go into the next lowest class.

Mr Dayton offered an amendment making a sixth class at 12 cents per acre.

Mr Johnson, of Md., took the floor in opposition to some of the details of the bill, as that for giving away the public lands which had been thirty years in market, to the States in which they are located.

HOUSE. Mr Thompson, of Penn., offered a resolution that the House sit until 7 o'clock, with a recess from 3 to 5, until the tariff bill is disposed of. On motion of Mr Houston, of Ala., this was amended so as to prohibit a recess, and then adopted, the rules being suspended for that object. [So until Thursday next, they will sit each day from 10 o'clock, A. M. to 7 P. M.]

Mr Tibbats first addressed the committee. He defined his position on all the great questions of the day. He was a 54 40 man, and Rio Grande man, and maintained that our soldiers would have defended the former line of boundary as successfully as they had the latter.

Mr Payne next got the floor, and spoke against the protective policy.

Mr Seldon followed in favor of free trade and an alteration of the present tariff.

From the New York Commercial Advertiser.

Tuesday June 30.

In the SENATE Mr Dix, after the morning business had been disposed of, moved to take up the warehousing bill.

Mr Huntington, who was entitled to the floor, addressed the Senate in a very able speech against the bill.

The Senate went into Executive session and after sometime spent therein adjourned.

In the HOUSE. On motion of Mr Wick, of Indiana, the committee on military affairs was instructed to inquire into the expediency of raising the pay of volunteers, and of stimulating enlistments in the regular army by a grant of land to all who shall enlist prior to the 1st of November nex.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the bill to reduce the tariff.

Mr Brinkerhoff made a speech. He said the west had been excluded from their share of Federal patronage. They had none of the first or second class of offices. They had no ministers abroad—no consuls of the first, second or third class, &c.

☞ Mr Wood, depot master at Norton, on the Taunton Branch Railroad, on going to the depot early this morning, found two young men pilfering the depot. On being discovered they made an attack on Mr Wood with clubs, wounding him severely in the head, knocked him down, and fled to the woods. We learn from Mr Rose of the Providence Express, that search was making for them by the citizens and several police officers.—*Transcript.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 2, 1846.

The Land Bill.

The land bill, now being discussed before the Senate, is one of great importance to the whole people of this country. The revenue to be derived from the public domain is of little consequence, in comparison to keeping these lands in such hands as they may be ever open for the refuge of the oppressed in all time. The bill now being discussed provides, that the lands put into the market shall be divided into five classes. "The first class is to be five years in market, at $1.25 per acre; second class ten years at $1; third class fifteen years at 75 cents; fourth class 20 years at 50 cents; and the fifth class 30 years at 25 cents. Lands remaining unsold at the end of any of these periods, are to go into the next lower class." This graduation of price is very proper, but we fear the desire to raise large amounts of revenue may prevent proper restrictions being put upon purchasers. We have ever been of that class who believe the public lands should be sold only to actual settlers. Where great tracts of the public domain are thrown into the market before it is wanted for settlement, speculators take up at the government price all the best of the lands, and when the actual settler wishes to purchase, he has either to go far into the wilderness, or take land that the speculator did not consider worth taking up, or pay a great advance. The interest of the nation, and of the States and territories where the public lands lie, is, that they may be settled. Throwing them into the market indiscriminately, and allowing them to be taken up by any one without restriction, though by that means a greater amount of revenue may be derived from them at once, yet it greatly retards their settlement. It is the poor, and persons of moderate means who seek a home in the wilderness. They seek it to better their condition; and the greater the chances to do so, the greater the number of people who will avail themselves of the opportunity. If all the best localities, all the tracts upon the rivers and streams that facilitate communication, furnish water privileges for sawing, grinding, manufacturing, &c.,—and all the rich, fertile lots are taken up by speculators, and cannot be got except at large advances beyond government prices, the inducements to carve out a wilderness-home are diminished, and settlement, as a consequence, much diminished. We hope so much of "industrial reform" will be infused into our legislators as to keep the public lands out of the hands of mere speculators that the nation may be benefitted by their rapid settlement, and the settlers get the advantage of purchasing them at government prices.

☞ Last week, in speaking of the *parentless* pamphlet circulated through this county, we said the postmaster here, and the person known as his private secretary, in our opinion, were the authors and circulators of it. In addition to the reasons there given for this belief, which made out a perfect case, we now have several of the documents which friends have since returned to us, and the original wrappers in which they were sent out, and the direction upon them is in the hand writing of this private secretary, Wm. Fowle Smith.

THE TREMONT VOCALISTS. This company of singers will give their last entertainment at Wentworth's Hall, 4th of July evening. Besides songs by the members of the company, Mr Proctor will deliver several recitations from celebrated plays. These vocalists have been receiving the most flattering notices by the press in the different places where they have recently sung. At Providence they have had crowded houses on every evening of performence. They are here for only the evening of the Fourth.

PROFESSOR STRACK'S CONCERT. We predict Mr Strack will have a generous house on the evening of the 4th. He is well known as one of the best artists in his profession in the country, and having on numerous occasions at times of public entertainment, gratuitously rendered his services, he deserves, and we have no doubt will receive the support of a liberal public. "The Lowell Brass Band," "The New England Vocalists" and others have volunteered for the occasion. As will be seen by "programme," the performances will consist of a rich and pleasing variety. We hope the City Hall will be crowded with the lovers and judges of vocal and instrumental music.

TO ARMS. The Western Continent, Park Benjamin's paper, says,—"Our attention has been called to the fact, that marrying and giving in marriage has been unusually common of late. The papers contain a greater number of merrigo notices than usual, and we have been suddenly brought to that 'consummation so devoutly to be wished for.' We were at loss to account for this favorable tendency of the matrimonial market, until we met the following quotation in a late number of the Savannah Republican:"

"When a man hath taken a new wife, he shall not go out to war, neither shall he be charged with any business; but he shall be free at home for one year, and shall cheer up his wife which he hath taken."—*Deuteronomy, xxiv. v.*

Thus we are enabled to understand why it is so many young gentlemen are flying to *arms* of the fair. They prefer such *engagements* and such *arms* to the arms of their country and engagements with the Mexicans. Well, Darby in the Poor Soldier, is not alone in his opinion when he says:

"'Tis best of all glory under the sun,
Is to sit by the fire 'till the 'taters are done."

☞ A correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, writing from New Orleans, under date of June 22d, says—"It is said with confidence, though I am skeptical, that Paredes had pleced some time since, at the command of Gen. Alverez $1,500,000, to fortify the Pacific ports for the due reception of our squadron. Alvarez forwith declared against Paredes, appropriated the treasure, and actually sold the cannon in the castle of San Diego. All this is credible, save the amount of the money.

Sonora is now open in revolt, as our previous intelligence led us to anticipate.

The imminence of a revolution in the department of Vera Cruz is such, that a strong detachment has been drawn from San Juan d'Ulloa to defend the city from the insurgents who threaten it.

☞ The Democratic State Convention in Maine met yesterday to nominate a candidate for Governor.

☞ The nomination of a Senator from Maine has been postponed to the 8th inst.

☞ The Boston daily Advertiser, the oldest daily in the city, has come out in new type.

☞ The following apologue is worth a dollar an m. There seems to be an eternal discord among the small sons of harmony, and we are glad to see anything that will promise to resolve it into a consonance of decency if nothing else. It is from the editorial of the Boston Musical Gazette:

"What news from the stars, to-night?" said Sultan Muzma to his astrologer, as he stood on one of the turrets of the palace, now gazing at the heavens, now casting mystic figures on his horoscope. "A strange thing' your highness," replied he, "sixteen musicians were born yesterday, and all in the dominions of Muzma." Sixteen musicians! That is to great an affair to be lightly passed over. Go," said the sultan to a slave, "call Abelodraphan, the oldest counsellor of my court." When the sage arrived and heard the tidings, Muzma inquired whether it was best to order a general illumination, in token of gratitude to Alla for the distinguished gift which had descended on the country.—"Request the astrologer to inquire, whether these musicians will be learned in their profession, and whether they will know aught else but music," said the wise men. "The constellations," replied the astrologer, denote considerable talent, but give no great promise of a high degree of industry, nor of great attainments in other respects." "Then," added Abelodraphan, "I would humbly advise that all the infants should be found, and cast into the Tigris. According to the doctrines of Metempsycosis, they will then become singing birds, and still delight the ears of your subjects with song. Whereas, if you let them live, there is no telling the trouble, and dissension, and discord they will make. For I have noticed that while diligent and learned masters of the art are always humble, and give in good will towards one another, half-instructed musicians are vain and quarrelsome, while an ignorant artist is but half a man, and had better be a bird."

The vote for Register of Deeds.

	Patch.	Hayden.	Scat.
29 towns before reported	1995	2097	19
Bedford	41	29	
Dunstable	30 maj.		
Framingham	31	35	
Holliston	70	77	
Lincoln	9	10	
Sudbury	35 maj.		
Stow	24	16	
Tyngsboro'	18	15	
Wayland		6 maj.	1
Westford	49	51	
Acton	46	32	
	2348	2368	20

LOWELL MUSEUM. We had the pleasure of visiting this establishment last evening, and were highly gratified with the excellent arrangement recently made by the proprietor for the accommodation of visitors. The grand historical exhibition of the Battle of Bunker Hill, has been witnessed by thousands for the last few weeks. Every part of the machinery of this extensive exhibition, is, we can unhesitatingly say the most perfect of any thing of the kind ever in this city. Beside this, the proprietor has obtained at a great expense some new and splendid drop scenes, the aspect of which is peculiarly grand and imposing. The last change is a moonlight view of the city of Lowell;—the thousand lights of the numerous factories of the "city of spindles" attract the eye in every direction, as if by magic the bells send forth their echoing peals, the lights are extinguished and the scene closes while the beholder is riveted to the spot, by the surprising reality of the exhibition.

☞ The Floral Procession will move from Hamilton chapel, on the 4th of July morning, at 8 o'clock, to the Third Universalist Church, where Boquets, Moss Baskets, and Grapes, will be offered for sale, to further the charitable purposes of the chapel.

DEAD LETTERS. We learn from the Courier, that the Postmaster of this city will return about *four thousand* dead letters to the Department, at the beginning of the present quarter. This is a thousand more than were sent the last time.

☞ Gen Wool reviewed the volunteers of Ohio at Camp Washington, on the 21st of June. They were next day to be inspected and mustered by a United States officer, Captain Shriver, and were then to proceed without delay to the South.

☞ Mrs Shattuck, an aged lady in Barre, came to a most shocking death last week. She was left alone a few minutes, and on the return of a member of the family was found near the fire place and her clothes in flames. One side of her face and nearly all the skin on her body were consumed. She retained her senses, but was so severely burnt that she died in an hour. She was 82 years of age.—*Post.*

THE NEW CEMETERY AT BRADFORD was dedicated on Tuesday afternoon with appropriate services, which commenced with singing an original Hymn, written for the occasion. An address was delivered by Rev. Mr Monroe, the minister of the Parish, which was highly appropriate and impressive.—*Essex Banner.*

☞ Five of the newspaper editors and proprietors in Pittsburgh, Penn., have enrolled themselves in the "Dauphin Guard" company of volunteers, of that city.

☞ It is said that Capt. Walker will not accept any post in the army,—that his tact lies in fighting the Mexicans by instinct; and that the discipline of the regular army would destroy his usefulness.

MARRIAGES IN LOWELL. The number of marriages in Lowel, during the year ending April 30, 1840, was 396. Married out of the city, one or both parties residing here, 20. Of the females married 231 were operatives.—*Courier.*

☞ The debate on the Tariff question in the House of Representatives is to terminate on Thursday next.

☞ During the fire on North Market street Boston, two men Cozzens and Raymond were injured—Cozzens it is feared fatally.

☞ The crops in Yates Co. N. Y. particularly wheat, are said to be very poor, owing to the drought of April and May.

☞ T. D. Rice, the original "Jim Crow," and successful delineator of negro character, has been deprived of speech and the use of his limbs, by a stroke of paralysis.

☞ We have received the first number of the Essex County Constellation with a request to exchange. We shall do so. It is a very handsomely got up paper. It is published at Newburyport and Salem, by John S. Foster.

☞ The list of letters have been carried to the Niagara.

☞ The Franklin factory, Newark, has been destroyed by fire.

THE DAILY COURIER has commenced its second volume.

Lumbering in New Hampshire.

There is a world of lumber, boards, clapboards, shingles, chestnut blocks for railways and fences, manufactured window frames and blinds, wooden shoe-pegs by the hundred bushel, hay rakes and scythe snaths, wooden tubs, pails and wares, stage coaches and gig waggons, heavy masts and ship timbers, factory bones blocks of granite, &c, continually going down upon the railroad. Yet for all this, the lumber upon the river in rafts seems to have increased. And just as this lumber is carried down, with the due economy and care, being all the time growing, it can never be exhausted. Meeting our revolutionary friend Col. Carter on Monday, conversing in view of a beautiful second growth of white pines, some of which are three feet over at the butt, running out straight fifty feet and more, he said he had hunted foxes on that ground when the large pines were but bushes. In addition to the rafts, we have the river alive with logs of first growth pine cut far up in the mountains last winter, floating towards the manufacturing towns and villages in whose building the accumulating capital is being expended.—Mr Norcross, from Maine, is teaching us upon the Merrimack how lumbering is done upon the Penobscot. His millions of pine timber cut down in the uppermost branches of the Pemigewasset have floated down to this point the present spring: the logs are the full length of the tree, intended to be manufactured for such uses as may be most convenient, boards, planks, or squared beams, in a large steam saw mill which he has erected at Lowell. Strange it is, with all the water power at that place, towering chimneys for conducting off the smoke and cinders of steam engines are erected all around the city. The jam of logs on Saturday at Sewall's falls above us so bridged the river that an ox team might pass. Mr Norcross' Penobscot men have a way of driving logs down stream to which our raftsmen are strangers. So much at home are they in the melee of logs playing upon the waters, that it is said a man will go to sleep upon the rounded stick, and if rolled off he will recover and resume his position as quietly as the turtles which dive into the stream under a warm summer's sun.

The veteran Crawford of the Legislature, the true representatives of the White Mountains because born and raised among them—the man of eighty years appearing not older than sixty, who has explored valleys among the mountains that few have ever seen—informs us that there are yet tall pines in these little explored valleys as large as any that ever received the mark of the broad R when the king of England claimed them for the benefit of his royal navy before the sons of Liberty put an end to his royal rule in this country by declaring and maintaining Independence. These valuable timber forests may generally be approached at no very great inconvenience or expense. The owners are either the State itself or non-residents unknown and at a distance. The increasing demand for these tall pines will soon make the land upon which they stand of great value. So also will become those hard wood or hemlock and spruce forests which cover the intermediate country between this and the mountains north, which the owners of the lands have hitherto considered an obstacle too great to leave the land of value sufficient to pay the small annual tax laid upon it.—*Hills New Hampshire Patriot.*

Boston Navy Agency.

The Committee appointed to investigate the charges against Hon. I. H. Wright have reported. The following is an official copy of the opinion of the Board, as furnished by the Secretary of the Navy:—

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
June 23, 1846.

SIR: In compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 17th instant, I transmit herewith a copy of the report or opinion of the Board of officers appointed to investigate the allegations made against you. I am, respectfully, your ob't serv't,

(Signed) GEO. BANCROFT.

ISAAC HULL WRIGHT, ESQ., Boston.

Opinion of the Board of Officers,

Convened at the Navy Yard, Boston, May 9th, 1846, for the purpose of investigating charges against Isaac Hull Wright, Esq., Navy Agent.

"Tuesday, June 2d, 1846, the Board met pursuant to adjournment, present as yesterday.

"The Board is aware that the investigation has occupied much time, and excited much more interest than the importance of the case would seem to demand. But it does not see how, in justice to the accused party, and credit to the government, it could well be avoided.

"The allegations against the Navy Agent, Isaac H. Wright, are as follows:

"*First.* Overpayments beyond a fair market price for a quantity of timber, spars, hay and freighage for hay, as set forth in sundry papers filed and marked "papers from Comm'e Parker."

"*Second.* For overpayments on purchases for the government embodied in a list received from Comm'e Parker, filed and marked No. 1.

"*Third.* By B. F. Hallett, Esq. that, in addition to the foregoing, overcharges have been made by said I. H. Wright, as Navy Agent, through William Lang, a sub-agent in his interest, as set forth in the papers referred to, and by the Navy Storekeeper's bill books, and that some of said purchases had been made through said Lang after it had been brought to the knowledge of said Navy Agent that said Lang had proposed to a third person to make two sets of bills for deliveries to the Navy Yard, one against the Navy Department at one price, and another against himself at another price. Before the Board expresses an opinion upon the several charges, it would premise, that purchases made by Navy Agents differ somewhat in their nature, from ordinary mercantile transactions. That they are multifarious and subject to contingencies which render them more difficult to execute, and consequently more costly than common purchases. Because first they are subject to an ordeal of inspection by proper officers. Second because the Navy Agent can make a purchase only on the condition that the article will pass inspection and be received. The Navy Department allows nothing for package or transportation, and if the articles shall not be received, they must be taken back.—These cases sometimes occur. Hence the practice has arisen for the Navy Agent to send the requisition to some person who would roe round and pick up the articles required, take the risk of rejection and send them to the Navy Yard and charge an advance upon the cost of some 5 or 10 per cent. These purchases are confined to what few articles are to be purchased in open market, and *not* contracted for. If for example the Navy Agent has one requisition embracing *four* different articles to be purchased at *four* different places, the transportation of each would be matter of charge either in the price of the articles or as cartage, and four bills with the process of inspection, receipt and approval on each would follow. Whereas, if one person furnished the four articles, he would take the responsibility of rejection, and make but one bill and one delivery. It is by the unparadded expense of package and transportation, that charges on small deliveries often appear to be above the fair market price. Although the practice of purchasing from one or two persons in the manner described has, as the board believe, heretofore prevailed on this station, and however convenient it may be, the board deprecates it as irregular and improper, believing it should be the duty of the Navy Agent himself, directly, or by some one in his employ, competent to the duty, to make all purchases from *first hands*, when it can be done, without profit or charge for services.

"The question has been asked, who is responsible for prices paid? Unquestionably the Navy Agent.—Where then is the check upon the Navy Agent? The board is of opinion that the officer who receives the stores, and the commandant who approves the bill are, to a degree, responsible for the fairness of the transaction, else why the necessity for the approval of the bill at all? The Treasury Department only requires bills to be properly vouched and approved.

"The board arrives at the following conclusions from the evidence and their own knowledge:

"*First.* The timber was purchased by the Navy Agent in open market, and at fair prices, and was *not* overcharged.

"The spars were purchased at a fair price for such spars as were delivered, surveyed and received, but at a higher price and beyond the market price for *such* spars as were required. The requisition stated that they were wanted for *immediate* use; as they were received and paid for at a more costly article than required, the board acquits the Navy Agent of an overcharge on spars.

"The hay was purchased fairly in open market, and was to be sent to Passcocls. Although the hay and freight appear to be at high rates; under all circumstances attending the transaction, the board acquit the navy agent of the charge against him touching hay and freightage of hay.

"*Second.* Allegation of overpayment beyond a fair market price for purchases embraced in list market No. 1. The board is of opinion that some articles named in said list were purchased by the Navy Agent at a higher than a fair market price. Such items have been noted, and the aggregate excess of price will appear in its proper place.

"*Third.* Allegations made by Mr Hallett. The board is of opinion that some of the articles he has selected from the Navy Storekeeper's books as overcharged by Mr Lang, appear in the opinion of the board to be at a higher than the fair market prices. Many of the items thus adduced are so vaguely described, that it is quite impossible for the board to arrive at any correct estimate of their fair market value, such as cooking utensils for ships, &c., of trifling moment in this investigation. The excess such articles as are considered overcharged, will appear in its proper place.

"From the evidence it appears that the proposals of Mr Lang to Mr Horton—both applicants for the *patronage* of the Navy Agent—to make to sets of bills, was brought to the knowledge of the Navy Agent by a third person. The Navy Agent called upon Mr Lang for an explanation, and the matter was satisfactorily explained to him. The Board is at a loss to perceive the object of such a proposition. Mr Lang denies it, and as both Mr Horton and Mr Lang are gentlemen of known integrity, the board believes that, in the conversations they had, regarding a copartnership for the supply of hard-ware, a misconstruction of language, or misapplication of words, led to the report referred to. The Board acquits the Navy Agent of allegation of employing Mr Lang as a sub-agent in his interest, or, of any dishonorable action in the premises.

"The Board now respectfully report under the orders of Hon. Secretary of the Navy, of May 5th and 18th.

"*First* That some of the purchases of Isaac Hull Wright, Esq., Navy Agent, were at prices unnecessarily high.

"*Second.* That the Board find it difficult to judge of motive; but from what appears on evidence, and from their own knowledge, it has no reason to believe and does not believe, that said prices were paid from an improper motive, or from negligence or incompetency on the part of the Navy Agent.

"*Third.* That the said excess of price paid by the Navy Agent appears to have been the result of a misapprehension or misconstruction—based upon precedent.—of the rule of his duty.

"*Fourth.* That the whole amount of excess thus paid on articles overcharged, is in the aggregate, *Three hundred and thirty-five dollars* 78-100ths.

Respectfully submitted to the Hon Secretary of the Navy.

(Signed) JOS. SMITH, Captain.
" J. C. LONG, Commander.
" R. RUSSELL WALDRON, Purser U. S. N.

FIRE IN BOSTON. Shortly after 12 o'clock this morning, a fire was discovered in the store Nos. 27 and 28 South Market street, occupied by Messrs Nelson & Bradford, drug and paint dealers, and by A. S. & W. C. Lewis, commission merchants. The interior of the building was almost entirely destroyed, as was the stock of drugs, &c.—*Transcript.*

☞ We do not know that we correctly caught some of the language of Mr Stevens of Meredith, while listening to his speech made on the Corporation bill on the 24th inst., but we understood him to impute to the House a disposition to do what ought to be a very unnatural thing. As we understood him, in the confusion of the gallery, he warmly exclaimed—"*Why! will this House strip the widow?*" Some persons near us, in astonishment inquired—"*What! widow?*"—and said "*We hope not, particularly in this public hall.*"—*N. H. Patriot.*

FINANCES. Mr Webster, in a brief view of the state of our finances, reiterated the declaration that our expenses were *half a million of dollars per day.*—That there is no desire to misrepresent this fact we cannot doubt, but Mr Webster's estimate reaches heavy expenses, which, when incurred, cease. The expenses of building a ship are daily very heavy, but when she is launched the greatest portion of the expense ceases. So it may be said in relation to the war. The heaviest expense is in the preparation, which, when once completed will be sensibly reduced. Still they are no doubt heavy, but unavoidable.—*New York Sun.*

SNOW STORM. This morning, the city was visited by a storm, or more properly a squall, from the northwest, and on the north side of the city the inhabitants were refreshed by a fall of snow for some minutes. Over-coats were not uncomfortable last evening and early this morning.—*N. Y. Com. Adv., June 22.*

☞ Our army in Mexico is paid its dues in specie.

☞ Welsh & Mann's Mammoth Circus, from New York, will visit this place on Monday July 13th. See advertisement.

REDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIVNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jel1

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my18 A&rSmchm

☞ BOGLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 28, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 238 Washington street, Boston. tiedvma26

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all soppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good results.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. HOYDEN,

Physician at Exeter Corner.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&peprl4

MARRIED,

In this city, June 27th, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr J. Cutting Baker to Miss Charlotte Cnewell.

June 28th, in the First Baptist Church, by the same, Dnn. Joseph Griggs, of Millbury, to Mrs Surah Pearson, of Lowell.

DIED.

In Acton, June 23d, Mr Charles Handley, a soldier of the Revolution.



BOSTON & LOWELL RAILROAD. JULY 4TH, 1846.—On this day, in addition to trains usually run,

Extra Trains will leave Lowell, at 7 A. M.
" " " " " 4 P. M.
" " " " " 7 P. M.

Extra Trains will leave Boston, at 1 P. M. And half an hour after the *Exhibition of Fireworks.*

The first train after the exhibition of Fireworks, will be for Nashua and Lowell Passengers, and will not stop between Boston and Lowell.

The second Train after the exhibition of Fireworks, will be for Passengers to Lowell and way stations, above Woburn. This train will not stop between Boston and Woburn Watering Station.

The third train after the exhibition of Fireworks, will be for Passengers to Woburn Centre, and intermediate Stations.

Passengers who ride with Season Tickets, will please show them to the Conductor.

☞ A Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, on MONDAY, July 6, at 5 A. M., stopping at all the Way Stations. WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Boston and Lowell Railroad Corp.

June 29, 1846. jy2a1t

WELCH & MANN'S



MAMMOTH NATIONAL CIRCUS,

Conducted by JOHN J. DRAKE.

Equestrian Manager, G. J. CADWALLADER.
Clowns, (grotesque to the arena,) JOHNSON & WELLS.
Master of the Circle, D. CAMP.

MESSRS. WELCH & MANN most respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell and its virinity, that they purpose to visit this place, on *MONDAY July 13th*, 1846, and continue four days, and the proprietors would suggest that, having been received and patronized by the *first families* of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they deem it incumbent upon themselves to state that upon visiting each place during their Summer Campaign, they intend to present such a varied and pleasing routine of performances, which cannot fail to elicit the approbation and patronage of the most fastidious. They also pledge themselves that the performance generally shall equal the CORTEGE by which it is preceded in every city, town, or village they may have the honor to visit. They most confidently assure the citizens of each place, that their Company shall be selected and comprised of the largest and greatest order of talent in the United States.

Upon entering the city, this extensive company will be attended by a MOST MAGNIFICENT BAND CHARIOT, (drawn by 12 cream-colored horses) with 12 talented musicians, playing some of the most popular airs, marches, &c., selected from the most celebrated composers, followed by a grand retinue of carriages, wagons, teams, &c., &c., numbering over 150 persons, horses, &c.

For particulars see bills of performance.

☞ Prices **25 Cents** to all parts of the Arena. Positively no half-price.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

N. B.—On *Wednesday and Thursday* there will be an afternoon performance commencing at 3 o'clock.—Doors open at 2½ o'clock. jy2a4t

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Pacia, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

TEMPERANCE CELEBRATION, 4th of JULY.—The Young Men's Temperance Society of Lowell, will celebrate the approaching Anniversary of our National Independence as follows:

The Members and Friends of the Society are invited to meet at John Street Church at 8½ o'clock, A. M., at which time and place a *New and Beautiful Banner*, prepared by the liberality of the Female Temperance Benevolent Society, will be presented to the Young Men's Temperance Society by Mrs. Dr. AMES, with appropriate address. After which a procession, led by the *Brass Band*, will march to a Grove, where Addresses, and music from the Band, will conclude the exercises of the day.

☞ Ladies and gentlemen friendly to the Temperance Cause are invited to join the procession, at the time and place designated. Per order of the Committee of Arrangements. jy2a1t

FOURTH OF JULY!

CONCERT AT THE CITY HALL.

LOUIS STRACK most respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he will give his *first Concert in Lowell*, on the FOURTH OF JULY next, at the above mentioned place, when he will be assisted by the LOWELL BRASS BAND, the NEW ENGLAND QUARTETTE CLUB, and others.

Tickets 25 cents each: to be had at all the principal Bookstores, Hotels, and at the door. ajc30

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office. je30a2w

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evens, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

TARLTON & GUILD,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

Would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

CITY OF LOWELL,

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to establish the grade of Central street and the sidewalks, to lay out such further sidewalks as may be deemed expedient, and to widen and straighten the present sidewalks on said street if the public good requires it,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council, and you are then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out a street from Gorham street to South street (near the South Grammar School house), and to lay sidewalks thereon or on such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said streets and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a street called Ford street, extending from Cabot street to Moody street, may be laid out and graded,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw8w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and extend Elm street from Chapel street to Gorham street,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracott, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN COBURN

Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je26-1mwa&r6w*

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of BUCKLAND & HUMPHREY, is by mutual consent this day dissolved.

June 24, 1846. je27a3t*

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. Ajc27

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Curtmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LODD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymar5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&p1y GEORGE H. CARLTON

LOWELL MUSEUM,

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown:* together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three eras, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection to *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

Also a Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Certain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GURRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Geo. Curtis and T. C. Bartholemew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞ Tickets **25 cents each person.** Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, June 26th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of HARRY COREY, of Lowell, in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Corey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY the eighth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

je27a3t Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

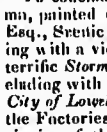
GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. mnv26a3m

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Saturday.*



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy1

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

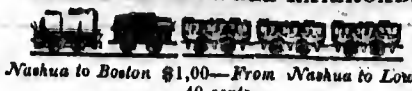
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

BE SURE you call at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office, on or before the 4th of July next, for they will give you an equivalent for your money. They will not resort to any deception in order to sell you—they rely on the quality and price to sell their goods. Ajc27

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8, 10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charge paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

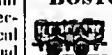
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD,

Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, as-geard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, at the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

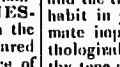
Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&ptaug1

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,



WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

2 Cottage Houses and valuable Lot.

On WEDNESDAY July 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, situated on Kirk Avenue, 2d Lot from Kirk Street consisting of rising 2000 square feet land with 2 convenient Cottage Houses well built thereon. Terms at Sale. jy2

On SATURDAY, July 11, at 10 o'clock, A. M., one gray mare, 5 years old—sound in every respect, and kind in any harness, good size and figure, of the celebrated Eclipse stock—may be seen on application to Mr E. Allen, at Pawtucket Gulden.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel: Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street; with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of chandelier, centre and side lamps, stoves, &c. &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adopted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

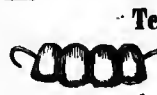
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$1.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium; to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil; inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate; is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. np21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufactoring SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manille, Leghorn, Senete and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obtaining regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

HARPER'S BIBLE OUT.

THE last No. of Harper's Pictorial Bible has been received—and is now ready for subscribers at JUDKINS', 29, Central street.

☞ I have made arrangements for binding the above so as to give every subscriber a chance to *save a dollar* and have them done by one of the *best* binders in Boston. Specimens may be seen in a few days. may22

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Climlic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 58, Central St. je6atf

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane, to Gorham (near Charles) street.

☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je10atf

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head eches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholle, female complaints, &c., has excited the rapidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of man who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

Have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines; kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scarvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good juttice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with loll directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kilder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conser; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

An Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Pictures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh28tf

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and is therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine vendors, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaustingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like man eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false copious pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the same of Martin Luta, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Birchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to perchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co, City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Coert st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the worn and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

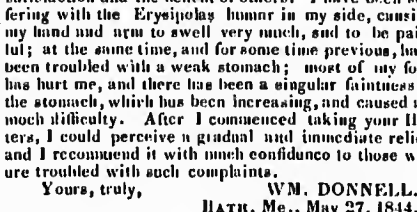
Agents for Lowell—Ø. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

opr4 adv&pnly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



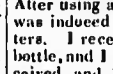
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and knittiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved stylo. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pianno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Douloureaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cromp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means far strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive far colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours' the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Dolorcaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Dolorcaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY HONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Honnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloureux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 57 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREFOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the heads, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and was his head, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell, are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. fab3a&ply

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnsapr9

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West Indies Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Cashly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 7, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 79.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

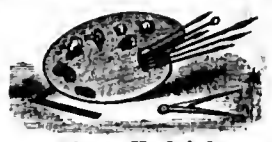
ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jun8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clocks and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

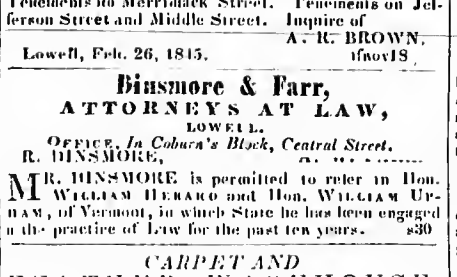
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sep12 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. *Also*—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. tdyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raeg8

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To these afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hectic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.
s&eolyaug30

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&r6mcho

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

Lumber for Sale.
FOR SALE—30,000 feet merchantable white pine Boards, extra quality and well seasoned. Also—10,000 feet narrow birch and maple side boards, suitable for fencing or other common uses. Price from five to ten dollars per thousand. Apply to
P. CLEAVES, 163 State Street,
March 18, 1846. [tfmar19] Concord, N. H.

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—*Merrimack Street,*—*No.* 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street.
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
John Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured..	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out for.....	Bonus in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
61	$5000	$370 75	1837	$305 35	$4183	$69 25	$1977 79
			1838	828 2	374 45	57 124	1730 55
			1839	693 3	308 50	45 70	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaeoplec18

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N. H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N. H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.) *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awn&plyjan13

The Builders.

BY HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

All the architects of Fate,
Working in these walls of Time;
Some with massive deeds and great,
Some with ornaments of rhyme;

Nothing useless is, nor low;
Each thing in its place is best;
And what seems but idle show
Strengthens and supports the rest.

For the structure that we raise,
Time is with materials filled;
Ours to-days and yesterdays
Are the blocks with which we build.

Truly shapes and fashions these;
Leave no yawning gaps between;
Think not, because no man sees,
Such things will remain unseen.

In the elder days of Art,
Builders wrought with greater care
Each minute and unseen part;
For the gods see everywhere.

Let us do our work as well;
Both the unseen and seen;
Make the house, where gods may dwell,
Beautiful, entire and clean.

Else our lives are incomplete,
Standing in these walls of Time,
Broken stair-ways, where the feet
Stumble as they seek to climb.

Build to-day, then, strong and sure,
With a firm and ample base;
And ascending and secure
Shall to-morrow find its place.

Thus alone can we attain.
To those turrets, where the eye
Sees the world as one vast plain
And one boundless reach of sky.

CROWNED HEADS OF EUROPE.

The following is an extract from a Lecture delivered by Dr. Baird, in New York, last winter:

Eight of the twenty monarchs are professedly—nine are Roman Catholics—two are of the Greek Church, and one is a Mahomedan. Those belonging to the Greek Church, are the Emperor of Russia and the king of Greece. Four of them are men of I reprochable characters—many of them are as respectable as our public men whom we delight to honor. The Queens are all of spotless character, which could not have been said in former times.

The King of Prussia is a decidedly pious man. Several of the Queens are true Christians, as I think, and among these is the Queen of France: and although a Catholic, she is no bigot. She reads many religious books. As to talent, Louis Phillippe, King of the French—the King of Prussia—and the Emperor of Russia, are admitted to rank first—and Louis Phillippe stands pre minently above all. He was educated at a French College—spent many years in foreign lands, and then sixteen years in quietly pursuing his studies. Talleyrand said he had no idea of his vast acquirements, before he was his minister after he became King. He speaks English with ease and correctness, and never pronounced but one word wrong, which was *ice*—which he calls *hice*. He said, he and his brother hired a boat at Pitsburg, to go down the river; but was obstructed by the *hice*—which he had learned from the English cockneys, when he lived in England. He has no minister who is his equal.

The King of Prussia is nearly the equal of Louis Phillippe; he speaks English well, but not so well as the King of the French. He is a self-made man. He was not allowed to get his education at the German Universities as he desired—as it was thought degrading to the King's son, to associate with other young men. He regrets to this day, that he was not permitted to go to University and associate with the students.

The King of Sweden graduated at College, and is a fine scholar.

The King of Prussia is not popular. He is too good a man for that. He proposes too many reforms, and pushes them forward with too much energy to please the people.

The Emperor of Russia is not inferior in talent; but he came unexpectedly to the throne, at the age of twenty-seven or twenty-eight years—his brother, the lawful heir to the throne, having abdicated in his favor. He has had no time to read. Being an absolute Monarch, his duties are most arduous. He is most devoted to public affairs. I spoke to him about Temperance Societies, when he began to make the objections which were once so common here—that brandy was needful to laborers to give them strength, and protect them in heat and cold. He also made objections on account of the revenue from that source, which is very great. He, however, at once perceived the force of my arguments, and admitted their correctness, and said, "As for the revenue we will let it go, and get a revenue somewhere else." Nicholas is very decided and independent.

A nobleman of great wealth and talent had governed his brother Alexander. When Nicholas came to the throne, in less than three days, he came to see him unasked. Nicholas said to him, "Who asked you to appear before me? I know how you governed my brother, and imposed upon his meekness. I give you three days to arrange your affairs in St Petersburg, after which time, you will retire to your country seat,"—which he did, and has remained there ever since.

Not long since, Nicholas spoke with a distinguished Prince, whose name I will not mention, but from whom I received my information, about abolishing slavery in his dominions. The Prince remonstrated against it as being premature.—The Emperor replied. "I know it; but I am afraid my son you will not have the energy to do it; and stretching out his arm like a giant, he said, "God has given me the energy to do it, and I must do it!"

The King of Sweden is a literary man, and is the author of several books. He gave me a copy of his work on Prison Discipline, just published.

The King of Holland is not so popular—is an older man, about fifty-four. He was distinguished at the battle of Waterloo, and badly wounded.

The King of Denmark is a man of fair talents but of no decision of character.

Dr Baird went on to speak of other Sovereigns of Europe, and then of Queens.

In speaking of the manners of Princes, he remarked that they were polished, easy and simple. Such were the characters of the nobles of Europe whom he had seen. It is easy to converse with them. They are, however, more formal to Diplomatists. The lecturer remarked, that

he had more difficulty to get along with our distinguished men, who sometimes assume a tone and haughtiness, which he never saw in a Prince. The Monarchs ordinarily, and their Queens, dress in the same plain way as other well-bred people. In public, they, of course, appear in splendor. The Queens wear, on ordinary occasions, very little jewelry.

The Emperor of Russia is one of the best looking men in the world—is tall—his hair light—has large blue eyes—sandy whiskers and mustaches.

In the families of the Emperor of Russia and the King of the French, there is great affection. Nicholas has great affection for children. An old Scotch lady has lived in his family a great number of years, and has taught his children to speak English. The Emperor treats her with the greatest affection, and has promoted her through all the grades of the military service to the rank of General!

ANECDOTE OF NAPOLEON.

After having gained the battle of Wagram, the Emperor Napoleon established his head-quarters for a time at Schoenbrun, and there occupied himself, pending the negotiations for his Austrian alliances, with reviewing his troops, and distributing among them rewards and honors.—One old and brave regiment of the line was drawn out before him for this purpose, his custom being to examine every corps individually, under the guidance of the officers. After having formed the regiment into columns, Napoleon entered the ranks and bestowed praises and decoration on all who appeared worthy of them. Five hours he spent in this occupation, and at length, when he had satisfied himself that no one man's claims had been overlooked he finished by saying aloud to the Col., "Now present to me the bravest man in the whole regiment." In some cases this might have been a difficult matter; it did not appear so now. The colonel indeed hesitated for a moment, but the question was caught by the soldiers, and one universal answer came from the ranks.

"Morio!—Corporal Morio!" was the cry.—The colonel approved the decision, and Morio was called forward. He was still young, but embrowned by service and he already w[illegible] his person three badges of merit, and the [illegible] of the Legion of Honor. Napoleon looked on him attentively. "Ah," said he, you have seen service. "Fifteen years, my Emperor," replied Morio; "sixteen campaigns and ten wounds not to speak of contusions." "How many great battels," asked the emperor. "Sire, I was at your heels at the bridge of Arcola; I was the first man who entered Alexandra; it was I who gave my knapsack for your pillow at the bivouac of the Elm, when forty thousand Austrians capitulated, I took five hussars prisoners with my own hand on the day of Austerlizt, it was I who served you———" "Hold! it is well! it is well! very well! Morio, I name you baron of the empire, and to that title I add a hereditary gift of five thousand francs a year." Acclamations arose from the soldiery. "Ah, my emperor," said Morio, "it is too great a reward for me. But I will not play the usurer with your bounty.—None of my companions, while I have it, shall want for food or clothing."

Morio still lives. He only quitted the service when his master fell, and in spite of that change Morio still enjoys the emperor's gift. No old soldier in the department which he had retired, wants where withal to drink the health of Napoleon.—*French paper.*

Congress.

Wednesday, July 1.

SENATE. On motion of Mr Cameron, the Secretary of War was directed to furnish the names of officers, non-commissioned officers and privates killed and wounded in the battles of the 8th and 9th of May.

The bill to authorize the chief clerk of the Patent Office to sign patents, came up on its passage.

Mr Sevier moved to recommit the bill with instructions to amend it so as to repeal the act authorizing the collection of agricultural statistics and seeds.

The debate was continued at great length by Messrs. McDuffie, Calhoun, Phelps, Mangum, Huntington, Wescott, Atherton, Dickinson and Yelcs.

The bill was then recommitted by a vote of 25 to 18.

The Senate then went into Executive session.

HOUSE. Mr Arnold asked leave to submit an amendment to the graduation bill. Received and ordered to be printed.

The House then resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr Cobb in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the bill to reduce the tariff.

Mr Thompson, of Penn. resumed and finished the speech he commenced last evening. He advocated a continuation of the present tariff, as a great and valuable measure.

Mr Hunter obtained the floor (in the jump of some twenty members who tried to get it) and spoke ably against the present tariff and in favor of free trade.

Mr Toombs followed in a very rapid manner with an able argument, in opposition to the bill under consideration. He indulged in many practical illustrations of the fallacy of all the arguments that he had heard made in support of the doctrine of free trade.

Mr Carroll followed and defended the present tariff in behalf of his district.

Thursday, July 2.

SENATE. The presiding officer appointed Messrs. Haywood, Pearce, Sevier, Evans and Atherton a committee to revise the rules of the Senate.

On motion of Mr Archer, the bill for the retrocession of Alexandria was taken up.

Mr Johnson, of Maryland, made a powerful argument in support of the power of congress to pass the bill, and in favor of the expediency of the measure.

Mr Miller contended that congress had no power to cede any part of the district.

Mr Calhoun was in favor of the measure, to which he could see no constitutional objection. Mr Allen was in favor of the bill. He thought the seat of government should be in the centre of the Union.

The bill was put to vote and passed, ayes 32, noes 14, and Alexandria therefore goes back to Virginia.

Adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE. Mr McDowell, of Ohio, on leave, made a personal explanation. From principle, and not from any disappointment, he was opposed to the bill for reducing the tariff, reported by the committee of ways and means. The settlement of the Oregon question did not actuate him in this matter.

Mr Fry next got the floor and made a speech in review of the course of Messrs. Polk and Buchanan in regard to the tariff in Pennsylvania during the last Presidential campaign.

Mr McKay next got the floor and spoke his hour in a very animated manner, in defence of the committee bill, going largely into its details, and in reply to the objections raised against them. He laughed at the idea that our expenses are half a million a day.

Mr Norris followed on Mr McKay's side, and spoke in defence of the administration, and in reply to Gen. Fry's attack upon Messrs. Polk and Buchanan.

The committee proceeded to dispose of the amendments. The schedules on the bill ran from A to H inclusive.

Mr McKay moved to add another marked I, the articles in which should bear a duty of 40 per ct., agreed to. Schedule A was then amended by striking out 75 per ct. and inserting 100 per ct. The House then agreed to it. Schedule B was amended by adding thereto from other schedules of articles, viz: Ale, Beer, Porter; China, earthern and stone ware; Wine, Tobacco, Willow splints for making baskets, Hats, or bonnets made of straw or satin braid and then agreed to as amended. Schedule D was amended by making salt duty free by a vote of 90 to 60. Other articles were struck out. Schedule E was agreed to after striking out sundry articles to be placed elsewhere.—Schedule F, G and H, were more or less amended.—Schedule I was composed of such articles as Cassia, Cloves, Sweetmeats, Preserves, Fruits of any kind, Nutmegs, Segars, Snuffs, manufactured Tobacco, and Wines.

Friday July 3.

The Senate did not sit to-day.

In the HOUSE. The consideration of the tariff bill was again resumed in Committee of the Whole.

A great number of additional amendments having been rejected, at noon the Committee rose and reported the bill to the House amidst great uproar.

The Speaker having taken the Chair, about forty members jumped up at once, but Mr Boyd got the floor. He moved the previous question on concurring in the amendments of the Committe of the Whole.

The previous question was ordered, and the House proceeded to vote on the amendment to the bill made by the Committee.

On concurring in the amendment of the Committee of the Whole by which "salt" was striken out of duty paying articles, the vote was yeas 105, nays 95. So the amendment was concurred in.

The vote on motion to reconsider was then taken, and decided in the negative. Yeas 101, nays 105.

The announcement of the vote was received by loud clapping.

The question was again put in another form, viz: "Shall salt be placed on the free list?" The vote was yeas 105, nays 104. So it was again decided that salt should be on the free list.

A moment afterwards, however, the Speaker was called upon to vote. He did so, and in the negative. This made the vote a tie, which was equal to the rejection of the motion. Loud applause again followed.

It subsequently appeared, however, that owing to the great confusion that prevailed, the Clerk had miscounted the vote, and that it was yeas 105, nays 102, which did not give the speaker the right to vote, he being permitted to do so only when his vote will change the result on any question.

A motion was then made to reconsider the vote, and it was carried—yeas 104, nays 102.

The effect of this was to bring the House back again to the question, "Shall salt be placed on the free list?" The vote was yeas 104, nays 105. So it was decided after all that salt shall not be placed on the free list.—It therefore remains in the bill subject to 20 per cent duty. The fate of the bill depended upon this one negative vote, as otherwise the New York members would not have voted for the bill.

The bill as amended, was then ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without a division.

The amendment placing tea and coffee among the free articles was agreed to.

The question then being "Shall the bill pass?" it was decided—yeas 114, nays 95. So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote was made and rejected. So the bill will be sent to the Senate on Monday.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 7, 1846.

The Tariff Debate.

The turn the tariff debate has taken in the National House of Representatives is deeply to be regretted.—Mr Briskerhoff, of Ohio, made a speech on the 30th ultimo, in which he declared the entire Ohio delegation would go against any, and all tariffs, that imposed a duty on tea and coffee. He also objected to the bill as reported by the committee of Ways & Means because it made a distinction between the rates of duty imposed upon wine and spirits—between wool and woollen goods and some minor articles. The insuperable objection, however, was the duty proposed upon tea and coffee. Mr B. also made a very violent attack upon the administration, the editor of the Union, and upon the southern democracy. The Oregon question, the Mexican war, southernere filling nearly all the important offices of the national government, at home and abroad, furnished the materials for his denunciatory remarks. But as this part of his speech in no way effects the merits of the tariff bill, let it pass.

Admitting what Mr Brinkerhoff, and those for whom he says he is authorized to speak, to be true—that there is an odious distinction between the duties on wines and spirits, between wool and woollens and that tea and coffee ought not to be taxed—and is it sound policy to defeat a modification of the present tariff?—What is gained by defeat? The odious distinction between wine and spirits is quite as odious under the "tariff as it is" and far more so, than under the bill being discussed in Congress reported by the committee. Under the tariff of '42 wine is admitted at a duty of from nothing up to 60 cts per gall. The wines principally used in this country being admitted at a duty of from 6 to 15 cts. per gall., averaging, probably not over 12 or 15 taking into the account all the wine imported into the country; while the duty on rum, brandy and spirits is from 60 cts. to $1 per gall., making more than five times the difference between the duty imposed upon these articles by the tariff of '42 than is made by the bill objected to by Mr Brinkerhoff and his friends. The difference between the duty upon wool and woollens under the tariff objected to on account of the difference, is six or eight times less than under that of '42. There is but five per ct. difference between wool and woollen goods in the bill now reported, being 25 per ct. on wool, and 30 per ct. on woollens. Under the "tariff as it is" nearly all the wool imported gets in under a *five per cent.* duty, while woollens pay a duty of any where from 30 to 60 per cent. Now so far as these odious distinctions of which Mr B. speaks is an objection to the tariff bill now under consideration, is it not far more an objection to the tariff of '42? Is not the man who goes for sustaining the latter and opposing the former, for the reason given by Mr B. defeating his own doctrines? If these distinctions are improper, is not the fact that they are to a great extent done away, a reason why the committee's bill should take the place of the present tariff? We think yes: Mr B. seems to be "straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel."

The objection that tea and coffee should not be taxed even as a war measure, whether right or wrong, is a matter of little consequence in comparison to the great object of wiping out the iniquitous monopoly tariff by which the whole people are robbed. We are, and ever have been, in favor of taxing luxuries at the very maximum revenue rates, that the rich may pay as far in proportion to their means, as it is possible to make them under a tariff. At the same time we have been in favor of putting as light duties as possible, and raise sufficient revenue to meet the wants of government, upon all articles of necessity, or very general consumption, that the poor might be exempted, as far as they could be, from paying more than their share of the necessary burdens of government. But, as we have already asked, what are we to gain by continuing the present tariff? Why to be sure we shall save paying about two millions of dollars duty on tea and coffee, (but shall be obliged to pay it upon some other necessaries) and in lieu thereof shall continue to pay our manufacturers thirty per ct. on their capital instead of tea, thereby taking from the pockets of the poor fifty times as much as the entire revenue proposed to be raised from tea and coffee. Now if this tea and coffee tax is unjust and impolitic, is not the man mistaking the interests of the poor, who, to prevent it, sustains the present tariff, and thereby makes the poor man pay fifty dollars to the manufacturers for every one dollar he saves on tea and coffee. To make the taxation or non taxation of tea and coffee the condition of modifying the tariff, is fairly outstripping the old proverb "penny wise and pound foolish." We can hardly regard that man as honest in his sentiments who makes, on a duty or no duty on tea and coffee, depend the yea or nay of his vote on the tariff. It is too trifling a matter to determine an issue so important to the people. And the people will and should hold accountable, fearfully accountable, whoever defeats this their great purpose, to which the democracy are firmly and solemnly pledged.

Should a single democrat in the Senate pursue the course of some of the House democrats, the tariff of '42, with all its abominations remains fastened upon the country. Whether tea and coffee are taxed to raise revenue for the purpose of the war, we care but little, nor do the people. If it is not raised by this means it will be by some other. As a permanent policy it is generally repudiated. But if it is necessary to tax or leave untaxed these articles to secure a change in the tariff, we pray either the one or the other may be done, as is found necessary. But the man or men, pretending to be democrats, who shall prevent the modification of the existing tariff, are unworthy the name, should be cast out and receive the execration of the democracy and people.

The Union says the objections against the bill, of war duties on tea and coffee, will be met, by leaving them out of the bill. The Chairman of the Committee, Gen. McKay, has so said. It also suggests that the tariff be arranged permanently upon the principles of a revenue tariff, and that any departure from such a bill that may be necessary on account of the war be provided for by a separate temporary war bill. Such a course would be wise.

P. S. Since the above was written, we see by the congressional proceedings that tea and coffee have been put into the free list, and the bill passed the House by a large majority—Mr Brinkerhoff voting for the bill.

A Revolution in Mexico.

We received yesterday, says the N. O. Picayune, of the 24th ult., a copy of El Locomoter, of Vera Cruz, of the 8th instant, which is four days later than any advices received by the Falmouth.

A revolution had broken out in the Department of Jalisco; it commenced on the morning of the 20th of May, in the city of Guadalaxara. The battalion of Logos, followed by other bodies of military and by the enthusiastic populace, attacked the palace of the Governor.

The assault of the insurgents was so prompt, that the guard had only time to make one discharge, by which one man was killed and one wounded.

Some of the defenders recognized friends among the assailants, and refused to fire. The disaffection then became general, and some of the leaders of the government troops were arrested, to save them from the fury of the insurgents.

Some skirmishing ensued and preparations were making for a general engagement, when General Duque, who had taken command of the government troops, proposed a parly. This was agreed to, and the result of the deliberation was, that the troops under General Duque should be allowed to retire with the honors of war, by a route designed by them, directly to the city of Mexico.

Provisions were given them, and they were allowed till the 23d to prepare for their departure.

Don Jose Mario Tenez was at the head of the insurrection. A formal declaration was drawn up by the insurgents, proclaiming Santa Anna their chief, and declaring that a new Congress should be summoned, to be elected by the people, according to the electoral laws of 1824 to form a new constitution in which the monarchical principle is to be excluded. It also provides that Congress should meet four months after the liberating army shall gain possession of the capital.

"Don Juan Camplido is recognized as Provisional Governor of the Department, and his oath includes the repulsing of the infamous usurpation of the Americans."

Passage of the Tariff—The Line is Drawn.

The *Union* by this mornings' mail brought the bill and the news of the passage through the House of Mr Polk's REVENUE TARIFF. As the news spread through the city, Whigs and Republicans could be as quickly defined as if of different descent—the former by the frown and the latter by the joy depicted on the countenance. By this single act of James K. Polk's administration he has imbedded himself in the hearts of the hard fisted yeomanry of New England. Soon as the bill becomes a law we will lay it before our readers. The Hon. Secretary of the Treasury has won golden opinions for his boldness of conception and energy in carrying out his purpose. We pray God the Senate may do its duty.

FOURTH OF JULY passed off here pretty much as was anticipated. We had the usual quantity of bell ringing and not a great deal else. A large proportion of our citizens went to Boston to see the grand display of fireworks. The City Guards were on hand early to fire their salutes, having camped out; they looked finely. There was a Temperance Gathering at the John street Church—the presentation of a banner gave an opportunity for a little declemetion. There were some Sunday School gatherings, and the floral procession looked very prettily; Mrs Locke wrote a short address to the children in verse, which was read to them. Several of the fire companies were out in the morning in good time. The industrial Reform Society and its friends met in Dracutt, on the banks of the Merrimack, and were addressed by Mr Brisbane and others. The members of the Young Men's Temperance Society joined with them. The Lowell Teamsters were out in their white frock uniforms, and with the Washington Brass Band made the finest display of any set of men we saw during the day. They dined at North Chelmsford.

The only positively disagreeable sights were a few intoxicated individuals and little squads of boys firing crackers to the annoyance of people generally, and especially those who had the management of horses.—We are glad the city authorities exerted themselves to put a stop to the dangerous sport of cracker squibbing.

THE DIFFERENCE. Gen. Scott proposed, with an army of thirty thousand men, to "conquer a peace" in Mexico in the month of September next. Old "Rough and Ready," with three thousand men, actually did conquer a *piece* of Mexico, while the former was discussing "a hasty plate of soup."—*Augusta Age.*

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP BRITANIA!



Fifteen days later from Europe.

The steamship arrived at East Boston at 8 o'clock July 4th, bringing Liverpool papers to the 19th and London to the 18th of June.

THE CORN BILL has passed its most critical stage—through the committee by a greater numerical strength than was anticipated—and will soon become the law of the land.

The European Times, in view of the passage of this bill says,

"The United States, our greatest commercial rival, cannot long remain inert. Her legislature will march with the times, for it would be a libel upon the intelligence of that great and potent country to suppose that she can long be insensible to the enlightened reciprocal views in commercial matters, which English philosophers have chalked out, and which English statesmen have carried practically into effect, at the sacrifice of their dearest personal and political connections, prejudices and sympathies."

The London papers think the Peel ministry will give place to the whigs as soon as the great measures of reform in which they are engaged are accomplished.

The weather two weeks previous to the sailing of the Britania had been excessively hot.

MEXICAN WAR IN ENGLAND. "In the early stage of the struggle on the banks of the Rio Grande, when the American forces sustained one or two trifling guerilla reverses, a good deal of sympathy was shown for the Mexicans, and if Jonathan had suffered more, the sorrow, we grieve to add, would not have been intense. But when the Britannia arrived with an account of the battles of "Palo Alto" and the "Palm Ravine," in which the Mexicans, on what they claim as their own soil, with a force two or three times greater than their antagonists, were "walloped" by the Americans, all sympathy disappeared, and *contempt* was the feeling universally felt and unequivocally expressed. A brave people can afford no sympathy with poltroons. The bird that cannot fight on its own dunghill is only fit to grace the spit. The exclamation of the old veteran, who declared that there were only two things in nature he abhorred—a poor man and a coward—expressed, in its antithesis, a good deal of the philosophy of life."

RUSSIAN TARIFF. The announcement that the Russian Tariff would undergo an immediate relaxation, has caused great interest in the commercial circle. Up to the present time the Russian tariff has been the most prohibitive in the world.

Steam communication is to be made weekly with Great Britain.

There were reported inwards at the Liverpool custom house, on the 10th inst., from foreign ports, 78 vessels, 37,654 tons registered, and introducing 40,000 bales cotton, 11,000 bags and 1000 hhds sugar, 55,000 bbls flour, 15,000 quarters grain (wheat and Indian corn,) 5000 tierces provisions, besides a vast quantity of other miscellaneous merchandise.

Reports begin to spread respecting the blight amongst the potato crops. It has been reported as visiting the neighborhoods of Glasgow and Dublin, and a correspondent of the Gardner's Chronicle mentions that it has shewn itself at Portugal.

FRANCE.—*Paris, June 15.* The Journal des Debats has recently published a remarkable article, in which it is said that the President went against Mexico to compensate for the loss of Oregon. It views these things with regret but says nothing offensive to the United States.

Leconte, the would-be assassin of Louis Philippe, has been brought to trial, condemned to death and executed. The law ranging attempts on the King's life in the crime of parricides, he was condemned to be executed as a parricide—that is, to go barefoot to the scaffold, wearing a shirt outside his dress, to have his head covered with a black veil, to remain standing on the scaffold whilst the sentence was read to the people [illegible] this was done on Monday morning at an early hour.

ITALY. The King of Naples is is stated is about to declare Naples and Palermo free ports.

His Holiness Pope Gregory XVI departed this life June 1. The dignitary most likely to succeed him is the Cardinal Franzoni.

The news from the remaining states of Europe is unimportant.

☞ A painful accident occurred at Boxford, says the Salem Gazette of 3d inst., one day last week, at Bentley's Cotton Mill. A young girl named Kimball, who was attending one of the looms, suffered one of her garments to be caught in some manner by the hand, and was instantly caught up and carried round the cylinder, which was revolving with great rapidity. She was dreadfully mangled and jammed between the wheel and the plastering. One of her arms was nearly torn off, and one leg badly fractured.

ACCIDENTS ON THE FOURTH. A man by the name of Fales was killed in Claremont, N. H., by the bursting of a cannon. One by the name of Minor was killed at Hopkinton from the same cause.

Two men, one named Babb from Berwick, Me., the other from Salmon Falls N. H., were killed on the morning train from Portland. They were at the top of the car.

A man by the name of Cunningham was killed by jumping from Providence train at Seekonk.

☞ *Forty-four* complaints were entered against individuals for drunkenness, in the police court of Boston on Monday.

WAGONS FOR THE ARMY. We are told this morning, by a wagon maker, that there are *two hundred ox wagons* making in Cincinnati for the Army.—There are three hundred in Philadelphia. Several of the shops here are at work on them now. The army will need them all to get through the difficult roads on which it proposes to march to Mexico.—*Cincinnati Chronicle.*

AN ORTHODOX DOG. An old shepherd in one of those outlying border parishes, where there are sometimes more quadrupeds than bipeds in church on Sabbath day, was a regular attender with his old dog, at the parish church down to the disruption. But at that eventful era he quit the establishment and joined the free Church. His dog, however, no friend to new fangled, highflying notions, could by no means be persuaded to change; but, while his master trudges every Sunday to hear the minister of his choice, away he trots doggedly to the place and the preacher he has been accustomed to.—*Border Watch.*

☞ The State Convention of New York, for the revision of the Constitution, among other amendments have reported the following for the benefit of women:

§ 14. All property real or personal of the wife, owned by her before marriage, and that acquired by her afterwards, by gift, devise or descent, or otherwise than from her husband, shall be her separate property. Laws shall be passed providing for the registry of the wife's seperate property, and more clearly defining the rights of the wife thereto; as well as to property held by her with her husband.

☞ The Caravan of Van Amburgh will remain during the week. The amount of money taken at the menagerie on the fourth was percisely $3670, and during the last week they took the very handsome and unprecedented sum of $7760.—*Post.*

REGISTER OF DEEDS. We are sorry to be obliged to say that Native American Caleb Hayden has been elected Register of Deeds in Middlesex county, by 25 votes majority. Hayden received 2,572 Petch, 2,524; Scat., 23. There is a sympathy between whiggery and nativism that always makes them *act* together however they may *talk*. It must be admitted, however, that many of our own party, mistakenly voted against Mr Patch, because they had been made to believe he had been connected with the recent liquor prosecutions. Such a story, we understood, was very industriously circulated by the friends of Mr Hayden. We know it was false, but it had its effect.

Police Court.

Monday July 6

Commonwealth vs Owen Larry—Assault and Battery on John Bagley fined $3 and cost.

Otis L. Allen, Richard, Kellett Wm. W. Curtis, Robert Smith, Robert Cassids, Robert Bradford, J. B. Melvin, John W. Davis John M. Carter, Aldin Freeman, and Lorenzo Wood, were each fined $1 dollar and cost for selling Indian Crackers.

Tuesday July 7.

Wm. Wallace and Wm. Young were each fined $5 and cost for Assault and Battery on Geo. W. Hancock.

Hugh Fulton Drunkeness, fined $5 and cost.

☞ There has been a row in Waltham among the Irish, on account of alleged extertions and immoralists of the Catholic Preist. The Military were called out to restore quiet. The Irish are divided, part go for maintaining the Priest and a part are against him.—Each party wants possession of the church which caused the row.

☞ Mr Samuel A. Gager, of Bezrah, Ct., walking beside his team fell, and the wheels of the cart passed over him, one over his breast and the other over his head, crushing his skull in a shocking manner, and causing his death in a few minutes.

☞ An old maid in Liberty, Wisconsin who would wish to be considered a young maid, has brought an action for damages against the editor of the village paper, for saying that she was one of the oldest and most respectable residents of that place.

☞ Hon. Abbott Lawrence, as we learn from the National Intelligencer, has authorized the printing at Washington, of 20,000 copies of Mr Stewert's Speech "in defence of the Protective policy," for distribution, directing the printer to draw on him for all expenses

LEFT THE CABINET FOR THE BENCH. Mr. Buchanan, Secretary of State, on Tuesday took leave of the State Department, and was nominated for one of the Judges of the Supreme Court for the circuit of Philadelphia.

FLETCHER WEBSTER gave an address in Boston on the Fourth at the invitation of the City authorities. We are sorry our neighbor of the Courier feels so bad because Mr Webster upholds our government in the war with Mexico.

☞ The following is attributed to Park Benjamin: The Mexicans thought Taylor a good workman, and a large number of them gave him a trial. They found him industrious enough, and pretty good at *cutting, whipping*, and *felling*, but they couldn't stand his *charges.*

CONVICTED OF MURDER. John C. Senter of Lexington, Missouri, has been found guilty of the murder of his brother-in-law K. B. Sent, in 1843, and sentenced to be hung on the 31st of the present July.

FOUR DOLLARS. Flour, says the N. Y. Sun, now is but four dollars a barrel. The immense crop and trifling export, compared with the last year, have brought it down.

☞ Archibald Watson was killed by an explosion at the Powder Mills of Alfred Dupont, Wilmington, Delaware.

☞ The statement that Mr Cozzens, had died in consequence of injuries received at the Market st. fire, Boston, was premature; there are hopes of his recovery.

☞ The territory of Upper California is equal to twelve such states as Ohio. The estimated population of the whole territory is as follows: 10,000 Mexicans, 20,000 Indians, and 1,500 Americans.

☞ Col. J. D. Stevenson of New York is about to raise a new regiment to proceed to California, and occupy it. A son of Secretary Marcy is to be a major in it.

☞ Amos B. Merrill, of Boston, had his pocket book stolen at the Worcester depot. It contained $140 in bills besides some gold and silver coin, and valuable papers.

☞ Early wheat in Kentucky has yielded abundantly—later crops have suffered by the sultry weather.

☞ St. Louis city is said to be quite unhealthy at the present time, from the foul condition of the streets and cellers.

☞ James T. Strong, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, was drowned in the mill race of the Ann Arbor Mills on the 19th ult.

☞ A son of Col Benton was killed a few days since, at Brownston, In., by the discharge of a gun in the hands of a companion, with whom he was hunting.

☞ The Boston City Government has purchased a National Flag—the first the City ever owned.

☞ Several persons were relieved of their pocket books in the crowd on Boston Common on the Fourth.

☞ Some one entered the Fulton bank N. Y. and stole $1000 in gold.

☞ The wife of Gen. Taylor is with her brother in-law, at Point Conpee, on the Mississippi.

☞ The loss by the fire at St. Johns, Newfoundland, is estimated five millions of dollars.

☞ The Massachusetts Mills Co. have divided ten per cent. for six months.

☞ Ripe peaches have made their appearance in Louisiana.

☞ Amount of treasury notes out standing July 1 $471,164,38.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Hulbee, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9he

A REGULAR PHYSICIAN has kindly volunteered the following certificate in favor of Wistar's Balsam, having used it successfully in many severe cases, and always with good results.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry effected a cure. E. BOYDEN,

Physician at Exeter Corner.

None genuine, without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pupr14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Pnacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and sufferieg of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&r6mchm

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell; jet1

LETTER FROM SABIN HATCH.

Montrose, Pa., August 6, 1842.

Mr. C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—I was severely afflicted with an affection of the lungs, pain in the left side and breast, attended with an alarming cough. I was in New York, and my friends there advised me to try your Health Restorative. I procured two bottles, and before I had used one of them I found my health materially improved, and after using the second bottle I enjoyed as good health as I had done at any time in five or six years. At the time I speak of, being in New York, my friends despaired of my ever reaching my home. I used no other medicine, and can attribute my improvement in health to nothing, under God, but the medicine here spoken of; and I am desirous that every one similarly afflicted would give it a trial. SABIN HATCH.

may15 r2m

MARRIED,

In this city, July 5, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Granvill Bell, of Salem, to Miss Caroline A. Wright, of this city.

In this city, June 27, by Rev. Mr Hanks, Mr Nathaniel L. Luthe to Miss Ruth Ann Hines. July 4th, by the same, Mr Benjamin L. Goodins to Miss Susan Jack.

In Shirley, by Rev. Benjamin Whittemore, of Lancaster, Mr Joseph Barker, jr., of Acton, to Miss Miranda Butler, of Shirley.

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending July 4, 1846.

June 29th, Horace N. Dix, 9 months; James Carpenter, 5 mos., consumption; 30th, Zebtee G. Sargent's child, 2 days, infantile; 30th, Harriet M. Fifield, 20 months, dysentery; July 1st, Abby Jane Boynton, 2 years, consumption; 2d, Ellen G. Sandborn, 21 months, dropsy of the brain; 3d, Catherine Dobbins, 59 years, consumption; 3d, Mary Josephine Sevrance, 20 months, scarlet fever; 4th, Josephine Winnick, 3 months, diarrhea.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

CAME to the enclosure of the Subscriber Friday morning, July 3d, 2 Shoats, nearly black. The owner is requested to come for the same and pay for this advertisement, &c. SAMUEL MOREY.

jy7 a3t

WELCH & MANN'S



MAMMOTH NATIONAL CIRCUS,

Conducted by JOHN J. DRAKE.

Equestrian Manager, G. J. CADWALLADER.
Clowns, (*grotesque to the arena*,) JOHNSON & WELLS.
Master of the Circle, D. CAMP.

MESSRS. WELCH & MANN most respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity, that they purpose to visit this place, on *MONDAY July 13th*, 1846, and continue four days, and the proprietors would suggest that, having been received and patronized by the *first families* of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they deem it incumbent upon themselves to state that upon visiting each place during their Summer Campaign, they intend to present such a varied and pleasing routine of performances, which cannot fail to elicit the approbation and patronage of the most fastidious. They also pledge themselves that the performance generally shall equal the CORTEGE by which it is preceded in every city, town, or village they may have the honor to visit. They most confidently assure the citizens of each place, that their Company shall be selected and comprised of the largest and greatest order of talent in the United States.

Upon entering the city, this extensive company will be attended by a MOST MAGNIFICENT BAND CHARIOT, (drawn by 12 cream-colored horses) with 12 talented musicians, playing some of the most popular airs, marches, &c., selected from the most celebrated composers, followed by a grand retinue of carriages, wagons, teams, &c., &c., numbering over 150 persons, horses, &c.

For particulars see bills of performance.

☞Prices 25 Cents to all parts of the Arena. Positively no half-price.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

N. B.—On *Wednesday and Thursday* there will be an afternoon performance commencing at 3 o'clock.—Doors open at 2½ o'clock. jy2a4t

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—SIR I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

***For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 112, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER; C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

TARLTON & GUILD,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11,

Would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and promptly done. jy6m

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to establish the grade of Central street and the sidewalks, to lay out such further sidewalks as may be deemed expedient, and to widen and straighten the present sidewalks on said street if the public good requires it,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw2w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out a street from Gorham street to South street (near the South Grammar School house), and to lay sidewalks thereon or on such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said streets and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a street called Ford street, extending from Cabot street to Moody street, may be laid out and graded,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JUNE 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and extend Elm street from Chapel street to Gorham street,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. Aje27

BE SURE you call at the Silk and Shawl Store, up over the Post Office, on or before the 4th of July next, for they will give you an equivalent for your money. They will not resort to any deception in order to sell you—they rely on the quality and price to sell their goods. Aje27

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office. je30a2w

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Thursday next.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy7

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing that he has, at great expense, effected an engagement for the production of the splendid new and magnificent Historical Exhibition of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*: together with three magnificent MOVING PANORAMAS! which has been entirely rebuilt during the past winter and spring by the best Artists and Mechanics of New England, and portrays in its exhibition a *perfect miniature representation*, in three acts, of one of the most remarkable epochs of the American Revolution—introducing hundreds of Automaton Soldiers, carved in perfect symmetry and correctly dressed in their respective costume—Field Pieces—Baggage Trains—Distant Music—Firing of Cannon and Musketry, and by a perfect combination of science, mechanical and chemical skill, all the elementary effects of thunder, rain, and howling of the storm, with a perfection in *mock reality*.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1846, and every evening until further notice—commencing at 8 o'clock. Also every SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Programme of the Exhibition.

1st. The magnificent new Moving Panorama, entitled THE MERMAID'S CAVE, and home of the Fairies! Painted by Robert Jones, Esq., and covering upwards of 1408 feet of canvass.

New Drop Curtain—LANDING OF COLUMBUS. Painted by C. Lehr. After which, the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL!

For description see small bills.

2nd. new Curtain—LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, &c. Painted by C. Lehr.

3d. BATTLE OF LEXINGTON. Painted by Lehr.

4th. ENGAGEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION AND GUERRIERE. By Lehr.

After which, the continuous Moving Panorama, commencing with the *Battle of North Point*, changing to a view of the *City of Baltimore*, painted on 1800 feet of canvass, from actual sketches taken on the spot, and from information furnished by survivors of the battle, by Gen. Curtis and T. C. Bartholomew.

To conclude with a new and brilliant Moving Panorama, painted on 2000 feet of canvass, by Charles Lehr, Esq., Scenic Painter of the Boston Museum, commencing with a view of the *Island of Ceylon*, changing to a terrific *Storm Scene on the Merrimack River*; and concluding with another change to a *Moonlight View of the City of Lowell*, the Manchester of America, in which the Factories are seen lighted up as at work. At the ringing of the bells the lights are extinguished and the scene closes.

☞Tickets 25 cents each person. Children half price when accompanied by parents. At the Saturday afternoon performances Schools in a body will be admitted for 10 cents each.

For particulars see small bills. June10

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Secty of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Bankkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cattmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. F. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je14tf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors at the National Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Pittsburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&p1y*

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, only by

may14-a&p1y GEORGE H. CARLTON

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&p1ymar5

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.

BENT & BUSH,

WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, No. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.

N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. my19 a1tf

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

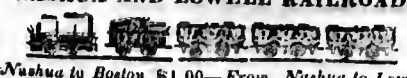
SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11 a1tf

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—*From Nashua to Lowell* 40 *cents.*

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First trains at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hollows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

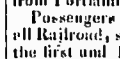
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¾, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at [illegible], and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20ea&p1ang1

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25a1tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Grass, Land, &c.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 13th day of July inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M., the *Grass standing on about* 12 *Acres of Land*, situated in that part of Dracutt, called "*New Boston*." Also, immediately after the Grass, the Land will be sold. Said land is a part of a Farm formerly owned by Nathaniel Stickney, adjoining the land of Ezra Porter. Also, at the same time and place, one Single Sleigh, Wheelbarrow, and other Farming utensils. Sale positive—Terms at the sale.

☞For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Dean & Dinsmore, Wentworth's Building, next east of the Depot, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer. jy7

Postponed Sale of Groceries, Crockery Ware, &c.—Balance of the Stock of N. ROBINSON & Co., Merr'k St

On THURSDAY, July 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Store, Hhds. Molasses, Sugar, Flour, Rice, Tea, Coffee, bbls. Ground Coffee, Summer and Winter Oil, Salt Fish, Pork, Rum, Dried Apple, Starch, Spices, Raisins, Rugs of Salt, Tobacco, Beens, Peas, Wooden Ware, and numerous small articles usually kept in a W. I. Goods Store. Also, a lot of Crockery and Glass Ware, Cutlery, Oil Cans, and other Shop Furniture.—1 Sleigh and Harness, &c. Sale without reserve—Terms Cash. jy7

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

2 *Cottage Houses and valuable Lot.*

On WEDNESDAY July 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, situated on Kirk Avenue, 2d Lot from Kirk Street consisting of rising 2000 square feet land with 2 convenient Cottage Houses well built there on. Terms at Sale. jy2

On SATURDAY, July 11, at 10 o'clock, A. M., one grey mare, 6 years old—sound in every respect, and kind in any harness, good size and figure, of the celebrated Eclipse stock—may be seen on application to Mr E. Allen, at Pawtucket Gulden.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side lamps, stoves, &c. &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

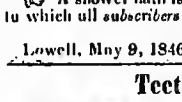
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1may9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sennit and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28 a1tf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obtaining regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19 a2w C. K. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WANTED this day six first rate Coal Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McELVOY,

58, Central St.

je6a1f

Highly important to all invailds and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arroyed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the compositon of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to scatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, Kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentary and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CARINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to these peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose lurid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their bates opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of the above complaints or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. n1yjno22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for "Brown's," as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, an account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull; Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. H. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

apr4 adv&pa1y

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A. M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY,
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very respectfully,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain across the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREBUR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried everything in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR,

Dear Sir,—I this is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The case described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&pbuwsapr9

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjon29

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; O. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m9

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 9, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 80.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special price*, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-
ap12 *Store....LOWELL.* 6m

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Renj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jun21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jon1 *No. 78, Central Street,* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jun8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett
je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building. No. 30, Central Street,
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

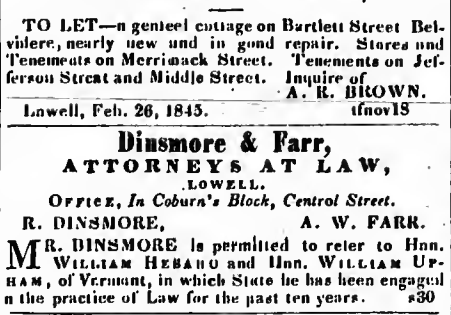
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moroens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Muscilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly8 mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. sep8

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the germs of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutic ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to each the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others complimentary of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Wiasted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrotula in its most virulent form: I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me:
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla other witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'y,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Foster, Stonington, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug20

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&r&uncho

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16tf

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner. a&plynov3

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
Life Assurance Society of London.
(INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman.
John T. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office in Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age	Sum Assured	Annual Premium	Policy taken in	Bonus to add to sum assured	Bonus in Cash	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$5000	$370 75	837.	$95 35	$448 31	$69 25	$1977 79
			1846	929 2	373 45	57 12½	1730 55
			8'9	693 3 7½	308 50	45 7½	1483 33

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, *at the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.
1ya&p2awaopdec18

Dr. Peirce's Bitters and Syrup.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Abred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's Instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan13

John Gillespie,—Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. (tfapr7) April 6, 1846.

From the Symbol and Odd Fellows Magazine for June

A pair of Parodies.

BY ONE OF THE "BOYS."

ALICE GRAY.

She isn't what I painted her—
A thing all hearts to win—
I saw no beauty when I found
She hadn't got the "tin;"
I loved her upwards of a week—
But found it wouldn't pay;
So I "took my hat and went ashore,"
And cut Miss Alice Gray.

Her dark brown hair was all a sham;
Her forehead "Jones' white,"
One eye an artificial one,
The other far from bright;
Oh, she may twine her purchased curls,
She mustn't look this way—
My heart is far from breaking
For the love of Alice Gray.

I've such a very pretty sum
In rides and sweetmeats past,
And hav'nt now the first red cent—
She drained me to the last.
How green I was, in earnest grave,
I certainly must say;
I shall be cut by all the "B'hoys"
For courting Alice Gray.

HE WORE A FLASHY WAISTCOAT.

He wore a flashy waistcoat; on the night when first we met
With a famous pair of wiskers and imperial of jet,
His air had all the haughtiness, his voice the manly tone,
Of a gentleman with eighty thousand dollars his own.

I saw him but a moment, and methinks I see him now,
With a very flashy waistcoat and a beaver on his brow,
And once again I saw that brow—no rent "Legey" was there,
But a shocking "bad un" was his hat, and matted was his hair:

He wore a brick within his hat—the change was all complete,
And he was flanked by constable—who marched him up the street;
I saw him but a moment, yet methinks I see him now,
Charged by those worthy officers with kicking up a row.

My Baby and my Wife.

Have you seen our precious babe,
With eyes of glittering jet?
His lips—two dewey rosebuds—
In dimpling smiles are set.

So pure, so fair and fragile,
It seems an angel given
To lead our earth born spirits
Up to its native heaven:

It is a petted darling,
This little babe of ours—
It sports in life's warm sunshine
A bud among the flowers.

Time waves his pinion
Around his cherub face;
And as his wings steal o'er it,
It adds a lovelier grace:

Each day some new born beauty
Is nursing into life;
I know not which is sweetest,
My baby or my wife.

THE FLOWER OF THE ODENWALD.

OR, THE PISTOL DUEL.

Clara Von Roseuslein was one of the loveliest maidens not only in Heidlberg, out in the whole principality of Baden. Tall, and of matchless symmetry, her graceful figure was just expanding into the bloom of womanhood; her smile was like a sunbeam; her cheek like the delicate hue of the rose; and her soft brown hair waved in glossy curls from a brow bright with intelligence, and fairer than the snow; while her dove-like eyes of the deepest blue, fringed by long dark lashes, beamed with a gentle light, which, in the days of chivalry, would have sent half the champions of Christendom into the lists to shiver shear for one single glance. She was one of those rare beings which seem almost too beautiful for the atmosphere of this every day world; and her beauty was only to be equalled by her sweet and amiable mind. Of course, the students had by far too much good taste not to go half mad for the love of so peerless a damsel; and the gentle Clara had turned the heads of half the university. To use the words of Sheridan's beautiful song—

"Friends in all the ranged she met,
And lovers in the throng."

Whenever a ball was in prospect, the young nobles—aye, even the Crown Prince himself, would go to engage her hand for the dance a month before. If you passed along the Anlege of a summer's night, rising from the old acacia trees which waved beneath her mother's dwelling, the silver strains of the serenade brought by some spell-bound lover, would be sure to fall upon the ear. Many a lover had sighed for her in vain; but of all the numerous aspirants to her favor, the Count Ernst Von Newenberg was the only one who seemed to have a chance of success. Young, rich, handsome and fascinating, with some of the oldest blood of Saxony in his veins, Von Newenberg was the idol of his associates, and the picked man of his chare. One of the first swordsmen at the university his aim at the "vagt" was as unerring as his guard at the duel was true. At the revel, his laugh was the merriest, and his song the lightest; while his generous and open temper, and the unaffected simplicity of his manner, made him society courted by all. No one was so frequently the gentle Clara's partner in the dance, or her companion in those mountain rambles which, accompanied by her mother and sisters, were her delight; and at length the world gave it out—and we believe the world for once was in the right—that the flower of the "Odenwald" had become the betrothed of the Count Von Newenberg.

As ill fate would have it, there was then a student at the university, who, it is said, had also been an aspirant for the smiles of the gentle Clara, and what in person as well as character, was widely different from the Count. He was a Scabian noble; dark and grim in his aspect, fierce and overbearing in temper; in every respect as opposite as possible from his more favored rival was he who was known by the formidable appelation of the Black Baron. His stormy passions had never brooked control; and when, at last, to his dismay, he learned that the beautiful Clara had blessed another with her heart, from that moment an intense and deadly hatred of Von Newenberg seized possession of his whole being, and he eagerly sought some opportunity of fastening a quarrel upon him; which Ernst, though brave as a lion by nature, yet being of a quiet and unassuming temper, took every precaution to avoid. Matters had been going on in this way for some time, when it was announced in the papers that a ball would take place in the Museum upon New Year's Eve.—

No sooner was this fact made public than the Baron, who, we suppose, wished to have one chance more, repaired to Clara's dwelling, and requested her hand for a certain dance; and as it is not the etiquette of the country in such a case for a lady to refuse, the fair Clara yielded a reluctant assent. Unfortunately, however, she made some mistake, and accidently marked the Baron's name down for the wrong dance upon the little "karte der balle" which in Germany is furnished beforehand to every lady by the master of the ceremonies.

The evening arrived, and never did the "beauty of the Odenwald" appear more bewitching; attired in a robe of snowy white, with no ornament save a solitary rose in the silken tresses of her dark hair. Those who saw her that night floating along in the graceful waltz declared that their eyes never lighted upon a more perfect vision of youthful loveliness. She was just about to dance with the Count, when the Black Baron appeared with an ominous and scowling brow. "Fraulein," said he, "I think promised me this dance."

"No," replied Clara, showing him her little tablet, "I have your name for the next. This one I promised to the Count Von Newenberg."

The baron's eyes flashed fire as he rudely replied, "You must certainly be mistaken. You promised me the second "Schottish;" this is it and I cannot let you off."

"Well," said Clara, "as the mistake must have been mine, Herr Baron, if the count will be good enough to excuse me until the next dance, I have no objection to dance this with you."

"Count Newenberg," replied the baron, "had no voice in the matter. If you do not dance with me now you shall dance with no one else to-night."

The blood mounted up to the count's temples at the savage rudeness of this speech, but, curbing his indignation, he quietly replied, "The Fraulein dances with me, this time and any such language as you have just used must not be repeated."

The poor Fraulein was inconsolable. She entreated Ernst to allow her to withdraw from the dance, but this the count would by no means permit. Gaily floated the music's voluptous swell; round went the dance; beneath the loving light of the Fraulein's beautiful eyes, Ernst forgot his passage with the moody baron; but that night was the last time he ever pressed the slender waist of the beautiful Clara, and he listened then to the silver tones of that voice whose sound upon earth was never to greet his ear again.—Upon arriving at his lodgings, Ernst found one of the Suabian Chore waiting for him, with a cartel from the baron. He had hoped that the affair was over, but he little knew the fierce and vindictive spirit of his rival.

"Go back," he said, "and tell the baron, that in this case if any message ought to come at all it should be from me; he made use of language which few others would have brooked, but I forgive him, I do not seek his life."

"Count," replied the Suabian, "the baron is determined, and he desires me to add; that if you show any disinclination to meet him, he will take the first opportunity of insulting you in public."

"Let him, if he dares," replied Ernst, and the Suabian departed.

The next day, however, a collision took place, unnecessary for us to describe; suffice to say that the baron was so virulent and outrageous in his conduct, that a meeting was considered inevitable. The challenged party in such cases has always his choice of weapons, and the Count Von Newenberg had to select between the pleasant alternative of the crooked sabre or the pistol—As he knew his opponent was at the very least fully his match with the sabre, and had, besides the advantage of superior height and strength, he chose the latter, and the Black Baron went nearly mad with rage when he heard of this selection; he stamped like a maniac, cursed his stars, his second, and every body else.

"I hoped I had him in my power," said he, grinding his teeth—"but this cursed chance will spoil all. Von Newenberg never misses his mark, so that unless I get the first shot I am a dead man."

The hour was fixed for seven o'clock the following morning; the place was the garden behind the castle, and the count spent the rest of the day with the sight of his beloved Clara.—Morning dawned; the crisp frost sparkled on the ground, the air was sharp and bracing, every blade of grass and leaf glittered like a diamond in the dew, as Ernst and his friend walked up the avenue of old lime trees which leads to the "Alte Schloss," having reached the garden they found the baron and his party already on the ground; the former was pacing moodily to and fro, with his hat drawn down over his face.—After some discussion, the seconds decided that they should fight what is called the "barrier duel," in which the combatants are posted at a certain distance, and may advance to a given limit, firing during their progress at any time they please, so that, of course, the party who reserves his fire, if he is not hit himself, has the life of his opponent in his hands.

Congress.

Monday July 6.

SENATE. The Tariff bill was received from the House.

Mr Sevier moved that it be printed, and made the special order for Monday next.

The motion was divided, and the resolution for printing adopted.

Mr Evans then moved its reference to the Finance Committee.

Mr Sevier called for the yeas and nays, and opposed the reference, because members of the Finance Committee were absent. Mr Speight had gone to North Carolina, and might not return before the end of the session.

Mr Evans thought if that was a reason, then it is a reason why no more business should be referred to that committee, and why they should be discharged from the business before them.

Mr Sevier saw no good to result from a reference.—He wanted early action. The committee could not report on all the items under three weeks if permitted. They are equally divided, and how can they be expected to report it back?

Mr Allen said it was perfectly well known that members of committees present were equally divided on the subject, and said that the vacancy could be filled. No Senators on this side would object to it.—He said if the bill is referred, he will consider it equivalent to a defeat.

Senator Niles (democrat,) expressed himself opposed to the bill in toto. He should vote against it, and take the responsibility.

The motion to refer was lost; ayes 22; nays 24.

Yeas,—Cilly, Thomas Clayton, J. M. Clayton, Corwin, Crittenden, Davis, Evans, Huntington, Jarnegan, Johnson of Md., Johnson of Louisiana, Mangum, Morehead, ——, Niles, Pearce, Phillips, Simmons, Sturgeon, ——, ——, Woodbridge.

Nays—Allen, Ashley, Atcheson, Bagby, Benton, Breese, Bright, Calhoun, Cass, Chalmers, Colquit, Dickinson, Fairfield, Hannegan, Houston, Lewis, McDuffie, Pennybacker, Semple, Sevier, Turney, Westcott, and Yulee—24.

The bill was then made the special order for Monday, and 300 extra copies ordered to be printed.

HOUSE. Mr Brinkerhoff asked, and after some objections were made, obtained leave to make a personal explanation. He referred to an article in the Union.

Mr Wick next made a long explanation in reply to the attack on him by Mr Rathbun on Friday.

Mr Healy submitted joint resolutions to reduce and regulate the price of public printing, which were read and referred.

Tuesday July 7.

In the SENATE. Mr Benton from the Military Committee, reported adverse to the bill to increase the payment of volunteers and allow them a bounty in land.

Mr Clayton then called up the resolution from the House for paying volunteers called out by Gen. Gaines. On motion of Mr Wescott, any thing in the bill that might be constructed into a sanction of Gen. Gaine's course was stricken out, and the resolutions was then adopted.

Mr Houston called up his resolution of thanks to Gen. Taylor and the Army, for the victories on the frontier of Texas.

The resolution was rejected, and the resolution from the House, with slight modifications, was unanimously adopted.

The land graduating bill was then taken up.

Messrs Huntington and Simmons spoke in opposition to the bill and the substitute offered by Mr Calhoun, and proposed sundry amendments.

Mr Calhoun replied, and was followed by Mr Johnson of La., Dayton of Yulee.

Mr Johnson of Md. obtained the floor, and the bill was postponed until to-morrow.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE. Mr Hodge's motion to suspend the rules, for the purpose of offering a resolution to adjourn on the 27th of August, being the first business in order, the rules were suspended, yeas 98, nays 48.

Mr Hodge modified his resolution by substituting the 3d of August, and demanded the previous question.

Mr Roberts moved to lay the resolution on the table,—yeas 59, nays 10. The resolution was then adopted without a division.

A call of the House was now ordered by a vote of 54 yeas to 45 nays. There were 107 present. Many motions were made respecting further proceedings under repeated calls to adjourn and so forth.

Mr McKay moved that absentees be requested to render their excuses to-morrow morning.

The chair decided the motion out of order.

An appeal was taken and the decision of the chair was reversed.

Mr McKay's resolution was then adopted, and the House adjourned.

Mr Haralson, from the committee on military affairs reported a bill to pay volunteers raised by Gen. Gaines, but not accepted by the government.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr Wick in the chair, and took up the land graduation bill.

Mr Stephens made a strong speech against the general features of the bill.

Mr Dobbins spoke at length and with spirit in favor of the bill, after which the committee rose.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 9, 1846.

The Warehouse Bill.

After the passage of the tariff bill the most important step for the extension of the principles of free trade is to establish a warehousing system. The great advantages of this system are so manifest, and its benefits so simple and plain that the only surprise is that it has not long ago been adopted. The great object of the system is to allow to be imported and stored in a government warehouse all foreign merchandize without exacting the payment of the duties until the goods are taken from the warehouse.

The effects of permitting foreign merchandize to be imported and stored without demanding the duties on the importer is desirous of removing it from the warehouse are mainly these: First, it greatly convenes and facilitates commerce: Second, it increases the exportation of our own productions: Third, it brings imported productions at a less price to the consumer without diminishing the revenue.

Commerce will be facilitated because, as goods can be imported and entered into the warehouse and re-exported to any foreign port without the payment of duties or any charge save a trifle for storage, all kinds of merchandize will find its way into our warehouses so that assorted cargoes may be made up for any part of the world without the expense of going from country to country to obtain the different articles wanted. As every kind of merchandize, domestic and foreign, may be found in our warehouses, vessels of foreign nations, that want part of a cargo of American productions, part of English and a part of French, or those of any other nation may come to this country for their assortment instead of going to England or some other country where the goods of all nations may be found in their warehouses. This they will always do when it is more convenient, whereas under our present system if they come here at all they must afterwards, instead of making out their full cargo here as they can in England, take a voyage there to complete their assortment. These advantages need not be dwelt upon to be understood.

This system will increase our domestic exports by a regular direct trade growing up, or its being increased, between this and other countries, that is now carried on through other nations. Where direct commerce is carried on between two nations a great variety of articles form a part of the cargoes that would not where it is indirect—where a nation goes to an English warehouse for American productions. The direct trade will greatly increase when full assorted cargoes can be made up at our ports. The exportation of our principal manufactures and other articles of export will also be greatly enhanced. When a vessel is in our ports, if she wants a part of a cargo of Lowell cloth, Lynn shoes or Connecticut clocks and can get them cheaper than to go to England, France or any other nation for them, adding to the cost of them the expense of the extra voyage of going there for them, she will take them here. And it is as certain that we shall supply many articles, even at an advance of the price of what they may be purchased for in some other nation, as it is that the trade with other nations will be increased by affording the facilities of loading a ship with every variety of production on earth at our own port.

That foreign goods would cost the consumer less under this system is easily illustrated. A merchant imports $100,000 worth of wine at the foreign price. The duty is 30 per ct. This duty which would amount to 30,000 is, under the present system, paid on arrival into port. Then from the day of arrival till it is sold for retail the importer must have the interest on his $30,000, and profit on it also as it is part of his capital and means of doing business. If it is but one year before the wine reaches the retailer, 6 per ct. on the duties paid must be charged for it more than if it could have laid in the warehouse without paying the duties till it was sold. Six per ct. on thirty thousand dollars is $1,800, for which it must be sold more. Add to that 10 per ct. profit for the merchant on his $30,000 capital, paid in duties, and we have $3000 more to be added to $1,800 making the $100,000 worth of wine cost the retailer $4,800 more than if it could have laid in a warehouse a year and the duty had not been exacted till that time which we have, for illustration, supposed to be the time the importer kept it before the retailer purchased.

FROM MEXICO.

Address of Paredes to the Mexican Congress.

On the 1st June Paredes delivered an address to the Congress he had called together. The following extracts which we publish, show he has no desire or thought of peace—that he ordered the Mexican General-in-chief to attack our troops, and that accordingly the Mexican forces crossed the Rio Grande—that the Mexican government were making preparations for war before Mr Slidell arrived at Mexico—that the Mexican government under Herrera had agroud to receive a Minister Plenipotentiary from our government—that Mr Slidell was repeatedly rejected until he finally asked for his passports.

The evacuation of Matamoras is attributed to the infidelity of the Commander, and the battle of the 9th is acknowledged as an unfortunate defeat; but that of the 8th the Mexican troops are represented as having maintained their ground with honor. He acknowledges the revolutionary movements in different states, but says they have been put down except at Jalisco and that numerous troops have been ordered there to punish the revolutionists.

"I announce to the Congress, with a feeling of profound grief, that in the course of my administration, the public order and tranquility have been disturbed in the south of the department of Mexico, and in a part of the departments of Puebla and Oajaca, in the departments of Sinaloa and Sonora, and recently in that of Jalisco. In the south of Mexico, and where that department adjoins those of Oajaca, Puebla, Michoacan, and Jalisco, there exist old and rancorous elements or disorder, which are developed and augmented in all the convulsions which agitate the republic. The benefits of civilization have not there begun to be felt, and it would be a most provident and philanthropic measure to hasten to introduce them, in order that such elements of perdition as are there united may not increase and be propagated. It will be an everlasting stigma upon the factions in that district, that they have seized upon the vessels destined to compose the expedition to the Californias, and the abundant supplies which the preceding administration had provided. This frightful and parricidal crime was consummated in Mazatlan, by the military forces destined to protect that peninsula, which the troops of the United States had begun to invade. The government has checked the progress of the revolution in the south, has directed the march of numerous and faithful troops to the capital of the department of Jalisco, and will not leave unpunished the mutiny, purely military, in Sinaloa.

On taking possession of the reins of government, the present administration found itself met by the engagement contracted by the previous administration, to receive a minister plenipotentiary from the United States to treat of the Texas question. The government being firmly resolved to maintain, at all hazards, the most just of causes, and not to suffer the nation to be despoiled of that portion of its territory, was making its preparations for war; but at that same time, desirous of sparing the blood of Mexicans, if that could be done without derogating from the good name of the republic, and by dignified and decorous negotiations, determined to hear what the said minister had to communicate. As was to be expected, however, from the deceitful policy of the United States, the minister had no sooner presented himself than the bad faith with which they were acting was evident in their having nominated Mr John Slidell, not as a minister *ad hoc* to treat of a special business, but as a minister resident—as if the relations between the two countries had undergone no change. The government in various notes made known to him in the most decisive terms its irrevocable determination not to receive him, except in a character purely special, for which reason he asked for and immediately had sent to him passports to leave the national territory.

After having assembled more than five thousand men on the frontier, I directed the general-in-chief of our division to attack the enemy, and he resolved to cross the river, taking a position between St. Isabel and the fortified point of Paso Real. On the 8th, a sanguinary action took place between the belligerent forces, in which our troops gave proof of their valor, and, although with some loss, maintained their ground, and the honor of our army was saved. On the following day the general-in-chief fell back in order to take another position, where the combat was renewed, and was entirely unfortunate for the republic. The division recrossed the river, and the general-in-chief, who, according to his statements, still preserved four thousand troops of the line, without counting auxilaries, suddenly evacuated the city of Matamoras, against the positive orders of the government, which had taken into consideration the importance of maintaining that post for ulterior operations, and as a depot for the reinforcements which had been ordered. Conduct so unexpected on the part of the General-in-chief has compelled me to displace him, and to order him to repair to this capital to answer for his conduct before a court of general officers, as provided for by the regulations of the army. The government, while deeply moved by these reverses in a sacred cause, is incessantly at work to repair them, and relies for that purpose on the power of the nation and the assistance of Congress which, by a special design of Providence, has this day been solemnly assembled."

The squadron of the United States has commenced blockading the ports of Tompico, Tamaulipas, and Vera Cruz, and there is great probibility that the thunder of the enemies cannon will be directed against those beautiful cities. The period has arrived, therefore, when all the sons of the country should be summoned to its defence; and when the national Congress should declare war against the nation which so much deceives itself, if it supposes that a reverse can extinguish the valor, or overcome the constancy and heroism, of which our fellow countrymen have given such signal proofs. As a citizen and a soldier, I am prepared to make every sacrifice; and the brave men of the army, supported by this magnanimous people, will defend with me the holy rights of the country.

Should you give to the people institutions which may guarantee the principles of the representative, popular, and republican system, and combine them with the stability which the nation seeks after so many vicissitudes, you will have satisfied all its wants, and will acquire an everlasting title to the gratitude of Mexicans. Hasten to give them such a rallying point that, making every sacrifice, not of interest only, but of opinions, all desires may be concentrated, and all exertions used in a defence of the country against its perfidious invaders. I assure you again of my most implicit obedience to your determination."

☞ It is said the President will, in a few days, send a message to Congress, recommending the issue of Letter of Marque Commissions, in consequence of a letter received by the Department from the U. S. Consul at Rio de Janeiro, in which it was stated that a gang of Buccaneers was afloat under the Mexican flag, on the seas in that vicinity, and had recently overhauled a British vessel.

☞ Coroner Pratt held an inquest on the body of a person, name unknown, who was found dead in Commercial Court, Boston, near Gray's wharf. He had been soon intoxicated, and died evidently of delirium tremens.

☞ The Licking Herald says: "With 36 banks in Ohio—all in full blast—wheat sells at 45 cents a bushel! What will it be when the balance of Kelly's batch are put in operation?"

☞ The Portsmouth Mercury speaks very highly of the Oration of the Hon. Levi Woodbury delivered on the 4th at that place.

☞ A company of Arab actors, who pretended to hail from the great desert of Sahara, arrived at New Orleans on the 29th ult., from Tampico.

SYNOPSIS OF THE TARIFF BILL AS IT PASSED THE HOUSE.

—Our advices, says the N. Y. Tree Sue, from Washington are such as to scarcely leave room for doubt that the Democratic Senators will "come up to the rack" on the Tariff bill with a promptness equal to that of the Representatives—and that, too, without amendment. Mr Jernagin, of Tenn., it is understood, will, under the instructions of the Legislature of Tennessee, vote for the bill. There will be, however, no harm from his vote, as the bill doubtless will become a law without it. Mr Dallas, in case of a tie, has avowed his determination to vote for the bill also. And it is more than probable that not a change will be made in the bill of any kind whatever.

The bill, as passed, fills three closely printed columns of the Washington Union, but the annexed catalogue is so arranged as to enable the reader to learn the rates fixed for the various descriptions of articles enumerated in the bill, at a glance.

SCHEDULE A.—100 PER CENT.

Brandy and other distilled Liquors, Cordials, &c., &c.

SCHEDULE I.—40 PER CENT.

Fruits Preserved, Figs, Raisins, Dates, &c. Spices, Almonds, &c. Wines of all kinds, Imitation do.—Gums, Cut Glass, Cigars, Snuff, and all forms of manufactured Tobacco. Cedar, Ebony, Mahogany, Rosewood, &c., manufactured.

SCHEDULE B.—30 PER CENT.

Ale, Beer, Porter,	Manufactures of do.
Baskets, &c. &c.	Metallic Pens, &c.
Cups, Gloves, Mits,	Oil Cloth, all sorts.
Carpets, Carpeting,	Oils, Olive, &c.
Clothing, ready made.	Paper and manufac.
Coal, Coke, Culm,	Playing Cards,
Cutlery of all kinds.	Potatoes,
Diamonds, Gems,	Sewing Silk, Twist,
Earthen, China and Stone Wares,	Sugar, Molasses,
Essences, Perfumes,	Tobacco, unmanufac.
Fire Arms, all sorts.	Umbrellas, &c.
Furniture, Cabinet.	Wool, of all kinds.
Glass and Glassware.	Manufactures of do.
Hats, Bonnets, &c., (except of Wool.)	Do. of Cotton, Linen, Silk, or Worsted, if embroidered or tamboored.
Hemp,	Manufac. of Wool.
Iron, of all kinds.	Do. of Copper, Gold,
Jewelry, all kinds.	Silver, Tin, Lead.

SCHEDULE C.—25 PER CENT.

Baizes, Buckings,	Flannels, Floor cloths,
Burgundy Pitch,	Floss Silks,
Buttons and Moulds,	Haircloth, Seating,
Cotton Manufactures generally.	Sate, Sisal Grass, Matting of flags, &c.
Do. Goats Hair, &c.	Silks, manufactured,
Cables, Cordage,	Slates, of all sorts.
Calomel, &c., Borax,	Worsted manf.
Feathers and Beds.	Do. Woolen Yarn.

SCHEDULE D.—20 PER CENT.

Acids, all kinds.	Mats, Drawers, &c.
Bacon, Barley,	Needles, all kinds.
Blankets, all kinds.	Oils, Animal or Fish,
Blank Books,	Oil of Hemp, &c.
Boards and Timber,	Oranges, Lemons,
Candles, all kinds.	Paints, dry or grained.
Cotton Caps, Gloves,	Paper Hangings,
Copper Rods, Spikes,	Periodicals, reprinted.
Do. in Sheets.	Pork, Pitch,
Drugs, generally,	Rye, Wheat, Oats,
Fish, generally,	Salt,
Flour of Wheat, &c.	Salts, generally.
Gunpowder,	Skins, all kinds.
Hair, Moss, &c.	Steel, except below.
Hemp, manuf.	Stereotype Plates,
Indian Corn or Meal,	Tar, Types, &c.
Lead, Pipes and Shot,	Velvet, of Cotton.
Leather, generally.	Window Glass,
Linens of all kinds.	Woolen Listings,
Mahogany, Rosewood, Ebony, Cedar,	Wool Hats and Bodies.

SCHEDULE E.—15 PER CENT.

Arsenic,	Steel, in bars, cast.
Bark, generally.	Steel or Germau,
Diamonds, Glasiers,	Zinc, Spelter, &c.
Flax and Tow,	Silk, raw, singles, tram, thrown or organzine.
Leaf, Gold or Silver	
Tin, plates or sh'ts.	

SCHEDULE F.—10 PER CENT.

Books, Magazines, Pamphlets, &c. Newspapers, &c.	Guns, generally.
	Hemp or Linseed,
	Indigo, Kelp, Lime,
Bleaching Powders,	Maps and Charts,
Canoes, Mosaics,	Music and Paper,
Chronometers,	Oils, Palm, Cocoa,
Diamonds, Gems, Pearls, &c., not set.	Saltpetre refined,
	Stones, Burr,
Engravings or Plates.	do. Building,
Furs except dressed on the skin.	Tallow, Marrow, &c.
	Watches and Parts.

SCHEDULE G.—5 PER CENT.

Berries, Nuts, &c. for Dying, unmanufactured.	Madder,
	Mohair Cloth, Silk, Twist, &c. for shoemakers.
Bristles, Chalk,	
Bells, old, Brass do., Copper, do. Pig Copper,	Potash, or Nitrate of Soda,
	Pewter, old.
Chalk, Clay, Flints,	Rags, all kinds.
Dyewoods in stock.	Raw Hides and Skins.
Grindstones,	Saltpetre, crude.
Horns, Bone, Teeth,	Shell, unmanufac.
Ivory, manuf.	Sumac, Shellac,
Ivory Nuts, &c.	Tin in pigs or blocks,
Lastings, for Shoes.	Zinc, Spelter, do.

SCHEDULE H.—FREE OF DUTY

Animals for breed,	Plaister of Paris,
Bullion, Gold and Silver,	Seeds, generally.
Coffee and Tea,	Sheathing Copper,
Coins, do. and Copper,	do. Metal,
Cotton, raw,	Trees, Bulbs, Roots, Shrubs, Plants, &c.
Felt, for sheathing,	
Household Effects of Immigrants.	U. S. products exported and returning,
Guano, Platina,	Wearing Apparel in actual use.
Models of Inventions,	
Oakum, Junk,	

The bill, it will be seen, is founded on the *ad valorem* principle, and that it totally repudiates the minimum principle, and all specific duties. The Union says that it reduces the duties on cottons on an average of all varieties, and abolishing all its minimum principles, at least 40 per cent., and on woollens the reduction is at least 10 per cent., and so on with other articles.

In reference to salt, the result is this: That by the bill, the salt from 8 cents per bushel, under the present law, equivalent to from 100 to 150 per cent. ad valorem, is to be reduced to 20 per cent. ad valorem. The amendment from the Committee of the Whole for abolishing the fish bounties was rejected, only to secure the vote of the Maine delegation for the bill.

☞ We see by an article in the Union that Geo. Washington Dixon is flourishing about in Philadelphia with a General's uniform on getting up a company for the conquest of Yucatan, and pretending to be under the pay of the government. The Union says he is an imposter without being in any way connected with government, and shows the absurdity of his pretensions by the fact that Yucatan has already declared her independence of Mexico and is friendly to the United States.

☞ We have given no resume of the Mexican war since the 25th ult. because nothing has reached us since that date respecting the army operations. Every step has been taken for the invasion of Mexico and there can be no doubt, as the war is to be prosecuted vigorously, that we shall in a few weeks have important news.

☞ Mr McKay, of the committee of ways and means in the House, has introduced a bill to authorize the President to issue ten millions in Treasury Notes.

A lady looking at some stockings in a dry goods store, inquired of the clerk, who was a raw lad, how high they came? The clerk very seriously answered "I never tried them on, but believe they will reach above the knee."—*Times.*

The Union in reply to Hon. Daniel Webster.

"Mr Webster insists that the country demands to know, without further delay, the precise objects and purposes of the administration in carrying on the war. Professing upon this point to have no other knowledge than that which is to be gained from the documents which have been laid before the country, we may undertake to sum up these purposes in three words—*Reparation—Justice—Peace.*

"In view of these objects, before the war can close Mexico must relinquish her absurd territorial pretensions—must provide for the full payment of the indemnity which she owes to our citizens—must render us full justice in every respect—and, finally, must establish peace with us upon conditions and guaranties which shall secure its permanence. This much of the purpose of the administration we gain from the character of its recent action, and from all its public declarations. Beyond this point we do not intend to proceed.

"Nor do we believe that the country will ask of this administration, at this juncture, in the midst of a war, to say anything more of its plans of pacification. We wage a war against a war party in Mexico, to secure a just peace. No other than a just peace can be concluded. This nation will sanction no other.—When Mexico shall proffer any terms of peace, she will be heard. When she shall proffer suitable terms, they will be accepted. Till this be done, our war will march steadily and vigorously on—it will ascend the table lands of Mexico—it will march from province to province, and from stronghold to stronghold, until finally it shall dictate to Paredes, or to any successor, if need be, a compulsory peace, on proper terms, within the walls of his capital!

"The whig papers have also been prating about Mr McDuffie's having a measure to propose which will "terminate the Mexican war by a speedy adjustment." No one has a higher opinion of Mr McDuffie's ingenuity than we have; but we should doubt the report altogether, unless he has discovered a more effectual mode of carrying on the war with more vigor and success. The shortest road to a permanent peace with this "irrational and senseless people," as Mr Webster calls them, is a vigorous and triumphant war. We doubt whether there is any other "royal road" to successful negotiation."

BOSTON: *a Poem. By Mrs Jane E. Locke—pamphlet. pp* 48. *Second edition.*

We are not surprised that this little work has so soon run through its first edition. Indeed it would have hardly given us time to notice before we should have again been called on to give it place, had we not unfortunately mislaid our first copy. A just tribute to Boston and its great names is encircled by our talented townswoman with a garland of poetry like a wreath of evergreen. This poem will do much to keep alive those sentiments of love and affection which in the minds of her sons have embalmed the queen city of New England. Each of her citizens will exclaim, "I am a Boston boy," with as much pride as of yore did the conquerers of the world use as a title—"I am a Roman citizen."

But we would ask our fair authoress, why confine her genius and pen in so limited a sphere? Why not let us have the great names of NEW ENGLAND? The names and deeds of our puritan fathers, once familiar as household words, are fast becoming grown over with the moss of time. Shall they not be held in remembrance. That time of all in history of the Saxon race was fruitful in great names. "*There were giants in those days.*

Police Court.

June 8.

Commonwealth vs. *Charles Cogswell* for an assault and battery on Samuel Bean—fined $10 and cost and ordered to recognize with surety in the sum of $300 to keep the peace for three months, all of which was forthwith complied with.

Commonwealth vs. *Samuel Bean* for an assault and battery on Charles Cogswell, same sentence as above. But alas for poor Sam! Meservo was his only friend, and he would not trust him outside the prison walls.—So endeth the Bean and Cogswell fight.

IMPORTANT DECISION. The Supreme Court of Massachusetts decided on Tuesday, this week, in Boston, that a bar-tender is liable to prosecution for selling liquor. The case was this;—Chas. J. Hadley was indicted for selling liquor to be drunk in *his* shop. He was tried and convicted in the Municipal Court, Boston,—notwithstanding he proved to the satisfaction of the court that he did not own, rent, or lease the shop—he was a mere employee of a Mr Decoster.

The defendant Hadley filed exceptions to the ruling, and the case was called up to the Supreme Court,—and the higher court sustained the decision of the lower.

A FIRE ANNIHILATOR. A Mr Philips of London, says the N. Y. Sun, has introduced an apparatus for the instantaneous extinguishment of fires. The principle of his operation is, to project upon the fire a peculiar gaseous vapor, which has a greater affinity for the oxygen of the atmosphere, than the burning combustibles, and consequently extinguishes the fire by depriving it of the element, oxygen, on which combustion particularly depends. It is stated that in some recent experiments with this machine, an extensive and raging fire was extinguished as suddenly as the flame of a lamp is extinguished by a puff of the breath. If this statement is correct, we shall soon learn more about it; but shall not be disappointed if the invention does not succeed.

LIVES OF THE FELONS. We are indebted to John W. Davie for a copy of this work. It was compiled in part from the columns of the "National Police Gazette," published by Camp & Wilkes. It is written with considerable ability, and is probably one of those publications through the entire length of which imagination and truth hold a neck-and-neck race.

☞ The paving in Central Street, as far as Church Street, has been completed and the sidewalks widened—a very decided improvement. We understand that the expense for paving is much less than has heretofore been paid. Market Street is now being paved.

☞ The Court of Common Pleas is now in session at Concord, Judge Cushing on the Bench. To-day commences the trials for violations of the Licenso Law. Charleston cases taken up first. The Grand Jury found between seventy and eighty liquor indictments.

☞ The number of passengers that passed over the Eastern Railroad on Saturday was 13,558.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. Amos Abbott for a copy of the valuable report of the Commissioner of Patents.

☞ Western Railroad stock went up to 99½ yesterday, on the announcement that nearly seventy-one thousand dollars of increase had been ascertained in receipts of first six months of this year.—*Post.*

☞ A Miss Pollock, of Tenn., was murdered by a negro boy, on the 23d ult.

BEDFORD SPRINGS:

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrufulus diseases; is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

---

Who will suffer from that painful disease, Liver Complaint, when immediate relief, if not a positive cure, may be effected by the timely use of WISTAR'S BALSAM, for proof of which read the followieg :

Waterford, N. Y., May 7, 1845.

Dear Sir :—In the year 1841, I was so severely attacked with Liver Cumblaint, as to be entirely unable to attend to my business. I consulted with the best of Physicians in our place but they gave me no relief. In the winter of 1842, I procured a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and before I had used one half of it, I was able to resume my business as usual. I have since that time used two bottles of the Wild Cherry Balsam, and have been entirely free from pain; and, with the exception of a bad cold in February last, have enjoyed better health than I ever did before. WM. C. POTTER.

We are well acquainted with Mr Wm. C. Potter, know that he was afflicted in the manner he describes, and that his statement is entitled to full credit.

SCOTT & WALDRON, Merchants.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&paprl4

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6inchm

---

Fever Sores.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

Dear Sir :—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I suppo-ed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Ds. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞ Boole's Hyperion Fluid is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c. which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor, —W. Beg e, 2x8 Washington street, Boston. thdvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. Morrill, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

---

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, July 8, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Wm. Nicholson and Miss Eveline Swain, both of this city.

In this city, July 7th, in St. Anne's Church, by Rev. Theodore Edson, Mr John T. Dodge, of Lowell, to Miss Helen M., daughter of the late Uriah York, of Waltham.

In this city, July 4th, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Frederick C. Bailey, of Hartland, Vt., to Miss Francis Maria Osgood, of Lowell.

In Boston, July 4th, Mr Isaac Norcross, of Lowell, to Miss Christiana Nash, of Readfield, Me.

DIED.

In Chelmsford, July 7th, Mrs Mary Spaulding, 80.

In Charlestown, July 3d, Arthur Caswell, only son of John and Emily A. Moliet, 20 mos.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the Battle of Bunker Hill, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.—Notes of good Banks in the State of New York, taken without discount at the "Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office.

Broken Bank Notes of the above State bought at N. York rates. ajy9

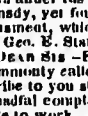
ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of HARRY COREY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am Assignee of said estate, duly appointed, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be holden on SATURDAY, the 18th day of July inst. at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott a Master in Chancery for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims, &c. R. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, July 8, 1846. jy9a3t

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—from Commercial Wharf *This Day*.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy9

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—from Commercial Wharf. *On Wednesday*.



The superior fast sailing Ship MONSOON, Paine, master, is now loading, and having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyneon, Agent at New Orleans. jy9

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 9 or 7 rooms, in Dracutt, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN COBURN

Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je25-1swA&P6w*

CAME to the enclosure of the Subscriber Friday morning, July 3d, 2 Shoats, nearly black. The owner is requested to come for the same and pay for this advertisement, &c. SAMUEL MOREY.

jy7 A3t

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases; and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

Georga E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulare of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ye&pdec16

WELCH & MANN'S



MAMMOTH NATIONAL CIRCUS,

Conducted by JOHN J. DRAKE.

Equestrian Manager, G. J. CADWALLADER.

Clowns, (grotesque to the arena,) Johnson & Wells.

Master of the Circle, D. Camp.

MESSRS. WELCH & MANN most respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity, that they purpose to visit this place, on *MONDAY July 13th*, 1846, and continue four days, and the proprietors would suggest that, having been received and patronized by the *first families* of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they deem it incumbent upon themselves to state that upon visiting each place during their Summer Campaign, they intend to present such a varied and pleasing routine of performances, which cannot fail to elicit the approbation and patronage of the most fastidious. They also pledge themselves that the performance generally shall equal the Cortege by which it is preceded in every city, town, or village they may have the honor to visit. They most confidently assure the citizens of each place, that their Company shall be selected and comprised of the largest and greatest order of talent in the United States.

Upon entering the city, this extensive company will be attended by a MOST MAGNIFICENT BAND CHARIOT, (drawn by 12 cream-colored horses) with 12 talented musicians, playing some of the most popular airs, marches, &c., selected from the most celebrated composers, followed by a grand retinue of carriages, wagons, teams, &c., &c., numbering over 150 persons, horses, &c.

For particulars see bills of performance.

☞ Prices 25 Cents to all parts of the Arena. Positively no half-price.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

N. B.—On *Wednesday and Thursday* there will be an afternoon performance commencing at 3 o'clock.—Doors open at 2½ o'clock. jy2A4t

---

CITY OF LOWELL,

June 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out and extend Elm street from Chapel street to Gorham street,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said street, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw8w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crepe, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. ajn27

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers in this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11 atf

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendations from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office. je30a2w

---

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY (Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz :

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Book Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	10
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je18atf

---

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the Re-prints are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

TARLTON & GUILD,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

WOuld respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

CITY OF LOWELL.

June 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to establish the grade of Central street and the sidewalks, to lay out such further sidewalks as may be deemed expedient, and to widen and straighten the present sidewalks on said street if the public good requires it—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

June 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, an order has been passed by the City Council directing the Committee on Streets to take measures to lay out a street from Gorham street to South street (near the South Grammar School house), and to lay sidewalks thereon or on such part thereof as may be deemed expedient,—The Committee aforesaid have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to lay out said streets and sidewalks, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

jc25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

June 17, 1846.

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that a street called Ford street, extending from Cabot street to Moody street, may be laid out and graded,—The Committee of the City Council, to which said petition was referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the fifteenth day of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and you are hereby notified of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and you can then and there be heard in the premises, if you see fit.

By order of the Committee.

je25a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

je6 Atf 58, Central St.

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25 Atf

---

NASHUA & LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked; and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

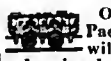
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, n.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ e.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A.M.—3 and 6¼, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1¼ and 5¼, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. jc20is&&ptaug1

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. D. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

---

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

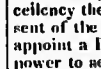
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r6ly

---

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH:

Office—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock, 1 2d hand Buggy!

Grass, Land, &c.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 13th day of July inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M.; the *Grass standing on about 12 Acres of Land*, situated in that part of Dracutt, called "*New Boston*." Also, immediately after the Grass, the Land will be sold. Said land is a part of a Farm formerly owned by Nathaniel Stickney, adjoining the land of Ezra Foster. Also, at the same time and place, one Single Sleigh, Wheelbarrow, and other Farming utensils. Sale positive—Terms at the sale.

☞ For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Dean & Disharoon, Wentworth's Building, next east of the Depot, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer. jy7

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On SATURDAY, July 11, at 10 o'clock, A. M., one grey mare, 6 years old—sound in every respect, and kind in any harness, good size and figure, of the celebrated Eclipse stock—may be seen on application to Mr E. Allen, at Pawtucket Gailen.

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street; with a good cellar under the whole. The audience-chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side Lamps, stoves, &c. &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

---

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade; among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28at

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obviating regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr., has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y., the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

---

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 5 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. folds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure for diseases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the coin (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have obtained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhoea, dysentary and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidance and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extrema of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bountifully provided for the solace of sufferings and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, torn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature; and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7.y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the *"Temperance Rooms," Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss and damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

15, ENDICOTT SREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him, in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money penned for show,
Like coot eggs, to make ellants lay,
And for their false epistles pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indignant circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly went and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mly12s] dec16

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, deterioration of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the worn and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Deer sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and aides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

npr4 adv&ptuly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., up stairs



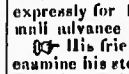
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany end rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warehouse, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmnr17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th; as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, uncles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs. MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TREDOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN HALSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Halsted has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8&ply

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally.

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing ease as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described to the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

Weare Clifford,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chilly, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

Purify the Blood.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and no signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted as the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 11, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 81.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-apt2 Store....LOWELL.* 6m

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 Aly *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. jet3A3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—near the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



Geo. Hedrick,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

Robinson & Blaisdell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

Brown & Alger,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
— OFFICE —
Mansur's Building, No. 30, *Central Street,*
LOWELL, MASS.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

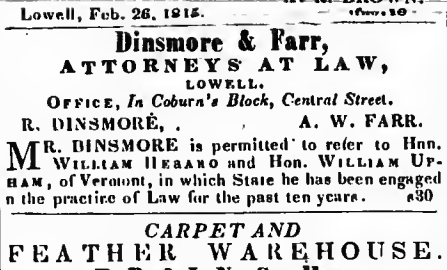
TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1846. tfmar10

Dinsmore & Farr,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

CARPET AND
FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. Goodhue,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

Lowell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Office Corner of Central and Lowell streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.



WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

Copper, Tin & Sheet-iron Manufactory.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 9, 1845. rags8

Sands's Sarsaparilla,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated pains, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1846.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects; yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 A&P6mcho

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16 Atf

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Patter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 2, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&poct28

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
Pulmonary Consumption,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. nawu&plyfeb14

John Gillespie,---Draper and Tailor,
No. 33,—*Merrimack Street,*—*No.* 33,
Under the Free-will Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

1846—Spring Style Hats!—1846.
BENT & BUSH,
WILL this day introduce the *Spring Style Hats*, at their Old Stand, NO. 30, CENTRAL ST. They take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them and hope by strict attention to their business to merit a continuance of the same.
N. B. Having their finishing department connected with their store, as formerly, they will be able to furnish particular Hats at a few hours notice. tfmar7

Fatima.

O LOVE, Love, Love! O withering might!
O sun, that from thy noonday height
Shudderest when I strain my sight,
Throbbing thro' all thy heat and light,
Lo, falling from my constant mind,
Lo, parch'd and wither'd, deaf and blind,
I whirl like leaves in roaring wind.

Last night I wasted hateful hours
Below the city's assembly towers!
I thirsted for the brooks, the showers:
I rolled among the tender flowers:
I crush'd them on my breast, my mouth!
I looked athwart the burning drouth
Of that long desert to the south.

Last night, when some one spoke his name,
From my swift blood that went and came
A thousand little shafts of flame
Were shivered in my narrow frame.
O Love, O fire! once he drew
With one long kiss my whole soul thro'
My lips, as sunlight drinketh dew.

Before he mounts the hill, I know
He cometh quickly: from below
Sweet gales, as from deep gardens, blow
Before him, striking on my brow.
In my dry brain my spirit soon,
Down-deepening from swoon to swoon,
Faints like a dazzled morning moon.

The wind sounds like a silver wire,
And from beyond the noon a fire
I peered upon the hills, and higher
The skies stoop down in their desire;
And, isled in sudden seas of light,
My heart, pierced thro' with fierce delight,
Bursts into blossom in his sight.

My whole soul waiting silently,
All naked in a sultry sky,
Droops blinded with his shining eye,
I *will* possess him or will die,
I will grow round him in his place,
Grow, live, die looking on his face,
Die, dying clasp'd in his embrace.

THE FLOWER OF THE ODENWALD;

OR, THE PISTOL DUEL.

[Concluded.]

The ground was measured, the space within which each might advance, twelve paces, was marked out, and a pistol having been placed in the hands of the combatants, each of them took up his position. "Our anxiety," said my informant, himself an eye witness, "was now at the highest." The baron appeared in an entire suit of black, the coat buttoned up to his chin, and not a vestage of any other color to be seen upon which an eye could rest for an aim. While the count, flinging off his cloak, appeared in his ordinary costume, his frock coat flying loosely open, and discovering a light colored waistcoat. "Let him have his last chance," said he, taking a small gold snuff box from his waistcoat pocket and handing it to his second, who took the opportunity of advising him in a whisper to button his coat. Each party now advanced slowly in the direction of the other, the black baron entering all the while his opponent with his pistol, now and then lowering it so as to secure his aim. While the count advanced with firm and composed step, with his weapon pointed to the ground suddenly he raised it slightly; the barrel glanced for a moment in the sun, his hand was steady, and his aim true—he fired; a thin puff of blue smoke floated to leeward, and the black baron's right arm, shattered by a pistol bullet, dropped powerless by his side. "Stand your ground," thundered the baron, with a deep imprecation, as he saw Von Newenberg coming forward to assist him. Every one stood aghast they thought the duel was at an end. The count threw away his pistol folded his arms, and turned with a quiet smile to his second, "Never mind," said he, "he can't do much harm now."

The count, however, had reckoned without his host, for the grim baron, with a scowl of vindictive malace, taking up his pistol in his left hand, advanced within the nearest limit—the count still retaining his position opposite. At last he raised his weapon—every heart was sick with anxiety—lung and steady was his murderaim—he drew the trigger—and Count Von Newenberg, with one convulsive spring in the air, fell to the earth with a bistol bullet in his heart. The spectators could scarcely believe their senses but, alas! it was too true; of the brave, the generous, and the high-minded young noble, upon whom the sun rose that morning, full of health and hope, all that remained now was a senseless lump of clay. The murderer gazed for one brief moment on his work—then turned to the mountains, and never was was the gloomy form of the black baron seen in Heidelberg again.

It is only in students who have distinguished themselves at the university that the honor of a public funeral by torch-lights is ever accorded, and that by special leave of the authorities; and as the mortality among them is very slight, it is a spectacle which rarely occurs, and is not often seen by an Irishman. The sorrow of the death of Von Newenberg was deep and universal—his own intimate companions and the whole of the chore to which he belonged were inconsolable at his loss; and when the family of the unfortunate young nobleman, having been apprised of the sad event, at length arrived, a day was fixed for conveying his remains, with public honors, to the grave. Every student of the university, and most of the professors, made it a point to attend. The scene was fraught with a melancholy interest, and was one which made impression upon us.

At the distance of a little more than a mile from the town lies the new burial place of Heidelberg. It is a quiet spot embosomed by trees, upon a sunny slope on the mountain's side. We have seldom seen a place in which the spirit, shattered by the disappointments and torn by the storms of this weary world, could find a calmer place of repose.

* * * * * * * *

The dull and solemn tone of the funeral bell comes floating from the old grey tower of the cathedral, as the mournful train which accompanied the departed student to his resting place draws near. It is preceded by a band of music, and the trumpets fall with a wailing cadence upon the ear. On it comes!—the flaming torches cast a fitful glare through the darkness—now lighted up the faces of the spectators—now falling with an uncertain gleam upon the "Todten babre," or hearse, which, drawn by six horses clothed in black, with white plumes nodding at their heads, sweeps slowly past. It is a long, long funeral car without a canopy, upon which the coffin, covered with black cloth trailing in the dust, is laid. It is usually preceeded by a company of torch bearers. Crosswise upon the coffin were laid two "schlagers," fastened together with the chorsband and the cap of the

young noble, the gay chore colors of the basket hilts being closely muffled with black crape.—The Senior of the chore, attired in full dress—a hat, with white plumes, deep white leather gloves, and with his sword trailing behind him on the ground, followed the funeral car. Then comes the whole chore, drawn up in two lines, marching in single file, each man dressed in black, and carrying his drawn sword, with its point turned to the ground. The remainder of students, marshalled in separate chores, comes next, every one carrying in his hand a torch of blazing pine.

"Solemn the sound of their measured tread,
As silent and slow they followed the dead."

Garlands of flowers are laid on the coffin, and as the procession passes on its way, the wail of the trumpets, the strange costume of the students the blue steel glancing in the torchlight, formed altogether a spectacle not inferior in interest to anything we had ever seen, though wanting the muffled drum and the well arranged trappings of martial pomp; it is even a more touching sight than the soldier's funeral. The train reached at last the Freidhof, or churchyard, and the chore of the departed students, assembled round the open grave, lowered the coffin with cords to its last resting place; each man then threw a handful of earth upon it; a short address was pronounced by the clergyman, eulogising the many virtues, and deprecating the act by which he met his untimely end. The companions of the chore then lowered their swords on the grave, and clashed them together twice or thrice, a burst of music rose from the band, and every voice joined in singing the beautiful words of Schiller's song of The Grave.

This song concluded, the party then bent their steps homeward, and left him whom they had seen among them but yesterday, in the full flush of youth and happiness, alone in solitude.

When we reached the town, we proceeded to the Museum Plaz or grand "place" of the town, when the whole array was marshalled into a hollow square, the seniors of the respective chores occupying the respective corners. The spectacle was now truly magnificent; one vast square of light was formed by the blazing torches which flashed strangely upon the fanciful costumes, the white plumes, and gleaming schlagers of the students. The trumpets rang forth in plaintive music—a thousand voices joined in a magnificent chorus—a thousand swords in the pauses of the music clashed together—at a given signal every one flung his torch on high into the air, whirling about through the deep darkness of the night, they looked like so many fiery meteors, each emitting, in its descent a shower of sparks; crossing each other in the air they all fell together forming in the center of the square a brilliant pile, which flared for one brief moment up into a blaze of light, and then suddenly died away, no unfitting emblem of the career of him whose light of life they had so lately seen extinguished. The assembly then dispersed. This sad story, the features of which are doubtless familiar to any one who has happened to be a traveller in Germany within the last two years, will be recognized by many a reader. Two noble families were plunged into the deepest affliction by the mournful event, and in the course of the last summer, at Berlin, a beautiful girl, in whose faded cheek the lines of sorrow were still recent, was pointed out to us as the once celebrated "flower of the Odenwald."

[Concluded.]

Congress.

Wednesday, July 8.

In the SENATE, Mr Hannegan's resolution, calling on the President for copies of the orders, if any, given to Gen. Taylor since the battles of the 8th and 9th of May, to advance into Mexico, or otherwise controlling the movements of the army, was taken up.

Mr Benton opposed its adoption, as being highly improper. To make public the intended movements of our army, would be to direct the enemy where to meet our forces.

Mr Hannegan explained the object of the resolution. Much dissatisfaction had been expressed in the public prints at the delay of the movements of the army, which was lying in large force at Matamoros, at heavy expense, and he wanted to know the cause of this delay. The resolution was then rejected.

The graduation land bill was taken up, and discussed by Messrs. Johnson, of Md., Breese, Crittenden, Niles, Calhoun, J. M. Clayton and others.

Mr Clayton's amendment was stricken out of Mr Calhoun's substitute, and that providing for the gift of the unsold lands to the states in which they lie, after being a certain time in market, was adopted—yeas 27, nays 20.

Mr Calhoun's amendment, as amended, was then adopted, yeas 26, nays 20, and the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading—yeas 26, nays 20.

The Senate then adjourned.

In the HOUSE, a motion was made to reconsider the vote adopting McKay's resolution of yesterday, respecting the absentees, and on this the previous question was ordered.

The vote stood 89 to 69—so the vote was reconsidered.

The work of amending and correcting the proceedings of yesterday being at last through with, the House went into committee of the whole and took up the land graduation bill.

Mr Collamer opposed in a speech of some length.

Henley followed in support of the bill, contending that lands not worth a dollar and a quarter ought to be sold for less.

Mr Hamlin next spoke—he wished the bill amended, and then he would support it.

Mr Gordon then next got the floor, when the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

Thursday, July 9.

SENATE. The House bill authorizing Territory of Iowa to form a State government under the constitution which the people of the territory had formed and adopted, was favorably reported upon from the Senate committee.

A bill to sell the reserved mineral lands in Arkansas, Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin was taken up and passed.

The bills graduating the sales of the public lands, the reduction from $1.25 per acre to commence in three years after offered for sale, and to continue till the land is sold at 25 cents an acre 1859, and to sell reserved lands in Arkansas, Iowa, and Wisconsin, was passed. The vote on the passage, as well as those on most of the amendments offered, were strictly party votes.

The Senate then took up and with little debate passed, the Army Appropriation bill.

The Warehouse bill was taken up and discussed by Mr Dix; and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. A continued discussion of the Graduated Land bill occupied the day in the House.

A COSTLY WEDDING ORNAMENT. It is stated in the Paris papers, that there is now to be seen in a jeweller's shop on the Boulevards, the diadem of precious stones to be worn by the princess Olga, of Russia, on her wedding day. The diadem is worth 18,000,000f., or three millions, three hundred and eighty-four thousand dollars. The large central diamond is estimated at 1,000,000f. This diadem is to be presented to the bride by her imperial daddy.

A GOOD ONE. One of the deserters from the company of "Jessamine Blues" had been paying his addresses to a lady. After his inglorious return home, he hastened to visit the fair one; but alas! she refused to see him—hurrah for her! He plead that he had returned home just on her account. Such a plea to win a Kentucky lass we never *did* hear of! He begged to be permitted to send her a note; but even this was promptly refused. We recommend that this fellow swallow himself!—*Low Dem.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 11, 1846.

Mr. Patch's Defeat.

We feel called upon, as a duty to Mr Patch, to say a few words in addition to what we have already said as to the cause of some of our democratic friends voting against him, and thereby electing Mr Hayden. Not a breath was ever uttered against the character of Mr Patch, as a man of integrity, uprightness and highmindedness, save the story, that he aided in getting up the recent liquor prosecutions, and that he did it in the contemptible manner of supplying money to miserable wretches with an understanding they were to go and invite a violation of the law for the very purpose of getting up a prosecution. This story, though entirely false, was circulated in Charlestown, Concord, and for aught we know, in every town in the county, and caused some democrats, friends to temperance too, to vote against him; and it caused more, doubtless, who are not temperance men in the modern sense of the word, to work against him with unusual zeal.

We may here say, had this charge been true, we not only should now have been silent as to the result of the election and the means used to bring it about, but should never have advocated the nomination and election of Mr Patch; for no man can have fallen much lower in the moral scale than he who invites a violation of law for the purpose of entrapping and punishing the transgressor.

But as the story was circulated by the friends of Mr Haydon to the defeat of Mr Patch, and perhaps to his future injury in his business relations, we think it but just to state the fact as it is.

Mr Patch has not only had nothing to do with the liquor prosecutions that have been instituted, but he has been opposed to them as they have been got up for the last year. He has repeatedly told his temperance friends that the cause of temperance was being injured by the manner in which it was attempted to be propagated. Under these circumstances, our democratic friends will see they have done Mr Patch much injustice without cause. We hope this result will be a warning to democrats that they give no heed to the slanders of designing opponents.

We may also say, as well at this time as any other, that we look upon the liquor prosecutions, as they have been got up and carried on in this State, as the greatest barrier that the cause of temperance has had to contend against; and that in our opinion unless some new course of action is pursued, and in a very different spirit, and by very different men from those who are now leading the prosecuting portion of the temperance community the cause will continue to retrograde as rapidly as it has done for the last two or three years.

We shall take occasion hereafter to speak upon the subject of liquor prosecutions and what we deem the proper movement of those friends of temperance who have the good of the cause at heart.

THE PEOPLE OF YUCATAN. The New Orleans Bulletin says that they are intelligent, but little distracted by parties, and have been almost entirely free from the civil commotions with which Mexico has been wasted. Hence, they have habits of order, stability and self-government, requisite for a constitutional, republican State. They are affable, courteous and hospitable to a degree. The climate of the peninsula is represented to be very pleasant, and in most parts salubrious. Formerly the country was represented to be very fertile, but its productiveness was no doubt exaggerated. In the interior there is a great lack of water, no river of magnitude being found in the whole country. It admits, however, of the culture of maize, rice, the sugar cane, cotton, pepper, tobacco and cochineal. It also exports dyewoods, hides, soap, and the Sisal hemp. Campeachy has been a mart of considerable trade, and might again be revived. The peninsula has been the seat of a populous and flourishing empire—the remains of ancient grandeur—as the ruins of walled towns, palaces and religious temples—abounding as much as in any part of the new world.

The population of Yucatan is now estimated at about half a million. The territory is compact and nearly isolated, one side being washed by the Gulf of Mexico, and the other by the Caribbean Sea. We hope the new State will receive every proper recognition and encouragement from our government, and flourish under its three Stars till it voluntarily proposes to reset them in the great constellation of the Union.

☞ The Courier thinks not one quarter of the squad of locofocos 'round the Advertiser would be induced to follow its editor to the polls and vote for the repeal of the tariff, because they "have never been famous for giving up their bread and butter for principle." If it was necessary for republicans here to sacrifice their bread and butter to principle they would do it as readily as any set of men in any part of the country. But thank God, such is not the issue! We are obliged for the admission that to sustain the tariff, principle must be sacrificed. The only bread and butter effect a modification of the tariff as proposed, will have, is, it will butter the people's bread more and capitalists' less.

☞ Gen. A. W. Riley, of Rochester, N. Y., now on his way to the World's Temperance Convention in London, will speak on Temperance to our citizens, tomorrow (Sabbath) evening, at 5 1-2 o'clock, in Rev Mr Miner's church. Gen. R. is one of the long tried laborers, and withal one of the best speakers we have.

SUN STRUCK. A man named Timothy Dempsey, while engaged in wheeling coal at McHugh & Moore,s wharf, Sea street, Boston, yesterday, was suddenly struck down by the burning rays of the sun. He was immediately conveyed to his house in Kneeland street, where, after some delay, he was bled by a physician, but died soon after the operaton.

☞ A celebrated English poet once advertised that he would supply "lines for any occasion." A provincial sought him shortly after, and wanted a *line strong enough to catch a porpoise.* The poet's art was surpassed.

☞ The appointment of Gen. Patterson, of Philadelphia, as major general of volunteers, has been confirmed by the Senate.

☞ The Courier has published two letters from Col. Schouler. The second is very good, giving the characters, and peculiarities of the passengers. He had just arrived at Cork, Ireland, on the 17th of June.

☞ Below we give the three concluding paragraphs of the recent report of Hon. Chas. J. Ingersoll, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, introduced to the House the 24th ult., in regard to the Mexican war. The New York Commercial Advertiser, a whig paper, speaks thus of the report: "It gives, in fact, a condensed history of all our country's relations with Mexico, back to the time when the latter was a dependency of Spain; and, with great vigor, exhibits in detail the almost uninterrupted series of wrongs and insult of which we have so long had just reason to complain. It is undeniable that many and grievous causes for complaint have existed and continued to exist in all our relations with Mexico; and whatever wrong we may have done to her in regard to Texas, it is desirable and right that the world should know how little right or reason Mexico has to complain of *unprovoked* aggression."

"The armies and navy of the United States will no doubt, be directed and disposed to wage war on the most humane and forbearing principles of civilized hostilities—to make war not as the means of ambition or for the sake of conquest, but as, when all pacific endeavors have been exhausted, and not till then, the only way to peace. Laws and usages of war, both by sea and land, have been enforced, which this country disowns, and will make war itself a method for reforming its abuses and abridging its ordinary duration. Transatlantic defamation will be refuted by the promptitude of American republican transactions, both civil and military, in the exigency of national conflict, and by forbearance to prosecute war for aggrandisement.

"As in the order of overruling Providence, war has been forced upon this country, it will make the most of it to disabuse the world of the unfounded and unmerited charges against republican government, of incapacity for wars and lust of dominion. The United States desire permanent peace, free trade and intimate intercourse with all mankind. On this, the second occasion in their annals as a sovereign nation, when war has been fastened on them, after many years of earnest striving to prevent it—the first with the most formidable of modern empires; the second with a semi-barbarous and distracted anarchy—the American government can never hesitate to put an end to hostilities and restore peace as soon as their adversary will allow it. Texas, and indemnity for wrongs confessed by several treaties, coasts and borders in tranquil possession, without transatlantic interference, are all we insist upon. It will be Mexican infatuation, should the contest be one of races, of borders, of conquest, and of territorial extension. It will be European wrong, should any transatlantic meddling aggravate an American continental quarrel, with which distant nations have nothing to, and which, unless they interfere, cannot last long, nor materially change the condition of the United States or Mexico, except to improve both, by binding them together in alliance open to all.

"The destiny of this country is to develope the useful arts in peace, not to live by war. But the great warring powers of another hemisphere may, if they will, render the United States a conquering nation.—The energy and enterprise hitherto bestowed in reclaiming the wilderness and navigating the ocean, may be perverted to the use of deadly weapons, instead of the implements of agriculture, commerce and manufactures. Long since, the United States sent their mariners across the Atlantic into the Mediterranean, to rid the world of the insufferable piracies of barbarians. They have now been forced into conflict with the semi barbarous people nearer home, whom they have no desire to subjugate or colonize, whom they will only chastise and restrain, as all christendom should wish, unless Mexico, stimulated from Europe, aggravates the struggle and provokes her ruin."

Rumors---From Washington.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Com. Advertiser.

Washington, Wednesday, July 8, 1846.

Taylor's army, which throws increased doubt upon the intended movements in that quarter.

It says that General Taylor will not hazard any movement, until he is put in a proper state of preparation.

He requires a certain number of steamboats of a capacity suited to the navigation of the Rio Grande, up to Camargo, where his principal depot is to be.—he also requires that two thousand wagons be furnished him for carrying his supplies and munitions. Each wagon will require four to six mules—ten thousand mules altogether.

Besides these mules, which are to be provided with forage &c., during the march, there are some four thousand horses required for the artillery and cavalry. Provisions for the ten thousand troops and forage for fourteen thousand horses and mules are to be transported. This provision is necessary for the proposed march of General Taylor's column alone from Matamoros to Montery.

The advancing columns through Santa Fe and Chihuahua, which are to join him at Montery, preparatory to his march to Saltillo, San Luis Potosi and Mexico, will render necessary a vast addition to his supplies and means of transportation. It must be remembered that, after he leaves Saltillo, he will have a march of four hundred miles through a desert, where he cannot get any supplies whatever.

General Taylor is too prudent a soldier to risk his laurels either in the mountain defiles or arid plains of Mexico, without very ample preparation. Under all these circumstances, it can hardly be expected that the contemplated movement from Matamoros to the city of the Montezumas will be made before October.

I am very much mistaken if the committee of Ways and Means do not, before the close of the session, call for some ten millions more if, indeed, which I doubt very much, the actual invasion of the interior of Mexico is designed. I am more inclined to think that Monterey is to be the halting place.

VOLUNTEER BILL. The following sums are appropriated for the support of volunteers and other troops called into the service for the prosecution of the war with Mexico, for the fiscal year ending July 30, 1847.

For the regular army, additional, there is an appropriation of half a million; and the following are among the items for the support of volunteers:

For pay of men	3,497,000
Subsistance in kind	1,055,500
Camp equipage	130,000
Medical and Hospital Supplies	45,500
Ordnance, Arms, &c	344,000
Quartermaster's Department Supplies	6,309,627

The whole amount appropriated by this bill is *eleven millions, nine hundred and forty-eight thousand, three hundred and forty-nine dollars.*

This is additional to the ordinary expenses of the War Department.

THE OREGON TREATY. The following letter appears in the Bermuda Gazette of June 30th, addressed to the Governor, Col. Reid. It is the first and only official notification of the treaty that has yet been published:

WASHINGTON, 19th June, 1846.

SIR—I have the honor to acquaint you that a treaty for a settlement of the Oregon question, which was signed on the 15th of this month, by the United States Secretary of State and myself, was yesterday approved by the Senate, by a majority of 41 votes to 14.

The treaty, with the President's ratification of it, will be forwarded to England by the Great Western steam packet, appointed to sail from New York on the 25th inst.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your Excellency's most obed't,
Humble servant,
R. PAKENHAM.

☞ The New Hampshire legislature adjourned *sine die*, yesterday.

Santa Anna and the Revolution in Mexico.

The following from the Washington Union throws as much light upon the revolutionary movements in Mexico, in a short space, as any thing we have seen. It appears our government have no understanding with Santa Anna though an attempt has been made to establish some kind of an understanding between it and him. There appears to be no doubt of his connection with, and his being at the bottom of the revolutionary spirit there and guiding it, and af his finally overthrowing Paredes.

"The "New York Courier" has devoted two articles to the revolutionary movements of Santa Anna. It states that he was concerned in the revolution in Jalisco; that it learns "by advices from Washington, through a source fully entitled to confidence, that a similar movement is in progress in Zacatecas;" that "initial steps have been taken in nearly all the departments, for combining together to overthrow the existing administration." The Courier then gives the *form of declaration*, which was prepared in Havana by Santa Anna himself, "and which has been *forwarded by his friends to every department of Mexico.*" But "the project has been devised after mature consideration, and will be carried into effect, beyond all doubt, with all the ability and energy of the prominent men who are connected with it. At the distant day, therefore, we expect to see Santa again at the head of the Mexican republic; and although he will regain that position partly by professed hostility towards the United States, we have too much confidence in his wisdom and foresight not to believe that he will exert himself to the utmost to end the existing war. He must know that its continuance will inevitably prove destructive to his country; that the Mexican army will be annihilated; the national treasury drained, and the whole resources of the country exhausted. Upon his advent to power, therefore, we shall expect propositions of peace; and in that event the President stands pledged to do all in his power to terminate hostilities."

The "New York Courier does not stop here. It states that it has received "very full details of the movements now in progress, of which, we may add, our government has been cognizant for some weeks past."

We deem it our duty to state, in the most positive terms, that our government has no sort of connexion with any scheme of Santa Ana for the revolution of Mexico, or for any sort of purpose. Some three months ago some adventurer was in Washington who wished to obtain their countenance and aid in some scheme or other connected with Santa Ana. They declined all sort of connexion, co-operation, or participation in any effort for the purpose. The government of this country declines all such intrigues or bargains.—They have made war openly in the face of the world. They mean to prosecute it with all their vigor. They mean to force Mexico to do us justice at the point of the sword. This, then, is their design—this is their plan; and it is worthy of a bold, high-minded, and energetic people."

MR. PARKER'S SPEECH. We presented in our report of the proceedings of the Senate on Friday last, an imperfect sketch of the speech of Mr Parker, the President of that body, upon the question of inserting into the charters of corporations, a provision reserving to the legislature the right to alter, amend or repeal such charters. Upon every material point, in which his speech touched the subject of corporations, he boldly took the broad democratic ground. He distinctly repudiated the idea that a charter of incorporation, such as the legislature is in the habit of granting, constitutes a contract. In other important points, he took grounds decidedly and totally opposed to that taken by the federal leaders in the House.—*N. H. Patriot.*

GAME COCKS NOT IMPLEMENTS OF GAMING *Supreme Judicial Court.* Present, Chief Justice Shaw and Judges Wilde and Hubbard. Several opinions were given. Coolidge vs. Choate, of Woburn, deputy sheriff, who seized the plaintiff's fighting fowls in a cock-pit, and cut off their heads. In the Common Pleas, the plaintiff recovered damages in an action of trespass for the value of the decapitated birds. The defendant carried the case up to this court upon exceptions, and the ruling of Chief Justice Wells of the Common Pleas, that the words of the statue authorizing the destruction of "implements of gaming," did not apply to living creatures, was sustained, and judgment was given on the verdict.—*Boston Post.*

ROW ON THE CENTRAL RAILROAD. We learn verbally, that some 200 Irishmen on the Central Railroad in Vermont, between Montpelier and Burlington, had turned out, last Thursday and Friday, in consequence of some difficulty with one of the contractors, and were carrying on their rowdyism with a high hand, in spite of the military and civil authorities. They seized upon Mr Barker and another of the contractors, whom they threatened to kill outright if the military interferred—cut a deep trench across the stage road, so as to prevent all travel for one day, &c. They were headed by a desperate bully, who, with many of companions, are said to be the same men engaged in the gross and outrages and riots committed on the Lachine canal, in Canada, a few years ago.—*Hills New Hampshire Patriot.*

THINGS IN AMERICA. This country has a frontier line of more than 10,000 miles. We have a line of sea coast of nearly 4000 miles, and a lake coast of 1200 miles. One of our rivers is twice the size of the Danube, the largest river in Europe. The State of Virginia is one third larger that England, and the territory of the United States is capable of sustaining a population greater than all the kingdoms of Europe collectively, and with vastly better accommodations at that.

☞ Miss Elizabeth Jones has been married by one Thos. Hokes, in Alton—said Thomas having at this time two other claims upon him, of the same sort.—Ladies therefore will understand that Tom *Hokes* is a *hoax* and avoid him accordingly.

☞ "If I had thirty thousand children," said the venerable Dr. ———, "I would rear them all in Virginia, that they might have an opportunity of learning the value of themselves; for I never knew a Virginian that did not have a high opinion of himself."

☞ A lady looking at some stockings in a dry good store, inquired of the clerk, who was a raw lad, how *high* they came? The clerk very seriously answered "I never tried them on, but believe they will reach above the knee."

"THE CRY IS, STILL THEY COME." "The wife of Mr John Marr of Phillipsburg, Me., has blessed her husband, as we say by a pretty fiction, with *six* children all on one occasion. John's surname should be *Make* not *Marr*. John may "take the hat" and Mrs Marr the bonnet."

HEAT. The heat yesterday was very oppressive. The thermometer stood at ninety-six degrees, in the shade. It is still hotter to-day. Persons having care of horses and other animals should be very cautious how they use them.

☞ Major Eastman, the editor of the Vermont Patriot, introduces a notice of his own recent marriage, by saying:—"We have noticed the following in a number of our exchanges, and presume their is something in it."

☞ Com Stewart, of the Navy, lies dangerously ill at Philadelphia.

From the Boston Transcript.

Epithalamium,

On the occasion of a late distinguished marriage; or, fancy "trippings" by a young "Forrester."

I.

As down the vale of "authorland,"
A Naiad fair was "tripping,"
At Hymen's fount she somehow took,
A fancy to be sipping.

II.

But, ah, she made a sad mistake
When for that bubbling fountain,
She caught the dripping of a brook
From an exhausted mountain.

III.

Fair fruits put forth, when on crab stocks
Green Gages are inserted;
So here we hope sour grapes may be
To nectarines converted.

IV.

But let all "tripping" nymphs beware,
Else when they dip their dishes
Into each sluggish, stagnent pool,
They may catch some odd Fishes.

An Old Sportsman.

LOWELL MUSEUM. The magnificent diorama of the Battle of Bunker Hill now being exhibited at the Museum seems to be well appreciated by the numerous and respectable audience, which nightly attend it, and it must be truly gratifying to the proprietor of this establishment, that his efforts in catering for the public taste, have been crowned with so much success. All parts being full of interest, we would only notice, in particular that the conflagration of Charlestown, has just been improved, and is now presented with a grand and brilliant effect, never before produced, and cannot be surpassed. Those beautiful moving Panoramas, are the best we ever saw, and are well worthy the attention of the lovers of the fine arts. They alone are worth the price of admission. Saturday afternoon there is an exhibition for the special accommodation of families and children, the latter of whom should not fail to witness an exhibition so instructive as well as amusing, to them as to those of maturer age. The room is airy, cool and comfortable, which makes a double motive for "calling in" during this hot weather. So we advise all to call, and assure them they will not be disappointed.

ROBERT HALL'S MARRIAGE. The history of Robert Hall's marriage was a singular one. One day, whilst alighting at a friend's door for the purpose of dining with him, he was joked on his bachelorhood.—He said nothing, but, whilst at table, was observed to take particular notice of the servant girl, who came in to replenish the fire. After dinner, as he was sitting alone in the study, the young woman again entered it with the coalscuttle, when Mr Hall, whom she had supposed scarcely less than a king, said to her, "Betty, do you love the Lord Jesus Christ?" The girl replied that she hoped she did, taking the question merely as an unaccustomed one from a minister. To her utter surprise and consternation, however, Mr Hall immediately followed it up by falling on his knees, and exclaiming "Then, Betty, you must love *me*," and asked her to marry him. In her astonishment she ran away, and she believed Mr Hall had gone mad again (he was once deranged). Her master, like herself, was surprised; and on his speaking with Mr Hall on the subject, the latter declared his intention of marrying the girl, who, he said had taken his fancy by the manner in which she put the coals on. They were married and lived happily! His widow survives him.

A WEEK'S WORK BY A JERSEY GIRL. Miss Fanny Smith, a young girl employed in the Washingtan Mills, at Gloucester, (West Jersey,) wove last week, in three looms, *nineteen* cuts "No 40" yarn, into fine printing cloths, and received therefor $6.85 wages, at 36 cents per cut.

Such paragraphs as the above are set afloat by high tariff advocates. They are deceptive in the highest degree. They do not state that that same labor for which the capitolist paid $6.85, was worth probably three or four times that sum to him. Show us that a fair division of the profits is made between labor and capital, and one objection to a high tariff is obviated.—*Barre Gazette.*

FANNY FORESTER. It argues a very questionable taste in many of the papers of the day, when they stoop to the folly of squibbing and pasquinading the late marraige of the lady who has chosen for her literary name the fancy one at the head of this paragraph. A woman should be shielded from such a public exhibition of coarse feeling at all times, and it is a matter of more regret when the subject of so many ill-natured aspersions happens to be one of a sensitive temperament and unquestionable talent. We allow multitudes of men and women, every day in the year, to marry whom they please, "Black, white or gray;" and we see no good reason why Miss Chubbuck, because she happens to be a popular authoress, and as bright a female genius as we have among us, should be insulted on her connection in marriage with a gentleman, a score of years older than herself, perhaps, though renowned and honored, the world over, as a philanthropist and a christian.—*Boston Courier.*

FIRE IN N. Y. The N. Y. Commercial of yesterday says: "At about half past five o'clock this morning the piano forte manufactory of Messrs. Stodart and Dunham, in Thirteenth street, was discovered to be on fire by the porter of the establishment.—He gave immediate alarm, but so rapidly did the fire spread that before it could be subdued forty pianos were destroyed and several in various stages of manufacture. The building was owned by the firm, and was, as we understand, jointly with the stock partially insured.

WANTON OUTRAGE. The new brick schoolhouse, at South Farms, in Northampton, was blown up with powder on Friday night last. The roof was broken at the ridge, the upper plastering was pretty much all shaken off, and the walls were cracked and spread. The house was built last autumn, at an expense of over $400. Elisha Day acknowledged the commission of the crime.—*Mail.*

☞ The Mail says, the New Yorkers are bragging about their hot weather, and claim up to 93 deg. of Fahrenheit. We can give them six, and still be ahead. We go for 100 or fight.

MURDERED.—The Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser states that Mr. E. B. Robinson, of Mobile, was shot dead on Sunday, the 21st ult., at his mothers house, in Lawndes Co., by Mr Brooks his own cousin. The cause was not known.

Whig Humbug commenced.—The Express states that upwards of twenty orders for machinery have been countermanded at the Matteawan mills since the passage of Mr McKay's tariff bill through the House.

We will bet a hat there has not been one order countermanded on account of the tariff bill having passed through the house.

PENNSYLVANIA INTERESTS. The Philadelphia North American of this morning has the following:—

The August Interest. We are authorized by J. Ross Snowden, Esq., State Treasurer, to state that, unless some contingency, now unforeseen and scarcely possible, should interpose, the August Interest will certainly be paid.

☞ It is estimated the new tariff bill as passed the House will yield twenty eight million of dollars revenue.

☞ The democratic papers are all pitching into the hawkers and pedlars law.

Socrates Balcom, Esq., of Windham, Ct., has been arrested and bound over to the U. S. Court, for obtaining pension money on false certificates.—*Post.*

☞ We understand that Charles Howard, Esq., of this town, has been appointed Measurer of Salt and Coal in the Boston Custom House—salary, $1500 per annum. He has entered upon the duties of his office. *Springfield Republican.*

☞ Counterfeit $1 bills on the New England Bank, Boston, and Mechanics' Bank, Newburyport, are circulating.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physicinn will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

Who will suffer from that painful disease, Liver Complaint, when immediate relief, if not a positive cure, may be effected by the timely use of WISTAR'S BALSAM; for proof of which read the following:

Waterford, N. Y., May 7, 1845.

Dear Sir:—In the year 1841, I was so severely attacked with Liver Complaint, as to be entirely unable to attend to my business. I consulted with the best of Physicians in our place but they gave me no relief. In the winter of 1842, I procured a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and before I had used one half of it, I was able to resume my business as usual. I have since that time used two bottles of the Wild Cherry Balsam, and have been entirely free from pain; and, with the exception of a bad cold in February last, have enjoyed better health than I ever did before. WM. C. POTTER.

We are well acquainted with Mr Wm. C. Potter, know that he was afflicted in the manner he describes, and that his statement is entitled to full credit.

SCOTT & WALDRON, Merchants.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. eps&paprl4

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Damiclian and Tonnan Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&r6mchm

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, as the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

Dear Sir:—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would long on one for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. B. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞ DOGUE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JORKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor, —W. Dogue, 328 Washington street, Boston. thdvnm28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MERRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, July 1st, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr Henry G. Hutchins to Miss Sarah E. Fogg, both of Lowell.

6th, Mr Jas. Frye, of Dracutt, to Miss Harriet Hutchins, of Lowell.

8th, Mr Chester J. Preston, of Lowell, to Miss Rosella Adams, of Dracutt.

9th, Mr Elbridge G. Shackford to Miss Abby B. Crockett, both of L.

In Acton, by Rev. James T. Woodbury, Mr Moses Taylor to Miss Elizabeth Stearns, both of Acton.

In Mont Vernon, on the 9th ult., by Rev. Mr Smith, Mr S. G. Parker, of Lowell, to Miss Sarah Stevens of M. V.

In Nashville, by the same, Mr C. L. Hildreth to Miss M Lovejoy, both of Lowell.

In Portsmouth, N. H., July 6th, at St. John's Church, by Rev. Dr. Burroughs, Hon. Montgomery Blair, of St. Louis, Mo., to Miss Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. Levi Woodbury.

DIED.

In Billerica, June 1st, Capt. Henry Baldwin, 51.

June 30th, Mr Enoch Randall, formerly of Plymouth, aged 27.

TO BUILDERS.—Proposals will be received, until MONDAY, the 20th inst., for building four Primary School Houses, viz:—One on Chapel Hill; one on Charles st., between Gorham and Charles st.; one on Lowell st. near Adams st.; and one two-story building to accommodate two primary schools, at the corner of Cabot and Ford sts.; all the houses to be built of wood, and to be completed before the first day of October next. Plans and specifications may be seen at the City Clerk's office.

By order of the Committee on Lands and Buildings,

HENRY SMITH, Chairman.

City of Lowell, July 10, 1846. jy11a5t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of TARLTON & GUILD, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. JAMES TARLTON, ISAAC M. GUILD.

Mr Tarlton is authorised to collect all bills due the firm, and will continue the business at the old stand, as below. jy11atf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
" better,	"	2 75, to 3 00.
" best,	"	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good,	"	1 00, to 1 25.
" better,	"	1 25, to 1 50.
" best,	"	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This Day.

The fine fast sailing packet Schooner EDWARD, *Baker*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy11

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *right years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pbec16

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-2 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.—Notes of good Banks in the State of New York, taken without discount at the "Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office.

Broken Bank Notes of the above State bought at N. York rates. ajy9

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of HARRY COREY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am Assignee of said estate, duly appointed, and that the second meeting of said creditors will be holden on SATURDAY, the 18th day of July inst. at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott a Master in Chancery for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims, &c. R. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, July 8, 1846. jy0a3t

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

my19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF.

On Thursday next—First Vessel.

☞ Takes no Ice or Lime. ☜



The elegant fast sailing new coppered Brig, MICLANDON, WELCH, master, having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyuson, Agent at New Orleans. jy11

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Custar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Custar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. nov26a3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS, JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

SITUATION WANTED,

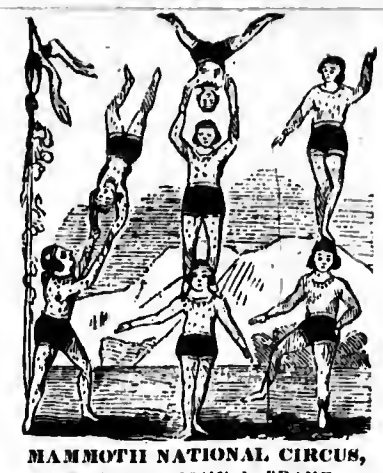
BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office. je30a2w

CAME to the enclosure of the Subscriber Friday morning, July 3d, 2 Shoats, nearly black. The owner is requested to come for the same and pay for this advertisement, &c. SAMUEL MOREY, jy7 a3t

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Bernge, or even a Mohair, in short, any *kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. ajc27

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

WELCH & MANN'S



MAMMOTH NATIONAL CIRCUS,

Conducted by JOHN J. DRAKE.

Equestrian Manager, G. J. CAUWALLADER. *Clowns*, (*grotesque to the arena*,) JOHNSON & WELLS. *Master of the Circle*, D. CAMP.

MESSRS. WELCH & MANN must respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity, that they purpose to visit this place, on *MONDAY July 13th*, 1846, and continue four days, and the proprietors would suggest that, having been received and patronized by the *first families* of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they deem it incumbent upon themselves to state that upon visiting each place during their Summer Campaign, they intend to present such a varied and pleasing routine of performances, which cannot fail to elicit the approbation and patronage of the most fastidious. They also pledge themselves that the performance generally shall equal the CORPS by which it is preceded in every city, town, or village they may have the honor to visit. They most confidently assure the citizens of each place, that their Company shall be selected and comprised of the largest and greatest order of talent in the United States.

Upon entering the city, this extensive company will be attended by a MOST MAGNIFICENT BAND CHARIOT, (drawn by 12 cream-colored horses) with 12 talented musicians, playing some of the most popular airs, marches, &c., selected from the most celebrated composers, followed by a grand retinue of carriages, wagons, teams, &c., &c., numbering over 150 persons, horses, &c.

For particulars see bills of performance.

☞ Prices 25 Cents to all parts of the Arena. Positively no half-price.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

N. B.—On *Wednesday and Thursday* there will be an afternoon performance commencing at 3 o'clock.—Doors open at 2½ o'clock. jy2a1t

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, in, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the establishment of a Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and fertility of acres; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER, ROBT. RANTOUL, SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20s&4taug1

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Dagnerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieilla Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymn5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

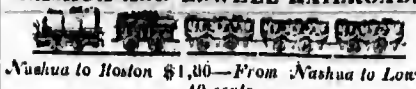
GOODWIN WOOD, ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be checked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stinstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. 1jan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

may9tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

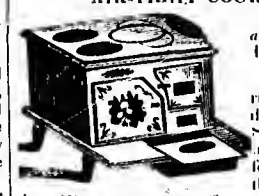
Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Spring stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANKS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. ap28

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152
		No. Lives Insured	207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je18atf

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

PITFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. 1mar9

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Grass, Land, &c.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 13th day of July inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M., the *Grass standing on about 12 Acres of Land*, situated in that part of Dracutt, called "*New Boston.*" Also, immediately after the Grass, the Land will be sold. Said land is a part of a Farm formerly owned by Nathaniel Stickney, adjoining the land of Ezra Foster. Also, at the same time and place, one Single Sleigh, Wheelbarrow, and other Farming utensils. Sale positive—Terms at the sale.

☞ For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Dean & Dinsmore, Wentworth's Building, next east of the Depot, or of E. B. PATCH, Auctioneer. jy7

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Meeting House at Auction.

Valuable real estate on MONDAY, July 13th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, consisting of a brick meeting-house and 2 large stores, situated on the west side of Suffolk st., and known as the Wesley Chapel. Said house is 80 by 67 feet on the ground, finished with 2 large stores and a vestry on a level with the street, with a good cellar under the whole. The audience chamber is well constructed and neatly finished, sufficient to seat 1000 persons over which is another vestry. The furniture belonging to the house consists of clock, chandelier, centre and side Lamps, stoves, &c. &c., together with the lot of 7500 square feet of land; the whole to be peremptorily sold as above. A clear and perfect title will be given. Terms at sale.

P. S. The above offers a favorable opportunity to any religious society who have in contemplation the building of a new house, as the location is very central and will be more so, as that part of the city is now rapidly increasing. For further particulars apply to Cyril French, Chapel st.

Lowell Gymnasium.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

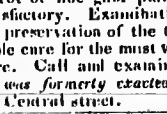
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymayD

Teeth! Teeth!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Conrier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

Splendid Silver Beaver Hats!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

French Regulating Pills.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and attaining regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expressor or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 80, Central St. je9atf

Highly important to all invalids and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, colic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pain in the stomach, back and side; consumptioe, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and sypbilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of sufferieg, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on *every hill and polley*. Let those who impiously arraign the good jattice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of lavalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

Siddall's Indian Vermifuge, OR Childrens' Worm Medicine.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

A. Frost & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

State Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

Dr. M. L. Peters' Lock Hospital,

16, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment; and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make sheets lay,
And for their false optimism pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not asserted in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ajyjnn22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Caughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I cought a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, paine in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMEYER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeyer; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willin H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mcy12m] dec16

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates;)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick Headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentery employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and a few more of the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

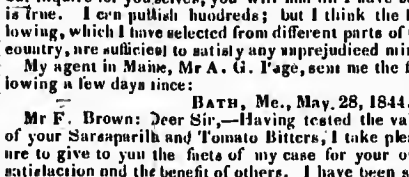
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

apr4 adv&partly

No. 7 Wyman's Exchange,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stair*



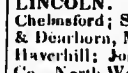
THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell on a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 3½ Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

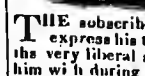
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfnnr17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

Salem and Lowell Stage Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

F. Brown's SARSAPARILLA & TOMATO BITTERS.

THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates;)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick Headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentery employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and a few more of the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00.

apr4 adv&partly

CHRISTIE'S

Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the wrist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obteined, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 80 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ptly

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unequal power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plein, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 82.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Pastors, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
daly Corner of Lowell and Warthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, *Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.*

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 *Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jen1 *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HAYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
[illegible]OHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
☞ STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No.* 30, *Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HENDMO and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Cortains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at advty *mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—*Merrimack Street,*—*No.* 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-house.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation resolves the blood; and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'y,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is compound of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to affect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA. —
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I own to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr. James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay; E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carlton & Co., S. Kiddar, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ilynov3

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Deguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieilla Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church, st. jy2a&ply*

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N.H., [illegible] from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elosic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.
(EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)
CAPITAL OF £500,000 STERLING, OR $2,500,000, WITH DIVISON OF PROFITS.
United States Board of Local Directors at New York
JACOB HARVEY, Esq., Chairman.
John J. Palmer, Esq. Samuel S. Howland, Esq
Jona. Goodhue, Esq. Gorham A. Worth, Esq.
James Boorman, Esq. Samuel M. Fox, Esq.
George Barclay, Esq.
Office In Boston, 12 Merchant's Exchange.
FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell.
Consulting Physicians { JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D.
THE plan of the NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY joins together the two strongest of human motives, viz.: Protection against the *occurrence of casualties and reverses while living*, and Provision for a family at death—and by this means gives the most powerful encouragement to lay up a provision for the future
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The steady success and increasing prosperity of the Society enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to divide amongst the Policy-holders a reversionary bonus averaging over 50 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.....	Sum Assured.....	Annual Premium.....	Policy taken out in.....	Ratio in addition to sum assured.....	Bonus in Cash.	Permanent reduction of Annual Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.....
60	$5000	$370 75	1837	$95 35	$4483 5	$69 25	$19775 9
			1838	828 2	373 45	67 12½	17805 5
			1839	693 37½	308 56	45 70	14883 38

The division of profits is annual.
The Premiums may be paid yearly, half yearly or quarterly, and *parties insuring for the whole term of life are allowed as above stated, to borrow two-thirds of all the premiums paid after the first year.*
☞ Insurance is effected and losses settled under the direction of Local Board of Directors at New York, to whom also authority is delegated for *investing the Society's funds in this country*, which enables parties to prosecute disputed claims (should any such arise) within the jurisdiction of the laws of the United States.
Moreover, the following clause is endorsed on all policies issued by the society:
"If any difference arise with regard to a policy, such difference shall, at *the option of the claimants* upon such policy, be submitted to the arbitration of two persons, (one to be appointed by the directors, and the other by the claimant,) whose award, or that of the umpire named by them, shall be conclusive."
Pamphlets containing tables of rates, &c., and all necessary information, may be obtained on application at the office of the subscriber, opposite the American House, on Central street in Lowell.
1ya&p FREDERICK PARKER,
2awseopdec18 Agent for Lowell and its vicinity.

The Three Crowns.

BY MRS PIERSON.

She wore a crown of Beauty,
A queen of hearts was she;
And proud and strong men at her feet
Adored on bending knee;
She seemed a thing to worship,
So regal was her grace,
And each a soul of majesty
Impressed her perfect face.

Her cheeks were red with beauty,
Her smile was rich with pearls,
Her white brow shone like purity
Amid her golden curls.
Her eyes were like deep fountains
Beneath the southern skies,
In which the richest blue of heaven
In pure reflection lies.

Her voice was like the wild bird's
That sings her hymn at even;
Her radient smile came o'er the soul
So like a dream of heaven.
She wore the crown of Beauty,
But wore it to her pride,
And Envy with her withering breath
Walked ever by her side.

She wore the crown of Genius,
She ranged the field of thought;
She studied nature's beauteous book,
With holy lessons fraught;
And themes, that are to others
Impenetrably sealed,
Unclasping at her magic touch,
Their precious lore revealed.

With footsteps like the zephyr
She climbed Parnassus's height,
And from its rainbow coronet,
Wove garlands of delight;
By Helicon's pure fountain
She often paused to drink,
To cull the never fading flowers
That clustered on its brink.

Her mind was like pure waters,
Where richest pearls abound,
Her fancy strung them playfully,
And threw them flashing round;
She wore the crown of Genius,
To which earth's monarchs bow;
But it was fever to her heart,
And ice upon her brow.

She wore religion's circlet—
A thorny crown it seemed,
From which no sheen of yellow gold,
No diamond lustre gleamed;
But from its pure white blossoms
Exhaled a fragrant balm,
That lay upon her heart and life,
A blessing and a charm.

Above her fair young forehead
It shone serenely bright,
And Beauty's rose and Genius' gem
Grew glorious it its light;
That crown of holy meekness
She wore in perfect peace,
It shed a light of truth and love,
And filled her soul with bliss.

Woe to the crown of Beauty!
Its flowers grew pale and cold,
And its adorers fled like birds,
When autumn days are drear;
Woe to the crown of Genius!
'Twas cold upon her brow;
Alas! 'tis only o'er the grave
Its living jewels glow.

All hail! Religion's chaplet—
We bless its heavenly power!
There's healing in each verdant leaf,
And balm in every flower;
No blight, no change, no withering
Comes ever to that wreath;
It blooms, a balm, a bliss in life
A glorious hope in death.

From the Odd-Fellow.

LOVE VERSUS MONEY.

BY ROSA HAWTHORNE.

CHAPTER I.

"Ah, my sweet Marian, I shall live to hear your lovely lips utter very different opinions from these. Who ever, in the world, before now, heard a beautiful girl of eighteen talk like you? I should imagine myself listning to some crusty old merchant of fifty-six. You ought to be thinking of love, and roses, and nightingales, and lilies and bowers, and showers, and bliases, and kisses!"

"You may laugh cousin Harry, as much as you please, but I only differ from the other young ladies, you know, so far as this, that I am honest, and speak the truth, while they conceal their designs. That I disdain to do. I say again, that love is nothing without money, and though I would never marry any odious old frump for his wealth, yet I will not marry an Adonis without that qualification. But why should I not find love and money too? Don't you think I may, Harry? Everybody says I am a beauty, and *entre nous*, I really think I am.—Dont you?"

"Indeed I do, Marian, and it takes all my courage to prevent myself falling over head and ears in love with you. But I knew very well, two years ago, that there was no chance for a poor law student like me. Still, I doubt exceedingly whether you will act out your theory.—You have never yet been in love, and though you have refused half a score of poor young wretches, and rich old ones, I think your time will come. Now confess, have you never felt how sweet it would be, if you *did* love any one, to make an humble home an abode of exquisite happiness for him?"

"No, indeed, cousin Harry, never, never! I might be willing to live in a cottage, but, as the lady says in the song, it must be a 'cottage ornee,' and most completely 'ornee' it must be to satisfy me with it. How could *I* make poverty agreeable to any man? I could not cook a beefsteak to save my life—nor wash—nor sweep—and I do hate to mend stockings. Look at my hands, do you really think they were meant for such things?"

And the vain little thing held up to Harry's view such a pair! They resembled tiny snow-flakes.

Harry shook his head. "Ah, Marian, will you never think seriously?"

Her merry glance was overshadowed for a moment as she replied.

"I have known reverses, Harry, as you may well remember. When my poor father was so unfortunate, several years ago, and lost everything but his honor, I was old enough to perceive what a vast difference in our happiness, our change of circumstances made. My mother never complained, nor uttered a single murmur. She exerted her delicate frame to the utmost.—Her duty was thoroughly performed; but she was not happy. She missed the luxuries to which she had been accustomed from her earliest years. It wrung her heart, too, that we should be obliged

ed to leave the circle of our little friends, and enter the ordinary schools with inferior advantages of education. My father's anxious brow—his hurried demeanor—oh, I never shall forget that time, and' though fortune has smiled upon us again, I have learned a wholesome lesson.—Yet, understand me, Harry. Should misfortune come upon me after my marriage, and Poverty show her frightful face at the door, I will do everything to which my duty calls me, nor will my love for my husband fly out of the window; still, I will never rush into such trials, with my eyes open,—trials which I am neither fitted by nature nor by education to support."

"Well, my little beauty, you are really eloquent. May life bring you everything you desire. Hard-hearted as you are to me, cruel one, I love you still. But now tell me your plans for the summer. Is it to be Niegara, Newport or Saratoga, this year? Why dont you go to Montreal or Quebec? Soch handsome officers, you know Mariani!"

"Because I do not choose to be tempted;" she answered, laughing, younger brothers will not do for my theory. No, this summer we are off for Saratoga. We leave New York early in July, for the season. Our rooms are engaged, and I am charmed with the project!"

"I shall meet you there then. It will be a relief to me to quit my dry studies at Cambridge and see your beautiful face, even though it gives its bewildering smiles to so many others besides myself. Adieu, my queen!

[Continued.]

Congress.

Friday July 10.

SENATE. The bill for the support of the West Point Academy was taken up, and after a brief consideration laid aside again without coming to any decision.

The Warehousing bill was then again taken up.

Mr Calhoun earnestly advocated the bill, and thought the vote on this amendment would indicate its fate.

Mr Webster had always been in favor of a well regulated warehouse system, and was so still; the present bill, however, was very imperfect, and he would move to recommit it to the committee on commerce, with a view to remedy its imperfections.

Mr Dix opposed the recommitment, and after a debate, in which Messrs. Archer, Allen and Simmonds took part, the motion of Mr Webster was agreed to—yeas 26, nays 25.

The Senate then went into executive session and soon afterwards adjourned.

HOUSE. The House resolved itself into committee of the whole, Mr Wick in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of the land gradestion bill.

Mr McDowell, of Va., offered a substitute for all the plans, which confined the principle of graduation to the lands already surveyed and in market, and not to those yet to be brought into market.

Mr McClernand advocated the passage of the bill.

Mr Brockenborough followed on the same side.

Mr Rathbun opposed the bill and the emendments, and advocated a different system of graduation.

Mr Adams of Mass., spoke in favor of the bill, until 2 o'clock, and the discussion being ended, the committee proceeded to decide on the amendments.

The one offered by Mr McDowall, of Va., and all others were rejected, and the bill was reported to the House as it came from the Senate.

The vote on ordering the bill to be engrossed, was then taken by yeas and nays, and decided in the negative; yeas 84, nays 98.

So the bill was rejected.

Mr Daniels moved a reconsideration of the vote.

The yeas and nays were taken, and the vote rejecting the bill was reconsidered.

The House then adjourned; yeas 81, nays 80.

Saturday, July 11.

SENATE. A message was received from the President transmitting a report from the engineer upon the survey of the coast of Texas.

The committee on Commerce reported back the Warehousing bill with two emendments.

1st. To exact bonds for the payment of duties on double amount, when entered for werehousing.

2d. To limit the time which goods may remain in store to one year.

The bill to incorporate the Texas navy with our own, came up as unfinished business. Mr Dayton moved to lay it on the table until the amendments should be printed. Agreed to.

The bill for the renewal of patent to Ross Weymen, for improvement on railroad car wheels, was debated by Messrs. Benton, Cameron, Davis, Phelps, Webster, and postponed until Monday.

On motion of Mr Cass, 3000 extra copies of an expedition to California, for the use of the Senate, and 100 for the Topographical Bereaus, were ordered to be printed.

A large number of private bills were passed, when, on motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. A call of the House was ordered, so that a full vote might be had on the final disposition of the graduation bill. There were found present 174 members. The doors and windows were then closed, and a motion made to suspend all further proceedings under the call. The yeas and nays were ordered. They stood 145 to 17, so the doors were thrown open.

Mr Collamer's motion of yesterday to lay the graduation bill on the table, was then taken by yeas and nays, and decided in the affirmative—yeas 92, nays 87.

Mr Brodhead then moved to reconsider the vote.

Mr Henly moved to postpone the consideretion of Mr Brodhead's motion until Tuesday next.

On this the yeas and nays were taken and stood yeas 89, nays 94, so the House refused to postpone the subject. The question then recurred to reconsider the vote to lay the bill on the table. It was decided in the affirmative; yeas 91, nays 90. It was then reconsidered, and the bill placed back again to where it was yesterday.

Another motion to lay the bill on the table was then made, which was decided in the negative, yeas 89, nays 91.

The greatest interest and excitement prevailed during the whole of the proceedings. All the members of the cabinet, except Mercy, who is sick, were present in the house busily talking with the members.

The House next proceded to consider bills on the private calendar, which occupied much time. The bill was supported by Foster and Stephon Adams, and opposed by Hopkins. It was then ordered to be engrossed. The telegraph did not give the name of the bill.

Mr McKay gave notice that he would move, on Monday morning, to take up the report of the treasury note bill.

At 5 minutes before 2, the weather being excessively hot, the House adjourned.

LIGHTNING. The barn of Mr Nathaniel Colburn, of West Dedham, was struck by lightning on Sunday, and consumed, together with 17 tons of hay, a valuable horse, swine, &c. Loss about $2000: insured $700 at the Norfolk Mutual. The barn of Mr Merrifield, at Dedham village, was also struck, but not materially injured. The lightning also struck on Fedoral Hill, and several other places in that town.

The store of Mr Cook, on Camberland Hill, R. I., was struck by lightning, doing but little damage, except destroying two or three hogsheads of Molasses.

Col. Haish reports a schoonor off Newport, R. I., struck by lightning, and having one of her masts shivered.

The house of Capt. Jarius B. Lincoln, at Hingham, was struck by lightning, breaking all the glass in the side lights, tearing off the plastering and wood work in one of the chambers and in the parlor below, and then passed into the cellar, where it played some carioes freaks with a box of eggs. The probable amount of damage was $150.—*Boston Post.*

A COMPLIMENT TO THE LADIES. A minister a short time ago told forth to his female auditors in the manner following:—"Be not proud that our blessed Lord paid yesterday the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection, for it was only done that the glad tidings might spread the sooner!"

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 14, 1846.

Santa Ana for Mexico.

Santa Ana, as is reported, was to leave Havana for Mexico on the 10th inst., accompanied by Almonte and other friends. Should he succeed in again revolutionizing the government, what his course towards our government would be is wholly problematical. It is certain our government have had nothing to do with his movements. And it is said that he had no connection with the revolts against Paredes; and that he at first refused to return to Mexico to lead his partizans, and did not, and would not consent to the proposition until he was assured that the troops at Vera Cruz would rally around his standard.

The N. Y. Sun expresses the opinion that "Santa Ana's movement is probably known and approved by England and France, and the troops at Vera Cruz may be prepared to receive him. In that event the troops under Paredes will go over to Santa Ana, from the conviction that he is the only person in whom the Mexicans have confidence, and who can check the disastrous state of things. In all governments ruled by military men, we are to look for the most singular and rapid transitions. We must be prepared for any event that may happen."

The Tribune speculates as follows:—

"We have hardly a doubt of his success in overthrowing Paredes. The Army which the latter is now impolling on Monterey will be glad of a fair pretext for avoiding the fatigues and privations of a long march under the midsummer sun of the tropics, with the certainty of severe fighting at the end of it. They will declare for Santa Ana, in the secret hope of avoiding by a revolution the toils and privations now before them. Another month will suffice to re-establish Santa Ana in power, at the head of a nominally Federal Republic, but practically a centralized despotism."

☞ The Courier pretends to doubt our statement; that Mr Patch has been opposed to the getting up of liquor prosecutions, as we said in the Advertisor of Saturday. As the courier man's unbelief does not alter the fact, he is welcome to enjoy all the consolation to be derived from unbracing error. In another article, in reply to our saying that we looked upon the liquor prosecutions as they had been got up and carried on, to be the greatest barrier the temperance cause had to contend against, he says—

"Those great friends of temperance, the liquor sellers, are unanimously of the same opinion; so our neighbor is not alone in his views."

It may be so; but he it so, and it no more show us to be mistaken than if he had said all the temperance folks are of the same opinion. And very many of the more respectable portion of them are. We would ask our neighbor why liquor selling has *increased* in about the same ratio with liquor prosecutions if the effect of prosecuting is to *diminish* the sale?

As to injuring Mr Patch's temperance reputation, on the contrary, we would, by stating the facts as they are, repel the dirty slander cast upon it. Mr Patch is a temperance man of the strictest kind, but not one of those who will do a mean, dishonorable wrong that good may come.

DOUBLE ELOPEMENT—*morals of the country.*—Friday morning, a man named Houstis, a carpenter by trade, arrived in New York from Hempstead Branch, accompanied by a sweet looking *cheramie*,—whom he left at one of the fashionable hotels, and immediately proceeded back to Hempstead for his tools. In the afternoon he returned to the city with another gentleman and lady, and the quadrature immediately went into private lodgings. In a few hours another party arrived from Hempstead, in hot chase of the two Lotharios and their female companions.

The pursuers stating that Houstis and the other gentleman, whose name is said to be Hudson, had each eloped from the quiet village above named, with the wives of two respectable individuals there residing, much to the scandal and horrification of the whole neighborhood. Houstis has for his share of the transaction, Mrs Flowers,—lovely, blooming, and only 18. She has been three years married. Hudson's lady love is 24 years of age—delicate and interesting—her name is Mrs Jones. Both the frail fair ones are, as yet *childless*, and with their un-wedded lords, will probably make the grand tour, visiting Saratoga and the Lakes. Shameful, very! The above is from the N. Y. Express.

THE LAND GRADUATION BILL as it passed the Senate contains the following provisions:—lands which on the first of March next, shall have been ten years in market without finding a purchaser, shall be subject to sale at $1 an acre until 1st of March, 1850; then at 75 cents, if not previously sold, until 1st of March, 1853; then at 50 cents, if not previously sold, until 1st of March, 1856; then at 25 cents, if not previously sold, until 1st of March, 1859;—no purchaser shall take more than one section (640 acres) of the land embraced in each of the divisions where the price is fixed at twenty-five, and fifty cents per acre. The bill was amended by striking out the clause providing that the lands, after remaining in the market, unsold, a given time, should be ceded to the states in which they lie.

☞ An able Pennsylvanian writes—"I regret, rather than feel any surprise at, the democratic vote of Pennsylvania on the great bill of Friday last. The great triumph, recently of free trade in England, combined with the now happy restoration of pacific relations with her, give fair promise of great advantage to our industry of all kinds, from this new tariff bill; and would that our Pennsylvania politicians had exhibited the same character which Sir Robert Peel manifested in the House of Commons when declaring that he felt no shame, no inconsistency, in changing after a lapse of 20 years, from a protectionist to a free trader; as he had only yielded to the changing circumstances of the world, and the results of experience upon his own convictions."

MURDER OF HENRY R. SCHOOLCRAFT. By the western mails of Saturday, we learn that Mr. Schoolcraft, for many years Indian agent of the government among the western tribes, was murdered week before last, at Sault St Marie, by a half breed Indian, named Tanner. No particulars are given except that the murderer was at large, pursued by the whole population. The New York Post says that Mr Schoolcraft had gone west, partly to settle some old family affairs, and partly to collect further materials for his various India publications. Our readers may recollect that Mr Schoolcraft was married to one of the daughters of the half-breed Johnson family.

☞ A correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser writing from Washington giving his speculations upon the chances of the tariff bill going through the Senate says,—

"Every effort will be made to carry the bill without the aid of Mr Dallas's vote, but if it becomes necessary that vote will be cast for the bill.

Mr D. is a free-trader in theory; his position in the party appears to call upon him to sustain the policy of the administration, and he will probably do it. He is reported to have said, since the bill passed, indeed I know that he has said, that if compelled to vote, he would vote in the affirmative. So far as the result depends upon him it may be considered settled, but the whole affair is enveloped in doubt, as much as it was before leaving the House. If Mr Beeton flounces, the whole thing is up for the session, and nothing can or will be done with the subsisting law.

If Mr Benton flounces. What reason, we pray, is there for doubting that Mr. Benton's vote will be given for the bill. There is no possibility of Mr Benton's flouncing.

This writer says too, that Mr Niles is as likely to go for the bill as against it when the vote is taken.

THE MEXICAN BATTLES IN ENGLAND. The London Morning Chronicle speaks thus of Gen. Taylor's battles:

"*Nil admirari.* Such is the motto of Great Britain in respect to the great deeds of America. She views them coldly, quietly, and without either wonder or emotion. She is as little surprised at their occurrence as the mathematician is astounded at the accuracy of his own calculations. She sees her way both to them and through them, and would have been more surprised had they turned otherwise than they have done.

"The feats on the Rio Grande have been gallant and successful. No man in England doubts it. No man in England suggests even a second interpretation of them nor cares about refining upon their natural signification. We admit, without reservation, that they exhibit some important facts, and that to some extent, viz: the transcendent merits of the American army, the strategic skill of the officers, the impetuous energy of the soldiers, the considerate forbearance of the settlers. For any exception that we take to his conduct, General Taylor may deserve a triumph, and Captain Ringold the honors of an ovation. They have fought well, and kept up a character which was before high enough to be independant of either bravado or exaggeration.—More than that, they have just done what we expected and what we foretold they would do. Who so dear to us as the man who fulfils our prophecies?

"The Mexicans themselves are not dishonored. Let those who think lightly of American courage attribute the success in question to the weakness of their enemy rather than the valor of their conquerors. We reject the alternative. America won the fight through her inherent heroism. The cause was gained by the strength of the one, rather than by weakness of the other.

"Such is the fact—a fact probably admitted through the whole length and breadth of Great Britain; by the Gael and Welshman, as well as the consanguineous Anglo-Saxon."

TRANSPORTATION FOR OUR TROOPS. The only difficulty in the vigorous prosecution of the war, says the Union, is the want of transportation of our troops for Matamoras. We are happy to find, from the following article, that this difficulty is to be immediately removed, and that our troops will soon be on the advance:

Steamers for the Rio Grande. The following steamboats have been purchased at Pittsburg, for the Rio Grande, by Capt. John Saunders, of Gen. Taylor's staff: Waterville, two years old, $5,500; Corvette, new, $16,000; Rough-and-Ready, new, $12,000; Col. Cross, new, $14,000; Major Brown, new, $12,000. These boats excepting the Waterville, says, the Post, are the very best specimens of light water drafts, built by our first builders, and are to be delivered to the government agents in New Orleans at the above prices. Boilers and engines perfectly new.—They are frail tenements for sea-going vessels, and will require fair weather and good management in taking them along the Texas coast. The model and arrangement of the boats are the result of long experience in navigating rivers. They will run in shoal water and carry more freight than any other vessels ever built. Their appearance on the Rio Grande will be the commencement of a new era in commerce and civilization.

SPEED OF A LOCOMOTIVE. An experiment was lately made on the Great Western line in England for the purposes of exhibiting the attractive capacity of the broad-gauge locomotive. A new engine, dragging a passenger train of one hundred tons, performed the distance from London to Bristol (118 miles) in 2h. 26m. 40sec., stoppages included. The average speed attained on level portions of the line was nearly 60 miles an hour. On rapidly descending gradients a maximum speed of from 70 to 72 miles an hour was reached, while, again, on sharp curves or steep inclines, the rate was diminished to about 50 miles an hour.

CASES IN WHICH LETTERS SHOULD BE PREPAID. A gentleman writing to a lady.

A lady writing to her female friend, to the care of a gentleman, (because the trouble of receiving and delivering is too much.)

A merchant writing to another, requesting information.

A friend writing to his friend, requesting some friendly act; such as collecting a small dividend to be remitted, ect. ect. ect., the trouble being sufficient to prove his friendship, without being taxed for so doing.

Always in writing to newspaper Editors, or Proprietors of newspapers.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

WELCH & MANN'S CIRCUS, our readers should bear in mind is in this city, to remain but two days longer. Their performances are said to be of first rate excellence. There is to be an afternoon performance Wednesday (to-morrow) and Thursday to which we respectfully ask parents to take our little friends. The company is an unusually large one comprising seventy-four men and seventy-seven horses. There is nothing to be apprehended from the audience or in the exhibition to shock the most delicate or annoy the most fastidious.

AN INDIAN WAR. The Green Bay Republican mentions the arrival of a gentleman direct from the head waters of the Missouri, bringing intelligence that the Sioux, Black Feet, Sacks and Foxes, and the Winnebagoes, are assembling in large numbers, and making every preparation for a war upon the white settlements on the borders of Iowa and Wisconsin.—The whites are arming themselves, and making all the preparations they can to defend their homes and firesides.

☞ The sutlers in the American camps on the Rio Grande, appear to be unconscionable dogs, charging extravagant prices for the articles which they furnish to the men. They sell letter paper at 20 cents a sheet, and ink is so high, that some of the volunteers prefer to write with their own blood. At least so says a Matamoras correspondent of a Western paper.

☞ The British government are about to expend £3,000,000 in fortifications in Canada, principally on the St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, June 27.

The license of the Lowell Museum was continued to the first day of October next.

License was granted to Welch & Mann to exhibit the "Mammoth National Circus" on the South Common for four days in the month of July.

JULY 6. Petitions referred—Of S. C. Cole et al. that the street from South st. to Thorndike st. on the north side of the Common may be made according to the established grade; of Judah Crosby and others that the name of Washington st. may be altered to Park st.; of A. R. Brown and others that Paige st. may be laid out and sidewalks laid thereon; of David Wells that the compensation of the City Physician may be increased in proportion to the increase of his duties.

Reports—of the Committee on Streets on the Mayors communication relating to the purchase of land for obtaining gravel for streets—accepted, and accompanying resolutions enthorizing the purchase of a lot of land of Daniel Carter near the Lowell Bleachery, passed in concurrence; of the Committee on Lands and Buildings, relating to the school house on Winter st.—accepted, and the accompanying order authorizing the sale of said school house and the building of a new one on Charles st., passed; of the Committee on Sewers on the petition of O. M. Donohoe et al.—accepted, and the accompanying resolution authorizing a Common Sewer in Jefferson st. from Lowell st. to Lewis st., passed and sent down for concurrence; of the special committee to whom was referred the Treasurer's communication relative to the payment of the expense of widening the bridge over the Western canal in Merrimack st.—accepted. of the Committee on Lands and Buildings on the subject of a watch-house and lock-up room—accepted, and the accompanying resolution "to build a watch house" (or building for a watch-room, with a lock-up room adjoining, a store-room in the basement and a hall in the second story for a Ward room and other purposes) on the lot belonging to the City on Middle st., passed in concurrence.

A resolution, from the Common Council, "authorizing the grading and laying of a sidewalk on Lewis st.," was referred to the committee on Streets in concurrence.

An order was passed authorizing the Mayor to cause the "liberty pole" to be repaired. Sent down. Non concurred.

Aldermun Knapp gave in his resignation as a member of this Board, to take effect after Thursday next; he being about to remove from the city.

License to keep awise was granted to Jonas W. Colburn.

Alderman Gray offered an order for the abatement of a nuisance—passed.

Adjourned. Next meeting Monday evening, July 20th.

☞ The Archbishop of Dublin has delivered a charge to his clergy in which he denounces the Evangelical Alliance and Puseyism, as alike in antagonism, in his judgment, to the canonical obligations of conscientious clergymen; and destructive of the peace of the Established Church.

☞ The Louisville Journal says a lamentable accident occurred near Albany. A hack in which a first lieutenant of one of the Indiana volunteer companies and another person were riding upset, and falling down a precipice, killed the former instantly and injured the latter seriously.

BREAD. The people throughout the country are anathematising the bakers for not enlarging their loaves in proportion to the fall of flour. Why dont the persons dissatisfied make their own bread? They are not compelled to buy it ready made. Every man has a right to make all he can honestly.

WELCH & MANN'S great National Circus made their entry into the city yesterday, and passed through our principal streets, headed by a fine band drawn by ten splended horses. The company is the largest that ever visited this city.

☞ The Board of Public Works of the state of Virginia, have advertised to sell at auction on the 4th of September next, "all the estate, property and effects," &c. of the Portsmouth and Roanoke Railroad Company.

☞ X., of the Courier, replies to a single question of Vox Populi in an article of only about two thirds of a column. Vox is in a fair way to keep the legal gentleman on his taps.

☞ Andrew Howard, for the murder of Phebe Hanson, was executed in Strafford county, N. H., at the jail, on Wednesday, the 8th inst. We are obliged to the Dover Gazette for an extra.

PEACE MAKER. A gun was cast at Alger's, South Boston, that will carry a *two hundred and thirty* pound ball. It is said to be intended for the Castle of San Juan D'Ulloa.

☞ Friday night, July 10th was the hottest night experienced in Boston for twenty-eight years. At ten in the evening, the thermometer stood at 85 degrees, and it fell only to 80 during the night

☞ John Carlin and George O'Brien, of Philadelphia, got into a dispute when Carlin sprang upon O'Brien, bit off half his nose and spit it into his face. He also bit a large piece out of his cheek.

☞ The income of the Maine state prison was last year $2522.60 more than the expenses, exclusive of the salaries of the officers, which amount to nearly $6000.

VEGETABLE FEAT. A cucumber vine that spreads itself over the garden of a friend of ours, grew in length two *feet*, between Friday night and Sunday morning.

☞ At Charleston, S. C., Mr Thomas Rivers was accidentally killed on Saturday the 4th inst., by the discharge of his own gun.

☞ About half past 12 on Friday night Lemuel Clapp's barn, Willow court, Dorchester, was set fire to, and burnt.

☞ The Courier commenting upon John P. Hale's ranting speech upon slavery says, "it has the true ring of the metal about it" Videlicet—*brass.*

WASHINGTON BRASS BAND. If fair to-morrow evening they will continue their serenades on Middlesex street near the Howard House.

☞ The names of the soldiers who fell on the Rio Grande have not yet been published. It is time they were.

Mr Courier. It was the Newgate Ordinary in "Jonathan Wild" that said *'that.'*

☞ In New York, on Friday, three men, died suddenly from the effects of the heat.

☞ The Courier says, two men died in this city from drinking too freely of cold water on Saturday.

☞ Mr Slidell, late minister to Mexico, is among the visitors at Saratoga.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Correspondence of the Commercial Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, July 13, 1846.

The Tariff.

I heard, yesterday morning, a rumor, coming to *me* from a source of most respectable authority, upon the tariff, which, if true, is of the greatest importance, and is doubtless known ere this among the denizens of Wall street.

It is that Mr Webster will to-morrow introduce a bill for a compromise on the tariff which he has ascertained will meet the assent of several of the prominent Administration Senators, and will be adopted instead of the bill from the House. My informant is an able Whig member of the House from Pennsylvania.

It is said that Mr Semple, of Illinois, has expressed himself dissatisfied with the House bill, and that he has signified his willingness to vote for a substitute such as that which Mr Webster proposes to bring in.

Mr Benton is expected to make some movement on his favorite subject of controversy, the salt duties and the fishing bounties. The leading free-traders in the Senate anticipate that he will take a stand in favor of the admission of salt without any duty, and for striking out the fishing bounties, and the only question is whether he will make concession to his notions on those points a *sine qua non* to his support of the bill.

On the whole, it was plain yesterday that the ultra anti tariff men were more despondent of success than they have been at any time since the passage of the bill by the House.

Another of them *on dits* is, that if the free traders should now fail of their hopes in the passage of this bill, they mean to set on foot a free trade league, to be conducted on the same plan and for kindred objects, with the league of Messrs Cobden and Bright in England.

It is proposed to raise a fund of $50,000 and to establish a newspaper to be called the "Anti-Protection League." No doubt was entertained by the enthusiastic spirit to whom I am indebted for a sketch of this intended movement, that the money could be raised in two weeks. Why there need be no doubt of it.

I think I can name half a dozen great foreign firms in the U. States who would subscribe the amount in twenty-four hours, in the confident and well grounded hopes that, if the objects of the 'League' were entertained, they should get back ten times the sum within the year following that consumation.

THE U. S. R. CUTTER HAMILTON, AND THE REV. E. T. TAYLOR.—Last Sunday morning the cutter Hamilton was gaily decked with colors, and a pennant streaming from her mainmost head, which, as the wind lulled away, touched the water. Her awnings were spread fore and aft, the decks clean as a hound's tooth, and her gallant tars as neat and trim as men could be. Settees were placed fore and aft, the capstan was covered with the stripes and stars and a Bible. About 9 A. M. the Rev. E. T. Taylor, accompanied by a number of ladies and gentlemen, boarded the cutter, and after receiving the customary salutations, were seated. The hands were then mustered, after which the third lieutenant read the rules and regulations of the revenue service. A few minutes afterwards, Father Taylor read the hyme commencing,

"On Jordan's stormy banks I stand,"

which was sung in beautiful style, nearly all hands chiming in. A prayer followed, and then an excellent discourse from the words—"This people have I formed for Myself; they shall show forth my praise." The old man showed the nautical part of his audience that although he was a preacher of peace, yet when the nation's honor was at a stake, it became the imperative duty of every man to fight to the last. The sailors did not give him three cheers, but they looked like giving him three times three, and one for coming up; but were restrained by the rules of discipline. He felt quite warm towards the close, and had forgotten that he had to preach in the Bethel, and accordingly one of his daughters reminded him that the second bells were ringing. "Let them ring!" exclaimed the jolly salt water parson; "we must drive the devil hence before we tackle him in the Bethel. He is pretty well out of breath now, and won't show much fight next round." The discourse as a whole was full of fervor, and that rough and ready eloquence which always finds its way to the hearts of seamen. A benediction closed the exercise, and the worthy pastor and his friends landed and proceeded to the Bethel. Capt. Sturgis intends having religious exercises on board of the cutter every Sunday morning, and will be happy to accommodate as many visitors from the shore as he can conveniently stow. The gallant captain never looked better or happier than he does at present. Long life to him!—*Post.*

A WESTERN BOY'S IDEA OF MANHOOD. An Indianapolis correspondent of the New York Tribune, relates the following dialogue held with a Hoosier boy:

"I met a boy, apparently about twelve years old, and hailed him with, "My little man, wouldn't you like to go to Texas?" "I am going," said he. "Why what are you going to do?" "I am going to be pivot-boy, and wait upon the officers and help cook." "Are you going to carry a gun?" "No, but I shall carry a pistol, and west to kill one Mexican, and if I get a chance I will." "Does your mother know you are going?" "Yes, sir; and she told me to go. She wanted me to see the world, and it might make a man of me; and after one year I shall carry a musket, and if I can only kill fifteen Mexicans, I shall come back a man!"

BOLD LADIES. The house of Mrs Moody, at the foot of Fair street, was entered by a thief on Thursday night. There were only three ladies in the house, and one of them awakened probably by some noise made by the thief in moving about, on opening her eyes, saw a man passing before the window. Finding that she was awake, the fellow pressed her down with his hand upon her mouth, so heavily as to bruise the flesh somewhat. In the meantime, however, the other ladies had awoke, and with good courage came to the rescue, and made such demonstrations of attack that the robber made a precipitate retreat down stairs, followed by Mrs Moody, who came very near reaching him, but he escaped by jumping from a back window, at which he entered, and which he left open. The fellow, it was found, had rummaged most of the rooms in the house, with a lighted candle, which he appeared at last to have lost on the floor, and the noise which he made at this time by some mis-step, or in grouping for the candle, which roused the inmates.—*Newburyport Herald.*

☞ The Postmaster General is contemplating a change in the dead letter department, so as to imitate the English system of returning to the writers all letters of business, whether they contain money of not. This arrangement would prove very acceptable to business men in general, as they would then know when their letters reached their destination. Besides, the postage on returned letters would prove a source of considerable revenue to the department.—*N. Y. Sun.*

☞ The New York True Sun of yesterday says "Since Friday the Coroner has been called to hold inquests upon about *thirty* persons, nearly all of whom came to their death by imprudent exposure to the sun or the free use of cold water when heated by such exposure; and he has still seven cases on hand. This is a melancholy proof that Friday and Saturday were the most oppressively hot days known in this city for many years past."

☞ The Philadelphia Keystone says the Cabinet is to be as follows:

Secretary of State—Robert J. Walker.
Secretary of the Treasury—Richard Rush.
Secretary of War—William L. Marcy.
Secretary of the Navy—William H. Haywood.
Postmaster General—Cave Johnson.
Attorney General—John Y. Mason.

☞ Albert Pike, the poet, formerly of this town, who has for some years successfully practiced law in Arkansas, is the captain of a company of flying Artillery, which has left Arkansas for Mexico.—*Newburyport Herald.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and Scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Halsey, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

---

Who will suffer from that painful disease, Liver Complaint, when immediate relief, if not a positive cure, may be effected by the timely use of WISTAR'S BALSAM; for proof of which read the following:

Waterford, N. Y., May 7, 1845.

Dear Sir:—In the year 1841, I was so severely attacked with Liver Complaint, as to be entirely unable to attend to my business. I consulted with the best of Physicians in our place but they gave me no relief. In the winter of 1842, I procured a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and before I had used one half of it, I was able to resume my business as usual. I have since that time used two bottles of the Wild Cherry Balsam, and have been entirely free from pain; and, with the exception of a bad cold in February last, have enjoyed better health than I ever did before. WM. C. POTTER.

We are well acquainted with Mr Wm. C. Potter, know that he was afflicted in the manner he describes, and that his statement is entitled to full credit.

SCOTT & WALDRON, Merchants.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&peapr14

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, the suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&R6mchm

---

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can accurately describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jel1

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable in the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tiadvosa28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ep28y

---

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED.

In this city, by Rev. C. K. True, Mr Levi Ferrin to Miss Sarah M. Clough; July 4th, Mr Marshall Wyman to Miss Joanna R. Ham; 6th, Mr Joseph B. Wheeler to Miss Almira B. Drew; Mr Abner H. Flanders to Miss Eliza C. Draw.

July 12th, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr William R. Silverton to Miss Phebe S. Marton.

In Shirley, Mr Joseph Burker, Jr., of Acton, to Miss Miranda Butler, of Shirley.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending July 11, 1846.

July 5th, John R. Fox, 1 yr, cholera infantum; Patrick Dula, 3 mos, cholera infantum; 6th, Ruth Barnes, 46 yrs, consumption; Francis Bennett, 47, consumption; Elsa Currier, 46, cancer; 7th, Henry E. Hardy, 2, disease of the heart; 8th, Mary E Moore, 4 mos, inflammation of bowels; Arnold Welch, Jr., 14 mos., scrofula; John Dowd, 2 yrs, scarlet fever; Alvira W. Boynton, 10 mos, cholera infantum; Elizebeth A. Tebbetts, 2 yrs, inflammation of lungs; 9th, Albert G. Boynton, 10 mos, cholera infantum; Emily Burgin, 31 yrs, chronic diarrhœa; 10th, Mary Ann Hayden, 9 mos, dropsy of the brain; Catharine Dowd, 3 yrs, scarlet fever; 11th, Francis Devlin, 10 mos, cholera infantum; Mary C. Holmes, 2 mos, cholera infantum; John Begley, 22 yrs, ——; John O'Connell, 35 yrs, cholera morbus; George Kenney, 65, consumption; Bernard Keenan, 34, ——; John O'Brien, 28 yrs 6 mos, inflammation of the lungs; Elizabeth Reynolds, 19, typhus fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, July 8th, after a sickness of 8 months, Arnold, son of Arnold and Hannah P. Welch, 14 mos 10 days.

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suitad to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.

Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday next—positively.

The fine fast sailing packet Schooner POTOMAC, *Berry, master, now loading*, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy14

TO BUILDERS.—Proposals will be received, until MONDAY, the 20th inst., for building four Primary School Houses, viz:—One on Chapel Hill; one on Charles st., between Gorham and Charles st.; one on Lowell st. near Adams st.; and one two-story building to accommodate two primary schools, at the corner of Cabot and Ford sts.; all the houses to be built of wood, and to be completed before the first day of October next. Plans and specifications may be seen at the City Clerk's office.

By order of the Committee on Lands and Buildings,

HENRY SMITH, Chairman.

City of Lowell, July 10, 1846. jy11a3t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers, to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

je8atf 56, Central St.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to this only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take a sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

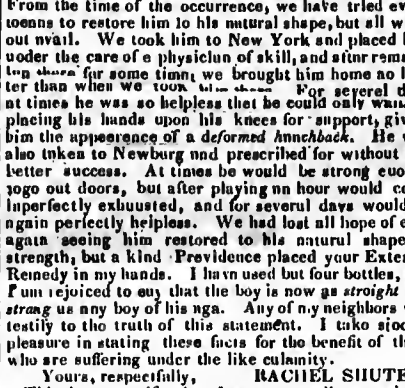
HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&plec16

WELCH & MANN'S



MAMMOTH NATIONAL CIRCUS,

Conducted by JOHN J. DRAKE.

Equestrian Manager, G. J. CADWALLADER.

Clowns, (grotesque to the arena,) JOHNSON & WELLS.

Master of the Circle, D. CAMP.

MESSRS. WELCH & MANN most respectfully announce to the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity, that they purpose to visit this place, on *MONDAY July 13th*, 1846, and continue four days, and the proprietors would suggest that, having been received and patronized by the *first families* of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, they deem it incumbent upon themselves to state that upon visiting each place during their Summer Campaign, they intend to present such a varied and pleasing routine of performances, which cannot fail to elicit the approbation and patronage of the most fastidious. They also pledge themselves that the performance generally shall equal the CORTEGE by which it is preceded in every city, town, or village they may have the honor to visit. They most confidently assure the citizens of each place, that their Company shall be selected and comprised of the largest and greatest order of talent in the United States.

Upon entering the city, this extensive company will be attended by a MOST MAGNIFICENT BAND CHARIOT, (drawn by 12 cream-colored horses) with 12 talented musicians, playing some of the most popular airs, marches, &c., selected from the most celebrated composers, followed by a grand retinue of carriages, wagons, teams, &c., &c., numbering over 150 persons, horses, &c.

For particulars see bills of performance.

☞ Prices 25 Cents to all parts of the Arena. Positively no half-price.

Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

N. B.—On *Wednesday* and *Thursday* there will be an afternoon performance commencing at 3 o'clock.—Doors open at 2½ o'clock. jy2a5t

---

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M to 10 P. M. ajy9

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of TARLTON & GUILD, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. JAMES TARLTON,
ISAAC M. GUILD.

Mr Tarlton is authorised to collect all bills due the firm, and will continue the business at the old stand, as below. jy11atf

---

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders; regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having such sites of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. jc20is A&Ptaug1

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. o&plymar5

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and cullonses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

---

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a large assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. ony19 A tf

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pianos-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These Instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

ASSIGNEE'S NTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of JARRY COREY, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified that I am Assignee of said estate, duly appointed, and that the second meating of said creditors will be holden on SATURDAY, the 18th day of July inst. at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott a Master in Chancery for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, when and where said creditors may be present and prove their claims, &c. R. LAPHAM, Assignee.

Lowell, July 8, 1846. jy9a3t

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desireble size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

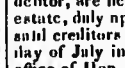
The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mb26tf

---

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next—Fast Vessel.



☞ Takes no Ice or time. 40

The elegant fast sailing new coppered Brig, MCLANDON, WELCH, master, having the largest part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Lyman, Agent at New Orleans. jyll

---

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Hole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

---

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

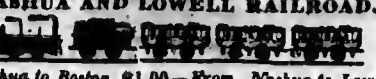
☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

---

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

---

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight to Nashua, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains:

At 11, e.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½ p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

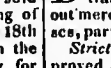
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11¼ A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11¾, A.M.—3 and 6½, P.M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5¾, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE; decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ep28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

---

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—*Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.*—

On WEDNESDAY next, July 22, at 6 o'clock P. M.

2 Cottage Houses with 2600 square feet Land, pleasantly situated on Merrill's Court, Chapel Hill. Said Houses are in complete repair and conveniently arranged for and occupied by 4 families. One house consisting of 3 Tenements and the other 1, to be sold seperate or together as the company may desire. Terms at Sale.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruff's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts; each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single; and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
Agent for Manufacturer.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public Auction on WEDNESDAY, July 22d last., at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises:—

2 Lots of Land situated on Fayette Street, being the first vacant lots on the left from Washington st. Said Lots front 39½ feet, containing about 3600 sq. ft. each.

Also, 2 other Lots situated on High street, adjoining the above described lots. These Lots front 37½ feet, containing about 4100 square feet each.

These lots are very pleasantly situated and are desirable for building Houses or Stores; as an investment this affords a rare chance, they being situated in a part of the city which is increasing rapidly in value. Terms at sale. Per order of Executor.

A plan of the premises may be seen by calling on E. B. PATCH, Auct'r. jy14

Cottage House and Land at Auction.

On WEDNESDAY, July 15, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a neat and convenient Cottage, with seven well-finished Rooms, built last season, and about 3000 feet Land, situated at the corner of Chestnut and Willow streets. The situation is very pleasant, and it is very desirable as a residence, or an investment. It is sold because the owner is about to leave the city.—Terms liberal. jy14

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

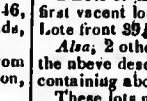
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium; to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymny9

TEETH! TEETH!!



DR. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Ennumeration and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth; *free*.

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Conring Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

---

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Legborn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obducing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and supe, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expressman or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills; by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND!

SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,

OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions; book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

---

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.—Notes of good Banks in the State of New York, taken without discount at the "Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office.

Broken Bank Notes of the above Stock bought at N. York rates. 3m*

THE LADIES do say that they will buy a Good Silk dress and a work basket WHEN Cheap, Silk or Barage, or even a Bonnet, in short, any kind of a Shawl, a great deal cheaper than they ever buy as at Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Salesa," up over the Post Office. tfs27

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, ebelle, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the untagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (an called,) specifics by means of specious and soumiling and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or preteaded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised enteusively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to this happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and eryaipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvay and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one accompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This anion at powern renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and tha only denger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by tha help of titles similar to that of the genuina Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third* the former rates, making a very important saving to the subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States in which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
Publishers 140 Fulton st., New York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the huuor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, readering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Petere, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

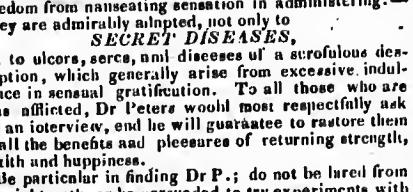
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit; for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospitol, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

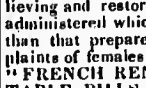
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1,

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Ileetic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1841.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of any food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

CAUTION.

Be sure to ask for Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, and observe that the name of F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, is blown in the bottle, which previeled me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remady, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfuly. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic; applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvonic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of tha Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank tt., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to move his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. febBa&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided *in* by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gains much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remady for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once ensuring *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Saadwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other sytoptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have tha highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Vary truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The case described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New-Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaperilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sunshades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Prescott streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts, Lowell. my29A1yGm

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 83.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Morrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

W. D. VINALL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL.
ep12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS,
VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House,
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & EAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 28, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent | Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, near of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM C. BRAHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damaska, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sep123 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at edv1y,*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jy20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made of No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alynpr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflamatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla.—I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is for more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me, and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful effects. [illegible] lady told me last week it was [illegible] great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants had a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Greeu & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&P6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16tf

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply6

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he and his family was [illegible] of severe bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevors—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elosic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan13

DENTAL SURGERY.
Dr. S. F. Gladwin,
MERRIMACK { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } STREET.
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLLY	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoaw&poct23

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, say *kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. Aje27

Rotterdam.

BY THOMAS HOOD.

I gaze upon a city—
A city new and strange—
Down mostly a watery vista
My fancy takes a range;
From side to side I saunter,
And wonder where I am;
And can you be in England,
And *I* at Rotterdam.

Before me lie dark waters
In broad canals and deep,
Whereon the silver moonbeams
Sleep, restless in their sleep;
A sort of vulgar Venice
Reminds me where I am;
Yes, yes, you are in England,
And I'm at Rotterdam.

Tall houses with quaint gables,
Where frequent windows shine,
And quays that lead to bridges,
And trees in formal line,
And masts of spicy vessels
From western Surinam,
All tell me you're in England,
But I'm in Rotterdam.

Those sailors, how outlandish
The face and form of each!
They deal in foreign gestures,
And use a foreign speech;
A tongue not learned near Isis,
Or studied by the Cam,
Declares that your in England
And I'm at Rotterdam.

And now across a market
My doubtful way I trace,
Where stands a solemn statue,
The genius of the place;
And to the great Bruamte
I offer my salaam;
Who tells me you're in England,
But I'm in Rotterdam.

The coffee room is open—
I mingle in the crowd,—
The domiees are noisy—
The hookahs raise a cloud;
The flavor now of Fearon's
That mingles with my dream,
Reminds me your in England,
And I'm at Rotterdam.

Then here it goes a bumper—
The toast it shall be mine,
In schiedam, or in sherry,
Tokay, or hock of Rhine;
It well deserves the brightest,
Where sunbeam ever swam—
"The girl I love in England"
I drink at Rotterdam!

From the Odd-Fellow.

LOVE VERSUS MONEY.

BY ROSA HAWTHORNE.

[Continued]

CHAPTER II.

How pleasant are those days of our youth when we commence a journey with an agreeable destination, with friends at our side, who seem to love us truly—no engrossing passion to torment us and make us feel the multifold attractions. How pleasant are the stolen glances of admiration which we detect every now and then—how agreeable the many little attentions which we feel are offered, although by strangers, at the shrine of our youth and beauty. To be sure it is all vanity, but I cannot think, even now, it is a vexation of the spirit. To a pretty girl of eighteen, a journey to Saratoga is enchanting.

Marian was more than pretty. She was a little beauty. She was so airy, so graceful, so bewitching! If she danced, you must look at her, for she was like a floating zephyr—if she talked, you could not look at anybody else.—Like the maiden in the fairy tale, "her very lips spoke pearls!" and she could almost sing your soul away, that is, if you were a romantic young gentleman, or a susceptable old one!

Belonging to a fashionable family, now in prosperous circumstances, with all these fascinations, besides, it is no wonder that Marian was the Belle at Saratoga. She, with a little clique of her own, composed of a few other pretty and distinguished girls, reigned supreme there that year. It was diverting to see how soon one admirer brought another to her feet. That is a droll peculiarity in young men. How seldom one judges for himself, at a watering place! Like a flock of sheep, all follow the leader, who is probably some fashionable *roue*. I have seen the loveliest girls neglected, while the queen of the day was a bold, unfeminine, unamiable being, with arrogance which passed for proper self-appreciation, and nobility which took the place of wit.

But any one might be pardoned for flattering Marian.

"Irresistible!" as Mr Sedly Seymore said, pressing his white-gloved hand upon his heart.

"Three new arrivals, Marian!" said Julia Morris, as she burst into Marian's apartment, the afternoon before the ball. "Three new arrivals and I am so rejoiced, for all the beaux have become intolerably tiresome, don't you think so?"

"Inexpressibly so, Julia, but who are these victims? Young or old, handsome or ugly?"

"All handsome, all young, and all with the air *'comme il faut.'* I have found out their names already. Frederic Russell, of South Carolina, Vernon Howard, of Georgia, and Harry Henderson, of New York."

"Goodness, Julia, why that is my dear cousin Henry. How delighted I am! Why does he not send to let me know he is here?"

And in effect, in a few moments a knock was heard at the door, and the waiter announced that Mr Henderson would be glad to see Miss Mowbrny, in the drawing-room.

"Dear Harry," said Marian, as she entered, "now I shall enjoy myself perfectly."

"Any lovers accepted yet?" said Harry.

"No, indeed, Harry; I must begin to despair of ever finding any one to my mind. I have refused half a dozen this month."

"Well, Marian, I have brought two fine fellows with me, Russell and Howard, from the South. You will infallibly fall in love with one of them. Beware, however, which one you prefer. One is rich the other is poor. One is studying law for pleasure. The other must make it the business of his life. I shall never enlighten you on the subject, I have determined: I want to see how you will proceed. To my mind both are equally fascinating."

"But Harry, this is abominable. Why not tell me at once which is the rich one?"

"Because, fair Marian, that would destroy my whole amusement. You will inevitably charm them both, and it will gratify me much to see how the game proceeds."

Marian used all her playful wiles but Harry

remained inexorable.

"I will find out all about them myself, you wicked Harry. I will outwit you, be sure."

"Be it so, bellissima. Either way, I shall be satisfied."

It was a splendid ball, and Marian shone unrivalled. A wreath of natural flowers surrounded her pretty head. She held a magnificent bouquet in her hand. Her white gauze, over white satin, looped up with fragrant, flowers hung in the most graceful folds. Her tiny hand, oh, what a pretty picture is a young girl of eighteen dressed for a ball.

Harry soon entered, accompanied by his friends. Both were immediately presented to Marian, and begged the honor of her hand.

"I am engaged for six dances, but the 7th and 8th are at your service."

Both bowed and retired before, the other advancing claimants. Marian managed to steal many a look at the two friends, as she danced. Both were uncommonly handsome. Russel was tall and very graceful, with rich, brown curling hair, and deep blue eyes, good features, and an intellectual expression. Howard had coal black hair, and flashing eyes, a *soupcon* of a moustache, a sunny smile which displayed a dazzling set of teeth. He had a noble figure, an aristocratic foot and hand.

"It must be confessed he is the handsomest of the two," said Marian to herself, "I trust he is the rich one!"

She danced first with Howard, and then with Russell. Both were very entertaining, both had travelled, both possessed the most high-bred manners, but, while every word which Russell uttered was marked with the most perfect propriety, there was an ethusaism about Howard, a sort of gentlemanly "abandoa," which just accorded with Marian's "beau-ideal."

"What a pleasant ball this has been," thought Marian, as she took the wreath from her curls, and her gauze dress from her pretty form, in one of the frightful little chambers, with which one is accommodated at Saratoga. How *very* pleasant! How I like both those young men. I have never known any who pleased me more. Russell is a beauty, but there is something about Mr Howard more interesting. Oh, dear, I hope *he* is the rich one!" she added, as she rested her weary head on the pillow.

"Harry, I have found out the secret," she said the next day, in the weary half hour before dinner, "Russell is the rich one."

"How do you know?" said Harry.

"Why, anybody might tell that. Russell has the phaeton and horses, the two servants, the magnificient diamond pin and ring."

Harry laughed. "Ah, well, you women do find out every thing. I never thought of the phaeton and horses. However, I say nothing. Judge for yorself."

"I *have* judged and decided," said Marian.

The ensuing fortnight passed with much rapidity. The two Southerners were added to Marian's already monstrous list of admirers.—Both were equally attentive, and Marian thought her mind was quite decided to accept Russell when he proposed. But in the meantime, she saw quite as much of Howard. If she drove with Russell in the morning she walked with Howard in the afternoon. If she danced, immoderately, one evening at the ball with the former, she was sure to do the same, with the latter, at the more sociable, and more dangerous hop of the next evening. If she went to the spring with Russell in the morning, she was walking by moonlight, on the piazza, in the evening, with Howard.

Harry looked on with much interest.

"Marian which is it to be?" said he one day.

"Why, Harry, neither have proposed yet!" she answered, with a blush.

"But both are in love, douhtless. So tell me, honestly, Marian!

"Well, Harry, I have never had any secrets from you—of course, it must be Russell. Howard is a delightful acquaintance—he must always be my friend. He is one of the most agreeable persons I ever knew. So amiable and accomplished. There, that puts me in mind—I must leave you, now, Harry, for I promised to practise a duet with him this morning. Our voices harmonize exactly."

And, very soon, sweet and tender notes were heard, ringing forth from the drawing room.—Harry smiled, and left the piazza.

Congress.

Monday, July 13.

In the SENATE, the warehousing bill, on Mr Dix's motion, was then taken up, and the amendments reported from the finance committee were agreed to.

A number of other amendments were proposed and some adopted and some rejected. The bill was then ordered to be engrossed. The tariff bill was then taken up, and Mr Lewis addressed the Senate at length, in support of the the bill. He is to be followed tomorrow by Mr Evans in opposition.

The HOUSE took up and passed the bill for the improvement of the Western rivers.

The amendment of the Senate to the resolution for the payment of volnnteers called out by Gen. Gaines, was agreed to by the House.

The minority report of the committee on post offices, &c., adverse to incresing any of the rates of postage, &c., was received and read.

The balance of the day was devoted to a further discussion of the Graduation Land Sales Bill, which was still progressing when the House adjourned.

Tuesday, July 14.

In the SENATE Mr Webster presented a memorial from merchants of Boston, remonstrating against a reduction of the existing tariff. Mr Calhoun presented a remonstrance from Philadelphia against increasing the duty on Soda ash.

The warehousing bill was then taken up, and Mr J. M. Clayton commenced a speech in opposition to it.—After proceeding for a short time the bill was postponed, on Mr Huntington's motion, until tomorrow.

The tariff bill was next taken up. Every Senator was in his place, and Mr Evans, of Maine, occupied the residue of the day in a speech against the bill.

The HOUSE took up and passed by a majority of two, the amendments made in the Senate to the Graduation Land Sales Bill.

The bill from the Senate for improving the navigation of the Mississippi, Ohio, and Arkansas rivers, was rejected by a vote of 120 to 48.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Grider in the chair, and took up the treasury note bill.

After a speech from Mr Giddings attacking the administration, and from Mr Douglas defending it, the committee rose and the House adjourned.

POTATO ROT. We have just learned that the rot has suddenly seized upon the early potatoes in this section of the country, and that sad destruction has been realized within a few days. Up to Saturday last, the early potatoes were in perfect health—sound, and abundant in yield, but since that time the rot has attacked them, and a great portion of them is now utterly destroyed.—*Wilmington (Del.) Journal, Friday.*

THE POTATO CROP. We regret to hear that the fallacious liberal prospect of a large and good crop of this most useful vegetable, is, in many places of this country, entirely destroyed. In Flatbush and Flatlands many of the farmers have ploughed up their fields and replanted them. At the present time there will not be a third of a crop, and what there is will be a miserable quality. The cause we do not learn, but it is something that has occurred to the crop within the past fortnight. Three weeks ago, we never saw finer looking fields than the potatoe fields of Kings county. *Brooklyn Eagle, Friday.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1846.

The Whigs of America and the Tories of England one and the same in practice, and principle.

A school or sect of philosophical religionists, originating in Germany or some other fog-land, believed in and taught the existence of a duality of worlds—that there was another "somewhere" in which might be found the very transcript and similitude of the men and things of this mundane sphere. However this may be, it is not necessary to go out of this world to prove conclusively the truth of the opinion at the head of this article.

Indeed if all other evidence were wanting to establish the identity in practice and principle, of the American whigs with the British Tories, the recent opposition of the former to a reduction of the Tariff, and the bitter hostility of the latter to a present modification and ultimate abolition of the corn-laws would furnish it of sufficient weight and in quantities to satisfy the most sceptical.

England, the country to which the tariffites have ever pointed as a great and glorious example of what protection or the fostering care of government could do for manufactures, agriculture, and the mechanic arts, has at length faced about and become the first great nation that has practically commenced a trial of free trade.

So sanguine are the best informed on this subject, that the correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial writing from London, says of the commencement of his letter "In three years we shall have entire free trade in great Britain. England's true governor, the ablest and wisest of her great statesmen, Sir Robert Peel, has recently with a noble magnanimity, proclaimed from his place in Parliament, that he had had overwhelming evidence to convince him that the policy of protection advocated by him during his long political life was founded in error. For this manly avowal, which amounts to nothing more nor less than a *quasi* admission that he is wiser in 1846 than he was twenty years before, he has been assailed by his former friends and followers the Tories, with that headstrong violence and exaggerated abuse characteristic of man and parties without either reason or equity on their side—and Sir Robert Peel gives up the Premiership and goes into the ranks of the opposition. Meantime the Tories claiming all the religion, genius, virtue and respectability in the kingdom, so do the whigs in the United States, effect to see in the measure of free trade the beginning of the end of their great and powerful empire. When asked what shall be done for the starving millions that crowd her manufacturing towns and cities, the reply is in Websterian Tariff language "take care of the rich and the rich will take care of the poor"—having improved a little upon the old French aristocracy before the revolution, although their answer is the same in fact. A short time before the fire of the French revolution burst out, some member of the State's General asked Former General Foulon "what will the people do?" and he answered, "let the people eat grass;"—and as a corollary to such a proposition it should be recorded that not long after Farmer General's head with mouth stuffed with [illegible] France.

The Tariff of America protects the rich at the expense of the poor, and the corn-laws in England, have the same effect—they have reduced the landholders to the insignificant number of thirty thousand among a population of almost as many millions. Our Tariff makes the rich richer and the poor poorer;—their protective laws have made nearly one quarter of their population beggars; and in conclusion, and upon the only point in which the whigs differ from the Tories—*the Tories of England protect the farmer especially, while the Whigs of America take particular care to protect any body but the farmer.*

☞ Passing through Tewksbury, a few days since we paid a visit to H. C. Merriam, Esq.'s peach and plumb orchard. We have frequently heard of the thrift and beauty of his trees, and certainly there has been no exaggeration respecting them. Mr M. attributes their smooth, luxurient appearance, to a wash which he applies to them three or four times a year; it consists of about half a pail full of soft soap, a pint and a half of salt, and a pint of saltpetre, the pail filled up with warm water. The mixture is applied with a paint brush to the body and the main limbs of the tree.

A Horse passed our office this morning, the fore wheels of a carriage attached to him, with no driver but some hundred people upon the street hallooing whoa, whoa, whoa—and the more they whoa'd the more he wouldn't.

☞ We learn by the Post that frog soup and stewed bull frogs are becoming so popular in Cincinnati that arrangements have been made for regular shipment of frogs from the Wabash and Maumee counties, and the Cincinnati Atlas thinks there need be no fears of "a short crop," as the product in that region is abundant and never failing.

☞ Some of the leading spirits among the whig party say Gov. Briggs is to be headed. His call for volunteers for the war in answer to the requisition of the President, was too promptly and patriotically met. So Briggs is doomed—mark that!

☞ We *know* that Mr Petch has not been opposed to liquor prosecutions.—*Courier.*

We know, as we have before said, Mr Petch has had nothing to do with, but has been opposed to the liquor prosecutions as they have been got up for the last year or two, *and the editor of the Courier knows the same fact.* That Mr Petch has formerly, and that he may be now in favor of enforcing the law, by open and above board means, may be true.

☞ Lord Bacon has said, "There are three things to make a nation great and prosperous: a fertile soil, busy work-shops, and easy conveyances for men and commodities from one place to another."

POST OFFICE AT POINT ISABEL. The postmaster general has sanctioned the appointment of Mr Henry J. Levy, made by Mr Polk, as agent for the post office department at Point Isabel.

☞ The democracy of Maine have united on Mr Bradbury for U. S. Senator, and he will doubtless be elected. He was one of the electors when Maine gave her vote for Mr Polk.

☞ The Mail says money was "tight" again yesterday. An old Spanish pistareen was seen in State Street, squealing for something to eat.

OFFICE OF THE PICAYUNE,
Monday, 11 A. M. July 6, 1846.

Late from the Army.

The Steamship Alabama, Capt. Windle, arrived this morning from Brazos Santiago, having sailed thence on the third instant. We may say at once that she brings no news of interest from the army.

The Mexican forces are supposed to be concentrated in the vicinity of Montery, under the immediate command of Paredes. The American Army appear to be on the point of taking up their march to penetrate as far as Montarey.

Special correspondence of the Picayune.

POINT ISABEL, July 3d, 1846.

I left Matamoras last evening, and started from Gen Smith's camp, on this side of the Rio Grande, at 9 o'clock, with a volunteer officer, to ride across the prairie. I saw "Old Rough and Ready" just before leaving. He was riding out hunting for newspapers.

The old gentleman hardly ever is seen attended by any of his officers or men in his rides, but goes "poking about," as I heard a volunteer remark the other day, "just like other folks."

Gen Smith was to begin to remove his camp today some twelve or fifteen miles up the river, on the Mexican side. The general looks remarkably well and is in fine spirits.

A rumor exists in camp that a portion of the Louisiana volunteers are soon to be disbanded, and though they have been assured that such will not probably be the case, they are quite uneasy about it—*a few* because they went to go home and fear the rumor is not well founded, but most of them because they desire to stay and "see the thing out." "When are we to move? Can we ever get a fight out of them?" are questions constantly put to persons coming from Gen. Taylor's quarters.

That a large portion of the army will soon move towards Monterey can no longer be doubted, as boats enough of light draught have arrived to warrant Gen. Taylor in taking possession of the country between the mouth of the river and that place.

The road we came over last night—I mean the wagon road between Point Isabel and Matamorus—is still impassible for loaded wagons, and it is a wonder to me how a light wagon can be dragged over it. From the river to the the Palo Alto, some nine miles, there is not altogether, half a mile of head road.

The mud is generally a foot deep—and in some places two or three feet deep, and there is at least four miles of water, in many places hardly fordable for horses. I passed over the same place four or five times when it was perfectly dry, with no appearance of having ever been overflowed.

At the Resace de la Palmo, where as you will observe on the map, a road passes between the ponds, there is now but one pond, and that is deep enough any where for a respectable sized steamboat to pass through it. The Palo Alto battle field is two thirds covered with water.

A Mexican prisoner of war, Lt. Ruix, will go out to New Orleans in the Alabama. You will recollect that he was caught in Matamores in the act of trying to gather recruits from among the citizens and the convalescent of the wounded soldiery.

A Mexican also goes out in chains, accused of being one of the murderers of the Rogers family.

Mrs Page, wife of Capt. Page who behaved so gallantly in the recent battles, and was so dreadfully wounded, will go out in the Alabama.

Cassius M. Clay.---The war begun.

We take the following from the Louisville Democrat of the 7th inst.: On Friday night the 3d inst. we had a row on Twelfth street, not very creditable to those concerned. The regiment on horse were encamped at Portland preparatory to their amberkation for Memphis. Several men were sent from the camp to the city to hunt stragglers, who were absent. They went to a notorious house—a small frame building on Twelfth street, kept by a frail specimen of the feminine gender. They asked if any of the soldiers were there, and were answered that they were not. They then demanded admittance, and were told that if they came in, it would be at their peril. They undertook to force [illegible] shots were fired from the inside of the house which wounded mortally two men and a horse, when the assailants ingloriously fled, and reported no success at camp. A reinforcement of men—some say 100—came up to the city, made an attack upon the building, tore down one end of it, and demolished the chimneys, made a terrible charge on chairs, tables, furniture &c. They found one man hid in the chimney, whom they took and bore off to camp, '*nolus volus*,' and there they kept him until morning. They, we are told, refused to give him up to the city authorities, until Col. Marshall interfered.

Our readers will be surprised to learn that Capt. C. M. Clay was in this disorderly outrage upon the peace of the city—we are informed that he actually headed the reinforcement.

Henry R. Schoolcraft not dead.

It is not Mr Schoolcraft of this city, says the N. Y. Commercial, whose murder has been tha theme of so many paragraphs, but his brother, James L. Schoolcraft. The following account is brought to us by the Detroit Advertser of Friday, July 10:

Melancholy event. We regret to learn that James L. Schoolcraft Esq., was killed at the Sault Ste. Marie last Sunday afternoon. He was returning from a small field of his, back of the village, when he was fired upon from a thicket and must have instantly expired. A ball had two buck shot struck his right arm and passed through the vital parts of his body—the ball lodging in his left arm. He was found lying on his face.

Suspicion of his murder immedintely rested upon an old man named Tanner, who had frequently threatened Schoolcraft. The night before the murder he set fire to and burned his own house, and fired random shots at several persons during the day. A party of soldiers with a large number of Indians started at once in pursuit, but had not yet caught him. One of the soldiers had a glimpse of him in the woods and fired, but missed him. Mr J. K. Livingston has offered a reward of $100 for his capture.

Mr S. was a younger brother of Henry R. Schoolcraft, Esq., now of New York, and was for several years a representative in our legislature. At his death he was outler to the post at Fort Brady, and also engaged extensively in the fur and other trade. He leaves a wife, now in this city, and young children to mourn their loss.

☞ Among the last acts of the Legislature of New Hampshire, was the passage of a new militia law, which abolishes all training of the militia companies except the annual inspection in May, (for which service they are to receive fifty cents,) but requires the usual duty to be performed by the volunteer companies, and pays them according to the old law, except that instead of coming from the town treasury, it is to come from the State treasury.

GOUGH AT WASHINGTON.—A Washington paper says:—"John B. Gough is here giving lecturns to crowded audiances,—the people listen attentively—and at the conclusion of one of his discourses, they generally retire to the grog-shops for juleps and other fashioneble beverages."

☞ The Baltimore Clipper relates a story of two young people from Pennsylvania who arrived in that city a few days ago. They went to a justice of the peace and asked him to marry them, a prerogative he did not enjoy. Learning this, they concluded it was a "mere matter of form," and so soted man and wife till they returned to this city.

☞ Mr Webster presented a remonstrance of *Merchants* of Boston against a reduction of the tariff of '42. Most of these *Merchants*, we predict, are about one part *Merchant* to three parts *Manufacturer*.—Abbott Lawrence is probably one of *the Merchants*.

Awful Conflagation in Nantucket.

A slip from the Nantucket Warder, received last night, gives the following particulars of the most destructive fire ever witnessed in that place:—

"*Tuesday, July 14 7½ A. M.*

It becomes our melancholly duty to record one of the most calamitous fires that ever happened in this place. We have had an awful night. The fire is still raging, and God knows when it will end. At 11 o'clock last evening our inhabitants were aroused with the appalling cry of fire, and it was soon discovered that the store occupied by E. G. Kelley was in flames. The flames spread with such rapidity as to baffle every exertion to repress them; the expedient of blowing up houses was resorted to as the only means to arrest the conflagation, but it would seem with little success.—More than twenty buildings are thus destroyed, and indeed many more would have been demolished, but that all the powder in the place was consumed. The town presents a scene of devastation that language cannot describe. The whole square of buildings bounded by Meine, Centre, Broad and Federal streets, is in ruins, and nearly all the buildings opposite those which formed the square. Trinity church is now in flames. All the buildings on North Water street as far as A. Mitchells, inclusive, all the buildings on Main st. from G. H. Riddell's to Straight wharf. On Union street as far as the building occupied by the town officers, inclusive.; Washington street as far as Capt. J. H. Pease's inclusive. Dr Ruggles's house, on Orange st. was blown up, which arrested the flames at that point.

The aggregate loss is at present incalculable. Many rumors are afloat of injury received by divers individuals, but they are so vague, and the whole town is in such confusion, that it is utterly impossible to arrive at the truth. We are this moment told that no one has been seriously hurt. The Inquirer and Mirror printing offices are both destroyed. We can give but a hasty account of this dreadful calamity. Among the sufferers are E. & J. Kelley, W H Geary, G W Macy, T W Calder, J B Swain's Agency Ins. Office, G R Pierce & Co, Citizen's Bank, Exchange Reading Room, Henry Goodrich, Henry A Kelley, Mitchell & Whitney, S & F Colburn, Gorham Macy, D C Swain, A W Stebbins, D Wood, G Macy, J Brock, Saul Swain Harvy Crocker, Com. Ins. Office, Ray & Barrett, Gardner & Macy, C B Swain, J C Swain, J Cook jr & Co, J Euston 2d, W C Swain, M & M Bank, Worth & Crocker, Fred'k W Gardner, A M Nahar, F W Cobb, John Morissey, Washington Hall Whig Reading Room, E W Allen, J C Congdon, W Harris, Post Office, Gosnold House, A Howard, E W Cobb, A M Macy, G H Riddell, Nickerson & Wuitt—Orange street, Dr Ruggles's and P H Folger's badly injured—Centre street, Dr Fearing, Richard Mitchell, Thaddeus Coffin, P F Ewer. In short we cannot begin to count the names; we have not mentioned half."

From the Charlestan Courier of Saturday.

FATAL ACCIDENT. While two young men, George Wood and Robert Brown, were fishing on Thursday morning last, a devil fish became entangled in the cable, drew up the anchor, and made off with the boat with great velocity.

Young Wood ran forward, for the purpose of cutting the cable, but before he could effect his design, the sea monster gave a sudden turn and capsized the the boat, throwing wood some distance from her.—Brown held on to the boat, and succeeded in getting on her bottom, the fish still towing the boat through the water at a great speed.

With much presence of mind, Brown stripped off his clothes, the fish still running, and making for Drum Island, which he approached within fifty yards, when it made another turn, and took the boat down in deep water.

Brown then swam ashore, and after reaching it discovered his companion swimming. He hailed him and was answered, but soon after, we regret to say, Wood disappeared, being no doubt exhausted, as he had sustained himself by swimming at least half an hour.

HARD TIMES. The complaint of hard times is universal in all departments of business. Let it be borne in mind that this happens to be under the tariff of 1842, which is highly protective, now in full force, and with only a faint prospect of its repeal.

What then is the cause of the pressure which now hangs so heavily upon industry and trade? Undeniable it is PAPER MONEY. The law of 1842 stimulated business; the increase of business demanded more currency; the banks stood ready to meet the demand; and thus business and the currency acted and reacted upon each other. Money became plenty; and as it became plenty it became cheap. The bankers wished to make good dividends; and that desire impelled them to extend their loans and discounts as far as they could. The currency thus went on expanding until it could expand no further. Now the reaction has commenced; a contraction of the currency is silently in operation; all feel its influences, though all may not be aware of the power against which they have to sustain themselves. The banks have their wide circulation to provide for, and consequently cannot accomodate the people as before. The fault is not so much theirs as of the system; and what is now taking place, is but a repetition of what has occurred time and again before.—It is the law of the paper system that contraction must follow expansion as surely as night follows day; and the people are hut paying the penalty which a paper currency will always exact from them.

The "hard times" will of course be charged to the new tariff bill—to the Administration—to Congress—to the war with Mexico, but not to Gen. Taylor, for they any he is a whig; but they who have any sagacity in tracing out the causes of events, well know that the present pressure comes mainly from the system of paper currency.—*Worcester Palladium.*

GREAT DROUGHT.—A period of nearly three months has now passed since the Cape towns have been materially benefited by rains, and the earth at the present time is parched, and vegetation suffering almost beyond precedent in this section; if it is not speedily recruited by copious showers, serious apprehensions will be felt that most crops will either fail entirely or be very greatly diminished.—*Barnstable Patriot, July 15th.*

From the above it would seem that the copious showers that we have been recently blessed with have not extended to Cape Cod. We hear and read of showers and rain falling in abundance in all parts of the country except this.

☞ The passenger trains carried into Boston on the 4th of July visitors by the thousands:

Boston and Worcester,	6,000
Boston and Providence,	4,500
Eastern,	3,000
Boston and Maine,	5,000
Boston and Fitchburg,	6,000
Boston and Lowell,	6,500

On the night of the 4th, after the fire works, a single Train was run over the Worcester road of 63 cars, carrying about 2,500 persons; the largest train that was ever run on the road. The Providence road in a single train, on Saturday evening, carried out 2,000 passengers.

☞ The high protection papers of England are crying out against a reduction of the tariff from fear of foreign competition. That's what the protectionists here fear. The truth is the protectionists of all countries, instead of having a fair trade and fair prices, want a monopoly of the home market that they may legally plunder their own people.

☞ Myron W. Pettes and George Wilson have been arrested on the charge of having stolen the great southern Mail from the boat Ben Franklin, while lying at the Cincinnati wharf.

A QUESTION. Who is agent for Leonard Scott & Co.'s republication of the Foreign Reviews, in Lowell?

☞ The Cambria is soon expected.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The disastrous fire at Nantucket.

The New Bedford Bulletin of yesterday, contains further particulars of the terrible calamity which has visited Nantucket. The number of buildings destroyed is estimated at between *three and four hundred.*

The amount of property destroyed, is variously estimated at from 900,000 *to a million of dollars.*

The County records were saved.

The Selectmen of Nantucket have put forth the following—

AN APPEAL TO THE PUBLIC.

Our community has been visited with an awful calamity. A large part of the business portion of our town has been laid waste by fire. A section embracing nearly all of our Provision, Grocery, and Dry Goods stores, seven Oil Factories, a large number of mechanics' shops, and hundreds of families are rendered homeless at very short notice. Many must be extremely destitute, and all of us very likely to be seriously incommoded by a scarcity of provisions which must shortly follow. Should you find it a reasonable duty to forward to a suffering community somewhat of your bounty, you may be assured that the distribution of such favors shall be promptly attended to.

(Signed) By the Selectmen of Nantucket.

ACCIDENT ON THE SOUND. Between 9 and 10 o'clock last night the steamboat Neptune, from this port for Providence, says the N. Y. Commercial, while off Huntington light, came in contact with the schooner Iola, of Eastport, Me., bound for New York with a load of lumber and plaster. The steamer struck the schooner nearly amidships. Directly as the two came together, six persons who were on board the schooner jumped on board the steamer. They informed the captain that a lady and her child were still on board the Iola, but the backing of the paddle wheels had already separated the vessels some distance asunder, and before any effort could be made for the rescue the schooner went down with all on board. The lady was named Murphy.

A SORROW-STRIKEN WIFE. The Brooklyn Advertiser says that Mrs Heustis, the wife of one of the men who ran away with other men's wives from Hempstead Branch, last week, died on Sunday afternoon, of grief, as is supposed, for the husband's misconduct.

☞ The paper-mill of Messrs Green & Fleming, at Bellows Falls, Vt., took fire on Monday afternoon about two o'clock, and was destroyed, with most of the contents.

☞ William S. Douglas, a Freewill Baptist preacher, has been bound over at Springfield, Me. on the monstrous charge of violating two of his own daughters.

THE TARIFF BILL. The Journal of Commerce expresses the following opinion of the bill now before the Senate:—

"The bill before the Senate is a capital bill, a vast and most salutary reform, though still largely protective. Specific duties might be extended to some articles with advantage, but there is no particular difficulty with the ad valorem principle, throughout, as it stands; at any rate, what the objectors want is higher protection and nothing else. They would make no objection to the ad valorem principle, if it only made the protection greater. We are for having fair play about this matter. If the protected interests will take this bill, it ought to be sustained for years to come; if they will not, we suppose the bill will pass in spite of opposition. But if it cannot, we would not modify it an iota. Let the war go into the next congressional election, if the protectionists will have it so, and if they live to fight another day we shall be mistaken."

A DOG STORY. "A fine spaniel—taking his daily promenade, with his mouth dressed in the true dog-day style—which had the misfortune to drop his muzzle.—Now most dogs would have been glad to get rid of the inconvenience, and would have trotted on rejoicing in their ability to loll out their tongues *ad libitum*. But our spaniel friend reflected that although muzzles were put on dogs for the safety of man, yet, as the law was now at present administered, the dogs were rather more unsafe without them than the men in such a case. So after cogitating a moment, he very deliberately took up his muzzle in his mouth and trotted off with it. From an omnibus we had the opportunity of seeing him go nearly the whole length of Broadway in this manner, bearing in his mouth his protection against dog-killers, the most stolid of whom could not but see that the dog which had so thorough an understanding of the bearings of the dog-laws ran no risk of becoming mad." We should like to know who owns *that* dog.—*N. Y. Paper.*

A PRECOCIOUS ROGUE. The N. Y. Sun says, a stranger recently stopping in that city, relates the following case of youthful vagrancy. While wending his way through one of the by-streets, he was accosted by a tarterdemolion boy, who pionsly begged for a sixpence to buy a loaf of bread for his dying mother.—The stranger's heart was moved; the urchin grasped the sixpence given, with a look that spoke volumes of gratitude, and darted away around the next corner to fulfill his mission of filial love. The stranger walked around the corner also, with a swelling heart, when he was surprised to see in a neighboring alley, half a score of young urchins pitching coppers. In their midst stood our young vagabond, exhibiting his sixpence, and exclaiming in great glee, "I 'll pitch with any on you now, for I've got the brads." "How did you raise 'em," inquired one of the group. "*Oh, I come de bread act on a green 'un,*" was the reply. The stranger "walked."

DIED, last night, at 11 o'clock, CHRISTOPHER J. HOWLAND, at his late residence in South Russell st. Mr Howland, says the times, was senior editor of the Bee, and one of its proprietors. His complaint was a slow lingering consumption, under which he had been laboring for years. His age was 31 years and 5 mos. He has left behind him a widow and one child. His loss will be lamented by the editorial fraternity, and a large circle of public and private friends.—*Boston Transcript of Tuesday.*

☞ There is a paper maker some where "down east," who employs a dog, trained for the purpose, to seize innocent juvenility by the trowsers, and bring the remnents to him for the manufacture of the paper.—The same manufacturer is on hand at every row to gather up the rags left by the combatants. He is determined to get along.—*True Sun.*

Mr Merriam, of Chelmsford, has presented to us some beets that are larger than others we have seen this year.—*Courier.*

We would have said that if the Courier had'nt got the start of us.

COOL LODGINGS. More than three hundred persons have been furnished with cool lodgings in the Park during the late hot nights. Not quite cheap to some whose pockets were rifled by the light fingered gentry while asleep.—*N. Y. Sun.*

PLEDGED STOCKS NOT TAXABLE. The supreme court of this state has decided that railroad shares assigned to a bank as collateral security for a debt, are not such property, held by the bank, as can be assessed for local taxes.—*Post.*

☞ Mr BRADBURY, the nominated candidate for Senator—was born in Parsonsfield, York County, graduated at Bowdoin College in 1825, and studied a part, if not all his legal course, in Saco, with Hon. Ether Shepley, now associate Justice of the Supreme Court of our State.—*Portland (Me) Argus.*

FOR THE MOUNTAINS.—Travelling to the Mountains seems to have commenced in earnest. On Tuesday, no less than *five* loads arrived at 11 o'clock, filled with passengers. The hotel accommodations north of us, we understand, have been much improved since last year—particularly in the vicinity of the Franconia Notch. There are no better lines of stages in any part of N. England than those running from this town through Plymouth to the Franconia Notch, and through Centre Harbor to the White Mountain Notch.—*Hill's N. H. Patriot.*

THE MORMON WAR CLOSED.—The *Hancock Eagle*, the 21st ult. brings intelligence that the apprehension of further disturbance has ceased, and that the Mormon war is at an end. It thus concludes an article on the subject:

"We have good reasons for believing that not only the inhabitants of the surrounding country, but a majority of the citizens of Hancock are decidedly opposed to the measures and designs of the 'Regulators;' and if we are not much mistaken, forthcoming events will make this manifest. To conclude, we think we are justified in announcing that PUBLIC OPINION has prostrated 'Lynch law' in this county, and that we can look forward to the enjoyment of permanent peace."

☞The Rochester Advertiser, referring to the elopement of Mrs Flower and Mrs Jones, says:

"The above mentioned party arrived in this city in the cars yesterday morning, and were immediately taken into custody by officers Wilkinson and Moore, and brought to the police office for examination, where they made full confession of what they had done.

Hudson is a schoolmaster and professor of psalmody, and is unmarried.

Heustis is a carpenter, and left a wife but no children in Hempstead.

His lady-love, Mrs. Jones, said she never could love Mr Jones sufficiently to live happily with him, and that if sent back again she would not stay. Both the ladies are quite handsome.

Officer Wilkinson took them in charge and started at 10½ o'clock last evening for Hempstead Beach to restore the ladies to their husbands.

They expressed regret at being obliged so soon to terminate their grand tour, and fears that they should incur the ridicule of their acquaintances, and perhaps the indignation of their injured husbadds."

GOOD ADVICE. The venerable Pickle Pickleby says,—"Read your Bible, Jabez, study the laws of Moses, and don't repeal any of 'em; mind the ten commandments too, and the 'leventh likewise, and don't sell the birthright of the Yankee nation for a mess of potash; and the day may kum when you will be a minister of a penitentiary, or a secretary of negation."
—*St Louis Reveille.*

MARRIED,

In this city, by Rev. A. Blanchard, Mr George W. Smith and Miss Susan M. Tims.

In this city, 13th inst., by Rev. Ira Person, Mr John B. Brackett to Miss Elizabeth D. Burr, all of Lowell.

DIED,

In Boston, July 13th, C. J. Howland, Esq., senior editor and associate proprietor of the Boston Daily Bee, 32.

In Londonderry; N. H., June 16th, Mr Zaccheus Greeley, 93, father of Horace Greeley, Esq., editor of the New York Tribune.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

ANOTHER VOICE FROM MAINE!

Waldoboro', Me., July 30, 1845.

Dear Sir—Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me.—Possessed of a strong constitution naturally, I had enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Sometime in July I was violently attacked with a cough, which continued until fall; then I was confined to the house eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours; daily raised large quantities of disagreeable matter, accompanied with blood. Sometimes I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to restore me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me, I must die; it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment, when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill, friends despaired of my life, my own hopes of recovery at an end, I resorted to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. When I had taken one and a half bottles those severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued taking the Balsam until Spring, 1844, when I ceased to bleed at the lungs, my health and strength improved so that I left the house, but was not able to work for a year. Now my health is good. I am able to do a day's work every day on my farm.

JAMES COMERY.

Witness, THOMAS BENNER.

For particulars see Dr Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the Agents.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&pupr14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6mchm

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the care of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jel1

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those ladies it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is of estimable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin from dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities which is a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., for colorless hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. Agent for J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Boston. Proprietor,—W. Bogle, 258 Washington street, thd&wm38

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all obstructions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk st, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk st, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk st

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, chulic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or preteeded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, smell pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs: scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apopleay and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondrinsis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of sufferiag, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of Invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one accompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have affected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills,—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BE THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jaa7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are repriated in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whigt and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.—

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jal1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shaw,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient eyes though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sullow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecery venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessery to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inronds of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reinctance to make knows their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

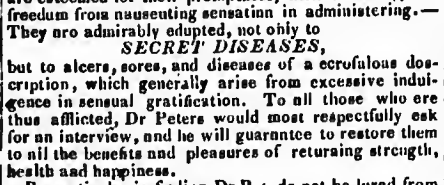
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjnn22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

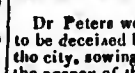
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 8 o'clock, A. M., arriving at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1,

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepered and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweets, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Deer Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Mo., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Deer sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system. After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK D. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

npr4 adv&ptly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can effect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr. JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BENNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bennycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Cherles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I any state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetito, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The most remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in two weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptoms of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 [illegible] street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one thousand testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&4ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shewn its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and in *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plein, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosnpr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one dollar, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nassrino blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in a best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in a neat case, manner,

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough at the shortest notice. Ocean Tower,

Goods will be received at the store of at the Dye corner of Central and Gorham streets House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FITS,

THE Oldest and most valuable. CARLTON & Co. for curing FITS. Sold but at; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack Market and Bridge sts., City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Goo. my28a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 84.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Coroer of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jy20 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13 a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory.
sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM F. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Runners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. ju8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Strut and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEGARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises on
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tsepr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. nlyapr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties, either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strenge the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scurfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, leprosy, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on her. My lady told me [illegible] was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactored only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesos.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16 atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court; and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov8

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS:
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwu&plyfeb14

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap29

The Husband's Prayer.

WRITTEN IN ABSENCE.

Oh Father! Thou in whom I live,
And trust for life immortal,
When time my farewell shall receive
At Death's dark portal;
Source of all blessing, unto Thee
I bring my fond petition;
Yet to thy will my spirit be
In low submission.

Thou, in thy goodness hast filled up
Life's chalice all with sweetness;
And one bright treasure to my cup
Imparts completeness;
That treasure is the peerless love
Of her who ever shareth
Each pleasure that my heart may move;
Each pain it beareth.

For her, oh Father! I will pray,
Thy Son's great merit pleading,
Who sittest on Thy Throne alway;
There interceding;
Guard thou my darling by thy power,
Thine own strong arm surround her;
Bid thy kind Angels every hour
Keep watch around her.

Afar from her I sadly roam;
Among the strange, a stranger;
And sometimes with sweet thoughts of home
Come fears of Danger!
Then; when my heart lies sunk, and Fear
Laid her dark hand upon me,
From sorrow, and almost despair;
Thy love has won me.

I know I can not shield her form
From sickness or from sorrow;
I know that o'er her some dread storm
May break to-morrow;
And I may feel no pang the while;
May smile while she doth languish;
Some trifle may my heart beguile;
Amid her Anguish!

Oh Father! let me ever feel
In thee a sweet reliance;
And to each doubting thought of ill
I'll bid defiance;
Bless thou my treasure! with thy care
Vouchsafe her thy protection;
And I will never more despair;
Or feel dejection.

Oh! bless her at the morning's dawn;
And at the day's declining;
And when the silent hours steal on,
Night's shadow's twining;
Bless her, oh Father! when she kneels
Beside her dear home altar;
And bless her when her spirit feels
Its courage falter.

Bless her when on her youthful cheek
The red rose tints are blooming;
And bless her when her frame is weak;
Her bright eye glooming;
In every duty of her life;
In every kindly mission;
Oh! make her lot with blessing rife—
A sweet fruition.

From the Odd-Fellow:

LOVE VERSUS MONEY.

BY ROSA HAWTHORNE.

(Concluded.)

CHAPTER III.

Two more weeks passed, and the season at Saratoga was nearly at a close. Nearly all of Marian's beaux had taken their departure, exhausted by the assiduous attentions; and determined stay of the two Southerners.

"I see it's all in vain," said Sedley Seymour, as he stood at the window of the drawing-room with Marian, a few moments before his departure; "it is of no use to stay longer. One shadow I have combatted, but *two*, and such intolerably constant ones, I cannot endure. Farewell, beautiful Marian, in mercy to me refuse them both: What will New York be without you? Charming Marian *do* refuse them *both* to-day."

Was it the diminuation of company (which, of course, caused a diminnation of the gaiety) that cast the cloud over Marian's sweet face? Why was her step less light in the waltz, her voice more tremulous in the song? Marian was looking into the very depths of her own heart, never before awakened from its peace. A severe struggle was now passing within her spirit. She confessed to herself that she loved Howard—that she loved him with a strength and fervor of which she had not believed herself capable, but how, oh, how could she give up her cherished theory? How could she enter into an imprudent marriage? She had taught herself to consider either as utterly unbecoming her principles, or position. Of Russell, we must do her the justice to say, she now entertained no thought, for Marian had many virtues with her faults. She *was* vain, but she loved the beauty of another, almost as well as her own, and, half her desire to be rich, was occasioned by the extreme happiness she felt in relieving the necessities of others. The struggle lasted for a few days, and then, as the little tormentor always is, Love was triumphant, and, with a mingling of sighs, and tears, and smiles, on that self-same piazza, one evening Marian confessed her love to Vernon Howard, and her willingness to share his destiny, be it what it might. Poor, Poor Russell!

"Well, cousin Harry," said Marian, early next morning, "prepare yourself to be suprised, and to laugh at me prodigously."

"Tell me, quickly, Marien; I love to be surprised, and you know how I enjoy laughing."

"I have engaged to marry Howard."

"Howard!" exclaimed Harry, "you mistake, you mean to marry Russell!"

"No, Harry, I shall marry Howard!"

"But, mercy upon us, Marian, what becomes of the cottage ornee?"

"Cottage ornees are in very bad taste, Harry—decidedly vulgar."

"And the cooking—the sweeping—the dusting—you know nothing about these things!"

"I can learn."

"And those little fairy fingers, will they ever be large enough to mend his stockings!"

"They will spread, as the washerwomen say," she answered with a merry laugh.

"And you have determined?"

"Irrevocably."

"Love versus money?"

"Yes, indeed."

"Then, sweet Marian, I rejoice to tell you, that Vernon Howard is the rich one, and Russell the poor one."

"But the phaeton, the horses, the diamonds!"

"Are all Howard's. Howard had seen you before, and loved you at first sight. He wished you to love him too, but, as in all the romances independant of his fortune. I knew there was no real danger for Russell, as he has long been engaged to a lovely young Southern heiress, and

I framed this little plan to teach you how impossible it would be for a young heart like youre to withstand the influence of the first awakening of a true affection."

"But, supposing I hed fancied Russell?"

"Oh, I was very sure that Russell, attached to another, could not be invested with the fescination which Howard's deep passion for you gave to him. I was very sure. God bless you both, Marian."

And Harry walked away with a moisture in his eye, but humming geily;

"Love knoweth every form of air,
And every shape of earth.
And comes unbidden, everywhere,
Like thought's mysterious birth?"

Congress.

Wednesday, July 15.

In the SENATE to-day, several petitions were presented in favor of a continuation of the tariff.

The Warehouse bill was taken up, and after a brief discussion, was passed by a majority of 11, Messrs Webster, Archer and Johnson, of La., (whigs,) voting in the affirmative.

The Tariff Bill was resumed, and Mr Evans, of Maine, addressed the Senate at length in opposition. Mr Davis has the floor to-morrow.

The HOUSE took up and passed the Treasury Note bill.

The Volunteers' Bay bill, by which $10,000,000 is proposed to be appropriated for paying the volunteers for the Mexican war. The discussion of this bill was continued till the adjournment.

Washington July 16th 1846.

In the SENATE. Senator Dix presented a memorial from importers of silk goods in New York against ad. valorem duties, and moved to lay it on the table.

Mr Webster then submitted for the consideration of the Chairman of the Finance, an abstract prepared from Treasury documents and statements made by said Chairman, and estimates made thereon, showing that the new Tariff bill would produce only 19 million and a half of net revenue.

Mr Cameron presented sundry petitions against the repeal of the present Tariff, which were referred to the Committee of Finance.

Mr Lewis reported the Treasury note bill from the House, and hoped it would be passed now as there was urgent necessity for it.

Mr Lewis now moved that the Senate hereafter meet at 10 o'clock in the morning. Objected to and laid over.

Mr Hannegan called up his resolution for Congress to adjourn on the 20th July. The 10th of August was substituted, and the resolution was then passed, yeas, 30, nays 16.

The Tariff bill was then taken up.

Mr Davis spoke against it and in furor of protection. He went back 100 years, and showed the jealousy of Great Britain in respect to the manufacture of articles of any kind in the Colonies. Before concluding, he gave way to a motion for the senate to go into executive session, which was carried. Adjourned.

In the HOUSE. Mr McKay, from the committee of ways and means, reported a bill providing for the pay of members of Congress by mileage and per diem for the remainder of the session, and for other purposes.

The House went into Committee, Mr Norris in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the bill appropriating 11,700,000 dollars to pay volunteers and for other purposes.

At 2 o'clock the debate closed by limitation. All amendments were rejected and the bill as reported to the House passed on its final reading, 160, to 4.

The House then took up the resolution from the Senate for Congress to adjourn on the 10th proximo.

The call for the previous question was sustained and the resolution was concurred in with but two or three dissenting voices.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr Wentworth in the chair and took the Bill to pay the mileage and per diem allowance of Members of Congress and for other purposes.

[Great merriment at the appearance of the cheirman, who is celebrated for his extraordinery heigbt.]

Various amendments were offered and rejected, one by Mr Stewart proposed reducing the pay of the members to six dollars per day, after a session of 6 months, to four dollars per day after a session of 7 months, and to three dollars per day after a session of 8 months.

The Tariff of 1842 judged by the makers of it.

[From the Wash. Union.]

While the whig journals are clamoring so violently against the repeal of the existing tariff, it may be proper to look back a little and see what was thought of that law by the men whose votes enacted it. It is well known that the law passed the Senate by a vote of 24 to 23, and that both Mr Buchanan and Mr Wright voted in its favor. Both their votes, of course, were necessary to its passage.

These two gentlemen, however, took occasion, each for himself, to leave on record their *opinions* of the measure for which the crying exigencies of the country then compelled them to vote.

Mr Buchanan, after pointing out with great force *the absolute necessity* of passing some revenue law without delay, said of the tariff of 1842, "it is a bill of which I do not approve, and for which I would not vote, were it not for the present unparalleled condition of the existing law, the treasury and the country."

Mr Wright said, "the alternative presented them is this bill or none;" and the deep and deliberate conviction of his mind was, that this bill should pass, "*bad and loaded with defects*," as he believed it to be, "rather than that none should pass." * * * "Upon the agricultural interest this bill must operate in the main as a tax and a burden; and upon a very few articles of agricultural production where protection might be afforded, it is not given to an extent anything like equal in proportion to that which is given to the manufactured article."

So much for the *democratic* support which the law of 1842 obtained upon its passage from Pennsylvania and New York.

But the condemnation of the measure even by those who were compelled to give it their support, was by no means confined to the democratic ranks. The following testimony upon this subject has been collected and published by the Pennsylvanian.

Mr Fillmore, (whig,) the chairman of the Committee of Ways and means, who introduced it stated it to be "*only a revenue measure.*"

Mr Simmons, one of the strongest friends of the protective policy in the Senate, and a whig senator from Rhode Island, said:

"It was well known that he did not agree with all the friends of the bill in *many particulars*. He admitted it was not the best bill that could be formed, but he believed it would now be allowed that it was the only measure which at this late period of the session would be likely to accomplish the main object of providing revenue. In his opinion, there was not time within the few days which Congress had yet to remain in session, to adjust the tariff in such a manner as to give the greatest possible satisfaction to the several interests concerned."

Mr Evans, senator from Maine, said the "bill was already sufficiently onerous on the shipping interest of the country. Already every article that enters into the consumption of shipbuilders is *heavily taxed*;" as he did not think, for the sake of some four or five manufacturers, that the whole of the shipping interest ought to be sacrificed."

Mr Merrick, (from Maryland,) another whig senator and friend of protection, said "it was a bill to tax the interests of the agriculturalists for the benefit of the manufacturers;" that it was "*unjust and unequal*," and moved that it last but two years, and said: "His object was to give to the next Congress an opportunity to deliberate nine months on the subject, and to readjust and arrange it on proper principles."

On this limitation motion of Mr Merrick, the votes stood—yeas 31, nays 33. Of the yeas, 9 are whig votes, and among those are the votes of Messrs. Crittenden, Preston, Berrien, and Rives.

But these gentlemen were not contented with simply voting for the limitation of the measure. They took care to define their positions yet more distinctly. Mr Crittenden stated that he had "*with reluctance been driven* to the conclusion of voting for this bill."

Mr Preston said "he supposed it must be obvious to everybody that there could now be hardly such an adjustment of the tariff as *could be considered permanent*, but that some revenue bill was indispensable."

Mr Rives protested strongly against the bill. "He confidently believed that it would prove as detrimental to those particular interests which it professed to subserve as it would be *adverse to the general interests of the country.*"

We commend the opinions of these distinguished whig senators especially to the attention of those whig journals which are now clamoring so loudly that the repeal of the tariff of 1842 is to be the rule of the country. The truth is, that tariff has already lasted much longer than the makers of it supposed it would last, or intended that it should last.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1846.

Notice.—A meeting of the members of the State Democratic Central Committee will be holden at the Democratic Reading Room, No. 36 Washington street, on TUESDAY NEXT, July 21, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the expediency of calling a State Convention.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.
HANAY CROCKER, Secretary.

The Post Office Law.

Without going at all into the merits of the high and low postage systems, we propose to consider two points in which we look upon the present law as defective. One is the provision in the law requiring the list of letters to be published in the paper having the largest circulation, and the other is the permitting of newspapers to be carried thirty miles free of postage. Upon the first of these points we think we can speak without being accused of interestedness, for we are the last person who would get the publishing of the list of letters should the law be changed to what it was previous to the passage of the existing law, authorizing the postmaster to publish the letters in whatever paper he might see fit. The provision in the law requiring the letters to go into the paper having the largest circulation opens the door to fraud and collusion between a postmaster and the publisher of any low, dirty, slender paper, that can, by libelling private character and feeding a depraved appetite on the foulest scandal, sell, or find somebody to take, for two or three weeks, a larger number of copies than are circulated by any decent paper, to regular subscribers or by regular daily sales. Where a postmaster is disposed to collude with a newspaper publisher—with an understanding, perhaps, that they are to divide the profits over actual cost, or for some other consideration—he makes an examination, and gives the list to the paper having the largest circulation. By making his examination he learns the circulation of all the different papers. He then informs the publisher to whom he wishes to give the list, the amount of the circulation to be overcome, when he goes to work, strikes off several hundred more papers than are circulated of any other paper, and distributes them by getting subscribers for a single month, and by giving them to friends and everybody who can be induced to disgrace themselves by taking a copy gratis; then a new investigation is demanded to ascertain what paper is entitled to the publishing the list of letters from having the largest circulation. The paper, the circulation of which has been made up in this fraudulent collusive manner, has, of course, the largest circulation, and the postmaster gives it the list. Besides such collusive fraud upon papers having much larger permanent circulation, the whole object of the law is defeated by the list being published where no respectable or business man would ever see it, except he is compelled to patronize a fund sheet to ascertain if some of his letters have not by some chance got into the advertised list.

But it may be said if a postmaster will collude to give the list to a dirty paper that no respectable man man will patronize, he would certainly give it to such a paper if he had the power to put it wherever he should choose. That by no means follows. If he then gave it to a paper of that class, he would be obliged to take the responsibility; but as it is now, he does it with perfect impunity, and screens himself under the requirements of the law. Nor is it necessary to have an unprincipled postmaster, that the list may get into a nasty paper, without any real permanent circulation. If a publisher will only swear his average circulation, if got up in the manner we have already described, is high enough to entitle him to the list, why he takes it in spite of the postmaster, though it helps him along wonderfully when the postmaster will tell him how high he must go to get the list. Nor is it indispensable, in case of collusion between a postmaster and the publisher of a paper that an examination should first be had to ascertain the circulation of every paper claiming the list, and then that a second examination should be made that the publisher colluding with the postmaster may make a bigger return, because it may be done at the first examination by waiting and making the last return after being informed by the postmaster the amount of the largest circulation returned.

As to the second point—the permitting of papers to be sent thirty miles free of postage—it is subject to several objections. In the first place, we can see no good reason why a paper should go free thirty miles and be made to pay a cent postage when it goes thirty-one miles. If it is not worth anything to carry a paper thirty miles, to show what it would be worth to carry it forty miles, we will reduce it to a statement in the single rule of three, and leave it for skilful mathematicians to cypher out; it would stand thus:

30 : 0 :: 40

If thirty gives nothing what will forty give? We are aware that mathematical accuracy cannot be obtained in regulating the rates of postage, for we cannot have as many different rates as there are different distances; and if we could, there are other reasons besides the mere distance that should have, to some extent, a controling influence on the rates of postage. But we can have a more just system than the present. It would be much more just, as suggested by our neighbor of the Courier, to have papers go free within the county where published. By this arrangement, almost every person could receive a paper free; whereas now persons being in and about large towns only are benefitted.

Another, and a much more outrageous wrong, is, the reckoning distance from point to point by the mail route. The mails are carried over railroads wherever they are established. Being so carried, to send a paper by mail to an adjourning town it not unfrequently has to go more than thirty miles to a place not more than five miles distant. Take all New England for example: The railroads have one great common centre, Boston. Two railroad lines ran through two small county towns ten miles apart; the mail instead of going direct from one of these towns to the other, goes first to Boston and from Boston to the town where directed, making instead of ten miles, over thirty, reckoning by the mail route. Thus by this operation of reckoning by the mail route instead of the actual distance between two places, persons living in towns not having a direct railroad communication, within less than a third of thirty miles of each other, are compelled to pay postage, while those living in towns favored by such direct communication, though full thirty miles apart, are not subject to postage. It seems to us if justice is to be at all approximated to, either distance between places should be reckoned at what it is, or the free postage be abolished, or the limits of free postage be confined to counties or districts.

☞ The Senate has been recently the scene of as fine a dramatic attempt at panic making as one would wish to see of a summer's day. Mr Webster took the principal part. In the Senate on Tuesday last Mr Webster immediately after the reading of the journal, in solemn majesty and with

"Thunderous brows and lips intense,"

"rose, he said to perform the first act in his official course in regard to a subject on which he could conscientiously say that never did he approach a transaction, or begin its study, with a stronger sense of the responsibility devolving upon him. He now presented a petition against the bill before the Senate, entitled an act to reduce the duties on imports and for other purposes."

"This petition, said Mr Webster, which I now present, is signed by every importing firm and importing merchant, of dry goods, in the city of Boston;" and in the course of his remarks reiterated that "this petition against the ad valorem system *is signed by every importer of dry goods in the city of Boston*," and with awful impressiveness he concluded:

"The bill itself has not even been referred to committee, but has been thrust before us with indecent haste, without any examination of its details. When—under what administration—under what exigencies of war or peace—did the Senate ever before deal with such a measure in such a manner? Never, sir, never."

He then read the petition which he said was "*signed by 48 firms*," that is every importer of dry goods in the city of Boston.

But by reference to the best of authority we learn there is more than *one hundred and sixty* dry goods importing firms in the city of Boston, and in this number is not included the two great Lawrence firms who are classed under the head of "Wholesale Domestic Goods!" Alas for Mr Webster! His assertion concerning the signers of the petition is similar to his announcement to the Senate and country that the expenses of the present war amounted to $500,000 per diem.

Latest from the Camp.—Official.

[From the Union.]

"ARMY OF OCCUPATION,
June 24, 1846.

Some volunteers have arrived at Brazos Santiago from Tennessee, presumed to be of the twelve month's quota. The volunteers which previously arrived from New Orleans have nearly all moved to Barita, except two regiments in this place. I shall bring them up the river as soon as I can procure transportation, which we are impatiently awaiting. The volunteers from Texas are encamped near Point Isabel, and are now organizing under the direction of the governor.

We have no authentic intelligence from the interior of Mexico. The army at Linarez is believed to be moving towards Monterey, much reduced in numbers by desertion and sickness. It is rumored that Bustamento is at the head of the government, and that Paredes is advancing with a large force to this frontier."

☞ The Mexican Government have issued a decree, dated June 6th, declaring all goods shipped into Mexico, by the way of Metamoras, previous and since its occupation by the American army, confiscated and liable to seizure. There is a provision for the restoration of those on which the duties have been paid. The Matamoras Reveille, which announces the fact, says: "This is decidedly rich. If we are not entitled to the free navigation of the Rio Grande Brevo Del Norte, we don't know who are."

☞ A letter from Matamoras says that the army at that place spends about $3000 a day for provisions and vegetables. The whole of it is almost immediately returned to the few Yonkee shopkeepers who have established themselves there. Active mechanics are in much demand. The letter also states that some of the natives are anxious to join the Americans in their march to Mexico.

BANNER PRESENTATION. On the evening of the 21st of July at Mechanics' Hall, the ladies of Lowell will present the Lowell Lodge of Odd Fellows a splendid Banner. On this occasion a collation will be furnished. Bond's Lowell Brass Band has been engaged to enliven the scene with some most choice pieces of music. We have no doubt the gathering will be very large as it is public, and the tickets only 25 cents.

U. S. SENATOR. James W. Bradbury, dem., was chosen U. S. Senator, by the legislature of Maine, on Thursday of this week.

In the Senate, the vote stood—James W. Bradbury, 26; Geo. Evans, 2; Luther Severance, 1.

In the House, on the third ballot, James W. Bradbury had 77; George Evans, 49; scattering, 19.

☞ The Naval Committee of the House of Representatives have reported in favor of launching and fitting out the frigate St Lawrence forthwith; and they say that they do not merely recommend this in view of our war with Mexico, but as proper for our peace establishment.

TEMPERANCE. We are requested to say that Gen. A. W. Riley, of Rochester, N. Y., who unavoidably disappointed the friends of temperance by not being here last Sabbath, is now in the city and will address our citizens in the City Hall at 5 1-2 to-morrow P. M., *without fail.*

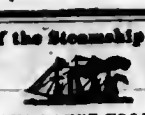
☞ It is said that several federal merchants have left Boston for Washington, in reference to the pending settlement of the tariff question.

☞ It is no sign because a man eats frogs that he can jump over a six foot fence, or because he dines on snails, that he travels slow. Appearances are deceitful things to judge by.

GOING IT WITH A RUSH. More than *three-fourths* of the acts passed by the last N. H. Legislature were acts of incorporation.

☞ The democrats in the northern district of Vermont have nominated Lucius B. Peck, Esq., of Montpelier, for Congress, in place of Paul Dillingham, jr.

Arrival of the Steamship Cambria.



FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.
Free trade triumphant.

The Cambria arrived at Boston yesterday, about 5 o'clock, P. M.

We are indebted to Mr Sargent, one of the gentlemanly conductors of Tuck's Express for a copy of Wilmer & Smith's European Times, from which we mostly make our summary of the foreign news, immediately on the arrival of the steamer at Boston.

The news is highly important and gratifying, though much as anticipated.

Sir Robert Peel's government has broken up, and a new cabinet framed with Lord John Russell at its head.

The Corn Bill has passed its third reading in the House of Lords without a division.

The House of Commons defeated the Irish Coercion Bill by 73 majority.

The settlement of Oregon question is hailed with general joy and satisfaction.

The Cotton market is in a healthy but not a very active state. Prices have improved a shade.

The contemplated change in the Sugar Duties has had an injurious effect upon sales, as on the eve of a change, stocks became depressed, and the dealers show a reluctance to go beyond their most pressing wants. The coffee trade has also been in a lethargic condition.

The money market is represented as firm.

The Grain trade remained in a dull and languid position up to the 29th ult., at which time the provisions of the New Corn-law came into operation. Little business was transacted, that effected being merely to serve the wants of needy buyers. At the market held on the 30th ult., the first since the passing of the new Corn-law bill, there was a large attendance of town and country buyers, and a fair sale for good foreign Wheats, though not to the extent that might have been expected.

Wilmer & Smith's Times, on the settlement of the Oregon question, says—

No event within our memory has produced a feeling of more general satisfaction and joy in this country than the intelligence which came to hand by the Hibernia, that the Oregon question had been amicably settled between the American and British Governments. The news arrived at a critical moment—literally on the eve of the dissolution of the Peel ministry—and the excellent purpose to which this message of peace was turned by the outgoing Representative of the Crown, will be best appreciated by those who read his last official speech.

Attention is now fixed on this side of the water on the American tariff, and hopes are being expressed among commercial men in all parts of the land that the present session of Congress will not terminate without a reduction of rates on imported goods—without, in short, an effort being made to carry out the free and enlightened commercial policy which England, in the teeth of all but insuperable difficulties, has given such a glorious example to the world.

We cannot close this brief article without bearing honorable testimony to the talent and popularity of the American Minister in England, Mr M'Lane—a gentleman whose intelligence, respectability and patriotism, reflect credit on his country and himself. He is universally respected, and his popularity is certainly not inferior to that of any former Minister at the Court of St James.

On the passage of the Corn Bill, and custom duties bill, and the defeat of the Irish Coercion bill, and the change of government, the Times remarks:

Two highly important events have occurred since we last addressed our readers. These are, the passing of the Corn Bill and the dissolution of the Ministry. On the evening of Thursday, June 25, the House of Lords passed the the third reading of the Corn Bill without a division, and at 2 o'clock the succeeding morning, the House of Commons left Sir Robert Peel's government in a minority of 73 on the Irish Coercion bill.

The two measures we have named stand towards each other in the relation of cause and effect. Nominally, the ministry has been struggled on Irish ground; actually, its existence has been terminated by the exhaustion of vitality in upsetting the corn monopoly.

The result which has happened has long been foreshadowed. It has taken no one by surprise. The disruption in the Conservative ranks produced by Sir Robert Peel's Free-trade policy was so complete that the party could never work together again harmoneously, and the first opportunity for smiting the leader was sought eagerly by those who thought themselves betrayed. The Irish Coercion Bill presented that opportunity. On the first reading, the Protectionists gave it a willing, the Whigs a qualified support. But the intervening three months had so completely changed the ordinary position of parties, that Lord John Russell and Lord George Bentinck found themselves in the lobby last week, voting against the Minister. The result has been his overthrow.

The ministeriel interregnum has produced less stir than was expected, probably because it was looked for. On Saturday Sir Robert Peel proceeded to the Isle of Wright for the purpose of tendering his own and his colleagues' resignation to the Queen, and on Monday night he made a lengthened exposition of his motives for resigning in the House of Commons.

IRELAND. An effort is being made in Cork to raise a life annuity of £700 for Father Mathew, the apostle of temperance.

Prosecution of the "Nation" Dublin Newspaper. The prosecution instituted by the government against the Nation newspaper, for the publication of a seditious libel, has failed, as the jury were unable to agree upon a verdict, and were consequently discharged on Thursday last. The alleged libel consisted in an article published in the Nation, pointing out the methods by which troops transported upon railways might be successfully attacked by insurgent peasants.

Supply of Indian Meal at Cork. Such is and has been the extensive demand for this article throughout the country, since the price was fixed at £10 per ton, that there has been issued from the government depot at the Lee Mills, in this city one thousand tons per week to the several relief committees who receive supplies; that is, ten thousand pounds worth of Indian meal per week is issued from Cork alone, to make up for the deficiency caused by the failure in last year's potatoe crop, independently of the amount sold by importers, on private account, which, however, we have no opportunity at present of ascertaining, but which, we are assured, must be very considerable.

Repeal Association. The weekly meeting of this body was held on Monday, the 22nd ult. Mr J. O'Neill in the chair. A letter was read from Mr O'Connell denouncing several of the repeal wardens of Manchester and the neighbourhood for "availing themselves of their situation as wardens to encourage indecent and violent hostillity to the decision of the Catholic Bishop," and desiring the expulsion of J. B. Treanor and—Finnegan from the association. In allusion to the dissensions which have recently been manifested amongst the members, Mr O'Connell says, "It is manifest that the great majority of the Repeal Association must exert themselves strenuously to support the association, or the persons to whom I allude will divide its ranks, and finally, destroy the association itself. For my poor part, I will not be an idle spectator of such a struggle. 'Tis true that the people may be induced to desert me, but I never will desert the people. I perceive that it is—I will not use the proper term—but I will say, most unhandsomely suggested, that, in the event of the Whigs coming into power, the repeal cause is to be abandoned, or postponed, or compromised. I utterly deny the assertion. While I live, the repeal cause shall never be abandoned, postponed, or compromised to advance any persons to power, to support any party or faction."

THE POPE. The election of the new Pope is a circumstance which has attracted much of the attention of the continental journals. His holiness takes the title of Pius IX. His age is 54. As regards years, he is one of the youngest of St. Peter's successors, and if all that is said of him be correct, he cannot fail to make a shrewd temporal ruler, in addition to the functions of his spiritual office. The Pope's dominions have hitherto laboured under the stigma of being, politically and municipally, far in arrear of the age. By raising the physical condition and the mental character of his subjects, the new soverign of the Papal States will do much to conciliate the respect and the esteem of the world. The previous habits and character of the new Pontiff do credit to the judgement and impartiality of the conclave which elected him.

FRANCE. Paris, June 30. All the Parisian newspapers, without exception, have produced, at considerable length, the details of the proceedings of Gen. Taylor in Mexico, as well as of the last batch of news received by the Britannia, *via* Liverpool Taylor's victory over the Mexicans was fully expected, and indeed, such was the confidence in the American arms, that great surprise was felt at his placing himself in such a position as to permit them to obtain even a temporary advantage over him.

But the newspapers of Paris generally speaking, do not think that it is Mexico with which the United States has to do, so much as with England.

SPAIN. Attempts have been made by certain political refugees to create an insurrection at Catalonia, but without success.

HOLLAND. *The Hague, June 28.* Fearing that the United States and Mexico may be injurious to Dutch commerce, our government has ordered a naval division to proceed to the United States and from thence, if necessary, to the Mexican coast to protect our merchants and their property. The division will set sail from Flushing on the 1st of July.

On the same way another division will go to Southern America, and subsequently to Batavia.

ITALY. *Milan, June 20.* The election of Pope was made with much greater dispatch than was anticipated, having been got over in 48 hours. None of the foreign cardinals had time to be present.—The choice of the conclave fell on Cardinal Mastai-Feretti, who was accordingly proclaimed the 258th successor of St. Peter, under the name of Pius IX. He is one of the youngest cardinals ever elected to the Papacy, being only 54 years of age.

RUSSIA. Notwithstanding the recent success of the Russian arms, the Caucasians are far from being subdued. A new expedition against them is resolved upon, and it is said that the emperor is determined to make a war of extermination.

FROM INDIA. Says the Times, from India the news is barren of striking interest; but an under current of feeling amongst the Sikh nation is perceptible, which bodes no good to the forced alliance we have imposed upon that people. The smouldering elements of speedy combustion are visible. We must maintain our authority by an iron hand, or give it up altogether.

SWITZERLAND. The cantons are preparing instructions of their deputies at the diet, the proceedings of which promise to be very stormy. The whole country, or nearly so, is in a very agitated state.

NEW ZEALAND. The New Zealander of January 24, announces that the two insergent chiefs, Heki and Kawiti, had been so dispirited by the capture of their intrenched village, on the 11th January, that they had prevailed on Nene who had acted against them in favor of the British government, to proceed to Auckland in order to intercede in their behalf. They threw themselves wholly on the mercy of the governor, and expressed themselves ready to resign their lands, and allow him to dictate the terms on which peace and order should be restored. It was understood that Gov. Grey would not confiscate their lands, and that a full pardon would be granted.

The heat in Paris has been so intense that the theatres have been deserted.

Dr. Lardner is engaged in preparing a philosophical work, to be called "Five years in America."

The hot weather has been highly unfavorable to cattle, and the distemper is making fearful ravages amongst them.

While most countries are parched with drought, Egypt, in which rain never falls between the months of March and November, was on the 27th of May, deluged by heavy showers.

The Marquese d'Hercourt died at Windsor, on the 24th ult., from an over dose of landanum, which she had swallowed in a mistake.

The embassador from the Bey of Tunis arrived in Liverpool last week. Ibraham Pacha passed through the same town on his way to and from Ireland.

Lord Stanley's protest against the Corn Bill was, on the 25th ult. laid on the table of the House of Peers.—It recapituloted all the points that have been urged against the measure.

A Leeds paper states that a Mr Wm. Hirst has discovered a method of propelling vessels by steam at a speed of thirty miles an hour, with half the power now used.

It is said that Viscount Falkland has determined to resign the government of Nove Scotia, and is expected immediately in England.

On the only railway upon which American locomotive engines have been used in England, they have been all but laid aside.

Letters from Reikiavik mentioned that the whole southern portion of Iceland in disturbed by frequent shocks of earthquake; which the inhabitants consider as announcing a fresh eruption of the volcano only just gone to rest.

A detachment of royal sappers and miners, consisting of seven non-commissioned officers and men, embarked at Liverpool for North America, by the last steamers, to be employed in the survey of the country between Quebec and Nove Scotia, with a view to forming a line of railway between those two places.

FATAL ACCIDENT. Yesterday afternoon, an Irishman, named John Smith, who was at work on the new Middlesex mill, in the employ of Reed & Powers, was instantly killed. He was wheeling brick along a plank in the sixth story of the mill, when one of the bricks fell off his wheel-barrow. He turned his head to warn those who were beneath, and probably ran the barrow off the plank, and fell with it the whole distance to the lower floor, striking his head against a beam as he fell. When taken up he was dead, his neck being broken, and his skull fractured. Mr Smith had been only a few days at work on the mill; had recently come from Manchester, N. H., was about thirty six years old and unmarried.—*Cou. 17th.*

We are pleased to learn that Bro. John Moore of Troy, N. Y., has accepted an invitation to become the Pastor of the Third Universalist Society, in this city. May the blessing of Heaven rest upon our brother, and the society with which he is to labor.—*Gospel Fountain.*

☞ The allies of N. H., after all their denunciation of the railroad law finally concluded it was inexpedient to legislate upon it.

☞ On Saturday Aug. 1st the voters of Manchester N. H. are called on to accept or reject a charter for making Manchester a city.

FIRES. E. W. Taft's paper mills, at Dedham village, took fire yesterday morning, and was totally destroyed with their contents. Loss about $10,000; insurance $6000.—*Post.*

☞ The directors of the western railroad have declared a dividend of three dollars per share, payable August 3d, to holders of stock on the 18th inst.

☞ The steamer Britannia sailed from Boston Thursday the 16th inst, and took out 103 passengers.

☞ The President has officially acknowledged Heinrich Wilhelm Kahtmann as Consul of Hanover for the port of Charleston, S. C.

I. O. of O. F.

BANNER PRESENTATION.—The Ladies of Lowell will present to Lowell Lodge, No. 95, I. O. O. F., a splendid banner on TUESDAY Evening, July 21st, at Meehanic's Hall.

After the presentation of the banner a collation will be served. BOND'S LOWELL BRASS BAND has been engaged for the occasion. Brothers of the order and the public generally are invited to attend.

Tickets to the presentation and collation 25 Cents. To be had of the Committee of Arrangements and at the door.

WM. H. CLEMENCE,
H. J. BAXTER,
C. S. EASTMAN,
GILBERT FERRIN,
J. A. SAWTELL.
} Committee of Arrangm'ts

Lowell, July 16, 1846. a3t

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. S. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

ANOTHER VOICE FROM MAINE!

Waldoboro', Me., July 30, 1845.

Dear Sir—Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me.—Possessed of a strong constitution naturally, I had enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Sometime in July I was violently attacked with a cough, which continued until fall; then I was confined to the house eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours; daily raised large quantities of disagreeable matter, accompanied with blood. Sometimes I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to restore me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me; I must die; it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment, when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill, friends despaired of my life, my own hopes of recovery at an end, I resorted to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. When I had taken one and a half bottles those severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued taking the Balsam until Spring, 1844, when I ceased to bleed at the lungs, my health and strength improved so that I left the house, but was not able to work for a year. Now my health is good. I am able to do a day's work every day on my farm.

JAMES COMERY.

Witness, THOMAS BENNER.

For particulars see Dr Wistar's treatise on Coesumption, to be had of the Agents.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&mpr14

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea: "I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Penacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimoniel is but a solitory instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&r6mchm

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Linament, which affected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pineabridge, June 12th, 1845.

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever soreon my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies or the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Linament. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of o hideous sore, that I supposed would hang me me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Linament to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jo11

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boole, 228 Washington street, Boston. 1tadvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In Hallowell, Mr James W. Guila, of Lowell, Mass., to Miss Mary B. Hearsey.

DIED.

In this city, July 17th, of dysentery, ELIZABETH MARIA ABBOTT, only daughter of ZIBA ABBOTT, aged 2½ years. [Funeral at St. Anne's Church, Sunday, 4 o'clock, P. M.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18a1m



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
With Immediate Dispatch.

Goes up to the city without lightering:



The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile, je18

ENGINEER RECRUITS.

A Law has been passed authorising the formation of a Corps of SAPPERS, MINERS and PONTONIERS, or ENGINEER SOLDIERS. The Company will consist of *One Hundred Men*, viz: 10 Sergeants, or Master Workmen; 10 Corporals, or Overseers; 2 Musicians; 39 Privates of the first class, or Artificers; and 39 Privates of the second class.

Young men, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, who are citizens of the United States, of good character, and have a common school education, will be enlisted. Mechanics, such as Masons, Stone-Cutters, Quarrymen, Carpenters, Wheelwrights, Boat-Builders, Riggers, Blacksmiths, Saddlers, &c.; or Seamen and Lumbermen expert in the use of Boats and rafts—are especially wanted; though other intelligent mechanics and active young farmers will be accepted.

The pay is very liberal, being $30 per month for Sergeants; $16 for Corporals; $13 for Artificers; and $9 for the second class Privates. In addition to their monthly pay, all receive ample subsistence, an abundant supply of clothing, fuel, and quarters, besides the best medical attendance when sick. All recruits will be enlisted as privates of the second class, promotion to the higher grades being dependent upon their own merits, which will be determined immediately after the organization of the corps.

In peace, these troops will be stationed at West Point, where they will be taught much that will be very useful to them afterwards, either in prosecuting their several trades, or in making them competent master-workmen or overseers of public or private works. In war they have great opportunities for distinction, as they are always at the post of honor with the advance guard, preparing the way for every forward movement of the army; or with the rear-guard, when in retreat; erecting obstacles to check the enemy's pursuit.

The term of enlistment is five years. Applicants, *under the age of* 21, must bring the written consent of their fathers or guardians certifying that they have full permission to enlist as Engineer Soldiers in the United States Army, for the period of five years, and to accept such pay and allowances as are, or may be, established by law. The certificate must also state the true age of the applicant.

☞ The subscriber will be found on TUESDAY, the 28th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the *Merrimack House*, in Lowell, where persons wishing to enlist must make their application, as this will be the only opportunity afforded them, it being designed to close the enlistments within the present month.

GEO. W. CULLUM,
Capt. U. S. Engineers.
jy18a1jy28 Recruiting Officer.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.

CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	57 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1'36

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the brand he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.
Lowell, July 14, 1846. a1m*

TO BUILDERS.—Proposals will be received, until MONDAY, the 20th inst., for building four Primary School Houses, viz:—One on Chapel Hill; one on Charles st., between Gorham and Charles st.; one on Lowell st. near Adams st.; and one two-story building to accommodate two primary schools, at the corner of Cabot and Ford sts.; all the houses to be built of wood, and to be completed before the first day of October next. Plans and specifications may be seen at the City Clerk's office.

By order of the Committee on Lands and Buildings,
HENRY SMITH, Chairman.
City of Lowell, July 10, 1846. jy11a5t

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

REMOVAL.

C. K. MORRILL, on account of repairs going on in his old place of business, on Merrimack corner of John Street, has removed to a Store corner of Dutton and Lowell streets, where he keeps his usual assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS.

☞ The removal is but *temporary*, and he is in hopes to meet his friends and customers at his former place of business, in about six weeks. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same.

may19a2m C. K. MORRILL.

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.—Notes of good Banks in the State of New York, taken without discount at the "Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office.

Broken Bank Notes of the above State bought at N. York rates. ajy9

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office! je30a2w

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the Infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apperently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

⁂ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Charlestown; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and enlargements of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&e1y

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leave Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate cherges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of TARLTON & GUILD, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. JAMES TARLTON,
ISAAC M. GUILD.

Mr Tarlton is authorised to collect all bills due the firm, and will continue the business at the old stand, as below. jy11atf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.! the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very sanderier article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a2m

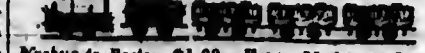
NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Saturday next—positively.



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner POTOMAC, *Berry*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy14

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6.35 A. M., and 12.35 and 4.45, P. M.; or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Retland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tJan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
mo,9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Public Officer	1
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Ladies	16
Farmers	6	Gentlemen	5
		Cartmen	2
		Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.
Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&rtaug1

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap&plym25

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, je6atf 56, Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Tenement in a Block of Four Tenements, at Auction.

On SATURDAY next, July 18th, on the premises, a Tenement, in a block of four tenements, situated on the Northerly side of Lowell street, near the upper canal. Said tenement contains 6 rooms, and is well situated to rent at all times. Terms liberal. For particulars enquire of the auctioneer. jy16

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public Auction on WEDNESDAY, July 22d inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises:—

2 Lots of Land situated on Fayette Street, being the first vacant lots on the left from Washington st. Said Lots front 22½ feet, containing about 2000 sq. ft. each.

Also, 2 other Lots situated on High street, adjoining the above described lots. These Lots front 27½ feet, containing about 4100 square feet each.

These lots are very pleasantly situated and are desirable for building Houses or Stores; as an investment this affords a rare chance, they being situated in a part of the city which is increasing rapidly in value. Terms at sale.

Per order of Executor.

A plan of the premises may be seen by calling on E. B. PATCH, Auct'r. jy14

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On *WEDNESDAY next, July 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.* 2 Cottage Houses with 2600 square feet Land, pleasantly situated on Merrill's Court, Chapel Hill. Said Houses are in complete repair and conveniently arranged for and occupied by 4 families. One house consisting of 3 Tenements and the other 1, to be sold seperate or together as the company may desire. Terms at Sale.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH.
Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—payable in advance—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

TEETH! TEETH!!

Dr. MOWE wishes respectfully to call the attention of the people of Lowell and vicinity to the importance of attending early to decaying teeth. He has had sufficient experience in the business of Dentistry, to enable him with confidence to guarantee satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

Cleansing, filling with gold and tin foil, inserting either on pivot or fine gold plate, is done on a plan new and satisfactory. Examination and advice in relation to the preservation of the teeth, *free.*

An infallible cure for the most violent tooth-ache may be found here. Call and examine. *Terms, about one half of what was formerly exacted.* Office in Courier Building, 82 Central street. ap21 a3m

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manille, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obtaining regularity in all cases of female irregularity, surpression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realised by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., in this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

THE LADIES do say that they can buy a better Silk dress and a much better White Crape, Silk, or Barage, or even a Mohair, in short, *any kind of a Shawl*, a great deal cheaper than they can buy at any Store in Lowell or Boston, at the only exclusive "Silk and Shawl Saloon," up over the Post Office. Ajn27

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combiantion of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy on almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jen7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Querterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address no payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

jy1&6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shaw,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

Those are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

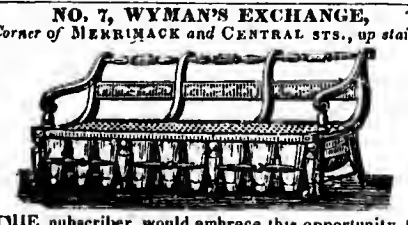
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospitol, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 tf

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia of the stomach, lose of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Traill, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pptly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simples remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c, are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY HONEYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Honeycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN CROCKER, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridg street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Poler street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried everything in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestians, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparrillo and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preperation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are no neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has exceeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosnpr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merlan and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussion or Nazarine blue, dyed to Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 a1y&m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 21, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 85.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS,

Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,

daly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ely

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

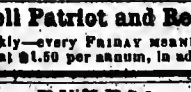
H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf



SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on Houses.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
jan8 Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c. Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., —next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
86 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tuilor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freemill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845, rag8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street,
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

SANDS SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me, after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

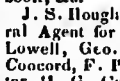


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

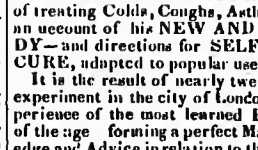
JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Goult; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawu&plyfeb14

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House*,
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—*Also*, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

A Dirge for the Beautiful.

BY D. ELLEN GOODMAN.

TUNE—"*Oh bid me not weep him.*"—By J. M. Espy.

Softly, peacefully,
Lay her to rest;
Place the turf lightly
On her young breast;
Gently, solemnly,
Bend o'er the bed
Where ye have pillowed
Thus early her head.

Plant a young willow
Close by her grave;
Let its long branches
Soothingly wave;
Twine a sweet rose-tree
Over her tomb;
Sprinkle fresh buds there—
Beauty and bloom.

Let a bright fountain
Limpid and clear,
Murmur its music,
Smile through a tear—
Scatter its diamonds
Where the loved lies—
Brilliant and starry,
Like angel's eyes.

Then shall the bright birds
On golden wing,
Lingering ever,
Murmuring sing;
Then shall the soft breeze
Pensively sigh—
Bearing rich fragrance
And melody by.

Lay the sod lightly
Over her breast;
Calm be her slumbers,
Peaceful her rest.
Beautiful, lovely,
She was but given,
A fair bud to earth,
To blossom in heaven.

Gospel Messenger.

From the Knickerbocker.

CAUSES OF EARLY CONSUMPTION.

BY PROF. JAMES J. MAPES.

The question is often asked, why it is that those who live at or near the level of the sea are more subject to that scourge of mankind, *Consumption*, than the hardy mountaineer? And it is as often answered, "that it is due to their difference in their food and exercise? To this, as well as to many other little sayings, the adage that "Public Report is a public Liar," may be justly applied.

The true cause of narrow chests and small and feeble lungs is easily defined by the naturalist. Buffon tells us that all animals inhabiting high altitudes have larger lungs and more copious chests than those residing in valleys. Audubon and Wilson both agree in stating that such birds as are accustomed to the highest flights have the largest air-receptacles for respiratory purposes. The same class of animals which inhabits the mountains, if brought into the valley, although exercised in the same manner, will often become pulmonic; while an animal removed from the valley to the mountain, without any change in diet or exercise, expands its chest, and obtains a corresponding increased action of the lungs. Nature has so adapted the physiological configuration, that it may undergo these changes as occasion may require; and if it were *not so*, every mountaineer on visiting the valley would lose his life by a collapse of his lungs; and every inhabitant of the lowlands would die of suffocation for want of sufficient oxygen, while breathing the lighter dilated atmosphere of the mountain.

All this is easily accounted for, and the *rationale* is within the comprehension of the meanest intellect.

From the height of the atmosphere it is well known that at the level of the sea its superincumbent weight is fifteen pounds to every square inch of surface exposed to its action; and that consequently, as air, is very elastic, that which we breathe in low regions is in a very compressed state. One of the great objects of respiration is to enable the blood to rob from the air received within the lungs the oxygen contained in it; and the blood will not be content, nor continue to perform its proper offices, with any less than its necessary quantity of this important element.

Now suppose a cubic foot of air to be enclosed in a tight and fragile vessel, and then to be carried to the top of a mountain, or other high elevation. It will be found to expand as its loses its superincumbent weight by being elevated, and at no impracticable height to double its bulk and to burst its prison wall. If then a cubic foot of air of the valley contains two proportionals of oxygen, that of the mountain, from being expanded, will contain but one; and therefore the resident of these high altitudes is compelled to breathe double the bulk of air to supply the blood with the same weight of oxygen. Nature enables the configuration of man, as well as of all other animals, to meet this change. And the chest and the lungs, from natural causes alone, enlarge themselves for their new office.

The city of Mexico is nine thousand feet above the level of the sea; and in this locality narrow chests and diseased lungs are unknown; while from the extreme dilation of the atmosphere, animal substances never become putrid; notwithstanding its proximity to the equator, and consequent high temperature.

It must not be supposed, from this extreme case, that slight elevations are not serviceable. The difference of elevation between the basement and garret stories of a high house may be taken advantage of for the use of the early consumptive; and the heights at Weehawken, and the Catskill and other mountains, are fully sufficient for the restoration of the *incipient* pulmonaic.

Those invalids who visit the West Indies and remain in Matanzas, Havana and other low localities, die; while those who reside on the Highlands of Cuba, St. Croix and elsewhere, recover, without reference to any other fact than mere elevation and moderate temperature.

There are other advantages which will arise to invalids from high elevations. The exhalations from the surface of their bodies should be got rid of with the greatest possible degree of rapidity. If they are surrounded by an atmosphere of nearly the same weight as that of the gasses given off from the surface of the body, these gasses will mix with and be carried away by the atmosphere but slowly; whereas when surrounded by the light atmosphere of high elevations the heavy exhaled gasses fall off with greater rapidity, for the same reason that a cannon ball falls more rapidly through water than through melted lead; the upper atmosphere being lighter and thinner than the lower.

These facts will be more clearly understood, when we reflect that if the body be enclosed in a varnished silken bag, such as balloons are made of, and tied around the neck, so as to prevent the escape of gasses given off from the surface of the body, notwithstanding the mouth is free to breath the outside atmosphere, the person so encased will die in a short time.

The missionaries who report the state of health of the poor inhabiting the basements and cellars of our city, inform us that life is shortened by such residences and darmitaries more than one half. The reports of Dr. Edwin Chadwick of London, and Doctors Griscom and Stevens, of New York, corroborate these facts; they all attribute it however to want of sufficient ventilation; but as most of these sufferers die of pulmonary diseases, it is equally fair to suppose that it is from want of sufficient elevation.

Take a farther and more familiar illustration of these principles: those who descend in diving-bells to the depth of thirty feet under water, the bell being supplied with air by the operation of force-pumps and flexible tubes, are under a pressure, first, of fifteen pounds to the inch from the atmosphere, second, to a still farther pressure of fifteen pounds to the inch from the compression exerted by the height of the column of water surrounding and above the bell; and the lungs are then breathing an accumulated pressure of thirty pounds to the inch, instead of fifteen, as when at the surface of the water. Although the time necessary for this descent is but a few minutes, still in this short space of time the lungs so configure themselves that they lessen the size of their cavity, and no inconvenience is felt in breathing. But if, when in this state, the bell is suffered to rise to suddenly to the surface, not giving time to the lungs to adopt their former configuration; they will not only be injured, but from the sudden relief of pressure and consequent sudden internal expannion, the blood will rush from the nose, mouth, and ears, and in many instances cause death.

Congress.

Friday July 17.

In the SENATE. Mr Benton from the military committee, reported a bill for the erection and completion of defences on the coast of Florida.

The Treasury Note Bill was then taken up.

Mr Benton was opposed to Government issuing *paper money* than early in the war. He was for taxation first, as far as the country could bear it, loans next, and as a last resort, Treasury notes. He wanted a tax on tea and coffee. One insurperable objection in this bill is the authority to receive the notes as they came in, and he moved to strike it out.

The bill then, on Mr Lewis's motion, was postponed until to-morrow.

The Tariff Bill was then taken up.

Mr Davis resumed and concluded his speech in behalf of the protective system.

Mr McDuffie then called for the question.

After some conversation, the bill was postponed until to-morrow.

The Senate then went into Executive session, and the doors being opened, adjourned.

In the HOUSE the entire sitting was occupied in the consideration of private bills; and the large number of thirty were passed.

Saturday July 18.

In the SENATE, Mr Lewis, from the committee on finance, reported a bill from the house making appropriations for the support of volunteers, and asked its immediate passage.

Mr Jernigan moved an amendment to pay the Tennessee volunteers called out in 1836, for horses and forage. The amendment was rejected.

Mr Cameron presented the proceedings of a meeting in Northumberland county, Pa., against the bill to reduce the tariff.

After some remarks from Messrs Webster and Allen the document was referred to the committee on printing.

The treasury note bill was then taken up and debated by Messrs Niles, Clayton and Evens; and further debated by Messrs J. M. Clayton, Evans, Webster, Calhoun, Dayton, Benton, Miller, Johnson, of Md., Bagby and Allen. The emendments of Mr. Benton were rejected—yeas 16—nays 34.

The bill, in the shape it came from the house, was then passed without a division.

The bill to reduce the tariff was then taken up, and Mr Johnson, of Md., spoke against it until the hour of adjournment.

Mr. Niles has the floor for Monday.

In the HOUSE. The House took up and passed a bill to distribute the laws of the United States.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr King, of Georgia, in the chair, and took up the private calendar bill for the relief of Thomas Wishart, which was agreed to. Also, a bill for the relief of Elisha Holmes, and the heirs of Robert Fulton, which was discussed at much length.

The Committe then rose, and the bill then passed by a vote of 90 to 67. The house adjourned.

Gen. La Vega.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Patriot.

MATAMORAS, JUNE 21, 1846.

I have seen it alleged, in some of the late papers, that Gen. La Vega was delivered to Gen. Taylor on the battle-field, by Col. Twiggs. This is an error—certainly of no consequence after his capture by the gallant May; but as every thing connected with the treatment of this distinguished prisoner on the field must be more or less interesting, I beg leave to correct the error, and to relate what befell the gallant general after he was conducted to Col. Twiggs, by order of Capt. May.

The artillery battalion (a regiment of foot) was stationed on the 9th at the outset of the chapparal, and was there formed in a square. This battalion, which had suffered the day before more than any other except the 8th infantry, was placed in this position for these reasons: to protect the train against a charge of the enemy's cavalry, to repair any disaster which might occur in the ordnance, and to afford fresh troops for the pursuit, when the battle was gained.

Col. Twiggs sent for Col. Childs, who commanded it, and turned the prisoner over to him; but Col. Childs, having dismounted, (Gen. Vega was on foot,) sent an order to his battalion, that the prisoner should be received with honors due his rank. As soon as the prisoner issued from the chapparol, the words, "Present arms," were given. The square "presented arms" in perfect silence, and as he approached not a smile or a word of exultation was seen or heard; (so much for the delicacy of the common soldier, who had, perhaps the day before, lost his nearest friend by the enemy's cannon shot.) Gen. Vega seemed surprised at the salute, courteously and slowly raised his hat, and the square was brought to a shoulder.

Col. Childs then called from his position Captain Magruder, who commanded one of the companies of the square. Capt. Magruder had known General La Vega before, and immediately insisted upon his mounting his (Capt. M's.) horse. No sooner was this done than it became necessary for the battalion to move on, and Capt. Magruder was ordered by Col. Childs to escort the prisoner, in security, with a small command, to Gen. Taylor. Fortunately no rescue was attempted as his command was very small, and the order was promptly executed, when Gen La Vega was introduced on the field by Capt. Magruder, to Gen. Taylor, Gen. Taylor shook him warmly by the hand, and addressed him in the following handsome remarks:

"General: I do assure you, I deeply regret that this misfortune has fallen upon you. I regret it sincerely, and I take great pleasure in returning you the sword, which you have this day won with so much gallantry," handing him at the same time the sword which Gen. Vega had yielded to Capt. May. Gen. Vega made a suitable reply in Spanish, and was then taken charge of by Col Twiggs, at the colonel's own request, and entertained by him in the most hospitable manner, in his own tent, until his departure for New Orleans.

One must record and admire so much courtesy and gentleness, united in a most magnanimy field with so much devotion and courage.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 21, 1846.

Meeting at the City Hall for the Relief of the Sufferers by the Nantucket Fire.

A meeting will be holden at the City Hall, this evening, at 8 o'clock, to take into consideration what measures our citizens will take to alleviate the sufferings of the distressed in Nantucket. The mayor of our city has received a letter from the Selectmen of Nantucket asking for the immediate aid of the charitable of our city. The case of a large part of the people of that town is truly deplorable. We can no better describe it than by copying a short extract from the letter addressed our mayor:

"One-third of our town is in ashes. A fire broke out on Monday evening last, a few minutes before eleven, and raged almost uncontrolled for about nine hours. The whole business section of the town is consumed. There is scarcely a Dry Goods, a Grocery, or Provision store left standing, and what more particularly threatens immediate distress, the stocks contained in them, so rapidly did the conflagration extend, are almost utterly destroyed. There is not food enough in town to keep wide spread suffering at bay a single week. Seven-eights of our mechanics are without shops, stock or tools:—they have lost all, even the means of earning bread. Hundreds of families are without a roof to cover them, a bed to lie upon, and very many of them even without a change of raiment. Widows and old men have been stripped of their all; they have no hopes for the future, except such as are founded upon the humanity of others."

We trust this call upon the benevolent will not be unheeded.

☞ X, the legal and mathematical correspondent of the Courier, puts as some questions, the first of which is as follows, to wit:—

"Suppose that in 1844, the people of the United States had elected Henry Clay for their President, *and that therefore* Daniel Webster was appointed Secretary of State."

Well, suppose Henry Clay had been elected President, and it by no means follows as a corollary, that Daniel Webster would have been appointed Secretary of State. We think X will, for the future, be entitled not only to be called the legal and mathematical correspondent of the Courier, but also the *logical* correspondent. But suppose Clay had been elected President, and Daniel Webster had been appointed Secretary of State, what do you want we should answer, X?

After putting the first question, X asks two or three others, and then sums them up this wise:

"The main question is simply this—If President Polk is to be acquitted of subserviency to British views and of being unfaithful to the interests of the country, why may not the whole whig party be acquited of the sweeping charge, so frequently made against them."

Why, for the simple reason, dear X, as we trust you will see and admit, that Mr Polk's policy and acts are the exact reverse of the policy and acts of the "whole whig party."

X finally winds up with these questions:

"Give the friends of Mr Polk the same opportunity to arraign Mr Clay that the Whigs now have to arraign Mr Polk, would not oceans of ink be shed in writing resolutions and leading editorials about British Federalism, and giving up the territory of our country to an enemy?

Last of all—Is the claim of the United States to the 'whole of Texas to the Rio Grande,' any *more* 'clear and unquestionable,' than was our claim to Oregon, up to 54 40?"

Give the friends of Mr Polk *no better* opportunity to arraign Mr Clay, than the whigs now have to arraign Mr Polk and it would take "oceans of ink" to satisfy the people he deserved arraigning. Whether the claim of the United States to the whole of Texas to the Rio Grande is or is not more unquestionable than our claim to Oregon to 54° 40' is a matter of no moment so far as concerns the action of our government with these two nations. England did not refuse to settle, but finally proposed and settled upon terms substantially that she had several times refused; while Mexico cut off all honorable negotiation and attempt at settlement by rejecting Mr Slidell, after having agreed to receive him, and fairly drove our government into the just, though severe course it has pursued.

NEW DAILY PAPER. We have received the first number of a democratic penny paper—"*The Daily Sentinel*"—published in Providence, R. I., by Milliard Webster & Co. It is quite ably edited—the articles being sharp, logical and entertaining. It announces a gratifying fact in relation to the mechanics of that city. The Sentinel says—"The ten hour system has been generally adopted by the mechanics of our city, and without any very great opposition. In a city where wealth has had so great a control of labor this is somewhat surprising, but none the less gratifying on that account." Somewhat ahead of Lowell, indeed, where, so far as our knowledge extends, the ten hour system is exclusively confined to Printers.

SUDDEN DEATH OF THREE SISTERS. The Cincinnati Commercial states that, on Thursday last, one of the Misses McCue, living in 7th street, between Sycamore and Broadway, went to market, returned home and died, as is supposed from the effects of the heat, soon after. On Friday, the second sister died in the same manner, after returning from the funeral.—On Saturday the third sister died in the carriage while attending the funeral of the second sister. The mother of the three young ladies was then taken sick in the carriage and returned home. These young ladies were all in apparent health to the time of their death. They were tailoresses and mantuamakers.

☞ The New York Globe learns that the Cincinnatians have got a very pretty *crim. con.* case. Mrs Pike was absent, and Mr Pike took in a Mrs Donalson to supply her place. Mrs Pike unexpectedly returned about midnight—found no room for herself—applied to the police, and the guilty ones were locked up in separate cells. Mr Pike was right, and the police wrong. He did not run away with Mrs Donalson, consequently he cannot be accused of stealing her clothes; consequently he committed no crime; consequently he should not have been locked up, and should sue the watchman for false imprisonment. A runaway match between a young and interesting couple came off the same day.

☞ We have received, through the mail, the first number of a very beautifully printed, and ably edited magazine, called "The Talisman and illustrated Odd-Fellows' Magazine." It is published at Philadelphia and Washington, by Theophilus Fisk, former editor of the United States Journal. The terms are quite low, being one dollar per annum—fifty cents for a volumn of six months.

☞ Both Houses of Congress have voted to adjourn on the 10th of August.

ROBBERIES IN CANADA. It appears by the Toronto Colonist, "that some thieves belonging to a notorious band of robbers, known as the 'Markham Gang,' have been arrested, tried and convicted, and that their arrest is likely to lead to the incarceration of others, and possibly to the breaking up of the gang. The existence of this horde of robbers was at first discovered in the township which has given its name to the combination, but it is ascertained that their operations extend through the entire province, from the townships of Lower Canada in the east, to the state of Michigan in the west, with branches in the states of Vermont, New York, Illinois and Iowa. The magistrates and other officers in the sphere of their operations, have been completely intimidated, so that it is difficult to get them to perform their duty against the gang. A singularity of this association is, that the parties to it are all apparently in fair circumstances, and in a condition of life that divests them of the plea of necessity for crimes. Some of them are the owners of farms; many of them are the sons of freeholders, strong, able-bodied, well dressed young men; some are tavern keepers; some are owners or lessees of saw mills; and all of them are in a condition of life to be able to earn an honest livelihood. Why persons in such a condition of life should resort to crime is difficult to conceive."

MURDER FROM JEALOUSY. A travelling magnetizer by the name of Spencer, on the 16th inst., was arrested in Jersey City for ill treatment of his wife. He pretended to the officer to have some communication to make to his wife to go and see her, when he drew a pistol from his pocket and shot her dead. They had been married about a year. He was immediately arrested. The True Sun gives as the cause of the murder, jealoony on the part of the husband together with the refusal of his mother-in-law (with whom the lady resided) to permit him to visit her at the house, he taking it as a confirmation that she did not wish to see him; and as she had no visible means of support he was induced to believe that the man of whom he was jealous supported her. The lady, whose name was Dobbin before marriage, was twenty-four years of age, and is said to have been very bountiful and interesting. It is said also, that her murderer was her fourth husband. He was examined and committed to await his trial.

FREE TRADE. Some alarm is manifested in the English papers, at the success of rival manufactures under the proposed free trade system. The Liverpool Mail is afraid of the competition of foreign manufactures—of cotton, woollen and linen manufactures—not only abroad, but at home. Large importations are now disposed of under the ad valorem duty of from 10 to 20 per cent. It asks, "how much more may be expected to come when these articles are entirely free of duty? If the Germans can undersell us in broadcloths in America, may we not expect them to expo successfully with us in our own market? The Americans are already supplying our markets with boots and shoes, much cheaper than the French article."

LEXINGTON RAILROAD. The last road as far as West Cambridge, as we learn from the Boston Bee of Monday, was laid on Friday afternoon, and it is expected that the cars will commence running to and from that town to-day, and to Lexington on the first of August. The rails are of a peculiar pattern; not flat, but oval on the surface, which is considered an improvement. The Fitchburg company rent the road for four per cent. interest on its cost, dividing all profits over six per cent with the Lexington Company. Residences in West Cambridge and Lexington are now in great demand.

NEW MUSIC. We are indebted to Mr I. N. Metcalf for three sheets of new music.

O give me back my Childhood's Home, a ballad.—Music by I. N. Metcalf.

Woodland Waltz—composed by I. N. Metcalf—*Schouler's Quick Step*—composed and respectfully dedicated to Col. Wm. Schouler, by Dr. J. C. Bartlett. We have not a doubt but that the music is most excellent: first, from the reputation of the composers, and second because it looks to us like all other musical compositions.

STRANGE ACCIDENT. "A lad in Milton, New Jersey was grinding his scythe at a water stone, when taking up the scythe to examine the edge, the stone in its revolutions, it is supposed, struck his elbow which threw the scythe against his throat, inflicting a ghastly wound, and severing the jugular vein. His father ran to his assistance and endeavored to staunch the blood—but all in vain, the unfortunate boy survived but a few moments."

☞ We learn by the True Sun that "The Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F., of Louisiana and its quarterly meeting in April last, passed some very stringent laws on the subject of duelling. It forbids any of its members, under penalty of *expulsion* from the order, to act as principle, second, or in any way assisting in a duel, either with a citizen of that or any other State or country."

☞ Mr. Andrew Westlake, of Canton, Stark co., Ohio, won rahhad of one thousand and fifty dollars, on the evening of the third inst., between Warrenton and the District of Columbia, by three men. He states, says the Charleston, (Va.) Free Press that they made the attack from behind; he was dragged from his horse, seized by the throat, and while one abstracted the money, the others kept him gagged.

☞ The Courier's correspondent X says intemperance is on the increase in Lowell, and calls on the rumsellers to come out and *defend* themselves or abandon the practice of rumselling.

We thought they had been *defencing* themselves for the last dozen years in every court in the commonwealth.

KILLED. Yesterday morning, Mr. J. B. Winslow, of South Boston, was instantly killed while at work on the new Canal in this city—being ran along side of Pawtucket falls—by the breaking of the machine with which stones are hoisted. Mr Winslow had that morning commenced work. He leaves a large family to mourn his death.

☞ Two ignorant persons fell into a dispute about the native place of Jonah, who, as the clergymen told them in his text, or at least they understood him, once *swallowed a whale*. "I tell you," said one with great earnestness, "this Jonah was no Boston man; he was a Newfoundlander—a devil of a fellow for fish.

☞ The last four or five days have been very bad for hay-making.

Finances of the United States.

The following interesting document was on Monday, 13th inst., transmitted to the Senate of the United States, by the Secretary of the Treasury:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
July 13, 1846.

Sir—Herewith is respectfully submitted an answer to so much of the resolution of the Senate of the 29th of June last, as requires "a statement of the revenue received from the customs for the three first quarters of the present year, and the amount expected from that source for the fourth quarter."

It will be perceived that whilst in the first quarter of the fiscal year terminating on June 30th, 1846, there was a loss of $2,011,785 90, as compared with the corresponding quarter of the preceding year; and whilst the revenue received during the two months of the succeeding quarter, to the date of my annual report of December last, very nearly corresponded with the amount received during the same period of the same quarter of the preceding year, the amount received during the two last quarters of the fiscal year terminating on the 30th of June, 1846, exceeded that received during the two corresponding quarters of the preceding year $1,040,000.

That is, whilst during the first 5 months of the fiscal year terminating on the 30th of June, 1846, which had elapsed at the date of my annual report of December last, there was a diminution of the revenue from customs, as compared with the first five months of the preceding fiscal year of nearly two millions of dollars; yet, in the seven last months of the fiscal year terminating on the 30th of June, 1846, there was an increase of the revenue, compared with the corresponding seven months of the preceding year, of about $1,040,000; thus raising the aggregate revenue of the year ending the 30th of June, 1846, to $26,581,915 42. Whereas, if the decrease of revenue for the last seven months of that year had corresponded in the same ratio with the first five months, it would have reduced the revenue for the fiscal year terminating on the 30th of June, 1846, to about $23,500,000, instead of $24,500,000, as estimated by this department in December last.

The receipts from customs for the fiscal year terminating on the 30th of June, 1845, and for the first three quarters of the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June, 1846, are given from the official returns for moneys actually paid into the treasury.

The official returns for moneys actually paid into the treasury for the last quarter of the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June, 1846, are not quite fully completed, but can only vary in a very small sum from the amount given in the estimate of $6,210,000.

It will be perceived that the receipts into the treasury from customs, for the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June, 1846, are less than the receipts for the fiscal year preceding, by the sum of $846,187 28.

The remainder of the information called for is in the course of preparation, and will, in a few days, be communicated to the Senate.

Most respectfully,
your obedient servant,
R. J. WALKER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To Hon. GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Receipts from the Customs for the fiscal years ending the 30th June, 1845, and 1846.

Quarter ending 30th Sept., 1844,	$10,873,718 04
Do do do 1845,	8,861,932 14
Excess in 1844,	$2,011,785 90
Quarter ending 31st Dec. 1844,	$4,067,445 15
Do do do 1845,	4,192,790 77
Excess in 1845,	$125,345 62
Quarter ending 31st March, 1845,	$6,385,558 83
Do do do 1846,	7,357,192 51
Excess in 1846,	$971,633 68
Quarter ending 30th June, 1845,	$6,210,390 68
Do do do 1846, ascertained and estimated,	6,270,000 00
Excess in 1846,	$68,609 32
Quarter ending 30th Sept. 1844,	$10,873,718 04
Do 31st Dec. 1844,	4,067,445 15
Do 31st March, 1845,	6,385,558 83
Do 30th June, 1845,	6,210,390 68
	$27,528,112 70
Quarter ending 30th Sept., 1845,	$8,861,932 14
Do 31st Dec., 1845,	4,192,790 77
Do 31st March, 1846,	7,357,192 51
Do 30th June, 1846,	6,270,000 00
	$26,681,915 42
1844 and 1845,	$27,528,112 70
1845 and 1846,	26,681,915 42
Excess in 1844 and 1845,	$846,197 28

☞ When an editor as callow as that of the Courier speaks disrespectfully of a gentleman as far advanced as the editor of the Union, it becomes pretty evident that there has been a woful maternal delinquency as to certain wholesome manual applications near the lower extremity of the spinal column.

☞ By reference to Capt. Collum's advertisement for a volunteer company of sappers, miners and pontoniers, it will be seen that enterprising young men are presented an opportunity for distinguishing themselves, serving their country, and at the same time receiving a reasonable compensation for their services.

GREEN CORN. We found in our *sanctum* this morning, a dozen well filled ears of green corn, raised by Roderic Bailey, Esq, West Andover. This is the first that has been in this market, or that we have seen this season. Who has any as early?

☞ A bill has been reported in Congress by Mr. Thomasson of Kentucky, proposing a uniform Newspapers and Letter Postage, one cent for newspapers and five cents for letters. It is not likely that any alteration will be made in the present postage bill this session.

BABIES. "A baby," says Tupper, "is a link between angels and men." Just what we think, says a New York editor, when one cries at a concert or interrupts our interest in a particular portion of a tragedy.

☞ The political tinkers of the whig party are endeavoring to attach the Liberty Party to their own by a bountiful application of 'soft solder.' Quite a change since the last Presidential election.

HERRESS FOUND. The lady, for whom the papers have been enquiring of late, entitled to a fortune by the death of Alexander Grant, Inverness, Scotland, has been discovered in Chicago. She is the wife of Mr Ezra Gregory, a portrait painter.

☞ The high pressure steamer Potomac from Galvestown to the Rio Grande is a total wreck, six miles from the falls of St. Louis. She had 1000 bushels of coal on board and some freight.

☞ Preparations are making in Baltimore for the funeral of Major Ringgold, his body being expected to arrive there in the course of about two weeks.

☞ The U. S. Senate have adopted the resolution of Mr. Lewis, requiring that body to meet at 10 o'clock except Saturdays.

☞ George Clark has completed his undertaking of walking 1500 miles in 1000 successive hours at Norwich.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

☞ No news of importance unless the paragraph headed "*Female Heroism*" below be considered as such.

☞ The passage of the Tariff bill in the Senate as reported from the House is considerd certain.

☞ The gossiping Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser thinks the war with Mexico is to be speedily terminated.

From the Detroit Daily Advertiser,

FEMALE HEROISM. On Friday morning the 10th of July, between the hours of 1 and 2, about forty ladies of the village of Utica, Michigan, secretly assembled, proceeded to a bowling alley, armed with axes, hatchets, hammers, &c., and completely demolished it. They had viewed this insidious foe to their domestic peace for some time, with anxious and jealous eye; and having waited in vain for some legal proceeding against it, determined for once to take the law into their own hands.

They went at it with much spirit and energy, hacked the bed of the alley—tore down the walls—razed the roof to the ground, and finished with trampling upon and breaking to pieces the roof. The building was 80 feet long, and this work of destruction was accomplished in a little less than an hour!

CAPT. LIBBY ACQUITTED. At eight o'clock yesterday morning, the U. S. Circuit Court convened and Judge Woodbury commenced his charge to the Jury on the case of Capt. Libby, arraigned for the capital offence of being concerned in slave dealing on the coast of Africa. The Judge occupied an hour and a half in his charge—and was clear, explicit, and instructive in all his expositions of the law and of the matters in the trial of which the jury should be cognizant.

The Court room was crowded with an anxious auditory, who waited upon his words with marked attention, to the close. The case, being one of life and liberty, or death, to Capt. L., it was invested with unusual interest, and has created no little excitement in our community.

After being out about an hour, the jury returned a verdict of *not guilty*. The defendant is retained on another indictment, charging him with misdemeanor, connected with slave dealing on the African coast, and the Court will proceed to trial on that at once.—*Eastern Argus.*

BRUTAL AND BLOODY AFFRAY.—The Maysville Eagle of Saturday, the 11th inst., says:—

"A gentleman from Pendleton county informs us that, on the 25th ult., a man named Isaac Hawkins, who had a wife and two children, committed a rape on a young girl of from 12 to 14 years of age, named Elizabeth Miller, on the road leading from Falmouth to Williamstown. A warrant was issued on the same day for the apprehension of Hawkins, and placed in the hands of H. M. Lowe, a constable of Peadleton Co.—Lowe, in company with another individual, repaired to the house of Hawkins, where he found him in the act of leaving. He informed Hawkins that he had a writ for his apprehension. Hawkins drew a dirk from his bosom, with a view, it is supposed, of intimidating Lowe, and then attempted to make his escape. Lowe called to him three times successively to stop, to which Hawkins paid no attention. Lowe then raised his gun and shot, the bullet taking effect in the right side, between the second and third ribs. Hawkins, after suffering much pain, died on the afternoon of the 27th.—A great deal of sympathy was felt for the wife and children of Hawkins, but none appeared to regret the fate of Hawkins himself."

COOL FORETHOUGHT. Our readers may recollect that a few days since we chronicled an accident by which three Irishman were hurt, part of the wall of a building in Mount Vernon street which they were engaged in pulling down, falling upon them. A friend who was passing at the time tells us that a lady from the opposite side of the street, rushed out, calling to those who were rescuing the poor fellows, said—"Bring them in here. Bring them in here. I have everything ready. I have been expecting this all day." The men were carried into her house, and true enough, she had "*everything ready*," bandages, lint, laudanum and all. If this be not an instance of *cool forethought*, we know not what is.—*Transcript.*

PATRIOTIC PRINTERS. Capt Bodwell is raising a company of Volunteers for Texas, in this town.—Among the names we noticed seven professors of the typographic art. They'll all STICK.—*Manchester Messenger*

The American-born shall rule America!—*Native Eagle.*

Certainly—so they do. The moment a man is naturalized, he is born again.—*N. Y. News.*

☞ "He who forgets the fountain from which he drank, and the tree under whose shade he gamboled in the days of his youth, is a stranger to the sweetest impressions of the human heart."

☞ A woman, it was reported, died or was murdered in Southac street yesterday afternoon or last evening. A Coroner's inquest was to sit on the case.—*Boston Times.*

SUDDEN DEATH. An aged lady in Woodville (Hopkinton) was found dead in her bed on Sunday morning last. Her name was Greenwood, and her age was 84. She was as well as usual on retiring to bed.—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ We are told that the body of a man supposed to have been dead several months, was on Saturday, found in the woods at Medford.—*Mail.*

☞ It is said Capt. Walker declines the appointment in the new regiment of mounted riflemen.

☞ We have received from Hon. Amos Abbott a copy of Mr Winthrop's speech on the tariff.

☞ A plurality low, for choice of members of congress, has passed the senate of Maine.

☞ Mr Charles Parmley, of Connecticut was drowned at Savannah on Saturday night, 11th inst.

☞ Ex-President Tyler's young wife presented her husband with a boy on the 12th inst.

☞ What was Joan of Arc made of? She was *maid of Orleans.*—*N. O. Picayune.*

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY. RUFUS PORTER, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heavy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c.; and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instruction* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building out-houses, draining, raising stock, &c.

☞ Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar in Advance.* Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

I. O. of O. F.

BANNER PRESENTATION.—The Ladies of Lowell will present to Lowell Lodge, No. 95, I. O. O. F., a splendid banner on TUESDAY Evening, July 21st, at Mechanic's Hall.

After the presentation of the banner a collation will be served. BUND'S LOWELL BRASS BAND has been engaged for the occasion. Brothers of the order and the public generally are invited to attend.

Tickets to the presentation and collation **25 Cents.** To be had of the Committee of Arrangements and at the door.

WM. H. CLEMENCE,
H. J. BAXTER,
C. S. EASTMAN,
GILBERT FERRIN,
J. A. SAWTELL.
Committee of Arrang'm'ts

Lowell, July 16, 1846. 3t

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. jc94m

ANOTHER VOICE FROM MAINE!

Waldoboro', Me., July 30, 1845.

Dear Sir—Having experienced great benefit from your invaluable medicine, I feel it my duty and privilege to let the world know what it has done for me.—Possessed of a strong constitution naturally, I had enjoyed perfect health previous to the spring of 1843, when I was troubled with a difficulty in my left side, attended with considerable pain. Sometime in July I was violently attacked with a cough, which continued until fall; then I was confined to the house eight months, during which time my cough was very severe. I frequently had spells of coughing which lasted two hours; daily raised large quantities of disagreeable matter, accompanied with blood. Sometimes I raised a quart of blood at a time. I consulted three physicians, all of whom did their best to restore me; gave me up; said they could do no more for me; I must die; it was impossible for me to live but a short time. One of them said my lungs were gone. At this critical moment, when eminent physicians had exhausted their skill, friends despaired of my life, my own hopes of recovery at an end, I resorted to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. When I had taken one and a half bottles those severe spells of coughing were removed. I continued taking the Balsam until Spring, 1844, when I ceased to bleed at the lungs, my health and strength improved so that I left the house, but was not able to work for a year. Now my health is good. I am able to do a day's work every day on my farm.

JAMES COMERY.

Witness, THOMAS BENNER.

For particulars see Dr Wistar's treatise on Consumption, to be had of the Agents.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&papr14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&R6nclm

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which affected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Piscataquis, June 12th, 1845.

Dear Sir—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞ BOOTH'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfadvma28

MARRIED.

In East Cambridge, July 18th, Mr Francis Houghton to Miss Martha R., daughter of Mr Josiah Oakes; Mr. R. M. Devens to Miss Catherine V Oakes.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending July 16, 1846.

July 12, Lucius Smith, 21 days, infantile; Mary Myrtland, 67 yrs, mortification; Clarinda C. Fox, 2 yrs., smallpox; 13th, Mary Jane Sioith, 25 yrs, consumption; 14th, Hugh Blair, 77, chronic diarrhœa; Ezra Fugness, 31, typhoid fever; James Daley, 3, measles; 15th, Thomas Dowd, 7 mos, cholera infantum; Rebecca Dixon, 45 yrs, apoplexy; John Smith, 36, killed by a fall; John F. Monahan, 2 mos, cholera infantum; James Cleary, 9 mos, bowel complaint; daughter of Daniel Bradt, 14 days, infantile; son of Joel Powers, 2 days, infantile; 17th, Elizabaria Abbott, 24 years, dysentery; Ruth Case, 49 yrs, consumption; Philanda Mc Gould, 2 mos 19 days, marasmus; 18th, George A. Lamb, 8 yrs, typhus fever; Frank Pushea, 2 mos, cholera infantum; George Greenleaf, 2 mos, infantile; Mary Sheehan, 1 yr, scarlet fever; Catharine Daley, 1 yr 7 mos, ——.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, July 17th, Mrs Ruth Case, 49. [Papers in New Hampshire please copy.]

In Acton, July 17th, Miss Sarah H. Adams, of Boston, 30.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 21st, 1846.

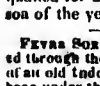
NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ISAAC SEABURY, jr, of Lowell, in said County, carrier, an insolvant debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Seabury will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the first day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Seabury, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
jy21 a3t

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*



The fine fast sailing packet Schooner POTOMAC, *Berry*, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy20

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞Please call. jy18a1m

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed* and *crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pd~c16

ENGINEER RECRUITS.

A Law has been passed authorizing the formation of a Corps of SAPPERS, MINERS and PONTONIERS, or ENGINEER SOLDIERS. The Company will consist of *One Hundred Men*, viz: 10 Sergeants, or Master Workmen; 10 Corporals, or Overseers; 2 Musicians; 39 Privates of the first class, or Artificers; and 39 Privates of the second class.

Young men, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, who are citizens of the United States, of good character, and have a common school education, will be enlisted. Mechanics, such as Masons, Stone-Cutters, Quarrymen, Carpenters, Wheelwrights, Boat-Builders, Riggers, Blacksmiths, Saddlers, &c.; or Seamen and Lumbermen expert in the use of Boats and rafts—are especially wanted; though other intelligent mechanics and active young farmers will be accepted.

The pay is very liberal, being $30 per month for Sergeants; $16 for Corporals; $13 for Artificers; and $9 for the second class Privates. In addition to their monthly pay, all receive ample subsistence, an abundant supply of clothing, fuel, and quarters, besides the best medical attendance when sick. All recruits will be enlisted as privates of the second class, promotion to the higher grades being dependent upon their own merits, which will be determined immediately after the organization of the corps.

In peace, these troops will be stationed at West Point, where they will be taught much that will be very useful to them afterwards, either in prosecuting their several trades, or in making them competent master-workmen or overseers of public or private works. In war they have great opportunities for distinction, as they are always at the post of honor with the advance guard, preparing the way for every forward movement of the army; or with the rear-guard, when in retreat; erecting obstacles to check the enemy's pursuit.

The term of enlistment is five years. Applicants, *under the age of* 21, must bring the written consent of their fathers or guardians certifying that they have full permission to enlist as Engineer Soldiers in the United States Army, for the period of five years, and to accept such pay and allowances as are, or may be, established by law. The certificate must also state the true age of the applicant.

☞The subscriber will be found on TUESDAY, the 28th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the *Merrimack House*, in Lowell, where persons wishing to enlist must make their application, as this will be the only opportunity afforded them, it being designed to close the enlistments within the present month.

GEO. W. CULLUM,
Capt. U. S. Engineers,
Recruiting Officer.
jy18a1jy28

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. **No. 26, Cornhill, London.**

CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 06	$2295
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 53	1967
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	826 00	370 45	55 76	1760
			1840	681 86	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1136

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phemphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and vicinity.
dac18a1Tn&Sfrew1y

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 58, Central St. je8atf

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ak2piymar5

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomely done. je30tf

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS HOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 130, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or course BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons, together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavine, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., north N. Tower. may14a&r1y



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
No. 1 Commercial Square.
jy18atf

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS,

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMER'AL WHARF. *With Immediate Dispatch.*

Goes up to the city without lightering:

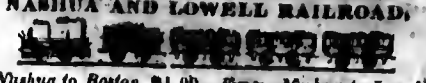


The fine sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. jo18

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.—Notes of good Banks in the State of New York, taken without discount at the "Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post Office.

Broken Bank Notes of the above State bought at N. York rates. ajy9

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st, 1845, the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First trains at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellowa Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Merodith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tjan31

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convoy passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11, A. M.—1¼, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Lenvee Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

[illegible] 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent.
moy9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cottoen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		65
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and healthy of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&Ptaug1

SITUATION WANTED,

BY A YOUNG MAN, in a grocery or hardware store. He can produce the best of recommendation from his last employer; he will engage for a small salary in a permanent situation. Apply to this office! je30a2w

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, *Commercial Square.*—

Peremptory Sale of Piano Fortes.

On FRIDAY next, July 24th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at chamber over Sales Room—2 Elegant New Piano Fortes, one of which is in Rich Rosewood case, with sliding desk; Iron Frame Harp Pedal and Patent Action, in every respect a first rate instrument.

The other is in Rich Branch Black Walnut case with Harp Pedal and all the modern improvements. For richness of Tone and Power, these instruments are not surpassed by any ever sold in this market. They may be seen on Wednesday and Thursday.

The public are respectfully invited to examine the instruments. Sale positive to reimburse advances.

On WEDNESDAY next, July 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.

2 Cottage Houses with 2600 square feet Land; pleasantly situated on Merrill's Court, Chapel Hill. Said Houses are in complete repair and conveniently arranged for and occupied by 4 families. One house consisting of 3 Tenements and the other 1, to be sold seperate or together as the company may desire. Terms at Sale.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from 25.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Handle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, In all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
Agent for Manufacturers.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods at Auction.

TO-MORROW, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at office,—A stock of the above Goods, (without reserve,) as the owner is about leaving the city, in part as follows:—Florence and other Bonnets; A great variety of Bonnet Ribbons, Laces, Fancy Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Braids, several thousand Wartin's Needles, Pins, Pearl Buttons, Sewing Silk, Tapes, Silk Fringe and Cords, Fancy Boxes, and numerous other articles, which together cost about $500. *Also*, at the same, a general assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods, to pay advances. jy21

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at public Auction on WEDNESDAY, July 22d inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises:—2 Lots of Land situated on Fayette Street, being the first vacant lots on the left from Washington st. Said Lots front 29½ feet, containing about 3600 sq. ft. each.

Also, 2 other Lots situated on High street, adjoining the above described lots. These Lots front 37½ feet, containing about 4100 square feet each.

These lots are very pleasantly situated and are desirable for building Houses or Stores; as an investment this affords a rare chance, they being situated in a part of the city which is increasing rapidly in value. Terms at sale.

Per order of Executor.

A plan of the premises may be seen by calling on E. B. PATCH, Auct'r. jy14

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlyma9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabe, Pearl Drabe, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

A650—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH,
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and otherwise regularity in all cases of female irregularity, surpression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably solid, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th,

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has aroused against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and decoptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs: scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteric, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, Post-paid, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rate*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Moesy proved for show,
Like east eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarentee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous diseases, for want of a little resolution or reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

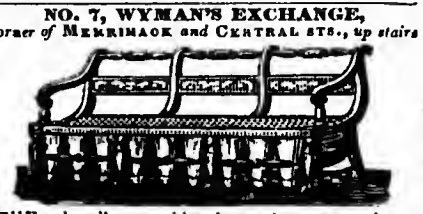
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22.

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance or cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leave Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrive at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 73 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Heetic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preferences to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in Nowas where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&parly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Metz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the care entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvonic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRESOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 79 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fall; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in dose prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutery manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Deer Sir,—My daughter has been for more then two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituente, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6m dec29

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and Geuenal Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied that money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 86.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance; or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square; No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 22, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—2t, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
apt2

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2taly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds
jan8 Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
aif nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
96 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, near of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, in Corner's Block, Central Street.
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. BINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged a the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty* mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfspr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly apr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the germ of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people came to see me; and some have taken it on the strength of it after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&ptyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Ailison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ptynov3

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tnwa&plyjan13

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mulloguny and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not; or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14A&rly

Endurance.

BY ROBERT JOSSELYN.

'Tis bitter to endure the wrong
Which evil hands and tongues commit,
The bold encroachment of the strong,
The shafts of calumny and wit;
The scornful bearing of the proud,
The sneers and laughter of the crowd.

And harder still it is to bear
The censure of the good and wise,
Who, ignorant of what ye are,
Or blinded by the slanderer's lies,
Look coldly on, or pass you by
In silence, with averted eye.

But, when the friends, in whom your trust
Was steadfast as the mountain rock,
Fly, and are scattered like the dust,
Before misfortune's whirlwind shock;
Nor love remains to cheer your fall:
This is more terrible than all.

But eyes this and these, ay, more,
Can be endured and hope survive;
The noble spirit still may soar,
Although the body fails to thrive;
Disease and want may wear the frame—
Thank God! the soul is still the same.

Hold up your head, then, man of grief,
Nor longer to the tempest bend;
For soon or late must come relief,
The coldest, darkest night will end;
Hope in the true heart never dies!
Trust on—the day-star yet shall rise.

Conscious of purity and worth,
You may with calm assurance wait
The tardy recompense of earth;
And e'en should justice come too late
To soothe the spirit's onward flight,
Still, Heaven, at last, the wrong shall right.

THE TWO WIDOWS.

BY NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

The following story, the simple and domestic incidents of which may be deemed scarcely worth relating, after such a lapse of time, awakened some degree of interest a hundred years ago, in a principal seaport of the Bay Province. The rainy twilight of an autumn day; a parlor on the second floor of a small house, plainly furnished, as beseemed the middling circumstances of its inhabitants, yet decorated with little curiosities from beyond the sea, and a few delicate specimens of Indian manufacture—these are the only particulars to be premised in regard to scene and season. Two young and comely women sat together by the fire-side, nursing their mutual and peculiar sorrows. They were the recent brides of two brothers, a sailor and a landsman, and two successive days had brought tidings of the death of each, by the chances of Canadian warfare, and the tempestuous Atlantic. The universal sympathy excited by this bereavement, drew numerous condoling guests to the habitation of the widowed sisters. Several, among whom was the minister, had remained till the verge of evening; when one by one whispering many comfortable passages from [illegible] were answered by more abundant tears, they took their leave and departed to their own happier homes. The mourners, though not insensible to the kindness of their friends, had yearned to be left alone. United, as they had been by the relationship of the living, and now more closely so by that of the dead, each felt as if whatever consolation her grief admitted, was to be found in the bosom of the other, they joined their hearts and wept together silently. But after an hour of such indulgence, one of the sisters, all of whose emotions were influenced by her mild, yet not feeble character, began to recollect the precepts of resignation and endurance which piety had taught her, when she did not think to need them. Her misfortune, besides, as earliest known, should earliest cease to interfere with her regular course of duties; accordingly, having placed the table before the fire and arranged a frugal meal, she took the hand of her companion.

"Come, dearest sister, you have not eaten a morsel to-day," she said; "arise, I pray you, and let us ask a blessing on that which is provided for us."

Her sister-in law was of a lively and irritable temperament, and the first pang of her sorrow had been expressed by shrieks and passionate lamentations. She now shrunk from Mary's words, like a wounded sufferer from a hand that revives the throb.

"There is no blessing left for me, neither will I ask it," cried Margaret with a fresh burst of tears. "Would that it were His will that I might never taste food more!"

Yet she trembled at these rebellious expressions, almost as soon as they were uttered, and, by degrees, Mary succeeded in bringing her sister's mind nearer to the situation of her own.—Time went on, and their usual hour of repose arrived. The brothers with no more than the slender means which then sanctioned such a step, had confederated themselves in one household with equal rights to the parlor, and claiming exclusive privileges in two sleeping rooms contiguous to it. Thither the widowed ones retired, after heaping ashes on the dying embers of the fire, and placing a lighted lamp upon the hearth. The doors of both chambers were left open so that a part of the interior of each, and the beds with their unclosed curtains, were reciprocally visible. Sleep did not steal upon the sisters at one and the same time. Mary experienced the effect often consequent upon grief quietly borne, and soon sunk into temporary forgetfulness, while Margaret became more and more disturbed and feverish, in proportion as the night advanced with its deepest and stillest hour. She lay listening to the drops of rain that came down in monotonous succession, unswayed by a breath of wind; and a nervous impulse continually caused her to lift her head from the pillow and gaze into Mary's chamber and the intermediate apartment. The cold light of the lamp threw the shadows of the furniture up against the wall, stamping them immovably there, except when they were shaken by a sudden flicker of the flame. Two vacant arm-chairs were in their old positions on opposite side of the hearth, where the brothers were wont to sit in young and laughing dignity, as heads of families; two humbler seats were near them, the true thrones of that little empire where Mary and herself had exercised in love, a power that love had won. The cheerful radiance of the fire had shone upon the happy circle, and the dead glimmer of the lamp might have benefited their re-union. While Margaret groaned in bitterness she heard a knock at the street door.

"How would my heart have leaped at that sound but yesterday!" thought she, remembering the anxiety with which she had long awaited

ed tidings from her husband. "I care not for it now, let them be-gone, for I will not arise."

But even while a sort of childish fretfulness made her thus resolve, she was breathing hurriedly, and straining her ears to catch a repetition of the summons. It is difficult to be convinced of the death of one whom we have deemed another self. The knocking was now renewed in slow and regular strokes, apparently given with the soft end of a doubled fist, and was accompanied by words faintly heard through several thicknesses of wall. Margaret looked to her sister's chamber, and beheld her still lying in the depths of sleep. She arose, placed her foot upon the floor, and silently arrayed herself, trembling between fear and eagerness as she did so.

"Heaven help me!" sighed she, "I have nothing left to fear, and methinks I am ten times more a coward than ever."

Seizing the lamp from the hearth, she hastened to the window that overlooked the street door. It was a lattice, turning upon hinges, and having thrown it back, she stretched her head a little way into the moist atmosphere. A lantern was reddening the front of the house, and melting its light in the neighboring puddles, while a deluge of darkness overwhelmed every other object. As the window grated on its hinges, a man in a broad-brimed hat and blanket-coat, stepped from under the shelter of the projecting story, and looking upward to discover whom his application had drawn ed. Margaret knew him as a friendly innkeeper of the town.

"What would you have, goodman Parker?" cried the widow.

"Lack a-day, is it you, mistress Margaret?" replied the inn-keeper. "I was afraid that it might be your sister Mary; for I hate to see a young woman in trouble, when I hav'nt a word of comfort to whisper her."

"For heaven's sake, what news do you bring?" screamed Margaret.

"Why, there has been an express through the town within this half hour," said goodman Parker, "travelling from the eastern jurisdiction with letters from the Governor and Council.—He tarried at my house to refresh himself with a drop and a morsel, and I asked him what tidings on the frontier. He tells me we had the better in the skirmish you wot of, and that thirteen men reported slain, are well and sound, and your husband among them. Besides, he is appointed of the escort to bring the captured Frenchers and Indians home to the province jail. I judged your wouldn't mind being broke of your rest, and so I stept over to tell you. Good night?"

So saying, the honest man departed, and his lantern gleamed along the street, bringing to view indistinct shapes of things, and the fragments of a world, like order gleaming through chaos, or memory roaming over the past. But Margaret stayed not to watch these picturesque effects. Joy flashed into her heart, and lighted it up at once, and breathless and with winged steps, she flew to the bedside of her sister. She paused, however, at the door of the chamber, while a thought of pain broke in upon her.

"Poor Mary!" said she to herself; "shall I waken her to feel her sorrows sharpened by my happiness? No; I will keep it within my bosom till the morrow."

She approached the bed to discover if Mary's sleep was peaceful. Her face was turned partly inward to the pillow, and had been hidden there to weep; but a look of motionless contentment was now visible upon it, as if her heart, like a deep lake, had sunk down so far within. Happy it is and strange, that the lighter sorrows are those from which dreams are chiefly fabricated. Margaret shrunk from disturbing her sister in-law, and felt as if her own better fortune had rendered her involuntarily unfaithful, and as if altered and diminished affection must be the consequence of the disclosure she had to make.—With a sudden step, she turned away. But joy could not long be suppressed, even by circumstances that would have excited heavy grief at another moment. Her mind was thronged with delightful thoughts, till sleep stole on and transformed them to visions, more delightful and more wild, like the breath of winter (but what a cold comparison!) working fantastic tracery upon a window.

When the night had far advanced, Mary awoke with a sudden start. A vivid dream had lately involved her in its unreal life, of which, however, she could only remember that it had been broken in upon at the most interesting point.—For a little time slumber had hung around her like a morning mist, hindering her from perceiving the distinct outlines of her situation. She listened with imperfect consciousness to two or three volleys of rapid and eager knocking, and first she deemed the noise a matter of course, like the breath she drew; next, it appeared a thing in which she had no concern; and lastly, she became aware that it was a summons necessary to be obeyed. At the same moment, the pang of recollection darted into her mind; the pall of sleep was thrown back from the face of grief; the dim light of the chamber, and the objects therein revealed, had retained all her suspended ideas, and restored them as soon as she unclosed her eyes. Again there was a quick peal upon the street door. Fearing that her sister would also be disturbed, Mary wrapped herself in a cloak and hood, took the lamp from the hearth, and hastened to the window. By some accident it had been unclasped, and yielded easily to her hand.

"Who's there?" asked Mary, trembling as she looked forth.

The storm was over, and the moon was up; it shone upon the broken clouds above, and below upon houses black with moisture, and upon little lakes of the fallen rain, curling into silver beneath the quick enchantment of a breeze. A young man in sailor's dress, wet as if he had just come out of the depths of the sea, stood alone under the window. Mary recognized him as one whose livelihood was gained by short voyages along the coast; nor did she forget, that previous to her marriage, he had been an unsuccessful wooer of her own.

"What do you seek here, Stephen?" said she.

"Cheer up, Mary, for I seek to comfort you," answered the rejected lover. "You must know I got home not ten minutes ago, and the first thing my good mother told was the news about your husband. So, without saying a word to the old woman, I clapped on my hat, and ran out of the house. I couldn't have slept a wink without speaking to you, Mary, for the sake of old times."

"Stephen, I thought better of you!" exclaimed the widow, with gushing tears, and preparing to close the lattice; for she was no whit inclined to imitate the first wife of Zadig.

"But stop, and hear my story out," cried the young sailor. "I tell you we spoke a brig yesterday afternoon, bound in from old England.—And who do you think I saw standing on deck, well and hearty, only a little thinner than he was five months ago?"

Mary leaned from the window, but could not speak.

"Why, it was your husband himself," continued the generous seaman. "He and three others saved themselves on a spar when the 'Blessing' turned bottom upwards. The brig will beat into bay by day-light with the wind, and you'll see him to-morrow. There's the comfort I bring you, Mary, and so good night."

He hurried away, while Mary watched him with a doubt of waking reality, that seemed stronger or weaker as he alternately entered the shade of the houses, or emerged into the broad streaks of moonlight. Gradually, however, a blessed flood of conviction swelled into her heart, in strength enough to overwhelm her, had its increase been more abrupt. Her first impulse was to arouse her sister in-law, and communicate the new-born gladness. She opened the chamber door, which had been closed in the course of the night, though not latched, advanced to the bedside, and was about to lay her hand upon the slumberer's shoulder. But then she remembered that Margaret would wake to thoughts of death and woe, rendered not the less bitter by their contrast with her own felicity.

She suffered the rays of the lamp to fall upon the unconscious form of the bereaved one.—Margaret lay in unquiet sleep, and the drapery was displaced around her, her young cheek was rosy-tinted, and her lips half open in a vivid smile; an expression of joy, debarred its passage by her sealed eyelids, struggled forth like incense from the whole countenance.

"My poor sister you will wake to soon from that happy dream!" thought Mary.

Before retiring, she set down the lamp and endeavored to arrange the bedclothes, so that the chill air might not do harm to the feverish slumberer. But her hand trembled against Margaret's neck, a tear also fell upon her cheek, and she suddenly awoke.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Foreign News.

The news brought by the last steamer, from Liverpool, that is most immediately interesting to Americans, is that concerning Mexican affairs, the Oregon question and the passage of the Corn Law bill. The defeat of the Irish Coersion bill, will give joy to every son of the Emerald Isle in this country, though here he would be beyond the reach of its operation.

The settlement of the Oregon question, judging from the tone of the English papers, has given universal satisfaction; but it is not a little remarkable that, after having thrice refused to settle upon terms to which they have finally acceded, and acceded too, by first so humbling themselves as to crave the privilege of taking what, in their pride, haughtiness, and conscious greatness and power, they had disdainfully rejected, they should be so overjoyed. Either we do not fully appreciate our own power or the English must vastly overrate it. When the British minister refused 49°, and Mr Polk withdrew the offer, and the whole country [illegible] Webster said "England must not expect one inch of territory south of 49," who expected England would doff her plumes rather than meet the alternative presented. But such is the fact. There seems however, to be a misapprehension as to the terms of the treaty, regarding the mutual navigation of the Columbia.—The English papers claim that it is to be forever, while it is here understood to be for a term of years. As the treaty has not been made public, we can only express an opinion upon it, and that is, that it is for a term of years.

Sir Robert Peel, on the breaking out of hostilities, offered the mediatory services of Great Britain for the settlement of the difficulties between this country and Mexico. Our views have already been expressed as to the propriety of tolerating British, and we may add, any other foreign interference, in the affairs of this country. That England is jealous and somewhat alarmed at our power, her settlement of the Oregon question proves. Should she become arbitrator of our Mexican difficulties, she would be very cautious that we become no more formidable by any accession from Mexico.

With the passage of the English Corn bill and the new American Tariff, commences a new era in the commercial policy of nations. All nations must follow in the abandonment of the restrictive policy or their commerce is driven from the ocean—their ships must idly rot in their docks, and England and America—the great rivals—and nations following their policy, will command the commerce of the world. And by the abandonment of commercial restrictions, and monopoly protection, English landlords and American lords of the spindle, will no longer enjoy the privilege of robbing the people—the one by a tax on their food, the other by a tax on their raiment.

In our regular report of the foreign news we omitted to give the members of the new British government, and therefore give them now.

Lord John Russell, of course, is the new Prime Minister. The following is the list of

THE CABINET.

Lord Chancellor	Lord Cottenham.
President of the Council	Marquis of Lansdowne.
Lord Privy Seal	Earl of Minto.
Sec'y for Home Department	Sir George Grey.
Sec'y for Foreign Department	Viscount Palmerston.
Secretary for Colonies	Earl Grey.
First Lord of Treasury	Lord John Russell.
Chancellor of Exchequer	Mr Charles Wood.
Chan. of Duchy of Lancaster	Lord Campbell.
Paymaster General	Mr Macaulay.
Woods and Forests	Viscount Morpeth.
Postmaster General	Marquis of Clanricarde.
Board of Trade	Earl of Clarendon.
Board of Control	Sir John Hobhouse.
Chief Secretary for Ireland	Mr Labouchere.
Admiralty	Earl of Ancland.

NOT OF THE CABINET.

Master of Mint	Right Hon. R. S. Shell.
Secretary at War	Hon. Fox Maulu.
Attorney General	Sir Thomas Wildu.
Lord Advocate	Mr A. Rutherford.
Solicitor Gen't for Scotland	Mr T. Maitland.
Lord Lieutenant for Ireland	Earl of Besborough.
Commander-in-Chief	Duke of Wullington.
Master General of Ordnance	Marquis of Anglesey.

☞ Hon. Hezekiah Willard was confirmed in the U. S. Senate, as collector of the port of Providence, R. I., on Friday last.

THE TREMONT VOCALISTS contemplate giving a concert in Boston for the benefit of the sufferers by the Nantucket fire.

Public Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of Lowell, held at the City Hall, on Tuesday evening, to take measures to raise funds to aid the sufferers by the late fire at Nantucket, the mayor was called to the Chair and E. B. Patch chosen secretary.

A letter addressed to the mayor and signed by the Selectmen of Nantucket, was then read, stating their necessity and asking aid.

The meeting was addressed by the Rev. Mr Barnaby, of Nantucket, Hon. Linus Child, Dr. Dana, and several other gentlemen.

On motion of Dr. Dana, it was voted, That the clergymen of Lowell be requested to take up contributions in aid of the sufferers at Nantucket in their several societies next Sabbath.

Voted, That a committee of three from each Ward be raised to solicit contributions, in such a manner as they deem proper.

Voted, That the committee be nominated by the Chairman. The following persons were selected:

Ward 1. George Bragdon, George Motley, Henry Patch.

Ward 2 Linus Child, Charles J. Adams, Selwin Bancroft.

Ward 3. Wm. C. Gray, E. B. Patch, E. Burnap.

Ward 4. Abram French, A. W. Battrick, Sidney Spaulding.

Ward 5. Alexander Wright, A. L. Brooks, Frederick Holton.

Ward 6. John Aiken, John Smith, Jonathan Kendall.

Voted, That the Secretary be instructed to notify a meeting of the above Committee, and also to request the clergymen to take up collections in the several congregations next Sabbath.

Voted, That the funds, when collected, shall be transmitted to sufferers at Nantucket, by the Mayor in behalf of the citizens of Lowell.

Voted to dissolve.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT, Chairman.

E. B. PATCH, Secretary.

The committee chosen to collect funds for the sufferers by the late fire in Nantucket, met at the mayor and Alderman's room, last evening, at 8 o'clock, and organized by choosing Hon. Linus Child, as Chairman, and E. B. Patch, as Secretary.

When it was voted, That the several Ward Committe be requested to proceed forthwith to make collections of money, clothing &c., and to make their returns to the general committee at the meeting to be held at this place, on Tuesday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

On motion of Mr Kendall, Hon Linus Child was chosen Treasurer of the committee.

Voted, That the stores of James Fenno, Merrimack street, and E. B. Patch, Commercial Square, be selected as places of deposite for clothing and other articles contributed.

A committee of 4 was chosen to take charge of such articles as may be contributed.

Voted, That the Chairman and Secretary be requested to prepare an address to the clergymen of Lowell, in behalf of the Nantucket sufferers.

Voted to adjourn to Tuesday evening next.

LINUS CHILD, Chairman.

E. B. PATCH, Secretary.

☞ A sign indigence because we didn't *correct* his logic instead of *exposing* his illogical conclusions. But we think when a man is referred to his blunders, and asked to explain his interrogatory, he is bound to do it fully, especially where he claims the privilege of getting rabid over it. He says—

In our article to which the Advertiser of Tuesday replied, the word "*thereupon*" was, owing to our cramped penmanship no doubt, printed "*therefore.*"

With the correction it would read—

Suppose that in 1844, the people of the United States had elected Henry Clay for their President, *and that thereupon*, Daniel Webster was appointed Secretary of State,

Well, suppose such had been the fact, what do you wish us to answer? What of it?

As to managing to evade the questions of X, on the contrary, we gave the most direct and concise reply to them possible, except to the first, and to that we asked an explanation, as it seemed to be wholly *meaningless*, as it still is notwithstanding the correction.

We really hope X will not trouble himself to ask our *pardon* again for what he terms his want of wisdom in propounding questions to us; we have ever been highly pleased with his laudable thirst for information, and his questions have afforded us much *merriment.*

NORTHERN MEXICO. The New York Globe says intelligence has repeatedly been received from the Nothern States of Mexico, which leave no doubt that there is a movement on foot among the inhabitants of those States to separate from the Central Government at Mexico. A gentlemen recently informed the editor of the *St. Louis Republican* of a fact which, if correct, may produce strange results in the prairies.—Before this gentleman left Santa Fe, Gov. Armijo informed him that there was at that time a measure in contemplation to form a new confederation of States in Northern Mexico; that they proposed to declare their independence of Mexico, and then to unite as a Republic; that to secure the co-operation of the department of New Mexico in this enterprise, Mr Hecksa, a lawyer of some celebrity, from Chihuahua, had visited him at Santa Fe, and developed the plan to him. The States of Zacatecas, Durango, Sonora, Tamaulipas, and Nueva Leon, are to be united in one State. Coahuila, Chihuahua and California, were parties to the contemplated revolution, and the object of the mission of Mr Hecksa to Santa Fe, was to enlist Gov. Armijo in the struggle. Gov. Armijo is understood to have returned an evasive answer, leaving it to time to determine the most politic course for him to pursue.

☞ The Democratic State Central Committee have decreed a new system by which to determine the number of Delegates each town is entitled to send to the State Convention. Formerly, each town has been untitled to twice the number of delegates it is entitled to send members to the General Court; now, each town is entitled to one delegate for every fifty votes thrown for the Democratic Candidate for Governor for 1845.

☞ The steamship Great Britain arrived at New York, on Tuesday last, and would have brought three days later news than that brought by the Cambria to Boston, had there been any; but as there was nothing to bring, the New York papers just got out their extras to tell the important fact that there was nothing to tell, and that the new ministry had been sworn into office.

Insurrection at Santiago, the Capitol of Chili.

A correspondent of the New York Sun writes, that the recent election of General Bulnes to the Presidency it appears, has caused considerable dissatisfaction, and called forth the bitterness of his enemies.

On the 7th of March, at 10 at night, a general alarm was given throughout the city, when the insurrectionists intended to strike a heavy blow. To inflame the people, high placards denouncing the Executive in very inflamatary language, were borne through the streets, with torches in front.

The military, headed by the President, were at once called out, but owing to the great crowds and excitement, it was a long time before the city could be quieted. Towards morning, however, order was restored and martial law at once prevailed. By day break upwards of 20 ringleaders and a large number of others had been arrested.

IMPORTANT—*Departure of Santa Anna for Vera Cruz.* We learn from the Washington Union of Monday night, that an officer of the government received a letter from New Orleans, dated July 1t, 1½, P. M., communicating the following important intelligence:

"This moment the United States cutter M'Lane, four days from Havana, brings the important news that on the 7th instant, Generals Santo Anna and Almonte left Havana in a British brig of war for Vera Cruz."

The same report is referred to in the following extract of a letter from New Orleans, July 11, to the editor of the Charleston Courier:

"The United States revenue steam cutter M'Lane has just arrived from Havana; which she left on the 2d instant; she put into this port for repairs to her boilers, and will then sail for Brazos Santiago to join the blockading squadron. From some of her officers, I learn that Generals Santo Anno and Almote were on sail on the 10th instant for Vera Cruz, in the English mail packet. No arrivals at Havana from Vera Cruz up to the 2d inst."

The Ex-President avows his determination, it is reported to prosecute the war against the United States.

Morse's Electro Magnetic Telegraph.

THE LATE NEWS.—New York was literally "electrified" on Saturday morning by the publication of the Cambria's news in this city simultaneous with its appearance in the newspapers of Boston, Washington, &c., &c. Never was there a more remarkable evidence of the utility of this great invention, than on that occasion.

Immediately on the arrival of the steamer in sight of Boston, it was known at once, almost, in Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and for two hours before the vessel arrived at the wharf in East Boston, public speculation as to the tenor of her advices, was as rife in the other cities as in Boston. The Boston telegraph station commenced writing to New York about 7 o'clock P. M. We had the pleasure of sending on the news to the Washington Union at a comparatively early hour in the evening, thus securing its publication in Washington as soon as in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston.—*N. Y. Sun.*

MR. SCHOOLCRAFT.—A letter from Sault St. Marie, of July 9th, says our little village is still in the greatest excitement on account of the horrible death of Schoolcraft. The monster, Tanner, has not been found, and it is feared more blood may be shed before he can be apprehended. One hundred dollars reward has been offered by the county, and a large party of Indians have arrived to-day from Lake Superior to go in pursuit of him,

☞ Mr Jacob Boyer Schœner, a very distinguished miniature portrait painter, committed suicide in his room at the American House, Boston, on Monday night last. He was a native of Reading, Penn. Col. Prott held an inquest on the body, and the verdict was that the fatal act was committed while the deceased was laboring under partial insanity.

☞ We see by the Post that Cassius M. Clay writes thus to Mrs Chapman, (an active abolitionist,) of Boston:—

"I thought that you would have cause to rejoice that there were yet signs of vitality in one who had dared to beard the lion in his den! Mr Garrison may confine himself to his narrow circle of action. I do not blame him. I ask, however, that he will not presume to think for me. I am of a stern stuff as he. I ask no favor of mortal man. The man does not live who can rule C. M. C. Begging your pardon, *woman* may."

NORTH CAROLINA VOLUNTEERS. The regiment of volunteers called for by the President from the state of North Carolina, has been completed by lot, and is now ready for any emergency that may arise. The names of thirty-two companies were placed in the wheel, and ten (the number required) were drawn there from. Since then, we learn, some six or eight additional companies have been tendered, making in all about forty companies which have volunteered their services in this state, where only ten were required.—*Raleigh Register.*

SUICIDAL. We submit to the editor of the Courier, whether, if he personally carries out his policy of "no respect for knaves," he will not be in a most lamentable condition, inasmuch as he, by so doing, would speedily find himself destitute of *self respect.*

☞ The N. York and Boston papers in report of the Congressional proceedings of Monday, stated that the new tariff bill had passed the Senate. It was a mistake, the Senate has not yet acted upon it.

LOUIS MCLANE, ESQ. The *Union* says, we understand by the Cambria that our distinguished minister in London is preparing to return home, and will embark for the United States as soon as the necessary arrangements have been made for his successor.

"THE COURT OF DEATH." By Rembrandt Peale. G. Q. Colton, Manager. This great painting has arrived in the city and will be opened to the public after next Monday, at City Hall.

☞ We see by the Courier that the man killed last Monday, while at work on the new canal, was Thomas Winslow, instead of J. B. Winslow.

The President has officially recognized Robert B. Storer, Esq., as vice consul of Russia for the Port of Boston.

☞ "Jim Crow Rice has recovered his speech and the use of his limbs, and is, altogether, in a fair way of recovery.

TIME ALTERED. See advertisement of the Nashua and Lowell R. R.

☞ The Washington Brass Band will play on Chapel Hill this evening if the weather permit, if not to-morrow evening.

"The colored people of Washington have held a fair to raise $300 for the purpose of buying their preacher, who is a slave."

Congress.

Monday, July 20.

In the SENATE. Mr Lewis moved to take up the sub-treasury bill. Mr Evans objected. The bill was of too much importance to be hurried through without discussion.

Mr Lewis did not wish to avoid discussion, and as the senate now met at ten o'clock there was ample time for discussion before the morning hour expired.

Mr Cass was in favor of the bill, and should vote for it, but as the senate had already one important measure before it, he hoped it would not be taken up until that was disposed of. The motion to take up the bill was negatived—yeas 22, nays 30.

Mr Dix moved to take up the river and harbor bill. Mr Bagby objected. In the present state of the country, with war on hand, and congress called upon to authorise loans to meet it, he hoped this bill for the appropriation of a million and a half of dollars would not be taken up. But the bill was taken up—yeas 37, nays 14.

Mr Dix explained the amendments reported by the Committee on commerce.

Mr Hannegan appealed to the friends of the bill, to stand by it in its present shape, and vote down all amendments. If it should go back to the house, its passage would be endangered.

Mr Niles addressed the senate in opposition to the bill, and denounced it as an extreme measure of startling principles, and one that would bring ruin on the heads of his constituents.

The amendments reported by the committee were then agreed to—yeas 27, nays 26; and the bill was then laid aside.

In the HOUSE. The house went into a committee of the whole, and took up the bill to pay the salary of members of congress for the remainder of the session, and for other purposes.

Mr Dromgoole opposed this hasty action of members to pay themselves. Let the senate first act on appropriation bills that have been before it. The public service should be first provided for.

Mr Hamlin took the same grounds, and declared that he would not vote for this bill. He reflected on the inaction of the senate.

Mr Houston, of Louisiana, followed in reply. He explained the bill, and defended the committee of ways and means, and reflected like the others on the inaction of the senate.

Mr Morse advocated the bill and defended the senate. He opposed any deduction of mileage, and said the members' pay was little enough.

Mr Stewart addressed the house in favor of the amendment, and proposed to strike out the members' pay. He prefered meeting government demands first.

Mr McKay explained the object and necessity of this bill, and at half past 12 the debate closed.

The amendment respecting the ameunt of the Indian appopriation was adopted.

The committee rose and reported the bill which was then passed.

The house proceeded to consider the order of the day, the report on printing and the bill to reduce the price, by resolving itself into a committee of the whole, Mr Boyd in the chair, on said bill.

Mr Davis, of Kentucky, spoke an hour. He advocated retrenchment in this branch of the public expenditure.

At the conclusion of his speech, the committee rose, and the house adjourned.

Tuesday, July 21.

From the N. Y. True Sun's Telegraph reports.

In the SENATE, to-day, several memorials for amendments to the Tariff bill now before that body were introduced.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The vote on the river and harbor bill, taken yesterday, was on motion reconsidered, and on a second vote was rejected.

THE TARIFF BILL.

was then again taken up, and Mr Moorhead addressed the senate at considerable length. He will be followed by Mr Cameron to-morrow.

The HOUSE spent the whole day in discussing the bill reducing the rates of printing done for the house, and finally introduced the senate resolution, by which a saving of 20,000 dollars a year will be effected.

ESCAPE FROM STATE PRISON.—Yesterday morning, about four o'clock, three men—see the advertisement of the warden in another column of this day's paper—escaped from the state prison at Charlestown. Their plan was one of the most ingenious on record. They contrived to substitute parts of the iron doors of their cells with wood, so that when the officer went round to let the cooks out to prepare breakfast they were at liberty within the prison. They then ascended to the roof, the bars of which has been also loosened, went out at the sky-light, and let themselves down outside by a rope.

One of the persons who escaped was stationed in the place where the work of preparation was done, which must have been a long time maturing. It was a daring attempt by desperate men.—*Post of yesterday.*

DEATH OF CAPT. PAGE. Our correspondent at Baltimore communicates by Telegraph the lamentable intelligence of the death of the chivalrous Capt. Page. At the last accounts from New Orleans, the gallant Captain, with his heroic and devoted wife, was about leaving that city for Jefferson Barracks; the Western mail received at Baltimore yesterday brings the melancholy news of his death, which occurred on the steamboat on board which he was on his way up the Mississippi to the Barracks, a short distance below their location, on the 12th inst. The heroic Page, it will be remembered, had all the lower part of his face carried away by a cannon shot during the brilliant engagement of the 8th of May at Palo Alto; and up to the last previous accounts, was supposed to be not only beyond danger, but in a fair way for recovery.—His death will be universally lamented, not only by his gallant associates on the field of battle, but by the country at large.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

Police Court.

July 21st.

John Sullivan—common drunkard—4 mos. House Correction.

Daniel Mc Carty—Insane—sent to the receptacle for the insane, in Cambridge.

July 22d.

Michael McCarty—common Drunkard—4 months in House Correction.

Thos. McMullen—common drunkard—2 months in House Correction.

Michael Shouley, do. do.

David Horn—vagabond—3 mos.

Mary A. Miner—assault and Battery on Mrs. Manico, fined $3 and cost, appealed.

July 23d.

Jeremiah Shanley—common drunkard, 3 months in House Correction.

THE MORMONS. The Wersew Signal says, by intelligence from the Indian country, the Mormons are intermarrying with the Indians, and by their acts have aroused the suspicions of the government agent, who has reported the matter to the department at Washington. The Signal also states that a Mormon who had stolen a yoke of oxen from a settler on the new purchase, was overtaken with the plunder attached to his wagon, and killed in a contest with the owner.

☞ Gen. Taylor has received from the Mexican government $1200, to be applied to the sick and wounded Mexican soldiers in his camp.

☞ *Four hundred and twenty five* deaths were reported by the City inspectors of New York City in a single week.

☞ The noon mail brings not a word of news of the least importance, in addition to that of this morning.

☞ The rumor that Mr Haywood was to resign his seat in the Senate is said to be unfounded.

NUDE DAGUERREOTYPES. The Lowell papers have noticed the case of the arrest of a man for taking and exposing daguerreotypes of naked women, and condemned the practice in the strongest tone of animadversion. This practice is not confined to Lowell but is practiced here to a great extent by several prominent daguerreotypists in Broadway. Whether the mere taking of these likenesses by the artists be *contra bones mores*, or whether it be a just exercise of art, would make a subject for a very grave, and indeed, of a very philosophical debate. In Paris, the great studios have periodical lectures, for which rare specimens of actual living beauty unadorned are procured to elevate the taste, and the first painters of the world have produced their master pieces of ethereal beauty by aid of some living Clausina. The impropriety and illegality of taking them for the mere purpose of indiscriminate expensure, is beyond dispute, but there can be no more doubt that the artist has a right to take a picture of this kind for an applicant, than that an ordinary painter or a sculptor is entitled to the same privilege with a similar subject.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

DREADFUL EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING. The brig Columbia, Capt. Barber, in the New Orleans and Savannah trade, was struck by lightning on the night of the 3d instant, sixty miles from the Balize. The crew were aloft reefing topsails at the time, when the electric fluid, in descending the mainmast, after shattering it precipitated the whole of the men, six in number, into the sea, who were lost. It then descended into the hold, and set the vessel on fire. Capt. B. and the only passenger on board were saved.

☞ The committee to ascertain the amount of property destroyed by the Nantucket fire, estimate it over half a million dollars, besides over three hundred thousand covered by insurance.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY. RUFUS PORTER, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heavy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c.; and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instruction* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building out-houses, draining, raising stock, &c.

☞ Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar in Advance*. Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je04o

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Pannacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Pannacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Pannacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&r6wchm

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, Agents for Lowell. je11

"NEVER GIVE UP," so long as it is in your power to avail yourself of that justly celebrated remedy for Coughs, Colds, and every species of Lung Complaint, WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Mr S. W. Fowle:—If you think the following certificate worth publishing, it is at your service:

I hereby certify that I was afflicted with a very troublesome Cough for about one year. I tried a great many different remedies recommended to me, but all to no purpose; finding that I was not getting any better, I was induced to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY; and accordingly procured a bottle of Edward Mason, Druggist and Apothecary in Portland. And using it according to directions, I can truly say, it *cured me entirely*. I am now well and able to attend to my work, and would cheerfully recommend it to any one afflicted with any disease of the Lungs.

DAVID ALLEN.

Witness, GEORGE ALLEN.

Pownal, Cumberland Co., Me., Oct. 14, 1845.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epa&paprl-1

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely cleans the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tlsdvms28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, July 21st, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Henry Knights to Miss Deborah Ford.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

TIME ALTERED.—On and after MONDAY, July 27, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains from that time will run as follows: Leave Boston at 6:45 and 11 A. M., and 5:30 P. M. Leave Nashua at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45 P. M. Leave Lowell for Nashua, at 7:50 A. M., and 12:10 and 6:40 P. M., or on the arrival of the Trains from Boston. BERNARD STEARNS, Superintendent. July 22, 1846. jy28a2t

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S Line—FAN COMMERCIAL WHARF. *With immediate dispatch.*

The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyneon, Agent at New Orleans. jy22

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the "Silk and Shawl Store" have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottawan Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rep Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for 20 Days, at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade*.

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only*. jy23

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above-named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Sharmer & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. G. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 21st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ISAAC SEABURY, jr., of Lowell, in said County, currier, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Seabury will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the first day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Seabury, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

jy21a3t

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracutt, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN COBURN

Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je25-1nw&r6w*

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such farther arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER, Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St. Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS, JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18a1m

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 58, Central St. je6atf

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND,

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Wednesday.*

The superior fast sailing regular packet Schr. RAPID, *Steddard*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy28

ENGINEER RECRUITS.

A Law has been passed authorizing the formation of a Corps of SAPPERS, MINERS and PONTONIERS, or ENGINEER SOLDIERS. The Company will consist of *One Hundred Men*, viz: 10 Sergeants, or Master Workmen; 10 Corporals, or Overseers; 2 Musicians; 39 Privates of the first class, or Artificers; and 39 Privates of the second class.

Young men, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, who are citizens of the United States, of good character; and have a common school education, will be enlisted. Mechanics, such as Masons, Stone-Cutters, Quarrymen, Carpenters, Wheelwrights, Boat-Builders, Riggers, Blacksmiths, Saddlers, &c.; or Seamen and Lumbermen expert in the use of Boats and rafts—are especially wanted; though other intelligent mechanics and active young farmers will be accepted.

The pay is very liberal, being $30 per month for Sergeants; $16 for Corporals; $13 for Artificers; and $9 for the second class Privates. In addition to their monthly pay, all receive ample subsistence, an abundant supply of clothing, fuel, and quarters, besides the best medical attendance when sick. All recruits will be listed as privates of the second class, promotion to the higher grades being dependent upon their own merits, which will be determined immediately after the organization of the corps.

In peace, these troops will be stationed at West Point, where they will be taught much that will be very useful to them afterwards, either in prosecuting their several trades, or in making them competent master-workmen or overseers of public or private works. In war they have great opportunities for distinction, as they are always at the post of honor with the advance guard, preparing the way for every forward movement of the army; or with the rear-guard, when in retreat; creating obstacles to check the enemy's pursuit.

The term of enlistment is five years. Applicants, *under the age of* 21, must bring the written consent of their fathers or guardians certifying that they have full permission to enlist as Engineer Soldiers in the United States Army, for the period of five years, and to accept such pay and allowances as are, or may be, established by law. The certificate must also state the true age of the applicant.

☞ The subscriber will be found on TUESDAY, the 28th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the *Merrimack House*, in Lowell, where persons wishing to enlist must make their application, as this will be the only opportunity afforded them, it being designed to close the enlistments within the present month.

GEO. W. CULLUM, Capt. U. S. Engineers, Recruiting Officer.

jy18atjy28

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.

Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN. Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON, NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all [illegible] the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomely done. je30tf

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead, Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH, No. 4 Commercial Square. jy18atf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr., has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS,

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FAN COMMERCIAL WHARF. *With Immediate Dispatch.*

Goes up to the city without lightering:

The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. je19

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Nashua to Boston $1,00—From Nashua to Lowell 40 cents.

WINTER ARANGEMENT.

ON and after SATURDAY, November 1st; 1845; the Passenger trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:35 A. M., and 12:35 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.10, A. M., 12.10, and 6.10, P. M.) or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

ONSLOW STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Jan. 27, 1846. tfjan81

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.



ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

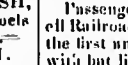
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co. may9tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



Arrangement for Passenger Trains. The Boston and Lowell Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11, A. M.—2½ and 5½, P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11, A. M.—1½, 2, and 5½. FARE 65 CENTS.

The Woburn Branch Trains. Leaves Boston at 8 and 11½, A. M.—3 and 6½, P. M.

Leaves Woburn Centre at 7 and 9, A. M.—1½ and 5½, P. M. These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., No. 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent may9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD, ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockary and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD. Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 4tf

WANTED.—A young man to work on a Farm.—Enquire at this Office. je25atf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

ON SATURDAY, at 9½, a lot of Gaslight Furniture by order of an Administrator. *Also*, 10 New Custom Made Bureaus and 300 Rolls Satin Paper, to pay advances.

Sale of Dry Goods and Millinery Articles every afternoon during this week.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to Real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Peremptory Sale of Piano Fortes.

On FRIDAY next, July 24th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at chamber over Sales Room—2 Elegant New Piano Fortes, one of which is in Rich Rosewood case, with sliding desk, Iron Frame Harp Pedal and Patent Action, in every respect a first rate instrument.

The other is in Rich Branch Black Walnut case with Harp Pedal and all the modern improvements. For richness of Tone and Power, those instruments are not surpassed by any ever sold in this market. They may be seen on Wednesday and Thursday.

The public are respectfully invited to examine the instruments. Sale positive to reimburse advances.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders left abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a half cent price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH, Agent for Manufacturers.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM!

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the whole of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of combining the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON. Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade; among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH. No. 30, Central Street. May 20, 1846. my28a1f

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS!

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild; safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue and the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, by the Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the lottest prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chollc, Febrile Maladies of all descriptions; together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a mortal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them. The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession at Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je1a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas; by said Resolves, His Excellency the Governor; by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorised and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth; of a lot of land containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES; which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment; instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had; in the selection thereof; to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER, ROBT. RANTOUL, SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is4&r2w3t

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA,

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Blotches on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Ulcers, Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicines put up in this city, at Middle street; or at his residence at Kirk st.

Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in the city, at Middle street; or at his residence at Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that require secr

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lauge, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysterin, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS,
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the Re-prints are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jy11,6m 112 Fulton st., New-York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Meany proved for shew,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would inform [illegible] or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

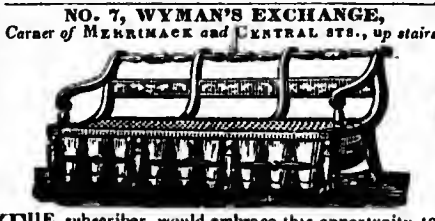
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. atyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brews,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one [illegible] and I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

opr4 adv&putly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Caughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would shew me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VENNEMEN.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vennemen; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *factitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [ms.y12s] dec16

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S
GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergymun, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.
New York, Oct. 20, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridg street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fall; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to cause his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed; during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elisabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its assumed power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28ly&m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 25, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 87.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance; or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF METALLIC PUMPS;

Set and Repaired by C. B. BRADLEY,

aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAOLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfaapr17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Buoners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Marcens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ulvly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. 1aug8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Painting Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or bad of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effect of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., August, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most violent form. I had nine running ulcers; and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me; and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent me a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some 15 and nine miles to see me, and some have not believed [illegible] other witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that is and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. &p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomium than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in dummy shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, B. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. myll A&F6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&Fly*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



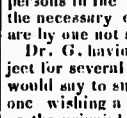
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin; at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Rossell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&pIynov3

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST; most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st.; Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Rossell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. oov4 aly

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of other two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfmawa&pct23

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracutt, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.
REUBEN COBURN
Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je25-1aw4&2p6*

PRINCE CHARLES LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

This Prince who has recently escaped from the fortress Ham, France, where he was imprisoned for life for trying to raise an insurrection against the present government of France, is thus spoken of in Abbott's Letters from Europe; to the New York Evangelist.

The individual, from whom it has generally been supposed that Louis Philippe had the most to apprehend, is Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte. When Napoleon married the widow Josephine, she had a daughter Hortense. This daughter Napoleon soon married to his brother Louis. Their son, Charles Louis, thus both nephew and grandchild to the great Emperor, is now the nearest lineal descendant of Napoleon, and the heir to whatever rights he could transmit to his posterity. Charles Louis is now about forty years of age. He has many partisans among the people and in the army, and has long been ready to embrace the first opportunity to head the veteran armies of revolutionary France, and march with bloody strides to the throne from which foreign foes expelled his illustrious ancestor.

In the year 1836, he made a very vigorous effort, at Strasburg, to organize his friends, and march with a conquering army to the capital.—He was, however, baffled by the vigilance of Louis Philippe, and after a short conflict utterly defeated. A short time after this he made another very desperate attempt to rouse the army of France in favor of the relative of their idolized General. The effort was, however utterly, disastrous. Louis Napoleon was taken prisoner, tried, and condemned to perpetual imprisonment. As he was led under the frowning battlements of the impregnable fortress or rather chateau of Ham, assigned to him by the government as his home and his grave, it is reported that he looked up at the gloomy portal and smiling said, "the word *perpetual* has long ago lost its meaning in the French language." The prince was correct, or rather he should have said, "the word prepetual means in French; until the next revolution." He is now; and has been for several years, imprisoned in this fortress. He has the use of handsomely furnished apartments, and the freedom of quite a spacious garden. He is however, under the constant watch of a military guard, and gates of iron and walls of stone preclude the possibility of his escape from his prison. He is ever hoping that his friends will soon organize a successful insurrection, that his prison doors will be broken open, and that Louis Philippe will again be fleeing, before the name of Napoleon, into exile.—Louis Philippe has offered Louis Napoleon his liberty if he will give his word of honor that he will never make another attempt to excite insurrection, and with the pledge never to return: He, however, has this far refused to accept his liberty upon the conditions. It is however said that he begins to be weary of his many years imprisonment; though he is probably sustained by the hope, that when the strong arm of Louis Philippe shall be broken by death; he may be translated by a new revolution from his castle prison at Ham, to reign in the palace at Versailles.

FARMING IN GREAT BRITAIN. A London paper states that at the present moment, "with an area of 61,522,970 arable acres in the United Kingdom, there is only one proprietor for every 305 acres. The "stout yeoman" class is rapidly disappearing; the number of persons farming their own land every day diminishes; a dozen properties are run together into the hands of one holder; three or four small farms are combined into one large one; the small farm is now an animal almost as rare as the small landlord; and the children of those who constitute the former tenantry of the country have become the laborers on the very land their ancestors cultivated as holders. Farming, like all other trades, is becoming a wholesale business, and while a few are becoming extensive and wealthy agriculturists, the mass are sinking into hopeless poverty."

ECONOMICAL MODE OF PRESERVING CHERRIES. A friend of ours, who was travelling through the county of Suffolk, on Long Island, a few months ago, informs us that, in stopping at a public house he was surprised to find on the table a cherry pie, apparently as fresh and good as though the fruit had just been plucked from the tree. On inquiring where the cherries had been obtained, he was told that they had been gathered nearly a year, and had been preserved agreeably to the following recipe:—

Procure the cherries ripe and fresh from the tree, and without any preparation, put them into a bottle or wide mouthed jar, filling it about three-fourths full. Then pour in common molasses, fresh and cool from the cask, until the vessel is nearly filled; cork or seal it up air tight, and set it aside in some cool dry place, occasionally shaking the vessel, in order that its contents may be well mixed. A portion of the molasses will be absorbed by the cherries, which will render them sufficiently agreeable, when made into puddings or pies, without the addition of any sugar or syrup. The liquid which remains in the jar after the cherries are taken out, has an agreeable flavor, and when mixed with water forms a wholesome and refreshing drink.—*American Agriculturist.*

BOTTS. A correspondent of the Albany Cultivator has given his horse half a pint of vinegar, half a pint of gin, half do. of soft soap, and half do. of molasses, well shaken together and poured down while it was foaming. This cured what he supposed to be the "Botts."

FOUNDLING. An infant was left at night in the basement door of Dr. Chalmers, in Oliver street, dressed in a white frock, and a plaid shawl around it; a ticket was found pinned to its clothes, with these words upon it:

"Her is Charles Morey, and take good care that is his crestnal name—2 weeks old 13 July 1846."—*N. Y. Globe.*

MATAMORAS, July 1, 1846. It seems to be the general belief in camp that Paredes will give our army another brush ere long. That he is on his way to this region is not doubted—that he can muster an army of 20,000 men, is pretty generally believed, and if he does succeed in raising so large a body of troops, and General Taylor advances on Monterey, a pretty severe fight is certain to ensue. The General wears his laurels very calmly. "Honors are easy" with him, but he is chafing a good deal about being kept here with a large body of troops, unable to act against the enemy.

Congress.

Wednesday, July 22.

In the SENATE. Mr Dix presented the memorial of 400 mechanics of Fishkill, New York, against any changes in the tariff of 1842, and asking Congress to let well enough alone.

The Committee on Finance reported the Army Appropriation Bill.

The Military Committee made a report upon the coast defences of Texas, and 4000 extra copies were ordered printed.

The Post Office Committee reported a bill for the conveyance of the mail to Oregon.

The pay and mileage bill was then taken up, and after a debate upon the expenses incurred for the visit of the Camanche Indians, it was amended.

The bill having been reported to the Senate, the amendments were then concurred in, and the bill passed.

The discussion of the Tariff Bill was then resumed, and Mr Cameron addressed the Senate at considerable length and ability in favor of the continuation of the Tariff of '42. He is to be succeeded, to-morrow, by Mr Upham, of Vermont, on the same side.

In the House. The attention of the House was today mainly occupied by the bill for procuring the printing of the House to be done by contract, which was finally passed. The other business transacted was not of special importance.

Thursday, July 23.

In the Senate. The Committee on printing reported against printing the Tariff memorials.

Mr Cameron presented petitions from Democratic counties of Pensylvania, which gave 14,665 democratic majority in 1841, nearly three times the majority of the state, remonstrating against the repeal of the tariff. He moved to refer them to the printing committee.

Mr Sevier said we had a panic every morning about this tariff business. We had a funeral dirge of these pensioners at taking away of the bounty we have allowed them. No man who could read but knew in the Presidential election that Polk was a free trade man.—Pennsylvania to-morrow would vote the democratic ticket again, even though the tariff were repealed.

Mr Sturgeon protested against the opinion that the election of President in Pennsylvania turned upon the tariff question.

Messrs Upham and Simmons addressed the Senate in opposition to the Tariff bill, and are to be followed to-morrow by Mr Webster.

The Navy pension bill of Mr Davis was taken up and passed.

In the HOUSE. An effort was made to bring up the bill for the establishment of a line of Oregon steamers but it was unsuccessful.

The bill for improving the fortifications at the Narrows of the Harbor of N. York, was taken up and discussed at length, but no decision was arrived at.

Returns of the Killed in the Battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma.

We are indebted to the politeness of the surgeon general of the army for the following explanation and returns. The public prints have been impatient, and even importunate for the information. It gives us satisfaction to be able to supply it.

Perhaps it may reach the families of the deceased, who may still be ignorant of his destiny. At all events it is a respectful tribute due to the memory of the brave soldiers who have fallen in the service of their country.—*Union.*

Surgeon General's Office,
July 18, 1846.

To the editor of the Union:

Dear Sir—I am troubled, from the returns of this office, to comply but partially with the request contained in your note of this day's date. Enclosed herewith I send you a list of the private soldiers who were mortally wounded in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, and who expired on the days of the battles, or have since died of their wounds.

The names of the men who were killed outright, or who did not come under the observation of the surgeons, have not been reported to the surgeon general's office.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, TH. LAWSON.

List of private soldiers who were mortally wounded and expired on the days of the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, or died of their wounds soon thereafter:—

Names.	Rank.	Reg't.	Died.	Rem'ks
Wm. Atherton,	Private.	2d drag,	May 9	At Resaca de la Palma
Lewis H. Tucker,	"	"	"	"
Geo. Bates,	"	"	"	"
Charles Wilson,	"	"	"	"
Frederick Payne,	"	"	"	"
James Manning,	"	"	"	"
Thos. Cantwell,	"	"	"	Palo Alto
—— Martin	"	1st art.	" 19	P. Isabel
—— Eichler	Ser'gt.	2d art.	June 5	"
Owen Hawkins	"	"	May 10	Resaca de la Palma
James Morgan	"	3d art.	" 8	Palo Alto
Wm. B. Fuller	"	4th "	" 9	"
John Forsyth	Private,	"	"	"
Matthew Kidy	Artificer,	"	"	Resaca de la Palma
Chas. Marsland,	Serj. maj,	3d inf.	"	"
Geo. Chisholm	Private,	"	"	"
Philip Lee	"	4th inf.	" 8	Palo Alto
Orlando Pierce	"	"	" 9	Resaca de la Palma
Robert Matthews	"	"	"	"
Daniel McDordie	"	"	"	"
—— Eldridge	"	"	June 10	Pt. Isabel
James Stockley	"	5th inf.	May 10	Resaca de la Palma
Weigart Horace	Serg't	7th inf.	" 3	Ft. Brown
—— Francis	Private	8th inf.	" 8	Palo Alto
—— Anthony	"	"	" 9	Resaca de la Palma
—— Fisher	Musician	"	"	"
—— Mullen	Sergnast	"	"	"
—— Haat	Corporal	"	"	"
—— Hart	Private	"	" 10	"
—— Wallace	"	"	" 10	"
—— Farrell	"	"	" 21	"
—— Haddox	"	"	June 6	"
—— Lewis	"	"	" 11	"
—— Maray	"	"	" 14	"
—— Waldron	"	"	" 15	"
—— Patton	"	"	" 24	"
—— Albertson	"	"	" 12	"
—— Shermaker	"	"	" 27	"

DUEL. A duel was fought within nine miles of Weldon, near the Virginia line, on Thursday afternoon last, at 2 P. M. Dr Tompkins and Mr Dimmock, editor of the North State Whig, were the parties. They exchanged one shot at eight paces, when, by the interference of their friends, the difficulty was adjusted.—The quarrel grew out of an article which appeared in the North State Whig, of which Mr Dimmock is editor.—*Norfolk Beacon, July 20.*

Counterfeit Money Found.

ARREST. About three weeks since, a quantity of counterfeit bank bills was found in the cellar of Thomas Winslow of this town, enclosed in a tin box and concealed in the wall. On Wednesday a warrant was issued against Winslow and he was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Clifford, after a race of nearly half a mile and a severe struggle, during which he seized a stone and threatened the life of the officer. He was brought before Seth Caldwell Esq. and after an examination, was ordered to recognize in 1000 for his appearance at the next criminal court. He procurred the requisite bonds, by furnishing security.

The bills found were on different banks, as follows: Two, on the Suffolk, Washington and New England Banks of Boston, Derry Bank at Derry, Manufacturer's Bank at New Ipswich, and Piscataqua Bank at Portsmouth; three on the Brunswick Bank in Maine. With the money was also a $10 bill on the Hudson River Bank, which is a fraud. All the money is described in the Statement. The amount was $125. The twos are all printed from the same plate.—*Barre Gazette.*

WEATHER. Rain—*Rainy—RAINIEST!*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 25, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.
CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.
HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.
Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Oregon Treaty.

The secrecy of the Senate has again been violated—some one corruptiously obtained a copy of the treaty and accompanying documents for the Philadelphia North American, and they are being republished in every direction. Omitting the preamble which states Buchanan and Pakenham are plenipotentiaries for the settlement of the boundary, the Treaty is as follows:

ARTICLE 1. "From the point on the 49th parallel of North latitude, where the boundary laid down in existing treaties and conventions between Great Britain and the United States terminates, the line of boundary between the territories of her Britannic Majesty and those of the United States shall be continued Westward along the 49th parallel of North latitude to the middle of the channel which separates the continent from Vancouver's Island, and thence southerly through the middle of said channel, and of Fuca Straits, to the Pacific Ocean; provided, however, that the navigation of said channel and straits, South of the 49th parallel of North latitude, remain free and open to both parties.

ARTICLE 2. From the point at which the 49th parallel of North latitude shall be found to intersect the great Northern branch of the Columbia river, the navigation of the said branch shall be free and open to the Hudson's Bay Company, and to all British subjects trading with the same, to the point where the said branch meets the main stream of the Columbia, and thence down the said main stream to the Ocean, with free access into and through the said river or rivers, it being understood that all the usual portages along the line thus described, shall in like manner be free and open. In navigating the said river or rivers, British subjects with their goods and produce, shall be treated on the same footing as citizens of the United States; it being, however, always understood that nothing in this article shall be construed as preventing, or intending to prevent, the Government of the United States from making any regulations respecting the navigation of said river or rivers, not inconsistent with the present treaty.

ARTICLE 3. In the future appropriations of the territory South of the 49th parallel of North latitude, as provided in the first article of this treaty, the possessory right of the Hudson's Bay Company, and of all British subjects who may be already in the occupation of land or other property lawfully acquired within the said territory, shall be respected.

ARTICLE 4. The farms, lands, and other property of every description, belonging to the Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, on the North side of the Columbia river, shall be confirmed to the said Company. In case, however, the situation of those farms and lands should be considered by the United States to be of public and political importance, and the U. S. Government should signify a desire to obtain possession of the whole or of any part thereof, the property so required shall be transferred to the said Government at a proper valuation to be agreed upon between the parties.

ARTICLE 5. The present treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by her Brittannic Majesty; and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London at the expiration of six months from the date hereof, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Washington, the fifteenth day of June, in the year of Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty six." JAMES BUCHANAN,
RICHARD PAKENHAM.

The President referred the matter to the Senate telling them if they did not advise him to accept it, he should reject it at once. The senate recommended him to accept the treaty—he signed it—they ratified it and it was sent to England to be accepted by the British government. As for the treaty, it seem to be quite favorable to us, although there seems to be a studied ambiguity—a purposed indefiniteness in the 2d Article, in relation to the future navigation of the Columbia, which perhaps, is well enough since it will gratify the more belligerent and unthinking with an ultimate prospect of a war with Great Britain.

That the navigation of the Columbia to British subjects terminates with the expiration of the charter to the Hudson Bay Company (which charter continues for about seventeen years), on close examination of the clause of the treaty allowing the Hudson Boy Company and British subjects to navigate that river, for such time as the treaty authorizes, mutually with American citizens, we cannot doubt. The treaty limits the navigation of the river to the Hudson Bay Company, *and British subjects trading with the same.* Only British subjects *trading with the company* have a right to navigate the river—consequently when the charter of the company expires, British subjects can no longer trade with the Company, because there will be no company to trade with; and as only subjects *trading with the Company* have a right to navigate the river, on the expiration of the charter of the company, must expire the right of British subjects to navigate the Columbia.

By the tadpoles of the whig party press, President Polk's reference of the Oregon question to the senate is received with an universal wriggle of intense disapprobation—while some of the elder frogs, who can look beyond their paddle and judge of men and things see nothing improper in the course of the President, but, on the contrary commend him for his so liberally and differentially referring the whole matter to the more immediate representatives of the Country.

As an instance of this, we take pleasure in giving the remarks of the N. Y. Commercial on the course of the President.

It says, we are constrained to differ from these of our cotemporaries who will have it that our President has covered himself with undying infamy. We must still think, that under the circumstances of the case, he did a very proper thing; and, as we heard a distinguished clergyman say, not long ago, we are very much obliged to him for doing it. It seems he had the strongest and most emphatic assurances from Mr McLane that, in the judgement of the British Government, as indeed was virtually the fact, the decision of the matter was transferred from the Executive to the Senate; that is, the course of events had in a manner thrown upon the President the necessity of consulting the Senate before he undertook to reject any proposition. This being the case, the President did consult the Senate in advance—distinctly informing that body that, if it should so advise, he would accept the proposition as it stood or demand such changes in it as the Senate should suggest; frankly adding that if the Senate declined to advise him in the matter he should reject the proposition.

The Senate did advise, and the President kept his word by following their advice implicitly. We really cannot see what there is in this worthy of reproach or ridicule.

The Treaty is obviously the Senate's. To that body belongs the credit of making it in every sense.

The treaty is a good treaty in all respects except that want of clearness about the perpetuity of the free navigation; and is it not probable that even this will do any serious mischief."

The above as compared with the tone of the Courier's remarks on this question, suggests the silly impertinence and empty vaporings of a special pleader, as opposed to the cool, calm, temperate and learned language of the judge giving judgment.

Court of Death.

Rembrand Peale's Court of Death is to be exhibited in this city, at City Hall, on Tuesday, July 28. This great picture was painted twenty-five years since, and was suggested to the painter by reading Bishop Porter's Poem on Death. Those better qualified to judge than ourself, speak of it in the highest terms, "as one of the greatest and *best* pictures of the day"—as a grand moral poem on canvas. It contains 23 figures of the size of life. Dimensions—24 feet long, 13 high. It is a rare thing that the citizens of Lowell have an opportunity to see so great a picture as this, and we hope they will visit it, having in mind that the remembrance, as well as the possession of

"A thing of beauty is joy forever."

The Advertisement will be found in another column.—*Adveliser June 27.*

☞ The Salem Advertiser says—

"It is unsettled opinion that there is no place on the face of the earth that exceeds Boston for cruelty to horses. Bought to be called the *horse killing city.*"

Just come to Lowell, my man, and behold the horses that tug the cabs about our streets. By the way, it is understood that the reason why "the powers that be," pay no regard to the statute punishing cruelty to animals is, that some one may apply it for the benefit of the factory operatives, and thereby shorten their hours of labor. To conclude with a word of explanation to the above—let it be remembered that while the legislature of this state takes upon itself to say how large a load a horse shall draw, how long his master shall work him—how much he shall thrash him—a committe of the legislature, with a corporation editor at its head, reported that it was inexpedient to legislate in the matter of defining how many hours labor should constitute a day's work.

THE NANTUCKET SUFFERERS. The Committee chosen in this city to solicit aid in behalf of the sufferers by the awful conflagation at Nantucket are proceeding in the work, and have already raised a considerable amount. They have made an appeal to the Clergymen to bring the sufferings of the people of Nantucket before their respective congregations to-morrow, and call on them for contributions in money, clothing, provisions and any other useful articles.

The Committee say it is very desirable that whatever contributions are made should be made before Tuesday evening next, as at that time they will meet to report and make their arrangements for the transmission of the donations made.

NOW FOR BLARNEY. Col. Schouler in his last letter intimated that he kissed the "Blarney Stone" at Blarney Castle, near Cork, Ireland. To kiss the Blarney stone in an orthodox manner, the Col. says "you must kiss three times, and then kiss the first girl you meet, and after that you may tell as many lies as you please, and feel no harm will it do you."

It might not perhaps, occur to one less familiar with the Col. than himself, that he had long ago kissed the stone, but forgot to perform the more important and agreeable feat of saluting the first damsel he met, and thereby preventing the harm the exercise of Blarney has done him.

MELANCHOLY. The Boston Journal says that William Rossell, Jr., eldest son of Mr Wm. Russell, the elocutionist, was found dead in the woods about two miles from Medford, towards Woburn, on Saturday last. He has been missing from home since the first of April. He was a person of very eccentric habits, and accustomed to spend days and nights in the woods with out sketching. A copy of Waverley novels and a pencil were found by his side. He was subject to a disease of the heart, which probably accounts for his death.

OFFER OF MEDIATION. The Union, noticing that portion of Sir Robert Peel's speech wherein he speaks of the offer of the good offices of the British government for the purpose of mediation between the United States and Mexico, says:—

"We have already stated more than once that no offer of mediation has been submitted to our government, and we feel ourself authorized to repeat the declaration. Sir Robert Peel was no doubt under the impression which he avowed; but no such offer has been made, and we doubt very much whether the able minister of Great Britain in Washington has yet received instructions to this effect."

☞ There was an eloquent and very able letter from Dr Bartlett published in the Courier of yesterday. We say this independent of anything the Dr. says on the Texas question—against which the editor of Courier feels himself called upon to put in a disclaimer. Dr Bartlett has perhaps learned ere this, that among the judicious and enlightened, no foreigner adds to his reputation nor gives evidence of his good sense by slandering his countrymen, or abasing their government.

HORRID MURDER.—The New York Globe says, James Duncan, an old and wealthy citizen of St. Clair County, Illinois, living in Sand Prairie, about 8 miles from St. Louis, was shot a short distance from his house on the 1st, by 30 or 40 ruffians; more than twenty shots are said to have taken effect, and his head was literally riddled with balls. A woman, who was in the buggy with Duncan, fired a pistol and severely wounded one of the assailants; she in turn was shot, but managed to escape.

DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION. Lowell by the apportionment of the Dem. S. C. Committee will be entitled to send thirteen delegates—the vote for Governor in '45 being 665.

☞ We are requested to say, that the Hon. George Savary, of East Bradford, declines the renomination of candidate for Lieut. Governor. Democratic papers in the State will please notice the fact.—*Essex Banner.*

☞ We understand that the lady of Sir John Franklin, the celebrated Arctic traveller, visited the mills in this city yesterday.

☞ At the particular request of a friend we publish the following from the *Christian Witness & Church Advocate:*

St. Luke's Church, Lowell.

In the Report of the Massachusetts Board of Missions, made to our late Convention, and published in your paper of last week, there is a statement concerning the extinction of St. Luke's Church, Lowell, which naturally leads to what I conceive to be an incorrect view of the course taken by that parish. As the Journal containing this report, is to be circulated in all the parishes of this diocese, and sent to "other cities," I deem it a duty to unveil myself the medium of your columns, as the only one now remaining, to communicate some facts, which may so change the aspect of the case, as to show that the error was not in the "greatness of the undertaking," or in the "effort made to build a large and expensive church." The following are the facts: Those engaged in the effort to establish St. Luke's Church, were at great pains to ascertain the opinion of all those persons who were anxious to extend our Church in Lowell, as to whether it was best to build a large or small church. Great confidence was placed in the judgment of one of the wardens of St. Ann's Church, Lowell, who was of the opinion that it would be entirely practicable to erect a building which would accommodate at least one thousand persons. For this opinion, he assigned such reasons as were conclusive in the views of those about to engage in the work. Every person known to be interested at all, was consulted, and there was but one individual of them who did not express the opinion that it was best to undertake the building of a church of such dimensions. Consequently, plans were ordered for such a church. When they were brought to Lowell by the architect, one of the views was of a perfectly plain building, the other of the building that was erected.—The difference in the expense of the two was stated to be six or eight hundred dollars. One gentleman, greatly interested for the church, preferred the plan that was adopted, and soon after added to his subscription more than enough to pay the difference of cost between it and the other building proposed. This plan was shown with all the dimensions, to the late Bishop Griswold, to the rector, and wardens, and many other gentlemen of St. Ann's Church, Lowell; to every rector, and other minister of our Church, then settled in Boston, and to a great number of other persons; and no word of objection was heard from any of these. The plan was then adopted. The lot and this church was estimated to cost thirteen thousand dollars. Before any step was taken to commit the proprietors by any purchase, seven thousand and five hundred dollars was subscribed. A lot was then secured, and the building commenced. The proprietors intended to expend the money subscribed, and borrow what was necessary to complete the exterior, and the large Sunday school room under the church.

The first serious embarrassment experienced, arose from a refusal of some to pay their subscriptions. The non-payment of six or eight hundred dollars, upon which the committee depended, threw them into straits which weakened the confidence of the employed, and brought the credit of the proprietors under suspicion.—The inconveniences thus arising, were greatly increased by the known, and, in some measure, active opposition of several persons, whose positions gave them much influence. Almost every effort to advance the work of procuring relief, was seriously hindered from this source. The persons opposed to the work gave it as their opinion, that it was inexpedient to attempt the establishment of more than one of our churches in Lowell at that time, as they said so few comparatively of the persons employed there had been reared in our Church. It is of my opinion, and not a few, knowing the circumstances, accord with me, that a very small proportion of the activity used in opposing the undertaking, if given to promote it, would not only have saved the property, but secured to our Church a position for usefulness, with which but very few, if any places in our country can be compared. Many persons well qualified to judge in the case, have been of the opinion from the very first, that if the church had been completed, it would have been filled with worshippers within a very short time. Was it, then, too large? The expense of the building, in proportion to the number provided for, was to be as small as that of any church I know to have been erected in this diocese. Should the failure, then, be attributed to the expensiveness of the building? The expenditure was, indeed, greater than was contemplated when the plans were adopted; but this increase was owing chiefly to the inconveniences arising from sources I have already named.

Into the painful particulars I have no wish to enter, and am desirous that what I have written should go only as my testimony to those whose donations I have solicited in Boston, and other cities, that they may be the better prepared to judge whether those engaged in this work, and some of whom gave all that God had given them, should be pointed out as a beacon, giving warning by their example to others, "not to incur difficulties, which may thus not only cripple themselves, but result in depriving others of the sympathy and aid which otherwise might be obtained." The rector of St. Ann's Church, Lowell, and all the clergy of Boston, receive the hearty thanks of all who were engaged in the effort to establish St. Luke's, for their public declarations of approval, and their many kind acts for the relief of that parish, even to the last. When the great day to correct all history shall come, it will be known where the fault lies, in this and every other failure to extend the church of Christ. The attempt to amend such matters before, may be useless, but it should be made, that, as far as possible, those who are not in the fault should not bear the blame.

AMOS D. McCOY.

Fall River, Mass., June 29, 1846.

BOOKS WANTED.—Wiley & Putnam Booksellers of New York, advertize in two columns of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, list No 1 of Books, and Periodicals wanted for the *British Museum.* A fine chance is offered to sell, to those who have old and complete American books.

KEEN.—A distinguished clergyman, the other day, having examined the process of manufacturing in the Middlesex (woollen) mill in this city from unrolling the fleece to boxing up the finished cloth,—wound up his numerous interogatories by asking, "if the *wool* they used in such immense quantities grew on a *tree* similar to the cotton shrub."

HARD TIMES FOR FARMERS. When the grass is so high and thick as to prevent the cows being found which are so fortunate as to force their way into the field; and when the wheat and rye are so heavy as to endanger the back-bone of the reapers and cradlers, which seems to be the case in many parts of the country.—*Ex.*

☞ We don't know but we should apologise to our lady readers for not informing them sooner that Nathaniel P. Willis, Esq., is about to marry the only daughter of a prominent member of Congress, from Massachusetts. The young lady is about 23 years old, rich, beautiful, accomplished and amiable.

ACCIDENT. We learn from a passenger who came up on the Eastern road last night that an elderly woman stepped on to the track a few miles the other side of Haverhill and was thrown some fifteen or twenty feet by the Engine.

THE VOICE OF INDUSTRY, under its present editor, Mr Allen, is very much improved. Mr Allen writes with facility and power. We notice a very judicious selection, and the only one we believe in the inside.

☞ Pedlars in N. H. by a law passed at the recent session of the Legislature are required to pay 25 dollars for a license.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Fire at Naples, Illinois.

The St. Louis Republican says—"We learn that a fire broke out on Wednesday night last, in the Naples House, which was not arrested until it had consumed all the buildings in the block on which it stood, comprising nearly all the business part of the town.

☞ The Baltimore Patriot gives an account of a desperate fight that took place there on Monday last, on board the ship Roscoe, which arrived from Bremen with 280 German emigrants. The disturbance broke out in consequence of a refusal on part of the foreigners to pay 20 cents each which the Captain had paid at the Custom House for the necessary permits for their being landed. The Captain during the row was compelled to leave the ship, and after he had gone the passengers fought one another with hand-spikes, bludgeons and other missiles that came in their way, cutting, bruising, and beating each other seriously.

The police were sent for, but before they arrived the disturbance had ceased, the crowd dispersed, and the captain again in full command, not, however, without being compelled to put some of the offenders in irons.

The Escape.

The three convicts who escaped from the State prison were of the most desperate sort. Adams is an Englishman, Whitehouse of Maine, and Johnson from the south. The latter worked in the new prison, and was left alone there. His part consisted in completing the preparatory arrangements, which were to provide means to ascend to the skylight, displace a part of its side so as to let them into the attic, and then again, to loosen the bars of the Lutheran window, so as to let them out to liberty, besides preparing means to get to the skylight, and a rope to descend from the roof. The doors of the cells are fastened in two ways; first by a peculiar lock, and then by a long bolt that confines at one movement all the cells, and this by having prongs attached to it, confining each door at the top. The convicts made an aperture in the grating of their cell doors, about twenty inches above the lock; carefully concealing it by inserting a piece of wood; and then by a false key, made undoubtedly in the prison, had no difficulty in unlocking the door. But the bolt still remained and this difficulty was managed follows: An officer let out the cooks early—3 1-2 o'clock—to prepare the morning meal. Now when he drew the long bolt, the convicts shoved open their cell doors wide enough to allow the bolt to pass *inside of them;* and so, accordlog to custom, the officer next proceeded to pass round the opposite side of the solitary prison to let the cooks into the kitchen and set them to work; the three convicts left their cells, passed up stairs to the upper range of cells, and fixed a plank (used for the purpose) from the iron railing to a window in the side of the prison directly under the skylight. Here they made a platform to get to the skylight, where they knocked off the plank, (as previously prepared) and this carried them to the attic.—Here they used levers of joist to pry off the grating from the Lutheran window on the east side of the prison, using the frame of said window rather roughly. By means of ropes they passed on to the wall, and thence to the street. Adams and Whitehouse were much indebted to Johnson, who had been employed in the prison mending windows, and for this purpose used a staging—the apparatus of which, ropes, joists, &c., were found very useful. This is the first escape that has been made from the solitary prison, built in 1828, and but for the favorable opportunity enjoyed by Johnson in maturing his part of the plan, it could hardly have been successful.—*Post.*

From Mexico.

The English steamship Clyde, at Havana, brought Vera Cruz journals to the 30th June. No declaration of war had yet been made by the Mexican Congress. Tampico has *not* been, as reported, taken by troops or marines from the St. Mary's. The attack has been confused into a capture.

The revolution in favor of Santa Anna has extended to all the cities from Acapulco to Mazatlan, embracing the departments on the Pacific, which are now in arms against Paredes, with the exception of Oajaca and La Puebla, two southern departments which remain neutral.

The revolutionists of Jalisco having been attacked at Colima by the Paredes army, retired to Guadalajara, a large city, which they were fortifying. A division of the forces was ordered there by Paredes, which had been intended for the defence of Monterey.

The Mexican Congress on the 16th of June, elected General Paredes President and Gen. Bravo Vice President of the republic. The former was to march for the Rio Grande as soon as the latter arrived from Vera Cruz. The vanguard of the army set out on the 19th of June for Monterey.

It is reported that an attack on the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa was to be made by Commodore Conner the 10th of July, with the Cumberland, 50; Raritan, 50; Potomac, 50; John Adams 20; brig Somers, 10; and steamers Mississippi and Princeton. But this rumor is not credited.

The project of the new Republic of the Rio Grande is spoken of. The Mexicans say it is another annexation scheme of the Yankees, who are seducing the people, of Tamaulipas, New Leon, Chihuahua, &c., &c., into the measure, by means of newspapers published in bad spanish, at Matamoras.

A PIRATE. An English vessel, the Gipsey, which arrived on the 31st ult. at St. Thomas, from Demerara, reports that on the 16th she was chased and fired at two or three times by a black schooner with a short jibboom and bowsprit; and that finally the schooner came along side of her, but perceiving that she was in ballast, did not board, but sailed off.—*Post.*

☞ The Union says, that the Independence, bearing the pennant of Commodore Shubrick, will sail from Boston for the Pacific on or before the 9th day of August. The Independance has a new armament and has been put in thorough repair.

☞ The Courier persists, like every ill bred boy, in wrong after he has been rebuked and we adhere to our *posterior* prescription for his relief and final cure.

☞ The first Swiss Baptist minister ever ordained in this country, was the Rev. John Eschman. His ordination was on Sunday, the 19th instant, over the South Baptist Church N. Y. City.

☞ There is a family in Southboro', Mass., consisting of two brothers and three sisters, the aggregate weight of whom is 1,250 pounds.

☞ In Columbia, Penn., the rot prevails extensively among the potatoes.

☞ Rev John Allen will preach in Tyngsboro', Mass. next Sunday.

☞ The Appletons' are to publish immediately a life of Gen. Taylor.

☞ Flour from this year's wheat, is selling in N. Y. city.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY: Rufus Porter, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heevy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c. and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instructions* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building cut-houses; draining, raising stock, &c.)

☞ Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar in Advance*. Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel rucently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physicion will be in attendunce to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Pulmcas:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequdnt *Debility*, ued suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimenial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&Rowchm

"NEVER GIVE UP," so long us it is in your power to avail yourself of that justly celebrated remedy for Coughs, Colds, and every species of Lung Complaint,

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Mr S. W. Fowle:—If you think the following certificate worth publishing, it is at your service:

I hereby certify that I was afflicted with a very troublesome Cough for about one year. I tried a great many different remedies recommended to me, but all to no purpose; finding that I was not getting any better, I was induced to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY; and accordingly procured a bottle of Edward Mason, Druggist and Apothecary in Portland. And using it according to directions, I can truly say, it *cured me entirely*. I am now well and able to attend to my work, and would cheerfully recommend it to any one afflicted with any disease of the Lungs.

DAVID ALLEN.

Witness, GEORGE ALLEN.

Pownal, Cumberland Co., Me., Oct. 14, 1845.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and E. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ejn&papr14

☞ BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor, —W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. thdvnos28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may befound blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than 300 Square Feet!—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death*, *War*, *Conflagration*, *Famine*, *Pestilence*, *Sensual Pleasure*, *Intemperance*, *Remorse*, *Delirium Tremens*, *Suicide*, *Consumption*, *Fever*, *Apoplexy*, *Old Age and Virtue*.

☞ Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25atf

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, (FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 6, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO

KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.

CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,

WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$60 00	$2225
			1838	960 70	485 03	67 58	1967
60	$5000	$370 00	1839	848 00	376 40	05 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 26	39 70	1463
			1841	566 56	247 50	37 04	1256

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDWARD A. GRATTAN, Agent.

ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

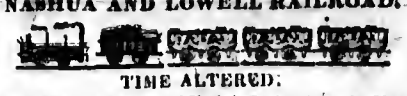
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

dec18aTu&Sfrowly

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M. or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bannington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

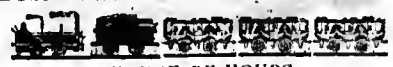
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book mains for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the "Silk and Shawl Store" have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do: do: $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black; White; and Colored *Grape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00; worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard; worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for 20 Days, at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade*.

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods; and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only*. jy23

ENGINEER RECRUITS.

A Law has been passed authorizing the formation of a Corps of SAPPERS, MINERS and PONTONIERS, or ENGINEER SOLDIERS. The Company will consist of *One Hundred Men*, viz: 10 Sergeants, or Master Workmen; 10 Corporals, or Overseers; 2 Musicians; 39 Privates of the first class, or Artificers; and 39 Privates of the second class.

Young men, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, who are citizens of the United States, of good character, and have a common school education, will be enlisted. Mechanics, such as Masons, Stone-Cutters, Quarrymen; Carpenters, Wheelwrights, Boat-Builders, Riggers; Blacksmiths, Saddlers, &c.; or Seamen and Lumbermen expert in the use of Boats and rafts—are especially wanted; though other intelligent mechanics and active young farmers will be accepted.

The pay is very liberal, being $30 per month for Sergeants; $16 for Corporals; $13 for Artificers; and $9 for the second class Privates. In addition to their monthly pay, all receive ample subsistence, an abundant supply of clothing, fuel, and quarters, besides the best medical attendance when sick. All recruits will be enlisted as privates of the second class, promotion to the higher grades being dependent upon their own merits, which will be determined immediately after the organization of the corps.

In peace, these troops will be stationed at West Point, where they will be taught much that will be very useful to them afterwards, either in prosecuting their several trades, or in making them competent master-workmen or overseers of public or private works. In war they have great opportunities for distinction, as they are always at the post of honor with the advance guard, preparing the way for every forward movement of the army; or with the rear-guard, when in retreat; creating obstacles to check the enemy's pursuit.

The term of enlistment is five years. Applicants, *under the age of* 21, must bring the written consent of their fathers or guardians certifying that they have full permission to enlist as Engineer Soldiers in the United States Army, for the period of five years, and to accept such pay and allowances as are, or may be, established by law. The certificate must also state the true age of the applicant.

☞ The subscriber will be found on TUESDAY, the 28th of July, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the *Merrimack House*, in Lowell, where persons wishing to enlist must make their application, as this will be the only opportunity afforded them, it being designed to close the enlistments within the present month.

GEO. W. CULLUM,
Capt. U. S. Engineers,
jy18atjy28 Recruiting Officer.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 21st, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ISAAC SEABURY, jr, of Lowell, in said County, currier, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Seabury will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the first day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Seabury, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jy21a3t Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18a1m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied; as proved by the unanimous of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarks E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c.; on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice; commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Moleskin and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.

Also—HATS and CAPS! Boy's Caps in great variety and extremly low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BINJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

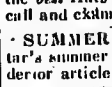
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FIR COMMER'AL WHARF.

With Immediati Dispatch.

Goes up to the city without lightering:

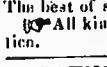


The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. je18

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—ON COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With immediat dispatch.



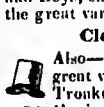
The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. V. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. jy23

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—ON COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing regular packet Schr. RAPID, *Stoddard*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy23

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers in this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains;

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

MAY STATEMENT:

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

Tc Merchants & Traders	83	Tc Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Lawyers	2
Agents	2	Teachers	7
Bookkeepers	2	Students	4
Clerks	14	Editors and Printers	5
Innkeepers	3	Public Officer	1
Ladies	16	Sea Captains and Mariners	4
Gentlemen	5	Farmers	6
Curtmen	2		
Servants	1		
	55		152
	152		

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe; Pumps; Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps; the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner:

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mk26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 3 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Atf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH!

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

N. B. E. B. P. has several houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts; gauld, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses of excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Agent for Manufacturers.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To these impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with these of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade; among which are the Silver Beaver Dreds, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28 3m

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS!

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c.; whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure; and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

mg 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodging on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester.

ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, Jr.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20is&Ptaug1

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in an instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and E. N. Tower. may14&8ptly

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n28ptlymay9

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

je9atf 38, Central St.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impeached has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and sypbilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative modo suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is an much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bountifously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good jattice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance, but often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made to all orders without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, Post-paid, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rate*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

jy1&6t 112 Fulton st., New York.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which has baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

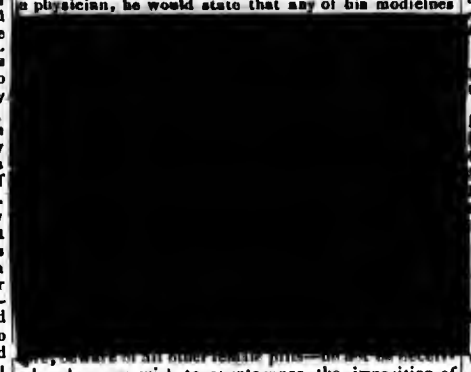
but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines



ed, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 a1f

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are so more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentery employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trot, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Holmesford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelby, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Courtst., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and easel applicatica of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much wrokened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Nooh, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and insensible affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Appoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and an examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about:* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&eply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaperilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others to the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was hapily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosep9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 28, 1846. VOL. 11—NO. 88

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Welker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Westworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 29, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Alf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Alf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13 3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,...:LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 1y

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1fmarc19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1nov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints; Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1846. 1aug8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, *for sale at this office.* je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Worn and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. WM. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 1yapr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties neither discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and insolvited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&P6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gurham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 56 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&ply*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

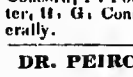


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York; where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&aptynov3

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130 Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

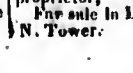
DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N. H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N. H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1nwa&ply jan13

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes is rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and colloases of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. my14 1y&ply

Animal Magnetism.

"Come place thy little palm in mine,"
The young professor said,
"And let my eyes be fixed on thine,
This cushion for thy head."
And Fanny, with a bashful grace,
Sat down and looked him in the face.

Then up and down, like a mad witch,
His hands moved in the air,
And Fanny's sweet mouth gave a twitch,
Her eyes a sleepy stare.
"Don't you feel queer?" young Mesmer said,
"Yes—very queer!" replied the maid.

Again the hands moved up and down,
He touched her forehead fair;
But Cupid had just come to town—
The wily rogue was there.
And peeping from behind a screen,
He slily watched the magic scene.

The young professor's heart beat fast,
He, too, an influence felt,
Sweet visions o'er his fancy passed;
He thought he could have knelt
And worshipped Fanny in her chair,
She looked so wondrous fair.

He turned aside, almost in fright!
What, shall a maiden's eyes!—
This glorious science, his delight,
The pet lamb of the wise,
Be put to flight by women's looks!
He wished he had old Mesmer's books!

Quick passes now he vigorous makes,
His arms raised high in air;
Cupid his keenest arrow takes,
Determined not to spare;
And deep in the professor's heart
It flew with a delicious smart.

Cupid, sly dog, laughed out in glee,
Then panting, said, "They dare,
The silly fools, by chanting me,
With science span of air!
I'll let them know, these wondrous wise,
That I alone can magnetize!"

From Douglass Jerrold's Magazine.

A STAR IN THE DARK.

"There is a future to all who have the virtue to repent; and the energy to atone."—BULWER LYTTON'S

"You may call it foolish and romantic, if you like; but I repeal, that I could more easily forgive a fault, committed under strong temptation, and foreign to the natural disposition, than a series of petty meannesses springing from and belonging to the character."

Thus spoke Helen Travers to her sister, Mrs Cunningham, and the thread of their discourse is taken up when first it was overheard. It was a strange spat for anything like a "confidential" or "sentimental" conversation to have taken place; but every one must have observed, that subjects of interest often arise in the most unexpected manner. The two ladies had mistaken the hour at which a morning concert was to commence, had arrived somewhat too early, and had consequently taken their seats before any others were occupied. Perhaps warming with the subject under discussion, they had not observed the few stragglers who from time to time dropped into the seats behind them, until a gentleman who entered, and seated himself immediately behind them, just at the moment when some of the attendants were making a prodigious din in their arrangements of the benches near the orchestra.

"I could not have married a man in whom I did not take pride," replied Mrs Cunningham; "I am very sorry for people who have ever been led away to do anything wrong, but they must take the consequence of their own conduct; certainly anything like disgrace, or the world's censure, falling upon my husband would crush me to the earth."

"Not if his fault were the one fault of a life," resumed Helen; "not if you loved him very dearly. Nay I think his very sufferings would draw you more together. I have a theory, that the very happy do not love half so deeply as those who have known sorrow."

"I call such ideas perfect nonsense."

"I know you do," replied the sister with a faint smile, and playing as she spoke with the fringe of her shawl.

"Any one would think, to hear you talk, that you had fallen ill love with some scapegrace or another, and were seeking to excuse your folly."

"Susan! you know there is nothing of the kind. You know I have never felt anything more lasting than a passing fancy which one shakes off, just as waking breeks up a dream."

"How should I *know*?"

"Then believe,—I would not deceive you. Though three-and twenty, indeed I dread old-maidism far less than an ill assorted union."

Helen Travers turned her head as she spoke, and though she did not perceive the stranger, he caught the profile of her animated countenance. But the audience were by this time arriving, and the sisters drew nearer together to make room for the new comers. There was an end to their conversation of course.

Notwithstanding a certain family likeness, a look that was caught now and then, the sisters were very different. The elder, Mrs Cunningham was far the more beautiful, if exquisitely chiselled features and a brilliant complexion could make her so. But though quick and clever, even witty and accomplished, she was deficient in sentiment and the powers of imagination; was a lover of detail: and therefore despised, because it was to her incomprehensible, the higher and generalising mind. A thoroughly worldly education had completed her character, and rendered her a cold hearted, selfish woman of the world; without enough of heart to feel the necessity of affection, and yet possessing an insatiable vanity that fed on universal admiration. Her sister formed a perfect contrast. With features less regular, her countenance was as changeful as the sea: for it mirrored every thought and feeling, as they welled up from her woman's heart. Early removed from the influence of worldly minded parents, she had been reared by a widowed aunt, a high minded being who had sought and found the sweetest solace for her own early bereavement, in the artless nature of her young relative. Although by no means a stranger to the Metropolis, or to society, the country had been Helen's home. Her young heart had expanded beneath the influences of nature; her taste had been refined her fancy quickened by it; and though she had read much, she had time and leisure to think more.

In short, she was a fine natural character, the little warped as possible by the prejudices of the selfish and the conventionalities of society.—Death had, a year before, deprived her of more than her mother, and the independence which this beloved relative had bequeathed to her while it rendered her an object of envy to her

unmarried sisters, seemed to her own heart no consolation for her irreparable loss.

But the stranger who had overheard those few sentences which, to a thoughtful mind, revealed a world of knowledge, what of him? He had come to that morning concert simply to enjoy music, in which he delighted; yet so absorbed did he become in some all engrossing thoughts that the sweet sounds which he had sought to hear, fell upon his soul only, from time to time, as chimes that harmonized with his reflections, whatever they might be, and were only remembered afterwards by the power of association which linked some peculiar cadence with a thought, a dream, a memory; or with a moment where his attentions had been roused by some expressions of pleasure or admiration in the sweetest voice he had ever heard—the voice of Helen Travers. He was not what boarding-schools girls and youths in their teens call young, for he must have teached five or six and thirty; and, according to such high authority, he had passed the age of romance and the capability of sudden love, and yet, in those two hours he drank as deeply of the draught as ever did mortal man. A strange and awful youth had checked and driven back the tide of emotions which belonged to its epoch; only that it might swell now with the concentrated might of a loftier sentiment, a chastened tenderness, and restrained passion. He would—ere hall that time had expired—have perilled life to have touched her ungloved hand, or to have caressed the light ringlet which floated from time to time beyond her bonnet!

It seemed, too, that fortune was to favor him, for friends came up and addressed Mrs Cunningham; mutual introductions ellicited that of Helen. He had but to follow them to their door; and now he knew who she was, and where she lived. This he did with wonderful calmness.—People always are calm on really great occasions except, indeed, people who are themselves too small ever to make or understand them.

Well—the pigmy of soul escapes through the entangling meshes which fate weaves for mankind, into the outer void of mere animal existence; they are the strong of heart and quick of sense who are retained to play great parts in the struggle of life and the war of passion. And yet, and yet oh mystery of humanity! who that has suffered deeply has not felt that in the deepest depths of anguish there is a pulse which vibrates not with pain! Feebly, and rather as the first faint promise of a future joy, than the flicker of an expiring power, but still to console, still to whisper, "Peace, peace; better thus, than not to feel!"

So felt William Johnson—for by that common name must the stranger he known—so he felt in the hours of endurance, when that strong man writhed in silent agony on the floor of the gorgeous apartment of which he was master.

Life is either one long chapter of accidents, or there is no such thing as an accident in the world! Three days afterwards the stranger of the concert room was formally introduced to Helen Travers at the house of a mutual friend. Three months from that day let us listen to their words; they had been betrothed for weeks. The scene was a drawing room in an antique country house. Both were the guests of Mr and Mrs Cunningham.

"I have but one care, William, one sorrow in the world," exclaimed Helen, pressing the hand which had fondly clasped hers between both her own; "oh, why this mystery, why this concealment! You are free to do as you will, and so am I; though good generous, and true, and rich," she added with a smile; "as you are, my family, you well know, would receive you with open arms!"

[illegible] voice, and releasing his hand with a gesture that might have been, but was not mistaken for coldness. And while Helen sank on a neighboring couch, he leaned his arm for support on the opposite of the mantel piece. His countenance was pale as ashes, but his voice grew more steady as he proceeded.

[Continued]

President Polk's Message to the Senate asking advice on the proposition of the English Government for the settlement of the Oregon question.

[CONFIDENTIAL.]

Message from the President of United States communicating a proposition on the part of the British Government for the adjustment of the Oregon question.

[June 10, 1846—read.]

To the Senate of the United States:

I lay before the senate a proposal in the form of a convention, presented to the secretary of state on the 6th inst., by the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of her Britannic majesty, for the adjustment of the Oregon question, together with a protocol of this proceeding. I submit this proposal to the consideration of the senate, and request their advice as to the action which, in their judgement, it may be proper to take in reference to it.

In the early period of the government, the opinion and advice of the senate were often taken in advance upon important questions of our foreign policy. General Washington repeatedly consulted the senate and asked their previous advice, to which he always conformed his action. This practice, though rarely resorted to in later times, was, in my judgment, eminently wise; and may, on occasions of great importance, be properly revived. The senate are a branch of the treaty making power, and by consulting them in advance of his own action, upon important measures of foreign policy which may ultimately come before them for consideration, the President secures harmony of action between that body and himself. The senate are moreover a branch of the war-making power, and it may be eminently proper for the executive to take the opinion and advice of that body in advance upon any great question which may involve in its decision the issue of peace or war. On the present occasion the magnitude of the subject would induce me, under any circumstances, to desire the previous advice of the senate, and that desire is increased by the recent debates and proceedings in congress, which render it in my judgement, not only respectful to the senate, but necessary and proper, if not indispensable to insure harmonious action between that body and the executive. In conferring on the executive the authority to give the notice for the abrogation of the convention of 1827, the senate acted publicly so large a part, that the decision on the proposal now made by the British government, without a definite knowledge of the views of that body in reference to it, might render the question still more complicated and difficult of adjustment. For these reasons I invite the consideration of the senate to the proposal of the British government for the settlement of the Oregon question, and ask their advice on the subject.

My opinions and my action on the Oregon question were fully made known to congress in my annual message of the 2d of December last, and the opinions therein expressed remain unchanged.

Should the senate, by the constitutional majority required for the ratification of treaties, advise the acceptance of this proposition, or advise it with such modifications as they may upon full deliberation deem proper, I shall confirm my action to their advice. Should the senate, however, decline by such constitutional majority to give such advice, or to express an opinion on the subject, I shall consider it my duty to reject the offer.

I also communicate herewith an extract from a despatch of the secretary of state to the minister of the United States at London, under date of the 28th of April last, directing him in accordance with the joint resolutions of congress, "Concerning the Oregon Territory," to deliver the notice to the British government for the abrogation of the convention of 6th August, 1827, and also a copy of the notice transmitted to him for that purpose, together with extracts from a despatch of that minister to the secretary of state, bearing date the 18th May last. JAMES K. POLK.

Washington, June 10, 1846.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 28, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Ticketing Laborers.

A late number of the Essex Banner contained an article refering to the practice, which we exposed some months since, of manufacturing corporations *ticketing laborers*. It may be remembered by our readers, that the immediate cause of what we had to say upon this subject was an article in the Boston Mail, setting forth that the Government of France was considering the subject of having the laborers *ticketed* that certain good effects might, as the supporters of the scheme pretended would, result to the laborers. The Mail boiled over with indignation at what it considered a great scheme to enslave and oppress the laboring mass. We were happy to find the Mail, for once, on the side of the oppressed, and thought it an excellent opportunity to bring that paper out against precisely the same system practiced by the manufacturing corporations of our own country. Accordingly, we stated the fact, that when any laborer in the employment of any manufacturing corporation in this city left, or was turned out of the employ of any such corporation, and the corporation, for any cause refused to give the person leaving or turned off a *ticket*, the person leaving or turned off could not get work upon any manufacturing corporation in this city; nor in New England, if the corporation refusing the *ticket*, sent the name of the person from whom the *ticket* had been withheld, to the other corporations in New England. The Mail has not since uttered a word of condemnation of the *ticketing* system proposed by the legal powers of France, nor of that adopted by the combination of the manufacturers in free New England. The Lowell Courier admitted the system prevailed in this city, but was not aware that it exceeded over New England; it contended that such a *surveillance* was necessary and proper and the poor Mail submissively bowed its head in quiet submission.

But our purpose at this time, is rather to say a word to our friend of the Banner, than to repeat the fact that manufacturing laborers must receive a *ticket* from the corporation where they last worked, or be deprived of the means of earning their bread by factory labor, though they know nothing of any other business. The Banner says—

If the Advertiser would war effectually for the cause of democracy, it should not let this subject rest, until it was enabled to bring about a [illegible] of the laborer by these 'overseers,' and expose their oppressions and tyranny towards them.

Now we are aware that particular cases of oppression and wrong appeal more strongly to the feelings of man, than the existence of a system, however degrading in itself. But we hardly deem it necessary to hire a man, or to spend our owe time in hunting up particular cases of oppression that may take place under this *ticketing* plan. The evil is in the system. The great wrong is in giving one man such power over another as that he must forfeit his self-respect, his right to think and act with the freedom that every individual should, that he must submit to the arbitrary and insolent dictation of his fellow, in a word, that he must be a pandering slave, or be liable to be deprived of the privilege of obtaining his bread by honest labor. Should we attempt to give particular instances where men and women were hunted from corporation to corporation, and from town to town, perhaps some very hard cases might be made public. But there would always be some excuse for doing it other than the injustice of the dursuers. The stories of the parties would always be different. The great wrong is one man possessing such power over another. The means of the oppression of one individual should not be put into the hands of another, either by law, combination, or in any other way. Manufacturers have no more right to combine to subject laborers to their power, than laborers have to combine to put manufacturers into their's. We trust the Banner will be satisfied at our expose of the system and the evils that may and must grow out of it, without our ferreting out all the instances of injustice and oppression that grows out of the unrighteous combination. Should there be a turnout here in consequence of a reduction of wages, or from any other cause, and not one of the persons who might be considered the "ringleaders" would be able to get work after in a corporation factory in New England. Or should there be any movement on the part of the operatives, by combination, or otherwise, to compel an increase of their pay that it might be somewhat proportionate to the capitalist's dividends, and the getters up of any such movement would at once be discharged and be considered as much unworthy of employment as if they had been seized with a moral plague. Corporations combine and make rules to govern the operatives, regulate their pay and compel their implicit obedience in all things that affect their interests; but any attempt on the part of the operatives to promote their interests by a concert of action is met by a summary discharge without a *ticket* passport. Such is the difference between the employer and the employed in manufacturing corporations. Such is the *ticketing* system in this country.

DEATH OF C. J. MCNULTY. Caleb J. McNulty, late Clerk of the House of Representatives, died at Memphis, Tenn., on the 1st inst., he being there with the Ohio volunteers, having enlisted for the war. He was buried at that place with military honors.

MONGRELS. There is said to be every variety of physiognomy, color and style of expression among the wounded Mexicans in the hospitable at Matamoras, from the woolly headed African and dark Indian, to the whitest European, including intermediate crossings and mixtures of every shade.

Peale's Painting of the Court of Death.

We were favored with a sight of this magnificent painting last evening. The artist has wrought out an entirely different conception to that which has usually been entertained of the real *Court of Death*. The painting represents a vast cave; in the centre is the dim form of Death, shadowed with a dark mantle, the face most distinct, with an expression of calm, inflexible sternness—the foot of this image rests on the corpse of a strong man, struck down in perfect health—every muscle full—every outline distinct. On the right of Death, War, Death's great furnisher of victims, with its attending evils, fore represented. The Warrior, the Widow and the Orphan of the slain, Conflagration, a figure bearing two torches, Famine and Pestilence are most masterly portrayed, particularly Famine. On the left of Death, a group of figures represent another of Death's agents, Intemperance and the temptations to sensual pleasure, the Youth with his first fatal glass; next Remorse, Delirium Tremens, and Suicide, and as the remotor consequences, Fever, Apoplexy, Dropsy, Gout, &c.

The eye fastens however, with most interest, on the centre groups. As if to show all the Artist's skill, here are two forms of youth and beauty—the one with the most seductive attractions, and the other with the most heavenly purity and innocence. The first, with a face wreathed in smiles, is giving the cup of pleasure to a youth by her side, just entering upon his intemperate and sensual career—the other is supporting an aged father, (who approaches death with calm submission) and looking up to Heaven with a confidingness and resigned sorrow, such as only purity wears.

All the figures are impressive and distinct; and the effect of the whole is sublime. Our citizens,—young and old,—will hardly fail to improve the opportunity to view this magnificent specimen of the Fine Arts.

THOMAS WINSLOW, OF BARRE. The Barre Gazette, in speaking of Winslow's being taken and bound over for counterfeiting, gives a brief history of his family connections. "Winslow," it says, "has been for many years suspected of dealing in counterfeit money, and has been once or twice arrested for the offence, but escaped for want of sufficient evidence.

The family with which he is connected is not a little notorious in the annals of crime. His brother, Mark Winslow, was a noted counterfeiter, and probably the most ingenious ever known in this state.—About twelve years ago he was sentenced to the state prison for life, and on the eve of removal, committed suicide by cutting his throat. Edward, another brother, was also a counterfeiter, and for that, and other offences, has been an inmate of the state prison and of nearly half the jails in this state. He is now at the poor house in this town. Lucretia, a sister, was connected with the same gang and signed the bills. She was wonderfully expert with the pen and skilful in imitating signatures. She married a man by the name of Chapman who was murdered in Pennsylvania some years since. She then lived as the wife of the noted imposter, Mina, and they were both arrested and tried for the murder; Mina was hung, but she was acquitted, although not without strong evidence of having prompted or connived at the death of Chapman. She subsequently wandered through the south, connected with a strolling theatrical company, and died a few years since. One of her children is now in this town. She was a woman of great talent, if it had been honestly applied, and of singularly winning manners. Another sister of the Winslows married Robert Green, and still another married Jesse H. Jones, and [illegible] lenders that used to to invest this region."

ARE CLERGYMEN'S SALARIES TAXABLE? We learn by the N. Y. C. Advertiser, that the Rev. W. S. Plumer, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Richmond, Va., was brought before the Hustings Court, to show cause why he should not be fined for refusing to declare the amount of his salary to the assessors of taxes; an act of the assembly passed in 1841 making such refusal punishable by a fine of $15 and a trebling of the tax. Mr Plumer gave in all his property, but refused to state the amount of his salary, saying that there had been a meeting of the clergyman of the city of Richmond, who had determined to test the law imposing a tax upon the incomes of clergymen, and he had been selected at the meeting to test it in his individual case.

The ground taken by the defence was, that it was a tax upon religion and in violation of the act of religious freedom and the constitution.

The court decided that clergymen's salaries are liable to be taxed, like other sources of income, and gave judgment for the fine. The counsel for Mr Plumer filed a bill of exceptions, on which the case will be taken to the Superior court, and thence, probably to the General Court.

COAT OF TAR AND FEATHERS. The Syracuse Star gives an account of an outrage of the most atrocious and revolting kind occuring in the town of West Monroe, Oswego county, on Saturday night, the 4th inst. Four individuals disguised by blacking their faces and putting on unusual dresses, broke into the dwelling of a resident of that place, and proceeded with a light to the bedroom, which was occupied by the man and his wife, stripped down the bed clothes from them, and deliberately proceeded to tar and feather the man's wife. During the time, one of the four stood with a drawn sword over the man, and threatened him with instant death if he offered any resistance or made any noise. One of the perpetrators has been arrested and recognized by the woman. The prospect is that the whole four will be brought to answer for this high handed and singular outrage.

FROM ST. DOMINGO. The N. Y. True Sun says, "By the arrival yesterday of the brig Susan, from Azua, the 6th inst., we learn from Capt. Colby, that an engagement took place between the Haytians and Dominicans, on or about the 15th June, forty miles north of Azua. The latter were defeated and driven from the field with a severe loss, and their leaders taken prisoners. The brig Susan while at Azua was robbed of $2368, medicine chest, and vessel's papers. The papers were found after several days search, concealed in the root of a tree. The former captain, John Campbell, was left at Azua, sick, and feared some suspicions.

THE STEAMER GREAT BRITAIN, which left Boston on the 13th inst., proceeded on the rocks off Jedore head, on the 18th, about 30 miles from Halifax, having got out of the proper course during a very thick fog. She got off without much injury and the next day arrived at Halifax, was thoroughly examined, and underwent some repairs, and started on her course again on Monday.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

The Attack of St. Juan D'Ullon determined on. Four Days Later from the Seat of War.

The Southern mail arrived at Baltimore Sunday evening, with New Orleans papers to the 19th inst., which contain late and highly important advices from Mexico, Yucatan and the seat of war.

FROM MEXICO.—Generals Arista and Ampudia had been called to the capitol. The former is to be tried for abandoning the city of Matamoras, while he had upwards of 4000 troops under his command. In consequence of this, he had been discharged from his office as commander-in-chief of the army.

Letters had been received from Vera Cruz, stating that the Californians had pronounced against the Mexican government.

Government were informed by letters and passengers that Gen. Santa Anna and Almonte had not departed from Havana.

Passengers by the Clyde state that it was the intention of the U. S. squadron to attack San Juan D'Ullon on the 10th inst.

FROM THE ARMY.—The steamship L. M. Day, Capt. Griffin, arrived at New Orleans on the 18th inst., from Brazos Santiago, which place she left on the 15th instant.

The news is four days later, and of considerable interest, and especially as the announcement that a deputation from the British Navy arrived at Fort Polk upon business with Gen. Taylor, calculated to excite curiosity and speculation. The troops were being sent forward as fast as the means of transportation and the high water would allow.

An article in the American Flag, of the 10th instant, informs us that broils occasionally break out between the volunteers and Mexicans, resulting in death. That paper states that Gen. Taylor uses every exertion to prevent persons attached to the army from disturbing the citizens of Matamoras.

The Mexican authorities are urged to use more attention in keeping their citizens in order, and dispersing them when engaged in riotous proceedings.

The Rio Grande was still rising on the 10th. In several places about Matamoras it had overflowed its banks.

REFORM IN THE NAVY. The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial, writing from the capital under date of July 22d, says—

The board of naval officers summoned hither for unknown purposes met yesterday, and had a first regular session to-day.

The full number ordered to Washington was twenty one, and all but one have appeared. I have good reason to believe that the object of calling together this board of officers has little to do with the conduct of the Mexican war in general, or the reduction of the Castle of San Juan d'Ullan.

I am told that, in conjunction with the Secretary of the Navy, they are to mature a plan for reforming the organization of the navy, embracing both the department and the service. They meet and sit at the navy department, and it is said that they exhibited a brilliant spectacle when collected in their splendid uniforms, giving to the quiet and peaceful purlieus of the executive buildings a rather warlike appearance. In order to set them at work, the Secretary sent down to the board a folio document some two or three inches thick, containing, probably, Mr Bancraft's views as to the contemplated changes.

In this proceeding we perceive that the perseverance and energy of Mr Bancroft have made themselves felt in the councils of the President. It will be recollected that Mr Bancroft urged in his first annual report, the correction of many abuses which he found to exist in his department, and that, in his efforts to carry out his recommendations, he met with the opposition of many respectable officers. The result of the investigations of the present board will be communicated to Congress at its next session.

AWFUL DEATH.—We learn by the Post that a man named Worthington, employed in the Fairmount rolling mill, Philadelphia, Saturday morning met with a most awful death, by being caught in the machinery. He is said to have been literally torn to pieces. He was in the act of placing a heated bar of iron between the rol- his person and dragged him bodily amid the machinery, [illegible] moved with great rapidity by a powerful engine.

SANTA ANNA.—The latest news from Havana and Mexico indicates that the schemes of Santa Anna have been frustrated, and that he did not start for Mexico, and will remain at Havana. The N. Y. Sun learns verbally that he had disposed of his game cocks, sold his furniture, and given up his houses, preparatory to his return to Mexico; but the news received from Vera Cruz by the Clyde had changed his purpose, and that he will remain in Havana till something more favorable turns up.

ATTACK ON ST. JOAN D'ULLOA.—It will be seen elsewhere, that there is a rumor afloat that our squadron in the Gulf of Mexico, under Commodore Conner, was to make a demonstration on this famous stronghold on the 10th of the present month. The squadron when all ordered there arrive, will consist of 4 ships of the line; 5 frigates, 4 sloops of war; 6 steamers; 4 brigs; 4 schooners; 3 cutters; carrying in all 780 guns.

BOMBARDMENT OF SAN JUAN D'ULLOA. The Union says, "It is true a board of captains of the navy is now in session in Washington; but the rumor which connects them with the castle of San Juan de Ullon, or anything else connected with Mexican hostilities is pure fiction. All the officers who have been summoned by the secretary of the navy are in attendance to the number of 20, except Capt. Lavalette, who is supposed to be on his way from Memphis to join the board."

OREGON EMIGRANTS. The St. Joseph's company of emigrants to Oregon, which started in 1845, lost its way, endured incredible hardships, and before it arrived at the Columbia river, and to relate, 75 of the company had died. A short supply of bad provisions produced camp fever, and there was also a great scarcity of water. A Mr Smith, at St. Louis, gives a sad account of their severe sufferings.

☞ If the editor of the Courier will be so kind as to tell us what treasury "teat" *was* put into our mouth he will greatly oblige us. Will he also inform us what portion of the *Oregon territory has been surrendered to British threats* or *British finesse*? Now dont *dodge*, but tell us just how much you *honestly think* has been yielded to either.

MR. BRADBURY'S election to the National Senate from Maine, is making much talk among the whigs, who are very loud in their charges of *fraud*. Fifty-three whigs have stated that they voted for Mr Evans, while but forty-nine votes were returned for him. There may have been some *mistake* in the counting. We shall soon see.

PROBABLE DEFEAT OF THE TARIFF BILL.—We have letters from Washington, besides those for which only we are able to make room—all discussing the great question of the tariff and its probable fate.—One of them gives a report that Mr Jarnegin will resign to avoid voting.

We have little doubt—indeed we may say none—from the tenor of all our letters and other advices that the tariff bill has been or will be defeated.—*N. York Commercial.*

☞ The Washington Brass Band will play on Wednesday evening on Worthen street near the Baptist Meeting House.

Congress.

Friday July 24.

In the SENATE, Mr Dix presented a memorial from surgeons and Druggists of New York, against the duty on foreign leeches.

The bill from the House, in relation to duties on Java coffee and refunding certain Spanish tonnage duties illegally exacted, was passed with unimportant amendments.

The bill to provide payment for cancelled treasury notes purloined from the N. Orleans Custom House and put in circulation, was passed.

On motion of Mr Dix, the River and Harbor Bill was taken up, and after debate by Messrs. Dix, Bagby, Westcott, Berrien, Johnson of Md., Mangum, Cass, Hannegan, Crittenden and others, all the amendments proposed were voted down.

The bill was then reported to the Senate precisely in the shape in which it passed the House, and after a speech from Mr Bagby in opposition to it, it was ordered to a third reading—yeas 34, nays 16. The bill was then read a third time, and passed.

The Tariff bill was then taken up, and Mr Simmons resumed and concluded his remark in opposition to it.

Mr Webster then obtained the floor, and gave way to a motion for an executive session, after which the senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Mr Ingersoll offered a resolution upon the propriety of sending a peace mission to Mexico and moved a suspension of the rules that it might be considered. Motion lost; yeas 54, nays 95.

Mr King, of Mass., from the committee on accounts, reported a resolution allowing each member $30 for a long session, and $15 for a short one, in lieu of stationary, except envelopes, paper and ink. Laid on the table; yeas 114, nays 49.

The Warehouse bill from the Senate, was taken up and postponed to Monday next. Adj.

Saturday, July 25th.

In the SENATE, petitions were presented by Sturgeon, Dix, Cameron, and others, against the repeal of the present tariff. The Senate then took up the resolution from the House fixing the hour of adjournment of Congress at 12 o'clock, on the 10th of August, which was concurred in.

The bill to reduce the tariff was then taken up.—Mr Webster commenced his speech in opposition to its passage. He spoke with more than his usual emphasis and ability, and was listened to with the greatest attention and interest by a crowded auditory—Mr Secretary Walker being of the number.

He maintained that no body who got his living on land or on the sea, petitioned or asked for the passage of such a bill as this; it was the work of politicians for political purposes, and that was all. The great body of the people, instead of asking for the passage of such a bill, opposed its passage, and he pointed to the petitions on the table as proof of what he uttered.

It was announced that Mr Haywood had resigned his seat. His resignation has been received by the Vice President, but was not read to the senate at half past 1 o'clock.

At 4 o'clock, Mr Webster not having concluded, Mr Johnson of Maryland, moved to adjourn.

Mr Lewis demanded the yeas and nays, which were ordered. The motion to adjourn was then carried—yeas 27, nays 26.

Mr Benton voted for the adjournment as a matter of courtesy.

The HOUSE, on meeting proceeded to consider the bills on the private calendar that had been reported for passage by the committee of the whole.

At half past 1 the House adjourned.

☞ An Irishman named Stewart, on Thursday last, jumped overboard from the steamer Empire, while on her passage from N. Y. city to Troy, and was drowned.

Since the death of the Pope, the oldest sovereign in Europe is now Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover, born June 5th, 1771. The next in age is King of the French, born October 5, 1773.

DISAPPEARANCE OF A LAKE. The waters of the Lake Vernagtfer, in the valley of Ortzthel (in the [illegible] have disappeared entirely. They flowed off during a single night through a large opening formed in the bottom of the lake, which is composed of a clayey earth.

PULLING A GOVERNOR'S NOSE. Captain Tipman of an Indiana Company of Volunteers took the liberty lately, for some unexplained cause, to pull the nose of his excellency, Governor Whitcomb.

☞ The convention for the revisal of the constitution of New York, has been in session at Albany, seven weeks, and all they have yet done is to strike from an article in the present constitution, the word "Native."

☞ Mr. Haywood of N. C. it appears by the Congressional reports, has resigned his seat in the Senate on account of being instructed to vote for the tariff bill.

☞ The Hon. Henry Clay left Ashland yesterday morning for Drennon's Lick Springs, where he intends to spend a few days. His health is good.—*Lexington Observer, July 18.*

☞ The Harbor and River bill has passed both houses of Congress. $40,000 have been appropriated for Boston harbor.

BULLION. The late advices from England show an accumulation of coin in the Bank, amounting to *eighty millions of dollars!*

☞ A destructive fire occurred at Fayetteville, N. C. last Wednesday morning which consumed about twenty buildings most of them being stores.

SETTLED. The difficulties between Mr T. Pearson, and the present proprietors of the Niagara, newspaper, the postmaster's organ, have been adjusted by arbitration.

☞ The sugar crop will, it is said, fall very short this season—the recent heavy rains having caused the roots to rot.

☞ Shun the man who will let his political prejudices prevent his conferring a personal favor, for he is a dangerous confederate.

BOY DROWNED. A son of Robert Plant, about 4 years old, was drowned in the Western Canal, near the bridge on Lewis street, yesterday afternoon.—*Courier of yesterday.*

☞ The Circassian girls are great swimmers and divers—and among the *divers* strange things of this age present a beautiful and novel sort of *diving belles.*—*Star.*

POTATO ROT. In Columbia, Penn., the rot prevails extensively among potatoes.

☞ Thompson, the abolitionist, who has been confined in the penitentiary of Missouri for six or seven years past, was recently pardoned by the Governor and discharged.

☞ The sentence of death passed upon Abram Wilcox, for the murder of Samuel McKeister has been commuted by Gov. Wright.

☞ Freeman has been found guilty of the murder of the Van Ness family.

☞There will be a meeting of the Committee chosen to make collections for the sufferers by the late fire at Nantucket, at the Mayor and Aldermen's Room, this (TUESDAY) Evening, at 8 o'clock. Per order,
July 28, 1846. E. B. PATCH, Sec'y.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY. RUFUS PORTER, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heavy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c.; and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instruction* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building out-houses, draining, raising stock, &c.

☞Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar in Advance*. Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. jy24m

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasent symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,
J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&P6mclm

"NEVER GIVE UP," so long as it is in your power to avail yourself of that justly celebrated remedy for Coughs, Colds, and every species of Lung Complaint,
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Mr S. W. Fowle:—If you think the following certificate worth publishing, it is at your service:

I hereby certify that I was afflicted with a very troublesome Cough for about one year. I tried a great many different remedies recommended to me, but all to no purpose; finding that I was not getting any better, I was induced to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY; and accordingly procured a bottle of Edward Mason, Druggist and Apothecary in Portland. And using it according to directions, I can truly say, it *cured me entirely*. I am now well and able to attend to my work, and would cheerfully recommend it to any one afflicted with any disease of the Lungs.
DAVID ALLEN.

Witness, GEORGE ALLEN.

Pownal, Cumberland Co., Me., Oct. 14, 1845.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. epu&pap1y14

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them offorded any relief. I went to Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using the bottle I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN DSLAVEN.

P.S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GURRY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jy11

☞BOOLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable as the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action to the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 28, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boole, 228 Washington street, Boston. lladvmis28

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending July 25, 1846.

20th, Thomas Wiltelew, 45 yrs, killed; Mary Sullivan, 22, typhus fever; 21st, Charles A. Cobb, 19 dys, infantile; Mariah A. Emmons, 4 mos, cholera infantum; Martha P. Colburn, 2 yrs, dysentery; Patrick Hoit, 40, typhus fever; George E. Seward, 2 mos, infantile; 22d, Humphrey Sullivan, 1 yr, teething; 23d, Stephen Wargan, 6 mos, dropsy of brain; Michael Gaffney, 1 yr, lung fever; 24th, Samantha J. Parris, 14, consumption; Mary Jane Sawyer, 3 mos, cholera infantem; 25th, Thomas Deering, 7 yrs, inflammation of brain; daughter of Abel Chopat, 1 day infantile.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, July 23d, of congestive typhus fever, Miss Martha, youngest daughter of Mr Walter Neal, late of Parsonsfield, Me., aged 16 years 10 months and 3 days.

In Middlefield, July 19th, only child of L. D. and L. M. Boise, of this city, aged 23 months.

COPARTNERSHIP DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of KITTREDGE & ROBBINS, was on the 6th day of July by mutual consent dissolved. GEO. P. KITTREDGE,
G. F. ROBBINS.

Groton, July 27, 1846. jy28-3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 28th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL G. HOUGHTON, of Lowell, in said County, teamster, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Houghton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the eighth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Houghton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
jy28 3t Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut*.

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy20 Atf

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of
WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.
☞Please call. jy18a1m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but in kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.
HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

, For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg. GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING
OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death*, *War*, *Conflagration*, *Famine*, *Pestilence*, *Sensual Pleasure*, *Intemperance*, *Remorse*, *Delirium Tremens*, *Suicide*, *Consumption*, *Fever*, *Apoplexy*, *Old Age* and *Virtue*.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25 tf

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

H. F. AIKEN.
Lowell, July 14, 1846. 1m*

LOWELL MUSEUM.
PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. 4jy9

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Corrier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 3m

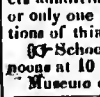
LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business onsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18 2m

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.
With Immediate Dispatch.



The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyneon, Agent at New Orleans. jy23

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office*.

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the "Silk and Shawl Store" have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy; and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low; it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12, per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for **20 Days**, at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade*.

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow some to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only*. jy23

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.

CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,

WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$30 06	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 52	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1 63
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange*.

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18 3Tu&Sp ly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 6 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkword practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!
JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je26tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., in this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODFWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. my19 tf

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
With Immediate Dispatch.
Goes up to the city without lightering.

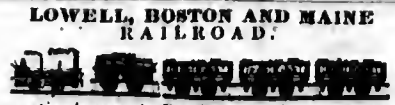


The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. je18

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11 tf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains:

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½ p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up; on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

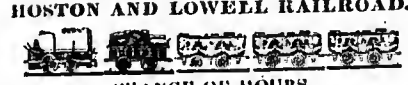
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead, Chremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾ A. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

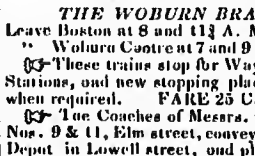
To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Carmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.
BENJ. U. MILLER, Secretary.
JOS. L. LORD, Agent.
JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13 tf

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood of *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House*.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Shower leg Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18tf No. 1 Commercial Square.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing regular packet Schr. RAPID, *Stoddard*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy23

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive View of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St.; and 1 on Charles street.

N. B. E. B. P. has several Houses at private sale. Particular attention is paid to business relating to real estate.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the buying and selling of Real Estate.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Wondrosse's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of combining the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING: Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and kinds; among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats; which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

Also—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.
No. 30, Central Street.
May 20, 1846. my28 atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obviating regularity in all cases of female irregularity, surpression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the express or by any other convenience suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of those Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St.; or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chalic, Female Maladies of all descriptions; together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by lending to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4 3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School;" and whereas, by said Resolves, His Excellency the Governor, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,
ROBT. RANTOUL,
SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.
Boston, June 17, 1846. je20 is&P1aug1

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Deparities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. ap1y may18

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT!



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the

DR. M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like neat eggs, to make citizens lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now described upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from occasioning occasion in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

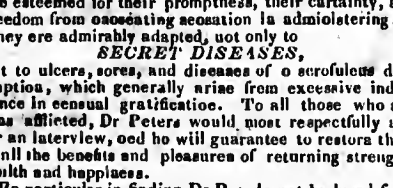
CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacterers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

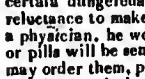
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, P.M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 9 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 76 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1tf

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentary, chollo, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who own their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, ramittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley, [illegible] and thereby encouraged it to all who are suffering under the infliction of Divine Providence, and steer in the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscriptions for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to all subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.

jy1&6m

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in town where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:—

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and [illegible] recommend it to all who are suffering [illegible] Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 ndv&party

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1845. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in many chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, Widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.—Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elisabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflamentory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8u&p1y

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dependency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing all they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. odv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 30, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 89.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 29, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-apt2 Store....LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13 a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Working on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be retrieved after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" " STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, near of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tlmarc19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HENRAND and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Pointed Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndvly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS, selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raeg8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alysipr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the seeds of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845:

Hinsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew a little with my [illegible] muscle increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 70, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I own to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of illeasse obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&P6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&ply*

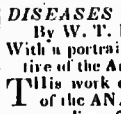
DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S

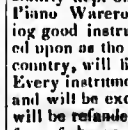


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov2

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwn&plyfeb14

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.
☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, *Agent* for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

WANTED this day six first rate Coal Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 58, Central St.

From the New Haven Register.

In "Burke's extinct and dormant Peerages," there is a long account of the Barony of DeWelles; now and for many years past held in abeyance. The estate was held by the tenure, then not unusual in England, of "a loaf of barley bread being presented to the king annually by the baron." The story done into rhyme by one of the descendants of "brave Baron De Welles," who is called the "king's baker;" is here-with offered for publication. The Welleses in this part of the country are his descendents, viz: The late Noah Welles, D. D.; of Stamford—his daughter, widow of the late Jno. Davenport, M. C.—the widow of the late Jno. W. Holly, late of Stamford—and the Welleses of Wethersfield, Gideon Welles, &c. &c.

How DeWelles became "Baker to the King."

In England's iron time of old,
The king, 'midst knights and barons bold,
And ladies decked with gems and gold,
And many a gallant lord,
In Windsor's towered castle-hold
Sat at the festive board:

The walls heeg round with sword and spear,
And shields well hacked in fight severe;
The tables spread with royal cheer,
Boars' flesh and sirloins brave—
And pastries of the antler'd deer,
And fish from ocean's wave.

The goblets crowned with ruby wine,
From Tuscan grape and Norman vine,
Or from the sunny banks of Rhine,
Deeply the barons quaff;
In joyous mood all care resign,
And sleep, and jest, and laugh.

Then spake the king: "My gallants gay,
Who in the battle's dread array
Have served me well in bloody fray,
In France and Normandy—
Now list ye all to what I say,
And check your revelry.

At Hastings' field your zeal ye showed,
As through the Saxon ranks ye rode,
The charls like harvest corn ye mowed,
With brave and stalwart hand—
And sow on ye shall be bestowed
Their castles and their land.

And first DeWelles, my valiant Peer,
Nay, never shrink thy praise to hear,
Whose stalwart arm and ready spear
Such daring deeds have done—
I give thee lands in Lincolnshire,
Bravely by valor won.

Whee we had won the bloody field,
(Thy valor forced our foes to yield,)
With ghastly wounds their fate was sealed,
And the fierce fight was done,
I saw thee bearing on thy shield,
Which bright and dazzling shone;

Some barly loaves, thy men to feed,
Who wounded on the ground did bleed;
Thou savedst at their utmost need;
As fainting there they lay—
This godlike, charitable deed,
I now with wealth repay.

And as each gentleman and knight,
Who served me bravely in the fight,
Showieg his zeal—proving his might—
On whom I lands bestow,
Shall henceforth claim them as a right
For service he shall do.

So for thy leede in Lincolnshire,
My brave de Welles, my trusty Peer,
On Christmas day in every year
In future shalt thou bring
A barley loaf upon thy spear,
As baker to the king."

With loud herraha the castle rang,
The Banners on the wall they hang,
The trumpets brayed—the minstrels sang—
DeWelles with reverence bowed,
Then lightly on his charger sprang,
And vanished from the crowd.

Old Greby's castle, grim and gray,
The scene of many a revel gay,
Dark woods, the haunts of elfin fey,
And smiling meadows fair—
Long owned DeWelles' lordly sway,
Long claimed DeWelles' care.

And still near Alford's market town,
This ruined hall of old renown,
Which Time's rude hand is crumbling down,
May yet in part be seen—
Now clothed with ivy green.

Beyond th' Atlantic's azure tide,
By many hardships sorely tried,
The Welleses scattered far and wide,
Of this old lineage
Have little left, save honest pride
Of their rich heritage.

Not only pride of noble birth,
Ancestral claims of sterling worth,
Distinguished 'mong the sons of earth,
Their sons and daughters fair,
Have honor, probity and worth,
And pride of character.

From Douglass Jerrold's Magazine.

A STAR IN THE DARK.

[Concluded.]

"The first time I saw you," he continued, "I heard you say you could more readily forgive the one great fault of a life, than habitual meanness of character. I have two sins to confess ere I would wed you—as I might do, and you never, never know them; you see if I am my own accuser, I also make the most of my virtues; therefore do I take some credit for enforceing secresy till I had summoned strength for the confession. For if you reject me, and sorrow in the act, I believe you would rather not take the cold world into your confidence. And yet, if there by solace in revealing what I tell you, be free as air to do so if you will. Life would be so worthless, the betrayal of my secret would be but as a feather, weighed against the sweet thought of assuaging your sorrow."

"You frighten me," murmered Helen, struggling with emotion.

"In mercy," he exclaimed, "not fears, yet. I will be brief. One of my sins has been wooing you, with the dark knowledge in my breast that a crime of my early life and its consequences might well be considered an insuperable obstacle to our union. Oh! forgive me this—this at least." And he flung himself on his knees before her, and buried his face in her garments.

"What terror is to come! Quick—quick; in pity tell me."

"No; forgive me this last fault first."

"Yes, yes," she murmered, and her hand leaned heavily on his shoulder. The act unnerved him, and a shower of tears rained from his eyes.

"Tell me," again she whispered.

"I cannot yet. Bear with me."

"Then I will guess."

"Ay, do."

With a shudder as she put each fearful question, she began—"Have you shed human blood,

protected by the law of honor, and feel that now you are murderer?"

"I never raised my arm in anger against aught that breath, I never so much as kicked a snarling cur from my path."

"Have you been a false friend, deceiving where you were trusted?"

"I cannot recall to mind a lie I ever told."

Once more Helen's hand sought that of her lover; but she withdrew it as a terrible thought rushed to her mind. She paused ere she could give it words. At last she said, "Have you been guided by the code of man's moralities, and won a heart only to fling it from you? or—been guilty of the deeper, darker wrong still?"

"My conscience is singularly free from all such stains. They who do these things speak not of them as crimes." And he looked up and met the tearful gaze of Helen Travers, without his own lids drooping.

"Then I will wed you," she exclaimed, after a moment's pause, and only as your wife will learn this dreadful secret."

"You will?" and William Johnson started to his feet as one who had received an electric shock.

"I will."

For a moment she yielded to his embrace, but he released her quickly. "You would so wed me," he exclaimed, "but you shall not. The dear memory of your words is happiness. Take not from me; it gives me strength to commit the tragedy. Listen. These limbs have bore the manacles the law furnishes to the convicted thief; this form has quailed in the felon's dock beneath the callous stare of the stranger multitude; but even then I did not lie. I owned that I had stolen the means to purchase food for a famishing mother. The same which I have dared to ask you to bear, is forever reflected in the chronicles of crime. The convict crossed the seas, and was a slave for the seven brightest years of his youth. Helen—Miss Travers, you do not scream, or faint, or wither me with a look. Only tears, quite, common tears! Are you women or angels?"

"Be calm and tell me all."

"You will believe I mean to replace the note I—I—stole, though the judge would not credit my story. This is all I have to tell; for why should I picture the haunting presence of a memory, and the worthlessness of that wealth which descended to me from the relative who exposed my youth to temptation, and left my mother to perish?"

"The future; the happy future. May it make you forget the past!—William!"

"Helen!"

At her feet once more; but now with child-like sobs, and breathed passionate exclamations, and fervent blessings.

It was the next day; and the burst of wild tumultuous joy had given place to a serener happiness on the part of William Johnson, while a softer and more thoughtful expression resigned on the face of Helen.

"I have a contract to propose," said she, laying her hand upon his arm, and looking up calmly, yet affectionately in his face; "let us for the future speak not of this dark thing, except indeed there be just necessity and occasion for renewing the subject. Let it be a sacred deposite, of which each has the key, but do not suffer it to belong to our lives by frequent discourse or thought of it. Thus may time heap bright realities to hide and stifle these smouldering ashes. You tell me that your common name has been to you a shelter from suspicion; that your secret rests with one tried and trusty friend; and that the world among its common blunders deems your love of retirement the spirit of pride and exclusiveness. I will but look at the result of the leisure that retirement has afforded, the cultivated intellect and the habits of simple enjoyment. Yet whence came your enlarged sympathies with humanity? These are not fostered by hermit-like retirement.

"Can you ask? You are silent. I need not tell you how much is known intuitively by one who has erred and suffered."

"And expiated!"

Ah, deep the meaning of that word which burst spontaneously from *the heart which felt aright!* Deeper and higher, more world embracing such wisdom than aught that ever extracted by the casuistry of the schools. The merciful God, by his instruments, the mysteries of inexhaustible nature, heals the wounds and lesser ills of the body until it becomes whole again. And must the wound of the soul fester forever? What is man that he dares pluck hope from the breast of his fellow? And is not the punishment he inflicts for crime but Satan's work on earth, except so far as it prevents, amend—and through the suffering and amendment expiates? The poet paints what should be, rather than what is, when he declares "there is a future for all who have the virtue to repent and the energy to atone." May he prove the poet prophet!

Of the myriad real tragedies which are hidden behind the veil of conventional life, not a few are there in which woman plays a ministering angel; and builds, amid the wreck of happiness, a saving ark by the spell of her trusting faith, and a wisdom that is of the heart! C. T.

The new Pope.

A Paris correspondent of the New York Tina Sun writes—

"You are, of course, aware, that after a conclave of only two days, Count Mastai Ferretti was made Pope, and took the name of Pius IX. The 'Debats' and other ministeriel papers here say that this Pope was the candidate of France, that France has placed him on the papal chair, that he will go hand in hand with the French cabinet; and that his motto will be—'wise and deliberate reform.' But the 'Augsbarger Zeitung' assert that this pope is the choice of Austria—that Austrian influence elevated him, that Austrian influence caused so quick a decision in the conclave, and that Pius IX will continue in the same path as his pious and wise predecessors. Perhaps both parties are right, although it is equally well known that France would have preferred the elevation of Cardinal Micara, and Austria that of Prince Altieri. As it may not be uninteresting to your readers, I will give you a short description of the first public appearance of the new Pope, as I have it from a correspondent. On the 17th of June, in the afternoon, the holy father came from Quirinal to the Vatican; along the whole route, closely packed crowds of people on their knees implored his blessing, and everywhere was he greeted with *vivas* and rejoicing. All the bells of the many churches were ringing, and cannons were firing in different quarters. Arrived at the Sistinian Chapel, the holy father seated himself upon the altar and received the homage of all the cardinals, who kissed his feet knee and shoulders. After this he was carried for the first time in the papal chair to St. Peter's Cathedral, accompanied by his entire court, all the cardinals in advance. On his entrance into the vestibule, the rejoicings of the people became so loud that the orchestra and choir could no more be heard. The Pope evidently was much moved and bestowed his blessings to the right and left upon the crowds of true believers. He moved to a side altar where he offered up his private devotions, and now the imposing procession moved with solemn music towards the great altar. Seated upon this altar, the holy father received the homage of the cardinals for the third time. (The first time he received it immediately after election, in the conclave.)—The great cathedral of St. Peter's was crowded to excess. On his return to Quirinal, his present residence, his process was a triumphal march, and the whole of the long *via Papalis* was filled with people. All desired to see and greet the holy father, and everywhere was heard the cry of '*quanto e bello.*'"

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 30, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Passage of the Tariff.

"Pasca hath her victories
No less renowned than War."

The tariff bill, amended by the Senate, by striking out the 9th section, and in no other particular, has passed that body, notwithstanding the tremendous effort to defeat it. Mr Haywood's treachery has been of no avail to the monopolists. All they paid him has been lost. Section 9, struck out by the amendment, is as follows:—

"Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That if upon the examination of any parcel, package, or quantity of goods, of which entry has been made, the appraisers of the United States shall be of the opinion that the same are undervalued by the owner, importer, consignee, or agent, with the intention of defrauding the revenue of the United States, it shall be lawful for the collector within whose district the same may be entered, the sanction of the secretary of the treasury first being obtained, if in his opinion, the same shall be advisable, to take such goods for the use of the United States.—And such collector shall cause such goods to be sold at public auction, within twenty days from the time of taking the same, in the manner prescribed by law for the sale of unclaimed goods; and the proceeds of such sale shall be placed in the treasury of the United States. And such collector is hereby authorized to pay out of accruing revenue, to the owner, importer, consignee, or agent of the goods so taken, the value thereof, as declared in the entry, and five per centum upon such amount in addition thereto. And the said collector shall render to the secretary of the treasury, with his accounts of the customs, a statement showing the amount of moneys so paid, the amount of duties chargeable on the goods so taken, and the amount of proceeds paid into the treasury, and this section shall be in force until the 1st of July, 1848, unless otherwise directed by congress."

As the amendment involves no principle, but relates simply to the details of carrying the bill into effect, the House will doubtless concur.

When the bill was recommitted with instructions to the committee to so amend it as to give further protection to the raw material, to wit: Pennsylvania coal and iron, and Louisiana Sugar, and to discriminate against certain British manufactures, which would simply be giving further protection to home manufactures, we looked upon the bill as irretrievably doomed, because had it been so amended the Democrats must have voted against it, and the bill would never have passed the House with such alterations. But the Democrats on the committee, from the impossibility of making such amendments as they were instructed, for want of time and the vagueness of the instructions, and well knowing too, that the defeat of the bill was the only object of the recommitment and instructions, asked leave to be discharged; and Mr Jarnagin, whose vote caused the recommitment, being satisfied no amendment could be made, voted in favor of discharging the committee and the vote prevailed. When the bill came up for engrossment, Mr Jarnagin, determined the Vice President should take the responsibility of the passage or defeat of the bill, withdrew, and the vote stood 27 to 27, and the Vice President nobly came up to the support of this great democratic measure, and gave his casting vote in favor of the bill. Thus, after months of doubt, anxiety, fear and speculation, has passed one of the greatest and hard fought peace measures ever brought before a Government.

☞ As to the Oregon business, we are well satisfied with the settlement. * * * We think the settlement a very good one, and we are heartily glad that it has been accomplished.—*Courier.*

We are not quite satisfied with the settlement, nor ever was, though we think it much better than war, and that President Polk pursued a wise course, considering the opposition he found in the Senate, in submitting to that body the offer Great Britain had been *frightened* into making, after having *thrice* rejected, substantially the same offer made by Mr Polk and his predecessors. But does not the editor of the Courier show a faultfinding spirit, rather than a desire to do justice to the President, when he condemns him for surrendering the territory, and at the the same time says he is "very well satisfied with the settlement;" and also knows the fact that the President made the treaty of settlement in deference to the opinion of the Senate and under their advice? If you are satisfied with the settlement, and "heartily glad it has been accomplished," why in heaven's name condemn Mr Polk, for not defeating it? An honest man, believing we had got our full rights, would rejoice that the President had respect enough for the opinions of a co-ordinate branch of the government as to so far yield his own views as not to stand in the way of such a settlement as he himself believed gave us all to which we were entitled.

WORTH REMEMBERING. The Post says: It was as late as January, 1842, that Henry Clay, then a member of the senate, arose in his place, made a speech, in which he said:—

"Carry out, then, the spirit of the compromise act. Look to revenue alone for the support of government. Do not raise the question of protection, which I had hoped had been put to rest. There is no necessity of protection for protection!"

And in October, 1843, the same statesmen said:—

"I should have preferred that the compromise, in all its parts, including the home valuation, could have been adhered to."

With regard to the ad valorem principle, now so much condemned, Mr Clay in 1841, spoke as follows:—

"He (Mr Clay) maintained that the ad valorem form was the best. The specific system maintains that articles of different value should pay the same duty. No respect is paid to values, but all have to pay alike. He admitted that there was one objection to the ad valorem form—that of differences of opinion as to real value; but he contended that ad valorem principle could be carried out better than any other. He believed it was best, and where uniform, frauds could be better escaped than under a different form. He quoted instances of fraud under the specific duties. He was therefore willing to adhere to the principle of the ad valorem duty, even if obliged to go up to 33 1-3 per cent."

☞ The Indiana State Sentinel says the story that Capt. Tipton pulled the nose of Gov. Whitcomb of that State is a whig lie—all manufactured, every word of it.

GENERAL TAYLOR has issued his proclamation addressed to the people of Mexico, setting forth the reasons of our government recognizing the existence of the war, first declared to exist by Paredes, and offering protection to the Mexican people who shall remain neutral during the contest between this country and the despots of Mexico. He enumerates wherein the people have been despoiled of their liberties by their tyrants, and the friendliness of the United States towards them, and the necessity of redressing the numerous and long continued outrages heaped upon us.

PUT THAT AND THAT TOGETHER. The Courier of Monday says,—

He [referring to us] would adhere to nothing until one of the treasury rats was put in his mouth.

On being asked what treasury rat *was* put into our mouth, the Courier of Wednesday says,—

We cheerfully bear testimony to the fact that, so far as we know, the editor of the Advertiser has had no rat placed in his mouth recently.

What do you mean by *recently?* Will you oblige us by telling what treasury "rat" *was ever* smoked by us.

THE FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH have been forcibly ejected from their place of worship by sheriff Butterfield, aided and assisted by three lawyers. The pews are now being torn up that the building may be fitted up for the Museum. There are now three parties claiming this property—three lawyers, trustees for certain creditors of the proprietors of the church—the church as a church, having purchased of the proprietors—and Paul R. George, who conveyed the property, subject to certain conditions which have not been fulfilled, and for the nonfulfillment of which, he claims the entire property. It appears to be in a fair way to afford some fine litigation.

HON. ROBERT J. WALKER has made a report in answer to a call of the Senate, enquiring upon what manufactured articles the people pay to the protected classes $54,000,000 annually. It is exceedingly able and thorough, and shows beyond all cavil that protection costs the country a much greater sum than fifty-four millions of dollars every year. We shall publish the report or a condensation of it.

☞ The Journal of Commerce reports the seizure of the Bark Eugenia, Capt. Biscoe, by the Mexicans at Vera Cruz. Her cargo was permitted to be delivered, however, and Mexican interests, with which she is identified, will be sure to protect her from confiscation. It is a pity that the treasonable designs connected with her violation of the blockade could not be punished by our government. Capt. Biscoe and his vessel had better remain at Vera Cruz.

The Providence Daily Sentinel says:—We saw a fellow mesmerise a pig on Sunday, by scratching his back. Piggy went to sleep in precisely two minutes by the town clock. At the end of three minutes a fly lit upon his ear, without producing any visible change in his countenance. When we came away he was wide awake, but apparently unconscious of all that had transpired, besides the scratching of his back.—The science may now be considered as established.

☞ By an official report of the Secretary of State to Congress, it appears that the whole number of emigrants from foreign countries, who arrived in the United States during the year ending Sept. 30, 1845, was 118,884. Of these there arrived in New York, 76,514; in Louisiana, 15,527; in Massachusetts, 10,360; in Maryland, 7,031; in Pennsylvania, 4,797; and in Maine, 4,050.

INDIAN NEWS, &c.—By the arrival of the steamboat Tributary, at St. Louis on the 7th inst., intelligence was received that about ten days before, while the Pawnees of the Grand Village were absent on a Buffalo hunt, a war party of the Sioux, to the number of about 700, made a descent upon and destroyed the village, driving the women and missionaries to the bluffs. No Pawnees were killed.

☞ A man by the name of Ridgway entered the house of Mr Joseph Reed, in Virginia, and on being ordered out, refused to go, when Reed told him he would get his gun and started as if with that intent; Ridgway followed him and inflicted several mortal wounds upon him with his knife.

OUGHT'NT WE TO FEEL PROUD? The Courier says,—

The President and his endorser (ourself) must be placed in the same category. We wish each of them joy of the other's company.

☞ A case of conviction under the license law, in Buffalo, has gone to the Supreme Court, on two grounds—the unconstitutionality of the law; and its being in contravention of the revenue laws of the United States.—*Times.*

CABINET CHANGES. It is said the Hon. George Bancroft is about to accept a foreign mission, and that Mr Slidell will succeed him in the Navy Department.—*Daily Globe.*

☞ A case of hydrophobia in a dog was lately left. On its being carried to the old lady house-keeper and inspected by her, she declared its contents to be "a crying shame."

☞ The High st. Church will be dedicated with appropriate religious services, this evening at 7 1-2 o'clock. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. T. Atkinson.

☞ The Ohio river at Pittsburg rose from four to seventeen feet on Thursday night.

☞ The report of Senator Haywood's resignation is fully confirmed.

☞ Some of the Southern papers are advocating the culture of the Fig for the American market.

☞ Where's X? We had rather read his contributions than—than—let us see—go to the Museum!

☞ Who is going to be chosen Aldermen?—*Courier.*

The man that is to be elected.

☞ The Picayune says musquitoes are like doctors, they never let blood without running up a *bill.*

SHOE DEALERS are refered to the advertisement of Mr Thomas C. Wales—wholesale dealer in Shoes & Rubbers.

☞ The Chilian Minister, Cavallo, has arrived at Washington.

☞ "Hog or dog?—that is the question," as the fellow said when he sat down to a dish of fried sausages.

JUDAS. We have heard an eminent preacher say, that it was probable that the distinguished *whig* mentioned as the head of this paragraph was truly honest and faithful to his master until he saw the glitter of the thirty pieces of Silver—

"Heard the jingle of the tin."

So of his liege descendant Senator Haywood of North Carolina. Till the gold, which the N. Y. Post says the whigs bragged they had sent to Washington, arrived there, he was steady firm and consistent—after that in language of a cotemporary, "Mr Haywood, of North Carolina, yielding to the force of the appliances to which he is subjected; abandons his political faith and friends in an emergency; and basely resigns his seat in the Senate, to give full effect to the conspiracy that demands that *money* instead of *man* shall govern the country."

Amount received for the Nantucket Sufferers.

Ward 1,	$ 75 50	
" 2,	207 86	
" 3,	212 75	
" 4,	61 50	
" 5,	129 00	
" 6,	13 50	
		$685 61
Freewill Baptist	$ 24 00	
Worthan st. Baptist,	35 00	
First Baptist,	42 54	
Wesleyan Methoyist,	17 91	
St. Paul's, Hurd street,	20 69	
First Universalist,	32 27	
Second Universalist,	33 15	
First Unitarian	57 48	
Fourth Congressional,	50 00	
John Street,	46 38	
Third Baptist	28 16	
Appleton Street,	68 36	
Worthen-st. Methodist,	34 12	
First Congregational,	100 00	
High Street,	37 00	
		627 06
		$1,312 67

The above amount has been received by the committee in cash, and has been placed in the Bank, subject to the draft of the Mayor, to be transmitted. It will be seen that several of the churches have not made returns, but the Committee are informed that collections will be taken in them on Sunday next.—Clothing, sufficient to fill four or five large cases, has already been sent in, and contributions will be received at any time during the present week.

LINUS CHILD, Chairman

E. B. PATCH, Secretary.

A Tragical Affair.

Mr Charles J. Foster, of Mississippi, while taking the invoice of taxable property, called on W. K. Richardson for a schedule of his effects, which were reluctantly given in, and when he was told that he must swear or affirm to the truth of the list rendered he became very angry and peremptorally declined. Mr Foster told him it was a matter over which he (Foster) had no control, as the law compelled all tax payers to swear to the list of their property as they gave it in, or be doubly taxed. The lie was given—a simultaneous rush was made, and quick as thought, Richardson gave Foster the deathly blow. He lived about six minutes, being stabbed in the left lung.

EFFECTS OF THE NEW TARIFF. We are permitted to make the following extract of a letter from a distinguished gentleman in Pittsburg to a member of Congress, dated 6th July instant:

"The intelligence of the passage of Mr McKay's bill produced great consternation in this city yesterday. Pig iron fell $2 per ton, and wool 2 cents per pound, instantly, and a further decline is looked for to-day."—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

The Indiana State Sentinel in reply, says:

Well done, old Tuoponny! Get your eyes open at last, eh? The *higher* the tariff the lower the *prices*, are they? What now say the *little* coon papers? Are they not awfully alarmed at these 'effects of the new tariff?' Are they not horified that the purchasers and consumers of iron, ploughs, nails, axes, and other agricultural implements, and that poor people who wear woollens instead of silks and satins, are to be furnished *cheaper* under the *new* reduced tariff? How will they manage to *crawfish* now.

☞ The number of inhabitants in Newburyport on the 1st day of May as ascertained by the assessors, was *eight thousand one hundred and seven.* Males 3547, Females 4560. Number of children between 4 and 16 years of age 2052, of which 1022 were males and 1030 females. The number of polls is 1830.—The number of enrolled militia is 888. The valuation is as follows:—

Real Estate	$1,900,600
Personal Estate	1,965,861
Total	$3,866,461

The rate of taxation this year is $6.50 on $1000—last year it was $7.80 on 1000.—*Newburyport Herald.*

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE. There is not a New England woman goes to rest without asking her husband what the prospects are of the Tariff.—*Mr. Webster's Speech in the Senate Saturday July 25.*

Herein the great Daniel darkly hints at, and of course gives currency and weight to the only objection the Ladies are said to entertain to the doctrine of Free Trade—that, if the Democracy succeed in defeating the Tariff bill—"*Babies, instead of being manufactured at home will be imported from foreign countries.*"

CHOWDER PARTY AT LONG POND. Capt. Merston's party at Long Pond, otherwise known as *Squantum*, was attended by just about one hundred persons. The Captain, assisted by "the King" and a number of lieutenants, got everything up in the best manner, and everybody gave the strongest possible acknowledgement of the Captain's skill in chowder making. Clam chowder, codfish chowder and a fry of small fish, with all the proper fixings, fully satisfied the hungry; and the thirsty, everything was left to a man's own taste. All enjoyed themselves, as they couldn't well help doing, for each man chose his own amusement and was not troubled for want of companions.

CATCH HIM. An Irishman named Maxwell, a tailor by trade, applied to Mr R. Lothrop, at Acton Center on the 8th instant, for work, but not obtaining employment he loitered about the shop all that day and the next. That evening he broke into the shop and stole 8 or 10 fine shirts; a lot of linen bosoms; a satin vest; a blue Swede coat with silk collar; a pair of broadcloth pants; a cloth cap, and some money from the drawer. He was seen in this town next day dressed in a suit of the stolen goods. He is supposed to have gone to Lowell.—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ We understand that the Tremont Vocalist, or club of quartette singers, contemplate taking a tour to the Springs, Niagara Falls, and several of our western states the first of next week. They are to be accompanied by Mr J. P. Ordway, of this city, a young gentleman who stands high in the musical profession, we have no doubt, "*au fait.*" Mrs Shirley, one of the club, possesses a voice of great richness and power, and we take great pleasure in recommending them all to our western friends.—*Boston Post.*

Congress.

Monday, July 27.

SENATE. The Vice President laid before the Senate a communication on Mr Haywood's resigning his seat as senator from North Carolina. On motion of Mr Webster, in the absence of Mr Mangum, it was ordered that the vice President notify the Executive of North Carolina of Mr Haywood's resignation.

Mr Cameron presented the proceedings of a Democratic meeting in Pennsylvania, against the repeal of the tariff.

On motion of Mr Lewis, the tariff bill was taken up at 11 o'clock. Mr Webster resumed his remarks, and commenced by alluding to the resignation of Mr Haywood as an indication of the great interest which surrounds this question. He complimented him, as a man of character and standing, bare, and at home, of great attainments, learning and industry; and as an intelligent friend of this administration.

Mr Webster adverted to the extraordinary efforts making by the people and the clergy in Mexico, to raise money to carry on the war with this country, as another reason why the tariff should not be disturbed, or any experiments made upon the revenues of the treasury.

Mr Webster spoke for an hour and a half, and concluded by moving to strike out that part of the 9th section which provides that when goods are entered below their value with intention to defraud, the importer shall receive the amount of his invoice and five per cent. addition, the goods having been taken and sold for the use of the United States.

Mr Jernagin said this section was offering inducements for entries, and no section containing it would receive his vote.

Mr. Crittenden hoped if this bill of bills was to pass, that it would pass without a single whig mark about it. He had hoped that no proposition for amendment would have proceeded from the whig side of this chamber.

After further debate in which Mr Benton expressed his disapproval of the bill, but his intention to vote for it for the sole purpose of overturning the tariff of 1842, a motion was made by J. M. Clayton, to commit the bill to the committee on finance, with instructions to restore the minimum and specific duties of the tariff of 1842. This amendment was lost—yeas 29, nays 29.

Messrs Cameron and Sturgeon voted with the whigs; and Jernagan with the democrats. Mr Clayton of Del. then moved to commit the bill, with instructions to modify it it so as to discriminate in favor of the raw materiel, and against certain foreign manufactured articles, and also in favor of an increase of revenue so as to provide more adequate means for the support of the government, and his amendment was agreed to—yeas 28, nays 27. Messrs Cameron, Niles, and Sturgeon, voted with the whigs, otherwise it was a party vote. Adj.

In the HOUSE the Fortification bill was taken up and passed. After which the Postage bill was taken up and discussed until the hour of adjournment.

Tuesday, July 28.

In the SENATE. The committee on Finance reported back the bill to reduce the Tariff, without amendments, and asked to be discharged from the instructions as voted yesterday.

Mr Evans, as a member of the committee did not assent, and hoped the committee would give some reason for making such request.

Mr Lewis replied that one reason was a want of time to make a new bill, and that the instructions were so unintelligible that the committee could not agree as to their meaning. The mover of the instructions had avowed that his purpose was to defeat the bill, and if it was to be killed, let the senate kill it, and not impose the burden of its execution upon the Committee.

Mr Johnson, of Maryland, took the same ground as Mr Evans.

Mr Speight gave his reasons to be discharged; the same as Mr Lewis's.

Mr Benton took the same ground, and insisted that the vote upon the motion so discharge, was in effect a vote upon the bill, and he called upon every one to stand up to the rack.

Mr Jarnigan defined his position. It was evident that no amendments could be effected and he should obey his instructions. His intention was, however, to refrain from voting on the engrossment of the bill and to leave the decision and the responsibility with the Vice President of the United States.

Mr J M Clayton denied that the committee had not time to act upon the instructions, and contendon that the instructions were not unintelligible.

Mr Webster denounced the bill.

Mr McDuffie replied and defended it. He declared emphatically that he believed the bill would produce as much revenue as the tariff of 1842.

Mr Webster replied.

Mr Simmons asked Mr McDuffie whether the bill would raise or depress the price of provision.

Mr McDuffie said it would raise the price of provisions.

Mr Simmons said then is this the way the laborer is to be rewarded for the reduction of his wages. His wages is to be reduced and the price of wheat he consumes increased.

Mr Lewis—No one admits that this bill will reduce the wages of labor.

After some farther debate, the motion to discharge the committee was agreed to, yeas 28, nays 27.

Mr Webster renewed his motion of yesterday to strike out the 9th section, yeas 28, nays 26. So Mr Webster's proposition was agreed to.

Mr Jarnigen did not vote.

Mr Benton voted for it.

Mr R Johnson moved to refer the bill to a select committee with instructions. Lost, yeas 27, nays 27.

Mr Jarnigan still absent.

The Vice President voted no, and said he was taken somewhat by surprise. The bill was then ordered to be engrossed by a vote of 27 to 27.

Mr Jernigan still absent.

The Vice President then read his reasons for the vote he was about to give. The responsibility was great, and he felt it deeply, but whatever might be the consequences, the responsibility must be met, and he felt sure that a majority of the people were for changing the present tariff. He then gave the casting vote in favor of the bill. So the bill goes to the house with an amendment, which will be concurred in at once.

The question being on the passage of the bill, Mr Niles moved to postpone is to the first Monday in December.

After remarks by Messrs Niles, Cameron and others, the motion was negatived: yeas 27 nays 28. Mr Jarnigan voted in the negative. After further debate by Messrs Davis, Huntington, J. M. Clayton and others, the bill was read the 3d time and passed.

YEAS.—Allen, Ashley, Atchison, Atherton, Bagby, Benton, Breese, Bright, Calhoun, Cass, Chalmers, Colquitt, Dickinson, Dix, Fairfield, Hennegan, Houston, Jarnigan, Lewis, McDuffie, Pennybacker, Rusk, Semple, Sevier, Speight, Turney, Wescott, Yulee—28.

NAYS.—Archer, Barrow, Berrien, Cameron, Cilley, J. M. Clayton, J. Clayton, Corwin, Crittenden, Davis Dayton, Evans, Green, Huntington, Johnson of La., Johnson of Md., Mangum, Miller, Morehead, Niles, Pearce, Philips, Simmons, Sturgeon, Upham, Webster Woodbridge.—27.

The HOUSE was engaged the entire day in discussing the bill to amend the present postage law. Several amendments have been proposed, but as yet nothing decisive has been done. It is questionable whether any material change will be made.

THEY SHOULD RAISE THEIR WAGES. The manufacturers of this City *immediately after* the passage of the Tariff Bill, of '42 cut down the wages of the operatives in this City—As a natural consequence if they cut down the wages at the time of the passage of the Bill, should they not raise them now it is repealed. What say you gentlemen?

THE COURT OF DEATH. The painting of the Court of Death, by Peale, is open afternoon and evening. Those visiting it in the afternoon can go in the evening gratis.

☞ The N. Y. Daily Sun of yesterday has a neatly engraved map of the Castle of St. Juan D'Ulloa and the harbor of Vera Cruz.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY. RUFUS PORTER, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heavy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c.; and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instruction* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building out-houses, draining, raising stock, &c.

☞ Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar in Advance*. Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

Read the following voluntary tribute to WISTAR'S BALSAM, from the Kinderhook N. Y. Sentinel, dated July 31, 1845:

"HOPE NEVER DIES."

The extraordinary virtues of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the cure of Pulmonary complaints, have been attested by so many persons, that he who doubts its efficacy must be in truth a very skeptic. A remarkable cure of Consumption has recently been effected by this medicine in the town of Chatham, in this County, and which was related to us by Dr Herrick, an eminent physician of that town, to whom we have permission to refer. A young lady, who had long labored under an affection of the lungs, and who had been under the care of several physicians without experiencing any relief, was considered by her friends as beyond the reach of medicine, and she was informed by her medical attendant that she must die. All her own premonitions, also, pointed to the grave. Fortunately, she was induced to send to the Kinderhook Bookstore for a bottle of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

as a last resort in her critical situation. Before its contents were exhausted, the young lady experienced great relief, and two more bottles were successfully procured and administered. She is now happy in the restoration of health, and blesses the day when she first resorted to the use of this healing Balsam.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&rjy30ap14

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasent symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6mchin

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which affected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN OSLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jel1

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable to the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bagle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tlndvms28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, July 29th, by Rev. U. C. Burnap, Mr Alexander McCollister, of South Reading, to Miss Mary J. Strong, of Lowell.

In Nashville, July 22, Mr Amos Bent to Miss Mary Ann Weeden, both of Lowell.

In Northwood, N. H., Mr Wilder Hall, of Lowell, Mass., to Miss Susan A. Badger, of Northwood.

DIED,

In this city, July 28th, very suddenly, Anna Louisa, youngest child of Ransom and Mary P. Reed, 19 mos.

In Madbury, N. H., very suddenly, on the 25th inst., of dysentery, George W. Meserve, Esq., aged 30.

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street*, *Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30A2aw2mpeow

TO VOTERS.—The Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of Voters on Saturday evening next from half-past 7 to half-past 8 o'clock; and on Monday morning next, August 3d, from 8 to 9 o'clock. By order of the Board,

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, July 29, 1846. jy30A2t

BLANKS, of various kinds, constantly on hand, and for sale at the Printing Office of PENHALLOW & HART—No. 16, Merrimack St.—where every description of Plain and Ornamental PRINTING will be executed with neatness and despatch, *on the most reasonable terms*. jy20A3t*eopls

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or on such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing regular packet Schr. RAPID, *Stoddard*, master, is now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. jy30

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. jy30

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING

OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death*, *War*, *Conflagration*, *Famine*, *Pestilence*, *Sensual Pleasure*, *Intemperance*, *Remorse*, *Delirium Tremens*, *Suicide*, *Consumption*, *Fever*, *Apoplexy*, *Old Age* and *Virtue*.

☞ Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25A1f

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 28th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL G. BOUGHTON, of Lowell, in said County, trainator, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Boughton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the eighth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Boughton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

jy28A3t Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,

(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO

KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.

Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only **25 Cts.**, or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞ Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such farther arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18A2m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18A1m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agne in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect care of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus; none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

With Immediate Dispatch.

Goes up to the city without lightering:



The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. jel8

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

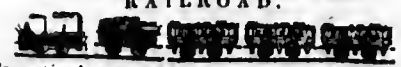
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je12tf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, in connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

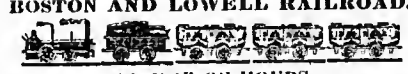
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	Sec'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Curtmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent.

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Male and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *first* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very modern article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Cottage Tenements and Land.

On SATURDAY, Aug. 1st, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,—2 genteel Cottage Tenements, with about 2700 ft. of Land, on the southerly side of Lagrange, near Adams st. Said Tenements are nearly new and finished in the most thorough manner, with seven rooms each, and have connected with them a first rate well of water. The location is central and pleasant, and they are every way desirable. They will be sold together or separately as may be desired. Terms liberal.

Church at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of August next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,—The Brick Church on Hurd street, of the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell. It will be sold subject to a mortgage for $5000 to the Middlesex Company. The amount over that will be payable in cash on delivery of the deed, or in good bankable notes in 3, 6 and 9 months, with interest.

The Church is centrally and eligibly situated, well built and nearly new, and is a very valuable and desirable property for any religious society. jy30

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale at Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—1 share in Chelmsford Manufacturing Company. jy30 E. B. PATCH.

On SATURDAY next, at Office, at 10 o'clock A. M.—2 Buggies, 2 Wagons, Bureaus, Cook Stoves, and a variety of Furniture—Show Case. *Also*, 1100 lbs Northern Bacon.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndvlymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obtaining regularity in all cases of female irregularity; suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild; safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

ung 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue in merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4A3m

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Massachusetts, at the Session of the present year, passed certain "Resolves for the erection of a State Manual Labor School," and whereas, by said Resolves, his Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, is authorized and empowered to appoint a Board of three Commissioners, who shall have power to select and obtain, by gift or purchase, and take a conveyance to the Commonwealth, of a lot of land, containing NOT LESS THAN FIFTY ACRES, which shall be an eligible site, for a Manual Labor School, for the employment, instruction, and reformation of juvenile offenders, regard being had, in the selection thereof, to the centre of population, cheapness of living, and facility of access; and whereas the undersigned have been duly appointed Commissioners under said Resolves; now, therefore, we, the said Commissioners, invite all persons having sites of land, of fifty acres and upwards, which are located in conformity with the provisions of said resolves, to make proposals to us, on or before the first day of August next, of the terms upon which they will be willing to make conveyance of said sites to the Commonwealth.

Communications to be addressed to the Chairman at Worcester. ALFRED DWIGHT FOSTER,

ROBT. RANTOUL,

SAMUEL H. WALLEY, JR.

Boston, June 17, 1846. je20ins&plaug1

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

JEREMIAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kin

DR. M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS la returning thanks tu his eu merous patients who have done him the bonur to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or knowe as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injering, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in fleding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK and CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, P. M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY,

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire as Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 29, 1845. jealatf

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, epoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other dalicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative made suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and instinct combined point out as the medicine for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of envil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

jy11A6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of this country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I [illegible] Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. H. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&paty

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [sey12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertige, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and all *Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, uncles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to unite for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dowitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRENOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his imparied faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the livar and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing unto thoy do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicines.

Seedwick, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6inosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advtyjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Cloth, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 90.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 29, *Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2tAly *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Rezers, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jnnt *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf auvl

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell, tfmar17



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages, furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No.* 30, *Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mureens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell;
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—*Merrimack Street,*—*No.* 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *first manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. ragg8

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winstrd, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrotula in its most virulent forms I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken [illegible] after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. Olin lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. H. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conuert *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesunn.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. myl4 A&P6mcho

WHITEWASHING.—JOHN FAVOR has removed from Carpet Lane to Gorham (near Charles) street.
☞ Whitewashing and small jobs of Mason work done to order at short notice. je16Atf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively; for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vigille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug-poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

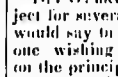
TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HALL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfonwa&poct23

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. tmay14a&Ply

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. tmy19 Atf

THE ROMANCE OF THE RIVER.—The life of a high spirited girl, who, on Tuesday, threw herself into the river, to escape the mortification produced by being accused of a petty theft, was preserved in a very heroic manner by a young seaman, named George Fells, belonging to the bark Clansman, which on Monday arrived from Glasgow, and was at the time anchored in the stream in the East River. It appears that among the passengers of the Clansman were two young women—the one above referred to, and another who had brought with her a solitary sovereign; the last coin she had remaining when her voyage hither was completed, and she was about disembarking to seek her fortune in the new Great Western World.

When arranging her little property to come ashore, the owner of the sovereign discovered that the treasured coin had mysteriously disappeared, and was no where to be found amongst her effects; and concluding that it was stolen, she immediately, and thoughtlessly—certainly wrongfully—charged her fair young fellow passenger with having stolen the sovereign. The indignity thus put upon the high-minded girl, stung her to her heart's core, and in the madness of desperation produced by it, she sprang to the vessel's side and thence into the stream, which was at a strong ebb tide, and by which she was rapidly carried toward the bay, at one time floating at the surface, and another lost entirely to the view.

The desperate act was witnessed by many who were on deck—amongst whom fortunately was the gallant FELLS, who was engaged at his duty in the rigging. With a singular dexterity he unloosed the fastenings of his shirt, threw it over his head, and without waiting to further disencumber himself of clothing, he plunged into the river and swam after the floundering girl, who was evidently fast receding from life and from view. His sinewy limbs appeared to be nerved with an energy in this holy struggle, perfectly astonishing, and he dashed on with such impetuosity, that when the poor girl had sunk for the last time, so that she was just lost to his view, he succeeded in seizing hold of her, and in bringing her to the surface perfectly insensible and apparently lifeless.

In the meantime, a boatman of Peck Slip, named William Gilmartin, who happened to be on board, had sprung into a boat which had come alongside just as the exciting scene had commenced, and pulling after the heroic sailor, reached him immediately upon his reappearance on the surface with the girl in his arms; and helping them both into the boat, he brought them back to the vessel. The poor girl at first appeared to be gone past recovery; but by proper and humane treatment, she was in the course of a couple of hours restored to life and consciousness. After Fells became acquainted with the cause of the desperation which had impelled her to seek relief from alleged shame in a watery grave, he waited upon Capt. Peck, in the cabin, and (having first obtained the consent of his comrades) obtained a sovereign of the joint account of the crew, to make good the loss of the girl whose heedlessness had produced the demonstration of high-mindedness, heroic courage, and noble philanthropy, which we take great pleasure in making public.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

PROPAGATION OF PLANTS.

LAYERING. Many shrubs which we wish to multiply, can be safely propagated by what is called layering. This consists in bending down a stock or branch to the earth, and fastening it down by placing pins across it. Then cover it with soil some six or more inches. It will put out roots in the course of the season, and next spring may be cut off from the principal or parent stock, and set out by itself.

The present month, (July,) or the first of the next, is a proper time to perform this operation. If the branch be cut a little, so as to make a notch or slit, it will facilitate the putting out of roots. Some of the larger varieties of shrubs may be suffered to remain on the parent stock during the ensuing season, and be separated in the fall.

The smaller herbaceous plants, such as pinks, chrysanthemums &c., may be propagated in the same manner.

ROOT LIFTING. If you should dig down to the small fibrous roots of any shrub or tree, such as the rose, or lilac, or apple, or pear, and bring the tip of it just above the earth, covering the remainder with earth, it will put forth leaves and push up branches, and thus form a sucker or young tree, which may be afterwards separated and transplanted.

There is a theory, and we think there may be something in it, which contends that these layers and suckers, being part and parcel of the old stock, partake of its nature, will flourish as long as that does, and become infirm and decay when that does. If this be true, it proves that the only true mode is to propagate by seed alone. In the case of fruit, however, we shall not be able to obtain the identical kind or variety as we shall by layers or suckers.—*Maine Farmer.*

BUDDING PEAR TREES.

August is the usual month for budding fruit trees, and pear stocks may be then budded provided they are still growing. But pear stocks stop growing earlier than the cherry, the peach, or the apple, and therefore an earlier day than August is to be preferred. If the sap is not moving, the bud will not live. By inserting it in the latter part of July it may be done close to the ground as we do apple tree buds. If it is delayed till a late day there will be no chance for it unless it is set high on the stock where the bark is more pliable.

Matting for tying in the buds is better than yarn or any material that is very durable, as it is not desirable to have the band hold long—not one year, for fear of girdling the tree.—*Ploughman.*

CUTTING WHEAT EARLY.—Early cutting is the practice of the best wheat raisers, whether the grain is needed for flour or for seed. The berry fills out after it is cut, and the wheat is plump and heavy. Dead ripe seed KEEP better than those that are only just ripe; but seed simply ripe will *germinate sooner*, and *stronger*, than dead-ripe seed. Where one desires to keep seed for long voynges, or for years, it should be ripened thoroughly. Where it is to be kept for a few months—from summer to spring, or from spring until autumn—seeds are even better by being gathered full early.

Nothing is, probably, added to the nutritious properly of seeds in this last stage of ripening. The changes which they undergo are those *that will preserve their vitality.*

To cut, gather before the final orelabora tion nf carbon, by which they are to he preserved, tokes from the seed, then, nothing of its tichness, nothing of its weight,—nothing but the quality of long keeping for planting purpose.

The graio is to be bound up precisely as in later harvesting; put in shocks, and left to sun for severnl duys, according to the judgneot of the fatmer, before the caps are put on. But we wish some sixty-three-pound-wheal farmers would tell us their practice about harvesting,—*Western Farmer and Gardaner.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are heraby requested to choasa delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day nf September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for tha purposa of nominating candidates for the offices of Govarnor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the alection in 1845, for the democratic candidata for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

☞ The Advertiser editor keeps asking us what treasury teat was ever sucked by him. He has misunderstood what we said, which was that "we began to fear he would adhere to nothing until one of the treasury teats was put in his mouth." Perhaps we wrote it bengliegly, but the meaning is plain enough to es, and is a different one from what the Advertiser puts upon it. Is the editor satisfied?—*Courier.*

The editor is satisfied. We make too many mistakes ourself to be overscrupulous as to grammatical constructioe; but when we are told that we "would adhere to nothing antil one of the treasury teats *was* pat into our mouth," though *was* happens to be a mistake for *should be*, we must take some method to ask for a correction of the mistatement. Is the editor of the Courier satisfied?

Whig Recklessnees.

The most abominable of all the abominable features of this bill, is that it discriminates *against* protection. It is worse in this respect then unconditional free trede. For instaece, it compels the carpet manufacturers to pay ten per cent more duty on coarse wools which are not raised in this country, than is charged upon the fabrics which come into competition with theirs. This is but a sample of the unqualified kind of protection to American industry which runs through the whole bill. —*Boston Mail.*

In the same paper, publishing the above extract, is published the tariff bill, which shows every word of the statement put forth to be false. The duty on carpets is 30 per cent. and on wool but 20 per cent. If the wool makes but one-fourth of the cost of the carpet, the present duty of 20 per cent on carpets, is precisely equivalent to a duty of 25 per cent. with wool free.—"Is that "negative protection?"

WEST'S PAINTING OF CHRIST HEALING THE SICK is to be exhibited in this city, in a few days.—Mr Morris was here Thursday, making the necessary arrangements. The Hartford Times says, it "is on a canvass 16 by 18 feet, and is one of those admirable designs and beautifully executed works, that at once command the admiration and close attention of the visitor. The numerous figures, each unveloping some peculiar trait of character, or a deep seated feeling occasioned by the circumstances of the moment, render it impossible for one to comprehend the entire design of the artist at once, or appreciate the superior merits of the painting; but the longer and more closely the whole is viewed, the more interest it imparts." It has been questioned by some whether this is a painting of West's, and quite a newspaper controversy has grown out of it.

☞ "Peace hath her victories, no less renowned than war," says the Advertiser in announcing the passage of the new tariff bill. Very appropriate. The administretion will obtain about eqeal honor from the British tariff and the Mexican war.—*Courier.*

We agree. And the administration for its course in relation to the Mexican war, and the tariff of '42, will be embalmed in the hearts of the people, while *the sixteen whigs who voted against sending aid and supplies to Gen Taylor*, and Haywood for betraying the prinoiples and disobeying the instructions of his state, will be d—d to everlasting infamy.

☞ The Courier says, the administration has *forced* upon the country the British tariff [meaning the new bill] and the Mexican war.

If the Administratioe is as *weak and imbecile* as the Courier has represented it to be, what must be the *strength* of the universal whig party, that couldn't *prevent* their being *forced* upon the country? And we might ask, where is the consistency of the Courier in making such contradictory statements?

THE FRAUD IN THE ELECTION OF SENATOR BRADBURY, OF MAINE, IS A WHIG ROORBACK. The House, in which *fifty-three* whigs stated they voted for Mr Evans, whereas but 49 votes were returned for him, has refused, by a vote of 67 to 46, any investigation. Not so many by *seven*, voting *for an investigation as there are whigs who state they voted for Evans.* The truth is, the whigs who voted against Evans dare not owe the act, and therefore say they voted for him when they didn't. What a miserable set of lying poltroons!

SUNDAY NIGHT. The great moral and religious painting of the Court of Death will be open tomorrow evening for the accomodation of visitors. The deep moral lesson of the painting, and the thrilling interest it excites, should secure for it a liberal patronage. Those who would read "a good poem upon canvass" will attend.

ACCIDENT. Wednesday, a Mr Litch, daguarreotypist, of Boston, came near losing his life by overturning an ounce vial of *Bromine.* He had the presence of mind to call for some "*Hydrosulphate of soda*" which was liberally applied and which saved him from a terrible death.

CAPT. FLOWERY. A petition is in circulation among the merchants of Boston for the pardon of this person. He was sentenced about a year ago for five years to the the Salem jail and to a fine of $2000, for being connected with the slave trade.

☞ The proprietor of the Philadelphia North American, George R. Graham, Esq., has been arrested, by order of the Senate, and taken to Washington to give an account of how he obtained a copy of the Oregon Treaty—it not having been made public.

Report of Hon. Robert J. Walker.

We publish nearly the entire report of Mr Walker to the Senate, in reply to a resolution of that body.—We have omitted the tables from which the statistics are drawn, from A to L, inclusive, some having been published except table A, in the Washington Union.—Table A is omitted because of its length and its results being given in the body of the report.

The enormous amounts paid by the people for the benefit of capital, over and above what goes into the treasury, show a system of legalized plunder on a scale excessive and magnificent beyond all precedent. The tariff bill has passed, this document should be laid before the people, and they should become familiar with it, for such a grand system of robbery as the tariff of '42, will not be abandoned without a most desperate effort being made for its re-establishment. All kinds of gorgons and hydras will be conjured up to frighten and drive the people back to the support of a policy that robs them. Manufactured money panics, and real money panics, from whatever cause existing, will be attributed to the overthrow of the tariff; stories will be circulated of orders of machinery being countermanded, and attributed to the destruction of the tariff; every failure, whether it is caused from incapacity or is the result of premature fraud, will be attributed to the destruction of the tariff; a general outcry of inability to pay the laboring man will be made and attributed to the destruction of the tariff; every derangement of business, of whatever kind, will be attributed to the overthrow of the beautiful tariff of '42. But this report fully exposes the effects of a system that will never be again submitted to by the people, however desperate and false the means resorted to re-establish it.

Report

From the Secretary of the Treasury in reply to a resolution of the Senate.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 22, 1840.

On the 29th of June last the following resolution was adopted by the Senate of the United States.

"*Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be instructed to report to the Senate, the list of manufactured articles, upon which the sum of fifty-four millions of dollars are annually paid to the protected classes, by enhancing the price of domestic articles, and the amount so paid upon each article, if he possesses the means of ascertaining the same."

The following statement upon this subject is contained in my report to Congress of the 3d of December last:

"At least two-thirds of the taxes imposed by the present tariff are paid, not into the treasury, but to the protected classes. The revenue from imports last year exceeded twenty-seven millions of dollars. This, in itself, is a heavy tax; but the whole tax imposed upon the people is not less than eighty-one millions of dollars—of which twenty-seven millions are paid to the government upon the imports, and fifty-four millions to the protected classes, in enhanced prices of similar domestic articles.

"This estimate is based upon the position that the duty is added to the price of the import, and also of its domestic rival. If the import is enhanced in price by the duty so must be the domestic rival: for being like articles their price must be like in the same market. The merchant advances in cash the duty on the import, and adds that duty with a profit upon it, and other charges to the price—which must therefore be enhanced to that extent, unless the foreign producer had first deducted the duty from the price. But this is impossible; for such now is, and long has been, the superabundance, of capital and active competition in Europe that a profit of six per cent. in any business is sufficient to produce large investments of money in that business; and if, by our tariff, a duty of forty per cent, be exacted on the products of such business, and the foreign producer deducts that duty from his previous price he must sustain a heavy loss. This loss would also soon extend beyond the sales for our consumption to sales to our merchants of articles to be re-exported by them from our ports with a draw-back of the duty, which would bring down their price throughout the markets of the world. But this the foreign producer cannot afford. The duty therefore must be added to the price, and paid by the consumer—the duty constituting as much a part of the price as the cost of production.

"If it be true that, when a duty of forty per cent. is imposed by our tariff, the foreign producer first deducts the duty from the previous price on the sale to our merchant, it must be equally true with a duty of one hundren per cent., which is exactly equal to the previous price, and, when deducted,, would reduce the price to nothing.

"The occasional fall in price, of some articles after a tariff, is no proof that this was the effect of the tariff; because, from improved machinery, diminished price of the raw material, or other causes, prices may fall even after a tariff, but they would in such cases have fallen much more but for the tariff. The truest comparison is between the present price of the same article at home and abroad; and to the extent that the price is lower in the foreign market than in our own, the duty, if equal, to that difference, must to that extent enhance the price, and the same ratio with the lower duty. The difference in price at home or abroad is generally about equal to the difference in the cost of production, and presents in a series of years, the surest measure of the effect of the duty—the enhancement in price being equal to that difference if the duty be higher than that difference or equal to it; or if the duty be lower, then the enhancement is equal to the duty; and if the article is produced, like cotton, more cheaply here than abroad, the duty is inoperative. The great argument for the tariff is, that foreign labor being cheaper than our own, the cost of foreign productions, it is said, is lessened to that extent; and that we must make up this difference by an equivalent duty, and a corresponding enhancement of price in our own market, both of the foreign article and of its rival domestic product—thus rendering the duty a tax on all consumers, for the benefit of the protected classes."

The estimate of fifty-four millions was based on the very imperfect returns of protected articles in the census of 1840, and therefore this sum was given as a minimum, and not as a full and complete statement of the actual amount.

In pursuance of a call of the senate, this department has proceeded to ascertain the tax paid on each of the protected articles, so far as this information could be obtained in the short period within which it was necessary to submit this report.

The table marked A, hereto annexed, contains a statement of most of the principal articles protected by the tariff of 1842.

It will be perceived, that upon these articles alone, the tax paid by the people of the United States, in unhanced prices of the domestic articles similar to those on which the present duties are imposed, is $75,784,405.

This table only embraces the following sixteen articles—namely: iron and the manufactures thereof; the manufactures of tobacco, cotton, wool, and leather; coal, salt, sugar, molasses, glass, paper, cordage, cotton bagging, hats and caps, straw hats, bonnets and braid, and earthenware.

The total amount of these articles produced in the U. States, by the table, is $331,198,859; upon which, if the enhanced price be equal to the duty, the tax on these articles upon the people of the United States imposed by the tariff would be $119,770,598. It was never assumed by this department, that the tax was equal to the duty; but on the contrary, that the true measure of the tax, was the difference arising from the duty, between the price of the foreign and domestic article in our own market, upon the principle contained in the extract as quoted from my annual report.

On reference to table A, it would appear, that in no instance is the enhancement of the price equal to the duty. The case of cotton bagging is not an exception, the comparison being made with gunny cloth, which, but for the duty, would be largely used as a substitute for the article generally designated as cotton bagging.

The gross revenue raised by the duties on these articles in 1845 was $18,330,452; and, deducting the expenses of collection, the nett revenue was $17,032,289; and the total tax, both on the imports and domestic articles, in order to bring this last mentioned sum into the treasury, was $94,120,857. Thus to bring a nett revenue of $17,032,289 into the treasury, there was imposed by the tariff of 1842 a tax of $94,120,857 upon the people of the United States, of which $18,336,452 was gross revenue, and the remainder, $75,784,405, constituted the enhanced price of these protected domestic articles.

The actual amount of iron and all its manufactures produced in the United States to 1845, is based for Pennsylvania upon the report of the iron and coal association of that State, adding for the rest of the Union an estimated proportionate increase of one-third the increase in Pennsylvania from 1840, under the census, to 1845.

The table for iron and its manufactures, hereto annexed is marked, No. 1, and shows a total product in the United States, in 1845, of $118,295,756.

The table for coal, marked No. 2, obtained in the same manner, exhibits a total of $15, 216,807.

The table of manufacteres of cotton, marked No. 3, is compiled by taking the amount returned officially in each of the states of Massachusetts, New York, and Connecticut in 1845, and allowing a proportion to increase in the remaining States since the census of 1840; the total is $55,157,048.

The table for woollens, marked No. 4, is compiled on the same data as No. 3, and exhibits a total of $33,780,702.

The table for salt, No. 5, exhibiting a total of $2,536,542, is compiled from the census returns for 1840, with an actual return for the State of New York for 1844, and assuming a similar rate of increase for the rest of the Union.

Table No. 6, for sugar and molasses, exhibiting a total for sugar of $11,119,892, and of molasses, $2,613,248, is compiled from actual returns for the crop of Louisiana for 1845, and assuming an increase in the rest of the union, not in the ratio of Louisiana, but only correspondent to population upon the census of 1840. Cotton bagging is founded upon the amount required for the crop of 1845, deducting foreign importations. All the other amounts—namely, glass and glass ware, paper, cordage, hats and caps straw hats, bonnets and braid, earthenware, boots and shoes, and other manufactures of leather, and manufactures of tobacco, are all obtained in the following manner—namely: by taking the actual returns as above stated for 1840, and allowing a corresponding increase according to the census of 1840. The duty on all these articles is taken from the tariff of 1842, the equivalent ad valorem from the actual payments of the duties to the collectors as published in the treasury report. The imports and gross revenue are obtained in the same manner; and so also the table of the enhancement of prices, measured by the rate of duty, founded precisely upon the same data, as a proportion of the actual per centage of the imports. The actual addition to the price is based upon prices current and sales, and upon the actual difference in price of the foreign and domestic article in our own market arising from the tariff. This is founded upon actual sales, at home and abroad, a comparison of the foreign and domestic prices current, including the charges and transportation of articles, together with numerous invoices based upon actual importations and sales, and furnished heretofore, by merchants of the highest character.

Wherever any difference was presented in comparing these data, the lowest sum has invariable been taken, so as to leave, in the opinion of the department, the sum at least, as stated at $75,784,405, as the amount upon the sixteen enumerated articles in the table A actually paid in enhanced prices to the protected classes. These are the results, based, not upon theory but, upon the fact of the actual difference in price, of our own and similar foreign articles, taking the actual difference of price, and of sales, adding to the price of the foreign article all charges, including freight, &c., so as to exhibit the sales here of such foreign article as if there were no duty. Such are the facts; but the theory is advanced, that by the domestic competition created by high duties, the prices of our own articles are ultimately brought down to that of the foreign. Now, no article can be permanently produced, that is to be sold in any country for any length of time, below the actual cost of the production of such article in that country. Thus, if we take the case of sugar produced from the cane, which is a tropical plant, the cost of producing it in a climate where there is at least some winter and frost, situate nearly seven degrees north of the tropic, the season and the laws of nature forbid that any duty, however high, or any competition, however great, can bring down the cost of production to the cost of producing the same article in a tropical climate. Thus ever since the acquisition of Louisiana, sugar has been subjected to a duty nearly always equal, and for many years higher, than the present rate; and yet the relative difference between the foreign and domestic article, and of the cost of production, is nearly as it was when the high duty commenced half a century since.

The citizen of Key West now purchases our own or foreign sugar there at a price of nearly 5 cents a pound. In six hours he reaches Havana, and there purchases a similar article at nearly one-half the price, and nothing but the duty can occasion the difference of price.

An American citizen crosses the river from Detroit to Canada, and purchases there, separated only by a distance of half a mile from the American shore, similar articles at one-quarter less than the price at Detroit.—Nothing but the duties can occasion this difference, otherwise the price would be the same at both places.

We have had a protective and *quasi* protective tariff from 1789 to the present period, with a short interval of a few years; and yet this alleged domestic competition, occasioned by protective duties, is nearly as far removed from reducing the price of the great mass of the protected articles to the foreign price, as it was when the system commenced. The truth is that, from a great variety of causes, natural and artificial, the cost of production varies from one to many thousand per cent. in different countries, and no legislative enactments can change the soil, climate, or seasons, or reverse all existing circumstances, so as to equalize the cost of producing all articles in all countries. Competition, therefore, cannot produce this result, and even if it ultimately could, the system of taxation is going on, and one generation is being subjected to heavy burdens, in the hope that another, or still more remote generation, at some distant period of years or centuries, may be enabled to get the domestic articles at the same price as if there were no duties. But this theory seems to overlook the fact that competition, and a struggle for the trade of the world are going on in all other countries, and that this very competition, striving to overcome protective duties, is producing, perhaps, nearly the same rate of reduction abroad as the domestic competition at home, leaving the difference just as great as when the process commenced. But in the mean time the system of duties has been going on—taxing one class for the benefit of another, and greatly reducing the entire mass of the national wealth, by having driven so large an amount of capital from its natural channels into artificial pursuits, for which the country was either not prepared, or its soil and climate unsuited. The true measure of the progress of a nation's wealth is the progressive profit of all its industry; and the aggregate of this profit must be reduced by restricting its commerce, reducing its exports, forcing its capital by legislation into otherwise unproductive pursuits, thus taxing one portion of the people for the benefit of another, being a mere legislative transfer of money from one class to another, and not a creation of wealth or additioe to it.

As illustrative of the difference between free trade and high duties, it is proved, that, in the absence of any tariff, agricultural products are dearer in Oregon than with us, whilst a vast number of articles that have performed the circuit of the globe, around the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn, notwithstanding the heavy freight, are much lower there than with us.

Herein is added a table marked D. of domestic products, from Tucker's Progress of the United States, compiled from the census of 1840, presenting an aggregate result of annual products for that year of $1,065,134,786. Of this amount, there is $239,836,224 for manufactures, nearly all of which is protected; there is $42,358,761 for mining, nearly all protected; there is $16,885,060 for the forest, a small portion of which is protected; there is $11,996,008 for the fisheries, a small portion of which is protected; $654,387,597 for agriculture, a very inconsiderable portion of which (including sugar, wool, hemp, &c.,) is also protected, and $79,721,086 for commerce. It is clear, from a reference to these tables, that at least 270,000,000 of the above products are protected, leaving nearly 800,000,000 of the amount (chiefly agricultural products) unprotected. Now it has been often clearly proved that, under the census of 1840, the returns of the various products of the United States are very imperfectly given—first, because the requisite number of questions were not propounded; second, because answers were often refused to these questions from a fear of direct taxation, and other causes; and third, from want of accurate knowledge, or inadvertence in many of those collecting the information. From these causes, as well as from many known facts, the total amount of our products has been estimated by practical men, as well as distinguished statesmen, at not less at the present period than $2,000,000,000, being nearly double the amount shown by the census of 1840, and much larger than would be the mere result of the progress of products, although they accumulate more speedily than population. That this amount does exceed $2,000,000,000 is believed to be rendered nearly certain by the following facts. There was compiled by the authority of the legislature of Massachusetts, statistics of the condition and products of the several branches of industry in that State, for the year ending April 1st, 1845. By the census of 1840, there was a product of Massachusetts of $75,470,297, which, according to the returns of 1845, had been increased to $117,042,648. That this amount, large as it is, is very far below the actual result, is distinctly announced in the publication of the work, by the secretary of state of Massachusetts. Taking, however, the amount returned, and estimating the present population of the Union at twenty-one millions of people, and of Massachusetts, in 1845, at 811,470, it would make in the United States an aggregate product of $3,028,839,000. Now whilst manufactures have not increased so speedily in other States as in Massachusetts, yet population and agricultural products have augmented in a much larger ratio in many States and Territories; Massachusetts in that respect being far below the median increase.

In any view of the case, the totality of the annual products of the United States, at this time, cannot be less than two thousand millions of dollars, and the protected articles five hundred millions, upon which the people are compelled to pay tax of $142,091,155, if the rate be the same on the five hundred millions, comparing the total tax of $94,120,857, with the amount of $331,198,859, being the value of protected articles, enumerated in table A.

In assuming, in table A. $94,120, 857 as the total tax from gross revenue and enhanced prices, no estimate has been made of the additional tax imposed upon three-fourths of the American people, constituting the unprotected class, who raise three-fourths of the annual products, by the diminished price of their productions from the prohibition or restriction of their exchange in foreign markets. The truth is, that the enhancement in price of the protected articles is about equal to the diminished price of the unprotected. Wealth may be transferred, but not created, by legislation. It is labor only that creates all wealth; and the operation of the tariff adds nothing to the aggregate wealth of the country, because it does not increase labor. It only transfers its profits from one class to another, and the enhancement in price on the one hand is met by a corresponding reduction on the other. Like action and reaction, or the meeting of equal forces in mechanics, the results are neutralized, and the aggregate price is left unchanged. This is not only founded upon the best settled principles of political economy and of sound reasoning, but is confirmed by experience throughout the world. The evidence attached to the treasury report clearly establishes by numerous witnesses, the following positions:

1st. That the profits of agriculture unprotected are less than one-half the average profits of manufacturers.

2d: That the price of agricultural products, and the profits of agriculture, have fallen very much since the tariff of 1842, compared with the profits and prices of manufactures.

3. That the profits of manufacturers have greatly augmented since the tariff of 1842; whilst the price of labor may have appeared to augment in particular places, it has fallen in others, and the result could not be otherwise; for if the profits of three-fourths of the people raising the unprotected articles are reduced by the tariff to an extent equal in the aggregate to the augmentation of prices and profits accuring to the protected class, the result throughout the Union, so far as the price of labor is concerned, depending upon its profits, would at least be equalized, if, indeed, it were not reduced by the fact that three-fourths of the products of American labor is unprotected, as well as three-fourths of the people by whom the unprotected articles are produced.

Assuming these positions, the tax on the unprotected class, and the corresponding benefits to those which are protected, would be still farther augmented. But it is not deemed proper to discuss that topic in this report, but to limit the inquiry to the enhancement of prices, in answer to the resolution of the Senate.

The estimate of this enhancement of prices is based upon all the data within the power of the department at this period. It is a most interesting and comprehensive inquiry, and would require, for its complete elucidation, much time and more full and accurate statistical details than any which are now to be obtained.

By unremitting labor, since the 16th of July last, (the date of my last report to the Senate,) this answer has been prepared, and is submitted to its indulgent consideration with a full conviction that every proper allowance will be made for all its imperfections, arising from the short period within which it was necessary to present the result.

Most respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
R. J. WALKER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To Hon. GEORGE M. DALLAS,
Vice President of the United States,
and President of the Senate.

The London Herald thus talks about the settlement of the Oregon question.

"As the matter now stands, England is in the degrading position of having been induced, by dint of menances and bluster to accept terms which have been thrice rejected—nay, terms less favorable than those which have been thrice offered and thrice rejected. But the proceedings are just what might be expected from the miserable cowardice of the late government. Mr. Polk stormed and threatened, and forced Sir Robert Peel into accepting his terms; in like manner Mr Cobden agitated and threatened to hold the minister responsible, and the minister accordingly yielded, and is now one of Mr Cobden's most enthusiastic admirers. Soon, no doubt, we shall hear of Mr Polk's irresistable appeals to reason, and his pure and disinterested motives."

TEUTON STORY. The papers are authority for the following:

"A child of one of the crew of the British ship Peacock, during the action with the U. S. vessel Hornet, amused himself with chasing a goat between decks.—Not the least terrified with the destruction and death all around him, he presisted till a cannon ball came and took off both hind legs of the goat; when, seeing her disabled, he jumpped astride her crying, "Now I've caught ye!"

☞ The N. Y. News says, all persons in Illinois, from the East of Indiana, are called "Sackurized Yankees."

☞ It is said every species of grape can be successfully cultivated in Texas.

☞ Gen. Taylor's entire available force is set down at fifteen thousand men.

☞ Why is a good wife like the devil? Because, while her husband sleeps, she *sows tares.*—*Post.*

Congress.

Wednesday, July 29.

In the SENATE Mr Lewis called up the Sub Treasury bill, and the various amendments reported by the committee were agreed to. A motion was made to amend by establishing a branch mint at Detroit, which was rejected—yeas 18 nays 28.

Several other amendments reported from the finance committee, were agreed to without debate. An amendment to the 21st section, the object of which was to authorize the issue of *paper money* by the government *without limit*, in the shape of Treasury drafts in sums of fifty dollars and five hundred dollars, was strongly opposed by Mr Benton as changing the whole principle of the bill, and making the sub treasury nothing more than a mammoth bank of issue.

After some further debate the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE the Speaker announced the Warehousing bill to be the order of the day.

The bill to reduce the tariff was received from the Senate.

Mr Lloyd moved to proceed to its consideration.

The motion was agreed to—yeas 118, nays 100.

Mr McKay got the floor and moved to concur in the amendments, on which the previous question was demanded.

The amendment of the Senate was concurred in.—Yeas 115, nays 93.

The House refused to reconsider the vote. *So the tariff bill has finally passed both Houses.*

The House then went into committee of the whole on the Postage bill, and soon after rose for want of a quorum.

Thursday July 30.

The SENATE took up and concurred in the resolution of the House, providing for the letting out of the printing by contract.

The amendment of the Senate committee to the Sub Treasury bill, which provides for the exchange of drafts at par was stricken out, and the bill was ordered to be ingrossed for a third reading. The final vote will be taken tomorrow, and the bill will become a law.

In the HOUSE, the main business was upon the bill amendatory of the new postage law. A substitute for the entire bill was offered, and after considerable discussion—rejected. The whole matter was then laid over.

The French Spoliation bill was taken up and briefly discussed, but no question taken.

Semi-Official Despatches by the Steamer Princeton from Vera Cruz.

By Electric Telegraph to the New York Sun.

The Southern Mail is in, bringing New Orleans papers to 23d. The Princeton arrived at Pensacola on the 20th, 5 days from Vera Cruz. A few days before the departure of the Princeton, she, with the Cumberland and Potomac, proceeded 12 miles up the coast from Vera Cruz to take in supplies. While there the enemy concentrated a force of 300 Mexicans, who fired on our boats and wounded one man. The Princeton, lying close by, opened her fire upon the chapparel and concealed breastworks, and soon silenced the battery.

The Mexican account of the affair is, that they had 3 men killed and several wounded, and that we lost our officer and some men. Our account is, that the Mexicans had 8 or 9 wounded and 3 killed, and on our side only one man wounded.

Arista had issued a proclamation to the troops of the division, declaring that his and their honor was affected by the disastrous action of the 9th May, and states that he has demanded an investigation, which the Government had granted.

Gen Paredes had not left Mexico for the army of the north.

The proposed movement of Gen Taylor upon Montery was well known in all parts of Mexico. The people of Montery were getting much alarmed. The army formerly under Arista was at Linares, under Mejia, about 4,000 strong.

Police Court.

July 31.

Com. vs. Daniel Sullivan—common drunkard—6 months in the house of correction.

Dennis Baily—larceny—3 months in house of correction.

August 1.

Albion W. Bartle—larceny—ordered to recognize in $200, with sureties for his appearance at the October term, and for want thereof was committed.

COUP DE SOLEIL. The Missouri Reporter discourses at length upon this subject, sustaining Dr. Turner and ourselves in the opinion that an immediate application of alcoholic stimulants is the most serviceable remedy that can be employed. The general belief is that, in attacks of the kind alluded to, the brain is the organ chiefly affected, is erroneous—the heart and lungs being principally concerned. The heart and nervous system become paralyzed, and the blood cannot circulate in consequence of losing its fluidity.—Southern physicians employ brandy and cayenne, and shower baths in their cures. As we may have more "hot" weather, we advise our readers to preserve this paragraph.—*Morning News.*

☞ We believe our master-mechanics, the carpenters especially, are pretty unanimous in the opinion that they get as much work from their hands under the ten hour system, as they did before it was adopted.—Even if this was not the fact, the system should generally prevail. A man can do as much work in ten hours as he ought to do, if not as much as he can do, in twelve or fourteen. 'Tis a pity our factory owners would not consider this, instead of spending their time in trying to get up a panic.—*Providence Sentinel.*

THE FRAUD, The "horror" of the N. Y. Commercial will be permitted to subside. The extracts from the Boston Atlas, on which the editor's exclamations are piled up, are written by a sueerling car on the Kennebec river, whose word would not be taken, on political matters for a pound of bullock's liver.—*Portland Argus.*

RAILWAY TO ASIA. The distance to China, from New York, by the ordinary route, is about 18,000 miles; time required from 10 to 12 months. Should a Railway be made across Oregon to the Pacific, the distance would be 5400 miles, and time *twenty-one days.*

THE COURT OF DEATH. This beautiful and Magnificent painting is highly spoken of by the many people visiting it. It may be seen afternoon and evening.

☞ G. W. Chostoy's store, Providence, was robbed Wednesday night, of goods to the amount of $1000.

☞ Henry Coy, of Indiana county, Pa., committed suicide on the 23d instant, by hanging himself.—He was about 65 years of age.

☞ At Savannah, Geo. on the 17th instant, the weather was so cold that fires became necessary for comfort.

☞ The State Treasurer of Pennsylvania has given notice that the interest on the State Stocks will be paid on Saturday, at the Pennsylvania Bank.

☞ Exercise, air, good temper and temperance, are the principal sources of growth, health and longevity.

☞ We see by the Providence Daily Sentinel that house pilferers infest that City.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

Published weekly at 128 Fulton st., New York, (Sun Building,) by MUNN & COMPANY. RUFUS PORTER, Editor. Each number is furnished at a heavy expense, with from THREE to SIX ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS, illustrative of NEW INVENTIONS, Scientific Principles, Curiosities, &c.; and contains as much interesting intelligence as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of *Mechanical* and *Scientific Improvements*, American and Foreign Inventions, Scientific Essays on Mechanics, *Chemistry*, *Architecture*, Curious Experiments, Miscellany, Poetry, Music, *Instruction* in various *Arts* and *Trades*; best methods of cultivating *The Farm*, building out-houses, draining, raising stock, &c.

☞Terms $2 a year, *One Dollar* in *Advance*. Specimen copies promptly sent whenever desired. All letters should be addressed (post paid) to MUNN & COMPANY, Publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York City. jy21a6t*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and Scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9-1m

Read the following voluntary tribute to WISTAR'S BALSAM, from the Kinderhook N. Y. Sentinel, datue July 31, 1845:

"HOPE NEVER DIES."

The extraordinary virtues of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the cure of Pulmonary complaints, have been attested by so many persons, that he who doubts its efficacy must be in truth a very skeptic. A remarkable cure of Consumption has recently been effected by this medicine in the town of Chatham, in this County, and which was related to us by Dr Herrick, an eminent physician of that town, to whom we have permission to refer. A young lady, who had long labored under an affection of the lungs, and who had been under the care of several physicians without experiencing any relief, was considered by her friends as beyond the reach of medicine, and she was informed by her medical attendant that she must die. All her own premonitions, also, pointed to the grave. Fortunately, she was induced to send to the Kinderhook Bookstore for a bottle of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

as a last resort in her critical situation. Before its contents were exhausted, the young lady experienced great relief, and two more bottles were successfully procured and administered. She is now happy in the restoration of health, and blesses the day when she first resorted to the use of this healing balsam.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Pjy30ap14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6aeh m

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. B. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN D'SEAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, Agents for Lowell. Jet1

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tuduvne28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in said county, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Bachelder will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the tenth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Bachelder, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug1 A3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BUSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2mpeow

TWO VOTERS.—The Mayor and Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of Voters on Saturday evening next from half-past 7 to half-past 8 o'clock; and on Monday morning next, August 3d, from 8 to 9 o'clock. By order of the Board,

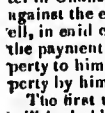
THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, July 29, 1846. jy30a2t

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.



The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyneon, Agent at New Orleans. jy30

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the best prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,

jy30 tf 58, Central St.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home as better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 26 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25a1f

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 28th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL G. HOUGHTON, of Lowell, in said County, teamster, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Houghton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the eighth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Houghton, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

jy28a3t Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,

(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO

KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.

jy25 a1f

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.

CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent, on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
—			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1967
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 59	37 54	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.

EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.

ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,

dec18a7a&sr6wly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. A1m*

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. s&plymar6

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. my19a1f

LOWELL MUSEUM.

PRICE OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL, and *Conflagration of Charlestown*, together with the new and magnificent Moving Panoramas, Drop Scenes, &c., on TUESDAY EVENING, July 7, 1846, and every Evening until further notice, commencing at 8 1-4 o'clock. Also, every *Saturday Afternoon*, commencing at 3 o'clock.

In order to give all a chance to witness this splendid representation, the Proprietor has been induced to reduce the price of admission so that, after this date, tickets admitting two persons at once will be only 25 Cts., or only one half the usual price of admission to exhibitions of this kind.

☞Schools in a body admitted on Saturday Afternoons at 10 cts. each.

Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. ajy9

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw8w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or on such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy29a2aw8w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With Immediate Dispatch.



Goes up to the city without lightering:

The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. je18

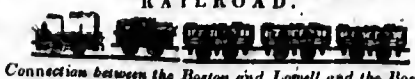
DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS.
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 10, 1846. je11a1f

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz;

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Trains now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—8 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MAY STATEMENT.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—(Office No. 11 Wall street,)—issued during the month of May 207 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	83	To Brokers	3
Manufacturers	9	See'y of Insurance Company	1
Mechanics	12	Bank Tellers	2
Clergymen	12	Civil Engineers	4
Physicians	5	Agents	2
Lawyers	4	Bookkeepers	2
Teachers	7	Clerks	14
Students	4	Innkeepers	3
Editors and Printers	5	Ladies	16
Public Officer	1	Gentlemen	5
Sea Captains and Mariners	4	Cartmen	2
Farmers	6	Servants	1
	152		55
			152

No. Lives Insured.....207

ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President.

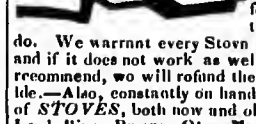
BENJ. C. MILLER, Secretary.

JOS. L. LORD, Agent,

JAS. STEWART, M. D., Medical Examiner, No. 621 Broadway.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent for Lowell; GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician. je13atf

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. np28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Church at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of August next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,—The Brick Church on Hurd street, of the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell. It will be sold subject to a mortgage for $5000 to the Middlesex Company. The amount over that will be payable in cash on delivery of the deed, or in good bankable notes in 3, 6 and 9 months, with interest.

The Church is centrally and eligibly situated, well built and nearly new, and is a very valuable and desirable property for any religious society. jy30

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—1 share in Chelmsford Manufacturing Company. jy30 E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium; to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. edv1ymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manille, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS;

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obducing regularity in all cases of female irregularity) suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proer causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and effe; and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or of my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

DR. F. MORRILL.

aug 16—1y

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore; such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas; Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY; and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75:
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00:
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50:
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25:
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomely done. je30tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, directly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine and coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. mh26a3m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that

DR. M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the Suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vexatiingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false quotidians pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his cure, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies met with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy. That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. nlyjan22

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

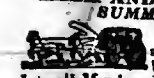
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 11 o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.

Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhea, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills. Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 — TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

jel1A6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia; Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure in to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly. FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 ndv&paly

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Mussey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Wolker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HEWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREDOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since this illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, in which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&apply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Samlwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was rapidly restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co., City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 91.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates,
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
Wm. Conner, Sec'y. D. W. Clark, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 Atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Masonic Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidera, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. a30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET-MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je18a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

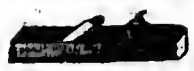
I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } Vice Presidents.
Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 Aly.

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je18 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore*....LOWELL. 6in
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last two years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or sciatic Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is conducting such a class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyang30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is compound of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.*, by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 A&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly&pr4

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly6

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, *among the many*, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mewe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,	
William North,	" Elizabeth Hill,	
Amos Holt,	" John Ayer,	
George Walker,	" Mark Andrews.	

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnov8 apoct22

☞ The following lines were written by a young English mechanic, now on a visit to this country, to his young wife on the other side of the Atlantic. They speak the pure language of affection, and feelings which are an honor to man's nature.—*Essex Banner.*

To Annie.

I see thee now in beauty sit
Close by thy mother's side;
The flame which in thy eye is lit,
My sweet, my bonny bride!

I see thy tresses gently wave
Adown thy blooming cheek;
I weep and mourn in accents grave
And long with thee to speak.

Methinks I see thy fairy feet
Glide softly o'er the floor;
And in my breast my heart doth beat,
Which makes me weep the more.

I love the smile upon thy brow,
The music on thy tongue;
I would give worlds to join the now,
My own sweet lovely one.

I wish that round thy waist my arm
Were like green Ivy twin'd;
Safe would I shield thy breast from harm,
And to my bosom bind;

Thy ruby lips to mine should come,
Like steel and loadstone meet;
Then we could sing of Home, sweet Home,
And share our love so sweet.

J. H.

THE MISFORTUNE OF HAVING A DOWRY.

FROM THE FRENCH OF PAUL MERIAN.

CHAPTER I.

It was the day after Low Sunday, in the year 177-, and all the cobblers of the city of——, which is the chief town of one of the small German principalities, were keeping holiday. It was not Saint Crispin's day, but the marriage of Fritz Hebber, who that day wedded Catharine Vanburn. Fritz was the sprucest and gayest youth, and besides that, the best shoemaker in the city; and Catherine was the handsomest and most charming washerwoman anywhere to be found in the neighborhood.

Early in the morning, Fritz appeared at the door of his intended. He was dressed from head to foot in coat, vest and breeches, all of new camblet. His hose were carefully drawn up over his legs, his new shoes fitted him exactly, and he carried in his button hole an enormous bouquet, tied with ribands of every hue.

As for Catharine, she was already decked out in the usual white dress of brides, and carried in her zone a bouquet of orange flowers, which diffused their last perfumes upon the last moments of her maidenhood.

Never did more joyous hearts ratify with greater willingness the vows of union and love, which the spouses were not long in pronouncing. Fritz it is true was not rich, but did he not have an erm to labor, and was he not the best workman of his calling in the city? They would live in humble circumstances, without doubt, but yet in happiness. Fritz would love his Catharine tenderly, and if God should send them children, he would also send bread for their support. On returning from the church, all directed their steps to the suburbs, where, under a bower which had more hoops than leaves, tables were spread for all who might attend. At the moment of sitting down to the repast, it was observed that the new married couple had disappeared. There was great confusion. All were willing to wait a little while, but their stomachs soon lost patience. Besides that, this delay put off the hour set for the ball. A deputation was therefore immediately despatched in search of the bride and bridegroom.

Meanwhile, Fritz and Catharine were happily wending their way through the city, without pride, without envy. When the were arrived at her house, the young woman opened her trunk, which was heavily ornamented with brass, and took from it a leathern purse, perfectly new, and all ornamented with handsome embroidery, which she showed to her astonished husband to be full of golden ducats.

"This," said she, "is the surprise which I reserved for you, dear Fritz. Are you satisfied with it? I am told that this purse contains the value of ten thousand florins."

"But how have you acquired this treasure?" cried Fritz in astonishment. Catharine appeared disconcerted at this question.

"What difference does that make?" she replied, "Can't you receive the gifts of heaven without verifying them?"

"Yes," replied Fritz, "if they really come from Heaven; and that's the very thing I wish to know."

"I tell you that this gold is mine—or, rather, yours,—since I give it to you," replied Catharine somewhat hastily.

"But, for all that," continued Fritz, "you must explain to me. . . ."

Shouts mingled with bursts of laughter which came from the next room, interrupted their conversation.

"These are our friends, who are come to look for us," said Fritz, not without impatience, "and I conjure you Catharine, to tell me. . . ."

"Not to day," replied the young woman. "By and bye, if you are wise, if you love your wife well—and, above all, if you are not suspicious, jealous. . . ."

Saying these words, she opened the door, and her appearance was hailed with loud applause.

"And Fritz—where is Fritz?" inquired a dozen voices.

"Let us carry the bride off," said the first bridesman, "and I'll warrant you that it wont be long before Fritz joins us."

At this, the author of the proposition took Catharine's arm, and led her off in triumph, amid the acclamations of the party, as they followed him.

Fritz was little troubled at their departure.—Fortune had already deprived him of his gayety, and was soon to put an end to his happiness.—He took the purse, and his eyes were expanded at the sight of the ducats. The bright metal glittered and glistened in the bright sunlight.—The figure, which was stamped upon the sovereign, seemed to smile upon his golden treasure, and to promise him unknown joys. Suddenly, his imagination presented to his view, in the place of ducats, a handsome shop, filled with customers. Catharine was installed behind an ebony counter, and lords and nobles pressed in crowds around the lovely washerwoman. There stood Catharine, insensible to all this homage, with looks of tenderness for the unhappy Fritz alone. As to himself, dressed in a coat with large skirts, and brass buttons, he walked through the city with all the considerate gravity which becomes an esteemed and wealthy tradesman.

The workmen, his old companions, humbly made their obeisance to him, which he returned with a protecting and benevolent salutation. Just then, he plunged his hand into the purse, and felt among the ducats a little paper rooled up, which he immediately drew out. It was a billet, which contained the following words—words well calculated to recall his mind to reality:

"Dear and well beloved Catharine,"

Fritz rubbed his eyes—but he had read but too correctly.

"Dear and well beloved Catharine:—I send you these ducats to make use of as you mentioned to me yesterday. I could wish, my angel, the divine prescience to forsee your last desire.—Shall I ever be able to repay a part of the happiness which you have given me, since the commencement of our love! Farewell, dear Catharine! It is not your prince who embraces you—it is the first and most devoted of your servants."

The billet had for its signature the name of the reigning prince, just as it is on proclamations and ordinances. The poor husband immediately went mad. Seized with a kind of furious frenzy, he rushed out of the house, and went directly to the place where all were engaged at the ball. At his sight, at his cries, the waltzing was interrupted. Fritz stopped before Catharine, his eye haggard, his clothes all in disorder.

"Take it, miserable prostitute!" he cried with a voice of thunder, "take it. Here is your gold, and keep it to lead a happy life with those like you. I do not wish to share the price of infamy!"

So saying, he cast the purse down at Catharine's feet, but she still held to his arm.

"Fritz," said she, all in tears, "my dear Fritz, what have I done? Why these terrible words?"

Fritz stifled his emotion. He could say only these words: "The Prince, wretch! remember the Prince. Don't touch me! Don't approach me! Away! Out of my sight, if you don't wish me to commit some violence!"

He repelled poor Catharine so rudely, that she fell in the midst of the astonished dancers, and swooned. They lifted her up, and while some bathed her temples with vinegar, others questioned her, though with more curiosity than discretion. When she had recovered her senses, she looked around for Fritz, and seeing that he was gone, hid her face in her hands and sobbed bitterly. Nothing more was needed to convince many that she was guilty. The company separated in silence—and Catharine, led back to her cottage by a few of her more compassionate guests, was left to her despair with her bag of gold at her side, which she thought was to be the source of all her happiness.

[Continued]

Congress.

Friday July 31, 1846.

In the SENATE. Mr Bright gave notice that he should ask the Senate to devote to-morrow to uncontested private bills.

On motion of Mr Turney the bill to surrender certain lands to the States for the purpose of endowing State Colleges, was taken up and passed.

Mr Breese, from the committee on public lands made a report, accompanied by a bill, granting to Asa Whitney and his associates for the construction of a railway to Oregon, all the public lands within 30 miles each side of it, and asked that they be printed.

Mr Benton was astonished that a project so ridiculous should have found its way into the Senate. He should not be surprised after this, if individuals should offer to administer the government for a stipulated sum annually, and to see the proposition entertained.

Mr Breese defended the project as one of vast importance, on which the committee have reported unanimously.

Mr Benton said he would produce a large map by Mr Preston, to-morrow, which would show the road to be impracticable. He moved to lay the whole subject on the table. The Senate refused to lay it on the table, and ordered the report to be printed.

Mr Benton presented a letter from an officer of the exploring expedition, giving the result of a survay of the mouth of Columbia river, differing essentially from the report made by Capt. Wilkes, and asked to have it printed. Referred to the committee on printing.

In the HOUSE. After a call of the house had been made, it was resolved to go into Committee of the Whole and take up the Warehousing Bill from the Senate.

The Speaker called Mr Hopkins to the cheir.

The Clerk read the Bill through.

Mr Hilliard took the floor, and embraced the occasion to define his position on the Teriff question. He was for a medium course of policy.

Mr Truman Smith replied with great wermth and much severity.

Mr Bayley made a speech.

Mr Payne followed.

Mr Stewart next got the floor and made an animated speech.

The committee then rose and the House adjourned.

Saturday August 1st 1846.

In the SENATE. The Sub Treasury Bill was taken up, and the debate was continued by Messrs Niles, Speight and Calhoun, in favor of the bill, and by Messrs Evans, Simmons, Crittendon, against it. The bill was then read the third time, and passed.

YEAS—Allen, Ashley, Atchinson, Atherton, Bagby Benton, Breese, Bright, Calhoun, Cameron, Chalmers Cass, Dickinson, Dix, Fairfield, Hannegan, Houston, Lewis, Niles, Pennybecker, Rusk, Semple, Sevier, Speight, Sturgeon, Turney, Wescott, Yulee.—28.

NAYS—Archer, Barrow, Cillay, Clayton, J. M. Clayton, Corwin, Crittenden, Davis, Deyton, Evens, Green, Huntington, Jarnagin, Johnson, of Md., Johnson of La., Mangum, Miller, Moreheed, Pearce, Phelps, Simmons, Upham, Webster, Woodbridge.—24.

In the HOUSE. The Werehousing hill was passed, yeas 172, nays 52.

☞The following article is from a clergyman of great influence in the sect from which he hails, and is well conversant with the subject on which he writes.

Corporations.

Messrs. Editors:—I have been much pleased with the notice which you have from time, taken, of manufacturing establishments. There are few journals in this country independent enough to speak as it becomes the guardians of the public welfare on these subjects. This is to be regretted. The united influence of the press might soon bring about a reform in the whloe manufacturing system. As it now exists, it is a system of oppression. It grinds the faces of the poor to swell the coffers of the rich. It has but little regard to the health or life of its operatives, so that its owners can indulge themselves in mirth, pleasure and ease. The low prices of labor and the unreasonable number of hours required of the operatives, illy comport with the vast amount of the profits of these establishments. I have lived among them. I *know* the hardships, sufferings, privations and absolute distresses to which the poor operatives are subjected. The interposition of the strong arm of the law is absolutely necessary to prevent a state of things as alarming as that which now exists in England. Let the friends of human rights in the old commonwealth rouse themselves to vigorous action, and give no quarter to the Legislature, till these monopolies shall be properly restricted and guarded by legal enactments. If the farmers and mechanics of Massachusetts have any regard to the health and lives of their sons and daughters, they should make a reform in the manufacturing system a test question at the polls in the election of senators and representatives to the Legislature till the desired end shall be accomplished. Opposition to such a course may be expected; but if persevered in, it must be ultimately crowned with success. The dearest interests of our common humanity imperiously demand an exposure and reform of the abuses which our manufacturing establishments have already reached. And now is the time to strike. *Now*, before these establishments shall become deep rooted and gain strength. A WESLEYAN MINISTER.

Olive Branch.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846

☞ Protection against the pauper labor of Europe, cry the whigs! If manufacturers are obliged to sell their goods at the same prices of British goods, they cannot pay any more for their labor. Without protection we can pay for labor only the prices paid the pauper labor of Europe, say the manufacturers! Labor in England is plenty at 6d a day, and it will be no more here without we have a protective tariff, shouts northern whiggery! Such woful exclamations are nearly the sum total of the arguments for a protective tariff. The value of these may be seen from the following extract from the Democratic Review:—

In relation to English manufactures, the wages of the operatives are higher than in the United States.—The report of the Parliementary factory commissioners states, that the avarage labor in England is 69 hours per week for 11s., or 2 64. In the United States, 78 hours for 10s., or 2 40. The average in Lowell is $1 50 per week, and $1 25 for board, being $2 75 or 11s. 6d. per week. These figures show that England has no advantage over the United States in cheapness of labor.

Add to this the fact that operatives in American mills do fifty per cent. more work than the operatives in the English mills—that is, that an American operative tends three looms, at the same speed, while the English operative tends but two, and performs in all the various departments of labor about the same additional work, and then give the whig party the full benefit of all the danger there is from competition with laborers, who, for the same amount of work get fifty per cent. more pay.

THE COURT OF DEATH. This great Painting at the City Hall, is gaining a popularity never before enjoyed by any exhibition that has visited our city. It is really refreshing to have something to recommend to our readers which is not of the *flash order*. There were present last evening, over *eight hundred* delighted visitors. Mr Colton, the manager, gave a plain practical description of the painting, pointing out group after group, till he had gone through the whole. One gentlemen remarked on coming out, that it was the best temperance discourse to which he had ever listened. We expect to see the hall equally well filled this evening.

Our friends in the country are informed that the painting opens every day at 2 o'clock.

JUVENILE RASCALITY. Last Sabbath, while Mr Marshall of Tewksbury was attending divine service at the High Street Church, Belvidere, two young boys one about 12, and the other about 9, unfastened his horse, and jumping into his carriage, a four wheeled chaise, drove furiously through the streets all the afternoon. At length the horse and carriage was recognized by a friend of Mr Marshall's, who soon after returned the horse and carriage to the owner.

This is not the first time horses have been taken and driven about by these vagrent boys, and we write this to warn our friends to be careful of leaving their horses even when they are securely tied.

☞The Rev. poet who contributes to the Courier, is becoming truly patriotic—hear him—see how *free trade* stirs the poet's blood. If he does not succeed in "tearing a path" to the Temple of Fame, to use a singularly felicitious expression of his, then it is not for want of locomotive power. As for example:

"And the franchised, ransomed nations,
Now are freemen, truly free;
Blest are ALL with Hope, and Patience,
Joy and Truth, and Liberty."

EVERLASTING. The Whig papers quote, with many expressions of admiration Mr Nile's remarks concerning the "everlasting poverty" of Manufacturers. Perhaps the Connecticut Senator forgets that his recent Whig friends not long since, applied to him an epithet which he would seem at present anxious to merit—viz: that of an *everlasting fool!*

A MISTAKE. The Courier is mistaken with regard to the "Mummy" that is to be exhibited on the 4th of March, 1849. The dead body of the Whig party, defunct Federalism incarnate, will be shown then, as it ever has been from almost Egyptian antiquity, and promises to be regularly once in four years forever hereafter. Will the Courier correct his error? ●

A Baltimore paper says that there are now confined in the jail of that city, one person aged 35 years, who has been in confinement 10 days for 62½ cents; one aged 65 years, 4 days for $1; one aged 20 years, 10 days for $3 50; one aged 56 years, 9 days for $4 50; one aged 29 years, 20 days for $28; one aged 34 yrs. 28 days for $240; one aged 45 years, 72 days for $426; one aged 27 years, 61 days for $1,992.

☞The Tremont Vocalists at their concert in Boston, on Monday evening, 27th ult., for the benefit of the Nantucket sufferers, cleared above expenses $100. They have had an invitation to repeat their concert in New York preparatory to taking a tour to the falls of Niagara. &c.

George Hunnewell has been arrested in Cambridge, charged with setting fire to his mother's house, which was burned on Sunday morning. A brother of his, in attempting to save some of his personal effects, perished in the flames. He has the reputation of being a desperate character.

A NEW WAY TO GET SUBSCRIBERS. A Vermont editor advertises that there are lots of pretty girls promenading the principal streets of this village, and that any person who will subscribe for his paper, and pay in advance may have the privilege of looking at their pretty faces.

☞Mr KELLOG the Temperance champion from Ohio, and the Rev. Mr Hale, former editor of this paper, but late agent of the N. H. State Temperance Society, will address the friends of temperance, this evening at 7½, at the Rev. Mr Miner's Church.

Resignation of Miss Penhallow.

At a meeting of the School Committee of Lowell, held this day, the following communication having been received and the following resolutions adopted, it was voted that a copy of the same be presented to the editor of the Lowell Advertiser for publication in that paper.

LOWELL, Aug. 3, 1846.

Copy of a note from Miss Lucy B. Penhallow to Dr John O. Green.

"Dr. JOHN O. GREEN:—

Will you permit me through you as sub-committee for the High School, to make known to the board my intention to resign my situation as Principal of the Female Department, at the close of the present term.

"Accept, sir, my very sincere thanks for your personal kindness which ever since I have been connected with the school, has been ready to appreciate my efforts and overlook my deficiences.

"Very respectfully yours,

L. E. PENHALLOW."

July 21, 1846.

Copy of Resolutions of the School Committee.

1. "*Resolved*, That the resignation of Miss PENHALLOW as Principal of the Female Department of the Lowell High School, be accepted, to take effect at the end of the present quarter.

2. "*Resolved*, That in view of the dissolution of this connection which has existed more than five years, the School Committee record their sense of the distinguished ability, unwearied fidelity, and great success with which all the interests of the institution have been watched over by Miss PENHALLOW, as also their conviction that at no former period has the School been more flourishing than at the present, and the relation between pupils and teachers more agreeable or useful.

FREDERICK PARKER,
"Sec'y School Committee."

"Our First Men."

A writer in the Boston Transcript over the signature of Junius thus speaks:—

Mr. Editor—The articles going the rounds of the papers headed "*our first men*" convey a mistake as well as a palpable absurdity. It is high time that the phrase should be appropriated correctly or the sentiment rebuked. If the writers of these articles would come out and state definitely that they only mean the first in a pecuniary sense, acknowledging that some so included would be the last in any honorable or ennobling catalogue, *then* we might pardon the designation. This everlasting talking and writing about "our first men" without any qualification, when dollars and cents are only meant, and the passage of the phrase into sober and serious conversation, learning it to our children, and coining it among them as an expression of respect to a high class in the community—*this* ought to be intolerable, and it certainly is most ludicrous. It is notwithstanding, an odd custom of the times—of an age which is so often danominated, *utilitarian*. Respectability, amongst us, is too generally estimated by dollars and cents, whilst the true philosophy of human nature—all that *should* raise a man amongst the first of his race is quite overlooked or forgotten. What is the first attribute of a man? We answer a spiritual, moral, and intellectual nature; and, if the culture of such pre-eminent qualifications, does not raise him in the world's estimation—if on the contrary, a mere money-making faculty is to be the mark of promotion, whilst the mind and the heart are a perfect desolation, a moral waste, an intellectual nudity—then, blockaday, for "our first men."

One would like to see a catalogue of "our first men" in reality! Methinks "many that are first would be last, and the last first." The fact is, that many of those engaged in the common walks of life, in the work-shop, on the farm, or even associated with the more elevated classes of society—men, who have as yet not attained notariety—have not become objects of public notice, or the popular speech—men whose great souls and enlarged faculties of thought, have saved them from an all-engrossing covetousness of money, and sunk their pecuniary into their intellectual prominence. The world idolizes money, and thus when "our first men" are reckoned up lo! it is the "silver dollar and the copper cent" which confer upon them this primary importance.

WHAT'S THIS? When the Tariff Bill was introduced into Congress, the Southern Recorder, Milledgeville, Ga. a whig paper said great exultation:

"It will not fail to strike the intelligent reader that the democracy have in this, their great tariff measure, come *over completely and boldly to the whig ground*, and taken such position, that southern whigs, at least, will find no difficulty in the way of a most cordial support of the measure.

"We congratulate our southern members that they have the good fortune of so easily sustaining their own views, by the measures of our former opponents. They will, of course as cordially support the general measure, as reported by the democracy, as if it had emenated from a whig majority."

A BEAUTIFUL BOQUET. Mr Allen of Powtucket Garden brought into our office and presented to us a very beautiful boquet this morning,—and since, the atmosphere of our sanctum has been filled with a perfume that would rival the aromas of India.

REGALIA. Mr Allen informs us that the Washington Band will play at Pawtucket Garden next Thursday evening, Aug. 6. Tickets 12½ cents, the full value of which will be returned in refreshments and flowers.

☞The Post says, on Thursday, about 2 o'clock Mr John Hezewell, of Columbus, Ohio, had his pocket book stolen. Contents, $1125 in bank bills, and several papers of value. He thinks he must have been dogged to and from the broker's office in State street.

KIDNAPPING. The Memphis Eagle of the 17th says that Wm. Harris, a preacher, dentist &c., has been convicted there for kidnapping a slave boy from Mr Bowles, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

ALDERMAN. A whig wishes us to inquire where and when the meeting was held that nominated Isaac Cooper for Alderman? He says there has been no *public* meeting.

☞Brasman the postmaster at Little Rock, O., has been convicted of purloining money,—the sum taken was *one dollar*, and the penalty is ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

☞The Albany Argus says, the Albany sloop-of-war is in a state of rapid progress at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The workmen are engaged in placing her masts.

☞A London paper says that a cat, having lost her kittens, was seen following a street piemen, mewing very disconsolately. This is regarded as one of the most wonderful exhibition of animal instinct upon record.

☞The Washington Brass Band will play Wednesday evening at the junction of Lawrence street with Tyler street—if the weather prove fair—if not, Friday evening.

Arrival of the Steamship Hibernia.



Twelve days later from Europe.

This steamer arrived in Boston Monday morning at 5 o'clock, having sailed on the 19th, and bringing London papers of the 18th of July, and Liverpool of the 19th.

The cotton market is firm, with good steady business, and prices have an upward tendancy.

The corn trade is in a lethargic state, owing to the large quantities which were released from bond a fortnight ago at the low duty, and which has more or less, affected the market since.

The American Provision market as regards Beef, has been in a quiescent state, with drooping prices.

Business, on the whole, is in a more active and settled state than it has been for some time past. The manufacturing districts are busy, and confidance prevails.

The Iron trade has received an impetus during the last fortnight.

The new ministry has got fairly to work, and the business of the country is again in a state of progression.

The money market has been inanimate, and the French Funds remain nearly as they were.

THE OREGON TREATY. The Hibernia brought out the Oregon Treaty, ratified by the British Government, under the hand of its Foreign Minister, Lord Palmerston. This important document was signed by his lordship and the Hon. Mr M'Lane on Friday, the 17th, at the Foreign Office, and afterwards conveyed to Liverpool, despatch by the Hibernia, by Mr M'Lane, who, before he leaves this town, will pass a few days as the visitor of William Brown, Esq. of Richmond-Hill.

In the House of Lords, on the 17th, the Marquis of Landsdowne rose, and said, that it was his duty to lay before their Lordship's House the Treaty concluded between her Majesty and the Government of the United States in reference to the Oregon territory. He had the satisfaction of informing their lordships that the ratifications had that day been exchanged.

A similar communication was made in the House of Commons by Lord Palmerston, who appeared at the bar, and stated that he had a paper to present by command of her Majesty. He then took it to the table, and added that he had great satisfaction in informing the House that the document was a treaty recently concluded between Great Britain and the United States for settling the Oregon boundary. The ratification had been exchanged this day by the Minister of the United States himself.

Several of the Paris papers express the opinion that, in the matter of the Oregon treaty, England has made the most humiliating concessions for the sake of peace.

There is nothing very important from either Spain, France or Portugal.

IMPORTANT FROM THE ARMY!—Camargo taken without opposition!!

Baltimore, Sunday, Aug. 2, 9½ P. M.

Intelligence has been received at New Orleans from Brazos de Santiago up to July 20th.

General Taylor was at Matamoras superintending and pushing forward the recruits.

Camargo was taken by six companies of the Seventh Regiment, without firing a gun. Carrajahal witnessed the affair at a short distance, but made not the least opposition.

There were only three hundred troops at Montery. No opposition this side of Reynosa.

There was a report in the Army that negotiations were on foot for peace.

The volunteers were suffering severely from diarrhœa.

Nothing had been heard of Mexicans in force.

The U.S. frigate Raritan and schooner Flirt were at Pensacola.

Protection.

A correspondent of the Essex Transcript of July 30, holds forth in the following language:—

To show more clearly just WHO the leading Whigs and tariff Democrats are so zealously striving to "protect," I will again call the attention of your readers to the extract you last week copied from the speech of Mr Stewart:

"He would rejoice to see the South as prosperous and as happy as the North. They had all the elements of wealth and prosperity in profusion around them—the raw materials and bread stuffs, minerals, and water-power in abundance, running to waste. If they would follow him to offer them advice, it would be to abandon an exploded and ruinous policy; follow the example of the North, and share in their prosperity. Instead of coming here repining and complaining that the North was rich and prosperous, making forty or fifty per cent profit on their capital, whilst the South realise but four or five, just turn round, quit your four or five per cent profits, and go to work at forty or fifty. If the tariff was confined to the North, you might complain; but it was free to all alike—North and South, East and West. Go to the hammer and the loom, the furnace and the forge, and become prosperous in your turn. All these blessings are within your reach, if you will be put forth you hands to grasp them; they are offered freely to your acceptance. You enjoy great advantages. You have not only all the advantages enjoyed by the North for manufacturing, but you have other superadded; you supply the raw material, and, above all, you have *labor without wages*, perfectly available for such purposes; the hands of the young and old, now useless for the field, might, in factories, become highly profitable and productive operatives."

WHO was he addressing? "YOU," among other great advantages "have *Labor without wages*."—the italics are Mr Stewarts—Not the laborer—*they* have no mineral lands, water power, or raw meteriel—not even wages for their labor. And yet the South is to share with the North the advantages of "protection." Freedom, comfort, independence, intelligence and social respectability to the laborer! Are these famous protectionist striving to secure these things? No—verily!—Mr Stewart says virtually "We of the North labor under the great *disadvantage* of being obliged to give our operatives WAGES." The "Honorable doctrines" of Mr Brownson, which were so freely circulated in the election of 1840, and which so horrified the good Whigs, have assumed a tangible form. The The South is using, and the months of Northern Manufacturers are watering after "LABOR WITHOUT WAGES," as the very *protection* the extremest of "*advantages*", for the business. I rather think it would be better for the "business," as it is understood by these men, to introduce the system here. How the cotton Lords and the woollen Lords would roll in wealth if it were not for "*Wages*."

What! O, ye Northern laborers! do you think of *such* protection? How it must *elevate* your social position before the world, to be contrasted *to your disadvantage*, with slaves! What perfect security you must feel for your rights, and for the permanent lucrativeness of your labor, when the men in whose hands you have committed your political interests, hanker after, and recommend as an "advantage"—"labor without wages!"

Yours,

FREE LABOR.

A RACE. A bull chased Mr Ryan of the Stackpole House Boston, across a pasture, and finally drove the landlord into a tree. This affair came off in Milton.

☞The U. S. Court was organized in Galveston, Texas, on the 13th. The first regular term is fixed for the third Monday in November.

☞Hambolt gives some amusing words heard in the conversation of the native Mexicans. A kiss is called *tetenamiquilistli*. It feels just the way it is spelt.

☞The Collections in New York, for the Nantucket sufferers will exceed $10,000.

THE TARIFF OF 1842 AND 1846 COMPARED.—A comparison of the rates of duties upon some of the articles as actually paid under the tariff of 1842, and to be levied on the same by the tariff to come into operation Dec. 1st, 1846, is given in the Washington Union:

	1842.	'46.
LUXUARIES.		
Wines—Champagne,	12	30
Burgandy,	9	30
Madeira,	5	30
Carpets.—Wilton Carpets,	28	30
Turkey,	28	30
Glass—Polished plate, 22 by 14 inches,	27	30
Glove's—Gentlemen's real kid,	22	30
Ladies'	21	30
Gentleman's real French buck	18	30
Braces—India Rubber, costing 17 sech and above	30	30
Paper—Billiatdoux, or feney note,	30	30
Gilt,	25	30
Pastes—Balsams, cosmatics, and perfumes,	25	30
Silks—Pocket hdkfs. made from fine silk,	16	25
Silk velvets,	20	25
Brocade silks for dresses,	14	25
Flennels—Archer's unshrinking, costing 90 cents,	20	30
Silk and wool flannels, costing $1 the square yard,	14	30
Hair carled for mattresses,	10	20
Chocolate,	12	20
Sardines, and other fish prepared in oil,	20	40
Furniture of cedar wood, satin wood &c.	39	40
Gems—Pearls and precious stones when set	7	30
Imitations thereof,	7½	30
Cameos and imitations thereof, and on mosaic,	7½	30
Jewelry—Composed of gold, silver, or platina,	20	30
ARTICLES OF GENERAL USE, &c.		
Wines—Sicily Madeira, (low priced)	49	30
Spices—Pimento,	120	40
Ginger,	53	40
Cassia,	61	40
Carpeting—Treble Ingrain,	73	30
Ingrain,	36	30
Iron—Bar or bolt iron,	73	30
Nail or spike rods,	99	30
Cut or wrought iron spikes,	168	30
Hoop iron,	116	30
Blacksmith's hammars and sledges,	52	30
Iron chains other than chain cables,	101	30
Wrought do. for ships, locomotives, and steam engines,	88	30
Smoothing irons, hatters' and tailors' pressing do.	66	30
Wood screws,	66	30
Coal,	69	30
Glass—Plain, moulded, or pressed tumblers,	137	30
Gloves—Yellow sheep, called Hoxemtan, (wagoner's, and reaping gloves)	90	30
Imitation buck,	55	30
Women's imitation kid,	70	30
Braces—India Rubber costing 5f. or 93 cts. the dozen,	62½	30
Paper—Medium, foolscap, &c.	53	30
Segar, commonly called brown sugar,	62	30
Vinegar,	52	30
Salt,	76	20
Cloths of Wool—Broadcloths, cassimeres, costings, and padding,	40	30
Low flannels, bockings, and boizes,	38	30
Silks—Calcutta and other silk pocket hdkfs. costing in India $2.50 for the piece of 7, and weighing eight ounces,	50	25
Ditto, costing $3.75, and weighing twelve ounces,	50	25
Black gro de nap, or taffeta silk, for dresses, weighing one ounce to the yard, and costing in England or France, 32 cts.	47	25
Black crapes, low priced,	60	25
Pins—Called pound or mixed pins,	53	30
Velvets—Cotton,	36	30
Shirtings—Costing 6¼ cts. per yard,	95	30
Cotton Prints, or calicoes, costing 12 cents the running yard,	50	25
Mousseline de Laine—Cotton worsted, 24 in. wide, costing 12 cts.	50	25
Cotton and worsted Orleans and Alpaca cloth, costing 18 cts. the square yard.	50	25
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Linseed Oil,	57	20
Cables and cordage, tarred,	120	25
Unmanufactured hemp,	39	30
Wool, coarse, unmanufactured,	5	20
Chain cables,	87	30
Anchors,	62	30
Anvils,	45	30

HORRIBLE TRAGEEY IN SPAIN. The following atrocious narrative we take from Wilmar & Smith's European Times.

"One of those rugged and solitary valleys, formed by the spurs of the Navarese Pyrenees, has just been the scene of a shocking tragedy, which, if possible, excited increased horror in the neighborhood, from the fact of its having occurred within a short distance of the spot where the famous Christino Guriello Elorri was assassinated only a few days ago. A fortnight has not yet elapsed since a woman entered an isolated house, situated in the above locality, and begged its inmates, consisting of a peasant, his wife, and their infant, to give her shelter for the night. No sooner was the prayer made than it was granted with that hospitality for which the inhabitants of northern Spain are proverbial, and the stranger sat down to rock the baby's cradle, while the patrona lit a candle for the purpose of preparing supper. She and her husband then observed that the new comer, whose rough voice had previously excited their attention, had a very masculine aspect, and they were not long in finding out that a man, disguised as a female, was beneath the roof. One rapid glance exchanged between the dismayed couple sufficed to show that each had made this alarming discovery at the same time, and the peasant, under pretext of looking after some pigs, went out to seek the assistance of his nearest neighbors. No sooner was he gone than the pretended woman, assuming a ferocious aspect, approached his trembling companion, who precipitately shut herself up in an adjoining room. The robber, for such he was, tried to burst open the door, but, finding it resisted all his attempts, desisted, threatening that if a sum of money received the day before by the peasant for some maize was not immediately given up, he would kill the child, which was sleeping near the miscreant. The poor woman, half dead with fright, and not imagining that such a threat could be put into execution, refused to leave her place of refuge, and in a minute afterwards the screams of the little innocent and its subsequent silence, sudden and profound, told its agonized mother that the monster had murdered it. This deed of blood consummated, the wretch strove to break through the mud wall separating him from his other victim; in a short time he had made an orifice sufficiently large to admit his head and shoulders, through which he strove to make his way, but the peasant's wife, rendered desperate by the death of her child and her own danger, caught hold of a sickle, and seizing the assailant by his ears, hacked his neck with such energy that she severed his head from the trunk. This done, she fell to the ground in a fainting fit, just as the peasant returned with aid, whose horror and consternation may be imagined on discovering his infant dead and weltering in its blood, the body of a decapitated man extended on the floor, and his unfortunate wife in a swoon with the robber's head at her feet."

Police Court.

Aug. 1.

John B. Mudd—assault and battery—Ordered to recognize in the sum of $300 for his appearance at the Oct. term of C. C. P.

Sarah Mudd his wife, ordered to recognize in $100.

Aug. 3.

Robert Fleming, Wm. Danforth, Joseph Lafayette and James Hunt, were each fined $2 and costs, and if not paid in 2 days, 2 months in the House of Correction, for drunkeness.

Hugh Murry—drunkenness, $2,00 and costs.

Sarah D. Bagley, vagabond, 2 months House Correction.

THE LADIES' INITIATIVE. It is as natural for a woman to become inspired with a feeling of attachment as for a man. The only difference is that her delicacy—a property which I believe to be natural to her, not a mere result of education—shrinks from a broad, deliberate avowal of the sentiment. But she cannot wholly disguise or conceal it. It will then depend entirely on the man's penetration, and his seeing only a natural betrayal of her preference, whether he is to be affected by it, and moved to love in return.—We have all read in the divine Mantuan's eclogue—"I love Phyllis before all, for she wept when I departed." Now, how eternal and invariable is human nature! one of the men of highest rank and fortune in this country was first inspired with a regard for his amiable consort by a tear which came into her eye on his departure from her father's mansion. During his whole residence, and to the moment of his leaving, there was no symptom of preference; any such demonstration towards a man, so obviously an object for matrimonial speculations, would have only been disgusting. But the departed returned for something he had forgot—the tear, a natural tear was there, and it had the effect of inspiring an affection which might otherwise never have existed.—*Chambers' Edinburg Journal.*

SERMON FOR OLD BACHELORS. The Hartford Mirror contains a lay sermon for the special benefit of the bachelors, and founded upon the following text:—"And they called Rebecca, and said unto her, Wilt thou go with this man? And she said, I will go. Gen. xxvi.50."

In those times, ceremony, formality, sighing and sentiments were altogether unknown. Rebecca was a good girl and jumped at the first good offer.

The editor of the Norwich Aurora says he could have picked out a better text to preach before the honorable and venerable fraternity: viz:

"Jacob kissed Rachel!"

There is something substantial for bachelors to ponder over. The other text is for the benefit of Rebecca altogether.

"Jacob kissed Rachel,
And he lifted up his voice and wept."

How pathetic! The fact is, says the Aurora, time and fashions make strange inroads on poor human nature. Here was Jacob scouring the country to look for a wife, and on a fine sunny day in the valley Pandanarum, he saw her at a distance, drawing water from a well, being bare-footed, and without ceremony he ran towards her, and in the lungnage of the good book, 'kissed her and lifted up his voice and wept.'—We have no account that Rachel boxed his ears for his rudeness, as in these days of simplicity and innocence she would have done, particularly in "good society."

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE. "A few days since, a gentleman passing along the streets in Cincinnati, observed a child about two years old in the act of falling from a two-story window; springing forward with outstretched arms, he was just in time to catch the child as it fell, and thus saved its life."

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

Read the following voluntary tribute to WISTAR'S BALSAM, from the Kinderhook N. Y. Sentinel, dated July 31, 1845:

"HOPE NEVER DIES."

The extraordinery virtues of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the cure of Pulmonary complaints, have been attested by so many persons, that he who doubts its efficacy must be in truth a very skeptic. A remarkable cure of Consumption has recently been effected by this medicine in the town of Chatham, in this County, and which was related to us by Dr Herrick, an eminent physician of that town, to whom we have permission to refer. A young lady, who had long labored under an affection of the lungs, and who had been under the care of several physicians without experieneing any relief, was considered by her friends as beyond the reach of medicine, and she was informed by her medical attendant that she must die. All her own premonitions, also, pointed to the grave. Fortunately, she was induced to send to the Kinderhook Bookstore for a bottle of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

as a last resort in her critical situation. Before its contents were exhausted, the young lady experienced great relief, and two more bottles were successfully procured and administered. She is now happy in the restoration of health, and blesses the day when she first resorted to the use of this healing Balsam.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&cjy30ap14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Pannacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&c6mchm

Favan Sores.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Linament to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. Jal1

☞BOOLA'S TYRANNON FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever inventad, and is indispensable to the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tjsdyma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may befon d blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending August 1, 1846.

July 26th, Franklin Morse, 20 yrs, typhoid fever; Martha Neal, 17, typhus fever; Caroline E. Gilman, 10 mos, infantile; child of David Mines, 1 day, infantile; 27th, Lemuel Cook, 18 mos, hooping cough; 28th, Midil Hedmore, 2 yrs, dysentery; Lydia A. Springer, 4 mos, hooping cough; Anna L. Reed, 18 mos, dropsy of brain; 29th, John Ducy, 18 yrs, drowned; Mary Fitzgerald, 55, ——; Elizabeth L. Chamberlin, 4 mos, dysentery; Mary Ruiger, 2 yrs, measles; 30th, Mary F. Bradley, 2 yrs, dysentery; Eliza M. T. Daniels, 17 mos, cholera infantum; Eliza Cunningham, 20 yrs, consumption; Mary Jane Cashion, 4 yrs, dysentery; Margaret Collins, 1 yr, cholera infantum; 31st, John Favor, 48 yrs, typhus fever; George Neal, 17 yrs, typhus fever; Faulkner Browde, 4 mos, dysentery: Sarah E. Mitchell, 3 weeks, infantile; John Blanchard, 3 mos, infantile; Aug. 1st, Harriet Abbott, 27 yrs, consumption. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

LAST CHANCE!

POSITIVELY the last week of the splendid representation of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL and **Conflagration of Charlestown,** together with the new Drop Scenes and beautiful Panoramas of the Mermaid's Cave, Battle of North Point, Island of Ceylon, View of the City of Baltimore, Terrific Storm on the Merrimack River, closing with a Moonlight View of the City of Lowell.

Drop Scenes—Battle of Lexington, Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers, Landing of Columbus, and Engagement of the Constitution and Guerriere.

Grand Performance SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the last day performance of this exhibition.

Tickets admitting two persons at one time only 25 cts.

Performance to commence at 8½ evening, 3 o'clock *Saturday Afternoon.* aug4a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of ISAAC SEABURY, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Currier, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Seabury, will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said county of Middlesex, in Masur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the seventh day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

JONA. LADD, Assignee.

Lowell, August 1, 1846. aug4a3t

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was afflicted, and completely cured by the use of Hunt's Liniment. JOHN C. DALTON, M. D.

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—Moreh 19, 1846. 1ye&pdec16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25atf

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the "**Silk and Shawl Store**" have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for **20 Days**, at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade.*

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only.* jy22

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday.

Goes up to the city without lightering!



The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug1

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.

CAPITAL,—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This Institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table) also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 84	$80 08	$2295
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	681 85	270 20	38 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.

ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

dec18aTu&Srewly

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercural diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

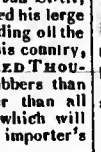
N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar8

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. almS

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. [illegible] tially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no chargé.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in said county, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Bachelder will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the tenth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Bachelder, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug1 A3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* until the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30A2uw2mreow

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

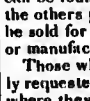
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18A2m

BLANKS, of various kinds, constantly on hand, and for sale at the Printing Office of PERHALLOW & HART—No. 16, Merrimack St.—where every description of Plain and Ornamental PRINTING will be executed with neatness and despatch, *on the most reasonable terms.* jy30A3t*copis

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

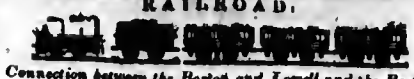
On Wednesday.



The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyson, Agent at New Orleans. jy30

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m. train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the junction, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains, Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

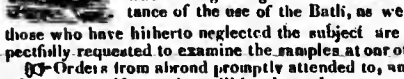
☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. ☞FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

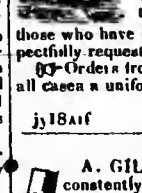
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Coster, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Coster's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

IMPORTANT NOTICE! KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and is so instantaneous in its effect to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horse cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carlton & Co., and L. N. Tower. my14a3m1y

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH:

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Church at Auction,

Will be sold at Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of August next, at 5 o'clock, P. M., on the premises:—The Brick Church on Hurd street, of the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell. It will be sold subject to a mortgage for $5000 to the Middlesex Company. The amount over that will be payable in cash on delivery of the deed, or in good bankable notes in 6, 8 and 9 months, with interest.

The Church is centrally and slightly situated, well built and nearly new, and is a very valuable and desirable property for any religious society. jy30

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—1 share in Chelmsford Manufacturing Company. jy30 E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH:

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather,

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advly may9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shades, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sénate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obducing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, surpression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16.—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them. The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh20tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET, NO.* 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person thet has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear thet remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up staire*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

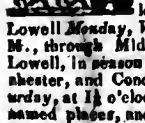
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 12 o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1845. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HENDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

may17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscriptions for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, bowel complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merit. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilapsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hystaria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the products of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER.

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make chicks lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

[illegible] year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thru' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. mlyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D.C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 10t Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn:

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they are be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD, SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low, as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known at, for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28&lyfm

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 92.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lawell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS, je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street, LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 aty

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocos, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL.
up12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7266 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11 atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with postulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. H. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: 'About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my hand is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now saw with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla since witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that *it is Sands's Sarsaparilla* that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sand's Sarsaparilla, and take no other. n&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it: at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came on, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamieson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. ly14 a&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rnag8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Office No. 20 State st., Union.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street,
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New branch of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyhpr4

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Ros du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&rly*

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; n&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the Author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GUODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

From the Knickerbocker.

What are Bubbles?

BY SUSAN PINDAR.

"What are bubbles?" asked a child,
Gazing, with bewildered eyes,
On the spheres of fairy form,
Glittering with the rainbow dyes:
"They seem to sail so gaily on,
Yet when I grasp them they are gone."

What are bubbles?—Careless boy,
Thou ask'st a question rife
With a stern meaning deeply trac'd
On the varied page of life;
And a voice with sadness fraught,
Answers from the cells of Thought:

Hopes are bubbles, born to burst
When their hues the brightest seem;
And the joys, that o'er our path
Scatter a delusive gleam,
Like bubbles sparkling in the sun,
Are only bright when shone upon.

Fame, ambition; the delights
We have longed for years to clasp,
Won at length, through toil and strife,
Perish in our eager grasp:
Grief and gladness—pleasure, troubles,
All alike are empty bubbles!

Life's a bubble, bright and brief,
And its ever changing dyes
With a purer brilliance glow,
As it mounts towards the skies;
Till wearied on Time's passing breath,
'Tis shattered by the touch of Death.

THE MISFORTUNE OF HAVING A DOWRY.

FROM THE FRENCH OF PAUL MERUAU.

[Continued.]

CHAPTER II.

As Fritz heard no mention made of his wife, during the two years which followed this adventure, and as he received no direct intelligence respecting her, we must be satisfied with a mere narration of the history of his life during that interval, without entering into lengthened detail—although that portion of his life was not unfruitful in events.

After the violent scene which had in some measure, broken his marriage, Fritz left the city, and wandered at hazard, unconscious of the road he was travelling. Night came upon him, and he felt need of stopping. He then entered an inn, and called for wine, which he drank, glass after glass, with the desperation of a madman. Fritz never after remembered that he had related a part of his misfortune to a companion who shared his cups with him at his expense. He could not tell how it was that companion happened to sit down with him to drink; nor did he ever explain to himself how it was that he signed a paper that his companion presented to him, how he repulsed the gold which that comrade offered him—and especially how it was that, after having spent the night in the open field, by the side of a ditch he awoke in the morning at the barracks.

Certainly it was with no concealed repugnance that Fritz dressed himself in the soldier's uniform, and put on the military cap. Perhaps it was because he possessed no other clothes than those which he had on. When his cockade, which bore the colors of the Prince, was presented to him it was impossible for him to restrain his indignation. To carry the colors of the Prince . . . upon his head. At this idea, Fritz felt that his dignity would receive irreparable injury from such an act of condescension. He tore the cockade in pieces an trampled it under his feet. Unfortunately this action did not escape the vigilant eye of the Corporal, and Fritz was condemned to receive one hundred and fifty lashes.

In consequence of this paternal correction, he was confined six weeks in the infirmary, which time he spent in making salutary reflections upon the utility of the discipline. Still, the pain of his back could not banish the memory of his moral sufferings. The lessons of obedience which had been so judiciously administered to him, had the desired effect, and he was ever afterwards distinguished for the most perfect exactness in all that was required of him.

At this period, Fritz's native country was engaged in war with France. His regiment was ordered to the frontier; but, before his departure, he had the honor of being appointed corporal.—Either because he felt himself unworthy the station, or because his spirit was stung by his misfortunes, he did not fail to attribute this favor to the influence of the Prince, and he shuddered as he thought of the cost at which he had purchased it. It is just to say that, notwithstanding his grief, he looked every day for intelligence from Catharine, and her silence only served to confirm his conviction that she was guilty.—Fritz did not reflect that of the two months which he had passed in the country, six weeks had been spent in his bed—and that at the end of that time, his superiors scarcely knew what his name was.

Fritz fought with the fury of anger and the courage of despair. He could not but vent his fury upon something, and the enemy felt the result of Catharine's supposed infidelity. This, however, did not prevent the battle from being entirely lost, and the army completely routed.—The cowardice of the troops who took refuge in flight, was a new motive for recompensing the bravery of those who stood firm. Fritz was appointed an officer. This promotion and this honor were a new source of grief to him, because he could not but attribute them to the protection of his wife, and because he thought that each grade, just as the purse of gold, was paid for by an act of infidelity.

Alas! said he in himself, must I then acquire a new grade every day; and at that rate where shall I stop. Fritz, in truth did not stop. The courage which he evinced was so extraordinary that it excited the attention of all. When he was made captain, he determined to leave the service, not thinking himself capable of discharging its high duties. It was not without doing violence to his feelings that he wrote a respectful petition to the prince, asking his permission to resign. Fritz waited anxiously for a reply. He had great fear that Catharine would be opposed to his entering upon a private life again. Happily his resignation was accepted without any objections. The prince like good soldiers, it is true, but was still more inclined to share the offices at his command among his adherents. One of his highness' aids was commissioned to visit Capt Fritz, and inform him that his request was granted. The prince, to set his conscience at rest for excusing Fritz's valuable services, sent him five hundred ducats from his private purse, which were paid to him the day his resignation was accepted and his com-

missioned to visit Capt Fritz, and inform him that his request was granted. The prince, to set his conscience at rest for excusing Fritz's valuable services, sent him five hundred ducats from his private purse, which were paid to him the day his resignation was accepted and his commission returned. At the sight of the gold, Fritz clenched his fists, and it might have been easy to suppose that for the moment he was thinking of the project of strangling the payer of it. But the military state had singularly modified his scruples. He took the gold, though he did not abjure his grudge. After having bidden his comrades farewell, at a supper which he gave, at which all cafes were momentarily annihilated over the wine cup, he set out for his native city, from which he had been absent two years.

Congress.

Monday August 3.

In the SENATE The Judiciary Committee reported the bill from the House to protect the rights of American citizens in Oregon, with an amendment. The amendment of the House to the title of the Warehousing Bill was agreed to.

A new committee of conference was ordered on the army appropriation bill. The bill to reduce and graduate the price of public lands was then taken up, and after some discussion the amendment of the House was amended and then agreed to.

The civil and diplomatic approbation bill was then taken up, and a number of amendments reported from the finance committee were considered and adopted; several amendments from other sources remain to be acted upon.

The Senate at 5 o'clock went into Executive Session, and soon after adjourned.

In the HOUSE. Mr Hunt moved to suspend the rules to offer a resolution to amend the constitution so as to make the President ineligible to re-election, and that no member of Congress shall be appointed to office during the term for which he was elected. Rules not suspended.

Mr Dodge offered a resolution to pay the officers of the House the usual extra compensation. Lost—yeas 75, nays 77.

The Presidents Veto Message on the river and harbor bill was received and read. His predecessors had vetoed similar bills—they had given sufficient reasons for so doing. He would add but few. He says the power to make such appropriations as are contained in the river and harbor bill, is both unconstitutional and inexpedient. He argues the question at length, recounts the evil that would follow the carrying out of the principles of the bill, and from constitutional objections there are others; the bill appropriated between one and two millions of money wanted to carry on the war.

The Speaker now put the question—Shall this bill become a law, the President's objections to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr Boyd moved the previous question. Not sustained—yeas 86, nays 105.

Mr Dromgoole cited precedents, and moved to proceed by a motion to re-consider the bill.

Mr Douglass discussed the bill, and approved of most that the President had laid down, but not the President's distinction between salt and fresh water.

Mr Thompson, of Pennsylvania, disapproved and denounced the veto and its doctrines. He asked Messrs McClellen and Constable if he had not conversed with President Polk on the items of the bill, and if he did not give them to understand, before the toriff bill was passed, that he would sign it? If Col Polk intended to veto such a bill, why did he allow his friends to frame it without telling them what he could not approve?

Mr Brinkenhoff opposed the veto in some energetic remarks, and said that if his advice had been followed on the Tariff Bill, the veto would not have come. He described the works commenced in the West which this veto would cause to wash and tumble away.

Mr Rhett followed and sustained the veto and the principles upon which it was based. At the conclusion of his speech,

Mr Bailey got the floor, when on motion, the House adjourned.

Murder in a Theatre.

The Cincinnati papers of the 30th ult., contain a long account of a cold blooded murder, committed on the night of the 28th, at the Peoplo's Theatre in that city, by A. B. Cook, treasurer of the establishment, upon 'Jack Reeves,' prompter and occasionally a performer of Irish parts, and singer of Irish songs; and who is represented to have been a very inoffensive man. We copy from the Commercial:

"Cook, the murderer, is the reputed husband of a dancing girl, well known in the streets of this city, where she was raised. This Mrs Cook, as she is called, just before the murder, came on the stage, the curtain yet undrawn. Reeves was at the prompter's desk and had rung one bell. He said to Mrs. C. that she was not perfect in any thing and had not been. She replied that was none of his (the prompter's) business, and she would tell her husband, meaning Cook. While Reeves was standing at his desk, Cook came in, in his shirt sleeves, and passing through, remarked to Mr Morris, one of the managers, that he would have to get a new prompter to-morrow. Morris did not know what was meant. Cook remarked that Reeves talked too much of or to his wife, and that he intended to cut his throat out. Cook went deliberately about the bloody deed. He stabbed Reeves to the heart, while the latter was standing at his desk. The instrument used was a prompter's knife, or dirk, ten or eleven inches long. The wound was directly over the region of the vitals. The steel cut the upper part of the heart itself.

As soon as the deed was done, the villain Cook ran out and left Reeves alone, who said nothing; he attempted to walk down the stairs leading to the yard, but returning, besmeared the walls by the blood from his hand which he held over the wound until obliged to feel his way. In this manner he stumbled into the dressing room of Mrs Lewis, who fled in terror at the bloody sight. Dr Shotwell and Mr Logan entered at this moment, the latter taking Reeves in his arms while the other probed the wound with his finger. In fifteen minutes Jack was dead; he died in Logan's arms.

In the mean time, Cook fled to the treasurer's office, where Mr Smith, one of the managers, was in charge, counting the receipts. As he came along, Cook gave the cry of "fire!" This caused Mr S. to run towards the back part of the theatre where already a crowd had gathered, taking along only the paper money from the drawer. Cook secured the remains of the receipts, some $10, and fled. The excitement became intense—the performance ceased. A coroner's inquest was held over the body about 11 o'clock. The murder was committed about half past 9, between the pieces.

Cook ran from the theatre covered with blood which had flown from his victim at the withdrawal of the dirk, to the house of his wife's father on Pleasant-st. Constable Mulford and deputy sheriff Weaver pursued the villain to said house and there found that he had changed his clothes: they found his bloody shirt inside of a pillow case in a tub of water. It is supposed that Cook fled to his father's in Springfield in this State. Cook is about five feet four or five inches high; sandy hair, inclined to curl, freckle faced, and weighs about 136 pounds, and cannot look an honest man in the face without flinching.

As there was no reward offered and no money to pay for travelling, no officers had left the city in pursuit yesterday. It is to be hoped that the notices given of the murderer by the press will lead to his arrest, as he is well known by theatrical men all over the country.

OPERATIVES. We hear a great deal from the Whig press about protecting the rights and interests of operatives in factories. An evidence of their regard for laboring men has been well illustrated in the recent action of the New Hampshire Legislature. A proposition to "give operatives in cotton factories *one hour* for dinner" was rejected! One of the whig members opposed the proposition, on the ground, that "if they men have a leisure of 15 minutes, they will be *wandering about the town.*" It was thought, therefore, not advisable to allow them the "15 minutes of leisure," lest their appearance about the streets should offend the sensibilities of their "lords and masters."—*Portland Argus.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CHOCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Doctrine of Instruction.

There are no more open-monthed, brawling pretenders to Democracy than the wire-pullers of the Whig party. They spurn modern democracy or locofocoism, as they term it, but are themselves the real old fashioned Democrats, the simon pures of the Jeffersonian school.—True, they never attempt to establish their pretensions by showing their principles to be democratic, or their measures to be founded in justice, and an appreciation of the great truth of Democracy—that the object of government is to improve and elevate man as such, and not to give all power, or to make it of more consequence than human rights, and legislating that money may make a great increase at the expense of human rights, liberty and life. But notwithstanding all their cant and profession of Democracy, their hypocritical love of the people, and their anxiety to be entrusted with the guardianship of their rights and interests, they are ever found cutting Democracy up by the roots, wherever and whenever it is found to be a barrier to their schemes of party, or a check to the power and aggrandizement of the wealthy few, at a sacrifice of the independence and prosperity of the laboring many.

At this particular time the right of the people to instruct their servants has been assailed with a virulence and vehemence rarely indulged in even by such pattern Democrats as the spurners of what they term modern democracy or locofocoism. Why has it been done? Because if the people were heeded, and their servants obeyed their will, the grand tariff system that robs the many for the benefit of the few would be overthrown. Such legislation being contrary to the real desire of these friends and followers of ancient democracy, who repudiate modern democracy (without ever attempting to show the distinction) the doctrine that gives a representative government its democratic character must be repudiated. Therefore we find one Whig paper complaining that there may be always found some Whig "green enough," to believe in the doctrine of instruction; thus inadvertently admitting, that whig pretensions to democracy are rank and foul hypocrisy, if the doctrine of instruction is essential to democratic rule in a representative government. In another we find it put forth that:

"No political doctrine ever avowed and acted upon, to any extent in this country, is so absurd as that of Senatorial *instruction.*"

And so we might go on and quote from most of the whig papers in the Union. And by this repudiation of the right of the people to instruct their servants that we wish to judge and have the people judge of *Whig* democracy.

What is Democracy? During the Harrison campaign we heard Caleb Cushing at our City Hall, define the term. Though the definition was not new, it was correct and concise, and we will adopt it. He defined Democracy to be "the rule of the many." We wish the definition to be born in mind. There are two methods of carrying on a democratic government—one, when the people all assemble and make and execute the law in their own persons—the other, where they select certain of their number to make and execute the law for them, and according to their will. It is impossible to carry on a government by an assembling of the whole people, except in very small states. Every one sees the impracticability of carrying on our national government, or one of our state governments in this manner. Therefore the other method is adopted by us, and we have established a representative democracy. Being obliged to have a representative, instead of what we may term a pure democracy, for doing the work, the people, the sovereigns as democracy makes them, through agents or servants, and that those agents or servants may not usurp the place of the sovereign people, and set up their own will against that of the people; the doctrine of agents and servants of the people being obedient to the instruction of the people, (except the agent or servant has conscientious scruples as to obeying, when it becomes his duty to resign) is the first principle flowing from a representative democracy. A departure from this principle at once transfers the sovereignty from the people to their servants.—Instead of the people ruling, their servants rule—instead of the "rule of the many," we have the rule of the few.

Democracy is "the rule of the many." The Whigs, the real democrats, as they claim to be, repudiate and denounce the doctrine of instruction. Now let us test this no instruction democracy, by the definition of true democracy—"the rule of the many." When do the many rule? Do they rule when the laws are made after their will, or after the will of somebody else? When they are sovereigns or somebody else? We think the people rule when the laws are made after their own will—when they are sovereigns. And we think somebody else rules when their expressed will is disregarded and laws are made. When instruction is disregarded, the will of the people is defied, and the servants, the representatives of the sovereign power, the few rule, and not the many. Democracy to be reconciled with disobedience to instructions, must be wholly changed in its essence. Instead of being the "rule of the many," it must signify the rule of the few. Instead of the people being sovereign, their servants must be sovereign. Yet Whig Democrats, the repudiators of modern democracy sneer at the instruction of the people, [and pity the greenness of a fellow whig who does not know that whig democracy is only to be preached, not practised.

☞ The Atlas has been authorized to state that a full and satisfactorially adjustment has been made, between the Receivers of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Nantucket, and Mr Barker Burnell, of all matters in relation to his connection with that institution.

☞ The New York Commercial correspondent writes:—"The board of naval officers assembled here, to take into consideration Mr Bancroft's recommendation for the improvement of the *personnel* of the navy, have closed their labors and dispersed."

Awful Effects of the Tariff!

Almost *every* mill in this city—Cotton and Woollen, Carpet, Bleachery, Saw-mill, Steam-mill, and machine-shop, stopped on the 1st day of August, at sundown. The next day the shops were all closed, and thousands of people were thronging the streets, apparently without anything to busy themselves about.—And from the almost total absence of anything like work or business, it seemed as if an eternal silence had begun to settle over our industrious city—and all this on account of the passage of the Tariff Bill? "Awful," says the reader?—"if those infernel Lo——" "Hold on my dear fellow, we forgot to mention that the First of August was Saturday, and at sun-down most of the mills shut down the gates—although some of the mills are so driven that they are compelled to work till twelve o'clock Saturday night, and begin again at twelve o'clock Monday morning.

Yes, they are all going again, and two steam saw-mills within ear shot of where we were; commenced operations Sabbath evening as soon as the "day was done" according to the statue in such cases made and provided—and at 9 o'clock this morning, the saws were screaming and dancing as lustily, and the shuttles were rattling away as lively, and everything going on as swimmingly as if no Tariff bill had been passed.

We cannot stop here, but must give several other instances of the ruinous nature of the Tariff. The Providence Sentinel says:—

"The new Tariff law is death on the huckleberry trade. An old lady with a whole wagon load of the article got as far as Olneyville towards our city on Thursday morning, when she happened to see three or four men with their heads together talking about something. She rode up to them, and eagerly inquired what was the news. "The Tariff bill has passed," said one of them.

"The Tariff passed! Lord o' massy!" said the old lady: "then I might as well go home with my huckleberries!" And turning her horse homeward, she rode sorrowfully off, muttering occasional curses against the tariff and the locofocos, and wondering what in the world would become of all her huckleberries.

This old lady is a happy illustration of those New Englandwomen, mentioned by Mr Webster, who never go to sleep at night without first asking their husbands about the Tariff.

The dull times at Saratoga, it is said, are owing to the repeal of the tariff.

☞ A correspondent of the Boston Post writing from Cape Ann, tells the following good one—Fifty years ago a venerable keeper of one of the light-houses in this vicinity (now living) had a large family, and lived in a very humble dwelling containing one room. A large milk pan, an iron pot, and a dozen wooden spoons, made up the greater portion of their housekeeping articles; and their live stock consisted of a cow. It was their custom, while boiling their hominy for supper, to milk the cow into the pan, and after placing it in the middle of the floor and turning in the hominy, to gather around with their wooden spoons, and all help themselves from the same dish. On one of these occasions old parson F., their minister, happened to be paying them a parochial visit; and one of the boys being a little crowded, thought he could better his position by changing it to the opposite side of the dish. In attempting to do this, by stepping across, he accidentally put his dirty foot square into the milk and hominy, [illegible] revenged themselves for the interruption by rapping him smartly on his bare leg with their wooden spoons, and without taking any further notice of the affair, went on eating as before. Although this story, which was often told by parson F., indicates that in those days the family were little troubled with daintiness or delicate stomachs, yet at the present time they are among the most respectable inhabitants of Cape Ann. G.

SCENE IN A PRINTING OFFICE.—"Sam?"

"Thir!"—and an urchin about two feet high made his appearance "with his shining *evening* face."

"Run over to Mr Bluebottle's and ask him how *high* the thermometer is."

"Yith thir!" Boy goes out and in a few minutes returns.

"Well, Sam, how is it?"

"Mither Bluebottle sayth he dont know *how* high it is—at any rate it ith *tho* high he cant reach it."

"The infernal f—. Never mind, we'll fix 'em yet. Run up to Mr Mainspring's, he has dozens of 'em, and ask him how *low* his thermometers are!"

"Yith thir-*ee!*" Boy exit, and after fifteen minutes or so comes back.

"What now, Sam."

"Oh thir, Mr Mainspring's thermometers is all hung up inside of a washtub, and he keeps pourin ice water on 'em, and when I tathed him how low they were, he *swored* thir! and thed he couldn't keep the d—d things *down!*"

UP AND DOWN NO. 3! There was a spectator infarms us, a trial of skill last evening, near the Market House, between the Washington No. 13, and the Wamesit, No 3, engines, belonging to the fire department of this city. No 3 came off conquerar. We have always supposed that the engine companies of this city were so nearly matched in men and engines that no one could obtain any decided advantage over another.

P. S. Since writing the above we learn that No. 3, is manned in part by *Printers*—a circumstance that accounts for the triumph of the Wamesit. "Who can contend with the gods"?

A PALPABLE HIT. The New York Express touches up the editor of the Tribune, an advocate of Fourierism, with the following home thrust: "His great art lies in making people believe in what he don't believe in, himself; for why don't the man that writes, who would ask, turn practical Fouriorite, put his own property in common stock, divide among his printers, pressmen, boys, and reporters, sub-editors, &c, every Saturday night?" "That's the question!" Indeed, why don't he?

FROST'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD. We are indebted to Messrs Merrill & Haywood for Nos. 20 and 21 of this very beautiful and truly valuable work. The beauty of the work does not diminish as it proceeds—it rather improves. We are gratified that Messrs Merril & Haywood do not, as "some ungracious fellows do," tantalize a publisher by sending the first two or three numbers of a work and then stop, but continue in well doing to the end.

☞ Maj. Noah is to take the control of the N. Y. Mirror. He should do well, having reflected a great deal, in his life, though to small profit. The Major has a peculiar faculty at killing newspapers.

WHOLE POUNDS OF SILVER! The Lake Superion News of last week mentions a mass of *pure silver* taken from the Eagle River works on Lake Superior, weighing *six pound and ten ounces!* It was of the boulder character, and discovered at a depth of forty-five feet below the surface of the river, among several boulders of copper weighing from one to eight pounds. [It was found in the vicinity of a very deep and extensive *trap* formation, it is proper to state.] The silver is now on its way to Hon. David Henshew of Boston, the President of the Lake Superior Company.

THE DAILY SENTINEL, recently established at Providence, R. I., is one of the best edited, and thoro' Democratic papers that we have the pleasure of perusing. It discusses Democracy, and brings all acts to the test of Democratic principles. The people are considered the only legitimate sovereigns, and all measures are approved or disapprove according as their rights and interest are served and advanced, or are intrenched upon and sacrificed. It is truly Democratic.

NOT CAUGHT. A plan was laid a short time since to entrap Commodore Conner. A Mexican gentleman came on board with presents of fruit, &c, and before leaving, obtained a promise from the Commodore to dine on shore with him the next day at his residence. Commodore Connor, all unsuspicious of treachery, was just in readiness to leave his ship, when he received an intimation of the *kind* intentions of his would-be host. *He didn't go.*

DUTY OFF COPPER IN PRUSSIA. The King of Prussia has issued a royal ordinance, allowing the importation of sheet copper and copper nails from foreign parts, free of duty, into the ports of Prussia, for the purpose of sheathing and fastening the steamers now building to run across the Atlantic, which are to touch at England, America, the West Indies, and the Brazils—they are to be large and splendid vessels.

ELECTION FOR ALDERMAN. Mr Isaac Cooper was yesterday elected to fill the vacancy in the Board of Aldermen, occasioned by the resignation of Mr Daniel Knapp. The following was the vote:

Ward	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Whole number	23	33	8	18	23	54	159
Isaac Cooper,	23	33	7	18	12	49	142
John L. Tripp,	00	00	0	00	11	00	11
Daniel Wheeler,	00	00	0	00	00	2	2
Abiel Sheldon,	00	00	0	00	00	3	3
Otis Bullard,	00	00	1	00	00	00	1

Courier of Tuesday.

Amount received for the Nantucket Sufferers.

Previously reported	$1312 67
From St Anne's Church	40 00
" First Catholic Church	25 20
" Second " "	35 55
" Individuals	16 42
	$1429 84

LINUS CHILD, Chairman.

E. B. PATCH, Secretary.

DISASTROUS FIRE. At Meridith Bridge, Tuesday night a fire broke out, which destroyed thirty buildings embracing the business part of the village, the Gazette building, post office, White Mountain Pavilion, with all its stables and some eight or ten stores. The fire originated in a shoe peg factory, and spread with great rapidity for three hours. Hill's Patriot thinks the damage cannot be less than $75,000 and it may be twice that sum.

☞ We received this morning the first number of the "*Temperance Review*" a weekly paper published at Concord in this county, Carlos Tewksbury, Editor. The character of the sheet being singular as its editor observes, we cannot this morning give it that attention it would seem to merit. Typographically it looks very well.

THE WEATHER. Thursday 12 o'clock, M. thermometer 95° in the shade, with a fair chance for a 100° before 3 P. M. In a few days we may expect some appalling thunder and lightning. It is very dusty hereabouts, and vegetation begins to feel the want of rain, none of which we have had for nearly a fortnight.

CITY OF MANCHESTER, N. H. Manchester voted on Saturday, 485 to 134 to accept the charter for a city government, granted by the legislature. Should we not be surprised at this, taking into consideration that the tariff bill has so recently passed?

MUCH OBLIGED TO YOU GENTLEMEN. For those occasional copies of the Boston Journal, Courier, Atlas, Traveller, and so forth, containing "*Religious intelligence*" marked.

N. B. Please send them the same week they are published.

X. We do not see as the value of the Courier is changed much, be X *plus* or *minus*. In view of the elucidation of certain problems, will the Courier show us the value of X, and then the 2d power or root of X?

MR HAYWOOD. This gentleman announced that it is his intention to prepare an address to his constituents vindicating the course he has pursued in resigning his seat in the Senate.

THE CABINET. The Washington letter writers and the whig presses are for the thousandth time at fault about the cabinet. *There is to be no change*, and with the free consent of all its members; as it was in March, 1845, so it will be in August, 1846.—*Union.*

☞ We are much obliged to Senator ——— for an elegantly bound copy of Fremont's Expedition with the maps. We will fill up the blank when we get the book.

MRS. JONES. Mrs. Laura A. Jones has arrived in this city from New York; we hope she will be induced to favor the public with a concert.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS. *Ten dollar bills* of the Village Bank, Smithfield R. I., have just been put in circulation in this city.

FLORA'S DIAL.—A neat little valentine of verses, all about roses, posies and love, may be found at Jone. Allen's.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL. We shall publish it as soon as we receive an accredited copy viz. the Union or some other official source

☞ M. Payen, a French chemist of acknowledged attainments, declares that coffee is an eminently nutritive article.

THE BEST YET. Why was Queen Elizabeth greater than Napoleon? Because he was a wonder, and she was a Tudor.

By Electric Telegraph Expressly for the Boston Daily Times.

Office of New York Sun, }
Aug. 5—7 o'clock P. M. }

YUCATAN. At Tubasco, 18th July, that department declared for Santa Anna and Federation. United with several other departments Yucatan is reported as playing false, receiving and forwarding supplies to the Mexican army.

Washington, Aug. 4.

The bill remitting the duties on railroad iron passed the Senate.

In the House, the President's veto of the Harbor bill was discussed at length, and a vote taken on the same—Yeas 95, nays 94. Lost, not two-thirds for it. The French Spoliation Bill was passed. Yeas 94, nays 87.

The nomination of Judge Grier of Pittsburg, Pa., to the vacant bench of the supreme Court was confirmed by the senate in Executive session to-day.

THE WHOLE OF OREGON OR NONE speech of Corporel Jub Sykes, commonly called "Tiger Sykes," candidate for constable on the Oregon question—made down in the state of Mississippi.

Fellur Citizens and Gen-lil-men: While my opponent is fur lettin our nattral inimy have 49 degrees or parts of our glorious country, I'm ahead of him an' every body else, in that sub-ject! Some of my frinds say they are willin to take 54-and so on—sort'er compromise! H-ail *and* fury! *Who's* goin to compromise with our un-tral inimy! I'm for doin no such thing. I don't understand siphrin or jagriphy, and haven't kalkilated how much there is of the O-ree-gon country; but I'm for all there is, more or less! up to the eend of it—if there's 800 degrees—none of your 49's or 59's for me———No, sir-*ee!* I'm for the hull-or-none policy! Who's agoin to sell any part of the blessed silo of freedum, like the base Indus, for a mess of potash? I'd rutther be a termpin, and foed upon tadpoles, in the muddiest branch of all creation, than to be the man thet would come for to go for to sell the land of liberty: every inch of which was bought of the Injuns with the blood and treasures of the pilgrim fathers, and which our natral inimy, the British, tried to roust us outen, in the times which tried men's souls, and uppers too, I reckon, and couldn't come it. Gentilmin, the battle of New Orleans wasn't fonten for nothin, was it? We whipt up Britain then, didn't we? Wal, then, I think she ought to stay whipt, and not crowd nor crow neither. It won't do, fellue! Even the women folks won't stand it. I've a sister at hum that gets fairly red-eyed at the very idee of Queen Vic's spreading her small clothes over any part of this land of liberty. Just let Vic come over to the Huller, ef she wants to see the fire fly! Why, down in Catumaunt Bottom, I kin raise a regiment of the prettiest yaller-haired gals in any settlement, every one of 'em weighing two hundred, that 'ud fight like panters, and drop in their shoes, (if they ever wore enny) rayther than any forrin pettlcoat government should be set up in Oreegon, or enny nther part of this star-spangled country. *Ef* my opponent has any idee of getting a single vote down in the Bottom, I *should* rayther reckid he'll miss it; I'd advise him not to go down in the Bottom hifilutin on the Vic side! for them yallar flowers of the forest could no more keep their washing pins out of hie hair, than Queen Vic could abstain from being in an interestin' situation.

Gentilmin and Fellur Citizens—Its agin the law for ter sell drinks in town, and a candidate for the reesponsibil offis of constabil shoulpn't vi-e-late the lawe and set bad examples to the young; but ef you'll step outer the corporation limits, to jist yonder, I've a legal quantity of old rye, shine's like a darky's face, an's particularly fine; after which, ef any on uss feels hyenish we kin indulge. Thank you for your attention fellus.

BRUTAL CHAPTER IN ROMANCE. The reader will, doubtless, recollect the circumstance, which occurred in Philadelphia a few weeks since, of a dashing young fellow from Kentucky stealing a young lady of the same State from the side of her preceptress, and running off with her in a carriage, &c., ending in matrimony. The bliss of the happy pair appeare to have been so lavish, as to be pretty well exhausted already. A letter from Louisville, Ky., says the lady's father resolved to make the best of a bad bargain, forgave the dashing couple, and invited them to make his house their home. One day last week Mr W. and family went to the springs, leaving the *creditable* "Capt. T." with his young bride, to do the honors of the house in his absence. Saturday afternoon last, while enjoying a comfortable little *tete-a-tete*, the young bride, on being complimented upon the beauty of a straggling curl which fell gracefully over her shoulder, informed her *spirited* protector that there was enough to love without the curl, and she would not have him guilty of any excess, she would therefore clip it off. He remonstrated against so rash an act. She persisted. He threatened—she clipped the curl. *He knocked her down.* She screamed for assistance, recovered, and while making her escape through the door, *he made a desperate blow at her with his dirk*, which, whether fortunately or unfortunately, I will not pretend to say, missed its aim, and entered the door with such force as to split off a large piece of the wood. He then made his escape to his father's liquor selling establishment, where, in all probability, he imbibed the *innocent* beverage which led to the diabolical act. His only excuse is that he was under the influence of wine. On his reaching the tavern, his elder brother kicked him out of the house, and thus far is the history of this romantic marriage.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

THE POPE ELECTED BY A MISTAKE. His holiness the present pope, Pius IX, has been elected by a *mistake*, or rather he was, as those familiar with elections in "Merrie England" well know, set up as a candidate without the intention of his being finally elected. It occurred thus:—When the cardinals are duly "fixed" in the conclave, they begin in the evening by giving the name of one whom they have no intention should be ultimately chosen; this is done to see to whom are the general tendencies of their likings directed, or, in plain Saxon, as a "feeler." It appears that on the second evening of the conclave, the cardinals, according to establish usage, gave in the names of those whom they did *not* intend should be elected pope; and cardinal Giovannia Mariai Masta Ferretti, archbishop of Imola, and now Pius the ninth, was appointed to call out the names as they came out of the urn, and to his great surprise he found the first seven or eight billets marked with his own name. His feeling at so unexpected an honor, when it reached the fourteenth slip that his name was written on, were so excited that he fainted. Nevertheless the calling of the names went on, and, to the great surprise of the sacred college, his name was found to have the requisite number of voices, viz., two thirds of the number of cardinals present.—*Florence June 24.*

☞ The Whigs talk a good deal about the "Texas iniquity"—"extending the area of slavery," and all that. We should like to know what *they* ever did to abolish slavery, or limit its existence in any way.—Their last Presidential candidate was a slave-holder; and the whole party was pledged to the institution in 1840, by Daniel Webster, at Richmond. All that they have done against it, has been to talk coaxingly to abolitionists, and try to get them to consent to an amalgamation on the whig ground of doing nothing.—*Providence Sentinel.*

FIRE IN NASHUA. Between 2 and 3 o'clock Monday morning, a fire broke out in the "Waste house" of the Nashua corporation, in which there was a large quantity of cotton waste and about 200 Bales of Cotton. The Engine Companies and citizens turned out promptly, but in spite of their exertions the building and waste were consumed, and the cotton greatly damaged. The loss is estimated at about $2500. The fire originated from spontaneous combustion in the waste probably.—*Nashua Gazette.*

☞ Congress is rapidly approaching the moment of its dissolution, on Monday next. All the great measures of the session are coming to a decision. The warehouse bill has passed. The constitutional treasury bill, and the graduation bill, have passed the Senate with amendments, which are now before the House of Representatives.—*Union of Monday.*

CONNUBIAL FELICITY. A stout, heerty vender of sundi weres, of genuine "Jorry Sneak" aspect, made his way into the office, and after peeping cautiously about, as if to be sure some object of dread was not present, walked up to the magistrate, and in an alarmed whisper, said—

"I want to swear my life, your worship."

Magistrate.—Against whom?

Applicant—(Looking about carefully.) Against my wife.

M.—What has she been doing?

A.—She's always beating me. This morning she smacked my face because I put another lump of sugar into my tea, when I thought she wasn't looking.

M.—Well, you know you took her for better or worse.

A.—Yes, but she's all "worse." I think I could manage her if I could separate her from the gin bottle.

M.—Lock it away from her.

A.—She's got all the keys.

M.—Don't let her have any money.

A.—She keeps all the cash.

M.—Part from her.

A.—She won't let me.

"Then," said the magistrate, in a tone of perplexity, "I don't know what to advise. There's only one course—run to America, for that is the land of promise for every rogue, fool, and discontented person here."
—*From London Life.*

☞ The Telegraph between Troy and Saratoga, went into operation on Friday last. Moses Johnson, Esq. is the superintendent at Troy.—*Albany Argus.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

From the Buy State Democrat, Boston, Nov. 4, 1844.

REMEDIES.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers at the present time, that we should have shrunk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly convinced, from our own personal knowledge, of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak, and we speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious, if not a dangerous state of health. A cough had settled on her lungs; her form seemed wasting away; she was obliged to abandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

This is but a single case, but it is one, at least, in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Paug6ap1-1

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&P6mcbu

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, at the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR:—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely refer ibe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIRDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞ BOOBLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those, who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensible at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell. Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tlndvian28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED.

In this city, Aug. 1st, by Rev. J. S. Springer, Mr. David Davis to Miss Abbe Corser. 2d, Mr John Peckins, Jr. to Mrs Rachel Jones, of Chelmsford.

In Moretown, Vt., July 26th, Mr Charles Blood, of Groton, Mass., to Mrs Caroline Elder, of M.

DIED.

In this city, July 28th, Lydia A., infant daughter of Rev. J. S. and Lydia R. Springer, 4½ mos.

Aug. 3d, of cholera infantum, Angeline, youngest daughter of Henry Emery, of the Merrimack House.

In Billerica, July 23d, Catherine A., daughter of Wm. and Lydia A. Blanchard, 12 years.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For farther information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER. aug6 A3m

PRECEPTRESS WANTED.—The situation of Principal of the Female Department of the Lowell High School having become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent, the School Committee of Lowell are desirous of securing the services of an accomplished and experienced Lady to fill the place.—Salary $600 per annum.

Application may be made till Sept. 15th, to either of said Committee, to wit:

Doct. JOHN O. GREEN, *Chairman.*
FREDERICK PARKER, Esq., *Secretary.*
Rev. THEODORE EDSON,
JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.,
Rev. A. A. MINER,
Rev. GEORGE MAY.

Lowell, August 3, 1846. aug6a3t

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office. aug6 A1w6t

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18a1m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill; and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞ Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25a1f

LOWELL MUSEUM.

LAST CHANCE!

POSITIVELY the last week of the splendid representation of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL and **Conflagration of Charlestown,** together with the new Drop Scenes and beautiful Panoramas of the Mermaid's Cave, Battle of North Point, Island of Ceylon, View of the City of Baltimore, Terrific Storm on the Merrimack River, closing with a Moonlight View of the City of Lowell.

Drop Scenes—Battle of Lexington, Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers, Landing of Columbus, and Engagement of the Constitution and Guerriere.

Grand Performance SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the last day performance of this exhibition.

Tickets admitting two persons at one time only 25 cts.

Performance to commence at 8¼ evening, 3 o'clock *Saturday Afternoon.* aug4a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of ISAAC SEABURY, Jr., of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Currier, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Seabury, will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said county of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the seventh day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

JONA. LADD, Assignee.

Lowell, August 1, 1846. aug4a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, July 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in said county, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Bachelder will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the tenth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Bachelder, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. aug1 A3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS G. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **Indin Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2mpeow

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such farther arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or on such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy39a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the **"Silk and Shawl Store"** have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for **20 Days,** at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade.*

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only.* jy23

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street; or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymar5

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.

Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags; Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. a1m*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, neatly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill; and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stonestead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For farther information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all Trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in every many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18a1f No. 1 Commercial Square.

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great sale of new and second hand Furniture.

On SATURDAY next, August 8th, 1846, at 9 o'cl'k A. M., will be sold the following Articles of Furniture: 4 Splendid New Sofas, 8 new Bureaus, 24 Cane Seat and Rosewood Chairs, 3 Rocking do., 6 splendid *Hair Seat* do, 15 new Looking Glasses; 7 new Solar Lamps, 10 setts Knives and Forks, 6 new Feather Beds 6 Brass Clocks; 2 Counter Cases, 1 Shop Desk, 2 large Damask Cloths, 50 yards Linen Stair Carpeting, 1 large Paper Rack, 100 Rolls Paper Hangings.

Also. The Furniture of a Gentleman about leaving the City, in part as follows: One Elegant Secretary, 14 Cane Seat Chairs, and Rocking do., Tables, Mirrors, Carpets, Live Geese Feather Beds, 1 first rate curled Hair Matress, a lot Bedding, 1 Eight day Brass Clock; 1 Gold Band China Tea Sett, 1 sett White Granite, 1 good Cook Stove, 1 Parlor do., together with the usual assortment of House Keeping Articles.

The Furniture will be arranged Friday evening. au5

Church at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of August next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,—The Brick Church on Hurd street, of the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell. It will be sold subject to a mortgage for $5000 to the Middlesex Company. The amount over that will be payable in cash on delivery of the deed, or in good bankable notes in 3, 6 and 9 months, with interest.

The Church is centrally and eligibly situated, well built and nearly new, and is a very valuable and desirable property for any religious society. jy30

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—I share in Chelmsford Manufacturing Company. jy30 E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Cottage Houses and Land.

On WEDNESDAY next, Aug. 12th, at 3 o'clock; P. M., on the premises—A neat Cottage House and about 3000 feet Land situated a little south of Chestnut street on a court. Sale positive, the owner having removed from the city. Terms very liberal.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes; very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single; and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Agent for Manufacturer.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium; to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obviating regularity in all cases of female irregularity; suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons, should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youths inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the worn and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, as of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

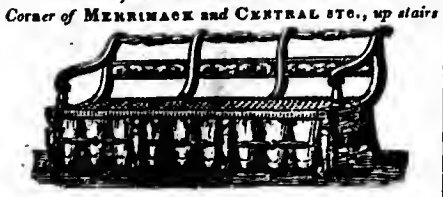
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

ape4 adv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

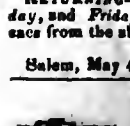
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes is rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscribee's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good Instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and material in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every Instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, *Agent for*
mar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscriptions for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation; owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance at the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflmmations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders those pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jae7 y

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunetely at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

DR .M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontravertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," then any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvonic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE.

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURTON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly one *thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of cerative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its usual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on triel, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The case described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed de Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts.,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 93.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. BINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
atf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, near of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je9f



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 a1y

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 38, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmoor.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire,
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the coincidence may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflamatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending in such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&nlyang30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russel; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. reug8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janlatf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Deguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Brondway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&erly*

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for paints, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent* fever.
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flondere, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Bell*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan13

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of
WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.
☞ Please call. jy18a1m

Affliction.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

With alliance only at their benediction,
God's angels come.
Where in the shadow of a great affliction,
The soul is dumb!
God calls our loved ones—but we loose not wholly
What he has given;
They live on earth, in thought and deed, as truly
As in his Heaven.

THE MISFORTUNE OF HAVING A DOWRY.

FROM THE FRENCH OF PAUL MERUAU.
[Concluded.]

CHAPTER III.

War had spared our hero, though he had not spared himself in the combat. On his homeward journey, he thought of his Catharine's beauty, of the love she had shown for him, and he thought that it was perhaps better to live happy, though deceived, than unhappy and too well informed. He said to himself that writings are certainly too indiscreet, and that husbands would be happier if lovers said less.
These reflections, these thoughts, led Fritz to the house where Calliarina lived, and though he was saying to himself that he would never enter it, yet at that very moment he found himself knocking at its door.
Catharina herself came to open it. How she was changed! Her cheeks were pale and emaciated, and showed marks of frequent weeping; but still she was beautiful. On seeing her husband, she shrunk back in astonishment, stretched out her arms, shrieked, and fell insensible upon Fritz's bosom.
Moved with pity, he took his wife to an arm-chair and felt much disposed to pardon her:—One scruple still prevented him. What sense, thought he, will there be in having been a soldier for two years, in having received a hundred and fifty lashes, in having bivouacked and marched in the mud, to have slept in the open air, if I, after all pardon my wife? Just at that moment Catharine opened her eyes.
"It is you, then," she cried, throwing her arms around her husband's neck; "you are returned, then, and love me still?"
Her grief was so true, her joy so earnest, that Fritz felt really affected.
"Yes, madam, I am returned," said he; "but as to loving you, I must first forget a certain purse of gold."
"Yes, that gold, that purse," cried Catharine, "I know that it was that which caused the trouble. As for that purse, I have not touched it; the gold is all there."
So saying, she ran to the old trunk, took the purse out of it, and threw it out of the window into the river, which ran by the side of the house. This was done so suddenly, that Fritz had not time to prevent it, and he looked sadly upon the water, as it closed over the treasure which was thrown into its bosom.
"Now," said Catharine; "you have no reason for not loving me!"
"I see," replied Fritz, endeavoring to conceal his vexation, "I see that you have thrown your money into the river, but I do not see how that prodigality explains the billet which is along with it."
"What billet?" exclaimed Catharine.
"That letter written by the hand which signs nominations and brevets; that letter which I found in the purse which you have thrown out of the window."
"A letter from the Prince!" said Catharine wondering.
"Who was it from?" cried Fritz.
"That letter was not for me;" replied the young woman.
"Really!" exclaimed Fritz. "'Dear and well beloved Catharine'—were not those words addressed to you, and the purse, too?"
"I am not acquainted with the Prince," said Catharine, weeping; "I have never seen him. That gold was sent to me by my aunt."
"Indeed!" replied Fritz, quite stupefied, "and then, is your aunt? . . . . . ."
"Yes," said Catharine, "my aunt's name is the same as mine, but she is now called Baroness de B———. When my father died, he ordered me never to see her, and to receive nothing from her. She has tried a great many times to make me presents, and I have always refused them; but this time on account of our marriage, I thought I could accept———it was for you.—If that was a fault—yet did I deserve so cruel an abandonment?"
"So, it was not the Prince who sent you either the gold or the letter?" inquired Fritz.
"It certainly was not—it was my aunt," replied Catharine, in tears.
"And it was not at your instance that I was appointed corporal, promoted, and made captain, after having been whipped?"
"No, but perhaps it was through my aunt's influence."
"Fool that I am!" cried Fritz, thumping his forehead, and swearing a terrible oath. "And so I enlisted, threw up my commission, and Catharine has thrown my money out of the window!"
Fritz fell down exhausted, but his wife's kind attentions soon revived him. Fritz then asked Catharine what her reason was that she had not written to him.
"After you disappeared," said Catharine, "I spent more than six weeks in hunting for you, but I was unable to get any information of you whatever."
"That time I spent at the hospital," replied Fritz.
"And about that time," continued Catharine, "my poor mother fell sick, and I was by her side till the moment of her death. After, that, I recommenced my search; I learned that you had enlisted, and that your regiment had left the country. I would have followed you, but I was poor, and I avoided aggravating my fault by informing my aunt of it. I resigned myself to my fate. I still hoped, and now you have returned."
The result of this explanation was, of course, a complete reconciliation. Fritz's and Catharine's happiness would have wanted nothing, had not poverty knocked at their door. Catharine had lost her custom by going after her husband. As to Fritz, since he had become a soldier, he was good for nothing. The five hundred ducats which he received from the Prince sustained them awhile, but they were soon gone. One morning, when they had in their house neither fire, bread, nor money, Fritz was going to throw himself into the river, without doubt to look for the money which his wife had deposited there. He arrived at the bank, and just as he was going to plunge in his eye caught a paper which was posted up on the other side of the riv-

er, He went over and read it. It was as follows :

"A purse has been drawn up from the water at this place containing ten thousand ducats in gold. The owner may have them by calling on Ludwig, the fisherman, New Borough."

This notice prevented the execution of the suicide which Fritz meditated, and he went immediately to Ludwig, the fisherman. It is useless to say that the honest man of fish returned the purse untouched.

Fritz was at last able to realize his former dream of a handsome shop, and his wife installed behind an ebony counter. Good fortune restored Catharine's charms, and in a little while Fritz's shop became the resort of all the youths in the city. Our hero made his fortune, he in fact walked the streets with a coat decked with brass buttons, and a gold headed cane, and also had his place at the council of church wardens. At the time of his death he discharged the important duties of an alderman, and was on the point of receiving letters of nobility.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Mexican War.

The news from the army on the Rio Grande is of little or no importence. Carmago, on the Rio Grande, some seventy leagues above Metamoras, has been taken by suven companies of our regular troops, without the slightest opposition; one of the Mexican Generals, even, standing at a safe distance with a considerable force.

The troops are moving up the river as fast as Gen. Taylor can produce means of transportation. A peculiar class of vessels can only be employed—steamers of very light draft, as the river is very shallow, and the current sets down in some places at the rate of 5 miles per hour.

It was generally thought the Mexicans would make a stand at Mentory, the capitol of the delightfully fertile and beautiful province of St. Leon. But by recent intelligence it is ascertained that there are no troops there, and that Gen. Taylor's March to the Mexican capitol will be made without opposition. We may add here that we think peace on advantageous as the U. S. could wish will be made before the army leaves Montery.

The army is suffering considerably from diarrhœa, and other complaints incident to the unacclimated in a tropical country.

Our squadron in the Gulf is keeping up the blockade, and it is expected by some that they will make a demonstration upon St. Juan D'Ulloa, and take possession of Vera Cruz. The Mexican troops at the above named place are suffering severely from yellow fever. The Mexican ports on the Pacific are by this time in a complete state of blockade. Yucatan, we learn by this morning's mail has declared for Santa Anna; in fine whole Mexican country is in a state of anarchy and political insanity.

The above was written Thursday—since, there has been various peace rumors afloat, the substance of which is—

It is currently reported in Washington that negotiations with the Mexican government are in progress; and that Paredes and the Mexican Congress propose to give up the whole of California and Santa Fe to the United States, as an indemnity for the expenses of the war, and for the instalments yet due by Mexico to American citizens. It is supposed that these terms, which have been proposed in Havana by the agents and plenipotentiaries of Paredes, will be satisfactory to this government.

The correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, contradicts it however by writing—

"There is no prospect of a speedy peace with Mexico. I have learned from the best authority, since the senate adjourned, that the propositions which have been before it in relation to Mexico, are such as can lead to no practical result."

☞The Courier of Thursday says: We have not told him when Senator Haywood was instructed to go for the repeal of the Tariff of 1842. We might ask him if it was Senator Heywood of North Carolina, or "Senetor Haywood of *South Carolina*" (see the Courier of July 28 and 29) that he had reference to. If what we said was construed into an assertion that the Hon. Senator was instructed directly from his State legislature, we were in the error, and the error was founded on the misapprehension of a sentence in the leading article of the Union of July 25. We learn from a Southern paper that—

"Mr Haywood was elected senator by the legislature of North Carolina in 1842, in consequence of an unfortunate division then existing in the ranks of the democracy of that State. Col. Brown and Mr Saunders were the rival candidates of the party. The former was the favorite of a large majority of the republican members, but the latter and his friends evinced a rash and uncompromising spirit, and the will of the majority was defeated. Mr Haywood was brought forward as a *compromise* candidate and elected."

Wherefore the Hon. Senator's present position becomes so much the more dishonorable since he has taken the most disreputable advantage of the accident that elected him; just as, he is the manner villain, who, finding, keeps what he knows to be another's, than he who steals, braving the danger of detection and punishment.

☞A Legal Duel occurred in Prussia last June, under the following circumstances. Lieut. Dukaus insulted Lieut. Bonnart, and the latter challenged him. The tribunal of honor for their division of the army having interfered to procure a settlement, according to the regulations of the Prussian service, without ances ordered them to fight it out with cavalry swords, before judges. A large plain was selected for the fight, and thousands of the populace attended from all quarters. After a combat of a few hours, Bonnart was seriously wounded and a reconciliation took place immediately, amid the plaudits of the spectators. It is the first time the tribunal ever authorized a duel, all former disputes having been amicably adjusted.

☞The Concord Freeman came to us this morning very much enlarged and improved. We wish it health and increasing prosperity.

Mr EDITOR :—Dear Sir—An article appeared in your journal of the 6th inst. speaking of the victory of the Wauesit, No. 3 Engion, over the Washington, No. 13, the P. S. of which claims the victory from the fact that No. 3 was manned in part by printers. It having created some little amusement in our minds I deem it proper to lay the facts before the people and let them know. If any victory was achieved by No. 3, it was only the victory of trickery and deception.

I am credibly informed that the foreman of No. 3 invited the foreman of No. 13 to take out his Engine and play with them—the invitation was accepted and day set, and No. 13, unsuspicious of any trickery appeared in full regalia on the eve of the 5th inst., No. 3 placing themselves near the Canal drawing and playing through something like 100 feet of hose into No. 13, and they playing through as much more and discharging through a pipe. All being made ready, the signal was given, No. 3 making some seven strokes before 13 commenced; the up and down motion had continued but a few moments when the hose burst near No. 13, when they instantly stopped and gave the alarm, No. 3 stopping as soon as they heard the alarm.

The Engines then changed places, all being ready action commenced. After continuing for some minutes it was discovered by No. 13 that No 3 was playing through an open hose. This being fixed it was soon ascertained that No. 3 was playing through pipe some half an inch in diameter larger than that used by No. 13. This exhibition of trickery being detected and altered, action again commenced, having continued but a few moments when the hose near No. 3 burst—at which time No. 3 kept on playing; " suck 'em dry" cried No. 3, "now is the time while 13 are laying on their oars." At this state of proceedings we left.

A LOOKER ON.

[The Editor knows nothing about the merits of the controversy.—*Advertiser.*]

DEATH OF MR CARROLL. We regret to learn that H. H. CARROLL, Esq., the late very able editor of the New Hampshire Patriot and State Gazette, died at Concord, suddenly, on Tuesday night last. Mr C. was a gentleman highly esteemed for his talents, acquirements, gentlemanly deportment and generous disposition. His loss will be seriously felt and lamented by his numerous friends throughout the state of his residence, and his extensive acquaintances in all sections of the Union.—*Post.*

His disorder was congestion of the brain, of which the partial loss of sight for the last three months had been but to sure a precursor, ending in 23 distinct fits of convulsion, breaking down, in the pride of his years and strength, the man of fair and full grown proportions, and terminating life about nine o'clock in the evening. Mr C. was, we believe, born in Pittsfield.—*Hill's N. H. Patriot.*

FROM THE CAMP. We understand that thirteen small steamers have ascended the Rio Grande, and arrived at Matamoras, for the transportation of Gen. Taylor's troops; and that four more are expected—two from Charleston and two others from Philadelphia. A letter from Mr Whiting to the Quartermaster General, in this city, has just been received from Matamoras, dated July 17, which says: "One of the boats which went up to Camargo, returned this day. She reached there without much difficulty—not more than is encountered before this. The troops on board of her took quiet possession."—*Washington Union.*

News from the South.

The Southern Mail is in, bringing New Orleans dates to the 30th. A gentleman who left Yucatan on the 9th ult. reports that the people in all the towns were for Mexico, and not for the United States. The Mexican flag was flying every where.

No news from the Army.

☞If Democracy is "the rule of the many," as the Advertiser says, is it Democratic for one man to overpower the will of the representatives of the people by the exercise of his veto?—*Courier.*

Certainly, when the would be representatives set up their own will in opposition to the wishes of a majority of the people, as in the case of the Harbor bill vetoed by President Polk.

HEAR HIM! The Courier man in the absence of other origioal poetry, supplies his poetical corner from his own brain, thus:

Oh! poor deluded Locos,
Why now in such a fix?
"We've got Polk and Dallas,
And the *TARIFF of '46.*

The editor seems to be able to write poetry and prose with equal facility,

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. The Selectmen of Nantucket acknowledge through the Inquirer of yesterday, the receipt of

2 Boxes and 1 bag of clothing from Lowell.

$1442,00 from citizens of Lowell through the Hon. Mayor.

1 Barrel of clothing, hooks, &c. from Dracut.

MISSION OF PEACE TO MEXICO. It is rumored that the President has sent to the senate a message, asking advice as to the propriety of sending a peace commissioner to Mexico. Mr Slidell has arrived at Washington from Saratoga, and will probably be the commissioner, if one is sent.

☞The New York Globe published Wednesday a very finely executed wood engraving of the Vice President, Hon. George Mifflin Dallas. It is from a Dagnerotype by Plumbe and it is accompanied by a well written and condensed sketch of Vice President's life by Thomas Dann English.

☞By a recent law in New Hampshire, Bank stockholders are liable in their individual capacity for the debts of the bank, to the amount of the stock.—This individual liability does not extend to other corporations.

☞The Courier is brawling about *repeal*. We suppose that this means, that the corporations having *feel-ed* the operatives once by diminishing their wages, are about to try it again, and so they call it *re-peel*.

COUNT OF DEATH.—Do not let this magnificent painting go out of the city without seeing it. Improve this golden opportunity, to view a splendid effort of Genius.

PRESIDENT POLK'S VETO. We publish this Message to-day, to the exclusion of other matter. It is written with great clearness and ability.

☞They are working copper mines in Lynn that yield 12 per cent. of the pure metal.

☞The Senate have confirmed the appointment of Mr Page as collector of the port of Philadelphia.

The thermometer at M., Wednesday, at Albany, stood at 93, and at Boston at 93.

Message of the President Vetoing the River and Harbor Bill.

To the House of Representatives:

I have considered the bill entitled "An act making appropriations for the improvement of certain harbors and rivers" with the care which its importance demands, and now return the same to the House of Representatives in which it originated, with my objections to its becoming a law. The bill proposes to appropriate one million three hundred and seventy-eight thousand four hundred and fifty dollars to be applied to more than forty distinct and separate objects of improvement. On examining its provisions, and the variety of objects of improvements which it embraces, many of them of a local character, it is difficult to conceive, if it shall be sanctioned and become a law, what practical constitutional restraint can hereafter be imposed upon the most extended system of internal improvements by the federal government in all parts of the Union. The Constitution has not, in my judgment, conferred upon the federal government the power to construct works of internal improvement within the States, or to appropriate money from the Treasury for that purpose. That this bill assumes for the federal government the right to exercise this power, cannot, I think, be doubted. The approved course of the government, and the deliberately-expressed judgment of the people, have denied the existence of such a power under the Constitution. Several of my predecessors have denied its existence in the most solemn forms.

The general proposition that the federal government does not possess this power is so well settled, and has for a considerable period been so generally acquiesced in, that it is not deemed necessary to reiterate the arguments by which it is sustained. Nor do I deem it necessary, after the full and elaborate discussions which have taken place before the country on this subject, to do more than state the general considerations which have satisfied me of the unconstitutionality and inexpediency of the exercise of such a power.

It is not questioned that the federal government is one of limited powers. Its powers are such, and such only as are expressly granted in the Constitution, or are properly incident to the expressly granted powers, and necessary to their execution. In determining whether a given power has been granted a sound rule of construction has been laid down by Mr Madison.—That rule is, that 'whenever a question arises concerning a particular power, the first question is whether the power be expressed in the Constitution. If it be, the question is decided. If it be not expressed, the next inquiry must be, whether it is properly an incident to an expressed power, and necessary to its execution. If it be, it may be exercised by Congress. If it be not, Congress cannot exercise it.' It is not pretended that there is any express grant in the Constitution conferring on Congress the power in question. Is it then an incidental power, necessary and proper for the execution of any of the granted powers? All the granted powers, it is confidently affirmed, may be effectually executed without the aid of such an incident. 'A power to be incidental must not be exercised for ends which make it a principal, or substantive power, independent of the principal power to which it is an incident.' It is not enough that it may be regarded Congress as *convenient*, or that its exercise would advance the public weal. It must be *necessary and proper* to the execution of the principal expressed power to which it is an incident, and without which such principal power cannot be carried into effect. The whole frame of the federal Constitution proves that the government which it creates was intended to be one of limited and specified powers. A construction of the Constitution so broad as that by which the power in question is defended, tends imperceptibly to a consolidation of power in a government intended by its framers to be thus limited in its authority. 'The obvious tendency and inevitable result of a consolidation of the States into one sovereignty would be to transform the republican system of the United States into a monarchy.' To guard against the assumption of all powers which encroach upon the reserved sovereignty of the States, and which consequently tend to consolidation, is the duty of all the true friends of our political system. That the power in question is not properly an incident to any of the granted powers, I am fully satisfied; but if there were doubts on this subject, experience has demonstrated the wisdom of the rule that all the functionaries of the federal government should abstain from the exercise of all questionable or doubtful powers. If an enlargement of the powers of the federal government should be deemed proper, it is safer and wiser to appeal to the States and the people in the mode prescribed by the Constitution for the grant desired, than to assume its exercise without an amendment of the Constitution. If Congress does not possess the general power to construct works of internal improvement within the States, or to appropriate money from the Treasury for that purpose, what is there to exempt some, at least, of the objects of appropriation included in this bill from the operation of the general rule? This bill assumes the existence of the power, and in some of its provisions asserts the principle, that Congress may exercise it as fully as though the appropriations which it proposes were applicable to the construction of roads and canals. If there be a distinction in principle, it is not perceived, and should be clearly defined. Some of the objects of appropriation contained in this bill are local in their character, and lie within the limits of a single State; and though, in the language of the bill, they are called *harbors*, they are not connected with foreign commerce, nor are they places of refuge or shelter for our navy, or commercial marine on the ocean or lake shores. To call the mouth of a creek, or a shallow inlet on our coast, a harbor cannot confer the authority to expend the public money in its improvement. Congress have exercised the power coeval with the Constitution of establishing lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and piers on our ocean and lake shores, for the purpose of rendering navigation safe and easy, and of affording protection and shelter for our navy and other shipping. These are safeguards placed in existing channels of navigation. After a long acquiescence of the government through all preceding administrations, I am not disposed to question or disturb the authority to make appropriations for such purposes.

When we advance a step beyond this point, and in addition to the establishment and support, by appropriations from the Treasury, of light-houses, beacons, buoys, piers, and other improvements within the bays, inlets, and harbors on our ocean and lake coasts immediately connected with our foreign commerce, and attempt to make improvements in the interior at points unconnected with foreign commerce, and where they are not needed for the protection and security of our navy and commercial marine, the difficulty arises in drawing a line beyond which appropriations may not be made by the federal government.

One of my predecessors, who saw the evil consequences of the system proposed to be revived by this bill, attempted to define this line by declaring that, " expenditures of this character" should be " confined *below* the ports of entry or delivery established by law!" Acting on this restriction, he withheld his sanction from a bill which had passed Congress " to improve the navigation of the Wabash river." He was at the same time " sensible that this restriction was not as satisfactory as could be desired, and that much embarrassment may be caused to the executive department in its execution, by appropriations for remote and not well understood objects." This restriction, it was soon found, was subject to be evaded, and rendered comparatively useless in checking the system of improvements which it was designed to arrest, in consequence of the facility with which ports of entry and delivery may be established by law upon the upper waters, and in some instances almost at the head springs of some of the most unimportant of our rivers, and at points on our coasts possessing no commercial importance, and not used as places of refuge or safety by our navy, and other shipping. Many of the ports of entry and delivery now authorised by law, so far as foreign commerce is concerned, exist only on the statute books. No entry of foreign goods is ever made, and no duties are ever collected at them. No exports of American products bound for foreign countries, ever clear from them. To assume that their existence in the statute-book as ports of entry or delivery warrant expenditures on the waters leading to them, which would be otherwise unauthorized, would be to assert the proposition, that the law-making power may engraft new provisions on the constitution. If the restriction to a sound one, it can only apply to bays, inlets, and rivers connected with or leading to such port as actually have foreign commerce; ports at which foreign importations arrive in bulk, paying the duties charged by law, and from which exports are made to foreign countries. It will be found by applying the restriction thus understood to the bill under consideration, that it contains appropriations for more than twenty objects of internal improvement, called in the bill *harbors*, at places which have never been declared by law either ports of entry or delivery, and at which, as appears from the records of the treasury, there has never been an arrival of foreign merchandise, and from which there has never been a vessel cleared for a foreign country. It will be found that many of these works are new, and at places for the improvement of which appropriations are now for the first time proposed. It will be found, also, that the bill contains appropriations for rivers upon which there not only exists no foreign commerce, but upon which there has not been established even a paper port of entry, and for mouths of creeks, denominated harbors, which if improved it can benefit only the particular neighborhood in which they are situated. It will be found, too, to contain appropriations the expenditure of which will only have the effect of improving one place at the expense of the local, natural advantages of another in its vicinity. Should this bill become a law the same *principle* which authorizes the appropriations which it proposes to make, would also authorize similar appropriations for the improvement of all the other bays, inlets, and creeks, which may with equal propriety be called harbors, and of all the rivers, important or unimportant, in every part of the Union. To sanction the bill with such provisions, would be to conceed the *principle* that the federal government possesses the power to expend the public money in a general system of internal improvements, limited in its extent only by the ever varying discretion of successive Congresses and successive Executives.—It would be to efface and remove the limitations and restrictions of power, which the constitution has wisely provided to limit the authority and action of the federal government to a few well-defined and specified objects. Besides these objections, the practical evils which must flow from the exercise, on the part of the federal government, of the powers asserted in this bill, impress my mind with a grave sense of my duty to avert them from the country as far as my constitutional action may enable me to do so.

It not only leads to a consolidation of power in the federal government at the expense of the rightful authority of the states, but its inevitable tendency is, to embrace objects for the expenditure of the public money, which are local in their character, benefitting but few at the expense of the common treasury of the whole. It will engender sectional feelings and prejudices calculated to disturb the harmony of the Union. It will destroy the harmony which should prevail in legislative counsels.

It will produce combinations of local and sectional interests, strong enough, when united, to carry propositions for appropriations of public money which could not of themselves, and standing alone succeed, and cannot fail to lead to wasteful and extravagant expenditures.

It must produce a disreputable scramble for the public money, by the conflict which is inseparable from such a system, between local and individual interests and the general interest of the whole. It is unjust to those States which have with their own means constructed their own internal improvements, to make from the common treasury appropriations for similar improvements to other states.

In its operation it will be oppressive and unjust towards those States whose representatives and people either deny or doubt the existence of the power, or think its exercise inexpedient, and who, while they equally contribute to the treasury, cannot consistently with their opinions engage in the general competition for a share of the public money. Thus a large portion of the Union in numbers and in geographical extent, contributing its equal proportion of taxes to the support of government, would, under the operation of such a system, be compelled to see the national treasury—the common stock of all—unequally disbursed, and often improvidently wasted for the advantage of small sections, instead of being applied to the great national purpose in which all have a common interest, and for which alone the power to collect the revenue was given. Should the system of internal improvements proposed prevail, all these evils will multiply and increase with the increase of the number of the States, and the extension of the geographical limits of the settled portions of our country. With the increase of our numbers and the extension of our settlements, the local objects demanding appropriations of the public money for their improvement will be proportionately increased. In such case the expenditure of the public money would confer benefits, direct or indirect, only on a section, while these sections would become daily less in comparison with the whole.

The wisdom of the framers of the constitution in withholding power over such objects from the federal government, and leaving them to the local governments of the States, becomes more and more manifest with every year's experience of the operations of our system.

In a country of limited extent, with but few such objects of expenditure, (if the form of government permitted it,) a common treasury might be used for their improvement with much less inequality and injustice than in one of the vast extent which ours now presents in population and territory. The treasure of the world would hardly be equal to the improvement of every bay, inlet, creek, and river in our country which might be supposed to promote the agricultural, manufacturing, or commercial interests of a neighborhood.

The federal constitution was wisely adapted in its provisions to any expansion of our limits and population; and with the advance of the confederacy of the States in the career of national greatness, it becomes the more apparent that the harmony of the Union, and the equal justice to which all its parts are entitled, require that the federal government should confine its action within the limits prescribed by the Constitution to its power and authority. Some of the provisions of this bill are not subject to the objections stated, and did they stand alone I should not feel it to be my duty to withhold my approval.

If no Constitutional objections existed to the bill, there are others of a serious nature which deserve some consideration. It appropriates between one and two millions of dollars for objects which are of no pressing necessity, and this is proposed at a time when the country is engaged in a foreign war, and when Congress at its present session has authorized a loan of the Treasury Notes to defray the expenses of the war, to be resorted to if the 'exigencies of the government shall require it.' It would seem to be the dictate of wisdom under such circumstances to husband our means, and not to waste them on comparatively unimportant objects, so that we may reduce the loan or issue of Treasury Notes which may become necessary to the smallest practical sum. It would seem to be wise, to abstain from such expenditures with a view to avoid the accumulation of a large public debt, the existence of which would be opposed to the interests of our people, as well as to the genius of our free institutions.

Should this bill become a law, the principle which it establishes will inevitably lead to a large and annually increasing appropriations and drains upon the Treasury, for it is not to be doubted that numerous other localities not embraced in its provisions, but quite as much entitled to the favor of the government as those which are embraced, will demand, through their representatives in Congress, to be placed on an equal footing with them. With such an increase of expenditure must necessarily follow either an increased public debt, or increased burdens upon the people by taxation, to supply the Treasury with the means of meeting the accumulated demands upon it.

With profound respect for the opinions of Congress, and ever anxious, as far as I can consistently with my responsibility to our common constituents, to co-operate with them in the discharge of our respective duties, it is with unfeigned regret that I find myself constrained, for the reasons which I have assigned, to withhold my approval from this bill.

JAMES K. POLK.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3, 1846.

☞Br. Miaer will preach in Unity, to-morrow.—His desk will be supplied by the Editor.—*Fountain.*

☞Br. King will preach in the desk of the First Universalist Church in this city, to-morrow.—*Ibid.*

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Correspondence of the New York Commercial Advertiser.

WASHINGTON AUG. 6, 1846.

Mexico.

It is understood that the Senate have been in executive session, last evening and again to-day, upon a message from the President relative to the war with Mexico or rather to the means of terminating it.

Some here suppose that the President has received a proposition from the British Government, made with the assent of Mexico, for the termination of the war upon certain terms.

The terms named are the Rio Grande as a boundary and the two Californas—the Government of the United States paying the instalments due to our citizens.

There is nothing in it—and it can lead to nothing practical. That is the opinion of those who cannot, at present, give more full information as to the matter, but who know all about it, officially.

Congress.

Wednesday, Aug. 5.

In the SENATE. A bill to remit the duties on railroad iron, in certain cases, was read a third time and passed. Yeas 26, nays 20.

A bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union was taken up and passed.

The civil and diplomatic appropriation bill was then taken up and a large number of amendments were adopted.

After the adoption of sundry amendments the bill was passed.

The West Point appropriation bill was then taken up and passed.

The senate then went into executive session and afterwards adjourned.

In the HOUSE. The Speaker announced that the title to the French spoilation bill had not been passed yesterday, when the previous question was ordered on said bill, consequently the title had yet to be agreed to; the title of the bill was thereupon agreed to, and the bill was sent to the senate as it came from that body.

Mr McKay reported the navy bill from the Senate, which was referred to the committee of the whole.

The land graduation bill, with amendments of the Senate, was taken up.

Mr Smith of Ill. moved that the Senate's amendments be concurred in, and called the previous question.

A call of the house was moved, and rejected by a large majority.

Mr Brodhead moved to lay the bill on the table, and called for the yeas and nays. Carried yeas 104, nays 79. Thus the bill was rejected.

The House next took up the Sub Treasury Bill, with Senate amendments.

Mr Ashman moved to lay the whole on the table.—Lost—yeas 66, nays 125.

Mr McKay offered an amendment, to extend the specie clause to April next, instead of January, and called for the previous question, which was seconded. The vote on his amendment stood yeas 77, nays 101. Rejected. Without finishing the bill.

The House took up the railroad iron bill from the Senate.

Mr Stephen Adams moved to lay it on the table, on which the yeas and nays were taken—yeas 131, nays 49. So the bill was laid on the table.

The rules were suspended for an hour in order that the committees might make reports.

Mr Hopkins reported a bill to establish certain post routes. Read twice and referred to Committee on the Whole.

The House now went into committee, Mr McClelland in the chair, and took up the Navy Appropriation bill, with senate amendments, and after some time spent in considering said amendment, and offering others, the committee rose for want of a quorum, and the House adjourned.

Thursday, Aug. 6.

In the SENATE. A message was received from the President announcing the ratification of the Oregon treaty, and recommending the adoption of measures for the government of the territory and protection of our citizens.

Mr Speight moved to refer the message to the committee on Territories, and have it printed.

Mr Sevier thought there was time to act on the bill, which had already been reported.

Mr Allen was in favor of legislating, as far as possible, for our citizens in the little remnant of Oregon that was left to us.

On Mr Hannegan's motion, the message was laid on the table and ordered to be printed—yeas 25, nays 49.

The bill for the relief of the heirs of Robert Fulton was then taken up, and after debate was finally passed—yeas 32, nays 15.

In the HOUSE. A bill to surrender public lands in Tennessee, to said State, being the first business in order, was taken up and passed.

A message from the President was read announcing the ratification of the Oregon treaty, and recommending the organization of a territorial government, and that liberal grants of land be made to actual settlers, and that the Indian agents be appointed.

Mr Douglass, from the committee on territories, reported a bill in conformity with the President's recommendations.

Mr Thompson, of Pensylvania, from the minority of said committee, reported amendments to exclude slavery or involuntary servitude, except for crime, in Oregon. The bill was read twice, and the whole subject referred to the committee of the whole.

The house then went into committee of the whole, and took up the Naval appropriation bill.

Mr Stanton advocated his amendment in relation to the disposition of the appropriation for the Navy Yard at Memphis.

Mr Crozier followed in support of the amendment, and in reply to Houston of Alabama.

Mr Houston replied.

Mr Stanton's amendment was rejected.

One or two of the Senate's amendments were not concurred in, while one or two others were added by the House.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr Henly in the chair, and took up Mr Douglass's Oregon Territorial bill.

The committee then rose and reported the bill with sundry amendments.

One amendment excludes slavery from the territory for ever, and another limits the mileage of its members of Congress to two thousand dollars in any one year.

The House voted on the amendment excluding slavery as follows—yeas 108, nays 43. That amendment was agreed to.

An amendment to give the widow of Capt Grey, discoverer of the mouth of the Columbia River, a township, or 23, 040 acres of land, was voted down—yeas 73, nays 77.

The bill as amended passed

The Peruvian indemnity bill was next considered in committee and then amended, ordered to be engrossed and finally passed. Adj.

Police Court.

August 6.

Ann Jones—For Lewdness, 6 months in House of Correction.

Alonzo Rankin—Lewdness, 3 months.

Jas. Fitzgerald—for being a disorderly person, ordered to recognize in sureties of $75 to keep the peace 3 months, and pay costs.

Jas. Fitzgerald—Assault and battery on Simon P. Dodge, fined $5,00 and costs.

Elizabeth Snow—Vagabond 3 months in House of Correction.

YELLOW FEVER IN NEW ORLEANS. The New Orleans Courier announces that some cases of yellow fever have appeared in that city. The Picayune, on the contrary, doubts whether the cases were the real yellow fever.

HEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9tm

From the Bay State Democrat, Boston, Nov. 4, 1844.

REMEDIES.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers at the present time, that we should have shrunk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly convinced, from our own personal knowledge, of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak, and we speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious, if not a dangerous state of health. A cough had settled on her lungs; her form seemed wasting away; she was obliged to abandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

This is but a single case, but it is one, at least, in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Paug6up14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandolion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6uelm

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for the long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. B. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN and C. S. EASTMAN agents for Lowell. je11

MARRIED,

In this city, July 31, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr Andrew Fortune to Miss Jane Thompson.

Aug. 2, by the same, Mr John P. Choate to Miss Sarah Jane Bleisdell, all of Lowell.

At Shirley, by Rev. Dr Ballou, of Medford, Rev. D. Mayo, pastor of the Universalist society in Gloucester, to Miss Sarah C. Edgarton.

STEAM ON THE MERRIMACK!
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THE STEAMBOAT LAWRENCE,

UNTIL September 1st, will leave Newburyport regularly, for Haverhill, at a quarter before 6 o'clock, A. M., on every day of the week, Wednesday and Sunday excepted, stopping at Amesbury Ferry, West Amesbury, Rocks Bridge, and East Bradford, and arriving at Haverhill in season for the train of Cars which connects that place at a quarter before 9 A. M., for Andover, Methuen and Boston, and also for Lowell, Nashua, and Concord; also connects with the train which leaves Haverhill at 9 A. M., for Exeter, New Market, Dover, and Great Falls, to the junction of the Portland and Saco Railroad at North Berwick.

Returning, leaves Haverhill at 9 o'clock, A. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston, touching at the way landings, and arriving at Newburyport before noon, which will give passengers an opportunity to leave for Boston in the 2 o'clock train for Newburyport.

Second Trip.—Leaves Newburyport at 3 P. M., touching at the way landings, and arriving at Haverhill in season for passengers to leave Haverhill by the 6 o'clock train for Boston, for the Eastward, and for the interior of New Hampshire and Vermont.

Returning, leaves Haverhill at 6 o'clock, and arrives at Newburyport about 8 P. M., with the exception of Tuesday Evening when she will lay over at Haverhill, if engaged for parties down the river Wednesday morning.

All freight received half an hour before the starting of the Boat, will be taken for Haverhill, Newburyport, and the way landings on reasonable terms.

This conveyance offers the best facility for freight and passengers between Newburyport and the whole interior of this section of the country.

The boat is now in such order that the Agent feels entire confidence that she will meet the wants and wishes of the Travelling community.

Pleasure Parties.—On Wednesday of each week the steamer will run for the accommodation of parties, to any place on the river from Haverhill to Plum Island. Notice of the arrangement for the day will be given by the Agent. Societies or special parties can be accommodated with the exclusive use of the boat for an excursion, if a sufficient number is pledged.

JOHN HUSE, Agent.

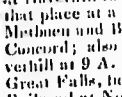
Newburyport, July 28, 1846. aug7r3t

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
On Wednesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. JAMES FRANCIS, MORRIS master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug8

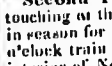
MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FIRM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.



Goes up to the city without lightering:

The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug8

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.
This Day.



The elegant fast sailing coppered packet Ship BERLIN, BAKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. aug8



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m

TO LET.



An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracut, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—It is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN CORURN

Dracut, June 24, 1846. je25-1awA&r6w*

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&qdec16

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING
OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 cents; Season Tickets, admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25a1f

LOWELL MUSEUM.
LAST CHANCE!

POSITIVELY the last week of the splendid representation of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL and **Conflagration of Charlestown,** together with the new Drop Scenes and Beautiful Panoramas of the Mermaid's Cave, Battle of North Point, Island of Ceylon, View of the City of Baltimore, Terrific Storm on the Merrimack River, closing with a Moonlight View of the City of Lowell.

Drop Scenes—Battle of Lexington, Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers, Landing of Columbus, and Engagement of the Constitution and Guerriere.

Grand Performance SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the last day performance of this exhibition.

Tickets admitting two persons at one time only 25 cts.

Performance to commence at 8½ evening, 3 o'clock *Saturday Afternoon.* aug4a3t

RECEPTRESS WANTED.—The situation of Principal of the Female Department of the Lowell High School having become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent, the School Committee of Lowell are desirous of securing the services of an accomplished and experienced Lady to fill the place.—Salary $600 per annum.

Application may be made till Sept. 15th, to either of said Committee, to wit:

Duct. JOHN D. GREEN, *Chairman.*
FREDERICK PARKER, Esq., *Secretary.*
Rev. THEODORE EDSON,
JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.,
Rev. A. A. MINER,
Rev. GEORGE MAY.

Lowell, August 3, 1846. aug6a3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2ucow

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. H. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞Please call. jy18a1m

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 20th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or on such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy39a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the **"Silk and Shawl Store"** have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for **20 Days,** at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade.*

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer none but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connected with the late firm of WILLIAM SMITH & HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., will be attended to at the office of the subscriber, No. 11 Merrimack street, Lowell. HENRY W. SMITH.

Lowell, July 1, 1846. jy25a1m

The partnership heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

HENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.,

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m*

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no common on with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. may16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19a1f

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!
JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office. aug6 a1s6t

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Lowell at 8 and 11 A. M. and 3 and 6½ P. M.

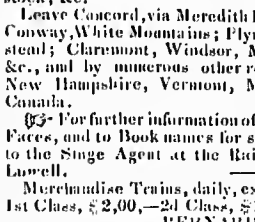
Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. aj28



I. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

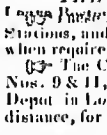
☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. a1m*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Centralville Academy Boarding House, in Dracutt, at Auction!

I shall sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of August, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that Large and Convenient Building erected for a Boarding House for Dracutt Academy. It is divided into two departments, having 24 Rooms each, (48 in all,) and is so arranged that it may be occupied for one or two Boarding houses, with separate Kitchens, Dining Halls, Parlors and Lodging Rooms,—having good water and every necessary convenience for each. There is land sufficient for a large garden, which is well stocked with Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c. There is also a good stable.

The location of the above premises for healthfulness and beauty, is unsurpassed by anything in the country—commanding not only the best view of Lowell, but several miles of the surrounding country, and a fine view of the Merrimack and Concord Rivers.

There is not a better place in New England for the establishment of a private School, or private residence, and the proprietors will make most favorable terms as to payment, should the purchaser desire it. Inquire of Wm. Livingston, Horace Howard, Ethan Burnap, Benjamin Hutchinson, A. L. Brooks, or of E. B. PATCH Auctioneer. aug8

Church at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th day of August next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,—The Brick Church on Hurd street, of the 1st Methodist Episcopal Society in Lowell. It will be sold subject to a mortgage for $5000 to the Middlesex Company. The amount over that will be payable in cash on delivery of the deed, or in good bankable notes in 3, 6 and 9 months, with interest.

The Church is centrally and eligibly situated, well built and nearly new, and is a very valuable and desirable property for any religious society. jy30

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Powtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—I share in Chelmsford Manufacturing Company. jy30 E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Cottage Houses and Land.

On WEDNESDAY next, Aug. 12th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises—A neat Cottage House and about 3000 feet Land situated a little south of Chestnut street on a court. Sale positive, the owner having removed from the city. Terms very liberal.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes of very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Shower Baths.

All sizes of Bate's Patent Boston Shower Baths at the lowest Cash prices at the manufactory. Orders from abroad attended to promptly, in all cases a uniform price will be charged. S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Agent for Manufacturer.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium; to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. odv1ymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sennit and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obviating regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use;

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience to sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND
SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than gold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, sight Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my head and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

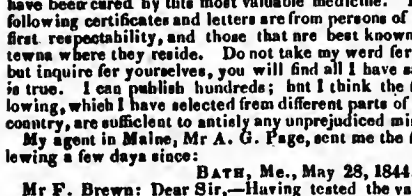
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention. L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN, E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dnarborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kalley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufactorers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

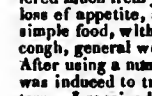
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arriven at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are republished in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character. They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

ja11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his bounty and benevolent heart. Certificates of the cures which Dr Peters challenges any person to controdict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jc20

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired over recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mly12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than *three hundred* CURES, in these cases which Dr Peters challenges any person to controdict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

HOMEOPATHY.

DR. WILLIAM H. LEONARD, Physician and Surgeon, has taken the office lately occupied by Dr. Hall, No. 3 Prescott Block, Merrimack street, where he may be found at all hours when not professionally engaged. Residence, No. 3 Kirk street. Office hours from 8 to 9 A.M., 1 to 2 P.M., and 6 to 7 P.M.

Dr. L. has had a regular medical education, and has been in practice for several years, but has recently become convinced that the Homeopathic system of practice is the most rational and successful, and has therefore adopted it exclusively. He has been induced to do this from the fact that he has found it more successful in his own practice than any other system, and from the fact that it is the only system which is based upon the principles of nature. Dr. L. will be happy to wait upon those who may desire his services, and will endeavor to merit a share of public patronage.

Dr. L. has for sale a large assortment of Homeopathic Medicines, Books, Tinctures, Globules, &c., and will supply Physicians and others with any thing they may want in his line, at the lowest prices.

Lowell, Jan. 1, 1846. jan1

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid states of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and in disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flotulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine. f

Sundwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bittern. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and no signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 11, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 94.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs; Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made DOORS Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings. *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.
MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds of Isaac W. Hanos, Dean Bangs.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
and STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order. aug21 aly

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf



SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL.
aug12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS; FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Iosurances effected a&ply

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [lfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers in this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is inclined, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial; and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence; R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORNELIA CARY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures in all the diseases of the blood and system, and therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system must have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior to their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers; and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining the relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle; my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond; H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashua*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co.; S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower myll A&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM ANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. nmg8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Offices No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 71 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan21tf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others for what near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell; Bro. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for donts, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases mentioned, if called for.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent* fever.
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel-complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Mr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tawa&ptyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the prominus paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$30 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	485 53	67 53	1987
			1839	8.8 00	370 45	85 70	1586
			1340	581 85	270 20	94 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	87 53	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMOND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Sprwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
99, Central St.
je6atf

Song for August.

BY HARRIET MARTINEAU.

Beneath this starry arch,
Nought resteth or is still;
But all things hold their march
As if by one great will.
Moves one, move all;
Hark to the foot-fall!
On, on, for ever.

Yon shuuves were once but seed;
Will ripens into deed;
As rain-drops swell the streams,
Day thoughts feed nightly dreams;
And sorrow trackeih wrong,
As echo follows song.
On, on, for ever.

By night, like stars on high,
The hours reveal their train;
They whisper and go by;
I never watch in vain.
Moves one, move all;
Hark to the foot-fall!
On, on, for ever.

They pass the cradle head,
And there a promise shed,
They pass the moist new grave,
And bid rank verdure wave;
They bear through every clime,
The harvests of all time.
On, on, for ever.

From the Boston Crier.

REV. ADONIRAM JUDSON AND MISS EMILY CHUBBUCK.

One day last month, the Rev. Mr Judson, the famous missionary to Burmah, with his young wife, the popular "Fanny Forrester" of the magazines, appeared at the Baldwin Place Church with several other missionaries, to receive their official instructions from the board of direction and to unite in other services appropriate to such an occasion. It was stated in the daily papers that Mr Judson intended to deliver a farewell address, which it was expected would be very interesting and affecting—and these facts, together with a desire to see his famous young bride attracted one of the largest audiences ever collected within the walls of that church. It was a perfect "jam;" not a standing place being left in any of the aisles or passage-ways.

In respect to the address by Dr Judson, the audience was disappointed. The reverend gentleman is laboring under an affection of the bronchial tubes, which prevents him from exerting his vocal powers for many minutes at a time without great inconvenience and even danger to his lungs. The act of speaking excites and irritates the membrane of the air passage, inducing a prolonged fit of coughing, which of course does more or less injury to the delicate organs of the chest. The Doctor said the announcement of an address from his lips was made without his knowledge, and he was entirely unable to meet the expectations of the audience. He had, however, committed a few thoughts to paper, which a brother clergyman would do him the favor to read, and he would himself say a few parting words, in his own voice, for the gratification and encouragement of his friends, which he did. After the services were over, the reverend gentleman and his wife stood upon the platform beneath the pulpit, and a large portion of the audience went up and exchanged salutations with them.

During all the time that these events were transpiring we had the curiosity to watch and study the physical characteristics, the features, expression, phrenological developments, and the general effect of the reverend gentleman's manners—and also of his new partner in the gaieties of life. And we are pleased to say that we discovered in these people a good deal of *character*, which we think may be well conveyed in description. We knew nothing about Mr Judson personally. We had never seen him before, and were wholly unprejudiced by any account of his peculiarities, for in fact we had never seen any.—We shall speak frankly, and give our clear and distinct impression, without softening any of their angles, however sharp or rough they may happen to be. The merit of our personal sketches (if any merit there be in them,) arises from the fact that the outlines which we give on paper are actually *embossed*, as it were, upon our mind by the influences which a person exerts upon us—and our descriptions are *literal transfers* of these strongly fixed ideas. We never have but one set of impressions, and rarely ever see cause to change them. Now for the portraits.

The Rev. Mr Judson's figure is a very good one. Public expectations is fully sustained by the appearance of the man. He has a large and masculine frame, not devoid of dignity, and the bearing of one accustomed to exert authority without the necessity of any pompous manifestation of his power. He is full six feet in height, if not over, with square and slightly rounded shoulders, long, heavy arms and hands rough and bony, but softened into something like grace by the subduing nature of his vocation. His head is large, high, bold and massive, especially in the frontal and upper portions, (to which we will first direct attention,) indicative of immense natural power. It looks to our eye like a head adapted to the collection of *facts*—to the lucid narration of events—to control men by the general clearness and scope of the vision, and the force of its opinions, rather than by the acuteness of its thoughts, or its power of analyzing and reasoning. There is little true imagination, but *great range of thought*. It is a head for great plans—great enterprises—sustained by immense continuity of action. The eye is large and expansive, and manifests the power of taking in many things at one view. It is likewise steady, earnest, and uniform in its motions. It rolls round as if carried almost a planet in its revolutions.

His mind is evidently a full one—but it is full of acquired thoughts, not of the natural creations of the brain. It is a noble and genial looking head, in the regions above the eye, (of which alone we have thus far spoken,) but below the eyes it presents a very different aspect.

The bridge of the nose, between the eyes, is jammed into the head, as it were, in a very singular and disagreeable manner, leaving little more of that important organ above the surface, at that point, than is observed in some of the most inferior species of our race. From this unfortunate starting, the nose runs out gradually to the usual prominence, forming, altogether, a feature suggestive of very unpleasant characteristics. The lower jaw follows this same line of projection, running out into a square, obtrusive chin, which, like the nose, is entirely out of keeping with the upper portion of the head.

The mouth is not naturally a bad one, but has been so trained to a sort of sanctimonious expression, by its peculiar duties, that it has a ten-

dency to increase, rather than diminish, the disagreeable effect of its surrounding features. If the mouth were more facile and exbansive, we might forget the contraction of the nose, and the harsh protrusion of the chin—but as it is, we can see nothing, in the general outlines of the head and face, but a noble and powerful mind contracted by excessive devotion to one system of belief, and determined to push that system of belief, (covered over by an aspect of pious mildness,) to the very extent of its power. The expression of the eye, large and gleaming as it is, cannot conceal from the spectator that it is capable of fastening upon *single objects* with great intensity.

[Continued]

Congress.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

Friday, Aug. 7.

The Senate, to-day, passed a bill giving paymasters five per cent, on receipts, besides their salaries.

Also, the bill authorising the President to issue letters of marque against Mexico, if it should be ascertained that any had been issued by that government.

The nomination of Ex-Gov. Bouck as an Assistant Sub Treasurer for New York, was received from the President.

The House passed the resolution for the paying of volunteers; also the bill giving the Franking privilege to postmasters whose salaries were under one hundred dollars.

CIVIL AND DIPLOMATIC BILL.

The Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was taken up and discussed without arriving at any conclusion.

A variety of other unimportant business was transacted in both Houses, and a recess till 6 o'clock was taken.

Washington Aug. 8.

In the SENATE. The Secretary stated that the first business would be to elect a President pro tem.

Eighth Ballot—Atchinson 25, Niles 10, scattering 14.

Whereupon Mr Atchison, having received a majority of the votes given, was declared elected.

He was then conducted to the Chair by Messrs Cass and Calhoun, and returned his thanks in a neat address.

The Committee on Commerce reported a bill to establish a collection district in Oregon.

The following Message was received from the President:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

I invite your attention to the propriety of making an appropriation to provide for any expenditure which it may be necessary to make in advance, for the purpose of settling all our difficulties with the Mexican republic. It is my sincere desire to terminate, as it was originally to avoid, the existing war with Mexico, by a peace just and honorable to both parties. It is probable that the chief obstacle to be surmounted in accomplishing this desirable object, will be the adjustment of a boundary between the two republics, which shall prove satisfactory to both; and such as neither will hereafter be inclined to disturb. In the adjustment of this boundary we ought to pay a fair equivalent for any concessions which may be made by Mexico.

Under the circumstances, and considering the other complicated questions to be settled by negotiation with the Mexican republic, I deem it important that a sum of money should be placed under the control of the Executive, to be advanced, if need be, to the government of that republic, immediately after their ratification of a treaty. It might be inconvenient for the Mexican government to wait for the whole sum, the payment of which may be stipulated by this treaty, until it can be ratified by our Senate, or an application to carry it into effect made by Congress. Indeed, the necessity for this delay might defeat the object altogether. The disbursement of this money would, of course, be accounted for, not as secret service money, but like other expenditures.

Two precedents for such a proceeding exists in our past history, during the administration of Mr Jefferson, to which I would call your attention. On the 26th Feb. 1803 an Act was passed appropriating two million of dollars "for the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenses which may be incurred in the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations," "to be applied under the direction of the U. States, who shall cause an account of the expenditure thereof to be laid before Congress as soon as may be; and on the 13th February, 1806 a proposition was made of the same amount and in the same terms. In neither case was the money actually drawn from the Treasury; and I should hope that the result, in this respect, might be similar on the present occasion, although the appropriation may prove to be indispensable in accomplishing the object. I would therefore, recommend the passage of a law appropriating two million of dollars, to be placed at the disposal of the Executive for the purpose for which I have indicated.

In order to prevent all misapprehension, it is my duty to state, that, as soon as I am to terminate the existing war, with the least possible delay, it will continue to be prosecuted with the utmost vigor, until a treaty of peace shall be signed by the parties and ratified by the Mexican republic. JAMES K. POLK.

Washington August 8, 1846.

The Senate then went into Executive session.

In the HOUSE. No quorum present until some time after 10 o'clock.

Mr Campbell of New York offered a resolution to refer the revision of our Consular System to the Secretary of State, requesting him to report a bill to the next session of Congress.

Mr McKay objected.

The resolution was not entertained.

The House then took up the unfinished work of last night—the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

A message from the President was received asking an appropriation of $2,000,000 to enable him to make a treaty of peace with Mexico, for settlement of the boundary, &c., if it shall be found that one can be made.

From the Boston Daily Times.

New York, Monday, Aug. 10, 7½ o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP GREAT WESTERN!

The Great Western, Capt. Hoskins, arrived at New York, yesterday morning at half past 7 o'clock.

The sugar question was under debate at the last accounts from London.

The League Office in London was sold at public auction on the 28th of July.

A large meeting of the merchants of Liverpool, was held for the purpose of congratulating Mr McLane, our Minister to the Court of St James, on the final settlement of the Oregon question.

In the new elections in France, which are about coming off, the opposition will probably be triumphant.

Mehemet Ali has gone to Constantinople.

Flogging in the British army having caused considerable excitement in different circles, will probably be abolished.

The dispute between Turkey and Persia has been amicably settled. Overland mail brings nothing of particular importance. The English are reported to have given up Chusan. Foreigners are now freely admitted into Canton.

Cholera is reported to be raging at Feresepoore.

The Potato disease has again made its appearance in England and Ireland.

Cotton market has an upward tendency.

American Flour, in bonds, in demand.

Produce and other markets, are generally depressed.

The demand for Indian Corn is said to be very great.

☞ A letter has been shown us from a highly respectable merchant of Merida, in Yucatan, received by a gentleman in this city, which states that in every instance when the Mexicans have applied to the government of Yucatan for assistance in the war with the United states, it has been refused, and the people of Yucatan have throughout maintained a strict neutrality. *N. O. Com. Bul. 1st.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 11, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

GREAT BOAR'S HEAD, *N. H., Aug. 7.*

Upon the whole, a jaunt here for a week or two about the first of August, is rather, agreeable; though its pleasures cannot be well defined, nor are the improvements of the inner or outer man specially visible. It is a free and easy kind of place. For instance: one of the ladies proposed a lunch about 9, P. M., the second day after our arrival. Your humble servant, acting as carterer for the party, was despatched with the requisite order. On arriving at the Bar, the clerk and ourself held the following dialogue, to wit:

"I say landlord, can you give us a little bite in the way of a lunch?"

"Well, I don't know, you must ask some of the girls in the kitchen."

"But I am unacquainted, sir, in that part of the house."

"Well, go right through the dining room, and take the first right hand door, and go down stairs and sing out for Sally, or my wife, and tell her to get you something. If you don't find anybody there, go to the cupboard and get whatever you can find."

This being a new order for us to execute, it may well be supposed a man six feet "in his stockings," created quite a sensation among the kitchen girls.—However, to the best of our ability, and after considerable effort, with a lamp, the oil of which was about out, we found ourself, at last, in the cellar kitchen among a group of all colours and kinds, upon a similar errand. Cubbage, cake and cold meats were found in abundance for a York shilling, including a kiss to the waiting girls. We were soon ladened and on our way back to the parlor with one well filled plate and a single fork with which to help some dozen of our friends to a lunch. This disposed of, we found all comfortable for the night.

The great number of visiters here requires you shall stow as thick as girls in the mills. From basement to attic, every room is filled with from three to nine persons. We name these things to show the free and easy kind of life at Hampton Beach, and how much less we think of submitting to inconveniencies abroad than at home. People live here very much after the manner of the Fourierites. Still it is comfortable, and after being here a day or two, and getting see legs on, all seems very pleasant and agreeable.

A trip to the beach may be summed up in a few words. You arrive at dinner. After dinner you join a fishing party already formed—at one or two, start—stay out about three hours, and return to tea with pretty much whatever quantity of fish you please, unless you get caught in a storm, as we and our friends did, when you will be likely to return empty. After tea, and a little promenading upon Boar's Head, or a ride upon the hard, broad, smooth beach, all hands join in a dance in the house or upon the green. A dance upon the smooth green sward these beautiful, bright, moonlight nights, is a scene really worth witnessing. The dance closes about eleven. After breakfast the next morning, till about ten, except those who go fishing in the forenoon, the company form into little parties, for walks, rides, shooting, (in which the ladies participate) chess, &c. From ten to twelve are the hours for sea bathing. Men, women, and children, all go bathing. This is the most exciting amusement at the beach. Fresh water swimmers have little idea of the intense coldness of the ocean, though the ladies complain but little. They stand it much better than the men. Ladies wear loose dresses, without bustles, corsets, or cotton, and look beautiful as the sea nymphs of fairy tales; what a marring of the finest works of the Creator are these vulgar appendages!

The ladies as well as the gentlemen, are mostly known by some appellation other than their real names—and it not unfrequently is very expressive and significant. For instance: one brilliant lady is known as the "Lady of the Forest," and "Queen of the Gipsies;" and another, as the "Queen of the Rancheros," from her independent and lofty bearing; another, as the "favorite of the Chief of the Delawares," from being particularly regarded by a gentleman thus designated; a fourth—a beautiful creature—as the "Prairie Bird," from her naturally modest and retiring manners, and perfect simplicity; a fifth, as the "Moonlight Fairy," from her sweet, soft voice; a sixth, as the "Sea Bird," from her gay, light, airy walk; a seventh, as the "Frank Critic," from the justness of her praise and censure; an eighth, the "Water Nymph," from her surpassing beauty and expertness in the water; and thus we might go on till almost every lady at the Beach should be enumerated.

The House (Boar's Head) is very well kept after the style I have mentioned. Dea. Darling is the master spirit of the concern, though the proprietors are very accommodating. There are several quite distinguished gentlemen and their families here at the present time. Not only Boar's Head Hotel, but all the other houses are literally crammed.

The gentlemen from different parts of the country talk politics but little, but are generally of the opinion that no great effort to get up panics will be made, as the manufacturers will probably prefer to go on in business and make handsome profits under the present tariff, to spending their money in panic making, depending upon the election of a whig President and the restoration of the tariff of '42, for getting it back.

We have not described the excursion of the fishing party of which we were one, though we may hereafter, and may not.

RIGHT FOR ONCE! The whigs say that the "Pennsylvanians are fools." We should think so, inasmuch as they are wheeling into the federal ranks as fast as it is possible for them so to do.

ADVERTISING LIST OF LETTERS.—The House of Representatives voted Friday, 87 to 61 to amend the Post Office Law so as to allow letters in Post Offices to be advertised in such newspapers as Postmasters might select, without regard to their circulation.

Adjournment of Congress.

Congress, after a long and laborious session, adjourned yesterday. Our difficulties with England have been happily, amicably, and judiciously settled. Very important measures have been triumphantly carried thro' congress; among these we may enumerate the new tariff bill, the sub treasury bill and the warehousing bill. The administration has been supported unanimously by the Democratic party, and a large majority of the Whig party, in prosecuting an unavoidable, just and necessary war, with Mexico. All the principal views of the democratic party, as shewn at the Baltimore convention, have been nobly and entirely sustained, with the single exception, perhaps, of the Oregon question, in which the President rightly deferred to what he believed to be, and what was, the real wishes of a majority of the whole people. The passage of the sub treasury and tariff bills may be considered as one of those great victories of peace which make an era in the history of the world's progress—as the first step *up*, that leads to the elevated, broad, clear and equal platform of free trade. Truly the great democratic army have reason to congratulate themselves, for no time since the morning of the declaration of Independence, have they rested from more glorious victories, or gave greater promise of courage and invincibility.

THE WEATHER.—This day is a most beautiful specimen of a summer's day. The crops never promised in this vicinity a more abundant harvest. The past four weeks have been to be sure very warm indeed—but then we have been bounteously supplied with rain—the "mellow rain" brought by "low thunder" which makes vegetation broad and deep. It rained some Saturday afternoon—copiously during the whole of Sunday night, and yesterday afternoon we had a fine shower accompanied by considerable thunder and lightning which was neither very heavy or vivid, and to day is as we have said before most delightful.

☞ During the recent warm evenings the great canal near the Machine Shop has been a favorite resort for the boys. On several occasions we have counted from 50 to 75 bathing at once. The size of the bathers, their laughter, screaming, diving, and jumping, reminds one as much as anything, of a frog pond—indeed many of the little fellows who live about the canals from the constant familiarity with the water become nearly, if not quite, amphibious. Bathing is a delightful recreation and when not too prolonged, is in the highest degree healthful and invigorating.

☞ "I never fight when I am angry, gentlemen." So Col. Bowie the inventor of the terrible knife that bears his name is reported to have said and acted during his life. If our political opponents would adopt the dictum by changing "fight" for "write" and be governed by it, it would deprive the Democrats of a more powerful political, than the murderous Bowie ever was a physical, weapon.

But then perhaps if they did not write when they were angry they could not write at all, as most bad men are not equal to the crimes they commit unless excited by some stimulus from without.

ANOTHER QUESTION. "Who," asks the Courier, "gave James K. Polk the right to say that the people's representatives do not know what the people want?"—The Constitution.

By the way, the Courier seems anxious that we to which we have not the slightest objection, provided that he will apply to a higher source for a further supply of brains, so as to be able to appreciate them.

☞ GENERAL TAYLOR, on hearing of his nomination for the Presidency, is said to have remarked: "I have been always opposed to the election of mere soldiers to the Presidency. They have no business in a civil office of so great responsibility, and they are usually unfitted by education and experience for it. It is not probable that I can be tempted to violate this principle of my life to gratify my own ambition, or those who have controlled these meeting."

POTATOE ROT.—We see by our exchanges from different parts of the country that the prevalence of this disease promises to be even more wide spread and general than last year. The most successful treatment for arresting the disease has been to mow down the tops on the first appearence of the epidemic. We should like to inquire if potatoes that have been grown within a year or two from the seed, the potatoe ball, are liable to the 'Rot.'

NEW KIND OF SOAP.—The Transcript in its report of the last meeting of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society mentions "Ornithogolum, or California Soap Onion, brought from the coast in the ship California, five and a half weeks since, is used for washing clothes, and equal to any soap for that purpose.—Presented by George Webster Mecum, Boston.

SMALL POTATOES. An old bachelor having been laughed at by a party of pretty girls, told them they were small potatoes.

"We may be small potatoes," cried one of them, "but we are sweet ones."

A VALUABLE GIFT. A Tennessean has a gift for Vice President Dallas, which consists of a cane cut from an aged hickory at the Hermitage. The head, which is of fine gold, contains a lock of hair of the lamented Jackson.

☞ The Post of this morning says—the Journal of Commerce learns, by telegraph despatch, that the President has vetoed the French spoliation bill.

The President on Thursday, signed the warehousing and sub-treasury bills; also the bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union.

☞ The Senate of the United States has appropriated $280,000 to the payment of the long pending military claim of Massachusetts.

THE RUIN. We learn says the New York Evening Post, that Mr Peter Cooper, the owner of the large rolling mill in this city, has raised the wages of his hands since the passage of the late tariff.

NEW BUILDING.—The new brick building on Merrimac, corner of Kirk street now being finished will be an ornament to Merrimack street and the city. Mr Cyril Coburn is the owner we believe.

☞ It is stated that the court martial in the case of Captain S. B Thornton, of the 2d regiment of Dragoons, has acquitted that officer of all the charges against him.

THE TRAGEDY AT CINCINNATI—*Further particulars.* The Cincinnati Chronicle of the 28th ult. gives the following additional particulars of the murder of Mr Reeve, the Irish comedian, at that place:—

"It seems that Mr Reeve, was proprietor of the theatre, and upon the conclusion of the first piece remarked to Mrs Cook, as she was passing the stage, that she was 'imperfect,, and added, 'why the devil don't you study your part?' in his usual jocular way; to which she replied, 'you had better not insult me any more, for if you do, I'll slap your face.'

'Are you in earnest, said Jack, and she passed on. In the mean time she made complaint to her husband, who left the ticket office, and going upon the stage by the back door, went into Morris's room, where Morris was lying upon the sofa, and walking up to him, Morris asked him what he wanted? Cook replied that he came in to let him know what the receipts of the house were, &c. Cook then remarked, 'you had better tell that prompter of yours to keep his mouth shut, or he'll go out of here some night with his guts out.'

Morris made no reply, thinking it but a momentary ebullition; and Cook went forward on the stage, where meeting Reeve near the prompter's stand, he said to him, 'You have been insulting my wife again.' 'Don't bother me,' said Reeve, I am busy now;' to which Cook replied, 'I'll learn you,' and instantly stabbed him to the heart, Reeve made a few steps towards the door of Mrs Lewis's dressing room, exclaiming, 'For God's sake, let me in—I am stabbed—I am murdered!'—then falling backwards, was caught by that lady, who supported him until she fainted.

Reeve lingered a few minutes, the blood gushing from his bosom as he expired. Meanwhile Cook walked deliberately out of the back door of the stage, crying 'fire, fire,' and went into the ticket office where Mr Smith was counting the money. Smith seeing him excited, asked 'where's the fire?' 'In the back building,' said Cook. Smith snatched up the paper money and ran out; Cook then pocketed the silver money, locked the door after him as he was going out, and fled.

As soon as the officers could be rallied, they went in search of Cook, and proceeded to the house of Mrs Carnahan in the upper part of the city, where Cook boarded, and who is the mother of Mrs Cook. Upon enquiring there they could learn nothing of him, and after searching the house they found the shirt he had just pulled off, under the hydrant, and the water running, but nothing of him.

The scene upon the stage was awfully tragic. The dying man was weltering in his gore. Mrs Lewis, Mrs Smith, Mrs Foster, and Miss Bertha Lewis, all fainting and shrieking while the gentlemen on the stage without a single exception, were in tears; and it may with truth be said that it was the most effective tragedy ever acted on any stage.

Since writing the above, we learn that sheriff has offered a reward of $100 for the apprehension of the murderer, and the members of the two companies attached to the People's and the National Theatres, are upon the point of adding another hundred to the sum already mentioned."

THE RUMORED PEACE WITH MEXICO. The Washington Union, of Thursday has the following remarks relative to the recent rumors of a peace with Mexico.

We are not advised that any messenger has arrived from Mexico, or that any overture has been made by her to the government at Washington. What prospect there may be for peace, and at what period it may be effected, we cannot undertake to conjecture; though it is certain that the President will make good his repeated declarations to conclude a peace, as soon as he can do so consistently with the rights of the United States. But it is equally certain that these public and repeated allusions of the whigs to peace, and their desire to obtain it by relaxing the energetic prosecution of the war, are unfortunately the very worst means to secure the object we desire. If we wish to obtain peace and secure the objects of the war, we must *talk* less and *do* more. We must prosecute the war with all our energies. We must see our smaller vessels which draw less water, arriving on the coast of Mexico, to which they are destined in the gulf, to blockade the smaller [illegible] cut off every artery of their commerce. The Mexicans must see their ports in California seized and occupied by our squadron and our troops. We must strike other blows at the Mexican strong holds, and their troops, if they will once more remain in the field to measure weapons with us. When Santa Fe, and Coahuila, and Monterey are taken, or about to be taken, by our various detachments, and Mexico can see nothing but commercial distress on her seacoast—when she sees California about to be lost to her, and her strongest places in Upper Mexico about to be occupied by our arms, she may begin to calculate the costs of the war, and to manifest a more decided disposition to make peace with us by direct negotiation. But we repeat, the best way to secure a peace is not by talking too much of its attainment. We must advance into her country, satisfy her people by our kind treatment that we do not go among them to plunder their property, to abuse their religion, or violate their liberties; but that so long as her government refuses us justice, war—energetic, continued war—is to be the fortune of her people. It is in this way only that we are to obtain a decided and permanent peace.

THE CHENEY FAMILY. This band of Singers will give a concert, in this city, at Mechanics' Hall, on Thursday evening Aug. 13. They are very highly spoken of by the New Hampshire press in which State they have for the last few weeks been giving concerts. The editor of the New Hampshire Telegraph, himself a sovereign judge of wit, and we doubt not, capable of appreciating their musical ability, writes of them in his paper as follows:—

"This band of Green Mountain Vocalists gave a concert at the Town Hall last night, which was well attended. The gem of the evening, so far as our taste was concerned, was the "Irish Mother's Lament," by the sister. We have seldom heard a more touching song or more beautifully sung. The quartetts, &c. were admirably sung. They sing with tremendous power, though we fancy their singing most in pieces like "Sleep on," which was charmingly done. The practice of the past year has improved their style much.

The "Stiff cold water man" is a new song of Vermont origin—the words by John G. Saxe, Esq., and the music by the Cheneys. It is one of the wittiest things we have heard for many a day, abounding in wit which would do credit to Punch himself. The story is of an old codger, up in Vermont, who used to indulge in fishing, as well as in drink. He went out one day and seated upon a log, he introduced himself to the fishes by *dropping them a line*, but being no sailor, he couldn't *keep the log*, and having taken a *drop* too much, the poor fellow found a *watery bier*, and so became a *stiff cold water man* at last."

SCIENCE. 'A frog,' says professor Pump, 'is an omphibious animal, as what lickers on cold water, and consekwently inwented the toototal society. He allways walks with a jump, *he* does; and when he sits down he has to stand up. Being a lover of native melodies, he gives free concerts every night, *he* does *himself*. He perwides music for the million, which has been so called because it osually is heard in the millpond. He's a warment what ain't so bad when briled on a griddle. No, sir-*ree!*'—*Library of Useful Knowledge.*

GENERAL TAYLOR'S FAMILY. It may not be generally known abroad that the residence of General Taylor's family is in the handsome cottage-like building romantically situated on the fine bluff fronting the river, and the first building which meets the eye to the left upon entering the beautiful shaded avenue leading from Lafayette street to the barracks. While other places at a distance are contending for the honor of having given birth to old "Rough and Ready," we can claim the honor of numbering his respected family among our residents.—*Baton Rouge Gazette.*

☞ There were *one hundred and one* deaths in Boston last week.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

STATE ELECTIONS. We depend for our news in regard to the State elections, on the Second edition of the Boston Mail, of all the whig sources the most unreliable. In *Indiana*, according to the Mail, the whigs have gained 18 members of the Legislature and carried both branches. In *Kentucky*, the whig candidates are ahead. In North Carolina, the returns are very favorable to the whigs—Illinois a great Democratic gain—Long John Wentworth is re-elected to Congress.

THE POSTMASTER. Dr. Call informs us that Mr Seavy has been confirmed by the Senate. This confirmation did not appear in Saturday's Union, received at this office. We shall probably get it in Monday's.

HOW THEY DO IT. A correspondent of the Transcript writing from Newport, R. I., among other pretty things, says:

"The sea-bathing is delightful, I had my prejudices against the custom of both sexes bathing together, but on seeing the inn at Newport, my antipathy against the fashion is much removed. The sight is picturesque, certainly. Fancy an encampment of Indians or rather Gipseys, divested of the boiling pot, and you have the scene previous to immersion. You cannot tell the gentlemen from the ladies, and in fact it is difficult to distinguish the members of your own family. The gents wear red flannel tunics, white duck pants and straw hats. The ladies, tunics and pantalettes of the same color, with white collars and wristbands, and straw hats also. There are as many as 150 bathing houses; you enter on one side, and go on to the beach from the other, all equipped to act the part of sea nymphs, or aught else that seems an appropriate character. It is really very exciting to behold the fun."

It must be fun to bathe in red tonics, pantalettes, white wristbands, straw hats, and duck trowsers. We wonder if the fine gentlemen wear kid gloves, and the ladies carry their sun-shades. And is not the dirty sea perfumed by a bottle or two of cologne water every morning?

THE BOARD OF NAVAL OFFICERS. It is now unquestioned, says the Washington letter writers, that a majority of the board of naval officers, recently convened at Washington, have coincided with the views of Mr Bancroft in changing the system of promotion in the service from the established mode of seniority of one of "merit," to be determined by the secretary to the navy. There are now several vacancies in the grade of post captain, the highest known to our service, which it is supposed will be filled by the new principle of promotion.

The board, before adjourning, recommend for promotion to the grade of commanders, Gaunt, Ogden and Conover. Commanders Henry, Rumsay, and Downing were overslaughed. Lieutenants Glendy, Henry, Pinkney and Upshur were recommended for commanders, Lieut. John H. Little being overslaughed. Lieut. Blake was also recommended for the next vacancy. Passed midshipmen Pearce, Robertson, Izard, Worden and Blanton have, we learn, also been nominated to the rank of lieutenant.—*Post.*

ELECTION. State elections were held on Monday August 3, in Alabama, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri; and in North Carolina and Tennessee on Thursday, August 6th. The remaining elections this year will be held as stated below:—

Vermont.	Tuesday,	September	1st.
Maine,	Monday,	"	14th.
Georgia,	"	October	5th.
Arkansas,	"	"	5th.
Maryland,	Wednesday,	"	7th.
S. Carolina,	Monday,	"	12th.
Penn.,	Tuesday,	"	13th.
Ohio,	"	"	13th.
Mississippi,	Monday,	November	2d.
Michigan,	"	"	2d.
N. York,	Tuesday	"	3d.
N. Jersey,	"	"	3d.
Mass.,	Monday,	"	9th.
Delaware,	Tuesday,	"	10th.

☞ The Spirit of the Times tells a good story as follows:—"Fancy a handsome single man, fully six feet high and well proportioned with a reputation, politically as well as morally, it was important for him to maintain; travelling in the stage coach in the western part of the state of New York, and having with him par lazard, as *compagnons de voyage* a gentleman and his pretty wife. They stop for the night. The chambers, as then not uncommon, were formed in one large room by paper screens, not quite reaching to the ceiling, serving as partitions between them. The repose of our hero was interupted, not a little to his surprise, by the lady's attempting to get into his bed. 'If you *insist* upon it, Madam, you may have half of my bed,' said our hero; 'but if you take *my* advice you will go to the bed of your husband.' Advice was never taken more quickly; the lady vanished—and, I suppose, was more cautious thereafter. I never heard the subject referred to by the parties, or that it led to any consequences so far as they were concerned."

WORKING MEN SHOULD STUDY POLITICS.—I respectfully counsel those whom I address, (the working men of America,) to take a part in the politics of their country. I counsel you to labor for a clear understanding of the subjects which agitate the community, to make them your study, instead of wasting your leisure in vague passionate talk about them. The time thrown away by the mass of the people on the rumors of the day, might if better spent, give them a good acquaintance with the constitution, laws history and interests of their country, and thus establish them on those great principles by which particular measures are to be determined. In proportion as the people thus improve themselves, they will cease to be the tools of designing politicians. Their intelligence, not their passions and jealousies, will be addressed by those who seek their votes. They will exercise not a nominal but a real influence in the government and the destinies of the country, and at the same time, will forward their own growth in truth and virtue.—*Dr. Channing.*

THE BEDFORD SPRINGS. These springs are becoming quite a place of fashionable resort, both for people in this section of the country, as well as those from abroad. The water of these springs is said to be almost a certain cure for liver complaints. Some, we are told, who have been suffering with this complaint for years, have experienced great relief by a sojourn of a few weeks at these springs and a judicious use of the water. But aside from the great benefit to be derived from the use of the water, we may mention that the new Hotel at this place, under the directions of Mr Haines, is one of the best regulated and well furnished houses in the country. All who visit his house, whether for health or amusement, will always find all the comforts and conveniences usually found at other watering places. His table is always well provided with all the luxuries and delicacies that the market affords, and his viands, are served up in first rate style. We recently spent a day there, and we can truly say that we have rarely enjoyed ourselves better. Haines has a peculiarly happy way of making his guests feel at home.—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ The N. Y. Jeffersonian under the head of "New Counterfeits" publishes the following:—

Railroad Bank, Lowell, Mass., 20's, letter A, dated April 6. Vignette, a railroad train. It purports to be engraved by Underwood, Ball, Spencer, and Hafty.

Mechanics' Bank, Newburyport, Mass., 3's, check plate, poorly executed. The filling up and signatures are apparently in the same hand writing.

☞ More extensive Hospitals have been ordered to be erected at Point Isabel for the accommodation of the sick.

By Special Express for the Lowell Advertiser.

We were indebted to the venerable clerk of the weather fur an Electric Report from the cleuds yesterday afternoon. The news is not of much importance.

The "man in the moon" had suspended operations on accouut of the Tariff bill. The cow that "jumped over the moon" had made several unsuccessful attempts to jump back again, and it was thought she would effect her object by the time the Whigs elect their next President.

MARKETS—Little doing except in green cheese—great demand fur that.

☞ Youeg Safford, the Mathematician, is about to leave Vermont and enter upon a course of study in the highest of the literary institutions, of the country. We understand that through the liberality of friends in Boston and vicinity, arrangements have been made to give a home to young Safford and his parents in Cambridge Mass., and that the lad's education will be under the especial charge of President Everett.—*Bellows Falls Gazette.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

From the Bay State Democrat, Boston, Nov. 4, 1844.

REMEDIES.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers at the present time, that we should have shrunk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly convinced, from our own personal knowledge, of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak, and we speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious, if not a dangerous state of health. A cough had settled on her lungs; her form seemed wasting away; she was obliged to abandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

This is but a single case, but it is one, at least, in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Pang6ip14

☞ We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea: "I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&P6mchin

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old inveterate Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved in once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞ BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor, —W. Bogle, 248 Washington street, Boston. tbdvnau29

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may before a blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending August 8, 1846.

August 2, John W. Adams, 8 yrs., dropsy of the brain; 3d, Roxannah Renddy, 15 yrs., consumption; Catharine Cornesford, 50 yrs.—; Angeline Emery, 1 yr., cholera infantum; 4th, Henery Huskins, 1 yr., cholera infantum; Henery Hagley, 22 yrs., typhoid fever; Margaret J. Berns, 9 mos., cholera infantum; Julia Ann Thompson, 38 yrs., consumption; John Garvey Jr., 2 yrs., measels, 5th, George H. Stinson, 9 mos., cholera infantum; John Garvey, 26 yrs., typhus fever; Araba A. A. Fisk, 7 mos., dropsy of brain; Martha M. Baker, 2 yrs., cholera infantum; 6th, James Balfe, 11 mos., cholera infantum; Ruth L. Gale, 24 yrs., typhus fever; 7th, Martha Chase, 63 yrs., typhoid fever; Wm. Brown, 56 yrs., consumption; 8th, Evelina Tuckerman, 27 yrs., scarlet fever; Ellen Mc Davidson, 10 mos., cholera infantum. DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

THE CHENEY FAMILY, FROM VERMONT,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Lowell, that they will give a Concert of Vocal Music with Instrumental accompaniments at MECHANICS' HALL, **Thursday Evening, Aug. 13.**

☞ See Programme—Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Book Stores of BIXBY and MERRILL & HEYWOOD. aug11a2i

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of DANIEL G. HOUGHTON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, teamster, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Houghton, will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said county of Middlesex, in Manser's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug11a3t

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About **5000** feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug8 a3m

TO LET.

An Elegant and convenient Tenement, with 6 or 7 rooms, in Dracutt, about one mile from Lowell, near the New Meeting house—it is called the most pleasant place in said town, in sight of a great part of Lowell. Or I will sell the whole house and other Buildings, and from 1 to 4 acres of land. Also, two other houses with some land with them. For particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

REUBEN COBURN

Dracutt, June 24, 1846. je25-1awA&P6w*

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdvet6

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

DEATH'S GREAT PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DANTY,

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞ Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25atf

MARKING DOWN AND CLOSING UP OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF SHAWLS AND SILKS, *Over the Post Office.*

In order to insure the *Immediate Sale* of every article, the Proprietors of the "**Silk and Shawl Store**" have *marked down* and *will sell* their *Large and Valuable Stock* as follows, viz:

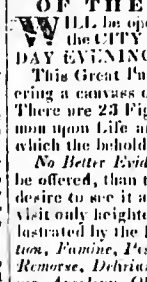
Those heavy 9-4 Black Silk Shawls at $8 25, former price $10 50, 8-4 do. $6 25, former price $8 50; Heavy 9-4 *Black Ottoman Silk Shawls* $8 00, former price 10,50; *Black Mohair, largest size*, very heavy, and real Silk Fringes, $3 50, former price $5 00; 8-4 do. $3 00, formerly $4 50. White do. do. $2 25, formerly 3 00; Black, White, and Colored *Crape Shawls*, from $3 50 to $5 00, worth from $5 to $6 50; with a great variety of SUMMER SHAWLS, at prices equally Low, it being the determination of the Proprietors to close off every article at some price, previous to AUGUST 1, in order to make room for our Stock of Autumn Goods.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!—Handsome Black, Blue Black and Colored Silks, for Dresses, from 50 to 62½ cts. per yard, worth from 67 to 75 cts.; *Rich Black Mantilla Silks*, from 75 cts. to $1 12 per yard, worth from 87 cts. to $1 25; with an extensive assortment of *Plain and Rept Changeable Silks*, at corresponding prices.

Sales to continue at the above prices for **20 Days**, at the expiration of which it is the intention of the Proprietors to close the Store for *two weeks*, to make arrangements for an extensive *Fall Trade*.

The Proprietors, feeling grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed, since their commencement in Lowell, will only add, that it will be their constant endeavor to merit a continuance of the same; and they pledge themselves to offer some but the very best styles of Goods, and at the very lowest possible prices—in short we will allow none to undersell us—at the "SILK AND SHAWL STORE," up over the Post-Office.

N. B.—Remember that Sales continue at above prices for *Twenty Days only.* jy23



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF, *On Wednesday.*

The superior fast sailing packet Sch. JAMES FRANCIS, MORRIS master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug8

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Saville Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

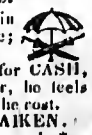
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st. N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymo5

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. 4m*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

☞ Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

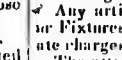
BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2ornpsow

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may11a&r1y

PRECEPTRESS WANTED.—The situation of Principal of the Female Department of the Lowell High School having become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent, the School Committee of Lowell are desirous of securing the services of an accomplished and experienced Lady to fill the place.—Salary $600 per annum.

Application may be made till Sept. 15th, to either of said Committee, to wit:

Dist. JOHN O. GREEN, *Chairman.*
FREDERICK PARKER, Esq., *Secretary.*
Rev. THEODORE EDSON,
JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.
Rev. A. A. MINER,
Rev. GEORGE MAY.

Lowell, August 3, 1846. aug6a3t

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, Jr., has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Custar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Custar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. 2my19atf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office.

aug6 a1s6t

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

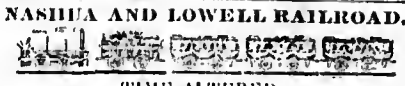
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

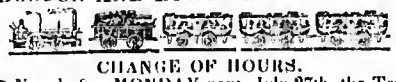
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Wo'n A. M.—1¼ and 5½ P. M. Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES, *Made at No. 20, Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞ Please call. jy18a1m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, at office, at 2 o'clock—a large invoice of seasonable Dry Goods, in part as follows: 1500 light and dark Prints, DeLaines, Ginghams, Lawns, Bolsorines, fine Linen Bishop Lawn, India Muslin, checked Cambric, blenched and brown Cotton, Table Cloths, Doylers, Napkins, Marseilles Quilts, rich Cashmere Shawls, do. Crape do., a large lot of other Shawls, two Velvet do., Alpines, Alpaccu, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention. aug11

Mortgagee's Sale of Personal Property.

By order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, the following described mortgaged personal property, will be sold at public auction, at the auction store of E. B. Patch, in Lowell, in said County, on SATURDAY, the fifteenth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, viz:—One dark red colored Horse—Two Horse-Carts—Two Horse-cart Harnesses.

aug11ts DAVID NOURSE, Mortgagee.

At Auction.

A Cottage House and 1624 feet of land situated on the westerly side of Marion near Lagrange street.

On MONDAY, August 17th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, I shall sell the above without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city; the location is pleasant, the house well finished, conveniently arranged, and every way desirable for a small family. Terms liberal.

Centralville Academy Boarding House, in Dracutt, at Auction!

I shall sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of August, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that Large and Convenient Building erected for a Boarding House for Dracutt Academy. It is divided into two departments, having 24 Rooms each, (48 in all,) and is so arranged that it may be occupied for one or two Boarding houses, with separate Kitchens, Dining Halls, Parlors and Lodging Rooms,—having good water and every necessary convenience for each. There is land sufficient for a large garden, which is well stocked with Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c. There is also a good stable.

The location of the above premises for healthfulness and beauty, is unsurpassed by anything in the country—commanding not only the best view of Lowell, but several miles of the surrounding country, and a fine view of the Merrimack and Concord Rivers.

There is not a better place in New England for the establishment of a private School, or private residence, and the proprietors will make most favorable terms as to payment, should the purchaser desire it. Inquire of Wm. Livingston, Horace Howard, Ethan Burnap, Benjamin Hutchinson, A. L. Brooks, or of E. B. PATCH Auctioneer. aug8

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. Also, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

On SATURDAY next, 15th inst., at 12 o'clock, *Merchant Office,—1 share Chelmsford Stock, pledged and must be sold without reserve.* aug11

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Cottage Houses and Land.

On WEDNESDAY next, Aug. 12th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises—A neat Cottage House and about 3000 feet Land situated a little south of Chestnut street on a court. Sale positive, the owner having removed from the city. Terms very liberal.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, every superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, in Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. HICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obducing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on p

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my *physicians* as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VANMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Jacob Starkey, | Willis H. Massey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. {may12a} dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medeeine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertissments, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which he challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, ar known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months ar years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description; which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 8, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je30

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine,

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New-York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the rapidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent creation.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being; the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can effect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours, ——,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 57 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. THORNTON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Plaid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out: *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his intellectual faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and bundled as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. alv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tamata Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases ceased by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the whole and enfeebled system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

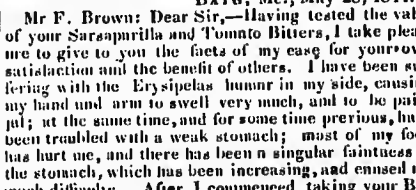
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

ajar4 adv&partly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

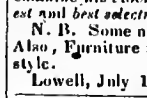
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 95.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass.
jy25 tf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing an House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
Isaac W. Bangs,
jan6 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
eng21 a1y

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moraens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quills, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufaure to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickals, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf



SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office is Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Aldrit street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv13*mor5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally; that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tsept7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS.
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me;
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of disease on record. Therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla, and take no other. a&p1yaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS,
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned in my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jomeson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&p6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janlatf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses; and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. tu&aplynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. Price only 25 cts.
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&p1yfeb14

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.
DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing All Operations on the Teeth and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*
In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.
He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.
Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.
Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.
☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. Mowe,	Mrs. E. M. Gardner,
William North,	" Elizabeth Hill,
Amos Hull,	" John Ayer,
George Walker,	" Mark Andrews.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 30 per cent. lower than former prices.
N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails in cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfnwa&apoct23

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
58, Central st.
je6tf

Album Verses.

The dark-eyed daughters of the sun;
In morning's golden hours,
O'erhung the Persian shrine alone
With dewy wreaths of flowers.

Not vainly did those fair ones cull
Their gifts by stream and wood;
The good is always beautiful,
The beautiful is good.

We live not in that simple day;
Our Northern blood is cold;
And few the offerings which we lay
On other shrines than gold.

With scripture-texts to blight and ban
Life's fancy-blossomed bowers
The heavy-footed Puritan
Goes trampling down the flowers;

Nor think of Him who sol of old
Where Syrian lillies grew,
And, from their mingling shade and gold
His holy lessons drew.

Yet shall our Father not the less
With flowers his green earth sow,
His clouds with sweet glories dress
And paint for us his bow.

Then, lady, let this scroll of thine
Where Love his gifts has brought,
Become to thee a Persian shrine,
O'erhung with flowers of thought.

From the Boston Crier.

REV. ADONIRAM JUDSON AND MISS EMILY CHUBBUCK.

[Concluded.]

Dr Judson has been an extensive traveller—he has seen much of the "great globe"—and has been devoted to literary labors calculated to relieve the injurious tendency of sectarian sentiments upon his mind, and partially to erase their not-to-be-avoided marks from his countenance: But still he has been compelled to adopt something of the manners and the cant of the profession, without which, we presume, even the labors of this talented missionary would not be so perfectly acceptable to his sectarian supporters as they now are.

If the Doctor is such a man as we have described, then his head and his face are as perfect an index and picture of the man as it would be possible to sketch if we had access to the secret recorde of his soul. If he is not such a man, then is nature a cheat, or we are no true observer of her language.

We beg leave here to say, (in order to avoid any misapprehension on the part of the reader,) that we have the highest respect for the character and talents of Dr Judson, and do not intend any injurious or unjust reflection upon him or the respectable sect in whose service he is engaged. We wish simply to give a graphic picture of the man as he appeared to a chance observer.

We think the reverend gentleman a man of larger measure and capacity than any man who sat in the pulpit, that day, with him, and there were around him almost the entire body of the Baptist clergymen of the city. There was one thing which satisfied us that this was a just conclusion, viz: he took no pains to convince that eager crowd of constituents that he was such a man. He evidently felt no inward confidence of power, and perfect security in his position.

Now to the lady—"Miss Emily Chubbuck," a name well rid of, at least, let the match turn out as it will.

All the newspapers and all the old women, in the country have had their say about the wisdom or folly of this marriage. We shall not attempt to settle the question of its propriety.—Suffice it to say, that a highly respectable and talented gentleman, about sixty years of age, who has buried two very excellent wives, has chosen to take for a third a talented and somewhat famous young lady, about one third his own age: The young lady, we presume, consented very cheerfully (for she seems sufficiently resigned to her fate)—the "motherless children" in India have gained a governess—the laws and institutions of society permit the act—and who shall gainsay it? "There's no act of Parliament against that, is there?" as old Squeers says, when he presumes to convert "Do-the boys Hall" into a castle.

Mrs Emily Judson—(the present incumbent of the Doctors matrimonial chair)—is; we guess, the victim of her own romancing. She is a small framed young woman, of a rather thin, spare figure, inclining to the sharp—a nervous, excitable, and feverish temperament—without any appearance of acerbity, (or acidity.) Her head is small, and compact—(what we could see under the bonnet)—and sufficiently indicative of the peculiar powers which she had manifested, to induce one to set her down, under ordinary circumstances, as a "quick witted girl." These powers consists rather of readiness of apprehension, acuteness of observation, and ingenuity in the use of language, than in any higher order of of talent. We doubt if she will ever produce any work, or any fragment, instinct with the loftier emotions of the soul, unless she should find such emotions excited by a storm at sea, a fearful adventure in an East India jungle, or some such event. Her eyes are small, intensely black and sparkling, and dance and glitter in their sockets, catching at a hundred objects in a minute, without resting long upon any. While shaking hands and exchanging salutations with one lady, we saw her glancing at a dozen others, who were approaching her, evidently scanning them in advance. Her face is (we are sorry to say it) somewhat freckled—her lips thin—her teeth small, short and irregular, and not so white as a little tooth-powder would make them. She is about one third the size of her husband, and would pass very well for one of his *mature* daughters.

We repeat, we think the young lady is the victim of her own romancing. She has—we doubt not—a strong desire for distinction, and but little taste for the common pleasures and indulgences of life. That she is positively a martyr to the cause of missions, we do not imagine.—The desire for distinction induced her to write for the press—but this did not satisfy her. Her literary habits, of course, made her difficult to suit, as to a husband, among the young people of her own class—and her day of probation, on the calender of cupid, was rapidly passing away. She must marry somebody, or become an inveterate "blue." if she married any ordinary man her hopes of distinction would probably be destroyed. No better means of escape from her impending fate offered, and she caught at the Doctor. Her moral and religious sentiments were doubtless not opposed to his. So she took him. He asked her to write the memoirs of his second wife, and she ended the conference by becoming the subject of his third. As to the

facts of the case we know no more than the public at large. The above is our theory.

The field upon which she has entered will furnish the lady with an abundance of fresh and valuable material for her lively and ingenious mind, which she will not fail, we think, to work up to great advantage. We shall look for some unique and brilliant things from her pen in future years. We trust that both she and the world will have no reason to regret the part she has chosen. To her, we are confident, the novelty and excitement of the adventure will remove all feeling of regret for the sacrifices which it naturally demands. To the Doctor, such a young, lovely, and *spirituelle* companion, must be a treasure indeed. She may become at once the wife of his bosom, the mother of the "motherless," the assistant of his literary labors, and the historian of his family. Such a combination of virtues is exceedingly rare.

A tolerably good lithographic portrait of Dr Judson, got up by his friends, may be obtained at the Bookstore of Mr Charles Tappan, 114 Washington street.

The Last Day of Congress.

Monday, Aug. 10.

In the SENATE. The Senate met at half past 8 o'clock.

The Smithsonian bill was taken up, amendments were rejected, and the bill passed as it came from the House.

The following gentlemen have been appointed Regents of the institution:

Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts.
Gideon Hawley, New York.
William C. Preston, South Carrolina.
A. Dallas Bache and Col. Totten, Washington.

The report of the committee of conference on the civil and diplomatic bill was agreed to.

The veto of the French spoliation bill was read.

Mr J. M. Clayton said it was the first time a private bill had been vetoed. Such an exercise of the veto power if sustained, placed the claims of our citizens in the hands of one man without appeal. Ancient democracy sought to restrain executive power, modern democracy seeks to enlarge it.

Mr Webster protested against the veto, and said he should take an opportunity to discuss it before the people.

Mr Benton and Mr Dix supported the veto, and after some remarks from Messrs Huntingdon, Clayton, and Morehead against it, the question was taken on the final passage of the bill, and resulted as follows: yeas 27, nays 15; not being two-thirds the bill is therefore lost.

All the appropriation bills have gone through.

The appropriation for the naval school at Annapolis is retained in the navy bill.

At 11½ o'clock, Mr Lewis moved to take up the House bill, appropriating two millions of dollers to negotiate a peace with Mexico, which was agreed to.

Mr Lewis moved to strike out the proviso relating to slavery in California.

Mr Davis took the floor in opposition to the bill, and said that if it passed it would give the sanction of Congress to a prosecution of the war until California was acquired.

Mr Lewis asked Mr Davis to give way to enable him to offer a resolution to extend the hour of adjournment.

Mr Davis declined, and spoke until within one minute of 12 o'clock, when he gave way to a motion for an executive session, and after a few minutes so spent the Senate adjourned sine *die*.

In the HOUSE, on motion, the 17th rule was suspended, to allow bills passed this day to be presented to the President for his signature.

Mr Thompson, of Mississippi, offered a resolution for the Secretary of War to report at the next session of Congress, the papers and reports of the indian agents who recently brought in deputations of Indians from Texas to Washington.

The rules were suspended and the resolution adopted.

The House next went into committee of the whole, on the navy pension bill.

The amendment of the Senate appropriating $3000 for privateer pensions, was not concurred in.

The committee rose and the House concurred in its report.

Mr McKay offered a resolution, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to report to the next session of Congress the amount of revenue collected from customs for the present year.

The rules were suspended and the resolution adopted.

The committee of conference reported the compromise on the disagreement of the two houses on the civil and diplomatic bill. The report was agreed to and the bill passed.

The house considered in committee, amended and passed the senate's bill for the relief of Elijah White, of Oregon.

The committee of conference on the naval appropriation bill, relative to the dry docks at Philadelphia and Pensacola, made a report to let the subject pass over for this session

The House concurred in the committee's report, and the bill passed.

A message was then read from the President, informing the House that he had signed the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, and the bill establishing the Smithsonian Institute.

The Speaker appointed Messrs Owen, Hough and Hillard, Regents of said Institution.

A message was received from the Senate informing the house that its amendment to the bill for the relief of E. White had been amended.

The House went into committee and took up said amendment to the amendment, and reported in favor of the same, and the house agreed to the report. Said bill as amended passed.

The post route bill, with the Senate's amendments, was then taken up and the amendments agreed to, striking out all but the post routes, and the bill passed.

The Speaker now said the hour of 12 having arrived he proceeded the House adjourned until the first Monday in December next,

☞ The Baltimore Patriot of Saturday evening, says—

While the storm was raging, the writer of this was in the telegraph office. There, by the combination and concentration of electric wires, artificial and natural thunder and lightning, those who could enjoy such a scene had it to their hearts' content. The electric fluid seemed to strike the wires both of the Philadelphia and Washington lines, and being conducted to the magnet or instrument, exploded, producing quite a flash, and reports loud as a pistol, one after the other in quick succession, for more than a hundred; one of the explosions was almost as load as that of a cannon. The electricity appeared to come from the wire in a large ball like a bright meteor, and burst, illuminating the whole place with a brilliancy indescribable, and causing a severe shock to all who were in the building. While the storm continued the reports caused by electricity escaping from the wires resembled a brisk musketare cannonading, or the cracking of fifty wagoners' whips at a time. The fulmination without and its visible effects within, made this a truly terrific abode; but the impression, however, is, that danger was really averted than otherwise, in consequence of the wires serving to conduct the lightning to the earth.

THE PANELS IN THE ROTUNDA. Efforts are making to procure for Mr Morse, of the Telegraph, the painting of the only vacant panel in the Rotunda at Washington. He is an artist of eminence. Vanderlyn, aided by a French artist, is finishing his national picture, and purposes to bring it to America for exhibition next fall.—*N. Y. Sun.*

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE. It becomes our sad duty to announce the death of the Right Reverend Bishop Fenwick, Roman Catholic Bishop for this diocese. He died yesterday at 12 o'clock, M., of a disorder known as the enlargement of the heart. Christians of all denominations will mourn the death of this truly good and venerable man, and to our fellow citizens of the Catholic faith the loss of his wise counsel, and his bright example of purity and devotion will be a most severe calamity.—*Times.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.
CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.
HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.
Boston, July 21, 1846

The Democratic Congress and the Baltimore Convention.

Congress, after a very long session, has risen. At the Baltimore Convention, when James K. Polk was nominated for the presidency, a declaration of democratic measures was made. Those measures have all come before Congress, and been acted upon. Texas has been annexed—the sub-Treasury re-established—the Oregon controversy amicably adjusted—the tariff of '42 modified, and the warehousing system introduced, besides many other acts of much importance to the whole country. All these things have been done at a single session of Congress, during the Administration of James K. Polk.

But a single speck now clouds the horizon: the Mexican war—forced upon us by the treachery and faithlessness of the rulers of Mexico, is still unterminated. But, though the time of its termination, and the precise conditions of it are facts to be determined in future, yet, there can be no doubt that, finally, we can dictate our own terms of settlement, and Mexico, at last, will rely upon our generosity for justice, rather than her own arms. That the administration will do her people justice, we think no honest man entertains a doubt. The war is the fruit of the misconduct of her rulers, and it is the misfortune of her people, but no injustice to them on the part of our government, that the expenses of the war must by them be met.—How this claim, together with those existing in favor of our people previous to the war, are to be answered, in the end, is the only real question of doubt that exists. That they must finally be answered is as certain as any future fact. And when the war is at last brought to a close, and we receive full indemnity from Mexico, whether it be in money or territory, and whether that territory be California, or of still greater extent, the administration of James K. Polk has then completely finished the work laid out by the Baltimore Convention.

No Congress ever passed upon more great and vital questions than the first Congress after the election of President Polk. No executive was ever more successful in having his measures pass the co ordinate branches of the goverament, and the reason is obvious: the different branches of the government are all democratic, and the delegates at the Baltimore Convention, in behalf of the people, united in the recommendation of certain great democratic measures, and James K. Polk, a democrat at heart, and the democratic Senators and Representatives, almost unanimously, stuck to those measures as become honest servants of the people.

These measures that have passed, are fixed democratic measures, and their repeal is an impossibility. Whigs may howl themselves hoarse, cry destruction and ruin till they are black, and these measures can not be essentially changed.

Our war with Mexico, incident to the annexation of Texas, has already done more to raise the nation in the eyes of the world, than anything since we took a stand with the nations of the earth. Until this war broke out, European nations were deriding the power and resources of our nation, and the patriotism of our people. They thought, or pretended to think, that the whole strength and force of our government, was in our little army and navy. But when the patriotism of our people was appealed to, and they were called on to offer their lives a sacrifice to our national honor, even to the invading of a foreign territory, in a tropical and unhealthy climate, all Europe was surprised and confounded, to see the strife among our people for a chance to vindicate our country's rights and honor. To see fifty thousand men called for, and a *quarter of a million* at once offer their lives for the service of their country, struck the world dumb. That our volunteers do not seek the army to save them from starvation, nor are pressed into the service as in other nations, but that they are men, free and independent, and who, almost universally, have left happy homes and far better pay than the army affords, and very many of them the enjoyment of fortunes—has disabused the European mind as to the patriotism of our people, and the power and resources of our country. It has made us formidable in the eyes of the world.—It has placed us at the head of the nations of the earth, and there is no power that would for an instant, presume upon our weakness or lack of patriotism. It waked up England as from a dream, and she expressed a hasty willingness to terminate our Oregon difficulties upon terms she had before indignantly rejected.

The Democratic party in Congress, and the President and his cabinet, have nobly done their duty in redeeming the pledges of the democratic convention.—Our greatest fears were as to the tariff; but notwithstanding three or four senators counted on, failed in the hour of the greatest need and danger, we have to rejoice at its final passage, and the certainty we feel that the odious tariff of '42 can never be re-established.

We shall publish the Sub-Treasury Bill, the Tariff Bill, and the Warehousing Bill, which, when done, will, with the Congressional proceedings we have published, and the messages, proclamations, speeches and other bills which we have and shall publish, give a pretty good idea of the first session of Congress under James K. Polk's administration.

PROBATE NOTICES. We would inform our democratic friends that they have the *right* to have the notices issued from the Probate Court, published in a democratic paper. We mention this fact because it is the general custom for persons doing business in the Probate Court, to let the Probate Judge order all notices required by law, to be put into whatever paper he sees fit—and he universally sees fit to order them into a *whig paper*. Believing there may be some democrats in this county, who do business in the Probate Court, and that they would just as readily have some of their patronage bestowed upon a democratic paper, as to have democratic papers *wholly proscribed*, we give our friends the information contained in these remarks—*by requesting it, not without*, they may be allowed to publish their notices in a democratic paper.

THE STATE ELECTIONS. Sufficient returns have not come in, says the New York Sun, to form a correct opinion of the Western and Southern elections.—In North Carolina there is every appearance of Graham, the Whig Governor, having been re-elected, together with a Whig Legislature. This ensures the election of two Whig Senators in Congress. In Indiana, as far as the returns have come in, the State looks to be in favor of the Whigs. In Illinois, there is a great increase of democratic strength. Kentucky is Whig of course, but there are no positive returns, and rather an apparent increase of democratic votes. There is no great enthusiasm in any of the states.

AS A MATTER OF COURSE.—John A. Collins one of the most ultra of Abolitionists, has started a whig paper. So far as our experience goes, with one or two exceptions, the abolitionists were all formerly whigs.—Some of them have to be sure taken more liberal and enlightened views of the Tariff, Finances, &c., &c., than the whigs generally and approached nearer to the doctrines believed in and taught by the democratic party; but this is rather an evidence of their sagacity than a proof of their democracy. Mr Collins will be unquestionably one of the leaders to the great whig defeat in '48. To Gentlemen of his capacity the vulgar virtue of consistency is not important, and a victory or defeat would be to him a successful harvest.

NEW STORES.—The new stores recently fitted up by B. F. Freach, Esq., in the old Rail Road Bank building, are among the handsomest in the city. The one on John street is occupied by Mr C. K. Morrill with West India Goods, that on the corner by our young friend J. E. Short as a Bookstore, and an attractive appearance it has too, and the one on Merrimac street by some lady Dressmakers whose names we do not know. It is certainly quite a Paradise.

ECONOMY. In the established Telegraphic tariff, the prices charged are according to the number of words without regard to the length thereof. The Scientific American says that a Yankee in his communications to his wife, economises in the following manner: "Mr Jacob Packmyblueoatwhitepantsandaccountbooksinmysmalltrunk has married Miss Sendthetrunkbythenextboatdirecttomeatnewyork.

IOWA. This will be a great and magnificent State, both in extent of territory as well as richness of soil and salubrity of climate. By the Treaty with the Pattawatamies the U. S. comes in possession of some six millions of acres of lands. Five millions lying between the Missouri and the Mississippi west of Iowa and north of Missouri. Iowa will by this treaty gain a front on the Missouri river of several hundred miles.

☞ A Whig paper attempts to prove a community of interest and feeling between the Democrats and Abolitionists, because the former do not devote that attention to the latter that they do to the whigs. The whig paper is mistaken—it is gallantry—nothing else—for democrats are not disposed to fire into a craft that has on board so many old ladies—in breeches.

☞ The Courier, in speaking of the French spoliation veto message, says, "there is down right dishonesty, and excused, too, because other men have been dishonest before him."

Would the Courier say every Congress for more than forty years, has been dishonest, because they have refused or neglected to pass any bill whatever, with regard to these claims for spoliations?

☞ We learn by the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser that the bill to establish post routes, with all that part relating to change of postage, advertising letters, compensation of post masters, &c., stricken out was passed but has not become a law in consequence of not being engrossed before the adjournment.

KILLED. A woman about 60 years of age, returning from picking whortleberries, was run over Tuesday last, by the Worcester train of cars and killed instantly. She was deaf and no effort of the engineer could warn her of her danger, nor was it possible to stop the engine in season to avert the sad accident.

DIED, at Ramsgate, Eng., on Sunday, July 12, Mrs CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH TONNA, well known in this country as well as in England, as the popular author under the name of "Charlotte Elizabeth."

SUICIDE.—Wm. M. Price, Esq., of N. Y. city, shot himself through the head in a shooting gallery with a pistol last Tuesday Afternoon. The deceased was U. S. District Attorney for N. Y. during the administrations of Presidents Jackson and Van Buren.

NOT SO BAD THEN AFTER ALL. The Courier in its comments upon the Presidents veto of the French spoliation Bill says—

We regard this as one of the most iniquitous acts of the present Administration.

SAD ACCIDENT. Six young men from Boston went out fishing at Wolfborough N. H., and by rocking the boat upset, when three of the party were drowned. Their names we did not learn.

CANDIDATES NOMINATED. The Hon J. M. Clayton has been named by the press of the State of Delaware, as the Tariff candidate for the next Presidency, and Gen. Zachary Taylor for Vice President.—*N. Y. Sun.*

MINISTER TO RUSSIA. Ralph I. Ingersoll, of Connecticatt, has been appointed Minister to Russia. We are glad a Southern man was not taken.

☞ The Hurd Street Methodist Society has purchased the Hurd Street Methodist Church sold at auction last Monday by E. B. Patch.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR. The Detroit Advertiser of the 6th instant, announces the death of Fisher Ames Harding, one of the editors of that paper.

TOO LATE. We have received a communication from a friend in Bedford too late for this week—It shall appear in our next.

THE NEW POST OFFICE BILL was not engrossed in time for a third reading on Monday, and failed to become a law.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of Hon. John Davis' speech, on the tariff, from Hon. Amos Abbott.

REGALIA. Bond's Brass Band play at Pawtucket Garden, this afternoon, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

WHEAT CROP. In all parts of the North and West the wheat crop has been most abundant.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

NORTH CAROLINA. On authority of letters to members of Congress the Philadelphia North American says that Graham (whig) has been re-elected by 8000 or 9000 votes majority, and that the Legislature will be whig by some 20 majority. This gives North Carolina two whig U. S. Senators. She now has one, and Heywood.

Missouri. No returns of importance.

Indiana. Returns from 41 counties render it certain that the democrats have carried the State, and re-elected Whitcomb for governor.

Illinois. John Wentworth, known as long John, is re-elected by an increased majority, to Congress, and the democracy have generally gained.

Kentucky. The returns are very much mixed up. The full returns will probably show a whig loss, tho' they have doubtless kept the state.

Later and Interesting from the Army.

Return of the Louisiana Volunteers—Orders of Gen. Taylor—The Regiments of Cols. Peyton and Featherston—Decision of the Secretary of War that they are not in service.

The news brought to New Orleans by the U. S. revenue cutter Forward on the 30th ult.—that the Louisiana volunteers had been disbanded—was fully confirmed by the brig Empressario and the steamship New York, which arrived at that port on the 1st inst.

We learn learn from our New Orleans exchanges that the troops were moving on to Carmargo with all convenient speed. General Taylor's opinion was that they would not meet with any obstacle to their progress from the enemy before the latter part of September or the early part of October, if even then, which he considered doubtful.

Notwithstanding the late heavy rains, the filthy state of the streets, and the dissipation necessarily attending the congregation of so large and heterogeneous a population as have met here, the health of Matamoras continued good.

It was understood that it was the intention of the Commanding General to remove his quarters, together with the 3d and 4th regiments, to Carmargo, by first opportunity.

The Empresario brought back Gen. Desha's company of Alabama Volunteers, who have been ordered to New Orleans to be mustered out of the service, according to the instructions from the War Department.—Six other companies from Alabama, all the Louisiana Volunteers, and the St. Louis Legion, as six months men, are to be mustered out of service by the same authority. Cols. Peyton and Featherston's regiments are not recognized by the Department as being in the service at all,

The Texian troops were about taking up their march for Mier.

Several fine artillery companies had arrived from the seaboard before the Empressario left.

Gen. Smith had proceeded with the 3d and 4th regiments U. S. Infantry up to Carmargo, commencing with his rank as Colonel in the army. It will be recollected that General Smith has been appointed Colonel of the new regiment of Mounted Riflemen, and it is upon his commission as such that he now acts.

Governor Henderson was lying dangerously ill at Matamoras, at the latest dates. Very little hope was entertained of his recovery.

No news had been received of the whereabouts of the Mexican army. Letters had been received at Matamoras from the city of Mexico, which stated that Paredes was to leave that city to join the army. The 20th ult. was the day assigned by these letters for his departure for the seat of war.

Brig. Gen. Hamer was to be left in command at Matamoras, where a regiment of volunteers was to be stationed, and the forts garrisoned by artillery.

More extensive hospitals had been ordered to be erected at Point Isabel for the accommodation of a large number of sick.

A dragoon by the name of McCormick, belonging to D company, 2d Dragoons, was shot by Matthew Ryan and died immediately. The green-eyed monster is said to have been the cause. Ryan has sloped.

It is stated that not a single company, perhaps not a single man, of those who came within the ban of the Secretary of War, accepted the alternative offered by Gen. Taylor, to enlist for twelve months or during the war.

THE COURT OF DEATH. This beautiful painting is still at the City Hall, where it is nightly visited by large and appreciating audiences. The interest which is felt by our leading citizens in success of the exhibition, is a good commentary upon its merits. The following certificate from some of the more influential men of Lowell, tells its own story.

"We the subscribers do certify, that we have visited this Great Painting, by Peale, now at the City Hall; and we would recommend it as worthy of general patronage from our citizens. It is a Great and Finished Work of Art; and, with the explanations given, can hardly fail to please and profit those who visit it.

Theodore Edson, Jefferson Bancroft, Stedman W. Hanks, Joseph Butterfield, Henry A. Miles, Jno. C. Dalton, M. D., C. K. True, John Aiken, Daniel C. Eddy, Linus Child, Ira Parsons, Chas. C. Chase, Silas Curtis, Elisha Huntington, M. D., J. S. Springer, Samuel W. Stickney, Willard Child, Jas. G. Carney.

Lowell, August 6, 1846.

TO-NIGHT—The Cheneys, this evening, give a concert at Mechanic's Hall. They are second to no family of minstrels except the Hutchinsons The last Manchester Democrat says:

"These singers gave a concert at the City Hall, on Monday evening. In spite of the wet evening, there was the largest audience in attendance we have seen at any concert in the place, except that of the Hutchinsons. Their singing gave great satisfaction, several of the pieces being most enthusiastically *encored*. It is evident, that with any discriminating audience, these "Vermonters" must divide the palm of public favor with those sweet singers of the Granite State, the Hutchinsons.

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Bookstores of Messrs Bixby, and Merrill & Haywood.

THE ELECTION LAST WEEK. The returns of the elections last week in North Carolina, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky, which have yet reached us, are entirely too meagre to afford any satisfactory conclusion as to the result in either of them. Mr Wentworth, of Illinois, is re-elected to Congress by a large majority.—*New York True Sun.*

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION. William A. Graham, the whig candidate for Governor, has received in Guilford county, 1,457; Cumberland, 21; Hertford, 160; Halifax, 108; Moore, about 200; Wake gives to Mr Shepard, the democratic candidate, 41 majority; Wayne gives him 683; Sampson, 183; Caswell, 736, and the town of Wilmington, 34.

MISSOURI. From the returns received by this night's mail, there is little doubt that Judge Bowlin is re-elected to Congress from the St Louis district.—*Union.*

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT MT. AUBURN. Yesterday morning as six men were engaged in plastering the ceiling of the Chapel in Mt. Auburn Cemetery, the staging gave way and they were all precipitated to the floor. They were all injured—two very seriously, and one, it is feared, fatally. Three of them are undergoing treatment at our Hospital.—*Times.*

☞ The provisional government of Oregon has been organized by choosing George Abernethy, formerly of New York, governor; J. E. Long, from Kentucky secretary, and Peter H. Darnett, from Missouri circuit judge.—*Post.*

☞ The following veto message of the President, of the French Spoliation bill, speaks best for itself:

Veto of the French Spoliation Bill.

To the Senate of the United States:

I return to the Senate, in which it originated, the bill entitled "an act to provide for the ascertainment and satisfaction of claims of American citizens for spoliations committed by the French prior to the 31st day of July, 1801," which was presented to me on the 6th instant, with my objections to its becoming a law.

In attempting to give to the bill the careful examination it requires, difficulties presented themselves in the outset, from the remoteness of the period to which the claims belong, the complicated nature of the transactions in which they originated, and the protracted negotiations to which they led between France and the United States.

The short time intervening between the passage of the bill by Congress, and the approaching close of their session, as well as the pressure of other official duties, have not permitted me to extend my examination of the subject into its minute details. But in the consideration which I have been able to give it, I find objections of a grave character to its provisions.

For the satisfaction of the claims provided for by the bill, it is proposed to appropriate five millions of dollars. I can perceive no legal or equitable ground upon which this large appropriation can rest. A portion of the claims have been more than half a century before this government, in its executive or legislative departments, and all of them had their origin in events which occurred prior to 1800.

Since 1802, they have been from time to time before Congress. No greater necessity or propriety exists for providing for these claims at this time, than has existed for near half a century; during all which period the questionable measure has never until now received the favorable consideration of Congress. It is scarcely probable, if the claim had been regarded as obligatory upon the government, or constituting an equitable demand upon the treasury, that those who were contemporaneous with the events which gave rise to it, should not, long since, have done justice to the claimants. The treasury has often been in a condition to enable the government to do so without inconvenience, if those claims had been considered just.

Mr Jefferson, who was fully conversant with the early dissentions between the governments of the United States and France, out of which the claims arose, in his annual message in 1808, adverted to the large surplus then in the treasury, and its "probable accumulation, inquired whether it should be unproductive in the public vaults," and yet these claims, though then before Congress, were not recognized or paid.—Since that time the public debt of the Revolution and of the war of 1812 has been extinguished, and at several periods since, the treasury has been in possession of large surpluses over the demands upon it. In 1835 the surplus amounted to many millions of dollars, and for want of proper objects to which to apply it, it was directed by Congress to be deposited with the States.

During this extended course of time, embracing periods eminently favorable for satisfying all just demands upon the government, the claims of this bill met with no favor in Congress beyond reports of committees in one or the other branch. These circumstances alone are calculated to raise strong doubts in respect to these claims; more especially as all the information necessary to a correct judgment concerning them, has been long before the public. These doubts are strengthened in my mind by the examination I have been enabled to give the transactions in which they originated.

The bill assumes that the United States have become liable in those ancient transactions to make reparation to the claimants for injuries committed by France. Nothing was obtained for the claimants by negotiation; and the bill assumes that the government has become in any way responsible for these claims. The limited time allotted me before your adjournment, precludes the possibility of reiterating the facts and arguments by which, in preceeding Congresses, these claims have been successfully resisted.

The present is a period particularly unfavorable for the satisfaction of claims, of so large an amount, and to say the least of them of so doubtful a character.—There is no surplus in the treasury. A public debt of several millions has been created within the last few hours. We are engaged in a foreign war, uncertain as to its duration, and involving heavy expenditures, to prosecute which, Congress has, at its present session, authorized a further loan. So that in fact the Government, should this bill become a law, borrows money, and increases the public debt, to pay these claims. It is true, that by the provisions of the bill, payment is directed to be made in land instead of money, but the effect upon the treasury will be the same. The public lands constitute one of the sources of public revenue, and if the claims be paid in land scrip, it will, from the date of the issue, to a great extent, cut off from the treasury, the annual income from the sale of the public lands, because payments for lands sold by the government, may be expected to be made in scrip until it is redeemed. If these claims be just they ought to be paid in money, and not in anything less valuable. The bill provides that they shall be paid in land scrip, whereby they are in effect to be a mortgage upon the public lands in the new States, a mortgage, too, held in a great part, if not wholly, by non-residents of the States in which the lands lie, who may secure these lands to the amount of several millions of acres, and then demand for them exorbitant prices from the citizens of States, who may desire to purchase them for settlement, or they may keep them out of the market and thus retard the prosperity and growth of the State in which they are situated. Why this unusual mode of satisfying demands upon the treasury has been resorted to, does not appear. It is not consistent with a sound public policy. If it be done in this case, it may be done in all others. It would form a precedent for the satisfaction of all other stale and questionable claims, in the same manner, and would undoubtedly be resorted to by all claimants, who, after successive trials, shall fail to have their claims recognized and paid in money by Congress.

The bill proposes to appropriate five millions of dollars to be paid in land scrip, and provides that "no claim or memorial shall be received by the Commissioners," authorized by the act, "unless accompanied by a release or discharge of the United States from all other and further compensation, than the claimant may be entitled to receive under the provisions of this act." Those claims are estimated to amount to a much larger sum than five millions of dollars, and yet the claimant is required to release to the government all other compensation, and accept his share of a fund which is known to be inadequate

If these claims be well founded, it would be unjust to the claimants to repudiate any portion of them, and the payment of the remaining sum could hereafter be resisted. This bill proposes to pay these claims, not in the currency known to the Constitution, and not to their full amount.

Passed, as this bill has been, near the close of the session, and when many measures of importance necessarily claim the attention of Congress, and possibly without that full and deliberate consideration, which the large sum it appropriates, and the existing condition of the treasury and of the country demand, I deem it to be my duty to withhold my approval that it may hereafter undergo the revision of Congress.—I have come to this conclusion with regret. In interposing my objections to its becoming a law, I am fully sensible that it should be an extreme case which would make it the duty of the Executive to withhold his approval of any bill passed by Congress, upon the ground of its inexpediency alone. Such a case I consider this to be. JAMES K. POLK.

Washington, Aug. 8th, 1846.

MR ELIHU BURRITT. "The learned blacksmith" of Massachusetts delivered an eloquent lecture at the Manchester Athenæum, on "The Philosophy of labor." He did so at the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, who wished in this way to give him a sort of public introduction to the community, and the subject was selected as being, in his present delicate health, far less exciting to him than his favorite theme of "peace." There was a very good audience, not fewer than 550 ladies and gentlemen, including many members of the Society of Friends, being present.—His lecture occupied two hours in the delivery.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. jc04m

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The extraordinary success attending the use of this medicine in diseases of the lungs, and the many singular cures it has effected, having naturally attracted the attention of many physicians, as well as the whole fraternity of quacks, various conjectures and surmises have arisen respecting its composition; some physicians have supposed it to contain iodine, other ignorant pretenders say it must contain mercury, and to some such substance they each attribute its singular efficacy. As such opinions are altogether erroneous, and calculated to prejudice many persons against it, we

PLEDGE OUR HONOUR

that it contains nothing of this kind, or anything the least injurious; on the contrary, it is composed of the most simple substances, the principal of which are the extracts of tar and wild cherry bark, and the whole secret of its efficacy consists in the mode by which they are prepared.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Pmg13ap14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and in unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&P6mclm

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug 2d, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr James M. Little to Miss Emmie Sargent.

In this city, Aug. 12th, by Rev. Mr. Potter, Mr Samuel Hement, Principal of Dracutt Seminary, to Miss Sarah E. Kent, of Lowell.

DIED,

In this city, Aug. 9th, of consumption, Miss Sarah E. Williams, 15.

Aug. 9th, of typhoid fever, Mrs Mary Morgan, 46.

Aug. 10th, Mrs Julia Ann, wife of Dr. John C. Dalton, 44.

At Middlesex village, July 22d, Mrs Catharine M., wife of Charles F. Syllermann, of Malden, 31 yrs 5 mos.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, **(No. 7, Wyman's Exchange,** Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

REGALIA.—BOND'S LOWELL BRASS BAND will play at **Pawtucket Garden,** this (THURSDAY) AFTERNOON, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

☞Tickets 12½ cents, for which Refreshments or Flowers in full value will be given. aug13a1t

LOWELL MUSEUM.

OPEN every day and evening (except Sunday) from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Tickets admitting two persons at once **25 Cents.**

Now on exhibition, day and evening, FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, the only living specimen of the **OURANG OUTANG** in this country. This animal was brought into Salem last week,—he is a fine specimen, sprightly and healthy, and is pronounced by physicians to be seven-eighths human. Also a living **Crocodile** and a living **Alligator.** aug13a3t

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

THE Proprietors of the Boston, Lowell and Concord Telegraph Line are notified to meet at TAPPAN WENTWORTH'S, on MONDAY, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of organizing the association under the articles of agreement, adopting a tariff of charges for business, choosing all such Officers as may be necessary, and making any other arrangements proper for putting the line in successful operation.

Also, to see if they will accept an Act under an Act to incorporate the Proprietors of the Electro Magnetic Telegraph passed April 10, 1846.

TAPPAN WENTWORTH,
GEO. H. CARLTON,
J. B. FRENCH.

Lowell, August 13th, 1846. aug13a2t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of CALVIN BALDELDER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Baldelder will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said County of Middlesex, in Manson's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-fourth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

MOSES KIMBALL, Assignee.

Lowell, August 10, 1846. aug13a3t

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Branch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

On Saturday.

Goes up to the city without lightering:

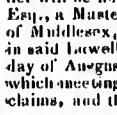


The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug13

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

First Vessel.



The fine fast sailing copper fastened packet Brig JOHN A. LANCASTER, *Long*, master, now loading, having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. aug13

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND,

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This Day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. MONTICELLO, BAKER, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug13

THE CHENEY FAMILY,

FROM VERMONT,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Lowell, that they will give a Concert of Vocal Music with Instrumental accompaniments at MECHANICS' HALL, **Thursday Evening, Aug. 13.**

☞See Programme—Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Book Stores of HIXBY and MERRILL & HEYWOOD. aug11a2t

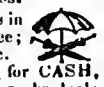
ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of DANIEL G. HOUGHTON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, teamster, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Houghton, will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said county of Middlesex, in Manson's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug11a3t

CLOTHING STORE.—The subscriber having changed his business from supplying the wants of the inner man to furnishing the needful for the outer, and being desirous to earn the bread he daily needs, would invite his friends and the public, who may be in want of such goods as he has to sell, to his present place of business, No's. 50 and 52 Central st., corner of Prescott st. and Commercial Square, where he intends to keep for sale a general assortment of CLOTHING both for Men and Boys, suited to the different seasons; together with the great variety of goods properly belonging to the

Clothes Furnishing Business.



Also—HATS and CAPS; Boy's Caps in great variety and extremely low prices; Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, &c.

☞Having adopted the system of selling for CASH, believing it better for both buyer and seller, he feels disposed to sell at a very small advance on the cost.

B. F. AIKEN.

Lowell, July 14, 1846. a1m*

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2mrenew

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. ja26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "		2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "		3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25
" better, "		1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "		1 50, to 2 50.

Ladi,s shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all description made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to become one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14A&Ply



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
No. 1 Commercial Square.

jy18tf

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Conlar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Conlar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Atf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. Bellerrier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufactoring the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26A3m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledgnd to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Canissing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke Ev Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperiectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

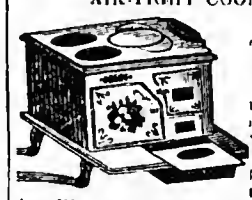
HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. H. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1y5&pdec16

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

OF THE COURT OF BINGY.

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the *size* of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Terror, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25atf

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or as such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For farther information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a2m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Low ell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Tamworth, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For farther information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WORCESTER BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Worcester at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Chenery, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1y6pr4

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience to sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office.

aug6 A1w6t

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY, 9½ o'clock, a Large and Valuable Lot of *New and Second-hand Household Furniture*, in part as follows:—4 elegant Hair Seat Sofas, 6 Mahogany Hair Seat Chairs, Cane Seat do., Rocking do., 4 new Feather Beds—1 Elegant Mahogany Centre Table, 1 new Secretary 7 elegent Bureaus—4 Solar Lamps—3 Brass Clocks—Looking Glasses—5 Cook Stoves.

Also a lot of Furniture belonging to a family about leaving the city, in part as follows:—1 Sofa—Beds—Beddling, Bedsteads, Carpets, Tables, Chairs, Crockery and Glassware, Cook and other Stoves, &c.

Mortgagee's Sale of Personal Property.

By order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, the following described mortgaged personal property, will be sold at public auction, at the auction store of E. B. Patch, in Lowell, in said County, on SATURDAY, the fifteenth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, viz:—One dark red colored Horse—Two Horse-Carts—Two Horse-cart Harnesses.

aug11ts DAVID NOURSE, Mortgagee.

At Auction.

A Cottage House and 1624 feet of land situated on the westerly side of Marion near Lagrange street.

On MONDAY, August 17th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, I shall sell the above without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city; the location is pleasant, the house well finished, conveniently arranged, and every way desirable for a small family. Terms liberal.

Centralville Academy Boarding House, in Dracutt, at Auction!

I shall sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of August, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that Large and Convenient Building erected for a Boarding House for Dracutt Academy. It is divided into two departments, having 24 Rooms each, (48 in all,) and is so arranged that it may be occupied for one or two Boarding houses, with separate Kitchens, Dining Halls, Parlors and Lodging Rooms,—having good water and every necessary convenience for each. There is land sufficient for a large garden, which is well stocked with Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c. There is also a good stable.

The location of the above premises for healthfulness and beauty, is unsurpassed by anything in the country—commanding not only the best view of Lowell, but several miles of the surrounding country, and a fine view of the Merrimack and Concord Rivers.

There is not a better place in New England for the establishment of a private School, or private residence, and the proprietors will make most favorable terms as to payment, should the purchaser desire it. Inquire of Wm. Livingston, Horace Howard, Ethan Burnap, Benjamin Hutchinson, A. L. Brooks, or of E. B. PATCH Auctioneer. aug8

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

On SATURDAY next, 15th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., at Office,—1 share Chelmsford Stock, *pledged and must be sold without reserve.* aug11

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28atf

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and producing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses &c by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhea," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impoteney, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞Please call. jy18a1m

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of Do. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [m,y12a] dec16

DR .M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based an incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Many proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay;
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have came under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretendrs, whose names it is unnecessary to mention; his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jn30

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-POINTE are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This ecution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who have experienced the extraordinary [illegible] the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsias, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 196 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, HANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with the agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp'y, yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for li years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a clicking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

[illegible]

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TILLSON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case refutes to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Hrilg street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curatives agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, lethargy, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. u&plimosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N.B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Browe's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These expellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sicking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nerveus and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken dowe by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 ndv&paly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

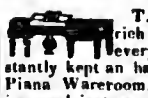
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 9.0

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. jo4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Alf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN. EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jun8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled in any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TAHER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 a1y

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Alf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. alf



SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2ta1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep 9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE,
GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL.

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
mly1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** *The latest fashions* always on hand. [tfnpr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11tf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respt'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures. The wooden frame is *Signed*, therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a tumor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pand, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower my14 a&pGincho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1Atf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to affect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from names and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. (nwn&p1yjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$1000	$370 80	1837	$1098 75	$500 21	$30 00	$1235
			1838	960 6	435 55	67 53	1097
			1839	828 00	370 45	54 76	1500
			1840	581 85	279 20	33 50	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sprewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

WANTED this day six first rate Cant Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6tf 88, Central St.

Black Eyes.

There's spirit in the bright black eye—
The energy of mind—
The firm resolve, the purpose strong,
With high, bold hope, combined,
The talisman of noble deeds—
Courage to do and dare,
And strength to grapple with the world
Are plainly speaking there.

There's beauty in the full black eye;
There's lustre in the bright
And flashing orb, that well might vie
With dew drops in the light:
So sparkling its glances fall,
That ye might almost deem
It had imprisoned in its depths,
The diamond's brilliant gleam.

There's mischief in the bright black eye;
And danger lurking round,
And ye must shun its witchery,
Who have a heart to wound.
Ye may not stand unscathed and free
The lightning of its glance;
Thoud'st meet the whole artillery
Of blue, with better chance.

COLOR OF APPLES. In all my horticultural reading, I do not think I have ever seen anything said on the relative color of the twig, and that of the ripe apple of the same tree, and for the sake of the curious, I will here remark, that nine times out of ten the color of an apple may be determined by the twig of the tree in the absence of its fruit.

To set this subject before the readers, we will say there shall be but two colors in apples; one red, and one yellow; all those that are striped, dashed, spashed, marbled, washed or blushed, shall be called red; and those that are green, white or yellow, without red, shall be called yellow.

The examiner will now take the annual shoot of last year's growth, after it has ripened, and with a sharp knife split or rather shave off the outer covering of the bark, and gradually approach the inner bark, and if the tree bears red apples, the inner coat of the dark outer covering will be red. If this coloring matter be of dingy or sooty red, the apple will, most probably, be yellow with a forced blush; but if the forced blush is bright, the red in the twig will also be clearer. And on the contrary, if the bark of the twig shows no sign of red, we may readily predict that the apple of such trees will be yellow, white, or green. If the inner coat of the bark be very yellow, the apple will be yellow-fleshed, if pale yellow, the flesh of the apple will be yellowish-green; if green the flesh of the apple will be white.

The foregoing colors are somewhat changed by the frost of winter, but in general way hold good.

Perhaps Mr Downing, ere this, has made the foregoing discovery, and to a much greater extent; if he has this will only go to "fortify his opinion" with additional facts; for which I am partly indebted to Mr Jacob Smith, of Montgomery county, Indiana.—*Western Farmer.*

REUBEN RAGAN.

by the experience of last season, that the only preventive of the spread of rust in potatoes is to cut their tops off. This arrests the disease, and often saves the crop.

Mr Rowse, of this town, informs us that he found some excellent potatoes at the table of a friend in Bath, who informed him that he raised them. During the season he found that the tops rusted or blighted, and, on examining them minutely, found them covered with insects. He mowed the tops off. At the usual time of digging potatoes, he thought he would try them and see if there were any thing there worth the labor, when to his surprise he found an excellent crop, and which, when dug, preserved as well as any that he ever had. We tell the story as we had it, without pretending to say or know whether the insect blight which affected these potatoes is the same which has been so destructive to other crops, or not.—*Maine Farmer.*

FRUIT TREES. At a late meeting in Boston, J. Owen of Cambridge, said he cured the black wart on plum trees by cutting off and washing in salt water; and in another case, by washing with salt water only, the warts cracking off.—S. Pond learned the value of salt for plum trees, by an inundation covering his grounds several feet with salt water, "killing every thing but his plumb trees, and giving them new life, health and vigor." Dr Shurtliff, of Brooklyn, applied to unhealthy unproductive plum trees two quarts of salt each, in water; "the trees became healthy, and the ensuing season they bore too much fruit." He continued the application, and was not troubled with black wart or curculio.

POTATO PLAGUE. A friend in Westford writes to us that the potatoe plague has again commenced there. It commences some weeks earlier than it did last year and the vines die more gradually. On the vines that are wilted he finds numbers of very small lice, while on the healthy vines none are to be seen.

In reply to his question of mowing down the vines, we have an experience in the matter; but a favorable notice of such an experiment has been published in the "Ohio Cultivator."—*Ploughman.*

PRESERVED TIMBERS. S. W. Jewett, of Vermont, impregnated in 1834 a stick of basswood timber, (which decays more rapidly than other kinds of wood,) with a solution of blue vitriol; it was green, cut in June. It was partly buried in the ground, and exposed to constant alternations of moisture and dryness. In eleven years "it was, to all appearance, as sound as when first cut. The remaining portion of the tree, unimpregnated, had decayed years before."

Potato Rot.

We regret to learn that that disease is prevailing to an alarming extent in this country. The vines gave evidence of being affected two or three weeks ago; but the potatoes were not diseased till last week. The rot first made its appearance in Framington on Thursday, and in East Hartford on Saturday. We have conversed with an intelligent farmer on the subject, who is strongly of the opinion that the cause of the rot is in the atmosphere; but if this theory were true, we should suppose that all potatoes in the same section where the disease prevails would be affected alike.—*Hartford Courant.*

EXCESSIVE MORTALITY. The number of deaths of New York from the 27th of June to the 25th of July was one thousand and ninety-six. From *coup de soleil* alone twenty-one.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are Hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

☞ The Courier, and the whigs generally are exceedingly gratified to learn that Mr Saavy is confirmed. We have seen no official announcement of his confirmation; but should it prove true—having no personal feeling in the matter, we should feel quite as well satisfied with it as the *Democracy* here, but cannot *exult* with the *whigs*. A severer blow could not be inflicted upon the Democratic party in this city. We hope for the best, and shall do all in our power to prevent its operating upon our elections. But we fear the result as matters now stand.

We notice some of the democratic papers are extending to Mr Soevy the usual congratulations; if they do this as merely formal compliment to a government officer, why then it should be taken as such; if they do it supposing they know everything of the feelings of the Democracy of Lowell, or of Mr Sonvy's fitness for the office, we advise them to investigate a little and try their hand at a public defeece of his course and his propositions to Messrs French and Roberts. When they are explained, satisfactorily, we shall be happy to congratulate him.

A THUNDER STORM.—A little past 2 o'clock yesterday the outer edge of a thunder cloud broke over this city from the north-west, the main body of the cloud passing to the north & east. The rain accompanied by a little hail, poured down like a miniature deluge and the wind blew furiously. We hear of no damage being done in this city.

We learn by a driver who rode in from Fitchburgh last evening, that not a drop of rain fell on the Fitchburgh road five rods beyond where it crosses the Middlesex canal. It seems we had here but a sprinkling from the "fringes of the train" of the cloud, to what was experianced at Nashua, Hudson, Pelham, Andover, Salem, &c. At Nashua, we learn large hail stones fell, the wind blew down several chimnies and damaged several unfinished buildings. At Wieasset Falls on the Merrimack three boats, lodened with brick were sunk and two men were drowned. At Pelham, middle of the town the hail broke many panes of glass. The wind blew a tornado, prostrating the corn and grain, uprooting trees, and tearing apples from the trees. On a farm, just across the river in Dracutt, there were some half dozen apple trees overturned. At Methuen, there was scarcely a drop of rain fall, while at Andover, we learn from a gentlemen who came into our office this morning, the storm was very severe, doing the usual damage of prostrating the corn, &c.

The Courier shows, to its own satisfaction, that England could'nt have been frightened into a settlement of the patriotism of the American people in their volunteering for the Mexican war. So Mr Polk alone, it seems, brought England to her knees. That's more credit than we have ever given him.

But the courier will not be obliged to admit Mr Polk's being quite so formidable, if it will but bear in mind, that *before Congress authorized the raising of volunteers, the whole South and West were swarming with volunteers for the relief of Gen. Taylor, and long enough too, for Mr Packenham, then at Washington, to have informed the British Government of the fact, before that government offered to take what it had always before refused.* Till Great Britain had had ample time to hear that fact through Mr Packenham, she was paddling about *arbitration*.

Perhaps the patriotism and enthusiasm of our people had no effect upon the English in the settlement of the Oregon question, but if it didn't, for their honor, they chose an unfortunate time for making their proposition of settlement.

SYMPTOMS OF HYDROPHOBIA. The epithets of "miscreant," "flunkies" "demagogue," "tyrant," &c., &c., so lavishly indulged in by the federal abolition paper of this city, betray a state of mental inquietude, to the highest degree dangerous this warm weather. We recommend its unhappy editor to purchase one of Hough's patent skirts, concerning the merits of which he wrote so *naif* a puff, and donning it while he writes, see if he cannot keep cool. To borrow a pretty pun from the above named puff, he might be said to be in a *Hough*, while he was as "cool as a cowcumber."

To be serious, if these paroxysms continue to increase in intensity, as they have for a short time past, his friends will have to perform the melancholy duty of smothering him between the feather bed of whiggery, on which he now lies, and the woolly mattress of abolitionism, for which he has so decided a regard.—A sad fate for one so young!

KILLED ON THE RAILROAD. Yesterday, a boy by the name of Charles Adams, 16 or 17 years of age, while a baggage train of cars was moving slowly on near the machine shop, attempted to jump upon them, and fell under the wheels, when his bowels were crushed out in a horrid manner. He lived about ten minutes.

EQUIVOCAL. The Courier returning thanks for the receipt of a speech says—"No other State [but ours own] can boast of two such Senators." We cannot at this moment call to mind but one senator who is in the receipt of an annuity from his partizans; neither can we remember but one who has heretofore rejoiced publicly in the streets of his native town, over the defeat of his own countrymen.

SABBATH NIGHT. Mr Colton informs us that he has received permission from the owners of the *Court of Death*, to lower the admission for the last week, to 12 1-2 cents. It will be open for exhibition to-morrow evening, and we expect to see the city Hall crowded to its utmost capacity. A lecture is given upon the painting every evening.

☞ *Blackberrying*, according to a [writer in the Charleston Courier, signifies the interment of a negro

☞ To-day we publish the new Tariff Bill. We think the candid of all parties will agree that its general features are correct, and that it is based upon sound principles. In its details, some modifications may become necessary, and if so, the Democratic party will be ready to make them. The *ad valorem* principle, the abolition of specific duties and minimums, increased tax upon luxuries and a less tax upon necessaries, and the principle of affording incidental protection to labor as well as capital, can never be changed.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

Laws of the United States passed at the first session of the Twenty-ninth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 39.]

AN ACT reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the articles hereinafter mentioned, and on such as may now be exempt from duty, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the goods, wares and merchandise herein enumerated and provided for, imported from foreign countries, the following rates of duty—that is to say:

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule A, a duty of *one hundred* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule B, a duty of *forty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule C, a duty of *thirty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule D, a duty of *twenty-five* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule E, a duty of *twenty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule F, a duty of *fifteen* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule G, a duty of *ten* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule H, a duty of *five* per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, the goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule I, shall be exempt from duty.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all goods, wares and merchandise imported from foreign countries, and not specially provided for in this act, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases in which the invoice or entry shall not contain the weight or quantity, or measure of goods, wares, or merchandise now weighed, or measured, or gauged, the same shall be weighed, gauged or measured at the expense of the owner, agent or consignee.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the bounty heretofore authorised by law to be paid on the exportation of pickled fish of the fisheries of the United States, there shall be allowed on the exportation thereof, if cured with foreign salt, a drawback equal in amount to the duty paid on the salt and no more—to be ascertained under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That all goods, wares and merchandise imported after the passage of this act, and which may be in the public stores on the second day of December next, shall be subject to no other duty upon the entry thereof than if the same were imported respectively after that day.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the 12th section of the act entitled "An act to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports," approved July thirty-two, shall be, and the same is hereby, so far modified, that all goods imported from this side the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores for the space of one year instead of the term of sixty days prescribed by the said section; and that all goods imported from beyond the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores one year instead of the term of ninety days prescribed in the said section.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the owner, consignee, or agent of imports which have been actually purchased, on entry of the same, to make such addition in the entry to the cost or value given in the invoice, as in his opinion may raise the same to the true market value of such imports in the principle markets of the country whence the importation shall have been made, or in which the goods imported shall have been originally manufactured or produced, as the case may be; and to add thereto all costs and charges which under existing laws, would form part of the true value at the port where the same may be entered, upon which the duties should be assessed. And it shall be the duty of the collector within whose district the same may be imported or entered to cause the dutinble value of such imports to be appraised, estimated, and ascertained in accordance with the provisions of the existing laws; and if the appraised value thereof shall exceed ten per centum or more tho value so declared on the entry, then in addition to the duties imposed by law on the same, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem on such appraised value; *Provided, nevertheless*, That under no circumstances shall the duty be assessed upon the amount less than the invoice value, any law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, that the deputies of any collector, naval officer, or surveyer, and the clerks employed by any collector, naval officer, or appraiser, who are not by existing laws required to be sworn, shall before entering upon their respective duties, or if already employed, before continuing in the discharge thereof, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation faithfully and diligently to perform such duties, and to exo their best endeavors to prevent and detect frauds upon the revenue of the United States; which oath or affirmation shall be administered by the collector of the port or district where the said deputies or clerks may be employed, and shall be of e form to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That no officer or other person connected with the navy of the United States, shall, under eny pretence, import in any ship or vessel of the United States, eny goods, wares, or merchandise liable to the payment of any duty.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts repugnant to the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SCHEDULE A.

One hundred per centum ad valorem.

Brandy and other spirits distilled from grain, or other materials.

Cordials, nbsyntha, arrack, curacoe, kirschenwasser, liqeears, maraschino, ratafia, and all other spirituous beverages of a similar character.

SCHEDULE B.

Forty per centum ad valorem.

Alabastar and spar ornaments; almonds; anchovies, sardines, and all other fish preserved in oil; camphor refined; cassia, cloves; composition tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; comfits, sweetmeats, or fruit preserved in sugar, brandy, or molasses; currants; dates; figs; ginger root, dried or green; glass, cut; mace; manufactures of cedar wood, granadilla, ebony, mahogony, rosewood, and satin wood; nutmegs; pimento; prepared vegetables, meats, poultry, and game sealed or enclosed in cases, or otherwise; prunes; raisins; scagliola tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; segars, snuff, paper segars, and all other manufactures of tobacco.

Wines—Burgendy, champaigne, claret, madeira, port, sherry, and all other wines and imitations of wines

SCHEDULE C.

Thirty per centum ad valorem.

Alu, beer and porter in casks or bottles; argentine, nlabatta or German silver, manufactured or unmanufactured; articles embroidered with gold, silver or other metal; articles worn by men, women, and children of whatever material composed, made up, or mada wholly or in part, by hand; asses' skins; balsams, cosmetics, essences, extracts, pastes, perfumes, and tinctures, used either for the toilet, or for medicinal purposes; baskets, and all other articles composed of grass, osier, palm leaf, straw, whalebone or willow, not otherwise provided for; bay rum; beads of amber; composition of wax, and all other beads; benzoates; Bologne sausages; bracelets, braids, chains, curls or ringletts, composed of hair, or of which hair is a component part; bruces, suspenders, webbing or other fabrics, compused wholly or in part of India rubber, not otherwise provided for; brooms and brushes of all kinds.

Cameos, real and imitation, and mosaics, real and imitation, when set in gold or silver, or other metal; canes and sticks for walking, finished or unfinished; capers, pickles, and sauces of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; caps, hats, muffs, and tippets of fur, and all other manufactures of fur, or which fur shall be a component material; caps, gloves, leggins, mitts, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, and all similar articles made on frames, worn by men, women, or children, and not otherwise provided for; card cases; pocket books, shell boxes, souvenirs, and all other similar articles of whatever material composed; carpets, carpeting, hearth rugs, bedsides, and other portions of carpeting, being either Auhusson, Brussels, tagrain, Saxony, Turkoy, Vanitiae, Wiltoe, or any other similar fabric; carriages and parts of carriages; Cayenna pepper; cheese; cinnomon; clocks and parts of Clocks; clothing, ready made, and wearing apparel of every description, of whatever material composed, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress or manufacturer; coach and harness furniture of all kinds; coal; coke and culm of coal; combs of all kinds; compositions of glass or paste, when set; confectionary of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; coral, cut or manufactured; corks, cotton cords, gimps, and galloons; court plaster; crayons of all kinds; cutlery of all kinds.

Diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious stones, and imitations of precious stones, when set in gold, silver or other metal; dolls, and toys of all kinds; earthern, china, and stone ware, and all other wares composed of earthy or mineral substances, not otherwise provided for; epaulets, galloons, laces, knots, stars, tassels, tresses, and wings of gold, silver or any other metal; fans and fire screens of every description, of whatever material composed; feathers and flowers artificial or ornamental, and the parts thereof, of whatever material composed; fire crackers; flats, braids, plaits, sparterre, and willow squares, used for making hats or bonnets; frames and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, finished or unfinished; furniture, cabinet and household; ginger, ground; glass, colored stained or painted; glass crystals for watches; glasses or pebbles for spectacles; glass tumblers, plain, moulded or pressed, not cut or punted; paintings on glass; porcelain glass; grapes; gum benzoin or Benjemin.

Hair pencils; hat bodies of cotton; hats and bonnets for men, women and children, composed of straw, satin straw, chip, grass, palmleaf, willow, or of any other vegetable substance, or of hair, whalebone, or other material not otherwise provided for; hemp, unmanufactured; honey; human hair, cleansed or prepared for use; ink and ink powder; iron, in bars, blooms, bolts, hoops, pigs, rods, slabs, or other forms, not otherwise provided for; castings of iron; old or scrap iron; vessels of cast iron; japanned ware of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; jewelry, real or imitation; jet and manufactures of jet, and imitations thereof; lead pencils.

Maccaroni, vermicelli, gelatine, jellies, and all similar preparations. Manufacturers of the bark of the cork tree, except corks; manufactures of bone, shell, horn, pearl, ivory, or vegetable ivory; manufactures, articles, vessels, and wares, not otherwise provided for, of brass, copper, gold, iron, lead, pewter, platina, silver, tin, or other metal, or of which either of those metals or any other metal shall be the component material of chief value; manufactures of cotton, linen, silk, wool or worsted, if embroided, or tambowred in the or other process; manufactures, articles, vessels and wares of glass, or which glass shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures and articles of leather, or of which leather shall be a component part, not otherwise provided for; manufactures and articles of marble, marble paving tiles, and all other marble more advanced in manufacture than in slabs or blocks in the rough; manufactures of paper, or of which paper is a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures, articles, and wares of papier mache; manufactures of wood, or of which wood is a component part, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of wool, or of which wool shall be the component material of chief value, not otherwise provided for; medicinal preparations, not otherwise provided for; metalic pens; mineral waters; molasses; muskets; rifles, and other fire arms.

Nuts, not otherwise provided for; ochres and ochrey earths, used in the composition of painter's colors, whether dry or ground in oil; oil cloth of every description, of whatever material composed; oils, volatile, essential, or expressed, and not otherwise provided for; olive oil, in casks other than salad oil; oliva salad oil, and all other olive oil, not otherwise provided for; olives; paper—antiquarian, demy, drawing, elephant, foolscap, imperial, letter, and all other paper not otherwise provided for; paper boxes, and all other fancy boxes; paper envelopes; parasols and sunshades; parchment; pepper; plated and gilt ware of all kinds; playing cards; plums; potatoes; red chalk pencils.

Saddlery of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; salmon, preserved; sealing wax; sewing silk, in the gum or purified; shoes composed wholly of India rubber; side arms of every description; silk twist and twist composed of silk and mohair; silver plated metal, in sheets or other form; soap—Castile, perfumed, Windsor and all other kinds; syrup of sugar; sugar of all kinds; tobacco, unmanufactured; twines and pack thread, of whatever material composed; umbrellas; vellum; vinegar; wafers; water colors; wood unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for, and fire wood; wool, unmanufactured.

SCHEDULE D.

(Twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

Borax or tincal; Burgundy pitch; buttons and button moulds of all kinds; baizes, buckings, flannels and floor cloths, of whatever material composed, not otherwise provided for; cables and cordage, tarred or untarred; calomel and all other mercurial preparations; camphor, crude; cotton laces, cotton insertings, cotton trimming laces, cotton laces and braids; floss silks, feather beds, feathers for beds, and downs of all kinds; grass cloth; hair cloth, hair seating, and all other manufactures of hair not otherwise provided for; jute, Sisal, grass, coir and other vegetable substances unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; manufactures composed wholly of cotton, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of goat's hair or mohair, or of which goat's hair or mohair shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of silk, or of which silk shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of worsted, or of which worsted shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; matting, China, and other floor matting and mats made of flags, jute or grass; roofing slates and slates other than roofing slates; woollen and worsted yarn.

SCHEDULE E.

(Twenty per centum ad valorem.)

Acids—acetic, acetous, benzoic, boracic, chromic, citric, muriatic, white and yellow, nitric, pyroligoeous and tartaric, and all other acids of every description, used for chemical or medicinal purposes, or for manufacturing, or in the fine arts, not otherwise provided for. Aloes, alum, amber, ambergris; Angora, Thibet, and other goat's hair or mohair unmanufactured; annised, animal carbon, antimony, cruda sed regalus of, arrow root, articles, not in a crude state, used in dying or tanning, not otherwise provided for; assafoetida.

Bacon, bananas, barley, beef, bacswax, berries, vegetables, flowers and barks, not otherwise provided for; bismuth, bitter apples, blankets of all kinds, blank books, bound or unbound; blue or roman vitriel, or sulphate of copper; boards, planks, staves, laths, scantling, spars, hewn and sawed timber, and timber to be used in building wharves; bucho leaves; breccia; bronze liquor; bronze powder; buttar; cadmium; calamine; cantharides; caps, gloves, leggins, mitts, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, made on frames, composed wholly of cotton, worn by men, women, and children; cassia buds; castor oil; castorum; cedar wood, ebony, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, and satin wood, unmanufactured; chocolate; chromate of lead; cinnamate, bichromate, hydriodate, and prussiate of potash; cobalt; cocoanuts; cnculus indicus; copperas or green vitrol, or sulpheto of iron; copper rods, bolts, nails and spikes; copper bottom; copper in sheets or plates, called braziers' copper, and other sheets of copper not otherwise provided for; cream of tartar; cubebs.

Dried pulp; emery; ether; extract of indigo; extracts and decoctions of logwood and other dyewoods, not otherwise provided for; extract of madder; felspar; fig blue; fish, foreign, whether fresh, smoked, salted, dried, or pickled, not otherwise provided for; fish glue or isinglass; fish skins; flax seed; flour of sulphur; Frankfort black; French chalk; fruit, green or ripe, not otherwise provided for; fulminates, or fulminating powders; furs dressed on the skin; gamboge; glue; green turtle; gunny cloth; gunpowder; hair, curled, moss, sea-weed, and all other vegetable substances used for beds or mattresses; hams, hats of wool; hat bodies, made of wool, or of which wool shall be a component material of chief value; hatter's plush, composed of silk and cotton, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value; hemp seed or linseed, and rapeseed oil, and all other oils used in painting.

Indian corn and corn meal; ipecacuanna; iridium; iris or orris root; iron liquor; ivory or bone black; jalap; juniper berries; lac spirits; lac sulphur; lampblack; lard; leather, tanned, bend or sole; leather, upper of all kinds; lead, in pigs, bars or sheets; leaden pipes; leaden shot; leeches; linens of all kinds; liquorice paste, juice or root; litharge; malt; manganese; manna; manufactures of flax, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of hemp, not otherwise provided for; marbls, in the rough, slab or block, unmanufactured; medicinal drugs, roots and leaves in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; metals, Dutch and bronze, in leaf; metals, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; musical instruments of all kinds, and strings for musical instruments of whip, gut or catgut, and all other strings of the same material; nasrine coral, unmanufactured.

Needles of all kinds for sewing, darning or knitting; nitrate of lead; oats and oatmeal; oils, neatsfoot and other animal oil, spermaceti, whale and other fish oil, the produce of foreign fisheries; opium; oranges, lemons and limes; orange and lemon peel; osier or willow, prepared for basket makers' use; patent mordant; paints, dry or ground in oil, not otherwise provided for; paper hangings, and paper for screens or fireboards; paving stones; paving and roofing tiles and bricks; pearl or hulled barley; periodicals and other works in the course of printing and republication in the United States; pincapples; pitch; plantains; plaster of Paris, when ground; plumbago; pork; potassium; prussian blue; pumpkins; putty; quicksilver; quills.

Red chalk; rhubarb; rice or paddy; rull brimstone; roman cement; rye and rye flour; saddlery, common, tinned, or japanned; saffron and saffron cake; sago; sal soda; and all carbonates of soda, by whatever names designated, not otherwise provided for. Salts; epsom; glauber, rochelle, and all other salts and preparations of salts, not otherwise provided for; sarsaparilla; sepia; shaddocks; sheathing paper; skins, tanned and dressed, of all kinds; skins of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; slate pencils; smalts; spermaceti candles and tapers; spirits of turpentine; sponges; spunk; squills; starch; stearine candles and tapers; steel, not otherwise provided for; stereotype plates; still bottoms; sulphate of barytes, crude or refined, sulphate of quinine.

Tallow candles; tapioca; tar; thread laces and insertings; type metal; types, new or old; vanilla beans; verdigris; velvet, in the piece, composed wholly of cotton; velvet, in the piece, composed of cotton and silk, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value; vermillion; wax candles and tapers; whalebone, the produce of foreign fisheries; wheat and wheat flour; white and red lead; whiting, or Paris white; white vitriol, or sulphate of zinc; window glass, broad, crown, or cylinder; woolen listings; yarns.

SCHEDULE F.

Arsenic; bark, peruvian, and all other (*Ten per centum ad valorem.*) brimstone, crude in bulk; codilla, or tow of hemp or flax; cork tree bark, unmanufactured; diamonds, glaziers, set or not set; dragon's blood; flax, unmanufactured; gold and silver leaf; mineral kermes; silk, raw, not more advanced in manufacture than singles, tram and thrown, or organzine; steel in bars, cast, shear, or German; terne tin plates; tin foil; tin in plates or sheets; tin plates galvanized, not otherwise provided for; zinc, spelter, or tenteneegue, in sheets.

SCHEDULE G.

(Ten per centum ad valorem.)

Ammonia; annatto, Rancon or Orleans; barilla; bleaching powders or chloride of lime; books printed, magazines, pamphlets, periodicals and illustrated newspapers, bound or unbound, not otherwise provided for; building stones; burr stones, wrought or unwrought; cameos and mosaics, and imitations thereof, not set; chronometers, box or ships, and parts thereof; cochineal; cocoa; cocoa shells; compositions of glass or paste, not set; cudbear; diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies and other precious stones, and imitations thereof, when not set; engravings or plates, bound or unbound; hempseed, linseed and rapeseed; fuller's earth; furs, hatters', dressed or undressed, not on the skin; furs, undressed, when on the skin; goldbeaters' skins; gum arabic and gum senegal; gum tragacanth; gum burlmry; gum East India; gum jedda; gum substitute or burnt starch; hair of all kinds, unclean and unmanufactured.

India rubber, in bottles, slabs, or sheets, unmanufactured; indigo; kelp; lemon and lime juice; lime; maps and charts; music and music paper, with lines, bound or unbound; natron; nux vomica; oils, palm and cocoanut; orpiment; palm leaf, unmanufactured; polishing stones; pumice and pumice stones; ratans and reeds, unmanufactured; rotten stone; sal ammonia; saltpetre, (or nitrate of soda, or potash,) refined or partially refined; soda ash; sulphuric acid, or oil of vitriol; tallow unarrow, and all other grease and soap stocks and soap stoffs, not otherwise provided for; terra japonica or catechu; watches, and parts of watches; watch materials of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; wood or pastel.

SCHEDULE H.

(Five per centum ad valorem.)

Alcornoque; Argol, or crude tartar; Bells, when old, or bell metal, fit only to be remanufactured; berries, nuts, and vegetables used exclusively in dyeing, or in composing dyes, but no article shall be classed as such that has undergone any manufacture; brass in pigs or bars; brass, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; brazil wood, and all other dye-woods in sticks; bristles; chalk; not otherwise provided for; clay unwrought; copper in pigs or bars; copper, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; flints; grindstones, wrought or unwrought; horns, horn-tips, bones, bone-tips, and teeth unmanufactured; ivory unmanufactured; ivory nuts, or vegetable ivory.

Kermes; lac dye; lastings, saiteblo for shoes, boots, bootees or buttons, exclesively; madder, ground; madder root; manufactures of mohair cloth, silk twist, or other manufacture of cloth suitable for the manufacture of shoes, boots, bootees, or buttons, exclesively; nickel; nutgalls; pearl, mother of; pewter, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; rags, of whatever material; raw hides and skins of all kinds, whether dried, salted or pickled, not otherwise provided for; sufflower; saltpetre, or nitrate of soda, or potash, when crude; seedlac; shellac; sumac; tin in pigs, bars or blocks; tortoise and other shells, nemanufactured; tarmeric; waste, or shoddy; weld; zinc, spelter or tenteeegae, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for.

SCHEDULE I.

(Exempt from duty.)

Animals imported for breed; bullion, gold and silver; cabinets of coins, medals, and other collections of antiquities; coffee and tea, when imported direct from the place of their growth or production, in American vessels, or in foreign vessels entitled by reciprocal treaties to be exempt from discriminating duties, tonnage, and other charges; coffee, the growth or production of the possessions of the Netherlands, imported from the Netherlands in the same manner; coins, gold, silver, and copper; copper ore; copper when imported for the United States mint; cotton; felt, adhesive, for sheathing vessels; guinea seeds, and all other seeds, not otherwise provided for; goods, wares, and merchandise, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States, exported to a foreign country, and brought back to the United States in the same condition as when exported, upon which no drawback or bounty has been allowed: *Provided*, That all regulations to ascertain the identity thereof, prescribed by existing laws, or which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be complied with; guano.

Household effects, old and in use, of persons or families from foreign countries, if used abroad by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale; junk, old; models of inventions and other improvements in the arts, *Provided*, That no article or articles shall be deemed a model or improvement which can be fitted for use; oakum; oil, spermaceti, whale and other fish, of American fisheries, and all other articles the produce of such fisheries; paintings and statuary, the production of American artists residing abroad, and all other paintings and statuary, *Provided*, The same be imported in good faith as objects of taste, and not of merchandise; personal and household effects (not merchandise) of citizens of the United States dying abroad; pluster of Paris, unground; plutina, unmanufactured; sheathing copper, but no copper to be considered such, and admitted free, except in sheets forty-eight inches long and fourteen inches wide, and weighing from fourteen to thirty-four ounces the square foot; sheathing metal; specimens of natural history, mineralogy or botany; trees, shrubs, bulbs, plants and roots, not otherwise provided for; wearing apparel in actual use, and other personal effects not merchandise; professional books, implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation, or employment, of persons arriving in the United States, *Provided*, That this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment, or for sale.

JOHN W. DAVIS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
G. M. DALLAS,
Vice President of the United States,
and President of the Senate.

Approved, July 30, 1846.

JAMES K. POLK.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

State Elections.

INDIANA.—The new Senate now stands,—Whigs 23, Democrats 25, and two close districts to be heard from, represented last year by Democrats.

As far as heard from, the house stands,—49 Whigs and 35 democrats. Sixteen members not ascertained.

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS, as far as heard from, are strongly democratic.

NORTH CAROLINA. As far as heard from, there is a nett whig gain of two Senators, and a nett democratic gain of three Commoners.

WISCONSIN—Democratic all over.

KENTUCKY sticks to whiggery.

APPOINTMENTS. Runsom Gillet, of New York, register of the Treasury.

Wm. C. Bouck, of New York, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at the city of New York.

Wm. Laval, of South Carolina, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at Charleston.

Henry Hubbard, of New Hampshire, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at Boston.

George Penn, of Missouri, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at St. Louis.

SINGULAR CASE OF DEATH. The Oswego Advertiser announces the death of Wm. G. Turner, who recently had charge of the electric telegraph at that place; and attributes his disease to the daily inhalation of noxious gasses arising from the batteries—which are strongly charged with mercury, acted upon by powerful acids—with which his system became impregnated.

WHAT'S IN A NAME? It appears by a communication in the Traveller, that several robberies were committed on board the steamer *Mutual Safety*, between New York and Providence on Thursday night. The Rev. Mr. Hale Smith was relieved of his dress coat, money, gloves, &c. Another person lost $50, another $135, and another $230.

HON. HENRY HUBBARD, of New Hampshire, has been appointed sub-treasurer for the port or Boston. Mr Hubbard is well known as a long tried and faithful advocate of Democracy. He has been a member of the U. S. Senate, governor of his own state, and held several other responsible offices.

☞ The Post says, a man in England has discovered a method of mesmerising horses, and applies the art to the breaking of headstrang colts. While under the *influence*, the colts understand all his conversation. This is new, as to horses, but *asses* have been mesmerised here for some time.

A GRIEVOUS BURDEN. When, at its birth, springing into gianthood at once, the Boston Atlas threw on its shoulder the whig party, it bore it safely through the Harrison campaign; now the whig party are compelled to bear this *bore* to the *bourn* of every defeat.

SUDDEN DEATH. We learn that Mrs. F. Carr, residing on the Boott corporation, died this forenoon about ½ past 11, in consequence of taking Oil of Cedar. She was as well as usual this morning at 8 o'clock.—The deceased was about 22 years of age.

☞ "Old Drury" will be reopened as a theatre on Monday evening, the 24th of August. The whole interior has been renovated and its appearance much improved, so that few theatres in the United States will excell it to audience and stage arrangements.—*Post.*

KILLED. Mr Jonothan Barker, a young man 24 years of age, last Thursday morning, stepped from a ladder backwards, into a hole, and fell some 40 feet and was internally injured so as to cause his death.

☞ The important bill which authorizes the President to employ $2,000,000 in facilitating the settlement of peace with Mexico, was actually lost by John Davis, of Mass., speaking against time.

☞ The funeral obsequies of the late Bishop Fenwick, were performed in the Catholic Cathedral, Franklin street, Boston, Thursday morning. They were said to be very solemn and imposing.

HON. WM. ALLEN will accept our thanks for a copy of his speech, delivered in the Senate, Feb. 10, 1846, on *our relations with England—being the opening speech pending the Oregon Notice.*

☞ A son of the new minister to Russia, Charles R. Ingersoll, has been appointed secretary of legation to that court.

☞ A man named Harper was mortally stabbed at St. Louis, 3d inst., by a person named Ketcher.

☞ A man named John Libbey was drowned in Portland harbor on Tuesday.

☞ Daniel Downing and Edward Donovan Irishmen, were drowned at Fall River last week.—*Post.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for *each fifty votes* cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

☞ The Courier, and the whigs generally are exceedingly gratified to learn that Mr Seavy is confirmed. We have seen no official announcement of his confirmation; but should it prove true—having no personal feeling in the matter, we should feel quite as well satisfied with it as the *Democracy* here, but cannot *exult* with the *whigs*. A severer blow could not be inflicted upon the Democratic party in this city. We hope for the best, and shall do all in our power to prevent its operating upon our elections. But we fear the result as matters now stand.

We notice some of the democratic papers are extending to Mr Seavy the usual congratulations; if they do this as merely formal compliment to a government officer, why then it should be taken as such; if they do it supposing they know anything of the feelings of the Democracy of Lowell, or of Mr Seavy's fitness for the office, we advise them to investigate a little and try their hand at a public defence of his course and his propositions to Messrs French and Roberts. When they are explained, satisfactorily, we shall be happy to congratulate him.

A THUNDER STORM.—A little past 2 o'clock yesterday the outer edge of a thunder cloud broke over this city from the north-west, the main body of the cloud passing to the north & east. The rain accompanied by a little hail, poured down like a miniature deluge and the wind blew furiously. We hear of no damage being done in this city.

We learn by a driver who rode in from Fitchburgh last evening, that not a drop of rain fell on the Fitchburgh road five rods beyond where it crosses the Middlesex canal. It seems we had here but a sprinkling from the "fringes of the train" of the cloud, to what was experienced at Nashua, Hudson, Pelham, Andover, Salem, &c. At Nashua, we learn large hail stones fell, the wind blew down several chimnies and damaged several unfinished buildings. At Wicassee Falls on the Merrimack three boats, ladened with brick were sunk and two men were drowned. At Pelham, middle of the town the hail broke many panes of glass. The wind blew a tornado, prostrating the corn and grain, uprooting trees, and tearing apples from the trees. On a farm, just across the river in Dracutt, there were some half dozen apple trees overturned. At Methuen, there was scarcely a drop of rain fell, while at Andover, we learn from a gentleman who came into our office this morning, the storm was very severe, doing the usual damage of prostrating the corn, &c.

The Courier shows, to its own satisfaction, that England could'nt have been frightened into a settlement of the Oregon question, on account of the demonstration of the patriotism of the American people in their volunteering for the Mexican war. So Mr Polk alone, it seems, brought England to her knees. That's more credit than we have ever given him.

But the courier will not be obliged to admit Mr Polk's being quite so formidable, if it will but bear in mind, that *before Congress authorized the raising of volunteers, the whole South and West were swarming with volunteers for the relief of Gen. Taylor, and long enough too, for Mr Packenham, then at Washington, to have informed the British Government of the fact, before that government offered to take what it had always before refused.* Till Great Britain had had ample time to hear that fact through Mr Packenham, she was paddling about *arbitration*.

Perhaps the patriotism and enthusiasm of our people had no effect upon the English in the settlement of the Oregon question, but if it didn't, for their honor, they chose an unfortunate time for making their proposition of settlement.

SYMPTOMS OF HYDROPHOBIA. The epithets of "miscreant," "flunkies" "demagogue," "tyrant," &c., &c., so lavishly indulged in by the federal abolition paper of this city, betray a state of mental inquietude, in the highest degree dangerous this warm weather. We recommend its unhappy editor to purchase one of Hoagh's patent skirts, concerning the merits of which he wrote so *naif* a puff, and donning it while he writes, see if he cannot keep cool. To borrow a pretty pun from the above named puff, he might be said to be in a *Hough*, while he was as "cool as a cowcumber."

To be serious, if these paroxysms continue to increase in intensity, as they have for a short time past, his friends will have to perform the melancholy duty of smothering him between the feather bed of whiggery, on which he now lies, and the woolly mattress of abolitionism, for which he has so decided a regard.—A sad fate for one so young!

KILLED ON THE RAILROAD. Yesterday, a boy by the name of Charles Adams, 16 or 17 years of age, while a baggage train of cars was moving slowly on near the machine shop, attempted to jump upon them, and fell under the wheels, when his bowels were crushed out in a horrid manner. He lived about ten minutes.

EQUIVOCAL. The Courier returning thanks for the receipt of a speech, says—"No other State [but our own] can boast of two such Senators." We cannot at this moment call to mind but one senator who is in the receipt of an insanity from his partizans; neither can we remember but one who has heretofore rejoiced publicly in the streets of his native town, over the defeat of his own countrymen.

SABBATH NIGHT. Mr Colton informs us that he has received permission from the owners of the *Court of Death*, to lower the admission for the last week, to 12 1-2 cents. It will be open for exhibition to-morrow evening, and we expect to see the city Hall crowded to its utmost capacity. A lecture is given upon the painting every evening.

☞ *Blackberrying*, according to a [writer in the Charleston Courier, signifies the interment of a negro

☞ To-day we publish the new Tariff Bill. We think the candid of all parties will agree that its general features are correct, and that it is based upon sound principles. In its details, some modifications may become necessary, and if so, the Democratic party will be ready to make them. The *ad valorem* principle, the abolition of specific duties and minimums, increased tax upon luxuries and a less tax upon necessaries, and the principle of affording incidental protection to labor as well as capital, can never be changed.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

Laws of the United States passed at the first session of the Twenty-ninth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 89.]

AN ACT reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the articles hereinafter mentioned, and on such as may now be exempt from duty, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the goods, wares and merchandise herein enumerated and provided for, imported from foreign countries, the following rates of duty—that is to say:

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule A, a duty of *one hundred* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule B, a duty of *forty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule C, a duty of *thirty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule D, a duty of *twenty-five* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule E, a duty of *twenty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule F, a duty of *fifteen* per centum od valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule G, a duty of *ten* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule H, a duty of *five* per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, the goods, wares, and merchandise mentioned in schedule I, shall be exempt from duty.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all goods, wares and merchandise imported from foreign countries, and not specially provided for in this act, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases in which the invoice or entry shall not contain the weight or quantity, or measure of goods, wares, or merchandise now weighed, or measured, or gauged, the same shall be weighed, gauged or measured at the expense of the owner, agent or consignee.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the bounty heretofore authorised by law to be paid on the exportation of pickled fish of the fisheries of the United States, there shall be allowed on the exportation thereof, if cured with foreign salt, a drawback equal in amount to the duty paid on the salt and no more—to be ascertained under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That all goods, wares and merchandise imported after the passage of this act, and which may be in the public stores on the second day of December next, shall be subject to no other duty upon the entry thereof than if the same were imported respectively after that day.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the 12th section of the act entitled "An act to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports, and for other purposes," approved August thirty, eighteen hundred forty two, shall be, and the same is hereby, so far modified, that all goods imported from this side the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores for the space of one year instead of the term of sixty days prescribed by the said section; and that all goods imported from beyond the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores one year instead of the term of ninety days prescribed in the said section.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the owner, consignee, or agent of imports which have been actually purchased, on entry of the same, to make such addition in the entry to the cost or value given in the invoice, as in his opinion may raise the same to the true market value of such imports in the principle markets of the country whence the importation shall have been made, or in which the goods imported shall have been originally manufactured or produced, as the case may be; and to add thereto all costs and charges which under existing laws, would form part of the true value at the port where the same may be entered, upon which the duties should be assessed. And it shall be the duty of the collector within whose district the same may be imported or entered to cause the dutiable value of such imports to be appraised, estimated, and ascertained in accordance with the provisions of the existing laws; and if the appraised value thereof shall exceed ten per centum or more the value so declared on the entry, then in addition to the duties imposed by law on the same, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem on such appraised value; *Provided, nevertheless*, That under no circumstances shall the duty be assessed upon the amount less than the invoice value, any law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, that the deputies of any collector, naval officer, or surveyer, and the clerks employed by any collector, naval officer, or appraiser, who are not by existing laws required to be sworn, shall before entering upon their respective duties, or if already employed, before continuing in the discharge thereof, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation faithfully and diligently to perform such duties, and to use their best endeavors to prevent and detect frauds upon the revenue of the United States; which oath or affirmation shall be administered by the collector of the port or district where the said deputies or clerks may be employed, and shall be of a form to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That no officer or other person connected with the navy of the United States, shall, under any pretence, import in any ship or vessel of the United States, any goods, wares, or merchandise liable to the payment of any duty.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts repugnant to the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SCHIEDULE A.

One hundred per centum ad valorem.

Brandy and other spirits distilled from grain, or other materials.

Cordials, absynthe, arrack, curacoa, kirschenwasser, liqueurs, maraschino, ratafia, and all other spirituous beverages of a similar character.

SCHEDULE B.

Forty per centum ad valorem.

Alabastar and spar ornaments; almonds; anchovies, sardines, and all other fish preserved in oil; camphor refined; cassia, cloves; composition tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; comfits, sweetments, or fruit preserved in sugar, brandy, or molasses; currants; dates; figs; ginger root, dried or green; glass, cut; mace; manufactures of cedar wood, granadilla, ebony, mahogony, rosewood, and satin wood; nutmegs; pimento; prepared vegetables, meats, poultry, and game sealed or enclosed in cans, or otherwise; prunes; raisins; scagliola tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; segars, snuff, paper segars, and all other manufactures of tobacco.

Wines—Burgundy, champaigne, claret, medeira, port, sherry, and all other wines and imitations of wines

SCHEDULE C.

Thirty per centum ad valorem.

Ale, beer and porter in casks or bottles; argentine, olabatta or German silver, manufactured or unmanufactured; articles embroidered with gold, silver or other metal; articles worn by men, women, and children of whatever material composed, made up, or made wholly or in part, by hand; asses' skins; balsams, cosmeties, essences, extracts, pastes, perfumes, and tinctures, used either for the toilet, or for medicinal purposes; baskets, and all other articles composed of grass, osier, palm leaf, straw, whalebone or willow, not otherwise provided for; bay rum; beads of amber; composition of wax, and all other beads; Benzoates; Bologna sausages; bracelets, braids, chains, curls or ringletts, composed of hair, or of which hair is a component part; bruces, suspenders, wubbing or other fabrics, composed wholly or in part of India rubber, not otherwise provided for; brooms and brushes of all kinds.

Cameos, real and imitation, and mosaics, real and imitation, when set in gold or silver, or other metal; canes and sticks for walking, finished or unfinished; capers, pickles, and sauces of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; caps, hats, muffs, and tippets of fur, and all other manufactures of fur, or which fur shall be a component material; caps, gloves, leggins, mitts, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, and all similar articles made on frames, worn by men, women, or children, and not otherwise provided for; card cases; pocket books, shell boxes, souvenirs, and all other similar articles of whatever material composed; carpets, carpeting, hearth rugs, bedsides, and other portions of carpeting, being either Aubussun, Brussels, ragrein, Saxony, Turkey, Venitian, Wilton, or any other similar fabric; carriages and parts of carriages; Cayenne pepper; cheese; cinnamon; clocks and parts of Clocks; clothing, ready made, and wearing apparel of every description, of whatever material composed, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress or manufacturer; coach and harness furniture of all kinds; coal; coke and culm of coal; combs of all kinds; compositions of glass or paste, when set; confectionary of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; coral, cut or manufactured; corks, cotton cords, gimps, and galloons; court plaster; crayons of all kinds; cutlery of all kinds.

Diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious stones, and imitations of precious stones, when set in gold, silver or other metal; dolls, and toys of all kinds; earthern, china, and stone ware, and all other wares composed of earthy or mineral substances, not otherwise provided for; epaulets, galloons, laces, knots, stars, tassels, tresses, and wings of gold, silver or any other metal; fans and fire screens of every description, of whatever material composed; feathers and flowers artificial or ornamental, and the parts thereof, of whatever material composed; fire crackers; flats, braids, plaits, sparterre, and willow squares, used for making hats or bonnets; frames and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, finished or unfinished; furniture, cabinet and household; ginger, ground; glass, colored stained or painted; glass crystals for watches; glasses or pebbles for spectacles; glass tumblers, plain, moulded or pressed, not cut or painted; paintings on glass; porcelain glass; grapes; gum benzoin or Benjamin.

Hair pencils; hat bodies of cotton; hats and bonnets for men, women and children, composed of straw, satin straw, chip, grass, palmleaf, willow, or of any other vegetable substance, or of hair, whalebone, or other material not otherwise provided for; hemp, manufactored; honey; human hair, cleansed or prepared for use; ink and ink powder; iron, in bars, blooms, bolts, loops, pigs, rods, slabs, or other forms, not otherwise provided for; castings of iron; old or scrap iron; vessels of cast iron; japanned ware of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; jewelry, real or imitation; jet and manufactures of jet, and imitations thereof; lead pencils.

Macaroni, vermicelli, gelatine, jellies, and all similar preparations. Manufacturers of the bark of the cork tree, except corks; manufactures of bone, shell, horn, pearl, ivory, or vegetable ivory; manufactures, articles, vessels, and wares, not otherwise provided for, of brass, copper, gold, iron, lead, pewter, platina, silver, tin, or other metal, or of which either of those metals or any other metal shall be the component material of chief value; manufactures of cotton, linen, silk, wool, or worsted, if embroided or tambowred in the loom or otherwise, by machinery, or with the needle, or other process; manufactures, articles, vessels and wares of glass, or which glass shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures and articles of marble, marble paving tiles, and all other marble more advanced in manufacture than in slabs or blocks in the rough; manufactors of paper, or of which paper is a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures, articles, and wares of papier mache; manufactures of wood, or of which wood is a component part, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of wool, or of which wool shall be the component material of chief value, not otherwise provided for; medicinal preparations, not otherwise provided for; metalic pens; mineral waters; molasses; muskets; rifles, and other fire arms.

Nuts, not otherwise provided for; ochres and ochrey earths, used in the composition of painter's colors, whether dry or ground in oil; oil cloth of every description, of whatever material composed; oils, volatile, essential, or expressed, and not otherwise provided for; olive oil, in casks other than salad oil; olive salad oil, and all other olive oil, not otherwise provided for; olives; paper—antiquarian, demy, drawing, elephant, foolscap, imperial, letter, and all other paper not otherwise provided for; paper boxes, and all other fancy boxes; paper envelopes; parasols and sunshades; parchment; pepper; plated and gilt ware of all kinds; playing cards; plums; potatoes; red chalk pencils.

Saddlery of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; salmon, preserved; sealing wax; sewing silk, in the gum or purified; shoes composed wholly of India rubber; side arms of every description; silk twist and twist composed of silk and mohair; silver plated metal, in sheets or other form; soap—Castile, perfumed, Windsor and all other kinds; syrup of sugar; sugar of all kinds; tobacco, manufactured; twines and pack thread, of whatever material composed; umbrellas; vellum; vinegar; wafers; water colors; wood unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for, and fire wood; wool, unmanufactured.

SCHEDULE D.

(Twenty-five per centum ad valorem.

Borax or tincal; Burgundy pitch; buttons and button moulds of all kinds; baizes, buckings, flannels and floor cloths, of whatever material composed, not otherwise provided for; cables and cordage, tarred or untarred; calomel and all other mercurial preparations; camphor, crude; cotton laces, cotton insertings, cotton trimming laces, cotton laces and braids; floss silks, feather beds, feathers for beds, and downs of all kinds; grass cloth; hair cloth, hair seating, and all other manufactures of hair not otherwise provided for; jute, Sisal, grass, coir and other vegetable substances unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; manufactures composed wholly of cotton, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of goat's hair or mohair, or of which goat's hair or mohair shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of silk, or of which silk shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of worsted, or of which worsted shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; matting, China, and other floor matting and mats made of flags, jute or grass; roofing slates and slates other than roofing slates; woollen and worsted yarn.

SCHEDULE E.

(Twenty per centum ad valorem.)

Acids—acetic, acetous, benzoic, boracic, chromic, citric, muriatic, white and yellow, nitric, pyrolignsous and tartaric, and all other acids of every description, used for chemical or medicinal purposes, or for manufacturing, or in the fine arts, not otherwise provided for. Aloes, alum, amber, embergris; Angora, Thibet, and other goat's hair or mohair unmanufactured; anniseed, animal carbon, antimony, crude and regulus of, arrow root, articles, not in a crude state, used in dying or tanning, not otherwise provided for; assafoetida.

Bacon, bananas, barley, beef, beeswax, berries, vegetables, flowers and barks, not otherwise provided for; bismuth, bitter apples, blankets of all kinds, blank books, bound or unbound; blue or roman vitriol, or sulphate of copper; boards, planks, staves, laths, scantling, spars, hewn and sawed timber, and timber to be used in building wharves; bouche leaves; breccia; bronze liquor; bronze powder; butter; cadmium; calamine; cantharides; caps, gloves, leggins, mits, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, made on frames, composed wholly of cotton, worn by men, women, and children; cassia buds; castor oil; castorum; cedar wood, ebony, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, and satin wood, unmanufactured; chocolate; chromate of lead; chromate, bichromate, hydriodate, and prussiate of potash; cobalt; cocoanuts; coculus indicus; copperas or green vitrol, or sulphate of iron; copper rods, bolts, nails and spikes; copper bottom; copper in sheets or plates, called braziers' copper, and other sheets of copper not otherwise provided for; cream of tartar; cubebs.

Dried pulp; emery; ether; extract of indigo; extracts and decoctions of logwood and other dyewoods, not otherwise provided for; extract of madder; feldspar; fig blue; fish, foreign, whether fresh, smoked, salted, dried, or pickled, not otherwise provided for; fish glue or isinglass; fish skins; flax seed; flour of sulphur; Frankfort black; French chalk; fruit, green or ripe, not otherwise provided for; fulminates, or fulminating powders; furs dressed on the skin; gambogo; glue; green turtle; gunny cloth; gunpowder; hair, curled, moss, sea-weed, and all other vegetable substances used for beds or mattresses; hams, hats of wool; hat bodies, made of wool, or of which wool shall be a component material of chief value; hatter's plush, composed of silk and cotton, hat of which cotton is the component material of chief value; hemp seed or linseed, and rapeseed oil, and all other oils used in painting.

Indian corn and corn meal; ipecachuana; iridium; iris or orris root; iron liquor; ivury or bone black; jalap; juniper berries; lac spirits; lac sulphur; lampblack; lard; leather, tanned, bend or sole; leather, uppor of all kinds; lead, in pigs, bars or sheets; leaden pipes; loaden shot; leeches; linens of all kinds; liquorice paste, juice or root; litharge; malt; manganese; manna; manufactures of flax, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of hemp, not otherwise provided for; marble, in the rough, slab or block, unmanufactured; medicinal drugs, roots and leaves in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; metals, Dutch and bronze, in leaf; metals, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; musical instruments of all kinds, and strings for musical instruments of whip, gut or catgut, and all other strings of the same material; marine coral, unmanufactored.

Needles of all kinds for sewing, darning or knitting; nitrate of lead; oats and oatmeal; oils, neatsfoot and other animal oil, spermaceti, whale and other fish oil, the produce of foreign fisheries; opium; oranges, lemons and limes; orange and lemon peel; osier or willow, prepared for basket makers' use; patent mordant; paints, dry or ground in oil, not otherwise provided for; paper hangings, and paper for screens or lite boards; paving stones; paving and roofing tiles and bricks; pearl or hulled barley; periodicals and other works in the course of printing and republication in the United States; pineapples; pitch; plantains; plaster of Paris, when ground; plumbago; pork; potassium; prussian blue; pumpkins; putty; quicksilver; quills.

Red chalk; rhubarb; rice or paddy; roll brimstone; roman cement; rye and rye flour; saddlery, common, tinned, or japanned; saffron and saffron cake; sago; sal soda; and all carbonates of soda, by whatever names designated, not otherwise provided for. Salts; epsom; glauber, rochelle, and all other salts and preparations of salts, not otherwise provided for; sarsaparilla; seppia; shaddocks; sheathing paper; skins, tanned and dressed, of all kinds; skins of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; slate pencils; smalts; spermaceti candles and tapers; spirits of turpentine; sponges; spunk; squills; starch; stearine candles and tapers; steel, not otherwise provided for; stereotype plates; still bottoms; sulphate of barytes, crude or refined, sulphate of quinine.

Tallow candles; tapioca; tar; thread laces and insertings; type metal; types, new or old; vanilla beans; verdigris; velvet, in the piece, composed wholly of cotton; velvet, in the piece, composed of cotton and silk, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value; vermillion; wax candles and tapers; whalebone, the produce of foreign fisheries; wheat and wheat flour; white and red lead; whiting, or Paris white; white vitriol, or sulphate of zinc; window glass, broad, crown, or cylinder; woolen listings; yams.

SCHEDULE F.

(Fifteen per cent ad valorem.)

Arsenic; bark, peruvian; bark, quills; Brazil paste; brimstone, crude in bulk; codilla, or tow of hemp or flax; cork tree bark, unmanufactured; diamonds, glaziers, set or not set; dragon's blood; flax, unmanufaced; gold and silver leaf; mineral kermes; silk, raw, not more advanced in manufacture than singles, trani and thrown, or organzine; steel in bars, cast, shear, or German; terne tin plates; tin foil; tin in plates or sheets; tin plates galvanized, not otherwise provided for; zinc, spelter, or teotenegue, in sheets.

SCHEDULE G.

(Ten per centum ad valorem.)

Ammonia; annatto, Rancon or Orleans; barilla; bleaching powders or chloride of lime; books printed, magazines, pamphlets, periodicals and illustrated newspapers, bound or unbound, not otherwise provided for; building stones; barr stones, wrought or unwrought; cameos and mosaics, and imitations thereof, not set; chronometers, box or ships, and parts thereof; cochineal; cocoa; cocoa shells; compositions of glass or paste, not set; cudbear; diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies and other precious stones, and imitations thereof, when not set; engravings or plates, bound or unbound; hempseed, linseed and rapeseed; fuller's earth; furs, hatters', dressed or undressed, not on the skin; furs, undressed, when on the skin; goldbeaters' skins; gum arabic and gum senegal; gum tragacanth; gum tartary; gum East India; gum jedda; gum substitute or burnt starch; hair of all kinds, unclean and unmanufactured.

India rubber, in bottles, slabs, or sheets, unmanufactured; indigo; kelp; lemon and lime juice; lime; maps and charts; music and music paper, with lines, bound or unbound; nutron; nux vomica; oils, palm and coconnat; orpiment; palm leaf, unmanufactured; polishing stones; pumice and pumice stones; rattans and reeds, unmanufactured; rotten stone; sal ammonia; saltpetre, (or nitrate of soda, or potash,) refined or partially refined; soda ash; sulphuric acid, or oil of vitriol; tallow marrow, and all other grease and soap stocks and soap stoffs, not otherwise provided for; terra-japonica or catechu; watches, and parts of watches; watch materials of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; woad or pastel.

SCHEDULE H.

(Five per centum ad valorem.)

Alcornoque; Argol, or crude tartar; Bells, when old, or bell metal, fit only to be remanufactured; berries, nuts, and vegetables used exclusively in dyeing, or in composing dyes, but no article shall be classed as such that has undergone any manufacture; brass in pigs or bars; brass, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; brazil wood, and all other dye-woods in sticks; bristles; chalk; not otherwise provided for; clay unwrought; copper in pigs or bars; copper, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; flints; grindstones, wrought or unwrought; horns, horn-tips, bones, bone-tips, and teeth unmanufactored; ivory unmanufactured; ivory nuts, or vegetable ivory.

Kermes; lac dye; lastings, suitable for shoes, boots, bootees or buttons, exclusively; madder, ground; madder root; manufactures of mohair cloth, silk twist, or other manufacture of cloth suitable for the manufacture of shoes, boots, bootees, or hattons, exclusively; nickel; nutgalls; pearl, mother of; pewter, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; rags, of whatever material; raw hides and skins of all kinds, whether dried, salted or pickled, not otherwise provided for; safflower; saltpetre, or nitrate of soda, or potash, when crude; seedlac; shellac; sumac; tin in pigs, bars or blocks; tortoise and other shells, unmanufactured; turmeric; waste, or shoddy; weld; zinc, spelter or tenteneegus, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for.

SCHEDULE I.

(Exempt from duty.)

Animels imported for breed; ballion, gold and silver; cabinets of coins, medals, and other collections of antiquities; coffee and tea, when imported direct from the place of their growth or production, in American vessels, or in foreign vessels entitled by reciprocal treaties to be exempt from discriminating duties, tonnage, and other charges; coffee, the growth or production of the possessions of the Netherlands, imported from the Netherlands in the same manner; coins, gold, silver, and copper; copper ore; copper when imported for the United States mint; cotton; felt, adhesive, for sheathing vessels; garden seeds, and all other seeds, not otherwise provided for; goods, wares, and merchandise, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States, exported to a foreign country, and brought back to the United States in the same condition as when exported, upon which no drawback or bounty has been allowed: *Provided*, That all regulations to ascertain the identity thereof, prescribed by existing laws, or which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be complied with; guano.

Household effects, old and in use, of persons or families from foreign countries, if used abroad by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale; junk, old; models of inventions and other improvements in the arts, *Provided*, That no article or articles shall be deemed a model or improvement which can be fitted for use; oakum; oil, spermaceti, whale and other fish, of American fisheries, and all other articles the produce of such fisheries; paintings and statuary, the production of American artists residing abroad, and all other paintings and statuary, *Provided*, The same be imported in good faith as objects of taste, and not of merchandise; personal and household effects (not merchandise) of citizens of the United States dying abroad; plaster of Paris, unground; platina, unmanufactured; sheathing copper, but no copper to be considered such, and admitted free, except in sheets forty-eight inches long and fourteen inches wide, and weighing from fourteen to thirty-four ounces the square foot; sheathing metal; specimens of natural history, mineralogy or botany; trees, shrubs, bulbs, plants and roots, not otherwise provided for; wearing apparel in actual use, and other personal effects not merchandise; professional books, implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation, or employment, of persons arriving in the United States, *Provided*, That this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment, or for sale.

JOHN W. DAVIS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
G. M. DALLAS,
Vice President of the United States,
and President of the Senate.

Approved, July 30, 1846.

JAMES K. POLK.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

State Elections.

INDIANA.—The new Senate now stands,—Whigs 23, Democrats 25, and two close districts to be heard from, represented last year by Democrats.

As for as heard from, the house stands,—49 Whigs and 35 democrats. Sixteen members not ascertained.

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS, as far as heard from, are strongly democratic.

NORTH CAROLINA. As far as heard from, there is a nett whig gain of two Senators, and a nett democratic gain of three Commoners.

WISCONSIN—Democratic all over.

KENTUCKY sticks to whiggery.

APPOINTMENTS. Ransom Gillet, of New York, register of the Treasury.

Wm. C. Bouck, of New York, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at the city of New York.

Wm. Laval, of South Caroline, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at Charleston.

Henry Hubbard, of New Hampshire, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at Boston.

George Penn, of Missouri, assistant treasurer of the U. S. at St. Louis.

SINGULAR CASE OF DEATH. The Oswego Advertiser announces the death of Wm. G. Turner, who recently had charge of the electric telegraph at that place; and attributes his disease to the daily inhalation of noxious gasses arising from the batteries—which are strongly charged with mercury, acted upon by powerful acids—with which his system became impregnated.

WHAT'S IN A NAME? It appears by a communication in the Traveller, that several robberies were committed on board the steamer *Mutual Safety*, between New York and Providence on Thursday night. The Rev. Mr. Hale Smith was relieved of his dress coat, money, gloves, &c. Another person lost $50, another $135, and another $230.

HON. HENRY HUBBARD, of New Hampshire, has been appointed sub-treasurer for the port or Boston. Mr Hubbard is well known as a long tried and faithful advocate of Democracy. He has been a member of the U. S. Senate, governor of his own state, and held several other responsible offices.

☞ The Post says, a man in England has discovered a method of mesmerising horses, and applies the art to the breaking of headstrong colts. While under the *influence*, the colts understand all his conversation. This is new, as to horses, but *asses* have been mesmerised here for some time.

A GRIEVOUS BURDEN. When, at its birth, springing into gianthood at once, the Boston Atlas threw on its shoulder the whig party, it bore it safely through the Harrison campaign; now the whig party are compelled to bear this *bore* to the *bourn* of every defeat.

SUDDEN DEATH. We learn that Mrs. F. Carr, residing on the Boott corporation, died this forenoon about ½ past 11, in consequence of taking Oil of Cedar. She was as well as usual this morning at 8 o'clock.—The deceased was about 22 years of age.

☞ "Old Drury" will be reopened as a theatre on Monday evening, the 24th of August. The whole interior has been renovated and its appearance much improved, so that few theatres in the United States will excell its audience and stage arrangements.—*Post.*

KILLED. Mr Jonothan Barker, a young man 24 years of age, last Thursday morning, stepped from a ladder backwards, into a hole, and fell some 40 feet and was internally injured so as to cause his death.

☞ The important bill which authorizes the President to employ $2,000,000 in facilitating the settlement of peace with Mexico, was actually lost by John Davis, of Mass., speaking against time.

☞ The funeral obsequies of the late Bishop Fenwick, were performed in the Catholic Cathedral, Franklin street, Boston, Thursday morning. They were said to be very solemn and imposing.

HON. WM. ALLEN will accept our thanks for a copy of his speech, delivered in the Senate, Feb. 10, 1846, on *our relations with England—being the opening speech pending the Oregon Notice.*

☞ A son of the new minister to Russia, Charles R. Ingersoll, has been appointed secretary of legation to that court.

☞ A man named Harper was mortally stabbed at St. Louis, 3d inst., by a person named Keterer.

☞ A man named John Libbey was drowned in Portland harbor on Tuesday.

☞ Daniel Downing and Edward Donovan Irishmen, were drowned at Fall River last week.—*Post.*

ATTEMPT TO SHOOT A WIFE. Yesterday, at Cambridgeport, a man who had passed much of his time in prison lately, made an attempt to shoot his wife.—He snapped one pistol under her ear, and another at her mouth. He was taken into custody. On account of his bad conduct she had separated from him, and supported herself by working in a cigar factory.—*Post of to-day.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrufulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The extraordinary success attending the use of this medicine in diseases of the lungs, and the many singular cures it has effected, having naturally attracted the attention of many physicians, as well as the whole fraternity of quacks, various conjectures and surmises have arisen respecting its composition; some physicians have supposed it to contain iodine, other ignorant pretenders say it must contain mercury, and to some such substance they each attribute its singular efficacy. As such opinions are altogether erroneous, and calculated to prejudice many persons against it, we

PLEDGE OUR HONOUR

that it contains nothing of this kind, or anything the least injurious; on the contrary, it is composed of the most simple substances, the principal of which are the extracts of tar and wild cherry bark, and the whole secret of its efficacy consists in the mode by which they are prepared.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Pang13.ap14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&e6mchsu

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been cerely edthrough the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinebridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN CSLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement.

BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞BNOLE'S HYBERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable to the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its acute and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tuduma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED.

In this city, Aug 12th, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr John C. Smith, of Ware, and Miss Mary Southland, of Lowell.

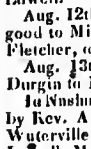
Aug. 12th, by Rev. S. W. Hanks, Mr Andrew Hapgood to Miss Eliza N. Adams. 13th, Mr Simon T. Fletcher, of Carlisle, to Miss Alvira Billings, of L.

Aug. 13th, by Rev. U. C. Burnap, Mr Luther P. Durgin to Miss Nancy M. Barnes.

In Nashua, at the Washington House, on the 7th inst., by Rev. A. Richards, Mr Moses Bancroft, Jr., of Waterville, Me., to Miss Artemissa Richardson, of Lowell, Mass.

DIED.

In Woburn, Aug. 12, Mrs. Alice, wife of Capt. William Mermin, aged 62.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15A&Ptf

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day—positively.

Goes up to the city without lightering:



The fast sailing new packet Brig GEO. SHATTUCK, ——, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Josiah Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug15

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This Day.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. MONTICELLO, BAKER, master, now loading, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug15

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13Aim

LOWELL MUSEUM.

OPEN every day and evening (except Sunday) from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Tickets admitting two persons at once 25 Cents.

Now on exhibition, day and evening, FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, the only living specimen of the OURANG OUTANG in this country. This animal was brought into Salem last week.—he is a fine specimen, sprightly and healthy, and is pronounced by physicians to be seven-eighths human. Also a living Crocodile and a living Alligator. aug13A3t



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
First Vessel.



The fine fast sailing copper fastened packet Brig JOHN A. LANCASTER, *Long*, master, now loading, having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. aug13

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restorntion to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

THE Proprietors of the Boston, Lowell and Concord Telegraph Line are notified to meet at TAPPAN WENTWORTH'S, on MONDAY, the 17th inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of organizing the association under the articles of agreement, adopting a tariff of charges for business, choosing all such Officers as may be necessary, and making any other arrangements proper for putting the line in successful operation.

Also, to see if they will accept an Act under an Act to incorporate the Proprietors of the Electro Magnetic Telegraph passed April 10, 1846.

TAPPAN WENTWORTH,
GEO. H. CARLTON,
J. B. FRENCH.

Lowell, August 13th, 1846. aug13A2t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Bachelder will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said County of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-fourth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

MOSES KIMBALL, Assignee.

Lowell, August 10, 1846. aug13A3t

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee,

aug13A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Branch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein By order of the Committee.

aug13A2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of DANIEL G. HOUGHTON, of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, teamster, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Houghton, will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said county of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the 22d day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug11A3t

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office.

aug6 A4t6t

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Castar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Castar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26A3m

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has an hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞Please call. jy18A1m.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30A2aw2mreow

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

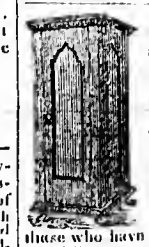
This Great Painting is 21 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than 300 Square Feet!—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand and feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue.*

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25A1f



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
No. 1 Commercial Square.

jy18A1f

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

HENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18A2m

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Pawtucket Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that the bounds of Pawtucket street may be defined, that said street may be widened and straightened and sidewalks laid on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said petition was referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 20th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein—and notice is given of the same, and of the intention of the Council to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Curtiss Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out a street from Central street near the Reservoir on Chapel Hill to Lawrence street, using for said street such part of Curtiss street as may be for the public convenience,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 26, 1846.

(Elm Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out Elm street from Central street to Chapel street, and to lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 18th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy30A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Gorham Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Gorham street, and lay sidewalks on said street or on such parts of said street as may be deemed expedient,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to which said subject was referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 25th day of August, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

jy39A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

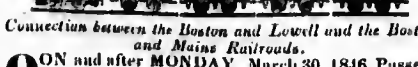
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19A1f

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

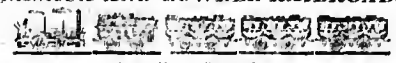
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

WAY STATION BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¾ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1¼ and 5¾ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Lonking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomely done. je30tf

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Sennit and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash.

BENT & BUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dwelling House and Lot on Charles Street.

On THURSDAY next, Aug. 20, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a fine Two Story House, very neatly and conveniently finished into 8 rooms, with a well of excellent water and 2500 square feet land, situated on the north side of Charles street, near Lawrence st. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer. Terms at sale. aug15

At Private Sale.—8 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes of superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

BY E. H. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Auction.

A Cottage House and 1624 feet of land situated on the westerly side of Marion near Lagrange street.

On MONDAY, August 17th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, I shall sell the above without reserve, as the owner is about leaving the city; the location is pleasant, the house well finished, conveniently arranged, and every way desirable for a small family. Terms liberal.

Centralville Academy Boarding House, in Dracutt, at Auction!

I shall sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of August, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that Large and Convenient Building erected for a Boarding House for Dracutt Academy. It is divided into two departments, having 24 Rooms each, (48 in all,) and is so arranged that it may be occupied for one or two Boarding houses, with separate Kitchens, Dining Halls, Parlors and Lodging Rooms,—having good water and every necessary convenience for each. There is land sufficient for a large garden, which is well stocked with Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c. There is also a good stable.

The location of the above premises for healthfulness and beauty, is unsurpassed by anything in the country—commanding not only the best view of Lowell, but several miles of the surrounding country, and a fine view of the Merrimack and Concord Rivers.

There is not a better place in New England for the establishment of a private School, or private residence; and the proprietors will make most favorable terms as to payment, should the purchaser desire it. Inquire of Wm. Livingston, Horace Howard, Ethan Burnap, Benjamin Hutchinson, A. L. Brooks, or of E. B. PATCH Auctioneer. aug8

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obducing regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any proper causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue are the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

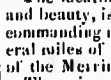
Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 16—1y DR. F. MORRILL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in an instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horse cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14A&Ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar6

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je1A3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on physiological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, at no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!* *Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the same of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now in sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMEYER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeyer; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12u] dec16

DR. M L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opintons pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his cure, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan23

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je30

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much to their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞* *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fever, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is woefully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhea, dysentry and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has luminously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7y

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp'y's.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent.

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. THORNTON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began to fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as cupious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elisabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and joining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dispondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mmsapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Cloth, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nasarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Bower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, next the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Only and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

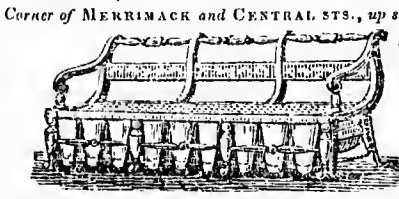
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&paly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

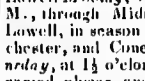
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO.,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. · LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 18, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 97.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
AGENTS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, / No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, Hartford, State of Connecticut.
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, Central Street, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
Office, In Coburn's Block, Central Street.
K. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. William Hebard and Hon. William Upham, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Cyrus Bradbury.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 No. 78, Central Street. tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, TIN-WARE, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jun8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS TO POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order. aug21 aly

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Dumaska, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—Hamilton Buildings.
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician.
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, near the City Hall,
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookupt2 Store....LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly Na. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEE,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—Over Wather & Kidder's Drug Store,
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., Lowell.

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at udvly*mnr5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best Cloths and Trimmings, and doing his work in the best manner, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made promptly, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The latest fashions always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German Language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, Bank Building, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorbutous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & CO., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at Concord, N. H. by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; Manchester, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; Nashua, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; Nashville, H. Jameson.

Sold in Lowell by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janlatf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of worms in children, is SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only safe, convenient, agreeable, and infallible means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a violent fever.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of two bottles of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: Patent Spring Pad Supporter, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; Patent Spring Riding Belt, and his improved Elastic Shoulder Braces. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small Galvanic Battery, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$30 08	$2225
			1838	866 8	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$376 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 51	1788
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, Merchant's Exchange.
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTeS8rewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6tf 59, Central St.

The Indian Toilette.

How beautiful you Indian maid
Lies gazing on the stream,
As here amid the forest glade,
Its sparkling waters gleam.

For her its glassy wave supplies
A rustic mirror bright,
Mid trees whose whispering murmurs rise,
Like music heard by night.

She seeks no other glass to bind
Her locks of raven hair
With wampum, beads, and shells entwined,
And wild flowers bright as fair.

The rose and woodbine o'er the maid
Are wreathed in beauty's bower;
And, fair themselves, a fairer shade,
This lovely Indian flower.

Whose locks, black as the raven's wing,
In jetty tresses wave,
Seeming to woo the bubbling spring,
That leaps her feet to lave.

To artless elegance of dress,
Arranged in loose array,
She adds the perfect loveliness
Which gives to beauty sway.

A pleasing consciousness of power
Beams on that lovely face,
Whose charms might deck the Paphian bower,
A Goddess of her race. E. C.

Translated for the Boston Post, from the French

A LIAR CAUGHT IN HIS OWN NET.

"You come late, my friend—"

These words conveying something of tender reproach, were uttered by a young and beautiful woman, seated in an elegant saloon in one of the streets of Paris. He to whom this flattering reproach was addressed, just then entering the room, was a young man of genteel appearance, elegantly dressed, and judging from his manner, profoundly impressed with a high sense of his own importance.

"True," replied the gentleman, with an air of careless freedom, "I regret it, indeed; but an affair of importance—I have been detained by my friend Tussac."

In spite of their rights and prerogatives, though clearly established, Parisian husbands, and without doubt husbands everywhere else, are obliged, alike for the security of peace and liberty, to have recourse to some mysterious allies. Every one who desires to enjoy pleasant times away from home, invents some trick according to the weight of his chain, that is, according to the character of his wife. In this way no mean efforts of genius are often displayed in the shades of private life. The greater part of those happy husbands who from time to time look back on their pleasant days of single blessedness, emancipate themselves by the aid of some imaginary affair which is made to occupy their time; or a phantom is conjured up which complacently charges itself with all the little sins of its creator. There are also clubs and circles which are excellent places of resort for husbands whose conjugal felicity stands in the domestic market below par. When a husband comes home late, he comes from the circle; when he does not dine at home, he has been at the club; when his finances are impaired, he has lost his money at the circle; and excellent reasons are never wanting to attach the husband to some establishment which his better half desires him to abandon.—But whatever the resources of the club or circle, they do not always render a resort to imaginary affairs unnecessary, nor do away with the necessity of a phantom which may be invoked on all important occasions.

Tussac is one of the most accommodating, discreet *friends* who takes up all your time; causes all failures to your appointments; appoints your rendezvous, and borrows the money which you pay to conceal your culpable extravagance—an imaginary being created to help one out of momentary and pressing difficulties.

These preliminaries stated, we proceed with our story.

The young man whom we have introduced, was not the husband of the charming woman who said so graciously, "You come late, my friend!" Mme. Sareuil was a widow, and Leopold Derneville her husband in prospect. Their marriage would already take place, but for the testament of M. de Sareuil, who in his wrath at quitting the world while there was anything to be enjoyed, inserted the following clause in his last will and testament:—

"I give to my beloved wife all my property, moveable and immoveable, on condition that for five years she lays not aside her mournings, abjures all parties of pleasures, and remains unmarried. After this she may remount the rose, go to balls, and take a second husband, if it seems good in her sight."

This was a terrible sacrifice, but the fifty thousand pounds left her on such conditions were not to be lost by non-compliance therewith. Mme. de Sareuil armed herself with patience, and Leopold, who had been her lover previous to her first marriage, having pressed his claim on the ground of his ancient passion, was received in quality of pretender to the hand of the beautiful and rich widow. All other rivals were distanced and he alone remained master of the field. He had only to wait the completion of the time fixed by the defunct husband. He was young, vain, and felt it difficult to accommodate himself to a sentimental *tete-a-tete* prolonged through five consecutive years. The house of Mme. de Sareuil was always open to him from morning till night. Great assiduity was expected of him, and the manner in which he employed his time was often inquired into. His cares were numerous, and his position not unlike that of a real husband—at least he was subjected to most, if not all its embarrassments. Wishing to place to good account the last days of his celibacy, and on the other hand desiring to retain his credit unimpaired with the widow, his career placed him at length in a position somewhat ambiguous.—He became enveloped in profound dissimulation, and in order to extricate himself from accumulating difficulties, *invented* his friend *Tussac*.

On the occasion referred to at the commencement, instead of going at six o'clock to the house of Mme. de Sareuil, who expected him to dine with her, he did not make his appearance till half past nine.

"Detained by your friend *Tussac*," said the beautiful widow with an air of discontent; "this is what you always say to me!"

"You must know I have been connected with Tussac ever since our college days, and that his friendship is very useful to me."

"I know all your friends but this *Tussac*.—Why have you not presented him to me?"

"Tussac is an original," replied Leopold, "a beau, who fears to show himself. He will not

endure any restraint. He dresses very negligently, says everything that comes into his head, and smokes continually. Three faults which render him unfit for the society of ladies. I have attempted to improve him in these particulars, but my efforts have been in vain."

"I am very curious to see him," observed the widow.

"Perhaps in our walk some day we shall meet him," replied Leopold; "then we shall take him by surprise."

The next day Mme. de Sareuil said to Leopold—

"Explain to me, my friend, the disorder that reigns in your affairs!"

"How?"

"In conversing this morning with my notary, who is yours also, I learned by chance, and without desiring it, some very curious particulars. You are embarrassed for the want of fifteen thousand francs."

"It is true; that sum is necessary to me—indispensable."

"And will it be indiscreet to ask you for what use."

"Oh! not in the least; and besides you know I have nothing to conceal from you. My friend Tussac made a bad speculation at the exchange and desired that amount of me."

"*Tussac* again! And to render your friend a service you strip yourself of fortune! have you sold your farm in Normandy?"

"True friendship shrinks at no sacrifice," replied Leopold.

"But are you sure your confidence is well placed?" replied Mme. de Sareuil. "Even now Tussac has very much deranged your affairs. If he should ruin you, it would be a singular abuse of the rights of that friendship which you so generously practise."

"I know the delicate and scrupulous probity of Tussac; I shall lose nothing by him."

Some days after this conversation, Mme. de Sareuil received Leopold very coldly.

"Whence this sombre and severe air?" inquired the lover, on entering the saloon.

"Do you doubt me?"

"Not in the least."

"Will you tell me how and where you employed yourself last evening?" asked the widow.

"Last evening! but—yes—nothing more readily. I was at the show."

"At the Gymnaseum, in a front seat, on the ground floor, the first on the left! You had a lady with you. You see I am well informed, sir. Who was that woman?"

"I was along with no lady," replied Leopold. "On the back seat of the box was my friend Tussac, and in front of him at my side sat his sister."

"Ah! has M. *Tussac* a sister?"

"He has two."

"You have never spoken to me of them."

[Continued]

Latest From the Army.

By a correspondence of the N. O. Tropic it appears that the Camanches are opposite Camargo on the other side of the river above the month of the San Juan, murdering the inhabitants and carrying off captive the children. McCulloch's Rangers were at once detailed to cross the Rio Grande, and were all in the saddle in almost no time.

The Neva steamer struck a snag yesterday, about nine miles below Camargo, and is said to be a total loss. She had two companies of troops on board—the men losing a large portion of their effects, while Uncle Sam is also a loser to the extent of no small amount of army stores. It is singular that no other accidents have occurred.

A letter in the Picayune, dated Brazos Santiago, July 31, says, "Gen. Taylor will leave Matamoras tomorrow for Camargo."

The sch. Cora, capt. Reed, from Matamoras, with a cargo of public stores, went ashore on the 29th ult., with a pilot on board, on the North Breakers. The vessel and cargo proved a total loss, except 8 wagons that were on deck. Crew and officers saved. The sch. Stephen & Francis, of Charleston, also went ashore at the same place, on the 30th ult.; her cargo will probably be saved in a damaged state—schooner a total loss. A large topsail schooner went ashore on the night of the 30th ult., about a quarter of a mile North of Brazos bar, head on the beach, name unknown, supposed to be a total loss. The brig Crusoe of New York, previously reported as being ashore inside the bar, together with her cargo has proved a total loss.

EQUIVOCAL CLASSIFICATION OF THE COLORED RACE. Mr Putnam, whose wallet was taken on Wednesday, received it back on Saturday, accompanied with the following modest note:—

"Boston, August 14, 1846.

Dear Sir:—I observe by the newspapers that I have got your wallet, with a little over a dollar and a half. I did not notice that you were a colored man when I took it. It is not our custom to meddle with colored people. They, like the members of our profession, are unjustly prescribed by the laws* and we ought not to prey upon each other. I therefore return your property with an assurance that I regret the trouble I have put you to. TAKER.

Mr George Putnam, 14 School street."

Being asked what he thought of the sentimentalizing scoundrel's sympathy for the colored race, the judge shrewdly replied—"I guess if the purse had contained a hundred and fifty dollars, instead of as many cents, I might have waited until I turned *blue*, without ever seeing it again."—*Post.*

* This allusion to the Laws in reference to colored persons, proves the pickpocket to be a Southern bird.

☞ Almost every European journal which has spoken on the subject, so far as we know, has expressed the opinion, that the war with Mexico is perfectly justifiable on our part; and some of them go so far as to say that the complete subjection of Mexico would be but a fair offset for the insult she offered us in refusing to receive our Minister. Their tone on this subject, has very much changed since the Oregon question was settled, and we are not sure, now there is no quarral between the two nations, that they will not wholly desert their whig friends on this side of the water. It would be ungrateful, but we have known stranger things to happen.—*Providence Sentinel.*

CAN'T MAKE IT GO. We understand that the workmen employed in the Thompsonville carpet factory, whose wages had been reduced 20 per cent. on account of the passage of the New tariff bill, refused to work—and that the company, having so many orders on hand, had to set them to work at the old prices.—*New Haven Register.*

STRANGE DISEASE. The Rockville (Md.) Journal says—

"There is a singular disease prevailing among the colored people of this neighborhood. We have heard of several lately, who have been taken very suddenly without any previous indications of its approach. We have heard of no white person being attacked. The disease is said to be somewhat similar to a fit."

HEAVY ROBBERY. The house of Frederick Morange, No. 15 Erie street, was broken open on Monday night, and a mahogany portable desk, containing about $4,500 in bill of the Globe and New England Banks, Boston, was stolen therefrom. Fifteen or twenty $100 bills, the remainder in small bills. A reward of $500 is offered for the recovery of the money.—*Boston Times.*

A DISCONCERTED EDITOR. Chandler of the U. S. Gazette, lately visited a mad house. A female beckoned him to approach her; "I shall go to hell," said she, "and you will go with me." "I'll be d——d," said he, "if I do."—*New York Globe.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 18, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The President's Veto of the River and Harbor bill and French Spoliation bill.

We regret to find that some few of our democratic friends, with the whole whig party as a matter of course, are finding fault with President Polk for having vetoed these bills. His veto of the spoliation bill was just, whether the claims ought or not to be paid. The bill provided these claims should be paid in public funds, and Mr Polk wisely and justly concluded if they should be paid at all, they should be paid in money. If they are a just demand upon the government the government should certainly meet them in full, and in the constitutional currency of the country. If they are not just they should be paid in no part, either in money or anything else. So whether just or unjust Mr Polk did right in vetoing the bill. If unjust, his duty to the country required it, and if just, his duty to the claimants required it, as in that case, they should not be palmed off with anything of less or more value than money.

As the President says, "the bill provides that they shall be paid in land scrip, whereby they are in effect to be a mortgage upon the public lands in the new States, a mortgage too, held in a great part, if not wholly, by non-residents of the States in which the lands lie, who may secure these lands to the amount of several millions of acres, and then demand for them exorbitant prices from the citizens of States, who may desire to purchase them for settlement, or they may keep them out of the market and thus retard the prosperity and growth of the State in which they are situated."

This is a most serious objection, and one that of itself should have caused the veto. Our public domain should be monopolized by no set of men. They should be kept in the hands of the government, to be taken by actual settlers only, and at the lowest government prices.

The veto of the River and Harbor bill, though containing many very proper appropriations, was demanded by the best interests of the country. Some of the appropriations were for objects that, had the bill become a law, would have revived and established the whig doctrine of the right of the federal government to make appropriations to an unlimited extent for internal improvements. Jackson's veto of the Maysville road bill, cut up a scheme of internal improvements that at the time contemplated an expenditure of not less than two hundred millions of dollars. Had not the old Roman with his single hand stayed the rush to ruin and destruction the country was then entering upon, who doubts the national government would now have been so embarrassed with indebtedness as the most embarrassed State in the Union would in not be far more so? Where would have ended the log-rolling that would have been resorted to that railroads and canals, and river improvements, might have been effected in the different sections of the country? Once fairly into the plan, and nothing but national bankruptcy and ruin would bring the destructive work to an end, and that soon would. President Polk for the same reason that Jackson vetoed the road bill, vetoed the river and harbor bill—he believing it unconstitutional, and that it would be admitting the right of the national government to enter upon a system of internal improvements that would inevitably lead to corruption and national bankruptcy. And we can but rejoice at the veto, though a portion of the appropriations we should have been happy to have seen made.

☞ On the authority of Dr. Call, which we gave at the time, we announced the confirmation of Mr Savy as postmaster of Lowell. The Courier also announced it, but on what authority does not appear in the announcement. Will the Courier give its authority?

At the time, we supposed his confirmation very possible, and expected the democratic party here would be obliged to go un as best it could, with a very large majority, and nine-tenths of the force and vigor of the party, so annoyed, and feeling so injured and wronged by the appointment, that it would be an absolute impossibility to bring one-fourth of the strength of the party to the polls, during his continuance in office.—But, as there has been no announcement of the confirmation, save the report started by himself, and as we have positive assurance from a distinguished member of the Senate, that the whole facts of Mr Savy's case should be laid before the Senate whenever it should come up, which, it seems to us, would present a case rendering it impossible that he should be confirmed, we are strongly of opinion he has been rejected; or that the chairman of the post office committee thought it advisable not to call up his case and so leave the President to make a new appointment; or that he was not acted on, on account of Mr Davis' talking against time. For the good of the party, we hope his story of his confirmation may be false. The Democracy here certainly have enough to contend against in twenty millions of manufacturing capital, and opponents more deadly hostile than in any other place in the Union, without having a postmaster working in the smiles of the whigs for the destruction of democracy. Perhaps the whigs have exulted too soon.

☞ "The direction of the Sing Sing Prison, in New York, is now altogether under the control of a woman, and the result of her management are looked for with interest, as deciding whether her sex are not better fitted for this trust than men. In point of economy, the State gains several thousand dollars a year in salaries, her compensation being only about three hundred per annum and found. Her system of management dispenses with the services of inspectors, officers, courts of inquiry, &c. &c."

A WARNING. The three young men who lost their lives by drowning in Winnipiseogee Lake, as before mentioned, fell victims to their own fool-hardiness. There were five of them in the boat, and when about 20 rods from the shore they commenced rocking the boat, until she dipped and filled.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Bedford, August 8th 1846.

F. A. HILDRETH Esq.—Dear sir. The notice for a convention of delegates to meet in Boston on the 16th September next, issued by the Democratic State Committee, may be well for the advancement of the interests of the party, if the proper measures are adopted that are necessary in the primary meetings of the people for the choice of delegates, so that their real wishes and true interest may be represented in convention.

But if the scenes on such occasions in former years, are to be enacted on this—with angry debate upon the comparative merits and democracy of the men who are to be selected as the Candidates for the offices of our State government, rather than the bearing and tendency of the principles which they are expected to execute—the delegates might as well remain at home.

It is my object in troubling you with a communication at this time, to present to your mind, as you are now occupying the position of an editor of a journal for the advancement of free and liberal principles of governmental policy, some of the views which I entertain as important for the success of those principles, and whether the present is not the most proper time to commence the discussion of them with the people of this State. The fact cannot be denied that, at the present time, a majority of the people of this State, give their influence to the party that carries out the doctrine of partial and restrictive legislation.

It is infinitely easier to deceive the people into the necessity of measures, than it is to convince them of the utility of certain courses of action; as the one necessarily addressed the mind and judgment by the demonstration of causes and effects, so the other, by raising false issues, and wrong comparisons, exciting the mind and judgment with doubt and suspision, necessarily addresses the prejudices and fears of the individuals thus operated upon.

I will now state some things which I regard as of the first importance to be done at the present time, if we expect to succeed with a system of liberal policy: we must be more tolerant with the individual opinion of those who differ in some things from us; differences of opinion are nothing more than the development of so many different avenues to the truth; and when the same object is in view, a conciliatory and harmonious system of action will sooner bring the extreme to the same point. There is not necessarily but one division of party, and that may briefly be stated, thus: those who seek to enlarge the freedom of thought an action, and those who seek to increase the restriction upon both. And, as every party in some degree partakes of the elements of both divisions, the same is true to some extent of almost every individual; and from this point of difference, radiates all the different shades of the parties of to-day. Communities have long since given to each of their general divisions a name; the first they call Democracy, and the other Aristocracy. So every voter in the State is at this time giving his influence the to tendency of one side or the other of this division; in fact he is momentarily becoming either a Democrat or an Aristocrat. This is the question I would respectfully suggest should be put to every man in the commonwealth—into the course of which channel does your influence finally go? It matters nothing what he may disclaim against, whether it be whigs, locos, slavery or the government, if he cannot answer the question satisfactorily to himself, he may safely conclude that he is throwing his influence to the wind, and in the end will reap nothing better to himself for his exertion, than the whirlwind.

The people can successfully resist the encroachments which are continually being made upon their rights by a certain coarse of special legislation; they must feel the necessity of individual action; if they mean to be relieved from the burdens of unequal taxation, and the controling influence over individual enterprise, of the monopoly feature of our acts of incorporation, or the selling of licenses for the privilege of engaging in certain branches of business—a system of legislation admirably adapted to facilitate the process of removing the deposites from the pockets of those of small means, into the pockets of those who possess an abundance—they must take into their own hands the work of reformation. Before these and many other oppressive acts of legislation can be removed, the people must restore the constitution to some equal system of representation. The last amendment, apportioning the number of representatives, is a cunningly framed deception, well calculated to cripple the progress of democracy, by annulling the annual representation of ninety-nine incorporated towns, and reducing them to less than half a representation.

It is singular to witness how well the doctrine of vested rights is understood, when applied to communities, affecting the exercise of their dearest privileges; a simple amendment of the constitution can then annul the most sacred obligations; but when applied to corporations for pecuniary purposes, it is then construed to imply permanency—fixed and unalterable law.—Do the people understand that their constitution has practically less binding force than the statute law of this commonwealth? Then they must determine this construction of permanency, as at present applied to the laws, and put the construction upon it which we recognize in all constitutions and laws; that is, whenever the people find it necessary and expedient to amend or alter their constitution or laws; we understand that the power that created, can alter or annul the act which had been previously made.

The law of elections, also, ought to be altered so as to require the plurality of votes only for the election of all offices in the state. The practicability of this feature has already been urged by our opponents to some extent; we should lose no opportunity to have it extend to all cases in elections to office. The demand is beginning to be made, that a portion of the soil shall be secured against attachment, in addition to what is now secured; and this is necessary to secure a proper independence for the laborer; it is as necessary for him to hold land exempt to hold tools; to hold the wherewithal to keep, as it is to hold a cow; and in the progress of our principles, we shall have these and many more blessings, if the people prove true to their cause; and when we have attained them for ourselves, we should seek by our influence to extend the fruits of our perseverance to the cause of humanity abroad. These subjects must form the theme for discussion in the primary meetings, in conventions and at home, if they are ever to be realized by the people of this State.

☞

BOOTS AND SHOES.—We refer our friends to the advertisement of James Tarlton in another column.—He makes as handsome a boot as any one we know of—*call and see him.*

Hand Loom Carpet Weaving.

In the hand carpet weaving branch of manufacturing, we shall probably hear of failures, reduction of wages, establishments being sold at half cost, perfect machinery that it would take thousands of hands to operate, being piled up at the foundries, and all sorts of statements, shewing a complete prostration of this branch of business. And these statements will probably be true; but the cause of these things will very likely be said to be the change of the tariff, which will be wholly false. Within a short period the Power Carpet Loom has been introduced. This improvement is, and has been rapidly killing out the hand looms. It is as much impossible for the hand weavers to compete with the power loom weavers as for an old lady to go into her garret, set up her hand loom that was thrown aside some half a century ago, and attempt to compete with the Lowell Companies in the manufacture of shirtings. Hand loom carpet weaving has gone by, so far as its ever being a profitable business is concerned, as much as hand spinning and weaving of cloth. It has been quietly dying out for the last two years, though nothing has been said about it, because the invention of the power loom was known to be the cause, and nothing could be made by attributing it to want of protection under the protective of all protective tariffs, the tariff of '42. In this branch of business, there will be as there has been, suspensions, failures, and giving up of business; and these evidences of a sinking business will become more numerous as the power looms become more generally introduced. We have said the cause of the prostration of hand weaving will probably in future, be attributed to the change of the tariff. If so, the people should not be misled by the false statement. The cause will not be the change of the tariff, but it will be the introduction of the power loom, as we have already explained. When there is a failure of a carpet manufacturing establishment, or a reduction of the wages of the weavers, or a suspension of business, just ascertain whether it is a hand loom or power loom concern, before you attribute it to the new tariff. No tariff, however high, can save the hand weaving business, because it must be killed, as it is and has been, fast dying, by the introduction of the great improvement of the Power Loom.

☞ The Courier seems to prefer to give the entire credit of bringing Great Britain to terms of settlement of the Oregon question, to President Polk, rather than admit that the patriotism of our people exhibited in their eagerness to volunteer in defence of the country, had any effect whatever in bringing her to the humiliating position of suing for terms she had so long and repeatedly, and indignantly rejected. We certainly would do Mr Polk all justice, but cannot think him quite so potent.

From the 26th of April, when the Courier says Gen. Taylor called upon Louisiana and Texas for volunteers to the 19th of May, when Great Britain sent (not when it reached here, but when it started) her proposals for settlement, is ample time for Mr Packenham to have notified his government of the volunteering here, and for Great Britain to have concluded to settle. The Courier, to sustain its position at all, is obliged to *assume* that Mr Packenham had no means of sending a communication home, except by the steamer from Boston on the first of May. Might he not have sent nearly a week later from New York, and still had it get there by the nineteenth?

NAVIGATION OF THE COLUMBIA. The Union, in an article on the subject, corrects an error of some papers, which, it says, "seem to take for granted that the charter of the Hudson Bay Company, granted by Charles II, in 1761, extended to the west of the Rocky Mountains—that is, to the territory called Oregon; whereas, it would really appear that the charter was confined to the territory to the east of the Rocky mountains, and that the only privilege conceded to the company to the west of the Rocky Mountains now rests on the 'crown grant, to the Hudson Bay Company, of the exclusive trade with the Indians in certain parts of North America for a term of *twenty-one years*, and upon a surrender of a former grant.' This crown grant was made to the company previous to 1838; and as it runs only for 21 years, it expires in 1859; and with it all the benefits of the navigation of the company, which is secured to them, and those trading with them, by the late convention between the United States and Great Britain."

THE ELECTIONS. In North Carolina, the whigs have elected their Governor and Legislature.

INDIANA. The new Senate so far stands: whigs 23, democrats 25. Two districts to be heard from, which last year were democratic. The House so far stands: whigs 49, democrats 38. Thirteen members are to be heard from.

IN ILLINOIS. French, dem., is elected Governor by a small majority over Killpatrick, whig. There will be a democratic majority in each branch of the Legislature.

MISSOURI. In the second district, John Jameson, democrat, is pretty certainly re-elected to Congress by a large majority over Bricky, also a democrat.

In the third district the election is very close.

COURT OF DEATH. The City Hall was crowded to excess last evening, to view this sublime painting—a large part of the audience being composed of Mr Porter's Sabbath school and society. After a description of the painting had been given, Rev. Mr Porter addressed the assembly upon its religious lessons. He stated that, high as his expectations had been raised respecting the painting, they had been more than realized. His remarks were well suited to the occasion, and must have made a lasting impression upon the minds of his hearers. This is the closing week of the exhibition,—and the public will observe, the admission is reduced to 12½ cents.

LOWELL UNION OF ASSOCIATIONISTS. This is the name of a society lately organized in this city, as an auxilinry to the American Union of Associationists. Its purpose is, the diffusion of the principles of association, and the establishment of an order of society based on unity of interests, instead of our present antagonistic relations. The Officers are—John Allen, President; Sarah G. Bagley, Vice President; W. T. G. Pierce, Secretary; D. H. Jaques, Treasurer.

CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI. The people of the above State have rejected by a large majority the new constitution formed by a convention elected for that purpose.

ALL SAFE.—The panic has not reached this town yet, we presume. We do not hear that any factory is going to stop.—*Barre Gazette.*

Mr Editor—Is it not strange, passing strange, that our President could not find a man, "honest, capable, and faithful to the constitution," in the old Bay State, to fill the office of sub-treasurer in the city of Boston! It is, in my opinion, a reflection on the democracy of the state, that he must travel into New Hampshire to find a suitable man. OLD SCHOOL DEMOCRAT.

Salem, August 14.

The above from the Boston Post of yesterday, we think unjustly and unnecessarily reflects upon the President. That men, "honest, capable and faithful to the constitution," and deserving and worthy men, too, might have been found in Massachusetts, no one, we presume, doubts; nor do we see that the appointment of a man out of Massachusetts, implies any such doubt. Boston is the great port of New England, and is the only place in New England where a sub-treasurer is to be located; and we cannot see that it is any more improper, or that it in any way more reflects upon the democracy of Massachusetts, by taking a sub-treasurer from New Hampshire, or any other New England State, than it would upon New Hampshire and the other New England States, by taking one from Massachusetts.

A SPECIMEN OF WHIG RUIN. The Palladium and Courant have a great deal to say about the ruin of our manufacturers, under the new tariff law. The shoemakers, carriage makers, blacksmiths, hatters, tinners, &c., are called upon to prepare for "ruin," and the workmen for starvation. The Bridgeport Farmer has instituted a comparison of the two tariffs: in such matters as relate more particularly to our own State, and it may be seen that a tremendous blow has been given to the principal branches of manufacturing industry in this quarter:—

Articles.	*Present tariff.*	*New tariff.*
Carriages,	30	30
Saddles,	30	30
Harnesses,	35	30
Cabinet-ware,	30	30
Hats—fur,	35	50
Hat bodies, fur,	25	30
Hats—wool,	15	20
Hat bodies, wool,	15	20
Boots and bootees, men's	31	30
Shoes, men's,	28	30
Tin-ware,	30	30
Castings,	30	30
Broadcloths,	40	30
Blankets, fine,	25	20
Blankets, coarse,	15	20

So much for the "few blows of locofocoism" on these articles, which employ a great proportion of the manufacturing capital and industry of this state. The figures speak for themselves. The duty on men's shoes, fur hat bodies, wool hats, hat bodies of wool, and course blankets, is higher than under the tariff of '42; while on all the other articles, it is the same, or so slightly reduced as to be hardly perceptible. Such are some of the modifications which are henceforth to make us "colonists again to the mother country."—*New Haven Register.*

CORRECTION.—"It is reported that the Globe mills in Kensington will discharge one or two hundred hands to-day. We hope the rumor may turn out to be incorrect. The poor operatives must from this time forward suffer, at least as long as McKay's bill shall continue to inflict its curse upon the country."

The above paragraph, which appeared originally in the North American, of the 1st of August, has been going the rounds of the press, and manifestly to the injury of the enterprising establishment alluded to. We are authorized to say that the statement of the North American is incorrect in all its parts. No such purpose was ever entertained for a moment by the Globe mills. Such announcements as this cannot be too strongly reprobated. They produce the worst effects, and however intended, operate most injuriously upon the credit and standing of the very establishments with whom they profess to sympathize. In nine cases out often, moreover, they are either grossly exaggerated or unfounded—although published probably in the belief that they are true.—*Pennsylvanian.*

BLACKING.—Mr WM. BAKER, of this city, left at our office yesterday half a dozen of Pasta Blacking to which he has given the name of "Baker's India-Rubber Paste Blacking." We handed it over to a judge of the article, who after trying it, pronounced it excellent. Mr. Baker is a native of London, England, where he has heretofore been employed some fifteen years in a large Blacking Manufactory—Day & Martin's, we believe—at any rate he has "it" always on hand, just *like* Day & Martin.

PETER T. HOMER, ESQ., who the whigs say was the resident agent of British manufacturers, at Washington, is a real live Yankee, retired from business, having made a fortune by commerce, in the city of Boston. The Washington Union compliments him highly as having done much towards spreading the doctrine of a liberal commercial policy.

☞ We learn from the Jersey City Sentinel, that the grand jury of that county on Wednesday, the 13th inst., presented a bill of indictment against Eliphalet M. S. Spencer, for the murder of his wife. He was brought before the Court and required to be ready for trial on the second Tuesday of September next.

☞ The Chevalier Adam de Lovenskiold, lately appointed charge d'affaires of his majesty the king of Sweden and Norway to this country, arrived with his family at New York on Friday, in the ship Sultan, from Havre.

☞ Halifax papers to the 9th inst. contain accounts of the almost total failure of the wheat crop in Miramichi. The ravages of the weevil have been so extensive, that farmers are moving the wheat for fodder.

☞ A friend suggests that Senator Davis was probably put up to talking the President's Peace Bill to death, by Mr Mangum or some of the slave holders, who wanted to shirk off killing it themselves.—We rather think this is the truth of the matter, after all.—*Chronotype.*

"CLERICAL WIT." A distinguished clergyman, few weeks since, being requested to open the services with prayer, but not having been invited to preach, declined saying that "if his friend was going to do the mowing, he might whet his own scythe!"

WHAT IS EXPECTED OF MEN? After the memorial battle of Trafalgar, came into general use with the ladies Trafalgar garters, on which was inscribed the memorial signal of that battle, "England expects every man to do his duty."—*New York Globe.*

A. W. H. CLAPP, of Portland, has been nominated as the Democratic Candidate for the Congress of the United States, from the Cumberland Congressional District, State of Maine.

THE HON. JOHN D. MCCRATE was nominated for Congress from Maine, at the Lincoln Convention, on Wednesday, the 12th instant.

☞ The Olive Branch says, the Hutchinson family of singers, during their year's residence in England, cleared $30,000, after paying all their expenses.

☞ The postmaster general left this city yesterday morning, on a visit to his family in Tennessee.—The rest of the cabinet are still at their posts.—*Union, Thursday night.*

By Electric Telegraph.

We are indebted to the politeness of the Superintendant for the information contained below:

Boston, 11 o'clock, A. M.

The Steamship Caledonia is telegraphed at Boston, she is three hours out.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The extraordinary success attending the use of this medicine in diseases of the lungs, and the many singular cures it has effected, having naturally attracted the attention of many physicians, as well as the whole fraternity of quacks, various conjectures and surmises have arisen respecting its composition; some physicians have supposed it to contain iodine, other ignorant pretenders say it must contain mercury, and to some such substance they each attribute its singular efficacy. As such opinions are altogether erroneous, and calculated to prejudice many persons against it, we

PLEDGE OUR HONOUR

that it contains nothing of this kind, or anything the least injurious; on the contrary, it is composed of the most simple substances, the principal of which are the extracts of tar and wild cherry bark, and the whole secret of its efficacy consists in the mode by which they are prepared.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&rmug13ap14

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 A&r6mclm

☞BIGELOW'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor, —W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. fedvma28.

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may befound blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug. 17th, by Rev. Hervey Wilbur of Woburn, Mr Stillman D. Holmes to Miss Betsey Clark.

In this city, Aug. 16, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Emery H. Adams and Miss Laurana R. Proctor.

In this city, Sunday evening, Aug. 9, by Rev. Mr Atkinson, Mr Lester A. Miller, of Woodstock, Vt., and Miss Laura Carleton, of Lowell.

In this city, at St. Ann's Church, July 29th, by Rev. Mr Edson, Mr Philip Clement, of Boston, to Miss Charlotte K. Clement of Lowell.

In Boston, Aug. 2d, Mr Rufus Adams, of Chelmsford, to Miss Jane G., daughter of William Coxe, Esq., of Bristol, Me.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending August 15, 1846.

Aug. 9th, Sarah E. W. Donevan, 14 yrs, consumption; Mary Morgan, 47, typhus fever; Francisco Prier, 18 mos, scrofula; 10th, Mary Severance, 34 yrs, disease of the brain; Julia Ann Dalton, 44, consumption; Samuel Freeman, 26, typhus fever; Mary A. Newman, 23, typhus fever; Ann M. Towne, 2 mos, congestion of the brain; Charles E. Skinner, 1 yr, cholera infantum; George S. Cunningham, 5 mos, ulceration of bowels; 11th, Mary Regan, 10 mos, measles; Rebecca Getchel, 2 yrs 6 mos, dysentery; Elizabeth Farrell, 29 yrs, typhus fever; 12th, John Leadegran, 7 yrs, brain fever; Peter McGuthey, 14 mos, bowel complaint, 13th, Joseph Bapp, 9 mos, cholera infantum; John Fitzgerald, 6 mos, cholera infantum; 14th, Francis Spafford, 21 yrs, typhus fever; Margaret Taylor, 2 yrs, bowel complaint; Charles E. Osgood, 1 mo, infantile; Charles Adams, 16 yrs, killed by two cars; Abby Ann Cooper, 2 yrs, scarlet fever; Susan Scollion, 4 yrs, diarrhœa; Jonathan Barker, 26 yrs 9 mos, killed by falling; Nancy M. Carr, 22, poisoned; Christopher Dean, 2 dysentery; Francis Russell, 2 mos, infantile.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Newton, 14th inst., Stephen Goodhue, Esq., 73.

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18a1f

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Bachelder will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said County of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-fourth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

MOSES KIMBALL, Assignee.

Lowell, August 10, 1846. aug18a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 17th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in said county, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Peters will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the twenty-eighth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Peters, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug18 A3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 18th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Conant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the 22d day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Conant and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug18 A3t

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ontiasing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

, For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have under consideration certain Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.

August 11, 1846. aug18aug31

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FIRST COMMERCIAL WHF.

With immediate dispatch.



The elegant coppered new packet Ship BOSTON, GEO. BARKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyuson, Agent at New Orleans. au 18

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Wednesday next.



The fine fast sailing copper fastened packet Brig JOHN A. LANCASTER, Long, master, now loading, having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. aug18

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Saturday.



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. CAROLINE, LONG, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug18



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill,

Lowell, Aug. 11th, 1846. aug15a&p1f

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

H. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

LOWELL MUSEUM.

OPEN every day and evening (except Sunday) from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Tickets admitting two persons at once 25 Cents.

Now on exhibition, day and evening, FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, the only living specimen of the OURANG OUTANG in this country. This animal was brought into Salem last week,—he is a fine specimen, sprightly and healthy, and is pronounced by physicians to be seven-eighths human. Also a living Crocodile and a living Alligator. aug13a3t

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

SPLENDID SILVER BEAVER HATS!

THE Subscribers are constantly manufacturing SUMMER HATS of every quality and shade, among which are the Silver Beaver Drabs, Pearl Drabs, and Russia Drab Hats, which they are enabled to offer their customers at a reduction from former prices.

ALSO—

Panama, Manilla, Leghorn, Senate and Palm Leaf Hats, all which will be sold at unusually low prices for Cash. HENT & HUSH.

No. 30, Central Street.

May 20, 1846. my28a1f

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19a1f

PEALE'S GREAT ORIGINAL PAINTING OF THE COURT OF DEATH!

WILL be open for exhibition Two Weeks Only, at the CITY HALL, LOWELL, commencing TUESDAY EVENING, July 28th, 1846.

This Great Painting is 24 feet long, by 13 wide, covering a canvass of more than **300 Square Feet!**—There are 23 Figures of the size of life. It is a sermon upon Life and Death, conveying a moral lesson which the beholder cannot but *understand* and *feel*.

No Better Evidence of the merit of the Painting can be offered, than the fact, that those who see it once, desire to see it again and again; and every repeated visit only heightens their admiration. The subjects illustrated by the Painting are *Death, War, Conflagration, Famine, Pestilence, Sensual Pleasure, Intemperance, Remorse, Delirium Tremens, Suicide, Consumption, Fever, Apoplexy, Old Age and Virtue*.

☞Open every Evening from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Mr Colton, the Manager, will give an *Explanatory Lecture* upon the Painting at a quarter before 9 o'clock, each evening.

Single Tickets, 25 Cents; Season Tickets, 50 Cents; admitting one person Every Evening during the time of Exhibition. jy25a1f

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18a1f No. 1 Commercial Square.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a sanitary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1may9

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received the large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2w2mreow

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover st.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&p1y*

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscribers are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

HATS! HATS!

A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Mole and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Costar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Costar's summer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:00 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

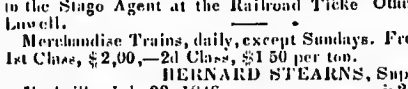
☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches; apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

FOR WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 1¼ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1ysapr4

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. jy4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

RETURNED.—C. K. MORRILL would inform his friends and customers that he has returned to his old stand, *Corner of Merrimack and John streets*, and has on hand for sale a good assortment of

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

☞Please call. jy18a1m.

LADIES NOW IS YOUR TIME.—The Silk and Shawl Store "up over the Post office," will be closed on Saturday next, for two weeks, at the expiration of which time, will *Re-open* with all the *Richest* and *Rarest* importations of the season. Those intending to purchase Rich goods this Autumn are requested to defer until our *Re-opening*, as above.

"Silk and Shawl Store," up over the Post office.

aug6 A1s6t

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale, by E. B. PATCH, at Office.

On SATURDAY next, August 22d, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,—1 Sorrel Mixed Mare—1 other Horse, called Tigor otherwise Tarbell Horse—1 Sled—2 Iron Bars—2 Stone Hammers—2 Chains—2 Shovels—1 Horse Net—1 Pitch Fork—3 Wrenches—Lot Manure at Stable on Charles street—1 Bridle—1 Pick—2 Shaft Girts—1 Shaft Truck Harness—1 Lead do.—2 pr. Reins and Saddle—Comb, Curd, Brush and Whip. 1 Watch, and some other articles of personal property.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee of the Estate of Daniel Houghton.

Also, immediately after the above, 2 second-hand Buggies, 2 Wagons, 1 second-hand Chaise, and many other articles. aug18

Books! Books!!

On TUESDAY EVENING, Aug. 18th, at 7½ o'clk, at office, and continue each evening until all are sold,—A large lot of Miscellaneous and Standard Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, &c., being the stock of a dealer. Sale positive. Particulars hereafter.

Groceries, &c.

On WEDNESDAY, Aug. 19th, at 9½ o'clock, at office,—2 hhds Molasses—3 tierces Rice—18 boxes Norton & Co's No. 1 Family Soap—5 bags English Walnuts—12 boxes Souchong Tea—4 boxes Fine Hyson do.—Tobacco—Tin Measures, Shop Lamps, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Centralville Academy Boarding House, in Dracutt, at Auction!

I shall sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th of August, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that Large and Convenient Building erected for a Boarding House for Dracutt Academy. It is divided into two departments, having 24 Rooms each, (48 in all,) and is so arranged that it may be occupied for one or two Boarding houses, with separate Kitchens, Dining Halls, Parlors and Lodging Rooms,—having good water and every necessary convenience for each. There is land sufficient for a large garden, which is well stocked with Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c. There is also a good stable.

The location of the above premises for healthfulness and beauty, is unsurpassed by anything in the country—commanding not only the best view of Lowell, but several miles of the surrounding country, and a fine view of the Merrimack and Concord Rivers.

There is not a better place in New England for the establishment of a private School, or private residence, and the proprietors will make most favorable terms as to payment, should the purchaser desire it. Inquire of Wm. Livingston, Horace Howard, Ethan Barnap, Benjamin Hutchinson, A. L. Brooks, or of E. B. PATCH Auctioneer. aug8

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dwelling House and Lot on Charles Street.

On THURSDAY next, Aug. 20, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a fine Two Story House, very neatly and conveniently finished into 8 rooms, with a well of excellent water and 2500 square feet land, situated on the north side of Charles street, near Lawrence st. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer.

☞Terms at sale. aug15

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for *soon*.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffin's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS.

THESE celebrated Pills are acknowledged to be the best in the world for removing obstructions and obviating regularity in all cases of female irregularity, suppression, &c., whether originating from cold or any other causes. They are remarkably mild, safe and sure, and the most convincing proofs of their virtue and the benefits which have been realized by the afflicted in their use.

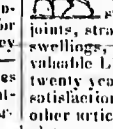
Persons in any part of the country can be supplied with these pills through the medium of the expresses or by any other conveyance suggested by sending a letter to me, post paid, and enclosing the money. And I am willing at any time to be consulted by those wishing the aid of these Pills, by letter or otherwise.

The Pills can be found at No. 9, Middle St., or at my residence on Kirk Street, Lowell.

aug 6—ly DR. F. MORRILL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and rollenes of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their affect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Welker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecino vendars, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make cheats lay,
And for their fatso opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure exition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, readoring even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and wore to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. Therefore no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 8, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. ja20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the trade (nently) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable in a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a grateful and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pains in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

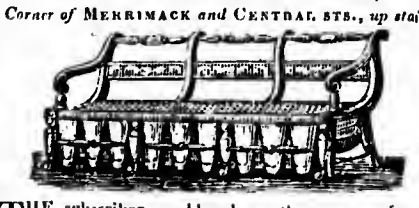
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. H. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

**** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

ap14 sdv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last two years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes is rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pelas street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb8&4ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their *highest* recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, of which I prepared for you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mospr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. edv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23AlyG

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 20, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 98.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

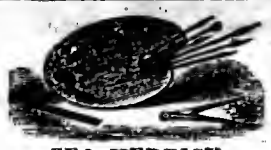
☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds, *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Merrill's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, newly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN. Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. nov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD. Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st., next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(*Opposite the City Market.*)

Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beach timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order. aug21 a1y

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Dimities, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Building.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.* je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAYINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,* LOWELL. oct23 Atf

SURGEON  DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. up12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS, selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalising effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winstrd, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORNELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James by Druggist, Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and Price $1 per bottle; 6 for $5. throughout the United States.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has so recently, and so frequently achieved such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. u&plyaug30

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system must have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood.—The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.

Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers; and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came off, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my house, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.

East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&r6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janlatf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co.; Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
Curative of the Anatomy of the Lungs, &c. Boston

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

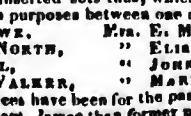
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwn&plyfeb14

DENTAL  SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the tooth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE,	Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NORTH,	" ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HULL,	" JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER,	" MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfoawa&pot28

WANTED this day six first rate Coal Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY, 89, Central St. je6atf

A Real English Eclogue.

'Two geneine swains, in rustic frocks bedight,
WILLUM and TUMMUS by each other hight,
Beneath a hedge-row, at the hour of noon,
Set, shelter'd from the scorching sun of June—
From haymaking to snatch a moment's rest,
Whilst thus their mutual notions they express'd:

TUMMUS.

Phew! I be briled wi' this here heat well nigh;
Hast any beer, mon?—I be precious dry.

WILLUM.

Beer? Ah! I wish I had. I've drank'd it up,
And han't a farden for another cup.

TUMMUS.

Nine chill'as a week, wi' wife and kids to feed,
Dwoosnt lave a feller much for beer, indeed!

WILLUM.

How is't now, mun, es gurt folks cram and stuff,
Whilst there be thoy as doesn't git enough?

TUMMUS.

Well, that's the thing as always puzzles me;
Why, measter's pigs be better fed than we.

WILLUM.

Willem, I never passes by their sty,
But wishes one o'them there pigs was I.

TUMMUS.

He med feed us with what 'a flings away
To steff'n up and over fatt'n they.

WILLUM.

But, Willum, look where yander measter rides;
He'll gie it to 's if here we longer bides.

Translated for the Boston Post, from the French
A LIAR CAUGHT IN HIS OWN NET.

[Concluded.]

"They are married in the province; I scarcely know them; they very rarely come to Paris."

"Hold, Leopold!" said the widow, "will you do one thing that will make me infinitely happy?"

"You have only to demand it."

"Well break off at once this intimate *liaison* with Tussac and his family."

"That will be very difficult," replied Leopold. "I am just on the point of associating him with myself in a great industrial enterprise—an exploration of certain mines, the privelege to do which has been granted us by the minister, who is full of good will towards Tussac, his cousin; for Tussac is cousin to the minister; and that minister, through my friend *Tussac*, has already been very serviceable to my family."

A slight shade of jealously, which had obscured the countenance of the beautiful widow, disappeared before the justification of Leopold, who never in vain invoked to his aid his friend *Tussac*. But suddenly the carelessness of the young dandy exposed his reputation for fidelity to peril much more grave. He was seated at the side of Mme. de Sareuil, entertaining her familliarly with his approaching happiness.

"Only four months," said he, "and we shall be united!"

"Yes," replied the widow, "in four months the interdiction will be raised."

"You will quit your weeds," continued Leopold, "which long since left your heart; you will you will be a brilliant ornament."

"Your gallantry is charming to-day!" said the widow. "Have you retained the box at the opera which I spoke of yesterday?"

"Yes; here are the tickets."

Leopold opened his wallet to exhibit the tickets, but did not observe the fall from it of a small perfumed billet, Mme. de Sareuil took it up, opened and read;

"To-morrow noon I shall be alone, and I desire to pass the whole day with him whom I love more than all else in the world.

EMILE."

The indignant widow presented the open billet to Leopold. "Hold, Monsieur," said she, in a voice altered by emotion, "replace the paper in your wallet."

"Hortense!" cried Leopold, "you are very prompt to accuse me."

"In *effect*," said the widow, "this letter is *very* innocent"

"I said not that," replied Leopold.

"It is neither a letter from a lady, neither a love letter, nor a letter of assignation!" continued the widow, sarcastically.

"All this proves but one thing," said Leopold, "and that is, that I have lost a breakfast at the *Rocher de Cancale*."

"What signifies this pleasantry?" said the widow.

"Unfortunately for me nothing could be more serious."

In uttering these words Leopold reopened his wallet with a meaning slowness, in order, apparently, to gain time for reflection. Among a dozen letters he took adroitly an envelope which he presented to Mme. de Sarcuil with an air of triumph.

"Here is my justification," he exclaimed.

"That envelope?" enquiringly said the widow.

"Addressed to me. The billet *was* within."

"Explain."

"Look at the hand writing of the billet," said Leopold;—"a woman's hand, fine and irregular; look at the hand writing of the envelope—a man's hand, large and firm! Is it clear?"

"Not enough for me," replied the widow.

"How! Do you not see a difference in the hand writings of the two.

"Very great," replied Mme. de Sareuil, "but I see not in what way that goes to your justification."

"Nothing can be more easily demonstrated;" replied Leopold, "the billet was written by Mademoiselle Emilie, and the envelope by my friend Tussac. Mdlle Emilie is a flame of Tussac: I would not believe in his success, and I bet with him that he could not triumph. In order to prove to me that I have lost and now owe him a breakfast, he sent me this billet under this envelope. Comprehend you now?"

"Perhaps," replied the widow.

As Mme. de Sareuil saw approach the epoch of her liberty, she manifested towards Leopold an air of defiance and coldness which took from day to day a more determined character.

"Does she begin to suspect that my friend Tussac is but a chimera, a phantom?" said Leopold, soliloquizing.

But suddenly the veil was torn away. One day—eight days after the expiration of the fatal delay,—Leopold entered the house of Mme. de Sareuil agitated and pale.

"What do you wish?" demanded the widow in a tone of cool indifference.

"What!——yesterday, I was here, but did not find you," replied Leopold.

"I was out."

"Alone?" enquired Leopold.

"No, I had a gallant."

"And you know it!"

"Why not?" replied the widow. "You *will* know it, and I am not in the habit of lying."

"In the evening I returned; your door was shut against me. Were you not in?"

"I was," replied the widow.

"Alone?"

"No."

"With your gallant, I presume?"

"A young man, perhaps?" observed Leopold.

"Twenty-eight years of age, sir."

"May I know his name?"

"Why should I conceal it? It is a friend of yours," replied the widow.

"One of my friends? Which, if you please?"

"Can't you guess?"

"His name, madam: your pardon, I am unable to guess it."

"Well, it is your friend *Tussac!*" replied the widow.

Leopold remained dumb for an instant. He did not expect his phantom friend Tussac thus to return upon him, but his anger suddenly opened his mouth.

"No Madam," said he, "it was *not* Tussac."

"A hazardous assertion, that," replied Mde. de Sareuil. "But why was it *not* Tussac?"

"Why? Because Tussac does not and never did exist."

"You acknowledge the trick, then," said the widow, "and yet you dare to complain! But sir, you will now learn the price of an odious lie, which has so long covered up your real character. The name of Tussac, which you took at hazard to conceal your baseness, is really the name of the young man with whom I spent the day yesterday. Justly alarmed at an attachment which I thought real, and which appeared to be dragging you into innumerable difficulties, I became desirous of knowing something more than you seemed disposed to tell me about your friend Tusaac. I made inquiry, and at length met a young man, elegant, amiable, spiritual and full of good qualities, who is not cousin to the minister, who has no sisters, and who has never seen you! It is about two months since the *veritable* Tusaac was introduced to me; his merit made a lively impression on me, and when he declared his love and attachment, I gave him my hand."

"But it is rank treason, after five years of constancy," exclaimed Leopold.

"You should have known, Monsieur," replied Mme. de Sareuil, "that your friend Tussac would finish by playing you a trick?"

"Still, I will have my revenge!"

Leopold received from *his friend* Tussac *un coup d'epee* in his right arm. Two days after he broke the seal of a letter announcing the marriage of Mme. de Sareuil.

Sufficiently Definite.

Mr Owen, of Indiana, in answer to the question whether he was in favor of the Oregon treaty lately ratified, remarked—

"I say frankly, so far from being ashamed (to use the language of the gentleman from Massachusetts, Mr Adams,) of the boundery we have obtained, that I should be glad to have the terms of that boundary incorporated, in the very words of the treaty, in the first section of this bill. I say further, in regard to the treaty itself, that, calling to mind the facts, that President Munroe, in 1818, voluntarily, and as a first offer, proposed to Great Britain the line of 49 deg., expressly adding the free navigation of the Columbia; that the same President, in 1823, after the acquisition of the Spanish title, caused a similar offer to be renewed, intimating, indeed, that it would be desirable to obtain 51 deg., but if Great Britain earnestly insisted upon it, we would consent to the parallel of 49 deg. to the sea; considering, further, that the gentleman from Massachusetts himself, (Mr Adams) in 1826, caused his secretary of state (Mr Clay) a third time to propose right to one, in conjunction with that line, the free navigation of the Columbia to British subjects, without a single restriction either as to time or to the commerce of the Hudson Bay company; considering yet once more that a proposal of the same parallel was renewed in 1843; and finally, that it was made last year by our present chief magistrate; in view of the various offers of compromise, I say that men who have looked calmly and dispassionately over the whole ground, must have come long since to the conclusion, if Great Britain, departing from pretentious to the Columbia river as a boundary—pretensions stoutly maintained for quarter of a century—did at last, offer to us the very line we had five times offered to her, that the public opinion of the world would not permit us to reject it."

A COMMERCIAL ABSURDITY. The current quotations, as seven, eight, or nine per cent. premium for exchange on England, which we see in the newspapers, do not mean a premium on the par value of the pound sterling, but on a fictitious valuation of the pound which prevailed in this country a century ago, when the states were colonies. For example, this pound sterling or gold sovereign, is to-day worth $4.85 in Wall street, which is about the per value as established by Congress. A thousand of them would be worth $4,850. The current rate of exchange on England, in Wall street, is now about nine per cent premium, as the phrase is, for bills payable in London or Liverpool. But this premium is not on $4.85, the par value of the pound, nor yet on the pound sterling, but it is on $4.44, the old colonial value of the pound.—For example, A B buys a bill of exchange for £1,000 on England, from C D, at nine per cent premium; he pays $4,844.44 for it. Suppose he gave a thousand sovereigns for it, at current value, there would be a balance in his favor; so that, in reality, the rate of exchange on England, instead of being nine per cent against us, is in our favor, because bills can be obtained cheaper than gold. Of course, then, there can be no object in sending gold to England. Hence the absurdity of this ideal mode of dealing in exchanges on England, which is still kept up by our merchants and our newspapers.—*Hunt's Merchants Magazine.*

GALVANISM EXPELLING DEVILS. A man in France, believing himself bewitched, and possessed of seven devils, applied to a physician who gave him a galvanic shock daily for seven days in succession, driving out a devil every morning, at twenty francs a piece for six, and forty francs for the seventh. When the seventh day came, the patient was warned to summon all his courage for a contest with the chief of the band, whose resistance would be tremendous. The doctor then proceeded to give him a shock which laid him sprawling on the floor. Gayly recovering himself, "I am cured!" he exclaimed, paid the price agreed upon, and went his way. Galvanism is probably one of best remedies for such diseases.—There is nothing equal to a good electric shock for nervous complaints. Had the people of Salem possessed a small galvanic battery, in the days of the witches, the ducking process would have been unnecessary, and many lives might have been saved.—*N. Y. Sun.*

GENERAL ORDER. No person shall hereafter receive the appointment of naval constructor in the navy of the United States, unless he shall have been examined and approved by a board, to be designed for that purpose by the secretary of the navy.

No person shall hereafter receive the appointment of boatswain, gunner, carpenter, or sailmaker, in the navy of the United States, unless he shall have been examined and approved by a board, to be designated for that purpose by the secretary of the navy.

GEORGE BANCROFT.

Navy Department, August 17, 1846.

AN UNENLIGHTENED CANDIDATE. "Feller citizens," said a candidate for Congress, recently, somewhere "out west"—"Feller citizens! you're well awar I've no education. I never went to school in my life but three times, and that was to a night school.—Two nights the teacher didn't come, and the tother night I had no candle."

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 20, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

To our Patrons.

Last week concluded the first year of our duties as conductor the Lowell Advertiser and the Lowell Patriot and Republican. At the time of our purchasing the Advertiser and the Patriot, with which we united the Republican, the democratic party here were in an unhappy quarrel about the appointment of a postmaster, and unfortunately the dissension still continues.—This is the only difficulty we have had to meet in our own party, and we would that it might in some way be brought to a termination.

But notwithstanding this cause of disaffection, our subscription list is much greater than when we purchased these organs of the Democracy, and our support has exceeded our most sanguine expectations, and we return to our subscribing, advertising, and job-work patrons, our sincere thanks—and not less to the business portion of the whig party, than to our political friends.

Our friends, we trust, will admit that we have redeemed our pledge, given on entering upon the discharge of our editorial duties,—that we would fearlessly support Democratic principles. In a single year we have had the great pleasure of seeing all the principal measures of the Democratic party carried into effect. We have had occasion in one or two instances, to make public some unhappy truths respecting the official conduct and statements of men in our own party, and have done it though we regretted our duty required it, with the same fearlessness we should have exposed the same conduct and statements of our opponents; and this we shall ever claim the privilege of doing while conducting a paper. It is the only means of keeping a party pure, and corruption will sink any party, of whatever principles. Our political creed, 'tis true, is somewhat more radical than that of a portion of the Democracy of this city and this section of the country, particularly upon the tariff. But we have the satisfaction of knowing our tariff views are those of the administration and the Democracy of the country, and have no fear of their being objectionable to Democrats anywhere.

The political and general character of our paper will be the same as heretofore. In national politics, and in state, our chart will be the same as we laid down one year ago. Our course as to men holding official stations will also be the same as was then proclaimed. We shall sustain every honest, worthy man, so far and so long as he sustains Democratic measures and principles.

In the state, the democracy have almost as signally *foiled* or it have been entirely overthrown by the managers of the whig party, though, as we sincerely believe, against the wishes of a large majority of the people. To again effect these reforms, together with those measures and reforms attempted to be carried by the democratic party in that year, is the great work for the democracy and the people, and one to which we shall give our general attention till effected, and our particular attention until after the election.

During the fall campaign, we shall issue an extra number of copies of the Patriot and Republican, on the following terms:—Commencing with the number following the Democratic State Convention, and ending with the number following the election, giving the returns; making nine numbers:

For single copies,	$.25
For five copies,	$1.00
For ten do., and a larger number at same rate,	$1.50

Again thanking our friends for their many favors, and craving indulgence for our numerous errors, may we hope for the same liberal patronage and countenance, for a second year that we have received for the first.

THE WAR IN MEXICO. A well informed Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun states, under date of Friday last, that instructions were sent out on Thursday for the prosecution of the Mexican war in the most vigorous manner. He adds, "henceforth we shall have no half way measures, and old Rough and Ready will now manufacture news enough to employ a score of expresses. If the "two million" bill had become a law, matters might have taken a different course, but as it is, the President appears resolved to make a bold push towards bringing the Mexicans to an immediate settlement. This is by far the wiser policy. One large and decisive dose of medicine has a much better chance of producing convalescence than half a dozen small ones. Therefore the President has sent on a messenger instructing the commanders of the land and naval forces not to be sparing of the leaden pills, intermixed with 56 pound bolases. These are sure to affect the Mexican stomach, and to reduce the refractory fever. This course of treatment is to be pursued till the patient is willing to swallow the Essence of Olive Branch, a phial of which Rough and Ready has tied to his sword hilt."

☞ The Providence Sentinel says, if you trade on borrowed capital, and squander the profits of your business in "riotous living," and finally fail, you have only to charge the failure to the new Tariff law, curse the administration, and set up for a whig electioneerer. If you shouldn't make "two dollars a day and roast beef" in this way, you will still have the chance to go to work like an honest man, and earn your bread as you eat it.

LARGEST PACKET. The Liverpool Packet "New World," now building at East Boston, will be the largest packet ever built in the United States. She is to be one hundred and eighty six feet long on deck, forty-two and a half feet beam, and twenty-eight and a half feet hold—a regular three decker, frigate built, with a tonnage about 1500 tons. She is to be commanded by Captain Skiddy.

☞ The Washington Brass band will play this evening, corner of Kirk and French Streets.

Ho for the Western Farmer and the new Tariffs of England and America.

What becomes of the whig slanders about an over loaded debt to this country, in the face of facts like the following—a single day's business? Every mail will come fraught with evidence of the wisdom of James K. Polk's administration:

American Supplies. The following extensive supplies of flour and other articles from the United States took place at the port of Liverpool in one day:—The Nicholas Biddle, from New Orleans, brought 7000 packages of flour and 76000 staves for coopers' use; the Farewell, from Baltimore, 9630 barrels of flour, and 4678 bushels of wheat; the Hurdle, from New Orleans, 1478 packages of flour, 1581 bags of corn, and 507 sacks of wheat: the Robert Parker, from New York, 5283 barrels of flour, 66 of bread, and several of indian meal: the Hargrave, from Baltimore, 5700 barrels of flour, 4000 bushels of Indian corn, 300 of lard, &c.; and the Promise, from Montreal, brought 3200 barrels of flour, 5000 barrels of wheat, and 4600 bushels of peas, the produce of Canada.

Reprint of Blackwoods Magazine and the Quarterly Reviews.

Messrs Jordan & Wiley, 20 State street, Boston, are the New England agents for this truely cheap and valuable series of works. No intelligent reader should fail to subscribe to one or more and Scott & Co. hold out inducements to all to call on them.

This house have recently issued another of Miss Hofflund's attractive and beautiful tales entitled *Blanche Livingstone* or Humility. Those who have read her previous works, 'The Unloved One,' 'Czarina,' 'Self Denial,' 'Integrity,' &c. will be eager to peruse this. It is issued in the cheap form although in excellent print. Copies, we suppose, can be had at the Bookstores.

DEATH OF THE GOVERNOR OF TEXAS. We regret to learn that Gov. Henderson, after a tedious illness, has fallen a victim to the disease prevailing in the camp at Matamoras. He was much esteemed as a private citizen and an efficient public officer. Of his patriotism and devotion to the cause of our country, his death at the head of the troops of the "Lone Star," is an evidence that cannot be questioned. The brave Gen. Lamar will probably succeed him as commander of the Texan volunteers.

☞ The following Sub-Treasurers, or assistant treasurers, as they are called, were all appointed by the president and confirmed by the Senate on Saturday evening:

For New York, ex-Gov. Houck.
For Charleston, Major Laval.
For Boston, Henry Hubbard.
For St. Louis, Geo. Penn.
For Charleston, Keeper of the Mint.
For New Orleans, " " "

PAY VOLUNTEERS. Governor Johnson of Louisiana, with the concurrence of the U. S. Paymaster, has taken the responsibility of allowing the volunteers full pay without stoppage or drawback for clothing.—Finally they would all have been paid, but the delay would have amounted almost to a denial of Justice.

This measure will quiet the disappointment of the disbanded troops.

COMMENCEMENT AT AMHERST COLLEGE.—The commencement at this college took place on Thursday, 13th. The degree of A. B. was conferred on twenty-six young gentlemen. About twenty D. D. degrees joined the next Freshman class. Beecher of Boston addressed were confer- sociaties of the college, and Dr. D. Bacon, of New Haven, the Society of Inquiry.

THREE FISH FOR DINNER. A Liverpool paper tells this story as having its origin in an American eating house. It is a good one happen where it might:—

Now waiter, what's to pay? Waiter—Let me see, sir: what have you had, sir? Diner—Three fish.—Waiter—Only brought up *two*, I think, sir. Diner—No, three; I had two mackerel, and *one smelt!*

☞ A writer from Saratoga Springs, to the N. Y. Commercial, states that a merchant from that city, "of high standing," has been obliged to flee precipitately from Saratoga, to escape chastisement at the hands of the parents of a number of young girls whom he has grossly insulted at the swing in the garden of Union Hall.

WHIG VS. WHIG: The New York Tribune, this hot weather, does the New York Express, as follows:—

"If there be one thing that we dislike above most others, it is a *flimsy chocolate-colored, half illegible, pitch-forked together apology for a newspaper*—like the Express for example!"

THE NEW CUSTOM HOUSE AT BOSTON. This edifice is now nearly completed. Not a splinter of wood is to be found in the whole edifice; all is Quincy granite and iron, with marble floors, &c. The roof and dome are formed of solid granite blocks overlaping one another.

MRS LAURA JONES' CONCERT. This lady gives a concert in this city, this evening, at Mechanics' Hall, as will be seen by the advertisement in its proper place. She will be assisted by Hond's brass band, Mr Bradley and Prof. Louis Strack.

FEMALES VOTING. A proposition is circulating urging the Convention to insert a clause into the constitution allowing women to vote, but whether single or married is not said. Single women formerly voted in New Jersey, but for some cause the law was repealed.—*N. Y. Sun.*

AN ELECTIVE JUDICIARY. The Convention in New York, for reporting to the people for their acceptance a new constitution, and the press throughout the state are discussing the question of having the Judges elected by the people.

☞ It is a little queer, says some one, but as true as the gospels, that every measure the "great whig party" have set their hearts upon within the last fifteen years, has died a natural death.

FINE ARTS. Two distinguished artists of New Orleans have been to visit the Battle fields of the 8th and 9th of May, for the purpose of painting two historical pictures of those brilliant actions with accuracy.

☞ A minister at a Camp Meeting said—"If the lady with the blue hat, red hair, and cross eyes, don't stop talking, she will be pointed out to the congregation.

☞ General Cass returned to this city from New Hampshire yesterday. He is at the Tremont House. —*Post of Wednesday.*

☞ GEN. CASS left this city yesterday for his home in Michigan.—*Post of to-day.*

☞ The tariff communication sent us will appear in our next.

Arrival of the Caledonia.



TEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The steamer Caledonia arrived at the wharf, Boston, at one o'clock Tuesday. She brings papers of ten days later date than those brought by the Great Western. The news is not of an exciting character.

Wilmer and Smith's Times says:

The weather since our last has been variable. Several brilliant days there have been, succeeded by thunder storms and showers, and by the latter the crops in several parts of the country have been beaten down and injured.

The new wheat crop in the west districts has been cut, but it is described as being less heavy than previous calculations led us to anticipate.

The cotton market yesterday was brisk, but prices can hardly be said to be higher.

The money market has fluctuated but little since the sailing of the last packet, still less since the division in the house of commons on the subject of sugar duties.

Mexican five per cents have fallen to 25 3-8, in consequence of the present critical state of affairs in that country.

There is not much briskness in the manufacturing districts.

Owing to the tariff having passed the more popular branch of congress, the value of iron has risen in anticipation of a large export to the United States.

At the London wool sales, recently concluded, some attention was excited by a small quantity of that article from Oregon, which arrived in tolerable condition, free from burs and well washed. It commanded a good price, and the country is said to be favorable for its production.

The proceedings in the British parliament since the accounts brought by last arrival have been barren of interest. The dull monotony of a long session, now drawing rapidly to a close, has been relieved by two nights' discussion on the sugar duties. The government scheme has triumphed by a majority of 265 to 135, nearly two to one. This result virtually abrogates the monopoly, and places sugar in the same category as corn—by an easy declension on the high road to free trade. Sir Robert Peel gave the ministers' measure a generous support, and the greatness of the majority may be traced to that circumstance. Of course, all fears of an immediate dissolution are at an end.

Prince Albert's visit to Liverpool to lay the foundation stone of "The Sailor's home," and to open the new dock, which is to be called Prince Albert's Dock, was an occasion for great display and rejoicings;

Three hundred barrels of American flour reached Nottingham from Liverpool the other day, and was immediately sold at about eight dollars per barrel.

FRANCE—*Paris, July* 30.—At a grand banquet by his constituents at Lisieux, M. Guizot delivered a long and very remarkable speech. It was remarkable as the inauguration of the new policy of the conservative party, of which he is the distinguished leader, that policy being the adoption of all useful reforms, and the serious examination of every measure that may be proposed.

American affairs have of late been honored with scarcely any notice at all in this part of the world.

As to the Oregon treaty itself, the Pressee declares that it is "the tardy abandonment of what, for more than thirty years, England called her rights, and the acceptance of a division not more advantageous to her than that which she refused in 1818, 1824, 1827, and 1845."

It declares, moreover, that the treaty does *not* provide for the Columbia being free *in perpetuity* to the navigation of Great Britain. It says, "the navigation is *not* perpetual as the London Times asserts."

The government has at length, after much hesitation, got up in imitation of the authorized the anti-corn-law league, to combat for the abolition of all commercial restrictions.

One of the satirical newspapers has the following, the truth of which, of course, is not implicitly to be relied upon:—"The Mexican charge d'affairs met lately, in a political saloon, an American diplomatist. The conversation turned upon the war, and the Mexican, after reproaching the Yankee, added, "It is evident, Mr ———, that you have been guilty of a most culpable action—that of having debauched our daughter." "I am sorry," replied the American, "that you complain: but the truth is, your daughter threw herself into our arms. However, for the wrong we did we have now made reparation—we have married her!"

The differences between France and the government of Hayti, have been satisfactorily arranged. The latter pays an indemnity, invites the consul of France by letter to resume his functions, and receives him with honors on landing.

The Courrier Francais publishes the following paragraph, the responsibility of which we leave to it:—It is said that the Mexican government has demanded of France and England their mediation to put an end to the war with the United States, and that the departure of the Psyche for Vera Cruz has been delayed some days in order that it may carry the answer to this proposition.

Another attempt has been made on the life of King Louis Phillippe. Yesterday evening, at seven o'clock, his Majesty appeared as usual, on the balcony of the principal window of the Palace of the Tuileries, to listen to the concert which was given by the bands of the National Guard. No sooner had he seated himself and given the signal for the concert to commence, than a person in the crowd drew forth a pistol and fired two shots at the King. No person was at all injured.—The King himself pointed out the assassin, who was immediately arrested and lodged in safe custody. On being questioned, the miscreant readily admitted his crime, stating his name to be Joseph Henri, that he is fifty years of age, and a manufacturer of *objets de fantaisie*, residing at Paris. Misfortune, he said, made him weary of life, and he fired on the King to get talked about and as a means of meeting death. He added that he proposed to commit the crime some weeks back when on duty at the palace as a National Guard.

SPAIN. A conspiracy has just been discovered at Pampelona, but it does not appear to be of much importance, notwithstanding the government makes an immense splatter about it. The eternal question of the Queen's marriage is still on the tapis, and the newspapers are busy in discussing the merits of the rival candidates.

RUSSIA. The marriage of the emperior's daughter, the Princess Olga, with the Prince Royal of Wurtemburg, has just been celebrated with great pomp.

ITALY. *Milan, July* 21. The Pope has published, as was expected, an amnesty for all political offenders. An exception, however, is made against soldiers and government employees, but their cases will be inquired into, and dealt with according to their respective merits. The amnesty was received with intense and boisterous rejoicings by the people. The Pope has also won the love of the people by cutting down the expenses of his household. He is thus far the most popular Pope known for a very long time.—He is remarkable modest and unassuming in his manner, goes out on foot and enters readily into conversation with the people.

Railways are to be authorized in the papal dominions. The late Pope believed them things of the devil.

MUSEUM. The bill at the Museum this week promises unusual attraction. Mr C. W. Hunt, the Prince of Comedians, is engaged; also his wife, and Miss Adelaide Phillips, the favorite at the Boston Museum, all too popular to need comment. Mr A. Phillips, a comic old genius, and Miss Rees, make up the company. Altogether this is the best company that have ever appeared at Lowell. The house is crowded every night, of course.—*Courier.*

☞ The following axiom was suggested by Mr Hunt, one the representatives of the city of N. York, and proposes to be incorporated into the new constitution:

"The rights of men are the gifts of God, and are sacred. The first duty of government is to protect them; the second to let them alone."

ANOTHER ROORBACK. It has been stated by the Danvers Courier, and copied by other papers, that Mr Eben Sutton's new factory in Andover would not be put in operation at present, on account of the passage of the new tariff act. This, like a hundred other similar stories, is untrue, but it will run the circuit of the country, and pass for truth with thousands, who will require no better evidence of the "rascality of the democratic administration, in passing an act so destructive to American industry," as the new tariff is said to be.

A gentleman of the highest respectability informs us that he saw and conversed with Mr Sutton a few days since, who informed him that most of the machinery was then in the factory; that it would be put in operation immediately, and requested him to contradict the statement, which we do for him. Mr Sutton is of opinion that the tariff act just passed is amply protective in its character, and all that manufacturers can reasonably ask. We hope those prints which have been so ready to circulate this statement, will be equally prompt in contradicting it.—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

WHO IS BENEFITTED? Mr Daniel Webster, in a speech in the Senate, spoke of the new Tariff Law as an "aristocratic measure," meaning thereby, we suppose, that it was calculated to benefit the rich at the expense of the poor. If this had been true of the Bill, we do not see why Mr Webster should have opposed it, for it was he who first laid down the doctrine in this country that "government should take care of the rich, and let the rich take care of the poor." But Mr Webster was mistaken in his opinion of the character of the new law. So far from being an "aristocratic measure," the reader will perceive by an article on our first page, headed "Tariff of 1842 and 1846," that one of its chief features is an increase of duties on luxuries, or such articles as are mostly, if not wholly used by the rich, while on the necessaries of life there is a corresponding reduction. We invite particular attention to the comparison of the different rates of duty imposed by the old and the new Laws. The first column shows the duty per cent. charged by the act of 1842, the second the duty per cent. chargeable under the low that has just passed.—*Bristol County Democrat.*

IBRAHIM PACHA AND THE PARISIAN LADIES. Some of the French papers tell odd stories of the Pacha's gallantry, which only want the simple ingredient of truth to be very amusing. One of the stories runs as follows—

A lady who enjoys a high degree of admiration in her circle of society, ventured to ask the Pacha what she would sell for in the Cairo Market. His highness, after examining her very attentively, answered with true Oriental Sang froid, "Probably from two to three thousand francs." The lady was about to exclaim against a valuation so much beneath her own estimate of her individual worth, when a young attachee of a former embassy, who had formerly visited Egypt, assured her that she need not be offended, for the most beautiful Odalisques seldom realized more than 1000 to 1200 francs.

This anecdote was soon spread through the Paris saloons, and induced another lady, as remarkable for large and brilliant eyes as a slender form, to ask the same question of the Pacha, touching her own marketable worth in Alexandria. The Pacha did not hesitate to reply, "In our country, the body is sold by weight—the eyes by measure. Appreised in this way your eyes would be worth two diamonds of a very large size."

WASHINGTON ANECDOTE. Among the members of the house of representatives from Louisiana—and by the way they are all hightoned clever fellows—is Isaac E. Morse, a sound legislator, and inimitable wag. At the President's Levee, a few evenings since, Col. Morse, who had just returned from a dinner party at Father Ritchie's, paid his respects to the President in his open, bland and rather western manner, and enquired of his excellency "the news of the day."

The President, with whom Mr Morse is a great favorite, good naturedly remarked that "he had nothing particular, save that he had been called upon by Mr Pakenham, who formally and diplomatically presented him an autographic letter from her Majesty, Queen Victoria, announcing the important intelligence of the birth of her fifth child! The Hon. Mr Morse, with a face as grave as Father Miller's, and a voice equally stentorian, made the very significant enquiry, "when does your excellency intend to reciprocate the compliment?" The reply of the President was that "he did not know, as he was fearful Mr McKay would not consent to the necessary appropriation to defray the expense of conveying the intelligence!"—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

☞ Some ten or twelve students have recently been expelled from Harvard College, and others suspended, for irregularities of conduct and violation of college rules.

Police Court.

Aug. 17.

Richard Hays—drunkenness—fined $3 and cost to be paid in two days, or two months house correction.

Calvin Simonds—assault and battery—fined $5 and cost.

Michael McEvoy—assault and battery—discharged

Aug 18.

Rollins B. Annis—common drunkard—fined $3 and cost to be paid in two days, or two months house of correction.

Mary Hamlin—common drunkard—3 months in house correction.

Benj. Guild—drunkenness—fined $5 and cost, to be paid in two days, or three months house correction.

Catherine Desmond—assault and battery—fined $3 and cost.

Aug. 20.

Hannah Burns—drunkenness—fined $3 and cost.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

IS YOUR LIVER DISEASED,

You may find relief if you will but try in time. Our Agent has just received the following:

New Jersey, Bordentown, Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir: I am well aware that persons of every age, sex, and condition in life, in every part of the country, have used, and been benefitted, by DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. My own life has been saved with it. My father's and my mother's family were both consumptive. My father, mother, and a sister, died with that fatal disease. For some years I have been predisposed to it myself. About one year ago I was quite sick for a number of weeks, confined to my bed when the pain in my side would allow me to lay. My physician pronounced my disease Liver Complaint; my liver was very much enlarged, I raised blood several times; the pain in my side was so severe that the cars passing in the street by the door affected me. I was cupped, bled, and had various other remedies applied, but all to no purpose; I got no relief; at last my physician said he could not cure me. I expected to die soon, but providentially I heard of, and obtained a bottle of your Balsam, which relieved me at once. I was encouraged to persevere in using it, until I took four or five bottles, which saved my life and cured me. My health is now good. For Liver Complaints I believe it is a most certain cure. Signed,

MARTHA H. BECHTEL.

I am acquainted with Mrs. Bechtel: her statement is true. Signed by WHITALL STOKES, Druggist. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&raug20sp14

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about until this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞We make the following extract from a letter to the proprietor of the Dandolion and Tomato Panacea:

"I have tried several prescribed remedies for my occasional attacks of *Dyspepsia* and consequent *Debility*, and suffering of all the painful and unpleasant symptoms that follow in its train, the whole being principally caused by the *Fever and Ague*. I have found no remedy that will compare with your Panacea, and several of my friends for whom I have procured it of your agent here, concur with me in opinion respecting its merits. (Signed) Yours truly,

J. S. KELLY, Brighton.

This testimonial is but a solitary instance from many hundreds, of the efficacy of this Panacea in all cases where a purifier of the blood is required, and is unequalled for any of the complaints incidental to this season of the year. my15 a&p6mchlm

☞ BOOLA'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. HUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tladvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug. 18, by Rev. Amos Blanchard, Mr. Edwin A. Hill, of Boston, and Miss Sarah L. Rollins.

DIED,

In this city, on the 16th inst., of typhus fever, Mr Wm. S. Taylor, aged 30.

In Dracut, Aug. 7th, of congestive typhus fever, Miss Mary R., daughter of Mr Solomon Wood, late of Me., aged 27 yrs.

In Somerville, Aug. 15th, Samuel S., son of Mr Samuel S. Frost, 14.

In Derry, N. H., Aug. 17, Mr Joseph Battles, aged 56, formerly of this city.

In Dunstable, Ms, Aug. 17, Mrs Elmira S. Cushing, of Lowell, aged 39.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!!—New performers of acknowledged talent of the highest order.

The proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing an engagement, regardless of expense, for a short time, with the following performers, comprising a variety of talent of the highest order—C. W. HUNT, Mrs. C. W. HUNT, Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, the beautiful child of Avon, Mast. FREDERICK PHILLIPS, Miss REES, and Mast. A. PHILLIPS—all from the Boston Museum and Athenæum.

On MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 17, and every evening through the week, except Saturday evening, commencing at 8½ o'clock. On Saturday evening, there will be a Grand Musical Melange by the whole company.

☞Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cts. No boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. aug20

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.—Mrs. LAURA A. JONES, from New York City, respectfully announces to her friends and the public generally, that she will give a MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT at Mechanic's Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, Aug. 20th, assisted by BOND'S Lowell Brass Band, Mr J. B. BRADLEY, and Prof. LOUIS STRACK, who will preside at the Piano-forte.

☞Tickets 25 cents—may be obtained at Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore, Eastman's Drug Store, at the Merrimack and American Houses, and at the door.

Doors open at 7½, Concert to commence at 7¾. a20*

FALL FASHION! BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

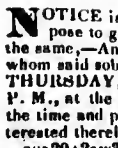
CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse: about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&p1f

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 20th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ELISHA COREY, of Groton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Corey, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirty-first day of August, inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug20 a3t

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Bachelder will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said County of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-fourth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

MOSES KIMBALL, Assignee.

Lowell, August 10, 1846. aug18a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 17th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in said county, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Peters will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the twenty-eighth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Peters, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug18 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 18th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Conant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the first day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Conant and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug18 a3t

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This Day.*



The fine fast sailing copper fastened packet Brig JOHN A. LANCASTER, *Long*, master, now loading, having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah. aug20

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have under consideration certain Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.

August 11, 1846. aug18aug31

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2m2eow

HATS! HATS!

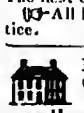
A. GILBERT, JR. has now on hand and is constantly receiving, Fur, Moleskin and Brush Hats, from the manufactory of Beebe & Custar, N. Y.; the *best* Hats ever introduced into this market. Please call and examine, at No. 33 Central st.

SUMMER STYLE!—Just received, Beebe & Custar's sunacer style silver drab Beaver Hats—a very superior article, at No 33 Central st., Lowell. my16tf

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *With immediate dispatch.*



The elegant coppered new packet Ship BOSTON, GEO. BARKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. aug18

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Bruoch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomely done. jo30tf

GOSS & KNIGHT,

JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

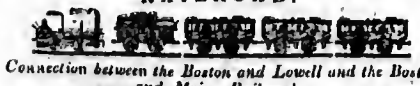
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a largar assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Supt.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES, *Made at No.* 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 184b. a1yapr4

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced Surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

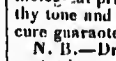
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds on communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Saturday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. CAROLINE, Long, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug18

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug14a1m

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, *Commercial Square.*

On SATURDAY, Aug. 22, at 10 o'clock, A. M., Horses, Carriages, Harnesses, Whips, &c. Immediately after Groceries, Family Stores, a lot of first rate Hams, together with a small lot of Furniture, Beds and Crockery ware, &c., &c. aug20

Dwelling House and Lot on Charles Street.

On THURSDAY next, Aug. 20, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a fine Two Story House, very neatly and conveniently finished into 8 rooms, with a well of excellent water and 2500 square feet land, situated on the north side of Charles street, near Lawrence st. For particulars enquire of the Auctioneer. Terms at sale. aug15

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $60. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignee's Sale, by E. B. PATCH, at Office.

On SATURDAY next, August 22d, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,—1 Sorrel Mixed Mare—1 other Horse, called Tigur otherwise Turbell Horse—1 Sled—2 Iron Bars—2 Stone Hammers—2 Chains—2 Shovels—1 Horse Net—1 Pitch Fork—3 Wrenches—Lot Manure at Stable on Charles street—1 Bridle—1 Pick—2 Shaft Girts—1 Shaft Truck Harness—1 Lead do.—2 pr. Reins and Saddle—Comb, Card, Brush and Whip, 1 Watch, and some other articles of personal property.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee of the Estate of Daniel Houghton.

Also, immediately after the above, 2 second-hand Buggies, 2 Wagons, 1 second-hand chaise, and many other articles. aug18

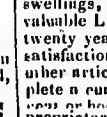
At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will engage equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by C. H. Carleton & Co.. and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swellings, Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. o&p1ymar6

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main ste.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&p1y*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY; and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ad1ymay9

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the Subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqr

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs: the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Mensey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may t2a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false colotous nay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. ja20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine,

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs: scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive this powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bountifully provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than sold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and by the time I had taken the second bottle I received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

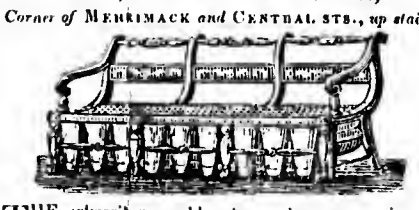
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr1 adv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for his very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest and best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

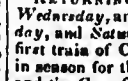
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes is rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Dolareaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid, the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shemrd's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful convulsions, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt. JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TAKHOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to cause his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or narrous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than *two* years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no *relief*, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed *consumption*. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. e&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndvTyjan28

WEARE CLIFFORD, SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 99.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. e30

BRADBURY & GOSS,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m CYRUS BRADBURY.

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & SAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. asp9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf



H. W. TABER,
PLANE MANUFACTURER,
(Opposite the City Market.)
Planes made to order, or by draft. Cash paid for good Beech timber. Old Planes and Saws put in good order.
aug21 ly

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mereeos, Damaske, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurance effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ulv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is blended, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in this medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is the power of this preparation in constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug20

SPRING AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy to use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, is it not all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher encomiums than its contemporaries? Such an one is RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.
Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves thro' out the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood —The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato PANACEA is the PROPER REMEDY are many and obvious.
Firstly. It is composed of those HERBS and ROOTS, which rank first among the vegetable productions of our own clime for their medicinal virtues.
Secondly. It is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires less quantity to effect a cure.
Thirdly. It has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons is it surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for RANSOM & STEVENS' DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, yet are inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.
Certificate. In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging I duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed SCALD HEAD, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief, and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr James Kidder, Jr. a bottle of his Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated and I am now enjoying better health than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try. SARAH E. BENNETT.
East Boston, April 12th, 1845.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Vendors throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold is *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. my14 a&p6mcho

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to [illegible] two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1096 75	$500 24	$30 05	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$7000	$370 80	1839	838 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sfrewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pod Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Amelia sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of Lt C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawn&p1yjan13

WANTED this day six first rate Cone Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. *Apply to* H. McEVOY,
je6atf 89, Central St.

The Robin's Nest.

Beside a stream whose limpid breast
Revealed the shining sand below,
A simple robin built her nest,
And waited for her young to grow.
Her artless song was often heard
As homeward to her brood she flew;
And when the rosy daylight stirred,
Her music filled the welkin blue.

A reckless boy at last espied
The nest and made the prize his own—
And when the mother homeward hied,
'Twas but to find herself alone.
'Twas pitiful to see her grief,
And listen to her mournful cry;
She sought in vain to find relief,
And folded up her wings to die.

I marked that boy. His grew apace,
And was at last, in years, a man,
Yet ever covered with disgrace
That follows some discovered plan.
I watched him with a curious eye,
Expecting some end vile to see;
I saw it ne'er passed to die
A wretch upon the gallows tree!

* * * * * *

Ah sinner! heed the lesson taught;
Hath not thou spoiled a robin's nest?
Hath not thy reckless act been fraught
With anguish to a mother's breast?
God help thee! for I know no deed
So merciless as thine hath been;
And much I fear thy heart must bleed
Forever for thy dreadful sin.

Oh! if their be a doom more dread
Than others on the judgment day;
It sure must be for him who led
A pure and loving girl astray.
There may be pardon for the knave,
And mercy for the wretch who stole;
But Heaven, I fear me, ne'er forgave
The murder of a human soul!

POTATOES. The potatoe is one of the most important vegetables known in the temperate zone. In some countries it constitutes a large portion of the food of the inhabitants and may be reckoned among the necessaries of life—a vegetable for whose various excellent qualities no substitute can be found. It is therefore not wonderful that the mysterious disease, which has proved so destructive to this root in all parts of the world for the past two years, should excite great regret and alarm—and that the character of the disease should be investigated, and attempts made to discover means for preventing the decay of this vegetable. But although many prominent men interested in the noble business of agriculture have turned their attention to this subject, have carefully examined all the facts, and framed various learned and ingenious theories, yet we believe nothing has yet appeared which is calculated to throw any light on the mysterious nature of the disease, which seems the present year to be extending its ravages—and is destructive indeed.

According to present appearances, there will be but very few, if any, potatoes raised the present season, for Winter stock. We learn that the disease has already shown itself in its worst form in many vegetable gardens in this vicinity, where it never appeared before—and its effects are becoming more visible and destructive every day, insomuch that it can hardly be expected any sound potatoe can be found in the hills after the elapse of a few weeks.

This is a serious misfortune, notwithstanding the prospect is favorable for a large crop of grain and it behooves our leading agriculturists to be looking about for a substitute. It is well known that in the West Indies, and other places in Southern latitudes, there are many nutritive and highly palatable eseulent vegetables, besides several varieties of the yam, a vegetable which cannot probably be raised in this climate. We have tasted at least a dozen different kinds—some of them fully equal to the potatoe in flavor and excellent qualities as a table vegetable—and we have no doubt that one or more of these roots could be cultivated in New England, in the different states of Europe, and would well fill the vacancy in the vegetable kingdom, which is now threatened by the potatoe disease.

If some public spirited individual would make an exploring tour for this purpose to the West India Islands, and succeed in discovering a good substitute for the potato, which would flourish in our climate, he would indeed be a benefactor to the human race. Potatoes constitute the ground work of a good dinner throughout all christendom—and, in many places, where the potatoes taken from the table and no substitute provided; there would be but little left to satisfy the appetite of a hungry man. If this potatoe disease is not soon checked, the great and Puritan dish of "codfish and potatoes" will become extinct—greatly to the inconvenience and regret of many of our patriotic citizens.—*Boston Journal.*

CUTTING CORN STALKS.

A friend from Milton inquires for our opinion as to the best time of cutting corn stalks, and the best mode of harvesting corn. He says he has long been in the practice of topping his corn quite early—he begins as soon as the silk appears cuts and feeds out to his fatting hogs that eat up the whole stalk greedily.

He says he has been through his whole field, cutting down four rows and leaving four, and he thinks the ears are better where he cuts thus early than in case of cutting in September.

This is certainly contrary to the common notion and the common practice of farmers. Many experiments have been made which seemed to prove conclusively that early cutting of the tops is injurious to the ears. If the tops can be cut with safety at this early period we can have fodder enough without planting exclusively for that purpose.

Our friend seems to be aware that some portion of the tops must be left standing to impregnate the silk of the ears, and we should suppose that one half of the field would be needed to furnish a full supply of pollen for the whole.

If any of our readers think that farther experiments are necessary to determine this matter it will be easy to try a few rows, and now is the time for trial.—*Ploughman.*

FATTENING HOGS.

It is a good policy to commence fatting pretty early, for pork can be made at less cost in mild weather than in winter. At this season weeds from the garden and fields will aid a little, and sweet apples that have fallen will do more service in the hog pen than under the tree, where the worms that are in them would make their appearance next spring in the form of insects.

Hogs are fond of variety, and in August and September they can be gratified at small cost. Purslane, that now covers the ground in many

gardens is greedily devoured by hogs, and who knows but this weed has as much power to hatten as the tops of corn have? Charcoal should be occasionally thrown into the pen; brimstone should be mixed in the liquid food, and a little meal improves sour milk and whey. When your sweet corn is full the corn may be cut up at the roots, and the whole may be cut fine with an axe. The cob will be eaten with the corn, and the whole will prove economical food. Well fed hogs make better manure than half fed animals, and now your haying hurry is over you have time to add loam that will make the pen smell sweeter than some kitchens that you pass by.—*Ploughman.*

The Warehousing Bill.

[Public, No. 45.]

AN ACT to establish a warehousing system, and to amend an act entitled "An act to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the twelfth section of the act entitled "An act to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports, and for other purposes," approved the thirtieth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, is hereby amended so as hereafter to read as follows:

[SEC. 12.] *And be it further enacted*, that on and after the day this act goes into operation, the duties on all imported goods, wares or merchandise, shall be paid in cash: *Provided*, That in all cases of failure or neglect to pay the duties within the period allowed by law to the importer to make entry thereof, or whenever the owner, importer, or consignee shall make entry for warehousing the same in writing, in such form and supported by such proof as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, the said goods, wares, or merchandise shall be taken possession of by the collector, and deposited in the public stores, or in other stores to be agreed on by the collector or chief revenue officer of the port and the importer, owner or consignee, the said stores to be secured in the manner provided for by the first section of the act of the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, entitled "An act providing for the deposite of wines and distilled spirits in public warehouses, and for other purposes," there to be kept with due and reasonable care, at the charge and risk of the owner, importer consignee or agent, and subject at all times to their order upon payment of the proper duties and expenses, to be ascertained on due entry thereof for warehousing, and to be secured by bond of the owner, importer or consignee, with surety or sureties, to the satisfaction of the collector, in double the amount of the said duties, and in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Provided, That no merchandise shall be withdrawn from any warehouse in which it may be deposited in a less quantity than in an entire package, bale, cask, or box, unless in bulk; nor shall merchandise so imported in bulk be delivered, except in the whole quantity of each parcel or in a quantity not less than one ton weight, unless by special authority of the Secretary of the Treasury.

And in case the owner, importer, consignee or agent of any goods on which the duties have not been paid, shall give to the collector satisfactory security that the said goods shall be landed out of the jurisdiction of the United States, in the manner now required by existing laws relating to exportations for the benefit of drawback, the collector and naval officer, if any, on an entry to re-export the same, shall, upon payment of the appropriate expenses, permit the said goods, under the inspection of the proper officers, to be shipped without the payment of any duties thereon.

And in case any goods, wares, or merchandise, deposited as aforesaid, shall remain in the public store beyond one year, without payment of the duties and charges thereon, then said goods, wares, or merchandise shall be appraised by the appraisers of the United States, if there be any at such port, and if none, then by two merchants to be designated and sworn by the collector for that purpose, and sold by the collector at public auction, on due public notice thereof being first given, in the manner and for the time to be prescribed by the general regulation of the Treasury Department; and at said public sale distinct printed catalogues descriptive of said goods, with the appraised value affixed thereto, shall be distributed among the persons present at the sale; and a reasonable opportunity shall be given before such sale, to persons desirous of purchasing, to inspect the quality of such goods; and the proceeds of said sales, after deducting the usual rate of storage at the port in question, with all other charges and expenses, including duties, shall be paid over to the owner, importer, consignee, or agent, and proper receipts taken for the same.

Provided, That the overplus, if any there be, of the proceeds of such sales after the payment of storage, charges, expenses, and duties as aforesaid, remaining unclaimed for the space of ten days after such sales, shall be paid by the collector into the treasury of the United States; and the said collector shall transmit to the Treasury Department, with said overplus, a copy of the invantory, appraisment, and account of sales specifying the marks numbers, and descriptions of the packages sold, their contents and appraised value, the name of the vessel and master in which, and of the port or place whence they were imported, and the time when, and the name of the person or persons to whom said goods were consigned in the manifest, and the duties and charges to which the several consignments were respectively subject; and the receipt or certificate of the collector shall exonerate the master or person having charge or command of any ship or vessel, in which said goods, wares, or merchandise were imported, from all the claim of the owner or owners thereof, who shall nevertheless, on due proof of their interest, be entitled to receive from the treasury the amount of any overplus paid into the same under the provision of this act.

Provided, That so much of the fifty-sixth section of the general collection law of the second of March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the thirteenth section of the act of the thirtieth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, to provide revenue from imports, and for other purposes, as conflicts with the provisions of this act, shall be, and is hereby repealed, excepting that nothing contained in this act shall be construed to extend the time now prescribed by law for selling unclaimed goods. *Provided also*, That all goods of a perishable nature, and all gunpowder, fire crackers, and explosive substances, deposited as aforesaid, shall be sold forthwith.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That any goods, when deposited in the public stores in the manner provided for in the foregoing section, may be withdrawn therefrom and transported to any other port of entry, under the restriction provided for in the act of the second March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, in respect to the transportation of goods, wares and merchandise from one collection district to another, to be exported with the benefit of a drawback; and the owner of such goods so to be withdrawn for transportation, shall give his bond with sufficient sureties, in double the amount of duties chargeable on them for the deposite of such goods in store in the port of entry to which they shall be destined, such bond to be cancelled when the goods shall be redeposited in store in the collection district to which they shall be transported: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to extend the time during which goods may be kept in store, after their original importation and entry, beyond the term of one year.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That if any warehoused goods shall be fraudulently concealed in or removed from any public or private warehouse, the same shall be forfeited to the United States, and all persons convicted of fraudulently concealing or removing such goods, or of aiding or abetting such concealment or removal, shall be liable to the same penalties which are now imposed for fraudulent introduction of goods into the United States; and if any importer or proprietor of any warehoused goods, or any person in his employ shall by any contrivance fraudulently open the warehouse or shelf gain access to the goods, except in the presence of the proper officer of the customs, acting in the execution of his duty, each importer or proprietor shall forfeit and pay for every such offence one thousand dollars. And any person convicted of altering, defacing or obliterating any mark or marks which have been placed by an officer of the revenue on any package or packages of warehoused goods, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence five hundred dollars.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the collectors of the several ports of the United States shall make quarterly reports to the secretary of the Treasury, according to such general instructions as the said Secretary may give, of all the goods which remain in the warehouses of their respective ports, specifying the quantity and description of the same; which returns, or tables formed thereon, the Secretary of the Treasury shall forthwith cause to be published in the principal papers of the city of Washington.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized to make from time to time, such regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States, as may be necessary to give full effect to the provisions of this act and secure a just accountability under the same. And it shall be the duty of the secretary to report such regulations to each succeeding session of Congress.

Approved, August 6, 1846

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22, 1846.

The Tariff.

The tariff of '42, that tax bill of injustice and unequal discrimination against the interests of the laboring many, has been tried, and after ample experience has been weighed by the people of this country and condemned; and the representatives of the people, and of the twenty-eight States of the Union, have pronounced its final sentence. After the first of December next, its oppressive burdens will cease to aggrevate the inequalities between the poor laboring man and the wealthy capitalist: and it is *certain* that no revenue law will ever again be tolerated in the United States, based as this was, upon the principal of "*protection.*" The tariff that is to succeed it, may be in some respects defective, (and it is impossible to arrange a tariff of impost duties without defects,) but it is substantially correct in principle, and overturns, it is to be hoped, to its eternal downfall, a system as radically unjust in principal, as it is unequal and oppressive in its practical operation. Defects that may appear in the new law, may be easily remedied from time to time, as experience may direct.

By the Democracy, the passage of the new tariff bill should be hailed as a practical acknowledgment of the principle of equal rights to all men, and as a great and important stride in the onward march of progressive reform. It may be regarded as putting an end in this republic, to the vain attempts to overthrow by human legislation, the immutable laws of trade, as established by the Great Law-Givor of the Universe.

But besides the gratification which every democrat must feel at the triumph of the principles of his political faith, and aside from the joy all must have in view of the general benefits which will finally result to the great mass of the people by the removal of the prohibitory and restrictive duties of the tariff of 1842,—the democratic mechanics, laborers, and operatives of the manufacturing towns of New England, among which Lowell holds a most conspicuous rank, have great and especial reason to rejoice in the passage of the new tariff act. They have cause to rejoice in it, as bringing to them practical emancipation from the dictation and surveillance of employers, who, so long as a tariff for protection is in operation, have a most powerful interest, and are furnished *by it* with abundant means to endeavor to *force* the continuance of a system, which loads them with rich bounties, derived by indirection from the mass of the people. The overthrow of the protective system not only gives freedom to commerce and agriculture, but it also gives *freedom of conscience* to thousands of American citizens, and leaves them to think and vote like free men, indeed, without dictation or "*watching.*" When once a constitutional, revenue tariff shall be fairly in operation, on and will be put to the everlasting din and cry of the whig protectionists, about the "*tariff and protection;*" and when they become satisfied, as they soon must be, that their system of iniquity is dead—*dead*, beyond all hope of resucitation—the tariff will no longer be used as a bug-bear to frighten democrats to vote the whig ticket, through fear of imaginary starvation. The protective system has been the rock upon which the democracy of New England has been shipwrecked; and the higher and more unequal the tariff has been, the more disastrous has it been for the success of democratic principles. This is a curious and remarkable fact, but it is easily accounted for. The higher the tariff has been, the more liberally the interested and favored class, who were the recipients of its bounties, could pay for keeping up the louder and more incessant clamor against all who dared to think that it was a wrong and a gross injustice, to *tax the whole people* for the benefit of a *favored class.*—And thus the democratic party, whose fundamental principles are, "equal rights to all," has had to contend in all things, against an interested opposition from monopolists, who were daily fattening upon the effects of a tariff which was openly and avowedly in direct opposition to these principles, and whose only hope of retaining their monopoly, rested in the permanent overthrow of the party that upholds the standard of "equal rights." Now that the doom of the protective system is sealed, the power of the monopolist to use the tariff against the democratic party must soon depart from him.

But those who have been enriching themselves upon the bounties of the protective system, will not give it up without one more struggle to regain their lost monopoly. The tariff will once more be made the rallying cry of the whig party. And in order to effect the restoration of the tariff of '42, no fortuitous circumstance that can be turned against the new tariff will be neglected or forgotten. To it will be attributed all disasters in the business of the country, whether occurring from the natural fluctuations of trade, or from imprudence and rash speculation. There has probably been during the last year, an over action in the commercial and manufacturing pursuits; and it is to be regretted that the Independent Treasury law had not been put in operation six months ago, that it might have exercised some wholesome check to speculation induced by the vicious paper money system of the country. But as it is, whatever of speculation and over action there has been, a consequent revulsion and depression in business *must surely* follow. The laws of trade are as immutable as the laws that govern the motions of the sun and planets. And if there has been, an over action, the tariff of '42 remaining unrepealed, nor any other law within the reach of human government, could avert its final disastrous effect.—The protectionists and whig politicians are well aware that a season of depression will soon follow the years of prosperity and speculation that have passed; and it is upon the hope of being able to make it appear to the people that the depression in business following the reduction of the tariff is, indeed, *its result*, that they found their expectations of defeating the democracy and reviving the protective tariff of '42. To show that a revulsion in business has been expected by whig politicians, it would be easy to prove that at the time when it was expected that the new tariff bill would be defeated in the U. S. Senate, they were preparing to charge the anticipated panic to the late change in the commercial policy of Great Britain, as enobling the British manufacturer to make goods cheaper, and overstock our markets by underselling our manufacturers. And we can easily see that, had the tariff of '42 remained unchanged till the depression of business came about, their cry would have been, as a panacea for all evils, the "tariff and protection," with the addition of "give, give,"—"more! more!" The tariff bill of 1842 was passed under the pretance of *protecting* the American labor from the *starving pauper* labor of Europe. Had that tariff remained till the coming revulsion had proved its inability to regulate trade under circumstances which induce speculation, a still *higher* tariff would have been asked for in 1848, to protect the American laborers from the manufacturers of *free trade* England, and from competition with the *corn-fed* British laborers, who, it would in that case have been alledged, were enabled, by being supplied with American grain and provisions, to flood our markets with their goods, and drive our own laborers into idleness. This would, indeed, be varying the tune about the "*starving British laborers,*" but it could have been quite as sound an argument as any, by which the protective system has been upheld; and it is probable that the next move would have been to have "*protected*" the labrer by prohibiting by direct laws the exportation of grain and provisions, so as more effectually to cut of supplies of food from the English laborers. But now that the new tariff law has passed, they will not go so far for arguments, nor run the risk of asking for too much. Therfore the restoration of the tariff of '42 will be made the rallying cry of the whig party, and once again, and for the last time, the reduction of the tariff will be made the scapegoat for the results of over speculation. A great noise and out cry against the new tariff will be made by the manufacturing monopolists, and this will be readily chimed in with by the whig politicians. The evils of a depression in business will be harped upon and exaggerated—systematic efforts will be made to cause distress in the laborer—attempts will be made to reduce wages, and any and all means will be resorted to, to force and cheat the people to consent to have the burdens of the protective tariff of '42 again laid upon their shoulders. *But all these efforts will avail nothing.* The revenue tariff of 1846, in all its essential principles, will resist all the attacks of its enemies, and will remain for a long time to come the fixed law and policy of the country. ***

[Continued]

Progress of Reform in the Navy.

The secretary of the navy has issued an order, which we published in our last, requiring naval constructors, boatswains, gunners, carpenters and sailmakers, to be examined and approved by a board of examiners, made by the secretary of the navy, before they can receive the appointment. This is the first step towards the introduction of the doctrine that all naval appointments and promotions should be based upon merit. In this country, where no person is born to place or title, why should a system be supported that gives place and title wholly regardless of merit? Such is our naval system, if a man gets into the line of promotion, and however inefficient, however much of a paltroon he may be, he keeps merit, decision of character and bravery at a respectful distance below him, till death, which never catches cowards till a late day, relieves the service from the incubus. Though what as yet has been effected amounts to but little, we hope the doctrine of advancement by merit will never be abandoned until every person in the navy is made eligible to its highest and most honorable posts.

☞ The Courier now refuses to give Mr Polk any credit in the settlement of the Oregon question, for bringing England to terms she had five times rejected; nor will it admit that the patriotism of our people as shown in their volunteering, had any effect upon that government. It says the news of the volunteering could not have gone out by the Great Western, from New York, to have had any effect, because she did not arrive till after the proposition to settle had been sent; nor by the Boston steamer, because it sailed from Boston within four or five days after Gen. Taylor called for volunteers, and that was not sufficient time for Mr Packenham to have learned about the volunteering. The editor seems fully determined we shall adopt his clairvoyant explanation—or perhaps as he calls on us for guesnade, he would be satisfied with an equally probable explanation, that they had heard of Gen. Scott. Will the Courier tell us why England concluded to settle on terms she had so many times rejected?

☞ The Lowell postmaster's confirmation, the Courier says it gave upon common report, but it is nevertheless true. Perhaps it is and perhaps it is not.—Since the alleged confirmation we inquired of the member of the Senate who promised to lay the facts of Mr Seavy's case before that body, and he informed us that he did not know—that if he was confirmed, he went through with the crowd during the rush and confusion of business at the end of the session, when it was impossible to know who was being acted on, and consequently to make any objections. If he is confirmed, he may thank the fates that he was held off to so late an hour, that in the medly, no one could lay his case before the Senate.

☞ The Boston folks in their "*rinctum*" which came off at breaking ground for the Long Pond Water Works, were so particular to have everything propitious that they went to some trouble to get the Rev. Mr *Waterston* to make a prayer. The shovel used in breaking ground was of polished steel, had a rose-wood handle, with silver engraved plates thereon. Mayor Quincy threw the first shovel-full, J. Q. Adams the next, then Mr Curtis, and then the Boston Editors went into the business promiscuously, and Buckingham of the Courier beat them all, which will not surprise those familiar with his former experience in "throwing dirt."

☞ Another Number of Frosts' Pictorial History of the World has been supplied us by Merrill & Heywood. This work is to be completed in 30 numbers at 25 cents each—will when bound make a library of history within itself.

Just as we supposed.

A correspondant of the Crouotype inquires of the New York Tribune whether it would support a slaveholder for President in 1848.

Mr Greely replies:

"Sir: our ground was chalked out long ago. We shall support that one among the candidates who appears to have a chance for success, and *whose election will be likely to effect the most good and prevent the most evil.*

* * * * "We should prefer that our candidate for the next President should be opposed to the existence as well as the extension of Slavery; we should like to have him a Teetotaler, a rigid observer of all the Commandments, the advocate of protection to Home Industry, of National Internal Improvements, of Perpetual Peace, economical Government, a retrenchment of our Naval and Military force to the lowest possible limit, with liberal payment to the Soldiers and Sailors as well as to the Officers, so that men should always be ready to serve the Country. We very greatly desire that our candidate should favor the disposal of Public Lands to actual settlers only in limited quantities, inalienable to other than landless persons. Yet we shall not very probably, find a candidate who regards all these questions just as we do; and we shall support that one having a chance for success, who is our judgment comes nearest to our standard."

Here is the whig press which has claimed more anti-slavery men than any other in the country. The amount is, he will support the whig candidate that will get the most votes, slaveholder or not; for certainly, in his view, the whig party would "effect the most good and prevent the most evil." And he has declared that Henry Clay is his "first choice." What chance has Liberty upon such principles? None at all. *Essex Transcript*, [*abolition.*]

Would the Tribune's satellite, the Lowell Courier, support a slaveholder for President? We answer for it, yes; it may groan over slavery with the Tribune, to catch the abolition votes, but its tears, and sighs, and whining will, at last, all be brought to bear to make a slaveholder President, if that be the decree of the whig party. Out upon such hypocritical cant!

☞ We have recently received through the Mail several No.'s of the "Literary Emporium" published at New York by J. K. Wellmon. Each number has a steel plate engraving and a floral illustration. It is handsomely printed, on fair type and excellent paper. It is certainly equal if not superior to the everlasting trashy gentlemen's and ladies' magazines of the day—whose only merit consist in containing an article now and then from the diamond pointed pens of Men of Genius—grains of salt to whole pounds of incipient putrescense. From the same source we get two numbers of the "*Young People's Magazine*" published as above and edited by the original JACK DOWNING, Seba Smith, Esq. The August No. has a really beautiful plate, "The Parents' Hope," and a floral illustretion. The editor gives to the pages of this magazine by his own matter and judicious selections an attraction rarely encountered in publications professedly for the young — In the August number we observe among other poetical selections, the "Wreck of the Hesperus" by Longfellow, and "Summer" by Leigh Hunt. Cannot the publisher send us all the back Nos.? We will do them justice.

INSTRUCTIVE AND AMUSING EXHIBITION.—Mr Colton offers an entertainment at the City Hall, next Monday evening, which, for interest and attractiveness cannot be excelled. The first part will consist of an EXHIBITION and EXPLANATION of the whole operation of *Prof. Morse's Telegraph.* Miss S. G. Bagley will assist in the practical part of the subject. The *Telegraph wires and Galvanic batteries* will be put up in the Hall, Mr Colton occupying one part, and Miss Bagley another, and then communications will be sent on the wires between them.—After this, Mr Colton will give, with a splendid apparatus, a series of Brilliant experiments in CHEMISTRY and NATURAL PHILOSOPHY—among which he offers a five dollar piece of gold, to any one who has strength to take it from a dish of water, when the water is connected with a Magnetic machine. For the other experiments, see the bills of the day, and the advertisement. Any two of them are worth the price of a ticket.

☞ The whig editor of the N. H. Telegraph says that "PUTTY is the word." The whig editors generally seem to be of the same opinion about these times. If the reader of whig newspapers will read "*putty*" when they find the word "ruin" they will have a better idea of the actual state of things—as for example:

PUTTY—Plogson of Undershot, the great manufacturer of Gum, has stopped his extensive works on account of the passage of the new Tariff Bill. What do the Loco-focos think of *Putty* now?—*Whig Thunderbolt & Bunglown Courier.*

THE PRESIDENT—Left Washington Wednesday morning with his family, in the steamer Osceola for *Fortress Munroe.* We learn from the Union he has been but once out of the District of Columbia since he reached Washington in February, 1845—and that was last year when he visited Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington.—James K. Polk is a *working man.*

THE WAREHOUSING BILL Mr Secretary Walker has issued a circular in regard to the provisions of the new Warehousing bill. All goods imported previous to the passage of the act, are excluded from the benefits of its provisions, and must pay the duties enforced by the act of 1842. The circular describes the minutiæ of action under the new bill, and it is to be a general guide for the officers of customs throughout the Union.

☞ The Courier compliments us for fidelity to Democratic principles, even when we have no prospect of what to him would be a satisfactory reward—spoils.

☞ Bent & Bush open their fall style of hats this day, at their old stand, No. 30 Central Street.—They do manufacture a superb article.

☞ Long Pond is hereafter to be called Lake *Coche-lu-ale*, the word means "great, eminent, sweet, clean, and *a plenty of it.*"

☞ It is said that Tomatoes, one of the best vegetables in the Philadelphia markets, are selling at *fifteen cents* per bushel, and excellent ones at that.

☞ Mr Clay, late candidate for the presidency, is at the Blue Lick Springs.

☞ In New Orleans they have jugged *Buffo Dixon* for disturbing the city and fighting.

☞ N. P. Willis, Esq. has been staying some time in the pleasant town of Worcester.

☞ There was a slight frost in this region on Tuesday night last, the 18th inst.—*Dover Gazette.*

Important from Havana and Mexico.—Departure of Santa Anna, Almonte and Rejon for Mexico.

By the *Adelaide*, at New York from Havana, the New York papers have advices from Mexico brought by the British steamer Dee, which arrived at Havana on the 7th inst., having left Vera Cruz on the 31st ult. The dates are to the 9th inst. from Havana, and to the 28th from the city of Mexico, and the news is interesting and important.

The city of Vera Cruz, including the garrison of St. Juan d'Ullos, had "pronounced" against the government of Paredes, *and in favor of Santa Anna.*—Upon the receipt of this news at Havana, Santa Anna accompanied by Generals Almonte and Rejon, departed,—the next day—in the British steamer Arab, for Vera Cruz.

The New York Sun says:

Santa Anna and his former ministers of State have thus rushed into Mexico at a moment when all idea of such a step had vanished from the public mind. They have seized the most auspicious moment for a vigorous and successful effort to regain their lost power. Paredes will probably abandon the Capitol on their approach, if he does not actually transfer the government over to them. Santa Anna and Almonte have proved themselves the most sagacious, and certainly the wisest statesmen. Their acquaintance with the Anglo Saxon race enabled them to foresee a very different termination of the Oregon dispute from that which Paredes anticipated. There expectations have been realized, and they now return to Mexico at a moment when the evidences of their wisdom are staring their countrymen in the face—at a moment when the Olive Branch of peace it offered by a conquering power marching to the very gates of their Capitol. The offer of peace would get to Mexico a few days after Santa Anna and and Almonte arrived there. It would follow them to the Capitol. This was probably known to them before they set out.

From the Gospel Fountain

The Universalist Church in Shirley Village has been re-modelled, greatly improved, and will be dedicated to the only true God, next week on Thursday, (27th inst.)

Br. T. S. King is about to commence his labors as Pastor of the Universalist Society in Charlestown, Mass.

The orchestra of the 2d Universalist Church is soon to be supplied with an organ.

Br. Thomas Star King will preach at the desk of the First Universalist Society in this city next Sunday (to-morrow.)

Br. C. H. Fay will occupy the desk of the Third Society to-morrow.

Br. Miner, by request, will deliver a discourse to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, occasioned by the death of Mrs Nancy M. Carr.

MIDDLESEX CATTLE SHOW. John G. Palfrey, Esq., Secretary of the Commonwealth, will deliver the Address at the next Anniversary of the Middlesex Agricultural Society, in this town, on the first Wednesday in October.—*Concord Freeman.*

THE ELECTION. For the first time in many years, Louisville has elected a Locofoco candidate to the Legislature. This will surprise many of our readers abroad.—*Louisville Journal.*

☞ We understand that Gen Cass has accepted an invitation to deliver a lecture before a literary institution in this city, in November.—*Post.*

Police Court.

August 20.

Julia A. Elliott, common drunkard, fined $5 and cost, and if not paid in one day 3 months in the House of Correction.

August 21.

John Freeman, violation of Licence Law—recognized in the sum of $200, to appear at the Oct. term of C. C. P.

John Freeman, for keeping a bowling alley—recognized in the sum of $200 for appearance at the same Court.

Daniel Hart, vagabond, 6 months House of Correction.

August 22.

Daniel McIntosh, drunkenness, fined $5 and costs to be paid in two days, or 3 months in the House of Correction.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Ruince, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

IS YOUR LIVER DISEASED,

You may find relief if you will but try in time. Our Agent has just received the following:

New Jersey, Bordentown, Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir: I am well aware that persons of every age, sex, and condition in life, in every part of the country, have used, and been benefitted, by DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. My own life has been saved with it. My father's and my mother's family were both consumptive. My father, mother, and a sister, died with that fatal disease. For some years I have been predisposed to it myself. About one year ago I was quite sick for a number of weeks, confined to my bed when the pain in my side would allow me to lay. My physician pronounced my disease Liver Complaint; my liver was very much enlarged, I raised blood several times; the pain in my side was so severe that the cars passing in the street by the door affected me. I was cupped, bled, and had various other remedies applied, but all to no purpose; I got no relief; at last my physician said he could not cure me. I expected to die soon, but providentially I heard of, and obtained a bottle of your Balsam, which relieved me at once. I was encouraged to persevere in using it, until I took four or five bottles, which saved my life and cured me. My health is now good. For Liver Complaints I believe it is a most certain cure. Signed,

MARTHA H. BECHTEL.

I am acquainted with Mrs. Bechtel; her statement is true. Signed by WHITALL STOKES, Druggist. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&raug20ap14.

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR.—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I send for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Linament. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jal1

☞ BOALE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair.* For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tfadvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

☞ A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

Mr James Kidder, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 a&p6mchn aug22

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug. 20, by Rev. Amos Blanchard, Mr. James S. Stevens and Miss Louisa Colby.

In this city, Aug. 19th, by Rev. Dr. Putnam of Roxbury, John Kebler, Esq., of Cincinnati, to Miss Lucy Eliot Abbott, daughter of the late Rev. Jacob Abbot, of Windham, N. H.

In this city, 13th inst., Mr Simon T. Fletcher, of Carlisle, to Miss Alvira Billings, of L.

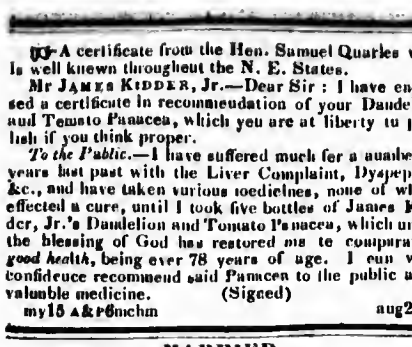
At Acton, by Rev. Mr Woodbury, Mr Luther Piper to Miss Betsey, daughter of Simeon Conant, all of Acton.

DIED.

In this city, Aug. 18, Judson Osgood, son of J. J. and Emeline H. Judkins, aged 2 months.

In Groton, Aug. 16th, of consumption, Mr Jerome M. Shattuck, 29.

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Flemish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous American Brass Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr Van Amburgh, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞ Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22tS11

TELEGRAPH EXHIBITION.

MR. G. Q. COLTON, by permission of Professor Morse, will give a Lecture upon and an Exhibition of the ELECTRO-MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH, at the City Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 24th, 1846.

Mr Colton has the pleasure to announce that Miss S. G. Baoley will assist him in the practical demonstration of the subject. That the whole operation with all its apparent mysteries may be understood, Mr. Colton and Miss Bagley will occupy different parts of the Hall, each having a Telegraph, with *Wires* extending between them. Communications will then be exchanged (by Telegraph) as between Lowell and Boston,—the whole operation being explained.

After which, a great variety of *Philosophical Experiments* will be given, with full explanations, selected with a view to *surprise, astonish* and *instruct*—(none for amusement only)—or to offer as many rational attractions as possible to a thinking audience. For particulars see the bills. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. Tickets 12½ cents. aug22atf

HATS! HATS!

Fall Fashion Hats will be introduced this day at No. 33, Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.
Lowell, August 22, 1846. aug22atf

TO BE LET, and possession given immediately, a Dwelling House on Chapel Hill, adjoining the residence of Judge Locke. The house has been recently repaired and contains all the conveniences for a genteel family. Inquire of Hon. JOSEPH LOCKE, or of the subscriber in Billerica.
aug22a3t* ZADOCK HOWE.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS never all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhea and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or *King's Evil* and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.

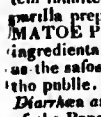
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&ptoct14

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *This Day.*



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. CAROLINE, Long, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug22

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&plec16

LOWELL MUSEUM.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!!—New performers of acknowledged talent of the highest order.

The proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing an engagement, regardless of expense, for a short time, with the following performers, comprising a variety of talent of the highest order—C. W. HUNT, Mrs. C. W. HUNT, Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, the beautiful child of Avon, Mass. FREDERICK PHILLIPS, Miss REES, and Mast. A. PHILLIPS—all from the Boston Museum and Athenæum.

On MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 17, and every evening through the week, except Saturday evening, commencing at 8½ o'clock. On Saturday evening, there will be a Grand Musical Melange by the whole company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cts.

No boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. aug20

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the Fall Fashion for Hats, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*
Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 20th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ELISHA COREY, of Groton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Corey, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirty-first day of August, inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
aug20 A3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 17th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in said county, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Peters will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the twenty-eighth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Peters, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
aug18 A3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 18th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Conant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the first day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Conant and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
aug18 A3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS G. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than One Hundred Thousand Pairs, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for Cash or Credit, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2aw2awcow

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.
aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.
aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.
aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

July 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.
aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

July 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Branch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.
aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have under consideration certain Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.
August 11, 1846. aug18stawg31

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26a3m



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&ptf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

REMOVAL,

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of CALVIN BACHELDER, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, physician, an insolvent debtor; and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Bachelder will be holden at the office of Josiah G. Abbott, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for said County of Middlesex, in Mansur's Building, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-fourth day of August inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims, and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

MOSES KIMBALL, Assignee.
Lowell, August 10, 1846. aug18a3t

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Amlover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.
August 15, 1846. aug18atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 1 o'clock, p.m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and in Book, names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾ A. M.

Leave Boston at 2, 4½, and 6 P. M., and 2½ p.m.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 10¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES, *Made at No.* 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyaprl4

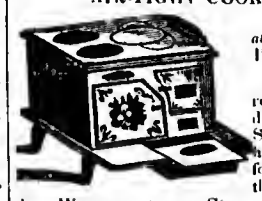
LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2oc

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. jy30tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By John Weaver.
Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug18a1m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

Office—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Sale of Building Lots.

On FRIDAY, Aug. 28, at 3 o'clock, on the premises,—From 10 to 20 pleasant House Lots, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street, south of Dana Lot.

Said Lot contain each from 3000 to 5000 square feet. The terms of payment are as follows:—$25 to be paid on the delivery of the deed, the balance in three annual payments with interest annually; if the purchaser builds within one year, the cash payment will be refunded and the whole made payable as above stated.

For particulars enquire of the auctioneer.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street, near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or hort cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co.; and L. N. Tower. may14a&ptly

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlyms9

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on approved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and nymphomatic impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, [illegible] the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a2[illegible]

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all prepretions purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kiddar, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more then three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient sees though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that thro ars at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dengerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," that any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aly jan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jy20.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞* *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wafully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The [illegible] snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, bath acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of this country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received from [illegible] recommend it to all who are suffering from similar complaints.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

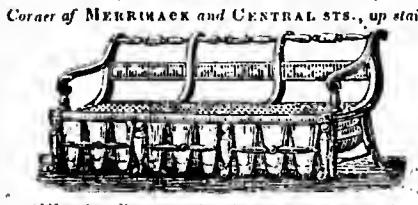
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞* PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr1 adv&qarly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS.

Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

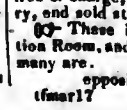
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSHURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, my human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.,

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TREDOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Hands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridg street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 20 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried everything in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperieet or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nervos, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headachs, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure end have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. s&p6masapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced in the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjun29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Cloth, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26A1y6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 100.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

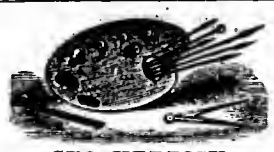
☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

COSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEBARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD. atf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
and STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseus, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN BENNETT'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ty.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfnpr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tflec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS.
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11 Atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last two years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past; my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. R. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain to the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most inveterate diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. n&plyang30

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality: the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18 Atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply8

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je8 Atf 59, Central St.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. u&plynov3

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co.. and L. N. Towee. may14a&p1y

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. RUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age, forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 20	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$20 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	431 53	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	378 45	55 76	1780
			1840	691 85	270 20	39 70	1 88
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTe&Sremly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

Summer.

BY LEIGH HUNT.

The months we used to read of
Have come to us again,
With sunniness and sunniness
And rare delights of rain;
The lark is up and says aloud,
East and west I see no cloud.

The lanes are full of roses,
The fields are grassy deep;
The leafiness and floweriness
Make one abundant heap;
The balmy, blossom-breathing airs
Smell of future plums and pears.

The sunshine at our waking
Is still found smiling by;
With beamingness and earnestness,
Like some beloved eye;
And all that day it seems to take
Delight in being wide awake.

The leaves in the gardens
Show forth their heads of hair,
With rosiness and lightsomeness
A chaoing here and there:
And then they'll hear the birds and stand,
And shade their eyes with lifted hand.

And then again they're off there,
As if their lovers came,
With giddiness and gladsomeness,
Like doves but newly tame.
Ah! light your cheeks at Nature, do,
And draw the whole world after you.

From Hunt's Merchants' Magazine.

A HAMBURGH MERCHANT IN HIS COUNTING-HOUSE.

It was not six o'clock, yet I was already pacing my room with hasty and anxious strides, and my fellow lodgers must certainly have regretted my vicinity, in that I was the indiscreet disturber of their morning repose. Was ever poor author, through unforseen circumstances, betrayed into a more vexatious dilemma than was I at that moment, in the free Hanse Town of Hamburgh? My exchequer was exhausted, and my departure yet to be effected, with not a red cent left in my pocket. Mr Marr, my friendly host, is good and kind-hearted, and not the man to eat an unpaid account immediately from one's skin; but the Pussian Schellpost takes no passengers on credit, and on the next day, without fail, I must forth to Berlin. For the twentieth time had I rummaged through my letter-case, in the hope of that some shrinking treasure-certificate, some modest letter of credit, might have crept into a corner, but in vain! Stop! what paper is that? It is a letter which a well-wishing patron has given me, and which I have negligently omitted to present. The address is quite simple—"Herr Mohrfeld, Deich-street."—I breathed aloud, "Perhaps this is the man from whom help is to reach me." I remembered that my patron had described him as the head of a very eminent mercantile house, whose acquaintance would greatly advantage me. Speedily did I come to a decision, dressed myself, and with the stroke of eight left the hotel for Deich-street, where I expected my rescuing angel to appear to me. Stop! here, at the hop-market, I must pause a moment. Yonder is a short thick-set man, in a blue overcoat, with badly combed brown hair, and whose ruddy face has a blunt and taciturn expression. He has bought a good fish, sent a porter away with it, and pursues his walk. He has his hands crossed behind him—his eyes cast upon the ground—and with a low humming, turns into the Deich street. Without his taking any notice of one, we strode together, and at last both stood still before the same house. There he recovered from his thoughtful manner, and looking steadily at me, asked in a suppressed tone, "Do you wish to speak with any one here?" Vexed that so ordinary-looking a man should address me with so little ceremony, I answered with some haughtiness, "I have business with the house of Mohrfeld." He smiled, and then said earnestly, "I am Mohrfeld!" What! and from this man, who buys his own fish, and appears in a threadbare coat, am I to expect help? Is this mean-looking personage the only dependence, in respect of his purse, of his novel writing guest? But he was the only anchor of hope to which I could cling. With lightning haste I removed my hat, and said, with a most respectful air, "Pardon me! I had till now not the honor—I have"—here I drew the letter from my pocket—"a commision to deliver this letter." Herr Mohrfeld interrupted me, "Not now; by and by I will speak with you in the counting-room; you must, however, wait awhile. Come"—he stepped into the house, and I followed. In the great hall, all was activity. There were two great scales, on which workmen were weighing coffee, as a clerk stood by with his memorandum book. Mr Mohrfeld looked on silently for a few moments, and was passing on, when a laborer threw down a bag of coffee in a manner to burst it, and scatter the berries upon the floor. "What gross carelessness!" hastily exclaimed the merchant; and stooping to collect the scattered coffee, continued, "Gather it all up, and put it again in the sack. Then have it properly mended, and you, Mr Moller, see that the bag is weighed afterwards, and if there is a loss, charge the amount to this improvident man. It shall be deducted from his week's pay."

"That is hard," said the man. "Only a little coffee"—

"Only a little coffee!" answered the merchant, quickly. "He who despises trifles, is not worthy of great things; out of eight and forty shillings is composed a thaler; and to one good vintage many warm days are necessary. Sir! not worth the trouble? Negligence is a great failing, in the smallest particular, displays his carelessness, discharge him on the spot. I make you answerable."

"Great God!" thought I, "for a handful of coffee, will he deprive a man of his bread? How hard! how cruel! how will it go with me?"

A young man, dressed with great elegance, came now out of the office, bowed to the merchant, and was about to pass out of the door, but at a look from his employer stood still.

"What an appearance you make," said Mohrfeld, disdainfully. "Is there to be a ball in my counting-house; and where were you yesterday evening? If I am not in error, you were carvetting on a palfrey out at the Damm Door, and had no time to observe your employer, who passed you on foot."

"I beg a thousand pardons," answered the young man, turning blood-red in his face. "I"—

"So good!" interrupted Mohrfeld. "I have nothing to do with that which my people do out of business hours, if they perform their duties punctually. But with you it is different. You have a poor mother who suffers for necessaries; three uneducated brothers, two of whom I met

yesterday barefoot, and that at a time of life when they should be in school. It would be more honor to you to attend to that, and to take care of your brothers, instead of dressing in the latest fashion, and capering upon a saddle-horse. Go to your business, sir."

The young man became purple in the face, withdrew himself backwards like a crab, and vanished through the door. The merchant strode through the store, and entered the counting-room, where I followed him. What a sight! a long and rather gloomy hall presented itself, with numerous desks, behind each of which stood a person busily writing or reckoning, and of whom I counted thirty. In an adjoining room sat many more. Not far from the door sat a rather elderly man at a counter, and near him stood several iron chests, and the association drew from me a deep sigh.

"Well, Mr Casten," said the merchant, as he approached his cashier, "what news?" "But little," answered he, quietly. "There is a demand for bills. We have, however, nothing to spare. In Livonia we have nothing, and on Genoa and Venice we have not more than our three ships loading for those ports require. Two value on New York, and one on Havana, that will be wanted, and I have notified them. Can you use any Copenhagen or Swedish paper at the current rates?" "No! there must be as little funds as possible as possible locked up in paper. I shall need a large cash balance. Remember that." He passed on, and stood before a desk. "Were the goods sent yesterday on board the Artemisia, Mr Kohler?" he asked. "Are the policies for the Pleil taken out, and has Captain Heysen got his papers?" "It is all attended to," said the Clerk. "Here is the bill of lading; here the policy, and the receipt of the captain."—"Good; your punctuality pleases me. Go on, method is the soul of business. Take care of that sand, however. It has a slovenly appearance to see it so scattered as on your desk."

Mr Mohrfeld had now arrived at his desk, which was secluded from the main hall by a rail. He pointed me to a chair, and began to examine some letters that had waited his coming. A deep silence now pervaded the room, which was broken only by the monotonous scratching of many quills. No loud word was spoken, and seldom a suppressed whisper was heard. No notice was taken of me; not a word was addressed to me, nor was a curious glance directed towards me. The merchant read through his letters, and called several young men to him, giving directions, but receiving no answers. "At one o'clock, all must be ready for signature. You, Mr Becker, must take care that no more errors creep into your French letters. You are too quick, too hasty. Take example of Mr Hart—his English letters are a master correspondence. Above all, I observe lately in your letters a worthless innovation. You use a pompous, verbose style, and employ three lines where three words are sufficient. Abandon that. A flowery style is always a folly, and especially so in mercantile letters; but it comes from the senseless novels and romances that you are eternally reading, and which will yet incapacitate you for every useful employment. I have warned you—take care for the future."

[Continued.]

☞ We have received from the Agent, FREDERICK PARKER, Esq., the "*Charter and By-Laws of the New England Health Insurance Company, Norwich, Conn.*" We extract the following from some practical observations in the concluding pages of the little pamphlet.

"The New England Health Insurance Company having fixed the premium at the low rate of *Five Dollars* per annum, which places it within the reach of every citizen to secure to himself the sum of Four Dollars per week during sickness or inability to attend to his ordinary occupation. It also entitles the insured to the privilege of one share of stock, by paying Five Dollars in cash and giving his note for Twenty Dollars, and to a share of its profits in case he is not a stockholder. After the amount of the nett earnings of the company is ascertained, six per cent. interest must first be paid on the amount paid in on the capital stock,—the balance is to be divided; one half of which is to be applied on the stock notes, and the remaining one half is to be divided between the stockholders and those insured by the company. Thus this institution presents stronger claims to the support and confidence of the public than the many benevolent associations of the day, from the fact that it will reproduce to those who avail themselves of its beneficient operations, a sum nearly sufficient to secure its benefits for another year. The institution was incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Connecticut, in May 1846, is under its special supervision, and is required to make an annual return of its condition to the Legislature. It was organized by, and is under the direction of our wealthiest and most respectable citizens, whose reputation for integrity and prudence is a sufficient guaranty that the affairs of the company will be managed prudently, and its charitable offices fully and fairly dispensed."

See Mr. Parker's advertisement in another column.

Schooner run down by the Steamship Hibernia and six lives lost.

Extract of the Steamship Hibernia's Log. from Boston to Halifax.—"*August 16th*—At 3 P. M. left Boston Harbor, it was then clear; at 4 P. M. a thick fog; at 8 P. M. thick fog, run foul of the Schooner Main, 53 tons burthen, of Cohasset; stopped the engine, lowered down a boat, and succeeded in saving five of the crew—the remaining six perished. The names of those perished are, Joshua Litchfield, master; M. Litchfield, and son; Martin Wheelright; H. Richardson, boy; and E. Lincoln, boy."

RANK LOCOFOCOISM. The Brooklyn Eagle says, if the following passage from Paley's Philosophy had appeared in the writings of George Bancroft, the whigs, one and all, would have denounced it as rank locofocoism:—"It is a mistake to suppose that the rich man maintains his servants, tradesmen, tenants, and laborers; the truth is they maintain him. It is their industry which supplies his table, furnishes his wardrobe, builds his houses, adorns his equipage, provides his amusements. It is not his estate, but the labor employed upon it, that pays his rent. All that he does, is to distribute what others produce; which is the least part of the business."

☞ We learn from the Little Rock (Ark.) Democrat, that the penitentiary at that place was fired by some of the prisoners on the 30th ult, and completely destroyed. The object of the incendiaries, it is said, was to effect their escape, in which, however, they failed, as all the prisoners were immediately secured and transferred to the county jail, except one, named Morgan, who was shot dead as he rushed from the building, with a knife in his hand.

☞ The store of Josiah Bradlee & Co., No. 84 India street, Boston, was entered, the safe opened by false keys and a pocket book containing $728 stolen. Another store near by was also entered, but the theives found nothing.

Gov. DORR is said to be dangerously ill at the residence of the Olney Ballou, at Cumberland R. I. about fifteen miles from Providence.

☞ Eppes, the supposed murderer of Mr Muir, is said to have been arrested in Virginia.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Tariff.

[Concluded.]

Hold firm, then, democratic laborers, to your principles! Await with coolness and composure the shock! Be not carried away in the whirlwind of excitement! This is a subject that most essentially concerns you. Wait then for the teachings of experience, and look calmly and considerately to the "conclusion of the whole matter." The realities of the panic which will come, *as they will say*, in consequence of the new tariff, although in fact having no connection with it, will be much less severe than the anticipated evils, as portrayed by interested monopolists. And when the revenue tariff shall have had a fair trial, and time enough to exhibit in its operation its practical effects upon the interests and welfare of the people, you will know by your own observation that your own condition, together with that of the great body of the people, has been *improved*, and consequently that the whig cry about the necessity of a protective tariff, *for the benefit of the laborer*, is a *hypocritical humbug*. From that time the theory of the protectionists will be exploded; this stumbling block of democracy will be destroyed, and this magic rod of the tariff question, which, it cannot be denied, has in times past, frightened, coerced and broken the New England Democracy, in all closely contested elections, will have been stricken from the hands that have wielded it, and deprived of its power forever.

As to the subject of laboring men's wages, out of which much opposition to the new tariff will be attempted to be made, it is clear that they cannot be essentially affected one way or the other by this tariff. Wages in some departments of industry may or may not be reduced. But if they be reduced, it will be the inevitable result of causes independent of the change in the tariff. The price of labor is fixed by the same natural law that regulates the prices of all commodities, to wit: by the supply as proportioned to the demand. Not the demand in manufacturing alone comes into the account, but the *whole* demand for labor in all branches of industry, as proportioned to the whole number of laborers, constitutes the rule by which the wages of labor are ultimately regulated. The manufacturers have always been subject to this rule, and they always will be. They have never paid for labor, one *cent more than they were obliged to pay* in order to secure the requisite number of competent hands.—The tariff certainly cannot change their disposition in this respect. Nor can any one seriously think that the change in the tariff will reduce the aggregate amount of industry, or increase the number of laborers in the country. The most it can do, is to change in some degree the channels of industry; there may be more labor in the field and less in the factory; but it will be no less productive, because it pursues the path pointed out by the unerring guide of natural laws, instead of being *forced* into other channels by restrictive laws of human invention. As the new tariff, therefore, *cannot*, in any case, reduce the aggregate demand for labor, it *certainly cannot* reduce wages. Should it in any degree create a necessity for a change of occupation, (and there is no probability of this, even,) no serious evil will result, for 'tis the pride of the free American laborer, as well as the sure foundation of his independence, that he can turn his hand to any employment, and readily change from one occupation to another without loss or inconvenience.

But even these changes of employment will not be required by the operation of the new tariff. No one really believes that any manufacturing interest, which is in any degree essential to the welfare of any considerable class of the people, will be so seriously affected that it cannot be carried on prosperously, and so that those engaged in it may realize, if not large dividends of twenty or thirty per cent, at least reasonable and sufficient returns upon the capital invested. If manufacturing can be carried on at a reasonable profit, there will be no lack of either money or men to continue the business to any extent that the wants of the country demand. Certainly so far as the manufacturers generally of New England are concerned, the worst that can result to them from the change in the tariff, will be some reduction of enormous and unreasonably large dividends, which manufacturing capitalists have been receiving, to fair remunerating profits. And as the amount of the reduction of their dividends will increase, to the same extent, the amount remaining in the pockets of the mass of people, the capitalists must be content with a reasonable share of the profits of industry, and acquiesce in a measure that promotes the general welfare. But there is, and will be, much more *talk* than *reality* about the effect of the new tariff. Upon nearly all the minor articles of New England manufactures, the tariff remains at about the same rates as before. Upon boots and shoes, the manufacture of which is one of the most important branches of manufacturing industry, the duty practically remains as high as under the tariff of 1842; and if it were not so, the business could not be essentially affected, for in those branches of this business, in which the American manufacturers are principally employed, they can defy competition with the world, even without any tariff at all. Then as to the manufacturers of cottons and woolens, in which the people of the city of Lowell feel most deeply interested, *they* need no special protection to insure them prosperity. Their condition in this respect was truly and well expressed some thirteen years ago, in an answer given to the late Kirk Boott, Esq., then the intelligent and efficient agent of the principal manufacturing establishment in New England. When GENERAL JACKSON was in Lowell, after having been shown with studied care, the splendid factories, the improved machinery, and all the facilities contrived and perfected for the success of the manufacturing enterprise, together with a bright and beautiful array of female operatives to whom these factories gave employment, he was asked by Mr Boott if he did not think that manufacturers deserved "*protection*. With his deeply reflecting mind, unbiased by the efforts made to magnify the importance of the manufacturing business, and throw around it a *poetic* interest, he replied: "Sir, I think you are able to protect yourselves." In this answer, that keen observer and fore sighted statesmen spoke a great truth relative to New England manufacturers. Thirteen years experience since that time has certainly not lessened their ability to "*protect themselves.*"

There is one other branch of manufactures, which, as it is of some peculiar interest and importance in New England, may deserve a particular notice in this connection. Reference is had to the manufacture of machinery, a business that employs a large number of New England mechanics. Not having the tariff law at hand, I cannot say whether the new tariff is higher or lower than the old one upon this article.—But as the manufacturers of cotton and woollen goods, who have been so particularly concerned lest the *mechanics and laborers* of our own country should suffer from the importation of the products of British laborers, have not scrupled to employ this British labor in the construction of their machinery to the exclusion of the American machinists, and have imported from England, under the tariff of '42, large quantities of machinery thus manufactured, it is a fair deduction from these premises that the new tariff will not be *any worse* for this branch of manufacturing industry.

Finally, it may safely be relied upon, that no important interest will suffer from the operation of the new tariff, any more than is necessary in order to ensure a just and proper equilization of the proceeds of industry: but the mechanic and laboring classes will have great cause to rejoice in the substantial benefits it will confer on them; while all classes, and more particularly those engaged in commercial pursuits, will have cause to be glad, that, as it is more just, so it will be more permanent than any preceeding tariff; and that in fact, by the passage of this act, the tariff policy of the United States is forever settled against the protection of favored classes, by special legislation under cover of a general law. ***

Re-establishment of the Sub-Treasury.

Is it not somewhat remarkable that the whig press is so silent upon this measure being again established? Who does not recollect, in the ever-to-be-remembered campaign of 1840, the alarm that was excited on account of this measure? "Union of the purse and sward" was to be effected by "King Van Buren," in the remodelling of our little army and the passage of the Sub-Treasury. What changes were rung upon these themes! Farewell to Liberty when Van Buren should wield the sword and hold the keys to the treasury. The crown only would be wanting to give him the title which these acts would give him the substance—make him king in name as well as in reality. Compared with the crowned head of Great Britain, his power would be far more potent. Such was the cry against these measures. Nor was this all. This sub-treasury bill, it was said, created an army of office holders, estimated at anywhere from 20,000 to 100,000 persons, as best suited the fancy of the speaker or writer, to be fed at the public crib. The army of office holders created by this bill, was even more alarming and dangerous to the liberties of the people than would be the standing military army, under the control of that wily magician, Martin Van Buren. Such, then, were the alarms sounded. But now there is scarce a word said against the measure! and the bugbears of the '40 campaign are never referred to. Why this change? The same objections exist to a sub-treasury now, that did then. The reason is obvious.—There was not an argument used against it but was based upon a *lie*; and time has shown it. The hundred thousand new office holders have dwindled down to some half dozen sub-treasurers. Instead of its placing the treasures of the nation in the hands of the President, they are no nearer his hands than they always were; and are just where the constitution places them. To be sure it disconnects the government from banks, and places the government funds where, in no emergency, can it be left to the option of a bank to say whether the government *shall* or *shall not*, use its money. And this very disconnection with all banks, putting the government funds where they can at all times be found, and used, without being subject to loss by bank failures, or to be withheld to embarass the government, is one of the best features in the bill.

Martin Van Buren and his firm adherents, through the campaign of '40, may well feel proud that this, his great measure, has been re-established. During the year it was before in operation, not one dollar of the public money was lost. With this fact before the whigs when they repealed it, and the fact that they are now silent, is pretty good evidence that they not only now disbelieve all they then said against this measure, but that they then disbelieved it, and that they would not have repealed the bill had it not been necessary to prevent an exposure of the dishonesty of their opposition to it.

Santa Anna's return to Mexico.

The return of Santa Anna is the cause of considerable speculation. What he will probably do, and whether or not he has returned with an understanding with our government, and what will be his success are as yet, the unsolved problems which there appears to be great anxiety to have expounded. If he has returned to aid Paredes, he can but see that there is no hope of saving Mexico by attempting to cope with the United States, in arms. If he has returned expecting to overthrow Paredes, he will probably succeed, as the Mexicans have learned, ere this, that Paredes cannot protect them, and that their only hope is a new leader or peace. But with Santa Anna at the head of affairs, whether aiding or succeeding Paredes, it seems very probable he will embrace an early opportunity to propose to negotiate for peace with the United States. He has been in a position to see the force of our army and the success it has met in marching against Mexico, and knows it may be increased and strengthened almost indefinitely. With this fact before him, the most natural policy for him to pursue will be to get at the head of affairs, and then settle the war upon the best terms he can, and secure his own power as far as possible.

Whether he returns with the cognizance of our government or not, is all mere speculation, though as Vera Cruz is blockaded we dont well see how he is to get there against the wishes of our government. Time will unfold the mystery.

P.S. Since writing the above, news reaches us, which will be found under the head of "News from the South and Mexico, &c.," conclusively showing, if true, that Santa Anna does not return to aid Paredes.

☞ The whigs and natives are amalgamating in New York city.

The Sub Treasury Bill.

AN ACT to provide for the better organization of the Treasury, and for the collection safe keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public revenue.

Whereas, by the fourth section of the act entitled "Act to establish the Treasury department," approved September second, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, it was provided that it should be the duty of the Treasurer to receive and keep the moneys of the United States, and to disburse the same upon warrants drawn by the secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the Comptroller, and recorded by the Register, and not otherwise; and whereas it is found necessary to make further provisions to enable the Treasurer the better to carry into effect the intent of the said section in relation to the receiving and disbursing the public moneys of the United States: Therefore—

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the rooms prepared and provided in the new Treasury buildings at the seat of Government for the use of the Treasurer of the United States, his assistants and clerks and occupied by them, and also the fire-proof vaults and safes erected in said rooms for the keeping of the public moneys in the possession and under the immediate control of said treasurer, *and such other apartments as are provided for in this act as places of deposite of the public money*, are hereby constituted, and declared to be, the Treasury of the United States. *And all moneys paid into the same shall be subject to the draft of the Treasurer, drawn agreeably to appropriations made by law.*

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the mint of the United States, in the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, and the branch mint in the city of New Orleans in the state of Louisiana, and the vaults and safes thereof, respectively, shall be places of deposit and safe keeping of the public moneys at these points, respectively; and the Treasurer of the said joint and branch mint, respectively, for the time being, *shall be assistant Treasurer under the provision of this act, and* shall have the custody and care of all public moneys deposited within the same, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them, in reference to the receipt, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursements of all such moneys, according to the provisions hereinafter contained.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the rooms which were directed to be prepared and provided within the custom houses in the city of New York, in the state of New York, and in the city of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, for the use of receivers general of the public moneys, under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide for the collection, sale keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public revenue," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, shall be for the assistant treasurers hereinafter directed to be appointed at those places respectively: as shall also be the fire-proof vaults and safes prepared and provided within said rooms for the keeping of the public moneys collected and deposited with them respectively; and the assistant treasurers, from time to time, appointed at those points, shall have the custody and care of the said rooms, vaults and safes, respectively, and of all the public moneys deposited within the same and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them in reference to the receipt, safe keeping, transfer and disbursement of all such moneys, according to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the offices, with suitable and convenient rooms, which were directed to be erected, prepared, and provided for the use of receivers general of public money, at the expense of the United States, at the city of Charleston, in the state of South Carolina, and at the City of St. Louis, in the state of Missouri, under the act entitled "An act to provide for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public revenue," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, shall be for the use of the *assistant treasurers* hereinafter directed to be appointed at the places above named—as shall also the fire proof vaults and safes erected within the said offices and rooms for the keeping of the public money collected and deposited at those points, respectively; and the said *assistant treasurers* from time to time appointed at those places, shall have the custody and care of the said offices, vaults and safes, erected, prepared and provided as aforesaid, and of all the public moneys deposited within the same, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them in reference to the receipt, safe keeping, transfer and disbursement of all such moneys, according to the provisions hereinafter contained.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint four officers, to be denominated "*assistant treasurers of the United States*," which said officers shall hold their respective offices for the term of four years—unless sooner removed therefrom—one of which shall be located at the city of New York, in the state of New York—one other of which shall be located at the city of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts—one other of which shall be located at the city of Charleston, in the state of South Carolina—and one other at St. Louis, in the state of Missouri. And all of which said officers shall give bonds to the United States, with sureties, according to provisions herein after contained, for the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of the United States, the treasurer of the mint of the United States, the treasurers and those acting as such, of the various branch mints, all collectors of the customs, all surveyors of the customs, acting also as collectors, all assistant treasurers, all receivers of public moneys at the several land offices, all postmasters, and all public officers of whatsoever character, be and they are hereby required to keep safely, without loaning, using, depositing in banks or exchanging for other funds than is allowed by this act, all the public money collected by them, or otherwise at any time, placed in their possession and custody, till the same is ordered, by the proper department or officer of the government, to be transferred or paid out; and when such orders for transfer or payment are received, faithfully and promptly to make the same as directed, and to do and perform all other duties as fiscal agents of the government which may be imposed by this or any other acts of Congress, or by any regulation of the Treasury department made in conformity to law; and also to do and perform all acts required by law, or by direction of any of the executive departments of the government, as agents for paying pensions, or for making any other disbursements which either of the heads of those departments may be required by law to make, and which are of a character to be made by the depositaries hereby constituted, consistently with the other official duties imposed upon them.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of the United States, the treasurer of the mint of the United States, the treasurer of the branch mint of New Orleans, and all the assistant treasurers hereinbefore directed to be appointed, shall respectively give bonds to the United States faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices according to law, and for such amounts as shall be directed by the Secretary of the treasury, with sureties to the satisfaction of the Solicitor of the Treasury; and shall from time to time, renew, strengthen and increase their official bonds, as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct, any law in reference to any of the official bonds of the said officers to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasurer, at an early a day as possible after the passage of this act, to require from the several depositories hereby constituted, and whose official bonds are not herein before provided for, to execute bonds, new and suitable in their terms, to meet the new and increased duties imposed upon them, respectively, by this act, and with sureties and in sums such as shall seem reasonable and state to the Solicitor of the Treasury; and, from time to time, to require such bonds to be renewed and increased in amount, and strengthened by new sureties, to meet any increasing responsiblity which may grow out of accumulations of money in the hands of the depositary, or out of any other duty or responsibility arising under this or any other law of Congress.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all collectors and receivers of public money, of every character and description, within the District of Columbia, shall, as frequently as they may be directed by the Secretary of the treasury, or the Postmaster General, so to do, pay over to the Treasurer of the United States, at the Treasury, all public moneys collected by them, or in their hands; that all such collectors and receivers of public moneys within the cities of Philadelphia and New Orleans shall, upon the same direction, pay over to the treasurers of the mints in their respective cities, at the said mints, all public moneys collected by them, or in their hands; and that all such collectors and receivers of public moneys within the cities of New York, Boston, Charleston and St. Louis shall, upon the same direction, pay over to the assistant treasurers in their respective cities, at their offices respectively, all the public moneys collected by them, or in their hands, to be safely kept by the said respective depositaries until otherwise disposed of according to law; and it shall be the duty of said Secretary and Postmaster General respectively to direct such payments by the said collectors and receivers at all the said places, at least as often as once in each week, and as much more frequently, in all cases, as they in their discretion may think proper.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer the moneys in the hands of any depositary hereby constituted to the Treasury of the United States, to be there safely kept, to the credit of the Treasury of the United States, according to the provisions of this act; and, also, to transfer moneys in the hands of any one depositary constituted by this act to any other depositary constituted by the same, at his discretion, and as the safety of the public moneys and the convenience of the public service shall seem to him to require: which authority to transfer the moneys belonging to the Post Office Department is also hereby conferred upon the Postmaster General, so far as its exercise by him may be consistent with the provisions of existing laws; and every depositary constituted by this act shall keep his account of the money paid to or deposited with him, belonging to the Post Office Department, separate and distinct from the accounts kept by him of other public moneys so paid or deposited.—And for the purpose of payments on the public account, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer of the United States to draw upon any of the said depositaries, as he may think most conducive to the public interests, or to the convenience of the public creditors, or both. *And each depositary so drawn upon shall make returns to the Treasury and Post Office Departments of all moneys received and paid by him, at such times and in such forms as shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Postmaster General.*

[Conclusion in the next number.]

News from the South and Mexico. Reported battle between Paredes and Santa Anna's party.

The Times learns by Telegraph despatches that the Revolution is still going on, and the star of Santa Anna is still in the ascendent. It had broken out in Saint Eubre, in the Department of Guadalaxara. While these movements were going on, General Paredes, who was about prepared to march his army to the north, and engage and rout the army of Gen. Taylor, as has been boldly proclaimed, advanced to meet the forces that have taken sides with Santa Anna. The result was that GEN. PAREDES TROOPS WERE THOROUGHLY ROUTED, AND THEIR COMMANDER, GEN. AREVALLO, KILLED.

A letter on the files of the Exchenge Reading Room, Boston, dated August 1st at Vera Cruz, states that Santa Anna's party have made the following proclamation:—

Resolved. To adopt the plan of the 20th of May, pronounced by the military garrison at Guadalaxara, with the following amendments:

1st. All those who may have been banished for political opinions since the year 1821, are invited to return to the Republic and co-operate in the present movement.

2nd. By this the circumstances of the war with the United States, are to be considered as in nowise changed; but it is for the Congress which will assemble to determine relative thereto, and for the Mexicans to obey their resolutions.

3d. A general invitation is proffered to all those in this department, who may have taken up arms against the existing order of government, to unite in this plan, which has for its object the public weal alone.

4th. As His Excellency Gen. Don Antonio Lopez Santa Anna had the glory to establish the Republic, whatever may have been his errors, he was a firm supporter of public liberty and national honor—for this we proclaim him leader of this great enterprize.

Gen. Taylor was preparing to start for Monterey, at the earliest practicable moment.

Gen. Worth and his brigade had gone to China (a Mexican town), a strong military post of the enemy, and which is supposed to contain a large Mexican force. China is six miles beyond Camargo.

Lieut. Lee has arrived at Charleston, and states that the story of the battle between the Camancho Indians and McCullough's Rangers, is an idle rumor.

EXCITING AND INSTRUCTIVE AMUSEMENT. It will be seen by an advertisement, that Mr Cotton's *Telegraph Exhibition* &c., which drew a crowded house at the *City Hall* last evening, will be repeated to-morrow, Wednesday evening, at the same place. A Balloon is to be inflated and sent up, with a Car filled with dolls; and the power of *Galvanism* shown upon a dead Rat. Mr C. states that the Rat will first be put under the *air Pumps*, till he is dead—then the polls of the *Galvanic Battery* will be applied to its body, and life will be restored. Such an experiment alone, is worth more than the cost of admission *

POST OFFICE AT THE NEW CITY. We learn that a new Post Office has been established at the new manufacturing works in Methuen. It is to be known as "Merrimack Post Office."

GEORGE ALBERT WALDO has been appointed Post Master. A very good appointment, and highly complimentary to the young democracy of this flourishing town. The office will be opened in a few days.

AN EARTHQUAKE? Many of our citizens felt a shock of an earthquake this morning about a quarter of an hour before sunrise. The sound resembled very heavy and distant thunder, accompanied however as powerful electric explosions are *not* by a vibratery motion from the earth beneath. The heaviest buildings rocked, not violently to be sure, like cradles. We learn from several who were abroad at that time that the rumbling seemed to pass from the north to the south.

"The people are asking of the government too much, when they require it to protect its industry, its capital and labor."—*X, in the Courier of Saturday.*

Will X state his reasons for the above? Individually, he may, perhaps, have no interest in having either *industry* or *labor* protected; but is the above proposition true in its broadest sense—and if so, what are what are his arguments in support of it?

THE WARREN ENGINE COMPANY Charlestown, No. 4, will visit this city on Friday as the guests of the Wamesit engine company of this place. We should like to see all our engine companies out on that day. Lowell has one of the best fire departments in the country, and it would be very pleasant to see the members out for a little display, though they shew to best advantage when duty calls them. They dine with our excellent host Major Ferrin of the American House.

AN INTERESTING CASE was tried in one of the Criminal Courts of Bastia, in the Island of Corsica, last June, of which the New York Sun gives the following particulars:—

In 1837, the sister of a seaman in the navy, named Ceprista, was, during the absence of her brother, seduced by a young man named Cæsaroni, under a promise of marriage, but when his victim had become a mother and urged him to do her justice, he refused to keep his engagement. On the return of the brother, the latter indignant at the stain upon the reputation of his family, called on Cæsaroni, and after arguing with him on the point of honor, said, that if he would marry his sister he would give him all the money that he possessed. Cæsaroni replied, that so far from wishing to have money in order to marry his sister, he was willing, if she would marry another man, to make her a handsome present. Ceprieta, irritated by his baseness, drew a pistol from his pocket and fired it at the seducer, who was severely wounded in the neck.—Ceprieta then fled and found his way to Sardinia—where he entered into business and prospered. Cæsaroni soon after recovering his wound sent for the sister and exhorting her to forgive him, declaring that if he should recover, he would offer her his hand. He did recover, and they were married. Cipriata when apprized of this event, and that his brother-in-law was doing every thing in his power to prevent him from receiving the punishment legally due to his act, resolved to return and deliver himself up to justice. His case was admirably pleaded, and the brother-in-law neglected no effort to obtain a slight sentence. The jury declared by their verdict, that Ceprista had been provoked into the commission of his crime, and the Court, taking into consideration the circumstances of the case, sentenced him to only six months' imprisonment.

☞"When the cars arrived at Morristown, N. Y., the other day, a boy's finger, with part of the tendons attached to it, was discovered fastened in a ring at the end of the train. On their return at Orange, the boy who lost it was found. It seems that he took hold of the car, when in motion, when his finger was caught in the ring and jerked off.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physicinn will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9 4m

IS YOUR LIVER DISEASED,

You may find relief if you will but try in time. Our Agent has just received the following:

New Jersey, Bordentown, Oct. 25, 1845.

Mr Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir: I am well aware that persons of every age, sex, and condition in life, in every part of the country, have used, and been benefitted, by DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. My own life has been saved with it. My father's and my mother's family were both consumptive. My father, mother, and a sister, died with that fatal disease. For some years I have been predisposed to it myself. About one year ago I was quite sick for a number of weeks, confined to my bed when the pain in my side would allow me to lay. My physician pronounced my disease Liver Complaint; my liver was very much enlarged, I raised blood several times; the pain in my side was so severe that the cars passing in the street by the door affected me. I was cupped, bled, and had various other remedies applied, but all to no purpose; I got no relief; at last my physician said he could not cure me. I expected to die soon, but providentially I heard of, and obtained a bottle of your Balsam, which relieved me at once. I was encouraged to persevere in using it, until I took four or five bottles, which saved my life and cured me. My health is now good. For Liver Complaints I believe it is a most certain cure. Signed,

MARTHA H. BECHTEL.

I am acquainted with Mrs. Bechtel: her statement is true. Signed by WHITALL STOKES, Druggist. None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&P aug20 ap14

☞A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

MR JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

smy15 A&P6mehm aug22

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the Guide of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Princetridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded my relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN WSLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. js 6t

☞ BOOLE'S UNRIVALLED FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable to the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Boole, 248 Washington street, Boston. 1tadvtns28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS, For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. up28y

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my16

MARRIED.

In this city, Aug. 23d, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr. Elisha Record, of Chelmsford, to Miss Emily Blackwell, of Lowell.

In Charlestown, Aug. 20th, Mr James Penny to Miss Elizabeth McFadden; Mr James F. Burnett to Miss Jane M. Watson.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending August 22, 1846.

Aug. 16, Wm. L. Taylor, 30 yrs, typhus fever; Enoch Smith, 21 days, infantile; Nancy Sharples, 64 yrs, killed by morphine; son of Cyrus Evans, 1 day, infantile; John McCarty, 1 yr, dropsy of brain; 17th, Wm. H. Lord, 7 mos, cholera infantum; Harriet Thorning, 4 yrs, brain fever; Charles Holt, 1 month infantile; Sarah E. Richardson, 2 yrs, dropsy of the brain; 18th, James Faughnatty, 1 yr, teething; Judson O. Judkins, 2 mos, disease of the heart; John H. Lovering, 5 mos, infantile; 19th, Catherine Gurvey, 32 yrs, ——; John Maher, 40, consumption; Elizabeth B. Ashton, 4 mos, ——; 20th, Rodney G. Lewis, 38 yrs, disease of liver; Patience H. Lyon, 25, consumption; Ellen Fisher, 11 mos, bowel complaint; 21st, Charles Small, 1 yr, hooping cough; Mary Sharkey, 39, consumption; 22d, Samuel Perrison, 7 wks, infantile; Rosetta Goodwin, 23 yrs, inflammation of bowels; Lydia Rath, 62, chronic diarrhœa; Hezekiah Goodwin, 23, inflammation of bowels; Elizabeth Harrington, 52, consumption; Eliza Jane May, 1 yr, convulsions; Thomas Walker, 19 days, convulsions; Wm. R. Waterman, 3 yrs, dysentery; Henry Cessy, 18 mos, measles.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW-ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25 3t pit

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the "Old Tavern House" on Gorham Street, and furnished it for a Boarding House, where he is ready to receive both Gentlemen and Ladies on the most reasonable terms. The House has recently been repaired throughout, and is now in good order. The greatest pains will be taken to render everything pleasant and agreeable to boarders, and we think it cannot fail to give satisfaction

E. G. TUTTLE.

Lowell, August, 1846. aug25 3t*

TELEGRAPH EXHIBITION.

REPETITION.—MR. COLTON, assisted by Miss BAGLEY, will repeat the EXHIBITION and EXPLANATION of the TELEGRAPH, *Wednesday Evening*, Aug. 26, 1846. The best of all the *Philosophical Experiments* will be repeated, including that with the *Gold Piece.* A BALLOON will be inflated and sent up, with a *Car* filled with dolls. A *Rat* will be put under the *Receiver* of the AIR PUMP, the air exhausted, till the Rat dies,—he will then be restored to life by the power of *Galvanism.* This experiment always excites surprise and astonishment.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence a quarter before 8 o'clock. Tickets 12 1-2 Cts. aug25 3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in said county, painter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Marshall will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on THURSDAY, the third day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Marshall, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug25 3t

REGALIA EVENING—FAWTUCKET GARDEN.—BOND'S LOWELL BRASS BAND will play on Saturday Evening next at MR. ALLEN'S Fruit and Flower Garden

☞ Tickets of Admission 12½ cts., to be taken again on the evening at the Garden, in payment for Refreshments or Flowers for the same amount. The Band will start from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets. aug25 3t

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25 3tf

WANTED.—A man to cut forty or fifty cords of Wood. Enquire at this Office. aug25 3tf

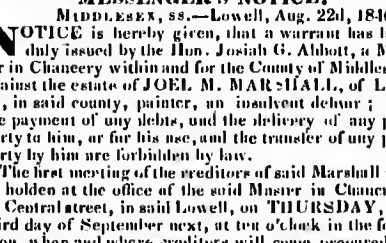
NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *On Wednesday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Sch. CAROLINE, LONG, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug25

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Flemish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous American Brass Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr VAN AMBURGH, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22 tS11



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15 3t&pif

TO BE LET, and possession given immediately, a Dwelling House on Chapel Hill, adjoining the residence of Judge Locke. The house has been recently repaired and contains all the conveniences for a genteel family. Inquire of Hon. JOSEPH LOCKE, or of the subscriber in Billerica.

aug22 3t* ZADOCK HOWE.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 3m

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

H. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13 1m

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18 3tf

HATS! HATS!

Fall Fashion Hats will be introduced this day at No. 33, Central St., by A. GILBERT, JR. Lowell, August 22, 1846. aug22 3tf

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No. 30, Central St.* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20 3tf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback.* He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdvc16

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and in fact it will [illegible] sooner than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness.* In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesun.

Sold in *Lowell*, by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22 & tuoct14

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 20th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of ELISHA COREY, of Groton, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Corey, will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirty-first day of August, inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Corey, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug20 3t

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30 2nw2mreow

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 3tf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS.

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—½ and 5¾ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H OYAR.

Lowell, 1846. aly apr4

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have under consideration certain Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.

August 11, 1846. aug18 tau g31

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MIXER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 84, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 3m

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Hanson street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Sale of Building Lots

On FRIDAY, Aug. 28, at 3 o'clock, on the premises,—From 10 to 20 pleasant House Lots, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street, south of Dana Lot.

Said Lot contain each from 3000 to 5000 sqare feet. The terms of payment are as follows:—$25 to be paid on the delivery of the deed, the balance in three annual payments with interest annually; if the purchaser builds within one year, the cash payment will be refunded and the whole made payable as above stated.

For particulars enquire of the poetioneer.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woolrolfe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such farther arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has any authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18 2m

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4 3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Dimness, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in resaoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health hed been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

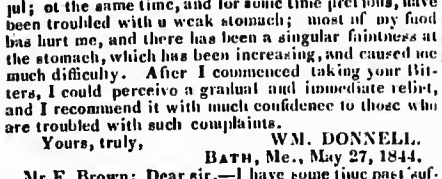
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&parly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

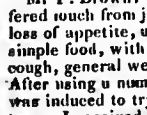
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK, opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

mar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist effects of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who [illegible] the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholirs; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite* [illegible] I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TRESCOT, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very acrimonly relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles; and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken duily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. H. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in its merits, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6monsnp9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GODDWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Navarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m9

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I cought a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Maescy,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. ja20

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 101.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Stop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order, Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HEUAND and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. HANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. HANGS, DEAN HANGS. jun8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c. Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD. atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottamans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON W. D. VINALL, DENTIST,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep 9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central st., corner of H... Street LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ly

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janIatf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Ferrwill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system

THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scorfulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.

The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.

Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.

Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of disease to which the human frame is subject; these, take no other. a&plyaug30

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rung8



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6atf 59, Central St.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

[illegible] of Rheumatism, cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elosic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of delirunity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tuwa&ply jan13

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. S. F. GLADWIN,
Merrimack Street, { Old No. 12, / New No. 129. } *Merrimack Street,*
A FEW DOORS EAST OF THE CITY HALL.

DR. GLADWIN, not unmindful of his obligations to the citizens of Lowell and vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during his residence of over two years in this city, would respectfully beg leave to inform his friends and fellow-citizens generally, that he is constantly performing ALL OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH and *warranting perfect satisfaction.*

In Filling Teeth, he uses none but the Finest Gold, and aims at *comfort, usefulness*, and *durability* in arresting the progress of decay and restoring the mouth.

He is constantly supplying the place of lost teeth, whether it be but a single tooth or several, or a whole set. These are inserted on Pivot or Fine Gold Plate as circumstances require. Every tooth he inserts is warranted to be of the best Mineral Teeth that are manufactured in this country.

Another very important branch of Dental Science, consists in supplying whole sets of teeth on the principle of *Atmospheric pressure*, without clasps or spring.—This part of the profession has not received the attention its importance demands, hence there are numerous persons in the community who are unwilling to go to the necessary expense of a whole set for fear of a failure by one not sufficiently experienced in this Art.

Dr. G. having paid much close attention to this subject for several years past, and had much experience, would say to such that he is perfectly willing that any one wishing a whole set of Teeth on Gold Plate, and on the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, should give his work a fair trial by wearing the Teeth he inserts thus, for six months before paying for them, and at the expiration of six months no pay will be required unless his work gives satisfaction.

☞ To individuals wishing information on this subject, he is happy to say that he is kindly permitted to refer to the following persons, among the many, for whom he has inserted sets thus, which have been used for all common purposes between one and two years.

Dr. D. MOWE, Mrs. E. M. GARDNER,
WILLIAM NARTH, " ELIZABETH HILL,
AMOS HOLL, " JOHN AYER,
GEORGE WALKER, " MARK ANDREWS.

Dr. G.'s prices have been for the past two years from 25 to 50 per cent. lower than former prices.

N. B. Dr. G. has a preparation which never fails to cure the most violent Tooth-ache in a few minutes without pain. tfowa&poct23

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.
BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

The Fishermen.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

Hurrah! the seaward breezes
Swept down the bay anew:
Heave up, my lads, the anabor,
Rig up the sail again!
Leave to the lubber landsmen
The rail-car and the steed;
The stars of Heaven shall guide us,
The breath of Heaven will speed.

From the hill-top looks the steeple,
And the light-house from the sand,
And the scattered pines are waving
Their farewell from the land,
One glance, my lads behind us,
For the hames we leave one sigh,
Ere we take the change and chances
Of the ocean and the sky.

Now, brothers, for the Icebergs
Of frozen Labrador,
Floating spectral in the moonshine,
Along the law black shore!
Where like snow the gannet's feather
On Bradar's rocks are shed,
And the noisy murr are flying
Like black scuds overhead.

Where in the mist the rock is hiding
And the sharp reef lurks below;
And the white squall smites in summer
And the autumn tempests blow;
Where through grey and rolling vapor
From evening unto morn,
A thousand boats are hailing,
Horn answering unto horn.

Hurrah! for the Red Island,
With the white cross on its crown!
Hurrah! for Maccatina
And its mountains bare and brown,
Where the Caribou's tall antlers
O'er the dwarf wood freely toss,
And the footstep of the Micmac
Has no sound upon the moss!

There we'll drop our lines, and gather
Old ocean's treasures in,
Where'er the mottled mackerel
Turns as a steel-dark fin;
Where'er the brown cod glideth
Amid his senty clan,
We will reap the North-land's harvest,
And claim the crop for man.

From Hunt's Merchants' Magazine.

A HAMBURGH MERCHANT IN HIS COUNTING-HOUSE.

[Concluded.]

This was a brilliant prospect! What reception could a novel writer expect from a man of such views? At this moment Mohrfeld turned to me, and said rather short, "Well, sir, about our business!" "At your service," I stammered, and reached him a letter; but he had not opened it ere we were again interrupted. "See there! good morning, Captain Heysen," said the merchant, with animation. "You came, probably to take leave; a lucky voyage to you, and bring yourself and crew back in good health. Pay good attention to ship and cargo, and make me no 'general average.' Your wife, say you? why, in any circumstances let her apply to me at once. If you have a good opportunity, and avail yourself skilfully of it, you may be back by Christmas. "Well, adieu, Captain, you have"—here he glanced at the almanac—"no time to lose. It is now high water, you may lose the tide, and I am not pleased to have the ship anchored at Blankenese. Lucky voyage." The captain vanished, and another man took his place. "Good morning, Mr Flugge, what have you to say?" asked the merchant; "I am well pleased with that last purchase of wood. You earned your commission with honor. When you have such another lot on the same terms let me know.—My ships must be employed. There are already three lying idle. As soon as the new stock arrives, let me know. Adieu." "I beg your pardon, sir,"—this was directed to me—"that I keep you so long waiting, but the currant business takes precedence." "Good morning, Pilot! Already back. Is my 'Hope' gone to sea safely?" "All as you wish, Mr Mohrfeld," answered a robust Elbe pilot. "The ship is a fast sailer, and not afraid of a breeze. Here is a letter from the captain. But I must to day on board another vessel. Perhaps I can take my pilotage with me?" "That's of course, Pilot; and for the quick pilotage, ten thalers more. Go to my cashier, he will make it all right." "What do you want!" This was addressed to a meagre-looking man, with a bald head and snuffy nose, who in a threadbare black coat, and stooping posture, stood before the wealthy merchant.

"I beg a thousand pardons," he answered, "I am Doctor Eck, from Frankfort. I have for a long time had in consideration the peculiar procreation of mankind, and at last have succeeded in the formation of a brilliant theory, that I intend to promulgate in a series of lectures; and I would therefore solicit"—

"I am sorry," interrupted the merchant, "but I am opposed to all theories that cannot be promptly applied to the concerns of life. Away with your air-castels, log-projects and chimeras! I am very sorry."

The poor doctor perspired with anxiety; and scarcely able to speak, he looked pitiably at the subscription list in his hand, and muttered out something of patrons and down-trodden sons of Minerva; but his voice faded into an indistinguishable murmer. The merchant regarded him for a moment with a sarcastic smile, then took the list and wrote a line. It must have been a very important line, for the face of the doctor brightened with a heartful laugh as he buised himself to lay more papers upon the desk. The merchant motioned him away, saying, "No matter! It is a pleasure to me when my signature can be of use to a meritorious and learned man, even if personally I derive no profit from his talents. Your theory and my practice are very different; an interchange of ideas that are so directly opposed, leads only to endless confusion. Farewell!"

The doctor retired, and made room for a man who pressed close up, and without, further ceremony began: "Mr Mohrfeld, your 'Fortuna' is quite ready, and can be launched at any moment. I wish to know what time you will appoint?"

"Monday morning, Mr Reich," answered the merchant. "I am well pleased with your prompt and efficient mode of business. Now, as young beginners should be encouraged, you may lay the keel of a new ship on my account. Try yourself at that. I passed your yard yesterday, and observed the order and industry with which it is conducted. Persevere in that manner.—Well! remember Monday morning. Farewell! Who are you?"

This was addressed to a poorly-clad woman, with pallid cheeks and eyes red with weeping, who now stood before him. At this nearly harsh address of the merchant, she looked anxiously up

and answered, "I am the wife of Budmer, the man who was so unfortunate as to fall from the loft and break his leg."

"Shucking! very shucking! I am very sorry for Budmer; he was an orderly man, and ever cheerfully performed his duties. But my surgeon visited him; what did he say?"

"He gives the best hope of saving my husband's life, but it will be a tedious sickness; and who knows if the poor man will ever again be able to work? What, then, shall we, with our five poor children, do?"

"Have confidence in the man in whose service you have met the misfortune," answered the merchant. "What the patient needs of wine and strengthening food, shall be furnished from my kitchen. The weekly wages you will receive regularly on Saturday. Now go home, and remember me to your husband, whom I will soon visit."

The woman through her tears rendered speechless thanks, and the merchant began reading my letter.

"Your letter has rather an old date," said he suddenly; "I have long expected it. Your circumscribed time has probably prevented an earlier call?"

I stammered out a lie, something about my indisposition to disturb an active a business man, and that at the moment I was in great necessity. He did not let me finish, but went on.

"You are here highly recommended to me. If I can do anything for you, speak freely. Persons away from home, frequently stands in need of aid."

This was the moment to speak of the deep ebb of my purse; but oh! the false shame—the words would not leave my lips.

"Nothing?" he proceeded. "Well on another occasion, perhaps. Come, however, on Sunday to my cottage before the Damn Door, and take a spoonful of soup with me. Men of business have on week-days but small leisure to bestow on mere conversation.

Here was my dismissal; but without money, however, I could not go. I was completely cleaned out, and must travel. At this moment there came to my rescue a clerk, who handed between the desk and myself a letter brought by an express, addressed to Mr Mohrfeld. It was instantly opened and read, and was probably of a favorable nature, as a pleasing smile played round the lips of the merchant; but suddenly, as if betraying a weakness, it again vanished, and he laid the letter with accustomed unconcern on one side. As he did so, his glance again fell on me.

"Anything further to commond, sir?"

Now must I speak, cost what it will. I stepped close to his chair, bowed my lips to his ear, and poured forth a multitude of words, among which the most emphatic were, "wont of money." To an elegant construction of sentences at such a moment would even Demosthenes have given no thought. The merchant stared at me with wondering eyes, then took my letter in hand and again read it through with close attention; after which, he wrote a line under it to me, saying, "Here, sir, have the goodness to hand this to my cashier. I shall depend on seeing you at my table on Sunday; for the present you will excuse me."

I bowed silently, and soon stood before the man surrounded with iron chests. He took the letter, and said, "You have to receive one hundred marks currant. Will you give a receipt? Here is the money."

"And here, sir, is your receipt." cried I with lightened heart, as I thrust the fifty-one thalers, nineteen and two-thirds shillings into my pocket, hurried out of the office into the free air of heaven, and turned towards the Alster Hall, in the elegantly-decorated rooms of which I speedily enjoyed a substantial breakfast.

ENGLISH MEN—ENGLISH WOMEN. A correspondent of a Louisville, Ky., paper, writing from London, sketches the characteristic features of the men and women of England most admirably, as follows:—

"I know I am approaching dangerous ground, but since I have alluded to the ladies, I will say that the English women exceed all that I had conceived of their comeliness; they are the finest sized and most *distingue* race I ever laid eyes upon. I attended one of the fashionable concerts, a few evenings since, and was overwhelmed with the array of beauty present. Such persons, such faces, such eyes, and such complexions! There was no faded beauty by the side of the girl just springing into womanhood, but all seemed ripe, matured, blooming. I have not had such a treat since many a day; it was a feast from which I could scarcely tear myself away. The music was called fine, entrancing; but I heard no music that evening, save the music of eoms soft voice; and I saw no light but the light of eyes that beamed with intellect and love. The very air seemed pervaded by the spirit of beauty and purity, and I went away from the place sighing for the return of another evening, when I might come and gaze for other long hours upon such faces and into such eyes.

The men, too, are large, well-formed, and comely; but there is a soft, watery appearance about them that strikes the eye of an American at once. Many of them are big paunched fellows, who will hide a beef steak and a pint and a half of 'half and half' (porter and ale) under their vests and feel all the better for it. I have no term that so correctly describes the appearance of a majority of the young men you meet in London, as the word watery—a thawy, slushy, squashy sort of appearance. You seldom see a face that strikes you and induces you to look at it a second time."

☞ The promptness with which some of our manufacturers are said to have cut down wages, reminds us of a certain student under the operation of the laughing gas. He had privately threatened that when under the operation of the gas he would give the Professor, Mr Silliman, a good thrashing. This came to the ear of the Professor, who was accordingly on his guard. The young Hotspur had no sooner inhaled a few puffs from the gas bag than he clenched his fists and attacked his instructor like a savage. "Stop, stop, young gentleman," said the dignified *savant*, "you have taken nothing but common air yet!"

So we hear that the Thomsonville Carpet factory has reduced the wages of its weavers on the first passage of the bill, 25 per cent., but it now leaks out that they were intending to do it to enable them to compete with the improved machinery of Lowell and Saxonville. So it was "home competition" after all, that reduced the wages. We would humbly ask the editor of the Lowell Courier if that home competition is not as "heartless" as the Free Trade of the Chronotype.—*Boston Chronotype.*

☞ Why has a literary lady been satirically termed a Blue-Stocking?

Because of the origin of the term from the society "de la Calza," (*of the Stocking*) formed at Venice in the year 1500; the members being distinguished by the colour of their stockings, the prevailing colour of which was *blue*. The Society de la Calza lasted till the year 1590, when the foppery of Italian literature took some other symbol. The rejected title then crossed the Alps, and branded female pedantry in Paris.—It diverged from France to England, and for awhile marked the vanity of the small advances in literature of our female coteries. But the propriety of its application is now gradually ceasing; for we see in every circle, that attainments in litetature can be accomplished with no loss of womanly virtue.

☞ We see it stated that a gentleman recently from New York, affirms that since the passage of the new tariff bill, every ship yard in New York has been taken up, that new yards are being prepared, and that it is absolutely impossible to find yards to accomodate all those who purpose to build ships another year.—*Salem Advertiser.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Registry of Deeds in Lowell.

It is very frequently asked, why cannot there be an office for recording deeds in this city? It is a great trouble and inconvenience to be obliged to go to Cambridge to get every deed or other instrument, required by law, recorded. The simple answer to this interrogatory is—there can. Registering of deeds is required to render certain the actual ownership of real property. This can be done as well by having a Registry at Lowell as at Cambridge, and as well by having one at both places as at either. It is then, simply a question of convenience to the people of Middlesex county. If there could be but one registry in the county, as Lowell is by far the greatest town in the county, and certainly as near the centre of the business of the county as Cambridge, there would be more propriety in establishing it at Lowell than at Cambridge. No one would now think, probably, if a registry was being established, of locating it at Cambridge instead of Lowell, though at the time of its being established, as Lowell then was not in existence, there was doubtless good reason for there fixing the locality. But as population changes, the convenience of that population must be consulted by changing the locality of our public offices, or by creating new ones, as the wants of the people require. But it is unnecessary to consider the advantages that one of these towns possesses over the other for the location of a registry, to convene the people of Middlesex county, as they will be very much better convened by having one at both places; and to which there cannot be, as we can see, the least objection. A glance at the map of this county, will at once show that the people of Lowell, Dracutt, Tewksbury, Wilmington, Bedford, Carlisle, Billerica, Chelmsford, Westford, Tyngsborough, Dunstable, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Groton, Shirley, Littleton, Boxborough and Acton, and perhaps we might include Woburn, Reading, South Reading and Stoneham, would, as a whole, save, for every instrument they had to record, and in a few years, for every title they had to examine, a journey, equal to going from Lowell to Cambridge and back. Now what objection can be made to the formation of a new Registry District, embracing these towns, or the principal part of them? Methuen and Andover, from Essex county, might also be included. They would be very much accommodated thereby.

The inconvenience, trouble and expense of travelling to a distant part of the county to get instruments recorded, induced the legislature of 1844 to seriously consider the expediency of establishing a registry of real estate in every town in the commonwealth. There can be no doubt that if Lowell and the surrounding towns are desirous of having a registry established in this city, and petition the legislature at its next sitting to that effect, their prayer will be favorably listened to and granted.

Will the Courier and Concord Freeman give their views upon the subject?

John Davis and the two Millions Appropriation Bill.

President Polk asked that two million dollars be placed at the disposal of the executive, in case it might become necessary in negotiating a peace with Mexico. A bill to that effect passed the House with a proviso, that in no territory we might acquire of Mexico should slavery be introduced. John Quincy Adams shew the House that such a proviso was unnecessary, because slavery was now prohibited in Mexican territory by law. But the bill passed the House with the proviso.

When the Bill reached the Senate, on the last day of the session, and at the last sitting of that body, Mr Lewis moved to strike out the slavery condition. John Davis, of Massachusetts took the floor in opposition to the motion, and kept it till the hour at which the Senate had agreed to adjourn, arrived, thereby preventing action on this bill, and several others of importance, though earnestly solicited by senators to yield the floor that action might be had. Whether the slavery clause, which according to Mr Adams is a matter of no sort of consequence, would or would not have been struck out of the bill, there is no question but that the bill itself, appropriating the two millions, would have passed; and John Davis talked *against time* for the sole purpose of defeating the appropriation, in hopes that President Polk would, from that cause, be unable to negotiate a peace. Yes, the very man who voted against succoring Gen. Taylor, by voting against the bill appropriating money and raising volunteers, when Gen Taylor's gallant little band were surrounded by Mexicans, and the whole country was in the greatest anxiety lest they should be cut to pieces, stands up in the senate and talks *against time*, lest the President may be enabled to bring the war to an honorable, advantageous and glorious termination. Not content with exercising all the power that properly belongs to him as a senator,—that of voting against the appropriation, he takes advantage of the vote of the senate to adjourn at a certain hour, and by talking *against time* till the hour of adjournment arrives, he prevents every other senator voting, and defeats a bill against the wishes of a body, each member of which has the same rights as himself, and against the will of the country. Such a coarse is fully worthy the man, who, in the streets of his native town, on hearing in 1814 that the British had taken the seat of Government, exulted by swinging his hat, and giving three cheers.

If the war is continued, let John Davis have the credit of it! Glorious John Davis, as the whigs call him!

THE HOSPITAL AT MATAMORAS. Unlike the attentions usually bestowed upon the sick in armies, at the hospital in Matamoras, the sick and wounded receive as much care and as comfortable accommodations, and as good medical attendance as can be had out of the tented field. The Mexicans also that were left upon the field of battle by their own countrymen, to perish, have been taken in with our own sick, and treated with the same kindness.

Candidate for Governor.

It is presumed that the Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, of this town, will again receive the nomination of the State Convention as the democratic candidate for Governor. Indeed we have neither seen nor heard any intimation that a different selection would be preferred in any quarter.—*Worcester Palladium*

That Mr Davis will be nominated, there is probably but one opinion among the democracy of the old Bay State; and should Briggs be again put in nomination, and the democracy go vigorously and unitedly into the work, there is a fair chance for his election. One, and the principal cause of the diminished vote thrown by the democracy last year, was the want of harmony and zeal among our own friends, growing out of causes entirely independent of the candidates. Mr Davis is personally popular and will probably command as large a vote as would any democrat in the State. And as there is now no cause for division or lukewarmness among democrats, and as Gov. Briggs has, in a very great degree, lost the confidence of a portion of his party, there is, to say the least, very strong hopes that Briggs, if run, will be defeated. We don't say this to frighten the whigs into dropping their governor, or him into declining, but as our honest opinion.

Col. Savory having declined being considered a candidate before the convention for the office of Lt. Governor, we must select a new man. For ourself, and as far as we know, the democracy of this section, have no choice as to men, farther than to get an honorable, high-minded democrat who will command the support of the whole party, and we could name many such in our own county, but do not, because if there is any portion of the democracy who have any preferences as to men, we shall be happy to see them gratified. We shall be pleased to hear the views of our democratic friends and the press throughout the state.

The Elections.

KENTUCKY has gone for the whigs. Whig majority on joint ballot, 32—an increase from last year of 8.

NORTH CAROLINA, as was expected, has elected Graham (whig) for Congress, by some 8000 majority.

INDIANA. Local causes have given the House of Representatives to the whigs. The rest of the government is democratic. The popular vote is decidedly democratic.

ILLINOIS. The Albany Argus says, James C. French, dem., is elected governor by a largely increased majority. It will swell to some 12,000. Both branches of the legislature are democratic. All the members of congress are democratic, except Abm. Lincoln, in the 7th district. The returns from Judge Douglass' district, the only one not heretofore heard from, show his election by a large majority.

MISSOURI. Five democrats elected to congress, and no whig, as before.

THE EARTHQUAKE—Extended on all sides some fifty or sixty miles from Boston. At Jamaica Plains a chimney was shaken down. At Worcester several door bells were rung. It seemed to have given the smartest shock at Beverly, Mass., where a man writes that his feet shook and the noise resembled a dozen railroad trains passing over the roof of his house. One paper says there was a light shock experienced 5 hours before. The Earthquake was not felt in Newport or noticed in New York.

Hill's N. H. Patriot, says: We are told that this was very similar to the subterranean noises which have been of so frequent occurrence in Deerfield for a year or two past, but which have been almost entirely confined to the limits of that town and the region round about "Saddleback Mountain," which lies between Deerfield and Northwood. A young man from Deerfield, who heard the report on Tuesday morning here, says that he has heard three or more, on one day, in that town, as loud if not louder.

We should not be surprised if Saddleback Mountain became a volcano in time.

TRUE AND CRISPY. "Legislation is much more apt to be partial to particular classes of men than injurious to the whole. It is against this partiality that we should be ever on our guard. The inequalities amongst men that are owing to natural causes, it is almost impious to expect to overcome; but from these no just argument can be drawn in favor of increasing them by legislation. It is a common trick of those who have ends of their own in view, to cover up the selfishness of projects beneficial to themselves, personally, by the pretence that they are intended for the general good, and mankind fall into this snare only too easily." So says the Buffalo Pilot.

☞ The whig party in New York embraces, as it does every where else, the odds, and ends, and factions, and spunn of all parties—the whig party proper, the abolition, the abolition whig, the native, and all their respective subdivisions. They are now warring lustily, but at the election of governor, they will act in concert for the overthrow of Silas Wright, or for the defeat of whoever may be the democratic candidate. Whigism, Nativism and Abolitionism, ever join hands where there is a hope of defeating the democracy. Where did they ever do otherwise?

☞ The Philadelphia Chronicle states that the gang of rowdies in that city, known by the appellation of "Rats," are distinguished by a half of a beef bladder worn on the head after the fashion of a skull cap. This is well greased, and gives them the appearance of having their heads shaved. The reason of their wearing it is to keep their assailants from catching them by the hair. The Philadelphia "Bouncers" are distinguished by a piece of sturgeon nose fastened on the top of the head, which causes clubs, brickbats, and other missiles to bounce off. Hence their names.

NEW STATES. Among the Acts of Congress is one "to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union;" and another "to define the boundaries of the State of Iowa." So we shall soon have thirty States in the Union, with 60 Senators in Congress. And the four new Senators to come from these two new States, will be democrats, which puts beyond repeal, under any circumstances, the great measures of the democracy—the tariff and sub-treasury.

COLUMBIAN MAGAZINE. We have received from J. E. Short & Co., corner of Merrimack and John streets, the September number of this beautiful and interesting monthly. The present number is illustrated with three splendid engravings. The stories are rich and pleasing. Wooing, wedding and repenting—and much ado about nothing, or the reason why Mrs Todd din'nt speak to Mrs Jones, are stories worth a year's subscription.

The Sub Treasury Bill.

[Continued.]

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause examinations to be made of the books accounts and money on hand of the several depositaries constituted by this act; and for that purpose to appoint special agents, as occasion may require, with such compensation, not exceeding six dollars per day and traveling expenses, as he may think reasonable, to be fixed and declared at the time of such appointment. The agents selected to make these examinations shall be instructed to examine as well the books, accounts and returns of the officer, as the money on hand, and the manner of its being kept, to the end that uniformity and accuracy in the accounts, as well as safety to the public moneys, may be secured thereby.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the examinations provided for in the last preceding section, and as a further guard over the public moneys, it shall be the duty of each naval officer and surveyor, as a check upon the assistant treasurers or collector of the customs, or their respective districts; of each register of a land office, as a check upon the receiver of his land office; and of the director and superintendant of each mint and branch mint, when separate offices, as a check upon the treasurers respectively of the said mints, or the persons acting as such, at the close of each quarter of the year, and as much more frequently as they shall be directed by the Secretary of the treasury to do so, to examine the books, accounts, returns and money on hand, of the assistant treasurers, or the collectors, receivers of land offices, treasurers of the mint and each branch mint, and persons acting as such, and to make a full, accurate and faithful return to the Treasury Department of their condition.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said officers, respectively, whose duty it is made, by this act, to receive, keep, and disburse the public moneys, as the fiscal agents of the government, may be allowed any necessary additional expenses for clerks, fire proof chests, or vaults or other necessary expences of safe-keeping, transfering, and disbursing said moneys; all such expenses of every character to be first expressly authorised by the Secretary of the treasury, whose directions upon all the above subjects, by way of regulation and otherwise, so far as authorized by law, are to be strictly followed by all the said officers; Provided, That the whole number of clerks to be appointed by virtue of this section of this act shall not exceed ten, and that the aggregate compensations of the whole number shall not exceed eight thousand dollars, nor shall the compensation of any one clerk so appointed exceed eight hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the treasury may, at his discretion, transfer the balances remaining with any of the present depositories, to any other of the present depositories, as he may deem the safety of the public money or the public convenience may require: Provided, that nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorise the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer the balances remaining with any of the present depositories, to the depositaries constituted by this act, before the first day of January next. And provided that for the purpose of payments on public account, out of balances remaining with the present depositaries, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer of the United States to draw upon any of the said depositaries as he may think most conducive to the public interests, or to the convenience of the public creditors, or both.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That all marshals, district attorneys, and others having public money to pay to the United States, and all patentees wishing to make payment for patents to be issued, may pay all such moneys to the Treasurer of the United States, to the treasurer of either of the mints in Philadelphia or New Orleans, to either of the other assistant treasurers, or to such other depositary constituted by this act as shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in any other parts of the United States to receive such payments and give receipts or certificates of deposite therefor.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all officers and other persons charged by this or any other act with the safe-keeping transfer and disbursement of the public moneys other than those connected with the Post Office department, are hereby required to keep an accurate entry of each sum received, and of each payment or transfer, and that if any one of the said officers, or of those connected with the Post Office department, shall convert to his own use in any way whatever, or shall use by way of investment in any kind of property or merchandise, or shall loan with or without interest, or shall deposite in any bank or shall exchange it for other funds except as allowed by this act, any portion of the public moneys intrusted to him for safe keeping, disbursement, transfer, or for any other purpose, every such act shall be deemed, and adjudged to be an embezzlement of so much of the said moneys as shall be thus taken, converted, invested, used, loaned, deposited, or exchanged, which is hereby declared to be a felony; and any failure to pay over or to produce the public money entrusted to such person shall be held and taken to be prima facie evidence of such embezzlement; and if any officer charged with the disbursement of public moneys shall accept or receive, or transmit to the Treasury Department to be allowed in his favor, any receipt or voucher from a creditor of the United States, without having paid to such creditor, in such funds as the said officer may have received for disbursement or such other funds as he may be authorised by this act to take in exchange, the full amount specified in such receipt or voucher, every such act shall be deemed to be a conversion by such officer to his own use of the amount specified in such receipt or voucher; and any officer or agent of the United States, and all persons advising or participating in such act, being convicted thereof before any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than six months nor more than ten years, and to a fine equal to the amount of the money embezzled. And upon the trial of any indictment against any person for embezzling public money, under the provisions of this act, it shall be sufficient evidence, for the purpose of showing a balance against such person, to produce a transcript from the books and proceedings of the Treasury, as required in civil cases, under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide more effectually for the settlement of accounts between the United States and receivers of public money," approved March third, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and the provisions of this act shall be so construed as to apply to all persons charged with the safe keeping, transfer or disbursement of the public money, whether such persons be indicted as receivers or depositaries of the same; and the refusal of such person, whether in or out of office, to pay any draft, order, or warrant, which may be drawn upon him by the proper officer of the Treasury Department, for any public money in his hands belonging to the United States, no matter in what capacity the same may have been received or may be held, or to transfer or disburse any such money promptly, upon the legal requirements of any authorised officer of the United states, shall be deemed and taken, upon the trial of any indictment against such person for the embezzlement, as prima facie evidence of such embezzlement.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That until the rooms, offices, vaults, and safes, directed by the first four sections of this act to be constructed and prepared for the use of the Treasurer of the United States, the treasurers of the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans and the assistant treasurers at New York, Boston, Charleston, Detroit and St Louis, can be constructed and prepared for use, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the treasury to procure suitable rooms for offices for those officers at their respective locations, and to contract for such use of vaults and safes as may be required for the safekeeping of the public moneys in the charge and custody of those officers, respectively; the expense to be paid by the United States.

And whereas, by the thirtieth section of the act entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties imposed by law on the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on goods waren and merchandise imported into the United states," approved July thirty-one, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, it was provided that all fees and dues collected by virtue of that act should be received in gold and silver coin only; and whereas, also, by the fifth section of an act approved May ten, eighteen hundred, entitled "An act to amend the act entitled 'An act providing for the sale of the lands of the United States in the territory northwest or the Ohio, and above the mouth of the Kentucky River,'" it was provided that payment for the said lands shall be made by all purchasers in specie, or in evidences of the public debt; and whereas experience has proved that said provisions ought to be revived and enforced, according to the true and wise intent of the constitution of the United States.

[Concluded in our next.]

MILITARY LEVEE. We learn that the Mechanic Phalanx intend giving a Military Levee, at the City Hall, on Thursday evening, September 3d, on the occasion of the visit of the Boston Artillery. We hope our citizens, with their ladies, will be present, and give the Boston company a warm welcome. The Artillery will be accompanied by Flagg's Brass Band, and the Phalanx by our Washington Brass Band, and they will both be present at the Levee.—*Courier.*

☞ Dr. Lewis Beach, of N. Y., on the 20th inst., was drowned by the upsetting of a small boat, on a passage up the East River. The Dr. was but 22 years of age. He was in company with two other gentlemen whose efforts to save him were fruitless. When the boat reached Hell Gate it got on the Hog's Back and was capsized.

☞ The Democratic District Convention, Franklin County, Maine, holden on the 22d inst., nominated John L. Cutler, of Farmington, for representative to Congress.

Hon. David Hammons has also been nomiooted by the Oxford portion of the first Congressional District.

EPES NOT TAKEN. The Petersburg (Va.) Intelligencer of Thursday, says, "we have papers from Lynchburg as late as the 11th, (subsequent to the reported arrest) which are silent on the subject." St. Louis papers to the 17th have been received in Baltimore, and make no mention of his arrest.

☞ The Democrats of Dracutt are making ready for the State Convention. Is it not about time for Lowell and other towns to be also organizing and making ready for the Convention, and for discharging their duties at the election.

GOV. HENDERSON OF TEXAS NOT DEAD.—The announcement of Gov. Henderson's death was premature. The last accounts from the army represent that he has recovered from his illness and has resumed his military duties.

☞ A volunteer, writing to Louisville from the Rio Grande, says that the mosquitoes there "can stand flat-footed upon the ground, and without difficulty drink water out of a pint tin cup."

☞ John P. Hale is expected to take an electioneering tour through New York to aid in bringing the incongruous opposition to democracy into a solid phalanx. Democracy will defeat them all, united or divided.

INDIANA ELECTION. The Lafayette Courier of the 14th says that in 89 counties Whitcomb's majority is 1926. In the counties to hear from, Bigger's majority over Whitcomb, three years ago was 34.

WARD'S TOOTH POWDER. Dr. Ward, of this city, manufactures a tooth powder, which he has tested by twelve years experience; it is as good an article as we ever tried.

☞ The Western papers think there can be no doubt that the people of Iowa have accepted their constitution by three or four hundred votes majority.

☞ It is said that the division of Texas, making the Brazos river the line, into two states, receives the favorable consideration of the South.

☞ GEN. GAINES has been honorably acquitted by the Court of enquiry that sit upon his case. The President has approved the finding of the court.

☞ The Washington Union says by authority, that no Sub-Treasury Notes will be issued of a denomination under fifty dollars.

☞ Mr Allen, of the Pawtucket Garden, will accept our thanks for a beautiful boquet. Mr A.'s Dahlias are the finest we have seen this summer.

☞ We see by the museum bill that the performances there are of quite a variety, and nightly witnessed by crowded houses.

CONVENTIONS. The Natives have called their State Convention in Worcester on the 30th September. The Whigs have called theirs in Boston on the 23d.

☞ We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the steamboat Lawrence plying between Newbury and Haverhill.

☞ The cotton in Georgia and other parts of the south, is represented to be suffering very severely from ravages of the caterpillar.

☞ Levi D. Slamm, late editor of the Daily Globe in N. York, has been appointed consul to one of the Barbary States.

☞ The whigs in New York are in a dreadful condition, with a dozen candidates in prospective for governor.

☞ The three convicts who recently escaped from the Massachusetts state prison are now all in duresse again.

☞ Three new factories are about to be erected in the flourishing village of Saco.

☞ Col. Fanning, of great notoriety as an Indian fighter, died at Cincinnati on the 18th inst.

☞ Hon. Thomas P. Treadwell, now fills the editorial chair of the New Hampshire Patriot.

☞ The Washington Brass Band will play this evening on Central, corner of Jackson street.

☞ The rumors of cabinet changes are wholly unfounded.

☞ There were only three deaths in the city of Mobile during the week ending on the 10th inst.

REDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

☞ A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

Mr JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed).

my15 A&r6mcbm aug22

Draculc.—The Democrats of Dracutt are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, September 5, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the State Convention to be holden at Boston on Wednesday, Sept. 16.

P2t Per order of the Town Committee.

☞ **FOR NINE WEEKS.**—We will furnish the Lowell Patriot and Republican, commencing the Thursday following the Democratic State Convention and ending the Thursday following the annual election of Gov., making nine numbers, upon the following terms :

For Single copies,	25 cts.
" Five Copies,	$1 00
" Ten " and a larger number at the same rate,	$1 50

☞ Friends, will you please forward your orders ?

ANOTHER VOLUNTARY TRIBUTE TO WISTAR'S BALSAM.

Winthrop, Kennebec Co., Me., Aug. 12, 1845.

Dear Sir:—In my testimony in favor of your valuable Medicine will you do any good or be of any service to the sick and afflicted, you are welcome to make such use of it as you please. For seven or eight years I have not enjoyed perfect health. In the Spring of 1841 I had some cough. I was then in Worcester County, Mass., and applied to a physician, who gave me some medicine, but it did not relieve me. I was not able to work during the summer. Last fall I was much worse, so reduced by coughing, and sweating nights, that I was obliged to take to my room. My physician tried in vain to remove my cough, and restore me to health, but I did not expect to recover; I however, concluded to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; I was then troubled with very frequent spells of coughing, night and day; before I had taken one bottle, my cough was easier; I continued to take the Medicine until I was able to leave my room. I have taken several bottles, and I think Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has cured me; at least I feel as well, and as strong as I have for twelve years.

JOHN METCALF.

I am acquainted with the subscriber, and believe his statement to be true. HOWARD H. LOVEJOY.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&rang27ap14

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug. 25, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Rev. Norman Clark, pastor of the Baptist Church, Swanton, Vermont, and Miss Juliet Little, of Lowell, late teacher at the Judson Institute, Marion, Alabama.

In Andover, Walter H. Kimball, M. D., to Miss Mary Gage.

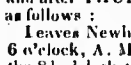
At Saco, Me., August 22, Mr Edward B. Hutchinson to Miss Caroline E. Jones, both of Lowell, Mass.

In Newton Co., Ga., July 3, by a Justice of the Peace, Mr Laborn Horton to Miss Jane Bishop. The parties stood on one bank of the Alcova river, while the officiating magistrate, with the voice of a stentor, read out the ceremony from the opposite bank—a distance of seventy paces.

DIED.

In Andover, Mrs. Abby Ann Abbott, wife of Mr Geo. Murphy, 23.

FALL ARRANGEMENT OF THE STEAMBOAT LAWRENCE.



The Steamer **Lawrence**, Wm. Walker, Captain, will leave Newburyport for Haverhill and the Landing Places on the river, on and after THURSDAY, August 20th, until October 1st, as follows :

Leaves Newburyport for Haverhill at a quarter before 6 o'clock, A. M., arriving at Haverhill in time to meet the 8¼ o'clock train of Cars for Boston.

Returning—Leaves Haverhill at 9 o'clock, A. M., or on the arrival of the Boston and Eastern Trains, arriving at Newburyport about 11 o'clock, A. M.

Afternoon Trip.—Leaves Newburyport at 1½ o'clk P. M., arriving at Haverhill in time for the train of Cars for Boston and the East, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Return the same evening, for Newburyport, leaving Haverhill about 4½ o'clock.

EXCURSIONS.

☞ The Excursions will be continued as usual on WEDNESDAYS, until further notice.

JOHN HUSE, Agent.

Newburyport, Aug. 18, 1846. aug27tf0t1

LOWELL MUSEUM.

Brilliant Success ! Crowded Houses every Night ! !

SECOND WEEK of C. W. HUNT, Mrs. C. W. HUNT, Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, the beautiful Child of Avon, Mast. FREDERICK PHILLIPS, and Mr A. PHILLIPS, Miss REES, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, Aug. 25th, 1846, and every evening through the week, except Saturday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. On Saturday evening, there will be a Grand Concert by the whole Company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. aug27

A RARE CHANCE !

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock will be reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *With immediate dispatch.*



The elegant coppered new packet Ship BOSTON, Geo. Barker, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. aug27

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF. *On Tuesday.*



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug27

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted for any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy ; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a3w1t

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the "Old Tavern House" on Gorham Street, and furnished it for a Boarding House, where he is ready to receive both Gentlemen and Ladies on the most reasonable terms. The House has recently been repaired throughout, and is now in good order. The greatest pains will be taken to render everything pleasant and agreeable to boarders, and we think it cannot fail to give satisfaction.

E. G. TUTTLE.

Lowell, August, 1846. aug25a3t*

REGALIA EVENING—PAWTUCKET GARDEN.—Bond's Lowell Brass Band will play on Saturday Evening next at Mr. ALLEN'S Fruit and Flower Gardeo.

☞ Tickets of Admission 12½ cts., to be taken again on the evening at the Garden, in payment for Refreshments or Flowers for the same amount. The Band will start from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets. aug25 a3t

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall; as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

August 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

July 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

July 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Branch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have power to receive and act on Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.

August 11, 1846. aug18tsep3t

GENTS BOOT MANUFACTORY.

ELIJAH MINER would inform his former customers and the public generally that he has removed from 81, Merrimack st. to 110, at Mr E. B. Currier's, nearly opposite Kirk st., where he is manufacturing the best of Gents fine or coarse BOOTS, and would feel grateful for a share of the public patronage. The best of stock and work may be relied on.

☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done at short notice. may26 G3m

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

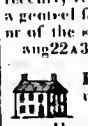
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tjan19



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15A&rtf



TO BE LET, and possession given immediately, a Dwelling House on Chapel Hill, adjoining the residence of Judge Locke. The house has been recently repaired and contains all the conveniences for a genteel family. Inquire of Hon. JOSEPH LOCKE, or of the subscriber in Billerica.

aug22a3t* ZADOCK HOWE.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, **(No. 7, Wyman's Exchange,** Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By John Weaver.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

LOST !—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

HATS ! HATS !



Fall Fashion Hats will be introduced this day at No. 33, Central St., by

A. GILBERT, Jr.

Lowell, August 22, 1846. aug22atf

FALL FASHION !



BENT & BUSH having received the Fall Fashion for Hats, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

WANTED.—A man to cut forty or fifty cords of Wood. Enquire at this Office. aug25atf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect use of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossissang, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape in strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHILLPS & CO., *No.* 112, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Gridley, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The Dandelion and Tomato Pancea is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhea and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Pancea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight*, &c.

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Pancea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chymist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by any duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carlton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&rtoct14

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than One Hundred Thousand Pairs, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for Cash or Credit, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and *the cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30A2aw2mrcow

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. 2my19atf

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in said county, painter, no insolvent debtor ; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Marshall will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on THURSDAY, the third day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Marshall, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

aug25 a3t

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½ p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows :

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

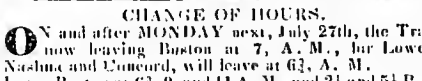
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1¼ and 5¾ P.M.

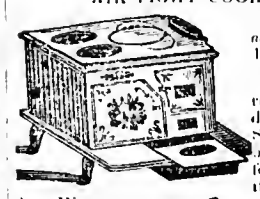
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ Two Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., *Nos.* 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of STOVES, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made no extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Printing materials :

228 lbs. Brevier Type,
2½ " 2 Line Brevier Do., No. 1.
20 " Leads.
1 Fount Pica Condensed Type,
1 Composing Stick, (new.)
Several Cuts of different kinds,
Several News Ornaments,
30 Single Dash Rules,
12 Advertising do.
Cutting do.
6 pr. of cases, 1 Box,
7 1-2 lbs. Long Primer Full Face,
Spaces, Quads, &c.

Great Sale of Building Lots

On FRIDAY, Aug. 28, at 3 o'clock, on the premises,—From 10 to 20 pleasant House Lots, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street, south of Dana Lot.

Said Lot contain each from 3000 to 5000 square feet. The terms of payment are as follows :—$25 to be paid on the delivery of the deed, the balance in three annual payments with interest annually ; if the purchaser builds within one year, the cash payment will be refunded and the whole made payable as above stated.

For particulars enquire of the auctioneer.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods almut 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, *Commercial Square.—*

On SATURDAY, August 29, at 10 o'clock, A. M., —Groceries, Family Stores, &c. &c. Also, an invoice of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Satinetts, adapted to the present season. Immediately after, one *Turning Lathe*, made by an experienced workman, and is of superior quality—sold to reimburse advances.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

Office, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. jeh26tf

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chalic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations not counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure te give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

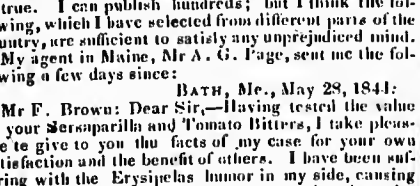
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Wion & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&paply

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

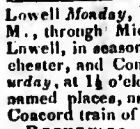
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

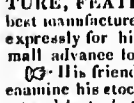
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Posteffice, Lowell, Agent for

dmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine,

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, ourduty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and beneficent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvy and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, beseft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the restoration and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. **198**

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloureux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain and in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloureux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complain called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

[illegible] GEORGE [illegible],

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Hewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. THOMSON, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Apoplexy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure in the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pfminosapn9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merinn and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merine, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28AIy6m*

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS !!!

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Sturkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents,

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, unwittingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wholly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for these other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan23

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 102.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

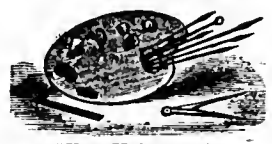
☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

DINSMORE & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOWELL.
OFFICE, *In Coburn's Block, Central Street.*
R. DINSMORE, A. W. FARR.

MR. DINSMORE is permitted to refer to Hon. WILLIAM HERARD and Hon. WILLIAM UPHAM, of Vermont, in which State he has been engaged in the practice of Law for the past ten years. s30

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. HANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. HANGS,
jan8 DEAN HANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF FOWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf



SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET...LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,
Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,
RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, and general
FURNISHING GOODS,
selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.
All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

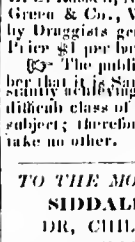
LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec0

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.
DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11 Alf

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA,
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system
THE searching influence of this preparation reaches the blood, and its antiseptic properties either discharge or render harmless the virus of disease in that fluid, while its tonic qualities strengthen the stomach, and the slight laxative power with which, (however strange the combination may seem,) it is imbued, acts gently upon the excretory organs. To those afflicted with pustulous or other eruptions, scrofulous ulcers, superficial or deep-seated sores, inflammatory or chronic rheumatism, general prostration, hepatic, diseases, &c., &c., it will be found to produce a most beneficial, and so to speak, re-vitalizing effect.
The following statement is from a gentleman who is one of the first Druggists in the city of Providence, and from his extensive knowledge of medicines of every kind, and his experience of the effects of Sands's Sarsaparilla, his opinion, is one of peculiar value to the afflicted.
Sands's Sarsaparilla. I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy with those who are afflicted with this most tormenting and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of their Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commendatory of its invaluable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs Sands. CHARLES DYER, Jr.,
Druggist and Apothecary,
40 and 42 Westminster street Providence, R. I.
Feb'y 15th, 1845.
Winstead, Conn., Aug. 5th, 1845.
A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from Scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.
I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physicians seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well, and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly increasing. Many people hearing of my case, have come some six and nine miles to see me; and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady told me last week, it was doing great things for her; and there are three or four in this place that are taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands's Sarsaparilla. Yours, most resp'ly,
CORDELIA CADY.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SAND, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton street, N. York.
Sold also by *G. H. CARLTON & CO.*, Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; J. J. Brown, Amherst; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that in Sands's Sarsaparilla, they have offered to them a remedy having such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug30

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. may4 aly

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. may8



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18 Alf No. 1 Commercial Square.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

WANTED this day six first rate Coat Makers to whom steady employment will be given and the highest prices paid. Apply to H. McEVOY,
je6 Alf 59, Central St.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Fleming, of Lowell, had been badly quinsied, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had virulent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1uwa&plyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
18	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$508 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	878 80	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 50	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMOND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Spew1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.
All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same on this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.
☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, at my Attorney or Agent.
BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2w

TO INES.

BY THE LATE THOMAS HOOD.

O, saw ye not fair Ines?
She's gone into the west,
To dazzle when the sun is down,
And rob the world of rest;
She took our daylight with her,
The smiles that we love best,
With morning blushes on her cheek,
And pearls upon her breast.

O, turn again, fair Ines,
Before the fall of night,
For fear the moon should shine alone,
And stars unrivalled bright;
And blossel the lover be
That walks beneath their light,
And breathes the love against thy cheek
I dare not even write.

Would I had been fair Ines,
That gallant cavalier,
Who rode so gaily by thy side,
And whispered thee so near!
Were there no bonnie dames at home,
Or no true lovers here,
That he should cross the sea to win
The dearest of the deer?

I saw thee, lovely Ines,
Descend along the shore,
With bands of noble gentlemen,
And banners waved before:
And gentle youth and maidens gay,
And snowy plumes they wore;
It would have been a beauteous dream—
If it had been no more!

Alas! alas! fair Ines,
She went away with song,
With music wailing on her steps,
And shoutings of the throng;
But some were sad and felt no mirth,
But only music's wrong,
In sounds that sang farewell, farewell,
To her you've loved so long.

Farewell, farewell, fair Ines,
That vessel never bore
So fair a lady on its deck;
Nor danced so light before.
Alas, for pleasure on the sea,
And sorrow on the shore!
The smile that blest one lover's heart
Has broken many more!

TOADS NOT TO BE TROD ON.

We have complaints from every quarter of the depredations of worms and flies—and anxious inquiries are made for remedies. We have killed off all the birds for fear they would steal a few kernels of grain. And we pay no more attention to a toad than if he was not born, like ourselves, to labor for a living. Crows we make war upon with more bitterness, if not a so great one, as on the Mexicans; and pigs are not permitted to run in orchards lest they root and pick up green apples along with the worms that harbor there.

"Shall we receive good at the hand of Providence and shall we not receive evil?" It is the duty of man to turn to the best account the instincts of all the animals that are destined to accompany him.

Toads are as harmless as any of our fellow creatures, and toads will pick up every worm and fly in the garden provided you give them a fair chance.

Toads want a shelter from the wet and cold, and if none is provided in your garden or field they will not make these places their home though they find food enough. In Matamoras your warriors are uneasy without tents, and they too will quit unless a supply is furnished. You may find toads in plenty under your buildings where they find not half so good living as they would in your fields. They go for protection, and leave their best game to riot on your vegetables in the garden.

Last week we turned up a board, several feet in length, that had been carelessly left near our garden on some ploughed ground. Under this board were snugly lodged a number of large toads, and a family of little ones, half an inch long. They appeared more happy than many families under more costly roofs, and seemed not much alarmed at the unroofing of their house, for they had the best of reasons for trusting us as friends.

We have removed this family—shelter and all—into our vegetable garden, and intend to provide more boards for others that may come till we have stock enough for the fodder. Flat stones are acceptable to these useful creatures, but a number of boards one foot wide and three in length, will answer better. They will not be much in the way. Indeed they save much weeding, and the roots of vegetables will run as well under such shelters as when there are none.

And now for Crows. While we were writing the above, twelve crows gave us a loud call, and without further ceremony alighted in our mown field and helped themselves, to their stomach's content, to the surplus grass-hoppers which the hens could not pick up. The crows on our premises this year have done more good than evil. They pulled up not a hill of corn after we sowed a peck or two on the surface of the field—and with their aid we shall have a fine lot of fall feed for cattle. Grasshoppers have often done ten times as much mischief on a farm as crows, and it is a moot question whether it is advisable to exterminate their destroyers.

We would electioneer right heartily for these black pigeons and naturalize them, were it not for the war spirit which they too often manifest towards the weaker tribes of birds. But let it be remembered that these black warriors are so shy that they never carry off young birds from gardens or orchards near your dwellings.

If robins and other small birds are encouraged to build near the habitations of man they will prefer such locations to extensive forests and swamps where hawks and crows and snakes are more apt to be their neighbors.—*Ploughman*

SMILED OF PROVIDENCE. I was much pleased with uncle Jim's ideas on that subject:—"Good morning uncle Jim." "Good morning." "Well, you've got your daughter married off, have you?" "Yes." "Really, Providence smiles upon you." "Smiled! No, bless you, she snickered right out!"

LOOK OUT FOR A ROGUE. A few days since a person purchased of a jeweller in Portsmouth N. H., jewelry to the amount of fifteen dollars, tendering a $100 bill to the occupant of the store, who gave the change required. It has since been ascertained that the bill is a $1 bill of the Hampshire Mannfacturers' Bank, altered to $100. This is probably the same rogue that has passed off several bills of the same amount in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, and he probably may have "a few more left," therefore the public should be on their guard.—*Boston Advertiser.*

☞ John B. Gough is recovering from late illness.

The Sub Treasury Bill.

[Concluded.]

SEC. 18. And be it farther enacted, That on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty seven and thereafter, all duties, taxes, sales of public lands, debts and sums of money, accruing or becoming due to the United States, and also all sums due for postages, or otherwise to the general Post Office department, shall be paid in gold and silver coin only; or in treasury notes issued under the authority of the United States: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall publish monthly in two newspapers at the city of Washington, the amount of specie at the several places of deposite, the amount of Treasury notes or drafts issued, and the amount outstanding on the last of each month.

SEC. 19. And be it farther enacted, That on the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty seven and thereafter, every officer or agent engaged in making disbursements on account of the United States, or of the General Post Office, shall make all payments in gold and silver coin, or in Treasury notes, if the creditor agree to receive said notes in payment; and any receiving or disbursing officer or agent who shall neglect, evade or violate the provision of this end the last preceding section of this act, shall, by the Secretary of the Treasury be immediately reported to the President of the United States, with the facts of such neglect, evasion or violation: and also to Congress, if in session; and if not in session; at the commencement of its session next after the violation takes place.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That no exchange of funds shall be made by any disbursing officer or agents of the government, of any grade or denomination whatsoever, or connected with any branch of the public service, other than on exchange for gold and silver; and every such disbursing officer, when the means for his disbursements are furnished to him in gold and silver, shall make his payments in the money so furnished; or when those means are furnished to him in drafts, shall cause these drafts to be presented at their place of payment, and properly paid according to the law; and shall make his payments in the money so received for the drafts furnished, unless in either case he can exchange the means in his hands for gold and silver at par. And it shall be, and is hereby, made the duty of the head of the proper department immediately to suspend from duty any disbursing officer who shall violate the provisions of this section, and forthwith to report the name of the officer or agent to the President, with the fact of the violation and all the circumstances accompanying the same, and within the knowledge of the said Secretary to the end that such officer or agent may be promptly removed from office, or restored to his trust and the performance of his duties, as to the President may seem just and proper.—Provided, however, That those disbursing officers having at present credit in the banks, shall, until the first day of January next, be allowed to check on the same, allowing the public creditors to receive their pay from the banks either in specie or bank notes.

SEC. 21. And be it farther enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and publish regulations to enforce the speedy prosecution of all government drafts for payment at the place where payable, and to prescribe the time, according to the different distances of the depositaries from the seat of government, within which all drafts upon them, respectively, shall be presented for payment; and, in default of such presentation, to direct any other mode and place of payment which he may deem proper; but in all these regulations and directions it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to guard, as far as may be, against those drafts being used or thrown into circulation as a paper currency, or medium of exchange. And no officer of the United States shall, either directly or indirectly, sell or dispose to any person or persons, or corporations, whatsoever, for a premium, any treasury note, draft, warrant, or other public security, not his private property, or sell or dispose of the avails or proceeds of such note, draft, warrant, or security in his hands for disbursement, without making return of such premium, and accounting therefor by charging the same in his accounts to the credit of the United States; and any officer violating this section shall be forthwith dismissed from office.

SEC. 22. And be it farther enacted, That the assistant treasurers directed by this act to be appointed shall receive, respectively, the following salaries per annum, to be paid quarter-yearly at the treasury of the United States, to wit: the assistant treasurer at New York shall be paid a salary of four thousand dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at Boston shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at Charleston shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at St Louis shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the treasurer of the mint at Philadelphia shall, in addition to his present salary, receive five hundred dollars annually for the performance of the duties imposed by this act; the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans shall also receive five hundred dollars annually for the additional duties created by this act; and these salaries, respectively, shall be in full for the services of the respective officers, nor shall either of them be permitted to charge or receive any commission, pay or perquisite, for any official service, of any character or description whatsoever; and the making of any such charge, or the receipt of any such compensation, is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, for which the officer convicted thereof, before any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, shall be subject to punishment by fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court before which the offence shall be tried.

SEC. 23. And be it farther enacted, That there shall be, and hereby is appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five thousand dollars, to be expended, under the direction of the secretary of the Treasury, in such repairs or additions as may be necessary to put in good condition for use, with as little delay as may be consistent with the public interest, the offices, rooms, vaults and safes herein mentioned, and in the purchase of any necessary additional furniture and fixtures, in the purchase of necessary books and stationary, and in defraying any other incidental expences necessary to carry this act into effect.

SEC. 24. And be it farther enacted, That all acts or parts of acts which come in conflict with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN P. HALE. The new whig-abolition Senator, whom the whigs take pains to call an "Independent Democrat," is now peddling whiggery in Maine, to help his political friends into power in that State.—Well may they call him an "Independent Democrat," for he is not only *independent of all democratic principles*, but it is probable that *his treachery* has also made him independent in more ways than one. John P. Hale's conversion is a wonderful one. It is that of the animal, which, after feeling uncomfortable for a while upon dry ground, returns to his favorite wallowing place. Hale was a FEDERALIST, his life long, until Mr Van Buren came into the presidency. He then came out at once, and claimed his reward; and he got it in the shape of the office of District Attorney of New Hampshire. A portion of the democracy of New Hampshire never gave Hale their confidence. He lost his office when Harrison came into the presidency *under Webster as dictator*. Polk manifested no disposition to restore it to him; and so the great "Independent Democrat" of New Hampshire *has gone back to the whig party whence he came from*. The Abolitionist of Massachusetts have a taste for just such "Independent Democrats," *alias* WHIGS, as John P. Hale; and therefore they talk of employing him to traverse this State, before the election, to help abolitionism in general and whiggery in particularly.—They could not find a better representative of themselves than this same John P. Hale. His abolitionism is of the kind called "cutaneous:" that is, *a wool skin upon a wolf*.—*Worcester Palladium.*

☞ Lice on apple trees in some sections are said to be so numerous that the crop of apples will be much injured.—*Ploughman.*

A RATTLER. Two gentlemen from this town riding in New Salem last week, killed a rattlesnake nearly six feet in length. "Sich varmints is gettin sence, sir."—*Barre Gazette.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

The Sub-Treasury.

The Courier in answer to us upon an article under the above caption, says:—

THE SUB-TREASURY. The Advertiser asks, "Is it not somewhat remarkable that the whig press is so silent upon this measure being again established?" and it contrasts the present silence of the Whigs with the great clamor they made in 1840. Why, neighbor, every body understands that the establishment of a Sub-Treasury is a *humbug*, just as it proved to be under Van Buren's administration. It is a divorce of the Government from the Banks, but only *in the abstract;* banks and paper money are to be used just as much as ever, only it is thought necessary to impose upon the green ones by a *pretence* of returning to the "constitutional currency." Consistency required the party to pass the law, but they knew very well that it must be a dead letter, and it would not do to attempt its enforcement. But if they alter their minds, and seriously set about carrying the humbug into practice, there will be complaints enough of its working. In the meanwhile it is not profitable to fight shadows. All the Whigs will do will be to expose the shallow trick, by which the Locofocos are trying to deceive the people on this subject.

To show how much of a *humbug* the carrying the Sub-Treasury out is to be, we quote from the Washington Union of August 25th.

TREASURY CIRCULAR. We publish this day a most important circular from the Secretary of the Treasury, in regard to treasury drafts. It will be perceived that the great object of the law establishing the constitutional treasury, the enlargement of the circulation of gold and silver, is fully carried out under these instructions, and that *treasury drafts cannot become a paper circulation.* The time allowed for the presentation of these drafts is the shortest within which they can be transmitted to disbursing agents at places remote from Washington, exchanged for gold and silver at par, and taken to the place of payment by the holder for the specie. They can only be drawn on specie in actual deposite—must be speedily presented for payment in specie—are not receivable in payment for public dues—are only assignable by special endorsement—must be cancelled when paid, and cannot be reissued or disbursed in payment to any public creditor.

☞ Hon Daniel Webster has written to the editor of the Cincinnati Gazette, and denied that he ever uttered *a certain sentiment* attributed to him in a toast at a democratic meeting out West. The editor of the Gazette says it was the sentiment "Let government take care of the rich, and the rich will take care of the poor." We should like to see the resolution published, which Mr Webster says contains the sentiment never uttered by him. It *may* contain the sentiment the editor of the Gazette says it did, and may be his *opinion* it did. Mr Webster denies having uttered the sentiment *contained in the resolution*, not the sentiment the Gazette *thinks* it contained. Mr Webster's opinion and the Gazette man's may be very different. Wouldn't it be better to publish the resolution, the sentiment of which Mr Webster denies, than the *opinion* of the Gazette as to the sentiment it contained?

In noticing the statements of the Gazette our neighbor of the Courier says:

"The Lowell Advertiser has within a few days repeated this miserable slander upon Mr Webster.—Will it retract it, or does it consider the reputation of one of New England's greatest statesmen, fair game for all kinds of ammunition."

We can't retract anything till the denial comes in a less questionable shape.

THE LATE BATTLES IN INDIA. We learn from the Times, that the Advocate of Peace for August, edited by Elihu Burritt, contains a letter published in the Stamford Mercury, (England) from a private, John Lam, dated 9th of March, giving some account of the battles last December, on the banks of the Sutlej. Having spoken of the battle of the 20th, the writer adds:—"*On the succeding morning we commenced hanging and shooting all the prisoners, which dreadful work occupied nearly the whole of the day!!*" This is certainly a most extraordinary statement, says the Journal of Commerce, and ready as we are to believe that war has many horrors veiled from public sight, we can hardly imagine that such an attrocity as this could be perpetrated by an English Army in this century. Besides, hanging is a very unusual mode of putting prisoners to death. But if there be any truth in the story, the whole civilized world will brand with indelible infamy the author of such a shocking violation of the dictates of humanity, and the universal laws of modern war.

THE WARREN ENGINE COMPANY, of Charlestown, and the Wamesit, of this city, were out yesterday, in full costume, with bands of music, and made a very handsome appearance. We have not seen a finer looking set of fellows this many a day. The engines were decorated with a profusion of beautiful flowers; those of the Wamesit came from Pawtucket Garden.

We regret our inability to comply with an invitation to dine with them at Maj. Ferrin's well-furhished table.

In the afternoon the Torrent Company joined the others, and our street again presented a brilliant array. The crowded streets show that the citizens generally were highly pleased with the display.

☞ The body of a man named Hosea Redfield was found on Wednesday last by the roadside in the town of Windsor, Berkshire County, Mass. The Pittsfield Eagle says it is very evident from the appearance of the body that he came to his death by violence, as he bore signs of several severe blows upon his head over both eyes. His jaw was broken, as also several of his ribs, and there were prints of the heel of a boot upon his chest. A jury of inquest returned a verdict accordingly.

☞ An officer of the U. S. ship Columbus says the cigar factory at Manille, in point of size and numbers are employed therein, would embrace all the power of Lowell. Ten thousand girls are employed, all Indians of the country, or Maylays as they are called, with skins two shades darker than the North American Indians.

OSWEGO, August 22d, 1846.

Massasoit House, Springfield—good clothes—poor waiters—Queen of the Rancheras, &c., &c,

MR. EDITOR—I left the spindle city Thursday, the 20th, and agreably to my promise, here you have, thus far, on my journey. To Boston at 11, and thence at 4 we took the car for Springfield, about one hundred miles distant, where we arrived to supper about 9, P. M. The Massasoit House found us a comfortable bed and a clean, tidy and attentive landlord. Indeed, the House is, altogether, one of the best of its class in the country. It has, however, the fault, in an eminent degree, of all the large hotels,—a want of a sufficient number of attendants at table. *This is a fault* that the press should cry out to reform.

Now there is but one way to be fed, and that is to patronize the tailor, find fault with the landlord, abuse the servants, call for wine, blow, make a fuss, and go away without paying your bill, and in nine cases in ten, at all the large hotels, you will fare much better than if you seek your accomodations in a modest and proper manner.

From Springfield we take the car in the morning to Albany, and arrive about 2½ o'clock at the Delavan House, where you get plenty of water and good eatables, *but* no *liquor*, not a drop, not even ale. From Albany we start at 7, A. M, thence to Buffalo the same eve, unless you conclude to take the better route to the falls, by the Oswego canal, to the shore of Lake Ontario, from whence I am now writing you. Here we are just returned from a visit to the fort, which we found in fine condition—guns all mounted, yard clean, but not a living thing about it save two *cur* dogs, probably of the whig Florida *Bloodhound* army, imported, your readers will recollect, from Cuba, to hunt Indians under the reign of Van Buren.

As you stand upon the shore of one of these inland seas, and look out upon the water, you cannot, coming from the Atlantic states, divest yourself of the idea of its being the ocean you look upon, and its borders beyond any other than you own native land. The first distinct, comprehensive idea any one can have of the vast region of the West, is when they arrive at the shore of one of these great lakes, after stretching from your home some four hundred miles, upon an iron road, and stepping upon the deck of a splendid steamer, you bespeak your passage to Lewiston, some two hundred more miles, and thence to Buffalo, and find yourself still in New York, on the shore of Lake Erie, upon the deck of the Empire, bespeaking your passage for *twelve hundred miles* to another point of departure, where you are told you had better enquire for the most convenient route still farther to the *West*.

I can say to you but little, of course, of interest, in this, my first letter, not yet being but four hundred miles from you, and not yet, in fact, started on our western journey. The boats, hotels and cars are all crowded.

My health, spirits, and company are good. No events worth recording since I left—no better landlords than Larrabee, Emery, Ferrin and Thurston—nor so good car men as Barret and Short, and no express man that comes within gun shot of Tuck.

To the Queen of the Rancheros, the Favorite of the Chief of the Delewares, The Queen of the Gipsies, The Moon-light Fairy, the Sea Nymph, Prairie Bird, and Water Witch, I send greeting: this is to inform them that the Sacs and Fox, the Winnebagoes, the Potawattomies, the Mohawks, the Onandagas and the Flat Heads are preparing a feast, which I, being delegated, hope, Providence permitting, to attend. They of the east shall be duly remembered, and the Pipe of Peace smoked with the good spirits of the west. In twenty four hours from this writing, I hope to be snuffing the damp air from off the falls of Niagara, where I will again write you if aught happen, that I can express, to cause me to be remembered by many of those I have left behind.

Wright will be renominated Governor and re-elected; of this I do not think there is a doubt; but even in this State, Lewis Cass is very strong with the people for the next candidate for the Presidency. The Convention to make a new constitution is in full blast at Albany, and is getting on tolerably well though slowly.

If you can afford it, wear your best clothes when travelling—you will fare better. I met a number in the train from Lowell, wending their way to Saratoga Springs. I learn the Falls are largely visited this season, by the fashionable. I will tell you more when I get there. Yours &c., G——.

A NEW 'ONE MAN POWER.' It now comes to light that through the shameful course pursued by Senator Davis, (the whigs talk of the "veto power"; —they had better keep their thunder for Mr D., whose action was far more despicable than any veto could possibly be;) there were many other bills besides the Peace bill lost. Many of the following measures could have been got through (they were all lost,) had Mr D. held his tongue: Bills to found a military asylum for the relief and support of invalid soldiers of the army —To issue letters of marque and reprisal against Mexico—To provide for the better security of the lives of passengers on board of steamboats—To authorise every poor man at the head of a family to enter a quarter section public lands—For the relief of sick and disabled seamen—For an equestrian statue of Washington—To establish a prospective pre-emption system—To establish a board of commissioners to examine and decide claims against the United States—For the establishment of national foundries—For the relief of certain officers of the Revolution—and to remit the duties on certain goods destroyed at the conflagration on the night of the 16th July, 1845.—*Brooklyn Daily Eagle.*

ACCIDENT ON THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. As the Day train from Boston was about 33 miles from Brooklyn at 7¼ o'clock Wednesday evening, a cow ran across the track just in front of the engine, and was thrown off by the cow catcher, but slid down the the bank just beside the track, and, after being passed by the engine and baggage car, was caught by the first passengar car, which was thrown off the track upsetting the car behind it, and seriously injuring several passengers—one lady, it was feared dangerously. The conductor, Mr Tucker, was also somewhat injured, but not so much as to prevent his doing a great deal for the comfort and relief of the sufferers.

The cars were nearly destroyed and the rails somewhat torn up, but fresh cars were procured from a depot three miles this side, and all the passengers brought on, reaching this city about 11 o'clock.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

IMPORTANT TO SUCKERS. A case has recently been decided which most provo highly interesting to that class of individuals termed "Suckers"—by virtue of their office. The crew of a St Louis steamboat recently brought a suit against the proprietors of the boat to recover the amount of 25 cents each, which had been deducted from their wages. The deduction had been made in consequence of a number of barrels of whiskey, which had been taken as freight, having been bored by the crew, and about a gallon sucked out of each one. The crew proved that it was a custom "honorable in the observance" to broach the barrels and take out the *tare*, and the Judge rendered a verdict in their favor. The crew immediately returned to the steamboat and 'liquored.' *N. O. Pic.*

THE CUSTOM HOUSE. The Norfolk Democrat, a spirited and independent democratic journal at Dedham, speaking of the Boston custom house, says:—

"We do not know of but one or two democratic papers in the State but has its representative in the custom house except ours, and they are the Worcester Palladium and Harre Gazette. For our own part, we have never applied for any thing and do not intend to."—*Worcester Palladium.*

The same here Messrs. Palladium, Democrat and Gazette. So perhaps you will add one more to the list of those who get their support from the people, or let us know who our custom house representative is.

BOSTON AND MONTREAL RAILROAD. The Concord, N. H. Courier says, the opinion is now stated with confidence by the friends of this road that its affairs have been placed an such a footing that the construction of the road between this place and Meredith Bridge will be entered upon immediately, and that the road will be completed to that point with all due dispatch. Operations have already been commenced on the bridge, over which the road crosses the Merrimac in this town.

THE DEAD ALIVE. At Shreveport, La, says the Bayou Saru Ledger, an old negro man belonging to Mr Bowman of this place, supposed to be dead, was conveyed to the grave yard, but made a noise in the coffin, as they were putting him in the grave. The coffin was opened and he was found to be living, and conveyed home,

VERY AFFECTING. A farmer going to get his grist ground at a mill, borrowed a bag of one of his neighbors. The poor man was knocked into the water wheel and the bag went with him. He was drowned, and when the melancholy news was brought to his wife, she exclaimed, "My gracious! what a fuss there'll be about that bag!"

☞ This evening Bond's Band starts from the corner of Merrimack and Central streets, for Pawtucket Garden, where they will play for the entertainment of visitors. At the garden there is now an abundance of flowers, and the grapes are just perfectly ripe and better never were raised.

☞ Between Mount Vernon and Cleaveland, O., on the 16th instant, a stage coach was upset and several passengers somewhat injured, and a Mr Lennox who was on the top of the coach was thrown some sixty feet down a hill and so badly hurt that his recovery is doubtful.

☞ We notice that Henry J. Baxter, the first man who opened a tailoring establishment in this place, has removed to the store lately occupied as the Union Book Store. It has been thoroughly regenerated, and is now one of the handsomest stores upon the street.

☞ We learn though the Post, that Messrs Geo. F. Emery, John C. Leach, Leander Warren, Benjamin D. Baxter, William P. Loring and David Townsend, inspectors in the Boston Custom house, have been removed by the Collector.

JEREMOAM HOWE, ESQ. sent us a specimen of some plumbs that he exhibited at the Horticultural Fair, measuring *eight inches* in circumference. They are of the color of the Damascene, but finer flavored. Variety unknown.

☞ The Pittsburg Gazette states that it is reported on the way bill of the Erie stage line, that the steamer Orleans has been blown up at Erie, by which twenty persons were killed, and a great many others wounded.

☞ The Times says, a fortnight ago, Monday night the trains on the Erie Railroad were stopped by *grasshoppers*—there being such numbers of them on the track as to grease it as effectually as though lard had been placed upon the rails.

☞ The Catholics of this city have purchased the large Methodist church known as the Wesley chapel on Suffolk street for their own use. The building will accommodate 2000 persons.

HEAVY MATTERS. The Picayune of the 11th acknowledges the receipt of a squash weighing 92 pounds, and also a copy of Hon. J. A. Rockwell's speech upon the tariff bill.

LARGE TOMATO. The Washington (Pa.) Examiner says;—"Last week, Mr William Wolf, of Canton township, presented us with a Tomato weighing three pounds and a quarter.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK. The September number of this popular monthly has been received by J. E. Short, & Co. on Merrimack street at corner of John street.

☞ A verdict of $500 was recovered, in the Court of Common Pleas, in Pennsylvania, against a physician for mal-practice in the treatment of a fractured arm.

☞ A new theatrical star is said to be about ready to step upon the stage at Baltimore from among the ranks of the printers.

☞ Henry R. Schoolcraft, Esq., will deliver the Anniversary Address before the New York Historical Society, on the third Tuesday of November next.

☞ Mr Allen of the Pawtucket Garden, will accept our thanks for a big bunch of delicious Hamburg Grapes. It would weigh at least a pound.

☞ The Courier does not say whether or not it would support a slave holder for President. Does not the editor speak now Greely has?

☞ The Warehousing Act is in full operation in New York, and full one-third of the goods imported are warehoused now.

☞ It is rumored that Earl Cathcart, Governor General of Canada, will probably be recalled immediately after the prorogation of Parliament.

☞ The diocesan convention of the Episcopal Church of Western New York adjourned on Thursday evening.

EPIGRAM ON GENERAL TOM THUMB.

"Thou art a famous general indeed.
For none so well can make a people bleed."

☞ Beautiful specimens of Agate are said to have been found in the copper and silver regions of the Lake country.

☞ It was said of a *musical* dancing master that the whole *tenor* of his life had been *base*.

☞ Edward C. Delavan declines being Native candidate for Governor.

☞ North Caroline is going to have a Penitentiary. Her citizens have so decided.

☞ Capt. WORTH, of the 8th Infantry, died near St Augustine, Florida, July 21st.

☞ Hon Peter H. Pierce declines being candidate for election to Congress from the ninth district.

☞ President Polk has returned to Washington.

Case of Gen Gaines.

The proceedings of the Court of Inquiry in the foregoing case having been duly submitted, the following are the orders thereon:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Aug. 18, 1846.

The proceedings of the Court of Inquiry in the foregoing case have been duly laid before the President and carefully examined.

It is seen that the court has found that several of the acts of Brevet Major Gen. Gaines "were not authorized by his instructions or by law; and that he has violated orders."

That for the call made by him "for volunteers after the sixteenth of May, when he knew of the victories of [General] Taylor, the court cannot find any necessity at the time—any authority in his instructions or any warrant of law."

That in mustering into service at Mobile, certain general and staff officers, after he was relieved from his command by instructions from the War Department, "the court are of opinion that he transcended his authority and violated his orders."

The president views with deep regret the exercise of this assumed authority on the part of the late commander of the Western division; and while he is disposed to give every consideration to the circumstances which may tend to qualify or mitigate his conduct, he can see nothing in them which would justify him for withholding the expression of his decided disapprobation of the irregular and unauthorized proceedings of that officer. But in consideration of the recommendation of the court, and concurring with them in their opinions of the "good and patriotic motives and the public zeal by which he was actuated," the President directs that further proceedings in the case of Brevet Major General Gaines be dispensed with.

The President cannot dismiss the case without inviting the serious attention of the army to the grave subject which has been presented for his consideration and decision. The officers belonging to the military service are known to be devoted to the public interest. Their zeal, gallantry and skill have long been established. The country duly appreciates their value, but unremitted care should be taken to abstain from any act which may tend to impair their high character.—And what so likely to derogate from this as the assumption of important executive or ministerial authority by a military commander, or the disregard of his orders?

The exercise of authority not possessed nor delegated—the non-observance of instructions or the expenditure of the public treasure, not warranted by law, nor justified by imperious necessity, cannot be disregarded. A just responsibility of all in authority makes it a public duty of imperative obligation to observe and strictly enforce the law and the rules of the service.

By order of the President:

W. L. MARCY,
Secretary of War.

The Court of Inquiry, of which Brevet Brigadier General H. Brady is President, is hereby dissolved.

By order, R. JONES, Adjutant General.

☞ Constables Loring and Andrews have had their "Theif Hook" stolen from their office recently. This is actually rushing into the Lion's Mouth.—*Boston Times.*

☞ A New Cotton Factory is now in operation at Falmouth, Va., the property of Mr Green. This makes the third cotton factory in that place, all of which are in successful operation.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Police Court.

August 29th.

Jeremiah Sullivan—drunkenness—fined $2 and costs.

Ebenezer Winkley—common drunkard—4 months in House of Correction.

Wm. Shedd—lewdness—six months in House of Correction.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

---

☞ A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

MR JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 A&P6wchn aug22

ANOTHER VOLUNTARY TRIBUTE TO WISTAR'S BALSAM.

Wiothrop, Kennebec Co., Me., Aug. 12, 1845.

Dear Sir:—In my testimony in favor of your valuable Medicine will you do any good, or be of any service to the sick and afflicted, you are welcome to make such use of it as you please. For seven or eight years I have not enjoyed perfect health. In the Spring of 1844 I had some cough, I was then in Worcester County, Mass., and applied to a physician, who gave me some medicine, but it did not relieve me. I was not able to work during the summer. Last fall I was much worse, so reduced by coughing, and sweating nights, that I was obliged to take to my room. My physician tried in vain to remove my cough, and restore me to health, but I did not expect to recover; I however, concluded to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; I was then troubled with very frequent spells of coughing, night and day; before I had taken one bottle, my cough was easier; I continued to take the Medicine until I was able to leave my room. I have taken several bottles, and I think Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has cured me; at least I feel as well, and as strong as I have for twelve years.

JOHN METCALF.

I am acquainted with the subscriber, and believe his statement to be true. HOWARD B. LOVEJOY.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&P6wp27ap14

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pineshridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for the long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half the time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I saw entirely well of a thirdeous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. jn11

☞ HOSLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of scurf and dandruff, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing baldness and dry hair. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 22, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tiedvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. sp28y

---

BLANK NOTICES.—At this office may be found blank notices, such as are required by law to be sent to creditors of insolvent debtors by assignees. my18

MARRIED,

In this city, August 22, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr William H. Tibbetts to Miss Lorinda R Wheeler.

Also, Mr Joseph B. Cole to Miss Clarissa J. Seever, all of Lowell.

Dracut.—The Democrats of Dracutt are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, September 5, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the State Convention to be holden at Boston on Wednesday, Sept. 16.

r2t Per order of the Town Committee.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yang29c3t

---

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Gents' prime Calf Sewed Boots	$3 25	to 3 50
" " " Pegged "	2 00	to 2 75
" " Kip " "	1 75	to 2 00
" " thick " "	1 75	to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kid Walking Shoes,	,72	to 1 00
" " Gaiter Boots, thick soles,	1 12	to 1 50
" " Goat " " "	1 25	to 1 33
" " Kid Buskins,	,50	to 75
" " " Ties,	,45	to 92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the "People's Cheap Store." aug29

WILL BE INTRODUCED THIS DAY

BEEBE & COSTAR'S

Fall Fashion Hats at No. 83 Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.

Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29atf

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the insolvent estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, on insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Peters, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the seventh day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of said Peters may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery,

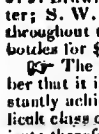
PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, August 29th, 1846. aug29a3t

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

With Immediate Dispatch.



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug29

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a8w

---

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,

By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aeg25atf

---

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Fleetish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous American Brass Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr VAN AMBURGH, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞ Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22tS11

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a3t4t

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET, NO.* 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. jy30tf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

Brilliant Success! Crowded Houses every Night!!

SECOND WEEK of C. W. HUNT, Mrs. C. W. HUNT, Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, the beautiful Child of Avon, Mast. FREDERICK PHILLIPS, and Mr A. PHILLIPS, Miss REES, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, Aug. 25th, 1846, and every evening through the week, except Saturday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. On Saturday evening, there will be a Grand Concert by the whole Company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. aug27

NOTICE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners of Middlesex County, have under consideration certain Petitions for the erection of a Court House in the City of Lowell, and also proposals of that City for purchasing the interest of the County in the building now used as such; and they are desirous of ascertaining whether a suitable site can be obtained, for the location, at a reasonable price. For that purpose they will receive sealed proposals at any time before the thirty-first day of August instant, specifying the situation, boundaries, quantity and price of the lot, and any other circumstances which the owner may deem material.

JOSIAH ADAMS,
JOSIAH B. FRENCH,
EBENEZER BARKER.

August 11, 1846. aug18aug31

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tjmar9

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the "Old Tavern House" on Gorham Street, and furnished it for a Boarding House, where he is ready to receive both Gentlemen and Ladies on the most reasonable terms. The House has recently been repaired throughout, and is now in good order. The greatest pains will be taken to render everything pleasant and agreeable to boarders, and we think it cannot fail to give satisfaction.

E. G. TUTTLE.

Lowell, August, 1846. aug25a3t*

REGALIA EVENING—PAWTUCKET GARDEN.—HONE'S LOWELL BRASS BAND will play on Saturday Evening next at MR. ALLEN'S Fruit and Flower Garden.

☞ Tickets of Admission 12½ cts., to be taken again on the evening at the Garden, in payment for Refreshments or Flowers for the same amount. The Band will start from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets. aug25 a3t

---

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF.

With immediate dispatch.



The elegant coppered new packet Ship BOSTON, GEO. BARKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hynson, Agent at New Orleans. aug27

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

On Tuesday.

The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug27



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Measic Falls.

About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&rtf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&jdec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Aug. 22d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in said county, painter, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Marshall will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on THURSDAY, the third day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Marshall, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JEF. BANCROFT, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

nug25 A2t

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the west side of Concord River Bridge in Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20a2aw8w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 20, 1846.

(Shattuck street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Shattuck street near Market street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed TUESDAY, the 8th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

JULY 23, 1846.

(Middlesex street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Middlesex street may be straightened from Branch street to near Jacob Nichol's house, and whereas the City Council also propose to alter the grade of Middlesex and School streets at their junction,—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein By order of the Committee.

aug13a2aw8w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5¼, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

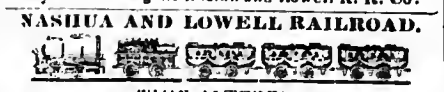
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 8.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2¼ and 5¼ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5¼ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn at 7 and 9 A. M.—11 and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or *King's Evil* and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, Melvaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. eng22A&rtoct14

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, *Commercial Square.*—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50.—Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. ash26tf

---

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st. N. H. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no commenion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office:—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndslymay9

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.

Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may15atf

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I could publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

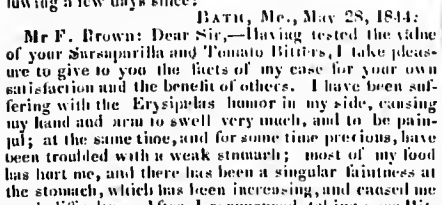
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Carrier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. H. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

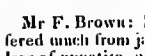
☞ His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. H. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. tmay9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experianced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Prattoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfoar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS,

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the rapidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specities by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to its happy and beneficial agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the complement of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The manner we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined in any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, specious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against unreliasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia.

jan7 y

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreoux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weaknesses; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp'ctfu'y,

Albany, Dec. 3, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shemard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face.

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies he is now quite well and I sincerely believe its cure will be permanent

Yours very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. Howarth, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results.

Sick Headache.

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TUCKER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is no less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Brinly street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his intellectual faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was rapidly restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in its merits, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantalnaus, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Jacob Starkey, } Willis H. Massey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with swiftness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sexual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purpos

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 103.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bortlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the Americae House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No.* 30, *Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No.* 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 *Volumes.*
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge*

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. ifmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damaska, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. ifmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6ie
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, *Central Street, Lowell.*

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No.* 3 *Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aty Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, *Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.*

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 *Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL*

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON HUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No.* 39, *Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 *State st., Boston.*

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz* :—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from the injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thee superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gulnsha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; H. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&r1yaug29r3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most enhanced constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&Ptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

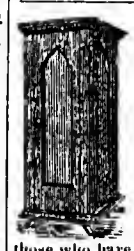
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDIE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Code, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&ptyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 75	435 53	57 85	1967
			1839	828 00	370 45	58 76	1780
60	$5000	$370 80	1840	681 88	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

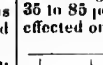
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Srowly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and collouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ptly

The Worship of Nature.
BY J. G. WHITTIER.

The ocean looketh up to heaven,
As 'twere a living thing;
The homage of its waves is given
In ceaseless worshipping.

They kneel upon the sloping sand,
As bends the heman knee,
A beautiful and tireless band,
The priesthood of the sea.

They pour their glittering treasures out,
Which in the deep have birth,
And client their awful hymns about
The watching hills of earth.

The green earth sends its incense up
From every mountain shrine,
From every flower and dewy cup
That greeteth the sunshine.

The mists are lifted from the rills,
Like the right wing of prayer;
They lean above the ancient hills
As doing homage there.

The forest tops are lowly cast
O'er the breezy hills and glen
As if a prayerful spirit passed
On nature as on man.

The clouds weep o'er the fallen world
E'en as repented love,
Ere to the blessed breeze unfurled,
They fade in light above.

The sky is as a temple's arch—
The blue and wevy air
Is glorious with the spirit march
Of messengers at prayer.

The gentle moon, the kindling sun,
The many stars are given
As shrines to bear earth's incense on,
The altar fires of heaven!

THE RIFLE, A TALE OF ARKANSAS.
BY PERCY B. ST. JOHN

Benjamin Smith was perhaps the tallest, most gallant, and popular of all the backwoodsman in the state of Arkansas. Young of manly bearing, and possessed of great energy, he had, out of a dense plot of forest land, formed in two years, aided by a small capital, an excellent farm, with a clearing of several acres. It happened, however just as this farm was completed, and Benjamin was thinking of commencing operations which should renumerate him for all his labor and expense, that his capital was exhausted. To almost any but an Arkansas backwoodsman, this would have been a terrible blow; but Ben was somewhat of a philosopher, and accordingly one fine morning at daybreak he left his hut, and seating himself on a blackened stump near the door, ruminated on what was to be done. He gazed with admiration upon his house, the work of his hands, on the fenced acres, on the huge piles of wood which his own exertions and reared around, on a stream close at hand, and appeared suddenly struck with the conviction that he really was a very lucky fellow. He had all the elements of happiness ing. Across Ben's knees was his long narrow bored rifle; his powder horn and pouch hung beside him; in one hand was a knife, in the other a piece of wood, which, in order, we presume, to conduce to the concentration of thought, he was whittling at in the most determined manner.—Chip by chip fell around him; the thick pine staff was soon reduced to a bundle of insignificant shavings; and just at this instant our hero appeared to arrive at a satisfactory solution of his difficulties, "Well," thought he, "I wish I may be shot if it isn't a wife I want! I've got the log, and the clearing—I can find meat in plenty while I have this rifle, and that's a real fact; but I want a wife to prepare my dinner, and talk to me when I come home; and I do believe I should like to have a chap about as high as my boot to call me 'Pa!'" And then the vast bulk of the Arkansas backwoodsman was shaken with inward laughter. "Well, it's about the greatest thing I've hit upon for some time; but I don't exactly realize how it is to be done. One thing is certain, wives don't grow out of trees like hackel berries, and I must go to Little Rock." With these words the young man rose, and advancing towards the hut, fastened the door, and shouldering his rifle, at once began his journey of fifty or sixty miles.

Little Rock, in Arkansas, on the frontier of Texas, is perhaps the most disreputable town in the whole United States; but neither there, nor at the White Sulphur Springs, are the enormities practised which travellers would persuade us to credit. Still, though Ben ran no danger of being choked by being forced to "bolt" a hearty meat dinner in two minutes and a half, nor of being gouged, nor shot accross the street by accident, nor by committing murder, getting "cannonized, and elected into the States' legislature," it was rather dangerous for one of his rustic character to be domesticated in a town where men of such idle, lazy, and swaggering habits were assembled. Though Little Rock be not strictly an "Alaslia for all kinds of thieves and gamblers, forgers, horse stealers, and the like," though "gouging, stabbing and shooting" be not the principal occupation of the people, still, being a frontier town whence escape into the then independent republic of Texas was easy, it was naturally the resort of a large number of the class enumerated; a class, despite all that has been said, not more numerous across the Atlantic than in some places nearer home.

Ben might easily have found in Little Rock a place of residence suited to a man of good feeling and moral principles; but, used to the woods and wilds, and the society of rough, good humored and well meaning borderers like himself, he yielded to the request of the first stray acquaintance he met, and accompanied him to about the very worst boarding house in the place. We should be sorry to induct our readers into the mysteries of such an establishment; suffice it, that Ben saw and heard enough to have put any thinking man to flight. But Ben, who had required two years to find out that he wanted a wife, was not likely to discover in one evening that he was in a false position; and so rapid, with a simple minded man, is the process of contamination from evil communication, that one night sufficed almost to ruin our hero for ever Giving way to drink—the root of the greatest amount of crime—the backwoodsman forgot himself.—From drinking a little, he advanced to much.—Before, however, his reason had became completely prostrated, he noticed, sitting in one corner, a man who, from his dress and appearance, appeared one of the many Poles who had taken refuge in the United States. Queer, unobtrusive and silent, he joined neither in the song nor the maddening games which served to murder time; but with a modest glass before him, which remained almost untouched, interfered with no one.

At length a fellow called on him to join the company, and he sociable. The Pole, with a mild bow, that seemed to speak his sorrow at his situation, replied that he never drank or gambled. The fellow, irritated at which he chose to consider a covert sneer, would have quarrelled with the old man; but Ben interfered, and declared that, before the Polo should he injured, they must take his life. There was a fire in the squatter's eye that silenced the bully, and the old man remained unmolested. But time passed, and Ben drank and played deep; and on retiring to bed, money, rifle and everything but the most necessary articles of clothing, had changed owners.

Morning came, and the borderer felt that his expedition in search of a wife had a bad beginning. There was something, he was sure, radically wrong; but before he could arrive at any satisfactory conclusion as to where the error lay, his companions had joined him, and without much difficulty persuaded him to endeavor a redemption of his evil fortune. To spare ourselves the pain of narrating the fall of our hero, we may at once state that at the end of a fortnight, he had become an accomplished specimen of a Southern lunfer, as idlers are called in the United States. One afternoon, at the expiration of this time, reduced to beggary, without the arms which might supply him with food, Ben walked through the well laid out town of Little Rock, in search of the refreshing influence of the open air. But he was no longer the sturdy woodsman, who could fell an ox and eat him too, in no very considerable period; and as he strolled along, he grew faint and weary. Looking round for a shady spot where to rest his easily fatigued limbs, the squatter discovered a pile of logs, close by an uninhabited house, and opposite to one which was occupied. It was advancing towards evening, and Ben was about to give way to the gentle influence of the hour, and fall into a deep sleep, while nature was veiling her beauties for the night, when his eye accidentally wandered to a window opposite, at which sat at work a young and lovely girl—the very being, it seemed, of which he had dreamed when seated on his old stump opposite the hut which he had reared with his own hand. Ben rose to a sitting posture; and scarcely daring to breathe, lest he should scare the beautiful vision, gazed upon her with delight and admiration. Her feminine occupation wholly absorbed her attention; and for some time the squatter enjoyed the pleasure of seeing such a creature as he felt would make the woods more delightful than the famed earthly paradise of ancient days. Suddenly the door of the house opned, and the old Pole, coming out advanced rapidly towards our hero.

"My good friend," he said, "allow me to thank you for the generous manner in which you lately interfered to save me from insult. I was that night houseless, and forced to take shelter where I could, and unfortunately did so at the boarding house, where I escaped injury only through your kindness."

[Continued.]

CIRCULAR SAW. It was many years after the invention and introduction of circular saws in this country, before mechanics would be convinced that there was any utility in them; and even those who were induced to make a trial of them, generally abandoned them after a short time, as requiring more labor and attention to keep them in repair than the value of the use of them; and even now, after this article has come into general use and is considered among the indispensibles, there are many, and perhaps the most of those who have the management of them, who still seem to be totally ignorant of the true theory and scientific principles of managing the circular saw, they only know to imitate generally, those few who have by the aid of science and native genius succeeded in some degree of perfection. In a majority of cases in which we have observed the management of circular saws, we have found from one-half to three-fourths of the power applied to driving them worse than wasted;—we say *worse*, because the saws and machinery were actually injured by the application of a useless surplus power. The most common error consists in giving the saw too great speed, to remedy a deficiency occasioned by the irregularity, and want of uniformity in the teeth of the saw. In most cases, 300 pr.—a little short of one horse power—is amply sufficient for driving an ordinary 12 inch saw, for slitting seasoned planks; yet it in not uncommon to see three times the power expended for that purpose, and the work but poorly done at that. Saws are often driven 2000 revolutions per minute, when 300 would do much better. It often appears, when a saw is driven with violent speed, that not more than four to six teeth of the saw do any execution, while the others by their friction run up the power to no purpose: or if all the teeth are of uniform length, and all sharp, the wood is ground into fine dust, like that produced by a common file. And with the high speed above, mentioned, if there be but one horse power applied, and the saw contains 80 teeth, of which ten are cutting at the same time, thee there can be but half a pound of force applied to each tooth; but if the same power be applied to work but three hundred revolutions per minute, then there would be something more than three pounds applied to each tooth; sufficient to enable each, if properly adjusted and sharp, to cut one eightieth of an inch: or equal to cutting 300 inches in length per minute which is about three times as rapid as the same saw, with the same power, would perform under a speed of 2000. There can hardly be found such an article as a circular saw, whose teeth are uniform in length, yet it is not a difficult task to adjust them correctly, if the operator has a guage properly adjusted, and gives due attention to the subject. In general, the best policy in managing a circular saw, is to have the teeth sharp and well adjusted, and to give the saw a strong but moderate motion.—*Scientific American.*

Miss Splizfizzle's school is daily rising in reputation, for the refined morality inculcated by this excellent lady.

"Miss Martha Muzzle, come up to spell'n."
"P-i-l-l-o-w."
"What does that spell?"
"It spell—a—a *hem!*— s—a—*pisen*,"
"No. Try again."
"Wal now Martha, where did you put your head last night?"
"Oh, gracious mum!—I doe't likn to tell."
"La! how modest the child is. But you must tell, coz it's according to the larnie' system."
"O dear—don't ax me."
"Fiddle! I shall, and yoe *shall* answer.
"O me! wal a—I must—I—a—Oh me!—I—it—a—was on Bob Ballow's shoulder—but he's my sweetheart, and Ma knows all about it."
"Wh—a—a—a—t! Miss Martha Muzzle, you are dismissed rite out of this ere school. Sich doings would c'rupt every gal in the school—every one on 'em. I never should hear of nothing but shoulders again. Go rite out, miss, this minnit."—*Bos. Star.*

GOV. DORR. The Providence Sentinel says—

"We read in almost every exchange paper we take hold of, that Gov. Dorr is lying 'dangerously ill,' at the residence of his friend Ballon in Cumberland.—We beg to say that this is not the fact. Gov. Dorr is not well now, and has not been well since he emerged from the Bastile in this city; but we have reason to hope that he will be well at some future day; and we doubt not that he will be, long before his Algerine enemies will be ready to meet him in the field of political combat. Since he went to Cumberland, a renewed attack of the maladies brought upon him by his imprisonment, has greatly retarded the restoration of his health, but he is yet able, we are told, to keep up and ride out amongst his friends."

"THE COUNTRY IS RUINED." We haven't seen it yet, ourself, but a friend, who came from one of the back counties of Kentucky, says *he did*; and moreover, the Cincinnati Gazette, always good authority in party times affirms the fact. *N. Y. Globe.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 1, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.
CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.
HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.
Boston, July 21, 1846.

Abolition State Address.

This is a document of eight double column pages addressed "*To the voting friends of freedom and emancipation* in *Massachusetts.*" We trust the persons appealed to are as numerous as the voters of the State. We know of no advocates for slavery in this commonwealth, and the time has not long been past, when they were not to be found even in the slave states; apologists for slavery true there were, but not defenders of the system. This class has grown up with, and is counterpart to northern abolitionism. And no more is the sentiment that slavery is a "divine institution," responded to by the great mass of the American people, than that of trampling under foot the Constitution, to introduce civil war and midnight and broad-day massacre, by inciting the blacks against the whites. These are the doctrines of those grown mad in defending or attacking this great wrong. And the calm, candid and sane must avert the consequences that would inevitably result from bringing these extremes into collision. Who can calculate the consequences of an abolition and proslavery congress, without the constitutional friends of freedom to stay their rash deeds? But to the address.

The principal topics of the address are to show that Texas was annexed to strengthen the slave power, that the Mexican war is unconstitutional, that neither the whig nor democratic parties, nor any party but the liberty party, is worthy the support of the friends of freedom, an attack upon Gov. Briggs for calling out volunteers for the war, an attempt to array the north against the south, and lastly to show how slavery is to be abolished by northern abolitionists—by PEACEFUL AND CONSTITUTIONAL MEANS. The twattle about the unconstitutionality of the war, Texas being annexed to strengthen the slave states, Gov. Briggs' crime in doing the duty imposed upon him by the constitution, in calling for volunteers, and as the address says, throwing them within the influence of the rum shops, and the remarkable purity, patriotism and humanity of the liberty party over all others, is hardly worth noticing, except as an adroit specimen of sophism and fulsome bragadocio. But if there is anything to be gained in arraying one section of the country against another, disremembering the Union and exciting a civil war, we would advise persons thinking so, to join the liberty party as it is now constituted. Says the address—

"There is no hope that the free States can ever escape from this thraldom, but by a radical change of policy on the subject of Slavery. WE MUST TAKE THE AGGRESSIVE! We are driven back to the

The AGGRESSIVE is to be taken, and the result is to be "THE PEACEFUL AND CONSTITUTIONAL ABOLITION OF SLAVERY. Rather a singular result, as the first fruits of AGGRESSIVE acts. The commencement of the acts of aggression that are to be followed by such peaceful and happy consequences, is the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia.—The next step is, to use the language of the address—

"The exclusion of slave holders from office, is our next potent weapon. The slaveholder *is guilty of a high crime*, and *all such ought to be excluded from the honors of office.*"

To treat the people of half the states in the Union, as guilty of high crimes, would be exceedingly likely to lead to "*the peaceful and constitutional abolition of slavery!*" But the address goes still further: it says every man who upholds this crime of slave-holding, "IS WORTHY TO BE CONSIDERED A PUBLIC ENEMY." Surely a man must be stark mad who believes that one half the Union treating the other as *criminals and public enemies* can lead to other than most pacific consequencies!

After detailing the offices that slave-holders should be proscribed from, commencing with that of President, and running down to every little postmaster, and even clerks, and every office, high or low, it then proposes, among other acts, to interdict the slave trade between the States, and make an attack upon the constitution, and amend it by striking out the representation based upon negro population. Now, if abolitionists wish to try their hands at tinkering the constitution, why not doctor it up so as to put the whole subject of slavery into the hands of congress, instead of taking such a round-about way of doing their work? Where's the necessity of treating men as criminals and outlaws when the whole matter can be effected by patching the constitution? A change in the constitution to cut off office holders from the slave States, is no more practicable nor less in violation of the rights of the respective states than to take the whole subject of slavery from the States and transfer it to the General Government. And when we see men proposing to do one part of their work of abolishing slavery, by amending the constitution, where there is no other way to deprive slave holders of holding office (and such is the only way the senators and representatives of the slave States can be reached) and then proposing to do another part of it by indirect means, by treating slaveholdors as criminals and public enemies, so far as to deprive them of all offices, when amending the constitution, is just as feasible for the whole as for a part of the work, we can but think that a desire for office, and a chance at the spoils occupy quite as large a portion of the thoughts of such philanthropists as the emancipation of the slave. The address asks—

"Where will you find a man who will say, that if the constitution had put slavery *directly* in the power of the federal government, he would not vote to abolish it?"

This question we would answer by saying, probably but very few in the free States and perhaps none.—But as you propose to amend the constitution in one particular, that slavery may be abolished, why not amend it so as to put slavery *directly* into the power of the federal government? It certainly would be much preferable to treating the people of half the states as criminals and public enemies, though a direct violation of the compact which brought the general government into being.

Carpet Weavers' Convention.

This convention, holden at Temmany Hall, concluded on Friday last, when an address was delivered to the manufacturers of carpets, and a series of resolutions adopted which we give below. The address states that the average price of carpet weaving has been about seventy-five cents per day, and that a reduction on that will not afford a living. It recommends a rate of wages to be agreed upon between the employer and the employed, to be the universal standard price. They say "such a union of the employers with the employed has been found eminently useful in England and Scotland, in the carpet trade; the prices of weaving in that department have fluctuated but little in that country; for the last half century, almost, they have not varied over one or two cents a yard, and it has been a better business for all engaged in it than those who went to extremes of low wages. The same was done to a great extent, in what is called the shawl trade, in Scotland, a number of years ago. A table of prices was established by a union of the manufacturers and workmen, and ever since, as we are told, rigidly adhered to."

They say that admitting congress has hurt their business by the passage of the new tariff, that home competition has been still more ruinous to them. That "upon the lowest valuation it will cost from 72 to 75 cents per yard to import superfine carpets; and we suppose you all know that American superfine have been offered for less than that."

Home competition, whatever may be done to prevent it, will as surely destroy the hand carpet weaving, as it is certain to-morrow's sun will rise. Addresses, resolutions, standard of prices, nor aught else, can sustain the hand carpet weaving against power loom weaving. As we have before said, hand carpet weaving must give place to weaving by power, just as rapidly as the latter is introduced. Laborers engaged in the business must prepare to conform to the change.

The following were the resolutions adopted:—

Resolved by this Convention, That the refusal on the part of the manufacturers generally, to meet in conference with this body, shows a marked contempt for their workmen, and defeats, in a great measure, the cherished prospects of settling amicably our present difficulties.

Resolved also, That the thanks of this meeting be awarded to those two gentlemen from that body, for their attendance here, and for the declaration on the part of one of them of his willingness to go on at the present prices, if others would do so, proving our statement, as well as our proceedings on this occasion, to be correct.

Resolved also, That we receive with pleasure, statements from delegates instructed by their employers, of a willingness on their part to continue and their disapproval of a reduction at present.

"A Soldier from the Rio Grand."

Some three months ago, the Courier published a short article under the above head, in which occurs the following:—

Mr Abijah Sanderson, of this city, arrived home last evening, having been discharged on account of a wound received while out on a scouting party, which rendered him unable to do duty. A young man named Coburn, who enlisted at the same time with him, was killed in one of the battles. Mr Coburn, we believe, belonged to Vermont, but had relatives in Dracutt.

Mr Sanderson gave us an interesting account of the military operations for the last few weeks. He thinks the loss of the Americans in the two battles with the Mexicans, was about two hundred, and Arista's, in the latter, was about thirteen hundred.

Mr Coburn, in a letter to his mother, enclosed also, the following for publication:—

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MATAMORAS, July 24th, 1845.

MR EDITOR: I was reading a piece published in the papers, headed "A soldier from the Rio Grande," stating that he [the soldier in the caption] was discharged on account of a wound received while on a scouting party, and that a man by the name of Coburn was killed, which are not so. Mr Sanderson was on guard when he shot off his fingers. The guard all loaded their muskets in the evening, and as soon as he had got his loaded, he put his left hand on the muzzle of his piece and pulled it off with his right hand. He never went on a scouting party while he was in Texas, neither was he within 150 miles of the Rio Grande or where the two battles were fought. He knows nothing about what was going on here, but what he heard from others. Coburn was not killed or wounded in the battle, as he reported, but is still alive and in good health and spirits.

CORPORAL J. P. COBURN.
Uncle Sam's Army in Mexico.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Registry of Deeds and Municipal Court.

MR EDITOR—I saw in the Advertiser of Aug. 27th, an article calling the attention of the people of Lowell and the neighboring towns, to the propriety of having a *Registry of Deeds* established in Lowell. I think there can be but one sentiment in reference to this matter, in this part of the county. It certainly would be a convenience to the citizens of Lowell, within whose borders there are assessed *nine millions* of real estate, to have a place for recording their deeds, and searching their titles, nearer than the most distant extreme of the county.

What objection would there be to an arrangement something like the following:—Suppose Lowell, with some of the neighboring towns should be formed into a district for certain purposes—such as for establishing at Lowell, a Registry of Deeds; for establishing at Lowell a *Municipal Court*, with jurisdiction to the same extent with the Common Pleas—and perhaps for some other purposes, which may upon an examination of the subject, suggest themselves? It cannot with propriety be objected to this plan, that it will *divide the county*, which some patriotic admirers of past events so much deprecate; the county may still constitute one senatorial district—and remain entire for all purposes except those enumerated.

A large proportion of the litigation in the county arises in Lowell; why should parties be subjected to the trouble and expense of transporting their suits, with all the appendages of witnesses, lawyers &c., to the farthest extreme of the county, to get a trial? A large proportion of expense, and much serious inconvenience might be avoided, if a municipal court were established in Lowell similar to the one in Boston.

I hope the subject will be agitated by all favorable to a plan anything like the one above suggested. ††

OFFICIAL.

The Governor, with advice of Council, has appointed Thursday, the 26th day of November next, to be observed as a day of Public Thanksgiving in this Commonwealth.

Secretary's Office. Boston, August, 28, 1846.

GREAT WHIG VICTORY IN KENTUCKY. In Craborchard, Kentucky, says the Post, Richard Evans, on the 12th of August, devoured at one meal, fourteen chickens, and drank between breakfast and dinner and at dinner, nine pints of whiskey, and eat at dinner, ginger cakes and other things in proportion, and called for more chickens, &c. Seven citizens of that town certify to this remarkable performance, and add that "Evans was weighed before dinner, and weighed 138 pounds; after dinner 148 pounds. He ate his dinner on top of the stage, with his hat off, in the middle of the street, in the broiling sun, without any shade over him. And we moreover believe that, had he had notice a day or two, this meal was not half that he could have eaten. We have no doubt but that he could eat, from sun to sun, an entire mutton, (as others have said he has done here before,) and other things in proportion. Such was the curiosity on this occasion, that the voting and all business ceased to behold this gormandiser partake of his repast."

FOREIGN REPRINTS. We received a few days since, in a mass, all the back numbers of Leonard Scott, & Co.'s republications of the Foreign reviews for 1846—including the Edinburgh Review, (whig); London Quarterly, (tory); Westminster, (Liberal); Foreign Quarterly, and Blackwood's Magazine. We promised ourself many hours of most interesting and instructive reading, at the time of their reception, the realization of which our busy duties have alone prevented. These magazines are the cream of the literature and present learning of the world, collected and sered up by the most skillful and experienced minds. If any of our readers wish to subscribe for these reprints, or any one of them, they can examine them at our office, and we shall be happy to forward subscriptions to Messrs Leonard Scott, & Co., New York, or their agents. Jordan & Wiley, Boston.

FALL TRADE. There is considerable business to be done in this city, this fall, and they will be likely to do it who inform the public of their willingness and ability to supply the public necessities. Persons are much more likely to go for an article where they know it is to be had at a fair price, than to wander round to hunt it up. It is particularly so with country people, who have no time to waste when they visit the city; and it strikes us that our merchants, and business men of all classes, do not fully appreciate the advantages of advertising in a weekly paper, having an extensive country circulation. "A word to the wise," &c.

☞ The editor of the Courier says the following is the resolution the sentiment of which Mr Webster denies having uttered. That he took it from the *Cincinnati Enquirer* at the time it was passed.—Were we disposed to *split hairs* as the Courier thinks, we should say the resolution, the sentiment of which Mr Webster denies, was published in the *Gazette:*—

Resolved, That the idea of improving the condition of the laborer by conferring privileges upon the capitalist who employs him, is nothing but the old idea expressed by Daniel Webster, "*Let Government take care of the rich, and the rich will take care of the poor.*"

HOLD MY HAT. We saw a young gentleman meet a young lady at the corner of Washington and Winter streets yesterday, and give her such a smack with his lips as has not been heard since the earthquake. We don't know the peculiar circumstances of the case, but as the lady made no resistance, we presume it's all right. At any rate, "glory enough for one day. That's the Mail's story.

A PHILADELPHIA PUN. The United States Gazett says: "The Boston people have had an earthquake, and are naturally proud of it. Our brother of the New York Tribune is jealous for the honor of New York, and is devising ways and means to get up an earthquake there. Let them quarrel it out, say we; Boston may quake, and New York may quake, but after all, Philadelphia will be the *Quaker* city.

THE MORMONS. Trouble is again expected between the Mormons and the Antis. The Antis are said to be organizing a large party, and have sworn out writs against several Mormons at Nauvoo, at the execution of which hostilities are expected to open. The Mormons are preparing themselves for the defence by also organizing and arming.

MECHANIC PHALANX MARCH, a new piece of music, by I. N. Metcalf, is said by judges to be a very creditable production. It will be played by the Band of the company, on the day of the visit of the Boston Artillery to this city. The title page gives a lithographed view of the company marching up Merrimack street.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES, &c., &c. The General Convention of Universalists in the United States, will hold its next annual session in the city of Troy, N. Y. on the third Wednesday and following Thursday (16th and 17th) in September, 1846. Occasional Sermon by Rev. Asher Moor, of Philadelphia.

THE BOSTON POST comes to us to-day on a much enlarged sheet, improved paper and a new dress throughout. It is now one of the largest, best looking and, as it always has been, ablest papers in New England.

☞ More favorable accounts from the upland cotton region of Georgia, says the N. Y. Sun, are noticed in the Savannah Republican of Monday. Rains have been less frequent, and prospects for an average crop were increasing.

☞ "A widow once said to her daughter, "when you are of my age, you will be dreaming of a husband." "Yes, mamma," replied the thoughtless hussy, "for a second time."

☞ A Gilbert, jr., No. 23 Central street, has opened the Fall Fashion of Beebe & Costar's beautiful hats—New York manufacture. Whoever wears a Beebe & Costar, has, at least, a fashionable head.

DR. DARRAH, of this city, has purchased the Central Village Academy Boarding House, and will fit it up immediately for a Hydropathic or Water Cure establishment.

☞ We invite the attention of our readers to the Boston Stove Store advertisement in another column. The season for having warm rooms is fast approaching and it is always best to be in season.

SANTA ANNA'S return to Mexico is confirmed by the news brought by the schooner Merchant, at Charleston, Aug. 26.

Whig Organization.

We have received some information from a democratic friend, which we think it our duty to lay before the democratic party. We confess it has somewhat surprised and excited us. It will arouse the attention, and is calculated to awaken the energies of every friend of his party.

We are informed that there is a whig organization in full operation in this city. It is stated that the whig members of Congress, before the last session adjourned, appointed a standing committee, whose duty it should be to frank and circulate documents throughout the country, and especially in those debateable States whose elections are coming on during the present autumn. We are informed that they have rented a room on Pennsylvania avenue, nearly opposite Jackson Hall. They have raised a common—perhaps not inconsiderable—fund for printing off several thousands of documents—the estimate is said to be from 150,000 to 200,000. Among these is the tariff speech of Mr Andrew Stewart, of Pensylvania, with the imprint of a "revised edition," and Mr Daniel Webster's speech on the tariff. The tariff is to be the principle topic by which the whigs expect to revolutionize the people; and the speeches delivered before Congress are the principal weapons to be employed. The documents, when printed, are sent to the folding room of the House of Representatives, &c., where they are regularly enveloped by the folders appointed for the House, and with wrapping paper prepared and paid for by Congress; thence they are carried to the room of the committee, where they are franked by one of its members. This organization is similar to the whig scheme of 1844. Some one member of the committee comes to Washington to ply his franking privilege upon a large scale and to flood the country with party documents. When an election is coming on in a particular State, the battery is most probably actively directed to that point. Pennsylvania is now the great battle ground, and we presume that no exertions are to be spared to operate upon her people. The tariff arguments are to be poured in upon her, and of consequence, she is to be inundated with the speeches of its champions. We understand that Mr Ramsey, a member of the House of Representatives from Pennsylvania, is now at his post, franking away in high style, and firing his canister shot in all directions.

If these statements be true—and we should not notice them but from confidence in our informant—what does it show but a sleepless vigilance and an indomitable perseverance on the part of the whigs; an active organization, and a strong determination to "repeal," the tariff of 1846; to operate upon all the elections; to carry the next Congress, if they can; to carry the next President, if they can; to prostrate the democratic party, and to plant the federal standard upon the battlements of the constitution? We see their purpose, then, and we must determine to baffle and disappoint them. What democrat is there in this broadly extended country who will not the more firmly cling to his faith, and resolutely adopt the surest means for combatting his opponents? As the whigs act, we must counteract. As they mine we must countermine.—What democrat is there who does not love his principles as the whigs love their idols? Who will not strive as much as they strive—sacrifice as much as they sacrifice—and direct his efforts to the cause of his convictions? Again we say, "*Forewarned, Forearmed.*" The whigs will not disarm and disband—nor must we. We must put down all divisions in our ranks for we have a whig opposition to encounter, bold desperate, active, and indomitable; and it will require all our exertions, all our numbers, all our united forces to encounter and defeat them. They are circulating the documents. The democrats must circulate them likewise. They are operating upon the elections. The democrats must be everywhere on the alert. It well becomes the democrats of Washington to consider their duty, to determine upon their course, and to supply by their calm, firm, determined organization, the want of all a committee of democrats. As Congress has not appointed one—should we not consider how far it becomes them to act—and how far the democrats are to act in all the cities where elections are coming on.—*Washington Union.*

Police Court.

SATURDAY, August 29.

Sarah J. Manzel. Lewdness—3 months in the House of Correction.

Bridget McAlien. Violation city ordinance—discharged by payment of costs.

Margaret Beals. Common drunkard—two months in House Correction.

MONDAY, August 31.

Timothy McGaw. Larceny of a watch—3 mos. House Correction.

Thos. Boes. Common drunkard—3 months in the Lowell Workhouse.

Samuel Goodrich. Common drunkard—3 months in House Correction.

Sidney Nelson. Larceny—ordered to recognize in the sum of $300 for his appearance at the October Term.

Daniel Flinn. Keeping a dog without license—fined three dollars and $6,75 cost.

CARRYING OUT THE PRINCIPLE. In a neighboring town, we have heard of a female Abolitionist, who conceived the idea that it was wrong to use anything produced in the slavestates; and determined she would not have *cotton* sheets on the bed. The husband strenuously opposed linen, for reasons given, and the result was that *one side of the sheets was made of cotton and the other of linen.*—*Dedham Democrat.*

☞ Why is a drunkard nearly ready to sign the pledge like a skeptical Hindoo? Because he is in doubt whether to give up the worship of the *Jug-or-not*—(Juggernaut.)

☞ Mr Adam de Lœnskiold presented his credentials to the secretary of state yesterday, and was recognized as charge d'affairs of his majesty the king of Sweden and Norway.—*Union August 28.*

☞ Judge Kennedy, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, died in Philadelphia on Wednesday, in the seventy-second year of his age.

☞ The cricket match between the Canadians and the St. George club at New York terminated in a row.

☞ "Harper, who murdered young Meredith, of Baltimore, is still at large in Missouri, and is not pursued."

☞ The Post says Mr. Marshall Moore, farmer of Lincoln, N. Brunswick, was killed by the kick of a horse while combing his tail.

☞ Havana papers report the sale of the Mexican steamers Montezuma and Guadalupe to the Spanish government.

☞ The sea serpent again honored our harbor with a visit on Thursday, and was seen by several persons who were out in boats.—*Salem Register.*

☞ A man by the name of Anderson was shot dead in Cincinnati on his way to a fire. The murderer is unknown.

☞ Will the Courier inform us whether he would support a slaveholder for President?

☞ The population of Wisconsin has increased 100,000 in five years.

☞ The dividing lines of parties in Pennsylvania is now the tariff of '42 and '46.

☞ The Steamer Caledonia sailed this morning for Halifax and Liverpool.

☞ The French Government derived a net revenue from tobacco in 1844, of more than $15,000,000.

Dracut.—The Democrats of Dracutt are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, Septeuber 5, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the State Conveotion to be holden ot Boston on Wednesday, Sept, 16.

p2t Per order of the Town Committeo.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94ut

☞A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

Mr JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Pouacea, which yoo are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have soffered much for a nnmberr of years last post with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cnrn, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomoto Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend soid Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 A&P6mchn nug22

ANOTHER VOLUNTARY TRIBUTE TO WISTAR'S BALSAM.

Winthrop, Kennebec Co., Me., Aug. 12, 1845.

Dear Sir:—In my testimony in favor of your valuable Medicine will you do any good, or be of any service to the sick and afflicted, you are welcome to make such use of it as you please. For seven or eight yonrs I have not enjoyed perfect health. In the Spring of 1844 I had some cough, I was then in Worcester County, Mass., and applied to a physicinn, who gave me some medicine, but it did not relieve me. I was not able to work during the summer. Last fall I was much worse, so reduced by coughing, and sweating nights, that I was obliged to take to my room. My physician tried in vain to remove my coogh, and restore me to health, but I did not expect to recover; I however, concluded to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; I was then troubled with very frequent spells of coughing, night and day; before I had taken one bottle, my cough was easier; I continued to take the Medicine until I was able to leave my room. I have taken several bottles, and I think Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has cured me; at least I feel us well, and as strong as I have for twelve years.

JOHN METCALF.

I am acquainted with the subscriber, and believe his statement to be true. HOWARD B. LOVEJOY.

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co, S. KIDDER jr., and L. N. TOWER, Agents for Lowell and vicinity. A&Paug27ap14

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending August 29, 1846.

Aog. 23, Nancy H. Neal, 32 yrs, typhus fever; Laura Smith, 20 yrs, typhus fever; Alva G. Folsom, 21 yrs, typhus fever; Honora Ring, 3 yrs, typhus fever; 24th, Nancy Colton, 14 yrs, typhus fever; George W. Stone, 1 yr 7 mos, cholera infantum; 25th, Betsey Kimball, 65 yrs, cancer; Nancy Jane Parker, 1 yr, ulceration of bowels; 26th, Dorcas S. Merrill, 19 yrs, typhus fever; 27th, Antoinette S. Tufts, 1 yr, cholera infantum; 28th, Augeline Gilman, 5 yrs, disease of the heart; Ellen W. Pierce, 7 yrs, typhus fever; 29th, Sarah W. Stickney, 1 yr 6 mos, marasmus; Thos. Smith, 1 mo, infantile; Eunice Ann Clayston, 34 yrs, disease of the liver.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, 28th inst., of typhus fever, Ellen W., daughter of Alcott and Sarah Pierce, 7 yrs.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Tounton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all at the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1 A4m H. T. BUTLER.

$30 REWARD for Mrs. Catherine McCarty (formerly Catherine Lynch,) who left Lowell the eighth of August last. It is supposed she left in company of one Charles Lynds who had been a frequent caller at the house of Mr McCarty, her husband. Lynds is a man of about 5 feet 10 inches, sandy complexioned, stout, smart and active, about 35. The woman is described as middling sized, dark complexioned, large eyebrows, and her hair about one third grey.—She robbed her husband before she left of $700.

Thirty Dollars reward will be paid for the recovery of the money or the conviction of either of the parties.

sept1 a3t DENNIS McCARTY.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of ELISHA COREY, of Groton, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Corey, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twelfth day of September inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Corey may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. a3t

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Gents' prime Calf Sewed Boots		$3 25 to 3 50
" " "	Pegged "	2 00 to 2 75
" "	Kip " "	1 75 to 2 00
" "	thick " "	1 75 to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kill Walking Shoes,		,72 to 1 00
" "	Gaiter Boots, thick soles,	1 12 to 1 50
" "	Goat " " "	1 25 to 1 33
" "	Kid Baskins,	,50 to 75
" "	" Ties,	,45 to 92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the "People's Cheap Store." aug29

WILL BE INTRODUCED THIS DAY

BEEBE & COSTAR'S

Fall Fashion Hats at No. 33 Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.

Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29atf

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wunderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., Wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Prescott Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cirths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [16apr7] April 6, 1846.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committe on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

FALL FASHION!

BENT & RUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

LOST—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Flemish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous American Bruss Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr VAN AMBURGH, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22tS11

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all description made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. jy30tf

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found in any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be of manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30 a2aw2mreow

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF.

With immediate despatch.



The elegant coppered new packet Ship BOSTON, GEO. BARKER, master, having a large part of her freight engaged, will sail as above.

For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Shippers will please send receipts with their goods.—Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. aug27

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Tuesday.



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. aug27



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,

Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&ptf

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the insolvent estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Peters, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the seventh day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of said Peters may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, August 29th, 1846. aug29a3t

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

With Immediate Dispatch.



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. aug29

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfma19

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,

By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

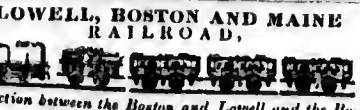
DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD,



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay in Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows;

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Franswestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾ A. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood—*at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret dystructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Dagoerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ely*

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞No person has any authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.

On SATURDAY, next, Sept. 5, at 9½ o'clock, at office, New and Second-Hand Furniture, Cane Seat and common Chairs, hair seat Chairs, Sofas, Bureaus, Feather Beds, Brass Clocks, Family Soap, Horses and Carriages, &c., &c.

N. B.—Any one having furniture to dispose of, it will be a good opportunity. He will also buy at Private Sale furniture of those that wish to sell. sept1

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Mortgagee's Sale of Genteel Furniture and Housekeeping Articles.

On SATURDAY, Sept. 5, at 9 and 2 o'clock.

The entire Furniture and Housekeeping articles in the House formerly kept by the late Mrs. Morgan, Merrimack St., consisting of Sofas, Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Mirrors, Bedsteads, Best Live Geese and common Feather Beds, Mattresses, Sheets, Blankets, Spreads, Counterpains, Washstands and Toilet Tables, Bureaus, Curtains, Carpets, Bucking, Rugs, Oil Carpets, the usual variety of Stoves and Kitchen Furniture, Crockery and Gloss Ware, Lamps, Knives and Forks, Silver Ware, 1 elegant Alabaster Clock, &c.

At 12 o'clock, (precisely,) one Piano Forte, modern style.

Ladies and Gents are invited to attend. The Piano Forte may be seen on Friday, P. M. sep1

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruff's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Corded Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chelic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those tumors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ad1ymay9

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sollow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCY. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to miners in one of their remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of retoring strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surroundieg towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfoliy caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to emit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are aporious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Polpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking eny medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12m] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. ja20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Perindicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

"*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New-York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, [illegible] public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thos powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for voterials for the healing act. From hese have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasmas of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—o *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jae7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diurrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart in the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a perfly Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1841:

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure in giving to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

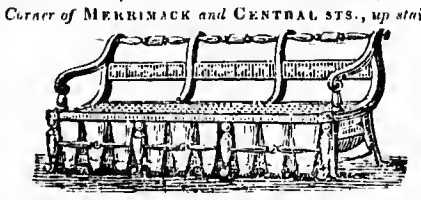
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&ptly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. H. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

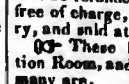
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credits.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cromp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are medifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shemord's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Rings, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screams, and [illegible] a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TEMES, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Temes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Temes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pelar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR:

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosnpr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD, SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollor*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, clennsed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent cases.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 104.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds,
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO-LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. ifmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseas, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
sp12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
At Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 Office, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON HARVEY,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19tf

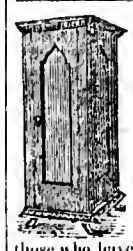
SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :
Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Temp. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev William Gahisha :
Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood in medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&Ptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

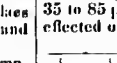

L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, extracted from many years practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Care of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, *"a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice."*
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	8.8 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 56	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
deel8aTu&Srcwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&Ply

The Robber.

BY WILLIAM C. BRYANT.

Beside a lonely mountain path,
Within a mossy wood
That crowned the wild, wind-beaten cliffs
A lurking robber stood.
His foreign garb, his gloomy eye,
His cheek of swarthy stain,
Bespoke him one who might have been
A pirate on the main,
Or bandit on the far off hills
Of Cuba or of Spain.

His ready pistol in his hand,
A shadowing bough he raised;
Glared forth as crouching tiger glares;
And muttered as he gazed—
"Sure he must sleep upon his steed—
I dreamed the laggard near;
I'll give him for the gold he wears,
A sounder slumber here:
His charger, when I press his flank,
Shall leap like mountain deer."

Long, long he watched, and listened long;
There came no traveller by.
The ruffian growled a harsher curse,
And gloomier grew his eye.
While o'er the sultry heaven, began
A leaden haze to spread,
And past his noon, the summer sun
A dimmer beam to shed,
And on that mountain summit fell
A silence deep and dread.

Then ceased the bristling pine to sigh;
Still hung the birchen spray;
The air that wrapped those mossy cliffs
Was motionless as they;
Mute was the cricket in his cleft—
But mountain torrents roond,
Sent hollow murmurs from their glens;
Like voices under ground,
A change came o'er the robber's cheek;
He shuddered at the sound:

'Twere vain to ask what painful thought
Convulsed his brow with pain;
"The dead talk not," he said at length;
And turned to watch again,
Skyward he looked—a lurid cloud
And through its skirts the sunshine came,
A strange, malignant glare.
His ample cheat drew in with toil,
The hot and stifling air.

His ear had caught a distant sound—
But not the tramp of steed—
A roar as of a torrent stream,
Swolen into sudden speed.
The gathered vapors in the west,
Before a rushing blast,
Like living monsters of the air,
Black, serpent-like and vast,
Writhe, roll, and, sweeping o'er the sun,
A frightful shadow cast.

Hark to that nearer, mightier crash!
As if a giant crowd,
Trampling the oaks with iron feet,
Had issued from the cloud;
While fragments of dissevered rock
Go thundering from on high;
And eastward, from their eyrie-cliffs,
The shrieking eagles fly;
And lo! the expected traveller comes,
Spurring his charger by

To that wild warning of the air
The assassin lends no heed;
He lifts the pistol to his eye,
He notes the horseman's speed:
Firm is his hand and sure his aim—
But ere the flash is given;
Its eddies filled with woods aplorn,
And spray from torrents driven,
The whirlwind sweeps the crashing wood—
The giant firs are riven.

Riven, and wrenched up from splintering cliffs,
They rise like down in air;
At once the forest's rocky floor
Lies to the tempest bare.
Rider and steed and robber whirled
O'er precipices vast;
'Mong trunks and boughs and shattered crags,
Mangled and crushed are cast.
The catsmount and eagle mode,
At morn, a grim repast.

THE RIFLE, A TALE OF ARKANSAS.

BY PERCY B. ST. JOHN

[Continued]

During the delivery of this speech, Ben had remained with open mouth staring at the interlocutor, and blushing like a girl fresh from a boarding school. Decidedly there was good in Ben at bottom. When the Pole concluded, he muttered some incoherent words, at which the other smiled, and invited him to follow him into the house. The young man arose, as if were in a dream, and walked behind the stranger without saying a word. To his surprise and confusion, the old man led him into the very room occupied by the young girl, to whom he was introduced as the bold youth who had perhaps saved her father's life on a late occasion. While Ben was overwhelmed with varied feelings, the daughter of the old Polish officer rose and welcomed him with unaffected kindness; and before half an hour was over, the rude squatter was seated at the evening meal of his new friends, who, though poor, had still more than absolute necessaries. Encouraged by the friendly hospitality of the European fugitives, Ben at length, partly to extenuate his own late acts, frankly told his story. The manner of the man, hitherto kind, but a little protective, became cordial and pleased. When the squatter told how he had after two years' thought come to the sudden conclusion that a wife, and in due time a family, would wonderfully enliven his rude log hut, the daughter was inclined to laugh: but a glance at the deeply moved young man, a tear that glistened in his eye, the look of hopeless admiration that he cast upon herself, restrained the feeling, and Emily Duraski scarcely spoke another word that evening. Some matter of deep moment appeared to engage her whole thoughts.

When the young man had concluded, Colonel Duraski—for such was the father's name—rose, and going to another room, presently returned with a magnificent rifle and all the necessary appurtenances. These he laid beside Ben. "Young man," said he, "you have erred grievously; but a steady resolution to act honorably will restore the greatest evil-doer to society. Without arms you are powerless in the woods. Take these; but as I am a poor man, I make this reservation—you must make over to me your farm, and you must not go near it for three months. If, at the expiration of that period, you can pay me for this rifle, I restore you your horse; if not, it is mine for ever."

Ben, under the influence of the daughter's beauty, agreed to and signed everything; and an hour afterwards, left the house a rifle and its accoutrements the richer, but, unless he could raise a hundred dollars, for ever deprived of his hard earned home. But Ben hoped. There were

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 3, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

☞ At the request of Dr. Call we publish the following notice for a meeting:

Call for a Meeting.

WHEREAS, the Democratic City Committee, whose term of service was to expire this Fall, has, by its own act, virtually dissolved itself,—Therefore, we, the undersigned, members of the Democratic party of the City of Lowell, being desirous that a new City Committee should be speedily organized, respectfully call upon the Democracy to meet in Convention at the City Hall, on Saturday, September 5, at 8 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making suitable arrangements for said organization. Also, to elect, or make arrangements for the election of delegates to the State Convention, to be held in Boston on the 16th of September next.

We also recommend the following Resolutions for consideration of the Democracy, to be acted upon at said Meeting:

Resolved. That a meeting of the Democracy of the several wards be held on Saturday Evening, September, 12th, at 7½ o'clock P. M., and continue open for the reception of votes until 8 1-2 P. M., or later, for the purpose of choosing five in each Ward to compose a City Committee, whose duty it shall be to meet on Monday evening, Sept. 14, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the Committee Room, City Hall, and organize by choosing such officers as said Committee, when assembled, shall see fit—said officers to be taken from the committee, or out of it, as they may, from time to time, deem expedient. They shall also have power to fill all vacancies in said committee, until otherwise, provided for by the several wards. When organized, they shall have power, at any and all notified meetings of said committee, to elect all delegates to the conventions, to nominate all candidates for the party, and do all and every kind of business that the party can or might do in convention; and their term of service shall continue till January 1st, 1848, or until others are elected in their places.

Resolved, That, when any future meeting or convention of the Democracy is held at the City Hall, or any other place, said meeting shall be called by a vote of at least a majority of the whole City Committee, or by a majority of the party signing a call for such meeting—said majority to be estimated by the vote for Governor at the preceding November election.—And, at any meeting called by either of the above methods, the then existing city committee may be dissolved, a new election ordered: *provided* that notice of the intention be given at the call of said meeting.

Royal Call,	Capt. J. M. Varnum,
Wm. Livingston,	Gardner K. Eastman.
John Mead,	Ephraim Crosby,
Abijah Watson,	Joshua Decater,
Joshua Merrill,	John B. Melvin,
Wm. Kittredge,	Paul Hill,
J. K. Fellows,	Anson Huntington,
M. W. Buswell,	Holland Streeter,
E. B. Patch,	Thomas B. Cummings,

and 97 others.

Gen. Taylor and the Santa Fe Expedition.

We learn from the Southern papers that Gen. Taylor left Matamoras for Camargo, on the 4th of August, and arrived there the 8th. He was expected to remain at Camargo for the assembling of his troops, till from the first to the tenth of September, about which time he would start for Monterey, where he expected to arrive about the first of October. McCulloch and his seventy-five rangers, on the 5th, took China, a town sixty miles above Camargo, without resistance; Sequis and 100 mounted men took flight on his approach. McCulloch, after remaining at China twenty four hours, returned to Camargo. A grand review of the troops took place at Camargo on the 9th, and Gen. Taylor expressed himself in terms of admiration of their discipline. Duncan's battery and McCulloch with a portion of his men left Camargo on the 12th, in the direction of Monterey.

An Express from General Kearney's camp, left Bent's fort on the 19th of June. Gen. Kearney's command consists of the 1st regiment of Missouri volunteers, a botallion of volunteer artillery and several companies of U. S. regulars. They were to leave Bent's Fort for Santa Fe, on the first day of August. The troops are represented as being in good health and spirits. The St. Louis Republican says—"A short time before the express left, Captain More, of the U. S. dragoons, captured three spies, who had been sent out from Santa Fe, to ascertain the character, extent, &c., of the United States force. After their capture and their purpose was ascertained, by the orders of Gen. Kearney, they were shown all over the army, and after they had seen everything, they were dismissed and permitted to return to Santa Fe." It was expected no resistance would be made to the expedition taking possession of Santa Fe—That the Mexicans were anxiously desiring the arrival of this force, that they might make a harvest in the way of trade.—The Republican also says—"There were no troops at Santa Fe, nor in the upper provinces, and none were expected. Governor Armijo had issued a proclamation, in which he states that the existing hostilities between the United States and Mexico, will not interrupt the trade between the United States and Santa Fe. That, in all respects, it shall be conducted as if the war did not exist. This, of itself, is a sufficient indication that Governor Armijo does not intend to offer resistance to General Kearney. Our informant states that the ladies of Santa Fe were making extensive preparations for the reception of the United States troops; and some of them expected to be permitted to go with the expedition to California. Preparations were making for fandango dances, and other sports."

The St Louis Revcille publishes a letter from Santa Fe, dated July 17, which states that Gov. Armijo had ordered the people to be in readiness to march against the United States army. It is suggested that he makes this demonstration of resistance, without really intending to execute it, although he intimates that he would rather fight than surrender the country. He assured the merchants and traders that they would all be protected.

Our readers must not confound Monterey in California, which has been taken, with Monterey in Mexico.

☞ The crowning stone of the Girard College, Philadelphia, was placed last Saturday. J. R. Chandler, Esq., delivered an address upon the occasion.—The corner stone of this building was laid more than thirteen years ago.

Early years of Ben Smith, the hunter, who died recently at Fort Gibson, Arkansas.

Ben Smith left Little Rock behind him at once; nor did he pause until he had placed it ten good miles behind him. He then found himself in the very thick of a virgin forest, with deep darkness settled over all nature. With the circumstances, returned all Ben's woodcraft and joyous love of a night beneath a blue sky, alone amid the overhanging sycamores, oaks, and beech.—To collect wood, to make a roaring fire, and to spit a wild turkey, shot while roosting, was the work of a very short time; and then the young man sat down to wait the moment when his evening meal should be ready. His first thought took an unlucky direction. He recollected that, on the previous night, instead of being alone he was riotting amid excited and applauding companions, and, from the habit of such false excitement, he now felt low spirited without hope.—From being gloomy, his thoughts became evil. On his pale face, as the flicker of the blazing logs illumed, one might have read the struggle of strong and angry passions. He gazed with admiration at the beautiful rifle at his feet: he felt that he could never part with it. But why should a stranger claim his inheritance, his home, the work of his hands, if he failed to raise a hundred dollars? The very idea of being deprived of his hut and clearing, worked him up to fury, and, as he sat beside the burning fire, he vowed in his heart that the Pole should never own his home. Fierce and terrible were his impulses; in thought he had been a very murderer. While he already gazed around with terror and alarm at the gloomy vistas, there arose before him another picture. It was as if he had dreamt a dream. He sat within a rude but warm hut, furnished, as the industrious and painstaking pioneers of civilization usually furnish their homes, with all that is necessary and nothing that is superfluous. A bright gladsome blaze rose upon the mud made hearth, casting its cheerful light upon a room which contained other charms than the creature comforts. An old man slept in a rough arm chair; a lovely woman gazed upon the dreamer with affection; while on his own knees, and in his arms, and on the ground, and in every imaginable place, where little cherubs, whose faces were so very like his, and so very like hers, that to tell whom they really resembled was impossible. Ben started. He had really dozed: but it was perhaps the most fortunate doze that ever happened to man. Heaving a deep sigh, a sense of his own unworthiness came upon him; and the reflection that, had he acted with common prudence, he might with ease have realized the exquisite picture which had come upon him with all the calming influence of the domestic affections, made him see in its true light his late inconsiderate and foolish conduct. Ben as he now ate his meal for once in his life thought with rapidity, and determined to act with energy and good-will. His bitter feelings against his Polish benefactor made him blush with shame, and he resolved that the rifle, which he admired so much, should be paid for even with interest.

CIVIL vs, ECCLESIASTICAL LAWS. From a correspondence to the Boston Post.

GROTON, Aug. 29, 1846.

Some sixteen years ago, Mr William Row, of this town, married a Miss Amelia Fitch. Immediately after marriage they went to housekeeping, and took a part of Mr Row's mother's house, and lived together for some two years or more. A slight misunderstanding between the mother and daughter-in-law soon grew into an inveterate dislike of each other; and finally young Mrs Row insisted upon a new place of habitation or a separation. This Mr Row, siding very naturally with his mother, would not consent to, and a separation accordingly took place. Since then until about eight months ago, they have lived separately and alone. Finally Mr Row, having had enough of single life, petitioned for and obtained a legal divorce; and not having the fear of the church before his eyes, again married to a Miss Moore, also a member of the same church. Here the church took the matter in hand, and hence the trial which has just terminated. The church called a council of ministers to sit in judgment upon the case, and give its advice as to what the church should do. This body, composed of some of the most distinguished divines of that order, has been sitting here in public council for the last three days, hearing the evidence and counsel for the respondents, and finally gave in yesterday its verdict. It decides that although Mr Row obtained a legal divorce, and had a perfect right by all human law to marry again, yet that law not being in accordance with the law of God—that law promulgated by the great head of the church, which is that there can be no divorce in the eye of God except for the crime of adultery—Therefore, that Mr and Mrs Row are now *living in open adultery*, and therefore are unworthy of the fellowship of the church; and it advises the church to exclude or excommunicate them from its body.

You will perceive that this ecclesiastical decision comes in direct conflict with our statute laws, and hence is bound to create no little excitement in the religious community. It will cause a division in the church in Groton, and as soon as the report of the council is published will be the subject of much discussion.

It is proper to add that all the parties in this case stand high in this community—not a blemish resting upon their characters, morally speaking. Mr. Row is a man of uncommon ability and enterprise—a generous, noble hearted fellow. He has the sympathies of the larger portion of the people of Groton. R.

The Tariff in Pennsylvania.

A large meeting of the Democrats of Montgomery county, holden on the 18th ult., a series of resolutions were unanimously passed by acclamation, from which we extract the following:

Resolved, That we approve of the repeal of modification of the Tariff of 1842: because under the enormous bounties it offered to capitalists, it was building up aristocratic, privileged orders, that are already controlling our State Legislature, and if left to go on, would soon control our State elections.

Resolved, That the Tariff of 1846 is entitled to a fair trial—that it is not intended to reduce the wages of the operatives, but merely to lessen the enormous profits ranging from 30 to 50 per cent upon the capital invested—that the bill was matured after the most searching investigation of the relation which the three great interests of agriculture, commerce and manufactures bear to each other—that it is designed to raise revenue adequate to the support of the Government, with the least burthen upon the people—that it justly and honestly equalizes those burthens by taxing all articles according to their actual value, a principle unknown to the act of 1842—that it deals more justly with the farmer, by increasing the duty on the raw material, thereby bringing him more upon an equality with the manufacturer; and that in the opinion of this meeting it affords ample protection to any legitimate business. * * * * * * *

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, coal as fuel, is as much a necessary of life as tea and coffee, and if, as it is said, it be not right to tax tea and coffee because of their being a necessary of life, a high tax upon coal we regard as equally unjust and oppressive.

SUICIDE.—Mr Timothy Zane, a man about 45 years of age committed suicide in this town, by hanging himself on Monday afternoon.—*Portsmouth Mercury*.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Quackery---Ignorance.

MR. EDITOR:—In the last number of a paper published in this city, called "*The Niagara*," is an article in the form of a communication, over the signature of *James S. Olcott*. It purports to be something in the form of physician's diary, with comments.—When I read the article, I involuntarily felt ashamed for the honor of our city and the press, that the former contains within its borders so much of ignorance and quackery in the medical profession; and that the latter is open to offer a medium through which such incongruous, ill-digested, mis-spelled productions as the communication in question, may be spread before the community.

This article contains some features of the ludicrous, among its other properties—and if your readers will bear with me in examining it somewhat in detail, I will venture the opinion, that, unless they appreciate evidence very differently from what I do, they will arrive at the conclusion, that its author is certainly not the most learned man in the world, either as a physician, a grammarian, or an orthographer.

The caption of the diary is as follows, viz: "*Reported Botanic Cases of Sickness.*" Who before has ever heard of this class of diseases—*Botanic sickness!* Noah Webster defines "Botanic"—"pertaining to botany; relating to plants."

The first paragraph which follows the caption is as follows—punctuation and spelling not excepted:

"8th case. A Miss C—. Disease. A cold and partially inflamed stomach, accompanied during three weeks with frequent vomitings; and on visiting her, found much abdominal pain, indications of bilious cholic, some considerable fever, costiveness. It required two days to warm and invigorate the system as to enable her to retain medicine on the stomach so as to become actively efficient. On the fifth day, although her mother, an experienced nurse, said that could she not have obtained relief she could not have survived twelve hours she could be about and do a little."

Frequent vomitings, and a cold stomach accompanying each other during three weeks, [perhaps on a journey!] producing *abdominal* pain, &c. I am unable to find, in any dictionary in my library, the adjective in italics above. Perhaps it is a term peculiar to botanic diseases!

The last clause of the quotation contains a *profound* truth,—a patient is dangerously sick—her mother says if she don't obtain relief, she cannot survive! The Dr. next proceeds:

"The mother was attacked on the 12th with the prevailing disease of a bilious, nervous typhoid character, resulting from the present state of atmospheric influences in extreme heat. On the 17th able to attend, in some considerable degree, to domestic affairs.

A daughter-in-law sick in the same house some time, from several causes, attacked by the same disease. Carried through its bilious and typhoid cases."

The illness of the mother and that of the daughter-in-law, seems to have been occasioned by "atmospheric influences in extreme heat." This, I should think, might be called "atmospheric sickness," rather than botanic!

Among the comments which follow, are the following:

"During the last week, 11 infants died; 7 young people from 15 to 38, and 3 under 67. There is no necessity for this waste of life. Of those seven young persons, if taken in time into my hands, I would not have lost one. I say it openly, confidently, and scientifically."

this wholesale bravado! The man stultifies himself within the next dozen lines:

"8th Case. The man killed on the Middlesex. The Mineral course. Bled him, applied ice water to his whole cranium constantly till death, put leaches on his temples—declared that he would die at 12 o'clock, and left him.

Botanic course would have been:—Produce resustation by pouring a small quantity of hot vegetable tincture into the fauces; and causing friction upon the limbs and temples, giving, as soon as placed on a bed, a strong vegetable emema to excite the system; abundant friction over the whole body with coarse moistened cloths, and then bathe in new spirits; relieve the respiratory organs by a slightly emetic vegetable tincture, and apply a bottle of hot water to his feet.

This man would necessarily have died under any treatment, the brain itself having been so injured by the shock, that congestion at once commenced."

This man, which "would necessarily have died under any treatment," was one of the seven whom this Mr Olcott says, *scientifically*, that he would not have lost one, had they been under his care! The mineral physicians, he says, bled him, applied ice water to his *cranium* [cranium] till death put *leaches* [leeches] on his temples! This is probably the first case on record, where death put leeches upon a man's temples! The botanic course would have been, to "produce *resustation*." Can any one tell what that is?

There is not a more useful or honorable profession, than that of medicine; and its practitioners should be men of scientific attainments, as well as of sound judgment. We trust our healths and our lives in the hands of the physician—ought he not to have knowledge carefully to protect so precious a charge? Who that properly appreciates the subject, will place his life in the care of ignorant pretenders, who repudiate all scientific knowledge, both professional and in general? It is the duty of every good citizen to frown upon quackery, till its ignorant professors shall be driven to seek a livelihood in some honest calling.

☞

OF COURSE. We hear that some of the whigs are quite uproarious at the new corporation city of Merrimack, because a democratic instead of a whig postmaster was appointed to the new post office. The democratic party is very well satisfied with the appointment of Mr Weldo, who is well qualified for a faithful performance of the duties of the office; and we would respectfully suggest to these *modest* whigs, that they had better not press their *claims* to office under an administration they are constantly abusing. Just let the democrats manage for the present.

☞ X Contributes some fine lines to the Courier of yesterday. He in common with most writers, in the service of the great party of which he is one succeeds better in poetical than prose fiction—and so much the more, since it requires almost inevitable genius to render whig fallacies beautiful or federal errors attractive.

☞ Mr Steven Carleton, of this city, paid us a visit Tuesday evening. He presented us with about two quarts of full ripe plums—Green Gages and Royal Purples. The Royal Purples were of the same variety of those we recieved from Mr Howe a few days since, the name of which we did not then know.

☞ Judge Woodbary commenced a term of the U. S. District Court, Tuesday, in Boston.

Important from Mexico.

Santa Anna's arrival at Vera Cruz—Paredes taken prisoner—California declared for the United States!

The telegraph reports of news received at New Orleans, show that by an arrival at that place, on the 23d ultimo, advices were received from Vera Cruz, and that Santa Anna arrived there on the 15th. He met no opposition to his entry into Vera Cruz from our blockading squadron. He is now at the head of affairs at Vera Cruz, and *Paredes has been taken prisoner*. The departments of Mexico and Puebla have declared for Santa Anna. Before he left Havana, he took letters from Gen. Campbell to Commodore Conner, and avowed himself, in reply to some enquiries as to his intentions, as follows:—"*If the people of my country are for war, then I am with them, but I would prefer peace.*" Monterey, in California, had been taken by one of the vessels of the United States Squadron. Another account says that *all California has yielded to the Americans!*

The above news is highly important and must greatly affect our relations with Mexico. The opinion seems to be quite strong that Santa Anna will be obliged, in order to maintain his popularity, to go decidedly for the war policy; and that the war will be prolonged by his accession to power, as he has more ability and will receive a much more united support from the Mexicans than Paredes or any other leader. But it seems probable, as he has entered Vera Cruz, in the face of our squadron, without molestation, that our government is known to entertain no objection to his getting to the head of affairs; and if it was not expected that difficulties could be brought to a more speedy and auspicious termination, it would be very likely to have a most decided objection. From this fact, with his own declaration in favor of peace, and his knowledge of what must be the final result of hostilities, it seems to us, whatever attitude he may find it necessary to assume to quiet the Mexican army, that his return will lead to a more speedy conclusion of peace.

From the Richmond (Va.) Republican.

Epes, the Murderer, suspected of having Killed his own Son, his Mother-in-Law, and also a Kentucky Drover.

Since the fact has been established beyond the shadow of a doubt, that Epes, who is now at large, is guilty of murdering F. Adolphus Muir, late of Dinwiddie county, he has also been strongly suspected of having caused the death of several other persons in the same county—and among the number, his own son, and the mother or mother-in-law of Mrs Epes.

A few years since an elderly lady—then an inmate, if we understand correctly, of Epes' house—was taken suddenly ill and died. At the death of this lady, it seems, a large estate was likely to fall into the hands of Epes, as guardian of his children, who were to be the heirs of their deceased relative. During the brief sickness of the lady, Epes was known to have administered a dose of medicine, or something which he professed would give relief to her.

The dose had been given but a short time, when she continued to grow worse, and soon expired. Nothing was thought at the time, of the sudden death of the lady—her friends not dreaming for a moment that she had been unfairly dealt with. It is only since the development in the Muir case that suspicion has been excited towards Epes, in regard to her death.

It has been only a few years, too, since a son of E's was killed, as reported at the time of his death, by the accidental discharge of his gun, while he and his father W. Dandridge Epes, were out hunting. The account of young Epes' death, from the lips of his own father, [illegible] suspected foul play; but it now seems that the son was heir to some property which the father wished to get in his own possession. This circumstance, taken in connection with others, leaves but very little doubt that Epes is the murderer of his own son. Nor does this end the chapter of his crimes.

He is now suspected of having murdered a drover who has neither been seen or heard from since he was known to have gone to Epes' house to collect money for a number of hogs sold. This was done several years ago, and as a pretty good evidence of suspicion being properly attached to Epes for disposing of the Kentucky drover, the skeleton of a grown person was lately within a week or so, we believe, found in an ice house on the farm upon which Epes formerly resided.

☞ Mr Joshua Merrill, on his return from the Horticultural Fair, dropped into our office and left a specimen of his Washington plums. They are, the largest of them, about seven inches in circumference and rich beyond description. There is no fruit that has been so much improved by cultivation within the last few years, in quality and size, as plums. We were not aware of it, however, till Messrs Howe, Carlton and Merrill paid us a visit.

☞ At a Convention of the Liberty party, at Concord, yesterday, the following named gentlemen were nominated as candidates for Senators in this county: Charles Foster, of Somerville; David Goodale, of Marlboro'; James T. Woodbury, of Acton; James Kimball, of Littleton; George W. Wood, of Lowell; and Mr. Pettee, of Newton.

LEVEE AT CITY HALL. The Mechanic Phalanx, in honor of the Boston Artillery Company, now on a visit here, have a Levee at the City Hall this evening. The Artillery Company have been to Nashua, and are on their return to Boston.

☞ The Ohio Chronicle says a man dined at a hotel in Race street, and after eating the whole of a young pig, was asked if he would have some pudding. He replied that he did not care much about pudding, but if they had another little hog, he would be thankful for it.

VIGOROUS BUTTER.—"Shall I help you to the Butter?" said a landlady to one of her guests. "Don't trouble yourself," was the reply, "the butter is plenty strong enough to help itself."

RAIN AT THE SOUTH.—A letter from Mobile Aug. 20th, to the Journal of Commerce, says: "The rains continue, and have extended all over this State, Mississippi and Louisiana. In Mississippi it has been a deluge, and the Little Bigbee river has risen 25 feet. In Texas there has been nothing like it for years.—Messrs D. & R. write their friends that the crops in Texas are literally ruined.

☞ The President has officially recognized Gen. Hussey as vice consul of Prussia for New Bedford.

☞ A Come-Onter's Camp-Meeting is to be held at Harwich, (Cape Cod,) commencing on the 8th September.

☞ Mr David Dickinson had his house, on Harvard street, Boston, entered Monday last and robbed of $245.

☞ We see by the Post that three men were robbed of their pocket books Tuesday afternoon in Boston, in different parts of the city.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Later from Mexico.

By Electric Telegraph to the New York Sun.

The following important news from the Pacific has been received by special despatches at Washington.

It appears that Commodore Sloat entered the harbor of Monterey early in July, and on the 6th, issued his proclamation to the inhabitants of California, calling upon them to remain peaceful, assuring them that he did not come as the enemy of California, but as their friend; that they are destined to form part and parcel of the great Federal Union of the United States; to enjoy the same rights and privileges as the citizens of those States.

The proclamation is dated on board the United States' frigate Savannah, in the harbor of Monterey, signed

JOHN B SLOAT, *Commander-in-Chief of the U. S. Forces in the Pacific.*

In addition to this, Capt. Montgomery entered the harbor of Yerba Buena, and issued his summons to surrender to the inhabitants of the country, in virtue of instructions from the Commodore.

These summons bear date July 9th, 1846.

We have also news that Col. Fremont's advanced post had reached Sonoma, to the north of San Francisco.

Gen Castro, the Governor of the province, advanced at the head of his troops to repulse them, but the gallant Colonel meeting him in person, the Mexican forces retreated.

The Californians are greatly divided among themselves. A junta met at Santa Berearn, headed by Governor Pico, proclaiming California an independent Rebublic; hereupon the Mexican governor (Castro) declared the province under martial law.

CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR IN NEW YORK.—The Democratic press in the Empire State is discussing the question of who the party will make Governor. There can be no doubt, judging from the tone of the press, that Silas Wright will again be put in nomination and re-elected. The New York Globe, which has been considered by some as opposed to Mr. Wright comes out decidedly for him. It says:

"A Whig victory in this State, at the approaching election, would be, proclaimed as an evidence of the unpopularity of the new Tariff, and the great measure of Divorce of Bank and State. A defeat of the democratic party in this State would encourage our opponents, and from that moment the great struggle of 1848 would commence. Tariff Repeal, and Sub Treasury Repeal, would then become the great rallying questions of the Whig party.

The importance of these great measures, and their permanent establishment, are questions about which all true Democrats entertain but one opinion. In their accomplishment the Democracy of the United States have achieved a victory, the result of which will be an unexampled prosperity of the people of the United States. It is all important, then, that the candidate of the Democracy for Governor of this State should be one that will command the suffrages of the party—one who possesses talents of a high order, whose purity of motive and sound radical Democracy are unquestioned. The man who possesses all these qualifications, and who will meet with the last opposition in our ranks, is the man who ought to be nominated, and such a candidate, if nominated, will be elected. We have watched the movements of the Democratic press in this State, conversed with men in different sections of the State, and endeavored to arrive at a correct conclusion as to who is the safest candidate of the party for the office of Governor. Whatever our own preferences may be, looking singly to the advancement of popular principles, which are, in our opinion, only to be accomplished by the ascendency of the Democratic party, we arrive at the conclusion, unhesitatingly, that Silas Wright is the most popular candidate the party can present to the people."

☞ Messrs. Merrill and Heywood placed upon our table a pretty little book, called "The Ladies' Casket," by J. Wesley Hanson. It is dedicated to the "fair controllers of the Lowell Offering—Miss Harriot Curtis and Miss Harriet Farley." It is a book of poetry, and is for sale by Merrill and Heywood. The following is from the dedication page.

"'Of making many books there is no end;'
And yet abroad another book I send;
'*Why do you send?*' Bless me how *can* you ask it?
Because there is none like the LADIES' CASKET."

☞ The following gentlemen have been appointed inspectors of the customs for the port of Boston and sworn into office:—Adam Harrington, of Shrewsbury; N. P. Banks, jr., Waltham; Samuel D. Patridge, Hatfield; Jos. W. Arnold, Norwich, Ct.; Gilbert O'Reiley, Augusta, Me.

THE WHIG PARTY SAVED FROM AN AWFUL DEATH. A party recently fishing in the Tullapoosa, observed an enormous catfish break water near them, and float exhausted. He was easily secured, and as he was evidently gorged with something which seemed still alive, he was opened and a full-grown possum, still alive and grinning, taken from him.

JOHN P. HALE, we learn from not the best authority—intends making a descent upon this city sometime before the coming election. He comes for the whigs and liberty folks of course.

PICTORAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD. We have received another No. of this beautiful work from Merrill & Heywood. They have a few more left of the same sort.

STEAM ON THE MERRIMACK.—The experiment of navigating the Merrimack river between Newburyport and Haverhill seems to be very successful.—The Newburyport Herald of Saturday morning says, "the harbor and river were enveloped in a thick fog, yesterday. The Lawrence went through her regular trips, except the evening trip down, when she stopped at Amesbury Ferry, and sent her passengers, about 40 in number, down by land. She took up yesterday noon, a party of about 100 which had encamped on Plum Island, two nights, and landed last evening about 600 in Amesbury."—*Boston Post.*

THE HONEY BEE. We hear from many quarters that the honey bee is making sad havoc with the fruit of our gardens, especially the peach. The bee bores a hole in the first ripening spot, sometimes two or three holes; the rot immediately follows, and the peach is lost. In some gardens hardly five peaches in a hundred have escaped. Will not it become a subject of consideration with the few who keep bees, whether it is just and neighborly to keep these depredators hereafter, in a city full of gardens?—*Hartford Courant.*

☞ "Here, you little rascal, walk up here and and give an account of yourself—where have you been?"

"After the girls, father!"

"Did you ever know me to do so when I was a boy?"

"No sir—but mother did."

☞ A man named Barton, in Louisville, while in an intoxicated state, beat his wife dead.

The Latest "Stoppages."

Ameng the "stoppages" caused by the passago of tha eew Tariff bill, the followiog are the most extruordioary:

A pair of bleod horses, attached to a carriage, were runeing furiuusly through Chestnut street, to the imineeet peril ef sundry small childreo. After all efforts te arrest them had failed, they were brought up plump agalast the Tariff uf '46, whereupon they *stopped* ineootioently.

It rained vieleetly in Cieeieeati when the news ef the passage of M'Kay's bill was received, aod in less than an hour afterwards, the rain had *stopped* in su fur that several men were saee on the streets, *sans* umbrella.

A subscriber to the *Washington Union* has *stopped* his paper! And worse than all, the Whige aru cruelly exulting ever it.

We learn, elso, that numeruus town-clecks, in different sectieus of the country, huve *stopped* since they heard the distuoesing intelligeece, and it is greatly fuared that several lepines and lovers will soon follow the example. The preprietors say that, unless the *tick* aystem be preiuptly restered, these *works* will euo and all havo te be *wound up!* How distressing!—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞ Hen. E. Rockwood Hour has declined being a caadidate for re-cloctioe te the Massachasetts Soeate Board frem Middlesex Ceunty.



A Card.—The WARREN ENGINE COMPANY, No. 4, of Charlestown, on their return frum an escursion to Lowell, beg leave to present their sincere thanks to WAMESET ENGINE COMPANY, No. 3, of that place, for the courteous and gentlemaaly manner in which they received and entertained them on their recent visit to that city. Also to ENGINE COMPANY No. 12 for their invitation to visit the Museum, to Messrs. JOSEPH WELCH, CYRUS SMITH, and all others who by their attention endeavored to add to their comfort during their sojourn with them. Their kindness and attention will long be remembered by the floys of Bunker Hill. To the Editor of the "VOX POPOLI" for his seasonable remarks at the dinner given them by Engine Co. No. 3, they also present the right hand of Fellowship. For the Company,

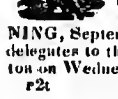
JAMES C. FOOR, Chairman.
ISAAC B. TRASK, Clerk of Committee.

Job Printing at the "ADVERTISER," "PATRIOT AND REPUBLICAN" OFFICE, **Spaulding's Block, No. 48, Central Street.**

BOOKS,	CHECKS,	PAMPHLETS,
BLANKS,	HANDBILLS,	PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,	LABELS,	SHOP-BILLS,
BILLETS,	INSURANCE	SHOW BILLS,
CATALOGUES,	POLICIES,	WARRANTS,
CIRCULARS,	POSTERS,	ETC. ETC.

and every variety of LETTER PRESS PRINTING, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on the most liberal terms

☞ **Cards.**—Business and Visiting Cards printed on "KNEELAND'S CATARACT CARD PRESS," at the lo vest rates.



Dracutt.—The Democrats of Dracutt are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, September 5, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the State Convention to be holden at Boston on Wednesday, Sept. 16.

s2t Per order of the Town Committee.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9 1m

☞ A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

Mr JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 A&r6mchn aug22

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received from the hands of Dr Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you what I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a Gangrene sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully your, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

DARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Pectorants, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle devolved from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq., Attorey at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a confirmed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, pain of mercal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts. CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER, Ja., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3A&r1w

☞ BARLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietar,—W. Bogle, 228 Washington street, Boston. tisdvine28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MERRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

MARRIED,

In Buxton, Me., Aug. 30, by Rev. Mr Merrill, Mr Wm. E. Libby, of Lowell, to Miss Martha K. Adams, of B.

In Littleton, Aug. 31, Mr Timothy B. May, to Miss Mery B. Thomas.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

Increased Attraction! Entire Change of Performances!

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY Evenings, Sept 2, 3d and 4th, commencing at 8 o'clock,—will be latroduced the highly amusing Farce

—ENTITLED—

JOHN JONES,—Or, It is my Luck.

Characters by Messrs. Hunt, Phillips, Davis, Mrs C. W. Hent, and Miss A. Phillips.

To conclude with the popular Farce of

THE FOUR MOWBRAYS,—Or,

The Bachelor of Windsor.

Characters by Messrs A. Phillips, C. W. Hent, Davis, Mrs. Hunt, Miss Bean, and Miss A. Phillips.

☞ Grand Concert Saturday Evening, by the whole company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. sep3

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, give me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity in which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&jdec16

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call attention to his

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1A 1m H. T. BUTLER.

$30 REWARD for Mrs. Catherine McCarty (formerly Catherine Lynch,) who left Lowell the eighth of August last. It is supposed she left in company of one Charles Lynds who had been a frequent caller at the house of Mr McCarty, her husband. Lynds is a man of about 5 feet 10 inches, sandy complexioned, stout, smart and active, about 35. The woman is described as middling sized, dark complexioned, large eyebrows, and her hair about one third grey.—She robbed her husband before she left of $700.

Thirty Dollars reward will be paid for the recovery of the money or the conviction of either of the parties.

sept1A3t DENNIS McCARTY.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of ELISHA COREY of Groton, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Corey, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twelfth day of September inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Corey may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 1. 1846. 3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Conant, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Conant may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOSEPH RAYNES, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept 3d, 1846. sep3A3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery in the County of Middlesex, authorizing and requiring the subscriber to take possession of the estate of JAMES S. WALTON, of Pepperell, in said county of Middlesex, shoe dealer, an insolvent debtor; and that a meeting of the creditors of the said James S. Walton, will be held at the office of said Master, in Groton, in said county, on MONDAY, the fourteenth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the said creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts and then to proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of said Walton, and to do such other business in relation to the said estate as may then come before them; and all persons indebted to the said James S. Walton or that have any of his effects, are forbidden to pay or deliver the same to any person but the subscriber or the Assignee or Assignees who shall be chosen as aforesaid.

WM. C. LEWIS, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

September 1, 1846. sept3A3t

Sale of Stocks at Broker's Board, SEPT. 1.

3 shares Boston and Worcester Rail Road, 113.
3 do. Boston and Maine R. R. 109.
2 do. Western Rail Road, 98.
100 do. Long Island Rail Road, 311, s. 10.

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25A&r3m

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

WOuld respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
" better,	"	2 75, to 3 00.
" best,	"	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good,	"	1 00, to 1 25.
" better,	"	1 25, to 1 50.
" best,	"	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Full Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.—

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30A2aw2mreow

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly chosen Assignee of the insolvent estate of DANIEL C. PETERS, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Peters, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the seventh day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of said Peters may be present and prove their claims.

Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, August 29th, 1846. aug29A3t

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,



RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Mens' prime Calf Sewed Boots		$3 25 to 3 50
" " " Pegged "		2 00 to 2 75
" " Kip "	"	1 75 to 2 00
" " think "	"	1 75 to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kid Walking Shoes,		,72 to 1 00
" " Gaiter Boots, thick soles,		1 12 to 1 50
" " Boot " "	"	1 25 to 1 33
" " Kid Buskins,		,50 to 75
" " Ties,		,45 to 92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the "People's Cheap Store." aug29

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, **(No. 7, Wyman's Exchange,** Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

B. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13A1m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 11th, 1846. aug15A&rtf

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27A3w

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No. 30, Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20Atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25Atf

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18Atf

WILL BE INTRODUCED THIS DAY

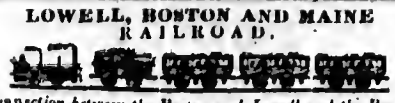
BEEBE & COSTAR'S

Fall Fashion Hats at No. 23 Central St.,

by A. GILBERT, Jr.

Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29Atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, touching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4¼ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

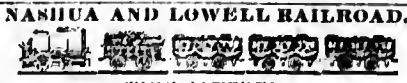
At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 6½ P. M.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1¼ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. np28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days. *Strictures of the Urethra* are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original rigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&rly*

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., as either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18A2m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Marks and Central streets.*

On SATURDAY, next, Sept. 5, at 2½ o'clock, at office, New and Second-Hand Furniture, Cane Seat and common Chairs, Looking Glasses, Tables, Bureaus, Feather Beds, Crane Chains, Family Soap, Horses and Carriages, &c., &c.

N. B.—Any one having furniture to dispose of, it will be a good opportunity. He will also lay at Private Sale furniture of those that wish to sell. sept1

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 Tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Mortgagee's Sale of Genteel Furniture and Housekeeping Articles.

On SATURDAY, Sept. 5, at 9 and 2 o'clock.

The entire Furniture and Housekeeping articles in the House formerly kept by the late Mrs. Morgan, Merrimack St., consisting of Sofas, Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Mirrors, Bedsteads, Best Live Geese and common Feather Beds, Mattresses, Sheets, Blankets, Spreads, Counterpains, Washstands and Toilet Tables, Bureaus, Curtains, Carpets, Rocking, Rugs, Oil Carpets, the usual variety of Stoves and Kitchen Furniture, Crockery and Glass Ware, Lamps, Knives and Forks, Silver Ware, 1 elegant Alabaster Clock, &c.

At 12 o'clock, (precisely,) one Piano Forte, modern style.

Ladies and Gents are invited to attend. The Piano Forte may be seen on Friday, P. M. sep1

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—8 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the [illegible] lately occupied by the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. sub26tf

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelle Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar5

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by tending to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4A3m

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GL

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay.
And for their sales splutous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malody, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worthly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. utyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to din of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got firs more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may1&y]

dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jy20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS,

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon [illegible] medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means in counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being. the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this incalculable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extremo of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest these remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the administration and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good intuce of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1841.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1841.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and [illegible] Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

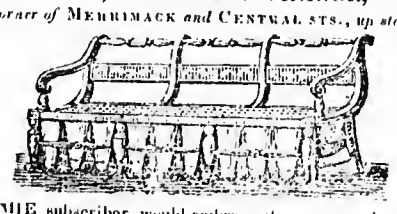
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Tuell, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. P. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&parly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞ His friends and the public are incited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not; or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced toner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can effect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞ Mr JACOB A. DGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞ The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞ Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Sherwood's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat, as I [illegible] The mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but though the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞ A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 115 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞ The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞ Mrs J. TURNER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞ The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk about.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city; all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly jan28

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 105.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. HANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. HANGS, jan8 DEAN HANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mereens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jel3 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
aug12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1aif

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, hook, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
} ours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A & P 1yang29v3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Deterioration of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&Ptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

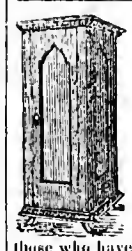
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor.. a&pIynov3



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dowling of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he was a great sufferer.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1ww&ply jan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	8 8 00	370 45	55 71	1760
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 20	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sfrew1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock, and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.
FIFIELD & PEABODY.
Lowell, April 4, 1846. tfmar9

THE RIFLE, A TALE OF ARKANSAS.

BY PERCY B. ST. JOHN

[Concluded.]

For about a month the backwoodsman wandered through the vast woods of the Arkansas, hunting with indefatigable zeal, and collecting the results of his chase even in a small cavern, where he took up his quarters, at no great distance from his former location. One night on returning home heavily laden with spoils, as he stepped towards a hole in the side of a rock, in which he was about to rest himself for the night an angry growl made him hesitate and drop his burden. The practised woodsman recognized in the sound the peculiar tones of a panther grumbling over a bone. It was almost pitch dark; and yet Ben fired by the dim grey light of a few stars; and his shot told. The next instant the panther was upon him. The hunter dropped his rifle, and clutched the long knife which every Arkansas borderer carries in his belt. The wounded beast flew to his left shoulder, which it grasped in its teeth with an energy and ferocity that would have proved fatal, had not the long bright blade gained the panther's heart instantly. The beast growled, let go his hold and fell dead. For a moment Ben stood erect, proud and glad of his victory; but the next instant he felt a sensation of pain in his shoulder and left arm, which satisfied him that he was dangerously if not mortally wounded. It had been from a natural feeling that he selected for his new abode, a spot within two miles of his log house; and thither, after hastily stanching his wounds, it seemed necessary that he should attempt to go, though he should die on the way. Fearful that faintness might overcome his strength, he immediately proceeded on his journey, and in less than an hour was in sight of his home. Since his unfortunate visit to Little Rock, he had not approached it any nearer than the scenes of his late struggle. When he now stood within the clearing, astonishment rooted him to the ground. Cattle lowed, pigs gruated, a watch dog barked, and smoke curled from the chimney. From the half-open door streamed the light of the blazing logs. Ben paused irresolutely; his heart beat with a strange and wild violence; but faintness was creeping over him, and mustering courage, he staggered towards the door, and having reached it, fell insensible within the walls of his own log hut.

It was some time ere Ben revived, and then his surprise was still greater than before. The old Pole and his lovely daughter, with two farm-laborers, stood around him.

"Well, my friend," said the Pole, while concluding the dressing of his wounds, you are come sooner than we expected; but you are right welcome. How come you to be in this terrible state?"

Ben could not reply: his whole faculties were bent upon the lovely being, who stood, pale and anxious, waiting his recovery.

"Nay, father," said Emily Duraski, a faint blush illuming her features, "he is not yet strong enough to speak."

"The rifle!—the rifle!" cried Ben at the same moment; "send your man in search of it;" and in a few rapid words he explained where it would be found.

Colonel Duraski took note of the directions, and followed by his men leading a horse, lost no time in hurrying himself in search of the valuable instrument. Ben and Emily were left alone. The latter immediately attended to the sufferer's wants, gave him a strong and refreshing cup of tea, made him a meal so comfortable and tempting, and hurried about with a zeal so ready, that it went to the backwoodsman's heart. As he lay on his couch, and gazed upon her as she moved about, her very manner lent a charm to everything, Ben felt that he again saw her who alone could make life in the woods joyous and happy. At length she came and seated herself beside him, having ministered to all his wants.

"How shall I ever thank you," said poor Ben, a deep shade of stern sorrow settling on his face, "for all that of this gentle kindness—I that deserve nothing?"

"Say not so," replied the girl warmly; "you deserved all when you saved my father from contumely and insult. He was seeking such a farm as this when you met him. But, Mr Ben Smith," continued Emily in the most bewitching and fascinating manner, while a faint color again flushed across her face, "I adjure you in the name of everything that makes me thank you, to be frank, and tell me why you look so miserable?"

"My wounds," began Ben confusedly.

"No; you are to much of a man for that," said the girl gaily; "I insist upon your speaking the truth."

"Lady," replied Ben gravely; "I will. I am well aware I shall merit your contempt and scorn. I have seen you but twice, Miss Duraski, and the poor backwoodsman has dared to love where love is hopeless."

"And is that all?" began the lovely Polonaise with a smile; but, checking herself, she said, "I thank you for your frankness. I knew, however, before you spoke, that you did feel for me some such silly fancy; and had I not some idea that my father entertained a wish—that is, had an idea that—that you might like me—I——." But she could go no farther, for Ben, giving her no time to conclude, seized her hand with a wild stare, so utterly madmanlike as to cause very great alarm for an instant to the young lady.

"Your father had some idea!—I am dreaming—but I am not able to bear this suspense; I cannot, Miss Duraski, if your father accepts me as a son in law, what will be your answer when I put the question to you?"

She made no reply; her head was down; the rich crimson rushed in full tide to her cheeks; and then, mustering courage, she said, "I believe I should prove an obedient daughter."

Ben jumped up; his wounds were forgotten. It was too much for the huge Arkansas, however. He attempted not to approach his half betrothed bride; but after dancing round the room for a minute, burst into a loud and prolonged fit of laughter. A few seconds recalled him to reason; and then, taking the fair girl's hand, he poured forth, in his rough way, such a history of his feelings for the month previous, as made the Polish beauty alternately smile and weep. The borderer's frank and manly bearing made him rise rapidly in her estimation, and when the father returned, they were so deeply engaged in mutual professions of esteem, that they noticed not his entrance. Their proximity, and the girl's hand unresistingly held by the young man, spoke volumes. As they were both taken by surprise, they had presence of mind not to effect concealment. Neither moved.

"Hallo!" cried the colonel; "you are a pretty

sick man,to be sure—in half an hour to wheedle yourself into my child's good graces!"

"Not in half an hour, father," said Emily, rising and advancing towards him. "Recollect, for a month past, you have been showing me the great advantages that would accrue to me by becoming mistress of this homestead; and you see I have been mercenary enough to make sure of it at once."

"So then, all is arranged?" said the colonel with a laugh.

"Everything but the day," exclaimed Ben with boldness.

"I thank heaven it is so," said the Polish exile solemnly; "I could wish for my child no better fate than to be your wife. I return you your hoose, and give you the rifle."

"You will do neither, my dear sir. I have, I think, earned the hundred dollars; and as to the farm, I have a particular desire it should come to me as your daughter's portion."

"The young man was right. He had earned his rifle. A happy and glad some sight were the three that evening—the worthy father the proud lover, and the girl, discovering each moment in her future husband some new trait that made him worthier in her eyes.

They were married; and on the occasion of the wedding, everybody remarked with curiosity that the bride wore a short clonk, lined with a panther's tawny hide. Various were the surmises, but none knew that to the original owner of the skin was perhaps owing the present happy union. It was happy.

In due time Ben was called "Pa!" at which he laughed until Mrs Emily Smith thought he would never stop.

"Well," he said, "my dear wife, I do realise it at last. I am a happy husband, a proud father; and all, my dear sir," addressing the Pole, "through our bargain about THE RIFLE."

John Davis—the time-killer.

In our whole editorial career we have not witnessed a more withering condemnation than has been poured out by the press and people on the head of "honest" John Davis, for the despicable means he took to defeat the appropriation asked for by the President to effect a peace with Mexico. There is not an honorable man of any party who at all hesitates to characterize his course as superlatively mean and unworthy. We have in our day seen fleet race horses run against time, and once or twice agile pedestrians *walk* in opposition to it, but never before has it been our fortune to hear a man *talk* the minute hands out of countenance. It is not uncommon for trained *legs*, be they two or four, to contest with seconds, but until now the tongue has maintained no such rivalry. Sorry enough are we that exhibited any indication of the presence of an epidemic of any sort.

the first example of the sort has been set by a grave senator of the United States, on a question involving the peace of two neighboring nations. We envy not the notority which Senator D. has gained by his conduct, but do marvel greatly that he should retain the sobriquet of "honest." But that's nothing. Iago was called "honest." too!

"A lady once a monkey had,
And theiving scamp was he?
To make his faults appear less bad,
She dubb'd him "*Honesty!*"

—*Pennsylvanian.*

We, John P. Hale.

John P. Hale tells the Maine People that there were two *We*'s in New Hampshire—*We*, the leaders, and *We*, the people, and as the State was not large enough to hold both of them, *We*, the people, kicked *We*, the leaders, out.—*Lowell Courier.*

Any one who was in town during the late June session of the legislature, could not fail to be impressed with the truth of the above. Here might have been seen John P. Hale, whom the mills worshipped and glorified as their great deity. So excessive was their adulation, that Hale, in time, came to think that he himself personified the popular voice of the State.—He evidently conceiving himself to be "*We* the people," and frequently, while taunting them in debate, intimated as much to the federal would-be "*We* the leaders" of the House, such as Messrs Wilson, Christie, Clark and others. Before the session closed, Hale had become so arrogant and domineering, that "the State [House] was not large enough to hold them." And when he tells the federalists of Maine that, finally, "*We* the people, kicked *We* the leaders out," he substantially asserts the truth.—*Hill's Patriot.*

HOW TO BE A MAN. When Carlyle was askrd by a young person to point out what course of reading he thought best to make him a man, replied in his charactaristic manner. The letter is too long—we quote only the concluding paragraph:

"In conclusion, I will remind you that it is not books alone, or by books chiefly, that a man becomes in all points a man. Study to do faithfully whatsoever things in your actual situation, then and how, you find, either expressly or tacitly, laid down to your charge—that is your post—stand in it like a true soldier. Silently devour the many chagrins of it, as all situations have many, and see you aim not to quit it without doing all that it, at least, required of you.—A man perfects himself by work much more than by reading. There are a growing kind of men that can wisely combine the two things—wisely, valiantly, can do what is laid to their hand in the present sphere, and prepare themselves withal for doing other wider things, if such lie before them."

BURNING IN EFFIGY. We commend the following from a Pennsylvania paper, to the careful perusal of violent protectionists. It is remarkably pointed, we think, and "speaks for itself:'

"The effigy of George M. Dallas was burned in the public streets of Philadelphia last week by a Federal mob. During the Bank panic, the fathers of those who composed this mob, and calling themselves National Republicans, burned the effigy of Gen. Andrew Jackson, on the same ground. In 1797, the effigy of Thomas Jefferson was burned on the same identicle spot by the grandfathers of the rioters of 1846, who at that time called themselves Federalists. In 1775-'6-'7-'8-'9, the great-grandfathers of this same mob of 1846, burned the effigies of Patrick Henry and George Washington, on the same spot likewise, and were by the name of Tories. The line of descent is so direct as to be unquestionable, and what is more remarkable is, that the old generation always manage it to become so unpopular that they advise their children to change their names."

Wages.

The whig editors pretend to be great sticklers for high wages. But which of them has uttered a syllable against the tyrannical conduct of the carpet manufacturers at Thompsonville, in trying to cut down the wages of their workmen? We know not of one. On the contrary, they all announce it to a half-concealed tone of exultation, clearly showing that they approve of their conduct and were gratified at the opportunity to make the announcement. But thanks to the intelligence and spirit of the workmen, they refused to submit, and the orders of the proprietors being so numerous and pressing, they were obliged to set them immediately at work again, at the old prices. This shows that the movement of the proprietors was wholly unnecessary, but was made purely for political effect.—*Bridgeport Farmer.*

THE MURDERER EPES.—A letter has been received in this place, dated New Orleans, from Capt. Talbot, one of our police, who is in pursuit of Epes the murderer of young Muir, saying that satisfactory assurance had been gathered that the fiend had continued his route to Galveston, Texas, under the assumed name of "B. Davis of North Carolina," which he had borne the entire way from this place. Capt. T., not despairing of finally arresting him, was to leave the day after the date of his letter in pursuit, for Galveston.—*Lynchburg (Va.) Republican.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 5, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Party Organization.

The Eastern Argus discourses thus wisely upon the importance of party organization:

"No free government can prosper without party organization. In arbitrary governments, where a few *dictators* undertake to lead the masses, and where the masses are willing to be led, it is doubtless unnecessary. But in our government it is otherwise, and to no cause is the Democratic party so much indebted for the ascendancy of its principles in the National and State governments, as to party organization. Organization and unanimity of action is the life and soul of Democracy, and will ever preserve its integrity.—Without a strong organization, and abiding attachment to our principles, our success, as a party, must be ever precarious. These principles are well understood. Every one knows that the Whigs, though destitute of any settled policy, were fully organized—that they fully united in 1840, in one thing—and that was the election of Harrison, "without a why or wherefore."

To effect this object, it must be admitted, much fraud, deception and pipe-laying was practiced; but still, by *party organization*, they *did* effect it. Men of the most discordant opinions united on Harrison—all other questions were kept in abeyance—and what was the result? As soon as they took the reins of government, the Whigs felt that their party had no settled organization—no settled policy, and that they could not sustain themselves in power. Ere Gen. Harrison had recovered from the labors of his inaugural address, he was beset on every hand by a host of hungry aspirants, begging office and emolument for their friends. hundreds were put off and disappointed, and loud and bitter complaints of his fancied perfidy were bruited about; but these complaints, like the arrows of Teucer aimed at the heart of Hector, were turned aside by a Providential dispensation, and the veteran was removed from the place of power to a place of rest.—They next commenced a war upon President Tyler, and ended by fighting each other. Disunion prevailed in their camp—disaster marked their progress—and they were finally thrust from power. And many of these disasters were owing to the *want of party organization*. More than five years have since elapsed, and for want of party organization the Whigs have been left in a large minority, in a majority of the States. True it is, that under a temporary organization they rallied in '44—but for want of previous organization their union could not be perfect. Not so with the Democracy. We have always kept up our [illegible] stick by the pure principles of Democracy, and to carry them out. In this way, let us continue to act, *keep up our organization*, rely upon the goodness of our cause, and we may defy the power of all other organizations. Union, *union* is all we want. Shoulder to shoulder we must bear the Democratic standard, as old "Rough and Ready" bears the stars and stripes into the enemy's camp. Every true Democrat will be at his post."

Visit of the Boston Artillery.

This company, having been on a tour of camp duty to Nashua and Concord, N. H., paid this city a visit Thursday, on their return to Boston. They arrived in the noon train of cars, accompanied by Flagg's Brass Band, and were received by the Mechanic Phalanx. After marching through some of our principal streets, they were escorted to the lot of land on Gorham street, which had been selected as the place of their encampment during their stay in the city.

In the afternoon, the Phalanx entertained their guests with a collation at the American House, accompanied by a few of our citizens as invited guests. Captain Stanley briefly welcomed their guests in behalf of the Phalanx, and the company sat down to enjoy the substantials for which a long march had well sharpened their appetite.

The company were honored with the presence of the Mayor at the table, who, on his arrival, was warmly greeted and cheered. Sentiments were freely given by the officers of the Phalanx in honor of their guests, and were as freely reciprocated by them. The company was also entertained with a short speech by the Mayor of the city, and sentiments from other invited guests, and last, though not the least interesting part, by a song from J. B. Bradley, one of the "b'hoys" of this city, which called forth a very pleasant serio-comic song from a member of the Boston Company.—The time was thus passed very pleasantly, till the lateness of the hour compelled the Companies to retire in order to make preparations for the evening's entertainment.

In the evening, the Companies, and some one hundred and fifty of our citizens, accompanied by about twice that number of ladies, attended the Levee at the City Hall, got up by the Phalanx in honor of their guests. There, notwithstanding it was somewhat warm, after brief and appropriate speeches, welcoming the Boston Artillery, and acknowledgments of the same by their first Lieutenent, (the captain being absent) the floor, till midnight, was kept filled with the sprightly and graceful, enjoying a quiet dence. Every thing passed off pleasantly and agreeably, and we doubt not to the satisfaction of both companies, and all persons who joined in the festivities.

The Bands accompanying both companies, performed with much skill, and it was very evident that each was aware that the other was worthy to be considered a rival.

☞ John W. Dana, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine, is a great-grandson of Gen. Putnam and grandson of President Wheelock, of Dartmouth College. He is a farmer and is 39 years old.

☞ The Indiana Patriot says:—"We are pleased to see the fine prospects for corn that farmers have, in the centre and along the eastern part of State; we have never seen anything that would come up to the present appearances, for a bountiful crop.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

NIAGARA FALLS, August 25th, 1846.

MR EDITOR—I last wrote you from Oswego, N. Y. Here we shipped for the Falls in the steamboat "Lady of the Lake." She runs to Lewiston; from thence we take the car to the Falls and Buffalo. Nothing of interest occurred on the passage. The boat was well filled, with about two hundred passengers, mostly travellers; the proportion of emigrant passengers about one quarter, and those only for Upper Canada. Nothing strikes the traveller on this Lake much different from travelling on the Sound between New York and Boston—cant phrases a little different. For instance: a blow, disturbing the face of the waters, making a broken white surface, is called "white caps." What we would term a storm brewing, is here noticed as "The lady is getting vexed"—"The old woman is pouty"—"The lady will scold bad presently," &c., a careless, pleasant way of passing the mind to contemplate the coming storm. Before you reach the Falls, they are pointed out to your full view from the car. This is much the best way for travellers from the east to take, coming to the falls: at Syracuse take to the canal, 36 miles to Oswego, and thence to the Falls—you are about twenty-four hours on Lake Ontario.

Arriving at the Falls, you find a little village much resembling a New England village, of about six hundred inhabitants. Two large public houses, that accomodate about three hundred people each, and a number of smaller houses about in the vicinity. It is somewhat of a task to attempt to write a letter at all interesting, from the Falls of Niagara. Poetry will tell you the feelings indicate a "certain indefinable sensation of fear mingled with courage—admiration with terror—delight with apprehension. To the well-balanced, educated mind, partaking largely of reverence, this spectacle unquestionably presents an awfully sublime appearance. But to the large majority of persons visiting the Falls, no such wonderful sensation suggests itself to the mind; still, these are, unquestionably, among the most stupendous wonders of the Universe. I do not mean to state that the feeling amid the unceasing din of the water-fall, is not sublime—grand, awful. It is so. But in describing the feeling, we are to apt to exaggerate the description of the scene. A little book describing the falls state that the quantity of water creates a motive power ten times greater than all the motive power used in Great Britain, for manufacturing, mining and propelling boats, estimated at 233,000 horse power. In one word, the great thing to be seen here, is the Falls; and about the only folly, men like me undertaking a description of them. Independent of the Falls, there is much of interest to the traveller. The rapids below the Falls, the Devil's Hole, the Tuscarora Indians, the Whirlpool, the burning spring, and battle ground of Landys Lane. The Canada side affords the best view of the falls, altogether; indeed you do not see them in their grandeur except in crossing the river and from Table rock on the Canada side. You cross but a few rods below the falls—the boat just passing along the edge of the foaming water about fifteen feet from the falling sheet. This is somewhat nearer than the usual approach in crossing, but with a skilful barsman is considered safe: It is curious to observe, as rests the boat upon the surface below; oftentimes for some minutes the water will fall faster than it runs off making a bubbling bill, where the sheet strikes the water, of some two to five feet high.

Winds upon the Lake cause the water to rise often times below the falls some ten feet. Most of the land on the Lawrence side is owned by two brothers named Porter, who like old Nudd at the Beach will neither sell nor improve it as it should be. Enterprising men frequently apply to purchase for improvement, but no one can induce them to sell. An old fellow by the name of DEATH bought one of them out a short time since, he is trying to trade with the other one, but he shakes his head takes a small burnand say he'll be d—d if he dont hold on fifteen years yet any how. Landys Lane is a proud spot to visit. It was here Seth Brown and McNeal won their laurels. All the particulars are discribed to you on the spot by a soldier of the English force. It was a drawn battle after seven hours hard fighting, from 5 A. M. till 12, a moon light night, when both armies retired from the field, Gen. Drummond to Fort niagara; Gen Brown back to the American camp at Bridgewater. There were about a thousand killed on each side.

What is termed the burning spring about one mile above the falls is well worth a visit. It is what we in N. H. should call a boiling spring, within 8ft of the edge of the river, coming out at the bottom of a Hill. A place about as big as a bushel basket is dug out the water bubbles up and runs off into the river. The water is good to drink. From the same apperture from which the water flows issues a current of hydrogen gas, touch a lighted match to its surface and it burns like a pan of alcohol. A wooden vessel is set over it like an old fashioned churn with the bottom out, and a pipe at the top. This lighted burns and would burn, for all time. How this gas is generated would be a fine subject for your young lawyers to philosophize upon. I named to you in my last letter that the public houses were full at the Falls. They have not been so full as usual this season, visitors have not spent so long time there. Among late arrivals I noticed that of Hon. Levi Woodbury and Daughter, Hon. Caleb Cushing, Wm. C. Bryant the American Poet, and Gen. Vega and suite, consisting of some ten persons. Gen. V made quite a sensation, among the ladies and all were on tip toe to see the Mexican hero of Palo Alto. You may well suppose all attention was shown him and suite who seemed much to enjoy the fine reception given to strangers by the Americans. Not your writer, but one of the company, happened to be a scholar and talked Spanish and most other languages freely as English. Meeting these lions at Table Rock viewing the falls they fell into conversation upon matters and things in General; and among other matters the General talked of his trade at Porto Rico with N. Y. &c—coming on to bring goods to N. Y. himself and friends concluded to take a trip to the Falls. He was really a fine specimen of a Spanish gentleman, and had a good laugh on the joke that was playing at his expense—wished the mistake corrected by the landlord as he did not desire although of the same name to appear in borrowed plumage. So Gen. Vega proved to be plain Mr Vega a merchant at Porto Rico.

From the Falls we wend our way to Buffalo, after riding ten miles in an omnibus we take a boat and go up Niagara river into Lake Erie to Buffalo which is our next point of departure on Lake Erie for Cleveland Ohio, Detroit Michigan. Through the river St Clair into Lake Huron, through Huron to the Island of Mackinaw, there we shall stop some days and from thence I will write you.

AS EVER A LOOKER ON.

Public Dinner to Mr. Dallas.

We see by the Warrenton Flag of '98," says the Baltimore Argus, that at the hour appointed on Thursday, August 16th, the Vice President, the Hon. Seth Barton, Judge Beverly Tucker, F. E. Ives, Esq., R. M. Guines, Esq., invited guests, and a large number of democrats of Fauquier county, partook of a splendid dinner.

When the dinner was over, Major Charles Hunton, the President of the day, assisted by Vice President Wm. F. Phillips and James French, Esqs., read among the regular toasts.

The People: Capable of self-government. They can appreciate worth, and will reward virtue. "Although they may be sometimes wrong in their opinions, yet in their sentiments never."

The Democratic Tariff of 1846: In it we recognize the principle of even handed justice to every section of our beloved country.

James K. Polk, President of the United States: The firm, dignified, and able public officer and faithful expenent of the democratic creed. He has shewn himself worthy an approval of men born in the arms of liberty.

Our distinguished guest George M. Dallas, Vice President of the United States: His faithful adherence to his principles and pledges in his late vote in favor of the engrossment of the bill for the reform of the tariff, and the inflexible integrity with which he pursued the path of duty, afforded the great democratic party the proud satisfaction of knowing that, in conferring upon him his high and honorable trust their confidence and votes were not unworthily given. With grateful hearts we bestow the merited commendation, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Pennsylvania: The "Keystone" in the arch: well-formed, true and trusty, she will preserve it.

Upon reading the toast complimentary to Mr Dallas, the Vice President rose, and in a speech of nearly an hour's length, delighted and edified an enthusiastic audience.

During this speech, many of its fine passages were received with enthusiastic applause, and all of its noble sentiments met a warm repose in the hearts of democrats. He closed with this sentiment, offered as a toast:

'Thomas Jefferson: The Virginia pilot that gave to our Union the only compass and chart by which her helmsmen can avoid every shoal and weather every storm."

HENRY J. BAXTER—has removed into and opened the handsome store No. 29 Central street formerly occupied as a bookstore by J. J. Judkins. Mr Baxter has, and deservedly, as many personal friends as any man in the city and although he may not be the "old-est inhabitant" he, as we have said elsewhere, opened the first tailors shop in Lowell.

Mr Thurston his partner is not only a workman but an *artist*, and a first rate fellow.

SOUTH CAROLINA SENATOR. Among the names mentioned as likely to succeed Mr McDuffie, says the N. Y. Express, are those of R. Barnwell Rhett, F. W. Pickens and Judge O'Neil—the last said to be the most probable one. He is an Irishman by birth, and acquired his reputation by his own talent. His politics are moderate, and it is said that he will be as good a choice as South Carolina can make.

☞ The corner stone of the Concord Steam Mill was laid on Monday last, and the building will be put up with all convenient despatch. We learn that a copy of the 'Temperance Review' was placed under the stone. So that there will —

Be a spirit above and a spirit below:
The spirit above will be the spirit of steam,
The spirit below will be the spirit of—cream.
Concord Freeman.

NEW YORK MUST GIVE IT UP.—The Great Britain started from N. Y. for England at the same time the Cambria did from Boston, and was beaten by almost *three days, or a thousand miles*. The New Yorkers suffered considerable in betting. The Cambria was a little more than ten days in her passage.

☞ Counsellor Gill of the Boston Post has been appointed by Gov. Briggs and council, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Suffolk. It is so much the more honorable to the Counsellor since the appointment was unsolicited on his part.

The southern cities all receive as healthy as in the most wholesome seasons. The northern cities have shown a far greater increase of mortality this summer; but happily not one of them, either south or north, has exhibited any indication of the presence of an epidemic of any sort.

☞ There is a law in Holland which obliges the government to bring up, at its own charge, the seventh child of every family, in which there are already six living.

HON. GEORGE D. STRODTRIDGE, of Alabama, who was recently indicted for perjury, at once met his accusers, demanded a trial and was acquitted without the jury leaving their seats.

☞ An Irishman, in writing a letter to his sweetheart, asking whether she would accept of his love or not, writes thus:—"If you don't love me, plase send back the letter without breaking the seal."

POWDER MILL BLOWN UP.—One of O. M. Whipple, Esq's., powder mills, in this city was blown up yesterday between 12 and 1 o'clock. No person was injured the hands all being absent at dinner.

☞ Mr. Schuyler writes to us from London that he shall sail for home in the Liverpool steamer of the 19th inst. He will therefore be at home in about a month from this time.—*Courier.*

A patent has recently been taken out for an augur that bores a square hole. It is said to work admirably, and will entirely supersede the use of the mallet and chisel in that work.

☞ A writer in the "Chronotype" defines woman to be "an exquisite production of nature between a rose and an angel."

☞ Hon. T. W. Bartley, of Ohio, District Attorney for the United states, is named as likely to succeed the renown Brinkerhoff in Congress.

STOPPED. Holmo's factory in Sharon in this state was stopped Thursday, not on account of the tariff, but for the "want more of water."

☞ If "left hand" wishes us to publish his communication he must send us his name or call at the office.

☞ Madame Jumel, widow of Aaron Burr, was shamefully insulted at Saratoga, by some fellows who took offence at her riding in a coach and four.

☞ The Right Hon. Sir Richard Packenham left town this morning for Marshfield, where he is to be the guest of Mr Webster.—*Transcript.*

☞ Dr. T. M. Brewer, junior editor of the Atlas, received by the English Steamer, yesterday, a box of eggs.—*Post.*

HON. GEORGE MCDUFFIE has resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate, on account of ill-health.

☞ A powder mill was blown up on Wednesday, at Gorham, Maine, and one man killed.

Vermont Election.

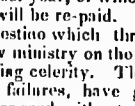
One hundred and seventeen towns give

Eaton,	13,920.
Smith,	9,726.
Others,	3,844.

Representatives elected:

Whigs,	79,
Democrats,	41,
Abolitionists,	7.

Arrival of the Britannia.



FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Britannia arrived at Boston Thursday Sept. 3d 3 o'clock P. M.. The news is not of much importance.

The contract with the North American Mail company, for a weekly mail to Boston and New York, has been confirmed by Parliament, and given to Mr Cunard.

A regular line of steam communication between England and Brazilian Empire is about to be opened, by the sailing of the antelope from Liverpool for Rio. She sails on the 10th of September.

The new American Tariff has produced little or no change in freights at Liverpool.

The Cotton market has been in a quiescent state.—In the manufacturing districts business is the reverse of satisfactory. The news recently received from the United States respecting the tariff having passed the Senate, will, we have every reason to believe, give a new fillip to trade. The Produce markets are tolerable active, both for the home trade and for exports.

The feud between Old and Young Ireland is now regularly consummated. They are distinct parties.—Mr O'Connell has denounced their policy and disdained their aid. The "Nation" has been expelled from the rooms of Conciliation Hall, and the quarrel stands little chance of ever being cemented again.

The state of the weather during the last fortnight has given the greatest uneasiness to the people of this country—more particularly to those engaged in agriculture. There have been frequent thunder storms, with copious falls of rain, which have seriously injured the crops.

Lord Elgin is to be the Governor General of Canada, an appointment it is said which gives general satisfaction in England.

The parliamentary business of the session is rapidly drawing to a close. London is all but deserted by the great world. A variety of minor business has yet to be disposed of.

The destitution in Ireland, consequent on the failure of the potato crop occupied the attention of the House of commons on Monday. Lord John Russell made known the intentions of the government. It seems that £852,481 has been expended on the relief of the Irish last year, of which £494,851 was either re-paid, or will be re-paid.

The Sugar question which threatened at one time to knock the new ministry on the head, has been got rid of with amazing celerity. The protectionists, dispirited by recent failures, have given way, and the bill has been twice read without a division in the hereditary branch of Parliament.

On Monday night the House of Lords read this bill for the third time, and passed it.

Parliament is expected to "rise" about the 28th—certainly before the sailing of the next steamer.

The potato blight is general. East, west, north and south, the cry is "still it comes." In Ireland the devastation is general. Everywhere the root is rotten, or progressing towards decay. Science is at fault, and alarm is rife.

France.—The French elections have terminated, and great has been the success of the Guizot ministry, and its majority in the new chamber is expected to be 100 and may possibly be 110. On Monday, the 17th the King opened the session of the Chambers, in a speech, in which he repeats his entire devotion to his country, and expresses his gratitude to his people for their devotion to his family.

Italy.—The popularity of the new Pope is unbounded, and nothing else is heard in the states of the church but blessings on his name.

Spain.—On the 29th July, Mr Washington Irving was received in private audience by the Queen, to take leave as ambassador from the United States.—Two days later, Mr Saunders, the new Minister, was received by the Queen.

From India.—The over-land mail arrived at London on the 11th of August. The only item of news is the surrender of Kote Kangra, which was given up unconditionally on the 28th of May, and sued for the protection of the British government.

Dracutt.—The Democrats of Dracutt are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, September 5, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the State Convention to be holden at Boston on Wednesday, Sept. 16.

p2t Per order of the Town Committee.

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been equally true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panaceas, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry introduces a new medical agent, a new principle developed from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq., Attorney at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, palm off unreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts. CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3a&eiw

FEVER SORES. The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin B. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a fiddeous sore, that I suppose would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment, to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. B. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GUDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. ja11

☞ A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Goarlee who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

MR JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomata Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomata Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 a&r6mchm aug22

☞ HOBLE'S HYPERION FLUID is now considered by those who use it the best article for the hair ever invented, and is indispensable at the lady's toilet. It entirely clears the skin of *scurf* and *dandruff*, and by its tonic and stimulating qualities causes a healthy action in the blood vessels, nerves, &c., which feed the hair, thereby preventing *baldness* and *dry hair*. For sale by J. J. JUDKINS, No. 29, Central street, Lowell, Agent for the proprietor,—W. Hoble, 228 Washington street, Boston. lladvma28

FRENCH REGULATING PILLS AND DROPS,

For all suppressions and irregularities—for sale at No. 9 Middle street, by Dr. F. MORRILL, and at his house on Kirk street; with directions for use. ap28y

Job Printing at the "ADVERTISER," "PATRIOT AND REPUBLICAN" OFFICE, **Spaulding's Block, No. 48, Central Street.**

BOOKS,	CHECKS,	PAMPHLETS,
BLANKS,	HANDBILLS,	PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,	LABELS,	SHOP-BILLS,
BILLETS,	INSURANCE	SHOW-BILLS,
CATALOGUES,	POLICIES,	WARRANTS,
CIRCULARS,	POSTERS,	ETC. ETC.

and every variety of LETTER PRESS PRINTING, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on the most liberal terms

Cards.—Business and Visiting Cards printed on "KNEELAND'S CATARACT CARD PRESS," at the lowest rates

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. jp94m

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.*

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN. also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston

sept5 A&ply3t

MARRIED,

In this city, Aug. 29th, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr John O Decatur to Miss Louisa Woods, 30th, Mr Wilmot H. Clark of Boston, to Miss Lucinda Randell, of Lowell.

Sept. 3d, by Rev. Leamel Potter, Mr John F. Merrill to Miss Harriet N. Wilkins.

In Concord, N. H., Sept. 3d, James Dinsmoor, Esq., of Lowell, Mass., to Miss Amanda Carpenter, of Norwich, Vt.

DIED,

In this city, Aug. 5th, Mrs Ruth Lucum, wife of Mr David O. Gale, and daughter of Mr Solomon Robart, of Londonderry, Vt., aged 24 yrs.

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5 3w

NOTICE.—The Proprietors of the First Universalist Meeting House in Lowell, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of said Corporation in their Vestry, on SATURDAY, September 12th, at 7 *o'clock, P. M.* to act on the following articles, viz:

First, To see if they will make any alteration in, or additions to one or more of their Stores, or take any action thereon.

Second, To transact any other business that may legally come before them. By order of the President,

GEO. CROSBY, Prop's Clerk.

Lowell, Sept. 5, 1846. s3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Marshall, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fourteenth day of September inst, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Marshall may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 4th, 1846. sep5a2t

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *First Ship.*



The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship JULIA DAUTORO, *Nickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hanson, Agent at New Orleans. sep5

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *This Day.*



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *This Day.*



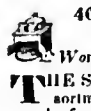
The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

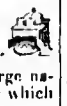
BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.





Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactored from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1 4m H. T. BUTLER.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossipee, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Free-will Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by a close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* on hand. [16ap 7] April 6, 1846.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "		2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "		3 00, to 3 50.
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "		1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "		1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all description made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Gents' prime Calf Sewed Boots		$3 25 to 3 50
" " " Pegged "		2 00 to 2 75
" " Kip " "		1 75 to 2 00
" " thick " "		1 75 to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kid Walking Shoes,		,72 to 1 00
" " Gaiter Boots, thick soles,		1 12 to 1 50
" " Goat " "		1 25 to 1 33
" " Kid Buskins,		,50 to 75
" " Ties,		,45 to 92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the **"People's Cheap Store."** aug29



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About **5000** feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 s3m



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,

Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 11th, 1846. aug15a&tf

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

WILL BE INTRODUCED THIS DAY



HEEBE & COSTAR'S

Full Fashion Hats at No. 33 Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.



Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29tf

FALL FASHION!



BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20tf



DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11tf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25tf

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18tf

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



A TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Flemish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous Arethan Brass Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr VAN AMBURGH, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞ Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22s11

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same.—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20 s2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place at meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20 s2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 s2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 s2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committe on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20 s2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

$30 REWARD for Mrs. Catherine McCarty (formerly Catherine Lynch) who left Lowell the eighth of August last. It is supposed she left in company of one Charles Lynds who had been a frequent caller at the house of Mr McCarty, her husband. Lynds is a man of about 5 feet 10 inches, sandy complexioned, stout, smart and active, about 35. The woman is described as middling sized, dark complexioned, large eyebrows, and her hair about one third grey.—She robbed her husband before she left of $700.

Thirty Dollars reward will be paid for the recovery of the money or the conviction of either of the parties.

sept1 a3t DENNIS McCARTY.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of ELISHA COREY of Groton, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Corey, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twelfth day of September inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Corey may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. s3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Conant, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Conant may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOSEPH RAYNES, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept 3d, 1846. sep2a3t

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; ulcers, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON, and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

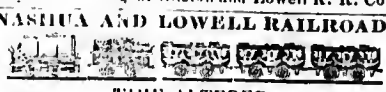
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

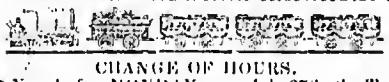
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 9 and 6¼ A. M. and 2 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

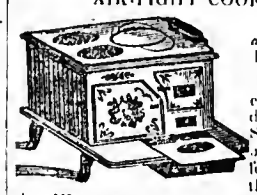
THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2nw2mreow

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at HANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all to be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL, respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (**No. 7, Wyman's Exchange,** Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

H. H. WEAVER,

By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—It will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gurbun St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Offices —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer-Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Chollic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by lending to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in order earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES, *Made at No. 20, Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alynpr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnastic, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ad1ymay9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHO

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based an incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medesine venders, whose florid und aamening advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from Impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, from his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used, from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepered to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. olyjnn22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preporation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!.

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luta, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I now am a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Jacob Starkey, Willis H. Massey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo: H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jn20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood'u Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the REPRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines, where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of one being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt that the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

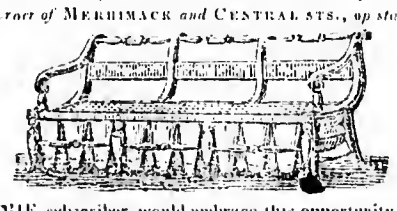
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&parly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

Corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. H. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. H. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic-Doloreoux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shepard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE WHITE,

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH.

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration burst out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone!* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent, he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his lost paired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR,

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnsapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26A1y6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 8, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 106.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

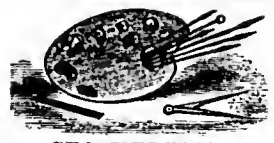
☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. jc4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. H. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, JAPANNED TUBS COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocos, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall*,
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON —DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 1y

HENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ty.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill; a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of *Soft* Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*man5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for two years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

☞ For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; H. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyang29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Deterioration of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentry* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrafula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&P 1cr114

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov3



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18 atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*no Consumptive patient may no more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. nawa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$80 08	$2225
			1838	900 6	435 53	67 52	1987
			1839	8 8 10	324 45	55 76	1780
6[illegible]	$5000	$370 80	1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 5[illegible]	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMOND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18 aTu&Sp ewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&P1y

THE HUSBAND'S RUSE.

A TALE OF SPANISH JEALOUSY.

In the city of Havana, some years ago, lived a wealthy Spanish merchant named Fuero, Don Diego Fuero. He may be still living there for aught I know to the contrary; and this seems very probable, as it is not over ten years since the episode in his life which I am about to relate occurred. Don Diego was at that time about forty years of age, of a strong frame and vigorous constitution. His complexion was swarthy, his hair black and bushy, and his face half concealed behind a pair of huge dark whiskers, bore an expression of fierce determination, bordering on ferocity.

He was a man who rarely smiled, and with whom neither friend nor stranger ever thought of taking an undue liberty. Nevertheless, he was reputed strictly honest in his dealings, and the immense fortune which he posessed had been acquired by long and patient industry.

Now, Don Diego was not happy—and why!—His fortune was princely his health good, and his wife beautiful. Ah, alas! it is not always happiness to have a beautiful wife! Some prefer rather a plain one, with good sense; and although we laugh at them, I, for my part, am beginning to think that these are the wise ones, and we the fools. Be that as it may, however Don Diego's wife, as I have said, was beautiful. Many thought her the most beautiful woman in Havana. This is saying much. I would not myself like to go so far. I have seen some very lovely women in Havana. No matter for that. It is enough to know that the Senora Fuero was very beautiful. She was very young too—not quite twenty—in fact, not half the age of her husband Don Diego; but among the Spanish aristocracy age is not considered in the disposing of hands. It has, however, something to do in the bestowing of hearts, and, unfortunately, the heart of our Senora Josefa had never been the property of her husband. Not that it was another's Not by any means, for she had never loved. Brought up a young Creole, upon her father's plantation and seeing no one but her parents, a maiden aunt, and some scores of negro slaves, she had no opportunity of indulging in the delicious dream.

Young, guileless, and in fact unconscious that such a passion existed, she was bought from her father by the gold of Don Diego, and by the latter transplanted from her rustic home to the gay city.

Now here a question arises, on the respective advantages of choosing a wife in the city, or bringing one in from the country. I have known this to be productive of furious debate. Both have their advantages and disadvantages; though in either case, I think the disadvantages preponderate. Some prefer city bred ladies for their superior refinement in dress and manners. Others like a hale honest country girl, with rosy cheeks and an arm like a pugilist. Well, after all, it is a matter of choice. For my part, I intend to marry a city lady. I have my reasons of course. I mean to reside in the city. If I intended going upon a farm, I might prefer a country girl for my wife; but I do not mean to go upon a farm, so I shall not be so indiscreet as to choose a country wife and bring her to town.—They become so very much changed by being so transplanted. Quite another thing. The intoxication of town life—balls, parties, and the theatre—quiet deranges them; they become foolish, just about the time when city girls have grown matronly and wise. These are mere opinions, and will hurt no one. So let us return to Don Diego and *his* new wife.

After his marriage, our rich merchant furnished a splendid house in one of the most fashionable streets in the "barrio," where he took up his residence. A magnificent carriage with blooded horses soon drew the attention of all Havana to the beautiful creole. She was at once pronounced a belle, and beset by a crowd of flattering admirers. To say the least, the fair Josefa did not seem to dislike the relish of such adulation. She who had never known other than the clumsy compliments of her sable handmaidens, was now greeted by the refined flattery of the fashionable circles of the most fashionable city in the new world. No wonder, then, she should become a little vain. Ah! vanity, there is much danger in thee—many a frail creature hast thou seduced to sin and shame!

The exceeding popularity of his wife enchanted Don Diego, and his moody brow for a season seemed to clear up and assume an expression of partial gayety.

He was fond of showing his beautiful wife—as all men who have beautiful wives are—at balls, at the theatre, and on the Passao. Moreover, he loved her dearly, and wished to gratify her every whim—and, to do her justice, she began to entertain not a few of these. Don Diego, however, humored them all—it must be acknowledged at a good round cost—but for this he cared not so long as it gave pleasure to his "dear Josefa."

So ran the time, through scenes of gayety and pleasure. Clouds, however, at length appeared on the horizon of Don Diego's happiness. He began to grow jealous. Not that he was naturally of a jealous disposition—that is, for a Spaniard—but he had more than once detected a handsome cavalier gazing in a very expressive manner at his wife; and, he might be mistaken, but he imagined that Josefa did not seem at all to dislike it.

Wherever he went, to a ball or theatre, the cavalier was there. If he drove his wife upon the Passao, the cavalier dashed past on a coal black steed, looking upon the beautiful Josefa as if his soul were in his eyes. Furies; this could not last. It must end in something worse; and it did not last, for Don Diego growing more and more jealous, came to the determination of keeping his wife within doors—which he did. She was seen no more at the theatre; and seldom if ever, on the Passao. This caused a great deal of talk, and not a little scandal. In the vortex of fashionable life in a great city like Havana, one theme of scandal soon gave place to and is submerged in the whirl of many others, and in a short time the rich merchant's wife and her involuntary seclusion from society ceased to be spoken of. We must assume a more serious style; the drama we are about to relate requires it.

Behind Don Diego's mansion was a beautiful garden—backed by a low wall, over which drooped the branches of a variety of tropical trees. In one corner of this garden grew a clump of orange and lemon trees, which had been woven into an arbor by means of the twining tendrils of the West Indian jessamine. The arbor was so completely overshadowed as to be impervious to the rays of the noon day sun, while at night time

Le only light that shone in its fragrant interior was the flash of the *cocuyo*. In front of the house, on the other side of the street, was a splendid mansion, which, like that of Don Diegu was furnished with balconies and Venetian blinds Don Diego had never inquired who occupied thle house. Accident, however, at last made him acquainted with who was the tenant of the mansion. One evening he had returned home earlier than usual from his warehouses, and, the evening being pleasant, had gone up to the *azotea*, or roof to enjoy the sunset. His wife had not seen him come in, as he entered by the garden door, a private entrance of which he always carried the key.

A row of large japonica trees grew in boxes along the front of the azueta, and screened observation from the street. As Fuero sat behind one of these, his eye accidentally roamed thro' the dark green foliage and fell upon the balcony blinds of the opposite house. Judge of his surprise when he saw, through the half opened jalouise, the face of the very cavalier who had already caused him so much uneasiness. He was not perceived by the latter, who seemed to be intently gazing on the lower windows of Don Diego's house, and at intervals smiling, as tho' some one acknowledged his courtesy. The thin lip of the Spaniard quivered with rising emotion —the sharp stinging pain of jealousy, shooting thro' his heart almost caused him to cry out—but he conquered his feelings, and determined to await the result. The cavalier disappeared for a moment from the window, but presently returned, and holding a folded *billet doux* through the Venetian, seemed to ask the question: "May I send it?" As though he had received an answer in the affirmative, the folded paper was drawn back, and the cavalier, with a gratified smile and a polite bow, withdrew from the window. Presently a mulatto servant issued from the house, and taking a circuitous route, crossed over to the mansion of the merchant, and rung the bell.

Don Diego received the note from his own servant. It was somewhat laconic for a love epistle, and ran simply as follows:

"Loveliest of Women:—Grant me but one interview, and I shall feel that I have not lived in vain."

"Thank heaven!" muttered the Spaniard, "it is not yet too late!" and he thrust the note into his bosom.

A moment afterwards Don Diego entered the drawing room in which his wife was seated.—She was not near the window, but her paleness and agitation told that she knew what had happened.

With a gloomy, but determined look, Don Diego approached his trembling wife.

"Here!" said he, producing the billet, and speaking in a tone of bitter irony—"this is for you, my dear Josefa—it requirs an answer."

"An Answer?" echoed she, feigning astonishment and indignation—"what villian has dared this? Don Diegn he must be punished!"

"He *shall* be punished—here write the answer—thus—"

The pen trembled in her small white jeweled hand as she wrote, after Don Diego's dictation—

"Twelve o'clock to night—an arbur in the garden—the wall may be scaled without difficulty. "TUYA."

She felt as though she had written the death warrant of *him*, yet innocent in *deed*, and perhaps lead on to guilty through by her own imprudence and vanity. How could she save him?

"Fold and direct!" abruptly commanded Don Diego.

"Direct—to whom?"

"To whom?—to Alphonsn."

And as Don Diego delivered the stern sarcasm he walked up to the window. His back was turned upon his wife!

With an instinctive presence of mind felt only by women when placed in desperate extremes, that little hand seized the pen, and at the bottom of the page wrote—

"Do not come—Don—"

She intended to have written, "Don Diego knows all!", but the Spaniard returning to the table prevented her. He did not perceive the addition. With a look of keen despair the young wife folded the note mechanically, and directed it as she had been desired. Don Diego took the billet from her hand, and motioning her to a cabinet, which she entered, he closed the door, and locking it, put the key in his pocket. He then rung the bell, and after giving some directions to a confidential servant, walked from the room.

The note reached its destination, but the half uttered warning, "Do not come—Don—" was not understood by the enraptured but unfortunate lover. He thought it had been addressed to himself, and interpreted it as the last struggle of expiring virtue.

The bell of the great cathedral was just tolling the hour of eleven, when Don Diego Fuero silently glided from the back piazza of his house and entered the harbor we have already spoken of. A crescent moon had just gone down behind the hills of Mexico. The night seemed to portend a storm. The darkness was extreme, and objects were only visible by the light which emanated from the burning *cocuyo*. As the glowing insects flitted before the face of the Spaniard, they reflected features of no common expression. A deep and desperate resolve was depicted in that face, every muscle of these swarthy lineaments was strained to its extremest tension.

With his hands, and by the aid of a palmetto he cleared the arbor of the fire flies, and now stood in darkness, silently awaiting the approach of his victim. One—two—three—twelve o' clock from the cathedral! A rustling is heard among the orange trees—the breaking of a bough—a form is upon the top of the wall—then follows a heavy sound, as of some one leaping to the earth, and all again is still. Only for a moment. A man, guided by the light of the *cocuyo*, is seen making for the arbor. He reaches it—he enters. Hist! hist! The gleam of a dagger is seen, followed by the noise of a death struggle—muttered curses are heard, and the dull, heavy sound of stabbing—then issues a groan—another—and all is silent as before!

See!—a man comes out of the arbor—the light of the fire fly glares upon him—horror! he is dragging a corpse! He lifts it upon the wall—a fearful imprecation—the sound of a heavy body falling upon the street—and all is silent again.

From the Army.

The telegraph this morning (8th) sends us from Baltimore, the news recorded there by the southern mail, containing Brazos dates to the 24th ult. A force of 200 men had been sent forward to China or Monterey, where, it is now reported that a force of 12,000 Mexicans is concentrated, anxious for an engagement. It was thought that Gen. Taylor would have to take a force of 10,000 to triumph. The enemy were fortifying Monterey as strongly as possible. It is supposed that Taylor will move forward with his whole force in a very few days. A Mexican scout has returned to the American camp, who reports that a detachment of Mexicans had been sent out to cut off Col. Hays. *Brooklyn Eagle.*

☞ Hon. James Buchanan is at Saratoga.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

Democratic Meeting at City Hall.

Agreeable to the following call for a democratic meeting, the Democracy assembled, and, at the proper hour, Dr. Royal Cull called the meeting to order. I. W. Beard was chosen President, and F. A. Hildreth, Secretary:

"DEMOCRATIC MEETING! *Whereas*, the Democratic City Committee, whose term of service was to expire this Fall, has, by its own act, virtually dissolved itself,—Therefore, we, the undersigned, members of the Democratic party of the City of Lowell, being desirous that a new City Committee should be speedily organized, respectfully call on the Democracy to meet in Convention, at City Hall, Saturday evening, September 5, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of making suitable arrangements for said organization. Also, to elect, or make arrangements for the election of delegates to the State Convention, to be held in Boston on the sixteenth of September next.

We also recommend the following Resolutions for the consideration of the Democracy, to be acted upon at said meeting:

Resolved, That a meeting of the Democracy of the several wards be held on Saturday evening, Sept. 12th, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., and continue open for the reception of votes until 8½ P. M., or later, for the purpose of choosing five in each ward to compose a City Committee, whose duty it shall be on Monday evening, September 14, at 8 o'clock, P. M., at the Committee Room, City Hall, to meet and organize by choosing such officers as said Committee, when assembled, shall see fit,—said officers to be taken from the committee, or out of it, as they may, from time to time deem expedient. They shall also have power to fill all vacancies in said committee, unless otherwise provided for by the several wards. When organized, they shall have power, at any and all notified meetings of said committee, to elect all delegates to conventions, to nominate all candidates for the party, and do all and every kind of business that the party can or might do in convention; and their term of office shall continue till January 1st, 1848, or until others are elected in their places.

Resolved, That, when any future meeting of the democracy is held at the City Hall, or any other place, said meeting shall be called by a vote of at least a majority of the whole City Committee, or by a majority of the party signing a call for such meeting—said majority to be estimated by the vote for governor at the preceding November election. And, at any meeting called by either of the above methods, the then existing city committee may be dissolved, and a new election ordered: *provided* that notice of the intention be given at the call of said meeting.

Royal Call and one hundred and fourteen others.

A committee of two from each ward was chosen to report a list of Delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention. The following gentlemen were reported and duly elected:

Ward 1,	Cyrus Jones, John Wilson.	Ward 4,	Wm. Livingston, J. M. Varnum.
" 2,	A. R. Brown, F. A. Hildreth.	" 5,	Joshua Decatur, O. M. Donahoe.
" 3,	J. W. Graves, J. G. Peabody.	" 6,	T. B. Cummings, John D. Melvin.

At large, Josiah G. Abbott.

The Delegates were authorized to fill vacancies.

Voted, That the resolutions appended to the call for this meeting, be indefinitely postponed.

Capt. J. G. Peabody offered the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That the people delegate power to individuals only for the convenience of its exercise; and it is the duty of all committees and bodies of men acting for the people, to act in conformity to their wishes; and to render certain such action, the people should never delegate a power that they themselves can as well exercise; and should never, for any cause, establish a board that would be virtually beyond their power to control, and which can act, wholly regardless of minorities, however large and respectable, and which takes away the right of petition and a hearing—a right granted by all governments, short of absolute despotisms, and rarely denied by them.

Resolved, That the resolutions appended to the call for this meeting, are against all usages and precedents acted on by Democrats—are in direct violation of the constitutions of every State in the Union, the constitution of the General Government, and the Declaration of Independence, all of which guarantee even a single individual a respectful hearing; and are against the precedent established by the call for this meeting, in that, but one hundred and seventeen persons called this meeting, whereas no future meeting of the Democratic party could be called by a number less than a majority of the party.

Resolved, That all public officers are servants of the people, should be accountable to the people, and should know and feel their accountability by deriving their power directly from the people and not from a secondary body.

Resolved, That the interests of the Democratic party require a thorough and speedy organization, and that feuds and party quarrels may not enter into the organization, here in convention assembled, we will choose a committee of five from each ward, who shall hereafter choose a chairman, either in or out of their own body, to constitute the City Committee for the ensuing political year—said Committee shall have the same and no other powers than similar committees heretofore.

A nominating committee of one from each ward was chosen to report to the meeting, a list of five from each ward, to constitute a Democratic Central City Committee, for the ensuing political year, with authority to choose a chairman either in or out of their own body. The nominating committee reported the names of the following gentlemen, who were elected to compose said Democratic Central City Committee:

Ward 1.	Ward 4.
John Wilson,	William Livingston,
John M. Carter,	Abram French,
Isaac Shephard,	J. M. Varnum,
James Doherty	Ithams W. Beard,
Albert Wheeler.	Caleb Crosby.
Ward 2.	**Ward 5.**
J. G. Abbott.	O. M. Donahoe,
T. C. Gilman,	Frederick Offutt,
A. S. Holbrook,	Edward Quigley, jr.
James Clark,	Dawes Melvin.
Isaac N. Goodhue,	Joshua Decatur,
Ward 3.	**Ward 6.**
J. G. Peabody,	Otis Hullard,
M. W. Buzwell,	William Roby,
Samuel Converse,	Thomas H. Cummings,
Jonathan Page.	George W. Priest,
John W. Graves.	W. D. Butler.

Voted, That the City Committee be authorized to fill all vacancies that may occur in their body.

Voted to adjourn without day.

I. W. BEARD, Chairman.

F. A. HILDRETH, Secretary.

The Franking Privilege a Fraud upon the People.

Last week, we published an article from the Washington Union, in which it was stated that a committee had been appointed by the whig party, to make arrangements for the circulation of whig electioneering documents, and thereby defrauding the Post office, by keeping a member of congress at Washington, to put his frank upon them. The Eastern Argus says, cart loads of these franked documents have passed through the Portland post office. So the machinery, it seems, has been put in motion. Now the result of the franking privilege, under any circumstances, is simply compelling the mass of the people to support the entire department, and exempting certain privileged persons from their proper share of the burdens. Even this is wrong. No person who does business through the post office, should be exempt from meeting his share of the cost of supporting it. But when a political party organize a committee for the sole object of defrauding the post office, by sending tons upon tons of electioneering documents, under the frank of a member of congress, hired and paid by the party to remain at Washington, apply his frank, and thus pervert and abuse an obusive privilege, and cheat the government, it is quite time to abolish the privilege entirely. We hope another session of congress will never be holden, without this outrageous fraud being exposed and remedied. Had the democratic party pursued a course like that the whigs are enacting, there would be nothing heard for the next four years but the everlasting din of whiggery, crying out locofoco fraud! shameful, outrageous and unparalled abuse of the franking privilege!

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

Prospects of Trade.

In his famous letter to Mr Rives, of January 16th, 1846, Mr Lawrence, of Boston, describing the disasters which he predicted as consequent on the passage of Mr Walker's proposed tariff bill, summed up the whole as follows:—"I have no hesitation in stating that all this will take place within the space of *eighteen months* from the time this experimental bill goes into operation; and not a specie paying bank doing business will be found in the United States."

We are not disposed to trifle with the predictions of such a man as Mr Lawrence. He is one of the largest and most respectable merchants and political economists of the nation, and what he said, with his name attached to it, ought to have been and no doubt was well considered. He does not guess or give an opinion, but "states" as matter of distinct foreknowledge with him, that these disasters will follow as consequences upon the passage of that bill. We shall feel it our duty to keep this prophecy where it will not be forgotten that it may be seen and known by the people, whether the prophets of protection who speak are as great as the profits which the stockholders put in their pockets. Be it known, then, that the Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, states that, at the expiration of eighteen months from the first day of Dec. next, to wit, on the first day of June 1848, there will not be a specie paying bank doing business in the country.

If we live to see that day of doom, we shall call the matter up again, whatever may be the facts, that it may be seen who is a prophet and who prophecies falsely. Mr Lawrence and his friends can surely have no objection to this; for if the fact is to be so, who will shrink from the responsibility of having said so. If Mr Lawrence thinks that the amendments to the bill, by which some articles were put at twenty-five and some at thirty per cent., will avert the consequences predicted, we hope he will kindly say so, and relieve those who are alarmed at his prediction. But if we are to judge from the unabated cry of ruin! ruin! which was kept up to the last, these alterations did not at all relieve the prospect of universal desolation.

We also will prophecy, or rather *guess*—for to guess is our birthright, not to prophecy or state,—what is in the future. We guess that the 1st day of June, 1848, will prove Mr Lawrence's statement altogether erroneous. We guess the currency of the country will then be as sound as it is now, the banks doing business not only without suspending, but without pressure upon them, and the country at large in a broader and more extended prosperity than it has hitherto enjoyed. As Yankees do not guess by inspiration from any spirit but their own, nor by intuition, but only by calculation, we will state how we calculate that good times will come about.

In the first place we disclaim altogether the idea that the prosperity of this country depends chiefly upon either protection or free trade. Our chief confidence is in the intelligence and energy of our citizens and the favorable circumstances in which Providence has placed us. To be sure all this would be nothing without liberty, and the more liberty we have, the better, in all matters of trade. But even with the tariff of 1842, restraining and modifying our liberty, we were yet, the freest nation on the globe. Now we are freer still, and our industry will therefore be the better rewarded.

As to a general suspension of specie payments, we do not think there is any good ground to expect that such a disaster will ever occur again in this country. The banking system is now too free, too much beyond any control. The banks stand more than formerly each upon its own basis and responsibility.—General bank suspensions are the effect of bank regulation. If banking was left free, the banks would no more suspend all at once and by concert, than the merchants; and a bank that did not pay in coin would no more do business and have credit, than a merchant who did not pay his notes. Until therefore, we have another great national regulator, (and we humbly trust that day will never come), or something else by which the banks are brought under some great controlling central system, we *cannot* have a general suspension. The tendency of public sentiment withall, is towards further liberty, and so towards greater safety.

In the next place, the establishment of free trade principles in our own and other countries, will remove or at least modify, the disorders of trade, and save merchants from those miscalculations into which they are led by high tariffs and other disturbing influences. Not that we should expect perfect steadiness in trade under a system of entire liberty. But the more liberty, the more steadiness; and the more protection, the more overtrading and collapsing, as the history of our own mercantile affairs for the last twenty years does abundantly prove.

Correspondence of the New York Sun.

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY NIGHT.

Mr. Bancroft will retire, but not because his enemies could effect it, or the President willingly consented to the step; but he has been worried to death, and so thwarted, slandered and waylaid by the whole shoal of idle officers, who are to come into his enemies, that he utterly refuses to continue his position in his present state of health. He chooses his own successor to carry out his system, nevertheless. After all the prattle on this subject, this is a very late decision, and might not have been taken at all, or been overruled by Mr. Polk, were not some important negotiations on foot, of which there has not the slightest whisper yet reached the public. They are of the highest consequences, and perhaps no man in the country could manage the complicated thread so well as Mr. Bancroft.—Mr. McLean would never attempt it. That gentleman was but a speaking tube through which Mr Buchannan and Sir Robert Peel communicated, but if ever we should gain Canada and the rest of Oregon by the way of balance to the new Southern territory, we must have a more resolute and open-eyed statesman at St. James'. I predict that when Mr. Bancroft returns from Europe our Northern boundary will have undergone a change that few even dream possible at the present moment, yet the observing will find it a close relation to his sudden (for, I repeat, that despite naval little tattle, it *is* a sudden) resolution to withdraw from the Cabinet.

Yours, S. T.

YOUNG MAN DROWNED. Yesterday morning about 8 o'clock, Joseph A. Ford was sitting on one of the timbers of the unfinished bridge, now in course of erection by the Nashua Railroad Co., over the Pawtucket canal, just above Mr Livingston's, when a boat coming down the canal, laden with bricks, struck the piles, and the shock threw young Ford into the canal. Being unable to swim the current carried him rapidly down. A noble attempt was made by Cornelius Sullivan, a young man, an Irishman in the employ of Mr William Livingston, to save the drowning boy. He jumped in and swam to young Ford, and had succeeded in getting him almost into shoal water, when, embarrassed by the struggles of the drowning boy, he was obliged to disengage himself to save his own life, and Ford went down for the last time. The canal was drawn off in the evening, and he was found near the Suffolk mills—having drifted through the whole length of the Western canal, more than a half a mile from where he was thrown in. Ford's parents reside in Boston—he was boarding here with his brother and attending school.

BAD NEWS FROM THE SOUTH—*the cotton crop.* The N. Y. Journal of Commerce has an extract of a letter, dated Galveston, Texas, August 22, 1846, which says, the destruction of the cotton crop is consummated in this state for the year 1846. Ten days ago it was thought the upper counties would escape; but recent news from there confirms flying reports that have been in circulation here during this week, that the worm had made its appearance above San Felipe. L. W. G.'s plantation, 20 miles above, had its whole cultivation, 350 acres, completely eaten up, on the 16th and 17th instant—destroyed in 48 hours.—The rains still continued, but not in such quantities as heretofore. The corn crop is excellent, and potatoes bid fair to do well; but the rot has recently made its appearance in some places, and done considerable damage.

From another letter, dated Columbia, S. C., August 10, 1846, it extracts: The cotton crop in this county is nearly destroyed. I cannot learn of a single plantation but is covered with the destructive worm. The information from the plantation upon the Bottoms, weeks ago, rendered conclusive the almost entire loss of the cotton crop upon them. But hopes of better things were entertained in the upper counties. Our later advices cut off these hopes with almost equal certainty.

Police Court.

Monday, Sept, 7th.

Erastus Stearns and *Americus Sargent* for assault and battery on John Elkins—Stearns fined $5 and 5-7 of the cost.—Sargent, $2 and 2-7 of the cost.

Tuesday, Sept. 8.

Michael Roach, for being a common drunkard, was fined $5 and costs, to be paid in two days or three months House of Correction.

Mary Burly, for being common drunkard, fined $3 and cost, or two months House Correction.

GEORGE BANCROFT.—We learn from a source entitled to credit, that Mr Secretary Bancroft is making preparations to go out as minister to England, to succeed Mr McLane. John Appleton, Esq., of Maine, will probably be the secretary of legation.—*Salem Register.*

Mr JOHN V. MASON will, in all probability, take Mr B's place at the head of the Navy Department and Hon. Franklin Pierce of N. H. at Hon. R. Rantoul of Boston be appointed Attorney General.

VERMONT.—The Atlas has returns from 148 towns. Eaton, the whig candidate, has received 17,215 votes, Smith, Democrat, 12,278; all others, 4901. The whigs have elected 163 members of the Legislature; the Democrats 57; and the liberty party 19. There will be no choice of Governor by the people.

GRAND ENTREE OF VAN AMBURG'S CARAVAN. To-morrow as will be seen by reference to the advertisement in its proper place Van Amburg's caravan of trained and wild animals will enter this city. This exhibition, if we can credit the universal and unanimous commendations of the press, will be one such as Lowell has not seen for many years.

THE SUB-TREASURY.—The Collector at Baltimore recently sent over $40,000 in coin to the Treasury at Washington—the first installment under the new law.

☞ We have received from Johnathan Allen, No. 13 Marrimack street, the August number of Leonard Scott & Co.'s Reprint of Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine. Mr Allen is regular agent for this work, and also for Scott & Co.'s Reprints of the London Quarterly Review, the Foreign Quarterly Review, the Edinburgh Review and the Westminster Review.

ANOTHER DEATH BY DROWNING. A man named Martin, a second overseer on the Middlesex corporation, was drowned last evening, while bathing in the canal, near the Prescott mills.

☞ The Washington Brass Band will play Wednesday (to-morrow) evening in Commercial Square, near the Advertiser office—weather permitting.

☞ We received from Mr. Allen, of Pawtuckat Garden, a fine bouquet of autumnal flowers, yesterday morning, together with a bottle of very palatable Tomato Catchup; for both of which we are duly grateful.

☞ The city and county of Alexandria have been re-annexed to Virginia.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Santa Fe taken by our Troops without firing a gun.

The New York Express contains the following correspondence, dated

Fort Jackson, Osage Co. Mo.
August 28th.

"I have just received a letter from Fort Leavenworth stating that the news had been received there by express from Gen. Kearney, stating that he had taken Santa Fe without the firing of a gun!"

☞ The whig letter writer to the Baltimore Patriot indulges in the following gossip under a late Washington date:—

"Mr Secretary Bancroft is confined by indisposition. He was to have left for Boston yesterday, but was too unwell to journey. For some cause or other he wishes to leave here for the north before he resigns his post as secretary of the navy. Judge Mason enters on the duties of the secretary of the navy to-morrow, as I learn.

The moment Mr Bancroft resigns his secretaryship of the navy for the mission to England, there is a gentleman in this city who is pledged to settle a matter with him in relation to a personal insult or affront, which he alledges he has received at the hands of Mr Bancroft. It is understood the gentleman will follow him to Boston, but the matter shall be settled. The gentleman was formerly a clerk in the navy department."

ANDOVER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.—The commencement took place on Wednesday.

The graduating class this year is small, there being only 22. The present number of students in the Seminary is 66. The whole number of students who have been educated in the Seminary, since its foundation, is 887. Number that have deceased, 129.—Whole number now living, 758. Number who have been, or who are, Foreign Missionaries, 83. Number connected with Theological Seminaries and Colleges, as Presidents or Professors, 44.

THE ARMY OF INVASION. The three grand divisions of the army of invasion, moving upon the three points of Monterey, Santa Fe, and Chihuahua, are under the command of Generals Taylor, Kearney and Wool. There is a smaller division under the command, we believe, of Col. Harney, moving upon Tampico. The utmost vigor is manifested in the operations, and we must soon expect to hear of a bloody contest or the total surrender of the Mexicans.—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞ The New Yorkers have been hoaxed by a man, advertising to *fly* from a bridge. When he got thousands of people of all sexes, to the spot, as near as they could get, he untied a sack and let a *goose fly*. The crowd "sloped."

☞ The "New World," packet ship, the largest American vessel ever built, was launched from the shipyard of Daniel McKay, at East Boston, between one and two o'clock this day.

STATE FAIR. The fifth annual fair of the N. Y. State Agricultural Society will be held at Auburn, on the 15th, 16th and 17th instant.

☞ A Mrs. Reynolds of Belfast, Alleghany Co., N. Y., has run off with a blacksmith named Fellows.

☞ Polly Bodine is to be tried again this week, on the charge of arson.

☞ The Goshen (Ill.) Democrat says, that "a brute in human form, by the name of Leonard Rich, is now confined in our county jail for committing a rape upon the body of a girl eight years old, in Noble county."

☞ A colored woman named Dolly, belonging to the estate of Richard Wilder, of Camden Co., N. C., died on the 2d ult., at the age of 120 years.

☞ The new constitution submitted to the people of Missouri, has been *rejected* by a decisive vote.

REMARKABLE IF TRUE.—We see it stated that the fortifications of the city of Paris, when completed, will cost more than the taxable property of the State of Massachusetts, with her 800,000 souls.—*N. Y. Sun.*

☞ The Newburyport Advertiser says that the president of a railroad company, offered to build a branch to ——, (the place where the old fellow with the horns and a tail resides,) if any one would insure him six per centum dividend. *Officers of the road to go free*, of course, we presume.

☞ The Court of Common Pleas commenced its sitting this day—Judge Washburn upon the Bench.

Job Printing at the "ADVERTISER," "PATRIOT AND REPUBLICAN" OFFICE, **Spaulding's Block, No. 48, Central Street.**

BOOKS,	CHECKS,	PAMPHLETS,
BLANKS,	HANDBILLS,	PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,	LABELS,	SHOP-BILLS,
BILLETS,	INSURANCE	SHOW BILLS,
CATALOGUES,	POLICIES,	WARRANTS,
CIRCULARS,	POSTERS,	ETC. ETC.

and every variety of LETTER PRESS PRINTING, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on the most liberal terms.

Cards.—Business and Visiting Cards printed on "KNEELAND'S CATARACT CARD PRESS," at the lowest rates.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulous diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9 1m.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching in an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the diseased lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston. sep5 A&Ptyc3t

MARRIED,

In this city, Sept. 3d, by Rev. J. S. Springer, Mr. Edwin Carroll to Miss Emily N. Preston; Mr Brayton Knight, of Woonsocket, R. I., to Miss Maria E. Travis, of Taunton, Mass.

In this city, Sept. 5th, by Rev. H. Wood, Mr William C. Howey to Miss Mary F. Simpson.

In Dracutt, Aug. 29th by Rev. E. A. Rice, Mr Luther Shackford to Miss Harriet W. Currier.

In Pepperell, Aug. 24th, Rev. Daniel Goodwin, of Brookline, to Miss Martha Boynton, of P.

In Bedford, Mr John U. French to Miss Sarah R. Parker.

In this city, by Rev Amos Blanchard, Sept 5, Mr Samuel H. Currier and Miss Sarah H. Towle. Sept 6. Mr Daniel Hussey and Miss Emily Perkins. Sept 7, Mr James Nelson and Miss Elizabeth Hood.

In the Worthen St. Baptist Meeting House, by Rev Lemuel Parter, Mr Ebenezer A. Norton and Miss Hannah E. Foster, both of Lowell.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Sept. 5, 1846.

Meribah Tibbetts, 29 yrs, consumption; Gilman Tibbetts, 3 mos, infantile; Clinton H. Robinson, 5 1-2 yrs, croup; Wm. E. Folsom, 4 mos, cholera infantum; Eldora Livingston, 3 mos. ——; 31st, Peter C. Mills, 27 yrs, typhus fever; Mary E. Oliver, 22 consumption; Clementine Colton, 8, typhus fever; Sept. 1st, Ezra Weeks, 27, typhus fever; Ann M. Nadd, 2 mos, marasmus; Benjamin A. Chase, 48 yrs, ——; Margaret Barry, 23 typhus fever; 2d, Alonzo S. Notting, 11 mos. dropsy of brain; 3d, Patrick N. Welch, 29 yrs, typhus fever; Silas Colton, 18, typhus fever; Francis E, Champney, 3 mos, infantile; Cornelius Dary, 24 yrs, typhus fever; James Riley, 36, typhus fever; 5th Francis J. Kingsbury, 2 yrs, croup; Martha Boynton, 17, typhus fever; Margaret G. Harahan, 17 mos, scarlet fever; Rose Ann Gorman 21 yrs, typhus fever; 5th, Harriet L. Way, 11 mos. cholera infantum; John Clifton, 43 yrs. typhus fever; Joseph Natter, 23, typhus fever; Julia Ann Willey, 1 yr 6 mos, convulsions; Elizabeth B. Nevins, 30 yrs, consumption; Ellen planket, 14 mos, dropsy of brain.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

Splendid new Farce! Interesting Attraction!

LAST WEEK OF

MR. & MRS C. W. HUNT; MISS A. PHILLIPS, MASTERS FREDERICK AND ADRIAN PHILLIPS; MR. A PHILLIPS, MISS REES, &c. &c.

ON MONDAY EVENING, September 7th, 1846, and every evening through the week, [except Saturday] at 8 o'clock Part First will commence with the Popular Farce

—ENTITLED—

THE SPOILED CHILD!

Part Second—will be introduced for the *first time* in Lowell, the highly popular and amusing Farce,

—ENTITLED—

THE MUMMY—Or, The Liquor of Life!

which was received with unbounded applause at the *Boston Museum last Winter.*

☞ Grand Concert Saturday Evening, by the whole company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. sep3

DR. OLCOTT.

To my friends and patrons.—Opposite my "Reported Botanic cases" in the 20th No. of the Niagara is "preaching," for preaching and "wheel" for wheat.—Printers should be more careful. The Botanic Practice of medicine is legalized by thirteen States. I have a Diploma from "The Thomsonian Medical Society N. Y." and I "N. M." from a regular College. As to ability as a physician, see the Niagara in continuation. I have already challenged any one of the Medical Faculty to test the comparative merits of the two systems, "the Botanic" and "Mineral."

JAMES S. OLCOTT, M. D.

Office, 2 flight of stairs, Wentworth's Building near the Rail Road Depot. a1t*

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

JONATHAN RICE.

a3w* £

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m,sep8 41 Central St.

NOTICE.—The Proprietors of the First Universalist Meeting House in Lowell, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of said Corporation in their Vestry, on SATURDAY, September 12th, at 7 *o'clock, P. M.*, to act on the following articles, viz:

First, To see if they will make any alteration in, or additions to one or more of their Stores, or take any action thereon.

Second, To transact any other business that may legally come before them. By order of the President,

GEO. CROSBY, Prop's Clerk.

Lowell, Sept. 5, 1846. a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Marshall, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fourteenth day of September inst, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Marshall may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 4th, 1846. sep5a3t

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF. *First Ship.*



The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship HINDAH TOURO, *Nickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. sep5

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes of the celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactored from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1a4m H. T. BUTLER.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have often bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine; From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AVER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WIGSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Gridin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. H. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—*Merrimack Street*,—No. 33.

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general

FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. **** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [16ap7] April 6, 1846.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TUTTON

NO. 9, *MERRIMACK STREET, NO.* 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all description made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je26tf

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Gents' prime Calf Sewed Boots	$3 25 to 3 50
" " " Pegged "	2 00 to 2 75
" " Kip " "	1 75 to 2 00
" " thick " "	1 75 to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kid Walking Shoes,	,72 to 1 00
" " Gaiter Boots, thick soles,	1 12 to 1 50
" " Goat " " "	1 25 to 1 33
" " Kid Buskins,	,50 to ,75
" " " Ties,	,15 to ,92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the "People's Cheap Store." aug29

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

a3m aug6

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&rtf

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

WILL BE INTRODUCED THIS DAY

BEEBE & COSTAR'S

Fall Fashion Hats at No. 33 Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.

Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29atf

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

THE GRAND CARAVAN.



TRIUMPHAL Entrance and Exhibition in this City of the vast and magnificent VAN AMBURGH Collection of Trained Animals—preceded by the new and colossal ROMAN CHARIOT, constructed after the model of the Ancient Chariots of the Roman Conquerors, in the most costly and gorgeous style of workmanship, being 20 feet in length by 17 feet in height, drawn by eight Flemish Horses of prodigious size and weight, and containing

Shelton's Famous American Brass Band!

The procession, consisting of 100 Horses and 30 Carriages, will enter this city on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th, at 11 o'clock, and proceed through some of the principal streets to the place of exhibition, on *Gorham street*,—where this unprecedented display of Wild Beasts, and the performances of Mr VAN AMBURGH, for the first time in Lowell since his arrival from Europe, after an absence of seven years, may be viewed for THREE DAYS, the 9th, 10th and 11th of September.

☞ Time of exhibition from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Admission 25 Cents—Children under 10 years, half-price. aug22811

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 19, 1846.

(Lewis Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Lewis street and lay a sidewalk on the same.—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20x2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Suffolk Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Suffolk street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

aug20x2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Merrimack Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to change the grade of the street and sidewalks on the east side of Concord River Bridge on Merrimack street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20x2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Chapel Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to grade Chapel street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20x2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

AUGUST 18, 1846.

(Lee and John Streets.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grades of John and Lee streets, And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed THURSDAY, the 17th day of September, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein. By order of the Committee.

aug20x2w3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

$30 REWARD for Mrs. Catherine McCarty (formerly Catherine Lynch,) who left Lowell the eighth of August last. It is supposed she left in company of one Charles Lynds who had been a frequent caller at the house of Mr McCarty, her husband. Lynds is a man of about 5 feet 10 inches, sandy complexioned, stout, smart and active, about 35. The woman is described as middling sized, dark complexioned, large eyebrows, and her hair about one third grey.—She robbed her husband before she left of $700.

Thirty Dollars reward will be paid for the recovery of the money or the conviction of either of the parties.

sept1a3t DENNIS McCARTY.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of ELISHA COREY of Groton, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Corey, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twelfth day of September inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Corey may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of NAHUM CONANT, of Westford, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Conant, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Conant may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

JOSEPH RAYNES, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept 3d, 1846. sep3a3t

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3w

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER.

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads:

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼ a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 1 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:15, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

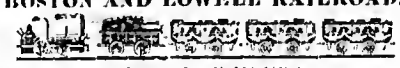
☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE BOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—11 and 5½ P. M

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

BOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

THOMAS C. WALES, BOSTON, 19, *Broad Street, Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes**, including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in this country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and the *cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2w2m*row

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs; Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymar5

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Marks and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single; and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes; very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Premptory Sale of valuable Real Estate.

On MONDAY next, September 14th at 3 o'clock; P. M., on the premises.

That new house and valuable lot on Dutton street; owned and recently occupied by Mr Ira Leonard. The house is built in the most thorough manner of the best material. The lot consists of 91 feet front on Dutton street and 92 feet on Worthen street, and bounded on the west by the Western Canal, making it a very desirable residence; the location being such as to insure an increase in value as the city becomes more populous. Land sufficient for the accommodation of the house will be sold with it. The balance will be sold in one or two lots as may desired. Terms easy.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as, Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES; *Made at No. 20, Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Checks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. ulyspr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnastics, by means of which no entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Subscriber, (No. 7, Wyman's Exchange, Corner of Central and Merrimack Streets,) are most respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts IMMEDIATELY.

H. H. WEAVER,
By JOHN WEAVER.

Lowell, August 11, 1846. aug13a1m

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vamthingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their take opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his cure, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the hamors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a corative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the ageney of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or of his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Branchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. Neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed in purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts.; Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mly13u] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jn20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞* *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6w 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the rapidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.*

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvment on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed.—Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

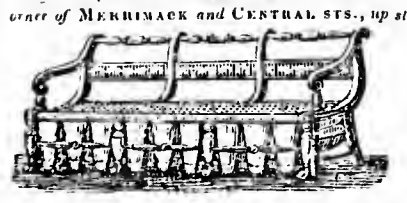
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will be attended with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Corrier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

, PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 adv&parly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A. M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A. M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These Instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertige, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, naturely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

HON A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very respectfully,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bonnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doleaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE.

New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 195 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TREVOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tooes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible in the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

H. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

C. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

☞Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, Janurry, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my29ly6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 107

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Borthtt je4 *Street, Lowell, Mass.*

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, See'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, CAST IRON MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Working on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocco, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
np12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New-hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Aldott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*may5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Honghton, 100 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shriek from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaperilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&e1yaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Fits, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSENTERY. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring* and *Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson. Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&p1cct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN

RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York,—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov3



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.
S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND OF ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwu&plyfeb14

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Eloeue Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

Matawa—the Indian Oracle.

Matawa was the oracle among a powerful tribe of Indians inhabiting the wild tracts and forests that skirt the borders of the beautiful Miami river. Her gigantic figure towering above all the women of her tribe, her deep and wonderful penetration into the thoughts and designs of those around her, the wisdom of her counsels, and the almost never-failing realization of her prophecies, gave her a powerful influence over the most and softer hearts of her red brethren, to which they gently yielded, as to some supernatural agency And although the wise old chiefs might sometimes have been jealous of one who in a great measure monopolized their power, yet in the hour of danger, and moments which required immediate decision, they feign would hasten to her tent, to consult upon the best means of safety, and the steps necessary to be taken in so critical an emergency. And when with her tall figure erect, her deep black eyes lighted up with almost supernatural fire, and in tones somewhat guttural, yet distinct, she addressed them with the most solem and prophetic eloquence, placing vividly before their eyes as it were a living picture of the dreaded danger, the only way to meet it, and the inevitable result, they listened to her as to a messenger from the land of dreams, sent by the Good Spirit as a kind Manito with long eyes for the future, discovering the dark clouds, and scattering them by wise preparation She had no kindred in the tribe, but like a tall ancient oak, did she shelter and protect the beautiful Silver-Leaf, which she gently folded in the deepest recess of her heart. The little Indian orphan had been nourished with the tenderest care in the wigwam of Matawa. She was the golden sunlight of her declining age, the dew-drop to her withering heart, her pride, her joy, her idol. In childhood, she had fed her with the most delicate food, swung her cradle on the firmest and most wavy boughs that the angels might sing her to sleep, and laid her in the shadows of the moonbeams, that pure spirits might hover around her. She had prayed to the bright star of her destiny, to shine through all clouds that might o'ershadow her.

And how beautiful was this wild flower of the forest. Her form light and graceful, and step free as the young fawn's. Her black shining hair when unbraided fell over her in long silken masses, while those wild limpid black eyes were the bright crystals of the soul. She was called Silver-Leaf, from the uncommon delicacy of her complexion, and a chaplet of pale shining leaves, she always wore upon her brow. Her favorite haunt was the "Enchanter's ring," a little paradise she had first discovered, in the wild forest through which she loved to roam, and named from the inspiration of the moment. So like a a fairy dream did it appear, as it first burst upon her enchanted vision, in its solitary, and sweetly alluring beauty.

In obscure loveliness, here slept a little valley, surrounded by bright green circular banks, its summit crowned with tall waving trees, whose sweeping branches gracefully uniting, formed over it a canopy of thick, clustering leaves.—While in its center, like a glistening pearl in an emerald cup, lay a clear silvery lake. Flowers bloomed here in wild luxuriance, dressed in every tint of beauty's dyes, while on the margin of the lake, was a small low spreading tree, the peculiar beauty of which, at once charmed the beholder. Its pale, transparent leaves incessantly quivering, and shining with silvery brightness, resembled faries wings hovering in beauty's pride over that magical mirror. But what leaf could compare with that radiant ever-blooming one that gazed with them, as she sat weaving the bright garland that became her so well, her face animated and glowing with the bright day dreams that filled her mind. Here she would sit for hours, happy as beautiful, when tossing the finished wreat buponner brow, and gazing for a moment up on its charming reflection; then bound like a young roe to her gay companions to join the wild dance through which she whirled and floated, as aerial, and graceful as the mystical elfin queen. She was adored by her dark eyed companions, who as the sun descended, would draw close around her, to listen to the strange wild legends she would relate to them, that had been poured into her ear from infancy, by her much loved Matawa.

But had she no adorers among the red sons of that brave tribe! Many were the bold warriors who gazed on the beautiful Silver Leaf with admiration, not unmingled with a deeper passion, but when they saw the calm indifference with which she regarded them, and the determined manner in which she rejected all their proposals, hope died within their hearts, and they believed what Matawa told them, that the Silver Leaf's love dreams were of the bright stars that looked forth from the spirit land, and her smiles for the winged guardians that hovered round her.—But whether Matawa's interpretation of the Silver Leaf's apparent coldness was the *true* one remains yet a mystery. A treaty had been lately formed with the whites who had begun to make vast encroachments on the red man's territory, and with whom they had had many severe and bloody contests. Great cruelty was practised on both sides, but particularly by the wronged revengeful Indians, who have never been excelled in their inventions for torturing their unfortunate captives. Among those they had taken in a recent conflict, was a young man, who from his recklessness of danger, and a strong

antipathy he bore them, had made himself an especial mark of revenge to his merciless capturs. A council was assembled, and the dreadful doom pronounced by Matawa, who gifted with uncommon wisdom, and no doubt foreseeing the degeneracy and destruction of her ill-fated race, hated the intruding whites, with the deepest darkest hatred, the Indian is capable of feeling. The youth over whose head twenty summers had scarcely fled, heard his doom with outward composure; but where is the heart though firm to face the cannon's mouth, that would not, shudder at the thought of enduring the slow protracted torture inflicted by the malignant unrelenting savage. And was but one more sun to rise for him? 'Twas hard to die so young.—The Indians firmly relying on the strong cords that bound him for the safety of their captive, betook themselves to their rude mattrasses, and were soon wrapt in sleep. The bright stars shone upoo the closely-bound captive, who forgetful of danger, was quietly slumbering, and a gentle breeze blew back the curls from his pale brow, exposing a face, of manly though uncommon beauty. But another and a brighter star had risen to guide him from that perilous vicinity. Light as a glancing moonbeam did the Silver Leaf glide to the side of the unconscious sleeper, and kneeling down, with the rapidity of thought, began severing the strong cords that bound him. With a start, the sleeper wakes; but his gaze is instantly rivited upon the fairy form that bends o'er him, which he believes is descended from her Angel home, to charm a wretched mortal. Thou art free; she murmurs in a low voice, follow me. Silently and rapidly, they passed the wigwams of the sleeping savages, till leaving them far behind they entered the dark-shades of the forest. Like a ray of light, did the Indian maiden glide along the winding path, till coming to a small open space, the junction of several paths, she suddenly stopped, till her companion who had been in vain endeavoring to overtake his mysterious guide, should come up. Winged spirit, or whatever thou art, said he approaching her receive the grateful homage of an overfluwing heart, and the enthusiastic youth knelt at her feet. Warrior of the pale faces, she replied; I have saved thee from the fangs of thy enemy, and rubbed my people of a great revenge. The dew-spirit rose in my heart, and I could not see thee die. But when the Eagles of our tribe lie bound in thy feets, thou wilt be there to loose their pinions. The moonlight shone full upon her face, so eloquently beautiful, and the enraptured youth felt as he gazed upon her, that no white rose he had ever seen, could compare with this radiant wild ooe of the woods. But yoo must not tarry, she said hastily, the Indians eye brightens as the stars grow dim, and it will gleam, when it beholds thee not. Advancing to a narrow and obscure path, and in a clear and rapid manner, she directed him what coorse to pursoe, and when he would be beyond the reach of his pursuers. Who can describe the varied emotions of the youth as he gazed on that bright maiden, who urged from the pure and tender feelings inherent in every woman's nature, had pitied the stranger, and the enemy of her people, and saved him from the horrible doom that awaited him. His heart swelled with gratitude almost too deep for utterance. And may I not ask the name of my fair preserver? said he latteringly, that I may pray for blessings from morn till eve, to descend upon her beauteous head? They call me Silver Leaf, she said, and I live in the wigwam of Matawa, who is thy greatest enemy. 'Tis a sweet name, he murmured, but we are not enemies? and he raised his dark earnest eyes to her face, while the deep tones of his voice thrilled her soul. I am no enemy to thee, she answered hurriedly, but spare the Indian for the sake of the Silver Leaf; waving her hand in adieu, she moved rapidly away, and entered the thick wook. The youth watched her receding form till it blended with the dark trees, while a low murmor of "Heaven preserve thee," escaped from his lips, he then began his lonely flight.

Day was ushered in by the mad yells of the disappointed savages, when they found their captive had escaped; but above all, rose the fierce commands of Matawa. Cease this wild tumult, she said, and track the pale face through the forest. Follow the narrow paths, nor let the leaves cling to yoor feet. Take his scalp, but otherwise harm him not; that his blood may blacken in the red blaze, and his vile heart turn to ashes. The fleet young warriors instantly prepared to obey her commands; but a close observer would instantly have noticed the strong expression of disappointment which marked her features. I fear they will not find him, no doubt he is safe in his kennel ere this. The Silver Leaf caught the words, and turned her face away, to hide a smile of exultation which she could not conceal.

Various were the surmises how the prisoner could have escaped, though no one suspected Silver Leaf; but it was generally believed, that one of his own people had stealthily released him, or that the evil spirit, in his anger for some offence, had thus revenged himself. The warriors returned weary and dispirited, having caught no glimpse of him, or even being able to discover his tracks.

A short time after the events above related a treaty was formed between the hostile parties, and the Calumet smoked in apparent amity.—But there was one the more she smothered her hatred, the more intensely it burned. Matawa though she deemed it wiser to accede to the terms of peace fierce, yet war was raging within.

It was the Indian summer; never did nature present a more beautiful face, than in this wild and romantic region. And never had the Enchanter's ring appeared more enchanting. So at least thought the Silver Leaf, who spent more of her time than ever, in its circling shade. She sits upon the green bank weaving the bright leaves; but are her thoughts woven with them? her eyes are fixed upon them, but there is a dreamy listlessness in them which betrays the wanderings of her mind. Is there no change in the bright Silver Leaf? has not her cheek a paler tinge, and her eyelid a drooping sadness? Her companions call to her, but she hears them not, but still dreams on in the Enchanter's ring, Of whom can she be dreaming?

Matawa's love sharpened eyes have marked a change; and she mournfully listens for the bird-like voice of her darling, that once thrilled her soul with rapture.—For stern as is her nature, there is a golden chord in her bosom, which vibrates at every quiver of her cherished leaf.—She seeks her not in the Enchanter's ring, a place sacred to its discoverer, but as she sees her loved form approaching with slow and lingering steps, that were once so light and bounding, suppressing a sigh, she meets her with a smiling face, (though she gently chides her for having forgotten her so long) and soon humorously relates her strange adventures in the day's chase, for she is a brave huntress, her aim true and fatal. The Silver Leaf listens, her face grows brighter, and resumes its natural happy expression; for she loves Matawa, and is pleased from sympathy. Weeks rolled away, and each day lent a paler hue to the drooping leaf.—There is a charm in the Enchanter's ring, by which she is irresistibly encircled; for there no curious eyes observe her, her thoughts are free and oninterupted, and strange wild flights they often take. The sunbeam on which they used to play, is often chased away by black angry clouds; changing their bright winged flutterers, to screaming ravens, that hover o'er the gathering gloom. Like a drooping lilly she reclines upon the velvet bank. A bright garland rests upon her brow, and that radiant tree, like a silver cloud softly shadows her. There is a mournful tenderness in her dark eyes, throwing a softened light over her beautiful countenance, which no one could wish away. A dreamy languor steals o'er her, the snowy lids droop more and more, till their long black fringes quietly rest opon the downy cheek. What visions now crowd opon her restless imagination. She is lying on the bottom of a deep lake; the water is transparent like the air; and she can see an immense distance.

All is still; not even the ripple of a wave is seen or heard. The sand on which she is lying is bright red and glittering; and a shudder creeps over her as she looks upon it, as it were stained with blood. Suddenly there starts from it a host of pale faces; they are well armed, and their eyes fierce and bloodthirsty. She hears the war whoop of her tribe, and on a clear bright wave, the red warriors come dashing on. They horl their arrows by thousands at their pale enemies, who meet them with no less destruction. The carnage is dreadful; the red sand is dyed with a still deeper hue. Though she knows they are in the water, it seems their natural element, and is almost as light and transparent. She lies, still gazing with benumbed horror; but as she gazes, gradually the blood-stained hosts dissolve, and fade from her sight; while in their stead, appear two large, fierce birds, who, with fiery eyes, circle round and round each other.—Their plomage varies like the changing hues of a brilliant sunset. A bright red crest glows upon the head of one, who rushing upon his antagonist buries his strong talons deep in his snowy neck.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

OFFICIAL—*Post Office Department, Sept.* 1, 1846 The postmaster general gives public notice to postmasters and others that an opportunity of sending letters, newspapers, and other mail matter to Oregon, and to citizens of the United States at the Sandwich Islands, will shortly occur by means of public vessels to be despatched from the port of New York around Cape Horn, and up the Pacific coast, free of any charge for the transmission in those vessels; the matter to be forwarded by other opportunities from their place of debarkation. Letters, newspapers, and mail matter deposited in the post office in New York, if the postage of one cent on each package be prepaid, and like matter forwarded to New York from any other post office, if inland postage to New York be prepaid thereon, will be duly made up and forwarded under charge of the captain of the vessel conveying the same. It is advised that correspondence to persons in Oregon be addressed to, or to the care of, Mr A. E. Wilson, merchant, Astoria, Oregon; and that those who desire to avail themselves of this chance of transmission loose no time in embracing the opportunity.—*Union.*

WHERE IS THE LATE DICTATOR?—Some mystery appears to hang round the fate of the late Mexican Dictator, Gen Paredes. Although it is no great matter what becomes of him, yet we may as well state that the report of his being taken a prisoner and kept in the citadel of Mexico, is not credited by some of the New Orleans papers. They appear to think he had gone out of the citadel on the 31st of July. He may have absconded with the Mexican Sub-Treasury. Gen Sales had issued a letter of convocation of Congress, on the principles of 1824, and the members are to assemble at Mexico on the 6th of December next. The N. O. Picayune says:

"We learn that Paredes was taken prisoner and confined, as it was his manifest intention to employ the troops equipped for the army of the North to oppose the advance of Santa Anna from Vera Cruz, instead of marching against Gen Taylor. The revolution in Mexico followed immediately upon the announcement of the declaration in Vera Cruz on the 31st ult. Some accounts say that General Paredes is confined in the Castle of Perote instead of Mexico."

PICKPOCKETS. A Southern gentleman, standing in the yard of Wilde's hotel Saturday afternoon, had his pocket picked of his wallet containing some nine hundred dollars. He recollected feeling some one press against it but a moment before, and looking around saw a man hastily leaving the premises. He immediately followed him, and, thrusting his hand into his pocket, found his wallet. The gentleman, not feeling desirous of being retained as witness, owing to business engagements South, allowed him to go unmolested.—*Times.*

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says—"There appears to be a misapprehension in relation to the bill passed by the Senate prohibiting the enclosure of several letters under one envelope, etc. It did not pass the House. Five minutes more, however, would have done the business, but five minutes have decided some of the greatest events."

☞ Michael Murry, 17 years old, was drowned while bathing off Russia wharf on Monday.—*Post.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 10, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee,
JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,
EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.
CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.
HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.
Boston, July 21, 1846

DELEGATES TO THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION are requested to meet at the Advertiser office, Saturday evening, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, P. M., to make the necessary arrangements for attending the Convention, filling vacancies, &c.

Hawkers and Pedlers.

During the last session of our Legislature a law was passed for the especial benefit of a class of persons whom our representatives, senators and Gov. Briggs thought worthy to be denominated *hawkers*. We have heretofore said nothing in relation to this law, and shall say but a word at the present time.

The law can have but two objects; either it is intended to prevent peddling, or it is intended as a means of raising revenue. That it is the first, to a certain extent, cannot be denied, for the act *prohibits* the peddling of jewelry, wines, spirituous liquors, playing cards, indigo and feathers. But this prohibition, and, at the same time, authorizing, for a sum of money to be paid for a license, the peddling of every thing else, show the main object of the law to be to raise revenue by imposing an additional tax upon pedlers. If there is any good cause for imposing a larger share of the expenses of government upon this class of persons, than upon any other, then the law should be supported. But is there any such cause? None has ever been given. It would look quite as well in our law makers to raise revenue by increasing the direct tax, if they are determined not to retrench, as to impose unjust burdens upon a class of persons whose very calling shows them to be of limited means. But it may be said, as they who passed the law have said, that pedlers are hawkers and cheats, and should not be countenanced; but will they be any less cheats because they *buy* the privilege of cheating?

A JUSTICE, *just an ass*, fined a poor man five dollars cost, in South Boston, not many days since, for hoeing his potato patch one Sunday morning. Come to Lowell, O! Dogberry, and we will teach you better things. More than a dozen men in one gang, have been drilling and blowing these half dozen Sundays past, in one particular spot in this city, to say nothing of twenty other gangs of hands engaged similarly or otherwise. The last Sabbath, this gang of hands of which we have made particular mention, fired more than fifty seprate blasts, and those nearly in the heart of the city.

DEATH FROM RELIGIOUS EXCITEMENT. The New York Sun says, some people have a peculiar faculty for running into extremes. When Solomon says, "be not righteous overmuch; why should a man destroy himself?" they can find no application of the remark to their case; and when Paul admonishes that everything should be done "decently and in order," it has no bearing on their case, no matter how grossly irregular their conduct may be. We write this from the fact of a woman having died last week, in Enfield, at a Millerite and Shaker camp meeting, from the effects of mental excitement.

☞ The Albany Argus says that the New York convention decided yesterday, by a vote of 60 to 17, that any male citizen, whatever color, of good moral character, and *requisite qualifications of learning and ability*, shall be admitted to practice in all the courts in this state. Possibly one of the conditions, if literally constructed, may narrow, rather than enlarge, the circle of practitioners, or at least exclude some who are now in possession of a diploma.

SILK AND SHAWL ROOM—"*up over the Post Office.*" The *fair* portion of our readers will rejoice to learn that this concern will re-open on Thursday, [this day] with an entirely new and *rare* assortment of rich shawls and elegant silks, which the proprietors are now selecting from the *first importations.*

☞ Mrs Holl, wife of Francis Hall, senior editor of the New York Commercial Advertiser, in the 60th year of her age, died at the British American Hotel, Kingston, Canada, on the 5th of September.

HEAVY FAILURES. Thatcher & Fearing, dry goods jobbers, Water street, Boston, failed the other day for $200,000.

LARGE RENT. Jewett and Prescott, we believe it is, that are to pay $1000 rent for the new store, on Merrimack street, corner of Kirk.

☞ Delegates to the state convention from Woburn—A. W. Goodell, Abijah Thompson, Bowen Buckman, Moses E. Winn, J. P. Converse.

☞ MASONS—are wanted at Nantucket Mass.

Correspondence of the Advertizer.

PLYMOUTH, Mass, Sept. 5, 1846.

MR EDITOR—Have you ever made a pilgrimage to this glorious spot of earth—of which orators, poets and historians have said and written so much? Prompted by curiosity, if not by reverential feelings, I have been led to visit the "Old Colony," and from the landing-place of the pilgrims, I am now penning you a hasty scrawl. Near me is the stone upon which the sacred band first trod—yonder, in the distance, lies in calm repose, the blue ocean that bore them hither—and but a little way off, upon that mound-like eminence, is the church-yard where their ashes repose. Truly this is an interesting spot, and it is well worth the journey to look upon it. It would appear that many so think, for the town is full of strangers, who seem to be making the most of their eyes.

Plymouth, in contrast with your young and thriving city, would be ranked an ancient town; yet one does not witness, as he may have anticipated, an array of dilapidated buildings. Neither do sage and venerable figures encased in leathern breeches, and stiff coats, with queues and wide-brimmed hats, pass you in the streets. On the contrary the village is composed mostly of well painted wooden dwellings, some of which are elegant in exterior and handsomely ornamented by yards full of shrubbery; and the inhabitants seem like those of most yankee villages, an intelligent, well-bred, active people. There are several tasteful churches, a court house, an elegant building occupied by banks and insurance offices, and several stores, shops, &c. The dwellings, however, seem to be altogether disproportioned in number to the business buildings, and one wonders at first, what all the inhabitants do for a livelihood. This wonder ceases when we are informed that many are engaged during the warm weather in the fisheries, and in the coasting trade, and other pursuits upon the mighty deep,

The village is scattered over a considerable space. The most ancient street, apparently, runs parallel to, and near the sea-shore, from which several wharves extend into the water. Near the centre of one of these wharves, and at a few rods' distance from the tide-water, rests the foundation of the memorable PILGRIM ROCK. Very probably, as you approach this interesting spot, you will observe a half dozen or more "pilgrims" from distant parts, poking up the earth and gazing intently down, to make "assurance doobly sure" that it is indeed, a rock they are looking upon. There is but about a foot square of its surface now left visible—time, and the rapacity of visitors to carry off a specimen, have swept away the entire top, excepting a piece of perhaps two tons' weight, which was sometime since removed, and is now preserved in front of "Pilgrim Hall." I understand the citizens contemplate the erection of a proper monument to mark this sacred spot. From this street an abrupt bank rises—from the verge of which several short, well-built streets lead back some distance to the main street, which likewise runs nearly parallel with the water.—Upon this street, which is for the most part decently built, are situated most of the finest buildings, both public and private. Back still farther from the water, and running nearly on a line with the main street, rises a bold eminence which completely overlooks the town, the harbor, its islands, and beyond, a broad, blue expanse of ocean. From this prominence the sea-view is delightful. Before you spreads the harbor, with its picturesque light house upon a bold headland, and its numerous green islands. To the left, in the distance, are the towns of Kingston and Duxbury, while farther still is the bay, reaching as far as the vision can extend, with myriads of sails in the offing, spotting the deep blue bosom of the waters. When easterly wind prevails—and you have *that* here in all its purity and freshness—I am told that with a clear sky, you can descry, far to the eastward, the horn of Cape Cod, looming up over the ocean. This conspicuous and delightful eminence, was, by the "Pilgrim fathers," early consecrated to the repose of the dead. Here were they buried, as, one after another, they yielded to famine, hardship and disease. Here still remain standing, their simple grave-stones, which have withstood the gales of more than two hundred years. The inscriptions upon many of them are exceedingly quaint and characteristic of those whose resting place they point out. Of the many interesting localities here, this ancient church yard is far the most so to me.

"Pilgrim Hall" is another point of interest. This is a handsome wooden edifice in imitation of stone, built after the Grecian style. It was erected some years since by the Pilgrim Society, and contains their library cabinets, &c. The principal hall is decorated with various portraits and pictures. The principal picture is a very large one, by Sargent, I believe. The subject is the "Landing of the Pilgrims"—and I think the artist has treated it very well—although like most such works it is not without its faults, and lacks not its fault-finders. As a work of art merely, it will not compare favorably with Weir's picture of the "Embarkation of the Pilgrims," which now fills a panel in the Rotunda at Washington. Still, in many respects, this picture would not be an inappropriate or discreditable companion to Weir's. I would that they were both in "Pilgrim Hall, for they would be viewed with more effect in this "Home of the Pilgrims" than in the fcens of political intrigue and corruption. In this building are deposited Gov. Bradford's arm chair, the original charter granted the Pilgrims—from which some ruthless hand has torn the autograph of Cromwell—as well as various relics of other worthies brought over in the "May Flower." Many relics of the Indians of the old colony are likewise lodged there, and among them I noticed the cap of King Philip.

By the way, I observed that the floor of the large hall was very significantly decorated, with gaudily painted wreaths and circles. Would you believe that the degenerate sons and daughters of the pilgrims, actually desecrate this room, by tripping "the light fantastic toe" to the screeching of the "ungodly fiddle!" One would think that the shades of Governor Bradford and Elder Cushman would frown grimly upon their midnight mirth, and that Miles Standish and even little Perigrine White would spring forth from the canvass and rebuke such revelry, when next these degenerate "malignants" do

——"Vex with mirth the drowsy ear of night."

In the yard in front of this Hall the remains of the famous Pilgrim Rock are deposited. It is enclosed within a handsome fence of cast iron, the upright parts of which, are alternate imitations of the boat-hook and harpoon, from which hangs pendant imitations of funeral drapery, bearing the names of Carver, Standish, and others of the Pilgrim band. There are many other interesting localities of which I have neither time nor room to speak in this letter.

Aside from the many hallowed associations which cluster around this Mecca of New England, there is much to render Plymouth a very desirable resort in the warm weather. Here you have a pure a refreshing breeze from the ocean, and can enjoy fishing, bathing and sporting, at your leisure. Here are several excellent hotels with obliging landlords and attendants. The citizens are exceedingly courteous towards strangers, and seem willing and proud to point out whatever there may be of interest to view. Since the completion of the Old Colony Railroad, the influx of visiters has been very great, and must be much increased every succeeding year. It is but a pleasant, two hours' ride from Boston, through Quincy, (by the seat of the venerable Adams) and through some dozen fine towns and villages. Whenever you grow tired of the busy and incessant din of spindles and looms, and require a respite from the perpetual whirlpool of an editor's life, I advise you to take a trip to this fine old town.—I pledge you my word you will enjoy the quiet contrast, and never regret the journey.

Truly your friend,
PILGRIM.

Santa Anna.

We find in the N. O. Picayune, of the 26th ult., the following speculations respecting the probable policy of Santa Anna, and his influence upon the course of affairs in Mexico:

"It is extremely doubtful if Santa Anna can take a position against the war with safety, if indeed he be inclined to peace. The accounts from the interior represent the Mexican feeling to be very bitter and universal against this country. Should he find such to be the case, he will scarcely peril his power by any strong effort to pacify or suppress the popular passion. But if this be a doubtful point, we regard it as quite certain that he can conduct the war with more sagacity than any other man in Mexico. He has more experience, more resources, and can command a wider confidence, than any other. But to our mind it is better for the United States, that a ruler should be at the head of Mexico, who can and will take the field. In the recent posture of Mexican affairs there was scarcely government enough to war against or to make peace with. There was no established dynasty to threaten, no concentrated power to attack. Santa Anna can make a sharp war, and if he does, it will be a shorter one than the advance upon disjointed departments, and a foggy, indistinct organization promised to be. It is doing more to secure an advantageous peace to threaten an established government, than march through territories that are represented only by faction.

The capture of Monterey and Saltillo will end in nothing greater than the capture of Matamoras or Camargo, unless there be a government to bring to terms. The defeat of a faction will not be a conquest of a country. Wherever the American army appears, the citizens lay down their arms, or flee to the mountains.—When the troops are withdrawn, they will return and be Mexicans again. As our army will not burn towns lay waste farmsteads, or slay non-combatants, it is clear that a march upon a non-resisting people would be but an expensive parade. The United States would have to set up a social system in Mexico capable of the functions of government, to achieve a peace that would take anything by treaty. Under Parede's administration, nothing above a guerilla war could be expected. Under Santa Anna, a contest of results may be looked for."

Peace.

We give the following from the N. Y. Tribune for what it is worth. It is mere speculation so far as it refers to an understanding between our government, Santa Anna and the British agents.

"*Havana Aug* 16. You are probably aware that Santa Anna and Almonte embarked on the English Steamer Arab for Vera Cruz, in consequence of their having obtained information of a *pronunciamento* in their favor. Some other diplomatists and Generals of the same stamp departed the same day in the packet for the same place; but perhaps you may not have heard of the reported agreement between Santa Anna and certain agents of the British and American Governments. The arrangement is said to be as follows: The Mexican Federal Government of 1824 to be re-established under the guaranty of the United States; so that, in case of future pronunciamentos, the United States Government shall have a right to interfere in support of the Constitutional Government. *The Rio Grande to be the boundary line and the Calfoirnias to be organized as a distinct Territory under the protection of the United States, but not to be governed by the Americans until the inhabitants shall think fit to annex themselves*, to favor which purpose the country will be allowed to carry on a free trade with both Republics, and admit colonist from all countries, and of all religions and creeds."

ODD FELLOWS. The Grand Lodge of the United States will commence its annual session at Baltimore on the 20th inst., and will probably continue in session a week. It is composed of about fifty members, comprising delegates from all the State Grand Lodges, and correspondents, in the United States.

BARNSTABL PATRIOT. This sterling democratic paper appears this week in an entire new dress and on an enlarged sheet. We are glad to record, as we have had the occasion several times to do of late, the increasing prosperity, and consequent popularity and ability, of the Democratic press in Massachusetts.

☞ L. D. Boise, at his old stand, No. 34 Central street, has just opened a rich assortment of gentleman's dress goods, which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms, and in a fashionable manner. Mr. Boise is one of our old settlers, and what he promises is always performed.

☞ The Courier is preparing the way for Gov. Briggs' withdrawal from the Gubernatorial course.—The Governor has rendered himself very unpopular in this city and vicinity, and there is a determination to throw him over if he does not withdraw.

CONCORD RAILROAD. At a special meeting of the Concord railroad corporation, held in Nashua last week, it was voted not to construct the Souhegan railroad, to Amherst.

STEEL PENS. Merrill & Heywood presented us this morning with a box of Levy's Commercial Steel Pens. If they would hold a little more ink we should like them better, but as they are they are very good.

A CONSEQUENCE OF GREATNESS. A Boston Iron-monger advertises that hereafter he shall call his Pig—not one of his children—but his Pig Iron—Dan'l Webster.

RUIN. The passage of the new tariff has so prostrated all branches of business that it is almost impossible to hire a man or woman at any price.

☞ Ten thousand people went to see the launching of New World, the largest Merchant vessel ever built.

STRICT JUSTICE. The Ex-Mayor of Miamisburg Ohio, was fined five dollars and imprisonment twelve hours for being engaged in a street fight.

☞ There was a row in St. Mary's street, Philadelphia, on Sunday evening.

☞ A man by the name of Peleg Brennan, was sun-struck yesterday about noon, while at work in a lumber yard near the foot of Dorrance street. He was carried to his home on Eddy street, and is in a fair way of recovery.—*Providence Sentinel.*

NAVY YARD. Capt Charles J. McCauley, a popular and highly esteemed officer in the navy, has been appointed to the command of the navy yard in this city, in place of Com. Shubrick, appointed to the command of the Pacific squadron.—*Union.*

Job Printing at the "ADVERTISER," "PATRIOT AND REPUBLICAN" OFFICE, **Spaulding's Block, No. 48, Central Street.**

BOOKS,	CHECKS,	PAMPHLETS,
BLANKS,	HANDBILLS,	PROGRAMMES,
BILL-HEADS,	LABELS,	SHOP-BILLS,
BILLETS,	INSURANCE	SHOW BILLS,
CATALOGUES,	POLICIES,	WARRANTS,
CIRCULARS,	POSTERS,	ETC. ETC.

and every variety of LETTER PRESS PRINTING, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on the most liberal terms.

Cards.—Rushness and Visiting Cards printed on "KNEELAND'S CATARACT CARD PRESS," at the lowest rates

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9-1m

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, while it wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human relief? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "AGREEABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 103 Court St., Boston

sept5 A&ly31

DIED.

In Pelham, N. H. Sep 8, Mr William Baker aged 52.

POCKET BOOK LOST.

SUPPOSED to have been stolen at the Menagery yesterday afternoon, a well worn Calf Skin Pocket Book containing about 15 or 20 dollars in Bank bills, and the following described among other promissory notes; 1 note against Arley Plummer, dated Londonderry, Sept. 1, 1845, for $100 on demand with interest. 1 note for $100 against Nathaniel Corning, of Manchester, on demand with interest annually, dated December 27, 1845. 1 note against David Dickey, 3d. for between 5 and 6 dollars on demand with interest, dated March 1846.

Said Pocket Book contained several other notes and papers of no value except to the owner. All persons are forbidden negotiating these notes as payment has been stopped. If the thief or finder will leave the Pocket Book at the Advertiser Office in this city, he shall be welcome to the money and no questions asked.

Lowell September 10, 1846. Sept 10 a 11.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

INFORMATION WANTED

BY his friends, of DANIEL LOFTUS who left County Mayo, Ireland, in the spring of 1836 for New York. They heard of him for the first time in two years, about a twelvemonth since. He was then in N. Y. City. If this advertisement meets his eye or that of any of his friends it will greatly relieve their anxiety by informing them personally, or otherwise that he is living. THOMAS LOFTUS.

If the Freeman's Journal will insert the above it will confer a charity.

Lowell Sept. 19, 1846. 1t*

TO ALL, ESPECIALLY MECHANICS.

JAMES HORNSBY, a young English mechanic will lecture on the *Writing and Printing Reform* and the art of reporting, in City Hall on Wednesday Evening 16th inst. at 8 o'clock. During the evening Mr Hornsby will, to show the superiority of Phonography over stenography and every other system of writing, write at the rate of one hundred and twenty to two hundred words per minute, and read his report with ease. *Admission Free.* a3sep10

LOWELL MUSEUM.

Splendid new Force! Increased Attraction!

LAST WEEK OF

MR. & MRS C. W. HUNT; MISS A. PHILLIPS; MASTERS FREDERICK AND ADRIAN PHILLIPS; MR. A. PHILLIPS, MISS REES; &c &c.

ON MONDAY EVENING, September 7th, 1846, and every evening through the week, [except Saturday] at 8 o'clock Part First will commence with the Popular Farce

—ENTITLED—

THE SPOILED CHILD!

Part Second—will be introduced for the *first time* in Lowell, the highly popular and amusing Farce,

—ENTITLED—

THE MUMMY—Or, The Liquor of Life!

which was received with unbounded applause at the Boston Museum last winter.

☞ Grand Concert Saturday Evening, by the whole company.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. sep3

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

NOTICE.—The Proprietors of the First Universalist Meeting House in Lowell, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of said Corporation in their Vestry, on SATURDAY, September 12th, at 7 *o'clock, P. M.* to act on the following articles, viz:

First, To see if they will make any alteration in, or additions to one or more of their Stoves, or take any action thereon.

Second, To transact any other business that may legally come before them. By order of the President.

GEO. CROSBY, Prop's Clerk.

Lowell, Sept. 5, 1846. a3t

HOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all at the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept4-1m H. T. BUTLER.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

JUST RECEIVED.—A. BROWN & Co. have just received a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, made in the best manner and warranted, which they offer to the public at exceeding low prices. Such as

Gents' prime Calf Sewed Boots	$3 25 to 3 50
" " Pegged "	2 00 to 2 75
" " Kip " "	1 75 to 2 00
" " thick " "	1 75 to 2 25
Ladies' prime Kid Walking Shoes,	,72 to 1 00
" " Gaiter Boots, thick soles,	1 12 to 1 50
" " Goat " " "	1 25 to 1 33
" " Kid Buskins,	,50 to 75
" " Ties,	,45 to 92

Also, a large assortment of Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at the same low prices.

A. BROWN & Co., 113 Central street, sign of the "People's Cheap Store." aug29

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirty-first day of September inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Sep10 a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of JOEL M. MARSHALL, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Marshall, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fourteenth day of September inst, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Marshall may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 4th, 1846. sep5a3t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

JONATHAN RICE.

s3w*

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—THE COMMERCIAL WHF. *First Ship.*



The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship DUDATTORO, *Nickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Steam taken always. Geo. W. Hyason, Agent at New Orleans. sep5



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846 aug15a&ptf

A RARE CHANCE!



The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

WILL BE INTHODUCED THIS DAY

BEEBE & COSTAR'S



Fall Fashion Hats at No. 33 Central St., by A. GILBERT, Jr.



Lowell, August 29, 1846. aug29a1f

FALL FASHION!



BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*



Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20a1f

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11a1f

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25a1f

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18a1f

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will *do it*. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

*Ossian*sing, *June* 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—SIR: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he would only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 112, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Gillis, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdw16

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—*Merrimack Street*,—*No.* 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,



RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has recommenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. *** The *latest fashions* always on hand. [16apr7] April 6, 1846.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JASPER PARTON

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11



Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS premium may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug23a&w3m

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and cullaces of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&ply

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

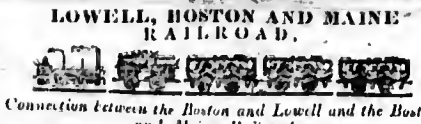


HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3o3m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

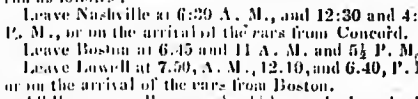
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:20 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New-Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

HOSTON DEPOT FOR RUBBERS.

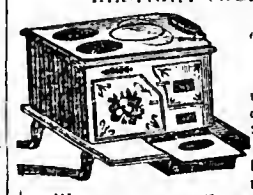
THOMAS C. WALES, Boston, 19, *Broad Street*, *Corner of Central Street*, has just received his large Fall Stock of **India Rubber Shoes,** including all the saleable kinds imported or manufactured in the country, and comprising in all more than ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PAIRS, making a larger stock of Rubbers than can be found at any other store, if not larger than all the others put together in this city. All of which will be sold for CASH or CREDIT, at the lowest importer's or manufacturer's prices.

Those who buy to Wholesale or Retail are respectfully requested to *Call and See*, and then they will know where they can buy Rubbers *the best* and *the cheapest*.

Also, on hand and daily receiving, all the varieties of good retailing Boots and Shoes, by the case or dozen, for CASH ONLY, at lower prices than any other store in Boston. jy30a2sw2mreow

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply8

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such Diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Sale of Furniture. 2 and 2

On SATURDAY next, Sept. 12th, at 9 1 o'clock—A very large lot of Household Furniture, belonging to persons leaving the city, in part as follows:

3 Sofas—6 Hair-seat Chairs—24 Cane-seat and Rocking do—Mahogany Centre and Card tables—3 Bureaus—10 Windlass and other Bedsteads—28 Looking Glasses—common Chairs and Tables—Dry Sinks—Toilet Tables—6 Brass Clocks—18 Wooden do.—10 Live Geese and common Beds—14 Cooking Stoves of various sizes—Airtight and Parlor Stoves—Crockery, Glass, Wooden and Tin Ware—Table Linen; Cutlery, &c. Also, 7 boxes old Family Soap.

At 12 o'clock—2 second hand Wagons, 1 do Buggy.

On MONDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises. A lot of land containing 11,000 feet, situated on the southerly side of Merrimack street, near the residence of John Aiken, Esq. It will be sold in 1 or 2 lots as may be desired.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. H. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale:

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Premptory Sale of valuable Real Estate.

On MONDAY next, September 14th at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises.

That new house and valuable lot on Dutton street, owned and recently occupied by Mr Ira Leonard. The house is built in the most thorough manner of the best material. The lot consists of 91 feet front on Dutton street and 92 feet on Worthen street, and bounded on the west by the Western Canal, making it a very desirable residence; the location being such as to insure an increase in value as the city becomes more populous. Land sufficient for the accommodation of the house will be sold with it. The balance will be sold in one or two lots as may desired. Terms easy.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. s28

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nonmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved far show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false oplations pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apotheecry venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preperption! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [mcy13d] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. ja29

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THESE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, headaches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or preteaded improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventer of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula; scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the raw, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and polley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 196 Race street Philadelphia, jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costliveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedeatary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 66 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

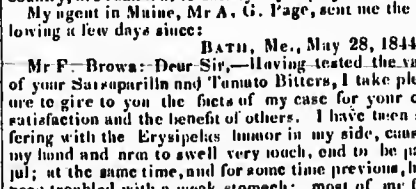
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. H. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pnly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last few years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

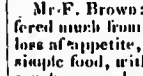
☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily as and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday*, *Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy, and all Nervous Disorders.* In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSHURY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States:

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very resp. yrs.,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY HONNYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Honnycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Shenard's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart. His mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the means of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly subjected with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dewitt st.

☞Mrs J. TUCKER, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son-in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN HALSTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

TO DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank tt., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above case is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. F. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralyzed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Polar street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried everything in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

Dr CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3&&p1y

DR, WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy: Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1841.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice morally existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mnsapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Challyt and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Veats, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in largest house.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my20A

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 108.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-pieces Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

COSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfmar18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
No. 78, Central Street. tf

I. W. & D. HANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, IRON MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. HANGS,
jan8 DEAN HANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morocas, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. ifmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct28 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. ep12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!

COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
mly1 *mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tflet6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GODFIWIN WOOD.
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite, cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times that language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six, bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLETON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H., J. J. Brown, Andover; James Greer & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.
A&Plyaug29 3m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Deterioration of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparations. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesun.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&P toct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

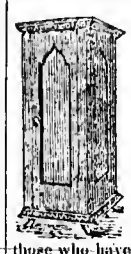
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	8 8 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1236

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTo&Sc ew1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N. H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Fuss of Dover, N. H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ it means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

Mutawa—the Indian Oracle.

(CONCLUDED.)

She is no longer in the lake, but quietly lying by her own wigwam; deep black clouds hang over her, often obscuring those bright winged wrestlers, in whose struggle she is wonderfully interested. The attention is suddenly arrested by a bright blazing fire, whose flames go crackling to the sky, scattering a shower of starry diamonds over the hovering blackness.—She hears the rushing of wings, like the sweeping of the tempest, and behold that fierce bird with the fiery crest, bears his exhausted antagonist to the devouring element, and hovering for a moment over its scorching blaze, drops him into the glowing abyss. A cold shuddering creeps over the Silver Leaf, but how is her gaze fascinated as in that burning mirror. She beholds a vision, which like some bright ideal grew upon her mind, each moment acquiring immortal beauty and perfection. Encircled by that fiery halo, is a youth with a pale brow and radiant locks, dark eyes that beam kindly on her, whose deeply cherished light has long been her soul's directing ray. A pleasing bewilderment pervades her senses as that loved form fills her enraptured gaze, when the dark shadow of a wing, for an instant arrests her attention. Looking up she beholds an object which gives her an involuntary shudder. Mutawa with wild exulting features, is hovering over that element of destruction. A terrible light breaks in upon her mind, the loved one is perishing. With one bound she is buried in the flames, but he is saved, and on her right rises a clear bright star, setting far above in its spirit home. She wakes; and the star, the ideal of her dream, is before her. Deep blushes suffuse her face as she encounters his ardent gaze, and thinks that he has been watching her slumbers. Bright maiden; forgive this, I fear unwelcome intrusion, and let chance plead an excuse, although nought could have detained me but the fear of incurring your displeasure, for do I not behold my preserver? The Silver Leaf has risen and is leaning against that slender tree, for there is a tremulousness in her frame which fain would seek support. She almost fancies she is still dreaming; but all things have a familiar look. The flowers, the lake, the tree, and that youth with his golden locks, and fine features, have they not long been ensbrined in her heart?

And has not the White Eagle forgotten the brown forest leaf that turned its face from the parent tree? said she in a low voice; can night forget its moon, flowers their dew, or the soul its heaven? All these thou has been to me, since first thy angel form bent o'er me in the moonlight, and whispered words of freedom, and nought but stern necessity would have kept me from thy wild home so long, that I might breathe forth the fulness of my heart. Beautiful was that young maiden, as her large wild eyes grew soft and melting like liquid light, and a deep joy irradiated her features, like morn's first roseate beam. She felt not timid by his side, for was he not her hearts long-worshipped idol?

The moments flew swiftly by; and they must part; but still to meet again;—Now was the Silver Leaf's heart made light, and the pale shade of melancholy chased from her brow.—How did the soul of Matawa rejoice, when she heard again her bounding step, and the sweet carolling of her song. She knew not what had produced the change. Often did the lovers meet in the enchanter's ring, and each day brightened the pure chain that bound their hearts. Noble and good was the youth who had won the love of this young wild flower, and as the rudest and rarest gift did he prize it. But alas; they saw not the tempest which was gathering over their heads.

'Twas near the close of a beautiful day devoted by the Indian hunters exclusively to the chase, in which Matawa joined with fire and energy, putting many a bold hunter often to the blush, by her superior and wonderful skill with the bow.

The last rays of the golden sun streamed through the dark trees of the Enchanter's ring, shedding a softened halo o'er two beings who were there reposing. Beautiful indeed they were; a young girl with raven hair, falling like a living veil over her shoulders, and resting upon the green mound on which she is seated; her soft clear complexion sufficiently removed from the brunette to be termed delicate, suffused with a warm glow is dazzlingly brilliant.—Her eyes baffle description; from their intentness upon the bright leaves she is weaving. But judging from their jetty fringes, we infer they must be dark, even from reflection. A youth with hardly the stamp of manhood upon his smooth brow is by her side, repeating some wild legendary tale, to which she so loves to listen.—His features though somewhat prond; are of a noble cast, the eyes of a dark changing hue; truly indicating the deep and varied feelings of the soul. His complexion though somewhat browned from exposure, is of almost feminine delicacy, while his hair illumined by the sun's descending rays, glitters like fine rings of gold. As he continues to address the maiden, his voice grows more earnest and thrilling. And will not the Silver Leaf leave her wild home for one, if not more beautiful, yet shared together? A ring of enchantment bright and beautiful, with lives own light? And he bent forward and gazed under those tremulous eyelids. The Silver

Leaf raises her sad eyes to his face, and in a mournful voice replies, I know thy home is fair and the Silver Leaf longs to share it with thee. But Matawa who loves me is thine enemy. And bitter would be her heart did I seek a home with the hated pale face.

Matawa, the fierce woman of the tribe, who so thirsted for my blood, and invented methods of torturing my wild bird, heed her not; she is not worthy thy regard. Hush! speak not of her thus: she is my benefactress, and we love each other; she must consent, ere I go with thee; be it as thou will; I will seek her, we are on terms of peace, and if I obtain her consent—and he clasps her trembling hand. You *have* my consent; go follow him to his pale home, and the curse of Matawa go with ye. Quick as a lightning gleam, an arrow pierced the heart of the youth; who fell back and expired, clasping the poor insensible Silver Leaf to his bosom. On the summit of the bank, partly concealed by the trees, stood the tall figure of Matawa, with a gaudily painted hunting cap upon her head, from beneath which, gleamed features wrought into fiend-like fury. A snow-white fawn with which she intended to surprise the Silver Leaf, was fastened to her girdle. Losing the cord, he bounds away to the woods.

Go back to thy home; the fallen leaf deserves thee not, approaching as she spoke, the pale inanimate maiden. She shall not longer quaff the poison of this serpent, though its deadly sting hath entered her once pure heart. It would be impossible to describe the loathing with which she released the Silver Leaf from that rigid embrace, and laid her on the moist bank. Life's hue soon returned to her cheek, and with it a strong wild energy. She starts upon her feet, and as her eyes fall upon that silent form, stretching forth her arms to it, she utters a wild cry. When encountering the scornful, pitiless glance of Matawa, words wrathful, and bitter, burst from her quivering lips. Proud woman of a noble race! how art thou fallen from thy star-mingled home; the serpent hath no wings; and like it thou hast hither crawled, and aimed thy silent dart. The eagle is at thy feet! But his spirit dwells in yon beautiful home, and smiles on his artful foe. The bright blaze on thy hearth is forever extinguished, and the pale ashes over it strown, The Silver Leaf mourns in silence; but shuns the eye of Matawa.

Strange was the picture which these two so widely different beings presented. The Silver Leaf stood, her slight agile figure raised to its utmost height, her changeful features eloquently expressing the despair and madness of her her soul; while her words were accompanied by quick expressive action. Matawa, tall and unbending, regarded her with a fixed stocial indifference; and without deigning to answer, slowly entered the forest. In solitude, the Silver Leaf poured forth her heart's deep agony; kneeling by the side of her lover, with her long hair she wiped the dew from his clammy brow, while her low moans fell unheeded on his ear. The night dew fell heavily on her, and the long moon-beams lit up the face of her beloved, but still she remained in the same position. When a gentle hand was laid upon her, and words kind and sympathizing fell on her ear. A gentle and dearly beloved play-fellow had long waited her return, and in anxious solicitude sought her there. Vainly did she entreat the pale sufferer to leave the cold ground, and with her seek a warmer shelter. Almost reproachfully, yet mournfully, she replied, "and can I leave him here, to be torn and mangled by his fierce enemies, and carried I know not whither?" I must know where he slumbers; that I may listen to the breathings of his spirit, and sing to it in my loneliness. This should be his resting place.—And she laid her hand on the green bank, and commenced pulling the tender blades.

Silently, with spades procured for the purpose the two friends began the mournful task. And ere the gray light of dawn appeared, the youth was resigned to his narrow bed, and the green sods placed carefully over him.

In compassion to the broken hearted maiden, her people suffered him to lie there; and even Matawa opposed it not; thus leaving a tinge of verdure, on the perishing Leaf. For it was a mournful pleasure to set on the green mound that covered him, and dream of the bright spirit land, from which she heard the voice of her beloved calling to her, and mournfully waiting to receive her.

Time glided on, and the spirit maiden still hovered over that hallowed spot, for so they had named her, so shadowy so etherial, had she grown; and though hope sometimes dawned on the hearts of her sorrowing companions, when a bright tinge glowed on her transparent cheek, they knew not "twas the unnatural hue which Autumn paints upon the perished Leaf." She died: her fair head resting on the pale flowers that bloomed on the grave of her beloved, the palest and most devoted of them all.

In life, the stern Matawa forgave her not, but when the cherished flower was crushed forever, her smothered grief was revealed. Tenderly clasping the fragile form in her strong arms, in the silent depths of the forest, unseen by mortal eye, from the warm fountain of her heart, she poured its last bitter drops on the withered Leaf. Complying with the last wish of the loved one, with her own hands she placed her by the side of her beloved; but buried between them her bow and arrow; whether as an emblem of peace or war, remains a mystery.

The open violation of the treaty, by Matawa was the cause of another severe conflict with the whites. Seeing the sure, rapid and inevitable destruction of her race, like the shattered oak, she fell beneath the shock; and, deeply lamented by her people, the Indian Oracle passed to her long home.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 12, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns comprising Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE.

The members of the Democratic Central City Committee are requested to meet at the Advertiser Office Tuesday evening Sept. 14, at 8 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of perfecting the organization of said Committee, and of transacting such other business as is necessary and proper to be acted on at that time.

Per order.

DELEGATES TO THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION are requested to meet at the Advertiser office, Saturday evening, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, P. M., to make the necessary arrangements for attending the Convention, filling vacancies, &c.

The Whig Panic.

The whig panic has proved to be a fatal failure.—We have heard of no place where an attempt to reduce wages has been made, except among the Thompsonville hand carpet weavers, and there it proved abortive, the manufacturers being obliged to set their hands to work at old prices, on their refusing to continue work at reduced rates. Every branch of business has improved rather than became depressed since the passage of the new tariff. The English opening to us a market for our surplus agricultural products has particularly stimulated this great branch of business, and created a field for labor that will take all the surplus labor from our manufacturing and other cities, and thus render it impossible for manufacturers, by combination, or any other means, to reduce the laborer's reward. Were it not for the cheap land of the great and fertile West, and the markets opened by the abandonment of the British protective policy, laborers in New England would be almost at the mercy of the money power. Were it not for the cheapness, extent and fertility of our public domain, where could the laborer flee, from whatever oppression the interests of associated wealth might require? Nowhere. He must remain and be grateful for the privilege of receiving a subsistence, in return for a life of toil! But while our country contains an almost unlimited extent of the finest lands upon the face of the globe, that can be had for the taking, and agriculturalists are not robbed by protecting tariffs, it is in the power of no set of men to reduce the laborers of this country to the condition of those of Europe.

Notwithstanding the cry of ruin raised, which we feared might have some effect by frightening people, all branches of business are being pushed with the greatest activity. Manufacturers who were to be ruined at once, on the passage of the tariff, are driving their business with unparalleled energy and rapidity. From all parts of the country we daily hear of new factories springing into existence and operation as if by magic. Agriculture, instead of being depressed as the whigs said it would, has, as the democrats predicted, greatly advanced, and bids fair to be better rewarded than ever before. The money market, notwithstanding the double ruin of the tariff and the sub-treasury, is steady, and discounts easily made. Everything seems to be prosperous and beyond the whig cry of ruin to make it otherwise. True some of the whig papers still talk of ruin, either present or prospective, but while they cry ruin in one column, in another, under the head of "full trade," they tell us of the wonderful activity and prosperity of full business. In one column they send forth the bane, and in another the antidote. The truth is, the ruin cry was raised to defeat the tariff and sub-treasury, but as it has failed of its purpose, and as there is no possibility of overthrowing either of those measures, the whigs themselves have concluded, that, as they can't ruin the country, they may just as well let it prosper so to croak ruin in the face of universal prosperity, and be laughed at; and the cry of ruin will cease as soon as our whig friends can with decency right about face.

PHONOGRAPHY. By reference to the advertisement of Mr Hornsby, a young English Mechanic it will be seen that he proposes giving a Free Lecture on Phonography at City Hall Wednesday evening of next week. From evidence which he produced to us, and which we have not time enough now to reproduce to the reader, we have entire faith on his ability as a teacher of the reform system of reporting and writing. We shall recur to this matter before the evening of the Lecture.

☞ We have received from Carlton &c. Druggist and Apothecaries, City Hall, a box of "Charcoal Paste" for cleansing and beautifying the teeth. It is put up as all such preparations should be, but are not always, most daintily. Charcoal being the least hurtful of all dentifrices and at the same time a good disinfecting agent it is peculiarly excellent for the teeth and gums.

Lawyers.

The popular notion is, that lawyers are seldom honest men. Is there any well grounded reason for this opinion? or is it the result of mistaking certain exceptions for the general rule?

Some persons express the belief, that a community would be better off, without any lawyers, than with them. Unquestionably, it would be a happy state of society in which lawyers could be entirely dispensed with—for it would be that state in which laws themselves would be superfluous, every person doing right without compulsion or restraint. But so long as a large portion of men are not disposed to conduct themselves honestly, except as they are constrained so to do, either by direct compulsion or by fear of penalty—so long will laws be indispensable for the regulation of a community; and in proportion to the extent of a government, and the variety and magnitude of its interests will be the simplicity or complexity of its laws. It is absurd to maintain that a civilized state can exist, without a distinct class of men whose whole profession it shall be to study and administer its laws.

Is it a necessary consequence that this class of men must be dishonest and bad members of society? To answer this inquiry in the affirmative, two things must concur: the laws which they constantly study must be bad, and of immoral tendency; and the persons who employ them to enforce these laws must be dishonest and corrupt. If this reasoning be correct, the whole sin in this matter lies at the door of the *people*—they should make wholesome and moral laws, and not call for the execution of immoral and dishonest ones.—If there were no dishonest *clients*, there would be no dishonest lawyers—for an honest client, if he be conscientious and consistent, will employ none but an honest upright lawyer. Demand will regulate supply in this as in all other cases.

But while it is true that there is nothing in the profession of the Bar, which necessarily in the least interferes with the integrity of its members, it is also true that there are many exceptions to a course of high-minded, honorable *practice* among lawyers.—These exceptions are what the popular mind mistake for a necessary, universal fact. The lamentable truth that men of solid integrity, and corrupt principles are found in the profession, and that they unjustly use for the oppression of the people, those laws which were intended for their protection, is no sound argument against the Bar as a profession. No sensible man uses as an argument against revealed religion, the fact that some of its professed teachers are imposters, and men of depraved wickedness; nor against the value of medical science, that the world abounds with quacks. No more is it an argument against the necessity and usefulness of the the legal profession, that occasionally a pettifoger or a corrupt practitioner trespass within its pale.

When people will cease to employ lawyers of questionable integrity, but give their business and hereby their influence, in favor of honest members of the profession, then will the former class cease to exist, and with it will cease the popular odium now cast indiscriminately upon the Bar as a profession.. §.

AN ATTEMPT AT MURDER. We see from the Lancaster Courant that an attempt to murder the Cashier of the Lancaster Bank, Mr. T. C. Symmes, on Thursday night last, very nearly proved successful. It appears that in the night Mr, & Mrs. Symmes awoke and saw a man rifling their Bureau. On being discovered the villian at once attacked Mr Symmes with a razor and cut his throat so as to lay bare the windpipe and came very near severing the jugular vein. He demanded of Mr. Symmes the hundred dollars paid him by Deacon Parker of Southboro the day previous. Mr. & Mrs. Symmes both know the wretch, but refuse to give his name because they took an oath if he would spare their lives they would not reveal his name.

The Boston Atlas on the authority of Hon. John B. Thurston, of Lancaster, says the assassin is Otto Sutar a young German, who formerly resided in that town. A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered for his arrest. He is 24 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, stout built, florid complexion, sunburnt, light colored hair and eyes.

ACCIDENT UPON THE CONCORD RAILROAD. The passenger train from Concord to Lowell, being a little behind the time, the engineer, to save delay, detached the engine from the train, and run ahead to take in wood and water at the usual stopping place, at Reed's ferry, while the train was coming up instead of stopping as is customary. On returning for the train, the engineer forgetting that it was on the way instead of being stopped, run the engine smash into the train before he thought it had not been stopped as usual. The engine and the two baggage cars were so smashed that they could not be run, and the passengers were obliged to wait 'till an engine was procured from Nashua. The passengers were shook up some, but nobody injured. One or two men upon the engine were slightly injured. The cars were delayed two hours and a half in consequence of the collision.

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION. One of the boilers of the Steamer Excelsior, immediately after she left the wharf at the foot of Robinson street, N. Y. for Kingston, burst, scattering fragments of the vessel in every direction and spreading consternation among the passengers and all on board. Mr Slasson was killed, Mr Jones, the fireman, is missing and is said to have been blown into the air. The chief engineer and his brother were considerably scalded, and Mr William Hull had his jaw fractured. The other persons on board, some seventy or eighty, escaped unharmed. No fault is attributed to the engineer. The boat took fire from the explosion and burnt to the water's edge. The passengers were taken off in small boats. She cost from thirty to forty thousand dollars.

☞ We learn by the Newburyport Herald that Gen. Taylor has effectually suppressed all the grog shops at Matamoras and Camargo, and a letter says the sellers had generally placed their empty decanters on their shelves, with a black cloth tied around the necks, to mourn the departed *spirits*.

MUSTER. At a meeting of the officers of the fifth Regiment of Light Infantry, at Pepperell, last Saturday, it was voted that the Regimental Muster be held at Groton, sometime between the 25th of September and the 1st of October.

☞ Hon. Felix Grundy McConnell committed suicide at Washington Thursday afternoon Sept. 10th, by stabbing himself three times in the neck and five times in the stomach with a large case knife. He was the victim of intemperance.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

MACKINAC, August 31, 1846.

Head of Lake Huron—Island of Mackinac—Lake Steamboats—passengers—pick-pockets—Cleveland—Detroit—Lake Huron—health—climate, &c.

FRIEND H.—I last wrote you from the Falls of Niagara. Put your finger on the map at Buffalo, and push along up the American shore of Lake Erie, to Cleaveland, Ohio, thence to Detroit, Michigan, at the entrance of Lake St. Clair into Lake Huron, and along through the Lake to its head, at a little island called Mackinac, and you will find the spot I am now writing from. Continuing along the line of the map, starting from Mackinac, by the shore of the lake to the east strait, thence up the channel that connects with Lake Superior, to Sault de Marie, you come to a steamboat landing. Thence up Lake Superior, along the shore to Eagle river, Copper Harbor, and so up still further 200 miles, to a place called La Point, near the head of Lake Superior—is just about the spot where, when you have received this, I will write you again of what I may see of the wonders on Lake Superior. From this spot, near the head of Lake Superior, across the country to the head waters of the Mississippi, is about two hundred miles of uninhabitable forest, except by the broken tribes of the Chippewas. You find near the upper end of Lake Superior, the little river Brulee. It is our intention—my friend and myself—(and it will occupy about ten days, camping out in the woods meantime) at La Point, to take a couple of Indian guides and a bark canoe, strike up this river to its head; thence an foot through the woods, until we strike the river St Croix, and thence down this river to the head of Lake St. Croix, to a settlement; and here get some horses, and cross along the shore of the Lake to a line direct to the Falls of St. Anthony, on the head waters of the Mississippi. Here we end our journey and return the other way down the river a few hundred miles, thence across the country to Madison, the capital of Wisconsin; and thence to Milwaukie, Racine, &c., on Lake Michigan; and thence to Chicago, and thence back to Galena, on the river Mississippi, and down the river to St. Louis, and so on through N. Y. to Massachusetts. Thus you have at a glance on the map, our journey; a picture of which, I will give you as it is pursued, as well as I am able, in a simple, plain manner, just as any one would notice did they accompany us.

At Buffalo, your first contact with the great lakes is imposing in every sense of the word. The whole aspect from the shore, is of a lively, large, extending commerce. The lake boats are stupendous in size, and run daily lines through to Chicago, making the latter place in about five days; fare $12 through, being *one thousand miles*, with about 20 stoppings at intermediate places. The scene, when starting, is altogether new to a New England man. You ride down from the public house free of charge. An immense floating palace of a steamboat, two stories high, presents itself; births the whole length of the upper deck, and a dining hall and cabin, near two hundred feet long—the births making the circumference of the upper deck. The state rooms, about one hundred in number, open into this area, which is used as a cabin and a dining hall, and painted with most gorgeous colors, and furnished in the most extravagant style of eastern splendor. In the cabin were the usual large proportion of men, yet the ladies on board at dinner, numbered seventy three, and more than one third with an infant at the breast. The company was composed of Louisiana planters and families, returning home through the Lakes. Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin people, mostly, and the passengers generally, were of a sallow, languid complexion, presenting to the observer an unhealthy appearance. The company is social and familiar, but not freely so. Three hundred are seated in the large saloon at one table. But to be interested, go down stairs to the deck floor. Here you see men in a state indescribable. In the first place, some six hundred persons, male and female, of every name, complexion, kind, nation and kin, occupy this whole deck from bow to stern, lodging and victualling themselves. Germans, French, English, Americans and Irish—good looking and bad—some literally alive with lice; and along side, another group, a family, often from New England. The old man, keen eyed, and about 60, going west to look up and buy his sons a farm, took deck passage, and saved $70 in the journey. His daughters blush at the humiliating position, as you come down from above, and look about. Pickpockets, blacklegs, and every species of human being you can imagine, all huddled together for five days.

The second day was one of listening to calamities. Two sick, one dead, two had their money stolen, one his trunk broken open, another his pocket cut, &c.—I was happy and healthy, and never was so much instructed in so short a time. Only one trouble: I fell in love with a young lady from Detroit. As she passed in and I passed out, I met her on the foot board, fell in love and like to have fallen into the Lake. But she is gone, G—d knows where, to the west somewhere, and I am here on this little island all alone, thinking of my *little love*. But you know—

"He who for love has undergone
The worst that can befall,
Is happier thousand fold than him
Who never loved at all—
A grace within his soul has reigned
Which nothing else can bring—
Thank God for all that I have gained
By this high suffering."

The boat put into Cleaveland, Ohio, where we stopped to reconnoitre and find out what of Cleaveland and what of Ohio we could.

To speak of Ohio as a State, is to speak of the queen of the west. Toledo and Cleaveland, I believe, are the principal lake ports. Toledo is unhealthy, it is not advisable for New England people to go there in the sickly season. Cleaveland is better; the town looks prosperous, new and healthy; the buildings present a city like appearance, many of brick, but poor brick, not faced. Our next stopping place was Detroit, Michigan, at the head of Lake St. Clair, and the residence of Gen. Cass, whom the western people say *shall* be the next President. This is a very old place, having been settled as long back as the French and English colonial wars. It was here the celebrated Indian Pontiac, figured in the rebellions Indian wars, got up against the English, after they had conquered the French on this continent. He was assassinated by an Indian of a tribe I do not remember, and his death was revenged by most savage cruelty on the whites by the terrible tribes of the Ottawas, the Potawatamies and the Chippewas. Of the acts of Pontiac, the historian speaks, as of a terrible drama, got up by this son of the forest, stamping his name with greatness. The living marble and the glowing canvass may not embody his works, but they are identified with the soil of the western forest, and will live as long as the remembrance of the Algonquin race. It was Pontiac that took Captain Campbell, the commander of the British fort at Detroit, *one hundred years ago*, and boiled and ate his heart, and made a pouch of the skin of his arms.

Detroit presents much the appearance of an old, small sea port town. Considering the town has been a century growing to what it is, and as many western towns outstripping it in beauty and business, one concludes its consequence as a town, comparatively, is rather on the wane.

On the shores of Lake Erie, as we came along, the settlements were very general, and the timber of the forest large. After coming to the shore of the state of Michigan, I noticed the country was flat and marshy, and the people with countenances of an unhealthy hue. It was remarked by the planters that the shore along the Detroit river, presented the same appearance as the bottom lands on the Mississippi. The shore was low, the soil rich, the forest heavy, dark and dense. Farms look well, but people bod in health, not in every case, but as a general thing. Passengers on board from Michigan, women in particular, were in *very unhealthy appearance*.

All along the St. Clair river were *steam saw mills* and logs and lumber fires, indicating rich soil, but flat and all the way. As you open upon Lake Huron, the picture is beautiful; The broad sheet of water, far as the eye can extend, opens to view, calm and smooth; its shores lined with an undisturbed forest waiting for the woodsman's axe. One hundred and fifty years ago, a Frenchman, in an Indian bark canoe, thus spake of this lake and vicinity: Roses bloom and die, only to be crushed by the feet of the deer and the savage. The rattlesnake glides undisturbed through the Prairies. The panther, the Fox, the wolf, the bear and the elk, roam unmolested—seeming as you glide along the lake, as if nature amid her solitude, fresh in her virgin beauty, had adorned her bosom with the fragrant roses of spring, and vain of her charms, had set this lake upon the landscape to reflect her bewitching beauty. It strikes the traveller now much the same as then. The few settlements upon its borders, and occasional sail seen in the distance, seems but to deck her bosom with diamonds, and her shores with pearls, cast up as by enchantment, to enrich a scene already dazzling to the beholder. The settlements and clearings are not general enough upon its shore to break the solitude an immense overhanging forest gives to the surface of its waters.

The boat nears the shore of the little island of Mackinac, at the head of the lake. It is one of the oldest settled places on the North American Continent. For two hundred years it has been an Indian head quarters; it was one for the French and English, and is now for the Americans. I will make its history and our journey to the foot of Lake Superior, about 90 miles, the subject of another letter, as this, I find is getting long. So good by until to-morrow, on board the General Scott, up Mud lake, Lake George and the Sault river, to the unsettled shores of Lake Superior.

As ever,

A LOOKER ON.

ANOTHER VICTIM. Says the New York True Sun, "a young girl by the name of Mary Dicksan took laudanum at Cincinnati on the 3d inst, of the effects of which she died before evening. Before her death she disclosed the particulars of being ruined by a young man, and to save her parents from the shame her improper conduct would bring upon them, she took flight with her lover. They arrived at Cincinnati something over two years since, from Indiana, and the young man paid her every attention until a few weeks ago, when he took up with another woman, leaving Mary to do as best she could. Her jealousy and feelings prompted her to debauchery, and in a fit bordering on despair she put an end to her existence."

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Order of cases tried up to to-day.

George Daley against Joseph Whitely—general assumpsit—verdict for plaintiff. Went up on exceptions. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

S. C. Shapleigh against Thos. Wentworth—Traver for goods—special verdict for plaintiff. Carried up on exceptions. Abbatt and Brown for plff. Butler for deft.

Ebenezer Barker against the Boston and Lowell Railroad corporation—action on the case for injury to a horse—jury disagreed and were discharged. Abbott and Brown for plff. Hopkinson for deft.

Stephen Castles against John Murphy—trespass for assault and battery—verdict for plff—one dollar damages. Butler for plff. Abbat and Brown for deft.

☞ A young girl was tried in Baltimore for having stolen $215 from her father. She was probably acquitted. This is the fifth time he has tried to get her convicted of stealing, and for what cause is a mystery.

☞ The City Guards were out yesterday afternoon and evening and made a fine appearance. The Lowell Brass Band accompanied them and played in their usual excellent style

☞ The splendid building recently erected by Hildreth & Co. for their glass factory at Lockport N. Y. was consumed by fire last Thursday evening. It had been in operation but three days.

☞ It is officially announced that Mr Bancroft goes to England, and John Y. Mason the Attorney General, takes his place. Mr McLane is recalled at his own request.

☞ A recent fire at albany N. Y. destroyed about $100,000 worth of property and turned some fifty families out of doors.

☞ The Cincinnatians state that they are run down by broken and counterfeit money from Michigan and Maine.

☞ There will be a great display of flowers, tonight at the pawtucket garden. Music by Bond's Band.

☞ A new Catholic Church has just been completed and consecrated to divine worship at Chillicothe.

☞ Eva A. Marillet N. Y. city committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor on the 1st inst. She was deranged.

☞ C. F. Daniels, Esq., has retired from the editorial department of the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer.

☞ The New England Vocalists of this city have recently returned from a tour West, where they have been giving Concerts. The following from the Albany Herald shows they were appreciated.

THE NEW ENGLAND VOCALISTS.—These minstrels gave their first Concert in our city last evening, at Bleeker Hall. There was a good attendance and they were rapturously applauded. The quartett of "Blow On," and "Lutzow's Wild Hunt," drew down tremendous applause, and it was universally conceded the latter song, was given better and with more effect than when sung by the Hutchinson's. The opening song "On to the Chase," is thrilling and filled with wild melody, while that of "Sleep On" tranquilizes the mind and leaves a pleasurable sensation. "She now sleeps in the Valley" caused the ladies to make frequent use of their handkerchiefs and we could even see '*Stern Men*' much moved: but the cheerful song of "Lady of Beauty" brought the color back to the eyes of the ladies and made their countenances radiant with joy. The finale "Farewell, to-night we Part" is a gem, and is alone well worth the price of admission. The audience separated delighted with the performances of the evening.

We learn by particular request of many families they will repeat the concert this evening at the same place. Go early if you wish to obtain a seat.

☞ Freeman who is sentenced to be hung at Auburn N. Y. on the 18th inst. is pronounced by seven physicians, one of whom is superintendent of the State Lunatic Asaylum, to be insane.

SILAS WRIGHT. John Smith Jr. of Arkansaw in a correspondence to the Boston Post from New York says,

"The determination of the democracy of the state of New York to renominate Governor Wright for the office of governor, and subsequently to push him as a candidate for the presidency, such here manifests itself with universal zeal. He will be renominated and reelected, I am confident, by a large majority.

The chances of Gov. Wright to the presidency are estimated, but as the day has not arrived, in my opinion, when that subject should be discussed, I do not choose to go into the calculation. Col. Benton has more than intimated that the next president must be a northern man—and the "Cato" of New York is evidently the person he refers to."

ORDINATION. The Rev. Thomas Star King was ordained on Sabbath evening last, as Pastor of the First Universalist Church and Society in Charlestown. The Rev gentleman is son of the former pastor, the late Rev Thomas F. King, who deceased in 1839, and it is we believe, the first instance, in the vicinity, of a son succeeding his father, as pastor of the same religious society. The present incumbent is in the twenty-second year of his age. The sermon on the occasion was preached by Rev E. H. Chapin of this city.—*Transcript.*

THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION. The Regents of this Institution assembled in this city yesterday, in obedience to the appointment of the law creating the Institution. There were present—

The Vice President of the United States.
The Chief Justice of the United States.
The Mayor of Washington.
The Hon. George Evans, of Maine.
The Hon. I. S. Pennybacker, of Virginia.
The Hon. W. J. Hough, of New York.
The Hon. R. D. Owen, of Indiana.
The Hon. H. W. Hilliard, of Alabama.
The Hon. Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts.
The Hon. Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania.
Dr. Gideon Hawley, of New York.
Professor A. D. Bache, of Washington.
Col. J. G. Totten, of the Corps of Engineers.

Absent, the Hon. W. C. Preston, of South Carolina, who is detained in the South by indisposition, and the Hon. Sidney Breese, who had proceeded home to Illinois before his appointment, and of course could not have received notice early enough to enable him to return to Washington in time for the meeting.

At a little after three o'clock they adjourned.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

CURIOUS FACT.—It is a fact not generally known we presume, that no president of the United States *who had sons*, was ever re-elected. Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, and Jackson, had no sons, and were re-elected; John Adams, John Quincy Adams, Van Buren, Harrison, and Tyler, had sons and were not re-elected.

☞ According to these indications, Mr Polk, having no sons, will be re-elected. But 'all signs fail in a dry time.'—*Exchange.*

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT. George Bancroft, of Massachusetts, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States for the united kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, vice Louis McLane, recalled at his own request.

John Y. Mason, of Virginia, to be secretary of the navy of the United States, vice Hon. George Bancroft resigned.

Judge Mason will act, also, as attorney general *ad interim*, until his successor in that office shall be appointed and qualified.—*Washington Union.*

☞ That young lady in Prudenceville isn't to going to read any more of Washington Irving's works, because he was "received in a private audience by the queen of Spain."—*Post.*

TRAVEL THROUGH SYRACUSE. Three thousand persons daily take breakfast at Syracuse, at three different hours on the arrival of the cars.—*N. Y. Sun.*

☞ B. L. Judkins & Isaac Holden Esq., of Billerica have remembered us by forwarding a fine lot of peaches for which they have our thanks. Mr. Holden we understand has one of the most flourishing nurseries in the County.

☞ A distemper has prevailed among horses in nearly all parts of Long Island, which has caused the death of a very great number of them.

☞ An old Miser, by the name of Dick, died at Mulville, Ohio, week before last, and after his death there were found in an old iron chest in his room $33,000 in gold!

☞ A man by the name of Calvin Russ of N. Y. on Wednesday night the 11th inst. murdered his wife by cutting her throat from ear to ear. He was of intemperate habits.

☞ The death of Thomas R. Drew, late President of William and Mary's College, is announced by the Richmond Enquirer.

☞ The common council of Pittsburg have offered $3000 reward for the arrest of the murderer of young Lawson, the fireman.

☞ An excessive drought has prevailed in Kennebec for the last six weeks.

☞ Mr G. Q. Colton has returned to this city and proposes giving two or three more Lectures, accompanied with practical experiments, on the telegraph. See advertisement.

A WARNING.—"You are to be hanged," said an Irish Judge, in sentencing a prisoner; "and I hope it will be a *warning* to you.

☞ Mr. Secretary Bancroft has nearly recovered from his severe illness.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching in an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 a&eply3m

MARRIED.

In this city, on Wednesday, 9th inst, Mrs Lydia Goodwin, wife of Hon. Joseph Locke, 67.

DIED.

In Meredith, N H, Aug 19th, Mr Robert Wood to Miss Martha Ann Mason, both of Lowell, Mass.

In Tyngsboro', Sept 5th, Mr Foster Harrows, of Newton, to Miss Sarah P. Newell of Lowell.

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store No. 29, Central St., (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

TO ALL, ESPECIALLY MECHANIC'S,

JAMES HORNSBY, a young English mechanic will lecture on the *Writing and Printing Reform* and the art of reporting, in City Hall on Wednesday Evening 16th inst. at 8 o'clock. During the evening Mr Hornsby will, to show the superiority of Phonography over stenography and every other system of writing, write at the rate of one hundred and twenty to two hundred words per minute, and read his report with ease. *Admission Free.* a3tsep10

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. a3w

TELEGRAPH EXHIBITION.

MR. COLTON, assisted by Miss S. G. BAGLEY, will give one more

Exhibition of the Telegraph,

at the CITY HALL, on *MONDAY EVENING*, Sept. 14th 1846. After the explanation of the Telegraph, Mr. C. will give all the best of the

Philosophical Experiments

of the two former entertainments, including those with the **Five Dollar** piece and the **Button**. Mr. C. will endavor to make this exhibition surpass the two former in interest and attraction.

Doors open at 7 Lecture to commence at a quarter before 8. Tickets 12 1-2 cents. For sale at the principle Book Stores and at the door.

Lowell, Sept. 12 1846. a1t

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

a3w* JONATHAN RICE.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of September inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Sep10 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 12th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of GARDNER H. BROWN of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the day twenty-sixth of September inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

sep.12 a3t

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

BOSTON STOVE STORE.
A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.
Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adopted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14 1m H. T. BUTLER.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a10

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!
JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and [illegible] jy25tf

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully incited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Mussic Falls.

About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&p1f

FALL FASHION!

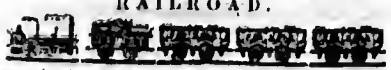
BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*
Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

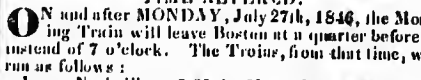
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.15, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Passengers arriving at, or leaving Lowell in the cars of this road, will be conveyed to and from the Depot in Lowell *free of expense*, by leaving their names at the Rail Road Ticket Office.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

☞ For further information of the various stage lines, Fares, and to Book names for seats in Coaches, apply to the Stage Agent at the Railroad Ticke Office in Lowell.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.
" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 9 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all to be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. sp28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plyma5

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Great Sale of Furniture.

On SATURDAY next, Sept. 12th, at 9 1-2 and 2 o'clock—A very large lot of Household Furniture, belonging to persons leaving the city, in part as follows:

8 Sofas—6 Hair-seat Chairs—24 Cane-seat and Rocking do—Mahogany Centre and Card Tables—3 Bureaus—10 Washbas and other Bedsteads—23 Looking Glasses—common Chairs and Tables—Dry Sinks—Toilet Tables—6 Brass Clocks—18 Wooden do.—10 Live Geese and common Beds—11 Cooking Stoves of various sizes—A right and Parlor Stoves—Crockery, Glass, Wooden and Tin-Ware—Table Linen, Cutlery, &c. Also, 7 boxes old Family Soap.

At 12 o'clock—2 second hand Wagons, 1 do Buggy.

On MONDAY at 3 o'clock P. M.—on the premises. A lot of land containing 11,000 feet, situated on the southerly side of Merrimack street, near the residence of John Aiken, Esq. It will be sold in 1 or 2 lots as may be desired.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale.—

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 Shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Premptory Sale of valuable Real Estate.

On MONDAY next, September 14th at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises.

That new house and valuable lot on Dutton street, owned and recently occupied by Mr Ira Leonard. The house is built in the most thorough manner of the best material. The lot consists of 91 feet front on Dutton street and 92 feet on Worthen street, and bounded on the west by the Western Canal, making it a very desirable residence; the location being such as to insure an increase in value as the city becomes more populous. Land sufficient for the accommodation of the house will be sold with it. The balance will be sold in one or two lots as may be desired. Terms easy.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M. The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Lowell more than one year, and having been duly advertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked James Shurd, containing Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and a Bible marked Martha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 21 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A Bag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plaid Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Andrew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Containing Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Procter. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Dunnaged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Dunnaged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

In front of office, on Saturday next Sept. 19th at 9 o'clock A. M.

Horses, Carriages, Harness &c. &c. 1 Bay Horse, 8 years old, sound and kind, well adapted to a Team or Cab, 1 Store wagon and Harness, 1 Coacord built wagon nearly new, 1 2d Hand Chaise and Harness, 1 Peddlar's Cart &c.

Also, one fine English Pony 8 years old, fine figure and of great endurance. Well adapted to the saddle for Ladies' or children. Also, immediately after, at office, an act of J. Anderson a former purchaser certain Housekeeping articles, such as Feather Beds, Bureau, Light Stand, &c.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnastick apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHAS. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. mlylyma9

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices.

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*—which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worthily suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched to boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL *is easily found. It is at*

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I immediately sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 100 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in nearly all the principal towns in the United States. [my12n] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jn20

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being; the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy no almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jan7y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar illness.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

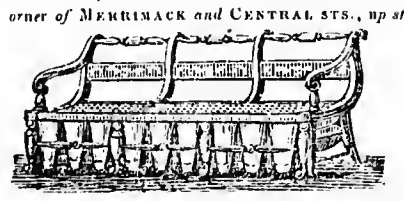
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Ball, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&partly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Same new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE.—Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. tomay9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, at every pattern manufactured by them, can constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS AND MAGNETIC FLUID.

THIS remarkable discovery comprises an entirely safe and novel application of the mysterious power of Galvanism as a remedial agent. The GALVANIC RINGS, in connection with the MAGNETIC FLUID, have been used with entire success in all cases of RHEUMATISM, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; *Gout, Tic Doloreaux, Bronchitis, Vertigo, Nervous or Sick Headache, Indigestion, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of Joints, Spinal Complaints, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Nervous Tremors, Dizziness of the Head, Pains in the Chest and Side, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous and Physical Energy*, and *all Nervous Disorders*. In cases of *Dyspepsia*, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs, they have been found equally successful. The RINGS are of different prices, of all sizes, and of various ornamental patterns, and can be worn by the most delicate female without the slightest inconvenience.

The GALVANIC BELTS, BANDS, BRACELETS, &c. are modifications of the invention, and recommended in more chronic cases of disease, where the Rings do not possess sufficient intensity of power. They are adapted to the waist, arms, wrists, ancles, chest, or any part of the body with perfect ease. Any Galvanic power that is required may thus be obtained, and no complaint which the mysterious agent of Galvanism can affect, will fail to be permanently relieved.

CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID is used in connection with the Rings and their modifications. This composition has been pronounced by the French chemists to be one of the most valuable discoveries of modern science. It is believed to possess the remarkable power of *rendering the nerves sensitive to Galvanic action*, by this means causing a concentration of the influence at the seat of disease, and thus giving rapid and permanent relief.

CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTER. These articles form an important addition to the Galvanic Rings, acting upon the same principles, but having the advantage of more local application. *As an effectual means for strengthening the system when debilitated by disease or other causes; as a certain aid in constitutional weakness; as a preventive for colds, and in all affections of the chest generally*, the GALVANIC STRENGTHENING PLASTERS will be found of great and permanent advantage.

HOME CERTIFICATES.

These testimonials, all of which are from the most respectable sources, have been selected from several hundred of a similar character, which have been procured during the short time the discovery has been before the American public.

Nervous Headache and Rheumatism.

☞Mr JACOB A. OGSBERY, No. 162 William st., New York, has been afflicted from childhood with almost constant Nervous Headache and Rheumatic pains in the legs and arms. He was also troubled with great nervous debility and indigestion. He tried the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and states that "after a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, entirely relieved my headache, and I have had no relapse of the Rheumatism since the first day."

Tic Doloreaux.

☞The following testimonial is from T. C. Dwight, Esq., who is so favorably known for his exertions in the cause of Education throughout the Northern States.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—For several years I have been terribly afflicted with that agonizing complaint called Tic Doloreaux, principally affecting the sciatic nerves. At times, no human being can have suffered more—my screams have often disturbed the neighborhood. By simply wearing one of your Rings on each hand, and faithfully using the Magnetic Fluid the complaint has entirely left me, and I now believe myself completely cured. I am very respectfully,

Albany, Dec. 4, 1845. TIMO. C. DWIGHT.

☞Mrs MARY BOSSYCASTLE, widow of the late Prof. Bossycastle, President of the Virginia University residing at Mrs Sheward's, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C., has also been relieved of severe Tic Doloreaux affecting the face

Convulsions and Fits.

DR A. H. CHRISTIE: Dear Sir—I feel it a duty to state for the benefit of the public, that your Galvanic Remedies, as applied by the Rings and Magnetic Fluid, have entirely cured my son, 11 years old, of the most severe and alarming Fits, to which he has been subject for 6 years. He has often had from 12 to 16 fits in one day, sometimes accompanied with the most dreadful screeching, at the same time a choking in the throat and pain in the region of the heart, this mother and myself have long despaired of his life, but through the mercies of Providence and your remedies *he is now quite well*, and I sincerely believe his cure will be permanent

I am very respectfully yours,
GEORGE WHITE,
New York, Nov. 13, 1845. 101 Charles st.

☞A child of the Rev. S. R. HOWARTH, the well known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing at 105 Division st., New York, has been subject to Fits since birth. He has generally been attacked in the night, and has several times been supposed to be dead. The use of the Galvanic Bracelets and Fluid has caused their complete disappearance. The system being much weakened by the frequent attacks, the Galvanic Strengthening Plaster was used with the happiest results. *Sick Headache.*

☞The following certificate is from the lady of Capt JOHN F. STRAIN, one of the most respectable citizens of Albany, N. Y. Reference can be given to many others, mostly ladies, who seem peculiarly afflicted with this malady.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted for several years past with the Sick Headache, which distressing complaint has confined me to the bed from one to two days in the week during that time. For a month past I have worn Dr Christie's Galvanic Rings, and occasionally using the Magnetic Fluid. I am happy to say that I have not been troubled with the Sick Headache since. ANN F. STRAIN,

Albany, Dec. 2, 1845. 67 Dean st.

☞Mrs J. TREMOR, wife of the celebrated Dentist, No. 4 College place, New York, sent for the Rings and Fluid during the continuance of a severe attack of the Sick Headache, to which she has long been subject.—In five minutes after applying the Fluid, the pain entirely left, and there has been no return of the complaint.

Epilepsy and Palpitation of the Heart.

☞The following case relates to a Clergyman, son in-law of Mr John Jacob Astor, of New York:

Rev. JOHN BRISTED, Minister of the Episcopalian Church, at Bristol, R. I., has long been subject to distressing attacks of the Epilepsy, often falling down insensible. The disease has been accompanied with violent Palpitation of the Heart, and a rush of blood to the head. For three years he has been unable to preach or attend to his other duties. Mr Bristed has found the most valuable benefit from the Rings, Bands, and Fluid, is better in every respect than he has been since his illness, and is now rapidly recovering his health. All symptoms of Epilepsy have left him.

Rheumatic Gout.

To DR CHRISTIE: Sir—After a fair trial of almost every thing without any good effect, I think I must attribute a remarkable cure to the power of your Galvanic and Magnetic articles. If I am not mistaken in the cause, they have very seriously relieved me of my Rheumatic Gout, of long standing, together with general nervous debility of the system.

MARY JACKSON, 109 Bank st., N. Y.

Mrs Jackson is a relative of Major M. M. Noah, who has kindly added the following:

Dear Doctor—The above cure is personally known to me, and is not less strange than true. It is a happy result, to which I bear witness with pleasure. I may state, that some other cases have come to my notice, of a nature equally fortunate and successful.

Very sincerely yours, M. M. NOAH

New York, Oct. 30, 1845.

Apoplexy and Paralysis.

The following case is of a deeply interesting character, and has attracted the attention and examination of some of the first physicians of N. York and Brooklyn.

Capt Andrew J. P. Tomes, residing at No 70 Bridge street, Brooklyn, L. I., is in his 76 year. He has generally enjoyed robust health, but about three years since it began it fail; a general weakness and lassitude affected him, accompanied with depression of spirits, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, &c. Dr John W. Francis, of N. Y., was consulted. The usual remedies such as copious bleeding, &c., were recommended, but shortly after Capt Tomes fell down insensible to the street, with a severe Apoplectic fit. On recovery he noticed that a portion of his side was apparently dead; and on examination his physicians pronounced his case to be that of combined Apoplexy and Paralysis. He was now unable to walk without assistance; he could neither feed nor dress himself alone, was unable to articulate distinctly, and his sight was impaired. The family of Capt Tomes were induced to try the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and for this purpose procured a pair of the Rings for the hands, a pair of Bands for the limbs, and one bottle of the Fluid. In twenty four hours after using these articles, feeling was perceptible in the paralysed parts, and perspiration broke out. *In five days he was enabled to raise his arm and use his hand, and in three weeks he was enabled to walk alone.* A period of nearly six months has now elapsed, during which time no symptom of Apoplexy has been apparent; he is enabled to take regular exercise, and all his impaired faculties have been restored.

Severe Rheumatism.

Mrs Elizabeth Miller, No. 90 Pohr street, Philadelphia, has been completely cured of the most severe attacks of rheumatism, for which she has tried every thing in vain. The extreme pain would often compel her to rise ten times in a night, and her hands were drawn up so as to be completely useless. After using the rings and fluid for only 24 hours, the pains entirely left, and she has not had the slightest attack for several months.

DR CHRISTIE is in possession of nearly *one thousand* testimonials, received from persons who have been entirely cured of the most severe Rheumatism, both Chronic and Inflammatory, for which every other "remedy" was useless. The Rings and Fluid, when properly applied, were never known to fail in any of these cases.

The only agents in Lowell are WALKER & KIDDER, cor. Merrimack and John sts. All others are base counterfeits. feb3a&july

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly-popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nozarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by G. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 109.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING,

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

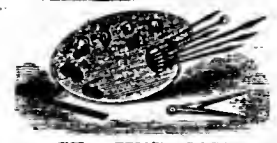
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from F. D. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. jet3a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep0

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1marct9

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9
aly

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's* [illegible]

J. JUDSON [illegible],
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room; *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment, will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is prescribed, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shriek from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARIER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 2d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stewas entirely cured of [illegible] severely afflicted with Erysipelas,
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. &Tplyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility; &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, he best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *the Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashua*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower sep22a&ptoct 14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a violent fever.
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of inproved *Elastic Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his inents are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
50	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	848 00	370 45	55 74	1780
			1840	531 85	270 20	39 70	1484
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed a whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

POETRY.

From the Bangor Gazette.

The School-Mistress.

Beside an unfrequented road
The rustic school-house stood—
Its modest front and moss grown roof,
Half hidden by the wood.
Around its latticed windows clung
Sweet flowers and fragrant vines,
And just in front—like sentinels—
Grew two protecting pines.

Few travellers ever passed that spot,
But stopped awhile, to gaze
Upon a scene that brought to mind
Their happy school-boy days.
And none e'er turned away, but left
A blessing and a prayer
For both the teacher and the taught
Who daily gathered there.

It was my lot one summer morn,
To journey o'er this road,
And there for full an hour or more,
I rested with my load.
One after one, across the fields,
The tidy children ran,
Ambitious to secure their seats
Before the school began.

A score of faces, bright and clean,
Soon gathered at the door—
A happier group I've not seen since,
And never saw before.
The merry shout—the ringing laugh,
With music filled the air—
And my sad heart forgot its griefs,
The sinless glee to share.

But soon a wishful child proclaimed
The mistress near at hand,
And murmurs of delight were breathed,
Throughout that little band.
I'll ne'er forget that lovely face—
I see it yet in dreams—
And ever to my spirit's eye
An angle face it seems.

As rapidly she pressed the turf,
And passed the easy stiles,
Her glowing cheek and rosy lips
Were wreathed with radiant smiles.
Amid her charge at last she stood—
Each answering to her call;
Her usual greeting then I saw—
A kiss for one and all.

This o'er, she led them in, and soon
Low murmurs filled the air;
I listened, breathless and in awe,
To her impassioned prayer.
The sweet "Amen" the children said,
And then a hymn they sung—
And then I heard the studious hum
From every busy tongue.

I trust I was a better man
When I resumed my way,
And never shall my heart forget
The lesson of that day.
O God! on that young teacher's head
Let thy best gifts descend;
As she to those young, sinless souls,
[illegible] a friend!

THE LOST CHILDREN.

A STORY OF THE TYROL.

Two beings dwelt in the valley of the Tyrol, and both were beautiful. One was in his sixteenth summer—the other had scarcely seen her thirteenth spring. They were children of two wealthy peasants, neighbors in that happy valley; and their young lives had hitherto passed as dreamily as the sound of their little waterfall beside their doors. They were ever together.—Their parents looked on their intimacy, and smiled. And day by day es they wandered out into the fields to gather flowers, treading the mazy pathways of the neighboring woods or scaling, like young mountain chamois, the giddy cliffs around, they became more woven into each other's being, until, even in their early youth, they were like two tendrils interwined with each other. And so Heinrich and Gertrude grew up.

One morning in the latter part of autumn they met at the old spring under the hill side, and set out to gather wild flowers in the forest for a festival. The day was bright with autumn glory. All down the valley, and high up over the blue face of heaven, was a glow like that which prophets tell us hangs over the golden landscapes of Paradise. Leaf, tree, and river were steeped in effulgence; while the wind murmured slow and tremulously, like the first song of a maiden for her lover.

"Let us go to the Wahlenstauch," said Gertrude, "for there are the choicest of flowers, and the day is so beautiful. We can go and return long before nightfall."

The Wahlenstauch was a hill, whose purple summit could be seen; a league or so across the forest. Heinrich hesitated a moment and then said—

"We shall lose sight of the hill when we enter the wood; but I know the way, let us go!" And hand in hand they entered the forest.

So full of thoughtless happiness were they that they had wandered, from flower to flower, until the sun was at the noon, without remembering that they ought long since to have been at the Wahlenstauch. All at once, however, in the midst of their innocent mirth, this reflection came across them like a dark shadow on the bosom of some sunny lake. They paused involuntarily, and Gertrude gazing up into Heinrich's face with a look of mingled enquiry and alarm, said—

"Heinrich, where are we, and where is the Whalenstauch?"

"I surely know the way," answered the boy, "and this seems like and yet unlike it. Ah! here is the road—no, it cannot be,"—and he paused bewildered.

"We are not lost, are we, Heinrich?" said the maiden in trembling tones drawing closer to her companion's side, "surely we are not lost on the mountain?"

"Oh, no," answered the boy, cheering his companion, though his heart echoed not back his words, "I have only missed the way a little, and will soon find it again—rest awhile, Gertrude, while I climb this tree to look out for the blue brow of Wahlenstauch."

But alas! it was nowhere to be seen. With alarm he beheld nothing, on every hand around, but rugged hills and wild melancholy forests.—Here and there a valley opened out before him, but it was strange to the boy's eyes, and there was no familiar feature in all that wild landscape. They must have wandered miles away from the track. What should they do? He could not hide the truth from Gertrude when he descended the tree, for his countenance, as yet unused to deceit, betrayed it in every look, and as she heard how far distant they were from home, her heart gave way, and covering her

ace in her hands, she wept. But Heinrich soon dried the tears from her eyes, by cheering hopes of finding their way home long before nightfall, and at length, as her buoyant spirits regained their ascendency, she smiled through her tears, like a flower in the sunshine glittering with dew.

It were a long story to relate, how these two young beings wandered on front high noon till almost twilight, threading tangled forests, crossing mountain streams, and scaling the rugged precipices crossing their path, in the vain hope of reaching the valley from which they had set out. Often would Heinrich climb into a tree and fancy he saw, a mile or so away, the well known hill behind the village—and so often would he find that the fancied hill was only a wild spur of the mountain. But Heinrich never desponded—and if Gertrude burst into tears at new disappointments, he would cheer her up with new hopes, carrying her when wearied in his arms until she grew ashamed to weep, and smiled again as sweetly as ever. Mile after mile was thus left behind, but yet they saw no signs around them of human life. All was wild, olitary, sublime. Step by step they grew more uncertain of their course, and as night drew on, without any evidence of their having recovered their way, even the heart of Heinrich began to despond, though he still strove to smile on Gertrude.

"Oh! Heinrich, it is not fear," she said tearfully, "that I feel: for are you not by me? But it is that my mother and yours too, Heinrich, will think all night that we are dead."

"If we die, we will die together," said he.

Meantime, the twilight had darkened around them, and the wind which had been shifting all round the horizon during the afternoon, came out, at length, from the bleak north, bringing with it from the avalanches on the loftier hills, the chill of midwinter, and breathing an icy shudder across the frail limbs of the beautiful girl. The sky too became overcast, and black massy clouds; like huge bolders heaved by Titans up the sky, lay piled across the firmament. It was the first evening of winter. Often, in those bleak and upper regions the day that opens with a summer's warmth will shut in at sunset with the frost of December. Poor Gertrude had been brought up with tender nature. And now, when the storm came on in its fury, pelting fiercely on her unsheltered form; though Heinrich covered her tenderly as he would a dove, in his own mantel, yet even that, and his own encircling arms, could not keep out the keen breath of the tempest from those frail limbs. All hope of their reaching their home was now lost. The keenest hunter on the hills might not have found his way in that fearful darkness overhead, beneath, around—the rattle of the icy hail among the trees—the deep voice of the whirlwind in the forest grander than the choral Hallelujah of a minister. Alas! for the unfriended situation of those two innocent young beings, alone, in the forest with the night setting in, and no covering for their heads but the tempestuous heaven.—Well might Gertrude cling closer and closer to the bosom of Heinrich as the storm howled fiercer overhead—and well might the tears gush unbidden into even his eyes as he thought of the frail being, whose heart now throbbed wildly against his own, but who, before the morning dawn, might lie cold upon that bosom. Oh! it was a terrible thought—so young, so beautiful, so dear to him. And did he think not of himself? What!—selfish at such a holy time as that.—Heinrich could only feel for the trembling blossom that lay on his bosom, and to save her he would have laid down his own existence. But the storm waxed louder [illegible] became intense as when it freezes the lakes in a single breath of the hurricane. Their frail clothing could not keep out the biting blast, that the next moment froze upon their garments. They felt that drowsiness was stealing upon them, and yet they knew not that it was death; but clasped now tightly to each other's hearts, they sat, half sheltered against a tree, fast losing all recollection. Awhile they murmered of their lost way, of home, of heaven, and then there was a silence. Suddenly it rushed over Heinrich's fast-dimming memory, that to sleep thus was to sleep forever; and rousing himself, he pressed Gertrude wildly to his bosom and conjured her to awake.

"Gertrude, dear, *dear* Gertrude," said he, "wake only for a minute, oh! lie not motionless, dear Gertrude, awake, awake."

"Heinrich—I am very cold," she said, as she revived at his passionate ejaculation. "Let me sleep!"

"But Gertrude, you must not sleep," said Heinrich wildly. But she only smiled. His words and caresses were in vain. Her mind was wandering in dreams. With agony of heart Heinrich at length gave over in despair, and wrapping his mantle closer around Gertrude, he pressed her to his bosom, resolving to share with her the last warmth of his heart. And while the storm went on, all unheeding the two innocent beings lying their in there own made shrouds—far away, in their happy homes the light still burned in the window for their beacon, and their mothers sat, broken-hearted, weeping for them as for the dead.

And their fathers—where were they? Out on the hill-side in the storm, searching the finest for their lost ones, with every man of the village assisting in the holy labor—hunting every well known resort, and under the precipices, and in the streams for the dear ones missing—or dividing into parties, and spreading wide through the woods, with torches flashing out across the darkness, and their warning halloos ringing far and clear along the night. For an hour they maintained their search, until they reached the brook whence Heinrich and Gertrude had set out for Wahlenstauch. There they paused bewildered, and uncertain where to proceed.

Every nook, and dell, and cliff around had been ransacked in vain; and now as they stood there in the torch light, despair was seen on each countenance, and all felt that they would have to carry back to the weeping mothers of the lost ones, in the valley, the tidings that their children were no more. But did we say *all* despaired. No—one still hoped, the pastor of the flock, for he too, gray haired though he was, had turned out into the pelting storm—and now he stood there in the midst of the seekers, and baring his white locks to the icy wind, called on all to join him in a prayer that the loved ones might yet be rescued from death, and restored to their parents. And even as he closed, a smile of hope and holy faith played on his face as if it were the face of an apostle; and just then, too, a favorite dog of Gertrude, which had seemed forgotten hitherto, sprang from the group, and with nose upon the ground, ran barking wildly away up the hill side.

☞ We shall publish the conclusion of this story when we find it. It was born from the compositor's case upon the wings of the wind to——we know not where. We would say however that the conclusion was the same as that of such stories usually, the children were found, saved and in due course of time were married.

☞ 1's of the Waltham Bank, altered to 5's and 10's, are quite plenty in this city. They are well done, and the public must be on their guard.—*Atlas.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 15, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

By order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Democratic State Convention.—The democratic citizens of the several towns of this Commonwealth are hereby requested to choose delegates to attend a State Convention to be holden at Boston, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and of transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

Each town is requested to send delegates to the Convention in the ratio of one delegate for each fifty votes cast therein at the election in 1845, for the democratic candidate for Governor, but each town to be entitled to at least one delegate.

By order of the State Central Committee.

CHARLES G. GREENE, Chairman.

HENRY CROCKER, Secretary.

Boston, July 21, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE.

The members of the Democratic Central City Committee are requested to meet at the Advertiser Office Tuesday evening Sept. 14, at 8 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of perfecting the organization of said Committee, and of transacting such other business as is necessary and proper to be acted on at that time.

Per order.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Monday, Sept. 14.

Hannah D. Snell vs. Benj. Snow jr. This was an action for slander. The Plff. is a young girl, and the Defendant an overseer on the Middlesex Corporation. It appeared in evidence that the Plff. worked for the Middlesex Co. in the room in which Deft. is overseer, and left their employment without giving the two weeks notice, required by their regulations—hence her name was forthwith sent to every counting room in Lowell, and she prevented from obtaining work in any other mill. A gentlemen of this city, Mr. J. S. French, called at her request, upon Mr. Lawrence, the agent of the Midx. Co., and inquired why it was that she was thus prevented from obtaining work in any mill in Lowell. Mr Lawrence [illegible] and asked him why Miss Snell left, and why her name was sent round to the other corporations &c. Mr Snow replied *she was a bad girl—a very bad girl, and not a girl suitable for others to associate with.* It was for the language in italic that the action was brought—the Plff. alledging that it imputed to her a want of chastity and virtue.

The defence was, that the language did not necessarily imply any such meaning, and that deft. did not intend to convey any such—but only that she was a bad girl in her temper and disposition; and he relied also upon the point that the language was a *privileged communication*, made in the strict line of his duty, and without malice.

The case went to the jury about dark last evening, after being very ably argued by J. G. Abott, Esq., for Plff., and B. F. Butler, Esq. for deft. Verdict for the defendant.

The trial of this case has proved the existence of a rule and combination among corporations that prevents any person employed by a corporation from obtaining work upon any other corporation, if, *in the opinion of the overseer* of the corporation where the person has formerly worked, he or she is not a suitable hand to be employed. And it is of no consequence what induces that opinion, bad temper, personal dislike, immoral conduct, or nothing, may and does result in hunting and driving a girl out of the city if the overseer chuses to exercise his power.

☞ Mr James Hornsby, a young English Mechanic, gives a "*Free Lecture*" on Phonography at the City Hall, to-morrow evening. He comes highly recommended, having been a pupil of Mr Isaac Pitman, the English champion of the writing reform. It is questionable if phonographic signs ever take the place now occupied by the old alphabet, but there is no doubt but that it is the best system for reporting ever invented. Mr Horosby intends, we believe, if he receives sufficient encouragement, to form a class in this city. He will make known his intentions on the evening of the lecture.

NEW MILITARY COMPANY IN LOWELL. We learn the young men of this city are about starting a new Rifle Company. They have a meeting next Wednesday evening at half past eight o'clock at the Guards armory, over the Market House. Young men desirous of joining, and all who may feel interested in Military movements are respectfully requested to attend.

NO PARTY MEN. Col. Benton, in one of his letters, thus briefly and truely defines a "no-party man." "Show me," says he, "a no-party man, and I will point you to an individual who either figures at the head or dangles at the tail of Federalism.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTE. The Mayor of Washington (Mr Seaton) has been appointed Chairman of the Executive Committee required by law to be raised, and Hon. R. D. Owen and Col. Totten Associate Members thereof.

ERRATUM. In the communication on Lawyers in the Advertiser of Saturday for *solid* integrity read *soiled* integrity.

☞ The Mormon and anti mormon difficulties are said to be drawing to a crisis—a fight is thought by some to be inevitable.

☞ The N. Y. Morning News has been discontinued.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Dracutt, Sept. 14, 1846.

MR. EDITOR:—Perhaps it has not come to your knowledge that rather a novel transaction took place here within the last two weeks, and therefore I send you these lines, which you may make such use of as you please. A week ago last Saturday evening, a caucus was holden and delegates chosen to the Democratic State Convention. The delegates elected were Daniel Abbot, Edward Tuck and Wm. Fowle Smith. Some members of the party, on learning that Mr Smith had been elected, got the committee to call a new meeting last Saturday evening, which has resulted in displacing Mr Smith. That Mr S. was removed rather unceremoniously, and at the same time very decisively, a short history of the proceedings of the two meetings, and the manœuvering by which he was nominated and elected will settle. About a week previous to the first meeting, he and the Lowell postmaster canvassed Dracutt to effect Mr Smith's election. The postmaster recommended Mr Smith highly, and was not very sparing of his abuse of you, Mr. Editor. But the result of the meeting is the best comment upon its effect. It may not be amiss to remark the fact that sometimes in their perigrinations, Mr Smith and the postmaster would openly call on people, and sometimes Mr Smith would remain out of sight in a covered wagon while the postmaster would call the gentleman he desired to see to the door, and Mr Smith would listen to the most fulsome panegyries upon his merits, talents and high standing in the community, by the postmaster. But the result of their efforts. After all their labor but one man could be found who would go to the meeting and act for Mr Smith. He was nominated and elected by a single individual, because of the seven persons who attended the meeting, no one called the contrary. After it was generally known that he had been elected, a new meeting was called, which resulted in rescinding the proceedings of the former meeting, and re-electing Messrs Tuck and Abbott, and Ira Hall, Esq., in place of Mr Smith. A resolution was passed, setting forth that in rescinding the proceedings of the former meeting, no disparagement was intended to Messrs Tuck and Abbott, and that the meeting had full confidence in them as men and as democrats, as their unanimous re-election proved.—The same gentleman who before nominated Mr Smith and gave him the only vote he received, voted to rescind the proceedings of the former meeting, and for the three gentlemen who were elected at the second. With one exception, every person who was present at the first meeting attended the second, and many others. I think your readers will understand, without further comment from me, pretty nearly, the amount of the combined influence of poor postmaster and Mr Smith in Dracutt, as well as how much confidence Dracutt Democrats have in Mr Smith and his democracy.

JUSTICE.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Young Men should study Political Science.

Among the subjects having a superior claim upon the attention of the young men of the United States, is the study of political science. That politics is properly classed as a science is certain; for science is knowledge reduced to system. Political science is systematised knowledge of government [illegible] in its broadest sense, embracing [illegible] governments—theory and practice.

Human governments of some kind have always existed, and in accordance with the nature of things, always will exist, unless humanity is most essentially changed in its constitution. These governments have been almost as diversified, both in the theory of their construction, and their practical workings, as the nations of the earth have been numerous. Some, both ancient and modern, have combined in their theory, much of wisdom, with a little of folly; others nearer an equal portion of each; while others, again, have been apparently almost wholly based upon error. The success and duration of each kind has invariably been measured by the soundness or unsoundness of its principles.

In the United States we are trying the experiment of a form of government, similar to none which, at the formation of ours had ever existed. The experiment is not yet fully tested, although the probability of its ultimate success is much more apparent than at the earlier stages of the trial. But no human system is perfect; hence amendments must be made from time to time, in both the theory and practice of our government. Hence here that a knowledge of political science is indispensable to correct action. How can a defective machine be repaired unless the workmen understand both its theory and operation? How can our system of government, either national or state, be amended, if defective, unless as a people, we have a correct knowledge of the theory and operations of sound government?

In another view, a knowledge of political economy is of primary importance, viz: in the administration of the details of government—such as legislation and the execution of the laws. A distinguished English writer on this object, says:—"Of statesmen and legislators, *history* and *political economy* are the professional studies, and should never cease." It may be said the same are the professional studies of *every* man in the United States; for in a democracy, as our government is designed to be, every man is a statesman and legislator.

To our young men, what human acquirement can hold out stronger claims than the one under consideration? On the young men of the United States, the burden of action will soon devolve, if it does not already. How much better qualified shall we be to sustain our position, and perform our duties, if, instead of devoting so much time and attention to *party tactics*, merely as such, we strive to emulate in the acquirement of a knowledge of the *principles* of sound government. The principles being well understood, *practice*, which is subordinate branch, will be comparatively simple

W.

YEAS AND NAYS. We learn from the journal of congress, that the yeas and nays, at the late session, were called 104 times. This, says the N. Y. Sun, is equal to about three hundred hours, or sixty working days for congress, and at $8 per day, for 224 members of the House, the expense to the nation was over *one hundred thousand dollars.*

So much the people may put down as part of the cost of whig and abolition factionism.

☞ Mrs. Conner, who claims to be Gen. Van Ness's widow, is said to be in New York, conferring with eminent counsel in relation to her case.

☞ The Whigs of this city hold a meeting at the City Hall Thursday evening the 17th inst., to choose delegates to the different conventions of the party.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

MACKINAC, Sept. 3d, 1846.

In 1721, there was a fort on this island as now. It was then, and is now, the principal head quarters for all the lake Indians. Pontiac was the great chief of the Algonquin tribes, and they joined him in his crusade against the English, after his great speech, made in 63, calling together the chiefs of all the tribes on the lakes. He *warned them he had been instructed by the Great Spirit to say that they must abstain from the use of ardent spirits.* They must return for clothing to the skins of the bear, the buffalo and the elk—that they must take up the war club, aubury the hatchet and retake their lands. Himself planed the enterprise of reducing and exterminating the English on this continent. By his own personal eloquence and energy he convinced the chiefs and obtained the tribes of the Miamies, the Ottawas, the Wyandots, the Chippewas, the Massissoyis, the Pottawatamies, the Shawneese, the Aleghanies and the Winnebagoes.—His plan of attack was on the different posts at the *same time*: and he came like the lightning flash and the thunder clap upon his foes—himself, as alluded to in my last letter, leading the attack upon Detroit.—*Ten* of the *thirteen* forts, including the one on the island of Mackinac, were taken, and the inhabitants murdered. Only *three* remained in the hands of the English. Two years after this he was murdered by a Penri Indian. At Mackinac, at that time, there was one company in the fort, consisting of about 70 men. The Indians commenced the battle in this way:—A game of ball was proposed, and all the inhabitants of the island were interested—absorbed in, and amused by the game. The gates of the fort had been thrown open, and the ball was *designedly* knocked over the picket into the fort: all the Indians rushed in, as after the *ball*, but no sooner in, than each one seized his man, and murdered and scalped him. Such was the plan and thus was it continued, until all but one of the English on the island were murdered, skinned, boiled and ate!(?) This awful tragedy took place in 1763. Houses now stand that stood then, and descendants now live here, that relate this tragic story, and history proves its correctness. I have shaken hands with two descendants of the same tribes of Indians whose fathers took part in this bloody tragedy. A young lady, at whose father's (an own cousin of Nick Biddle) I spent last evening, is the daughter of the pure blood of the tribe of the Chippewas, whose huts now line the shore of the lake to the number of about two hundred. Her father is the wealthiest man, and herself the most accomplished woman in the village. But what shall I say of that once terrible race, the remnants of which now live within a stone's throw of the place I am now writing from. Their huts, like the *beaver's* of the creek, present no improvement, but are made of the bark and bare pole, as it was in the winter of 1721. With this difference only: the inmates are shamefully degenerated. Then all nature smiled, that the Algonquin race was master here—alike of the wood and the lake, and held, even against the arts of civilized man, a successful competition in arms. Now, in his lowly wigwam, built with from ten to fourteen poles, crossed or stacked at the top, and bark wrapped about the bottom, with a basket mat for a door, you find them, almost without exception, drunk—men, women and children; selling all and everything they can obtain to buy rum. The government, by a misplaced philanthropy, only adding fuel to the flame that is fast burning out this lingering race of nature's noblemen.

For what has civilized man done for them? In 1721—more than a century has since passed—the Indians upon this same Island firmly believed that Mackinac was the birth place of the God of the Waters, and that these lakes were expressly given them, (if they would be good and tell no lies) to catch the fish and the beaver. There the lonely altar was erected by the *self-denying catholic*, from the rough stones, under the clustering boughs of the wilderness, with their rude candlesticks and crosses, made from the ruder copper of the upper lakes, at that early time, often surrounded by these sons of the forest, naked, or in the rough costume of their tribes—the wrought skins of the buffalo, the elk and the deer. The warriors of the tribe, with the eagle's quill in the crown of their heads, with bear's claws for their necklaces and moccasins, worked with the stained quill of the Porcupine. Here of a Sabbath they were wont to assemble and gaze in wonder and delight at the exhibitions of of the great medicine man, and hear with rapture the chant and the requiem amid the yell of the panther and the howling of the wolf. Now how changed the scene. I attended the Catholic church yesterday—standing upon the same spot where, more than a century ago, the scenes we have described were then enacted, before an audience of a thousand devoted Indians; now there was here and there a family with their clean blankets or better broadcloth over their heads, listening to the song and the doctrine that a century past was preached to their fathers. A little way from the church were a thousand children of fathers who worshipped here. *Fire water*, not the waters of life is now their desire. Comment is shamed at this practical development of the influence of civilization, and hids its head under the ample folds of the hypocrisy that Protestant Christianity ever takes in her train.

Mackinac now contains about five hundred inhabitants—Americans, French, Indians and Irish, and all the products these crosses will produce. A fort is here and seventy men. Arch Rock and Sugar Loaf are curious and instructive examples in the Geological structure of the island. The former is a high bluff some 70 ft. from and above the water, rising perpendicularly up and joined at the top, making an arch of about 40 feet in diameter, under which you pass. Sugar Loaf is a quantity of rock of about the same diameter and shaped like a sugar loaf setting on the ground, and about seventy feet high; all a porous rock—composed mostly of lime stone. The place looks much like Marblehead from the water. The extraordinary feature is the half-breeds, a mixture of French and Indian. These make the principal feature of the place. The street facing the water has some frame houses on it, but most of the buildings are log houses and very old—from forty to one hundred years. The house we stop at and the room we dine in, have been built more than *one hundred and twenty years.* The street is parallel with the Front st., and all the principal houses are on this street. They are all low, wooden, thatched, log houses. Some half dozen new houses are now building and all of the same class, log houses. There are a number of stores, small trafficing shops, all containing more or less of Indian work. Fishing is the principal employment of Indians, Frenchmen and half-breeds; in about 500 inhabitants there are 400 of this class. They have caught this year *twelve thousand* barrels of fish and put them up—being worth about $500. They are lake trout and white fish, and look like a haddock, and average about the same size.

As we go up to Superior all is a forest, dense and unsettled, the entire way. It is now all on fire and the air filled thick with smoke; at night it looks gaudily—blazing up and running from four to eight miles an hour. It is very dry, having been no rain for two months. The damage to the forest is very great. One gentleman lost some $20,000 worth of timber. From Mackinac to Superior is crooked as a ram's horn, and no selling lands in the vicinity.

A LOOKER ON.

Democratic Meeting in Dracutt

A meeting of the Democracy of Dracutt holden agreeably to the following call, was organized by choosing George W. Coburn chairman and Thomas J. Coburn secretary:

Dracutt.—The Democrats of Dracut are hereby notified to meet at the Centre Meeting House, on SATURDAY EVENING, September 12, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to choose delegates to the County Convention to be holden at Concord, on the 8th day of October; also to see what measures the meeting will adopt in relation to reconsidering the proceedings of the meeting held on Saturday evening last, to choose delegates to the State Convention.

GEORGE W. COBURN
IRA HALL

Voted to rescind the proceedings of the meeting holden Saturday evening Sept. 12th.

Voted to choose three delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention to be holden in Boston the 16th inst. Made choice of Daniel Abbott, Edward Tuck and Ira Hall.

Voted to choose two delegates to attend the Democratic County Convention at Concord on the 8th Oct. Made choice of Theodore Parker and George W. Coburn.

Voted that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Patriot and Republican, omitting the resolution unanimously passed.

Voted that this meeting be dissolved.

Thomas J. Coburn Secretary.

From the Boston Times by Telegraph from Washington.

Loss of the U. S. Brig Truxton.

Washington Saturday night, Sept. 12th.

Intelligence has just been received here that the United States BRIG TRUXTON was lost on the coast of Mexico on the 15th ult. 130 miles from Vera Cruz, and *sixty* of her *officers, men,* and *privates* were made prisoners by the Mexicans!! The Truxton is a total wreck!!!

LOSS OF THE U. S. BRIG TRUXTUN CONFIRMED.

Washington Sept. 12, P. M.

A slip from the Mobile Herald of the 6th inst. brings intelligence of the loss of the U. S. brig Truxtun.

Slips from New Orleans contain the same information.

She was lost on the bar off the Tuspan river, 130 miles northward of Vera Cruz. The intelligence was brought to the squadron on the 19th ult. by the brig of war St. Marys.

It appears that Captain Carpenter, of the Truxton, wishing to get his vessel near the shore to protect some boats, while their crew were obtaining provisions, employed a Scotchman, whom he had taken out of a small Mexican prize to pilot him; but who, from design or accident, ran him aground.

This was on the 15th ult. On the 17th, with exception of Lieut. Hunter and a boat's crew, she was abandoned by the officers and men, sixty in all, who surrendered themselves to the Mexicans. They were hospitally received, complimented with a ball, and left on the next day, with a guard of four men, for Tampico, about 100 miles farther north.

Lieut. Hunter and his boats crew put to sea, captured a small Mexican schooner and came down the coast to Antonio de Lizardo. Thus only two officers—Lieutenants Berryman and Hunter—and about twenty men, were saved.

As soon as the news was received, the steam frigate Princeton immediately got under way, and proceeded to the scene of the disaster; but meanwhile, the Truxton had been completely stripped and plundered, and and her guns thrown overboard by the Mexicans. After firing the brig, the Princeton immediately returned to the Squadron.

The following is a list of vessels now comprising the Squadron off Vera Cruz:

Frigates Cumberland and Potomac; sloop St Marys; Steamer Princeton; Brig Somers; Schooners Flirt, Petrel, Bonita, and Reefer, and Store-Ship Relief.—The Falmouth sailed two days previously for Tampico. The Porpoise was off Alvarado; and the Mississippi, Adams and Raritan, were at Pensacola.

☞ We take this occasion to say that we are frequently indebted to the enterprising conductors of the Times for news in advance of the mail.

FROM MEXICO. The New Orleans Picayune of Sept. 5th publishes a letter from Capt. Coste confirming the loss of the Truxton. He adds:

"The yellow fever had made its appearance on board the British vessels of war at Sacrificios.

The scurvy prevailed to a great extent on board the Potomac frigate. The balance of the squadron were in good health.

Santa Anna had landed at Vera Cruz. He was received with great demonstration of joy—the city and castle both saluting him. He was permitted to land by Commodore Connor. It is presumed that he had a passport.

☞ Calvin Russ who murdered his wife in N. Y. has been arrested. It is said the house where the deed was done, was of bad repute. The verdict of the jury summoned on the preliminary trial, and which answers to our justice trials was, that the said Eliza Russ was murdered by her husband, Calvin Russ, by cutting her throat with a razor on the 9th day of September, 1846, at the house No. 131 White st., in the city of New York. The prisoner was committed to prison to await the action of the Grand Jury.

ARREST AND COMMITMENT OF OTTO SUTOR. This villain, who attempted the life of the Cashier of the Lancaster Bank was arrested in Boston by Constable Clapp on Saturday morning at a German Coffee House. On Monday he was brought before Justice Green, of Worcester, and bound over to appear at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas in the sum of $10,000, and for want of bail was committed.

☞ Jesse Mann, the indefatigable native, and a Mr Fletcher of Boston, got into a political dispute, which resulted in Mr Fletcher's assaulting Mr Mann, and Mr Mann's entering a complaint against Fletcher therefor, which cost Fletcher a fine of one dollar and costs.

☞ We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of E. B. Patch for a sale of land in Centralville.

MAIN ELECTION. No returns of any importance that are to be relied on—Portland as usual has gone for the whigs.

IF MR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—He cautions to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.*

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 103 Count St., Boston.

sep15 A&elyc3t

MARRIED.

In this city, Sept. 11th, by Rev Mr Child, Mr Daniel Coolidge to Miss Lucy W Ray.

DIED.

Sept, 6th Humphrey Gearing, 46 yrs, drinking cold water; 7th, John M. Piersons, 1 yr, chronic diarrhœa; Ellen Jane Cummings, 2 yrs 8 mos, cholera infantum; Joshua Lewis, 20 yrs 9 mos, typhus fever; Hiram Martin, 31 yrs, drowned, Joseph A. Ford, 16 drowned; 8th Emma E. Flint, 2 yrs, dysentery; 9th, Louisa M. Fuller, 1 yr 9 mos, ——; Lydia G. Locke, 67 yrs dysentery; James Kelley, 22 yrs, drinking cold water; 10th Dilcran D. Robinson, 4 yrs, croup; John Campbell, 1 yr, dropsy of brain; John Ryan, 55 yrs, ——; 11th, Patrick Howard, 36 yrs, heat; 12th, Eliza D. Parker, 39, ——; Abby M. Kennedy, 24 yrs, consumption; John Conner 14 days, convulsion; Joseph Dunn, 1 yr, teething.

In this city this (Tuesday) morning of Cholera Infantum, Charles Fitz, son of Sam'l C. Shapleigh, Esq.

In Methuen, Aug. 12th, Mrs Rebecca Carlton, wife of Mr John Pingree Bixby, 47.

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5A3te

LOWELL MUSEUM.

RE-ENGAGEMENT for one week only! Of the present Popular Company.

BENEFIT of Miss A. PHILLIPS, on Monday evening, September 14th, 1846. Commencing at 8 o'clock—same performance on Tuesday evening!

Characters, by Mr A. Phillipps, C. W. Hunt, Mrs C. W. Hunt, Miss A. Phillipps, Miss Rees, Master F. Phillipps, and Mast A. Phillipps,

Change of performance on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY evenings.

2 Beautiful pieces, with songs and dances. Managers Daughter and the Mummy!

☞ Grand Concert Saturday Evening, by the whole company

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A.M. to 10 P M sep15

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz: The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined as follows, viz:

No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and No 8, (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, A. M.; No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, the 25th inst.

No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Mouse's,) at half past 9 o'clock; and No 1 (Mr Hadel's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 26th inst.

The High School will be examined on MONDAY the 28th inst.,—The Male Department at half past 4 o'clock, and the Female Department at 9 o'clock, A. M. The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M.

FREDERICK PARKER, *Secretary,*
of the School Committee of Lowell.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography.

Lowell, Sep. 15, 1846. ate

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. s10

JOHN GILLESPIE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 33,—Merrimack Street,—No. 33,

Under the Freewill Baptist Church, head of Central Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his former customers and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business, as above, and hopes by close application, keeping a prime stock of the best *Cloths* and *Trimmings*, and doing his work in the *best manner*, to receive a liberal share of trade. A desirable assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS*, and general FURNISHING GOODS,

selected with care expressly for the current season, on hand, from which one could hardly fail to be suited.

All garments made *promptly*, in the most perfect manner, and in any style that may be ordered. A perfect fit always warranted. ☞ The *latest fashions* always on hand. [tfapr7] April 6, 1846.

TO ALL, ESPECIALLY MECHANIC'S.

JAMES HORNSBY, a young English mechanic will lecture on the *Writing and Printing Reform* and the art of reporting, in City Hall on Wednesday Evening 16th inst. at 8 o'clock. During the evening Mr Hornsby will, to show the superiority of Phonography over stenography and every other system of writing, write at the rate of one hundred and twenty to two hundred words per minute, and read his report with ease. *Admission Free.* n3tsep10

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical discription, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed knuckback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grafin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. H. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&plec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of September next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Sep10 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 12th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of GARDNER H. BROWN of Dracut, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the day twenty-sixth of September inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

se 12 a3t

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175. A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25 a1f

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18 a1f

FALL FASHION!

HENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20 a1f

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11 a1f

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27 a3w

William P. Webster,

COUNSELLOR & ATTORNEY AT LAW

OFFICE IN SPALDING'S BUILDING,

[UNDER THE LOWELL ADVERTISER OFFICE.]

Central Street, opposite foot of Market Street,

tfapr4 LOWELL, MASS. dec12.

HOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"—

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Evacuant's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all at the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 3m H. T. BUTLER.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited. mh26tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

☞ Persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by ordinary occupation, are prevented from pursuing their **Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 21, 1846. aeg2 3a & e3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may11 a&e1y

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled in the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimark St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy15 a2m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhea," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

n3w* JONATHAN RICE.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4¼ o'clock, p.m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p.m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established

☞ THE Coaches of Messrs. Chelley, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

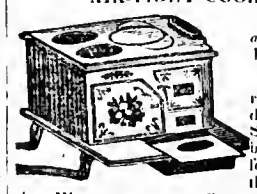
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je1a3m

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all to be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.

Lowell, 18th. a1sep4

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Sores, Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymm5

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE,

3m.sep8 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pacuckett Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 1 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

Dry Goods.

On THURSDAY, Sept. 17th,—A prime assortment of Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpines, Alpaccas Repp Cashmeres, Cashmere de Cosso, Delaines, Printed Shawls, Patches, Tickings, Cottons, Flannels, and about 30 pieces Broadcloths and cassimeres.

Genteel Cottage on Central Street.

I shall sell on the premises, on Friday, the 18th inst at 2 o'clock, P. M. A Cottage House, with 1720 square feet of Land, situated on Central st, (Chapel Hill), the next south of the store occupied by Wood & Hennemway. The house contains 6 well finished rooms good woodshed, a cement cistern and a first rate well of water. Terms as easy as may be desired.

Great Sales of Building Lots in Centerville Dracutt, being a portion of the Bradley Farm.

On SATURDAY, Sept. 19th at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, 36 Building Lots, situated as follows, as per plan: 4 lots on front street—4 on Central street—2 on fourth st, near Central street—2 on Fifth st, —14 on Third street—4 on Walnut street—6 on Fourth near Walnut street.

The above lots are of convenient size and very pleasantly situated within a few minutes' walk of Lowell Post Office. Every lot offered *will be sold without the least reserve*, and a liberal credit will be given on mortgages, especially to purchasers who obligate themselves to build.

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

House and Land.

On Monday Sept 21st at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, a genteel House and Lot of Land, on Lawrence Street near P. O. Richmond's Batting Mill. Being the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hall.

The House is well furnished and conveniently arranged with good yard room and good Watter with about 2900 feet of Land.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same containing about 4000 square feet—with a small Barn on the same which can be easily converted into a Cottage—and a goodly number of choice fruit trees, grape vines.

Terms liberal.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale. Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant *Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—*

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—2 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Premptory Sale of valuable Real Estate.

On MONDAY next, September 14th at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises.

That new house and valuable lot on Dutton street, owned and recently occupied by Mr Ira Leonard. The house is built in the most thorough manner of the best materials. The lot consists of 91 feet front on Dutton street and 92 feet on Worthen street, and bounded on the west by the Western Canal, making it a very desirable residence; the location being such as to insure an increase in value as the city becomes more populous. Land sufficient for the accommodation of the house will be sold with it. The balance will be sold in one or two lots as may desired. Terms easy.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M.

The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Lowell more than one year, and having been duly advertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked James Snard, containing Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and in Bible marked Martha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 21 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A Bag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plaid Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Andrew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Containing Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Procter. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Damaged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Damaged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

In front of office, on Saturday next Sept. 19th at 9 o'clock A. M.

Horses, Carriages, Harness &c. &c. 1 Bay Horse, 8 years old, sound and kind, well adapted to a Team or Cab, 1 Store wagon and Harness, 1 Concord built wagon nearly new, 1 2d Hand Chaise and Harness, 1 Peddler's Cart &c.

Also, one fine English Pouey 8 years old, fine figure and of great endurance. Well adapted to the saddle for Ladies' or children. Also, immediately after, at office, an act of J. Anderson a former purchaser certain Housekeeping articles, such as Featherbeds, Bedsteads, Light Stand, &c.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium upon the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind; to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath to connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.— Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.— That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.— They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and discases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he must state that one of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," then any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorence, frand, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Leta, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter, his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Gen. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 130 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all parts of the principal towns in the United States. ☞(eo.y18s) dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jo29

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.—

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The unanimous laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to his happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflammations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.— They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being: the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in marshes and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by any uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.— They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.— Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street, Philadelphia. jan7 y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the weak and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.— After using a number of medicines without any relief I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, which I did, and after the use of one bottle I received much relief, and after the use of two bottles I received great relief. I have received benefit for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

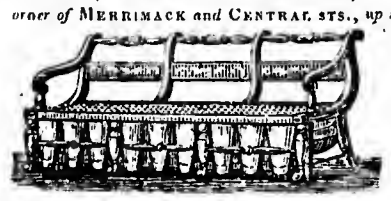
Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr1 adv&pntly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

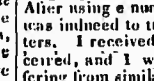
☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½ A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

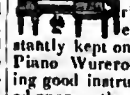
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

dmar17

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Houck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmarsh, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by three bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism makes much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted most part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts:

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—Sir: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosnpr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly&jnn29



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in every many respects the best in use, and will be seen at once on examination.—The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y&m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 110.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO

KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Alf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,

And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Building.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Alf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAWYER'S BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct28 LOWELL. Alf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL.
ep12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN;
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jun21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aty Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 33, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
sdvly*mn5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Alf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mrs. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents &c.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyeug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22A&rtoct 14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street; Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ptysep3

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also constructed a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1nwa&plyjan3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & Co.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844. jnn27y

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
April 4, 1846

POETRY.

LINES.

BY WILLIAM MOTHERWELL.

Given to a friend a day or two before the decease of the writer.

When I beneath the cold red earth am sleeping,
Life's fever o'er
Will there for me be any bright eye weeping
That I'm no more?
Will there be any heart still memory keeping
Of heretofore?

When the great winds, through leafless forest rushing,
Sad music make,
When the swollen streams, o'er crag and gully gushing
Like full hearts break;
Will there then be one whose heart t'o pair is crushing,
Mourn for my sake?

When the bright sun upon that spot is shining,
With purest ray,
And the small flowers, their buds and blossoms twining,
Burst through that clay;
Will there be one still on that spot repining,
Lest hopes all day?

When no star twinkles with its eye of glory,
On that lew mound;
And wintry storms have with their ruins hoary
Its lonelliness crowned;
Will there be then one versed in misery's story
Pacing it round?

It may be so but this is selfish sorrow
To ask such a meed—
A weakness and a wickedness, to borrow
From hearts that bleed,
The wailing of to-day, for what to-morrow
Shall never need.

Lay me then gently in my narrow dwelling,
Thou gentle heart;
And though thy bosom should with grief be swelling,
Let no tear start;
It were vain—for time hath long been knelling,
Sad one depart!

From the Boston Atlas.

THE CROWN OF A HUNDRED SOUS.

FROM THE FRENCH OF EUGENE GUINOT.

It was past midnight, and the bride had already been some time in the nuptial chamber when the young spouse succeeded at last in escaping from his friends and leaving the ball-room, when he ascended the stairs, upon one of the landing places of which a waiting-maid met him and modestly told him to enter.

The new husband rapped lightly upon the door, and threw himself at the feet of a woman who was waiting for him, seated near the fire, in an elegant night-dress, such as a rich widow might be expected to wear, whose desires had been satisfied by a new marriage.

"Rise, my friend," said she to her spouse giving her hand.

"No, no, madam," replied the young man, seizing upon a white hand which he clasped between his own, and carried to his lips. "No, leave me at your feet, and do not withdraw your hand, for I fear lest you may escape me; I fear that all this is only an illusion; it seems to me that I am the hero of one of those fairy-tales which I used to hear when a child and that at the very moment of being happy, the malicious fairy is going to fly away, to laugh with her companions over my sorrow and my despair."

"Be assured, my friend, that yesterday I was Lord Melvill's widow; and now sir I am Madame de la Tour your wife. Dispel from your imagination your childhood's fairy. The tale is but a fable."

M. Frederic de la Tour had some reason to suspect that a superior genius interfered with his affairs, for, within the last month either chance or inexplicable good fortune had rendered him rich and happy beyond his desires. He age was twenty-five, he was an orphan, and barely lived upon an employment in which he was engaged when passing one day through the street Saint, Honnre, a splended coach stepped near him and an elegantly dressed lady leaned over the carriage-door and called out to him, though not by name.

The driver descended, let down the foot-board and hat in hand, respectfully invited M. Frederic to be seated by the side of this woman, glittering with jewels. The coachman then drove off.

"Sir," said the lady, who had thus taken him up, with a sweet voice, "I have received your letter; but, notwithstanding your refusal I yet hope to see you to-morrow at my evening party."

"Me, madam!" replied Frederic.

"Yes sir, you —Ah! I beg your pardon," cried the lady with surprise—"I beg your pardon, sir, but you so much resemble a person of my acquaintance, that I took you for him——Ah, sir, excuse—— What must you think? indeed the resemblance is so striking that any one in the world would be deceived as I have been."

Before this explanation was ended, the coach stopped in the court of a superb mansion, and M Frederic could not but offer his hand to Lady Melvill. Frederic, dazzelled by so much grace was easily subjugated. He congratulated himself upon the happy chance which gave rise to his acquaintance with Lady Melvill; he accepted her invitations, and in a few days became one of her most frequent visitors. The rich widow was surrounded by adorers; but they dropped off, one by one, and things were so arranged before a week had rolled by, that the little clerk made the widow's house his home. Marriage was agreed upon, but it was she who first proposed it.

Frederic would sometimes place himself in the morning before his little glass, and consider himself with attention. He was not ugly, neither was he handsome. His dress, moderate, as must be that of a clerk with a salary of eight-hundred francs, did not permit him to attribute his good fortune to his tailor. He was forced to the conclusion that he was loved for himself, or else that Lady Melvill was fascinated. When the marriage was settled, when the future spouse was before the notary, his astonishment redoubled. They declared his property to be over a million. He owned, according to the contract, a farm in Normandy, a house in Paris in the street Saint-Honnre, and other real estate which he had never before heard mentioned. The widow was rich in foreign wealths. She had farms in Wales and pastures in Devonshire. All was for Frederic a golden dream, and he longed to awake from it. The mayor and the curate came to sanction this union; but neither the marriage solemnity nor the law was able to dispel all his doubts, and he did not leave his wife's feet but stepped in his hand the embroidered muslin of her nightdress, through fear that the dream would vanish.

"Rise Frederic," said his wife again, "come to this arm chair of mine, and let us converse ——"

The young man at last obeyed, though yet unwilling to release his hold of his wife's hand and Madame de la Tour commenced as follows:

"There was once on a time——"

"There," cried Frederic, "so I was not deceived. It is in truth a fairy tale."

"Listen to me, my friend. There was once on a time a young girl, born of parents who had formerly been wealthy, but who, when fifteen years of age, had to subsist upon the industry of her father. They resided at Lyons, but some hope of better fortune brought them to paris.—Nothing is so difficult as to recover a lost fortune or to regain a lost rank. This young girl's found it so; for four years he struggled with misery, without being able to vanquish it, and at last died in a hospital.

The mother soon followed the husband, and the young girl was left alone in the attic, for which the rent was unpaid. He only furniture was two beds. If there were a fairy in the tale which I am relating, this is certainly the moment when she should appear; but there is none in it. The young girl remained at Paris without friends without protectors, without aid, having at Lyons debts which she was unable to pay, and in vain seeking for labor the wealth of the poor. Vice, it is true, stretching its arms to her; but there are pure souls that can pass by vice without looking at it, or, at least, without suffering themselves to be sullied by its breath.

Meantime life was necessary; the hunger of the day redoubled at night, and the misery of the night was added to a second day passed without food——You rise from a table groaning under its weight of dainties, when wine, too abounds to satisfaction, and, although it is but since yesterday Frederic, that you are rich, you have no idea of the misery I speak of, and you wonder that, in the midst of the luxury which surrounds you, upon this arm-chair of gold and silk, where I am sitting, I can point to you such a picture; but listen to me farther. Hunger led this young girl to beg. She covered her head with her mother's veil, the only heritage she received; she inclined her body to imitate age, and went down into the street. There she held out her hand. Alas! that hand was white and fair and there was danger in showing it; that hand was then wrapped by the young girl in the thick cloth of the veil, as if it had been eaten by a hideous leprosy.

[Continued]

SERIOUS QUESTIONS. *The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions*, now in session at New Haven, owe to themselves as Christians, to the American character and to the cause of Missionary enterprises, a full and explicit reply to the accusations recently brought against their Missionaries at the Sandwich Islands. These accusations have been circulated extensively in this country and in Europe, and we call attention to them and their authors, at this time, with a hope that the Board will now be prepared to lay them forever at rest. In the first place, it is alleged that the cousins of France, England and America, charged the Missionaries inforeally, with instigating native chiefs to a cruel religious persecution of the converts of other christian sects, during which feeble men were subjected to horrible cruelties, such as whipping, chain torture, and excessive long continued labor on public works. Naval officers of the French, English and American services, assert that the lower classes of those islands have been reduced to a state of servitude, poverty and distress, before unknown among them, while the chiefs alone, by the exclusive possession of the soil, enjoy the elegance and luxury which we celebrate as evidences of progressive civilization. The writer of *Typee* declares that Missionary families use the christian natives as beasts of draught and burthen; driving them in harness and forcing them by blows and harsh treatment, to drag loads above their strength. It is said that T. J. Farnham of Sing Sing, gave a similar statement of religious persecution and general degradation among the lower castes of the Sandwich Islanders. The inevitable conclusion is, that in some way, the people of the United States are deceived, and it is the duty of the Board to meet these questions now:—

1. Has their not been a cruel religious persecution by their Missionaries, of their converts in the Sandwich Islands?

2. Did not the code of laws prepared by the Missionaries, give a title to the soil to chiefs, who were thus enabled to retain the people in servitude, and did not the missionaries advise the formation of a monarchical government?

3. Do not the Missionary families employ the christian natives as beasts of burthen, in harness, in menial occupations, and even to convey them to church?

These things concern the whole christian world, and Americans particularly. If false, they should be refuted. If true, they should be acknowledged and amended in the promptest manner.—*N. Y. Sun.*

For the New York "True Sun," Exclusively.

Later and Highly Interesting from the Army.

BALTIMORE, Monday, September 14, 9 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

Advance of Gen. Taylor on Monterey and Saltillo—Reported Capture of Monterey—Return of Col. Hayes from China—Steamboat Explosion and Loss of Life—Riot and Loss of Life—Probable Death of Col. Baker.

The mail from New Orleans brings later and highly interesting intelligence from the seat of war, some of which is melancholy enough.

Gen. Taylor was to leave Camargo on the 1st inst for Monterey; and unless he meets with serious resistance at that point, would proceeed onward to Saltillo.

Col. Mayo's expedition to China was perfectly successful. He had returned to Camargo without meeting with anything in the shape of opposition, or seeing anything to encourage a hope for a brush with the enemy.

A report had reached Brazos Santiago that Monterey had been taken, but the rumor was not believed.—Another report states that a Mexican force of 5000 men was gathered there, under Gen. Mejia, and on this side another force of 1000 This may and may not be true. If Gen. Taylor finds no more serious obstacle to his progress than this report presents, he will walk into possession of Monterey in Rio Grande style.

The boiler of the steamboat Enterprise exploded above Reynosa, killing five persons and severely wounding a number more.

A terrible riot occurred amongst the Georgian Volunteers on board a steamboat at Burlita, in which an Irish company was a party. In the *emeute* some were killed and several were wounded. Col. Baker, of Illinois, was dangerously wounded by a shot which took effect in his neck.

MURDER. We learn from Chester, that a most atrocious murder was committed in that town, on Saturday last, upon the person of Mr Josiah Norton. Mr N. went to his field in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of cutting stalks. Not returning at night, he was looked for at the neighbors, but without finding him. Sabbath morning, suspicion was rife of foul play and diligent search was made about the fields.—Search was made in a frog pond near by and the body was discovered in the pond. A rock was attached to the neck by a rope—a wound was found upon the forehead—detaching the eyebrow so that it hung over the eye—and several bruises were found upon other parts of the head—evidently proving a foul murder. The rope had caught upon a stick or root in the pond a few inches below the surface of the water—which fact led to the discovery of the body.

Suspicion attaches to a certain individual in Chester as the murderer—but we have not learned of any arrest as yet. Much excitement prevails in the neighborhood.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 17, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Registry of Deeds in Lowell.

Some two or three weeks since we wrote an article upon the necessity of a new registry in this city, and invited the Lowell Courier and Concord Freeman to give their views upon the subject. The Freeman comes out and thinks the necesity of a registry in Lowell too plain for argument. That is decided, and we think a fair view of the question. It says—

"There is sufficient business to support two registries and to keep both registries constantly employed. That it would be a great convenience to the people of Lowell and the towns in that part of the county, is too manifest to need any argument."

It also thinks the time is not for distant when a registry will become necessary at Concord. Very likely such may be the case, and whenever it is, the people of Lowell and its vicinity, we predict, will be found ready to aid in its establishment.

The Courier, though it has not yet said anything of late upon this question, if we mistake not, a considerable time ago, it contained some one or more articles favorable to such a plan. That this question may not be looked upon as a party move, and that it may be brought up at the next session of the legislature, we wish the Courier would speak out. It cannot be otherwise than favorably to a registry here.

—Since introducing the discussion of the propriety and necessity of a registry in Lowell, our readers will remember that a correspondent has proposed a more extensive plan, to wit:—the establishment of not only a new registry, but also a new judicial district, and Municipal Court, something like that of Boston.—We can see no objection to the change proposed, but very great benefit. It would be the means of a large saving of time, expense and trouble, to all in this part of the county who have business to do at court. To be obliged to go to Cambridge upon all occasions when it becomes necessary to visit the Register's office, and to attend court, is an expense and inconvenience not offset by a single advantage. Nor is it less a burden for the people in the southern part of the county to come to Lowell to get legal justice. All would be benefitted by the formation of a new judicial district, and this section of the county additionally benefitted by the establishment of a new registry. If there be any objection to a new registry and a new judicial district, we want to see it and would be obliged to any one who would point it out.

DRACUTT. Whoever informed the Courier about the *schism* in Dracutt which, it says, unfortunately exists, is most egregiously mistaken. The Courier says, the "young democracy" chose Mr Smith as a delegate to the State Convention, and the "old hunkers" called a meeting and turned him out. The fact is, there is no division whatever in the democratic party in Dracutt, as the Courier will see on reading a communication from there, signed "Justice," which we have published. Mr Smith obtained but one vote when he was elected, and the man who gave that, voted at the second meeting to rescind the proceedings of the first, and then helped to chose delegates, leaving Mr Smith off. And every person who attended the first meeting, with but one exception, attended the second, and the vote for rescinding was unanimous.—The democracy of Dracutt know nothing of such unmeaning divisions as "old hunkerism" and "young democracy."

Lives lost in a Gale.

The *N. Y. Sun* says that during the gale on Wednesday last, (9th) the schooner White Oak, hence for Bergen Iron Works, with a cargo of lime, was driven onshore on Jarney Coast, at Cranberry Inlet, below Sandy Hook Light. Her crew escaped in safety but preserved nothing. She has gone to pieces. Another schooner drifted onshore in the same gale, a little North of the White Oak, and went to peices immediately.—Efforts were made to save the captain and crew, but they were traitless: all on board perished in the terrible surf which raged at the time. The scene of this disaster is within a stone's throw of the place where the ship John Minturn was lost; and, as in that case, the same mysterious current which sets in to the Jersey coast, during northern and north-eastern gales, was noticed on Wednesday morning, at an averaged speed of six or eight miles an hour.

ABDUCTING NEGROES. The Jamacia (L. I.) Farmer states that a "long, low, black looking schooner" has been lying off Rockaway beach, and three colored women and two colored men have disappeared from the neighborhood. It also states that, in the vicinity of a colored camp meeting, last week, two suspicious men were seen, armed with pistols and bowie knives, who pretended to be officers from the city.—No doubt they were hired ruffians, under pay from the captain of the slave schooner, who, the editor thinks, is engaged in abducting free people of color, and tak-

---

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

SAULT DE ST. MARIE, Sept. 4, 1846.

Catholics and Protestants among the Indians—Forest all on fire, &c.

At this place is the outlet of Lake Superior. Lake Huron and Lake Michigan are but one continued sheet of water. In going from one to the other you do not realize any change. The Straits of Michelsmocinack are broad and the channel wide, and, as the lake bends round from Huron, it is from six to ten miles wide, and only a few miles to Lake Michigan. From Ontario to Erie you have the Falls of Niagara to pass, and from Erie to Huron you pass up the Detroit river, and thence into the river St. Clair, and so on to Lake Huron. There were many saw mills on the St. Clair river but no falls. The mills are worked with steam. From Huron to this place you pass all the way, an innumerable number of islands. At Mud Lake and Lake George—names merely that distinguish one part of the channel from the other, as it widens to fifteen or twenty miles—are rapids for about a mile. The full at one place is about four feet. If the lands or minerals on Lake Superior are ever used, this must be the point benefitted, and the place will certainly become one of considerable size. Until the last year it was but little settled. There is a fort here and some five hundred inhabitants. The settlement is along on the shore for about fifty rods. There are two public houses and quite a street, several stores and two or three hundred families of Indians. Canadians, French and Indians intermarry. The Indians and French adopt the Indian mode of life. They live on a plot of land along on the shore of the rapids, in huts, just as you see them occasionally East, when a family camp in the vicinity of Lowell. These same kind of tents constitute the permanent dwelling, built in a similar manner and covered with birch bark. The Canada shore is opposite and in sight. The Hudson Bay post and principal depot, and a Canada Indian village are over there. The Catholic religion is the only kind that makes any head-way. The Baptist and Methodist have a mission established in this vicinity, and have educated many Indians and half-breeds, but I have been unable to find a single instance, where, when they were done going to school, they did not invariably, return to the Catholic religion, or more properly speaking, avowed it. I have personally conversed with some half dozen young men and women of different families and educated at different points—some at the missionary, in Michigan, near Detroit, some from the Baptist missionary here, and some from the Methodist in this vicinity. One young lady attended six years here, and some two, three, and four, and all, I find, are Catholics now. These are facts; and the effort to promulgate the protestant religion among the Indians, is practically of no *effect whatever*. Not so with the Catholic. On the Canada side I visited an Indian family. The father, Mr Birne, is as much of a gentleman as you will meet any where—there are many families as good. Rude, to be sure, was his hut—benches for chairs and bowls for tumblers. His girls were clad in bead-wrought broadcloth pantalets, and blankets. He had three children living—two daughters, one 17 the other 19. He has buried nine. The old gentleman and daughters sung in the Chippewa language. The girls were beautiful: Mary was the finest looking female of any nation, I have seen since leaving Lowell. I saw there a Catholic testament printed in *Austria*, in the Chippewa language. Think a moment of this; printed in Austria and sent to this remote region of America and generally circulated!

But by far the most gorgeous spectacle, the most sublime and awfully beautiful, that I ever saw, was the appearance in the night, of the burning forest, all about us. From three to five miles in length, the fire was in one continuous sheet of flame—flashing up, as it leaped from tree to tree. Now a tall blazing fir tree would break near the top, and carried by the wind for forty rods or so, flame like a fiery meteor across a burning sky, and, as it fell, apparently explode and send thousands of brighter scintillations up from amid the awful fire. These incidents did not interrupt the progress, but rather increased the general sheet of flame. Hundreds of miles, both on the American and Canada sides of the river, have burnt, and are now burning, and G—d only knows where or when it will stop. Now, while I am writing you, there are more than a hundred families clearing their houses and putting their effects on the river shore. Four houses have burnt, and the expectation was, two hours since, that the whole village would be destroyed. But the wind suddenly hauled round, and the raging element went looming on in an other direction. It was terrible to see families driven from their houses, millions of property being destroyed, and the whole village in consternation, still the sight was so beautiful you would be entranced by the view. The fire is not confined to a particular spot, but is raging at every point of the compass. So dry a time has never been known by the oldest Indian, nor any fire to compare at all with this. Crows, pigeons, and birds of every kind, rabbits &c., are seen in all directions. The scene looks much as the imagination would paint a very large city burning, only it is broader and more of it. In one view on the Canada side, there was one continuous blaze for *twenty one miles*, and but one half mile or so from the river. It seemed as it the d——l himself had obtained the power for a time, and set the world on fire.

The soil here is sandy and poor; apples will not ripen here, nor corn often. We are detained because of the smoke, so that we cannot get up the river to the lake. All hands go on board in the morning to stay and make such headway as we can. The land has not been surveyed, any one builds where he can find an unoccupied spot that suits him. There are about thirty passengers to go up the lake. We are to call at all the copper works along up. It is the first time over a boat paddled the water as far as La Point. It is about four hundred miles. The Indians are gathered there to the number of five thousand, to receive their annual payment.

Answer,

A LOOKER ON.

☞ The Mobile Herald of Sept. 4, says that a train of one hundred wagons and four hundred mules, are on the way to that city, destined for Gen. Taylor's camp.

☞ The New Yorkers have invited Hon. Louis McLane to partake of a public dinner, which invitation he has accepted.

☞ Gerret Smith has given a large number of farms, of from forty to fifty acres each, to colored families.

Democratic State Convention.

Agreeably to the Call, the Delegates to the Convention met in Faneuil Hall and at the hour appointed, Charles G. Greene Chairman of the State Central Committee called the Convention to order.

JAMES EASTERBROOK, Esq. of Worcester, was unanimously chosen President *pro tem.*

The Convention proceeded to Ballot for a President of the Convention.

HON. ISAAC WRIGHT, Chairman of the Committee to receive, assort and count the votes for President of the Convention reported as follows:

Whole number of ballots,	379
Necessary to a choice,	189
HON. JOHN A. BOLLES of Boston had	227
HON. BENJ. F. HALLETT of Boston had	189
Scat.	1

and HON. JOHN A. BOLLES was declared elected President of the Convention.

On taking the Chair, the President made the following brief and appropriate remarks:—

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION:—I tender you with deep feeling and entire sincerity my hearty thanks for this honor you have conferred upon me to preside over the assembled representatives of the democracy in this Convention. I will not detain you from the duties you are called upon to discharge in this Convention, but would congratulate you on the happy auspices under which we have assembled; I would express also my earnest wishes that we may be united and harmonious in all our doings to day, and show to the Commonwealth that every friend of democracy is on hand for action, and ready to exercise his elective franchise in the coming political campaign.

The organization of the Convention was completed by choosing

Hon. Foster Hoopor, of Bristol;

Hon. Isaac H. Wright, of Norfolk;

Hon. Nath'l Foster, of Essex; and

Hon. Chester W. Chapin, of Hampden, for Vice Presidents.

And Marcus Morton, Jr., Esq. of Boston, and Daniel H. Dustan, Esq., of Springfield, as Secreturies.

Mr. AMAROSE AMES, a Democrat of Greenfield 84 years old was made first Vice President by a unanimous vote of the Convention.

The Committee on Credentials reported that one hundred and fifty towns were represented by five hundred and ninety delegates.

Hon. B. F. Hallett, of Boston, moved that the Convention proceed to nominate the HON. ISAAC DAVIS for Governor by acclamation. There was considerable discussion on the point, whether that was as democratic as a choice by ballot, when Mr Hallett rose and remarked that if he thought there had been any difference of opinion in the Convention on the manner of the choice of Governor, he would not have made the motion. He therefore withdrew the motion.

A motion was then made to proceed to elect a candidate for Governor by ballot.

The Committee to receive and declare the vote for Candidate for Governor, reported the whole number of ballots cast to be 381:

Necessary to a choice 191:

Hon. Isaac Davis, of Worcester, had 310, and all others 71, and Hon ISAAC DAVIS, was declared elected.

Mr Dike of Stoneham, moved that a committee to nominate candidates to the Convention, to constitute a State Central Committee be appointed by the chair.

Mr Hallett and Mr Lindsey, of Charlestown, respectively made motions that the nomination come from the delegations from each County, and that the choice of the State Committee be transferred from the State Committee to the County Conventions.

Both motions were lost and that of Mr Dike carried.

The chair then appointed a committee to report a list for the consideration of the Convention to compose the State Central Committee.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to the choice of a Candidate for Lt. Governor by ballot.

The whole number of ballots cast were 238.

Necessary to a choice 120. Hon GEORGE HOOD of Lynn, had 212 and was elected.

Voted, That the Chairmen of the various County Committees be *ex officio* members of the State Central Committee.

The following gentlemen were elected as a

State Central Committee.

Suffolk—Marcus Morton, Jr., James Whiting, Isaac Emery, and John A Bolles.

Essex—George Osborn, Benjamin Brastow, and Nathaniel Foster, Jr.

Middlesex—Visher A. Hildreth, Wm. E. Parmanter, and James Russell.

Norfolk—Artemus Brown, N. Foster, Jr., W. J. Reynolds and Isaac Tower.

Bristol—E. P. Hathaway, Johnson Gardner.

Berkshire—Levi Goodrich and Phineas Allen, Jr.

Hampshire—Thomas Shephard and S. J. W. Tabor.

Plymouth—Jeremiah Ferris and Elihu Ward.

Worcester—John Spurr, Joel Wilder, J. S. C. Knowlton and Thomas Billings.

Hampden—Chester W. Chapin and Matthew Ives.

Franklin—Charles Knowlton.

Barnstable—S. B. Phinney and Seth Goodspeed.

Dukes and Nantucket—Charles Bunker.

HON. ISAAC H. WRIGHT, Chairman of the committee on an Address and Resolutions, stated that the committee had not prepared an address, and recommended that it be referred to the State Central Committee, and be published under their auspices. He then proceeded to read the following series of resolutions:—

Whereas, The democratic party of Massachusetts, by their delegates, are assembled in Annual Convention, for the purpose of giving renewed expressions to their attachment for the pure principles of Democracy, and to nominate candidates for the Executive offices of the commonwealth, of known attachment to those principles,

Therefore Resolved, That, fully aware of the importance of free government to the promotion of civil liberty and individual happiness, and fully recognizing the necessity for the administration of the government on Democratic principles, for the promotion of these ends, we hereby renew our pledge as Democrats of the Old Bay State, to use our best endeavors to secure the supremacy of those principles in the election of the state officers by whom the government is to be administered.

Resolved, That we hail with joy the adoption of measures of sound Democratic reform under the present national administration, and point thereto as evidence to the people that the Democracy of the Union is true to its professions and fully redeems its pledges.

Resolved, That the passage of the Independent Treasury Law, whereby the funds of the government are restored to their legitimate use, and an important advance is made towards the restoration of a sound and stable currency throughout the nation, meets our hearty approbation; for we behold therein the carry-

an efficient protection to the industry and capital of our country, against those periodical fluctuations in financial affairs, which have hitherto proved so injurious in their consequences.

Resolved, That we congratulate the Democracy of the country on the passage of that measure of Justice and Equality, THE REVENUE TARIFF, whereby taxation is made more equitable in its operation, the laboring classes relieved from a burden of many millions of dollars per annum of taxation for the benefit and profit of a few capitalists, fair encouragement extended to all the great interests of the country, and one of the most serious causes of disturbance to the harmony of the Union banished from among the people.

Resolved, That we congratulate the people of Massachusetts upon the peaceful settlement of the Oregon controversy, whereby our country has gained a most important and peaceful victory over the most powerful nation upon the earth, and secured a most extensive area for the spread of our free institutions.

Resolved, That we approve the firm, yet moderate course which the national administration has pursued towards the government of Mexico; and have witnessed with proud satisfaction the brave achievements of our soldiers in resisting the encroachments of Mexico upon the State of Texas, the youngest sister of our happy confederacy.

Resolved, That the legislation of Massachusetts, for several years past, under the administration of modern Whig or old Federal party, has been characterised by partiality, injustice and extravagance, which vices in legislation have been increasing from year to year, until they now affect injuriously, the rights and interests of the great mass of the people; and that this legislatinn calls loudly for reform.

Resolved, That the action of the last Legislature of Massachusetts, in making a monopoly of Railroad privileges, and turning a deaf ear to the petitions of large bodies of the people for Railroad facilities, merits the severest condemnation of the freemen of this State, and calls imperatively for the election of such rulers as will regard the just demands of the people, and frown down the arrogant pretensions of privileged monopolists.

Resolved, That the law of the last session of the Legislature, in relation to Hawkers and Pedlars, is grossly illiberal and arbitrary in its restraints and exactions upon the lawful pursuits of a large class of the citizens of this commonwealth, and deserves the united condemnation of the Democratic party.

Resolved, That the course of the present whig party of this Commonwealth, by their opposition to the Act entitled an Act for the more equal assesment of taxes; their opposition to and almost total repeal of the Retrenchment Law of 1843, by which $80,000 were annually saved to the tax payers of the Commonwealth; by their bestowing favors upon Bank and Railroad Corporations; by their attempts to throw upon the towns the State pauper tax, and to take from the State Treasury the alien tax and give it to those large cities and towns which are its principal recipients; and their refusal to pass resolves in favor of the rights and interests of agriculture, and against the obnoxious tariff of 1842; are so many sure characteristics by which the commercial, agricultural and laboring community may know them in contradistinction to the friends of just and equal laws—and to the permanent happiness and prosperity of the whole community.

Resolved, That having full faith and confidence in the integrity and ability of the

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester,

and in his devotion to the principles we advocate, we hereby present him as our candidate for the office of Governor at the ensuing election, and pledge ourselves to give him a vigorous and hearty support.

Resolved, That we know the

Hon. GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn,

as a faithful democrat, an intelligent and patriotic citizen, and a man of sound practical sense, and we hereby pledge ourselves to do all in our power to promote his election to the office of Lt. Governor, to which we this day nominate him.

After the resolutions reported by Mr Wright were read and adopted, Mr Hallett reported another series which were also adopted, and which we shall publish in our next.

Voted that the thanks of the Convention be tendered to the President for the able and impartial manner in which he presided during the deliberations of the Convention.

Voted that the thanks of the Convention be tendered also to the city Authorities of Boston for the use of Faneuil Hall for holding this Convention. At 5½ P. M the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

The Campaign opened.

The Candidates of the Democratic party for Governor and Lt. Governor have now been nominated. A week or two more and all the lesser nominations of candidates to be elected by the people at large, will be made. The Democracy have now only about two months in which to spread their principles and measures, and to express the fatal tendency of those of their opponents, before the election. Let them unitedly go into the work and show the nation, if we do not carry the old Bay State, that Democracy have has a firm hold, and is progressing. The almost unanimous nomination of Isaac Davis and George Hood by ballot, and their final unanimous nomination by acclamation, is a sufficient guarantee that they will as well unite the Democracy of Massachusetts as any men in the State. We have but to go into the work earnestly and zealously and the Democratic vote will be nearly double that of last year.

True, there is no disguising the fact that there are a few disappointed office seekers, and turned out feeders at the public crib who are determined that only a small vote shall be thrown, that they may hereafter cite it as evidence of the indignation of the people because they are not still quartered upon Uncle Sam! We trust the democracy have principles and measures to battle for, that they are not ready to sacrifice for whatever locofoco may be cut off from the government or fastened on to it. Democrats! it is time to make up and go into the work; bury divisions, and those who will not give democratic men and measures a firm support, throw over to the whigs, where they can do less harm than when breeding quarrels in our own ranks.

Maine Election.

The Second edition of the Mail gives the returns from Maine as follows:—The vote for Governor from 127 towns stands—Dana (Dem.) 17,000; Bronson (Whig) 18,471; Scattering 5,292.

The Democratic gain from the balance of the State will not be sufficient probably to elect Dana by the people.

THE HOUSE stands as far as heard from Dem. 85; Whigs 21; Lib. 1; No choice 4t.

Senate. Andrew Leighton (whig) is said to be elected from York district, and it is thought that three more whigs may be elected from Kenuebec and four from Lincoln. The democrats have elected three in Oxford, three in Waldo and one in Aroostook.

Members of Congress Harmon (dem.) is elected in the first district. In the third district the whig candidate is elected. In the second and fourth districts no choice.

PHONOGRAPHY. Mr Hornsby will commence a class in Phonography on Saturday evening next in Mr Adams' Academy Classic Hall. The first lesson will be free when all who are desirous of going through the course will receive tickets. One dollar for the course

☞ It han been so hot in Switzerland dering the preseot nummer that the mnow has melted froo the tops of the highest mouolains. Mount Bleoc even in bare *as a wig maker's block.*

☞ A yonog girl wan tried in Bnltimore for hav-ing ntolen $215 from her fether. She wns hooorahly acquitted. This in the fifth time ha has tried to get her covicted of ntealing; end for what cnons in a mys-tery.

THE GROWING COTTON CROP. The Mobile Reginter, in the eecunt review of the market, Sept. 1, sayn—

"Taking a candid view of the whole nebject an pre-sented in newnpaper accouets end private letters, which daily reach us, we can entertain no ether opioion than that the growing crop will, ouder nny circum-stances, nnd aveo if frost nhould not nppear till No-vembor, be ooder and overnge one."

☞ The Cuntom Houne et Wioasset was destroy-ed by fire oo the 11th innt.—pnper &c saved.

☞ John P. Hnle is soon to lectore in Fenenl Hall to the abolitioa divinion of the whig pnty.

☞ The Newport Newn mys the Boston Post shall heve a basket of clomn. The Post *sucks* in the promise as eagerly as he will the clamn—*when he gets them.*

☞ We learn by the Post, that Hon. George Hood, of Lyon, declines being a candidate for representa-ive to congress at the eesnlog election.

☞ Forrest, the tragedian, hnn retorned heme.

☞ The whig candidate for Governor in Vermont has beed defeated by ebout two thousand votes.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful end healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few yeavs, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant und agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

MARRIED.

In Newburyport, 14th inst. Mr Benjamin M. Hardy, of Lowell, to Miss Frances Ann, daughter of the late Capt. William Davis, of N.

MRS. BARRETT.S FASHIONABLE MILI-NARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen'n, Trunk Monufactory and store.*

TO the Ladies' of Lowell und vicinity. BONNETS! BONNETS!! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Rib-bons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; nnd all articles of Mourning apparel cut und made nt short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleech-ed and dressed, und a good nssortmeot of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhero.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personol nttention, I feel competent to meet the waots of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or accouet are requested to pay the same immedi-ately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17w3w

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now openiog one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CAS-SIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTH-ING and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and buv-ing in his Tailoring department secured the eervicee of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute or-ders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz: The Primary Schools will be examined on THURS-DAY, the 24th inst.

1 The Grammar Schools will be examined as fol-lows, viz:

No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and *No* 8, (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, A. M.; *No* 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No 7, (Mr Fowler's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, the 25th inst.

No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and *No* 4, (Mr Morse's,) at 9 o'clock; and *No* 1 (Mr Balch's,) at half past 10 o'-clock, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 26th inst.

The High School will be examined on MONDAY the 28th inst.,—The Male Department at half past 10 o'-clock, and the Female Department at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary, of the School Committee of Lowell.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Can-didates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good morat character, and presumed qualifications for admis-sion into this school. They must be able to spell cor-rectly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the mean-ing of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intel-lectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understand-ingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Sin-gle Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudi-ments of English Grammar and Geography.

Lowell, Sep. 15, 1846. ate

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

LOWELL MUSEUM.

RE-ENGAGEMENT for one week only! Of the present Popular Company.

BENEFIT of Miss A. PHILLIPS, on Monday even-ing, September 14th, 1846, Commencing at 8 o'-clock—same performance on Tuesday evening!

Characters, by Mr A. Phillipps, C. W. Hunt, Mrs C. W. Hunt, Miss A. Phillippa, Miss Rees, Master F. Phillippa, and Mast A. Phillippe,

Change of performance on WEDNESDAY, THURS-DAY and FRIDAY evenings.

2 Beautiful pieces, with songs and dances. Mana-gers Daughter and the Mummy!

☞ Grand Concert Saturday Evening, by the whole company

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Pa-rents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A M, to 10 P M sep15

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universal-ly acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the ap-plication of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above nam-ed, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be cur-able, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Oxsinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, *esq.*,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all with-out avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remain-ing there for some time, we brought him home so bet-ter than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing bin hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy al-luded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞ For particulars of cures, see the certificate ac-companying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WIL-SON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Mas-ter in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chan-cery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of September inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in re-lation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. Sep10 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 12th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Mas-ter in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of GARDNER H. BROWN of Dra-cutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chan-cery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth of September instant two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come pre-pared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. sep.12 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Mas-ter in Chancery within and for the County of Middle-sex, against the estate of FRANKLIN H. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS, of Lowell in said County, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Parks and Andrews will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Saturday, the third day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Parks and Andrews, and to do such other busi-ness in relation to said estate as may then come before them. JEFFERSON BANCROFT,

sep 17a3t. Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by G. Washington Warren esq. a Mas-ter in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell in said County, formerly copartner with John W. Adams and doing business at said Lowell under the firm of Adams & Littlefield, stove dealers, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Littlefield will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chan-cery, in Charlestown in said County, on Tuesday, the twenty-ninth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come pre-pared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Littlefield, and to do such other business in re-lation to said estate as may come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. sept 17 a3t

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erec-tion of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Me-chanic Association, who may have books or pam-phlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846 p3w

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANU-FACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large as-sortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the small-est family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this be-ing the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manu-factured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Ket-tles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 4m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

JWould respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEAITH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive appli-cations and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection hereto-fore existing between the subscriber and WIL-LIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements rela-tive to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St. Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confiden-tially on all private diseases, which he cures with-out mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent ca see, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on im-proved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ulti-mate impoteney, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pa-thological principles, by restoring the system to a heal-thy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, per-haps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an en-tire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to pro-mote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 0, 1846. ndv1ymay9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Wom-ens' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good as-sortment they can suit every one who wishes any ar-ticle in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Uni-versalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably re-warded.

August 15, 1846. nug18atf

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aeg20atf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership here-tofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,

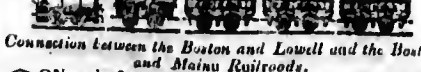
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock will re-duced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For informa-tion enquire at this office, aug27a3w

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passen-ger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction to Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to con-vey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Low-ell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go West-ward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morn-ing Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss be-yond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Wood-stock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stan-stead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of staire in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of dis-eases, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheuma-tism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, to-gether with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fa-tal disease if not arrested. These facts are here men-tioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heel, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of pat-ronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on cor-ner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foun-dry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trou-ble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hun-dred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Fac-tories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furni-ture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for them-selves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1ysapr4

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rhumma-tism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tet-ters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pus-tules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the variou-forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&plymar8

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on *Forest street*, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the high-est point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly ad-vances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

Dry Goods.

On THURSDAY, Sept. 17th,—A prime assortment of Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpines, Alpaccas Rept Cashmeres, Cashmere de Cosse, Deleinos, Prints Shawls, Patches, Tickings, Cottons, Flannels, and about 30 pieces Broadcloths and cassimeres.

Genteel Cottage on Central Street.

I shall sell on the premises, on Friday, the 18th inst at 2 o'clock, P. M. A Cottage House, with 1728 square feet of Land, situated on Central st, (Chapel Hill), the next north of the store occupied by Wood & Hennneway. The house contains 6 well finished rooms good wood-shed, a cement cistern and a first rate well of water. Terms as easy as may be desired.

Great Sales of Building Lots in Centerville Dracutt, being a portion of the Bradley Farm.

On SATURDAY, Sept. 19th at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, 36 Building Lots, situated as follows, as per plan: 4 lots on front street—4 on Central street —2 on fourth st, near Central street—2 on Fifth st, —14 on Third street—4 on Walnut street—6 on Fourth near Walnut street.

—The above lots are of convenient size and very pleas-antly situated within a few minutes' walk of Lowell Post Office. Every lot offered *will be sold without the least reserve*, and a liberal credit will be given on mort-gages, especially to purchasers who obligate themselves to build.

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

House and Land.

On Monday Sept 21st at 3 o'clock P. M. on the pre-mises, a genteel House and Lot of Land, on Law-rence Street near P. O. Richmond's Batting Mill. Being the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hill.

The House is well furnished and conveniently arranged with good yard room and good Water with about 2900 feet of Land.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same containing about 4000 square feet—with a small Barn on the same which can be easily converted into a Cottage—and a goodly number of choice fruit trees, grape vines.

Terms liberal.

Constable Sale

Taken on execution and will be sold at public Auc-tion on Saturday next Sept 19th, at 2 o'clock P. M. near Central Bridge Dracutt. 2 good Horses, 1 good horse wagon, 1 horse wagon, 2 first rate Cows, 1 Hel-fer, 1 Ox Cart, 2 tons of Hay, to be sold at the Barn, and some other articles of personal property.

Lowell Sept 17, 1846. L. G. HOWE Constable of Dracutt

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woolroffe's Thermometer Manu-factory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Tick-ing, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best pos-sible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Meeting House Stock.

On SATURDAY next Sept 19 at 12 o'clock M., 15 shares in the capital Stock of the 3d Universalist Meeting House, Lowell. (Sale positive to reimburse advances,)

Terms cash or satisfactory endorsed notes 4 months adding the interest.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M.

The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Low-ell more than one year, and having been duly ad-vertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked James Smard, con-taining Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and a Bible marked Mar-tha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 21 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A Bag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plad Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Aa-drew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Containing Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Procter. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Dam-aged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Dam-aged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

In front of office, on Saturday next Sept. 19th at 9 o'-clock A. M.

Horses, Carriages, Harness &c. &c. 1 Bay Horse, 8 years old, sound and kind, well adapted to a Team or Cab, 1 Store wagon and Harness, 1 Concord built wagon nearly new, 1 2d Hand Chaise and Harness, 1 Peddlar's Cart &c.

Also, one fine English Pony 8 years old, fine fig-ure and of great endurance. Well adapted to the saddle for Ladies' or children. Also, immediately af-ter, at office, on act of J. Anderson a former purchas-er certain Housekeeping articles, such as Feather-Beds, Bedstead, Light Stand, &c.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership here-tofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, in this day, by mutual consent, dis-solved.

A. T. NUTE,

JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immedi-ately, and all persons indebted to the firm are re-quested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

JONATHAN RICE.

a3w*

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to procure suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others fat,
And for their fates aptitude pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused in loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient finds the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly scrutiny, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for renovating suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. nly|an22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommanded your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 199 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents throughout the principal towns in the United States. [my12a] dec16

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. jan9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical:—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, female complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has arrayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. *"SUGAR COATED PILLS"* may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyze the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who owe their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to this happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and paralysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description, hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat, pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendant arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who impiously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—a *remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

BY THE SOUTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 193 Race-street Philadelphia. jan7y

P. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut has a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

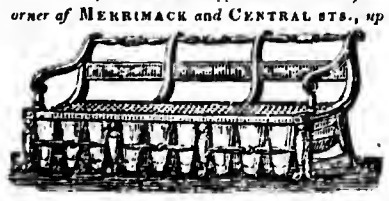
All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 adv&pnctly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MERRIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may0

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes is rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE,

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times stronger, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used to the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.—

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 20, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Callum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASUBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1847.

William Lippincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism, ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P. Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility, and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the small pox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported in us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a retention of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaseka, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all, whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 111.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Painters Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1fnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 28, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
tf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, *Coburn's Block, Central st., next to the Bridge*
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Assures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. 1fmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Morseas, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
np12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 38, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
n30 Office, 56, *Central Street, in Cabnro's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jnn1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German Language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 tf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Sinn-born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&r1yaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it in requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&ptoct 14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, an easel, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



CAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov3

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Fuss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Meody and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. tawn&p1yjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 8	435 53	67 53	1987
50	$5000	$370 80	1839	839 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	731 85	270 20	39 50	1587
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmond A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8a Tu&s rewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.
LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merlue, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.
Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.
Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.
☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.
Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.
N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.
Lowell, January, 1844. jan27y

POETRY.

From the Dolman's Magazine.

THE COQUETTE.

BY MILES GERALD KEON.

One spring morning in her old age, she sat down alone at the casement. The morning of the day, and of the year, put her in mind of the morning of her time, and also sang with tears:

My heart is sinking
With ever thinking
Of him who woo'd me in early life;
He had scarce a rental,
But his look was gentle,
As, whispering he bade me to be his wife.

"I cannot proffer
A wealthy coffer,"
So run his words in the days of youth—
But your husband's glory
May be named in story,
And you shall engross a heart of truth."

No ray adorning
Some vernal morning,
E'er broke more sweet o'er an eastern isle,
Than the beam beginning
On his lip so winning,
To diffuse the light of hope's youthful smile.

But I answered slightly,
Laughing so lightly,
That my love was love for the rich and high;
"*And that I cared not,*
Indeed I dared not;"
And thus I rebuked him, I know not why.

He bowed and departed,
Quite broken hearted
And long I thought he might come once more;
But, O my life's morning!
On pretence of scorning,
Clouded the light which your moments bore.

Thus my heart is sinking,
As I still sit thinking
How he prayed me softly to be his wife;
Though small was the rental,
The look was so gentle,
Of him who woo'd me in early life.

From the Boston Atlas.

THE CROWN OF A HUNDRED SOUS.

FROM THE FRENCH OF EUGENE GUINOT.

(EENELUDXO,)

The poor child took her station against a post, far off from the lamp, and when a young girl of wealthy appearance passed by, the unfortunate one would hold out her hand and ask for a sous. A sous to buy a little bread! At Paris young girls have something else to do in the evening beside drawing a sous from their pockets. If the begging girl saw an old man passing, she also ventured to implore him. Age is often avaricious and hard; the old man passed. The evening had been wet and rainy, night was approaching, and the patrols, the night-guards, the city-sergeants, were about to take possession of the streets of Paris, when the young girl fainting with want, once more held out her hand. She addressed herself to a young man, who stopped, felt in his pocket, and threw her a piece of money, so much did he fear to touch the wretched one. A police officer, who was apparently lying in wait for the beggar girl, all at once appeared, and laying his hand upon her, said:

"Ah, I have you; your begging. Come along, my beauty."

At this, the young man interfered, with some warmth; he took the arm of the beggar, which a moment before, he would not touch with his glove, and turning to the police-officer, said.

"This woman is not a beggar, but one of my acquaintances."

"But, sir," . . . the executor of the law against beggary was going on to say.

"I repeat, that I am acquainted with the lady. My poor, good woman," added he, bending over to the ear of the young girl, whom he took for an old woman, "accept these hundred sous, and let me conduct you to the neighboring street. By this means you will escape this Cerberus who pursues you."

"The crown slipped from your hand into mine," continued the bride, "and, as we were passing under the lamp, which I had before avoided, I saw your face."

"My face!" cried Frederic.

"Yes, my friend, it was I whose life, and perhaps honor, you thus saved. You gave a crown to Lady Melville, be your future wife."

"You!" said Frederick "so beautiful, so young so wealthy—you have begged!"

"Yes, my friend, I received alms once, and that was from you.

The next day after this, and which I now reckon among the happiest days of my life, an old woman, whom I had inspired with some pity took me into her house, as a seamstress. My gayety returned by labor; I became the friend of the respectable lady with whom I lived. One day, Lord Melville came into the room where I was working, and sat down by my side. He was a man of sixty years—tall, spare, and of a repulsive aspect.

"Miss," said he, "I know your history. Will you marry me?"

"Marry you!" I cried.

"Yes. I have immense property which I do not wish to leave to my nephews—and I have the gout, which I do not wish to be taken care of by my domestic. From what I have been able to learn of you, your character is as upright as it is elevated. As it is in your power to become Lady Melville, and to prove that you are destined for good fortune, since you have known how to support misfortune."

"I loved you, Frederick," continued the young woman. "I had seen you but once, but was impossible for me to forget you—and something in my heart said to me that our lives ought to roll on together. As I looked at Lord Melville, as I saw his melancholy countenance, and his sharp, and almost wary eye, I said to myself that the step he was taking was nothing else than an act of revenge, and I was loth to be the instrument of it. If the noble Lord did not receive a refusal, he, at least, easily perceived it, from my agitation, and, like all men, who are only rendered more ardent by rejection, he redoubled his solicitations.

My companions, induced me to profit by the folly of an Englishman worth his millions, and a part of whose fortune could not but soon be mine. As for me, I thought of you—I adored you with all that my imagination could lend to my memory—and the image of a man whom I had seen for but an instant, almost induced me to sacrifice my fortune, as well as yours, Frederick. But I had passed through too rough a school for romantic ideas to have the better of my reason. You were rejected by the young seamstress, and I became Lady Melville.

"It was a fairy tale, my friend! I, a poor, deserted orphan, was the wife of one of the richest peers of England! Seated in a carriage loaded down with servants, I was able to pass through the street where I had begged a few months before, and clothed in silk and glittering diamonds, to mark with my eye the corbstaas whereon I sat. The sports of chance, the caprices of fortune, the passions of men, my friend, are the fairies of this world."

"Happy Lord Melville," cried Frederick, "he was able to enrich you."

"He was in truth very happy," continued Madame de la Tour, "and he proved to me very clearly that, since my inclinations were favorable, this marriage, which was looked upon as a very foolish act, was the most reasonable thing in the world. He was rich beyond my desires. He could never expend his income, so that he had no need of new possessions; and he thought very justly that gratitude would attach to him a woman whose fortune he would make. He never repented having married a French woman.

"I intrusted myself to the noble lord for the care of my fortune, and I assisted him in his last days. When he died he left me all his property, and I then made myself an oath never to marry any one except the man who aided me in the most miserable moment of my life. Ingrate!" added Madame de la Tour, giving her hand to her husband, who yet came no nearer to her who wished to love and enrich him. "But, sir, do you never go into the world? Do you not attend shows and concerts? Ah! if I had known your name!"

So saying the new bride detached from her neck a collar of rubies, and drew from a small bag of silk, which was attached to it, a crown of a hundred sous, set in gold.

"This is the very one," said she, putting it into Frederick's hands. "At the sight of this crown, I was furnished with sufficient bread to support till the next day, and I also obtained credit for a few hours. The next day things were so arranged that I was able to preserve your crown. It has never left me. Ah! how happy I was when I met you about a month ago! With what quickness did I stop my horses! I leaned over the carriage door, and to attract your attention, seized upon the first pretext which presented itself to me! I had but one fear. I feared that you might be married. If that had been the case, you would have known nothing nothing of this story, and poor lady Melville would have enriched you in secret; she would have returned to England, where she would have grown old in seclusion, at her castle in Wales."

Frederick let go of his wife's hands, he let fall from his grasp the embroidered muslin of her night dress, and seized the crown, the cause of his fortune and his happiness.

"So you see," continued Madame de la Tour, as you see that I am not a fairy. On the contrary it is you who have given me a talisman."

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, Sept. 7.

Petitions referred—Of John R. Adams and others, that Cross st. may be laid out; of Wm. H. King and others, that Tilden st. from Moody st. to the Tremont Mall may be laid out, the grade established, and sidewalk laid; of Thomas Hardy for liscense as an auctioneer; of Aaron Mansur for compensation for damage received in consequence of the alteration of the grade of Merrimack st.; of J. T. McDermott and others that Fenwick st. may be laid out; of J. P. Simonds and others relating to stands for cabs and other vehicles.

License was granted to Henry Harvey to exhibit "a large horse and hog."

The City Marshall's report of prosecutions in August was received.

Reports accepted—On petition of David Wells, that it is expedient to increase the salary of the City Physician; on petition of Danl. Flynn, that he have leave to withdraw his petition; of the Committee on Finance on the Auditor's Ebibits, accepted and the accompanying resolution transferring $700 from the reserved fund to the appropriation for health passed in concurrence.

A report of the Committee on Streets relating to the grade of Gorham st. and laying sidewalks, ordered to remain 7 days in the City Clerk's office.

A report of the Solicitor on the revision of the City Ordinances was referred to a select committee.

Orders passed—For a committee to make a revision of the Ordinances of the City; directing Committee on Sewers and Drains to report measures for running a drain through Pewtucket st. into Merrimack river; directing the City Marshall to enforce the ordinance relating to bathing in the canals and rivers; requesting the Mayor to take measures to prevent noise under and in the vicinity of the Court rooms during the present term; directing Committee on Repairs of Streets to cause drains to be made in Lowell st. for conveying water from pumps into the common sewer; directing the Committee on Lighting Streets, to cause a lamp to be put up at the bridge over the Boott canal in Merrimack st.

An ordinance "to restrain the sale of melons, fruit and vegetables in the streets" was read twice and laid on the table.

The Auditor's assessment for sidewalks in Suffolk and Church streets, were referred to the Committee on Accounts.

Adjourned to Monday evening, Sept. 14th.

A NEW CITY.—A new city, (says the New York correspondent of the Charlestan Courier,) is commencing on the east side of the Channel, above the Narrows, a steamboat dock having been constructed near the Greenwood Cemetery. "Next season a regular ferry will be established, and the lots brought into the market. This is a joint speculation of Mr. Beach, of the Sun, and McElrath, of the Tribune. I suppose Mr Greeley shares, as he is quite a hand for speculations, and dipped pretty deeply into the Lake Superior copper mines. McElrath is a financier, and Beach quite a genius in the way, and getting to be a man of millions." This accounts for the strange kind of milk that has latterly been oozing out of the Tribune cocoa-nut, strongly odorous of Beach's shinplasters for working people, and sundry other peculiarities which have somewhat surprised a few who were not aware how *honest* some of the Tribune's professions of regard for the laboring classes might be made by a chance to join in a grand shave of one and two per cent. off the earnings of the laboring masses. How this world is given to humbug!—*True Sun.*

THE CRY OF RUIN ABANDONED BY THE WHIGS. The Newburyport Herald says:—

We are glad to see by the commercial advices from New York that there is a disposition evinced towards a rally in prices of domestic manufactures as well as some other articles, which gives evidence that the present great depression is but temporary, and that ere long fair remunerating prices to both capital and labor will be obtained. Money is abundant on all first class paper.

We see no cause for the despondency which seems to have fallen upon some business men.

A YOUNG FINANCIER. A boy about 14 years of age, who has been employed in the Mechanics' Bank, was detected a few days since in embezzling the funds of that institution to the amount of upwards of $600. All the money except about $100 has been refunded. This promising youth was driving a fast increasing business. He boarded his fast trotting horse at the Union street stable, was a liberal patron of the useful and ornamental arts, and would probably in a year or two older, have added a mistress to his establishment.—*Newburyport Herald.*

☞ Niblos' theatre New York, has been entirely destroyed by fire together with a large block besides.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 19, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The members elect of the Democratic State Central Committee for 1846-47 are requested to meet on Thursday, the 24th inst., at the hall over the Democratic Reading Room, No 36 Washington street, Boston, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of organization and other appropriate business.

MARCUS MORTON, Jr.,
ISAAC EMERY,
JAMES WHITING,
JOHN A. BOLLES,
Members of the Committee for Suffolk.

Boston, Sept. 12, 1846.

Whig Admission.

The last Courier contains a pretty specimen of exultation and bravado! It publishes a letter written by Sam'l Lawrence, Esq. of this city, to a gentleman of Pennsylvania, of whom Mr Lawrence has recently purchased a quantity of wool, in which letter Mr L. speaks in particularly favorable terms of the prosperity of his manufacturing establishment at Lowell—and says he is soon to start new mills on an extensive scale. The Courier then proceeds to exult very pompously in the fact that the "Lawrences and Appletons" are not to be overthrown by the "project of Polk, Walker, and the Locofocos." Within the next dozen lines he unwittingly gives the reason. "The Lawrences and Appletons," he says, "are able to make money, and will do so, in spite of all the locofoco tariffs in existence or in prospect;" * * * "the capitalist may suffer a reduction of profits, but the *laborer* will feel the principal force of the new tariff." This is the talk precisely; under the old tariff, the Lawrences and Appletons," divided enormous profits, and the laborer barely got a pittance to live upon in return for his unceasing toil. The operation of the new "locofoco" tariff, as the Courier calls it, is in some degree to lessen these immense profits of the captalists, and give the laborer a better standing. But, says the Courier, the "Lawrences and Appletons" don't submit to any such "experimenting"—they are *able* to make money and *will* do it—if the present tariff reduces their profits, they will reduce the wages of their operatives to the same tune!—it is the *laborer* who will feel the force of the operation!

We have always told the laborer that the whig capitalist was not his friend, farther than selfish interest prompted him to be such; here is stronger evidence of the truth of our assertion than we expected so soon to see—the *admission* of the whigs themselves.

This bragadocia of the Courier affords a sad commentary on the motives and honesty of the ruling powers of the whig party; the laborers—the people, are used merely as tools and slaves; the "Lawrences and Appletons" must and *will* have their profits—if not from the sale of their goods, they seize upon a portion of the laborers toil-earned wages, and make up the deficiency. But thank God whatever their *will* may be they have not the *power* to grind the laborer! Agriculture is improving under the new English and American tariff and if manufacturers attempt to keep their dividends up to 30,40 or 50 per cent. by grinding the laborer, instead of being content with ten or fifteen per ct. profits, larger than any other business affords, laborers have only to retire into the agricultural field and there make as much, at least as they now do and leave these lords of the loom and spindle to do their own work.

WHIG CAUCUS. The whigs held a caucus at the City Hall Thursday evening Sept. 17, for the choice of delegates to the several Conventions. The meeting was very respectable. John Wright Esq. made a very few remarks about the attempt of Mr Polk's Administration to prostrate the interests of the North, and how if it had not done so it was not because he had'nt tried—the usual tide of slang about the corruption and profligacy of the administration, and how the people were going to rise in their majesty and at the ballot box crush their corrupt rulers. He was followed in a very similar, though weaker strain, by a Mr Shephard of Framingham.

We could not but notice what an effort it was for these men to talk *about the administration trying to ruin the country instead of having done it.* The whigs said if the Democratic measures were passed the Country *would be ruined.* The measures of the Democracy have all passed, *but the ruin don't come.* Now these ruin croakers can't say the country *is ruined*, though they said it would be, and as they tell how Polk *has tried* to ruin it. Well, if he has tried to ruin it, *why has he not succeeded? Has he not carried all the measures he tried to?* Time has shown the whigs, as usual, false prophets; but like all other false prophets, instead of acknowledging themselves impostors they distort their prophecies and still go on prophesying and trying to delude the people. They prophesy *ruin*, but ruin don't come and they substitute for it that there was *an attempt to* ruin, and talk just as eloquently and feelingly as if the whole country was turned into a pauper house.

☞ The Courier has adopted the objective and surname which distinguished the man and the name "Honest John Davis."

☞ The Albany Knickerbocker knows a man who has eaten so much beef that horns are growing out of his forehead—we know of one who has *horns* although he has eat no beef these ten years past.

Democratic State Convention.

☞ The following are the able and sound resolutions offered by Mr Hallett, and passed by the Democratic State Convention:

Resolved, That in the election of Polk and Dallas in 1844, the people re-established the democratic doctrines as the fundamental principles of this government, and the public agents elected by them under this administration were solemnly pledged to reaffirm and carry out those doctrines.

Resolved, That the President has proved himself preeminently deserving the trust thus confided to him, and has exhibited in all the measures of his Administration undinching fidelity to his pledges and principles, and an unwavering firmness and commanding ability in carrying out the great measures which the people elected him to enforce and sustain.

Resolved, That the twenty-ninth congress has honorably fulfilled the will of the people, in seconding and sustaining the recommendations of the President; in the settlement of the Oregon question which has secured the peace of the world; in completing the annexation of Texas, which has defeated the intrigues of European powers to prescribe the limits of free government, and extended and strengthened the Union of "the model republic" at home, and commanded for her the respect of the nations abroad; in repelling the aggressions of Mexico, and resorting to the sword to conquer a peace only when that senseless government had trampled the olive branch, again and again tendered them, under feet, and invaded our territory and slaughtered our citizens; in re-establishing the constitutional treasury, which has forever divorced the unholy union of bank and state; and especially in the truly republican system of financial measures, which has substituted a tariff of revenue, with incidental protection, for an unjust system of bounties to enrich the few at the expense of enormous taxation upon the wants of the many.

Resolved, That the passage of the new tariff was a crisis in the progress of commercial freedom not only in the new, but the old world. That the only substantial reason which ever existed for a high tariff designed for prohibition and not for revenue, viz: the necessity of retaliating upon the restrictive policy of the old world, which excluded the products of our industry, by excluding theirs, had ceased to exist, by the total abolition of this false dogma in England, where it originated. That to have persisted in such a system of retaliation after the cause had ceased, would have been unworthy an enlightened nation, even if it could have secured a selfish advantage to us at the expense of common justice and national reciprocity; but that it is eminently wise, expedient and just, when such a measure not only secures a bond of universal peace, by commercial interchanges of free trade throughout the world, but insures to the great predominant interest of the people and universal and constantly increasing market for the exhaustless agricultural productions of the true *home industry* of the *American farmer*, and at the same time, instead of restricting, extends the market of the manufacturer, by diminishing over-production and ruinous home competition in that branch of industry, and vastly increasing the disposition and ability, of the great agricultural south and west to buy of the manufacturing north and east.

Resolved, That whatever may be the temporary effect in the reduction of the enormous profits of the manufacturer, which could not last, even under a tariff of prohibition, the real interests of the manufacturer have been advanced by the new tariff, for the sensible reason that under the forcing system of high bounties by a high tariff, had that become the settled policy, the manufacturer had greatly more to fear from home competition and over production than from any foreign competition which can reach him, with a tariff that secures, directly and incidentally, a standing protection of from thirty to fifty per cent.

Resolved, That if the whig doctrine be true, that a high tariff produces low prices, the manufacturer ought to rejoice at the reduction of the tariff, because, by the same rule, a low tariff must produce high prices.

Resolved, That if this whig doctrine is false, and the reverse is true, as the protectionists now insist, the conclusion is obvious that the fallacy has been heretofore resorted to for no other purpose than to delude the people into taxing themselves in order to give bounties to the manufacturers—and that is in fact, that a high tax on imports, beyond revenue, is a tax on the people, which compels the nineteen millions who constitute the farmers, merchants, seamen and laborers of this country, to pay exorbitant prices for the exclusive benefit of the seven hundred thousand who constitute all the persons engaged in manufactures in the United States—a benefit, too, which really goes to the capitalist, and barely gives a subsistence to the over worked laborers.

Resolved, That with all the advantages of skill, ingenuity, perseverance, economy and untiring industry which distinguish the American operative over all others, it is a libel upon our national character which ought to be repelled as an insult by every yankee mechanic, that we cannot compete successfully with England, France, Germany, or the world, in our own markets, unless they are compelled to sell their goods beside ours, with a tax which enhances the cost of foreign articles more than fifty per cent.; and therefore those who deny that fifty per cent. will protect American labor against what they call European pauper labor, grossly slander the working men of the United States, and instead of being the exclusive protectors, are the sole revilers of the bone and muscle, the head and brains of the people.

Resolved, That we respect the firmness and integrity of George M. Dallas, in his casting vote in favor of the new tariff, and that it places him in a position as honorable as that in which the patriotic George Clinton stood, when, as president of the U. S. Senate, he gave his casting vote against a national bank.

Resolved, That we hold to the integrity of the Union, as established by the constitution, and therefore we deprecate, as disunion in its worst form, the attempts of any party or class of men to stigmatize and denounce one portion of the Union for its domestic institutions, with which the constitution does not interfere, and of the propriety of which each state is its own independent judge.

Resolved, That the federal party have always been consistent in siding with the enemy against their own country, in every war we have had to wage since the revolution, and therefore it is praise rather than censure upon Mr Polk and his administration, that that party, in its head quarters here at least, denounce the Mexican war, and cannot rejoice in the splendid victories of their country.

Resolved, That the insincerity of the whig party, in deprecating war with Mexico, and the real wish of their leaders to prevent peace lest they should loose political capital, as manifest in the singular course pursued by a distinguished senator from Massachusetts, in talking the last session of congress to an end, in order to prevent the passage of a bill to enable the President to make peace with Mexico, and that the identity of the modern whig and the old federal party is strikingly illustrated in this incident by the fact, that in the congress of the year 1814, Mr Gore, a federal senator from Massachusetts, who had denounced the war of 1812 as worse than treason, vehemently opposed the sending of commissioners to Ghent, to negotiate a peace.

Resolved, That in the glorious measures of the present Jeffersonian democratic administration, already consummated, and those that are to follow, and in the accession of the bar new, young and vigorous democratic states of Florida and Texas completed, and Iowa and Wisconsin about to follow, we hail both the progress and the permanency of democratic principles and measures, and the election of democratic men to national offices, as the settled future policy of this great Republic; and whatever may be the success or failure of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, the Union as a whole will be right, and if in a minority here (which we will continue to struggle to make again a majority,) we can nevertheless rejoice with exceeding joy, and co-operate as a portion of the brotherhood of the great majority, which, in the progress of our free institutions, is destined to uphold and carry into effect *the voice of the people* against an usurping National Bank; *the voice of the people* against an unjust Tariff; *The voice of the people* for a vigorous war to insure a speedy peace with Mexico; *the voice of the people* for a strict construction of the Constitution as it is; *the voice of the people* for the largest practical extension of the Union; *the voice of the people* for the right of the people to establish, alter or change government, in the free exercise of the sovereignty; *the voice of the people* for that protection of labor which makes the employed the equal and not the servant of the employer; and finally, *the voice of the people* against the false doctrine of the privileged few, that "the present is the slave of the past," and for the steady, gradual and sure expansion, progress and perfection of those reforms in the government, which shall keep pace with the advance of the intelligence of a great people, and their just appreciation of the equal rights of men, in the full and free exercise of an enlightened self-government.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Wednesday, Sept. 16.

Darius C. Hildreth against Wm. C. Gray. Action brought against Gray as a common carrier for destruction of a quantity of glass—verdict for plff. $44.46.—Morse for plff. Wentworth for deft.

Wm. Hill against John Maloy. Action for slander. The slander was in charging Mrs. Hill with keeping a house of ill-fame. Verdict for plff. $300. Butler for plff. Wentworth for deft.

Thursday Sept. 17.

Stephen Castles against Patrick Riley. This was an action of Assumpsit on an account and note in which plaintiff claimed about a hundred dollars. Verdict for deft. The deft. recovering $25. Brown for plff.—Butler for deft.

Friday, Sept. 18.

Cyril Cohurn against Lawrence B. Norris. This was an action for covenant broken, in which the plaintiff claimed $200 damages. Verdict for deft. Wentworth and Beard for Plff. Butler for deft.

Saturday, Sept, 19.

Case now on trial is Elijah Richards and wife against James Tweed. An account for medicine and nursing a child. Hopkinson for plff. Nelson for deft.

Fruits of Whig Abolitionism.

"We are told by the Lynchburg *Virginian*, that John, the well known and faithful servant of the late John Randolph, who with the emancipated slaves of his master, went to Ohio, and were there treated by citizens in a manner of which our readers have been apprized, has returned to Charlotte with the intention of petitioning the Legislature to allow him to remain in the commonwealth. He says, they have no feeling for colored people in Ohio, and, if the Legislature refuses to grant his petition, he will submit to the penalty of remaining and be sold as a slave—preferring this to enjoying freedom in a free state."

Ohio has for a long time been a whig abolition state. It is from this state that disolation-of-the-Union *Giddings* comes from, and retains his seat in Congress and coolly takes his eight dollars a day, mileage and all the perquisites that he can get, though he says that to perpetuate slavery the Union has been dissolved.—There is no State in the Union where Negroes are so shamefully abused, and so entirely deprived of all the rights and privileges of citizens, and so kicked, cuffed, mobed and treated in all respects incomparably worse than they ever are by slaveholders except in this whig abolition State of Ohio.

☞ The foreign news by the last arrival shows that the agriculturalists of this country are finding great sales for their productions in England, under the new British and American tariffs. This fact is practical proof of the truth that the democracy have always preached, that a restrictive tariff policy is ruinous to those interests that must seek foreign markets for the sale of their productions. If one nation restricts another will, and thereby the foreign market is cut off to a great extent, which produces a glut and universal depression at home.

FIRE IN DRACUTT. The dwelling house and barn of Mr Nehemiah Bradley in the centre of the town of Dracutt was entirely consumed by fire last night. The fire, caught, we understood, from an ash barrel. The loss falls heavily upon Mr Bradley, as we are informed there was no insurance.

The Engine Companies of this City turned out promptly, but the distance was so great and the fire spread so rapidly that their efforts were of no avail.—Mr Bradley publishes a card thanking them for their endeavors to save his property.

☞ Maine looks squally, tho' full returns will show Dana (dem.) to have nearly as many votes as all others. The character of the House and Senate will depend upon the future elections of those towns which have failed to elect representatives. The democrats have elected two members of Congress and the whigs one—in four districts no choice.

VERMONT. The Woodstock Age, says the Post, points out a mistake of 100 in the whig returns, and insists that Mr. Collamer, the present whig member of congress, is defeated in that district. We are glad to believe it. The Age is a zealous and faithful laborer in the democratic vineyard.

ROBBERY. The fancy good store of Mr A. S. Jordon, in Milk street, was entered on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning, says the Transcript, and jewelry and fancy articles stolen to the amount of several hundred dollars. Among the things stolen, were six dozen gold pencil cases.

INDIANNA ELECTION. Official returns from Indiannn show the Democratic candidate for Governor and Lt. Governor to have received over 4000 votes majority.

☞ We see that Edward Allen, of the Pawtucket Garden, received a gratuity of three dollars for what is termed in the Transcript "a large flat design."

NEW PAPER.—A new Democratic Daily paper has been started in Richmond, Virginia called the Southern Standard.

☞ Eugene H. Wormwood of N. Y. the young man who committed a gross assault upon a girl only nine years old has been sentenced for twelve years to the State Prison.

☞ The Union says Mr Bancroft will probably leave the United States in the steamer of the 8th October.

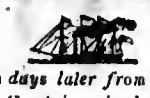
☞ A fire in Philadelphia last Sunday destroyed about $15,000 worth of property.

☞ Professor Mapes has been chosen President of the Mechanics' Institute, New York.

☞ The whig candidate for Governor in Vermont has been defeated by about two thousand votes.

☞ Mr. Gough, the fallen temperance lecturer, is fast regaining his health.

Arrival of the Cambria.



Sixteen days later from Europe.

The steamship Cambria arrived yesterday morning at five o'clock, bringing sixteen days later dates. The Cambria brought 105 passengers from Liverpool, and among them, Washington Irving, late Minister to Spain.

The English news is of no very great import, except as showing the demand for agricultural products of this country. The session of Parliament was closed on Friday, Aug. 28, by commission. In relation to the recent session, Willmer & Smith's Times says:

With the exception of the passing of the reform bill fifteen years ago, the present generation has witnessed nothing equal to the vast commercial and social changes which the revolution of the last few months has and is producing. It is impossible to overate the gigantic results of the measures which the late and the present ministry have passed for the freedom of trade. Great interests have been attacked, and it may be for a time injured; but new channels of communication will be opened, new and unexplored markets will be stocked, and as the prosperity under the new system must be general, those who suffer for a time, will live long enough to enjoy the permanent good, and survive their fears and prejudices.

The cotton market has been firm and active and the price has advanced 1-8*d*. The American provision market has been lively, and pork and some qualities of beef and bacon have advanced.

The crops have been gathered, and the general impression now is that wheat will be an average yield: but oats are this, and potatoes, owing to the universal disease, are everywhere a failure.

In Ireland, the two factions of the repealers have assumed a more, if possible, antagonistic attitude and all hopes of conciliation between O'Connel and the Dublin Nation, people, are at an end.

FRANCE. The Chamber of Deputies was opened on the 17th ult., by the King, with a speech from the throne. His majesty was most enthusiastically received by the Chamber.

SPAIN. The powers that be have provided Queen Isabella with a husband. She is to marry her cousin, the Duke de Cadiz, eldest son of Don Francisco; and her sister is to be united to the youngest son of Louis Philippe, the Duke de Montpensier.

ITALY. The Pope's popularity increases every day.

Manifesto of Santa Anna---His views and policy.

This document was issued immediately on his arrival at Vera Cruz. The Washington Union thus sums it up:—

"He commences with a sort of apology for the part which he played, subsequent to 1834, in forcing a strong central government upon the country, which he admits did not result in its quiet or prosperity, and he attributes to the discontent of the people, the failure to preserve the province of Texas. He then briefly reviews the conduct of those who have successively administered the government since his exile. The aggressions of the United States were encouraged, he says, by the perfidy of the cabinet of Gen. Herrera. Paredes, he says, had always been the enemy of any popular representative government; when he heard of his projected revolution at San Luis Potosi he hoped that his opinions had changed; but when he saw Paredes's manifesto of adhesion to the plan of San Luis Potosi, he found it to be rather a diatribe against the independence of the nation, than the patriotic address of a Mexican General seeking in good faith a remedy for the distress of his country; and his sinister designs were fully developed by his act convoking a Congress and by the attempts to reconcile the people to the idea of a monarchy and a foreign prince. He denounces and discusses at length the proposal for a monarchical form of government, which he considers absurd and impracticable. He accuses those in favor of a monarchy of having, almost in a direct manner, provoked the United States to take possession of Texas, and advance an army into the interior of Mexico, in order that the nation might be reduced to the alternative of submitting to Anglo-American dencumination, or adopting a monarchical form of government. It was with this view, he says, that in 1844 and 1845, when they had the control in Congress, they refused the aid which the existing administration asked for the purpose of defending the integrity of the national territory.—He makes no direct or earnest profession of an intention to prosecute the war against the United States, and does not speak of this country in the usual term of vilification. He concludes by disclaiming any desire or intention to exercise dictorial power, and therefore proposes that that the Congress about to be assembled, shall be empowered to regulate all branches of the administration of the government, and that the provincial executive be entirely under its control. He also recommends that, until a new constitution be proclaimed, the constitution of 1824 be adopted for the internal administration of the departments."

Wreck of the Steamship New York and dreadful loss of Life.

The mail from New Orleans to-night brings the melancholy intelligence that on the 7th inst., the fine packet ship New York was totally wrecked between Galveston and New Orleans, during a violent gale, and that *seventeen* persons perished with her! Amongst the victims were Mrs. Pollock and three children, Mrs Wilson and two children, Mrs. Follett and three children, A. H. Nearmick, and Wm. Armstrong, all passengers. The other four lost belonged to the crew of the boat. The balance of the passengers, with the officers and crew, were taken off by the steamer Galveston, which fortunately came to their rescue. The New York, her machinery, furnitore, &c., is a total loss; not a dollar's worth of anything can be saved:—*New York True Sun.*

COTTON STATISTICS. The New Orleans Commercial Times publishes a table of the exports of cotton, from that port, for the last ten years, which shows the increasing development of the resources of that state. The exports of cotton nearly doubled in that period. We publish the following table for the last five years:—

	1845-6.	1844 5.	1843-4.	1842-3.	1841-2
Great British,	572,292	585,888	527 675	679,438	421,450
France,	157,858	125,020	119,060	180,875	183,272
North of Europe.	28,887	33,035	17,907	50 882	31,207
Other for ports,	76 762	62,458	52,855	43,543	23,566
Coastwise,	223,508	148,215	176,958	134,132	99,832
Total bales,	1,053,307	994,016	895,375	1,088,810	749,227

From this table, it will be seen that the foreign market received, during the year ending August 31, 1846, from the port of New Orleans alone, 834,799 bales of cotton, whilst the "home market" (supposing all sent coastwise to be so destined,) received but 237,568 bales. Now, of cotton sent "coastwise," a large portion was shipped to New York and other ports, to be exported to Europe, and therefore the home market is far more deficient than the table makes it appear.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

THE NEW. OLD, SECRETARY OF THE NAVY. We congratulate the country, and the navy especially, upon the restoration of Mr John Y. Mason to a station, which he formerly filled with so much honor to the country and so much satisfaction to those immediately connected with his bureau. In the navy, we believe he is the most popular man in the Union.—*Southern Standard.*

☞ The "Independent Democrat" says that party politics have "become a vast system of gambling and chicanery, *where the most artful juggler is the most successful player.*" The complete success of such "artful jugglers" as have lately been put into office in this state, affords evidance of the truth of the wise remarks of the learned Secretary. Nothing but "gambling and chicanery" could have promoted the success of such fellows, in this state.—*Nashua Gaz.*

A CARD.—the subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the fire companies and citizens of Lowell for their active exertions in endeavoring to save his property from destruction by fire on Friday night.

NEHEMIAH BRADLEY.

Dracutt, Sept. 19th 1846.

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a thirdsnse sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. js11

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panacens, Expectorants, and Specifiers of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle devolved from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq., Attorney at Law, 68 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, palm of unreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts, CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3a&r1w

---

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

---

MARRIED.

In this city, Sept. 12th, by Rev A. A. Miner Mr Prentiss M Waterhouse, to Miss Sarah Rounds, both of Lowell.

Sept 15th, by the same, Mr Daniel B. Spalding, to Miss Frances H. Marston, both of Lowell.

Sept 16th, by the same, Mr Daniel Dwinnells, to Miss Lucinda Clement, both of Lowell.

Sept 17th, by the same, Mr Augustus N. Osgood, to Miss Mary E, Sherburne, both of Lowell.

In Carlisle, by Rev, Geo Proctor, Mr Alfred, Proctor of Chelmsford, to Miss Harriet E. Taylor.

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104½) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*

TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity. BONNETS! BONNETS!! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.

Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,



Inform the public that they have taken Store No. 29, Central St., (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOIS' Cloth and Clothing store, No 24 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

---

A RARE CHANCE!



The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

---

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

OLD PAPERS.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping or other purposes, for sale at this office. je20

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANKLIN B. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS, of Lowell in said County, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Parks and Andrews will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Saturday, the third day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Parks and Andrews, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT,
sep 17s3t. Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by G. Washington Warren esq. a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell in said County, formerly copartner with John W. Adams and doing business at said Lowell under the firm of Adams & Littlefield, stove dealers, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Littlefield will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Charlestown in said County, on Tuesday, the twenty-ninth day of September inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Littlefield, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
sept 17 u3ti

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of September inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
Sep10 s3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 12th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of GARDNER H. BROWN of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the day twenty-sixth of September inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTRFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
sep.12 n3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the third Meeting of the creditors of Benjamin Day, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Nathan Brooks Esq., a Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on Saturday the 31st day of October next at 2 o'clock, P. M. Per order of

NATHAN BROOKS Esq.,
Master in Chancery.
JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee, Sept 19. n3t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately.

HENRY J. BAXTER.
sep17n3w

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

seo14m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET. NO.* 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomely done. je30tf

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st, opposite Post Office. s28

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug23a&r3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The fast sailing oppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollad*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

To go up to the City.

With despatch,



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

To go up to the City without Lightering,

In a few Days,



The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship JUDAH TOURO, *Vickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf. Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, agents at Mobile,

---

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest pattern of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market price

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

---

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

FALL FASHION!



BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

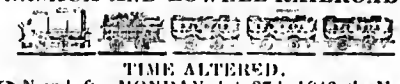
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.30, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

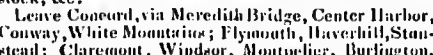
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

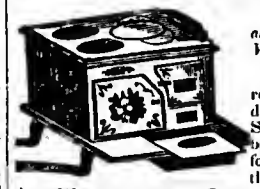
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, *Central Street.*

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

n3w* JONATHAN RICE.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

Dry Goods.

On THURSDAY, Sept. 17th,—A prime assortment of Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpines, Alpaccas Rept Cashmeres, Cashmere de Cosse, Delaines, Prints Shawls, Patches, Tickings, Cottons, Flannels, and about 20 pieces Broadcloths and cassimeres.

Gruteel Cottage on Central Street.

I shall sell on the premises, on Friday, the 18th inst at 2 o'clock, P. M. A Cottage House, with 1726 square feet of Land, situated on Central st, (Chapel Hill), the next north of the store occupied by Wood & Hemmenway. The house contains 6 well finished rooms good wood-shed, a cement cistern and a first-rate well of water. Terms as easy as may be desired.

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

House and Land.

On Monday Sept 21st at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, a genteel House and Lot of Land, on Lawrence Street near P. O. Richmond's Batting Mill.

Being the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hall.

The House is well furnished and conveniently manged with good yard room and good Watter with about 2900 feet of Land.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same containing about 4000 square feet—with a small Barn on the same which can be easily converted into a Cottage—and a goodly number of choice fruit trees, grape vines.

Terms libernl.

Constable Sale

Taken on execution and will be sold at public Auction on Saturday next Sept 19th, at 2 o'clock P. M. near Central Bridge Dracutt. 2 good Horses, 1 good horse wagon, 1 horse wagon, 2 first rate Cows, 1 Heifer, 1 Ox Cart, 2 tons of Hay, to be sold at the Barn, and some other articles of personal property.

Lowell Sept 17, 1846. L. G. HOWE
Constable of Dracutt.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual prices.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Meeting House Stock.

On SATURDAY next Sept 19 at 12 o'clock M., 15 shares in the capital Stock of the 3d Universalist Meeting House, Lowell. (Sale positive to reimburse advances,)

Terms cash or satisfactory endorsed notes 4 months adding the interest.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M.

The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Lowell more than one year, and having been duly advertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked Inman Suard, containing Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and a Bible marked Martha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 21 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A Bag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plaid Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Andrew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Containing Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Procter. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Damaged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Damaged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

In front of office, on Saturday next Sept. 19th at 9 o'clock A. M.

Horses, Carriages, Harness &c. &c. 1 Bay Horse, 8 years old, sound and kind, well adapted to a Team or Colt, 1 Store wagon and Harness, 1 Concord built wagon nearly new, 1 2d Hand Chaise and Harness, 1 Peddler's Cart &c.

Also, one fine English Pony 8 years old, fine figure and of great endurance. Well adapted to the saddle for Ladies' or children. Also, immediately after, at office, on act of J. Anderson a former purchaser certain Housekeeping articles, such as Feather-Beds, Bedsteads, Light Stand, &c.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAP

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15, ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every occasion, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like rest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their fates copulous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coitions, or know as venereal disorders, his remedies act with fullness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before imfused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient sees though he had been suffering for months or years, and find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shewing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect is a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensations in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenzo, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing through our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Luts, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

H. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brightns.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and Johnson sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 130 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in each and all the principal towns in the United States. [my1?s] dec16

GOLD AND SILVER.—Lots of old papers, for wrapping gold and silver purposes, for sale at this office. jn3

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by unflinchy, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood's" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞*In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS and Friends of Invalids.

THE well established, and well earned reputation of *WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, as a sovereign antidote, and cure in cases of fevers, head aches, indigestion, dyspepsia, dysentery, cholic, lemale complaints, &c., has excited the cupidity and envy of the proprietors of other medicines, and since their admirable qualities cannot be impugned has errayed against them the antagonist efforts of men who seek to pass off other medicines by the reputation of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*.

Beware of all attempts to palm off any other (so called,) specifics by means of specious and sounding and deceptive titles. "*SUGAR COATED PILLS*" may be pleasant to the palate, but it requires something more than an agreeable exterior to combat with disease. We shall not attempt to analyse the composition of the "Sugar Coated or pretended improved Indian Vegetable Pills," which have been thrown into the market and advertised extensively in the country papers—we have no desire to do so—nor is it necessary. It is however, our duty to assure the public emphatically that they are not an improvement on Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills and that whoever purchases them under this supposition is wofully deceived. This caution is positively necessary, since the title (nearly) the qualities set forth, the combination of ingredients, &c., are all those which formed the distinctive and original character of the true medicine.

Remember, buy none but *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which are protected by a patent. These have attained an almost incredible sale and circulation, owing altogether to their own intrinsic merits. The public will pass its own judgment upon any attempt to snatch the laurel from the brow of the inventor of these medicines where it has been placed by grateful thousands who own their continuance of the enjoyment of the blessings of health to the happy and benevolent agency.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,

have performed wonders when used in cases of intermittent, remittent, nervous, inflammatory and putrid fever, measles, small pox and erysipelas; inflamations of the brain, throat, stomach, lungs, liver, intestines, kidneys and bladder, pains in the stomach, back and side; consumption, dropsy of the head, of the chest, of the abdomen and of the limbs; scrofula, scurvey and syphilis; cancer, gravel, loss of appetite; sick headache, rheumatism, both acute and chronic; spitting of blood; diarrhœa, dysentery and cholics; syncope, apoplexy and parnlysis, dyspepsia, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, whooping cough, palpitation of the heart, ulcers and sores of every description; hysteria, weak nerves and lowness of spirits; suppression and other delicate female complaints.

No other medicine yet discovered has grappled these horrid forms of disease with such general success.—They derive thus powerfully the employment of natural means to counteract the evils of nature. The bowels of the earth have not been ransacked for poisonous minerals to infect the system under the pretence of eradicating disease. The field and the forest alone have been searched for materials for the healing art. From these have been collected remedies attacking the various forms of disease, and expelling it by the outlets provided by the Author of our being, the lungs, the skin, the kidneys and the bowels. Hence Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills based upon the curative mode suggested by nature, are sudorific, diuretic, expectorant and purgative.

The origin of this invaluable medicine entitles it to unlimited confidence and respect. The nearer we approach to nature in our researches after truth both in science and art, the more complete will be our success in both. Look at the uniform physical condition of the *Indian Tribes* of this continent, whether exposed to the frosts and storms of the North, or to the rain, heat and pestilential miasma of Southern climates. Houseless, unprotected, exposed to the atmospheric change, every extreme of the seasons, dwelling at times in morasses and by the margin of unhealthy pools and swamps, yet they enjoy an almost total *immunity from disease*, while the white man, who enjoys all the comforts of civilization, with its attendent arts, is as much inferior to the savage in physical vigor, as he is superior to him in intellectual acquisitions. How does this happen? Simply because, bereft of the light of science, he relies upon that divine instinct which compels him to select from the produce of the field and forest those remedies which nature and nature's God has bounteously provided for the solace of suffering, and the mitigation and cure of disease sowing them broadcast on every hill and valley. Let those who imprously arraign the good justice of Divine Providence, and sneer at the multitude of invalids who lie groaning upon beds of sickness, turn from the false lights of man, and study the secrets of nature, and they will adore that mercy which has so bounteously provided a cure for every wound—*a remedy for all who seek one.*

Disease rarely assumes one form from another, even in any one case—hence the absurdity of attacking it by one uncompounded medicine. But *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills* combining a remedy for every form of disease, attacks successfully any combination of malady. This union of powers renders these pills thoroughly cleansing in their nature and operations. They cannot fail of affording relief if taken according to directions accompanying them. *They may be freely resorted to, in the most desperate cases of the most desperate disorders*, for they have effected remarkable and marvellous cures.—They are applicable to a wide range of diseases, and their use is not confined to any particular age or to either sex. They are now triumphantly established beyond the reach of cavil, and the only danger that exists is on the part of the public, lest they should suffer from imitation, spurious Pills palmed off by the help of titles similar to that of the genuine Pills.—Therefore, we once more caution the public against purchasing any but the genuine

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

Agent in Lowell, S. S. SEAVY.

REMEMBER

The only Office in Boston where the Indian Vegetable Pills can be obtained is at

198 TREMONT STREET. 198

Principal Office and General Depot, 198 Race street Philadelphia. jaa7y

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

npr4 ndy&putly

NO. 7, WYMAN'S EXCHANGE,

corner of MARKIMACK *and* CENTRAL STS., *up stairs*



THE subscriber would embrace this opportunity to express his thanks to his friends and the public for his very liberal share of patronage they have favored him with during the last ten years, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. He has on hand a very large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, FEATHERS and CARPETS, bought of the best manufacturers in this country and manufactured expressly for his trade, which he will sell at a very small advance for cash or approved credit.

☞His friends and the public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, which is the *largest* and *best selected* in the city. B. H. WEAVER.

N. B. Some new and beautiful patterns CARPETS. Also, Furniture made to order in the most approved style. B. H. W.

Lowell, July 12, 1845. tf

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

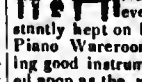
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Post Office, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soarness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life is their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and sore of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility, and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; has done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaskie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan23



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. B. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1846 VOL. 11.—NO. 112.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spalding's building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

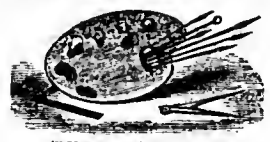
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jon1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Hanos. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H. Heywood.
Alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if
aep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
Keep Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Mrreens, Damaska, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattrasses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. almarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. 6m
up12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 Office, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell.
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses; as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tflec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and neer, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. eov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Blikes, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :
Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shriek from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :
Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enobles the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health for the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower ang22A&P1oct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass, F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oanwa&plyfeb14

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass, F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oanwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum else Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 55	67 55	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	8 8 60	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 75	1489
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 50	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D.; Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Sremly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments; Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. nlynpr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

POETRY.

KISSING.

Had you ever a cousin, Tom?
Did your cousin happen to sing?
Sisters we've all by the dozen, Tom,
But a cousin's a different thing;
And you'll find if ever you had kissed her Tom,
(But let this be a secret between us,)
That your lips would have been in a blister, Tom,
For they are not of the sister's genus.

There is something, Tom in a sister's lip
When you give her a good night kiss,
That savors so much of relationship,
That nothing occurs amiss;
But a cousins lip if you once unite
With yours in the quietest way,
Instead of sleeping a wink that night,
You'll be dreaming the following day:

And people think it no harm, Tom,
With a cousin to hear you talk;
And no one feels any alarm, Tom,
At a quiet cousinly walk:—
But, Tom, you'll soon find what I happen to know,
That such often grow into straying,
And the voices of cousins are sometimes so low,
Heaven only knows what you'll be saying!

And there happens so often, Tom;
Soft pressure of hands and fingers,
And looks that were moulded to soften, Tom,
And tones on which memory lingers;
That long ere your walk is half over, the strings
Of your heart are put into play,
By the voice of these fair semi-sisterly things
In not the most brotherly way.

And the song of a sister may bring to you, Tom,
Such tones as the angels woo,
But I fear if your cousin should sing to you Tom,
You'll take her for an angel too;
For so curious a note is that note of their's,
That you'd fancy the voice that gave it,
Has been all the while singing national airs,
Instead of the Psalms of David.

I once had a cousin that sung, Tom,
And her name may be nameless now,
But the sound of those songs is still young, Tom,
Though we are no longer so;
'Tis folly to dream of a bower of green,
When there is not a leaf on the tree—
But 'twixt walking and singing that cousin has been
God forgive her the! the ruin of me.

And now I care naught for society, Tom,
And lead a most anchorite life;
For I've loved myself into sobriety, Tom,
And out of the wish for a wife:
But oh! if I said but half what I might say,
So sad were the lesson 'twould give,
That 'twould keep you from loving for many a day
And from cousins—as long as you live.

AGRICULTURAL.

From the Troy Whig.

Directions for raising potatoes from the seeds. Although potatoes are usually cultivated from the roots, yet there are good reasons to beleive that they gradually become degenerate by being repeatedly planted a long series of years in this manner; they should, therefore, be renewed occasionally from the seeds contained in the balls, or apples, which grow upon their tops. This appears to be indicated by the Creator, in the production of those apples.

By raising potatoes from the seeds, all varieties can be obtained, "some preferable for one particular quality, and some for another; some for greatness of product, and others for mealiness, and fineness of taste," &c.

The Farmers Assistant gives the following directions for raising potatoes from the seeds: "Gather the apples after the seeds are fully ripe, then dry the seeds; and next Spring sow them in a bed which is to be kept clear of weeds. In the Fall small potatoes will be found at the roots of the plants; and the different varieties of these are to be seperately planted the next season, when they will produce potatoes of the usual size: and at this time the respective qualities of each variety can be ascertained. It is advisable frequently to produce new varieties as some are much more valuable than others." W.

Tomato pickles. Pickles are made of the green fruit, in the same way as you make cucumber or other pickles. The ripe fruit may likewise be pickled, and some prefer it; it is doubtless one of the most wholesome; or, allowing that pickles are unhealthy, it is the least unwholesome.

Tomato for a cough. The tomatoe has been used for a cough, with decided success; says a writer in the Farmer's Register. In one case the cough was from a diseased state of the liver, in another from the lungs. It was used after having been dried as above named, with a little sugar added to make it palatable. In a green state, they may be made into a syrup for this purpose.

Tomato Jelly. Peel your tomatoes, and squeeze them through a fine cloth, add their weight in sugar, boil to a jelly, and then bottle it tight, and keep it in a cool, but not freezing place.

Potatoe-rot preventive. A correspondent informs us that after drying his potatoes a few hours in the field; he packed them in barrels, distributing in each barrel half a peck of quick lime, well mixed, with an equal quantity of powdered charcoal, which kept the potatoes sound all the year. He thinks the same mixture would prevent rot in the hill, if spread on the manure; but this he has not tried. N. Y. Sun

TOMATO RECIPES.

Saving tomatoes. The Editor of the American Farmer gives the following method. On the approach of frost take up the vines, with the fruit on them, and hang them up under cover, in some out house, or dry place, and you will have a large addition to your winter store. The small green fruit will ripen, (as to color) and the larger ones will prove, at that season of the year, very acceptable. We throw the vines over a pole, and place it in our barn, or any convenient place, and there let them hang, taking from the vines the fruit as it is wanted for use. In this way they keep well, and a large quantity can be secured with very little labor.

☞ We learn that the potatoe crop in many parts of Maryland (Baltimore county especially) has been injured very much this season, by a reptile called the potatoe worm. Its depredations are committed upon the root, and in a short time the stock dies and the potatoes rot. In some places entire crops have been destroyed by this worm. Balt. Pat.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 22, 846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns, composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is to be done on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice. —

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The members elect of the Democratic State Central Committee for 1846-47 are requested to meet on Thursday, the 24th inst., at the hall over the Democratic Reading Room, No 36 Washington street, Boston, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of organization and other appropriate business.

MARCUS MORTON, Jr.,
ISAAC EMERY,
JAMES WHITING,
JOHN A. BOLLES,

Members of the Committee for Suffolk.

Boston, Sept. 18, 1846.

The Emancipator and the Essex Transcript.

Our brief comments on the abolition Stats Address, seem to have stirred up the abolition brotherhood.—The Emancipator devotes to us a column and the Transcript, though less lengthy, propounds for our consideration, what it doubtless considers a question not easily to be answered. But it is mistaken; we shall give that paper a full and explicit reply to its interogatory. Not having the Transcript by us we must give the substance of its inquiry. The oddress proposes, as a part of the plan of operation to effect the *peaceful* abolition of slavery, to amend the constitution. Another part of the plan, is to exclude slaveholders from all offices, and also to *treat them as criminals and public enemies*. We thought treating the people of half the States as *criminals and public enemies*, was rather an odd way to effect the *peaceful* abolition of slavery; nor could we see the necessity of doing it, even with those who were determined to do it some how, if they were going to remodel the constitution; because when they got to tinkering that instrument, they might just as well put the whole subject of slavery into the hands of congress, and then do the whole work of abolishing slavery by an act of the general government, as by doing it in part by doctoring the constitution, and in part, by treating all slaveholders as *criminals and public enemies*. To do a part of the work by treating all pro-slavery men as *criminals and outlaws*, and depriving them of all office, so that more abolitionists could get a place at the public crib when they get into power, instead of doing the whole work as well as a part, by amending the constitution, we thought looked as if there was more anxiety among these abolition philanthropists for the spoils of office, than for the freedom of the slave. But the Transcript asks if *we* are ready to join and go for amending the constitution so as to give the general government power to abolish slavery; and says if we are, the abolitionists are ready. In answer, permit us to say we are not while the opposition to it in the slove States is as strong as at present. We believe such a course would lead to a dismemberment of the Union and a civil war in all its worst and most sanguinary features. Slavery can never be abolished by violating the fundamental principles of the constitution, nor by treating the people of half the states as *criminals and public enemies* without endangering the whole fabric of our national government. Slavery may be abolished, but it must be done by the slave states themselves; and the proper way to effect it is to satisfy slaveholders that humanity or their own interest requires it. We did not speak of the abolition proposition of tinkering the constitution because we were in favor of it, but to shew their inconsistency and anxiety for the spoils.

The Transcript thinks the whigs will be obliged to us for speaking well of Gov. Briggs' course in relation to the Mexican war. Now, perhaps they will and perhaps they will not; but whether they do or not, is to us a matter of entire indifference. When Gov. Briggs does a patriotic act we shall commend him for it.—When the abolitionists do anything worthy of praise we will speak well of them; but fear of praise or censure from whigs, or abolitionists, or any body else, will not deter us from speaking our honest sentiments of the acts of public men of whatever party.

The emancipator spends its column of words almost entirely in endeavoring to show that the manner of effecting the abolition as laid down in the address, is strictly constitutional. It wholly passes over our comments upon the most remarkable portion of the address, to wit: *that of effecting the peaceful abolition of slavery by treating the people of half the states as criminals and public enemies!* Should the people of New York treat the people of Massachusetts as *criminals and public enemies*, would the peace of these states be likely to be perpetuated thereby? If the *peaceful* abolition of slavery is effected by arraying the North against the South, each treating the people of the other section as *criminals and public enemies*, as unworthy to hold a place of trust, profit or honor, as fit and proper subjects for punishment, it will be likely to be done after one of the most horrible and exterminating civil wars that ever desolated a country. But to the constitutionality of the plan of the address to effect its object. The Emancipator says:—

"The use of the word 'aggressive' is the only ground on which this article [the article in our paper] charges the liberty party with an intentional falsification of their pledge to abide by the constitution of the United States."

Herein the Emancipator mistakes. We no where charged the liberty party with an intentional or mistaken falsification of their pledge to abide by the constitution. Nor did we say anything about the effect of the measures proposed in the address merely because they were aggressive. It was the nature, the kind of aggressive acts proposed, that was to array one section of the country against the other, dismember the union and excite civil war. It was such aggressive acts as treating the people of half the States as if they were guilty of high crimes, as if they were public enemies, as if they were unworthy even to be petty postmasters, or associate with anybody but felons and outlaws, that we thought hardly probable would lead to "*the peaceful and constitutional abolition of slavery.*"

But we now say the plan proposed in that address for abolishing slavery is as unconstitutional as it is dangerous. Where can be found the constitutional right for the citizens of one section of the Union to treat as *criminals and public enemies* those of another, *because they do just what the constitution permits them to do?* Could a more gross and palpable violation of the spirit, intent and letter of the constitution be made? We should like to see an article from the pen of the editor of the Emancipator, defending the constitutionality of treating as *criminals and public enemies*, citizens of our own Republic, for doing only what the constitution itself recognizes as constitutional.

The War with Mexico.

Gen Taylor is now on his march, and has probably ere this reached Monterey. Col. Kearney left Fort Leavenworth for Santa Fe, and has doubtless arrived at that point. Gen. Wool remains with a small division at Fort Leavenworth. The plan of the campaign was for these divisions of the army to finally concentrate at Mexico, the capital of the country. The progress of our troops has been uninterrupted since the battles of the 8th and 9th of May upon the Rio Grande.—Had not Santa Anna returned and Paredes been taken prisoner by the revolters in favor of Santa Anna, it is not likely that any great resistance to the advance of our army could have been made by the force of Paredes. Nor will there be now, and very likely a settlement will be made, and the campaign abandoned before any portion of the American Army ever step foot in the Halls of the Montezumas. There is no means of accounting for the course of Santa Anna, and our government, admitting him to have entered Vera Cruz under a permit from our government, which is generally conceded as a fact, upon any other supposition. We think the war may be considered as brought to a close. Through some means, difficulties have doubtless been compromised, and affairs put in a train to bring the war to an end. The United States will be likely to be indemnified for her expense in the war and for all her former demands against that country, out of the public domain of Mexico.

☞ The Liberty Party in Convention at Haverhill on Thursday last nominated Chauncy L. Knapp Esq. of Dracutt their candidate for *Representative from this district.* Mr Knapp is a practical printer, of the firm of Pillsbury & Knapp printers of this city. He served the full time of seven years in the office of the "*Vermont Watchman*" (whig) of which state he is a native and where he has resided till within the last two years. In 1833 Mr K. was editor of the *Vermont State Journal* the organ of the antimasons and together with *five* other papers against *twenty* carried the State triumphantly for the anti masons. Subsequently he was chosen Secretary of State for five successive years and performed the duties of the office by commission two years besides. Mr Knapp is a man of worth and ability and we are sorry to see him the acknowledged candidate of a party professing so many political heresies and especially where his chance of success as a politician are in inverse ratio to his deservings as a man.

WHIG CANDIDATES FOR REPRESENTATIVES FROM THIS DISTRICT. The question among the whigs is, who will be the man? There is John P. Robinson, Tappan Wentworth, Thomas Hopkinson and William Schouler from this city and a dozen others from elsewhere—each with sufficient patriotism to submit to the sacrifice—each no doubt would be willing to ride all armed like Curtius into the gaping chasm of a corporation nomination to serve their country. We may as well say that the chances of those we named are pyramidal—Mr Schouler forming the base part of it—inasmuch as the corporations have packed the delegation from this city, for him.

REVOLUTIONS NEVER GO BACKWARDS. A few years since in Boston the Tremont Theatre was sold for a church and all the playhouses except the National Theatre in the North part of the city, abandoned.—At the present time the Bostonians are erecting two or three noble buildings for theatres and in a few weeks there will be four or five Theatres in full blast in Boston—Lowell some dozen years since refused to license a Theatre and with admirable consistency sticks to it to this day. However, we are glad to see a little unbending of this inflexible puritanism, in that, we are about to have an enlarged Museum re-constructed from the Freewil Baptist Church, which stands at the head of Central street.

Patrick Henry.

The New York Globe says, in Wirt's life of Patrick Henry will be found the following beautiful sentiment, in reply to some observations of Judge Tyler in relation to the propriety of commercial restrictions: 'Why,' said Patrick Henry, "should we fetter commerce? If a man is in chains, he droops and bows to the earth, for his spirits are broken—looking sorrowfully at his feet—but let him twist the fetters from his limbs, and he will stand erect—stretching himself and assuming the look of proud defiance. Fetter not commerce, sir! let her be free as the air—she will range the whole creation, and return on the wings of the four winds of heaven to bless the land with plenty!" This is a noble sentiment and every way worthy of its author.

☞ The subscribers to whom we sent only the inside of the Patriot and Republican, must excuse us this once. The subscriptions to our extra edition for nine weeks, was larger than we anticipated, and therefore it was impossible to fill all orders except as we did. We will endeavor in future that all subscribers shall have a full paper.

MOTT'S PATENT BOILERS, an article that no farmer who keeps more than one pig, or gives boiled feed to his stock, should be without, may be found at T. H. Butler's, at the old stand of Adams & Littlefield.—Price from $10 to $20. They may be used anywhere.

JOHN P. HALE Lectured at Faneuil Hall, Boston, Friday night. The whigs and abolitionists invited him, but call it an invitation independent of party.

☞ The sailors at Buffalo have struck for higher wages; they want $25 a month. The present rate is $18.

Mexico.

Santa Anna it is said entered Vera Cruz by permission of the Commodore of our Squadron. By the following letter from an officer of our squadron it looks as if Santa Anna would probably not be very hostile to the United States.

Off Vera Cruz, August 22, 1846.

The permission of our commodore to let Santa Anna pass in, argues an understanding of some kind; at all events there seems a disinclination on the part of the castle to draw our fire, as our ships have passed in squadron within close range of the batteries. 'Tis a grim, formidable looking fastress, but very much over rated, and, in my own judgement, could be soon taken with the force now on the station, for many if not most of the heaviest cannon are mounted in barbette, and therefore exposed to grape and canister. The force within the castle ammounts to between 500 and 800 men—and the yellow fever is killing them off like sheep. It is thought we shall make another attack on Alvarado, as soon as the steamers arrive, but I fear not, as all the prizes have been permitted to go free.

This letter explains how Santa Anna passed our Squadron, which we thought very mysterious, unless our government knew of his return to Vera Cruz and had no objection to it.

Later from Mexico.

This morning's mail brings news of the arrival of the U. S. Ship Princeton, at Pensacola, Sept. 10th direct from Vera Cruz. Almonte has been made Secretary of War in Mexico, under Santa Anna's government. Santa Anna is near Jalappa, and is making no preparations to carry on the war. The commander of the Mexican forces at the city of Mexico, refuses to lead the brigade formed to march against Gen. Taylor. It is said he prefers enjoying the pleasures of the city, which probably means that Santa Anna has ordered him to remain.

"A letter from the U. S. squadron in the Gulf," says the N. Y. Sun, "has been received in Washington, which gives the substance of the Mexican Government's response to the peace proposition. *They refuse to enter into negotiations until the American land and naval forces have been withdrawn from the territories and the harbors of Mexico!* We are assured here that this is the answer which the President received yesterday afternoon by Government express from Pensacola."

Our Government will not withdraw its troops from Mexico, and notwithstanding the refusal of the Mexican Government to negotiate peace except upon that condition, should it be true, we think the position of affairs looks more favorable to a quick termination of hostilities than a long continuance of the war. If the refusal to negotiate is not merely to keep the soldiery quiet, while negotiation is pending, upon what supposition is Santa Anna's movements to be accounted for, and for what reason was he permitted to enter Vera Cruz?

A PIRATICAL CRAFT. We learn from a roundabout source that the first number of a newspaper called the "Advertiser," has been issued in Woburn. It professes to be neutral in politics, religion, &c., while at the same time, it is a most rancorous partizan—the dirtiest kind of a whig. We hope it will show its colors, nail its skull and cross bones to the mast, and bear down with the rest of the Federal squadron, in its attempt to sink and destroy the democracy of the country.

A Fight between the Mormons and the Antics.

A fight between these parties came off on the 11th inst. The Antics had from eight to fifteen killed, and the Mormons had one killed and two wounded. On the morning of the 11th the Antics who had encamped within about two miles of the city of Nauvoo, with about 800 men, marched for the city. The Mormons gathered their forces of from three to five hundred, and marched out to meet them.—When the belligerents came within long shooting distance, they opened their fire for about two hours, which resulted as has been stated, when both parties withdrew. Another battle is expected. Great excitement prevails. Nothing further from the scene of disgrace.

BIG GRAPES. This season seems to be particularly noted for vegetable wonders as well as famous doings in the political and moral world—Last evening we were shown a mammoth Grape grown in the Garden of our staunch Democratic friend Maj. Moore of Tewksbury. It measured 3½ inches (so we were told) in circumference. Major Moore is very successful in the cultivation of fruits.

AN EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE. There was in session in London at the time of the sailing of the last Steamer a kind of worlds convention of Religionists, including all the various denominations of Protestants, for the avowed object of interposing a barrier to the spread of catholicism. When they effect their object we shall hasten to inform our readers of it.

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD. We have No. 24 of the work from Merrill & Heywood.—This No. and the preceding one are particularly interesting being devoted in part to the life and times of "Cromwell Chief of Men." The illustrations are very spirited and beautiful.

CANDID. The Boston post says that the election in Maine was the first of the *fall* elections. It will not be the last.—*Courier.*

Certainly not the last. The D—l did not finish the work given him to do at the *fall* in the Garden of Eden; nor are the days of the apparent triumphs of the whig party over. In the future, as in the past, it will be only by great tribulation that the democracy enter through victory into rest.

VERMONT. For Governor—Smith (Dem.) 17,944; Eaton (whig.) 23,919; Brainard, (abo.) 6,865. Senate—7 Democrats, 23 whigs, same as last year.—House—Democrats 73, whigs 117, Abolitionists 11. Last year 68 Dem., 116 whigs, 12 Abo. Democratic gain 5.

☞ The East Boston Land Co., are at work on an artesian well, which they intend to sink to the depth of 2000 feet into the bosom of mother earth. It is expected when the operators will have reached that depth that the water will rise to upwards of a hundred feet above the surface pure soft and clean. And in sufficient quantities to supply a population of 6000 or 7000.

☞ The abolition papers say that the old cradle of liberty "*rocked*" when John P. Hale addressed the gathering there last Friday night. No doubt it was endeavoring to put the bawling political babies that filled it, to sleep.

☞ CATTLE SHOW at Concord Mass. on the 7th of next month.

United States Senate.

The following are the names of the Senators of the United States, says the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, with the dates respectively to which they have been elected:—

	Term expires. 4th March.		Term expires. 4th March
MAINE.		**GEORGIA.**	
*George Evans,	1847	*John M. Berrien,	1847
John Fairfield,	1851	Walter S. Cloquitt,	1849
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		**ALABAMA.**	
*Joseph Cilley,	1847	Dixon H. Lewis,	1847
Chas. G. Atherton,	1849	Arthur P. Bagby,	1849
VERMONT.		**MISSISSIPPI.**	
*William Upham,	1849	Jos. W. Chalmers,	1847
*Samuel S. Phelps,	1851	Jesse Speight,	1851
MASSACHUSETTS.		**LOUISIANA.**	
*John Davis,	1847	*Alexander Barrow,	1847
*Daniel Webster,	1851	*Henry Johnson,	1849
RHODE ISLAND.		**TENNESSEE.**	
*James F Simmons	1847	*Spencer Jarnagin,	1847
*Albert C Greene,	1851	Hopkins L. Turney,	1851
CONNECTICUT.		**KENTUCKY.**	
John M. Niles, —	1849	*James T. Moorhead,	1847
*J. W. Huntington,	1851	*John J. Crittenden,	1849
NEW YORK.		**OHIO.**	
John A. Dix,	1849	William Allen,	1849
Dan'l S. Dickinson	1851	*Thomas Corwin,	1851
NEW JERSEY.		**INDIANA.**	
*Jacob W. Miller,	1847	Edw. A. Hannegan,	1849
*Wm. L. Dayton,	1851	Jesse D. Bright,	1851
PENNSYLVANIA.		**ILLINOIS.**	
Simon Cameron,	1849	James Semple,	1847
Daniel Sturgeon,	1851	Sidney Breese,	1849
DELAWARE.		**MISSOURI.**	
*Thomas Clayton,	1847	David R. Atchison,	1849
*J. M. Clayton,	1851	Thomas H. Benton,	1851
MARYLAND		**ARKANSAS.**	
*James A. Pearce,	1849	Chester Ashley,	1847
*Ruvordy Johnson,	1851	Ambrose H. Sevier,	1849
VIRGINIA.		**MICHIGAN.**	
*William S Archer,	1847	*Wm. Woodbridge,	1847
I. S. Pennebacker,	1851	Lewis Cass,	1851
NORTH CAROLINA.		**FLORIDA.**	
*Wm. P. Mangum,	1847	J. D. Wescott jr.,	1849
Vacancy,	1849	David Yulee,	1851
SOUTH CAROLINA		**TEXAS.**	
John C. Calhoun,	1847	Samuel Houston,	1847
Vacancy,	1849	Thomas J. Rusk,	1851

Whigs, denoted by a *, 25; Democrats 29; Vacancies, 2.

Of the nineteen Senators whose terms expire on the 4th of March next, 13 are Whigs, and 6 Democrats.—The places of three Whigs and one Democrat have already been supplied, as follows:—

MAINE—J. W. Bradbury, Dem. in place of Evans, Whig.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—John P. Hale, non-descript, in place of Cilley, Whig.

LOUISIANA.—S. U. Down, Dem. in place of Barrow, Whig.

MISSISSIPPI—Henry Staurt Foote, Dem. in place of Chalmers, Dem.

Whig Legislatures have been elected in Rhode Island, Kentucky and North Carolina, (which last state chooses two Senators, one for the new term, and one to fill a vacancy,) and Democratic Legislatures in Arkansas, Illinois and Virginia. This of course determines the politics of the Senators to be elected by those States respectively.

The Legislature of Massachusetts, New Jersey and Delaware, will probably be Whig, and those of South Carolina, (which elects two Senators, one for the new term, and one to fill a vacancy,) Alabama, Michigan, Texas and Iowa, Democratic. Iowa being just erected into a State, will of course elect two Senators.—Georgia and Tennessee may be considered doubtful.

According to these statements and calculations, the Senate, at the commencement of the new term, 4th of March, 1847, will stand as follows:—

	Whigs.	*Dem.*
Hold over,	12	23
Already elected,		3
Legislatures already elected will choose,	4	3
Massachusetts, N. Jersey and Delaware,	3	
S. Carolina, (two) Alab., Mich., and Texas one each and Iowa (two),		7
	19	36

To which are to be added the non-descript Senator from New Hampshire, (Mr Hale,) a Senator from Georgia, and another from Tennessee. Total 58.—Should Wisconsin accept the overture of Congress for her admission into the Union as a State, two more Senators must be added, probably Democratic, making a total of 60, of whom about 20 will be Whigs, and 40 Democrats. Or, to make a long story a short one, it may be calculated that for at least two years from the 4th of March next, the United States Senate will be Democratic in the proportion of two to one. Rather a poor prospect, we are thinking, for the restoration of the Tariff of 1842.

From the New York Courier and Enquirer.

THE LATE CHARLES O. HANDY, ESQ., We are requested to state, that in alluding to the striking example of the benefits of Life Insurance in the sudden death of the above lamented and highly respected gentleman, in a late number of the *Express*, there was an error in the statement of sums insured by various office in this city on his life.

The Express states Mutual Co., $5,000 (whereas the sum insured was $10,000), Mutual Benefit $5,000 and the National Loan Fund of London (94 Wall st.) $12,000. There is an omission of a further sum of $5,000, at the Ohio Life and Trust office—making $32,000, instead of 22,000, as stated in the Express.

Than the late Mr Handy no man was more sincerely respected in this community for his upright and excellent character, his intelligence and gentlemanly manner.

His sudden death affords alike a striking example of the vast importance of Life Insurance—applicable equally to the rich and the poor—the man of strong or feeble health—and the absolute necessity of attending to such life insurance *at once.* If life insurance be important to one, it must be so to all; and if this be conceded, why delay? See in the case of Mr Handy; at 9 or 10 o'clock he came to the city from Staten Island, where he was residing, to attend the duties of his office. He conversed with many of his friends by the way—felt himself to be in excellent health, and was so considered by all. He entered his office—was seized by apoplexy—and at 12 on *the same day he was dead.*

This case appeals to the judgment of every man throughout the length and breadth of the land!

We understand that $10,000 of the sum insured was for the benefit of the disconsolate widow of the deceased; and that the other sums were—with the most honorable and praiseworth feelings—assigned to parties to whom Mr Handy earlier in life had been indebted; and a *large part of the amount was insured only within a few weeks of his death.*

There can scarcely be found in the annals of Life Insurance, either in Europe or in America, a more striking case of the inestimable importance of the noble science of life insurance, than is presented in the above quoted melancholy case.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A WHIG EDITOR IN TROUBLE. A whig editor who had told large stories about the dismissal of laborers, and the *almost universal* stoppage of manufacturing establishments, since the passage of Mr McKay's bill, was recently on a visit at Lowell, says the N. H. Patriot, and hearing the busy hum of industry from the various mills, was completely *dumbfounded.* Stopping a gentleman whom he met, he enquired—"*Do the people here know that wicked Locofoco Tariff bill has passed?*" "To be sure they do," said the gentleman—"why do you ask that question?" "Why do I ask that question? why, man, the country is ruined, *absolutely ruined,* AND THE PEOPLE HERE DON,T KNOW IT!"—*Times.*

☞ "The New York Express puffs "the restraining power of the Whig party." The power of the people to restrain the Whig party is worth forty times as much."—*Pennsylvanian.*

The Franking Privilege.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Appointment Office, Sept. 15, 1846.

Sir:—Yours of the 10th instant, enclosing a printed newspaper or extra, franked by the Hon. A. Stewart, has been received.

Under the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "An act to reduce the rates of postage, to limit the use and correct the abuse of the franking privilege, and for the prevention of frauds on the Post Office Department," (approved March 3, 1845,) members of Congress, delegates from Territories, the secretary of the Senate, and clerk of the House of Representatives may transmit free of postage public documents, printed by order of either house of Congress, during their official term. To enable the postmasters to determine the character of such packages, they must be marked "Public Documents."

They may send and receive free of postage any letter, newspaper, or packet, not exceeding two ounces in weight, during the session of Congress and for a period of thirty days before the commencement, and thirty days after the termination of each session.—Such members of Congress, &c. may frank *written letters* from themselves during the whole year, as authorized by an act of March 2, 1833. They may also *receive letters*, not exceeding two ounces in weight free of postage during the recess of Congress. This does not embrace *newspapers, pamphlets*, or *printed speeches*, sent as such, but should be confined to letters either written or printed; but the right to *transmit* letters, free of postage, under the provisions of the last clause of the 8th section of the act of March 1845, must be strictly confined to *written letters*, and not made to embrace any printed matter whatever.—The law is plain and explicit, and admits of no other construction. The enclosed package cannot be transmitted free of postage under the frank of the member and, as it is sealed, it is subjected to letter postage, but if opened at the office of its delivery, it may be charged with legal postage according to its contents. [See Reg. 189.]

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. J. BROWN,
2d Asst. Postmaster General.

ARMSTRONG HADDEN, Esq., P. M.

This construction of the law will cut off the longer continuance of the grand whig scheme of keeping a member of congress at Washington to apply his frank to whig electioneering documents, and thus cheat the Post Office Department out of the postage that should be paid upon the tons of whig slander and lies that it was designed to flood every state with, immediately before their Election

☞ A New York Correspondent of the Baltimore American thus writes in relation to Willis's bridal intentions:

"Willis is about to lead to the altar a daughter of Moses H. Grinnell, the wealthy "merchant prince" of South street. She is most lovely and accomplished, as well as possessing in her own right, a handsome fortune. She is a noble woman, and her fate is an enviable one! "The poet's pride and power" is a portion of her future heritage. She is the perihelion to his orb of genius, burning clear and beautiful in the heaven of love! We are heartily glad that the diamond of his wit "has cut its bright way through" such a mine of future happiness."

SANTA ANNA. We have seen a letter from the squadron off Vera Cruz, which states that the English Steamer which took Gen. Santa Anna to Vera Cruz, was boarded by a boat from the St. Mary's; but the General showed the boarding officer a passport signed *by the President of the United States*, and was allowed to land.

Santa Anna is said to be at his seat near Vera Cruz, waiting for the "sweet voices of the people" to reach him from the interior. There seems to be a pretty general belief in the *squadron*, that the war will not last more than two months longer.—*Norfolk Herald.*

☞ "We find from the following announcement that His Holiness, the newly elected Pope, *is about to endear himself still more in the affections of his subjects* by acting the part of a *consummate reformer.*—The subjoined translation of an official notice, published July 2d, announces some important *reductions.*"

We find the above appearing as editorial in Saturday's Atlas. The tariff upon woollens, cottons, sugar, &c., is reduced more than our own taxation, and yet we hear no cry of *ruin* to the Roman States—no appeal to his holiness in favor of *repeal.* On the contrary, Pius IX endears himself to his *subjects*—not foreign labor—by the reductions. Our Whig brethren talk very good free-trade when they get out of American politics—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Maine Election.

The Post of this morning gives returns from three hundred and twenty-five towns.

Dana (Dem) has	31,000
Bronson, (Whig)	27,044
Others	8,663

About 100 towns and plantations to hear from, mostly democratic. Thirty-one democrats and 30 whigs chosen to the house of representatives.

We don't see much for the whig's to crow over in the election of thirty one Democrats to thirty whigs and a hundred democratic towns to hear from. Perhaps they throwed up their caps too soon.

☞ We congratulate the editor of the Courier on his election to the responsible office on the nominating committe of two, from ward three for naming delegates to the District Convention! We trust we shall hear no more nonsense from him about office holders.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of some very fine peaches from a young friend in Dracutt, Mr Atis Osgood. They were quite large, though we have seen larger this season, but none finer flavored. He will please accept our thanks.

☞ Geo. Robert Armstrong, our Consul at Liverpool, is in Washington. He will soon proceed to Liverpool.

NEW WORK BY "BOZ." *Dickens* will commence on the first of October a new fiction—*a seriol*—bearing the curious title of "*Dealings of the firm of Dombey and Son, wholesale, retail and for exportation.*"

☞ Mr Hunt of the Boston market was robbed on his way home in the evening of a wallet and breast pin, by a number of fellows who fell in company with him and after walking along a short distance knocked him down and took the articles mentioned and *left.*

☞ A Constable, in Worcester, by the name of Hanin was knocked down with a club Friday night last; three hundred dollars is offered for the detection of the person who committed the assault.

☞ The Gov. of New Brunswick dissolved the Assembly on the 16th inst., and ordered writs to be issued for a new one, to be returnable on the 29th of October.

☞ The Union says Mr Bancroft will probably leave the United States in the steamer of the 8th of October.

☞ The receipts upon the public works of Pennsylvania, this year, up to the 1st inst., exceed those of last year to the same date $37,572,82.

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. B. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a painful sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

N. B.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. —— jel1

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panacea, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made probably of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle developed from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq, Attorney at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, palm off moreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butler. CARLTON & Co., 8. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3a&p1w

---

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulos diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

---

MARRIED.

In this city, Sept. 17, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr. Hiram D. Merrow to Miss Mary Neal.

In this city, Sept. 20, at the Worthen street Baptist Church, by Rev. Mr Porter, Mr William F. Worcester to Miss Lucy Ann Morse.

In this city, Sept. 12, by Rev. Mr Miner, Mr Prentiss M Waterhouse to Miss Sarah Rounds; Sept 16 Mr Daniel B Spalding to Miss Frances H Marston; Sept 16 Mr Daniel Dwinnels to Miss Lucinda Clement Sept 17 Mr Augustus N Osgood to Miss Mary E Sherburne.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Sept. 19, 1846.

Sept 12, Eliza D Parker, 30 yrs——; Abby M Kennedy 24 yrs, consumption; 13, Vines T Smith, 7 mos, cholera infantum; George L Eaton, 9 mos, marasmus; Ann Gannon, 54 yrs, consumption; 11, Evannah Sandborn, 8 mos, infantile; Alonzo J B Hankins, 1 year, dropsy of the brain; Ellen Conner, 1 yr, teething; Clara A Wilson, 5 mos, marasmus; Charles F Shapleigh, 2 mos, cholera infantum; Julia Brooks 18 mos, croup: 16, Elizabeth E Stuart, 4 yrs, typhus fever; 17, Samuel H Babcock, 1 yr, fever; Judith Walker, 43 yrs, consumption; John Carlton, 85 yrs, old age; Sarah W. Peirce, 24 yrs, typhus fever; 18 Joseph G Morse, 1 yr, cholera infantum; Ellen Mahoney, 16 yrs, typhus fever: 19, Wesley Blake, 34 yrs typhus fever; Jane Brown four mos, infantile; Joshua Sutliffe, 44 yrs, cholera morbus; Mary Abby Farnham, 1 mo. 22 dys, infantile; Nancy Rowlean, 41 yrs consumption; Arthur Murry, 56 yrs, consumption; Thomas Hannefen, two mos, infantile.

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops. Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cops, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Stools, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordions; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the third Meeting of the creditors of Benjamin Day, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Nathan Brooks Esq., a Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on Saturday the 31st day of October next at 2 o'clock, P. M. Per order of

NATHAN BROOKS Esq., Master in Chancery.

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee, Sept 19. a3t

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17n3w

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store No. 29, Central St., (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOICE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

---

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined as follows, viz:

No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and No 8, (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, A. M.; No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, the 25th inst.

No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Morse's,) at 9 o'clock; and No 1 (Mr Hale's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 26th inst.

The High School will be examined on MONDAY the 28th inst.,—The Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, and the Female Department at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary, of the School Committee of Lowell.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography.

Lowell, Sep. 15, 1846. ate

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above-named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. s10

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (old No 104) Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.

TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS 1st Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

CITY OF LOWELL.
SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.
SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.
SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

CITY OF LOWELL.
SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.
SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m:sep8 41 Central St.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

---

LOST!—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No. 30, Central St.* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

---

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah B. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANKLIN B. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS, of Lowell in said County, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Parks and Andrews will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Saturday, the third day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Parks and Andrews, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JEFFERSON BANCROFT, sep 17a3t. Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 15th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by G. Washington Warren esq. a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell in said County, formerly copartner with John W. Adams and doing business at said Lowell under the firm of Adams & Littlefield, stove dealers, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Littlefield will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, in Charlestown in said County, on Tuesday, the twenty-ninth day of September inst. at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Littlefield, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. sept 17 a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sep. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah B. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell in said County, Stable Keeper, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chamberlain will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of September inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chamberlain, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and cleam style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beatiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its ranches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfacion given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most through manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This Day.

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phips is Agent at Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
To go up to the City.
11th despatch,

The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF
To go up to the City without Lightering,
In a few Days,

The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship JUDAH TOURO, *Nickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passge, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN C. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf, Shippers will please and receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same or payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

a3w* JONATHAN RICE.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business assetted at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such further arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
Office, Wyman's Exchang, Merrimack St.
Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

---

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the by-laws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD. sept4-3m H. T. BUTLER.

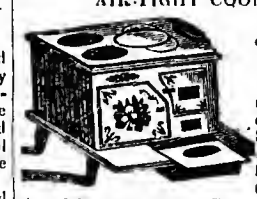
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and all be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, wiposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW-ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&e3m

JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

I would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, firm	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the "*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

AUCTION SALES.
BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement containing seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forrest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—It will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Dry Goods!

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Sept. 24 and 25, at 2 o'clock at office, a new invoice of seasonable Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpines, Alpaccas of various qualities, Cashmere de Laine, 1500 yds Prints, bleached and brown Cottons, Caroline Plaids, linsy, white, and red flannel, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sheriff's Sale.

Middlesex, ss., Sept 16, 1846.

Taken on execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth day of september instant, at two of the clock in the afternoon, at the Auction Room of E. B. Patch, Commercial square, in Lowell in said county,

21 new Cooking Stoves, different sizes, Adams & Littlefield's pattern, with some other small articles of personal property. J. BANCROFT, D. Sheriff.

On SATURDAY next, Sept. 26, at 9 o'clock, A. M., the furniture of a family leaving the city, together with a lot of new furniture, consisting of Sofas, Tables Chairs, Beds and Bedding, Looking-glasses, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stoves, &c.

At 12 o'clock—Several Horses and Carriages, and one good Cow, Particulars hereafter.

N. B.—The balance of the Draught lots, being about twenty in number, will be sold this week as per bills.

Wood.

On MONDAY, Sept. 31st, at 3 o'clock P. M., from 100 to 200 cords of spruce and chestnut spile tops, in lots surveyed and ticketed, and most of them suitable for fence posts. The above are lying upon the Jackson lot, opposite Nashua Railroad, just above the Juil.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M. The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Lowell more than one year, and having been duly advertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked James Smrd, containing Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and a Bible marked Martha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 21 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A Bag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plaid Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Andrew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Containing Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Proctor. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Damaged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Damaged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

Peremptory sale of Cloths Cassimeres &c, on THURSDAY next Sept 24th, at 10 and 2 o'clock, 66 ps, and cut ps Broadcloths plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Doe Skins and Sattinets, belonging to a manufacturer and will be sold without the least reserve, for cash, to reimburse advances. The Goods may be seen, and dealers are invited to Examine the Day before the sale.

Marble Chimney Pieces.

On Saturday next Sept 26th at 10 o'clock 4 Elegant Italian Marble Chimney Pieces, Elegant form and finish may be seen at office before the Sale.

At 10½ O'clock.

The Stock and Tools of a House Painter closing business, consisting of Paint mill Oil cans, Brushes, Paints Oil, Varnish, Spirits, Glass Buckits, &c. &c.

At 11 O'clock.

Horses, Carriages, Harnesses, &c.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. n&p1ymar8

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to

DR. M. L. PETERS LOCK HOSPITAL
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15,

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS o returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every occasion a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose horrid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions to the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false epistles pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust to his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to o CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched to boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only u curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce u momentory relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of o scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved,

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. oly jno22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would shew me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VOSMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vosmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder 31 Cross st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. (may12u) dec16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New-York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,
CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

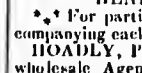
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found to an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA
AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broke down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigorous glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, here thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which are selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown. Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I receive immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similr disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J.P. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Frail, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
npr4 adv&pm1y

DR. WOD'S SARSAPARILLA
AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and lies this fact has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerve, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Woods Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.—

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,—
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hobokon, inflammatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this lovaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—In a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

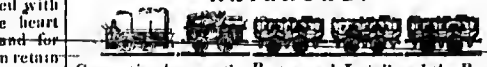
Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and she health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5i0

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

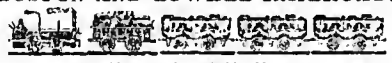
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6¾, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6¾, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M

" Lowell at 7¼, 9, and 11 A. M., 1¼, 2, and 5¾ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.

" Woburn Centre 7 and 9 A. M.—1¼ and 5¾ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

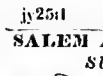
RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in an instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.'
THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for cur

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 113.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $1 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, } Spaul-ding's Building, Commercial Square, } No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

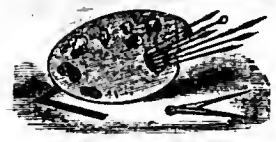
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1fmov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing co House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds Isaac W. Bangs, Dean Bangs.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
nov1 aw

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Pointed Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 6months19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 a1f

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. a1f

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
np12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
a30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
mly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz: —Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions; Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; B. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesonn.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower ang22a&rtoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr, Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound; dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.
Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.
THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.
Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*
Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.
A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.
Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup
Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!
Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.
☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Mundy and Austin sts., Lowell.
Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.
January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Surplus the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$80 0	$2225
			1838	90 6	435 53	67 52	1867
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	8 8 50	370 45	55 74	1580
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 [illegible]	148
			1841	555 50	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTa&Sep6ly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New branch of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Warn and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4


CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.
D. & N. MORRISON,
Cortis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&rtf

POETRY.

What Constitutes a State?

BY SIR WILLIAM JONES.

What constitutes a State?
Not high raised battlements or labored mound,
Thick wall or moated gate;
Not cities proud, with spires and turrets crowned;
Nor bays and broad-armed ports;
Where, laughing at the storm, rich navies ride:
Nor starred nor spangled courts;
Where low browed baseness wafts perfume to pride;

No: men, high-minded men;
With powers as far above dull brutes endued,
In forest, brake or den,
As beasts excel cold rocks and brambles rude;
Men who their duties know;
But know their rights, and, knowing, dare maintain;
Prevent the long aimed blow,
And crush the tyrant while they rend the chain:

These constitute a State,
And sovereign Law, that State, collected will;
O'er thrones and globes elate,
Sits empress, crowning good, repressing ill;
Smit by her sacred frown,
The fiend discretion like a vapor sinks,
And e'en th' all-dazzling crown
Hides his faint rays, and at her bidding shrinks.

The Questions—a Chant.

BY ROBERT NICOLL.

I ask not for his lineage,
I ask not for his name—
If manliness be in his heart
He noble birth may claim.
I care not of this world's wealth
But slender be his part,
If yes you answer when I ask—
Has he a true man's heart?

I ask not from what land he came;
Nor where his youth was nursed—
If pure the stream, it matters not
The spot from whence it burst.
The palace or the hovel;
Where first his life began
I seek not of; but answer this—
Is he an honest man?

Nay, blush not now—what matters it
Where first he drew his breath?
A manger was the cradle-bed
Of Him of Nazareth!
Be nought, be any, everything—
I care not what you be—
If yes you answer, when I ask—
Art thou pure, true and free?

A LEGEND OF THE REVOLUTION.

BY GEORGE LIFFARD.

Hidden away, there, in a deep glen, not many miles from Valley Forge, a quaint old farm house rose darkly over a wide waste of snow.

It was a cold dark winter night and the snow began to fall—when, from the broad fire-place of the old farm house, the cheerful blaze of massive logs flashed around a wide and spacious room.

Two persons sat by that fire—a father and child. The father, who sits yonder, with a soldier's belt thrown over his farmer's dress, is a man of some fifty years his eyes blood-shot, his hair changed to an untimely grey, his face wrinkled and hallowed by care, and by dissipation more than care.

And the daughter, who sits in the full light of the blaze opposite her father—a slenderly formed girl of some seventeen years, and clad in the coarse linsey skirt and 'kerchief, which made up the costume of a farmer's daughter, in the day of the Revolution—she is not beautiful—ah, no!

Care—perhaps that disease, consumption, which makes the heart grow cold to name—has been busy with that young face, sharpening its outlines, and stamped it with a deadly paleness.

There is no bloom on that young cheek. The brown hair is laid plainly aside from the pale brow. Then tell me what it is you see when you gaze in her face?

You look at that young girl, and see nothing but the gleam of two large dark eyes that burn in your soul.

Yes, those eyes are unnaturally large and dark bright—perhaps consumption is feeding their flame.

And now, as the father sits there, so moody and sullen—as the daughter sits yonder so sad and silent and pale—tell me, I pray you, the story of their lives.

That farmer, Jacob Manhiem, was a peaceful, a happy man, before the Revolution. Since the war, he has become drunken and idle—driven his wife, broken hearted to the grave—and worse than all, joined a band of Tory refugees, who scour the land at dead of night, hunting and murdering as they go.

To night, at the hour of two, this Tory band will lie in wait, in a neighboring pass to attack and murder the "*rebel*" Washington, whose starving soldiers are yonder in the huts of Valley Forge.

Washington, on his lonely journey, is wont to pass the farm house; the cut throats are there in the next chamber, drinking and feasting, as they wait for two o'clock at night.

And the daughter, Mary—for her name was Mary; they loved that name in the good old times—what is the story of her brief young life?

She had been reared by her mother, now dead and *gone home*, to revere this man Washington, who to night will be attacked and murdered—to revere him next to God. Nay, more, than mother, on her death bed, joined the hands of this daughter, in solemn betrothal, with the hands of a young partisan leader, Harry Williams, who now shares the crust and the cold of Valley Forge.

Well may that maiden's eye flash with unnatural brightness—well may her pale face gather a single flush in the center of each cheek!

For yesterday afternoon, she went four miles, over roads of ice and snow to tell Captain Williams the plot of the refugees. She did not reach Valley Forge until Washington had left on one of his lonely journies; so this night at twelve, the partisan captain will occupy the rocks above the neighboring pass, to "trap the trappers" of George Washington.

Yes, that pale slender girl, remembering the words of her dying mother, had broken through her obedience to her father, after a long and bitter struggle. How dark that struggle in a faithful daughter's heart! She had betrayed his plots to his enemies—stipulating first for the life of her traitor father.

And now, as father and child are sitting there—as the shouts of the Tory refugees echo from the next chamber, as the hand of the old clock is on the hour of eleven—hark! There is the

sound of horses hoofs without the farm house—there is a pause—the door opens—a tall stranger, wrapped in a thick cloak, white with snow, enters, advances to the fire, and in brief words solicits some refreshment and an hour's repose.

Why does the Tory Manheim start aghast at the sight of that stranger's blue and gold uniform—then inumbling something to his daughter about "getting food for the traveller," rush wildly into the next room, where his brother Tories are feasting?

Tell me, why does that young girl stand trembling before the tall stranger, veiling her eyes from that calm face, with its blue eye and kindly smile?

Ah, if we may believe the legends of that time few men, few warriors, who dared the terror of battle with a smile, could stand unabashed before the solemn presence of Washington.

For it was Washington, exhausted with a long journey—his limbs stiffened, and his face numbed with cold, it was the great "rebel" of Valley Forge, who, returning to camp sooner than his usual hour, was forced by the storm to take refuge in the farmer's house, and claim a little food and an hour's repose at his hands.

In a few moments; behold the soldier with his cloak thrown off, sitting at that oaken table, partaking of the food, spread out there by the hands of the girl, who now stands trembling at his shoulder.

And look! her hand is extended as if to grasp him by the arm—her lips move as if to warn him of his danger, but makes no sound. Why all this silent agony for the man who sits so calmly there?

One moment ago, as the girl, in preparing the hasty supper, opened yonder closet door, adjoining the next room, she heard the low whispers of her father and the Tories—she heard the dice box rattle, as they were casting lots, who should *stab George Washington* in his sleep.

And now the words—"Beware, or this night you die!" trembled half formed upon her lips, when the father comes hastily from that room and hushes her with a look.

"Show the gentleman to his chamber, Mary (how calmly and polite a murdered man he!) that chamber at the head of the stairs, on the left.—On the *left* you mind!"

Mary takes the light, trembling and pale She leads the soldier up the oaken stairs. They stand on the landing, in this wing of the farm-house, composed of two rooms, divided by thick walls from the main body of the mansion. On one side, the right, is the door of Mary's chamber; on the other, the left, the chamber of the soldier—to him a chamber of death.

For a moment, Mary stands there trembling and confused. Washington gazes upon that pale girl with a look of surprise. Look! she is about to warn him of his danger, see there! her father's rough face appears above the head of the stairs.

TO THE PEOPLE.

The session of Congress, which has just terminated, will be long and gratefully remembered by all true republicans for the triumphant success of many of their cherished principles and measures. While we heartily rejoice at the triumph of the principles which it has been our constant effort to advocate and defend, and from which no prosperity, no adversity, can swerve us; we cannot be unmindful of the attitude in which we are placed by a recent vote of both houses of Congress:—we allude to the contemplated withdrawal of their patronage from the newspaper press. To this decision we cheerfully bow, sensible as we are of the patriotic motives which have led to it. But we trust that this decision of Congress increases rather than diminishes our claim to the support of higher power—that of *the people;* and to them we confidently appeal to aid us, by *their* patronage, in sustaining at the seat of government a journal that is inflexibly devoted to their interests and the true interests of the country.

It is known to every one, that the chief source of sustaining a newspaper is not the magnitude of its subscription list, so much as the advertising patronage which may be bestowed upon it. In large commercial cities, indeed, the latter is usually the concomitant of the former, as it becomes the obvious interest of mercantile men to advertise in those papers which are the most extensively circulated. Washington, however, is differently situated. Deprived of the advertising patronage incident to a mercantile community, and burdened with peculiar and enormous expenses which are not elsewhere incurred, nothing but a very long list of suscribing patrons can sustain a paper in usefulness—if, indeed, even in existence. The proprietors of the "Union" have hitherto spared no pains, and no expense, to make their paper worthy of the metropolis, and worthy of the support of that great party under whose banner they are enlisted. In publishing the most full and ample debates of the two houses of Congress, it is believed, ever before attempted on this continent in a daily newspaper, they have secured the services of the best reporters which the country afforded, but at the enormous cost of $12,000 or $15,000 per year. Their extensive foreign and domestic correspondence is another large item of expense, but the instructive usefulness of which is so highly commended and appreciated as to justify almost any outlay to attain it. Still, it must be evident that these heavy expenses cannot be borne, unless the subscription list is commensurate to the undertaking; and although we can boast of 15,000 subscribers, (including daily, tri-weekly, and weekly,) yet this list must be still considerably enlarged to enable the proprietors of the "Union" to sustain all its usefulness, and to insure them against pecuniary loss. Invoking, then, again, the aid and support of all true friends of republican government, and pledging ourselves to renewed efforts in the cause of the glorious principles we cherish, we offer the following proposals:

The "DAILY UNION" will be published, as heretofore at $10 per annum payable in advance. Its character hitherto has been almost exclusively political. We purpose in future to devote a portion of its columns to domestic news of general interests, and to miscellaneous literature, which, without imparing its political influence, may render it the more acceptable to an extended class of readers.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY UNION" will be published every Monday and Thursday, during the recess of Congress, at $5 per annum. This contains all the matter contained in the "*Daily Union*," except local advertisements. During the session of Congress three numbers, instead of two, will be issued, without any extra charge to subscribers.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE WEEKLY UNION.

The "WEEKLY UNION" is issued every Saturday; and as arrangements are in progress to enlarge it so near *double its present size*, we shall soon be enabled to give nearly every article which may appear in the daily and semi-weekly editions, at the extremely low rate of $2.—We propose also to give in this edition, a complete synoptical summary of the proceedings in both houses of Congress—thus rendering the "Weekly Union" a most valuable channel of information to all classes of our country. But, to remunerate us for this enterprise, an extensive subscription list is absolutely indispensable.

CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER.

In addition to the foregoing, we have resolved to publish, during the sessions of the national legislature, a "*Congressional Register*," to be issued weekly, and to contain a FULL REPORT of the daily proceedings and debates of both houses. Indeed, the arrangements which we have made with the very best corps of reporters will enable us to give even more full and extended reports than we have produced during this session, superior as we claim them to be to any proceeding ones. The Register will be made up from the daily reports in the "Union," carefully revised by an experienced editor, and will constitute a complete and authentic record of the session. An appendix will be added, uniform with the Register, and to be sent gratuitously to subscribers, comprising a list of the acts passed during the session, with a synopsis of their contents, and a reference, when necessary, to previous legislation. This will form the most complete history of the sessions of Congress, and will be furnished at the low price of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS for the next session.

☞ POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our agents; and by sending us five yearly subscribers, with the subscription money, for either the *Daily, Semi-Weekly*, or *Weekly*, will be entitled to one copy of the same edition as they furnish us subscribers for.

☞ The CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER will be furnished them *on the same terms*.

☞ NEWSPAPERS publishing our prospectus, with the notes attached, until the 1st of December next, will be entitled, during the next session of Congress, to receive a copy of the *Congressional Register*, and *Tri-Weekly Union*.

Clubs will be furnished with

5	copies of the Daily for		$16 00
5	do	Semi Weekly	20 00
10	do	do	35 00
5	do	Weekly	8 00
10	do	do	15 00
20	do	Congressional Register	10 00

The name of no person will be entered upon our books unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 24, 1846.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.
JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,
EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINTIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

The Duty of the Democratic Party.

Our State election is fast approaching, and issues of great importance will be determined according as it results. Not only are the principles of democracy involved in some of the measures that will be put before the people during the coming campaign, but measures directly and immediately affecting the pockets of the people. These measures should all be fully, fairly and candidly discussed and considered by the voters of the commonwealth. Every democrat should do whatever he can to carry them before not only the members of his own party, but also before every man entitled to give a vote, or who may influence a vote, to whatever party he may belong. On a small scale, there is the odious "hawkers and peddlers" act of the last session, that talk should never cease upon, till it is expunged from the statute book. The whig doctrine of railroad monopoly should be fought till the right and propriety of railroad competition is fully recognized by the government of Massachusetts, and railroads are established wherever the public good requires them. The granting of public franchises to corporations worth millions of dollars, without any equivalent, and actually taxing the people to pay the expenses of doing it, is a matter that should be seriously, and, as a pocket question, be duly considered. The raising the salaries of government officials not less than about $30,000 a year from what they were fixed at in 1843, we do not believe is at all in accordance with the will of the people. A tax upon railroads for their franchises is but just and should be made, or, if we make any pretensions to even-handed justice, banks exempted from such a tax. The necessity of a secret ballot law to the independent exercise of the right of suffrage, should be fully explained. To these and all other questions between the Democratic and other parties, every democrat should invite attention. We shall devote a large part of our time to these and other subjects relating to our State affairs until after the election. The measures of the democratic party here have but to be understood to be approved; and whenever the people can be brought to the consideration of them, instead of being carried away by some whig excitement, they will be sustained. As a test of our sincerity in what we say, we now propose to our neighbor of the Courier to take up the different issues between the whig and democratic parties upon local affairs, he selecting one and we another alternately, and discussing them until the election, and as much longer as he wishes.

ANNELLI'S GREAT PAINTING OF THE END OF THE WORLD will be opened for exhibition this evening, at Wentworth's Hall. It has been spoken of as a master work of art by the critics of Boston, Salem and other places where it has been exhibited.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

METHUEN, Sept. 21, 1846.

FRIEND HILDRETH: I have been among our democratic friends of Methuen for a few days, and can assure you I find them zealous, active, and ready to do battle in the cause of democracy, under the banner of Davis and Hood. Perfect union prevails among them in regard to the nomination of Governor and Lieut. Governor, and I do not think a better could have been made; one that could have given more general satisfaction.

They all seem to be highly pleased with the measures of the general government. They think it has only fulfilled its pledges to the people in passing the revenue tariff bill, independent treasury &c.; that the administration, in carrying out these measures of practical reform and utility, has shown to the people that it belongs to the school of Jefferson, Jackson and Van Buren; that it is entitled to the confidence of the people as the party of progress and reform. And they are eager to do their part towards placing the old Bay State once more among the Democratic galaxy.

The business here is good—I might say driving.—The shoe business is better this fall than it has been for a number of years, or at least since the passage of the tariff of '42; the prospect is better than it has been for a long time, notwithstanding the whig cry of ruin, which they themselves do not believe, neither can they make the people, as long as the lords of the spinning jenney have orders that will take them six months or a year to fulfill, and that, too, at prices which have enabled them to declare from thirty to forty per cent. dividends.

I visited the new city on Saturday, in company with Mr Waldo, the newly appointed postmaster, whom I found very courteous in pointing out the work of the various companies, which they are driving ahead as fast as two thousand workmen can do it. They will probably get the dam completed by another fall. It is a great piece of work, and when finished, will be as good a piece of stone work as there is in New England. The abutments for the railroad track across the river, have been commenced. It is to cross the river a few rods east of the Andover bridge, which is now closed for a few days, undergoing repairs. With the workmen engaged on the dam, railroad and bridge, in view, you think of anything else but ruin and cessation from all work, in consequence of the passage of the tariff of '46. I find it would take too long to give you a particular description of all improvements commenced by the respective companies, or speak of all the mushroom buildings, or buildings that have sprung up between sun set and sun rise, such as steam, saw, and planing mills, dwelling houses, stores, offices &c. But I must not neglect to mention that the school house and the church—New England's pride, were among the first of buildings erected.

The postoffice building resembles the old seven by nine postoffice building of Lowell; but there is this difference in the postmasters: while yours pleases the whig citizens, Mr Waldo pleases the democratic. I do not wish to give the idea that the whigs are any more dissatisfied with Mr Waldo than they would be with any other democrat, for many of them have become pleased with his application to business since he opened his office; and I do not see how it could be otherwise, for he is a young man of pleasing manners with an energetic business mein, and in every respect well calculated to fulfill the duties of the office. He is but temporarily located in the present building, and will remove to one more convenient and better adapted to the business of the place, which he has contracted for, and upon which the workmen are already engaged. I do not think the administration will ever have cause to regret the appointment it has made, or the citizens of Merrimack to call for his removal.

I must not fail to mention "mine host" of the Methuen Hotel, who is always ready to do the right thing by the travelling public. If his house was as big as his soul Methuen never would have a houseless stranger. If you ever come this way give him a call: you will find his table full of all things necessary for the comfort of the physical man. Yours C.

☞ The Courier, in a miserably mannerless way, denies that the delegation to the district convention, from this city, is packed by the corporations for Mr Schouler. This is its form of answer, we presume, to a matter it knows nothing about; and herein we are better informed than the Courier, as the balloting at the Convention, we have no doubt, will show. We hope in all conscience Mr Schouler will get the nomination, not only for the honor it would do him, but it would, at the same time, almost infallibly lead to the election of the Democratic candidate.

FEEDING THE ANIMALS. A Boston paper says,—"A *Feed* editorial will be given at the new Adams House (a tavern) on Saturday next." By the continuous string of puffs one sees in the city papers, laudatory of the "shades," "Ferds" "Parkers," &c.,&c., one would think the "*corps editoral*" of that city, were men of "unbounded stomachs"—men whose whiskers would grow grey by the labor of their jaws, long before their heads attained that venerable distinction by the exercise of their brains.

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS has been engaged for the past two days in trying the case of York vs. Morrill. It was an action to recover damages for an injury done to the plaintiff's son, a boy of 10 years, by the defendant, who is Principal of one of the grammar schools in this city, and who inflicted a pretty severe whipping upon the boy for alleged misconduct in school. Nearly fifty witnesses were examined, many of whom were Mr Morrill's scholars. The jury returned a verdict for plff. for $20 damage, and by the statute plff. will recover one quarter as much costs as damage, viz: $5. Butler for plff. Wentworth for deft.

THE COURIER IN A BAD FIX. Being about election time it feels the need of abolition votes, and consequently talks abolitionism of the rankest kind; but when it is brought to test its sincerity, by the simple question—"would you vote for a slaveholder for President?"—it becomes speechless.

☞ A gale struck the propeller Goliah on her way from Sandusky to New York, which caused her to spring a leak, when 870 bagrels of flour were thrown overboad, and 8000 bushels of wheat much damaged. She was run ashore a short distance above Black River.

☞ An attempt was made to destroy by fire, the Greenwich Theatre, New York, on Saturday night.—The fire was discovered and subdued before much progress had been made.

Whig State Convention.

The convention for the nomination of candidates for State officers, met at Faneuil Hall yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock. Hon. Charles Hudson was chosen president with 9 vice presidents, and F. W. Lincoln, jr., was chosen secretary with three others, one of whom was Wm. S. Robinson, Esq., editor of the Courier.—There were about a thousand delegates present.

Mr Hopkinson of Lowell, moved that Hon. George N. Briggs be nominated as the whig candidate for Governor, by acclamation.

J. S. Eldridge, Esq., of Boston, moved to amend so that the nomination should be made by ballot; which amendment was negatived, and George N. Briggs was nominated with only two dissenting voices.

John Reed was unanimously nominated for Lieut. Governor.

A committee, consisting of one from each county, of which J. Thomas Stevenson, Esq., of Boston, was chairman, was then appointed to draft an address and resolutions.

When this committee retired, Mr Charles Sumner took the stand and went into the slavery question.

In the afternoon Mr Stevenson brought in the address and resolutions and presented the same. We quote from the Times:

"A large portion of the resolutions repeated over the rotten whig operations which the democratic press have refuted from time to time, and thrown to the winds, viz:—the injustice of the Democratic party, their attempt to make the free republic of Mexico an aren for slave states, the wicked war begun and declared alone by President Polk, our crossing their borders first, the gross wickedness involved in the new tariff bill, the passage of what was termed a 'portentous experiment,' the settlement of the Oregon question, which was done in spite of President."

Hon. Stephen C. Phillips, of Salem, asked leave to read as an amendment, a string of new resolutions, more radical on the subject of slavery than the others. These resolutions being read and prefaced by a speech they were vociferously cheered by the abolition whigs—when Hon. Linus Child, of Lowell moved they be laid on the table—whereupon Chas. F. Adams, editor of the Whig, gave him a most tremendous dressing down. His hits were uproariously cheered—Mr Child defended himself with spirit and ability. The excitement was at its height, when Hon. Daniel Webster came in with the Cotton Duke. Both parties gave him a most enthusiastic reception. The lion rested near the platform and the ears were silent. Judge Allen was called up and spoke in favor of Mr Phillips.—He seemed to be deeply impressed with the wise man's saying—"spare the rod and spoil the *child*"—and he applied the verbal birch most vigorously.

After a squally debate, Mr Phillip's resolutions were rejected and Mr Stevenson's passed. Finally Mr Webster addressed the convention and with quiet sarcasm characteristic of all great minds congratulated the Convention on the *union* and *unanimity they had attained*. And when he had made an end of speaking he bowed his awful head once to the convention—and it dissolved.

Police Court.

September 21.

Edward C. George—Violation of the license law fined twenty dollars and cost.

Richard Yourall—Common drunkard—2 mos. in House Correction.

John Farrell—Common drunkard—2 mos. House Correction.

Alfred Messenger—Willful trespass—stealing peaches from Mr Noah Spaulding—fined five dollars and cost.

September 22.

Thomas Smith and *James Smith*—Stealing caps from the High School House—the former two mos. in jail, latter one.

September 23.

Catherine Devil—Drunkness—fined $1,00 and cost, to be paid in two days or two mos. in House Correction.

Bridget Houghton—do do do.

Thomas White—Common drunkard—fine $3,00 and cost, to be paid in two days or 3 mos. in House Correction.

Ann White—his wife—fined one dollar for Drunkness.

Barney McCade—Drunkness—fined $2,00 and cost.

September 24.

John White—Common drunkard 4 mos.

GENERAL ORDER. Surgeons of the fleet, and surgeons of more than twelve years, will rank with commanders.

Surgeons of less than twelve years, with lieutenants.

Passed assistant surgeons, next after lieutenants.

Assistant surgeons, not passed, next after masters.

Commanding and executive officers, of whatever grade, when on duty, will take precedence of all medical officers.

This order confers no authority to exercise military command, and no additional right to quarters.

GEORGE BANCROFT.

Navy Department, August 31, 1846.

MCCONNEL. It appears that Mr McConnel had drawn the whole amount of his mileage, and that he borrowed a hundred dollars from the President the day before his death.

GOLD. It is said that gold has been discovered in such quantities in Siberia as to endanger its present value. 11,000 miners are at work there, and 23,000 more could find employment.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT. George Lattimer, of Pennsylvania, to be consul of the United States for the port of St. Johns in the island of Puerto Rico, in the place of Henry G. Hubbard, deceased.

☞ John P. Hale has been recommended as a candidate for the Presidency, by a Liberty and Independent convention, lately held at Newmarket, New Hampshire.

☞ The authorities of Charleston, S. C. have appointed Thursday, the 3d of October, as a day of thanksgiving.

☞ It is singular fact that the German settlements in Texas are never molested by hostile Indians.

DEATH BY HYDROPHOBIA. A Mr Prichard and Mr. Gustavus Landall, both of Pittsburgh, have died of this dreadful disease.

☞ The Springfield Gazette states that the Connecticut River has not been so low during the last forty years as it has been for a week past.

☞ The complaint of drought is generally from Berkshire to Bangor.

from the New York True Sun's telegraph reports, on Monday, the 21st inst., from Baltimore.

Another Battle at Nauvoo.

The Western mail this evening, brings intelligence of another and more serious engagement between the inhabitants of Nauvoo and their persecutors, the Anti-Mormons, whose outrageous and high-handed proceedings are beginning to revert upon their own heads.

The engagement took place on the 12th instant—both sides using their artillery and coming to closer quarters than on the previous encounter.

After three hours of pretty active firing, the Antis were routed on every side. How many of them were killed is not stated, but it was known that Capt Smith was amongst the number.

The Mormons had three killed, Capt. Anderson, his son, and a Mr Norris. Numbers were wounded on both sides.

During the battle the Antics "showed the white feather," and sent a flag of truce to the Mormons, proposing a cessation of hostilities and negotiation—like the boy who, under the rod of his father, exclaimed, "Stop, dad, let's argy."

The Mormons returned a peremptory refusal, and sent back word to their enemies that as they had been driven by them to fight for their homes and existence, they were determined and prepared to do battle till they should be left in possession of their rights.

After the cessation of the firing, the Mormons made immediate preparations for resuming the fight on the following day, or as soon as the Antics should evince a disposition to resume the contest.

RUIN OF THE COTTON CROP. In addition to what we gave on the subject yesterday, we give to-day the two following letters from gentlemen who would not if they could, deceive us or the public.

East Feliciana, Sept. 9.

I have only but now come out of my field; every bloom and half grown boll is destroyed; and now they are nibbling the bark of the plant off—stripping them of their covering, and leaving the bare and whitened stems dead and aapless in the sunbeam.

Having nothing new to feed on, the plagues are now crawling in creeping millions over the fences, in the roads, in the woods—everywhere and everything is perfectly devoured; and then to see droves of hogs fattening on them by the mouthful—bah! it is sickening—worm-fed pork! Never have I seen such a sight. Many planters, who are usually in receipt of 250 to 300 bales, will make from 30 to 50.—*New Orleans Delta.*

CAUTION TO SUBSCRIBERS. We hear from various quarters of the country, that there is a fellow by the name of Knapp, agent for one Goodrich, (and a very fit one too, we should judge,) is going about among the subscribers to the Palladium, attempting, by falsehoods and slanders, to curtail the circulation of the paper. We have made some inquiries as to the fellow's whereabouts, and have ascertained that he is well known in the town of Sutton. We do not know him even by sight; but from what we have heard of him, we have formed the *opinion* that he could not stand for a moment as a witness in a court of justice, but *would fall like a rotten corn stalk.*—*Worcester Palladium.*

☞ At a meeting of the relief committee, held last week at Quebec, it was resolved to divide $16,-000 from the relief funds among the clergy of the different denominations, for the relief of the sufferers by the fires of last year. This has given offence in some quarters, and the matter was to be brought up again for reconsideration.

A FORTUNATE MAN. The editor of the Manchester N. H. Democrat acknowledges the receipt of a cart load of musk mellons one of which weighed 16 lbs. (was'nt it a moogrel pumpkin?)—a lot of grapes—a jar of pickels—a string of pickerel—and a tub of butter!

MR SCHOULER'S IDEA OF POETRY. "There is a good deal of poetry in the assertion that the Manchester mills, are worked by paupers" and for his idea of prose we must look to his own letters, and they are rather *prosey* to be sure.

RUIN. The Louisville Democrat states that ruin prevails in that city—very many old buildings are absolutely being demolished to permit of the erection of new ones. This is all the disastrous effects of the passage of the new tariff bill.

☞ The Nantucket Murder is temporarily discontinued, on account of the "difficulty of obtaining suitable and sufficient aid in the mechanical department" of the paper.

☞ "High duties make low prices," say the whigs. Well, then, low duties will make high prices," as matter of course; so all the whigs ought to be in favor of the present tariff.—*Indiana State Sentinel.*

LOST HER ——. We find the following in the Newport Daily News, Aug. 24, 1846:

"The lady who lost her *unmentionable* will find it advertised in another column."

☞ A servant girl one day at a hotel gave a skewer to a lawyer to eat saying she understood lawyer could digest any thing but the truth!

☞ Col. Esdall's grist mill, at Hamburg, Sussex Co., N. J., was burnt on the 12th inst., with some 1000 bushels of wheat.

☞ The United States brig Washington had her commander and eleven of her crew washed overboard and lost, during the gale of the 8th, 9th and 10th inst.

THE EMANCIPATON says, since the Maine election, the Atlas no longer calls the abolitionists "charcoal" or "lengheels."

☞ The Washington Union states that late letters from Florida leave no doubt of the election of Mr Kane the democratic candidate for Congress.

WORKMEN DISCHARGED. Last week about fifty workmen were discharged from the Navy Yard Philadelphia.—*N. Y. Sun.*

FIRE AT GEORGETOWN, S. C. On the 16th, over thirty buildings, in the same square opposite the Court House, were burned.—*Times.*

☞ For sale, an excellent young horse—would suit any timid lady or gentleman with a *long silver tail.*—*Post.*

☞ Visiters at the Sing Sing state prison are now charged 25 cents for admission; permanent boarders are taken for nothing.—*Post.*

☞ The branch mint in Dahlonega, Georgia, coined, in the month of August, 8,073 half eagles; 1,763 quarter eagles, amounting to $42,522.50. It is supposed all out of American gold.

☞ A Democratic republican Mass Convention, is to be holden in Concord N. H. on the 15th of October.

☞ The number of suicides in Paris the last year was over 3400.

☞ Mr Alexander Smith, of Danby, N. Y., committed suicide, by hanging, on Saturday last.

"Punch calls James K. Polk, *King of the Yankee Doodle*, and Victoria, *Queen of the Bull family.*"

TELEGRAPH TO CANADA. It affords us great satisfaction to learn that there is great probability of the "lightning lines"—the electric telegraph, being extended from the great cities of the United States to Montreal and Quebec. A gentleman is now in town, and has submitted proposals to the Board of Trade, for making an immediate commencement with this most important public work. We believe that the principle upon which he wishes to construct it, is, that a certain bonus should be paid him, amounting to about half the cost, by the citizens of Montreal. This sum would be, according to his calculation, from £3,000 to £5,000. The line will connect the cities throughout this vast continent in such a manner, that the news may be conveyed instantaneously between the most remote of them.—*Montreal Herald September 7.*

MARRIAGE INTENDED. The Granite Freeman gives notice, as we learn from the Dover Enquirer, that it and the Independent Democrat will probably be united in a few weeks. We shall soon expect to hear that they are both to be united to the Statesman, as they all preach about the same doctrines.—*Nashua Telegraph.*

ONE OF OUR FOLKS. A Yankee down East, has invented a machine that will reap, thresh, winnow, and grind; also spin cotton, scrape potatoes, rock the cradle, darn stockings, pare nails, whittle shingles, whistle Yankee Doodle, play checquers, and puff itself in the newspapers.—*Ex.*

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Gen. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a Fever sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. O. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & RIDER, GRAY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN agents for Lowell. je11

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panaceas, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle developed from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq., Attorney at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, point of unreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep14&a8w

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is superintended by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9&m

MARRIED.

In this city 8 sept. 23 by Rev. Mr Porter, Mr Isaac B. Brown of Lowell to Miss Betsey S. Philbrick, of Augusta Me.

In this city, Sept 19 by Rev Mr Hanks Mr Henry S S McLanathan, merchant, to Miss B daughter of Josiah Hubbard Esq.

In this city Sept. 17, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Milo H Crosby of Hebron, N. H., to Miss Harriet B. Heath of Lowell.

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 31 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the third Meeting of the creditors of Benjamin Day, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Nathan Brooks Esq., a Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on Saturday the 31st day of October next at 2 o'clock, P. M. Per order of

NATHAN BROOKS Esq., Master in Chancery.

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee, Sept 19. a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stable keeper, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chamberlain, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fifth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chamberlain may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Assignee. Lowell, Sept. 23, 1846. a3t

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING !!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Breastes, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Bends and Neeklnces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Heads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22d JOSEPH RAYNES.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MRS. HAMLETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 101½) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*

TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS !! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17a3w

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

LAW NOTICE.—All business connection heretofore existing between the subscriber and WILLIAM SMITH, and HENRY W. SMITH, Esqrs., or either of them, as Attornies and Counsellors at Law, is dissolved from this date.

All persons having business unsettled at the office of the subscriber are requested to call and settle the same to this date, and make such farther arrangements relative to it, as to them shall seem proper.

☞ No person has my authority hereafter to sign my name, or for me, as my Attorney or Agent.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Office, Wyman's Exchange, Merrimack St.

Lowell, July 15, 1846. jy18a2m

LOST !—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18a1f

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined as follows, viz:

No 2, (Mr Graves',) *No* 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and *No* 8, (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, A. M.; *No* 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, the 25th inst.

No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and *No* 4, (Mr Morse's,) at 9 o'clock; and *No* 1 (Mr Balch's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 26th inst.

The High School will be examined on MONDAY the 28th inst.,—The Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, and the Female Department at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary, of the School Committee of Lowell.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall produce from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography.

Lowell, Sep. 15, 1846. a6

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar,* and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *This Day.*

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard,* master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF *To go up to the City. With despatch,*

The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker,* master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF *To go up to the City without Lightering, In a few Days,*

The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship JUDAH TOURO, *Nickerson,* master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. D. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co., 75 said wharf. Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE, JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

n3w* JONATHAN RICE.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plyma5

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

A RARE CHANCE !

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock will reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS, JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11a1f

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical discription, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

FALL FASHION !

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20a1f

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25a1f

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of LOOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND".

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14a3m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those diseases of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je1a3m

WAGER & DATEH'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

☞ We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES,* both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urithra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&P3m

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 5 50.
Shoes, good,	"	1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30d



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.

The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH, No. 4 Commercial Square.

jy18a1f

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Womens' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices two-thyper cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said Tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale,—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also,* 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Dry Goods!

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Sept. 24 and 25, at 2 o'clock at office, a new invoice of seasonable Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpines, Alpaccas of various qualities, Cashmere de Lains, 1500 yds Prints, bleached and brown Cottons, Caroline Plaids, linsy, white and red flannel, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sheriff's Sale.

Middlesex, ss., Sept 16, 1846.

Taken on execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth day of september instant, at two of the clock in the afternoon; at the Auction Room of E. B. Patch, Commercial square, in Lowell in said county,

21 new Cooking Stoves, different sizes, Adams & Littlefield's pattern, with some other small articles of personal property. J. BANCROFT, D. Sheriff.

On SATURDAY next, Sept. 26, at 9 o'clock, A. M., the furniture of a family leaving the city, together with a lot of new furniture, consisting of Sofas, Tables Chairs, Beds and Bedding, Looking-glasses, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stoves, &c.

At 12 o'clock—Several Horses and Carriages, and one good Cow, Particulars hereafter.

N. B.—The balance of the Dravent lots, being about twenty in number, will be sold this week as per bills.

Wood.

On MONDAY, Sept. 31st, at 3 o'clock P. M., from 100 to 200 rords of spruce and chestnut spile tops, in lots surveyed and tirketed, and most of them suitable for fence posts. The above are lying upon the Jackson lot, opposite Nashua Railroad, just above the Jail.

An adjourned Sale in consequence of the Rain

One-half of double house and Land, on Lawrence street; the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hall. I shall sell the above on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, without reserve,—The house has eight well finished rooms, conveniently arranged with good yard room and a first rate well of water.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same, containing about 4000 square feet, with a small Barn upon the same (which can be easily converted into a cottage,) and a goodly number of choice Fruit Trees. This lot will be sold separately or with the house, as may be preferred. The situation is pleasant, and the location is such as to command a ready rent. *Terms*—one fourth cash and the balance in three annual instalments, and interest annually. The Deed a warranty.

Cottage House on Pine street.

On Friday, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street, with 3725 feet of land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Land at Auction.

On Thursday next Oct 1 at 2 o'clock on the premises, 6 Lots of Land situated on Forest Street nearly opposite the Howard House on Middlesex street, containing in all 17000 square feet.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

Lost Baggage and Merchandise.

On Wednesday Sept 26 at 9 1-2 o'clock, A. M. The Following articles have been in the Boston and Lowell Railroad Ticket Office and storehouse, at Lowell more than one year, and having been duly advertised will be sold as above, if not called for before the hour of sale.

A 2 1-2 feet Wood trunk, marked Jnoes Smard, containing Ladies' Clothing. A 2 1-2 feet Hair Trunk, containing Ladies' Clothing, and a Bible marked Martha Kelley. A 20 inch Hair Trunk, marked Isaac Jones, containing a Silk handkerchief and a Bag. A 24 inch Wood Trunk, painted green. Empty. A flag, containing 25 Shoemakers' Lasts. A Highland Plaid Shawl. A Cashmere Shawl. 2 large Bundles, containing Bedding, Hollow Ware, &c., marked Andrew McFarland, Lowell. A Blue Chest, Contining Carpenters' Tools. A Pine Writing Desk, containing a Day Book marked Charles Evans. 3 Boxes Merchandise, 2 bundles Chairs, 2 Wooden Frames and a bundle of Boards, marked H. Hadams. 6 Bbls. Pork and lard, marked G. H. Procter. A 2 1-2 feet Box containing boxes of Cigars, marked Bennett. A Cooking Stove, marked W. Bryant. A Bbl Damaged Coffee, marked E. & D. Trickey. A Bbl Damaged Flour, marked C. & E. M.

Peremptory sale of Cloths Cassimeres &c, on THURSDAY next Sept 24th, at 10 and 2 o'clock, 56 pc, and cut pc Broadcloths plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Doe Skins and Satinets, belonging to a manufacturer, and will be sold without the least reserve, for cash, to reimburse advances. The Goods may be seen, and dealers are invited to Examine the Day before the sale.

Marble Chimney Pieces.

On Saturday next Sept 26th at 10 o'clock A Elegant Italian Marble Chimney Pieces, Elegant fornish may be seen at office before the Sale.

At 10½ O'clock.

The Stock and Tools of a House Paint ness, consisting of Paint mill Oil cans. Oil, Varnish, Spirits, Glass Buckets Brushes, Putty &c. &c.

At 11 O'clock

Horses, Carriages, H

OLD ALLIES.—Lots of old paper, for wrapping

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS 15

Established for the accommodation of quacks.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like crest eggs to make clients lay,
And for their false options pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wrongly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complains of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. mlyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Esta, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remady, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs, to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co., City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may13] dec16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

— TERMS. —

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment at the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6m

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physicina of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had last all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

☞For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grillin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; C. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

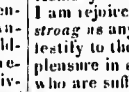
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ndvly jan26

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
1fmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion.—Its sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and in the pain; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 66 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier; Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 adv&partly

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mopr8

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last few years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indispensable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomorch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla, Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 20, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bonck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seaman I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is of coherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,
Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canarsie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5to

---

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay, with the Eastern trains:

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

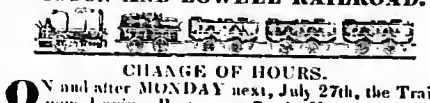
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason Village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Can reat 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE! KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&ply

---

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable med

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 114.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y, D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je18 3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street, ...LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. jan17

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table Cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Bolsters, Pillows, Ottomans, Cricketts, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct22 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 22, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Cobura's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jun. 20, 1845. jan1 tf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, *Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder*; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches; Blles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter; Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an Injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thee superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural size, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Farther Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gallusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&rtysng29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight*, &c.
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin, and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allen & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Paul, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22 A&rtoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that being removed from Dracett to Lowell, and has taken shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rag8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, certain, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison or paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This Work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.—
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, JR.; G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers: oaws&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash	Percentage reduction of Premium.	Sum which the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 06	$2295
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 52	1987
64	$5000	$370 80	1839	838 00	376 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 76	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18 SaTu&Srcwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly apr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$2.00 per quarter; $6.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHAS. B. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. ddvlymay9

POETRY.

WOLFE.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser writing from Quebec, states that visiters to "Wolfe's monument have long been in the habit of chiselling off small portions of it to carry away with them. "Not this stone," he continues, "on which it is said, the general breathed his last in the hour of victory, for this stone forms the foundation of the monument, and is beneath the earth, but the monument itself. Even the very inscription to the memory of the hero is almost cut out and carried away. The only inscription on the monument is in the following words:

HERE DIED
WOLFE
VICTORIOUS.

While speaking of Wolfe, reminds me of the poem written to his memory by Thomas Paine; and as many of your readers may not have seen it, I will give it to them:—

In a mouldering cave, where the wretched retreat;
Britannia sat, wasted with care!
She mourned for her Wolfe, and exclaimed against fate;
And gave herself up to despair.
The walls of her cell she had sculptured around
With the feats of her favorite son;
And even the dust that lay on the ground,
Was engraved with some deeds he had done.

The sire of gods, from his crystalline throne,
Beheld the disconsolate dame;
And, moved with her tears, he sent Mercury down,
And these were the tidings that came:
"Britannia, forbear!—not a sigh or a tear
For thy Wolfe, so deservedly loved—
Your tears shall be changed into triumphs of joy;
For Wolfe is not dead, but removed.

"The sons of the East, the proud giants of old,
Have crept from their darksome abodes;
And this is the news, as in Heaven it was told,
They were marching to war with the gods;
A council was held in the chambers of Jove,
And this was their final decree:
That Wolfe should be called to the army above,
And the charge was entreated to me.

"To the plains of Quebec with the orders I flew—
He begged for a moments delay;
He cried, oh! forbear, let me victory heal;
And then thy command I'll obey:
With a darksome thick film I encompassed his eyes
And bore him away in an urn;
Lest the fondness he bore to his own native shore,
Should induce him again to return."

A LEGEND OF THE REVOLUTION.

BY GEORGE LIPPARD.
[Concluded.]

For a moment, Mary stands there trembling and confused. Washington gazes upon that pale girl with a look of surprise. Look! she is about to warn him of his danger, see there! her father's rough face appears above the head of the stairs:

—"Mary, show the gentleman into the chamber on the left. And look ye, girl, it is late, you'd better go into your own room and go to sleep."

While the Tory watches them from the head of the stairs, Washington enters the chamber on the left—Mary the chamber on the right.

An hour passes. Still the storm beats on the roof—still the snow drifts on the hill.—Before the fire; in the dim old hall of that farm house, are seven half-drunken men, with that tall Tory, Jacob Manheim, sitting in their midst; the murderer's knife in his hand.—For the lot had fallen upon him. He is to go up stairs and stab the sleeping man.

Even this half drunken murderer is pale at the thought—how the knife trembled in his hand—trembles against the pistol barrel. The jeers of his comrades arouse him to the work: the light in one hand, the knife in the other, he goes up the stairs. He listens, first at the door of his daughter's chamber on the right, then at the door of the soldier's chamber on the left—he is gone a moment—silence! there is a faint groan! He comes forth again, rushes down the stairs, and stands before the fire, with the bloody knife in his hand.

"Look!" he shrieks, as he scatters the red drops over the hearth into the fire—"Look it *is* his blood—the traitor Washington!"

His comrades gather round him with yells of joy; already in fancy they count the gold which will be paid for this deed, when lo! that stair door opens, and there, without a wound—without the stain of a drop of blood stands George Washington, asking calmly for his horse.

"What!" shrieked the Tory Manheim, "can neither steel nor bullet harm you?—Are you a living man? Is there no wound about your heart? no blood upon your uniform?"

That apparition drives me mad. He starts forward—he places his hand tremblingly upon the arms, upon the breast of Washington! Still no wound. Then he looks at the bloody knife, still clutched in his right hand, and stands there quivering as with a death spasm.

While Washington looks on in silent wonder the door is flung open—and the bold troopers from Valley Forge throng the room with the gallant form and bronzed visage of Capt Williams in their midst. At this moment the clock struck twelve. Then a horrid thought crashes like a thunder-bolt upon the brain of the Tory Manheim. He seizes the light—rushes up stairs—rushes into the room of his daughter on the right. Some one had just risen from the bed; but the chamber was vacant. Then towards that room on the left, with steps of leaden heaviness. Look! how the light quivers in his hand!—He pauses at the door—he listens! Not a sound—a stillness like the grave. His blood curdles in his veins! Gathering courage, he pushes open the door. He enters. Towards that bed he advances, through whose curtains he struck so blindly a moment ago! Again he pauses—not a sound—a stillness more terrible than the grave. He flings aside the curtains. There in the full light of the lamp, her young form but half-covered, bathed in her own blood—there lay his daughter, Mary!

Ah, do not look upon the face of the father as he starts silently back, frozen to stone; but in this pause of horror listen to the mystery of this deed.

After her father had gone down stairs, an hour ago, Mary silently stole from the chamber on the right. Her soul shaken by a thousand fears, she opened the door on the left, and beheld Washington sitting by a table, on which were spread a chart and a Bible. Then, though her existence was wound up in the act, she asked him in a tone of calm politeness to take the chamber on the opposite side. Mary entered the chamber which he left.

Can you imagine the agony of that girl's soul, as lying on the bed intended for the death couch of Washington, she silently awaited the knife, although that knife might be clenched in a father's hand!

And now, that father, frozen to stone, stood there, holding the light in one hand, the other still clenching the red knife.

There lay his child, the blood streaming from that wound in her arm; her eyes covered with a glassy film.

"Mary!" shrieked the guilty father—for robber and Tory as he was, he was still a father.—"Mary!" he called to her, but that word was all he could say.

Suddenly she seemed to wake from that stupor. She sat up in bed with glassy eyes. The strong hand of death was upon her. As she sat there, erect and ghastly, the room was thronged with soldiers. Her lover rushed forward and called her by name. No answer. Called again; spoke to her in the familliar tones of olden times, still no answer. She knew him not.

Yes, it was true, the strong hand of death was upon her.

"Has *he* escaped?" she said in a husky voice.

"Yes!" shrieked the father, "Live, Mary, only live, and to-morrow I will join the camp at Valley Forge."

Then that girl—that hero woman—dying as she was, not so much from the wound in her arm, as from the deep agony which had broken the last chord of life, spread out her arms, as though she beheld a form floating there above her bed, beckoning her away. She spread forth her arms as if to enclose that angel form.

"Mother!" she whispered, while there grouped the soldiers; there with a speechless agony on his brow stood the lover; there hiding his face with one hand, while the other grasped the light, crouched the father, that light flashed over the dark bed, with the white form in its centre. "Mother thank God! For with my life I have saved him—."

Look! even as starting up on that bloody couch she speaks the half formed word, her arms stiffen, her eyes, wide open, set in death glare in her father's face!

She is dead! From that dark room her spirit has gone home!

That half formed word, still quivering on the white lips of the hero woman—that word uttered in a husky whisper, choked by the death-rattle—that word was "WASHINGTON."

Important from California.

By an arrival from the Pacific ocean, we received last night, our letters from Upper California, from the 25th of April to the first of July, inclusive. We condense the following summary from half a dozen interesting letters. The inhabitants were generally in favor of the United States' retaining possession of the country; marriages were becoming more frequent; new mines were being discovered, and the busy hum of American industry is waking up the indolent savages on the shores of the great Pacific.

After several dry winters they have now had a rainy season, and a prospect of a good harvest on the plantations. The natives seem to look for annexation, tho' they are somewhat indifferent about it. The main plan suggested among others, is by a fair sale and honorable transfer of rulers. One tenth of the residents are now foreigners, which, it is thought will be increased by another tenth this September, and the same number in 1847.

Near the town of Angels, is a large sandy plain at the feet of some mountains, in which they have discovered quantities of gold. A common laborer can gather to the amount of $2 per day. The plan of getting the ore is to wash the sand in a flat basket.—They have instituted ounce currencies of the metal.—Mines of coal, bituminous pitch and pewter have been found. At Sonora, on the bay of San Francisco, a quicksilver mine has been opened by a New Yorker, and another by a person from Massachusetts. Both are in successful operation.

Bark Angola, Salem, Verney, arrived this month from Oahu, and landed and sold a cargo of New England domestic goods, is now loading with soap, shingles and timber for Oahu, thence to Salem. This is the first cargo ever sold in California at one sale.—*N. Y. Sun.*

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE. At a meeting of the State Democratic Central Committee, holden in this city yesterday, John A Bolles, Esq. was elected chairman and Wm. E. Parmenter Esq., secretary.—The following gentlemen were chosen an executive committee, viz: John A. Bolles, James Russell, E. P. Hathaway, F. A. Hildreth, Wm. J. Reynolds, Marcus Morton, jr. and William E. Parmenter, which committee is charged with the duty of reporting an address to the democratic electors of Massachusetts. Messrs Whiting and Emery having declined serving as members of the State Committee, E. A. Raymond and Robt. Cowdin were elected to fill the vacancies occasioned thereby. The chairman announced that Mr Davis and Mr Hood had accepted the nomination tendered them by the State convention as candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor of Massachusetts at the ensuing election. The committee adjourned to meet again at the hall over the Democratic Reading Room, on Thursday, October 22d.—*Boston Post.*

ANNELLI'S GREAT PAINTING OF THE END OF THE WORLD. We have not yet had time to visit this said to be great picture, but judge from the very high praise bestowed upon it by the numerous extract's from the press to-day shown us, that it must be a work of rare merit From among the extracts we give the following from the Boston Times:—

This painting is a vivid representation of the scene at the opening of the Sixth Seal, as mentioned in the Book of Revelations:—a most grand subject, and well worthy of the labors of a master of the art. The painting covers five hundred square feet of canvass, and presents upwards of thirty full sized human figures, besides vast groups of people in the distance, architectural scenery, water, shipping, &c. The sky is a mass of lurid flame, except where the mild pure light of the cross beams forth, subduing the baleful glare, and illuminating the mass of human beings below.—The figures represent every class and character in life and appear in attitudes and positions indicative of their frame of mind at the approach of the awful event. The drawing and coloring of them are perfectly life-like, and the postures surprisingly natural. In the centre of the picture a female figure appears, arrayed in white and of angelic beauty. Her attitude is dignified and expressive. This represents the Genius of Christianity, and her finger is raised to the lustrous cross in the heavens. She is the common centre of action of the whole picture, and the grand moral lesson intended to be conveyed by the artist, can be read at a glance. But we have said enough for the present, and hope that all of our readers may receive as much delight as we have in viewing this truly great work.—*Boston Daily Times.*

☞ It is a mistake to suppose that the democratic party has any hostility to manufacturers.—Manufacturers have enjoyed greater benefits than the democrats have thought consistent with justice to the other interests of the community. If the manufacturers suffer when justice is done them, it certainly appears that doing *injustice* to other people is necessary that they may thrive.—*Plymouth Rock.*

☞ A marriage ceremony was performed on the evening of the 3d inst., on the Natural Bridge of Virginia by torch light, each of a select company bearing a torch.—*N. Y. United.*

☞ Br. T. B. Thayer will preach in the First Universalist Church in this city, to-morrow.

Br. C. A. Bradley will preach in the same Church the Sabbath following.—*Gospel Foreshn.*

☞ We have three letters from our western correspondent which we shall publish next week.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 26, 1846.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser office, Tuesday evening, Sept. 29th, at 8 o'clock, P. M. Per ordor.

A. W. FARR, Secretary.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

— JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

That Mare's Nest.

The Courier says we have found a "mare's nest" in its columns! We shall not deny the charge—the editor is undoubtedly the best judge of the contents of his paper.

Our readers will recollect that we commented the other day, upon the Courier's remarks concerning Mr Lawrence's letter to a gentleman in Pennsylvania.—With "characteristic" sophistry, the editor attempts a reply. We stated that under the old tariff, the capitalists divided enormous profits, while the laborer got barely a pittance for his toil; and that the operation of the new tariff was to lessen these dividends of the capitalist and give the laborer a better standing. The Courier "don't exactly see how this can be;" or in other words, he evidently wishes to be understood as denying the truth of the assertion, that the new tariff, while it reduces the profits of the capitalist, at the same time gives the laborer a better standing.

We will first advance our argument in support of the proposition, and then answer his against it.

The Courier will not deny that the new tariff reduces the duty paid upon the importation of many articles used in the United States. Now, whatever the amount is that is reduced on the duty to be paid at the custom house, that amount will be the reduction on the *price* of the article when offered to the consumer in the retail trade. The laborer will therefore buy many of the articles necessary for the support and maintenance of his family, cheaper than under the old tariff. Here it is that the laborer obtains a better standing—provided his wages are kept the same. We presume the Courier will not deny that the reduction of the tariff will, in some degree, lessen the profits of the manufacturers; therefore we shall offer no argument on that point. Now the question is, shall the manufacturer, who, under the old tariff, was making enormous profits, bear this reduction himself—leaving him still larger profits than any other business affords, and pay the operative full price, thereby permitting the laborer to retain the "better standing" which the new tariff is designed to give him,—or shall he reduce the price of labor, and add the reduction to his own profits? The Courier says the latter—the "Lawrences and Appletons" being *able* to make money, *will* do it; might makes right, is the Courier's moral code.

The Courier's argument against our proposition, drawn from a supposed case concerning the publisher of the Advertiser, and his workmen, has no force whatever, because it is not a parallel case with that of the operative and manufacturer. If the same cause which should reduce our business and profits in this supposed case, should also materially reduce the prices that our workmen pay for their board, clothing and other necessaries, then there would be some more similarity in the *cases*; but while this important element is wanting in the analogy, no argument can be drawn from this famous illustration.

It is not often that the oppressive policy of the whig manufacturing lords, is so distinctly (though unwittingly) proclaimed by their own mouths; we commend this instance to the consideration of the laboring classes.

DECLINED. Our proposition to discuss, with the Courier, the different issues between the democratic and whig parties upon State affairs, has been declined. The reasons given by that paper are, that in the controversies it has heretofore had with us, we have been unfair, and that it cannot afford the time to discuss "the secret ballot, the pedler law, and the railroad monopoly, while the immediately greater issues of liberty and slavery, peace or war, protection or free trade, are before the people for their decision." We really supposed that as we are drawing close upon a state election that it would be quite as important, for determining what policy, measures and men, the interests of the State require should be supported, to consider matters pertaining to State affairs as to harp about slavery, upon which the coming election can have no effect, or the tariff with which the government of Massachusetts has nor can have anything to do, or the Mexican war that is just as far removed from Massachusetts legislation as the slavery question and the tariff. But the Courier has a right to judge for itself.—Though, as we do not think it hardly a high-minded way of declining a discussion by charging us with unfairness, and that that excuse shall not avail, we will make an addition to our former proposition: we will discuss state affairs with the Courier and publish all its arguments upon the subjects under consideration if that paper will do the same by us.

The Mexican Government has not refused to negotiate.

A Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser (whig) writes on the 23d, September that "the assertions, made so confidently on the authority of letters from the Gulf squadron, that the reply of the Mexican government to our offer of negotiation, was a prompt and positive refusal to treat, until the land and naval forces of the United States were withdrawn, are without foundation.

The particulars of the reply have not yet transpired—but its general tenor is now understood to be a reciprocation of a pacific disposition and purpose, and a promise to take into early consideration the propositions of the United States.

The blockade of the coast is to be vigorously enforced, and the principal ports, Monterey and San Francisco, have already been taken. It is said, on good authority, that we are to take possession of the Californias and hold them down as low as Guyanos, on the Gulf of California.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Thursday Sept. 25.

Stephen Castles against Riley, Kalay and Trustees. Action on a note—defence that it was an accommodation bank note, given for Castle's benefit. Verdict for deft. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

Friday, Sept. 26.

Stephen Castles against Riley and Kaley. Action and defence same as above. Verdict for deft. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

Smith against Moore. Action of Assumpsit. Verdict for plff. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

Police Court.

Sept. 25.

Wm. Santry, for drunkenness, was fined $3 and costs.

John Coslow, for being a common drunkard, was fined $2 and costs, or three months in the House Correction.

Mary Hickey, for drunkenness, fined $1 and costs.

Betsey Whalan, for drunkenness, was fined $2 and costs.

Edward Whalan, for drunkenness, fined $2 and costs, or 2 months House Correction.

British Meditation in the War with Mexico.

Great Britain has offered to become arbitrator of the difficulties between this country and Mexico. But from the following extract from a leading editorial in the Washington Union we judge, as we have ever been of the opinion, that our government will decline troubling her to interfere in our affairs with that country:—

As to British meditation in the war with Mexico, there can be no doubt, we think, as to the almost unanimous sentiment of this country, concerning it.—We have all along, and in every form, proffered to Mexico negotiation in an amicable spirit. On our part, therefore, no mediation is called for. If the British government can, by its counsels, persuade Mexico to awake to her true interests and to meet us in a spirit of justice in such a negotiation, there can be no reasonable objection on our part, that such counsels should be given. But English interference in any form *to fix the terms or prescribe the conditions of peace*, is not to be sanctioned, and cannot be sanctioned for a moment. We know our own rights, and our own wrongs; England can tell us nothing of either; we shall redress the one, and we shall vindicate the other; and we must be left to ourselves to judge of the sufficiency and the assonableness of that vindication and that redress.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER. "*The Republican Union*" is the name of a new Democratic paper just issued at Portsmouth N. H. by B. F. McIntire and T. J. Whittem. It is a good sized sheet very handsomely printed. It has for a motto; "We go where Democratic principles point the way; when they cease to lead, we halt."—WOODBURY. This is clearly indicative of its future course.

WANTING WORKMEN BACK AGAIN. The proprietors of the cotton mill in Schuylerville, N. Y., who reduced the wages of their hands a week or two since twenty-five per cent., are now, says the Schuylerville Herald, and have been for some days, *endeavoring to induce them to return to their work, at the old wages;* but they are too late, as most of them are engaged to work in other mills.

☞ Mr Paine the optician, and great unshot, having been in jail for debt lately—claims in the leisure thus offered him to have discovered a propulsive power which when applied to a ship properly constructed, will drive it through the Atlantic, to Europe in three days!

THE GRAB GAME. The old Appleman, who sells fruit near Central Street bridge, this day, about 1 o'clock, had a five dollar bill snatched from his hand by a miserable thief who ran for dear life up Prescott st., followed by a crowd of men and boys in pursuit cheered on by the cries of "Stop Theif" &c.

☞ On Wednesday, the 23d of Sept., the Cabinet were said to be engaged in considering the proposition of Great Britain to Mediate between this Country and Mexico and that her services would be politely dispensed with.

☞ "A shocking outrage was perpetrated on the night of the 6th by a negro man, upon Mrs. Evans and her daughter, in St. Mary's, Md. He was arrested next day."

☞ The Hon. George Bancroft, United States Minister to England, has taken passage for himself and family on board the Great Western on her next voyage out.

☞ The Whigs have nominated John Young for Governor, and Hamilton Fish for Lieut. Governor in New York.

BUILDING LOTS CHEAP. See the Advertisement in another column in which building lots containing 2125 feet of land are offered for sale at $85.

☞ Hon. Franklin Pierce, of N. H., says the N. Y. Commercial, is still spoken of as the most prominent candidate for the place of Attorney General.

☞ Mr Colton and Miss Bagley are meeting with wonderful success in Boston with their telegraph exhibition.

☞ The Great Painting of 'the End of the World' will be opened to-morrow evening from 7 to 10 o'clk.

The Power of Corporations.

During the present term of the Court of Common Pleas, was published the result of a trial where the evidence shew what we have several times before stated: to wit:—that by a combination among the corporations, a person employed by the corporations of this city, at the mere *will* of an overseer or agent, can be turned out of employment, and deprived of obtaining it upon any other corporation in the city. The N. Y. True Sun, having learned the principal facts of this particular case, speaks thus eloquently and indignantly of the case and a combination that can bow the heads of free man and free women to all commands, right or wrong, or deprive them of their daily bread:

"*Northern Slavery.* One of the great causes of the hostility to chartered and otherwise specially privileged combinations of capital, for business purposes, which pervades the masses of the republic, is the tendency of such associations or recipients of exclusive favors to subvert the spirit of our republican institutions, and to destroy that equality and impartial justice to all, which was the great aim of the founders of our republic. The whole written history of the world establishes the great and fundamental truth, that no special exclusive favors can be bestowed upon one portion of the people without either directly infringing upon the rights of other portions, or paving the way for an ultimate frustration of the unfavored before the grasping aspirations of the favorites of special legislation.—Nor does the experience of our own country, thus far, afford a particle of evidence that in the United States of America the principle operates with less force than it has and does operate in any other part of the world. Look to what portion of the country you will, everywhere that special favoritism has been introduced by custom or legislation, and this tendency of that rare invention of political cupidity, has shown itself to a greater or less degree. An illustration of this truth—a truth worth whole volumes of sophistry, special pleading, and specious augumentation—was last week brought out in the manufacturing city of Lowell, with a force and in a manner which fairly startled even those who had always been amongst the most devoted servants of specially-favored associations of capital.—The instance was in this wise:—

A young woman who had been employed in one of the factories of that city, left it for the purpose of removing to another of the mills in which she thought she could labor with better satisfaction to herself. But on application for work at that mill, she was denied employment, because the overseer (*driver* is the southern term) of the mill she had left had denounced her to the overseers (or drivers) of every mill in the place as a girl not worthy to be employed. She applied to each mill in the city for employment, but was repulsed at all in succession for the same reason that employment was refused her at the first one. She sued the driver in a civil suit for slander, but was defeated in her suit for damages because the mill owners had established amongst themselves a rule, which custom had made law, making the ill report of the overseer of one mill imperative cause of rejection by all the mills in the place—for which ill report no reason is asked of the overseer and it stands by itself unexplained, final and imperative.

The issue of this case proves the existence of a rule and combination among the Lowell corporations that prevent any person employed by a corporation from obtaining work upon any other corporation, if, *in the opinion of the overseer* of the corporation where the person has formerly worked, he or she is not a suitable person to be employed. And it is of no consequence what induces that opinion—bad temper, immoral conduct, or nothing, on the part of the girl, or private pique, the gratification of an envious favorite, revenge for disappointed lechery, or any other cause, no matter how trivial or how wicked, on the part of the overseer—it may and does result in hunting and driving a girl out of the city if the overseer chooses to exercise his power over her destiny and her reputation.

Now we defy the most vehement ranters against southern slavery to produce a section of the "black code" of any state, which makes more of a slave to the southern plantation driver the female negro who has a master and an owner to protect her, than, under the rule above established by the mill owners of Lowell, and as 'privileged communications' *made supreme over the common law of the State* are the thousands of unprotected white females or Lowell slaves to the overseers of a dozen or two of cotton mills, who hold not only the bread but the characters of these girls in the palms of their hands, and can do with them as any passion may dictate or any caprice suggest, with perfect impunity of the law, and safety from all consequences to themselves.

When chartered and specially protected monopolies obtain such power and exercise such outrageous tyranny over the *women* of the United States, making their laws of *custom* and '*privilege*' paramount to the common law of the land, placing thousands of virtuous and noble females under worse than Turkish subjection to the male tyrants of the cotton mills, whose associated millions pension United States Senators and buy up legislators 'like cattle in the market,' it is indeed, high time for the *men* of the United States, if any there are left this side of the Rio Grande, to seriously inquire whither these things are tending, and whether there is no remedy for such a slavish condition of *American white women?*"

A Caution to Panic Makers.

A correspondent of the Columbian Register, (New Haven) tells a capital story of the manner in which a whig manufacturer met with retributive justice, who has been crying "ruin," and threatening to discharge his workmen since the passage of the new tariff. We commend it to the especial attention of panic manufacturers in this vicinity.

A certain whig manufacturer, in a flourishing town in this county, who attends more to political matters than to his business, so far forgot himself in his political zeal, as to tell his workmen that the new tariff had ruined him, and that he should soon be obliged to discharge them! They were surprised, as he had been reputed a money-maker—and some of them went immediately into an examination of the new tariff bill, to discover its horrors; but lo and behold, it was found that instead of operating against him, it was more in his favor than the present law! and they at once concluded that his "ruin" was owing to some other cause, and that they had better secure what he owed them.—A day or two after, the panic maker found out his mistake, when a constable notified him that he "had a strong *attachment* for him," that must be satisfied.—Here was a real panic, and no mistake! he raved and stormed—protested his ability to pay a hundred times the amount—would discharge every one of them, &c. But the officer was inexorable, and secured the debt.—It soon leaked out that he had been attached—and for the next twenty-four hours there was a great pulling at the panic-maker's door-bell, by bank agents, and mysterious-looking men with ivory-headed canes. But it was finally ascertained that he was solvent, and that he had brought all this trouble and expense upon himself by not telling the truth, and to get up a panic. At all events, he succeeded so well that he doesn't want another immediately. His factory is now in full operation—and he has'nt been heard to say a word about "ruin," for some days. MORAL—"Its a bad bird that fouls its own nest."

WORMEY.

☞ A fellow named Kelly, in Baltimore, about 15 years of age, and a girl of about the same age got into a quarrel in the street when the girl received a kick that caused her death in a few moments.

☞ Yellow fever at New Orleans is said to be about over.

☞ Mr Birney declines being the abolition candidate for the Presidency on account of ill health.

☞ We understand that HON. LEWIS CASS is engaged to lecture before the Lowell Institute, sometime in the Month of November.

Irony well directed.

A clever exposure of the restrictive principle is contained in the following, which is extracted from a recent French work called Les Sophismes Economiques:

Petitions of the Tallow and Wax Chandlers, the Manufacturers of Lamps, Chandeliers, Reflectors, Snuffers, Extinguishers, of the dealers in Tallow, Oil, Rosin, Spirits, and generally in all articles used for illuminating.

To the members of the chamber of Deputies:

Gentlemen:—You are following a good course.—You reject abstract theories, *you are little interested in abundance or cheapness. Your cares are chiefly engrossed in the condition of the producer!* You wish to guarantee him from foreign competition. In short, you wish *the national market* to be supplied by *national* labor. We are about to offer you an admirable opportunity of your what shall we say? theory? no; nothing is more deceitful than theory. Your doctrines? Your system? Your principles? But you dislike doctrines, you have a horror of systems, and as to principles, you declare that there are none in social economy—we will therefore say your practice, your practice without theory and without principle. We are suffering from this intolerable competition of a foreign rival, who is placed as it seems to us, in a condition so infinitely superior to us for the production of light, that he *inundates our national market* at a marvellously reduced price; for as soon as he shows himself, our sole ceases, all consumers apply to him, and a branch of French industry, of which the ramifications are innumerable, is immediately thrown into a state of complete stagnation. This rival, who is no other than the Sun, wages such furious warfare against us that we suspect he is incited by perfidious Albion (good diplomacy as times go,) inasmuch as he shows towards that haughty island a consideration which he withholds from us.

We pray that you be pleased to make a law ordering that all windows, skylights, inside and outside shutters, curtains, fan-lights, bulls eyes, carriage blinds in short, that all openings, holes chinks and crevices, should be closed, by which the light of the sun can penetrate into houses, to the injury of the flourishing trades with which we have endowed our country, which cannot now, without ingratitude, abandon us to so unequal a contest. Be pleased, gentlemen, not to mistake our demand for satire, and at least not refuse it without listening to the arguments which we bring forward to support it. In the first place, if you shut out as much as possible all access to natural light, what French industry exists which will not in some measure be encouraged? If more tallow is consumed, more oxen and sheep must be raised, and in consequence, more meadow will be cultivated, there will be more meat, more wool, more hides, and above all, more manure, which is the foundation of all agricultural riches. If more oil is consumed, the culture of the poppy, the olive, and rapeseed will be extended. The rich and exhausting plants will profit by the fertility which the rising of cattle will have communicated to the soil.

Our *lands* will be covered with resinous trees, innumerable swarms of bees will gather from our mountains the perfumed treasures which now exhale, without utility, like the flowers from which they emanate. There is not a branch of agriculture which will not be greatly extended. The same result will follow to our navigation; thousands of vessels will be engaged in the whale fishing, and in a short time, we shall have a marine capable of upholding the honor of France, and of satisfying the patriotic susceptibility of the undersigned petitioners, candle makers, &c. And further, in articles of Parisian manufacture, consider how many gilt, bronze and glass chandeliers, lamps, lustres and candelabras, must burn in the spacious ware houses, which will take the place of our present shops. There will be no one, from the poor collector of turpentine on the summit of his mountain, to the unfortunate miner at the bottom of his coal-pit, whose wages will not be increased, and whose condition will not be improved.—Consider the matter, gentleman, and you must be convinced that there will not be a Frenchman from the most opulent slave-holder of Anzin to the most humble match-seller in the kingdom, whose condition will not be ameliorated through the success of our petition.

Dr. Dods's Lectures.

It will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column of our paper, that this distinguished lecturer on Mesmerism, Galvanism, Magnetism and Electricity, will be in Lowell to lecture on next Monday evening, Sept. 28th, at 8 o'clock, in MECHANICS' HALL, and will lecture during the week. He intends to bring forward the *philosophy* of *Mesmerism* in all its parts, and to exhibit, each evening, some of its most interesting and startling experiments. He will also perform some wonderful experiments in *Galvanism, Mesmerism* and *Electricity*, for which purpose he has all the necessary apparatus.

Dr. Dods has had great experience in lecturing, and has entertained audiences of more than 2000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel and Tremont Temple, in Boston, for many nights in succession upon these interesting sciences, so that the excitement was never greater. Last spring he lectured several weeks in N. York city to thronged audiences of delighted spectators, and there is but little doubt that he will create a general interest in Lowell upon these sciences. We append the following notice of Dr Dods from a N. Y. paper:

MESMERISM. Mr Dods has delivered two lectures on the philosophy of mesmerism, to the citizens of New York, accompanied with some of the finest experiments ever witnessed, upon Mr Turbox, the interesting and prepossessing Boston clairvoyant. Dr Dods also performed some very striking experiments in galvanism and mineral magnetism, on Saturday evening.

He took hold of the philosophy of clairvoyance, made it perfectly comprehensible, and showed by an experiment upon a gentleman from the audience, that light could be communicated to the brain, independent of the external eye.

Dr Dods seems thoroughly to understand his business. He is a scholar, has the reputation of talent, is an original thinker, and a bold, independent, and eloquent speaker. He is a gentleman of prepossessing manners, and reasons with a force and clearness which appears irresistible. He commences a regular course of lectures on this (Tuesday) evening, March 3d, at Clinton Hall, at 7 o'clock, and lectures every night during the week, except Friday night. See his singular advertisement in another column. Those who wish to be both instructed and amused, have now a fair opportunity.

ABOLITION SYMPATHIES. Just before election, the abolition sympathies of some whig papers become wonderfully increased. The Atlas publishes with applause the doings of a temperance convention of citizens of color in New Jersey, after doing all in its power to deprive colored citizens in Boston of their *equal* rights in the public schools.

The Journal publishes the pointed remarks of another whig paper on the advertisement of the sale of a *free* colored man for his jail fees in Washington city, but does not ask why it is that when the "true Liberty party" [the whig party] had a majority in both Houses of Congress, no one of them even made a motion for the repeal of these infamous laws.—*Emancipator.*

TROUBLE IN THE MILLS. Most of the girls in two rooms in the mills of the Nashua corporation turned out on Tuesday night at lighting up time, and refused to work by candle light. The agents and overseers refused to let them out of the yard, and they had to stay till bell-time.

The men employed in the new machine shop also refused to work evenings. They took out Monday evening in procession with a band of music. We learn that it is not required of them to work evenings hereafter, the men having consented to a reduction of ten per cent. in the wages. Nashua Gaz.

RAPE. A Mr Noyes has been arrested on a charge of rape upon a young married woman—both parties of this city.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je9dm

---

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old Indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which affected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. ja1t

---

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panaceas, Expectorants, and Specifices of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding no new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle devolved from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of few years' standing. A. Williams, Esq, Attorney at Law, 53 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cozens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, palm of unreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

CARLTON & Co., S. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3a&p1w

---

MESMERISM.

DR. DODS respectfully announces to the citizens of Lowell that he will deliver a course of *Five Lectures* on the Philosophy of Mesmerism with some of the most interesting experiments ever witnessed upon the celebrated clairvoyant, Mr Buckmar, who is one of the best subjects in the United States—and will also perform some very wonderful experiments in mineral Magnetism, Galvanism, and Electricity, such as shall be interesting and instructive to his audiences. For the above performance he has a splendid apurains.

The course will commence on Monday evening Sept 28th at 8 o'clock, in the *MECHANICS HALL*, and continue every evening duringthe week Thursday evening excepted. Whether the Lectures and Experiments will be worthy of citizens attention and patronage is submitted to their judgment. Admission to each lecture only 12½ cents.

P. S. Diseases will be examined and prescribed for by the clairvoyant Buckmar at Dr. Dods private room in Jacob Rohins' building, occupied by Mr Littlefield, No 28 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Charge, one dollar, medicine extra. Sep262t

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Hindrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co.'s Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent

to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. 4m

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.

Methuen Sept. 26 1846. 3t

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,

sept26, 23 Central street.

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the third Meeting of the creditors of Benjamin Day, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Nathan Brooks Esq., a Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on Saturday the 31st day of October next at 2 o'clock, P. M. Per order of

NATHAN BROOKS Esq.,

Master in Chancery.

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee, Sept 19. n3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stable keeper, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chamberlain, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in said for said county, on Central street is said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fifth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chamberlain may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 23. 1846. 3t

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

INform the public that they have taken Store No. 29, Central St., (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17a3w

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

---

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Old Chemist, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my23a1y6m*

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.



A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stoes and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quissing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Guld Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Guld Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gailt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Rings and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Rings all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Balls; common do; Bug Clasps, Steel end Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gailt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordions; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104½) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*



TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS !! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subjee has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

LOST !—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18a1f

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are added a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz:

The Primary Schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar Schools will be examined as follows, viz:

No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and No 8, (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, A. M.; No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on FRIDAY, the 25th inst.

No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Morse's,) at 9 o'clock; and No 1 (Mr Balch's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 26th inst.

The High School will be examined on MONDAY the 28th inst.,—The Male Department at half past 10 o'clock, and the Female Department at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary,

of the School Committee of Lowell.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National Spelling Book; to read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography.

Lowell, Sep. 15, 1846. 3tc

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one *dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

To go up to the City.

With despatch,



The superior fast sailing packet Schr. EDWARD, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

To go up to the City without Lightering,

In a few Days,



The fast sailing A 1 coppered packet Ship JUDAH TOURO, *Nickerson*, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will sail as above.—For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 2 Commercial Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co. 25 said wharf. Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Simpson, Agents at Mobile,

---

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,

JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

n3w* JONATHAN RICE.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&plymar5

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y*

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

---

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,

JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11a1f

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hunsoo. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 Beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE;

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Store is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14.3m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. jc4a3m

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will be. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are desirous to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest cash—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. jc30tf

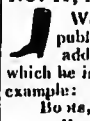
REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also; contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst.; a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,

Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug18a&r1f

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at No. 30, Central St.

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20a1f

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Sheriff's Sale.

Middlesex, ss., Sept 16, 1846.

Taken on execution and will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth day of September instant, at two of the clock in the afternoon, at the Auction Room of E. B. Patch, Commercial square, in Lowell in said county,

21 new Cooking Stoves, different sizes, Adams & Littlefield's pattern, with some other small articles of personal property. J. BANCROFT, D. Sheriff.

On SATURDAY next, Sept. 26, at 9 o'clock, A. M., the furniture of a family leaving the city, together with a lot of new furniture, consisting of Sofas, Tables Chairs, Beds and Bedding, Looking-glasses, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stoves, &c.

At 12 o'clock—Several Horses and Carriages, and one good Cow. Particulars hereafter.

N. B.—The balance of the Dracutt lots, being about twenty in number, will be sold this week as per bills.

Wood.

On MONDAY, Sept. 28th, at 3 o'clock P. M., from 100 to 200 cords of spruce and chestnut spile logs, in lots surveyed and ticketed, and most of them suitable for fence posts. The above are lying upon the Jackson lot, opposite Nashua Railroad, just above the Jail.

Cottage House on Pine street.

On Friday, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street, with 3725 feet of land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Land at Auction.

On Thursday next Oct 1 at 2 o'clock on the premises, 6 Lots of Land situated on Forest Street, nearly opposite the Howard House on Middlesex street, containing in all 17000 square feet.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

An adjourned Sale in consequence of the Rain

One-half of double house and Land, on Lawrence street, the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hall. I shall sell the above on Saturday next at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, without reserve;—The house has eight well finished rooms, conveniently arranged with good yard room and a first rate well of water.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same, containing about 4000 square feet, with a small Barn upon the same (which can be easily converted into a cottage,) and a goodly number of choice Fruit Trees. This lot will be sold seperately or with the house, as may be preferred. The situation is pleasant, and the location is such as to command a ready rent. *Terms*—one fourth cash and the balance in three useual instalments and interest annually. The Deed a warranty.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses ie excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Marble Chimney Pieces.

On Saturday next Sept 26th at 10 o'clock 4 Elegant Italina Marble Chimney Pieces, Elegant form and finish may be seen at office before the Sale.

At 10½ O'clock.

The Stock and Tools of a House Painter closing business, consisting of Paint mill Oil cans, Brushes, Paints Oil, Varnish, Spirits, Glass Buckets, &c. &c.

At 11 O'clock.

Horses, Carriages, Harnesses, &c.

Stock of Cloth and Clothing (by catalogue)

On WEDNESDAY next Sept. 30th at 10 and 2 o'clock the entire stock of a dealer (unfortunate in business) consisting of Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, Green, and Mix'd Broad Cloths: Black; Blue, Mix'd and Fancy Striped Cassimeres and Satinetts, Doeskins, Fine Codingtons for Sacks, Super Satins and other Vestings; heavy Coatings, Tweeds, Ready made garments &c,

ALSO—a quantity of Finishing Goods such as Shirts Drawers, Bosoms, Collars, Gloves, Italian Cravats, Pocket Hdk'fs, Suspenders, &c.

(Sale positive to close concern,)

Catalogues will be ready on Tuesday, and Dealers are invited to examine.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M, on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth; inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstalling its original vigor. A perfect cure

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based an incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every indigement, a discrimination between him and the host af quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and annoaning advertisements, sauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs so —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false exptions pay."

Dr Puters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and untety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before inflicted a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with —

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is annecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who new infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "Feench Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjun22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Kase, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to procure it at once to your medicine! I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VANMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vanmeter; his statement is strictly true,

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are fictitious and counterfeit, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Wm E. Kidder, 20 Court st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may18m] dec16

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals.—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character. They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood's" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The price of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making it very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, three periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1&6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,
CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT,

is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, *esq.*,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yeors, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good Instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every Instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
ebme17 T. GILBART & CO., Boston.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. What will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the rigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and, mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family* medicine, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the subscriber, will meet with prompt attention. [illegible] Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 aly&pntly

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of those articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. ap2&eow6m

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have eradicated frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

[illegible] Water, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Merton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincot, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in fully acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Columbia, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and distressing circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 aBm

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

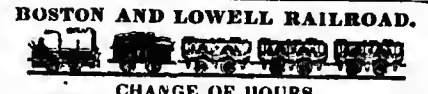
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stage stand; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P.M

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

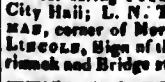
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&tf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. S

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 115.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 12, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Peach's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jen1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central Street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be retained after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street,

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. jo6tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE,
T. P. & L. N. GOODHUE,

KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Worsted, Damasks, Table Cloths, Hair Cloth, Rocco Dimities, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.

Feather Beds made to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Bolsters Pillows, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. ifmare19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. TINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. np12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21tf1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 1y

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MARRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American & S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845, jaa1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and on excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly5 mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a large assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the seventh bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, 79 WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Ptyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for the or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impoverished state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&ptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 6, 1845. aug6

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

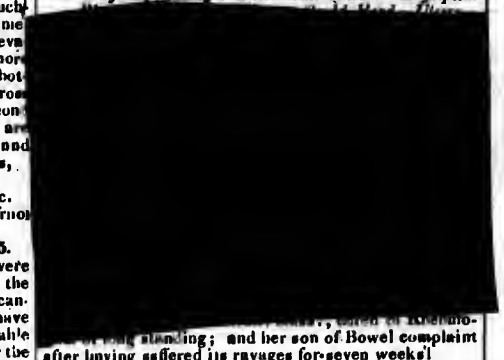
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

DR. PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas



[illegible] standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elonic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

Medicine may be had also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premium paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other convenience or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Unpaid Amount may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	848 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	37 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 50	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sprewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please.
W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

Pigeons! Pigeons!!

THE experiment of attracting Pigeons by the scent of "Fletcher's Pigeon Oil" has been frequently tried, and large quantities taken, while none could be taken at any other stand in the neighborhood. The increased sale for the last year or two, without any effort to make it known, is sufficient evidence of its effect without any other testimony. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by SAMUEL KIDDER, jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts., Lowell, Mass. patmay18

POETRY.

From the Chronotype.

Hymn to Plutus.

RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO JOHN M. PEARSONS, Esq.

All-powerful wealth, before thy shrine
Humble and low, I bow;
Peace, virtue, conscience, I resign,
Oh listen to my vow.

No deed so foul, no act so mean,
That I will stop, or shrink:
Wherever Riches can be seen,
I'll follow to the brink.

And though the precipice look down
An hundred thousand feet,
And Hell with all its terrers frown,
And round the bottom, beat.

Though signs from Heaven bid me beware,
And earth cry out—for shame!
I'll neither dread the lightning's glare
Nor fear my fellow's blame.

But clutch the treasure to my heart,
The dearer for its cost,
And we will never, never part,
'Till life itself be lost.

Friendship and love may both combine,
Honor and Justice join,
But for them all I'll not resign
One single copper coin.

I'll laugh at laws, all ties I'll break,
Mercy I will not know,
My heart shall never idly ache
With pangs for other's woe.

All powerful wealth, before thy shrine
Humble and low I bow,
Peace, virtue, conscience, I resign;
Oh listen to my vow!

WELL-A-DAY.

Love comes and goes
Like a spell!
How, no one knows,
Nor can tell!
Now here, now there,
Then away!
None dreameth where:
Well-a-day!

Love should be true
As the star,
Seen in the blue
Sky afar!
Now here, now there,
Like the ivy
Or herbs in th' air!
Well-a-day!

Should love depart,
Not a tie
Binds up the heart
'Till we die!
Now here, now there,
Sad we stray!
Life is all care!'
Well-a-day!

Middlesex Cattle Show, Exhibition of Manufactures, and Ploughing Match, Concord, October 7, 1846.

The Committee of Arrangements for the approaching Cattle Show, give notice:

That all entries of animals from the pens, are to be made with Mr Phineas How, by 9 o'clock, A. M., on the day of the exhibition.

Such manufactures and fabrics, improvements in machinery and implements of husbandry as are offered for premium, must be entered at the Court House, by 10 o'clock, A. M., on the day of exhibition, where direction and aid will be given. Persons in the immediate vicinity are requested to forward their articles for exhibition at the Court House, at as early an hour in the morning as possible, and if convenient, the day before.

The trustees have appointed a committee to award premiums on the best specimens of apples pears, peaches, plums and grapes; it being understood that such as are offered will be used at the dinner of the society. All fruit to be labelled with the owner's name, and name of the fruit. No person to have but one entry for the same kind of fruit.

The Ploughing Match will take place at 6 o'clock, A. M., precisely, and those who wish to contend for the prizes must leave their names with Moses Prichard, Secretary of the Society, ten days previous to the day of exhibition.

The double and single teams will be entirely independent of each other; a person having taken the first premium with one, can be competitor for the other, until he has taken the first of each.

A procession of officers and members of the society will be formed at 10 1-2 o'clock, at Holbrook's Coffee House, and proceed to the Meeting-house, where an address will be delivered by Hon. J. G. Palfrey.

After the ceremonies at the Meeting-house, the several committees will immediately proceed to the discharge of their duties.

The trial of strength and discipline of working oxen will take place immediately after the services in the Meeting-house. Entries of the same to be made with the Secretary by 9 o'clock.

A dinner will be in readiness at Holbrook's Coffee House.

At 4 o'clock, P. M., premiums will be publicly declared at the Court House; after which the choice of officers will take place.

Committee of Arrangements.
ABIEL MOOR,
MOSES PRICHARD,
CYRUS WARREN,
PHINEAS HOW,
NAHUM HARDY,
CYRUS HUBBARD,
NATHAN BARRETT,
ELIJAH WOOD,
MOSES WHITNEY,
JNHN S. KEYS,
ABIEL HEYWOOD,

AWARDING COMMITTEES APPOINTED BY TRUSTEES.

On Farms. Joseph T. Buckingham, Cambridge; Benjamin Wheeler, Framingham; Oliver C. Rodgers, Woburn.

On Bulls and Bull Calves, Moses Whitney, Stow; Thomas S. Tuttle, Littleton; Aaron Hunt, Sudbury; Edwin Upton, Reading; Daniel Giles, Lincoln.

On Steers. Eli Rice, Marlboro'; Cyrus Stow, Concord; Calvin Rodgers, Billerica; Eldridge Merriam, Bedford; Thomas I. Damon, Wayland.

On Heifers. Samuel Haywood, Boxboro'; James Brown, Framingham; Horace Heard, Wayland; Calvin Heard, Carlisle; Sherman Barrett, Concord.

On Working Oxen. Daniel Clark, Concord; Asa G. Sheldon, Wilmington; Ebenezer Richardson, Pepperell; William Warren, Lincoln; Jabez Gowing, Concord.

On Fatted Cattle. Lorkin P. Page, Bedford; Charles Wilder, Lowell; Henry Sheldon, Wilmington; Francis Richardson, Billerica; Leonard Hoar, Lincoln.

On Milch Cows. Josiah B. French, Lowell; Joel Hayward, Ashby; Benjamin Wellington, Waltham; Zebulon Blodget, Dunstable James Kimball, Littleton.

On Swine. Lilley Eaton, South Reading; William Ruckwood, Holliston; Samuel Hunt, Lowell; James Russell, West Cambridge; Gardner Wheeler, Concord.

On Butter. Levi Parker, Cambridge; Joshua Bennett, Billerica; Amos Carlton, Chelmsford; S. A. Coburn, Lowell; Alfred Allen, Somerville.

On Apples and Pears. Nathan Barrett, Concord; James Eustis, South Reading; Oliver C. Rogers, Woburn; John B. Moore, Concord; Charles L. Tarbell, Lincoln.

On Fruit except Apples and Pears. Zacheus Reed, jr. Westford; Simon Tuttle, Acton; Aaron Foster, South Reading; John I. Marshall, Framingham; James S. Draper, Wayland.

On Vegetables. Elijah Hale, Stow; Jabez Wetherbee, Marlboro'; Timothy Page, Bedford; David Heard, Wayland; Jonas Viles, Waltham.

On Cotton, Woollen and Linen Manufactures.—Eliphalet Wheeler, Framingham; Henry L. Shattuck, Concord; Samuel B. Simonds, Lowell; James P. Whitney, Shirley; Abiel Heywood, Concord.

On Household Manufactures. Increase S. Wheeler, Framingham; William Whiting, Concord; Steven Hayward, Acton; Otis Allen, Lowell; John S. Keyes, Concord.

On Inventions. William Buckminster, Framingham; Joshua Swan, Lowell; Enoch Kidder, Sudbury; Nath'l J. Wyeth, Cambridge; Elijah Whiton, Groton.

On Ploughing with Double Teams. Nahum Hardy, Waltham; Richard Barrett, Concord; N. S. Bennett, Framingham; Benja. Webber, Bedford; Daniel Shattuck, Groton.

On Ploughing with Single Teams. Daniel Carter, Lowell; Ephraim A. Lawrence, Pepperell; Stephen Wyman, Ashby; Albert Hayes, Lincoln; Ephraim P. Spaulding, Chelmsford.

N. B. All persons having business with the Secretary of the Society, will find him at the Court House, from 7 1-2 to 9 o'clock, on the morning of the exhibition.

☞ The exhibition at the Cattle Show this year in this town, on Wednesday Oct. 7th, promises to be one of unusual interest. In addition to the profuse display of fruit, vegetables, &c., which a bounteous harvest is fast preparing for the tables, the address by that able and learned writer, Hon. J. G. PALFREY, must, from his previous reputation, be worth hearing. We learn too, from the Committee of Arrangements, that the splendid specimens of blood stock imported by the State Agricultural Society, and kept on the farm of E. Phinney, Esq., of Lexington, are to be present for exhibition. They consist of an Ayrshire Bull raised by the Duke of Argyle; four Ayrshire cows and calves; a North Down bull and four cows and calves; all full blooded and selected with great care and expense, and are said by all who have seen them to be worth the journey just to look at. It will be a grand opportunity for the farmers of Middlesex to examine and compare for themselves some of the finest animals of old England with their own native breeds.

Concord Freeman.

From Mexico—movements of Gen. Taylor.

The Southern mail brings news from N. O. to 19 Sept. The Picayune states that the steamer Telegraph brought from the Brazos, 356 sick and discharged soldiers.

By this arrival we have news from Camargo to the 7th inst. Gen Taylor had crossed the San Juan the day before, and had taken up his line of march for Soralve, on the morning of the 7th. The commands of Gen. Worth and Col. P. F. Smith, were stationed at the latter place, awaiting the arrival of Gen. Taylor. The whole force on the march to Montery, is estimated at about 12,000 men.

An express was received at Camargo on the 5th inst. from Gen. Worth, stating that he had obtained information that Gen. Ampudia had arrived at Montery with about 3,000, troops which would increase the force at that place to upwards of 4,000 men. Some doubts of the authority of this news was expressed at Matamoras, as we learn by letters received thence, but we see no reason to doubt it.

The Mexican papers announce that Ampudia had been appointed to the command of the army of the north, and unifurmly mentioned Montery as the point at which these troops were to be concentrated. One letter which we have seen sets down the force with which Ampudia entered Montery at from 5 to 10,000. It adds that he had issued a proclamation prohibiting all intercourse between the Mexican and American armies under pain of death.

Generals Butler and Quintam were to accompany Gen. Taylor, who has prohibited any strangers from coming up the river. It was reported that Gen. Taylor would not proceed further than Seralvo, until he received farther orders from the government.

☞ A pensacola letter says that a flag of truce was sent down to Commodore Conner, offering to exchange Cummander Carpenter, his officers and men, for Gen. Vege, and the three officers taken with him. The proposition was refused.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

"We understand (says the Union) that the proposition was *not* refused by Commodore Conner, but was properly submitted to his own government for its decision. We understand, too, that our government has not refused the proposition; but has sent on instructions which we trust will lead to the exchange of the officers of the Troxton."

☞ The whigs are a declining party. Messrs Poor and Wheatland, of Essex, have declined being candidates for the senate; so have Mr Thurston, of Worcester, and Mr Whitney, of Middlesex.—*Post.*

☞ We understand that the navy department has not yet received the official despatches from Commodore Sloat. They are not even officially apprised of Capt. Stockton's having taken the place of Commodore Sloat. It is now hoped that some means will be taken for the expediting despatches over land.—*Union.*

WARD ELECTIONS IN NEW YORK CITY.—This election came off yesterday,—resulting in a powerful vote in favor of delegates partial to Gov. Wright, &c. —*Brooklyn Daily Eagle.*

☞ According to the present appearances there will be more tons of shipping built in this place next season than has been built here in one year for a long time.—*Maine Enquirer Bath.*

☞ Our farmers are harvesting their potatoes in this vicinity, and the crop is said to be quite free from the rot—much better than it was last year.—*Danville Vt. Star.*

☞ Dr Stanton, formerly Assistant Clerk to Congress, committed suicide at Wheeling, Va.

☞ The Picayune publishes a rumor that Canales had been made prisoner by the Americans.

☞ Rev. John C. March, Pastor of the Bellville Church, Newburyport, died on Saturday afternoon.

☞ MUSTER at Groton next Thursday. The Companies of this city go over Wednesday afternoon.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 29, 846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser office, Tuesday evening, Sept. 29th, at 8 o'clock, P. M. Per order,

A. W. FARR, Secretary.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

[redacted]

The dastardly manner in which [redacted] have repealed the retrenchment act of 1843.

In 1843, Marcus Morton was governor of this commonwealth, and the legislature about equally divided between the democratic and whig parties. So nearly was the House of Representatives then balanced, that many democratic reforms were carried and many lost, by almost a single vote.

Among the democratic reforms passed was that for effecting a retrenchment of the expenditures of the State, which saved the people *thirty thousand dollars* a year, by reducing officials salaries. At the passage of the act, by which was saved this very handsome sum that was given [illegible] upon government favorites, the whigs did everything in their power to defeat it, as a whole, and in detail. But finding the democratic party strong enough to carry it through against all opposition, many of the country members of the whig party, finally came in and supported the bill. And so popular did they all find it, on returning home among their constituents, that they were obliged to excuse themselves for going against the bill, by having conscientious scruples in regard to reducing the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court. There was scarce a whig representetive in the state, out of the cities, who did not take refuge against the people's censore of his act in voting against retrenchment, by saying he was in favor of retrenchment, and would have gone for it, had it not been for his conscientious scruples as to the constitutionality of reducing the salaries of the justices of the Supreme Court, which the locofocoes would not disconnect from the rest of the bill. Nor did the whig party at the next election, in '44, dare meet the retrenchment issue. They got up the Bell Plot, and the humbug about the sacrifice in the sale of the State arms and the Lady Johnson powder, and by avoiding the true issues that were presented in the legislature of the previous year, and crying locofoco waste, corruption and bribery carried the election.

But after getting the State, and finding themselves in a great majority in both branches of the legislature, and with a governor ready to do their bidding, even then they dared make no general attack upon the retrenchment act. They assailed that part of it only that reduced the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court, and that they did, as they said, solely because the reduction was unconstitutional. No man among them all, as we remember, made any other objection. There was no pretence that the salaries were not ample, but they must do a conscientious duty.

But notwithstanding their pretended friendship for retrenchment, during the two last years, the people having become less watchful, they have, one after another, raised almost every salary that the democrats reduced. And if there is a single one left untouched, there will not be after one more year of whig rule, should the people see fit to again trust them. Thus in four years will the whole retrenchment act be repealed by a party who has never dared openly oppose but one single item in the bill—that of reducing the salaries of the Supreme Judges.

This work of wiping out democratic reform, and fattening government officials upon the substance of the people, has been done, by resorting to every art that could be devised, that the attention of the people need not be drawn to it. Salaries have been raised by pretending to *establish* the salaries of certain offices, as if they were not then *established*, and all the *establishing* there was to do was simply to raise them to what they were before democratic reform reduced them. The duties of officers have been sometimes changed, and thus an excuse offered for increasing the salaries. The salaries of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas must be enlarged because those of the Supreme Court Judges had been. And by such underhand, cowardly, deceitful means, have the people, without knowing it, lost all the advantages that they would have received by the democratic retrenchment bill, to wit:—*thirty thousand dollars a year.*

MERRIMACK RIVER was never, within the memory of the "oldest inhabitant," so low as at present.—We understand that two salmon were caught at Pawtucket falls, Saturday, from among the crevices. The falls have been so bare that they could be crossed for a long time past without wetting the feet. About half way between Hunt's and Pawtucket falls the river can be crossed, being entirely dry, except a narrow place in the channel, where the water is about a foot deep. The great lakes at the head of the river have been tapped, and we have heard no complaint but that the mills have received a full supply of water. Since the lakes were tapped, the whole water of the Merrimack has been turned green.

STILL RECLINED. The Courier yet declines discussing State politics with us, though we met its excuse of being unfair in discussion, by offering to publish the Courier's articles if it would ours; and thus give all the readers of both papers an opportunity to judge of our unfairness, and at the same time, give that paper the advantage of exposing our unfairness as well as to lay the merits of whiggery before a large number of democrats who otherwise will probably never be reached by it. As the Courier gives for one excuse for declining, the fact that the present editor will not control its columns after the present week, we will say that our proposition may be considered as a standing one by whomever controls its columns hereafter.

CALIFORNIA. The N. Y. Sun says, much of the the opposition to California arises from the apprehension that it may be converted into Slave States. The same law for erecting Oregon into a territory, will be adopted for California, and they both will come into the Union as free States. It is a mistake to suppose that the South, though defending the institution, desire to see slavery extended to new States. Virginia shortly will become a free State, and several States where agriculture can be carried on by whites, will gradually get rid of their slaves.

TRUTH IS STRANGER THAN FICTION. The Post condensing an anecdote published in the Daily Standard a Democratic paper, published in Richmond Va., relates that an old gentleman living at Orange Court House, employed Daniel Webster in a suit in the supreme court, and gave him a retaining fee of $100; but before the trial the party sued, merchants of Baltimore, failed totally, and the case was dismissed. The old gentleman, himself in decayed circumstances, wrote afterwards to Mr Webster, who refunded the $100, although he said he had no knowledge of the transaction. Very few lawyers would do that"

MEXICO. The New Orleans Courier has some noticeable rumors from Mexico: 1. Santa Anna has rejected the peace offering, but it would seem that he wishes the United States to keep their offer open until his Congress meets in December next. 2. He has ordered his troops at San Louis Potosi to remain there, and not to march against the Americans at Montery.

FRUIT AT THE WEST. "At the west," says the N. Y. Sun, "efforts are making to establish large fruit orchards on a scale which probably has never been equaled in any part of the world. One farm in Clavoland, Ohio, has 6,000 trees. They have 1300 apple, 600 quince, 600 or 800 cherry, 200 plum, and the rest peach. It is no uncommon affair to find farms in New Jersey with 5000 peach trees."

CONCERT HALL. This Hall has been fitted up for dancing parties, with suitable drawing and refreshment rooms. A course of Cotillon parties under the management of Mr H.S.Baffington, will commence on Friday evening next. Smith and Lovejoy's Cotillon Band will furnish the music.

NAUVOO. Fifty citizens are said to be trying to effect a peace between the Mormons and the Antis. The Mormons are charged with having laid trains of powder some of which have been discovered.

We are pleased to learn, as we do by later arrivals from the west, that a settlement has been effected.—The Mormons are to abandon the city, and the cause of so deplorable an effect will be extinct.

☞ The New York Sun is out against Silas Wright for governor, and in favor of Elijah F. Purdy, of N. Y. city. But it's no use, Silas is the man, and will be triumphantly elected against all opposition—whigs, neutrals, disaffected democrats and everything else.

☞ The "Liberty" party of Essex county have nominated for Senators, William Carey of Amesbury, Ebenezer Hunt of Danvers, Dan'l Weed of Ipswich, Daniel Perley of Lynn, and B. F. S. Griffin of West Newbury. So we learn by the Courier.

☞ The fatal disease to horses that has prevailed at Long Island has made its appearance in Connecticut.

☞ We are happy to acknowledge the receipt of the first number of a Campaign paper, called the New England Democrat, published in Boston.

☞ John Young, of Livingston county, has been nominated as the whig candidate for governor of New York, and Hamilton Fish, of New York city, for lieut. governor.

☞ An Irishman, in Syracuse, N. Y., while drunk, shot his wife and child. The life of the child is despaired of, and the wife is very dangerously hurt.

☞ Ralph I. Ingersoll of Connecticut, is making arrangements for his mission to St. Petersburg. He expects to leave the United States in the month of November.

☞ An editor in Indiana, whose paper is apparently almost at the last grasp, thus appeals to his subscribers: "*Help me, Cash-us, or I sink.*"

☞ The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and two of the Members of Congress, recently chosen at the late election in Illinois, are from New Hampshire.

☞ Will the present editor of the Courier inform his abolition friends and the public generally whether or not he would support a Slaveholder for President.

☞ The Post says, to pass toll gates in Kentucky free, put on a white cravat, and call yourself a minister of the gospel.

☞ Hon. Samuel Bigger, Ex-Governor of Indiana died at his residence in Fort Wayne on Wednesday, the 9th inst., after a very short illness.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

COPPER HARBOR, Sept. 8th.

Well, Friend H., here we are at last, safely moored in what is called Copper Harbor. We sail to-morrow morning for La Point. Jonah was in the whale's belly three days and three nights—we shall have been here just that time. It is *two* hundred miles from where I last wrote you, about half way through the lake. Not a cabin, hut, house or wigwam of any kind, or live thing, save now and then a gull, have we passed, since we left Whiskey Bay, where we put in the first day out, to get shelter from a storm on the lake. Here we found a single wigwam occupied by the family of Whiskeys, from which the bay takes its name. I went on shore and spent the evening with Mr Whiskey and family. His tent is the only one within thirty miles. It was a daughter of his that Mr Schoolcraft married. Compared to others it is rather a good looking intelligent family. There are four brothers and three sisters, all married, all have children, all livn in one circular tent about fourteen feet in diameter, covered with bark. They do not speak any language but Indian. The old man dead—the mother living but infirm—have no provision before hand—make none for the winter—live on fish mostly—hunt some—get their wood each day that they burn—work all done by the women—men lazy. As you mix with the Indians your sympathy and respect for them becomes less. The less civilized, the more filthy and nasty. Catlin's picture of the savages is all too highly colored—entirely so. Indeed, no writer gives you a correct account.

Well, here we are at Copper Harbor and Fort Wilkins. I hardly know how to tell you about this place and give you a correct idea of it. This is the central point of all the copper business. The harbor is a little inlet from the lake. A horse shoe laid upon the shore of the lake will give you an idea of the kind of harbors on this lake. You enter and turn in for a mile to the right round the point, parallel with the shore, and but few rods of land between the ship and the lake. The first object of attraction is Fort Wilkins, as it is called. It is not a fort at all, but simply as fine a little settlement as could be made in the forest, about twenty rods from the shore of the lake. It consists of little cottage houses set round an oblong square, and yarded in with a picket fence, made of posts set close together, about ten feet high, and called a stockade fence—accomodation for some three or four hundred men—high land all about. Put one *thousand* men in the enclosure—and arm them the best you can—*one hundred men outside* would be sure to kill them all, *unless they could get out of the fort* in some way In one word, the whole expenditure is a wanton waste—not even the apology of being needed to quiet the Indians, none ever coming within one hundred miles of the place for any purpose, not even in crossing the country. Copper is all the talk and all the object among persons we find here. When we came to anchor, some dozen boats put out and persons came on board acting in the capacity of agents of copper companies. About on the shore, are some eight or ten rudely constructed log houses, occupied by as many persons each. In most cases in mess, without families. Among them are very many highly intelligent men; and the gathering on board the boat on her arrival, numbered some sixty off shore. All were dressed for a forest life—beard all growing—red shirts out side for frocks—sailor strap and knife round the body—all seemed inclined to act and to *look grim*. There were gentlemen from all parts of the country—as far south as Virginia. Some fifteen stopped to dine on board, and I noticed they eat like as if a well cooked dinner tasted good. The whole scene about Copper Harbor looks forbidding. It is entirely unsettled—a thick forest, lining the shore, of large trees, all through the country, for two hundred miles. On the shore of the lake, the whole way, the land is poor. Fir, balsam, hemlock and tamarac compose the growth mostly. Minerals of different kinds abound here; of this there is not a shadow of doubt. But this is all the fact as yet developed. The Pittsburgh company has tolerable promise of a good return from what is called the Cliff mine. Their works at Copper Harbor are abandoned, and so are most of the mines in the vicinity. Henshaw's mine at Eagle river, is being worked with more vigor, and have more outlay than any other; most of the other companies are more explorations, in fact, but many of them are valuable. The whole thing is in a ruder state than one expects to find it, in its practical operation. On the other hand, there are many more highly intelligent persons engaged exploring than most persons would suppose. Lake Superior News is printed in the attick of a neat log house store. I saw one of the editors. He came from N. Y., and was a very highly intelligent man. I noticed he *was strictly a temperance man*, which is saying a great deal for this part of the country—for it's the only instance I have seen since I left Buffalo. A little way back from the shore of the lake, land and wood is good, much of it sugar maple. Nothing will settle the country but working the mines. Agriculture will follow mining. Eagle river is about twenty miles, and Eagle harbor twelve in same direction—Cliff mine about four from the mouth of the river, and Henshaw mine 1½. By the way, all waters are called lakes and rivers here—no brooks nor ponds. Eagle river is a brook three and five feet wide. Most of the harbors are inlets, and most of the lakes ponds.

For example, I will give you Lake Superior mine: a road is cut into the forest—a log store house and two or five log houses on the shore—pass up a good looking road one mile and a half, your attention is attracted by what sounds like stone cutting—you soon see some log houses—call on the men as you go by—find they have discovered the stone in a trench for some fifteen rods, and are blasting at different places along the trench—in most cases fine specimens of copper in the rock in its native state, pure copper. Indeed, most of the copper found here is pure copper, in the rock, just as you see it in the specimens shown you at the east—you next proceed on to the principal mine and find a few men at work, and a barrel tub going down a hole about one hundred and twenty feet—the whole aspect presented, just like the digging of a well—about ten feet over at the top and covered over all but about four feet, through which the tub comes up by a windlass drawn by a horse; when water comes up it's thrown off, and if stone it's thrown in the pile. This is called sinking a shaft; a vein is followed down, and then, as in this case, one is found running off at right angles and they dig off as far as it goes, or to find other veins under ground. This company has a crushing mill. The stones, about as big as a qt. measure, are put into an inclining trough, that lets it, under some timber sticks with iron on the end and sitting upright, and near the top three pins stand out, and a cylinder wheel turns and hits these pins, and lifts the post and lets it fall, and so on the whole length of the stick, until it turns and hits and bnists again. From under this it falls, crushed, into a vat where the water runs, and it is washed a number of times, and the copper separated and put up for sale. No other mine but this has so many buildings, and this one is not extravegont at all, but looks like experimenting aparatus rather than permanent works. The crushing mill is a pretty good building; all the rest are merely temporary leg huts.

In a few days, we shall be at La Point, at the upper end of the Lake, where there are some few thousand wild Indians from all over the Northwest part of the country. It would do any one's soul good to drop down on board our boat and witness the medley here. It's just different from anything else; I cant describe it because some of us are a little too drunk. It's just a kind of half-wild, half-crazy, half-civilized—strewed all about the boat, playing euchre, whist, brag, draughts, chess—talking Indian, French and English, and dress all sorts of ways—some Indians, doctors, lawyers, half-breeds, traders, historians, students, mineralogists, and the devil only knows what else,—altogether one of the queerest and liveliest scenes that can be witnessed.

A LOOKER ON.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Saturday, Sept. 26.

Kendrick against Lothrope. Action of Assumpsit. The defence set up was a receipt in full of all demands, purporting to be made the day prior to the writ, which the jury must have found a forgery before giving a verdict for plff. Verdict for plff. Hopkinson for plff. Hoar for deft.

Monday, Sept. 28.

Tibbetts against Kimball. Action of Assumpsit.—Verdict for plff. Butler for plff. Morse for deft.

Wilson against Haselton et. als. Action for debt.—Case opened to the jury, and plaintiff became nonsuit on the ruling of the court. Butler for plff. Abbott & Brown for deft.

Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Pinder against Short—Assumpsit—now on trial.—A. R. Brown for plff. Morse & Sweetser for deft.

Police Court.

Monday September 28, 1846.

Moses Noyes was arroined for trial, on complaint for committing a rape on the person of a Mrs Norton. The case as made out by the Government was substantially as follows: Noyes had for several years been intimate in the family of Mrs. Foster, the mother of Mrs. Norton, and had in former times been quite partial in his attentions to Mrs Norton before her marriage—which took place not many weeks since—and had called at her house the evening before the alledged offence for the ostensible purpose of buying a piece of land owned by the family in Tewksbury. He was invited to stop over night and complied. In the morning after breakfast, he went with Mrs. N. into her chamber to see her wedding dess—and here it was said he committed the offence. The evidence was not entirely satisfactory to every mind, as to the forcible port of the offence. Not concluded.

George Taylor and John Donnough, for stealing from Josiah Nichols four or five dollars in money—Taylor sent three mos. House Correction, and Donnough bound over to Court Common Pleas in the sum of $100.

Charles Dame, John Donnough and *Alpheus Doggett*, for stealing fifty dollars from the house of Mr. Atkinson—bound over in the sum of two hundred dollars each.

Patrick Mahon—for being common drunkard—two mos. House Correction.

Patrick Coffee, for grabbing some change—not a $5 bill as was reported to us on Saturday—from the old apple man—two mos. house correction.

Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Patrick Dascy, for being a disorderly person—fined one dollar and costs.

Andrew McEvoy—common drunkard—3 months House Correction.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

WONDERFUL EXPERIMENTS. Dr. Dods delivered his *first* lecture last evening at the Mechanics' Hall, and more than answered the expectations of his audience. His experiments were truly wonderful, not only in magnetism, galvanism and electricity, but also in mesmerism. By the downward passes, he repeatedly made a steel magnet, and by the upward passes he as often unmade it, showing an identity of substance and action with human magnetism, by mesmerising and unmesmerising an individual, by the downward and upward passes. By the mere touch of a wire he produced a magnetic power beyond the strength of two men. He suspended substances, produced motion, and also attraction and repulsion by electricity, and made one gentleman see light through his mouth.

This evening, he will, among other interesting experiments, produce perpetual motion by magnetism and galvanism in conjunction.

☞ The President has officially recognized Henry William Kuptnann as provincial consular agent of the Emperor of Austria for Charleston, S. C.

☞ The grand jury returned eighty bills to the court of common pleas now sitting in Salem, many of them for violations of the license law.

☞ Hon. George Wheatland, of Salem, declines being considered a candidate for re-nomination to the State Senate.

☞ SPENCER who was a fortnight being tried in Bergen N. J. for the murder of his wife has been found not guilty.

☞ The water in the Connecticut river is lower now than it has been for forty years.

☞ The converts to the church of Rome in England are on the increase.

☞ James Kelley, who killed Mary E. Earles, by a kick, has escaped.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr. D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreeable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid.

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panacees, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, addteg no new materials to the healteg heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agentt, a new principle devolved from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. As honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of teo years' standing A. Williams, Esq, Attorney at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cuzens, of Haddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds et others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, palm of unreal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

CARLTON & Co., E. KIDDER, Js., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. ap23&r1w

---

FEVER SORE.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Linament, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe to you all I have endured for the long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Linament. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a hideous sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Linament to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. D. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co., J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIRTLAND, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Sept. 26, 1846.

Sept. 20 Abel Brooks, 20 yrs, typhus fever; Lovina Jane Smith, 1, throat distemper; Sophia E. Dudley 10mos, dropsy of the brain; Susan E. Verrill, 28 yrs, typhus fever; 21st, Julia A Smiley, 1 y., cholera infantum; Arvilla E. Heath, 2, Bronchitis; Margaret Kelley 45, consumption; John Roach, 5 weeks, infantile; Timothy Reardon, 5 yrs, croup; 22d, Marilla Jane Hoyt, 2 yrs, cholera infantum; 23d, James Holmes, 65, dropsy; James Cushing, 46, spinal disease; John Wilson, 17, typhus fever; Mary Flynn, 50, typhus fever; Mary Driscoll, 3 mos,——; 24th, Hannah E. Plaisted, 8 mos, teething; 25th, Charles M. Bowley, 1 yr, marasmus; Mary Ann Elliott, 44 yrs, consumption; 26th, Mary Caudeld, 48 yrs, laug fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

MESMERISM.

DR. DODS respectfully announces to the citizens of Lowell that he will deliver a course of *Five Lectures* on the Philosophy of Mesmerism with some of the most interesting experiments ever witnessed upon the celebrated clairvoyant, Mr Buckmar, who is one of the best subjects in the United States—and will also perform some very wonderful experiments in mineral Magnetism, Galvanism, and Electricity, such as shall be interesting and instructive to his audiences. For the above performence he has a splendid apparaus.

The course will commence on Monday evening Sept 28th at 8 o'clock, in the *MECHANICS HALL*, and continue every evening during the week Thursday evening excepted. Whether the Lectures and Experiments will be worthy of citizens attention and patronage is submitted to their judgment. Admission to each lecture only 12½ cents.

P. S. Diseases will be examined and prescribed for by the clairvoyant Buckmar at Dr. Dods private room in Jacob Robins' building, occupied by Mr Littlefield, No 28 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Charge, one dollar, medicine extra. Sep26 2t

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building. The land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co.'s Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A3m

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.

Methuen Sept. 26 1846. A3t

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING !!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the third Meeting of the creditors of Benjamin Day, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor, will be holden at the office of Nathan Brooks Esq., a Master in Chancery, in Concord, in said County, on Saturday the 31st day of October next at 2 o'clock, P. M. Per order of

NATHAN BROOKS Esq., Master in Chancery.

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Assignee, Srpt 19. a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the Insolvent estate of CALVIN T. CHAMBERLAIN, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stable keeper, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chamberlain, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the fifth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chamberlain may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Assignee.

Lowell, Sept. 23, 1846. a3t

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store No. 29, Central St., *(formerly the Union Book Store,)* and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No. 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER. sep17a3w

---

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

---

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.



A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quissing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Caps, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Head Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Pen-Bells; common do; Bug Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gaih Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

nep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. s10

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 8t *(old No* 104½*) Merrimack st., directly opposite Ot s L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*



TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS !! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESHAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street, and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

srp22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened —and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

LOST !—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18atf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. nep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairie.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years! with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street.

sept26,

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only one dollar, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussion or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

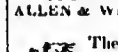
Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday



The superior fast sailing Schr. NANTICELLO, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF

In a few Days,



The fast sailing A 1 packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf, Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

---

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

s3w* JONATHAN RICE.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood;—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. e&p1ymar5

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple, Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&P1y*

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls—About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

A RARE CHANCE!

THE Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

---

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Srpt 12, 1846. a3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, Jeoo 01, 1846. je11atf

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Store of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Chubiron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept 4 3m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, to, gether with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

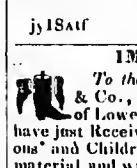
WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Store in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. We warrant every Store set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the best, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
No. 1 Commercial Square.

jy18atf

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

To those wishing to buy cheap.—A. BROWN & Co., would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and the public generally that they have just Received a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, made of the best material and warranted. Which they offer to the public at prices twenty per cent, cheaper than at any other Store in the city—having always on hand a good assortment they can suit every one who wishes any article in the Boot and Shoe line. Purchasers please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Just Received a large assortment of Mens' prime thick Boots which they are selling for $1,50 to 175.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" sep12

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of FOUR Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25A&r3ie

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, *MERRIMACK STREET, NO.* 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $2 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill,

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a3w*

FALL FASHION!



RENT & RUSH having received the FALL Fashion for HATS, will have them ready for Inspection on Saturday next, at No. 50, *Central St.*

Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH;

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Cottage House on Pine Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land; 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Cottage Houses on Pine street.

On Friday, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street, with 3725 feet of land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Land at Auction.

On Thursday next Oct 1 at 2 o'clock on the premises, 6 Lots of Land situated on Forest Street nearly opposite the Howard House on Middlesex street, containing in all 17000 square feet.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

An adjourned Sale in consequence of the Rain

One-half of double house and Land, on Lawrence street, the same formerly owned and occupied by P. F. Hall. I shall sell the above on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, without reserve.—The house has eight well finished rooms, conveniently arranged with good yard room and a first rate well of water.

Also a lot of Land adjoining the same, containing about 4000 square feet, with a small Barn upon the same (which can be easily converted into a cottage,) and a goodly number of choice Fruit Trees. This lot will be sold separately or with the house, as may be preferred. The situation is pleasant, and the location is such as to command a ready rent. *Terms*—one fourth cash and the balance in three annual instalments, and interest annually. The Deed e warranty.

Land at Auction.

On TUESDAY next Oct. 6 at 2 o'clock A. M. on the premises (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) Two lots of Land on Burns Street containing about 5000 Square feet each. Also one lot on Davis Street on the hill a little South of the South Grammar School house. Also several other lots in the vicinity.

The lots are pleasantly situated and are very desirable for building lots. Purchasers will do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

House and Barn

I shall sell on SATURDAY Oct. 3d, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a genteel Cottage House, with a Barn, on the southerly side of Oak Street, third house from High street. The house is well finished, with 11 rooms, and about 2400 feet of land.

House and Land.

On MONDAY, Oct. 5, at 2½ o'clock, on the premises, the Stone House on Chelmsford street, a few rods west of School st., with 5114 feet of land. The house has 10 well finished rooms, is in good repair and rents readily for $100

At 3½ P. M., same day, on the premises, a lot of land on the southerly side of Adams street, the first vacant lot from Lowell street, containing 2971 feet. The lot has 60 feet front, and is less than 60 feet deep; has a bank wall upon it, and is a very desirable lot to build upon. Sale positive in both cases.

Terms—One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, and interest annually. The title unquestionable For further particulars inquire of J. K. FELLOWS, or of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Aluma streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Stock of Cloth and Clothing (by catalogue)

On WEDNESDAY next Sept. 30th at 10 and 2 o'clock the entire stock of a dealer (unfortunate in business) consisting of Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, Green, and Mix'd Broad Cloths. Black, Blue, Mix'd and Fancy Striped Cassimeres and Satinetts, Doeskins, Fine Coatings for Sacks, Super Satins and other Vestings, heavy Coatings, Tweeds, Ready made garments &c,

ALSO—a quantity of Finishing Goods such as Shirts Drawers, Bosoms, Collars, Gloves, Italian Cravats, Pocket Hd'k'fs, Suspenders, &c.

(Sale positive to close concern,)

Catalogues will be ready on Tuesday, and Dealers are invited to examine.

At 10½ O'clock.

The Stock and Tools of a House Painter closing business, consisting of Paint mill Oil cans, Brushes, Paints Oil, Varnish, Spirits, Glass Barkits, &c. &c.

At 11 O'clock.

Horses, Carriages, Harnesses, &c.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—Thin aqueous, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need ap

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR. M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgment, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose fluid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr. Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, readering even life itself a burthen—the patient sees though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full Blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the case be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs: the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS ! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time, a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man: I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Barkley, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signatures of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. E. Bancroft, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. may 8; 3m

[illegible] Boston, and by regular [illegible] of the principal towns in [illegible]

dey16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, ME., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown:—Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, lose of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW

All orders for the above medicine to be addressed to the proprietar, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Holl, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better then when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing Idio restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1845. lyn&pdec16

DEAN & DINSMORE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.

may21 Insurances effected. 4&6ly

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in [illegible]

apr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States in which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11 6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times, and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan22

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles.* It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the greet express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sorah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, [illegible] Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Callum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, perfectly restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to rise from a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 235 Madison st., Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seimour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was onable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhea, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter what the result of inherent cause or cause, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and hesitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOOR,
Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaskie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—Sir: I write this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 12½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

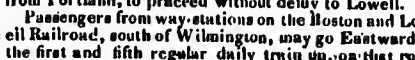
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua, at Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor, Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stenstead, Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Train now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7¾, 9½ and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

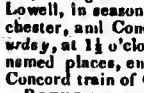
☞ Those trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent.
jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A. M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A. M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem, in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

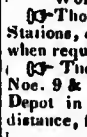
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for man or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14&6m

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TO

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 116.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

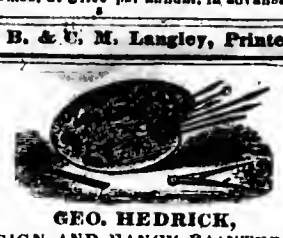
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready-made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Rnsers, Knives and Scissors ground and repnirsd. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on *Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.*
SAMUEL GOSS. js13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Cabura's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Cricketa, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, near *the City Hall*,
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 aly

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families; with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, GEO. H. CARLETON & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 18th, 1846. may19 Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz* :—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :
BENNINGTON, VT., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for two years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesan.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&Ptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracott to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rang8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN

CAT EXTIRMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the trading Dealers. onwo&ptlyfeb14

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*no Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the book sellers. onwo&ptlyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Years	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Borrowing the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	838 00	370 45	55 71	1780
30	$5000	$370 80	1840	681 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	535 56	247 50	37 51	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sprwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. nlyapr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind; to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

POETRY.

"I never will despair."

The proudest motto for the young—
Write in lines of gold,
And let it be engraven deep
On memory's living scroll—
Then in misfortune's gloomy hour,
When racked with torturing care,
'Twill have a soul-sustaining power—
"I never will despair."

The sailor on the stormy sea,
May sigh for distant land,
And free and fearless though he be,
Wish he were near the strand:
But when the storm is wild and loud,
Amid the lightning's glare,
He climbs the slippery mast, and sings
"I never will despair."

The weary student bending o'er
The treasures of the past,
And dwelling on the magic lore
Which genius had amassed.
Though ceaseless study blanch his cheek,
His strength and health impair,
Yet still his heart these words will speak,
"I never will despair."

The patriot statesman whose whole soul
Is in his country's cause,
Who labors to establish peace,
And to sustain the laws,
May find his enemies a host,
His friends but few and rare,
Yet true to his last breath, he says,
"I never will despair."

The soldier on the battle plain,
When thirsting to be free,
To throw aside a galling chain,
And strike for "Liberty!"
Though great the peril, will not shrink,
No sacrifice will spare;
But nerving his right arm, will any,
"I never will despair!"

The Christain, too, though oft beset
By foes without—within,
This motto should not once forget
Amid the world's loud din;
But when he lifts the eye of faith,
And bends the knee in prayer,
Bo this the language of his heart,
"I never will despair."

From Dr. Tabor's Northampton Democrat.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.

This disease supervenes under two different sets of circumstances; in the one case it comes on during a protracted debauch, or during the daily and continual use of excessive quantities of spirituous liquors. This is the form which most commonly comes under the observation of country practitioners, and has been thus produced in the cases we have seen in this section of the country. In cities, however, a frequent exciting cause is the deprivation of a stimulus which has long been taken, as when drunkards are thrown into prison or taken to hospitals. Dr. Dunglisson says this is one of the most common diseases in the eleesymonary establishments of Philadelphia. We have found that it is extremely important to bear the exciting cause invariably in mind, because the cases first mentioned are benefited by the abstraction of blood, while the others should be treated on altogether a different plan.

The complaint is quite common in this land of "steady habits," "correct morals," "republicanism," and "free schools." It is only about thirty years since it was known under this name. Dr. Sutton published some tracts on the disease in 1813, and although it undoubtedly constituted a large proportion of the cases described by the medical writers of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries under the name of *Demonomania*, yet this physician was the first who brought it specifically before the public and accurately traced its causes and effects.

The delirium tremens of Western Massachusetts is generally that form brought on by the incessant daily use of ardent spirits, or by the insane "swilling" of alchoholic stimulants which occurs during a "spree," as the term is that popularly designates a scene of reckless debauch. For the sake of precision and greater accuracy we shall proceed to consider the disease under three divisions or stages, as we have seen patients in each of the states we shall describe.

The *first stage* is made up chiefly of premonitory symptoms, though their warnings are generally as much unheeded by the dram drinker, as were the signs of dissolution which Death gave the old man. They are most perceptible in the morning before the miserable devotee of the decanter has poured out his libation to the spirit of rum, and drank his main draught.—Before this his hands tremble, and his whole system is a prey to nervous tremors, but as they disappear after his dose of stimulous the drinker thinks nothing of them. Day by day, however, he grows more debilitated, more unfitted for business, and more marked by the stigma of loathsome disease. Unless when he is under the influence of the fiend which has him in thrall, he is cast down with oppressive melancholy, and all his prospects are shrouded in blackness and gloom. His sleep is broken, and to use his own expression, "does him no good." He is in torture while he sleeps from the horrid dreams which disturb his rest. He has no appetite, he is troubled with constant indigestion and feels an incessant sickness at the stomach. His tongue is covered with a whitish sticky coat, trembles when protruded, and has a slimy moisture. The skin is sometimes dry, though in most of the cases we have seen there was a cold and disgusting perspiration, which slight exertion greatly augmented. The bowels, in this stage, are not particularly irregular, but are subject to accumulations of flatus, to sharp darting pains, and to attacks of colic. Vomiting is not uncommon, and the taking of food is almost feared lest it should provoke retching.—The individual does not attend to his business according to his usual custom, and his intellectual functions are confusedly and inaccurately performed. He has a universal feeling of weakness, fatigue, and exhaustion. His gait is tottering and insecure, and even moderate walking excites palpitation of the heart and pain him out of breath. His pulse is irregular, slow, and feeble. He has febrile symptoms of considerable intensity every morning, and the sensitive tendium; or trembling of his hands, becomes gradually more permanent and constant. In short, he continues to grow worse if he continues to drink; but if the malady is treated in a judicious manner in this stage, a cure is readily effected; and by prudent conduct on the part of the patient, that is by adjuring forever the cursed intoxicating bowl—by living a life of strict temperance—by touching no kind of intoxicating

liquors, any farther invasions of the disease may be prevented. But if he will not reform, if he persists in pursuing the ruinous course which is hurrying him to destruction, if neither what he owes to himself, to society, to his family, and to his God—if all of these motives prove insufficient to restrain him, then the disease runs on to the second stage, which we shall now proceed to describe,

In the *second stage* all the symptoms enumerated in the first stage become more aggravated and increased. The alienation of intellect is serious, marked, and extensive. The countenance is haggard and exhibits the wildness and ferocity of a maniac. He has no longer any command of himself. He is violent, uneasy, and restless. He cannot keep still, and if not allowed to leave his room is in as constant motion, while he can walk, as a wild beast in a cage.—The nervous symptoms are fearfully heightened, and the shaking of his hands is without intermission.

"Tir'd Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep."

is a stranger to his eyelids, and his wakefulness is unbroken, exhausting and agonizing. This was particularly the case with a patient we had about four years ago in Bucklaud, and who we are happy to say, for three years has been a reformed man—a blessing to himself and to society. After the second attack of delirium tremens through which we attended him, we told him frankly he probably would not survive a third, and from a number of symptoms of which he complained, we informed him we feared alcohol, in his case, would produce an organic disease of the stomach, which, of itself, would be sufficient to carry him out of the world in the most painful manner. He boldly resolved to quit the intoxicating cup. He is well known to many of our readers. He is robust, healthy, industrious, accumulating property, and blessed with a contented disposition and a happy heart. He has kept his pledge nobly and rigidly. He has never swerved for a moment, and he is reaping the good effects of his moral courage and resolution. *Now* he would acknowledge he had the delirium tremens; but then, when his tongue trembled so that he could not hold it still in a position for us to see it, and when his hand shook so that he could not carry a spoonful of medicine to his mouth without spilling it—*then* nothing would offend him worse than to hint in the remotest manner that *rum* had any thing to do with his complaint. No, no! He was only *nervous!* It was natural to all his family to tremble so when they were unwell, no matter how slightly. He was only a moderate drinker. Yes, yes, very moderate: he did not use, perhaps, more than three pints in a day. We did not think it prudent to tell him at the time he had delirium tremens: it would have irritated him so much that he might have refused to take our medicines, we acquiesced in the idea that he was *nervous*—and the Lord knows he was indeed nervous, nervous enough in all conscience. By this tacit acquiescence in regard to his assertions we induced him to be bled and to take medicines to *quiet his nerves*. He was very noisy and clamorous, but not ugly. Nature endowed him with a pleasant disposition and even delirium tremens did not make him crabbed and sorly. He could get no sleep. Two or three men had to be with him constantly, and notwithstanding all their surveilance he one night escaped out of a small window, waded across Deerfield River, we believe more than once, when it was, to use a familiar expression, "dark as pitch," roused the neighbors by his unearthly screechings, and cut antics which we do not remember. We finally succeeded in producing sleep by administering extraordinary and frequently repeated doses of laudanum. Under the active application of the opium his sleeplessness finally gave way, and after that it was comparatively easy to subdue the other symptoms. We gave him no alcoholic stimulants, as some physicians are in the habit of doing. After he began to improve, we think his chief medicine was a strong infusion of European valerian, which acted as a tonic, antispasmodic, and stomachic.

☞ The following are the replies of the Democratic Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor to the officers of the late Convention:—

Worcester, September 18th, 1846.

GENTLEMEN:

I have received your communication of the 16th instant, in which you, as President and Secretaries of the Democratic State Convention, held in Faneuil Hall in Boston, inform me that I have been unanimously re-nominated as the Democratic candidate for the office of Governor of this Commonwealth.

For this renewed expression of the confidence reposed in me, by the members of the Convention, I tender to you and through you to them, my sincere and grateful acknowledgements. Had the Convention conferred this high and honorable distinction on some other individual, who could have brought more efficient aid to those great Democratic principles, the development of which, would add so much to the happiness, prosperity and honor of the State, I should have truly rejoiced. But the voice of the friends and advocates of law, equal rights and equal privileges, is listened to, by me, with feelings of the most profound respect.

Under a grateful sense of the honor the Convention have conferred on me, I accept the nomination.

With sentiments of great respect, I am, gentlemen, your friend and obedient servant,

ISAAC DAVIS.

To Hon. JOHN A. BOLLES,
MARCUS MORTON, Jn,
D. H. DUSTIN.

Lynn, September 19th, 1846.

GENTLEMEN:

I have this day received your letter of the 16th instant, in which you inform me that the Democratic State Convention have unanimously nominated me as the Democratic candidate for Lieut. Governor of this Commonwealth.

I sincerely regret that my name has been place before the people. My private feelings and wishes are averse to political life, and it is my earnest desire not to be a candidate for any office.

But the convention have decided otherwise, and I feel unwilling to disappoint the wishes of my personal and political friends with whom I have long labored in support of the democratic cause.

Entertaining a grateful sense of the honor conferred upon me by the Convention by this expression of their confidence, I deem it my duty to accept the nomination.

Accept, gentlemen, my hearty thanks for the friendly expression in your letter, and be assured of my warm personal regard and consideration. Respectfully.

Your friend and fellow citizen,

GEORGE HOOD.

JOHN A. BOLLES, Esq., President of the Convention.

MARCUS MORTON, Jn., } Secretaries.
D. H. DUSTIN, }

☞ We must amend the Constitution.—*Boston Courier.*

"The Constitution must be mended,"
Writes the urnal editor.
"True for you, and to end it—
What'll you 'Clout the Caldron' for?"

☞ Strange the people in Massachusetts should ever hunger when when the constitution is so full of *provisions* for them.—*Star.*

We should suppose the Gothamites were in a fair way to be satisfied.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 1, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

☞ AN ADJOURNED meeting of the Democratic City Committee will be holden at the Advertiser Office on Friday evening Oct. 2, at 8 o clock P. M., for the transaction of important business.

P. S. A full attendance is highly desirable

Per order, A. W. FARR, Secretary.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DISTRICT NO. 3.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No 3, are hereby notified and requested to elect Delegates, in the proportion of one Delegate for every fifty Democratic votes cast for Governor at the last election, to be holden at E. S. MERRILL'S Tavern in SOUTH ANDOVER, on TUESDAY, 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the Democratic party to represent said District in the next Congress of the United States, and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions

Democratic papers in the District are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District.

E. H. SAFFORD, Chairman.

September 29th 1846.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY AND No. 3 DISTRICT CONVENTIONS have both been called, and the county convention is close at hand. We hope no town will fail to be represented in both these gatherings of the democracy. It is all important that in our conventions a full expression from all parts should be made, that the nominations may be satisfactory, and receive the cordial support of the whole party at the election.—The whigs have again been obliged to submit to the nominations of the two available—Gov. Briggs and Dea. Abbott. For the whigs of Lowell, it is a dose hard to take, but we think they will try to gulp it down without open opposition. We hardly see how the whigs, who make their opposition to the Mexican war one of their cardinal virtues, or sins, can support Dea. Briggs, after calling for volunteers, or Dea. Abbott, after voting supplies and men for the relief of Gen. Taylor and the prosecution of the war. Had they behaved as well in their other acts as in these, and were they big enough for the places they occupy, they would, perhaps, receive the support of the democratic party.

ANNELL'S PAINTING OF THE END OF THE WORLD, now on exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, is, as far as we are capable of judging, a picture which shows the stamp of genius in its conception and artistical execution. It probably falls short of perfection in some parts, and may give a different idea of the end of the world than many imagine, but the artists idea of it is sublime, and is most unmistakably fixed upon the canvass. It represents from thirty to forty colossal figures of all classes of the world, as the artist supposes they would appear at the great day of the dissolving of the elements. Both as a moral lesson and a work of art, it richly repays studying.

A DOUBTFUL OFFENCE. The Times says, the clergyman arrested in Louisville for kissing a lady, in the absence of her husband, has not been convicted, because the jury were in doubt, whether the kiss was not one of the kind which the apostles were enjoined to give.

By the way, it was upon this injunction of the holy kiss that the Mormon Prophet founded his doctrines of spiritual wives, which has caused so much scandal to unbelievers.

☞ The Wheeling Times says a theatrical corps in that city were playing "Perfection," and when the lady playing Susan said, "I'll marry the first likely fellow that offers," a six footer from Monroe county, Ohio, walked up to the stage and said, "Here's is the boy for you, and there is the license," laying down a bona fide marriage license on the table of orchestra.

EPIGRAM. On seeing the phrase "unenlightend labor," applied to slavery in Mr. Lawrence's Letter to Mr. Rives.

What means this new phrase? Come, pray tell me if you can, sir,
Cries the reader in Lawrence's letters who delves;
Labor on, my good friend, for a practical answer
Will occur when you've toiled through the letters themselves. *Standard.*

The Boston Whig newspaper says that Messrs Amos Abbott, Nathan Appleton, and R. C. Winthrop, "are obnoxious to the party of *conscience*."—*Post.*

Does not the *Whig* know that *conscience* is secondary to availability? Hon. Amos Abbott has been renominated for Congress and will receive the whig vote whether obnoxious to the *consciences* of the whigs or not.

NINTH DISTRICT. Artemas Hale declines to be the whig candidate for Congress from that district.—The day of election is the ninth of November.

☞ The election for members of congress in Georgia is to be on the first Monday of October.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

LA POINT, (Lake Superior) Sept. 13th, 1846.

We neared the wharf owned by the American Fur Company, about 11, A. M., on the 10th inst. Just before our arrival, we came upon what is called the Apostle Islands. There are between twenty and thirty islands, from one to fifteen miles in length, clustered together, seperated by deep navigable water between them all, and none of them more than a mile from the adjoining one—affording a safe harbor from any wind. They seem like earth dropped from the clouds upon the lake and anchored there. For scenery, you can imagine nothing more perfect made of land and water.

What I may have to say about the lake country, must be said in the one or two letters I shall write from this place, as on Monday we are preparing to start through the wilderness, to the St. Croix river, hoping to find there some Indian canoes with which to go down the river to the Mississippi. We travel on foot to reach the river about 90 miles, and shall camp out seven days, if we have good luck, but shall take ten days provision; there are no inhabitants but Indians, in any direction, after we leave this place, for two hundred miles.

As we neared the wharf, on the shore, for a mile either way, might be seen the Indian wigwams, all alive with persons looking for the boat; on the wharf, on the store house, on the wood pile, and in little birches all about us, were Indians thick as could gather—say about two thousand of the four waiting here for their pay—looking with intense interest at the steamboat as she came up against a head wind without sail—her paddles moving her to order as we came along side of the wharf. Here, it is but a mere trading post of the American Fur Co., and an Indian agency. Upon the island, all told, perhaps two hundred inhabitants. Dr. Hornp, the agent, and one of the principals of the company, is a gentleman of Energy and talents, much above the ordinary run of men in this region, so far as I can discover in his dealings with the Indians. On the 1st of September the annual payment to the Indians was due. This year, the payment is delayed by some clause in the appropriation, and the suffering is awful among the Indians because of it. Some forty have died since they came here. Of the nation of Chippewas, I learn there are about fifteen thousand. The live about in what is called *bands*; each band has a chief. A band numbers usually from two to five hundred. Indians are here of different bands that live one thousand miles from each other. They come from near the Sault, and from the head waters of the upper Mississippi, and all about on the lands in the interior. Many of the bands here are in a wild state—entirely Indian. No clothing but leggings up to the knee, a strip of cloth about the loins and a blanket. Their wigwams are much the same as among all the different tribes—either built in an oval form of small birches bent over and covered with bark, or some dry poles stacked round and covered with bark or skins. So many and such contradictory statements have been made about the Indians, it is difficult to form a correct idea unless by seeing them in their homes. Indians here, Indians in the wilderness at their settlements, and the Indians in huts you see about Lowell, present the same general aspect, both in personal appearance, mode of cooking, build of huts and camp tools. Indeed there is a sameness of the whole appearance of the Indian family's mode of life, &c., that to see one hut and family any where east, either of the Tuscororas on Lake Ontario, or the Penobscot tribe on the Atlantic, and you have a correct idea of the race; to see more of them, or to see them more naked, or more remotely from the wilderness, is only to satisfy one by actual observation, that but little *new* is to be seen concerning them. To be sure they have their peculiarities, and their modes and manner of life are more steadily fixed, but its general aspect is the same. Among the four or five thousand that are here, there are some good specimens of man and woman, but beauty among them consists rather in the absence of defect, than particularly charming or well turned features. The Bark Lake band, from the upper waters of the Mississippi, are the most natural uncultivated Indians here. They never have been injured by drinking much whiskey. All the various bands are kind, good-natured, well enough disposed people; you feel among them in no danger at all; after being with them a short time, you have no apprehension at all as to personal security—nothing of the feeling the name implies of savages. This word only applies to the mode of treating their captured enemies, which, on the whole, is more matter of taste than of barbarity. There is but little difference between scalping and shooting.

There is about twenty two thousand dollars paid out at this point annually. The Indian agent and government blacksmith, are men of station in these parts.—The blacksmith makes material for the Indians, the agent determines the amount. A horde of traders follow the annual flow of this money, with Indian goods, and usually get the most of it before they leave.—Whiskey is a terrible enemy of the Indians. No one can imagine the devastating effects of it unless he sees its influence among the Indians; no language can paint too strongly, its evil consequences among them, in every phase in which it is viewed.

There is a school kept here, supported mainly by the Foreigh Board of Missions, and a Mr Hall, a protestant minister. The same result of protestant efforts among the Indians here, is manifested, as was the case I described at Sault St. Marie—*of no practical benefit whatever.* Allow me to say that Mr Ela, the superintendent of the school, is an efficient practical man, *unlike* most of the protestant teachers and ministers; he mixes with the Indians and does all that can be done, and much good, by way of example.—But all the religion, and all the philanthropy, and all the profession of good will to the Indian, on any of these distant posts, is best illustrated by a case in point concerning the sick daughter of HOLE-IN-THE-DAY, the great man and the great chief of the whole tribe of the Dyibawas, whose tent I have this moment left, to see the practice of the great medicine man; on account of which I will give you briefly in a letter I will write before starting in the morning, the last I will tire your readers with until I strike a new region of country, on the Mississippi river, above the Falls of St. Anthony. Yours as ever,

A LOOKER-ON.

☞ The Advertiser of yesterday has the first of its series of articles upon State politics. It amounts to this—that the locofocos in 1843 passed a law reducing the salaries, and that the whigs have since raised many of these same salaries. We admit it cheerfully.—*Courier.*

And must swallow, if you don't admit that the whigs repealed it in the dastardly manner we stated.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP GREAT WESTERN!



Eight days later from Europe.

We condense the following from a telegraphic dispatch to the Times. The Great Western arrived yesterday afternoon at New York at 2 o'clock. The news is unimportant except in a commercial point of view.

Cotton market. The demand continues pretty active and prices have advanced about 1-8d. above those last quoted.

Continental market. All over the Continent of Europe, the value of wheat ran up immediately when it became known that England would in all probability require foreign aid in consequence of the failure of the potato crop.

There is very little Indian Corn in the London trade, and the immense extent of the orders for Ireland render improbable any importation to England sufficient to effect the market for Oats for the present year.

Flour was in fair request; fine American now bringing thirty to thirty-five shilling per bbl.

The improvement in business, says the European Times, which we noticed at the sailing of the last steamer continues, as matters are nearly in the same relative position as when we last addressed our readers. The failure of the potato crop influences the price of provisions of every kind. Bacon and hams are rising rapidly, Indian Corn is also increasing in value, as in fact is almost every kind of grain.

Dublin market. Our markets for American Produce are firm and steady. For some of the articles high prices are obtained.

For the Advertiser.

MR EDITOR. I noticed a report of the proceedings of the Police Court under date of Sept. 21, in the columns of your paper, in which was given a brief sketch of a complaint of Noah Spaulding against Alfred Messenger, charging him with *willful* trespass—stealing peaches, &c., in which Messenger was fined five dollars and cost. Mr Editor, will you bear with me while I relate the facts as they were:

Mr Messenger was in possession of a field in which was good pasturing for a cow; one of his neighbors asked the privilege of pasturing his cow therein, which was granted. The fence being in bad condition on the side adjoining Mr Spaulding, the cow got from the enclosure and was supposed to be in his orchard, and thence Mr Messenger went in search of her, but her owner had previously found her and driven her home. Mr Messenger not finding her, and thinking all was well on both sides, stopped and took four peaches, and was, for such an *outrageous offence* brought before the Police Court, and fined five dollars and cost.

Is it right, sir, for one neighbor to prosecute another for such a paltry offence, and that, too, when in fact he was endeavoring to protect said complainant's property.

I do not wish to trouble you with any further account of this act, and will only add that I am personally acquainted with the parties, and do believe that Mr Messenger is an honest and upright man, and one who would not injure his neighbor, and that the act was unchristianlike and uncalled for. JUSTICE.

☞ The New Orleans Delta has authentic information that in portions of the Concordia cotton planters have to *dig pits and bury the army worms*, that had collected in the ditches, the atmosphere becoming tainted by their decay, promising to originate disease. No conception can be formed of their destructiveness or quantity, except when witnessed in the fields.

☞ From some one, the publisher we presume, we have received through the mail *post paid* a copy of the *Farmers Almanac* for 1847. It is an old and deserving favorite, having reached its fifty-fifth No.

AS EVERYBODY EXPECTED. At the second trial for the election of Representatives in Portland, on Monday last, the two Whig candidates, Messrs. T. Chadwick and W. Goodenow were chosen.

☞ A house occupied by Mr Daniel Stevens, in Nottingham N. H. took fire on the roof, on Wednesday the 16th inst., about noon, and was entirely consumed.

☞ See Messrs Merrill & Heywood's Advertisement of "*Worcester's New Dictionary.*" It is the Dictionary for popular use unquestionably. It sells for $3,50.

☞ Hon. Cave Johnson, Postmaster General, returned to Washington, from Tennessee, on Friday night, in good health.

☞ The New York whig convention says the Post, was composed of such discordant materials that they wisely sat within closed doors.

SANTA FE. News reached Washington last Monday that Gen. Kearney had entered and taken possession of Santa Fe without resistance.

☞ Patrick Flynn of Green County N. Y. has been sentenced to be hung on the 15th of November, for the murder of Robert James in August last.

☞ We would ask the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs Menard & Stone in another column.

☞ THE SALEM ADVERTISER came to us on Thursday in an entire new dress. Its typographical appearance is fine. The editorial department is very ably conducted.

☞ The man who gets through the world without a kick may be assured he is considered not worth kicking.

☞ The Courier we presume, has got that Texas Resolution stereotyped, which accounts for its not appearing more than once in each paper.

☞ George S. Hillard Esq., of Boston, delivers the introductory lecture before the Lowell Institute next Wednesday evening.

☞ A fire in Philadelphia destroyed a block, containing 23 wooden dwelling houses on Tuesday; 80 families unhoused; loss $18,000.

☞ Phillip J. Cushing brother of the Hon. Caleb Cushing, died at his father's residence in Newburyport, on Tuesday.

☞ True manliness is not rude, nor reckless, nor discourteous,

The Slave Joseph.

There has been quite an excitement in Boston, because Messrs Pearson & Co. sent a slave by the name of Joseph, back to Louisiana, after he had reached Boston. The facts of the case are—the slave secreted himself on board the Ottoman, Messrs Pearson & Co.,s vessel, consequently was brought to Boston, and the owners of the vessel, to avoid the risk that any other course would subject them, sent him back.—Much indignation has been expressed by certain abolitionists on this account. The following article from a correspondent of the Post, places the abolitionists in a no more enviable light than it does the owners of the vessel, and doubtless gives a correct history of the whole transaction:

A rumor was current in the city on Thursday, to the effect that Mr Mayor Quincy and a distinguished abolition gentleman waited upon Messrs Pearson & Co., prior to the sending back the slave to N. O., to learn what could be done to prevent that act. Mr P. proposed to raise, by subscription, the amount of the fine to which Capt. Hannum would be liable ($1000) in case he should be convicted in the courts of Louisiana of abducting the slave, and also a sum sufficient to pay his expenses of attending the trial, &c., and thus permit the slave to go free. Towards this fund Mr Pearson offered to contribute as much as any man in the community, but the abolition man declined having anything whatever to do with the proposal, and the slave sailed on his return voyage. When it is taken into consideration that, by the laws of Louisiana, any captain of a vessel who shall be found guilty of carrying away from that State a fugitive slave, is liable to a fine of $1000, to a year's imprisonment in their penitentiary, and the seizure and probable loss of his vessel, unless she be redeemed at a considerable expense by her owners; and further, when we look at the fact that very few vessels clear at this port for either a South American or a European voyage without being *at all times* liable to be ordered to New Orleans, to receive or discharge cargo, is it not a little singular that those who profess to have so much at heart the liberty of this slave, should not have been willing to have done something—they being mostly rich men—to secure his liberation, instead of venting all their indignation upon the heads of the owners of the Ottoman in Faneuil Hall? Surely if the owners were willing to suffer Captain Hannum to take his chance (as did Captain Jonathan Wolker, with *that* hand) of a years imprisonment, the loss of more than that time, the probable loss of his command after that period, and themselves the trouble and expense of defending the brig when seized, the gentlemen who addressed the meeting in Faneuil Hall on Thursday evening, if they *really* desired the liberty of the slave, would have acted a much more human and manly part to have contributed a few hundred dollars each, towards effecting that object, than to have denounced the owners of the brig in the manner they did for refusing to bear *all* the trouble and expense attending the slave's liberation.

The speakers seemed to lay much stress upon the fact that the slave had reached *Boston* and *was then sent back*. Suppose he had been discovered while the Ottoman was going down the Mississippi, and given in charge of the officers of the tow boat, would the fact of his being *sent back* have been any different? That he was seized upon our soil has nothing to do with the laws of Louisiana, (of which the speakers professed to have such a holy horror,) but was an act over which our courts have entire juristiction, and of which they in time will doubtless take cognizance, and punish the offenders.

Dr. Howe and Wendell Phillips dwelt long and eloquently upon the fact that *Joseph* had treasured up in his heart the name of "*Boston*," and had often said to himself—"If I could get to that blessed city I should be free"—that "he read Boston on the vessel's stearn, and secreted himself on board in the full belief that that the generous sailors (with whom he had become familiar while the brig lay in New Orleans) would not betray him to the captain." This proves what has been again and again asserted by those who have long and ardently desired the abolition of slavery, viz: that the action of political abolitionists at the east has had the effect to rivet still closer, the chains of the slaves, and forced the south to enact the very laws of which the political abolitionists are so eloquent and fervent in denouncing. When the abolition of slavery takes place, it will be done by those states having legal control over the institution; and the south can no more be *driven* into the measure, than can the east be *forced* to enact laws which they neither acknowledge nor feel the necessity of. The past action of the abolitionists has had the effect to create in some of the slaves who work about the southern seaports a desire to escape from bondage, and taste the joys of freedom at the north; and it has as truly also produced the very deplorable act of which they now so loudly complain. "As ye sow, so shall ye reap."

BOSTON.

End of the Mormon War

By the Western Mail, which arrived at Baltimore on Saturday afternoon, we learn that the civil war, recently raging in Mormondom, has been brought to a close by the surrender of the Mormons, and the peaceable marching into and taking possession of Nauvoo, by the Anti-Mormons.

The Mormons have agreed to evacuate the city immediately, leaving a committee of five, who are to take charge of the property, and settle the business of their friends.

It is a source of great gratification to learn that no property was destroyed.

The Mormons were preparing to fulfil their terms of capitulation by leaving the city and the state as soon as possible.—*Albany Argus.*

☞ Thursday, Nov. 5, has been set apart by the Governor of Georgia as a day of Thanksgiving.

☞ Mr John P. Hale addresses the public in this city on the 10th of the present month. "On 'dat 'portant 'easion" we understand the public will learn if a certain gentleman will or not, support a slaveholder for the Presidency.

EMBEZZLEMENT. Hill's Patriot says, that a man Robert S. Long by name, has stolen from his employers Gilmore and Clapp, of Concord $700 and run away to Canada. The Patriot thinks he has been victimized by the swarm of gamblers and sellers of lottery tickets that infest that town. Gilmore & Clapp offer $200 reward for him.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

It was once said "There was nothing new under the sun." This has been emphatically true, in regard to medicines.—Hundreds of Pills, Panaceas, Expectorants, and Specifics of all sorts have been puffed into notoriety, all made mainly of the same ingredients, adding as new materials to the healing heart. But Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry furnishes a new medical agent, a new principle devolved from nature's own depository. It cures Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs, when nothing else will. An honorable member of the Canadian Parliament writes that it has cured him of Asthma of ten years' standing. A. Williams, Esq., Attorney at Law, 58 William street, New York, was cured of the same disease of twenty-four years' standing. Mr Cesena, at Reddonfield, N. J., makes affidavit that it cured him of a supposed Consumption, after physicians had given him up to die; and so of hundreds of others.

Remember, we positively, in no case, point of cursal cures as produced by this invaluable remedy. Be sure to get "Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I. Butts.

CARLTON & Co., E. KIDDER, Jr., and L. N. TOWER, agents for Lowell and vicinity. sep3d&1w

FEVER SORES.—The following letter has just been received through the hands of Dr. Benjamin D. Miller, of the cure of an old indolent Ulcer, or Fever Sore. This person has been under the hands of several Physicians, and used every remedy, yet found no relief, till he was induced to try Hunt's Liniment, which effected a perfect cure.

Geo. E. Stanton, Esq., Pinesbridge, June 12th, 1845.

DEAR SIR—For six years I have suffered with what is commonly called a Fever sore on my leg. I can scarcely describe (to you all I have endured for this long period, by this dreadful complaint, only about half this time have I been able to work. I have had it examined by several Physicians, and tried many of the remedies of the day for this kind of disease, but none of them afforded any relief. I sent for Dr. Miller, and he recommended me to use Hunt's Liniment. I did so, and after using five bottles I am entirely well of a thidsome sore, that I supposed would hang on me for life. I feel like a new man, and heartily recommend this Liniment to all suffering persons, that they may be relieved at once.

Most respectfully yours, OWEN O'SLAVEN.

P. S.—I cheerfully bear testimony to the truth of the above statement. BENJ. R. MILLER, M. D.

CARLTON & Co, J. C. AYER, WALKER & KIRDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, and C. S. EASTMAN, agents for Lowell. je11

☞A certificate from the Hon. Samuel Quarles who is well known throughout the N. E. States.

Mr JAMES KIDDER, Jr.—Dear Sir: I have enclosed a certificate in recommendation of your Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

To the Public.—I have suffered much for a number of years last past with the Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., and have taken various medicines, none of which effected a cure, until I took five bottles of James Kidder, Jr.'s Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, which under the blessing of God has restored me to comparative *good health*, being over 78 years of age. I can with confidence recommend said Panacea to the public as a valuable medicine. (Signed)

my15 a&r6mchm arg22

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahmo Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronuciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronounciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

LAW NOTICE.

BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.

Oct 1 1846. A&ref

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 29, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM SNELL, of Lowell in said County, carpenter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the thirteenth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees if the estate of the said Snell and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. oct1a3tf

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING !!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illominated at night. Explanatory Lectore given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lectore giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

☞Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17a3w

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.



A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Broches; Silk Guards; Accordions; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22if JOSEPH RAYNES.

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104½) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*



TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS !! Bonnets, Hemdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co.'s Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

MESMERISM.

DR. DODS respectfully announces to the citizens of Lowell that he will deliver a course of *Five Lectures* on the Philosophy of Mesmerism with some of the most interesting experiments ever witnessed upon the celebrated clairvoyant, Mr Buckmar, who is one of the best subjects in the United States—and will also perform some very wonderful experiments in mineral Magnetism, Galvanism, and Electricity, such as shall be interesting and instructive to his audiences. For the above performance he has a splendid apparatus.

The course will commence on Monday evening Sept 28th at 8 o'clock, in the *MECHANICS HALL*, and continue every evening during the week Thursday evening excepted. Whether the Lectures and Experiments will be worthy of citizens attention and patronage is submitted to their judgment. Admission to each lecture only 12½ cents.

P. S. Diseases will be examined and prescribed for by the clairvoyant Buckmar at Dr. Dods private room in Jacob Robbins' building, occupied by Mr Littlefield, No 28 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

Charge, one dollar, medicine extra. Sep26 2i

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,



Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.
Methuen Sept. 26 1846. a3t

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

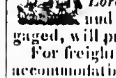


HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 30 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfma17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Thursday next



The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Thursday



The superior fast sailing Schr. *NONTICELLO, Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF
In a few Days,



The fast sailing A 1 packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said Wharf. Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Collins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE.
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

a3w* JONATHAN RICE.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE,



Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

A RARE CHANCE !

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock will be reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. a3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS.
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11tf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sep26, 23 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

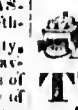
D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&eif

FALL FASHION !

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS; will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No. 80, Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20a3tf

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stores, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep1 a1m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

WEARE CLIFFORD,
SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed; with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

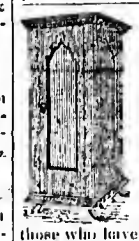
Lowell, January, 1844.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will be. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Moorhs, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. up28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATER SHOWER BATH.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18tf No. 1 Commercial Square.

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 3 25.
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&p1y*

REMOVAL.
SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.
April 4, 1846.

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

AUCTION SALES.
BY E. B. PATCH,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Cottage House on Post Street.

On FRIDAY, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street with 3725 feet of Land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water, pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Cottage House on Pine street.

On Friday, Oct. 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,—A Cottage House on Pine street, with 3725 feet of land, 8 well finished rooms, shed adjoining, first rate water pleasantly situated near the Eagle Hotel. Terms at sale.

Land at Auction.

On Thursday next Oct 1 at 2 o'clock on the premises, 6 Lots of Land situated on Forest Street nearly opposite the Howard House on Middlesex street; containing in all 17000 square feet.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Land at Auction.

On TUESDAY next Oct. 6 at 2 o'clock A. M. on the premises (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) Two lots of Land on Burns Street containing about 5000 Square feet each. Also one lot on Davis Street on the hill a little South of the South Grammar School house. Also several other lots in the vicinity.

The lots are pleasantly situated and are very desirable for building lots. Purchasers will do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

House and Barn

I shall sell on SATURDAY' Oct. 3d, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a genteel Cottage House, with a Barn, on the southerly side of Oak Street, third house from High street. The house is well finished, with 12 rooms, and about 2400 feet of land.

House and Land.

On MONDAY, Oct. 5, at 2½ o'clock, on the premises, the Stone House on Chesver street, a few rods west of School st., with 5114 feet of land. The house has 10 well finished rooms, is in good repair and rents readily for $100.

At 3½ P. M., same day, on the premises, a lot of land on the southerly side of Adams street, the first vacant lot from Lowell street, containing 2971 feet. The lot has 60 feet front, and is less than 60 feet deep; has a bank wall upon it, and is a very desirable lot to build upon. Sale positive in both cases.

Terms—One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, and interest annually. The title unquestionable. For further particulars inquire of J. K. FELLOWS, or of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A Block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill; 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost [illegible] Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected will endanger prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Fetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has an connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. a&p1ymarc

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office; up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours; where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torient of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer, Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading in a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st. Lowell. a3w

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quacks y.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patiente who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, sprauding out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved faralaw,
Like cost eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, had the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicines used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and factitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, Knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based as incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighten.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular agents and dealers in all the principal towns in the United States. [eow1m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice; loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 nly&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in easing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Oswinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER; GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

DEAN & DINSMOOR,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.

may21. Insurances effected A&ply.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperiant or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

o&p6mosoptr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up; they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,

je11 6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan26

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No food or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, failing of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligle servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

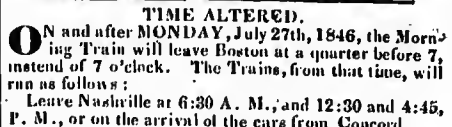
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



TIME ALTERED.

ON and after MONDAY, July 27th, 1846, the Morning Train will leave Boston at a quarter before 7, instead of 7 o'clock. The Trains, from that time, will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 6:30 A. M., and 12:30 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 6.45 and 11 A. M. and 5½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7.50, A. M., 12.10, and 6.40, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when value at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First trains at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Merodith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, July 22, 1846. jy25tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

ON and after MONDAY next, July 27th, the Trains now leaving Boston at 7, A. M., for Lowell, Nashua and Concord, will leave at 6½, A. M.

Leave Boston at 6½, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5½ P. M.

" Lowell at 7½, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

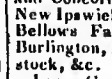
☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

jy25tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A. M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A. M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

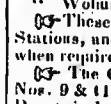
RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 117.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.. }

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—37 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

G. R. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles,
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Sciesors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, DALN McCUTUS COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jun8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf may1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfnov17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.
T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE,
KEEP Carpets, Feathers, Painted Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Blankets, Moreens, Damasks, Table Cloths, Hair Cloth, Russia Diapers, Marseilles Quilts, Window Curtains, Tassels and Cord, &c.
They manufacture to order, Mattresses, Cushions, Sofa Pillow, Ottomans, Crickets, and various Upholstery articles.

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE,—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
up12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Warthen Sts. sep9

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

A. W. FARR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOWELL.
s30 OFFICE, 56, *Central Street, in Coburn's Block.*

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at advly*man5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz* :—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could step down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&Ptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kibler; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner. s&plynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr. Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston; and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter, and by all the booksellers. unwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash	Perpetual reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 21	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 58	1987
18	$5000	$370 80	1839	868 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	531 85	270 20	39 56	1187
			1841	545 56	237 50	35 51	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sfrwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New branch of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly apr4

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv3ymay9

POETRY.

The Crippled Child.

BY MRS. C. LOUISE M. MILLS.

I'm growing weary of this life,
It hath no charms for me—
Here hour by hour I sit alone
Beneath this spreading tree;
While on the lawn, and in the wood,
And by the streamlet's side,
Companions gay and nine or ten,
With swift young foot steps glide.
They cannot waste a thought on *me*,
Indeed they seem to fear
Some evil in my presence lies,
And seldom linger near.
Is this because my God has made
My limbs misshapen, plain,
And left upon my brow the trace
Of sickness and of pain?
Alas! that young pure heart should e'er
By beauty be beguiled,
That those I long to clasp and love,
Should scorn a crippled child!
I'm growing weary of life
That knows but *seven springs*,
And all day long my spirit yearns
To have an angel's wings,
That I might soar up to the skies,
And wear a robe as bright
As those pure one's who live fore'er
In Heaven's matchless light.
It is not for *my* peace alone,
I'd leave this lovely earth,
But in my mother's breast deep grief
Has settled since my birth;
And she has loved me so has wept
To see how many shun
With rude remarks, the blighted thing,
She calls her darling one.
That I could spare her future pain—
She is so good and mild—
And go where she would know I was
No more a crippled child.

From Dr. Tabor's Northampton Democrat.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.

[Concluded.]

But to return to the enumeration of symptoms. The miserable man hates confinement, and will resort to violence to overcome restraint. The cold, clammy moisture covering the skin, of which we spoke when we considered the first stage it becomes at this period of the disorder more loathsome, glutinous, and profuse. The sufferers bowels are commonly costive, and the evacuations, when they occur, are extremely fetid. His eyes are inflamed and blood-shot, with contracted pupils, though he generally shows no signs of intolerance of light; but this may arise from his aberation of mind. He has severe cramps and spasms, and sometimes his whole body is racked in this manner. His pulse is soft, small, and frequent, varying from a hundred and thirty in a minute. He is constantly talking, and his conversation is wild, insane, and unconnected. This uninterrupted loquacity was a very marked symptom in the Buckland patient to whom we have before adverted. As to persons simply intoxicated every thing appears to be whirling and in motion, so it was here. The objects around him were going ahead in true Yankee style. The whole bedroom he occupied was under weigh and dashing along with steamboat speed huzzing and whirling like a coach and six on an express, while he had nothing to do but stand at the reins like an experienced driver, crying out at bad places, "Whoa, whoa! Steady, there, steady!" When we went to see him, he would exclaim, "Doctor how that old case of drawers is going ahead and the old tea-pot there on the top of it!—by thunder, thats going ahead, too. A regular race! I'll bet a hundred bushels of coal on the tea-pot. Who dares take me up? What do ye say, Doctor? By the lord Harry how we go here! See that rocking chair! How it gallops off, and ha! ha! that three legged stool after it just like a bob-tail dog after a cow! And now my bed, Lord how it travels. Hurrah, we'll beat the chairs and dressers too!"
Such is a specimen of the alcoholic fancies of the drunkard when he may literally be said to be travelling by steam. But this is not the worst. His bed is not merely in motion but it is often surrounded by the most horrible and disgusting and awful images. Sometimes he fancies himself a prey to wicked spirits who are endeavoring to drag him to the infernal regions. He leaps from the bed to escape them, if he is not restrained, and shrieks and moans piteously. Sometimes he fancies himself surrounded by assassins who are endeavoring to take away his life, and great are the efforts he makes to elude them. One of the first cases of delerium tremens we ever saw in this section of the country was of this character. The man lived in Ashfield, and still lives there, and though we believe he has not joined a temperance society, we are told he does not now drink any spirituous liquors. At the time of which we speak he imagined enemies were in his room seeking his life, and it was dangerous to go where he was. Every person who entered he would fly at and try to kill, and sought to arm himself with knives, and to get guns in his possession. Day and night he had to be closely watched. As his mind became more alienated he would see his bed covered with the most loathsome and disgusting vermin, dogs, cats, mice, rats, toads, and other things, were running over him and annoying him. He would be constantly trying to seize them, that he might fling them from the bed. Sometimes, too, snakes and the most deadly serpents would be crawling and hissing about him. Indeed this is common in such cases, and venomous reptiles swarm as thick as they did in hell when Satan returned from paradise after effecting the destruction of Eve.—When he reached Pandemonium to boast of his exploit Milton says,

——"Dreadful was the din
Of hissing through the hall, thick swarming now
With complicated monsters head and tail,
Scorpion, and asp, and amphisbaena dire,
Cerastes horn'd, hydrus, et ops dreare,
And dipsas."

All these and more crowd around the wretched being who is tormented by delirium tremens. There is nothing so dreadful and awful but it appears to haunt him—devils, ghosts, witches, black nogels, monsters of all conceivable forms, demons of every variety, apparitions, all are there in dark conclave around their victim—all these are sprits of rum. But if dismal and terrible objects infest the apartment of the diseased drunkard, so also do those which are ridiculous and sorrowfully laughable. Interminable rounds of absurdities flit through his brain and form pictures there which to him are real and tangible, and he speaks and acts accordingly. Umbriel, the dusky, melancholy sprit in Pope's *Rape of the Lock*, when he

"Repair'd to search the gloomy cave of Spleen,"

did not behold forms more whimsical than those which people the space before the man a prey to delirium tremens, nor did the vivid imagination of Ariosto invent any more freakish, odd fancies than are engendered by this disease when he sent Astolfo on his winged hippogriff to the moon. Thus the patient alternates from appalling despair and terror to insane mirth and merriment—from the terrible to the ludicrous—from tears and heart-rending groans to shouts of boisterous laughter. Should not these symptoms give way or appropriate treatment and sleep be procured, or should alcohol not be abandoned, another and a third stage supervenes.

The ~~third~~ *stage*, like the fifth act in a melancholy tragedy, is even more deeply marked with gloom than those before it, and is summed up by the last, sad, and final catastrophe. The powers of exhausted nature now yield; the racked and tortured muscles refuse longer to play; the strained and agonized nerves are paralyzed; the brain is overwhelmed with a lethargic stupor. The patient lies supine, and his symptoms are like those in typhus fever where general collapse has supervened. The extremities are smitten with an icy coldness, which resists every attempt at subjugation, and like the lividity which extends further around the bite of a rattle-snake, so this iciness of the charnel house extends itself with a slow, sure, and deadly advance towards the vitals or citadel of life. The delerium is no longer loud and boisterous, but low, muttering, and sardonic. The eyes are glazed, the countenance anxious, sunken pale, and hippocratic. The skin is entirely covered with a fluid of the perspiration peculiar to this disease. The convulsive twitching of the sinews, and the nervous tremors are universal. A disagreeable odor, something resembling both an alliaceous and vinous scent, exhales from the whole body. This pathognomonic symptom we recognized in the most marked manner in a Portugoese negro sailor in the New York Hospital during the winter we graduated at the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons. This sailor had his limbs frozen while entering port, and had to have them both amputated.—While sick in the hospital delerium tremens supervened and carried him out of the world.—The peculiar odor of which we have just spoken we then observed for the first time, and it was particularly pointed out to the students then attending the hospital by our clinical lecturer, Professor J. H. Smith. But besides this symptom, the pulse is thready, and so rapid as scarcely to admit of enumeration, and at length will not allow of it, and grows less and less perceptible to the touch. The tongue is chopped, and enveloped with a thick, brown, and tenacious fur. The lips are covered with sores, and the teeth are gummed up with filthy excretions; Convulsions now generally supervene, and the scene is closed by—*death*! Death completes the picture, and cuts short the thread of a miserable, wretched drunkard's life.

Such is a faint and imperfect description of an awful disorder peculiar to drunkards. Such is a brief sketch of the dreadful fate which threatens all those who tamper with ardent spirits. And is not the delineation, notwithstanding our inability to do it full justice, enough to make any reflecting person tremble at the thought of falling into such an abyss?

Mediation.

John Bull has actually again offered to "mediate" between this country and Mexico, with a view to an amicable settlement of the ugly quarrel which is now in existence. The reason of this generous offer on the part of Mr Bull is, not that he is afraid, the Mexicans will dowuge us in the least, nor that we shall incur an expense beyond our means of payment, nor that our fleet will fail in the attempt, if one should be made, to take the Castle of St. Juan d'Ullon, for he knows that we can get along without his interfereance or his good wishes. He is not, on the other hand, anxious about the welfare of the Mexicans, nor does he care whether they get thrashed to death or not—provided—ah, yes! that's the idea—that his interests in that region be not injured by the farther prosecution of the war. John Bull is one of those round-faced, square-built men, who are notorious for their selfishness. He will sit still with the utmost ease and complaisance while there is no interruption to his succes, and until some parts of his system fails, or until he sees an opportunity of making an honest penny by stirring up with a long pole some nation, country or people, that does not speak a language by which its sentiments can be made known to the world, *then* he is tremendous; and all he has to do is to tell what he wants, which he does by *claiming* it, what ever it may be, as his own. If his claim is disputed, he begins to bluster if the controversy be with a powerful nation, and after blustering awhile proposes to negotiate. During the negotiation, however, he ceases not to brag of his power, but most busily does he employ himself in circulating all manner of terrific stories about the increase of his army and navy, with a view of deterring the party with whom he is negotiating from persisting in the declaration and maintainance of its rights.

This was the course he took during the pendency of the proposition for the annexation of Texas, but the question was settled in spite of all the show he made and the threats he uttered; and after the affair was decided he was silent. After the war had broken out between this country and Mexico, being always desirous of preserving his own interests, he offered to settle the matter by medintion, which offer was most respectfully declined. The war was carried on with such vigor that John began to fear for the safety of his mines in Mexico and the value of his mortgage on the Californias, and then he instructed his minister at Washington to offer mediation again. The offer was again refused unqualifiedly and unconditionly, and so Johnny has full leave to withdraw his proposal and mind his own business. This Republic will never allow him to dictate the terms on which any question may be settled and the sooner he makes up his mind that we are able and determined to conduct our affairs in our own way, and according to our own will and pleasure, the sooner will he cease to be sneered at by the civilized nations of the earth, as an impertinent meddler in the affairs of other countries. It was high time that he was taught his proper place in the community of nations, and of all the members of that community most fit to give him his first lesson, this Republic is the one. *Viva Respublica!—New York Globe.*

ACCIDENT. A man named Henry P. Traverse was very badly injured this morning, while blasting at the new Canal. He had prepared two charges, and fired both of them; one went off, and the other hang fire; he approached it, when it exploded, pieces of the rock striking him on the right side of his face, breaking his nose and badly fracturing his skull. His face was also badly burned. Mr T. was from Saratoga county, N. Y., and employed on the section of Moody, Ross & Co. It is feared he cannot live.—*Lowell Courier of yesterday.*

MUSEUM. The *Belle of the Belfry* and the *Spoiled Child* will be played at the Museum on Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, for the special accommodation of juveniles and others, who have not been able to attend evenings. Children will be admitted at ten cents apeice. The company cease on Saturday evening, and leave the city.—*Lowell Courier.*

☞ There is a rumor that Silas Wright will decline being a candidate for re-election as Governor of New York. This would be a confession of weakness which would be almost as fatal to his Presidential hopes as a beating by John Young.—*Lowell Courier.*

Bah! yes, and one as likely to happen as the other.

☞ Rev. B. F. Clark of North Chelmsford will address the W. T. A. Society at the City Hall at 5½ o'clock on Sunday evening.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 3, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

A METING OF THE DEMOCRACY of Lowell will be holden at the City Hall this (Saturday) evening, October 3d, 1846, at 8 o'clock to chose Delegates to attend the County Convention to be holden at Concord on Thursday the 8th inst.; and also to elect Delegates to the District Convention to be holden at South Andover on Tuesday the 13th inst. A general attendance is highly desirable.

Per order of the City Committee.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District Committee.

JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,

EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

DISTRICT NO. 3.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No 3, are hereby notified and requested to elect Delegates, in the proportion of one Delegate for every fifty Democratic votes cast for Governor at the last election, to be holden at E. S. MERRILL's Tavern in SOUTH ANDOVER, on TUESDAY, 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the Democratic party to represent said District in the next Congress of the United States, and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in the District are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District.

E. H. SAFFORD, Chairman.

September 29th 1846.

Chapter on Ruin.

The universal ruin that would pervade the country if Polk and Walker's tariff bill passed congress, induces us to publish a chapter of extracts from papers of all parties.

We shall commence with extracts from the Lowell Courier, because Lowell being the head quarters of manufacturing, it was expected to be the head quarters of Ruin. In addition to the advancement of manufacturing, given by that paper, we might speak of other vast additions and investments that are here being made in manufacturing, and also by pretty much the same persons in Essex. Manufacturing and preparations for manufacturing, were never pushed, in any comparison, with the energy they have been since it was rendered probable that the new tariff bill would pass, and since it has been passed. In addition to what the Courier says, showing the rapid growth and prosperity of Lowell, we will mention that the canal along side of Pawtucket Falls, at the foot of which a row of factories will be set as soon as the canal is got through, will cost not less than half a million dollars:

"NEW MILLS IN LOWELL. The foundation for the new mill on the Carpet, is nearly completed. This mill will be filled with power looms for carpet weaving. It is to be 272 feet long, by 130 feet wide, 2 stories high, and lighted from the top, and will contain 200 looms. This company is also putting up a large machine shop, picker-house, and other buildings.

The new Hamilton mill is 317 by 48 feet, and 4 stories high, calculated for 20,000 spindles. It is fast being fitted for operation. Part of the building was undermined by water last spring, and about thirty ft. of it fell into the canal

The new mill on the Merrimack is nearly ready for machinery. It is 5 stories high, 353 feet in length and 48 wide, and will run 600 looms and 20,000 spindles, and give employment to 500 hands. It is intended for the manufacture of printing cloth. The water for this mill is carried from the canal through an immense wrought iron feeder, or flume, 8 feet in diameter, with a fall of about 30 feet. This feeder was made at the Machine shop in this city, and will cost together with the expense of laying down, nearly $20,000. This is, we should think a decided improvement upon the old wooden flume. The company are also building a new picker-house, 216 feet long, and a new waste-house, 144 feet long. It is estimated that there will be laid, the present season, by the company, about 5,000,000 bricks. They employ at the present time, nearly 1,500 hands, male and female.

The new prescott mills are nearly ready for operation. The large mill is for spinning, and will contain, when full, 20,000 spindles, and will be driven by water power. The smaller mill is to be filled with looms, and a steam engine of 180 horse power, will be used in driving the machinery.

The new woolen mill of the Middlesex company, on Concord river, is 150 by 43 feet, 6 stories high, with an engine house and a large engine for use in case of a failure of water, which is always expected on this river in summer. The company has also recently built a new machine shop and made additions to their old mills.

At the Lowell Bleachery, extensive improvements are being made. A large bleach-house, one finishing-house, one dry-house, and an engine room for a new engine of 120 horse power, are now being built.

Some idea from the growth of Lowell, may be gathered from these facts. There are a number of other establishments, of a smaller kind, about to be started, and improvements to be made, of which we shall have something to say hereafter."—*Lowell Courier.*

The *Transcript and Adaertiser* (whig neetral—published at Great Falls, N. H.) speaks as follows.—"The world moves on as well, and for aught we see, as fast, as ever; at least our part of it. Our wheels continue to whirl and our spindles to hum; and everybody is as busy as you please, and some of them a good deal more so. The brick makers and the masons, the carpenters and the day laborers, are as full of business as they could wish. Many buildings are going up in our village, which, with the operations of the company in erecting their large mill, give an air of business and life to it. Few villages in this State are growing as rapidly as ours, and the prospect for its continued growth and prosperity are very flattering.—A dam is now building a short distance below the lower mills which the company has voted to erect. Our Bank will soon, we trust, be in operation, and with these and other facilities, we trust our business people will aim at a steady increase of their business."

An important letter. The following letter from Samuel Lawrence, Esq., says the *Hartford Times*, is important at this time. It is evidence from one well qualified to speak, that the new tariff will not injure the important manufacturing interests of New England. He shows also, the increasing demand for fine wool—says their factory is now using one *million* pounds annually, and they are about to put up two more factories, one of which will use *two million* pounds, and the other *seven hundred thousand*, annually. Thus we find provision made by one company, for the consumption of *three millions seven hundred thousand pounds* of fine wool annually. This does not look like "ruin." The letter appears in the *Washington* (Pa.) *Examiner:*

LOWELL, Aug. 9th, 1846.

Thomas Miller, Esq., Hickury, Pa:

DEAR SIR—Your esteemed favor of the first of August duly come to hand, and annexed, I beg to hand you an account of your wool, which amounts to $882 76, for which you will draw on Lawrence, Stone & Mason, Boston, at sight. Your wool is truly superb and does you great credit. I wish most heartily that it was in our power to allow you better prices; the bags will be returned in accordance with your directions.

We now use about a million pounds of fine wool, and are starting another mill which will require *about seven hundred thousand pounds yearly in addition.*

We are laying the foundation for another establishment, nine miles from here, which will require about *two millions* of pounds more per annum.

I remain yours, and truly,

SAM'L LAWRENCE.

Surely, the Democrats have *ruined* the country; in addition to the above, Mr Lawrence says, too, that he has no cause to "*discharge a single hand, nor reduce the wages of one a single cent.*"

More Ruin. We clip the following from an exchange:—"Two factories have lately been commenced, and are now in course of erection, at Gilboa, Schoharie county, New York. Another in Pottsville, Green county, is going up with convenient despatch. One erected some time ago, in Pittsfield, Mass., and which has been laying idle since its erection, is now soon to go into operation. So we go. While the whig papers cry 'ruin,' whig capitalists are building factories."

"The Winooski Falls (Vt.) Manufacturing Company, with a capital of $200,000, have, since the passage of the new tariff bill, voted to increase their capital to $400,000! This company is extensively engaged in the manufacture of cassimeres, large quantities of which are exported to Canada and sold at a handsome profit."

More Ruin. A gentleman of Burlington, Vt., informs us that a large woolen manufacturing company at that place, whose capital consists of two hundred thousand dollars, which has been in operation about one year, that the stockholders have recently held a meeting and concluded to build another factory, and increase their capital to *four hundred thousand dollars.* This same company are now manufacturing cloths and cassimeres, some of which they carry to Canada, and after paying the British tariff, sell them at a profit. The Canada dealers mistook these American cloths for those manufactured in the west of England, because they were superior to the common English article. We invite those who have been whining for the 'factory hands and crumbling walls,' to read and ponder on the above before they manufacture any more lies to scare the ignorant.—*Bennington Gazette.*

Another cotton factory has just been started, in Fredericsburg, Va., making the third in that town. They are coining in their *centses*—*Star.*

Some of the whig papers are beginning to see that the new tariff is not so bad for Massachusetts as it might be. A writer in the *Boston Courier* says that Massachusetts imports annually fifty million lbs. of sugar; on this she will annually save $700,000. Surely that is something. He goes on to say—"she will save as much more on iron and coal, and doubtless as much on salt, cloths, silks, spices, &c., as on sugar, iron, and coal,"—making a total in favor of Massachusetts, by the new tariff, of *three millions of dollars a year.* Guess we'll stay awhile yet.—*Boston Emancipator.*

We learn upon the best authority, that one machinist, within sixty miles of Hartford, has received orders from various manufacturers, since the passage of the new tariff, for between sixty and seventy woolen looms, of the most approved and perfect model. This is good evidence that the woolen manufacturers are satisfied that they are in no danger of being ruined.—*Hartford Times.*

More Ruin.—Domestic Goods. Five thousand four hundred and thirty-nine bales of domestic goods were exported from Boston during the month of August. This does not look like ruin to our manufacturers.—*Union.*

More Ruin. Sole leather has risen half a cent a pound lately; and on Saturday two vessels sailed from Philadelphia, for Liverpool, carrying out 16,675 bushels of wheat, 14,791 bushels of corn, 2,596 barrels of corn meal, 200 barrels and 4820 kegs lard, 232 hhds. qoer citron bark, 101 bales cotton, 400 bales hemp, 76 bundles leather, besides a variety of other articles. These Philadelphians must be talked to. How do they think it will ever be possible to get up a panic about the tariff, if such things are to be tolerated?—*Worcester Palladium.*

More Ruin. A meeting of the Portsmouth Steam Factory Company, of which Ichabod Goodwin is President, was held a few days since, which, according to the Portsmouth Journal, after looking at the prospects of the company, "in all possible aspects," resulted in a vote to ADD *one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars* to their capital stock.—*N. H. Argus.*

We think that will do for one chapter.

☞ The London papers announce the death of Lord Metcalf and of the Marquis of Ailsa.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

LA POINT, (Lake Superior) Sept. 14th, 1846.

HOLE IN THE DAY is the name of the great chief; he is in fact the great man of the Dyikawa nation. He is a well proportioned man, 6 ft. 2 inches, about 45 years old, has two wives—sisters. The youngest is with him and two of her children.—His tent is pitched within three rods of our door, on the square, in sight of all the inhabitants here. The eldest child of the wife here, a daughter of about fifteen, came screaming into the yard, a few days since, the blood flowing from her nose and mouth, frightened all but to death. It was soon ascertained that she had broken a blood vessel; she has been for some time consumptively inclined. The difficulty of the journey, the change of climate, the full weather and the many storms, have hastened on the disease which has been lurking in the body a long time. She lays sick in a cotton cloth tent, upon a board, a blanket under her and a blanket over her, her head resting on her hand for a pillow—not a murmur escapes her lips, no evidence of illness, save the quick panting breath and an occasional sigh. The second night after she was taken, I never experienced a fiercer, colder, and more searching wind and storm of rain. Most of the Indian Huts were blown down. I called at her tent early the following morning—*she had been, during the night in an inch of water*—was worse, of course, and her life despaired of—still, not a murmur—no evidence of increased suffering, except that her face was turned from you, and a tear glistening in her eye. Not an inhabitant in the place but knew of the death sickness of the daughter of Hole in the Day.—Nevertheless, not a woman or person of any name or kind offered assistance to the destitute, suffering child of the great chief. There *he* sat like a lioness watching her wounded whelps, with a countenance that bespoke the feeling an Indian has for his child—none feel more. No palliative of any kind was tendered to moisten the parched lips of his dying daughter. No kind or sympathising word was spoken to the stranger, three hundred miles from his home and his hunting ground. His is a proud spirit that disdains to ask a favor. This day is Sunday, there have been three meetings here and preaching to the savages. Each one of the ministers, and the *family* of each, to my certain knowledge, know of the sickness of Hole in the Day's child, and not one has been near. I name this merely to show the practical christianity as it exists among the savages. Whiskey and gun powder follow in the wake of the pay, but no sympathy or attention to the destitute sick child. It is not true that offers of service would be slighted. I gave the mother a half dollar for the purchase of medicine for the child; the chief smiled and the squaw turned the girl's face to show her the money, and then turned to me signifying pleasure. No depth of misery and crime could have reduced a family so low in New England, but under the same circumstances assistence would have been offered. May not the great chief and suffering mother, reason a little, and compare our conduct with our profession? Look at the case I have presented to you, and that but half told, and it will stir the feelings and excite the sympathy of the most hardened among men. My principal object in this letter, was to inform you of the visit of the great Medicine man to the tent. I was permitted to remain during his administration of advice or action. He was a man about fifty, dressed as a common Indian. His fee was given him, consisting of a small blanket, which he spread on the ground, and a small piece of blue cloth about half a yard square, which he spread on the blanket, and stepping upon it, remarked that he was about to practice as their Fathers had done, and exhibited great cures; that he knew not its effect, they were but children—the Great Spirit must be depended on—he hoped for the recovery of the child. He then made a short prayer, and then took a quart basin about half full of water, and put into it four little bones from the thigh or leg of a loon, about four inches long; he then drank off about half of the water, and then took the bones one at a time, with his finger and thumb, and put them endwise into his mouth, and actually *swallowed them*—all the time shaking his little drum rattle, and appearing in great labor, and sweating profusely. After swallowing them, and drinking the rest of the liquid, he leaned over the girl—her breast bared—and commenced spewing and working up the bones again from his stomach; soon one came out—he held it in his lips and touched it to her breast, and sucked up through it two breaths, and then dropped it into the basin—all the time making his little drum rattle go as fast as he could shake it. He worked up each one of the four in the same way, blowing through each as he got it to his lips, a lot of slime and thick spittle, making believe he drew it from the girl's breast. After this process he labored again, and then reached down his head to the basin and drank off all the liquid, and again, one by one, swallowed the bones and repeated the same ceremony, and after getting them up, and most of the liquid back into the basin, he again drank it all up, and this finished the ceremony, being about half an hour in its operation. After it was over all seemed happy. It does not seem to be a solemn matter at all. I have no time to say more of matters and curious things that are daily exhibited here, but must this moment pack for leaving. As ever,

A LOOKER-ON.

THE ESSEX TRANSCRIPT SAYS:—The paragraph in our paper two weeks ago respecting this print has had the desired effect. We have got a plain answer, very commendable withal for its frankness.—The Editor says he is not in favor of amending the constitution for the purpose of abolishing Slavery.

The above is in reply to us. If our answer was "plain" and "very commendable withal for its frankness," we should have supposed the Transcript might have quoted it in full, instead of having garbled it.—Let us restate what we did say, and we ask the Transcript to do us the justice to give our whole answer:—

But the Transcript asks if *we* are ready to join and go for amending the constitution so as to give the general government power to abolish slavery; and says if we are, the abolitionists are ready. In answer, permit us to say we are not while the opposition to it in the slave States is as strong as at present. We believe such a course would lend to a dismemberment of the Union and a civil war in all its worst and most sanguinary features. Slavery can never be abolished by violating the fundamental principles of the constitution, nor by trenting the people of half the states as *criminals and public enemies* without endangering the whole fabric of our national government.

The Transcript abandons all defence of the Abolition State address, in recommending that slaveholders be treated *as criminals and public enemies* that Slavery may be PEACEABLY abolished, and every other point we made.

THE EMANCIPATOR ASKS:—Will the Patriot quote for our instruction those provisions of the constitution which our refusal to vote for a slaveholder is tho't to violate—in "spirit, intent, and letter," or either?

No. But we will quote from the constitution to prove what we did say, to wit: that "*for the citizens of one section of the Union to treat as criminals and enemies those of another section*, (as is recommended by the Abolition state address), *because they do just what the Constitution permits them to do, is contrary to the spirit, intent and letter of the constitution.*"

Article 4, Sec. 4,—"The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States."

Under this clause in the Constitution, what right have the people of one State to treat as *criminals and public enemies* those of another! Would it not be in violation of the spirit, intent and letter of the Constitution? If the people of a free State should treat slaveholders as *criminals and public enemies*, the government of a free state should do the same; and we would ask, and in all seriousness—for it comes to just this, if the Emancipator would have the government of Massachusetts pass laws declaring slavery to be a high crime, and slaveholders criminals and public enemies, and arrest and punish them as such whenever they could be found within her borders? That slavery is a great moral evil none deny. But instead of being considered by the constitution or its framers a legal crime, and slaveholders as criminals and public enemies, it was looked upon as a necessary evil, and slaveholders as citizens with all the rights, privileges and immunities of citizens, not slaveholders.

Please, Mr. Emancipator, come back to the point and defend the recommendation of the abolition State address, to treat slaveholders as *criminals and public enemies* and not talk alone about the constitutional right of voting (which is only one step towards the dangerous and reckless work proposed) against a slaveholder for President, if, as you say, you "desire to continue this discussion in a manly manner."

Gen. Kearney and Gen. Taylor.

The Western Mail confirms the report of Gen Kearney's entrance into Santa Fe. The U. S. Flag has been hoisted from the National Palace and New Mexico proclaimed in possession of our army. Gen. K. has assumed the Gubernatorial office and taken quarters at the palace. Armijo fled with 4000 Troops. Gen. K. was preparing to march to Chihuahua.

A letter to the New Orleans Picayune, from Mr. Kendall, dated at Seralvo, Sept. 3d, says—Gen. Taylor will be within cannon shot of Monterey, on the 18th or 20th of September. Ampudia is at Monterey, with the entire control. Mr Kendall learns that 2000 Mexican troops of the line, arrived there on the 31st of August, with 4 pieces of field artillery.

Canales is at Marine, with 800 Rancherors, to dispute Gen, Taylor's march upon Monterey. These people are determined to fight somewhere. Arista is in the city of Mexico, it is said charged with cowardice and treacherous designs.

Temperance Meeting.

At the request of Dr. E. Huntington, Messrs. S. Bancroft, E. B. Patch and S. Curtis, a few of the friends of Temperance met on Saturday evening, at the John-street vestry. J. Clark, Esq., was called to the Chair, and J. Curtis appointed Secretary.

It was moved, that, in the opinion of this meeting, it is advisable to call a public meeting in the City Hall for the expression of public sentiment, and the adoption of such measures as may be deemed expedient in relation to the cause of Temperance among us.

This motion having been supported by remarks from Messrs J. A. Knowles, J. Aiken, L. Child, E. Burnap J. C. Dalton, &c., passed by a unanimous vote.

It was then voted that a committee of five be appointed, to prepare a call for a public meeting, and obtain as many signatures as they thought important; the time of the meeting to be left discretionary with this committee. Whereupon, Drs. E. Huntington, Messrs. S. Bancroft, E. B. Patch, Dr. J. C. Dalton, and J. Curtis were chosen to constitute that committee.

It was also voted that a Business Committee of seven, be appointed, to prepare resolutions, &c., to be submitted for consideration at the public meeting; and J. Aiken, Esq., Judge Crosby, Rev. S. W. Hunks, Hon. L. Child, Drs. Huntington and Curtis, and Mr. E. Burnap were chosen to fill that committee.

After a vote to publish these proceedings in the city papers, the meeting adjourned.

JOHN CLARK, Chairman.

JOSIAH CURTIS, Secretary.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846.

☞ The city authorities have licensed a company to play English's "Rosina Meadows" at the City Hall. We understand that a license for full dramatic plays would not be granted to the Museum.—Why this distinction? There is nothing in the chastity and purity of the language, that entitles that play to special favor certainly.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA. The Hibernia arrived this morning at Boston, but no important news further than that brought by the Great Western at N. Y. a few days since. Cotton has much advanced, and speculators are driving a great business. The distress in Ireland continues to increase.

☞ We said a day or two since, that the chances of several gentlemen of this city for receiving the nomination to Congress were pyramidial—the balloting at the convention verified our reckoning—e. g. Wentworth 2, Hopkinson 3, Schouler 16, and Courier, the delegation *was* packed for Schauler as we said the voting at the Convention would show.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION of New York have re-nominated SILAS WRIGHT as the Democratic candidate for Gov. At the first ballot he received 112 out of 125 votes, when he was unanimously nominated. Addison Gardner was also unanimously nominated as candidate for L. T. Governor.

☞ At the democratic convention at Ipswich, the following nominations were made for senators for Essex county, viz:—

Nathaniel Frothingham, jr., of Salem, Dr George Osborne, of Danvers, Mr Lawrence, of Newburyport, Mr Kimball, of Bradford, Eben H. Safford, of Haverhill.

☞ COL. SCHOULER returned home from his tour in Europe this morning. We have not had the pleasure of seeing him, but understand he is still "the same old coon."

☞ Flour in New York City, on the first inst., went up to $5,75 per barrel. An advance of seventy-five cents in a single day.

☞ The Whigs of the 12th District have unanimously renominated John Q. Adams for Congress.

☞ The Nashua Telegraph says that a new Steam Machine Shop is talked of in that town. "The site talked of is upon the land of Joel Carter, Esq. near the Nashua river, which, when the East Wilton Rail Road is built, will possess every advantage possible, so far as location is concerned."

☞ The Boston Pilot says, that the Boston Association of the friends of Ireland remitted by the Cunbria, which sailed on Thursday, the munificent sum of two hondred pounds sterling, to the parent association in Dublin.

MAN DROWNED. An Irishman named John Horley, about twenty-five years of age, was drowned in the Merrimack Canal above the Machine Shop this morning. He accidentally fell in, and was carried away by the current, which is very strong. His body was recovered this noon.—*Lowell Courier of yesterday.*

NATIVES.—This morning Party have nominated Francis Bayliss of Taunton and Charles W. Moore of Charlestown, Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

☞ Swarms of the great brown locust have visited England in the Northern and Eastern counties.

DIED.

In Rochester, N. H., Sept. 30, of consumption, Mr. JOHN R. VARNEY, aged 34 years. Mr V. has been the past ten years engaged as a teacher in the State of New Jersey. He reached home about ten days before his death.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHIPPS, Sen
Merth Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3a&ptf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Bullington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 13 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.

oct3 d&3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 29, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM SNELL, of Lowell insaid County, carpenter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the thirteenth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Snell and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

oct1a3tf

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy al competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahigh Gonant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

LAW NOTICE.

BUTLER & FARR,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

—OFFICE—

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.

Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.
Methuen Sept. 26 1846. a3t

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.

sep17a3w

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY

of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical force and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume: The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*

TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS!! Boonets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of *October*, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of *October*, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of *October*, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened —and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22 a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

sep22 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday

The superior fast sailing Schr. ANTI CELLO, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF

In a few Days,

The fast sailing A 1 packet Skip HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. H. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co. 75 said wharf, Shippers will please send receipts,—Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&ptf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Drops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Head Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and box of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Hug Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine no 13, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfaug 17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good,	"	1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, HEAVY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Nute & Rice, butchers, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

A. T. NUTE,
JONATHAN RICE.

Lowell, Sept. 8, 1846

N. B. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present the same for payment immediately, and all persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle the same within thirty days, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection.

s3w* JONATHAN RICE.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE,

Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock will be cheap,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.

Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. s3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11a1f

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossinn's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Aera and Poems of Ossinn. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sep26, 23 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a poetical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No. 30, Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20a1f

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1a 1m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed all white, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders so nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

WAGER & DATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at HANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will be. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination.

The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN

GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 21, 1846. aug25a&s3o

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in fee of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co.'s Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent

to sell for Shadrach Vmney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. a1m

REMOVAL.

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & PEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Land at Auction.

On TUESDAY next, Oct. 6 at 2 o'clock A. M. on the premises (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) Two lots of Land on Burns Street containing about 5000 Square feet each. Also one lot on Davis Street on the hill a little South of the South Grammar School house. Also several other lots in the vicinity.

The lots are pleasantly situated and are very desirable for building lots. Purchasers will do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

House and Barn

I shall sell on SATURDAY Oct. 3d, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a genteel Cottage House, with a Barn, on the southerly side of Oak Street, third house from High street. The house is well finished, with 11 rooms, and about 2400 feet of land.

House and Land.

On MONDAY, Oct. 5, at 2½ o'clock, on the premises, the Stone House on Chesver street, a few rods west of School st., with 5114 feet of land. The house has 10 well finished rooms, is in good repair and rents readily for $100

At 3½ P. M., same day, on the premises, a lot of land on the southerly side of Adams street, the first vacant lot from Lowell street, containing 2971 feet. The lot has 60 feet front, and is less than 60 feet deep; has a brick wall upon it, and is a very desirable lot to build upon. Sale positive in both cases.

Terms—One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, and interest annually. The title unquestionable For further particulars inquire of J. K. FELLOWS; or of the Auctioneer.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water; Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also,* 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—*Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.*—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Corded Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great sale of Iron Wire.

On THURSDAY next Oct. 8th at precisely 11 o'clock A. M., 15532 Pounds *Iron Wire,* various sizes from No 5 to No. 19, suitable for Reeds, Flyers and all other kinds of work. Nearly all of the above is perfect wire, made of Charcoal Iron (the best made in this country) every lot will be warranted according to description on the catalogue.

Dealers and workers are respectfully invited to notice the sale. Catalogues will be ready and samples open on the morning of sale. Terms, all sums under $100 cash, all over, 4 mos, satisfactory endorsed notes.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes; very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urithra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus; none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residance on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street. s&aplymn5

R. W. HILL, M. D.,

MAY be found at his office, up 2d flight of stairs in Wentworth's Building on Merrimack street, near Rail Road Depot, at the usual office hours, where he continues to be consulted in all malignant cases of disease, and with unsurpassed success to perform radical cures of diseases which have withstood the torrent of prescriptions from the days of yore, such as Cancer Scirrhus, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Cholic, Female Maladies of all descriptions, together with all those humors of the blood, so prevalent and which ultimately destroy life by leading to a fatal disease if not arrested. These facts are here mentioned from long experience in sober earnestness for the benefit and encouragement of the afflicted, that they may not despair of a remedy which is due to them.—The Dr. feeling conscious of his ability to heal, hopes to continue to merit and receive a common share of patronage in the line of his profession. Lodgings on corner of Tyler and Central sts.

Lowell, June 1st, 1846. je4a3m

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25a1f

LOST 1—A BLACK SILK MANTLE on the road from Newburyport to Andover in the town of Georgetown, on Tuesday last. Whoever will leave said Mantle at the Hotel in Georgetown shall be suitably rewarded.

August 15, 1846. aug18a1f

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quacks.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to the numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those sufferlog the afflictions of disease, to exercise no every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and pateot medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaantingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs, as —

"Money prnved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure condition, or known as cancreat disorders his remedies act with mildness and safety and, at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and opothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and praying that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating seosation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofolous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratificatinn. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is no'

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VOSBETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vosbeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will say can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humor, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine* and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE.—A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness in the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the less simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pnlly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HENT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Ague in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and cripplid child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to its natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. H. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

DEAN & DINSMOOR,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.

BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.

may21 Insurances effected a&ply

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The are with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

J. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

THE

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11A6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure stated the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bonck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour. I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lapincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Compeyet, 137 Broom street cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barreness, leecorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and insatiable before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barreness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR,

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grond and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 2846.

Dr Townsend—To whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debiliated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, March 30, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, o.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stratstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

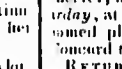
SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, an arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, wellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for cat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. L. Tower. may14a&ply

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merr

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 118.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

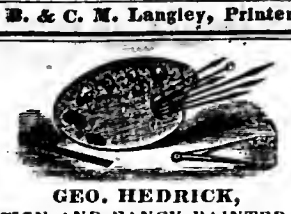
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Ship-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Soshes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&P1f

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf novl

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. jo8tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,* LOWELL. oct23 atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. sp12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOIES'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair; and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Cosnor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 a1f

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Abcess or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Deterioration of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentry* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SUPERB HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by H. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&etoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker

[redacted]

DY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by 20 other booksellers. ojwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premium paid (see table); also the option of selecting branches, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Amount the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$1,000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$20 10	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 55	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	554 85	270 20	39 70	1381
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 51	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREEN, Acting Agents
for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sreowly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. HICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly*apr4

POETRY.

The Quadroon Girl.

The slaver in the broad lagoon
Lay moored with idle sail;
He waited for the rising moon,
And for the evening gale.

Under the shore his boat was tied,
And all her listless crew
Watched the gay alligator slide
Into the still bayou.

Odors of orange flowers, and spice,
Reached them from time to time,
Like airs that breathe from paradise
Upon a world of crime.

The planter, under his roof of thatch,
Smoked thoughtfully and slow;
The Slaver's thumb was on the latch,
He seems in haste to go.

He said, "My ship at anchor rides
In yonder broad lagoon;
I only wait the evening tides,
And the rising of the moon."

Before them with her face upraised,
In timid attitude,
Like one half curious, half amazed,
A Quadroon maiden stood.

Her eyes were, like a falcon's, gray,
Her arms and neck were bare;
No garment she wore save a kirtle gay,
And her own long, raven hair.

And on her lips there played a smile
As holy, meek, and faint,
As lights in some cathedral isle
The features of a saint.

"The soil is barren,—the farm is old,"
The thoughtful planter said;
Thee looked upon the slaver's gold,
And then upon the maid.

His heart within him was at strife
With such accursed gains;
For he knew whose passions gave her life,
Whose blood ran in her veins.

But the voice of nature was too weak;
He took the glittering gold!
Then pale as death grew the maiden's cheek,
Her hands as icy cold.

The slaver led her from the door,
He led her by the hand,
To be his slave and paramour
In a strange and distant land!

Longfellow.

A PATHETIC STORY.

The following is an extract from the work of the late Thomas Haynes Bailey. It narrates the efforts of a young man called Hercules, or the strong man of the fair, in going through his gymnastic exercises at the fair in Liege:—

"Now the same "Hercules," for so he was designated, professed to raise enormous weights. This part of the exhibition had no charms for me; nor can I understand the enthusiasm with which people congregate to see a fellow creature shorten his life. Under some circumstances, when, by taking prodigious leaps, unnaturally distorting the body, or walking up a single rope to a terrific height, he gives his audience *a chance* or seeing him *killed on the spot*, the attraction becomes doubly great. But horrors have not charms for me, and I was tempted into the strong man's booth by the announcement that he would give a living representation of the most admired statues of antiquity.

It was late, and when I entered the exhibitor was standing on a pedestal in the attitude of Apollo. I was surprised to see a youth, apparently scarce twenty-one, formed certainly in the mould of a Hercules, but evidently too young to undertake the astonishing feats of strenght described in his *affiche*. Though very muscular, his limbs were graceful, his attitudes free from vulgarity, and his costume was perfectly delicate. His symmetrical arms and his fine throat were bare. The expression of his handsome countenance betrayed disquietude and anxiety; but I supposed him merely anxious, as it was the first day of the fair, to make a favorable impression on the very scanty assembly. This end seemed to be attained, for they were tumultuous in their applause, especially when, having left his pedestal, he commenced that part of his task which, though little to to my taste, had been eagerly expected by them. This poor boy, for really he looked little more, proceeded to realize all the promises made in his bills. Prodigious were the weights he raised; and some that it was utterly impossible for him to move from the earth, were placed *upon him*. His sufferings must have been acute, but he bore them without flinching. Large and muscular though his frame appeared, his fair countenance was that of a stripling; light hair curled round his forehead, now bathed with the dews of over-exertion, and on his cheek there was the beetle of ill health; or a spot of rouge, ill put on, to imitate youth's roses. In every pause there was a short dry cough, never to be mistaken by one who has heard that fatal signal by his own fireside; but he still proceeded with his task, though each new effort was more difficult and painful than the last.

At length but one feat remained to be performed, but it required more exertion and endurance than all the rest. His legs were to be fastened to an upright pillar, and when his body was in a horizontal position, all the weights which he had raised singly were to be supported by him in one accumulated mass.

I hastily arose to leave the booth; but just as the exhibitor was preparing himself for the effort, a little boy ran to him on the stage and whispered something in his ear. The young man clasped his hands, kissed the child, and then looked wildly and wistfully on those around him; and when the person who had assisted him prepared to put the fastenings on his feet, he started back, and I heard him say, in a low voice—

"No, no! I can do more! Therese—I must go to her; she will die—she will die!

His rough companion made some hasty answer; and he then pressed his hands firmly on his forehead, and leaned against the side of the stage, apparently in a state of exhaustion. I would gladly have seen the curtain fall, but those who like myself, had paid their money at the door, expected to have their money's worth and after a brief pause loud shouts were raised, and the last act of the exhibition demanded. I saw the young man rouse himself with an effort, and calling to his assistant, cried—

"Now—quick, quick, and let me go to her!"

To me it appeared that tears were streaming from his eyes. I saw him prepare for the trial but I saw no more, I leaned forward and covered my eyes with my cloak. The applauding shouts of those near me proved that he had sustained them; but ere I again ventured to look up, the curtain had fallen.

I was glad to find myself in the open air again, and, turning from the glare and revelry of the still busy fair, I walked along an almost deserted street, which led towards the ramparts. As I proceeded slowly, thinking of the straitened sinews of the poor fellow whose exertions I had just painfully witnessed, two figures approached me, a man and a little child, and though the figure of the former was closely enveloped in a dark mantle, I recognised the Hercules and the boy who had interrupted the performance.

"I don't know what is the matter with me, Frederic," said he faintly. "I am ill; your bad news has chilled me to the heart."

"I am very sorry, papa," replied the child.—"Was I naughty to come?"

"Naughty!—no dearest boy; but we ought to be there and—and—why is this! I cannot support myself."

"Lean on me," said the poor infant, who could scarcely have borne the weight of his father's hand.

"Let me assist you," said I, advancing; "you are ill, exhausted; you are wrong to do so much, you will suffer for it."

"I suffer!" replied the youth; "I care not for myself. But you are a stranger—an Englishman. I cannot except you to assist a poor mountebank."

"Lean upon me," I replied; and, unable to proceed without assistance he leaned upon my shoulder.

We proceeded for some time in silence; but having reached a mean-looking house in an obscure street, he paused.

"This is my lodging," said he. "I thank you—I am better now;" and relinquishing my support, he nearly fell to the earth.

"Go in with the child," I answered; "but pray admit me when I return, for I will bring you something that will revive you."

[Continued]

RESULTS OF THE TARIFF.—"Mr. Swindle, what's the matter with this ere milk lately? It looks very dirty."

"Why Mrs Spraggs, I used to mix it with first rate spring water, but since the Tariff has passed I can't afford that; so I draw some from the duck pond as I come along, and mix in."

"Polly, my dear," says Mrs Snabbs, "I'm astonished at you, daughter. Why do you go out at night without any gentleman ta attend you! You will soon estoblish your character forever as a real night walker."

"Why mother, didn't father say long ago, that if this new Tariff would pass, there would be no more use of PROTECTION, and I think we may as well accommodate ourselves to this state of things first as last."

"Hallo, Jim, what are you doing with that poor dog? His yells are enough to break the heart of a horse-block."

"Well I'm very sorry Sam, but you see I am cutting his tail off, for squire Cribbs says that since the 'British Tariff' is passed we must all *cur*-tail immediately, or else we shall be 'ruined' and the Squire knows all about these things."

"Why ain't you fishing to-day, Jack?" "Oh, where's the use. The 'grubs' have hid themselves; and the fish can't afford to bite at anything but the mossy ends of the stones. The fact is the new Tariff has played the d——l with the fishing business."

"O, cuss the Locofocos! I'm ruined! I've made a good livin' at diggin' cellars, and now, since the new Tariff is come along, cellars already digged are to be imported! I soy, cuss the Locofocos!"—*Ex.*

GETTING AT A SECRET.—The Daily Sentinel says the French are droll people—so their newspapers contain the queerest reports. Here is the latest: A M'llede A. became indisposed; so her family called in the family doctor and left them together.

The doctor was curious and suspicious as to the cause of the young lady's sickness. He drew a lancet from his pocket to bleed her, but at the moment he pressed the vein, he exclaimed.

"Ah, mon Dieu!"

"What is the matter, Monsieur?"

"M'lle, I bed nearly killed you."

"Killed me?"

"Listen!" (here he drew a lancet from his pocket) "here are two lancets; the first is for wives, the second for maids. You see how necessary it is to be careful in the use of surgical instruments. You are a maiden of course?"

"Certainly, Monsieur."

"Well, if I bleed you with the wives' lancet, I should kill you—and vice versa. Now, M'lle, hold out your arm—this is the right lancet!"

"Doctor!"

"Mademoiselle!"

"Take the other one."

HOW IS IT? The whigs still take it for granted that the annexation of Texas will tend to perpetuate slavery. This is decidedly characteristic of the "old coon" who is in the habit of assuming for the fact what it cannot and dares not attempt to prove. Mr Clay, it will be recollected, was of the opinion, in 1844, that Texas would eventually make more free than slave states, and that the question of slavery had nothing to do with annexation one way or the other. Notwithstanding these opinions, the federalists of New England voted for him; and for entertaining sentiments substantially similar they now denounce the democrats as "dough-faces." If this opprobious term is rightfully applied, then was Clay a "dough-face," and his New England friends are worse; they may best be termed "*dough-faced hypocrites.*"—*Hill's Patriot.*

DISUNION, THE WHIG DOCTRINE.—The Boston Courier is preaching disunion to its whig friends as, openly as it was ever preached by federalists of the last war. It uses no circumlocution, but boldly counsels to hoist the flag of dissolution! In its remarks upon the subject, it says: "*For our part, we see no advantage that the free States* derive from the Union." And again, in reply to the common remarks, that "the value of the Union" is too great to be calculated, it says—"*Too small*, you should have said. Put down your decimal point; place fifty ciphers at the right, multiply them by the same number of cyphers, and the product will give an approximation to the sum required!" "*It is preposterous folly for northern men to talk of the value of the Union!*" Such is the language of one of the leading whig papers in this State; such is the doctrine taught under the very shadow of Faneuil Hall, and within sight of the monument on Bunker's Hill! By itself it is sufficiently startling; but taking it in connection with recent political events in New Hampshire and Maine, and in our own Commonwealth and it is fraught with meaning. Are the people prepared for the step so plainly indicated? Are they ready for a *dissolution of the Union!*—*Bristol County Democrat.*

MR. HALE—a friend requested me to hand you the following solution of Mr Muculey's riddle in your paper of 25th inst. W.

Ecod! I've guessed it! 'Tis a *Cod:*
Cut off his head, he's very *od:*
Cut off his tail, you have a Co,
And that is "plural" all men know.
Cut off his head and tail, you leave
A middling nothing (0), you perceive.
What is his head? A sounding C,
What is his tail? The river D.
And where the Epicure but cries "*Od Zounds,*"
"I *know* the Cod produces most sweet *Sounds.*"

[*Boston Advertiser.*

THE SOCIETY ISLANDS. According to recent advices from these islands, the difficulty there between the French and natives continued, and occasioned much bloodshed. There had been almost constant fighting for sometime, and many had fallen on each side. It appears that the native queen, Pomare, is absent in consequence of the proceedings of the French, and it is said that the natives will not submit until she returns to them.—*Gaz. and Chron.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 6, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No. 4, are hereby notified and requested to elect twice the number of delegates, that they are entitled to representatives in the general court to meet in convention to be holden at the Court House in Concord, in said district, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the democratic party to represent said district in the next congress of the United States; and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in Middlesex and Worcester counties, are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the Districts Committee,
JAMES RUSSELL, Chairman.

September 8.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic citizens of the several towns comprising Middlesex County, are hereby notified that a convention will be holden at the Court House in Concord, on Thursday, the 8th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating six candidates for senators, to be supported by the democratic party at the approaching election; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Each town is requested to send to the convention twice the number of delegates they are entitled representatives in the general court.

Per order of County Committee,
EDWARD W. GIBSON, Chairman.

September 8, 1846.

Kicking.

The Newburyport Courier, a rampant abolition whig paper, originally started for the purpose of advocating the claims of Hon. George Lunt for the nomination of Representative from this district, always favorable to him, and believed to be under his control, admits a communication into its columns, over the signature of "Little Lamo," which, for plain language towards the present whig candidate of this district, exceeds anything we have seen. The article opens with a declaration against caucus nominations, and then recommends the adoption of the Western manner of stump speaking, in which candidates show their qualifications for legislators, and their knowledge of national and state affairs, by challenging their political opponents to an open and public discussion. It then holds the following language:—"Take, for instance, our congressional election. Why should we have palmed upon us a puppet, who acts as he is acted upon, and no otherwise—a man of inferior abilities, while we have so much talent—a purchased man—the tool of his employers—his nominator too?" To be sure "Little Lame" says he does not mean anybody in particular; but that would be about equal to kicking a man down stairs, and then telling him you did not mean "anybody in particular."

The article continues—"Why not let the person offer himself as a candidate—come forward and canvass his district, showing that either himself personally, or as the embodyment, the representative of some great principles and truth, he has a greater claim to the suffrages of the people than any other man! The people can then see for whom they vote, and not have to rely upon the declarations of packed caucuses, or purchased newspapers. By the open and fair representation of principles and measures, they can judge what will be for their interests—the candidate will be pledged to certain issues. There can be no reservations—no double dealing—the men whose votes he wishes, can publicly question him; and he must answer without equivocation. If he be for truth, and the interests of that constituency, he can lose nothing by the trial, if not, he will and he ought to fail. Principle will triumph—truth will be vindicated. Let Mr Abbott meet the Democratic candidate, and discuss with him the points on which the parties divide."

That's the doctrine. We hope Mr Abbott will take the hint and call upon the Democratic candidate, (undoubtedly Mr Boutwell, of Groton) and have an open and fair discussion upon the great points of difference between the whig and democratic parties. We say again that the western method of canvassing a constituency is the only correct and democratic mode of electioneering, and we shall do all we can towards its introduction in the Old Bay State.

L. SCOTT & Co's REPRINTS. We have received the September No. of "*Blackwood's Magaziae*" from Jonathan Allen. We shall not attempt to "gild refined gold" by commending "Blackwood." Messrs Scott & Co print their republications in a respectable manner with tolerable type on fair paper and they deserve to be encouraged.

☞ Persons travelling to Manchester N. H. can ride over the road in Stone's Coach which starts from the Depot after the arrival of the first train from Boston—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, for 75 cts. Fare by the said road $1,05 including coach fare at each end of the route.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of the "*Catalogue of the Officers and Students of Dartmouth College, for the Academical year* 1846-7."—from James C. Abbott of this city. The present number of Students is 217 of which 50 are medidal and 197 undergraduates.

☞ By an Extra from the Northampton Democrat we learn that Stephen J. W. Tabor has been unanimously nominated Candidate for Congress from the sixth district by the Democracy. Dr. Tabor is the able editor of the Democrat.

☞ The banks round are paying four per ct. semi-annual dividends.

A SEVERE OPERATION UPON A COUNTRYMAN.—On Wednesday afternoon, says the Post, a middle aged person from Westboro', in the employ of the Worcester R. R. Co., received a check at the depot on the Boylston Bank for $400, and as he wanted to get it cashed forthwith he was furnished with a note to that effect to an officer in the bank. He then went to the bank, and obtained the money; on coming out he was invited by a countryman to ride to Charlestown—he concluded to go—on the invitation of the Cabster drank a glass of gin-sling—lost his brains and subsequently by some hocus-pocus dream-like to him his $400, and was found by the watchman in State Street the next morning.

MAINE ELECTION. The Cabotville Mirror says, the political character of this state for the next year, is uncertain. The parties will be nearly balanced in the Legislature. The democrats have *truth* and the greatest number on their side; but the whigs have *abolition* and cunning to aid them. Which will carry the day is more than we can tell, but believe the democracy will carry the state after all!

☞ The True Sun says, three young swells of Cincinnati, while on a spree on the night of the 27th ult., after cutting up a variety of rowdy antics, overtook in the street, Mr Edward Byington, a steamboat engineer, and without the slightest pretence, not so much as a word, one of the wretches plunged a bowie knife into his bowels, killing him almost instantly.—The assassin was caught next morning. His name is Church.

☞ Lord Chotham once said a good thing for free trade, in the British House of Lords. "I do not despair of my country; and I have no objection to state what, in my opinion, would restore the kingdom to its once flourishing condition. Give freedom to commerce, and lighten the pressure of taxation, and you will have no complaining in your streets. As commerce is always a change of equivalents, a nation that will not buy, cannot sell; and every restriction upon import is an obstacle to export.

☞ A cotemporary writing upon the apparent conflict between scriptural and scientifical testimony in the matter of the geological structure of the earth, says, "the intrical researches of science are sometimes perilous." The reader may judge by a perusal of the article how little the author of this profaned remark has to apprehend from any personal harm in sciontific investigation.

☞ The *prayer* of the whig abolition editor, who is about to support a slaveholder for the presidency:—

"From Polk and Slavery, good Lord!—
From this most monstrous evil
Deliver us right speedily—
But let *me* serve the Devil!"

POLICE COURT. A corresdondent wants to know what became of "that case in the Lowell court."—Will the Advertiser tell?—*Post.*

We presume the case of Noyes for rape, is referred to. The case was adjourned from Tuesday to Saturday for the introduction of testimany on the part of the defence, when the case was concluded by binding over Noyes in the sum of $2000 for his appearance to a higher court.

☞ The Difference between the price of wheat per quarter and per barrel in eterling money: multiply the price per quarter by 7, and divide by 12, the result will be the amount per barrel. Thus 56 shillings per quarter, multiplied by 7, and divided by 12, gives 32s. 8d. per barrel.

ANTI-RENT. The New York Sun says, a proposition is made in our State Convention to abolish the feudal tenures; no land leased for a longer period than ten years shall have any rent or service retained, and all restraints in leases to be made void. This proposition was laid on the table for a day.

☞ Some scoundrel cut the telegraph wires between Albany and Rochester, on Wednesday night, and took out about 800 feet of the wire.

☞ The Mecklenburg, N. C. Jeffersonian states that the operations at Shield's gold mine, in Moor county, have already found several large peices of gold—one weighed over a pound.

☞ The Storm which the Great Western experienced, extended over Newfoundland, doing immense injury. Fishing vessels arriving at Beverly report seeing several ships dismasted.

☞ An extraordinary religious revival has taken place in the Methodist churches in Baltimore, and upwards of 2000 members have been added within three weeks.

☞ The corporators of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad have voted to assume the charter of the Wilton Railroad, agreeably to an offer made by the stockholders of the latter corporation.

☞ The democrats have nominated Col. Cottrell to fill the vacancy in Mr Yancey's congress district in Alabama. Mr Y. has declined.

☞ Annelli's End of the World is drawing large audiences. It is really a great work and deserves to be patronised.

☞ Hon. Benjamin Thompson, Representative in Congress from the Fourth District, declines a re-election.

☞ The Boston Star comes out this morning as a whig paper.—*Lowell Courier.*

Comes out, does it? What was it before it came out?

☞ The Kentucky Tribune suggests that Mr Clay certainly will be sent to the senate, if Mr Morehead declines.

☞ The Cochran House, at Newton, N. J., was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. Loss about $10,000.

☞ Kelley who killed the girl in Baltimore by kicking her has been arrested.

☞ Edwards who murdered old Mr Moore, near St. Louis, has been taken.—*Post.*

☞ Mr Hoyt, shot by Mr Myers at Richmond, was not dead at last advices.

☞ Railroad time changed. See advertisement.

1111 dogs were killed in Philadelphia in one week.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Wednesday Sept. 30.

Charles M. Short against Joseph Pinder—debt for rent. Morse and Sweetser for plff. A. R. Brown for deft. Verdict for deft.

Daniel K. Kimball against City of Lowell—For defect in highway on Andover street, and damage to horse and carriage. Abbott and Brown for plff. Hopkinson and Ames for deft. Verdict for plff.—$47.50.

Thursday, Oct. 1.

Thomas S. Farnsworth against Town of Andover—For defect in highway and damage to carriage. J. G. Abbott and A. R. Brown for plff. Wm. Stevens and Seth Ames for deft. Verdict for plff.—$86.50.

Adjourned to Monday. Case now on trial is Cogswell vs. Town of Lexington.

Police Court.

Saturday 3d inst.

John Riley—for being an disorderly person—fined $5, and cost.

Monday 5th inst.

Wm. Butler—for being a disorderly person—fined $3, and cost.

Thomas Rogers—for being a disorderly person—fined $3, and cost.

Boracy McCabe, and *Patrick Fayher*—for drunkenness—each fined $3, and cost.

John Gordon—for being Common Drunkard—sent to Workhouse 4 months.

Michael Ruddy—for being Common Drunkard—6 months House Correction.

Hannah O. Neil—for Larceny for about fifty dollars in Sovereigns—bound over in the sum of five hundred dollars.

Tuesday 6th inst.

James Clark—for being a Common Drunkard—4 months House Correction.

Peter Collins—for Drunkenness—fined $3, and cost.

William Mastern—for violation of the License Law—fined $20, and cost.

From the Seat of War.

CAMARGO, Sept. 8, 1846.

"MR EDITOR: I hasten to inform you of the arrival, post haste, from Seralvo, of Capt. Murray, with information that McCullough's rangers had come into General Worth's camp at Seralvo, and reported that on the 4th instant, about 40 miles beyond Seralvo, they discovered a body of Mexicans, forming the advance guard of a large force. They retreated as the rangers came upon them, and were pursued until they fell back on a larger force, which was discovered to be from 800 to 1000 strong. It is the general impression that it was intended to attack General Worth before reinforcements could arrive, and Captain Murray thinks that a battle is being fought at Seralvo to-day (the 8th.) Capt. Murray met Gen. Taylor, with a part of his force, some distance in advance of the main body, and within thirty-five miles of Seralvo, on a forced march to its relief. It is positively asserted that the Mexicans are determined to make a strong resistance between Seralvo and Monterey. Ampudia and Arista are co-operating with each other, and their forces are augmenting fast—the Mexicans are rallying to their standard from all quarters. The heat has retarded, somewhat, the progress of the troops which left here with Gen. Taylor, it being out of the question to march during the heat of the day. The troops were in high spirits, and eager to come up with the Mexicans. Two companies of rangers, that were here lately, having their horses shod, started off immediately after Capt. Murrray's arrival. All is quiet here.—Proclamations from Santa Anna and Ampudia, and the governor of Tamaulipas, have been received in town, and are having their effect upon the Mexicans. The proclamation of Ampudia makes the penalty very severe upon all who may furnish provisions, assist in transporting provisions, or in anywise aid the Americans. It prohibits them from holding any intercourse, or carrying on any trade with us. Death, and a confiscation of property, are the penalties for disobeying the order. The proclamations have also been received in Mier and Reynoso. Nothing more of importance.—*Wash. Union.*

☞ What fault has the Chronotype to find with the appointment of Mr Nelson as Attorney of this district? We believe that Mr Nelson is a very popular officer, and we have heard no complaint from temperance men as to his official performance of duty. On the contrary, we believe everybody is satisfied with him. The Chronotype seems determined to find fault with Gov. Briggs for something, but unless it can bring some heavier charges against him than the nomination of Mr Nelson, it will not subtract many votes from him.—*Lowell Courier.*

We would say to the Lowell Courier, from which we cut the above, that we find fault, not so much with Mr Attorney Nelson, as with Gov. Briggs and his over zealous temperance partizans. That plain George N. Briggs, the private citizen of Pittsfield, is a good temperance man, we do not doubt; but that his Excellency, George N. Briggs, Governor of Massachusetts, has, in his official capacity, ever done one thing for the cause of temperance, is what we do not know or believe. And yet his claims to support are constantly placed on the ground that he is "a temperance governor." It is the general opinion of temperance men, that our license system is wholly wrong, and should be radically amended or totally abolished. Has Gov. Briggs ever urged that subject upon the attention of the legislature? Never! *Chronotype.*

CAPE BRETON. The potato crop, we are sorry to hear, is everywhere turning out a failure, except where planted on burnt land, in which case the potatoes are said to be uncommonly fine and sound. Wheat, it is said, will yield a crop considerably exceeding both in quantity and quality the average of former years.—Oats are likely to prove deficient in every respect; the intense heat of summer having caused the grain to fill too suddenly, which is now shrivelled and poor in quality.—*Spectator.*

LOSS OF THE HELEN McLEOD—*Eighteen lives lost.* The ship St. Mary arrived at this port yesterday, from New York, and brought up to the city, John Valentine, one of the crew of the brig Helen McLeod, Capt. Marston, of Baltimore, who states that that vessel left the capes of Virginia on the 7th inst. with a cargo of assorted merchandise, bound to this port; on the following night, in a heavy gale, lost their sails and sprung a leak. On the 11th the brig was half full of water, and at the same time was near the hull of the schooner Mary Anna, when Valentine jumped overboard and swam to it. On the 12th the vessels still remained near each other. A sail was seen in the west, and the Helen McLeod bore down towards her. Shortly after a violent storm of wind and rain set in, and after the squall cleared away she could not be seen, and is supposed to have gone down with all hands on board, consisting of the Captain and crew, eleven in number, four ladies in the cabin, and four in the steerage. Capt. Shanklin is of opinion that the crew and passengers of the Helen McLeod may have been taken off, as there was several sails in sight.—*N. O. Picayune, 26th ult.*

VIGOROUS PROSECUTION OF THE WAR AGAINST MEXICO. We learn that Gen. Gaines has received orders from Washington for the immediate transportation of all the troops now stationed in this division to the seat of war, on the Rio Grande. The orders are positive and peremptory, and a corporal's guard only, is to be left at each of the forts and fortifications.—*N. Y. Herald.*

☞ A Quaker family, named Chase, residing in Yarmouth, Mass., claim to be the heirs of the Townley estate, in England, which is valued at fifty-two million pounds sterling.—*True Sun.*

Arrival of the Steamship Hibernia.



The Hibernia arrived at Boston, Saturday morning last, bringing 7 days later news than that by the Great Western. The most important commercial news is the advance in the cotton market, after the arrival of the Caledonia. On her arrival, says Wilmer & Smith's Times, the market underwent a great change, speculators commenced to operate to an unusual extent, and many of the trade, dreading the realization of the unfavorable conjectures respecting the forthcoming crop, which the letter and newspaper accounts from the U. States had ventured to send forth, were induced to add to their stocks. The demand on the 14th was, therefore, enormous, amounting to no less than 20,000 bales, of which speculators took 10,000 American. For all descriptions of American below 5d per lb., an advance of ¼d per lb. was readily paid—other descriptions were ¼d higher. From day to day, since the 14th, this demand has continued in an active and spirited market, and the sales of the six days may be stated at about 83,000 bales, with the advance of ¼d per lb. on American descriptions being fully maintained. The market for other descriptions has also experienced a rise.

The accounts from all parts of the country, more especially from Ireland, give the most gloomy picture of the potato crop.

There was an increased demand for Indian corn at an advance of 1s per quarter; the best yellow brought 44s, and white 46s per 480 lbs.

There was a moderate sale for barrel Flour at the reduced prices of Friday last; Philadelphia brought 30s, and the Western Canal 31s per barrel.

There is no important change in the Iron trade.

Fruits of Free Trade. The customs receipts at Liverpool have increased within the last few weeks to such an extent as to astonish the officers in the long room. The daily receipts at the customs until lately, reached from £7000 to £8000; whereas the receipts on several days recently, have been £13,000 to £14,000.

Ireland. This country, which has so long been the "difficulty" of the British government, is at present in a horrifying and pitiful plight. Famine, with its numerous and dreadful train of diseases, knocks at the doors of the great majority of its brave and hardy population. Already had the cry become universal—"Give us food that we perish not." The workhouses, which the Irishman hates in his heart, are being filled more and more every day, and according to present appearances, the lower classes, with few exceptions, must ere long become one general mass of paupers.

Mr King, the American Minister at the Court of France, has resigned his functions, and having quitted his hotel in the Fsubourg St Germain, awaits only the reply to a despatch he has forwarded to the Cabinet at Washington.

The newspapers give long accounts of the assassination of a French Catholic Bishop by savages of New Zealand, to whom he had gone on a missionary expedition.

Foreign Stock, particularly Mexican, Spanish and Portuguese, owing to the unsettled state of the countries, has receded.

Cape of Good Hope. There has been no more fighting. The Kaffir masses had disappeared from the frontier, but the parties of marauders continued to prowl as far within the colonial frontiers as Uitenhage.

Mehemet Ali arrived at Alexandria August 24th, where he was received with every demonstration of respect. His highness left on the 29th for Cairo.

Morocco. A formidable insurrection has risen against the reigning government; Abd-el-Kader assuming the title of Defender of the Faith, has declared the Emperor of Morocco unfit to live.

The overland mail from India was received in London on the 10th. Renewed hostilities with the Sikhs were spoken of. Ghoolaub Singh had refused to pay the subsidies he had guarantied, and, it was said, was preparing to assert his independence. The capital of the Punjaub and the army were in a ferment.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN, Sept. 14.

Petitions presented and referred—Of S. G. Mack, for lamps in Market street; of Benj. Thurston for damage by raising the grade of Church st.; of J. G. Kittredge that Merrimack st. may be straightened near Concord river.

Reports—Of committee on streets for the grade of Gorham st.—accepted and resolution "establishing the grade of Gorham st. and laying sidewalks," passed in concurrence; of the same committee—Gilman T. Darling that Race st. be laid out; Proprietors of Locks and Canals, that Ford st. may be laid out; Amasa Kimball that Moody st. be accepted and the grade established; James Russell that part of Merrimac st. be laid out and grade established to Merrimack Canal; laying out Hanover st.—ordered to remain seven days in City Clerk's office; of the same committee on the widening sidewalk at end of City Hall—accepted and passed; on the Mayor's communication relating to primary schools, accepted, and a resolution authorizing the erection of a primary school house at the corner of Middlesex and Elliott streets, passed in concurrence; Committee on licenses against grant of auction license to D. W. G. Farrington—accepted.

License was granted to Wm. H. English to exhibit tableaux, or drama of Rosina Meadows.

Orders passed—names of public streets be fixed at the corners; authorizing the committee on repairs of streets to pave Merrimack street between the Boott canal and Concord river; directing the committee on sts. to lay out and grade Fletcher st.

The Auditor's assessment for the sidewalk in Suffolk st., was confirmed in concurrence.

Wm. McFarlin was appointed a constable.

SEPT. 21. Reports—Of E. B. Patch and of Francis H. Nourse for license as auctioneers—granted; of N. F. Gates for license of Museum—referred.

Reports—Of committee on streets—proprietors of Locks and Canals—accepted, and resolution "for the laying out of Fard st." passed; G. T. Darlings laying out race street and sidewalks, passed; resolution "laying out & grading a part of Merrimack st." passed, resolution "laying out and grading Moody st. and setting off sidewalks," passed; resolution "laying out a part of Hanover st. and a sidewalk" passed; committee on lands, on the expediency of erecting a primary school house at the Blenchery—accepted and resolution for removing and fitting up the "red school house," passed; petition of Aaron Mansur—recommitted; petition of S. G. Mack and others—accepted.

The Auditor's assessment for the sidewalk in Middle st. was referred in concurrence.

THE SHOOTING OF D. MARVIN HOYT, at Richmond Va., by William R. Myers, on Monday, has created no small excitement in that place. Hoyt was charged with criminal intercourse with Mrs Myers, and hence the attempt on his life by the enraged husband, who has been held to bail in only ten thousand dollars. Hoyt was still alive last Tuesday evening, without any material change in his condition. A part only of the ball that entered his forehead has been extracted. It is supposed that he cannot recover. He is said to have made a will, bequeathing $30,000 to Mrs. Myers, but positively asserting her and his innocence of the crime charged against them. He is said to have been a young man of great personal beauty, rather gay, addicted to boasting of his attractions.

What is very singular, the father of Mrs. Myers, Col. Pollerd, arrived in Richmond on Monday, with the avowed intention of wreaking vengence on Hoyt for the injury done to his daughter. Hoyt had been one of Mrs. Myers' suitors before her marriage.—*N. Y. Sun.*

SANTA FE. It is understood that Gen. Kearney, with a small force, is about to leave Santa Fe for a few days on an excursion to some of the principal places in the territory, and may conclude to establish a military post below or near the Rio Grande.—*Wash. Union.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

MARRIED.

In Troy N. Y., Sept. 25, at the Halcyon House, by Rev. Mr. Speer, Mr John Abbott, of this city, and Miss Julia A. Austin, of Dracutt.

In this city, on the 30th ult. by Rev. Ira Pearson, Mr Rufus W. Stevens of Somersworth N. H. to Miss Mary W. Wallingford of this city.

DIED.

Sept 17th, Alvah Prescott, of Ford Village, Westford aged 43 years.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHIPPS, Sen
Morth Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3a&ptf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Bullington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 13 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.

oct3nlv3t

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, anew, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o' clock. A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8¼ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 29, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM SNELL, of Lowell insaid County, carpenter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the thirteenth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Snell and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct1a3tf

MRS. BARRETT'S FASHIONABLE MILLINARY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT

No 81 (*old No* 104½) *Merrimack st., directly opposite Otis L. Allen's, Trunk Manufactory and store.*

TO the Ladies' of Lowell and vicinity.

BONNETS !! Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Mourning Collars, Tabs, Mourning Bonnets, Shrouds and Caps; and all articles of Mourning apparel cut and made at short notice, and good fits warranted. Also, Straw Bonnets Bleached and dressed, and a good assortment of Millinary articles together with the above, to sell as low as can be obtained in Lowell or elsewhere.

N. B. Having secured the services of Competent Milliners and Dress Makers, together with devoting my own personal attention, I feel competent to meet the wants of all the Ladies who may be pleased to favor the establishment with a call.

Lowell, Sept. 17th 1846. A&Ptf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.
Methuen Sept. 26 1846. a3t

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Ceural St. by L. D. BOISE.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.
sep17n3w

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 43 Central St.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Breastes, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pencil Steels, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some Fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add last assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Merrimack Street)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened—and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall as the time and place to meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.

(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pottard* master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday

The superior fast sailing Schr. NONANTELLO, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHF

In a few Days,

The fast sailing A 1 packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a great part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. H. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf, Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Simpson, Agents at Mobile.

REMOVAL,

SASH, DOORS AND BLIND.

THE subscribers having removed their manufactory from Warren street to Mechanics' Mills, Dutton street, near the Jail, are prepared to execute all orders for sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, &c., from good stock and in a workmanlike manner. Their old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call. Also, contracts taken for the erection of buildings of any description.

FIFIELD & TEABODY.

April 4, 1846.

BOSTON STOVE STORE,

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c, &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep)a4m H. T. BUTLER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from		$1 75, to 2 75.
"	better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
"	best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "		1 00, to 1 25.
"	better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
"	best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomely done. jc30tf

H. J. BAXTER & Co.,

MERCHANT-TAILORS,

Inform the public that they have taken Store **No. 29, Central St.,** (*formerly the Union Book Store,*) and have just received a large assortment of every article belonging to the line of business.

JOSEPH THURSTON will have the charge of the Tailoring department.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1846. sep5a3w

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at one of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls.

About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 a3m

A RARE CHANCE !

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.
Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. a3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

FALL FASHION !

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stunstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P. M
" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sept Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

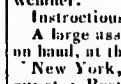
GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be decided in fice of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co.'s Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

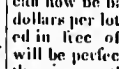
PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&rtf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Land at Auction.

On TUESDAY next Oct. 6 at 2 o'clock A. M. on the premises (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) Two lots of Land on Burns Street containing about 5000 Square feet each. Also one lot on Davis Street on the hill a little South of the South Grammar School house. Also several other lots in the vicinity.

The lots are pleasantly situated and are very desirable for building lots. Purchasers will do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Dry Goods!

On WEDNESDAY next, Oct. 7th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at office,—a large lot of seasonable Dry Goods, in part as follows: Alpaccas, Alpines, De Laines, Cashmeres, Ecosse, Shawls, 1500 yds Print, bleached and brown Shirtings and Sheetings, Table Cloths, red and white Flannels, Linsey Plaids, Checks, &c., &c.

Household Furniture.

On SATURDAY, Oct. 10th, at 9½ o'clock, A. M. at office,—The Furniture of a family breaking up.—Also a lot of new Furniture, Cooking Stoves, &c. Particulars hereafter.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

Assignee's Sale.

On SATURDAY next, at 9½ and 3 o'clock, at office, —By order of B. F. Butler, Esq., Assignee; the Tin and Stove stock of *Parks & Andrews*, in part as follows:

About 50 new Cook, Parlor, Air-Tight, Chamber, Cylinder and Box Stoves. The Cook Stoves are completely furnished and of the most modern pattern. 6 Wager & Dater's Air-Tight Cook Stove; finished and unfinished Copper Pumps. A large and general assortment of Tin Ware, part of which is painted. Knives, and Forkes, Spoons. A lot of Brittania Ware, such as Coffee and Teapots, Lamps, Castors, Cups &c., Japanned Ware, Lot of Glass Lanterns, Lot of finished and unfinished Pump Boxes, Fire Shovels, Sifters, Pokers, Zinc Ware and other manufacturers articles, embracing the entire Stock of said Store.

Also—20 second hand Cook, Parlor and Shop Stoves. 1 Brass Alarm Clock. 1 Brass stove Grate, and numerous other articles.

Great Sale of Land.

On THURSDAY, Oct. 8th at 2 o'clock P. M. five lots of Land on Borns street, on the high land, west of Gorham street, south of the Grammar school house, and several other lots in the vicinity, containing about 5000 feet each. They are the most beautiful lots in the Market—Also three other lots, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street, between Gorham and Central sts. The terms will be liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great sale of Iron Wire.

On THURSDAY next Oct. 8th at precisely 11 o'clock A. M., 15532 Pounds *Iron Wire*, various sizes from No 5 to No. 19, suitable for Reeds, Flyers and all other kinds of work. Nearly all of the above is perfect wire, made of Charcoal Iron (the best made in this country) every lot will be warranted according to description on the catalogue.

Dealers and workers are respectfully invited to notice the sale. Catalogues will be ready and samples open on the morning of sale. Terms, all sums under $100 cash, all over, 4 mos, satisfactory endorsed notes.

Great sale of Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Cutlery, &c.

On SATURDAY, Oct 10th at 10 o'clock, to be continued in the evening if all is not sold. Consisting of elegant full Jeweld and com. Gold and Silver Patent lever, Levers anchor Levers, Patent virtical; Horizontal Cylender Escapement and verge watches. Five Gold guard chains. Fine gold and plated Fob and vest chains. Rich Gold seals and Keys. Rich Cameo and Stone Bosom Pins sett in Fine gold, one real Diamond Pin set in gold. Splendid large gold Bracelets with Gold chains and snaps. Gold Snaps for guard chains neck laces &. Gold studs for Bosoms and ornamented Fold Rings. Fine Gold Pencil cases Stone heads, Gold diamond pointed Pens. Large Silver Ever pointed Pencil cases with Stone heads, Fine Pocket Knives, Razors, Brushes, Fine Watch Stands elegant alabaster mantle Clocks, Splendid mahogany Dressing cases inlaid with Brass, and brass corners, (high cost,) Mahogany Family medicine chest, Ladies Fancy work Boxes, one Silver Cake Basket. Fine Table cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Solar Lamps, Parlor Thermometer, German cologne, Fancy Soaps, Steel Pens, Super French Silk Suspenders, Needles, Pins, sewing Silk, and collars, &c. comprising the Entire stock of a dealer.

Catalogues will be out, and the goods may be seen on Friday.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will be. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 LADIOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise in every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shaw,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their tales opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure emition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

A NOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. jan1 ly dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than gold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the wildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 aly&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in same, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 10, 1846. lys&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR. E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most severe or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

a&p6mosept9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure stated the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found on at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bonck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, taunting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullom, *No.* 126 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs. White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipiscott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments far support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

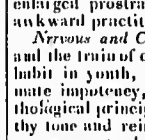
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan18

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Mondoy, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

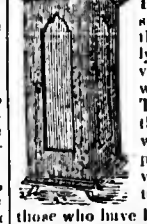
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impoteney, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



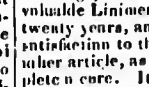
L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 8, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 119.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Ship-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
86 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Duors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings. *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&p1f

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

L. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD,
mtf nov4

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. almar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8 tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je18 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct28 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. up12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAPSTONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON SUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sep23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&p1y

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. B. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO B. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment, will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO B. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Temp. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gulushn:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GULUSH.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&p1yaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Vendors throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, P. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamieson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22a&p1oct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Cotton's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1846. rag8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Gude, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Canoord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&p1yfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	485 53	57 53	1987
6(	$5000	$370 80	1839	838 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1340	581 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1335

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GRIGG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decISaTu&Srow1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months, and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. atyapr4

POETRY.

The Glad Retreat.

Beneath an elm, a green old elm,
I raised a rustic seat;
The boughs low drooping o'er my head,
The green grass at my feet;
The sparkling streamlet dancing by,
With a voice so clear and sweet;
The air-sprite's low and mournful sigh—
Oh! 'twas a glad retreat!

And often in the dewy morn,
Just as the redd'ning ray
Shot from the chariot of the sun,
Betokened coming day;
I'd hie me to my glad retreat,
To that old elm I'd stray—
And by that low and humble seat,
I'd kneel me down and pray.

And at that sultry hour of noon,
I'd seek its cooling shade,
And listen to the joyous sound
The little streamlet made;
And watched the bright birds glancing through
The branches, old and young,
And wondered as they gaily flew,
What was the song they sang.

But time has passed, those days are gone,—
Ay! more—long years have fled!
And lying o'er the little brook,
A withered trunk and dead.
But memory often wanders back;
On Fancy's pinions free;
The glad retreat I'll ne'er forget,
Beneath the old elm tree.

A PATHETIC STORY.

[Concluded.]

"He made no answer, and I left them to seek for some restoratives; and having procured what I wanted, I returned, and finding the door open I ventured to enter.

Upon a wretched bed, in the corner of the mean apartment, lay what once must have been a beautiful woman. Disease and want had wasted her to a mere skeleton, and death was legibly written in her anxious meagre countenance. On the door, by the bed lay on his face the strong man of the fair. The sight of his poor wife, (for such, notwithstanding his youth, she was,) fearfully changed since he went forth to exhibit himself for her sake, had entirely overcome him, and while tears streamed from his eyes, his muscular frame was shaken with the sobs of anguish. The little child sat on the ground by his father, weeping bitterly.

The dying woman was sensible of my presence; and apologizing for my intrusion, I briefly explained how much I had been interested by the young man, and how anxious I was to be of use to him.

"Alas!" said she, "I fear no one can be of much use to him. I have been his ruin, and my death will be death to him. He is well born, sir, and highly bred. Fool that he is, to love me still! All might be well would he but survive me, and forget me; but he will die—I know it—and we shall be buried in the same grave."

"You said he was well born; will not his relatives aid you?"

"You have never known misfortune," said she bitterly; "you would otherwise have known that wealthy relatives, instead of aiding the unfortunate, are apt to turn over every leaf of his past life, to seek out a reason why they ought to desert him, and to sanction their assertion that he merited his doom."

"No one feels the truth of what you say more keenly than myself. May I ask its error?"

"A great one, sir, and one that I own deserves punishment! but not the heedless desertion which he has experienced. He loved *me*, sir, and I was poor and friendless. Not that his *love* for me was his crime—had it led to my seduction, his proud friends would scarce have blamed him; but he married me—before he was seventeen, and when I was a mere child myself, he married me—and though they urged him to renounce a marriage which they said might be proved illegal, he would not desert *me*, and so all have deserted *him*."

"And why the exhibition I this day witnessed."

"Why! because I was starving—dying—and I believe he is now dying too, partly from the effort, from the degradation!"

"Hush!" I whispered; "he is quiet now—I think he is asleep. Take some of this nourishment. Nay, consider how important it is that when he awakes he should find you better."

Therese was struck with the force of this, and took some of the refreshment I offered her; but she gave a large portion of it to her little child.

He ate eagerly for a moment; and then we saw him divide what she had given him, and lay the largest portion aside.

"What are you about!" said I, gently; "can't you eat it!"

"Hush!" whispered the little fellow, with tears in his eyes, and pointing to the sleeping man; "papa has had none, you know."

We did not speak for some moments, for we were touched by the child's simple words.

"How old is the boy?" I inquired at length.

"Four years old. His poor father is not yet twenty-two. He looks younger in the face; and as for his figure, you must judge of that—every muscle has been unnaturally forced."

"Hush! he awakes."

And the Hercules began to move; and slowly and feebly raising himself from the ground, he sat up and looked wildly around him.

"Something nice for papa," cried the child, and running to him, placed before him a little treasure it had saved.

"Frederick! Ah! I remember now," said he, "Therese—she is not—no, no, no,—she lives!" and he rose and rushed into her arms.

I knew that they had sufficient sustenance for that night, and softly, and without one word of adieu, I rose and left the house; I called the next day, and found Therese in a deep sleep, or rather, torpor, and her husband, who sat motionless by her side, raised his finger to his lip as I entered. I took a seat at some distance from the bed, and silently watched the group: the dying woman, her distracted husband, and the little boy, who, kneeling at his father's feet, held one of his hands, and buried his face in his lap.

At length the young man raised his head, and his eyes met mine. Slowly and hopelessly he shook his head, and, rising, walked over to the part of the room where I was sitting, followed by the child.

"We need not fear disturbing her," said he, "she will soon slumber in the grave, without a dream, without a sorrow."

"Nay, hope for the best," I replied, taking his hand.

"Perhaps that is the best for *her*," he cried; but for *me* and this poor boy—oh! what will become of *him!*"

"Alas! I can do little," was my answer.

"You!—*you* are a stranger—you have given us your sympathy—what could we expect more? Besides *you* have no wealth."

"Indeed I have not.'

"Oh! I knew it. Had you been rich, instead of pitying me, you would have soon found out some early error, some past fully—*anything* as an excuse for not relieving us. But she still lives, and I can still support her."

"You will not attempt that painful exhibition to-night—you cannot endure the fatigue; your hand now burns with fever."

"So much the better; that fever will support me. Look at these limbs that I was once proud of; their strength cannot be gone and I earn enough for her and the boy, what can I require? When the muscles shrink, 'twill be time for me to think of food."

"Do stay at home, papa, said the boy; "I can't do like *you*—but I'll go and do my best, if it's to feed mamma."

"Poor boy!" cried his father, kissing him.

"Oh! I shan't mind—I like jumping about and I'll do my *very* best."

We were interrupted by Therese, who, starting from her trance like-slumbers, called for her husband and boy; and, knowing that I could do no good, and that my presence might be felt as a restraint, I left the room without attracting her attention.

* * * * * * *

That night the lamps again beamed in the booth of the Hercules. The populace attracted by the favorable report of the few who witnessed his exertions, on the preceding evening, now thronged the space allotted for spectators; and leaving his poor Therese more feeble and exhausted than he had ever seen her, the strong man, after kissing again and again her cold and colorless lips once more went forth to expose himself to public wonder. His limbs trembled and his temples throbbed whilst he again assumed the dress he was accustomed to wear; the very effort of fastening his sandals seemed to much for him; cold drops stood upon his forehead, and the beating of his pulse seemed audible; but the heavy weights were placed before him, and, hailed by the shouts and acclamations, the strong man proceeded with his task.

* * * * * * *

Poor Frederic knelt weeping by the corpse of his mother; but the orphan boy was the only mourner; in the same hour that Therese ceased to breath, her husband fell dead on the stage; the iron weights rolled heavily from him to the feet of the spectators; for the strong man had broken a blood vessel!

To Public School Teachers.

At the late session of the legislature, an act was passed "to establish a Teachers' Institute. By the terms of the act, the direction and control of the institutes are entrusted to the Board of Education. The duty of making such preliminary arrangements as may be necessary, and of supervising the institutes while in session, has been devolved by the Board upon a committee.

The nature and object of a Teachers Institute were particularly described in the last Annual Report, (the ninth,) of the Secretary of the Board of Education, a copy of which has been sent to every school district in the State.

In the act above referred to, it is provided, among other things, that "whenever reasonable assurance" shall be given to the Board that a number of common school teachers, not less than seventy, shall desire to assemble for the purpose of forming a Teachers' Institute, and to remain in session for a period not less than ten working days, the Board, or a committee appointed by them, shall name a time and place for the meeting, give due notice thereof, and make suitable arrangements therefor.

No tuition fee will be required. Instruction, lectures, rooms, lights, etc., will be gratuitously provided; but each member must defray his own personal expenses of board, traveling, etc.

Reasonable assurance having been given to the committee that the requisite number of teachers may be expected to assemble, provided an institute should be held at ANDOVER, in the county of Essex, on TUESDAY, *the 20th day of October next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to be continued for ten working days, that is, until Friday, the 30th day of said October, inclusive, *notice is hereby given that a Teachers' Institute will be held at said time and place.*

The following are standing regulations to be observed at all the institutes which shall be held during the current year, under the auspices of the Board.

All applicants must present themselves at the *time*, as well as the *place* specified for the meetings.

No one will be received who is not a teacher of a public school in Massachusetts, or who has not a reasonable prospect of becoming such, within a year from the time when such institute shall be held.

Each applicant must come provided with a Bible or Testament; pen, ink and paper; a slate and pencil; a geography and atlas; the reading book most generally used by the first class in the schools in the neighborhood where he resides, (if convenient, it would be well to bring more than one kind, to increase the chance of classification,) a dictionary, and a blank or common-place book for taking notes.

Other things being equal, those who apply first will have a priority of claim; but no person can attend two institutes to the exclusion of a person who has attended but one; and so of any greater number of times.

It is not necessary that applicants should either reside, or expect to keep school, in the county where the institute is held. It is sufficient if they reside in the State, and expect to keep a school in the State within a year.

Liberty is necessarily reserved to reject or dismiss any applicant or member, for misconduct or other sufficient cause. The aid of school committees and of all friends of common schools, for diffusing information of the proposed meeting, and furnishing for the attendance of members, is respectfully and earnestly solicited.

The duty of preparing one's self for whatever business he may undertake: the rapidly advancing standard of qualifications for teachers of common schools, the danger of exposure and of condamnation which impends over incompetent teachers; the increased vigilance of school committies in seeking out teachers of high talents and attainments, and the readiness of the public to give good teachers a more adequate remuneration for their services; all these considerations call upon every person who has entered or who proposes to enter this noble field of labor, to avail himself of every opportunity for improvement. "Every man," says Lord Bacon, "is a debtor to his profession."—This debt can be cancelled only by advancing its dignity and extending its usefulness.

All persons who wish, under the foregoing regulations, to become members of the Institute, will address their letters of application (post paid) to,

For the Committee
HORACE MANN,
Sec'y of Board of Education.

Boston, Sept. 15, 1846.

☞ Murderers are not very plenty. On Sunday night, 13th ult., Mr James Meadows was taken from his bed in Granville, N. C., and carried to a creek, where "his heartstrings were cut, and he was beat to death with sticks." His wife, from whom he had separated, and a slave belonging to Miss Smith, have been arrested on suspicion.—*Post.*

☞ Mr J. Thomas Stevenson said that Governor Briggs' principles were as firm as Plymouth Rock.—Stevenson probably knew that the 'Forefather's Rock' has twice changed its place since the landing, besides being split open. While leaders are sometimes ironical upon each other.—*Plymouth Rock.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 8, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.

DISTRICT NO. 3.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No 3, are hereby notified and requested to elect Delegates, in the proportion of one Delegate for every fifty Democratic votes cast for Governor at the last election, to be holden at E. S. MERRILL'S Tavern in SOUTH ANDOVER, on TUESDAY, 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the Democratic party to represent said District in the next Congress of the United States, and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in the District are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District.
E. H. SAFFORD, Chairman.

September 29th 1846.

Why should'nt Railroads be Taxed for their especial privileges as well as Banks?

Bank corporations in this Commonwealth are taxed one per ct. which is annually paid into the State treasury for their corporate privileges. This is in addition to the tax paid by the stockholders. Bank dividends will not amount on an average, probably, to more than *six or seven* per cent. par annum. Railroad corporations for their corporate privileges pay nothing. Railroad dividends amount to about *ten* per cent. per annum, and would be much larger were it not for the restrictions of the legislature. That they may not divide more than ten per cent., upon some roads, sinecure offices are established and the whole business upon the line is done in the most extravagant manner, and the most costly improvements are made, that as great an amount of capital as possible may be invested, as it is a very important object to get money invested where it will pay nearly double the legal rate of interest. Now why should banks be taxed one per ct. for their privileges, while railroads are taxed nothing for theirs, which are so much more valuable? We cannot see, and really wish some great whig who objected to taxing railroads, when it was proposed by the Democratic party in 1843, would tell the people why they thus tax banks and exempt railroads!

The privileges granted to railroads as well as to banks belong to the people, and is it more than just, if they are worth anything, that they should be paid for? Why should the people's franchises be given away? If they are worth nothing nobody wants them. If they are worth something the people should be paid for them. But instead of getting anything the people pay the expense of granting them. That's the way the people's interests are taken care of.

In New Hampshire, railroads, as well as banks, are taxed, and should be here as long as the special privilege system is tolerated.

CAMARGO. By a letter received by the New Orleans Delta, it appears that two spies were arrested in the camp at Camargo and examined; their guilt was so evident that they were immediately hung! It is also stated that a party of Americans, on their way from Camargo to Matamoras, were attacked by some Mexicans—one American and six Mexicans killed.—The news from Matamoras is, that Col. Clark was shot at while sitting in his room, and that it was ordered that all Mexicans were to be deprived of their arms, and none should either go out of the city or come into it without the written order of the commander of the post. In taking arms from the Mexicans, they made new discoveries of secreted arms of all descriptions, as well as ammunition.

THE WHIG PEDLER LAW IN NEW HAMPSHIRE. The whigs of New Hampshire, with their abolition allies, as soon as they had the power, in imitation of their federal neighbors in this State, thought they must have a pedler law, that in all little things, at least, they might equal their illustrious neighbors of the Old Bay State. But the Republican Union says they are ashamed of the law, and while the law says "every pedler shall pay $25 for each county," those who give the license say, "it was the *intention* of the law to sey Stats instead of county," and licenses are granted accordingly.

☞ "The Great Corner Store," corner of Merrimac and Kirk streets, has commenced operations under peculiarly favorable auspices, and if we can judge of *results* from *symptoms*, we infer from the crowd of ladies who have visited the establishment since the opening, and the immense number of "paper parcels," which hourly issue therefrom, that the expectations of the enterprising proprietors will be more than realized—and which affords proof that Lowell ladies fully appreciate, and are prepared to patronize, good taste, polite attention and cheap bargains.

FROST'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD, No: 25 has been received by Merrill & Haywood.—This number contains five engravings—Bombardment of Algiers, Duke of Anjou proclaimed King of Spain, Battle of Friedlingen, Battle of Demain and Siege of Brisach,—in a full page, besides several smaller ones. The last part of the number commences Chap. 8, upon Great Britain, from the death of Cromwell to the Revolution of 1688.

☞ The Delaware, N. Y. Gazette states that Mrs Louisa Jones, of the town of Meredeth, was murdered on Sunday, the 27th ult., and that Philandor Jones, her husband, a wealthy and respectable farmer, was arrained for the crime and will be tried in May. It is supposed he beat her to death and threw her down stairs.

Treasury Notes.

Some of the whig presses and their correspondents, says the Union are attempting to depreciate the value of treasury notes. We see occasional paragraphs that they are 2, 3, perhaps 4 per cent. below par. This is a great mistake, if not misrepresentation. We understand that they are par in Philadelphia, New York, &c. They were below par for a short time at New Orleans, because the city banks there refused to receive them at par. But the Secretary of the Treasury soon put everything to rights by instructing "the collector of customs in that city and other United States receivers of public dues, to discontinue the receipt of the notes of the city banks, and accept only gold and silver, or treasury notes." Thus plainly telling them "our notes are as good as yours. If you will not take ours, we will not take yours." 2dly. By issuing a circular on the 11th September, making "all treasury notes, as well as before as after maturity, redeemable here (at Washington) at the treasury of the United States in specie or in sight drafts of the Treasurer of the United States, equivalent to specie, and payable in specie, drawn at his option, upon Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or the public depositories at such other places as may be mutually agreed upon," the Secretary of the Treasury dissipated all doubts about their *par* value. But it would be strange, indeed if any attempt to run down the treasury notes should prove successful, when there have not been two millions of dollars of them yet thrown into circulation.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA. By the arrival of the brig Mary A. Jones, we have received news from Montevideo to the 10th August. Mr W. Bront, late minister at Buenos Ayres, with his lady, and Senior Antonio Prian, came passengers in the vessel. Notwithstanding our advices, via Rio Janerio, to the contrary, we learn that the blockade is not yet raised.—The injustice of the blockading squadron can best be shown by the fact, that from the 1st to the 13th July, and during the month of June, seventy two vessels were permitted to pass the squadron, but of these nations was American.

The Buenos Ayrean army had vacated Moldanado, and Gen. Rivara himself arrived at Montevideo the 10th August, being the day on which the vessel sailed. *N. Y. Herald.*

LACONIC CORRESPONDENCE. Talleyrand once addressed a letter of condolence to a lady who had lost her husband, in two words, "Oh, Madam!" In less than a year the lady had married again, and then his letter of congratulation was, "Ah, Madem!" A quaker at Liverpool once sent a letter to a correspondent, asking the news by a simple note of interrogation, thus: "?." His friend replied in the same vein, "0."

☞ We have received through the mail a copy of Greeley & Mack Elrath's whig Almanack for the year of our Lord 1847. Barring the falsity and absurdity of some of its political articles, it is a good book for reference, particularly for politicians.

☞ The Yellow Fever is increasing at New Orleans, as we learn by the mail of this evening.—*New York Sun.*

A short time since it was stated that the Yellow Fever there was about over.

☞ The State Convention of N. Y. adjourned on Tuesday the 6th inst. They left a Committee to prepare the amended constitution to be submitted to the people.

☞ The whig convention at Concord nominated the following candidates for senators from Middlesex: Thomas Emerson, J. T. Buckingham, Elisha Huntington, Mr. Spencer, Mr Hard, Calvin Shepard, jr.

☞ It is rumored that the President has tendered the appointment of attorney general of the United States to the Hon. Nathan Clifford, of this state.—*Saco, Me. Democrat.*

We have received the Sept. number of Wellman's Literary Emporium. It contains several interesting stories, and a variety of good miscellaneous reading.

☞ Hon. Isaac H. Wright was nominated by the District Convention, at Dedham, Tuesday, as their candidate for Congress at the ensuing election.

☞ Walter A. Bryant, editor of the Barre Gazette has been nominated as the democratic candidate for Congress in the 5th Congressional District.

☞ The editor of the R. I. Sentinel has been sent a hat, and we judge he means the world shall know of his good fortune.

☞ The Great Western left New York yesterday, with Mr Bancroft, plenipotentiary to England, and family, and Gen. Armstrong, consul at Liverpool.

☞ The President of the United States, it is said, will visit our city, about the 22d inst.—*Times.*

Of course he can do no less than to come to Lowell to see the "factory girls."

☞ Fourteen cases of yellow fever have made their appearance at the navy yard in Pensacola.

☞ Yucatan has not reannexed herself to Mexico but continues to govern through an independent Legislature.

☞ A fire in St. Louis has destroyed from $50,000 to $75,000 worth of property.

☞ Mr Henry Gayord had his watch, a silver lever, snatched from him on the Boston Mail.

☞ The election in Ohio takes place on the 13th instant.

☞ A railway editor, in announcing the death of a passenger, says, "He has gone to that station from which no traveller has a return ticket."

☞ Turning water into wine, is commonly put down as a miracle. But liquor dealers know how to perform such when they purchase a fresh cask of the article.

☞ John Smith has said many good things; among the rest, that a newspaper is like a wife, because every man ought to have one of his own.

☞ The New Orleans Courier entertains grave apprehensions respecting the character of the next news from the army.

☞ We will attend to "A Delegate's" case in a day or two.

☞ N. P. Willis, it is said, is to be connected with the N. Y. Tribune, as its literary editor.

☞ Corn has advanced in Baltimore.

Isaac Davis and George Hood.

With both these gentlemen we are somewhat personally acquainted, though it is an acquaintance chiefly from knowing them as public men. Of Mr Davis we have spoken a year ago, and would only at this time say, we know of no man more worthy the support of the people, as a true representative of principles calculated to promote the people's interests, and as a man of pure heart, and feelings in sympathy with those of the people. And Mr Davis has, upon all occasions, shown himself as ready to act for the people's good as to talk it. He was among the first and ablest of the reformers in the Massachusetts Senate in 1843.

Of Mr Hood, he being before the people of the whole State for the first time as a candidate, and now for the important office of Lt. Governor, it becomes us to speak more particularly. But as we find the work done at our hand, and in a manner to which we are happy to subscribe, in the New England Democrat, we copy from that paper.

"Truly fortunate was the State Convention in the selection of the Democratic candidate for Lt. Governor. The Hon. George Hood, of Lynn, is one of the true Essex county Democrats. Mr Hood is distinguished for his zealous attachment to Democratic principles, has labored long and earnestly to promote their dissemination, and is ever anxious to give proper effect to them in the legislation of the State and Nation. With him Democracy is no fine spun theory, exhausting itself in gaudy declamation, and deluding the people with the high wrought and impracticable fancies; but a solid, substantial, practical rule of Government, whereby the interests of the people are to be cared for by their chosen rulers. Mr Hood recognises Democracy in the obedience of the representative to the will of his constituents, in the enactment of laws designed to promote the public good, and of equal and just bearing in their operation, in the reform of all practices of government inconsistent with the great fundamental ides of Equality and Justice, and in the repeal of all laws which infringe the rights of the many to promote the interest of the few.

He is eminently a practical man and can give a reason, and a good one too, for the faith that is in him.—In his business he unites the two occupations of an agriculturalist and a manufacturer, and it has been in the prosecution of these pursuits that his attention has been called to the questions of political economy as affected by legislation. Laws respecting trade, the currency, the tariff, &c. &c., have been investigated by him with an eye to their effects upon his own business and that of a kindred nature, and the result has been to confirm his attachment to Democratic principles, and call forth his hearty sanction and approval of the measures of the Democratic party.

In the town of Lynn, where a large portion of the people are engaged in shoe manufacturing, the Federal party have ever made the most desperate efforts to delude or coerce the workmen into a support of the Federal candidates for office, by misrepresenting the effect of the Independent Treasury Law, the Revenue Tariff Law, or some other Democratic measure, as ruinous to their business. Much of the labor of counteracting these dishonest representations, has, from his position, fallen upon Mr Hood, and that he has done it faithfully is manifested by the staunch democratic position which the town of Lynn has ever maintained, amidst the darkest Federal panics.

That he is an industrious and prudent man, is evinced by the handsome property he has accumulated, and in these respects he is well fitted to take a leading part in managing the prudential affairs of this State. That he is an honest, a kind, an upright, a benevolent man, is the universal testimony of his fellow citizens, of every end of all parties in the county where he was born, brought up, and now resides. These are qualities which entitle him to the respect and confidence of all good men, and they are moreover qualities which are peculiarly desirable in the second chief magistrate of the State.

Mr Hood was a member of the State Senate in the year 1843, and for several years before, was a member of the House of Representatives. In these positions he acquitted himself with honor, showing an extensive and varied knowledge, an ability and willingness to labor, and a happy faculty of adapting his means to his ends, so as to bring about the result designed. That these ends were always the protection and the security of the people's rights, we need hardly say, for every one who knows George Hood knows that he never could be induced to loose sight of the public good for one moment, in the discharge of his legislative duties.

In the legislature of 1843, as a senator from Essex county, he distinguished himself favorably by the prominent part he took in bringing forward and sustaining the important measures of State reform which were projected by the democratic members at that session. Always calm, collected, and well informed upon the subject in hand, he spoke with power and effect, and evinced a profound knowledge of the duties of a statesman and a legislator. In that legislature he showed himself to be a working man, sustaining with signal ability his full share of the arduous labors of the session. The same intelligence, talent, industry, and honesty of purpose, evinced by Mr Hood at that time, he would bring to the service of the State in the capacity of Lt. Governor, were he elected to that office. In the prime and vigor of manhood, possessing all these advantages, where can our State find within her borders, a better or more worthy son to discharge the duties of the office than George Hood?' He is a man well deserving of the honor of an election to the office of Lt. Governor, and would discharge the duties thereof with signal ability. He is one of the true and upright democrats whom the people delight to honor, and for these reasons we call upon every Democrat in the old Bay State, to be true and vote the Democratic ticket at the ensuing election, in order that the handsome vote may be given to that worthy Democrat, George Hood."

The Lowell Journal.

"The Journal, in replying to our remarks, questions the correctness of our allegations about the relation of the Whig party to Texas. If the 'whig party of the United States,' as it is termed by the Massachusetts Convention, was opposed to the Annexation of Texas, why did not they say so through the Baltimore Convention, which proclaimed the doctrines of the party? Why did Mr Clay's Raleigh speech, which was proclaimed to be the most authentic exposition of whig principles, contain not a word about Texas? Did Mr Clay or any of the Southern whigs ever declare themselves to be against anything but the "immediate" annexation of Texas? They voted against the bill, but took care that enough of them should vote for it to secure its passage. They voted against the bill—some of them certainly—when they were known to be in favor of the only operative provision of it, for it was their own bill. Many voted in favor of the bill who were in favor of annexation itself, but preferred to have it in some other way. The only insurmountable objection at the North, to the admission of Texas was slavery, and that, Mr Clay said, was no objection at all, and all the whigs generally, in Congress, made no account of it as such. The Hon. Gerrett Davis, Mr Clay's immediate representative, voted for the admission of Texas as a State; in the last session of Congress. * * * *

The Journal holds with us, that the annexation of Texas and the war with Mexico are the points of presentation of the slavery question at this time. Gov. Briggs has failed to do his duty *on both these points*, and, however fit in other respects, has shown himself to be the very man who ought not to be governor while *these questions* are uppermost."—*Emancipator.*

We do not see but that the Journal, to be consistent, must abandon Gov. Briggs, and go the whole figure, neck and heels, for abolitionists.

☞ The union of the Granite Freeman and Independent Democrat, will be a violation of the Mosaic law, which forbids the yoking together of an ox and an ass. This will be a second infraction of the same code, in defiance of which the ox, of the new team, has been muzzled ever since the last June election.—*Coos Democrat.*

General Kearney's Proclamation.

From the St. Louis Republican Sept. 28.

PROCLAMATION.

To the inhabitants of New Mexico by Brigadier General S. W. Kearney, commanding the troops of the United States in the same.

As by the act of the Republic of Mexico a state of war exists between that Government and the United States, and as the undersigned, at the head of his troops on the 18th instant, took possession of Santa Fe, the capital of the department of New Mexico, he now announces his intention to hold the department with its original boundaries (on both sides of the Del Norte) as a part of the United States, and under the name of the territory of New Mexico.

The undersigned has come to New Mexico with a strong military force, and an equally strong one is following close in his rear. He has more troops than necessary to put down any opposition that can possibly be brought against him, and therefore it would be but folly or madness for any dissatisfied or discontented persons to think of resisting him.

The undersigned has instructions from his Government to respect the religious institutions of New Mexico, to protect the property of the Church, to cause the worship of those belonging to it to be undisturbed and their religious rights in the simplest manner preserved to them.

Also to protect the person and property of all quiet and peaceable inhabitants within its boundaries, against their enemies, the Eutaws, Navahoes and others, and while he reserves all that it will be his pleasure as well as his duty to comply with those instructions, he calls upon them to exert themselves in preserving order, in promoting concord, and in maintaining the authority and efficiency of the laws; and to require of those who have left their homes and taken up arms against troops of the United States, to return forthwith to them, or else they will be considered as enemies and traitors, subjecting their persons to punishment, and their property to seizure and confiscation, for the benefit of the public Treasury.

It is the wish and intentions of the United States to provide for New Mexico a free government with the least possible delay, similar to those in the United States, and the people of New Mexico will then be called on to exercise the rights of freemen in electing their own Representatives to the Territorial legislature, but until this can be done the laws hitherto in existence will be continued until changed or modified by competent authority, and those persons holding office will continue in the same for the present, provided they will consider themselves good citizens and willing to take the oath of allegiance to the United States.

The undersigned, hereby absolves all persons residing within the boundary of New Mexico, from foreign Allegiance to the Republic of Mexico, and hereby claims them as citizens of the United States. Those who remain quiet and peaceable will be considered as good citizens, and receive protection.

Those who are found in arms, or instigated others against the United States, will be considered as traitors, and treated accordingly. Don Manuel Armijo, the late Governor of this department has fled from it. The undersigned has taken possession of it without firing a gun or spilling a drop of blood, in which he most truly rejoices, and for the present will be considered as Governor of the Territory.

Given at Santa Fe, the capital of the territory of New Mexico, this 22d day of August 1846, and in the 71st year of the Independence of the United States.

By the Governor.
S. W. KEARNEY, Brig. Gen.

Correspondence of the New York Commercial Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 3.

I attended, this morning, the second grand Winnebago council, at the engineer office.

The object is to procure a cession of their lands from the Winnebagoes, and remove them to other lands. They are now in the Northern part of Iowa, and the laws of that state must soon be extended over them.

The Indians, in previous councils, have expressed a preference for a tract of country on the South side of the river St. Peter's, on a branch of that river called the Blue [———*.] But this will be within the limits of a new territory and state, after a few years, and they would have to remove again.

The Indians have rejected every overture made to them thus far. It was agreed at the last council that the commissioners should consult with the President and make new offers to-day.

The commissioners on the part of the United States are Judge Purris, Col. Abert and Major T. B. Andrews.

These gentlemen have taken their seats at the council board, at the hour appointed, the Indians soon after marched in, single file, headed by their agent and interpreter, and took their seats. They came in according to the precedence of rank. The principal chief is not here. His brother, however, came in his place. This chief, was therefore, allowed the first place, and was the first who seated himself. He is a fine young man, and fond of dress.

There was one chief of remarkable elegance of figure and of a fine and benevolent face, who attracted the attention of ladies, many of whom were present.—He is evidently a shrewd fellow, and was the prompter of the orator. He conferred with the orator before any reply was made to the commissioners.

The Indians were all dressed in red blankets, head dresses, much paint on the face, cotton shirts, leather leggins and deer skin shoes. Some few of the chiefs carried swords, but I saw no other weapon.

The chief whose oratorical and diplomatic skill renders him the organ of the delegation is seventy years of age, of tall and commanding figure, and a good voice.

He spoke with much ease, fluency and dignity. At each sentence that he uttered, the Indians exclaimed, in token of assent, "Ugh," "ugh."

*The compositor cannot make out the word that should fill this blank—and we cannot help him.—*Eds. Com. Adv.*

A SON KILLED BY HIS FATHER. Near Warsaw, Ky., on the 26th ult., a Mr John Green unintentionally killed his son, a promising lad of 19, mistaking him for another person. The particulars seem to be these:

A man by the name of Edes; a brother-in-law to Mr Green, who was in the habit of drinking to intoxication, and, while in this beastly, debased state, often whipping his wife. On the night above mentioned, Eden got in one of his savage ways, and commenced abusing and ill treating his family, upon which his wife sent a message to Mr Green to come and protect her. Mr Green sent his son, a youth of nineteen, to try and pacify his uncle, but he failed, and another messenger was dispatched for Mr G., upon which he in company with several man, started for Mr Edes. Upon reaching the yard fence, Mr Green was met by some one, and told that Edes was armed, and if he went into the house he would kill him. Green then asked for a club, and some one near handed him an axe, when he started to the house and asked Edes what he was abusing his family for. Edes in answer made threats and started out of the door, at which time some one nailed to Green to be on guard, that Edes was coming, and his own son (Green's) ran towards his father, to get out of the way of his uncle, when Green mistook his son for Edes, and made a stroke at him, which proved fatal to him in a few seconds. The blade of the axe cut off the lower portion of the scapula, cutting through two or three of his ribs, and passing through his heart. No legal process has been issued for the arrest of Mr Green, and it is thought there will be none at present, at least, as the shock has been so great as almost to drive him to insanity, and doubt is entertained of his recovery.

RICH TREASURE. We learn that two men belonging to Nantucket, discovered on the shores of that Island, a few days since, after an unusually low ebb tide, a cask, the head showing itself a little above the surface of the water, and which they found on extricating it from its bed, to contain $6,000 *Spanish Dollars!*—It is thought to be a part of the cargo of a brig wrecked at that place more than fifteen years ago.—*Barnstable Patriot.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid.— je24m

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.
FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs. Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a generel assortment of Millinary articles.

Please evil and examine.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerooff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system is almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restoring me to health and happiness. I cheerfully reccommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

A good chance to clear from $500 *to* $1000 *a year*

AGENTS wanted in every town and County throughout the Union, to sell Sears' New and popular works, universally acknowledged to be the *best and cheapest* ever published, as they certainly are the most saleable. Any active Agent may clear $500 or $1000 a year. A cash capital of at least $25 or $50 will be necessary. Full particulars of the principles and profits of the Agency will be given on application, either personally or by letter. The postage must in all cases be paid. Please to address,

ROBERT SEARS, *Publisher*,
alwoct 3 No. 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN B. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. a3t.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAIL ROAD.

TO the subscribers of Stock in the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

A sufficient number of Shares of said Stock having been subscribed for, you are notified that a meeting of said company will be holden at the Washington House in said Lowell on FRIDAY the Sixteenth day of October inst, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the adoption of by-laws for the regulation of said company.

Wm. LIVINGSTON, SIDNEY SPALDING, OTIS ALLEN, ROYAL CALL. } Persons named in the Act of Incorporation.

Persons wishing to subscribe for Stock may do so by calling on Wm. Livingston or Spalding.
Lowell, Oct. 8, 1846. a&plsep15.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHIPPS, Sen
North Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3a&ptf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Buffington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 13 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.
oct3adv3t

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Sept. 29, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of WILLIAM SNELL, of Lowell in said County, carpenter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the thirteenth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Snell and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct15 3t

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o17dm.

MILITARY Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No. 3 4 Central St, by L. D. BOISE.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell. aug25atf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Dizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Barkles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of Walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwords of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
oct1 No. 23 Central st.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to establish the grade of Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Paige Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Paige street and lay sidewalks on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Fenwick Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fenwick street,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Merrimack Street.)

WHEREAS, a petition has been presented to the City Council praying that Merrimack street from the Boott Canal to the Easterly side of Concord river may be straightened and the sidewalks widened —and the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w JOHN G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1846.
(Prescott Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council propose to alter the grade of Prescott street—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed SATURDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room, in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
sep22a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Thursday next

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Thursday

The superior fast sailing Schr. NONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FOR COMMERCIAL WHARF
In a few Days,

The fast sailing A 1 packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf. Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

NOTICE is hereby given that I have given to my son Sylvester V. Marshall his time and the privilege to act and trade for himself and that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any of his debts after this date ENOCH MARSHALL.

Witness, JOHN SMITH.
Methuen Sept. 26 1846. a3t

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, by note or account are requested to pay the same immediately. HENRY J. BAXTER.
sep17a3w

BOSTON STOVE STORE,

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep1 4m H. T. BUTLER.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,
31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,
NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

I Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30f

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE,

Situated on Lawrence street near Mussic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 a3m

A RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

NOTICE.—The members of the Middlesex Mechanic Association, who may have books or pamphlets in their possession belonging to the Library of said Association, are hereby requested to return them to the Library on or before Saturday, the 19th instant according to the 14 section of the bylaws.

P. P. SPALDING, Librarian.
Lowell, Sept 12, 1846. n3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11a1f

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warriot,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ocean's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a geo together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. F. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my25a1y6m*

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at No. 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&ptf

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction, in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the junction, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M
" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¼ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., [illegible] conveys passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerrotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locke and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire of Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. a1m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.
BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Household Furniture.

On SATURDAY, Oct. 10th, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., at office,—The Furniture of a family breaking up.—Also a lot of new Furniture, Cooking Stoves, &c. Particulars hereafter.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

Assignee's Sale.

On FRIDAY next, at 9½ and 3 o'clock, at office,—By order of B. F. Butler, Esq., Assignee; the Tin and Stove stock of *Parks & Andrews*, in part as follows:

About 50 new Cook, Parlor, Air-Tight; Chamber, Cylinder and Box Stoves. The Cook Stoves are completely furnished and of the most modern patterns. 1 Wager & Dater's Air-Tight Cook Stove; finished and unfinished Copper Pumps. A large and general assortment of Tin Ware, part of which is painted. Knives, and Forkes, Spoons. A lot of Brittania Ware, such as Coffee and Teapots, Lamps, Castors, Cops &c., Japanned Ware, Lot of Glass Lanterns, Lot of finished and unfinished Pump Boxes, Fire Shovels, Siftners, Pokers, Zinc Ware and other manufacturers articles, embracing the entire Stock of said Store.

Also—20 second hand Cook, Parlor and Stop Stoves. 1 Brass Alarm Clock. 1 Brass stove Grate, and numerous other articles.

Great Sale of Land.

On THURSDAY, Oct. 8th at 2 o'clock P. M. two lots of Land on Burne street, on the high land, west of Gorham street, south of the Grammar school house, and several other lots in the vicinity, containing about 5000 feet each. They are the most beautiful lots in the Market—Also three other lots, situated on the easterly side of Gorham street, between Gorham and Central sts. The terms will be liberal and sale positive.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For farther particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 2 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great sale of Iron Wire.

On THURSDAY next Oct. 8th at precisely 11 o'clock A. M., 15532 Pounds *Iron Wire*, various sizes from No 5 to No. 19, suitable for Reeds, Flyers and all other kinds of work. *Nearly* all of the above is perfect wire, made of Charcoal Iron (the best made in this country) every lot will be warranted according to description on the catalogue.

Dealers and workers are respectfully invited to notice the sale. Catalogues will be ready and samples open on the morning of sale. Terms, all same under $100 cash, all over, 4 mos. satisfactory endorsed notes.

Great sale of Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Cutlery, &c.

On SATURDAY, Oct 10th at 10 o'clock, to be continued in the evening if all is not sold. Consisting of elegant full Jeweled and com. Gold and Silver Patent lever, Levers anchor Levers, Patent vertical, Horizontal Cylender Escapement and verge watches. Fine Gold guard chains. Fine gold and plated Fob and vest chains. Rich Gold seals and Keys. Rich Cameo and Stone Bosom Pins set in Fine gold, one real Diamond Pin set in gold. Splendid large gold Bracelets with Gold chains and snaps. Gold Snaps for guard chains necklaces &c. Gold studs for Bosoms and ornamented Gold Rings. Fine Gold Pencil cases Stone heads, Gold diamond pointed Pens. Large Silver Ever pointed Pencil cases with Stone heads, Fine Pocket Knives, Razors, Brushes, Fine Watch Stands elegant alabaster mantle Clocks, Splendid mahogany Dressing cases inlaid with Brass, and brass coraere, (high cost,) Mahogany Family medicine chest, Ladies Fancy work Boxes, one Silver Cake Basket. Fine Table cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Solar Lamps, Parlor Thermometer, Eerman cologne, Fancy Soaps, Steel Pens, Super French Silk Suspenders, Needles, Pins, sewing Silk, and collars, &c. comprising the Entire stock of a dealer.

Catalogues will be out, and the goods may be seen on Friday.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

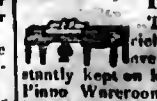
WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, opposite the *Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will be. We warrant every Stove set up by us of this kind, unless it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good Instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay;
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in three complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorised.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only of Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Markley, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns to be found throughout the United States. [aly12s] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in Iowas where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contracion of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, in sauce, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueis the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845. HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grilin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dependency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired and, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhavn, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass. [illegible] Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&ly6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh editions.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ox sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
ja11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and no signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles is a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1y[illegible]a29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Book Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparille, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trochea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.'

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lightcon, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hobokon, inflametory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a lung standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Cimpin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leccorrhea, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation, incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and hesitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M; D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. her Grand and Lydius sts.

Cohoeskie, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York; next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a8m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated:

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testified that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he got his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. luwa&plyjse13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal amissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



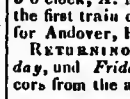
L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18a1f No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swallings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 120.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy26 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1nov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ctf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, DIVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order, ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je9tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1marc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jc13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m sp12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Cammercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9 a1y

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&cly

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jnn. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all these lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others fact and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and convincing evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault; Melvin & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22a&ptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscribe would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the 'Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. taug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in many of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. e&plyner3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. on w&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Or the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$560 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 58	1987
6	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1760
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18SaTu&Srew1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. m1y1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

POETRY.

The American Girl's Song.

Our hearts are with our native land
Our song is for her glory;
Her warrior's wreath is in our hand,
Our lips breathe out her story.
Her lofty hills and valleys green
Are shining bright before us—
And like a rainbow sign is seen
Her proud flag waveing o'er us.

And there are smiles upon our lips,
For those who meet the foeman—
For glory's star knows no eclipse,
When smiled upon by woman.
For those who brave the mighty deep,
And scorn the threats of danger,
We've smiles to cheer, and tears to weep,
For every ocean ranger.

Our hearts are with our native land,
Our song is for her freemen;
Our prayer is for her gallant band,
Who strikes where honor leads them.
We love the tainless air we breathe—
'Tis freedom's endless power;
We'll twine for him an endless wreath,
Who scorns a tyrant's power.

They tell of France's beauties rare—
Of Italy's proud daughters;
Of Scotland's lassies, England's fair,
And nymph's of Shannon's waters
We need not boast their haughty charms,
Though lords around them hover;
Our glory lies in Freedom's arms—
A Freeman for a Lover.

ADULTERATION OF MILK.

The subject of the adulteration of milk, was sometime since investigated with great care, by M. Barruel of Paris. Although his observations were intended to apply only to milk of that city yet there is little doubt that they will also be found applicable, in a greater or less degree, to all large towns and cities. He commences in stating that *all instruments* for ascertaining the purity of milk, which are designed to attain this end by indicating differences in its density or specific gravity, are *inaccurate and useless*. For on the one hand pure milk differs much in its density, according to the fodder used by the dairyman for his cows, the butyraceous matter, which imparts lowness of density, being made to preponderate by some kinds of food, and the caseous part, which increases its density, being made to preponderate by other kinds. And on the other hand, although water, the ordinary substance with which milk is adulterated by the dealers in the French metropolis, would alone cause a great diminution of density, and dealers know very well how to prevent that effect, and thereby render the aerometer or lacrometer useless. For this purpose it is only necessary to dissolve in the milk a little sugar or sugar-candy which is required at all events, in order to correct the flat taste imparted to milk by diluting it with water. The result of M. Barruel's inquires on the adulteration of milk in Paris, was, that no positively noxious substance was, in any case found in it; that a common practice was to remove a considerable portion of the cream, by allowing the milk to stand for a limited time and then to dilute the remainder, or skimmed milk, with water, and to give it the apparent qualities of new milk by one or the other of the methods now to be mentioned. The opacity of the milk being much diminished by the water, so that it acquired a bluish appearance, it was at one time usual to correct this defect by previously mixing wheat flour with the water with which the milk was adulterated. But this deception was too obvious to the senses. Any person, even of indifferent delicacy of palate, could detect the altered taste of the milk; and besides, after two hours' rest the flour precipitated to the bottom, and the translucent blueness was restored again to the milk. To prevent this inconvenience, the dealers boiled the flour in the water before mixing it with the milk; and in this manner an obaque mixture was obtained, which retained its opacity on standing. As even with this addition, the fabricated liquid had a flat taste, sugar or sugar-candy was dissolved in it, by which means the peculiar sweetness of the milk was nearly restored. This adulteration, however, had become so easy of detection by means of iodine, which renders a mixture of boiled flour and water blue by its action on the fecula of the flour, that M. Barruel was in the belief, that the fraud now described had been but little practised in Paris. Driven from this species of adulteration, the dealers resorted to another mode, so ingenious, that M. Barruel conceived they could not have discovered it without the aid of some scientific person. The method is so simple and so cheap, that for one franc—18 3-4 cents—the opacity and color of milk may be imparted to fifteen quarts of water, and so far secret that no disagreeable taste can be detected. This is nothing more than the employment of an emulsion of almonds, for which some dealers, more greedy and less cautious than the rest, substituted hemp seed, which, however, is liable to impart an acrid taste. By either of these means milk may be diluted to an indefinite extent; and the only corrective required is a little sugar or sugar-candy, to remove the flat taste. A peculiar advantage possessed by the latter mode of adulteration over every other, is that the vegetable animal matter; or vegetable albumen of the emulsion, by which the oil of almonds is held in suspension; is coagulated or curdled, precisely like casein; by the addition of acids. This mode of adulteration however, may be readily detected by the two following circumstances, viz:—the coagulum or curd, formed by acids in the mixture of milk and almond emulsion; as compared with that formed in milk alone, is but a little more than one-half; and the facility with which, by kneading the congulum with the fingers, oil may be squeezed out of the almond curd, while none exists in that of the milk alone.

Another adulteration to which milk is subjected in Paris, is to add a small quantity of subcarbonate of potash, or of soda, which saturating the acetic acid as it forms, prevents the coagulation or separation of curd; and some of the dealers practise this with so much success as to gain the reputation of selling milk that *never turns*. Often when coagulation has taken place they restore the fluidity by a greater or less addition of one or the other of the fixed alkalies. The acetate of potash, or of soda, thus formed, has no injurious effect on the health, and besides milk naturally contains a small quantity of acetate of potash, but not an atom of free carbonated alkali. Hence the detection of this mixture is evidently the most difficult of the processes recommended in the various adulterations mentioned in M. Barruel's paper. Indeed, a chemi-

let alone could conduct it; while the two former modes may be easily performed by any person of common observation.—*Agriculturalist.*

THE PEACH ROT.

Among all the melting fruits that Pomona so profusely scatters around us at this season of the year, we know of no one that we prefer before the delicious peach, with its downy, mottled cheek and copious juice of nectered flavor, constituting in our estimation the very paragon of beauty and excellence.

Yet this superb fruit tree is so successfully preyed upon by disease and insects, as to be short lived and unsightly in appearance, whereby many are deterred from its culture. But by the aid of a little science and attention, we hope in a few years to see the race much improved in health and longevity.

Besides the borer of the root, the curculio in the young fruit, extravasation of the sap, &c., we have this season a new depredator, that attacks the fruit, just as it approaches the ripe state—drilling small holes in the ripest part; which causes it immediately to rot on the tree, thus destroying in some trees nearly the whole product, after it had become fully grown and colored.

This depredation has been charged in many quarters to the honey bees, but as we have much affection for these patient collectors of sweets, and much esteem for their industrious and honorable mode of livelihood, we wish to relieve them of so gross an aspersion of character.—We therefore declare it is not the work of the honey bee but of the common green cricket, (Œcanthus niveus) a slender, pale green insect with transparent reticulated wings.

This insect is very shy, and remains most of the day concealed under the dense foliage; they may be detected about dusk quietly making their evening meal; we have often seen two supping at one peach, which is sure to be one of the fairest upon the tree; they may be taken by a quick motion of the hand.

They probably eat most during the night, as they are seldom seen during the day, yet their great numbers are sufficiently manifested by their shrill music which they incessantly keep up the livelong night, which is performed by rubbing one wing case against the other, reminding us by its monotonous vibrations that the summer has nearly past.

After the peach has been thus tapped, other insects hasten its decay, as ants, flies, and a peculiary variegated yellowish brown day-beetle, which resembles a bee somewhat in its buzzing flights; they quiet bury themselves in the tender pulp.

Among the peaches rotten upon the trees, we have noticed some which have not been bitten at all, and are strongly inclined to believe that the evil lies more directly in the peculier state of the weather this season during their ripening period. We do not therefore anticipate in coming seasons any considerable deprivation of our favorite fruit, even though the cricket should have a bite or two in payment of its music.—*Salem Gazette.*

HOW HE LOST HIS TAIL.

This droll sketch we take from a letter in the N. Y. Mirror.

"Gentleman," said the tall Kentuckian, hauling up, and leisurely taking his seat in a vacant chair, "*don't* make fun of that thar dog, if you please," and with a face of profound melancholly and touching pathos he added, "unless you want to hurt his feelins."

"Oh, of course not, sir, if you dislike it. But pray how did he come to be curtailed in his fair proportions?"

"Well, gentleman, I'll tell you," said the Kentuckian, replenishing the capacious hollow of his cheek with a quid of tobacco. "That thar dog was the greatest b'ar hunter in Kaintuck a few years ago. I used to take my rifle and old Riptearer, of an afternoon, and think nothing o' killing ten bars. One cold day in the middle o' winter, bein' troubled a good deal with an old he-bar that used to carry off our pigs by the dozen, I started off with Riptearer, determined to kill the old rascal or die in the attempt. Well, arter we'd gone about two miles through the woods, we all of a sudden come right smack on the old bar, with his wife and three cubs. I know'd I could'nt shoot 'em all at once, and I know'd if I killed either of the old uns, tother would make at me, for I could see they were mortal hungry. So says I, 'Rip, what'll we do?' Rip know'd what I was sayin, and without waiting to hold any confab about it, he guv a growl and pitched right in among 'em. With that I let fly at the she-bar, cos I know'd she was the wust when the cubs was about. Over she rolled as dead as a mackerel. Rip he hitched on the he-bar, and they had a most almighty tussel for about five minutes, when the bar begun to roar enough like blue murder. I run up then, and knocked his brains out with the but end of my rifle. The cubs was so skeered and cold that I killed 'em all in two minutes with my knife.—But Rip took on terrible about my knocking off the old bar on the head. At fust I thought he was going to tackel on to me, and says I—'Rip, that's downright ungrateful.' With that he snenked off with a huff, but I could easily see he was terrible mad yet. Well, I left the bars all on the ground, concluding to call back with the neighbors for 'em as soon as I could let 'em know. On the way home, Rip kept ahead of me. Every time he thought about how I killed the old bar his tail would stand right on end he was so powerful mad. It was getting on to night, and began to grow freezing cold. About half a mile from the house, Rip he come to a halt, thinkin he'd have another look back in the direction of the bars. The scent on 'em raised his dander wuss than ever. His tail stood right squar up, as stiff as a hoe-handle. Just then it come on colder than ever, and poor Rip's tail friz exactly as it stood. I was in a bad fix. I had no fire to thaw it. While I was thinkin what I'd do to get it down agin, a big buck deer sprung up and darted right over a fence about fifty yards ahead. Rip didn't wait to be told where to go, but pitched hell-bent after the deer. I cracked away with my rifle, and just raised the fuzz between his horns. As soon as Rip got to the fence he thought he'd make a short cut, so he dashed right through, but *his tail was so brittle it broke off between the rails!* Poor old Rip was done for good. He never had a tail to show after that; it broke his spirit as well as his tail; that's how he come to loose it. And now, gentlemen, I am getting a little dry, and if you have no objection we'll take horn."

CAN IT BE DONE. The duty of Democrats never was clearer—it is to make a bold, united and energetic attempt this fall to redeem Massachusetts. Much will depend upon the action of local committees. They can call meetings, circulate documents, organize the party, induce the young men to go to the polls, and carry on a spirited campaign; or they can be dilatory and lukewarm. Where the latter is the case, the people will do well to warn them of their duty. Let us prepare to pour a handsome broadside into the old federal hulk. Can it be done?—*Post.*

☞ Ex-President Tyler and his lady are in New York, and the baby.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 10, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERA PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.

DISTRICT NO. 3.

The democrats in the several towns composing Congressional District No 3, are hereby notified and requested to elect Delegates, in the proportion of one Delegate for every fifty Democratic votes cast for Governor at the last election, to be holden at E. S. MERRILL'a Tavern in SOUTH ANDOVER, on TUESDAY, 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be supported by the Democratic party to represent said District in the next Congress of the United States, and also to transact such other business as is usual on such occasions.

Democratic papers in the District are requested to copy the above notice.

Per order of the District.
E. H. SAFFORD, Chairman.

September 29th 1846.

Middlesex County Democratic Convention.

The delegates to the County Democratic Convention, for the choice of a list of candidates for the Senate, and officers for the organization of the party for the ensuing year, met at Concord on the 8th inst.

The Meeting was organized by the choice of WM. E. PARMENTER, of E. Cambridge, Preeident.

DEXTER BOWMAN, of Charlestown,
J. B. FRENCH, of Lowell,
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston,
GEO. S. BOUTWELL, of Groton,
} Vice Preeidents.

E. W. GIBSON, of E. Cambridge,
I. N. GOODHUE, of Lowell,
} Secreturies.

Mr Parmenter made a very happy and appropriate speech on taking the chair.

The following gentlemen were chosen to receive the credentials of the delegates:—

Samuel Poor, of Somerville,
A. R. Brown, of Lowell,
S. S. Green, Jr., of Medford.

The Committee returned 34 towns as represented by 64 delegates.

The following committee of six were selected to prepare an address and resolutions for the Convention:

Butler, of Lowell,
Russell, of West Cambridge,
Caldwell, of Cambridge,
Lynde, of Stowe,
Hildreth, of Lowell,
Woodbridge, of Charlestown.

To select County Committee:—

Dike, of Stoneham,
Beard, of Lowell,
Clark, of Cambridge,
Fuller, of Framingham,
Russell, of Groton.

The Convention then proceeded to mark for candidates for the Senate, and made choice of the following gentlemen:—

Leonard Thompson, of Woburn,
A. R. Brown, of Lowell,
Benjamin Muzzey, of Lexington,
Luke Wellington, of Asbby,
George W. Dike, of Stoneham.
Alden Leland, of Holliston.

The following gentleman were constituted the Democratic County Committee for the ensuing year:

E. W. Gibson, of Cambridge,
A. V. Lynde, of Stoneham,
Chas. B. Davis, of Concord,
F. A. Hildreth, of Lowell,
John K. Going, Jr., of Shirley,
John Mead, of Newton,
Elijah Whiton of Groton.

F. A. Hildreth then presented, in behalf of the appropriate committee, the following

ADDRESS AND RESOLUTIONS.

WE, the Delegates of the Democracy of Middlesex County, in Convention assembled, respectfully invite the serious consideration of the voters of the county to the principles, measures and policy of the Democratic party, as contradistinguished from the principles, measures and policy of the opposite of Democracy, by whatever name designated.

In all Governments where labor and capital are found, there is, ever was, and ever must be, antagonist interests. The history of every government of which we have any knowledge, and in which sufficient advancement in the science of government had been made to recognize the right of individual property, attest this truth—that capital and labor, each forming an element in the cost of the production of an article, and each being represented by the selfishness of human nature, will each take of the results or profits of labor and capital combined, as great a share as it can command. Where is the laborer who does not take the greatest wages he can command, and where is the capitalist who pays a penny more than he is obliged to? So far as production is concerned, labor and capital go hand in hand, their interests are mutual and identical, to wit: to produce the greatest amount possible; but here all mutuality and identity ceases. The article being produced, the next thing to settle is the *division* of it. Here interests diametrically opposite at once arise—*the war of division commences.* Capital wants all it can get, and labor wants all it can get, and each takes just all it can. From this war between labor and capital, this antagonism of interest, originates the two great divisions of parties that have ever existed, and that ever will exist so long as man is a selfish being. All minor divisions of parties are merely secondary to one of these great root divisions. Parties are formed to correct or establish an abuse; and the only difference between new parties, third parties, and one of these great fundamental divisions, is, they go for correcting or preventing a particular wrong, or a particular class of wrongs, or for establishing or perpetuating them, instead of stepping upon the broad platform of one of these great divisions, and going *against* all unjust acts as the true interests of the masses require, or *for* all unjust acts that may advance the interests or reward of capital. The doctrines then, of all minor parties are included in one or both of these primary divisions. And third parties simply take particular doctrines embraced in one or both of these root divisions.

But do democracy and Anti-Democracy represent these primary conflicting interests of capital and labor? To determine this question, Democracy and the sovereignty of labor, the sovereignty of man regardless of capital, must be defined and compared; and also anti-Democracy, and the sovereignty capital.—What is Democracy? The rule of the many—the rule of the people. Democracy being the rule of the many, and as God has so ordained, that it requires the labor of the great mass of the people to furnish sufficient of the means for human subsistence, comfort and pleasure, that "man shall eat his bread by the sweat of his brow," the laboring community must be the many; and the rule of the many, the rule of man as man, and the rule of the laboring mass, who, by an Almighty Decree, which we read in nature as well as in Divine Revelation, ever must be the many, are one and the same. Being so, the rule or sovereignty of the many, and the rule or sovereignty of labor, of man as man, are synonymous—are Democracy. And Democracy is equally well defined when we say it is the rule of the many—or the sovereignty, the rule of labor—or the rule of man as men—or a government where the people are supreme, and the great end of which is, "the greatest good of the greatest number." And Democracy being the rule of the many, and the rule of labor being the rule of the mass, Democracy must represent the primary party growing out of the true interests of labor.

But a Democracy is said to be a government of justice, equality, right, "practical christianity," (and it is with all reverence the term is used) and it may be asked what guarantee we have that the laboring mass will not, if permitted to exercise supreme power in the *war of division* of the results of capital and labor, overstep the bounds of Democracy, of justice, of christianity, and take to themselves all the proceeds of capital and labor united, leaving capital nothing? That every Saturday night they will not divide up the gains of all during the week? In answering this question is presented the advantages and safety of a government of the people. It is because the happiness, the good, *the interest* of the laboring mass requires a different policy. Should the mass so mistake their true interests as to seize upon the accumulations of others and divide them up, should they rob individuals of their honest earnings instead of protecting them in their rights and property, the result would be that no man would accumulate property nor perform a day's labor that was not necessary for his immediate subsistence: and instead of dividing up, there would quick be nothing to divide, and the whole people would suffer from the universal indolence that would necessarily result from such policy. So if a government of the people should take from capital its proper reward, it would be withdrawn from business and themselves be the greatest sufferers. In a word, there can be no government so conducive to the happiness and welfare of the people as a government of justice and equality, a government of morality and religion. In a government of the people, what wrong can be committed that does not fall upon their own heads? The very essence of a right or wrong act or measure, is its effect upon the people. A measure is right if it adds to the interest or well being of the people; it is wrong if it injures them. The interests of the people are right, and the injury of the people and wrong are one and inseperable. And herein lies the great safety and advantage of a government of the people—the government will never do an intentional wrong, because no wrong can exist that does not fall upon the people, and the people being the government, the government can do no wrong that does not fall upon itself.

Anti-Democracy, as the opposite of Democracy, is the rule of the few, of a privileged class, of those *born* to rule, of Capital, of any power other than that of the People.

That it arises from the interest capital has to oppress labor, there need but a few words be said to convince every reflecting man. As there is not a natural desire in man to wrong, injure and oppress his fellowman, nor ever, unless incited to do so from a belief that his own private, self-interest is to be advanced thereby, no person would be favorable to the sovereignty of capital, or a government founded on capital, except he expected his own interests to be promoted thereby; and was it not for the antagonism of interest between labor and capital in the division of their products, the interest of the representative of capital could not be advanced by acquiring power over labor, and therefore it would never be sought against man's natural tendency to justice. An Anti-Democrat then, unless so from want of knowledge, is one who would deprive man of his rights that through his capital he might add to his own power, and wealth, and grandeur.

But labor, too, it is admitted, will take from capital all it can command, and why is it not as dangerous to give to the laboring mass all power as to capital? But it has also been shown that if the sovereignty of a State resides in the people, in the laboring mass, in man as man, that no wrong can be done to capital for the benefit of labor, without the injury falling upon labor itself. Hence there can be no danger in putting all power into the hands of the people, as they will never make a wrongful exercise of it, unless they misconstrue their true interests—as in doing so they injure themselves. But not so with an Anti-Democracy, a government of an individual, of a few, of a class, a government founded on capital. In this form of government, a wrong to the people may promote the interests of those possessing the sovereign power. Wrong is the same in an Anti-Democracy as in a Democracy—it is an injury to the people; but in an Anti-Democracy the people not being the government, but the few having the sovereignty, it may be for the interest of that few, unlike what it ever can be of the many, of a Democracy, to wrong, oppress and rob the people, for their own elevation and aggrandizement.

There being but two primary parties in a government, the Democratic and the Anti Democratic—the capital and labor divisions—the true way to effect any change or reform for the benefit of man, or labor, is to step upon the broad Democratic platform, and satisfy the people that the change proposed will do so, which if true, is the very essence of Democracy and as such will be supported by every Democrat as fast as they become satisfied that such will be the effect. And by far the surest way to make a change, that will benefit capital at the expense of labor, or perpetuate a system that robs labor is to divide the ranks of democracy into as many subdivisions as possible, that the force of a great, united party may be spent in quarrelling upon matters of minor importance, while the capital party, unheeded, takes the lion's share of the proceeds of labor.

And we respectfully ask all progressive reformers whether labor reformers, reformers of man's social condition, or for restoring to him his natural rights, or for extending to all equal political and civil rights and privileges, if they are truly what they profess, and are only seeking the people's good, to consider whether it is not their duty to step into the ranks of the Democratic party as it has the same object

To the management of our State affairs which at this time becomes the people to consider, we would invite attention. At every session of the General Court most of it is spent in—What? In protecting the weak against the strong? In providing for the free and conscientious exercise of man's poltical and inalienable rights, independent of capital? In legislating for capital as if it was worth protecting only as it may be used to promote the happiness of the mass of the people? In preventing associated wealth that is made all-powerful by being amassed by corporation legislation from grinding and oppressing labor, and enslaving the mind of man? Are these, and such as these, the objects that occupy the minds of our legislators during the long session of the General Court? On the contrary, does not the granting of invaluable franchises to the wealthy, such as bank corporations, railroad corporations, bridge corporations, manufacturing corporations and every other kind of chartered monopolies, at the expense too of the people whose rights are thus parcelled out, and without receiving any equivalent in return, occupy almost the entire attention of the legislature of this state, and to the entire neglect of the interests of men where disconnected and antagonistic to the interests of capital? When the property qualification of voting and the principle of taxing according to the means of the person taxed is proposed, and a reduction of the poll tax recommended, Massachusetts legislation answers the proposition with saying, none *but paupers and vagabonds desire it, and no man is fit to vote unless he is willing to pay a dollar and a half for exercising* as *a privilege granted, what is a natural right.* When laborers ask that corporations, receiving their power of oppression from the legislature, shall not require them to labor more hours a day than the human system can endure, they are told at *one* time, that the legislature has no power over the subject, and at *another* that it has but its exercise is inexpedient, or their petitions are thrown under the table as coming from a source entitled to no consideration: and all because capital is considered of more importance than human health and life. When it is proposed to pay the soldiers of the Commonwealth a reasonable compensation for the protection they afford to the liven, liberty and property of the citizens, the interest of capital is that they should receive not half pay, and less than half pay is all they get. But when democratic policy reduces the salary of *Government Officials* and thereby saves THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS *a year* to the people, the same Anti Democratic legislature that will do nothing to lighten the burden of the laboring mass, that will do nothing to relieve them from thirteen hours' toil a day for a subsistence, (except to tell them that *corporations ought not to exact it of them:*) that refuses to half pay the militia of the Commonwealth: that refuses to lessen the taxation of man without property and thereby extend the right of suffrage: that makes a present of the peoples franchises to wealth and charges the people with the expense of making the donation: that imposes extra taxes upon men whose calling shows them to be of small means, and that asperses them as "hawkers" and still gives them the privilege of "hawking" the people if they will only pay for it—that to save capital from its just share of the burdens of Government, tho' it taxes Pedlars beyond an equal taxation, and taxes debts, by twice taxing mortgaged real estate, once to the mortgagor and once to the mortgagee, thereby throwing all the burden of taxation possible on the debtor, or the poorest portion of the community: that opposes a law for exposing and taxing concealed stocks, and after such a law is passed by the Democracy refuses to prevent an evasion of it where clerks of corporations in the State, move out to avoid making the necessary returns, for their exposure and just taxation with all other property: that spends ten days in special legislation for one for the public good: groans most piteously over the starving situation of these salary officials, whose pay is reckoned by the thousand or thousands of dollars, and seeks every chance, pretence, and deception for raising them again, all because they are such devoted worshippers and propagandists of every policy and measure that will add to the power and increase of Capital.

The democracy would not be understood as being opposed to association Capital so far as it is necessary to unite individual means sufficient to developo to the best advantage the resources of the Commonwealth. But it should be done by a general law giving all equal privileges, that there may be the same competition between corporat,or eassociate capital as between individual. But, at the same time that capital is united, as its union gives the controllers of it vastly increased power, beyond what could be made available were it distributed among thousands acting independent, and without concert, as they must act in absence of a legal combination, and a legal head to direct it, the legislature as it gives the power, when it is misused, should at all times be ready to redress any grievances growing out of it, even to the taking away of charters, and thus destroying the combination that defeats the only proper purpose of combination, the good of the people.—And the doctrine that one legislature can grant privileges that are injurious, ruinous and oppressive to the people which cannot be revoked or repealed by a subsequent legislature, is as dangerous as it is Anti Democratic and should be repudiated by every freeman; and any legislature attempting it, transcends its power, and assumes to have more power than its successor, or the people themselves.

In all legislation, State and national, in no wise should the liberty of the Citizen to think and act as he pleases be interfered with, farther than is indispensable to the safety and rights of others. And all arbitrary legislation dictating to a man the condition upon which he shall exercise his calling for a livelihood farther than is necessary to prevent his trespassing upon the rights of others is a relic, or introduction of English legislation, injurious to the prosperity of the people, and an improper interference with individual freedom, and an infringement of man's natural right to pursue his own happiness in his own way, so that he does not encroach upon the rights of others. And all laws requiring licences for the pursuit of any business except as revenue measures, are Anti Democratic and should not be sustained by a Democratic Community.

The principles of the Democratic Party in National politics, as in State, are all deducible from Democracy itself. To the principal measures of the Administration we have time only to briefly refer.

The New Tariff is certainly a Democratic measure as it will simply reduce manufacturers enormous profits of from 30 to 50 per cent. to something nearer the profits of other branches of industry, and leave the amount of the reduction in the pockets of the people where it justly belongs. And the laborers of the country will be better rewarded from this change of the tariff, not only because they pay less for what they consume, but from the agricultural interest being improved, the demand for labor will be increased, and consequently the price must be.

The war with Mexico being but to vindicate our national honor, redress our wrongs and defend our soil, will, while conducted for these ends, as it has thus far been, be approved and supported by every patriot.

The complete and final death blow given to a monster U. S. Bank by the re-establishment of the Independent Treasury Bill, by which is recognized only the Constitutional currency of the Country, and which greatly increases the security of the Government against losing the people's money, checks excessive importations and excessive issues of Bank paper, and consequent ruinous speculations, should cause every true friend to freedom and healthy, honest industry to rejoice.

The settlement of the Oregon question although we have not obtained so much territory as many have deemed us entitled to, yet, as we have got all that our government has at former times claimed, and what the British Government has heretofore ever peremptorally refused, the honor and dignity of the nation has been fully maintained, while that of England has been tarnished, inasmuch as she receeded from her high pretensions, and asked the previlege of accepting the same terms she had five times refused, and asked it too, of the very administretion whose offer she had before indignantly rejected.

The annexation of Texas, though denounced by some at the North as a scheme for the extension of slavery, has, if not extended the "area of Freedom" secured freedom to our brethren in Texas, and made no change for the worse in the condition of the Negro population.

The evil of Slavery we feel and deprecate as do also slaveholders themselves. It is a great wrong interwoven with the fabric of the State constitutions of many of the members of our glorious Union with which we are bound to leave it by the most sacred obligations of the constitution; and there we will leave it, as we value the Constitution, the Union, and the prosperity and peace of this great people, more than we value fragments of a once Glorious Republic, torn by jealousy, hatred and civil war, and thereby rendered impotent to spread the principles of Democracy and the blessings of Republican Institutions, nay, to defend even our hearth-stones against a foreign invador, the legitimate results of Northern Abolitionism practically enforced.

And we would also offer for the consideration of the voters of the County the following resolutions.

Resolved, That a government of right, equality and justice, is the interest of the Democracy; yet as man has not become all-wise, but is liable to err, a Democratic goverament must be progressive, and subject to change as man advances in perfection and wisdom, till human government becomes as perfect as is attainable by human wisdom, with right and self interest acting in harmony.

Resolved, That the great and legitimate end of government is the happiness of the people, and all rights of persons to things, are deducible from the fact that the good of all requires such rights to exist; and no measure, nor policy should be supported except, nor longer than it tends to that great end.

Resolved, That the people are *sovereign*, and as such, are the only legitimate judges of what promotes their happiness, and therefore possess the only power that government can exercise over the rights and property of individuals.

Resolved, That, as government is rightfully instituted only by the people and for the equal good of all, and not for the particular good of a privileged order or class, either hereditary, or made perpetual in the representatives of a corporation, all governmental or legislative acts, by which the rights or privileges of the people are trenched upon, may be changed, or abolished by the people, either through their representatives, or by themselves acting in their sovereign capacity.

Resolved, That we view with alarm the mighty power that capital, in this State and throughout New England, is acquiring over labor; and particularly that unjust and unholy combination among manufacturing corporations, by which laborers, male and female, may be hunted from corporation to corporation, and deprived of employment and of bread, if, in all things, thought and action, they do not submissively bow to the dictates of their employers.

Resolved, That the Retrenchment of 1843 should never have been departed from, and that we will do all in our power to again give it a place upon our Statute Books,

Resolved, That a secret ballot law is indispensable to a free and conscientious exercise of the *Elective Franchise.*

Resolved, That the interest of the people requires that railroad monopolies in this State should be broken down by wholesome competition.

Resolved, That the "Hawkers and Pedlers" Act is worthy the government that passed it.

Resolved, That with "Retrenchment and Reform"—taxation and no monopoly of railroads—no double taxation of the poor—no screening the wealthy from their just share of the burden of supporting government—no toleration of corporation oppression—together with truth, justice, equality, and all the measures, State or National, of the Democratic party"—inscribed on our banner, we are ready for the coming contest, and we will defeat our enemy, if we do not achieve a victory.

Resolved, That in the Nominees of the Democratic State Convention—ISAAC DAVIS and GEORGE HOOD—we have entire confidence, religiously believe them to be Democrats of the right stamp, able, firm, manly, and independent.

Resolved, That the candidates we have this day selected to the Honorable office of Senators from old Middlesex, are tried, sound Democrats, able and worthy men—and we individually, and as delegates of the Democratic party, pledge ourselves to give them a warm, united and vigorous support.

Resolved, That we approve the great measures passed at the last Congress, and the course of the Executive. That the government throughout, in the legislative and Executive branches, has fully met the expectations of the Democracy of the county.

Resolved, That the overtures of the whig party to the abolitionists, and the declared readiness of some of the leading whig presses to dismember the Union, as an alarming crisis that should be met by the friends of the Union, regardless of party, with a determined an opposition as marks and makes the difference between patriots and traitors.

Resolved, That the whig party, in their denunciation, and unscrupulous and ireltorous opposition to the war with Mexico, and their support of John Davis for voting against furnishing men and money in carrying it on—at the same time they support George N. Briggs for governor, who called for volunteers, and the whig representatives in Congress, who voted men and money for the prosecution of the war, prove themselves ready to sacrifice consistency, principle and country, to overthrow the Democratic Party.

Resolved, That the whigs of the North, who doglike, keep one continuous howl against the Annexation of Texas, offering as a reason for it, that slavery has been perpetuated and extended thereby, show themselves to be as hypocritical as unprincipled, inasmuch as *he did* and would *again* vote for Henry Clay, who said of annexation, "I SHOULD BE GLAD TO SEE IT!" and of its benefits, "IT WOULD MAKE AS MANY FREE AS SLAVE STATES, and" *sanctioned and sanctified*" the whole matter by the honest declaration that "THE QUESTION OF SLAVERY OUGHT NOT TO AFFECT IT ONE WAY OR THE OTHER!"

Resolved, That no tory of '76, Hartford Convention federalist of '15, or abolitinn whig of '46, ever uttered a baser or more unpatriotic and treasonable *lie*, than that embodied in the resolution passed, Tuesday last, here, on the battle ground of Concord, by the whig convention, as follows, to wit:—

"That the Executive war with Mexico, the first fruits of the annexation of Texas can be justified by no reason *which does not deserve the scorn of men, and the judgements of Heaven!* and that to its commencement, its support and its continuance, we are uncompromisingly opposed."

Voted, that the Address and Resolutions be published in the democratic papers of the county and Boston Post and Times.

Voted, that the thanks of the Convention be tendered to the President for the impartial and able manner in which he has presided during the deliberations of the Convention.

Voted, that the thanks, of the Convention be tendered to the Vice Presidents and Secretaries of the Convention.

EDWARD W. GIBSON, } Secretaries.
ISAAC N. GOODHUE, }

KILLED. Mario Fogen, while on her way to her work in the mill, on Thursday morning, was run over by a train of Coal cars while crossing the railroad track on Market Street, which cut off one of her legs and so much injured her otherwise that she died at 6 o'clock in the evening of the same day. There was no Engine attached to the cars at the time.

☞ HERR ALEXANDER the famous magician is coming to Lowell as soon as his health will permit. He has created quite an excitement in Boston by his wonderful performances.

☞ The great painting of "The End of the World" from the increasing desire manifested to see it, will remain on exhibition another week. No friends to works of Art should fail to visit this grand picture.

☞ The Whigs claim the support of the Abolitionist for John G. Palfrey, whig candidate for Congress from district No. 4, on the ground that he is both a theoretical and practical Abolitionist.

☞ John P. Hale talks to-night at the City Hall. The Whigs and Abolitionists will all be there, besides many Democrats, who will attend to see what kind of an oobleaching renegade he is.

☞ To-day we give a full report of the proceedings of our County Convention. We shall take occasion to speak of our worthy Candidates for Senators hereafter.

☞ The Middlesex Cattle Show coms off last Tuesday, the 11th inst. at Concord. We shall publish the proceedings at the earliest opportunity.

☞ The Democratic Convention of District No. 4 have nominated Hon. Frederick Robinson of Charlestown for Representative to Congress from that District.

MUSEUM. A very attractive Bill is presented tonight at the Museum. On monday evening will be brought out the play of "The Maid of Croisey," and the popular Farce of "The Valet De Sham." Tonight "A Musical Olio."

MARYLAND ELECTION. The Senate is said to stand 5 Democrats and 6 whigs. House 27 Democrats and 55 whigs.

☞ Mr C. D. Church of New York will address the Temperance community in Lowell *to-morrow* Evening at 6 o'clock in the City Hall.

☞ The whigs of this city gave Col. Schualer a complimentary supper, Thursday night the 8th inst. We understand it was a pleasant party.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAIL ROAD.

TO the subscribers of Stock in the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

A sufficient number of Shares of said Stock having been subscribed for, you are notified that a meeting of said company will be holden at the Washington House in said Lowell on FRIDAY the Sixteenth day of October inst, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the choice of a board of Directors, and the adoption of by-laws for the regulation of said company.

Wm. LIVINGSTON, SIDNEY SPALDING, OTIS ALLEN, ROYAL CALL. } Persons named in the Act of Incorporation.

Persons wishing to subscribe for Stock may do so by calling on Wm. Livingston or Spalding.

Lowell, Oct. 8, 1846. A&ptsep15,

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nabs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's Key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names, and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 100,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN H. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. 3t.

ANELLI'S GREAT AINTING !!

The End of the World.

OR, OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL,

IS open for exhibition at Wentworth's Hall, for a few days only. The painting is of immense size, containing 500 square feet of Canvas, with about 40 colossal figures, besides immense masses of people in the distance, cities and shipping in flames, scenery, &c. It has been visited during the past year by more than 70,000 persons, and is pronounced by the best judges, to be the best, the most magnificent and sublime painting ever exhibited in this country.

Hours of exhibition from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 10, P. M. Brilliantly illuminated at night. Explanatory Lecture given at 4 o'clock, P. M., and also at 8½ each evening.

Admittance 25 cents; Season tickets 50 cents; Children half price; Schools, &c., admitted at reduced rates, and a Lecture giving expressly for the occasion. sep25

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Booth and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

A good chance to clear from $500 to $1000 a year.

AGENTS wanted in every town and County throughout the Union, to sell Sears' New and popular works, universally acknowledged to be the *best and cheapest* ever published, as they certainly are the most saleable. Any active Agent may clear $500 or $1000 a year. A cash capital of at least $25 or $50 will be necessary. Full particulars of the principles and profits of the Agency will be given on application, either personally or by letter. The postage must in all cases be paid. Please to address,

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
Alwoct 8 No. 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday

The superior fast sailing Schr. *NONTICELLO, Baker, master*, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

In a few Days,

The fast sailing A 1 packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord master*, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MIROT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf, Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, fur Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes of the celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD,

aug14 3m H. T. BUTLER.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a10

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHEES, Sen
Morth Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3t&ptf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Ballington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 18 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.

oct3tdv3t

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Washst., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune, one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfnal7 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11tf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hunson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

FALL FASHION !

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20tf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

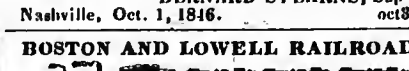
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington; Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1.25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only **FIVE DOLLARS** provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

Household Furniture.

On SATURDAY, Oct. 10th, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., at office,—The Furniture of a family breaking up.—Also a lot of new Furniture, Cooking Stoves, &c. Particulars hereafter.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be preferad. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street: Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—It will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square:—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses to excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great sale of Iron Wire.

On THURSDAY next Oct. 8th at precisely 11 o'clock A. M., 15932 Pounds *Iron Wire*, various sizes from No. 5 to No. 19, suitable for Reeds, Flyers and all other kinds of work. Nearly all of the above is perfect wire, made of Charcoal Iron (the best made in this country) every lot will be warranted according to description on the catalogue.

Dealers and workers are respectfully invited to notice the sale. Catalogues will be ready and samples open on the morning of sale. Terms, all sums under $100 cash; all over, 4 mos, satisfactory endorsed notes.

Great sale of Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Cutlery, &c.

On SATURDAY, Oct 10th at 10 o'clock, to be continued in the evening if all is not sold. Consisting of elegant full Jeweled and com. Gold and Silver Patent eng. Levers anchor Levers, Patent Vertical, Horizontal Cylender Escapement and verge watches. Five Gold guard chains. Fine gold and plated Fob and vest chains. Rich Gold seals and Keys. Rich Cameo and Stone Bosom Pins set in Fine gold, one real Diamond Pin set in gold. Splendid large gold Bracelets with Gold chains and snaps. Gold Snaps for guard chains necklaces &. Gold studs for Bosoms and ornamented Fold Rings. Fine Gold Pencil cases Stone heads, Gold diamond pointed Pens. Large Silver Ever pointed Pencil cases, with Stone heads, Fine Pocket Knives, Razors, Brushes, Fine Watch Stands elegant alabaster mantle Clocks, Splendid mahogany Dressing cases inlaid with Brass, and brass corners, (high cost,) Mahogany Family medicine chest, Ladies Fancy work Boxes, one Silver Cake Basket. Fine Table cutlery, Tea and Table Spoons, Solar Lamps, Parlor Themometer, Germau cologne, Fancy Soaps, Steel Pens, Super French Silk Suspenders, Needles, Pins, sewing Silk, and collars, &c. comprising the Entire stock of a dealer.

Catalogues will be out, and the goods may be seen on Friday.

Great Sale of Genteel Furniture Piano Fortes &c.

On FRIDAY next Oct 16, at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. consisting of Elegant Brussells, 3 Ply and Superfine Carpets, Tufted Rugs, Printed Bocking, Sofas, and Sofa Bed, Mahogany, Cane Seat, and Common Wood Chairs, Large and Small Rocking Do. Mahogany, Hnrd wood, and Pine Tables. Elegant Mahogany Ward Robe. Secretary, Bureaus, Toilet Tables, Washstands, Sinks, Looking Glasses, Live Geese and common Feather Beds, and Bedding, amongst which are some very superior Blankets, nearly new. Child's Carriage and Cradle, Crockery, China, and Glass ware. Fine Table Cutlery. Spoons. Plates, and Dish covers. Vases. Pictures. Map U. S. The The usual variety of Kitchen Furniture. Cook and Parlor Stoves. Clock. Shower Bath. Hat Iron, Brass Fire Setts, &c., &c.

At 12 O'clock Precisely, 6 2d hand Piano Fortes, by order of the Mortgagees

Also 1 New Piano Forte in Rich Rosewood Case made by Dextor. Excellent Tone and action, in Every respect a very superior Instrument.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

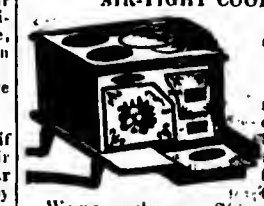
At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & BATER'S

AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 170 Main st.; Saratoga Spring, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue a Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ely*

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st. Lowell. au29tf

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs; to make clients buy.
And not their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief in the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjun22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—The Original and Genuine Preporotion! Coughs, Colds, Asthmo, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenzo, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!-☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may12t] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, who of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in sores, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agacin the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

BOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health and vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

☞ H. CARLTON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pfmosap9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11aGm 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ad1yjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: **Being afflicted with Dyspepsia** for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, taunting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammtory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 *Nassau* street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhea, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only is the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSY RUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers in the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18aif No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&plx

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 13, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 121.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
AUTHOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
96 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Diels, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on head, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfoov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,

And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
atf novl

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je27

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....*LOWELL. 6m
sp12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and New hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinary, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German Language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Boah Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thee superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such avidence is unnecessary !

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignent sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of those complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, one regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pand, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22a&ptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rawg8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwenger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation; and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experience in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy; the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oaw&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Amount Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	968 76	435 53	67 55	1987
6	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Sp ewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber must respectfully give notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$2.00 per quarter; $3.50 for six months and $6.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at *lower* prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

POETRY.

Song of the Artizan.

BY THOMAS DUNN ENGLISH.

Sing, comrades, sing!
We are part of the State, who labor,
As well as our wealthy neighbor,
And each in his sphere, a king.
We laugh when the rich men mention
Their wonderful condescension,
In taking our hands with dainty grips,
Undaunted by labor's grime,
And giving us love on their lying lips,
About the election-time.
Sing, comrades, sing!
We are part of the State, who labor,
As well as our wealthy neighbor,
And each, in his sphere, a king.

Sing, comrades, sing!
Not alone in the workshop's clamor,
When wielding the saw and the hammer,
Is each of us here, a king.
For as part of our noble nation,
We stand in a glorious station,
And learn to think, at every clink,
Whatever the fools may say,
We are bound to the State with a golden link,
And force it on its way.
Sing, comrades, sing!
We are part of the State, who labor,
As well as our wealthy neighbor,
And each, in his sphere, a king.

Sing, comrades, sing!
We are lords of a mighty nation,
Her glory is our creation,
And each is as high as a king.
For WE set the STATE in motion,
As kings do over the ocean;
And in never a deed may our rulers speed,
Till we say how and when—
For we feel in our power and purpose strong,
And we know that we are men.
Sing, comrades, sing!
We are part of the State, who labor,
As well as our wealthy neighbor,
And each, in his sphere, a king.

MARTIN FRANC:
—AND—
The Monk of Saint Anthony.

FROM OUTRE-MER.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Lysten Lordynge to my tale,
And you shall hear of one storye,
Is better than wyne or ale,
That ever was made in this country.
ANCIENT METRICAL ROMANCE.

In times of old, there lived in the city of Rouen a tradesman named Martin Franc, who, by a series of misfortunes, had been reduced from opulence to poverty. But poverty, which generally makes men humble and laborious, only served to make him proud and lazy; and in proportion as he grew poorer and poorer, he grew also prouder and lazier. He contrived, however, to live along from day to day, by now and then pawning a silken robe of his wife, or selling a silver spoon, or some other trifle saved from the wreck of his better fortunes; and passed his time pleasantly enough in loitering about the market place and walking up and down on the sunny side of the street.

The fair Marguarite, his wife, was celebrated through the whole city for her beauty, her wit, and her virtue. She was a brunette, with the blackest eye, the whitest teeth, and the ripest nut-brown cheek in all Normandy; her figure was tall and stately, her hands and feet most delicately moulded, and her swimming gait like the motion of a swan. In happier days she had been the delight of the richest tradesman in the city, and the envy of the fairest dames.

The friends of Martin Franc, like the friends of many a ruined man before and since, deserted him in the day of adversity. Of all that had eaten his dinners, and drunk his wine, and flattered his wife, none sought the narrow alley and humble dwelling of the broken tradesman save one, and that one was Friar Gui, the sacristan of the abbey of Saint Anthony. He was a little, jolly, red faced friar, with a leer in his eye, and rather doubtful reputation, but as he was a kind of travelling gazette, and always brought the latest news and gossip of the city, and besides was the only person that condescended to visit the house of Martin Franc,—in fine, for the want of a better, he was considered in the light of a friend.

In these constant assiduities, Friar Gui had his secret motives, of which the single heart of Martin Franc was entirely unsuspicious. The keener eye of his wife, however, soon discovered two faces under the hood; but she persevered in misconstruing the friar's intentions, and in deliberately turning aside any expressions of gallantry that fell from his lips. In this way Friar Gui was for a long time kept at bay; and Martin Franc preserved in the day of poverty and distress that consolation of all this world's afflictions—a friend. But, finally, things came to such a pass, that the honest tradesman opened his eyes, and wondered he had been asleep so long. Whereupon he was irreverent enough to thrust Friar Gui into the street by the shoulders.

Meanwhile the times grew worse and worse. One family relic followed another—the last silken robe was pawned, the last silver spoon sold; until at length poor Martin Franc was forced to "drag the devil by the tail;" in other words, beggary stared him full in the face. But the fair Marguerite did not even then despair. In those days a belief in the immediate guardianship of the saints was much more strong and prevalent than in these lewd and degenerate times; and as there seemed no great probability of improving their condition by any lucky change which could be brought about by mere human agency, she determined to try what could be done by intercession with the patron saint of her husband.—Accordingly she repaired one evening to the abbey of St Athony, to place a votive candle and offer her prayer at the altar, which stood in the little chapel dedicated to St. Martin.

It was already sunset when she reached the church, and the evening service of the Virgin had commenced. A cloud of incense floated before the altar of the Madonna, and the organ rolled its deep melody along the dim arches of the church. Marguerite mingled with the kneeling crowd, and repeated the responses in Latin, with as much devotion as the most learned clerk of the convent. When the service was over, she repaired to the chapel of St. Martin, and, lighting her votive taper at the silver lamp which burned before his altar, knelt down in a retired part of the chapel, and, with tears in her eyes, besought the saint for aid and protection.

While she was thus engaged, the church became gradually deserted, till she was left, as she thought, alone. But in this she was mistaken; for, when she arose to depart, the portly figure of Friar Gui was standing close at her elbow!

"Good evening, fair Marguerite," said he. "St Martin has heard your prayer, and sent me to relieve your poverty."

"Then, by the Virgin!" replied she, "the good saint is not very fastidious in the choice of his messengers."

"Nay, goodwife," answered the friar, not at all abashed by this ungracious reply, "if the tidings are good, what matters it who the messenger may be? And how does Martin Franc these days?"

"He is well," replied Marguerite; "and were he present, I doubt not would thank you heartily for the interest you still take in him and his poor wife."

"He has done me wrong," continued the friar, "but it is our duty to forgive our enemies; and so let the past be forgotten. I know that he is in want. Here, take this to him, and tell him I am still his friend."

So saying, he drew a small purse from the sleeve of his habit, and proffered it to his companion. I know not whether it were a suggestion of St. Martin, but true it is that the fair wife of Martin Franc seemed to lend a more willing ear to the earnest whispers of the friar. At length she said:

"Put up the purse to-day I can neither deliver your gift nor your message. Martin Franc has gone from home."

"Then keep it for yourself."

"Nay, Sir Monk," replied Marguerite, casting down her eyes, "I can take no bribes here in the church, and in the very chapel of my husband's patron saint! You shall bring it to me at my house, if you will."

The friar put up the purse, and the conversation which followed was in a low and indistinct undertone, audible only to the ears for which it was intended. At length the interview ceased; and—Oh woman!—the last words that the virtuous Marguerite uttered, as she glided from the church, were:

"To-night;—when the abbey-clock strikes twelve;—remember!"

It would be useless to relate how impatiently the friar counted the hours and the quarters as they chimed from the ancient tower of the abbey, while he paced to and fro along the gloomy cloister. At length the appointed hour approached; and just before the convent-bell sent forth its summons to call the friars of St. Anthony to their midnight devotions, a figure, with a cowl, stole out of a postern-gate, and, passing silently along the deserted streets, soon turned into the little alley which led to the dwelling of Martin Franc. It was no other than Friar Gui. He rapped softly at the tradesman's door, and casting a look up and down the street, as if to assure himself that his motions were unobserved, slipped into the house.

"Has Martin Franc returned?" inquired he in a whisper.

"No," answered the sweet voice of his wife; "he will not be back to-night."

"Then all good angels befriend us!" continued the Monk, endeavoring to take her hand.

"Not so, good monk," said she, disengaging herself. "You forgot the conditions of our meeting."

The friar paused a moment; and then, drawing a heavy leathern purse from his girdle, he threw it upon the table; at the same moment a footstep was heard behind him, and a heavy blow from a club threw him prostrate upon the floor. It came from the strong arm of Martin Franc himself!

It is hardly necessary to say that his absence was feigned. His wife had invented the story to decoy the monk, and thereby to keep her husband from beggary, and to relieve herself, once for all, from the importunities of a false friend. At first Martin Franc would not listen to the proposition; but at length he yielded to the urgent entreaties of his wife; and the plan finally agreed upon was, that Friar Gui, after leaving his purse behind, should be sent back to the convent with a severer discipline than his shoulders had ever received from any penence of his own.

The affair, however, took a more serious turn than was intended; for, when they tried to raise the friar from the ground, he was dead. The blow aimed at his shoulders fell upon his shaven crown; and, in the excitement of the moment, Martin Franc had dealt a heavier stroke than he intended. Amid the grief and consternation which followed this discovery, the quick imagination of his wife suggested an expedient of safety. A bunch of keys at the Friar's girdle caught her eye. Hastily unfastening the ring, she gave the keys to her husband, exclaiming,

"For the holy Virgin's sake be quick! One of these keys doubtless unlocks the gate of the convent-garden. Carry the body thither, and leave it among the trees!"

Martin Franc threw the dead body of the monk across his shoulders, and with a heavy heart took the way to the abbey. It was a clear starry night; and though the moon had not yet risen her light was in the sky, and seemed reflected down in a soft twilight upon earth. Not a sound was heard through all the long and solitary streets, save at intervals the distant crowing of a cock, or the melancholy hoot of an owl from the lofty tower of the abbey. The silence weighed like an accusing spirit upon the guilty consciences of Martin Franc. He started at the sound of his own breathing, as he panted under the heavy burden of the monk's body; and if, perchance, a bat flitted near him on drowsey wings, he paused, and his heart beat audibly with terror. At length he reached the garden-wall of the abbey, opened the postern gate with the key, and, bearing the monk into the garden, seated him upon a stone bench by the edge of the fountain, with his head resting against a column, upon which was sculptured an image of the Madonna. He then replaced the bunch of keys at the monk's girdle, and returned home with hasty steps.

When the prior of the convent, in whom the repeated delinquencies of Friar Gui were but too well known, observed that he was again absent from his post at midnight prayers, he waxed exceedingly angry; and no sooner than were the duties of the chapel finished, than he sent a monk in pursuit of the truant sacristan, summoning him to appear immediately at his cell. By chance it happened that the monk chosen for this duty was an enemy of Friar Gui; and very shrewdly supposing that the sacristan had stolen out of the garden gate on some midnight adventure, he took that direction in pursuit. The moon was just climbing the convent-wall, and threw its silvery light through the trees of the garden, and on the sparkling waters of the fountain, that fell with a soft lulling sound into the deep basin below. As the monk passed on his way, he stopped to quench his thirst, with a draught of cool water, and was turning to depart, when his eye caught the motionless form of the sacristan, sitting erect in the shadow of the stone column.

* The outlines of the following tale were taken from a Norman Fabliau of the thirteenth century, entitled *Le Segretian Moine*. To judge by the numerous imitations of this story which still exist in old Norman poetry, it seems to have been a prodigious favorite at its day, and to have passed through as many hands as did the body of Friar Gui. It probably had its origin in "The Story of the little Hunchback," a tale of the Arabian Nights; and in modern times has been imitated in the poetic tale of "The Knight and the Friar," by George Colman.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 13, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Hollistun.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.

Democracy---its Principles and Practice.

The principles avowed by the Democratic party are *right and just*—they commend themselves to the people, and the people demand and will sustain their being put into practical operation. Justice and equal rights to all men—special privileges and favors to none, is the fundamental principle of democracy. Pledged to this, the democratic party has triumphed on many a hard fought field of political contest—and if it faithfully conforms its practice to its professions, it will always be invincible; the people will rush to its standard with growing enthusiasm and continually increasing numbers, and will roll onward in its reforming and purifying tide, with irresistable power. But professions without practice soon sicken and disgust the people, who, turning with paralized ardor from empty sounds and the hollow jingling of popular words, cease from their exertions in the cause of reform, until some new organization gives better promise of the actual enforcement of democratic principles.

The present national administration came into power pledged to the general principles of democracy, and it will be sustained by the people in carrying them out; but it will be deserted and repudiated if it departs from the genuine principles of the democratic faith, or falters in the attempt to put them in practical operation.

Among the most important principles of democracy, is the doctrine of rotation in office. It is important in the first place, because it is necessary to the public interest; and secondly, it is important in a party view, because it is through its public acts that the government is seen and felt by the people, and therefore the people will judge of the administration party by the character of its officers and its policy relative to this principle of rotation. The principle of rotation is no longer a matter of theory and speculation. Experience has *proved* its public utility. The temporary inconvenience of changing officers is so slight as to be scarcely perceptible, and is far more than compensated by the greatly increased efficiency and promptness in the public service, of officers who are not allowed to grow old and rusty in their official places. Furthermore it is demanded by that principle which is the corner stone of democracy—"*equal rights*"—which forbids that the recipients of the emoluments and honors of the public offices should, by their long continuance in office, prevent others of the people, equally as worthy, from aspiring to and sharing the public patronage. The long continuance of the same man in office, is not only contrary to the principles of equality, and to the prevailing genius of our democratic institutions, but is dangerous to the power of the people to control the government. It annihilates the patriotism of the officeholder, and substitutes a base selfishness, so that he forgets the end and aim of a republican government, and forgets even that he is but a man in the midst of his fellow citizens, who are, in all political rights his equals. It creates and nourishes factions and cliques with interests antagonistical to the interests and welfare of the people, which fattened upon the patronage of the government, finally become insolent, and rise in dictatorial spirit against the party which has fed them and given them strength and power. These factions, thus engendered, soon set at defiance the people and *rule* their party for their own selfish purposes, or like barnacles upon the ship to which they have clung, and which has supported them, and borne them over the ocean waste, they will impede its onward progress and drag it down to ruin. They become in spirit like a banditti of robbers, and look upon the emoluments of office as legitimate plunder. Having lost sight of the important fact, that as officers they are the servants of the people, they regard their offices as their own personal property, of which the people themselves cannot rightfully dispossess them. They, therefore, hurl their venom at whoever may have sufficient patriotism to attempt to reform and resist their corrupting influences. They lampoon with utter recklessness, and would destroy with obloquy and reproach whoever dares to disturb them in the continued enjoyment of their booty. They are ever ready to prove recreant to their professed principles, and betray the party that made them

It is the duty of the democracy to prevent the growth of these foul sores of pap-nursed faction, and to sustain and elevate the character of the public offices by enforcing by an inflexible rule the principle of rotation in office. There should be no *exceptions*, whatever may be the office, or the personal claims of the individual, or the character of his political professions! It is a libel upon the people to say, relative to *any office* in the government, that but one man can be found who is capable to perform its duties; it is a humbug—office holders' juggling; individual interest must, of course, give way to a principle important to the public welfare; and whatever may be his professions, no man can be a true democrat, who will not submit to the application to himself of a truly democratic principle. The principle of rotation then, should be carried out! and a democrat who neglects to enforce it to the extent of the power entrusted to him, can be true to his principles or true to the people.

The people have sustained this principle and they ever will sustain it. They did it triumphantly on a late occasion in this State. The *practice* of democratic principles *will always be sustained!* A most ridiculous position are they in, in the estimation of democrats, who put themselves up for the people's sympathy as *victims* to the principle of rotation! The people care nothing about offices or office holders, further than to have the public duties performed faithfully and promptly by respectable men. But they do regard the principle of rotation as of fundamental importance for the preservation of the pure administration of our democratic government, and therefore so far from being shocked by the blood shed by this rotation guillotine, they regard it with pleasure. They like the color of the blood that flows on such occasions, for it paints in glowing hues, and re-touches in brightness that splendid picture of our republican system, which shows the officers of the government, from the highest to the lowest, retiring from public stations to the duties and pursuits of private citizens, while they are succeeded by others of their fellow citizens, who have been selected to perform, for a time, the public duties. The only cause for regret that ever occurs at these official changes, is, that sometimes this beautiful picture of republicanism is marred—or rather that its lustre is temporarily bedimmed by the conduct of some who, instead of conforming cheerfully to the spirit of our institutions, go out of office like snarling curs, growling that their bone is taken from them. But their puerile whinings will pass as the idle wind, and so far from creating sympathy for them, the people will, in consequence, mark them, either as corrupted by office, and justly say that therefore their removal has come too late—or as originally rotten at heart, and that therefore they ought never to have been selected for official stations.

The present national administration has, so far, come up nobly to the principles of the democratic party, and therefore deserves the continued support of the democracy to enable it to carry forward its reforms to a successful completion. Since Mr Polk has been in the presidential chair, some of the most important measures of reform which the democracy have been long contending for, have been perfected. The financial reforms which will be brought about by the independent treasury law will be of most substantial benefit to the people. The new tariff, the blessings of which will soon be made manifest to all classes of the laboring people, will long be remembered as an evidence of the President's patriotic devotion to principles, and of his honest perseverance in carrying out, even against the most formidable combinations of opposing interests the will of the people who elected him. The principle of official rotation he has put in practical operation, and if he has not yet carried it out so far as the public welfare demands, he has certainly done enough to give good earnest that his intentions are right—that he will prove true to the democratic principles—and that he will, so far as practicable, and as soon as the interests of the public service will admit, faithfully put them in *practice*.

The administration, then, should receive the continued and hearty support of this democratic party.—And particularly should the democratic laborers, and mechanics, and farmers of Massachusetts, rally to its support in the coming election. It is due to the honor of the party in the Old Bay State that they come out and show by a full vote at the polls, *that they will sustain an administration that is honest and true to principle*, against the combined influences of interested wealth, of corporate monopolies, and corrupt factions.

* * *

Liberation of the Truxton Prisoners, &c.

Advices from Vera Cruz to the 15th ult. were received at New Orleans on the 30th ult.

Commander Carpenter, together with his officers and crew, who had surrendered themselves to the Mexicans on the occasion of the wrecking of the Truxton, had arrived at Vera Cruz. They have been treated with the utmost courtesy and kindness, and have been offered to be allowed to return to the squadron on parole—so offer which has probably been accepted.

☞ The whigs and anti-renters of New York have united, by both parties nominating John Young for Governor. Another evidence that third parties always help the federalists. Sometimes they do it by keeping separate from the whigs and drawing enough from the ranks of the democracy to defeat, and sometimes, whenever they think there is a chance for success, they unite with whigs to achieve a whig victory. But this time they can neither achieve a victory nor defeat the Democracy. Silas Wright will go over all factions, whether divided or united.

☞ A wealthy man in Kentucky, says the Mail, married a pretty brunetta, with whom he fell in love not long ago. While the honeymoon was yet bright a man from Tennessee came along and found the wife a yellow girl belonging to him.

☞ Dr. Huntington declines being a candidate on the Whig Senatorial ticket for Middlesex county, his professional engagements not permitting him to spare time for legislative duties.

☞ The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred on the Hon. Isaac Davis, of Massachusetts, the Democratic candidate for Governor, by the Columbian College, Washington, on Wednesday.

☞ We learn by the Essex Banner that Mr Gilman Carriar was compelled to leave the Cars on the Eastern Railroad, because he refused to give up his check before arriving at the place to where he had paid his passage.

☞ We have received the first number of a new paper started at the new City, called the Merrimack Courier. Mr Hayes, the editor, is a Fourierite. The paper is whig.

☞ The Whale ship Rienzi was wrecked upon the middle of September, and 16 of 21 persons on board died from starvation or drowning.

☞ A Mexican shooner, says the Post, loaded with corn, was taken about the 1st ult. by the revenue cutter Forward, in attempting to run blockade.

☞ The trial of Barker Burnell has been postponed to the June term, 1847.

John P. Hale's Speech at the City Hall.

Upon Mr Hale's remarks we shall spend but a few words. That he is a self-conceited, unblushing hypocrite, no one, at all acquainted with his political course can deny. But he can be used to advantage by the whigs, to help form a coalition with the abolitionists, and they do not scruple to take advantage of his base service; so far the time being he is made the political tion of the whigs and abolitionists, on the extensive capital of a single speech, which he delivers six times a week, greatly to the exhaustion of his *mental*, as well as physical powers.

His speech is all made up to show that the project of the annexation of Texas was originated and perpetrated to extend and perpetuate slavery; and that the war with Mexico is also for the same purpose. To support this position he misstates, suppresses, and so garbles the actual state of facts, that scarcely a statement he makes conveys a clear, bold, honest truth.—

To prove the annexation of Texas was an infamous project for the extension and perpetuation of slavery, he cited the proposition on behalf of Texas in '36 and '37 for annexation to this country. He went on to say that though Mr Van Buren and Mr Forsyth the President and Secretary of State, were never supposed to be particularly hostile to slavery, yet Mr Forsyth in a letter in 1837, replied that annexation would be infamous in the eyes of the whole christian world; intending his hearers to understand that Mr Forsyth, a pro-slavery man, admitted it would be infamous, because it would be robbing Mexico to perpetuate and extend slavery. While the fact was, Mr Forsyth said not one word against annexation on account of slavery. He objected to annexation solely on the ground that at that time Mexico and Texas were at war, and say interference on our part would be such a violation of treaty stipulations and the law of nations, as would make us infamous among civilized nations. The Independence of Texas had not been then recognized, and we had no more right to take up the quarrel of Texas than Great Britain now has that of Mexico.—But Mr Hale triumphantly asked if annexation would have been infamous then, was it any less an infamous project when Mr Secretary Upshur in 1843 proposed annexation to Texas? And answered his own question by saying no! But he wholly suppressed the fact, that during the six years between the time of the proposition from Texas and that from Mr Upshur, the relations between Texas and Mexico had wholly changed. The only objection made by Mr Forsyth had ceased to exist. Texas had won her independence. It had been acknowledged by the Christian world. No treaty stipulations, nor law of nations longer stood in the way. But these facts were all kept in the dark by the honest renegade, and the people left with the impression that the posture of affairs was precisely the same in '43 as in '37, and that Mr Forsyth's objection to annexation was that it would render us infamous in the eyes of the world because it would extend and perpetuate slavery, whereas his sole objection was that it would then be in violation of our treaty stipulations and the law of nations. And equally deceptive were his remarks throughout. Mexico and the high agricultural lands throughout Mexico and California, where slavery, in the nature of things, cannot exist, is all to be slave posture, and the war with that distracted country is carried on for no other purpose.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

The case of Cogswell against the Town of Lexington, for personal injury from being thrown from a carriage on account of defect in highway. Verdict was rendered for plff., $500 damages. Wentworth for plff. Mellen for deft.

Jones against Perkins. Action for breach of Contract—referred to an auditor. Knowles & Beard for plff. Wentworth for deft.

Palmer against Hodges. Action in damage for cowhiding. Verdict for plff.—$30 damage. Abbott & Brown for plff. Hopkinson and Ames for deft.

Kendall against Buck. Action of Replevin. Verdict for plff. Mellen for plff. Nelson for deft.

Stearns against Raymond. Action of debt. Jury did not agree. Abbott & Brown for plff. Mellen for deft.

Chandler against White—Replevin. Verdict for plff. Dana for plff. Perry for deft.

Sherman against Tucker—referred to an auditor.

Pickering against Adams—Assumpsit. Verdict for plff. Butrick for plff. Butler for deft.

Monday, Sept. 12.

Fowler against T. C. Gilman—Trover. Verdict for Wentworth for plff. Abbott & Brown for deft

Police Court.

John Russ and Nath'l Hardy were each fined one dollar and costs for fast driving. Philip Laughlin—drunkenness—fined $1 and cost. Mary Cochran—assault and battery—fined $2 and cost. Wm. H. Hyde—assault and battery on Zoccheus Shed, ordered to recognize in $100 for his appearance at C. C. P., Oct. term. Wm. H. Ryon for peddling and refusing to show his license, ordered to recognize in $200 for his appearance at C. C. P.

Oct. 12.

John Doily—drunkenness—fined $5 and cost, to be paid in 2 days or 3 months House Correction. Michael Glenin—disorderly person—fined $5 and cost, to be paid in 4 days or 3 months House Correction.—Patrick Donnelly, same, fined $3 and cost.

Resolve of the Board of Aldermen of this City to promote Temperance.

CITY OF LOWELL.

In Board of Aldermen, Oct. 5, 1846.

Resolved, 1st. That the recent increase in the number of bar rooms and tippling shops in the City is a source of deep anxiety and alarm to this board.

2d. That believing that a prompt and vigorous administration of the laws as to licensed houses has become a matter of the clearest necessity, this board expects and requires, of the Marshall, the Watchmen, and all other executive officers of the City, that they will not suffer any known violation of those laws within our limits to pass without legal animadversion.

In Board of Aldermen, Oct. 5, 1846.

Read and passed.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

A copy—THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

ORR'S AIR-TIGHT STOVE. A Bill in Equity was recently brought in the U. S. Circuit Court by Matilda K. Orr, administratrix of the estate of the late Isaac Orr, against William R. Butler, Stove-dealer in this city, for an injunction to restrain him from making Air-tight Stoves for burning wood, similar to those patented by Dr. Orr. The bill charged Butler with having made and exposed for sale Air-tight Stoves for burning wood, with sheet iron and cast iron tops, and bottoms, differing only from those described in said Orr's specification, by having vents in them and a place made in the smoke pipe, in which a tea-kettle could be placed, commonly known as Oven Air-Tight Stoves. *Sprague* J. thought these stoves were violations of said Orr's patent, and accordingly ordered the usual injunction.—*Boston Traveller.*

Another Battle.

The Storming of Montery—the Forts taken—Mexicans Repulsed and driven back with great loss—their own guns being turned against them—Rumor of Peace.

The Boston Times contains the following telegraphic report:

WASHINGTON, SUNDAY EVENING.

We are in the receipt of the following most glorious news from our Army in Mexico. The battle of Montery has been fought, and our arms are again victorious over the Mexicans.

On the 19th of September, Gen. Taylor arrived at Montery with a force of about 6000 men. After reconnoitering the city at about 1500 to 16000 yards from the Cathedral Fort, during which time, he was fired upon from its batteries, his force was encamped at the Walnut Springs, three miles from the city.—This was the nearest position at which the army could get a full supply of water, and at the same time beyond the reach of the enemies batteries. The remainder of the 19th was occupied by the engineers in making reconnoitres of the batteries around the city, which commanded the heights.

On the 20th, Gen. Worth was ordered with his division to move by a circuitous route to the right, to gain the Saltillo road beyond the west of the town, and to storm the heights which surround the Bishop's Palace, which vital point the Mexicans appeared to have strangely neglected. Circumstances caused him to halt on the night of the 20th, not being able to reach his intended position.

On the morning of the 21st., he continued his route, and after an encounter with a large body of the enemies Cavalry and Infantry, who were supported by artillery from the heights, he dispated them with great loss—and finally encamped covering the passage of the Saltillo road. It was here discovered, that besides the Forts at Bishop's Palace, and the occupation of the heights above it, two commanding eminences on the opposite side of San Juan River had been fortified and occupied. The two later heights were then stormed and victoriously carried, and the guns of the last fort turned upon the Bishop's Palace with a most deadly fire.

On the same morning, 21st, the first division of regular troops under Gen. Worth, and the volunteer division under Gen. Butler, were under arms, to make a diversion to the left.

The several battles at Montery were fought between the 19th and 24th of September. It was also rumored at Washington, that Mexico had sued for peace.

New York.

The following from the Salem Advertiser we transfer to our columns with pleasure. It shows how Gov. Wright stands at home, and throughout the Country.

We are heartily pleased to learn that the democracy of the empire state are becoming united and fully determined, in the coming state contest, in favor of the candidates presented by the democratic state convention.

The great and genuine defender of the doctrines of Jefferson, and Jackson—SILAS WRIGHT,—has received the unanimous nomination of the convention and will receive the undivided support of the New York democracy. The Albany Argus, an able and faithful defender of our cause and principles, though hitherto opposed to Mr Wright's nomination, has, since the nomination, with a magnanimity, and honor that is indicative of a great and patriotic purpose, come out fully in favor of Mr Wright, and calls on its party to throw away all sectional bickerings, and engage with unceasing zeal in support of the nominees of the convention. These auspicious signs speak in language unmistakable of a coming certain triumph of the democracy of the empire state over the disunionists and federalists, that have joined hand in hand to overthrow the people's cause.

There is no man in the union whose character for statesmanship, for patriotism and for uncontaminated republican principles, stands higher than SILAS WRIGHT of New York.

We look forward to his continuance in the place he has honored and adorned for the two last years, for at least two years longer, with full confidence.

A full triumph of the democracy in New York, will send a thrill of exquisite joy and gladness to every democratic bosom in the land, and at the same time write the eternal doom of disunion—abolition treasonable whiggery.

ANELLI'S "End of the World," it will be seen by the advertisement, will remain in Lowell only during this week. There seems to be but one opinion expressed by those who have seen this beautiful work of art. All should embrace the present opportunity to visit and study it.

DISCHARGED. The officers and crew of the brig Casket, who have been under examination for a day or two past before the U. S. Commissioner Woodbary, on suspicion of having been connected with the slave trade, were discharged this forenoon, sufficient evidence of the charge to make out a prima facie case, not having been brought against them.—*Transcript.*

COTTON.—An Alabama paper, in alluding to the accounts from various quarters in relation to the cotton crop, says:

"We do not believe the growing crop of South Alabama will yield more than 200,000 bales, against some 422,000, the yield of last year."

☞ Otis Sntor, who attempted to murder the Cashier of the Leicester Bank, was sentenced in the Court of Common Pleas at Worcester, to 2 days solitary confinement and 18 years hard labor in the State Prison.

MAINE ELECTION. The House of Representatives of Maine, as far as elected, stands as follows:—Democrats 53, federalists 53. There are now 36 districts in which there are no choice, and 9 not yet heard from.

☞ We shall attend to the Courier's comments upon the Address and Resolutions of the Democracy of Middlesex County as soon as we can spare the room in our columns. Probably Saturday.

☞ The Post says it cannot be true that the tariff of 1846 is a "British" measure, else why are the federalists so bitterly opposed to it?

☞ We have received from J. K. Wellmen N. Y. No. 7. of Illustrated Botany. It fully sustains its former prettiness.

☞ The Boston Courier says the Union is not worth preserving, and the whigs nominate the editor for the Massachusett senate.—*Post.*

☞ Mr Hayt, recently shot by Mr Myers at Richmond, is dead.

☞ 721 shares of Western Railroad stock sold on Saturday at par a 3-8 per cent adv.

☞ Chief Justice Williams of Vermont has resigned his office.

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Haines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je94m

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1849,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was indoced in the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system is almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restoring me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, *No:* 67 South st.

DIED.

In Westford Oct 6th Mrs Sarah Snow, wife of *Lieut. Levi* Snow, aged 78.

Sept 17th, Alvah Prescott, of Ford Village, Westford aged 43 years.

Sept. 30th, Clarissa Keeler, Barnston, Lower Canada, aged 13 years.

Hezekiah Keeler, Fairfax, Vt, aged 85 years—a revolutionary soldier.

Aug. 30th Mrs. Nelisy Keeler, Barnston, Lower Canada, aged 23 years.

In Rochester, N. H., Sept. 30, of consumption, Mr. JOHN R. VARNEY, aged 34 years. Mr V. has been the past ten years engaged as a teacher in the State of New Jersey. He reached home about ten days before his death.

LAST WEEK.

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!

The End of the World.

WILL positively close at Wentworth's Hall with the present week. The last exhibition will be on Sunday evening Oct 18th *Lecture* every evening at 8½ o'clock, Admittance 25 cents.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stove dealer; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, for the proof of claims and his examination upon oath, will be held at the office of G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Charlestown on FRIDAY, the 30th. day of October inst. at ten o'clock A. M.,

Lowell, Oct. 3 1846. SETH AMES,

Oct 13 a3t.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

GREAT ATTRACTION

Immense success of the New Company.

MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 12, and every evening through the week, (except Saturday) at 8 o'clock, will be presented Mrs C. Gore's celebrated moral Drama, in two acts, of *The Maid of Croissey*,—Or, Theresa's Vow!

Sergeant Austerlitz, Mr G. C. Germon

Theresa, (the Maid of Croissey) Mrs Germon

To conclude with the highly successful Farce, (first time in Lowell,) called *The Valet de Sham*,—Or, Double Deception.

In rehearsal for next week, John Howard Payne's celebrated Comedy of Charles the *II*, or the Merry Monarch!

Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A M. to 10 P M oct13

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich *N. H.* a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartoos superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAIL ROAD.

TO the subscribers of Stock in the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

A sufficient number of Shares of said Stock having been subscribed for, you are notified that a meeting of said company will be holden at the Washington House in said Lowell on FRIDAY the Sixteenth day of October inst, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the choice of a board of Directors, and the adoption of by-laws for the regulation of said company.

Wm. LIVINGSTON, SIDNEY SPALDING, OTIS ALLEN, ROYAL CALL. } Persons named in the Act of Incorporation.

Persons wishing to subscribe for Stock may do so by calling on Wm. Livingston or Spalding.

Lowell, Oct. 8, 1846. A&ptsep15.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHIPPS, Sen

North Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3a&ptf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Buffington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 13 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.

oct3adv2t

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Hooks, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tru-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittania ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Alco's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine in 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN H. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. a3t.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

A good chance to clear from $500 *to* $1000 *a year*

AGENTS wanted in every town and County throughout the Union, to sell Sears' New and popular works, universally acknowledged to be the *best and cheapest* ever published, as they certainly are the most saleable. Any active Agent may clear $500 or $1000 a year. A cash capital of at least $25 or $50 will be necessary. Full particulars of the principles and profits of the Agency will be given on application, either personally or by letter. The postage must in all cases be paid. Please to address,

ROBERT SEARS, *Publisher,*

Alwoct 8 No. 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday next

The fast sailing coppered packet Ship GLOUCESTER, *Pollard*, master, now loading, and having most of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile. sep5

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Thursday

The superior fast sailing Schr. NONTICELLO, *Baker*, master, is now loading, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. sep5

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

In a few Days,

The fast sailing A I packet Ship HARTLY, *Lord* master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to JOHN O. B. MINOT, No 5 Long Wharf—or to JOHN H. PEARSON & Co, 75 said wharf, Shippers will please send receipts, Messrs Whitaker & Sampson, Agents at Mobile,

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Harrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

RARE CHANCE!

The Stock and Stand of a BOOT and SHOE Store for Sale—one of the best in the City—it (being centrally situated and the Stock well reduced,) offers a good opportunity for entering into a profitable business with a small capital. For information enquire at this office. aug27a3w

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,

Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&ptf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Store ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street,* (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14dtf H. T. BUTLER.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,* 34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' M. d'Laine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Morino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nazarine blue, dyed on Merino, M. d'Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of James Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

PIANO-FORTES.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,

Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE,

Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 A3m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. jc11atf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems, Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,

sept26, 28 Central street.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hudson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m*

FALL FASHION!

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell aug25atf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, leaving Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandiae Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET. NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boots, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. jc30tf

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent

to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be preferred. E. B. Patch.

U. S. Marshals sales.

United States of America. Mass. District, ss.

Lowell, Oct, 1846.

Taken on a writ, and will be sold, by consent of parties, at public Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October current, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the store of F. H. HARDY, Merrimack Street, in Lowell the entire Stock of Dry Goods, with the fixtures in said Store. *Terms*: Cash immediately on Sale If thought desirable the whole Stock will be sold in one lot.

Taken on a writ, and will be sold at public Auction, by agreement of parties, at the dwelling house of F. H. HARDY, in Tyler street, in Lowell in said District, at 9 o'clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon on WEDNESDAY next, the 14th day of October current, all the Household Furniture in said dwelling house but by law exempt from attachment.

Terms Cash.

Taken on sundry writs, and will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house of E. D. Leavitt, in Lowell in said District, on WEDNESDAY the 14th day of October inst., at 3 o'clock in the afternoon: by consent of parties, all the household Furniture belonging to said Leavitt.

Terms: Cash immediately on Sale.

ISAAC O. BARNES,

U. S. Marshal for said Disirict.

Dry Goods!

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, at 2 o'clock P. M. at office,—an invoice of desirable Dry Goods, without reserve, in part as follows: Alpine, Alpacca, Bohan, Cashmere and Cashmere de' Cosse, 6 splendid Ottoman Dresses, Mousliu de Lanes, 1000 yds Prints, Furniture Patch, bleached and brown Cottons, do. do. Table Cloths, silk warp Alpacca, red and white Twilled Flannels, Plain do., Sewing Silk, Cotton and Linnen Thread, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Adjourned Sale of Land

On THURSDAY next, Oct. 15th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, 10 or 12 lots of Land situated on the high land south of the Grammar School-house and on the west of Gorham st.—For particulars see small bills.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great Sale of Genteel Furniture Piano Fortes &c.

On FRIDAY next Oct 16, at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. consisting of Elegant Brussells, 3 Ply and Superfine Carpets Tufted Rugs. Printed Bocking, Sofas, and Sofa Bed. Mahogony, Cane Seat, and Common Wood Chairs, Large and Small Rocking Do. Mahogany Hard wood, and Pine Tables. Elegant Mahogany Ward Robe. Secretary, Bureaus, Toilet Tables, Washstands, Sinks. Looking Glasses, Live Geese and common Feather Beds, and Bedding, amongst which are some very superior Blankets, nearly new. Child's Carriage and Cradle, Crockery, China, and Glass ware. Fine Table Cutlery. Spoons. Plates, and Dish covers. Vases. Pictures. Map U. S. The usual variety of Kitchen Furniture. Cook and Parlor Stoves. Clock. Shower Bath. Hat Iron. Brass Fire Setts, &c., &c.

At 12 O'clock Precisely, 6 2d hand Piano Fortes, by order of the Mortgagees

Also! 1 New Piano Forte in Rich Rosewood Case made by Dexter, Excellent Tone and action, in Every respect a very superior Instrument.

At Private Sale.—A new Lathe made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

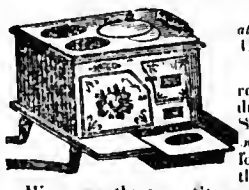
At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. np28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&r1y*

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 14

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their nominal medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjno22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommanded one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETTER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonnetter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. C. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may12m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Bull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contracion of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in some Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke L. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yaapdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and *a general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians at that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles is a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure or tainted blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Buxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, and believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a choir—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have convinced with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lippincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggrovated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debiliated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Fess of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady is Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flandere, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvonic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

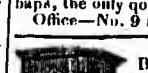
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. luwa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

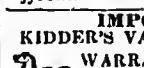
The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 15, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 122.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je9 tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL.
up12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 52, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. 1fdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

The will for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger selection, will be continued by the subscriber; who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 4tf

SANDS'SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary.:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's Stats Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

☞ MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New-York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22A&rtoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rlaug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison or paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

Sold in Lowell by G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&ptyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Surplus Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 52	1987
6	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	655 56	247 50	87 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18SaTu&Sfewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 1lyapr4

POETRY.

Labor's Thanksgiving Hymn.

BY MARY HOWITT.

That I must work I thank thee, God!
I know that hardship, toil, and pain,
Like rigorous winter in the sod
Which doth mature the hardy grain;
Call forth in man his noblest powers;
Therefore I hold my head erect;
And, amid life's severest hours
Stand steadfast in my self-respect.

I thank thee, God, that I must toil!
You ermined slave of lineage high;
The game-law lord who owns the soil;
Is not as free a man as I!
He wears the fetters of his class;
Wealth, birth and rank have hedged him in;
I heed but this; that I am a MAN;
And to the great in mind akin!

Thank God, that like the mountain-oak
My lot is with the storms of life:
Strength grows from out the tempest's shock;
And patience in the daily strife.
Tho horny hand, the furrowed brow
Degrade not, how'er sloth may deem;
'Tis this degrades—to cringe and bow
And ape the vice we discsteem.

Thank God for toil, for hardship, whichbb
Come courage, patience, hardihood,
And for that sad experience
Which leaves the bosom flesh and blood;
Which leaves us tears for others' woe!
Brother in toil, respect thyself;
And let thy steadfast virtue show
That man is nobler far than pelf!

Thank God for toil; nor fear the face
Of wealth nor rank; fear only sin;
That blight which mars all outward grace;
And dims the light of peace within!
Give me thy hand, my brother, give.
Thy hard and toil-stained hand to me;
We are no dreamers, we shall live,
A brighter better day to see.

MARTIN FRANC;
—AND—
The Monk of Saint Anthony.*
FROM OUTRE-MER.
BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

[Concluded.]

Lysten Lordynge to my tale;
And you shall hear of one story,
Is better than wyne or ale,
That ever was made in this country.
ANCIENT METRICAL ROMANCE.

"How is this, Friar Gui?" quoth the monk: "Is this a place to be sleeping at midnight, when the brotherhood are all at their prayers?"

"Up! up! thou eternal sleeper, and do penance for thy negligence. The prior calls for thee at his cell!" continued the monk growing angry, and shaking the sacristan by the shoulder. But still no answer.

"Then, by Saint Anthony, I'll wake thee!"

And saying this, he dealt the sacristan a heavy box on the ear. The body bent slowly forward from its erect position, and, giving a headlong plunge, sank with a heavy splash into the basin of the fountain. The monk waited a few moments in expectation of seeing Friar Gui rise dripping from his cold bath; but he waited in vain; for he lay motionless at the bottom of the basin, his eyes open, and his ghastly face distorted by the ripples of the water. With a beating heart the monk stooped down; and, grasping the skirt of the sacristan's habit, at length succeeded in drawing him from the water. All efforts, however, to resuscitate him were unavailing. The monk was filled with terror; not doubting that the friar had died untimely by his hand; and as the animosity between them was no secret in the convent, he feared, that, when the deed was known, he should be accused of murder. He therefore looked around for an expedient to relieve himself from the dead body; and the well known character of the sacristan soon suggested one. He determined to carry the body to the house of the most noted beauty of Rouen, and leave it on the door-step; so that all suspicion of the murder might rest upon the shoulders of some jealous husband. The beauty of Martin Franc's wife had penetrated even the thick walls of the convent, and there was not a friar in the whole abbey of Saint Anthony who had not done penitance for his truant imagination. Accordingly the dead body of Friar Gui was laid upon the monk's brawny shoulders, carried back to the house of Martin Franc, and placed in an erect position before the door. The monk knocked loud and long, and then, gliding through a by-lane, stole back to the convent.

A troubled conscience would not allow Martin Franc and his wife to close their eyes; but they lay awake lamenting the doleful events of the night. The knock at the door sounded like a death-knell in their ears. It still continued at intervals, rap—rap—rap! with a dull, low sound; as if something heavy were swinging against the panel; for the wind had risen during the night, and every angry gust that swept down the alley swung the arms of the lifeless sacristan against the door. At length Martin Franc mustered courage enough to dress himself and go down, while his wife followed him with a lamp in her hand; but no sooner had he lifted the latch than the ponderous body of Friar Gui fell stark and heavy into his arms.

"Jehu Maria!" exclaimed Marguerite, crossing herself, "here is the monk again!"

"Yes, and dripping wet, as if he had just been dragged out of the river!"

"Oh, we are betrayed!" exclaimed Marguerite, in agony.

"Then the devil himself has betrayed us," replied Martin Franc, disengaging himself from the embrace of the sacristan; "for I met not a living being; the whole city was silent as the grave."

"Saint Martin defend us!" continued his terrified wife. "Here, take this scapulary to guard you from the Evil One, and lose no time. You must throw the body into the river, or we are lost! Holy Virgin! How bright the moon shines!"

Saying this, she threw around his neck a scapulary, with the figure of a cross on one end, and an image of the Virgin on the other; and Martin Franc again took the dead friar upon his shoulders, and with fearful misgivings departed on his dismal errand. He kept as much as possible in the shadows of the houses, and had nearly reached the quay, when suddenly he heard footsteps behind him. He stopped to listen; in vain; no vain imagination; they came along the pavement, tramp, tramp! and every step grew louder and nearer. Martin Franc flew as quick-

en his pace, but in vain; his knees sunote together and he staggered against the wall. His hand relaxed its grasp, and the monk slid from his back and stood ghastly and straight beside him supported by chance against the shoulder of his bearer. At that moment a man came round the corner totterering beneath the weight of a huge sack. As his head was bent downwards, he did not perceive Martin Franc till he was close upon him, and when, on looking up, he saw two figures standing motionless in the shadow of the wall, he thought himself waylaid, and, without waiting to be assaulted, dropped the sack from his shoulders and ran off at full speed. The sack fell heavily on the pavement, and directly at the feet of Martin Franc. In the fall the string was broken, and out came the bloody head, not of a dead monk, as it at first seemed to the excited imagination of Martin Franc, but of a dead hog! When the terror and surprise caused by this singular event had a little subsided, an idea came into the mind of Martin Franc, very similar to what would have come into the mind of almost any person in similar circumstances. He took the hog out of the sack and, putting the body of the munk into its place, secured it well with the remnants of the broken string, and then hurried homeward with the animal upon his shoulders.

He was hardly out of sight when the man with the sack returned, accompanied by two others. They were surprised to find the sack still lying on the ground, with no one near it, and began to jeer the former bearer, telling him he had been frightened at his own shadow on the wall. Then one of them took the sack upon his shoulders, without the least suspicion of the change that had been made in its contents, and all three disappeared.

Now it happened that the city of Rouen was at that time infested by three street robbers, who walked in darkness like the pestilence, and always carried the plunder of their midnight marauding to the Tete-de-Bœuf, a little tavern in one of the darkest and narrowest lanes of the city. The host of the Tete-de-Bœuf was privy to all their schemes, and had an equal share in the profits of their nightly excursions. He gave a helping hand, too, by the length of his bills, and by plundering the pockets of any chance traveller that was luckless enough to sleep under his roof.

On the night of the disastrous adventure of Friar Gui, this little marauding party had been prowling about the city until a late hour, without finding any thing to reward their labors. At length they chanced to spy a hog, hanging under a shed in a butcher's yard, in readiness for the next day's market; and as they were not very fastidious in selecting their plunder, but, on the contrary, rather addicted to taking whatever they could lay their hands on, the hog was straightway purloined, thrust into a large sack, and sent to the Tete-de-Bœuf on the shoulders of one of the party, whilst the other two continued their nocturnal excursion. It was this person who had been so terrified at the appearance of Martin Franc and the dead monk; and as this encounter had interrupted any further operations of the party, the dawn of day being now near at hand, they all repaired to their gloomy den in the Tete-de-Bœuf. The host was in patiently waiting their return; and asking what plunder they had brought with them, proceeded without delay to remove it from the sack. The first thing that presented itself, on untying the string, was the monk's hood.

"The devil take the devil!" cried the host, as he opened the neck of the sack: "what is this? Your hog wears a cowl!"

"The poor devil has become disgusted with the world, and turned monk!" said he who held the light, a little surprised at seeing the head covered with a coarse grey cloth.

"Sure enough he has," exclaimed another, starting back in dismay, as the shaven crown and ghastly face of the friar appeared. "Holy St. Benedict be with us! It is a monk stark dead!"

"A dead monk, indeed!" said a third, with an incredulous shake of the head; No, no; there is some *diablerie* in this. I have heard it said that Satan can take any shape he pleases; and you may rely upon it this is Satan himself, who has taken the shape of a monk to get us all hanged."

"Then we had better kill the devil than have the devil kill us!" replied the host, crossing himself; "and the sooner we do it the better, for it is now daylight, and the people will soon be passing in the street."

"So say I," rejoined the man of magic; "and my advice is to take him to the butcher's yard, and hang him up in the place where we found the hog."

This proposition so pleased the others that it was executed without delay. They carried the friar to the butcher's house, and passing a strong cord round his neck, suspended him to a beam in the shed, and there left him.

When the night was at length past, and daylight began to peep into the eastern windows of the city, the butcher arose and prepared himself for market. He was casting up in his mind what the hog would bring at his stall, when looking upward, lo! in its place he recognized the dead body of friar Gui.

"By St. Denis!" quoth the butcher, "I always feared that this friar would not die quietly in his cell; but I never thought I should find him hanging under my own roof. This must not be; it will be said that I murdered him, and I shall pay for it with my life. I must contrive some way to get rid of him."

So saying, he called his man, and, showing him what had been done, asked him how he should dispose of the body so that he might not be accused of murder. The man, who was of a ready wit, reflected a moment, and then answered—

"This is indeed a difficult matter; but there is no evil without its remedy. We will place the friar on horseback——"

"What! a dead man on horseback?—impossible!" interrupted the butcher. "Who ever heard of a dead man on horseback!"

"Hear me out and then judge. We must place the body on horseback as well as we may and bind it fast with cords; and then set the horse loose in the street, and pursue him, crying out the monk has stolen the horse. Thus all who meet him will strike him with their staves as he passes, and it will be thought that he came by his death in that way.

Though this seemed to the butcher rather a mad project, yet, as no better one offered itself at the moment, and there was no time for reflection, and as the project was, they determined to put it into execution. Accordingly the butcher's horse was brought out, and the friar was bound upon his back and with much difficulty fixed in an upright position. The butcher then gave the horse a blow upon the crupper with his staff, which set him into a smart gallop down the street, and he and his man joined in pursuit, crying—

"Stop thief! stop thief! The friar has stolen my horse!"

As it was now sunrise, the streets were full of people,—peasants driving their goods to market, and citizens going to their daily occupations. When they saw the friar dashing at full speed down the street, they joined in the cry of 'Stop thief! Stop thief!" and many who endeavored to seize the bridle, as the friar passed them at full speed, were thrown upon the pavement, and trampled under foot; others joined in the halloo and the pursuit; but this only served to quicken the gallop of the frightened steed, who dashed down one street and up another like the wind, with two or three mounted citizens clattering in full cry at his heels. At length they reached the market-place. The people scattered right and left in dismay; and the steed and rider dashed onward, overthrowing in their course men and women, and stalls, and piles of merchandise, and sweeping away like a whirlwind. "Tramp—tramp—tramp they clattered on; they had distanced all pursuit. They reached the quay; the wide pavement was cleared at a bound,—one more wild leap—and splash!—both horse and rider sank into the rapid current of the river, swept down the current, and were seen no more!

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 15, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 3—GEO. S. BOUTWELL.
" 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser Office, Saturday evening, Oct. 17, at 7 1-2 o'clock. Business of particular importance demands the attendance of the whole Committee.

Per order,
A. W. FARR, Secretary.

Democratic Senatorial Nominations of Middlesex.

The Senatorial ticket presented by the Democratic party, to the voters of Middlesex County, can not meet with general approbation, at least so far as a fair representation of the different interests in the county is considered. The ticket is made up of four farmers, one trader and one lawyer—about a fair proportion from the different classes of the community. It is very common with all parties, to get an undue proportion of professional men upon their tickets. But such cannot be said to be the case with the Democratic Senatorial ticket of Middlesex, this year.

Of these candidates personally, it is unnecessary to speak at length, and we will only say, they are all, without exception, gentlemen of strong, practical minds, sound, correct judgment, and stand, as moral men, as high as any other six gentlemen in the county, and there is not a man among them, but would fill the honorable office of a senator of the old Bay State with honor, ability, and with credit to himself and his constituents.

But our support of them is particularly due, not because of their personal talents and worth, though no candidates could expect more at the hands of the people on that score, but it is due them, as the representatives of the principles of the Democratic party.—Though we bring forward our best men as the candidates of our party, yet we support them and invite others to support them, not because they are among the best and strongest men of the State, but because we cherish the principles that they will support. The claims of no man should be advocated merely because he is honest and talented; he should possess higher claims before receiving the vote of freemen, of men who are responsible for the effect of the principles and measures of government; he should advocate the same principles as the person voting for him, or honesty of intention would be made of more importance than real good. True a want of talent and integrity is an insurmountable objection to any candidate for office; but the possession of these requisites alone are not sufficient to entitle a man to the support of a single voter—he must support correct principles. And we commend our whole ticket to the support of the voters of this county, who would maintain democratic principles and measures, assuring them, that as Democrats, advocating Democratic principles, equal rights and privileges to all, they are eminently worthy a vigorous support, from which nothing can be detracted for want of sterling integrity and commanding ability.

The Democratic party owe our candidates a strong, united, and active support, because the growth of our party and the success of Democratic principles, require such a support should be given them. When the best men of the party suffer themselves to be candidates of the party, they must not be disgraced by not receiving the full vote of the party, for if they are, our party will suffer from our ablest men refusing to become candidates. And he who cuts an honorable, capable man from the ticket, after he is fairly brought before the people, is unworthy to commune with Democrats and should not be considered as belonging to the Democratic party.

☞ The proposed constitution of N. Y. State has been published, and is now before the people for their consideration before election.

MAINE. The House now stands 68 Democrats 63 federalists.

☞ Hon Lewis Cass will accept our thanks for public documents. Also: Hon. Amos Abbott.

☞ Mr Kerr, the whig candidate for Senator in Baltimore city, is elected by a majority of one.

Particulars of the Battle.

Official Correspondence of the Picayune.

MONTEREY, Mexico, Sept. 25, 1846.

Major Mansfield, of the Engineers, reconnoitered the enemy's works on the night of the 19th, but could obtain no very accurate information, although he approached very near to some of them on the heights.—On the 20th, Lieuts. Scarritt and Pope were sent out to reconnoitre the works, Scarritt on the right and Pope on the left of the town. The latter approached and discovered the position of a battery on the extreme left, and was exposed to a fire of cannon and musketry from Lancers, from which, after finishing his observations, he retired in safety.

On the night of the 20th, the mortar and howitzer batteries were placed in a position to play on the strong holds around the citadel. The action commenced on the morning of the 21st, by the opening of these two batteries. Col. Garland's Brigade was ordered to move to the left, for the purpose of storming the battery discovered by Lieut. Pope the day before, and to occupy, if possible, the lower part of the city. Major Mansfield, Capt. Williams and Lieut. Pope were ordered to advance to select the most available point of attack, and to direct the movements of the column upon it.

Three companies were thrown forward as skirmishers and advanced rapidly towards the works, followed by the Brigade in form of battle, under a cross fire of artillery from the citadel and fort, and a heavy fire of musketry; the column charged into a street about 200 yards to the right of the battery, passed the works entirely, and effected an entrance into the tower. After advancing rapidly about 400 yards beyond the battery, they came immediately in front of a masked battery of artillery and musketry, which swept the street completely by its range.

The barricade of the streets at sixty yards distance from the head of the column, was lined with Mexican troops, who were entirely covered themselves, and opened a murderous discharge of grape and musketry upon the advancing column. Every house in the street was pierced for musketry and infloded the street in every direction. A large number were killed and wounded from the fire of the enemy.

It being impossible in the opinion of the Engineer Officers to effect anything in attacking the barricade in front, the column moved rapidly up a street to the right, with the intention of turning them. Being reinforced by the Ohio regiment, a second charge was made, under the direction of Gen. Butler, which, owing to the tremendous fire of musketry and grape from the barricades and stone houses, likewise proved ineffectual. The troops were then ordered, by Gen. Taylor, to retire in good order and get under cover from the enemy's fire, which order was handsomely executed.

During the engagement in town, of Garland's Brigades, the forts that were passed on the left, in entering the town, were gallantly carried by the Tennessee and Mississippi regiments—the first commanded by Col. Campbell, and the second by Col. Davis.

The forts that were taken were occupied by Ridgely's Light Artillery company, who turned the captured pieces against the Mexican works, and the cannonade was kept up the rest of the day. There were many skirmishes, and gallant deeds, etc., which I will mention at a future time.

On the night of the 22d, the enemy abandoned the two works which had proved so destructive to the 3d and 4th Infantry, and they were occupied early next morning by the Mississippi and Tennessee regiments, under Gen. Quitman. About 8 o'clock next morning, these two regiments advanced on the town, and a sharp engagement commenced. These Rangers were supported by a body of Texas Rangers, (dismounted for the occasion,) under Gen. Henderson, and by the 3d regiment of Infantry.

The fight was kept up until 4 o'clock, P. M., during which time our troops drove the enemy from house to house, almost to the main plaza. The loss of life on our side was not severe during this day. On the morning of the 24th, a flag of truce was sent in, which resulted in the capitulation of the town.

During the whole of the engagement on the 21st, Col. Kinney was exceedingly useful in carrying orders and in giving advice in matters with which his thorough acquaintance in Mexican customs rendered him familliar. He was in the thickest of the fight, moving about from point to point, and doing good execution with his rifle. This gentleman's services have been invaluable to Gen. Taylor in the movements of the whole army from Matamoras to this place.

He has been everywhere, reconnoitering the country, and procuring information—riding night and day, and exposing his life in a thousand ways. The Col. never flinched from any duty required of him, and, had Gen. Taylor ordered him to go and bring him Ampudia's portfolio, he would have undertaken it.

P. S. Our killed and wounded, in taking Monterey, amounted to about five hundred, nearly three hundred killed. Some time will elapse before the number will be known accurately, but it is well known that few prisoners were taken by the Mexicans.

A proclamation from Santa Anna, ordering a cession of hostilities, is noted by the Matamoras Flag of September 23. This proclamation is probably a forgery.

ROSINA MEADOWS. We would with pleasure have published the communication of Vortex, criticising this production as performed at the City Hall had the writer given his name. We agree with him it is a most miserable affair and worse performed. No person of taste, or having the least knowledge of theatricals would spend his time to witness such a performance a second time. The actors don't compare with those now at the Museum, nor with such as have heretofore usually played there; and certainly they have been of a sufficiently low order of talent.

MARYLAND ELECTION.—The N. Y. Sun, says: We have now the complete returns. The Senate consists of 21 members, of whom 9 were chosen this year—4 Whigs and 5 Democrats. Of the members holding over, 9 were Whigs and 3 Democrats. The body therefore consists of 13 Whigs and 8 Democrats.

The House of Delegates consists of 82 members. Of these 53 are Whigs and 29 Democrats.

☞ By order of the State Central Committee of New Hampshire, a Mass Convention of the Democracy will be holden at Concord on the 18th inst., There is a determination to redeem the Granite State, and the work will be done.

☞ HERR ANDERSEN continues his performances to-night. See Advertisement.

District No 3.

The electors of the above district assembled in Convention, at Andover, on Tuesday last, agreeably to previous notice, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for the next Congress.

The Chairman of the District Committee called the Convention to order at 10 1-2 o'clock.

Maj. John G. Moore, of Tewkesbury, was chosen President pro tem. and P. W. Hills, of Newburyport, Secretary, pro. tem.

Voted,—That a committee of three be nominated from the floor, for the purpose of reporting a list of officers for the convention. The following named gentlemen constituted that committee, E. H. Safford, of Haverhill, A. R. Brown of Lowell, Edwin Lawrence, of Newburyport, who reported the following:

I. W. BEARD, of Lowell, President.
Maj. J. G. MOORE, of Tewkesbury, } Vice
PAUL J. WINKLEY, of Newbury, } Presidents.
P. K. Hills, of Newburyport, } Secretaries.
F. A. Hildreth, of Lowell. }

The report of the Committee was accepted.

Mr Hills asked to be excused from serving as Secretary, and E. H. Safford, was substituted in his place.

A committee of three was then chosen to collect and examine credentials, who reported credentials from 22 towns represented, 70 delegates.

Voted,—That the convention proceed to vote for a candidate for Representative to Congress. GEORGE S. BOUTWELL, was the choice of the Convention, with the exception of two scattering votes, and was duly declared the candidate.

Voted,—That a committee of three be nominated from the floor to draft a list of resolutions for the Convention. A. R. Brown, of Lowell, John C. Crowninshield, of Andover, and Phillip K. Hills, of Newburyport, constituted that committee.

Voted,—That Messrs E. Lawrence, J. P. Jones and Mr French, be a committee to notify Mr Boutwell, of his election. The committee retired, and after a short time, returned accompanied by the candidate selected by the Convention who was formally introduced to the Convention, and made a very happy speech, which we shall publish in our next, together with the Resolutions.

Voted,—That a committee of ten be nominated from the floor for the purpose of reporting to the convention a District committee for the year ensuing—the committee reported the following gentlemen, to constitute that committee:

F. A. Hildreth, A. R. Brown, Lowell, E. C. Peabody of Newburyport, E. H. Safford of Haverhill, John C. Crowninshield, of Andover, J. B. Fletcher, of Westford, B. F. Heald, of Carlisle, J. P. Jones, of Georgetown, Bradford Russell, of Groton, Jon. Hill of Billerica.

The Convention accepted the report of the Committee.

Voted,—That the thanks of the convention be extended to its officers for the promptness and impartiality with which they have conducted the deliberations of the Convention during its session.

Voted,—That the proceedings of the Convention be signed by its officers and that they be published in all the democratic papers published in the District.

I. W. BEARD, President.
Maj. J. W. MOORE, } Vice
PAUL J. WINKLEY, } Presidents.
Secretaries, { F. A. Hildreth, E. H. Safford,

Voted to dissolve.

The Capitulation of Monterey.

After three days fighting Monterey capitulated upon the following terms substantially as we learn from a correspondence of N. Y. Commercial Advertiser:—

That the officers should be allowed to march out with their side arms.

That the cavalry and infantry should be allow to march out with their arms and accoutrements.

That the artilery should be allowad to march out with one battery of six peices and twenty-one rounds of ammunition.

That all other munitions of war and supplies should be turned over to a board of American officers appointed to receive them.

That the Mexican army should be allowed seven days to evacuate the city and that the American troop should not occupy it until evacuated.

That the Cathredal fort or citadel should be evacuated at 10 A. M. next day, (25th) the Mexicans then marching out and the American garrison marching in. The Mexicans allowed to salute their flag when hauled down.

That there should be an armistice of eight weeks, during which time neither army should pass a line running from the Rinconade through Linares and San Fernando.

This lenient offer of the American general was dictated with the concurrence of his generals and by motives of good policy and consideration for the good defence of their city by the Mexican army.

Once more the arms of the U. S. have triumphed over twice their number of Mexicans strongly fortified. To patriots this is glorious news! But to the plotters of treason and the enemies of our country's greatness, and glory, and power, and the spread of Republican principles and institutions—to those persons who would dismember the Union and trample on the Constitution. it is most woful tidings. And while they would swing their hats and hurrah from excessive joy had our army been defeated, they will now wail and groan in the deepest anguish of spirit.

From the Maine Age.

California.

"The acquisition of the territory of California, and the possession we have taken of that country, which seems to be treated on all sides as a *permanent* acquisition, is to have the most important influence upon the future destiny of this country and the world. It opens to the enterprise of the Anglo Saxon race a vast and most fertile region, enjoying the finest climate in the world, and most favorably located for rapid settlement, and extensive commercial enterprise. California and Oregon, which must hereafter be considered as one country, and as part and parcel of these United States, will be the future centre of commerce and influence in all the vast countries bordering on the Pacific ocean.—From this country are to go forth the men who are to control, in a degree, the destinies of the eastern hemisphere. What a splendid prospect is here suddenly opened for the future grandeur and magnificence of this country! What a boundless field for the future enterprise and influence of our people! We say *suddenly* opened, for it will be recollected, that less than six months ago we had not a single harbor on the whole western coast of America which we could call our own. Now we are in actual possession of a coast on the Pacific of nearly as great extent as our Atlantic coast, possessing a great number of the finest harbors in the world, and all the facilities of a rich and permanent commerce. Over this vast region our enterprising people will soon spread themselves, and the ocean bordering on the continent will soon be covered with fleets bearing the Stars and Stripes, and American civilization, to all parts of the Pacific. Such are our prospects on the Pacific. Such will be the effects of the Mexican war, against which many of our citizens have declaimed so vehemently. It is truly a brilliant prospect, and the precursor of great results to our people and the world. The benefits which will result to mankind from this acquisition cannot be counted in money—the boon of freedom which it will give to benighted man, in priceless—the sources of wealth it will open to our people, too extensive to be estimated."

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE N. BRIGGS,

Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR A DAY OF

PUBLIC THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE.

Our Pilgrim Fathers, in the infancy of their settlement upon the border of an unexplored wilderness, and, compared with our privileges and enjoyments, under circumstances of destitution, were so deeply impressed with the Divine Goodness towards them, that they set apart a day of public thanksgiving to that great and good Being who had brought them safely over a wide ocean, and preserved them in the midst of dark forests and savage men.

We, their descendants, are reaping the fruits of their labors, and enjoying the unnumbered mercies of a beneficent Providence. To all classes of our people the past year has been one of signal prosperity. Business has been rewarded, the productions of the earth have been abundant, the means of education have been improved, and those civil and religious institutions, transmitted to us from our fathers, have secured the uninterrupted enjoyment of individual and public liberty, and the right of every citizen to worship the Creator according to the dictates of his conscience.

Great indeed is our occasion for thanksgiving and gratitude to the parental author of all our mercies.

In imitation of the wise and good who have gone before us, I do, therefore, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, appoint THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER next, to be observed by the people of this commonwealth, as a day of THANKSGIVING, PRAISE AND PRAYER.

Most earnestly I request them to suspend the pursuits of business and of pleasure, and on that day with their ministers of religion, to go up to their places of public worship, present themselves before the altars of the living God, and bear to him the offerings of grateful, humble, and contrite hearts.

Enjoying the temporal blessings bestowed upon us by our heavenly father, let us remember that our immortal nature needs those spiritual mercies that will "make us wise unto salvation," that we are sinners before the Supreme Judge of Heaven and Earth, and that our only hope of pardon and acceptance with Him, held out in the volume of inspiration, is by "repentance towards God and faith in our Lord Jesus Christ."

Let us humbly pray that God will continue to us, as individuals, and as a community, those privileges and enjoyments which he has hitherto vouchsafed to us:

That he will dispose the rich in this world's goods to remember the poor, and to show kindness to the widow and the fatherless:

That He will look propitiously upon the people of our sister States and bless them:

That he will inspire those who conduct the administration of our public affairs with an elevated patriotism, and love of Justice and Peace, and cause that a speedy termination be put to that war which exists between this and a neighboring Republic, so that the soldiers of their armies shall no more imbrue their hands with each other's blood, and the sound of lamentation and mourning shall no more be heard for those who are slain in battle:

That he will appoint and give efficiency to the means which shall, in His own good time, exhibit to the world a practical illustration of that prominent and beautiful truth put forth in our Declaration of Independence, "*that all men are created equal*," and present this great confederacy of States without a bondman within its limits:

Finally, that He will hasten the time when the religion of His Son shall pervade the whole earth, animate the heart, and influence the conduct of every one of its inhabitance, and when the song of Angels, heard by the Shepherds of Judea, shall be echoed by the whole human family, "Glory to God in the Highest, and on Earth Peace and Good Will towards Men."

Given in the Council Chamber, in Boston, this twenty-eighth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-first.

GEORGE N. BRIGGS.

By his Excellency, the Governor, with the advice and consent of Council.

JOHN G. PALFREY, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts!

Municipal.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A petition of Ethan Burnap and others relating to the suppression of unnecessary labor and pleasure riding on the Sabbath day, was referred to a special joint committee in concurrence.

A proposal of Oliver March in relation to a directory, was read, and an order was passed authorizing the payment of the expense of collecting the names for a Directory.

Reports—Of the committee on streets, on the petition of James Russell and others, was accepted and the accompanying resolution "establishing the grade of Cabot st. and sidewalks" was passed. Sent down—Concurred; on the grade of Shattuck street—accepted and the resolution "altering and establishing the grade of Shattuck st." passed. Sent down—Concurred; on the petition of Zadock Rogers and others for the laying out and grading of the southerly part of High st., recommitted; on the laying out and grading of the southerly part of Suffolk street, ordered to remain seven days in City Clerk's office; on the petition of Jacob Nichols for the straightening of a part of Middlesex st.—ordered to remain seven days &c.; of the committee on accounts on the Auditor's assessment for the sidewalk in Middlesex st.—accepted, and the assessment confirmed in concurrence.

A communication of the Mayor covering a letter from the librarian of Harvard College requesting that a copy of all city documents which have been published, and also of all that shall hereafter be published, may be sent to the Harvard College Library, was referred.

A petition of Z. C. & L. W. Hooker for a license as auctioneers—referred.

An order was passed in concurrence, for providing an additional number of seats for the City Hall.

Alderman Bancroft offered a resolution requiring the City Marshal, the Watchmen, and all other executive officers of the City, not to suffer any known violation of the laws in relation to licensed houses, to pass without legal animadversion. Passed.

License was granted to N. F. Gates "for the Lowell Museum and entertainments" until the first of January next, with the exception of "entertainments" on Saturday evenings.

SPECIAL MEETING Oct. 8. A petition of John Green relating to damage occasioned by the flowing of water from Green st. on his premises, was referred.

A petition of Holland Streeter for license to keep swine, was granted.

A communication was received from Rev. George May, giving notice of the resignation of his office as a member of the School Committee.

At the time assigned at the last meeting the two boards met in convention, and Resolved that it is expedient to elect nine persons to represent the City of Lowell in the next General Court.

A resolution to increase the salary of the City Physician, was received from the Common Council and passed in concurrence.

A report of the committee on the subject of purchasing land for a new burial place, was accepted in concurrence, and the accompanying resolution authorizing the purchasing of thirty acres of land of William Spencer, for a burial ground, was passed in concurrence.

A resolution from the Common Council, providing for certain expenditures, was passed in concurrence.

An Order was passed directing the City Marshal to cause the passage way in rear of the old "bank block" and also the passage way between Jefferson sq. and Jefferson st. to be cleared.

Adjourned. Next meeting Monday evening, Oct. 19.

☞ Coal, is about one dollar per ton higher, in Pennsylvania, than it was a year ago. And yet the great coal merchants are trying to reduce the wages of labor, and giving as an excuse for it, the passage of the new tariff bill! A great country, this is!—*Pennsylvanian.*

BEDFORD SPRINGS.

THIS delightful and healthy place, the waters of which have become so celebrated within the last few years, for the relief and cure of Pulmonary and scrofulus diseases, is now open for visitors. The new and commodious hotel recently erected, is opened by Mr D. L. Raines, who will spare no pains to render the stay of visitors pleasant and agreable. An eminent physician will be in attendance to consult with those who may require his aid. je24m

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1845,

Mr C. Bileckerinoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system is almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restoring me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Resturative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

MARRIED.

In Thompson Ct. Oct 10th, Frank G. Towle Esq of Mobile, Ala., to Sarah Rundlett of Exeter N. H.

DIED.

Oct. 5th, Stephen F. Russell, 19 yrs, typhus fever; Hannah Hum, 54 yrs, typhus fever; 6th, Patrick Smith 65 yrs, typhus fever; 7th Roxana H. Fisk, 18 yrs, inflamation of bowels; Lucinda Davis, 13 yrs. typhus fever; daughter of John McNeil, 4 days, infantile; 8th Margaret Duffy, 21 yrs, consumption; 9th, Eliza P. Barr. 42 yrs 7 mos, typhoid fever; Charlotte A Pierce 2 yrs, typhus fever; Sarah Ann Purington, 39 yrs, dropsy; Maria Fagan, 17, killed by cars; Ann M Masterson, 8 mos, teething; 10th, Thomas Keeler, 22 yrs, typhus fever.

5th Mrs Hannah, wife of Mr Isaac S Hannegan 54 yrs. [Printers in N. H. please copy.]

In Charlestown, Oct 9th, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Robert and Mary Rich, 13, yrs.

In Littleton, 6th, ult., Mr Nathan Brown aged 67 yrs and 9 mos., formerly of Wenham Mass.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY

HAVING commenced their fall and winter Singing tour, will give a

Vocal Entertainment

(for one night only) at the *CITY HALL*, on *Thursday* evening Oct, 22 1846, It being their first appearance since their return from Europe,

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, and March, and at Carlton & Co, Drugists, at the Merrimack house and at the Concert Room. Concert to commence at 8, No postponement.

Lowell, Oct 15, 1846.

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellanus Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

HERR ALEXANDER,

THE CELEBRATED GERMAN MAGICIAN

HAS the pleasure to announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will give a series of his highly amusing Entertainments in the building formerly occupied as the Free-Will Baptist Church, (Merrimack st., head of Central,) commencing on *THURSDAY EVENING*, Oct. 15, and continuing every evening until further notice.

These entertainments will consist of beautiful *Scientific Illusions, surprising and amusing Experiments in Chemistry, Pneumatics, Optics, Natural Philosophy and Magic!*

A change of Programme every night.

☞ At the suggestion of several gentlemen of Lowell *HERR ALEXANDER* will on this occasion reduce his prices of admission.

Tickets 25cents; Children under 12 years, 12½ cts. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock. oct15

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in said County, tin-plate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law

The first meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twenty-fourth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Adams and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct15a3tf

WEST INDIA GOODS.—*NEW STORE.*

FRANCIS S. CUTLER would say to his friends and the public, that he has opened an extensive establishment of every variety of W. I. Goods, at No 5 Savings Bank Building, Shattuck Street, where he will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with a call. *Country produce bought and sold.*

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. Pett

LAST WEEK.

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING !!

The End of the World.

WILL positively close at Wentworth's Hall with the present week. The last exhibition will be on Sunday evening Oct 18th Lecture every evening at 8½ o'clock. Admittance 25 cents.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. Buffington, would respectfully give notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence a school at Concert Hall on Tuesday evening Oct. 6.

Terms— Five dollars a couple, for 12 evenings. Ladies $2,00.

Lowell, Oct, 3d, 1846.
oct3adv3t

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ *GREAT ATTRACTION.* ☜

Immense success of the New Company.

MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 12, and every evening through the week, (except Saturday) at 8 o'clock, will be presented Mrs C. Gore's celebrated moral Drama, in two acts, of *The Maid of Croissey,—Or,* Theresa's Vow!

Sergeant Austerlitz, Mr G. C. Germon
Theresa, (the Maid of Croissey) Mrs Germon

To conclude with the highly successful Farce, (first time in Lowell,) called *The Valet de Sham,—Or,* Double Deception.

In rehearsal for next week, John Howard Payne's celebrated Comedy of Charles the II, or the Merry Monarch!

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A M. to 10 P M oct13

NOTICE.

THIS is to certify that I give to my son John Phipps his time, and shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after date hereof.

WILLIAM PHIPPS.

Attest JOHN PHIPPS, Sen
North Chelmsford, Sept. 28th 1846. oct3s&ptf

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER :

Rich and novel styles in SILKS ;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles ;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS ;
" " " Square do. ;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color ;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades ;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard ;
1 " " ALEPINE ;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles ;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses ;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10uptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Breastpins, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet flags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bug Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stove dealer; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, for the proof of claims and his examination upon oath, will be held at the office of G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Charlestown on FRIDAY, the 30th. day of October inst. at ten o'clock A. M.,

Lowell, Oct. 3 1846. SETH AMES,
Oct 13 a3t.

CITY OF LOWELL.——Resolution determining the number of Representatives.

Resolved by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Lowell in Convention assembled.

That it is expedient to elect nine persons to represent the City of Lowell in the next General Court.

IN CONVENTION, October 8 1846.

Passed. JEFFERSON BANCROFT, Mayor.
A copy. Attest, THOS. ORDWAY, City Clerk.
Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. a3t

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday—positively.

The superior fast sailing Packet Ship, MAGNOLIA *Gray*, master, is now loading, and will succeed the United States, sail as above. For freight, cabbin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Steam always taken. Shippers will please send recipts. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN B. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. a3t.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAIL ROAD.

TO the subscribers of Stock in the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

A sufficient number of Shares of said Stock having been subscribed for, you are notified that a meeting of said company will be holden at the Washington House in said Lowell on FRIDAY the Sixteenth day of October inst, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the choice of a board of Directors, and the adoption of by-laws for the regulation of said company.

Wm. LIVINGSTON, SIDNEY SPALDING, OTIS ALLEN, ROYAL CALL. } Persons named in the Act of Incorporation.

Persons wishing to subscribe for Stock may do so by calling on Wm. Livingston or Spalding.

Lowell, Oct. 8, 1846. A&Pterp15.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich N. H. a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46, LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street; (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep1a4m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY

of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connectient, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four **Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

A good chance to clear from $500 to $1000 a year

AGENTS wanted in every town and County throughout the Union, to sell Sears' New and popular works, universally acknowledged to be the *best and cheapest* ever published, as they certainly are to the most saleable. Any active Agent may clear $500 or $1000 a year. A cash capital of at least $25 or $50 will be necessary. Full particulars of the principles and profits of the Agency will be given on application, either personally or by letter. The postage must in all cases be paid. Please to address,

ROBERT SEARS, *Publisher,*
A1woct 8 No. 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. je11atf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Great Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m*

FALL FASHION !

BENT & BUSH having received the FALL FASHION for HATS, will have them ready for inspection on Saturday next, at *No.* 30, *Central St* Lowell, August 20, 1846. aug20atf

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED to take charge of a Farm. None need apply without they can bring the best of recommendations.

Apply at N. CRITCHETT'S, No. 7 Merrimack st., Lowell aug25atf



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.
Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15A&Ptf

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convoy passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½ a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when volumes not more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

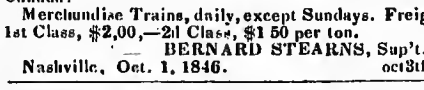
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stonestead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M
" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP!

JAMES TARLTON,

NO. 11, MERRIMACK STREET, NO. 11

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made an extensive addition to their stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest rates—as for example:

Boys, good, from	$1 75, to 2 75.
" better, "	2 75, to 3 00.
" best, "	3 00, to 5 50
Shoes, good, "	1 00, to 1 25.
" better, "	1 25, to 1 50.
" best, "	1 50, to 2 50.

Ladies shoes of all kinds and descriptions from 37½ cents to $1 00.

Boots and Shoes of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Repairing neatly and handsomly done. je30tf

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October in the first two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Cumin in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE,

Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6. A3w

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be profered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

Great Sale of Genteel Furniture Piano Fortes &c.

On FRIDAY next Oct 16, at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. consisting of Elegant Brussells, 3 Ply and Superfine Carpets, Tufted Rugs. Printed Bocking, Sofas, and Sofa Bed. Mahogany, Cane Seat, and Common Wood Chairs, Large and Small Rocking Do. Mahogany Hard wood, and Pine Tables. Elegant Mahogany Wood Robe. Secretary, Bureaus, Toilet Tables, Washstands, Sinks. Looking Glasses, Live Geese and common Feather Beds, and Bedding, amongst which are some very superior Blankets, nearly new. Child's Carriage and Cradle, Crockery, China, and Glass ware. Fine Table Cutlery. Spoons. Plates, and Dish covers. Vases. Pictures. Map U. S. The usual variety of Kitchen Furniture. Cook and Parlor Stoves. Clock. Shower Bath. Hat Iron. Brass Fire Betts, &c., &c.

At 12 O'clock Precisely, 6 2d hand Piano Fortes, by order of the Mortgagees

Also 1 New Piano Forte in Rich Rosewood Case made by Dexter, Excellent Tone and action, in Every respect a very superior Instrument.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $60. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will sell cheap. Call at 113 and 117 Central street, opposite Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

A Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&ply*

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per rod! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four rods per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

WEARE CLIFFORD,

SILK, COTTON AND WOOLLEN DYER.

LADIES' Mouslaine, Chally, and other dresses dyed whole, for seventy-five cents, if ripped, for only *one dollar*, and finished in a new and elegant style. Merino and other kinds of shawls dyed light colors, the borders to nearly retain their original appearance, and the fringes curled as when new. A beautiful shade of Prussian or Nezarine blue, dyed on Merino, Mouslaine de Laine and other woollen garments.

Parasols and Sun-shades dyed without being removed from the frames.

Gentlemens' Coats, Pantaloons, and Vests, of all fabrics, dyed, cleansed, and pressed, with a finish little inferior to the original, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Also, dying and cleansing in all its branches, in the best possible manner, and on terms as low as at any other establishment whatever.

☞ Colors warranted, and satisfaction given in all cases.

Goods returned in two or three days, in urgent case.

N. B. Carpets cleansed in the most thorough manner, at the shortest notice.

Goods will be received at the store of Messrs. Tower, corner of Central and Gorham streets, and at the Dye House, Andover street.

Lowell, January, 1844.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to these parullar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS in preparu suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory referaurs can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknuwn to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise an every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medocine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set furth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false oplolous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as **PERFECT CURES.**

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, eed worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to mincrals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solomnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, shawing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restora them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physicinn, be would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-pold, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aIyjnn22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain years very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneter; his statements is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Leighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents throughout the country. In the principal towns in the United States. [may18m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a Bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warrented to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Cholmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuan; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pnlly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contracion of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in some Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restorntion to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reech of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquor the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every ngeent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES SON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Cholmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattock & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yeskpdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shewn its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondancy*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor ere they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&pSmosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on paymeat of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Billous and Liver Complaints, indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and no signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.—DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used to the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany; May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Boack, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasent preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, taunting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted most part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous effections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably effecient in the treatment of disease.

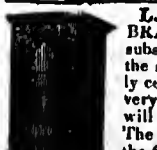
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowa&pTyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will ran Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 3 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO, 123.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 47, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Bassers, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13 2m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER.

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
Hon. STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WM. LEE P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar28

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Yard, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. jan5

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar12

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 28, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. P. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sep23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
SENS. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan14tf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain cure* for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may15tf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Rowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyeug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely safer and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Cosser; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22A&P1oct1 44

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Driscoll to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAN LANGLEY.
August 8, 1846. taug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., P. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ouwa&q1yfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Whole Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 01	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
64	$5000	$379 80	1839	628 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18SaTu&Srow1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' bureaus, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 3tsept1

Middlesex Cattle Show.

The following officers of the society were chosen for the ensuing year.

William Spencer, of Lowell, President.

Joseph T. Buckingham, of Cambridge and James Russell, of West Cambridge, Vice Presidents.

Francis B. Gourgas, of Concord, Corresponding Secretary.

Abiel Heywood, of Concord, Recording Secretary.

John S. Keyes of Concord, Treasurer, and the usual number of Trustees.

The following premiums were awarded.

FARMS.

Stephen Howe, Marlboro', 1st premium,	25
Amos Carleton, Chelmsford, 2d do.	20

BOG MEADOWS.

Caleb Wetherbee, Marlboro', 1st premium,	20
E. A. & A. Lawrence of Pepperell, 2d do.	12
Stephen Morse, Marlboro', 3d do.	8

APPLE ORCHARDS.

Thomas S. Tuttle, Littleton, 1st premium,	15
Jonas Viles, Waltham, 2d do.	12
Benjamin Wheeler, Framingham, 3d do.	8

PEACH ORCHARDS.

Galen Merriam, West Newton, 1st prem.	10
Benjamin Wheeler, of Framingham, 2d do.	5

PEAR TREES.

Galen Merriam, West Newton, 1st prem.	10
Eliphalet Wheeler, Framingham, 2d do.	5

PLUM TREES.

Simon Whitney, Framingham,	5

COMPOST MANURE.

Oliver C. Rogers, Woburn, 1st premium,	10

BULLS AND BULL CALVES.

Joseph Darby, Concord, bull 1 yr 6 ms. old,	$8 00
William Parker, Sudbury, 2 yr old bull,	6
Zadoc Rodgers, Lowell, bull calf 7 1-2 ms. old, 1st prem.	4
Elias Phinney, Lexington, calf 6 ms. old	2 00

STEERS.

Joshua Lawrence, Concord, 3 year old,	$6 00
Eli Rice, Marlboro',	3
Constantine Hill, Bedford, 2 year old,	5
Constantine Hill, Bedford, 1 do, do.	4
Stephen How, Marlboro',	2
Asa W. Holden, Shirley, best seed calves,	4

HEIFERS.

James P. Brown, Concord, best m'lk heifer,	$6 00
Wm. Melvin, do. 2d best.	4
For 2 year old heifers not having had a calf,	
Augustus Tuttle, Concord,	5
Wm. Parker, Sudbury,	3
E Phinney, Lexington, best yearling,	4
Wm. Spencer Lowell,	2
J. Rogers, Lowell, best heifer calf,	4
Wm. Spencer, do.	2

WORKING OXEN.

Edward Wetherbee, Acton,	$8 00
Francis D. Brooks, Lincoln,	7
Samuel Blood, Pepperell,	6
Joseph A. Smith, Concord,	5
Thomas S. Tuttle, Littleton,	4

FAT CATTLE.

Jabez Wetherbee, Marlboro', best fatted ox,	$8 00
Henry Tainter, do. 2d do.	6

MILCH COWS.

Ephraim P. Spalding, Chelmsford,	$8 00
Elijah Hale, Stow,	6
Jonas Viles, Waltham,	4

SWINE.

No 1st premium for boar.	
Abel Hosmer, Concord, 2 premium,	$5 00
Oliver Watson, S. Reading, for boar, gratuity	2
Augustus Tuttle, Concord, best breeding sow,	6
Joseph Merriam, do. next best,	5
1st prem. for pigs, divided between Augustus Tuttle and Abel Hosmer, each,	2 50
No second premium.	

BUTTER.

James Trickey, Billerica,	$3 00
Oliver Crosby, do.	2 50
Cyrus Wheeler, Concord,	2
John Kimball, Littleton,	1 50
Nathan Brooks, Acton,	1 00

FRUITS.

Francis Smith, Lincoln, peaches,	1
L. Luce, Westford, do.	75
Isaac Holden, Billerica, do.	1 50
Elbridge Dutton, Chelmsford, do.	50
Daniel L. Giles, Lincoln, do.	62 1-2
Daniel L. Giles, do. do.	25
L. Luce, Westford, do.	25
Joseph Merriam, Concord, do.	37 1-2
Asa Parker, Acton, do.	62 1-2
Thomas L. Tuttle, Littleton, do.	50
Solomon Gibson, do. do.	25
Elbridge Dutton, Chelmsford, do.	75
Robert Chaffin, Acton, 2 lots,	1
Daniel Weston, Lincoln, do.	75
Galen Merriam, Weston, do. 2 lots,	1 50
Ebenezer Davis, Acton, egg Plums,	75
Reuben Brown, Concord, 1 water melon,	1
James Eustis, South Reading, Spanish water meloos,	1 25
Asa Clement, Jr., Dracott, water melons,	1 25
Gardner Fletcher, Chelmsford, water melon,	50
Asa Clement, Dracutt, Musk melons,	75
J. O. Stearns, Bedford, water melons,	1 25
J. A. Smith, Concord, native grapes,	25
Anthony Wright, Concord, Isabella grapes,	2
Cyrus Wheeler, Concord, do.	1 37 1-2
L. Luce, Westford, do.	87 1-2
Amos Carlton, Chelmsford, do.	1
Abel Wheeler, Lincoln, do.	1 50
Asa Clement, Dracutt, Catawba do.	1 50
J. J. Marshall, Framingham, do. do.	75
A. Carlton, Chelmsford, native do.	25

Some very fine specimens of quinces were offered. The committee awarded the following gratuities, to

George Prescott, Concord, quinces,	50
Aaron Foster, South Reading, do.	75
Wm. Blanchard, Billerica, do.	50
Henry E. Jones, Holliston, do.	75

A few of extra size and appearance, were exhibited by Nelson and Rice of Shrewsbury.

E. Phinney, Esq., of Lexington, exhibited a basket of very superior peaches and grapes and tendered them as a present to the society's table.

PEARS.

James Eustis, S. Reading, bartlett pears	50
Amos Carlton, Chelmsford, sickle,	$1
Thomas Blanchard, Billerica, do.	75
Aaron Foster, south Reading, do.	50
Galen Merriam, West Newton, winter,	50
J. J. Marshall, Framingham, 3 varieties,	75
Asa Clement, Dracutt, peach,	50

A basket of fruit was presented to the committee from Benjamin [illegible]

Esq., of Framingham, containing 6 varieties of apples, which were very fine; likewise peaches, pears, grapes, &c., which the committee recommend a premium of 1 75

APPLES.

Ephriam W. Stone, Stow, spitenharge, 25
Col. Elijah Hale, do. porter, very fine, 75
Daniel Weston, Lincoln, seedling, do. do. $1
Abel Wheelr, do. templeton sweeting, 37
Wm. Blanchard, Billerica, 25
Jonas Viles, Waltham, porter, 50
Name unknown, mk. W. B. 1 box of apples, 25
Asa Clement, Dracutt, orsage sweeting, 37
Aaron Foster, S. Reading, 4 baskets best apple, porter, mammoth pippin, 1 75
James Eustis, do. 1 basket porter, 2 do. killan bill, 1 do. golden pippins, 1 kind unk, 3
Gordon Fletcher, Chelmsford, 2 varieties, 25
Dr. Cutter, S. Reading, golden pippin, &c. 25
Elen Richardson, Pepperell, porter and orange sweeting, 1 25
Amos Carlton, Chelmsford, parker sweeting, 50
Daniel York, Lincoln, porter, 50
J. Holden, Billerica. 75
E. W. Jalleis, Lincoln, york russet, 75
Robert Chaffin, Acton, ram's horns, hubbardston, nonesuch, very fine, 1
Reuben Brown, Concord, 1 basket wilbertan pippins, 37
John Sprague, Littleton, 2 varieties 50
Sewell Steerns, Billerica, 50
Micajah Rice, Concord, 63
John Brown, do. winter apple, 50
Eph. P. Spalding, Chelmsford, 25
Timothy W. Meed, Woburn, pippins 25
Wm. Brown Concord, blue permain 25
John Melvin, do. apple, 25

VEGETABLES.

Asa Clement Dracutt, for best squashes, $1 00
John Sprague, Littleton, next best, 50
Josiah W. Blodget, Westford, next best, 50
Ephriam P. Spaulding, Chelmsford, best carrots, 50
William Brown, Concord, best chenango potatoes, 50
John Melvin, Concord, for best tomatoes, 50

COTTON, WOOLEN AND LINEN MANUFACTURERS.

Hannah L. C. Green, Carlisle, for best woolen flannel, 4
Elizabeth Wheeler, Concord, for best ladies' long hose, 2
Lydia Rogers, Woburn, next best, 1
Rhoda Wright, Westford, best piece woolen frocking, 4
Elizabeth Sheldon, Wilmington, best cotton and woolen frocking, 2
The following gratuities were awarded. To
Mary Taylor, Carlisle, for piece of woolen frocking, 1
Maria Green, Carlisle, do. 1
Mrs John Potter, Concord, do 1
Sarah Adams, Chelmsford, for 3 pair worsted ladies' long hose, 50
Sarah Brown, Concord, 4 pair do. 50
Anna Jones, Lincoln, 4 pair do. 50
Rebecca Rogers, Woburn, 3 pair do. 50
Amanda Holden, Billerica, 2 pair do. 50

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

Abraham Prescott, Westford, 1 piece carpeting, gratuity, $1 00
Caroline Robbins, Carlisle, woolen coverlids, 3 00
Perses How, Marlboro' 2d pre. do. do. 2
Miss Rebecca Rogers, 6 pr woolen 1-2 hose 2
Amos Wellington, Ashby, 9 pr do. do. do. 1
Miss Sarah Brown, Concord, do. do. gratuity, 50
Miss Susan W. Hoar, Littleton, 1 pr blankets, 3
Jaoe Welliagton, Ashby, do. do. 2
Mary Sweetser, Westford, do. gratuity, 1
Caroline Robbins, Carlisle, do. do. 1
Mrs. Hannah S. Cox, Malden, hearth rug, 3
M. H. F. Edwards, Chelmsford, do. 2
Mrs Matilda Farrar, Concord, do. 1
K. S. Gill, Groton do. gratuity, 50
C. S. White, Littleton, do. do. 50
Mrs Parker, 3 hearth rugs, do. 1
Eliza J. Herrick, Westford, do. do. 25
Mrs Caroline Hodgman, Acton, do. do. 25
Miss T. P. Wright, Westford, do. do. 25
S. K. Goldsmith, Littleton, 25
Emeline A. Hosmer, Acton; bed quilt, 50
Mrs A. R. Baker, Medford, ottoman, gratuity, 1
" " " gothic chair, 50
" " " screen 50
Mrs Maria T. B. Skinner, Concord counterpane, gratuity, 1
Mre H. C. Skianer, Westford, do. 50
Mrs Cynthia Hammond Wayland, do. 25
Mary. L. W. Boland, Lowell, gra. ottoman, 25
Mrs J. P. Jewett, do. do. do. 25
Mrs M. T. B. Skianer, Concord, bead bag, 25
Eliza S. Lormy, Littleton, bead bag gratuity, 25
Susan Hutchinson, Lowell, lamp-stand, do. 25
E. Brown, Concord, bag and purse, do. 25
Martha A. F. Hoar, Carlisle, do. do. do. 25
C. Brown, Concord, purse, gratuity, 25
C. Smith, Lincoln. do. do. 25
Charlotte A. Howe, Lowell, steel bag, 25
Susan D. Wild, Lowell, screen, gratuity, 1 50
Mrs Samuel P. Stearns, Carlisle, lamp-mat and watch case, 50
Eliza Ann Case, Concord, work bag, 25
Martha T. Davie, Westford, lamp-mats, 25
Eliza Herrick, do. do. 25
Fanny A. Parker, Carlisle, do 25
Susan D. Wilde, Lowell, ottoman cover, 25
Charles Brooks, Cambridge, fire engine, 50
Relief Fletcher, Lowell, counterpane, 50
Susan D. Wilde, do. fancy basket, 25
Charlotte A. Howe, do. lamp-mat, 25
S. K. Goldsmith, Littleton, card basket, 25
Jonathan Bowers, Jr., Lowell fancy w'k box, 50
Abba B. Litchfield, Stow, satchel, 25
E. G. Wright, Westford, do. 50
Ann M. Wheeler, Concord, do. 25
Mrs H. Prescott, Westford, sewing silk, 1
Rebecca Haynes, Lincoln muff, 25
Maria T. B. Skinner, Concord, 5 ps lace w'k, 1 00
Martha E. Hill, Bedford, 1 book mark, 12 1-2
Mary B. Hill, do do do. 12 1-2
Hannah Heald, Carlisle, 3 do do. 25
F Knowles, Lowell, child's wagon, 50
Isabella Wetherell, Lowell, artificial flowers, 25
Mrs Farbush, Concord, paintings, 50
S. S. Robbins, Carlisle, 2 vases flowers, 25
Miss T. P. Wright, Westford counterpane, 50
Sarah C. Brown, Concord, 2 flower mats, 12 1-2

INVENTIONS.

The Committee on Inventions made the following Report.

Mr N. S. Bennett, of Framingham presented as his invention a *Corn-Fork*, to throw upon the cart corn in the husk. It has a handle similar to that of a dung-fork, and four long tines—two to run under the heap and two to hold fast the corn in its ascent to the cart.

This is different from any fork the Committee has seen, and from evidence exhibited they think the inventor entitled to a premium of three dollars.

Mr Jonathan Knowles, of Lowell, presented a Nursery Bottle, for the comfort of [illegible] children, and the convenience of nurses. It is a small coach that children can move with ease in the parlor. We think it worth a premium of two dollars.

PLOUGHING WITH SINGLE TEAMS.

William Brown, Concord, 1st prem. Ruggles, Nourse & Mason's plough, $10 00
Cyrus Wheeler, do. 2d do. Prouty & Mears plough, 7
Nathan Pratt, Sudbury, 3d do. Prouty & Mears's plough, 6
Abel Moore, Concord, 4th do. Ruggles, Nourse & Mason's plough, 5

PLOUGHING WITH DOUBLE TEAMS.

Samuel M. Thomas, Wayland, 1st prem. plough by Prouty, No. 33, $10 00
Francis Wheeler, Concord, 2d do. Prouty plough, 7
Joseph A. Smith, Concord, 3d do. Prouty plough, 6
Joseph Hosmer, Jr., Concord, 4th do. Ruggles, Nourse & Mason. 5

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 17, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser Office, Saturday evening, Oct. 17, at 7 1-2 o'clock. Business of particular importance demands the attendance of the whole Committee.

Per order,
A. W. FARR, Secretary.

What will next be done by our Government and the army in Mexico?

This question is agitating the press throughout the Union. Gen. Taylor's despatches to our government confirm the particulars of the battle as we have heretofore published them. An *armistice of eight weeks* has been concluded, substantially upon the terms we published from the New York Commercial Advertiser. This *armistice*, however, is conditional upon the approval or disapproval of either the government of the United States or Mexico. That is, either government, by the conditions of the *armistice*, may break it up before the expiration of the eight weeks. The Washington Union expresses the opinion that Gen. Taylor entered into the conditions of it upon false hopes of peace being restored, and that our government will order it to be at once terminated, and the war vigorously pursued. It thinks a messenger may reach there in sixteen days, and that there is no doubt, that, as soon as he arrives General Taylor will receive orders to push the war.

The New York Sun says, "having secured Monterey, the balance of the 50,000 volunteers should be called out, a reinforcement despatched to Monterey to enable Gen. Taylor to cover his retreat in his march to Zacatecas. The remainder of the forces might be landed at Tampico, and a division of them sent to San Luis Potosi to meet with the advance of the approaching army; this would cut off all help from the centre, our forces then having captured Zacatecas and San Luis. By this means the whole mining resources of San Luis, Durango, and Potosi, would be brought to our disposal. Such a course must decide the war—Having once this pass in our hands, further protraction on the part of Mexico, would be but national suicide."

Organization.

Our candidates are now in the field, and a thorough organization should at once be made. To spread the principles of a party, or to bring the full strength of a party to the polls, a systematic organization is indispensible. The whigs understand the advantages of an organized movement and profit by it. Let democrats, so far imitate them. Every town and every school district should have such an organization, that every democrat may be known and brought to the polls. If town committees will perform the duty they owe the party, and see that such an organization is effected, Democracy will triumph in the Old Bay State. Yes, it is honest, sober fact, if nine-tenths of the party are brought out this fall, the State is redeemed.—Shall it be done? If yes, Organize! Organize! Organize!!!

☞ Miss Fisher will open a school for the instruction of ladies and Gentlemen in Dancing at Mechanics' Hall on the 21st inst. See Advertisement.

NATIVE AND WHIG UNION. The Natives of N. Y. City have taken up the whig nominee for County Clerk, and the whigs have taken two of the Native nominees for assemblymen.

☞ The storm on Tuesday at the south did a great deal of damage, by the rise of water and the blow. Several boats were sunk, small houses blown down, steeples and roofs blown off, &c., &c.

☞ Dr William C. Warner, of the Vermont legislature, took a dose of strychnine by mistake, and died in ten minutes afterwards, at Montpelier, on Sunday morning, 17th.

☞ The whig committee of Middlesex County, have nominated John A. Knowles, Esq., for the Senate, in place of Dr. Huntington who declined.

☞ Julius Rockwell has been nominated by the whigs of the 7th district, for Congress.

District No 3 Convention!

Below we give the remarks of Boutwell to the Convention on being notified of his nomination as the democratic candidate for Congress, and the resolutions reported by Mr Brown and passed by the Convention, which we omitted in our report of the proceedings of the Convention in our last, for want of room.

Mr Boutwell addressed the Convention as follows:

Mr. President, and Gentlemen of the Convention:

By the kindness of your committee, I have been informed of my my re-nomination as the candidate of the democratic party of this district, for representative in the next congress; and that the nomination was made with a great degree of unanimity. Under these circumstances it gives me pleasure to respond to the wishes of those whom you represent. Although for many years the democracy of this State have struggled arduously, and, for the most part, unsuccessfully, there is no cause to despair, even in Massachusetts.—It is a matter of great satisfaction that the public sentiment of the people of this State is fast tending to a support of the great measures of the democratic party of the country. There is but little difference of opinion among the people upon the necessity of a national Bank, and all parties are compelled to acknowledge the justice of the course persued by President Jackson and his associates. The Tariff is better understood, and the opinion now prevails, that the system about to be introduced, will develope the resources of the whole country, and secure the permanent prosperity of every branch of industry. Massachusetts is deeply interested in this system, and did I believe it calculated to injure her laboring population, I would not hesitate to condemn it. The democratic party of this State is composed almost entirely of laborers, and it certainly is not for their interest to advocate any measure of injury to themselves.

But for myself, I have no fears whatever. Our manufacturers are, for the most part, entirely above competition; in 1842 Mr Webster declared the same fact, and the question is not now, whether we shall have the home market, but whether we shall clothe the people of Mexico, South America, the Islands of the Pacific, China and the East Indies.

The success of our manufactures is one of the prime causes of the alteration of the English corn laws. It has been stated that the soldiers of the British army are clothed with American drillings; this, and similar facts, led to a determination to manufacture cheaper, and therefore it was necessary to live cheaper.

It is susceptible of proof that staple manufactures are produced at less cost in this country than any where else, and therefore our citizens, whether laborers or capitalists, need desire nothing more than such an extension of our markets as a liberal commercial policy will readily secure. By the new tariff system, in connection with the changes which have taken place in other countries, our commerce is to be greatly extended. It is a matter of history that a country cannot be known and respected abroad or prosperous at home without a flourishing, extensive commerce. It lends wings to the products of human industry and scatters them over the whole world. It is not enough that we have great productive power in the country it must be made available, convertible; it is commerce alone which can transport the products of our soil and our mills over the world, and furnish an adequate return to the laborer at home, at the same time that it relieves the sufferings of the famishing abroad. This is the mission of commerce, and we now have the satisfaction of believing that the great measure of the present administration will materially add to the number of our ships and seamen, and open new markets for the products of agriculture and manufactures.

Upon one more subject I feel bound to speak.

It is neither to be disguised nor denied that sentiments are avowed which threaten the dissolution of the Union. The integrity of this Union is, and should be, the first object of the democratic party. When I consider the sufferings and sacrifices of the men of the revolution, and consider too the high hopes they entertained of the success of the Union and the benefits they anticipated from it, both to the country and to the world, I know of no consideration which should lead us to contentions, or in any way agitate the question of a separation of the States.

Gentlemen the only return I can make for the renewed expression of your confidence is an assurance of my determination to support the principles and policy, the men and measures of the democratic party.

The resolutions were as follows and unanimously passed.

Resolved, That we the Delegates assembled in District No. 3, take this occasion to express our continued and abiding faith in the great principles of Democracy and we here pledge ourselves to renewed exertions in propagating and establishing its principles and measures; for we believe that Democracy must finally triumph in human reason, because its foundations are deep in the human heart. The great mass whose souls are bound by a strong paternal sympathy, once rulsived from prejudice, will stand as firm as its champions. It fastens itself upon the affections of men as the shield of their present liberties and the ground of their future hopes. Man perceives in it a saving faith, a redeeming truth, a regenerating power. It is the only creed which does justice to man, or that can bind the race in eternal chains of brotherhood and love.—Nothing sinks so deep into the hearts of the multitude, for nothing else is so indentified with their social and moral good. Though the mighty of the earth may scoff at its truths, the people are ready to struggle and die in their defence, and those truths are too intimately blended with all for which it is glorious to live to be surrendered without a struggle.

Resolved, That it is upon a moral base alone that the security of our political fabric rests, and that the real and solid glory of the Republic depends upon the virtue and intelligence of its citizens. That free and untrammled opinion, the result of sober second thought expressing through the ballot box the will of the people is the choice of their rulers, is the only sure guaranty for the preservation of our laws and republican institutions.

Resolved, That the Democratic party is the party of reform and of progress, advocating the rights of man as man, enlarging his liberty, lessening his burdens, imposed by odious and corrupt legislation, elevating his condition in the scale of humanity, by enlightening his mind and fortifying him with those rights which are natural and inalienable.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in JAMES K. POLK, our worthy and excellent National Executive, and our late Congress, believing that they have faithfully discharged their duties and redeemed their pledges to the country by passing those leading measures which have signalized the present administration and which the united democracy of the land demanded at their hands.

Resolved That we denounce a wasteful and extravigant administration of the government—are desirous of confining the tariff within the necessary requisitions of the general government, and admit and claim such incidental protective in its details as shall encourage equally all departments of the production industry of the country, including Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce, without selecting particular and favorite branches of industry and fostering them by bounties and prohibitions, and levying contributions upon the productive energies of all others. That the whig cry of "revenue," on the passage of the Tariff of 1846, is met by a stubborn fact that Flour has advanced $1,00 per barrel, Corn a shilling and Wheat 10 cts bushel.

Resolved, that the passage of the Independent Treasury Bill merits and receives the hearty and enthusiastic approbation of the democracy of District No. 3. That we hail the separation of the government from all Bankieg institutions, as a measure of delivrance and liberty; a test of insolvent institutions, a regulator of excessive issues of paper, a check upon disastrous and visionary speculations, and we tender to the President and Congress our high approbation for the spirit with which he recommended it and the promptness with which it was passed.

Resolved, That the wisdom exhibited in the settlement of the Oregon question and averting a war with Great Britain, but confirm our confidence in the ability and patriotism of the President, and the vigorous prosecution of the Mexican war, accompanied with offers of peace, clearly shows to the world that our government is desirous of peace, and of saving the effusion of blood as she is of vindicating her honor.

Resolved, That we enter the State contest with the principles of 1843 inscribed upon our banner—Retrenchment of State expenses—restriction of corporate privileges, correction of their abuses, abridgment of the hours of Factory labor, the secret ballot, repeal of the Hawkers' and Pedlers' law of the last session, and democratic constitutional reform, that the legislature shall not loan the credit of the State for internal improvements, or any other purpose, except in case of invasion or insurrection beyond half a million of dollars.

Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the nominations of ISAAC DAVIS and GEORGE HOOD as our candidates for Governor and Lt. Governor at the ensuing election, we recognize them as true patriots, able men, and worthy pioneers in the cause of democratic reform in the old Commonwealth.

Resolved, That a high and imperious duty devolves upon the democracy to assert their rights and drive from place and power the unscrupulous party which now corrupts and sways the destinies of this State.—Their liberty and happiness loudly calls upon them to achieve this great deliverance. To accomplish this they must press upon all the fundamental principle of the equality of man in civil and political rights. That all legislation which disturbs this equality is anti-republican—that grants of special privileges to one man or set of men, are attacks upon the rights of every other man in the community—that a good government is that which restrains men from injuring one another, but "leaves them otherwise free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement" and which does not take from labor the bread it has earned—that a public debt is a public curse, subversive of equality among men—"that equal and exact justice to all men of whatever state, or persuasion, religious or political." Economy in public expenditures; "that labor may be lightly burdened; the payment of our debts; sacred preservation of the public faith; the diffusion of information and the denouncement of all abuses as the bane of public reason," are now as ever our political creed. Democratic Republicans of District No. 3! We call upon you to stand by your arms, to gird on your armor in the coming contest. To organize every town and school district. We conjure you to use as your weapons Truth and Justice; to diffuse information; to expose the design of the federal aristocracy; and teach the aristocracy, who ride rough shod by virtue of legislative enactments over the rights of men that they have already filled to overflowing, their cup of infamy, and these Catalines who cry disunion and disorganization, that we go for union, our whole country and nothing but our country.

Resolved, That we have implicit confidence in the ability, the sterling integrity and true Democratic faith of our candidate this day nominated, and hereby pledge ourselves to render him all our aid in securing to him the election as Representative from this district.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Pennsylvania Election.

The election in Pennsylvania came off Tuesday, the 13th inst.

Belsterling was elected mayor in the Northern Liberties by over 800 majority.

The vote for mayor, as the Post gives it was for

Richard Vaux, democrat,	3399.
Swift, whig,	6816.
Brown, native,	3000.

Lelar, native, is elected Sheriff in Philadelphia city and county by about 100 majority.

Congress.

1st district—	L. C. Levin, native,	re-elected.
2.	do J. R. Ingersol, whig,	re-elected.
3.	do Charles Brown, democrat,	gain.
4.	do Charles J. Ingersoll. dem.,	re-elected.
5.	do John Freely, whig	gain.
6.	do J. W. Hornbeck, whig.	
8.	do John Strohm, whig,	re-elected.
9.	do William Strong, democrat,	re-elected.
10.	do Richard Brodhead, dem.,	re-elected.

FURTHER FROM PENNSYLVANIA. Levin's majority over his democratic opponent was reduced from 999 to 432,

Joseph R. Ingersoll, whig, had his majority whittled down over three hundred.

Charles Brown, dem. gain, was elected by from 300 to 400 majority over his opponent, J. H. Campbell, native, who in 1844 had 1176 majority.

Charles J. Ingersoll's majority has been increased from 175 to 467.

Lelar's plurality for sheriff, in Philadelphia is only 25.

The democrats chose Browne register of wills in the county by over 500 majority; Rutherford auditor by about the same majority; the democratic plurality for Small, senator, is 787.

For canal commissioner, the vote of Philadelphia county was—

Foster dem.,	14,166.
Power, whig,	10,471.
Morton, native,	10,719.

The Pennsylvanian of Thursday says—

"We may fairly claim the congratulations of our friends upon this brilliant victory—achieved against such desperate odds, and in spite of the extraordinary exertions made against us.

Legislature. The democrats hold over, and 11 whigs. In Philadelphia and York counties, the democrats have elected 2; in Montgomery and Bucks the whigs have elected 2. This is all that is certainly known.

Congress. There are 24 districts in the State. We count 6 democrats elected, 8 whigs, 1 native.

Maine.

The Augusta Age has a letter from Hallowell, stating that Mr Bleke, whom the Boston Atlas claims as a federalist representative from Madawaska, voted the democratic ticket for governor. But setting aside Madawaska, there are 52 democrats elected and 52 federalists and abolitionists, including Daniel Rogers, the Windham abolitionist. The classed districts that have failed to elect will try again on Monday, October 28.

Democratic victory in Baltimore.

Col Davis, the present Mayor of Baltimore (dem.) has been re-elected by a majority of 105 votes. The City Council will stand in the first branch, 11 democrats, and 9 whigs, in the second branch, 6 to 5.

This is, the largest vote ever cast in Baltimore, being 2832 more than at the State Election last week.—*New York Herald.*

From a correspondence of the Boston Post.

New Hampshire Democratic Mass Meeting.

Concord, N. H. Oct. 16, 1846.

The convention yesterday was one of the grandest and most energetic ever held in the Granite State. It was not to be estimated merely by numbers, (though there were 3000 counted on the field) but by the men that composed, and the resolution that marked its proceedings, with a vigor that only requires to be carried into the towns from which the delegates came, to insure the restorstion of Democratic New Hampshire to the time honored rank she has held in the roll of democratic states. * * * * —

The Convention was organized by the choice of SIMEON WARREN, of Whitefield, for President; with one vice president from each county, and four secretaries. Mr Warner, on taking the chair, made a brief address to the point, which he well said came from one of the hard headed fraternity, and which showed that his head as well as his hoods knew how to do good work. This veteran democrat was in the war of 1812, and at the battle of Bridgewater went into the fight with a company of sixty-four men and came out of it with but sixteen not killed or severely wounded.

Ex-Governor Hill delivered a cogent, keen and pungent address upon the history of parties, full of the fruits of experience and the sound results of years devoted to the cause of democracy. After dinner Mr Wright and Mr Hallett of Massachusetts spoke until the commitee on resolutions were ready to report.

The true and spirit of the convention were admirably displayed on this occasion. The Hale abolitionists, calling themselves "Independent Democrats," had procured the hall of the state house by an indecent act of Gov. Colby, who had usurped the authority of the agent of the legislature, who alone was enthorized to open the building. It had been granted to the democrats by the proper authority, but the governor, by a sheer act of usurpation, undertook to give it to the Helcites for the obvious purpose of distarbing the democratic convention, through Mr J. P. Hale, the New Hampshire "little dictator," as one of the speakers called him, who was expected to drown the democracy with his big lungs. For this purpose, the windows of the hall fronting the convention were wide open, and the noise inside began. But the thunder out-doors with which it was met, by the cheers upon cheers of the sturdy farmers, as the mass warmed up in response to the appeals of their own speakers, soon compelled the in-door folks to close their windows in order to be able to hear their own cheering, or to catch a word that fell from their sole orator.

The committee on resolutions made their report, embodying sound sentiments and the true constitutional ground of the union of the states upon the original basis of the Union. The resolutions were received with the warmest demonstrations of approbation. Mr Barstow then offered a series of resolutions, as an amendment, three of which, on the subject of slavery, had been, in substance, submitted in committee, and laid aside with but one vote in their favor. The resolutions of Mr Barstow, were by a thundering vote laid aside.

The convention was also addressed by Messrs Hibbard Pierce and Atherton, in a most effective and eloquent strain, who were respectively called upon the stand, and the people again responded with increased animation and ethusiasm.

Mr Barstow's resolutions which were laid aside proposed to pledge the party to the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia and the territories, and the rejection of new states on the basis of the admission of Texas. But the convention, with a demonstration most emphatic, preferred to stand upon the constitution and the Union as it is, having declared their firm adherence to a moral condemnation of slavery in all its forms, without infringing the rights of independent states of the Union, and also their approval of Mr Wilmot's resolution in congress.

The whole indications at the convention give the highest promise of union and energy, and a vigorous and triumphant campaign. At half-past five the convention was dissolved with nine cheers for THE UNION THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET, AND THE REDEMPTION OF NEW HAMPSHIRE!

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

Monday, Oct. 12.

Fowler against Gilman. Verdict for plff. Wentworth for plff. Abbott & Brown for deft.

Tuesday, 13th inst.

Dale against Hunt—Action on account—Verdict for plff. Butler for plff. A. R. Brown for deft.

Shirley against Gage—Trover for a wagon—Verdict for deft. Leavit for plff—Butler for deft.

Rice against Ames—Verdict for plff. Ames for plff. Butler for deft.

Kimball against Challis—Assumpsit for work and labor performed—Verdict for plff. Morse for plff.—Wentworth for deft.

Miron S. Lincoln against T. Ames et. al.—Verdict for deft. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

Wednesday, 14th inst.

Eliza Ann Weston against Sarah Abbott—Case continued. Butler for plff. Abbott & Brown for deft.

Wight et. al. against T. Ames et. al.—Verdict for deft. Wentworth for plff. Butler for deft.

Thursday, 15th inst.

Palmer against Richardson—Assault and battery—Verdict for plff. $125 damages. Butler for plff.—Caverly for deft.

Canty et. al. against Wilde—Account for work—Verdict for plff. Butler for plff. Morse for deft.

Dorr against the Lowell Co.—Assumpsit for work—Verdict for deft. A. R. Brown for plff. Corliss for deft.

The Cases of Howe et. al. and of Farnsworth against T. Ames et. al., by agreement of Counsel were to be decided upon the verdict of Lincoln against T. Ames et al., which was for deft. Hopkinson and Ames for plff. Butler for deft.

The Court rose on Friday.

From Hayti.

By the bark Hecla, Capt. Scott, we have received Port au Prince papers of Sep. 27, with twelve days later intelligence.

A train of measures set in operation by the President for the union of the whole Island under one government was successfully operating. Content and tranquility prevailed.

A law has been promulgated providing for the coinage of a considerable amount of silver.—*New York Journal of Commerce.*

☞ A committee, consisting of Messrs B. F. Hallett, Isaac Adams, T. W. Pierce, B. D. Baxter and Ezekiel Bates, has been chosen to invite Gen Cass to address the democrats of Boston previous to the election.—*Times.*

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The election news from Ohio is very meagre, but what there is shows a falling off among all parties. The Democrats stand best relatively.

PENNSYLVANIA. Chester Butler, whig, has been elected by the 11th district.

GEORGIA CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION. The accounts from this State indicate pretty certainly the return of five democrats and three whigs to the thirtieth Congress. The counties of the only two doubtful districts in the State, both of which gave majorities last year to Gov. Crawford, whig, have been heard from, which warrant the confident belief that democrats have been chosen in each.—*Times.*

☞ Horatio Byington, Esq., of Stockbridge, has been nominated by the Democrats of district No. 7, for Congress.

☞ The federalists of the 10th congress district have nominated Joseph Grinnell for re-election.

☞ N. P. Rogers, editor of the Herald of Freedom, died on Monday last.

☞ A Committee of the friends of John Young of N. Y., have directed him to answer no questions.

☞ We are requested to state that Mr Rantoul positively declines being a candidate for congress from the second district at the ensuing election.—*Post.*

THE CITY GUARDS hold a Levee at Mechanics' Hall next Tuesday evening. Preparations are being made to make it very pleasant.

☞ Our election returns are mostly made up from the Post.

DISTRICT No. 2. The Democrats of this district have nominated Geo. W. Dike Esq. for Congress.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

From the Sentinel and Reformer, Worcester, Mass. June, 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The beneficial effects of this remedial composition are astonishing to the world, and make it one of the most popular medicines now known. For Coughs, Colds, and Consumptive cases, its curative powers are established by numerous testimonials of the highest character. In the first stages of the disease, termed 'Catarrhal Consumption,' originating from neglected Colds, it has been used with undeviating success, and hundreds acknowledge they owe the restoration of their health to this invaluable medicine.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Brieckenoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system is almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

MARRIED.

Oct. 12 by Mr. Lemuel Porter, Mr Thomas Pearson and Miss Sarah E. Werren, both of Newburyport.

Oct. 14, by Mr Lemuel Porter, Mr Savory T. Burbank and Miss Mary Underwood, both of Dracutt.

TO CHESS PLAYERS AND MATHEMATICIANS. "Do you yet play at Chess? If not, I recommend you to get a board and the pieces immediately—study it yourself and teach it to everybody you know. I know of nothing as a rational and delightful domestic recreation so excellent as Chess—nothing that calls into exercise so many useful qualities. It is a priceless invention, and to play it well is to possess a most desirable mental accomplishment."—FRANKLIN.

Just Published by Taylor & Co., Astor House, No 1 of "*The Chess Paladium and Mathematical Sphinx,*" a Monthly Magazine devoted to the cause of the delightful, profound, and intellectual science of Chess. Comprising fine specimens of American play, brilliant games of all openings by the eminent Masters, a choice collection of Original and Selected *Problems*, by the celebrated Problem Inventor and Amateurs of both hemispheres, &c., together with a Mathematical Department, stored with a rare collection of curious, Difficult, and entertaining Problems, many in verse, Arithmatical and Mathematical. oct17

INSOLVENT NOTICE
of WILLIAM SNELL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM SNELL of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, copartner, an insolvent debtor; all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or having any of his goods or effects are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The 2d meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, an Central Street in said Lowell on Monday the twenty-sixth day of Octobec inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
oct17s3t A. R. BROWN, Assignee.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 16 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SETH CHELLIS of Dracott, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Chllis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the tiny twenty-eighth of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis; and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct17n3t

HERR ALEXANDER,
THE CELEBRATED GERMAN MAGICIAN

HAS the pleasure to announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lowell, that he will give a series of his highly amusing Entertainments in the building formerly occupied as the Free-Will Baptist Church, (Merrimack st., head of Central,) commencing on *THURSDAY EVENING*, Oct. 15, and continuing every evening until further notice.

These entertainments will consist of beautiful *Scientific Illusions, surprising and amusing Experiments in Chemistry, Pneumatics, Optics, Natural Philosophy and Magic!*

A change of Programme every night.

☞ At the suggestion of several gentlemen of Lowell *HERR ALEXANDER* will on this occasion reduce the prices of admission.

Tickets 25cents; Children under 12 years, 12½ cts. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock. oct15

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich *N. H.* a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 10 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,
AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

NEW GOODS
FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Tablets; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY

HAVING commenced their fall and winter Singing tour, will give a

Vocal Entertainment

(for one night only) at the *CITY HALL*, on *Thursday* evening Oct, 22 1846, it being their first appearance since their return from Europe,

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, and Marsh, and at Carlton & Co, Druggist's, at the Merrimack house and at the Concert Room, Concert to commence at 8, No postponement,

Lowell, Oct 15, 1846,

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

CITY OF LOWELL.——Resolution determining the number of Representatives.

Resolved by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Lowell in Convention assembled:

That it is expedient to elect nine persons to represent the City of Lowell in the next General Court.

IN CONVENTION, October 8 1846.
Passed. JEFFERSON BANCROFT, Mayor.
A copy. Attest, THOS. ORDWAY, City Clerk.
Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. u3t

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stave dealer; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, for the proof of claims and his examination upon oath, will be held at the office of G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Charlestown on FRIDAY, the 30th. day of October inst. at ten o'clock A. M.,

Lowell, Oct. 3 1846. SETH AMES,
Oct 13 n3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 12th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in said County, tin-plate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twenty-fourth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Adams and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct15o3tf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ *GREAT ATTRACTION.* ☜
Immense success of the New Company.

MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 12, and every evening through the week, (except Saturday) at 8 o'clock, will be presented Mrs C. Gore's celebrated moral Drama, in two acts, of *The Maid of Croissey,—Or,* Theresa's Vow!

Sergeant Austerlitz, Mr G. C. Germon
Theresa, (the Maid of Croissey) Mrs Germon

To conclude with the highly successful Farce, (first time in *Lowell,*) called *The Valet de Sham,—Or,* Double Deception.

In rehearsal for next week, John Howard Payne's celebrated Comedy of Charles the II, or the Merry Monarch!

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A M. to 10 P M oct13

LAST WEEK.

ANELLI'S GREAT PAINTING!!
The End of the World.

WILL positively close at Wentworth's Hall with the present week. The last exhibition will be on Sunday evening Oct. 18th *Lecture* every evening at 8½ o'clock. Admittance 25 cents.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o15a3m.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.
Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Store is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Store of the kind in the market with the changeable tap, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street,* (*running through to Prescott St.*)
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14-1m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names.—The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast,* master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile.

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.
ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
On Saturday—positively.

The superior fast sailing Packet Ship MAGNOLIA *Gray,* master, is now loading and will succeed the United States, sail as above. For freight, cabbin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No 21, Commercial wharf.—Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts, Geo W. Hynson agent at N O.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fifth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN H. PARKS and JOHN A. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. a3t.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.
FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, fur Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Military articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market price

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m,sep8 41 Central St.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hunson. Just received and for sale by

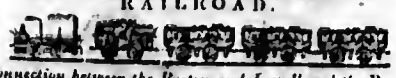
MERRILL & HAYWOOD.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only,

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows;

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Canway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct31

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.—

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P. M
" Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200.000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25A&P3m

PLEASE TO READ THIS.

A good chance to clear from $500 to $1000 a year

AGENTS wanted in every town and County throughout the Union, to sell Scott's New and popular works, universally acknowledged to be the *best and cheapest* ever published, as they certainly are the most saleable. Any active Agent may clear $500 or $1000 a year. A cash capital of at least $25 or $50 will be necessary. Full particulars of the principles and profits of the Agency will be given on application, either personally or by letter. The postage must in all cases be paid. Please to address,

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
A1woct 8 No. 128 Nassau street, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved.

DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.
Lowell, June 01, 1846. je1A1f

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains
Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Aduna streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY C. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will We warrantee every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., an hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art,

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shubrael Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shubrael Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. a1m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and leading on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. Towne, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Prince sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m*

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,
15 ENDICUT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curation process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknowe in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine veeders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money prnved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false optelous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now described upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as veaereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hourded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. n1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. EDWARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Miss E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill, Boston, and by regular appointed agents in every town in the United States. (may14ly) dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA
AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by Impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:—

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholns Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845.

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evens, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *right years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILE, T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1845. 1yr&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA
AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its natural power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

n&p6monapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advfjan22

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Extract is put up in quart *bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, of our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir; I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion in my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I had my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint, and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its liva-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 147 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so had that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBEL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparille, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhea, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result a inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparille, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaseka, Sept 28, 1844.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to no astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office; and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which his nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1uwa&p1yjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and Saturday, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY,
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

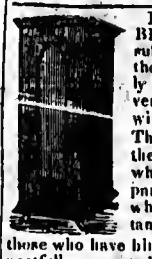
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those effected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret & distructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on physiological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

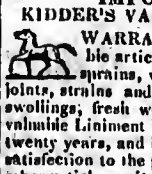


L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject, are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings; fresh wounds, galls, &c., &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swellings, Joints, and all Venereal diseases; and all the various forms of scrofulous diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicines and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 20, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 124.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—47 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be charged semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Ship-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov13

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&P tf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c. Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD. atf navt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Building.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 28, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct28 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6m ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jun2tAly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
RUFUS DEAN, Jr. JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Indirances effected ely

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where oil applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr. Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WAITNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring* and *Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pand, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&APrtnct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracut to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Flees on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly-poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for paints, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&plynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ouwu&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 85 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Months Amount may borrow on Policy.
64	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 70	1760
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1482
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.

ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Sprly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlyma9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee, holden Sept. 24th, it was *voted* that the Executive Committee be directed to prepare and publish the customary annual Address to the people.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held the same day, Messrs. John A. Bolles, James Russell, and Marcus Morton, Jr. were requested to prepare an Address and report the same to the Executive Committee at its next meeting, which was fixed for the 9th of October.

On the 9th Oct. Mr Bolles, from the sub-Committee, reported the following Address, which was unanimously adopted, and ordered to be sent for publication to the various Democratic Journals.

ADDRESS.

OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE TO THE CITIZENS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

FELLOW CITIZENS!

Another annual election of State officers is at hand. Its approach again summons you to the consideration of your duty as citizens of Massachusetts, entitled by your vote to a share in the government, and answerable to your country, in your posterity, and to your consciences, for the manner in which you may act.

In behalf of the Democratic State Central Committee, we are directed to address you upon this subject; to urge upon your attention the claims of the great doctrines and measures of democracy, and thus stimulate you to active co-operation in the support and advancement of those principles and measures.

FOUR POLITICAL PARTIES.

Not less than four political parties are now found in our midst, contending together for the mastery, and appealing in every conceivable manner to the one hundred and fifty thousand voters of the Old Bay State.

Two of these parties (the "*abolition*" and the "*native American*,") are of recent origin, and of minor consequence. Their character and tendencies will sufficiently appear as we proceed with the developement of the great principles of democracy.

THE WHIG AND DEMOCRATIC PARTIES.

The other two parties have existed amongst us from the earliest period of our national history; nay, it may truly be said that they have, in one form or another—under one name or another, been found in every age, and among every people, since governments were organized amongst men,—and since the *many* have been compelled to contend against the arts, the wealth the ambition and the force, of the *few*.

THE WHIGS ARE THE PARTY OF POWER: THE DEMOCRATS ARE THE PARTY OF THE PEOPLE.

These two ancient parties are the *democratic* party, or THE PARTY OF THE PEOPLE; and the *whig* party, or THE PARTY OF POWER. From the birth of civil society down to the present moment the world has known of their existence; and from this hour to the end of time, will they continue to divide the world. In times that are past, *the party of power*, with its emperors and kings, its nobility and aristocracy, its wealth and its cunning, succeeded in keeping the people in subjection. The popular spirit like volcanic fire long pent, would now and then break forth. But such manifestations of active truth were short lived and soon suppressed; and the armed heel of the despot was restored again to its accustomed place upon the bowed necks of the oppressed people. In the progress of ages, however, as the mind of man gathered light; and his heart courage, the popular will was more frequently expressed, and more firmly asserted, if not established, until, in the fullness of time, our own confederate Republic, baptized in the blood of brave defenders, was introduced to the family of nations, as the first true exhibition of popular sovereignty in an organized form, establishing its own frame of government for the furtherance of the common good.

Here, at last, in the end of the world, might and did the soul of man, wearied with its hundred generations of strife, hope to find repose beneath the shelter of constitutions created by itself, and of governments administered by its own servants.

But the very dawn of the American Republic was obscured by the rising clouds of FEDERALISM; and the American people were taught, that, under *new forms* and new denominations, the *old spirit* of hostility to popular freedom and equality still existed,—still struggled for supremacy;—and that the the price of liberty must be eternal vigilance.

THE WHIG PARTY AND THE FEDERAL PARTY ONE AND THE SAME.

The federalists, who taught our fathers this wholesome but unwelcome lesson, are re-produced in the Whig party of the present day, with its love of power, its veneration for property, its contempt for man. The election of this year, and of every year, is but one of the battles in that eternal warfare betwixt power and right, to which our race seems devoted as a part of its probationary career.

In the Convention that framed our National Constitution began the struggle between these antagonistic spirits,—these hostile parties. Federalism desired to erect above the people, and above the states, a stupendous edifice of central power, beneath whose shadow popular rights and state sovereignties, should sink into insignificance. A President for life;—a Senate for life;—undefined, and undefinable authority in the Federal legislature;—these were the projects of the party of power; while, on the other hand, Republicanism, acting through the party of the people, would leave, and did leave to the people, and to the States, every power not actually necessary to the Union; and would only confer upon the nation certain well defined and indispensable powers. Defeated in its first effort, the party of power rallied itself for further exertion. What it had failed to obtain by *grant* it endeavored by *finesse*. No sooner was this Constitution adopted than another conflict was begun; a conflict that must last as long as the Union endures. The Federalists endeavored by *broad constructions*, and *ingenious interpretations* of that Constitution, to enlarge the national authority, and thus subject the people, and the States, to rules and regulations which neither the people nor the States had ever adopted, or intended, and to which they could not safely submit.

Constructive power has always been the pet and favorite of federalism; and from this laxity of construction, have sprung those gigantic federal measures which successive generations of the democracy have resisted and defeated. The chartering of national Banks;—the imposition of heavy tariffs for purposes other than revenue;—gigantic systems of internal improvements, not of a national character;—these, and similar federal measures, are but off-shoots from the parent stock, the federal doctrine of extending the central power; and it is certain that upon these and similar measures the two great parties throughout the nation are destined to maintain an endless warfare.

THE TARIFF OF 1842.

The tariff of 1842, was federalism triumphant in congress. The same party which, at an earlier period, had found its great idol, wealth, invested chiefly in commerce, and had, therefore, resisted even a tariff of revenue, in later times discovered that the manufacturing interest had drawn to itself the money capital of its friends; and in subserviency to capital, changed its grounds, and became the noisy advoate of protection; and thus subjected the million to heavy taxation for the benefit of the few, and perverted the taxing power into a vast system of favoritism. The tariff of '42 was the last act in the drama of protection to the one class, and of oppression to the many. All reasonable men not prejudiced by pecuniary interests, felt, and confessed, that this tariff was unequel, unjust and excessive. It had no respect to the revenue principle; it discriminated in favor of the rich and against the poor, it taxed luxuries lightly and necessaries exorbitantly; it had regard to but one of the great interests of the country, and while it stimulated manufacturers to an unhealthy activity, it overlooked both agriculture and commerce. Thus faulty in every respect violating the constitution, and neglecting the real objects of a sound American tariff, its repeal was demanded by the general outcry of the nation. It has been repealed; and, in its stead, we now have a tariff intended for revenue; imposing no heavy tax upon any article, save luxuries alone; a tariff which lightens the burdens of the poor man, by a just discrimination in favor of substances that are of daily necessity, and universal consumption, and is intended, incidently, but not as its chief end, to foster all the great interests of our business community, without partiality, fear, or favor, towards any.

And finally we have a tariff which more than any that has preceded it, is in harmony with the soundest principles of the science of national wealth; with the grand tendencies of the age towards universal freedom of commercial intercourse; and with Democratic truth, which teaches that while tariffs and all other forms of indirect taxation encourage and conceal national extravagance, *direct taxation* alone will at once constrain the public servants to observe a rigid economy, and will enable the people to detect and punish the first breach of fidelity in the management of the public resources.

A NATIONAL BANK.

A national bank, from the days of Hamilton to the present time, has been one of the favorite agents of the federal party to enlarge and strengthen the power of the federal government. The constitution must be strained beyond its true limits to confer a chartered monopoly; the money of the government must be entrusted to the Bank to enlarge the influence of that institution, and thus Bank and State, or rather Bank and Nation, be wedded together, and by an unholy union and reciprocal influence enabled to control the interests and compel the submission of the separate States, and of the people at large. The Bank was abhorrent to Republicanism.—Its union with the Treasury was justly regarded as eminently dangerous to the people. Our party, which had long contended against both these abuses, was enabled, under the heroic lead of President Jackson and Van Buren, to crush the Bank, and, by the sub-treasury scheme, to divorce and dissolve the hateful union of Bank and State. Whig ascendency,—the temporary triumph of federalism, though unable to resuscitate the Bank, succeeded in abolishing the sub-treasury. Once more, however, the party of the people has recovered its supremacy, and "the great Congress" of 1846, reviving the sub-treasury laws, has restored the government to its original and constitutional condition; and delivered the States and the people from the greatest peril that has threatened them since the recognition of their independence.

THE HISTORY OF MASSACHUSETTS PROVES THIS IDENTITY.

We might dwell upon other illustrations furnished by our national records, but we have not time, nor would it be proper, in an address like this, to furnish a detailed history of parties.

The annals of Massachusetts, like those of the nation, bear record to the identy of the modern whig with the ancient federalist. The Massachusetts whig address, issued from the State Convention of 1845, confesses this identity, and is of itself sufficient to alarm those who are familiar with the misdeeds of ancient federalism.

FEDERAL FEATURES OF OUR STATE CONSTITUTION.

In the formation of our state Constitution the federal element was largely adopted. That respect for money, for landed estate, for wealth in in every form,—rather than for manhood,—which has always characterised the anti popular party, manifested itself for many years in a multitude of forms, and in a host of constitutional provisions, now fortunately abolished. To be eligable to office it was needful that the candidate should be the owner of soil, or in the receipt of an ample income. The Governor must possess a freehold of a thousand pounds;—The Lieutenant Governor must own the same; the Senators, an estate of sixty pounds, and the Representatives a freehold worth one hundred pounds, or a ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds. Poverty rendered the *man ineligible to office*,—and shame to our State! poverty, both then, and now, under our constitution as it was, and as it is, citizen disfranchises the and deprives him of *the right to vote*.

THE ELECTIVE FRANCHISE IS TAXED—NO MONEY NO VOTES!

Republicanism, after infinite labor and desperate federal resistance, has expelled from our constitution the property qualification *for office*. But it has not yet blotted out the property qualification *of voters*, and every man must now be able to pay a tax, or he cannot be allowed a share in what we believe to be the inalienable right of self government.

When the Democrats in 1843 endeavored to reduce the poll tax which is now *assessed upon the right of suffrage*, there arrose from the party of power an outcry as terrible as though the whole framework of government was in danger; and thus, on all occasions, has federalism been horror-stricken at the thought of extending the right of suffrage; as though no enemy could be found so fatal to government, as the people themselves, from whom, and by whom, all just government originates and is established. Thus has the party of power been ever reluctant to relax its grasp upon whatsoever of authority the people may have conferred upon the public servant.

THE WHIGS DENY THE SOVEREIGNTY OF THE PEOPLE.

Indeed the time has arrived when Massachusetts Whigs, denying what all our revolutionary sires admitted to be true, and claimed as the foundation of our Revolution,—the right of the people to make and unmake, to create, alter or abolish forms of government,—promulgate the darling tenet of despots that without the consent of the existing authorities, the people can do nothing. Such was the infamous degeneracy of the worse than federal party of Massachusetts in 1842, when, at the call of a usurping government, in the sister State of Rhode-Island, our public armories and arsenals without law and against law, were thrown open to supply the usurpers with arms and munitions of war, with which to crush the people of that State in the free exercise of their inalienable rights.

[Continued.]

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 20, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—Edmund Kimball, of Bradford; Edwin Lawrence, of Newburyport; E. H. Safford, of Haverhill; Nathl. Frothingham, of Salem; George Osborne, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. Bridges, of Worcester; Ivers Phillips, of Fitchburg; Seth Hapgood, of Petersham; Francis Howe, of Brookfield; Alfred Bragg, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. Whitaker, of Needham; Artemas Brown, of Medway; Jesse Pierce, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—Charles Osgood, of Northfield; Whitney Griswold, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—Samuel Gates, of West Stockbridge; Lansing J. Cole, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—James Cheever, John T. Heard, John A. Bolles, William Washburn, Edward A. Raymond.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

Middlesex County Democratic Address.

We hardly expected this document would call out from our Courier neighbor a commentary of nearly the length of the address itself. More particularly, so soon after his having declined to discuss State politics with us, giving as the principal reason for so doing, the crowded state of the Courier's columns, and the issues of so much more importance than State affairs—of abolitionism, the Mexican war and the tariff. We are almost inclined to think that many of the truths it contained were hardly palatable to the juvenile editor of the Corporation organ. They seem to make him feel bad, though they are somewhat too metaphysical for his comprehension; and when he says he cannot understand the address, his comments thereon show that he speaks sober truth. All he thinks he comprehends of it, he sums up as follows:

1. Labor and capital have antagonist interests.
2. The party of labor is Democracy, and the party of capital is Anti-Democracy.
3. *The locofoco party is the Democracy.*

This cumming up proves that the light is breaking in upon his "cloud-land" intellect, for he has got his major premise very nearly correct; and if he would carefully study democratic productions he would probably, if patient and persevering, in course of time, comprehend some of the simpler truths of Democracy. For a few first lessons for his consideration and reflection, we will give him some of the main points of what he considers the metaphysical, and incomprehensible portion of the Address: and should he be unable finally to comprehend them, and tell us wherein he wishes to be enlightened, instead of talking about his want of understanding, we shall be happy to give him all necessary instruction:

1st. Labor and capital, in the division of their combined results, have antagonist interests.

2d. From these antagonist interests spring the two great fundamental divisions of parties, that ever have, and ever will exist in government.

3d. That the true interest of labor is pure democracy.

4th. That it is ever the interest of the laboring mass, to have a government of justice and equality, while a government of the few ever seeks to chent and oppress the many for their own aggrandisement.

5th. That Democracy and Anti-Democracy, represent the primary parties growing out of the antagonist interests of capital and labor.

6th. That the people are the only rightful and safe sovereigns.

7th. That Anti-Democracy grows out of the interest capital has to take all it can of the proceeds of labor and capital combined.

8th. That it is the duty of all progressive reformers, who are really seeking the advancement, elevation and happiness of the people, to step upon the broad Democratic platform and from there promulgate their doctrines, as such is the sole object of Democracy.

It is not to be expected that these truths can be comprehended by a mere skimmer, and they will appear metaphysical, abstruse, and wholly incomprehensible to our juvenile friend, by however clear and strong arguments they may be enforced, until he gives them patient reflection, accompanied by an honest desire for truth.

But should our neighbor have any doubt about the truth of the main points of the Address, or the arguments by which they are supported, it would give us great pleasure to hear his objections, and we will certainly explain and illustrate as long as he desires; but it is impossible to lead him into sunlight, until we know where he is lost.

The phrase—the rule of man as man—seems to so entirely bewilder and befog our friend, that though he is quite sure it does not mean "the rule of man as woman," nor "the rule of man as a tadpole," nor "the rule of man as one of the inferior order of beings," a "nigger, for instance," as he says, yet, to him, it is an entirely "cloud-land expression. Now, as we learn from himself that this expression is not understood by him, (though it is a very common one) we are pleased to enlighten his understanding, as we should be in every point, if he would only give us like opportunity of learning what particular points or expressions he can't comprehend. The rule of man as man. The great question, the great problem that has at last been solved by the people of our own government, has been whether man or property should be the sovereign power. The struggle has been, and still is, between man and money. Whether man as man, because he is an intellectual, moral, accountable being, under whose dominion God has placed all things of this earth, or whether man as the representative of money, shall possess and exercise the sovereign power. In this country, man as man, independent of advantitious circumstances, such as wealth, birth, title or caste, has been fast acquiring the sovereignty. The government of man as the representative of property, that is, a government of property, a government giving no man the right to hold office or to vote except he possessed a certain amount of property, has been giving place to a government of man as men, regardless of property, till the only vestige of the property qualification, of a government founded on property, is the prohibition of the right to vote, except it is purchased by the payment of a certain amount of money. We trust enough has been said to make the term—the rule of men as man—intelligible, and that it simply means just what the plainest and simplest import of the words signify—the rule of man as man—contradistinguished from the rule of man as the representative of wealth.

It was not expected that any whig would understand that portion of the Address relating to State affairs.—There is something in the raising of salaries, giving away the people's rights and franchises, passing hawkers' and pedlers' acts, not paying the militia, maintaining railroad monopolies by refusing to charter new roads where they will create competition, and the whole system of whig legislation that is altogether too metaphysical to be *talked about, if comprehended.*

Great Conflagation at Columbus, Ga.

"On the 9th inst. a rolling sea of fire swept over the city from the market-house, obliquely, to the boat landing, swallowing up hotels, shops, stores, goods, residences, furniture, large and small fortunes, all in six hours. Every thing was dry as a cinder, and breeze of wind blowing at the time, sent the flames bellowing and roaring from square to square with hurricane speed and fury. All human efforts were powerless to arrest it, *until it had swept down the most of six squres.* The loss estimated at $260,000."

Later from Gen Kearney. Another express from Santa Fe, has reached Fort Leavenworth, bringing later intelligence from Gen. Kearney, but nothing of very great importance. He was still in the peaceful possession of Santa Fe and several of the surrounding villages. He was erecting a fort at the former place, and pushing on his forces towards Chihuahua.

Monterey. "The city of Monterey, which has just been captured by our arms, is the capital of the State of New Leon. It is on the Fernando river about 220 miles from its mouth. It has well paved streets and mostly one story stone buildings. The population is about 12,000, and the city is situated on the main traveling route from the Rio Grande to the city of Mexico."

Shocking. The Norwich Courier says that the daughter of Jacob Welden, of Greeoville, lost her life in one of the factories in the following shocking manner:—She was standing combing her hair near to an upright shaft, when the hair coming in contact with the shaft, was suddenly wound round it, tearing the scalp from her head and breaking her neck, thus causing instant death.

Yucatan. "Advices from Yucatan, says the N. Y. Sun, confirms the intelligence received some days ago at New York. That State has thrown off her disguise, recognized the revolutionary government and re-annexed herself to Mexico, subject to all the risks of the existing war with the United States."

No. 6 of the Pictorial History of the World has been received at Merrill & Heywood's. Welker and Gillis the publishers are doing themselves much credit by the superior style in which they are getting up this work.

☞ The body of J. J. Aversue, late French consul at Mobile, has been found in the woods near that city. He has been missing since December last. He was insane. He had an income of $30,600 a year.

☞ The Knickerbotker says that it will do very well for a good matron of New York to call herself "an old New Yorker," but that no lady of Troy will willingly proclaim herself "an old Trojan."

☞ The Jewelry store of Mr Robert E. Mosely Tremont st. Boston, was broken into Saturday night and robbed of about $1500 worth of watches, jwelry &c.

Lowell Institute Mr Geo. Vandenhoff, now of Boston, the distinguished tragedian, will lecture before the Institute this week, (Wednesday evening.) Subject, *Shakespeare*—Illustrated by recitations.

☞ The Academy of Fine Arts are about erecting a new building in Philadelphia in place of the one destroyed by fire. It is to be on a large scale and fire proof.

☞ The Providence Journal says "the City Bank of Providence redeems its bills at its own counter."

☞ Mr James Sherman, of Dimock, Susquehanconuty, Pa., a few days since, committed suicide, by cutting his throat with a razor.

☞ The Cars from Boston to Lowell run off the track last night, but no damage was done. They were detained in consequence about two hours.

☞ Court of Common Pleas, criminal term commenced its sitting this morning. Judge Colby presiding.

District Convention No. 2.

The delegates assembled agreeably to previous notice, at the Lynnfield Hotel, and proceeded to organize by the appointment of the Chairman (H. L. CONOLLY, Esq., and Secretary, Col. T. J. Bowler) of the District Committee, as Chairman and Secretary pro tem. of the Convention.

Voted, That a committee of one from each town be appointed to examine the credentials of delegates and report to the Convention.

The Committee, by their Chairman, Mr S. Dike, subsequently reported that eighteen towns were represented by one hundred and twenty delegates.

Voted, That a committee of one from each town represented in the Convention, be appointed to nominate a list of officers for the Convention.

The committee, by their chairman, Mr Burchmore, reported the following who were unanimously adopted:—

For President, JAMES M. USHER, of Lynn.

For Vice Presidents, H. L. Conolly, of Salem; Moses Hill, of Marblehead; Wm. Boynton, of Rockport; Solomon Hayes, of North Chelsea.

For Secretaries, *Thos. J. Bowler*, of Lynn; *A. V. Lynde*, of Stoneham.

Voted to appoint a committe of one from each town to nominate a District Committee.

Voted, That the District Committee consist of one from each town in the District.

The committee reported the following list which was unanimously adopted:

North Chelsea, John Pierce; Chelsea, Nathaniel Hayward; Marblehead, John Carroll; Medford, T. R. Raymond; Lynn, Joseph Haines; Stoneham, A. V. Lynde; Lynnfield, Benj. Monlton; Gloucester, John H. Stacy; Ipswich, A. D. Waite; Rockport, Thos. O. Marshall; Manchester, Richard C. Dennis; Essex, E. Perkins; S. Reading, John H. Stone; Reading, E. Barker, Jr.; Beverly, Wm. Parton; Danvers, Sylvenus Dodge; Malden, F. J. Tey; Saugus, Sewall Boardman; Topsfield, B. C. Green; Wenham, I. Porter; Hamilton, John Whittredge.

Voted, That the Convention now proceed to ballot for a candidate for Congress from District No. 2.

Voted, That the Secretaries be a committee to receive, sort and count the ballots for a candidate for Congress.

On the first ballot the committee reported the whole number received 83, for the following persons:

George W. Dike, of Stoneham,	21.
Robert Rantoul, Jr. of Beverly,	27.
Benj. F. Brown, of Salem,	19.
George Osborne, of Danvers,	11.
B. F. Newhall, of Saugus,	5.

No one having received a majority, the Convention then proceeded to ballot a second time, when the Secretaries reported the following result:

The whole number of ballots 84; necessary for a choice 43. George W. Dike, of Stoneham had 52, and was chosen. R. Rantoul, Jr., had 14, B. F. Browne, 14, Scattering 4. It was then

Voted, That GEORGE W. DIKE, Esq., be unanimously declared the candidate for member of Congress from District No. 2. He being present, accepted the nomination.

Voted, That a committee of five be appointed to report some resolutions expressive of the views of the Convention, and Messrs Mudge of Lynn, Story of Essex, Martin of Chelsea, Waite of Ipswich, and Bowler of Lynn, were chosen. It being then late, and the Convention anxious to adjourn, the committee had no time to deliberate, and merely reported the following, which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this Convention have unlimited confidence in the sound democratic principles, good private character and sterling talents of Geo. W. Dike, Esq.—and that we cheerfully recommend him to our fellow citizens as a candidate to represent this District in Congress, and that we will use all fair and honorable means to secure his election.

Resolved, That this convention heartily respond to the nominations of the State and County Conventions, and that we will give them our unqualified support.

The following resolution, offered by Mr Smithurst, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have witnessed with much pleasure the late improved appearance of the Salem Advertiser—that we approve its course, and that we cheerfully recommend it to the patronage of the Democrats of this District and County.

Voted, That the thanks of this Convention be given to its officers for the ability and faithfulness with which they have discharged their duties.

Voted, That the proceedings of this Convention, signed by the officers, be published in the Salem Advertiser, Newburyport Advertiser, Norfolk Democrat, Lowell Advertiser, Concord Freeman and Boston Post and Times.

J. M. USHER, *President.*

T. J. Bowler, A. V. Lynde, } *Secretaries.*

☞ The Lowell and Andover Railroad Company was organized on the 16th inst. by the choice of the following officers, viz:

WILLIAM LIVINGSTON, President.

William Livingston, Sidney Spaulding, Otis Allen, Frederick Parker, Horace Howard, Isaac Farrington, Abner W. Buttrick, } Directors.

Frederick Parker, Clerk.

John A. Knowles, Treasurer.

At the same time an assessment was laid of ten dollars on a share, payable on the first day of January next.

Installation. Rev. Matthew Hale Smith was installed pastor of the Pilgrim Church and Society, at Tremont Temple, on Sabbath evening.—*Transcript.*

☞ Daniel Gorner, his wife, and 5 children, were all burnt to death on Friday morning, with their house, five miles below Harrisburgh, Pa.

☞ Hon. Abbott Lawrence, has given $1000 towards the erection of a cabinet and observatory for Amherst College.

☞ The climax of human indifference has arrived when a woman don't care how she looks.

☞ The bills of the City Bank of Providence are not received at the Suffolk Bank.

☞ Mr Matthew Tookee, a revolutionary soldier, died in Boston on the 13th inst, aged 81 years.

Peter T. Homer, Esq., has been nominated for Congress from the Boston District.

☞ In the great stove case of Hathaway vs. Rotch a nonsuit was entered in the Circuit Court.

☞ One of the severest struggles in life, is that between a proud spirit and an empty purse.

☞ The New York gas company has declared a dividend of 4 1-2 per cent.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Pennsylvania. The Democrats have lost the Legislature and Canal Commissioners. The vote for Canal Commissioners was very small. The Senate stands 14 Democrats, 18 Federalists and 1 Native.—The House, far as heard, stands 34 Democrats, 49 Federalists. The federalists will undoubtedly have a majority in the House as it is composed of only 100 members and they have already 49.

Ohio looks well for the Democrats.

More Whig and Anti Rent Union. The whig convention of Albany county have nominated for congress the canidate of the anti-renters, John I. Slingerland.

Georgia. The Democrats have elected to Congress Messrs Cobb, Haralson, Iverson and Lumpkin—and, the federalists have succeeded in electing Messrs Jones, King, Stephens and Toombs, which makes the delegation equally divided in the 30th congress. Jones is a gain to the whigs, but his majority is only about 100.

Florida. Cain [Democrat], and Cabell [Fed.] are running neck and neck for Congress.

Missouri Official. All the members elect to Congress are democrats.

Ohio. The returns from 11 Counties show a whig loss on the Governor of 1844 of about 1000. The whigs then carried the State by 1277. In '44 Bartley (whig) in the counties now heard from received 5142, and Ford (Dem) 1177. Bebb (whig) now in the same counties received 3901, and Todd (Dem) 850. In Licking county the Democrats have gained the Senator and a member of the House.

From Mexico.

Arrival of the delayed mails—Almonte President of of Mexico—Further from the Army.

Three days Southern mails were received in N. Y. Friday night. The True Sun says, "The intelligence we learn from them is of high importance and interest.

Advices from Mexico were of New Orleans received by the Jan. Day, which appears to us of the utmost importance. The American Flag of the 25th ult., published at Matamoras, announces the receipt of late news there from the City of Mexico direct, but the details given are of much importance. We are able to announce, however, most positively (says the Picayune) that letters were received in this city by the Day, by a gentleman deeply interested in Mexican affairs, and from a very responsible *foreign* source in Matamoras, which says that Gen. Almonte has been appointed President of Mexico *ad interim*, and Gen. Santa Anna Generalissimo of the armies of Mexico; and further, that Santa Anna was then engaged in raising and organizing troops, intending to take the field in person in the north.

The news will strike every one as important in various aspects, but it is especially so as it may bare upon the armistic granted by Gen. Taylor to Gen Ampudia's forces, and again upon the dependence which the Government at Washington may have placed in the pacific intentions of Santa Anna."

We have no doubt from the remarks of the Washington Union that our Government has no hopes of a compromise with Mexico, and that orders for terminating the armistice agreed on by Gen. Taylor, and for prosecuting the war, were sent immediately on the receipt of the news of Monterey being taken, and the eight weeks armistic concluded.

Police Court.

October 15.

Patrick Quinn—Adultery—ordered to recognize the sum of $500 to appear at the next C. C. P.—*Juda Kernn*—Adultery—ordered to recognize in the sum of $500 to appear at the next C. C. P.—*John Duff*—violation of the city ordinance—fined $2 and cost.—*Samuel Bond*—violation of the city ordinance—fined $1 and cost.

October 16.

Margaret Welch—Lewdness—2 months H. C.—*Anthony Delany*—Lewdness—3 month House Correction—*Patrick Short*—violation License Law—ordered to recognize in the sum of $200 to appear at the next C. C. P.—*Michael Dailey*—drunkenness—$3 and cost, paid in 2 days or 3 month H. C.—*Jabez Cummings*—violation License Law—fined $20 and cost—*James Young*—violation License Law—fined $20 and cost—*Leonard Norris*—violation License Law fined $20 and cost—*Luke Toben*—Drunkenness—fined $3 and cost in 2 days or 3 months H. C.—*Daniel Sargent*—violation License Law—discharged—*Herman Lowry*—violation License Law—fined $20 and cost—*Sylvester Eames*—violation License Law fined $20 and cost.

Naturalized Citizens Rend!!!

Extract from a letter of John G. Palfrey to the Native Americans—Published in the Lowell Courier.

Boston, Secretary's Office, July 30, 1846.

Sir,—Your note of the 17th instant, mailed for me to Cambridge, has been forwarded and reached me here.

"*I entirely agree with you respecting the infinite importance of protecting our institutions, and the ballot box which sustains them, against aliens without intelligence or sympathy with our republican system.*" * * * * *

Such is John G Palfrey's Native American sentiments. He entirely agrees &c.

The Lowell City Guards will accept our thanks for a complimentary ticket to their Levee this evening. We shall be happy to meet a large party.

Old Items.

The Winnebagoes. We understand that a treaty was concluded at a late hour this day with the Winnebago delegation, by which they cede their lands in Iowa to the government of the United States. The precise terms of the arrangement have not reached us; and, indeed, treaties are generally secret documents until they have been ratified. The Winnebagoes will have a formal audience with their Great Father, the President of the United States, before they leave the city.—*Union.*

☞ Otto Sutor, who attempted to murder the Cashier of the Lancaster Bank, was sentenced in the Court of Common Pleas at Worcester, to 2 days solitary confinement and 18 years hard labor in the State Prison.

☞ A wealthy man in Kentucky, says the Mail, married a pretty brunette, with whom he fell in love not long ago. While the honeymoon was yet bright a man from Tennessee came along and found the wife a yellow girl belonging to him.

☞ The Times says, a despairing swain, in a fit of desperation, recently declared to his unrelenting lady love that it was his firm determination to drown himself, or *perish in the attempt!*

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

From the Sentinel and Reformer, Worcester, Mass. June, 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The beneficial effects of this remedial compositioo are astonishing to the world, and make it one of the most popular medicines now known. For Coughs, Colds, and Consumptive cases, its curative powers are established by numerous testimonials of the highest character. In the first stages of the disease, termed 'Catarrhal Consumption,' originating from neglected Colds, it has been used with undeviating success, and hundreds acknowledge they owe the restorative of their health to this invaluable medicine.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable Court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.
Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } Massachusetts District, ss. }
Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

Alawtn21st.

HERR ALEXANDER,

WILL continue his *Novel and Amusing Entertainments* for three days longer! MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY Evenings, Oct. 19th. 20th. and 21st., in the building formerly occupied as the *Freewill Baptist Church.*

A Change of performance every evening. Introducing still more startling and incomprehensible feats, than any he has heretofore given in this city.

Tickets 25cents; Children under 12 years, 12½ cts. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock. oct20

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company. A&Ptf

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the second day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

oct20a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Shff. Messenger.

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

Military Gloves. Military Gloves for sale at No 34 Central St. by L. D. BOISE.

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Gunrds; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY

HAVING commenced their fall and winter Singing tour, will give a

Vocal Entertainment

(for one night only) at the *CITY HALL*, on *Thursday* evening *Oct*, 22 1846, *It* being their first appearance since their return from Europe,

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, and March, and at Carlton & Co, Druggist's, at the Merrimack House and at the Concert Room, Concert to commence at 8, No postponement.

Lowell, Oct 15, 1846,

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock —evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellanus Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

CITY OF LOWELL.——Resolution determining the number of Representatives.

Resolved by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Lowell in Convention assembled: That it is expedient to elect nine persons to represent the City of Lowell in the next General Court.

IN CONVENTION, October 8 1846.

Passed. JEFFERSON BANCROFT, Mayor.

A copy. Attest, THOS. ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. a3t

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stove dealer; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, for the proof of claims and his examination upon oath, will be held at the office of G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Charlestown on FRIDAY, the 30th. day of October inst. at ten o'clock A. M.,

Lowell, Oct. 3 1846. SETH AMES,

Oct 13 a3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in said County, tin-plate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twenty-fourth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Adams and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. oct15a3tf

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 16 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SETH CHELLIS of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Chllis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the day twenty-eighth of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger. oct17a3t

INSOLVENT NOTICE of WILLIAM SNELL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM SNELL of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, copartner, an insolvent debtor: all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or having any of his goods or effects are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The 2d meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell on Monday the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.

oct17a3t A. R. BROWN, Assignee.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14a4m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of Walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomdations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday—positively.

The superior fast sailing Packet Ship, MAGNOLIA *Gray*, master, is now loading, and will succeed the United States, sail as above. For freight, cattle or storage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 104 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second meeting of the joint and separate creditors of FRANKLIN H. PARKS and JOHN M. ANDREWS of Lowell, County of Middlesex, traders and copartners in business, insolvent debtors will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery on Central Street in said Lowell on SATURDAY the seventeenth day of October inst at two of the clock in the afternoon at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims if they see cause

Notice is also given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the joint and separate estates of said Parks & Andrews and has been ordered by said Master, to publish the above notice.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell Oct. 8th 1846. a3t.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Rigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1s3m.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich *N. H.* a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At noon 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay in Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

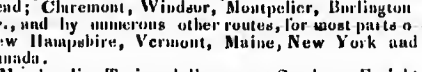
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P. M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Chenoy, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep9tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Auburn Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&e3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers is this day dissolved. DAVID ROGERS,
JOHN A. KELLEY.

Lowell, June 01, 1846. jn11atf

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Assignees Sale of Houses and Land.

On FRIDAY next, Oct 23d, at 2 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, a Block of 6 Houses and 2 Stores, situated at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets, the same recently built by J. M. Smith. The above is very desirable property, being so situated as to command a ready rent. The whole Block and Land will be sold together, or in separate tenements as may be desired.

Directly after the above, on the premises, another Block of Houses on Dummer Street, near Lowell street built by said J. M. Smith. This is also a desirable estate, being divided into small tenements, which rent readily. Both blocks are now designated by the auctioneer's flag. By order of Charles Warren and T. P. Smith, Assignees.

On THURSDAY Oct 22nd at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises, a genteel Cottage and 3000 feet of Land, situated on Adams, 2d House from Suffolk street.—The House is new and well situated to command a ready rent. Sale Positive.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrusses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. op28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y*

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. a4m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls—About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For farther information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontravertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, unvaringly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrufulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully cautione the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospitel, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remady, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true,

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *factitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 99 Cornhill, Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States [complete] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Fredrrick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinament and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparille and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipeles humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholes Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pmly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlete, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come inparfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid states of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unrival power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Pluin, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant head ache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted and in the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan20

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the mine I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preperation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Buxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bed sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swolled, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nelson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence, It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligle servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimoniuls of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elonic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Mooly and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. iewa&plyjan18

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pethological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



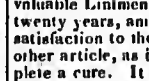
L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spevine, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&rly

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 22, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 125.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is publlished on TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

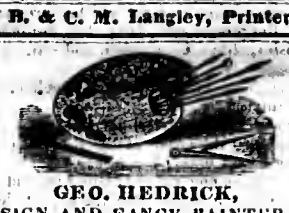
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

LAW NOTICE.
B. BUTLER & F. FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&e tf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jon8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf novl

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON.
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tmarch19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
up12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
a1y Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&pty

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
udrly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J. March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Yunth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
For further particulars and convincing evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult cases of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&e lyang29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and infact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Alison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aetoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwellings, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&pfyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interest to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	ng the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1068 75	$500 24	$80 01	$225
			1838	960 16	435 53	57 58	187
61	$5000	$370 80	1839	838 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 76	148
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sceow1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, in Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. a1v1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1ypr1

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

THE ESSENCE OF THE FEDERAL WHIG DOCTRINES IS HATRED OF THE PEOPLE, OF MEN AS MEN.

When the very basis of popular government is thus subverted, and its leading truth denied, we need feel no surprise to find that federalism (under every name) is hostile to the people; denying them the right of suffrage, or slavishly, to bestow their suffrage on men and measures that they do not approve; we need feel no astonishment that its believers fetter the consciences, and waste the substance, and neglect the interests of the people at large, to build up favored creeds, and create enormous salaries, and strengthen their own favorite interests, and their own authority.

NATIVE AMERICANISM.

We need feel no surprise to find this federal party, under the name of Native Americanism, manifesting its undying jealousy and fear of men, by assailing the laws of naturalization and seeking to establish barriers to check the progress of immigration.

There is no form of this unpopular spirit and party more repugnant to the sound republican and true lover of his country and her glory, than this same federal phenomenon of Native Americanism.

This new party is founded on fear of the people, upon religious prejudice, upon erroneous statements of fact, and on ignorance of our laws both state and national.

ITS NATIONAL ASPECT.

It complains that the existing laws of the United States admit the foreigner too easily and too expeditiously to citizenship. *This is its national aspect.* But let us look at the law itself for an answer to this complaint.

By the laws of the United States, as they now stand, no alien can be naturalized until he has resided for five years uninterruptedly within the Union, and those five years must be the five years next preceding his admission to citizenship; and one of them within the State where he makes his application; nor can he be admitted to citizenship until he satisfies the court, which administers the oath of allegiance, that during the whole of those five years "he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same."

It would seem that these requirements ought to satisfy the most jealous of the Native Americans.

But they are not satisfied, and they demand that a residence of twenty-one years shall be required of the alien before he can be allowed to vote.

To effect this legal change they have organized a national political party,—and now propose to abandon, as of little importance, all other questions of national policy.

Is the nation, indeed, in such imminent peril from the increase of foreign votes? Where are the indications of this tremendous national danger? What flagrant mischiefs have occurred? must we look for the omens or premonitory symptoms of national ruin?

In Massachusetts, where our system of public instruction is so good, where our voters' lists are so carefully prepared and revised, our elections so quiet and orderly, and the influence of our naturalized citizens is so perfectly undistinguishable, either in turning an election, or in determining the course of legislation, it is difficult to set up any pretence for such an organization. Protestantism cannot, even in its most intolerant mood, be here induced to lanch itself in peril;—and no men, worthy the name of republican, would confess himself desirous of legislative discrimination between one creed and another, in direct violation of that free conscience which our laws and constitution glory in supporting.

We must travel far, far from Massachusetts before we can find cause of alarm; and even then, occasional outbreaks of foreign feeling in one or two large cities like New York and Philadelphia, must be magnified into national portents, before we can discern a shadow of a pretext for this party excitement, and we cannot but feel ashamed, after all, that so small a spark has kindled so monstrous an alarm, and that the nation has been called (we will not say excited) to a general panic and consternation by a mischief so utterly local and insignificant.

Democrats of Massachusetts, you will find that this Native Americanism is the form which the Whig party assumes when defeated, as it supposes, by a majority composed of the votes of naturalised citizens. In the anger of disappointment the Whigs and the Federalist, have ever calumniated the successful party, and loaded them with opprobious epithets. But let them call us by what name they may; "jacobins "radicals" "destructives," "loco focos," "the great unwashed," "the populace," or "the huge paws;"—we are content so long as the prosperity and glory of our country are preserved unimpaired.

ITS STATE ASPECT.

But this party also alleges, that the influx of *foreign paupers and criminals* into our State is enormous, and that existing State laws are inadequate to check the mischief. This is a State feature.

We will not raise a question upon the first assumption; but admitting the worst that can be proved by our criminal records and by the pauper lists, we venture to say that the laws of Massachusetts are not in fault; that if the laws were enforced no complaint would be heard.

A brief examination of the municipal of our State relating to this subject, will prove that the only present desideratum is fidelity on the part of our local authorities.

The law provides for the appointment of suitable persons by the town officers of every seaport, whose duty it is to board every vessel on her arrival with alien passengers. All pilots are commanded to pilot such vessels to the appointed place for inspection. If any passenger be found on board who has been a pauper, or who is a lunatic, an idiot, or maimed, aged, infirm, and incompetent to maintain himself, the law forbids him to land, until the town is furnished with a satisfactory bond, with responsible sureties, in the sum of one thousand dollars, that such passengers shall not within ten years become a charge to city, town or state. No alien passengers, other than those above-named, can be landed until there has been paid into the treasury the sum of two dollars on his account, which goes to the support of State paupers.

As to *criminals*, the law is equally stringent,—nay more. If any vessel brings into our ports and lands here, any person convicted in any

foreign country, or in *any other State*, of an infamous crime, or one for which he was sentenced for transportation, or any person notoriously dissolute, or of abandoned life and character the Captain who knows the fact, or has reason to suspect it, is liable to heavy penalties.

So far, then, as immigration *through our* SEAPORTS is concearned, we need fear little on the score of *foreign paupers or foreign criminals*, while town and port officers are faithful to duty.

Nor is it any easier, under existing laws, to introduce foreign paupers throughout our INLAND Towns.

There is a heavy punishment for every person who brings into the state, and leaves here, any individual whom he knows to be *poor* and *indigent*;—and whenever such indigent person is found here, the overseers of the poor may obtain from any justice a wrarant for his. instant removal out of the Commonwealth at the expense of the State.

But what shall be said, of the proposal to subject every alien inhabitant, rich or poor, learned or ignorant, good or bad, to twenty-one year's residence in our republic, before he shall vote? —The monstrous political wickedness of this measure will appear if we make it of universal application. Must a man live twenty-one years under republican institutions, before he can be safely allowed to bear his share in the great business of self-government? If so, republican forms of government can never be conferred upon any other people! Free government can never visit Europe, or Asia, or any other section of the globe which is now cursed with a tyranny! If England desired to become a democracy, the twenty-one year's rule would deny to her the boon;—and the universal race of man, tyrant-ridden, must groan on forever, because not one of the oppressed myriads has ever qualified himself for self-government, by that residence which is a prerequisite to his enfranchisement.

A rule like this, is the maxim of the true despot,—but is a disgrace to America.

A rule like this would crowd our cities and manufacturing towns with a class of men politically slaves,—despised, degraded, discontented, —living within a republic but robbed of its benefits. It is possible that the American heart and the American understanding can tolerate such an open and barefaced abandonment of our great doctrine of the people's right to govern themselves? No. Nor is it possible for us to beleive that any man, or class of men, living under our institutions, and submitting for twenty-one years to this harsh injustice, could ever deserve the gift of freedom. He who would patiently bear injustice like that, must be less than man. The breath of freedom would be poison to his lungs, and the voice of freedom discord to his ears.

We must then again pronounce this Native doctrine false, hateful, intolerable. It is not *native* to democratic hearts, or a democratic people. It may answer well for Austria, or for Russia; but even there it would dwell only in the hearts and on the lips of their tyrants.

Our laws require no such change as this party demands. Our laws are already severe enough. If they are not enforced, it is because the popular mind and will condemn them as already too rigorous; it is because our towns, our cities, our overseers, ralax the existing rules, and interpret them with a more lenient spirit than is palatable to this Native American party.

If, then, any change is to be wrought, it is not by the farcical process of a party organization for the choice of President, or members of Congress, or of State legislators, who have nothing to do with this matter, but if at all it must be done by the choice in selectmen and overseers of the poor who will enforce existing laws, and prosecute a relentless warfare against immigrant convicts and paupers.

The true sphere of Native Americanism, then is exceedingly narrow; and however narrow its sphere of operations, its doctrines will be found still narrower, and far more insignificant.

Do our laboring classes dread, under our present laws, the competition of the foreign laborer who is willing to work for wages that an intelligent Yankee refuses as insufficient? How much will they be benefited by degrading the foreign operative still lower in the social circle, by depriving him of all hope, and consequently of all disposition to elevate himself among his fellow citizens? Why is the foreigner now content with less than American wages? Because foreign oppression has injured his self-respect, reduced the standard of his desires to the level of his hopes,—and his hopes into the very dust; and he has not been taught to look forward with provident forethought and to practice present frugality for the sake of future independence. But scarcely has his foot trod the free soil of our Republic before his hopes are awakened,—his self-respect is excited,—he begins to fell the American spirit,—he estimates the value of his labor with reference to himself and his children, as well as his employer, and with reference to the future as well as the present.

The higher you elevate the man, the more highly will he prize his labor. The lower you depress him, the more willingly will he submit to wages unworthy of manhood. And this is the result which Native American laborers are actually, though unconsciously, striving to effect. They could not commit a more fatal mistake, and if their efforts are crowned with success to their party, it will be destructive to their class;—and they must be driven, by a hopeless competition, from their present occupation, or submit to the beggarly wages which these Helots and serfs of their own manufacture are content to receive.

Does the *foreign felling* of our naturalized citizens endanger our public welfare? What, then would be our peril in the midst of this alien population, under a twenty-one years' rule, that compels them to remain foreigners;—which, by excluding them from fellowship from us Americans, drives them into a society and fellowship of their own, and inspires their vast fraternity with hate towards us, instead of love, with distrust instead of confidence, with rebellious discontent and revengeful activity, instead of a cheerful submission to benign and wholesome laws.

God save the Commonwealth from this great curse,—the inevitable result of the Native American reform!

Have these mushroom partisans of a mushroom doctrine forgotten the glories of our Revolution? Have they banished, into a twenty-one years' oblivion, the names of Kosciusco, of De-Kalb, of Steuben, of Lafayette? Or do the shades of these noble aliens to our soil, but brothers of our hearts, rise from their resting places, and visit with frowning visage, the recollections and consciences of the Native American factionists?

Are we weary of our glorious distinction as the asylum of the oppressed,—the haven of hope to all who fly from the tyranny of the old world, the home of the persecuted? If we are thus tired of our honorable pre-eminence among the nations, let us close fast and bar firmly the doors of the grand temple of Republican citizenship, and make proclamation to the wide race of man, that they look towards us from beneath the yoke of the despot and the scourge of their iron taskmasters, —*in vain*,—with longing gaze, and weeping eyes and bleeding hearts,—but still in VAIN!

(Continued)

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT., 22 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. E. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
GEORGE W. DIKE, of Stoneham.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWOLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

Our Candidate for Congress.

That the Democratic nomination of a candidate for Congress, from District No. 3, meets the universal approbation of the Democratic party, is evident from the very remarkable unanimity with which he was nominated. (there being but two votes against him on the first ballot,) for the third time, when, by the usages of the party, any other man might have been selected, without any disrespect to Mr Boutwell. While Mr Boutwell enjoys the entire confidence of his party, his opponent, Hon. Amos Abbott, is not the first choice of a third of the whig voters of the district; and will receive a cold support from many of his own party, and many more will throw scattering votes to defeat an election, that he may be compelled to withdraw, and others will refuse to vote for Representatives at all.—The candidates of the two parties standing thus, and the probability that the people may have an opportunity of judging of the merits of the respective candidates, and the principles upon which they would act, and the measures they would support if elected to the of- [illegible] of Mr Boutwell's election.

By the probability that the people will have an opportunity of judging of the merits, principles and measures of Mr Boutwell and Mr Abbott, and of the partiee of which they are candidates, we refer to the prospect there is that these gentlemen will take the stump. A correspondent of the Newburyport Courier (whig paper) immediately after the nomination of Mr. Abbott, proposed that he should invite the Democratic nominee for Congress, (whoever he might be) to a stump discussion of the principles and measures of the whig and Democratic parties. Availing themselves of this suggestion, the Democratic District Committee, immediately after the nomination of Mr Boutwell, have invited Mr Abbott, through the Chairman of the Whig District Committee to meet Mr Boutwell in a canvass of the district. Mr Boutwell consents to the proposition, and we hope Mr Abbott will; and having faith in the correctnese of our principles and measures we do look for much advantage from such a discussion, and have strong hopes that Mr Boutwell's election will be the result. The great obstacle to Democratic success is a want of the means of bringing Democratic truth to the knowledge of the people. The whigs don't usually take Democratic papers, and as the whig papers refuse to diecess political subjects with the Democratic papers, there is no means of reaching the whig party but by introducing the stump system.

To speak of Mr Boutwell as a man, and his particular fitness to represent District No. 3, we particularly intended this article. As a self-made man, with, among and of the people, in sympathy, feeling and interest, he is worthy of confidence and support, For two years Mr Boutwell was the leading member of the Democratic party in the House of Representatives.—He there shew himself to be a very strong debater, and ready and fully able to cope with the strongest men in the State. His report against reising the salaries of the Justices of the Supreme Court, and showing the constitutionality of their redaction, was unanswerable, and has never yet been refuted in a single point.

On Mr Boutwell's private or public character, no blemish rests, nor has even whig slander ever dared impute to him a dishonorable act.

Of his ability, it is generally conceded among all parties, that he is one of the strong men of the State—a clear, logical reasoner—handsome, methodical, easy speaker—just the man to creditably represent District No. 3—to give her the position she held in point of talent, when represented by Caleb Cushing.

Of Mr Boutwell's sterling Democracy, it is unnecessary to speak, nor will we dwell upon his high standing in private and public life, nor of his character as a man of firmness, candor, decision and integrity; nor will we say more of his unquestioned talents; the people will become better informed on all these points, during the discussion with Mr Abbott, should it take place, (and we see no reason why it should not) than it would be possible for them to be from anything we could say.

THE CITY GUARD'S LEVEE, Tuesday evening, was a very pleasant affair. The ladies brilliant, the gentlemen pleased, the music excellent, and the *Arrangements* got up in the best manner by Mr A. B. French.

☞ The large barn upon the Mount Rural estate, High street, Newburyport, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night last.

☞ We are happy to transfer to our columns the following from the Salem Advertiser. We know Mr DIKE, and know the Advertiser says nothing beyond the strictest fact, when it says he is a Democrat in whom unlimited confidence may be placed, and will never be swayed from the true principles of Jeffersonian Democracy, by any appliances whatever. We congratulate the democracy of District No. 2 on their choice of such a candidate:

"GEORGE W. DIKE. Mr Dike is well known in his section of the District, as a true and sterling Democrat, and will be received by the party with unanimous approval. The nomination of Mr Dike is emphatically an excellent and unexceptionable one. We can go into the contest with a true man, a stable and unflinching Democrat, and this is precisely the man the Democratic party need. If the party are now true to their principles, and exert themselves with that energy which is required, Mr Dike may be elected.—They have in Mr Dike a Democrat in whom unlimited confidence may be placed, and who will never be swayed by the influences which may be directed to commit him to favor any opinions or principles which are not of the true Jeffersonian stamp."

SUICIDE OF MRS. MYERS. This miserable victim of human frailty, says the New York Sun, committee suicide on Friday last, at her father's residence, by swallowing laudanum, thus dropping the curtain on those scenes of woe which necessarily followed her career of guilt and shame. It has been a most distressing case throughout. She appeares to have married Col. Myers without possessing the least affection for him, and in her unallowed passion for the gay and seductive Hoyt, who was what is usually termed a "fancy man," she lost her sense of propriety. She implored him to elope with her, and in wielding the blandishments of a handsome and accomplished woman, she displayed a character which the heartless paramour easily inflamed by reciprocating her views of a permanent connexion, although at the time it seems he had others on his hands.

FROM SANTA FE. A party of traders arrived at Independence on the 3d inst., with fifteen days later intelligence from Santa Fe, having left on the 9th of September. They bring the following reports:

It was correctly reported when the company left, that five thousand men, the flower of the Mexican force, were on their way up from below and near Chihuahua to meet and attack Gen. Kearney, and that it was the General's determination to leave a sufficient number under the command of Col. Doniphan, of Clay, and take the remainder below, if possible to meet Gen. Wool's division of our army.

The report still farther is, that Gen. Paredes was on his way to Chihuahua, with fifteen thousand men, to attack Gen Wool. If this be true, and it seems that credence was given to the report at Santa Fe, from letters received from below, our Western force will have something to do this winter.

Our army at Santa Fe were garrisoning the post rapidly, and a flag staff of pine, two hundred feet high, was in course of erection to receive the stars and stripes that float so proudly over our land.

General Kearney had his head quarters at the Governor's castle, and had given ona or two splendid fandangoes.

We hope our readers will give the Democratic State Address, written by Mr Bolles, a careful perusal. It It is the best exposition of the principles and measures of the parties of the dey, we heve had the plensure of reading for a long time. We regret we could not publish it entire in one number of our weekly, as it could [illegible] it is divided into distinct subjects, under appropriate heads, it is of no great consequence. We heve now published about three querters of it.

☞ We heve satisfied the juvenile of the Courier as to the meaning of the expression of "the rule of man es man," but he now finds fault with our verboseness in heating it into his stupid head. He must remember we were writing for *his* understanding, not for persons who didn't need a "glossary" before they could comprehend what every person who knows anything of the history of government could but understand.

☞ To-day we publish Gen. Taylor'e despatches which we heve been obliged to delay on account of the crowded state of our columns. We omit one letter from Gen. Taylor, detailing the proposals for the armistice, and the letters from Ampudia proposing the armistice and the conditions upon which he desired it. Gen. Taylor's reply to Ampadia shows what his proposals were.

☞ The Mechanic Phalanx give a series of Cotillon parties, at Mechanics' Hall, commencing Thursday, Oct. 29. These parties were very pleasant last year, and we doubt not will be this. It costs about the same to attend the whole course as the usual price of a single ball ticket. The Company will accept our thanks for their polite consideration.

☞ The next public meeting of the friends of the proposed Boston and Woonsocket Railroad, will take pleco at Newton, Upper Falls, on Tuesday, the 27th of October, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Delegates from the various towns in this State, interested in the great Central Boston and New York Railroad, are invited to be present.

WHIG AND ANTI-RENT UNION. We stated that the whigs and anti-renters of N.Y. had amalgamated by uniting on John Young for Governor. The Courier answered that the Democrats and anti-renters had amalgameted by both nominating Addison Gardner, for Lt. Governor. We are happy to inform the Courier thet Mr Gardner declines being a candidate of the anti-rent party.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION. The whigs claim their momentary victory in Pennsylvania as a trimmph of the protective doctrine. The fact is, the only representative from that State, who voted for the tariff of '46, Daniel Wilmot, has been re-elected, while several of his colleagues who voted against it have been defeated.

BOSTON WAKING UP. The Post says, the democratic meeting in the hall over the Democratic Reading Room, last evening, was well attended; Mr Wright delivered an address, and the audience evinced an encouraging degree of zeal in the cause. The object of these meetings is excellent, and we hope they will be followed up in an enthusiastic spirit.

☞ "The body of a female was found floating down the Ohio, at Cincinnati, last week, Tuesday, and was recovered and brought to shore. She was dressed in men's clothes, and 15 cents and a pack of cards were found in her pocket."

☞ Nathan Clifford, of Maine, was on Saturday, sworn in as Attorney General of the United States, at Washington, and attended a cabinet meeting.

Gen. Taylor's Despatches.

HEADQUARTERS 2D DIST OF OCCUPATION,
CAMP BEFORE MONTEREY, SEPTEMBER, 22 1846.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the troops under my command including the mounted volunteers from Texas, marched from Marin on the 18th, and encamped before Monterey on the 19th inst. It was immediately discovered that the enemy occupied the town in force, and had added greatly to its strength by fortifying the approaches and commanding heights. A close reconnoissance was made the same evening by the officers of the engineers and typographical engineers on both flanks of the town, and it was determined from the information procured, to occupy the Saltillo road in rear of the town, carrying, if practicable, the several fortified eminences in that direction. The 2d division of regular troops and a portion of Col. Hay's regiment of mounted volunteers was accordingly detached under Brig. Gen. Worth on this service, at noon on the 20th. A ten-inch mortar and two 23-ponnder howitzers were placed in battery during the night to play upon the citadel and the town. At 7 o'clock these guns opened and continued a deliberate fire which was returned. To create a still farther diversion in favor of Gen. Worth's movement, the remeinder of the force, except a camp guard, was displayed around the centre and left of the town. The infantry and one battery of the first division made a strong demonstration on the left, and soon became so closely engaged that I moved forward the volunteer division under Major General Butler to its support, leaving one battallion (1st Kentucky) to cover the mortar battery. A close contest then ensued, which resulted in the capture of one strong battery of four guns which with some adjacent defences our troops now occupy. A garrison was left to hold this position, and the remainder of the force returned to camp.

In the mean time General Worth had engaged the enemy early in the morning, and defeated him with the batteries in rear of the town were carried by storming parties of the 2d division, and a third was carried this morning at dawn of day. The Bishop's Palace occupied the only remaining height in rear of the town, and is completely commanded by the works already carried. Gen Worth's division occupies the Saltillo road, and cuts off all succor from the interior. I must reserve a more minute report of the important operations of yesterday until those of the different commanders are rendered, and also until a topographical sketch of the country can be prepared.

I regret to report thet our successes have not been obtained without severe loss, to be attributed in good measure to the ardor of the troops in pressing forward. No returns of killed and wounded have yet been received nor is it known what corpse of Gen. Worth's division have suffered most. In the other portion of the army of 1st, 3d, and 4th regiments and regiment of Tennessee volunteers have sustained the greatest loss.

I need hardly add, that the conduct of our troops, both regulars and volunteers, throughout the operations has been everything that could be desired. The part which each corps contributed to the successes of the day will appear more fully in future reports. To Major Generals Butler and Henderson, and Brigadier Generals Twiggs and Worth, commanding divisions, I must express my obligations for the efficient support which they have rendered—particularly so to Brigadier General Worth, whose services, from his detached position have been most conspicuous.

[Signed Z. TAYLOR]

SEPT. 23, 1846.

SIR: I have the gratification to report that the Bishop's Palace was gallantly carried yesterday by the troops of the 5d division. In the course of the night the batteries below the town were, with one exception, abandoned by the enemy, and this morning were occupied by our troops. To-day the 3d infantry, with the field artillery of the 1st division, the Mississippi and Tennessee regiment, and the 1d regiment of Texas riflemen, (dismounted,) have been warmly engaged with the enemy in the town, and have driven him with considerable loss to the plaza and its vicinity, which is yet strongly occupied. A portion of the 2d division has also advanced into the town on the right, and holds a position there. The enemy still maintains himself in the plaza and citadel, and seems determined to make a stubborn resistance.

I am particularly gratified to report that our successes of yesterday and to-day, though disastrous to the enemy, have been achieved without material loss.

I cannot speak in two high terms of the gallantry and perseverence of our troops throughout the ardous operations of the last three days.

[Signed Z. TAYLOR.

Camp before Monterey, Sept. 24, 1846.
7 o'clock A. M.

Sir: Your communication, bearing date at nine o'clock, P. M., on the 23d inst., has just been received by the hands of Col. Moreno

In answer to your proposition to evacuate the city and fort with all the personel and materiel of war, I have to state that my duty compels me to decline acceding to it. A complete surrender of the town and garrison, the latter as prisoners of war, is now demanded. But such surrender will be upon terms, and the gallent defence of the place, creditable, alike to the Mexican troops and nation, will prompt me to make those terms as liberal as possible. The garrison will be allowed, at your option, after laying down their arms to retire to the interior on condition of not serving again during the war, or until regularly exchanged. I need hardly say that the rights of non-combatants will be respected.

An answer to this communication is required by 12 o'clock. If you assent to an accommodation, an officer will be dispatched at once, under instructions to arrange the conditions.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
Z. TAYLOR,
SENOR D. PEDRO DE AMPUDIA,
General in Chief, Montary.

Terms of capitulation of the city of Monterey, the capital of Nuevo Leon, agreed upon by the undersigned commissioners, to wit; General Worth, of the United States army, General Henderson, of the Texan volunteers, and Colonel Davis, of the Mississippi riflemen, on the part of Major General Taylor, commander-in-chief of the United States forces, and General Raquene, and General Ortega, of the army of Mexico, and Senor Manael M. Llano, governor of Nuevo Leon, on the part of Senor General Don Pedro Ampudia, commanding-in-chief of the Mexican army of the north of Mexico.

Art. I As the legitimate result of the operations before this place, and the present position of the contending armies, it is agreed that the city, the fortifications, cannon, the munitions of war, and all other public property, with the undermentioned exceptions be surrendered to the commanding general of the United States forces, now at Monterey.

Art. II. That the Mexican forces be allowed to retain the following arms, to wit: the commissioned officers their side arms, the infantry their arms and accoutrimants, the cavalry their arms and accoutriments the artillery one field battery, not to exceed six pieces with twenty-one rounds of ammunition.

Art. III. That the Mexican armed forces retire within seven days from this date beyond the line formed by the pass of the Rinconada, the city of Linares, and San Fernando de Presa.

Art. IV. That the citadel of Monterey be evacuated by the Mexican, and occupied by the American forces, to-morrow morning, at ten o'clock.

Art. V. To avoid collisions, and for mutual convenience, that the troops of the United States will not occupy the city until the Mexican forces have withdrawn, except for hospital and storage purposes.

Art. VI. That the forces of the United States will not advance beyond the line specified in the 2d [3d] article before the expiration of eight weeks, or until the orders of the respective governments can be received.

Art. VII. That the public property to be delivered shall be turned over and received by officers appointed by the commanding generals of the two armies.

Art. VIII. That all doubts as to the meaning of any of the preceding articles shall be solved by an equitable construction, and on principles of liberality to the retiring army.

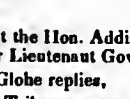
Art. IX. That the Mexican flag, when struck at the citadel, may be planted by its own battery.

Done at Monterey, Sept. 24, 1846.

W. J. WORTH,
Brigadier General, U. S. A.
J. PINKNEY HENDERSON,
Maj. Gen. Comdg. the Texas Volunteers.
JEFFERSON DAVIS,
Col. Mississippi Riflemen.
MANUEL M. LLANO.
T. REQUENA.
ORTEGA.

Approved;
PEDRO AMPUDIA.
Z. TAYLOR
Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Comdg.

Arrival of the Steamship Caledonia.



Fifteen days later from Europe.

The Caledonia arrived at Boston about 1-4 past 11 o'clock, Tuesday night, after a rather rough passage, bringing Liverpool dates to the 4th inst.

The steamship Great Britain was stranded near Dowapatrick, the day after she left Liverpool. At the last advices she had not been got off.

The market for all kinds of produce continued buoyant and at rapidly advancing prices.

In the Cotton market there had been large sales at firm prices.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, by order of the privy Council, had issued a form of prayer for relief from threatened famine.

The Continental news was unimportant.

The British Government had made a formal protest to the French Government, against the marriage of the Duke de Montpensier to the Infanta of Spain, to which an unsatisfactory reply had been returned.

Five of the pirates who have largely infested the Grecian isles, have been taken and sent to Syria for trial.

There has been another severe shock of an earthquake at Smyrna.

The cholera, by the letest accounts, was extending its raveges along the coast of the Red Sea, and was threatening Egypt with its ravages.

The disease among cattle has broken out afresh in Poland, to such an extent that the exportation of cattle has been prohibited.

The latest accounts from the Great Britain is in a letter dated Dundrum Bay, October 2, as follows:

The Great Britain remains in nearly the same state: She is taking a little more water. They have got the cargo out, and are now discharging the coal on the beach. There are two steam vessels here; should Monday be fine, they will try to take her off.

A TRIBUNE FABRICATION. The Tribune of yesterday says,

"*We hear* that the Hon. Addison Gardiner has declined running for Lieutenant Governor."

To which the Globe replies,

"No doubt the Tribune man would like to hear such news; but the Tribune will soon be called upon to record the triumphant election of this same Mr Gardiner of whom he has no doubt wilfully stated an untruth in making the above statement. Mr Gardiner has, as he undoubtedly should have done, declined being considered the candidate of the anti-rent faction. This fact only makes his success the more certain. What shall be the next falsehood of the fourierite editor?"

The Richmond Tragedy.

Whatever may be the dying declarations of Hoyt, no one, we think, can rise from the perusal of the correspondence between Hoyt and Mrs Myers, and doubt the guilt of those parties. That Mrs. M., disregarding all the obligations of virtue and womanhood, was at least an equal in guilt, cannot be doubted: but that Hoyt persisted in his intimacy, after the efforts of the father of Mrs. M., and his own solemn promise, adds to the enormity of *his* offence, and produced retributive punishment at the hands of an injured husband.—*Albany Argus.*

☞ "The Secretary of the Treasury has determined to issue Treasury notes for five millions of dollars, bearing 5 2-5 per cent interest instead of making a loan at 6 per cent. He has also decided that no Bank or broker shall any longer have the custody of Government money."

MR VANDENHOFF, in his lectare on Shakspeare, last evening, before the Institute, gave some passages from that great author better than we ever before heard them read.

☞ It is said the crop of Indian corn in the West for 1846, will be more than 500,000,000 of bushels. And that the crop of wheat will exceed 140,000,000 of bushels, which would produce equal to 28,000,000 barrels of flour.

☞ There is an excellent company at the Museum. We presume, however, that is no news, as most people have found it out by witnessing the performances.

☞ At the late battles at Monterey, the American loss is reported to have been 600 and the Mexican from 1200 to 1500.

☞ Washington letter writers assert that an attack on Tampico has just been determined on in the cabinet council.

HERR ALEXANDER'S remarkable performances continue to-night and tomorrow night only. See advertisement.

OHIO. Bebb, whig, has been elected Governor.—The whigs have also carried both branches of the legislature.

☞ The steamer Mutual Safety has been wrecked, without loss of life, off St. John's bar, on the Southern coast.

☞ The sheriff of Murray county, Georgia, who had been indicted for a rape on a little girl, shot himself in the temple on the morning of the day of his trial.

☞ Timothy G. Coffin, Esq. of New Bedford, was unanimously nominated by the democracy for representative to Congress from the tenth District.

☞ The receipts at the New York custom house for last week, are estimated at $250,000.

☞ The report of the suicide of Mrs Myers is contradicted.

☞ Snow was two inches deep in Maine, last Saturday night.

☞ S. G. Goodrich has gone to France to superintend the republication of his works there.

☞ Operations on the Artesian well, at East Boston have been suspended.

☞ Gold is imported to London from St. Petersburg at the rate of half a million of dollars monthly.

☞ Mr Hoyt, recently shot by Mr Myers at Richmond, is dead.

☞ The Hutchinson Family sing to-night.

FLORIDA. Cabell is elected by eighty majority.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The N. Y. Daily Advertiver says, a destructive fire commenced in Albany on Wednesday morning, in Mr McCoy's extensive furnace on Water street, which was consumed, together with Gibson's planing mills Treadwell's factory and Battell's machine shop.

OHIO ELECTION.—The Colombus State Journal (whig) of Saturday evening says it is a close run.—Appearances, however are in favor of a Whig majority in both branches.

The returns for members of the House do not look so favorable as they did yesterday when our slip was made up. We have lost the member in Portage by a few votes, the member in Darke and Shelby (it is said) by 9 votes, and it seems probable that we have also lost the member in Lorain, on account of a local question operating in one township.

Our returns from Stark are not complete, but we think there cannot be much doubt of the election of Mr. Griswold, Whig, to the Senate. If we lose him the Senate will be tied. The defeat of Mr Cox in Wayne we regret deeply.

If Stark is against us for the House, that branch will be tied, conceding the doubtful counties named above. This is giving the darkest shade to the picture.

UNION OF PURPOSE. Mr Abbott, the whig candidate for congress in this district, voted for the Mexican war. Mr King, the whig candidate for congress in the 2d district, voted against it, and in his letter accepting the nomination, says—" By no vote of their representatives have the people of this district been made partakers in the guilt and shame of a *villanous war*." Can the whigs of districts No. 2 and No. 3, act in unison with each other after this?—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

From the Sentinel and Reformer, Worcester, Mass. June, 1845.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

The beneficial effects of this remedial composition are astonishing to the world, and make it one of the most popular medicines now known. For Coughs, Colds, and Consumptive cases, its curative powers are established by numerous testimonials of the highest character. In the first stages of the disease, termed 'Catarrhal Consumption,' originating from neglected Colds, it has been used with undeviating success, and hundreds acknowledge they owe the restoration of their health to this invaluable medicine.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully reccommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st."

MARRIED.

Oct. 17, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Elias Burns and Miss Maria A Freach.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LAWELL, during the week ending Oct. 17, 1846.

Oct. 11th, David R, George, 12 years typhus fever; Caroline Hamilton, 16 yrs, typhus fever; Alfred K. Chase, 1 yr 5mos, drowned; Charles S. Marshall, 20 yrs, dysentery, Sasan Bird, 16 yrs, typhus fever; 13th Jane A. Clark, 2 yrs 7 mos,——; 16th, Cordelia Brown, 17 yrs, typhus fever; Amos Gale, 50 yrs, typhus fever; Serah E. Mosly, 20 yrs, consumption; 16th, Abigail Y. Perkins, 36 yrs, disease of the heart; Bridget McCormick, 23 yrs. consumption; Mary Fitzsimmons, 2 yrs, fever; 17th Frank M. Hoyt, 4 mos, cholera infantum; Melissa Scruton, 1 yr, typhoid fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sep't Burials.

In this City Oct 5th Mrs Hannah wife of Isaac L. Ham aged 54. Friends in N. H. please copy.

TWO DAYS LONGER.

HERR ALEXANDER,

WILL give two more Exhibitions (and the last) on Thursday and Friday Evenings Oct. 22nd and 23d, in the old *Free-Will Baptist Church.*

On which occasions he will present some of his most

WONDERFUL FEATS.

An entire change of performance once each night.

Tickets 25cents; Children under 12 years, 12½ cts, Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracut aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell.

JOHN A. KNOWLES,
Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.
A&Pif

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader, deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, Administrator.
Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK STS.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Colicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

RENEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Bucklos set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs; plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Tamblers; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britteania ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn &c. Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY

HAVING commenced their fall and winter Singing tour, will give a

Vocal Entertainment

(for one night only) at the *CITY HALL*, on *Thursday* evening Oct, 22 1846, *It* being their first appearance since their return from Europe,

Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, and March, and at Carlton & Co, Druggist's, at the Merrimack house and at the Concert Room, Concert to commence at 8, No postponement.

Lowell, Oct 15, 1846.

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redown, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

CITY OF LOWELL.——Resolution determining the number of Representatives.

Resolved by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Lowell in Convention assembled: That it is expedient to elect nine persons to represent the City of Lowell in the next General Court.

IN CONVENTION, October 8 1846.

Passed. JEFFERSON BANCROFT, Mayor.

A copy—Attest, THOS. ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. a3t

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, stove dealer; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent, for the proof of claims and his examination upon oath, will be held at the office of G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Esq., Master in Chancery, in Charlestown on FRIDAY, the 30th. day of October inst. at ten o'clock A. M.,

Lowell, Oct. 3 1846. SETH AMES,
Oct 13 a3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 13th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in said County, tin-plate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY the twenty-fourth day of October inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Adams and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct15u3tf

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 16 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SETH CHELLIS of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Chllis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the day twenty-eighth of October inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct17e3t

INSOLVENT NOTICE of WILLIAM SNELL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM SNELL of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, copartner, an insolvent debtor: all persons indebted to the said Insolvent, or having any of his goods or effects are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The 2d meeting of the creditors of said Snell will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell on Monday the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims and the insolvent will apply for his discharge.

Per order of said Master in Chancery.
oct17e3t A. R. BROWN, Assignee.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL, STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep1a4m. H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by

oct1 MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
No. 23 Central st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery with in and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the second day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

oct20a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

Ta ga up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing copp'ed packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

On Saturday—positively.

The superior fast sailing Packet Ship, MAGNOLIA *Gray*, master, is now loading, and will succeed the United States, sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf.—Steam always taken. Shippers will please send recipts, Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trudge on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 8 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich N. H. a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the first train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. ne3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P. M.
" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M.

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.
" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good barn and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historien and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Two Primary School Houses and Land belonging to the City of Lowell

On MONDAY, Oct. 26 at 2 P. M. on the premises, the Primary School House and about 400 feet of Land, situated on North street, near Lawrence street.

Same day at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, the Primary School House and about 2400 feet of Land situated on Fenwick street.

Sale Positive. Terms at Sale.

Assignees Sale of Houses and Land,

On FRIDAY next, Oct 23d, at 2 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, a Block of 6 Houses and 2 Stores, situated at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets, the same recently built by J. M. Smith. The above is very desirable property, being so situated as to command a ready rent. The whole Block and Land will be sold together, or in separate tenements as may be desired.

Directly after the above, on the premises, another Block of Houses on Dummer Street, near Lowell street built by said J. M. Smith. This is also a desirable estate, being divided into small tenements, which rent readily. Both blocks are now designated by the auctioneer's flag. By order of Charles Warren and T. P. Smith, Assignees.

On THURSDAY Oct 22nd at 2 o'clock P. M. on the Premises, a genteel Cottage and 3000 feet of Land, situated on Adams, 2d House from Suffolk street.—The House is new and well situated to command a ready rent. Sale Positive.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement is a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Buttdle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $60! Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrantie every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHE'S' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

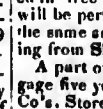
GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing an two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., P

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose world and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fates optimus pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to run daily suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in bonst, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indolgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in fieding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of umpirice who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. ulyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preporation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenzo, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Irbility, and all diseases of Throot, Breost and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS !☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the sido and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physicinn. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimark and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 20 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in every town in the United States. (may12) dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or one have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face underneck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK H. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 ndv&parly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, Issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nerve an diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted in resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restornation to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong as* any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Kane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yaApdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they may be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a general *prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing us they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine:

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant head ache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. u&pftmosepr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them; that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted as the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered yet which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 20, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 126 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, who believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 91 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury received several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Conesekie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Whitcomb and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

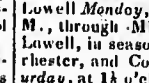
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42. Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in every many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pass tules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 24, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 126.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, except a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in *one* square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov15

LAW NOTICE.
B UTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL,
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&P tf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing an Houses.

N. B. Setting and repairing Stoves, Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs, jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep5 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc12

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....*LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jun21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janlatf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvment in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally, nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe—inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aPtoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical White Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plysov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Code, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwo&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Amount the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 78	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1489
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained of the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell:
FREDERICK PARKER,
decl8aTu&Srcwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Warn and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyspr4

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

But let us turn away from this most disgraceful form of false policy;—let us forget that our boasted freedom of thought and opinion has been so ignobly perverted and abused,—and revert once more to the examination of FEDERALISM AS IT EXISTS, AND HAS EXISTED, IN "THE OLD BAY STATE."

We have seen that the inalienable right of suffrage is subjected by our constitution and laws to taxation, and is refused to all who cannot pay this odious impost. We have seen how whig policy resisted the democratic effort to reduce this tax. And if we will but open our eyes we shall every year behold whig task masters and capitalists, taking cruel advantage of the pecuniary wants and dependent condition of citizens in their employment, and compelling them either to abandon their right of suffrage or to vote according to the dictation of their employers.

THE WHIGS OF MASSACHUSETTS INVADE THE FREEDOM OF THE BALLOT-BOX

That such is the fact cannot be honestly denied. And when in 1843 the democrats would have enacted a law to prohibit and punish this baseness, and to protect by secrecy of ballot the absolute independence of the voter, it was whig opposition that defeated this righteous measure, and thus furnished to the people the clearest demonstration that whig policy is federal policy—that the whig party is the party of power.

THEY DENIED, AND STILL DENY, THE FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE.

The people of Massachusetts, rejoicing as they now do in consciences comparitively free, ought never to forget that under federal influence for a long series of years, a particular creed was clothed with special authority, and allowed to tax, to prosecute and, to domineer over all other forms of faith. It was the preserving efforts of the party of the people, in vindication of the great Roger Williams doctrine of "soul liberty" that expunged at last from our Constitution, this tyranny of Church and State.

HARVARD COLLEGE:

Nor should we forget that something yet remains to be done to perfect this reform. Harvard University, the "child of the Commonwealth," created by her charter, endowed from her treasury and her lands, and intended to be the fountain of wholesome learning to the whole people, under the management and mismanagement of the dominant party, has been perverted into a nursery of sectarianism and of partisan politics. Its charges for instruction have become so burdensome, as to act like a tariff of prohibition upon the middling and poorer classes of citizens, thus making the college a seminary of rich men's sons; while its offices and honors have been so bestowed as to furnish a bounty on the favored religious and political creed.

This is one of the forms of intolerance yet permitted by our laws. The democratic administration of 1843 did something towards reforming this evil. The inquiries then instituted, and the popular feeling then excited have led to further improvement. The election of another democratic legislature and executive would consummate the reform, and restore the college to the Commonwealth, and absolute religious freedom to the people.

THEY "WASTE THE SUBSTANCE" OF THE PEOPLE.

In the prodigal administrations of the party of power we may discover new proof that the people are regarded by that party as commodities to be used for the profit and advantage of the few. Enormous salaries had been levied upon the community to such an extent that the democratic retrenchment act of 1843 reduced those salaries some $30,000 per year, and yet left every public servant sufficiently remunerated. This retrenchment act has fallen under successive whig attacks in '44, '45 and '46, until scarcely a vestige of it remains.

The creation of needless offices, indulgence in needless expenditures, and the prolongation of legislative sessions for the transaction of private instead of public, business, have so wasted our treasure and eaten out our substance, that an annual revenue of half a million has proved inadequate to sustain the government thus badly administered, and within three years the people have been subjected to a direct tax of $150,000.

In 1823, under Eustis, our public resources exceeded our expenditures. Our revenue has increased to half a million; extraordinary receipts to the amount of millions have been added to our revenues, and yet we now find our State under debts and liabilities of many millions, and paying every year some $60,000 interest upon borrowed money.

Facts like these, broad, startling, overwhelming, admit of but one explanation; and that is prodigality—a breach of trust on the part of the public servant that demands the interference of popular action and instant reform.

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION TO DIMINISH LEGISLATIVE POWER.

To apply a radical cure to this great evil, the democrats of 1843 recommended an amendment of our Constitution, limiting the power of the General Court in such manner that no public liability exceeding $500,000 could be created by legislative or executive improvidence or extravagance. That salutary measure encountered, as all democratic reforms must always encounter, the opposition of the party of power, and for that time was defeated. Our party is pledged to this reform, however, and we call on the people to help us redeem the pledge.

LONG SESSIONS.

Prolonged sessions of the Legislature, occasioned by the same misconduct, have helped to drain the public treasury. According to the doctrines of the democracy, the General Court should confine its cares and its expenditures to matters of general and public interest. Under the whig administrations of the last ten years, seven-ninths at least of all legislative time, thought, action and expense, have been devoted to special and private legislation—to the passage of idle political resolves not having the force of laws, and wholly inoperative;—to the enactment of private and personal acts; to the chartering of monopolies and perpetuities which are in their nature, abhorrent to republicanism, and in the mode of their creation, are an intolerable burden of expense; and, in their practical effect, are injurious to the interests of the people, both pecuniary and political; and, finally, to the endless applications of private petitioners, asking for special legislation upon matters that

ought to be,and might be,far more economically and far more wisely decided by the local authorities.

Of the vast multitude of legislative acts and resolves which have within ten years been allowed to encumber our statute book, how small a portion are of a public and general character.

Of the voluminous collection of these legislative acts, which have filled up within ten years about ten vols. and twenty-five hundred pages, —one single octavo of three hundred and fifty pages embraces every thing of public character and interest.

Of the 882 days of session consumed by our crowded General Court, it appears by a reasonable estimate that nearly 700 have been devoted to special and private matters; and only about 200 have been actually required for the public labor. This estimate excludes the time consumed upon the revision of our Statutes.

The cost of these Legislative sessions for ten years has been not less than $500,000. Had nothing but public duty been performed, at least $700,000 of this enormous outlay would have been saved to the people.

Is it not time for reform?

RAILROADS,—MONOPOLIES, ETC.

A large portion of the time and treasure thus wasted, has been consumed in considering the applications of railroad petitioners—listened to with long-lived patience, and rejected, at last by a most summary and capricious denial.

The whig party in the Legislature, true to its love of monopoly, having, in former years, created a few railroad corporations, every one of them local in character however long its road, and having involved the State to the amount of $6,000,000 or more, in their behalf,—has now resolved to turn a deaf ear to all other applicants; or rather to receive their petitions,—to listen to their statements,—to hear endless testimony and endless arguments,—and at last expel the applicants by the most contemptful refusal of all their requests,—and that, too, when these new petitioners ask no treasury patronage, but propose to construct their own roads at their own expense.

Will the people longer submit to this injustice? Having chartered the *old* roads and thus begun a course of legislative action, why do they now refuse to continue that action and charter the *new!* Why waste time in legislative inquiry,—when private judgment might, with far more safety, and with far less, indeed with no expense, be entrusted with the decision of this matter? Why not, by a general act, provide general regulations for all railroad corporations, and then leave Selectmen and County Commissioners to consider applications for such roads, precisely as town and county roads and ways are now considered and located? In this manner would legislation be confined to appropriate subjects,—the public time and money be saved, the odium of monopoly be removed, and the wants of the people be met with a steady uniform, economical and truly democratic attention and supply.

CORPORATIONS.

Indeed, upon the subject of corporations at large, it is proper here to remark that the federal policy is totally at variance with the democratic. We would make every stockholder liable to the full extent of his property for the corporate debts; and thus, at once, impose a salutary restraint upon the prevalent disposition to overtrade, and furnish, also,an adequate protection to the community against those losses from bankrupt corporations which are now so frequent and so fatal.

Individual responsibility seems, however, to be the special horror of the whigs.

We would confer no charter which puts either corporator or corporate property beyond legal reach and search, or beyond a direct and immediate responsibility to the common weal.

Our political adversaries, on the contrary, are fond of endless charters,—interminable perpetuities,—exemption from responsibility, and the opportunity of secreting property from the vigilance of the assessor; andthus enable capital to escape its just share of the public burden, while the farmer or land-holder, unable to hide his acres, must be doubly taxed. Hence, the federal opposition to that democratic act of 1843, which required clerks of corporations annually to notify town clerks of the amount of the stock held by citizens of their respective towns—an act that has brought to light millions of hitherto untaxed property.

Hence, also, the same opposition, (unfortunately successful,) to the democratic proposal to subject the capital stock of dividend paying railroad corporations,to a tax of one per cent.;—a tax that would have done something towards equalizing the taxation of personal and real estate, and which by adding at least $80,000 to our annual State revenue, would have averted the direct taxation of 1844 and 1845.

Our policy would lead to the enactment of a general law for the formation, regulation and termination, of all corporate bodies,—in such manner as to remove from all charters the features of monopoly and of perpetuity,—to prevent the mischief of special legislation,—to restrain the concentration of capital within safe limits, and to make corporate misconduct as certainly and severely punishable as individual offences.

Would not the people of this Commonwealth have occasion to rejoice in a charge like this?

Had this democratic policy prevailed for the last fifteen years, what crime what fraud, what bankruptcy, what ruin, what disgrace, what distress, would have been prevented! Had this policy prevailed from the beginning, how different must have been our course of legislation;—how independent of corporate dictation and control would be our General Court and our people at large;—how manhood and citizenship would have asserted their superiority over charters, over dividends, over all but that God in whose image we are created, and those laws which he has established for all the children of men.

LIBERTY: STATE RIGHTS: THE UNION.

The course of our remarks has brought conspicuously before your eyes the leading fundamental tenets of democracy—the inborn, heaven-granted freedom and equality of all men,in deny which is to destroy republicanism:-the limited nature and powers of all governments, and their derivation from the people as the fountain of authority; especially the narrow limits of the power of the national government, and the rigid construction applied to the national constitution —and the doctrine of State sovereignty, by which we claim for each particular state in the Union, the most absolute freedom from interference, control, or dictation, on the part of the sister States, and an exemption from national control on all matters not expressly ceded to the central power.

These are grand general principles,—never to be forgotten and never to be violated. They are indispensible alike to the perpetuity of that Union which we hallow as the ark of our national safety, glory and strength,—and to the enjoyment, of that popular freedom which is our most precious birth-right.

"Liberty and Union," "the freedom of the people within the States,—the freedom of the States within the Union"—these are our watch-words our war cry, our motto,—written upon the seal and the soul of every democrat.

The harmonious developement of these doctrines is the healthy life of democracy. The adoption of any one of these doctrines to the exclusion of the others, is democracy insane, the monomania of republicanism. Such was the mania of political *nullification*. Such is the insanity of political *abolition*.

[Conclusion in the next number.]

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 24, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAYFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FRUTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWOLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

Democratic State Central Committee.

The members of the Democratic State Central Committee are requested to meet at the Hall over 36 Washington street, Boston, on Thursday, Oct 29th, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The chairmen of the several county committees, who are members ex officio of this body, are specially requested to be present.

JOHN A. BOLLES, Chairman.

E. G. ROBINSON, Secretary pro tem.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser Office, Monday evening, Oct. 26. at 8 o'clock. Business of particular importance demands the attendance of the whole Committee.

Per order,
I. N. GOODHUE, Secretary.

The Mexican News.

The reports from the seat of war at this time present a state of things somewhat different from what might reasonably have been expected from former accounts. It was expected Gen. Taylor would march to Monterey and take the place, whether he met with opposition or not. This has been done; and so far no one is disappointed. But it was not expected that the Mexican forces would be *able* to give him so warm a reception, nor was it expected that Santa Anna would be disposed to take a very decided stand against our troops. But the recent battles, if we have got all the facts, dispel all hope of our obtaining any advantage from Santa Anna's return to Mexico. And it is very certain that Santa Anna returned to Mexico without the cognizance of our government, or he has held out inducements to our Government that he now thinks best to disregard. It must be one or the other, for our Government would never have consented to the admission of a man into Mexico of Santa Anna's ability and military skill, knowing that he would use all his power, and resources, and stratagem, against the success of our army. But to speculate is useless. When the curtain is drawn we shall see how matters stand. At present, the prospect is good for a continuance of the war till we lick them into submission and peace.—We can hope nothing from negotiation while affairs stand as they appear on the surface. If the Administration has had any *hope* of negotiating a peace, it has certainly shown its wisdom in continuing the policy of conquering one. Peace may be soon negotiated; but if it is, elements are at work that are not seen except by those who are behind these scenes,and which are greatly at variance with things recently brought to light.

☞ The Hutchinson Family give another Concert at the City Hall next Thursday evening. There were some disappointed the other evening of their concert, because some who had tickets could not procure seats. The tickets at the next will be limited and none sold at the door.

Tickets sold at their last concert will be received at their next. They requested us to say that they were very sorry that their arrangements had not been such as to have enabled them to have admitted only those who purchased tickets. Such will be the case next time.

☞ To-night ends in this city the wonderful and unaccountable performances of Herr Alexander. We advise all to give him a visit. He performs no miracles, but does what no one can account for.

FLOUR advanced after the promulgation of the Caledonia's news 75 cents the barrel, in the Boston market.

☞ There is no United States Senator to be elected in Pennsylvania by the next Legislature.

OHIO ELECTION. Case says, the Whigs have carried the State, but the Democrats Montgery!

☞ Rev. Owen Lovejoy, of Illinois, addresses the abolitionists to-night, at the City Hall.

☞ They do say Cigars are hereafter to be manufactured in Connecticut by machinery.

Parallel Columns.

We have a couple of paragraphs, both of which we believe to be from the pen of Fisher A. Hildreth, the editor of the Lowell Advertiser. At any rate they both appeared in his paper, and he is the acknowledged author of the document from which the first is extracted. The first was published in the Advertiser of Oct. 10th, and is from the address of the locofoco *County* Convention. The other was published in the same paper of Oct. 17th, and is one of the resolutions of the locofoco *District* Convention. They both treat of the subject of the Tariff, but in somewhat different style. The first argument appears to be intended for the Mechanics and manufacturers; the last for the farmers of the County. Accordingly the first class are told that they are going to get "what they consume" cheaper than heretofore, and the last class are tickled with the idea that their produce is going to sell for a great deal more money. Of course every body sees that one or the other of these arguments, or least, is absurd. But we will not detain our readers longer from this new specimen of Locofoco consistency.—Read and admire:

From the locofoco County Address. The new Tariff is certainly a Democratic measure, as it will simply reduce manufacturers' enormous profits of from 30 to 40 per cent. to something nearer the profits of other branches of industry, and leave the amount of the reduction in the pockets of the people where it justly belongs.—And the laborers of the country will be better rewarded from this change of the tariff, not only *because they pay less for what they consume*, but from the agricultural interest being improved, the demand for labor will be increased,and consequently the price must be.

Resolution of the Locofoco District Convention.

Resolved, That we denounce a wasteful and extravagant administration of the government—are desirous of confining the tariff within the necessary requisitions of the general government,and admit and claim such incidental protection in its details as shall encourage equally all departments of the productive industry of the country, including Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce, **without selecting particular and favorite** branches of industry and fostering them by bounties and prohibitions,and levying contributions upon the productive energies of all others. That the whig cry of "ruin," on the passage of the Tariff of 1846, is *met by the stubborn fact that Flour has advanced $1.00 per barrel, Corn a shilling and Wheat ten cents a bushel.*

Lowell Courier.

Fisher A. Hildreth did not write the Resolutions of the District Convention, though he is willing to endorse them. The extract from the County Address, and the resolution quoted, passed at the District Convention, are every word true. What is the statement in each? The Address says, *laborers will be better rewarded not only because they will pay less for what they consume, but from the agricultural interest being improved,the demand for labor will be increased, and consequently the price must be.*

Will they pay less for what they consume? Certainly. They will pay less for sugar, less for coal,less for cottons, less for woolens, less for iorn and iron materials and every protected article. True, as the Courier does not deny, agricultural produce will be higher; but at the same time, all the articles that have been highly protected, will be lower, and an impetus and impulse given to agricultural pursuits that will give a greater demand and reward for labor. The rise in agricultural productions is for the benefit of the laborer as well as the farmer, because his wages must rise in proportion, or every laborer who has a little means will go west, or somewhere else, and work for himself. Not so when the productions of the great iron, and coal, and cotton, and woollen, and sugar capitalists, are increased in price. These interests pay no more for their labor than they are obliged to, and they are obliged to pay, other things being equal, no more than the agriculturalists; and a laborer with small means, cannot go into these branches of business as he can to tilling the soil. And if the price of agricultural productions are kept down so that little can be made by farming, these capitalists, though they divide 40 and 50 per cent. on their capital, pay less to the laborer than they would be obliged to if the agricultural interest is prosperous. If protected capitalists can have a restricted commerce to keep agriculture cramped, and a protective tariff to make laborers and farmers pay them 50 per ct. on their capital, they can fleece labor at both ends—by paying less wages, and by compelling laborers to pay an oil articles they furnish them an exorbitant price. It is true laborers pay less on account of the new tariff, for what they consume, except for agricultural articles,for which they pay more, and will themselves get the advantage of the increased price by an increase in their wages, which, if withheld, will be taken, by the laborers farming for themselves.

"FROM GALVESTON AND THE ARMY.—*The Killed and Wounded.* The Neptune, from Galveston, which arrived at New Orleans on the 13th inst. brings some additional items from the Army. The loss of the Americans in killed and wounded was about 1500; a large number were taken prisoners by the Mexicans. The loss of the enemy is supposed to have been 2000!! Gen. Worth took SEVEN batteries, in which he lost 300 men!! The Texan Rangers fought furiously in the streets, sweeping every thing before them, until the Mexicans cried for quarters. It is said that Gen. Taylor, when the capitulation took place, had but five or six hundred rounds of ammunition left.—The rumor of another battle is not credited. The Mexicans evacuated Monterey in accordance with the terms of capitulation."

"DETERMINATION TO ATTACK VERA CRUZ. *The Gallant Lieut. Berryman.* The Savannah Georgian says that Lt. Berryman, the gallant officer who behaved so nobly at the loss of the Truxton, off Tuspan, passed through that city Wednesday last, as bearer of despatches from the squadron, at Vera Cruz, to the government, at Washington. That paper learns from a gentlemen who conversed with Lieut. Berryman on the cars, that it has been determined to attack Vera Cruz on the land side by an expedition from Tampico; that the hoisting of the stars and stripes in the city will be the sign for an attack by the squadron upon the castle of San Juan D'Ulloa. This is the only way in which the castle can be taken, and the obtaining possession of that point is deemed necessary to end the war."

☞ The Receiver General of Canada is authorized to issue debentures, redeemable, in 20 years, for the liquidating of the rebellion losses, in sums not less than £25 currency, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, payable yearly on the first of January.

THE GRAND JURY, after having found over *one hundred and forty indictments*,and over one *hundred* of them for violation of Liquor Laws,have risen. Who says that is not doing a smart business?

The Farewell of Washington.

The unity of government, which constitutes you one people, is also now dear to you. It is justly so; for it is a main pillar in the edifice of your real independence, the support of your tranquility at home, your peace abroad; of your safety; of your prosperity; of that very liberty which you so highly prize. But as it is easy to foresee that, from different causes and from different quarters, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth; as this is the point in your political fortress against which the batteries of internal and external enemies will be most constantly and actively (though often covertly and insidiously) directed, it is of infinite moment that you should properly estimate the immense value of your national Union to your collective and individual happiness; that you should cherish a cordial, habitual and immovable attachment to it, accustoming yourselves to speak of it as the palladium of your political safety and prosperity; watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety; *discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can in any event be abandoned; and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of an attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest,or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts.*

ELECTION RETURNS.

The whigs crow lustily because they have not lost Ohio. The Ohio Election results, it is said, in a tie in the Senate. The whigs have a majority of ten in the House of Representatives. For Congress there are ten whigs, ten democrats, and one Independent charter man, who is a democrat. The Democrats have gained in the Senate, gained in the House, and reduced the whig majority for Governor two thousand below what it was for Clay. Such is the brilliancy of the whig victory.

ALABAMA. Beman, whig, is probably elected to Congress against Cottrell, democrat.

FLORIDA. The fifteen counties heard from show Kain, Democrat, to be ahead of Cabell, whig.

The Advertiser, some time ago, proposed to discuss a few such trumpery questions as the pedlar law, and we replied that we had more important matters on hand, and we preferred to discuss the great national questions before the people.—*Courier.*

We did not propose to discuss any particular question relating to our state affairs, but state affairs generally, giving the Courier a chance to select the subjects,which we are ready to do,and care not whether the editor selects the "pedlar law" or any other "trumpery" question that the whigs have spent the peoples time and money in acting upon for the last three years, or for the last twenty.

We have never before learned that the Courier desired to discuss national questions, we shall be happy to have him state his subject and lead off, we will follow and upon the conditions which we offered him to discuss state questions, or upon almost any others he may propose.

☞ The thanks of the democracy of New Hampshire are due to Hon. Isaac H. Wright and Hon. Benj. F. Hallett, for the powerful and eloquent speeches delivered by those gentlemen at the Democratic Mass Convention on the 15th inst. For more than one hour each of those gentlemen held the vast assemblage of persons there gathered, in breathless attention. "The words flowed from their tips as the water issues from the bountiful fountain," and they were words fitly spoken, such as appeal directly to the judgment of the hearer. Never have we heard political speeches which seemed to make a more thorough and abiding impression. The theme upon which the speakers dwelt, was the importance and value of the Union, and the duty of the democracy at the present crisis, when treasonable sentiments are uttered in high places, and when a party exists whose avowed object is is to dissolve that Union, to rally in its support. To the sentiments uttered there was a hearty response. The arguments of the speakers were most pungent and unanswerable, and the strong minded and intelligent farmers and mechanics who heard them, will not soon forget the great and important truths which they enforced. The freemen of New Hampshire will go into the contest with renewed vigor, cheered on by the words of encouragement and hope, and inspired by the eloquence of these champions of democracy. Their motto is, "THE UNION, IT MUST BE PRESERVED." Under this motto they march to victory.—*New Hampshire Patriot.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21. The original plan of operations in Mexico has been lately modified. The plan at first adopted would have divided and weakened our forces. That plan was probably agreed upon at a time when it was supposed that the Mexicans would make no show of opposition to the invasion. It has since been urged upon the Executive to concentrate all the forces upon one object, and it is asserted to-day that these necessary changes have been made in the original plan.

It now appears that Gen. Wool is to join Gen. Taylor at Saltillo, having by way of Cahuhuila, and leaving a garrison there; and that Gen. Kearney is to march to the same point by way of Chihauhua—a fearfully long march.

General Patterson, with a large force,is to be transported to Tampico, and means of transportation have already been prepared. His force will, if found necessary, be ordered to unite with Taylor's at San Luis Potosi; and, if not, may be employed in a contemplated attack on Vera Cruz.

After allowing for all the troops left at Tampico,Saltillo, Monterey, Chihuahua, Santa Fe,&c.,Gen Taylor will thus be enabled to meet Santa Anna at San Luis with a force of seventeen thousand men. *Carr. N. Y. Jour. of Com.*

From the Pennsylvanian.

The best friends must sometimes part; and we bid Pennsylvania farewell for a little while with deep regret. We had supposed that, after having drunk so deeply of the bitter cup prepared to her by the whigs, she would avoid a new union, even if a brief one, with the same party. That she will return to the fold from which she has strayed,no one can doubt. Whenever has the good old Keystone State sustained two successive defeats? We forewarn the whigs to use their expected triumph wisely—they cannot enjoy it long. Already has the weak head of that party become intoxicated by this unaccustomed draught of victory; and already it begins to show that it is destined to an early downfall. From this hour, the democratic party will begin the organization that is to win back Pennsylvania to its standard. As in the days of yore,when the monster bank reared its head and prostrated the democratic party in this state, our rallying cry will be, "Pennsylvania must be redeemed!" and under its cheering sound we will easily rescue our good old commonwealth from whig influence.

☞ The old federal party opposed the purchase of Louisiana by Jefferson—the modern whig party opposed the annexation of Texas.—The true secret of the thing is, the whig or federal party has always been alarmed at the extension of the Republican government, and have sought to limit democratic government to the smallest possible compass. The Democracy on the other hand, have rejoiced at every extension of the area of Freedom—and they have been the fast friends of Louisiana, Texas and Oregon.—*Franklin Democrat.*

MRS. MYERS has not committed suicide.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM A PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRAT.—"The Democratic party has polled the smallest vote at this election ever recollected, and although it is probable that the whigs may have carried the canal commissioners, a majority of both houses of the Legislature and of the Congressional ticket, their vote has been considerably below the strength they exerted at the last Presidential election. There can be no doubt that the tariff of 1846 has alarmed the labouring portion of our population, who apprehensive that the furnaces would be no longer in blast, and the coal mines deserted, have remained at home and allowed the election to go by default.—The impression also prevailed that if the election was lost, Congress at its next session would increase the duty on foreign coal and iron, but it will be impossible to make any modification of that part of the tariff.

It must be remembered that great annual changes take place in the Pennsylvania elections. In 1820 the whigs elected General Heister, Governor; but at the next election Shultze, the Democratic candidate succeeded by 25,000 majority. In 1835, Ritner was the whig governor, and they carried the whole state. In 1836, the Democrats swept the state. In 1838, after a sharp fight, Porter the Democratic candidate was elected by 7000 majority, and in 1840, Harrison carried the whole state. In 1841, Porter again swept the state by 23,000. In 1844, the Democrats were nearly defeated, and in 1845 carried the canal commissioners, by 39,000, and in 1846 are almost entirely routed. Next year, I presume, there will be 20,000 Democratic majority again. These fluctuations show the insecurity of party power in this state. Private interests and popular questions generally control the ballot. The election day, I ought to mention, was remarkable for a violent storm, which kept many from the polls."

☞ The Worcester Pallodium, in commenting upon some liquor cases being tried in that town, says:—

"There are various considerations that crowd upon the mind in connection with these trials. No one can be in court during the progress of one of them, without experiencing a deep sensation of regret, that their inevitable tendency is to the prostration of that strong sentiment of regard for courts of justice, which the people have ever been accustomed to cherish. Something must be done to change that tendency of public sentiment, and avert so terrible a catastrophe. There is something wrong somewhere. Where is it, and what is it, should become a great public question; especially for the consideration of the legislature as the representative of the people."

NAUVOO. The Mormons had all left the city, at the latest dates, except a few who are too sick to be removed. The Anties remain, and it is said that under their authority, great outrages are committed against the new citizens; that all law is abrogated, and every thing there is under control of an organized mob. This state of things has been represented to the Governor, who has just sent abroad his proclamation. —*Transcript.*

☞ Toast at the Forrest dinner in New York,—

"American actors at Montery—perfect in their parts —pointed in their speech—furious in their passions—they perform with the utmost eclat, and fairly took the house by storm."

Mr Forrest is to succeed the Keans at the Boston Theatre.

SCANDALOUS OUTRAGE. An exchange paper says that "the members in the Ohio State Senate *are tied!*" This surely must be a mistake. We have always understood that politicians out West, were, just about election time, "sorter wolfish," but do not believe that it ever become necessary *to tie an entire senate!* Pray explain.—*N. Y. Globe.*

☞ Six hundred recruits for the regular service are on Governor's Island, New York, and will be formed into a battallion, officered by officers who were in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma,and probably sail in a week on board steamship Massachusetts for Point Isabel.—*Post.*

☞ A letter from Brazos, dated Oct. 4, announces the safe arrival there of the brig Union, Capt. E. Hooper, and the brig Sultana. The latter took the two companies from Fort McHenry, under the command of Capt. Mason and Lieut McLane.—*Baltimore Pat.*

FINE COTTON. A shipment of 1702 bales of cotton was made at Memphis, for New Orleans, said to be the finest sample ever sent from that place, being of the first pickings—clean, silky, of fine staple, and very rich color.

☞ The Mexicans, it is said, catch a runaway soldier by throwing a lasso.—*Exchange paper.*

Very similar to the manner in which old bachelors are taken. They are caught with a *lass, oh!*

Lynn News.

☞ A new coal mine has just been discovered at Valley Falls, R. I. The vein is four feet thick, and only 15 feet from the surface of the earth. Mining operations will commence early next week.—*Post.*

☞ You can know that a girl is not yet a woman if she puts her hand over her mouth when she laughs. It is the most tenacious sign of girlhood.—*Providence Journal,*

☞ The whigs are making a great ado about temperance at this time, especially in Boston, so as to catch the temperance votes. After election and before are two different things.—*Post.*

☞ We learn that the railroad bridge, over the Connecticut river, between Springfield and Hartford, was blown from its piers, during the gale on Tuesday evening.—*Northampton Democrat.*

☞ Col. Webb, we understand, returned from Washington recently, without having obtained the appointment of Brigadier General of New York Volunteers, for which he was an applicant.—*Times.*

☞ Col. Webb, we learn from the Tribune, is a prominent candidate for the post of Brigadier General of the New York Brigade of Volunteers, about to be ordered into service.

NOTHING ELSE. *Question.* Is Mr Polk, as Mr Ritchie says, the "great father of the red man?"

Answer. He aint the father of nothing *else.*—*Southern Standard.*

☞ "When we reflect that every mother has children of surprising genius, it is a matter of serious inquiry where all the ordinary men come from who cross our path in every day life.

☞ The New England Iron Company, at Providence, are making twenty tons of first rate railroad iron daily.

☞ A correspondent of the Washington Union writing the election news from Penn., says, "we have met the enemy and we are theirs."

☞ The Rev. Warren Burton, of Boston, (the city missionary) will speak on Temperance at the City Hall tomorrow evening at 6 o,clock.

☞ The steamer Neptune, for whose safety great fears were entertained, has arrived safe at New Orleans.

☞ Henri Herz, the celebrated pianist and composer, came out in the Caledonia.

☞ Punch says: "To resuscitate a drowned Yankee—search his pockets."

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843.

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

MARRIED,

In Chelmsford Oct. 22, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr. James P. Appleton of Fitchburg and Miss Hannah N. Daughter of Dr. Tonchaker of Chelmsford.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY, 29 Cornhill, or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

FAREWELL ENTERTAINMENT,

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST APPEARANCE OF

HERR ALEXANDER

in this city.

THIS evening, Saturday Oct. 24th, when will be presented some of his WONDERFUL FEATS, among which, the curious experiment of the Magical Vase of Gold Fish, and the celebrated Bonnet Trick.

Tickets 25 cents; Children under 12 years, 12 1-2 cents. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

LOST from the office of the subscribers a file of Notes accounts and Executions. Said papers comprised a small bundle, with a Paste-board band round them, marked "C. C. Pleas, files for suit." Whoever will return said Papers shall be suitably rewarded,

BROWN & ALGER.

Lowell, Oct. 24, 1846. ulw

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

First Vessel.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.



The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, Koch, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or sterage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 4846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

A lawtu2lst.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 16 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of SETH CHELLIS of Dracutt, in said County, yeoman, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Chllis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on WEDNESDAY, the day twenty-eighth of October inst., at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

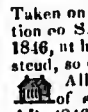
JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

oct17a3t

WEST INDIA GOODS.—*NEW STORE.*

FRANCIS S. CUTLER would say to his friends and the public, that he has opened an extensive establishment of every variety of W. I. Goods, at No 5 Savings Bank Building, Shattuck Street, where he will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with a call. *Country produce bought and sold.*

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846. Put



CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on Thursday, the 13th inst., a bright Bay Horse, about 10 years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take him away.

D. & N. MORRISON,
Curtis street, Chapel Hill.

Lowell, Aug. 14th, 1846. aug15a&p1f.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich BAREGE LAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

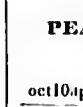
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.



A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracut aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown, wherefor your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County,—on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

TO CHESS PLAYERS AND MATHEMATICIANS. "Do you yet play at Chess? If not, I recommend you to get a board and the pieces immediately—study it yourself and teach it to everybody you know. I know of nothing as a rational and delightful domestic recreation so excellent as Chess—nothing that calls into exercise so many useful qualities. It is a priceless invention, and to play it well is to possess a most desirable mental accomplishment."—FRANKLIN.

Just Published by Taylor & Co., Astor House, No 1 of "*The Chess Palodium and Mathematical Sphinx;*" a Monthly Magazine devoted to the cause of the delightful, profound, and intellectual science of Chess. Comprising fine specimens of American play, brilliant games of all openings by the eminent Masters, a choice collection of Original and Selected *Problems*, by the celebrated Problem Inventor and Amatures of both hemispheres, &c., together with a Mathematical Department, stored with a rare collection of curious, Difficult, and entertaining Problems, many in verse, Arithmetical and Mathematical. oct17

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redown, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

TO CARPENTERS AND JOB-TAKERS.—THE subscriber, one of the committee chosen by the members of the first Methodist Society, in Dracutt, to build a house of Public Worship, would give notice that they will receive proposals for building and finishing said house (all above the underpinning) from this date to the 14th of November next.

The house is to be 44 by 36 ft., 19 feet posts and to contain 50 pews. For more particulars, reference may be had to the Rev. Mr Dunbum's Meeting House, in Pelham, N. H., which is to be a pattern.

The contractor can have till the first of June 1847, to complete the house. BENJA. STEVENS.

October 20th, 1846. o23r3t.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

TWILLED GERMAN CLOTHS this day received by L. D. BOISE, No. 34 Central st.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a plunging top, so arranged that the caste boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept4a4m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the second day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

oct20a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. s10

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.



FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED



From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich N. H. a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

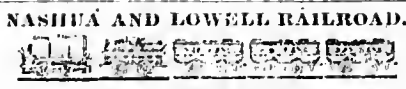
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALRO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charge paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellowe Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M. and 2½ and 5 P. M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 203 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y*

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company. a&Plf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Two Primary School Houses and Land belonging to the City of Lowell

On MONDAY, Oct. 26 at 2 P. M. on the premises, the Primary School House and about 400 feet of Land, situated on North street, near Lawrence street

Same day at 3 o'clock P. M. on the premises, the Primary School House and about 2400 feet of Land situated on Fenwick street.

Sale Positive. Terms at Sale.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be preferred. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dwelling House on Chestnut Street.

On SATURDAY Oct. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a fine Dwelling House with 7 neatly furnished and conveniently arranged Rooms, nearly new, with lot of 560 feet of land pleasantly situated on the Lowell side of Chestnut street near High street.

A perfect title will be given and terms made easy. Sale position; the owner being about to leave the city. The House may be examined on application to the Auctioneer, 4 days previous to sale.

On TUESDAY next Oct. 27 at 10 and 2 o'clock Great Sale of Broadcloths, Cassimeres Satinetts, Tweeds, Doeskins Flannels, &c.

Also—An invoice of Ready made Clothing, Flannel Drawers, under-shirts, &c. &c.

For particulars see catalogue.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

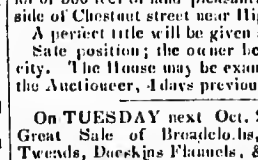
At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Pinoo Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts: each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do.

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

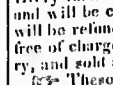
A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent

to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. a1m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not; or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfoan17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

A. FROST & CO.

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, situated on Lawrence street near Moore Falls. About 5000 feet of land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

A3m

aug6

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every indigement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched to boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perey Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lees, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Mansey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may11s] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossissing, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla taken a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, Jr., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

n&p6monsapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jul1 A6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. ad&lyjan20

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governur Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of incurable ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and drived it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1844.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsey and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Joundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dawping of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

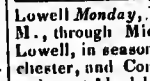
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1ewn&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those effected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmenship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or hore cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 27, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 127.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 5 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jun8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. If
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
up12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 82, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Atly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jnu1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adely*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston; General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nuv4 Aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD,
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *for the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz* :—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and in them superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comments on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J. March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, not with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstance of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural size, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gelusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shew, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparille and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Pile, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning before or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by O. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&eartoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN

RAT EXTIRMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner. a&plynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experience in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Goult; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN-FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Amount the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$088 75	$500 24	$80 01	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 52	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1340	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also rules of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMOND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sreowly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses; at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1yspr4

POETRY.

From the Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

AUTUMN SUNLIGHT.

BY ADELIZA PERRY.

There's sunlight on the valley streams,
Sunlight on the moor,—
Sunlight, golden sunlight beams,
The goodly country o'er.
And yet, it falls unwelcomed by
Life, thrift, or cheerful sound;
Theres not a swallow in the sky,
Or flouret on the ground:
Our very fields have lost their green,
Our garden buds their bloom,
And woods and groves are frowning in
Almost funeral gloom.
Yet lovingly e'er all it plays,
Like sunlight of long summer days.

How dear a blessing!—yet, how grave
A monitor it seems!
We almost deem God's angels have
A place where'er it gleams.
To me, 'tis even in my path,
A messenger endowed
With speech and mission, sweet, as hath
The "bow upon the cloud."
And when proud forest garlands die,
And, marred by blight and rust,
Our very garden treasures lie
Neglected in the dust.
Oh, it is good to look upon
The glory of an autumn sun!

ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

POLITICAL ABOLITIONISM.

[Concluded.]

Abolitionism,—the political party organized under that name,—professing a devout reverence for the inborn freedom and equality of man,—denies the value of the Union, and tramples State Sovereignty under foot. It would ransom the African slave from bondage at the price of national disunion and the subversion, discord, and eternal strife of the States.

A healthful democratic mind cannot,—in the exercise of its "sober second thought" cannot so far forget the harmony of duty, as to adopt this fanaticism of political abolition. It may regard slavery anywhere and everywhere, as a great evil, a direct practical denial of the essential truths of democracy. It may deplore the misfortune, the misconduct, or the incensistency of every sister State where slavery exists. It may assert and maintain to the utmost, the right of discussing this subject, and all others that can interest the heart of humanity. It may lament that Congress has no power to purchase the freedom of every slave, and proclaim a universal emancipation. But it will not, the less, remember that the power of Congress is limited within narrow and well defined boundaries:—that in construeing these powers, the rigid rule of construction must not be forgotten, that within their own jurisdiction, States are Sovereignties, and that democracy watches with eternal jealousy every act of usurpation or of interference with these sovereignties, whether done or attempted by the federal authorities, or by a sister State. Nor will it forget to love and cherish the Union as the palladium of our national welfare, and the richest political legacy that ever descended from one generation to another.

Not even the sacred name or cause of philanthophy, should blind our eyes to political truth and duty. And if we find in our midst a political party, acting under the banner of humanity, but organized for political purposes, threatening either to transgress the limits of the constitution or to trample that constitution under foot; straining the powers of the general government beyond their legitimate bounds,—disregarding the sacred rights of State sovereignty, and laughing to scorn the value of the Union, we should be faithless to duty, false to the memory and blood of our fathers, traitors to our country and to our posterity, did we not discountenance that party and resist its operations.

On some exciting occasions, multitudes of excellent men, carried, for awhile, away by their kindly impulses, may forget, and do forget, constitutional obligations, general principles of right and the effect of one evil precedent in the introduction of a course of government usurpation. Gratitude to public benefactors may lead to an unconstitutional grant of thousands of acres of the national domain. Sympathy with the bereaved family of a deceased public officer may lead to a like misapprobation of the national treasure. A great conflagration may occasion an act of special legislation in behalf of the sufferers, which has no warrant in any article of our Union. But the wise, consistent and clear headed friend of free government will regret such acts, as the first insidious advances of a central tyranny, a breaking up of ancient political landmarks, a proof that even the benevolent and kindly instincts and impulses of our minds, are to be watched with that vigilance, which, as has been so often said (and cannot be too often said,) is the price of liberty.

For these reasons the true lover of his country, and the thoughtful observer of events will find ample reason to distrust and discountenance organized Abolitionism.

As politicians the Abolitionists care nothing for our Union. Their leaders openly denounce it. Their whole association ridicule and despise it. "Let the Slave States go," say they; "we can get along without them."

But after their departure is it reasonable to suppose that "we" should continue ourselves united? When disunion commences, what assurance have "we" that it shall ever cease?—If one cause leads to our dismemberment, another cause will presently occasion another division;—and the seed of discord once sown, and suffered to bear fruit, will become, like the dragon's teeth of the Cadmian fable,—a harvest of armed men. Who that has read the bloody annals of the past, does not know that dismembered States are implacable and ferocious enemies?—that border wars and perpetual contests are the heritage of ruptured unions and broken leagues?—and that the scattered fragments of Republics once joined in harmonious strength and beauty, become the easy prey of the invader and are built up into a new and monstrous fabric of military despotism?

Let those who sentimentalize over the "National Disgrace" of Slavery, reflect upon the blacker infamy and deeper disgrace of a treasonable disunion, of bloody discord, of a slavery perpetuated and rendered eternal by their own headlong folly.

Such is our view of political Abolitionism. But while we deprecate the perversion of a benevolent association into a fierce political party

we discouetenance and despise that morbid and sickly fear of disunion which sometimes robs our private citizens and public officers of their manhood, so far that they dare not whisper an honest word or attempt a proper act, concerning Slavery, lest the Slave-holding States take offence. This base surrender of opinion, this cowardly apprehension of Southern discontent, is as offensive to the Southern Democrat as it ought to be to all; and let us recollect, as a fact pregnant with meaning, that it was a Virginia Democrat in the national Congress, who first stigmatized temporizing Northern politicians by the expressive epithet of "dough faces."

There is a medium between these opposite extremes of rashness and cowardice. That medium is to be found in the bold and honest, but courteous and friendly expression of opinion; in a manly adherence to all constitutional rights, as well our neighbor's as our own; in a calm but determined vindication of all constitutional remedies, and, finally, in a constant regard for each and all of the great doctrines of republicanism, not one of which can safely or wisely be forgotten or disobeyed, and all of which are essential to the democratic creed and character.

In his farewell address the great "FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY," with prophetic voice exhorted his fellow citizens to support and defend the Union with undying constancy and zeal.

The heroic Jackson, in like manner, held up to his countrymen as the palladium of their political safety, the preservation of the Union.

Citizens of Massachusetts, shall we hearken to these instructions, which fell from lips so sacred; or shall we give ear to the flippant and irreverent oratory of federal scoffers and abolition stripliegs and suffer the Union to be dissolved? Who can hesitate for a reply? The universal cry swells up at once from every patriotic heart and lip—"THE UNION—THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED!"

RECAPITULATION.

And now let us briefly re-survey the ground over which we have passed. We claim your confidence and support for the democratic cause and party, as the party and cause of truth, of freedom, of union, of State rights, of popular sovereignty, of restricted government authority, of rigid constitutional construction, of moderate taxation, of economical expenditures, of small salaries, free consciences, free suffrage, freedom and secrecy of ballot, general and equal laws; as a party jealous and watchful of power, of wealth, of executive and legislative usurpations; but full of trust and confidence in the great body of the people, revering the image of God on the face and in the soul of man, rather than the image and superscription of Cæsar upon the gold which man accumulates, and so often uses to the injury of himself and of his fellow-citizens.

We are arrayed against *the party of power, the party of prejudice*, and *the party of disunion;*—against those who fear the people and deny their sovereignty, and distrust their capacity, and restrict their rights, and fetter their consciences, and subject them to oppressive burdens, and waste their substance by extravagant expenditures, and insult them by partial and unequal laws; against those who claim undue power for the general government, and deny legitimate power to the several States and to the people,—and who in, their practice, if not by their precepts, declare and teach that the people at large are created for the special service, convenience, profit and advantage of the few.

And now, fellow citizens, it is for you to choose between us and our antagonists; between our doctrines and theirs.

To our brother democrats we appeal with unwavering confidence. Our cause and our principles are just and true. Let our conduct be worthy of that cause. There exist and should be felt more than ordinary motives for present activity and zeal. Our antagonists are divided and disheartened. They hope to see us also dismembered and distracted in our councils and in our conduct. Our union, our hearty co-operation in one strong, determined, enthusiastic effort, will ensure our success, and the emancipation of our State from that thraldom by which it has been so long afflicted.

Up then, every *true* man, to his post, to his duty! Let every democrat who shall refuse his vote to our cause, or neglect the call of his party, be stamped with the seal of a general condemnation; while those who rally to their duty, and they alone, shall receive the glory and the praise of triumphant democracy.

JOHN A. BOLLES,
JAMES RUSSELL,
F. A. HILDRETH,
ELIAS WARD,
MARCUS MORTON, JR.,
WM. E. PARMENTER.

Executive Committee of the Democratic State Central Committee.

BOSTON, *Oct. 9th*, 1846.

The Spirit of the Federal Press.

We have never seen the opposition more bitter, illiberal, and reckless in its spirit. All truth seemed to be sacrificed; all justice prostrated, under the influence of faction. In the midst of a war, which has been waged against us by a furious enemy; in the midst of long-standing grievances, which they had perpetrated against us; whilst the honor of the nation is at stake; whilst every patriot heart should be enlisted in the service of the country, and every hand should be employed to promote her interests, we see an infuriated press exaggerating every difficulty, and ridiculing the resources of our treasury. The whig press of Nashville is making the coarsest and most unfounded attacks upon the President and his cabinet. The most absurd rumors are propagated about the plan of the campaign. One of these editors (the "Savanah Republican") assert that "General Taylor will be pushed forward at once into the country, at least to Saltillo, without provisions or transportation, and thus will the whole American force be sacrificed by the wiseacres at Washington!"

But the favorite topic of denunciation is the state of the treasury. The "New York Express" recklessly and absurdly estimates that "$80,000,000 have been already expended." It ridicules our means for obtaining loans to carry on the war, as one reason why we cannot make any loan upon good terms, that "the tariff, our great means of repayment, has been made less productive, and at the same time the country has been by the war, plunged into expenses that have no end." This assertion, like all the rest, is without any foundation. We state upon authority which cannot be disputed—from an extensive investigation into the receipts and profits of the revenue, made at the great emporium of commerce, New York, and at other points—that the estimate of the Secretary of the Treasury of the proceeds of the tariff of 1846, to the amount of twenty-eight millions, is most likely to fall short of the truth. The estimate is now about thirty millions, instead of twenty-eight. The object of the federal press, however, are obvious. They wish to increase the expenses of the treasury, to make it more difficult to obtain any loans, if the Secretary should attempt to make any; to raise the interest which we should pay; to cramp up the sinews of war; and to swell the clamor of the manufacturers in favor of the keynote which Mr Clay gave out the other day at Ashland—of "RESTORATION!—RESTORATION!" of the Tariff of 1842. We trust the good sense of the people, the firmness of their representatives, and the results of the tariff of 1846, will arrest these clamors, and paralyze these efforts.—*Washington Union.*

☞ A Baptist Church has been established at Oregon City, Oregon.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 27, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.
Middlesex County.
LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORN, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIGGS, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWOLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.
District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DUKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

Shall our Police Court be Remodeled! Shall we have a new Registry of Deeds and a new Judicial District!

In supporting candidates who will make our laws, some regard should be had for our local interests.—This city needs a very different Court of Justice from our Police Court as now organized. In the first place, the system of *fees*, tends to injuriously affect the morals of those connected with the Court. The more cases that can be hunted up, the more quarrels that can be incited to make suits of, the more complaints that are made for every little infraction of the law, the more money is made by the Judge, the Constables, the City Watch, and every body having anything to do with the Court except the unfortunate victim, who may sometimes very properly be made to suffer, and who sometimes is made to suffer only because a greedy pack of mousers are on his track, that they may make something from the commonwealth or the victim, and they care not which, by entering a complaint against him before a court whose interest is to issue a writ for the most frivolous causes, and upon the slightest testimony, because it lines the pockets of the court with *fees*. A gentleman who is conversant with the business of the Police Court, tells us that a business is carried on in that Court, which gives the judge *five thousand dollars a year.* We do not wish to be understood as attributing any improper conduct to the present judge. We only find fault with the tendency of the *fees system*. The money interest of every man connected with the court, is to ferret out every little affair upon which an action can be founded, and start a criminal prosecution. The Court should be paid a stipulated salary to avoid this serious objection.

Another objection to this court is, that the judge holds his office for life. He has no more power, no further jurisdiction than any justice of peace, and yet he holds his office for life. He is simply a life justice of the peace. The court should be abolished for this cause if no other; there should be no life justices of the peace. It is wrong in principle. The judges of our high courts ought not to be appointed for more than seven years, and to make a life justice of the peace is an outrage upon the rights of the people.

Not only should the justice of the police court be paid by a salary, but no city officer should receive *fees* for attending the court. These *fees* added to their *salaries*, stimulate them to get up criminal prosecutions when the public good would be better subserved if they were never made. Nor would they ever be made if the complainant got no *fees*.

Nor is there any justice in the City hiringand paying a troop of officers, and then giving them a chance to make twice the amount of their salaries by getting up complaints and attending court as witnesses. Let the city hire and pay them as they now do, and all they get by making complaints and attending in criminal prosecutions in *fees*, be put into the City Treasury.—They would then do just their duty or be turned out of office, and have no inducement to get up prosecutions that had better not be made. The Justice of the Police Court should also be paid an honorable salary, and let the *fees* go into the City Treasury. He then would have no inducement to issue a warrant on a frivolous complaint, or insufficient testimony. And instead of the Judge making four or five thousand a year from *fees*, he would get a salary of twelve or fifteen hundred and the balance go into the city treasury.

All criminal complaints should be first heard before the Clerk of the Court, and he determine whether a warrant should be issued. As matters are now managed, the justice hears the case *ex-parte*, makes up his mind that the person complained of is guilty, issues his warrant and brings him into court, where the accused is presumed by the judge to be guilty, as the fact shows of his having issued his warrant upon the belief of the guilt of the prisoner. Now no man should be presumed guilty till being found so after a fair trial, face to face with the accuser, by a judge who has not prejudged the case. That is the way matters are managed in Boston and should be in Lowell.

A new registry of deeds is also wanting in Lowell. And we want a new judicial district formed. These matters we have before spoken of, and hope the citizens of Lowell, of whatever party, will vote for no man who is not pledged to these reforms. In a new registry and a new judicial district, the towns in the vicinity of Lowell have a particular interest as well as Lowell. We hope they will consider this matter, and send men to the legislature who will be favorable to the needful reform.

Whig Meeting at City Hall—Dissolution of the Union claimed as the probable future policy of the Whig Party!

The first speaker called to the stand was John Wright, one of the corporation agents. He denounced the administration as being the most corrupt, wicked and inefficient of any that ever disgraced and ruined the country—the Mexican war, as the most iniquitous scheme that ever blackened a nation's history. Texas was annexed and a robber war waged against Mexico to spread and perpetuate the curse of negro slavery, and give the slaveholding interest a predominating power in the government, that they might destroy and crush the interests of northern labor. He preached rein vehemently, but *didn't* tell where it was to be found, nor more did he tell wherein the Administration had failed in its duty to the country, nor wherein he saw evidences of corruption and imbecility in our national rulers, nor upon what he made the assertion that the war with Mexico was conceived and carried into execution for the purpose of increasing slavery and the slaveholding power. His talk was mere buro-faced assertions unsupported by a single fact or argument.

Mr Scheuler was next called. He reviewed the predictions of the whigs in 1844, and went on to show how strictly and particularly they were carried out.—He said the whigs told the people if Polk was elected Texas would be annexed—the Sub-treasury bill passed—the tariff repealed, &c. Well that is true; and that was just what the Democrats too, said they would do, and they have done it. Wonderful prophets these whigs, when they prophesy that democrats will do just what they say they will! But he didn't say anything about the RUIN that they prophesied would hang like a nightmare over the whole land if the Democrats should be successful and should do what they promised and what they have done—not a word of that part of their prophesies—not a word.

In relation to Annexation of Texas and the Mexican war, he, as well as Mr Wright and the gentleman who followed him, took about the same position as Jack Hale, and the abolition lecturer who spoke here Saturday night, only with them everything must be done by acting with the whigs, while with Hale and Lovejoy everything must be done by acting with the Abolitionists. They all profess to seek the same end, but through the different channels. But the whigs go farther than Hale or Lovejoy in what they propose to do for the abolition of slavery

Mr. Shubael P. Adams, ex-representative to the Massachusetts Legislature, and the leading speaker of the whig party in this city, and one of the most prominent leaders of the House of Representatives, was vociferously called for. He took the stand and talked about half an hour upon a text he took from the Boston Post, that 'THE UNION MUST BE PRESERVED.' He said there was much meaning in that appeal. That a few years ago, a petition with some ten or a dozen signers was sent from Haverhill praying for a *dissolution* of the *Union*. But at that time there was probably not as many more persons in the State who would soberly say the *Union was not worth preserving;* but now there was no disguising or denying the fact that there were *ten or fifteen thousand* of the most cannid, sober, thinking, humane, patriotic men, and ardent lovers of freedom, who were of the opinion that "THE UNION IS NOT WORTH PRESERVING." Said he "I am not of that number, I hope you are not, the time has not yet come for that step—it MAY come, but it has not yet come." He gave as his reasons why the time for dissolution had not come, that he had hopes that the coalition and union of the enemies of slavery, such as had redeemed New Hampshire, would prevent the necessity.

He attacked the Constitution on account of its slave-basis representation. The Constitutions of the Slave States called their slaves cattle, and if Southern cattle were represented to oppress Northern labor, Northern cattle should also be, and if we must have a Cattle representation, let Brighton send her representative to Coogress; and old Middlesex and Worcester have a Cattle representation to offset the Southern Cattle representation.

After a long tirade of such stuff of half an hours length he then retired amid the cheers and applause of the whole meeting.

Hale and Lovejoy Lovejoy particularly, were for doing with regard to slavery just what was constitutional. But the whig of Lowell are for doing something at all hazzards, and if nothing can be effected without, the time MAY COME WHEN IT WILL BE WISE TO DISSOLVE THE UNION.

MURDER IN CHARLESTOWN. Last Sunday night, Alexander Ray and Alexander McIntosh retired to bed, at their lodging place, Mrs Potts, but not appearing in the Morning at breakfast, a daughter of Mrs Potts went to call them, and found McIntosh dead. Constable Chamberlin was then sent for, says the Times, and soon arived—about 7 o'clock Monday morning. He went into the chamber and saw McIntosh lying dead on the bed on which he and Ray had slept in common, and Ray sitting gloomily on a chest near the bed and at the side of the wall. A jack-knife with a strait pointed blade of three or four inches in length was lying on the floor bloody. The body of McIntosh was stabbed in the abdomen and a little above in four places, but the shirt exhibited marks of five thrusts. Mr Chamberlain asked Ray if he had done the deed, and he acknowledged it—saying *that there was some controversy, and he had stopped it.*—He was then put in irons by Constable Chamberlain and lodged in one of the rooms of the Watch House.

☞ "Of the importance of Monterey as an acquisition to us, there can be no real difference of opinion. That it must prove a very serious loss to the Mexicans, may be inferred from the fact that it was the place where the bundaries for the casting of copper balls—cannon and musket are erected. In its vicinity are the copper mines, which excel any other in productiveness, and from these the foundaries are supplied with metal for their castings. The city of Mexico contains the powder mills; but the loss of the manufactories of shot and ball must be severely felt."

MATAMORAS. It is expected, says the Matamoras Flag, the trade of Matamoras will assume great importance from the result of affairs at Monterey. Our merchants are already advancing the price of their goods in anticipation of a brisk business. The Mexican merchants are likewise taking advantage of the times and supplying themselves with an abundant stock. The area of trade has been enlarged, and the whole country between here and Monterey will be supplied with goods from this place. There will be some handsome fortunes made.

From the Boston Times.

Democratic! To Arms!!

BROTHER DEMOCRATS,—You are called upon to prepare for the approaching election. We have a work to perform, and it must be done, and done thoroughly, we must beat the enemy. We can do it, if we but bring out our strength at this time. Our opponents tremble for the issue, and well they may, for they see in the signs of the times that their annihilation is at hand.

It is true in politics as in morals, that the "wages of sin is death." The frauds, hypocrisy, deceptions, and abominations of the whig party, have become a stench in the nostrils of the people. It is hardly necessary for me to review their past conduct; it is well known to you that "treachery is their nature and their vocation," that "they have no honest principle to keep them together," that "their only cement is a sympathy of hatred to every man of purer principles than themselves."

Remember then, Brother Democrats, that you have an untiring, treacherous, unprincipled, and cunning enemy to contend with;—that no trick will be untried to cheat and delude the people out of their votes at the coming election. Every species of humbuggery and stratagem will be used in order to induce them to contribute to the success and elevation of that party which has ever, and at all times, and under all circumstances stood opposed to the interest of the farmer, the workingman, and the Mechanic. Remember too, that it is the party, which favors Banks and Monopolies at the expense of the mass of the people, and whose aim and object is to build up a great moneyed power in the Old Boy State, to lord it over American Freemen.

Is there a Democrat in Massachusetts who does not feel the importance and consequence of the approaching election, if so, I conjure him to awake, be up and doing—the cause demands the courage and devotion of every democrat in the State.

Brother Democrats if you value wholesome legislation, which looks to the good of the greatest number as its object, and not to the aggrandisement of the few at the expense of the many—if your principles are dear to you, be active, be vigilant—pass the watchward, and let the rallying cry throughout the ranks be—the cause, the candidates and the victory. Let us all resolve to make an immediate and strong rally. Let us be early on the battle field, and contend manfully for the victory—Yes, fellow laborers, let us manifest our love for our principles, by doing our duty at the ballot box, on the 9th day of November.

Our opponents must be met, we must expose the absurdities, follies, and falsehoods, to which they resort to blind and mislead the people. We must make a great and a united effort. We must awaken our friends everywhere. We must be willing: for the success of the great and glorious cause for which we are struggling, to watch and labor, and meet our oppenents everywhere. We must send out the light of truth into every quarter. If we do this a glorious victory will crown our efforts.

Young men, arouse ye to the work—shake off all lethargy for the day of battle draws near. It behooves you especially to be active, vigilant, zealous in defence of Democratic Republican Principles. The issue before you should command all your zeal and energy in favor of our holy cause. The real issue is between whiggerry and Democracy—speculators and laborers—idleness and industry—between corporations and the people—money and morals—deception and truth. It is a struggle between the power of corruption and the power of integrity—between equal rights and special privileges.

And you old soldiers in the cause—have you forgotten the tap of the drum? And you old sailors—do you hear the call of the boatswain's pipe? To your quarters, then—the enemy is near. Let there be no deserters, no recreants, no loiterers by the way-side. Let us all young and old, answer to our names on the muster-roll and be prepared for the encounter.

The candidates we support are well known to the people of Massachusetts; their ability and zeal has been tested, and their talents are not surpassed by the candidates of our opponents; we know them all to be "good and true," to whom the test may be applied—is he honest? is he capable? is he a friend to the Constitution? with the most satisfactory results: and we will call upon the whole Democratic party to come up and give them their united support.

AN OLD GUARD.

RUIN! We clip the following prices of manufacturing stock from the "Financial article" of the Post of Wednesday.

28 per cent. adv. is freely offered for Merrimack and 21 for Amoskeag Manufacturing Co. For N. E. Worsted 56 offered, and 62 asked.

☞ The Granite Freeman states that J. G. Whittier, the poet, came near meeting a fatal accident, some days since. A gun in the hands of a boy went off, the charge of which passed through the face of Whittier and out the neck.

DISREPUTABLE. The N. Y. Mirror says that four ladies on Wednesday were seen riding through the sts. of Philadelphia in an open carriage, each with a segar in her mouth, puffing away with "a generous abandon."

MEETING TO-NIGHT. We hope there may a large turnout of the citizens of Lowell desirous of hearing our Candidate for Congress deliver a candid truthful Address. 8 o'clock is the hour, at the City Hall.

☞ The N. Y. Sun says that the news by the last Boston steamer has created quite a sensation in the produce markets, and prices generally have advanced handsomely.

☞ Thanksgiving is to be held this year on the same day, Nov. 26, in nine States—New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, and Michigan.

☞ Baltus Stone, a revolutionary soldier, died in Philadelphia aged upwards of 103 years.

MR LOVER will entertain the people of Lowell at Mechanics' Hall, Friday evening next. See Advertisement.

☞ John A. Bolles, Esq., addresses the citizens of Woburn Thursday evening next.

☞ The Court of Common Pleas commenced its sitting yesterday for the trial of criminal cases.

The Union denies that any requisitions are to be made either upon Pennsylvania or New York.

War Items.

A call for Volunteers. Whether, or when, the government will call for some volunteers, we know not, and it is possible they have not yet decided; but no such call has been made.

We cannot be mistaken in stating that a vigorous prosecution of the war is the order of the day. But we will not undertake to develope the plan of the campaign. The events will duly develope themselves.—*Wash. Union.*

Maj. Chase, chief of the corps of engineers, has arrived at Washington from the army, with another officer, said to be the bearer of despatches to the government.

Capt. Heath, of the schooner H. Plantogenet, says that the news of the battle of Monterey was known to the Mexican citizens at Matamoras at least thirty-six hours ahead of the United States Express. The Mexican rider had ridden at such speed that his horse died on his arrival at Matamoras.

The prohibition against spirituous liquors was enforced, and several seizures made in consequence.—*N. O. Jeffersonian.*

Arrival of recruits. One hundred recruits for the first regiment of dragoons, with their horses, arrived yesterday on the steamer Julia, from St. Louis, and will proceed to the Rio Grande immediately. They are under the command of Col. Kearney, and men and horses are not to be surpassed by any in the service. In the selection of the horses taste and judgment have been exercised. They are all of one color, an iron grey, and appear to have both speed and bottom.—*N. O. Bulletin, 15th.*

Ampudia and the Surrender of Monterey. A correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, speaking of the articles of capitulation, says—

"They were finally signed by the commissioners on both side, and by Gen. Taylor, and sent back by Col. Davis for the signature of Ampudia. He says that Ampudia consumed a whole hour—which seemed to me an age—for we had a long ride before us—that he held the pen fifteen minutes at a time in his hand, the perspiration rolling off his face in big drops. At length, by a convulsive effort, he signed. The citadel is to be surrendered this morning. The troops are allowed seven days to march out with private baggage and arms.

It may be thought they were allowed too liberal terms. But they were not conquered. It would have cost a regular siege and floods of blood to have reduced the citadel. They are superior to us in numbers, and we allow them to take only what they could carry off without capitulation, and we secure artilery, ammunition and stores of all kinds that they otherwise would have destroyed. Our most gallant spirits advised the concession of these terms; well they might, for the place is still capable of stout defence.

In our hands it could not have been taken. We left town at eleven o'clock at night by the short cut, passing the Mexican lines under an escort of Mexican cavalry, and on reaching our own camp at a brisk trot, created a prodigious alarm, and found the army under arms ready to receive us with a volley."

Democratic Meeting in Charlestown.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of Charlestown, assembled at the Town Hall on Wednesday evening, Oct. 31; called to respond to the District and Senatorial nominations. P. J. Stone was chosen chairman, and P. S. Briggs, Secretary. The meeting was entertained by able and eloquent addresses from Messrs Warren Rand, Jr. and Jehabod Liodsey.

The following resolutions were introduced by Mr Rand, and unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Whereas, it is customary for the sovereign People to signify their approval or otherwise of the acts or measures of their Delegates, when in convention assembled, therefore we take this opportunity to return to the members of the late District and Senatorial Conventions which assembled at Concord, our thanks for the faithful performance of the duties entrusted them—and to signify our appreciation of their services by the following resolves.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Charlestown respond with joy and acclamation to the nomination of the Hon. Frederick Robinson for Representative to Congress, from District No. 4,—knowing him to be a pure, true-hearted democrat, eminently qualified for the post of defender of the people's rights and champion of their interests—knowing him in his private deportment, as humble and unassuming with a character for integrity and honesty of purpose unquestioned by even his foes,—knowing him as the devoted friend of the producing classes, from his earliest youth to the present moment, not only in words but in deeds,—knowing him as the firm and uncompromising enemy of all special and unjust legislation; and, believing him in every respect, that noblest work of God—an honest man,—we have unbounded confidence in his worth, judgment, and ability to fill the office with distinguished honor to himself and his constituents, and for the best interests of the whole people of this District.

Resolved, That as an earnest of future efforts in behalf of the oppressed, we can, with proud satisfaction, refer back to a life of consistent and successful action, both as a citizen and as a legislator, from the time that Frederick Robinson first put forth his youthful energies in the Ten Hour cause, unpopular though that cause was followed him, as he battered down the pride-locked doors of legal professism, admitting among the scornful bar the self-taught applicant, in opposition to all the lawyer-talent of the State,—his successful advocacy of the abolition of imprisonment for debt, thus releasing the unfortunate debtor from the avaricious grasp of the relentless creditor—his powerful effort which defeated the Ten Million Bank,—down to his last public appearance in behalf of the workingman, when wages already scanty were reduced to a mere pittance, by a professed democrat. And in all these acts, we recognize the kind heart of the benevolent philanthropist, doing all in his power to mitigate the ills of suffering humanity, and to hold in check the avarice and cupidity of the unprincipled capitalists and heartless speculator,—and in his present position, as Warden of the Mass. State Prison, he has added new honors to his name;—his efforts in behalf of the solitary prisoner are far famed, and all the duties pertaining to his office have been performed in a manner illustrating his humanity, executive ability, and sound judgement.

Resolved, That we look forward with confident hope to the prospect of the election of Frederick Robinson, believing that from him we shall not only have profession but practice—not only fair words but fair deeds to match them—and that in his heart there is a sincere desire that labor shall have and enjoy all it produces—and that all that is produced should be considered no more than the just reward of labor—and believing that whatever can be done by legislation to restore to man his natural right and improve his condition, he will bend his powerful mind to accomplish, and with untiring devotion strive to succeed—therefore,

Resolved, That we will use every means in our power to procure his election, knowing, that if successful, we advance our own interests; and we call on every true democrat, on every lover of his race and friend of reform and especially on every working-man throughout the district to second our endeavors, with zeal, energy and determination, that we may be able to say, we have fought the fight, we have gained the victory, and elevated to office the man, who, for his services, deserves well of his countrymen; and shall send from Bunker Hill a head, a hand and a heart, that will not yield in willingness, ability or intelligence, to any on the floor or Congress.

Resolved, That the nomination of Leonard Thompson, of Woburn, Lake Wellington of Ashby, Bradford Russell of Groton, Alphens R. Brown of Lowell, Benj. Muzzy of Lexington, and Alden Leland of Holliston, for State Senators meets with our ready approval—that we have full confidence that those gentlemen, if elected will prove faithful laborers in the Democratic cause.

Voted, That the Resolutions be published in the Democratic papers in the District and County, and in the Boston Daily Times and Morning Post.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

From the Apalachicola Com. Adv. Oct. 17.

TREMENDOUS FIRE!

Great Destruction of Property!?

Yesterday morning our city was nearly laid in ruins by the villainy of incendiaries. Three houses were fired simultaneously, and at the fourth attempt, the villian was shot at, and narrowly escaped with his life.

The loss is estimated at over $150,000

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843.

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Oct. 24, 1846.

Oct. 18th, Abiathar Holt, 33 yrs, typhus fever; 19th, James Alexander, 7 mos, cholera infantum; 20th, Prince B. Brane, 1 yr, cholera infantum; Ebbebridge B. Hancock, 10 mos, dropsy of the brain; 21st, Marietto Kinnard, 5 yrs. croup; Ann Simpson; 27 yrs, consumption; 22d, Daniel A. Cressy, 42 years, consumption; 23d Solomon L. Getchel, 26yrs, typhoid fever; Mary Duffy 42 yrs, consumption; 24th, Thirza Dibby, 52 yrs, apoplexy; Martha Durgin, 15 yrs, typhus fever; Maria Holt, 20 yrs, consumption; Hannah Martin, 40 yrs, consumption; Mary Marrien, 1 yr, teething.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

MR LOVER.

AUTHOR of "Handy Andy," "Rory O'More," &c., will appear at the **Mechanics' Hall** on FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, Oct. 30, 1846, in his **Irish Evening,** illustrative of the National Characteristics, Mirth and Melody of his country, with HIS OWN SONGS, the celebrated tale of "SHAMUS O, Brine," (producing so much sensation in New York,) and his own original comic story of THE GRIDIRON.

Tickets **50 cents,** to be had at the Merrimack House, and at the Bookstore of Bixby and Merrill & Heywood.

Doors open at a quarter past 7—performances to commence at 8 o'clock. A2r oct26.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Master in chancery on Central street in said Lowell, on Saturday the thirty-first day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon: at which meeting Creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Assignee.

Oct. 26th 1846. A2t

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

LOST from the office of the subscribers a file of Notes accounts and Executions. Said papers comprised a small bundle, with a Paste-board band round them, marked "C. C. Pleas, files for suit." Whoever will return said Papers shall be suitably rewarded,

BROWN & ALGER.

Lowell, Oct. 24, 1846. o1w

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



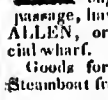
The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast,* master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Vessel.



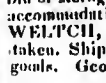
The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.



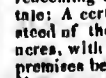
The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, RICH, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hyneon agent at N. O.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—



All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

A1awin21st.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIOAESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DE LAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.



A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Broaches Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and Miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Strops; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 29, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively, in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. A3w

TWO CHESS PLAYERS AND MATHEMATICIANS. "Do you yet play at Chess? If not, I recommend you to get a board and the pieces immediately—study it yourself and teach it to everybody you know. I know of nothing as a rational and delightful domestic recreation so excellent as Chess—nothing that calls into exercise so many useful qualities. It is a priceless invention, and to play it well is to possess a most desirable mental accomplishment."—FRANKLIN.

Just Published by Taylor & Co., Astor House, No 1 of "*The Chess Paladium and Mathematical Sphinx;*" a Monthly Magazine devoted to the cause of the delightful, profound, and intellectual science of Chess. Comprising fine specimens of American play, brilliant games of all openings by the eminent Masters, a choice collection of Original and Selected *Problems,* by the celebrated Problem Inventor and Amateurs of both hemispheres, &c., together with a Mathematical Department, stored with a rare collection of curious, difficult, and entertaining Problems, many in verse, Arithmatical and Mathematical. oct17

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

---

TO CARPENTERS AND JOB-TAKERS: THE subscriber, one of the committee chosen by the members of the first Methodist Society, in Dracutt, to build a house of Public Worship, would give notice that they will receive proposals for building and finishing said house (all above the underpining) from this date to the 14th of November next.

The house is to be 44 by 36 ft., 19 feet posts and to contain 50 pews. For more particulars, reference may be had to the Rev. Mr Dunham's Meeting House, in Pelham, N. H., which is to be a pattern.

The contractor can have till the first of June 1847, to complete the house. BENJA. STEVENS.

October 20th, 1846. o23r3t.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Caldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept14m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c., and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the second day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

oct20a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Shff. Messenger.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.



FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED



From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 101½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,

sept26, 23 Central street.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & L. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. of a3m.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich N. H. a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No 31 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 31 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

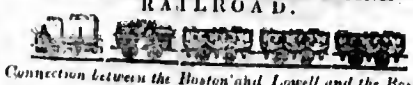
THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½ p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

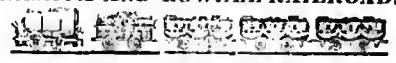
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers luggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

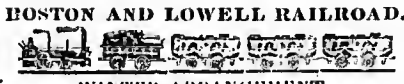
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandize Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tl

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M

" Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1¼ and 5¾ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,

Mortgagee of said premises.

Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue's'n Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y

---

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Pif

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Marks and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also,* 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

---

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Dwelling House on Chestnut Street.

On SATTRDAY Oct. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, a fine Dwelling House with 7 neatly furnished and conveniently arranged Rooms, nearly new, with lot of 560 feet of land pleasantly situated on the Lowell side of Chestnut street near High street.

A perfect title will be given and terms made easey. Sale positive; the owner being about to leave the city. The House may be examined on application to the Auctioneer, 4 days previous to sale.

On TUESDAY next Oct. 27 at 10 and 2 o'clock Great Sale of Broadcloths, Cassimeres Satinetts, Tweeds, Doeskins Flounels, &c.

Also—An invoice of Ready made Clothing, Flannel Drawers, under-shirts, &c. &c.

For particulars see catalogue.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lothe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do.

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES,* both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!! 160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent

to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for the T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street,* where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

au6 A3m

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; J. F. KINGSLEY, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. au29a1y6m

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontroyertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine vesders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vexatingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs us —

"Mosey proved for shaw,
Like nest eggs, to make ellents lay,
And for their false opintons pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in haste, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importence of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constition; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseatieg sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, sad diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surroundiog towns surrendering their constitotions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjnu22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful* Cure of *Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their affect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Miss E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States [mky12a] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sorsoparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valueble medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of this country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Eryaipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jeundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immodiate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Carrier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00 epr4 adv&patly

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in some Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by reunion with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a safe and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicines.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mospr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6in 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informe us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and sore of bed sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recomoended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or caused, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canackie, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instrument for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

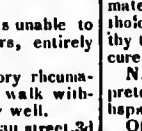
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. u28



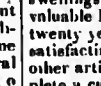
L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&plv

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 128.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, entitled to *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfsov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 22, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
4tf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the
sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmarl7

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Building.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ep12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BOILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 89, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Riskstaken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmoor.
may21 Insurences effected a&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. Boise's Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order at short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorised to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary !.

Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of those complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&Aptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. raug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Flees on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison as paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, " *a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Amount the Assured may borrow on Policy.
—	—	—	1837	$1086 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 58	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sprly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Were and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

From Blackwood's Lady's Magazine.

THE
SORROWS OF FITZBOOZEL.

CHAPTER I.

THE BENEFACTOR.

Fitzboozel was one of the best fellows that ever lived; and, consequently, he was a man of many sorrows. He bore them, however, with rare magnanimity; so much so, that they seemed to have fallen on his head as rain-drops on a duck's plumage—to rest for a moment, and then leisurely roll off, leaving no trace of their visitation behind. His first misfortune was a trying one; but that, unhappily, only struck the key-note to the rest. Mr Swing thought proper, in one of his patriotic paroxysms, to burn down the homestead of poor Fitz and all the contents of his farm yard, not excluding even the shrieking quadrupeds. That, assuredly, was bad enough. But Fitz found a patron, a benefactor; and that turned out to be worse.

A bright morning of June was beaming on the work of the incendiary. The smouldering wreck of Fitz's property presented a ghastly spectacle to the blessed smiles of the day spring. Poor Fitz was standing by the road side, moody and bewildered, regarding in silent anguish the ruin of his all, when a carriage drove up and stopped close to him.

"Hoy! there! out of the way," shouted the postilion, "or I'll drive over you."

But Fitz did not hear; or, if he did, he paid not the slightest attention to the menace.

"What's the matter?" cried a voice from within the carriage.

"This man, my Lord, blocks up the narrow road."

"What means this, my good fellow?" demanded Lord Avonley.

"That means it—" and Fitz pointed to the black and still smoking mass of ruin.

"Ha! there is something in this," mused his Lordship. "I'll look to it. Let down the steps."

And Lord Avonley stood before Fitzboozle.

Lord Avonley was one of those men who are as generous as the sun and obstinate as the gnarled oak. He would bestow kingdoms, if he had them, through an impulse of beneficence, but would not be thwarted in his views upon any subject, however trifling it may be. Casting a rapid glance at the wreck, he turned to Fitz and taking him condescendingly, but cordially withal, by the hand, "My poor fellow, cheer up," said he. "I will be your friend. What is the amount of your loss?"

"Five hundred pounds."

"How long has your lease to run?"

"It expires, my lord, this very month."

"Do you prefer living in this neighborhood to any other?"

"Look there, my Lord; that's my answer."—And poor Fitz groaned deeply.

"Well, then, that being the case, you would have no objection to a better house at a lower rent to a better house, rent free; to five hundred pounds, which will cover your losses, and which you may repay when you please, or never if you like. You have no objection to my offer?"

Thunderstruck at the general proposal, Fitz stared at his benefactor.

"My lord, you are not jesting with me, I should hope. Misfortunes like mine are no fit subject for merriment.

"Now, God forbid I should ever commit such a crime. There is my hand upon the bargain. Do you accept?"

Fitzboozle seized Lord Avonley's hand, and burst into tears. "A load is taken off my heart," said he, "which I thought would crush it."

"Now, then, come along. Step in. No ceremony. I'll tell you all my plans as we go along."

And Fitzboozle was soon seated by the side of Lord Avonley, and soon lost sight of the spot where he so suddenly lost one fortune and acquired another.

"Fitzboozle is himself again!" he inwardly exclaimed.

Alas! poor Fitz. You don't know the fallacy of human hopes. And it is far better you should not know it. Hope on.

CHAPTER II

GRATITUDE.

He that's ungrateful has no crime but one,
All other faults are pass'd as virtues in him.
Shakespeare.

Behold then our hero regularly located as a tenant farmer on the Avonley estate, in an eastern county of Merrie England, wherein no one was merrier than Fitzboozel. Fitz was a fair specimen of a class far less numerous at present than during the wars of Wellington, when the quarters lonf cost nearly two shillings, and all agricultural produce was proportionately high in price. The class to which we allude is that designated as "the Gentlemen Farmers"—men of business and intelligence—the intermediate link between the high aristocrat and the humbler classes of the rural districts—honest, honourable, and independent, utterly exempt from any sneaking or cringing to their superiors, as they were remote from anything like tyranny over those below them. Fitz was a bachelor, not through any natural frigidity of his temperament—indeed there were proofs of the reverse—but he wished to be master of his own house; which he strongly doubted he would not be the very moment Mrs Fitzboozle circulated the wedding cards. The curate, surgeon, and attorney of the adjacent village, which was one of England's fair Auburns—

"Loveliest of the plain"—

constituted, with Fitz, a little oligarchy of their own; and edifying was the harmony of their mutual intercourse.

For the space of a year, our hero's affairs proceeded swimmingly. His crops were the best in all the neighborhood. His flocks and herds attracted the admiration of the passenger. His teams were models of their kind; and all his household from

Humphrey with his flail
And Kitty, the charming maid,
Who carried the milking pail.

down to the very kitten who frisked upon the hearth-rug—all—all testified cheerfulness and contentment. It would do your heart good to see the rustic family assemble at supper, when the toils of the day were over. It was edifying to witness their decent and devout demeanour at the village church, where, with their master, they regularly attended, morning and evening; and, oh! when the fair-day came round, there was the joyful holiday; and none of them enjoyed it more than Fitz himself. He would have his sly at the snuff boxes. He would have his dance with Phœbe, the dairy-maid; and his kiss in the ring, too, smacked the heartiest of all others therein given. This state of things was too

good to last, and it did not last. Lord Avonley, who had been absent during a year in Scotland returned to his English home; and one of the first visits his lordship made on his return was to the happy homestead of Fitzboozle.

After the usual salution, "Fitz, my friend," said Lord Avonley, "what do you intend to sow in this field?"

"Wheat my Lord. It will produce an excellent crop, I have no doubt of it."

"I have though—and a very great doubt.—Take my advice, and convert it into a hop-garden."

"A hop-garden, my Lord! There are no hop-gardens in this part of the country."

"I know it; but that's the very reason there ought to be."

"But, my Lord, the soil is not proper for the production of hops?"

"Pooh! pooh! don't tell me. Rely upon it I am right. Good morning."

Fitzboozle's gratitude would not be at fault. The field was converted, or rather perverted, into a hop-gardee, and need we say the crop signally failed? Fitz would not murmur. He fondly hoped that his benefactor would interfere no further after this proof of misjudgment. Fitz was mistaken.

"Yonder field, Fitz, would be more profitable if ploughed up for oats or barley than leaving it as it is,—a pasture."

Butter and cheese, my Lord, are very high in the market, and the pasture is excellent. Besides, if I am to plough it up, what am I to do with the cattle?"

"Stall feed them of course; chopped straw and beans, nothing can be better or less expensive for the purpose. And those hogs, too, running about the farm-yard. Confine them to their sties, Fitz; there they will thrive better."

"Very well, my lord." Fitz's gratitude again muzzled him.

"And those laborers of yours appear to be lazy, loutish fellows, who know nothing of agriculture. I have brought with me, from my estates in Scotland some men well skilled in farming. You shall take them into your service and discharge your present fellows."

"My Lord, what will become of them when they are turned out of their work? They will become poachers, or worse."

"Indeed! Then there's such a place as Botany Bay that will teach them better. Let us talk no more about it; you know I always advised you for your welfare. Good bye, Fitz. Follow my advice."

And poor Fitzboozle followed it to the letter; and, in every instance, to his great loss and vexation. His cows gave bad milk, and little of it. His butter and cheese, consequently, were despised in the market. A distemper got among his sheep, of which, however, they were soon relieved by a prescription of Lord Avonley's.—It killed them. The Scotch laborers knew nothing of the soil upon which they were intruded, and consequently botched it. The native laborers, who were discharged, vowed to be revenged; and they were. They fired one of Fitzboozle's wheat-ricks.

"Gracious powers!" exclaimed our poor hero, in the bitterness of his spirit—"I shall soon be as bad as ever."

Worse, Fitz, worse! You are going to have a wife! Io Hymenæe!

CHAPTER III.

MATRIMONY.

Felices ter et amplius
Quos irrupta tenet copula—HORACE.

Sic a wife as Wille had,
I wouldna gie a button for her.—BURNS.

"I am hooked!" sighed poor Fitzboozle as he returned from the church altar with Mrs. Fitzboozle; "I am hooked; but I may slip off the hook even yet. The cup of my gratitude is full to overflowing. This last drop—the bitterest of them all—has completed the dose."

And Fitzboozle did not exaggerate in his Jeremaid. His better half had been a widow—"*an officer's widow*," who by tactics unnecessary to detail, found means of ingratiating herself at Avonley Hall, and, finally, of becoming Mrs. Fitzboozle, at the most energetic instance of Lord Avonley. This Lady instantly assumed the reins of domestic government, like a Pachaess of three toils, and all of them of the drangle genius. Being rather overlooked by nature in the description of personal attractions, she hated every woman who fared better in that respect; and, as Fitzboozle's maid-servants were by no means frights, they were instantly discharged and replaced by Gorgons. The green-eyed monster was also busily at work. If poor Fitz even looked at a woman, he never heard an end of it. In fact, the only consolation that remained to him was the friendship of the village surgeon, and even his companion he could seldom enjoy except by stealth.

"Yes, Fitz," said the Surgeon, Phil Johnson, as they were seated together one fine evening over their grog, improving the occasion of Mrs Fitz's absence, who had been on a visit to the Hall; "yes Fitz, you are not half so unfortunate in your union as I have been."

"Very likely," replied Fitz, ironically.

"No, you are not, by half. Poor Arabella! I have her skeleton at home. I keep it as a memento of the past."

"And a pretty memento it must be," said Fitz.

"You cannot be serious, Johnson?"

"As a tombstone, Fitz. Poor Arabella! But I might as well tell you all about it."

"Replenish first. Sorrow is dry," remarked Fitz. "Fill your glass."

At this moment the door slowly opened, and Mrs. Fitzboozle appeared in frowning severity. The excellent lady had returned unexpectedly from Avonly Hall in order to give her *spouse* an agreeable surprise. She had already donned her night gear, and waited, with exemplary patience about five minutes, for the arrival of her husband, when, no hubby appearing, she decended with cat-like pace; and opened noiselessly the door of poor Fitz's sanctum, held up her watch before his terrified vision.

"A pretty hour for guzzling, Mr Fitzboozle, so it is; a very pretty hour. I wonder what they will say at the Hall when they shall hear of your orgies. And you, too, Mr Johnson; and you may well put on your paletot. Yes you may; and when your poor wife is weeping her eyes out at your shameful absence."

"I beg your pardon, Mrs. Fitzboozle, my wife does no such thing; she is too good to interfere with my little relaxations."

"Then I beg, sir, that you will never indulge in your little relaxations here. Come, Fitz! to bed, to bed. It is almost titth."

But Fitz did not go to bed. He put on his hat and walked out with Johnson. A night coach to London was approaching. "Phil," cried Fitzboozle, squeezing his hand, "I am off, my life is wretched here—I must change the scene."

And, despite his friend's remonstrances, he mounted the coach and departed.

The next morning the postman delivered at Avonley Hall, a letter to the following import—

"*London, July 17th*, 18—.

"MY DEAR LORD,

"You have been my benefactor, and by that very fact I became your serf, your slave. I hereby return the favors you have heaped upon me, not excluding a wife. I sell to-morrow for America, and remain,

"Your Lordship's grateful Servant,
"FRANKS FITZBOOZLE,

"LORD AVONLEY, Aveeley Hall.
——Shire."

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT., 29 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GUVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIGGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS KNOWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWOLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

For what is the Contest?

It is but a short time before the people of this commonwealth are to exercise, by their own hands, their authority, and perform their necessary duty in carrying on our system of government—"the rule of the people," by electing from among themselves their public servants and official agents. And the Democracy are called upon again to sustain in this election, those principles of truth, justice and equal rights, which are of fundamental importance for the preservation of the independence of the country, and the liberty—the personal, individual rights of the citizen, from the insiduous graspings of power, the enemy everywhere, and at all times, of the popular sovereignty, which, if not watched by the eternal vigilance of an enlightened people, will, under deceptive guises and by artful wiles, steal away their liberties.

But is there any necessity existing in the state of affairs in Massachusetts, which requires this appeal in support of democratic principles to be annually urged? and is their any real cause here, in the old Bay State, which was first and foremost in revolutionary times to support "liberty and independence," for the people to rally for a change in the management of the State government? Or is this appeal made but as a pretence to keep up the organization of a party? is it but the humbug, mock patriotism, of political hacks and office-seeking demagogues? Such persons there are, who, from base motives, will attach themselves to all parties and associations; but the people should not suffer the cause of truth and justice to be injured by its being advocated by bad and corrupt men. They should therefore, carefully, and with an honest devotion to the public good, investigate the practices of whiggery and the claims of democracy, so that they may be prepared, in the coming election to vote like intelligent freemen.

The whig or federal party has, with but little interruption, had the management of the State government for the last twenty years. Is their anything in its management of public affairs and its results that calls for *change*? Much is said of the happy and prosperous condition of the people under this whig government, and the signs of prosperity are triumphantly pointed to by whig partizans, as evidences of the benign effects of whig legislation. But with an intelligent, industrious and frugal people, how can it be otherwise, than that increasing wealth and prosperity should appear, whatever may be the character of the government? It does not, however, necessarily follow that the product of the industry of the people has been properly secured to those whose labor has earned it, or that the people have nothing to gain—that no reform can be effected by a change. On casting a look about the State, it is true that many evidences of prosperity meet us. We see around us the improvements which rapidly increasing wealth is making. Proud edifices, stately dwellings and almost princely palaces arise around us in our cities and villages, and *the people* occasionally, *catch a glimpse* of the luxurious adornments and embellishments, which princely fortunes are gathering around the favored few. But the condition of the masses of the people, the farmers, the mechanics and the laboring many, by whose sweat all this wealth is produced, does not show that progressive improvement, which is boasted of as distinguishing Massachusetts from her neighboring democratic States. If there has been an increased prosperity resulting from the laboring industry of Massachusetts, it has, under whig legislation, been monopolized by the few, instead of benefitting the producing many. The whig managers of affairs in our State, while making loud professions of love for the laborers, have practically realized to them, results which are forcibly expressed in the sentiment of the song of the ancient Egyptian husbandmen:—

"Tread ye out for yourselves,
"Tread ye out for yourselves,
"O, oxen!

"Tread ye out for yourselves,
"Tread ye out for yourselves,
"The straw!

"For man who are your masters,
"The grain!

If the producing industry of the people has been stimulated, the whig policy of legislation has been such as to give to the wealthy few the chief benefit which has been the result. Amid all this torrent of love and protection for the laborer which has been poured out by whiggery, in reality, they would have the laborer but feed upon the "*straw*," while the capitalist garners the "*grain*." While the bones and sinews of the masses have labored in useful productiveness, the whig politicians, at the command of the money power, have been contriving to throw, by artful tricks and subtile jugglery, the earnings of the people into the coffers of the capitalist.

Whiggery, in all its sets, will always be found true to itself as the representative of money. It would elevate money above men. Whig legislation is continually aiming to realize the idea, so boldly expressed by a distinguished whig, that, "*it is the part of wisdom to found government upon property.*" The end and aim, and sole business of whig legislation is to increase and protect the power of wealth, to aggregate to itself the earnings of the people. Of this character, it will be found, is the whig legislation of our State—the whig legislature being thus made the special agent to look after the prosperity of the monied interests.

To this end plans are all the enactments for building up monopolies and chartered corporations. It is legislation for taking out of the hands of the people their legitimate business, and giving its profits to invested capital. This special legislation for capital, it is true, is done under the pretence of promoting the public good and many hypocritical professions. Corporations with extraordinary powers and anti-republican features, are established under the specious pretences which are sounded in earnest appeals in the name of the "widows and orphans" who are to share the profits of the monopoly. Whiggery can sympathize with the *poor* widows and orphans who have *money* to purchase their scores of shares in corporations at a thousand dollars per share, and invest their tens of thousands in State loans, and it builds up monopolies and enacts special laws for their protection. But it can give no thought to the widow, whom the death of the poor laborer has left friendless and moneyless; nor can it feel for the orphan, who, in poverty and destitution must delve his way through the world.

Again, we see the principle of whiggery—its subserviency to money and its contempt for the people, manifested in the peculiar policy of our whig legislature relative to railroads. It has granted railroad monopolies under the pretence of promoting the "*public good*"—but when the *public good* requires additional railroad facilities, and the people ask for the privilege to build such other roads as their convenience requires, a deaf ear is turned to their petitions, and the people are sent away from the halls of the legislature by the lobbying influence of capitalists, and the agents of chartered monopolies, who would keep away all competition. The people are thus virtually told that their welfare and the *public good* must succumb to the private interests of invested capital. The people must be subjected to inconvenience and heavy burdens, rather than the large dividends of a few capitalists should be reduced to reasonable rates.

The devotion of whiggery to money and the interests of the capitalist, again show conspicuously in the extravagance and wasteful expenditures of the whig government. High salaries are paid to office holders, who are the pets of the monied aristocracy, and the revenue of the State is lavished in total disregard of the principles of economy, which should never be lost sight of by a republican government. When the whig party took the government of the State from the hands of their democratic predecessors, they found the State free from debt, with an annual revenue amply sufficient to meet all necessary expenditures, and with a surplus in the treasury. The people of Massachusetts, by whig extravagance, are now saddled with a heavy debt, and the people are taxed *sixty or seventy thousand dollars* a year to pay the interest upon this debt—the legacy of whiggery. This is the result of whig management; and in it we see whiggery still true to its principle and true to the interest of its master—money. "A national debt is a national blessing," says distinguished whig authority. And the whigs of Massachusetts create a State debt by extravagantly squandering the public revenue, and thereby provide a safe investment for the capitalists, and pledge the property and resources of the people for its security, and tax their industry annually to pay the interest to the capitalist, thus making man subservient to money, and the people tributary to the wealthy class.

It is seen, then, that whiggery is the servant of money, and regards man but as a *thing* made of flesh and bones, like unto a machine of wood and iron, valuable only as it can be made subservient to wealth.—And it is bet to overthrow and if possible annihilate this principle, and sweep away, by a thorough reform, the partial and unjust legislation which it has enacted, that the democracy wage this political contest.

Democracy regards man as God has made him—an intelligent being, possessed, by the gift of his Creator, of inalienable rights, independent of factitious circumstances, and as a *man*, neither ennobled by the possession of wealth, nor detracted from by the want of it. It would enact equal and just laws for all men.—It would grant *privileges* and special favors to none. It would reform the partial and unjust legislation by which whiggery has laid heavy burdens upon the people, and establish in the management of our State government the principles of justice and economy. And with a firm and abiding trust in God, and in the power of truth and right to finally overcome error and wrong, the democracy commend their principles to the candid investigation of the people, in hope and faith that a democratic victory shall soon sound the death knell of whiggery, even in Massachusetts; and that the banner of REFORM shall be borne in triumph over the Old Bay State.

* * *

The Check List.

Will our friends in the city and country be careful and get their names upon the Check List. Here, no person's name can be put upon the Voting List after the polls are opened; and in the country, though it is usual to put names on at any time during the election (as the Selectmen preside at the meeting and can do it,) yet it is unsafe to wait, because they may adopt a rule that no name shall be put upon the Check List after voting commences. See to it, then, that your name and your behind-hand neighbor's name is on in season! And after getting your name on, remember that it is so much labor lost unless you go and VOTE!

☞ By request, we again state that George W. Dike has declined the nomination for Senator, and Bradford Russell, Esq., has been nominated in his stead. And we will add, we are highly gratified with the nomination, and we doubt not the whole democratic party is also.

Mr Boutwell's Address.

We were never better satisfied with the remarks of any gentleman, than with those of Mr Boutwell, last Tuesday evening; and if we can judge of the feelings of the hearers generally, from the attention paid the speaker, they were no less pleased with him than ourself, for we never saw an audience give more close attention than was given him for upwards of an hour.—Nor was it the attention of men seeking witty and funny remarks, but it was the attention of men desirous of forming correct opinions, and to da so, of giving an candid, sound argument, based upon indisputable statistics, a fair and honest consideration.

Mr Boutwell's remarks were principally confined to the protective and the revenue tariff policy. Some of the positions he attempted to establish, and which, we think every person who heard him, must, if he speaks the truth, admit he succeeded in establishing, were:—1st. That the free labor of the north needed no protection against the pauper labor of Europe, or of anywhere else. This position he maintained by the unanswerable arguments that slave labor, tho' cheapest that labor could be, in price, was not able to compete with free labor, it being less productive in proportion to its cost than the free labor. That labor was cheap or dear, not because a laborer is paid a greater or less price, but because the price is great or or less for a given amount of work. A slave's labor costs only his living: yet he does so much less work than a free laborer that he is dearer at that than the free laborer at a much greater price. And so much more skilful, and physically able are the free laborers of this country than the laborers of any other, that we send our productions to countries where labor was the cheapest of any place on earth. Cottons were formerly sent here from India at a great price; but now, from the superior skill, invention, capacity and physical power of our labor, though labor in india is but a few cents a day, we send cottons there. And another evidence that protection was unnecessary, was, that the protection given manufactures in their infancy, was much less than now. If the labor in this country could compete with that of the world, in manufacturing business, when manufactures were in their infancy, without skill, capital or experience, with a trifling duty, it certainly could now. He also shew that we could produce in this country cheaper than in any other place because of our natural advantages.—In manufacturing, our power for driving machinery was cheaper and better, and our raw material much less: the same quantity of Cotton used in the State of Massachusetts, casts in England upwards of $1,000,000 more, a sum equal to one-fourth of the cost of all the cotton manufacturing labor in the State.

2d. That labor was particularly interested in a liberal Commercial policy. Mr Boutwell took the ground and clearly sustained it, that a restricted commerce cramped agriculture, diminished our exports, reduced the price of agricultural labor, and as seven-tenths of the labor of the country was engaged in agricultural pursuits, it reduced the price of all other labor, because in no business would employers pay more than the labor could be commanded for, and it could always be had for what agricultural laborers received.

Mr B., after considering the protective policy in all its bearings upon the various interests of the country, spoke briefly upon our Mexican relations, and the course of a portion of our people, (the whigs) in reference thereto. Texas, he said, had been annexed—the annexation was an act wholly and only concerning Texas and the U States, as Texas at the time and long before annexation, was a free and independent government, and acknowledged to be so by the principal nations of the earth. Mexico had been fit to refuse a settlement of a boundary line, or keep her agreements and treaty stipulations, had commenced a war. Patriotism demanded of every man the maintenance of our rights, and the defence of our country; and it was painful to see any other course advocated. He dwelt upon the necessity of preserving the Union, and considered it a subject that, under no circumstances, should be considered for a moment only to be condemned. He closed by calling on all to stand by the Union, however and by whomever assailed.

A NEW PROPOSITION. Mr Wise, the Ærenaut, proposes, in the Lancaster, Pa., paper, to capture the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa, at Vera Cruz. He proposes to ascend from on board a vessel in a balloon, the car of which shall be filled with percussioned bomb shells and torpedoes, to the amount of 18,000 lbs. The balloon, with a cabol attached, can take an elevation of a mile in height, out of the reach of shot, and being poised over the Castle, can with great accuracy and precision, hurl down the dreadful missiles upon them, scattering destruction among the enemy in all directions. The expense would be trifling, and the results might be great. The Mexicans would, at all events, be terribly alarmed at the appearance of a balloon poised over them.

MOBS OF COLORED PEOPLE says the N. Y. Sun, have been congregated in the streets and committing breaches of the peace to a very serious extent, within a few days, exhibiting a degree of violence and contempt to the law which may endanger the tranquility of the city. The young person who has excited their sympathies is in the hands of the authorities; he is defended by able lawyers, and will be dealt with as the laws of this State and the United States shall direct. Obedience to these laws is the duty of all, and colored people have certainly as much interests in the supremacy of law and good order as any other class.

FIRE THIS MORNING. About 4½ o'clock this morning a fire broke out on Gorham street, in the Green House, and burnt up pretty much the third story. Our Firemen were immediately on hand and soon arrested its progress. The Building was owned by Joshua Bennett Esq., of Billerica.

THE GALE IN FLORIDA. The Jacksonville News of the 16th inst. says that the gale was felt there with great severity. All the wharves in Jacksonville were carried away, and several buildings contiguous to the river destroyed. Loss $7000.

FIRE IN WORCESTER. About 11 o'clock on Saturday night, the dwelling house, owned and occupied by Levi Allen, on the Canal, near Winter street, was discovered to be on fire; and between fire and water, was almost totally destroyed. All of the inmates escaped with their effects.—*Ex.*

VOTES for Governor, Lt. Governor, Member of Congress and State Senators, for Tewksbery, Dracutt and Tyngsboro' may be had at the "Patriot and Republican" office.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Pennsylvania Election.

PENNSYLVANIA. The Post of this morning gives the official vote for canal commissioner as follows:—

W. B. Foster dem.,	89,064.
Power, whig,	97,963.
Murton, native,	15,454.
Elder, abolitionist,	2,028.

Whig candidate elected, but he is in a *minority* of EIGHT THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THREE votes. Total vote 204,479 less than in 1844!

Congress—7 democrats, 16 whigs, 1 native elected; total 24. In the 59th Congress 12 democrats, 10 whigs, 2 natives.

Senate—14 democrats, 18 whigs, 1 native. Last year 18 democrats, 14 whigs, 1 native.

House—43 democrats, 56 whigs. Last year 66 democrats, 34 whigs.

FLORIDA ELECTION RETURNS. From the best information we have been able to obtain, we are satisfied there will be a democratic majority in both branches of the Legislature. Although defeated in the Congressional ticket, we have not the less confidence in the democracy of the State.

The result so far as heard from gives Cabell from 100 to 200 majority. The official returns when received, may show a little difference, but not sufficient to make any decided change.—*Tallahassee Floridan of Oct. 17.*

Vindication of General Butler. Several of our city papers, remarks the New York True Sun, having through their Washington correspondent, and otherwise, impeached the courage and conduct of General Butler, at the siege of Monterey, the following refutation of those reports, by one we all know and place implicit reliance in, will be read with satisfaction:

NEW YORK, Oct. 28d, 1846.

Gentlemen— * * * * * *

As it may so happen that Gen. Butler is not known to another individual in this city, I deem it proper to request the public to wait further accounts from Gen. Taylor before passing upon the conduct of Gen. Butler. I have long known him personally, and it is due to candor to say that Gen. Butler was regarded as one of our most gallant officers in the late war. He served under General Jackson, and was by him mentioned in his official reports for the highest gallantry in the field of battle, on several occasions. That Gen. Butler may have been *rash* or imprudent in sacrificing his men is possible, and if so, he was no doubt censured by Gen. Taylor, but not for lack of courage. Though Gen. Butler and myself differ politically, I nevertheless deem it no more than justice to a gallant soldier to make this statement.

I am, gentlemen, yours,
Very respectfully,
JAS. MONROE.

OHIO. The whigs have not much to brag of in the Pork State. Last year and the year before last, the Senate consisted of 21 whigs and 15 democrats, but now it stands 18 democrats to 18 whigs. The House of Representatives last year consisted of 45 whigs and 27 democrats, but this year 32 democrats have been elected and 40 whigs; by which manœver the whig majority in that branch of the Legislature is reduced to 8 votes. The majority on joint ballot, last year, was 24; but this year it is only 8! Such another victory would ruin the whigs of Ohio entirely, and make them sing *O, heigh, oh!*—*N. Y. Globe.*

Mexican News.

The principal priests delegated to represent the Mexican priesthood, have consented to raise two millions of dollars towards defraying the expenses of the war, by mortgaging their estates and other property.

The merchants in the city of Mexico have raised five hundred thousand dollars and paid it over to the government, for the purpose of carrying on the war, and promise an equal amount every month.

The Diario del Gobierno announces that Gen. Santa Anna was taken sick with fever on the 19th Sept., but on the 24th he had so far recovered that a brigade for Montery was sent forward, and he was to follow with the remainder of the troops on the 25th.

A letter dated at the city of Mexico, 24th Sept., says—"It is reported that Ampudia has given up the command of the army of the north, and the secession has caused violent disputes among other principal officers. This alarming rumor has hastened the departure of Gen. Santa Anna and his army."

General Yanez, commander in cheif at Jalisco, marched on the 7th September for Tepic and San Blas, with a large force, preparatory to the defence of those points in case of an attack.

WHIG DISASTER IN OHIO. The counties heard from, officially and unofficially, give the whig candidate for governor about two thousand majority; and in the legislature the whigs will have from five to six majority on joint ballot. There will undoubtedly be a *tie* in the senate.

This, says the Cincinnati Advertiser, will be nothing for whigism to crow over. Last year and the year before last, that body stood 21 whigs to 15 democrats, a whig majority of six.

"The house exhibits to the whigs a still larger list of killed, wounded and missing. Last year, after the member from Morgan was rejected, and his seat given to a whig, there was a round whig majority in that branch of EIGHTEEN. It will scarcely do next session exceed SIX—A LOSS OF TWELVE. On joint ballot they had a clear majority of TWENTY-FOUR. The next session it may be eight, and likely only SIX—a massacre of EIGHTEEN.

FROM PENSACOLA—ANOTHER SHIP GONE!—We learn from the New York Sun, that on Saturday night, the 10th inst., between 8 and 9 o'clock, the U. S. steamer Gen. Taylor, took fire alongside the wharf, at Pensacola, and in a short time burnt to the water's edge. Great exertions were made by the officers and mechanics of the yard to save the boat. About 400 men, with three engines and abundance of hose, were kept at work for about an hour and a half, but all to no purpose. It is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

☞ MR. F. S. CUTLER, West India Goods Dealer in the Saving's Bank Building, Shetteck Street, has as nice White Grapes as can be found in this or any other city. We, and all our office, from head-man to *devil*, will attest the truth of what we say if anybody doubts it after trying them.

ARKANSAS. William R. Johnson has been elected to Congress from Arkansas, without opposition.—He is a Democrat, and received 16,425 votes out of 16,526 votes polled.

☞ John L. Webb, Esq., democratic member elect to the Pennsylvania legislature from Bradford county, died suddenly a few days since.

☞ Our papers are regularly sent to Woburn if they do not reach there Cave Johnson's Mail is in the fault. We have had similar complaints from different parts of the County.

☞ The Hutchinson Family give their Concert at the City Hall to-night.

☞ To-night the Mechanics' Phalanx give their first levee of the season.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brieckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No*t 67 South st..

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

DIED.

In this city on the 24th inst Mrs Maria Holt, formerly of Lancaster .N H.. aged 21 yrs,

Mrs. Holt has resided in this city about two years, and had been married nearly one year ear she was called away by the angel of death.

She is gone! and yet she is with us!—embolmed in the affections of her kindred and friends her memory is immortal.

Why do we mourn departing friends,
Or shake at death's alarms;
'Tis but the voice that Jesus sends
To call us to his arms.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. BUFFINGTON would respectfully give notice to the Ladies' and gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence his *Second Course* of lessons at *CONCERT HALL*, for instruction in *Dancing* and *Waltzing*, on TUESDAY evening, Nov. 2d, 1846

Tuition—Gentlemen, $3; Ladies $2; for 13 lessons. Payable the first part of the course.

Mr. Buffington would say to all those who may favor him with a call, that there shall be nothing connected with his school, to offend the most fastidious, and that good order shall be strictly observed.

☞ Private Lessons will be given to all who may wish, by leaving their names at Concert Hall, No. 82 Merrimack St.

Lowell, Oct. 29th, 1846.

a&p1w.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of Seth Chellis, of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Yeomne, ee Insolvent debtor and all persons being iedebted to,or having any effects of the said insolvent ere reqeested to pay ned deliver the same to me.

The second meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holdee at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, oe Ceetral Street in said Lowell, on Saturday the seventh day of Novemher next,et ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time crediters may prove their claims.

By Order of snid Mester in Chancery.
A. R. BROWN Assignee.
Lowell Oct 29th 1846 A 3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 28 1846.

NOTICE is hereby gives, that e warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES TARLTON, of Lowell, in said County, en insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Tarlton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chencery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the sixth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will enmo prepered to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Tarlton and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct29a3t

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tildes street and loy a sidewnlk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mall,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thorndike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilde street and lay out sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

NOTICE.

THE public are notified that I do not pay debts contracted by Mrs. OLIVIA M. CAVERLY, for reasons that have long since been notorious.

ROBERT B. CAVERLY.
Lowell oct. 28th, 1846. A1t

RAILROAD MEETING.

THE friends of the Stony Brook Railroad are desired to meet at the Washington House, Lowell, at 7 o'clock P. M., Friday Oct., 30.

MR LOVER.

AUTHOR of "Handy Andy," "Rory O'More," &c., will appear at the Mechanics' Hall on

FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, Oct. 30, 1846,

in his Irish Evening, illustrative of the National Characteristics, Mirth and Melody of his country, with HIS OWN SONGS, the celebrated tale of "SHAMUS O'Brien," (producing so much sensation in New York,) and his own original comic story of THE GRIDIRON.

Tickets 50 cents, to be had at the Merrimack House, and at the Bookstore of Bixby and Merrill & Heywood.

Doors open at a quarter past 7—performance to commence at 8 o'clock. A2t oct26.

LOST from the office of the subscribers a file of Notes accounts and Executions. Said papers comprised a small bundle, with a Paste-board band round them, marked "C. C. Pleas, files for sett." Whoever will return said Papers shall be suitably rewarded,

BROWN & ALGER.
Lowell, Oct. 24, 1846. a1w

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Brooches, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nobs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quissing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Guilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Hooks, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Head Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Beads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Coke Baskets; Britannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Guilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracut aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracut, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court thereon.
Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock—evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15otw

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Master in chancery on Central street in said Lowell, on Saturday the thirty-first day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon: at which meeting Creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Assignee.
Oct. 26th 1846. A2t

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

First Vessel.

The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.

The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, RICH, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hyson agent at N. O.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted in stamina the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep1a4m H. T. BUTLER.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY

of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnsons corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in one degrees the basis of this work; but the words foul in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronunciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that the dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent Enlish Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculiar technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery with in and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell, in said county, carpeter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the editors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the second day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Chellis, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

oct20a3t JOS BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

L. D. BOISE—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. B CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

TO CARPENTERS AND JOB-TAKERS!

THE subscriber, one of the committee chosen by the members of the first Methodist Society, in Dracutt, to build a house of Public Worship, would give notice that they will receive proposals for building and finishing said house (all above the underpining) from this date to the 14th of November next.

The house is to be 44 by 36 ft., 19 feet posts and to contain 50 pews. For more particulars, reference may be had to the Rev. Mr Daubna's Meeting House, in Pelham, N. H., which is to be a pattern.

The contractor can have till the first of June 1847, to complete the house. BENJA. STEVENS.
October 20th, 1846. o23r3t.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.
Lowell Oct. 17 1846. A3w

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 10½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

Scenes in the Rocky Mountains

Oregon, California, Mexico, Texas and Grand Prairies.

OR Notes during an excursion of three years; with a description of the countries passed through. By a New Englander. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
sept26, 23 Central street.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. e1a3m.

MINIATURE LOST.

LOST between Lowell and Sandwich *N. H.* a gold plated Locket. The finder by leaving the same at this Office will be suitably rewarded.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P.M

" Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P.M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11½ A. M.—2 and 6½ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5½ P.M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

[illegible] Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
sep3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Count in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

'TIS ASTONISHING

THAT people will pay such prices for Boots and Shoes when by calling at A. BROWN'S cheap Boot and Shoe establishment, they can be suited to any article in the Boot and Shoe line 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other store in the city,—they have on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, all of which are warranted to give good satisfaction. Purchasers will find by calling at their establishment one fourth of their money will be saved, as they trade on the cash principle both in buying and selling, consequently can and will sell so as to defy all competition. We would just say to those wishing to purchase to give them a call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct1

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y*

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.
A&P1tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water; Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls: The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On Saturday next Oct 31 at 10 and 2 o'clock,

The balance of a Stock of Cloths; consisting of Fine German Blue, Black, and Brown Broadcloth, Beg. do; Fine Mix'd and Blk Cassimeres; Fancy Doeskins; Single and Double Milled Tweeds, Satinetts, Valencia, Blk and Fig Satin Vestings, Red and White Tw'd Flonnels, Vigone Undershirts; Drawers; &c. &c.

Dealers are invited too attend.

Dwelling House on Chestnut Street.

On SATTRDAY Oct. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M.; on the premises, a fine Dwelling House with 7 neatly furnished and conveniently arranged Rooms, nearly new, with lot of 560 feet of land pleasantly situated on the Lowell side of Chestnut street near High street.

A perfect title will be given and terms made easy. Sale position; the owner being about to leave the city. The House may be examined on application to the Auctioneer, 4 days previous to sale.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Cuba Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $60. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new end Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 *shares* in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woolroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts; each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single; and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE; decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do.

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

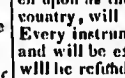
ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory; and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Manadic Falls—About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,
15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading oet the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved far shaw,
Like neat eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering avee life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guaranteen to do without suffering the patient to worldly auspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a carative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to donbt, or even cavy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is annecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from unseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. Price at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state here, as by letter, to all who or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who cause be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now, infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement healed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD YOUNKER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Younker; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill, Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may15a] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Eryeipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prumpt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

adv&putly apr4

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueis the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nerve ns diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will befound on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumarated above. They purify the blood, serve regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomuck, and strengthen the nerves, at one securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In alkanes of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostation of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, in a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in the gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificat, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking the bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptom entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, ong Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelgent physicains, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cerry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by these of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the pliont or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, shuld secure and have secured for it, a character which well deserves. The prejudice usually existing ninst advertised medicines, would not be merited if istowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal onstituents, should at once recommend it to the publi favor.

E. THORNTON, JR. (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the princal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of three splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Billious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refended.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. sdv1yjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, injuring seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.,

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athencum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jonce, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d etory; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families need this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, failing of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvonic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

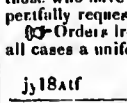


L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH. — The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spevins, stiffness of the joints, strains and collouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in

such apportionment, shall be rated by the selectmen of Chelsea, and holden in the town of Chelsea; and the selectmen of North Chelsea shall make a true list of persons belonging to that town, qualified to vote, at every such election, and deliver the same to the selectmen of the town of Chelsea, by whom the same shall be taken and used in the same manner as if it had been prepared by themselves.

Sec. 5. In case said towns should not agree in respect to a division of town paupers, town property, or town debts, or state or county taxes, the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Suffolk is hereby authorized to, and shall, upon petition of either town, appoint three competent and disinterested persons to hear the parties, and award thereon; and any award made by said three persons, or any two of them, and accepted by the said court, shall be final.

Sec. 6. Any justice of the peace in the county of Suffolk is hereby authorized to issue his warrant, directed to any principal inhabitant of said town of North Chelsea, requiring him to notify and warn the inhabitants thereof, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at the time and place therein appointed, for the purpose of choosing all such town officers as towns are by law authorized and required to choose at their annual meetings.

Section 7. This act shall take affect from and after its passage.

Approved by the Governor, March 19, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Hawkers and Pedlers.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. From and after the first day of July next, every hawker, pedler, or petty chapman, or other person, going from town to town, from place to place, or from dwelling house to dwelling house in the same town, either on foot, or with one or more horses, or otherwise carrying for sale, any goods, wares or merchandize, or taking a residence in any town for that purpose, for a less time than one year, except as provided in the second section, or under a license granted as herein provided, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars for every offence. And that nothing contained in this section shall be construed to restrain sales at Public Auction, according to law.

Sec. 2. Any person may go about as aforesaid, selling and exposing to sale any fruits and provisions whatever, live animals, brooms, agricultural implements, fuel, newspapers, books or pamphlets, agricultural products of the United States, the products of his own family; but the sale of jewelry, wines, spirituous liquors, playing cards, indigo and feathers—as aforesaid, is hereby prohibited; *provided*, if the city council of any city shall authorize the mayor and aldermen of such city, or the inhabitants of any town shall authorize the selectmen of such town to restrain the sale, by minors, of any goods, wares or merchandize, the sale of which in the manner aforesaid is permitted in this section, such mayor and aldermen, or selectmen, while such authority remains in force, may exercise, in the premises, all the powers they are by law authorised to exercise in relation to theatrical exhibitions and public shows; and any violation of such restraint, when the same shall be imposed by the regulations of said mayor and aldermen, or said selectmen, or any sale of the articles in question, without a license, where the same shall be required in exercise of the authority above granted, shall subject the persons guilty of the same to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars for every offence; *provided, further*, that no such restraint imposed, or license granted, shall remain in force beyond the term of office of those by whom the same was imposed or granted.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Commonwealth may grant a license to go about selling and exposing to sale, any goods, wares or merchandize, not prohibited in the second section, to any applicant, who shall file in his office a certificate, signed by a majority of the selectmen of any town, or the mayor of any city, in the Commonwealth, which certificate shall state that, to the best knowledge and belief of such mayor or selectmen, the applicant therein named is a citizen of the United States, and resides in such city or town, and is in good repute for morals and integrity. And the mayor or selectmen as aforesaid, before granting such certificate, shall require every such applicant to make oath that he is the person named therein, that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a resident of such city or town, which oath shall be certified by a justice of the peace, and accompany the certificate.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause to be inserted in every license, the names of such cities and towns as the applicant shall select, with the sum to be paid to the respective treasurers thereof, annexed, and shall receive from the applicant one dollar for each city or town so inserted; and any person so licensed is hereby authorized to sell, as aforesaid, any goods, wares or merchandize not prohibited in the second section, in any city or town mentioned in his license, upon first tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum stated to be due; and the treasurer of such city or town shall make a certificate on the face of the license, stating the sum so received. No license granted under this act shall be pleaded in bar to any complaint against the person licensed, if it be proved that he exposed to sale in any county, city or town mentioned in such license, any article not permitted or prohibited in the second section, prior to tendering to the treasurer thereof the sum required by this act, or in any county, city or town not mentioned in such license: *Provided*, that this act shall not be construed to require any person so licensed to pay the sum due to the treasurer of any county, city or town, before he is prepared to trade therein.

Sec. 5. Every person licensed under the foregoing sections, in addition to the sum payable to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall pay to the treasurer of each city or town mentioned in his license, the sums following: For every town containing not more than one thousand inhabitants, according to the U. States census next preceding the date of any license, three dollars. For every town containing more than one thousand and not more than two thousand inhabitants, six dollars. For every town containing more than two thousand and not more than three thousand inhabitants, eight dollars. For every town containing more than three thousand and not more than four thousand inhabitants, ten dollars. And for every town containing more than four thousand inhabitants, the sum shall be increased, in addition to ten dollars, one dollar for every one thousand inhabitants over four thousand contained therein; *provided*, that the sum to be paid to the treasurer of any city or town shall in no case exceed twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 6. Every license granted under this Act before the first day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, shall bear date on the first day of July next, and shall continue in force till the first day of January aforesaid and no longer, and the amount to be paid therefor shall be one half of any sums herein provided to be paid for a similar license for a year; and every license granted after the aforesaid first day of January, shall bear date on the first day of January of the year in which it is granted, and shall continue in force one year and no longer; and it shall not be lawful for any person to sell under any such license except the person licensed therein or named in a transfer of the same, as hereinafter provided. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of all licenses granted, with the number of each, the name and residence of the person licensed, and the counties, cities and towns mentioned therein, and also of all special State licenses. The treasurers of the counties, cities and towns shall severally keep records of all licenses upon which the sums provided in this act have been paid, with the number of each, the name and residence of the persons licensed, and the sums received thereon; and all such records shall be open for public inspection.

Sec. 7. In addition to the licenses authorized in the foregoing sections, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, upon the conditions required in the third section, may grant special State licenses, upon the payment, by the applicant, of one hundred dollars for each license; and the person so licensed shall be authorized to expose to sale, in any person within said counties, any tin, britannia, glass or wooden ware, of the manufactures of the United States, or any other wood wares or merchandize manufactured by himself or his employer, and not prohibited in this act, upon tendering to the treasurer of each county mentioned in said license, respectively, the sums following: For Suffolk, Essex, Middlesex and Worcester, each four dollars. For Norfolk, Berkshire, Hampden, Bristol and Plymouth, each three dollars. For Franklin, Hampshire and Barnstable, each two dollars. For Nantucket, one dollar, for Dukes one dollar. And the county treasurers, respectively, upon the receipt of any sum as aforesaid, shall certify thereon, to the face of the license, stating the amount so received.

Sec. 8. All sums paid to the Secretary of the Commonwealth under this act, shall be for the use of the Commonwealth; and all sums paid to the treasurer of any county, city or town, shall be for the use of the county, city or town so receiving the same. Any license granted under this act, upon proceedings had by the applicant, as provided in the third section, may be transferred by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the person to whom such license is transferred, shall be liable, in all respects, as if he were the person originally licensed.

Sec. 9. Every person licensed as herein provided, shall post his name, residence and the number of his license in a conspicuous manner, upon his parcels or vehicle, and whenever such license is demanded of him by any selectman or justice of the peace, he shall forthwith exhibit it, and if he neglect or refuse to do so, shall be subject to the same penalty as if he were without a license; and this act, or a synopsis thereof, shall be printed on every license.

Sec. 10. The license of any person who shall be convicted of a violation of any provision of this act shall be void. Any person who shall counterfeit or forge a license, or who shall have a counterfeit or forged license in his possession, with the intent to utter or use the same as true, knowing it to be false and counterfeit, or who shall attempt to sell under a license which has expired, or is forfeited, or which was not granted to him, or which has not been transferred, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

Sec. 11. The seventh and eighth sections of the thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 16, 1846.

AN ACT to set off a part of the town of Ipswich, and annex the same to the town of Boxford.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: That the tract of land, containing about ten acres, heretofore situated in the town of Ipswich, in the County of Essex, lying northerly of the following described lines, viz: commencing at the westerly corner of Ipswich, at a stone marked "Ips. Top. Box.," in land of Isaac Hale, at the corner of Ipswich and Topsfield, at Boxford line, and thence running south, fifty-four degrees east, sixty-four rods and three links, to a bound stone between Ipswich and Topsfield, at a point northerly of the house of Elbridge S. Bixby; and thence, running north twenty-two degrees east, sixty-six rods and ten links, to a point on the present line between Ipswich and Boxford, with the inhabitants thereon, be set off from said town of Ipswich and annexed to said town of Boxford; and said inhabitants shall hereafter be considered inhabitants of Boxford, and shall there exercise and enjoy all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties and liabilities, in like manner with the other inhabitants of said town of Boxford. Provided, that said land and the inhabitants thereon, shall be holden to pay all such taxes as have lawfully been assessed or granted by said town of Ipswich, in the same manner as they would have been holden, if this act had not been passed. [Approved by the Governor, March 7th, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the dividing line between the towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. The dividing line between the towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater, in the County of Plymouth, is hereby established, as follows: Beginning at a stone monument, on the northerly side of the highway, near the dwelling-house of Lyman Willis, in West Bridgewater, on the line between the towns of East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater, thence, running south, sixty-five degrees and twenty-four minutes east, four hundred and forty-two rods, to a stone monument, on the line between said towns of East Bridgewater and Bridgewater, on the northerly side of the highway, leading from the dwelling-house of Caleb Mitchell to Joppa Village; thence, running south, eighty-five degrees and twenty minutes east, one hundred and eighty rods, to a stone monument, on the northerly side of the road, about one rod from the bridge, being a former angle of the town line, and from thence to Halifax line, as described and established by an Act passed the twenty-third day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty eight, establishing the dividing line between the said towns of Bridgewater and East Bridgewater; and the said line, as above described, shall forever hereafter be the dividing line between said towns.

Sec. 2. All the land lying on the southerly side of said line, which has heretofore constituted a part of the town of East Bridgewater, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Bridgewater, and all persons residing on the land aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be inhabitants of said town of Bridgewater.

Sec. 3. All the land lying on the northerly side of said dividing line, which has heretofore constituted a part of the town of Bridgewater, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of East Bridgewater.

Sec. 4. All persons who shall hereafter become chargeable as paupers to either of said towns of Bridgewater or East Bridgewater, whose legal settlement shall have been acquired on the territory set off by this act from the town of East Bridgewater to the town of Bridgewater, and who are not residents upon said territory at the time of passing this act, shall receive their support by the town of East Bridgewater; and all persons who shall hereafter become chargeable as paupers to either of said towns, whose legal settlement shall have been acquired on the territory set off by this act from the town of Bridgewater to the town of East Bridgewater, and who are not residents upon said territory at the time of passing this act, shall receive their support by the town of Bridgewater.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, March 20th, 1846.

AN ACT to alter the times of holding the terms of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Hampshire.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. That portion of the fortieth section of the eighty-second chapter of the Revised Statutes, which provides that the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Hampshire, shall be held on the fourth Monday of March and the third Mondays of August and November, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. There shall be a term of the Court of Common pleas within and for the County of Hampshire, on the third Monday in February, the first Monday of June, and the third Monday of October, annually.

Sec. 3. All writs, recognizances, continuances, or other proceedings, civil or criminal, returnable, or having reference to the third Monday of August next, shall be returned to, have day in, and be proceeded upon, at said term hereby established on the first Monday of June next.

Sec. 4. This act shall take affect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 7th, 1846.

AN ACT relating to the meetings of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec 1. So much of the sixth section of the eighty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as relates to the meeting of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire, on the first Tuesday of June, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. There shall be a meeting of the County Commissioners in the County of Hampshire, on the Tuesday next after the second Monday of June, annually; and all petitions, notices, orders, returns, and other proceedings returnable, and having reference to the first Tuesday of June next, shall apply to, and be proceeded upon at the time herein fixed for holding the June meeting.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 15th, 1846.

RESOLVE in relation to the granting of permits to cut down timber on the public lands.

Resolved, That the Land Agent be directed to suspend the granting of permits to cut down timber on the lands situated on the River St. John, and its tributary streams. Provided, that if it shall be necessary for the prevention of trespasses, the Land Agent is authorized to grant a limited number of permits, not exceeding one for any one township. [Approved by the Governor, April 11th, 1846.

RESOLVE authorizing the Land Agent to sell lands in certain cases.

Resolved, That the Land Agent be authorized and directed to make a further sale of lands heretofore sold by this Commonwealth, in those cases where notes taken for the said lands were due in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, or before that year, and remain unpaid. Provided, That the Land Agent shall first give notice to the delinquent purchasers of the said lands, either by writing, where the parties are known, or by publication made once a month for three months, in one or more of the public newspapers in each of the States of Maine and Massachusetts, of the passage of this Resolve, and that the said delinquent purchasers shall fail to pay their said notes to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth, on or before the first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven; in which case, the said Treasurer is directed to cancel or deliver up the said notes to the makers thereof. [Approved by the Governor, March 2d, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the dividing line between the towns of Hatfield and Williamsburg.

Be it enacted, &c. as follows: Sec. 1. The dividing line between the towns of Williamsburg and Hatfield, in the County of Hampshire, shall commence at the southeast angle of the town of Williamsburg, at a point fifty-five rods and seventeen links to a direction nearly east from a stone monument on the west side of Nurse Mountain road, on the line between the towns of Northampton and Williamsburg, and shall thence run north eleven degrees and thirty minutes east, to the south line of the town of Whately.

Sec. 2. All the land lying on the west side of the line above described, which heretofore constituted part of the town of Hatfield, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Williamsburg, and all the land lying on the east side of the said line, which heretofore was within the town of Williamsburg, is hereby set off and annexed to the town of Hatfield.

Sec. 3. All persons residing on the lands aforesaid, shall be deemed to be inhabitants of the town to which the said lands are respectively annexed, and shall be entitled to all the civil and political rights and privileges therein, that they enjoyed as inhabitants of the town from which the said lands are severed.

Sec. 4. The town of Williamsburg shall be liable for the support of all poor persons who are now, or shall hereafter become, chargeable upon the town of Hatfield, and who have derived their legal settlement from the ownership of, or residence upon, any land which is hereby set off to said town, in the same manner and to the same extent as the town of Hatfield is now, and would continue to be, liable, if this act had not passed.

Sec. 5. The inhabitants of the town of Williamsburg shall, hereafter, pay to the town of Hatfield, such proportion of all County and State taxes, as shall be assessed upon the town of Hatfield, for the lands and estate hereby set off from said town, and annexed to Williamsburg; such proportion to be ascertained and determined by the town valuation, made in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty.

Sec. 6. An Act entitled "An Act to establish the dividing line between the towns of Hatfield and Williamsburg," passed on the fourteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 7. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, March 14th, 1846. Approved by the Governor.

AN ACT providing for a recompense to Prosecutors and Officers in certain cases.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Section 1. Upon any conviction of the offence of forging, or making any false or counterfeit certificate, bill or note, in the similitude of any certificate, bill or note issued by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, or any commissioner or other officer authorized by law to issue the same for any debt of this Commonwealth, or any bank bill or promissory note issued by or for any bank or banking company established in this state, or in any of the United States, or for the offence of counterfeiting any gold or silver coin current, by law or usage, in this Commonwealth, or for the offence of possessing, with intent to utter as true, or of knowingly uttering as true, any such false and counterfeit certificate, bill, note, or coin as aforesaid, and also upon any conviction of having in possession, materials, tools, plates, dies, moulds, or implements, designed and adapted for counterfeiting such coin and bank bills, purporting to be issued by such banks as aforesaid, and also upon forfeiture by persons prosecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, of any recognizance for their appearance to answer to the same, the court before which such conviction may be had, or where the record of such recognizance may be, may order a meet recompense to the prosecutor, and also to the officer who has secured and kept the evidence of the offence, not exceeding their actual expenses, with a reasonable allowance for their time and trouble, to be paid by the county treasurer, and charged by him to the Commonwealth; provided, that where recognizances are forfeited as aforesaid, the amount to be paid in any case, shall not exceed the amount received by the Commonwealth thereon.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, March 21, 1846.

AN ACT to establish the boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The boundary line between the town of Lunenburg, in the County of Worcester, and the town of Shirley, in the County of Middlesex, from an established monument at the southeast corner of Lunenburg and the southwest corner of Shirley, to an established monument at the southeast corner of Townsend, shall be confirmed and established as a straight line; provided that the dwelling house of Jacob Harrington, now supposed to be standing upon the line aforesaid, and the occupants thereof, for all purposes, shall be considered within the town of Lunenburg, so long as said building shall remain on said line. [Approved by the Governor, March 3, 1846.

AN ACT to establish Teachers' Institutes.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. Whenever reasonable assurance shall be given to the Board of Education, that a number not less than seventy teachers of common schools shall desire to assemble for the purpose of forming a Teachers' Institute, and to remain in session for a period not less than ten working days, the said Board, by a committee of their body or by their secretary, or, in case of his inability, by such person or persons as they may delegate, shall appoint a time and place for said meeting, make suitable arrangements therefor, and give due notice thereof.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of rooms, fires, lights, attendance, or other necessary charges, and for procuring teachers and lectures for said Institute, the said Board, their secretary, or other person or persons, duly appointed by them, may draw upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, for a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars for any one Institute, from such funds as may be in the Treasury, under the general warrant of the Governor for said purpose.

Sec. 3. To meet the expenses aforesaid the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer, for a sum not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, to be taken from the capital of the School Fund, and to remain in the Treasury subject to the drafts provided for in the second section of this bill. [Approved by the Governor, March 12, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Annual Returns of Savings Banks and Institutions for Savings.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. The Treasurer of every Savings Bank and Institution for Savings, shall, as often as once in every year, make return of the state thereof, as it was at the close of business on the last Saturday of some preceding month, to be designated by the Governor, which return shall be made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, within fifteen days after an order to that effect; and said return shall specify the following particulars, namely: Place where located; Name of Corporation; Number of Depositors; Amount of Deposits; Public Funds, stating amount on each; Loans on Public Funds, stating amount on each; Invested in Bank Stock, stating amount on each; Loans on Bank Stock, stating amount on each; Deposits in Banks bearing interest, stating amount in each; Loans on Railroad stock, stating amount on each; Invested in Real Estate; Loans on Mortgage of Real Estate; Loans to County or Town; Loans on Personal Security; Cash on hand; Rate and amount of ordinary dividend for last year; Average annual per cent. of dividends of last five years; Annual Expenses of the Institution; all of which shall be certified and sworn to by the Treasurer; and five or more of the Trustees or Managers of the Corporation shall also certify and make oath that the said return is correct, according to their best knowledge and belief.

Sec. 2. Blank forms of such returns shall be furnished to every such corporation by the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and he shall prepare suitable yearly abstracts thereof, and lay the same before the Legislature.

Sec. 3. The eighty-second and eighty-third sections of the thirty-sixth chapter of the Revised Statutes are repealed. [Approved by the Governor, March 7, 1846.

AN ACT to change the Name of the Persons therein mentioned.

Ruth Castles may take the name of Ruth Cobb; Henry Castles may take the name of Charles Henry Cobb; Thomas Coffin Amory may take the name of Thomas C. Amory; Sylvia Fellows Mudget may take the name of Sylvia Fellows Thomas; George B. Kehew may take the name of George B. Appleton; Nathaniel Baker may take the name of Henry Smith Baker; Albert Callender may take the name of Charles Albert Callender; William Sewall Murphy minor son of Widow Sarah L. Pool, may take the name of William Sewall; Samuel Hutchinson Parkhurst may take the name of Julius Thorn Parkhurst; George Vincer may take the name of Edwin Vincer Wiech; Mary Whitten may take the name of Mary Wilbur; Caroline Maria Haynes, minor, may take the name of Caroline Maria Crane; Joseph Joost may take the name of Joseph Joost Hewes; William Gray may take the name of William Chandler Gray; Josiah Bates may take the name of Josiah Winslow Bates; Stephen Briant Stephenson may take the name of Briant Stephenson; Lewis Clark may take the name of George Lewis Clark; Dolly Miller may take the name of Eliza May Miller; Henry Foster may take the name of Henry Haven Foster; William Cowen Alexander Gault may take the name of William Gault; Maria Cloutman may take the name of Maria Brown; Eliza Daws Cloutman may take the name of Eliza Daws Brown; Joseph Henry Towne may take the name of Joseph Hardy Towne; Thomas Sawyer may take the name of Oliver Thomas Sawyer; John Bottum may take the name of John Bottume; also, John Bottum, Junior, minor son of John Bottum, may take the name of John Bottume, Junior; Elizabeth Hale Rowell may take the name of Elizabeth Hale; also, that her minor children, Elizabeth Christiana, Mena Douglas, Gertrude Corriana, and Howard Augustus, may severally take the surname of Hale; Caroline S. Twwieg may take the name of Elizabeth Barnes Thwaig; William Rice may take the name of William Adams Rice; Elizabeth Cushing may take the name of Elizabeth Lane Cushing; Abby Tryphenia Knox, adopted daughter of George A. Parish, may take the name of Abby Tryphenia Parish; Peter Pearce Hetchinson may take the name of Pearce Hutchins; Almira Gilpatrick may take the name of Almira Gill; William Davenport Irish may take the name of William Davenport; also, his family, Deborah, Sarah Frances, William, George Edward, John Henry, Benjamin Franklin, may severally take the surname of Davenport; Jesse Ross Rhoades may take the name of Jesse Rhoades Mayo;—severally of the City of Boston, all of the County of Suffolk. James Hambleton Hill may take the name of Horace Lane Hill; Francis Ashton Monarch may take the name of Francis Monarch Ashton; Theodore Monarch may take the name of Theodore Ashton; Harriot Webb may take the name of Harriot Northey Webb;—severally of the City of Salem. George Gordon Murphy may take the name of George Gordon Mosely; Lydia Gordon Murphy may take the name of Lydia Amanda Mosely; Mary Elizabeth Murphy, minor, may take the name of Mary Elizabeth Susannah Mosely; Geo. Francis Murphy, minor, may take the name of George Francis Mosely; James Blackey may take the name of James Blackey Deanison; Edward Newell Gibsoe may take the name of Edward Sylvanus Newhall; Anna G. Shove, minor, may take the name of Anna S. Johnson; Gilber Boyce, junior, may take the name of Gilbert Russell Boyce; Elijah Hedding Alley may take the name of Freeman Alley, severally of the town of Lyen. William McConnell, of Georgetown, may take the name of William Corliss; Thomas L. Lucy may take the name of George Hudson; Elizabeth P. Luay, (his wife,) may take the name of Lucy Hudson; John W. Lucy, Helan L. Luey, Martha J. Luay, and Charles T. Lucy, their minor children, may take the surname of Hudson; Samuel Miller Somes, may take the name of Alvan Moroni Monteirth, severally of the town of Bradford. Adaline Mears Brown, of Ipswich, may take the name of Abby Ann Brown; Hipsabeth P. Wiggin, of the town of Danvers, may take the name of Elizabeth P. Wiggin; William Pousland may take the name of William Pousland Friend; Nancy Stephens Pousland may take the name of Nancy Stephens Friend; James Hill Possland, minor, may take the name of James Hill Friend, severally of the town of Beverly. Polly Smith, of Salisbury, may take the name of Mary Jane Smith; Charles Morris Chace, of Newburyport, minor, may take the name of Edwin Bailey Chace; Jonathan Andrew, of Salem, may take the name of John Andrew; Benjamin Harris Saunders, of Rowley, a minor, may take the name of Amos Joseph Saunders; Abigail Pike, a minor, daughter of True Pike, of Salisbury, may take the name of Mary Abigail Pike; Jeremiah Farnham, a minor, of Andover, may take the name of Charles Farnham, all of the county of Essex. Augustus Fitzauhut Richards, of Natick, minor, may take the name of George Fuller; John Franklin Nealy, of Wayland, may take the name of Franklin Foster; Mary S. Nealy, of Wayland, may take the name of Mary Foster; John Ingalls Wiley, of South Reading, minor, may take the name of Elmer Alanza Willis; Henry McIntire, of Reading, may take the name of Henry Clay; Elizabeth Jane Donahoe, of Lowell, minor, may take the name of Lydia Anna Nealy; Leander Shelton, of Cambridge, may take the name of Leander Lincoln; Mary C. Shelton, of Cambridge, may take the name of Mary C. Lincoln; also, Sarah E. Shelton, Martha J. Shelton, Henry C. Shelton, Mary E. R. Shelton, and Angeline C. Shelton, may severally take the surname of Lincoln; Roxana B. Davis, of Cambridge, may take the name of Anna B. Davis; James Western Babcock, of Framingham, may take the name of James Austin Elliot; Caroline Lucinda Beck, adopted daughter of James M. Beal, of Natick, may take the name of Caroline Lucinda Beal; Oliver Rice, of Sudbury, may take the name of Oliver Richard Rice; James Whitting, of Charlestown, may take the name of James Henry Whittisg; Comfort Harriet Corson, of Lowell, may take the name of Helen Marr Corson; Felip Coverty, of Brighton, may take the name of Edward Marshall Abbott; Frederick Buckingham, minor, of Cambridge, may take the name of Frederick Alexander Buckingham; George Washington Aiken, of Watertown, may take the name of Cerrus Imus Aiken; George Fuller, of Newton, may take the name of Charles Jeremiah Fuller; Eliza June Nickerson, minor, adopted daughter of William and Caroline M. Howe, of Lowell, may take the name of Eliza Auburn Howe; Gamaliel Bradford, of Charlestown, may take the name of Alden Howard Bradford; Mary Millar, of Holliston, minor, may take the name of Mary Jones Milier; Julia Ann Caine, the wife of Henry Caine, of Woburn, who has taken the surname of Wendell, may now take the surname of Wendell; also, his daughter, Lucila Bell Caine, may take the name of Julia Ann Wendell; Mary Cornell, of Framingham, may take the name of Cinra Hemmenway; Charles Watkins, adopted son of William Wight, of Holliston, may take the name of Charles Winthrop Wight; Adolphus C. Sebatt, of Lowell, may take the name of Charles Thompson; Lydia Richardson, of Chelmeford, may take the name of Lydia Richardson Warren; Anna S. Green, of Halliston, may take the name of Ann Smith; Theophilus Bigelow, of Holliston, may take the name of Richard Bigelow; Georga L. Avery, of Malden, may take the name of James Conant Austin; Guy Slade Burroughs, of Sudbury, may take the name of George Burroughs; Dolly D. Brown, of Stoneham, may take the name of Mary D. Brown; John Aloysius Hanner, of Somerville, a minor, adopted son of George W. Beck, may take the name of John Aloysius Beck; Daniel Forbes, of Charlestown, may take the name of Daniel H. Forbes; Emily Amelia Winship, a minor daughter of Jonathan Winship, of Brighton, may take the name of Amalia Merriam Winship; Levi Bartlett Thyng, of Lowell, may take the name of Levi Bartlett Tyng, all of the county of Middlesex.

Eleazer Allan Battell, of the town of Worcester, may take the name of Allen E. Battell; Lemuel Newton, of Hardwick, may take the name of Samuel Home Allen; John Wetherell, Junior, of Oxford, may take the name of John Waleott Wetharell; Mahala Hoit, of Milford, may take the name of Mahala Hoit Cook; Desire Goddard, wife of Elisha Goddard, of the town of Princeton, may take the name of Sarah Desire Goddard; Amanda Zuriah Stowart, of Upton, may take the name of Amanda Zuriah Webster; Eliza Ana Pratt, of Worcester, may take the name of Eliza Ann Brewer; Davis Sylvester Clark, of Roynlston, minor, may take the name of David Sylvester Brown; Harvey Allen, of Princeton, may take the name of Harvey Wilbur Allen; Porsia Elizabeth Weld, of Charlton, may take the name of Elizabeth Weld; Antoinette G. York, of Upton, may take the name of Jano Maria Walker; Charles Smith Straw, of Worcester, may take the name of Charles Smith Lee; John Waldo Lincoln, of Worcester, counsellor at law, may take the name of Edward Winslow Lincoln; Algernon S. Crawford, of Barre, may take the name of Algernon S. Butler; Julia Sophronia Ruble, adopted daughter of Simon Hubbard, of Holden, may take the name of Julia Caroline Habbard; Joshua L. Knight, of Leicester, may take the name of Charles S. Knight, all of the county of Worcester. Henry Graves, of Northampton, may take the name of Henry Graves Moore; Cyrus M. Bartlett, of Worthington, may take the name of Cyrus M. Parsons; Sedate Manly Thayer, of Northampton, may take the name of Manly Sedate Thayer; Edward McIntire, of Springfield, may take the name of Edward West; Sarah Burnell, of Northampton, may take the name of Sarah Bernell Breck; Medad Russell Wright, of Easthampton, may take the name of Russell Medad Wright; John Smith, of Amherst, may take the name of Hervey John Smith; Lewis Joy, of Amherst, may take the name of Lewis Everett Joy, all of the county of Hampshire. Mary Taft, of Springfield, county of Hampden, adopted daughter of Edward M. Joy, may take the name of Lillias Almeria Joy; Elizabeth Antoinette Chase, adopted daughter of Henry R. Vaille, of Springfield, may take the name of Elizabeth Pitman Vaille; Alonzo Stearns, of Williamsburg, may take the name of Alonzo Lysander Stearns, all of the county of Hampden. Oliver Death, of Wendell, may take the name of Oliver Davis; Sally Death, of Wendell, may take the name of Sally Davis; also their children, viz. William S., Eliza, Oliver, Mary E., Benjamin, Royal Francis, Hannah Jane, Sarah Ann, Eliza Sophronia, may severally take the surname of Davis; John Sumner Mudge, of Northfield, may take the name of John Greae Mudge; Sabra Willis Carlton, of Buckland, minor, may take the name of Sabra Maranda Carlton; William Dwight Monk, of Deerfield, may take the name of William Dwight; Candace M. Master, of Buckland, may take the name of Candace Carr Howard; Daniel Sweetland, of Bernardston, adopted son of Richard Montague, may take the name of Daniel Richard Montague; Wealthy Minarva Roxana Trask, may take the name of Wealthy Roxana Cowles; also her two minor children, Sarah Maria and George Evans, may severally take the surname of Cowles; Leander Morton, of Whately, may take the name of Leander Lincoln Morton, all of the county of Franklin. King Williams, of Stockbridge, to take the name of King Sacket Williams; Charity Johnson, of Becket, may take the name of Charity Whitemore, all of the county of Berkshire. William Leland, of Roxbury, may take the name of William Sherman Leland; Edward Gill, of Quincy, may take the name of Edward Howard Gill; Lafayette Whitney, of Braintree, may take the name of Lewis Lafayette Whitney; Mary T. Fisher, of Franklin, may take the name of Mary Thurston; Harlow Whitney, Junior, of Wrentham, may take the name of Gustavus H. Whitney; Augustiee Joshua Bryant, of Milton, may take the name of Augustus Bryant; Ferdinand Clark, of Roxbury, may take the name of Ferdinand Nimrod Clark; Josephine Friendham Wright, adopted daughter of J. W. Parkhurst, of Dedham, may take the name of Mary Josephine Parkhurst; Margaret Howe Brown, of Dorchester, may take the name of Margaret Howe, all of the county of Norfolk. John Wilson, of Fall River, may take the name of John Ystes Wilson; Jonathan Soule, of Westport, may take the name of Jonathan P. Soule; Oren Bassett, of Taunton, may take the name of Oren Larned Bassett; Sarah Brown, of Norton, minor, may take the name of Sarah Hunt; William Armstrong Dobson, of Taunton, may take the name of William Armstrong; Eliphalet Robbins, second, of New Bedford, minar, may take the name of Eliphalet Howe Robbins; Mary Macamhar of Westport, may take the name of Mary G. Macomber; Richard F. Merchant, of New Bedford, may take the name of Richard F. Merchent; Oliver Perry Coggshall, of Pawtucket, a minor, and adopted son of David R. Sprague, may take the name of Oliver Coggshall Sprague, all of the county of Bristol. Nathan Chandler McLauthlen, may take the name of Nathan Chandler; Elijah Lamb, of Abington, may take the name of Elijah Gay Morris; Rosella Ford Hatch, of Marshfield, minor daughter of David P. Hatch, may take the name of Mary Dyke Ames Hatch; Ellis P. Richards, of North Bridgewater, adopted child of Lyman Clark, may take the name of William Ellis Clark; also Sarah A. Richards, adopted child of Lyman Clark, may take the name of Caroline Augusta Clarke; Olive W. Faunce, of North Bridgewater, may take the name of Ellen Maria Faunce; Ebenezer D. Trickey, of Chatham, may take the name of Ebenezer D. Trakez; Patience Jane Trickey, his wife, may take the name of Patience Jane Trakez; Hester Ann R. Trakey, a minor daughter, may take the name of Hester Ane R. Trakez; Charles Henry Hall, of Marshfield, may take the name of Charles Henry Austin, all of the county of Plymouth. Ruthy Chase, wife of Lysander Chase, of Yarmouth, may take the name of Ruth Chase; Jonathan French Whorf, of Provincetown, may take the name of Charles Francis Whorf; Polly Bassett Fairfield, of Yarmouth, may take the name of Mary Bassat Fairfield; Tabitha Atwood, of Brewster, may take the name of Abby Atwood; Marshall Underwood, of Dennis, may take the name of Marshall Sears Underwood; Mary Helan Wixson, of Dennis, minor, may take the name of Susan Helan Wixson; Joseph Baker, a minor, of Dennis, may take the name of Joseph Kally Baker, all of the county of Barnstable. Moses Starbuck, a minor son of Widow Mary Ann Starbuck, of Nantucket, may take the name of Albert Wilson Starbuck, county of Nantucket; and the several persons before named, from and after the passing of this act, shall be known and called by the names which by this act they are respectively allowed to assume, as aforesaid, and the same shall hereafter be considered as their only proper and legal names.

Approved by the Governor, April 16, 1846.

AN ACT ceding to the United States jurisdiction over George's Island, Lovell's Island, and Governor's Island, in the harbor of Boston.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:

Sec. 1. Jurisdiction is hereby granted and ceded to the United States, over two islands in Boston harbor, known as George's Island and Lovell's Island, upon the former of which the United States are erecting works of fortification, known as Fort Warren.

Sec. 2. The consent of this commonwealth is hereby granted to the United States to purchase an island in the harbor of Boston, called Governor's Island, for the purpose of erecting thereon forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings; the evidence of the purchase aforesaid to be entered and recorded in the Registry of Deeds, in the county of Suffolk and commonwealth of Massachusetts; and the jurisdiction over the said Governor's Island is hereby granted and ceded to the United States: Provided always, and the cession and consent aforesaid are granted upon the express condition, that this commonwealth shall retain a concurrent jurisdiction with the United States in and over the islands aforesaid, so far as that all civil processes and such criminal processes as may issue under the authority of this commonwealth against any person or persons charged with crimes committed without the said islands, may be executed therein, in the same way and manner as though this cession and consent had not been made and granted.

Sec. 3. This property over which jurisdiction is granted by this act shall be exonerated and discharged from all taxes and assessments which may be laid or assessed under the authority of this commonwealth, while the said islands shall remain the property of the United States, and shall be used for the purposes intended by this act.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, February 7th, 1846.]

AN ACT concerning the City of Boston.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. All and singular the acts and doings of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the chairman thereof, during the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, purporting to have been official acts and doings on behalf of said city in the absence of the Mayor thereof, and which might have been legally done and performed by said Mayor alone, or by said Mayor and Aldermen together, whether in relation to any deeds, leases or agreements, indentures or assurances, drafts on the city treasury, or any other matter or thing within the official powers and duties of the said Mayor alone, or said Mayor and Aldermen together, and whether by a concurrent vote with the Common Council or otherwise, shall be deemed to have and shall have the same force and effect to all intents and purposes as if said acts and doings had been done and performed by the said Mayor alone, or by said Mayor and

VOX POPULI EXTRA.

LOWELL, MASS., MAY 27, 1846.

STATE LAWS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

T concerning Bonds given on dissolving attachments.

enacted by the Senate and House of Representa- General Court assembled, and by the authority of , as follows:

any bond shall be approved pursuant to the section, of the one hundred and sixty-third of the statutes of the year eighteen hundred -eight, the person whose goods or estate attached, or some one in his behalf, shall plication in writing to some of the Justices of reme Judicial Court, or Court of Common for that purpose; which application shall con- names and places of residence of the person ne to be proposed as surety or sureties; and shall be given to the plaintiff in the action on he attachment shall be made, or his attorney, time and place of hearing upon such applica- d the time shall be given, and notice shall be in the manner provided in the ninety-fourth of the Revised Statutes, for notice to the ad- ty, of the time of taking depositions: provi- ways, that the attaching creditor or his attorney writing waive such notice, or consent to an l of any such bond before the expiration of said time. [Approved by the Governor, 18, 1846.]

CT providing for the appointment of assayers of ores and metals.

enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The Governor with the advice and consent of the Council, may one or more suitable persons to be assayers and metals, who shall be sworn to the faithful rge of their duties.

2. It shall be the duty of each assayer, to as- ch ores and metals as may be offered to him for , and to give a certificate therefor, for which ser- e shall be paid a reasonable compensation by rson procuring such assay to be made. [Ap- d by the Governor, March 18, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Marriage and Divorce.

it enacted, &c., as follows: Whenever a mar- is supposed to be void, or the validity thereof is ed, for any cause other than those enumerated first and second sections of the seventy-sixth er of the Revised Statutes, and good cause for supposition and doubt shall be made to appear the examination of the party applying for relief, on other evidence exhibited to the Court having diction in case of divorce, the party so applying by leave of such Court, file a libel for annulling ame, and the same proceedings shall be had upon, as are provided in said chapter and by any now existing, or that may hereafter be enacted ing divorce for the causes mentioned in said sec- and upon due proof of the nullity of the mar- it shall be declared void by sentence of divorce lity. [Approved by the Governor, April 8, 1846.

AN ACT for the suppression of Horse Racing.

it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. All racing, ing, trotting or pacing of any horse, or other ani- of the horse kind, for any bet or wager of money other valuable thing, or for any purse or stake made in this Commonwealth, and all persons aiding or ting the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by Imprisonment in the common jail, not exceeding one year, or both; such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion the Court. [Approved by the Governor, April 8th,

ACT concerning proceedings in Criminal Cases.

it enacted, &c., as follows: No complaint or indictment against any person for any misdemeanor, hereafter be stayed, or any recognizance taken, any commitment made in such case, be discharged superseded under the provisions of the twenty-fifth twenty-sixth sections of the one hundred and thirty- chapter, or the twenty-seventh section of the vised Statutes, if the offence charged in said com- nt or indictment shall be punished by imprison- in the State prison. [Approved by the Governor April 8, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the collection of Taxes.

it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Any share or rest of any stockholder in any corporation that is now or hereafter be incorporated under the authority of this Commonwealth, may be seized and sold for the neglect or refusal of such stockholder to pay his taxes.

Sec. 2. Such seizure may be made by leaving with officer of said corporation, with whom a copy of a writ may by law be left when the share of a stockholder is attached on mesne process, an attested copy of warrant with a certificate thereon under the hand the collector, setting forth the sum which such stockholder is to pay as his tax, and that upon his neglect refusal to pay said tax, he has seized said share or rest.

Sec. 3. The sale of such share or interest shall be de in the manner, and subject to the rules prescribed by law for the sale of goods by collectors of taxes like cases.

Sec. 4. The provisions of the thirty-ninth and forti- sections of the ninety-seventh chapter of the Revised Statutes, respecting sales on execution, shall apply to sales made under the provisions of this act. pproved by the Governor, April 8, 1846.

AN ACT relating to Railroad Corporations.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The annual port now by law required to be made by the Directors of the several Railroad Corporations within this Commonwealth, shall, hereafter, contain full information in relation to the following items, to wit:

ITEMS OF RAILROAD RETURN TO THE LEGISLATURE.

Capital stock, $——

Increase of capital since last report.

Total capital paid in since last report.

Total amount of capital paid in.

Funded debt, per last report.

" " paid since last report.

" " increase of since last report.

Total present amount of floating debt.

" " " of funded and floating debt.

Average rate of interest per annum on do.

Cost of Road and Equipment.

Cost of graduation and Masonry, per last report.

" " " " " paid during the last year.

Total amount expended for graduation and masonry.

Cost of bridges, per last report.

" " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for bridges.

Cost of superstructure, including iron, per last report.

" " " " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for superstructure, including iron.

Cost of stations, buildings and fixtures, as per last report.

" " " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for stations, buildings and fixtures.

Cost of land, land damages and fences, per last report.

" " " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for land, land damages and fences.

Cost of locomotives, per last report.

" " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for locomotives.

Cost of passenger and baggage cars, per last report.

" " " " paid during past year.

Cost of merchandize cars, per last report.

" " " paid during the past year.

Total amount expended for merchandize cars.

Cost of engineering and other expenses, per last report.

" " " " paid during past y'r.

Total amount expended for engineering and other expenses.

Total cost of road and equipment.

Characteristics of Road.

Length of road.

" of single track.

" of double track.

" of branches owned by the company, stating whether they have a single or double track.

Weight of rail per yard in main road.

" " in branch roads.

Maximum grade, with its length in main road.

" " in branch roads.

Total rises and fall in main road.

" " in branch roads.

Shortest radius of curvature, with length of curve in main road.

" " " " " in branch roads.

Total degrees of inclination in main road.

" " " in branch roads.

Total length of straight line in main road.

" " " in branches.

Aggregate length of track laid.

Whole length of Road constructed on both sides.

During the year.

Miles run by passenger trains.

" " freight "

" " other "

Number of passengers carried in the cars.

" " carried one mile.

" " carried one mile to and from other roads.

Average rate of speed adopted for passenger trains, including stops.

Average rate of speed adopted for freight trains, including stops.

Estimated weight in tons of passenger trains, including engine and tender, but not including passengers, hauled one mile.

do. tons of merchandize trains, including engine and tender, but not including freight, hauled one mile.

Expenditures for Working the Road.

For repairs of road, maintenance of way, exclusive of wooden truss bridges, and renewals of iron.

" repairs of truss bridges.

" renewals of iron, including laying down.

" wages of switch men, gate keepers and flag men, removing ice and snow.

" repairs of fences, gates, houses for flag men, gate keapers, switch men, tool houses.

Total for maintenance of way.

Motive Powers.

For repairs of locomotives.

" new locomotives, to cover depreciation.

" repairs of passenger cars.

" new passenger cars, to cover depreciation.

" repairs of merchandize cars.

" new merchandize cars to cover depreciation.

" repairs of gravel and other cars.

Total for maintenance of motive power.

Miscellaneous.

For fuel and oil.

" salaries, wages and incidental expenses, chargeable to passenger department.

" salaries, wages and incidental expenses, chargeable to freight department.

" gratuities and damages.

" taxes and insurance.

" ferries.

" repairs and station buildings, aqueducts, fixtures, furniture.

" interest.

" amount paid other companies in tolls for passengers and freight carried on their road, specifying each company.

" amount paid other companies, as rent for the use of their roads, specifying each company.

" salaries of President, Treasurer, Superintendent, law expenses, office expenses of the above officers, and all other expenses not included in any of the foregoing items.

Income during the year.

For passengers:—

1. On main road exclusively, including branch owned by Co.

2. To and from other roads, specifying what.

For freight:—

1. On main road and branches owned by Company.

2. To and from other connecting roads.

U. S. mails.——Rents.

Total income. $——

Net earnings after deducting expenses.

Dividends.

Surplus not divided.

" last year.

Total surplus.

Estimated depreciations beyond the renewals, viz:

Roads and bridges.

Buildings.

Engines and cars.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall furnish a table, prepared in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing section, to every such railroad corporation, in the month of November, annually.

Sec. 3. Such annual return shall also state whether any fatal accident or serious injury has occurred to any passenger or other person, upon any railroad in reference to which such return is made, during the period covered by said report; and, if so, the cause of such accident or injury, and the circumstances under which it occurred.

Sect. 4. If the Directors of any Railroad Corporation shall find it impracticable to return all the items in detail required by this act, they shall, in the next annual return, state the reasons why such details cannot be given. [Approved by the Governor, April 16th, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Usury.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Whenever in any action brought on any contract or assurance for the payment of money hereafter made it shall appear that a greater rate of interest has been directly or indirectly reserved, taken or received, than is allowed by law, the defendant shall recover his full costs, and the plaintiff shall forfeit threefold the amount of the interest unlawfully reserved or taken, and no more.

Sec. 2. Whenever a greater rate of interest than is allowed by law, shall hereafter be paid, the party paying the same may recover back threefold the amount of the lawful interest so paid, and no more.

Sec. 3. So much of the second and third sections of the thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as is inconsistent with this act, is hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 8th, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the dedication of Public Ways.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. No way heretofore opened and dedicated to the public use and not already become a public way, and no way hereafter opened and dedicated to the public use, shall become chargeable upon any city or town, unless such ways shall be laid out and established by such city or town in the manner prescribed by the statutes of this Commonwealth.

Sec 2. It shall be the duty of the Mayor and Aldermen of each city, and of the selectmen of each town in this Commonwealth, and they are hereby authorized and required, whenever and so long as the public safety may demand it, to direct and cause the entrances of all the ways aforesaid, entering on and uniting with any existing public way, or by other sufficient means to caution the public against entering upon such ways.

Sec. 3. In case any city or town shall not close up the entrances to the ways aforesaid, or give other sufficient notice that the same are dangerous, such city or town so neglecting, shall be liable for any damages arising from any defects therein, in the same manner as if such ways were duly laid out and established.—[Approved by the Governor, April 9, 1846.

AN ACT for the peyment of the wages end deposites of married women.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. In all cases where married women shall hereafter by their own labor earn wages, peyment mey be made to them for the same.

Sec. 2. The receipt of any married woman for the peyment of money, deposited by her before or after marriage, shall be a valid discharge to any individual, or Savings Bank, or institution for savings making paymeat; *provided*, that nothing in this act contained, shall affect the right of any creditor of the husband of said married woman, to attach the same. [Approved by the Governor, April 9, 1846.

RESOLVES relating to the Tariff and Protective Policy.

Resolved, That the Legislature of Massachusetts cordially responds to the views presented by His Excellency the Governor, in his annual address—showing that it belongs to the General Government, not only as a power, but as a duty, to give encouragement to manufactures, as recommended by General Washington, through the "protective duties" sanctioned by Mr. Jefferson, and enforced by his successors.

Resolved, That, while it rests with the National Government to decide when and how for that power shall be exercised, in the opinion of this Legislature the beneficial effects of the protective system, on Agriculture, that were particularly pointed out by Gen. Jackson, have been realized; that the present tariff is advantageous to every part of the country—giving to labor the security that is required against rivalry from foreign panperism, while it raises no more of revenue than is indispensable, and provides steady supplies of most of the manufactures that are used by the poor, at lower rates than they have ever been obtained elsewhere; and that its repeal, in the general prosperity that exists, would be ill-timed and injurious throughout the Union.

Resolved, That, while the people of Massachusetts ask no special legislation for their own benefit, they protest against the discrimination which it is proposed to make against them, by fixing higher rates of duty for the security of labor in the Middle and Southern States, than for their own; and

Resolved, further, That, at a time when war is mentioned in the National Councils as by no means improbable, any proposal that tends to discourage the fisheries, the nursery of our seamen, is impolitic in a national view. [Approved by the Governor, April 10, 1846.

AN ACT relating to the duties of School Committees, and the distribution of the income of the School Fund.

Be it enacted &c., as follows: Sec. 1. In every city and town in the Commonwealth, in which it is now required by law that the school committee shall be elected in the month of February, March, or April, the school committee of the year preceding such election shall continue to hold their office, and to discharge the duties thereof, notwithstanding the election of successors, until the winter terms of the several schools shall have closed, and until the certificate, return and report, as hereinafter provided, shall have been by them made and transmitted to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. *Provided, however*, that, in regard to the examination of teachers for the summer schools, and all other duties, except the making and transmitting of said documents, the term of office of the new committee shall be held to commence immediately after their election to the same.

Sec. 2. The school committee of each city and town shall, as soon as may be, after the first day of May, annually, ascertain, by actual examination or otherwise, the number of persons between the ages of four and sixteen years, belonging to such city or town, on the said first day of May, and shall make a certificate thereof, under oath, and also of the sum raised by such city or town for the support of schools, including only wages and board of teachers, and fuel for the schools, during the said year; and shall transmit the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of the following April, which certificate shall be in the following form, to wit:

We, the school committee of ——, do certify, from the best information we have been able to obtain, that on the first day of May, in the year ——, there were belonging to said town the number of persons, between the ages of four and sixteen years; and we further certify, that said town raised the sum of dollars for the support of common schools for the said year, including only the wages and board of teachers, and fuel for the schools.

——— ———, } *School*
——— ———, } *Committee.*
———,

——ss. On this —— day of ——, personally appeared the above named school committee of ——, and made oath that the above certificate by them subscribed is true.

Before me,

——— ———, *Justice of the Peace.*

Sec. 3. The form of the blanks, and the inquiries provided for by the statute of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, chapter two hundred and twenty-seven, shall be prescribed by the Board of Education; and it shall be the duty of said Board, in the month of January annually, to transmit to the Secretary of the Commonwealth copies of said blanks for the several cities and towns. It shall be the duty of said Secretary to cause said blanks to be forwarded to the sheriffs of the several counties, who shall transmit them as soon as may be to the clerks of the several cities and towns within their counties respectively, and said clerks shall forthwith transmit the same to the school committees. The school committees of the several cities and towns shall return said blanks duly filled up to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of April. If any school committee shall fail to receive such blank form of return on or before the last day of March, they shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall transmit such blank as soon as may be.

Sec. 4. The school committee shall annually make a detailed report of the condition of the several public schools in their respective cities and towns, which report shall contain such statements and suggestions in relation to such schools as the said committees shall deem necessary or proper to promote the interests thereof; and a certified copy of such report shall be transmitted by said committees to the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth on or before the last day of April. Said report shall also be deposited in the office of the clerk of the city or town; and shall either be read in open town meeting, in the month of February, March or April, or at the discretion of the school committee, shall be printed for the use of the inhabitants.

Sec. 5. The income of the Massachusetts School Fund, to the first day of June in each year, except the sum of two hundred and forty dollars, appropriated to the support of schools among the Indians, shall be apportioned by the Secretary and Treasurer, and paid over by the Treasurer on the tenth day of July, to the treasurers of the several cities and towns, for the use of the common schools therein, according to the number of persons therein, between the ages of four and sixteen years, ascertained and certified as provided in the second section of this act. *Provided, however*, that no such apportionment shall be made to any city or town which shall have failed to comply with any of the provisions of this act, or which shall not have raised by taxation for the support of schools, including only wages and board of teachers and fuel for the schools, during the said year, a sum equal at least to one dollar and twenty-five cents for each person between the ages of four and sixteen years, belonging to said city or town on the first day of May of said year.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect from and after the last day of April, in the present year; and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit a copy thereof to the school committee of each city and town, as soon as may be after the passage of the same.

Sec. 7. All acts and parts of acts, inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT to provide for constructing town ways and private ways in certain cases.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—If any town in which a town way or private way has been, or shall be, laid out or altered by County Commissioners, agreeably to the provisions of the twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, in any case in which the select men of such town have unreasonably refused or neglected to lay out or alter such town way or private way, shall not make and complete the same in the manner which has been or may be prescribed by said Commissioners, and to their acceptance, within six months from the time of laying out such town way or private way, or within such time as they may direct, the said Commissioners as soon as may be thereafter, shall cause such way to be completed as aforesaid, and at their next meeting they shall direct the expenses and charges of said work, not, before the next regular meeting of said Commissioners, pay the same, with interest thereon, at the rate of ten per cent a year from the time of payment thereof, from the County treasury, the said Commissioners shall cause the same, with all further costs, to be collected in the manner—and in relation thereto, the said town shall be subject to the liabilities prescribed, and set forth in the forty-fifth section of said twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, respecting delinquent towns which have not paid their proportion of the expenses and charges of completing a highway.

Sec. 2. If any town in which any town way, or private way, laid out or altered by the selectmen thereof, has been, or shall be, approved and allowed by County Commissioners, and on acceptance and record thereof directed by them to be made by the clerk of such town, agreeably to the provisions of said twenty-fourth chapter of the Revised Statutes, in any case in which such town has unreasonably refused or delayed to approve and allow such town way or private way, and to put the same on record, shall not make and complete the same in the manner which has been, or may be prescribed by said Commissioners, and to their acceptance, within six months from the time of their approval thereof, or within such time as said Commissioners may direct, the same proceedings and the same remedies shall be had, and such delinquent town shall be subject to the same liabilities as are provided in the preceding section for the case therein mentioned.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the Inspection of Lime.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Whenever, in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, an inspection shall be demanded of Lime manufactured in and imported from the State of Maine, the Inspector shall require that such lime be in casks, manufactured from second and well seasoned lumber, with at least ten good hoops well driven and secured upon each cask, the staves of the cask shall be thirty inches in length, and not less than half an inch in thickness; the heads shall be not less than three-fourths of an inch in thickness, and they shall be well crossed in. Each cask to be not less than twenty-six and one-half inches between the heads, and seventeen inches between the chimes, with good and suitable bilge, and made in a workmanlike manner.

Sec. 2. The same rules, regulations, restrictions, and liabilities, except as to the size of the cask, shall apply to lime imported from the State of Maine as are provided in said twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, and the same compensation shall be made for inspection. [Approved, April 16, 1846.]

AN ACT concerning Warrants in cases of Bastardy.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The provisions of the third section of the one hundred and thirty-fifth chapter of the Revised Statutes shall extend to warrants issued by any Police Court or by any Justice of the Peace within this Commonwealth, in pursuance of law, for the maintenance of bastard children.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 16, 1846.

AN ACT concerning the appointment of Guardians of spendthrifts.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The selectmen of any town upon which any spendthrift is or may become chargeable, may petition the Judge of Probate of the County in which said town is situated, to appoint a guardian over him in the same manner as is provided in the eleventh section of the twenty-ninth chapter of the Revised Statutes, and said Judge shall have the same power to act upon said complaint as is given in the chapter aforesaid. [Approved by the Governor, April, 1846.]

AN ACT in addition to the several Acts concerning the Militia.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. The commanding officer of every company raised at large, in addition to the returns now required to be made to the commanding officers of regiments and battalions, shall, within ten days after each of the days of inspection, trainings and review required by law, make, to the Adjutant General, a return of the number of men belonging to his company, that appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on any such day, together with the number of men belonging to his company that were absent—it being provided that not more than sixty-four in number, exclusive of musicians, shall be so returned as having done such duty, excepting in such companies as are allowed a larger number by law, and of musicians not more than four; and it being also provided that the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which any company may belong, shall certify that such company did, on the day of regimental field inspection and review, well and faithfully perform all the duties required by law on such day, in default of which, any such company shall forfeit the pay provided by law for the day aforesaid.

Sec. 2. The commanding officer of every company raised at large, shall, after each of the days of inspection, training and review required by law, make out an alphabetical roll of the persons, not exceeding sixty-four in number, exclusive of musicians, excepting such companies as are allowed a larger number by law, and of musicians not more than four, that appeared, armed, uniformed, and equipped, and performed duty in his company on each of said days, and, within twenty days after the last parade, shall transmit the same certified, under his oath, to be correct and true, to the Adjutant General, it being provided that such roll shall contain the names of those persons only, who have performed the duty required by law, and shall not contain the name of any private who has performed duty as musician.

Sec. 3. The Adjutant General shall, within twenty days after the receipt of the last return provided for in the second section, transmit to the mayor and aldermen of any city, and to the selectmen of any town, in which the company, armory, or place of assembling the company is situated, the alphabetical roll provided for in the second section, after he shall have carried out, opposite to the name of each man returned, the amount of pay to which such man is, by law, entitled—and this roll shall, before it is so returned, be certified by said Adjutant General to contain the names of those persons only who are entitled to the bounty provided by law; and the mayor and aldermen, and the selectmen aforesaid, shall, thereupon, draw their warrants upon their respective treasurers, directing them to pay the amount due to the persons named in said roll, and shall, on or before the thirty-first day of December, annually, under a penalty of thirty dollars for neglect in so doing, remit said roll to the Adjutant General, with a certificate endorsed thereon, setting forth that a warrant has by them been drawn on their respective treasurers, in favor of the several persons whose names are recorded in said roll.

Sec. 4. The Adjutant General shall, on or before the fifteenth day of January, ascertain, from the returns made to him, the amount of money which will be necessary to reimburse the several towns and cities, and submit the same to the Governor of the Commonwealth, who is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer of the Commonwealth for the repayment of the sum advanced.

Sec. 5. The commanding officer of each regiment and battalion of the Commonwealth shall, annually, within ten days after the autumnal inspection and review, make to the commanding officer of the brigade to which such regiment or battalion belongs, a certified roll of the names of the field and staff officers belonging to such regiment or battalion, specifying the rank of each, who appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on said day. And the commanding officer of each brigade shall, on or before the tenth day of November, annually, make to the commanding officer of the division to which such brigade belongs, a certified roll of all such field and staff officers within his brigade, specifying the rank of each, as have appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty at the brigade, regimental or battalion inspection and review. And the commanding officer of each division shall, on or before the first day of December, annually, make to the Adjutant General a certified roll of all the field and staff officers within his division, specifying the rank of each, who have appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty on the days of such autumnal inspection and review. And each and every commissioned officer who shall be entitled to receive the sum of six dollars; and each and every non-commissioned officer who shall be so returned, shall be entitled to receive the sum of three dollars.

Sec. 6. Any commanding officer of a regiment, battalion, brigade or division, who shall make to the Adjutant General a false report of the names of field and staff officers belonging respectively to his regiment, battalion, brigade and division, as having done duty, or who shall include in such roll the name of any person who has not personally appeared, armed, uniformed and equipped, and performed duty as aforesaid, or the name of any person who has been excused for absence or non-performance of such duty, shall be deemed to have been guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted therefor by indictment in the municipal court of the city of Boston, if living in the county of Suffolk, or in the court of common pleas, holden in either of the other counties of the Commonwealth, in which the officer so offending shall live—and, upon conviction thereof, shall forfeit and pay, to the use of the Commonwealth, for each offence, a sum no less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, in the discretion of the court before which such conviction shall be.

Sec. 7. Each colonel of a regiment may raise, by voluntary enlistment, and organize, within his regiment, and for the use thereof, a band of musicians, not to exceed eighteen in number, including one master and one deputy master; and may grant to the master and deputy master and privates, warrants as such—and such band shall be under the direction and command of the commanding officer of the regiment; and each commanding officer of a battalion may, in like manner, raise and organize, within his battalion, and for the use thereof, a band of musicians, not exceeding eight in number, including one master, and one deputy master, and grant to the master, deputy master and privates thereof, warrants as such—and such band shall be under the command and direction of the commanding officer of the battalion. The master, and, in his absence, the deputy master, shall teach and lead and command such band, and issue all orders directed by said commanding officer of any regiment or battalion, as the case may be. And each member of each and every such band, shall provide himself with such uniform as may be directed by the commander-in-chief, and keep himself provided with such instrument or instruments, as may be directed by the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion; and, for any neglect, deficiency or misconduct, shall forfeit such sums as are prescribed in such case, in the one hundred and second section, chapter twelfth, of the Revised Statutes, and may be dismissed from the band by the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion.

Sec. 8. Each member of a regimental or battalion band shall be entitled to receive the sum of three dollars for each full day's service, and one half that sum for each half day's service, rendered in obedience to an order from the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which each band may belong, it being provided that such commanding officer shall not order out said band for more than two day's service in any one year, nor upon any other occasion than that of a regimental or battalion parade for review or instruction and drill.

Sec. 9. The master of every such band shall, within ten days after the parade thereof, made under order of the commanding officer of the regiment or battalion to which such band may belong, make to the Adjutant General an alphabetical return of the names of the men who appeared in uniform and performed duty in such band on any such day, the last return to be made on or before the tenth day of November, annually, it being provided that the returns above specified shall contain a certificate signed by the commanding officer to whom said band was ordered to report itself for duty, setting forth that the duty was well and faithfully performed—in default of which, the members of such band shall forfeit the pay provided for in the eighth section; and the Adjutant General shall proceed to provide for the pay of such members, and for the reimbursement thereof on the part of the Commonwealth, in the same manner as is provided for in the case of members of the volunteer companies of the militia.

Sec. 10. The commissioned officers of each company of cavalry, artillery, grenadiers, light infantry, and riflemen, shall be one captain, one first, one second, one third and one fourth lieutenant.

Sec. 11. The commanding officer of each regiment and battalion of artillery shall, at least ten days before the annual field inspection and review, designate by special order one company in his regiment or battalion, to appear at said inspection and review, with its field pieces and caisson, and the necessary apparatus and ammunition complete for the field—it being provided that regard shall be had to the company which is nearest to the parade ground; and the commanding officer of such company, and of each company of artillery, on occasions of parade for experimental gunnary, shall provide horses to draw the field pieces and caisson, and present the account of the expenses thereof, as is provided for in the one hundred and twenty-eighth section of chapter twelfth of the Revised Statutes; and each and every company in such regiment or battalion not so designated, shall appear armed and equipped, and be inspected severally as infantry. And the commanding officer of each and every such company shall, on the day of company parade under his own order, immediately preceding the fall inspection, inspect the field pieces and caisson, and all the appurtenances belonging thereto, and shall make out a return of their condition, certified under his oath to be correct and true, which he shall deliver to the brigade inspector on the day of regimental field inspection, and in default thereof, shall be liable to the penalty for such neglect made and provided.

Sec. 12. The Adjutant General of the Commonwealth shall be the inspector general of all the militia thereof, and shall perform and discharge all the duties appertaining to the office of such inspector general, and shall present his account for the expenses he may incur in the performance of his duty, as such, as is provided for in the one hundred and twenty-eighth section of chapter twelfth of the Revised Statues.

Sec. 13. The Adjutant General shall cause a copy of this act to be sent to the clerks of the several cities and towns in this Commonwealth, and to all the commissioned officers of the volunteer militia, and shall provide forms of all the returns necessary to be made to him.

Sec. 14. The twentieth section of the twelfth chapter of the Revised Statutes, together with the third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the act in relation to the Militia, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and so much of the tenth section of the same act as relates to the forfeitures of towns to be reimbursed by the State for neglect in making returns to the Adjutant General; and all acts and parts of acts to which this is in addition, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 15, 1846.

AN ACT regulating the rates of toll at Chelsea Bridge.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The Salem Turnpike and Chelsea Bridge Corporation, are hereby authorized, from and after the first day of May next, to demand and receive at Chelsea Bridge, over Mystic River, the following rates of toll, instead of the rates of toll heretofore established, to wit—for each foot passenger, one cent; for each horse and rider, four cents; for each cart, farm or market wagon, truck or sled, drawn by one beast, five cents; for each additional beast, four cents; for each horse and chaise, chair, sulky, cab, sleigh, buggy, or other pleasure wagon, six cents; for each coach, carryall, omnibus, or other pleasure vehicle, drawn by two horses, fifteen cents; by more than two horses, twenty cents; for each drift horse and neat cattle, two cents; for sheep and swine, six cents per dozen; one person and no more to pass with each team free of toll. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846.

AN ACT to repeal an act providing for the appointment of a Board of Railroad Commissioners.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: The act entitled an act providing for the appointment of a Board of Railroad Commissioners, chapter two hundred and fifty-two, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-five, is hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846.

RESOLVE for auditing and paying the Accounts for re-publishing the Laws.

Resolved, That the Treasurer of the Commonwealth be authorized and directed to audit, allow and pay from the Treasury; to all persons having demands against the Commonwealth for publishing the Laws of the State, who shall within ninety days after the adjournment of the present General Court, make to him satisfactory proof that they have complied with the requirements of the Resolve of June 25, 1794, except as to the time within which the publication is required to be made, and that the Governor be requested to draw his warrant accordingly. [Approved by the Governor, April 6, 1846.

AN ACT in addition to an Act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for the more equal distribution of their effects.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. Every Judge of Probate or Master in Chancery in their respective counties, before whom any matter may be pending, in relation to any insolvent estate, under the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for a more equal distribution of their effects, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, chapter one hundred and sixty three, upon complaint made under oath by any person interested in said estate, against any one suspected of having fraudulently received, concealed, embezzled, or conveyed away any of the money, goods, effects, or other estate of such insolvent, may cite such suspected person to appear before him, and to be examined on oath upon the matter of such complaint; and if the person so cited, shall refuse to appear and submit to such examination, or to answer such interrogatories as shall be lawfully propounded to him, the said Judge or Master may commit him to the common jail of the county, there to remain in close custody, until he shall submit to the order of said Court or Master; and all such interrogatories and answers shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the party examined, and filed in such probate court or with such Master, to be used in any proceeding before such Court or Master, pending against said insolvent, or in any way or manner authorized by law.

Sec. 2. The first, second, and sixteenth sections of the act in further additions to the several acts for the relief of insolvent debtors and the more equal distribution of their effects, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, chapter one hundred and seventy-eight, are hereby repealed, provided, that nothing in this act contained, shall affect the proceedings at any meetings of creditors at other meetings already called; and provided further, that in case of absence of the Master in Chancery, or Judge of Probate, at any meeting, such meeting may be adjourned by the Clerk.

Sec. 3. The several Judges of Probate and Masters in Chancery in the Commonwealth, shall, on or before the tenth day of each and every month, make returns to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, containing the names of the persons who, during the next preceding month, have petitioned or been proceeded against before him as insolvent debtors, under the act of the year eighteen hundred and thirty eight, chapter one hundred and sixty-three, and the acts in addition thereto since enacted, also the residence and occupation of such persons, with the date when such proceedings were commenced by or against them. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary to enter the same in a book, convenient for reference, which shall be open for the inspection of the public.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of Judges of Probate and Masters in Chancery, to order the assignees to give written notice, by mail or otherwise, of all meetings of creditors of insolvent debtors, and of all dividends, in cases pending before them, to all known creditors of such insolvent debtors.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect from and after its passage. [Approved, March 30, 1846.

AN ACT in addition to an Act regulating the Inspection of Pickled Fish.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Sec. 1. From and after the passing of this act, there shall be four numbers of mackerel; those of the best quality, not mutilated, measuring not less than thirteen inches from the extremity of the head to the crotch, or fork of the tail, free from rust, taint, or damage, shall be branded number one. The next best quality, being not less than eleven inches, measuring as aforesaid, free from rust, taint, or damage, shall be branded number two. Those that remain after the above selections, if free from taint or damage, and not less than thirteen inches, measuring as aforesaid, shall be branded number three, large. Those of the next inferior quality, free from taint or damage, not less than ten inches in length, as aforesaid, shall be branded number three. All other mackerel, free from toilet or damage, shall be branded number four.

Sec. 2. The Inspector General shall not have any interest, directly or indirectly, in the cure or packing of any pickled fish, except so far as a faithful performance of his duty requires.

Sec. 3. The act, in addition to an act regulating the inspection of pickled fish, being the one hundred and forty-fourth chapter of the statutes of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; the act concerning the manufacture of barrels for packing pickled fish, being the forty-second chapter of the statutes of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four; and also so much of the seventy-third section of the twenty-eighth chapter of the Revised Statutes, as is inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed. [Approved, March 31, 1846.

AN ACT concerning Larceny by Bank Officers and Persons employed in Banks.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—Sec. 1. If any officer of an incorporated bank, or any person in the employment of such bank, shall fraudulently convert to his own use, or fraudulently take and secrete, with intent to convert to his own use, any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money, belonging to, and in possession of, such bank, or belonging to any person and deposited therein, he shall, whether intrusted with the custody thereof or not, be deemed thereby to have committed the crime of larceny in said bank, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison not more than ten years, or by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail not more than two years.

Sec. 2. In any prosecution for either of the offences mentioned and described in the first section of this act, it shall be sufficient to allege generally, in the indictment, the fraudulent conversion, or taking with such intent, of money to a certain amount, without specifying the particulars of that amount. And on the trial, evidence may be given of any such fraudulent conversion or taking with such intent, committed within six months next after the time stated in the indictment: and it shall be sufficient to maintain the charge in the indictment, and shall not be deemed a variance if it shall be proved that any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money, belonging to and in possession of, such bank, or belonging to any person and deposited therein, he shall, whether intrusted with the custody thereof or not, be deemed thereby to have committed the crime of larceny in said bank, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison not more than ten years, or by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail not more than two years.

Sec. 3. In any prosecution for the offences mentioned and described in the first section of this act, and fraudulent taking or receiving by any person or persons, of any bullion, money, note, bill, or other security for money belonging to such bank, by reason of any unlawful confederacy or agreement of him or them, with an officer of said bank, or any person in the employment thereof with intent to defraud the same, shall be held and deemed to be a fraudulent taking by such officer or person in the employment of such bank, to his own use, within the meaning of the first section of this act; and it shall not be necessary on the trial, to identify the particular bullion, money, note, bill, or security for money, so taken or received. [Approved by the Governor, March 31, 1846.

AN ACT to provide for the government and management of Houses of Correction in certain cases.

Be it enacted &c., as follows:—Sec. 1. Whenever any house of correction shall be united in one and the same building, or establishment, with the jail, in any county except Suffolk, the sheriff of such county shall have the custody, rule and charge of the same, and of all prisoners therein, and shall keep the same himself, or by his deputy or jailor, for whom he shall be responsible; and the powers and duties of such keeper shall be the same as those of a master of a house of correction by law now are.

Sec. 2. The County Commissioners in such county shall have the same authority to appoint overseers of houses of correction, so situated, as by law they now have, and the powers and duties of said overseers shall be the same as by law they now are; provided, that they shall make no contract for the labor of the prisoners, to be performed without the yards of said house, or whereby the safe keeping of any prisoner may be endangered, unless the sheriff consent to the same.

Sec 3. The said Commissioners in such county or counties, shall, in the months of May and November in each year, make an allowance to the said keeper of a reasonable sum for his services and for the support of the prisoners under his charge, and other necessary expenses; and in case the said Commissioners shall neglect or refuse to make such allowance, or the said keeper shall be dissatisfied with the amount thereof, he may present his petition showing the facts to the Court of Common Pleas, next to be holden in and for said county, who shall cause notice thereof to be given to the chairman of said Commissioners, and after hearing the matter of said petition, may determine the amount of such allowance, and pass such further order in the premises as law and justice may require.

Sec. 4. All acts, or parts of acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed. [Approved by the Governor, Feb. 4, 1846.

AN ACT to incorporate the town of Ashland.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows:—Sec. 1. That all the territory now within the towns of Hopkinton, Framingham and Holliston, in the

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 129.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER,

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
jn4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 alf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Sawe Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Manear's Building, No. 36, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jet3 alf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, near *the City Hall*,
oct23 LOWELL. alf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. 6m
upt2

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2taly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 89, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhompshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GOITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter* and *not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19 alf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shriek from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BENNINGTON, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be had *gratis*, prepared *expressly* for distribution, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&PlyaugA29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa* and *Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dremett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. taug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is *no sort* of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States,
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov8

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, Muse., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. anwa&ptyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
-			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 55	1987
0(	$5000	$379 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	681 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

POETRY.

STAND BY YOUR PARTY.

"Stand to your party!" let each word,
Sick to the soul like living fleme,
For ie a patriot's heart they stirr'd.
And from a patriot's lip they came:
From one who altheegh in the grave,
Still sends a voice to warn and save.

"Stand by your party?" never sleep,
For many a myrmiden is near,
With bitter scorn and hatred deep,
Of all a freeman holds most dear:
Men who would have you bow the knee,
Like them to ruthless tyranny.

"Stand by your party!" To the sky,
Let her proud banner be aaroll'd,
Nor to one honest heart deny
The shelter of its emplo fold!
But hail with joy each added ray,
That tells of freedom's onward way.

From the Columbian Magazine.

PAUL PRINGLE'S PROPOSAL.

BY H. HASTINGS WELD.

She is what poets call a magnificent creature. If beauty consists with sublimity, (of which there has been question) Cordelia is sublime.—There is certainly enough of her for sublimity, though it is all grace and beauty. It would not have been safe for her, unless she had a heart unengaged and open for the love of a grenadier, to live in the time and kingdom of the great Frederick, for he would have compelled her to wed one of the 'The King's Own.' Tall as the giraffe, (with a slight discount) she is infinitely more graceful than the pride of the forest. The beauty of mustard is in its strength, and while Cordelia's arms have that attribute in common with the pungent condiment—enough to bring tears into whose ears she may legally box—they have a beauty peculiar to their own; a beauty and harmony which prevent the suspicion that they are large, until some puny belle is placed beside her. Cordelia is magnanimous; a Semiramis in regal bearing,—a fairy in gentleness and kindness of heart.

Every body loves beautiful and great women; the multitude warm with a general and generous love, which is jealous of no rival, and rather pleased than otherwise to find many men of one instead of many minds. When we say everybody, we of course except the particular few who cannot admire one woman without hating all men, especially all whom they suspect of like ability with themselves to appreciate female loveliness. As a matter of course, those who feel themselves desperately enamored of Cordelia are always small men. Who ever knew the rule to fail? Paul Pringle was one of the very smallest of these—small in stature, but great in soul; for soul he had, enough to worship his great idol—enough even to forgive her. But this is getting before the story. Custom house figures—for Paul has travelled—place his altitude at two inches below five feet; ridiculously diminutive. He has tried to grow, and by proper training might become obese,—but *cui bono*. Height is what he wants, not sequipedality.

Paul has loved Cordelia,—he does love and he avers that he ever shall. Nor, as we have already hinted, is there anything strange in this. Because Paul has not the happiness to have attained man's stature, is that a reason why he should not affect those to whom the gods have been more gracious? We love and some nations worship, the sun—the moon—the stars. We are awe struck at the mountain peaks, and drowned in a shower of delight at Niagara. Now is it any objection to those natural sentiments towards great objects that they are a shade or two our superior in size and volume? Paul thought not, and might have told Cordelia so, only that she perhaps would have considered it personal.

Numberless commissions had Paul performed for her; great was his delight when thus confided in, for he gloried in being a useful ladies' man—that most appropriate sphere of action for little people. Cordelia always expressed her gratification when the task was performed right. Otherwise, done, undone or half done, her very reproofs have a majesty in them, which sometimes tempted Paul to indulge in short comings for the mere delight of hearing Cordelia complain. She does it in such a queenly way—a tho't, perhaps, sometimes too peremptory. But then there is a majesty in a large body's lectures, which your small people can never compass. A little woman pipes her shrill voice into the alto. A tall fellow or a tall fellow's sister, can stand still and speak calmly without effort; and yet in a tone compelling fear and respect.

Paul had served Cordelia for himself, almost as long as the patriarch served Laban for his daughter. He fancied that it was nearly time their should be an *eclaircissement*. He had never, other than by the tacit language of his actions, intimated his hopes. He had never in words expressed a preference. But Cordelia he fondly deemed had committed herself. She had said on more than one occasion that Paul was a "dear little creature." He could have spared the diminutive in her commendation, but then it was an expression of affection, and lovers reserve the "nothing if *not* critical"—being nothing when too precise. Women—especially pretty women, and more especially pretty amazons—are privileged to say what they choose. They *will*, and their little admirers cannot help themselves.

On the day of the first notable snow storm of this very year, (so you see the incident we are relating is of recent occurrence) something happened the parallel to which is not to be told to this city of Liberties. There is not another Cordelia Campbell in Pennsylvania. Would there were! Pringle then might be himself again.—Her like might draw him from the bachelor hermitage to which he has now sentenced himself. Herself he will never tempt again. He might tell her of his displeasure, but would certainly fare worse for it. But you shall judge.

On that day of storm, Paul had been commissioned by Cordelia to make some purchases which the inclemency of the weather prevented her conducting in person. They were none of your common commissions, such as any black porter, or great rude the creature can attend to. There were delicate shades of silk to match, beautiful ribbons to pattern—such things as none but a ladies' man can do at all, and none but a very experienced ladies' man like Paul, can do well. He had performed his task to the very best of his ability—to the kindest approval of Cordelia. She said as much. She declared, as hesitatingly, that he was a "dear little fel-

Would that Cordelia had not said—that Paul had not heard—that! It lifted his heart up to the pinnacle of presumption, although his cowardly tongue did still refuse to "second the motion."

Paul held the floss upon his neat little wrists, while Cordelia's magnificent right arm made a bewildering circle in the air as she would it.—Paul looked on and felt as if the eighteen arms and hands of nine muses considerably larger than life, were dancing and weaving themselves into true love knots just on a parrell with his bewildered eyes. Perhaps he let his arms sink too much while admiring her fingers. Indeed it is more than probable, for she asked—

"Couldn't you stand upon this ottoman, Paul?"

Paul would have climbed upon the mantle had she desired it. Perhaps he thought that would be the next request, for he looked there as if to see if there would be room for him beside the porcelain mandarin who was nodding his head over the fire place. Cordelin followed his eyes and smiled as she did so. Paul thought he saw roguery in her laughing eye, and, and he felt he must say something, he asked her what was her merry thought.

"You are too such funny little parlor ornaments!" she said. From any one else Paul would have resented this as an insult. He blushed and gasped in reply—

"Cordelia!"

"Why, what ails the man? you are snarling my silk your hands tremble so! Get down if you think you shall fall."

Paul sank on his knees on the ottomen. The crisis had come. He was resolved to utter what was nearest his heart if it killed him. Cordelia still kept at work at the silk she was winding—as calm as a summer morning, and as placid as an elephant.

"Why you are giddy still; had you not better get down on the floor?" she asked, with perfect serenity of manner, as with a provoking regularity she still wound the silk upon a bit of card heart-shaped cord, too, and Paul had cut it for her. Could she not have divined the language of that symbol? and ever anon, that heart, Paul's heart—the pasteboard one, understand—was held close to hers as she stooped over to disentangle the floss she was winding.

He did not get down to the floor as she bade him. He knelt at her feet. The thread of his fate was in that floss, and still she wound away at some disadvantage from stooping, but still as calm, as cool, and as serene, as if Paul Pringle was not dying before her.

"Cordelia!"

"That's twice you've called me—but how the man perspires!"

The last thread of the silk was wound, but still Paul's hands were held up as if they had been frozen there. Cordelie took hold of each of Paul's arms above the elbows and he rose to his feet. He could not but choose to do so.—Nor had he any choice but to submit when she lifted his feet from the floor. Good gracious! thought he, if she lifts me in this way to her lips!

But she had no such intention. She carried to a window, and held him up still with one hand, while the other she threw up the sash; and gently placing him out on the snow, closed the window again.

Paul! rang the street bell for his hat. As Cordelia heard the door open, she called out, "Come, my dear good little man, here is another skein to wind if you have sufficiently recovered yourself in the air!"

But Mr Pringle declined.

Woman's Advantages.—A woman may say what she likes to you, without the risk of getting knocked down for it.

She can take a snooze after dinner, while her husband has to go to work.

She can dress herself in neat and tidy calicoes for a dollar, while a man has to fork over at least forty to get a respectable suit.

She can go forth into the street without being invited to treat at every coffee house.

She can paint her face if too pale, and flour it if it be too red.

She can stay at home in time of war, and wed again if her husband is killed.

She can wear corsets if too thick, other "fixins" if too thin.

She can eat, drink and be merry, without it costing her a penny.

She can run in debt, and make her husband pony up the cash.

And she can wear shoes, while her husband has to tug to get his boots on,

---

Ambiguous preaching.—On coming out of church, I asked Mr P., a distinguished lawyer, how he liked the sermon of Dr B———.

"I think," said he, "that it comes under the *third head.*

"How so?" says I.

"A certain French preacher," he replied, "after a long and pompous introduction, said, 'I shall now proceed, my hearers, to divide my subject into three parts. First, I shall tell you that which I know, and you do not know. Secondly, I shall tell you all about that which you know, and I do not know. And thirdly, and lastly, I shall tell you about that which neither you nor I know.'"

The Ruin—What has become of It?

When the tariff of '46 was adopted, the federal papers and politicians, with long faces and solemn tone, assured the people that from henceforth this great country was ruined. The factories were to stop operations—laborers were to be turned out upon the wide and pitiless world to starve—the grass was to grow forthwith in the thoroughfares of our great cities—the banks were to distress their debtors, and then smash up—in short we were to experience disasters worse than the seven year's famine in Egypt.

Now we are anxious to know what has become of this predicted ruin. We look around us in Portland, and we find the city in a state of prosperity unequaled in its whole history. The population is rapidly increasing—elegant and spacious residences and stores, warehouses and manufactories, are springing up in every quarter. Freights are high and constant, and our shipbuilders can, and many of them do, sell their vessels before the keels are laid. Every man is busy.

We look abroad. We busily examine our exchanges to see if Portland is the oasis in a great wilderness. But we find it the same every where. While new factories are going up all over the land, the music of the spindles is still heard in the old. There is no stopping except to enlarge operations. Wages continue, and in some instances are increased. The banks are liberal, and money is at the command of the industrious.

Where then is the ruin? Is it to come from England? No—for by our exportations we hold the balance of trade, and this balance is daily swelling.

Where then is the *ruin?* We get no answer.—*Eastern Argus.*

☞ A friend of ours was passing by one of his neighbors, the other morning, and seeing his little boy, enquired—

"Curtis, is your father at home?"

"No."

"No what," said our friend,

"No, *he aint to home.*"—*Nashua Telegraph.*

☞ The Ploughman says that J. F. Pond of Worcester has a quince orchard of ten acres.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 31, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—Edmund Kimball, of Bradford; Edwin Lawrence, of Newburyport; E. H. SaffORN, of Haverhill; Nathl. Frothingham, of Salem; George Osborne, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. Bridges, of Worcester; Ivers Phillips, of Fitchburg; Seth Haywood, of Petersham; Francis Howe, of Brookfield; Alfred Bragg, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. Whitaker, of Needham; Artemas Brown, of Medway; Jesse Pierce, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—Charles Osgood, of Northfield; Whitney Grisworld, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—Samuel Gates, of West Stockbridge; Lansing J. Cole, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—James Cheever, John T. Heard, John A. Bolles, William Washburn, Edward A. Raymond.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser Counting Room, this evening, at 7 o'clock. Per Order. I. N. GOODHUE, Sec'y

---

Hon. Amos Abbott declines discussing political subjects with Mr. Boutwell.

We regret to be obliged to announce the fact that Hon. Amos Abbott refuses to meet Mr Boutwell. We were anticipating much good to the democratic cause, from the result. The following letter tells the whole story of his declining, and we are bound to take the reasons he gives for so doing as the true ones. We disagree with the Hon. gentleman and may hereafter give our reasons therefor:

Lowell, Oct., 17, 1846.

Hon. Thomas Hopkinson:—Dear Sir—At a meeting of the Democratic District Committee, of No. 3 District, a vote was passed that Mr Boutwell, Democratic Candidate for Congress, from 3d District, should be invited to address the people in various parts of the county, and that if he should accept such invitation, arrangements should be made for his first addressing the citizens of Newburyport, Haverhill and Lowell. A vote was also passed, that, through the Chairman of the Whig District Committee, Hon. Amos Abbott, [illegible] District, should be invited to meet Mr Boutwell at the above specified places, (and any others that Mr Boutwell and Mr Abbott may wish to visit) that each may have an opportunity of discussing before the people, the principles and measures of the respective parties, of which they are the candidates, and thus spread them more correctly before the people. Mr Boutwell consents to speak at the places mentioned, and at any others where it may be wished, and to meet Mr Abbott if agreeable to him. If you will confer with Mr Abbott and inform me at an early a day as possible, of his answer, I shall be greatly obliged: and should it be favorable to a discussion, I shall be happy to arrange with you the time of the meetings, and any other preliminaries you may deem necessary.

Yours respectfully
F. A. HILDRETH,
Ch'mn Dem. Dis. Com.

Dear Sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge your favor as Chairman of the Democratic Committee for Congressional District No. 3, which I forwarded to the Hon. Amos Abbott. His reply I herewith inclose.

I am, sir,
Very respectfully,
Your obt. serv't,
THOS. HOPKINSON,
Chairman of Whig Committee for District No. 3.
F. A. Hildreth, Esq.

Andover, Oct. 22, 1846.

Dear Sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note with the accompanying official communication from the chairman of the Democratic Committee for the third Congressional District, inviting me to meet Mr. Bontwell at different places in the District, for the purpose of discussing before the people the principles and measures of the respective political parties of which we are candidates.

To comply with the invitation tendered would be to introduce a new feature into our political campaigns, that never has been to my knowledge before, and is not now, asked for or demanded by the people of the District—the utility of which in a community like ours is at least doubtful. Such a discussion on my part, would be but a reiteration of whig principles and whig policy in contradistinction to the principles and policy of modern Democracy, both of which are well understood here and elsewhere, if we may be permitted to judge from recent evidences in other sections of the county, in favor of the former. I consider that the intelligent and industrious electors of this District, could hardly wish to introduce, at this time, the system of Political Canvassing with its attending evils, and therefore respectfully decline the invitation.

I am with great respect,
Yours, &c.,
A. ABBOTT.
Thos. Hopkinson, Esq.

They have caught him.—The Eutaw Whig (Ala.) states that Bryant Hines, who in December last ran off about sixty negroes mortgaged to the State Bank of Alabama, has been captured in Florida, and lodged in Greene county jail, to await his trial for the penitentiary offence. Forty-two of the negroes were found in his possession, and are on the way back to Alabama.

"The Union—It must be Preserved."

This is the motto adopted by the Democratic Mass Convention at Concord on the 15th instant. Its adoption at this time is peculiarly gratifying, and the sentiment will meet with a hearty response from every democrat in the State. At this juncture, when our opponents are doing all in their power to array one portion of the Union against another—when opposing factions unite upon a ground of action that interferes with the rights of other States guaranteed to them by the constitution that binds us together—when the value of the Union is calculated and declared to be so trifling that it can only be arrived at by the multiplication of cyphers, and that it is not worth preserving—when even the desire for the dissolution of the glorious compact is openly avowed,—it is time for every true republican—every man who loves his country, "the happiest the sun shines upon,"—to come out and array himself in opposition to these fanatics, and declare that he will stand by the constitution, that precious boon bequeathed to us by our fathers. We call upon every voter to reflect upon the issue thus presented, and then decide whether he will take part in the scheme to destroy this noble confederacy, or whether he will assist in rebuking those who pursue a course so suicidal to our happiness by joining with the democracy in avowing the sentiment, "The Union it must be Preserved."

The Above from the N. H. Republican Union being quite as well adapted to Massachusetts, the head quarters of the dissolution doctrine, as to New Hampshire, we are pleased to adopt it.

From the South.

The Washington Correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, sees no reason to doubt the truth of the rumor that Gen. Kearny has established a territorial government in New Mexico, and directed the election of a legislative body, and of a delegate to Congress of the United States.

The letter which conveyed this information to the Pittsburg paper was dated the 12th of September.—The latest accounts received by the Government are to the 1st.

The late accounts from Mexico render it probable that the whole of the Northern provinces will be abandoned, without a struggle, to the forces of the United States. Even if any serious resistance should be offered in the Southern provinces, it will prove ineffectual, unless Mexico should be able to raise some large supplies of munitions and means.

☞ The federal party in Massachusetts may now without impropriety be termed the "Satinet Party" inasmuch as it is made up of two different materials, *cotton* and *wool*. Cotton nominated the governor, *wool* opposed it,—Cotton introduced the successful resolutions to the whig convention—those resolutions that no man ever read save the proof reader—*wool* endeavored to introduce others and was defeated,—*cotton* nominated Mr Winthrop and *wool* Mr Summer—cotton will succeed, wool will not. So the fabric of the "Satinet party" like a poor piece of its namesake is composed of more cotton than wool and more show than substance.

From Monterey.

By the Southern papers it appears that the battles at Monterey have been somewhat exagerated in relation [illegible] was nearer correct than that of a subsequent date.—There was some 260 killed and 300 wounded on the American side, and on the Mexican, upwards of 1500.

The Sun's telegraphic report says, the great subject discussed in the army continued to be the terms granted to Ampudin. It is urged that he made the defence of Monterey contrary to the wishes and orders of Santa Anna. He fought well, and Gen. Taylor was induced to be lenient towards him. Such were some of the reasons given. Others say Gen. Taylor yielded with reluctance to the opinions of the three officers next in command.

Whig Representative Nomination as made by the Central Committee.

Ward 1. Reuben Lawton.
" 2. Daniel S. Richardson.
" " Ziba Abbott.
" 3. William Schouler.
" 4. George A. Butterfield.
" " L. L. Winslow.
" 5. John L. Tripp.
" " Frederick Hollon.
" 6. Joshua Converse.

No one is enhanced in this list except Butterfield who last year went for the Lowell and Andover Railroad.

We heard it remarked that Mr Corliss was cheated out of a nomination by the whig Central Committee, there being one more vote thrown than there were members of the Committee present, without which he would have had a majority.

Kidnapping Case.

The Supreme Court have decided the Rhode Island kidnapping case against the kidnappers. At the time of the Algerine war Col. Blodgett and Dea. Kenrick came into Bolliglian in this State, and broke into Mr Crookes's house and took several men there found in bed and carried them to Rhode Island. The defence set up was that they acted under the authority of their commanding officers. The Court decided against the defendants and fined them fifty dollars and costs each, sustaining the Democratic view of the case.

The News from Mexico is, that Gen. Taylor, in order 125, congratulates the army under his command upon another signal triumph over the enemy, thanks the soldiery for their courage and perseverance, and believes that "the army and the country will deeply sympathize with the families and friends of those who have thus sealed their devotion with their lives." At latest dates—the 6th of October—our army was in quiet possession of Monterey.

Bank Defalcation. The Baltimore Clipper says that a clerk of one of the Banks of that city has absconded, leaving a deficit in the funds in his charge of from $20,000 to $40,000.

☞ The Planters of Holmes County, Miss., held a meeting on the 23d ult., to take into consideration the extent of the failure in the cotton crop of their district. On 15 plantations of 1740 acres, only 402 bales were raised, the same last year yielded from 400 acres 1080 bales.

☞ Caleb Smith Jr. of Salem, a lad about ten years of age is lost.

Court of Common Pleas.

JUDGE WASHBURN ON THE BENCH.

The cases that have been disposed of thus far are as follows. Commonwealth vs. Benj. Markley,—assault with intent to kill his wife—verdict guilty—sentence, 3 years in State Prison.—Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. Hannah O'Neal—larceny—discharged.

Comm. vs. Pat Quinn—adultery, verdict guilty—sentence, 10 mos. in House Correction—Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. John S. Simmons—larceny—verdict, guilty—sentence, 6 mos. House Correction.

Comm. vs. Sophronia Proctor—larceny—sentence, jail 20 days.

Commonwealth vs. Sydney Nelson—burglary—pleaded guilty—sentence, 1 year House Correction.

Comm. vs. Julia Sullivan—embezzling watch—verdict guilty—sentence $20 fine.

Comm. vs. Wm. Fisher—larceny—discharged.—Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. Albion Bertle—larceny—acquitted. Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. Jas. Carrol—adultery—guilty—1 year in House Correction. Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. Pat. Kernon—assault on his wife—pleaded guilty—sentenced 10 days in jail. Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. Sarah Nudd—assault and Battery—guilty—20 days in jail or $25 fine. Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. John Nudd—(husband of Sarah) assault—guilty—not sentenced—Butler for deft.

Comm. vs. E. Buttrick & others, for a riot at Waltham—now on trial, and will continue 2 or 3 days longer—W. J. Walsh of Boston, & T Hopkinson Esqrs. of Lowell, for defts.

From the Pacific Squadron. The N. Y. Journal of Commerce publishes this extract of a letter, dated Tepic, Mexico. Sept. 12, 1846:—

This notification of the blockade is the latest advice which we have from Upper California, but by which you will perceive that Com. Stockton had established himself in the capital as governor, &c. It is reported that the ports of Lower California are to be taken possession of, and San Blas made a rendezvous for the blockading squadron and their prizes.

The officers who came on shore at San Blas, intimated that all property and persons on shore would be respected, and that the blockade would be enforced in the mildest manner that the laws of war permitted; and that all neutral property found in Mexican vessels would be given up on being claimed by the owners.—The blockade, however, will cause an entire stoppage of all commerce on this side of the republic, but will not produce much sensation among this apathetic people.

Com. Stockton's Proclamation.

To all whom it may concern: I. J. R. Stockton, Commodore and Commander in Chief of the United States Naval forces in the Pacific Ocean, and Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Territory of California, do, by the authority of the President and Congress of the United States of North America, hereby declare all the ports, harbors, bays, outlets and inlets on the west cost of Mexico, south of San Diego, to be in a state of vigorous blockade, which will be made absolute except against armed vessels of neutral nations.

All neutral merchant vessels found in any of the bays and harbors on said coast on arrival of the blockading force, will be allowed twenty days to leave.

Given under my hand and seal, this nineteenth day of August, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, at the Government House, in the "Ciudad de los Angeles," the capitol of California.

[Signed] J. R. STOCTON,
Commodore and Commander-in-Chief, &c., &c.

[illegible] the following:

"A new package of curiosities has been received, among which are the following:—

The *manuscript* of Madam Rumor—highly valuable.

Piece of that chalk which determines the size of everything.

The bone which old mother Hubbard could'nt find for her dog.

The kiss (pickled) that Jacob gave Rachel when she slopped his face, together with a piece of Jacob's skin which came off of the wounded part.

Some of the *pepper* that was left at the bottom of that "hasty plate of soup."

Picture of the hole in a blanket.

Finger nail from the hand of a damaged time-piece.

Some of the sugar in which Mr Morriston's *trowell* is to be preserved.

All the instruments used by those persons who murder the King's English.

The hammer with which Joe Miller cracked his jokes.

One of the wheels which belong to the machinery of the American revolution.

The several autographs of those venerable gentlemen, John Smith, John Jones and John Brown.

Fragment of the patch-work with which "Charity covers a multitude of sins"—considerably decayed.

Candles made from the "fat of the land."

The hem of a bad cough.

A drop which fell out when the moon was full.

The breeches of a fortification taken at Monterey.

A piece of the *conscience* of the Sumner whigs.

Election. The National Reform Party have taken the field and nominated David Bryant of Boston for Governor and John Allen of Lowell for Licut. Governor.

The Independent whigs and Native Americans of Boston have nominated Charles Sammer for Congress in opposition to Mr Winthrop.

The Maine House of Representatives, now stands, 58 Democrats, all others 63. Thirty two districts not heard from.

☞ A few whigs in N. H. just enough to entitle them to the plural number, a week or two since nominated John Phoster Hale for the Presidency—last week one or two more of them nominated Daniel Webster for the same office. When either is, they both will be elected.

A most remarkable whig. "At the great whig meeting last night in National Hall, an old member of the party made this honest avowal; we copy from the report in the N. Y. Herald:"

"Mr Joseph Blunt was here loudly called for. He came forward and said, that as a whig he asked for nothing, hoped for nothing, and wished for nothing from the party."

☞ Within a few weeks, in removing some earth near the Willey house at the White Mountains, says Portsmouth Journal, the remains of one of the children were found, who was buried in the fatal avalanch which swept away the Willey family about twenty years ago.

The Fashions. The Philadelphia Times says that Coffee bags are again all the rage in that city.—The ladies there are divided into two classes, the *bagged* and *unbagged*. The former laugh, and the latter cry.

☞ John B. Gough will lecture in this city on the evenings of Nov. 14, 15 and 16.

Wonderful Invention.

The Washington Union's European Correspondent gives note of a new discovery of great importance to this country and the world. Should it prove as successful as the experiments indicate, it will not only be of great moment on account of the uses to which the article may be applied, but because it will vastly increase the cotton market, which the United States, now Texas is annexed, holds a monopoly. The Union says a patent is already being taken for it in this country.

Frankfort-on-the-Maine.
September 30, 1846.

Dear Sir: One of the most wonderful scientific discoveries of modern times has been *exploited* here and at Basle, in Switzerland, within the last few weeks.—Professors Baltger of the former place, and Schonbein of the latter, by a similar course of experimenting, have invented a method of preparing *raw cotton*, which will undoubtedly eventuate in the discontinuance of the use of gunpowder! The article which they prepare has been submitted to many severe ordeals, and its vast superiority for all explosive purposes, over gunpowder, is acknowledged by the first chemists and military officers in Germany. I can scarcely believe my own senses when I witness an exhibition of its extraordinary properties.

Upon my arrival in this city I was invited by a friend—a distinguished member of the German Diet—to dine with him, and not declining his hospitality, I met with and was presented to Professor Baltger, who, it is but proper to remark, is distinguished for his attainments, and who has charge of the laboratory as a public lecturer. Before the separation of the party, Professor B. took from each of his waistcoat pockets a paper containing some raw cotton; a small portion of that which was in one he placed upon a sheet of white paper, and near it some gunpowder upon another sheet. He touched them at the same moment with the burning end of a cigar, and with the quickness of lightning's blast, the cotton was consumed without smoke or odor, or ashes, or even the slightest stain upon the snow white sheet of foolscap; while the ignition of the gunpowder seemed to be slow, although of the best quality, by which the paper was burnt and colored, and the room filled with smoke. He then took a small quantity of gunpowder and placing it upon paper, entirely covered it with prepared cotton from the other paper. Touching the cotton with the blaze of a match it exploded without burning the gunpowder! Subsequently, at my apartments, he exploded cotton upon the palm of my hand, without my feeling the sensation of heat, such was the remarkable rapidity of its igniting.

A short time, it is stated by the inventors, is only required for the preparation of the article, and the process is so exceedingly simple that it can be manufactured by common laborers, and without any danger whatever of combustion. It can be fit for use in a few hours after the cotton is taken from the bale, and without the aid of machinery; and it may be thoroughly saturated with water without affecting its properties injuriously. As soon as re-dried, it is again fit for use. There is nothing to apprehend to it from its spontaneous combustion, nor will it ignite by friction in its transportation, or in the loading of fire-arms, or become inflamed under a temperature of 200° Celsius. It will catch fire, either from a blaze or a spark.

The fact has been ascertained from repeated experiments, that the *forty-eighth* part of an ounce of the prepared cotton, will propel a bullet from an American rifle as far and as fast as the *twelfth* part of an ounce of gunpowder. The *sixteenth* part of ounce will drive a three-quarter ounce ball a distance of sixteen hundred paces! Moreover the barrel never requires cleaning. Forty shots without intermission have been made, and without any perceptible accumulation of filth, while the gun was throughout entirely free from heat. In firing a 3 pounder, the result was the same in this respect. The experiments in blasting rocks with prepared cotton have also been eminently successful. At Basle a large block of granite, measuring 240 cubic feet, was blown up by four ounces, which could not have been effected with less than two pounds of superior gunpowder.

[illegible] the power of the article was tested at a meeting of the "British Scientific Association"—an association composed of the most profoundly learned individuals in Europe—and they were amazed with what was accomplished. Sir J. Herschel took occasion to remark, Professor Schosbein being present, that "the discovery in the next generation might arm mankind with the wildest powers. The inventor was a Titan who could tear up the rocks, and almost call down the lightnings."

I understand that 125 lbs. of cotton in the state in which it is found in the bale, when properly prepared, will weigh 165 lbs., and that even here where the staple is much dearer than in the United States, the article will cost considerably less than gunpowder. What the other materials are, used in the manufacture, will of course, remain a secret, until patents are secured among the various nations. One has already been taken out for Great Britain; and the States of the Germanic confederation have, through the Diet, consented to give 100,000 florins merely for the right of preparing it for the army, provided a commission, which has been instituted to test it in every conceivable way, shall report favorably. This experiment will be made at Mayence in a few days.

☞ The Brooklyn Daily Eagle offers the following reward for John Young's principles. John Young, like Harrison in the campaign of '40, refuses to answer any questions. The offer would be very applicable to certain political newspapers and certain candidates for office in this State:

$100 Reward.

Strayed, lost, stolen, or *hidden*, all the principles, aims, objects and intentions of the whig candidates to the Gubernatorial office, to be voted for at the election next Tuesday. As it is of the utmost importance to know *something more* about the said candidate, (the little which is already known being anything in the world, except favorable) the above reward is offered to any body who will bring irrefragible specimens of said candidate's principles. The reward (in the usual way) to be paid upon "conviction."

☞ A man of business belonging to Lowell was found in an attic in State street, in a most terribly 'bow came you so'' situation, on Thursday evening. Yesterday he was fined $2 and costs in our police court. His wife, who had come to the city to look for him, stated that he had left home on Tuesday with $300, but not a cent was found upon him.—*Post.*

Who is the man?

The Popular Vote. In Berks county the whole vote in 1844 was 12,677. On Tuesday last the whole vote was 5,786, and the democratic vote some three hundred less than the democratic majority in 1845, and twelve hundred less than the democratic majority in 1844. It is an easy thing, at this rate, to gain a federal victory.—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞ Miss Fisher's class in dancing and waltzing, will commence this evening at 7 o'clock, in the upper room, Mechanic's Hall, and be continued every Tuesday and Friday evenings.

☞ The "Great Whale," now exhibiting in this city is supposed to be the one in which Jonah was deposited for three days and nights.

☞ The New Orleans Delta says there are two things which nature never could make—a mean Kentuckyian or a *soft* Yankee.

☞ The Lexington True American, Cassius M. Clay's abolition paper, has been discontinued.

☞ A Baptist Church has been established at Oregon City, Oregon.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, **84 Merrimack Street,** will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*. than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S,** No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their all stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows:

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,

Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchers, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. BUFFINGTON would respectfully give notice to the Ladies' and gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence his *Second Course* of lessons at *CONCERT HALL*, for instruction in *Dancing* and *Waltzing*, on TUESDAY evening, Nov. 2d, 1846

Tuition—Gentlemen, $3; Ladies $2; for 13 lessons. Payable the first part of the course.

Mr. Buffington would say to all those who may favor him with a call, that there shall be nothing connected with his school, to offend the most fastidious, and that good order shall be strictly observed.

☞ Private Lessons will be given to all who may wish, by leaving their names at Concert Hall, No. 82 Merrimack St.

Lowell, Oct. 29th, 1846.

a&p1w.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of Seth. Chellis, of Dracott in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor and all persons being indebted to, or having ony effects of the said insolvent are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The second meetiog of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell, on Saturday the seventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims.

By Order of said Master in Chancery.
A. R. BROWN Assignee.

Lowell Oct 29th 1846 a 3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 28 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES TARLTON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Tarlton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the ninth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Tarlton and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct29a3t

LOST from the office of the subscribers a file of Notes accounts and Executions. Said papers comprised a small bundle, with a Paste-board band round them, marked "C. C. Pleas, files for suit." Whoever will retare said Papers shall be suitably rewarded,

BROWN & ALGER.

Lowell, Oct. 24, 1846. a1w

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes last ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

a1w1n21st.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Store ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14 1m B. T. BUTLER.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual, as the business of the City increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock —evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redown, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

---

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Master in chancery on Central street in said Lowell, on Saturday the thirty-first day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon: at which meeting Creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Assignee.
Oct. 26th 1846. a2l

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lawell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29a1f. B. & L. Rail Road.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
2m.sep8 41 Central St.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

THE LDIES' CSKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

NEW GOODS

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

A good assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, Cameo and Stone Breastes, Rings of great variety, Plain and Stone Studs, Hoops, Nubs and Drops with stone, Plain and Engraved do., Stone and Plain Slides; Cameo, Coral, Stone and Plain Bracelets; Gold Thimbles; Gold Spectacles; Lockets and miniature Settings; Quizzing Glasses; Snaps and Swivels; Gold Beads and Necklaces set with Stone; new pattern Gold Chains, Keys and Seals; a large lot of Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Tea Strainers, Silver Cups, Silver Combs, Plain and Stone, new style; Silver and Gilt Buckles set with stone, and engraved do.; Reading Glasses in Horn frames; a Large variety of Card Cases, Ladies' Books, &c.; Pearl Studs, plain and set with stone, Bead Bags and Purses; Purse Silk; Sweet Bags all sizes; Spectacles of all kinds, silver, Gold and Steel; Silver Thimbles; some fine wrought Shell Combs, and lots of plain do.; Steel Heads of all sizes, Purse Fringes; French Tea-Bells; common do; Bag Clasps, Steel and Gilt; Fringe; Lace; Braid Rosettes, &c.; Plated Cake Baskets; Brittannia ware, English and American; Knives, Razors and Scissors; Plated and Gilt Miniature Settings; Watch Ribbon; Silver Pencils; Tooth Picks; Steel Chains; Hair Brushes; Silk Guards; Accordians; Razor Straps; Brass and Iron Dog Chains; Wallets; Spy Glasses; Cologne and Lavender Water; Horn & Allen's Lowell Soap; Silver and Steel Guard Chains; Dominoes; Steel Pens, and a variety of other new Goods—I will add best assortment in the city. All bought for Cash, and will be sold at a very small advance from cost, for Cash. Please Call and Examine at 43, Central Street.

sep22tf JOSEPH RAYNES.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mill,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Worthen street from Pawtucket street to Thorndike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilde street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Vessel.

The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Sevannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.

The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, RICH, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hyason agent at N. O.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make peyment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.
Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracott will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.
Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. a30r3w.

RAILROAD MEETING.

THE friends of the Stony Brook Railroad are desired to meet at the Washington House, Lowell, at 7 o'clock P. M., Friday Oct., 30.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lawell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concurd Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A.M., 12.5, and 6.5. P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bonnington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1846, the Passenger Trains will run as follows.

Leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 5 P. M

" Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 2, and 5½ P. M

FARE SIXTY-FIVE CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAINS

Leave Boston at 8 and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 6¼ P. M.

" Woburn Centre at 7 and 9 A. M.—1½ and 5¾ P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required. FARE 25 CENTS.

☞ The Coaches of Messrs. Cheney, Averill & Co., Nos. 9 & 11, Elm street, convey passengers between the Depot in Lowell street, and places within a moderate distance, for 12½ cents.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
ecp3tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MORTGAGEES SALE.

BY order of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the county of Middlesex and commonwealth of Massachusetts, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the twenty-sixth day of October inst. at two of the clock in the afternoon at the tavern of A. L. Wright in Groton in said county, all the real estate now owned by Nahum Conant in Westford in said county—Said real estate is situated in the southerly part of said Westford and contains about one hundred acres, much of it under good cultivation. There are on the premises two good dwelling houses, a good shop and a barn almost new. Said land is well fenced, principally with stone wall. Said land is situated on a road of considerable travel.

GEORGE F. FARLEY,
Mortgagee of said premises.
Groton, October, 1st 1846. A3w

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

TO CARPENTERS AND JOB-TAKERS:

THE subscriber, one of the committee chosen by the members of the first Methodist Society, in Dracutt, to build a house of Public Worship, would give notice that they will receive proposals for building and finishing said house (all above the underpining) from this date to the 14th of November next.

The house is to be 44 by 86 ft., 19 feet posts and to contain 50 pews. For more particulars, reference may be had to the Rev. Mr Denham's Meeting House, in Pelham, N. H., which is to be a pattern.

The contractor can have till the first of June 1847, to complete the house. BENJA. STEVENS.
October 20th, 1846. o23r3t.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A KNOWLES,
Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.
A&P1f

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Marks and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent in any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH,

---

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land to that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

---

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

GREAT SALE OF LAND!

ONLY $85,00 per lot! Containing 2125 feet!!

160 good Building lots for sale being the best Building Lots for Dwelling Houses now in the market. Said land is situated near the Mechanics' Mills the new Canal now building, and the North Common, where land is rising rapidly in value. The choice of said lots can now be had at four cents per foot, or Eighty-five dollars per lot; some facing on two streets, to be deeded in free of cost, forever to be kept open. The title will be perfectly good and free from all incumbrances, the same as the Locks and Canals Company give, coming from Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.

A part of the purchase money can remain on a mortgage five years, if desired. Inquire at Daniel West & Co's. Store, No. 51½ Merrimack st.

DANIEL AYER, Agent
to sell for Shadrach Varney of Charlestown.
Lowell, Sept. 26, 1846. A1m

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jj2a&r1y*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms,*" *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Fixtures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just receiv... for sale by L. D. B...

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved far show,
Like nest eggs, to make silents lay,
And for their false specious pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. n1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I become quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lotz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNEYER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneyer; his statement is strictly true.

D. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Markley,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States and Canada. (my12n) dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick Headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

**** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

Ossining, *June 10, 1845*

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

**** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

ROADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nerve os diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS,

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Marbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6monapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS,

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third of the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

**** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6in 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These unrivalled Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adv1yjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure stated blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercorial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Miles P. Conklin, 555 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up as that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult monstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bittern and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1nwa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETORNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday*, at 7½ A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from an awkward pretitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and enlargements of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horse cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 130.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

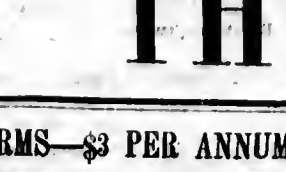
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on *Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. D. & Co's Auction Room.*
Samuel Goss. je13 3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1nov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&P1f

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skilful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1mar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall*
oct28 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore*....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a. m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p. m.

D. C. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Ally Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office in Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. BOISE'S Clothing and Cutting Establishment, Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sept9tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to affect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Ally

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and effective medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Commect on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; [illegible] James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Powle, Boston, and by [illegible] throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Ptyaug29c8t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally [illegible]. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pood, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamieson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&Aptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsep8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&p1ynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwu&p1yfob14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WHOLLY INVESTED, FOR THE EXCLUSIVE BENEFIT OF THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, on the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Whole Assurance may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1789
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
decISaTu&Sp1wty Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$8.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. HICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 3tyapr4

POETRY.

SONG.

BY SIR JOHN SUCKLING.

Why so pale and wan, fond lover
Prithee why so pale?
Will, whoe looking well can't move her,
Looking ill prevail?
Prithee, why so pale!

Why so dull and mute, young sinner?
Prithee, why so mute?
Will, when speaking well can't win her!
Saying nothing do't?
Prithee, why so mute? -

Quit, for shame, this will not move,
This cannot take her;
If of herself she will not love,
Nothing can make her;
The Devil take her:

THE INDIAN LOVERS.

A BORDER FRAGMENT.

In the settlement of the Western Pennsylvania and Virginia, the Ohio river became at length the border between the Whites and the Indians, and was the scene of many a bloody conflict. After the larger tribes had removed farther West a small remnant of a tribe, once large and powerful, loitered about the Western bank of the river, as if unwilling to leave the sepulchres that contained all that was dear of their ancestors for centuries past. Between this reduced tribe and the whites, numerous skirmishes had taken place; several had fallen on both sides, and both parties were excited to the highest degree, with that spirit of revenge which prevailed in those early times. Among the most daring of the Indians was the young chief, Yougan, (the "skull-breaker,") the descendant of a line of chiefs as far back as their tradition extended; he was their war-leader by birth right and by choice.—He was, at the time of which we speak, about thirty years of age, and affianced to Lualla, ("the Queen of the Virginia,") the only daughter of the Prophet of the same tribe, and nearly ten years younger. During a winter that was unusually long and severe, hostilities had, for the most part subsided; but early in the spring, they ventured across, and made a successful sally upon a small settlement of the whites, obtained several scalps and carried off a number of cattle and horses. A short time after, a party under Yougan, made another excursion, for a similar purpose, but the whites were on the alert, and came upon them in the act of plunder. For a while they gave battle, but discovering the superior number of the whites, they fled leaving two dead. The young Chief was wounded in the left arm. He from whom he had received the wound, was a rough hardy Virginian, who had distinguished himself in the border wars, and was called by the savage the "Buffalo-man," from his huge athletic form, and amazing strength. Against him Yougan pitted himself for vengeance; and, as soon as his arm was sufficiently recovered from the wound, with a small chosen band of warriors, he recrossed the river, came at midnight to the hut of the "Buffalo-man," who fell, over-powered by superior numbers, and was immediately scalped in the presence of his wife, whom they bound and carried off prisoner. The son of the unfortunate man, a lad of twelve years of age, had, unperceived, in the midst of the conflict, escaped, and fled to the nearest house, and reported the death of his father, and the capture of his mother. The news was speedily communicated to the neighbors, and by early dawn seventeen armed men were in pursuit; and so rapid were their movements that they overtook the Indians before they reached the river. The savages, supposing they were pursued by a much larger force than was actually the case, seperated and scattered in every direction—each one making his retreat as best he could. The young Chief was so closely followed, that he was entirely cut off from the landing place of the canoes, and so anxious were the pursuing party to secure him, that they permitted the rest to escape.—When he came to the river, all the canoes were gone, and a short distance below him, he observed five of the whites coming towards him at a rapid rate. Fortunately, there was immediately behind him a ledge of broken rocks, in the cleft of one of which he was soon concealed—and so effectually, that, although his pursuers passed in a few minutes after, within ten feet of him he remained unnoticed. When the party returned without Yougan, the excitement was intense, runners were sent in every direction, and a council of war called, but as it was very late in the evening before a sufficient number came in, and as the "Old Prophet" had not arrived, the council was adjourned to the next morning.
Lualla, the affianced of Yougan, was more prompt in action. Soon after dark, she hastened to the river, seized the first canoe she met and was in the act of pushing off, when she for the first time, paused and trembled at the perilous adventure she was about undertaking—for she had thought of no plan, and knew not what direction to take. The pause, however, was but for an instant; for the canoe itself gave her both plan and courage. She discovered from the peculiarity of its shape, that it was the same in which Yougan had, a few weeks before, taken her on a fishing excursion; and this recalled the minute description that he had given her, of a battle fought with a Northern tribe some years before, on the same side of the river on which he now was—the defeat of the tribe, and his own narrow escape by concealment in a ledge of rocks, which he also described. It then occurred to her that he might again be concealed in the same place, and she immediately started for the spot. Having landed and examined every part and crevice of the rocks in vain, she, as a last resort called him by name. The young warrior heard with amazement the soft, sweet voice, leapt from his hiding place, and in an instant was in Lualla's arms. Neither of them were able to speak; and when at length he found utterance, his first impulse was to pour forth a thousand thanks for this unexpected mark of her affection—and the next to reprove her for exposing herself to such great danger for his sake; but she stopped him, saying, "Haste, Yougan, haste, or we are lost. They hurried and entered the canoe; but the eye of the white man was upon them.
The five men who had pursued him, had returned to the landing, and before they had proceeded twenty yards from the shore, two rifles were discharged—the ball from one of which entered the stern of the canoe, and the other struck

the hip of Yougan and lodged in the boce. The shock was so great that he was compelled to drop his paddle,but Lualla still retained hers,and while he placed her end the direction front which the bullets came, she continued to use it with the greatest skill. At this moment a band of warriors from their tribe appeared on the opposite shore, and as shout after shout went up from the band of dusky warriors, Lulla was strengthened to renewed exertions, and was led to renewed exertions, and was led to hope that all might yet be well. But this pleasing thought was of short duration; for a third rifle ball struck Lulla's hand; the paddle dropped silently into the water,and the canoe swung round,broadside to the shore—thus exposing the occupants to the fire of the whites. The sharp crack of another rifle was heard, and the leaden messenger entered the brain of Yougan. Lulla uttered a wild and piercing shriek, as she clasped him in her arms. The weight of both bodies on one side, was too great for the frail shell in which they were; the light canoe slowly and silently careened: there was a sudden opening in the bright element,then a low gurgling noise—and Yougan and Lualla hed found a bridal bed in the swift waters of the Ohio.

This was the last struggle between the whites and Indians on the Virginia border. Yougan was the last Chief, and Lualla the last branch of a race of Prophets, of a once powerful nation. The remnants of the tribe soon after removed farther West, and were scattered among other tribes.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING NOV. 31 846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.
Middlesex County.
LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of HAVERHILL; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcester; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWORLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.
District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

The Tariff, Whig Legislation and the Farmers.

The whig party, as a party of humbug and deception, are practicing their regular vocation of misrepresentation relative to the principles of the new tariff, which is to succeed the unjust tariff enacted by the whigs in 1842. They have done this in these States where elections have already taken place, and they are following up the game here, with the expectation that those in this State, who have hitherto supported democratic principles, will now desert the present democratic administration, and blindly leave the whig party to re-establish their system of monopoly. Whatever triumphs they may effect in this way, they are welcome to glory over to their hearts' content. Such are not the triumphs of truth and justice, and they will not be sustained by an intelligent people, when possessed of practical information relative to the real principles at issue.

The people are, perhaps, of a nature too confiding, too apt, while absorbed in the busy concerns of their own affairs, to trust in the pretences of those, who,for selfish purposes, are ever intent to deceive them. But the people have also inquiring and practical minds; and if they do sometimes in a harry, take upon trust the assertions and promises of politicians, they do always, in such cases, watch with eagle-eyed scrutiny and compare practical results with previous promises; and if a fraud has been practiced, they are sure to obnoxize, by an overwhelming defeat, those by whom they have been cheated. The triumph of deception is of short duration and a disastrous overthrow ever awaits it.

Thus will it be with the recent triumphs of the whigs. The great measure of the present administration, the revenue tariff, is founded on just principles, and is particularly beneficial to the great agricultural interest of the country, inasmuch as it removes much of the burthen which the whig tariff of 1842 put upon the farmers for the benefit of a favored class of capitalists. It is a tariff for *revenue*—it is the tariff of the people, and they will finally triumphantly sustain it.—When it shall have had a fair trial and sufficient time to develope its effects, the agriculturalists will be united in its support; and the misrepresentations by which the whigs are striving to detach them from the administration which has the crowning honor of perfecting this just measure, will soon be PROVED false by experience, and returned in retribution upon the heads that concocted them. The people will find the whig predictions relative to the practical results of the new tariff, as false and deceptive as that party—that *"same old coon"*—has ever been under all its names and in all its disguises.

It is only by concealing its principles, covering itself with false pretences, and by abusing and misrepresenting the democracy—its natural antagonist—that whiggery can even temporarily succeed. Its real principles are well understood by the people: they are written in the doings of the tories of the revolution, in the days of the elder Adams,in the traitorous plottings of the federalists of the last war, and in the bank and high tariff measures of modern days, and, finally, in the dreadful rates of DISTRESS with which those same whigs are now chiming in unison. Being conscious that it is *known* it comes not openly with its principles before the people. The people therefore, should watch closely that they be not induced by its artful attacks upon democratic measures, to assist it in its insidious approaches to power.

The whigs attempt to make it appear that the new tariff will operate against the interests of the industrial classes, and particularly against the interests of the farmers; and under the operation of party slang and the unmeaning cry of "*locofoco*" and "*free trade*," they expect to turn the whole farming class of the community against the democratic administration. But let the farmers of Massachusetts look at this matter and consider it well before they go to the polls and vote against the new and just revenue tariff. Let them wait, at least till its operation commences, before condemning the administration that has brought forward the measure. Let them not be induced by whig misrepresentation and selfish slang to array themselves against their own interests by opposing an administration, which,by its leading measures, is truly and honestly devoted to their welfare. They have a strong interest to sustain the new tariff and support the democratic party, both in the State and in the Union. For, by the operation of whig measures in our own State affairs, in connection with the whig high protective tariff, the farmers have been most shamefully robbed of the profits of their labor; and the new tariff will restore them that of which whig monopoly legislation has heretofore deprived them.

In the first place, the whigs put a high protective and prohibitory tariff upon nearly all articles consumed or used by the people, under the pretext of securing the "home market" for the products of domestic labor, and extending the "home market" for agricultural produce, a pretence plausibly made to gull the laborers and farmers to support the protective system, but the real absurdity of which is beginning to be well understood. The protective dutice by the tariff of '42, upon all articles for common clothing, upon sugar,salt iron, agricultural tools and implements, and all articles of absolute necessity to the farmers, are enormously high. This answers the purposes of the Boston capitalists, who have large investments in manufacturing establishments, very well, because it gives them the monopoly of supplying the "home market" at high prices and large profits, by stopping the use and consumption of foreign manufactures, except at prices enhanced from *forty to one hundred per cent.* by the addition of the duty. But how does it operate upon the intsrests of the farmers? If it so increases the "home market" for their produce as to give them prices enhenced in a ratio equivalent to the increased prices they are obliged to pay for what they buy, so far as their own individual interest is concerned, the farmers cannot complain. But this is by no means the fact. This much boasted "home market," which operates under whig legislation, so beneficially to the manufacturing capitalist, does not give to the New England farmer a corresponding high price for the products of his farm. He does not have the same monopoly of the "home market" that the manufacturer has. It is not for the interest of the capitalist that he should have it. The whigs of Massachusetts, therefore, having assisted in taxing the farmers by the high tariff, are careful to provide by State legislation, that the Massachusetts farmers shall not *by any contingency*, share with Massachusetts capitalists, the benefits of the monopoly and high tariff prices. Having by onerous duties made a "home market" for manufacturers, and perhaps in some small degree, increased that market for agricultural produce, it takes good care to supply the produce market by taking the people's money and opening railroads to bring in the cheaper [illegible] the lands of the west, to compete with,and reduce the price of the products of Massachusetts farms. By this operation, the manufacturing towns and commercial marts of the seaboard become flooded with a superabundance of produce, while the natural outlet,for it, the exportation to a foreign market, is closely blocked up by restrictive principles of the high tariff. The Massachusetts farmers, then, under this whig system, have been obliged to sell their produce to the capitalists and the manufacturing classes for the low prices of an unlimited competition, while they have been obliged to pay these same capitalists for their manufactured articles, the high prices fixed by the most vigorous restrictions upon trade. This is the practical result upon the interest of the farmer, of this "home market" system. The farmers have been confined to it, and to it alone, both to sell and to buy. They could not go to a foreign market to sell, because the absurd system of protecting and counteracting duties, which has marked the commercial intercourse of nations, has excluded his produce. They could not go to a foreign market to buy because the onerous duties charged by our own government have enhanced the cost of the foreign article above the necessarily high prices charged by the home manufacturer. The hard lot of the farmer has therefore been to buy at high prices, and sell his surplus produce at low prices.

But this wrong end unwise system of restricted trade is tottering and falling as the mists and fogs by which it has been enveloped and protected from the spirit of reform, are melting away before the light of reason and common sense. And the recent important reduction of the duties upon grain and produce by the English government, and the reduced duties of the new American tariff, are important events, which will make this as the epoch of commercial freedom which is dawning with the light and glory of a new and better day upon the nations of the earth. Already is the operation of the *former* and the anticipated effect of the *latter*, working wonderful practical benefits to the agriculturalists of this country. Already the demand for foreign consumption is carrying off rapidly the surplus abundance of farm produce, which has heretofore accumulated upon the seaboard, blocked in by commercial restrictions, to rot, or go begging for purchasers at unremunerating prices. The rising prices and quick sales for agricultural produce, which is in fact, the production of a vast majority of the labor of the country, and this too, in the face of an abundant harvest, a bountiful bestowment of Providence, which whig legislation has heretofore made a curse rather than a blessing, attest the wisdom of the new tariff law, and practically shows its beneficial influence upon the farmers and upon the industrial interests generally.

Yet the whig party calls upon the farmers to go like blind dolts and vote against the principles and measures that are already beginning to bring them so great practical benefits. The whigs have raised the cry of "*restoration of the tarif of 1842*," and they expect the people will, by their votes in the coming election, assist in "*restoring*" that system of burthens and taxation, of fraud and robbery of themselves for the benefit of a few wealthy monopolists!

FARMERS OF MASSACHUSETTS! study this subject well before you record your votes on the 9th of November, for it deeply concerns your interest and your welfare. Look carefully at facts, at practical results, rather than rely upon whig pretences and misrepresentations! Be not deceived and frightened by whig panic cries of ruin and destruction to manufacturing interests, and predictions of the stopping of manufacturing establishments! This is all *humbug! unmitigated humbug!* The manufacturing interests will, under the new tariff, have *at least*, its full share of prosperity; and experience will show that manufacturers will go on and prosper. Consider the whole matter, seriously and honestly, and if you are satisfied that democratic principles are right and just, then vote for ISAAC DAVIS and GEORGE HOOD, who are the chosen Standard bearers of the democracy of Massachusetts, together with the other nominees of the democratic party, who are all good men and true, and have been selected for their several places on account of their ability and their devotion to democratic principles.

To the polls! To the polls! and vote the democratic ticket, and thereby sustain an administration which is true to your interests, and which is true and faithful to the pledge given before the election, of "equal protection to all the great interests of the country, including agriculture, commerce and manufactures."

* * *

Whig Meeting at the City Hall, Saturday Evening.

We entered the Hall towards the conclusion of Mr Burlingame's speech. According to the Courier, his time was mostly taken up in repeating a stereotyped panegyri upon Gov. Briggs, the "no dickey man."—Such of the young man's remarks as we heard, were characterized by decent debility—nothing more—his gesticulation was excessive, and his manœuvrings foolish enough—one of which, was a frequent arrangement of his hair,the excellence of which consists in the rarity with which it is used. Mr B. said he saw in the Newspapers that an election was going on among the Mexicans of Sante Fe, for a member of Congress—he hoped the whigs would succeed. The gentleman must have known the whigs would succeed in Santa Fe, inasmuch as the population is entirely Mexican—and Mexicans and whigs recently have identified themselves in their opposition to the United States of America. The orator thought, however, that ridicule was a poor argument, and demonstrated the truth of his opinion as to himself by his utter failure in his attempts in that line. When he sat down the applause was feeble—as feable as the orator's effort.

Child, Robinson and Schouler were then called for, whereupon Mr Suffolk Mills Wright, with the coolness of the mock doctor in the play, stepped forward,pulled of his coat, and addressed the meeting. He spoke—*but didn't say anything*—only spoke!

Esquire Hopkinson, followed, and introduced a series of resolutions against the Mexican war—asking to have them laid upon the table, to be acted upon next Saturday evening. The object of the resolutions, he said, was to correct the idea that Lowell was favorable to the war in Mexico. They denounced the war as unconstitutional, as a monstrous wrong, and carried on for purposes of conquest. He spoke very indifferently. He acted as if the subject was bigger than he could manage, or perhaps he had not got waked up; "his roaring was as gentle as a sucking dove." When his resolutions are published we shall perhaps give them a trifle of attention.

After him came the Honorable Linas Child. The Courier says [illegible] so, but we would be puzzled to fancy anything more mediocre, both in matter and manner, from a professed public speaker. We did not submit to the infliction of hearing him out.

John P. Robinson, we learn, in answer to numerous calls, arose, was vociferously cheered, and said he had come to the unalterable determination to make no more caucus speeches—he said that for the last fifteen years he had spent in politics, $15,000—and what had he received in return, from his own friend and allies? the basest ingratitude—he did not accuse the whig party as a body—no,the mass were whole souled,highminded men, whom he loved and honored, but his slanderers were a cowardly clique of individuals. He should make no more speeches this year, but when the great contest come, in '48, he should be found as a volunteer in the cause of the whig party.

The meeting adjourned. Squire Knowles president, and Squire Morse secretary.

Stick to the Regular Nominations! for Executive Officers, for State Senators, Representatives to Congress, for Representatives to the Legislature, for every office, always, everywhere!

Rigid, unalterable adherence to the regular nominations of the party, fairly made by their known and authorized agents, has ever been, and if success is to be obtained or hoped for, must ever be one of the cardinal principles of the Democracy. By the observance of this principle, ultimate success is insured. The disregard of it is *political suicide*. Personal preferences are of not the slightest consequence when compared with the *success of* IMPORTANT PRINCIPLES—principles which are to affect the interests and happiness of the people for years. As success in a military campaign depends upon this discipline, subordination and total abnegation of self, by those who compose the army, so in the contest of the people with their oppressors, it is necessary, if they hope for victory, to "dress to the right," "close up," and go "shoulder to shoulder" into the work. It is in this light that every democrat who has a vote should look at the matter. In voting for a candidate or against him, you vote for or against the principles he represents.—We earnestly ask and urge upon every democrat,then, to adhere firmly and religiously to the principles he represents.

ONE VOTE!!

One vote it was that placed Thomas Jefferson in the Presidential Chair. Let every Democrat bear in mind to be in town next Monday and VOTE. On his one vote may depend the election of a member of Congress and State Senators from Middlesex. Be sure to *vote* and see that NO VOTE IS THROWN AWAY TO GRATIFY THE PERSONAL PIQUE OR PRIVATE AMBITIONS OF ANY MAN.

☞ SEE THAT YOUR NAME IS ON THE CHECK LIST. Don't trust any authority but your own eyes. Lowell Check Lists are wonderful affairs. "Democrats" names won't stay on them some times.

☞ Cottrell (Dem.) is chosen to Congress in Yancey's district in Alabama, by 48 majority.

A Liberal Democratic Representative Ticket.

At the suggestion of numerous Democrats, and acting under our own convictions, we suggest and urge upon the democracy the propriety of nominating a *Democratic Representative ticket*, next Friday evening at City Hall. We recommend that the candidates be nominated with the express understanding that they are favorable to the several reforms that Lowell and Middlesex county at the present time are so much in need of, as for example—*a new Judicial District*, whereby justice may be obtained cheap and at home—*the abolition of the present Police Court*, that a bounty may not be bestowed upon informers,nor the court become counsel for the prosecution, nor the chief office a present fortune to the possessor. *The establishment of a Municipal Court, with a judge at a fixed salary*, to take the place, and exercise the powers, modified,improved and amended, of the present Star Chamber,or so called Justice's Court—*A Registry of Deeds in Lowell*. The Mountain has been to Mahomet long enough, it is time Mahomet should come to the Mountain. These reforms are all democratic, and what the whole people, without distinction of party, are in need of, and what if the matter is placed in the right light before them, they will be ready and willing to support and maintain.

There are some few individuals,claiming to be democrats, who,for motives of personal aggrandizement,or for the gratification of the meanest of all feeling, personal pique, are desirous that the Democracy of this city should fall in with them and their interests, and help elect a mongral whig ticket to the legislature. This if we understand the stuff of which the Democrats of Lowell are made up they never will consent to do. They will never consent to be made tools of by men whose brains are in their breeches pocket or whose honesty talents and integrity consist in their ability to soft sodder and sponge—THEN DEMOCRATS OF LOWELL, ROUSE FOR ORGANIZATION—FOR REGULAR CANDIDATES—FOR AN OPEN FIELD AND A FAIR FIGHT.

THE UNITED STATES LOAN. It will be perceived that the treasury department has issued proposals for a loan of five million of dollars, on a stock bearing six per cent. interest, and having ten years to run to maturity.

It is further stated by the Union that the Bank of the Metropolis on Thursday last advanced $50,000 in specie in exchange for Treasury notes, and offered to increase the amount to $100,000, provided the secretary of the treasury would leave the money on deposit to be checked for as required, which under sub-treasury law was declined.

☞ Election in New York to day. The Election is one of very great importance—Governor Lieut. Governor, members of Congress, State senators, representatives, Sheriffs, Clerks and Coroners of Counties are to be voted for and the people at the same time are to say whether they adopt the new constitution or not. There is considerable disaffection in the whig ranks. Fillmore being the favorite candidate of the Clay wing of the party. The result we feel confident will show the triumph of the democratic ticket. The result will be looked for with eagerness, by both parties.

Work! Work!! Work!!!

The Whigs are electioneering in every ward. Meet them and *work* against them—counteract their efforts by increasing labor and vigilance. Let every man bear himself as if he felt his individual efforts would turn the scale for the Glorious Democratic Cause of Liberty and Equality.

☞ We heard Samuel Lover Saturday evening at Mechanic's Hall. He is a very indifferent appearing gentleman so far as person is concerned—a small sized man "fat rosy, and round" but he is a man of unquestionable Genius a poet, novelists, painter, and musician and excels in each—he is full of "facility & felicity, imitating none and inimitable by any" in short he is "Infinite riches in a little room."

NEW ARITHMETIC. We are indebted to the author Mr J. S. Russell Teacher of Mathematics in the Lowell High School for a copy of the "*Rational Arithmetic.*" From Mr Russells reputation as an Arithmetician we judge his work to be a good one but whether it has sufficient merit to displace elder works by abler heads is not for us to decide.

☞ The Courier in a paragraph appended to Mr Abbotts letter in which he declines discussing with Mr Boatwell, says—"The above is just what we should expect from Mr Abbott." "Bressed are dom" says the distinguished Sam Jensing, "as does not expec nuffin, *for* dey aint giwne to be disappinted."

CATCHING THE WRONG GAME. An American boy, near Matamoras, being some distance from his party, was espied by a Mexican, who launched a lasso, and got the boy into the noose; but before he had time to throw him off his feet, the boy drew a pistol and gave the fellow two balls instanter. The Mexicans must think the duece is in the Yankee breed.

☞ The Liberty party of this city have nominated Andrew T. Nute, Appollos Perkins, Morris Knowles, Ethan Burnap, John S. Fletcher, Nathaniel B. Favor, Joseph Bradshaw, Jonathan Ladd and Joshua M. Hadley, as candidates for Representatives.

☞ There has just been published at Cincinnati, "The Young Vermont Mathematician's Almanac" for 1847, for which the astronomical calculations were made by Truman H. Safford, jr., who was born at Royalton, Vt., in January, 1836.

☞ The Chronotype says a man is none the worse for being black—True for you Chrony, but we judge you dairy the matter further and console yourself by saying that a man is no worse for being a *black guard!*

☞ The Gospel Fountain says that the religious privileges in Lowell "are many and great"—which is true and that different churches "live together in the true spirit of the Gospel" which we are glad to hear.

☞ LOOK OUT FOR FALSE REPORTS AND LYING HANDBILLS that the enemy will probably invent and circulate when it is too late to correct them!!

☞ The steamer Caledonia, Capt Lott, left East Boston yesterday afternoon, with 15 passengers for Halifax and 58 for Liverpool.

☞ BEWARE OF FALSE ELECTION RETURNS from New York particularly.

Police Court.

Monday Oct. 26th.

James Burnham—lewdness—6 mos. House Correction.

Thos. Conner—common drunkard—4 mos. House Correction.

Patrick Riley—disorderly—fined $2 and cost.

Nelson Stevens—common drunkard—4 mos. House Correction.

Peter Mc'Kean—assault and battery—fined $1 and cost.

George Kerr—disorderly—fined $2 and cost.

Cornelious Hickey—common drunkard—3 mos. House Correction.

Tuesday 27th.

Porter Fuller—assault and battery—fined $10 and costs, and recognise in $100, to keep the peace for 6 mos.

John Wallace—counterfiet money—ordered to recognize in $200 at the Feb. term.

Thos. Sprague—drunkeness—fined $1 and cost.

Wednesday 28th.

Peter Mc'Carty—common drunkard—4 mos. House Correction.

John Mc'Quade—assault and battery—$10 and cost—same—assault and battery—$1 and cost.

Catherine Flynn—drunkenness—fined $1 and cost.

Thursday 29th.

Horace Humphrey—larceny—ordered to recognize—$500.

Friday 30th.

Samuel Humphrey—violation license law—fined $2 and cost.

Saturday 31st.

Freemen Ham—larceny of a gold watch—recognized in $300.

From the New York True Sun.

BALTIMORE FRIDAY, 9 o'clock, P. M.

Awful Gale in the Gulf---Total Destruction of Key West---Great Lose of Life, &c. &c.

The Southern mail to-night brings us some awful reports—only the prelude to others of equal frightfulness, it is to be feared—of the desolation wrought upon the Gulf by a gale of unparalleled violence on the 11th and 12th inst., both inclusive, with the exception of but six hours.

Key West, with the exception of six houses, is reduced to an undistinguishable mass of ruins. A great many lives were destroyed, but anything like the precise number it had been impossible to ascertain at the latest advices. Fourteen were known to have been crushed to death by the falling buildings—probably many more—and the number of persons drowned it was altogether impossible to conjecture.

All the Light Houses, the Custom House, the Hospitals, and fortifications are perfect heaps of ruins.—The government loss alone is not less than $200,000! The whole place was perfectly overflowed. As far as had been ascertained for a certainty, fifty human beings perished at Key West alone.

The consequences of this awful hurricane on the Gulf and on the shore, are altogether beyond human conjecture.

The U. S. brig Perry was driven ashore, but will probably be saved.

The revenue cutter Morris was amongst the vessels lost, but, happily, all on board were rescued.

Commodore Sloat was aboard the Perry, and had arrived at New Orleans.

The number of wrecks must be very great, and the loss of life appauling.

STONY BROOK RAILROAD.—All persons interested in the above road are requested to meet this Tuesday evening at the Washington house in Lowell, at 7 o'clock.

Nov 3d. 1846.

JOHN A. KNOWLES.
JOSIAH B. FRENCH.
SIDNEY SPALDING.
Committee.

☞ Some remarkable fellow has mutilated one of the posters advertising the "Greenland Whale," which decorates a board fence in the Western part of the city so that it now reads "THE GREENY HALE may be seen" &c., &c.—Malice has done its worst when it thus libels the dead.

LOVER.—The New York Sun perpetrates the following "good one:"

Sam Lover's across the waters,
To visit Uncle Sam;
That is, he's come to see his daughters—
They're *lovers* all of Sam.

Some crasty buck cried out "take care!—
Now only think of Boz—."
But Sam, they say 's a *lover* dear,
"And who the *dickens's* Boz?"

FORTIFYING MEXICO. The *N. O. Courier* of Oct. 23d says—

"We have been informed on good authority that the Mexicans are fortifying the city of Mexico with great care; to defray the expenses of which the government had levied a forced contribution."

☞ The steamship Massachusetts, sailed from N. York. on Wednesday, with 580 recruits for the regular army, bound to Brazos Santiago and Gen. Taylor's army. They are mostly Germans and Irishmen, and are said to be a fine looking body of men.

Blackwoods Edinburg Magazine. We have received from Jonathan Allen, Leonard Scott & Co's American reprint of this first magazine in the world.

☞ The young lady who wandered from the Charleston Seminary in a State of partial insanity has been found in Lynn.

THE NEW YORK SLAVE CASE. Judge Edmonds decided Saturday that the law under which the Slave "Kirk" was detained was unconstitutional and he is now free.

PROGRESS OF FINE ARTS. We saw yesterday plaster casts of three distinguished men in a case over the outside door of a livery Stable in this city.

☞ The Governor of Maine has appointed Thursday the third day of December, as the day of annual Thanksgiving in that state.

☞ Dr Baird says in one of his recent letters that a popular revolution threatens the crowned thieves that rule and oppress Germany.

☞ A meeting was held on Wednesday in Lynnfield to take measures for resuming the application for a Railroad from Salem to Lowell.

DRUNK. It is said that Captain Hoskins was drunk when the Great Britain was wrecked. Very likely.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr O. Brinkerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES. No: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Oct. 31, 1846.

Oct. 25th, Mary Ann Derbyshire, 35 yrs, consumption; Edward E. Sheldon, 8 mos, marasmus; 30th, Samuel Laclaie, 2 days, infantile; George M. Spillor, 2 yrs 8 moe, dropsy of the brain; Daniel B. Dame, 36 yrs, inflammation of stomach.

In Concord, N. H., Mrs Huldah Evans, 84, a native of Charlestown, Mass., and wife of Rev. Israel Evans, the second Congregational minister of Concord.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of Alvin Whitney, of Lowell in said county, Painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Whitney will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery in Groton in said county on saturday the fourteenth day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Whitney and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS BUTTERFIELD. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Nov. 3 1846. A3T.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin B. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell, Nov 3, 1846. A3t

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their tall stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows:

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,
Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article in markeil at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. BUFFINGTON would respectfully give notice to the Ladies' and gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence his *Second Course* of lessons at *CONCERT HALL*, for instruction in *Dancing* and *Waltzing*, on TUESDAY evening, Nov. 2d, 1846

Tuition—Gentlemen, $3; Ladies $2; for 12 lessons. Payable the first part of the course.

Mr. Buffington would say to all those who may favor him with a call, that there shall be nothing connected with his school, to offend the most fastidious, and that good order shall be strictly observed.

☞ Private Lessons will be given to all who may wish, by leaving their names at Concert Hall, No. 82 Merrimack St.

Lowell, Oct. 29th, 1846. a&p1w.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of Seth Chellis, of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an Insolvent debtor and all persons being indebted to, or having any effects of the said insolvent are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The second meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell, on Saturday the seventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims.

By Order of said Master in Chancery.

A. R. BROWN Assignee.

Lowell Oct 30th 1846 A 3t.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adopted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14m H. T. BUTLER.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

A1nwtn2st.

A NEW UNIVERSAL AND CRITICAL DICTIONARY of the English Language, by Joseph E. Worcester.

The Dictionary of Johnson as corrected and enlarged by Todd and Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary, have been made, in some degrees the basis of this work; but the words found in those dictionaries have been carefully revised, with regard to their orthography, pronuciation, definition, &c.; and a great part of them, especially such as relate to the arts and sciences, have been defined entirely anew. To the words found in Todd's Johnson, nearly 27,000 words have been added, and for these words authorities are given. The work contains a much improved edition of walker's key to the pronunciation of Classical and Scripture Proper names; and to Walker's vocabulary about 3000 classical names have been added. It also comprises a pronouncing Vocabulary of about 400 modern geographical names. The several vocabularies are computed to contain upwards of 106,000 words.

Great attention has been bestowed on pronunciation; and with regard to words of various, doubtful, or disputed pronunciation, the authorities for the various modes are exhibited, so that this dictionary will show the reader in what manner these words are pronounced by all the most eminent English Orthoepists. The grammatical forms and inflections of words have been given more fully than ever before in any English Dictionary; and brief critical notes on the orthography, the pronunciation, the grammatical form and construction, and the peculier technical, local provincial and American uses of words are scattered throughout the volume. The design has been to give the greatest quantity of useful matter in the most condensed form, and to specify, as far as practicable, authorities in doubtful and disputed cases. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

oct1 No. 23 Central st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 28 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES TARLTON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Tarlton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the ninth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Tarlton and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

oct29a3t

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock —evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellinos Waltz. Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding. Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Master in chancery, Central street in said Lowell, on Saturday the twenty-first day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon: at which meeting Creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Assignee.

Oct. 26th 1846. A2t.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Oct 29 Atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 31, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order thereon, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court thereon.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square " do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Culicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mill.—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thornlike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilie street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2nw2w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMER'AL WHARF.

First Vessel.

The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.

The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, RICE, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send recipts with their goods. Geo W. Flynn agent at N. O.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

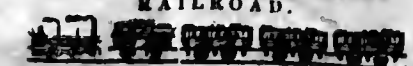
THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep5 41 Central St.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5. P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to leave Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M., —1½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell.

JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Ptf

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

THE LDIES' CSKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On Wednesday at 2, P. M. A prime lot of seasonable Dry Goods and Cloths.

On Tuesday at 2 P. M. A Rich Invoice of French Fancy Steel Work and Jewelry, such as Combs, Bracelets, Shawl Pins, Guard and fob Chains, &c.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH; at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Dry Goods, Cloths, &c.

On Thursday next, at 10 and 2 o'clock the Entire stock of a Dealer; consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods by Cataloguo, which will be ready, and the goods may be seen on Wednesday P. M.

Ladies are requested to attend.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pinno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfoct17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. j12a&p1y*

A. FROST & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have taken the building heretofore known as the "*Temperance Rooms*," *Middle street*, where they will execute promptly and satisfactorily, all kinds of CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERY, and also attend to REPAIRING FURNITURE, of every variety, in the most thorough and perfect manner.

They have and will keep constantly on hand, READY MADE COFFINS, of every desirable size and quality, which they will sell very cheap. Orders for Coffins may be left at their establishment at any hour in the night, and will be attended to without delay.

Any article of household, office or store Furniture or Flatures will be promptly made to order, at moderate charges.

The attention and patronage of the public is respectfully invited.



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massio Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a2m

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.

Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30t3w.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, during years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and nonmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like asses eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fates opulous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE*, which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sellow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly sustpicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solumnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in seasonal gratificatiee. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleaseres of retureing strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowieg that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make knowe their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most leviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully cautioe the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," then any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physicians as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Mntz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VOSMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vosmeter; his statement is strictly true.

B. N. Hitchcock,	Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey,	John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Shattuck corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 20 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [aeop12m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my head and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 alv&petly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, in sues Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; E. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON

Dated—March 10, 1845. Ayekpeo1y

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *dispondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New [illegible]

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjne28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure or tainted blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decompusing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectibility, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart born entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and each of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheamatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Eryeipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From [illegible] variety of other cases that have been reported, we [illegible]ve that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, [illegible]nders the person safe against this or the Eryeipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leccorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pale and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has affected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligie servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bluwel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Mondays, Wednesdays*, and *Fridays*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

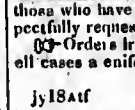


The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Cummereial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL, respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch,

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 5, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO.131.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 47, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

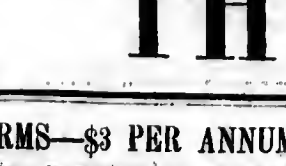
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Gloss, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bortlett Street, Lowell, Mass. ja4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

Office, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, Lowell, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

Samuel Goss. je13a3m Addison Knight.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
B. BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. Isaac W. Bangs,
jan8 Dean Bangs.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

Joshua Merrill, C. H Heywood.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } V. Presidents.
" Stephen Salisbury, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. 1fmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
Office—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je18 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office—Savings Bank Block, *near the City Hall*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
Office hours—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
Office—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office to Wentworth's Building, Lowell.
Benj. Dean, Jr., James Dinsmore.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. NOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. janl Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the Piano Forte, Guitar, etc., and also in the German language, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. Louis Strack would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kiddar; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

GOODWIN WOOD,
— ALONZO H. WOOD.

Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.

ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19Atf

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

Newark, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

Berkshire, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and convincing evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa* and *Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or *King's Evil* and all other eruptions of the skin caused by the impure state of the blood, and a pure blood a medicine should be occasionally. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of Sound Health from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Goy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower oug22&aptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Druett to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.

WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTERMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Goolt; Coacord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawu&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Which the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1068 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1340	581 85	270 20	39 70	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of Frederick Parker, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. Edmund A. Grattan, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, John C. Dalton, M. D., Elisha Huntington, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sep1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access

CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alysepr4

POETRY.

A MAN'S REQUIREMENTS.

BY ELIZABETH BARRETT BARRETT.

1.
Love me, sweet, with all thou art,
Feeling, thinking, seeing—
Love me in the lightest part,
Love me in full being.

2.
Love me with thine open youth
In its frank surrender;
With the vowing of thy mouth,
With its silence tender.

3.
Love me with thine azure eyes,
Made for earnest greeting!
Taking colour from the skies,
Can heavens' truth be wanting?

4.
Love me with thy lids that fall
Snow-like at first meeting!
Love me with thine heart, that all
The neighbors then see beating.

5.
Love me with thine hand stretched out
Freely—open-minded!
Love me with thy loitering foot,—
Hearing one behind it.

6.
Love me with thy voice, that tarns
Sudden faint above me!
Love me with thy blush that burns
When I murmur "*Love me?*"

7.
Love me with thy sinking soul—
Breaking it to love-sighing;
Love me with thy thoughts that roll
On through living—dying.

8.
Love me in thy gorgeous airs,
When the world has crowned thee!
Love me, kneeling at thy prayers,
With the angels round thee.

9.
Love me pure as musers do,
Up the woodland shady!
Love me gaily, fast, and true,
As a winsome lady.

10.
Through all hopes that keep us brave,
Future off or nigher,
Love me for the house and grave,—
And for something higher.

11.
Thus, if thou wilt prove me, dear,
Woman's love no fable,
I will love *thee*—half-a-year—
As a man is able.

From Bentley's Miscellany.

"THE FOLLY" AT CLIFTON.

* * * * * * * *

If you look towards the sea, you will perceive, high up on a hill, a round tower; and if you ask any native of the place what it is he will tell you it is called "The Folly." Why it is so named we are going to tell you, for of course there is a tradition attached to it. A tower without a tradition would be a public building without public discontent at its design—a cab without a broken-kneed horse—a fancy ball without a King Charles or a Rochester—a burlesque without a joke upon "cut your stick"—a number of *Punch* without a funny portrait of Lord Brougham—a list of new books without one from Mr James or Mrs. Gore; or any other improbability. This then is the story.

In that romantic epoch which forms the middle ages between the periods of "Once upon a time," and "There was once a king"—the era of everything that was wonderful in the fairy chronicles—there was one day in autumn, great feasting and revelry on a fine estate, whose homestead rose where the tallest and oldest trees now cap the rocks opposite St. Vincent's—a leafy wig kindly furnished by nature to the bald limestone. It was a very joyful occasion; the lady of the house had presented her liege lord with a little son and heir, after he had waited several years for the arrival of the small stranger; and so, in his joy, he presented all his household with a little sun and air as well, giving them a grand banquet on his lawn, and extending his invitations to everybody round about the country who chose to come. And a rare feast they made of it.

People who are clever in legendary lore find out that many traditions have a wonderful analogy to one another. And so we do not wonder at the opening event in the present story being like a circumstance in the life of "The Sleeping Beauty"—the unfortunate omission of somebody who expected to have been invited to the birth-day festivities. This is, however so improbable, for we believe there never was a large party given yet but a similar mistake occurred.

However, although in the present case it was not a fairy, it was somebody equally wonderful—no less a person than an astrologer—one of those gentlemen who at the present time live in back garrets in Paternoster Row, and write almanacs, but who formerly poked about in caves and hovels and wore old dressing gowns covered with red tinsel copies of the signs on the show bottles of chemists and druggists, and cheap doctors; and studied enormous ledgers in a similar language, as difficult for common eyes to read as the writing over the door of the Chinese Collection. He was not asked because they knew he was a wizard; and they thought that if any of them inadvertently offended him, he would change the roast beef they were eating to crooked pins and tin-tacks, or carry them up on the stable brooms to indefinite heights, above the level of the Avon, and let them fall on the rocks. In fact they trusted to his not hearing any thing about it.

But they forgot the party was in the country, and that in the country, then as now, everybody was sure to know what was taking place. The astrologer, who was known as the Wizard of the Southwest, heard of it; and as he had not received an invitation, he came without. Nobody dared oppose him; he stalked through the lines of labels, and went to the end one, at which the lord of the estate, and a few exclusive friends who would have been allowed silver forks at the present day, were seated. And then, before the host could speak, he drew forth a scroll, and read as follows:

"Twenty times shall Avon's tide
In chains of glist'ning ice be tied:
Twenty times the woods of Leigh
Shall wave their branches merrily;
To spring burst forth in mantle gay,

Twenty times shall autumn's frown
Wither all their green to brown,
And still the child of yesterday
Shall laugh the happy hours away.
That period past, another sun
Shall not his annual circle run,
Before a silent, secret foe
Shall strike the boy a deadly blow.
Such—and sure—his fate shall be:
Seek not to change his destiny."

And having delivered himself of this prediction, he gave the scroll to the host, and made a bow, as though he had been presenting an address; but not waiting for any "gracious answer," stalked proudly back again to where he came from, the precise locality of which we cannot ascertain.—The common people at the lower end of the table, thinking it was a speech, applauded lustily, without, understanding it a bit, as is their wont. The lord looked very much put out, but it would not do to be "slow" on such a day before his guests; so he called for some more "wine, ho!" and having drunk himself into utter forgetfulness of every thing, determined, after the manner of many married gentlemen in similar domestic positions, to make a night of it, which process coosisted in not allowing there to be any night at all.

But he thought of it, the first thing on awaking in the morning, or rather the afternoon of the next day, and when his lady was sufficiently recovered to hear it, he told her; and although they both agreed it was all nothing, and that anybody must be daft to listen to the ravings of an imposiier, they thought a great deal about it nevertheless.

* * * * * * *

"Twenty years are supposed to have elapsed between the first and second parts," as the play bills say, and the heir had become the realization of a novelist's and dramatic hero. He was tall handsome, and clever. He would have fought any odds of villains had he seen just occasion. In the sports of the field and forest nobody could surpass him, and is winning the favor of any fair one he chose to pay his court to, he distanced all his competitors; indeed he had finished by gaining the love of the most beautiful and generally charming girl in all the south of England. But as the period of his majority arrived, the father and mother recollected the prediction, and got very nervous; and after much curtain debate, they agreed the best plan would be to build him up in a tower, all alone by himself, until the fatal period had passed. The matter was settled, and a cunning architect was sent for, who ran up the building in a space of time that would have thunderstruck even the Bayswater and Park Village builders especially if they had known it would have lasted for centuries. The young lord of Clifton did not altogether much approve of this solitary confinement, more especially as he had been guilty of no crime, but the parents were imperative, and so as soon as his 20th birth day arrived, he went to the tower, which they had fitted up very comfortably, with as many missals as they could collect to beguile the time, and every sort of preserve, and potted meats, and bottled drinks, that the age knew how to prepare. He was to wait entirely on himself, not a servant, not a human being, was to be his companion; everything he wanted was to be pulled up by a cord to a high window and the lord himself, with his most trust-worthy followers, encamped round the building.

He found it rather dull at first, for he was naturally fond of company; but by little and little he got used to it; and he invented a species of telegraph by which he could converse with his friends—and one especially—across the river, so that the time did not hang quite so heavily.—Even at the Ancient Concerts there is a pitch when you get beyond yawning, with nothing to divert you but wonderful old ladies, and they are always worth a visit to look at any day. Well, the winter went away, the woods became green once more in the spring, and the tangled wild flowers spangled them in the summer. Then their leaves began to rustle and the days got short and chilly, and the prisoner, at the first cold breath, not deterred by economical motives of any kind, thought that it was time to begin fires, and hauled his faggots up accordingly.

The term of his solitude at length came to an end, and one bright autumnal morning, all the family assembled to conduct him home. But for a wonder they did not see him at his usual place at the window to greet them. They shouted, and blew their horns, but all to no effect; and at last got a ladder, and the father himself ascended and climbed through the loop-hole; but his cry of grief soon brought the rest up after him. They thronged up the ladder as though they had been a besieging party at modern Astley's, and entered the room, where they found their master lying prostrate on the bed of his son, convulsed with mental agony. A single glance assured them that the boy was dead.

One or two of the servants lifted the lord of Clifton from the body, as another turned down the coverlid, to discover the cause of the fatal occurrence. And their, coiled upon the young heir's breast, with its head resting on a livid spot, they found a poisonous viper; who had evidently crept out of one of the faggots, roused from torpor by the warmth of the chamber. In spite of all the precautions, the astrologer's prediction had been fulfilled.

How to Sneeze.—Some one has given the following expression of taste in regard to sneezing:

"We hope we may not be branded as presumptuous, if in a matter of sneezing we pretend to be connoisseurs. As a proof of our taste, we hate one of your snivelling, dry, half frightened to death sneezes; but for one of your full, clear, sonorious, detonating, reverberating explosions—one of those reports that set the wineglasses on the sideboard a jingling, and wake pussy—we say for one of those earthquake sneezes, we have a love inferior only to that which we bear for women and—our favorite dog. A sneeze, to be in good taste, should crack like a rifle on a clear morning. A receipt for a sneeze of this kind is as follows:—When you feel a tickling at the root of your proboscis just jump up, if you be seated run to the window through which the sun shines throw your head back until the bump of philoprogenitiveness presses on your coat collar, open your mouth, snarl like a half-starved hyena at a piece of fresh meat, inhale a deep breath, and then—blaze away. The effect will be prodigious—an echo will salute you from the house top over the way, and the good house-wives will order the clothes taken in, the game-cock will turn up the red of his eye to the sun, and you will have the assurance that you have not sneezed in vain."

"What harm," said Mr Puffwell, "is there in a pipe?"

"Nun, that I nose on," replied a regular down easter, who had more of the philosopher in him than the scholar, "'cept smokio' leads to driokin', and drinkin', leads to drunkenness. Now, p'raps drunkenness might fetch on the bile, and the bile give ye the 'spepsy, and the 'spepsy give you the consumption, and the consumption fetch on old death, that's all. Now, Mr. Whiffer, put all them ar' things in your pipe and smoke 'em."

"If I were so unlucky," said an officer, "as to have a stupid son, I would certainly, by all means make him a parson." A clergyman who was in his company, replied, "you think differently, sir, from your father."

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV., 5 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS,

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Hulliston.

Essex County—Edmund Kimball, of Bradford; Edwin Lawrence, of Newburyport; E. H. Safford, of Haverhill; Nathl. Frothingham, of Salem; George Osborne, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. Bridges, of Worcester; Ivers Phillips, of Fitchburg; Seth Hapgood, of Petersham; Francis Howe, of Brookfield; Alfred Bragg, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. Whitaker, of Needham; Artemas Brown, of Medway; Jesse Pierce, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—Charles Osgood, of Northfield; Whitney Grisworld, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—Samuel Gates, of West Stockbridge; Lansing J. Cole, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—James Cheever, John T. Heard, John A. Bolles, William Washburn, Edward A. Raymond.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC RALLY.

THE DEMOCRATIC Citizens of Lowell, one and all, are requested to meet at the CITY HALL on Friday evening Nov. 6 at 8 o'clock Per order.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

FACT NUMBER ONE. That the Whigs, from 1834 to 1840, expended more than SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS to meet what the ordinary expenses of Government overrun the ordinary income.

FACT NUMBER TWO. That the Whigs, as a party, sustained by but one democrat attempted in 1844, to throw the whole support of the State Paupers, amounting to upwards of EIGHTY THOUSAND DOLLARS a year, upon the towns, and give the "capitation tax" to Boston and other seaport towns.

FACT NUMBER THREE. That whilst the capitolist is allowed to offsett his Debts against his Dues, and be taxed only for the ballance, the man who has mortgaged real estate is taxed both for what he owes and for what he owns; doubly taxing every mortgaged farm in the Commonwealth to the amount of the mortgage.

FACT NUMBER FOUR. When the Democrats were in power they made retrenchments to the amount of THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS a year—all of which have been since abolished by the whigs—if the Democrats get the power they will retrench again.

FACT NUMBER FIVE. That the whigs will grant no charter for new Railroads where they come into competition with an existing road—thereby showing an intimate relation between their breeches pockets and the receipts of the existing roads.

FACT NUMBER SIX. That the Democrats would reduce the POLL TAX to 50 cents.

FACT NUMBER SEVEN. That the whigs repealed the Democratic act of '43 to regulate banks and prevent their swindling the people—and the whigs by a strict party vote went against the bill providing for the exposure and taxation of stocks pledged to corporations that then and now escape taxation.

FACT NUMBER EIGHT. As a consequence of Banks being, as they are, above law and below infallibility, the people may look for a wreck of the whole squadron, on the lee shore of rascality and ruin.

FACT NUMBER NINE, The whigs identify themselves with Monarchists of the old world, for they oppose a secret ballot law which would deprive them of the POWER THEY NOW EXERCISE—that of compelling those they employ to vote the Federal ticket—they raise the salaries of the rich and cut down the earnings of the poor—they report against labor and legislate for capital—and monopolize peddling profit and power.

FACT NUMBER TEN. That the Hon. George S. Boutwell is the strongest and ablest candidate on the course in Middlesex County, and that the Hon. Amos Abbott shew he was not wanting in that better part of valor—discretion—when he declined a discussion with Mr Boutwell, since it would be a contest of truth against error—between the strength of vigorous manhood on the one side and the puny efforts of unresisting imbecility on the other.

FACT NUMBER ELEVEN. That Hon. Amos Abbott is a very good Apothecary but a very indifferent representative—better qualified to physic the people of this district than represent them in Congress.

FACT NUMBER TWELVE. That the majority of the whig party in this district would be glad to see their candidates for representative defeated—since he is forced upon them by Boston dictation and the influence of cotton.

Democrats, One and All.

Be at the Polls EARLY!
Be at the Polls ALL DAY!
Keep a sharp eye on the BALLOT BOX
See that every DEMOCRAT VOTES!
See that our friends have the REGULAR TICKET!
Challenge all SPURIOUS VOTES!
Get out the LAST MAN!
In all things be firm and vigilant, and VICTORY IS OURS!!

Remember

That the whig party in war IS ALWAYS FOUND ON THE SIDE OF THE ENEMY—that it is the party which advocates the passage of laws that adds millions to the wealth of the rich, taking from the *HARD EARNINGS OF THE POOR.*

Mr Boutwelt and Mr Abbott—Congressional District No. 3.

Under the above caption, the Courier of Tuesday says—

We received last night a letter, in which we are informed that the speech which the Advertiser published as having been delivered by Mr Boutwell at the Andover Convention, at the time he was nominated, has a very important omission. We are informed that Mr Boutwell remarked on that occasion as follows:—"He had been charged with being an abolitionist; he denied the charge, *and had no sympathy with them.*"

It then asks, very significantly, the following question—

If he had no sympathy with the abolitionists, and he said so down at the Andover Convention, why was this *fact not published* in his reported speech in the Advertiser?

It then continues—

We have the names of two gentlemen who were members of the Convention which nominated Mr Boutwell, who say they heard him make the statement, and who declare they will not vote for him.

Now we have but a single word to say as to what Mr Boutwell said at the Andover convention. He did not use the word *abolitionist* at all in his remarks at that place, and the entire statement of the Courier is untrue. We know this from our own recollection and we also know it from having seen Mr Boutwell, and he says he made no such statement, nor spoke of abolitionists,

We now ask the Courier to give the names of the two gentlemen who were members of the Convention, and heard him make any such statement. We believe the Courier cannot do it. We know it cannot do it, unless they state what is untrue, either mistakenly or intentionally. It is very probable the names of the two gentlemen sent to the Courier, were used without authority by some friend of Mr Abbott to injure Mr Boutwell. Can anything be more mean, malicious and contemptible than to attribute to a man statements he never uttered, to sustain a charge of duplicity, especially after an invitation has been given Mr Abbott to come before the people, and there, face to face, with Mr Boutwell, state his own position, and ask Mr Boutwell to do the same thing? Truth is all Democracy or its defenders ask; and would it not be quite as honorable for Mr Abbott to meet Mr Boutwell before the people, where there can be no double dealing, no dodging the real issues between the parties, as for his friends to traduce and belie Mr Boutwell through the columns of a partizan paper, where it cannot be fully met, because Democratic papers do not find their way to any great extent, into whig hands. When a man refuses an open field and a fair fight, and his friends attempt to carry him through by falsehood, and slander of his opponent, who only desires an honorable contest, he and they are unworthy the confidence of all high-minded, truthful men. Nor is want of capacity an excuse for slandering an opponent, though it may be for not meeting him. The first denotes an infamous character, while the last is only evidence of the want of ability. The latter may be excused, the former can have no palliative.

So far as the Courier is concerned we only ask that it substantiate or retract its statement.

Look out for Whig Tricks!

Be on your guard against any secret effort of the Whig leaders.

Let there be one united effort,

And Whiggery, treachery, political knavery and all other allies of the whig party will be routed.

Let the old Veterans

Of the Democratic phalanx, who have fought in the front ranks, and always led to victory, now make one

Grand Rally

Around the OLD DEMOCRATIC STANDARD.

Let the Young Soldiers

Of the Democratic legions emulate the spirit of the old veterans, and strive to outdo them in noble deeds.

Let all Democrats

Who love their country and hate its enemies.

Rally once More.

In favor of the REGULAR TICKET.

Young Men Vote Early.

Let every young Democrat vote early, and then attend to the aged and infirm. Bring out all the old veterans who sustained the Democratic cause before you were born, and during your infancy, See to it, young men!!

REMEMBER

That a full Democratic vote is a VICTORY.

WATCH THE WHIGS,

Both during voting hours and when the ballots are counted.

LOOK TO YOUR BALLOTS.

See that all the names of the Democratic nominees are on them, and that no Whig or *independent* names disgrace them.

ONLY TWO DAYS TO GET READY!!

Democrats of Massachusetts you have now but two days to prepare for the contest. Let Friday and Saturday be devoted to laborious, indefatigable exertion. Look to it and see that your organization is perfect—Let us not have one vote lost—bring every man out—Direct your attention to those who are in the habit of staying away from the polls.—Convince every lukewarm Democrat that as it is a right, so it is an imperative duty for him to vote.

VOTES VOTES VOTES!!

Is your town supplied with Democratic votes for Governor, Lieut. Governor, Senators, Representatives in Congress, Representatives to the Legislature? you know it my friend? Are they in the hands of right ones—will they be at the polls in season? Will they remain till the polls close in the afternoon? Remember this is essential.

Democratic Caucus in Tewksbury, The Hon. George S. Boutwell addressed a large assembly of Democrats and other citizens of Towksbury, Tuesday evening last. Mr Boutwell shew by his address, which was pertinent, argumentative and sound, he was thoroughly acquainted with the great agricultural, commercial and manufacturing interests of the country.

☞ We are indebted to Mr Oliver March for 1-2 dozen different sets of games for children, among them we notice the laughable game of "*What d'ye buy?*"—By Professor Punch—and the "*Game of Oregon,*" and three different sets of conversation cards.

New Jersey. Reports by Telegraph and the cars from Newark, indicate increased majorities for the whigs, at the election in that State Tuesday.

Vote the REGULAR TICKET!!

Texan War of Independence.

Since so much exertion is being made at the present time by false statements and wrong interpretations of the events that have transpired in the history of the struggle of the Republic of Texas with the Government of Mexico, for the maintenance of their Declaration of Independence, would it not be well at this time, in order to refresh the recollections of the citizens of this state, to refer them to some of the important events in the history of that struggle during the last ten years?

The causes that induced this rupture with the government of Mexico, have been long ago fully presented to the judgment of the civilized world, by the Republic of Texas, and they have been approved by the governments of the most enlightened nations in both continents. The first question being settled according to the acknowledged policy of civilized nations, in regard to the right of the people of Texas to declare themselves a free and independent nation, it remains to be seen how far they sustained the character they had assumed.

The campaign of 1836 was the most important demonstration of the government of Mexico against Texas. Santa Anna, President of Mexico and General-in-Chief of the Army, at the head of 10,000 men marched into Texas by two routes, one division of the army passing along the coast, and the other, led by Santa Anna, marched through the interior of the territory—having hoisted the red flag of extermination, the proud boast of the Mexican was, that he should complete his conquest by the utter destruction of every Texan that fell into his hands. The bloody scene at the siege of the Alamo, will not soon be forgotten by any being possessed of a human heart—here a handful of Texan Military force, successfully sustained a seige for fourteen days against the overwhelming numbers of the Mexican army under Santa Anna, which was finally carried by storm in an attack made in the night and every officer and soldier in the fort put to death. General Houstan, in command of a small force of a few hundred Texans, kept up a continual retreat before the Mexican army, until he arrived upon the eastern side of the river Brazos, where he made a stand and determined to await the approach of the enemy, who were close upon his rear. On the 21st of April, 1836, Gen. Santa Anna came up with this small force of Texans, and made the attack upon them—when, to the astonishment of the world, the Texans, after a severe contest with the enemy, entirely routed them with great loss, and the President General was captured and made their prisoner. And now let those who are endeavoring, by false statements, to render the act of our government in taking military occupation of the territory to the Rio Grand, infamous, and a just cause of war on the part of Mexico, averring that Texas never claimed that line as its boundary, ponder on what followed as the result of the battle of San Jacinto!

At the port of Velasco, in the State of Texas, articles of agreement were entered into between his Excellency, David G. Burnet, President of the Republic of Texas, on the one part, and his Excellency, General Santa Anna, President, and Commander-in-chief of the Mexican army, on the other part, which were signed by the parties, and members of the Cabinet of the Government of Texas, on the 14th day of May 1836.

Art. 1. General Santa Anna agrees that he will not take up arms, nor will he exert his influence to cause them to be taken up, against the people of Texas during the present war of Independence.

Art. 2. All hostilities between the Mexican and Texan troops will cease immediately both by land and water.

Art. 3. The Mexican troops will evacuate the territory of Texas, passing to the other side of the Rio Grande del Norte.

Art. 8. By an express to be immediately despatched, this agreement shall be sent to General Vincente Filisola (in command of the Mexican troops) and to General T. J. Rusk, commander of the Texan army, in order that they may be apprised of its stipulations—and to this end, they will exchange engagements to comply with the same.

The other articles, six in number, relate principally to the manner of removing the army, the rights of private property in the territory above described, and the exchange of prisoners.

Thus, in accordance with the usages of civilized nations, the people of Texas had become the independent possessors of the territory lying between the rivers Sabine and Rio del Norte.

It is immaterial to the fact, whether the government of Mexico attached any importance to the negotiation with Santa Anna or not, the Texans having at this time acquired the right of possession by as brilliant and decisive a conquest as can be found in the history of any nation on the face of the earth; for, on the receipt of the despatches from Santa Anna, General Filisola proceeded to evacuate the territory, and fixed his camp at Matamoras. Indignant at the defeat of their army in Texas, and capture of their President General, the Mexican Congress passed a decree on the 20th of May, declaring all acts made or to be made by Santa Anna, while in captivity, null and void.

Something may be inferred of the state of public feeling in Mexico from an extract of a correspondence in the New Orleans Bee of June 24th, 1836, which says, that "the excitement continues to increase in all the Mexican provinces, where the news of the defeat and capture of Santa Anna has reached. On the subject of Texas there appears to be but one feeling, that of the bitterest kind." In such a state of public feeling, the acting government had but one course to pursue, that was to recommence hostilities. Gen. Filisola was severely censured and dismissed from the service for obeying the order of Santa Anna, to withdraw the army from the territory of Texas, which terminated the campaign that had been commenced with the highest assurances of an easy conquest in the subjugation of the revolted province; and every preparation was made to organize a new campaign, to proceed to Texas and recapture their lost possessions. The sequel has most fully shown, that while the people of Mexico were united in one sentiment of hostility against Texas, they were so much harrassed by internal devisions that there was not sufficient power in their government at home to procure the means necessary to carry on the campaign.

A correspondent of the New York Courier and Enquirer gave the news from Mexico to the 22d of October, 1836, as brought to Havana by the British Packet, according to which, "the state of the Republic of Mexico was most deplorable, there being no President, no ministry, and no Congress legally elected, the whole government of the country being in the hands of Torrel and a few unprincipled military leaders. The infirmness of the people was such that they would indifferently receive as their Supreme Chief or Dictator, either Bustamento, Bravo or Santa Anna. The long talked of expedition against Texas, was postponed to the spring on account of impassible roads, want of money and navy."

In the meantime, the unparallelled success of the Texan arms had inspired the people with new life and new vigor; the army was augmented from a few hundred of scattered troops, to an efficient force of three thousand men. A constitution was adopted and the government organized by the election of a President and a Congress; under these auspices, assurance was given to the world of their right to the character of a separate and independent nation, which was first acknowledged by the government of the United States, and subsequently by England and other European Powers. So confident was the new government of its ability to maintain its position, that among the first acts of the cabinet of President Houston, was a determination to carry into execution the treaty made between the late President Burnet and Santa Anna. That in consequence the latter will be set at liberty on his solemn pledge of honor to observe the conditions of the treaty, and to exert his influence to procure the recognition of the independence of Texas, by Mexico. Although Santa Anna was set at liberty he has never as yet, redeemed his pledge of honor, and Mexico has kept alive hostile, though ineffectual attacks upon Texas during a series of years; until by a formal act of the two governments, Texas was annexed to the United States in 1846. Whether that act was expedient or inexpedient, was a proper question for discussion, by the people in both governments, which did not in the least affect the rights of Mexico in Texas, and by the decision of that question, the government of the United States was fully invested with all the rights, privileges and immunities, that the government of Texas had acquired in accordance with that act. It must be remembered that Mexico never claimed a part of the territory of Texas; she had adopted as her motto—"a law government, Texas or Death!" And when on the refusal of Mexico to receive a minister to negotiate all difficulties between them, was it not the duty of our government to protect itself against so hostile an act on the part of Mexico? most certainly; and it would have been justly charged with culpable neglect had it failed to have taken a military position, under those circumstances, on the banks of the Rio Grande. Bedford Nov. 3 1846. ☞

The Prepared Cotton Discovery.

The letter which we laid before our readers on Saturday evening, from our European correspondent is calculated to shake the doubts of the skeptic in relation to the extraordinary combustibility and power of the prepared cotton. It appears wonderful, indeed; but, perhaps, not more so than the discovery of gunpowder itself, when it was communicated to the world. We should like to see some account of the impression which this new and important composition produced upon the world, if any trace of it is to be found in the ancient MS. records. But by the way of lending some confirmation to the description of our correspondent, we subjoin the following extract which appears in the Charleston Courier, from its Paris correspondent.—He does not notice its cotemporaneous discovery by Professor Baltzer, of Frankfort-on-the-Maine:

"Several notices have lately met my eye of a marvellous mode of transforming common cottas into detonating powder, recently invented by Professor Schonbein, of Basle, in Switzerland. The learned professor has ascertained that, by subjecting cottos to a particular process, (which is still a secret with the inventor,) it becomes transformed into a new substance, very slightly changed in appearance, but inflamable from the smallest spark, and detonating by percussion. Other advantages of the cotton powder are, that it leaves hardly a preceptible residue in the gun after a discharge, for each load carries off the residue of the proceeding load, and after every discharge, the piece is as fit for service as though it had been just cleaned. It ignites suddenly, and very uniformly. It burns entirely, discharging very few solid particles, and producing hardly any smoke. The danger of transportation is very slight, for it explords only from the action of a violent shock or blow;* and burning without flame, explosion produces no fire. Put up for transportation, it occupies more space than common powder, but then it is much lighter. It may be wet, but when dried, it resumes all its original qualities; and in damp weather it is superior to common powder, being more inflammable. Experiments will soon decide whether this cotton powder is to supercede the "villanous saltpetre."

"The Savans of Switzerland are bruiting, too, just now, another invention, by virtue of which paper, and analogous vegetable tissues, are invested with an extraordinary solidity, having the solidity of iron. Paper subjected to this process may be washed without injary and its proof against acids and alkalies."—*Union.*

*The explosion of the prepared cotton at Frankfort was effected, as the reader will recollect, by heat, (a heated ci gar, &c)

From the Boston Times.

New York Election.

Wednesday night Nov. 4.

The Albany Journal (whig) of to-night, claims 12,000 votes in 29 Counties—it also claims a majority of the Members of Congress elected. Four of the Senators positively; probably 2 more. It does not give any opinion in regard to the Legislature, but claims whig gains.

The Democratic members of Congress are elected from all the districts in the City of New York, but the 5th, where F. A. Tallmadge, whig, is chosen. Gov. Wright's majority in the city is 5000, and all but one of the Democratic Assemblymen are chosen. F. W. Lord, Democrat, is elected to congress from Suffolk and Queens.

James O'Connor is elected over Willis Hall, County Clerk. The Journal claims whig gains of Members of Congress in the 5th, 8th, 11th, and 13th districts.

The Journal contains no further news of importance. There is no direct communication between this city and New York.

☞ The steamboat Rhode Island, which left Stonington on Wednesday evening, with a large number of passengers and the eastern mail, was struck by a heavy sea, which carried away her rudder, about 6 o'clock A. M., yesterday, a tremendous gale prevailing at the time, about 6 miles east of Huntington, L. I. The sea was running so high at the time that it was deemed imprudent to attempt to send a boat ashore, and the captain therefore addressed a letter to the president of the company, which he put into a bottle. The bottle was made fast to barrel and committed to the waves, which soon threw it upon the shore. The letter was immediately brought to the city, and this morning the steamboat Mohegan was despatched for the purpose of bringing her down. We learn from a gentleman who left the Rhode Island at 8 o'clock last evening, that nearly all the passengers were landed during yesterday. She is not aground, as has been stated, but is at anchor, it being impossible to manage her after the rudder was carried away.—*N. Y. Post, Monday.*

Millinery Depot. By turning to the Advertising columns it will be seen that Mr & Mrs. Startevant of No. 10 Central Street offers a rare and valuable Millinery Stock to the Ladies and citizens of Lowell. The ladies say and to their judgement in such matters we defer, that they have a lovely collection of Goods.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The Albany Journal (whig) believes Young is elected Governor. His gain over Wright in 39 counties, (in 1846) is 11,890. Seven democrats and 13 whigs are chosen to Congress, so far as heard from.

Seven districts to hear from.

These returns being from whig strong holds, we have still hopes of saving the State.

☞ The costly and elegant Sword made by N. P. Ames & Co., and to be given to Gen. Taylor, with several other beautiful presentation Swords, will be exhibited in the Library of the institute, on Monday and Tuesday next.—*Cabottsville Mirror.*

☞ The Courier calls upon the whigs of Massachusetts to "Cry." We do not exactly see the pertinence of such advice just at this time, and we hope none of his friends will be so childish as to follow his advice or example.

RAILROAD IRON. We are informed that they manufacture of railroad iron is becoming a very important branch of labor in our vicinity. At the foundary one day last week, two hundred and forty-eight rails or forty two tons, were turned out in twenty-four hours.—*Boston Transcript.*

NEW COUNTERFEIT. Tens of the Mechanick's Concord, N. H. The plate is entirely different from the genuine—the engraving course. They can be easily detected by observing the word Mechanick's, which in the genuine is spelt icks, and in the counterfeit ics. —*Post.*

☞ The Communication from our Bedford correspondent merits a careful perusal.

VOTERS!—Pay your taxes or you will lose your vote.

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No*: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.
OPINION OF THE PRESS.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of A. FROST, & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

A. FROST,
HENRY UPTON,
LUTHER SMITH.

All persons having demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for payment—and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with HENRY UPTON.
Lowell, Nov. 5, 1846. a3t

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex against the estate of Alvin Whitney, of Lowell in said county, Painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Whitney will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery in Groton in said county on saturday the fourteenth day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Whitney and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS BUTTERFIELD. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some consideable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell *Nov.* 3 1846. a3t.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin H. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery in Lowell, on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.
B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell, *Nov* 3, 1846. a3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.
Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,
Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company. a&P1f

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S**, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their tall stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows;

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,
Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the
"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. BUFFINGTON would respectfully give notice to the Ladies' and gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence his *Second Course* of lessons at *CONCERT HALL*, for instruction in *Dancing* and *Waltzing*, on TUESDAY evening, Nov. 2d, 1846

Tuition—Gentlemen, $3; Ladies $2; for 13 lessons. Payable the first part of the course.

Mr. Buffington would say to all those who may favor him with a call, that there shall be nothing connected with his school, to offend the most fastidious, and that good order shall be strictly observed.

☞ Private Lessons will be given to all who may wish, by leaving their names at Concert Hall, No. 82 Merrimack St.

Lowell, Oct. 29th, 1846.

n&p1w.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of Seth Chellis, of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an insolvent debtor and all persons being indebted to, or having any effects of the said insolvent are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The second meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell, on Saturday the seventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims.

By Order of said Master in Chancery.
A. R. BROWN Assignee.
Lowell Oct 29th 1846 a 3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 28 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES TARLTON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Tarlton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the ninth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Tarlton and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
oct29a3t

Dancing and Waltzing.

MISS FISHER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lowell and vicinity, that she intends to commence her afternoon and evening Classes on Wednesday Oct 21st at Mechanics' Hall. Days of tuition, Monday and Wednesday, afternoons class at 4 o'clock —evening class for Ladies' at 7—evening Class for Gentlemen at half past 8. Instructions given in all the new and fashionable Dances, including Polka, Quadrilles, Cellarius Waltz, Redowa, &c.

Terms eight dollars per quarter, 24 lessons.

For further particulars inquire of Mr Spalding, Mechanics Hall. oct15atw

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. ADAMS, of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Adams will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, Master in chancery on Central street in said Lowell, on Saturday the thirty-first day of October inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon: at which meeting Creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Assignee.
Oct. 26th 1846. a2t

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, sep19

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put to use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep12a-3m H. T. BUTLER.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; whereof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.
A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.
Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Mundy street to the Tremont Mill,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thorndike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilde street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

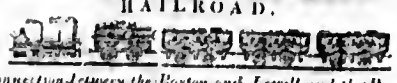
By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 6½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the Br Canada from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

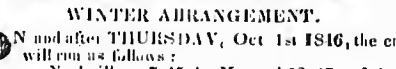
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1846, the cars will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 6.5, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

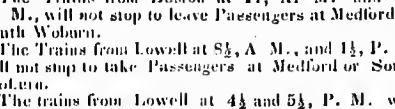
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Oct. 1, 1846. oct3tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Center at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,
36 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&p3m

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
This day
To go up to the City without Lightering,



The fast sailing coppered packet Bark CARLOS, *Tillinghast*, master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L. WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.
First Vessel.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. oct24

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This Day—positively.



The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Ship, MARTHA, Rich, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

THE LDIES' CSKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On *Saturday* next, at 9 o'clock A. M., the furniture of the Bedford mineral Spring Hotel, which has been treated by the late keeper of said House. In part as follows—3 *Sofas*, Mahogany Centre, Card and dining Tables, Match'd Dining Tables, 150 Cane seat and common chairs, 40 Looking Glasses, French Toilet Table, 30 Windlass and other Bedsteads, Mahogany Wash Stands, 10 pine do. 100 dress Tables, 30 Hair and Palmleaf Mattresses, 20 Feather Beds, 250 yards woollen and painted Carpeting, Solar Lamps, Crockery and Glass Ware, Cook and parlor Stoves, and numerous other articles all of good quality, nearly new having been used but a few months.

Purchasers of Good Furniture will find this the best opportunity ever offered in Lowell as the invoice is large and the sale will be without reserve.

On Wednesday at 2, P. M. A prime lot of seasonable Dry Goods and Cloths.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be preferred. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great Sale of Dry Goods, Cloths, &c.

On Thursday next, at 10 and 2 o'clock the Entire stock of a Dealer; consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods by Catalogue, which will be ready, and the goods may be seen on Wednesday P. M.

Ladies are requested to attend.

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

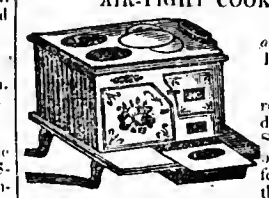
At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.

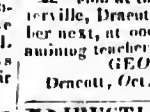


FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
dec17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

DAGUERREIAN NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jj2a&r1y*

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 a3m

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.
Dracutt, *Oct.* 27, 1846. o30r3w.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their sake optatious pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coitioe, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worthily sustain the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely in the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all of the principal towns in the United States.

[may12a] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

adv&patly apr4

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Onondaga, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would become imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor can they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulancy, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in dosee prescribed, they will be found a operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England.

a&p6mossapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparille has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles.* It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preperation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Buxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, wee eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs Whitn, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielsen, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipeles, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Compeast, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhea, or whiten, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies thus by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel compluint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instraments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack end Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at ½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 7½ A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 A.M., ar on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impoteney, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret di

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 132.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

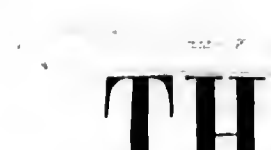
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 auf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3o ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER.

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
B. F. BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skilful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *over the City Hall*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
CUPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jun. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar6 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tflet 6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. WOOD & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.
GOODWIN WOOD,
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Thankful for past patronage, the business in Crockery and Glass Ware, with a larger assortment will be continued by the subscriber, who is authorized to collect and settle the accounts of the late firm.
ALONZO H. WOOD.
Lowell, May 15th, 1846. may19AU

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:
NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administerred, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving a health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Foale, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&ptyaug29y3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S
GERMAN

RAT EXTIRMINATOR.
PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oaugn&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	ursuible Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1098 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 46	435 53	67 53	1987
30	$5000	$170 80	1839	823 09	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 76	1483
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sthw1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. ndv1ymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please.
W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1st Jy dlyapl

AGRICULTURAL.

FARM WORK FOR NOVEMBER.

November comes, with threatening aspect and a warning voice. Prepare—prepare! Cold winter stands behind held back by one short month—short, for employers; long, for those employed. Prepare for winter, all,—Farmers Mechanics, landlords, tenants, and the varied class that aids to make a market.

Farmers must be ready soon to shelter well the numerous herds that look to them for aid,—to deal out food, in regular quantities, to all such as have not discretion to help themselves. Regular feeding is all important to him who regards the growth of his stock, as well as to him who fattens his animals for the market.

The north and the west sides of the barn and cattle yard should be tight. No *draft* of air will be needed where the south side is open to the weather. Open sheds are better than close barns for young stock; but cows in milk must be kept warm—the warmest part of a barn cellar, that is open on one side, will not be too warm for cows.

Corn must be harvested soon. It has yet received no detriment in the open field, but it must not long remain there. A load of it may be cut each day and run into the barn, where it may be husked in these long evenings and frosty mornings. This is better than filling up the barn with many loads at a time, where dampness will be communicated to the ears and where the husks are made to cling too close for rapid skinning.

Potatoes will grow no better now in the hill than in the cellar. Cannot some ingenious farmer tell us how much hard labor he saves by running a double mould-board plough directly under the hills to loosen the ground, and spare the hoe and hoe-man? Any old plough may be fixed up in two hours with a second moulder, that should come forward as far as the coulter; thus rendering the coulter guiltless of cutting the potatoes. The coulter should slope back to an angle of forty five degrees; and when it does not, the new mould-board may be so shaped as to form a coulter, as the iron ploughs, without a cutter do.—Now your potatoe hues have only to stir up the loose earth, instead of entering a soil that has become solid, to find the potatoes that are not exposed. Rough fields must be dug with the hoe alone.

Carrots, parsnips, beets and turnips must be housed within two weeks. No man of experience will trust them out after the middle of November. One degree north of the latitude of this place will make a difference of one week.

Trees that are to be transplanted in November must not remain exposed out in frosty nights. Frost spoils the roots, and the trees will not thrive if they live through a summer. It is probably owing to freezing the roots that so many of the trees, brought here from other states are worthless. Farmers who set trees in November should beat the earth down about the roots more close than they would in the spring; for hard frosts sometimes spoil the roots after they are covered with earth.

Calves want much attention in November and in the fore part of winter. Rowen hay and roots are good. When spring draws nigh they will eat any kind of hay better, as they have now grown older and become used to dry food. Keep them growing through the winter; for if their hides adhere to their ribs it is as hard to start them as it is to start the bark of a tree that has stood long without growing.

Dry wood makes better company than green. Have some dry to kindle with by all means, and then burn the green if you have not enough of the dry. Wood ought to be under cover as early as September, but November is better than the next month to give it a shelter. White birch that is split as soon as it is cut is supposed by many to give as much heat, pound for pound, as oak wood. All wood, as well as all sorts of peat, will be found to produce heat in proportion to its weight. Walnut and white oak are heaviest. White pine, dry, will not weigh half as much. Wood might with propriety be sold by weight were it not for the changes of weather.

Tools must be in place. It is quite bad enough in summer to spend twice as much time in looking for tools as it would require to put them in place each time of using. But in November it is till more important to look up your tools. Chains, bars, axes, saws, hammers, and picks, are not so easily found under the snow—some of which may be expected before thanksgiving is past.—*Ploughman.*

MODES OF KEEPING WINTER APPLES.

MR EDITOR,—I would inquire of you as to the best time of gathering winter apples, and also the best method of keeping them after being gathered. My apples are already gathered, but any information that you will please to give may be of service to my neighbors and to me hereafter. Some of my neighbors gathered their apples the first of September and gave this reason for so doing. They say that apples when gathered early will keep much longer than they will when suffered to remain on the trees until they are fully ripe. This, no one will presume to deny. But the reason why they keep better is well known to every farmer. Apples when gathered before they are ripe will *wilt* and *become tough*, hence they will keep longer than they would if allowed to ripen on the tree. But it is well known that they are not so good or worth so much as ripe apples. But as I have had but little experience in this business, I would be happy to receive any information from more experienced farmers. I have about thirty barrels of Baldwins now standing under my trees. I would inquire whether it would be best to put them into my cellar as they are, or to pack them in shavings or sand, as is the practice with some.

Yours respectfully,
ALBERT NELSON.
Georgetown, Oct. 12, 1846.

☞ It is not easy to determine what is best in all seasons to prevent rot in apples. Heat and moisture contribute mainly to the decomposition of all substances. Apples therefore should be kept cool and dry. A cold cellar will keep them best through the winter; but cellars are not cold till late in the season; therefore most people choose to keep them above ground till into November. They place them in barrels on the north side of buildings, or in open sheds.

We doubt much the policy of the practice of keeping apples secluded from the air. As to burying them in sawdust or sand, the objection is the flavor of the fruit is injured; particularly when any kind of earth is permitted to come in contact with it. Apples keep quite as well on an open shelf as in tight barrels in all cases when the air of the cellar is dry.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 7, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester.

FOR LT. GOVERNOR,

GEORGE HOOD, of Lynn.

FOR SENATORS.

Middlesex County.

LEONARD THOMPSON, of Woburn.
A. R. BROWN, of Lowell.
BENJAMIN MUZZEY, of Lexington.
LUKE WELLINGTON, of Ashby.
BRADFORD RUSSELL, of Groton.
ALDEN LELAND, of Holliston.

Essex County—EDMUND KIMBALL, of Bradford; EDWIN LAWRENCE, of Newburyport; E. H. SAFFORD, of Haverhill; NATHL. FROTHINGHAM, of Salem; GEORGE OSBORNE, of Danvers.

Worcester County.—O. L. BRIDGES, of Worcestor; IVERS PHILLIPS, of Fitchburg; SETH HAPGOOD, of Petersham; FRANCIS HOWE, of Brookfield; ALFRED BRAGG, of Milford.

Norfolk County.—E. K. WHITAKER, of Needham; ARTEMAS BROWN, of Medway; JESSE PIERCE, of Stoughton.

Franklin County—CHARLES OSGOOD, of Northfield; WHITNEY GRISWORLD, of Greenfield.

Berkshire County—SAMUEL GATES, of West Stockbridge; LANSING J. COLE, of Cheshire.

Suffolk County—JAMES CHEEVER, JOHN T. HEARD, JOHN A. BOLLES, WILLIAM WASHBURN, EDWARD A. RAYMOND.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

District No. 1—PETER T. HOMER.
" No. 2—GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 3—GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.
" No. 4—FREDERICK ROBINSON.
" No. 5—WALTER A. BRYANT.
" No. 6—STEPHEN J. W. TABOR.
" No. 7—HORATIO BYINGTON.
" No. 8—ISAAC H. WRIGHT.
" No. 9—FOSTER HOOPER.
" No. 10—TIMOTHY G. COFFIN.

DEMOCRATIC REPRESENTATIVE TICKET.

Pledged for The Rail Road from Salem to Tewksbury.

Pledged for the abolishment of the Police Court.

Pledged for a Register of Deeds in Lowell.

Pledged for a New Judical District.

At Large. **WM. LIVINGSTON,**
" **JOHN. W. GRAVES,**
" **ABRAM FRENCH,**
Ward 1. ALBERT WHEELER,
" **2. WEARE CLIFFORD,**
" **3. J. G. PEABODY,**
" **4. BENJ. HUTCHINSON,**
" **5. JAMES WILSON,**
" **6. THOMAS B. COMINGS.**

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE are requested to meet at the Advertiser Counting Room, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. A prompt and Punctual attendance is requested for the completion of measures and business of the first importance. Per Order.

Grand Democratic Rally.

In answer to the previous call, a large number of the Democracy assembled last evening at City Hall. The Chairman of the Democratic City Committee called the meeting to order, and A. R. BROWN, Esq. was chosen Chairman, and ISAAC N. GOODHUE, Secretary. On motion, a committee of two from each ward was appointed by the Chair, to nominate a Democratic Representative ticket, consisting of the following gentlemen:

Ward 1. John Wilson, Christopher Whitney.
" 2. F. A. Hildreth, A. S. Holbrook.
" 3. Abram French, T. C. Gilman.
" 4. Mr Woodbury, J. M. Varnum.
" 5. O. M. Donahoe, Frederick Olliitt.
" 6. Otis Bullard, Mr Roby.

The Committee retiring, Mr Butler addressed the meeting, and gave a lucid account of the local causes which have placed the Empire State in the hands of the whigs—he referred to the resolutions offered last Saturday evening, at the whig meeting, denunciatory of the Mexican war, and denounced them as the work of treitorous imbecility.

The nominating committee then came in and reported the following gentlemen as a Representative Ticket to be voted for by the Democracy at the election in this city Monday next:

Ward 1. ALBERT WHEELER.
" 2. WEARE CLIFFORD.
" 3. J. G. PEABODY.
" 4. BENJAMIN HUTCHINSON.
" 5. JAMES WILSON.
" 6. THOMAS B. COMINGS.
At large.
WILLIAM LIVINGSTON.
J. W. GRAVES.
ABRAM FRENCH.

The report was unanimously accepted.

F. A. Hildreth then offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously carried:

Whereas, The citizens of this city are deeply interested in the reform of our Police Court, the establishment of a Registry of Deeds in Lowell, the establishment of a new Judicial District and the construction of a railroad from Salem to Tewksbury—therefore

Resolved, That we will support no candidate for the legislature except he is in favor of abolishing the present Police Court, and establishing a Municipal Court similar to the Boston Municipal Court, with a Judge and Clerk to be paid by a fixed salary instead of fees—the fees now received to be put into the City Treasury; that is not in favor of a new Registry of Deeds to be established in Lowell, a new Judicial District, and all the railroads the people may wish to build upon such terms as those already established have been; and that the Democratic City Committee be authorized and instructed to ascertain the views of each gentleman to-night nominated, in regard to the foregoing reforms, and that they be further instructed and authorized to withdraw the names of any and all gentlemen who are not favorable to the reforms aforesaid, and substitute instead thereof any such democrats as in their opinion may be expedient, provided they be favorable to the reforms aforesaid and not otherwise.

The meeting adjourned to meet at the polls Monday next.

DEMOCRATS ONE WORD MORE OF CAUTION !!

There will be a *Whig Railroad Ticket* for Representatives, attached to the regular Democratic ticket for Governor, Lt. Governor and Senators.—SEE THAT YOU DON'T VOTE IT UNLESS YOU ARE IN FAVOR OF A WHIG RAILROAD TICKET INSTEAD OF A DEMOCRATIC RAILROAD TICKET !!

New York Election.

The Dutch have taken Holland. The New York Brigade of the Democratic army, has experienced an overwhelming defeat. In short, New York has gone for the whigs by some twelve thousand majority. Anti-rentism has done the work. Gov. Wright stood by the constitution and laws and has been defeated. It is doubtful whether the people have adopted the new constitution. The provision in relation to the extension of Negro Suffrage is defeated. Addison Gardiner, the democratic candidate for Lieut. Governor, is probably elected. The anti-renters voted for him against his express will and consent. The whig party have elected 22 out of 34 of the congressmen, and a majority of the Assembly.

Fifteen out of the sixteen candidates for the Assembly nominated by the Democrats in New York city have been elected. Mike Walsh is one of the elect. The New York Sun says—"In this city, the personal efforts of Mike Walsh and his devoted partizans undoubtedly doubled the democratic majority. They worked incessantly, while other cliques of both parties manifested unusual apathy; and the strenuous exertions have been rewarded by seeing the two names for which they worked hardest land the ticket. This result has excited some surprise, but it should not; persevering, resolute effort is seldom thrown away."

This year, as usual heretofore, about the same time before the opening of the presidential campaign, the whigs have been in a degree successful in elections over the whole country. They are now in the full tide of popular favor, but by next year at this time, they will be found to have ebbed from the remembrance of the people. Illy organized as they are, and bound together by no common principle, their present victories ensure them a future defeat. Anti-rentism, the worst form of agrarianism, being just what its name signifies, has triumphed over Gov. Wright, the constitution and laws, through, and by means of whig influence. LET THIS BE REMEMBERED!!

Democrats of Lowell!

You have made a nomination of Representatives that, in point of talent and good practical sense, stand far before any ticket offered for the support of the citizens of this city. They will be pledged to support a railroad from Salem to Tewksbury, the abolishment of the present police court, a new registry of deeds in Lowell and a new judicial district. We owe them a strong, united support, and let us give it them. Let no democrat be induced to withhold his vote from the regular democratic nominations, from the idea that in so doing, he is advancing some project not to be as well obtained by voting the regular Democratic ticket.

To the local reforms needed the Democratic Candidates are pledged, and can, if elected, do as much, to say the least, towards effecting them, as the candidates of any party whatever. Democrats may with as much propriety vote for a whig Governor, and whig Senators, as for whig Representatives; and when a Democrat votes for Whig Representatives, he is very likely to vote the rest of the whig ticket. Let no thorough out and out Democrat be caught voting for any body but the regular nominees of the Democratic party!

Have your Teams ready!

Every Democrat who owns a horse and wagon should have them at the polls. They are always wanted. Many live at some distance from the polls. There are always busy or lukewarm democrats to send for. Bring out every man, and we may elect a representative to congress. *The disaffection in the whig ranks is to them alarming.* They are ashamed of their candidate, and envy us the possession of one so manfully strong and entirely fearless in the cause of humanity. THEN HAVE EVERYTHING READY AND BRING EVERY MAN UP TO THE POLLS!

TROUBLE IN HIGH LIFE. The Boston Advertiser, Atlas and Transcript are, or rather have been quarrelling concerning certain French translations. We say have been, since the controversy is now between the Atlas and Transcript. We see by the pleasing piquancy of this personal controversy, that the perfection of politeness and the sublimity of suavity, consists in ability to torment and insult without descending to the vulgarity of the "lower (to use the language of the Transcript) and less cultivated ranks of Society."

☞ Mr Livingston declines being a candidate upon the Democratic Representative Ticket. The vacancy occasioned by his declining as well as all others that may occur, will be filled by the City Committee this evening—according to the resolutions adopted by meeting last evening, at City Hall.

New Jersey Election.

The Newark Advertiser gives returns for members of the Senate and Assembly, in nearly all the counties. The only changes from last year are a Whig gain of 5 Assemblymen in Burlington county, and 2 in Camden county. Salem, Cumberland and Cape May counties are not included in the Advertiser's table. The probability is that the Senate will stand as last year, 12 whigs to 7 Democrats; and the Assembly 38 to 39 whigs to 18 or 19 Democrats. Last year 30 to 27.

New Jersey Congressmen.

Dists.
1. *James G. Hampton, whig.
2. Wm. A. Newell, whig.
3. Not heard from.
4. John Van Dyke, whig.
5. D. S. Gregory, whig.

So far, no change from the results of the Congressional Election two years ago. Third district—not heard from—is now represented by a democrat.—*Jour. of Commerce.*

* In the present Congress.

Remember!

Recollect, Democrats, that in politics, as in war, the only way to win a victory is to work for it unitedly—shoulder to shoulder. No good Democrat will suffer *personal animosities* to influence his action at the polls.

☞ LOOK SHARP TO YOUR TICKETS.—Don't be deceived by Amalgamation and spurious ticket. That is your safest course. GO THE REGULAR TICKET.

☞ In consequence of the death of Mr Rogers, "The Herald of Freedom" is to be united with the Lynn Pioneer, edited by Henry Clapp.

SEE THAT YOUR NAMES are on the WARD LISTS.

ELECTION MONDAY NEXT!

OFFICIAL FROM GEN. KEARNEY. Despatches have been received at Washington from General Kearney, dated September 16th, containing an account of the position and movements of the troops under his command. The correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger gives the following synopsis of these interesting documents:

The troops were in excellent health and spirits, and delighted with the land of promise which they had entered. The inhabitants treated them with great attention, and extended to them the rights of hospitality as if they had come on a visit. They hailed the prospect of annexation and showed their willingness at once to enter our confederacy.

Gen Kearney had paid a visit—in other words, undertook a military excursion—100 miles South of Santa Fe, to the village of Tame, without meeting the least resistance. The only difficulty to be apprehended is, not from the advance, but from the withdrawal of our troops, in which case, some of our best friends in Santa Fe might be sacrificed. The fact is, the people of New Mexico behave towards us and our troops with that cordiality which suits the relations of friends, and our troops seem to be as unwilling to return home, as the people of New Mexico seem to be loth to part with them, and between you and the public be it spoken in confidence, these troops are not so easily brought back as they are marched into Mexico, as future events may show even to the incredulous.

General Kearney was about to take up his march from Santo Fe down the Rio del Norte, then along a small stream, (Gila, I believe, and a tributary of the Colorado,) and across the Colorado into California, where he purposes to establish a line of communication with the Pacific. He expects to reach the shore in the month of November, which will admirably chime in with the movement of naval forces and Col. Stevenson's regiment of mounted farmers.

Santa Fe is being strongly fortified by our troops, and a new fort is to be erected, which, in honor of Gov. Marcy, is to be called "Fort Marcy." Western Mexico is as good as conquered, so far as our military operation, but on this subject, on which there has been considerable discussion in the newspapers, I will offer some remarks in to-night's letter.

STONY BROOK RAILROAD. A meeting of the friends of this railroad was held at the Washington House last evening. John Nesmith, Esq., was called to the chair, and Abner W. Buttrick was chosen Secretary. The principal object of the meeting was to take into consideration the expediency of sending a committee to Worcester to confer with the Directors and Stockholders of the Worcester and Nashua Railroad, to see if an agreement could not be made with them, by which the Stony Brook Road could be made to take the place of a part of their own. The meeting was addressed by several gentlemen, all of whom expressed their confidence in the practicability of building the Stony Brook Road, and their desire that an arrangement might be made with the Worcester people. On motion of J. W. P. Abbott, Esq., of Westford, John Nesmith, Esq., J. B. French, Esq., and William Schouler, of Lowell, were appointed a committee to proceed to Worcester on Friday and lay the facts before the meeting of the Worcester and Nashua Railroad Company, which is to be held at Worcester on that day.

Messrs J. W. P. Abbott, Luther Prescott, and Samuel Fletcher were chosen a committee to confer with the citizens of Groton, and interest them in the object of this meeting.

The committee chosen to go to Worcester were authorized to call another meeting when they were ready to report. The meeting was then dissolved.—*Courier of Wednesday.*

SQUIRRELS EATING COTTON. The caterpillar had nearly destroyed the cotton crops in certain places in Louisiana, when it was set upon by an army of squirrels, which, the moment they reached the field, ascended the plant and destroyed it by eating the bark of the bole and then tore the cotton off for the seeds. The neighbors came with guns, the dogs were set upon them and thousands were destroyed. They eat up the field and disappeared. The little fellows were all exceedingly fat. There was not a grey squirrell among the whole number, all were black or red. To those who have never seen a black squirrel, which are rarely met with in New England, we describe them as being about the same size of the grey squirrel, with a beautiful and open countenance, and altogether one of the most charming little creatures one can imagine.

Examine your Tickets.

We caution the Democrats against receiving tickets without examining them closely. They will be mixed and sifted by our opponents in a manner calculated to deceive the unwary. See that your ticket compares with the one published in this paper. Observe that the names are properly spelled, as no doubt spurious tickets will be circulated. They have been printed in great numbers. See that the Representative to Congress, Senators for the County &c. are on them.

☞ The New Planet was seen at Washington, on the 23d ult. Lieut. Maury, describes it as a white star of the eighth magnitude, very near Saturn. It may be seen with a common spyglass, and is easily recognized at present as being the first of a triangular group, the other two components of which are yellow stars of the ninth magnitude. The distance of this planet from the earth is supposed to be not less than twenty-three hundred millions of miles, and its period of revolution around the sun not less than two hundred and twenty years, or nearly three times that of Uranus.

THE SYCAMORE OR BUTTONWOOD. A Philadelphia paper says, that this beautiful shade tree a few years since, was attacked with a blight as severe as they are now suffering under at the present time, in New England. The trees in that city have entirely recovered and are now as vigorous and handsome as ever. The treatment is to cut off all dead limbs and prune the sickly branches freely.

NEW BOOKS IN SCHOOLS. By a communication made by a parent, to the Boston Transcript, we learn that nearly 40 changes have been made in school books within the last 27 years. The writer is satisfied that the books used now are in nowise superior to those used thirty years since, and thinks the changes have been wrought by "log-rolling" and "pipelaying," rather than by the merit of the books themselves—all of which will answer for the meridian of Lowell.

Misrepresentations.

Beware of misrepresentations, so often resorted to by our opponents, when there is no opportunity for contradiction. Believe nothing that may be originated against any Democrat.

☞ We received yesterday, several interesting letters from "Looker-on," the last dated on board a steamboat, on the Mississippi, Oct. 25. We shall publish the first on Tuesday. The writer is in good health and on his way homewards.

THE CHOLERA. This eastern scourge is slowly, silently and surely approaching Europe. It is now on the confines of western Asia.

FAMINE. The famine in the highlands of Scotland is truly frightful. The whole potatoe crop has failed, and thousands subsist on shell fish alone.

The State of Mexico.

The "Franco American" the Spanish paper published in N. Y. city gives the following letter from a French Merchant residing in the Capital of Mexico.—It is dated Sept. 27, 1846.

"The existing war probably has not paralyzed, in the United States, either exportations or importations, or the ordinary movement of business in the interior: you have scarcely experienced, I suppose, a temporary embarrassment. But hear the evil is great, is terrible; the blockade of all the ports by the American naval forces, in cutting off all communication with the European markets, has literally brought death upon all the commercial and industrial interests with this country. The usual assortment of articles for daily consumption is in rapid progress of exhaustion; the amount of transactions is reduced one half; and yet, strange to say, unlike what generally happens in such cases, prices have fallen considerably. This is one of the frequent anomalies of the country, in which we have learned to be surprised at nothing.

"The internal dissentions are more furious than ever. Civil war is fermenting on every side; a violent and frightful anarchy must soon follow the incessant conflict of opinions and parties which have all tendencies subversive of political and social order of the most wholesome laws that protect the welfare of humanity. Robbery and murder stalk abroad, and we have reached a point where there is no safeguard for persons or property except in the use of defensive weapons, without which we dare not stir a step.

"The government itself, to which we ought to look for protection and assistance, is so unprincipled and shameless as to threaten extortion of money, by force, from those who refuse to comply with its exactions.

"The two hostile armies must, before this time, have come in conflict on the frontier of Texas. All those who desire to remain in the possession and enjoyment of what they have toiled to gain are earnestly desirous for the re-establishment of order, and put up secret prayers for the success of the Americans and their arrival at the capital, or for the intervention of European powers.

"Meanwhile, until one or the other of these events take place, the disorders are so great and the laws are so completely trodden underfoot that we are now in momentary dread of some popular out break, for defence against which we have no reliance but ourselves."

Railroad from Salem to Lowell.

Pursuant to adjournment, a meeting was held at South Reading on the 4th inst., to take into further consideration the merits of the above proposed road.—Believing that the times demanded such a road, the committee were authorized to locate it, in the petition, from Salem to Lowell, through Danvers, Lynnfield, to South Reading, thence following the Boston and Maine railroad to the junction in Wilmington, thence to a point in Tewksbury, near the meeting house, to intersect the Lowell and Andover railroad.

Reports of committees were heard and addresses were made by Messrs Livingston and Spaulding, of Lowell; Major Jacques, of Wilmington; Gen. Newhall of Lynnfield; James Eastis, Franklin Poole; Hon. Thomas Emerson, Hon. Lilley Eaton and others of South Reading.

A letter was read from J. W. Proctor, Esq., of Danvers, giving statistics of this route with other proposed ones, and its advantages over all others.

The meeting was one of *unusual* interest, and gave additional impetus to the movement. Although the afternoon was stormy, a much larger number were present than at any former meeting, and all confident of success in the final issue.

The gentlemen from Lowell had examined the route and a plan of its survey from Salem to South Reading made by Mr Natt last season, and believed it to be by far the most feasible of any one presented.

Several spoke of the advantage to Salem and Danvers in opening such a communication, and hoped that their cooperation would not be withheld, thinking to find equal facilities for accommodation and profit from any other source.

Voted, That the doings of this meeting be published in the same papers as before, and the Lowell Advertiser.

Adjourned to meet at the same place on Monday, Dec. 14th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

A. T. NEWHALL, Chairman.
EDWARD MANSFIELD, Secretary.
South Reading Nov. 4, 1846.

THE MEXICAN WAR. The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, Nov 4, writes: "There is, from some cause or other, a prevalent opinion here that we shall have peace with Mexico by the first of February; and that there is no necessity for any more expenditure of blood and treasure. There is an equally prevalent opinion, that our government will not demand California, nor even the boundary of the Sierra Madre—but be content to take the Rio Grande for a boundary, and release Mexico from the obligations of her treaties, and assume to pay the indemnities due to our citizens."

Nonsense—In the language of a military writer in the Montreal Gazette, the U. S. Government has "established a grander base for operations than has been seen in modern warfare" and we are satisfied, it will demand and receive entire satisfaction from Mexico.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

New York, Friday, 9 o'clock P. M.,

Whig Assembly-men 67, Democratic 30, Antirent 10, all young men; Old Hunker 5, doubtful 8, 2 reported whig.

Suffolk county gave 261 majority for Wright. Weston, which gave 377 for Polk and one hundred for Clay gave 266 for Young, and 37 for Wright.

Greely thinks that the Constitution is carried in the state, though the city gave 18,000 against it.

The United States mail schooner Stranger, from Charleston for Havanah, has been lost on Indian Key; crew saved.

By Telegraph from Buffalo. MICHIGAN.—The Tribune has a telegraphic despatch from Buffalo, which states that the whigs have had large gains in Michigan One side says—Wayne county, whig clerk and two members of the legislature. Oakland county, full whig ticket—a gain. Mr Clelland, Democrat, re-elected from 1st district. Wesner and Gordan, whigs, probably elected. The other side reports the Democrat members elected.

On the whole, a large whig gain, but the delegation to congress is doubtful.—*Post.*

☞ The "North American" states, that Mr Webster has "fixed an early day in December for the dinner tendered to him by the citizens of Philadelphia." Mr W. has made many speeches in his time; but of all the speeches he has delivered, one of the most able and effective is the one which he delivered at Boston in 1824, against the protective system. It would exhibit a singular contrast to print his intended *repeal* speech of Philadelphia in parallel columns with his Boston speeches in bygone times. Will some correspondent in Boston favor us with a copy of it? It presents such irresistible arguments in favor of free trade, that it will require more than Mr Webser's own ingenuity to answer his own speech.—*Union.*

Action! Action!

This is no time to read. Voting is the order of the day. There is work to do, and Democrats should be stirring. Vote first and read afterwards.

Vote Early.

Let every Democrat make it a point, to vote at the earliest possible moment after the opening of the Polls.

The Vigilant Succeed.

Activity and vigilance can alone be relied on for SUCCESS. The vigilant and active succeed—the indolent and slothful cannot reasonably expect success.

☞ The Vox Populi says, there are counterfeit 5 dollar bills of the Railroad Bank in circulation.

Arrival of the Britannia.



Sixteen days later from Europe.

The Britannia arrived this morning, after a tedious passage of 17 1-2 days.

The Steamship Great Britain had not been got off.

Storms of unparalled fury have raged in all parts of the globe. At sea an immense amount of property has been swallowed up, and many lives have fallen a prey to the destructive results of the raging elements.

Sales of cotton to a large extent have been made, amounting to upwards of 150,000 bales. Prices during the week ending Oct. 9, were on eighth higher for American and Surats, and continued firm until the arrival of the Cambria on the 14th; the trade on that day was greatly excited.

A rumor has been prevalent during the past week, and it seems rather to gain ground than otherwise, that the government had it in contemplation to open the ports for the admission of all grain, duty free.

The Montpensier marriage is consummated. The great object of Louis Philippe's ambition is gratified—a French prince stands on the footsteps of the Spanish throne.

Mr O'Connell continues at Darrynane, from which he issues his weekly missives to his "dear Ray" at the Repeal Association.

IRELAND. The state of Ireland continues to be most distressing—alarming in the extreme. The famine spreads; disease, the attendant of scarcity, stalks abroad through all parts of the island, and the suffering peasantry, goaded on by despair, have shewn symptoms of rebellion and outrage, hoping thereby to attain an effectual relief for all their wants and privations.

SWITZERLAND. A revolution broke out at Geneva, on Saturday, Oct. 3, in consequence of the refusal of the Council of State to vote for the unconstitutional dissolution of the League of the Catholic Cantons.

The Government troops attacked the barricades, against which four peices of cannon were directed.

The insurgents repelled by a smart and well directed fire of musketry, and after a sharp conflict the Government troops were defeated at all points, fell in confusion and surrendered. The Council of State immediately resigned, and the insurgents organized a provisional Government.

FRANCE. The fear of famine has overtaken the *canaille* of Paris, and riots have been the consequence.

Court of Common Pleas.

Since last Thursday, the Court has been engaged in trying a case of riot, from Waltham. The indictmen was found vs. Ephraim Buttrick Esq. of Cambridge, Adolphus Smith, deputy sheriff of Newton, James Strain, Catholic Priest of Waltham and several others. The difficulty originated in the Catholic church at Waltham, and is of long standing. The church at length divided, and one party got possession of the meeting-house. On the day of the riot, which was Sunday, the other party, headed by the indicted persons above named, proceeded to the house and with sledge-hammers and other tools, broke open and entered—the occupants retreating. It was for this breaking &c., that the indictment was found. About 30 witnesses were examined on both sides.

W. J. Walsh, Esq., of Boston, and Thos. Hopkinson, Esq., of Lowell, for the defts.

Verdict, Guilty.

☞ A distressing casualty occurred at the depot of the western railroad in this town yesterday morning, by which one man, Mr Sargent, formerly of Lowell, was deprived of life without a moment's warning, and another, Mr William Whitney, of this town, was greatly injured. They were machinists in the employ of the Western railroad, and were engaged, with others, in getting an engine from the machine shop, when they were caught between the door post of the building and the cylinder to the engine with such force that Sargent was crushed to a shapeless mass about the chest and shoulders, while Whitney had his arms, collar bone and some of his ribs badly broken, besides being otherwise injured. Both were young men.—*Springfield Post.*

LETTER FROM HON. AMOS ABBOTT. This gentleman in answer to the circular of some wags, self-styled reformers, who use and abuse a yankees privilege of boring every candidate and office holder from a hogreeve to a hidalgo, has written a letter 2 inches and a half long. Socrates, to whom the billious Mr. Buckingham compares Mr Abbott, could not have disposed of these romantic reformers in a shorter space.

THE VOLUNTEERS. The Washington Union of Tuesday, speaking of the recent reports of the volunteers from the South being called into service, says:—"We cannot undertake to say what the War Department may think it best to do, and *when* to act, but we hazard little in saying that no decision has yet been made—no additional volunteers have yet been called out."

☞ Miss Fuller writing from England in her third letter to the Tribune says—

"Since Adam, there has been none that approached nearer fitness to stand up before God and angels in the naked majesty of manhood than Robert Burns."

Very true, but we should like to have heard what he would have said of *her* "*Woman in the nineteenth century.*"

☞ Mr Kimball editor of the Temperance Standard, and formerly editor of the "Washingtonian," is to lecture on Temperance, in this city Sunday evening at half past six.

☞ Governor Owsley, of Kentucky, has set apart the 26th of November, to be observed as a day of public Thanksgiving in that state.

CONNECTICUT. The whig state convention assembled at Hartford Tuesday and nominated Judge Bissell for Governor and C. J. McCurdy for Lieutenant Governor.

☞ Judge EMMONS, on concluding his opinion, freeing the alleged slave, quoted Portia, in "The Merchant of Venice," with some point. Said he: "The law allows it, and the court awards it."

DIALOGUE IN THE EDITOR'S ROOM. *Enter D—l.* Please sir, I saw some whigs out here and they said they had carried New York!

Ed. New York—what's that?

D—l. A small county in Pennsylvania that hadn't been heard from before. That's all sir.—*Barre Gaz.*

AFFECTATIONS AT THE OPERA. A Boston paper shrewdly remarks, that "it is astonishing that people who are so far sighted as to amass fortunes by selling beef and crockery should be so near-sighted as to require opera glasses."

NEW COUNTERFEIT. One dollar bills, Atlantic bank, Boston, poorly executed—bills of different shades—are in circulation.

☞ The *Boston Olive Branch* appears this week in an entire new dress. Always neat in its appearance it is now really beautiful.

☞ It is said that Mr Myers, connected with the tragedy at Richmond, is worth $500,000.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 a&eply31

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1846,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No:* 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

MARRIED.

In Dracutt, Nov. 5th by Rev Joseph Merrill, F. A. Hildreth of Lowell to Miss Lucretia, daughter of Ephraim Coburn of D.

In Lowell, 11th ult, Mr Benjamin F. Barrett of Nashua, to Miss Nancy S. Prescott of Franklin.

Nov. 6, by Rev. Lemuel Porter, Mr Hiram K. Fuller and Miss Hannah W. Hartshorn.

In this city, Oct. 26th, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr Hiram Benson, to Miss Roxanna D. Young.

Nov. 1st, by the same, Mr John L. Person, to Miss Mary C. Branch. Mr Joseph H. Durgin to Miss Lavina Angell. Mr Asa D. Runals to Miss Hannah B. Pike, all of Lowell.

Also, Mr. Leavitt W. Dolloff of Dracutt, to Miss Mary Ann Chase, of Lowell.

DIED.

In this city Oct. 30th George M. only child of James W. and Sarah Spiller aged 2yrs 8 months 10 day.

Sweet suffering one thy sleep is quiet now,
And life's rude storms shall not disturb it more,
Nor grief nor pain shall darken thy fair brow,
For joy is thine thou ne'er hast known before;
And He who once the "little children bless'd,"
Has call'd thee to his arms in peace to rest.—[Com]

A VOICE FROM THE

MILLINERY DEPOT AT LOWELL.

No. 10 Central Street, No 10.

THE attention of the public is respectfully called to the new and beautiful assortment of fashionable articles of every description, now offered for sale by the subscribers at the *well known head quarters of*

Millinery and Trimming Goods.

The Stock now offered is entirely a new one, and consists of a very rich and well selected assortment of

Straw Bonnets,	Dress Caps,	Bonnet Ribbons,	
Silk "	Hoods,	Velvets,	
Satin "	Head Dresses,	Silks,	
Plush "	Cap Ribbons,	Satins,	&c. &c.

Trimming Goods.—Silk Fringes for Dresses, Worsted do. for Cloaks, Gimps of various styles, Buttons of every quality and style, together with a large supply of Lace Goods, Cambries, Lineus, Muslins for Evening Dresses, &c.

Customers will receive every attention and Goods shall be offered at such prices as will induce them to call again. In short it is intended that this shall be THE STORE where the richest and most desirable goods of the kind above mentioned, can be bought at the *Lowest* prices in the market.

Mr. & Mrs. S. A. STURTEVANT.

No. 10 Central St. Lowell, Mass.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



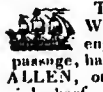
The superior fast sailing coppered new Shr ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

First Vessel.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov7

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.



The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Bark, HERON, HOND, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or sterage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of A. FROST, & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

A. FROST,
HENRY UPTON,
LUTHER SMITH.

All persons having demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for payment—and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with HENRY UPTON.

Lowell, Nov. 5, 1846. a3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Nov. 3 1846. a3t.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 4846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonamum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

a1awtn2ist.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, **84 Merrimack Street,** will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.*—☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S,** No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. H. S. BUFFINGTON would respectfully give notice to the Ladies' and gentlemen of Lowell, that he will commence his *Second Course* of lessons at *CONCERT HALL*, for instruction in *Dancing* and *Waltzing*, on TUESDAY evening, Nov. 2d, 1846

Tuition—Gentlemen, $3; Ladies $2; for 12 lessons. Payable the first part of the course.

Mr. Buffington would say to all those who may favor him with a call, that there shall be nothing connected with his school, to offend the most fastidious, and that good order shall be strictly observed.

☞ Private Lessons will be given to all who may wish, by leaving their names at Concert Hall, No. 82 Merrimack St.

Lowell, Oct. 29th, 1846.

n&p1w.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their fall stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows;

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,

Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly chosen Assignee of the estate of Seth Chellis, of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, an Insolvent debtor and all persons being indebted to, or having any effects of the said insolvent are requested to pay and deliver the same to me.

The second meeting of the creditors of said Chellis will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, on Central Street in said Lowell, on Saturday the seventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may prove their claims.

By Order of said Master in Chancery.

A. R. BROWN Assignee.

Lowell Oct 29th 1846 a 3t.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 28 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES TARLTON, of Lowell, in said County, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Tarlton will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the ninth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Tarlton and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may there come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

oct29a3t

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin H. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell, Nov 3, 1846. a3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Oct 29a1f. H. & L. Rail Road.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Harrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact thousands have produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove; with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Hoors, Cranbiron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail,

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept 4-3m H. T. BUTLER.

To the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of **Middlesex**, on the second Tuesday of October next:

RESPECTFULLY libels and gives this honorable court to be informed, SOPHIA STANDISH, of Dracutt, in said County, wife of Agustus Miles Standish, late of Walpole, county of Norfolk, Manufacturer, that on or about the twenty-seventh day of November, A. D., 1841, she was lawfully married to said Augustus, at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, and with him returned to reside in the State of Massachusetts, at Dracutt aforesaid.

That your libellant hath always behaved and conducted herself towards said Augustus as an affectionate and chaste wife, to wit: at Dracut aforesaid, yet the said Augustus Miles Standish unmindful of his marriage vows, hath been guilty of the crime of adultry with divers lewd women, whose names are to your libellant unknown; wherof your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved between her and the said Augustus Miles, and that a suitable provision may be decreed her out of the estate of the said Augustus. (Signed) SOPHIA STANDISH.

Dracutt, Sept. 20, A. D. 1846.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

At the Supreme Judicial Court of said Commonwealth of Massachusetts, begun and holden at Cambridge, within and for said County, on the second Tuesday of October, AD. 1846.

On hearing the within libel it appearing to the court here that the libellee resided out of this Commonwealth so that personal notice could not be made upon him; It is ordered by the Court here that the libellant give notice of the pendency of this libel by publishing a true and attested copy hereof with this order therein, three weeks successively in the newspapers called the Lowell Advertiser published at Lowell, and Boston Atlas, published at Boston, the last publication to be thirty days at least, before the eighth day of December next, at which time said libellee is ordered to appear and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of the libellant should not be granted.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and order of Court therein.

Attest. E. PHINNEY, Clerk.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and Fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of Alvin Whitney, of Lowell in said county, Painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Whitney will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery in Groton in said county on saturday the fourteenth day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Whitney and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS BUTTERFIELD. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

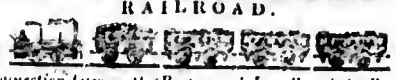
RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 20 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

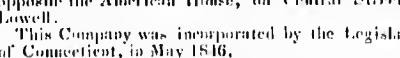
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25a&t3a

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A KNOWLES,

Oct. 26, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

a&eptf

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St sept19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE!

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sept19

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street sept 19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On Tuesday next, at 9 o'clock A. M., the furniture of the Pollard mineral Spring Hotel, which has been vacated by the late keeper of said House. In part as follows—3 Sofas, Mahogany Centre, Card and dining Tables, Match'd Dining Tables, 150 Cane seat and common chairs, 40 Looking Glasses, French Toilet Table, 20 Windlass and other Bedsteads, Mahogany Wash Stands, 10 pine do. 100 dress Tables, 30 Hair and Palmleaf Mattresses, 20 Feather Beds, 250 yards woollen and painted Carpeting, Solar Lamps, Crockery and Glass Ware, Cook and parlor Stoves, and numerous other articles all of good quality, nearly new having been used but a few months.

Purchasers of Good Furniture will find this the best opportunity ever offered in Lowell as the invoice is large and the sale will be without reserve.

On Wednesday at 2, P. M. A prime lot of seasonable Dry Goods and Clothe.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Twn Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrantle every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfaug17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

DAGUERREOTYPE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 265 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&ply*



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls—About 5000 feet of land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.

aug6 a3m

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m*

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.

Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Clothes, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 31 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their fates opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly scrupicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great piller of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞ TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS! ☜

MILLERSTOWN, Percy Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY; and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞ Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddor, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States [may12u] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in town where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichels and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

**** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

**** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. B. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, the doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jc11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure or vitiated the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I had my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Boock, at the Atheneum Hotel, Bromley, son of Ex-Governor Houck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 Stato street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and a part of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted most part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result or inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Cossackie, Sept 23, 2846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5in

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of *a violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

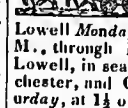
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwn&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. Tho public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

---

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret dise

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 133.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and *a special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

To be published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mosser's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET.... LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jun6

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,.... LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Assures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmaret9

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store.... LOWELL.
ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2taly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthee Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET.... LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, See'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. ROISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty3mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 4ly

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.
For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 a3m

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Obsolete Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:
BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.
For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. a&plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* ever before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aartnct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. rsaug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
40	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 01	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 55	67 55	1987
			1839	838 00	370 45	55 70	1780
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Seewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advtymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

THE MEXICAN WAR.

The following contributed to the Montreal Gazette by a gentleman old and honored in the British army, gives the best exegesis of what may be presumed to be the basis of the plan of our Government in prosecuting the war with Mexico, we have seen.

To the Editor of the Montreal Gazette.

Sir—If the American press, which exults in the privilege, rather American than dignified, of making, if possible, its own government appear contemptible, has succeeded in bewildering the Mexicans, by its crude and ridiculous conjectures on the designs of the war authorities, as completely as it has bewildered its own countrymen, the service done the "state" has been most patriotic.

Instead, however, of being involved in a daily changing vortex of puerile perplexities, as it has pleased these papers to represent, the government, having a feeble foe to contend with, commenced hostilities upon a well digested plan of operations, and has pursued them with undeviating regularity; nor was there but one possibility that could cause a deviation. In the catalogue of contingencies, there was a possibility that some party in Mexico might receive Gen. Taylor with open arms, as an instrument for elevating it to supreme power. The enthusiastic Mr. Bancroft, of the Navy Department, may have given it some consideration, while his sagacious colleague, Mr. Marcy of the War Department, would give it very little, and the result has proved that it was worthy of none at all.

The original design has therefore gone steadily forward, which was simply a succession of invasions' or attacks, on the "*flank*" of Mexico, each of which cuts off her territory, at a certain parallel, and paralyzes her authority to the North of it. For the West "flank," or coast, the fleet stationed in the Pacific was quite sufficient—and Col. Stevenson's regiment, which has gone round to garrison the posts to be maintained, is a stronger force than the Mexicans ever had at their place of destination.

It is singular that anything should appear in print so supremely silly as the idea of Gen. Wool and Gen. Kearny marching to the city of Mexico, the journey being some two thousand miles, with all their supplies to be brought that distance in wagons, through an enemy's country; and as insofferably silly are the continued reports of large bodies of Mexican troops either in California, or the Northern departments, or 'shortly expected," for it is well known that Capt Fremont, of the U. S. topographical engineers, has explored, and *continues* to explore, the country through to the Pacific, in every direction, with only a detachment of *fifty dragoons*, which have thus far been sufficient to resist all the "armies" to be found there.

The first movement (not in order of time, but geographically,) is that of Gen. Kearny, who with 2,700 men, has proceeded West from Missouri to Santa Fe, 600 miles South of the American boundary at 42 deg.—His command will maintain possession of this very liberal slice of California, a part may be pushed forward to the Pacific, (1,200 miles,) and he may open to the South a communication with Gen. Wool; but the march to Mexico must be laid aside, as one of those Munchausen fantasies for which "letter writers" are becoming celebrated.

Gen Wool, with 5,000 men, is proceeding from San Antonio de Bexar, due West 500 miles, to Chihuahua, which is 700 miles South of Santa Fe, and 500 North of Monterey, and spreading his forces Westerly, through the departments of Chihuahua and Sonora, he will occupy all the commanding positions to the Gulf of California, (500 miles,) and thus cut off another slice, from which the authorities of Mexico must withdraw.

Gen Taylor has, as we know, reached Monterey, with orders to take Saltillo, which appears to be on the table land, at the head of the pass, or "Canada," leading down to Monterey, in the low land. Saltillo and the pass, when taken and garrisoned by volunteers, will protect the low lands to Matamoros, and the Gulf from invasions of the Mexicans, and thus enable the general to proceed South, with the regular troops, to San Luis Potosi, 400 miles. The long talked of march from Saltillo to Mexico will turn out another campaign of the "letter writers," for where no portion of the population are favorable to the invaders, and all supplies must be brought from the rear, (that is 900 miles, from Camargo,) it would require 30,000 men to keep communications open, and conduct wagon trains, to say nothing of the fighting part. People who buy their beef in the market don't calculate how many wagons it would take to draw the provisions of 10,000 men, and provender for their horses, 1000 miles.

General Patterson is ordered upon Tampico, a place of no strength; but, if I remember rightly, there is but ten feet water on the bar, and, consequently, no vessels of war, except schooners, can get in. This city is 400 miles South of Matamoras, and being accessible to small craft and steamboats, supplies for an American army, operating in the rear, could be placed there with great economy, dispatch and facility. San Luis Potosi lies about 200 miles West of Tampico, 400 miles South of Monterey, and 350 miles North of the city of Mexico. The ease with which men and supplies can be thrown on this point will probably make it the pivot of American operations in Mexico proper, during the Winter, should hostilities continue.

The last movement in the plan will be the capture of San Juan de Ulloa and Vera Cruz; for the "naval heroes" must have their share of "glory." The possession of neither Tampico nor Vera Cruz was desirable in Summer, for the climate of the low or hot country of Mexico, in this region, (*tierros calientes*,) has the reputation of being, at that season, deadly to strangers.—The castle is spoken of as amazingly strong, which is good policy, for otherwise there would be but little glory in its reduction; but as the Americans can bring an immense weight of metal bear against it, I do not think the exploit will really amount to much, after all. San Juan de Ulloa was built a "long, long time ago," when engineers were not quite so scientific as at present, and when attacks from artillery of modern calibre were little dreamed of in that quarter.

If there be not masonry not exceeding six feet thick exposed to shot, and parapets of four feet and a half—and if there be not bomb-proofs that have trouble enough to support their own weight, slight as it is, without having bomb-shells falling on them, I am mistaken. During the latter days of Spain's dominion in America, all her public works were tending to decay and ruin; and as all the fighting of the Mexicans has

been among themselves, they have had no cause for keeping up a castle out at sea. The French certainly made short work of it, nor have I much faith in the reported "repairs." A new "water battery" is mentioned, which, if it exists at all is probably an exterior work—a mere platform, from which the gunners would be driven at the opening of a cannonade.

I have thus described five distinct attacks on the "flank" of the Mexican dominions, which, if successful, will confine Mexico to the table land and give the Americans all the rest, with open, free communication to their own country, along the whole line, for supplies and reinforcements.

Vera Cruz is about 300 miles from the city of Mexico, and apparently, though the route of San Luis Potosi has peculiar advantages, those who would rival in the "halls of Montezuma" had better march, as the shortest cut, by the main direct road, passing Jalapa. But a grave question meets us here. Of what value would be the possession of the capital to the Americans? If a national government existing there has seldom been able to extend its authority to the next city, what would be the influence of an invader? Paris may be France but Madrid was not Spain. The fall of the capital *there*, so far from *ending* the war, only enabled every city and province in the kingdom to establish its "Junta" and make war on its own account, and a similar result in Mexico is far from impossible.

Nothing, in all ages, has been so annoying, so profitless and so interminable, as a war made upon a nation or a people without a government, which, never knowing when it is beaten or when to be satisfied, is eternally breaking out in a new place. This is precisely the position of Mexico, and although the American authorities flattered themselves that Santa Anna would be able to effect that desirable result wherein all others had failed, the establishment of an effective government, we, thus far, hear nothing of his success.

Predictions are dangerous, but it is nevertheless possible that the four great civilized powers (for the Yankees *are* a great power,) England, with her Sikhs, Russia, with her Circassians, France with her Arabs, and Jonathan, with his Mexicans, may have quite as many years of warfare, blood-shedding, and treasure spending, as the philanthropy of the age can require.

I have set down distances in miles, on a rough calculation, merely as a guide to your readers, though they may be longer to those who have to *march them*, but they are sufficiently accurate to show that the whole Eastern side of the Mexican possessions, from the 42d degree of latitude, and Santa Fe to Vera Cruz, a line say of 2500 miles, is now covered by American troops or ships of war, and though so immensely long, all perfectly safe in its rear, and resting upon supplies. If the American government had not, to gratify their newspapers, brought the war to maturity with the hasty expedition of a ninety-day note or a shipment of flour, it has, in a short time, established a grander base of operations (in extent) than has ever been seen in modern warfare,

These observations are not intended to censure or approve anything going forward; but simply to explain what it appears originally was and what continues to be, the "programme" of the war.

B.

Oct. 30, 1846.

Season of Storms.—We may expect shortly to hear the views of the scientific, relative to the fearful storms which have visited our coast since the Autumnal Equinox. The destruction of Key West, and of so much shipping and of so many lives, at Havana, has not been equalled since the great storm which desolated the West India Islands in 1782. Incredible accounts are extant of that terrific hurricane. It took up a 24 pounder from the fort and carried it to a considerable distance—carried people to a great height in the air—carried planks, shingles, and cantling from houses already upset to great distances. The British squadron, about that period, had had an action with the french Fleet under Count de Grasse, between Martinique and Guadalope, and was caught in the gale. Several first rate men of war were sunk or driven ashore. The prize ship Ville de Paris, of 110 guns, which the city of Paris had given to the government, sunk, besides several other ships. Destructive as that gale was, it did not, we think, surpass in calamity the recent gale on our coast. Out of six hundred houses at Key West, only seven or eight are remaining. Something should be done to relieve the surving inhabitants.— *Sun.*

The Home Journal—Mr. Willis. We see by a notice in the National Press of this week, that Mr Willis has again associated himself with Mr George P Morris, and that they have resolved to make some changes in the character and title of the weekly paper established by the latter. It is hereafter to be called "The Home Journal," and especial efforts will be made, in the selection and preparation of its contents, to adapt it for the use of families in which no daily paper is taken.

Mr Morris is experienced in the menegement of a "family paper," and we have no doubt that his plans for the Home Journal are well digested and judicious. But we take leave to say that we feel a deeper interest on the present occasion, in the return of Mr Willis to the field of steady, methodical labor. We are strongly of the opinion that, brilliant as has been the career of this gentleman, he has not worked up the half of his ability; that he has not yet sounded the depth of his own mind. He is now approaching the age at which his powers will attain their full meterity and, if we are not deceived, the circumstances of his present position are eminently favorable to a richer, more purely intellectual developement of those powers, promising a degree of fame for himself and of service to the cause of American literature, so far surpassing all he has hitherto achieved that his early triumphs will be as entirely forgotten as the trivialities in spite of which they were won.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

A Fandago.—A correspondent of the Boonslick (Mo.) *Times*, writing from Santa Fe, gives the following rapsodical description of a New Mexican fandango:

"You have no doubt, more than once seen a low groggery of our large cities, with sanded floors strewed over with quids of tobacco, stumps of cigars, and occasional stream of amber searching an outlet. Well, imagine the visitors usually found at such a place to be of rather a more quiet order—then add some twenty or thirty dark-eyed, dark-skinned maidens, each with a cigarita between her lips, a glass of wine—perchance brandy or whiskey—in her hand, which she would occasionally dip whilst smoking—imagine this, and you have a pretty good idea of the room, and the company that one finds at a Mexican "Fandago." The music I cannot describe: a Spanish waltz I would, if I could, for it is certainly graceful and pretty. The fair donnas will dance a cotillion when requested, and with much ease and grace, too. Their ball dresses resemble ours, with one exception—that instead of wearing a bustle behind, it it invariably placed before. Another singularity I observed was, that after dancing it is customary to invite your partner out to take something to drink! I danced but once during the course of the evening. I assure you that dancing with a lady who answers to every question you ask, "no comprendo," is not by any means entertaining or agreeable."

☞ "What's the News? said Mr Fusty to one of our carriers. "Three cents, sir," was the reply. Mr *Fusty subscribed.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING NOV. 10 1846.

VOTE OF LOWELL.

For Gov.: Werd—	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total.
Whole number,	256	657	482	477	286	343	2510
Briggs,	197	417	272	276	186	228	1576
Davis,	49	155	136	146	82	92	660
Sewell,	8	78	64	43	15	18	228
Scattering,							37
For Lt. Governor:							
Whole number,	257	656	481	463	288	341	2496
Reed,	198	418	275	277	189	228	1586
Hood,	50	157	135	148	82	83	665
Brewster,	9	73	64	42	15	19	227
Scattering,							18
For Congress:							
Abbott,	212	409	270	275	185	223	1574
Bontwell,	53	152	134	145	81	72	637
Knapp,	9	90	73	51	16	29	268
Scattering,							4
For Senators—Whig Ticket:							
C. Shepard, Jr.,	195	417	276	280	182	225	1575
J. T. Bucklegham,	194	418	275	280	178	225	1570
John A. Keowles,	188	413	271	272	174	224	1533
Thomas Emerson,	183	418	276	280	182	225	1574
Hobert Spenser,	165	417	276	280	182	207	1527
David Heard,	165	417	276	280	182	225	1545
Democratic Ticket:							
Benjamin Mazzey,	52	157	134	144	82	84	653
Luke Wallingtoe,	52	156	134	144	82	84	652
Leeeard Thompsoe,	52	160	144	144	82	83	675
Alpheus R. Brown,	52	153	133	142	80	82	642
Bradford Russell	52	156	134	144	82	84	652
Alden Leland,	52	162	144	153	84	93	688
Liberty Ticket:							
J. T. Woodbury,	10	76	63	42	14	18	227
David Goodale,	10	78	62	41	14	19	224
James Kimball,	10	76	63	41	14	19	223
Charles Foster,	10	78	63	41	14	18	225
George W. Ward,	10	82	72	50	15	28	257
Otis Pettee.	10	78	64	41	14	19	227
Scattering,							42
For representatives—Whig Ticket:							
Whole number,	261	653	483	473	279	277	2426
Necessary for a choice,							1214
Frederic Halton,	154	297	135	142	120	188	1036
Lewis R. Winslow,	183	446	292	343	169	236	1668
Zibn Abbott,	168	368	200	302	146	215	1394
Reubee Lewton	131	132	122	129	111	158	783
Daniel S. Richardsoe,	185	449	299	356	188	134	1711
William Schouler,	183	433	278	328	178	212	1612
George A. Butterfield,	174	289	227	340	160	267	1434
John L. Tripp,	149	293	132	132	124	182	1012
Joshua Coeverse,	186	444	296	317	171	233	1649
Democratic Ticket:							
Abram French,	44	120	108	56	75	67	470
Daniel H. Dean,	44	121	106	56	73	67	467
I. W. Benrd,	45	120	106	58	76	67	472
A. Wheeler,	45	115	105	56	73	67	461
Weare Clifford,	44	118	105	56	70	67	460
J. G. Peabody,	46	127	107	74	74	74	502
Benj. Hetchieson,	45	120	106	57	73	68	469
James Wilson,	45	120	104	56	74	66	465
Thos. B. Comins,	47	121	104	56	76	68	481
Liberty Ticket:							
Andrew T. Nute,	9	83	69	48	16	29	344
Merris Keowlee,	8	77	63	36	14	19	218
Apollos Perkins,	9	82	73	46	17	29	256
Joseph Bradshaw,	9	77	63	36	12	20	270
John S. Fletcher,	8	84	72	46	16	27	254
Jonathan Ladd,	8	75	52	36	14	17	205
Nathaniel B Fever,	9	82	64	43	16	28	247
Joshua M. Hodley,	9	75	63	36	14	19	219
Ethee Barnep,	10	77	61	41	13	80	232
Railroad Ticket.							
G. W. Larrahee,	18	77	80	183	22	23	403
Sidney Spaulding,	18	67	82	180	23	24	394
James Townsend,	42	81	74	190	24	28	443
Independent Whig Ticket.							
Joshua Swen,	11	55	87	22	46	14	235
Tappan Wentworth,	10	50	83	18	35	13	229
George H. Carleton,	10	54	83	21	27	17	252
Arnold Welch,	15	41	71	4	30	17	187
H. G. F. Corliss,	12	60	99	29	33	14	240
Jesse Phelps,		155			8	18	187

Workingmen's Ticket:

80 different individuals have from 1 to 10 votes each.

The regular Democratic ticket for Representatives, runs behind the vote for Governor, Senators, &c., because some democrats made an agreement with the whigs to vote for nine whig Representatives, and accordingly attached the names of nine whigs to the regular democratic ticket, headed as a democratic ticket, six of whom were taken from the regular whig ticket. We shall say a word about this at a future day.

☞ We are much obliged to *Cal. Schouler* of the Courier for the lengthy return of the vote of this city published in our paper to-day.

Obituary. Died yesterday, in consequence of cutting his political jugular, the Regular whig ticket, Shubael P. Adams Esq, aged 33. The deceased had been for several years a prominent member of the whig party and also ex-representative to the Legislature.—*Pax tecum o! felix puer—dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.*

☞ We had one of a "Looker on's" letters in type when we received a batch of as *earlier* date—on account of the irregularity of the mails it is presumed—so that we are oblige to defer the publication of them one paper more. Thursday we shall commence and continue them regularly.

Pic-Nic. Mr. Trowbridge's Singing Class give a Pic-Nic this evening, at the Worthen Street Baptist Vestry. An entertainment of pinc-nic fixins and music combined, is rarely offered for 25 cents.

☞ From Merrill and Heywood we have No. 27 of "Frost's Pictorial History of the World." This number embraces the conclusion of the chapter on the Scotch rebellion of '45—operations of Frederic the Great, &c., &c.

☞ We ask the judicious and reflecting to read carefully the article on the outside. It will give those who have it not already, a good idea of the shrewdness and excellent management of our government in the prosecution of the war with Mexico.

Maine. The House of Representatives now stand—Democrats 60; federalists 57; Abolitionists 6.—There are 29 vacancies. Of these the Democrats had last year 21; federalists 8.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The election yesterday has resulted in the whigs carrying nearly every thing. The Whig candidates for Governor and Lt. Governor have undoubtedly been elected by the people. The House will be greatly whig, and the Senate probably entirely so.

The vote in this city stands better for the whigs than last year. The vote for Gov. Lt. Governor, Senators and Representative to Congress vary but little.

Briggs, this year	1576.	Last year	1484.
Davis, " "	660.	" "	665.
Sewell, " "	228.	" "	160.

Representatives to Congress. Boutwell 637; Abbatt 1574. The Senators on all the tickets run about with the Candidates for Governor of their respective parties.

Boston has done about like Lowell, only a little worse, and the Post has retired to bed for a short season.

Davis, this year, has	1822.	Last year	2213.
Briggs, " " "	6146.	" "	5583.
Beylies, " " "	879. Shew, " "		1872.

The Abolition and scattering vote this year is 161 less than last.

For Representative to Congress Hon. R. C. Winthrop (the supporter of the Mexican war) received 5945 votes; all others 3340: majority for Winthrop 2605. The Post says, this shows beyond cavil, that Boston is determined to sustain its members in voting supplies to carry on the war.

The friends of the gentleman re-elected waited on him at his residence in the evening, and gave him a succession of cheers.

Drecutt gave Davis 138, and Briggs 207, Sewell 24, but failed to elect a Representative to the General Court. The whig party would cast vote for their candidate.

Tewksbury gave Davis 78. Briggs 78. Sewell 00.
Chelmsford " " 147. " 153. " 29.
Westford " " 103. " 94. " 13.
Billerica " " 62. " 102. " 7.

the native ticket received 24 throughout,

Wilmington, to the general rule of a Democratic loss says the Post, is an exception giving 63 for Davis, a gain of 14, and electing Rev. John M. Durgin, a staunch Democrat, representative to the general court. This is a gain all round, for the town was not represented last year. The returns were kindly furnished by Mr W. L. Wheeler.

In Salem, the vote was for Briggs 1058, Davis 207, Sowell 125, Bayliss, native, 98; last year 417 for Shaw!

Whig gains are reported of 242 votes in Taunton, 3 whig representatives chosen. West Cambridge 38, Weymouth 74, Ettinghare 22, Randolph 70, Brookline 51, Dorchester 50, Somerville 85; Braintree 81, Newton 3, Hopkinton 138, Reading 37.

In Chelsea, Mr Moses Nawell, conscience whig was chosen representative, "over all."

A small matter. On the receptiae of the first number of the Merrimack Courier we said its editar, Mr Hayes, was a Fourierite. This seemed to offend the gentlemen, and he asked us somewhat tartly to tell him what a Fourierite was. We failed to answer as promptly as he seemed to wish and in his last paper he says:

The ignorance of the Lowell Advertiser as to what a Fourerite is, we hope is not as profound as his silence upon the subject. He asserts that Mr Hayes is a Fourierite," and yet he does not tell *what* a Fourierite is! Now if Mr Hildreth knew what he said of us to be true, he also knew as well what views a Fourierite entertains. If he did not know us to be a Fourierite, he has certainly done an injustice to his own readers which he ought speedily to retract."

We, perhaps, should qualify our statement as to his now being a Fourierite, by saying what is, and was well known to his friends in Lowell—*that Mr H. was a Fourierite six months ago*—that time being a very respectable one for the gentleman to entertain any one particular belief; or we might quote his own language to prove what we said, but that would be as unsatisfactory to him as to his friends. To gratify Mr H. and for the instruction of those who may not have devoted much attention to the subject, we will tell him what a Fourierite is, and give him the arguments for and against the schemes of all romantic reformers, from Goodwin to Greeley, by quoting from an author who holds a place, even in the estimation of Mr Hayes himself, but one step below Horace Greeley—viz: Mr. Shakspeare:

"*Gonzalo.* Had I a plantation of this isle, my lord,—
And were the king of it, What would I do?
I' the commonwealth, I would by contraries
Execute all things: for no kind of traffic
Would I admit; no name of magistrate;
Letters should not be known; no use of service,
Of riches, or of poverty; no contracts,
Successions; bound of land, tilth, vineyard, none:
No use of metal, corn, or wine, or oil:
No occupation; all men idle, all;
And women too; but innocent and pure:
No sovereignty:—
Seb. And yet he would be king on't. [the beginning.
Ant. The latter end of his commonwealth forgets
Gon. All things in common nature should produce
Without sweat or endeavor; treason, felony,
Sword, pike, knife, gun, or need of any engine,
Would I not have; but nature should bring forth,
Of its own kind, all foison, all abundance,
To feed my innocent people.
Seb. No marrying 'mong his subjects?
Ant. None, man; all idle; whores and knaves.
Gon. I would with such perfection govern, sir,
To excel the golden age.
Seb. 'Save his majesty!
Ant. Long live Gonzalo!"

We are sorry to perceive, as we do, by looking over the Merrimack Courier, that its editor still continues to display that deplorable fatuity which has marked and adhered to him through life, like pallor to a corpse.

Important legal decision. In the Supreme Court at its law term in Dedham, Ms., an important case involving the liabilities of railroads as common carriers, was decided. Mr Edmund Thomas had four rolls of leather sent him by the Providence railroad, to be left at a way station. It was left as directed, and delivered to Mr T.'s teamster, who took away a part, and on returning for the remainder, found one roll missing, to recover the value of which the plaintiff brought this suit. It was held by the court that a railroad is liable as a common carrier, while goods are being conveyed from one depot to another; but when delivered or stored at a depot, the responsibility ceases, and the carrier becomes bailee without hire, and liable only for ordinary diligence. On this ground the decision of the court below was held to be wrong, and a new trial ordered.

Change in the Cabinet. The rumor afloat in some of the Southern papers that Mr Calhoun takes Mr Marcy's place in the cabinet, is emphatically without the slightest foundation.

The Home Market.

Perhaps in no place in the United States do we hear more of the cry that we must protect the manufacturer so as to provide a market for the consumption of our surplus agricultural staples than in Lowell. The insignificance of the home market to consume the surplus of our productions, and the importance of a foreign market is pithily set forth in the following extracts. It should be remembered, too, that not one quarter part of the cotton raised in the United States is consumed at home.

The crop of Indian corn in the West, for 1846 will be more than 500,000,000 bushels. The crop of wheat will exceed 140,000,000 bushels, which would exceed or equal 28,000,000 barrels of flour.—*Boston Times.*

You Yankee manufacturers are pointed out to we corn and wheat producers, by the *protection* sticklers, as our best, and safest, and most profitable *"Home Market."*

We are now out here, desirous to know *when the eating* is to *begin!*

Six hundred and forty millions bushels of wheat and corn! And all to be *chawed* up before next harvest! when just such another pile will be stacked up! It would keep all the Yankees of all the Yankee States, young and old, from now to the middle of eternity to consume the half of this product.

A *"Home Market,"* forsooth.—*Cincinnati Advertiser.*

☞ Many of the best informed speak confidently of large importations of specie from abroad, during the coming year. The balance of the trade is evidently large in our favor, and an influx of the precious metals must eaturally result therefrom. The Journal of Commerce says: "Some orders have already been given, as we know, for remittances to be made in gold from England; and the very low rate of exchange, while very little of this year's crop has gone forward, except of flour and wheat, indicates that large sums must be imported during the winter and spring. An importation of six millions of gold would be a very poor beginning of the universal work of ruin under the new tariff, which in eighteen months was to send all the coin out of the country, and break the banks from Dan to Beersheba."—*Pennsylvanian.*

The London Economist, one of the most impartial and enlightened journals of Europe, concludes, from a careful view of the whole ground, that no supplies can be looked for on the continent, and that the United States alone can furnish any adequate resources against the threatening scarcity, and anticipates that a greater quantity of grain and provisions will be shipped from the United States to Europe in the coming season than in any former one.

The price of grain is rapidly rising in all the European ports, the best proof of scarcity, and supplies for Great Britain as well as the continent, must come principally from the United States and Canada, where the harvest has been happily abundant. *European Times.*

From the Yankee Doodle, of November 7.

NEVER WAS SEEN,

A Dutch "family grocery," without a Yankee wooden clock in the middle of the front shelf.

CHURCH AND STATE.

Scene.—*Entrance to Grace Church.* Time.—*Sunday morning, half past ten.*

Plain Gentleman—Sexton, can you give me a seat?

Sexton—Come in your carriage, sir, or afoot?

P. G.—I came on foot, sir.

S.—Take a seat on one of them settees.

LITERARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

Mr. Cooper has in press a series of novels on the doctrine of Transubstantiation. They will be fourteen in number, in each of which Natty Bumpo will figure as a new character. His adventures as a Puseyite clergyman are said to be very original and striking.

STEAMBOAT STATISTICS.

Yankee Doodle thinks it is very strange that the "Sound" steamboats should be the only ones that are constantly falling to pieces. Hell-Gate is found to be the true steamboat Styx. These things ought not to be passed over by the travelling public.

By the way, we are glad to see by the daily papers that the *Rhode Island* "left the wharf" when she started for Boston. We don't know how we could very well get on without it.

A NOTE ACCEPTED.

Mrs Jenkins requests the pleasure of Capt. Brown's company at a small party on Friday evening next at 21 Spriggings Place, Monday.

Captain Brown presents his compliments to Mrs Jenkins, and regrets that thirteen privates will be detained by habeas corpus writs, and two sergeants are on the sick list; the rest of Captain Brown's company will have much pleasure in waiting on Mrs. Jenkins on Friday evening. Tuesday.

Stony Brook Railroad. A meeting of the citizens of Lowell, in favor of the Stony Brook Road, is to be held to-morrow evening at the Washington House, and we hope that it will be a full and spirited one. The time has fully came for the people of Lowell to take hold of this enterprise; Lowell, like the town of Worcester, is destined to be the central point at which numerous railroads are to center and from which they are to diverge. The Committee which was appointed at a former meeting of the friends of this road, to proceed to Worcester and confer with the friends of the Nashua and Worcester Railroad, will make report of their doings. We are satisfied that our citizens have not given this railroad project that consideration which its importance demands. It will give us a cross road direct to Worcester, and from thence to New York and Albany. It will make *Lowell nearer to both places than Boston.* It will also connect us with the Fitchburg road, and ultimately with the Cheshire road. But we have not time to speak more at length to-day. We trust that the meeting to-morrow night will be well attended. We think it will be one of interest.—*Courier of yesterday.*

General Kearney. This gallant officer is native of New York, and married the step daughter of the celebrated Clork, of St. Louis, who penetrated, with Merriwether, to the Columbia river. He is between 50 and 55 years of age. The General entered the army of 1812, and continued in it ever since; and for the last fifteen or twenty years, he has been stationed at the Far West—at St. Louis, and generally at Fort Leavenworth on the Missouri, in the dragoon service. He has made frequent reconnoisances in military expeditions in that region, thus acquiring such a knowledge of its physical features, of the Indian habits, of the resources of a western life, as qualify him to act the pioneer and commanding officer of the expedition, which he has so successfully conducted to Santa Fe.—He ranks very high as a bold, indomitable, energetic, and accomplished officer, who has the head to contrive, the hand to execute, and the heart to brave every difficulty.

☞ We have received the third number of the *Temperance Review.* Its previous character is admirably sustained. We notice among other jokes the following receipt for making *poison:*

The way to make Apples and Grapes into Poison. Grind them up, put them into barrels, and let a temperance lecturer or editor smell at the bung, when they will be pronounced poison by authority of the World's Temperance Convention.

The Temperance editors "make fun," it appears, of its motto,

"*Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled,*"

we therefore suggest an improved one from the same author:

"*Freedom* and *whiskey* gang thegither.
Tak aff your dram."

☞ Mike Walsh is ill in New York, seriously so.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

The Atlas has returns from 281 towns. They give Briggs, 51,682; Davis, 31,778; Scat. 3185.

Representatives elected as far as heard from: Whigs, 150; Democrats, 28; Abolitionists, 2.

22 Whig Senators are claimed as having been elected. Amos Abbott, Charles Hudson, George Ashman, Julius Rockwell, John Quincy Adams and Joseph Grinnell are doubtless elected to Congress. They are all whigs. John G. Palfrey, Daniel P. King and Artemas Hale are probably defeated.

Chestnuts are now abundant in the Windsor Park. The poor have been encouraged to gather them. All who apply receive tickets; the nuts are purchased from them at 2s. 8d. per bushel by Prince Albert's bailiff, they are afterwards sold for the benefit of the surrounding paupers.—*English paper.*

This favorite nut is very scarce and high here-a-boots this year—selling, to take the word of a retailer for it, as high as five dollars a bushel. 2s. 8d. English money, is about 62 cents.

☞ A Mexican who had acted as a guide to the American soldiers, was assassinated in the streets of Matamoras, before the eyes of a large number of Americans and Mexicans. While he was in conversation with others, a strange Mexican rode up close behind him, drew a pistol and shot him in the back, the ball going entirely through his body. The assassin then fled, and through the assistance of the Mexicans, escaped.

☞ There is a girl in Bangor so fat and lazy-ass that her father has tied her to a bootjack, and put her afloat in the river for a buoy.

Later from the Army.

Advices from Galveston of the 27th Oct., have been received. Officers of the army who left Monterey on the 11th state that the first government express, ordering Gen. Taylor to carry on the war with renewed energy in consequence of the refusal of Mexico to negociate, was within a few miles of Monterey, and would reach that point the next day. The health of the troops at Monterey was much better than it had been on the Rio Grande. The fortifications in the city were garrisoned by the regular troops. The last accounts from Gen. Ampudia and his army left them beyond Saltillo on their march toward San Luis Potosi, at which point it was rumored that Santa Anna had arrived at the head of 13,000 men, and was daily expecting reinforcements. The Georgia regiments was the only reinforcement which had reached Monterey. Orders had been received, it was understood, by other regiments stationed on the Rio Grande, to move to headquarters. The Kentucky and Tennessee mounted regiments had not reached Matamoros. The people of Monterey who had left about the time of the siege were gradually returning.

There had been affrays between the citizens of Monterey and Texas Ranger, which resulted, first, in the assassination of a Texan volunteer, and then, by way of revenge, in the killing of eleven Mexicans, by the comrades of the slain. Gen. Taylor, to prevent similar occurrences, had ordered an efficient guard to be distributed throughout the city.

The difficulty between Gen. Marshall and Col. Peyton, and that between Mr. Musson and Capt. Shivers, were arranged without a hostile meeting.

General Ampudia has issued another proclamation since his retreat from Monterey, calling upon the Mexicans to flock to his standard to repel the invaders of their soil. His excuse, in the proclamation, for defeat at Monterey and the surrender of that to our troops, is A WANT OF AMMUNITION! The utter falsity of this statement is well known, for any quantity of ammunition was found at Monterey after the capitulation.

From Monterey to Matamoras, among both Americans and Mexicans, a great deal of sickness prevails. Col William S. Fisher, who commanded the noted Mier expedition, and Capt. Francis S. Early, who commanded the Washington company of Texas Rangers at the battles of Monterey, died at Galveston.

War Department, Adjutant General's Office, Washington street, Nov. 3, 1846.

General Orders, No. 48—The following Regulation has been received from the War Department.

War Department, Nov. 3, 1846.

With a view to expediting the Recruiting service, the officers on that duty are hereby authorized to allow to any citizen, non commissioned officer or soldier, two dollars for each able bodied man that he may bring to the Readezvous, and who shall be accepted for the public service.

Signed, W. L. Marcy, Secretary of War.
W. G. Freeman, Assist. Adj. Gen.

English Railroad Engagements. "Americanus," the German correspondent of the Union says that the railway engagements of the Parliament of Great Britain, authorized by royal assent at the two last sessions of Parliament, will require the expenditure, in the next five years, of the enormous sum of one thousand three hundred and fifty million of dollars—an average of $270,000,000 annually.

☞ An official report of the killed and wounded in the several battles before the town of Monterey has not yet been received in this city at the office of the Surgeon General of the Army. We presume it will come with the General's despatches, which have not yet come to hand. We shall seize the earliest possible opportunity to lay it before our readers, that we may remove the anxiety of every one who had relations and friends engaged in the action.—*Union.*

☞ A Writer in Blackwood's September number on Mexico, says: "A large portion of the country between Vera Cruz and the city of Mexico belongs to Santa Anna. The soil of his estate is fertile, but left to its natural fertility—the General being a shepherd, and said to have 40 or 50,000 head of cattle in his pastures." Should our government quarter its army on him for a while, would it not greatly expedite the efforts "to conquer a peace?"

Hardy Fellows. It is stated that the party accompanying Col. Fremont can plant a bullet in an enemy's head with their horses at a full gallop—they never think of eating bread but live upon meat all the time. They never sleep in a house, but on the ground, with a blanket around them, their saddle for a pillow, and a rifle by their side.

Important Decision under the License Law.—The N. Y. supreme court, Chief Justice Bronson presiding, in an action for penalty under the new license law, held that strong beer is "strong and spirituous liquor," within the meaning of the act, and that an action lies for retailing it. Another point was also raised in this cause, viz: whether the plentiff should state what kind of liquor was sold. The chief justice thought he need not, on account of the difficulty in the proof, remarking that men did not always know what kind they drank!

Burglary. The watchmaker's shop of Mr Addison Brastow, opposite the Washington House, in this city, was broken open on Saturday night, and watches and other articles, to the amount of three hundred dollars or more, were stolen therefrom. We trust the scoundrels who have committed this robbery will be overtaken and severely punished. Mr Brastow, we trust, will be remunerated for his loss, should the property stolen not be recovered.—*Courier.*

Time for Transplanting Trees.—Autumnal transplanting should be performed as soon as the frost checks the growth of the trees. The soil in them mellow and easily pulverized; it becomes well settled about the roots, and the trees commence growing without interruption in the spring, and are not so liable to be injured by the drought.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the *relief* of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE ANODYNE" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sep5 a&rly3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843.

Mr C. Brinckerhoff.

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obl't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No*: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

MARRIED.

In this city, nov. 8 by Rev Lemuel Porter, Mr G. Edson Chever and Miss Ann Cheetham. Also Mr A. S. Whitney and Miss Idrin F. Richardson.

In Freedom N. H. Nov. 5, Mr Herud T Sevrence of Lowell to Miss Sarah Fowler of F.

DIED.

Nov. 2d, Harriet P. Ford, 3 yrs 6 mos, consumption; 3d, Martha A. Favor, 84 yrs, old age; Zillah G. White,, 3h yrs, Typhoid fever; 4th, Harriet N. Robey, 22 yrs, consumption; Albert A. Hamlet, 2 yrs, disease of lungs, Mary Cunnor, 68, inflammation of bowels; 6th, Lucius Mansur, 18 yrs, typhoid fever; 7th, Margaret E. Thompson, 45 yrs, strangulated hernia.

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
Aud once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano'n strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Goinst harmony is waging war—
When the Melocion'n mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion'n swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, aor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
J. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10atf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

MONDAY Evening, Nov 9, and every evening through the week, commencing at 8 o'clock, (except Saturday, when there will be a grand Concert commencing at 7 1-2,) will be presented the Comedy by Charles P. Thompson, called, *The King and Countess*,—Or, The Deceiver Deceived!

Edward 4th of England, Mr Germon.
Edith Butler, Countess of Pembroke, Mrs Groves.

To conclude with the laughable Comedy in two acts, entitled, *Raising the Wind!*

Jeromy Diddler, Mr Germon.
Peggy Plainway, Mrs Germon.

☞ Good order is maintained at all times throughout the establishment, and Ladies' can visit the Museum either with or without Gentleman, with perfect propriety.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardiann

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. nov10

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of A. FROST, & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

A. FROST,
HENRY UPTON,
LUTHER SMITH.

All persons having demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for paymnt—and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with HENRY UPTON.

Lowell, Nov. 5, 1846. 3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an Insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Nov. 3 1846. 3t.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin B. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

D. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell, Nov 3, 1846. 3t



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. alynpr4

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., on *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*. than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their tall stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows:

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,
Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mall,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE in hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thorndike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilde street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering.



The superior fast sailing coppered new Sloop ANDES, Snow master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

First Vessel.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov7

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day—positively.



The elegant fast sailing coppered Packet Bark, HERON, Hood, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. 3w

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29 atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (running *through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPAICA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10 aptf

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }
Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, A.D. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

4lawtn2 1st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of Alvin Whitney, of Lowell in said county, Painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Whitney will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery in Groton in said county on saturday the fourteenth day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Whitney and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS BUTTERFIELD. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features in the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

WEST INDIA GOODS.—*NEW STORE.*

FRANCIS S. UTLER would say to his friends and the public, that he has opened an extensive establishment of every variety of W.I. Goods, at No 5 Savings Bank Building, Shattuck street, where he will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with a call. *Country produce bought and sold.*

Lowell, Oct. 15, 1846.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon Train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

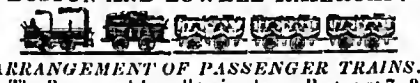
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Hennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

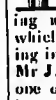
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25 a&p3m

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.
a&Ptf

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE OF SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On Thursday next, at 9 o'clock A. M., the furniture of the Bedford mineral Spring Hotel, which has been vacated by the late keeper of said House. Is portion as follows—3 Sofas, Mahogany Centre, Card and dining Tables, Motch'd Dining Tables, 150 Cane seat and common chairs, 40 Looking Glasses, French Toilet Table, 30 Windlees and other Bedsteads, Mahogany Wash Sinks, 10 pine do. 100 dress Tables, 30 Hair and Palmleaf Mattresses, 20 Feather Beds, 250 yards woollen and painted Carpeting, Solar Lamps, Crockery and Glass Ware, Cook and parlor Stoves, and numerous other articles all of good quality, nearly new having been used but a few months.

Purchasers of Good Furniture will find this the best opportunity ever offered in Lowell as the invoice is large and the sale will be without reserve.

On Wednesday at 2, P. M. A prime lot of seasonable Dry Goods and Cloths.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Powtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Chatham street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—*Office*—*No. 1, Commercial Square.*—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattresses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattresses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Piano Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale, —9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogony and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover stn., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central stn.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 a1y6m*

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.
Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the Importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinery articles.

Please call and examine.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vaunt[illegible] set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number now new inscribed upon his book as **PERFECT CURES.**

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and is a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove, that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofelous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their miscalled medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs: the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY, and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 20 Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may12a] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons, that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tamein Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 ndv&pntly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in some Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Cramp, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to this only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agecnt.

Ossinsing, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback.* He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of any neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and found as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health and vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system.* At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir, This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. o&pSmosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by inclosing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles.* It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion in my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely relieved, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelrigh, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOOR
Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaseka, Sept 28, 2846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligie servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggis generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shewn from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a violent fever.

Mr John Fess of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

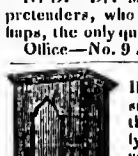
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1nwa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell; in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, an arrival of the 2 o'clock train at cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and enlargements of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&rly

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret di

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 134.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if peyment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—75 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, useless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, *No. 8, Exchange Buildings, Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN. EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&P tf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf mv1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM F. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 120 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Mussic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.
For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and scorching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary;

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.
MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&rlyaog29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its efforts for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&Aptoct14

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.
THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses.
He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.
☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any articles of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1845. aug8

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plyaov3

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Per cent. reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 53	67 53	1187
			1839	848 00	378 45	55 70	1580
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	948
			1841	555 50	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Editioe.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experience in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & Co.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. enwu&plyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access.
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New Grands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves those articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. aly sep4

POETRY.

From the Fountain, for 1847.

The Reformer.

BY JOHN GREENLEAF WHITTIER.

All grim and soiled and brown with tan,
I saw a strong One, in his wrath
Smiting the godless shrines of man
Along his path.

The Church beneath her trembling dome
Essayed in vain her ghostly charm:
Wealth shook within his gilded home
With pale alarm.

Fraud from his secret chamber fled
Before the sunlight bursting in;
Sloth drew her pillow o'er her head
To drown the din.

"Spare." Art implored, "yon holy pile;
That grand, old, time-worn turret spare;
Meek Reverence, kneeling in the aisle,
Cried out, "Forbear!"

Gray-bearded Use, who, deaf and blind,
Groped for his old accustomed stone,
Leaned on his staff, and went to find
His seat o'erthrown.

Young Romance raised his dreamy eyes,
O'erhung with paly locks of gold,
"Why smite," he asked, in said surprise,
"The fair, the old!"

Yet louder rang the Strong One's stroke,
Yet nearer flashed his ax's gleam;
Shuddering and sick at heart I woke,
As from a dream.

I looked; aside the dust cloud rolled—
The Waster seemed the Builder too;
Up-springing from the ruined Old,
I saw the New.

'T was but the ruin of the bad—
The wasting of the wrong and ill?
Whate'er of good the old time had
Was living still,

Calm grew the brows of him I feared;
The frown which awed me passed away,
And left behind a smile which cheered
Like breaking day.

Green grew the grain on battle-plains,
O'er swarded war mounds grazed the cow;
The alure stood forging from his chains,
The spade and plow.

Where frowned the fort, pavilions gay
And cottage windows, flower entwined,
Look out upon the peaceful bay
And hills behind.

Though vine-wreathed cups with wine once fed,
The lights on brimming crystal fell,
Drawn, sparkling, from the rivulet head
And mossy well.

Trough prison walls, like Heaven-sent hope,
Fresh breezes blew, and sunbeams strayed,
And with the idle gallows-rope
The young child played.

Where the doomed victim in his cell
Had counted o'er the weary hours,
Glad school-girls, answering to the bell,
Came crowned with flowers.

Grown wise for the lessons given,
I fear no longer, for I know
That, where the share is deepest driven,
The best fruits grow.

The out-worn right, the old abuse,
The pious fraud transparent grown
The good held captive in the use
Of Wrong alone—

These wait their doom, from that great law
Which makes the past time serve to-day;
And fresher life the world shall draw
From their decay.

Oh! backward-looking son of time!—
The new is old, the old is new,
The cycle of a change sublime
Still sweeping through.

So wisely taught the Indian seer;
Destroying Seva, forming Brahm,
Who wake by turns Earth's love and fear,
Are one, the same.

As idly as in that old day
Thou mournest, didst thy sires repine,
So, in his time, thy child grown gray,
Shall sigh for time.

Yet not the less from them or thee
The eternal step of Progress beats
To that great anthem, calm, yet free,
Which God repeats!

Take heart!—thy Master builds again—
A charmed life old goodness hath;
The tares may perish—but the grain
Is safe for death.

God works in all things; all obey
His first propulsion from the night;
He, wake and watch!—the world is gray
With morning light!

THE LESSON.

A TALE OF DOMESTIC LIFE.

Three young ladies were seated in a rich apartment. They were the Misses Amanda and Emma Ellis, and their cousin Delilah Carlton. The latter was engaged in in the womanly occupation of sewing; the two former in discussing, critically, a ball at which all three had been present the preceding evening.

"I do'nt like that Mr Barton at all," said Miss Amanda, continuing the conversation.

"Nor me either," responded Miss Emma, who was the eldest.

"And why not, cousin," asked Delilah, "I am sure he is handsome enough, is he not?"

"Yes; but—"

"But what, coz?" said she to Emma, who had spoken last. "Surely his manners are pleasing; and his language polished, without affectation."

"Yes, yes, but for all that he is vulgar," said Emma, pettishly, "vulgar in his ideas."

"Vulgar!" exclaimed Delilah, "you must again allow me to differ with you coz," she continued, looking into her cousin's face with a winning smile. "I think he is quite refined, more so than Mr Rice or Mr Brown, and many of the other gentleman."

"Only think of comparing Mr Barton with Mr Brown, the *gentleman*," exclaimed Miss Amanda Ellis. "Why Mr Barton is a *mechanic*."

"Well, suppose he is, dear," said her cousin, "does that make him vulgar, or less respectable? For my part I think a mechanic can be as much of a gentleman, (in the true sense of the word) as a millionaire."

"Well, I declare, cousin Lile, you do have some of the funniest notions" said Miss Amanda, "just for all the would like pa—he thinks one man just as good as another,even though he be a laborer."

"Yes," said Emma, "I do wish he would be a little more circumspect, and find better company for his daughters than mechanics. It is his fault that Mr Barton comes here; he gives him such pressing invintions. I soppose he wants me or you, Amanda. Would'nt it make a fine paragraph for the papers? Miss Amanda (or Emma) daughter of James Ellis, merchant, to Mr Charles Barton, mechanic. Oh, dear," said the spoiled beauty (for both sisters possessed great personal attractions,)throwing herself back upon the sofa and laughing heartily, as also did her sister.

"Well, well, girls," said Mr Ellis,who,hid.den behind the half open door of the apartment, had been an unobserved listener to the conversation, and who now entered the room, "you may laugh now, but yon may live to regret that you did not try to obtain Mr Barton for a husband.—Mark that!" and the old gentleman, taking up his hat left the apartment.

"I declare, if there is not Mr Barton on the steps!" exclaimed Emma, who was looking through the blinds. "Come, come," she continued, addressing her sister, "let us go up stairs into the other parlor and leave cousin Lile to entertain him; it will be a pleasure to her,she is partial to mechanics," and the sisters left the room.

The objeet of the foregoing conversation was a young man whom Mr Ellis had introduced to his daughters and niece, some months before as a master mechanic. But, unlike the father who valued a man for his character and not for his money, the Misses Ellis were great sticklers for respectability, there standard for which was riches, and the consequence was, as we have seen, that Mr Barton did not stand any too high in their good graces. Mr Ellis knew this false estimate respectability was a predominent fault in his daughters' character, and he determined to give them a practical salutary lesson. How he suceeeded; the sequel of our story will show.

A few moments after the sister left the room, Mr Barton entered. He was about the middle height, with a fine figure, regular features, and intelligent countenance. His eyes were of a deep blue, his eyebrows finely arched, and his forehead high and white,from which the jet black hair was pushed back, displaying its fine proportions. He was certainly a handsome man,which fact even the Misses Ellis did not attempt to deny,and the ease and politeness with which he greeted Miss Carlton, spoke his claim to that which the lady herself awarded to him—the title of a gentleman.

He was soon seated and in conversation with Delilah. Delilah Carlton was a charming girl. It is true she did not posess the exqusite proportions and regular features of her two cousins, but then there was ever a sunny smile upon her face, and a cheerful spark in her clear, light blue eye, and she had such light and bounding spirits that made her appear as beautiful as her cousins,at least so thought Mr Barton,as he gazed upon her bewitching countenance. How much better, thought he, would it be to possess her for a wife, dependent as she is upon her uncle, and dowerless as she would be,than either of the Misses Ellis with their spoiled tempers and fortunes.

Thinking this, is it to be wondered at that he left her with a half formed determination to win her love if it lay within his power.

When Delilah appesred at the dinner table that day, many were the meaning and inquisitive glances of her cousins cast upon her. At last, unable to restrain their loving habit of "running their cousin, they spoke.

"I hope you have spent a very pleasant morning, cousin," said Miss Amanda, with a meek arch look.

"A very interesting tete-a-tete, was it not?" whispered Emma, across the table,

"I spent the morning very pleasantly," answered Deliah, blushing slightly.

"O! I dare say," said Emma, sarcastically.—"I snppose he gave you a dissertation on mechanics, did he not, coz?"

"Well,and suppose he did?" said Mr Ellis,who had been listening patiently,but into whose honest face the color now rose. "Is it not better to listen to that then the senseless conversation and sickly sentiments drawled out in affected tones by the foplings, half men, half monkeys, who disgrace humanity?" and the old man cast such a look upon his daughters as made them quail beneath it.

"But never mind Lile," he continued in a softer tone, patting his niece's rosy cheek, "never mind. Mr Barton is worth three or four such would-be gentlemen as Mr Rice and Mr Brown, and in more ways than one. Mark that girls! He is worth two or three such in more ways than one."

The last sentence he addressed to his daughters.

Days, weeks and months rolled by, and Mr. Barton had become a frequent visitor at Mr Ellis'. It was very evident that he was paying particular attention to Delilah Carlton, and it was plain to see that they were not unacceptable. This fact furnished an ample subject for the sister's sarcastic remarks.

As for their father, whenever they indulge in them in his presence, a knowing smile would play upon his face, and he would repeat to them his assertion, that they would some day wish that they had obtained Mr. Barton for a husband.

Thus things continued for some time. At length one morning about three months subsequent to the period when our story commenced, Mr Ellis entered the parlor where his daughters were sitting, with a light step and sparkling eye.

"Well, girls what do you think of it?" said he, rubbing his hands in glee.

"What?" asked both young ladies in a breath.

"The wedding we're going to have."

"The wedding!—what wedding?"

"Your cousin's."

"Delilah's."

"Yes, she is going to honor the *mechanic* with her hand. Now,—what do you think of it, eh?"

"I don't think much of it," said Emma, with a toss of her head.

"Nor I," said Amanda.

"You don't, eh? Well, suppose I was to tell you that she was going to be married to a man worth two hundred thousand dollars, would that alter your opinions?"

"Way, what do you mean, pa?"

"Listen! and I will tell you girls," said the old gentleman, bending upon his daughters a grave and somewhat stern look.

"The father of Mr. Barton, to whom your cousin is soon to be married, was an old friend of mine; we were playmates in boyhood. He was apprenticed to the carpenter's trade about the same time I entered the counting-house. Soon after he had finished learning his trade he went to the city of Baltimore, and there started business for himself, and was married. Being possessed of genius, and having a good education for a master mechanic and builder, he soon became an architect, and subsequently amassed a large fortune. Knowing the reverses of fortune to which all are liable, he resolved to make his only son, Charles, a good architect, so that if ever the "fickle dame" should desert him, he would have wherewith to earn honestly his daily bread. He succeeded. A year or two ago he died, leaving his whole fortune, his wife being already dead, to Charles, his only child. About six months ago, Charles came to this city on a visit. He said he had never yet met one with a young lady he thought worthy of calling his wife; that he could find enough who would marry him for the sake of his money, but that such an one he would never marry.

"I told him I would introduce him to some of our city ladies, and see if he could not find one amongst them to suit him. He required then that I should conceal his wealth, and introduce him only as a master mechanic. I acquiesced, and knowing your false estimate of respectability, I embraced the opportunity of teaching you a lesson, which I sincerely hope will have a salutary influence. I knew when I brought him home with me, and introduced him, that neither of you would be chosen, because I knew you would not stoop so low as to wed a master mechanic, but the event that will soon take place I easily foresaw. Your cousin knew nothing whatever of his wealth until to-day. I see you looked surprised, girls, but did I not tell you that you would be sorry some day you did not obtain him for a husband? And did I not tell you that he was worth two or three such ninny-hammers as Mr Rice and Mr Brown in more ways than one? Remember, girls, that wealth is a false standard by which to judge of respectability and worth.—Not that a rich man may not be respectable, but that very often he who earns his daily bread by the sweat of his brow is more of a gentleman than he who counts his thousands."

And they did remember it; for in after years they showed in their choice of husbands that they had not forgotten their honest old father's LESSON.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 12, 1846.

Middlesex County Representatives.

Acton—Ivory Keyes, Dem; same last year.
Ashby—C. W. Wood, whig; same last year.
Bedford—voted not to send; none last year.
Boxboro'—no choice; none last year.
Billerica—Gurdner Parker, whig; none last year.
Brighton—no choice; whig last year.
Burlington—voted not to send; none last year.
Cambridge—Samuel Batchelder,John Sargent,John S. Ladd, whigs; three whigs last year.
Carlisle—voted not to send; none last year.
Charlestown—no choice, one whig last year.
Chelmsford—no choice; none last year.
Concord—Isaac S. Lee, dem.; whig last year.
Dracutt—no choice; whig last year.
Dunstable—no choice; none last year.
Framingham—Charles R. Train, whig; same last year.
Groton—George S. Boutwell, dem.; whig last year.
Hopkinton—Samuel B. Walcott, whig; none last year.
Holliston—no choice; none last year.
Lexington—Sullivon Burbank, whig; whig last year.
Lincoln—voted not to send; whig last year.
Lowell—Daniel S. Richardson, Lewis R. Winslow, Joshua Converse, William Schooler, George A. Butterfield, Ziba Abbott, whigs; six whigs last year.—entitled to nine; three whigs defeated.
Malden—no choice: dem. last year.
Marlboro'—David Goodale, liberty; none last year
Medford—Gorham Brooks, dem.; none last year.
Natick—no choice; whig last year.
Newton—Marshall S. Rice, whig liberty; whig last year.
Pepperell—voted not to send; dem. last year.
Reading—Daniel Pratt, whig; none last year.
Sherburne—no choice; whig last year.
Shirley—no choice; dem. last year.
Sommerville—no choice; same last year.
South Reading—Franklin Poole, liberty; whig last year.
Stoneham—voted not to send; dem. last year.
Stow—no choice; dem. last year.
Sudbury—one dem.; same last year.
Townsend—Levi Warren, whig; none last year.
Towksbury—No choice; same last year.
Tyngsboro'—voted not to send; none last year.
Watertown—voted not to send; none last year.
Woyland—voted not to send; whig last year.
West Cambridge—voted not to send; native last year.
Westford—voted not to send; dem. last year.
Wilmington—John M. Durgin,dem.; none last year.
Woburn—no choice; dem. last year.
Weston—voted not to send; none last year.

Seventeen whigs, six democrats, and two liberty party; last year, twenty-three whigs, nine democrats and one native.

SUDDEN DEATH. A Mrs Vance living on Dutton street, died suddenly early Tuesday morning. A post mortem examination shew an appearance of violence having been done to the brain, which justified a call for an Inquest, and J. B. French, Esq., summoned a jury. It appeared from facts made known to the jury that she had been repeatedly knocked down by her husband, and otherwise abused. The jury Wednesday morning, returned a verdict substantially as follows—That the deceased came to her death from blows given by her husband, or from some other cause to the jury unknown.

☞ Mr Webster is to deliver himself of a "great tariff speech," on the 2d or third of next month, in Philadelphia. It is expected he will "exceed himself" (in a scriptural sense) as he is supposed to have done at the great Canard dinner at East Boston. He will demonstrate to the delight of all little boys, how it is that their bread is always buttered on the *upper* side, by illustrations from his own life and times. We understand that the Whig Mutual Admiration Club, has taken measures to report his speech, and likewise to have it printed in parallel columns with *that* free trade speech delivered in Boston some twenty years since, thereby proving his ability to "confute, change hands and still confute."

☞ Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's, 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents apiece.

IMPORTANT. Some whigs in the Vermont legislature,have resolved that the war with Mexico is wrong.

Election in Massachusetts.

The Recapitulation of the vote for Governor is given by the Atlas as follows:—

Counties.	1846. Briggs.	Davis.	Scat.	1845. Briggs.	Davis.	Scat.
Suffolk, complete	6150	1957	1455	5815	2313	2472
Essex, except Lynnfield	6082	3466	2239	5556	3711	2953
Middlesex complete.	8121	6005	2229	7488	6333	2725
Worcester except Royalston.	7957	5053	2822	7881	5956	2630
Hampden except Ludlow.	2966	2477	449	2777	2785	483
Hampshire complete	3246	1878	648	3259	1318	595
Franklin complete.	2588	1837	459	2609	1924	382
Berkshire, ex't Florida, Mt. Washington New Ashford	3077	2789	423	2826	2724	536
Norfolk, except Cohasset.	3990	2363	987	3726	2781	1181
Bristol ex't Attleboro' and Somerset.	4127	2801	552	3824	3321	773
Plymouth, ex't Marshfield, Rochester and Hull.	3078	1856	902	3020	2337	864
Total, 291 Towns.	51682	31779	13165	48781	35536	15584

By the above recapitulation, it will be seen

that Gov. Brigg's vote is	51,682
The vote of Isaac Davis, the democratic candidate is	31,779
The votes for all other candidates are	13,165
	44,944

His excellency George N. Briggs is consequently re-elected governor of this commonwealth, by the people, by a majority of votes to 2,339

This makes a net whig gain from last year, of 9,077

Whig Congressmen Re-elected.

Dist. 1. Robert C. Winthrop,about 2600 maj.
" 3. Amos Abbott, majority 555.
" 5. Charles Hudson, majority 119.
" 6. George Ashum 1200 majority.
" 7. Julius Rockwell, 750 majority.
" 8. J. Q. Adams, 1600 maj.; on native ticket.
" 10, Joseph Grinnell.

Fourth—no choice; John G. Palfrey, whig, lacks 534 of an election. He has 5629; Robinson, dem., 4190; others 1973. Charlestown gave Robinson a plurality of 12.

State senators are chosen, as follows:—in Suffolk 5, Essex 3 and 2 vacancies, Hampshire 2, Bristol 3, Plymouth 2—all whigs—17; and probably 5,also whigs,in Worcester, 2 in Hampden, and 3 in Norfolk—but the result in these counties is as yet doubtful. No choice in Middlesex, nor in Berkshire, probably.

Representatives to the General court are chosen as follows:—154 whigs, 26 democrats and 3 liberty men. In about 90 towns there is no choice. Among these towns are Charlestown, Danvers,Marblehead,Gloucester, Haverhill, Barre. Newburyport elected 4 only.—New Bedford elected but 1, Mr Howland whig.

Returns from six towns in Barnstable county gives a whig gain of 230.

In the second district, the Hon Daniel P. King has lost his election to Congress by 2 votes!

In the ninth district, Hon Artemus Hale is defeated by 30 votes.

Majority for Gov Briggs, over all,in 294 towns 7156.

The Legislature (House) as far as heard from stands 170 whigs, 29 Democrats, 3 liberty.

☞ Hon. Caleb Cushing has been elected one of the members of the Legislature from Newburyport.—He was on the "Independent Ticket."

The Next Congress.

Congress sits again in only three weeks from Monday next. The session will continue till the fourth of March, when the present Congress expires. Though the Democratic party has met with temporary reverses in New York and Pennsylvania, still there can no change be effected in the Democratic policy. The Sub-Treasury, and the new Tariff, must each have a fair trial. The Democratic party must still control and determine the action of the government in relation to the Mexican war—That policy will unquestionably be unlike that of the Whigs,who are in favor of the withdrawal of our army from Mexico, leaving the Mexicans in full and undisputed possession of the disputed territory—our claims where the indebtedness is acknowledged unanswered—the insult to our ministers pocketed—our country disgraced and a virtual acknowledgement made of the lie that we commenced the war,and that we did it without cause and for the purpose of robbing Mexico: it will be to press the war vigorously as possible till a honurable peace can be concluded.

Though the next Congress will be short, it will be one of great interest as determining the question of whether the whigs and abolitionists united force for the overthrow of the Democracy (which they cannot accomplish) and as determining the policy, and plans of the government in relation to the Mexican war.—Present appearances indicate a union of the northern whigs and abolitionists, and, the next Presidential campaign will be fought upon the issue of northern interference with southern slavery and dissolution of the Union,or no meddling with the institutions of the states by the general government and the UNION IT MUST BE PRESERVED!

☞ It is known that during thunder showers the wires of the telegraph are liable to be rendered useless by electricity and the lives of the operator are at such times subject to imminent danger. To remedy this difficulty a Mr Hayes of Roxbury proposes through the Boston Advertiser, "the erection of finely pointed wires by the side of the wooden supports for the telegraph wires, having their ends in moist earth, and pointed extremeties two feet, or more, above the supports.—They should be separated from the horizontal wires by four inches,or more of wood; so as to act independently of these wires."

MAINE VACANT DISTRICTS. Another trial is to be made in the Representative districts of Maine which are still vacant, to make a choice of members on Monday next. 29 to be chosen—21 Democratic last year.

☞ The present is a great coon season. Fields formerly reaped by the Democracy, have this year been overrun and destroyed by a multitude of voracious coons.

☞ The Democratic force in the legislature,though small in point of numbers, rises to one of considerable power when we take into consideration the calibre and weight of metal of those who make it up.

ST CROIX FALLS, October 7, 1846.

Scenery—Shore of Lake Superior—Fuss first night—Mouth of Burnt river—Camp of Indians &c.,

I last wrote you from La Point, and intended in that letter to have told you of the Indian war dance that is held frequently in the square. The Ogibbiways are at war with the Sioux. In the dance from one to three hundred warriors, naked, except the breech clout, and painted, form in a ring and dance round a pole in the centre, with as many Sioux scalps on the top as have been taken since the last dance. Immediately to the changes in the dance, in turn the bolder among them steps into the ring and tells his story of encounter with the enemy, or a wild animals as may be the case with him most of interest.

From La Point we started up the lake in a birch canoe, with one Indian and one half-breed to paddle us. We had in but seven days provision, consisting of pork and flour mostly, started about 11, in hopes to ride all night, and making by the next night, one hundred and twenty miles, to the mouth of Burnt river, near the head of the lake, up which we intended to pass and cross the country. On we paddled for about 14 miles and have too for dinner. After one hour's delay we started again to thread the channel amid a group of islands, making the scenery beautiful.—One hour before sunset the Indian at the stern steered for the mouth of a beautiful river. Mr Ela, connected with the board of Foreign Missions, accompanied us most part of the way, and acted as boss and interpreter. What now said he to the Indian? "we must camp here," was the laconic reply. All were anxious to get up and out of the lake at this changing season of the year, as we were liable at any moment to heavy winds setting in, that would fix our lodging in the woods for some weeks. The boss said it was no use, we must camp. We hold a council of war and it was finally concluded to submit to the Indian,though not without divided council, as some were for returning and taking a new start,urging that,to submit would be to make the Indian captain the rest of the journey; as the sequel proved this was good logic. Well, we struck a fire, hauled up the birch, gunned it, got supper, pitched the tent and went to sleep in the woods for the first time on our journey. In the morning we started early round the head lands near the shore.—All along the shore it is a high perpendicular bluff of sand stone, from fifteen to fifty feet, the water washing under in many places for miles, rounding out the stone so that the edge or shore would be from 4 to 100 feet under the bank—trees growing to the edge over head. In many places these caverns stand out so that on arch is formed, and pillars sustain from twenty to forty acres over head, and with your boat you can ride under for thirty rods. Everything looks forbidding and pokerish all along the shore of the lake. Not a single hut or individual for hundreds of miles, not even wild animals or game of any kind to enliven the scene; not a living thing for two days did we see but a woodpecker and chip bird. On we went under Indian orders, and the third night, about nine o'clock we espied a fire and an Indian with his flambeaux (burning birch bark) announced from the shore the mouth of the Burnt river. Here we hauled up for camp, right glad to find company. There were three Indian Canoes camped here for the night; we added fuel to their fire, and made our birth and supper. One of the canoes was bound our way across to the St. Croix, the other two up to Fondulac. They carry no tent, have no cover but their blanket, put all their provision into a pot and boil it. Anything you give them to eat, no matter what, goes slap into the pot, and soon as boiled, dip it out with a stick and eat. If one family have more than another,they divide round. If one kills a deer or half dozen ducks, when it comes night and they meet and camp near each other, they hand over without saying a word—just toss a couple of ducks or a shank of venison into the ring. Our group at the mouth of this river would have been a scene for a painter. Our own men, by the way, take no cover, neither do they come under our tent, but just lie down under their blanket on the ground. The mouths of these little rivers are full of ducks. Burnt river is seventy miles long, and about the size of Concord river. Here we laid aside our oars, took off the row locks, lightened our boat all we could and took to the poles, indicating shoal and swift water. One man stands in the bow and the other in the stern, and with a little tamarac pole about 14 feet long, they handle the birch much as Ole Bull does the fiddle bow. An account of our tedious journey up Burnt river to its source in the high lands, that divide the waters running into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, from those running into the Gulf of Mexico, I will give you in my next letter.

Truly yours in the woods,
A LOOKER-ON.

☞ Hon. Mr Cushing, owing to the reception of the news of the death of his brother, was compelled it is said, to return from Chicago immediately home. It may not be generally known, this gentleman has acquired by contract, for a company of which he is a principal member, the valuable mills and lumbering property at the falls of St Croix, with the intention of carrying on a largely increased business. Mr Cushing will be there again in the winter or spring. So says New York Telegraph.

DUELLING LAW. The law to prevent dueling in Louisiana, has been made so very stringent as to destroy the object contemplated. Not only the principals and seconds, but all persons aiding and abetting in a duel, may be disfranchised. A case recently came before the Recorder of that city, and every witness called for the prosecution refused to testify, on the ground that they might render themselves liable to the penalty. The court sustained them, and the case was dismissed for want of testimony.

MICHIGAN ELECTION. The Democrats have carried the State. Mr Winslow, says the Times, brings the following from the Detroit Democratic head quarters:

Congress—1st District, McClelland, Dem., elected by about 600.

2nd District, Bradley, Dem.,probably elected,(very close,)

3d District, Bingham, Democrat, elected by about 150.

Legislature 85 Democratic.

☞ We are hapy to learn that those two very able Democrats Hon. George Hood of Lynn and George S. Boutwell of Groton were severally elected Representatives.

☞ Levi D. Slamm, Esq., late editor of the N. Y Globe, has been tendered by President Polk the appointment of a purser in the navy.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

We *should* like to ask a few questions!—

Is it true that Col. Schouler is pledged to *the particular* railroad from Lowell to Salem—not some railroad, but *the* railroad?

Is it true that he was obliged to say "*the railroad*" to the committee of *four* that was sent to him lest a committee of TWO should not *understand* him?

Will their be no *misunderstanding* between Livingston and Schuuler this year about Mr L.'s motion?

Does Schoalor go to the legisleture as *Livingston's man*? if yes, what does L. with which he was publicly branded last year, by Livingston, stand for? Is it L-v-n-s-t-n, Lowell or a L—r now which L. said he was last year.

We move these questions be left out to "that" reference which did NOT come off last year, with John Clark for chairman, Wentworth counsel for Schouler, and I. W. Beard for Livingston.

☞ The Democratic Review, from an intimation in the last number, is to be suspended for an indefinite time. Mr Kettell its editor and proprietor, over the signature of "Prentice," becomes a regular correspondent of the U. S. A happy addition to the already able corps of correspondents that make so attractive a feature in this able paper.

LATER. Since writing the above we are well pleased to learn that the Democratic Review is not to be suspended—Since its commencement it has sustained a very high character not only as an exponent of the great principles of the Democratic party but as a literary magazine.

☞ The Pons case, says the N. Y. Sun, now on trial at Philadelphia, is eliciting some startling testimony. In the evidence it appears that the captain abused the mate, laying his hands on him, &c., An encounter ensued, which resulted in the captain's being confined; the testimony further stated that after the captain's release, he made an attack on the mate with a gun and bayonet, for which the crew confined him as a dangerous man, &c.

☞ A cataract has been discovered on the St. Louis near the western extremity of Lake Superior, which has never been described by any geographer, and which is said to be second only to Niagara. The volume of water is very great, and the perpendicular height of the fall, one hundred and fifty feet.

☞ The receipt of the news by the Britannia in New York caused flour to rise 20 cts. per barrel,wheat 5 cts. a bushel and ashes 25 cents per hundred—we are inclined to think that the rise in ashes was on account of the demand for *lye* necessary to sustain the whigs in their present position in that state.

THE ELECTIONS. Returns from Michigan report large Whig gains. We have nothing new to add to the New York returns. Young's majority will not vary much from ten thousand. Gardiner, the Democratic Licet. Governor, will have about two or three thousand.

The Atlas of this morning corrects an error in its return from Malden, and shows that Hon. Daniel P. King is re-elected to congress by a majority of 14 votes. It also claims the election of Artemas Hale from the ninth district by a majority of 15 votes.

BADLY INJURED. An Irishman named Sullivan, was by a band in P. O. Richmonds batting mill in this city, last Tuesday, drawn among the machinery, which very badly fractured and so broke and crushed his arm that it had to be amputated. Dr Graves, assisted by Dr Huntington preformed the operation.

INDIANA. The subscriptions of the bond holders to the new contract with the state of Indiana, are going forward with a degree of spirit which gives promise that the arrangement so durable for all parties, will be completed, and Indiana marked out O. K.

POST OFFICE APPOINTMENTS. Joel Bullord, Esq., has been appointed postmaster at Berlin, in this county, in place of Dexter B. Saunders, resigned.

Col. Walter A. Bryant, at Barre, in place of Chas. Caldwell Esq., resigned.—*Wor. Pall.*

THE NEW PLANET is the largest in our system but Jupiter and Saturn. Its cubic bulk is to the earth as 1 to 250. It is very distant, and difficult to make acquaintance with, being no less than *three billions one hundred millions of miles from us.*

☞ The Rochester Advertiser is informed by one of the physicians of Mr Young, governor elect of New York, that his lungs are fatally diseased.

☞ Alanson Hawley Esq., has withdrawn from the editorial chair of the Hampden Post.—He has done good service in the democratic cause—and as an editor, has had no superior in the State.

NO MORE TROOPS. The Secretary of War has informed the Governor of Deleware that no more troops it is believed, will be called for, sufficient being in the field for the prosecution of the war.

THE LATE GALE IN HAVANA was disastrous in the extreme—about fifty lives were lost—the harbor is strewn with wrecks—and almost every house is more or less damaged.

LAROY SUNDERLAND. The city editor of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser in a somewhat lengthy article exposes the humbuggery of this prince of charlatans.

CHARLESTOWN A CITY. Charlestown voted to apply to the Legislature for a city charter, by a majority of 20, at their town meeting on Monday.

THE WEATHER. The present month makes up for all the beautiful weather we have had the present fall. The gloom of ten Novembers seems crowded in to this one.

☞ John Young, Governor elect of New York, has been recently attacked with a severe hemorrhage of the lungs.

THE GREAT BRITIAN'S INSURANCE. The underwriters refuse to pay it—alledging the gross carelessness of Capt. Hoskins as a cause of the disaster.

☞ The Grand Jury in Boston found no bill in Capt. Hannon's case.

THANKSGIVING in Alabama December 4th.

☞ Thanksgiving two weeks from next Thursday.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OR THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall arise from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are subject to be afflicted by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Count St., Boston

sept5 A&ptyc3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficency,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

From the Cincinnati Daily Times, of May 20th.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

We would advise our readers who are laboring under an affection of the lungs, to make immediate trial of this excellent medicine. The most intelligent and respectable families of our city have adopted it as a favorite family medicine; and persons predisposed to Consumption, who have used it, speak in the highest terms of its efficacy.

MARRIED.

In this City Nov. 4th, by Rev Mr Hanks, Mr John B Richardson, of Lowell, to Miss Charlotte Fitts, of Manchester, N. H. 5th, Mr Henry N. Nelson to Miss Mary Holbrook.

Nov 5th, by Rev C. K. True, Mr Stephen Baker to Miss Nancy E. Shorey; Mr Horatio N Marus to Miss Eliza Ann Weston.

In this city on the 11th inst, by Rev Ira Person, Mr Daniel A. Parker to Miss Persis S. Jones, both of L.

In Portland, Nov 6, Horace Brooks, Esq, of New York, to Miss Mary O. daughter of the late Andrew L Emerson, and grand daughter of Hon Asa Clapp.

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Note bene*,
As offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
Those lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance may need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10atf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

MONDAY Evening, Nov 9, and every evening through the week, commencing at 8 o'clock, (except Saturday, when there will be a grand Concert commencing at 7 1-2,) will be presented the Comedy by Charles P. Thompson, called, *The King and Countess*,—Or, The Deceiver Deceived!

Edward 4th of England, Mr Germon.
Edith Butler, Countess of Pembroke, Mrs Groves.

To conclude with the laughable Comedy in two acts, entitled, *Raising the Wind!*

Jeremy Diddler, Mr Germon.
Poggy Plainway, Mrs Germon.

☞ Good order is maintained at all times throughout the establishment, and Ladies' can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P M. nov10

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of A. FROST, & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

A. FROST,
HENRY UPTON,
LUTHER SMITH.

All persons having demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for payment—and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with HENRY UPTON.

Lowell, Nov. 5, 1846. A3t

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Lovy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23Central st.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. apv12

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of EZEKIEL JONES late of Groton in the county of Middlesex, gentleman, deceased, testate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds; as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to ANNA L. JONES.

Groton Nov 3, 1846. 3tnov13



GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Wire and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. n1ysp4

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their tall stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows;

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " Kip and thick Boots,
Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the
"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.
(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mill,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.
(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thorndike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.
(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Wilde street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.
oct29a2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
This day
To go up to the City without Lightering,

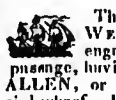


The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, Snow master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.
Detained by weather.
On Saturday—positively.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov12

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF
First Vessel.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. For order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell Nov. 3 1846. A3t.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin H. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.
D. F. BUTLER, Assignee.
Lowell, Nov 3, 1846. A3t

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put to use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sept1 4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }
Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantoot street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.
A1awtn21st.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Oct. 30th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by Bradford Russell, Esq., a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of Alvin Whitney, of Lowell in said county, Painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Whitney will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery in Groton in said county on saturday the fourteenth day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Whitney and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

JOS BUTTERFIELD. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at as early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. H. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

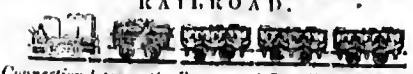
SETH AMES.
Lowell Oct. 31, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, trader deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.
Lowell Oct. 17 1846. A3w

JOSEPHUS.—The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 1 p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Muson village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846.

Capital, $200,000.

Those persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of **Four Dollars per week.** Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.
August 24, 1846. aug25a&r3m

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.
A&Ptf

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LADIES' CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hunson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land an School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Sole Leather.

Best Baltimore Oak tanned Sole Leather, by the Side or Bundle, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Mattrasses.

Best Curled Palm Leaf Mattrasses in excellent Ticking, under the usual price.

At Private Sale.—A new *Lathe* made in the best possible manner, and cost $50. Will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

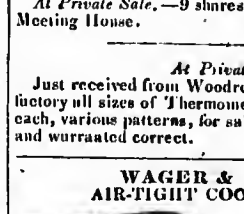
At Private Sale.—3 new and Beautiful Pinco Fortes, very superior tone and action, will be sold cheap.

At Private Sale.—9 shares in the Third Universalist Meeting House.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & BATERS' AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BAGG'S, opposite the Washington House.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove is the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
Hmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.
Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

IMPORTANT, TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bunnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 81 Washst., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 3 P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29 atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St. L. D. BOISE.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgment, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false copious pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with swiftness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the hamoca completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to undergo the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—They are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their victories are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street) Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation!*

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MALLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse! I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to one of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing through our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lotz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMEYER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeyer; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. B. Emerson corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [my12ly] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, billous affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificatee and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Carrier, Clark & Denrborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueis the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agoent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now *as straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1845. 1yhpdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid states of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.,

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6tuosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
ja11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advbyjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and sou of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hon. Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggrovated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he dose so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain, and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Quad and Lydius sts.

Canaachie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agents for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness—Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large *sores.* Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bittere and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Flemmag's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

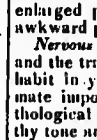
For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday,* and *Saturday,* at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Huverbill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Genorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28



L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in very many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swellings, Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obt

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 14, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 135.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every Friday morning—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to Plain and Fancy Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Soshes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Masury's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jen1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan6

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je6

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct28 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Haywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. sp12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2taly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, See'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at t.. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jun. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Conner; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 a3m

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz* :—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Ptyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noise in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&Aptoct144

COPPER, TIN & SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he has removed from Dracutt to Lowell, and has taken a shop on Merrimack street, Belvidere, opposite the Prescott Company's new boarding-houses;

He will keep, as usual, a complete assortment of every description of Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper ware, which he will sell for cash or exchange for rags, on terms as advantageous as can be obtained elsewhere.

☞ Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily. Any article of Ware will be made to order.
WILLIAM LANGLEY.
August 8, 1846. aug8

DR. FEICHTWANGER'S
GERMAN



RAT EXTIRMINATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ptnov8

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Single Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$ 2225
			1838	960 75	435 53	57 53	1987
			1839	838 00	370 45	55 70	1780
04	$5000	$370 80	1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1482
			1841	565 56	247 50	37 51	1335

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
dec1SaTu&Sewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawu&plyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. —— advlymay9

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

AGRICULTURAL.

PLANTING CHESNUTS.

The rapid growth of the chesnut, the excellence of its timber, and its fine ornamental appearance, render it a desirable object of cultivation. The fruit which it produces too, is not the least consideration.

Many however, who attempt raising the trees partially or wholly fail in causing the seeds to germinate. This is usually owing to the seeds becoming *dry* before they are planted. A few days exposure to dry air is sufficient to prevent their growing. Hence, as soon as they are taken from the tree they should be at once planted before drying a day, or mixed with moist sand, and kept in that condition till planted. They should not be covered more than an inch and a half deep if the soil is heavy, nor more than two inches if it is light; but a still better way is to plant them half that depth, and then spread on a thin covering—any one inch of peat or rotten leaves, which will keep the surface soft and moist.

It must be remembered that mice are exceedingly fond of the nuts, and if planted near grass lands, or other places frequented by mice, the young plants will be missing the next season.—*Albany Cultivator.*

For the distance of some forty miles up the Marrimack commencing near the line of Massachusetts and extending North, the chesnut is the natural and almost exclusive growth on some particular kinds of land: this land is that abounding in small rocks with a thin hard gravelly soil. It is perhaps, next to the pine plains, the least valuable for clearing. Upon this land there is no necessity of planting the chestnut; for the very next year after the present tree is cut off commonly from three to five and sometimes ten sprouts come out at the root. We frequently see as many as four considerable trees several inches each in dismeter surrounding the not entirely decayed parent stump cut off with the axe in the middle.

Chesnut has not been considered valuable for fuel inasmuch as in open fire places its cinders snap and fly in all directions. It has otherwise been used little for timber except for post and rail fence, being more lasting under ground than white onk or other wood plentiful in this region. Latterly, however, it has come so much into use that chestnut ridges even of light growth have rapidly risen in price, although the nominal value is even less than the real value. Thousands and tens of thousands of chestnut sleepers for the several railroads going out of Boston have been taken down within the last three years, the numbers and price increasing every year. Some persons, we believe, have cleared the purchase of chestnut lots in the profits upon the railroad sleepers taken off the same ground in a single season. It is now said that chestnut for durability is better than any kind of cedar. Chestnut plank and timber for some purposes are preferred to any other kind of wood: shingles made of chestnut, next to white pine, are said to be the best.—*Farmers Monthly Visitor.*

THE ALPACA.

DESCRIPTION, HABITS, FOOD, &c. The Alpaca, when fully grown, is about 37 inches high to the shoulders, and 59 inches to the top of the head. It possesses many properties in common with the Lama—belongs to the same natural family, to the same country possessing a similar disposition and manners, and bears much resemblance in figure, but in smaller in stature. Its legs are shorter, with larger muscles and its wool finer, and more abundant; but it is less robust in its habits, being able to carry a continuous burden of only 40 or 70 pounds.

In a wild state it is never known to associate with an other animal, but keeps together in herds of 100 or more in number, feeding, through choice, or a sort of rushy grass or reed, called *ycho*, which grows in abundance on its native hills, where it is said, these animals are never known to drink, so long as a sufficiency of green succulent herbage, can be obtained. They resort to a particular spot to drop their dung, which greatly resembles that of the goat, the sheep, or of the giraffe, and which often proves fatal to them, from betraying their haunts. When domesticated, they possess the same gregarious habits, and are strongly attached to their birth place, to which they return at night evincing little or no inclination to stray away, or to mix with other flocks. They are gentle, docile, and contented in their disposition, and are as readily restrained as the common sheep, with which, it is said, they perfectly agree. They adapt themselves to almost any soil or situation, provided the heat is not oppressive, and the air is pure. They will live, and thrive on the same sorts of food as eaten by cattle and sheep; but the inferior kinds of browse, grass or hay, with a due proportion of potatoes, or other succulent roots, are preferred to rich pasture and farinaceous grains. Too liberal an allowance of rich and stimulating food to an animal extremely abstemious, and habituated to live on coarse and light herbage, and that in small quantities, cannot be regarded otherwise than injurious.—*American Agriculturist.*

POTATOES.—*The Disease.*—The method of obtaining new varieties of potatoes from the seed is well known. It has been lately suggested as a preventive against the disease which now so generally affects the roots. A letter in the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser says:

"My own opinion is, that the potatoe has been so long propagated by cutting, instead of seed, that it has gradually deteriorated, until it has become fatally diseased, and that the remedy is to procure potatoes for planting which have been propagated recently from the seed. I wish to call the attention of the public to the fact, that a gentleman in this city, Rev. N. S. Smith, has been for several years engaged in his garden, in producing the potatoe from the seed, and with great success. He commenced, as he informs me, some four years since, by sowing the seed from the ball. These, the first year, produced a very small tuber. The next year he planted the tuber, and also sowed the seed which was produced from the vine of the new tuber. The tuber, as is usual, next produced a potatoe of a larger size, while the seed of the young potatoe (a result not before known) produced a much larger tuber, and a much greater number than that of the old plant.

Mr Smith again took the seed from the second year's growth, as well as the tuber, and an increased size and quantity was the result in both cases. This remarkable fact is now stated by Mr. S., that the seed of the new potatoes will now produce a potatoe of a respectable size, and

while the seed of the old, worn-out plant at first gives a potatoe hardly the size of a pea, the seed of the potatoe, so renewed will now produce a tuber of an eatable size.

This, to my mind, shows clearly the process by which the potatoe is recovering its vital energy. Besides, the new potatoes are finer in the texture than the old, produce more and show no signs of the potatoe disease, though planted in the vicinity of those affected by it, and are as hard and fine in the Spring as when put in the cellar in the Fall."

To PRESERVE QUINCES WHOLE.—Select the largest and fairest quinces, (as the poorer ones will answer for jelly.) Take out the cores and pare them. Boil the quinces in water till tender. Take them out seperately on a platter. To each pound of quince allow a pound of sugar. Make the syrup, then boil the quinces in the syrup till clear.

TO PRESERVE APPLES.—Take only tart and well flavored apples, peel, and take out the cores without dividing them, and then parboil them. Make the syrup with the apple water, allowing three quarters of a pound of white sugar to every pound of apples, and boil some lemon peel and juice in the syrup. Pour the syrup, while boiling, on to the apples, turn them gently while cooking, and only let the syrup simmer, as hard boiling breaks the fruit. Take it out when the apple is tender through. At the end of a week, boil them once more in the syrup.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 14, 1846.

Temperance Meeting at City Hall.

The meeting at the Hall, Thursday evening, was very largely attended, and a determination to do all that can be effected by prosecutions seemed to be the universal sentiment. The resolutions, offered by Mr Child, which we shall publish in the official report of the proceedings, prescribe the plan by which the increase of intemperance is to be stayed, and our city finally made to know the music of the toddy stick no more. The whole of it is, in a word, to heap prosecution upon prosecution, till every man is driven from the trafic—"till," to use the language of one of the speakers, " the vermin are all smoked out."

The meeting was very ably addressed by Mr Child, Rev. Messrs Hanks, Barnap, Miner, Brewster, and Dr Curtis. Scenes of wretchedness, degredation, and loss of all affection and love, an entire sundering of all social ties, were depicted, which were well calculated to excite and incense the people against the venders of spirituous liquors. We will not attempt to put upon paper but a single instance of the loathsome rum scenes portrayed. Dr Curtis said, a man, a drunkard had, a daughter die; some rum was obtained to wash the corpse, and it was so used; there was some left, and the father siezed upon that very rum, knowing how it had been used, and drank it!

That intemperance is the greatest evil in our midst, and that it has been on the increase in this city, and throughout New England, for the last few years is an admitted fact. Indeed, the fact that in a place of about 30,000 inhabitants, two-thirds of whom are females, there are 300 places where liquor is sold, as is said to be the case in this city, shows that an alarming degree of intemperance must prevail. In this there can be no disagreemant; and no well-wisher to the peace, prosperity, morals and happiness of the people, can but desire to see this demoralizing, degrading, brutalizing sin of drunkenness 'driven out from all the land.' The only questions to consider are—can it be effected? How can it be effected? We are sorry to be compelled to say, that we believe while spirit is made in the country, and imported into it, it will be used and drunkards made in consequence of that use. We believe, too, that the course proposed by the committee's report, to heap prosecution upon prosecution, upon the sellers of rum, will not have the effect to entirely stop drunkenness; nor do we believe that any means short of prohibiting the distillery and importation of every kind of spirituous liquor will effect it. We are not prepared to say that prosecutions will not check the sale and use of rum, though we must admit that we have our doubts on the subject, and have ever been more favorable to moral suasion than to legal force, believing that more good might be effected by the former than by the latter, at least, while so great a portion of the community use more or less rum. While our laws depend upon the people themselves, will it be practicable to stop the sale and use of rum by legal force while the very people themselves, who are to determine whether such a course shall be pursued, require *three hundred* rum shops to supply their wants in a place like Lowell? With such a public sentiment we should almost as soon expect to see a barrel of rum unheaded at the corner of every street in the city, "free gratis for all," as to see rum *forced* out of such a community by prosecutions. We believe prosecutions have, thus far, take them all together, and their influences, done more harm than good, and we much fear that if persisted in, in the present state of public opinion, and carried to a far greater extent than heretofore, they will continue to injure the temperance cause rather than advance it. If it is true that prosecutions have heretofore done more harm than good, why should we expect good to come from carrying them to a greater extent? Will not like beget like? And if few prosecutions do an injury, will not many do more injury? Is their any recent change in the public sentiment, so as to warrant the opinion that good may come from what has heretofore lasned harm? If intemperance is hostile to prosecutions (as we suppose is the fact) the community is now less ready to be driven from the use of intoxicating drink than it has been at any period for the last ten years. But if the temperance community in Lowell, disagree with us, and think that multiplying prosecution upon prosecution, will do good, and try the experiment, the result will determine the wisdom of the movement.

☞ Ought we to consider the election of Governor Briggs as a verdict of the people in favor of the *Pedlar* law.—*Courier.*

Inasmuch as the patriotic proclamation of Governor Briggs, calling for volunteers, was denounced by the whigs—should we consider his election by a large majority as a verdict of the people against the Mexican war?

HE DON'T. The Courier does not this year, as he did last, console the non-elect representatives in their defeat, by plans scrape from the old divines, and saws from older poets—not he, indeed—for he has not been defeated.

☞ A new election has been ordered by the mayor and aldermen for three representatives, Monday, 23d inst.

Military Convention.

By a vote of the fifth regiment, Maj. Watson and Capt. Stanley of this city, and Col. Shattuck of Pepperell, were chosen a committee to take into consideration the expediency of calling a military convention, and of calling the same, (if they consider the calling of such a convention advisable) at Boston.

Last evening the committee with some other military gentlemen and persons favorable to the militia cause, met at Major Watson's and determined on calling a Convention soon after the commencement of the sitting of the Legislature.

The object of calling the convention is to devise means of putting the militia of the State upon a better footing. The militia of this State has been in a sort of consumption ever since the old law, requiring all able-bodied persons, between 18 and 45 to do military duty. It is now, perhaps, in its lowest state; and military gentlemen have come to the conclusion to let the whole system die out, without leaving a military company in the State, or of doing something that will place it upon a respectable standing. It would be greatly to be regretted should the military be suffered to expire for want of proper support. Without a well organized militia, composed of the citizens of the commonwealth, there is no power to fall back upon, to enforce the laws of the State, to quell mobs and riots which are ever liable to break out, to say nothing of what may be necessary to resist foreign invasion. We sincerely hope there will be found enough of the Military spirit of our fathers to bring to Boston a convention of sufficient potency to awake the legislature to a proper sense of their duty in relation to this important subject.

The following proceedings of the primary meeting in relation to the above subject, have just been tendered us for publication:

PEPPERELL, Mass.

At a meeting of the officers of the 5th Regt. Light Infantry, 3d Brig. 2d Division Mass. Vol. Militia—

Voted, That a committee of three be chosen to take into consideration the subject of calling a Military Convention, to be holden in Boston.

The following gentlemen were chosen:

COL. S. P. SHATTUCK, Pepperell.
MAJ. A. WATSON, Lowell.
Capt. C. E. STANLEY. Lowell.

GILBERT FERRIN, Adj.

Michigan Election---The Democratic Victory Complete!!

The Detroit Free Press, of Saturday, the 7th inst. contains a full report from all parts of the state. The result is a complete triumph for the democracy—in large majorities in both branches of the state legislature and in the entire delegation to congress.

The legislature. As far as heard, the democrats have elected *nine* of the thirteen members of the senate to be chosen. Of the nine members holding over, eight are democrats. The whigs, so far, have but *one* certain.

Of the house of representatives, which consists of sixty members, the democrats have, as far as heard, elected, *forty-three* and the whigs thirteen. The counties to hear from will come in nearly as heretofore which will make the democratic majority large enough for all practical purposes.

The Free Press thus announces the result:

The Democracy of Michigan to the Democracy of the Union, sends greeting:

A Democratic senate!

A Democratic house of representatives!

A Democratic legislature that will elect a democratic U. S. senator!!

Three Democratic representatives in congress!!

Thus, after the 4th of March next, the Peninsular State sends to the councils of the nation an unbroken delegation in both houses of congress!!

MOVEMENTS OF THE ENEMY. Mr Webster, in his speech at Faneuil Hall, said that the President, in ordering the army south of the Nueces, " in his judgment, committed an impeachable offence." Whereupon the Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, taking the cue, writes that "it is possible that the impeachment of President Polk will be moved in the House on the first day of the session. Mr Webster will be one of the judges." Bah! Stuff, mere stuff—why will a great man like Webster disgrace himself by originating and retailing it? Does he wish to make Polk President for a second time?

☞ We have received vol. 3. No. 4 of the *New York Dissector, a quarterly journal of Medicine, Surgery, Magnetism, Mesmerism and the collateral sciences; with the mysteries and follacies of the faculty.* Edited by Henry Hall Sherwood, M. D. Of the merits of a journal with so comprehensive a title we do not feel competent to decide. It contains one original article on Consumption, the fourth of a series, which is cleverly written, and appears to be ingeniously conceived. The principal part of the number is made up of articles from the London Lancet, the first medical magazine of the world, and that part of it can, of course, be recommended as excellent.

THE REASON. An old hard head says that the reason why the whigs have so swept the country in the recent elections is—"because every miserable coward who felt himself in any danger of being called upon to defend his country, voted with the whigs, in hopes that the clamour of their possible triumph might intimidate the Government in the vigorous prosecution of the Mexican war."

☞ The Merrimack Courier recommended that if Hon. Amos Abbott undertook a discussion with Mr Boutwell, he should supply the absence of brains, with the Texas Resolutions and a file of the Lowell Advertisor. It is suggested that the editor of the Courier fill a similar want in like manner.

☞ How a whig editor obtained one of his curiosities—

"I'll give for your Museum, colonel," said Will,
"A *Grindstone* whose *grit* I am sure on".—
And he wrote on a '42 tariff bill,
"Made to grind the face of the poor on."

☞ The Washington Union says, that the arrangement for the exchange of the officers and crew of the U. S. Brig Truxton, has been confirmed by our government, and that orders have been issued by Maj. Gen. Scott for the release of Gen. Vega and his officers.

JOHN B. GOUGH does not lecture in this city on Temperance, we are informed, as he had agreed. Dr Dow lectures at the John Street Church this evening, at 7 o'clock, on the subject of temperance.

☞ The new Constitution of the State of New York has been accepted by the people, by 30,000 majority.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

VALLEY OF THE MISSISSIPPI,
October 8, 1846.

Burnt River—its rapids—Portage—grand Pequawas—lost and found again—suffered some, &c.

Friend H.—It has just occurred to me that I wrote to two or three friends in Lowell on the 3d instant, dating my letters Sept. 3. instead of October 3. With this little digression and good hopes of seeing you about the last of this month, I will continue the account of our journey up Burnt river. We made about 12 miles a day for the first 3 days. It is a miserable country all the way up. The first thirty or forty miles contain about equi-distant from each other, *one hundred and fifteen* rapids. Many of them like those in Concord river at Richmond's mills, an Chapel Hill.—Many of these we had to walk round. The land and shore look much as it would look up Concord river, were the whole country a wilderness untouched by man. Nothing of interest happened for four days.—The Indians that started at the mouth with us soon left us in the rear. Our men got grouty and lazy—needed an infernal flogging on the bare feet, with a board about four inches wide. The fifth day we found two deer's feet in the river, stuck up on a stick. This signified our Indian travellers had killed a deer. All the rest of the way up the river for seventy miles contains thirty six rapids. A widening of the river frequently occurs near the head. They are called by the Indians Pequaawas. Just before we arrived at the great Pequanawa, we camped for the night. As all journeys must have an event to spoil them, I will relate ours. The fifth day on the river, we were one day's march from its head. Passing the great Pequanawa, we had but a small brook to get the birch up in. The men wade in the brook and pull the canoe. Two of our companions, to save time, concluded to strike across to the portage, about 12 miles, on foot. The commissioner and myself continued with the boat, until within about 4 miles from the portage. The Indians here pointed out to us the line across and signified we better go, and they go round some seven or eight miles with bout and luggage, and all would meet at the portage for camping. The Portage is the point of land about two miles across to upper lake St. Croix, that bounds the swamp containing the waters that run both ways to the Ocean, by the St. Lawrence and the gulf of Mexico. Well, on we started, and walked a good time, until at last we came to about four acres of clearing, and appearances of an old camping ground.—Here our trail stopped, and we stopped. We cast about—our companions that left us in the morning should have been there if we were in the right place—no body there; we hallooed, no answer from boat—we looked round, considered a moment—we were about four hundred miles one way and two hundered the other from any settlement—concluded upon the whole it was lucky I took my gun in my hand as I left the boat, and *that it was a bad plan to leave ones luggage at all in a strange place*, (a wise conclusion which I beg all travellers to remember) we struck a good fire and went to cutting bows, concluding not to fret until we found what another day would bring forth. In about two hours, and just at sunset, we heard a jovial ringing voice in the wood, but a little way off.—"That Francis," up we jumped and in the direction of the noise we found a little bright running brook, and soon along came the boat, grunting up like a thing just born, the brook being unable to bear longer its easy burden at its mouth. We hauled boat and baggage to the fire, pitched the tent, and held council on the probable fate of our comrades. They had been gone twelve hours—no gun—no provision of any kind—only 12 miles to come—they must be lost, or would surely have been in. If lost, God only knew which way to look—more likely to have passed us than be back of us—no help near, not even an indian camp short of about sixty miles. It was finally resolved to eat supper and fire guns every half hour, and three in succession to begin with. So we continued until ten o'clock at night, and no one appeared. This began to be a serious business. They had not even a blanket or cracker; we could do nothing till morning—went to bed, but did not sleep much. Next morning rose by day and held council. Indian said they were back and would be aiming for head of river. If it was Indian there would be no danger, he could tell how to find him—but American, he did not know what the devil he would do—*had no principle*—could not tell where he would go, &c. Finally it was determined to allowance provision and stay until we found them—two to go in a north west and two in a south east direction as far as they could and return to camp at night. We started in our given direction and soon found the shore of upper Lake St. Croix—were coursing down the shore, having been absent about five hours, when the Indian hailed us to return to camp. Of course we were happy and glad on our return, to find our friends just finishing a meal that spoils, they said, a fine appetite, it being then just thirty-one hours since they breakfasted the morning before. We soon packed for the shore of upper Lake St. Croix, the head waters of the river about two hundred miles to its mouth, near which were the first settlements of the whites we should find on our journey.

Truly yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

Baltimore Thursday, 9 o'clock, P. M.

Later from Mexico.

The New Orleans papers of the 5th inst. have a few days later advices from Vera Cruz, which confirm the report of the presence of Santa Anna at San Luis Potosi.

The Mexicans are represented to be greatly exasperated at the U. States government; and Santa Anna was rallying a strong force to resist the anticipated attack of the American forces upon that place.

CONSUMPTION CURED. It is said to have been observed in Moscow, that two workmen in advanced stages of pulmonary consumption were cured after a few month's employment in a certain chemical works. During this time they had been almost constantly exposed to the influence of vapors charged with marine salt and sal-ammoniac.

☞ Silent carriage wheels have appeared in London. The tire of wheels consists of an elastic tubular ring of caoutchouc, enclosed in a leathern case, and inflated with air to any degree of tightness desired. The motions of the carriage is exceedingly easy.

☞ The directors of the Northern Railroad Corporation contemplate running the passenger cars to Franklin, 18 miles above Concord, on the 14th of December, says the N. H. Patriot.

☞ Wanted, a line to fill out this column.

Police Court.

Monday Nov. 9.

Michael Brady—Drunkeness—fined $2,00 and cost to be paid in two days or two months in House Correction. Silas Betton—Drunkeness—fined $3 and cost—paid in two days or two months in H. C. John Worth and Charles Elliott—malicious trespass—sentenced five days in common jail.

Wednesday Nov. 11th.

Alexander McLennon—Drunkeness—fined $2 and cost—paid in two days or two months H. C. Edward Kolley—Drunkeness—fined $3 and costs to be paid in two days or two months in H. C. Isaac Smith—Drunkeness—fined $1 and cost in 2 days or two months H. Correction

Thursday Nov. 12th.

Richard Butler—Drunkeness—fined $2 and cost to be paid in two days or two months H. C.

Friday Nov. 13th.

Joseph. Lynch—violation Licenso Law—ordered to recognize in $200 at the February term Court Common Pleas. Edward Harrison—violation License Law—fined $20 and cost. Edward Brierly—violation License Law—fined $20 and cost. Patrick Donahue—Drunkeness fined $2 and costs to be paid in two days or two months in H. C.

"Consistency, Thou art a Jewell!"

We exclaimed after reading Daniel Webster's speech at Boston. We feel sorry that so great a man should bring his gigantic mind to "bluster up" such weak propositions. He gravely tells the Bostonians that "no one voted for the war." But if no one voted *for* the the war, why was Massachusetts so embittered at John Quincy Adams? They do him wrong, says Mr Webster, and the President in the act of declaring war, is liable to impeachment! Then if we understand it—the President did wrong in declaring that war existed, and the Congress, among whom the most active was Mr Adams, did not deserve blame in backing him in his wrong, by voting supplies. How very reasonable all this looks? Very! Furthermore, when Mr Webster warmed into sympathetic eloquence on the injustice of the war, the pitying Bostonians loudly applauded—when he spoke of our army's conquest of Monterey, and probable conquest of Mexico, the peace-loving Bostonians again became vociferous with applause. Who shall analyze this? But we suppose all do not understand alike, what is implied in consistency. Mr Webster's idea of it enabled him to dodge the war vote in the Senate. But we consider Mr Webster's language libellous to our country, however laudable it may be to Massachusetts. What does the honorable gentleman mean, when he utters such insidious vituperation as the following:—

"*The natural justice of a war, it is perhaps, not on American habit to consider.* But it is an American habit *to count the cost!*"

Americans, what do you think of this? Were you ever so Trolloped before? How will such an insinuation read in a british court, and endorsed with the name of one of our *ablest Statesmen*? Verily, Mr Webster is a wily lawyer!—*N. Y. Sun.*

And a lawyer will Mr Webster ever be.

☞ The London Times says that a board of scientific military men have reported favorably on the new explosive combustible, known as *Gun-Cotton*, particularly for small fire arms. It makes but little report and leaves scarcely any residium in the gun. We give Professor Otto's receipt for making it:

"In the preparation of the exploding cotton, common, well cleaned cotton is dipped for about half a minute in highly concentrated nitric acid (the acid I use being made by the distillation of ten parts of dried saltpetre and six of oil of vitriol), and then instantly placed in water, which must be often renewed, in order to free the cotton from the acid with which it is impregnated. Care must then be taken that all the knotty particles of the cotton are properly disentangled, and that it is thoroughly dried. After this the explosive preparation is ready for use; its effects create astonishment in all who witness them, and the smallest portion explodes when struck on an anvil with a hammer, like fulminating powder; when kindled with a glowing body it takes fire just like gunpowder, and when used in a gun its operation, though in a far greater proportion to its weight, is precisely the same as that of gunpowder; a piece of it is rammed down the barrel, then a bit of wadding, and after that a ball; a copper cap ignites and explodes the cotton.

FROM THE ARMY OF MEXICO. News from Monterey to Oct. 16. The despatches from Washington by the hand of Lt. Amistad reached Gen. Taylor on the 12th, and he was taking measures accordingly.

The Mexicans were reported to be evacuating Saltillo, without a blow in defence, and were destroying everything that could be of service to the American forces.

They were falling back upon San Luis Potosi, which city they were fortifying.

Santa Anna was reported to have arrived at San Luis, with three regiments of troops from Mexico.

A number of Mexicans had been murdered in the outskirts of Monterey. On the 4th the Mexican officers called on Gen. Worth to take leave of him. As they were riding through the Plaza, a volunteer shot one of them through the heart. He was arrested, is in prison, and will be hung, undoubtedly.

A mail sent from Camargo, 21st Sept. for the army, was taken by the enemy and delivered to Ampudia for the private correspondence in it. The mail had been forwarded to Santa Anna.

Another mail for the army, which left Camargo on the 5th October, was captured by the enemy. Santa Anna is said to sustain Ampudia in what he did at Monterey.

There is considerable sickness among the troops at Monterey. Lt. Graham, of the sixth infantry, died on the 11th. At Camargo, also, there is much sickness.

A Democratic Governor in Delawnre !!

The inspectors election in October had prepared us to expect that this little state would throw off the whig yoke, and she has done it, in part at least. The election took place on Tuesday for governor, legislature and congressman, and whig accounts admit that WILLIAM THARP, democrat is elected governor by about 150 majority. New Castle which is unfortunately whig, gives Tharp 61 majority, a gain of 115 in one month. This county gave a whig majority of 68 in 1844, and 126 in 1840, when Harrison's majority in the State was 1092! From Kent, the other whig county, and Sussex, which gave a democratic majority of 245 in 1844, we have not full returns. The congressman and legislature are therefore in doubt. The legislature is to choose U. S. senator.

☞ Gen. Worth, the hero of Monterey, was a merchant's clerk, in Hudson, on the North river, 35 years ago. He entered the army as a private, at the opening of the war of 1812—distinguished himself at Lundy's Lane, where he was wounded, and at the suggestion of Gen. Scott, promoted. He won honors in the Florida war, and crowned himself with glory at Monterey.

The Iowa Election

The returns from Iowa received to-night confirm the previous expectation that the whigs had secured a majority of the legislature, by which the election of two whig U. S. senators is secured. The vote on the Governor and Members of Congress appears yet to be involved in doubt.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

☞ Mike Walsh was again reported dead yesterday, but we are happy to learn that hopes are entertained of his recovery. The governor elect is also the subject of rumors of the same character, and some of the members of Congress elect are reported to be very low.—*N. Y. Sun.*

From the Journal of Commerce.

"The Democratic Review, from an intimation in the last number, is to be suspended for an indefinite period."

Messrs Editors: The above paragraph from your Journal of this morning, is, I presume, to be taken in its Pickwickian sense. It apparently grows out of the confident tone assumed by the writer of a memoir of Governor Wright, which appeared in the November Review, where it is stated that before the appearance of another number, Silas Wright will have been re-elected to the highest office in the gift of the people of the State of New York.

That he was not so re-elected, is neither the fault of the Review nor its patrons. Our disappointment is alleviated by the consolation that if he is not re-elected he ought to have been. Nevertheless, the defeat of Silas Wright does not carry with it a victory over the Review. On the other hand, it demands renewed exertions and a livelier zeal.

Sorry we are to disappoint those of our whig friends who are so eager to proclaim a double victory, but, like most whig victories, that over the Review is an allusion. So far from desponding in the hour of adversity, we assure the public that the Review will live to bear records of honors far more distinguished than that intended to be conferred on this illustrious statesman; honors which while they cannot be withheld through the treachery or selfishness of pretended political friends in the State of New York, whose "conscience is their maw," will not be tarnished by their support.

THOMAS P. KETTELL.
Editor Democratic Review.

KILLED AND WOUNDED AT MONTEREY.—The Picayune of the 4th contains a complete list of our soldiers killed, wounded and missing during the three days fighting at Monterey, Sept. 21, 22, 23. It was prepared by Mr Haile, the industrious correspondent of that press. We count as follows, placing the few missing and those who died after the battle among the killed:—

	Killed.	Wounded.
Gen. Twigg's division	59	120
Butler's division—Ohio regiment.	15	50
Tenn. do.	28	78
Miss. do.	13	47
Worth's division	15	40
Huys's regiment	7	17
Wood's Texian rangers	2	4
	139	346
	346	
Total	485	

Gen. Twigg's division was composed of the 1st, 3d and 4th infantry, 2d dragoons, 3d artilery, and Baltimore battalion and Texas volunteers.—*Post.*

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT SUICIDE. Yesterday morning watchman Bryer saw a man, after swinging his arm around in a singular manner, jump off the Baltimore packet pier. By the aid of watchmen Jewett, he got him out, brought him before the police court, where he was sentenced for six months in the house of correction. His name is Andrew Boyle.

At noon, yesterday, a man by the name of Michael Stanton jumped off the same place in the same manner. A sailor put off in a boat and saved him. He was taken to the court house by officer Towle, upon a charge of vagrancy, but his examination was postponed During the past week he slept several nights in the north watch house. His story has been that he had been to work on a railroad till within a fortnight; that he came to Boston with a bundle of clothes and $30, which he has lost. He recollects giving his clothes to a man with whom he had been drinking, but touching the $30 his recollection is totally obvious.—*Post,*

FROM IOWA. We have sufficient returns of the late state election to decide that with the exception of one Democratic congressman, the whigs have swept the state.

M'Knight, the whig candidate for Governor, is certainly elected.

Twenty is a majority in the House of Representatives, to which body the whigs have elected twenty certain, and have strong hopes of four others.

Ten is a majority in the Senate—the whigs have elected nine certain, and are confident of three more—making a majority in both branches of the Legislature, and secures the election of two whig United States senators.—*True Sun.*

THE DEATH OF A NAVAL OFFICER, AND AN AMIABLE MAN. We have to announce, with profound regret, the sudden death of Commodore JOHN NICHOLSON, of the United States navy, who died last night at Mrs Ulrich's in this city, under an attack of the apoplexy. He was a printer by profession, in Richmond, in 1804—our near and respected neighbor—but his genius led him into a different destination, and his merits, gallantry and skill raised him to a high rank in the service, and made him many friends and numerous admirers. In several actions he was distinguished for his extraordinary coolness and bravery.—We deeply lament the loss of such a man to his country, his family and his friends.—*Union.*

☞ The answer of Lord Palmerston to the demand of the French King, for the delivery of Count Montemolin, who aided the young prince Napoleon to escape, was precisely similar to that given by a democratic governor to the algerine governor of Rhode Island, when he demanded the surrender of Thomas W. Dorr, for maintaining the rights of the people: "England is a free country, and any foreigner no matter what his political opinions, is entitled to an asylum there so long as he respects our laws."—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

TALK. No man can talk well who has not read; but no man can talk well who talks what he has read. The pabulum of the mind must be digested before it is useful, and we must derive our advantage not from the quotations of good reading, avowed or unavowed, but from the tone and character which that good reading lies giving to the conversation.—*Philadelphia Gazette.*

WELL EARNED. The man who shouldered a barrel of flour near the bridge the other morning, and carried it to the Indian Head Coffee House, earned it richly enough, quickly, and fairly. We don't know whether the losers think their bargain as profitable.—*Nashua Telegraph.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE. The democratic State convention, was fully attended, and the appearance now is that the democracy mean to redeem its character next march. We have no fears—the "old guards" are in the field—and they'll *fight*—and CONQUER too Mark that.—*Spirit of the Age.*

A SWINDLE. "Look a here, mister, this ere cream cake was all soft inside, and I chuck'd it away 'cause 'twarnt done! Recollect, how yer served me 'bout them fire crackers, that all come to pieces fust time! I'll smash your winders, some time, any how!"

THE SECRET OUT.—Mrs. Myers, we understand, indulges in the baneful practice of eating opium. This is quite enough to account for the extravagance of the language displayed in her letters—it is enough to vex her.

MARSHFIELD POTATOES. The crop at Marshfield must be a poor one this year. Those exhibited to the whigs in Faneuil Hall, Friday evening, were the smallest ever shown up from that quarter.—*Worcester Palladium.*

NEARLY DONE. The large and splendid railroad depot in this city is nearly completed. It is the best one on the route of the Concord and Boston railroad. We have long wondered why the insignificant affair at Lowell has not been torn away to give place to a larger and better one.—*Manchester Messenger.*

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by going the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE SENECY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose *Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&Ply3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

NEW-YORK, March 13th, 1849.

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsom, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of course may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
He smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Note bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll fast, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of

I. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10atf

LOWELL MUSEUM.

MONDAY Evening, Nov 9, and every evening through the week, commencing at 8 o'clock, (except Saturday, when there will be a grand Concert commencing at 7 1-2,) will be presented the Comedy by Charles P. Thompson, called, *The King and Countess*,—Or, The Deceiver Deceived!

Edward 4th of England, Mr Germon.
Edith Butler, Countess of Pembroke, Mrs Groves.

To conclude with the laughable Comedy in two acts, entitled, *Raising the Wind!*

Jeremy Diddler, Mr Germon.
Peggy Ploinwny, Mrs Germon.

☞ Good order is maintained at all times throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

☞ Tickets admitting two persons at once only 25 cents No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P M. nov10

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
23 Central St.

nov14

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Ptf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of A. FROST, & Co., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

A. FROST,
HENRY UPTON,
LUTHER SMITH.

All persons having demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for payment—and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle with HENRY UPTON.

Lowell, Nov. 5, 1846. 3t

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Cobura s Block, Central St. nov12



GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No: 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. ulyapr4

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

PUBLIC INVITATION.

A. BROWN & Co., Respectfully invite the public to examine their full stock of Boots and Shoes Just Received and now ready for sale. Composing in part as follows;

Gents prime Calf sewed and pegd Boots,
" " " Kip and thick Boots,
Boys prime Calf, Kip and thick Boots of every description.

Ladies' prime Kid walking shoes and Gaiter Boots; also Misses and children's Boots, Shoes of every description; in short every thing in the Boot, Shoe and Rubber line, any one could wish, and every article is marked at a price which we think will be perfectly satisfactory to customers, being but a slight advance upon wholesale prices. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine.

A Brown & Co 114 Central street under the First Universalist Church. Sign of the

"*PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.*" oct31

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, e10

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Tilden Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Tilden street and lay a sidewalk on the same from Moody street to the Tremont Mull,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Fletcher Street.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Fletcher street from Pawtucket street to Thornlike street as a public highway,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place of meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

OCTOBER 27, 1846.

(Dutton Street)

NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council propose to lay out and grade Dutton street from Fletcher street to Willo street and lay off sidewalk on the same,—And the Joint Committee on Streets, to whom said subject has been referred, have appointed WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Aldermen's room in the City Hall, as the time and place for meeting and hearing all parties interested therein.

By order of the Committee.

oct29 A2aw3w J. G. LOCKE, Clerk's

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing coppered new Shr ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

Detained by weather.

On Saturday—positively.

The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov12

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

First Vessel.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hyneon agent at N. O.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Hilgelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Tremont Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept1 A4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
Massachusetts District, ss. }

Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

A lawtu21st.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of BENJAMIN A. CHASE late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, under deceased intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Chase, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOSIAH. G. ABBOTT, Administrator.

Lowell Oct. 17 1846. a3w

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Nov. 3 1846. a3t.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin B. Packs, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery, in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M., at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and at which time a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Boxell, Nov 3, 1846. a3t

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 20 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4¾ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or lose beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Traise, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 A1y6m*

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.

Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30p3w.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LDIES' CSKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hunson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAILROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Oct 29atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23Central st.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merks and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store, and stick bills. One from the country would be preferred. E. B. Patch.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

Guardian's Sale of Wood and Lumber.

On Tuesday Nov. 17 1846. Consisting of about 10 acres of valuable heavy growth, principally oak. Conveniently located adjacent to the road leading from Lowell to Groton, near the residence of the late Jonathan Keyes, in Westford, in lots as may be desired.

Also immediately after, the Land on which said growth is standing, most of which is valuable for farming purposes, Sale to commence on the premises, at 9 o'clock A. M. Terms—Satisfactory endorsed Notes payable in one year with interest.

On Saturday, Nov. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the house of Mr. Wm. Dix, in Townsend about 14 acres of land, situated on the turnpike near the centre of said Townsend, known as the 'Dania Pond Lot.' Sale Positive. Terms at Sale.

LEVI WOODS, Guardian for the heirs of the late AARON KEYS.

Mortgagees Sale of Real Estate at Auction.

On Wednesday Nov 18th 1846, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, near the Machine Shop, Middlesex Street, Lowell, 6300 feet of Land with a 3 story wooden building thereon, 56 by 30 feet, built for a machine Shop and has in it a new boiler weighing 3500 lbs. well set, and a considerable quantity of shafting, drums &c., which will be sold separate if desired. A well of excellent water &c.

Said building may easily be converted into a dwelling house or houses, but is well adapted for the use for which it was intended.

The lot is sufficient to admit of another shop much Larger than the one already erected and offer a good opportunity for investments, as it is situated in the most enterprising and rapidly increasing part of the city. Terms at sale,

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts, each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & BATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



For Coal or Wood at *LANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Store set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2Arly*

HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE NEW ENGLAND HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY having appointed the subscriber their Agent for Lowell and its vicinity, he will receive applications and give all necessary information at his office, opposite the American House, on Central Street, in Lowell.

This Company was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut, in May 1846,

Capital, $200,000.

These persons who are insured by this company, if incapacitated by accident or disease from pursuing their ordinary occupation, are entitled to a benefit of Four Dollars per week. Policies may be granted to any male person between the ages of fifteen and seventy; and by the payment of only FIVE DOLLARS provision may be made against *Sickness for a Year.*

FREDERICK PARKER.

August 24, 1846. aug25 A&P3m.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,
15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory references can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and unmeasured advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for shew,
Like neat eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false applause pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion; the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, through the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only of Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. aLyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of reported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully, RICHARD VONNETEN.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonneten; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 2) Central st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States [may12m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are Imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cuteneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, lose of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webeter, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Carrior, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 odv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in issue, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but in kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; S. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yo&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Marbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of this highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The cure with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. aapomonapsp19

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Incomparable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advly&jan28

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours, &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it so excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Skinner I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Janes, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result a inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous effections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had *been badly* poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowa&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½ A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. an improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing spermatorrhœa or nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

L. STETSON BATES' CELEBRATED SHOWER BATH.

—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of this highly approved and justly celebrated Shower Bath, which is in every many respects the best in use, as will be seen at once on examination. The workmanship and materials are of the first quality; the arrangement of the whole, and especially the Showering Apparatus, is very superior. The public who are beginning to consider the importance of the use of the Bath, as well as those who have hitherto neglected the subject are respectfully requested to examine the samples at our office

☞Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and in all cases a uniform price will be charged.

S. C. SHAPLEIGH,
jy18atf No. 1 Commercial Square.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicines and Advice can

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 136.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Thoe-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Seshes and Frames, made to order. Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF FOWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Cobura's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell, tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.* JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 t. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
muy21 Insurances effected A&ely

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sept9tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massie Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 A3m

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Sunburn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago it became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gabisha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noise in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine gluss of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Goult, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aptoct144

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 31 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, ens mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.

A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. jal1rtf

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&ptlynov3

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	unwithstanding Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 .6	435 53	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	848 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1340	591 85	270 20	39 70	1487
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (each of May, 1845,) and pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&S rewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ouwa&ptlyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. adv1ymay9

STAGE NOTICE.



The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents
Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.
S. W. STONE, Driver
Lowell, July 2, 1844.

THE DOALE.

A STORY OF THE REVOLUTION.

Providence shapes strange events, Mercutio,
But who will doubt the wisdom of its ways?
THE YOUNG ITALIAN,

The days of the American revolution, those infant days of our country, when the first germs of that power were put forth, which was to spread with the coming years, and become a beacon for the oppressed of other ages—when the first faint glimmering of that light began to dawn, which has now spread its broad and cheering blaze over the whole world—those days, ripe with the destinies of future nations, should never be suffered to lose any of that power over the mind, by which all those warm and patriotic feelings—the foundation of all our national peace and prosperity—are brought into being, and fostered until they become firm and noble pillars of our great republic. It should rather be cultivated and nurtured, as the best safeguard to national welfare. Politicians may rave of the power that a libertined and unprincipled President will have of ruining a nation, but show me a man, whose feelings warm, and whose heart fires at the remembrance of those days of trial and suffering, I care not who sways the sceptre of power over him, let him but be possessed of those feelings, and so long as a spot of his native country shall remain, where his foot can find a resting place, those rights shall be defended by an iron hand, and a heart that never crouches to the wiles of a tyrant.

The winter of 1777, which so much distressed our army, was distinguished, as is well known, by a more than ordinary series of calamities. Such was its intense coldness, it has ever gone by the name of the "hard winter," and is still called so by all those who took any part in our great revolutionary campaign. Sir William Howe was succeeding in all his enterprises thro' out Pennsylvania, and, by a succession of victories, had spread a disheartening feeling through the American Army, which, in proportion as its enemies succeeded, lost that energy for which they were so much distinguished, and which was about to win for them the glorious title of their country's preservers. After abandoning Germantown, Sir William concentrated his whole force at Philadelphia, and stationed troops on both sides the Delaware to prevent the Inhabitants adjacent going thither for provisions, and to destroy foraging parties sent out by our army.

Valley Forge, distant about twenty-five miles from Philadelphia, had been fixed upon by Washington for the winter quarters of the Americans, where they experienced hardships, unparalleled in the annals of war. The way might have been traced thither, history tells us by a track of blood from their feet, which they left in marching without shoes or stockings over the frozen ground between Whitemarsh and Valley Forge. All the circumstances of this distressing campaign, are too deeply graven on the heart of every freeman to need relating here.

At the time the situation of the inhabitants of Philadelphia who could not follow Washington, was heart rending in the extreme. Subject as they were to the daily, nay hourly abuse of the British, insult upon insult heaped upon them, not only by the soldiers, but by the officers themselves, and forced to obey the tyrant of an hour, they could do nothing to redress themselves, but were obliged to submit, laying up their wrath for a future day of retribution, which, happily, was not far off. To obtain even the common necessaries of life they were obliged to go to Bristol, distant about twenty miles from Philadelphia, and they had not only to go that distance, but even such a privilege was denied them unless a pass was procured from Sir William, for British sentinels had been placed at small intervals along the road rendering it next to impossible to reach the 'Mills' at Bristol without one. The British lived in the most sumptuous style, spending their days in feasting and rioting, trusting in a fancied security, while the wrath of an insulted nation, was gathering black and mighty above them, ere long to burst in a storm of vengeance over their devoted heads, shaking the country to its very centre, and scattering the myrmidons of a proud and tyranical king over the land of the free. While they were indulging in riotous excesses, in the midst of luxury, Washington, at Valley Forge, borne down by privations, weakened by fatigue and hunger, nay almost by famine, was plotting the means, which ended in driving them from our shores, and raising the "Star Spangled Banner" of Liberty over a free and happy people.

A poor woman of the name of Copely, with a family of small children was suffering more in the heart of British plenty than her husband was with the disheartened Americans at Valley Forge. By the wicked tyranny of the soldiers, she had been left almost without nourishment for her little ones, and she had repeatedly applied to the officers for a pass, but they either disregarding her entreaties, or having weightier matters on their hands, neglected to furnish her with it. After many fruitless solicitations, she resolved to apply to Sir William himself. Upon hearing her story, he promised her a pass, but promises were all she received from the haughty leader; and at last, stung by these repeated disappointments, and urged forward and emboldened by the cries of her children, she resolved to set off without the necessary safeguard, and endeavor to reach the "Mills" by circuitous paths.

After giving her little ones in the care of a friend, as needy as herself, she commenced this arduous undertaking, alone, without a pass, without a friend on the route, without a chance of finding any refreshment during the whole of the journey. As she toiled on the tedious way, sometimes a sense of her loneliness, and the long route she had undertaken would come overpoweringly upon her, and she would be almost induced to abandon the project and to return to her unhappy home, but with the thoughts of home, came the images of her children, while she seemed to hear their bitter cries, and then, new nerved she would press on resolved to surmount every obstacle, or perish in the attempt. She kept the regular road till near where a sentinel was placed, and then, leaving the beaten path, she plunged into a trackless forest to avoid them, and then returned again to the main road. Thus she contrived to pass many of them unquestioned and in safety. This she continued to do through out the day, but owing to her serpent ac route she made but little progress towards the "Mills." When the shades of evening approached, and she found herself far from any habitation where she could pass the night, torn and wounded by the brambles and bushes through which she had forced her way, her resolution began to fail, but as the thoughts of home flashed

across her mind, she redoubled her energy to reach some human track, were it nothing more than an enemy's guard-house.
Thus she toiled on till night set in, when not only her courage but her strength began to fail her, The agonized mother now only looked for some tree to ascend, thinking it better to pass the night upon the limbs, than the frozen ground. She tried to climb several, but was so benumbed with cold, and so faint with fatigue and hunger, her feeble limbs refused to aid her. At length she found one, rising but little from the ground, and shooting off in a horizontal direction, which seemed to afford a resting place, and by an exertion which required all her remaining strength, she succeeded in reaching where the limbs so crossed each other as to give a transient resting place.

The horror of that night to her, who thus in the middle of "the cold winter" had left her home, and was now alone in the depths of the forest, can better be conceived than described. Afraid to sleep, lest she should sleep to wake no more, or she should lose *her* hold on the limbs and fall to the ground, when she must inevitably perish—almost frozen with the intense cold—rubbing her limbs with one hand, and clasping the icy branches with the other, she sat ruminating on the difficulties she had yet to encounter, and the dangers she had yet to contend with. At times her resolution would seem to leave her, but the chilling winds, whining through the leafless trees, would remind her of the voices of her little sufferers at home, which was enough to raise the spirits of the faithful mother, even in the hour of peril and of trial.

It would be fruitless to narrate the feelings of the doubly distressed mother through this long and dreary night. With what rapture did she hail the first glimmerings of light in the eastern horizon! Never was the light of day more welcome to the released inmate of a dungeon, than was the first ray of the sun on that eventful morning; and yet it rose but to witness new horror and suffering. The heroic mother, supported by the hope of giving food once more to her little ones, still kept on her toilsome way. After suffering almost incredible horrors, which she bore with a magnanimity far above that of the Spartan mother, she at last reached the 'Mills' She could only articulate "food! food! my babes my babes!" and sunk exhausted and almost lifeless at the miller's feet.

By the kind aid of the miller's wife she was brought from her exhausted state into something like life. Long before she had regained the least strength did she try to get away from her kind detainers, but they knowing she would never reach home in such a condition, would not suffer her to undertake the journey. She staid some days with the kind family, but at last they yielded to her repeated solicitations, and permitted her to set out. After filling a bag which she had brought with her, with flour, for which the miller would receive no remuneration she commenced her return.

Many now living remember the six Dowells, or, as they were more commonly called, the six Doales, who about that time of which we are writing, began to be distinguished by their deeds of heroic bravery. They were a hardy brotherhood, not one of them less than six feet high, "strong of limb, and swift of foot." They lived entirely on plunder, but never plundered Americans. Extremely partial to them, they did all in their power to harass and weaken the British and if their secret deeds could be brought to light, no doubt many a "Harvey Birch" could be found among them. The exploits of these men were of such a nature that they could not fail to become the talk of both armies; danger seemed never to enter their imaginations—total strangers to fear—and their only apparent object—plunder from Sir William's troops, though sufficient evidence had been obtained, that under this cover they secretly did the Americans more good, than many of that day were willing to believe. But they so managed it as to be high in the confidence of the leaders of both armies. At one time they would be in the heart of Philadelphia, dressed in the British costume, and indulging to all the luxuries of the place, doubtless with some end in view which could not be discovered by their demeanor; at another time they would be suffering the privations of the American camp and yielding assistance to the army at Valley Forge. They did not live together, but were scattered over the country, though they evidently acted in concert, and had some fixed plan or method by which they regulated their actions.

[Continued]

SMALL VS. LARGE TYPE.—Most editors of papers think that if they can "set up" their weekly issues in small type they have reached the ne plus ultra in conferring favors upon their readers. We were formerly of the same opinion, but a few years since we were undeceived in the matter. It was during a closely contested election in the State of New York that we went to the town of Scoharie to edit a small weekly sheet. Arriving there near the day of publication the "devil" informed us that it would be impossible to "get the paper out" in time, and "set it up in the usual size type." Then set it up in "Great Primer" (a type used to print hand-bills with) or the largest type in the office. The "devil" followed our direction, and the paper was duly distributed round town on publication day. Walking down street, not far behind the carrier, we observed him hand a paper to an elderly lady who exclaimed as we were passing, "La! husband, see what a nice paper we've got this week, I can read it without my spectacles." Why," observed the old gentleman, "so can I." "I wonder why they don't print it always so," observed the old lady. "Oh, I suppose they can't afford it," replied the old man. We gave up our partiality for Nonpariel, Pearl and Diamond type from that day.—*Quincy Herald.*

TAKING A HINT. A young lady told a gentleman that her silver thimble was nearly worn out, and asked him what reward she ought to have for her industry. The gentleman, in answer, sent her a new thimble the following morning, accompanied by these lines:

"I send a thimble for fingers nimble,
Which I hope will fit when you try it;
'Twill last very long, if but half as strong
As the hint you gave me to buy it."

MR. WEBSTER'S SPEECH.—The Boston Atlas is endeavoring to alter some of the remarks which Mr Webster recently made in Faneuil Hall, and particularly the paragraph published in relation to the "war" and the "American people."

Will the Democratic press, says the New York Express, "have the honesty to cease the perversion made of these remarks and let their readers see what Mr Webster did say."

We, for our part, shall have no such honesty as that. We heard him and he was correctly reported in the instance. It is not the first time that Mr Webster's "friends" have altered his speeches to shield him from the indignation of the American people.—*Boston Times.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING NOV. 17 1846.

The Doctors of the Whig party—What claims have they to the confidence of the people?

In all business of life, we judge of men according to the result of their works, and the fulfillment or non-fulfillment of their promises and prophesies. This is so, and justly is it so, in all dealings between man and man, so far as his private affairs are considered. Why should a different rule be adopted in judging of public men or leaders of political parties? There should not; and physicians who would prescribe for the body politic, should be judged of by precisely the same rule as they who would prescribe for the improvement of the human system. If a quack tells a patient that he can cure him by a certain course of treatment, and tells him what will be the evidences of success, and tells him that if he follows the advice of a regular physician his life will be sacrificed, the quack and the regular practitioner are very properly judged of by the success of their practice and the fulfillment of their promises. Let us try the whig doctors by the same rule, in regard to some of the prescriptions they have made for the health of the body politic. We use the terms whig, federalist, national Republican, &c., all as synonymous.

In the first place, they said the people themselves were too ignorant and unprincipled to be trusted with the power of government and the election of their own rulers. Hence, at the formation of our national government, there was a party in favor of establishing our government after the model of the British, making it simply an elective monarchy, with no difference between the American President and Senate, and the King of England and House of Lords, except that the offices of the King and the Lords of England are hereditary, and the President and Senate of the American Government would have been *only for life.* The Democratic principle, that the people are capable of self-government, was attacked as being most dangerous and destructive, and the most fearful consequences predicted as the necessary result of such an experiment. But the Democracy prevailed, and the country nor the people experienced any of the awful calamities that the ignorance and licentiousness of the mob would bring upon them. In this the anti-democratic doctors found themselves to be the quacks, and the Democratic Doctors the regular physicians.

There was the United States Bank, too,—without such an institution the government would become diseased, and lose all its vitality and power. Ruin, distress, universal stagnation in all branches of business, a rotten currency and exchanges such as would destroy all commerce between the States would follow the destruction of this great panacea for all political diseases—a United States Bank. Thus said the doctors of the universal whig party. The Democrats said no: the institution is a dangerous and needless one. The people followed the advice of the Democratic doctors, and so signally have they again proved themselves correct practitioners than even the whig quacks now consider a Bank "an obsolete idea."

Then there was Henry Clay's and John Quincy Adam's great internal improvement plan. They had prepared the way for an expenditure of $800,000,000 that the people might be blessed with a national debt, like Great Britains, and an army of office holders infinitely greater than the prolific imaginations of whig lecturers in '40, made those of Van Buren's Sub Treasury. This great scheme must be carried forward or the industry of the country would be paralyzed, her wealth locked up, and all her great resources remain unexplored and unavailable. But again the Democrats said no: as fast as internal improvements become necessary, the States are competent and able to make them, and with them and only with them exists the constitutional power to make them. We want no national debt to grind the people, and that through that a national bank and an exorbitant tariff may be made necessary. The Democratic prescriptions were followed, and the whig medicine refused; but none of the fatal consequences predicted by the whigs followed.

Then came the tariff of '42. This was to give life and vigor to all business—labor was to be better rewarded, "two dollars a day and roast beef" was to be one of its legitimate results. Well, it was passed; and the whig doctors' medicine was not found to produce the result predicted; instead of being improved by the tariff, business underwent no change for the better, save what was clearly attributable to an improved currency, and laborers, instead of getting "two dollars a day and roast beef," had their wages for the same amount of work, very much reduced in most branches of manufacturing. Here again we see no evidences of remarkable skill in these whig doctors. Then again they sounded the alarum when the repeal of the tariff was proposed; ruin and desolation was to pervade the whole land—the disease was to be universal and destructive without a parallel. But here again their prognostications were unheeded, and the result shows how wisely the people acted in discarding whig doctors and refusing their nostrums, and following the advice of regular Democratic physicians in whom they have never been disappointed. The act of repealing the tariff of '42, has been passed, but all the efforts of all the panic makers and panic prognosticators in the country, could not create the ruin they would willingly have seen. Business of all kinds is in an unexampled state of prosperity; and yet again are these whig physicians found incompetent to the task of judging of the effects of their own treatment or that of sound practioners. Still they continue in practice, and what seems most strange of all, is, that there are those who continue to believe in their skill.

CORRECTION. In an article in Saturday's paper, on a Military Convention, in the 17th line from the top, after "duty" insert "has been repealed," and the sentence will read more like sense, as follows:—"The militia of the State has been in a sort of consumption ever since the old law, requiring all able bodied person between 18 and 45 to do military duty *was been repealed.*"

The Fire Saturday evening about 1-2 past 6, was caused by some varnish taking fire in the shop of Mr E. P. Morey, house painter, on East Merrimack street, Belvidere. The inside of the shop was pretty well smoked up, but the damage by fire was trifling—if we except Mr Morey's hand, which was severely burned in getting the burning kettle out of the shop.

☞ The Union says that since 1820 the Bostonians have changed their *investments* and Mr Webster his *principles.*

Citizen's Temperance Meeting.

In view of the alarming prevalence of Intemperance in our community, with its attendant evils, poverty and crime, and in view, also, of the multiplied and still multiplying temptations to this vice in the numberless drinking places in the City, we invite the citizens of Lowell to meet in the City Hall on Thursday the 12th inst., to consider what course it becomes us to take in this exigency.

The above call having been signed by one thousand persons and more, embracing our most respectable citizens, a large and spirited meeting was held at the specified time and place.

The meeting was called to order by Dr J. C. Dalton and organized by appointing Dr E. Huntington, Chairman, and James K. Fellows, Secretary.

In the absence of John Aiken, Esq., Chairman of a Committee appointed at a previous meeting, Hon. Linus Child read the following Report and Resolutions, accompanied by remarks, which were adopted by the meeting with entire unanimity and much enthusiasm.

REPORT.

At a meeting of a few of the friends of Temperance in Lowell, held at the vestry of John Street Church on the 26th day of September last, it was resolved in view of the alarming and increasing prevalence of intemperance in this community, to call a public meeting of the citizens to consider the matter, and to give such utterance, as they should deem expedient, to their thoughts, feelings and purpose in relation thereto. And at the same time the undersigned were appointed a Committee to prepare business for the proposed public meeting.

In performing the duty thus assigned them they beg permission to suggest a few considerations and briefly state a few facts bearing on the matters in hand; and then, submit, for consideration of the meeting, such resolutions as appear to them to be appropriate and expedient.

Every man, it is presumed, in this community, understands that the intemperate use of intoxicating drink tends to impair health and shorten life; to cripple industry and squander its earnings; to stultify the understanding, to brutalize the affections, to benumb or stifle the conscience, and to extinguish in the soul all generous sentiments, all high aspirations, all good purposes, all immortal hopes. Equally well understood are the dangers and evils of moderate drinking as tending to the formation of intemperate appetites and habits, in the person who thus indulge, and as encouraging others, by the force of example to do likewise. On these topics the Committee do not propose now to dwell.

The traffic, by retail, in intoxicating liquors, is at the present time, an unlawful traffic in this community. He who thus buys with an intent to drink, therefore, commits the double offence of sinning against his own best interests, and of tempting another to sin, in violating the law of the land. Grave and injurious as this offence may be, it is not to be disguised that men occupying respectable and influential positions in society, and intending to be respectable, do sometimes commit it. And one of the most formidable obstacles to the progress of the temperance reform lies in these doings of these respectable men. But for this, a vast majority, it is believed, of the keepers of the respectable public houses would discontinue the sale at once and forever. And the abandonment of it in such houses, would operate beneficially on other houses, and greatly facilitate the work of general suppression.

But all such considerations, forcible as they may seem to us, have hitherto produced but little effect.—The evil has been even increasing of late with fearful rapidity. A variety of facts might be adduced to prove this increase of intemperance. A few however must suffice.

During the few past months noisy and tumultuous gatherings and street fights have been more frequent among us, than at any previous time within the last ten years. The number of persons picked up, in a state of intoxication, by the City Watch, has also greatly increased of late. Not less than twenty-five persons as an average, it is believed, are every week thus picked up and committed to the Watch house.—And the number is said to be much greater on Sunday night than on any other night in the week.

The number of persons committed to Jail in this city for the crime of drunkenness, since the first day of April last, is said to be six times as great as in the corresponding portion of 1844. The records of the Jail show forty-eight commitments for this offence this year against eight last year, during the same space of time.

The number of places in the City, at which intoxicating liquors are sold has greatly increased of late.—From the best information they have been able to collect, the Committee believe there are now not less than three hundred such places in this City. Many of these places are frequented by throngs of men young and old; and some of them on the Sabbath no less than on other days. Indeed it is believed that more intoxicating liquor is sold, and drunken, in this City on the Sabbath than on any other day of the week.

Such a state of things may well excite alarm. The friends of peace, order, and virtue, may well consider themselves as called upon to resist, to the utmost of their power, the further progress of this terrible enemy.

The kind action which the Committee propose is sufficiently indicated by the resolutions which follow:

Resolved, That it is the right and duty of every community, by appropriate and adequate laws, to protect itself, and the persons, possessions, peace, and wellbeing of its members, against the effects of inordinate and hurtful appetites, passions or lusts; and against the appetite for intoxicating drinks not less than others. And such laws it is the duty of every citizen honestly and conscientiously to observe and obey.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the legally constituted guardians of the public welfare, and conservators of the public peace to see that the laws of the Commonwealth, restraining the sale and use of intoxicating drinks, are observed, and enforced, if need be, by the infliction of their penalties. And we call upon the officers of our City Government, to whom this duty appropriately belongs, in view of the alarming prevalence of transgression, to address themselves to the most wakeful, vigorous and preserving performance of their duty in this regard.

Resolved, That the good citizens of Lowell will give to their Mayor, Aldermen and Peace officers their fullest countenance and support in all lawful endeavors to enforce the laws in question; and more especially will they give them information of all known violations of said laws, to the end that such violations may be legally prosecuted by proper officers.

Resolved, That a copy of this report and these resolutions be furnished to the Mayor and Aldermen of this City.

Which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN AIKEN,
JOSIAH CURTIS,
LINUS CHILD,
S. W. HANKS,
} Committee.

Animated addresses, exhibiting many startling facts, were made by Rev. S. W. Hanks, Rev. U. C. Burnap Dr J. Curtis, Rev. A. A. Miner, Hon. L. Child, William Schouler, Esq., and others. The following statistical facts were adduced by Dr Curtis:

By the Alms-house records, it appears that during the year ending November 1, there were in

	Adults.	*Children.*	*Total.*
1844,	102	72	174
1845,	97	81	178
1846,	133	123	256

Of the 133 adults in 1846, sixty were *known* to be intemperate; and Mr. Day thinks that three-fourths are so, while he could recall to mind but two who did not drink more or less. It is worthy of note, that nearly all the females are intemperate.

The records of the House of Correction in East Cambridge show, that in 1844, only 34 were committed for drunkenness from Lowell. In 1846, (the year terminating Nov. 1) the whole number of commitments for drunkenness was 245, of these 81 were from Lowell; 60 of these 81 were parents of 175 children.

By the books of our city Police, it appears that during the six months ending Nov. 1, 1844, there were 40 convictions for drunkness; while during the corresponding months of 1846, there were 151.

The records of the city Watch show, that in five months in 1844, (the only months reported) there were 50 cases of drunkness taken up. Taking this proportion it would make, in 1844, 120; while in 1845 the books report 1100 cases, and in 1846 there are 1211. The increase of cases observed by the watch during the last year, is much greater than appears by the report, because of late, few, besides the worst cases of drunkenness have been put on record. Of the number reported last year, 62 were females, and nine were instances of husband and wife drunk together.

In a single month, (the only one examined) the whole number of cases of offences was 187,—of these 173 were for drunkness.

At the Jail the Records show than in 1845 there were eight commitments for drunkeness, and in 1846 there were ninety eight for the same offence. Though not directly connected with Temperance, it is yet worthy of record that in 1845 there were seven persons under seventeen years of age committed for various offences, and in 1845 there were forty-nine under that age.

By a vote of the meeting, the following gentlemen were constituted a committee to invite Mr J. B. Gough to address the citizens of Lowell: Dr J. Curtis, J. K. Fellows and J. G. Lock. Also, Mr E. Burnap was appointed a committe to procure the use of the City Hall, for weekly meetings.

Voted, that these proceedings be published in the several papers of this city.

The meeting then adjourned to the call of the committee instructed to invite Mr Gough.

ELISHA HUNTINGTON, Chairman.
JAMES K. FELLOWS, Secretary.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

VALLEY OF THE MISSISSIPPI, October 9th, 1846.

Wild rice—manner of gathering—Mr Buffalo and family—young maidens, boys—Religious customs, &c.

Right glad I assure you were we to muster all hands on the snug shore of upper Lake St. Croix. On the shore of the lake and up to the source of its tributaries, everything wears a strange, romantic, yet dark, dismal and forbidding aspect. Soon as we struck the shore of the St. Croix, we saw "lilly pads," frogs and birds, and heard the frequent report of the Indian rifle, and the screech owl, and saw the foot prints of the deer, and heard the howling of the wolf—there was noise, and gladness, and good cheer, in the prospect all about us. The silent stillness of the undisturbed forest, in horrid, after listening for 24 hours to its dumb speech. Here we were out of pork and provision, excepting a little flour, and concluded to make the nearest Indian lodge for supply, which we did in going a day's journey. We found Mr Buffalo and family living in the usual loosely constructed wigwam.—Two brothers, three squaws and nine children. He had by the industry of the squaws and children, about forty bushels of potatoes, and thirty bushels of wild rice laid in for his winter store. Two hundred years ago, a French Catholic priest descended this same river in a birch to the Mississippi, thence to St. Louis, and there baptised a dying child of an Indian, and saved one soul which repaid him for the hardship of twelve hundred miles of forest journey. He describes the wild rice and the habits of the Indian at that day on these waters. His description answers in every particular for the present day as regard both the plant and habits of the North American Indian. The musk rat and the otter, in their mode of life and in the construction of their houses, mark the same line of conduct now as then. Excepting the substitution of the rifle for the bow, and cloth for skins, no change has been wrought in the Indian customs and manners, during the two past centuries. This wild oat or rice as it is termed, grows along the shore of the river in the water with shoal and muddy bottom. It presents much the appearance of a red top meadow at a little distance off. Coming close up, the stock, hull and grass look precisely like the oat, and would be called oat, but from the fact that when it is boiled it has more the taste of the rice than the oat. It was called wild oats by the traveller above alluded to. I have some of the seed for Mr Larrabee to try his hand at raising. The manner of gathering is this. Two squaws, one in the stern to pole the birch, and the other in the bow with two sticks about 4 feet long. With one stick on the right as the boat pushes along, the grass is bent over the rail of the boat and with the other the heads are struck and the grain falls into the boat; then the left hand scoops the grass on the left side, bending it over, and the right cracks it with the other stick, and it falls, and so on—gathering it and thrashing it at the same time. Two squaws will gather from four to six bushels in a day. It is then taken to the lodge and spread upon some skins stretched over some poles about four feet from the ground, and a slow fire put under; in this way it is dried almost to parching; a hole is then scooped out of the hard ground about the size of a peck measure and about half as deep, and the grain about three quarts at a time is put into the hole, and on a windy day the Indian steps into the hole, leaning with his arms on a stick, and in this position he, with a jumping motion of his body, raises his heels, and thus continues until the rice is hulled—the hulls blowing away, leaving the kernel to be sowed up in skins and kept for winter's use. This makes the principal food for the winter. It is cooked by boiling in a pot as rice is generally, and is very good eating. We dined upon it at Mr Buffalo's wigwam and found it very palatable with the assistance of a good appetite. It passes for about two dollars value to the bushel among the Indians. After supplying ourselves with rice and potatoes we coursed on down the river, finding plenty of geese and ducks in the vicinity of the rice fields; indeed, we learned it was quite a strife between the Indians and the ducks which should have the rice. At Mr Buffalo's I noticed a pole standing in the ground, about twenty rods from his lodge, some twenty feet long, and wound about with all colors of cloth, and on the top a little bird, and attached to it all about the pole from top to bottom, were Indian gewgaws of every description. Balls, bead work, bow and arrow, skins of small animals, tomahawks, tobacco, &c., &c. Upon enquiry, I found this was an offering. When one dies, or is very sick, or they wish prosperity in hunting, or any assistance from the Great Spirit, this pole is visited and an additional offering is attached to the pole. The little bird at the top is supposed to be in favor and pleasing to the Spirit, in invoking aid. This ceremony is held sacred and nothing on it is touched after it is attached to the pole. When one dies a brush house is often built over the grave, and for years a lover or wife will carry sugar, tobacco and delicacies of any kind they may have, for the departed to come and feast. Girls, when breaking into womanhood, are not allowed to live in tent, nor eat in company, but have to camp alone some forty or fifty rods off, for from two to three weeks.—Boys have to mind and work for their fathers until they get married. Both man and women are very fond and tender of their offspring. During the rest of our journey down the St. Croix, we feasted and fatted finely.

Yours,—
A LOOKER-ON.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

Arrival of the Great Western.



Eleven days later intelligence from Europe.

The Great Western arrived at New York last night at midnight. The news is not important. The following is from the telegraphic report of the Mail.

Wheat has reached the lowest duty, 4 shillings per quarter. Since the arrival out of the Great Western and the Hibernia, cotton trade was less buoyant, but still steady. Manufacturing markets dull. The loss of the potato crop affects every business.

No Indian Corn for sale, but an advance of two to three shillings per quarter demanded for floating cargoes to Ireland. It was thought the scarcity of shipping, and high rates of freight, would prevent sudden inundation of American supplies.

All duties on foreign corn have reached their minimum.

Flour in demand, but without alteration in value.

The steamer Great Britain remains ashore in Dundrum Bay.

The Hon. George Bancroft, lady and child, arrived in Liverpool on the 25th ult.

The French government is alarmed at the failure of the late harvest. More than two hundred vessels laden with grain were at Naples, Genoa, and Leghorn, to sail for France.

The Overland Mail from India and China, is destitute of intelligence, but cheering as to the general state of the country.

Accounts from Ireland continue most distressing.—Several deaths have occurred from starvation.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

GROTON, Nov. 11, 1846.

MR HILDRETH—Sir: After a two day's hard fought battle at the polls, I send you the result of our Representative election. On Monday, at ten o'clock, A. M., the polls were opened, and remained open till 4 P. M., at which time the meeting adjourned till 10, A. M., the next day. The two parties tied at every balloting during the first day. At 10, A. M., on Tuesday, they again met and continued till about 12, M., when the result was read, declaring George S. Boutwell, Esq., elected Representative to the General Court. It was a hard fought battle, as I think you will admit when I tell you that every officiating minister, every doctor, every lawyer, every justice of the peace, (with the honorable exception of Bradford Russell, Esq.) and every merchant, with but two exceptions, put forth all their strength to defeat Mr Boutwell, and in support of the tory ticket, through the hottest contest that ever was known in old Groton. And I can truly say the young men of Groton have this year, nobly done their duty, and are determined to continue so doing—to them we are mainly indebted for our victory, and on them we rely for future success.

A DEMOCRAT.

It gives us much pleasure to know of Mr Boutwell's election. That he has been elected in his own town, while the vote of his party falls considerably short of a majority, speaks his character in a word. We refer to this fact because the Saturday night before the election, John Wright, agent of the Suffolk corporation, attacked Mr Boutwell's character with all the malignity and meanness that blackguardism and low scurrility can descend to. Groton, though she knew not the fact, has answered the foul slander! Thanks to her citizens for it!

EDITORS IN THE LEGISLATURE. Mr Bockingham of the Boston Courier, and Mr Bryant of the Barre Patriot, will be members of the Senate; and Mr Hayden of the Boston Atlas, Col. Schouler of the Lowell Courier, Mr Hawley of the Hampshire Gazette, Mr Keyes of the Norfolk American, Mr Tharbar of the Plymouth Memorial, and Mr Beebe of the Westfield Standard, are elected to the House of Representatives. All are whigs except the last named.

Later from Santa Fe.

The western mail this evening brings information, *via* St. Louis, of the departure of General Kearney from Santa Fe, for California, on the 20th Sept. He took with him 400 choice troops—a force which he will doubtless find abundantly sufficient to secure a successful, if not a perfectly uninterrupted march to his point of destination.

Before leaving, Gen Kearny appointed Charles Bent Governor of Santa Fe, and he also appointed all other necessary officers to successfully carry on the government.

GOVERNMENT LOAN. From Washington we have assurance this evening that the whole of the $5,000,000 government loan is taken at par, and offers have been made for millions more.

☞ What kind of pills Dr Greeley of the Tribune recommends just before election:—

"This city might be, ought to be whig; but it never will be permanently so, until our *rich* men who think it should are willing to make proper and consistent *exertions* for it; and they must not be impatient if the harvest does not instantly follow the ploughing. *You, sir, who grumble that your workmen, your coachman, your gardner, vote against what you believe your mutual interest—what have you ever done to make them* FEEL *that your interest is mutual.*

☞ The election of GEORGE S. BOUTWELL, Esq., to the Legislature is a matter of congratulation. Mr B. has had much experience as a member of the house of representatives, and his talents and knowledge will enable him to be of important service in that branch of the state government.—*Boston Post.*

MACKEREL ING. The weather has held our unusually mild up to the present time, and a large quantity of mackerel have been taken in the Bay within a few weeks. During the last week, several vessels from Truro caught each a hundred wash barrels in a day.—*Barnstable Patriot.*

☞ The Universalist Society in Bath has extended an invitation to Rev. Elbridge G. Brooks, late of Lowell, to become its Pastor, and he has accepted the invitation. Mr B. was formerly a Student at Law with Judge Tenny.—*Portland Argus.*

Tenacity of purpose.

Stick to your aim; the mongrel's hold will slip,
But only crowbars loose the bulldog's grip;
Small as he looks, the jaw that never yields,
Drags down the bellowing monarch of the fields.
Holmes.

☞ GENERAL CASS has accepted an invitation to deliver an address in the city of Boston on the 25th inst.; in Salem on the 26th; and in Lowell on the 27th. The General may be expected in this city on his way to Washington about the first proximo.—*N. Y. Post.*

☞ Gov. Wright has refused to pardon the black murderer Thomas in New York city, and he is to be executed on Friday.

☞ A writer in the Boston Transcript says gambling is fearfully on the increase in Boston.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the amount of benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers now daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, while it wastes the miserable sufferer until it becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&P1y30

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843.

Mr C. Blackerdoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,
JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In this city, Nov. 10, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr John P. White to Miss Martha F. Stevens; Nov 13, Mr Levi C. Field, of Baltimore, Md., to Miss Harriet A Horne, of Dracutt; Nov. 14, Mr John O. M. Ladd, of Lowell, to Miss Rebecca Woods, formerly of Hudson N. H,

In this city, Nov. 12th, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr John F. Thissell to Miss Mary J. Johnson, both of Dracutt, Nov 12th, by the same, Mr John Quinn, of Concord, N. H., to Miss Laura Jones of Dracutt.

In Lancaster, Nov 12th, by Rev Mr Sears, Mr P. Anderson of Lowell, to Miss Marth, eldest daughter of Jacob Fisher, Esq., of L.

In Boston yesterday morning, by Rev Dr Vinton, at the residence of the bride's father, in Beacon St., William Henry Boulton, Esq., Mayor of the City of Toronto, Canada, and M. P. P., to Harriette Elizabeth, only daughter of Le Chevalier Thomas Dixon, Consul for H. M. the King of the Netherlands at the City of Boston.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Nov. 14, 1846.

Nov. 10th Frank H. Lovejoy, 2 yrs. convulsions; 11th, Albion Hunscom, 20 yrs, typhus fever; Rebecca Keonedy, 47 yrs, anemia; 12th, Rosamond Richardson 17 yrs, typhus fever; Ann McOsker, 21 yrs, disease of the heart; 13th, Mary A. Wiggin, 36 yrs, dropsy of brain; Coristopher Armstrong, jr., 6 yrs, convulsions; 14th, Joseph Scofield, 34 yrs, disease of brain; William G. Dexter, 13 mos, hooping cough.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WATER,—*THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE*, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of a good quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous Invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you: dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

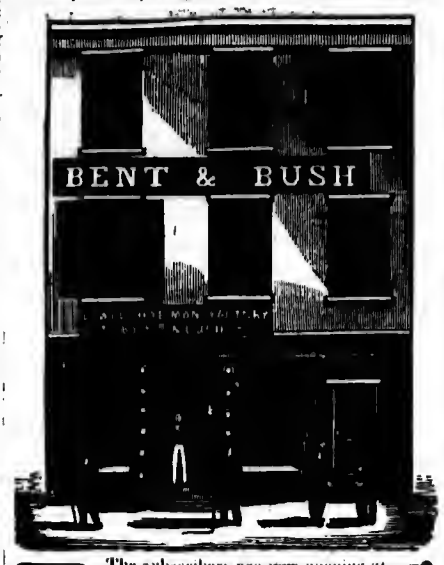
☞ All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov18m.

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES.



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store, **No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,**

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, Natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are five Beaver and Nutria, German Linetre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. **BENT & BUSH.**

Atf

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordinn's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good not not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance may need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of

I. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10atf

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S**, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andove Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Plf

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Coburn s Block, Central St. nov12

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.



GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Makeat No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Checks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. ulynpr4

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St,*)
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14dm H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DELAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Massachusetts District, ss. Newton, Oct. 19th, 1846.

Taken on Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of November, A.D 1846, at half past 3 P. M. at William Kenrick's homestead, so called, in said Newton—

All the right in Equity, which William Kenrick, of said Newton, had, on the 14th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten o'clock A. M. of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real estate: A certain Lot of land in Newton, being the homestead of the said Kenrick, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings and appurtenances—the said premises being on the East side of the town road, called Nonantum street.

Also, taken on the same Execution, and will be sold at Public Auction, at the time and place aforesaid—all the right and Equity which William Kenrick had on the 14 th day of April, AD. 1846, at twenty minutes past ten A. M, of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, as follows: A certain Lot containing about thirty-two acres, in said Newton, called Woodland Vale, on the East side of Nonantum street, with the buildings and appurtenances—excepting from this last Lot, the lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, as laid down upon a chart drawn by Alexander Wadsworth.

ISAAC O. BARNES, Marshal.

a1nwin21st.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found to its pages. The covers will be Illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprisor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

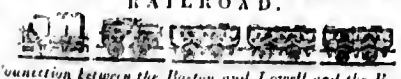
MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 20 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

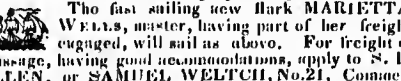
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington: Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.,

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

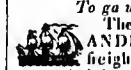
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



The superior fast sailing coppered new Shr ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

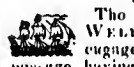
For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

Detained by weather.

On Saturday—positively.



The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA, WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov12

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

First Vessel.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send recipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.
Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.



FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED



From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old *No.* 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the *Æra* and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LDIES'S CASKET

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—by J. W. Hunson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial St, near—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Dry Goods—To be sold Wednesday and Thursday Nov's 18 and 19 without reserve at 2 o'clock; in part as follows; Dress Goods—2,000 yds. Cashmere, Delaines plain do. Rept, do. Corded Ottomans, shaded colors, 2,000 yds. prints;—12 pieces plain figured and changable Alpaccas, Alapines, Ilk and changable, Indiamas. A large lot of shirk and changable Silks, Berages, Striped Lourettas, shaded Cashmeres, &c. &c.

Shawls.—Broche long Shawls—Black Ground,—Red Cashmere Shawls, Merino do., Stradella,—Emb. Delain,—Printed Cashmere,—Blue shaded do., Misses Cashmere, do. A large lot of Plaids for Childrens wear, Silk and Tabby Velvets, 500 yds, Velvet trimmings various colors, Bleached and Unbleached Cottons,—Drillings, Gala Plaids, Tapes, Pins, Needles, Ladies Mits, 1 doz. Ladies' Shaded Cravats.

Also—A lot of Table Cutlery, Fancy Soaps, &c., together with a large lot of Cassimeres and Sutinetts: To be sold for cash.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale. Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH,

BOY WANTED. Wanted a good, honest, active, boy to assist about the store and stick bills. One from the country would be prefered. E. B. Patch:

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Household Furniture at office on Friday next Nov. 20th the Entire Furniture and housekeeping articles of an Extensive Boarding House. Consisting of the usual variety. (in good order.) Particulars hereafter.

Mortgagees Sale of Real Estate at Auction.

On Wednesday Nov 18th 1846, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, near the Machine Shop, Middlesex Street, Lowell, 6300 feet of Land with a 3 story wooden building thereon, 56 by 30 feet, built for a machine Shop and has in it a new boiler weighing 3500 lbs. well set, and a considerable quantity of shafting, drums &c., which will be sold separate if desired. A well of excellent water &c.

Said building may easily be converted into a dwelling house or houses, but is well adapted for the use for which it was intended.

The lot is sufficient to admit of another shop much Larger than the one already erected and offer a good opportunity for investments, as it is situated in the most enterprising and rapidly increasing part of the city. Terms at sale,

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

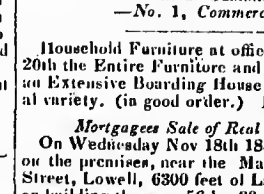
Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & BATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at BANGS', *opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrantle every Stove set up by us of this kind; and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29 Atf. B. & L. Rail Road.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just received at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil. Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23 Central st.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,
15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their fates opiatous pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15— ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!-☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, | Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Sunkey, | John Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 30 Cornhill st., Boston, and by regular appointed agents in the principal towns in the United States. [may12m] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&pstly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

Gnorge E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 10, 1846. lyu&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Marbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health and vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skilful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was highly restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. n&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. adelyjun29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, until a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipineon, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a6m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawn&plyjan13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, *for* Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&p1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE.

T. P. & J. N. GO

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 137

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

In published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain is had a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds. *Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell. Mass.* je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. jet3aSo ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
No. 78, Central Street. jen1 tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
asf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Durkee Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Building.*
JOHN F. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 19, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc.23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan2taly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jnn1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Hoaghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. ney4 Aly

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street be— Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.

For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug6 13n

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm of long standing, Blotches, Biles, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Head, born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times its quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Show, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa* and *Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&APtoct144

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 85 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.

A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. jo11tf

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S



PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist, 28 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable*, and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.

By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.

That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.

J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.

AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. n&qilynov8

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Tangible Assurance may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 76	435 58	57 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 74	1789
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1482
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and vicinity.
dec1&aTu&S rcwly

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT,
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwu&plyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.

THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasia, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adopted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.

To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$8.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.

☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlymay9

STAGE NOTICE.



The Mail Stage over the Merrimack Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester at 9, and arrives at passing through the above named stock train of cars for Lowell in season for

Fare to Manchester, 75 cents

Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.

S. W. STONE, Driver

Lowell, July 2, 1844.

THE DOALE.

A STORY OF THE REVOLUTION.

Providence shapes strange events, Mercutio,
But who will doubt the wisdom of its ways?
THE YOUNG ITALIAN.

(Concluded.)

The almost dying Mrs Cupely commenced her journey with the additional incumbrance of a lively light, and was returning with a comparatively redouble her speed and home. Home! how did she thought of the happy faces she every nerve, at the home! Many dangers lay between her and at loved place—she had yet many difficulties to encounter, which would have appalled a stouter heart than hers, but urged on by such motives she could not be otherwise than heroic. She had just passed in her usual manner the guard at Frankfort, and had hardly regained the highway when a tall, active man sprang from the bushes into the road before her. She had frequently heard of the Doales, but had never seen them; but from the similitude of the stranger with the description she had received, she did not doubt it was one of them who stood before her. Uncertain whether it was friend or foe she stopped short in her way, afraid either to retreat or go on, and standing, half bent down with the weight of the bag, and her anxious face fixed intently on the commanding figure before her, she seemed ready either to supplicate compassion from the British officer, or to demand assistance from the American. Such an attitude struck to the heart of the kind-hearted Doale—for it was one of them—and he instantly came forward and relieved her apprehensions by placing a letter in her hand. One glance showed her the well-known hand of her husband, and she kissed it over and over again, mingling thanks to the Doale, and thanks to her Maker, in a most incoherent manner, for preserving her husband. After she had finished reading he said:

"Your husband is still well, madam, and requested me to say he would shortly be with you and his little ones."

"Tears stood in the eyes of the matron as he mentioned the young objects of her care, and she involuntary grasped the flour still closer, as if she feared the hard earned booty would be wrested from her. The Doale continued:

"Money is scarce with both your husband and yourself, nay, I see you look at your burden, as though that contained the wealth of worlds, but it cannot last long. My means are ample—here," continued he, offering a purse—"here is a little to keep you from want, these hard times." She hesitated to receive it. "Do not refuse it, madam, the amount is small, but it is all that I have with me. Take it—I shall never miss it. Give me no thanks, but hasten on your way; there is a sentinel but a short distance before you, take the road to the left—be quick—farewell—may heaven bless you!" and pressing the purse in her hand, he disappeared in the thick underwood.

"May heaven bless thee, excellent man," said the mother, as she looked first at the gold, and then at the place where the Doale had vanished as if to assure herself of its reality; but recollecting his caution to "be quick," she turned down the road he had directed.

As she pursued her way along the narrow path pointed out to her, she indulged herself in pleasing anticipations, which she had before hardly dared to think of. Her burden seemed less heavy as the thoughts of the happy faces she should make at home came over her. Already in anticipation she was seated in her little home, by a crackling fire, watching the baking bread, and looking with delight upon the smiling faces around her. Giving herself up to the grateful reflections, without thinking of the road, she had nearly arrived at Vine Street, when the startling cry of 'Halt,' broke upon her ear in tones which banished every pleasing dream from her mind, and made the blood run chilly through her veins. She started and almost overcome with fear, found herself in the custody of a British sentinel.

"Woman? where is your pass?"

"Oh, sir, I have none—for my children's sake, I—"

"Curse your children and you too! What business have I with the rebel brats. It were better for them to die, than live and be enemies of their king. You are without a pass—this flour is mine—go your ways, and thank my generosity, that you are not sent to the guard-house!"

The poor woman said nothing, for she knew any thing she could say would not avail her, but the thoughts of her helplessness crowded dark and heavily through her mind. After encountering so many privations and hardships to gain this little store for her family, to have it thus wrested from her by a brutal soldier, without one effort on her part to preserve it, seemed too much and she was about to exert herself to gain something from the retreating ruffian, when the benevolent Doale came out from the wood apparently to her aid. Her hopes were again raised—but his whole demeanor seemed changed,—for the erect posture and independent bearing of the tall stately Doale, was now substituted for the sloaping form, and averted face of a humble supplicant. With an appearance of humiliating meekness, he approached the soldier with hesitating steps, and begged of him to return the flour to the woman, offering to pay him the price of it if he would.

"Fool!" exclaimed the sentinel, "what business have you to interfere? Off, or you shall pay the price of your temerity!"

The Doale's eye lighted up with a momentary expression of fierceness, but was instantly quelled and he repeated his request, offering to pay double the price of the flour, if he would return it.

"Have a care how you speak to me, yonder is the guard-house; with one word, I can bring the whole guard down upon you," replied he, apparently feeling something like fear, as the Doale began to raise himself, and exhibit his personal strength.

He again urged him to return the flour, telling him of the privation she had suffered, and of her distress at home.

"The Devil take her distresses, and you too," muttered he, "do you a paltry rebel, pretend to bandy words with me, a loyal subject of his majesty! Off, or I will seize you as a spy, par-"

Doale raised himself to his towering spirit within him now like lightning from the sentinel unable to move like fearing from the guard-house, from the guard-house, to the guard-house, from the guard-house, and then to the sentinel, as if to see the extent of his exposure, and then turning deliberately to the sentinel, he said, emphatically:

"You will not return the flour?"

"No."

"Now by my hopes of freedom, and by my country's wrongs, you shall!" and seizing him by

he throat, he threw him on the ground ere he had time to utter a cry.

"Run—run," said he to the woman, "pass Vine Street and you are safe!"

She seized the flour, and did as he directed, and gained the place in safety. The Doale drew from his bosom a pistol, and as soon as he saw the woman safe, placed it on the forehead of the prostrate sentinel, and the next moment the brutal soldier's brains were scattered on the ground.

The guard-house was instantly alive and numbers of armed men were seen hastening to where they heard the report of the pistol. The Doale looked around him for an instant, and comprehending the difficulties of escape, mentally resolved not to be discovered in the act of killing a British sentinel, if human exertion could save him, and raising himself up from the body, he seized the dead man's musket and sprang into the wood.

"Down with the villian!" "Shoot him, shoot him!" "Bring him in dead or alive!" resounded from picquet to picquet camp to the other, and in the mean time the whole was instantly lost in the woods, and a general search commenced.

The only course for him to pursue was to mount his horse, which was concealed in the woods, and fly to the Delaware, could he once cross that, he was safe. He knew exactly where a boat was situated that he often used in an emergency. He reached his horse and soon distanced the now generally alarmed guards. He nearly reached the little nook, where he knew his boat lay, when his horse was stopped by a rough grasp on the bridle, and looking about him he saw he was surrounded by at least fifty British soldiers; at the same instant his boat shot out from little cove filled with British. To knock down the soldier at his horse's head with the butt end of his musket, was but the work of a moment, but they immediately closed round him and one who seemed clothed with authority among them, said:

'Tis useless to defend yourself, you are now a prisoner. Your boat, which is already in my possession, excited our suspicion. Surrender your arms, in the king's name!"

"Base, hollow-hearted slave!" answered the Doale, as he pushed him off, "make a prisoner of me! not while there is life in this right arm!" and exerting his utmost strength, he attempted to force a passage through them. The guard levelled his gun, as he said, "another step and you are a dead man!"

"Take death thyself, mercenary poltroon!" answered the Doale. The guard fell—the Doale's musket was swifter than thought—and putting spurs to his spirited animal, with a bound he cleared them all. His case was now desperate—he knew it—knew the whole line of piquets on the north of him in Frankfort were alarmed; behind him were the guards he had distanced; on the left Philadelphia filled with the enemy. There was only one course, and he saw it plainly—he must pass the river or fall into the hands of the enemy. Not an instant was spent in thought, his horse was tried, he knew him well, he plunged unhesitatingly in, and the noble beast was soon snorting and struggling in the tide. Ere he half crossed it, the river was thickly studded with boats filled with armed men. With life or death depending on his energy, he struck the spur rowell, deep in his horse, who seemingly underh standing the danger, pressed on with renewed vigor, while the balls fell around like hail, lasting the water into foam in their path. In a moment more he was safe on the oppisite side, the tide was fast running out, and he landed near Old Slip. As soon as he reached the shore, and found himself on friendly ground, his accustomed coolness seemed to return; turning himself in his saddle, he drew a second pistol from his pocket, and took deliberate aim at one of the boats.

"Down, Captain, or the rebel's ball will reach you!"

The caution came too late; the figure which stood in the bow of the foremost boat, fell over, a lifeless corpse, into the river. The pursuers were paralysed. Seeing his advantage, he sent them a laugh of defiance, which rang over the waters as if in scorn, and drawing from his belt a light straight sword, he took it by the point and threw it at the nearest boat. It went whirling and whistling through the air, exactly in the direction of the front oarsman. He saw it in time and jumping hastily up, the weapon struck directly where he had been seated, quivering, with its point in the board, as if conscious it had not finished its errand. The Doale turned his horse's head, and was instantly in the wood. The soldiers had withheld their fires, as if by common consent, while this scene was acting, but now, recovering from their panic, showers of balls entered the harmless bushes, sending their leaves in all directions. But the Doale was safe—providence rewarded his virtuous action to the poor woman, and he escaped—unhurt!

The disappointed boatmen returned to the shore, and many of them still affirm it was not mortal man they had to deal with; some even went so far as to say they saw a cloven foot in the stirrup, and as he rode through the waters, saw a tail, like that of a wounded serpent, twisting and turning, over the horse's back.

ELOPEMENT. *Went out with a milk pail and come back with a husband!* Another chapter of romance might be written out of incidents like these: An elopement took place on Thursday, of last week, between a young gentleman from Pennsylvania, Mr *R—d*, and a young lady, in the northern part of the city, who is represented as beautiful and an heiress—inheriting jointly with a sister, property worth $300,000. Her father had forbidden the addresses and the visits of the lover, but he managed to foil the incorrigible old papa, as will be seen in the sequel.

The lady was sent out to milk in an adjoining lot—instead of doing which, she threw down the bucket, jumped into a carriage, awaiting in the vicinity, drove to Fulton, where passage was obtained on a boat bound up, and with her lover arrived at Maysville. Thence they crossed over to Aberdeen, the Ohio, "Grenta Green," had the fast not tied and soon returned to the city—the farther wondered all this time why *Mary* was so long milking.

The mischief's done now, and *papa* might as well make the best of it by playing quits and saying nothing more about it.—*Cin. Ado.* 26 *inst.*

PROPER RESENTMENT. A mild-tempered old gentleman was going down his cellar stairs with a lamp and an old Brown pitcher, on a frosty evening, and his feet slipping from the first step, he was precipitated to the bottom! His nice old lady, hearing the noise! ran to the door and called out,

"Why husband what's broke your pitcher?"

"No I haint yet," replied he, "but I'll be d—d if I don't now," and immediately threw the pitcher against the cellar wall.

BANGOR LUMBER. The quantity of sawed lumber surveyed the present season will amount to about one hundred and fifty million feet; falling short of the survey of last year between twenty and thirty million feet. Sawed lumber brings higher prices now than for several years past.—*Bangor Courier.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1846

The Late State Elections.

We are not now about to furnish our readers with any additional information respecting the State elections, which have recently taken place in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, New Jersey, Florida, Georgia, Michigan, Delaware and Iowa. It is well understood that in several of the States above named, the democrats have failed of success, and as is usual in such cases, various reasons have been assigned for the result, both by the friends and the enemies of present national administration. But, much at large, the various causes all inclined to disaffection have produced the result. That Massachusetts should have elected a whig governor and a majority of the legislature, is by no means surprising. We need not go far to ascertain the cause of such a result.

Our principal object now is, to impress upon our readers what we believe to be a fact, that the recent State elections by no means indicate a determination, fixed and unalterable, on the part of the people, to abandon the principles of Mr Polk's administration.—It should be remembered that these *State* elections are not so intimately connected with our *national* government as to necessarily imply any such determination. New York, for instance, cared more about her sectional difficulties than she did about the election of Silas Wright for governor. Ohio, too, cared more about a return to her block laws, which she deemed anti-democratic, than she did about sustaining her consistency in the support of democratic men and measures. We do not mean by this to assert that we do not regret the result of the elections in those states; nor do we mean, by any means, to approve the measures by which the whigs succeeded in deceiving the people and getting themselves into power. But we *do* mean to say, and to say emphatically too, that the State elections in 1846, are very unsafe criterions by which to judge of the presidential election in 1848. It will be recollected that the State elections in 1839, were very favorable indeed to the democratic party, and who has forgotten the Presidential election in 1840? The whigs need not lay the flattering unction to their souls, that the battle has been fought and the victory won; the tariff of 1846 will become the law of the land, and not all the State elections that can or will be held between this time and 1848, can effect its repeal, or essential modification. The people understand this very well, and therefore care less about the result of State elections than they otherwise would. We are not justifying the course pursued by certain disaffected democrats, in voting the whig ticket on certain occasions to answer certain purposes; our readers well know that we have uniformly condemned the course as being impolitic and disastrous to the prosperity of democracy, but we feel bound to notice the *fact*, which we have no hesitancy in predicting the next presidential election will show to be true.

The whigs have claimed a great change in Pennsylvania. It is true they have succeeded in electing a number of additional representatives to Congress.—But how has this been accomplished? Have the democrats in that State, voted for whig candidates? A few such instances may exist, but we believe them to be few indeed. The democrats there, many of them—and we believe they will soon see their error and correct it—were in doubt about the tariff, and unwilling to vote at all. They, unwisely as we think, suffered the election to go by default. When, however, they perceive that the tariff of 1846 does not operate injuriously to their interests, when they discover the country in prosperous circumstances, notwithstanding the operation of the tariff, when they see a willingness on the part of government to modify the tariff if it actually needs any modification, we cannot believe they will, for a moment, refuse to support the democratic nominations for President and Vice President, in 1848.

The election in New York is far from being indicative of a defeat in 1848. We regret as deeply as any one can, the defeat of that sterling patriot, Mr Wright; but it should be remembered that the democratic candidate for Lieut. Governor, has been elected. This shows that the whigs have not, in fact, either a plurality or majority, in that state. They may feel proud it they can, of the means by which they have secured a majority in the legislature, but we are prouder than they *can* be of their short-lived victory, that we have not carried the State by any such means. They may, if they can—we very much doubt their ability to do so—carry the State in 1848, the democrats can command votes enough at that election to save the country from the disastrous policy of whig legislation. Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Georgia, Florida, Iowa, and as many more as may be needed, are safe for the administration.

The whigs have not carried *a majority* of the popular vote either in Maine or New Hampshire, and it will be a long time, we fancy, before they can claim even a *plurality* in either. The Ides of March are approaching.

TO THE MAYOR AND ALDERMEN: Fathers—From Central street to South street, on Middlesex street, there is not a single lamp—not one. Now fathers, when you take into consideration that the south side of the street is bounded by a board fence, and the north by the ends of the Appleton and Hamilton blocks, without a lighted shop the whole length, it becomes pretty evident that "darkness is visible" there some of these evenings. Then remember that the sidewalk is but six or seven feet wide—that from the end of each block three granite steps project to the middle of the walk, that on the outer edge of the walk there is a row of trees boxed up—that ladies are plenty there and loafers more abundant—and you have some of the reasons why there should be some lamps placed there immediately. Fathers, will you look to these things.

☞ We have received the second number of the *Palladium*, a monthly Magazine, devoted to *Chess*.—Of chess it is sufficient for us to say that it is a game which the profoundest intellects and the most philosophical minds have practiced and recommended to others for recreation and mental discipline. Franklin try one he knew. Pope to study the game and teach it to eve- of one of his finest strokes. Chatham said that the success lesson he had learned at chess—his adve- depended on a check mated him by discovery. The *Palladium* is published in New York by William Taylor, & Co.—$2 a year, $1 in advance.

Mexican Affairs.

By the report from Washington which reached here Wednesday, it seems the Government as we suspected are determined to prosecute the war with all possible vigor. Seven thousand additional troops are to be called into service, one regiment of them to be taken from Massachusetts. Will Gov. Briggs march up to his duty, or will he quail before the denunciations of the abolition wing of the whig party? Will the requisition of the Secretary of War be complied with? We think yes. The vaporings of giddy boys, and fanatics, and old and hoary headed traitors who have been displaying their courage and patriotism by brawling about the self-sacrifices and persecutions they would suffer sooner than engage in such an unholy, murderous, robber expedition against the poor, honest, weak Mexicans, we trust will have no weight with the executive of this State in discharging a great and high duty.

The report of the call for new troops seems to be somewhat different from what might have been inferred from the letter of the Secretary of War to the Governor of Delaware, saying that no further troops would be required.

Santa Anna's robbing the British merchants of two millions of dollars of specie, may have been only a secret loan from the British. If the British were desirous of making a loan to Santa Anna, and still not willing to assume the responsibility of openly aiding the Mexicans, it would be a very convenient way of effecting the matter, to put a couple of millions in the way of old Santa and let him seize it, and give his receipt acknowledging the fact. Stranger things have happened.

The attack upon Alvaredo by our squadron, has not been so fortunate as could have been wished. Our navy seems to be behind our army in the success of its exploits. Our main reliance, it would seem, must be upon our land force, and the Government seems to be relying principally upon this arm of our defence.

The seizure of our government despatches to Gen. Taylor by Ampudia, may have been a misfortune or it may have been intended. It is not impossible that these papers fell into the hands of Ampudia to mislead him. But little can be known about it till we get all the facts.

For the Advertiser.

To Candidates for Office.

"Bait my hook and I'll bait yours,"
Cries politician of the day,
"For baiting only will insure
My ingress to the public sway."

If by baiting, no fish I catch,
Then will I *pledge*, to gain my ends,
To selfish *few*, whose pockets itch
To get large railroad dividends.

The *office* is my highest aim,
For railroad stock I cannot buy,
Let those that have, increase their gain,
Not money, *office* is *my* cry."

Those few that would from me extort
A pledge, ere mean as wayside dust,
They flatter first, then they exhort,
"You can't!" they say, "oh no, you must!"

Highminded men, well do I know,
Will spurn such measures out of sight,
And to the world will boldly show
There is a way of doing right.

OLNEY.

Being a candidate (but not elected) on the representative ticket last fall, and taking some notice of the influences used then, and also at the late election, and being desirous to give some of those evils a check, prompted the above. It was addressed to the editor of the Lowell Courier, put into the post office and postage paid, on Saturday morning last, and the annexed paragraph in all that has been heard from it since, which appeared in the Courier of Saturday evening:

"There are several very good hits in the Jack Downing letter we have received, but on the whole we think the game isn't worth the ammunition."

Now we are not foolish enough to presume that the game we scared up was a bird of the richest plumage, or of the gayest costume; nor that it savored very high for the palate of the epicure. But we did think he was a harmless and very domesticated bird, and easy of access, and not very tenacious of life, and that one squib from the editor's sharp shooting pistol would have fetched him; neither did we suppose we were putting up so mean a bird that was not worth one squib; neither did we intend to endanger the lives of those we attempted to fire at, by their killing themselves with their own charge, or to get wounded by the bursting of their own shooting iron. O.

The above communication speaks for itself.—*Ed. Adv.*

BRITISH POSSESSIONS IN NORTH AMERICA.—The British government contemplate, it is understood, uniting the whole of its North American possessions under one government, having for its head a Viceroy, instead of a Governor General. The seat of government to be at Quebec. Beside this, it is contemplated to consolidate the remaining British possessions in America under another Viceroy, with the seat of government at Jamaica.

Whether the governments of the old world retain possession of a foot of land on the continent of North America, fifty years hence, is questionable. More particularly if the United States, as a nation, continue as they have, and we believe they ever will, to offer a home to the exile and an asylum to the oppressed—for will not the United States, in so doing, acquire an equity in these possessions, just as the State in caring for abandoned children of competent parents, obtains a right in their effects to the amount of their indebtedness,—and what the United States by justice acquire they have wisdom to see and power to obtain.

☞ It is recommended by some of the late English journals, that the planet recently discovered by Le Verrier, the great French astronomer, be named, and hereafter known as Atlas. Alderman G—— reading the suggestion in his "daily" the other day, remarked to a friend standing by—"That it was a mark of consideration which Messrs Hayden and Brewer, the editors of "the Atlas" richly deserved!"

MEXICAN LAWS. It seems that a debt contracted in Mexico, becomes a lien upon the person of the contractor, and in case of his inability to liquidate it, descends to his children, and the Mexican Landholder retains the laborer indebted to him on his land, as the [illegible] the serf of the soil. Nor can he leave it unless by the permission of his master or the alcade of the town.

Mississippi Valley, October 11, 1846.

Logging and good Husbands—Selling Lands—How log men live in the woods &c., &c.

At the Falls of St. Croix is the principal stopping place as you leave Lake Superior to cross over to this place to recruit and rest, visit the Falls of St. Anthony, &c., making the end of the journey out. At this place, I learn the business is lumbering almost exclusively. It is the frontier settlement towards Lake Superior. The climate is not so variable, but in other respects much the same as in New England. Indeed, for good health, it is remarkable, and being settled very fast down the river because of this fact. Within the past three years some fourteen hundred inhabitants have located and are living in this county. None of the land is as yet surveyed or in the market—all the rights are squatters rights. I have never been in a place where all were living so harmoniously, or so rigid in the practice of right and wrong. I should think half the population were from New England, and most of the remainder from more unhealthy settlements further down the valley of the Mississippi. Provision enough is not yet raised for the consumption of the new settlers. A steamboat comes up once a week from St Louis. Corn is purchased about four hundred miles down the river for fifteen cents per bushel. It costs here about thirty-five cents. In coming down from the head of the St. Croix, we would meet innumerable numbers going up the river with small boats laden with supplies. I find upon enquiring here, that these are the log men of the country. About twenty-five Boss-men course up this river and its tributaries.—eleven of them are New England men. I have had the good luck to fall in with six or seven of them—They employ from two to ten gangs of men, each to go in the woods in the fall and return in the spring.—The mode of getting logs is this: Ten men to a gang are employed and six oxen; and this proportion is kept up to a team. I will give you the amount of supplies for each gang, and you can then judge well of the nature and extent, and enterprise, of these pioneers of the forest. A man contracts with the mill owner to furnish him any number of logs agreed on; a gang will get out one million of lumber; to do this he gets together his ten men at average wages of twenty dollars per month—six cattle, twelve barrels pork, eighteen of flour, two hundred bushels of corn, one barrel molasses, one bag coffee, four hundred pounds sugar, twenty pounds tea, two barrels dried apples, one box soap, one box candles, three barrels beans, six packs of cards, one fox and geese board, one chess or checker board, (but they dont allow any playing in the camp only in the evening, and stop at nine o'clock) four pounds of pepper, 5 of ginger, ten pounds pitch, ten pounds saleratus, ten gallons vinegar, twelve boxes mustard, four pounds salt petre, one gallon spirits turpentine, forty bushels potatoes, five bushels onions, one hundred pounds of tobacco, one beef ox and three shoats. This constitutes the provision for each gang, making one camp. The bedding consists of fifteen pairs of blankets and ten Buffalo robes. Tools consist for ten men, of fifteen collars axes, one broad ax, two cross cut saws, one hand saw, two 2 in., two 1 1-2 in., two 1 in. and two 1-2 in. augers, three gouges, two shaves, three chisels, one hammer, one shoeing kit, three iced chains, two bunk chains, one spare chain, one sled chain, one clevis and pin, four yokes, two shovels, one spade, three sets extra ox shoes, two cant hooks, ten pike handspikes, ten pikepoles, six boot pikes, two skiffs, twenty tons of hay, (this is cut in summer on the nearest meadow to camp)—one bob sled, one long sled, one coil of rope, one dozen tin plates, one do. pewter spoons, one do. knives and forks, one do. qt. bowls, three camp kettles, three fry pans, three tin pails, two wood pails, two coffee pots and one salt box. Thus you have, in detail, the provision, bedding, &c., for ten men that go with the boss, from forty to one hundred miles up the St. Croix for logging in the winter months. All the work in each gang is portioned out. One cooks, one teams, two cut the logs, two saw, two clear the way and prepare to go on the sled, the other cuts, saws, loads or does such as may be needed to help up any part that is not enough ahead to keep all moving. The boss, making the ten, goes from camp to camp, planning his work and seeing to his men, cattle &c., &c., According to his capital will he number his gangs. Some go with ten gangs, employing one hundred men, others with only one gang. A good smart gang will get in one million of lumber and deliver it to the mill. This brings cash on delivery at the mill, amounting to three thousand dollars for the winters work. The out-fit for a gang, in provision as above enumerated, is about, in value, six hundred dollars. The men are mostly from the age of twenty-five to thirty-five. As a general thing are highly intelligent, the cream of the more densely populated parts of New England, and the older States. Hardly an instance but that in summer they are at work on the location they made on coming into the country. In four years of this kind of life we generally find the result in settling on a farm—a wife, one child, twenty head of cattle and a good promise of comfortable quarters by their own hearth the rest of their life.

Yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

Late from Mexico.

We have received papers from Vera Cruz as late as the 22d of October.

In no paper do we find any token of submission on the part of the Mexicans in their conflict with this country. Every paragraph breathes threats of vengeance. The news of Santa Anna's arrival at San Luis Potosi, which we gave the other day, was atleast premature. He did not reach there till the 8th of October.

One of the first acts of the wily generalissimo was to supply himself with funds. This he did very effectually by seizing upon a conducta of specie, thereby getting hold of two millions of dollars. His pretext was that it was unsafe to forward this large amount of money to the sea coast in the present state of affairs. He gave receipts for the money, and his individual bonds for its restoration.

But while Santa Anna was on his way to San Luis, he wrote back as follows: "The disaster we encountered at Monterey is not so great as I had at first thought. Our troops has left for Saltillo, and have already occupied the principal points of the Sierra. So far from the troops having become demoralized, I am assured that great enthusiasm prevails among them.—Their success has cost the enemy, according to incontestable evidence, more than seven hundred men.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.—The Springfield Republican nominates Col. Schouler—the Boston Whig Mr Hayden of the Atlas—the Newburyport Courier Mr Bradbury of that town.

Mr. Boutwell.

We had supposed that our neighbor of the Courier would do an honorable act where it was for his interest to do so. But we are mistaken even in this. It seems to be foreign to his nature to retract a statement once made, though its falsehood is glaringly apparent; in such a case, he twaddles, and whines, and dodges, makes new statements, declares he believes what he said to be true, but never acts the part of a high-minded, honorable, whole-souled, truthful man, and as readily *retracts* a false statement, whether the result of his own error or misinformation, as he *makes* a statement when believing it to be true. Such an instance we have never known in our neighbor; and as he no more does it when self interest clearly dictates that he should, than when in the opinion of some, who calculate upon their great cunning and smartness rather than the potency of truth it might be thought better to stick to a lie than acknowledge a mistake, there can be no way of accounting not only for such a want of principle, but such an unnecessary throwing away of character except, that it is the force and power of habit; so habitual has become the practice of shuffling and indirection that moral obliquity becomes a second nature, and so strong and fixed is the habit that even self-interest is blinded.

The Courier, when it first stated that Mr Boutwell said in the Andover Convention that "he had been charged with being an abolitionist," and that "he denied the charge, and had no sympathy with them" said it had the names of two gentlemen, members of the Convention, who heard him make such a statement. We denied his making the statement both upon our own recollection and from enquiring of Mr Boutwell who said he made no such statement. We told the Courier he had been misinformed, and asked him to publish the names of the members of the Convention who made the statement or retract. *He has done neither;* but now says, he has "*no doubt that Mr Boutwell made the remarks he attributed to him.*" With this expose of his course upon a small matter, intended to injure Mr Boutwell, we deem further comment unnecessary.

Attack on Alvarado by the Am. Squadron.

Contemplated attack on Tobasco.

On the 13th all was bustle and preparation for an attack on Alverado. For a month previous the sailors had been drilling for the attack, and were eager for the fray. The Mexicans had a battery of ten guns at the mouth of the river. On the 14th sailing orders were countermanded, the wind blowing too fresh for operations. On the 15th they sailed, but anchored again the same day within ten miles of the month of the river. There was a heavy swell on the bar.

On the morning of the 16th, the steamer Vixen, and cutter McLane, towed by steamer Mississippi, anchored at long shot distance, and commenced their fire.—The Commodore leading in the Vixen, with the rest of the force following, passed the fort—each vessel firing her broadside as she ranged ahead, with little or no effect, owing to the great distance. A long eighteen of the cutter Forward sent a shot directly into the fort. The shot was repeated with great effect.—In the meantime, the Mississippi had closed up, and was exploding her Paixhans effectively about the heads of the Mexicans, doing considerable damage to the fort.

During the morning, several of our boats sounded within half a mile of the fort, and were fired upon, but received no damage.

At 1 p. m., the line was formed, the steamer Vixen towing the gun boats Reefer and Bonite; the McLane, schooner Forward and gun boat Petrel, two launches, three cutters, and a barge containing a force destined for boarding the vessels of war, brought up the rear.

The Vixen and her tow passed the bar, and took a position within point blank range; but the McLane stuck so fast that the Commodore was unable to bring up all his force, or stand the enemy's twelve gun battery, and was obliged to retreat. The force in the boats was exposed to a heavy fire but none were hurt.

The McLane is pronounced an abominable abortion. When she got afloat again, Captain Howard offered to make another attempt to pass the bar, but the Commodore declined it.

On the night of the 16th, the cutter Forward, gun-boats Bonita, Reefer and Nonata, under Commodore Perry, left Anton Lizardo, for an attack on Tobasco.

Two prizes had been taken, one the Mexican bark Cooza, and the other a Yucatan schooner.

Arrival of the Acadia.

Four days later from Europe.

The Royal Mail Steamship Acadia, Capt Harrison, was signalized Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock 45 minutes, two miles from the lower station, and arrived up at ¼ before 10 o'clock, in the extraordinary passage of 13¼ days from Liverpool. This is one of the shortest passages for the season ever made, beating the Great Western at New York by 3¼ days.

The Cotton market is quiet, and in some instances lower prices have ruled. On Monday the quotations on American were 1-8d, in favor of the buyer, and nothing occurred yesterday to alter the complexion of matters.

In the Grain market no home produce, flour declined 4s a sack, and on United States and Canada flour, there was a decline of 2s 6d per barrel. Wheat declined 3d to 4d per 70 lbs. Indian Corn still commands extreme rates for immediate delivery, but the cargoes afloat are difficult to sell, and for spring shipment, it will be seen, 40s per quarter, including freight has been accepted. Throughout all Germany there is a scarcity of food, in some districts it is of an alarming extent.

His Excellency the Earl of Elgin, the newly appointed Governor General of Canada, arrived in London on the 31st from his residence in Scotland. The day for his departure for Montreal has not been fixed upon.

The great Britain is still on shore without any hopes of getting her off.

IRELAND. The news from Ireland is painful. The misery of the people is increased by their own conduct.

FRANCE. The discussion of the Spanish marriages is the principal topic which occupies the press.

ITALY. The enthusiastic affection of the people to the new Pope continues undiminished, and in fact appears "to grow by what it feeds on," The Pope has been compelled to moderate it by issuing a request that no more public rejoicings shall take place in his honor.

Important from Washington.

Seven Thousand Volunteers called for.

WASHINGTON, Nov 17—noon.

The war department has made requisition calling into service eight additional regiments of volunteers.—One from each of the following states: Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi, and one of mounted men from Texas.

Com. Conner's official account of the second attack on Alvarado confirms the telegraph despatch of Saturday night, and the statements of the Picayune's correspondent.

The Union confirms the report of the call for volunteers.

☞ John B. Gough Lectures at the John Street Church on Temperance this evening—Admittance 12½ cents.

☞ The Democracy have carried the whole State Ticket in Iowa, and have a majority of four in the Legislature, on joint Ballott.

☞ Hon Josiah Quincy Jr. the present Mayor of Boston, has been nominated for the office again.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or is relieved by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffectual remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE BALSAM" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping the cause night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Is cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in Lowell are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court st., Boston.

sep5 a&rly3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, No: 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient,

Respectfully yours, etc,
JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

---

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED

In this city Nov. 15, by Rev A. A. Miner, Mr James N. Lewis to Miss Jane Knowles; Mr Asa Hill and Miss Dorothy G. Baldwin; in the Second Universalist Church, Mr Moses Chase to Miss Rosina F. Hill, all of Lowell. Nov 16, at the American House, Mr Heaton Bailey, of Methuen, to Miss Lovina T Rowe, of Deerfield, N. H., 17. Mr Lorenzo Pinney to Miss Susan McIntire, both of Lowell,

DIED.

At Methuen, very suddenly, of inflamation of the bowels, Joshua Boswell, formerly Representative from that town, and at the time of his decease Deputy Sheriff.

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION.—

For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work,	from $1 to 2 00

☞ Tuition required in advance.—☜

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. a2w

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Mannfacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the grading and masoning of that part of the Lowell and Andover Railroad extending from Lowell to Tewksbury Village, will be received until the second day of December next. Proposals may be left with either of the Directors or with Cyrus Latham, the Engineer of the Road at his office in the Savings Bank Building, where the plans and profile may be examined.

Lowell Nov. 19. 1846 a&rtodec2

CORRECTION OF CHECK LISTS.—The Board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, on SATURDAY Evening next, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday Morning next, Nov. 23, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board.
THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.
Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. nov19 a3t.

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. novA3m

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Ptf

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

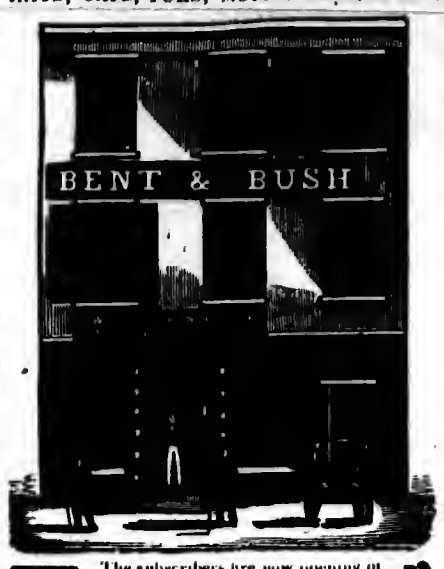
From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merrimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. nov19

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES.



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store.

No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutra, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutra, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH. A3f

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER.

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you: dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodion's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, our sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene,*
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of

I. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10 a1f

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

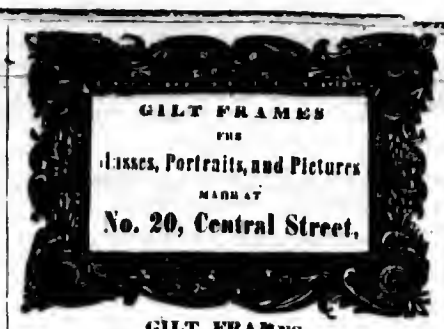
Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERES just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. nov19



GILT FRAMES

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Checks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. 1dyapr4

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept 1 4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Worp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pont mokers, s10

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. S. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.—The third meeting of the creditors of Franklin B. Parks, and John M. Andrews, insolvent debtors, will be holden at the office of Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in chancery, in Lowell on SATURDAY the 5th day of December next at two o'clock P. M.; at which time and place creditors may be present to prove their claims, and a dividend will be declared.

By order of the Master in Chancery.

B. F. BUTLER, Assignee.

Lowell, Nov 3, 1846. a3t

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to connect passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 9¾ a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7¼ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.

Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.,

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, Snow master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

Detained by weather.

On Saturday—positively.

The fast sailing new Bark MARIETTA WELLS, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov12,

---

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

First Vessel.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.

Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate both real and personal, of EZEKIEL CHELLIS, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Chellis, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery, in and for said county, on Central street in said Lowell, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of November inst. at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Chellis may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Nov. 3 1846. a3t.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah J. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sep19

THE LDIES' CSKE T

CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Homon. Just received and for sale by

MERRI[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Furniture at Auction.

On Saturday Nov 21, at Office at 9½ o'clock a large lot of Furniture to part as follws:

Windlass and common Bedsteads, Live Geese and common Feather Beds, Mattresses, Straw Beds, Tables, Chairs, 1 Sofa, 1 Bureau, 150 yds. Carpeting, Light Stands, Wash do. 1 Brass Clock, 3 Wooden do Mirrors, Crockery, Glass and Tin Ware, 4 Good Cook Stoves, Parlor do. with an unusual variety of Kitchen Furniture. *Sale Positive.*

Also—1 good 2nd Hand Wagon on elliptic Springs, with Top &c.

Real Estate at Auction.

On Saturday Nov, 28th at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises

A House with two tene ments & 1800 feet of land situated on the corner of Lawrence & Curtis street.—Said House is pleasantly situated and in good repair is constructed with it a well of good water it will rent for [illegible] per annum.

Terms: A liberal portion of the purchase money may remain on Mortgage.

For further particulars enquire of J. L. Ham or of the Auctioneer.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

---

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Household Furniture at office on Friday next Nov. 20th the Entire Furniture and housekeeping articles of an Extensive Boarding House. Consisting of the usual variety. (in good order.) Particulars hereafter.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

WAGER & DATE'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. up28

PIANO-FORTES,



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
1fmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Oct 29 a1f. B. & L. Rail Road.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just received at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23 Central st.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youths' Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Cobura s Block, Central St. nov12

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,

15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quacks y.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for where lay,
Like asst eggs, to—no effects pay."
And the most false optations pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS, will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating*, or *Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption—Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!-☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONMETER.

We the undersigned acquainted with Richard Vonmeter; his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, Brighton.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious* and *counterfeit*, except those bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kiddar, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Carleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 20 Central st., Boston, and by regular agents throughout the United States and all the principal towns in the Union. [may12a] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhea, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

opr4 adv&pmly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, to cause Old Ulcers, Palns in the Back and Chest, Agucin the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stenton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clerke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physicino of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would become imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, HENRY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell, E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yn&pdec16

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and o disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once exerting *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetito, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

N. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, Jr.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 78 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjna29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of, life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Marion street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 *Nassau* street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR.

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—Sir: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Pains—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of those medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

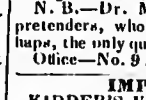
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell. Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1nwe&plyjun13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above nomed places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those effected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

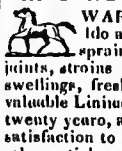
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, sparins, stiffness of the joints, strains and swellings of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. Towan, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

CARPET AND FEATHER WARE

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 21, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 138.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 8 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. jet3a3in ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

L. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing an House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Offices—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
on23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

PUMPS!
COPPER, IRON, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
METALLIC PUMPS,
Set and Repaired by C. L. BRADLEY,
Aly Corner of Lowell and Worthen Sts. sep9

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

H. J. BAXTER, &Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&Ply

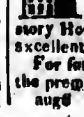
J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOICE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
udvly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly



HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE, Situated on Lawrence street near Massic Falls. About 5000 feet of Land with a good two story House thereon, and having on the premises a most excellent well of water.
For further information enquire of the subscriber on the premises. SAMUEL WINCHESTER.
aug8 A3m

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.
The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when dilated according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is, then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.
The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,
C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

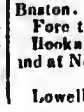
Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering oftimes what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.
Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.
Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.
Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.
THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.
The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentry* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.
Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.
Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.
Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gould, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pand, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Guy, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.
Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&Artoct144

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.
A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. jo11tf

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S


PREPARED by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, German Chemist; 23 Liberty Street, New York—the only *safe, convenient, agreeable,* and *infallible* means of exterminating Rats, Mice, and Cockroaches, now in use.
By the use of this admirable compound, dwelling-houses, stores, hotels, granaries, vessels, public buildings, or any other place may be speedily and permanently rid of these troublesome vermin, at a trifling expense and trouble.
That this preparation will perform what is promised there is no sort of question. It is prepared by one of the most celebrated and ingenious chemists in the United States, and has been tested for five years in some of the most public places in New York, where it has given perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Dr. Feuchtwanger also prepares a Moth poison—an Ant and Flea poison, for Ants in houses, and Fleas on animals—a very powerful Bed-bug poison—a cheap and effective Fly poison on paper—Chemical Whale Oil Soap for plants, &c., &c., all of which bear a high reputation, and may be obtained of his agents.
J. S. HOUGHTON, 130, Washington St., Boston, General Agent for the New England States.
AGENTS—Lowell, G. H. Carlton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor. a&plynov3

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
64	$5000	$370 80	1838	960 6	435 53	57 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	531 85	270 20	39 70	1482
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlets, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dce18aTu&Sp ewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
—AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gould; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwn&plyfeb14

LOWELL GYMNASIUM.
THE subscriber most respectfully gives notice, that he has fitted up a complete Gymnasium apparatus, on Middle street, after the most approved principle of modern European gymnasts, by means of which an entire course of physical exercise adapted to the wants of both sexes can be enjoyed.
To those impressed with the necessity of connecting the exercises of the body with those of the mind, to promote a salutary activity of both, this announcement will be particularly gratifying and important.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Terms—*payable in advance*—$3.00 per quarter; $5.00 for six months and $8.00 per year.
☞ A shower bath is connected with the Gymnasium, to which all *subscribers* may have gratuitous access
CHA'S. S. DICKINSON.
Lowell, May 9, 1846. advlyms;9

STAGE NOTICE.

The Mail Stage over the Mammoth Road, leaves the Merrimack House, Lowell, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., passing through Pelham, Windham and Londonderry to Manchester and Concord, N. H., arriving at Manchester at 1 o'clock. Returning, leaves Manchester at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing through the above named towns, and arrives at Lowell in season for the one o'clock train of cars for Boston.
Fare to Manchester, 75 cents
Books kept at the Merrimack House Stage Office and at No. 9 Central St.
S. W. STONE, Driver
Lowell, July 2, 1841.

AGRICULTURAL.

BARN CELLARS.

MR. EDITOR,—You are in favor of Barn Cellars and of wintering stock in them. On this point you speak from experience. I suppose you have some preference for a southern or eastern aspect. But what think you of a northwestern aspect? Can a cellar 30 by 50 feet, not exposed to bleak winds or sheltered from them, but having a northwestern aspect, be made comfortable for milch cows, night and day, during our winter months? How will it to board it half way and erect a board fence a few feet from the barn to break the wind?

It is undoubtedly *less work* to allow them to run loose. The questions to be decided are, is it safe and economical? i. e. will they lie peaceably and comfortably, and, can they be economically fed, both with whole and cut feed?

Your own views, and the views of any of your correspondents, who have had experience in this matter, may be of service to some of your readers. SUBSCRIBER.

Sept. 1846.

The open side of barn cellars should always be on the south or east. You may as well face a house as a barn to the northwest. When you ride by a house in winter, that faces northerly, you catch an ague in the face, and want an additional coat. The cold side should be boarded whether the other sides are open or not.

In regard to the yard in winter, why is there more danger than in summer? Young cattle are not fed with the best of the hay. They eat from racks, and they waste some but you always expect they will make litter to lie on.—When you feed them with roots you should throw the roots into the yard, and when you give room enough you will waste but little.

Cattle that are fed with meal, &c., ought to have stalls to eat each food in. Yet they need not be kept all day and all night in stalls. Suppose you have half a dozen cows, you can make as many stalls with troughs, at small cost.—Make them like horse stalls, and when you give meal bar them in, each one in her separate stall till they have done eating.

When you give cut feed you will want a stall and a feeding trough. But uncut hay may be eaten from racks with very little waste. A rack should be round, or square, that cattle may go round, as they will around a stack, where they cannot be easily cornered by the master cattle.

Barn cellars, intended to keep stock without tying up, ought to be made as tight and warm as possible on the sides that are not to be kept open for cows in milk give much more in winter when they are warm enough. Young cattle need less warmth, and will very often prefer lying in the open yard to going under cover, when they have a shed close by.

The advantages of letting cattle run loose are that they lie more comfortably, they choose their own bed, they rise without difficulty, they eat with better appetite, they lie more cleanly, it is not half so much work to tend them, as the manure need not be moved till spring.—*Ploughman.*

LIME ON PEACH AND APPLE TREES.

Peach trees, in this climate, are subject to many diseases, some of which admit of an easy cure, by the operator, and yield to remedial agents with great difficulty, if at all.

Some years since, at the instance of a friend who kindly furnished us with a few trees we commenced a peach orchard. The soil selected was a light and rather fine loam, on a substratum of gravel, and so porous as to allow a free expansion to the roots. For a time every thing proceeded prosperously. The trees grew with uncommon vigor, and in four years one of these trees produced a heavy crop. The ensuing year most of the others blossomed, but cast unripe fruit. We were at loss to assign the cause, and commenced an examination of the roots. On digging we found several worms embeded in the bark; these we removed, and applied lime, mixing it thoroughly with the soil, and compressing it firmly around the trunk. Since then, our efforts, without a single exception, have been successful. We have raised an abundance of fine fruit, and by treating our trees to a peck or half a bushel of lime, annually, we have no doubt that we shall prevent the ravages of the worm, and retain them in a perfectly healthy and prolific state, for years.

☞ An old farmer of much discrimination, observed to us recently, that he had made it a regular practice, for several years to sow caustic lime around his apple trees in the spring. He had noticed that a tree standing in the immediate vicinity of his dwelling, had all at once put forth with renewed energy, and he was at a loss, for some time, to define the cause. On inquiry—he found that a quantity of lime, which had accidentally been spilled and rendered worthless by becoming mixed with the refuse on the stable floor, had been thrown at the foot of the tree, and to this, as the principal cause he immediately assigned the revivescence and renewed fructification of the tree. Taking the hint from this accident he purchased twelve casks of lime, and applied half a bushel to each tree, and found that it produced immediately beneficial effects. Not the health of the trees only but the quality of the fruit also was greatly improved.—We would advise our readers to make trial of this experiment and see whether it is deserving of the high recommendations it receives.—*Maine Cultivator.*

DRY FOOD.

There are many disadvantages necessarily attending the feeding of neat-stock exclusively on dry food. Horses, and in short, all animals fed on cut straw, in a dry state, obstinately refuse, after a time, to take up all that is given them—became fastidious, and consequently less healthy and thrifty in their appearance than when fed partly on moistened food or that which is green.

The process which experience has demonstrated as that decidedly the best adapted to promote the several objects aimed at by the economical feeder, is the following.

A trough or vessel is to be provided of ample capacity to contain as large a quantity of food as may be requisite to feed the animal once. Into this receptacle place your cut, oat, rye or wheat straw, stalks, or hay, and add four quarts of meal for every two animals, with a sufficiency of water to moisten it, and let it stand from twelve to fourteen hours, or till an incipient fermentation has commenced, and the mass become slightly acidulated. In this state feed it to your animals in the proportion you measured it

in, and you will find that not a straw will be refused by them, and that they will continue in better condition, than when fed exclusively on any other feed.

GRINDING HORSE FOOD. The London Agricultural Gazette states that two horses, every way equal, were allowed each five pounds of oats daily, and enough hay, amounting to about seventeen pounds per day. For one horse the oats were crushed, for the other not. One hundred parts of the dung of each horse were examined chemically on the fourth day; that from the horse fed on crushed oats, contained no nutritive matter, but merely woody fibre, mixed with secretions and salts In that from the other horse, one quarter per cent. of nutritive matter, consisting of starch and gluten, was found —arising from the inability of the horse to perform perfect mastication, and which must vary with age and rapidity of feeding. No difference was found in the dung from chopped and unchopped hay, though the ease of eating the latter, and consequently greater rest obtained was a decided advantage.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 21, 1846.

A Meeting of the Democratic City Committee will be holden at the Advertiser Office, this (SATURDAY) evening. A full and punctual attendance is requested.

Per order,
I. N. GOODHUE, Secretary.

Mexican Affairs.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser [whig paper] writes as follows:—

The Government of course has now become aware that the war is not likely to be terminated by any action of the Mexican people or their authorities. The next question is what course the United States shall take in the event that the Mexican Congress of the 6th Dec. shall regard unfavorably our propositions for a treaty.

Shall we direct our energies to the conquest of all Mexico, to the destruction of her national existence or shall we be content to hold the extensive territories which we have already taken, and of which we have undisputed possession?

Common sense would seem to recommend the latter course; and it is presumed that Congress, as soon as it assembles, will take up the matter with a view to a choice between these two modes of proceeding.

We have heretofore put a high estimate upon the value of Alta California; and Mr Waddy Thompson says it would be no hard bargain at fifty millions. We have besides in our possession and under our government the extensive territories of New Mexico and New Leon—to say nothing of the Rio Grande as the boundary of Texas. All this will certainly indemnify us for the expenses of the war and the six millions due to our citizens.

Keeping armed possession of the territories which we have acquired, we may bid Mexico to come and re-take them if she can. Nor would the expense of their military occupation continue long, for soon the axe, and plough, and rifle of our pioneer settlers will secure a quiet possession.

We make this extract from the Commercial Advertiser, not because we believe common sense would seem to recommend to our government the policy of simply holding on to what territory we have already taken, and abandoning farther conquest, but for the especial purpose of showing the people that the whigs themselves have no expectation that we are not going to get full indemnity for all the expense of the war with Mexico. They have been frightening the people with the idea that they were to be burdened with an enormous tax to pay the expense of the war—and get no equivalent. Lying estimates of the daily expenses have been continually paraded before the people, and the probable gross expenses apportioned *per capita* among them. But now (the important elections having passed) Alta-California, which we have taken, is admitted by the whigs to be worth $50,000,000, and New Mexico and New Leon, which we have also taken, an additional sum, much more than sufficient to *"indemnify us for the whole expenses of the war, and the six millions due to our citizens."*

It would seem hardly to be the dictate of common sense not to avail ourselves of all the territory and of every advantage possible while we are in a state of war. To keep an armed force in places we have taken, large enough to resist any attack the Mexicans might make against them, would do nothing towards bringing the war to a close, and would be nearly or quite as expensive as pushing the war to the city of Mexico, and compelling a peace, that, when made, will determine the rights of parties and cut off the expense of supporting a great army to hold our conquests. We are under no apprehension that the government, at any rate the democratic portion of it, will adopt or recommend any such policy. There can be but one sound policy to pursue—push the war till peace is concluded. The Administration seem to be pursuing it. There is one great danger, should the whigs get the House they may embarass the Administration in its efforts to vigorously prosecute the war. They will, as a party, pursue the policy in this war they did in the war of 1812, there is no doubt; and should they get any power we must calculate only upon their using it against their own country.

DEMOCRATIC REVIEW. The Nov. No. of this best and most ably conducted monthly published in the country has been received. It contains a fine engraving of Silas Wright, together with a long article under the head of "political portraits with pen and pencil," mostly reviewing the life and political course of Mr Wright. This article gave rise to the report of the discontinuance of the Democratic Review in consequence of the confidence with which Mr Wright's election was spoken. It said—"Before another number of this Review issues from the press, the suffrages of the people of the State of New York will have re-elected the subject of this Memoir to the highest office in their gift." The author of the article, though mistaken in what would be the verdict of the people of New York, has done as full justice to that Great Statesman as is possible could be done in an article concluded in one number of the Review. The articles on "money," "The New York Constitutional Convention," and the Elements of Morality, including poetry, should be universally read.

'CHANGE. The Courier calls the dozen square feet of land at the west end of the City Hall, which the city government are fixing so nicely, 'Change. We respectfully enquire if an attention to the useful and decent is not quite as essential as to the ornamental—if so, we suggest that some slight attention be paid to the mud of Middlesex street.

☞ The Concord Post Office will be removed this day, to Davis's new building on the Mill Dam.—*Freeman.*

Northampton Water Cure Establisment.

As several of our well known and most respected citizens have received benefit, when all other tried means have failed in the Hydropathic treatment, it may interest some of our readers to know the terms and requirements of admittance into the Northampton water cure establishment.

No persons are admitted into the infirmary who are not attended with electric symptoms of the skin, which is considered evidence if the ability of the patient to bear the treatment. All applications must be made in writing, with a full statements of the case, and the symptoms which has attended it for years—age, and occupation. The Conductor of the Infirmary, does not claim to cure "seated consumption" but does assert that Hydropathy is a cure, for an insatiable appetite for tobacco and spirituous liquors, even when the patient is attended with fits of dulirium tremens.

"Terms for board and treatment, $ 5,50 per week, payable weekly—washing extra. Each lodging room in the Establishment is well calculated for two occupants. A person who occupies a room alone will pay, $8,50 per week. Those who require extra attention, nursing, and fires in their rooms, excepting for swathing purposes, will furnish their own attendants and fires, or pay an additional price. Every patient is expected to bring with him two pairs of cotton sheets, two pillow cases, one strong linen sheet, some well worn linen to cut for fomentations; three woolen blankets, three thick comfortables, half a dozen towels, and a syringe."

It appears to us that the terms are high, though not as extravagant as those of the Vermont infirmary.

We notice this infirmary not that we have any faith in water, as an universal remedial agent. Hydropathy is as old as the race. The fruitsome damsels of the South sea islands have practised it from time to time, immemorable—it is a part of the religious creed of one half the world—the Roman soldier, and the Scotch Highlander, adopted the "wet sheet" treatment when slipping cloak or plaid in the nearest stream, they wrapped themselves in its dripping folds, and laid down warm, reeking and comfortable in the open air on the frozen hills.

We believe not a single cure has been effected by Hydropathy that might not have been brought about by ordinary means—provided the same rigid discipline had been demanded of the patients—the same course of dietetics adhered to, and as airy and salubrious dwellings provided.

An abundance of water is a great blessing, and cleanliness is next akin to godliness, but Hydropathy cannot cure all, nor half the ills that flesh is heir to.

Northampton is a beautiful town, one of the handsomest in the old Bay State, and we are told the water cure establishment, occupies one of the most beautiful sites in town—To invalids who have an abundance of money and are desirous of changing their residence and manner of life entirely, we recommend them to the Northampton Infirmary as one of the best of the kind.

It occurs us since writing the above that we are about to have a water cure establishment in the immediate neighborhood. Dr Darrah of this city being at this time engaged in fitting up the Building known as the Dracutt Academy boarding House for this purpose.

☞ The editor of this paper did not see the disclaimer of Mr Boutwell in reference to the remarks attributed to him by a correspondent as having been made at the Andover Convention, spoken of by the Advertiser yesterday. If we had we should have withdrawn them at the time. As he disclaims having used them, we make the amende honorable. We shall publish the name of our informant if we receive permission. The names of the two delegates who are said to have heard Mr Boutwell make the remark can be seen by the editor of the Advertiser at this office.—*Courier.*

The above is satisfactory so far as concerns the editor of the Courier. But it pretty conclusively shows that the individual who wrote to Mr Schouler, was just the base scamp we took him to be. He felt sore that Mr Abbott declined meeting Mr Boutwell and made up a lie to injure him. He will probably refuse to have his name published. We found fault with the editor of the Courier, only because he refused to retract the statement or give the names of the members of the convention who reported it, after it was denied by ourself and Mr Bootwell. He has now retracted; and though Mr Boutwell may have been injured by the falsehood, yet, as it now appears to be an unintentional wrong on the part of the Conrier, the editor must be forgiven.

LIQUOR CASES IN BERKSHIRE—*Value of Prosecutions.* At the recent term of the Common Pleas Court, in Berkshire, says the Springfield Gazette, a large number of indictments for violations of the license law, were quashed by the Court for informality, the names of the persons to whom sales of liquor were made, not being stated. Some six or seven persons were tried, and the jury disagreed, notwithstanding the proof was clear and satisfactory. In one case, which was a sale of liquor connected with the murder of an Irishman in Windsor, in August last, a verdict of guilty was rendered.

NEW RAILROAD INVENTIONS. A break is said to have been invented in England by which a train of cars may be conveyed down hill with perfect safety, and at equal rate of speed. It is also said that a train may be taken up a hill with only the power necessary to take up the engine alone. This is a practical absurdity, which the explanation of the manner of doing, as given in the N. Y. Trae Sun, by no means explains to our understanding. The explanation is, that "the invention consists in making the advance of the whole train quite independent of the adhesion of the locomotive's wheels to the rail on which it moves, and by conveying the propelling power of the engine to the axles of all the carriages—thus making their advance depend on their own adherison."

DR. WEITING gives his lecture this evening on the *Nervous System*, at the City Hall, at 7 o'clock, which is the last of the regular course; and it will be seen by referring to another column, under the list of Advertisements, that he gives one extra lecture on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, to ladies only, and at 8 o'clock in the evening, to gentlemen only.

LYCEUM LECTURES. The advertisement of certain lectures to be given at Hamilton Chapel, on Middlesex street, may be seen in another column. They will be worthy of the patronage of the community.

☞ We are under obligations to Hon Moses Norris of N. H., for a copy of his speech on the tariff, delivered in the House of Representatives, July 2, 1846.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

ST CROIX FALLS, October 13, 1846.

Pretty much about copper in this vicinity—how it is taken—Key Rock—a lead &c.

One word about copper ore in this vicinity, and you shall not be troubled more about little matters hereabouts, uninteresting, perhaps, except to the passing traveller. Much as we have seen and heard of copper on lake Superior, until we arrived here nothing like tangible evidence of *copper* ore have we been able to discern on the whole route. On the lake, copper in great abundance abounds in a pure virgin state; but the difficulty exists in getting it out. Think a moment—You have found a mountain of copper in one solid mass. Well, what will you do to improve your mine of wealth? Contrive some way by which you can get off good day wages worth of the article, and your fortune is at once made by the discovery. On the Lake in many places, copper is found in the form above stated, and it is valueless for the same reason as above.

As I named in a former letter, Trap Rock abounds all along the shore of the St Croix. At the Falls we found some three or four shafts had been sunk by experienced miners. All are of one opinion as to the existence of copper ore in great abundance. It has not been operated to any extent except for experiment. The owners refuse to dispose of rights to mine upon any terms. The business of the company became entangled by disputed interests, and while the quarrel was raging a new company was formed and took all interest and control of the estate. I firmly believe upon one mile square at these falls, millions of dollars worth of rich copper ore lay within one hundred feet of the surface of the ground. Virgin copper is found in small parcels in the rock about the river. It is found in proportion to the ore about the same as the reverse is the case on the lake. To strike a lead is the great effort of the miner. A lead is this,—on, or near the surface, a crevice in a ledge of rocks is found, and a stone in the crevice, lodging like it was dropped in. This is termed a key rock, and runs nearly north and south or east and west. This rock is picked out down to its bed; from fifty to one thousand ft. under this rock is expected to be found the mineral searched for. The mineral lays in the crevice the same as the rock did. This is called a lead. It sometimes runs for miles, sometimes closes up, sometimes makes what is called an opening, spreads out over the crevice considerably. A lead usually will be from two to five ft. wide. Near the river the crevice usually is very much in a scattered form, and it is considered better to sink a shaft some distance from the river. I have some specimens of the ore found in this place, for Mr. Cheever of the Merchants' Bank Building, Boston.—The crevice, the key rock, and ore in the seam, are found here, all indicating a lucrative business. No one can visit the spot without having confidence in the fact that a large bed of rich copper ore exists at these Falls. This great interest has recently been secured by an association of Boston men, a large amount paid for the grant, and only needs the additional outlay to put the works in operation, to meet with a rich return. From the Mississippi to Lake Superior, up the valley St Croix, and across the chain of the Porcupine mountains, this whole country is being explored by experienced men, who spend their whole time in the woods, camping out and prospecting the whole season. To spend a few hours in one of their camps is full of instruction and interest; not only as regards the peculiar employment in search of minerals, but in all that is of interest appertaining to the forest, Indians, Geology, game, weather, &c. I am just notified the horses are ready for a trip across the country to St. Anthony's Falls. In another letter I will tell you what of it—the appearance of the country, &c.

Yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

☞ Gen. Dearborn, in Hunt's Magazine, says that, among one hundred merchants and traders, not more than three, in the city of Boston, have acquired independence. Another writer in the same magazine states that of one hundred merchants on Long Wharf, doing business in 1800, only five remained in 1840.—They had all failed or died destitute of property. Of one thousand dealers with the Massachusetts Bank in 1800, only six remained in 1840. All the 994 had failed or died in poverty. The writer says, "he is a fortunate man who fails young."

☞ The Washington Correspondent of the N. Y. Herald, says that Mr Packenham, the British Minister at Washington, had an interest to the amount of $40,000 in the $2,000,000 recently seized by Santa Anna. Some three years since Arista arrested a conducta in the same way, and turned it over to the military chest of the army of the North, by which Mr Pakenham was compelled to a forced loan to said army of $60,000.—No wonder the British government should denounce that of the "magnanimous nation," as reduced to the lowest stage of national degradation.

ELECTION. On Monday next a new trial for electing Representative to the General Court to fill the three existing vacancies, takes place in this city. Democrats should turn out and vote for Democrats.

☞ We have received Nos. 28, 29 and 30 of the Pictorial History of the World, from Messrs Merrill & Heywood. The work is now completed, and those who wish to purchase a beautiful historical work would do well to give them a call.

☞ "The new sloop Albany, at the Brooklyn Yard, is now ready for sea, and her orders are daily expected. She goes to the Gulf under the command of Capt. Breese, a brother of the Senator from Illinois."

☞ Capt. L. H. Stringham left New York for Boston, on Thursday to take command of the Ohio which will sail in a short time.

REPRESENTATIVES. At the second trial in Stow, the Democrats elected Edwin Whitney, same as last year; and in Palmer, Aaron V. Blanchard.

☞ Congress meets on Monday the 7th of Dec., and the session will expire on the 4th of March, when the congress expires.

☞ *The Providence Daily Sentinel*—appears in an enlarged and improved form—we are pleased to see this evidence of its success. Industry must thrive.

☞ At Montreal on the 18th ult., the snow fell to the depth of nearly two feet!

MR. CLAY. The opinion seems to gain ground that Mr Clay will go into the United States Senate, this winter.

Police Court.

Monday Nov. 16.

Elias Messenger—violation of the License law—fined $20 and cost. Page and Dudley—do do.—fined $20 and cost. Horatio Hill, Thomas Jones, Elizabeth Jones, were each fined $2 and costs for drunkness.

MAKING AND PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—John V. Gage et al., were brought before the Police Court Thursday, on complaint of Charles J. Adams for making and passing counterfeit money.

The case is not yet closed.—The evidence is strong against Gage, but so far as the case has progressed nothing appears against the other person. Gage works a mill No. 2, on the Merrimack. There in a closet was found a number of pieces of very badly executed ten cent pieces and quarter dollars, some in a finished and others in an unfinished state, and the dies and tools with which they were made. Gage was the only man to whom knowledge of them was brought. He admitted having passed them to the amount of three or four dollars.

Gage was bound over in the sum of $500 and the other persons discharged. Butler and Wentworth for thefts.

Tuesday 17.

Phillips Day—drunkness—$3 and cost. Alfred Bolton, James Dunn, Daniel Mc Daniels, were each fined $1 and cost for drunkness. James Judge and Andrew Fallen, were each fined $3 and cost, for being disorderly. Patrick Short—violation of the License Law fined $20 and cost. James Waters and John Burnham—larceny—ordered to recognize in $200 each to the January term.

Wednesday 18th.

John Cox Jr.—common drunkard—2 mos. in H. C. Michiel Shields and James White—for an assault and battery on John Hanley—were each fined $10 and cost. Jeremiah Abbott—drunkness—fined $1 and cost. George Daily—violation of the License Law—discharged. James McQuade violation of the License Law—fined $20 and cost. John N. Gage—counterfeit money—ordered to recognize in $500 to the next term of the Common Pleas. [We understand that Mr Tufts, the overseer of the room, in which Gage was second hand, run away yesterday. All together this attempt to make counterfeit money, was one of the weakest we ever heard of.]

John Larabee—brought up for keeping a gambling house—ordered to recognize in $200 for his appearance next Monday.

By Magnetic Telegraph from New York.

Returns of the Missouri special congressional election from 20 counties have been received—Kincaid, whig, 1000 ahead. Full returns will probably elect the Democratic candidate.

Ampudia returns the killed and wounded at Monterey 430. A Vera Cruz paper gives 70 as the official return of killed and wounded.

The enthusiasm in Mexico is represented as being very great. Two more battallions have been raised in the city of Mexico. The prisoners in the castle of Perote had petitioned to be marched to meet the invaders. 1000 muskets had been sent to Chihuahua. The ladies of Valaba had asked permission to join the army to take care of the wounded. Gen. Ricon is dead.

☞ Our forces in California and the Pacific are thus given in the Albany Argus. The force now in California, or to be there, consists of—

Stevenson's N. Y. Volonteers, about	800
Fremont's corps, about	206
Tompkins' artillery,	200
Fauntleroy's dragoons	100
Gen. Kearney's dragoons	400
	1706

Commodore Stockton, in the Congress, is now in command of the Pacific squadron. The Columbus, 74 Com. Biddle, on her way home from China, is expected to go to the Pacific, when Com. B., will be in command, and will probably retain it until the arrival of Com. Shubrick, in the Independence. The latter will probably retain the command for the usual time.

The Columbus 74, frigate Savanah, and sleep-of-war Warren, will return as soon as relieved. The Levant is now on her way home.

Reported Surrender of Chihuahua to the United States Troops.

The Lexington (Missouri) Express of the 3d inst. says:

A gentlemen of this city informs us that he perused a letter, a day or two since, which has been received in Camden, giving the particulars of the surrender of Chihuahua to the forces under Gen. Wool.

The army, it seems, entered the city without resistance; the American flag was saluted by the citizens, and after a few hours had elapsed, the American officers were invited to partake of a splendid dinner, which had been prepared for them by the Chihuahuans.

That, we should say, was rather a new mode of capturing an enemy's town."

FATE OF GENIUS. The Boston Star says that Edgar A. Poe, the celebrated writer and poet, is now dangerously ill with the brain fever, and his wife is also in the last stages of consumption. They are without money and without friends, actually suffering extremely from disease and destitution.

☞ A Mexican paper of Oct. 31, says positively that Santa Anna had ordered Ampudia to return from Monterey to Soltillo, and that he defended the former place contrary to orders, for which he is to be tried by a council of war.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT. A man was killed on the Providance Railroad. A gravel train was thrown off on the Worcester Road, and many cars smashed. A man had his leg cut off on the Lowell Road—all on Tuesday evening.

☞ It is expected that the Bey of Tunis will visit the United States the coming summer. We hope the Bay of Massachusetts will receive him, in its placidest mood.

☞ We are *rather* inclined to believe, for various reasons, that the new combustible, gun-cotton, can never be made to supply the place now occupied by gunpowder—that it is a scientific *humbug.*

☞ The city government of Manchester, N. H., have passed a law prohibiting smoking in the streets and lanes of that city on the Sabbath.

☞ It is supposed that the new Constitution of New York, is adopted by a majority of about 100,000, and that negro suffrage is rejected by a vote of 4 to 1.

☞ ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY MILLION OF DOLLARS A YEAR! and all to rivet the fetters of slavery—to bring the free North in subjection to the slave power—to make us hewers of wood and drawers of water for the South—to carry on a war of aggression, of rapine and of murder against the Mexicans, with whom we might have made a treaty which would have secured to us more—far more than we had any just cause to claim. As sure as there is a Providence that rules over the affairs of men, we shall suffer for all this, and severely too.—*Spy, Oct. 28th.*

This war was voted for by almost the entire "whig party of the United States" in Congress, and by supporting that party you support the war, and are justly responsible for the expense. It was endorsed by Gov. Briggs, and by supporting him you are answerable for the doctrine that "patriotism and humanity" require the war to be pressed forward to the extent of our power for a speedy and *successful* termination. The expenses of Government—the war debt included—are to be paid by a tax on the consumption of foreign goods. We believe Massachusetts consumes one tenth of all the foreign articles used in the country, and therefore her share of this debt will be at the rate of eighteen millions of dollars a year. Think of that, ye advocates of taxation upon consumption—ye supporters of a "revenue tariff."—*Emancipator.*

Thus by denouncing the war and voting to support it, the whig party opens itself to an attack from the abolitionists that it is impossible to defend. Had they pursued an honest course and gone for, or against the war as they believed justice requires, instead of trying to show their patriotism in supporting the war, and at the same time of breaking down the Administration by misrepresenting it as a great scheme to rob Mexico and extend slavery, they would not have been in the uncomfortable position of having the Emancipator prove them liars or supporters of a war of rapine and murder against Mexico in their own statements. We believe when they say the war is one of murder, rapine and robbery, and for the extention of slavery they lie intentionally; but if they choose the other horn of the dilemma and prefer to be considered the supporters of such a war we are not responsible for their choice; we should not Covet either position—but one or the other they must take.

ADVERTISING. If there is any business man who doubts the utility of advertising, as a means of getting rich, let him read the following from the New York Tribune:

"The increased attention and unusual facilities for advertising abroad, have strikingly changed the aspect of business. The days for sitting quietly in well filled stores, waiting for trade, have gone by—the old landmarks of business are removed, and new channels opened. He who clings to the custom of a by-gone age may sit solitary and alone, while the dust shall accumulate upon his profitless wares. New-a days, if a man wishes to increase his business, or in fact to do business at all, he adverti s. Shrewd men, of small capital, long ago discovered the sure road to wealth; and those who have been doing nearly all the business in certain departments, after the rules followed by their fathers now see themselves suddenly distanced—their new competitors taking the business into their own hands through the mighty influence and tremendous power of the Press of the country."

THE CALL FOR TROOPS. The following are the places of rendezvous for the nine regiments called for in yesterday's order by the secretary of war:—

States.	Rendezvous.
One regiment from Louisiana,	New Orleans.
" Mississippi,	Vicksburg.
" South Carolina,	Charleston.
" North Carolina,	Wilmington.
" Virginia,	Guayandotte.
" Pennsylvania,	Pittsburg.
" New York,	City of N. Y.
" Massachusetts,	Boston.
" Texas,	The governor is

authorized to designate the place of rendezvous and to report the same to Gen. Taylor.

The troops are to serve during the war, and are estimated to amount to from 6500 to 7000.—*Union.*

☞ The new reservoir on Lowell street, near the North Grammar School-house, which has just been finished, was filled on Saturday by the force pumps of the Suffolk corporation. The water was forced through upwards of two thousand feet of hose. This reservoir is of the largest size, holding, we believe, about 30,000 gallons. There are now in this city six reservoirs, all filled, viz.: One on Central street, Chapell Hill; one on Union Street; one on Tyler street; one on Chestnut street; one on Merrimack street, near the Seventh Grammar School-house; and one on Lowell street.—*Courier.*

A MONSTER CHIMNEY. An extraordinary building, the property of Mr Dobb, chemist, Wallgate, Wigan, was completed on Wednesday last, when Mr. Dobbs held a sort of jubilee among his friends in celebration of the event. The chimney is said to be upwards of 140 yards high, (420 feet) and to contain nearly 3,000,000 bricks. Two large flags were hoisted at the top of the chimney on Wednesday, one bearing the union jack, and the other bearing the inscription "Free trade with all the world;" but from the height at which they stood, they might almost have been mistaken for a couple of toy-shop banners.—*Ex.*

IOWA.—The Burlington (Iowa) Gazette (a democratic paper) of the 7th inst. says—

"The result of the recent election throughout the state is not yet fully known. But enough has been received to show that the democracy is still victorious.—Thirty one of the fifty eight members constituting the state legislature, are democrats. The state ticket, we mean the state officers and two members of congress, are, we have no hesitancy in stating elected by from two to eight hundred majority."

TAILORS COMING. A London paper announces that seven thousand tailors out of employment in London had a meeting, and resolved to embark for Canada and the United States. A committee was appointed to collect subscriptions to pay the passage; 960 entered their names for Canada and Nova Scotia, and 2904 for the United States. They will all be here in March or April next.—*Post.*

☞ We regret to state that the venerable John Quincy Adams fell in the street yesterday, under a sudden attack of indisposition; he was carried to his son's residence on Mount Vernon Street. Towards the close of the day he had somewhat recovered—*Post.*

☞ The Duke of Wellington is now 77 years old; Joseph Hume 70, Lord Morpeth 44, Daniel O'Connel 72, Sir Robert Peel 58, Lord Stanley 46, Earl Grey 44, Lord Brougham 67, Lord Lyedhurst 74, Lord George Bentinck 44, the Duke of Richmond 53, the Duke of Rutland 68.

DEATH BY ACCIDENT. An Irishman by the name of Baily fell this forenoon from the new wool house now in course of erection on the Carpet. He fell forty feet upon a piece of cast iron—he was taken up insensible and lived but a few hours.

RAN OFF THE TRACK. The Concord train down last night was detained till quarter past eight on account of running upon a yoke of oxen on the track.

☞ The New Haven Register says of the result in New York, "honors are *easy*, and the whigs have the *odd trick.*"

☞ The snow is a foot deep in the copper regions of Lake Superior, and the miners have left for the winter.

DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for Consumption and all the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative power are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immediate benefit that should accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and health restored by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S EXPECTORANT SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, until it wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would fairly make a trial of Dr SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, they would first themselves sooner relieved, than by quoting the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the lacerated lungs, stopping the cough night sweats, at the same time relieving the patient and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are worthless and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sep15 a&eptf c3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obl't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No*: 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas, Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchase a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,
JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED

At Romney, N. H. Oct 29, Mr Amos Webster, of R. to Mrs Dolly Bagly, of Newbury, after a courtship of 50 years.

At Bath, Me. Alfred Redington Esq. of Augusta, Adjutant general of the State, to Lucy C. youngest daughter of the late James Kimball Esq, of Newburyport, Mass.

At Brattleboro', Vt. on Monday, 16th inst, Mr Joseph Thurston, of Lowell, to Miss S. Augusta, daughter of Mr J. M. Sherburne, of Boston.

EXTRA LECTURE TO GENTLEMEN ONLY AND TO LADIES' ONLY.

DR. WEITING, by request, will give an extra lecture to Gentlemen only, Monday Evening, Nov 23, at 8 o'clock, at the City Hall, and to Ladies only Monday Afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the same place, on subjects of interest and importance, deemed advisable not to present to a promiscuous audience. To be illustrated with the Manikin's, and a large collection of models which have not yet been presented to the audience. This is the most important, deeply interesting and useful lecture Dr. W., gives; and was recently given to over 1000 ladies in the afternoon, and over 1500 gentlemen in the Evening, in the Broadway Tabernacle, N. Y.

Admission 25 Cents.

THANKSGIVING CONCERT.

MR. A. BOND respectfully announces that he will give a Concert of *Vocal and Instrumental Music at CITY HALL, on*
THURSDAY EVENING, Nov 26th.

Mr. B. takes pleasure in announcing that he will be assisted by Miss J. B. WIGHT, Mr I. N. METCALF Mr LOUIS STRACK, and several Amateurs, who have kindly volunteered their aid.

Tickets 26 Cents. May be obtained at the usual places. Doors open at 6 o'clock—Concert to commence at a quarter before 7 precisely.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Nov. 20th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracott, in said County, painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Burbank will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of November instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Burbank and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
nov 20 1n3t

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION,—

For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work,	from $1 to 2 00

☞Tuition required in advance.☜

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. a2w

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

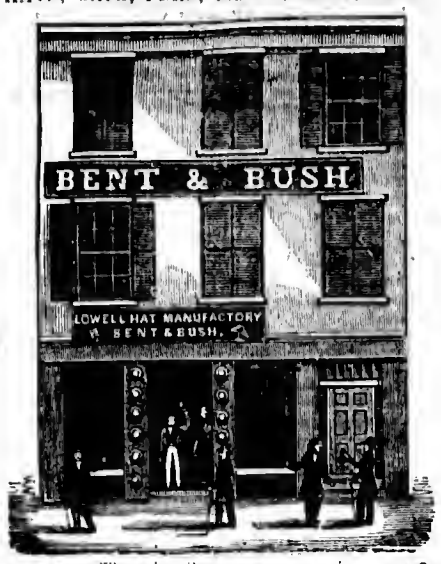
Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov3m

Lyceum Lectures.

A course of fourteen lectures will be given in the Free chapel on Middlesex st, on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, by distinguished gentleman of this city and other places. The first Lecture will be delivered on the evening of December 1st. Tickets for the course at $1 1-2 cts for males and 25 cts for females, may be had at the Bookstore of Merrill & Heywoods, near the Post office, or at the chapel, on the evening of Nov 20 23 and 24th from 7 to 9 o'clock Nov 19. n3t.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store, **No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,**

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mulnair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutra, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. **BENT & BUSH.** Adf

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER.

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, Snow master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day

The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA Wheden, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, Shaw, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Gen W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.

The packet Schooner CHARLOTTE Crowell, master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

CORRECTION OF CHECK LISTS.—The Board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, on SATURDAY Evening next, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday Morning next, Nov. 23, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board.
THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.
Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. nov19 a3t.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the grading and masoning of that part of the Lowell and Andover Railroad extending from Lowell to Tewksbury Village, will be received until the second day of December next. Proposals may be left with either of the Directors or with Cyrus Latham, the Engineer of the Road at his office in the Savings Bank Building, where the plans and profile may be examined.

Lowell Nov. 19. 1846 a&rtodec2

GILT FRAMES

FOR

Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures

MADE AT

No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,

FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,

Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.

Lowell, 1846. a1yapr1

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep1 a4m H. T. BUTLER.

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melacion's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orphean ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of

I. E. CHENEY.

Nov. 10 a1f

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞*ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.*☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S**, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office,

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a1D

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1A3m.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimark st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connexion between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Dec 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½ a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½ p.m., with a detention of 20 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Bogue's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Bogue's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by
MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
nov14 23 Central St.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜
No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. nov12

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

Dry Goods.

On Tuesday, without reserve, at 2 o'clock, in parcels as follows: 2,000 yds. Cashmere, Delaine plain do. Corded Ottomans, shaded colors, 2,000 yds. prints,—12 pieces plain, figured and changeable Alpeeras, Alpines, blk. and changeable Indianas, Striped Lunetta Silks.

Broche long Shawls—Black Ground,—Red Cashmere Shawls, Merino do. Stradella,—Emb. Delain,—Printed Cashmere,—Blue shaded do. Misses Cashmere do.

A large lot of Plaids for Childrens wear, Silk and Tabby Velvets, 500 yds. Velvet Trimmings various colours, Bleached and Unbleached Cottons,—Drillings, Gala Plaids, Tapes, Pins and needles, Ladies Mits, Hdkfs. Ladies' Shaded cravats.

Also—A lot of Cassimeres and Satinets. To be sold for Cash.

Real Estate at Auction.

On Saturday Nov, 28th at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises

A House with two tenements & 1800 feet of land situated on the corner of Lawrence & Curtis streets.—Said House is pleasantly situated and in good repair is constructed with a well of good water it will rent for 175 dollars per annum.

Terms: A large portion of the purchase money may remain on Mortgage.

For further particulars enquire of J. L. Ham or of the Auctioneer.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY,

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great sale of Fur Goods.

On Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 10 and 2 o'clock, at Office, Consisting of Stone Martin, Blue Fox, Fitch, Black and Grey Lynx, Siberian, Squirrel, Natural and Blue Jenett, French Coney, Nonesuch, &c., Muffs.

Also—Few full setts Real Russian Sable. This Stock consists wholly of newly manufactured Furs! In perfect order and worthy the attention of the Trade as also the public gengrally. Sale Positive.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted enrrect.

WAGER & DATER'S AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at BINGE', *opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warranthe every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. op28

PIANO-FORTES,



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachesetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington; Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M.; and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
Oct 29 a1f. B. & L. Rail Road.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro. warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil! Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23 Central st.

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 27 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL,
15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid and nauseating advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the falsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make clients joy,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the first year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as **PERFECT CURES.**

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is bestrded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and epothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

CONSUMPTION!
DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

—*The Original and Genuine Preparation! Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is*

Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

ANOTHER *Wonderful Cure of Consumption*—*Dr Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.*

☞TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!☜

MILLERSTOWN, Perry Co., Pa.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—In March last I caught a very heavy cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a hard, dry cough, pains in the side and breast, tightness and oppression in the chest. I neglected taking any medicine, except the usual simple remedies which persons in indigent circumstances like myself generally resort to, until the disease had reached the state above alluded to, when I became quite alarmed, and applied to my family physician. He treated me several months, but I received no benefit; in fact, I gradually grew worse; I had profuse night sweats, skin dry and parched, no appetite, suffered much with thirst, occasionally spitting blood, until my physician as well as my friends pronounced me going into a deep decline. Some of my friends recommended one medicine, some another, and would show me long certificates of purported cures, many of which I thought suited to my case exactly, but from their effect upon me I despaired ever recovering my health, but gave myself up to die of that scourge of the land, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION!

Fortunately at this time a friend of mine, passing thro' our town, who resides in Harrisburg, called to see me, and recommended your COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, and gave me the name of Martin Lutz, your agent in Harrisburg. I reluctantly sent and got a bottle, which relieved me so much that I sent and got five more, and I am happy to say I am now a sound and hearty man. I attribute the cure entirely to the use of your celebrated remedy, the COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY and would earnestly recommend any person who is suffering with any disease of the lungs to resort at once to your medicine. I remain yours very respectfully. RICHARD VONNETER.

We are personally acquainted with Richard Vonmeter and his statement is strictly true.

S. N. Hitchcock, Willis H. Massey,
Jacob Starkey, John Brighten.

☞Remember, all preparations purporting to contain WILD CHERRY are *fictitious and counterfeit*, except that bearing the written signature of DR. SWAYNE. Great care should be observed to purchase from the regularly appointed Agents.

The only agents in Lowell for the sale of the genuine medicine, are Walker & Kidder, corner of Merrimack and John sts., Geo. H. Cocleton & Co. City Hall, C. S. Eastman, corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Mrs E. Kidder, 20 Cornhill, Boston, and by regular appointed agents in all the principal towns in the United States. [may12s] dec16

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdeel6

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestions, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, weakness of the Nervous System, and a disordered habit of constitution generally

DR. WOOD'S Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage, which put them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy. Sarsaparilla takes a high rank among Physicians and all others in the list of curative agents, and it is this fact that has rendered it so deservedly popular over all other medicines of the day. In Dr. Wood's standard preparation, it is warranted to be found in great purity and strength, and gaining much by its union with the wild cherry, a tonic of the first order. This happy combination is the only one ever made of these articles, and founded as it is on the best medical principles, and their virtues extracted by a rigid chemical analysis, experience has shown its unusual power and efficacy.

This preparation will be found on trial, to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the liver and stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing *health* and *vigor* to the whole system. In all cases of *despondency*, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success, nor are they less useful as a remedy for headache, flatulency, loss of appetite, and a *general prostration of the system*. At the same time, it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in doses prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner which is, in fact, their highest recommendation.

The following certificate, among many others which have been received from the most respectable sources, furnish satisfactory proof of the value and efficacy of his highly popular medicine.

Sandwich, Sept. 4, 1844.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—This is to certify, that my daughter has been troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years, attended with almost constant headache and other distressing symptoms which accompany this disease. She visited Boston to avail herself of the advice of the justly celebrated physicians of that city, all to no purpose. By the solicitation of a friend I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr Wood's Sarsaparilla and wild Cherry Bitters. Before taking one bottle she was relieved entirely of the headache, and after taking two or three bottles, the other symptoms entirely disappeared.

M. B. GIBBS.

North Fairhaven, Long Plain, June 16, 1845.

MR E. THORNTON, JR.

Dear Sir,—My daughter has been for more than two years afflicted with a confirmed dyspepsia and liver complaint, together with a severe and constant headache. During this time she was constantly attended by the most skillful and intelligent physicians, but with little or no relief, until we found the disease was rapidly taking the form of confirmed consumption. At this time, I determined to have recourse to Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters, as prepared by you, and it gives me the sincerest pleasure to state, that after the use of a few bottles, my daughter was happily restored to perfect health. I have the highest confidence in this medicine, and shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends. Very truly yours,

ANSEL WHITE.

The cure described in the above certificate of Mr White, is by no means a singular one. There are hundreds who have been cured from the most acute or long continued disease, by the use of the excellent and highly popular remedy. The proprietor recommends it to the public with the utmost confidence, for in all cases where it has had a fair trial, it has succeeded beyond the expectations of the patient or even his own. The care with which it is prepared, and the intrinsic excellence of its materials, should secure and have secured for it, a character which it well deserves. The prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed, and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once recommend it to the public favor.

E. THORNTON, JR., (sole proprietor) Chemist and Druggist, North Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

G. H. CARLETON & CO., Agents for Lowell; and for sale by all the principal dealers in New England. a&p6mosapr9

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.
REPUBLICATION OF
The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m .112 Fulton st., New York.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at most of the Druggist and West India Goods stores in Lowell.

Price 50 cents per bottle. advlyjan29

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.
DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureas of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Collum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise her chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatism in ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the cause or inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparille, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grond and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend:—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAMUEL KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a5m

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.
INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned; was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowa&plyjun13

SALEM AND LOWELL STAGE NOTICE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½ A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

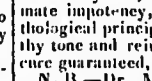
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses, of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

CARPET AND FEATHER WAREHOUSE

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 149.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 45, Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING,

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING,

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&rtf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS TO POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf novt

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be retersed after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.

Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }

WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

B. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,

Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore*....LOWELL. 6m
sp12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.,

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
udv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

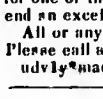
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&rly



GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street,

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Were and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. elyapr4

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodion's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10atf

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interest to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
60	$5000	$370 80	1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 16	435 53	67 53	198 7
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	176 0
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 76	148 2
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	133 6

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMOND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Spewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

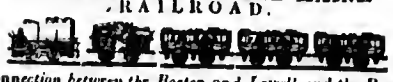
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington, &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 376 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly

FARM FOR SALE.



A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.

A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. jy11ptf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

POETRY.

NOVEMBER.

BY CHARLES G. EASTMAN.

The days we've so long dreaded,
The days of snow and rain,
Of mud and mire and dirtiness
Have came, at last, again.
The fields look like a lover's face,
Upon whose heart and brain
Has fallen a moulded dampness,
That soakes into the grain.

The dripping of the rain is heard
Upon the roof all night,
And the thick and heavy clouds obscure
Two thirds of all the light.
We gape and stretch and feel as dull
As our grandmother's sight,
"Some" older than Methuselah,
And cross enough to bite.

That summer's gone and gone for good,
'Tis useless to deny,
The women scold about the wood,
And the wood is getting high!
The wind grows cross and gruff and mean,
And frets around the sky,
Or sneaks about your premises,
Like a miserable spy.

Alas! these days of mud and of
Interminable rain,
Of over-coats and over-shoes,
And 'potbecary's grains;
Of all the slops for coughs and colds,
From catnip tea to "Swaines,"
Make the effort to survive appear
A questionable pains.

Defence of the Alamo.

"Remember the Alamo," was the war cry of the Texians at the battle of San Jacinto, and well it might have been, for no other cry would have been so effectual in nerving their arms for the work before them. The defence of the Alamo stands prominent among the most desperate works of bravery recorded in history, and was distinguished even in the unequal and bloody contest for Texan independence.

Gen. Wool, of the U. S. Army destined for Chihuahua, had his head quarters for a long time at San Antonio de Bexar, near which place stands the ruins of the Alamo. An officer of this army gives the following graphic account of the defence of the Alamo in a letter to a friend, which letter was sent to the National Intelligencer for publication. The letter is dated San Antonio de Bexar, (Texas,) Aug. 24, 1846:

On the 14th instant I wrote you a very brief letter announcing my arrival at this place. We are so far removed from the United States that intercourse is almost prohibited. Mails are so irregular that no reliance is to be placed on them, and private expresses to La Baco, and thence to New Orleans, by any vessel that offers, form the most common means of transmission. This place is very different from any in the republic as it was, and the houses and streets are not more extraordinary than the habits and appearance of the people. The most interesting object, however, in the vicinity is the Alamo. It is now a shapeless mass of ruins.—The chapel is defaced and broken down, and the walls of the fort are fast crumbling to decay.—Time and the elements have almost completed what the Mexican artillery commenced, and the coliseum of Texas will soon form but a shattered and mournful monument of its own existence.

On the 23d day of February, 1836, Santa Anna entered San Antonio de Bexar, and took possession of the town without firing a gun. The small garrison of one hundred and thirty men, under the command of William Barrett Travis, retired, as he advanced, to the Alamo, on the opposite side of the river, determined there to offer whatever resistance to the progress of the tyrant that God and their own energies should permit. Flushed with the conquest so easily effected, of the town, the Mexican general prepared for an immediate attack upon the Alamo. He ordered breastworks to be thrown up on every commanding point, and artillery to be planted wherever it could be made most effective. One battery was completed on the right bank of the river by the 25th, and on this day the siege commenced.

It is a dark and gloomy morning, devoted to a dark and unholy purpose. Exulting in the work of death upon which he is entering, Santa Anna crosses the river, the better to behold the success of his designs, and establishes his head quarters in a small stone building yet standing. The signal is given, and, ere the sun has risen upon the scene, the roar of artillery from the Mexican battery awakens the echoes far and wide, and rouses from their slumber the yet sleeping inhabitants. But the defenders of the Alamo have not lost sight for a single moment of their wily and remorseless enemy; they watch the studied direction of every gun; they see the match lighted; they listen, breathless, as if even at that distance they could hear the command to fire; and when it does come, and the walls of that citadel tremble under the shock of the iron hail, and the fragments of stone are whirled aloft by the sudden impulse, they send back a shout of defiance, mingled with the discharge from their own guns, almost as deafening as the thunder of their assailants. Before the smoke rolls away, and the reverberations are lost in the distance, while the shouts of the besieged still linger on the ears of the besiegers, the cannonade is renewed, and for seven hours fiercely continued upon the walls of the Alamo. But these walls yield no more than the spirits of their defenders. The fire is steadily returned; and though stones are shivered around them, there are stout hearts and willing hands ready to repair every breach, and to restore from the interior whatever may have been destroyed from without. Earth is thrown up; every crack or fissure closed as fast as created; by the eager efforts of those who will permit no evidence of success to cheer the hopes of their enemy. The sun has almost sunk behind the western plains when there is a pause in the work of demolition. The firing ceases for the day by order of the Mexicans commander, with his thirst for blood unsatiated, for not a single drop has fallen within the Alamo. Many of his own men have bit the dust before the artillerists and rifleman of the fort; but thus far they are unavenged. Darkness falls upon besieger and besieged; the former raise new entrenchments to prosecute the assault; the latter establish a watch for the night, and endeavor to seek that repose which shall give them fresh vigor for the contest which they know will come to-morrow.

The morning of the 26th dawns, and reveals to the occupants of the fort the effect of the midnight labors of their enemy, in the establishment of two additional batteries within the Alameda of the Alamo. The bayonets of the infantry, crossed over the river during the night, glitter in the morning beams, and the plumes of the cavalry are seen waving on the eastern hills, to intercept the expected aid from that quarter. The contest is renewed by a slight skirmish between a few of the Texians, sent in quest of wood and water, and a detachment under the Mexican General Sesma; but this is a mere overture to the grand performance of the day. The thunders of the heavy ordnance, under the direction of Colonel Ampudia, are soon roused into action; volley after volley is poured into the fort, and answered only except at rare intervals, by the shouts of those within. There is no pause, no cessation. Still the cannonade goes on; shells fly hissing through the air, and balls bury themselves within the ramparts; but night comes on, and the Mexican general can see no progress.—Baffled, but not discouraged, he advances his line of posts, and prepares with the morning light to enter again upon his task. The north wind sweeps over the prairies, as it only sweeps in Texas; a storm / lullaby to the stormy passions of those contending hosts. The darkness is broken only by the feeble blaze of a few huts, fired by the Texians, which have furnished a cover to their enemy. The flames curl upwards with a sickly glare, throw a fitful light for a moment upon the slumbering army, and expire.—The reign of darkness and of silence is resumed.

On the next day, the Mexicans appear inactive. There is but little firing on either side. Those within the fort, with spirits unsubdued, and with energies weakened but not exhausted, are applying their limited resources to the purposes of defence. No heart falters; no pulse throbs with diminished power; no hand shrinks from the labor that necessity imposes; all is confidence and determination; a firm reliance springing from the holiness of the cause, and the certainty of its final triumph. Sunday follows; but brings no rest to those whom God has created in his own image, yet endowed with such unhallowed passions. Perhaps within the chapel of the Alamo, consecrated to the worship of the Almighty, and distinguished by the emblem of man's salvation which surmounts the dome, heads may be bowed in prayer to the God of battles for deliverance from their sanguinary foe; but that foe takes no heed of Sabbaths. Exclusive-followers, as they proclaim themselves, of the true church, they doom to destruction the very temple they have erected to its worship; and, kissing the cross suspended from their necks, and planted before every camp, they point their guns upon the image of that Savior they once made the tutelary deity of the Alamo. The fire of their artillery keeps company with the minutes as the roll on.

Extracts from Almonte's Circular to the Ministry of War and Marine, Oct. 21, 1846.

The United States of the North, a nation greedy of conquests, has inflicted upon us all the wrongs possible since we had the misfortune to enter into relation with it. The North Americans have excited and fomented constantly our domestic dissensions. They introduced their citizens into our State of Texas; they procured the independence of those fearless adventurers; and and when it suited their interests, they resolved to incorporate with their own country that interesting portion of our territory, upon which the United States is unable to allege the slightest claim of right. It was and is unquestionably just, that the Mexicans should reclaim their owe; and when our troops were preparing to vindicate the honor of the nation and reconquor a territory which belonged to us, then the Government of the United States assumed as their own the cause of a revolted department of Mexico, and in a manner the most ignoble and unjust declared war upon us, introducing into the heart of the Republic their exterminating hosts, blockaded our ports with their squadrons, thus paralysing our commerce, and to make our position more difficult compelling, us to misapply the ordinary resources of our public administration. This war demands great sacrifices of the republic, and these sacrifices are to be attributed to the necessity forced upon us by the most iniquitous act which can be prepetrated among civilized and christian people.

It matters not that fortune sometimes deserts us in the field of battle; the honor of our arms we have preserved even in the midst of the disasters of the war; and whovn everything, a people numbering eight millions, which achieved their independence against the might of a powerful nation, cannot succumb in a war waged upon it by the North Americans.

Our efforts to come out of the war gloriously will be as extraordinary as our sacrifices, since on every side the citizens are arming in support of the Supreme Government in defence of the country. *The day is coming nor is it now distant, when we shall not only be able to impose terms upon our enemies, but to exact from them as a fitting act of justice an idemnity for the injuries which they have inflicted upon us*, injuries which will be indeed a grievous burden to the country, but which will save its honor and nationality. The Supreme Government, in anticipation of these events, and convinced that the final triumph in the present struggle will be in favor of Mexico, wishes that in due time there should be prepared and transmitted to it in the clearest form an exact account of the losses sustained by the public interests and those of private individuals in the present war: and with this view his Excellency, the General, entrusted with the supreme executive power, charges me that I should direct you, as I now have the honor to do, that you take measures necessary to comply punctually with this design of the executive, in order that the noble and patriotic views of the chief magistrate of the Republic may be fulfilled. God and Liberty!

ALMONTE.

SELLING CRACKERS. While in West Plattsburg we were told a circumstance which occured somewhere in New York, too good to be lost. A quick-witted toper went into a bar-room and called for something to drink.

"We don't *sell* liquor," said the law-abiding landlord—"we will *give* you a glass, and then if you want to buy a cracker, we'll sell it to you for three cents."

"Very well," said the Yankee customer, "hand dowe the decanter."

The "good cranture" was handed down, and our hero took a stiff horn, when tureing around to depart, the unsuspecting landlord handed him the dish of crackers, with the remark, "you'll bey a cracker?"

"Well, no, I guess not; you sell 'em too doar; I can git lot's on 'em, five or six for a cent any where else."
—*Ex. paper.*

WASHINGTON, NOVEMBER 19. The trial of the Van Ness case was continued to-day, and as the evidence has been of rather unexpected character, intense interest was excited by it.

It was proved to-day, beyond the shadow of a doubt, that the letters attributed to Gen. John P. Van Ness were genuine, and not forgeries, as contended on the other side. Their genuineness was proved by men of the highest consideration in this city—by Walter Jones by William Brent, clerk of the circuit court, and by Mr. McNamee, assistant clerk in that office.

It is in undoubted evidence that Gen. Van Ness, in his correspondence with Mrs Mary Ann Conner, acknowledge her as his wife, and that he had a child by her, and not only acknowledged his paternity, but delighted in it.

Still the secret marriage alleged to have taken place in Philadelphia, in 1845, Aug. 6th, cannot be legally proved.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

☞ The remarks in Saturday's Courier, relative to the requisition upon Massachusetts for troops to serve the country, prove that the editor will probably realize the fervent hope he expressed sometime since, viz:—*that he might live and die in the faith of the Hartford Convention—Post.*

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING: NOV. 21, 1846.

A meeting of the Democratic City Committee will be holden at the Advertiser Office, this (TUESDAY) evening, at 8 o'clock.

Special business is to be considered.

Per Order
I. N. GOODHUE, Secretary.

Our State Election.

Our Democratic friends are discussing the cause of the small vote in this state, thrown by the Democratic party. The Essex Banner seems disposed to attribute it to the course pursued by Governor Morton, and President Polk. The Worcester Palladium rather attributes our small vote, to a want of proper organization. It thinks we better have a *country* organization, than a *city* organization. The Banner, very justly remarks, that it would be as well to support mad mid country papers, as to start, campaign papers in Boston.

Now we are not inclined to quarrel with our contemporaries though in part we disagree with them, and shall say but little at this time. That the Democratic cause will progress better under country than city guidance, we think is true. There is in the country, less seeking and managing for office. The party under country management, is hardly liable to fall into the hands of persons, who, to monopolize, and avail themselves of the offices at the disposal of the national Executive, are desirous of keeping the party conveniently small. Nor under a country organization, and country control, would the patronage of the party in the national government, and in the state (should the Democratic party ever there have any to bestow) be likely to be entirely given to two or three Boston papers—If a party is to be built up, and sustained, it must be done by having papers well supported, and well conducted in every other part of the state as well as in Boston. And the friends of the Democratic cause, if they would see their party wax strong, must learn *first* to support their own County, and District papers.—Every County and District has its political organization and candidates for office, and local interests, all of which the paper of the party in the county or district, is expected to pay, and must pay particular attention to, or the party will go down. But can it be expected these things will be done by a country paper, unless it receives a part of the patronage the party has to bestow, and unless the members of the party in its own county, or district give it their support in preference to paper having no interest in their local concerns! Papers in the country can no more be published for nothing than in the city, and persons who have any interest in the advancement of Democracy, should remember the fact. So for these reasons we agree with our friends that the Democracy of the country should take and exercise their full share, in the management of the party.

With the Banner we heartily agree in the recommendation—"let measures not men be the motto"—"when there is any election whatever to take place, see to it that, you have tried democratic candidates in the field for town and county as well as State officers." That, is, the doctrine—keep up a thorough organization, and you keep what you get, and know where to find your men on election days.

But in attributing the falling off, in the Democratic vote, to Governor Morton's course, we think there is a great mistake. A few individuals 'tis true, were disappointed because Gov. Morton was elected to the Gubernatorial office by the Legislature, with much less than a majority of the popular vote, did not remove every whig, and give them the spoils; but the body of the Democratic party, believed the Governor to have acted wisely, and conscientously and judiciously.

Thanksgiving Amusements.

THE NEW MUSEUM will be opened on Thursday, and the excellent company Mr Gates has obtained, will perform day and evening. We stepped into the New Museum building a day or two since and were surprised to find it so well fitted up. The seats are very convenient, the room large and the scenic representations of a really high order. Mr Gates really deserves the thanks of the amusement portion of the public.

MR A. BOND gives a vocal and instrumental concert at City Hall, in the evening, commencing at 7 o'clock, assisted by members of his Band, and by Miss J. B. Wight, Mr Louis Strack, Mr I. N. Metcalf, and several amateurs. The strong attraction offered by Mr B. insures a full house.

THE TREMONT VOCALISTS give a Concert at Wentworth's Hall. Since here they have been singing all over the country and are highly spoken of. But Lowell people can judge pretty well for themselves of their vocal powers, as they have heretofore given two Concerts in this city.

THE MECHANIC PHALANX give one of their series of Cotillon Parties at the Mechanic's Hall. A brilliant party will be present.

☞ G. W. A., a correspondent of the Lowell Courier, writes to the editor of that paper, and states on the authority of a Mr Sherman, that Mr Boutwell did deny having any sympathy with the Abolitionists. Who Mr Sherman is we do not know, but if he makes any such statements he states what is not true. Mr Boutwell said not one word as to whether he had or had not any sympathy with abolitionists. That he is opposed to slavery we have no doubt; but not a word did he *say* for, against or about the abolitionists at that Convention.

ARKANSAS. By the N. Y. True Sun we learn that the Legislature convened on the 8th inst., was organized by the election of W. K. Sebastian as President of the Senate, and Albert Rust as speaker of the House. The message of Gov. Drew necessitates that the State debt amounts to $3,617,227,59, with an annual accruing interest of $164,660,19. The Governor recommends that the State Bank be wound up. The population of the State is 145,000, being an increase of fifty per cent. in the last six years.

THE ELECTION, yesterday, resulted in the choice of two of the regular whig candidates and the defeat of one. Frederick Haltan was defeated. Arnold Welch and John L. Tripp were elected.

In Dracut no choice.

DICKINSON, at his Hall on Middle street, unites a Ball and Picnic to-morrow evening. There will be a rush.

THE CITY GUARDS commence a series of Cotillon parties to-morrow evening at Mechanic's Hall.

Failure of the Attack on Alvarado.

Very much has been said concerning the attack on Alvarado, and many aspersions cast upon the character of Commodore Conner, in command of the Gulf Squadron, as being destitute even in personal courage, or at least deficient in those requisites necessary to success as a commander. The whole navy has been by some stigmatized as inefficient, in valor and power, to accomplish that which we particularly look for in an arm of our national defence, which has been ever since the days of the Revolution, and more particularly since the "last war," the delight of the people, and received in an especial manner, their fostering care.—It seems any man, unless versed in nautical affairs, takes upon himself a great deal, when he attempts to decide upon such matters—and a sailor would not be qualified to judge of the correctness or incorrectness of Com. C.'s movement, unless he was fully conversant with the facts. Commodore Conner may be to blame and he may not. Who knows? Since the battles of Resca del Palma and Palo Alto, and the storming of Monterey, it seems as if some people would be satisfied with nothing save deeds that would count as miraculous even in the olden times. Our fleet in the Gulf, to satisfy them, must, some bright morning, take Alvarado and Tobasco, demolish St. Juan d'Ulloa, and take Vera Cruz, and sweep the Gulf of Mexico from Sisal to the mouth of the Rio Grande, or they are nobodies. These fellows with an idea that Mexico is about as big as New Hampshire, no doubt expect Gen. Taylor will, some day this autumn make a thousand miles charge from Monterey to Mexico, storm the city and drive the ruthless soldiery of the whole Mexican army into the pacific Ocean. When they receive such an account we hope they will have a good time reading it.

Alvarado is a small town about 1 1-2 miles from the mouth of the river Alvarado, with a fort immediately in front of the town, and another at the mouth of the river and opposite the sand bar. Six small Mexican vessels of war, one anchored just opposite the town, carrying in all about 50 guns. The latitude is about 19, longitude about 96° 30'. Alvarado is not far from twenty-five miles south of Vera Cruz. The attack was made on the 15th of Oct. In passing the bar a portion of the gun boats of the second division, ran aground, and the others not being able, on account of shoal water to get within gunshot of the forts, while the enemy opened a sharp fire upon them, Com. Conner saw fit to withdraw.

We are confident we shall hear in a few days or weeks, at most, of the taking of Alvarado and Tobasco, the reduction of Vera Cruz, and be able to congratulate our readers that our gallant navy is worthy of the high estimation in which it has ever been held.

Elections.

Massachusetts. The whig senators in Berkshire fail of an election: one by three the other by nine votes. All the whig candidates are elected in Congress except Mr King and Mr Palfrey. A new trial has been ordered to take place on Monday, Dec. 2d, to fill the vacancies.

Maine. We had quietly given up Maine to abolitionism and the whigs, but after all the crawing of the factionists, she will probably be Democratic still. We have five majority in the Senate, and most likely shall elect a Democratic Governor.

The whigs of the third congressional district in New Hampshire, run long Gen. James Wilson against the Democratic candidate, Hon. Mace Moulton.

Alabama. The Savannah Republican, whig, has no doubt of the election of Mr Bowden, the democratic candidate, to fill McConnell's vacancy.

Mississippi. Henry T. Ellet is to be the Democratic candidate for the vacancy in Congress, occasioned by the resignation of Col. Davis, who resigned and went to the war.

Texas has unquestionably elected two democrats to congress on the 2d inst.

From the Army.

From the New York Commercial Advertiser's TELEGRAPH REPORT OF FRIDAY NIGHT.

There is nothing later from the squadron; but a letter from Captain Cailhoun, of the Georgia volunteers, dated Monterey, October 12, makes known that on the 11th there was a skirmish, about six miles from Monterey, between a part of the Georgia regiment, on its way from Camargo, and a body of the marauding rancheros under Canales. The Georgians were commanded by Lieut. Horne and began the attack; they made ten of the rancheros prisoners, killed one and captured some baggage. Several were wounded. None of the Georgians were killed or wounded. The dispatch adds, "Canales had just left the rancho to arrange assault for the night. Our troops had encamped, with a heavy train, loaded with provisions." The specific meaning of this is not so clear as it might be.

FROM THE GULF SQUADRON. A letter dated off Tampico, 17th Oct., to the New Orleans Delta, reports Commodore Perry's fleet off Tobasco, waiting a favorable tide to pass the bar, all eager for the fray.—The vessels were, the Mississippi steamer, (flag ship) the Vixen, McLean, Forward, Nonita, Reefer and Bonita—all small gun boats, except the Mississippi.—There were two other small vessles for taking the marines ashore."

FIVE MAXIMS TO BE OBSERVED THROUGH LIFE.

1. Never regret what is irretrievably lost.
2. Never believe that which seems improbable.
3. Never expose your disappointment to the world.
4. Never complain of being ill-used.
5. Always speak well of your friends, but of your enemies, speak neither good nor evil.

☞ "The London Morning Post of the 2d instant states a loss of bullion by the bank to the amount of one million and a half in the preceding four weeks.—Fears were entertained that a constant decrease in stock of bullion would ensue upon purchases of bread stuffs in America, as exchanges were against England."

☞ A Washington letter says: "Several changes have been made in the Post Office Department to-day. Mr Morrow has been promoted to the office of Second Post Master General. Mr Dundas has the place of Mr Morrow, and there are some lesser changes.

☞ "The magnificent vase, procured by the ladies of Tennessee, for the Hon. Henry Clay, was presented to the distinguished statesman, at Ashland, on the 12th inst., in the presence of a number of his friends."

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

VALLEY OF THE MISSISSIPPI, October 10, 1846.

Deer killing—fine sport—Indian skill with the boat, &c., &c.

I parted with you at Mr Buffalo's residence about one hundred miles up the St. Croix. On we coursed down a river almost the image of the Merrimack from Winnipissiogee Lake to its mouth at Newburyport.—Rapids and falls are just about as frequent and the scenery upon the shore presents much the same variety, and in most instances the same kind of growth of wood; you could not rid the mind of being in a New England country, as it appears along the valley of the Merrimack, except the shores and meadows as they occur are more luxuriantly covered. The soil in a state of nature appears more fruitfully covered. But fine plains skirt the shore to about the same extent, and all the appearance to a New England man seems natural and agreeable. The climate is much the same in temperature, only not so variable.

On we coursed down the river till night, when we came to an Indian village. Our Indian voyagers here revolted and declined making the whole journey; this was the finale to the start in making them captains.—One of our companions wished to go up snake river—we parted here—held parley with our men, advising them to continue on; but no, unless they could have their own way they would not. This time, abundance of Indians being near, your humble servant was despatched to try his hand in engaging another birch and a couple of Indians to bring us the sixty miles (2 days' journey) down to the falls of St. Croix, the nearest point of white men settlements. I began, by buying a Fawn skin full of rice, and giving one of the pappooses a little silver cross, and soon introduced my business of being put down the river in a birch. A squaw and young Indian first engaged, but soon it resulted in engaging the father. In two hours time we were fitted out with another canoe and started, very much to the chagrin of the voyagers we left behind, who sat silent, mute and cross upon the bank to witness our success with their brother red man. We had proceeded but little way on our journey when we espied a deer swiming the river. We put to with our paddles in the still, sly Indian habit after wild game. The boat seemed to skim along as if by magic, upon the surface of the water; not a whisper, nor stir but the paddles, and they were moved miselessly. The bow was given me for a shot. Thinks I, if the *King of the Gipsies* was only here, would not this be a treat to him that would well repay the hardship of the whole journey—I noticed the deer was fast gaining the shore and that too before we should near him within shot.—Anxiously I turned round; the Indian saw on the instant that I was about to speak, and he cast a self-conceited smile at my ignorance of the hunt, gave a *wolf howl*, and repeat. I turned my head to my business; the deer, fearing his enemy the wolf, was on the shore he was nearing, changed his course down the current of the river, towards an island about half a mile in front. The Indian boy, about 20, was put ashore with his gun, by the old man, to run upon shore for a shot, and we with the boat continued down the current.—The anxiety of the old man for the success of the boy in the chase, equalled anything you ever saw.—Still we pushed on, nearing our object, until at last, within gun shot, the boy made his appearance on the shore, out of place. The Indian screeched. The deer sprung upon the shore. I fired a charge of shot and hit just where the boys stealing mellons get hit when the gun is charged with salt. The deer bounded over the hill, and the boy was taken into the hunt. Such a specimen of scolding the old man gave us is seldom witnessed. He told him he could never have a squaw—he could not provide for her, &c., &c. The boy suffered immensely in feeling; I felt almost as bad as he looked to think I had such a chance, and yet could *not say I had ever killed a "deer."* In a few miles farther, at an Indian lodge, we put in and found the squaws just dressing and preparing a quantity of venison. We finally bought what we had not the luck to kill. Deer, duck, and patridge are very plenty for a space of 100 miles on this river. I am decidedly of opinion that the King of the Gipsies would command that company much better by spending a summer in this region. The one-half its novelty, romance and beauty cannot be described. At night we camped within twenty-five miles of the falls, and the next day about three o'clock arrived at the first house or white man's quarters we had seen in fifteen days. Nothing curious happening, except the skill with which the Indians run the light bark over the rapids. The falls are much like the rapids along the Stone House, if the dam was let away, and the Indian twists his birch between the rocks and down the current with a rapidity and in a manner almost incredible. At the Falls of St. Croix, the lumber business is carried on to a very large extent. Over one hundred thousand dollars have been laid out in draining, boring, building mills, &c., for the purpose of improving the large prairies above on the river. At this place too, we run against excavations that contain fine specimens of copper ore. Indeed, taking into consideration the facility with which it can be worked, I have seen nothing on Lake Superior that warrants so safe an investment. Indeed all the way up the river, trap rock bounds the shore and bed of the river, in all cases where rapids occur.—The little village at the falls, contains a store, post office, school house or chapel, and some eleven small dwelling houses, and about one hundred inhabitants. Lumbering is the principal business—gangs of from twenty to fifty with their cattle, go in the woods in the fall and return in the spring—camping out all winter. Men prefer this kind of employment to that about home in the winter. Attachment to this mode of life grows upon practice like it does upon the seamen.

Truly yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

VOLUNTEERS. Gov. Wright, of New York, has ordered into service the first Regiment of N. Y. Volunteers, under the command of Col. Ward B. Burnett.

☞ A writer in the New Orleans Tropic averts, that the $2,000,000 seized upon by Santa Anna, was taken with the sanction of Great Britain.

PRESIDENT IN 1848. The Cayuga Tocsin has hoisted the name of SILAS WRIGHT as a candidate for President in 1848.

☞ Bulwer the novelist, has recently come in possession of his mother's fortune—about $20,000 or $30,000 a year.

☞ The British government have made a contract for 100,000 gallons of rum for the British navy.

Call on Virginia for Troops by the Secretary of War.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

The Governor last night received the following communication from the War department. At our earnest request he permitted us to take a copy for publication, which we hasten to lay before our readers:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Nov. 16th, 1846.

SIR:—In my communication of the 19th of May last, your excellency was requested to organize three regiments of volunteers, under the act of the 13th of that month, to be held in readiness for public service.

The President now directs me to notify your excellency, that one infantry regiment of volunteers from your State is required for immediate service, and to be continued therein during the war with Mexico, unless sooner discharged. The regiment will consist of—

Field and Staff—1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 1 Major, 1 Adjutant, (a Lieutenant of one of the companies, but not in addition.

Non-Commissioned Staff—1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quartermaster Sergeant, 2 principal Musicians and 10 companies, each of which to consist of 1 Captain, 1 First Lieutenant, 2 Second Lieutenants, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 2 Musicians, and 80 Privates,

Should the number of Privates, on being mustered, not fall below sixty-four effective men in a Company, it will be received.

Guyandotte is designated as a place of rendezvous for the several companies as fast as they shall be organized, and where they may be further organized into a regiment, if not already done under a previous call. The regiment will be inspected and mustered into service by an officer or officers of the U. S. Army, who will in every case, be instructed to receive no man who is in years apparently over 45 or under 18, or who is not of physical strength and vigor. To this end the inspector will be accompanied by a medical officer of the army, and the volunteers will be submitted to his examination. It is respectfully suggested that public notice of these requirements will prevent much disappointment to the zealous and patriotic citizens of your State who may be disposed to volunteer.

It may be proper to remark, that the law provides for the clothing—in money—and subsistence of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of volunteers, who are received into the service of the United States. In respect to clothing, the law requires that the volunteers shall furnish their own clothing, for which purpose it allows to each non-commissioned officer, musician and private three dollars and fifty cents per month, during the time he shall be in the service of the United States.

In order that the volunteers, who shall be mustered into service under this requisition, may be enabled to provide themselves with good and sufficient clothing, the commutation allowance for six months—twenty-one dollars—will be advanced to each non-commissioned officer, musician and private after being mustered into service, but only with the express condition that the volunteer has already furnished himself with six months clothing; this fact to be certified to the Paymaster by the Captain of the company; or that the amount advanced shall be applied under the supervision of his Captain, to the object contemplated by law. In this latter case, the advance commutation for clothing will be paid on the Captain's certificate that he is satisfied it will be so applied.

In respect to subsistence before arriving at the place of rendezvous, and for travelling home from the place of discharge, the allowance is fifty cents for every 20 miles distance.

The President requests that you will be as prompt as possible in the arrangement of this whole matter, in order that the volunteers may be ready for immediate service. Officers at the quartermaster and subsistence departments will be immediately ordered to the place of rendezvous with funds to defray the necessary expenses which may be incurred.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
WM. L. MARCY,
Secretary of War.

To His Excellency, WM. SMITH, Governor of Virginia.

The above call is probably precisely like the one made on the Governors of all the States which have just been called on to furnish troops, with the exception of the place of rendesvous. Gov. Briggs has, ere this, received such a communication, unless the requisition on the Governor of New York was misdirected to Gov. Briggs, and the requisition on Gov. Briggs sent to the Gov. of New York, as the New York papers say is probably the fact. But if so, it is a matter of little consequence as the communications can be readily changed. Massachusetts then, we may consider as being called on for troops for immediate service. We trust the Governor will at once respond to the call.

Murder trial in Philadelphia.

Charles Mosler for the murder of his wife Eve Mosler was put on trial on Wednesday the 18th inst. The facts appear to be about the following:—

"The prisoner and the deceased were married about seven years since, he being then about thirty and she between sixty and seventy. Their disparity in age was not more so than their tastes, habits and feelings; she an exemplary woman, religiously inclined and desiring tranquility and repose, while he was loose and dissipated in his habits, and brutal and violent in his passions. He had previously made an attempt upon her life, and her body being stripped after death, it was rendered evident, from bruises upon her breast and side, that he had previously beaten her. The murder occured on the afternoon of the 11th of May, while no one was in the house with the parties except an infant a great-grand-daughter of the deceased, and of course none but circumstantial evidence can be presented. A short time before he had uttered threats against the deceased in the presence of witness, and the deed was inflicted with a razor with which the prisoner had shaved himself just previously. A grand-daughter of the deceased, living in a house immediately in the rear, was the first attracted by the scream of murder, and on approaching the back door, saw her grand-mother with her throat cut, and the blood streaming over her person; she was then in an erect position, but immediately tottered and fell to the floor a corpse, beside the bloody razor with which the deed had been committed. Three men who arrived on the spot a few moments afterwards, on going up stairs, detected the accused in the act of taking off a bloody shirt, and on being questioned, confessed that he had committed the murder, and asked for some water to wash his hands. This confession he repeated while on his way to the Alderman's office, from whence he was committed to prison."

SUNDAY ELECTIONS! Sunday elections are rather novel, yet Sunday, the 1st day of November, was an election day throughout the State of Louisiana; *the first day of November* had been made the day for the election of constables in the different parishes, but the polls were opened only in Bayou, Sara and St. Francisville. The lawyers must do their work over again.—*Sun.*

☞ "Mr Clay will spend the winter in New Orleans. In a recent letter in reply to a friend he advised that there shall be no agitation of the Presidential question, until a far distant day."

☞ The attack of paralysis with which John Q. Adams was taken in the street is understood to have been slight, and will not probably prevent his appearance in congress at the beginning of the session—*Post.*

☞ The Farmer's Almanac for 1847 is out, and may be found at Merrill & Heywood's and N. L. Dayton's.

☞ Some Genoese man pet in a $100 bill, at a collection taken for the benefit of the Children's Friend Society in Boston.

☞ DR. WAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave arrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—He cautions to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. CASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&rly c31

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th., 1843,

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, *No:* 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas, Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchase a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We begin remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

---

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

THANKSGIVING CONCERT.

MR. A. BOND respectfully announces that he will give a Concert of *Vocal and Instrumental Music at CITY HALL, on*

THURSDAY EVENING, Nov 26th.

Mr. B. takes pleasure in announcing that he will be assisted by Miss J. B. WIGHT, Mr I. N. METCALF Mr LOUIS STRACK, and several Amateurs, who have kindly volunteered their aid.

Tickets 25 Cents. May be obtained at the usual places. Doors open at 6 o'clock—Concert to commence at a quarter before 7 precisely.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family: Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things! There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"*THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.*"

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Flour Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action,	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Griper,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache,	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all bilious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clears and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK.

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession,—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March. a1y nov 24.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Nov. 20th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracut, in said County, painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Burbank will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of November instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Burbank and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

nov21a3t

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION.—

For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work,	from $1 to 2 00

☞ Tuition required in advance. ☜

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. a2w

Lyceum Lectures.

A course of fourteen lectures will be given in the Free chapel on Middlesex st, on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, by distinguished gentlemen of this city and other places. The first Lecture will be delivered on the evening of December 1st. Tickets for the course at 37 1-2 cts for males and 25 cts for females, may be had at the Bookstore of Merrill & Heywood's, near the Post office, or at the chapel, on the evening of Nov 20 23 and 24th from 7 to 9 o'clock Nov 19. a3t.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE!"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LDAINE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALPINE;
3 " Rich PLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMY PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the earn attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10 qutf

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.



HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

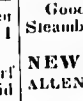
Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. R. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opherlide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov4 3m

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.



FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED



From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 1045) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&P1f

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Committee of Dracutt will be in session at the house of Rev. Silas Curtis (in Centerville, Dracutt) on Monday, 16th and 23d of November next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining teachers.

GEO. W. ADAMS, Sec'y of Committee.

Dracutt, Oct. 27, 1846. o30r3w.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at, Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day



The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA Wheaton, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

---

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF

This Day.



The packet Schooner, CHARLOTTE Crowell master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAML WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

CORRECTION OF CHECK LISTS.—The Board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, on SATURDAY Evening next, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday Morning next, Nov. 23, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. nov19 a3t.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

THE ROSE F SHARON for 1847. A Religious Souvenier for 1847, edited by Miss Sarah C. Edgarton,—embellished with 7 beautiful steel engravings. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD. sept19

THE LADIES' CASKET

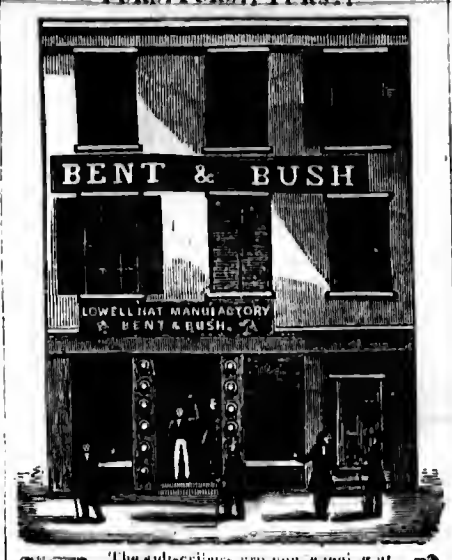
CONTAINING a gem together with its sentiment and a practical description, for each day in the week and each month in the year—By J. W. Hanson. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. 15 per cent. can be saved in buying Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings and clothing by calling at 34 Central St., L. D. BOISE.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now manufacturing their *HAT, CAP* and *FURS* at

No 39 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tiel Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fash ion.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Wine and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Mohskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

4tf

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

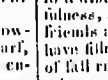
There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 3m H. T. BUTLER.

ALL READY.



FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER.

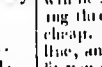
THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you: dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.



ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warriur,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central Streets.*

Real Estate at Auction

On Saturday Nov, 28th at 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises

A House with two tenements & 1800 feet of land situated on the corner of Lawrence & Curtis streets.—Said House is pleasantly situated and in good repair is constructed with it a well of good water it will rent for 75 dollars per annum.

Terms: A large portion of the purchase money may remain on Mortgage.

For further particulars enquire of J. L. Hunt, or of the Auctioneer.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

---

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Great sale of Fur Goods.

On Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 10 and 2 o'clock, at Office, Consisting of Stone Martin, Blue Fox, Fitch, Black and Grey Lynx, Siberian, Squirrel, Natural and Blue Jenett, French Coney, Nonesuch, &c., Muffs.

Also—Few full sets Real Russian Sable. This Stock consists wholly of newly manufactured Furs! In perfect order and worthy the attention of the Trade as also the public generally. Sale Positive.

The Goods are open and may be examined one time previous to sale.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mrs. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the line large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotii engravings. The Elmlem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Bouquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Bouquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchies, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the grading and masoning of that part of the Lowell and Andover Railroad extending from Lowell to Tewksbury Village, will be received until the second day of December next. Proposals may be left with either of the Directors or with Cyrus Latham, the Engineer of the Road at his office in the Savings Bank Building, where the plans and profile may be examined.

Lowell Nov. 19. 1846 A&Ptodec2

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver bundle and Pencil. Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23 Central st.

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOURS ON THE BOSTON & LOWELL RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday Nov. 2nd, 1846, Passenger trains will leave Boston for Lowell at 4½ P. M. instead of 5 P. M., and will leave Lowell for Boston at 4½ P. M. instead of 2 P. M.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent

Oct 29 A1f. B. & L. Rail Road.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. nov12

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory refereuces can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like neat eggs, to make chicks lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully offer an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

☞ *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je21a6m 79 Fulton st., New York.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, *Dyspepsia*, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 ndv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in sauce Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frostnd Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would become perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy *is now as straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those also are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yr&pdec16

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA,

For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is annecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&rlyaug29c3t

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton &Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&plyjan29

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell. Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&olvjun18

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success to this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles touch swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted foot part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaskis, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass.

sep8 a5m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or *King's Evil* and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson. Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&ap1oct144



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lyno, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city. Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 28, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 140.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tuilor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf novl

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. —thsmrc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

R. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
no23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

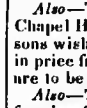
J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
udvly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordoons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1ynpr4

TO THE PUBLIC.
With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodion's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, soaking and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10atf

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1086 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	198 7
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	178 0
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	148 2
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	133 6

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&S 6mo ly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfab14

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewkesbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.

FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrantle every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. up28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jj2a&ply*

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.
A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. je11tf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.
THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimark and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

POETRY.

From the Albany Cultivator.

HARVEST HOME.

When Autumn freely yields
All her golden treasures,
Then those who reap the fields
Partake of harvest pleasures:
This, lads, is harvest home,
Those who labor daily,
Well know 'tis sweet to come
Then let each heart be light,
Here's no room for sorrow,
Joy holds her courts to-night,
Care may come to-morrow:

Now let the lab'rer wipe his brow,
Rest and plenty wait him.
Barn, cellar, rick, or mow,
Are filled to recreate him.
Scythe, sickle, rake, and hoe,
All are now suspended,
Like trophies in a row,
For future use intended.
Then let each heart be light, &c.

Now gay Pomona's store,
Past exertion blesses,
Rich streams of nectar pour,
Sparkling from her presses:
Full gobleta streaming broad,
Crow the farmer's labors;
Those real bliss afford,
When shared by friendly neighbors
Then let each heart be light,
Joy holds her court to-night,
Care may come to-morrow.

The Rainy Day.

The day is cold, and dark, and dreary;
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
The vine still clings to the mouldering wall,
And at every gust the dead leaves, fall,
And the day is dark and dreary.

My life is cold, and dark, and dreary;
It rains, and the winds are never weary;
My thoughts still cling to the mouldering past,
But the hopes of youth fall thick in the blast,
And the day is dark and dreary.

Be still, sad heart, and cease repining;
Behind the clouds is the sun still shining;
Thy fate is the common fate of all;
Into each life some rain must fall,
Some days must be dark and dreary.

Defence of the Alamo.

Morning, mid-day and evening are passed, yet there is no faltering among those who are defending the Thermopylæ of Texas. Another sun rises and sets, and yet another: still the indomitable hearts within quail not before the unceasing efforts of their enemy. In spite of that enemys vindictive vigilance, the little garrison receives from Gonzales a reinforcement of thirty-three men; additional victims for the funeral pyre, soon to be kindled by Santa Anna on the surrounding hills, as a human becatomb to Mexican vengeance.

New batteries are erected by the besiegers; from every point around the missiles of destruction concentrate upon the Alamo. The circles grow smaller and smaller. The final hour must soon come. Provisions are not yet exhausted; but the ammunition is almost gone. Water for days has been supplied by the daring efforts of a solitary Mexican woman, who, through showers of grape and musketry, has threaded her way from the river to the castle, while her own blood has marked the path. She bears with her the spirit of her illustrious ancestor, stretched upon the racks of Cortez; and it is not the fear of death or the tortore that can swerve her from her purpose. In her presence, there is hope, and joy, and life. At each arrival she is hailed by the garrison as the guardian angel of the Alamo and until it falls her efforts fail not.

The siege has continued for ten days. The Mexican general has received large reinforcements, and his army now numbers thousands. He has been unceasing in his efforts to batter down the walls, but has thus far failed. The triumph is with Travis;—but it is written in the heart of his ruthless foe that he must die; and when the cannonade was suspended on the 6th of March, Santa Anna has determined that the hour for the assault has arrived. During ten days a blood-red flag has been streaming from the spire of the church in San Antonio, proclaiming that no quarter is to be given to the champions of the Alamo—that blood alone will appease the fury of Mexican malice. When the sun again goes down; the flag is no longer seen for the deed of which it was the sign has been accomplished.

It is midnight. Stars are smiling in the firmament, and the repose of Paradise seems hovering over armed hosts, and hills, and plains which encircle the Alamo. A low murmur rises upon the air, which gradually becomes more and more distinct. Lights move to and fro in the distance and indicate some unusual movement. The besieging army is in motion. There is no advance by columns. The force of the Mexicans is so great that the fort may be surrounded, leaving intervals only for the fire of the artillery. The plain is girdled by a deep line of infantry, and these are hemmed in and surrounded by another of cavalry. If the first shrink, they must be thrust forward to the assault by the sabres and pistols of their comrades. Suddenly the batteries are in a blaze, and from their concentric positions pour forth a radii of fire pointing to a single centre. Amid the thunders thus created, their own shouts scarcely less terrible, and the blasts of bugles, the Mexidan's advance to the Alamo. A sheet of flame from rifles that never failed is the answer to the charge. The infantry recoil and fall back upon the cavalry; their ranks broken and disordered by the heavy fire of the besieged. The shouts from the fort are mingled with the groans of the dying on the plain, while the officers are endeavoring to re-form their scattered masses. They return to the attack, but the leaden shower which they encounter fells them to the earth by platoons.—Travis shows himself on the walls, cheering on his undaunted followers. Around him are Crockett, Evans, and Bonaham, roused to a last struggle for they know that their doom is sealed. In quick succession, rifle after rifle is discharged sending hundreds to their long account. The Mexicans are again repulsed; they fall back disheartened by the dead and the dying around them. The battalion of Toulca, the flower of the Mexican army, is reduced from fourteen hundred to twenty three. Men have become for a moment regardless of their officers, and are almost delirious, from the cries of anguish which no discipline can restrain, which cope from their fallen and expiring comrades. But a breach is made at last, the disjointed forces by the aid of threats are rallied, and once more turn their

faces to the Alamo. The firing in that quarter has for some time been growing slower and slower. Rifles have dropped from many a vigorous hand, now cold in death, while others cling to their weapons even in the agonies of dissolution. Ammunition, too, has been failing; one by one, the muzzles drop; the last rifle is loaded and discharged, and the Mexicans have gained the wall. Proudly conspicuous at that awful moment, Travis receives a shot, staggers and falls. He dies not unavenged. A Mexican officer rushes upon him, and is about to plunge his sabre into the bosom of the fallen man, when, gathering all his energies for a last effort, he bathes his own sword in the blood of his enemy, and they die together.

In the mean time the battle has been raging hot and thick. The Mexicans have poured into the citadel like leaves falling before the storms of autumn. The conflict becomes hand to hand. Each man struggles with his adversary, dealing blows with rifles, sabres, or whatever missile may be within reach. The Texans are almost buried beneath the numbers of their opponents. The carnage has been so terrible that the slain are piled up in heaps. Death stares each survivor in the face, but still he struggles on.—Crockett has been conspicuous in the melee, wherever the blows fell hottest and thickest.—He has forced his way over piles of the dead bodies of his enemies, and has reached the door of the chapel. Here he determines to make his last stand. At one glance of his, he sees that the fate of the Alamo rests upon himself alone. Travis has fallen; Evans is no more; Bowie expires upon a bed of sickness, pierced to the heart by a Mexican bayonet; Bonham falls before his eyes, and he finds himself the only living warrior of the one hundred and sixty-three who had been his comrades. Perhaps at that moment the life-blood creeps to his heart by a natural impulse, but it is only for a moment.—His foes glare on him with the fierceness of demons, and assault him with blows from sabres, muskets, and pistols. The strength of a hundred men seems concentrated in his single arm, as he deals out death to his rancorous and unsparing assailants. Their bodies have grown into a rampart before him.

Blackened with fire and smoke, besmeared with blood, and roused into phrensy, he stands, like some fabled god of antiquity, laughing to scorn the malice, and the power, and the fury of his enemies. New fire flashes from his eye, and new vigor nerves his arm. On his assailants rush, but it is only upon certain death.—They fall, but their places are still supplied; and so quickly, the dead seem to rise up before him, like armed men from the teeth of Cadmus. At length a ball from a distant rifle pierces him in the forehead; he falls backward to the earth, in the streams of gore which curdle around him. No groan escapes his lips; no cry of agony gratifies the implacable rancour of his enemies; he dies, and the Alamo has fallen.

[Continued]

A WESTERN LAWYER'S ARGUMENT ON LOVE AND MATRIMONIAL INFIDELITY

The following specimen of logic and humor, says the N. Y. Sun, we think contains more real common sense than is frequently to be found embodied in more learned and metaphysical disquisitions. Individuals meditating the enactment of tragedies similar to the one which has recently disgraced a Southern city, may possibly be induced to a "sober second thought" from the perusal of it. The sentiment is indeed couched under a homely garb, but the force of its truth is rather strengthened by it, than otherwise.

It seems that the plaintiff, Bill Brooks, brought an action for assault and battery against Ned Wilkes, who had given him a sound thrashing "for being too free," as Ned expressed it, "with his woman." The "feller wot was licked," employed the lawyer to plead his cause for damages which that unpolished limb of the law did in the most successful manner, as appears from what follows.

"Now, Judge," proceeded the witty counsel, "I tell you what it is; this here defendant says as how my client writ love letters to his wife, a tryin for to git her to love him better than her own lawful husband; and for this arnitholigal reason he attacked my client 'vi et armis,' which means, with his shirt sleeves rolled up to his elbows and perceded to use him up, as well as all his pisaltory correspondence, root, branch and 'sine qua nan' as the law books soy. Now, Judge I don't know what you nor any other man may think about it, but my idee is this. You know, Judge, when you and I was boys together, how we used to play with a piece of soft sole leather which boys call *suckers*. You remember how we used to wet the leather, and then putting it on a stun a pressing it close, it would hug so tight that it was leetotally impossible to pull it off, without fetching the stun along with it. Well now, Judge, suppose another feller should come along and try to put his sucker on to my stun; why, goy bang it' I'd say to him, do it and be darned to ye! I aint a blamed feared of your ruoker, old feller, na how you can fix it; go ahead if you can suck better than I can, why you may take the stun! This Judge, is what I call a common sense sight at the coss. Jest so I say about my wife. I love her—I love her as much as any body can love a woman—my love is jest like that ar sucker—it holds her to me—*it don't do nothing else!* Now if Ned Wildes, the defendant in this here case, should come and try to for, to go for to draw my wife, jest like that stun, to him, why, rontankerous take it, I'd say to him, GO AHEAD! old boy—and if your sucker is stronger than mine, why TAKE THE GAL!—*she's your'n!* Them's my sentiments.

It is needless to say that the lawyer sat down amid the applause of the whole Court, *including the bar room*, and a speedy decision was given in favor of his client.

"My motto is, for this country—universal education founded upon morals drawn from the Bible."—*Abbott Lawrence to the trustees of Amherst College.*

"And behold one came and said unto him, Good Master, what good thing shall I do that I may have eternal life? Jesus said unto him, if thou would be perfect, go *and sell what thou hast and give to the poor*, and thou shall have treasure in heaven; and come and follow me. But when the young man heard that saying, he went away sorrowful; for he had great possessions. Then said Jesus unto his disciples, verily I say unto you, that a rich man shall hardly enter into the kingdom of heaven. And again I say unto you, It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God."—*Gospel according to Mathew, ch. xix.—Chronotype.*

AMHERST STEAM MILL. The erection of our Steam Mills is in rapid operation. The foundation for most of the walls is laid—and the brick work partly up. A chimney of about seventy-five feet high is nearly completed. It is contemplated to finish the engine house without delay—and to have an engine of fifty horse power at work as soon as possible. A sawing apparatus it is expected will be put into operation in season to saw out the materials for completing the superstructure as early in the coming season as may be. It is hoped that "poor, proper Amherst" may yet firm up and make a little smoke after all.—*Amherst Cabinet.*

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 28, 1846.

The next Congress.

All the States that were to hold elections for Representatives to Congress before next spring and summer, have now held them. They number sixteen: Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Delaware and Texas. From these States the members of the House stand—Dem 59—Whigs and natives. 74, vacancies 7. In the thirteen States where elections are not to be holden until after the next session of the present Congress, members to the House stand—Democrats 59, Whigs and Natives 28, vacancies 1—making the House of the next Congress stand—should the States yet to choose make no changes, and should none of the vacancies be filled—Dem. 118, Whig and Natives 102, vacancies 8. Should all the vacancies be filled by whigs the democrats would then have a majority of 8 over all others. The democrats stand the best chance to fill the existing vacancies, as four of them are in Maine where in each district the democrats have a majority over the whigs of from 1000 to over 3000 votes. So we may fairly calculate that the Democratic majority will be equal to what it now is in the House, to wit: 16, unless the States to elect shall make changes against the democrats. The States to elect are New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Kentucky, Tennessee Indiana and Iowa. Wisconsin will also probably be represented in the next Congress as a State. If Wisconsin is represented by two democrats, as she doubtless will be, the democratic majority will then be 10. Now it is possible that the whigs in the elections yet to take place, may be able to overcome the majority, but it certainly is not very probable. We think, therefore, the House in the next Congress will be democratic.

Thirty-eight Senators hold over after the expiration of the present Congress. Of those whose terms expire with the present Congress, it is universally conceded that the Democrats will elect half. Of the thirty-eight who hold over, 25 are Democrats and 13 are Whigs. The Democrats have also 2 more from Iowa, and will have 2 more from Wisconsin. So the Senate in the next Congress must be Democratic nearly 2 to 1. And should the whigs be able to succeed in their great presidential plan—prevent an election of President by the people, obtain a majority of the delegation of the different States in the House of Representatives, and thereby elect their President—what could they do? The Senate would hold the House and the President, and not a measure of the democracy could they repeal. The Mexican war will be settled ere that day, and they can do us no harm ie that quarter, nor can they undo anything the democracy have accomplished.—They may sieze the reins of government and fatten partizans upon the spoils, and they may prevent future good that the democratic party would accomplish, but what 's done is done, and whig power can't undo it.

But should the Democracy be divided on their Presidential candidates and consequently no one elected, is it even possible for the whigs to carry a majority of the members of the House, from a majority of the States? Wisconsin, when in, will make thirty, the number of the States. Of these we shall have majorities in the House of Representatives from Maine, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois, Michigan, Texas, Virginia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Indiana, Iowa and Wisconsin—*fifteen.*

Here we shall have sure majorities in half the States. Then there is Georgia, where the delegation is tied and will probably give her vote for the Democratic President. And there is also Maryland, North Carolina and Tennessee, all of which have democratic majorities but which we have not reckoned because they have not yet elected for the next congress, and there is a possibility that the majorities may be changed in those States; but it is hardly possible that they *all* should change. Should we get Georgia or either of these other States we are safe should the election devolve on the House. Should we loose the whole four, as we shall have half the States certain, without any of them, we see no chance for the whigs. Or should Texas be divided, or a new State be made from our conquests in Mexico (neither of which are at all improbable) the great plan of the whig party, to elect a President by defeating an election by the people and throwing it into the House, is defeated, even after it may have so far succeeded as to bring the election into the House. On the whole we think whiggery will stand a small chance in the next presidential campaign, and still less, if possible, in overturning democratic measures and policy.

GEN. CASS' LECTURE. Mr Cass was listened to with the most profound attention during his entire remarks, though he exceeded the usual time occupied by a lecturer by more than half an hour. His subject was—"The Progress of Society." And a more interesting lecture was never delivered in that Hall. Mr Cass, in treating of the improvements of different ages and the superiority that mind has acquired over physical force through the great inventions of the manufacture of glass, gunpowder, the needle and compass, the great and needful art of printing, the power and application of steam, the magnetic telegraph, and all the mighty inventions of human skill, and their effect upon the moral and political condition of society, shaw a knowledge of history, ancient and modern, and an ability to comprehend the causes and effects of great deeds and great scientific improvements, that but few possess. He is a learned men as well as being a man of great strength of mind.

THANKSGIVING. We did not trouble our readers with a thanksgiving sermon before thanksgiving, nor shall we now, but will just refer to the amusements of the day in this city. Notwithstanding the day was very unfavorable, Mr Bond's concert was well attended and was worthy a larger audience. The Tremont Vocalists had a respectable House. The New Museum in the evening was jammed—it was *the* place of attraction. The Mechanics Phalanx Cotillon party, as we anticipated, was quite a grand affair. Dickinson also had a Ball which was largely attended.

☞ A man by the name of Moor of Missouri shot dead a minister by the name of Jackson, in Tennessee because he did not pay him a debt.

☞ Richard Cobden the great free-trader is travelling through Spain dessemiesting his principles.—He has been to France.

Government Credit.

The Government of the United States has been able to borrow $5,000,000 at 6 per cent. interest, running ten years, and has received a small premium for its notes. So chagrined are a portion of the whigs to think they cannot succeed as well in injuring the credit of the nation as they did in the last war, that they are accusing the Secretary of War with resorting to trick and duplicity, in holding out a prospect of peace, by informing the Gov. of Deleware that no more troops would be called for, that he might effect a more favorable loan. Whether the Secretary informed the Governor of Delaware that no more troops would be called for from any quarter, or only that Delaware would not be called on for any, we do not know. But the Secretary spoke the truth, what he then believed, whatever he informed him. A single fact proves conclusively that Mr Walker could have no such menmotive for holding out and spreading false impressions as to the prospect of the termination of the war, as is attributed to him. The loan has been taken and the takers have paid more than par for the stock. This fact, to be sure, shows the credit of the nation good beyond example. But now the fact is known, that more troops have been called for, and that the prospect is that the war will be more severe and longer prolonged than has been anticipated, still, the evidences of this very loan command in the market a premium beyond that paid the government which puts to rest all attempt to prove that the nation's credit is not, in reality, and now, just as good as it was when the loan was taken, or that Mr Secretary Walker had any motive or thought to affect the credit of this nation, by resorting to a miserable note-shaving broker's trick.—The stock now brings one per cent. advance which is more than was paid the government for it.

The N. Y. True Sun, in speaking of the confidence capitalists have in the policy of our Government, which enables it to supply its monetary wants upon such favorable terms, says "it contrasts strongly with the state of affairs in 1842, when the United States were at peace with the world and out of debt, having nothing but current expenditures to meet, and had at their command to meet them the same resources which had sufficed to discharge $500,000,000 of public debt and interest from the formation of the government down to 1835, when the final payment left the federal treasury without a debt and with the honor of being the only nation on the face of the earth which had ever discharged its public debt. Notwithstanding this, Congress voted a loan of $10,000,000 six per cent. stock, to be sold at any price, and the Executive, failing to get a bid for it in the United States, sent an agent to Europe to sell it, and he returned without a shilling. The liberal commercial policy of the government, it would appear, has imparted to capitalists an enhanced degree of confidence, which not even a war of uncertain length can neutralize."

IMPORTANT RUMOR. The religious world has just been startled by a rumor of a most important character, save the Sunday Atlas. The present Pope is known to be a man of liberal principles, which he has abundantly manifested in political matters in the brief time which has elapsed since his election. He has made an act of amnesty for all political offences, recalling to their native Italy fugitives and exiles from all parts of the world. A more important matter is now agitated—religious freedom. It is said that strong representations have been made to his holiness, by English and American Catholics, of the great advantage it would be to the church to sever it altogether from the authority of the state, and from all compulsion and restraint. This is certainly an important movement, but it is one, we think, which the age is prepared for and demands."

A call from Governor Briggs.

The Volunteer Militia. The companies of this city, and we presume all the volunteers in the state, have received an order from Adjutant Gen. Oliver to report forthwith all the able bodied soldiers in their respective companies. We are gratified to find that the Governor is moving in compliance with the order of the Secretary of War as his duty requires. The report is wanted undoubtedly that from the volunteer militia the regiment Massachusetts is required to furnish for the Mexican war may be drafted. The law requires that in case of insurrection, invasion, or war *the Volunteer Militia shall first be drafted.*

THE GALE ON LAKE ERIE. A Buffalo paper says—"There are fourteen vessels and three steamers ashore this side of Cleaveland. On Saturday morning sixteen dead bodies floated ashore at Barcelonia. The shore for miles along the lake is strewn with fragments of vessels. Dead bodies were being picked up along shore. The storm has been a most disastrous one, and we fear to hear further accounts. The Steamer Illinois weathered the gale and arrived safe at Detroit."

☞ Beaty's Powder Mills, eight miles from the city, says the New York Sun of Tuesday, exploded this morning. Five men were blown to atoms. It is stated that no less than two tons of gun powder were in the building, all of which exploded almost simultaneously.

The concussion was tremendous. The whole surrounding country and the city of Baltimore were violently shaken, as if by an earthquake.

MEXICAN NAMES. Chihuahua is pronounced *Che-waw-wow*, equal accent on the two last syllables. Monterey, *Mon-te-ray*, accent on the second syllable. San Luis Potosi, *Saun Luis Po-to-see*, accent on the second syllable of Potosi. Guanaxuato, *Gwan-a-wat-o*, half accent on the first, and full accent on the third syllable.

☞ A Methodist clergyman in Virginia writes to the *Methodist Protestant* thus: "Yesterday at half-past 3 o'clock, I preached the funeral sermon of a man; and to-day, at the same hour, I married his widow to another man—the former husband has been dead four weeks."

FIRE IN MILTON. On Monday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, a school house on Milton hill, and a barn belonging to Rev. S. K. Lathrop of Boston, were destroyed by fire. The wind was so high at the time that all efforts to check the flames proved unavailing.

☞ Hon. George E. Badger, Secretary of the Navy under President Harrison, has been elected by the legislature of the State of North Carolina, to be senator of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr Heywood.

☞ The annual cost of feeding dogs in the United States is said to be seven millions of dollars.

Attack on Tobasco. Mexican News!

The day after the second abortive demonstration on Alvaredo, Oct 16th, the force destined to make the descent on Tobasco set sail. It consisted of the Mississippi Steamship and six small craft—with a detachment of two hundred marines and seamen, from the Raritan and Cumberland frigates. Tobasco is a town of about ten thousand inhabitants, ninety, some say 72 miles up the river Tolmsco in the State of Tobasco, Latitude about 18, Longitude about 93. w. The state of Tobasco is almost entirely level and subject to inundations. The soil is alluvial, very fertile, and not much cultivated on account of being several months each year under water. It is covered with a dense growth of gigantic forest trees. There would be no use in holding the town since it opens to nothing beyond, the climate is excessively hot—and to the unacclimated dreadfully unhealthy. This part of Mexico seems to be cursed with an excess as the other parts are with a deficience of water. Sailing on the 16 of Oct. under the Command of Commodore Perry the squadron arrived off Fosters a small town of 4000 inhabitants, custom House and fort, on the 23d. Here they captured two steamers and several small schooners &c, on the 24 they ascended the river, passed the Devils Turn at 2 P, M. and spiked 4, 28 pounders, they arrived off the town about 6 P. M. and anchored in a line ahead about 150 yards from the shore. The city was summoned to surrender, the Governor refused, three shots were fired—an officer came off with a request to spare the hospital—it was granted.

On Sondey no damage was done. We captured one brig, three schooners, and a large sloop, in all. At the town end below, there were nine vessels and many boats captured. On Monday, the 26th, at day-light, there began a sharp fire of musketry from the shore, which was returned by our guns, and continued for some time, at intervals. A flag of truce came off, beseeching us to spare the town. The Commodore assured, because as he said, he only wished to frighten the soldiery.

The prizes were got under way, and ready for returning. The enemy's white flag was flying all the while. W. A. Parker, the Lieutenant, got ashore with his prize vessel and was attacked by eighty soldiers, whom he beat off with eighteen men only; losing one, and getting two wounded. This action lasted thirty minutes, when Lieut. C. W. Morris was despatched to him with orders, and he, passing the heavy fire of the enemy, was wounded in the neck by a musket ball. He stood up in his boat and cheered the men on gallantly till he fell in the arms of Midshipman Cheever.

The Commodore then commenced cannonading in good earnest from the Vixen, the Bonita, the Nonita, and the Forward; and in three quarters of an hour, he almost destroyed the city, sparing the houses of the foreign consuls.

At mid-day the fleets left, firing up the streets as they passed them. All the prizes were saved except one, which grounded and was burnt by the Commodore's orders, to prevent her falling into the hands of the enemy. The McLane struck on the bar at the mouth of the river, and did not get over to participate in the engagement until it was ended. The Patriota, on her return, captured the American brig Plymouth, Capt. Packerson, discharging cotton at Alvarado bar.

Lieut. Morris died on board the Cumberland on the 1st inst., and was buried with military honors.

Alvaredo, it is stated, is now garrisoned with a force of five or six thousand Mexicans.

Three strong chain cables have been placed across the mouth of the river, and vessels sunk on the bar, thus effectually barring the passage of any size or draught of water.

It is thought to be entirely useless to attempt to take the place again by a naval force.

Gen. Scott has left Washington to take command of the Army that is to attack Tampico.

A Pill for the "Natives"

"The organ of Native Americanism, in New York, warned the country against the employment of IRISHMEN in the Army, upon the ground that they would not fight against persons of their own Religious faith.

If anything was needed to wipe out this vile calumny, we have it in the long and fatal list of of the "Killed and Wounded" at Monterey. It is only necessary to read the names to see that two-thirds, if not three-fourths, of all who shed their blood in that gallant action were IRISHMEN. This, in a greater or less degree, has been true in every American battle field.—And yet there are those among us (but the number is diminishing) who would deny to IRISHMEN the right of Voting in a country at whose shrine they freely offer their lives!—*Albany Journal.*

To this the Cabutteville Mirror remarks, and we join in—

"This is noble, frank, manly—it is democratic.—Wherever liberty has been fought for, within the last 200 years, Irish blood has flown freely. On the continent of Europe, amid the wilds of America during the revolutionary struggle, in South America when she raised the standard of revolt, in every country their blood has been poured out as a libation at the shrine of liberty. And if the freedom of America is never destroyed until *Irishmen* become traitors, her liberties are safe forever. Liberty has no firmer advocates and defenders, and earth produces no braver soldiers than they are. They set an example, which many of our "native" whigs would do well to imitate."

☞ John N. Gage and Derby McGerry were arrested in Lowell on Thursday, by the City Marshal, charged with making and passing counterfeit coin—American quarters and dimes. They were examined at the police court of that city on the afternoon of the following day, when Gage pleaded guilty and McGerry not guilty; but the evidence against both appears to be conclusive.—*N. Y. True Sun.*

Neither of the persons pleaded guilty, and not a little of evidence appeared against McGerry. The evidence was strong against Gage who was bound over to make his appearance at a higher court. McGerry was discharged.

NOVEL PETITION. The Richmond (Va.) Standard says:—

"A gentleman in this city who sets the highest value upon the institution of *slavery*, contending that it is essential to a Republican form of government, and attributing to the want of it the low tone of honor and of morals that prevail in our Northern cities, proposes to petition Congress for its extension among the Northern States. He has left the papers at our office for signatures, intending to present it to the next Congress through the hands of Mr Adams, who, it is presumed, from his opinions on the right of petition, will not refuse to become the vehicle of its transmission."

LARGE MAJORITIES. The majorities in the State of New York in *favor* of the new constitution of that State, and *against* free suffrage, are probably the largest majorities ever given by an equal population at any ballot. The official majority in *favor* of the amended constitution is 128,801, and *against* the provision permitting blacks to vote, is 138,816.

☞ Col. J. P. Rogers, a distinguished member of the Suffolk bar, and formerly Attorney General of Maine, died at the Norfolk House yesterday forenoon, after a lingering illness.—*Transcript.*

☞ It is rumored at Washington that Commodore Stewart will succeed Commodore Conner in the command of the Gulf Squadron. Probably no such change will be made.

☞ A rich play at the Museum. Go and see.

Terrible Steamboat Disaster.—The Atlantic Wrecked—Fifty Lives Lost!!

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Ægis Office, Worcester,
Friday night 9 o'clock.

WRECK OF THE STEAMER ATLANTIC AND MELANCHOLY LOSS OF LIFE. The Atlantic went to pieces at four o'clock this morning—she was at anchor at Fisher's Island; the cable broke, and she went to pieces in five minutes after.

Capt. Dustan and fifty passengers were lost. Four ladies only were among the passengers, all of whom were lost.

The conductor, first and second mates and the clerk were saved.

The steamer Massachusetts left New York on Wednesday afternoon, but the weather was so thick that she was obliged to anchor at Throg's Point, where she remained until 12 o'clock, and then came on to Stonington, encountering a heavy gale and very rough sea. The Massachusetts passed the Atlantic, which left Allyn's Point near Norwich on Wednesday afternoon, anchored at Fishar's Island, some 20 miles from New London, with her chimneys carried away, and apparently very badly damaged. She hoisted signals for aid but the Massachusetts could not reach her.

So far as we can learn, says the Advertiser, only 36 passengers (20 first class, and 10 second class) bought tickets in Boston, for the passage to New York by the Atlantic, on Wednesday afternoon, and their names are given below, viz:—

Messrs. Cussudy, Collamore, Hirsch, Armstrong, Booth, Symmes, and Capt. Hanna, bought tickets of Adams & Co., in State street.

Mr Kimbell, (firm of Spofford, Tileston & Co., New York), Mr Baldwin, (Cincinnati, Ohio), Mr Houghton, Mr Solar, lady and child (names unknown) bought tickets of Mr Brooks, in Elm st.

Two Messrs. Atwood, Messrs Baldwin, Hosier, Maynard, Giddins, Burbank, Patridge and lady, Weston, Orr, Leverett, Barbeck, Van Wert, (of Birmingham, England); Cunningham, and Capt. Cullum, with the following deck passengers, Messrs. Wilson, Peterson, Walton and family of six (English), Madden, bought tickets at the Railroad station.

LATER. The loss is not so great as the above account would seem to indicate. Twenty-two dead bodies have been found. Those who perished lost their lives in attempting to get ashore. The names of about fifty persons are given who were saved. Only one person from Boston perished, an Irish woman, a domestic. Capt. Dustin, of the Atlantic, Dr Haslin, of the Navy, Lt. Norton, of the army, and a clergyman named Armstrong, are among those who lost their lives.

War Items.

Col. Fremont informed Gen Kearney that the whole of California was in possession of the Americans.—Gen Kearney then sent his troops back to Santa Fe, with the exception of few picked men with whom he advanced.

The New Orleans Tropic states that—

The strength of the forces of the United States at Monterey does not exceed 5000 men, and the whole number of troops, from the mouth of the Rio Grande to Monterey, does not exceed 13,000. It will require 5,000 men to garrison the towns already taken, and Gen. Taylor thinks it would be injudicious to leave Monterey for San Luis Potosi with less than 15,000 men.

It was understood at Monterey that Gen. Taylor had received orders from Washington to proceed to Tampico if he thought proper. Gen. Worth thinks there will be a severe fight at Linorea, a town about 175 miles from Monterey, on the route to Tampico.—Gen. Taylor received an express from Gen. Wool, informing him he was hastening his march to unite with him at Monterey.

The Picayune has news from Monterey as late as Oct. 29. Capt. Randolph Ridgley is dead. General Lear was not expected to live 24 hours. It says—

We have late news from San Luis Potosi to the effect that Santa Anna was there with 12,000 men and no less than thirty-seven Generals! He was recruiting daily, and his intentions were not known. It is rumored that Bustamente has gone north, in the direction of Chihuahua, to meet Gen. Wool, and farther it is positively asserted that the Indians are killing and laying waste all before them in the latter State. Not a line more in the scrape of news. Yours, &c.

The State of San Luis Potosi has pronounced against the Presidency of Gen Salas, and insisted upon Santa Anna's assuming the office in person.

Mexican letters from Chihuahua speak despondingly of the ability of that state to resist Gen Wool's forces.

Who are Democrats?

The Providence Daily Sentinel well answers this question. It says,

"Only such, we contend, as believe in the right of the people to govern themselves. Only such, in other words, as hold to the supremacy of the people over their political institutions. That man is not a Democrat, in our estimation, who contends or believes that the supreme power resides in the "government," any more than he is who believes in the divine right of kings. * * * * * *

The foundation principle of Democracy is nobly and truly set forth in the Declaration of American Independence. That instrument proclaims that the right of the people to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness is *inalienable*—that governments are instituted for the *better security* of this right—and that all governments derive their just powers from *the consent* of the governed. Such as can heartily subscribe to this doctrine are Democrats. Such as cannot, though they may sometimes be found supporting the measures of the Democratic party, are always unsafe depositories of power. In the hour of trial, they will be found on the side of tyranny, and will justify oppression under the pretex of supporting the law. They will disclaim against new measures for the protection of the weak, the upraising of the poor, and the establishment of equality of rights, as "innovations upon time-honored usages;" and through their deportment in social as well as political life, justify the trampling down of the feeble poor, and making them slaves in thought and action to the power which wealth and circumstances have given to the few. They are not Democrats.

That man is a Democrat who, while he stands uprightly and unflinchingly for his own rights, scrupulously regards the rights of others,—who never bows the knee to any but his God, and never requires another to bow the knee to him,—who respects and loves humanity for its own sake, and not because it is enrooted with the gew-gaws and trappings of wealth,—who believes in, and does all in his power to secure political equality,—and who believes that the blessings of Government, like the dews of heaven, should fall alike upon the rich and the poor."

THE NASHUA GAZETTE. This establishment has changed hands again. Mr Betterfield, after a brief connection with it, goes to Concord to take charge of the old Patriot, as we understand. The Gazette passes into the hands of Messrs. B. B. and F. P. Whittemore. The first named gentleman, has written a good deal for the Gazette, formerly we have been told—the other is a practical printer, and both are gentleman for whom we have a high personal respect.—*Telegraph.*

☞ It is said that 17,000 sacks of saw-dust are annually consumed in London for stuffing dolls alone.

NAVAL. The U. S. frigate Columbia was at Rio Oct. 4th, and the Brandywine at Montevidio, Sept. 10—all well.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE SYRUP" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—He cautions to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sep15 a&etye3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843.

Mr C. Brinckerhoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restorative. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully recommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obl't Servant,

HENRY. W. WILKES, *No:* 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true. All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on. The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Graefenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Graefenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1ynov19

MARRIED

In this city, Nov 15th, by Rev. A. A. Miner, Mr James N. Lewis to Miss Jane Knowles; Mr Asa Hill and Miss Dorothy G. Baldwin; Mr Moses Chase to Miss Rosina F. Hill all of Lowell. 16th, Mr Heaton Bailey, of Methuen, to Miss Lovina T. Rowe, of Deerfield, N. H, 17th, Mr Lorenzo Pinney to Miss Susan McIntire, both of Lowell.

Nov 26 by Uev Lemuel Porter Mr Stedman Barry of Springfield and Mis Judith Jones of Lowell; Mr George W. Bridgman and Miss Caroline F Dane, daughter of W. Osgood Dane, both of Somerville.

In this city, by Rev Mr Blanchard on Thanksgiving day, Mr William Herriman of Montville Me and Miss Sarah A Parsons of Roxbury Vt.

In this city on 22d inst by Rev Ira Person, Mr Henry H Dicky of Nashville *N* H to Miss Eliza Gurney of the former place.

Wednesday morning, 25th inst, by the Rev. Dr. Sharp, Jonathan Barrett, Esq. of Carlisle, to Mrs. Mary Richards, of Boston.

At South Boston, 25th inst, by Rev Joy H. Fairchild Mr Charles W. Davis, of Haverhill, Mass, to Miss Jerusha Jane De Witt, of Boston.

In Union, Nov 24th, by Rev W. S. Clark, Simeon Savage, of Lowell, to Miss Eveline, daughter of N. D Rice, Esq.

DIED.

In Stoneham, Nov. 17, of lingering consumption, Mrs Clarissa H wife of George W. Dike, Esq. 32 yrs 10 mos.

In Bedford, Sept 6, Samuel, son of William and Susan Clark, 3 yrs. Nov 24, Mrs Mary Sprague, 51.

In Chelmsford, Nov 23, Mr John Owen Emerson, aged 21.—Some 2 or 3 weeks since he was thrown from a wagon in Lowell, and so severely injured that it caused his death. He was a very exemplary young man, and his death will be very severely felt by his numerous acquaintance.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28d1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Nov. 25th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Wentworth will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the seventh day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Wentworth and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

nov28a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Shff. Messenger.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. nov12

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28s1m

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that rewards the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest abstract of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as a Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"*THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.*"

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenint agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this novertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Flour Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache,	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores; cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels; make the Urine flow healthily and clear; and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect *cure*. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident—or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I began to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession,—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similart testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March. a1y nov 24.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes of the celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a clinging top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 a4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER-STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAIN TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER!

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go it shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION.—

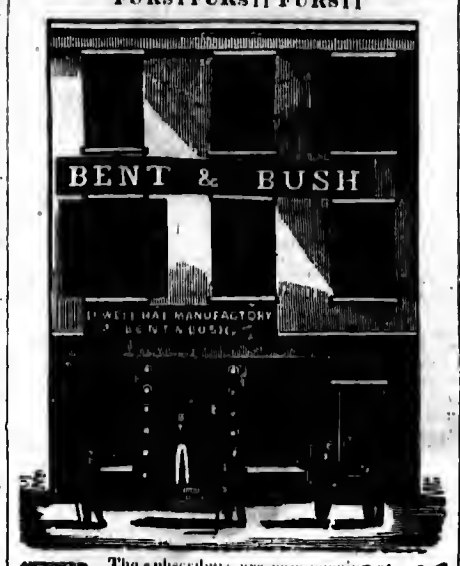
For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work,	from $1 to 2 00

☞ Tuition required in advance. ☜

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. a2w

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at the HAT, CAP and FUR Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the hale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; the price before every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Molvskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

atf

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features in the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering.



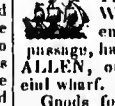
The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day



The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA *Warden*, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The packet Schooner CHARLOTTE CROWELL master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

CORRECTION OF CHECK LISTS.—The Board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, on SATURDAY Evening next, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday Morning next, Nov. 23, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. nov19 a3t.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A Block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advance in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 2 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woolsroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal, Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossums. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andover Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the Directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Ptf

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the grading and maconing of that part of the Lowell and Andover Railroad extending from Lowell to Tewksbury Village, will be received until the second day of December next. Proposals may be left with either of the Directors or with Cyrus Latham, the Engineer of the Road at his office in the Savings Bank Building, where the plans and profile may be examined.

Lowell Nov. 19, 1846 a&Ptodoe2

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Nov. 20th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt, in said County, painter an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Burbank will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of November instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Burbank and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

nov21a3t

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opliecleide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing,

All orders left with Messrs Dicklsons or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov13m

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITL, 15 ENDICOT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS to returning thanks to hi numerous patieats who have done him the honor to consult him in relatiou to those peculiar cases of diseuso which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the uttentieu of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of beieg interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, aed to which the most satisfactory reference cae be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, aed particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medecine venders, whose florid aod unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set furth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like east eggs, to make clients lay,
Aud for their false optetmes pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, ond more than three-fourths of this number are oow inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coltion, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been soffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appeer self-evident to every reasonable oiind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitoa; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL ond WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unaccessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from aanseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensoal gratificatiea. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the beeefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and heppiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false aod fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution, too.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL ie easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thoosands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make knowa their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full aod explicit directions will accompeny every package, and the most ioviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; aad Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing aoppression, and for those other complainte, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating or Females Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency offies, No, 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals ero reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread feme of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantege to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1&6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Fniotness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueis the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of *a deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now *as straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1yu&pdec16

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA,

For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Ambrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&Plyjnn29

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which his nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Tompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowa&olvjan13

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was indneed about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparille, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith primer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P. Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla; and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevelent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaaka, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAMI.. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown to the glass.

sep8 a5m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cuteneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended to cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

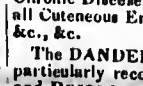
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Comer; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower uug22&Aptoct14



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., oppnsite Post Office. a28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

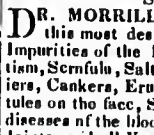
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pinno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Pinno Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in no Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 1, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 141.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. ifnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&p1f

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jun1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Stoves, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. ifmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8t

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. ifmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13. atf

H. G. P. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. up12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may2t Insurances effected a&erly

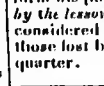
J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. ROISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sept19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Aldott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
☞ S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&r1y

GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street,

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street,
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1ysp4

TO THE PUBLIC.
With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordina's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10 a1f

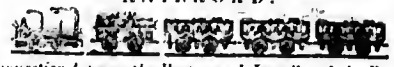
JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	198 7
18	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	178 0
			1840	541 85	270 20	39 70	148 7
			1841	555 56	217 50	37 51	133 6

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18a Tu&S1ye1y Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

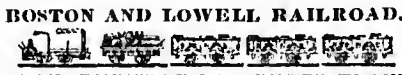
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksebury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nm2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. np28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&p1y1

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracut, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Sold. Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.
A perfect title will be given.
Dracut, June 10th, 1846. jn1tf1d

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.
THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by G. H. CARLETON & Co City Hall; I. N. TOWER, Central st.; E. S. CASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. L. LISCOMB, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my12a1y6m*

POETRY.

THE GENTLE WORD.

A gentle word hath a magical power,
The weary breast to beguile;
It gladdens the eye, it lightens the brow,
And changes the tear to a smile,
In the gentle sunshine it sheds around,
The shadows of care depart,
And we feel in its soothing and friendly tone,
There's a balm for the wounded heart.

Oh! watch thou, then, that thy lips ne'er breathe
A bitter, ungentle word,
For that which is lightly and idly said,
Is often too deeply heard.
And tho' for the moment it leaves no trace
For pride will its woes conceal,
Remember, the spirt that's calm and still
Is always the first to feel.

It may not be in thy power perchance,
To secure a lofty place,
And blazon thy name upon history's page
As a friend to the human race.
But oft in the daily task of life,
Though the world behold thee not,
Thy gentle nod kindly words may soothe
A desponding brother's lot.

'Tis well to walk with a cheerful heart,
Wherever our fortunes call,
With a friendly glance, an open hand,
And a gentle word for all;
Sincere life is a thorny and difficult path,
Where toil is the portion of man,
We all should endeavor, while passing along,
To make it as smooth as we can.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Haunted House.

BY MRS. CASE.

Do the dead return? Does the clay-cold and lifeless form burst its cerements and walk again the green, familiar earth? Or, rather, does the spirit, that has laid down its cares, its sorrows and its earthly interest on the soft turf-pillow, where its mortal tenement has gone to *rest*—does the spirit, enfranchised and moving in the light of a purer atmosphere—return again to the mournful engrossments of its former state, and, partaking events in its higher sphere of the feelings born in this, still essay to hold its part in daily things?

Sad, indeed, would be our thoughts of *the future*, if it were to be but a continuation of the blind passions, and wild, incoherent actions of this—if, when the eye-lid falls to be raised no more, it only shuts the spirit into a newer world, it is true, but one haunted by the feelings of this, and to which the link is only hidden, and not broken! And yet, that a sympathy, powerful but not painful, may still exist between these spirits who have arisen, and those yet in clay, is a beautiful and soothing belief to those who walk the desert with bleeding feet, and pine in loneliness for the companionship that dropped away from their onward paths.

To whom does life fulfil its promises, and to whom, in the utter gloom that surrounds the young inheritor of disappointment, would not such a thought come as the summer rain to the parched and drooping flower, bidding it lift its head again in hope! We love to believe that the affection that gleamed on us from eyes over which the haze of death was rapidly gathering, is transferred to another sphere, and not a dead flame; and when sorrow is upon us with her crushing burdens, the darkness that is around the invisible gives imagination room to people it with those who still watch over us with a super-human care, and sympathize with us, in the gentleness of an unearthly communion. There is an instinctive belief in the agency of the spiritual world still continued in this, and the heart in which this exists, not as low superstition, but as a solemn and trusiful creed, is spiritualized and made less worldly by *it*. It cultivates those sentiments that belong to the etherial nature, and lifts it above the engrossing cares of life, that too often drag down all heavenlier aspirations. It hallows the incidents of life to view them as under the supervision of departed love, and gives strength to many a virtuous resolution, and sometimes a check to the promptings of wrong.

The common belief is that the spirit comes back because some injustice, committed either by itself while in mortality, or by some one connected with it, needs adjusting and rectifying, and the common French name for ghosts, '*les revenans*,' or '*the returning*,' is highly poetical, as well as expressive. It has nothing of the mysteriously fearful signification of our words, *phantom, ghost, spirit*, but, saying simply '*those who return*,' gives palpable forms to what the imagination sees but as shadowy delusions of unfamiliar yet awful presence, and imparts a friendliness to the errands of the strange guests.

On the main road from H—— to P—— might be seen, a few years since, a handsome house of two stories, and built in a very tasteful manner. Travelers were wont to notice it, because the houses in the vicinity were merely the small common country houses of the New England farmers, near, to be sure, and tidy, as they generally are, but without much beauty of architecture. This building has its history.

It was built on the patrimony of an only child, who was early left an orphan, by the united means of herself and husband.

There was much sympathy in the little community for the young Elizabeth when the symptoms of consumption was too strong on her mother to allow of hope, and the prospect of the helpless state that was awaiting *her*, overshadowed the fading hours of that affectionate parent. But the wheels of destiny move on; regardless of the hearts they crush in passing; or, rather, the mysterious designs of an over-ruling Providence advance to their fulfilment, with regard to the eternal, but not the temporal happiness of man; and when the winds played with the withered leaves, Elizabeth was an orphan.

The sense of loneliness would have pressed heavily upon her, had it not been for those warm sympathies. A death in a country neighborhood is a calamity felt by all, and tears fall from bronze faces, and sorrow dwells in stern hearts. In the city it is different. Mantles as a pebble sinks in the deep. A few ripples, small, and soon lost, and there is scarcely a memory left of the departed. The hearse goes on its solemn errand, and no one pauses to question for whom. The grave is opened in the fashionable cemetery, and the passer-by thinks of it no more. Let those who regret and complain of village gossip and curiosity go to the hamlet when death is busy amongst its inhabitants, and they will learn something to remember and respect. The thoughtful interest, the eager enquiry about the

sick, the offer to watch,' has a better ground than idle curiosity or coarse feeling. There are chords of sympathy in each heart that respond to the suffering of the invalid, the anxious watcher and the mourner, and solemnized by the loss of one from their midst; they gather about the bier when dust is about to be committed to dust, neglectful of their daily pursuits, and then turn to the bereaved with a word of consolation. This is the habit of a New England country village, when death has been harvesting there, and long may its homely kindness and sympathy pour comfort into the hearts of its humbly sorrowful members.

Elizabeth had uncles, aunts and cousins near her, and the elasticity of the young heart soon uplifts it from misfortune. And another comforter came, whose mission never fails—Love—the bright—the beautiful—and oh, *how dear!* when he comes to the heart in its first loneliness!

She listened to him, and though she did not forget the dead, new blossoms sprang up in her path, and a glorious sunlight lay upon it.—Again she was happy, and sang blithely amidst her humble cares, as the bird on the rose-bush at her door.

But her paternal home was too small and unlovely for her tastes and those of her betrothed husband, and they united their money and built this house on the old farm. Elizabeth loved it, for her parents were buried in one of its fields, according to the practice of many country people, and it was the home of her childhood.

In due time they married, and for a brief period, were happy. It is true that many wise people shook their heads at the extravagance of the young couple, and strangers ridiculed the folly of locating so handsome a house in a spot so uninteresting and poor-looking. But to those who knew it was near the graves of her parents, and on the lands of her childhood, it wore a pleasant interest. For one short year that house was the abode of humble, wedded happiness.—With thankful hearts the young pair enjoyed their comfortable lot, and looked forward to a sunny future.

[Continued.]

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING DEC. 1, 1846.

The Election—the Essex Banner.

We are disinclined to enter into a controversy with any of our Democratic friends, much less when the subject of dispute involves no democratic principle, and is one in which we have no personal interest whatever; but as the position taken by our *friend* Safford of the Banner, on the 28th of Nov., and his correspondent Sennex, too, on the same date, subjects one half the Democratic party of the State to the imputation of having no higher motive for espousing the cause of Democracy and its legitimate principles, than the spoils of office, we feel it a duty as a Democrat, and in behalf of the Democratic party, to disavow and repel the charge, coming from whatever source it may. The Banner says—

> He [Morton] was made Governor of the State, and it was expected he would change its *government*, whether he was made so by one vote or a thousand votes, and so long as the members of the democratic party continue to manifest this timidity at the shadow of a *federal*, they will always be in the minority and always ought to be. Such Democrats are fit to reign in Hell or serve in Heaven.

This is given as the reason, and the only reason, for the falling off in the vote since the election of Marcus Morton to the Gubernatorial office. Because he neglected to make the distribution of the spoils, the Alpha and Omega of Democracy, he, and all of like opinion with him, are denounced as "*not fit to reign in Hell or serve in Heaven!*" Is this all there is of democracy? Gov. Morton thought differently. At the time, we were in the legislature and were pleased to find that the Gov. thought more of reforming Whig abuses, of retrenchment, of legislating for the good of the whole people, than of dividing up the spoils among partizan favorites. We thought it wise policy in the then position of the Democratic party—not having a majority of the popular vote, and knowing that future success depended entirely upon the fact of the principles and measures of the party being laid fully and fairly before the people—not to give the Whigs the means of raising the *spoils* clamor, and thereby hide the good works the Democracy then accomplished at the recommendation of Gov. Morton. To be sure affairs were so managed by the whigs as that the democracy lost all advantage of their measures and wise policy. Though the whigs could not get up the *spoils* cry, yet they got up the Bell Plot, and the State arms, and Lady Johnson Powder humbug, and made such a din throughout the Commonwealth, that not a measure carried or attempted to be carried, received a moment of the people's attention. And even to this day there is not one whig to ten that knows that to Marcus Morton and the democracy he is indebted for a retrenchment of over $60,000 a year in our State expenses, and upon the Western railroad, (most of which the whigs have repealed) a repeal of the dead men's tax, the sunset law, the prevention of throwing the expense of state paupers upon towns and giving the capitation tax to Boston, the passage of the law exposing and taxing concealed stocks, a strong effort to reduce the poll tax, to prevent the State running in debt except in case of war or insurrection over half a million of dollars, to alter the law by which mortgaged real estate is twice taxed and various other needful reforms. But Gov. Morton, and we believe the Democratic party, cared more for the success of their measures and principles, than for a chance at the spoils for a single year. But whether it was wise or unwise in not turning out every whig office holder in the State, there is certainly room for an honest difference of opinion; and to say all who did not under the then existing circumstances, believe the *spoils* were the great end and aim of the party, and who did not act accordingly, are "*not fit to reign in Hell or serve in Heaven*," is unworthy a Democrat, and when made by the editor of a Democratic journal, even though it may be a hasty ebullition of feeling from disappointment at long service in the cause being unrequited, it should be fully retracted and explained as a hasty and unjust remark. Our friend of the Banner cannot seriously and coolly intend to exclude from Heaven the great majority of the Democratic party of this State, because, under all circumstances, they do not go the *spoils* doctrine to the death. That they are not fit subjects to reign in Hell we hope; and we are nearly desirous that they may be fit to enter heaven, where we pray that our friend Safford will be found in a much more happy state of mind than at present.

THE BOSTON EAGLE GLEE CLUB give a Concert at City Hall, this evening. Tickets admitting 2 persons 50 cents.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Akabeca Territory, Falls of St. Anthony, October 13, 1846.

Oak Barrens—Red River—manner of life, &c, &c.

About 8 o'clock in the morning, five of us started in company, struck into the woods and continued nearly in a west direction. As we left the bank of the St. Croix the growth was large and much scattered, of maple, red elm, bore beam, hickory, bass and oak.—After going about fifteen miles we came to frequent spots of meadow, covering from one to four miles of area. In about ten more we came upon what is termed, oak barrens. It is covered very thinly with a small stunted, *shrub* white oak, from one to twenty rods apart—*no* other tree nor shrub of any kind—the *ground* smooth, so as to pace a horse at a gallop over any part of it, without a path of any kind. As far as we could see the same aspect met the eye—the ground is covered with a kind of cold wiry grass about seven inches high and thick at the bottom. Deer inhabit these kind of prairies very much more than the open prairie. All along every three or four miles, a lake or pond of from three to thirty acres in circumference, made its appearance. There was no visible outlet or inlet. The water in most cases is pure and clear—good drinking water—bottom often gravel. These ponds are literally full of ducks and geese; any quantity may be shot.—Petridge or Pheasants as they are called here, are very plenty in the woods, and prairie chickens in the prairie and openings. The prairie chicken or grouse, is larger than a patridge, being about the size of a common barn yard hen, of a light grey or redish tinge, and spotted with little round black spots on all its plumage.—they are a very pretty looking fowl, resembling the patridge, yet with about the same contrast as between the patridge and hen. In these wilds they are easily shot. "Prairie Bird" or the "Queen of the Ranchoroe" could shoot them with almost ease. It is possible the "Queen of the Gypsies," or the "Favorite of the Chief of the Delawares," with a little practice might shoot them too. This however, is not quite so certain, as I remember once upon a time, one of them had a fine shot, and only *maimed*, but did not kill the "*animal*." On we rode four hours, when just breaking round the shore of a pond, we started the finest looking buck it is possible to conceive. His horns were large and well pronged. He was so fat he ran with difficulty faster than a little Indian pony in pursuit.—He ran in sight for three-fourths of a mile before he was covered by the rocks of the prairie. You can hardly imagine the excited state of feeling it creates to start suddenly a deer. He courses with such a free will, and disdainful yet frightened air; he seems to give life and animation to all about him.

As we neared the Mississippi, about sun-down, oaks were less frequent, the prairie more smooth and the grass thicker and higher. At last, about two miles ahead, we discovered a team, and nearing it found it on the road to St. Pauls, a little settlement on the banks of the Mississippi, about nine miles from the Falls. As we reached the summit of a high roll of land, about one mile from the plain, the broad waters of the Mississippi, for the first time, broke upon the view. We all stopped for a moment to look for the first time upon a stream of water of which so much is said, yet not the one half expressed. Every thing all about you is rich looking, glassening, beautiful. The thought at once occurs, can cities long suffer with such abundance in nature, inviting with open arms and heaving breast, aching to yield an abundant harvest at the slightest touch of the spade and plough. We soon came to the settlement and found a store, a New England man in it, that three years ago put up the first shingled house that ever went up thus far on the Mississippi, and this year is the democratic member from that precinct. We found here some forty carts loaded for the Red river settlement, on a stream running north into Hudson's Bay. These goods were purchased in St. Louis, and landed at St. Paul's from Steamboats.—From here they are taken in one horse and ox carts, by French settlers from that region, employed by the Hudson Bay Co. to come down for that purpose.—These carts are rudely constructed, made up in most cases by the owners with no tool but the axe—not a nail or piece of iron of any description about them.—Little Indian ponies, French horses and cattle, (stunted stags for the most part) are the team. Horse or ox, he is attached to one of these carts *single* in the fills. If an ox he is led by a cord round the horns by Canadian French teamsters. We saw them start in line one after the other. They look as much like the devil, loaded with sin, fleeing before Christianity, as anything I can think of to compare them to. They go some six hundred miles across the country, over the prairie—no road or path of any kind—come night, the horse or ox is tied to the cart and feeds upon the grass, and the men sleeps in his blanket under the cart—takes his grub and makes a long journey at very little expense. They mostly have on a thick dirty blanket coat, and a pair of Moosehide pants and moccasins, about half with cloth caps and the rest bare headed. One of the clerks of the Co. attends them—an intelligent, hardy young Scotchman. In the morning we started, refreshed, for St. Anthony's Falls—nine miles from this place up the river.

Truly yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

The tariff of 1846 will become the law of the land, and not all the State elections that can or will be held between this time and 1848, can effect its repeal or essential modification.—*Lowell Advertiser.*

Here is the way the *Democrat* talks to the *People* when they get refractory. It would be worth while to contrast this with all the pretty phrases before election, if they could be brought near enough together.—*Newburyport Courier.*

We hardly understand what the Courier is driving at. It thinks it would be worth while to contrast the extract made from us with all the pretty phrases before election. Now it happens to have been just before election that the above was said. Nor do we see any point in the sentance, "the way the *Democrat* talks to the *People* when they get refractory. Will the Courier point out its point? In urging the attention of the people to the affairs of the State immediately before the State election, and to bring their attention to State affairs instead of issues not to be affected by the election, such as slavery, the tariff, the Mexican war, &c., we made the above plain statement of facts in which the Courier sees an awful meaning. We hope the Courier will not arouse the indignation of the people against us to such a pitch as to make it dangerous for us to walk the streets!

The Post says, the whig victory in Iowa is rather a jack o'lantern affair. The Democrats have, as the official returns show, a majority of four on joint ballot; so those two whig senators what were to be, went be elected to the U. S. Senate.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MR. HILDRETH—Sir: In your Patriot & Republican, under date of Nov. 14, 1846, the Temperance meeting at the City Hall is a subject of an Article, containing remarks upon prosecutions, which should be brought distinctly before the temperance community. The doings and resolutions passed at the meeting alluded to, are an uncommon manifestoes at the present day. I have practiced and advocated total abstinence from intoxicating drink twenty years. The principles I first adopted I have seen no cause to change. Then I was seven years ahead of the temperance times: now, I am as many years behind. My principles are these:—*behold in every man a brother; deny no one the right to eat and drink as he pleases: persuade all to a right course, and give over none who pursue the contrary.* As to the "LICENSE LAW," *that there should be none!*—equal men, equal rights.

It is no difficult thing to assume a position which shall seperate us from all salutary influence on those around us. Whether the modern advocates of temperance have, or have not, attained that position, is a question worthy of debate. That alcoholic liquors are valuable, for certain purposes, cannot be denied. To prosecute and punish every man for selling it, without regard to the use made of it, or consequences from it, is certainly anti-republican. While I would allow all the right of their own way, I should hold all *answerable* and *punishable* for breaches of the peace or actual injuries done by any one, by whatever means; nor, would I fail to call upon the ACCESSARY as well as the principal. But rather would I persuade all to abstain from intoxicating drink, and show, by a consistent and gentle course, that there is a better, and every way a happier course than to indulge in the use of spiritous liquors as a beverage, at any time. I would be understood to condemn the present course of prosecutions on venders, and assign, at present, but one reason, viz: it has been pursued several years, and more especially the last year, and drunkenness and crime, and rum shops, have increased to an "alarming extent." An Englishman once said, "make a law that no Yankee should have a steeple upon his barn, and every barn in New England would have a steeple in less than one year." J. R.

[Although we do not agree in every particular with the writer of the above well written communication, still we insert it with pleasure, believing there is no surer or more direct way of arriving at the truth in all great political and moral questions than to hear all in their own way. We do now, as we repeatedly have done before invite inquiry and discussion, on any subject of public interest, from correspondents at home or elsewhere.—*Ed. Adv.*]

Editorial Changes.

Mr. Charles Cist, favorably known as the Legendery of the West, retires from his department in the *Morning Advertiser*, and defers until next Spring a further share in literary pursuits. His name and services, when the history of Ohio comes to be written, will be highly appreciated—even more, if possible, than at present. We believe that he contemplates a business trip to St. Louis and other parts of Missouri.

Mr. Charles H. Brough announces the suspension of the *Advertiser*, and that he will resume in a few days his former position, as the editor of the *Enquirer*, assisted by Mr. John Brough. We understand, and trust there is no impropriety in mentioning, that Mr. [illegible] Woodson, formerly of the [illegible] and more recently of the Washington *Times*, will be associated with the Messrs. Brough in the new arrangement.

Dr. Bailey, a most effective writer, gives place to Mr. Stanley Mathews, in the editorship of the *Morning Herald*. Dr. B. is about to take charge of the *National Era*, a Liberty paper at Washington City.

Mr. Case takes his leave of the readers of the *Enquirer* on Wednesday morning.—*Cincinnati Enquirer of Monday Nov. 23d.*

Our Western Correspondent "Looker On" informs us that Mr. Case has already moved about forty miles down the Ohio, into the State of Indiana where he owns a farm. His health is very poor. We hope he will speedily regain his health and soon return to the duties of a political editor, a sphere in which he has few equals, if any superiors.

The new Liberty Party paper, we learn from other authority, will have three editors, Dr. Bailey of Cincinnati being principal, having associated with him Mr. Phelps, of New York, formerly a clergyman, and J. G. Whittier, the poet of this State. Dr. Bailey devotes his unquestionable great ability as a writer to the political and economic aspect of Slavery—Mr. Phelps will attend to its moral and religious bearing upon the community, and Mr. Whittier will conduct the literary department. It is to be weekly, at two dollars a year. Its appearance will be looked for with interest by men of all parties, more particularly since most the organs of this party heretofore have been merely vehicles of the vilest abuse, or sewers for the discharge of personal pique or the miserable misanthropy of disappointed visionaries.

Naval movements against Tampico—retreat of the Enemy.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27, 8, P. M.

An extra from the New Orleans Picayune of Thursday morning, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., gives the following account of the expedition against Tampico:

"The schooner Miles, Capt. Thompson, arrived here this morning from the squadron at Anton Lizardo; having made the voyage to the pass in five days.

The Commodore despatched on Wednesday, the 11th inst., the frigate Raritan, Capt. Gregory, the Potomac, Capt. Wallace, and the sloop St. Mary's, Capt. Seeders, for Tampico. On the following morning, the 12th inst., the Commodore hoisted his broad pennant on the Princeton, Capt. Engle, and sailed for the same destination. The Princeton took in tow the steamer Spitfire, Capt. Tatnell, and the gun boat Petrel.

The Mississippi, under Com. Perry, sailed the same day, having in tow the Vixen, Capt. Sands, accompanied by the Bonite, Lieut. Benham, the Reefer, Lieut. Skerrett, and Nonata, Lieut. Hare. Ere this they have doubtless reached their distination, and we presume that Tampico is already in our hands. The steamer Spitfire, Capt Tatnell, arrived at Anton Lizardo one day eleven hours from Brazos, having touched at Tampico, and communicated with the Porpoise, which was maintaining the blockade of that port.

From the Porpoise they learned that the Mexican troops had marched out of Tampico, retiring towards San Luis Potosi, taking with them artillery from Tampico. The remains of the lamented Lieut. Morris were exhumed and put on board the Raritan, and will be conveyed to Pensacola as soon as the fight at Tampico is over."

MRS NEWTON, an old lady of about 66 years, was badly burned yesterday afternoon, by her clothes taking fire, at the residence of her son, on Chapel street. By the timely assistance of those living in the house, who were alarmed by a little boy who was in the room, the fire was soon extinguished.

Hon. Caleb Cushing delivers the next lecture before the Institute and Col. Schouler does not lecture until next week, Col. Schouler delays a week to accommodate Mr Cushing.

The Loss of the Atlantic.

From the Boston Times.

Nothing remains of the boat but her machinery and wheels. Capt. Hasen thinks there were 70 passengers on board. The wind most of the time was W. by N. W.

Two young gentlemen belonging to this city, Mr. Orlando Pitts, Secretary of the Boston Insurance Co, and Mr French, clerk in the Merchants' office, were on board and are supposed to have perished.

When the wreck was last seen, an upright beam with the bell remained, and the wind was tolling the bell.

After the Atlantic had drifted to the Island and lay anchored in close proximity to the shore, the gale constantly increasing, the passengers inquired of Capt. Dustan as to their chances for life and the probability of assistance reaching them. He told them frankly that unless the gale lulled no assistance could be rendered, and no boat could come to their aid without a prospect of speedy destruction. Singular to relate, the wind increased till the steamer was dashed on the rocks—when the storm began to abate. The passengers, during the whole term of 27 hours that they remained in such peril and suffering from excessive cold and hunger, were perfectly calm and resigned in view of impending death.

The three anchors on board would not weigh in the aggregate more than 2,200 lbs., or a little over 700 lbs each—evidently altogether too light for such a vessel. At last, as each successively dragged, bars and pieces of iron were heaped together and thrown overboard—making in the mass, a weight of 8,000 lbs., which held the vessel for a time from destruction—but the iron could not cling like an anchor and whole proved ruitless as the gale increased.

While a number of the passengers were standing in the saloon on the main deck, the promenade deck came crashing down upon them by the force of the gale, and killed and wounded many. Again when the boat broke amidships those who were standing on the main deck and by the gangways were engulphed, and the bodies could be seen sweeping from side to side in the sluiceway of the waters. This was a dreadful sight—the bodies seemed to be the mere sports of the waves, and the strong swimmer was as helpless as the feeblest child.

Our informant, whose rescue from the waves we have mentioned, thinks that Capt. Dustan, who left the boat after himself, must have been struck by fragments of the parting vessel and swept by the undertow under the vessel. Mr Gooding had hardly any expectation of saving his life, but remembering his family at home, he felt it his duty to make every effort, however desperate or seemingly hopeless. He obtained a life preserver—of which there was a great number on board—and put it on. He also tied his hat on his head—pulling it down so as to make it water-tight—and letting himself down into the foaming waters, and struggled for life. He was thrown upon the beach, and then swept back again by a retiring wave, even beyond the steamer. Another wave threw him upon a high rock, from whence he got to the main land by swimming over a sheet of water within a reef that extended some distance towards the sea. The spray froze as it fell, and those who were saved became perfectly chilled by it. Mr G. says that the water was as a warm bath in comparison with it. Their walk to the house of Mr Winthrop—a distance of about 1½ miles—was a most arduous one, some of the passengers not being able to get along without assistance. One, indeed, fell down, his eyes became set, and he would have perished were it not for kind companions. They all found succor at the house—a large and roomy building.—Two large fires were built in the kitchen and setting rooms—the only rooms that admitted of it, and every aid was rendered. There was quite a quantity of beds in the house, and those who were not wounded found it very comfortable to even sleeping three in a bed.—There were only three men on this quarter of the island and they did good service in saving the passengers.—They expected all day Thursday that the boat would go in pieces, and they made every preparation in their power to receive the passengers. Some that were hurt remained at the house.

It was estimated by the passengers that the Atlantic went to pieces after she struck, in 8 minutes. If she had held out half an hour, all the passengers might have been saved and walked to the shore as the tide was fast ebbing. When she received the heavy shocks a short distance below New London, at the time her steam box burst, some of her braces and joints opened and parted, and many perceived that she was fast losing her strength. Again, when the short, quick and high seas would strike her, such was her great length that she was strained severely and seemed to warp over the waves. She seemed to be unfitted by her size and top heaviness for such emergencies. The great and crowning mistake was in the fact of venturing out in such weather at all.

The persons who lost their lives did so in attempting to get ashore.

The following are the names of some of the persons lost:

Capt. Dustin, of the Atlantic; Dr. Harlin, of the Navy; Lieut. Norton, of the Army; a clergyman named Armstrong; John Walton, Mrs Jane Walton, and their children—John, James, and Eleonor Jane, all of one family, from West Newburg for Pennsylvania, (Robert Vine and Jacob Walton, of the same family, saved.) Mary Jordon, Boston; Wm. B. Solace, Bridgeport, Vt; —— Collamore, Boston.

The following are the names of such of the crew lost as we have been able to ascertain:

John Gleeson, Thomas Gebney, Michael Dougherty, Charles Ryley, John Macfarlin; Warren Smith, cook; Philip Mayhew, do.; Mary Ann Hilton, Sarah Johnson and Sarah Ruby, chambermaids; all of New York.

REPRESENTATIVES ELECTED AT THE LAST TRIAL. Nahum M. Tribou, and Cephas Shaw, Democrats, were elected to the legislature from Middleborough by about 100 majority. In Wrentham, R. B. Metcalf, whig.

Charlestown—Henry P. Fairbanks, whig. No choice of three.

Somerville—Edward L. Stevens, whig, elected by one majority.

Perry Davis was chosen representative in Westport, and Edmund P. Hathaway in Freetown, both Democrats—making perhaps 36 in all for our party. In Berre, James W. Jenkins, jr, was chosen on the "anion railroad ticket."

A FEW THINGS TO RECOLLECT. It was Democracy that gave us our National Independence.

It was Democracy that perfected the confederacy, and cemented it together by a constitution.

It was Democracy that saved the honor of the country during the last war, secured the rights of our seamen and commerce, and caused the stars and stripes of the American Union to be respected the world over.

It was Democracy that crushed the United States Bank, when *that* threatened to crush the popular liberty.

It is Democracy that protects *labor* as well as *capital*. Heretofore the poor have been made, by oppressive tariffs, to pay the greater portion of the expense of the government. Now, the responsibility is equalized.—*Salem Advertiser.*

In as much as the patriotic proclamation of Gov. Briggs, calling for volunteers, was denounced by the whigs, should we consider his election by a large majority as a verdict of the people against the Mexican war?—*Lowell Advertiser.*

This is a very interesting question, how will the whig papers answer it?—*Bangor Democrat.*

Just as they answer every question fairly put. By silence or indirection.

THE ATLANTIC. The Boston and Worcester Railroad Company, which had an interest in the Atlantic of about $100,000, were insured for $30,000 in case of loss by fire, and $75,000 in case of loss by perils of the sea—all in New York.

BY THE NOON MAIL.

FIRE IN PROVIDENCE. A fire broke out this morning in Providence, about 1 o'clock which was still raging, when Gay's and Harden's expresses came through at 4 o'clock this morning. The steam works of Mr Albert Fuller, Mr Preston's furnace and all the buildings connected therewith, Mr Livsey's Machine shop, and all his buildings, and two or three dwelling houses, were then destroyed. The fire is still raging.

Surrender of Tampico.

Dissolution of the Mexican Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Sunday, 6, P. M.

Despatches have been received from our squadron in the Gulf. The Mexican administration was dissolved. Almonte is going to England.

Santa Anna has been compelled to refund the $2,000,000. The English Minister in Mexico, Mr Bankhead, has probably interfered with the course of Santa Anne.

New Orleans papers of the 21st inst., state that the U. S. steamer Mississippi arrived at the South West Pass on the 20th. The fleet under Com. Conner sailed on the 11th and 12th, and on the 14th Com. Perry crossed the bar at Tampico with the Spitfire, Vixen, Petrel, Boeits and Reefer, having received reinforcements from the Cumberland, Mississippi, Princeton and St. Mary's. No opposition made to our advance by the Mexicans.

The town surrendered to our forces immediately—the garrison having been previously withdrawn. The Mississippi sailed immediately for the Balize for troops to garrison the city. She touched at the Brazos and despatched a Lieut to Gen. Patterson's command, to obtain troops for the garrison. Tampico is now in possession of the marines and sailors of the fleet.

No other news by the Southern Mail.

Court of Common Pleas.

Commonwealth v Erastus Stearns and America Sargent. Appealed case from Police Court—assault and battery upon one John Elkins. Verdict, not guilty.—Morse & Farr for Def'ts.

Commonwealth v Peter Harris. Appealed case from Police Court—charge, common drunkard. Verdict not returned.

Now on trial, Owen M. Donahoe for selling liquor.—The case excites a good deal of interest. The Court House is filled with the 'anxious' on all sides of the question to learn the chances of getting liquor in future. The swearing is very equivocal, or would be in any case but a rum case.

Police Court.

Monday Nov. 23.

Charles Bennett, assault and battery; fined $3 and cost. Alice Thornton, drunkenness; fined $1 and cost. Margaret Delany, drunkenness, fined $2 and cost. John Crowley, disorderly; fined $2 and cost.

November 24.

John Huyes, drunkenness; fined $3 and cost.—Peter Collins, drunkenness; fined $3 and cost. Jason Cobb, drunkenness; fined $1 and cost.

November 25.

Thomas Maloy, drunkenness; fined $2 and cost.

November 28.

Richard Thayer, drunkenness; fined $5 and cost.—John Crowley, assault and battery; fined $10 and cost in 2 days, or 3 months in the House of Correction.

☞ We stand corrected by the Courier as to one of the Representative districts in Maine to which we referred the other day in our article on the next Congress. We should have taken but three districts, though that paper admits we were right in saying the Democrats stand the best chance in four of the eight districts where vacancies exist as it gives us one in Vermont.

MRS CONNER, who claims to be the wife of Gen. Van Ness who died last spring at Washington worth $400,000, will probably substantiate her claims, and obtain the income of one third his real estate, and one half his personal property, outright.

HOW THEY DO IT IN BOSTON. The Post says—"*Clear the track.* The city marshal entered complaints against sundry aldermen and the city solicitor for neglecting to clear the snow from the sidewalks in front of their estates."

☞ Lt. Charles W. *Morris*, killed at the bombardment of Tobasco, was the son of Com. Charles Morris, and a native of this State, and leaves a wife and children in Charlestown. Mrs Morris is the daughter of Richard Devens, Esq., of that town.—*Post.*

☞ The Courier hopes the Postmaster of Lowell will give his *official* influence in favor of a daily mail between Lowell and the New City. We should'nt think of asking any other.

☞ Mr Orlando Pitts, of Roxbury, lost in the Atlantic, had his life insured of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, at Boston, for two thousand dollars.

THE GOOD STUFF IN HIM. Major Van Buren, son of the ex-President, acted as aid to Gen. Taylor at the siege of Monterey, and was with him in all his dangers.

☞ Gen. Chester Ashley, (Democrat,) has been re-elected Senator in Congress, by the Legislature of Arkansas.

DIVORCE. Mr Myers announces that he will apply to the Virginia Legislature for a divorce from his wife Virginia Myers.

☞ The Criminal term of the Court of Common Pleas commenced its sitting yesterday, Judge Colby is on the Bench.

A SATINET NOMINATION. A Vermont paper nominates Henry Clay for President and Abbott Lawrence for Vice President.

LIBEL. The New York Sun has sued the New York True Sun for a libel. It is something about an accusation of stealing telegraph news.

☞ Since Gilbert has lined the side walk with *bear skins*, we notice the ladies "pass by on the other side."

☞ There is advertised in another column a chance to make a fortune.

☞ An explosive substance as powerful as gun cotton can be made from tow dust.

☞ The Bartlett Steam Mills, Newburyport, have declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 1-2 per cent.

☞ GEN. CASS left this city on Saturday last en *route* for Washington.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by golping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose Office has been removed to the *N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court st., Boston.

sept5 A&rly3t

IMPORTANT LETTERS FROM HENRY WILKES, Esq.

New-York, March 13th, 1843,

Mr C. Blackerinoff:

Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted during several weeks past with a severe cough, accompanied with pain in the side, and other unpleasant and dangerous symptoms (which I was really fearful would terminate in consumption,) I was induced at the instance of a friend (who had tested its efficacy,) to procure a few bottles of your celebrated Health Restoratives. It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the effect of this truly invaluable medicine upon my system almost magically performed a speedy cure, and again restored me to health and happiness. I cheerfully reccommend the Health Restorative to all persons afflicted.

Truly your Obd't Servant,
HENRY. W. WILKES, *No:* 67 South st.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from *Mr Jas*, Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,
JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on. The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this virinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

DIED,

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Nov. 28, 1846.

Nov. 22d Andrew Burbee, 55 yrs, disease of heart; John Mehoo, 1 yr, teething; 23d, Nancy Jameson, 53 yrs, consumption; 24th, Amos Noyes, 24 yrs, typhus fever; Frank R. Stevens, 2 yrs, dropsy of brain; Enoch A. Willard, 2 yrs, dropsy of brain; 25th, Edward P. Morey, 30 yrs, burn; Sarah A. Coburn, 25 years marasmus; 26th, Susannah G. Damon, 18, ——; 27th Rosalinda Whitney, 3 yrs 8 mos, croup; Nathaniel P. Chellis, 9 yrs, disease of brain; Marshall Wyman, 21 yrs typhus fever.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsey Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and, by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Nov. 25th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, Lowell, in said county, carpenter, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivary of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Wentworth will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the seventh day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Wentworth and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them.

nov22a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 3 Cobura e Block, Central St. nov12

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov23a1m

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or thirty Cards handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published, and for sale at 23 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warreated of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23Central st.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason—and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most bountiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE,"

he requires his desciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Flour Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Deterioration of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache,	Nervous Disorders,
Erysipilas,	Neuralgia,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever—Low, Nervous, Intermittent, Remittent, Fever and Ague,	Stomach, various diseases, Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among these the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this billious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying it; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs.

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the preparation of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to you agent for mine Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similar testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAEFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March. A1y nov 24.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept4 a4m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER!

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION.—

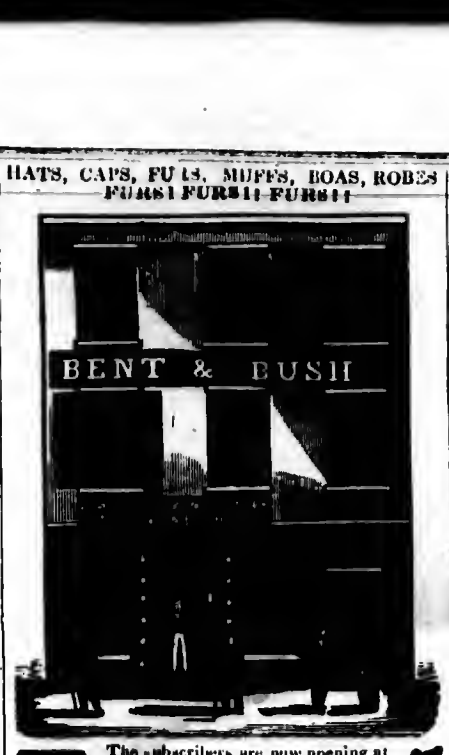
For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work,	from $1 to 2 00

☞ Tuition required in advance. ☜

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. A2w

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutra, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted White and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Mohskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH. A1f

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' Indie Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and, will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day

The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA Whedden, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hyneon agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF

This Day.

The packet Schooner, CHARLOTTE CROWELL master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

CORRECTION OF CHECK LISTS.—The Board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, on SATURDAY Evening next, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday Morning next, Nov. 23, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. nov19 a3t.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A Block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Adjourned Sale of Piano Fortes.

The Mortgagee sale advertised for Wednesday, 25th is adjourned on account of the storm, until THURSDAY, Dec. 3d, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at Wentworth's Hall, when will be sold, without reserve, for cash,—4 elegant new rosewood cased Pianofortes, made in the most thorough manner by established houses in Boston—with iron frames and all the modern improvements.

Also—2 second hand Piano Fortes in mahogany cases. The whole to be peremptorily sold for cash, to close a concern.

Professors of music and the public generally are respectfully invited to examine the instruments on the morning of sale.

At Private Sale. General Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotic engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake, Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Borrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimark st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.—TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andove Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollars on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company. A&Ptf

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the grading and masoning of that part of the Lowell and Andover Railroad extending from Lowell to Tewksbury Village, will be received until the second day of December next. Proposals may be left with either of the Directors or with Cyrus Latham, the Engineer of the Road at his office in the Savings Bank Building, where the plans and profile may be examined.

Lowell Nov. 19. 1846 A&Ptodec2

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheeclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov4a3m

JOSEPHUS. The works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, the learned and authentic Jewish historian and celebrated warrior,—with three Dissertations. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central street. sep19

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and to certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, luring years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels called upon to appeal to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every occasion, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make clients lay,
And for their false opinions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as **PERFECT CURES.**

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies met with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is hoarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. alyjan22

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

P. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.* Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844:

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Carrier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Wim & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
npr4 ude&parly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in issues Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.
Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co.'s and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

anov19&eplyjnn29

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.

A&Plyaug29e3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&ely jan13

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles.* It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last two years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soupness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bonck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nelson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts,
Coxsackie, Sept 29, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debiliated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligle servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, JR., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

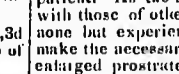
It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness.* In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aptoct144



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.
Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicins and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pinno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 3, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 142.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Moseur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&tf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Jotting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
a&f nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.
Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8 y

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc.23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore*....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&plv

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable Information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 a1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavine, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and sole proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. S. Tuttle. may14a&ply

GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made of No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1ynpr4

TO THE PUBLIC.
With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodion'a mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—.
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new once,
And all their notes reduced to true once.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10atf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwu&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefit, and fee conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurance for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Years.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1068 75	$500 24	$80 06	$222 5
60	$5000	$370 80	1838	960 16	435 58	67 58	198 7
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	178 9
			1840	681 85	270 90	39 70	148 7
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	133 6

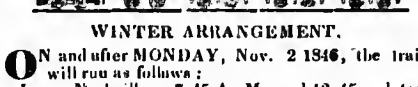
The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1846,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Sfewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2¼, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train of Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8¼, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.

FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly*

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 35 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises.
SARAH J. COLBURN.
A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. jel1ptf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.
THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1;6m*

POETRY.

FANNY HALL.

BY C. G. EASTMAN.

The sweetest girl of all I know.
Is charming Fanny Hall;
The wildest at a husking,
The gayest at a ball;
Her cheek is like a Jersey peach,
Her eye is blue and clear,
And her lips is like the sumac,
In the Autumn of the year.

Canova never made a head
Like hers, so plump and fair;
Poor Raphael had been crazed with her
Madonna brow and hair;
And I'm inclined to think if Powers
Could see her, he would grieve
To find a roaming Yankee girl
Had beaten Mrs Eve!

There's not a blemish in her form,
No fault about her face;
Sit down and gaze from morn till night,
You'll find her perfect grace;
And then, to finish all, her voice:
From the sweetest bird's in spring
You couldn't tell its warble; but
She "doesn't know a thing!"

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Haunted House.

BY MRS. CASE.

But the bride was suddenly smitten with sickness, and lay on the bed of death. The husband was bewildered with grief. Not so, his friends. They saw, with the keen eyes of business men the state of affairs, and that the house, being placed on the landed estate of his wife, and she dying without children, the whole would pass to the heirs at law, her uncles, while the bridegroom could hold only a life-estate in his property. A will was made giving *all* to the husband, unconditionally, and the hand of the dying wife was guided to the signature, and *her* friends said it was done without her consciousness of the matter. Be that as it might have been, it is highly probable that the orphan testatrix, without brother or sister, would have chosen her husband sole legatee, in the sound possession of her mind.

She died soon after signing the instrument.—After the burial, the young widower went to reside among his friends, and the house was unoccupied.

But his health began to fall. It may be that the disappointment of his hopes had something to do with his illness, for a mournful life often brings an early close. Symptoms of consumption appeared, and in less than a year he was laid by the side of his young bride.

He also made a will, and devised all the property to members of his family, and the lands surrounding this house were thus transmitted from the family to which they originally belonged to another, without any equivalent.

This is generally considered a hard case, and is the subject of many heart-burnings, even if no actual outbreaks take place, But now the lands were contiguous to those of her relatives, and connected. Then commenced those interminable bickerings between the families, about passage-ways fences, and all the *et cetera* about which neighborhoods often contrive quarrels.

Matters went on for a year or two in this way. A tenant was living in the house, and the difficulties seemed farther than ever from amicable adjustment, when one night, the wife of the tenant was waked by a noise in her room. She saw, standing near her bed, the tall figure of a young woman, dressed in white, with flaxen hair, and large melancholy eyes looking intently on her. She screamed and endeavored to awake her husband, but, before she succeeded, the phantom had departed. She did not know when it vanished, or by what way. The door was found closed as usual in the morning, and, besides, there was no noise at its departure, such as would have been made by the opening and shutting of the door.

The woman told her story, and the neighbors found a resemblance between the figure in white, and the young bride, whose brief allotment to human happiness expired in that room, But her husband laughed at her, and insisted that she had seen nothing—that it was all the effect of her imagination.

A few weeks after this, when the memory of it had become so dim that the woman herself had begun to think it an illusion, the good man went out to his barn one night to feed his cattle as usual. While doing it, he heard a low sobbing and moaning noise near him. He turned, and *there*, close at his elbow, leaning on the ruinous of the very ladder that he had just descended, was a tall figure in the long white flowing robes of a female. He could not see her face, for it was buried in her hands, but she was weeping bitterly. He did not stay to ask the cause of her grief, or to finish his work, but took rapid steps in the house, and having procured company and a lanthorn, went out to seek for her. But she could not be found. All was quiet and still.

Of course, he laughed no more at the vision of his wife, came to the conclusion it was no mortal woman that was there, and, for the future, took a light and company in his visits to the barn.

Time passed, and the apparition created much talk. The long, autumn evenings had come, and winter was near, yet the weather was mild, and the air so soft, that one evening two young girls of the family, sisters, were tempted to a walk. It was nearly dark before they returned, when, approaching, they saw standing near them, the *white figure*. They could distinguish nothing but the outline of the form, and the face was turned away as, it leaned over the paling, and seemed looking at the graves of the former inhabitants of the place.

This was enough to convince the family that a supernatural visitant was about their residence and they began to think of removing. But it was a pleasant house, and they were strangers, and had done no injustice to the dead or the living, and *why should they fear it?*

It is one of the consolations of those who believe in supernatural visitations, and something that will give courage to the most timid believer the faith that the dead only return to see justice done, or to uphold some disputed claim that ought to allowed, and that those who have been guilty of no wrong, have nothing to fear.

Reasoning thus, the family concluded to try their house a little longer, hoping the ghost would go to those who had the power to do its

wishes,(which they surely had not) and leave them unmolested.

Winter came, a stern New England winter, with the deep, white snow, so pure and beautiful, and its merry bells, and moonlight evenings, when the glistening snow and the moonbeams seem meet companions for all things good and pure. It was on such a night, when two belated travellers awoke the landlord of the nearest hotel, to ask lodgings and supper. Whilst warming themselves at the comfortable fire at midnight, they made enquiries respecting this house, and its inhabitants. 'They were surprised,' they said, 'to see at that late hour and cold season, a woman walking around the house, clad only in a thin white dress, and weeping and moaning bitterly.'

Mine host then told them the stories afloat concerning the sights seen in and around that house, and when the morning came, he went and related the story of the travellers to the family.

This decided the matter. If the unresting spirit had revealed itself to passing travellers, who had no knowledge of the existing troubles, it was good evidence of its determination to abide by the house, instead of molesting the heirs in a neighboring town, and as for occupying a tenement, leased and held in possession by a ghost, they had no intention of doing it, and forthwith gave warning of removal.

Some of the neighbors pronounced the whole affair a trick of those of the relatives who felt agrieved, contrived to bring the refractory heirs to their terms in regard to the disputed points between them; but they, on their part, most religiously affirmed, and the tenants believed, that it was the unresting spirit of the young bride, mourning over the grivances that resulted to her friends from the revesion of her patrimony.

But it led to an amicable adjustment of the difficulties, as tenants were not easily found who were willing to share a house with a ghost, the building was sold and removed, and it is supposed that the spirit is perfectly satisfied with the arrangements, as it has ceased to appear and lament.

MORALS AND MANNERS OF MEXICO.

In the "Recollections of Mexico," the author, Hon. W. Thompson, says they are very temperate people. He saw assembled of from fifty to one hundred thousand persons, without meeting one case of drunkenness. A few exceptions to the general rule of temperance may be found; but they are but few. In the most respectable walks of life, he found but one individual reputed to be intemperate. He was a distinguished man, who from that cause, probably, was prevented from being the most distinguished man in his country.

Mr. Thompson says he had no servants who could not read and write; and he thinks there were but few people there who could not. This knowledge was not very great; but it was about the same with those in our country who learned nothing but reading and writing. This sort of knowledge among the Mexicans he attributes to the Lancasterian Schools, which were instituted by Gen. Tornel, Secretary of War.

Female manners in Mexico have the old Spanish Duenna cast. *Espionage* is kept up in all the families of the higher ranks, and female liberty very much restrained.

There is only one day in in the year in which it is perfectly allowable for women of rank and character to walk as our women do, in the public streets with open dress. On *that* day, they make the most of liberty. All the streets in Mexico are crowded with women of all ranks.—They appear with rich dresses, unveiled, occasionally with a side long glance drawing a little aside the robe, half shawl and half veil, which conceals their fine busts. There is also a day, perhaps the same day, in which the public dances are attended by all ranks and conditions of people. Women of the highest class and reputation mingle indiscriminately in the dance with the most dissolute and worthless. This is a sort of affectation of equality without the reality; and it is also an equality which ought not to exist; for, though there be neither rank nor differences of power or property, virtue and vice should never be reduced to the same level.

Many dress extravagantly. One cause of this is what would never be supected in this country. It is the *insecurity of property* from the frequency of Revolutions! The fact is, that a woman can carry about her, and therefore keep and conceal a large amount of property, in the form of jewels and dress; when, if it was in the shape of houses, lands or goods, it would be confiscated in the first revolution. Mr. Thompson met a poor washer-woman who carried round her such a string of pearls as were worth a thousand dollars. He asked her why she was so extravagant—why not put her money to some profitable advantage? 'Ah,' said she, 'how could I help it? Now if there be a revolution, and I am in want, I can sell these pearls, one by one, as I bought them.'

Independent of the Political and Religious Institutions of Mexico, there are two grand causes which operate against its prosperity. One of these is the *unequal division of lands*—a great evil—never remedied in any country except our own. Here every man may have a quarter section of land, who chooses to be industrious. In Mexico, a hundred miles square is sometimes owned by one man, while hundreds are without any. These large estates will have tens of thousands of cattle upon them, and raise all the fruits and vegetables of tropical climates, while thousands of Mexicans, Indians, and mixed races, will have no land, and little to do, except to idle away life.

The very abundance of Tropical regions, which produces a superabundance of food, and scarcely requires clothing, induces an *indolence*, which is fatal, in any contest of strength with the people of Temperate climes. Mr. Thompson thinks that the average strength of Mexican men is not greater than that of American women.

PHALANX *vs.* COLUMN.—The old problem in military tactics is undergoing a new discussion between the *Courier* and *Tribune*. The latter maintains the immaculacy of the Phalanx, and that it is destined eventually to absorb all ranks; while the *Courier*, by an adroit use of the enemy's files and a stout mustering of his own invincible columns, makes warm the war. Seas of ink have already been shed on either side, and oceans are still to follow. *Sauve qui peut!*—which being interpreted, means, Heaven aid the readers!—*Yankee Doodle.*

"REGARDLESS OF EXPENSE."—The exertions of some of the daily papers to furnish their readers with valuable reading matter are indeed surprising. For instance, some of them have published in a single number one entire part of "Dombey and Son"—the original cost of which cannot, according to the best authority, have been less than three to five hundred pounds sterling. It is no wonder that journals which are willing to expend fifteen hundred or two thousand dollars upon the literary matter for a single number should achieve very large circulations.—Such enterprize ought to be liberally rewarded. *Yankee Doodle.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 3 1846.

The adoption of the new Constitution of New York,

The whigs of Massachusetts, and the rest of the country are claiming New York as a whig State. We must admit, if we look only at the surface of things, that the Democratic and Whig parties in the Empire State, appear nearly equally balanced. Silas Wright, the Democratic candidate for Governor, has been defeated, and Addison Gardiner, the Democratic candidate for Lt. Governor has been elected. Anti Rentism has defeated the one and elected the other. Horace Greeley admits and shows that the democrats had a majority of between three and four thousand, independent of Anti Rentism. But there has been a work done in New York that settles beyond all doubt the Democracy of that State. And although the Tribune may not acknowledge a majority of but three or four thousand Democrats, and though anti rentism, party divisions, deception and false professions may lure from the Democratic party many, whose feelings, wishes, interests and intentions are to support the true principles of democracy, and draw them to the support of whiggery, yet there is one act of the people of that State which shows it to be really as Democratic as any State in the Union. And which shows, too, that when the principles of Democracy are placed before the people they are ready to support them—that the great mass of the people are really Democratic—that though they may sometimes be found in the ranks of other parties they are still Democratic and will maintain the principles of Democracy when fully and fairly presented. That act is the adoption of the new Constitution. To prove New York to be an out and out, radically democratic State, let us see how the New Constitution tallies with some of the reforms advocated by the democracy of this State, which have universally been denounced as the worst kind of agrarianism by the whigs.

In the first place we will enumerate some of the doctrines of the Democratic party here. The Democrats believe the people capable of government in fact, and therefore fit to elect all the officers of the government, legislative, executive and judicial; including judges, sheriffs, attorneys, council, secretaries of the government, &c. They advocated, in 1843, on the recommendation of Gov. Marton, a revision of the Constitution, so that the government of the State should not have power to run the people in debt over half a million dollars, except in case of war or insurrection. They hold to the doctrine that corporations should be created by general and not special laws, and that the liabilities of corporators should be increased. That there should be no bundling together of measures that they may be passed by sectional and local combinations—by a system of log-rolling. That the State credit should not be given or loaned to individuals or corporations. That all judicial officers should be supported by a salary instead of fees. That judges shall hold their offices for a term of years instead of for life. These are some of the principal reforms the democracy of Massachusetts have been contending for, and which have been denounced by the whigs as most destructive and dangerous, and as the doctrines of unprincipled radicalism—of the lowest depths of locofocoism. But the whigs here are now claiming New York as a whig State when, by a majority of 138,000, her voters have just adopted a Constitution embracing all these radical, agrarian, jacobin, locofoco doctrines, and more with them. The New Constitution provides for the election of the judges and every other principal officer by the people. That the judges shall be elected for not over eight years and not for life. That the credit of the State shall be given nor loaned to individuals nor corporations under any circumstances. That the State shall not be run in debt over a million dollars, except to defend the State in war or repel insurrection. That no bank corporations shall be created except by general laws; and that no other corporations (except municipal) shall be created except by general laws, where they can be so created. It provides that no private or local bill shall embrace but one subject. That no judicial officer, except justices of the peace, shall receive any fees whatever.—It doubles the individual liabilities of stockholders in corporations. Thus we see all these, as the whigs call them, worst and most dangerous doctrines of locofocoism, have been incorporated into the constitution of N. York, by an overwhelming majority, and yet the whigs call it a whig State. If these are evidences of whiggery, would that we might have a little such whiggery in old Massachusetts. The truth is, New York is a democratic State, and though such a state of things existed as to defeat the democratic candidate for Governor, yet she is as sure for the support of the Democracy as any State in the Union. Let us ask those who call New York a whig State, if whig Massachusetts would adopt such a democratic, radically democratic constitution, as she has done?

Tampico.

This place, which unconditionally surrendered to our troops on the 14th of last month, is situated about half way between the mouth of the Rio Grande and Vera Cruz, and 312 miles form the city of Mexico. Vera Cruz is 290 miles from Mexico.

The town is situated on a neck of land about four hundred yards wide, formed by the river Panuco on one side and a lagune on the other. It is about six miles from the sea. The defences are altogether insignificant, consisting of an old dilapidated fort and some dozen miserable guns. The bar at the mouth of the river admits vessels drawing from seven to nine ft. It is capable of being made a strong military position at a very moderate expense. The road from Tampico to Mexico cannot be travelled in carriages; it is through mountain passes and ravines, and down the beds of torrents, and over chasms and precipices, that would make a chamois hunter tremble. It is not a little remarkable that from the mouth of the Rio Grande to Vera Cruz—eight or nine hundred miles—that there is but one road over which carriages can travel from the burning plains of the coasts to the table lands. The road from Vera Cruz to Mexico, was built by the government at immense expense, and is paved like our streets.

☞ Jonathan Guthrie and William Massingill, of Arkansas, got into a fight, when Guthrie stabbed Massingill, and Massingill shot Guthrie. Both died on the spot.

☞ James Field, of Indiana, has been found guilty of the murder of his mother, to get rid of supporting her.

Flogging in Schools.

This remnant of feudal barbarism says the Olive Branch, is beginning everywhere to fall into disrepute, and the teacher who uses it, is thought, by sensible people, by that act, to have proved incompetency for the office. More than thirty years careful observation on the subject, during the greater part of which time we have had some official connection with schools as committee, and sometimes as teacher, has convinced us that it is the duty of school committees at once to discharge every teacher, male or female, who cannot govern a school without frequent resort to the ferule or whip. There may be some extreme cases in which flagelation may be required, but the cases are few and far between. We have repeatedly dismissed teachers when we found they had not talents to govern without much flogging, and would do it now, were we in an office giving us an oversight of schools and their teachers.

We append an article from the Chicago Cavalier.

The board of School Visitors at New Haven have recently had under consideration the conduct of a certain school master in that city, who inflicted cruel chastisement on one of his scholars. They class their report as follows:—

"The too frequent habit of inflicting corporeal punishment for the violation of mere arbitrary rules of discipline in schools, which are as various as the taste or caprice of their authors, and sometimes as absurd as they are useless, confounds in the minds of the young all accurate distinctions between right and wrong, perverts the design of the law in delegating so delicate a trust in the hands of a stranger, blunts the sensibilities of the young, and hardens their hearts to commit more malignant offences, for which is reserved no punishment adequate for the same, within his province to inflict."

Our sentiments exactly, and we are right glad to see the names of seven intelligent citizens of New Haven appended to so sensible a paragraph. A man who cannot govern a school without resorting to the brutal practice of flogging, may be sure that he is not fit for the noble calling of a Teacher.

☞ Leonard Scott & Co's. Republication of the "*Westminster Review*" for September we have received. In an able article on the Repeal of the Corn Laws it holds the following language, which is the language of truth and soberness—and is in the highest degree encouraging to the at present small, but steadily increasing party of entire Free Trade in this country.

"The Corn Laws are at length repealed. The struggle of eight years has been crowned by victory—a victory singularly complete, glorious, full of consequences, and wholly stainless,—a victory equally beneficial to victors and to vanquished. The struggle has been in many of its features, the most remarkable in our history. The movement was commenced, and has throughout been headed and sustained, exclusively by the middle classes, and the credit of the victory belongs to them alone. They were opposed by both of the great aristocratic parties in the state, who for centuries have divided the power and patronage of the government between them:—one party was vehemently hostile: the other either cold, indifferent, or actively discouraging; while the farmers, the peasants, and the operative classes generally, for whose more immediate benefit it was designed, and in whose instantaneous relief its success would have resulted, either stood altogether aloof from the contest, or gave their strenuous opposition to those who were fighting their battle. It is a victory gained in the Legislature in opposition to the supposed pecuniary interest of the legislators, and gained by the force of argument alone.

* * * * * *

The Repeal of the Corn Laws has been won by the weapons of reasoning alone—aided by the proof which seasons and circumstances have afforded of the accuracy of that reasoning; and it has been won against the united hostility of the working classes, the clergy, and both sections of the aristocracy; it has been won in spite of the opposition of those whom it was designed to benefit, and of those of whom it was imagined it would improve rich or ruin. Truly it offers a glorious precedent for future efforts. Distrust, ignorance, political prepossessions, the pecuniary interests and ancient and deep-rooted prejudices of the two most powerful bodies in the state, have all melted away before the simple force of logic—and that logic in the mouth of mercantile and manufacturing men."

The review is in a great degree devoted to political matters, and must be invaluable to the statesmen and politician of this country inasmuch as it is liberal in the highest degree, and chronicles with fidelity the progress of liberal principles in England, our old foster-mother and teacher

☞ The financial article in the Tuesday's Post show that the election panic in Pennsylvania is subsiding.

"Iron dealers and manufacturers in Pennsylvania are recovering from the election panic about the new tariff, and new furnaces are said to be erecting. The railroad iron manufacture is more flourishing than ever. The South Trenton Iron Works have contracted to make nine thousand tons, the Trenton Gazette says, for the New York and Michigan roads, in the year commencing 1st December next, and will probably have a surplus of two hundred tons a month for sale. This will make an aggregate of eleven thousand four hundred tons. The rolls are capable of turning out fifty tons per day, and new puddling furnaces are building, which when completed, will keep the rolls supplied with iron. Fifty tons a day, for two hundred and fifty days, allowing one hundred and fifteen days for Sundays and accidents, would yield twelve thousand five hundred tons, the probable product of the works."

The Pennsylvanians will probably have the courage to vote next time even if it storms.

THE RIGHT OF INSTRUCTION. M. D'Ault, just before his election to the Chamber of Deputies, of France, gave pledges to a portion of his constituents on certain questions. His right to a seat was questioned, and on consideration, the chamber decided, 151 to 134, his seat to be vacant—because pledging himself to advocate and vote for certain measures, and which he could not at a moment entirely comprehend, destroyed his freedom and independence as a legislator, and interfered with the oath he was required to take, to support the king, constitution and laws. Such is the manner in which they dispose these matters in monarchies. It is very whiggish, isn't it reader. The true Democratic doctrine is, for a representative to obey implicitly the instructions of his creator, the people, or resign.

NORWICH UNIVERSITY. By the politeness of J. S. Gordon, we have received a catalogue of the corporation students, and officers of this institution. It now has over one hundred students. By the prospectus published with the catalogue it appears to be wholly free from all sectarian or political bias. It is divided into three departments—the Collegiate, the Scientific, and the department of Military Science. Of its management and the merits of its professors, we can of course know nothing; but we should judge that a school upon the plan of this might be one of the most valuable in the country. Gen. Truman B. Ransom is President.

Athabasca Territory, Falls of St. Anthony, October 17, 1846.

The Falls—Fort Snelling—Saw and grist mill—Farming, &c.

The nine miles from St Pauls up the river to the Falls is a country beautiful in every respect. A few French settlements are made at the Falls—most of the distance is a military reservation. The bank on each side of the river, rises almost perpendicularly from 50 to 600 feet, sand & limestone formation. From the top of this bank the prairie runs off rolling a little. This roll forms all along a kind of basin, say from 3 to 6 miles in diameter, nearly level—nothing like a hallow—a road may run anywhere across it without any labor at all. When it gets warm much, they just turn aside a little. At the Falls the scenery is beautiful. The river is divided by an island. The general aspect about the Falls, both of the river and the bank, is much the same as that of Niagara. I should think it might be summed up in all its grandeur and beauty, equal to *one-third*, as compared to the Falls of Niagara. All about here in every aspect in which it can be considered, the whole scene is inviting, gladdening, beautiful. Rocks at the Falls are broken in large pieces laying about, tumbled up and hanging over, looking much like it would in large cakes of ice lodged at a waterfall. Two or three little nasty French log houses, occupied by some half-breeds, is all of life about here to blot a beautiful picture. Not a house or cover of any kind, within eight miles, for the numerous visitors in summer at this place. About 1-2 mile above the Falls we forded the river to the other side. There are yet unpurchased Indian lands for two hundred miles down the river. Soon, as we rise the bluff, the broad, rich, level prairie strikes the view, bounded only by the horizon. Not a tree, or shrub of any kind interrupts the view. The eye of a stranger to these scenes, strains itself again and again in search of some object in the distance on which to rest, returning in vain, often to the foot path before you, until at last it is worried and disappointed, and upon the whole, leaves you a little dissatisfied with the prospect that a few moments before opened so beautiful and boundless before you. A few steps down on the bank of the river, at the falls, on the Indian side, is a cottage house, saw and grist mill, owned by the general government, and used to saw and grind for the men at Fort Snelling, nine miles below. Its appearance and condition is disgraceful to the government and to the agents who have it in charge. Whoever they are, I know them not, neither could any one be found about the premises. We stopped and went into the mill and found matters as above stated. This prairie stretches itself for hundreds of miles farther up the river and off in a south west direction, with an unbroken ocean surface to the banks of the great Missouri. Only one hundred miles bring you to the Buffalo Hunts, where thousands are yearly slaughtered by the Indians. The Sioux Indians occupy all this region of country. The tribe is a very large one and at war with Chippewas. They talk a different language, are rather better looking, but more feminine—ride to the hunt the little prairie horses—are hardly a match for the Chippewas in the battle field.—In a few hours we approached fort Snelling, on the banks of the Mississippi at the mouth of the river St. Peters. This establishment was in better condition than any one we had seen on the route. But there is great waste even here, and much that goes at loose ends. Two companies are stationed here: Officers amuse themselves in hunting and the soldiers in loafing and pitching cents. A few miles below the fort we again forded the river, and returned towards the mouth of the St. Croix by another route, embracing most of the settled lands in this vicinity. The lands between the St. Croix and the Mississippi are all man can ask. Good land and good health are both here. On this any of your readers may rely. The climate is similar and as healthy as New England. If my opinion as to the utility of settling and farming in the west is of any use to any of your readers, I can only say the proof of the pudding is in eating the bag. My mind is made up that this is the garden of Eden for man, in all matters appertaining to farming. I have made my location, and another year intend coming out, improving, settling and stocking my farm. I have never seen anywhere a country so perfectly adapted to good health, and the comforts of life. All scattered about these prairies once in 3 to 7 miles are ponds—no outlet or inlet, yet clear water, evidently running under ground. All the country wants is to be settled, and wealth is a sure consequence. For two days we travelled among the farmers, for one hundred miles in the interior; all was better in every way than we expected to find it. There are very few barns, for this reason: very many other things are wanted more. Five years ago, not a white man was here. Now fourteen hundred live in St Croix county. Prairie grass ground looks just like one of our rich dry intervals that run out in good grass to a thick weedy grass, and wants ploughing, not for manure but to seed. The prairie grass will keep cattle in good heart about the same as good meadow hay East. It is not as good as herdsgrass and clover, and farmers here are fast laying down to grass their lands, and adopting New England rules of farming. For one I like the country and the people, and though I expected much, was very agreeably disappointed in my visit.

Yours,

A LOOKER-ON.

☞ A new gas, to be used for medical and surgical purposes, has, within a few months, been discovered by Drs. Morton and Jackson—the former a dentist, and the latter the well known geologist—which has the remarkable property, when inhaled of producing insensibility to pain and all the ills that flesh is heir to. Patients inhaling it can have teeth drawn, limbs amputated, and surgical operations of the most dangerous character performed, and be entirely insensible the while—yea more, not only is the patient, when under its influence, shut up in the measureless content of nonexistence—but a new world is created for him, a dream land of pleasantness and peace. Dr. Bigelow, one of the best physicians of Boston, read a paper not long since before a medical society, in which he recommends its use in all surgical operations—and the conductors of the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal have placed their imprimatur on the discovery. The invention is protected, we believe, by letters patent.

☞ The performances at the Museum are very entertaining. There are four or five quite clever actors. Turn Out, or the Enraged Politician; and the New Footman, are pieces well suited to the company. By the way, Mrs. Perkins, is rather stiff.

☞ It is the opinion of those well qualified to judge that there will be as much steam as water power in Lowell in ten years.

Court of Common Pleas.

O. M. Donahoe for selling liquor was found guilty.

Tuesday December 1.

Simon Jefts for selling liquor—found guilty. Abbott & Brown for deft.

Wednesday December 2.

Orvill Tylor of Bedford for selling liquor—found guilty. Abbott & Brown for deft.

J. & V. Fearn of Billerica for selling liquor—found guilty. Abbot & Brown for deft.

Daniel L. Richardson for selling liquor—found guilty. Abbot & Brown for deft.

Thursday December 3.

John Farrell for being Common Drunkard—found not guilty. Abbott & Brown for deft.

Patrick Sheridan for selling liquor—found guilty.—Abbott & Brown for deft.

Michael McKean for selling liquor—found guilty.—Abbott & Brown for deft.

The above cases were mostly carried up to the Supreme Court on exceptions.

The keeper of the Hotel at Concord was also found guilty of selling liquor.

GENERAL SCOTT AND THE WAR. General W. Scott, his aids Lieutenant Scott and Lieutenant Williams, and Major Smith of the engineers, took their departure yesterday from this port, for New Orleans, on board the packet ship Union, and the Courier says that the general only takes New Orleans on his way to Mexico, where he will "assume the command of the army and its ulterior operations." We take it for granted that if General Scott goes to Mexico he will assume the chief command; if he did not there would be no apparent purpose in his going at all.

Various rumors are afloat, as usual, in connexion with this matter; the most notable of which is that General Scott has pledged himself to the Government that, if they will give him 40,000 men and 25,000,000 of dollars, he will get a peace out of the Mexicans, somehow, before next Summer. The conditions are somewhat burdensome; but we suppose that if the men and money are indespensable, General Scott's name is the likeliest thing to make them forthcoming. Not that there is any distrust of General Taylor as a commander—as a leader of armies; but that confidence is felt in General Scott as a military statesman; a safe and prudent man to be entrusted with the conduct of an affair which may involve negotiation, and in which, moreover, the presence of negotiation is ardently desired.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser of Tuesday.*

☞ On the fourth Monday of November the towns of Leyden and Coleraine held meetings to elect representative to the legislature. In the former town the trials resulted in the election of Mr David Mowrey, democrat, the two parties having compromised, and agreed to send a democrat this year and a whig next. In Coleraine there was no choice. We understand that Mr Baxter Bardwell, the democratic candidate, received 100 more votes than the whig candidate. That one hundred and fifty whig majority in Coleraine has dwindled down to pretty small matter. The delegation from this county now stands five democrats and five whigs.—*Franklin Democrat.*

☞ The sheriff's jury, in cases of Fitchburg and Charlestown Branch railroads, and James Gould vs. Maine Extension railroad, for land taken by its track, reported at Lowell on Monday, a verdict of thirty eight thousand three hundred, twenty nine thousand seven hundred, and forty seven hundred dollars, which the Maine company appealed from to the supreme court.

The Nashua and Lowell railroad divides five per ct. for six months, as usual. It will be necessary to obtain permission from the New Hampshire legislature before the Nashua and Lowell Co. can build the Wilton Branch road.—*Post.*

FRENCH CONSUL IMPRISONED. The Mexican advices received per the "Midas," at New Orleans, state that Monsieur Gasquet, French Consul at Monterey, California, had been imprisoned by the United States authorities at that port, because he had protested against the occupation of California by the United States. The imprisonment is said to have taken place on the 29th of September, and that an English vessel immediately sailed to the Marquesas Islands, to inform the French admiral of that station of the occurence.

HON. LEWIS CASS. A resolution was passed lately in the city council of New York in favor of extending the hospitalities of the city to the Hon Lewis Cass and appointing a special committee to carry the same into effect. Also the Choir appointed Messrs Gilmartin, Maclay, and Dougherty.

☞ The Democracy of Rhode Island have nominated for Governor, Onley Bullou, of Cumberland; for Lieut. Governor, John D. Austin, of South Kingston; for Secretary of State, William H. Smith of Providence; General Treasurer, Nathan Hammatt, of Newport; Attorney General, George Turner of Newport.

☞ CAPT. EDWARD WEBSTER, son of Hon. Daniel Webster, advertises for a few more volunteers to fill up vacancies existing in the company he raised "by the advice and consent of his distinguished father." The Post says, it will probably be the first company to volunteer in compliance with the new requisition.

HON. CALEB CUSHING did not, as was expected, lecture before the Institute last evening. He undoubtedly missed the cars, as we know from a friend who saw him in Boston yesterday afternoon, that he intended to come.

THE NEW TARIFF. One hundred and twenty thousand dollars were paid into the Custom House yesterday, for goods taken out of bond under this new tariff.—*Boston Times.*

HIGH TREASON. Mark H. Parkenson has been arrested at New Orleans, accused of holding intercourse with the Mexican Government.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

☞ The fire in Providence of which we spoke in the Advertiser of Tuesday was extinguished after destroying about $30,000 worth of property.

☞ The Boston Times has opened its batteries upon the Municipal Authorities of that city for their stopping the sale of Newspapers on Sunday.

AN ADJOURNED TEMPERANCE MEETING will be held this evening, at the City Hall at 8 o'clock.—The public are invited to attend.

☞ In the case of Commonwealth against Peter Harris, the verdict of the the jury was guilty.

☞ The small pox prevails to such an extent at Woodstock, Illinois, that all civil suits in court were adjourned to the next term.

☞ The Barnstable Patriot nominates Hon Robert J. Walker for the Presidency. Premature.

☞ Col. Schooler suggests drunkards should not be punished by our courts—but be allowed to warn by example.

☞ The steeple of the new Museum is about being taken down. It is quite an undertaking.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wasted in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "FEARFUL MALADY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fallacious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&ptly30

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

---

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Graefenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

INFORMATION WANTED

BY Mary Ann Keun, of her father Peter Kean, and brothers Roger and Patrick Kean, who left this city fourteen weeks since for Wisconsin, promising to write or return in three or four weeks. Any information concerning them will be gratefully received by MARY ANN KEAN, of Lowell.

Dec 4th a2t

NEW LOWELL MUSEUM.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

ON Thursday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 3d and 4th, commencing at 8 o'clock, will be presented for the first time, the beautiful Musical Comedy entitled.

TURN OUT!

OR THE ENRAGED POLITICIAN.

To conclude with the successful Farce of the

THE NEW FOOTMAN.

APPROPRIATE MUSIC EACH EVENING.

Museum open from 8 A. M., to 10 P. M. Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment.

TICKETS 25 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price.

No Boys admitted unless accompanied by Parents or Guardians Dec3

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,

No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to

HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1mdec8

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee. 3w

NEW BOOKS JUST PUBLISHED BY THE HARPERS.

1ST Vol. of the Pictorial History of New England being a history of the people as well as a history of the Kingdom, illustrated with several hundred Wood-cuts. History of American Revolution, with maps and illustrations, also Revised and Enlarged by Rev. J. L. Blake. Beauties of French History, by the the author of American Revolution.

Classical antiquities or a compendium of Roman and Grecian antiquities, with a sketch of Ancient Mythology, by Joseph Selkeld.

For sale by J. E. SHORT, & Co., corner of Merrimack and John, St's dec3

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased., intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indepted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator. Dec 2d tw.

J. E. SHORT & Co.

PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,

—AND—

STATIONERS,

61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]

LOWELL, MASS.

LOWELL SEMINARY.—The Winter Term will commence in the Unitarian Vestry, Merrimack street, on Wednesday, the 2d day of December, and continue eleven weeks, under the care of Rev. C. MANN and Daughters.

A highly approved teacher of Music is connected with the school.

The course of lectures on Philosophy and the Natural Sciences will be continued.

—TUITION.—

For Common English branches,	$3 50
" Higher " "	4 00
" Latin, Greek and French Languages,	5 00
" Music and use of Instrument	8 00
" Drawing and Ornamental Needle-work, from $1 to	2 00

☞ Tuition required in advance.

Lowell, Nov. 19, 1846. a2w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations, and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilae,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in this mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this billious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——OF GEORGIA.

Sirs.

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect *cure*. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to you agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similar testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THERE, the GRAEFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*. General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver Marsh. A1y nov 21.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on this most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept 4 1m H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER!

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at a price which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now the cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wear.—To be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you: dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—A acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

---

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

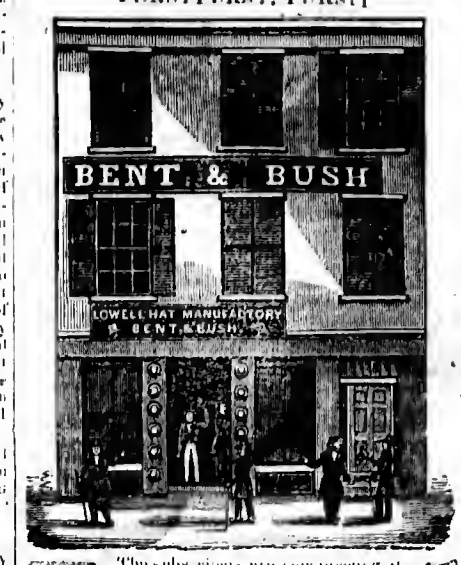
Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

---

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, TIPPETS AND BOAS.

FURS!! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP and FUR* Store, No 39 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Fine Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Fur Trimmed, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Natra, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Natra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Camel Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Wolf and Raccoon Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they presumed that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel so confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutra, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, Gossamer Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not to Crock or Run.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Ladies or Gentlemen's hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

A1f

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office,

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a10

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsey Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing copper'd new Shr ANDES, Snow master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF.

This day

The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA *Whelden*, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

---

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, Shaw, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Dynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHF

This Day.

The packet Schooner CHARLOTTE, Chadwell, master, is now loading at Long wharf and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

FOR SALE—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

---

The Odd Fellows Game consists of six different parts, or duty cards, handsomely printed on smooth surface. Just published and for sale at 28 Central Street, by Merrill and Heywood.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. H. PATCH.

OFFICE.—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement is a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, Tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. H. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advance in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Fur goods, direct from New York, on Saturday next Dec 5. at 10 and 2 o'clock, an Extensive assortment of Rich Muffs, Fur capes, Gloves, Buffalo Robes, Fancy Robes, &c, &c. Sale Postive to reimburse advances—particular description see bills.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Bouquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Bequet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

LOWELL AND ANDOVER RAILROAD.

TO the Stockholders of the Lowell and Andove Railroad Company.

You are notified, that an assessment of ten dollors on a share of said Stock, has been laid by the directors, payable on the first day of January next; and all holders of Stock, on that day, are requested to pay said assessment to the subscriber, at his office, on Central street in Lowell. JOHN A. KNOWLES,

Oct. 20, 1846. Treasurer of said Company.

A&Ptf

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volumn.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opherlide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846 nov18tf

MIDDLESEX CASSIMERE just received and for sale by L. D. BOISE.

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL, 15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS is returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown in this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like nest eggs, to make others lay,
And for their false delusions pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as PERFECT CURES.

These are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in these complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to worldly suspicion, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is not sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is bounded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15—ENDICOTT STREET—15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only at Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjun22

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the REPRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je18 a8 112 Fulton st., New York.

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*, Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hull, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&r1yjun28

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz :*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times its quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary :

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Yanth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha :

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&r1ysaug29c3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awk&colyjun13

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chepin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaskie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligte servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a8m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Meuchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kiddee Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aptoct144



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Mondey, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P.M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Mondey, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. may9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and oftimes impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no commenion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. s28

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

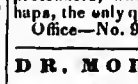
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 5, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 143.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

s published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

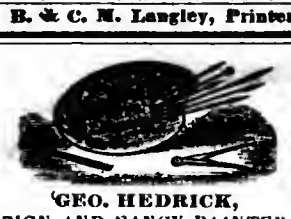
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clocks and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, STREET HEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS. jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. (mar17

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET,
—AND—
STABLING FOR HORSES,
BY L. B. NORRIS,
Bartlett Street, rear of Central Street.

Good Horses, and every description of Carriages furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. je8

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jao21a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ptf

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horse cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply



GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. n1yapr4

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.'
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep toned Organs green and hollow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus or our hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Note bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10 atf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & Co.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 53	67 53	198 7
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 60	370 45	55 71	178 0
			1840	531 85	270 20	39 70	146 3
			1841	655 56	247 50	37 54	133 6

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.

Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*

Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18 Tu&Sp6wly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

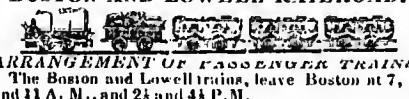
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8¼, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Hillerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do. If it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. sp28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ply*

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable Farm of 85 acres of excellent Land, pleasantly situated in the south part of Dracutt, suitably divided into mowing, tillage, Pasture, and some wood land, one mile from Lowell on the Methuen Road. The Farm is well supplied with never failing water of the best quality at all seasons. A two story house, four rooms, finished. Said Farm has a variety of trees, some of which grafted of the most choice kind and in bearing. The above Farm will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of the subscriber on the premises. SARAH J. COLBURN.

A perfect title will be given.
Dracutt, June 10th, 1846. je11tf

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28 A1y6m*

AGRICULTURAL.

HENS. We have frequently seen it asserted (says the Me. Cultivator) in our agricultural papers, that hens are the most profitable fowls that a farmer can raise. We are inclined to believe the statement substantially true. The only requisite, is too keep them well, and see that they are constantly and liberally fed with *meat*, grain, lime, gravel, ashes, and indeed, all those substances which they naturally require to preserve them in a state of health. Hen keeping has now properly come to be regarded as an essential branch of farming, and as competition increases, improved breeds and modes of management will be indispensible to success. The egg market is at present, in this State, very abundantly supplied; but the price for good eggs is yet remunerating, and probably will remain so for years to come.

We think that by judicious management, the net profit of hens may be made to exceed that of any fowls usually kept on the farm. They devour large quantities of rubbish, and are serviceable in thus converting much that would otherwise come under the denomination of refuse, to a profitable use. The following article, which we copy from an exchange, exhibits a commendable system, and a fair account.

ARE HENS PROFITABLE. Feeling a little curious to know whether my hens earn their living or not, I opened an account with them last January, and have kept the debt and credit, and as the year is drawing to a close, I propose to reckon up with them, and know how the account stands.

I wintered seventeen good *square built* hens and a rooster of the native breed. I kept them in a warm place in the winter in my barn, taking pains to provide gravel, old plastering, and pounded bone for them; and as often as once a week I fed them a little fresh meat. My way is to feed them with pudding, (meal wet with warm water) boiled potatoes, and corn; for hens like a variety of food. I found that my hens required three pints of meal a day for six months of the year, and a half that amount the other six; for I set them run at large in the summer. I fed them with cob meal (corn ground on the cob) and broom-corn seed, equal parts. The mixture I estimate at 50 cts a bushel.

I have sold 100 dozen of eggs, besides supplying a family of seven with what they wanted, and have reared sixty-eight chickens. I allow 35 dozen of eggs for family consumption, which is a moderate allowance.

Now let us see how it will foot up:	
135 dozen eggs at 13 cts,	$17,55
68 chickens at 15 cts. each,	10,20
	$27,75
EXPENSES.	
For 13 bushels of grain at 50 cts.,	$6,53
3 do. of meal fed to chickens,	2,25
Incidental, for tending, &c.	2,00
	$10,78
Balance in favor of hens,	$16,97

D. B. CROCKER.
Sunderland, Dec. 23, 1845. *N. H. Gaz.*

Indian Corn.

The followiog are some of Elihu Burritt's receipts for preparing "Corn Meal" for the table.

Common Journey, or Johnny Cake—Into one quart of meal, stir one pint of boiling water, with salt; spread it on a board an inch thick, and bake it before the fire or otherwise on an iron over the like.

Superior Johnny Cake—Take one pint of cream, half a pint of meal, two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of wheat flour, half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, and salt to suit the taste.—Bake in a hot oven.

An excellent Johnny Cake—Take one quart of milk, three eggs, one teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, one teacup of wheat flour, and Indian meal sufficient to make a batter of the consistence of pancakes. Bake quick, in pans previously buttered, and eat it warm with butter or milk.

Indian Pound Cake—Eight eggs; the weight of eggs in sugar; the weight of six of them in meal; half a pound in meal, half a pound of butter, and one large nutmeg.

Indian Cake—One pint of sour milk, one teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, one tablespoonful of sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, one egg, salt, and stiff enough to pour.

Batter Cake.—No. 1. Prepare a thick batter by wetting sifted meal with cold water, and then stirring it into that which is boiling. Salt, and when it is lukewarm, add yeast; when risen, bake in thin cakes over the fire. No. 2.—Take some milk, correct its acidity with carbonate of soda, add salt and meal to make a thick batter, and cook as before. No. 3.—To a quart of boiling water the same quantity of meal, add a little salt and two eggs well beaten; cook as before.

Ginger Cake.—One quart of sour milk with carbonate of soda, one quart of meal, one pint of flour, one gill of molasses; add salt and ginger to your taste.

A CORN MEAL CAKE. For one pint of meal take one teacup of sweet milk, one cup of sour cream, half a cup of molasses or treacle, one egg well beaten, one teaspoonful carbonate of soda, half a spoonful of salt; cinnamon, nutmeg, or other spices may be used to suit the taste.

CORN DODGERS. To one quart of meal pour boiling water till thoroughly wet; add two tablespoonsful of flour; a teaspoonful of salt; mix it well; spread it smooth in a spider or pan; first heat and oil the pan well, then set it on the coals till you can run a knife under and turn it round, then set it up before the fire to roast.

HOE CAKE. Three tablespoonful of sugar; three of cream; three eggs; one teacup of buttermilk. Stir in the meal till it is a little thicker than batter and salt and spice to your liking.

CORN MUFFINS. Take one quart of buttermilk, three or four eggs well beaten, a small quantity of flour; mix them together, and then make it quite thick with corn meal; add a tablespoonful of melted butter, and salt to suit the taste; butter the pan in which it is baked.

IMPORTANT SHOULD IT PROVE TRUE.—To kill White Grubs, it is asserted, says the Ploughman, by some farmers that late ploughing in autumn will kill out this troublesome intruder; that exposure of the roots at this season to hard frosts is the best way to be rid of them in gardens. Will not a number of our readers try this mode before the ground is frozen too hard?

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 5, 1846.

☞ Our present city government we are by no means disposed to find fault with; and when we say there are certain reforms that should be effected by the direct interference of that body, which have not been made, we by no means would be understood as intimating that they have neglected their duty. There are very many matters in the ordinary course of their duties that demand and must receive their attention; and it cannot be expected of any body of men that they can discharge a multiplicity of public duties, in which individuals have a private as well as public interest, to the entire satisfaction of all.

Individuals pecuniarily interested in the growth and prosperity of a particular portion of the city are very likely to think the streets in that particular locality where their interest lies are neglected, the schools not properly cared for, and partiality, in some form, to other sections, is ever to them, most palpable. Now we have no doubt that in all these matters the present mayor and the other branches of the city government, intend to do about right; but we think there has been a little neglect of the streets in that part of the city about the Brewery. But it must be remembered that that portion of the city has but recently become important. And on the whole, perhaps the present government have discharged their ordinary duties as satisfactorily as any of their predecessors. In the discharge of the ordinary duties of the government, there is another matter that should be a subject of reform, not, so far as we know, because it has ever led to abuse, but because it might, and because it is made the subject of suspicious comments. We refer to the practice, by no means new, of members of the government furnishing supplies for the city. Where members of the government themselves take the contracts of the government, it is always thought there is, as there may be, partiality. To avoid all suspicion, and make fairness sure, it would be well to exclude officers of the government who have the letting of contracts, from taking them, and requiring them to be given to whoever will perform them cheapest and satisfactorily. On the whole, perhaps, the present government have discharged their ordinary duties as well as any body of men would, perhaps as well as Democrats would; we have no doubt they have done as well as their direct predecessors. But there are reforms, disconnected with the regular duties of our municipal officers, that are very important; of so much consequence that they should be made the issue Monday week, which should determine the election. These reforms are, the establishment of a new judicial district, the centre to be Lowell; a new registry of deeds to be located in Lowell; the abolition of the police court, that we may get rid of the evils of the judge prejudging the case, of being a life justice, and having an interest to issue improper complaints to get the fees; the establishment of a municipal court similar to the municipal court in Boston; that no person in the employment of the city shall receive fees for attending the police court as a witness, without the same amount being deducted from his wages or salary due from the city. These changes may all be effected by the city government and its influence in the legislature, if every member is pledged to do all in his power to bring them about. We believe four-fifths of the voters in Lowell are favorable to all these changes, and that they are satisfied the best good of the city demands them. Just vote, then, for no men unless they are pledged to them, and the work is accomplished. We look upon these reforms as far paramount to any little difference there may be in the administration of our ordinary city affairs, by any set of men who may be elected, and from whatever party the city government is made up, a great good will be effected.

Dr. Wieting's Lectures.

These lectures seem to be making quite a stir—in the columns of the Courier at least. That paper after advertising for the lecturer and puffing him, says his lectures are 'demoralizing'—and in the same paper publishes resolutions highly flattering to him. Then a "worthy young lady" makes her appearance and affirms by her troth and honor that the lectures are in the highest degree instructive and very interesting.—Then "L. M. N." appears and with indignation asserts that private lectures of this kind are "highly indecent," and tells in rather plain language, in what the indecency consists. From which it appears that taking "L. M. N's," *view of the matter* there can well be nothing more indecent than his own communication. "L. M. N.," says too, "there unquestionably are limits to decency"—but proves the falsity of his proposition in his own communication.

The truth in regard to the propriety of these Lectures seems to be this, if sufficient knowledge is imparted to the hearer to enable him or her to more correctly obay the laws of their organization, then are they beneficial; but if the facts communicated serve only to perplex and confound, and the knowledge gained from one or two desultory lectures is quite likely so to do, then are they proportionably injurious. The blind trust to the guidance of others—the partblind stumble along alone.

It should be borne in mind that after the first step is taken in physiological investigation there is no such thing as propriety or impropriety, modesty or immodesty, and the scientific or enlightened eye sees no difference in point of decency or indecency between the revelation, by dissection of the mysteries of the human form, and in showing the delicate and intricate construction of the simplest flower.

WILLIAM BUTTERFIELD, Esq., has left the Nashua Gazette and become the sole editor and proprietor of the New Hampshire Patriot and State Gazette.—Mr Butterfield has entered upon a wide and responsible field, and one which requires the talents and energies of a strong man to manage with the success it has been by the late able, talented and highly respected Carrol. But from our acquaintance with Mr B., both while at Lowell and Nashua, we have no hesitancy in saying the leading paper of New Hampshire could not have fallen into better hands.

ANNIVERSARIES. On Tuesday the New tariff bill went into operation; and on that day commenced those terrible times predicted by the Cotton Duke last February—and which exist only in his patriotic imagination. Wednesday, Hon. D. Webster made a great speech in Philadelphia, in which he demonstrated his total unfitness for *that which he will never receive—the Presidency.*

Atabasca Territory, Falls of St. Anthony,
October 20, 1846.

Home sick a little—dead child—steamboat Argo, &c.

Well, Friend H., I am writing you from on board the Argo, a little steamboat just landed at Fort Snelling. To-morraw she starts down the broad waters of the Mississippi, bound for Galena. Twelve of the clock my watch tells me is the hour. *Twenty-five hundred miles* of my journey yet remains to be accomplished. For the last four days I have been riding on the back of a mule—no right glad, I assure you, to turn towards home. It is the first time since I left that I have felt in gotieht to be hastening homeward. How new and strange the feeling. Were I in London and started, two weeks would enable me to shake you by the hand. My journey would be less and easier across the Atlantic. I cannot sleep yet I know not why. The boat is lashed to the shore—all are asleep about me—in the cabin alone, by a single candle, undisturbed by a single whisper—I cannot write as I would, I cannot speak as I feel. There seems a strangeness even in the atmosphere of the boat—Not a *single soul* on board I ever saw before—the boat has not the same look of our boats. It is shaped exactly like a mud turtle, as round and as flat at bottom and top, and it splashes when it moves much like a turtle with a live fire coal put on its back. The boats are much like one of our canal boats would be with a high pressure steam engine pulling at every turn of the paddle wheel. The boats usually have a flat keel boat lashed to its side in tow; we have two, one each side. The necessity for this exists in the numerous sand bars on the river. The engine and passengers loading the steamboat all the depth the water will permit over the bars, the freight is put into the flat boat at the side or into two if need be, one each side. 'Tis now near morning—I have been pacing the cabin all this sleepless night—my birth is the only thing I see about me that seems to speak kindly or signify the least care for my comfort. On the floor, and on the table, and on the chairs, and in all the births, are men close as they can stow; some snoring loud. The birth next mine contains a sick boy, slanting so as yoe hear his knees drum against the side of his birth, and his teeth chatter like the running of a rag wheel, breaking in upon the silence every little while with an O, dear! Nearly opposite is a man with both legs bandaged up, grunting on crutches; two of the hands just came in to take him to the door; I learn this is the Captain of the boat. A woman just now came to me from the ladies' cabin, and asked me to find where her husband lay; she wishes to speak with him, for her child is just dead. All this to me was pleasant, very pleasant to a mind wearied with change, and sleepless because of its loneliness. It is at such a time as this, the mind scans the past, in all its relations to the world and to its friends, with the keenest scrutiny.—At such a time we realize the fact, that the broad sea of life is spangled with error, and that myriads of the human family may live about us, unconcerned about our present suffering or future destiny. Here and there to be sure, this boisterous, bubbling, whirlpool sea of life is dotted with an island on which lives a friend.—A long way from friends and home the mind stretches itself with keen desire that it shall find on its return the *few friends* it left behind have been true in your absence. How stinging the thought that possibly he or she, on whom yoe most doated and with whom (if true) the shoals and quick-sands of life yoe pass as a shadow, may have in your absence listened to the voice of slander, and thereby blunted the finer feelings once all your own; or what is not uncommon, yet terribly worse, may themselves have been the vipers, that previous to leaving, you warmed into life, and sheltered them with your best feelings, now, during your absence, have *stimed* the paths of friendship, and by abusing confidence misplaced, become your treacherous foe. O, how glad the thought, that but *one* in the twelve apostles was a Judas. The sick mother of the dead child had watched by its side all the day, she came on board the boat about noon. About ten at night the child seemed to be easier. The mother, exhausted, laid down in the birth of her child, asleep by her side. The mother soon fell into a sound sleep.—When she awoke, at 2, the child was dead. The mother's anguish as she asked me to wake her husband, was awfully depicted on her face.

The Captain is just entering the door; he tells the mate to summon all hands for a start. 'Tis just the peep of day—the steward rings the bell, there is a bustle about the boat, all is motion and confusion, soon we are under way. I am bound to my birth, it is the only thing I have seen this night that wears a kindly sympathising aspect. I feel just as I have written.—To-morrow I will tell you what of the banks and our journey down the broad waters of the Mississippi.

Yours,
A LOOKER-ON.

Advertising.

The following observations on advertising are from the Cincinnati Enquirer, a "locofoco" paper and an able. The reader can judge of their truth and propriety:

Custom will come where it is invited. Many a man don't know that he wants a given article until he sees it advertised. Others know their wants, but don't know where to find, and are too hurried to turn out and look, for the commodities in question. An advertisement brings both classes in at once. So with strangers and country dealers. And by the way, there is some good sense to be exhibited in the media as well as the matter of advertising. A man who says "I wont advertise in such a paper because it's locofoco, and I won't contribute to support a locofoco paper," or *vice versa*, shows that he knows nothing at all of what he is talking. In truth the paper contributes to support him. It carries his advertisement to 'locofocoes,' as he calls them, where he could not otherwise get it, and invites them to his place of business. When there he will not fail to commend his wares and sell all that he can; for locofoco money is as good as whig money. Whig or Democrat, the man who talks that way is shallow. He shows that he has plenty of prejudice, but precious little common sense. He announces and acts upon a rule that would drive his political opponents from his own doors. The philosophy of the thing is to advertise in one Democratic and one Whig paper—or give the neutrals, Nativen or Liberty folks a turn if yen choose; but to confine your notices to one side of the house, as by advertising in two whig papers, or the like, shows that you haven't looked into the matter with a knowing eye.

☞ OUR MUNICIPAL ELECTION takes place one week from Monday next—there are several reforms which should be effected for the interest of the City, and which should now be determined on; but we fear they will all go by, and matters progress as they have done, for want of receiving the attention that every citizen should give them, and which probably none will, as what's everybody's business is nobody's.

☞ The New York Canal has closed for the season.

For the Advertiser.

ANDOVER, Dec. 2, 1846.

F. A. HILDRETH, Esq.—Sir: Having been detained at home by illness in my family, I did not learn until to-day that the statement attributed to me of what Mr Boutwell said in the Convention had been declared by you, in your paper, to be false.

In his speech, on that occasion, Mr Boutwell did say that he had no sympathy with the abolitionists in any respect, or words to that effect.

I repeated the expression, defending Mr Boutwell against the charge of being an abolitionist, on the ground that he was a democrat, and not an abolitionist. I electioneered and voted for him.

If Mr Boutwell could not with truth make the denial which he did, then I deceived all whom I influenced and gave my vote against my principles.

Yours respectfully,
SETH SHEARMAN.

P. S. Please print this.

We publish the foregoing with pleasure, though we must repeat that Mr Boutwell did not say he had "no sympathy with the abolitionists." "Words to that effect," is a sentence depending rather too much on opinion as to what words would be to that effect. Mr B. did speak of the importance of maintaining the Union, said sentiments are avowed which threaten its dissolution, and said in substance, as is reported in his published remarks, that he had no sympathy with any agitators of that question. But these remarks in relation to disunionists, applied, and were clearly intended to apply to the sentiments advanced at the Whig State Convention. Mr Shearman has, we think, considered these remarks as intended for the abolitionists, and thus came to the conclusion that he used words to the effect that he had no sympathy with them, whereas he used words to the effect that he had no sympathy with disunionists, whigs or any other. We see no way but this that Mr Shearman could have made the mistake he most certainly has, but we now doubt not unintentionally.

Mr Shearman did right in voting for Mr B. on the ground of his being a Democrat. That's just what he is; and though like every other northern man he is opposed to slavery, still, we doubt not, he has no sympathy with any party of men who would hazard the Union by interfering with the institutions of other States.

Representative from District No. 3.

It is well known that Mr Abbott, the Representative from this district, voted for the "Mexican War Bill," and that he has received praise from his opponents for his right action on the subject. Had he voted otherwise, he would probably have failed of a re-election, as has Mr King in the 2d district. The circumstances under which Mr Abbott voted for the bill, are not generally known. We have them from a gentleman of the whig party, to whom they were communicated by a whig member of Congress from this State, Mr. Abbott's name stands first on the list, and when the yeas and nays were called, he was absent; and it is broadly hinted that he was not desirous of leading off on this important bill. When Mr Abbott returned to the House, the call was nearly or quite through with, after ascertaining how the vote stood, he requested the clerk to enter his name with the yeas, which was done. The inference is that Mr Abbott would have voted otherwise, had he followed the bent of his own inclinations, but a majority of his party having voted in favor of the bill, it was esteemed a risky business to vote against it.

We have always esteemed it a meritorious act on the part of Mr Abbott, to have been the first to vote for the army supplies, &c., but the above statement would seem to show that, in heart he is with the opposers of the war. It was a lucky move for him, however, and the whig members generally, that they voted for the bill, as appearances now indicate that its opposers have fixed upon themselves a stigma that will stick to them through life. The responsibility resting upon Mr A. is really too great to be borne; and it is to be hoped that the whig party of Essex North, when they again nominate a candidate to represent them in Congress, will have an eye to this matter, and nominate a man who will range (alphabetically) at least half way between A and Z.—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

☞ Mr Webster spoke four hours on Wednesday at the great whig dinner in Philadelphia and discussed 1st. The Oregon negotiation and Treaty. 2d. The Mexican War. 3d. The Harbor Bill and Veto. 4th. The Protective System.

Four hundred men ate and drank and 1500 ladies looked on. The speech will occupy 12 columns in the city dailies.

☞ The Cincinnati Times tells a story of a fellow who was reading over the list of the killed and wounded at Monterey, the other day. He waded patiently through the columns of names, and then petulantly throwing the paper, aside, exclaimed "d——n such news—there ain't nobody there that I know."

FIRST REGIMENT N. Y. VOLUNTEERS.—Six companies of Col. Burnet's regiment are now mustered into service at Fort Hamilton. The whole regiment will soon be ready to embark.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3, 8 P. M. Commodore Stewart arrived to-day, pursuant to orders, it is understood, requiring his presence in the Gulf of Mexico, to superintend projected naval operations against the enemy.

☞ Miss Jane Wynness, aged 17 years, had her hands torn off and her arms crushed in the revolving machine of Rennie's print works, at Lodi, N. J.; they were amputated near the shoulder, and she is in a fair way of recovery.

☞ GEN. CASS is talked of, and is as well prepared to fill the honorable and responsible situation vacated by Senator McDuffee—Chairman of the Committee on Foreign relations—as any man in the Country.

THE COURIER'S CHARADE. "My first is nothing; my third is nothing; my whole produces my second."

Answer. "*Col-O-nel.*"

P. S. The Courier's answer is O-*pert*-O.

☞ Caleb Abbott, of Dracut, late of Chelmsford, father of Hon. J. G. Abbott, of this city, aged about 66 years, died last night at 8 o'clock.

☞ In the Court of Common Pleas yesterday all the liquor sellers were defaulted. The Court has now got through.

☞ Lieut. E. Eastman, of the Nashville, Tenn., Blues, died at Camargo Oct. 25. He was a printer in the office of the Nashville Union.

☞ Rev. Wm. S. Douglas has been convicted at Bangor of the crime of incest with his daughter.

☞ The whigs have a meeting at City Hall this evening to see about the municipal election.

THE LONDON PRESS. When the London Daily News, (Dicken's paper) was started, it had a capital of £150,000, but in six months it passed in a tottering condition into the hands of the present proprietor, Mr Dilk, of the Athenæum. The reduction of the price, however, from fivepence to twopence halfpenny, has run up the circulation, and it is expected will ultimately make it a profitable property. Last year the London Morning Herald made a hundred thousand pounds by railway advertisements. It maintains a corps of reporters, amounting to eighteen, who until recently have had seven guineas a week each; the salary is now five guineas ($25) a week each. The Herald and the Standard belong to the same person, whose name is Baldwin. The editor of the Morning Chronicle is a Mr. Doyle, who married the daughter of the proprietor, Sir John Easthope. Mr. Doyle is a son of the Emerald Isle, and was educated in Maynooth for the priesthood. He is a very elegant scholar, an able writer, and a polished man. He receives a thousand pounds for his services. The Times, which is the leading intelligencer of Europe, has thirty-six proprietors, the chief of whom is Mr Walters, whose income amounts to between forty and fifty thousand pounds a year. The political editors are Mr DeLorns and his sons, and the city editor is Mr Alsager.

From the South.

[*Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce,*

WASHINGTON, DEC. 2d. 8 P. M.

The Southern mail has arrived but brings no news. The testimony in the Van Ness case looks bad to-day for plaintiff. Mr Packenham has returned from the South. Nothing of particular interest at the meeting of the regents of Smithsonian Institute to-day. Application was made from the sister of the late Hugh S. Legare, proposing to sell his library. Mr Choate's report was not made. He has yet to prepare it. Mr. Owen's speech yesterday, was very able. Mr Owen and Mr Choate entertained opposite views as to the course to be pursued in organizing the Institution—Members of Congress are arriving in numbers.

NOT EXACTLY RIGHT. Dr. Morton dentist, of Boston, has sent an advertisement to a number of papers in the country, asking if they would insert it and take their pay in his way—intending probably, to render the value received, the' in a way in which he would not be liable to feel it so much as by paying the cash. The proposition we consider the doctor had a perfect right to make, and are inclined to think that editors who make public what was intended as an honorable and private business affair, are doing him injustice to which every one may be made liable. We think it don't look exactly right for the fraternity to take advantage of such a little affair, and cast odium and reflection upon a man who has always stood well in his profession, even if he did make a little mistake, inadvertantly. It was a *private* affair, and an *honorable* man should not expose it.—*Nashua Oasis.*

For the Federalists to Read.

Story, in his commentaries on the constitution, says:

"As the general government possesses right to acquire territory, either by conquest or by treaty, it would seem to follow as an inevitable *consequence*, that it possesses the *power to govern what it has so acquired.* The territory does not, when so acquired, become entitled to self-government, and it is not subject to the jurisdiction of any state. It must, consequently, be under the dominion and jurisdiction of the Union, or *it would be without any government at all.* In cases of conquest, the usage of the world is, if a nation is not wholly subdued, to consider the conquered territory as merely held by military occupation until its fate shall be determined by a treaty of peace. *But during this intermediate period it is exclusively subject to the government of the conqueror.*"

STARTING UP. The new Hamilton Company mill, for the manufacture of cotton printing goods, is about being started, we learn; and this starts the Hamilton Company upon a new era in business. Hitherto they have purchased of other manufacturers all, or nearly all, the cloths which they have printed; and sometimes these purchases have been made at a great disadvantage. The consequence has been seen in the uniformly low price of Hamilton stock in the market. There is hardly a doubt that this arrangement to manufacture the white cloth for their own printery will materially enhance stock and increase dividends.—*Vox Populi.*

☞ Lieut. Carter, of the Volunteers, bound for Mexico, received the gift of a magnificent gold mounted sword, last evening, from Col. Crowe, at the Shakespeare Hotel, N. Y. What renders this presentation more honorable, is, says a cotemporary, that it was offered without ostentation—the simple request being—"Lieutenant, do not disgrace this sword."—The response—"Colonel, I will not." This reminds us of the old story of the presentation of a pitcher to a Colonel in the Militia, sometime ago, when both the donor and donee forgot their speeches. At length, says one of the privates, 'Colonel, *here's* the pitcher!" —the Colonel replying—'Ah, John! is *that* the pitcher?'—*Times.*

☞ Mr Thomas Symmes, who was lost on board the steamer Atlantic, was a native of Westford, in this county. He spent the past summer and fall in this town, and boarded at the Middlesex Hotel. Mr Symmes was formerly engaged in business in Charleston, S. C., for some twenty or twenty-five years, and having been burned out at the great fire in that city some years ago, he retired from business. Since that time he has been travelling over the country, and we believe has visited almost every State in the Union.—He was a very gentlemanly man, and was highly esteemed by those who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. Mr S. was a bachelor.—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ "Yankee Doodle," in giving the New York household market, says—"*Babies* are easy, and holders are much relieved."

☞ "Slaves cannot breathe in England, quoted a John Bull to a Virginian. "Your *institution* is *very peculiar*," replied the latter; "we do give ours some little chance."

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTE. Professor Henry has been chosen President of this Institution; William J. Hough, Secretary; B. B. French, assistant Secretary.

THE VAN NESS CASE. As the trial progresses Mrs Conner's chances for a verdict in her favor seem to diminish.

☞ Gen. La Vega and some of his co-exchanges have departed for Mexico from New Orleans.

☞ The Baltimore Patriot says that the Mount Savage mining company failed on Wednesday.

☞ The Democrats of Boston have nominated Charles B. Goodrich Esq. for Mayor.

☞ The Washington Union says 300,000 volunteers have offered their services to the Government since the 9th of May last.

☞ The Natives cast less than 3000 votes in this state at the last election.

TRUE. The laws govern the poor, and the rich govern the laws.—*Providence Sentinel.*

☞ American apples in England, bring about $8 a barrel.

The Misanthrope—an Epigram.

He has a grief he cannot speak,
He wears his hat awry,
He blacks his boots but once a week,
And says he wants to die.

Arrival of the Steamship Caledonia,

SIXTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.—GREAT REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL.

The Caledonia arrived this morning at about 7 o'clock, bringing us Liverpool papers to the 19th ult.—She had rather a rough passage.

The Garrick Theatre in London had been destroyed by fire.

The American provision trade was dull.

No change in the price of Iron.

The Money market is easy. A diminution of bullion continues, but to a smaller extent than previously.

The Wool, like most other markets, is dull.

The Cotton market is quiet; the speculative demand had ceased, and parties are looking to the effects which the alleged deficiency in the new crop may have on prices.

The Corn markets are stationary.

The misunderstanding between England and France relative to the Montpensier marriage, continues to afford a vent for angry patriotism on both sides the Straits of Dover,

The Hon. George Bancroft, the American Minister, has taken up his residence at Eaton Square, Belgrave-place London. On Thursday, the 12th ult. he dined with the queen at Windsor Castle; and on the following Saturday, was, with his lady, at a select party at Lord Palmerston's, the Minister for Foreign affairs.

The Great Britain steamer, had not been got off.—She remained about the same.

The French Minister of Public Works has received a general report on the ravages committed by the floods, from which it appears that it will require upwards of 65,000,000 francs to repair the bridges, embankments, roads, &c., which have been destroyed.

Accounts of suffering by famine, and from the recklessness to legal restraint which it engenders, continue to reach us from Ireland. The large supplies of American corn which have reached that country, dwindle to insignificance when compared with its actual wants.

The revolution in Portugal in the most alarming outbreak which that country has experienced since the father of the present Queen succeeded, by force of arms, in placing his progeny on the throne.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Boston December 3, 1846.

Any information or directions that may be desired respecting the enrollment and organization of companies for the Regiment called for from Massachusetts, will be given at this office. Companies, whether newly formed, or of the existing volenteer force, first offering will be first accepted and mustered.

H. K. OLIVER, Adj't. Gen'l.

GOOD AS OLD CHEESE. A few weeks ago, a Mr Holbrook, a private mail agent, bought a huge cheese in Connecticut, and sent it to Washington by the mail agents along the route, as a present to Col. Cave Johnson. Some one instead of sending it as the giver intended, mischeviously clapped the cheese into the post office mail, by which conveyance it came safe to hand, with *one hundred and twenty-five dollars postage* charged on it! Col. Johnson refused the present, and ordered "the cheese" to be taken back, so that it might be properly filed away in "the dead letter office!"—*True Sun.*

GEN. CASS. Gov. Wright, of New York, and Gen. Cass, of Michigan, were looked upon, according to the federal papers as the most prominent men from whom a choice was to be made for a candidate for the Presidency on the part of the Democracy at the next election:—and, as Gen. Cass has carried his State, and Gov. Wright has failed in his, these papers say, of course Gen. Cass is to be our next candidate. Well, suppose he is;—we are willing to it, and Whiggery is not, for he will be elected if he is a candidate. Whiggery can't make anything by running against the hero of Chippewa.—*Ded. Democrat*

☞ Massachusetts has her full proportion of distinguished officers in the army. Gen. Worth, Col. Child and Capt. Blanchard are all natives of Massachusetts, and all of them have distinguished themselves in Gen. Taylor's army. Gen. Worth was born at Martha's Vineyard, and removed to Hudson, N. Y., when young. Col. Child, a worthy and valuable officer, is a native of Pittsfield, and is brother to the gentleman of that name who has several times been supported by the Democratic party as a candidate for Lieut. Governor. Capt. Blanchard is a native of Charlestown, but has of late been a resident of Louisiana.—*Pawtucket Chron.*

☞ A singular mistake occurred on Saturday in telegraphing to Baltimore the account of the disaster on board the Atlantic, the names of those who were known to be saved from the wreck having been sent on as a list of those who had perished. This false account was published in the Baltimore papers of Saturday afternoon, and the Washington Union of Saturday night, and will thus go on to the far South in advance of the true account by the mail, carrying to many a heart sorrow which more reliable tidings will turn into joy.—*Com Adv.*

OUTRAGES IN BOSTON. One of the sailors of the Falmouth, who was paid off on Thursday, was induced to get into a cab by two men, who tried to get away from him his money, which he had in a belt.—Failing in the attempt, they had the cab stopped in Centre street, and all three got out. Shortly after the two men knocked the sailor down, seized him by the throat, and succeeded in getting away his money, about $40.—*Post.*

☞ The regiment of Pennsylvania is ready.—*Washington Union.*

There is in this extract from the Union that which must make the heart of a Pennsylvanian beat high.—While every other state in the Union has required "time" to consummate her arrangements, good old Pennsylvania reports that she is "ready, ay, ready."—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞ The "coming" off of the Webster dinner, at Philadelphia, reminds us of the remark of an honest whig blacksmith, down in Maine, several years ago.—"Just as soon as we carry a State or two," said our friend Gaines, "our big bugs commence getting up and eating dinners; and they stuff themselves till every thing goes to the devil"—*Providence Sentinel.*

SCHOULER vs. WEBSTER. "For our part we hope that not one volunteer will go over his State line for any such purpose." [as helping to carry on the war.—*William Schouler, Esq. Colonel commanding ——Regiment of Artillery.*

"There might be difference of opinion relative to the cause of the war, but it being commenced, all must agree that it must be maintained."—*From Webster's speech to the Philadelphia volunteers the other day.*

BEAUTIES OF THE LICENSE SYSTEM. We went to buy a beef-steak to cook for our supper the other evening; and the butcher man "would not sell after 2 o'clock, P. M.!" being liable to a high fine if he did so.—*Brooklyn Daily Eagle.*

THE "UPPER TEN" OF REFINEMENT. "Jane, you must not learn Arithmetic." "Why, mamma!" "Because, my dear, in looking through yours yesterday, I saw that the fractions were vulgar!"

PROGRESS OF THE SCHOOLMASTER. The political papers in New Hampshire write many of their articles about this time in Latin.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "NEVER-FAILING REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping the night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—He cautions to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents to *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sep15 a&rly c30

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Graefenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Graefenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1aprly19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

INFORMATION WANTED

BY Mary Ann Kean, of her father Peter Kean, and brothers Roger and Patrick Kean, who left this city fourteen weeks since for Wisconsin, promising to write or return in three or four weeks. Any information concerning them will be gratefully received by MARY ANN KEAN, of Lowell.

Dec 4th n2t

MARRIED

In this city Dec 4th, by Rev Lemuel Porter, Mr Almond S. Foss to Miss Carolina Hobbs.

In this city, by Rev Mr Blanchard, on thanksgiving day, Mr William Herriman of Montville Me. to Miss Sarah A. Parsons of Roxbury Vt.

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism is believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&rlydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Goat, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Broises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&rlydec5

NEW LOWELL MUSEUM.

JUST ARRIVED!

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGES McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw; and his left, a Lobster's! Is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect, having been exhibited to 15,000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined Ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as making a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For one day only. Open from 9, in the morning, to 8 in the evening.

TICKETS 25 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price.

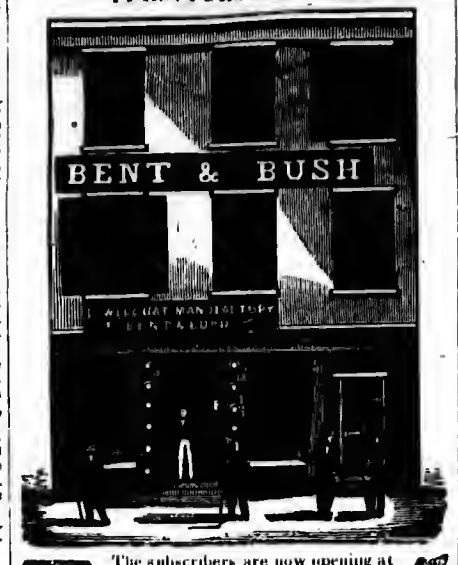
NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3A3w

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store, **No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,**

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter. Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

a1f

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DELAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite their to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the

"BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14dm H. T. BUTLER.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at **A. C. WRIGHT'S**, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

NEW BOOKS JUST PUBLISHED BY THE HARPERS.

1ST Vol. of the Pictorial History of England being a history of the people as well as a history of the Kingdom, illustrated with several hundred Wood cuts. History of American Revolution, with maps and Illustrations, also Revised and Enlarged by Rev. J. L. Blake. Beauties of French History, by the the author of American Revolution.

Classical antiquities or a compendium of Roman and Grecian antiquities, with a sketch of Ancient Mythology, by Joseph Salkeld.

For sale by J. E. SHORT, & Co., corner of Merrimack and John, St's dec3

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus prepared will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and marring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transferred to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Flaor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever.
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripe,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhoea,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Hypeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to became the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not alluda again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was inspired to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be attained. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession,—In future I will send to you agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarly testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March.

a1y nov 24.

L. D. BOISE,---*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers:

Wanted—3 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,

No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to

HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1m&e8

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracut in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

a3w

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,



The superior fast sailing coppered new Ship ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

This day



The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA Wheden, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.



The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send receipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FRM COMMERCIAL WHF

This Day.



The packet Schooner, CHARLOTTE, CROWELL master, is now loading at Long wharf, and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE*.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28d1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Books at Auction.

On Thursday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 10th and 11th, at 6½ o'clock, at office,—A valuable collection of upwards of 1000 volumes in the most important branches of literature and Science—as Mathematics, History, Biography, Theology, Medicine, Chemistry, Astronomy, &c.

Being too extensive for a catalogue, the following Works may be taken as a sample:—Bibles of various sizes and qualities, Webster's Dictionary, Mechanics Own Book; Josephus; Rollin; Shakespeare; Byron; Botta's American Revolution; Bolmer's Works; Smollett's do.; D'Israeli's do.; Fielding's do.; Concordances; Bible Dictionaries; Doddridge's Family Expositor; French and English Dictionaries; McKenzie's 5000 Receipts; Naval History; Gazetteers; Geology and Mineralogy; some valuable old books; Worcester's Dictionary; Parson's Biblical Analysis; Book-Keeping; Surveying; Works of Boz, (Dickins,) Gilbert's Rome, Russell's Modern European; Johnson's Works; Medical Works; Walker's Works; Book of the Indians; Narrations of Indian Captivity; Pictorial History of the United States; Saurin's Sermons; Prevention and Cure of Diseases,—Letter paper, &c. Sale positive. No reserve. Any of the Books will be sold at private Sale during the day, at a fair Auction price.

Administrator's Sale.

On Saturday, Dec, 12th at 9½ o'clock, at office,—The following described Personal Property belonging to the estate of A. W. Whittredge, deceased, viz.

1 Mahogany Table,—2 Glass Lamps—1 Air tight Stove—1 Map—1 Bureau—2 Chairs—1 Looking Glass—1 China Tea Set 1 Bed, complete—1 Rocking Chair 4 Chairs—1 Cook Stove and apparatus—2 sets Knives and Forks—1 Wood Clock—3 1-2 dozen Plates—also, several articles of wearing apparel.

At 11 o'clock—2 shares in First Universalist Meeting house, &c. STEPHEN MANSUR, Adm'r.

Also immediately after the above,—A lot of furniture, 2 Sofas, Bedsteads, Beds, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Comforters, Cook Stoves, Crockery, Glass, Tin and Iron Ware, together with the usual variety of Kitchen Furniture.

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at the office of E. B. Patch, Lowell on Saturday, Dec. 12th, at 12 o'clock, M., Calvin T. Chamberlain's undivided interest in about twenty-nine acres of Land situated in Bedford, N. H. Also his undivided interest in a lot of Land, with House thereon, situated in Chelmsford, near Middlesex Village. Per order of Assignee.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.— Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street,

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Washington st., Boston, over Rigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. n1a3m.

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov3m

J. E. SHORT & Co.

PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,

—AND—

STATIONERS,

61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]

LOWELL, MASS.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FALL FASHION JUST RECEIVED.

From the importers, for Bonnets, and Dresses, at Mrs Barrett's No. 81, (old No. 104½) Merimack st. also, a general assortment of Millinary articles.

Please call and examine.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Cohern's Block, Central St. oct12

DR. M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL,

15 ENDICOTT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. 15

Established for the suppression of quackery.

DR M. L. PETERS in returning thanks to his numerous patients who have done him the honor to consult him in relation to those peculiar cases of disease which have baffled the skill of THOUSANDS OF PHYSICIANS to prepare suitable and effectual remedies, would take the present opportunity to call the attention of the public to his mode of treatment, and certain facts in the curative process which cannot fail of being interesting. The cures which he has recently performed, and to which the most satisfactory reference can be given in every case, are based upon remedies hitherto unknown to this country, and for the discovery of which, having years of PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, have been constantly devoted. They are based on incontrovertible facts, and he therefore feels confident in appealing to the public, and particularly to those suffering the afflictions of disease, to exercise on every judgement, a discrimination between him and the host of quacks and patent medicine venders, whose florid and unmeaning advertisements, vauntingly set forth the pretensions in the newspapers of the day, spreading out the fulsome puffs as —

"Money proved for show,
Like oest eggs, to make silkets lay,
And for their false epistles pay."

Dr Peters can with safety say, that during the last year of his practice in Boston, more than *THREE HUNDRED CASES OF DISEASE* which have been improperly treated by empirics, have come under his care, and more than three-fourths of this number are now inscribed upon his book as **PERFECT CURES.**

There are facts which Dr Peters challenges any person to contradict. His remedies are free from all mineral substances, and in those complaints which arise from impure coition, or known as venereal disorders, his remedies act with mildness and safety, and at the same time with positive effect; and in a few days the patient hitherto bowed down with the poisonous malady, which before infused a loathing and disgust in his mind, rendering even life itself a burthen—the patient even though he had been suffering for months or years, find the humors completely eradicated, and the body which before was sick and sallow, and worn to the bones, changed to the full blooming glow of health, and YOUTHFUL BUOYANCE. And all this he guarantees to do without suffering the patient to wantonly sacrifice, the scrutiny of friends, or without the necessity of resorting to a CHANGE OF DIET. This is no sketched in boast, but to prove that his remedies have not only a curative, but a restorative property, and the importance of making this known where the city is boarded with

MISERABLE AND INEFFECTUAL NOSTRUMS,

will appear self-evident to every reasonable mind.—Quacks and apothecary venders resort to minerals and other remedies, which produce a momentary relief at the expense of injuring, and often destroying the constitution; but Dr Peters solemnly declares, and for the truth of which he will cite numerous cases, showing that "TRUTH IS POWERFUL and WILL PREVAIL," and proving that his remedies are scientific beyond the power of skeptic to doubt, or even envy to destroy.—That they are most certain and safe, and have the effect in a very short time, and where the disease has been protracted, and other medicine used from pretenders, whose names it is unnecessary to mention, his remedies are esteemed for their promptness, their certainty, and freedom from nauseating sensation in administering.—They are admirably adapted, not only to

SECRET DISEASES,

but to ulcers, sores, and diseases of a scrofulous description, which generally arise from excessive indulgence in sensual gratification. To all those who are thus afflicted, Dr Peters would most respectfully ask for an interview, and he will guarantee to restore them to all the benefits and pleasures of returning strength, health and happiness.

Be particular in finding Dr P.; do not be lured from the right path, or be persuaded to try experiments with false and fictitious remedies, at the expense of destroying what is the great pillar of life, a healthy constitution.

Dr M. L. PETERS' LOCK HOSPITAL is easily found. It is at

15 — ENDICOTT STREET — 15.

Dr Peters, knowing that there are at this moment, thousands of persons in the surrounding towns surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of certain dangerous maladies, who still suffer from their reluctance to make known their complaints and consult a physician, he would state that any of his medicines or pills will be sent by express or otherwise, to all who may order them, provided a true description of the disease be sent by letter, post-paid, and directed as above. Full and explicit directions will accompany every package, and the most inviolable secrecy preserved.

CAUTION.

Dr Peters would respectfully caution the public not to be deceived by that class of empirics who now infest the city, sowing the seeds of debility and disease, thro' the agency of their misnamed medicines, instead of relieving and restoring the sick. There is no medicine administered which requires more care in compounding than that prepared to suit the constitution and complaints of females; and Dr Peters would say that the "FRENCH RENOVATING OR FEMALE VEGETABLE PILLS," are the best calculated for removing suppression, and for those other complaints, mentioned in the advertisement headed "French Renovating Pills," than any other medicine in the known world. Their virtues are based on incontrovertible facts. Therefore, beware of all other female pills—do not be deceived, unless you wish to countenance the imposition of ignorance, fraud, and deceit, for all other pills purporting to be female pills are spurious and unauthorized.

N. B. The genuine *French Renovating, or Female Vegetable Pills*, can be procured only of Dr Peters' Lock Hospital, 15 Endicott street, Boston, Mass., or at his Agency office, No. 5, JOHN ST., Lowell. a1yjan22

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about one-third the former rates, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

**** In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.
je11a6o

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has *failed*. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWEL, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Wise & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
6 apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

BOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 10, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

FURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&r1yjan28

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA,

For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz.:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; H. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&r1yaug29e3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Sceld Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces.* All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, applications may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Aestlu sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&nalvjan13

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles.* It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

—Health Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no affect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug. 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaan, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a6m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness.* In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamieson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kiddee Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aptoct144



THESE Stages will run Daily on and after MONDAY, May 4th, as follows: Leave Essex House, Salem, for Lowell *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 12 o'clock, M., through Middleton and Andover, and arrive at Lowell, in season to take the Cars for Nashua, Manchester, and Concord. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., passing through the above named places, and arrive at Lowell in season for the Concord train of Cars.

RETURNING—Leave Lowell for Salem, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 7½, A.M. *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 8 A.M., or on the arrival of the first train of Cars from Concord, and arrive at Salem in season for the Manchester and Gloucester Stages, and the Cars for Lynn, Marblehead, and Ipswich.

SALEM AND WILMINGTON STAGE. Leaves Salem for Wilmington, *Tuesday, Thursday*, and *Saturday*, at 5 o'clock, A. M., arrives at Wilmington in season for the first train of cars for Lowell and Concord. Also, for Andover, Haverhill, Exeter, Dover, and Portland.

RETURNING—Leaves Wilmington, *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, on arrival of the 2 o'clock train of cars from the above mentioned places.

ADAMS & SHACKLEY.

Salem, May 4, 1846. mnj9

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, nor he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

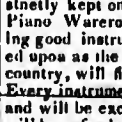
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, DCEMBER 8, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 144.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 43, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. *Also*, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13A3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&tf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,.....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM F. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent. Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street, [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

D. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE,—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc.23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21A1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ty.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1tf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Aldutt street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at,
adv1y mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

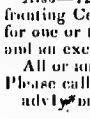
TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

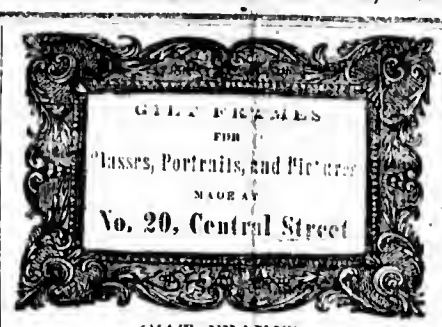
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavine, stiffness of the joints, strains and collouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New braids of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, of lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and, price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodion's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *N'a tone*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you thrown,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10 Atf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Engl.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawâ&ply feb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

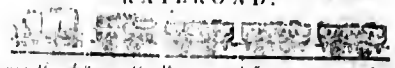
Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
			1837	$1088 75	$700 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	900 6	435 53	67 55	1887
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	828 00	370 45	55 76	1580
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 70	1287
			1841	535 56	247 50	37 50	1330

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

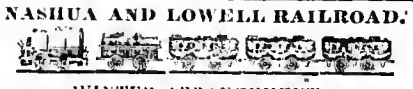
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts o New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksebury, or Wilmington; Passengers for those stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.,

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover-sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 22 Church st. jy2A&Ply*

POETRY.

[The following from that paper shows what the writers in Yankee Doodle, *do.* They were but few at Monterey, but there are fewer who can chronicle, like this, the fight there.]

Monterey.

WE WERE NOT MANY—we who stood
Before the iron sleet that day—
Yet many a gallant spirit would
Give half his years, if he but could,
Have been with us at Monterey.

Now here, now there, the shot it hailed
In deadly drifts of fiery spray,
Yet not a single soldier quailed
When wounded comrades round them wailed
Their dying shout at Monterey.

And on—still on our column kept
Through walls of flame its withering way;
Where fell the dead, the living lept,
Still charging on the guns which swept
The slippery streets of Monterey.

The foe himself recoiled aghast,
When, striking where the strongest lay,
We swooped his flanking batteries past,
And braving full their murderous blasts,
Stormed home the towers of Monterey.

Our banners on those turrets wave,
And there our evening bugles play;
Where orange bough bends above their grave
Keep green the memory of the brave
Who fought and fell at Monterey.

We are not many—we who pressed
Beside the brave who fell that day;
But who of us has not confessed
He'd rather share their warrior rest,
Than not have been at Monterey.

[The following description of the Gladiatorial combats in the times of the Roman Emperors, is illustrative of the "spirit of that age:"]

The Gladiator.

Never had there been such a concourse of people, and of barbarians, in that part of the city which was situated in between the Palatine Hill, the Capnian Gate, and the camp of the Pretorians. Upon the Appian way, you would have said that every tomb had restored its dead to life; for the clouds of perfumes which arose, night and day, from the sepulchral monuments which bordered this long avenue, no longer mounted to the heavens. The slaves, charged with the precious duty of pouring the aromatic drops upon the fires of the funereal urns, had also abandoned the tops of the sepulchres, to take part in the festival which the divine Domitian, Emperor and Sovereign Pontiff, gave in honor of his freed-man Scaurus. The Forum, from the *borne sainte* even to the *labellarium*, had not enough colonades to shelter, from the heat of the sun, the barbarians from Marais Meotides, Scythia, and the Euxine. Before the Mamertine Prison, the merchants of Mitylene, of Corinth, and of the islands of the Ægean sea, had opened a vast market of slaves; and the handsome knights of the portico of Octavio disputed for a young Greek girl, who wept for the shores of her sweet country, with the vulgar herd of buyers, who came from the ports of Brundosium and of Anxur.

Around the arch of Titus, the crowd was still greater, and more noisy. You would have tho't you heard the roarings of Charybdis and Scylla. The ampitheatre overflowed with speciators; and those who could find no place there, awaited their turn of entering, before the jugglers of Parthenope and the buffoons.

The Pro-Consul of Africa had sent some triremes full of wild beasts. Never had the vaults of the ampitheatre been shaken by such terrible roarings; and the spectators, dressed in brown colors, crowded into the upper galleries, replied by a tempest of hoarse cries, so that one could not have decided whether the lions and the panthers peopled the elevated boxes, or the men roared at the gate of the vaults. In the neighborhood of the Podium, the young Romans and the Greek courtezans, with their curly hair, redolent with Asiatic perfumes, displayed the splendid with gems which their fingers were loaded to the nails.

A tremendous acclamation saluted the august Emperor. The flourish of trumpets rent the air, and water of a roseate tint fell from the cornices; they crowned the statues of the gods with myrtle and with laurel; and the grand priest of the Corybantes, raising the cup of Jupiter Capitoline, made libations to the Eumenides, lying at the vestibule of Tartaros, on beds of iron.

The gladiators devoted to death, conducted into the arena a legion of Christians who, the evening before, had disturbed the sacrifice in the Temple of Fortune, and whom the lictors had surprised at prayer between the catacombs and pyramid of Caius Sextus. These men were calm, and a smile was upon their lips. The gladiators trembled.

A signal is made from the box of the Emperor, and the keeper opened the gates which confined the ferocious beasts. The four aerial porticos of the Coliseum trembled upon their eternal foundations. The outlets of the amphitheatre echoed this horricane of terrible voices; like the cavern of Tenaros, when Theseus escaped alive after having disgraced the god of hell. There resounded the noise of monstrous feet, a torrent of lions and panthers rolled upon the arena, amid the applause of the multitude. The Christians chaunted their hymn, which they left unfinished. A sea of blood soon marked the place where they had sung.

The gladiators, armed with a Spanish or Gallic sword, engaged in a formidable struggle with the monsters. Some, leaning at the base of the marble pillars, under the moveable grates of the Podium, were placed in a narrow file, and crouching, they covered themselves with the point of their horizontal swords, and, springing up, with a wonderful dexterity, thrust death into the open jaws of their ferocious enemies. Others agile as the wind, spring aside from coming danger on the rostrums of the columns, and again to the corners of the pedestals of the gods, or to those of the obelisks. And from thence they fell like thunderbolts, with mortal blows, upon the monsters of Barca. Some of them, resigned stoics, disgusted with life it was necessary to defend at such a price, threw away their weapons and folded their arms; and the animals, suspecting some ruse in this perfect tranquility, sometimes drew back, and threw themselves into the fray, where the combatants were murdering each other. The people from the upper galleries raised a tempest of hisses against these cowards, and a circle of threatening thumbs—a fatal sign—demanded their death of the lictors.

Suddenly an elephant, large as a mountain, appeared in a cloud of dust which the blood had not yet sprinkled. His four feet resounded like the hammers in the forges of Lemnos, and seemed to demand the right to crush his victim. His tusks, of an immense length, were bent like two Gallic swords, which he angrily moved upon their granite roots. His trunk was raised like the club of Alcides, and roared like Etna, with the dull threatening of death. The gladiators saluted with cries of joy this powerful auxiliary, who, like a living citadel, took his place in their ranks, and threw, with the end of his trunk, to the opposite part of the arena, the ferocious beasts who foolishly ran towards him.

There was, among the rest, a young Greek gladiator, whom a sedition in Thessaly had made a slave, and who, at this time, excited great interest among the people of the four porticos.—His name was Damius. Handsome as the son of Cynyrus, cunning as Sinon, agile as the son of Thetis, the youg Damius, in the centre of this crater boiling with blood foam and sweat—this confused heap of smoking entrails—fought with desperation, and with wonderful courage. However, his strength was exhausted, and, in a crisis where all his energy was necessary, attacked in front by an enormous lion, he slipped upon these moistened bones, and the claws of the monster were already fastened on his breast. The Roman people, in their greatest orgies of bloody voluptuousness, showed at intervals that they sacrificed also to Pity, that sweet daughter of Juhiter. At the sight of Damius, in danger of death, men and women rose up, as if to frighten the lion by a clamor of a hundred thousand voices. You would have supposed the elephant understood the voice of the people. With the end of his trunk he raised Damius as if he were a piece of straw, and, placing him upon his back tore open the lion with his tusks. A thunder of applause shook the amphitheatre, from the boxes of the senators even to the purple veil extending to the cornices, and from every breast went up the shout: "The life of Damius! The life of Damius! Long live the divine Emperor!"

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING DEC. 8, 1846.

A meeting of the Democratic City Committee will be holden at the Advertiser Office, this (TUESDAY) evening, at 8 o'clock.

Special business is to be considered.

Per Order

I. N. GOODHUE, Secretary.

☞ The Essex Banner still clings to the opinion that Gov. Morton is responsible, or that his course has been the cause of the falling off in the Democratic vote since 1843. He still holds to the opinion, too, that such Democrats as Morton are "*not fit to reign in Hell or serve in Heaven!*" Well, we will not quarrell with the *opinion* of the Banner further than simply to wholly dissent from it. Though we have no cause to be personally friendly to Gov. Morton more than to every honest man—having never received from him a personal favor in our life—yet we cannot but believe he stands infinitely above most of his revilers as a men of integrity, honor, political honesty, a desire to elevate and promote the happiness of the people, and as a man, free from political errors, and blunders, and sordid selfishness. The Banner says it gives "Mr Morton, with the assistance of the legislature, all due credit for the healthy acts passed at that session of the legislature," [the session when Gov. Morton filled the Executive Chair.] It makes no charge against him but that he erred in not making a more clean sweep of whig office holders. Well, should we admit such to be the fact, and is it of sufficient moment to account for the lukewarmness in the party for two years past? Sad picture, if true! A mistake in policy as to dividing the *spoils*, is of more moment, then, to 30,000 democratic voters, than the success of the great and just principles of Democracy! But it is not so. The cause is a very different one; but we agree that it is not because of changes; there are more Democrats in Massachusetts to-day than there were ever before. The cause is the same as has operated against the Democracy in New York and most of the other States. In 1840, by humbug, deception, fraud, falsehood, and the rankest, foolest and blackest lies, Martin Van Buren, candidate for the Presidency, was defeated. In 1844, the log cabin, hard cider, and coon skin excitement, having subsided, a majority of the Democratic party believed the Democratic triumph would be more complete, and that it would be but justice to President Van Buren, to again place him in the Presidential Chair. Another portion of the Democratic party doubted the propriety of again bringing out Mr Van Buren, and under the two-thirds rule adopted by the Baltimore Convention, succeeded in defeating him, though he had a majority of the votes of the Convention, and was the choice of a large majority of the Democracy of the nation. The division between the Democratic friends and opponents of Mr Van Buren, instead of being suffered to heal, has, by the injudicious of both parties, been widened. And some of the anti-Van Buren Democracy, in almost every State in the Union, have been attacking and heaping all manner of abuse upon every man of high standing, who was supposed to have been favorable to his nomination. There seems to have been a determination on the part of a portion of them, to root out, to extarminate what they would term the Van Buren dynasty. It is this querrel in the party that has produced the falling off in the Democratic vote. It is because this division has caused our own men to be attacked and denounced by our own men, as hypocrites and unworthy the confidence of the people. It is not because the mass of the party have any interest in the distribution of the *spoils*, for they are not looking for them and care not for them.

While our best men are denounced as "liars," and "hypocrites," and "*not fit to reign in Hell or serve in Heaven*," we cannot expect the party to work very enthusiastically. Let the Democratic press show as great an interest in spreading Democratic principles and measures as in trying to break down and ruin every prominent Democrat who is understood to have been favorable to the nomination of Martin Van Buren to the Presidency, at the last Baltimore Convention, and there will be no occasion for speculation as to the cause of the falling off in the Democratic vote—we can then show a larger vote than at any former period. But we cannot spend our time in discussing the causes of the result of the recent elections; Democrats have enough to occupy their attention in restoring to the party its former life and vigor. That will be done at the coming Presidential campaign; but it should be done before—it never should have been suffered to have lost it. For ourself we care not whether a man is of the Van Buren or Anti-Van Buren school, if he is a Democrat, honest and true, he will, under all circumstances, receive our best support.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Steamboat Argo, Mississippi Valley, October 25, 1846.

St. Peters—Wabashaw Indian Villages—Prairie Bottom lands and bluffs—Sioux and Winnebagoes, &c., &c.

This letter, mailed in Galena, can tell nothing of much interest save what may be obtained on board a little boat crowded with passengers. It is four hundred miles from the falls of St. Anthony to Galena.—Very much of the way the country is unsettled.—What will strike the stranger most forcibly at first on the Mississippi river, are the very high bluffs on and near the shore, as you go down the river. These high bluffs do not seem like the shore, but like high hills, sloping back from the shore but very high, looking just like they had been partly cleared and were occupied. You cannot divest yourself of the idea that the land you see about is occupied. With this difference, of houses, the country looks like any well cleared, settled country. The bottom lands, as they are termed, are the flat land receding from the shore, from one to five miles, like our intervals on the Morrimeck. This lays as ours does, sometimes on one side, sometimes on the other, and is heavily wooded with elm, maple, bass and poplar, but mostly elm. Then comes the bank or hill running up high—sand stone sticking out to the surface, and oftantimes almost in purpendicular form for same hundred feet. Oak trees mostly cover the sides of these hills. After you ascend the hill or bluff, then comes the clear prairie as far as the eye can see, with here and there a wood, mostly oak, often rock maple, skirting the streams that come in a ravine along through the country they water.

Four days has brought us nearly in sight of Galena. From the Falls of St. Anthony, we pass first, in about nine miles, St. Peters, where the fort is located at the juncture of the St. Peters river and the Mississippi.—Then comes a little village about ten miles further, called St. Paals. We come then to Red Rock Prairie—name given because a boulder trap rock or granite stone lays on the grass, about four feet in diameter, alone by itself, just like a wagon had dropped it there yesterday. The mouth of the St. Croix river comes next. Up this river to the falls, about fifty miles, and embracing the gore of land between the Falls of St. Anthony and the Mississippi valley, will be very fast occupied. The mineral wealth at the Falls, and the health of the climate upon this gore of land, will tend strongly to this end. Here will likely cluster most of the New England emigrants that wind their way to the west. We next near, on the right bank of the river as we descend, Red Wing village, an Indian settlement—Sioux Indians. Their tents are made over a stack of poles, round and picked at the top, covered with buffalo hide, the hair off. The tents are warm and comfortable, but the Indians nasty and filthy, and generally in appearance, much the same as the Ojibwe, except here we find most of the families have horses. They use the horses badly and most of the ponies are poor. They look all colors, and just like any little poor, mean looking horse, badly used. Government has built bark houses for them, but they live mostly in their tents. Indeed the government expenditure, like it is among the Ojibwas, is but of little practical use, except to the traders. Lake Pippin is the next point of attraction on the river. It is what the Indians would more properly term a grand pegeawa—a widening of the river from three to ten miles, for some twenty-five miles. The government has run out townships of land on the river, about up to this place. Wabashaw, an Indian settlement near the foot of this lake, is the next point of attraction. Here we landed and took a stroll among the Winnebago Indians, but found nothing worthy particular remark. Next comes Mount ——— an island making a big high hill, some five or six hundred feet, and full of rattlesnakes—the first that appeared coming down the river—are very plenty further down the river. Next comes Prairie de ———, a white settlement. Then Prairie ———. We are now about two hundred miles from the mouth of the St Croix. On the left, coming down is Wisconsin. St. Croix river divides the territory west for a State. Opposite, is unpurchased Indian lands, belonging to the Sioux and Winnebagoes, down two hundred miles to Prairie De ———, where commences the west line of Iowa. Above here, up both sides of the river, will be what will make Atabasca territory, centering at the Falls of St. Anthony. We come now to occasional settlements both sides of the river. Cesavillo shows upon the bank a large brick house, and some bad. A New York company in '36 made an air castle here that batt against the Sub Treasury and burst. Settlements do not prosper much on the river bank, but do better a little back over the bluff. It is more healthy and the land is better. After you climb these high hills, you have at the top a long flat prairie, descending usually a very little as it recedes from the river. Dubuque, in Iowa, is the first town of any size we came to. It was thought at one time, and by many believed to this day, that this place would rival Galena. Iowa and Wisconsin are struggling for the palm in securing the trade for the upper country, like Cincinnati and St. Louis have in times past. The lead mines of Galena bid fair to weigh down her otherwise more buoyant and promising neighbor. But it requires but little foresight to discover that N. Orleans, St. Louis, and the Falls of St. Anthony, will, most of necessity, become the three great depots for merchandize trade, for the great on-peopled yet fast peopling West. Boats of a larger size can run from New Orleans to St. Louis than above, and so at St. Louis, the same boat runs from there to the Falls of St. Croix or the Falls of St. Anthony. These Falls make the head of navigation on both rivers. No Falls intercept the navigation of the Mississippi, until you arrive at the Falls of St. Anthony. We just landed a moment at Dubuque. It is a fine looking place with many brick houses, and contains about three thousand inhabitants. The grave of Dubeque is pointed out as you pass, on the bluff about a mile below; a cross stands over the tomb that was loaded at the time its inmate was buried. Some early settlers built a large fire and melted the lead off for use, which much injured the looks of the grave. Dubuque was a Frenchmen, an Indian trader, established early at this place. The lead mines in the vicinity are worked, and are the chief dependence for the support of the place. Four hundred miles down the river embraces the subject of this letter. We are nearing Galena, of which leaden city I will inform you in another letter.

Truly yours,

A LOOKER-ON.

☞ It is said there is now in Washington an agent of the northern provinces of Mexico, with power to negotiate for their cession to the United States.

Telegraphic Despatches for the Boston Daily Times.

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 6—5 P. M.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

Santa Anna Expelled from San Luis Potosi, and declared Dictator—Later from the Army.

Chihuahua, was taken without any opposition in October, by an expedition under Col. Donighan, from Santa Fe. Monclavia was also peaceably taken possession of by Gen. Wool, on the 30th October. The inhabitants welcomed him as a friend.

Hostilities were immediately commenced on the part of Gen. Taylor as soon as he received orders from headquarters to terminate the armistice.

Gen. Wool left for Saltillio on the 30th ult, and Col. Riley was on his way to take Victoria, the capitul of Tamaulipas.

Rumors from Mexica report Santa Anna as having been expelled from San Luis Potosi, and his friends having declared him Dictator, he was marching rapidly towards the capitol.

An independant government had been proposed at Camargo. The United States Army has lost since May, by sickness, 1500 men.

THE WHIG MEETING SATURDAY NIGHT organized by choosing a stereotyped Chairman and Secretary—I. A. Beard, and I. S. Morse, Esqs. It was remarkable for nothing but a rare exhibition of stupidity on the part of one of the representatives elect from this city. Mr Tripp moved Mr Bancroft be nominated by acclamation. Mr Wright opposed it, and hoped Mr Tripp would give way. Mr Tripp wouldn't. Mr Dinsmore moved an amendment—"won't accept," said Mr Tripp. Mr Webber, a tall lad, entreated—"No sir" said Mr Tripp. Mr Schouler begged—"no sir-ee." Mr Bartlett, in his hadsome manner, hoped, &c.—Mr T. shook his head. The case was getting desperate, and finally Mr Childs moved an amendment to the effect that the sense of the meeting should be taken to see if they would or not nominate a Mayor that evening; which Mr Tripp accepted, and the question being put, Mr T. got not one vote, that we saw, but did get a pretty hearty hiss, and the negative was carried unanimously. Mr Tripp acquitted himself in a manner that fully sustains his reputation—and we doubt not but what he will well represent, in the legislature, a portion, if not all the whig party in this city. "Finally it was voted that each Ward shall nominate one Alderman, and the Central Committee shall nominate the two at large and the Mayor, and report at a meeting to be called hereafter. The election takes place on next Monday."

THE PROGRESSIVE DEMOCRAT. A new weekly paper ably edited by Edward Strahan Esq. has been started in New York. The editor tasking himself somewhat severely says—"The Progressive Democrat will faithfully advocate all the cardinal principles of the Democratic party. It will not allow itself to be made the organ of the party itself, nor any cliques or factions; but will maintain in that respect, the character of being free and independent, that it may, with perfect freedom and independence probe, canvass and expose the errors and evils of party action, under what are called its "usages," and lay bare governmental abuses, wherever they may exist, whether in the City, State or National Governments. It will advocate the doctrine of entire and absolute free trade, and for that purpose, will insist, "that now is the day, and now is the hour" to establish it by law, to take effect in the year 1854, or at some distant day in order that the trade and business interests of the country may properly accommodate themselves prospectively and gradually to the change.

By Telegraph.

Correspondence of the Commercial Advertiser.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.

From Washington I am informed that you will get the President's message on Tuesday, at 12, noon.—There will be no express, but sealed packages will be deposited at the several post offices, to be opened and distributed when the telegraph announces that the reading has been commenced.

It is now declared that Santa Anna, Almonte and the other Mexican officers who were passed through our squadron gave their parole not to engage in the war against the United States—which was the cause and condition of their being passed.

☞ We have received from the "SUN OFFICE" a copy of a thirty-two paged pamphlet, entitled "The Wealth and Biography of the Wealthy Citizens of New York."—Eleventh edition. It appears to be a composition in which History, Biography, and Fiction strive for the mastery, and one in which neither obtains it. We perceive one gentleman, Mr Herman Thorne, is put down as being worth the enormous sum of 00,000 dollars! Truly there are "rich" as well as "wise men" in Gotham. However, the publication is interesting, as individual biography must ever be, whether the subjects possess genius, are wealthy—or have made themselves distinguished in rascaldom. We presume any man can have his name placed in the above named pamphlet—provided he is worth enough.

THE DEMOCRATIC REVIEW for December, is particularly interesting. Its articles; as usual, are highly instructive, and most ably written. One of its best articles is entitled "political portraits with pen and pencil—Zadock Pratt, late member of Congress from the State of New York." It has a fine engraving of this somewhat, and destined to be for more distinguished man. We shall give this article or a portion of it a place in a few days.

☞ The case of Elizabeth Moore against the city of Lowell, came up at Cambridge, when the plaintiff was nonsuited on the ruling of judge Hubbard, that there was not sufficient evidence to go to the jury.—The case had been previously tried before judge Wilde when the jury disagreed.

☞ The Pennsylvania Regiment, for service during the war, is now complete. Five companies will depart by the cars from Philadelphia for Pittsburg, on this morning. The other three companies leave on Wednesday morning. Patriotic citizens have come forward handsomely, in Philadelphia, and contributed several thousand dollars towards procuring extra comforts for the volunteers.

GEN. JAMES WILSON—member of Congress from New Hampshire—has tendered his services to the Governor of that State as a volunteer for the war, and has received the command of the regiment that awaits a requisition.

☞ The Message had not reached Boston at noon.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

Reflections on the Loss of the 'Atlantic.'

It is scarcely possible for a reflecting mind, after the excitement of a deep sympathy felt toward those who have been so suddenly bereaved of those relatives and friends who, by an awful and unlooked for disposation, have been carried to "that bourne whence no traveller returns," not to turn their thoughts to the condition and circumstances of those who are left to mourn. That sympathy of the heart, so fine as attribute of human nature, is naturally strong and ardent when first excited; but it soon vanishes from the kaleidescope character of the busy world around us. Solomon wisely says that "Man goeth to his long home, and the *mourners walk about the streets.*" The world—a community—deep as are their sympathies for the afflicted while the event of some startling calamity is new and fresh to the memory, soon cease to feel; and many a widow is left with a young family to mourn, sy; and to feel; bitterly the loss of those comforts of a happy home which were ever enjoyed during the life-time of the fond husband and father.—The charity of the world, its pecuniary aid to those circumstanced—albeit there are many noble and kind hearts in all large communities—is cold and ungenial, and but adds to the moral pangs which the bereaved have been already so steeped in. How revolting is it to the noble and just pride of an independent mind to ask or receive charity! The Mother who, until yesterday, looked upon her offspring with pride, and in the industry and lawful efforts of a husband *felt secure* in being able to educate her children and fit them for an honorable career in society, to sustain by that loftiest of all aristocracy—*Mind*—a position if not eminent, at least useful to the advancement of this Republic, the boasted land of their birth and liberty; she, whose maternal heart has yearned with tenderness and patriotism so mystically interwoven, now is reduced to the agony of a blank and hopeless Future. He on whom she depended, has been swept into eternity; and she finds herself surrounded by children dear to her heart, but without the means of educating or even of supporting them! To meet such cases, to apply a benign remedy for such despondency and desolation, was established that beneficient institution, LIFE INSURANCE. Impressed, as every man of sober reflection should be, of the uncertainty of life to the healthiest, the most moral, the most guarded and careful of men, how many have, while health blooms in the cheek and the active mind creates wealth, and the busy hand administers to the comfort of the domestic circle, *at such a time* avail themselves of the benefit of Life Assurance, invested a small sum annually in a life policy, (a sum not missed from the moderate income when household expenditures are regulated by a prudent economy,) and when arrested by the hand of death have had their dying moments cheered with the reflection that the beloved, weeping objects who now surround them will be provided for while *he* reposes in the cold, dark grave. And the pride of independence with which a widow with *such* means supports and educates her orphan children, not only adds to her moral dignity, but deepens in the heart the respect and love she bore toward him who has so considerately evidenced his love for her.

'Tis utterly in vain to urge that cruel sophistry with which some try to palliate their unkind neglect toward their families, whom at their death they leave penniless, that they are now in good health—that they have a vigorous constitution—that sickness seldom visits them—that their habits tend to long life. Such are those only who *can be insured*; such were some of those who met a sudden death at the shipwreck of the "Atlantic!" Equally vain the plea of some who, when urged to insure their lives, reply that they *prefer* to place a certain sum at interest to accumulate for the benefit of their wives and children. Suppose a passenger lost in the Atlantic had, before leaving Boston, made an investment of $222 in this way—say in real estate or stock—his family would now recieve that $222; but suppose he had it in a life policy—if he were thirty years of age, and insured for *whole term of life*, his family would now receive the sum of $10,000, which is equal to an annual income $700, and the principal sum of $10,000 left unimpaired to be divided among the children at the death of the widow.—But *do* people make such investment for the benefit of their wives and children? Will they, year after year, *if they live*, continue regularly to repeat it? Will they not repeat it, under some temptation, for a speculation which promises much at first, but may afterwards prove a "bubble burst?" *What security* does it offer to the family? In a life policy, the premium being paid, *there is* "security" to the family; and the blessings of comfort to bereaved families which have flowed from such a provision can be attested to in hundreds of cases both in England and America.

These useful institutions are rapidly growing into favor here—their benefits are more and more appreciated. I not only write in favor of Life Insurance, but I *act* in accordance with the views expressed; for my own life (for the special benefit of my wife and children, under a wise and humane law of this State) is insured at the "National Loan" office 74 Wall-st. which as well as many others in this city, at much expense and with praise-worthy zeal, is making known to all the scope and tendency of its benevolent principles.

ALBERT.

New York, December 2.

P. S.—I have heard that two of the passengers who were lost in the Atlantic had insurance on their lives—one at a New York and the other at a Boston office.

ALBERT.

THE HOWARD HOUSE. One who knows, can recommend this House to the favorable attention of the Public. Its location on Middlesex street near the Boston & Lowell, and Nashua & Lowell Rail road Merchandise depots, renders it one of the most convenient public Houses in the city, for Country Merchants, Traders and others, whose business calls them to that part of the city. If an obliging Landlord, and attentive clerk, a quiet house, an abundant table, airy sleeping rooms and clean beds will obtain patronage then will Mr. Heath of the Howard House receive his full share. See his card on the other page.

THE VALUE OF PAPER CURRENCY. The paper currency of the government of Buenos Ayres has been issued so freely during the long wars which they have had, that the dollar is worth the fraction less than 4 cents. At the last accounts it required 430 paper dollars to buy a doubloon.

VOLUNTEERS. Capt. Webster's company is to be mustered into the service of the United States next Thursday. Isaac H. Wright's, Charles B. Crowningshield's, F. J. Parker's and Thomas H. Perkin's companies are fast filling up. There will be no drafting.

☞ The Albany Evening Journal says, Judge Mc Lean is not among the distinguished whigs from whom it expects to find a candidate for the Presidency.

☞ Charles Redburn, New Brunswick, has been sentenced to be hung on the 29th inst., for the murder of Patrick Carling, on board the bark James Hammond.

☞ The Post's financial article of to-day represents an increased demand for money, and railroad stocks to be declining in England and France.

SAVING A DAY. Gov. Brown of Tennessee, has appointed the "last Sabbath day of the present year as a day of thanksgiving and prayer."

☞ New Mexico and California will make seventy states as large as New Jersey.

☞ A Washington letter writer states that preparations are making for an attack upon Vera Cruz.

☞ The New York Sun has put on another new gown.

TEMPERANCE MEETING. At the meeting of temperance citizens at the City Hall, Thursday evening last, the following report was made:—

Report.

The Committee appointed at your last meeting to make arrangements for the meeting of this evening, devise a plan for future operations, and nominate a Committee to carry the same into effect, respectfully report:

1. That several citizens are engaged to present facts and make addresses this evening.

2. They propose the following plan for future operations in the cause of Temperance in our city:—1. That a series of weekly meetings be held as long as there is a decided interest manifested in sustaining them. 2. That these meetings commence at 8 o'clock, on Thursday evening of each week, and close by or before 9½ o'clock in all ordinary cases. 3. That the first part of each meeting be taken up in the statement of local facts, such as can be collected bearing upon the cause in this city. 4. That the speakers in all these meetings be short and to the point in their addresses. 5. That the friends of the cause aid the Standing Committee in collecting and causing to be reported such facts as illustrate the evils of Intemperance in our midst 6. That the citizens who are friendly to the cause make an effort to be present at all the meetings, and to induce others to do the same. 7. That the females of the city let the light of their pleasant countenances shine upon us in this effort. 8. That the Committee of eight persons hereafter be nominated, be a Standing Committee for four weeks, and that they take the responsibility of making arrangements for the meetings during that time. 9. That the said Standing Committee divide themselves into Sub-Committees of two each and that each Sub-Committee take the responsibility of making arrangements for one of the meetings during the month. 10. That at the close of the month a special business meeting be called for further consultation.

[It will be seen by this Report, that it is left to the Standing Committee what topics shall be brought forward, and what measures shall be proposed for the advancement of the cause in which we are engaged]

3. For the Standing Committee the following persons are nominated: Rev. U. C. Burnap, William Schouler, Rev. Mr Woods, Mr Ethan Burnap, Hon. Linus Child, Dr Nathan Allen, Ithamar W. Beard, Esq. Rev. Mr Miner.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. W. HANKS, Chairman of Com.

We conclude there must be a difference of opinion as to the propriety of prosecutions as the report makes no recommendations upon the subject.

DREADFUL EFFRONTERY. None of the Whig journals of Philadelphia were able to appear at the usual hour on Thursday morning, on account of the great length of Mr Webster's Speech, which they reported respectively. The Pennsylvanian (Dem.) however, had an extra out at an early hour and flooded all over the city, at the steamboats, &c., headed in staring letters, "*Pennsylvanian Extra—Mr Webster's Great Speech*" Many of these were bought by the eagerly expecting people, when lo! it proved to be Mr Webster's Free Trade Speech in Faneuil Hall, twenty-six years ago, in which the distinguished Senator opposed a protective tariff as diametrically at variance with republican principles and our national constitution.—*True Sun.*

☞ Mr Webster, in his late Boston speech, declared that the President, in ordering Gen. Taylor, to march the army from the Neeces to the Rio Grande, had committed an "*impeachable* offence." This in itself was a gross breach of propriety, inasmuch as Mr W., by denouncing the "offence" in advance, deprived himself of the opportunity of pronouncing fair and cool judgment as Senator of the United States, before whom the impeachment would have to be tried. Josiah Quincy, of Hartford Convention memory moved the impeachment of our Madison for his "President's war," and the solitary vote of Quincy was left "alone in its glory." Thus will it be, we venture to predict, with Mr Webster's impeachment of the President for the Mexican war. It will cover him with a disgraceful notoriety.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

EXTENSIVE ROBBERY—*Arrest of the Perpetrator.* On the night of Friday week, the iron safe in the store of Messrs A. and E. S. Higgins, wholesale carpet dealers, at 62 Broad street, was entered and robbed of a large amount of valuable papers and cash, amounting, in all, to between $40,000 and $50,000. The robber has proved to be one whom his employer expected—a clerk, by the name of Augustus E. Upham, whose birthplace is in some one of the Eastern States. Upham is about 19 years old, intelligent, and of hitherto unimpeachable character.—*New York Globe.*

SUICIDE FROM DESPAIR.—On Saturday morning in Andover court, John W. Hall, baker, was found by his daughter hanging on the banister of the upper stairs, dead. He had been out of work for some time, and his family, consisting of a wife and seven children, was in a state of great destitution. When Coroner Platt visited the house on Saturday, he found the family without food or fuel, and with but very little furniture. They had broken up their bedsteads and chairs for fuel. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased, when he committed the act, was laboring under great depression of mind, caused by poverty. He was 47 years of age. The neighbors have been prompt in rendering assistance to the widow and children.—*Post.*

☞ A good joke is related by one of the Cincinnati papers, of a gentleman in that city. He had promised his wife a fine fat turkey for dinner on Thanksgiving day, and they were awaiting its arrival, when, hearing the bell ring, the gentleman hastened to the street door, picked up a basket and returned to his wife saying, "Here, my dear, is the turkey." The lady took the basket and raised the covering, when to her astonished eyes, appeared an interesting infant of an hour!—Before fainting she had only breath to say, "Dear! if you call that a fine fat turkey you can cook it yourself!"

CLAIMS ON THE GOVERNMENT. It will be seen by an advertisement in another column that B. H. Cheever, Esq., of this city, is about to proceed to Washington, where he will remain during the session of congress, and will attend, if required, to the prosecution of claims before congress or either of the executive departments. Mr Cheever has resided in Washington for several years, and is particularly qualified by his knowledge of business in that city, and the integrity of his character, to undertake the transaction of such business as may be entrusted to his care.—*Post.*

From the New York Globe.

POST OFFICE,
New York, Dec. 4, 1846.

Mr Editor—The Postmaster General informs me that he will make the earliest possible arrangement to furnish me with the President's Message, for the press. He cannot tell me how or when.

Yours truly,

ROBERT H. MORRIS, P. M.

GRAFTED WALNUTS. Mr Jesse Tinkham, of Enfield, has left some walnuts at this office which grew on a tree which he engrafted with the 'shag bark into the 'common pig nut,' about ten years since.—The specimens he sent us are about twice the size of the common nut, of excellent flavor, and he says they yield very largely.—*Amherst Express.*

☞ The river closed over by ice at this place Tuesday night last, 1st inst., and the rain of Thursday did not break it up. It will probably hold fast. Navigation is closed for the season. The boats are all withdrawn, the Huntress making the last trip on Monday last.—*Hallowell Gazette, &c.*

☞ It is truly wonderful with what ease and grace one used to ceremony will go through with it

HON. ISAAC H. WRIGHT, has opened a rendezvous for volunteers for the Mexican war, in Boston.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OR THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH restored by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrecked in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill! If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. Swayne's COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE SANHOV" heals the diseased lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&rly3i

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true. All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparallaled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

INFORMATION WANTED

BY Mary Ann Kean, of her father Peter Kean, and brothers Roger and Patrick Kean, who left this city fourteen weeks since for Wisconsin, promising to write or return in three or four weeks. Any information concerning them will be gratefully received by MARY ANN KEAN, of Lowell.

Dec 4th a2i

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Dec. 5, 1846.

Dec 1st, Jacob P. Norton, 53 yrs, consumption; Relief Hallowell, 50 yrs, cancer. Mary Hinkey, 38 yrs. typhus fever, 2d, Alonzo J. Bicklord, 18 days, convulsion, 3d, Catharine Ambrose, 61 yrs, consumption; 4th, Bartholomew Tabor, 8 yrs, typhus fever; 5th, Joseph S. Upton, 27 yrs, consumption; Esther Hopkins, 67 yrs, melæna.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, Dec, 7th, Lovey S. wife of Josiah Seavy, 52 yrs.

Funeral on Wednesday at 2 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of S. S. Seavy, Worthen st, Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

In this city, this morning, Dec 8th, of typhus fever, Miss Julia Ann Gale, formerly of Thornton N. H. 18 yrs.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. ☜

Monday Evening, and every evening during the week except Saturday, will be presented John Howard Payne's celebrated Drama, entitled

THERESE,—Or, the Orphan of Geneva.

Carwin, Mr G. Germon,
Therese, Mrs Germon.

To conclude with laughable Farce, entitled

COUSIN LAMBKIN,—Or, Who's Who?

☞ Arrangements have been made to have the House thoroughly warmed and comfortable.

Just added,—A splendid set of Cosmoramic Views, which will be brilliantly lighted each evening.

☞ Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

Tickets 25 cents for each person. Children under 12 years, when accompanied by parents, half price. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

☞ Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Dec8

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in said for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Westworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3T

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

1y LOWELL, MASS.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Leutz. Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood.

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you: dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, as I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&rlydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially tha owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&rlydec5

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 8th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER SARGEANT, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvest debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Sargeant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighteenth day of December instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Sargeant, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 8th A3T

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetterers, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

JUST ARRIVED!

AT CLASIC HALL, 112, Merrimack Street,

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGES McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw; and his left, a Lobster's! Is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect, having been exhibited to 15,000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined Ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as making a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For a few days only.

TICKETS 12 1-2 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hammett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hammett & Co., is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMMETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. A3T.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System:

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most active roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&r1yjan28

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and, by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKISSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The pages will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprieor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

A3w

MOBILE AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This day

To go up to the City without Lightering,

The superior fast sailing coppered new Sbr ANDES, SNOW master, having most of her freight engaged, will sail promptly as above.

For freight or passage, having good accomodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. John Phillips is Agent at Mobile.

SAVANNAH AND BOSTON PACKETS.

ALLEN & WELCH'S LINE, FRM COMMER'AL WHARF.

This day

The elegant A 1 copper packet Bark HUMA *Wheden*, master, having part of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN, or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. L. Baldwin & Co. Agents at Savannah.

Goods forwarded from Savannah by Railroad or Steamboat free of commission. nov21,

NEW ORLEANS AND BOSTON PACKETS,

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FROM COMMERCIAL WHARF

This Day.

The elegant fast sailing A 1 Packet Ship ABBY PRATT, SHAW, master, is now loading, and having a large portion of her freight engaged, will sail as above. For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant and extensive accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAMUEL WELTCH, No. 21, Commercial wharf. Steam always taken. Shippers will please send recipts with their goods. Geo W. Hynson agent at N. O.

NORFOLK, CITY POINT & RICHMOND

ALLEN & WELTCH'S LINE—FAN COMMERCIAL WHF

This Day.

The packet Schooner, CHARLOTTE, CNOBELL master, is now loading at Long wharf and having a greater part of her freight engaged, will promptly sail as advertised

For freight, cabin or steerage passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to S. R. ALLEN or SAM'L WELCH, No 21 Commercial wharf. nov21

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 48 Central St.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP* and *FUR* Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the

[Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not inferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

Atf

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimack and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 3m H. T. BUTLER.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall; the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

NEW BOOKS JUST PUBLISHED BY THE HARPERS.

1ST Vol. of the Pictorial History of England being a history of the people as well as a history of the Kingdom, illustrated with several hundred Wood-cuts. History of American Revolution, with maps and illustrations, also Revised and Enlarged by Rev. J. L. Blake. Beauties of French History, by the author of American Revolution

Classical antiquities or a compendium of Roman and Grecian antiquities, with a sketch of Ancient Mythology, by Joseph Selkeld.

For sale by J. E. SHORT, & Co., corner of Merrimack and John, St's dec3

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Books at Auction.

On Thursday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 10th and 11th, at 6½ o'clock, at office,—A valuable collection of upwards of 1000 volumes in the most important branches of litorature and Science—as Mathematics, History, Biography, Theology, Medicine, Chemistry, Astronomy, &c.

Being to extensive for a catalogue, the following Works may be taken as a sample:—Works of various sizes and qualities, Webster's Dictionary, Mechanics Own Book; Josephus; Rollin; Shakespeare; Byron; Botta's American Revolution; Bulwer's Works; Smollett's do.; D'Israeli's do.; Fielding's do.; Concordances; Bible Dictionaries; Doddridge's Family Expositor; French and English Dictionaries; McKenzie's 5000 Receipts; Naval History; Gazetteers; Geology and Mineralogy; some valuable old books; Worcester's Dictionary; Parsons's Biblical Analysis; Book-Keeping; Surveying; Works of Boz, (Dickins,) Gibbon's Rome, Russell's Modern European; Johnson's Works; Medical Works; Walker's Works; Book of the Indians; Narrations of Indian Captivity; Pictorial History of the United States; Sharin's Sermons; Prevention and Cure of Diseases,—Letter paper, &c. Sale positive. No reserve. Any of the Books will be sold at private Sale during the day, at a fair Auction price.

Administrator's Sale.

On Saturday, Dec, 12th at 9½ o'clock, at office;—The following described Personal Property belonging to the estate of A. W. Whitrodge, deceased, viz:

1 Mahogany Table—2 Glass Lamps—1 Air tight Stove—1 Map—1 Bureau—2 Chairs—1 Looking Glass—1 China Tea Set 1 Bed, comforter—1 Rocking Chair 4 Chairs—1 Cook Stove and apparatus—2 sets Knives and Forks—1 Wood Clock—3 1-2 dozen Plates—also, several articles of wearing apparel.

At 11 o'clock—2 shares in First Universalist Meeting house, &c. STEPHEN MANSUR, Adm'r.

Also immediately after the above,—A lot of furniture, 2 Sofas, Bedsteaps, Beds, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus; Comforters, Cook Stoves, Crockery, Glass, Tin and Iron Ware, together with the usual variety of Kitchen Furniture.

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at the office of E. B. Patch; Lowell on Saturday, Dec. 12th, at 12 o'clock, M., Calvin T. Chamberlain's undivided interest in about twenty-nine acres of Land situated in Bedford, N. H. Also his undivided interest in a lot of Land, with House thereon, situated in Chelmsford, near Middlesex Village. Per order of Assignee.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.

Cloths, Clothing, Dry Goods, &c.

On FRIDAY, Dec, 11th, at 10 and 2 o'clock,—A large lot of Cloths, Clothing and Furnishing Goods, the entire stock of a dealer.

Also—An invoice of seasonable Dry Goods such as Dress Goods, Flannels Sheetings, Shirtings, Shawls, Cloakings, Hosiery, &c. &c.—by Catalogues. The Goods will be open and catalogues published on Thursday P. M. Dealers are invited to examine. Terms cash. Sale positive.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence to Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Banks made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o13m.

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dicklason or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 27 1846. nov23m

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated *"Patent,"* should be made the means of inestimable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the exercise of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus prodoced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wunderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be revelled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of these touching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenint agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this auvertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action,	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Griper,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Influmation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion Imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache,	Nervous Disorders,
Erysipelas,	Neuralgia,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever, Nervous,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever, Remittent,	Whites.
Fever and Ague,	

In all bilious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying it; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my sufferings is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it to my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the preparation of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have treated the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similart testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THIRD, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March. ALY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permonent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz:—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scabl Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and crawl across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Ambrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&eIyaug29n3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&elyjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure in giving to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble, and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and should recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. B. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

☞ PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00 ap24 ody&partly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, Issues Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of *a deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. lyn&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at one different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectibility, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, of the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, taunting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she has, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Motton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Sumner I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincot, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof; and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR.

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a5m

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

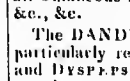
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aptoct1&4

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m*

LOWELL ADVERTISER--EXTRA.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1846.

THE PRE[illegible] MESS[illegible]

Fellow Citizens of t[illegible] and of the Hous[illegible]

In resuming your [illegible] the people, it is a [illegible] that there has [illegible] history, when all [illegible] prosperity have [illegible] Since your last [illegible] has visited [illegible] general good health has [illegible] abundance has crowned the [illegible] and labor in all its [illegible] rewarding an ample reward, [illegible] science, and the arts are [illegible] the means of social happ[illegible] progress of the country in [illegible] not only in the vast [illegible] territorial limits, and the [illegible] of our population, but in resources [illegible] and in the happy conditions [illegible] people, is without example in the [illegible] world.

As the [illegible] and beneficence of our free institutions are unfolded, every day adds fresh motives to contentment, and fresh incentives to patriotism.

Our devout and sincere acknowledgments are due to the gracious Giver of all good, for the numberless blessings which our country enjoys.

It is a [illegible] of high satisfaction to know that [illegible] of the United States with [illegible] with a single exception, [illegible] amicable character. Since [illegible] to the policy of peace, early [illegible] ily pursued by this government, and anxiously desired to cultivate friendship and commerce [illegible] Power. The spirit and [illegible] American people are favorable [illegible] ce of such international [illegible] herish it will, while policy, [illegible] and [illegible] duty obviously [illegible] protection of our national interests, or [illegible] for such [illegible] These [illegible] They [illegible] and [illegible] and sometimes [illegible] been our [illegible] of justice, in [illegible] that, though [illegible] ing in prosperity [illegible] we just cause of [illegible] to any [illegible] and enjoyed the blessings of [illegible] more than thirty years. From [illegible] to humanity, and so [illegible] upon our political [illegible] bo indeed voluntarily to [illegible]

The existing war [illegible] either desired or provoked by [illegible] tes. On the contrary, all [illegible] were resorted to avert it. [illegible] ance of aggravated and [illegible] ings on our part, Mexico, in [illegible] treaty stipulations and [illegible] of justice recognized [illegible] menaced hostilities; and [illegible] by her own act, forced the war upon us. [illegible] before the advance of our armies to the left bank of the Rio Grande, we had ample cause of war against Mexico; and had the United States resorted to this extremity, we might have appealed to the whole civilized world for the justice of our cause.

I deem it to be my duty to present to you on the present occasion, a condensed review of the injuries we had sustained, of the causes which led to the war, and of its progress since the commencement. This is rendered the more necessary because of the misapprehensions which have to some extent prevailed as to its origin and true character. The war has been represented as unjust and unnecessary, and as the result of aggression on our part upon a weak and injured country. Such erroneous views, though entertained by but few, have been widely and extensively circulated not only at home, but have been spread throughout the whole world. A more effectual means could not have been devised to encourage the enemy, protract the war than to advocate their cause, and thus give them [illegible] comfort."

It is a source of national pride and exultation that the great body of our people have [illegible] no such obstacles in the way of [illegible] in prosecuting the war successfully. They have shown themselves to be [illegible] patriotic, and ready to vindicate their [illegible] honor and interests at any [illegible] with alacrity and promptness [illegible] volunteer [illegible] rushed to the [illegible] country's call, drove not only [illegible] but their deep conviction [illegible] that [illegible] is [illegible]

The [illegible] we have [illegible] from Mexico [illegible] an invasion [illegible] ever, and [illegible] ance [illegible] we have been [illegible] with[illegible] a [illegible] to the history [illegible] civilized [illegible] There is [illegible] believe that if these wrongs had been [illegible] and realized in the first instance [illegible] present war might have been avoided. [illegible] outrags, however, permitted to pass with impunity, almost necessarily encouraged the perpetration of another, and at last [illegible] seemed to attribute to [illegible] and [illegible] action on our part to forbearance, which [illegible] the offspring of [illegible] and a sincere desire to preserve [illegible] with a sister Republic.

[illegible] Mexico [illegible] the first [illegible] which [illegible] and [illegible] passed [illegible] commenced [illegible] and their [illegible] if to no [illegible] no occasion [illegible] captains, and crew, it was done. Rulers superseded rulers in Mexico in rapid succession, and still there was no change in the system of depredation. The government of the United States made repeated reclamations on behalf of its citizens, but these were answered by the perpetration of new outrages. Promises of redress were made by Mexico in the most solemn forms, and postponed or evaded. The files and records of the Department of State contain conclusive proofs of numerous lawless acts perpetrated upon the property and persons of our citizens by Mexico, and of wanton insults to our national flag. The interposition of our government to obtain redress was again and again invoked, under circumstances which no nation ought to disregard.

It was hoped that these outrages would cease, and that Mexico would be restrained by the laws which regulate the conduct of civilized nations in their intercourse with each other, after the treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation of the 5th of April, 1831, was concluded between the two republics; but this hope soon proved to be vain. The course of seizure and confiscation of the property of our citizens, the violation of their persons and the insults to our flag, pursued by Mexico previous to that time, were scarcely suspended for even a brief period, although the treaty so clearly defines the rights and duties of the respective parties that it is impossible to misunderstand or mistake them. In less than seven years after the conclusion of that treaty our grievances had become so intolerable that, in the opinion of President Jackson, they could no longer be endured. In his message to Congress in February, 1837, he presented them to the consideration of that body, and declared that "The length of time since some of the injuries have been committed, the repeated and unavailing applications for redress, the wanton character of some of the outrages upon the property and persons of our citizens, upon the officers and flag of the United States, independent of recent insults to this government and people by the late extraordinary Mexican minister, would justify in the eyes of all nations, immediate war." In a spirit of kindness and forbearance, however, he recommended reprisals as a milder mode of redress. He declared that war should not be used as a remedy "by just and generous nations, confiding in their strength, for injuries committed, if it can be honorably avoided," and added, "it has occurred to me that, considering the present embarrassed condition of that country, we should act with both wisdom and moderation, by giving to Mexico one more opportunity to atone for the past, before we take redress into our own hands. To avoid all misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as to protect our own national character from reproach, this opportunity should be given with the avowed design and full preparation to take immediate satisfaction, if it should not be obtained on a repetition of the demand for it. To this end I recommend that an act be passed authorizing reprisals, and the use of the naval force of the United States, by the Executive, against Mexico, to enforce them in the event of a refusal by the Mexican government to come to an amicable adjustment of the matters in controversy between us, upon another demand thereof, made from on board one of our vessels of war on the coast of Mexico."

Committees of both houses of Congress, to which this message of the President was referred, fully sustained his views of the character of the wrongs which we had suffered from Mexico, and recommended that another demand for redress should be made before authorising war or reprisals. The Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, to their report, say: "After such a demand, should prompt justice be refused by the Mexican government, we may appeal to all nations not only for the equity and moderation with which we shall have acted towards a sister republic, but for the necessity which will then compel us to seek redress for our wrongs, either by actual war, or by reprisals. The subject will then be presented before Congress, at the commencement of the next session, in a clear and distinct form; and the Committee cannot doubt but that such measures will be immediately adopted, as may be necessary to vindicate the honor of the country, and insure ample reparation to our injured citizens."

The Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, made a similar recommendation. In their report, they say that they "fully concur with the President that ample cause exists for taking redress into our own hands, and believe that we should be justified in the opinion of other nations for taking such a step. But they are willing to try the experiment of another demand, made in the most solemn form, upon the justice of the Mexican government, before any further proceedings are adopted."

No difference of opinion upon the subject is believed to have existed in Congress at that time; the Executive and Legislative departments concurred; and yet much has been our forbearance, and desire to preserve peace with Mexico, that the wrongs of which we then complained, and which gave rise to these solemn proceedings, not only remain unredressed to this day, but additional causes of complaint, of an aggravated character, have ever since been accumulating.

Shortly after these proceedings, a special messenger was despatched to Mexico, to make a final demand for redress; and on the twentieth of July, 1837, the demand was made. The reply of the Mexican government bears date on the twenty-ninth of the same month, and contains assurances of the "anxious wish" of the Mexican government "not to delay the moment of that final and equitable adjustment which is to terminate the existing difficulties between the two governments;" that "nothing should be left undone which may contribute to the most speedy and equitable determination of the subjects which have so seriously engaged the attention of the American government;" that the "Mexican government would adopt, as the only guides for its conduct, the plainest principles of public right, the sacred obligations imposed by international law, and the religious faith of treaties;" and that "whatever reason and justice may dictate respecting each case will be done." The assurance was further given, that the decision of the Mexican government upon each cause of complaint, for which redress had been demanded, should be communicated to the government of the United States by the Mexican Minister at Washington.

These solemn assurances in answer to our demand for redress, were disregarded. By making them, however, Mexico obtained further delay. President Van Buren in his annual message to Congress of the fifth of December, 1837, states, that, "although the larger number" of our demands for redress, and many of them aggravated cases of personal wrongs, have been now for years before the Mexican government, and some of the causes of national complaint, and those of the most offensive character, admitted of immediate, simple, and satisfactory replies, it is only within a few days past that any specific communication in answer to our last demand, made five months ago, has been received from the Mexican minister;" and that "for not one of our public complaints has satisfaction been given or offered; that but one of the cases of personal wrong has been favorably considered, and that but four cases of both descriptions, out of all those formally presented, and earnestly pressed, have as yet been decided upon by the Mexican government." President Van Buren believing that it would be vain to make any further attempt to obtain redress by the ordinary means within the power of the Executive, communicated this opinion to Congress in the message referred to, in which he said: "On a careful and deliberate examination of the contents," (of the correspondence with the Mexican government) "and considering the spirit manifested by the Mexican government, it has become my painful duty to return the subject as it now stands, to Congress, to whom it belongs to decide upon the time, the mode, and the measure of redress." Had the United States at that time adopted compulsory measures, and taken redress into their own hands, all our difficulties with Mexico would probably have been long since adjusted, and the existing war have been averted. Magnanimity and moderation on our part only had the effect to complicate these difficulties, and render an amicable settlement of them the more embarrassing.—That such measures of redress, under similar provocations, committed by any of the powerful nations of Europe, would have been promptly resorted to by the United States, cannot be doubted. The national honor, and the preservation of the national character throughout the world; as well as our own self-respect, and the protection due to our own citizens, would have rendered such a resort indispensable. The history of no civilized nation in modern times has presented within so brief a period so many wanton attacks upon the honor of its flag, and upon the property and persons of its citizens, as had at that time been borne by the United States from the Mexican authorities and people. But Mexico was a sister republic, on the North American continent, occupying a territory contiguous to our own, and was in a feeble and distracted condition; and these considerations it is presumed, induced Congress to forbear still longer.

Instead of taking redress into our own hands, a new negotiation was entered upon with fair promises on the part of Mexico, but with the real purpose, as the event has proved of indefinitely postponing the reparation which we demanded, and which was so justly due. The negotiation, after more than a year's delay, resulted in the convention of the eleventh of April, 1839, "for the adjustment of claims of citizens of the United States of America upon the government of the Mexican republic." The joint board of commissioners created by this convention to examine and decide upon these claims was not organized until month of August, 1840, and under the terms of the convention they were to terminate their duties within eighteen months from that time.—Four of the eighteen months were consumed in preliminary discussions on frivolous and dilatory points raised by the Mexican commissioners; and it was not until the month of December, 1840, that they commenced the examination of the claims of our citizens upon Mexico. Fourteen months only remained to examine and decide upon these numerous and complicated cases. In the month of February, 1842, the term of the commission expired, leaving many claims undisposed of for want of time. The claims which were allowed by the board, and by the umpire authorized by the convention to decide in case of disagreement between the Mexican and American commissioners, amounted to two million twenty-six thousand one hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixty-eight cents. There were pending before the umpire when the commission expired additional claims which had been examined and awarded by the American commissioners, and had not been allowed by the Mexican commissioners, amounting to nine hundred and twenty-eight thousand six hundred and twenty-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents, upon which he did not decide, alleging that his authority had ceased with the termination of the joint commission. Besides these claims, there were others of American citizens amounting to three millions three hundred and thirty-six thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven dollars and five cents, which had been submitted to the board, and upon which they had not time to decide before their final adjournment.

The sum of two millions twenty-six thousand one hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixty-eight cents, which had been awarded to the claimants, was a liquidated and ascertained debt due by Mexico, about which there could be no dispute, and which she was bound to pay according to the terms of the convention. Soon after the final awards for this amount had been made, the Mexican government asked for a postponement of the time of making payment, alleging that it would be inconvenient to make the payment at the time stipulated. In the spirit of forbearing kindness towards a sister republic, which Mexico had so long abused, the United States promptly complied with her request. A second convention was accordingly concluded between the two governments on the thirteenth of January, 1843 which upon its face declares that "the new arrangement is entered into for the accommodation of Mexico." By the terms of this convention, all the interest due on the awards which had been made in favor of the claimants under the convention of the eleventh of April, 1839 was to be paid to them on the thirteenth of April, 1843, and "the principal of the said awards, and the interest accruing thereon," was stipulated to "be paid in five years, in equal instalments every three months." Notwithstanding this new convention was entered into at the request of Mexico, and for the purpose of relieving her from embarrassment, the claimants have only received the interest due on the thirtieth of April, 1843, and three of the twenty instalments. Although the payment of the sum thus liquidated, and confessedly due by Mexico to our citizens as indemnity for acknowledged acts of outrage and wrong, was secured by treaty, the obligations of which are ever held sacred by all just nations, yet Mexico has violated this solemn engagement by failing and refusing to make the payment. The two instalments due in April and July, 1844, under the peculiar circumstances connected with them, have been assumed by the United States and discharged to the claimants, but they are still due by Mexico. But this is not all of which we have just cause of complaint. To provide a remedy for the claims whose cases were not decided by the joint commission under the convention of April the eleventh, 1839, it was expressly stipulated by the sixth article of the convention of the thirtieth of January, 1843, that "a new convention shall be entered into for the settlement of all claims of the government and citizens of the United States against the republic of Mexico, which were not finally decided by the late commission, which met in the city of Washington, and of all the claims of the government and citizens of Mexico against the United States."

In conformity with this stipulation, a third convention was concluded and signed at the city of Mexico, on the twentieth of November, 1843, by the plenipotentiaries of the two governments, by which provision was made for ascertaining and paying these claims. In January, 1844, this convention was ratified by the Senate of the United States with two amendments, which were manifestly reasonable in their character. Upon a reference of the amendments proposed to the government of Mexico, the same evasions, difficulties, and delays were interposed which have so long marked the policy of that government towards the United States. It has not even yet decided whether it would or would not accede to them, although the subject has been repeatedly pressed upon its consideration.

Mexico has thus violated a second time the faith of treaties, by failing or refusing to carry into effect the sixth article of the convention of January, 1843.

Such is the history of the wrongs which we have suffered and patiently endured from Mexico through a long series of years. So far from affording reasonable satisfaction for the injuries and insults we had borne, a great aggravation of them consists in the fact, that while the United States, anxious to preserve a good understanding with Mexico, have been constantly, but vainly, employed in seeking redress for past wrongs, new outrages were constantly occurring, which have continued to increase our causes of complaint, and to swell the amount of our demands. While the citizens of the United States were conducting a lawful commerce with Mexico under the guaranty of a treaty of "amity, commerce, and navigation," many of them have suffered all the injuries which would have resulted from open war. This treaty, instead of affording protection to our citizens, has been the means of inviting them into the ports of Mexico, that they might be, as they have been in numerous instances, plundered of their property and deprived of their personal liberty if they dared insist on their rights. Had the unlawful seizures of American property, and the violation of personal liberty of our citizens, to say nothing of the insults to our flag which have occurred in the ports of Mexico, taken place on the high seas, they would themselves long since have constituted a state of actual war between the two countries. In so long suffering Mexico to violate her most solemn treaty obligations, plunder our citizens of their property, and imprison their persons without affording them any redress, we have failed to perform one of the first and highest duties which every government owes to its citizens and the consequences has been that many of them have been reduced from a state of affluence to bankruptcy. The proud name of American citizen, which ought to protect all who bear it from insult and injury throughout the world, has afforded an ample protection to our citizens in Mexico. We had ample cause of war against Mexico long before the breaking out of hostilities. But even then we forbore to take redress into our own hands, until Mexico herself became the aggressor by invading our soil in hostile array and shedding the blood of our citizens.

Such are the grave causes of complaint on the part of the United States against Mexico—causes which existed long before the annexation of Texas to the American Union; and yet, animated by the love of peace, and a magnanimous moderation, we did not adopt those measures of redress, which, under such circumstances, are the justified resort of injured nations.

The annexation of Texas to the United States constituted no just cause of offence to Mexico. The pretext that it did so is wholly inconsistent, and irreconcilable with well authenticated facts connected with the revolution by which Texas became independent of Mexico. That this may be the more manifest, it may be proper to advert to the causes and to the history of the principal events of that revolution.

Texas constituted a portion of the ancient province of Louisiana, ceded to the United States by France in the year 1803. In the year 1819, the United States, by the Florida treaty, ceded to Spain all that part of Louisiana within the present limits of Texas; and Mexico, by the revolution which separated her from Spain, and rendered her an independent nation, succeeded to the rights of the mother country over this territory. In the year 1824, Mexico established a federal constitution, under which the Mexican republic was composed of a number of sovereign States, confederated together in a federal Union similar to our own. Each of these States had its own executive, legislature, and judiciary; and, for all except federal purposes, was an independent of the general government, and that of the other States, as is Pennsylvania or Virginia under our constitution. Texas and Coahuila united and formed one of these Mexican States. The State constitution which they adopted and which was approved by the Mexican confederacy, asserted that they were free and independent of the other Mexican United States, and of every other power and dominion whatsoever;" and proclaimed the great principle of human liberty, that "the sovereignty of the State resides originally and essentially in the general mass of the individuals who compose it." To the government under this constitution, as well as to that under the federal constitution, the people of Texas owed allegiance.

Emigrants from foreign countries, including the United States, were invited by the colonization laws of the State and of the federal government to settle in Texas. Advantageous terms were offered to induce them to leave their own country and become Mexican citizens. This invitation was accepted by many of our citizens, in the full faith that in their new home they would be governed by laws enacted by representatives elected by themselves, and that their lives, liberty, and property would be protected by constitutional guarantees similar to those which existed in the republic they had left. Under a government thus organized they continued until the year 1835, when a military revolution broke out in the city of Mexico, which entirely subverted the federal and State constitutions, and placed a military dictator at the head of the government.

By a sweeping decree of a Congress subservient to the will of the dictator, the several State constitutions were abolished, and the States themselves converted into mere departments of the Central Government. The people of Texas were unwilling to submit to this usurpation. Resistance to such tyranny became a high duty. Texas was fully absolved from all allegiance to the Central Government of Mexico from the moment that government had abolished her State constitution, and in its place substituted an arbitrary and despotic Central government.

Such were the principal causes of the Texan revolution. The people of Texas at once determined upon resistance, and flew to arms. In the midst of these important and exciting events, however, they did not omit to place their liberties upon a secure and permanent foundation. They elected members to a convention, who in the month of March, 1836, issued a formal declaration that their "political connexion with the Mexican nation has forever ended, and that the people of Texas do now constitute a free, sovereign and independent republic, and are fully invested with all the rights and attributes which properly belong to independent nations." They also adopted for their government a liberal republican constitution. About the same time, Santa Anna, then the dictator of Mexico, invaded Texas with a numerous army for the purpose of subduing her people, and enforcing obedience to his arbitrary and despotic government. On the twenty-first of April, 1836, he was met by the Texan citizen soldiers, and on that day won achieved by them the memorable victory of San Jacinto, by which they conquered their independence. Considering the numbers engaged on the respective sides, history does not record a more brilliant achievement. Santa Anna himself was among the captives.

In the month of May, 1836, Santa Anna acknowledged, by a treaty with the Texan authorities, in the most solemn form, "the full, entire, and perfect independence of the republic of Texas." It is true he was then a prisoner of war, but it is equally true that he had failed to reconquer Texas, and had met with signal defeat; that his authority had not been revoked, and that by virtue of this treaty he obtained his personal release. by it hostilities were suspended, and the army which had invaded Texas under his command returned in pursuance of this arrangement, unmolested, to Mexico.

From the day that the battle of San Jacinto was fought until the present hour, Mexico has never possessed the power to reconquer Texas. In the language of the Secretary of State of the United States, in a despatch to our minister [illegible] date of [illegible] may he[illegible] ing be[illegible] continuing, a rebellious province; that the world has been obliged to take a very different view of the matter. From the time of the battle of San Jacinto, in April, 1836, to the present moment, Texas has exhibited the same external signs of national independence as Mexico herself, and with quite as much stability of government. Practically free and independent, acknowledged as a political sovereignty by the principal powers of the world, no hostile foot [illegible] rest within her territory for six or seven years, and Mexico herself refraining for all this period from any further attempt to re-establish her own authority over that territory, it cannot but be surprising to find Mr. de Bocanegra" (the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Mexico) "complaining that for that whole period citizens of the United States, or its government, have been favoring the rebels of Texas, and supplying them with vessels, ammunition and money, as if the war for the reduction of the province of Texas had been constantly prosecuted by Mexico, and her success prevented by these influences from abroad." In the same despatch the Secretary of State affirms that "since 1837 the United States have regarded Texas as an independent sovereignty, as much as Mexico; and that trade and commerce with citizens of a government at war with Mexico cannot on that account, be regarded as an intercourse by which assistance and succor are given to Mexican rebels.—The whole current of Mr. de Bocanegra's remarks runs in the same direction, as if the independence of Texas had not been acknowledged. It has been acknowledged—it was acknowledged in 1837, against the remonstrance and protest of Mexico; and most of the acts, of any importance, of which Mr. de Bocanegra complains, flow necessarily from that recognition. He speaks of Texas as still being an integral part of the territory of the Mexican republic; but he cannot but understand that the United States do not so regard it. The real complaint of Mexico, therefore, is, in substance, neither more nor less than a complaint against the recognition of Texan independence. It may be thought rather late to repeat that complaint, and not quite just to confine it to the United States, to the exemption of England, France and Belgium, unless the United States, having been the first to acknowledge the independence of Mexico herself, are to be blamed for setting an example for the recognition of that of Texas." And he added, that "the constitution, public treaties, and the laws oblige the President to regard Texas as an independent State, and its territory as no part of the territory of Mexico." Texas had been an independent State, with an organized government, defying the power of Mexico to overthrow or reconquer her, for more than ten years before Mexico commenced the present war against the United States. Texas had given such evidence to the world of her ability to maintain her separate existence as an independent nation, that she had been formally recognized as such, not only by the United States, but by several of the principal Powers of Europe. These Powers had entered into treaties of amity, commerce and navigation with her. They had received and accredited her ministers and diplomatic agents as their part to the government of Texas. If Mexico, notwithstanding all this, and her utter inability to subdue or reconquer Texas, still stubbornly refused to recognise her as an independent nation, she was none the less so on that account. Mexico herself had been recognised as an independent nation by the United States, and by other powers many years before Spain, of which, before her revolution, she had been a colony, would agree to recognise her as such, and yet Mexico was at that time, in the estimation of the civilized world, and in fact, none the less an independent power, because Spain still claimed her as a colony.

Spain had continued until the present period to assert that Mexico was one of her colonies, in rebellion against her, this would not have made her so, or changed the fact of her independent existence. Texas at the period of her annexation to the United States, bore the same relation to Mexico that Mexico had borne to Spain for many years before Spain acknowledged her independence, with this important difference—that, before the annexation of Texas to the United States was consummated, Mexico herself, by a formal act of her government, had acknowledged the independence of Texas as a nation. It is true that in the act of recognition she prescribed the condition which she had no power or authority to impose, that Texas should not annex herself to any other power: but this could not detract in any degree from the recognition which Mexico then made of her actual independence. Upon this plain statement of facts, it is absurd for Mexico to allege as a pretext for commencing hostilities against the United States, that Texas is still a part of her territory.

But there are those, who, conceding all this to be true, assume the ground that the true western boundary of Texas is the Nueces, instead of the Rio Grande; and that, therefore, in marching our army to the east bank of the latter river, we passed the Texan line, and invaded the territory of Mexico. A simple statement of facts, known to exist, will conclusively refute such an assumption. Texas, as ceded to the United States by France, in 1803, has been always claimed as extending west to the Rio Grande, or Rio Bravo. [illegible] fact is established by [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

and confirmed by the Senate, and has been ever since in the performance of his duties. All these acts of the republic of Texas, and of our Congress, preceded the orders for the advance of our army to the east bank of the Rio Grande. Subsequently, Congress passed an act "establishing certain post routes," extending west of the Nueces. The country west of that river, now constituted a part of one of the Congressional districts of Texas, and is represented in the House of Representatives. The Senators from that state were chosen by a legislature by which the country west of that river was represented. In view of all these facts, it is difficult to conceive upon what ground it can be maintained that, in occupying the country west of the Nueces, with our army, with the sole purpose to its security, and defence, we invaded the territory of Mexico. But it would have been still more difficult to justify the Executive, whose duty it is to see that the laws be faithfully executed, if in the face of all these proceedings, both of the Congress of Texas and of the United States, he had assumed the responsibility of yielding up the territory west of the Nueces to Mexico, or of refusing to protect and defend this territory and its inhabitants, including Corpus Christi, as well as the remainder of Texas, against the threatened invasion of Mexico.

But Mexico herself has never placed the war which she has waged upon the ground that our army occupied the intermediate territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande. Her refuted pretension that Texas was not in fact an independent State, but a rebellious province, was obstinately persevered in; and her avowed purpose in commencing a war with the United States was to reconquer Texas, and to restore Mexican authority over the whole territory—not to the Nueces only, but to the Sabine. In view of the proclaimed menaces of Mexico to this effect I deemed it my duty, as a measure of precaution and defence, to order our army to occupy a position on our frontier as a military post, from which our troops could best resist and repel any attempted invasion which Mexico might make.

Our army had occupied a position at Corpus Christi, west of the Nueces, as early as August, 1845, without complaint from any quarter. Had the Nueces been regarded as the true western boundary of Texas, that boundary had been passed by our army many months before it advanced to the eastern bank of the Rio Grande. In my annual message of December last I informed Congress that, upon the invitation of both the Congress and the Convention of Texas, I deemed it proper to order a strong squadron to the coasts of Mexico, and to concentrate an efficient military force on the western frontier of Texas, to protect and defend the inhabitants against the menaced invasion of Mexico. In that message I informed Congress that the moment the terms of annexation offered to the United States were accepted by Texas, the latter became so far a part of our own country as to make it our duty to afford such protection and defence; and that for that purpose our squadron had been ordered to the Gulf, and our army to "take a position between the Nueces and the Del Norte,' or Rio Grande, and "to repel any invasion of the Texian territory which might be attempted by the Mexican forces."

It was deemed proper to issue this order, because soon after the President of Texas, in April, 1845, had issued his proclamation convening the congress of that republic, for the purpose of submitting to that body the terms of annexation proposed by the U. States, the government of Mexico made serious threats of invading the Texian territory.

[After some further narrative of the progress of events, the President goes on to say:]

The movement of our army to the Rio Grande was made by the commanding general under positive orders to abstain from all aggressive acts towards Mexico or Mexican citizens, and to regard the relations between the two countries as peaceful, unless Mexico should declare war or commit acts of hostility indicative of a state of war; and these orders he faithfully executed. Whilst occupying his position on the east bank of the Rio Grande, within the limits of Texas, then recently admitted as one of the States of our Union, the commanding general of the Mexican forces, who, in pursuance of the orders of his government, had collected a large army on the opposite shore of the Rio Grande, crossed the river, invaded our territory, and commenced hostilities by attacking our forces. Thus, after all the injuries we had received and borne from Mexico, and after she had unjustly rejected a minister sent to her on a mission of peace, and whom she had pledged herself to receive, she consummated her long series of outrages against our country, and shed the blood of our citizens on our own soil.

The U. States never attempted to acquire Texas by conquest. On the contrary, at an early period after the people of Texas had achieved their independence, they sought to be annexed to the U. States. At a general election in Sept. 1836, they decided, with great unanimity, in favor of "annexation," and in Nov. following the Congress of that republic authorized the appointment of a minister to treat their request to this government. This government, however, having remained neutral between Texas and Mexico during the war between them, and considering it due to the honor of our country, and our fair fame among the nations of the earth, that we should not at this early period consent to annexation, nor until it should be manifest to the whole world that the reconquest of Texas by Mexico was impossible, refused to accede to the overtures made by Texas. On the 12th April, 1844, and after more than seven years had elapsed since Texas had established her independence, a treaty was concluded for the annexation of that republic to the U. States, and rejected by the Senate. Finally, on the 1st of March, 1845, the Congress, the executive and the people of Texas, in a convention elected for that purpose, accepted with great unanimity the proposed terms of annexation, and thus consummated on her part the great act of restoring to the federal Union a vast territory which had been ceded to Spain by the Florida treaty, more than a quarter of a century before.

After the joint resolution for the annexation of Texas to the U. States had been passed by our Congress, the Mexican minister at Washington addressed a note to the Sec. of State, bearing date the 6th March, 1845, protesting against it as "an act of aggression the most unjust which can be found recorded in the annals of modern history;—namely, that of despoiling a friendly nation of a considerable portion of her territory;" and protesting against the resolution of annexation as being "an act whereby the province of Texas, an integral portion of the Mexican territory, is agreed and admitted into the American Union;" and he announced that, as a consequence, his mission to the U. States had terminated, and demanded his passports, which were granted. It was upon the absurd pretext made by Mexico, (herself indebted for her independence to a successful revolution) that the republic of Texas still continued to be, notwithstanding all that had passed, a province of Mexico, that this step was taken by the Mexican minister.

Every honorable effort has been used by me to avoid the war which followed, but all have proved vain. All our attempts to preserve peace have been met by insult and resistance on the part of Mexico. My efforts in this end commenced in the note of the Secretary of State of the 10th of March, 1845, in answer to that of the Mexican minister. Whilst declining to re-open a discussion which had already been exhausted, and proving again what was known to the whole world, that Texas had long since achieved her independence, the Secretary of State expressed the regret of this government that Mexico should have taken offence at the resolution of annexation passed by Congress, and gave assurance that "our most strenuous efforts shall be devoted to the amicable adjustment of every cause of complaint between the two governments, and to the cultivation of the kindest and most friendly relations between the sister republics."

That I have acted in the spirit of this assurance, will appear from the events which have since occurred. Notwithstanding Mexico had abruptly terminated all diplomatic intercourse with the United States, and ought, therefore, to have been the first to ask for its resumption, yet, waiving all ceremony, I embraced the earliest favorable opportunity "to ascertain from the Mexican government whether they would receive an envoy from the United States intrusted with full power to adjust all the questions in dispute between the two governments." In September, 1845, I believed the propitious moment for such an overture had arrived.—Mexico, by the enthusiastic and almost unanimous will of her people, had agreed to acknowledge the independence of Texas, subject to a condition, it is true, which she had no right to impose and no power to enforce. The last lingering hope of Mexico, if she still could have retained any, that Texas would ever again become one of her provinces, must have been abandoned.

The consul of the United States at the city of Mexico, was therefore, instructed by the Secretary of State on the 15th of September, 1845, to make the inquiry of the Mexican government. The inquiry was made, and on the 15th of October, 1845, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Mexican government, in a note addressed to our consul, gave a favorable response, requesting, at the same time, that our naval force might be withdrawn from Vera Cruz, while negotiations should be pending. Upon the receipt of this note, our naval force was promptly withdrawn from Vera Cruz. A minister was immediately appointed, and departed to Mexico. Every thing bore a promising aspect and peaceful adjustment of all our difficulties. At the date of my annual message to Congress, in December last, no doubt was entertained but that it would be received by the Mexican government, and the hope was cherished that all cause of misunderstanding between the two countries would be speedily removed. In the confident hope that such would be the result of his mission, I informed Congress that I forbore at that time to "recommend such ulterior measures of redress for the wrongs and injuries we had so long borne, as it would have been proper to make had no such negotiation been instituted." To my surprise and regret, the Mexican government, though solemnly pledged to do so upon the arrival of our minister in Mexico, refused to receive and accredit him.

When he reached Vera Cruz, on the thirteenth of November, 1845, he found that the aspect of affairs had undergone an unhappy change. The government of General Herrera, who was at that time President of the republic, was tottering to its fall. General Paredes (a military leader) had manifested his determination to overthrow the government of Herrera by a military revolution; and one of the principal means which he employed to affect his purpose and render the government of Herrera odious in the [illegible] of Mexico, was by [illegible] to receive a minister of peace from the United States, alleging that it was the intention of Herrera, by treaty with the United States, to dismember the territory of Mexico, by ceding away the department of Texas. The government of Herrera is believed to have been well disposed to a pacific adjustment of existing difficulties; but, probably alarmed for his own security, and in order to ward off the danger of the revolution led by Paredes, violated its solemn agreement, and refused to receive or accredit our minister; and this, although informed that he had been invested with full power to adjust all questions of dispute between the two governments. Among the frivolous pretexts for this refusal, the principal one was that our minister had not come upon a special mission, confined to the question of Texas alone, leaving all the outrages upon our flag and our citizens unredressed. The Mexican government well knew that both our national honor and the protection due to our citizens imperatively required that the questions of boundary and indemnity should be treated of together, as naturally and [illegible]

Under all these circumstances, it was believed that any revolution in Mexico, founded upon opposition to the ambitious projects of Paredes, would tend to promote the cause of peace as well as to prevent any attempted European interference in the affairs of the North American continent—both objects of deep interest to the U. States. Any such foreign interference, if attempted, must have been resisted by the United States. My views up that subject were fully communicated to Congress in my last annual message. In any event, it was certain that no change whatever in the government of Mexico which would deprive Paredes of power could be for the worse, so far as the U. States were concerned, while it was highly probable that any change must be for the better. This was the state of affairs existing when Congress on the 13th of May last, recognized the existence of the war which had been commenced by the government of Paredes, and it became an object of much importance with a view to a speedy settlement of our difficulties and the restoration of an honorable peace, that Paredes should not retain power in Mexico.

Before that time there were symptoms of a revolution in Mexico, favored, as it was understood to be, by the more liberal party, and especially by those who were opposed to foreign interference and to the monarchical form of government. Santa Anna was then in exile in Havana, having been expelled from power and banished from his country by a revolution which occurred in Dec 1844; but it was known that he had still a considerable party in Mexico. It was also equally well known that no vigilance exerted by our squadron would, in all probability, have prevented him from effecting a landing somewhere on the extensive gulf coast of Mexico, if he desired to return to his country.

[For these reasons, and others, the President thinks the government was justified in giving orders that the return of Santa Anna to Mexico should not be prevented.]

A revolution took place in Mexico in the early part of August following by which the power of Paredes was overthrown, and he has since been banished from the country, and he now is in exile. Shortly afterwards, Santa Anna returned. It remains to be seen whether his return may not yet prove to be favorable to a pacific adjustment of the existing difficulties, it being manifestly his interest not to persevere in the prosecution of a war commenced by Paredes, to accomplish a purpose so absurd as the re-[illegible] of Texas to the Sabine. Had Paredes succeeded in his revolution, and remained in power, it is morally certain that the [illegible] adjustment would have been hopeless.

Upon the commencement of hostilities by Mexico against the United States, the indignant spirit of the nation was at once roused. Congress promptly responded to the expectations of the country, and by the act of the thirteenth of May last, recognized the fact that war existed, by the act of Mexico, between the United States and that republic, and granted the means necessary for its vigorous prosecution. Being involved in a war thus commenced by Mexico, and for the justice of which on our part we may confidently appeal to the whole world, I resolved to prosecute it with the utmost vigor. Accordingly, the ports of Mexico on the Gulf and on the Pacific, have been placed under blockade, and her territory invaded at several important points. The reports from the Departments of War and the Navy will furnish more in detail of the measures adopted in the emergency in which our country was placed by the war, and of the results of the campaign.

The various columns of the army have performed their duty under great disadvantages with the utmost skill and courage.—The victories of Palo Alto, and Resaca de la Palma, and of Monterey, won against greatly superior numbers, and against decided advantages in other respects on the part of the enemy, were brilliant in their execution, and entitle our brave officers and soldiers to the grateful thanks of their country. The nation deplores the loss of the brave officers and men who have gallantly fallen while vindicating and defending their country's rights and honor.

It is a subject of pride and satisfaction that our volunteer citizen soldiery, who so promptly responded to their country's call, with the experience of the discipline of a camp of only a few weeks, have borne their part in the hard fought battle of Monterey with a constancy and courage equal to that of veteran troops, and worthy of the highest admiration. The privations of long marches through the enemy's country, and through a wilderness, have been borne without a murmur. By rapid movements the province of New Mexico, with Santa Fe, its capital, has been captured without bloodshed. The Navy has co-operated with the army, and rendered important services; if not so brilliant, it is because the enemy had no force to meet them on their own element, and because of the defences which nature has interposed in the difficulties of the navigation on the Mexican coast. Our squadron in the Pacific with the co operation of a gallant officer of the army, with a small force hastily collected in that distant country, have acquired bloodless possession of the California, and the American flag has been raised at every important point in that province.

Whilst the war was in a course of vigorous and successful prosecution, being still anxious to arrest its evils, and considering that, after the brilliant victories of our arms on the 8th and 9th of May last, the national honor could not be compromitted by it, another overture was made to Mexico, by my direction, on the 27th of July last, to terminate hostilities by a peace just and honorable to both countries. On the 31st of August following the Mexican government declined to accept this friendly overture, but referred it to the decision of a Mexican Congress, to be assembled in the early part of the present month. I communicate to you herewith a copy of the letter of the Secretary of State proposing to reopen negotiations, of the answer of the Mexican government, and of the reply thereto of the Secretary of State.

The war will continue to be prosecuted with vigor, as the best means of securing peace. It is hoped that the decision of the Mexican Congress, to which our last overture has been referred, may result in a speedy and honorable peace. With our experience, however, of the unreasonable course of the Mexican authorities, it is the part of wisdom not to relax in the energy of our military operations until the result is made known.

The war has not been waged with a view to conquest; but having been commenced by Mexico, it has been carried into the enemy's country, and will be vigorously prosecuted there, with a view to obtain an honorable peace, and thereby secure ample indemnity for the expenses of the war, as well as to enforce much injured citizens, who held large pecuniary demands against Mexico.

By the laws of nations a conquered territory is subject to be governed by the conqueror during his military possession, and until there is either a treaty of peace, or he shall voluntarily withdraw from it. The old civil government being necessarily superseded, it is the right and duty of the conqueror to secure his conquest, and to provide for the maintenance of civil order and the rights of the inhabitants. The right has been exercised, and this duty performed by our military and naval commanders, by the establishment of temporary governments in some of the conquered provinces in Mexico, as similating them as far as practicable to the free institutions of our own country. In the provinces of New Mexico, and of the Californias, little if any further resistance is apprehended from the inhabitants to the temporary governments which have thus, from the necessity of the case, and according to the laws of war, been established.—It may be proper to provide for the security of these important conquests by making an adequate appropriation for the purpose of erecting fortifications and defraying the expenses necessarily incident to the maintenance of our possession and authority over them.

Near the close of your last session, for reasons communicated to Congress, I deemed it important, as a measure for securing a speedy peace with Mexico, that a sum of money should be appropriated, and placed in the power of the Executive, similar to that which had been made upon two former occasions, during the administration of President Jackson.

On the twenty-sixth of February, 1803, an appropriation of two millions of dollars was made, and placed at the disposal of the President. Its object is well known. It was at that time in contemplation to acquire Louisiana from France, and it was intended to be applied as a part of the consideration which might be paid for that territory. On the thirteenth of February, 1806, the same sum was in like manner appropriated, with a view to the purchase of the Floridas from Spain. These appropriations were made to facilitate negotiations, and as a means to enable the President to accomplish the important objects in view. Though it did not become necessary for the President to use these appropriations, yet a state of things might have arisen in which it would have been highly important for him to do so, and the wisdom of making them cannot be doubted. It is believed that the measure recommended at your last session met with the approbation of decided majorities in both houses of Congress. Indeed, in different forms, a bill making an appropriation of two millions of dollars passed each House, and it is much to be regretted that it did not become a law. The reasons which induced me to recommend the measure at that time still exist, and I again submit for your consideration, and suggest the importance of early action upon it. Should the appropriation be made, and be not needed, it will remain in the treasury; should it be deemed proper to apply it in whole or in part, it will be accounted for as other public expenditures.

Immediately [illegible]

ports of Cuba and Porto Rico to prey upon the commerce of the United States; and I invited the special attention of the Spanish government to the fourteenth article of our treaty with that power of the twentieth of October, 1795, under which the citizens and subjects of either nation who shall take commissions or letters of marque to act as privateers against the other "shall be punished as pirates."

[The President says he has received assurances from the Spanish government that this treaty will be strictly adhered to on its part, and also speaks of the letters of marque sent by the Mexican government to Havana.]

If the certificates of naturalization thus granted be intended by Mexico to shield Spanish subjects from the guilt and punishment of pirates, under our treaty with Spain, they will certainly prove unavailing. Such a subterfuge would be but a weak device to defeat the provisions of a solemn treaty.

I recommend that Congress should immediately provide by law for the trial and punishment as pirates, of Spanish subjects who, escaping the vigilance of their government, shall be found guilty of privateering against the United States. I do not apprehend serious danger from these privateers. Our navy will be constantly on the alert to protect our commerce. Besides, in case prizes should be made of American vessels, the utmost vigilance will be exerted by our blockading squadron to prevent the capture from taking them into Mexican ports, and it is not apprehended that any nation will violate its neutrality by suffering such prizes to be condemned and sold within its jurisdiction.

I rebommend that Congress should immediately provide by law for granting letters of marque and reprisal against vessels under the Mexican flag. It is true that there are but few, if any commercial vessels of Mexico upon the high seas; and it is, therefore, not probable that many American privateers would be fitted out, in case a law should pass authorizing this mode of warfare. It is, notwithstanding, certain that such privateers may render good service to the commercial interests of the country by recapturing our merchant ships, should any be taken by armed vessels under the Mexican flag, as well as by capturing these vessels themselves. Every means within our power should be rendered available for the protection of our commerce.

The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury will exhibit a detailed statement of the condition of the finances. The imports for the fiscal year ending on the thirteen of June last, were of the value of one hundred and ninety one thousand seven hundred and ninety seven dollars; of which the amount exported was eleven million three hundred forty six thousand six hundred and twenty three dollars, leaving the amount retained in the country for domestic consumption one hundred and ten million three hundred and seventy four thousand one hundred and seventy four dollars.

The receipts into the Treasury for the same year were twenty-nine millions four hundred and ninety-nine thousand two hundred and forty-seven dollars and six cents; of which there was derived from [illegible] seven millions seven hundred and twelve [illegible] dollars and sixty-seven cents, from sales of public lands seventy millions two hundred and ninety five thousand four hundred and fifty-two dollars and forty eight cents, and from incidental and miscellaneous sources nine-tr-two thousand one hundred and twenty-six dollars and seventy-one cents. The expenditures for the same period were twenty-eight millions thirty-one thousand one hundred and fourteen dollars and twenty-eight cents, and the balance in the treasury on the first day of July last was nine millions one hundred and twenty six thousand four hundred and thirty-nine dollars and eight cents.

The amount of the public debt, including treasury notes, on the first of the present month, was $[illegible] 956,191 60; of which the sum of $15,768,799 05 was outstanding on the 4th March, 1845; leaving the amount incurred since that time, $10,187,492 06.

In order to prosecute the war with Mexico with vigor and energy, as the best means of bringing it to a speedy and honorable termination, a further loan will be necessary, to meet the expenditures for the present and the next fiscal years. If the war should be continued until the thirteenth of June, 1848, to the end of the next fiscal year it is estimated that an additional loan of twenty-three millions of dollars will be required. This estimate is made upon the assumption that it will be necessary to retain constantly in the treasury four millions of dollars, to guard against contingencies. If such surplus were not required to be retained, then a loan of nineteen millions of dollars would be sufficient. If, however, Congress should, at the present session impose a revenue duty upon the principal articles now embraced in the free list, it is estimated that an additional annual revenue of about two millions and a half, accruing, if imposed, on the third of July, 1848, four millions of dollars, would be derived from that source; and the loan required would be reduced by that amount. [The President thinks the loan required will not exceed eighteen or nineteen millions.]

In order that timely notice may be given, and proper measures taken to effect the loan or such portion of it as may be required, it is important that the authority of Congress to make it be given at an early period of your present session. It is suggested that the loan should be contracted for a period of twenty years, with authority to purchase the stock and pay it off, at an earlier period, at its market value, out of any surplus which may at any time be in the treasury applicable to that purpose. After the establishment of peace with Mexico, it is supposed that a considerable surplus will exist, and that the debt may be extinguished in a much shorter period than that for which it may be contracted. The period of twenty years as that for which the proposed loan may be contracted, in preference to a shorter period, is suggested, because all experience, both at home and abroad, has shown that loans are effected upon much better terms upon long time than when they are re-imbursable at short dates.

Necessary as this measure is, to sustain the honor and the interests of the country, engaged in a foreign war, it is not doubted but that Congress will promptly authorize it.

The balance in the treasury on the first of July last exceeded nine millions of dollars, notwithstanding considerable expenditures had been made for the war during the months of May and June preceding. But for the war, the whole public debt could and would have been extinguished within a short period; and it was a part of my settled policy to do so, and thus relieve the people from its burden, and place the government in a position which would enable it to reduce the public expenditures to that economical standard which is most consistent with the general welfare, and the pure and wholesome progress of our institutions.

It is not meant to recommend that the ordinary and necessary appropriations for the support of government should be withheld, but it is well known that at every session of Congress, appropriations are proposed for numerous objects which may or may not be made, without materially affecting the public interests; and these it is [illegible] should not

on the revenue, and the business of the country, to be developed. It is not doubted, however, that the just policy which it adopts will add largely to our foreign trade and promote the general prosperity. Although it cannot be certainly foreseen what amount of revenue it will yield. It is estimated that it will exceed that produced by the act of 1842, which it superseded. The leading principles established by it are, to levy the taxes with a view to raise revenue, and to impose them upon the articles imported according to their actual value.

The act of 1842, by the excessive rates of duty which it imposed on many articles, either totally excluded them from importation, or greatly reduced the amount imported, and thus diminished instead of producing revenue. By it the taxes were imposed not for the legitimate purpose of raising revenue, but to afford advantages to favored classes, at the expense of a large majority of their fellow-citizens. Those employed in agriculture, mechanical pursuits, commerce and navigation, were compelled to contribute from their substance to swell the profits and overgrown wealth of the comparatively few who had invested their capital in manufactures. The taxes were not levied in proportion to the value of the articles upon which they were imposed; but, widely departed from this just rule, the lighter taxes were, in many cases, levied upon articles of luxury and high price, and the heavier taxes on those of necessity and low price, consumed by the great mass of the people.

A system so unequal and unjust has been superseded by the existing law, which imposes duties not for the benefit or injury of classes or pursuits, but distributes, and, so far as practicable, equalizes the public burdens among all classes and occupations. The favored classes, who, under the unequal and unjust system which has been repealed, have heretofore realized large profits, and many of them amassed large fortunes, at the expense of the many who have been made tributary to them, will have no reason to complain if they shall be required to bear their just proportion of the taxes necessary for the support of government. So far from it, it will be perceived by an examination of the existing law, that discriminations in the rates of duty imposed, within the revenue principle, have been retained in their favor. The incidental and almost [illegible] which they still enjoy gives them an advantage which other pursuits possess; but of this none others will complain, because the duties levied are necessary for revenue. These revenue duties, including freights and charges, which the importer must pay before he can come in competition with the home manufacturer in our markets, amount, on nearly all our leading branches of manufacture, to more than one-third of the value of the imported article, and in some cases to almost one-half its value. With such advantages it is not doubted that our domestic manufactures will continue to prosper, resulting, as they undoubtedly do, in establishments even greater profits than can be derived from any other regular business. Indeed, so far from requiring the protection of even incidental revenue duties, our manufacturers in several leading branches are extending their business, giving evidence of great enterprise and skill, and of their ability to compete, with increased prospect of success, for the open market of the world. Domestic manufactures, to the value of several millions of Dollars, which cannot find a market here are annually exported to foreign countries. With such rates of duty as those established by the existing law, the system will probably be permanent, and capitalists who have made or shall hereafter make their investments in manufactures, will know upon what to calculate. The country will be satisfied with these rates, because the advantages which the manufacturers still enjoy result necessarily from the collection of revenue for the support of government.

The duties, from their uniform operation upon the masses of the people, cannot fail to have risen to extensive dissatisfaction and complaint, and to continued efforts to change or repeal them, rendering all investments in manufactures uncertain and precarious. Lower and more permanent rates of duty, at the same time that they will yield to the manufacturer fair and remunerating profits, will secure him against the danger of frequent changes in the system, which cannot fail to seriously affect his interest.

Simultaneously with the relaxation of the restrictive policy by the United States, Great Britain, from whose example we derived the system, has relaxed hers. She has modified her corn laws, and repealed many other duties to moderate revenue rates. After years of experience, the statesmen of that country have been constrained by a stern necessity, and by a public opinion having its deep foundation in the sufferings and wants of impoverished millions, to abandon a system, the effect of which was to build up immense fortunes in the hands of the few, and to reduce the laboring millions to pauperism and misery. Nearly in the same ratio that labor was depressed, capital was increased and concentrated by the British protective policy.

The evils of the system in Great Britain were at length rendered intolerable, and it has been abandoned, but not without a severe struggle on the part of the protected and favored classes to retain the unjust advantages which they have so long enjoyed. It was to be expected that a similar struggle would be made by the same classes in the United States, whenever an attempt was made to modify or abolish the present unjust system here. The protective policy had been in operation in the United States for a much shorter period, and its pernicious effects were not, therefore, so clearly perceived and felt. Experience, however, was known of these effects to induce a repeal.

It would be strange, in the face of the example of Great Britain, our principal foreign customer and of the evils of a system rendered manifest in that country by long and painful experience, and in the face of the immense advantages which, under the present commercial policy we are already deriving, and must continue to derive, by supplying her starving population with food, the United States should restore a policy which she has been compelled to abandon, and thus diminish her ability to purchase from us the food and other articles which she so much needs, and was so much desire to sell. By the simultaneous abandonment of the protective policy by Great Britain and the United States, a new and important state of things already began to open for our agricultural and other products; commerce and navigation have received a new impulse; labor and trade have been released from the artificial trammels which have so long fettered them; and in a great extent reciprocity in the exchange of commodities, has been introduced at the same time by both countries, and greatly for the benefit of both. Great Britain has been forced, by the pressure of circumstances at home, to abandon a policy which has been upheld for ages, and to open her ports for our numerous surplus of breadstuffs and provisions. It is confidently believed that other Powers of Europe will ultimately see the wisdom, if they be not compelled by the pressure and sufferings of their crowded population, to pursue a similar policy.

Our farmers were more deeply interested in maintaining the just and liberal policy of the existing law than any other class of our citizens. They constitute a large majority of our population; and it is well known that when they prosper, all other pursuits prosper also. They have heretofore not only received none of the benefits or favors of government, but, by the unequal operations of the protective policy, have been made, by the burdens of taxation which it imposed, to contribute to the bounties which have enriched others.

When a foreign as well as home market is opened to them, they must acquire, as they are now receiving, increased prices for their products. They will find a readier sale and at better prices, for their wheat, flour, rice, Indian corn, beef, pork, lard, butter, cheese, and other articles, which they produce. The home market alone is adequate to enable them to dispose of the immense surplus of food and other articles which they are capable of producing, even at the most remunerating prices, for the manifest reason that many consumers are employed in the country. The United States can, from their immense surplus, supply not only the home demand, but the deficiencies of food required by the whole world.

That the reduced production of some of the chief articles of food in Great Britain, and other parts of Europe, may have contributed to increase the demand for our breadstuffs and provisions, is not doubted; but that the great and efficient cause of this increased demand, and of increased prices, consists in the removal of artificial restrictions has, I believe, been, and is destined to be, amply certain. That low exports of breadstuffs already increased and will increase, under our example, under the more liberal policy which has been adopted, will be still vastly enlarged, when they shall be disposed or protected by a restoration of the protective policy, cannot be doubted. That our country will gradually increase in population, and that a corresponding ratio with the increase of our trade will be certain; while our manufacturing interests will still be the favored interests of the country, and receive the most efficient protection afforded them by revenue duties; and make them what they cannot justly complain of.

In my annual messages of December last a tariff of revenue duties based upon the principles of the existing law, was recommended, and no reason is known to exist to change the opinions then expressed. In view of the probable beneficial effects of that law, I recommend that the policy established by it be maintained. It has but just commenced to operate; and to abandon or modify it without giving it a fair trial, would be to [illegible] and would [illegible] in any [illegible] the [illegible] by actual experience to be corrected; but until such [illegible] the act should be [illegible]

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, DCEMBER 10, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 145.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
BOSTON AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICES, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailer's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bortlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Masury's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street—Belvidere; nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 No. 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF FOWLER & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
tf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street, [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc.23 LOWELL. tf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6m
up12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jun21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, Americee Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&rly

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 31 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

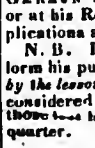
STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 Stots st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1 atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

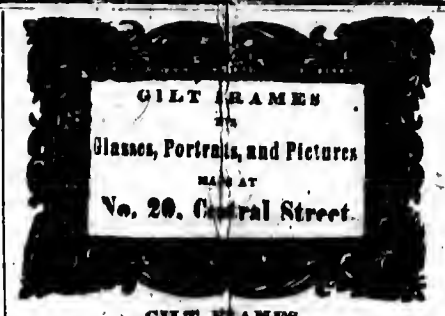
LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. treec8

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callousses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ptf



GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 2, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodian's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from quinsied throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Ungrateful to the ear is found—
When deep toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, for sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you well may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, *Nota bene*,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are cow before you throwe,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instruments in ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I learn ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10atf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. eowu&ptyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, in all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the cooperation of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reductions of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
			1837	$1000 75	$300 24	$30 05	$225
			1838	900 76	435 58	67 53	196 7
			1839	829 00	570 45	55 76	178 0
			1840	891 05	775 20	38 70	1.8 7
60	$5000	$370 85	1841	965 05	967 50	27 64	138 8

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchants' Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D. ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18ATu&Sfrowly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



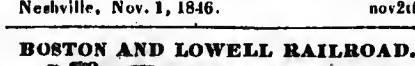
Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.
At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the Junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



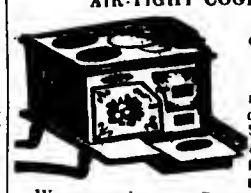
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more then $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, nor Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ Those trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS'*, *opposite the Washington House.*
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrant the every Stove set up by me of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ep28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Siver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Dageerreotypes and the best Apparates ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 76 Court, and 26 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 129 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2&4tly

POETRY.

The Village Blacksmith.

BY HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

Under the spreading chestnut tree
The village smithy stands;
The smith a mighty man is he,
With large and sinewy hands;
And the muscles of his brawny arms
Are strong as iron bands.

His hair is crisp, and black, and long;
His face is like the tan,
His brow is wet with honest sweat;
He earns whatever he can,
And looks the whole world in the face,
For he owes not any man.

Week out, week in, from morn till night,
You can hear his bellows blow;
You can hear him swing his heavy sledge,
With measured beat and slow,
Like a sexton ringing the old kirk chimes
When the evening sun is low.

And children coming home from school
Look in at the open door;
They love to see the flaming forge,
And hear the bellows roar,
And catch the burning sparks that fly
Like chaff from a threshing floor.

He goes on Sunday to the Church,
And sits among his boys;
He hears the parson pray and preach,
He hears his daughter's voice,
Singing in the village choir,
And it makes his heart rejoice.

It sounds to him like his mothers voice,
Singing in Paradise!
He needs must think of her once more,
How in the grave she lies;
And with his hard rough hand he wipes
A tear from out his eyes.

Toiling, rejoicing, sorrowing,
Onward through life he goes;
Each morning sees some task begin
Each evening sees it close;
Something attempted something done,
Has earned the night's repose.

Thanks, thanks, to thee, my worthy friend,
For the lesson thou hast taught!
Thus at the flaming forge of Life
Our fortunes must be wrought,
Thus on its sounding anvil shaped
Each burning deed and thought.

A Child carried away by an Eagle.

BY PROFESSOR WILSON.

The great Golden Eagle, the pride and the pest of the parish, stooped down, and away with something in his talons. One single sudden female shriek,—and then shouts and outcries, as if a church spire had fallen down on a congregation at a sacrament! "Hannah Lamond's bairn! Hannah Lamond's bairn!" was the loud fast-spreading cry. "The eagle's ta'en aff Hannah Lamond's bairn!" and many hundred feet were in an other instant hurrying towards the mountain. Two miles, of hill and dale, and copse and shingle, and many intersecting brooks, lay between; but, in an incredibly short time, the foot of the mountain was alive with people.

The eyrie was well known, and both old birds were visible on the rock ledge. But who shall scale that dizzy cliff, which Mark Steuart, the sailor, who had been at the storming of many a fort, attempted in vain? All kept gazing, weeping, wringing of hands in vain, rooted to the ground, or running back and forwards, like so many ants essaying their new wings in the omfiture. "What's the use,—what's the use—o' ony puir human means? We have no power but in prayer!" and many knelt down,—fathers and mothers thinking of their own babies,—as if they would force the deaf heavens to hear!

Hannah Lamond had all this while been sitting on a rock, with a face perfectly white,—and eyes like those of a mad person, fixed on the eyrie. Nobody had noticed her; for strong as all sympathies with her had been at the swoop of the eagle, they were now swallowed up in the agony of eyesight. "Only last Sabbath was my sweet wee ween baptized in the name o' the Father, and the Son and the Holy Ghost!" and on uttering these words, she flew off through the brakes, and over the huge stones, up—up—up—faster than ever huntsman ever ran in to the death—fearless as a goat playing among the precipices.

No one doubted, no one could doubt, that she would soon be dashed to pieces. But have not people who walk in their sleep, obedient to the mysterious guidance of dreams, climbed the walls of old ruins' and found footing, even in decrepitude, along the edge of unguarded battlements and down dilapidated stair-cases, deep as drawwells, or coal pits, and returned with open, fixed and unseeing eyes, unharmed to their beds at midnight? It is all the work of the soul, to whom the body is a slave; and shall not the agony of a mother's passion,—who sees her baby, whose warm mouth had just left her breast, hurried off by a demon to a hideous death,—bear her limbs aloft wherever there is dust to dust, till she reach that devouring den, and fiercer and more furious far, in the passion of love, than any bird of prey that ever bathed its beak in blood, throttle the fiends that with their heavy wings would fain flap her down the cliffs, and hold up her child, in deliverance, before the eye of the all-seeing God!

No stop,—no stay,—she knew not that she drew her breath. Beneath her feet Providence fastened every loose stone, and to her hands strengthened every root. How was she ever to descend? That fear, then, but once crossed her heart, as up—up—up—to the little image made of her own flesh and blood. "The God who holds me now from perishing,—will not the same God save me, when my child is on my bosom!" Down came the fierce rushing of the eagles' wings,—each savage bird dashing close to her head, so that she saw the yellow of their wrathful eyes All at once they quailed, and were cowed. Yelling, they flew off to the stump of an ash jutting out of the cliff, a thousand feet above the cataract; and the Christian mother falling across the eyrie, in the midst of bones and blood, clasping her child,—dead—dead—dead,—no doubt, but unmangled and unborn, and swaddled up, just as it was, when she laid it down asleep among the fresh hay, in a nook of the harvest field.

Oh! what a pang of perfect blessedness transfixed her heart from that faint feeble cry:—"It lives—it lives—it lives!" and baring her bosom, with loud laughter, and eyes dry as stones, she felt the lips of the unconscious innocent once more murmuring, at the fount of life and love! "O Thou great, and dreadful God! whither hast

thou brought me,—one of the most sinful of thy creatures? Oh! save my soul, lest it perish, even for thy own name's sake! O Thou, who diedst to save sinners, have mercy upon me!"

Cliffs, chasms, blocks of stone, and the skeletons of old trees,—far—far down,—and dwindled into specks, a thousand creatures of her own kind stationary or running to and fro! Was that the sound of the waterfall, or the faint roar of voices? Is that her native strath?—and that tuft of trees, does it contain the hut in which stands the cradle of her child? Never, more shall it be rocked by her foot! Here must she die,—and when her breast is exhausted, her baby too! And those horrid beaks, and eyes, and talons, and wings, will return; and her child will be devoured at last, even within the dead bosoms that can protect it no longer.

Where all this while was Mark Stenart the sailor? Half way up the cliffs. But his eye had got dim, and his head dizzy, and his heart sick; —and he who had so often reefed the top-gallant sail, when at midnight the coming of the gale was heard afar, covered his face with his hands, and dared look no longer on the swimming heights.

"And who will take care of my poor bedridden mother," thought Hannah, whose soul, thro' the exhaustion of so many passions, could no more retain, in its grasp, that hope which it had clutched in despair. A voice whispered, 'God!' She looked around, expecting to see an angel.; —but nothing moved, except a rotten branch, that, under its own weight, broke off from the crumbling rock. Her eye,—by some secret sympathy of her soul with the inanimate object, watched its fall? and it seemed to stop, not far off, on a small platform.

Her child was bound within her bosom,—she remembered not how or when,—but it was safe; —and scarcely daring to open her eyes, she slid down the shelving rocks, and found herself on a small piece of firm root-bound soil, with the tops of bushes appearing below. With fingers suddenly strengthened into the power of iron, she swung herself down by brier, and broom, and heather, and dwarf-birch. There a loosened stone leapt over a ledge; and no sound was heard, so profound was its fall, There, the shingle rattled down the screes, and she hesitated not to follow. Her feet bounded against the huge stone that stopped them, but she felt no pain.—Her body was callous as the cliff.

Steep as the wall of a house, was now the side of the precipice. But it was matted with ivy centuries old,—long ago dead, and without a single green leaf,—but with thousands of arm-thick stems, petrified into the rock, and covering it, as with a trellis. She hooed her baby to her neck, and with hands and feet clung to that fearful ladder. Turning round her head and looking down, lo! the whole population of the parish,—so great was the multitude;on their knees! and, hush! the voice of psalms! a hymo, breathing the spirit of one united prayer! Sad and solemn was the strain,—but nothing dirge-like, —breathing not of doubt, but deliverance. Often had she sung that tune, perhaps the very words, but them she heard not,—in her own hut, she and her mother,—or in the kirk, along with all the congregation. An unseen hand seemed fastening her fingers to the ribs of ivy; and, in sudden inspiration, believing that her life was to be saved, she became almost as fearless, as if she had been changed into a winged creature.

Again her feet touched stones and earth,—the psalm was hushed,—but a tremulous sobbing voice was close beside her, and lo! a she-goat with two little kids at her feet. 'Wild beights,' thought she, 'do these creatures climb;—but the dam will lead down her kid by the easiest paths, for oh! even in the brute creatures, what is the holy power of a mother's love!' and turning round her head, she kissed her sleeping baby, and for the first time she wept.

Overhead frowned the front of the precipice, never touched before by human hand or foot.—No one had ever dreampt of scaling it; and the golden eagles knew that well in their instinct, as before they had built their eyrie, they had brushed it with their wings. But all the rest of this part of the mountain-side, though scarred, and seamed, and chasmed, was yet accessible; —and more than one person in the parish had reached the bottom of the Glead's Cliff. Many were now attempting it,—and ere the cautious mother had followed her dumb guides a hundred yards, though among dangers, that, although enough to terrify the stoutest heart, were traversed by her without a shudder, the head of one man appeared, and then the head of another; and she knew that God had delivered her and her child in safety, into the care of their fellow creatures.

Not a word was spoken,—eyes said enough,—she hushed her friends with her hands,—and, with uplifted eyes, pointed to the guides sent to her by Heaven. Small green plats became now more frequent,—trodden lines, almost as easy as sheep-paths, showed that the dam had not led her young into danger; and now the brush-wood dwindled away into straggling shrubs; and the lion by a clamor of a hundred thousand voices. You would have supposed the elephant understood the voice of the people. With the end of his trunk he raised Damius as if he were a piece of straw, and, placing him upon his back tore open the lion with his tusks. A thunder of applause shook the amphitheatre, from the boxes of the senators even to the purple veil extending to the cornices, and from every breast went up the shout: "The life of Damius! The life of Damius! Long live the divine Emperor!"

Worcester and Nashua Railroad. We understand that most of the grading and masonry of this road are pot under contract, at rates within the estimates of the Engineers, and the contractors agree to take 20 per cent. of the amount in the capital stock of the company. The difficulties which at one time seemed to beset this work, are now all removed, and in the efficient hands in which its management is placed, there be no doubt of its being pushed forward to completion in the shortest possible time. We believe that the contracts that have been made are to be completed in November next.

The Lowell people are stirring themselves to build the Stony Brook branch of this road, which will give us a direct communication with that city. They express a determination to go ahead so that it may be completed as soon as the main road is. It will be a great benefit to that city.—*Worcester Spy.*

Side Walks. The beauty of winter is said to be good sleighing in the streets, and clear side walks.—There is no better distinction of a kind man's residence than a clear walk in front of his premises. The size of a mans soul is not measured so well by the size of the house in which he dwells, as by the goodness of the walk he keeps for the public in front of it.—*Portsmouth Mercury.*

☞ Calculated for the meridian of Boston, but will answer for the adjoining neighborhood—the following is—

"The mystery of nature advertised to be seen in Boston, and declared to be the wonder and admiration of the medical and scientific men of Europe and the United States—the right hand representing an eagle's claw, and the left a lobster's—is simply a malformation; one hand is furnished with a thumb and one finger, and the other with three—no more resembling the extremity of lobster's leg, or an eagle's, than the horn of a rhinoceros.—*Medical Journal.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 10, 1846

A meeting of the Democratic City Committee will be holden at the Advertiser Office, FRIDAY evening, at 8 o'clock.

Per Order

I. N. GOODHUE, Secretary.

Municipal Election. There will be no regular Democratic ticket for Municipal officers, the Democratic City Committee having determined it to be inexpedient to call a meeting to nominate a list of candidates. There will doubtless be two whig tickets; one headed with mayor Bancroft, the other with Joshua Swan. Should the Democrats generally go for either, he will be elected. They are both what would be called liberal Whigs. We hope every Democrat will go to the polls and vote for whomsoever he prefers.—Some of the Aldermen and Common Councilmen on the Whig ticket, are, in our judgment, injudicious nominations, and we should say so were we a whig.

The friends of Hon. Linus Child, seem too much in a hurry to make him dictator of the city. Though a person may be the strongest temperance man, and most ready to put every man upon the Procrustean bed, stretch the shorter and cut off the longer till all are of his own length, or till they come just up to, and go not an inch beyond his standard of morality; though he be, or fancies himself so much bigger and better than his neighbors as to be bigoted and intolerant; still, were we a whig, in full communion with the party, we should not think it advisable to make him one of the chief fathers of the city, before he had reached the age of civic puberty—before he had been with us a single year.—We understand there are one or two others on the Aldarman ticket as strait-laced as Mr C., if so we hope they will be defeated. A liberal community wants a liberal government.

Some of the candidates for School Committee have received their nominations simply because they are understood to be favorable to the introduction of a new arithmetic into the public schools. Frederic Parker, Esq., was defeated of a nomination because he was understood to be unfavorable to the introduction of Mr Russell's Arithmetic, unless the scholars could change the books they now have for the new one. Mr Parker was right. Parents should not be compelled to get new books every month, to favor the author of any work—especially when it is no better than the one in use. We have no doubt that little cliques have nominated several members of this board with express reference to the introduction of Mr Russell's Arithmetic into the city schools.

The Common Council, some are very good men, barring their Whiggery, and such as a liberal man would have no objections to; others are representatives of a sect, and nominated only because of their being so, and being disposed to prohibit every other person from doing what they claim as their privilege—the privilege of discharging their duty to their fellows according to their own sense of right, so long as they do not interfere with the rights of others. Knowingly, we would not vote for such a man; we hope no one will.

Franklin's Birth-day. The printers of Rochester, N. Y., are making preparations to celebrate the birth-day of Benjamin Franklin. Franklin was born on the 17th of January, which this year comes on Sunday. We like these printers' celebrations—many good things are said on such occasions. There are we should judge, between forty and fifty printers in this city.—Suppose now they should get up a little supper in honor of "Old Ben," the printer's boy, here at home.—What say you, friends?—*Courier.*

To the above we append the following communication, and recommend, as far as we are entitled to, the suggestion above and below:

Mr. Editor—I was much gratified by seeing in the Courier of yesterday, an item, suggesting the propriety of celebrating, in some appropriate manner, the approaching birth-day of the self-taught philosopher, Benjamin Franklin, by the Printers generally of this city. Since the world has acknowledged his greatness, it is but meet that the followers of the Art he has made more honorable, should notice, in a becoming manner, the annual return of that day which gave birth to a new light, the rays of which have filled the universe; and, for one, I hope that immediate means will be taken to carry out the suggestions of the Courier; and that early attention will be given it, that the celebration (in whatever way it may be) may be alike honorable to him whose birth we wish to commemorate, and his humble disciples.

By calling attention to this subject, by this or any other means, you will greatly oblige a TYPO.

Suicide. Thomas Massa Alsager, the writer of the money articles in the London Times, committed suicide a few weeks since. Mr Alsagar was a wealthy merchant, and a clear, powerful writer. His place as the city correspondent of the London Times will not be easily filled, but there are so many writing financiers in London, it is probable that his post might have been filled by a successor without the change being discovered by the public. He had recently lost his wife, and this bereavement preying upon his mind, prevented his articles being full of information and as accurate as formerly. The Times remonstrated, and suggested a brief retirement, so that the intellect of its financial writer should resume its usual vigor. This generous proposition was met rudely, for Mr Alsager immediately sent in his resignation. It was accepted, and within a short period he shut himself in his room and inflicted three wounds on his throat with a razor.

☞ We have received from John W. Davis, Lucretia, or *Children of the Night*, by Sir E. Bulwer Lytton Bart. We have not had time to read this new novel, but have especially appointed a time for that purpose, believing, as we do, that the eloquent writer who has so charmed us in Night and Morning "Zononi," &c., is no less interesting in "Lucretia."

The *Pictorial Brother Jonathan*, a huge paper miracle of tremendous size, *The Illustrated Sun*—plethoric with pictorial finery, and the *Illustrated Police Gazette*, full of murdering and murderers, where horror upon horror's head accumulate—may all be found on his counter, beside nearly all the newspapers and magazines of the day, and some of the choicest re-publications in the language.

The Factory Girl, or *Gardez la Cœur* is the title of a very pretty volume of 167 pages, by A. J. Cummings, M. D., dedicated to the female operatives of New England—just published by J. E. Short & Co., of this city. It has some half dozen tolerably executed colored wood cut engravings, is bound in cloth, handsomely gilt. It will make quite an acceptable Christmas present.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

Galena, Nov. 1, 1846.

The lead mines—a visit into one—process of mining and Smelting—shipping trading, &c.

At present this place is the point on the Mississippi river, next above St. Louis. Here, as you coast along down, is Galena and St. Louis; below this is St. Louis and New Orleans. Steamboat fare from St. Anthony or St. Croix Falls to Galena—four hundred miles—is nine dollars each, and about the same per ton. Galena is growing large and rich, rapidly. Lead is dug out of the earth all about in this vicinity, almost in the pure state. The country all about back for forty miles each way, abounds in lead. Zinc, and some considerable copper ore is found at Mineral Point, about forty miles in the interior, from Galena.

The land in this vicinity, is very barren—high hills and ravines—not level at all—not ten acres of flat in the village. The houses set in the valley, on the side hill, and on the hill. It looks new and flourishing, some as Lowell did about twelve years ago, supposing it was built along the river up the side, and so on, up to the top of Drocutt hill, the streets running along parallel with the river, and the houses one back of and over-topping the other, the front yard of one looking down on the roof of the one in front. The town is located on a little creek about four rods wide and about nine miles up from the Mississippi,

Lead is the all in all here. I went to the mines and went down into them—will tell you as it looked to me. The land and country at best, looks just like it would look about Lowell if Drocutt hills covered the entire surface for forty miles. Stones all about sticking out—ledgey looking in appearance—exactly like pummice stone—upon examination found to be lime stone. About the surface of the ground are holes dug out, with fresh looking dirt around them, just like a new well had been dug, or was just begun. No fences or farms at all, or very few. These holes are dug by persons in search of ore. It is called prospecting.—They will begin on the side hill and dig; if scattering evidence of ore, or ore in small parcels be found, it is called a float. The first thing I find in a crevice or crack in the rock that covers the whole surface of the mineral region at a greater or less depth. In this crevice the float, and higher up the hill, say some forty or fifty rods, or even a mile in the range of the crevice, they sink a shaft, hoping and expecting to find ore.—Sinking a shaft, is digging a hole just exactly as we dig a well hole—some one to three hundred feet down, until you strike the rock, and then what they call drift for the crevice or crack, which is simply digging a hole some two feet wide and five feet high, each way, so as to cross the crevice. A crevice runs nearly in a line east and west or north and south. This furnishes a guide from where the float is found, to sink the shaft ahead. They can usually strike a crevice within a few feet. When they come to the crevice, (a crack in the rock from one to three feet wide) down this they dig the hole about three or four feet in diameter, until they come to an opening. This opening usually contains mineral. It is found in various widths, sometimes very wide, sometimes six, ten, or fourteen feet. It is merely a wider crack in the rock, as if by some great convulsion the wall rock had been crowded back. Be this as it may, in this opening is the mineral, if any exist about these diggings.

I went with a friend to ride. First he called at a little small blacksmith shop, a building of wood.—We went in and saw a forge just like a smith's shop, and bellows driven by water. Suppose under the nose of the bellows, in a blacksmith shop, you set a dish kettle down in the fire, the top level with the nose of the bellows, and a pipe stopping to the edge of the forge attached to the kettle, and a pot set under the edge of the pan on the floor, and you would have a smelting shop for lead. Coal and lead ore is put into the kettle and piled up on it, making a heap about as big as a bushel. Two men tend it—one shovelling in coal and lead ore, and the other dipping out the melted lead—constantly running in the pot—and putting it into moulds, 2 pigs size, of cast iron. Thirty pigs is a day's work—one dollar, wages—six hours, the time occupied. It is unhealthy employment for most persons. Seventy pounds to each pig. From thence he took me to the mine the ore came from. I found it looked, upon the surface of the ground, like a new well had been dug, and a common hand crank windlass was just set to draw water. A man stood at the crank, and a two horse wagon and one man shovelling ore into it, or lead in fact, impregnated with about twenty-five per ct. dirt. Look down as we would into a well, but could see no bottom. It was bourded round and ladder slats about six inches long no one side to go down on. It looked pokerish, but I off coat and started down. I kept going down and down, the further I went the further it seemed. Soon it was dark as a pocket. I looked up and could see a little light; it was just like looking through the big end of a spy glass. I kept going down until at last I struck bottom, or what seemed to be bottom. A hole about five feet high and two and a half wide, running either way as far as I could see, to a little stub of a tallow candle stuck in the wall. I waited here all alone in the dark, some five minutes (it seemed five hours) and then felt my way along out towards the candle, expecting every step to hear a waterfall, and myself to go splash down into a deep, awful, dark hole that had no bottom. I began to be sorry I had attempted mining, and was on the point of turning when I heard a rumbling noise, and along came right towards me what looked the most frightful of anything you can paint to the mind—a man under ground, all red with dirt, and a little mean paddy-looking wheelbarrow, with a little nasty stub of a tallow candle stuck on near the hub of the wheel, heaping full of shining lead ore, coming upon a dog trot (thinking no body in his way) right towards me, and no room to turn out, no chance but to halloo or be run over and crushed and filled by a little old wheelbarrow with a little nasty stub of a tallow candle on it. Didn't I sing out! The man stopped, more terrified than myself. "For God sake," said he, "what has happened!" "O, nothing, I only wished to look into your mine, that's all." "Well, my good man, you should not make such a noise; I feared my comrades had been buried alive, or some terrible calamity had happened to us here. We talk low, work careful, keep steady at it, and make a good living this way.—Soon as I tip up I will show you the other end of the mine." He passed out and soon returned to me, handing me a lighted candle. I followed his barrow on a long way through the crevice, about fifteen rods or three hundred feet. Along on the way, once in about five rods, a candle was burning in the wall. At the end of the drift, I found the ore mixed in with a bluish kind of putty feeling earth or clay. I took the pick axe and dug out and filled the barrow and wheeled it to the mouth of the mine, put it into the tub and went up the ladder and then hauled up short of a ton of lead ore of my own mining, pocketed what I wished and made off home, much gratified and exceedingly well satisfied with the knowledge of the simple process of mining. I found the man in the mine to be one of the owners. The opening was not all dug out. It was an average of fourteen feet wide. They were drifting to find the length of the lead. It was an east and west range. I went in the west course. They had drifted an east course about the same distance and the lead still held rich. When I was here they had taken out about twelve thousand dollars worth of the ore. The load was supposed to contain at a low estimate, a hundred thousand dollars worth of ore. The business of prospecting, I learn, is enticing. Men follow it their whole lives. At first they will work hard and earn one dollar or two per day, and as soon as they can get one hundred dollars before hand, they will go prospecting for themselves. In this way are the mass of the population employed for their whole lives, exhibiting extraordinary evidences of poor men made suddenly rich, and of many more, of hundreds of hard working, *industrious* men and families kept poor. Smelters buy the ore at the top of the mine, and haul it and sell to the lead merchants. The smelter is the business agent or axle on the business wheel. When a lead is struck, the range belongs to the mine as far as the lead extends. Most of the land has been reserved by the government; consequently squatters rights are in vogue. The government mineral agent is a nonentity. He cannot and does not collect the rent for the government. The lands should be sold. Galena is a muddy, nasty place to live in. It looks to a stranger just as lead looks.

Truly yours,

A LOOKER-ON.

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

Organization of Congress.

Washington, December 7th, 1846.

The second session of the 29th Congress opened this day at noon. A quorum of members being present in both Houses, the usual committee were appointed to announce the organization of Congress to the President, who replied that he would communicate with them to-morrow by message:

In the Senate.—The Vice President called the Senate to order at 12 o'clock. A resolution was offered by Mr Speight, and adopted, directing the Secretary to inform the House that a quorum was present, and ready to proceed to business. Twelve o'clock was fixed as the hour of meeting until otherwise ordered.—On motion of Mr Breese, Messrs Breese, Crittenden and Semple were appointed on the part of the Senate, to wait on the President and announce the organization of both Houses of Congress. Each Senator was allow newspapers equal to the cost of three daily papers.

Mr Breese, from the Committee, reported that they had waited on the President, and that he would communicate with both Houses of Congress by message tomorrow at twelve o'clock. Adjourned.

In the House.—In the House of Representatives the Speaker took the chair at twelve o'clock, and called the House to order. The clerk was directed to inform the Senate that a quorum was present, and Messrs Hopkins and Winthrop were appointed a committee to wait on the President, and announce the organization of Congress. Members then proceeded to ballot for their seats.

On calling the roll at the opening of the session, 182 members answered to their names. The following new members were qualified: Hale, of Massachusetts; Ripley of New York; McDaniel, of Missouri; and Bowen and Cotterell, of Alabama.

Various resolutions as to the mode of choosing seats were offered, and finally the same mode observed last year was adopted. The names of members were placed in a box, and drawn out at random. The Clerk announced the names drawn, and the members designated then selected their seats. Adjourned.

Telegraphic Despatch, for the Boston Daily Times.

Tuesday, Dec. 8.

The Message was read Tuesday, commencing at 12 o'clock and occupied 2 hours and a half in the reading.

After the reading of the Message, Mr Garret Davis asked leave to offer a resolution requesting the President to furnish copies of the official orders issued to Generals Taylor, Wool, and Kearney, and to Commodore Sloat and Stockton, relative to establishing civil governments in conquered provinces.

Objections being made to Mr Davis's offering his resolution, he moved to suspend the rules to enable him to submit it, and demanded a vote on the question.

The House ordered the yeas and nays to be taken on the motion, but before taking the question on suspending the rules, the House adjourned.

Washington, Wednesday, Dec. 9th, 1846. 5 o'clock, P. M.

In the Senate the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury was received.

The Secretary of the Senate, reported relative to Blair & Rives contract for furnishing debates in the Senate.

Mr Cameron, of Pennsylvania, moved instructions to the Military Committee to enquire into the propriety of granting 160 acres of land to every volunteer, and increasing his pay.

Mr Webster of Massachusetts, presented a memorial from Harvard College for the remission of the duty on a Telescope.

Mr Woodbridge, of Michigan, gave notice that he should introduce a bill for the sale of mineral lands and granting Michigan lands for internal improvements.

Mr Breese, of Illinois, gave notice that he should introduce a bill for the graduation of the Public lands; a bill for the Territorial Government of Oregon; and a bill for the establishment of an Oregon Land Office.

In the House Mr Gerrett Davis, of Kentucky, offered a resolution for obtaining certain information in relation to the Territorial Governments in Mexico.

Mr Harralson, of Georgia, moved to amend by adding—if not incompatible with the public interests. The information called for might prove detrimental to the country by placing the enemy in possession of our plans.

Mr Davis disclaimed such intention. He wanted to know if the President had acted contrary to the Laws of Nations and to the constitution; if so he was prepared for ulterior measures.

Mr Douglass invited full investigation of the President's course. If ulterior measures ment in the gentleman's mind—*impeachment*—gentlemen should have full sway and opportunity. The President had done his duty according to the Law of nations in ordering temporary governments in conquered Territories.

Mr Davis rejoined, and said that the President had usurped power. He admitted that he had the power to establish military regulations, but denied that he had the right to establish civil government. He challenged the President to produce his authority so to do in the Law of Nations or in the Constitution.

Mr Harralson followed, defended the President from the attacks made. He said the proposed discussion was premature. Gentlemen had better wait until the President had communicated the facts in the case.

Mr Rhett, of South Carolina, said that the conquered territory was not a part of the United States. If it were the President would not have the right to establish a civil government; but being a *military occupation*, the conduct of officers was perfectly justifiable.

Mr Schenck, of Ohio, contended that New Mexico was within the United States by the Presidents own showing.

Mr Harralson withdrew his amendment.

Mr Winthrop, of Massachusetts, proposed to wait for the President's answer. He denounced the portion of the Message advocating the justice of the War.

Mr. Vinton, of O[illegible] an amendment enquiring whether a part of the conquered territory belonged to Texas.

Mr Holmes, of South Carolina, followed.

Mr Darragh, of Penn., got the floor. Adjourned.

Police Court.

November 30.

Daniel Handlin, drunkenness; fined $3 and cost, or 2 months house correction. Mary Handlin, drunkenness; fined $3 and cost, or 2 months house correction. Peter Delaney, drunkenness, fined $2 and cost, or 2 months house correction. Terence Grimes, drunkenness; fined $2 and cost, or 2 months house correction. Jesse W. Ray, common drunkard; 2 months house correction. Patrick Cavenough, assault and battery; $10 and cost.

December 1.

Andrew Walloco, drunkenness; fined $3 and cost, or 2 months house correction.

December 3.

Thomas Doyle, common drunkard; 2 months house correction. Sylvester Eamos, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost. Charles A. Nichols, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost. Benjamin Moore, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost.

December 4.

Michael M. Donnough, drunkenness; fined $5 and cost.

December 5.

Samsel Goodrich, common drunkard; 3 months house correction. Mary Turner, common drunkard; 3 months house correction. George Patten, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost. George Patten, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost. Joel Smith, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost. James Carleton, larceny; 2 months house correction. Same, larceny, house correction 3 months. Samo, larceny; house correction 1 month.

December 6.

Owen McKean, violation license law; fined $20 and cost. Same, violation of the license law; fined $20 and cost.

☞ The Courier gives the following as the whig ward nominations:

Ward one. Alderman—Geo. Bragdon. School Committee, Samuel L. Dana. Common Council, William Conihe, James M. Crombie, David Batcheller, Jesse Hnae.

Ward two. Aldermon, Linus Child. School Committee, Theodore Edson. Common Council, Samuel W. Brown, Hannibal Powers, William Newman, Otis L. Allen.

Ward three. Alderman, William C. Gray. School Committee, Alonzo A. Miner. Common Council, Elisha Huntington, Joel Powers, Franklin Mead, Isaac S. Morse.

Ward four. Alderman, Josiah Sawtell. School Committee, John A. Knowles. Common Council, Joel Adams, Horatio G. Fletcher, Solon Stevens, Stephen A. Coburn.

Ward five. Alderman, H. G. F. Gorliss. School Committee, John O. Green. Common Council, Jonathan Bowers, Charles M. Short, James Fesso, Ignatius Tyler.

Ward six. Alderman, Sewall G. Mack. School Committee, Willard Child. Common Council, Thos. Wentworth, Isaac N. Parker, John R. Southwick, Willard B. Franklin.

Commendable Enterprise. We received this morning a little past seven a copy of to-days Courier containing the Presidents Message—which occupied nearly three pages of that paper. The Message arrived in Boston at 7 last evening was expressed to Lowell by Col. Schouler, arrived here at 11 last evening—and was distributed to the Couriers subscribers at the hour above mentioned. Very handsomely done Colonel.

The Message. We give our readers the Message in an Extra, with which they will probably find no fault. It places our controversy with Mexico which has resulted in a War in its true light. Every man, woman and child in the Country should make all the facts relating to the war and its causes perfectly familiar that the treason, or no better than treason, of many among us may be rebuked by every patriot and honest man. We have not time to touch all the principal points of the Message, but shall do so hereafter.

At the New Museum is now being performed "Therese, or the Orphan of Geneva," and the Farce of "Cousin Lambkin, or who's who?" They are well worth seeing.

Among the new additions is a set of Cosmoromic Views, which are very fine. The Museum has been made quite attractive, and is a perfectly respectable place of resort; the audiences are much less boistarous than at the old place—we presume from the fact that under the new arrangement boys and loafers get excluded.

He did. Mr Webster, at the great protection dinner in Philadelphia—where he made a speech, and

"Cheered up himself with ends of verse
And sayings of philosophers"—

where the tickets of admission were five dollars, where mechanics were excluded—where *foreign* wines, fruit and farina, usurped the place of wholesome homemade—where a sky-blue, west of England, bright metal buttoned, dress coat—a white Marseillos vest—Astraea breeches (we believe) and French boots. Truly, the saints may do the same thing by the *spirit* in sincerity, that other folks are damned for doing."

The Worse for him. A milky and sanctimonious whig editor, speaking of Mr Webster's great efforts in defending the protective system, and whig principles generally, says, "he must look to another world for a richer reward." The editor forgets, perhaps, how things are managed in Lucifer's kingdom—

"For those who do his business best,
In hell are used the ruggedest."

Weekly Union. Ritchie & Heiss have commenced a new series of the Weekly Union, very much enlarged. Any one wishing a cheap paper from Washington, would do well to order it, as its price is only $2. It may be seen at this office, and we shall be ready and happy to forward subscriptions for the same.

Shipwreck—Crew Saved.

Baltimore, Dec 9th

The Baltimore Sun says that the United States sloop Boston, Commodore Pearson, is a total wreck on Elethara Island. She was wrecked on the 15th of November. Crew—205 in number—saved.

☞ Mr Jewit of Brown University, Providence, will be the librarian. The Secretary has the appointment of the office, but the Regents have indicated their choice. His salary will be $3,000. There are important actions of the day, of the Board.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH restored to the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested to the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill! If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping pain and night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&rtyc31

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas, Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam, Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true, All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on, The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston,

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in esother volume. A1nov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollor and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED

In this city, Dec 9th, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Micajah C. Pope, of Quincy, to Miss Mary A. Lyon, of Lowell

Dec 3d, by Rev W. Child, Mr Evans H. Johnson, of Pelham, N. H., to Miss Nancy L. Whitredge, of Lowell

DIED.

In Tewksbury Dec 8th of Dropsy, Mrs Mary Spaulding, relict of the late Dea Jahn Spaulding, aged 70

TO VOTERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters, this Thursday Evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on Saturday afternoon next, from 2 to 4 o'clock, and from 7 to 8 o'clock in the evening; and on Monday morning, Dec. 14th, from 8 to 9 o'clock!

Voters who have removed from one Ward into another, are requested to give notice thereof, either in person or in writing, to the City Clerk, previous to Saturday evening next. By ordec of the Board.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

December, 9th, 1846. A2t

HARPERS PUBLICATIONS.

ECLECTIC moral Philosopy, prepared for literary institutions, and general use by Rev. T. R. Boyd A. M. Boswell's Life of Johnson, with a journal of a tour to the Hebrides and copious additional notes, by J. M. Crocker L. L. D. Beauties of England's History, with numerous wood cuts.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John street.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ Performence to commence at 8 o'clock. ☜

Monday Evening, and every evening during the week except Saturday, will be presented John Howard Payne's celebrated Drama, entitled

THERESE,—Or, the Orphan of Genevo.

Carwin, Mr G. Germon,
Therese, Mrs Germon.

To conclude with laughable Furce, entitled

COUSIN LAMBKIN,—Or, Who's Who?

☞ Arrangements have been made to have the House thoroughly warmed and comfortable.

Just added,—A splendid set of Cosmorsieic Views, which will be brilliantly lighted each evening.

☞ Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

Tickets 25 cents for each person. Children under 12 years, when accompanied by parents, half price. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

☞ Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Dec8

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, as insolvent debtor thereof, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be held at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Westworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3T

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

1y LOWELL, MASS.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDRESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,

No. 6, MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR.

A1sdec3

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Cobura Block, Central St. nov

FOR SALE—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

ALL READY.



FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and as guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and freezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and escertain our prices, before making a perchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS;

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co.

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvonic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&rFlyDec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR. KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&rFlyder5

JUST ARRIVED!

AT CLASIC HALL, 112, Merrimack Street,

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGES McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw; and his left, a Lobster's! Is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect, having been exhibited to 15.000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined Ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as making a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For a few days only.

TICKETS 12 1-2 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of [illegible] this, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten elegant engravings. Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionery Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgerton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Tokes of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co., is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMNETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. A3T.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are added a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Aera and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St sep19

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and no signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most needful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&Flyjan29

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a10

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volumn.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprieor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracott in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

A3w

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 8th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER SARGEANT, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Sargeant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighteenth day of December instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Sargeant, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 8th A3T

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all diseases of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Tetter, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Tetter, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Tetter

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of lucalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful end unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Great Nation to be a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*.—It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertiser which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Floor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever.
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pong,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipatioo,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disordere,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disordere, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN [illegible]:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDAH——OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP!

Gentlemen—I consider it so be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THIRD, the GRAEFENBERG PILLS SUPERSEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

42 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agents for Lowell, Oliver March. ALY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Golusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous affections—Costiveness and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lowe&eolyjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are as unlike the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
oprl odv&patty

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sour Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shews that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and we have tried every From the Liver, and in its natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperiently exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIDDY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1845 lyr&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence is its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Boxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, inforien us else is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 9 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morten street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well new as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincot, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse [illegible]

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the small pox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or excesses, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating efferts on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—Sir: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a6m

---

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs; they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

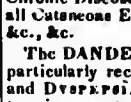
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other [illegible] of the skin are caused by the [illegible] of the blood, and it is recommended that the medicine should be occasionally to have [illegible] The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aPtoct1&4

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good Instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 12, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 146.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $2.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements at 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. ☞23 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Merrier's Building, No. 20, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov13

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,

And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan6 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 600 Volumes.
No. 33, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Colburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge

☞ A grand assortment of new and fashionable Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the sep9 work is not satisfactory. tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
81 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je12 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....*LOWELL. ap12 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m., 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jne21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore*), *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected 3tPly

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. arp19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1846. jan1Atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly8 mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

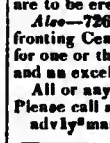
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to affect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for Sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, swellings and callosses of long standings; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&Ply



GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street,

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

Now brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. ulyapr4

TO THE PUBLIC.

With many thanks for favors past,
And hopes that such may ever last,
Yet fears for Israel's fate just now—
Would Israel to the public bow,
And once again, in terms explicit,
Its smiles and patronage solicit.
When Viols crack, or Discord flings
Her notes from the Piano's strings,
Or when the silver-toned Guitar
Gainst harmony is waging war—
When the Melodeon's mellow notes,
Appear like sounds from tainted throats,
Or the Accordion's swelling sound
Disgrateful to the ear is found—
When deep-toned Organs groan and bellow
In thund'ring notes, nor sweet nor mellow,—
Each needs, you will may understand,
The aid of Orpheus ear and hand—
Such aid, Dear Public, Nota bene,
Is offered to you now by Cheney—
'Tis for your good and not his own,
These lines are now before you throwne,—
To tell you where you may apply,
When Instrument is ruins lie,
To get them made as good as new ones,
And all their notes reduced to true ones.
If such assistance any need,
Just let them take their course with speed,
To No. six on Merrimack Street,
Instead of entering some back Street—
Where they'll find, making and repairing,
Done in a shop beyond comparing—
Ladies' and Gents no trick I mean ye—
Just try the work of
I. E. CHENEY.
Nov. 10 Atf

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Cough, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with the simple Guide, " a *Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawn&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 24, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premium paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 25 to 35 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

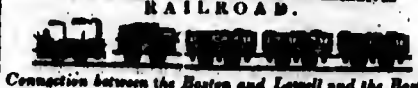
Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Sum in cash.	Premiums received on account of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow.
			1837	$1000 75	$500 04	$400 00	$1000
			1838	200 15	425 25	67 50	1267
			1839	225 00	275 45	64 75	1792
			1840	251 25	270 00	20 70	1492
			1841	545 50	247 30	27 50	1337
30	$5000	$170 00					

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (18th of May, 1846,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of PRESCOTT, PARKER, opposite the *American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDWARD A. CRAVATH, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELIPHALET HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec1&Ta&Sawly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

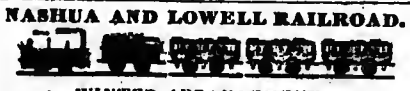
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

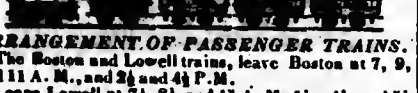
Stages, on the arrival of the First trains at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Berlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stage stand; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do.

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind; and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and all manner impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

DAGUERREIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 22 Church st. j2a&Ply

AGRICULTURAL.

WINTER BUTTER.

It is not easy to prescribe rules for making new butter, especially during the winter season. Yet when we consider that none of the products of the dairy are more extensively used or generally admired, a few hints relative to the subject, may not be deemed out of place. "The difference," remarks a judicious author, "between good and bad butter, is as wide as that between the zenith and the nadir." The first and most essential point to be regarded in butter-making, is to have every utensil used in the process perfectly clean and sweet. The pails, pans, churns, &c., as well as the room in which the milk is set while the cream is rising, should be attended to with the most scrupulous care and precision. No substance calculated to evolve an offensive odor should be permitted in the vicinity, and the influences of deteriorating gasses frequently arising from the old wood, and decaying vegetable matters, should be corrected by frequent white washing, and the presence of lime in its caustic state. The temperature also, of the milk should be attended to. By too high a temperature cream will be inevitably be greatly deteriorated, or even melted; and during the process of churning, if the temperature is too low, or if it fall greatly below from 50 to 60 degrees, the butter will be bitter, and with age acquire a rancid taste.—Experienced dairy folks have considered a temperature of from 60 to 65 degrees in the dairy the best for the formation of good cream, and this opinion seems to have been corroborated both by experience and scientific research.

"I have remarked," says a practical English agricultural writer, "that greatly varying from the above the influence of temperature is more injuriously felt. In my dairy, where the milk of twenty cows is kept, the most scrupulous precision is observed in maintaining a uniform degree of heat throughout the year. If it fall greatly below, or rise greatly above, the butter is inevitably spoiled for the market. Six degrees on either side of the scale is fatal to the product as regards the sale, and indeed the difference is apparent to the taste of any one."

Another very important requisite is the method of churning. This operation is often entrusted to boys who are either wholly neglectful of their duty of their duty or who care so little about it as to suffer the process to continue till the cream is spoiled. After commencing, the process should continue with a regular and uniform motion till the result is fully attained, and the butter formed and separated from the milk, *as far as it can be in the churn.*

The next thing to be attended to is the salting of the butter. It is too frequently the case that salt of a coarse and inferior quality is used; and that so much is put in that it is not dissolved and remains *in statu quo*, to annoy the teeth, and give a disgusting savor to the butter, and provoke excessive thirst. None but the finest salt should be used for butter, and that should be carefully selected and clarified. One and a half ounces of good salt is sufficient for a pound of butter; it should be thoroughly incorporated, and when this is done, it is questionable whether the introduction of any other material is not to be deprecated. Some dairy folks, in order to impart a "toking hue" to their butter, add carrots, yolks of eggs, and other coloring ingredients; but the practice is a decided injury, to the article, and should never be indulged. The great point in making good butter, however, discarding the matter of pigments, is the freeing it from the butter-milk. If everything else is done, the mere overlooking or neglect of this important point will destroy the whole. The least admixture of milk with the butter will give a rancid and unsavory taste, and cause it in time, to become strong and unwholesome.—*Olive Branch.*

PURCHASING BUTTER.

"Is your butter good?" said I to the farmer.

"Good! my wife has made butter these twenty years, and I should think she ought to know how to make good butter by this time!"

He was evidently offended.

"Well, let us examine it." The cover was taken off the tub, the clean white cloth (which had been wet in brine) rolled up, and the yellow treasure revealed. It certainly did look good.

"It tastes sweet, but how very salt it is."

"We always make our butter salt to have it keep at this season."

"Let us see if the buttermilk is as well worked out as the salt is in."

Some of the rolls were pressed down with the ladle.

"Now, my friend, if your wife *has* made butter these twenty years, she does not know how to make good; for no butter can be good until the buttermilk is worked out. If that is done you need no salt it so bad to have it keep well in any place. A very little care and labor would make this excellent butter; lacking that little, it is only a second quality, as you shall acknowledge when I show you a sample of *good butter*.

We went in, and I took up a roll from a crock of first rate butter. It was smooth, clear and handsome; the hand of woman had not been on it from the time it had left the churn until now; all the work had been done with the ladle.

"If you get a drop of buttermilk from that butter, you shall have the whole free."

Now, taste this, and your own, and say, honestly, if you would not give a higher price for this than for your own. Look at it—see how clear and transparent these minute globules are, and how intimately blended with the mass. Until these all disappear the butter will not keep long when they are ever so slightly colored by the milk."

The farmer simply remarked that there was a difference in all butter, and left to find a less critical and more ready customer.

It is strange that when every body loves good butter, and is willing to pay for it, our farmer's wives and daughters, do not take pains to make a better article. It is the woman's fault that we have poor butter generally, and we shall hold her responsible.

It is perfectly easy to make good butter. The only requisite is care. Good butter will always command a good price in the dullest market, while poor butter is a drug at any price.

When any of my lady readers make butter again, just let them imagine that I am to have a nice bit of bread and butter with them, and that I shall detect the least particle of milk, and that I am not fond of too much salt.—*Genesee Farmer.*

☞ The Plougman says, that "witch or barn grass may be destroyed, killed out entirely by ploughing in the fall and exposing the roots to the action of frosts and winter weather.

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 12, 1846.

The Message.

This document, though very lengthy, is still as short as it could be and do justice to the subjects brought to the attention of Congress. It is mostly devoted to the war, and must shet the mouth of every man who has condemned and denounced it as unjust and unnecessary, except he denies the facts presented by the President. There can be no other alternative. The facts must be denied, or the present war with Mexico admitted as just and unavoidable on our part. We, therefore, expect morbid philanthropists, hot partizans, traitors, and haters of republican institutions and the equality of democracy, to deny the truth, and still denounce the war, the government, and the people who sustain it. We would again recommend our readers to become familiar with it. It not only shows the war absolutely unavoidable on our part, and wholly unjustifiable and unnecessary on the part of Mexico, but that the alive branch of peace ever has been and still is tendered them, if they will simply do us justice—nay, if they will simply show a disposition to do so, war will at once cease: it never would have commenced had not their government, instead of desiring peace, forced us into a war, by refusing to negotiate the difficulties between the two countries, and then declaring war and commencing it by attacking our troops.

The modifications recommended in the details of the Sub-Treasury act being specified they can only be guessed at, until the Secretary of the Treasury makes his report which contains the alterations recommended by the President. We shall wait and see what they are before speaking of them. We hope they are not to affect any of its main features.

The tariff is adhered to in all its principles, and details too, until it has had a fair trial. The attention of Congress is invited to Oregon, and wise and necessary measures recommended. The early consideration of Congress is called to the importance of putting two millions of dollars at the disposal of the government should it become necessary, in negotiating a peace with Mexico. The bill making such an appropriation, was defeated at the last session by John Davis talking against time!

Instead of giving a synopsis of the message, we intended only to speak of its merits. It is one of the most convincing, clear, explicit and able State papers ever laid before the American people. "Who's James K. Polk?" asked the whigs in derision. He has answered the question in the most significant language.—He is a man worthy the proud position in which the American people have placed him.

A vigorous prosecution of the war appears to be the settled policy of the President, as he recommends the contract of a loan for that purpose, and also recommends Congress to pass a law immediately, for the punishment of Spanish subjects, as pirates, should any of them engage in privateering against our commerce, as it would be in violation of an existing treaty between Spain and the United States. He recommends, too, the granting of letters of marque and reprisal against all vessels sailing under the Mexican flag. Though peace is desired, all the measures recommended with a view to the war show there is no reliance placed upon our obtaining justice but at the conclusion of a successful war.

☞ A Correspondent of the Advertiser, whose communication, over the signature of A, we have with pleasure published, having the utmost confidence in the writer, thinks Mr Parker did not lose a nomination upon the board of School Committee, on account of his opposition to the unqualified introduction of Russell's Arithmetic. We have no doubt a part of the opposition to Mr Parker arose in consequence of his voting for raising the salaries of a class of our public teachers from $700 to $800. Here, in our humble opinion, Mr P. made a mistake. $700 is quite enough. Our school teachers do not work harder, nor are they gentlemen of a higher order of talents than the professional men in the city, and they cannot make, on an average, $500 a year. But because he made one mistake, which, perhaps, cannot be remedied, it is hardly worth while to change him for a man who is ready to make another, and to which Mr P. is opposed. Russell's Arithmetic should not be introduced upon any terms yet offered, if it is worthy to be at all. A part of the opposition to Mr Parker, we are assured, did arise in consequence of his not being so favorable to the introduction of that book as some other.

We are, and trust we ever shall be, uncompromisingly opposed to anything in the shape of jobbing and cliqueing in the City Government. "Every tub should stand on its own bottom"—every measure and work on its own merits.

In our article in Thursday's Advertiser, under the caption of "Municipal Election," we gave the idea that there had never been a proposition to exchange Russell's Arithmetic for the one now in use, should the Committee order the introduction of Russell's.—We then thought each to be the fact, having been so informed. We have since learned that a proposition has been made to exchange with the scholars, Russell's work for the one now in use, to a number of copies not exceeding 1000, as follows: for a whole copy of Leonard's a copy of Russell's will be given, if the exchange is made during the first two weeks of next term.

COL. SCHOULER'S LECTURE BEFORE THE INSTITUTE.—We had not the pleasure of hearing only the concluding portions of Mr Scholer's remarks, but were well pleased with what we did hear. His subject embraced the progress of manufactures in this Country—the condition of American and European factory operatives—his travels in the kingdom of Great Britian &c. &c. The lecture is spoken of by those who heard it all, as highly interesting. We thought there seemed to be one little omission—in comparing the rates of wages recieved by operatives here and in England and Scotland; only the amount received by each was given, while to give a fair picture, the amount of labor *performed* should also be stated.

A HINT. A swindler in London, having obtained the check of a merchant for eight pounds, presented it at the bank and obtained eighty sovereigns for it, without further trouble than the simple addition of the letter y to the word, and a cypher to the figure. Those who are fortunate enough to keep banking accounts may learn something by the hint.

☞ We shall publish abstracts of the Reports of the several Secretaries of the government, next week.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

MR EDITOR—In an article on the municipal election in Thursday's Advertiser, you say—"Frederick Parker, Esq., was defeated of a nomination"—for School Committee—"because he was understood to be unfavorable to the introduction of Mr Russell's Arithmetic."

Allow me to say, you have not been correctly informed upon this matter. I attended the ward meeting, and have since conversed with several who voted against Mr. Parker, and all declare that the subject of Russell's Arithmetic was not touched or thought of by them, until after Mr Knowles' nomination. I do know that some voted against Mr Parker's nomination, who are averse to the enrolled for and frequent change of school books, as well as Mr Parker—and that he failed of the nomination, simply upon the ground that it was understood he was favorable to the advance in the salaries of our school teachers.

There are some honest plodders who venture the opinion that, in consideration of the services rendered, our school teachers are better compensated than almost any other class in the various branches of business, especially those branches under the city patronage.

It has been represented that the election of the old board of School Committee, was to be considered a test of approval by the people, of this advance in wages. Hence Mr Parker's defeat of a nomination in ward 4. His acknowledged tact and talent as an efficient member of the old board, is understood and appreciated—his former friends are none the less his friends now—but perhaps they did not fully understand the matter at issue. A.

"Look to Your Voting,"

Says the Niagara, in a line as we give it, which may answer for a suggestion for every democrat to do his duty, (i. e.) vote for somebody. The Niagara recommends every voter "to scrutinize the ticket" and ask some rather singular questions about the persons to be voted for, as for an instance. "Do the runsellers like him?" "Does he own any buildings where liquor is sold?"

This is certainly the sublimity of conscientiousness. Allow us to use the suggestion, and ask its tender conscience how it can advertise for any man who drinks rum, or to refuse upon that, we recommend that before the 15th of the present month it should ascertain whether any member of the U. S. Government drinks liquor. If it gets an answer in the affirmative, then shall we no longer see the List of Letters advertised in, and usurping a page in this very temperate paper. We expect the Niagara will attend to these things.

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW. The October number of this periodical contains articles on the following subjects, viz: "Proposals for extending the Irish Poor law," "Speeches and writings of the late Lord King," "Grote's History of Greece," "Lives of eminent Lawyers—Legal education," "State and Prospects of British Agriculture," "Government of British India," and "Railways at home and abroad." It is printed in good style by Messrs L. Scott & Co., and with the other leading English Reviews, is furnished to subscribers at a very cheap rate.

DI ANGLO SACUM. We have received the first number of a weekly paper "devoted to the diffusion of news and knowledge through the medium of Phonography." Published in Boston and New York, every Saturday by Andrews and Boyle. Terms, $2 a year. We have no type in which we can do justice to this paper—and in common type one of its items sounds queerly—thus:

"Di editoriulz ov dis pepur ar eot bi di printurz directli from Fonografic copi."

☞ If the editors of the *Boston Times* and *Lowell Advertiser* "took the papers" they would not make such gross blunders as they made in calling Gen. James Wilson "a member of Congress from New Hampshire." Every boy ten years old, knows that Gen. W. is not a member of Congress, and stands a very slim chance of ever being one from this State.—*N. H. Patriot.*

We acknowledge our error. By the way, we may observe that our old friend's successful ambition appears neither to have improved his temper, nor softened his manners—a matter which his friends must sincerely regret, since it is particularly important that those who occupy exalted positions should possess amiability of temperament.

☞ It will be recollected that Mr Webster asserted, during the last session of Congress, that the Mexican war cost $500,000 daily. Mr Polk says the cost of the war for seven months only amounts to about seven millions. If Mr Webster's statement had been true, instead of seven millions, the war would have cost up to this time, about $105,000,000. Mr Webster was in error only about $98,000,000! A handsome little difference this. Daniel, we believe, was never distinguished for accuracy in money matters.

FOURIERISM. Greeley of the Tribune, and Webb of the Enquirer, in New York city, have commenced a discussion about Fourierism. Greeley takes the initiative and affirmative, and commences with Genesis, first chapter, first verse. Before the disputants get through with the Genesis of this *low*, the readers will be likely to take up their Exodus, and leave these whig Egyptians in the fog and darkness of their own arguments.

☞ The Post of this morning in the concluding paragraph of a spirited leader has the following truthful remark—"When it comes to this, that soldiers cannot be raised except from one party, the democracy will be found strong enough and ready enough to stand by their country, and, if need be, *whip the traitors at home as well as the foe abroad.*"

☞ The Courier from the hearty concurrence with which its suggestion is met in regard to a printers festival takes "the responsibility to call a meeting of the craft, to be held at the Washington House, Saturday evening at seven o'clock, to see what shall be done. A punctual meeting of printers, editors, and all others connected with the craft in the city is desired."

☞ The whig Central Committee after some time spent in rancorous discussions and stormy, or rather equally debate succeeded in nominating Thursday eve Jefferson Bancroft for Mayor—and Col. J. Butterfield and Stephen Mansar Esq. for Aldermen at large.

SMITH, the Razor-Strop-Man, is in Philadelphia: he recently told the Quakers that he "once sold a man a razor-strop, and his eyes were immediately streaming with gratitude!"

☞ A most delightful day—sleighing, excellent.

By Telegraph.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Washington, December 10, 1846.

SENATE. The Vice President presented the Report of the Secretary of War, of the killed and wounded in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. Also, Report of the Superintendent of the Coast Surveys, and the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr Crittenden, of Kentucky, then offered a resolution that provisions should be made to increase the pay of such officers, musicians and privates, both of the regular and volunteer corps, as had distinguished themselves in the Mexican war.

Mr Lewis of Alabama, offered a resolution authorising the Vice President to appoint all standing committees.

The motion was put, and lost, by a vote of 18 to 22.

Mr Ashley of Arkansas, notified the Senate, that he intended shortly to introduce a bill for the graduation of the sales of public lands.

The resolution offered yesterday by General Cameron, granting 160 acres of land to each volunteer or his heirs, and an increase of pay, was adopted. The General explained the object.

Mr Semple of Illinois, tendered a resolution calling on President for information relative to the manner of transmitting letters to and from volunteers at the seat of our army's operations. Senators were allowed the privilege of withdrawing papers, &c.

On motion of Mr Archer, of Virginia, the Senate went into executive session, after which it adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE. The motion of Mr Garrett Davis, of Kentucky, requesting documents, &c. of the President, was the first business in order. The motion was so modified as to make further demands of the President, calling on him to state, through the Secretary of War, whether the present war with Mexico was waged with a view to conquest, or to what extent he designed to prosecute it. It was also added, that the information communicated should be received with closed doors.

Mr Darragh, of Pennsylvania, being entitled to the floor, rose and made a speech of an hour's length, in favor of the resolution.

The gentleman sat down and was replied to by

Mr Stanton of Tenn., who contended that the resolution had for its object, designs much deeper than appeared on the face of it. He defended the course of the President. With regard to the question under consideration, it was answered in the message. The war was not one of conquest; but was solely to enforce justice on Mexico.

Mr Sedon, of Virginia, thought the discussion was altogether premature.

Mr Woodward of South Carolina, then gave his interpretations of the laws of nations.

Mr Boyd, of Kentucky, obtained the floor. Finally the question was solemnly passed over.

Several executive communications were received; and the House adjourned to Monday next, in order to allow the Speaker an opportunity to appoint the usual committees.

PROMISING SONS OF DISTINGUISHED SIRES.—Major Van Buren, son of the Ex-President, acted as aid to Gen. Taylor at the siege of Monterey. John C. Calhoun's son is said to Maj. Gen Gaines. Henry Clay's son is Lieut. Colonel of a regiment of Kentucky volunteers. Daniel Webster's son is Captain of a company of volunteers, and will be in Mexico soon. John J. Crittenden's son is a Captain in the new Regiment of Mounted Rifleman.

☞ The printers, as a class, have contributed more than their quota of men in the formation of the Pennsylvania Regiment. No less than thirty are numbered among the volunteers from Philadelphia, and in the ranks of Captain Scott's company there are fifteen of the fraternity.

☞ H. Hastings Weld, well known as a successful editor in Lowell, Boston New York, and Philadelphia, has taken orders in the Episcopal Church. He was admitted to the holy order of Deacons by Rt. Rev. Bishop Potter, in Philadelphia a few days since.

☞ The Hampden Guards, at Westfield, which company volunteered some time ago for the war in Mexico, having been notified that their services were wanted, have had a meeting, and voted not to go, yeas 16, nays 27.

SNOW.—It snowed moderately all Thursday night—four inches falling during that time and we should have excellent sleighing in our streets were it not for those who are compelled to use wheels.

☞ The following toast was lately given at a public dinner:—"The Fair Sex—There's a ruddy half to the peach, a mellow half to the pear, a sunny half to the globe, but a 'better half' to man."

INHUMANITY. The imaginative editor of the Courier bores the readers of that paper with nearly two columns of comments at the President's Message, and intimates he has not yet done.

NEW AUCTION STORE. Mr Thomas Hardy has opened a new auction store on Merket street, No. 5. He sells at auction every evening and at private sale during the day.

☞ The navy officers of the Gulf squadron have determined to present all their prize money now due, to the widow of the late Lt. Morris, killed at Tobasco.

☞ A fellow who lately hung himself in his dungeon, left the following written upon the wall:—"*Isn't this better than botheringa Jury?*"

☞ Judge Butler has been elected United States Senator by the Legislature of South Carolina, in the place of Hon. George McDuffie, resigned.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE—November No—Leonard Scott & Co.'s re-publication—has arrived and may be found at Bailey's.

☞ The English Papers say, it is rumored that there is again a probability of an increase in the Royal Family.

☞ Hon. John C. Calhoun has been elected to the United States Senate for six years from March 4th 1847.

☞ The wife of Samuel Lover died in London on the 17th ult. This afflicting event was entirely unexpected.

☞ It is recommended as a good amusement, during a long heavy rain, to endeavor to recollect who it was that borrowed your umbrella, the week before.

☞ Steel pens are manufactured at Birmingham at one cent per dozen.

☞ The official returns from Iowa give the democratic candidate for Governor, 101 majority.

☞ Printers—remember the meeting this

MUSIC IN LONDON. The European correspondent of the New York Sun, not unfrequently describes matters and things in the happiest manner. Witness his account in the following sketch:

But M. Julien is just now all the rage. His monster concerts at Covent Garden are the greatest novelty in London. Julien is indefatigable. He has touched the successful spring, and having driven Mussard from the course, is determined not to fail from flagging. He has the best of musical talent under contribution. Last year, I recollect, he had at one time three of the first violinists in the world: Sainton, Sivori, and Vieuxtemps, and all was heard for a shilling. He has killed clean dead, the Hanover Rooms guinea entertainments. He offers twenty artists a night to the public, either of whom is a Maestro, a composer and master, able to give a concert alone, and to go staring it to America and elsewhere, but they cannot withstand M. Juliee. He has come down among them with his Kœngs, Baumanns, Collins', Richardsone,' and a most uproarious Eugelia host, who drown in a perfect thunder of harmony all single fiddles and never so well beaten drums. Julien has made an era, and, perhaps, for the artist, as it has reduced his scale of prices, but royal and glad to the mass, who have shillings but not guineas to spare. I don't think such a move would succeed in America. We have no city yet populous enough to warrant the congregation of such a mass of talent for any length of time. An opera company that lives a month in New York is a miracle, but in London there is field for a dozen. Julien is aristocratic, too, while he seems most democratic. He holds the public and his audience at contemptuous bay. If they hiss, at times he redoubles the passage, determined to drive taste into them, if they have none originally. Perhaps he is half right, but I wouldn't insure him at such a moment against the "Bowery boys." He has taken, as is his wont, Covent garden for a month, thrown a platform over the pit, and made the pit, apace and stage, one promenade area. In the center rises the platform for his band, blazoned with crossed banners and queen's heads.

Here sit or stand his from sixty to two hundred musicians, Julien, the guiding spirit in their midst. Up goes his hand, beautifully white gloved, to and fro sways his head, finely whiskered from ear to ear—he was reputed in his younger days to have born a wonderful resemblance to the original head of the Saviour—and as it may be, the music sighs, wails, or crashes, as the Imperial guiding hand dictates. His army and navy quadrilles, in which he introduces four military bands in addition to his own, are splendid and stunning creations. The bivouac; the alarm; the tramp of men and horses; the picket guns; the distant cannon; storming of the fortress; crash of walls; wails of the dying; and the shout of victory; are as palpable as on the tented field. It fairly made my hair stand, and when the great multitude cried *encore*, and the entire audience rose, while "God save the Queen" rang from a tempest of clarions and drumbs, it was perfectly overwhelming! Julien understands how to work up the patriotism, and twines his audience over his thumb like a small Jove. He has composed a very clever piece, called the "American Polka." It is simply a new arrangement of negro melodies, for, in fact, those are about the only music we can boast—winding up with a "Locomotive chorus." This always brings an encore. The chorus is the "Great Western," at the American museum, enlarged, and even to the whistle of the engine, and ringing of the bell, it is well done. Some persons at first thought the composition vulgar, though of the spirit of the age, and they hissed the whistle, but the more they hissed the more Julien whistled, and finally rang the bell in very derision of their taste. If he did not know his power, he would not dare to do this; but being the cheap man, he has the canaille crowd at his hand. He is publishing Beethoven's works at the expense of twenty thousand pounds; and, besides his concerts, waits on the principal levees of the nobility, though they never come to his *cheap* concerts. Altogether he is a remarkable man. A hundred bill boards and twenty vans, besides innumerable posters and advertisements, announce him daily; and on the 30th, he winds up with his annual bal masque, to which people come from the continent for a thousand miles.

ANGLING. Plutarch tells a very amusing story of Marc Antony, who was a keen angler. One day while Cleopatra and he were indulging in this sport, he was unusually unsuccessful. Hurt at this disappointment in the presence of his mistress, he gave secret orders to some of his fishermen, to dive under water, and to fasten, unseen, to his hook some of the finest and largest fishes, still alive, which they had lately taken in their nets. With nice execution they obeyed his orders. Every time he drew up his line he succeeded. The cunning Cleopatra, in rapturous language, extolling his art, his address, and his fortune. Acquainted, however, with the artifice he was using, she had recourse to the ingenious contrivance of desiring one of her own attendants to dive secretly, and attach to his hook a large dried Pontic fish. At last, when pulling up the line, at the sight of the heavy salted fish the spectators expressed their surprise by a loud laugh. Antony did not relish the joke, and seemed highly displeased. The queen observing him in this mood, immediately took him in her arms, and fondly exclaimed—"*Leave, dear general, angling to us petty princes of Pharos and Canopus; your game is cities, kingdoms and provinces.*"

THE VAN NESS CASE. The evidence produced on Monday was still more ominous for the widow.—Mr McGuire deposed that he was the proprietor of a machine for cutting letter envelopes in a peculiar way, which machine was not in working order until the 4th of August, 1845, being returned to him on that day from a machine shop where it had been undergoing alterations. The envelope of the alleged letters from Gen. Van Ness to Mrs. Connor, said to have been mailed at Philadelphia between the 26th of July and the 2d of August, 1845, was then shown and Mr McGuire declared positively that it had been cut by his machine—which was never used before the *fourth* of August, 1845.

Five of the letters were then exhibited, and being held up to the light, the signatures of all were found to correspond exactly—as if all had been traced over the genuine signature.—*N. Y. Com.*

VOLUNTEERS FOR MEXICO. It has been currently reported for a few days past that Mr Webster's company of volunteers, which numbers upwards of ninety men, was to be mustered into service this day, and such was the expectation both of our Adjutant General and the recruiting officer, and also of the company, but we learn that a communication was received by Adjutant General Oliver this morning from the Adjutant General at Washington, which states that inasmuch as the requisition of the General Government on Massachusetts was for a *regiment*, single *companies* cannot be regularly mustered. No mustering can, therefore, be made until the whole regiment required has been enlisted.—*Transcript of Thursday.*

☞ The last number of the "Odd Fellow" published at Boston, Mass., contains an able Address upon the objects, principles and designs of the noble institution of "Odd Fellowship," by ITHAMAR W. BEARD, of Lowell, Grand Patriarch of Massachusetts. The Address was delivered on the occasion of the Dedication of a Hall and the Anniversary of the institution of Sullivan Lodge, No. 12. I. O. of O. F., of Claremont, N. H., Oct. 23d, 1846. We have read the Address and we must confess it is one of the ablest we have seen upon the subject. Mr B is a young man and one of the first lawyers at the Middlesex Bar. In the city where he resides he is universally esteemed as a citizen, a scholar and a gentleman. *Telegraph.*

BURGLAR ARRESTED. Constable Coolidge, of Boston, arrested a person in that city the other day, on suspicion of having been concerned in breaking open and robbing the shop of Mr Barstow, watch-maker in this city, on the night of the 9th of November. He gave his name as John Gaughlan; he is now in jail in the city. This is the second of the gang which has been arrested.—*Courier.*

☞ The New York Sun is about to devote a small space in its columns, daily, to cheese.

From the Newburyport Advertiser.

The Dying Fisherman.

"The ruling passion strong in death."

'Twas a tempestuous night. The angry winds howled and uttered forth their mournful moans. Old ocean roared, and lashed Plum Island's coast in wildest fury; and all nature seemed in uproar!

In a rude hut, beside the fleets of Joppa—on an old pallet of straw and rags—lies stretched the manly form of one of old ocean's children. He hears the raging wind—the pelting rain and hail, and the Atlantic's roar—but he heeds them not.

And why should he? He was born and cradled upon its rough billows,—the wild whistle of the storm was his lullaby.

And now, he lies awaiting the coming of the King of Terrors. Hark! The old south clock has hammer'd out the last stroke of twelve! See! The dying fisherman has leaped from his tatered couch, and stands erect in the middle of the floor. Lo! he has seized his garments—the very habiliments in which, full many a time and oft he has followed his vocation.

Now he is fully equipped—with gigantic strides he rushes into the desolate street. With clenched fists at his mouth, in lieu of a trumpet—his eyes like carbuncles—he stands in attitude—and roars in thunder tones which might be heard above the din of the enraged elements—"HERE'S CLAMS!!"—then fell the honest fisherman lifeless on the ground. SYPHAX.

Bombardment of Vera Cruz.

The Norfolk Herald, extra, says:—

We understand that the ordnance department at Fort Monroe, under that accomplished officer, Capt. Benj. Huger, are busily engaged in preparing howitzer batteries, bombs, rockets, &c., to be sent to Mexico upon a requisition of Major General Scott, and that a company of one hundred men specially qualified for that service are to go with them, in Charge of Captain Hagner, with Lieut. Charles P. Stone, Lieut. Hanger, from Washington, and another officer whose name we have not learned.

They are expected to be in readiness to leave Fort Monroe about the first of January, direct for Tampico. The inference (for we know nothing certain as to their ultimate destination) is that they will join the army under Gen. Scott at Tampico, and proceed with it to Vera Cruz, to bombard the castle of St. Juan d'Ulloa.

THE CAMBRIDGE TELESCOPE.—We understand that the object glass of the great Cambridge Equatorial was received here on Friday, apparently in fine order. Its clear aperture is said to be over *fifteen inches*, and its focal length about twenty-five feet. This telescope has been pronounced by its maker Mertz, of Munich, far better than that at the Observatory of Pulkova, St Petersburg, hitherto considered the finest refractor in the world, and which was also constructed at Munich. Some idea of obtaining pieces of *flint* glass of this enormous size may be derived from the fact that whilst the whole cost of this splendid instrument, with all its massy mounting, machinery and appendages, will not exceed twenty thousand dollars, that of the object glass alone is about two-thirds of the whole.—*Trav.*

☞ The Washington Union newspaper has come out in a new form and in a very beautiful new dress. The great ability and the strict fidelity to democratic principles, with which the Union has been conducted, has secured to it the confidence of the nation, and a general circulation in all the states of our great confederacy. We rejoice in its success, and hope the friends of republican institutions will exert themselves to extend its usefulness by extending its circulation.

The above is from the Boston Post, and as panegyrical as it is, we think it deserved.

☞ All the papers that I have thus far seen, the New York Tribune excepted, sustain and applaud the message. That paper, of course finds fault with it, and most lamentably groans over the Mexican war.—The Tribune is the representative of the peace society, and, as it would not fight for any one, it is not expected that it will ever advocate the cause of the country.—*N. Y. Correspondent of the Post.*

Its editor, the Lowell Courier, follows in its wake.

☞ The next Presidential candidates ought to be interrogated in regard to the length of their messages. No man should be elected whose message would exceed three or four columns.—*Courier.*

If written to, Mr Clay would unquestionably answer—or if a favorable answer would increase his chances for the Presidency, who believes Mr Webster would not do the same thing?

NOBLY DONE.—Both Houses of the South Carolina Legislature have adopted a resolution appropriating twenty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Field Officers, to equip the Regiment of South Carolina Volunteers, for service in the war against Mexico.

☞ Le Verrier, who has immortalized himself by the discovery of a new planet, is but thirty-one years of age. He was born in Lower Normandy

To an inhabitant of the new planet all the other planets would be visible, while the sun would appear to him no larger than Venus does to us.

☞ Lelander Thompson, before the Supreme Court in Worcester, has been convicted of setting fire to a barn in Douglas, in March last, and sentenced to death. Benjamin Pratt, tried at the same time, for the same offence, was not convicted—the jury being unable to agree.—*Post.*

WET FEET.—The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: Wet feet is one of the most effective agents death has in the field. It has peopled more graves than all the gory engines of war. Those who neglect to keep their feet dry are suicides.

☞ THE ALARM OF FIRE this morning was caused by a fire having been set in a closet in the third story of a boarding house No 5. on the Massachusetts. Damage trifling.

☞ Levi H. Slamm, Esq., late of the New York Globe, last evening received his commission as purser in the navy.

BR. U. F. CLARKE, of Lockport, N.Y., will occupy the desk of the First Universalist Society in this city, next Sunday (to-morrow.)—*Fountain.*

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH restored by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching in an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which whether the miserable sufferer knows it or not, has become beyond the power of human skill! If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by quoting the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VALUABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are deceitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in Lowell are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., MARCUS ELLIOTT, Jr. and U. S. EASTMAN, also, Dr. CALDER, No. 90 Merrimack st. [eop]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. Alynov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydopathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to E. P. EASTMAN.

Lowell dec. 12 1846. 3t.

NOTICE.—The stockholders and all persons interested in the Boston and Lowell Telegraph Company, are hereby notified to meet at Tappan Wentworth's office, Merrimack st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 16th at 7 o'clock.

dec 12 Per order of the Trustees.

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public schools in this city will take place as follows, viz.

The Primary schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar schools will be examined on Monday the 28th inst, as follows, viz:

No 1 (Mr Balch's) and No 6, (Mr C. H. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock. No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Munsn's,) at half past 10 o'clock; A M, and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) and No 8, (Mr C Morrill's,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High school will be examined on TUESDAY the 29th inst, in the forenoon as follows viz.—The Male Department at 9 o'clock, and the Female Department at half past 10 o'clock.

The Examinations of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst at half past one o'clock, P. M.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary,

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National spelling Book; and read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography

Lowell, Dec 12, 1846 etf.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS JOHNSTON, of Lowell, in said county, tinplate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Johnston will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then prnceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Johnston and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec 12a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

TO VOTERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the board of Aldermen will be in session for the purpose of correcting the List of Voters, this Thursday Evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock; on Saturday afternoon next, from 2 to 4 o'clock, and from 9 to 8 o'clock in the evening; and on Monday morning, Dec. 14th, from 8 to 9 o'clock:

Voters who have removed from one Ward into another, are requested to give notice thereof, either in person or in writing, to the City Clerk, previous to Saturday evening next. By order of the Board.

THOMAS ORDWAY, City Clerk.

December, 9th, 1846. a2t

HARPER'S PUPLICATIONS.

ECLECTIC moral Philosopy, prepared for literary institutions, and general use by Rev. T. R. Boyd A. M. Boswell's Life of Johnson, with a journal of a tour to the Hebrides and copious additional notes, by J. M. Cracker L. L. D. Beauties of Englands History, with numerous wood cute.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. a3t

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDRESS, (Post Paid,)

E. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6, MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING,

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR.

A1mdec8

BOYS' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, which he will sell at very low prices.

☞ Call and examine. c2

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. nov

MERARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Washington st. Boston, over Higdon & Bembers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous intention to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit your dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric exhibitions, so I will simply state, that the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&Plydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DRAITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Crooked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlows, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plydec5

JUST ARRIVED!

AT CLASIC HALL, 112, Merrimack Street,

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGES McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw; and his left, a Lobster's! Is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect, having been exhibited to 15,000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined Ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as looking a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For a few days only.

TICKETS 12 1-2 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers. The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Sourenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel pletes.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkermann.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal [illegible] Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
nov14 23 Central St.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY CALVIN HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

Lowell, Mass.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These Inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunde.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the State. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Anov19&Plyjan26

L. D. BOISE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsy is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming on there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various routes leaving from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoun, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

a3w

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 8th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER SARGEANT, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Sargeant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on FRIDAY, the eighteenth day of December instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then prnceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Sargeant, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 8th a3t

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street,

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

no28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

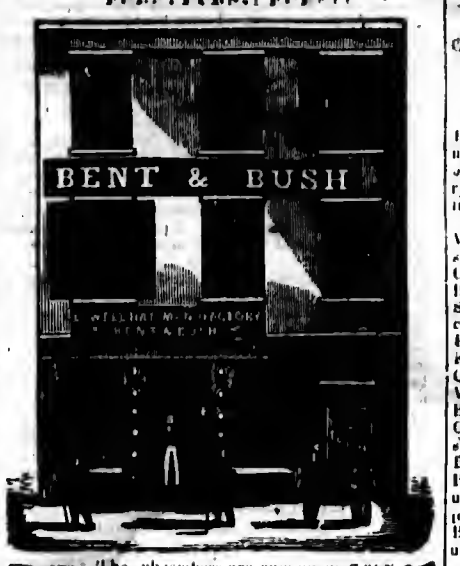
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Lent Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood 23 Central St.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!



The subscribers are now opening at their HAT, CAP and FUR Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Pigt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Natra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin,

☞ Having tried the "One price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, Genuine Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next to none.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish not in the [illegible] Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

a1f

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DELAINES, novel styles;
" " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;

Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

oct10optf

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sept4 3m H. T. BUTLER.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co. is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES LAMB,
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. a3t.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson Esq. To which are added a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossian. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 23 Central St. sep19

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH,

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

Books at Auction.

On Thursday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 10th and 11th, at 6½ o'clock, at office,—A valuable collection of upwards of 1000 volumes in the most important branches of literature and Science—as Mathematics, History, Biography, Theology, Medicine, Chemistry, Astronomy, &c.

Being too extensive for a catalogue, the following Works may be taken as a sample:—Bibles of various sizes and qualities, Webster's Dictionary, Mechanics Own Book; Josephus; Rollin; Shakespeare; Byron; Hotta's American Revolution; Bulwer's Works; Smollett's do.; D'Israeli's do.; Fielding's do.; Concordances; Bible Dictionaries; Doddridge's Family Expositor; French and English Dictionaries; McKenzie's 5000 Receipts; Naval History; Gazetteers; Geology and Mineralogy; some valuable old books; Worcester's Dictionary; Parson's Biblical Analysis; Book-Keeping; Surveying Works; Box, (Dicklos,) Gibbon's Rome, Russell's Modern European; Johnson's Works; Medical Works; Walker's Works; Book of the Indians; Narrations of Indian Captivity; Pictorial History of the United States; Sunrin's Sermons; Prevention and Cure of Diseases,—Letter paper, &c. Sale positive. No reserve. Any of the Books will be sold at private Sale during the day, at a fair Auction price.

Administrator's Sale.

On Saturday, Dec, 12th at 9½ o'clock, at office,—The following described Personal Property belonging to the estate of A. W. Whittredge, deceased, viz:

1 Mahogany Table—2 Glass Lamps—1 Air tight Stove—1 Map—1 Bureau—2 Chairs—1 Looking Glass—1 China Tea Set 1 Bed, complete—1 Rocking Chair 4 Chairs—1 Cook Stove and apparatus—2 sets Knives and Forks—1 Wood Clock—3 1-2 dozen Plates—also, several articles of wearing apparel.

At 11 o'clock—2 shares in First Universalist Meeting house, &c. STEPHEN MANSUR, Adm'r.

Also immediately after the above,—A lot of furniture, 2 Sofas, Bedsteads, Beds, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Comforters, Cook Stoves, Crockery, Glass, Tin and Iron Ware, together with the usual variety of Kitchen Furniture.

Assignee's Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at the office of E. B. Patch, Lowell on Saturday, Dec. 12th, at 12 o'clock, M., Calvin T. Chamberlain's undivided interest in about twenty-nine acres of Land situated in Bedford, N. H. Also his undivided interest in a lot of Land, with House thereon, situated in Chelmsford, near Middlesex Village. For other of Assignees.

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY,

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

An Extensive Country Stock.

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 15th and 16th, at 10 and 2 o'clock, by catalogue, without reservation,—The entire stock of an extensive Country Dealer consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, ready-made clothing, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, country Socks, Domestic Flannels, Carpeting, Table Cutlery, Clocks, Store Fixtures and Furniture, in which is one of Gaylord's duaple iron fire-proof Safes. Catalogues will be published and the goods may be examined on Monday P. M.

At Private Sale. General Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct,

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity, that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov23m

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec4 3w

FOR SALE—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that chain of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of inestimable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with a claim unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unsailed. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies in yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medicinal combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH!

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"*THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.*"

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whiten,
Boils,	Gastric Fever.
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough af Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent. Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And in the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in thone complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this billious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence: the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily restored, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid farther extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent: Asa Lowell, Oliver March.

a1y nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:* —Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargment and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value an an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could skip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Temp. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is in Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.

a&rlyang29e3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dowaing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of two *bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 22, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 13, 1846. ltwsatolyjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TONATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Heetic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have at one time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Donrborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support; giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly unbunated, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

I know in to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullom, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, inflamation she in, she believes, permanently seasoned.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Marton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquent. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for inelpient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of an in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaskie, Sept 23, 1844.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal office 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass.

sep8 a5m

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; as the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to most subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eroptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best and most useful on the safest *Spring* and *Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa* and *Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness*, *Dimness of Sight*, &c.

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

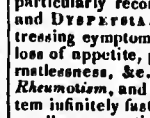
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood no medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactored only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Fenter; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower aug23a&ptoct14

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of ivory pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction, and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tlmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable Medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my29a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 15, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 147.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines or less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

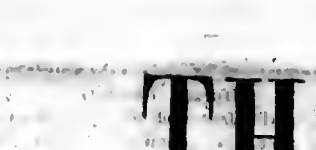
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER, GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.

Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.

Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. jn4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Knives, Scissors and Shears ground and repaired. Also, Looking Glasses furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 20, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*

JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

L. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.

And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.

No. 28, Central street, ...LOWELL.

JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. if
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. Isaac Davis, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM B. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.

JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.

GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

B. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oc23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.

OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.

Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.

Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept28 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
DEAN, *Sr.*, JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&ely

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor and D. Boise's Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.

ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jnn1tf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adrly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

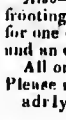
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

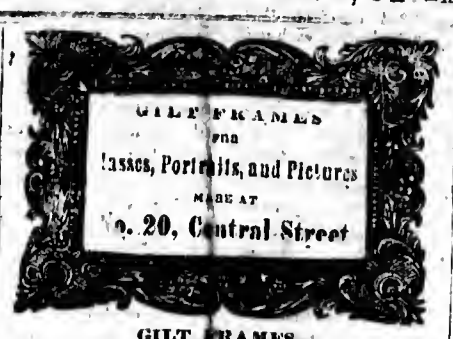
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT.



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will restore equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by C. W. Carleton & Co., and E. N. Toner. may14a&ely



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please.

Lowell, 1846. W. H. DYAR.
alysep4

BOSTON STOVE STORE.
A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Store of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
H. T. BUTLER.
sep1 Aly

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL REPRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ownn&plyleft14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
			1837	$1068 75	$500 00	$80 00	$2225
			1838	960 6	435 58	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 [illegible]	55 71	1780
			1840	681 85	270 [illegible]	39 70	1487
60	$5000	$370 80	1841	555 56	247 50	37 84	1386 6

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For List of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1846,) the pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDWARD A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. WARREN, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec15aTo3wely Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 20 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up; on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

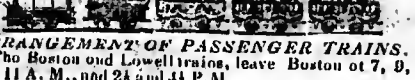
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to leave Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, nor Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S.
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, until it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the ordinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. n28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&ely*

Anecdote of Burns.

An Edinburg correspondent of the New York Tribune gives the following characteristic anecdote of Robert Burns:

A Scottish gentleman told me the following story, which would afford the finest subject for a painter capable of representing the glowing eye and natural kindness of Burns, in contrast to the poor, mean puppets he reproved.

Burns, still only in the dawn of his celebrity, was invited to dine with one of the neighboring (so called) gentry, (unhappily quite void of true gentle blood.)—On arriving, he found his plate set in the servants' room! After dinner, he was summoned into a room where guests were assembled, and a chair being placed for him at the lower end of the board, a glass of wine was offered, and he was requested to sing one of his songs for the entertainment of the company. He drank off the wine, and thundered forth, in reply, his grand song, "For a' that, and a' that," with which it will do us harm to refresh the memories of our readers, for we doubt not there may be, even in Republican America, those who need the reproof as much, and with far less excuse, than had that Scottish company.

"Is there, for honest poverty;
That hangs his head, and a'that?
The coward-slave! we pass him by,
We dare be poor for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that
Our toils obscure, and a' that,
The rank is but the guinea 'stamp
The man's the gold for a' that.

"What tho' on homely fare we dine,
Wear hodden gray and a' that
Gie fools their silks, and knaves their wine;
A man's a man, for a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
Their tinsel show, and a' that,
The honest man, though e'er sae poor;
Is king o'men, for a' that.

"You see yon birkie, ca'd a lord,
Wha struts and stares, and a' that;
Tho' hundreds worship at his word,
He's but a coof for a' that;
For a' that, and a'that,
His riband, star, and a'that,
The man of independent mind,
He looks and laughs at a' that.

"A prince can make a belted knight;
A marquis, duke, and a' that;
But an honest man's aboon his might;
Guid faith, he mauna fa' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
Their dignities, and a' that,
The pith o' sense, and pride o' worth,
Are higher ranks than a' that.

"Then let us pray that come it may,
As come it will for a' that,
That sense and worth o'er a' the earth,
May bear the gree and, a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
It's coming yet, for a' that,
That man to man, the wide world o'er,
Shall brothers be for a' that."

And, having finished this prophecy and prayer, Nature's nobleman left his churlish entertainers to hide their diminished heads in the home they had disgraced.

THE DEATH OF DUROC.

BY T. J. HEADLY.

Napoleon's greatest misfortune, that which wounded him deepest, was the death of his friend Duroc. As he made a last effort to break the enemy's ranks, and rode again to the advanced posts to direct the movements of his army, one of his escorts was suddenly struck dead by his side. Turning to Duroc he said, 'Duroc fate is determined to have one of us to-day.'—Soon after as he was riding with his suite in a rapid trot along the road, a cannon ball smote a tree beside him, and glancing struck Gen. Kirgener dead and tore out the entrails of Duroc.—Napoleon was ahead at the time, and his suite four abreast, behind him. The cloud of dust their rapid movements raised around them, prevented him from knowing at first who was struck. But when it was told him that Kirgener was killed and Duroc wounded, he dismounted and gazed long and sternly on the battery from which the shot had been fired; then turned towards the cottage into which the wounded marshal had been carried.

Duroc was grand marshal of the palace and a bosom friend of the Emperor. Of a noble and generous character, of unshaken integrity and patriotism, and firm as steel in the hour of danger, he was beloved by all who knew him.—There was a gentleness about him and purity of feeling the like of a camp could never destroy.—Napoleon loved him—for through all the changes of his tumultuous life, he had ever found his affection and truth the same—and it was with an anxious heart and sad countenance he entered the lowly cottage where he lay. His eyes were filled with tears as he asked if there was hope. When told there was none, he advanced to the bedside without saying a word. The dying marshal seized him by the hand and said,—'My whole life has been consecrated to your service, and now my only regret is that I can no longer be useful to you.

'*Duroc!*' replied Napoleon, with a voice choked with grief, '*there is another life—there you will await me, and we shall meet again.*' 'Yes, sir,' replied the fainting sufferer 'but thirty years shall first pass away, when you will have triumphed over enemies and realized all the hopes of our country. I have endeavored to be an honest man; I have nothing with which to reproach myself.'

He then added with a faltering voice, '*I have a daughter—your Majesty will be a father to her.*' Napoleon grasped his right hand and sitting down by the bedside, and leaning his head on his left hand, remained with closed eyes a quarter of an hour in profound silence. Duroc first spoke. Seeing how deeply Bonaparte was moved, he exclaimed, '*Ah, sire, leave me; this spectacle pains you.*' The stricken Emperor rose, and leaning on the arms of his aid-de-camp and Marshal Soult, he left the apartment, saying in heart-breaking tones, as he went '*Farewell, then, my friend.*'

The pursuit he had directed a moment before was forgotten—victories, trophies, prisoners and all, sunk into utter worthlessness and as at the battle of Aspern, when Lannes was brought to him mortally wounded, he forgot even his army, and the great interests at stake. He ordered his tent to be pitched near the cottage in which his friend was dying, and entering it, passed the night in inconsolable grief. The Imperial Guard formed their protecting squares, as usual, around him, and the fierce tumult of battle gave way to one of the most touching scenes in history.—Twilight was deepening over the field, and the heavy of the ranks going to their bivouacs, and low rumbling of artillery wagons in the distance

and all he subdued, yet confused sounds of a mighty asst shout sinking to repose, rose on the evening air, imparting still greater solemnity to the hour. Napoleon, with his great coat wrapped about him, his elbows on his knees and his forehead resting on his hands, sat apart from all, buried in the profoundest melancholy. His most intimate friends dare not approach him, and his favorite officers stood in groups at a distance gazing anxiously on that silent tent. But immense consequences were hanging on the movements of the next morning—a powerful enemy was near, with their array yet unbroken—and they at length ventured to approach and ask for orders. But the broken hearted chieftain only shook his head, exclaiming, "*Everything to-morrow!*" and still kept his mournful attitude. Oh, how overwhelming was the grief that could so master that stern heart? The magnificent spectacle of the day that had passed, the glorious victory he had won, was remembered no more and he saw only his dying friend before him. No sobs escaped him, but silent and motionless he sat, his pallid face buried in his hands, and motionless, his noble heart wrung with agony. Darkness drew her curtain over the scene, and the stars came out one after another upon the sky, and, at length, the moon rose above the hills bathing in her soft beams the tented host, while the flames from burning villages in the distance shed a lurid light through gloom—and all was sad, mournful, and yet sublime. There was a dark cottage, with the sentinels at the door, in which Duroc lay dying, and there too, was the solitary tent of Napoleon, and within, the bowed form of the Emperor. Around it, at a distance, stood the squares of the Old Guard, and nearer by a silent group of chieftains, and over all lay the moonlight. Those brave soldier, filled with grief to see their beloved chief borne down with such sorrow, were for a long time silent and tearful. At length, to break the mournful silence and to express the sympathy they might not speak, the bands struck up a requiem for the dying marshal. The melancholy strains arose and fell in prolonged echoes over the field, and swept in softened cadences on the ear of the fainting warrior—but still Napoleon moved not. They then changed the measure to a triumphant strain and the thrilling trumpets breathed forth the most joyful notes, till the heavens rung with melody. Such bursts of music had welcomed Napoleon as he returned flushed with victory, till his eyes kindled in exultation; but now they fell on a dull and listless ear. It ceased, and again the mournful requiem filled all the air. But nothing could arouse him from his agonizing reflections—his friend lay dying, and the heart he loved more than his life, was throbbing its last pulsations.

"What a theme for a painter, and what a eulogy on Napoleon was that scene. That noble heart which the enmity of the world could not shake—nor the terrors of a battle field move from its calm repose—nor even the hatred and insults of his last, victorious enemies humble—here sunk in a moment of victory before the tide of affection. What military chieftain ever mourned thus on the field of victory, and what soldiers ever loved a leader so?

Correction. As in our extra containing the Presidents Message an error occurs we republish that portion of the Message:—

The annual report of the secretary of the treasury will exhibit a detailed statement of the condition of the finances. The imports of the fiscal year ending on the thirteenth of June last, were of the value of one hundred and twenty-one million six hundred and ninety-one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven dollars; of which the amount exported was eleven million three hundred and forty-six thousand six hundred and twenty-three dollars, leaving the amount retained in the country for domestic consumption one hundred and ten million three hundred and forty-five thousand one hundred and seventy-four dollars. The value of the exports for the same period was one hundred and thirteen million four hundred and eighty-eight thousand five hundred and sixteen dollars: of which one hundred and two million one hundred and forty-one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three dollars consisted of domestic productions, and eleven million three hundred and forty-six thousand six hundred and twenty-three dollars, of foreign articles.

The receipts into the treasury for the same year were twenty-nine million four hundred and ninety-nine thousand two-hundred and forty-seven dollars and six cents, of which there was derived from customs twenty-six million seven hundred and twelve thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and eighty-seven cents, from sales of public lands two million six hundred and ninety-five thousand four hundred and fifty-two dollars and forty eight cents, and from incidental and miscellaneous sources ninety-two thousand one hundred and fourteen dollars and twenty-cents, and the ballance in the treasury on the first day of July last was nine million one hundred and twenty-six thousand four hundred and thirty-nine dollars and eight cents.

The amount of the public debt, including treasury notes, on the first of the present month, was twenty-four million two hundred and fifty-six thousand four hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty cents, of which the sum of seventeen million seven hundred and eighty-eight thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine dollars and sixty-two cents was outstanding on the fourth of March, 1846, leaving the amount incurred since that time six million four hundred and sixty seven thousand six hundred and ninety-four dollars and ninety-eight cents.

CONGRESS.

Washington, Dec. 11. Congress has taken a recess till Monday, and the members are availing themselves of the interval to fix themselves snugly in permanent lodgings, to make visits and to dispatch their business with the departments. I learn that thirty thousand copies of the message are sold daily at the Union office, and that it will be most industriously circulated at the South. The President has been surrounded every day, by troops of friends, who congratulate him upon his triumphant message.—*Cor. of N. Y. Com. Adv.*

Washington, Dec. 12.

The Hon. Mr Sevier will be appointed Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, in place of the Hon. Mr McDuffie,

The Hon. Mr Dix will take the place of the Hon. Mr Haywood, in the Committee on Commerce.

☞ Somebody says, Samuel Johnson, L. L. D., was a severe libeller of the fair sex. It was he who said

"Ladies set the value on the moral character of men who pay their addresses to them—the greatest profligate will be as well received as the man of the greatest virtue, and this by a very good woman, by a woman who says her prayers three times a day."

Macaulay, who is as good authority as anybody, says, "The sagacity of Johnson's remarks on London society is perfectly astonishing."

☞ Under the new post office law there had been a falling off in the revenue, for the year ending June 30, over $300,000 from that of the preceding year.

☞ A grey wolf weighing 90 lbs. was killed one day last week by Mr Enoch Chase in Seabrook N. H.

☞ Indian Corn is unusually excellent this year dry and dry—weighing 5 lbs. per bushel more than usual.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 15, 1846.

Lowell—its prospects—Steam and Water power—Increase of water power—Protection unnecessary, &c.

Ma Editor—I find an item in a late number of the Advertiser, stating, in effect, that it is the opinion of competent judges, that in ten years there will be as much steam as water power in Lowell. How well founded such an opinion may be, I will not pretend to say. We look not only for a great increase of steam, but water power. But if the item was intended to convey the idea that steam would, ten years hence, equal the water power at the present time, then I think, if the experience of the two past years furnishes a criterion by which to judge, the opinion is well founded.

I am not prepared with facts or statistical information in regard to the relative power and advantages of steam over water power, but that there are advantages, for many purposes of manufacturing, is not to be denied—all experiments thus far have proved it. The security of steam power in all seasons, as well from the drought of summer, as the ice of winter, and the durability of steam apparatus, are points to be considered in the comparative utility of the two driving powers. The difficulty of obtaining proper sites, of sinking costly foundations and digging canals, are all obviated where steam is the motive power.

Our water Companies have expended vast amounts—have gone too far—have realized *too large dividends* to stop now; but if the projectors could have foreseen and known what their successors now do see and know in this age of steam, perhaps it would not be too much to suppose that now, instead of the banks of the Concord and the Merrimack being crowded with piles of brick and looms and cotton bales, some sandy plain would have been the city, and the cotton yards still continued a white birch swamp. The millions sunk beneath the brick walls that extend from Pawtucket Falls to Concord river, would almost build a Birmingham of steam engines and tall chimnies, and the interest of the amount expended for foundations, wheel-pits and pent-stocks, beneath the water mills of Lowell, would supply fuel, necessary to drive by steam, all the machinery now operating in Lowell.

Lowell is but a thriving busy workshop—just started into existence, with plenty of room for the stock in trade of many an artizan yet. She has already become an attractive point for business, and the various trades and manufactures will continue to increase and centre within her limits.

The Andover railroad will throw open to her a large amount of the trade of the east. The Stony-Brook Road will make her a market town for the Dutch farmer of the west, and the Montreal and northern roads will freight the fatness of the Green Mountains to her store houses. Her manufactories will increase—all the watery arteries of the *North* that are available, are to be tapped for this purpose, and when these run low, steam will take hold, and our surrounding pine plains will bristle with tall smoke flues. And why not? Notwithstanding the present tariff, do not shrewd, close, calculating capitalists have prescience of this? The operations of the Lowell water Co. have turned out splendid schemes—they have dried up Pawtucket Falls, still there is a demand for more motive power. Steam does not pay high water rates, and the corporations grasp at the fountain head and convert Lake Winnipisogee into a vast reservoir; not content with this they follow up another tributary of the Merrimack to the Newfound lake, and *dam* that too. Although a secret to many, it is pretty well understood that our manufacturing, or water companies, or perhaps both, keep an agent in their employ of no less consequence than our Police Judge, who is negotiating for the farms liable to flowage—timber land, saw mills and water courses, about the head waters of the Merrimack.—These facts argue well for the prosperity of Lowell—they tell of future greatness, and power, and influence. But why is it that, under the prostrating effects of the present tariff, that our wealthiest whigs—men of experience and enlarged information, make such extensive outlays? If the tariff of '46 exerts such a chilling influence upon the manufacturing interests as they tell us, why make such extensive preparations, why purchase every saw and grist mill, water privilege and boom on the upper Merrimack and its tributaries, why flow Newfound lake and Winnipisogee, and why should the Lowell manufacturers obtain, as it would seem from their extensive operations they are about to do, a warrantee deed of all northern New Hampshire? To dig canals and found cities for manufacturing with the full knowledge of the impending ruin that awaits the project from the effect of the present policy of the government, seems, at least, inconsistent—very. If I have leisure you shall hear from me again.

MEDIA.

We have given place to the above communication from a gentleman of this city, well acquainted with the movements, intentions and prospects of the manufacturers. We would invite attention to it, an account of the source from which comes, the flattering future prospects, and the information it gives of what is going on for the advancement of Lowell, and the unmistakable evidence it furnishes of the entire independence manufacturers feel of the national government, whatever tariff policy it may pursue. These great water purchases would never be made with the tendency of the world to inevitable free trade, did they feel any need of protection.

We have, for a long time, entertained the opinion that manufacturers as a class, needed no protection; having avowed that opinion, and opposed the tariff of '42 for the last eighteen months, as unjust and burdensome to the great mass of the people, in the capacity of conductor of a Democratic paper, we have been considered as hostile to the interests of Lowell. There is no person who rejoices more than ourself in the prosperity and growth of our young, industrious city. But believing that its prosperity and growth did not depend upon a protective tariff, but believing that protection only gave manufacturers undue and unneeded advantages over other interests, we have, to the extent of our ability, opposed the protective policy. We are happy to find we were not mistaken; and that Lowell, and other manufacturing places, under James K. Polk's free trade, bringing tariff, are growing with unparalleled rapidity, instead of being the cast of the ruin and despair by some predicted.

The manufacturing interest embraces and controls more talent than any interest in the country, and is managed with more system, energy and shrewdness of purpose. The government of the country cannot bring to its aid so much ability. The People do not entrust their plans with more zeal and with less confidence in their success than manufacturers do their monetary schemes. If their dividends can be enhanced by a particular tariff policy the most plausible and ingenious arguments are put into the mouths of every manufacturer and every person connected with manufacturing, and retailed by them till the whole country is made familiar with the wonderful blessings that are to flow to all classes from the adoption of the particular policy; nor do they fail to picture in no less glowing colors the universal ruin that will be the consequence of not adopting such particular policy.

But this is a part of their business as much as building mills, purchasing water powers, and doing every branch of the business necessary to reach the dividends, and should be so considered. If fifteen per ct. extra can be made by having a particular tariff, they no more neglect that advantage than they neglect making fifteen per ct. by introducing improved machinery or purchasing the waters of New Hampshire.

Ben Franklin and the Printers.

In response to a call made in the Courier of the 11th inst., a large number of printers of this city met at the Washington House, to consider the propriety of celebrating, in some appropriate manner, the approaching anniversary of the birth of Franklin.

William Schouler was called to the Chair, and S. J. Varney appointed Secretary.

It was voted, unanimously, to celebrate, by a supper, on the evening of Monday, January 18; and also to invite the printers generally in Middlesex County, and in Andover and Methuen, and Nashua, N. H., to join us on the occasion.

A preliminary Committee of Arrangements, consisting of F. A. Hildreth, S. J. Verney, Joel Taylor, J. G. Pillsbury and Luther P. Dargin, was chosen, with instructions to report progress at an adjourned meeting, to be holden at the Courier office, on Saturday evening, 26th inst.

WM. SCHOULER, Chairman.

S. J. Varney, Secretary.

The preliminary Committee of Arrangements are requested to meet at the Advertiser office to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at 7 o'clock. This committee, consists of S. J. Verney, Joel Taylor, J. G. Pillsbury, Luther Dargin and ourself. Each member is expected to be present.

The Election yesterday for city officers resulted in the choice of Jeffersan Bancroft for Mayor and the regular whig ticket generally. Mr Gray who was on Alderman's ticket was defeated in ward 3 and Dr Huntington elected. Rev. Mr Child was defeated as one of the School committee and John Wright elected in his place. John K. Knowles was also defeated and Frederick Parker elected a member of the School Committee in his place. Mr Knowles was more favorable to Mr Parker's election than his own, and voted for him. We are glad of Mr Parker's election (though we respect Mr Knowles as highly as any whig in the city,) because it will be a good lesson to persons who attempt to carry a measure by cliqueing, and small management, instead of suffering it to stand upon its own merits. Our notice of the cause of Mr Parker's being thrown over at the ward meeting, and the communication of A. we hope had a tendency to set the matter right before the people. At any rate the result has proved satisfactory.

☞ A recent traveller in Germany says, that *coughing and nose-blowing are concentrated* during service time in the churches there. "The clergyman stops at different periods of his discourse, steps back from his pulpit-stand, and *blows his nose*—the entire congregation imitating his example, and disturbing the service with the operation no other time." This very much resembles the manner in which the high priest of the whig party, Greeley of the Tribune—not Pulpit—manages and directs his editorial followers and congregation. For instance: he will blow off a heap of stuff about the tariff—and presently may be heard a grand whig editorial, protective snort, extending from Guatimala to Greenland—or, let him sneeze his abhorrence to the Mexican war, as he has recently upon the President's Message, and such papers as the Lowell Courier over the way, the Merrimack Courier down along, and the Haverhill Gazette farther down, will be instantly siezed with such a sneezing, and coughing and sputtering, as not only to endanger their own health, but the health of the whole community.

Lowell and Andover Railroad. The building of this Road from Lowell to Tewksbury village is now under contract; and the undertakers have commenced operations. Ethridge Livingston Esq. of this city undertakes the ledge excavation near the "Arch Bridge" which is considered the most difficult portion of the Road—from thence Messrs Russell, Barr & Co. have the masonry, and the Messrs Fitz Simons & Co. of New York the grading. The work is in good hands: and is to be completed by the 1st of July 1847.

We learn that the Directors of the road have effected contracts far more favorable than the original estimates, and that the affairs of the company are progressing under the most favorable auspices.

The right spirit. As the volunteers were marching to take the cars from Philadelphia for the west, says the Sun, a feeble looking woman holding a small boy by the hand, pushed into the crowd and waited until a fine looking lad of 18 came by. The mother grasped his hand, imprinted a kiss on his smooth cheek, and exclaimed, "good bye Henry! I am sorry you are going, but *do your duty my son, and don't forget your country's honor!*"

How different the spirit manifested by this feeble mother, from that which characterizes the old ladies that conduct a portion of the whig press of this commonwealth. See the Boston Courier, Boston Whig, Lowell Courier, &c., &c.

Finger fatality. Some time ago De Meyer the Lion pianist or as some designated him the "Lyin Pianist" hurt his finger one day in Boston and was obliged to postpone a concert. Now we hear of Henri Herz meeting with a similar accident. Washing his hands yesterday morning in a china basin the soap did not impart readily that desirable lubricity that is expected of a respectable article, whereupon the fiddler with the heat and impulse characteristic of genius, drove the soap which was clutched in his fist into the fragile vessel, breaking it into a thousand pieces and cutting his finger severely.

☞ The Atlas and Transcript are engaged in another bout of editorial fisticuffs. The lady seems to have the advantage. It astonishes us of pusillanimous dom, with what nimble vigor petticoatdom handles itself when it gets warmly at work.

Report of the Secretaries of War and Navy.

We publish the following condensation of the report of the Secretaries of War and Navy, as it embodies all that is really important to the general reader:

The Secretary of war gives a full history of the commencement and progress of our Mexican war operations; the battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma and Monterey are narrated; then we have the termination of the armistice; the conquests of Santa Fe and the Californias, and accounts of the various movements of the armies. Satisfactory, though not official information has been received of the taking of Monclova, but not Chihuahua. General Kearney's detachment was expected to reach the Pacific about November last. The operations of Colonel Fremont and Commodore Stockton west of the Rocky Mountains, are referred to with commendation. Authentic information but not official report has been received of their operations. The military force of the United States has been augmented from 7,640 men to thirty thousand men. The duties of the war department have been arduous and embarrassing. The department of Tamaulipas, and the right bank of the Rio Grande for several hundred miles from its mouth, New Leon, Coxhuile and Chihuahua, have all in effect been wrested from the enemy; and the Mexican authority, civil and military, displaced in New Mexico and the Californias—all in the short space of seven months.

The regular army, under the law of last session, when filled up, would amount to 16,998, officers and men, but does not exceed ten thousand. Our success in the field is attributable, probably, to the large number called out since the passage of the bill increasing the army. It is impossible to tell the number of troops which the exigencies of the war may require. The volunteers called out, who have encountered the enemy, have more than justified the expectations formed of this description of troops; but it is no disparagement to them to say that regular forces would be preferred in a war to be prosecuted in a foreign country. Consideration of economy are also decidedly in favor of troops engaged to serve during the war. The Secretary is most solicitous that this subject should receive the attention of Congress, and that a body of troops should be raised to take the place of those volunteers who will claim a discharge at the end of their term of service.

The plan suggested by General Macomb in his report in 1836, is recommended now in reference to regimental field officers. Provision should be made for offences committed by our troops and by persons connected with the army. An increase of the regular army is recommended. The estimated appropriations for fortifications for next year amount to $195, 600.—The report then goes on to speak of national defences; of sappers, miners and topographical engineers and their present organization; of the ordnance bureau being inadequate; deficiency in the medical staff of the army; history of operations in mineral lands the past year; number of pension agencies, 44, exclusive of navy pensions, and number of pensioners about 20,000.

The independent treasury act contemplates the employment of officers therein named as penalun agents and renders it doubtful whether those hitherto employed are not suspended. He recommends that authority be given to continue the present agents at a reasonable compensation. Three thousand four hundred and thirty-four Indians have been removed west of the Mississippi river since the last annual report. New treaties with Indians are referred to, and the solicitude of Government to promote the welfare of the Indian tribes, is feelingly expressed.

The Navy Report states that the Mediterranean Squadron has not been continued during the last year. It is proposed to revive it as soon as circumstances will permit. The station at Mahon has been discontinued at the earnest request of the Portuguese government, and measures are in progress for the removal of the public stores from that place. The East India squadron, consisting of the Columbus, 74, and the sloop Vincennes is supposed to have sailed for Japan and Kumakatka, in the month of May or June last, and to have returned to Mexico about this time. They will probably commence their homeward cruise via the North Pacific in January or February. Orders were sent to Commodore Biddle in January last to proceed to the west coast at Mexico, and acquaint the commander of the squadron there—no acknowledgment of the receipt of them has been received at the department. The Brazil squadron consists of the frigate Columbus, Commander Ritchie, and the brig Bainbridge, Lieutenant commanding Pennington, under Commodore Rossenn. The African squadron consists of the frigate United States, the sloop Matine, brigs Dolphin and Boxer, and store ship Southampton, 96 guns in all. A full and interesting narative is given of the operations of the Pacific squadron since the war, both under Commodore Sloat and Commodore Stockton, and copies are annexed of the official reports of these officers. The squadron now consists of the Savannah and the Congress frigates; the sloops Portsmouth, Levant, Warren, and Cyane; schooner Shark and store ship Erie. The Razee Independence is on her way out with Commodore Shubrick, who will, on his arrival, assume command, and the sloop Preble has sailed for the same destination.

The doings of the home squadron are also fully narrated, and copies annexed of the official reports of Commodore Conner in reference to the blockade, the designs on Alvarado, the affair at Tobasco, and the taking of Tampico. Full justice is done the commanders of both squadrons, in whom the confidence of the department seems combated. Extracts from the instructions under which they acted, show also a disposition on the part of the Government to avoid all collision with Mexico, if possible. The vessels comprising the Navy of Texas seem to have been found unworthy of repair, with the exception of the Austin, which is at Pensacola. The others have been ordered to be sold. The estimates of the department are based on the employment of 10,000 men, though no more then 8,800 are now in service. Authority is asked to build four sea steamers to be employed in connection with our squadrons abroad. The practicability of the dry dock at New York is not doubted, and the work is urged upon the favorable notice of Congress. A dock at Pensacola is also recommended, and other improvements to increase the efficiency of the yard at that place. The restriction on the Memphis work, adopted at the last Congress, it is thought may be advantageously removed. The exclusive employment of naval officers, as naval storekeepers abroad, is not thought to be wise, and a modification of the law on this subject is recommended. The naval school is spoken of in terms of approbation, and the same appropriation is asked for it as was had last year. A suitable notice is also given to the officers of the observatory, whose valuable operations are beginning to attract the attention they deserve. An addition to the number of assistant surgeons is very much desired, and the department also recommends an increase in the rank and file of the marine corps and in the number of warrant officers. The report concludes with advising that authority be given to the president to appoint one of five or six midshipmen at large, irrespective of the place of residence of the person appointed. Provision might thus be made for cases of peculiar merit which are now excluded. Nothing is said in the report on the system of promotion. The secretary confines himself to a faithful narration of the doings of the navy, with a few practical suggestions such as we have mentioned. His report is ably written, clear and interesting.

☞ We infer from its leading article, that the Haverhill Gazette is very much disappointed that there are some true hearted patriots, in the whig party, who are ready and earnest, to support the administration and defend the country in a just and necessary war. Well, well, good friend, don't be down hearted, there are not many such—no more patriots in proportion to their number in the whig ranks, than there were Judases among the twelve disciples.

☞ Petitions were circulated at the ward rooms in this city yesterday for signers, asking a charter for a Railroad from Tewksbury to Salem. We learn there were over 300 legal voters signed the petition.

Horrid Murder.

The Louisville Journal of the 5th, gives an account of one of the coldest, most fiendish murders we ever read of. It narrates as follows:—

It appears that a fiend in human form, named Samuel Chase, who hails from Patriot, Indiana, started lately on a trading expedition, accompanied by his wife and two young men.

Mrs. Chase was about 19 years of age,—had been married two years, and was only daughter of Mr Valentine Boyer, who resides in Indiana, about two miles above Flint Island, on the Ohio river. Chase after leaving home, treated his wife very harshly, and a short distance below Mill Point, where he landed, he whipped her so unmercifully with a cowhide as to leave marks of blood in her footsteps. Mrs C. succeeded in escaping to Mills Point. Chase then employed two persons to persuade his wife to return, which she did, and sent one of the young men to her father's on an errand. What followed is thus related by our friend:

Chase then started down the river, accompanied only by his wife and the boy, and then commenced murdering her by inches. Her person being cut and mangled in a most horid manner with the raw hide and the bowie knife, both of which were found in her bed, covered with blood. Many wounds had the appearance of having been caused by holding her against a hot cooking stove.

She was literally cut to pieces from her neck to her feet—both lengthwise and accross the body. Her neck had the appearence of his having held her by the throat. He was about four days in accomplishing the murder. Her clothes were found in the boat, which he had taken off from time to time, covered with blood and cut and torn to pieces.

On the arrival of the boat at James's bayou, the young man that had been sent to her father's returned and came on board the boat on the morning of the 29th of November. He saw Mrs Chase in bed in this situation, and immediately gave the alarm. The neighborhood came in and found Mrs C. alive, but speechless. She died in a short time after.

Chase was secured, and after an examination before a court of inquiry, was taken with the corpse on board the boat to New Madrid, Mo., 55 miles below, and lodged in jail heavily ironed. Chase offered no excuse for the inhuman act, and none can be conjectured unless it was a misunderstanding that had occured between him and her parents in some business transaction.

The inhabitants of New Madrid were so enraged that it was with difficulty they could be kept from executing him instantly; but law and order prevailed, and they sent on a petition for a special court, to be held immediately, for his trial. The remains of Mrs Chase were brought to her father's residence by the steamer Gen. Washington.

A Case. On Saturday afternoon a young, well dressed and intelligent looking man came into our office and enquired if the editor was in. He told us that he was a printer and had a wife and family in Philadelphia. That he had come on here for work but had been unable to find any, and he had just received a letter from Philadelphia informing him of the sickness of his wife. His story was a very plausible one, and he appeared like a worthy person. He said it would require nine dollars; we gave him a five dollar bill and he departed. He then went over to the Advertiser office, told a similar story and Mr. Hildreth gave him five dollars. From there he went to the Vox Populi office and Mr Varney gave him three dollars.—About six o'clock we were requested to go down to the Middlesex Counting room with Mr Hildreth; on our arrival we found our Philadelphia friend there with Mr Lawrence, Mr Hopkinson, and Mr Meserve the jailor and one or two others, where the true character of the gentlemen came out. He had come to Mr Lawrence to ask leg for money, and gave him a letter from Rev. Dr Edson of St. Anne's Church, in which he was recommended as a worthy gentleman and a hope expressed that Mr Lawrence would assist him. Mr Lawrence, as soon as he had read the letter, knew it to be a forgery, and told him that Mr Edson had never written that letter. He said it was written by him and offered to go with Mr Lawrence to see Dr Edson. Mr Lawrence said he would send for him. The fellow saw that he was caught and owned that it was a forgery and that his whole story was false. He gave his name as Charles Thompson, and said that his wife and two children were in Boston. He had been staying at the Merrimack house since last Wednesday and he registered his name on the Merrimack House books "H. Stevens, Philadelphia." Mr Meserve went up to the Merrimack House and brought down his valise, Major Emery also came down. He was finally taken to jail. The Money he had received was returned.—There was nothing in his valise but a few bosoms and dickeys and one or two pairs of shoes partly worn.—The letters were well written, both as regards composition and writing.—*Courier.*

The distinguished financier above alluded to was yesterday afternoon brought up before the Police Court, Judge Crosby, charged with obtaining money under false pretences and ordered to recognize in the sum of $500 for his appearance at the Court of Common Pleas, holden at Cambridge next February.

This "case" is considered by one who stood behind the counter, as one of the greatest "sells" of the season. Three Editors "sold" for thirteen dollars in as many minutes. The Commercial reporter can take the hint in making up their prices current.

Massachusetts Volunteers. A letter from the War Department has been received at Boston stating that the Volunteer Companies from Massachusetts will be mustered into the service of the United States as fast an filled, without waiting for the filling up of the entire regiment called for. Capt. Webster's Company is to be mustered into service on Thursday the 17th inst.—other companies as fast as filled.

The Ohio Senate is tied; but owing to the absence of two whigs at the organization of that branch of the government, a democratic speaker, clerk, &c., were elected. In the House the whigs carried.—E. G. Squier, who is opposed to the repeal of the black laws, was elected Clerk.

Fire in Quincy. A grist mill and its contents in Quincy Mass, belonging to Henry Souther, was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Loss $3000—insured.

☞ The grand prize of the royal lotery at Havana—the $100,000—was drawn by fifty negroes, most of them slaves. They had joined to buy three whole tickets, and gave $1 each for that purpose.

Municipal Election in Boston. Quincy (whig) was re-elected Mayor by a majority of 1707. The Native vote has fallen off 899. Ward 2 we learn from the Times elected the whole democratic ticket.

☞ The Baltimore Correspondent translated the President's Message into German, and issued in an extra in seven hours after its receipt.

Iowa. The Democratic majority in this State for governor is about 613 and for Congressmen about 700.

☞ The Great whig victory in Maine has resulted in a decided Democratic majority in both Senate and House.

☞ Where are the Lowell Pinkneys!—*Merrimack Courier.*

We believe they are all here in Lowell.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for Consumption of the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Sides or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of sufferings and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective nostrums with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&Ply31

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient. Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true. All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on. The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenburg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In this city, Dec 8, by Rev. Mr Blanchard Mr Charles B. Long to Miss Cordelia S. Prescott.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Dec. 12, 1846.

Dec. 7th, Lovey S. Savey 58 yrs, disease of the heart: 8th, Julia A. Gale, 18 yrs 9 mos, typhus fever; 11th, John B. Sanborn 2 yrs, croup.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Marlboro', Nov 24th, Mr William G Hayden, 34.

Of typhus fever David Fox, son of Samuel Fox Esq. of Dracutt, on the 27 of Nov. last, aged 18 yrs. New Hampshire papers will confer a favor by noticing.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex, manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbatt, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday the 16th inst, the train that now leaves Lowell for Boston at 5½ o'clock P. M. will leave at 5½ o'clock P. M. or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

J. ROBERTS, Sup.

Lowell, Dec. 15, 1846. 4t

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. 4t dec 15

SLEIGHS FOR SALE.

FOUR first rate, one and single sleighs, entirely new never run an inch, except from the Manufacturers to this city, inquire at

Dec 15 a3w. L. B. NORRIS stable Prescott st.

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*, 84 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s19

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotint engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 3 Coburn Block, Central St. nov

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be excelled in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE.—The stockholders and all persons interested in the Boston and Lowell Telegraph Company are hereby notified to meet at Tappan Wentworth's office, Merrimack st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 16th, at 7 o'clock.

Per order of the Trustees.

dec 12

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

Lowell, Mass.

Byron's Poems. Translated by James Mayhew Esq. To which are added a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Rise and Fame of Byron and Childe Harold. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD

sep19 23 Central St.

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co.

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one, on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydopathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.

Lowell dec. 12 1846. 4t.

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public schools in this city will take place as follows, viz.

The Primary schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar schools will be examined on Monday the 28th inst, as follows, viz:

No 1 (Mr Balch's,) and *No 6*, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock. *No 2*, (Mr Graves',) *No 3* (Mr Kimball's,) and *No 4*, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M; and *No 7*, (Mr Fowler's,) at half past one o'clock, and *No 5*, (Mr Bartlett's) and *No. 8* (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High school will be examined on TUESDAY the 29th inst, in the forenoon as follows viz.—The Male Department at 9 o'clock, and the Female Department at half past 10 o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst at half past one o'clock, P. M.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary,

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National spelling Book; and read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography

Lowell, Dec. 12, 1846 stf.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbatt, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS JOHNSTON, of Lowell, in said county, tinplate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Johnston will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Johnston and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec 12a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

Dep. Shff. Messenger.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDRESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,

No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to

HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT ROSTOUL, JR. A1nov23

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. 4ST

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

ECLECTIC moral Philosophy, prepared for literary institutions, and general use by Rev. T. R. Boyd A. M. Boswell's Life of Johnson, with a journal of a tour to the Hebrides and copious additional notes, by J. W. Crocker L. L. D. Beauties of England History, with numerous wood cuts.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John street.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.

These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to purchase.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.

To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.

For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the State. Price 50 cents per bottle.

A&Ply19&Ply1jan29

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick men and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&Plydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Chut, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is no doubtful remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlune, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plydec5

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful bouquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smith, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

JUST ARRIVED!

AT CLASIC HALL, 112, Merrimack Street,

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGES McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw; and his left, a Lobster's! Is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect; having been exhibited to 15,000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined Ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as making a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For a few days only.

TICKETS 12 1-2 cents—Children under 12, Half-Price

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot other next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains.

DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

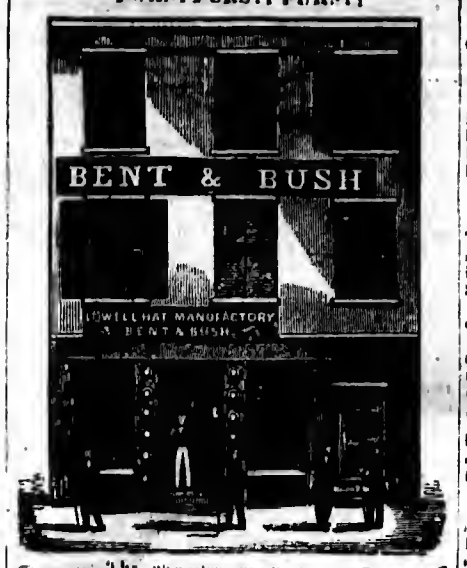
THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & J. N. GOODHUE,

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at their Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Castore, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next to none.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish out their Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

4if

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " " ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call on A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Co mi Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches at each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, being within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication thereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co., is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMNETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. 3ST.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Leut Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale at Auction is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—It will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land must rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.

An Extensive Country Stock:

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 15th and 16th, at 10 and 2 o'clock, by cata logue, without reservation,—The entire stock of an extensive Country Dealer consisting of a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, ready-made clothing, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, country Socks, Domestic Flannels, Carpeting, Table Cutlery, Clocks; Store Fixtures and Furniture, in which is one of Guy-lord's double iron fire-proof Safe. Catalogues will be published and the goods may be examined on Monday P. M.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 8th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of EBENEZER SARGEANT, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use; and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Sargeant will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on FRIDAY the eighteenth day of December instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee of Assignees of the estate of the said Sargeant, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 8th 4ST

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchies, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Page Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Orchestrine, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Keendell, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov4a3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Barbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 8, 1846. Assignee.

4ST

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

FOR SALE—A Horse, Wagon and Harness. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov28a1m

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with a claim unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to nurise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no schemi nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his desciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertiserr which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid! But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will *be permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatuiency,
Billious Complaint,	Floor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient actioe.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous.	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wunderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in these complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA!

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this illiterate climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Please write to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but cure taking your Pills, I find my greatest health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to ordain, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to you or agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similart testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAEFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agents for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, Newr Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliva Marsh.

sly nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs.—Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the cradle and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Gulushia:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language can not convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHIA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.

A&P1yaug29s3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Pelus—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever.*

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bittere and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln, corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&elyjan18

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS.



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are an exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 nly&partly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Sores, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agacin the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him in New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough ingo out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now *as straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & RIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grilla, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg.

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya8plec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used as the reputed and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Mr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, injuring seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bourk, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadwy, son of Ex-Governor Bourk, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullom, No. 128 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conlain, 335 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, has liver complaint—she was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I used several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hon. Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury sustained several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seaman I have conference with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 142 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James O'Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 223 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Juneu, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation, incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or disease, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down; falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Connecticut, Sept 25, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recomendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to so astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. F. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much of their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.

je11a6m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Tumors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed

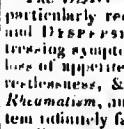
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold Wholesale and Retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr, and L. N. Tower aug22&Aptoct1&4

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in the country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; S. KIDDER, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. apr1A1y

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 17, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 148.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Offices, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 47, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles. Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates. Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.

Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)

OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, Hartford, State of Connecticut.

WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.

Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.

APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,

Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,

Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.

Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.

SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

OFFICE—Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.

ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidare, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Marrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.

B. F. BUTLER, A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—Hamilton Buildings.
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
Jan1 No. 78, Central Street. tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.

N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS,
DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.

Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street, ...LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,

No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.

☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,

Assures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.

Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Vice President.
STEPHEN SALISBURY, Esq., Treasurer.
WILLIAM B. WEBSTER, Esq., Agent, Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell.
nov3 ll. tfmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., Examining Physician.
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, near the City Hall,
oct23 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL. 6m
sep12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., Lowell.

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected s&rly

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor, and BOOT AND SHOE STORE, No. 34 Central street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.

INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,

KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.

Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.

Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.

All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, No. 11, Bank Building, where all applications are to be made.

N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.

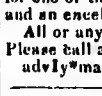
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of worms in children, is SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.

It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.

Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.

J. B. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 sly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
RIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES RIDDER, Jr., East Boston.

For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14dsrly



GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.

WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Gui, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses to order. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.

New boards of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.

☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H. DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. 1alyapr4

BOSTON STOVE STORE.
A BRANCH OF THE LARGE STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.
Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found twenty-three sizes of the celebrated
HATHAWAY STOVE,
embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all cases, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing p, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the rectangular top, those in want of the "Economist's Friend" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to suit the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at the establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14 1m H. T. BUTLER.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition,
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION.
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS;
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. Price only 25 cts.

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's Highly Successful method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Code, "a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice."

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. ow&w&p1yfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interest to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.

The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 26 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Reduc in cash.	Remainder re-duction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 06	$9936
00	$5000	$370 80	1838	960 16	435 58	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 43	55 71	1780
			1340	581 85	270 90	39 70	1432
			1941	585 56	247 50	37 54	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.

For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1846,) see phamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.

JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Offices in Boston—12, Merchant's Exchange.
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., SYLVESTER HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
Agent for Lowell and vicinity.
decl8aTo&Srewly

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:

Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.

At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.

At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.

Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.

At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.

At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.

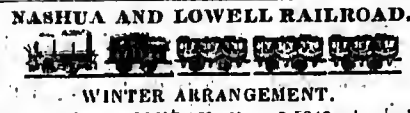
At about 7½ p.m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.

Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M.; or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.

Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.

All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.

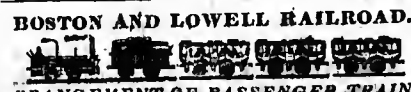
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Cherlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.

Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.

Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.

BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains leave Boston at 7, 9, 11 A. M., 2, 4½, 5½ and 6 P. M.

Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to leave Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.

Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.

Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will

We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of STOVES, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. sp28

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.

Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as there affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.

Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.

N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.

Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instructions given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 45 Hanover street; Baltimore, 206 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2Arly

POETRY.

The following beautiful picture; which cannot but be admired, was drawn some years ago, we believe, by her old friend Charles G. Eastman, of Montpelier Vt. It is indeed.—

"—— a gem of purest ray serene."

What a quiet, lovely homefulness is there in the last verses, and how true are all its shades.—*Penn.*

THE FARMER.

The Farmer sat in his easy chair,
Smoking his pipe of clay,
While his hale old wife, with busy care,
Was clearing the dinner away.
A sweet little girl, with fine blue eyes,
On her grandpa's knee was catching flies.

Then old man placed his hand on her head,
With a tear on his wrinkled face;
He thought how often her mother dead,
Had sat on the self-same place.
As the tear stole down from his half-shut eye, I cry.
"Don't smoke," said the child, "how it makes you

The house-dog lay stretched out on the floor,
Where the sun after noon used to steal,
The busy old wife, by the open door,
Was turning the spinning wheel—
And the old brass clock on the mantle tree,
Had plodded along to almost three.

Still the farmer sat in his easy chair,
While close to his heaving breast,
The moistened brow and the head so fair,
Of his sweet grand-child were pressed!
His head, bent down, on her soft hair lay—
Fast asleep were they both on that summer day.

From the Home Journal:

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENTS.

The readers of the Home Journal are presented with the following sketches of the Presidents of the United States, from the Father of his Country to the distinguished citizen who now occupies the Executive chair of the nation.

These sketches are from that valuable national work, "*The Statesman's Manual*," edited by our friend Edwin Williams, previously well known to the public as the author and compiler of various valuable political, historical and other useful works. The book from which we make those extracts has already acquired a high reputation and the warmest commendation from public men, including statesmen, editors and others.

In the notices of the Presidents, which are now for the first time grouped together in one picture, although selected from various parts of the work, it will be observed that Mr Williams has adopted the plan, in most instances, of describing their appearance and character, as sketched by their own biographers and friends; still it will not be denied, by those who have the subjects of the memoirs personally, that these notices are truthful, and, in the main, give a correct idea of these eminent Americans, of whom only four are now living.

In addition to the biographical sketches in the volumes, from which we select, they contain the speeches and messages, and a history of the administration of each President.

Personal Appearance and Character
OF ALL THE
PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES:

BY EDWIN WILLIAMS.

Washington.

GENERAL WASHINGTON (says Judge Marshall) was rather above the common size, his frame was robust, and his constitution vigorous—capable of enduring great fatigue, and requiring a considerable degree of exercise for the preservation of his health. His exterior created in the beholder the idea of strength, united with manly gracefulness.

His manners were rather reserved than free, though they partook nothing of that dryness and sternness which accompany reserve when carried to an extreme; and, on all proper occasions he could relax sufficiently to show how highly he was gratified by the charms of conversation and the pleasure of society. His person and whole deportment exhibited an unaffected and indescribable dignity, unmingled with haughtiness, of which all who approached him were sensible; and the attachment of those who possessed his friendship and enjoyed his intimacy, was ardent, but always respectful.

His temper was humane, benevolent, and conciliatory; but there was a quickness in his sensibility to anything apparently offensive, which experience had taught him to watch and to correct.

In the management of his private affairs he exhibited an exact yet liberal economy. His funds were not prodigally wasted on capricious and ill-examined schemes, nor refused to beneficial, though costly, improvments. They remained, therefore, competent to that extensive establishment which his reputation, added to an hospitable temper, had, in some measure, imposed upon him, and to those donations which real distress has a right to claim from opulence.

In speculative he was a real republican, devoted to the constitution of his country, and to the system of equal political rights on which it is founded. Real liberty, he thought, was to be preserved only by preserving the authority of the laws, and maintaining the energy of the government.

There have been (says Colonel Knapp) popular men, who were great in their day and generation, but whose fame soon passed away. It is not so with the fame of Washington—it grows brighter by years. The writings of Washington (a portion only of which comprise eight octavo volumes) show that he had a clear, lucid mind, and will be read with pleasure for ages to come.

John Adams.

MR. ADAMS was of middle stature, and full person, and, when elected President, he was a most popular statesman. His countenance beamed with intelligence and moral, as well as physical, courage. His walk was firm and dignified, to a late period of his life. His manner was slow and deliberate, unless he was excited, and when this happened, he expressed himself with great energy. He was ever a man of the purest morals, and is said to have been a firm believer in Christianity, not from habit and example, but from diligent investigation of its proofs.

To use the words of a political friend of his, (Mr Sullivan,) "He had an uncompromising regard for his own opinion, and seemed to have supposed that his opinion could not be corrected by those of other men, nor bettered by examination. It is not improbable that Mr Adams was impatient in finding how much more the easily

understood services, of military men were appreciated, than were the excluded, though no less important ones, of diplomatic agency and cabinet council. So made up, from natural propensities and from the circumstances of his life, Mr Adams came to the Presidency at the time when more forbearance and discretion were required than he is supposed to have had. He seems to have been deficient in the rare excellence of attempting to see himself as others saw him; and he ventured to act as though everybody saw as he saw himself. He considered only what was right, in his own view, and that was to be carried by main force, whatever were the obstacles."

But whatever may be the judgment of posterity as to his merits as a ruler, there can be no question on the subject of his general character, nor of his penetrating mind, his patriotism, and his devotion to what he considered the true interests of his country.

Jefferson.

Mr. Jefferson was beyond the ordinary dimensions, being upwards of six feet two inches in height, thin, but well formed, erect in his carriage, and imposing in his appearance. His complexion was fair, his hair, originally red, became white and silvery in old age, his eyes were light blue, sparkling with intelligence, and beaming with philanthrophy; his nose was large, his forehead broad, and his whole countenance indicated great sensibility and profound thought. His manners were simple and polished, yet dignified, and all who approached him were rendered perfectly at ease, both by his republican habits and his genuine politeness. His disposition being cheerful, his conversation was lively and enthusiastic, remarkable for the purity of his colloquial diction and the correctness of his phraseology. He disliked form and parade, and his dress was remarkably plain, and often slovenly. Benevolence and liberality were prominent traits of his disposition. To his slaves he was an indulgent master. As a neighbor, he was much esteemed for his liberality and friendly offices. As a friend, he was ardent unchangeable; and, as a host, the munificence of hospitality was carried to the excess of self-impoverishment.—He possessed great fortitude of mind, and his command of temper was such that he was never seen in a passion.

As a man of letters, and a votary of science, he acquired high distinction. In the classics, and in several European languages, as well as mathematics, he attained a proficiency not common to American students.

With regard to his political opinions, and his character as a statesman, his countrymen have widely differed in their estimates. By some persons he has been considered as one of the most pure, amiable, dignified, wise, and patriotic of men. By others he has been considered as remarkably defective in the qualities which dignify and adorn human life, and as one of the most wrong-headed statesmen that ever lived. Posterity will judge which of these opinions is right. His writings, which agreeably to directions left by him, have been published since his death, afford ample materials for judging of his character. They consist of four volumes octavo, of correspondence, *anas*, etc.

The religious opinions of Mr. Jefferson were peculiar and eccentric. His writings show that he was a free-thinker, with a preference for some of the doctrines of Unitarianism. In a letter to a friend, he says, "I have to thank you for your pamphlets on the subjects of Unitarianism, and to express my gratification with your efforts for the revival of *primitive Christianity* in your quarter. I confidently expect that the present generation will see Unitarianism become the general religion of the United States."

Madison.

Mr Madison was of small stature and rather portly. He had a calm expression, penetrating blue eyes, and was slow and grave in his speech. At the close of his Presidency he seemed to be care worn, with an appearance of more advanced age than was the fact. He was bald on the crown of his head, always wore his hair powdered, and generally dressed in black. His manner was modest and retiring, but in conversation he was pleasing and instructive, having a mind well stored with the treasures of learning, and being particularly familiar with the political world.—On his accession to the presidency he restored the custom of levees at the presidential mansion which had been abolished by Mr Jefferson. It was on the occasion of these levees that his accomplished lady, by her polite and attractive attentions and manners, shone with peculiar lustre. Mr. Madison was fond of society, although he had travelled but little, never having visited foreign countries, or seen much of the people and country over which he presided.

When a member of deliberative bodies, Mr Madison was an able debator, having acquired self-confidence by slow degrees. As a writer, he has few equals among American statesmen, and the style of his public documents and his correspondence has always been much admired. He was, at the time of his death, the last surviving signer of the Constitution; and the part he bore in framing that instrument, his subsequent advocacy of it, by his writings, with his adherence to its provisions, obtained for him the title of "Father of the Constitution."

(Continued)

☞ When the King of Prussia's celebrated proclamation "*To my People*," had raised German enthusiasm to its highest pitch, and the noble hearted women of Silesia sent their jewels to the public treasury, replacing them by iron ornaments, a young girl at Breslaw, who had nothing of value to contribute, cut off her luxuriant golden tresses that adorned her graceful head, and sold them, that she might add her mite to the patriotic fund. The purchaser gave a high price, but yet made an enormous profit; for no sooner was the story known, than hundreds of those then arming for the fight, flew to obtain a golden-hairring, to wear as a talisman in the battle field. This heroine, Baron von Rahden believes, was a Fraulein von Ribbelitz, a name noted in the annals of Prussian patriotism.

A Silesian count, named Reichenbach, wrote to the king in the following terms: "If it please your majesty to allow me, I will send five thousand measures of corn each my daughter owes to the military stores for rations, and my best horses to the —— regiment of cavalry; I will equip all the men on my estate capable of bearing arms, and they shall join the —— regiment of infantry, and I will pay ten thousand thalers into the military chest. For my three sons I crave admission into the army as volunteers. And finally, I humbly implore of your majesty that I myself, who, although advanced in years, am strong and willing, may be permitted to march by their side, to teach them to fight, and, if needs be, to die. Meanwhile my wife and daughters shall remain at home to prepare lint, new bandages, and nurse the sick and wounded."—*Blackwood.*

☞ In Germany all sorts of edicts are already out, forbidding the sale of gun cotton by fine and imprisonment; some of the cabinets are even thinking of a general prohibition of the sale of cotton or the necessary child; others have proposed the banishment of all chemists, and the prohibition of the study of the fearful sciences of chemistry.—*Correspondence True Sun.*

☞ The Baptist Church is to be dedicated this evening. Services to commence at quarter before 8 o'clock.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 17, 1846

☞ Our friend of the Lowell Advertiser has finally concluded to tell us that the reason the democratic vote has fallen off was on account of Mr Van Buren's friends being disappointed by his not being re-nominated. It was men and not measures that actuated his friends, was it? It is a candid admission, but we did not think they would acknowledge it so readily. The depth of such democracy may be judged of by the way some of his leading friends have acted over since the Baltimore Convention.—*Essex Banner.*

In the above, our friend of the Banner, we are sorry to say, misstates. We stated as the cause of the falling off in the democratic vote, in some of the States, since the Presidential election, nothing like that it was because the friends of Mr Van Buren were disappointed at his not being re-nominated. We stated as one great and principal cause of the falling off in the democratic vote, the war that had been waged upon every leading democrat in the country, who was known to have been favorable to the re-nomination of Mr Van Buren, by a minority portion of the party who were opposed to him. Had they been satisfied with defeating Mr Van Buren's nomination, and not attempted the hopeless task of killing off more than two-thirds of the party, because they approved his policy as President, and therefore were ready to sustain him, there would neither have been division, lukewarmness, or a diminished Democratic vote. When these madmen come to their senses and forsake their 'rule or ruin' course, the democracy will again be found at the polls. Friend Safford, hadn't you better commence now, and abandon your mad, foolish project of politically breaking down Gov. Morton.

The New Museum.

At this popular place of amusement is now being performed "Charles the 12th" and the Farce of "Young England." The liberal patronage bestowed upon this place, we should judge, might warrant the proprietor in procuring a Chendelier and placing it in front of the Stage, directly over the heads of the audience—It would add much to the brilliancy of the place.

For uniting the amusements of a Theatre with those of a Museum, so far as to produce moral plays, without any of the usual attendants of a Theatre, such as bar rooms and a third row, Mr. Gates should be highly commended. There is not a place in the United States of the size of Lowell, in which rational amusement is to be found to the extent now furnished in this city, except vice of some kind, is mixed up with it. It speaks well for the morals of our citizens. Mr Gates' arrangements preclude all possibility of anything improper more than in a Lecture Room or Church.

☞ *Grohom's Magazine*, for January, is received. The first No. of Yankee Doodle made "*a splendid offer to the country press*—country newspapers," it said, which will insert our prospectus (it is only about two columns in length) for six weeks and puff us regularly every week in the editorial columns, shall receive the Yankee Doodle until we get fairly under way and no longer need their services; then they may go to thunder!" Perhaps the publisher of the Magazine above named may intend to be as liberal to publishers of papers, and we are inclined to think he is, from our own and others' experience. We shall see. However, in justice to the [illegible] Magazine is very well. It is publishing a very indifferent story by a very good writer, for which it pays $1200. From which it would seem that books are paid for in inverse ratio to their merit. There is a beautiful mezzotint in this number by Sartain, and a fashion plate which has Le Follett inscribed beneath.

Bathing. Now, at this season of the year, when the weather is most changable—at one hour a warm south wind blowing up on smoking rain, at the next, a nor' wester, piercing and freezing us—when almost every one has a cold, a troublesome cough, is hoarse, or has his or her lungs more or less effected—we know of nothing better calculated, with proper precaution, to effect a cure of these ills, than bathing. Bathing, with more or less severe friction, is the safest and cheapest counter irritont, and upon the use of counter irritants, in affections of the lungs, many physicians mainly depend.

The case of Commonwealth against Elder Thurston, for obtaining money by false pretences while connected with the First Freewill Baptist Church and Society, has been *nol pros'd*. We have never had the least doubt of the Elder's innocence of any improper conduct in his connection with that Church and Society, farther than that in his zeal to serve God, and from his implicit confidence in everybody professing to be like zealous with himself, he did business in such an unjustifiable, careless manner, as to enable somebody to rob the factory girls, who were no less zealous and confiding than himself.

☞ The Boston Journal editor was "diddled" out of a quantity of "tin" by the gentleman, who made so favorable an impression upon the Lowell editors. We may expect to hear he will by his "intelligent countenance and plausible story" seduce the jailer Messrs to give him his liberty But then Sam never edited a paper, if it has been rumored he did once preach a sermon.

☞ The Courier is hereby authorized to consider us as horrified as it pleases, at the coalition of the Natives, and Locos. As it is a matter entirely of the imagination, we trust it will indulge that faculty, to its full extent.

☞ On the 4th of March Morehead of Ky, will have served out his term in the U. S. Senate, Mr Clay will take his place. The Senate will again become an arena in which Clay the whig Lion, and Webster the Unicorn, will fight for the presidential crown.

☞ Our country friends will excuse us for occupying so much of our columns with the affairs of the City. We are aware that to them they are uninteresting, and shall not often bore them in this way.

☞ We are compelled to omit a communication on the Municipal Election, reforms, &c. till our next on account of a press of other matter. We shall be happy to publish it in our next.

☞ Proposals have been issued for the execution of the printing of the next Congress, by contract. The proposals will be opened on the 6th of January next.

☞ The Van Ness Case. This dirty affair is still before the Court. It is impossible to tell or guess the result.

Treasury Report.

The report of Secretary of the Treasury is well drawn up, clear in statement, and as appears to us, solid in argument

The Secretary states the expenses of the nation for the year which end on the 30th of June, 1847, at $55,241,212 the receipts for the same year from various sources including loans and treasury notes, will be $5,170 08, leaving a balance of $6,779,042 01 to provided for. The expenditures for the year ending the 30th of June, 1848, are estimated, should Congress continue, at $45,781,784 51, and the receipts the same year at $32,000,000.

This will leave a balance against the government, on the first of Jan 848, of $10,560,826 53. But as it is deemed pit, particularly in time of war, to keep a balance four millions of dollars in the treasury, in order apply the mints with bullion for coinage, and to pay creditors of the government their demands at times with punctuality, it will become necessary in government to provide more than the amount in Secretary, therefore, suggests the expediency of issuing twenty-three millions of dollars, unless the revenue be increased by duties on certain articles now pass the custom house free.

The plan of the Secretary is to lay a duty of 25 per cent on the teas coffee imported, which it is estimated, would produce annually two millions and a half. This duty, advised, should go immediately into effect, otherwise would have the effect of raising the price of the coffee already in the market, or which might introduced in anticipation of the law, greatly to the detriment of individuals, but without bringing any into the treasury. Another advantage of this duty would be that it would strengthen the credit of the government. Capitalists would lend more freely when they saw this provision made for replenishing the tury. A government which, when it finds itself obliged to borrow, lays a tax to furnish the means of payment, is pretty sure to find men willing to become creditors.

There is a curiosity stated in the report concerning the decline of revenue under the tariff we have just repealed. Thus received from the customs during the year ending on the 30th June last, fell short of the amount obtained the year previous by almost a million of dollars. This seems to have been owing to the prohibitory character of the specific duties. Mr Walker shows that three years past, the proportion of revenue raised duties levied on the value of the commodities imported, had been continually growing smaller.

It is, in fact, the nature of specific duties on manufactures to become more and more prohibitory. As the articles on which they are imposed are produced more cheaply by improvement of machinery and mechanical process, the specific duty becomes a heavier tax in proportion to their value, and more and more discourages their importation. The repeal of these specific duties wherefore, a lucky riddance, as far as revenue is concerned, and justifies Mr Walker in estimating a higher revenue from the customs for the next two years than was obtained last year.

The changes with the report proposes and the law establishing the constitutional treasury do not affect the principle of the law. That is was drawn up in a slovenly manner, and that it would require some amendment to make it work well, we suppose was understood by any body who had much skill in practical finance, at the time it passed. It was a clumsy model of an excellent invention, and required to be perfected by improvements suggested by practical men. One of the improvements recommended by Mr Walker is the establishment of a branch mint in the city of New York.

It was thought by many, when the constitutional treasury bill passed last winter, that the establishment of a branch mint, the safest of all depositories of the precious metals, in this city, should form a part of the scheme, and it was a matter of disappointment that it did not. Experience has shown the necessity.

The argument by which Mr Walker exposes the nonsense of the protectionists concerning a home market, is very well managed. The manufacturers build a few large mills, with a vast apparatus of machinery, collect about them a few workmen, cause laws to be passed discouraging commerce and withdrawing men that they have created a home market. As if the same number of people employed in commerce did not consume as much grain and as much beef and pork as if they were at work in manufactories The manufacturers leave out of sight the home market created by ship builders, seafaring men, persons engaged in forwarding on the canals and railways, and all the immense class of laboring men to whom the exchange of products with other nation, gives occupation.

We have left ourselves no space to remark on the rest of the report, which contains some suggestions of importance in regard to the public lands, the establishment of collecting districts in Oregon, the survey of our coast, and the establishment of light houses—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Standing Committees.

The following are the Standing Committees appointed by the Senate

On Foreign Relations—Sevier, Cass, Archer, Atherton and Webster.

On Finance—Lowis, Benton, Evans, Speight, and Huntington.

On Commerce—Dix, Pennybacker, Johnson, of Maryland, Chalmers and Davis.

On Manufactures—Dickinson, Colquitt, Simmons, Sturgeon and Woodbridge.

On Agriculture—Benton, Dix, Crittenden, Houston and Badger.

On Naval Affairs—Fairfield, Yulee, Mangum, Cameron and Miller.

On the Militia—Atchison, Semple, Barrow, Fairfield and Greene.

The following gentlemen are the chairmen of the following committees:

On Public Lands—Breese. *Private Land Claims*—Yulee. *Indian Affairs*—Bagby. *On Claims*—Pennybecker. *Revolutionary Claims*—Semple.—*On the Judiciary*—Ashley. *On the Post Office and Post Roads*—Niles. *On the Roads and Canals*—Hannegan. *On Pensions*—Johnson, of Louisiana.—*On the District of Columbia*—Cameron. *On Patents and the Patent Office*—Colquitt. *On Retrenchment*—Turney. *On the Territories*—Westcott. *On the Public Buildings*—Bright. *To control the contingent expenses of the Senate*—Speight. *On Printing*—Atherton. *On the Library*—Pearce.

Riddle.

There is a word of plural number,
A foe to peace and quiet slumber;
Now any word you choose to take,
By adding e yon plural make;
Not so with this—by adding s,
Such is the metemorphosis,
The plural's plural now no more,
And sweet what bitter was before.
Courier.

To "*cares*" add s, "caress,"
How Sweet the metamorphosis!

The riddle is old and has a rhymed answer somewhere near that we have given. Give us a new one, coloosi.

☞ "The height of impudence is said to be throwing hand-bills into dwelling-houses notifying the inmates that they will be called upon the next day to purchase some insignificant humbug, with an ordar to "preserve the notice till called for."

☞ The editor of a whig paper goes to a Spanish Dictionary for the definition of the word "Loco." Inasmuch as he carries all his patriotism to a Mexican market it is no more than just that he should get something in return.

☞ We receive occasionally, from New York, a work called *Illustrated Botany*. It is rather a neat publication with now and then a really beautiful colored flower plate.

[*By Telegraph.*]

FROM MEXICO AND TEXAS.

Movements in Tampico—Mysterious Doings of Santa Anna—Loss of the U. S. Steamer Neptune, Steamer Sea Ashore, Hostile Indians overrunning Texas, Desperate Encounter, From Wool's Army, Fortifications of Tampico.

Washington, December 11—9 o'clock, P. M.

Extras of New Orleans papers dated 4th inst., contains news brought by the United States ship St. Mary's. She sailed from Tampico on Saturday; the 28th ult, at 3 P. M., arriving off the Rio Grande at 5 A.M. 30th; landed Adjutant Austin, 2d artillery, at Brazos, at 10 A. M. and made sail for the Balize, where she made the light at S. W. Pass, 1 P. M. Dec. 1.

The Steamer Neptune arrived at Tampico, Nov. 22, with 450 regular troops under command of Col. Gates. The Steamer Sea arrived with more troops on the 23d when the town was immediately handed over to the army. Fort Orondugo was immediately garrisoned under the name of Fort Conner, and armed with two long 8 pounders.

A battery of two forty-two pounders carronades was called Fort Ann, in honor of Mrs Chase, lady of the late American consul at Tampico. This lady behaved most nobly, showing to the world that she was a patriot under all circumstances. When our small vessels were about to approach the town of Tampico, she ran up our flag in defiance of the alcalde and other officers. Some time before Mrs Chase wrote to Commodore Conner that the place could be taken, and gave drawings of the harbor. Besides the cannon mentioned some field-pieces are mounted on the house tops.

The Neptune sailed from Tampico on the 24th ult., and encountered a norther: was driven back and wrecked on the bar. All hands were saved. The vessell is a total loss.

The town of Tampico is already in a state of defence. Reinforcements are arriving daily. Saltillo has been abandoned, and there is no doubt that it is now in the possession of the advanced guard of the army under Gen. Worth. The condition of Mexico is represented to be even worse than it ever has been. Santa Anna lately made an address to his troops, apparently to extract from them an invitation to reinstate himself at the head of the Government. He was disappointed, however, at finding that his oration was received in profound silence; and immediately afterwards he started with all his cavalry on a secret expedition. Some think it was to cut off one of the divisions of our army, which he will not be likely to find. The most probable conjecture is, that he is gone to Mexico to controle the action of the New Congress.

The St Mary's left over the bar of Tampico the Potomac, the Princeton and the John Adams, with some small vessels off the town of Tampico. She left the steamer Sea on shore about 1st of the town, on a mud bank. She passed the Mississippi 60 miles north of Tampico, bound out. The officers of the St Mary's are all well.

A letter from Pensacola, Dec 7, to the Picayune, says that Capt. Tarnall, with the steamer Spitfire, had gone up the river sixty or seventy miles from Tampico and taken possession of two towns, at one of which he captured 10 large cannons and a quantity of ammunition which had been received from Tampico, when the Mexicans retreated from that city.

The two regiments which evacuated that place revolted when they got to San Luis Potasi, and were disbanded. They were opposed to Santa Anna. Great dissentions prevailed at San Luis Potosi; the army, about 16,000 strong, were in a state of starvation.—There were four different factions. Santa Anna had arrested Generals Paredes and Herrero.

[The last British steamer brought an account of the arrival of Gen Paredes at Liverpool. Of course he is not in Mexico.—Ed.]

The late election had resulted in favor of the promotion of Herrera to the Presidency.

The Austin Democrat has an account of the anticipated Indian difficulties referred to before. It is said that the celebrated Seminole Chief, Wild Cat is now in Texas at the head of 300 warriors, determined to do as he pleases, and several families on the Upper Cross timbers on the Trinity had deserted their homes Capt. Smith had started in pursuit of this party of savages.

Edinburgh Review.

The October number of this justly celebrated periodical, republished at New York by Leonard Scott & Co., has come to hand. It is as valuable a number of this work as we have seen for a long time, and we derived so much satisfaction from the portion of it which we have had time to read, that we are constrained to recommend it to others. We have time only to avert but partially to its contents. The review of *Grote's history of Greece*, is an article of much merit, and must be highly acceptable to those who delight in ancient history, and particularly of a country endeared to the student by its classic associations. The theme may be hackneied, but we are assured by the reviewer, that this author has treated his subject in a way so original and so philosophical as to impart to it the interest of novelty.

Lives of eminent Lawyers of the last and present century is an article which contains many biographical anecdotes of some of the most eminent English Judges. It is an approving review of two recently published works—which works, with the review, will be read with much interest by gentlemen of the legal profession, and by all who are familiar with English history.

Railways at home and abroad is a long and elaborate article suggested by various reports, statistics, and and other works written in England, Germany, France, the United States, &c., to the number of ten. All which productions having been read, and "inwardly digested" by the reviewer, have enabled him to produce one of the fullest and most satisfactory articles on railroads and every thing appertaining to them that we have ever seen. It occupies twenty-six of the large pages of the Review, and does ample justice to a subject which is of engrossing interest to the public and to individuals. In referring to the railroads of this country, it accords full credit to the skill of our countrymen, and speaks approvingly of their construction and management.

There are political, agricultural and other articles more numerous than those we have mentioned, and probably no less ably written, or of less interest and value, but not having had time to peruse them, we must refer readers to the book itself, to satisfy their curiosity in relation to them and to those of which we have given so brief and unsatisfactory a notice.—*Providence Herald.*

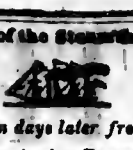
☞ An amusing specimen of Chief Justice Holt's humour is given by Mr Welsby:

One of the leaders of a fanatical sect, called the French Prophets, having been committed for seditious language, another of the fraternity named Lacy, called on the Chief Justice, and desired the servant to say that he must see him, for he came from the Lord God. On being admitted he said, "I come from the Lord, who has sent me to thee, and would have the grant a *nolle prosequi* for John Atkins his servant, whom thou hast sent to prison." "Thou art a false prophet and a lying knave," said the Chief Justice, "for if the Lord sent thee, it would have been to the Attorney-General, for he knows it is not in my power to grant a *nolle prosequi*; but I can grant a warrant to commit thee to bear him company,"—which he did forthwith.

Writing on Newspapers. A circular has been issued by the post office department, directing deputy postmasters to remove the wrappers from all transient newspapers, printed, circulars, price currents, pamphlets and Magazines received at their respective offices, and if found to contain any manuscript or memorandum of any kind, either written or stamped, or any marks or signs, except the name and address of the person to whom it is directed, shall be charged with letter postage, by weight; and if the person to whom it is directed shall refuse to pay such postage, the postmaster is to send to the office from whence it came and have the offender prosecuted for the penalty of $5. The name of the sender written or stamped on the newspaper subjects him to the same penalty.—*Post.*

☞ The sleighing here is very good. We never remember to have seen the time when so little snow, not more than four inches, made such excellent running.

Arrival of the Steamship Cambria,



Fourteen days later from England.

The Cambria arrived at Boston Wharf at 9 1-2 o'clock Wednesday Evening.

Willmer & Smith's Times says—

The cotton market has for the last two days been in a very excited state.

It appears that no less than about 25,000 bales changed hands, 16,000 of which is said to be on speculation at an average advance of 1-8 per lb, and 1-4d per lb.

Ireland. The progress of destitution has been less rapid and destructive in its movements than previous accounts would have led us to expect. Corn and provisions of all kinds are becoming more abundant, and greatly to the satisfaction of all parties, save one—the speculators.

There is at the present time a great rage for fire arms among the lower orders of the Irish people; orders cannot be met with anything like promptitude.

Abd el-Kader, is reported in have entered the province of Oran, at the head of 900 cavalry.

Lieut. General Sir Benjamin D'Urban has received the appointment of commander of the forces in Canada, and proceeds there with the earl of Elgin, the governor general.

The Great Britain is still on the rocks.

The Paris papers announce the death of the celebrated historian, Michelet.

[By Telegraph.]

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Washington, December 14, 1846.

Senate.—Mr. J. M. Clayton, of Delaware, appeared in his seat. Mr Mangum presented the credentials of Mr Bodger of North Carolina, who was qualified and took his seat

The Vice President presented the annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions; the report of the Treasury Department, showing the number of vessels employed in the coasting trade, together with the annual report of the State Department on its expenditures for the year.

Mr Crittenden presented a petition for paying $65,000 of bonds issued by Texas.

Mr Benton offered a resolution instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the expediency of allowing three months' extra pay to officers and soldiers regulars and volunteers, and place them on the same footing with the navy in regard to prise money.

Mr Crittenden's resolution instructing the Military Committee to bring a bill to increase the pay of soldiers, and to grant certificates of merit and bravery when deserved, after some discussion was modified, on Mr Benton's motion, so as to insure the object contemplated instead of instruct, and thus adopted.

On motion of Mr Sevier, the Senate proceeded to ballot for standing committees, and elected Mr Bagby Chairman of Indian Affairs; Mr Pennybacker, of Claims; Mr Johnson, La, of Pensions; Mr Turney of Retrenchments, and Mr Bright, of Public Buildings. The only other changes were anticipated in the despatch of last night.

The Committee on Finance were authorized to employ a clerk.

Petitions and memorials were received, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.—The Speaker announced the standing committees. The changes in the Chairmen are:—Mr Jos. Vance of Ohio, Committe on Manufactures, in the place of John Q. Adams; Jas. McDowell, Va., on the District of Columbia, in place of R. M. T. Hunter; Jas. Farran, on Public buildings and Grounds, in place of Orlando Ficklin.

Mr Bowden of Alabama announced the death of Felix G. McConnel, in a few appropriate remarks, and after passing the customary resolutions to wear crape thirty days, in token of respect for the memory of the deceased, the House adjourned to 12 o'clock to-morrow.

Tuesday, Dec. 15.

In the Senate, Mr Semple introduced a bill providing for the extension of the national road to Alton, Illinois.

A bill to grant public lands to complete the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

In the House, the first business in order was the resolution offered by Garret Davis, calling on the President to furnish copies of instructions to generals and commodores relative to civil governments in conquered territories.

On motion of Mr Hopkins, the original resolution was modified so as to *request* instead of *direct* the President to communicate his instructions, &c., and thus adopted.

A joint resolution, offered by Mr Hopkins, was adopted, providing for the election of chaplains from different religious denominations.

☞ There were at the opening of Congress 41 Senators present, who are thus named and described by the correspondent of the New York Herald:

Mr Allen, tall and strait as Old Hickory; of Ohio.
Archer, just as tall, but slightly slimmer; Va.
Ashley, our elegant man with a silvery full suit of hair; Ark.
Atchison, pretty much of the same sort; Miss.
Atherton, about half the altitude; N. H.
Barrow, a solid, substantial planter; La.
Benton, "I am Sir Oracle;" Mo.
Bagby, who has the reverend appearance of a priest; Ala.
Breese, who looks like him not in the least; Ill.
Calhoun, the eagle-eyed; S. C.
Cameron, the restorationist of '42; Pa.
Cass, a heavy edition of Ben Franklin; Mich.
Chalmers, a little package neatly done up; Miss.
Cilley, weather-worn, like an old sailor; N. H.
T Clayton, the silent men; Del.
Colquitt, the exhorter; Ga.
Corwin, the dark skinned wagoner; Ohio.
Crittenden, the blade with two edges; Ky.
Davis, the man of the last word; Mass.
Dickinson, the antagonist of Webster. Ready for another fight; N. Y.
Dix, no man's adversary; but equal to the best, N. Y.
Evans, with his figures glaring in his eye; Me.
Fairfield, a little of a dyspeptic, we fear; Me.
Huntington, decidedly stolid; Conn.
Jarnigan, looking pretty well recuperated; Tenn.
Johnson, a very good natured man; La.
Johnson, short, and rugged, and quick; Md.
Lewis, the powerful and the ponderous, 540; Ala.
Mangum, the superb; N. C.
Miller, a quiet, little, black-eyed personage; N. J.
Pearce, a hearty specimen of a good conscience; Md.
Pennybacker, solemn as a copy of Blackstone; Va.
Phelps, taking a little more black sand; Vt.
Semple, reading over Gilpin's report on Oregon; Ill.
Sevier, laughing and growing fat as usual; Ark.
Speight, with an eye fixed for business; Miss.
Sturgeon, fixed as if for a nap; Pa.
Turney, looking curiously around, as if something was wrong; Tenn.
Upham, satisfied, no matter how it goes; Vt.
Webster, looming out like a thunder cloud; Mass.
Westcott, eyeing the Vice President, as if to say it won't do, Mr Dallas; Fa.
Woodbridge, a clear headed, inoffensive, elderly gentleman; Mich.
Yulee, pleasant as the sunshine; Fa.

Add to these the Vice President, with his snowy brow—and take them all together, you have a body of men indicative of intellect, hard labor, severe study and sturdy patriotism.

New Hampshire. Hon. Benning W. Jenness, of Strafford, was unanimously nominated as a candidate for Representative to Congress by the Democratic Congressional Convention holden at Exeter on the 10th instant.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION of the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever revealed by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or published by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill! If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various self-clive remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "INVINCIBLE REMEDY" heals the diseased lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are actual imposition and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co, SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN. also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&Fly3m

WISTARIS BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Extract of a letter from Mr Jas. Emerton, Apothecary and Druggist, dated Salem, Mass. Oct 30, 1846.

"A gentleman in this city, who has been for some time troubled with a bad cough, and other strong symptoms of Consumption, was induced by my recommendation to try a bottle of it. He was so well pleased with its effects, that being about to visit the south, he purchased a number of bottles. His family inform me he has not been so well for four months, as since he began to take the Balsam. Please send me a further supply as soon as convenient, Respectfully yours, etc,

JAMES EMERTON."

We beg to remark again, that all our letters and certificates are genuine and true. All our statements of cures may be implicitly relied on. The original documents may be seen at the office, 138 Washington Street Boston.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this virinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. Alynov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In this city, by Rev. Mr Child, Mr William Hodge to Miss Dorcas N. Eaton.

In Dracutt, Nov. 17th, by Rev Mr Adams, Joseph B. Varnum, Esq. of Newbury, to Miss Caroline Howard, of Dracutt.

MEDICAL LECTURES,

BY DR. BADGER,—Commencing on Saturday Evening, Dec. 19th, and continued on the evenings of the 22d, 26th, 29th and 29th at the City Hall, at 7 o'clock,—in which the Dr. proposes to describe a perfectly scientific proccss for the cure of every curable Disease, notwithstanding Dr Jackson said "*Medicine* has never yet been studied as a Science."

FIRST LECTURE—*Free.*

The Dr. will first give a brief history of the science of Medicine—note some of its most prominent Professors, as Hippocrates, Celsus Galen, Harvey, and many others—then compare the Medical Science with other Sciences, and describe the different ways which Nature takes to prevent and remove Diseases, and how she accomplishes the object.

SECOND LECTURE.

Showing conclusively that neither Minerals, Chemical preparations, or Poisons, of any kind ever assisted *Nature* to remove, scientifically, a single disease from *our* system.

THIRD LECTURE.

The Dr will show the *adaptation* of Medicines to the human system, and describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. Then prove that it is never necessary, in any *possible* case, to *amputate* a limb in order to save life. Let the scientific Physicians give a case if he can!

FOURTH LECTURE.

Show the use of Vapor Bathing and the Shower Bath—Describe some curious experiments in physiology—and treat of two prominent diseases, Dyspepsia and Inflammatory Fever.

FIFTH LECTURE.

The Dr will treat of Typhus fever, show its pathology and Physiology with paintings as large as life, and colored to Nature. And will also describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. After which, the Dr. will demonstrate any other disease which may be named.

☞ Let every scientific person in Lowell nod elsewhere be present and see if the Dr. *sustains* his positions, or *refuts* them if they can.

☞ All the positions will be open for discussion.

Tickets for the course 87 1-2 cents—single tickets, after the first evening, 12 1-2 cents each lecture.

These Lectures are intended for Ladies as well as gentlemen. 4St

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. ☜

Monday Evening, and every evening during the week except Saturday, will be presented (for the first time in Lowell) J. R. Planche's celebrated Historical Drama of

CHARLES THE 12th,—Or, the Lion of Sweden!

Charles the 12th, Mr Germon.
Ulrica, Mrs Graves.

To conclude with the laughable Vaudeville called YOUNG ENGLAND!

Captain Dashalang, Mr Locke.
Mrs Poulep, Mrs Germon.

☞ Arrangements have been made to have the House thoroughly warmed and comfortable.

Just added,—A splendid set of Cosmorama Views, which will be brilliantly lighted each evening.

☞ Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

Tickets 25 cents for each person. Children under 12 years, when accompanied by parents, half price. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

☞ Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P M. Dec17

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (Book and Job Printers,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to Wyman's Exchange 3d story, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs S. F. Butler, Esq., and A. W. Faunce, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage.

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

☞ The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in every department will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. 4St

A BOY WANTED.—Apply as above.

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public schools in this city will take place as follows, viz.

The Primary schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar schools will be examined on Monday the 28th inst, as follows, viz:

No 1 (Mr Balch's,) and No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock, No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10, o'clock, A. M; and No 7, (Mr Fowler's,) at half past one o'clock, and No 5, (Mr Chatfield's) and No. 8 (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High school will be examined on TUESDAY the 29th inst, in the forenoon as follows viz.—The Male Department at 9 o'clock, and the Female Department at half past 10 o'clock;

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst at half past one o'clock, P. M.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary.

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National spelling Book; and read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination thereon. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography

Lowell, Dec 12, 1846 atf.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS JOHNSTON, of Lowell, in said county, tinplate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property by him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Johnston will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Johnston and to do such other business in relation to to said estate as may then come before them

dec 12 3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDRESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to

HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. 4Nodec3

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*
34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers. 410

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotint engravings. The Dudem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Buquet's of Flowers by J. Ackerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Buquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
nov14 23 Central St.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec1 3w

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co. is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMNETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. 43t. *.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday the 16th inst, the train that now leaves Lowell for Boston at 5½ o'clock P. M. will leave at 5½ o'clock P. M. or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

J. ROBERTS, Sup.

Lowell, Dec. 15, 1846. 4It

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

Auditors office. Dec. 14 1846. at dec 30.

SLEIGHS FOR SALE.

FOUR first rate, common single sleighs entirely new never ran an inch, except from the Manufacturers to this city, inquire at

Dec 15 3w. L.B. NORRIS stable Prescott st.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. nov

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared in manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

NOTICE.—The stockholders and all persons interested in the Boston and Lowell Telegraph Company are hereby notified to meet at Tappan Wentworth's No. 4 Merrimack st, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec 16th at 7 o'clock.

dec 12 Per order of the Trustees.

ALL READY.



FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and snivezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole ation and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plydec5

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smith, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydopathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.
Lowell dec. 12 1846 43t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. 43t

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

ECLECTIC more philosophy, prepared for literary institutions, and general use by Rev. T. R. Boyd A. M. Boswell's Life of Johnson, with a journal of a tour to the Hebrides and copious additional notes, by J. M. Crorker L. L. D. Beauties of England's History, with numerous wood cuts.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John street.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—A piece of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

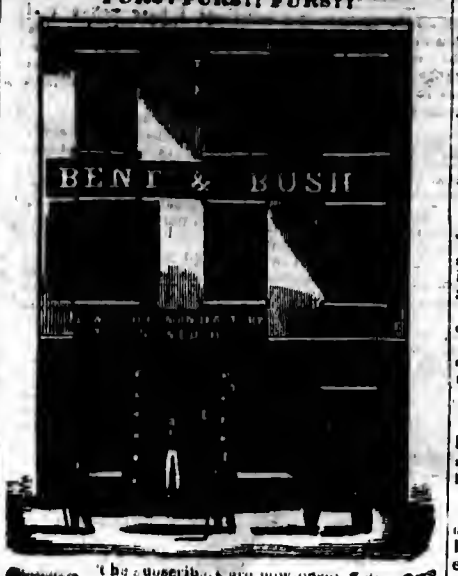
NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 5 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER.

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. West & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at the HAT, CAP and FUR store, No 39 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of Latest Fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Parmeo Wolf and Summer Robes by the bale or single skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Castor, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, and Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant not to fade or spot.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish customers with Hats at a few hours' notice.

Lowell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

4tf

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DELAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic fluidness.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&Plyec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mindful Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell.

JUST ARRIVED!

AT CLASIC HALL, 112, Merrimack Street,

THE great Living Curiosity, MR. ANGUS McGREGOR, born with his right hand representing an Eagle's Claw, and his left, a Lobster's! is 22 years of age, stands 40 inches high, and is a man of good intellect, having been exhibited to 15,000 persons at the Marlboro' Chapel, in Boston, amongst which were some of the most refined ladies, medical and scientific Gentlemen of the city of Boston.

The scientific style in which Mr A. McGregor uses his hands, such as making a pen, and writing with it, using the razor, knife and fork, and many other things, with a dexterity which is utterly astonishing to all who have seen him. A. McGregor has been pronounced by the most scientific gentlemen in Europe, as in America, to be the greatest Curiosity that ever came under their notice. There is nothing in the exhibition to mar the feelings or taste of the most refined.

For a few days only.

TICKETS 12 1-2 cents. Children under 12, Half Price

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water. Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woolrofe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single and warranted correct.

THE BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847,

BY S. N. DICKINSON,

WILL be published at an early day in December. The Directory to the Business People of Boston, will be thoroughly prepared, and inserted at greater length than usual. As the business of the city increases, this department of our Almanac grows with it. In the number now coming out, there will be a series of Diagrams representing the various Rail-Roads diverging from Boston, with historical sketches of each. These diagrams or maps have been prepared at some considerable expense, and will, together with the Business Directory, form the principal features to the Almanac for 1847. The usual quantity of Miscellaneous Matter will be found in its pages. The covers will be illuminated with some choice specimens of Printing, and the fine large Map of Boston, will be bound up in the volume.

Orders may be sent to Mr. B. B. MUSSEY 29 Cornhill, and to Mr THOMAS GROOM, 82 State st., or to the Proprietor, S. N. DICKINSON, 52 Washington street.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named:

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases; Swelled Joints; and all Venereal diseases; and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in Ahiel City, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchers, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opherlide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with *Messrs Hutchinson or Kendall*, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov17w

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 5, 1846. Assignee.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices by

E. P. & J. N. GOODHUE.

Sun Sept8 54 Central st.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of inestimable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be revelled. Behold it now transferred to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his dreeched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripee,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflammtion of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion Imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache,	Nervous Disorders,
Erysipilas,	Neuralgia,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Stomach, various diseases,
Intermitteet, Remittent,	Whites.
Fever and Ague,	

In all bilious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinery success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise in the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from constipation, which has deranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of, but leave to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERSEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States, of Messachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March.

aly nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:* —Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is thus superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shriak from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

Messrs. Sands: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other.

a&elyaug29c3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDS SYRUP,

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., nearly opposite the Postoffice.) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawa&elyjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla* and *Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Paleness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invelid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I here said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food hug hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngeboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&ptly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, is well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. B. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Grills, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. lys&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of prosecuting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureas of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I feel my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Cullins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N. J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers: John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 835 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, was cured of disease of blood, and sore of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nelson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflammtory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation, incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence, It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us to cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOORE.

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Connecticut, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedie ned obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. F. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass.

sep8 a5m

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies. *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

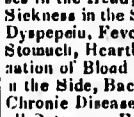
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood; and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jaquith.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carlton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug23a&ptoct14

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 96 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are.

GEO. HEDRICK,
opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by G. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. B. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my29a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 19, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 149.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $1 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 14, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are also not to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

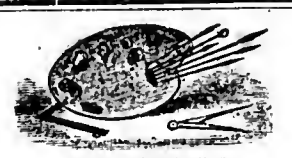
JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shopbills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*

Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sept3

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.

☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass. jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furbished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sept9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
on23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore....LOWELL.*
npt2 6m

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. C. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may2t Insurances effected a&ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOTSE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

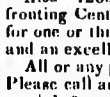
STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

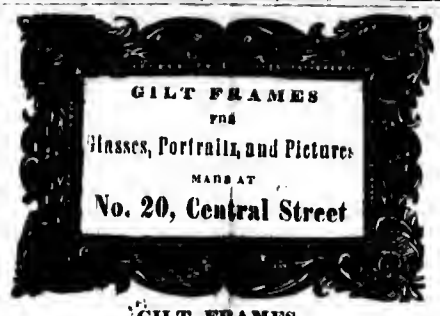
TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Gen. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may14a&ply

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under the Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar17



GILT FRAMES
AND
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings, Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

BOSTON STOVE STORE.
A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.
46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.



Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.



THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*
HATHAWAY STOVE,
embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.
The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.
There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.
46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14 4m H. T. BUTLER.

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oaw3&ply feb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonds added.	Bonds in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy.
			1837	$1088 75	$500 24	$80 00	$2225
			1838	260 06	435 55	67 58	1987
60	$1000	$370 60	1839	808 00	370 45	55 71	1780
			1840	591 85	270 20	39 76	1189
			1841	555 56	247 50	37 54	1136

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., Lowell.
ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec18aTu&Srewly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



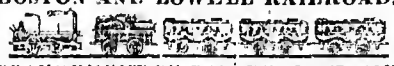
Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7½, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 52 Church st. jy2a&ry

AGRICULTURAL.

HINTS TO FARMERS.

INDIAN CORN. It is an error to plant seed from States further South. In a cold season only the seed of a colder climate will ripen well.

Often breaking up a surface keeps a soil in health; for when it lies in a hard bound state, enriching showers run off and the salubrious air cannot enter.

Weeds exhaust the strength of the ground and if suffered to grow may be called garden sins.

The hand and the hue are the instruments for eradicating weeds; yet if there is room between the rows for a spade it is well to use it.

Never keep your cattle short; few farmers can afford it. If you starve them they will starve you.

It will not do to hoe a great field for a little crop, or to mow twenty acres for five loads of hay. Enrich the land and it will pay for it.—Better farm twenty acres well than forty acres by halves.'

Drive your business before you and it will go easily.

In dry pastures dig for water on the brow of a hill; springs are more frequently near the surface on a hight than in a vale.

Rain is cash to a farmer.

The foot of the owner is the best manure for land.

Cut bushes, that you wish to destroy, in the Summer and with a sharp instrument; they will bleed freely and die.

Sow clover deep; it secures it against the drought,

Never plough in bad weather, or when the ground is very wet.

It is better to cut grain just before it is fully of dead ripe. When the straw immediately below the grain is so dry that on twisting it no juice is expressed, it should be cut, for then there is no further circulation of juices to the ear. Every hour that it stands uncut after this stage is attended with loss.

Accounts should be kept, detailing the expenses and produce of each field.

When an impliment is no longer wanted for the season, lay it carefully aside, but let it be first well cleaned.

Obtain good seed, prepare your ground well, sow early, and pay very little attention to the 'moon.'

Cultivate your own 'heart aright, remember that 'whatsoever a man soweth that will he also reap.'

Do not begin *farming* by building an expensive house, nor erecting a spacious barn till you have something to store in it. Avoid a low and damp site for a dwelling-house. Build sufficiently distant from your barn and stock-yard to avoid accidents by fire, and the effluvia of the barn-yard.

Keep an account of your expenses and earnings. Note all remarkable occurrences on your farm; recording even your errors will be of benefit.

Good fences make good neighbors.

CARE OF YOUNG TREES. Trees that have been set this fall should be protected in some way against the winter winds. When the ground is frozen hard they will stand firm; but before that they need a prop, and in spring they will need the same.

As it is not prudent to keep straw or litter about the trunks through the winter, and as stakes prove injurious by fretting and lacerating the bark, to say nothing of the cost of procuring them; we advise to support them through the winter by a bank of earth, in case the soil is already rich enough, and if it is not, then by a wheelbarrow full of manure that is not so strawy as to invite the mice to make nests. The manure that is made at the sink drain—suds, ashes, and such matter intermixed, is better in such cases than any.

Peat muck is excellent to be intermixed, for it keeps the earth more moist through the succeeding summer than any kind of highland earth; and this muck should be used on setting the trees, but it should be dug long before it is used that it may become fine and mingle readily with the other soil.

On setting young trees, a cavity is often left about the trunk where water stands and freezes. This is injurious to all kinds of trees, and should never be permitted. Earth or manure should always be piled around such trees in the fall if for nothing else but to prevent the accumulation of ice around the roots.

Cattle must not be permitted to approach a young tree. They never trim well and they have no right to meddle with orchards. Hogs are better stock to take care of trees; and even hogs must be watched.

Now is a good time to dig muck to be used next spring when trees are to be set—and now is a leisure time when almost every farmer can procure this material to be used on any of his lands next season—now is not too late if the ground is not too wet.—*Mass. Plough.*

FRUIT.

We are often surprised at the limited knowledge which is possessed by many farmers who spend all their lives in sight of fruit trees, relishing the good kinds of fruit when they find them.

Can any one imagine why a man of fifty acres or one acre, should ever be content to have none but the most ordinary apples and pears for his own family! We venture the assertion that not one farmer in fifty raises good sweet apples for baking to supply his own family for three months in the year. Not one half of our farmers have fruit that would pay the cost of sending to market. Not even apples that will keep through the winter.

And yet we have apples in this State that will keep through the whole year:—sweet apples that are better than any tart pies which can be made up of the most costly ingredients, and with the most skilful labor.

There is a want of knowledge of the means within our reach, and there is a want of attention to the right times and modes of engaging in the business of rendering ourselves independent of foreign countries for the luxuries that we may innocently enjoy. It is almost incredible that so few families in the country have good fruit to eat for half the year.

Farmers still keep alive the old maxim, that he who sets an orchard, sets it for the next generation—that he cannot himself expect to enjoy the fruits of it. Yet the old adage is not now true, whatever might have been its merits in former days. Farmers who are willing to read and to enquire can now be satisfied that in four or five years from the setting of the trees they can have fruits from them—not only from the

peach but from the pear and the apple, and the quince, and the cherry, and the black mulberry, and the grape.

Did farmers and gardners know that many of the wild grapes of our woods are equal to any that we import from foreign countries, would they fail to have them in their gardens? The grape, that innocent fruit, which is borne on vines that ask no aid from the hands of the cultivator—that only takes the liberty to climb on his poles, or trees that can as well support them as to stand without any company.?—*Ploughman.*

☞ A correspondent of the Genesee Farmer, says:—"The best way of banishing rats and mice from mows or bins of grain, and all similar places we have heard of, is scattering the branches of *mentha viridis* or common spearmint about in the mows when picking away grain, or strewing over the bins of grain, racks of apples, &c., exposed to their depredations. We have tried it, so have our neighbors, and found it to be effectual."

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 19, 1846.

Mr Webster's great Speech at Philadelphia.

We propose to refer to this speech only so far as it relates to the war. That Mr Webster is a great man, a man of giant intallect, no one denies. And no person will say, if the course of our government, in relation to the Mexican war, cannot be successfully attacked by him, that it can be by any living man. We think Mr Webster has totally failed in his attempt to show that our government has pursued an unjustifiable course towards Mexico. Let us see how much of a case he makes out against Mr Polk and his advisers. He commences this part of his speech by rather a novel argument, as follows:

But the War, the War. I have been accustomed to mix as far as I am able, with men of all classes, and no doubt your own avocations have led you to do the same. I would ask whether you have ever yet met with a man who avowed the belief, that if Gen Jackson or Mr Van Buren had been at the head of the government, we should ever have had a Mexican war? I certainly have found no such man.

Well, we award to Mr Webster all there is in the very weighty argument, that he never met a man who avowed the belief that if Gen. Jackson or Mr Van Buren had been at the head of the government, we should ever have had a Mexican war! Mr Webster nor any body else, probably ever heard an opinion expressed, either one way or the other, as to whether we should or should not have had a Mexican war if Gen. Jackson or Mr Van Buren had been at the head of government. Who ever thought of saying anything about it? Could not Daniel Webster devise some less far-fetched attempt to excite a prejudice against James K. Polk, than by such a forced and approving allusion to Jackson and Van Buren, upon whom, through his whole life, he has heaped continual abuse. What an object of hate and envy to Mr Webster, President Polk must be! and what a total want of assailable points of attack is acknowledged, when, before he dares commence the assault, he thus hypocritically affects candor and fairness. Daniel Webster compliment Gen. Jackson and Martin Van Buren! But we are not surprised at anything in him, since, in his Patchouge speech he came out a Jeffersonian Democrat!

After this, sort of, exordium, delivered to satisfy his listeners of his sincerity, and the candor and fairness with which he intended to treat the subject of the war, by lugging in and praising Jackson and Van Buren, he gives what he would call a history of the transactions touching the war.

He said there was none who thought less respectfully than he did of the Mexican government. She had in fact nothing that deserved to be called a government. None that acted on the principles of a representative republican government. Such governments as she had possessed had been created by pronunciamentoes in favor of military adventurers, who supplanted each other in rapid succession, while the people were the victims of them all.

The annexation, however, was complete—*the western boundary remained unascertained, as it had been between Texas and Mexico.* This was the state of things when the President began his military movement in that direction.

We have italicised that portion of the above extract which claims the western boundary between Texas and Mexico to have been *unascertained up to the time of annexation.* Though Mr Webster, when Secretary of State, declared the Rio Grande to be the boundary, yet, if it is admitted that the boundary was *unascertained*, then, as the acts of our government are clearly justifiable and proper, we ask that that admission may be remembered, though it is quite a falling off from his former declaration. He goes on to show, at considerable length, that the territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande was *disputed* territory, that neither Texas, nor through annexation, the United States, nor Mexico, had any *ascertained* title—the boundary was unsettled, undetermined, and that neither Mexico nor the United States had an ascertained, settled, perfect right to the territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande—that it should be considered as *disputed* territory.—As we propose to consider this subject on the ground that the boundary was *unascertained*—that the territory was properly *disputed* territory (though the President proves beyond all possibility of question or doubt, that the Rio Grande was and is the boundary, for at least many hundred miles up the river, until it reaches the mountains, far above Matamoras, where our troops were attacked by the Mexicans) we shall not trouble ourself with any of Mr Webster's remarks going to show it to be *disputed* territory.

Mr Webster, having satisfactorily settled, in his own mind, that neither the United States nor Mexico had any ascertained title to the territory between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, charges the President—

1st. That the President directed the occupation of a territory, by force of arms, to which the United States had no ascertained title; a territory which, if claimed by the United States, was also claimed by Mexico, and was at the time in her actual occupation and possession.

2d. That it was the object of our government to take possession, by force, of the disputed territory, and then to treat, if Mexico chose to treat.

As we are to consider the rightful title to this territory as *unascertained*, we must consider the first branch of the first charge as true, to wit: that the President did direct the occupation of the disputed territory; but it will become us to consider under what circumstances, which Mr Webster has carefully avoided giving us. To sustain the latter branch of the first charge, he relies on a letter from the Secretary of War, to which he refers as follows—

On the 8th of July, the Secretary of War wrote to General Taylor, that "this Department is informed that Mexico has some Military *Establishments* on the east side of the Rio Grande, which are and for some time have been in the actual occupancy of her troops."

The fact that Mexico had some Military establishments within the territory, by no means proves that the whole or any considerable portion of the territory, was actually possessed by Mexico. The President's Message shows the territory to be in possession of persons acknowledging only the governments of Texas and the United States. But if we were justified in entering this territory at all, we were neither more nor less so on account of their military establishments, (nor does Mr Webster so pretend) and therefore the question is whether the President did right in ordering our troops upon the territory, the title being *unascertained.* To determine that question, we must review the history of the transactions which led Mr Polk to pass such an order. Long previous to this time, to settle this dispute and all other difficulties between Mexico and the United States, the Mexican government had agreed to receive, and our government had sent, a Minister to that country. The President in his message, states such to be the fact. Mr Webster says—

Up to this time, [October 16, 1845] *and to the 11th of March*, 1846, *Gen Taylor was at Corpus Christi.* The open and decided step was taken on the 18*th of January.* On that day the Secretary of War directed Gen Taylor to march to the Rio Grande, and to take up a position opposite Matamoras. In so doing he is instructed, in case Mexico should declare war, or assume an open act of hostility, not to act merely on the defensive.

So the disputed territory was not entered upon until the 11*th of March*, 1846. Nor was there any intention of taking possession of the territory, if a settlement could be effected without, and hope of that was not so far given up as to order our troops into the territory until January, 1846. The Mexican government agreed to receive our minister, Mr Slidell, to settle this boundary dispute. He went to Mexico—arrived there on the 8th of December, 1845. The Mexican government refused to treat with him or recognize him on the 20th December, 1845. This territory then, was not entered upon, on Mr Webster's own showing, until three months after the Mexican government had refused to receive Mr Slidell, according to their agreement, and by that step refused, and cut off all negotiation about the disputed territory. They refused to receive Mr Slidell and to negotiate on the 20th of December, 1845; not till March 11, 1846, was the first foot set upon ground of *unascertained* title. Now what would Mr Webster have had Mr Polk done? He carefully suppressed the fact, the important, the justifying fact for entering the territory, that it was not entered upon for almost three months after the Mexican government had refused to receive Mr Slidell and settle the boundary, as they had agreed. If, as Mr Webster says, they had already established military posts upon the territory, what in Heaven's name would he have had Mr Polk do, if not take possession after all other means to obtain our rights had been rejected?—When Mr Webster or any other man will point out a better course for Mr Polk to have pursued, then will it be quite soon enough to censure him. But while they show nothing for him to have done, save to yield the territory, submit to the insult of having our minister rejected, and to surrender all the claims we have against them, it can be hardly necessary to do anything more to justify Mr Polk, than state the simple facts of why he ordered the occupation of a territory of *unascertained* title, to wit:—because they agreed to receive a minister to settle all difficulties between the two countries—he was sent—they violated their agreement—refused to receive him—would not settle by negotiation, either the question of boundary or any other difficulty; and that not till three months after these things transpired was occupation of the disputed territory taken. Why, why does Mr Webster and every other man who undertakes to attack the President, never state the fact that the Mexican government refused to settle by negotiation, before the President ordered our forces upon the disputed territory? Because this fact justifies the President's course beyond cavil, whether the territory was ours or whether it was as Mr Webster says it was, *disputed* territory. Mr Webster, though he don't tell the time, nor state it in connection with the fact of Mr Polk's ordering an occupation of the territory, nor as having anything to do with it, says—

But I repeat, gentlemen, I repeat that Mexico is highly unjustifiable in having refused to receive a Minister from the United States.

If Mexico is highly unjustifiable in refusing our Minister, and refusing to negotiate, how was Mr Polk to obtain justice except as he did? This question, Mr Webster nor any other man has attempted to answer. And he evinced his usual smartness in tugging Jackson and Van Buren into the early part of his remarks, and complimenting them, that he might get credit for candor and fairness that he so much needed, as is shown by his suppression of the fact that the *disputed* territory was not entered upon, by our troops, till three months after they refused to settle the boundary, or other questions of dispute.

The second charge that he makes—that it was the object of our government to take possession of the disputed territory and then treat afterwards, if Mexico should choose to treat, is false upon every fact in the history of events that took place previous, and led to this war. The foot of no American soldier was ever set upon disputed territory till three months after every effort to treat with them had been exhausted, and Mr Slidell rejected. How Mr Webster can say, or why he should say, that the object of our government was to first take possession of the disputed territory, and treat afterwards, in face of the above fact, is incomprehensible. If our government had any such object, it was most laggard in making it known, for they gave no order for our troops to go upon the disputed territory until six weeks after the Mexicans had refused to treat, nor did it reach Gen. Taylor so that he could execute it, till three months after. So much for the second charge. Wonder if it is upon this charge that Mr Webster gives his opinion that the President has committed an impeachable offence!

DICKINSON'S BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847 has been laid upon our table by J. E. Short & Co., who have a "few more left." It has a grand map of Boston, and contains much information of value to almost everybody in New England. It has a Boston Business Directory, which makes it very desirable to all country Merchants. It also has diagrams of all the railroads in the State and the towns through which they pass. The statistical information it contains is of much value. That Dickinson got it up is all that need to be said of the mechanical part of the Book.

☞ The Chronotypo pretends to be, as its name signifies "a type of the Times." It characterises every thing as a lie, and if lying is a feature of the times it is actually a type of them, for it lies about every thing.

Municipal Election.

Perhaps no one is disappointed—no one regrets the result of the election last Monday. That we have elected good and capable men to the different branches of the City government, to perform its important functions, is not now to be disputed. I hope for reform in some of our affairs Municipal,—reform in business matters that have become too palpably obnoxious to be silently submitted to by the people. All admit that there is need of reform in the management of our Streets—our Schools—our paupers—our police and our finances. The ward nominations were made in view partly of these reforms, and shall we have them? Wait and see, certainly; I would not hastily urge these things, nor volunteer to chalk out a path to be pursued by the intelligent members that will compose our next city government; still I claim the privilege—the right of a citizen to speak of these matters, however premature it may be considered.

The people have made a popular and almost entire change of the elective officers in the City, and the same people now expect the administration of the City affairs to be conducted with energy, promptness and liberality, tempered by wisdom, as shall best promote the interests of the whole. If there are men filling subordinate stations in the City Government whose ignorance, willfulness or any incapacity disqualifies them to fill such situations in an acceptable manner, then should they not be re-elected. Do not let the tax payers suffer,—as there is reason to believe they have in past years, by the awkward blunders and bad management of any man, or number of men; however determinedly backed up and recommended by interested friends.—That the city finances have been wasted by the inefficiency of some of her subordinates cannot be controverted. I trust that for the coming Municipal year, we shall be favored with a Government that will pursue a policy of "even handed justice," to correct abuses and establish good and wholesome regulations for reform in matters that have become too plainly obvious.

The writer of the above is much more familiar with our Municipal affairs and the management of them than we can pretend to be. There are delinquencies and gross blunders charged generally, in the foregoing communication, of which we must own ourselves wholly ignorant. The specification of these cases wherein the tax-payers have been made to suffer would be more satisfactory to the people than a broad statement that such has been the fact, without pointing out the particular instances. Will our friend specify?

Foster and Abby Kelly before the Abolitonists

Last evening, at City Hall, these noted reformers delighted the Abolitionists. Foster took up most of the time, and Abby said but a few words—as near as we could understand she offered to prove that the people of Lowell were slave-holders, but as it was rather late when she commenced, and the audience beginning to retire, she concluded to postpone till to-night; so the slaveholders of Lowell may look out for an unmerciful castigation. She will hold forth at Anti-slavery Hall.

Foster who occupied most of the evening, proposed to prove that either Polk or Clay, he didn't care which, he would take whichever was the most popular, was a liar, thief, adulterer, manstealer, murderer and a pirate, and guilty of all the crimes enumerated in the commandments. He took Clay, as the most popular man among the abolitionists here. After finishing up Clay, he told the audience that he had thought Lowell folks were not quite so bad as he had made out Clay, but on reflection he had changed his mind. He complained bitterly that he could not obtain a meeting-house to lecture in, and had there been no more Christianity in the City Government than in the Church, he would not have had the privilege of lecturing at all.

☞ The VOX POPULI suggests that a Lecture before the Institute by Capt. Paul R. George would be very interesting, and hopes he may accept an invitation, and thereby gratify many who are anxious to hear him. Capt. George is a man of much penetration, and has a perfect knowledge of man. He is a man of the cleverest observation, wholly original and perhaps we might say somewhat eccentric. Having of late travelled through the Great West, beyond where we have much knowledge, he might give a very instructive and entertaining Address upon his travels there; or should he select any other subject, we doubt not he would make it highly interesting. We should be happy to hear him and hope we may. Can he be induced to gratify many who are earnest in their wishes to hear him?

☞ IT IS RUMORED—That it is designed by the Government to apply to Congress for the creation of the office of Lieutenant-General, which is to be conferred on the Hon. Thomas H. Benton. This rank devolves upon him the supreme command, and the plan of operation after the taking of Vera Cruz—which is not doubted. The three divisions of the army from Tampico, Vera Cruz, and whatever point Gen. Taylor's force will have reached, will be ordered to advance and concentrate on the city of Mexico. There assembled, the Lieutenant-General will assume the civil functions of a Commissioner, authorized to propose terms of peace, and to negotiate the basis of a treaty. Such is the skeleton of a plan to bring the war to a close.

☞ Taking a whig view of the matter, what a set of miserable scoundrels the sons of our great whig politicians must be. Webster's sons are engaged or are to be engaged in the war, so are Clay's, Crittendens, &c. Now we learn from the Courier, that a son of Deacon Abbott, Representative from this, the third district, is enlisting a company for the war! Verily if these great men cannot govern their own children, should they be trusted to the Government of the Country.

PROGRESS OF CONSCIENCE. A Vermont paper, the Journal, whig—refuses to publish the President's Message. The editor is probably son of the gentleman who would not teach his children the decalogue because it contained, he said, personal allusions.

SUICIDE. Mr Thomas Wright of the firm of Relyea & Wright committed suicide in Albany last Wednesday by cutting his throat. Mental alienation causing him to believe himself poor when in fact he was quite wealthy, was the cause of the act. He was in his 50th year and left a wife and five children.

☞ Capt. Webster's Company was mustered into service last Thursday—they are quartered, in Pitts Street, Boston.

☞ A bit of Scandal has been afloat for the last day or two, the facts of which can be told for the mirth of our readers, yea for their laughter, as the man in the play says, without giving the actors in the farce any undue or unpleasant notoriety. At a fashionable Hostelry—the location of which is nobody's business—has sojourned for some weeks back a rich planter and his family, consisting of two daughters and one Don Juanish sort of a juvenile, about as ardent as a southern sun can make a youth of 21, and at the same house a foreigner of distinction—nineteenth cousin to some of the petty German princes—also resides. This gentleman has a wife who is attended by as pretty a specimen of a Parisian *demoiselle de toilette*, as ever coquetted on the Boulevards or any where else. The young Southerner became smitten with the black eyes of the demoiselle, and at length determined upon the hazardous experiment of sending her what Hoots at the Swan calls "a *little Billy*." Mamzelle, either to make her lady a confidant of her triumph, or else in a *fit of* virtuous indignation, shewed "the little Billy" to Countess. Of course the latter was full of virtuous indignation, and determined upon inflicting a most signal punishment upon the profligate youth. Full of this wise resolve, she took possession of 'little Billy,' and enjoined her Abigail to secrecy and to comply with the request of the writer, which was to give him a private interview at a very late hour of the night, in a special apartment, and to signify her acquiescence by affixing 'out' on the door. The hour of the youth's happiness arrived—the corridors of the hotel were in silence, and leaden dulness flapped his heavy wing around all the dormitories, when the Southern juvenile might have been seen on tiptoe entering the apartment he had pointed out to his fair enslaver. But judge of his surprise when, instead of the sparkling eyes and cherry lips of Mademoiselle greeting him affectionately, he found himself face to face with her distinguished mistress. Now, what followed at this interview must remain one of the mysteries of this mysterious city. Such of our readers as are severe on youthful indiscretion, and whose blood is cool enough to wait upon the judgment, can imagine the high born matron's severe reproaches at the imprudent juvenile who would thus wantonly tamper with the affections of a *demoiselle de toilette*, and dare to lull in love with the maid instead of ——; and such of them as are of a more ardent temperament, or have dwelt where summer's sun and summer women smile may imagine—just what they please—for our poor part, if we did happen to know anything, we would say—*nothing.*—*N. Y. True Sun.*

DEDICATION. The new and beautiful church on Kirk street, erected by the 5th Congregational Society in Lowell, was dedicated to the worship of Almighty God last evening with appropriate services.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable state of the weather every seat in the church was filled. The services were as follows:

1st. Voluntary and Anthem.

2d. Introductory prayer by Rev. Mr Hanks of the John street church.

3d. Hymn.

4th. Reading of the Scriptures by Rev. Mr Burnap of the 2d Congregational church.

5th. Dedicatory prayer by Rev. Mr Atkinson of the 4th church.

6th. Hymn.

7th. Sermon by the Pastor, Rev. Mr Blanchard.—Text—Psalm 77th, 13th verse: "Thy way, O God, is in the Sanctuary.

8th. Concluding prayer by Rev Mr Child of the 1st church.

9th, Anthem by the choir.

10th. Benediction.

The services were conducted with great solemnity and the congregation appeared to take a deep interest in them. The sermon, by the Pastor, was an able effort, one which we think would fully sustain the reputation of Mr Blanchard, of being one of the first Divines in the State, of the Orthodox denomination.

The church is a very beautiful edifice and is of a different order from any which we have in Lowell, a full description of which we may publish hereafter.—The new Organ is one of great power, and a musical friend informed us that it is of very superior excellence. The singing was very fine. In addition to the persons who compose the Choir of the new Society, we noticed Miss Wight, and Mr and Mrs Metcalf, present, whose valuable aid added greatly to the excellence of the singing.—*Courier.*

CAUTION TO TEAMSTERS. Teamsters should not allow children to ride upon their sleds. The danger of broken legs is not the only evil attending it.—During the severe cold of last Tuesday, a little boy of not more than four years old got upon a sled, and rode nearly out of the village; when the driver took him off. The poor little fellow did not know the way home, and he could only tell his own name. We encountered him in the hands of a lad who was playing the philanthropist to the best of his abilities. He was very thinly clad, without a mitten to his hands, and he was suffering intensely with the cold. We took him into our office to warm him and provide means for getting him comfortably to his home. He bore the cold like a little hero, till he began to feel the effects of the fire. However we warmed him up, and having wrapped him in a *printer's blanket*, our young philanthropist soon found an owner for him—greatly to the relief of the wanderer and his alarmed parents.—*Nashua Telegraph.*

☞ Hon. Isaac H. Wright's Company, says the Times, is full. To-day it will meet at the corner of Chesnut and Atkinson streets, for choice of officers, and on Monday it will meet for the purpose of being mustered into the service.

A STREET FIGHT—came off in Richmond, Va., Monday last, Mr. Charles T. Botts, Editor of the Standard, and Mr. John Lambert, son of the Mayor parties. Thirteen shots were fired, and all the damage done was a trifling flesh wound in Botts' hip.

ANOTHER REGIMENT from the Key Stone State. Gov. Shunk has received a requisition from the Secretary of War calling for *another* regiment of volunteers, to go as soon as practicable to Mexico. Rendezvous at Philadelphia.

COMMON COUNCIL—WARD FIVE. Mr Charles M. Short, the regular whig candidate, was chosen on Thursday, in the Fifth Ward, to fill the vacancy. The vote was for Mr Short, 97; for H. G. F. Corliss, 78.

A PROPHECY. The editor of the Courier will find that he has cut his own hamstrings by his course on the Mexican War.

GETTING READY. A portion of the bomb shells ordered by the government from the foundry at West Troy, were sent forward Friday week by the Columbia.

☞ Primary lessons in Physology for children, by Mrs Jane Taylor, containing explanatory cuts may be found at Merrill & Heywood's.

☞ There appears to be no doubt of the prompt payment of the February interests on the State debt of Pennsylvania.

CHARADE. My first is bad; my second is bad; my whole is the name of a celebrated traveller.—*Courier.*

Answer: *Sinbad.*

☞ It is said that more than two thirds of Mexico is in the possession of the Americans.

☞ The Messrs. Harper, it is stated, are about to issue a weekly newspaper in New York City.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON Dec. 16 1846.

Senate.—On motion of Mr. Turney the military Committee was instructed to inquire the expediency of allowing volunteers discharged in consequence of sickness, full pay for the term of their enlistment. Mr. Crittenden on leave introduced a bill to improve the navigation on Western rivers. The President's message was taken up to be referred to appropriate committees. Mr. Westcott moved that so much of the message as refers to the organization of territorial governments in conquered provinces in Mexico, be referred to the *Committee on Territories.* Mr. Sevier moved its reference to the Committee on *Foreign Affairs.* Mr Benton said there was no such thing in the message, and asked Mr Westcott to withdraw his motion. Mr. Westcott declined. A spirited debate ensued between Messrs. Benton and Westcott.

The Senate proceeded to elect a Chaplain and on the second ballot the Rev. Mr. Slicer was elected.

House.—Petitions and memorials were presented. Mr Pollock moved a suspension of the rules to introduce a resolution instructing the committee of ways and means to bring in a bill to repeal the Tariff of '46 and to remodel the Tariff of '42.—Lost. 73 yeas to 110 nays. The Committee resumed consideration of the President's message and proceeded to refer it in Committee of the whole. Mr. Gentry opposed the message, declared the President made the war. &c.

Mr Kennedy of Indiana followed in defence of the President and the war. Mr Hudson reviewed and opposed the message. The Committee rose.

Police Court.

Joseph Low, Daniel Martin and *John Caughlin* were examined on complaint of City Marshall, before Judge Crosby, for breaking open, some weeks since, Mr Brastow's jewelry store and stealing therefrom in the night time a large quantity of watches and jewelry. They were severally bound over in the sum of $1000. A part of the property has been recovered.—They were detected by one of the watches being offered for sale in New Bedford where an advertisement had been sent describing it.

A SERMON AGAINST IDOLATRY. In the course of last week, says the Courier des Etats Unis, a minister from the country, whom chance or business had brought to New York, stopped in passing down Barclay street, before the house of Mr Stevens built in Egyptian style. The sight of the sphinx and of the sculptured figures which ornamented its facade excited in the honest man a feeling of indignation which was more creditable to his Puritanism than his knowledge. Very soon a crowd assembled around him, and, in his saintly anger the minister commenced a sermon in the open air against worshippers of idols and those idolaters who consecrate their houses to the adoration of false gods. Finally he departed wiping his brow and doubtless praying Heaven not to launch its celestial fire upon the New Yorkers who allow such abominations within their their walls. We add, says the Courier, with the journal from which we copy this fact, "And these are they who explain to the people the sublime truths of religion."—*Transcript.*

ILLNESS OF MR. POE. We are exceedingly pained to learn the continued indisposition of this talented gentleman. He, as well as his wife, are said to be at this moment suffering from pulmonary affections, which will, probably, soon consign them to the dark and silent grave, and it is also stated that pecuniary distress hangs heavy upon the family of this talented writer. Let not the declining sun of the author of the "Raven," thus be clouded. When the shadowing wing of Azrael throws its gloom upon the eye of genius there is no reflection so bitter, as that the loved and cherished suffer from the sorrowing dispensation, and that the necessaries of existence are forbidden to the wife of one's bosom. There are thousands in this city who would never miss what would now smooth the narrow pathway of one of our country's most gifted sons. Shall the boon be withheld?—*New York Globe.*

JENNY LIND. This young singer of Sweden, according to *on-dits*, is refusing many brilliant offers of professional engagements in many parts of the continent. A French paper is said to give the reasons as follows:

"Jenny Lind declares that she does not love the theatre; that she is only waiting to assure herself of her fortune to retire from the stage as soon as possible. If she does not love the theater it she is not fond of the stage—if, in fact, she likes neither her talent, her face, nor her glory, then does she tacitly admit the truth of that which is said of her in Vienna and Berlin, that she loves a young Swedish Protestant minister, an evangelical pastor, and that she will marry him so soon as she can bring to him a marriage portion sufficiently large to insure the prosperity and affluence of the remainder of their days. It is only love that sacrifices all possessions, and yet remains ignorant of the sacrifice."

Another account says: Jenny Lind is expected, at the termination of her present engagement, to retire to Sweeden, and bestow her hand on a young Norwegian nobleman, to whom, it is said, she is betrothed, and will quit the stage, at all events for a time. The fair *cantatrice* is not yet of age.

THE NEW YORK GLOBE—*new arrangement.*—The undersigned having formed a copartnership in business, (to take effect on the first day of January next) the DAILY AND WEEKLY GLOBE will, from and after that time, be published by them, under the firm of CHILDS & HYATT, as proprietors, and under the editorial charge of T. HART HYATT, one of the proprietors, (and formerly editor of the *Rochester Daily Advertiser.*) *The Globe* will then be enlarged, and appear in an entire new dress, and no necessary pains or expense will be spared to make it, as a desirable advertising channel, as well as a medium of early and correct general intelligence, equal to any paper in the city of New York.—*N. Y. Globe.*

LOVE AND BATHING. Somebody once said—it makes no odds who, for it is a pretty simile, and perhaps quite true—that he had often remarked that young ladies take love as they take sea-bathing; some timidly put in one foot, then with a shiver and a look of apprehension, but in a second, then they do no more than have a trembling curtsy in the water, the element sometimes scarcely reaching the region of the heart, and then with a squeel they run to dry hand as soon as possible, and shivering, cry "how cold it is!" Others again, shutting their seraphic eyes to the dangers of the deep, souse in head over ears, and rising with a Naiad's glow upon their faces, declare the sea "delicious."

BOWLING ALLEYS. In the Municipal Court, yesterday, Judge Cushing ruled that the keeping of a place resorted to for the purpose of playing at bowles or ninepins, for lucre and gain of the person so maintaining it, was a nuisance, and as such was indictable at common law. According to the decision of the Supreme Court, the game of bowles and ninepins, is an unlawful game within the meaning of the Revised Statutes, Chapter 50, section 17, and therefore one who is not licensed as an innholder is liable to indictment, if he for hire, gain or reward, suffer persons to resort to a building actually used or occupied by him, for the purpose of playing at bowles or ninepins.—*Tr.*

☞ Why is the Major like a guide-board? Cause why—he points the way (to Mexico) but does not go in it himself.—*Watchman.*

Berry well. Now we'll ax you one columbian.—The Watchman was against the country in the last war and is against it now:—why is it like a guide-board? Cause why—it always points the same way.—*Vermont Telegraph.*

☞ The sleighing and wheeling are both good, just now. Tuesday night, the thermometer indicated 18°. The Merrimack is closed fast with ice; water very low, a premonitory symptom, doubtless, of a "January thaw."—*Hills Pat.*

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OR THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution restored and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill! If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "UNSURPASSABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping pustular night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—We caution to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are RED. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN. also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 155 Court St., Boston.

6 ep15 A&rly31

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no desire to deprive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do we wish to eulogize it more than it justly deserves.—Yet when we look around and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genuine, as "Phœnix Balsam of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Country, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Brandreth Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Brandreth Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In Hudson, on Saturday, the 12th inst., by the Rev. Leroy Church, Joseph C. Neal, of Philadelphia, editor of Neal's Saturday Gazette, to Emily B. Bradley of that city.

In Concord, N. H., Dec 17th, by Rev. Mr Tibbles, Ephraim B. Putch, Esq., of Lowell, to Miss Sara H., daughter of Robert Morse, Esq., of Romney, N. H.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 18th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES L. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, cabinet, maker an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the second day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 19th A3t

CHRISTMAS.

GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT.

MR. I. N. METCALF respectfully informs his friends and the public, that his annual Concert will take place at the CITY HALL, on Friday Evening, Dec. 25, 1846; on which occasion he will be assisted by his musical friends of Lowell and Boston.

Particulars next week. dec19

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, 3 1 story immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. BUTLER, Esq., and A. W. FARR, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage.

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

☞ The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in every department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish. TERMS MODERATE.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. a3m

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.*

No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St nov

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentlemen's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. d1s3in.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

1y LOWELL, MASS.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Prentice. Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St.

MEDICAL LECTURES,

BY DR. BADGER,—Commencing on Saturday Evening, Dec. 19th, and continued on the evenings of the 22d, 26th, 28th and 29th at the City Hall, at 7 o'clock,—in which the Dr. proposes to describe a perfectly scientific process for the cure of every curable Disease, notwithstanding Dr Jackson said "*Medicine has never yet been studied as a Science.*"

FIRST LECTURE—*Free.*

The Dr. will first give a brief history of the science of Medicine—note some of its most prominent Professors, as Hippocrates, Celsus Galen, Harvey and many others—then compare the Medical Science with other Sciences, and describe the different ways which Nature takes to prevent and remove Diseases, and how she accomplishes the object.

SECOND LECTURE.

Showing conclusively that neither Minerals, Chemical preparations, or Poisons, of any kind ever assisted *Nature* to remove, scientifically, a single disease from our system.

THIRD LECTURE.

The Dr will show the *adaptation* of Medicines to the human system, and describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. Then prove that it is never necessary, in any *possible* case, to *amputate* a limb in order to *save* life. Let the scientific Physicians give a case if he can!

FOURTH LECTURE.

Show the use of Vapor Bathing and the Shower Bath—Describe some curious experiments in physiology—and treat of two prominent diseases, Dyspepsia and Inflammatory Fever.

FIFTH LECTURE.

The Dr will treat of Typhus fever, show its pathology and Physiology with paintings as large as life, and colored to Nature. And will also describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. After which, the Dr. will demonstrate any other disease which may be named.

☞ Let every scientific person in Lowell and elsewhere be present and see if the Dr. *sustains* his positions, or *refute* them if they can.

☞ All the positions will be open for discussion.

Tickets for the course 37 1-2 cents—single tickets, after the first evening, 12 1-2 cents each lecture.

These Lectures are intended for Ladies as well as gentlemen. a3t

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public Schools in this city will take place as follows, viz.

The Primary schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar schools will be examined on Monday the 28th inst, as follows, viz:

No 1 (Mr Balch's,) and No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock.—No 2, (Mr Gates',) No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.; and No 7, (Mr Fowler's,) at half past one o'clock, and No 5, (Mr Chadbourn's) and No. 8 (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High school will be examined on TUESDAY the 29th inst, in the forenoon as follows viz.—The Male Department at 9 o'clock, and the Female Department at half past 10 o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst at half past one o'clock, P. M.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary,

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National spelling Book; and read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography

Lowell, Dec 12, 1846 atf.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 10th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of FRANCIS JOHNSTON, of Lowell, in said county, tinplate worker, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Johnston will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY, the twenty-first day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Johnston and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec 12 a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDRESS, (Post Paid,)
H. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1mdec3

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotint engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Bouquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Bouquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
nov14 23 Central St.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.
Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. a4 dec 30.

SLEIGHS FOR SALE.

FOUR first rate, common single sleighs, entirely new never ran an inch, except from the Manufacturers to this city, inquire at

Dec 15 a3w. L. B. NORRIS stable Prescott st.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shodrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need any introduction to them through the public press—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and because the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy an article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole nation and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or lumbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&rly dec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&elydec5

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 81 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH!*

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 81 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,
31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

ECLECTIC moral Philosophy, prepared for literary institutions, and general use by Rev. T. R. Boyd A. M. Boswell's Life of Johnson, with a journal of a tour to the Hebrides and copious additional notes, by J. M. Crocker L. L. D. Beauties of England's History, with numerous wood cuts.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John street.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

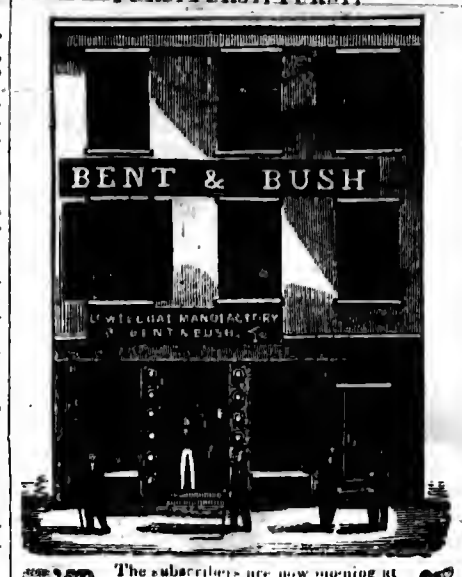
Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co., is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMNETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.

Lowell Dec 8th 1846. A3T.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at the HAT, CAP and FUR Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Natria, Muskrat, (Otter Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Natria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Wild and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, Germain Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next to none to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department completed with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BEST & BUSH.

4cf

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK STS.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case while black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN; a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety:
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

nov10 a pt f

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydropathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.

Lowell dec. 12 1846. a3t.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S. C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smith, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Street.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor (but, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY; the nineteenth day of December, inst, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3T

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOEN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment.—Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land is most rapidly advancing in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY B. C. SHAPLEIGH:

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At the Wentworth Hall:

Elegant Alabaster and Marble Statuary, and Mantle Ornaments, just imported from Italy by F. Chickey of the firm of Chickey & Gary, Boston; to be sold without reserve on WEDNESDAY next, Dec 23d; at 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M. and in the Evening. Comprising by far the largest and most valuable assortment ever offered in this city.

(Particulars hereafter.) Open for Exhibition on Tuesday P. M. and Evening. Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine.

Statuary. Busts Mantle Ornaments, &c.

On TUESDAY next, Dec. 22, at 10, and 2 o'clock. The assortment comprises all the varieties ever offered in this market, besides a great number of new and beautiful figures and ornaments never offered before.

Particulars hereafter

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to B. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next; to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Sprelle Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchers, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which selections can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson & Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov17a3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

a3w

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov28a1m

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transferred to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Great Nation to o power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour; all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an irreconcivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his desciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenint agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this covertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever.
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Utine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsin,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache.	Nervous Disorders,
Erysipilas,	Neuralgia,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Stomach, various diseases,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Whites.
Fever and Ague,	

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this billious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, I shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantage that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarl testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March. ALY may 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when dilute according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in power and value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P 1yaug29v3t

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., exactly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lawn&olvjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine.—The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in town where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00 apr4 ads&parly

---

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agues in the Breast and Face, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect ease of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec15

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure scated the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, N J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Small Pox. A. N. Clapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation, incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligle servant, S. S. JAMESON,

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

---

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
je11a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

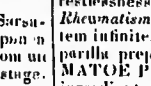
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and as the reform a preventive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&aptoct144

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Pianno-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central-Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 22, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 150.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 48, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT.
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. jet8a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER
A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. 1fnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&rtf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch9

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

L. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, TIVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order. ISAAC W. BANGS, DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } Vice Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM C. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmar1



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Gluss Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, near the *City Hall*,
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
*Office—2t, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store....*LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aty *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances effected a&rty

J. J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advty3mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his puplis, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a certain cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, books, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 aly

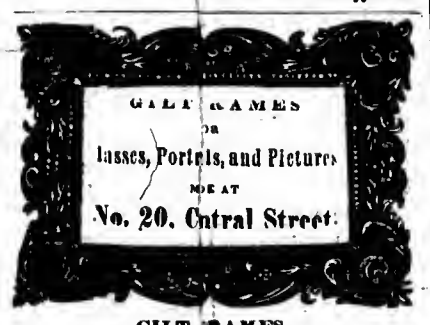
IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; also, scratches, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horse cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co. and L. N. Tower. may14a&rly



PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, a the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and signal has been their success, and highly are they recommended by those who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them a generous and enlightened publin a more extended scale, and at price which renders them in the per of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient prior of the blood. In these Bitters its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleaning of the system, whereby it is speedily restored its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at C. S. Eaman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 6 cents per bottle.
Anov19&rly jon29



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

GREAT JUST PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE
First American, from the 2d and Last London Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Gude, "*o Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. onwa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL.—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the congersion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

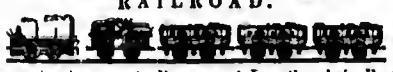
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
			1837	$1068 75	$509 24	$30 06	$1295
			1838	90 .8	435 58	67 53	1987
60	$5000	$370 80	1839	3 0 00	370 45	55 76	1780
			1840	561 85	270 20	38 70	1482
			1841	565 56	247 50	37 54	1384

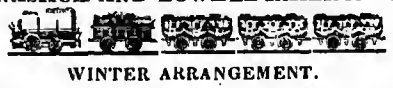
The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec19 a Tu&Sprwly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



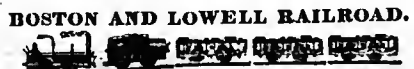
Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Canter Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Bostoo at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.
Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerico, and Tewkesbury, or Wilmingtoo; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood *at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style; without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 56 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 206 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 178 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 107 Visille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&rly

Personal Appearance and Character OF ALL THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

BY EDWIN WILLIAMS.

Monroe.

Mr Monroe was tall and well formed, being six feet in stature, with light complexion and blue eyes. His countenance had no indications of superior intellect, but an honesty and firmness of purpose which commanded respect, and gained favor and friendship. He was laborious and industrious, and doubtless compensated, in some degree, by diligence, for slowness of thought and want of imagination. His talents, however, were respectable, and he was a fine specimen of the old school of Virginia gentlemen—generous, hospitable, and devoted to his country, which he did not hesitate to serve to the utmost of his ability, through a long life, and his career was highly honourable, useful and worthy of admiration.

The administration of Mr Monroe was eminently prosperous and advantageous to the nation. At no period in our history has party spirit been so much subdued, and the attention of the national legislature more exclusively devoted to objects of public benefit.

Though, in the course of his public life, Mr Monroe had received from the public treasury for his services, $385,000, he retired from office deeply in debt. He was however, relieved at last by the adjustment, by congress of his claims founded chiefly on the disbursements made during the war.

John Quincy Adams.

Mr. Adams is of middle stature; his eyes dark and piercing, his countenance pleasing, and beaming with intelligence; his manners rather reserved and distant. He has always led the most active life, and enjoyed good health; and accustomed from his youth to habits of early rising and constant improvement of his mind in literary and scientific knowledge, he is at this day considered one of the most, (if not the most,) accomplised scholars in America.

The private charadter of Mr. Adams has always been above reproach, in his intercourse with his fellow men, and in all the various duties of a long life. Without any uncommon professions, he has uniformly shown a great respect for the Christian religion, and, like his father, given a preference to the doctrines of the Unitarian church.

In March, 1829, Mr. Adams retired to private life, (from the Presidency,) carrying with him the esteem of his political friends, and the respect of his opponent, who generally gave him the credit of good intentions, however they might have differed with him in his views of public policy.

But the people of his own immediate neighborhood were not willing to allow him to remain long in retirement. In 1830 he was elected to represent the district in which he resided, in the Congress of the United States, and the following year, namely, in December 1831, he took his seat in the House of Representatives, at Washington City, being then in the 65th year of his age, and having already passed about forty years in the public service. In the National Legislature he has taken the stand to which eminent talents and distinguished services fully entitle him. The confidence of his constituents has been manifested by seven re-elections to the House of which he has now been a member fourteen years. [Mr. A. has since been re-elected for another term, Nov. 1846.]

He has taken an active part in debate on nearly every topic of public interest, and his speeches have been frequently marked with the most fervid eloquence, and with that stern and peculiar independence which has characterised his whole life.

The subject of this memoir is now in his eighlieth year, and although "his eye is dim, and his natural force somewhat abated," he was, at the session of Congress, still found at his post in the public service, where, like the Earl of Chatham, it may be expected his mortal career will finally close.

Jackson.

The personal appearance and private character of General Jackson, are thus described by his friend and biographer, Mr. Eaton, previous to his election to the Presidency:—

"In the person of General Jackson is perceived nothing of the robust and elegant. He is six feet and an inch high, remarkably straight and spare, and weighs not more than one hundred and forty-five pounds. His conformation appears to disqualify him for hardship; yet accustomed to it from early life, few are capable of enduring fatigue to the same extent, or with less injury. His dark blue eyes, with brows arched and slightly projecting, possess a marked expression; but when from any cause excited, they sparkle with peculiar lustre and penetration. In his manners he is pleasing—in his address commanding; while his countenance, marked with firmness and decision, beams with a strength and intelligence that strikes at first sight. In his department there is nothing repulsive. Easy, affable, and familiar, he is open and accessible to all. Influenced by the belief that merit should constitute the only difference in men, his attention is equally bestowed on honest poverty as on titled consequence. His moral character is without reproach, and by those who know him most intimately he is most esteemed. Benevolence in him is a prominent virtue. He was never known to pass distress without seeking to assist and relieve it."

The violence of political strife will long confuse men's judgement of the character and abilities of General Jackson; but all will accord to him the praise of great firmness, energy, decision, and disinterestedness; of remarkable military skill, and ardent patriotism. With regard to his qualifications and services as a statesman, his countrymen have been and are divided in opinion. It is perhaps not yet time to speak decisively on this point, but it must be left for the impartial verdict of posterity.

Van Buren.

The following notice of the person and character of Mr Van Buren, is from his life, by Professor Holland; written, of course, with all the partiality of friendship:—

"In personal appearance, Mr. Van Buren is about the middle size; his form is erect, (and formerly slender, but now inclining to corpulence,) and is said to be capable of great endurance. His hair and eyes are light, his features animated and expressive, especially the eye, which is indicative of quick apprehension and close observation; his forehead exhibits in its depth and expansion, the marks of great intellectual power. The physiognomist would se-

cord to him penetration' quickness of apprehension,tand benevolence of disposition. The phrenologist would and onusual reflective faculties, firmness and caution.

The private character of Mr Van Buren is above all censure or sospicion. In the relation of father and son, of husband, brother,and friend he has always displayed those excellences of character and feeling which adorn human nature. Extending our view to the larger circle of his personal friends, rarely has any man won a stronger hold upon the confidence and affection of those with whom he has been connected.—The purity of his motives, his integrity of character, and the steadiness of his attachment,have always retained for him the warm affection of many even among the ranks of his political opponents.

The ease and frankness of his manners, his felicitous powers of conversation, and the general amiableness of his feelings, render him the ornament of the social circle. Uniting in his character, firmness and forbearance,habitual self-respect and a delicate regard for the feelings of others; neither the perplexities of legal practice nor the cares of public life,nor the annoyance of party strife, have ever been able to disturb the serenity of his temper, or to derange for a moment the equanimity of his deportment. He has with equal propriety mingled in the free Intercourse of private life, and sustained the dignity of official station."

The great event of Mr Van Buren's administration, (says a writer in the Democratic Review,) by which it will hereafter be known and designated, is the *divorce of bank and state*,in the fiscal affairs of the federal government, and the return, after half a century of deviation, to the original design of the Constitution.

The same writer informs us that Mr Van Buren remarked to a friend, previous to writing his message recommending the independent treasury:—"We cannot know how the immediate convulsion may result, but the people will at all events, eventually come right, and posterity at least will do me justice. Be the present issue for good or for evil, it is for posterity that I will write this message."

Harrison.

General Harrison was tall and slender. Although he never had the appearance of possessing a robust constitution, yet, such had been the effects of habitual activity and temperance, that few men at his age enjoyed so much bodily vigour. He had a fine dark eye, remarkable for its keenness, fire and intelligence, and his face was strongly expressive of the vivacity of his mind, and the benevolence of his character.

The most remarkable traits of General Harrison's character, and those by which he was distinguished throughout his whole career,were his disinterestedness, his regard for the rights and comforts of others, his generous disposition, his mild and forbearing temper, and his plain, easy, and unostentatious manner.

He had a most intimate knowledge of the history, and foreign and domestic policy of the United States, and from the moderation of his political views and feelings as a party man although firm, frank, and consistent, he was well calculated for the high station to which he was elevated, and which it is believed he would have filled with ability, and to the satisfactinn of the public, during his presidential term, had his life been spared. His talents, although, perhaps,not of the highest order, were very respectable, and united with an accurate knowledge of mankind, enabled him to acquit himself well in the various public stations to which he was called. He was a bold and eloquent orator; and he has left on record numerous evidences of his literary acquirements, besides his correspondence and public papers.

Tyler.

Mr. Tyler is rather tall and thin, with light complexion, blue eyes and prominent features. His manners are plain and affable, and in private life he is amiable, hospitable and courteous. His errors as a politician are ascribed, by some to a want of judgment, to an inordinate vanity, and the influence of bad advice; to which may be added, extreme obstinacy in persisting in opinions once formed, without regard to consequences.

There can be no doubt that Mr. Tyler mistook his position in attempting to act with the whig party, and in accepting their nomination for one of the highest offices in the nation, which by the dispensation of Providence, placed him in the presidential chair, clothed with the power and patronage of that high station. That the whigs also acted without due reflection, in his nomination is alike evident; and from these two causes flowed the consequences which resulted on the one side, in the embarrassment, difficulties and the total loss of popularity of the president with both the great parties of the country; and, on the other side, bitter disappointment on the part of the whigs.

Polk.

President Polk is of middle stature, with a full angular brow, and a remarkable quick and penetrating eye. The expression of his countenance is grave, but its serious cast is often relieved by a peculiar pleasant smile, indicative of the amenity of his disposition. The amiable character of his private life, which has ever been upright and pure, secures to him the esteem and friendship of all who have the advantage of his acquaintance.

Few public men have pursued a firmer or more consistent course than Mr Polk, in adhering to the democratic party, in every vicissitude. In 1837, when all his colleagues of the Tennessee delegation, in the House of Representatives; determined to support Judge White, of that state, as the successor of Gen. Jackson, for the presidency, he incurred the hazard of losing his popularity throughout the state by avowing his unalterable purpose not to separate from the great body of the democratic party, in the presidential election. He therefore became identified with the friends of Mr. Van Buren in Tennessee in 1836, where Judge White received the vote of the state by a popular majority of over nine thousand.

Mr. Polk entered upon the stormy career of politics in 1823, when he was chosen to represent his country in the state legislature. He was for successive years a member of that body where his ability in debate, and talents for business at once gave him representation. In August 1825, being then in his thirtieth year, Mr. Polk was chosen to represent his district in Congress, and took his seat in the national councils in December following. In December 1835 he was chosen speaker of the House, and again chosen to that station in 1837. After a service of thirteen years in Congress, he declined a re-election in 1839. In August of that year he was elected Governor of Tennessee, and served for the constitutional term of two years. He was twice a candidate for re-election, but defeated. On the 29th of May, 1844, Mr Polk received the nomination of the Democratic national convention for President of the United States. To this high office he was elected in the same year.

(Concluded.)

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING DEC. 22, 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR CONGRESS.

[*Election, Monday, Decewber 28th.*]

District No. 2, GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 4, FREDERICK ROBINSON.

Abby Kelly and her husband,Mr Foster, again addressed the citizens of Lowell, Sabbath evening, at City Hall, and are still continuing from night to night, to address as many people as can be jammed into a little seven by nine room, as Foster called it, known as Anti Slavery Hall. Sunday night, the City Hall was crammed, and a great many persons went away for want of room. Like ourself,most went from curiosity and got complimented by Foster as sympathizers in the cause of abolitionism and disunion of the Union, and our presence at the meeting cited as evidence of it. Pretty well done.

Abby was the principal speaker, but Foster "spelled" his wife occasionally, by reading the numerous extracts she made from various politicians; and as the extracts required a great deal of explanation and commenting upon, he occupied a full half of the time. It was pleasing to see how beautifully they work together in the harness, as no one could but observe, and as we heard several remark, from the ease with which they would break in upon one another, and take up the subject where the other left it and complete the argument—it would seem some magnetic influence must be operating between them.

They belabored the ministers, Col. Schouler and ourself, most unmercifully. We find no fault with what they said about us and the clergy, but it was too bad that they should so abuse Col. Schouler, for he has been a disciple of Abby's ever since the commencement of the Mexican war. He goes "*disunion*" and against the Mexican war with them, to the death.

Their plan to abolish slavery,as we understood them, is to dismember the Union,and then incite the slaves to revolt, and assert their freedom. They say the slaves are kept in subjection, not from fear of their southern masters, but of northern bayonets. And that the people of Lowell and the North are slaveholders, because they recognize the national government and choose servants who swear they will support the constitution which binds them to send our army and money to the south, and put down any attempt of the slaves to acquire their freedom. Let the Union be dissolved say they, and slavery will become extinct, because the south have not the power to maintain it—the slaves will revolt, and aided by the crowned heads of Europe who are all opposed to slavery, will be able to overpower their masters. We are all slaveholders because we go for supporting the constitution and maintaining the Union, because while we do so the slaves dare not revolt.

If supporting the constitution and maintaining the Union makes slaveholders, it will take Abby and her peculiar followers, and the abolition wing of the whig party, a long time to get a party, with a good working majority, even in old Massachusetts, where the Union [illegible] — According to Abby, and the abolition whig doctrine, it is a little singular that slavery does not still exist in Massachusetts and all the rest of the old free States, for we believe the constitution has been generally sustained, and we have never heard of the Union having been *really* dissolved.

An Elopement amicably adjusted for a Consideration. Our city [Boston] says the Post, has lately been made the theatre of a crim. con. negotiation, in which great forbearance and moderation were displayed. Dr Paschel B. Brooks, of Manchester, N. H., about a fortnight ago brought to this city from Lowell, and put up with her at different hotels, a Mrs Harriet L. Davis, wife of E. D. Davis, printer, of Manchester. By the aid of officer S. Clark, Mr Davis and some friends of D'a wife traced the false pair to a hotel in this city, an on Thursday night Mr Davis was conducted to the room occupied by them, and where they were asleep together. Nothing rash was said or done, but the parties were aroused from their slumbers, and Dr Brooks was requested to get up, which he did, and took a seat on another bed in the room. Negotiations were then commenced, the diplomats being the friends of Mrs Brooks, and Mr Davis and some of his friends. The result was that Dr Brooks shelled out $1000 for the use of his own wife and eight children, and gave Davis $1000, and agreed to flee to parts unknown. Mrs Davis agreed to go back to Manchester, and board in some respectable place, at the expense of her husband,whom she had never loved and never expected to love, she said. She fell in love with the doctor on account of the tenderness with which he treated her while she was sick. She is about 22—he about 41.

☞ But this rejection of the 20th of December, [of Mr Slidell] was considered as final by no one, and the negotiation was kept up until the *fifteenth of March* when Mr Slidell received the final refusal of the Government of Paredes.

The refusal of the 20th of December was flat and final, though Mr Slidell remained in the country a considerable time after, endeavoring to reverse its decision, but was unable. The following extracts from Mr Pena y Pena to Mr Slidell, of a latter dated Dec. 20, 1845, will show whether he was or was not rejected:

In order to place this *refusal* upon its proper grounds, the undersigned will briefly communicate to Mr Slidell the reasons by which his excellency, the President, is guided. [The latter then goes on to give reasons for the refusal.]

* * * The supreme government of Mexico, therefore, cannot admit his excellency, Mr Slidell, to the exercise of the functions of the mission conferred on him by the United States government.

Mr Slidell cannot be admitted in the character with which he appears invested, as the honor, the dignity and the interests of the Mexican republic would thereby be placed in jeopardy.

Does this decide the fact of his being rejected on the 20th of December, 1845? Is it perfectly satisfactory?

Death of Chief Justice Martin, of Louisiana. The New Orleans Mercury of the 10th inst. announces the death of Hon. Francois Xavier Martin, who has been long at the head of the bench of Louisiana, and respected for his uprightness, learning and talents. He was born at Marseilles,in France, on the 17th day of March, 1762, and was of course in the 85th year of his age.

Correspondence the Advertiser.

Okuk, Nov. 12, 1846.

Capt. Riley—Jo Smallcock Island—The Lady in Black—six husband—nineteen children, &c., &c,

As we leave Galena apast along down the Mississippi to St. Louis, but e of interest occurs, save such as is presented on river shore. Indeed the scenery along the banks luch less imposing. The bluffs are not so high or shore so ragged. Settlements occur more frequent and large villages occasionally intersperse the story along the banks. Between Galena and St. Lo what is termed the upper and lower rapids,are mad spots in the river navigation. It is rather a shoale rapid in the river—stopping the navigation at l water for some twelve miles at each place. Thwer rapids are the shoaler of the two, and unless water is high you have to go round them in wag and re-ship on board another boat. These rapidmake the shore of the half braed tract, as it is term Keokuk is at the lower end of the rapids, and it evontuelly become a point on the river of considera interest. This tract of land is in dispute. The e is imperfect in any one, and needs some legislatio make it e tangible business in purchasing. It it this tract the "Possanis," as they are termed, live,at held the balance of power in the Iowa legislatu between the parties this year. There are six meers elected by these squatters' interests being on th tract. Three are democrats and three whigs; b the ticket was elected by a union of whigs and squrs against the democratic ticket. Now the ticket elected, and the men determine the character of the S. Senators. The democrats say to their brethr in the whig fold, "surely you are not going to vote a whig," &c., &c. *How they will vote is not yet lled by themselves.*

Nauvoo, the Mormon sidence, is larger and more of a place than one would suppose. It is a beautiful site for a town, upon a sll of land, the temple standing at the top. It is a lge, beautiful building, and would strike you as some large public edifice. The town is now deserted. bm what I can learn by enquiry, it is fair to conclu—the community was a bad one to permit to grow i in the State—all its influences mischevous, and my of the leaders bad men. I should think, upon the hole, although the remedy was a severe one and mu injustice was done to many innocent persons, that it was in the end, the best.—You see they controled th country for the interest of a sect.

Rock Island is quite a pla. Corn, in this vicinity, and above here, is worth from ten to fifteen cents per bushel. In my judgment *the points* for settlement, are St. Louis, Keokuk and St. Croix or St. Anthony Falls. The first is a point where the trade from the Atlantic for the west must corner, must stop, must unpack, and arrange in smaller parcels for a more scattered trade. The second, Keokuk, is a point on the river where the navigation of the river is obstructed a good part of the year. A re-shipment must of necessity take place here during the summer months. It has now, comparatively, no conveniencee for such great change. The third place, St. Croix Falls, is at the head of steamboat navigation on the Mississippi river.

The country above contains all the "pinery." Not a stick of pine timber on the Mississippi, for twelve hundred miles above St. Louis until you reach St. Croix. Another and stronger reason is, the health to New England settlers. They cannot settle down the river without subjecting themselves to the chills and fevers. In the "pineries" the climate is much the same as in New England, with the exception of the east wind, and a more luxuriant soil.

If ever any one of your readers travel west, at St. Louis enquire for Capt. Riley. He is a young man, about thirty years of age—has only been in command of a boat about a year, but he is what Carlyle would call BORN CAPTAIN. You seldom see him about the cabin, but you find him in every part of the boat. I have been in ten or eleven boats on the river—it is surprising—the comforts depending upon the captain. It was on his boat I met the "Lady in Black"—for a while a resident in New York, last seen in Boston.—upon seeing her,every one will at once ask,who is that? I ascertained that it was a lady born in Virginia—now resides in St. Louis—is a widow lady. She told a lady on board the boat she had *nineteen* children in *nineteen* years. She has twenty-two now living—but one daughter, the youngest, a child seven years of age.—She has had six husbands and is now a widow—and as fine a specimen of a woman for a painter as can be found. She wants a husband, and ought to have a puff in "the Boston Morning Post." She has a mortal dread of dying a widow—says she will marry nothing short of a Col.—that her daughter, when she gets big enough,may marry a captain if she has a mind to.

Yours as ever,

A LOOKER-ON.

Museum. The beautiful tragedy of Douglass is to be performed this evening for the first time in the Museum. It is a beautiful play, written by the Rev. John Home (not Hunin, as on the play bills.) The house will doubtless be filled. Mrs Germon performs young Norval, and Mr Gorman the difficult character of Glenalvon.—*Courier.*

This play, we understand, was brought out here at the suggestion of the Courier editor; we are glad he evinces so much good taste, and that Mr Gates has a company capable of performing so great a piece. We advise all to go and see them.

By the way, we will give a Biographical sketch of this divine, as we find it in R. A. Davenport's Biographical Dictionary—he was a war man as well as tragedian:

"HOME, John, a Scotch divine, dramatist, and historian, was born in 1724, near Ancram, in Roxberghshire,and was educated for the church. In 1745 however, he served as a volunteer against the Insurgents, and was taken prisoner at the battle of Falkirk. He afterwards obtained the living of Athelstaneford, but, in consequence of his having written the tragedy of Douglass, such a cry was raised against him by his fanatical brethren, that in 1757, he resigned his clerical character. Through the interest of Lord Bute, he was indemnified by a pension, and by employment under government. He died September 4, 1808. Besides Douglass, he wrote the tragedies of Agis, The Siege of Aquileia, The Fatal Discovery, Alonzo, and Alfred, none of which were successful; and a History of the Rebellion of 1745.

Confirmations. The appointment of Mr Mason, Secretary of the Navy, and a large number of appointments and promotions in the Army, were confirmed by the Senate on Wednesday.

☞ The election for members of Congress in the 2d and 4th districts, will take place on the 28th inst.

Keep the ball in motion. Bowling alleys are being fitted up under the Courier office.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Washington, Wednesday, December 16, 1846.

Senate. Mr Simmons appeared and took his seat.

Mr Ashley, on leave, introduced a bill establishing a permanent general pre-emption land system.

Mr Breese submitted a bill to reduce and graduate the price of public lands.

On motion of Mr Tarney, the military committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of allowing volunteers discharged in consequence of sickness, full pay for the term of their enlistment.

The Senate proceeded to elect a Chaplain, and on the second ballot the Rev. Mr Slicer was elected.

After an Executive Session the Senate adjourned.

House. Petitions and memorials were presented. Some debate was had upon the Presidents Message but nothing was done of importance.

Washington, Thursday, December 17, 1846

Senate. Petitions and memorials were presented.

Mr Ashley moved that so much of the message as refers to privateers, be referred to Judiciary Committee.

Bills were presented, on leave, for a new Custom House at New Orleans, a Branch Mint at Charleston, a Dry Dock at Pensacola, and to establish a national armury at Massac, Ill.

Mr Dix gave notice of a bill to annul the Act relative to seamen navigating the waters of the United States.

Mr Semple gave notice of a bill to remodel the Consular system.

On motion of Mr J. M. Clayton, the Vice President was authorized to appoint a Select Committee on French spoilations.

On Mr Breese's motion,the committee on Commerce was instructed to inquire into the expediency of making appropriations for the improvement of harbors.

After an Executive Session, the Senate adjoureed to Monday.

House. Mr Winthrop offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War to furnish a statement of the expenditures for harbors, roads and fortifications in the several States and Territories.

The House proceeded to elect a Chaplain. On the third ballot, the Rev. Mr Sprole was elected.

Friday, Dec. 18*th.*

In the House, Mr Boyd, from the Military Committee,reported a bill to increase the pay of volunteers two dollars a month from the commencement of the war, and granting 160 acres to all serving to the end of the war, unless sooner discharged. Referred to the committee of the whole. Mr Boyd moved to go into committee and take up said bill. Mr McKay said the bill was important. Time should be allowed to examine it before it was taken up. The vote was then taken on Mr Boyd's motion and it was lost. The House then proceeded to orders of the day. A large number of private bills which were passed over last session, were taken up and finally passed.

Saturday, Dec 19*th.*

The Senate did not sit.

In the House on Saturday, Dec. 19, a suspension of the rules was refused to enable Mr King to submit a petition for the removal of a wreck sunk in Savannah harbor before the revolution.

☞ If the war with Mexico was an honorable and decent one, would such men as Isaac H. Wright, and such newspapers as the Boston Times, be the principal advocates of it?—*Courier.*

"Judge not, that ye be not judged. For with what judgment ye judge, ye shall be judged; and with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you again. And why beholdest thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but considerest not the beam that is in thine own eye? Or how wilt thou say to thy brother, Let me pull out the mote out of thine eye; and behold, a beam *is* in thine own eye. Thou hypocrite, first cast out the beam out of thine own eye; and then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the mote out of thy brother's eye." *Gospel according to St. Matthew: Chap VII.* 1—5.

Hayti. The new constitution, says the N. Y. Sun, is partly monarchical and partly republican—it was probably the work of France. The President is chosen for life; the Legislature for nine years; the Catholic religion the religion of the country; and no white man to become a citizen, hold office,or own real estate.

Another regiment from New York. The Washington correspondent of the Post states that it is highly probable another regiment of soldiers will be called for from New York, in consequence of the tardiness of other States to furnish their quota of volunteers.

Select Committee on French Spoliations in the Senate. The Washington correspondent of the New York Express writes that the Vice President has selected for this Committee Messrs Morehead, Badger, Ashley, Atherton and Cass. A majority of them are in favor of paying the claims.

☞ The House of Delegates of Virginia, refused to grant general amnesty to those who have incurred the penalties of the duelling law. The law disqualifies from holding office under the State, all persons engaged in duels.

Died, in Braintree, 3d inst., Mr Jonathan Flint, aged 93 years. Mr F. was a soldier of the revolution and a true friend of his country—a Republican. He was engaged in the battles of Bunker Hill, Monmouth, White Plains, capture of the Hessians, &c., &c.—Printers in Conn., Mich., and the Canadas are requested to notice.

☞ The most uncertain and desperate of all business undertakings is probably the establishment of new papers. We perceive with regret, that one of the best of the penny papers,—the Boston Sun,—has been discontinued, from inability to meet its exposes.—*Salem Gazette.*

☞ A new weekly Democratic paper, to be called "The New Englander," is about to be commenced in Boston. It will take Anti-slavery ground.—*Courier.*

Is there any Democratic paper that does not?

Expedition. A fortnight ago to-day, Captain Wright of Company B commenced the enrollment of his company, and to-day he presents it for muster.—We call this military expedition.—*Boston Times of Monday.*

☞ The Northern Railroad, as far as Franklin, will be open to passengers on Monday, says the Boston Courier of Saturday. The directors have passed over it, and the stockholders take a trip over to-day.

☞ A requisition has been made upon the Governor of Louisiana for an additional battallion of troops.

☞ The Haytiens have adopted a new constitution which provides that no white man shall hold real estate or become a citizen of that republic.

☞ The Gales on the coast of Great Britain have been very severe. Several vessels, with their crews, have been lost.

Ex-President Adams is too unwell to be able to proceed to Washington this winter.

From Mexico.

The New Orleans Picayune has news from Mexico to the 17th of November—Two weeks later.

Active preparations were making for the meeting of the congress. About forty of the deputies has already arrived from the different departments, and the government paper urged the assembling of the body even in advance of the appointed time, on account of the urgency of the matters requiring legislative action.—The "events of the war with the United States; the necessity of great resources to sustain it, and some *other points relative to the same important matter,*" are enumerated as the principal business to be brought before the congress. The passage italicised is conjectured to intimate that the proffers to reopen negotiations, reported to have been twice tendered by our government, will be submitted, in connection with the general subject of the war, to the consideration of the congressional deputies.

A letter from Gen. Santa Anna commenicates the offer of a retired officer of militia, Col. Rafael Aguire, to raise and support ten foot soldiers at his own expense during the war. The general accepted the offer, with his thanks in the name of the nation.

Various propositions are made for investing Santa Aena with dictatorial powers. The advance of Gen. Taylor's division of the army toward San Luis was expected early in November.

On the 10th of November Santa Anna transmitted to Mexico, where it was published in the governmeet Diario, the subjoined correspondence between General Taylor and the Mexican commander:—

Headquarters of the Army of Occupation,
Monterey, November 5, 1846.

Sir—In the convention agreed upon on the 24th of September it was conceded that the American forces should not pass a stipulated line before the expiration of eight weeks, or until they should receive orders or instructions from their government. In conformity therewith I have the honor of apprising you that my government has directed me to terminate the suspension of hostilities, and accordingly I consider myself at liberty to pass the designated line after the 13th inst., by which date I presume this communication will have reached your hands at San Luis Potosi.

I have been informed that several Americans, who were taken prisoners at China and other points, are now at San Luis, detained as such. I trust you will deem it an act of justice to release them to rejoin the forces under my command.

When the convention was entered into to which I have referred, I entertained the hope that the terms in which it was conceived would open the way for the two republics to agree upon an honorable peace; and, acting under this conviction, I at once released the prisoners of war who were in my power, among whom were three officers. At that time I did not know that there were any American prisoners who had been sent into the interior. I trust that my conduct will be deemed a sufficient ground to justify you in yielding to this request and to the dictates of humanity towards the American prisoners who I am told are at San Luis.

In case Major Graham, the bearer of this communication reaches your headquarters, I take the liberty to commend to him your courtesy, and I shall be pleased to receive by him your reply to this communication, whatever it may be. I have the honor to be, with the greatest respect,

Your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR,
Major General of the Army of the United States.

To General D. Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna, Commander-in-chief.

Liberating Republican Army.
San Luis Potosi, Nov. 10, 1846.

Senor General—At 10 this morning, by an official communication of the governor of Coahuila of the 8th instant, I received your letter of the 5th, apprising me of your intention, by order of your government, of breaking the convention agreed upon at Monterey, on the 24th of September last, and passing on the 13th of the present month the line therein designated,by which date you suppose I should receive your communication.

Believing that the terms stipulated in said convention should be religiously observed by both parties, I had taken no step which should tend to vacate it; but in view of the obligation you deem imposed upon you by the orders of your government, I confine myself by replying that you can, when it pleases you, commence hostilities, to which I shall correspond accordingly.

In regard to the American prisoners, let me say that there are only seven of them at this post, a list of whom is annexed; and, relying upon your representation in regard to the release of several Mexicans, I have determined to respond to your generosity by doing the same to the seven referred to, whom the commissary of this army will supply with $70 for their sustenance upon the road.

You remarked that when the convention was entered into Monterey, you entertained the hope that the terms in which it was conceived would be open to the way for the two republics to agree upon an honorable peace. Laying out of the question whether that convention was the result of necessity or of the noble views now disclosed by you, I content myself with saying, that from the spirit and decission manifested by all Mexicans, you should banish all idea of peace while a single North American in *arms* treads upon the territory of this republic, and there remains in front of its ports the squadrons which make war upon them. Nevertheless, the extraordinary congress will assemble in the capital towards the end of the present year, and that august body will determine what it shall judge most suitable for the honor and interest of the nation.

Major Graham has not arrived at my quarters. Had he done so, he would have been received in the manner due to his rank and employment, and in conformity with the wishes expressed to me in his behalf by you.

I have the honor of offering you the assurence of my distinguished consideration. God and Liberty.

Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna.

Senor Maj. Gen. Taylor, General-in-Chief of the Army of the United States of the North.

On the publication of these letters, the Mexican official journal remarked as follows:

"By the communications which we this day insert, our readers will learn that General Taylor has declared that he is about to recommence hostilities upon the republic. The moment has arrived—the result is close at hand of a terrible conflict which is to decide the future lot of the nation.

The enthusiasm of our army is great; it is determined to fall or triumph, and we trust it will know how to avenge with honor the Mexican blood which flowed at Matemoras and Monterey.

The whole world is contampleting this struggle; its eyes are fixed upon our republic, whose rights and prerogatives as an independent and soverign nation, have been as audaciously as perfidiously trampled upon by the United States.

Tampico.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Enquirer writing from Tampico says,

"We have constant rumors of the approach of Mexican troops from Potosi, and from the south. Yesterday, the report was that Gen. Rangel was six leagues from this, with 3500 men, as an army of observation. To-day it is said Santa Anna is coming down. I think he will soon go to Mexico—his political as well as his military position is critical. It is reported today, that the garrison of San Juan d'Ulua are about to pronounce for a capitulation, being in a most suffering state.

We long to see Gen. Patterson here, and to be moving. Our column with the fleet must take Vera Cruz.

☞ Hon. Caleb Cushing, of Newburyport, is unquestionably well qualified for the office of speaker of our house of representatives, and perhaps has had more experience in parliamentary matters than any other gentleman who has been mentioned. His position is entirely neutral in politics, and he may be acceptable to all parties at the present time. He would certainly make an excellent presiding officer, and would add dignity to the position.—*Bunker Hill Aurora.*

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of this SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&Ply31

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no desire to deceive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do we wish to eulogize it more than it justly deserves.—Yet when we look around and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genuine, as "Phœnix Balsam of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comfrey, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

SPECIAL NOTICE,

The extraordinary Gratenburg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this country, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1ymov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In this city, Dec. 12th, by Rev. Mr Curtis Mr Prescott Robinson, of Andover, to Miss Eliza A, Danforth, of Lowell.

Nov, 19th, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr Benjamin F. Tenney to Miss Tryphene Putnam.

19th, by Rev. Mr Hanks, Stephen E. Sargeant, Attorney at Law, late of Keosauqua, Iowa, to Miss Adeline A. Albee, formerly of Bradford, Vt.

In this city, Dec. 20, by Rev. Amos Blanchard Mr Joseph Clark to Miss Miriam C. B Knowlton.

DIED.

REPORT OF DEATHS IN LOWELL, during the week ending Saturday, Dec. 19, 1846.

Dec. 13th, George W. How, 24 yrs, congestion of the brain; Mary Ella Lincoln, 1 yr, disease of brain; Elizabeth Alexander, 42 yrs, Typhos fever; 14th, Israel L. Sawyer, 23 yrs, typhus fever; Ann Sweney, 86 yrs, appoplexy; John M. Gallison, 49 yrs 9 mos, typhoid fever; 19th, Helen A. Johnson, 2 mos. Croup.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In this city, Dec. 18th, Helen Adelaide, only daughter of J. and sarah S. Johnson, 2 mos.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO STEVENS, of Bradford, in said county, butcher, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Stevens will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Stevens, and to do such other business in relation to to said estate as may then come before them

dec 22a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Shff. Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of Ebenezer Sergent of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Sargent, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of December inst at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Sargent may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Dec. 21 1846. a3t

HARPER'S PUPLICATIONS.

THE Useful Arts; considered in connection with the application of science, &c, by J. Higgelow, M. D. Robinson Crusoe, Illustrated; a new and improved edition, with fifty characteristic cuts. The Juvenile Companion, a book for the fireside, comprising historical and biographical anecdotes and other selections suitable for the young. Guide to Wisdom and Virtue or Parental instructions, designed for young persons of either sex, selected mainly from the writings of an eminent Physician.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estate of Joseph Schofield late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, deceased, Intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOHN W. GRAVES, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 1 1846. 22a3w

NOTICE. BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY next, Dec. 28th, a Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, at 6 P. M., stopping at Way Stations.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston, Dec. 21st, 1846.

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St.

MEDICAL LECTURES,

BY DR. BADGER,—Commencing on Saturday Evening, Dec. 19th, and continued on the evenings of the 22d, 26th, 28th and 29th at the City Hall, at 7 o'clock,—in which the Dr. proposes to describe a perfectly scientific process for the cure of every curable Disease, notwithstanding Dr Jackson said "*Medicine has never yet been studied as a Science.*"

FIRST LECTURE—*Free.*

The Dr. will first give a brief history of the science of Medicine—note some of its most prominent Professors, as Hippocrates, Celsus Galen, Harvey, and many others—then compare the Medical Science with other Sciences, and describe the different ways which Nature takes to prevent and remove Diseases, and how she accomplishes the object.

SECOND LECTURE.

Showing conclusively that neither Minerals, Chemical preparations, or Poisons, of any kind ever assisted *Nature* to remove, scientifically, a single disease from our system.

THIRD LECTURE.

The Dr will show the *adaptation* of Medicines to the human system, and describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. Then prove that it is never necessary, in any *possible* case, to *amputate* a limb in order to save life. Let the scientific Physicians give a case if he can!

FOURTH LECTURE.

Show the use of Vapor Bathing and the Shower Bath—Describe some curious experiments in physiology—and treat of two prominent diseases, Dyspepsia and Inflammatory Fever.

FIFTH LECTURE.

The Dr will treat of Typhus fever, show its pathology and Physiology with paintings as large as life, and colored to Nature. And will also describe a perfectly scientific process of cure in every curable case. After which, the Dr. will demonstrate any other disease which may be named.

☞ Let every scientific person in Lowell and elsewhere be present and see if the Dr. *sustains* his positions, or *refute* them if they can.

☞ All the positions will be open for discussion.

Tickets for the course 37 1-2 cents—single tickets, after the first evening, 12 1-2 cents each lecture.

These Lectures are intended for Ladies as well as gentlemen. a3t

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE next Quarterly Examinations of the Public schools in this city will take place as follows, viz.

The Primary schools will be examined on THURSDAY, the 24th inst.

The Grammar schools will be examined on Monday the 28th inst, as follows, viz:

No 1 (Mr Balch's,) and No 6, (Mr O. H. Morrill's,) at 9 o'clock. No 2, (Mr Graves',) No 3 (Mr Kimball's,) and No 4, (Mr Morse's,) at half past 10 o'clock, A. M; and No 7, (Mr Pooler's,) at half past one o'clock, and No 5, (Mr Shattuck's) and No. 8 (Mr C. Morrill's,) at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The High school will be examined on TUESDAY the 29th inst, in the forenoon as follows viz.—The Male Department at 9 o'clock, and the Female Department at half past 10 o'clock.

The Examination of Candidates for admission to the High School will commence on TUESDAY, the 29th inst at half past one o'clock, P. M.

By order of the School Committee of Lowell.

FREDERICK PARKER, Secretary,

Qualifications for admission to the High School. Candidates for admission shall procure from the instructors of the schools they last attended, certificates of good moral character, and presumed qualifications for admission into this school. They must be able to spell correctly in any part of the National spelling Book; and read well in common reading, and readily tell the meaning of the words; to write a fair, legible hand; and to answer questions promptly from any part of the Intellectual Arithmetic. They must have studied understandingly some approved system of Arithmetic as far as Single Fellowship, and bear a satisfactory examination therein. They must also be familiar with the rudiments of English Grammar and Geography

Lowell, Dec 12, 1846 atf.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW, THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, 3d story, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. BUTLER, Esq., and A. W. FARR, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best countries in the country.

☞ The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in *every* department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish. TERMS MODERATE.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. a3m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 18th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES L. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, cabinet, maker an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the second day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 19th a3t

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAJAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. at dec 30.

CHRISTMAS.

GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT.

MR. I. N. METCALF respectfully informs his friends and the public, that his annual Concert will take place at the CITY HALL, on Friday Evening, Dec. 25, 1846; on which occasion he will be assisted by his musical friends of Lowell and Boston.

Particulars next week. dec19

SLEIGHS FOR SALE.

FOUR first rate, common single sleighs, entirely new never ran an inch, except from the Manufacturers to this city, inquire at

Dec 15 a3w. L.B. NORRIS stable Prescott st.

ALL READY.

FOR CUSTOMERS COMPETITION AND COLD WEATHER

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP, BOOT, SHOE AND RUBBER STORE, 114 Central St., Lowell, under the first Universalist Church—is too generally known to the people of Lowell to need an introduction to them through the public prints—for the past two or three years it has enjoyed an immense patronage—and it has come to be known as the place where you can buy Boots and Shoes of as good a quality and at as cheap rates as at any store in New England. Its promises are regarded by the public—because it does not promise too much, and is as ready to fulfil as it is to promise, and besides the people have learned by experience, that this is the very place where they can buy any article in the Boot or Shoe line at prices which answer the purpose of a generous invitation to call again when they need any article in this line—for the reputation and patronage this establishment has obtained the proprietors are truly thankful, to a discerning public, and as evidence of their thankfulness, and a guaranty that they will not forsake their friends and now that cold weather is upon them—they have filled their store with the most desirable articles, of fall and winter wears—to be found in this or any other market, those they offer to young and old, old customers and new, whigs and democrats, citizens and strangers, with the solemn assurance, that they were made expressly for this market and with the view to keep customers as well as to get them, in other words they are well made of good materials—and will be sold at extremely low prices—to all others we would say give us a call if you want anything in our line, we will be sure to suit you; dont go a shivering and sneezing through the world when Boots & Shoes are so cheap. Remember too that we have everything in our line, and if an article purchased at our store does not fit you can bring it back, and get one that will. Remember finally that we are willing you should go over the whole union and enquire the prices of goods, if you will but give us a call and ascertain our prices, before making a purchase, we do not deal in trash or humbug or false promises but in facts.

BOOTS SHOES & RUBBERS.

Bear in mind 114 Central Street Sign of the People's Cheap store by

A. BROWN & Co,

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with a rare success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, that the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&Plyden5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED

GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plyde5

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c., as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.*

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nesbun Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

nov28a1w

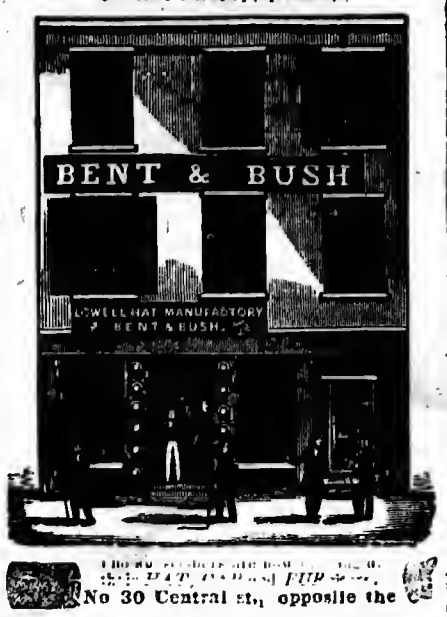
NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Variety Lumber according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!



No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutra, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years they are grounded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods as I do be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutea, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next ferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH. Alf

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DELAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

oct10apif

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydopathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.

Lowell dec. 12 1846. a3t.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgerton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, last, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. a3t

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Merrimack and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a fine rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Cotham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

On Thursday Dec. 24, at 10 and 2 o'clock, Furs, Muffs, &c.

The entire stock of a dealer in this city, consisting of a good assortment of Fashionable Muffs, amongst which are some high cost.

Also the balance of Rich Cashmere and Wool Shawls: Ribbing'd and plain silks; Robroy's, Coliços, &c., left at the Sheet sale on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week. Ladies are invited to attend.

Sale Positive.

At the Wentworth Hall.

Elegant Alabaster and Marble Statuary, and Mantle Ornaments, just imported from Italy by F. Chickey of the firm of Chickey & Gary, Boston; to be sold without reserve on WEDNESDAY next, Dec 23d, at 10 o'clock A. M, and 2 P. M. and in the Evening. Comprising by far the largest and most valuable assortment ever offered in this city.

(Particulars hereafter.) Open for Exhibition on Tuesday P. M. and Evening. Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine.

Statuary, Busts Mantle Ornaments, &c.

On TUESDAY next, Dec. 22, at 10, and 2 o'clock. The assortment comprises all the varieties ever offered in this market, besides a great number of new and beautiful figures and ornaments never offered before.

Particulars hereafter

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsey Dame, the Executrix therein named,

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, five days at least previous thereto, and by publication thereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicins and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing betwen said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnership until further order from the Court—but all pyments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov23m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT,

Lowell, Dec 8, 1846. Assignee. a3w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revolution of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet to be. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fleor Albos, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action,	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregeancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incoetinence of Utine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion Imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
Ear Ache.	Menstruation. Suppressed or Painful,
Erysipelas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neeralgin,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being on old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, shall blazon the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similar testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONE THIRD, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Oliver March. ALY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:* —Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skelaton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now nged-four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Aedrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29e3t

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jeundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Dowoing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he ear his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1aw&tdolyjan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diurrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedantary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00
apr4 ndv&patly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in case of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evens, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya2pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its liva-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of thoorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Felton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 885 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumetism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflematory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhea, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, failing of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaseka, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligide servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal office 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep14 6m

---

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood'" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the ex sense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring* and *Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa and Dysentery* prevail, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jeundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

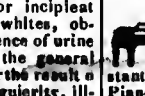
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Ailison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pood, H. G. Cooner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jameson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower sep22&Aptoct144

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 26 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These Instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. M. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26&1yr

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 24, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 151.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 42, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 Atf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS B. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarch19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, TIN WARE, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory.
ssp9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President,
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., ewsll. 1fmar1



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. tf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office. Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sep123 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurance effected a&rly

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1tf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndrly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure: and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and I. N. Tower. may11a&rly

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the Blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the State. Price 50 cents per bottle.
Anov19&Plyjan29



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D.; of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&plyfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. No. 26, Cornhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000, WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus carrying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.
EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
60	$1,000	$370 80	1837	$1086 75	$500 24	$80 08	$2225
			1838	960 6	434 53	67 53	1987
			1839	828 00	370 45	55 71	1750
			1840	581 85	270 20	39 50	1087
			1841	555 56	247 50	31 51	1336

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made on December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, *opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.*
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York. EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec19ATu&Sreply Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7½, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 6 P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to leave Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will perform.
We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, unlif it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble.—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from unskward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 52 Church st. jy2a&rly*

From Fraser's Magazine.

THE MANIAC ENGINEER.

'Is my especial engine ready?'

'In a moment, sir; the engine man will be here directly. What speed do you wish?'

'At least a mile a minute.'

'Very good, sir; the line is perfectly clear, and with only one light carriage it can be easily done.'

'I shall not want even that, I have all my despatches ready in my pocket, and shall go upon the engine!'

'You will hardly have eyes left in your head if you do, sir. Better have a first class carriage put to.'

'Never fear; I am tolerably accustomed to that sort of thing. Never blink an eye in the longest of your tunnels.'

'Very well, sir; you know best. 'Tis your train and of course you may either ride on the engine or in a carriage, as you please.'

'The engine, then, and pray be smart; every moment spent here is lost:'

I stood during the foregoing conversation upon the platform of an extensive railway station in a large town in the north of England. My interlocutor was the resident superintendent. I was the bearer of despatches of great importance for a London Morning newspaper, and somewhat more than three hours was the utmost space of time I could afford to shoot over the 200 miles of rail which separated me from the office in the Strand.

It was a pleasant summer evening, and the rich radiance of the setting sun streamed thro' the skylights of the huge iron roof, and sparkled among the web of interlaced bars and bolts which stretched, in vistas of angles and lozenges, and all manner of mathmatical figures beneath it—the metallic rafters of the terminus.—On half-dozen rails which divided the two platforms lay, as usual, long strings of first and second-class carriages, in the process of being furbished up by a lazy gang of corduroy-clad porters. On the left line of rails stood my special engine, bright and brazen, and shrieking as it shot its spiral column of rushing, whistling steam upwards from the brass cone, which appeared to act as chimney for the fierce vapor.

Some half dozen porters, policemen, and newsvenders, stood carelessly about to see the start; and the stoker of the 'special,' a greasy looking mass of soiled fustian, with a wonderfully dirty face, clambered mechanically about the engine, after the manner of his tribe, listlessly rubbing the gleaming metal with a handful of oily rags.

I was growing fidgety and impatient. Throwing a glance upwards, I saw that the sun no longer lighted the high windows—the station was fast assuming the dusky grey of the evening.

'What can be the matter with Westhorpe?' exclaimed the superintendent. 'He don't stay long here if that's the way he does his duty.'

'I have sent two porters after him,' said a policeman, he reported himself fit for duty this morning.'

'What! He has been ill?' said I.

'He's ne'er been the same man, sir, since Mary Slane died so suddenly,' replied the policeman.

Oh, bother! we can't allow love-sick engine-drivers on this line,' struck in the superintendent.

'But why don't you let me have another man, if this Mr Westhorpe of yours is not fit for his work? You have plenty of hands, I suppose?"

"Why yes, sir; but the fact is that our men have been a good deal worked lately, and as Westhorpe sent word this morning that he was ready to come back to duty, we made our arrangements accordingly."

"Seven o'clock past," I replied glancing at the station dial: "if you do not start me in five minutes I countermand the engine, and will have my remedy by law."

But before the five minutes were elapsed, the tardy engine-man made his appearance. He was muffled up in a shaggy pea-jacket, a handkerchief was wound round the lower part of his face, and the brass-hound front of his cap was pulled down over his forehead; but I could observe the bright hollow glare of his eye and the clammy pallor of his cheeks. Attributing these appearances, however, to mere passing indisposition, I took no particular notice of them; nor did I remark with any attention, although it was visible enough, the restless, nervous state in which the man appeared to be: his head trembled, he glanced quickly round from face to face, and then began in an odd fidgety manner, to button and unbutton a button in his jacket. These appearances might have alarmed me at another time, but I was too eager for the start to attend to them.

"I say, Westhorpe," exclaimed the superintendent, "if this is the way you choose to treat your employers, I can tell you that you shan't long be one of their employed, my fine fellow.

The engine-man muttered something, I know not what, and mechanically got upon the engine.

'You shun the three o'clock train at Bramsbey station—do you hear, Westhorpe?—and the one o'clock goods-train at Thornley Cross; they will wait for you in the sidings. And, I say, mind you keep a sharp look-out; don't spare the whistle; and go easy through the stations."

"Oh, I'll look after all that," I exclaimed nodding to the superintendent as I clambered upon the engine. "You know I am an old rail-way bird. Good night. We shan't let the grass grow under our wheels. Come now, Mr Westhorpe, go ahead, and let's have a taste of the quality of the 'Tartarus'."

The engine-man touched his cap, pulled one lever down, thrust another back, the driving-wheel stirred, slid violently round a dozen of times without advancing, and then "biting," according to the technical expressions, we moved along the platform, the superintendent following us and reiterating instructions to the driver.

The loud, panting "chee—chee—chee" of the engine rapidly grew quicker, and we rolled along the outskirts of the station—by policemen with bundles of red and white flags, and porters leaning upon switch handles; and, with trivial jolts from one interlacing line of rails to another, grazing long, motionless lines of massive first-class carriages, and arrays of coarse trucks; and by the opening of sheds, from whence the livid gleams of furnaces and the ring of hammering, gleamed and rattled; and by hissing, shrieking pilot-engines, now motionless, the hot cinders drooping all glowingly bene th them, anon crawling backwards and forwards as engines at railway stations always do, as if they had something on their minds, and could not rest peaceably. And then came the loud, tearing rush with which we flew under bridges; the whistle and the dismal shriek, and the smothering blast of steam and damp-rushing air as we tore through a short tunnel, and soon we were fairly upon our way in the open country, the

lights and high chimneys of the great manufacturing town sparkling and towering behind, and before us the fields, stretching away on either side from the long line of rails, and just losing their distinctness in the rising evening mist.

'On, Mr Westhorpe! crack on! A good supper, and a better bottle of wine for you, when we get to town!'

'Thank ye, sir!' said the man, but without looking into my face; and then turning away, he began to grope for something in the matting on which he stood, muttering all the time to himself. There was something odd, indescribable in the man's manner; and I observed that the stoker looked at him with evident uneasiness, and addressed him not a word.

All this while the speed of the engine was rapidly increasing. The clattering of the opening and shutting valves, as they alternately let on and cut off the steam, grew faster and faster, till they rattled like the continuous roll of a drum. The hedges by the way-side flew by in a long, dusky line, which might have been shrubs, or stone wall, or wooden palings. The swaying motion of the engine grew to be a quick, swinging jolt. The white poles which supported the wires of the electric telegraph flew by us as though defiling in rapid procession; bridges loomed a moment before us like dark stripes cutting the sky, and then, with a steam shriek and a bound, were left behind. On!—along high embankments—down with a sweep between deep cuttings—past stations, with their neat waiting-rooms, and high signal-poles, and railed platforms! On, on! Milestone after milestone flew by. The steam monster seemed instinct with life. It bounded like a mad thing on the rails; the coupling of the tender creaked and strained, the glare from the furnace and the lighter gleam from our big, eye-like lamp, flew like flashes of aurora borealis along the green slopes of cuttings; the red hot cinders from the chimney went sparkling aloft into the air; and, although not a breath of wind was stirring, a hurricane, cold and piercing, such as the eye could hardly withstand, appeared to be tearing by us back into the loathsome night.

So far so well. We were going at a great, but not unprecedented speed, and I was too well acquainted with railway travelling too feel nervous. I knew the line was clear, and the night was quite bright enough for us to perceive any signal half a mile off.

Meanwhile, Westhorpe stood fidgeting away with the engine, urging backwards and forwards the handles of the levers as they worked with the mechanism, as though he would increase their speed. He was never still for a moment, and kept continually stamping and shuffling with his feet. The stoker leaned against the rails, clutching them, as it struck me, in an alarmed, anxious manner. I could observe all this by the light of a very large and brilliant lamp, which hung on a hook close to the guage which tells the height of the water in the boiler.

On, on, on!—mile after mile and station after station! On by dark clumps of trees—and past the lights of villages and solitary farm-houses—and across long, dim expanses of wild, open country! We might be already from twenty-five to thirty miles on our journey.

'Tartarus goes bravely,' said I, making an effort to speak, and shouting the words into Westhorpe's ear.

The stoker came up close to us, and listened for the reply.

The engine driver looked quickly from one to the other of us, his eyes glared like a wild beast's and then he suddedly exclaimed to his fellow-laborer,—

'Coke, Jeffries, coke! More steam, more steam—the gentleman must have more steam! Never mind life!—steam—steam!'

I was startled by this burst, so was Jeffries, as I found the stoker was called. He hesitated.

'Coke—coke!' shouted Westhorpe. 'By the heaven above us there, do your duty, or over you go on the rails!'

The man still lingered with the spade in his hand. Westhorpe kicked open the furnace door. I heard the howl of the fierce fire above the howl of what appeared to be the tornado we were stemming.

I interposed.

'I think wer'e getting over the ground very well,' I faltered.

Jeffries, made a motion, as much as to say, 'There, you see!'

'You don't want to go quicker?' said Westhorpe, speaking low and very fast.

I shook my head.

'Well, I do!' roared the excited man. 'Coke, Jeffries, coke!'

And he struck the stoker a violent blow with his clenched fist. For a moment I stood stupified. I would have given all the world to be left safe and sound on the dreariest spot of the dreary common we were passing. Jeffries, without a word, took up the spade, and threw the black masses into the fire, which crackled and roared again. By its glare, as he stooped, I saw that, under its mask of smut, his face was deadly pale.

And still on, on! The engine appeared to fly. The quarter-mile-stones seemed to shoot by us quickly as did the telegraphic-poles a quarter of an hour ago, and the sway was terrific!

'Music!' shouted Westhorpe, 'music! We'll have music! Here's my boiling water organ!'

And as he spoke, he set on the steam-whistle; its scream went through and through my brain. The stoker looked at me. I saw he was trying to catch my eye, and the expression of his face was one of consternation and horror. All at once the horrible whistle ceased.

'It might give warning,' Westhorpe muttered; 'and besides, it's wasting steam.'

I shuddered. Suddenly the driver turned from the engine, and stepping to the tender, gazed long and anxiously back. Jeffries took advatage of the motion, and clutched me by the arm.

'Hush!' he said, breathlessly.

'What is the matter with the man?' I said.

'Hush! He is mad. I thought so these two days.'

Mad! I felt the cold sweat break out at every pore. A mile a minute with a mad driver! My flesh crept, and I got sick and faint.

'We must master him between us,' gasped Jeffries.

'We can,' I said, 'it is our only chance. Come on!'

The words were hardly uttered ere Westhorpe sprang—bounded round.

'I heard you!' he shouted, 'I did! Treachery, treachery!—two to one! But come, come, come!'

☞ Charles Sumner, Esq., delivered a lyceum lecture in Taunton, in which he made some "timely and judicious remarks on early rising." This difficult and important science is but imperfectly understood, and our young men would be glad to read any remarks that may elucidate it.—*Boston Post.*

☞ Daniel Webster says he "desires to see the condition of things, when each man shall feel that he has a stake in the community." Jack says if its only a beef-steak he shall be as glad to see it as Daniel.—*Portsmouth Rep.*

☞ Capt. Webster's company of Volunteers have formed a Temperance Society.

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC., 24 1846.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR CONGRESS.

[*Election, Monday, December 28th.*]

District No. 2, GEORGE W. DIKE.
" No. 1, FREDERICK ROBINSON.

Districts 2 and 4.

Monday next, the voters in these districts are called upon to again cast their ballots for a man to represent them in the congress of the United States.

The report, for a time, was, that Mr King had received the requisite number of votes for his election; but such proved not to be the fact.

The whigs are making strong, and we may say flattering, coaxing appeals to obtain the abolition votes, for Messrs King and Palfrey—without a portion of them there is no hope of the success of either. They both belong to the abolition wing of the whig party, and Palfrey was nominated as the whig candidate with an eye direct to his chance of drawing the abolitionists to his support. But they seem to be but little better off from avowing abolition sentiments than if they had not catered to the abolitionists, but had stuck, straight out, to the regular, but declining division of the whig party. Not daring to come quite up to the abolition doctrine of disunion of the Union, lest they should lose strength with the "old line" whigs, they have not so far, received any very general support from the abolitionists; and from an overweening desire to secure abolition votes and get to Congress, they so far committed themselves to them, that they have soured and turned cold many of the more honest, respectable and considerate among the whigs. When men attempt to mount two stools they ought to know what to expect. We cannot give either of these men credit for political honesty enough to say their present position is the result of principle, for either of them would, in our judgment, denounce or hug abolitionism, if by it he could secure his election.

The Lowell Courier has contained column upon column, only in urging the whigs and abolitionists to come out and vote for Mr Palfrey. It says—

If the inn-holders and liquor-sellers of Boston, in order to get the Temperance vote, choose to nominate Deacon Grant, or some other firm friend of temperance, for mayor, we dont believe the temperance ranks would be rallied in opposition. Strange that when the whigs nominate an able, firm and consistent anti-slavery man, those who profess to be the only anti-slavery men should try to defeat him.

If Mr Palfrey went "whole hog" abolitionism as Dea. Grant does temperance, he would get the abolition vote and would lose the "old line" whigs. So he *twaddles*, and neither gets the abolition vote nor all of the better portion of the whigs. It is unaccountable to some people why a *twaddler* can't satisfy every body. It is because there are honest men in all parties who prefer an honorable, high-minded, consistent, open, manly disagreement of opinion, to a shuffling, tricky, hypocritical, canting, half-committed expression of it. A man who entertains an honest, fearless opposition of opinion, commands respect; a mean, mousing, twaddling, cowardly creature, only contempt. When the whigs nominate a candidate to catch abolition votes, they must think the abolitionists a stupid set of gulls, unless they intend to merge whiggery into abolitionism.

We ask the voters of districts two and four to throw their ballots for Mr Dike and Mr Robinson, not because they are abolitionists, but because they are strong, sound, honorable, practical men, and true, firm democrats. As democrats, they will, if elected, give an able and cordial support to democratic, and only to democratic measures and principles. They are Abolitionists and will go for abolition measures no farther than the letter and spirit of the constitution warrants. Disunion of the Union, to their minds, would be the greatest calamity that could befall this nation, and they would agitate no unconstitutional subject that would lead to it. They abhor slavery as almost all northern men do, and would fearlessly speak their minds in relation to it; but at the same time they would religiously abide by the constitution, and leave that subject just where the constitution has left it.

Neither Mr Robinson nor Mr Dike need notice at our hand, either of their personal or political character, high standing or commanding ability. We will only say in conclusion, if the democratic party will turn out, there is a fair chance of the election of one or both these gentlemen. Democrats! give these men, who have consented to become your candidates, and thus exposed themselves to the shafts and malignity of the whigs, your votes. Shall they have them? We can only express an earnest hope that none of our Democratic friends will neglect their duty.

Mr. Metcalf's Concert. Christmas evening, Mr Metcalf, assisted by the best musical talent in the city, both vocal and instrumental, and by Mr. G. F. Hoyter, of Boston, a celebrated Pianist, will give a grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert at City Hall.—For particulars see advertisement.

Lovers of excellent singing, and artistical instrumental music have a rare opportunity of gratifying their tastes.

A Regiment of Amazons. A new discription of military force is now being raised in the commune of Orviers, in the Val de St Bernard, Switzerland, two companies of women and girls having been armed and organized by the vicar and curate, who have appointed officers and subalterns from among them. These amazons of the church are destined to march as a rear guard of the ecclesticul free corps of the Catholic Cantons.

S. S. S. Philosophy. Merrill & Heywood the publishers of this work send us a copy. What S. S. S. means we know not; but the work is by Miss Curtis, author of "Kate in search of a husband" &c. &c. It is made up of the authors wise, short, witty, philosophical sayings, upon almost everything. It makes a pretty Christmas present. It is a sort of "Lacon."

☞ Lieut. D. D. Porter, of the U. S. Navy, arrived in New Orleans on the 11th instant, from Washington, empowered to recruit immediately five hundred able bodied seamen and a large number of landsmen for the squadron. Lieut. P. is a son of Com Porter.

☞ The command of the revenue service in the Gulf of Mexico has devolved upon Capt. Foster.—The *Picayune* says, Capt F. is well known as an efficient and active officer. The channels of the Gulf, its islands, shoals and passes, are to him as A. B. C.

Another Massacre of Nestorians.

The correspondent of the London Chronicle gives the following account of the horrible state of things among the Nestorians.

Thirty six of these villages of the least, have been thus made the scene of the most harrowing wholesale murders. To speak of their having been sacked, plundered and burnt to the ground, would be to draw attention to an incident of small importance in the face of the greater horrors which these bloody barbarians committed. Men, women, and children, crying for mercy; the women and children in the agonies of terror, were put to death by every species of torture which cruelty could invent. Happy were those who were shot, or who fell by the sword, who had not their bowels ripped out of them while living, or who were not impaled amidst the shouts and laughter of the murderers. Two of the Bishops of the Nestorians, if not more, were impaled, and several of the priests. What impaling is, I suppose your readers to understand. But that was not the worst torture that was inflicted. Children were torn from their mothers, some from their mother's breasts, and in presence of their mothers, who were obliged screeching, to look on, put in the most shocking manner to death. The mothers afterwards were sacrificed. The youth of both sexes underwent sacrifices which cannot be mentioned, before their throats, in disgust and satiety, were cut.

The pen refuses to record more of these atrocities, though I might go on, and allude to abomination of cruelty, and worse than cruelty, which call for retribution as nearly equal to their bestial ruthlessness in severity as can be inflicted. Three thousands of the Nestorians have perished in this massacre, on the lowest calculation. The most extensive slaughter took place at a large village, or township called Bias, where Beder Khan Boy was himself present. Here the two Bishops were impaled, and from this place were sent three hundred heads *pickled*, to the Pacha of Mousoul, with the insulting message, that if the Porte *presumed* to molest the sender, he would send to Constantinople, instead of Nestorian, Turkish heads enough to make a pyramid.

Whilst these things were happening, a council, over which the Nestorian Patriarch, who has escaped from Mousoul, presided, was held at a town called, if I recollect aright, Artchy, one of the principal Nestorian settlements. Here it was determined that, as resistance was vain, the whole people of the Nestorians should emigrate, without an hour's delay, into Persia, where a numerous body of their country men are settled on the banks of the lake of Ourroomiah. The execution of this design was however difficult, perilous and disastrous. The fugitives were obliged to leave behind them all their property; most of them crossed the mountains in struggling, frightened, wretched bands. But one corps of emigrants stronger than others, commanded by the patriarch, was attacked on their way by the Beder Khan Bey. After an obstinate conflict, in which many fell on both sides, the Nestorians gained the victory.

But the whole mountain district of Kurdistan, on the Turkish side, is at this moment filled with houseless, famished wanderers, hiding themselves in dens and caves, under all the worst circumstances and guises of misery, from their pursuers. Beder Khan swore before he started on his expedition, with all the solemnities of his creed, before two Imaums, that he would exterminate the whole Nestorian people; and all of them who have not strength to reach Persia will certainly experience the full realization of this oath.

The districts of Tiary, Tehomas, Diss, and Albagh, have been completely laid waste, the passage of these plundering hordes being marked by the traces of bloodshed, rapine, and murder. Thirty-seven Christain villages have been pillaged and burnt; such of the inhabitants as have escaped are wandering in the snow-clad and sterile mountains, in momentary fear of death by sword or famine.

The origin of these disasters dates to some three years back. The Nestorians to free themselves from the prosecutions of Beder Khan, sent a deputation to the Porte commanding to be incorporated in the jurisdiction of the Government of Mousoul.

This attempt (to the mind of Bedar Khan so audacious) brought down his vengeance on their heads, and he is said to have sworn "not to leave a single Christian alive in the whole of the Hakary province." He then (1843) sent Mousoul Kahn, with several thousand Kurds, who pillaged and massacred them, but nothing approaching the extent of the atrocities mentioned above.

☞ The *Washington Union*, of Friday evening has an article commenting upon the late news from Mexico in which alluding to the letter of Santa Anna to General Taylor, upon the termination of the armistice, the *Union* remarks:

"It is of course impossible to say, at present, how far the language used by the Mexican general may express the sentiments or spirit of the Mexican Congress. Certain it is, however, that the letter itself appears to hold out no prospect of a speedy peace. It demands preliminary conditions to which our country certainly can never agree. In view of the gross outrages on the part of Mexico, which led to the war, and in view also of the heavy expenditures which it has entailed upon us, the relinquishment of all our conquests can hardly receive the sanction of any considerable portion of the American people. The whole tone of the Mexican general shows that the war must yet be vigorously prosecuted, if he expresses the sentiments of the government. Unless the Mexican Congress shall be governed by a wholly opposite spirit of justice, our arms must achieve additional victories before any just or honorable peace can be obtained.

"It must be remembered, indeed, that Mexico avows that she has entered upon this war to recover possession of the whole territory of Texas. Such is her claim. It is a claim which can never be tolerated for a moment. It is a direct violation at once of the well-settled Law of Nations, and of our own national sovereignty. The spirit in which Mexico has acted ever since she commenced the war—the obstinacy with which she has rejected all our profers of negotiation, combined with the language addressed by Santa Anna to General Taylor to confirm the opinion that the stern pressure of war alone can bring that wretched and half-civilized anarchy which calls itself the government of Mexico to listen to the counsels of reason, of justice, and of peace."

Volunteers for Mexico !!

Mr John A Felt, now recruiting volunteers at Boston, for the war, will visit this city to-day for the purpose of enrolling such of our patriotic citizens as may be disposed to offer their services, to join his company which is to compose a part of the Regiment called for by the President of the United States.

☞ The tragedy of Douglas is being continued at the Museum by special request. We are happy to occasionally agree with our neighbor of the Courier, as we do, with his statement that this is the best piece that has ever been brought out at Lowell.

☞ To keep the hands from shapping let them be rubbed "bright dry" after every time they are washed.

☞ The Committee of Arrongements for the Franklin Supper will please meet at the Advertiser office, to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock.

Christmas Presents. Merrill & Heywood, J. E. Short, & Co. have every variety in the way of Books.

☞ The Northern Railroad is to be opened as far as Franklin on Saturday, when the stockholders and some other invited gentlemen will pass over it

☞ We have received from the publisher, Mr Dickinson, a copy of Dickinson's Boston Almanac.—We have already spoken at some length of its merits.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Monday, December 21, 1846.

Senate. In the Senate, to-day, Messrs. Rusk, Bright and Butler appeared and took their seats.

Several bills and resolutions of an uninteresting character, were introduced.

Mr. Harrow offered a resolution calling upon the President to inform the Senate whether he sent an officer or agents to Havana to negotiate with Santa Anna at that place; and for copies of any correspondence that may have taken place on the subject.

House. Mr Thompson offered a resolution, declaring the readiness of the Government of the United States to form a treaty of peace with Mexico, at as early a day as the Government of that country may feel disposed to do so; upon the terms, that Mexico acknowledges her position wrong in the existing war, and her readiness to assume the expenses of the war. The House refused to suspend the rules to receive the resolution, and it lies over for the day.

The House then took up the bill for the admission of Iowa into the Union, and it is still under debate.—Since passed.

Tuesday, December, 22, 1846.

In the Senate, to-day, Mr Rusk introduced a resolution instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the propriety of increasing military posts; also instructing the Post office Committee to inquire into the expediency of transporting free mails to the army.

Bills were reported establishing general pre-emption to actual settlers of public lands, and providing for the sale of mineral lands.

Mr Barrow's resolution calling upon the President for information in relation to negotiations with Santa Anna at Havana was postponed till Tuesday week.

Mr Sevier introduced a resolution of enquiry into the expediency of constructing a railroad from Missouri to the Columbia River.

In the House Mr Martin introduced a resolution to allow volunteers engaged in the Mexican War to receive their letters by mail free of postage. The House refused to suspend the rules to receive the resolution.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the reference of the President's Message to appropriate committees; and Messrs Morse and Martin defended the course of the President in reference to the Mexican war.

Annexation in Europe.

By consent of Russia and Prussia, the republic of of Cracow has been annexed to Austria; or rather re-annexed, as it was a part of the Austrian empire from 1795 to 1808, when Bonaparte made it a part of the Duchy of Warsaw. In 1815, according to arrangements made at the Congress of Vienna, it was constituted a Republic under the protection of Austria, Russia, and Prussia. Since that time it has had an elective assembly and Senate, with a president who was chosen every two years, and was the chief of the republic. This republic was a tiny affair, as large, perhaps, as one of our counties, and containing about half as many inhabitants as the State of New Hampshire. This little specimen of a free government and a free people, directly under the Royal and Imperial noses of Frederic-William, Ferdinand, and Nicholas, was an annoyance too grievous to be borne, and they determined to blot it out of being, or, what was the same thing, put it into the pocket of Austria, where all its notions of liberty and popular elections will soon be rectified. But annexation is not regarded with much favor in Europe, and France and England are disposed to complain of the encroachments made upon the family of European nations by the Autocrat and his confederates. The act has produced a good deal of excitement in Europe, and may produce something still more serious.

But what is Europe compared with the United States of America! We are a great people and do business on a grand scale! While they are squabbling and quarrelling about the annexation to Austria of a patch of land hardly large enough for an American turnip yard, we are moving with giant strides over a continent, compared with which Cracow and Austria, with England to boot, are in extent, but as a mole hill to a mountain, and are annexing to this republic what little territory we can find between the Isthmus of Darien and the Columbia river, from which we shall proceed at our leisure, in the work of annexation, to the North Pole, maugre the growling of the Russian bear and the roaring of the British lion. If the royalists across the water should interfere in the matter, or give us any of their sauce, we shall just annex Europe to us, and make it our sheep-pasture.—*Exeter News Letter.*

☞ Winter appears at last in the livery of the season. Washington woke this morning under a blanket of snow. It began to fall about one o'clock last night; and during the day the clouds have continued to spit a little more—(as the Philadelphia punster said, we are the most spitting people in the world, for even the clouds are said to spit snow.) It lies about four inches thick upon the ground, though in some places the wind has drifted it to the depth of more than a foot.—*Union of Thursday.*

In keeping. At the late Webster dinner in Philadelphia, they served up at dinner a roasted American Eagle, (the bird we mean of course—not the coin, nor our newspaper.) This was in keeping. A slain and "cooked" eagle was fitter there, than a "live" eagle.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Funeral of Major Ringgold. Says the N. Y True Sun's telegraph report from Baltimore, our whole city has been devoted to-day exclusively to the solemnities of the burial of the remains of the gallant Ringgold. The obsequies were most judicious in their arrangement, and were carried with the most perfect success.

The Procession was probably the most imposing and grand ever witnessed in this section of the Union.—There were eleven companies of horse and twenty-four companies of infantry in the procession, occupying 20 minutes in passing any one given point. The windows, stoops, doors, and even roofs of the houses, on the route of the procession, were crowded with spectators whose demeanor and countenance indicate the deep interest the assembled thousand felt in this melancholy tribute to departed worth and valor.

☞ The Philharmonic Society of Boston, give their second Festival of the season, on Saturday Jan. 2d. 1847, at Tremont Temple. Mr Henri Herz has been engaged to come from N. Y, expressly for the occasion.

☞ The Providence Sentinel accounts for a very wonderful phenomenon soon by some fishermen for Bass by the blowing up of a powder house on the Providence and Worcester railroad. It says seventy-two kegs were "done for."

☞ Five hundred and eighty two wagons were ferried over the Mississippi river at Burlington, Iowa, during the first two weeks of October last—emigrants, seeking a home in the "West."

☞ The remains of Major Ringgold arrived at Baltimore from Washington, on Friday evening, and were deposited in the cenotaph prepared for their reception, in the Rotunda of the Exchange.

☞ The printers of Newburyport propose to celebrate the anniversary of the birth day of Franklin.

☞ The grey wolf which was killed in Seabrook, N. H., the other day turns out to have been a *bull-dog*.

☞ Christmas—The Museum on Christmas is to be opened day and evening.

Hon. Zadoc Pratt.

The Democratic Review gives a sketch of the life of Hon. Zadoc Pratt, a Democratic member of Congress from New York. He was born in 1790, and had no other education than that of a common school, working out of school hours to pay his board. The first money he ever earned was by gathering whortleberries. He was an apprentice to a saddler, and employed his leisure hours in braiding whiplashes, &c., for which he readily found a market, and in a short time, by saving his little earnings, he found himself possessed of some thirty dollars—quite a treasure for a working boy. He served out his apprenticeship, worked a year at his trade at the wages of ten dollars a month, and then commenced business for himself.—He now labored fifteen or sixteen hours a day; and this system of industry, coupled with prudence and judicious enterprise, soon placed him on the road to fortune.

From this time his course has been uniformly upward. His life affords no great striking events, like those of the statesman, the successful soldier, or the man of letters; but it offers a most instructive and useful lesson to youth of our country, and an example of preserverance and energy for them to imitate.

Mr Pratt carried on his business successfully at Lexington, till 1824, when determining upon seeking a larger field of operation in manufacturing, he closed his business in Lexington, he purchased the tract and waterpower now included in the village which bears his name, and commenced his operations. The forest on either hand, to the very tops of the mountains, was a dense growth of hemlock, adapted to his purpose; communication was easy with New York; and he at once saw that here was the spot for him to establish a mammouth tannery. He lost no time in commencing operations; and his labor was crowned with the most complete success. His establishment soon gave employment in various ways to more than two hundred men, to all of whom he gave encouragement to settle around him. His tannery was 300 feet long, containing over 300 vats, or about 46,000 cubic feet of room for tanning operations; requiring a consumption annually of 1500 cords of wood and 6,000 cords of hemlock bark, in the manufacture of 60,000 sides of sole leather, which he annually sent to market—or say, more than a million of sides in the last twenty years,—employing a capital of over $250,000 a year, without a single litigated law suit.

As the tide of prosperous business flowed in upon him, his friends and neighbors also flourished; the town was rapidly settled and improved; streets were laid out and ornamental trees planted by his own hands; schools were established, churches built, and houses and stores multiplied, until the village has become one of the most pleasant and flourishing settlements in the region of the Catskills. It is stated, that Mr Pratt has himself erected more than a hundred houses, and his munificence is seen in all the churches and public buildings of the place, of which more than one third of the cost was defrayed from his own pocket.

In 1840, retiring in part from the more active business of his manufactory, Mr Pratt employed a portion of his capital in the establishment of a bank at Prattsville, under the free banking law of the state of New York. A capital of $100,000, secured in 6 per ct. stocks of the United States, and of the State of N. Y., is thus employed, and has been found extremly useful in that mountainous region, its business averaging nearly a million of dollars annually. It is one of the few institutions, the bills of which are kept actually at par by redemption in New York city.—*Newburyport Herald.*

Land Speculators. The outrageous grievance of which the honest emigrants to the great West complain, is being imposed upon by land speculators, is well illustrated by the remarks of a Mr Edison, a recent traveller in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, who says, (Nov. 23d,) that he was about to buy a quarter section of land, when he was informed that 30,000 acres, belonged to Daniel Webster, who held it at $10 an acre; going farther he inquired again, when he found that he was on a tract of 80,000 acres owned by a British General, Sir Richard Phipps; still farther, another pleasant spot met his eye, but it was part of a tract of 80,000 belonging to Sir Robert Peel; the traveller made one more halt, when what was his astonishment to bring up at a very little estate, of only 2,000,000 of acres, owned by Jacob Ridgeway.

This plundering scheme of speculation and patronage must be stopped, and the bona fide emigrant rescued from the land sharks who pounce upon his life blood. Those lands in small portions must be made free.—*Providence Sentinel.*

The Inhalation of Ether. We publish upon the first page of our daily paper two more articles upon this subject, from the "Medical and Surgical Journal" of this week. The subject is one that has excited a great deal of interest, and one upon which the public is naturally anxious to be correctly informed. "Doctors disagree" about it, but they all agree that great caution must be taken in administering the sulphuric ether, or whatever the new preparation may be. Some doctors say that it has been used before; some are afraid to use it now. Some believe in paying Mr Morton for its use, and some in not paying. Between their various opinions we shall not attempt to decide, but knowing that an agent so powerful should not be used without full information and great caution, we have not hesitated to devote a considerable space in our columns to facts concerning it.—*Boston Adv.*

Origin of "Not any thing else." Mr. Sentinel.—Looking over an old volume of medical writings the other day, my eye caught the following. No doubt this ancient English apothecary would have been astonished could he have known what a tremendous circulation this queer phrase of his was destined to have in the New World:

"In the time of George II. tar-water was all the rage in England. Sir Horace Walpole relates an anecdote of a lady going to an apothecary and asking him if he sold tar-water? His reply was, "*we don't sell any thing else, madam.*"—*Providence Sentinel.*

Coming. The Weekly Messenger and Literary Wreath, heretofore published at Exeter, N. H., will be issued from the 24th inst. at this place. The Messenger is published by Messrs Rufus Brown, A. R. Brown and J. L. Becked, under the firm of A. R. Brown & Co., and is neutral in politics and religion.

A democratic paper will probably start up here in the Spring. We have recently understood that our neighbor of the Haverhill Banner intends to remove his establishment to this place shortly.—*Merrimack Courier.*

☞ The Ball given by the Concord Artillery at the Middlesex Hotel, last evening, was a splendid affair. The members of the company were in fine spirits and appeared in apple-pie order—the ladies looked divinely—the music was excellent, and never *Flagg*-ed from the commencement to the end. The supper was got up in Hadlock's usual superior style. Everything passed off admirably and the company broke up at an *early* hour we reckon, as we saw some of the b'hoys "going home with the girls in the morning."—*Concord Freeman.*

☞ The Prize Money accuring to the various prizes taken at Tobasco and Tampico amounts to $220,000 of which the government gets one half and the officers and seamen the other.

☞ A circular from the Penn State Treasurer announces a balance in the treasury on the 1st, of $154,678 70. The payment of the February interest is placed beyond contingency.

☞ The "killers" and "bouncers" of Philadelphia, have had another fight at Pittsberg.

☞ Hon. Henry Clay arrived at New Orleans on the 11th inst.

☞ * * * will appear in our next.

Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the unfortunate sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETABLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&P1yc3t

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are afflicted with Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no desire to deceive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do we wish to eulogize it more than it justly deserves.—Yet when we look around and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genuine, as "Phœnix Balsam of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comstock, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

DIED.

In Townshend, Vt., Dec. 13th, Mrs Candace, relict of the late Dea. John Burnap, of Windham, Vt., and mother of Rev. U. C. Burnap, of this city, aged 82

CHRISTMAS.

GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT.

MR. I. N. METCALF respectfully informs his friends and the public, that his annual Concert will take place at the CITY HALL, on Friday Evening, Dec. 25, 1846; on which occasion he will be assisted by

MISS S. B. WIGHT, MR. LOUIS STRACK, MR. A. BOND, and the
WASHINGTON BRASS BAND.

Mr. M. also takes pleasure in announcing that MR. G. F. HAYTER, of Boston, has volunteered his valuable aid, and will preside alternately with Mr. Strack, on the Piano Forte.

Mr. M. trusts that the above eminent talent, together with other musical friends of Lowell and Boston, will meet with a favorable reception.

Tickets 25 Cents, to be obtained at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, Bixby, and March; at the Apothecary stores of Carlton & Co., and Ayer, at the Merrimack and American Houses, and at the door on the evening of performance.

☞ Doors open at 6 M., Commence at 7.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞ Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.—☜

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 23, 1846,
Will be presented Rev. Mr. Home's celebrated Tragedy of
HOUGLAS,—Or, The Noble Shepherd.
Glenalvon, Mr Germon.
Young Norval, Mrs Germon.
Song, Mr Currier.
To conclude with the amusing Farce of
THE OMNIBUS,—Or, Ten Miles from Town!

☞ Arrangements have been made to have the House thoroughly warmed and comfortable.

Just added,—A splendid set of Cosmoramic Views, which will be brilliantly lighted each evening.

☞ Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

Tickets **25 cents for each person.** Children under 12 years, when accompanied by parents, half price. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

☞ Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Dec 21

ALL MAY BE ASSURED

THAT 114 Central St. is decidedly the best place to buy BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS in this or any other city.

THEY have just Received a large assortment of Ladies' prime Kid walking Shoes and Rubbers which they are selling at prices that will defy all competition, they have a large assortment of Ladies' Shoes of every description on hand and are constantly receiving from their manufactory Boots and Shoes of every description made expressly for the retail trade, they would just say to those wishing to purchase, to give them a call, always remembering every article is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, also if an article purchased of them does not fit you can bring it back and get one that will.

Dont forget the place A. BROWN & Co's., Cheap *BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER*, Establishment 114 Central Street. Sign of
THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LYMAN SWASEY, of Acton in said county, Millwright an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Swasey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY the eighteenth day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Swasey.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
dec24 A3t. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

MIDDLESEX ss. Dec. 22d, 1846.—The December Term of the Court of Common Pleas, which stands adjourned to Monday, the 28th instant, will, in consequence of the election on that day, be adjourned to Tuesday, the 20th instant, at 10 o'clock.—Members of the bar, Jurors, Parties, &c., will govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the Chief Justice of said Court.
dec24A&P1t SAML. CHANDLER, Sheriff.

WANTED. Three Coat Makers; one vest and one pant maker. Enquire at
HUGH MCEVOY'S.

☞ None need apply but first rate hands.
Dec. 23.

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why! because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.
A&P1ydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED
GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlnue, Pastern, Collin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&P1yde5

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO STEVENS, of Bedford, in said county, butcher, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Stevens will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Stevens, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec 22A3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of Ebenezer Sargent of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Sargent, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of December inst at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Sargent may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, Dec. 21 1846. A3t

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

THE Useful Arts; considered in connection with the application of science, &c, by J. Bigelow, M. D. Robinson Crusoe, Illustrated; a new and improved edition, with fifty characteristic cuts. The Juvenile Companion, a book for the fireside, comprising historical and biographical anecdotes and other selections suitable for the young. Guide to Wisdom and Virtue or Parental instructions, designed for young persons of either sex, selected mainly from the writings of an eminent Physician.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estate of Joseph Schofield late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOHN W. GRAVES, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 1 1846. 22A3w

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3 A3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.
Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. At dec 30.

NOTICE. BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY next, Dec. 28th, a Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, at 6 P. M., stopping at Way Stations.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Boston, Dec. 21st, 1846.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,
Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov 28a1m.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street*, (*running through to Prescott St.*)
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14 A4m H. T. BUTLER.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, 31 stairs, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. BUTLER, Esq., and A. W. FARR, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage.

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

*** The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in *every* department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish.

TERMS MODERATE.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.
Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. A3m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 18th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JAMES L. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, cabinet, maker an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the second day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown, and to do such other business in relation to said estate, as may then come before them.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
Dec 19th A3t

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. From a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDESS, (Post Paid,)
B. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1under3

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet a token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Buquet's of Flowers by J. Ackermann.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Bouquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Dual Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflower, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
nov14 23 Central St.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December inst, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3t

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, between James Hamnett, James Lamb, and Philip Stewart, under the name and firm of James Hamnett & Co., is this by mutual consent dissolved.

JAMES HAMNETT.
JAMES LAMB.
PHILIP STEWART.
Lowell Dec 8th 1846. A3t.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the *very lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜
No. 2 Coburn's Block, Central St. oov

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1A3m.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH.

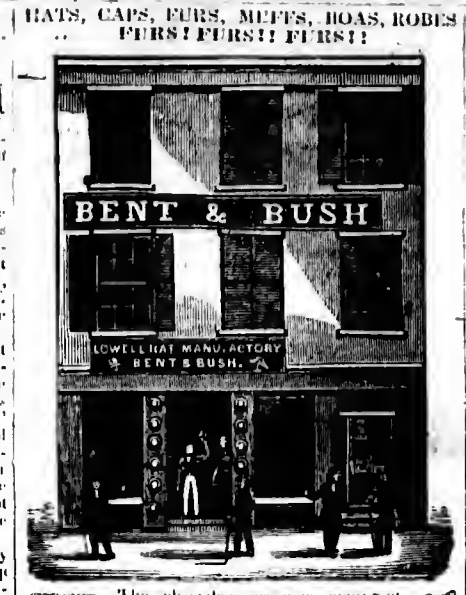
Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,
ly LOWELL, MASS.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at the HAT, FUR AND CAP STORE, No 30 Central st., opposite the post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutra, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutra, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutra, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin, common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next ferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department engaged with their Store, which enables them to furnish articular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH. A1f

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,
PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.
oct10 aptf

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracut, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that on establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one, on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydropathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to
E. P. EASTMAN.
Lowell dec. 12 1846. A3t.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW T. WRIGHT, 81 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. T. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, a1t

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Bridge and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Cord-wood of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country; and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S. Osgood, and Illustrated with ten beautiful bouquets of flowers. The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smith, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, person deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and, by publication in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouchers, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Books, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books—and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov A3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT
Lowell, Dec 5, 1846. Assignee. A3w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT,

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this envertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Fleor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action,	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaendice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstruation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache,	Nervous Disorders,
Erysipilas,	Neeralgia,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Stomach, various diseases,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Whites.
Fever and Ague,	

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect *cure*. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary *cures*.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession,—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similar testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THIRD, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March. AIY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system*, viz: —Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Sub born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Asches or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is therefore superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and crawl across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

HERKSHIRE, VT., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Amherst; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fuwle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yaug29r3i

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent liver*.

Mr John Fuss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and debility.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwa&ol1yjan13

P. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any one whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

SEARCH AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in town where they reside. Its not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food; with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

**** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00 apr4

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLER HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agnein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to its natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

**** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure tainted state of blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureess of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bouck, at the Atheneum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Well st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Boxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 295 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and sore of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest. 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leecorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating efferts on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence, It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of a delicate nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaaskie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsy, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The London Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 per annum.
For any two do.	5 "
For any three do.	7 "
For all four of the Reviews,	8 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 "

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
jel1a6m 112 Fulton st., New York.

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentry* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed

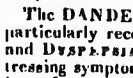
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jomeson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&AP1oct144

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooms, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26A1y6m*

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 26, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 152.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3 00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 in payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 44, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, and liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Looking Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. a&p11

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmar19

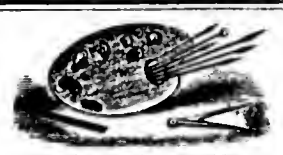
ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, TIN MOULDS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, LIVINGSTON'S LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Alf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge.
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory.
sep9 tf

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. 1fmar1



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 *Central Street, opposite the Post Office.*
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep13

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Bookstore*....LOWELL.
up12 tim

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 a1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sep123 I. S. MORSE, Sec'y.

DEAN & DENMORE,
COUNSELLORS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DENSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected a&p1y

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass. Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms. Please call and see a plan of said premises at
ndv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
☞ S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally.
nov4 a1y

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

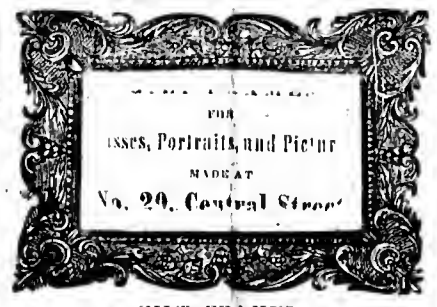


WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or barn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may11a&p1y

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.



GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and as signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to purchase.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the Blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the State. Price 50 cents per bottle.
Amn19&p1yjan29



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6 00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves the assortment, which for quality and price will be sure to please.
W. H. HYAR.
Lowell, 1846. a1yapr4

JUST PUBLISHED!
GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.
First American, from the Tenth English Edition.
SELF-MANAGEMENT
AND CURE OF
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.
With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*
This work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.
It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age—forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.
This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Guide, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"
Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.
Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.
☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLETON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawa&p1yfeb14

LIFE ASSURANCE.
NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, No. 26, Coruhill, London.
CAPITAL—£500,000 Sterling, or $2,500,000,
WITH ANNUAL DIVISION OF PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.
[EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.]
This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid (see table); also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet their many changes of circumstances.
Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

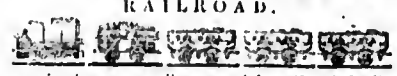
DIVISION OF PROFITS.
The remarkable success and increasing prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth bonus varying from 35 to 85 per cent. on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the Profit Scale.

EXAMPLES.

Age.	Sum.	Premium.	Year.	Bonus added.	Bonus in cash.	Permanent reduction of Premium.	Sum the Assured may borrow on Policy
30	$1000	$370 00	1847	$1088 75	$560 21	$80 00	$ 225
			1848	900 00	181 38	67 25	1567
			1849	825 00	370 00	55 00	1760
			1850	750 00	750 00	50 00	1
			1851	675 00	1000 00	45 00	2310

The division of profits is annual, and the next will be made in December of the present year.
For list of United States local directors, agents and medical officers, also tables of rates, and report of last annual meeting, (15th of May, 1845,) see pamphlet, to be obtained at the office of FREDERICK PARKER, opposite the American House, Central St., Lowell.
JACOB HARVEY, Chairman of Local Board in New York.
EDMUND A. GRATTAN, Agent.
ELLIOTT & GREIG, Acting Agents for the New England States.
Office in Boston—12, *Merchant's Exchange.*
Consulting Physicians, JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., ELISHA HUNTINGTON, M. D., Lowell.
FREDERICK PARKER,
dec19aTu&Sreowly Agent for Lowell and vicinity.

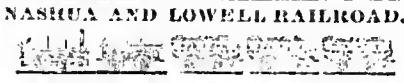
LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.

ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5 h., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 12, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua & Concord Railroads.
At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 3 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



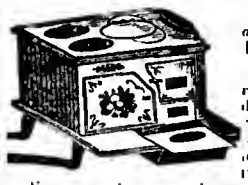
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Hellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P.M.
Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to leave Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M.,
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11½ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood
at BANGS', opposite the Washington House.
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will do, and if there is not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trans'n.—Also, constantly on hand—a general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days. *Secret Diseases* are cured by Dr. M. on the most scientific principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Hide st., opposite Post Office. n28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2a&r1y

From Frazer's Magazine.

THE MANIAC ENGINEER.

There was a moment's pause; not one of the three stirred. When I saw Jeffries' hand gliding towards a heavy hammer which lay close to him. The maniac, for such he was, glared from one to the other of us. I could not fix his eye, but I felt that he watched my every movement. I grasped for breath. Jeffries' hand was close to the hammer; when, with a yell which rung high into the air amid the thunder of our onward pace, Westhorpe flung himself upon the stoker. He had observed this manœuvre to gain possession of the hammer.

'You would, would you?' the madman growled out between his clenched teeth—'then take it!' He flung his arms around the wretched man, who clutched convulsively at any object within his grasp.

'Save me!' he screamed; 'save me, for dear God's sake!'

But I was paralyzed. With one superhuman effort Westhorpe tore the wretch from his crouching position, and with limbs which appeared to work and swell with iron muscles, tossed the strong man like a child in his arms, and shouted a maniac yelling laugh.

'Help! help!' screamed Jeffries; 'oh! oh! my wife at home.'

Those were his last words.

'Then go home to her!' shrieked Westhorpe, and, with another demoniac laugh, he heaved the struggling victim high into the air, and I heard the dull, dead, plashy dint with which he was dashed to pieces on the stony ground.

Westhorpe turned suddenly round. 'Mad!' he shouted, at the full pitch of his voice—'mad!—I believe you!—I am!—I am!—mad! mad! mad!' He clenched my collar, and drew me to him—I was a mere child in his arms.

'Mad!' he repeated—'yes!—I tried long to keep it down!—oh, I fought with it!—wrestled with it! And I said to myself, no, I am not mad, when I knew I was! Mad! I believe you!—I am mad!—I feel it now—I know the pleasure of it! God! who would be sane!—ha, ha, ha!—if he knew what a life a madman's is!'

He unloosed his grasp of me, and I shrunk into a corner of the space before the boiler, almost unable to articulate. The paroxysm seemed to pass away for the moment, and he stood muttering. Then catching up the spade, he set himself to trim the fires anew. A thrill of horror again passed through me; we were going at a pace to which all others that I had ever travelled were child's play. I tried to compose myself to my fate. If the engine did not leap of the rails, it was evident that, sooner or later, we must arrive at the obstruction, which would, as with one mighty blow, smite into dust forever.

Again he turned round to me, and, drawing me towards him, looked into my face. The madman had the mastery. Supporting himself by a side-rail, he gazed at me. O that lustrous bloodshot eye!—that ghastly, working, twitching visage! At length he spoke, slowly, nay calmly,—

'We are now going faster than ever mortal man travelled since the world was a world.'

He paused, and the frightful swaying of the engine, and the lightning-like play of the rattling mechanism, fearfully attested his words.

'How fast do you think we are going?' inquired the maniac still speaking with the greatest apparent calmness.

'Not much under a hundred miles an hour,' I gasped.

'Full that,' he replied. 'Now tell me, do you think spirits can fly as fast?'

Never shall I forget the sepulchral tone in which the question was put. He paused, but without, however, appearing to wait for an answer, and looked wistfully at the furnace-door, its dimensions marked by four lines of red light.

I imagined that in his present mood I could sooth him down, and regain that moral mastery over him which the sane, by coolness and self-possession, so frequently acquire over the victims of mental disease. Cheered by this gleam of hope, I looked him steadily in the face, and began to speak in mild, coaxing accents,—

'Do you think we need trouble ourselves to keep the engine at such speed?'

'I fear we must,' he said sadly; 'there would be danger in a mile an hour less.'

I paused, completely puzzled. What were the train of ideas passing in the madman's brain?

'You have been ill,' I continued, in the same coaxing, fondling tone.

'No—yes, yes—oh, very, very ill,' Westhorpe spoke with apparent languor and difficulty.

'Particularly within the last three days?' I resumed.

He started back, and exclaimed fiercely, 'Ill—no, not ill—drunk!'

'Drunk!' I echoed, mechanically; a flash of light crossed me—the man was suffering under *delirium tremens*.

'Yes, drunk!' he shouted, with all his former wildness. 'Drunk! yes—I've been drunk since her death; I shall be till my own! Drunk or mad—there's little difference! I tell you I must drink—it lays her—it keeps her off from me!—She haunts me—she persecutes me, and I must have drink!—drink!'

He darted back, struck his forehead with his clenched fists, and then suddenly producing a small, empty phial, he turned away his head, and in a half-smothered voice said, 'Read the label.'

I did.

'Prussic Acid—Poison.'

He sprung round as though he had been shot, 'I didn't give it to her!—I didn't—she took it of her own accord! Before God she did!—but she took it because I said she should never be my wife. I am her murderer!—her murderer, though I did't give the poison! I murdered the only woman I ever loved—I did! God help me! Oh, Mary—Mary Slane—but you're revenged! You have never left me since!—you hung over my bed at night—you walked at my side in God's sunlight in the streets—you sat with your clammy hand in mine in the theatre—you looked in my face over the glass as I drank burning spirits—you rode with me on the engine! I have seen you every where—every where! Ah, ah, I see you now!—you are following us!—following us through the night!—but you shan't catch us!—you shan't!—you shan't!'

And the maniac started up, and with a howl like a wild beast urged on the levers, and, actually screaming with terror; tugged and strained at any portion of the rattling machinery he could reach, as though to increase the speed.

I shrunk back—why should I not confess it?—perfectly cowed. At that moment we flew into a tunnel. The glare of the lanterns and the half-opened furnace flickered on the vaulted roof

as we travered the dismal passage, amid what appeared a squall of hot, damp air, and shewed Westhorpe, his limbs twitching and every feature convulsed with terror, clinging to and struggling on the engine.

A moment, and we were again beneath the open night.

The parnxysm appeared to have passed nwny for the moment, and the maniac again turned to me.

'You saw her face, eh? wasn't it ghastly?—It was just so she looked out of her coffin—just!'

I said a couple of words, I know not what.

'I'll shew her something,' muttered the madman, after a pause. 'I think she'd like to see it.'

Another pause.

'Open this,' he said at length, and I received a carefully tied brown-paper parcel from his hand. He turned away when he had given it, as though unable to watch the opening. 'Untie it,' he said, with his back to me.

I did so. The first envelope was one of brown paper: under it was another of somewhat more delicate texture; then came wrapper after wrapper, until I thought as I untied them with a trembling hand, that the whole packet would prove a mere bundle of waste-paper. I was deceived, however. I came at length to a carefully folded envelope of silk paper. I tore it open sheltering it from the rush of air, and, lo my utter amazement, found its contents to be—a half-dozen withered blades of grass! An involuntary exclamation escaped me.

'Have—you—done it?' muttered Westhorpe, gnashing the very words between his teeth.

'Grass!' I exclaimed here's nothing but grass!'

He bounded round, clutched the withered herbage in his hand, and, holding it aloft in the air, shouted—

'See, Mary Slane, see! Grass from your grave, Mary! Grass pulled by your murderer, Mary! O God! night after night have I passed upon the sod that covered you, and whenever I left it I carried the grass against my heart! O Mary, Mary! mercy—pity! Oh, I loved you! indeed—indeed, Mary, I did! I would have been a good husband, Mary; indeed, indeed I would! but it was not to be—my lost, lost Mary!'

He paused; the moon at the moment burst from behind a silvery cloud, and shone gloriously down upon us; upon the dusky country side, the speeding, gleaming, roaring machine, and the distorted face and foaming lips of the engine-driver.

As he paused he appeared to listen. I watched him narrowly. The expression of his face changed, he clasped his hands, raised them; and the countenance which a moment ago was harrowed and convulsed by mad terror, its every muscle racked and riven, gradually relaxed; a smile stole round the mouth—you could see it beneath the froth which still oozed from the lips; and then every feature became instinct and dilated with a yearning, grateful joy.

'I forgive you! Oh—oh, Mary, Mary, say those words again! God bless you, Mary! your face is like an angel's now! Do, say them again, —'I forgive you!'

He listened, and, Heaven help me! I listened too, for the spirit's voice. I heard but the roaring of our iron race. Not so Westhorpe; his face gleamed and his eye sparkled.

'God's thanks, Mary! God's thanks, I am pardoned!' and then covering his face with his hands; he burst into a loud fit of weeping; and in a moment sunk down; a sobbing; quivering mass, upon the engine mat.

Now was my time—now or never. I looked forth. Ahead of us sparkled the lights of D——. They were miles—many miles away; but minutes at our present pace would shoot us in splinters through the walls of the station. Westhorpe lay sobbing hysterically; I had enough acquaintance with the locomotive to know the mechanical process of shutting off the steam, and grasped the handle of the lever, I turned the tide of the fierce vapor from the mechanism.

The wheels had not spun round a single turn when Westhorpe, as if by instinct, sprung up, and, with a roar of hoarse fury, dragged me from the machinery. One of his huge hands was clutched round my throat—I writhed under the workings of his muscles—while with the other he wrenched the lever, and I *felt* the steam set on again. I groaned faintly. He relaxed his hold of my neck, and grasping me by both shoulders, drew me to him. I made one effort one struggle. Twining my leg round his by a sudden wrench I succeeded in flinging him backwards with a heavy crash, partly upon the engine-floor, partly upon a box destined to contain grease, tools and other useful implements in case of accidents. The advantage was but for a moment; I felt his strength rising beneath my weight like a Titan's. With one bound he was on his feet, grasping me, a struggling mass, in his arms.

'There, go after Jefferies!' he roared.

My muscles involuntarily contracted, I seemed to shrink into a ball, as I felt by the winding up, as it were, of the muscular power of his arms, that he was almost in the act of flinging me down the high embankment we were then shooting across. All at once he screamed out—

'D——! D——! there's the lights—the green signal to stop! Stop!—ha—ha—ha!—stop!—D—— the station, we'll go through it! Through—through walls, houses, streets! Stop!—ha—ha—ha!'

I held my breath, I was still grasped in his arms. My head spun round and round, blue and yellow flashes appeared to illume my brain; the quarter mile-stones appeared tumbling past, one on the top of the other; the away of the engine increased; it rocked, and bounded, and roared down the incline leading to the station.—I saw gleaming past, the lights in the baggage and engine sheds. I heard the exulting scream of the maniac, mingled with shouts, and whistles, and the ringing of bells, which seemed to rise on every side. I saw the dusky lines of standing carriages; I saw the glitter of the brilliantly lighted station; I saw the flying groups upon the platform; I saw pillars, lamps, engines; one mass—one confused, gleaming, shooting mass! I gasped; then with a yell which seemed to transform all nature into that wild, ghastly, death shriek, we—we dashed—on——

On nothing.

'Now, then, tickets, please! Gentlemen, get your tickets ready! D—— station, gentlemen! Ten minutes allowed for refreshment, gentlemen!'

I started up with a stammering cry.

'Holla! holla! what's the matter with you?—You've been groaning and moaning in your sleep for the last half hour.'

'Westhorpe! Westhorpe!' I gasped.

'The man's asleep still! What the dence do you mean by Westhorpe? Rouse up, man, and let us have some stout and sandwiches!'

I sank back.

'It was a dream, then!' I muttered.

'Ay, a railway nightmare, my boy! Did not I warn you of that beefsteak pie at Leeds? But what was it all about? You were thinking of some of your expressing work, were you not?'

'I was. Thank God it was but a dream; as you say, a Railway Nightmare!'

[Concluded.]

THE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 26, 1846.

How stands the Counsel

The shock of the elements of political contest has been felt in many of the States of our Union—and what is the result? what presage of the future fate of Democracy is to be gathered from the history of these ost political battle fields?

There has been a very considerable falling off in the Democratic vote all over the country; and this deficiency has been in about the same ratio everywhere, effected, it is true, in some States, by local causes which are readily seen and understood. In consequence of this falling off in the Democratic vote, the whigs unexpectedly to themselves, find they have carried several States which have been among the strongholds of democracy. Surprised by this unlooked for event, the old dry bones of whiggery are startled from the grave, where, denounced and condemned by the people, it had been thrown, and it is now in a delirium of joy, uttering its exultations of victory, and in its wild calculations for the future, cutting its figures as void of reason, ere as the fantastic movements of a galvanized skeleton.

But leaving the votaries of whiggery to enjoy their late triumphs and mad hopes for the future, let us take a calm survey of the political field, and bringing the experience of the past to aid us in judging of that which is to be, let us see how stands the cause of Democratic principles with regard to future success.

The whigs have succeeded in the late elections to an unexpected extent, and if they can keep possession of the ground they have now carried, there can be no doubt of their success in the next presidential election. They have carried New Hampshire, New York, and Pennsylvania—and in almost all the State and Congressional elections, they have made comparative gains. But what of this? What is there in these facts to disheartea Democrats? What if every State in the Union, through supineness or distraction of the Democracy, should fall into the hands of the whigs! All would not even then be lost. The immutable principles of Democracy yet remain; and there also remains in the innermost hearts of the people, the unalterable determination that Democratic principles shall triumph in the government of this country. The people are Democratic, and they *will* have a democratic government. An administration with the name and trappings alone of Democracy, will not satisfy them. They require real, genuine, practical Democracy; and whatever may be the professions of the government, they will test its doings with a most rigid scrutiny.

Three-fourths of the people of every State in the Union, and a much larger proportion of the aggregate whole, are firmly and irrecoverably fixed in favor of Democratic principles. If this be so, it may be asked, why is not the Democratic party always and everywhere triumphant? It is because there is now no *open* or *avowed* contest against democratic principles.—The party which is really the anti-democratic party, now, in their professions, out-democrat the democracy. The anti-democratic leaders know too well the democratic tendency of the age, and the thoroughly democratic sentiments of the American people, to come out honestly and combat democratic *principles*. They know that if they succeed at all, it must be under the garb of democracy. They therefore, hesitate not to "steal the livery of the Court of Heaven to serve the devil in!" They profess to be democratic, in order to get the votes of the people; and when thus elevated to power, they use their ill-gotten influence to uphold anti-democratic principles as far as circumstances will permit. When two parties are thus trying to out do each other by *talking* democracy the loudest, it is not at all times an easy matter for the people to decide which is the *real* democratic party. They can and do comprehend principles,—but is a much more complicated process to apply principles to practical measures. And when measures are advocated on the one side as democratic, and opposed on the other as being antagonistic to the principles of democracy, the people must reserve their final judgment, and, marking the progress of events, feel their way along by the teachings of a practical experience. The democracy should be bound to no party any farther than its measures and doings accord with democratic principles, by tending to secure to all the people the enjoyment of equal rights.

This is found to be the course pursued by a large portion of the democracy; and the late elections show that they are now holding in this state of probation the present national administration. In the election of 1844, the people by their votes decided in favor of democratic principles, and also in favor of certain leading and important measures. Among these, the financial system of the government, and the modification and reduction of the tariff were prominent questions at issue. The administration which was then elected, is, of course, to be held responsible to the people for faithfully adhering to the principles of the people then expressed, by embodying them in legal enactments. The Independent Treasury has been established, and also a law materially reducing the duties upon article of common consumption, together with other laws of much importance. These laws are undoubtedly in accordance with the general principles approved by the people in the election of 1844. But there are many respectable men of much business experience, who declare that those measures will spread ruin and destruction throughout the country. They are denounced as anti-democratic—as tending to make worse the condition of the great mass of laboring men. And the people have been called upon to reverse the decision before made, and condemn the measures of reform. This appeal, coming from respectable, though it must be admitted, from interested sources, is entitled to *some* consideration; and the people have passed to test conflicting theories by practical experience.

Unfortunately these—the great measures of this administration, by which it must mainly be judged, and upon which its fame with the future depends—were not in operation at the time of the late elections, and the people were called upon to repudiate or oppose them, without any practical experience of their effects. Chiefly in consequence of the very unprofitable speeches upon "*fifty-four forty*," by windy aspirants for popular favor; the great and important measures of the administration were delayed, and not put into operation so soon by some months as they might, and as it was desirable they should have been. Therefore the people could judge of them only by their prospective effects, and these were, for the most part, seen through the medium of the alarm and panic clamors of *interested* individuals, whose monopolies were to be somewhat abated by the more just provisions of the new laws. The question upon the general principles of these measures, was decided by the people according to the light they then had, in the election of 1844. Interested individuals, and factions opposing the whig party, making dreadful predictions of the pernicious effects upon the welfare of community, of the practical operation of these principles, pressed the people to reverse the decision then made. But this the people were not quite ready to do, and it yet remains for them to pass final sentence of approval or condemnation upon them, as their practical operation, when fairly tried, shall shew them to be beneficial or injurious to the general welfare. The democracy generally, are well satisfied that these measures of financial and commercial reform will result beneficially to the people.—But their is a portion of the party, who, being disposed to weigh all matters of importance with care, are awaiting the results of their actual operation, that they may finally decide with the light of an unerring practical experience. The urging upon the people the reversal of their former decision upon these measures, before they had been tried, was a premature move on the part of the whigs, and it has resulted in no decision at all.

A critical glance at the results of the late elections, will show that the view here taken is correct. In the States where the whigs claim their great victories, the democratic voters have fallen off by thousands and tens of thousands—but the whig vote has not, in consequence increased. So far from this, the whigs also have lost largely in the popular vote. This makes it clear that those who have hitherto voted with the democratic party, but did not so vote in these elections, have not gone over to the whigs. The clamors and bugbears of interested whiggery, may have induced some to pause and consider, till actual trial shall prove whether these measures can be carried into effect consistently with general welfare; but they have come far short of convincing democrats that whiggery is right. The whigs, therefore, have no cause to rejoice in the late elections as an overthrow of the democracy. They should rather turn their attention in alarm to the fact, that with all their tirades against the measures of the administration, and all their prophecies of ruin, they have not been able to bring out to the polls, their own usual strength. And if they read wisely the lesson which this fact teaches, they will see that their own voters, like those of the democratic party, are pausing to *try*, before condemning these measures. Democracy never stood stronger than at the present time! All its old voters who have carried it triumphantly over many a hard fought battle ground, still remain true to it; and it can take the field in the next great contest, with all its former strength, and with large accessions to its ranks, from among the honest and intelligent of the whig party, who, the late elections have shown, are now watching the operation of the financial and commercial reform of the democratic party, and who will be convinced by the practical benefits flowing therefrom to the people, that they have heretofore been deceived and misled by whig professions and their subtile theories. In the next Presidential election democracy must be triumphant! And nothing but dissensions about men, among democrats themselves, can possibly prevent its success by unprecedented majorities. This, the only danger, must be averted by the democratic people, after well considering the whole matter, and taking measures that their will shall be obeyed, in the selection of one of the *strong lions* of democracy, and thus defeat the plans of all cliques, which, while calling the people to postpone all considerations as to men, are contriving machinery to effect herein their own selfish and narrow minded schemes.

The past history of our country shows that the course of democracy cannot be permanently impeded. It goes *onward*—still ONWARD, and carries the banner of *reform* to improve the condition and cheer the hearts of the people! It is true that at times it has been apparently stationary or retrograding, when after carrying some great reform, the people pause to make themselves sure the reform is *real*, and to gather new strength to press forward in overturning the systems of injustice and wrong, built up by the cunning of the few to oppress the mass of mankind. So it is now.—But there is no cause for democrats to despond because the whigs have succeeded in the late elections. The people *have not, and they will not* desert the democratic cause! The people are democratic, and they cannot be long led astray from their principles, or remain in doubt. The government of the country is in their hands, and they are intelligent and will see to it, that it conforms to the principles of democracy.

* * *

THE FORTUNES OF AN APPRENTICE. Judge Mortin, says the N. Y. Sun, who died in New Orleans at the age of 84, left his home in Marseilles while a lad, with 400 francs in money—$80. After rambling about the West Indies, he arrived friendless in N. Carolina, and to avoid want, apprenticed himself to a printer. After three years service, he became a journeyman, and in a few years bought out his employer. Some time afterwards he came to Louisiana, and finally after studying law, he was made Judge of the Supreme Court. While holding this office, he became partner in a brick-yard. At the end of seven years, his partner died, and it was ascertained, as they had lived together, that their daily expenses were only 25 cents. He was receiving five thousand dollars salary as judge, and large profits from his brick-yard; and instead of 400 francs, his original capital, he had $400,000. He was a poor rich man, may have been considered parsimonious, but millions would not have induced him to swerve from the strict line of integrity and duty. See what stability will achieve. The following is his Will:—

"I institute my brother, Paul Bartholemy Martin, heir to the whole estate, real and personal, and my testamentary executor and detainer of my estate. In case of his death, absence or disability; I name my friend and colleague, Edward Simon, my testamentary executor and detainer of my estate. New Orleans, this twenty first day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-four. F. X. MARTIN.

EXPLOSIVE COTTON. In Brande's Chemistry, 1836, p. 925, it appears to have been long known that silk and other substances, both of vegetable and animal origin, were converted into a peculiar compound by nitric acid, which Cheveral describes as "burning like gunpowder, and detonating when struck with a hammer."

☞ "Ma," said a little girl to her mother, "do the men want to get married as much as the women do?" "Psha! what are you talking about?" "Why, ma, the women who come here are always talking about getting married; the men don't do so.

☞ Printers—remember the meeting this eve.

From Mexico

SALTILLO.—We are favored with the following copy of a letter received from an officer under General Taylor. Although it contains no news, strictly speaking, it is of interest for its account of Saltillo and of the march to that city—being indeed the first we have seen.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

Dragoon Camp, near Monterey, Mexico, Nov. 25, 1846.

I have just returned from Saltillo, where I have been with the dragoons as escort to General Taylor, who accompanied the command under General Worth, which marched from here for that place on the 13th instant.

This force in all numbering about one thousand men, marched into the city and took possession of the same on the 19th inst., and Gen. Worth with his division of about eight hundred men now remains in command of the same.

We found no troops in the city, nor met with any resistance in taking possession of it. It is situated about fifty miles South West from here and contains at present over twenty thousand inhabitants. As a city it is far inferior to Monterey, the buildings being built of sun dried tiles in place of stone, thus offering, as you see, a dirty appearance to the observer.

In the nicer parts of the city, however, and around the main plaza, the buildings are covered with a hard white cement which makes them appear quite well. It has a most magnificent Cathedral built of stone, and as I surveyed the "thousand and one" statues, images, candlesticks, crosses, &c., with which its inner halls and domes were ornamented, I almost began to imagine that I was gazing upon the vast riches of the halls of the ancient Montezumas; but it was the house of worship.

The entire route from Monterey to Saltillo lies along a narrow valley, varying from a quarter to three miles in extent, while on either side bold and precipitous mountains rise almost to the very clouds. They are entirely destitute of timber or vegetation of any sort, and the scene at times was particularly grand and sublime. On one occasion the sun was obscured from our sight at 10 A. M. by these towering heights. But I cannot dwell here. The whole distance was gently ascending and the road rocky and broken. As our route for the most part lay along a stream we generally found plenty of water.

On one of these narrow defiles the Mexicans had thrown up some defences, which were evacuated after the fall of Monterey. At Saltillo we found no wood of any kind, and were under the necessity of purchasing brush, enough from the Mexicans to boil our coffee. This they brought some ten miles or more upon their backs, or upon pack mules as is customery in this country. At Mostrey the orange, lime, lemon, citron, &c prosper to perfection, while at Saltillo, (farther South) they do not grow or do well. This, is owing to the different altitudes of the two places.

Both wheat and apples do well at Saltillo; at Monterey they are not raised. Corn grows well in both places, and the seasons are so long that two crops are raised from the same piece of ground yearly. Potatoes do not graw here. About Saltillo the fields are without fences, and watched for safety against cattle, &c. daily and nightly by sentinels. As we arrived at Saltillo we captured 125 pack mules, each loaded with 300 lbs. of public flour destined for the Mexican army at San Luis Potosi. While there Gen Taylor detached Capt. Graham and myself, with our companies and an engineer officer, to reconnoitre the country and passes lying South of that place, with a view of learning its means of defence. We were out three days and examined the country around for about 30 miles. Found some strong passes, but none so formidable as those on the Monterey road and none which could not be turned by infantry. They had been represented as stronger.

Gen. Santa Anna is at San Luis Potosi with 23,000 men, regulars and rancheros. His army is represented as much frightened, poorly clothed and fed. Santa Anna is fortifying the town, which is situated about 250 miles South of Saltillo, and over an almost impracticable road. Gen Ampudia is said to have lost most of his horses and many of his men in falling back upon this place. He is under arrest and is to be tried.

The Mexicans are determined to hang out, and the only way to terminate the war speedily, is to send not less than fifty thousand additional troops at once into their country and overrun it on all sides. When their capital and several other large cities fall, then, if they are pushed, they will be compelled to give up, for they cannot subsist. At present they carry terror wherever they go and subsist upon the people.

A report reached us while at Soltillo (from the Mexicans) that Lieut. Col. Fremont, and all his party, had been cut off and murdered by the Mexicans, but we cannot attach much weight to it.

We have now some four thousand men here and what the next move will be none can find out. If the Gen. had men enough, he would at once push on to San Luis Potosi; but as it is he cannot. It is necessary to leave garrisons all over the country; hence the diminution of the main force on the field of battle.

☞ If we were asked by a cultivated mind, to recommend the best paper in the country, it would be the one named below:

NEW ARRANGEMENT—*The Home Journal for 1847—The January number.* We regret (and do not regret) to say that we are under the necessity of breaking up the present series, and commencing a new volume of the Home Journal in January—the demand for the first and second numbers having so far exceeded our calculations, that we can no longer supply the new subscribers, who naturally wish to commence with the beginning. Our kind friends, who will have received five numbers of the Home Journal, will submit willingly, we hope, to the loving two or three extra papers to bind in with the volume for 1847; and the new arrangement will be a great convenience to the distant subscribers, who have only heard of our present series after its first numbers were exhausted, and who now can fairly commence the Volume with the New Year. We shall issue, therefore, No. 1 of our new volume on the 2d of January, and thereafter, keep even pace with Father Time's old-fashioned beginnings and endings.

The following are the only terms on which the Home Journal is furnished to subscribers:—

One copy for one year $2 00.
Three copies to one address $5 00.

Invariably in advance. Such as wish to subscribe, and commence with the January number, are requested to send at once to the office of publication, No. 107 Fulton street. Agents supply single copies only.

GEO. P. MORRIS.
N. P. WILLIS.

☞ A new pond has been created by a dam at Indian Orchard, Chicopee River. It covers an area of eighty acres, and in many places is over fifty feet deep. The Springfield Gazette states that this immense water privilege has been purchased by a company of heavy capitalists, principally English, who intend to proceed in the erection of several mills and a new dam at the lower privilege. The work, we presume will become commenced early in the coming season. The power acquired by both dams, is estimated to be sufficient to carry from 80,000 to 100,000 spindles. A few years of prosperity will doubtless witness the rise of a village of 8,000 to 10,000 inhabitants, at that point, where until within a year or two, the solitude has been almost unbroken since the red man roved along the banks, or darted his canoe across the waters. —*Salem Gazette.*

DEATH OF GENERAL ERASTUS ROOT. This venerable man and well known politician died this morning in this city, in the 74th year of his age. General Root has occupied many affairs of trust. He has been a member of the Assembly and Senate, and Lieutenant Governor of the state, and a member of the state convention of 1821. He also represented his district in the Congress of the United States.

The Funeral takes place on Saturday morning.—*N. Y. Commercial of Thursday.*

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Washington, Wednesday, December 23, 1846.

SENATE.—Mr Breese on leave, introduced a bill to organize a territorial government in Oregon.

Mr Dickinson presented a bill relative the United S. District Court, New York.

The Committee on roads and Canals reported a bill to relinquish the Cumberland Road to the States through which it passes.

The Committee on Naval Affairs were instructed to inquire into the utility of iron as a material for the construction of vessels of war, and providing for the repairs of government vessels by contract.

The Committee on Printing reported against printing the memorials of the Society of Friends in New England to bring the Mexican war to a speedy close. [Still in session.]

HOUSE.—Unsuccessful attempts were made to introduce sundry resolutions.

Several bills, not of a general interest, were reported.

Mr Douglas reported a bill to establish a Territorial Government in Oregon, which was made the order of the day, for the first Tuesday of January.

The Committee of the Whole resumed the consideration of the President's message.

Mr Washington Hunt has the floor as this despatch closes.

Washington, Thursday, December 24, 1846.

SENATE.—Mr. J. M. CLAYTON presented a petition signed by men of all parties, praying that Congress should use speedy and efficient means for terminating the war with Mexico, and ensuring an honorable peace.

Mr CLAYTON said he coincided with the views of the memorialists, and would do all he could to co-operate with them, but he could see no way to obtain a peace but fighting out the war. He would therefore vote all the means asked for the Government. The idea that any party in this country was opposed to the Government he thought was absurd.

The Committee on the Judiciary reported the House Bill for the admission of Iowa, without amendment. Mr Yulee moved an amendment to prevent division of the lands granted for public improvement to any other purpose. After some debate the amendment was voted down, 40 to 2, and the bill finally passed.

Mr Ashley introduced a bill to grant lands to Arkansas in aid of public improvements.

Bills were reported from the Finance Committee to establish branch mints in New York and Charleston.

The Senate then adjourned over until Monday.

HOUSE.—Personal explanations were made by Messrs Barclay and Martin.

The House refused to suspend the rules in order to call upon the States for resolutions, &c.

The resolution offered by C. J. Ingersoll, yesterday, for the closing of the debate on the President's Message was postponed.

The House then went into Committee on the Whole on the President's Message.

Mr Gordon made a speech in defence of the war.

Mr Root followed, and pronounced the war unjust and unnecessary.

Mr Bowlin also made a speech which concluded the debate.

The Committee then rose and the House adjourned over till Monday.

From the Army.

Loss of another Steamer—reported capture of a wagon train.

The New Orleans Delta of the 15th inst., contains later news from the army, brought to that port by the steamer Alabama.

The steamboat Sea, Capt. Pittfield, from Tampico, was totally lost on the Bruzos bar on the 6th—all hands saved.

We learn from an officer, who came passenger on the Alabama, that it was reported that a train of 65 wagons was taken by the Mexicans on the road between Camargo and Monterey, sometime between the first and 6th instant. We place but little confidence in the above report.

On her downward trip on Sunday, the Cross conveyed to the mouth from Camargo, six companies of the Alabama regiment, under Col. Earle. The remaining four companies, under Col. Coffee, passed down on Monday, on the Browneville. These troops were immediately embarked on the steamship Virginia, and would proceed on her to Tampico. The two companies of regulars recently stationed here under Capt. Norman and Lieut. Hoskins, which had proceeded to Monterey, received counter orders, and are now on their way to Tampico, having passed to the mouth of the river several days ago, and embarked on the steamer Undine. We are told that the third Illinois regiment, now at Camargo, will be down soon.

Matamoras, Nov. 28.

Troops have been arriving from above for the last week. Yesterday six companies of the Alabama regiment arrived, commanded by Col. Earle. They are to proceed immediately by sea, to Tampico. It is said that the cause of the haste with which they are proceeding to their destination, is in consequence of information having been received that a large Mexican force is on the march to retake Tampico. Gen. Worth has taken Saltilla without opposition. Gen Taylor is to return immediately from Saltillo, and leaving Monterey is to join Patterson.

Santa Anna's new letter, denouncing Federalism, and declaring his intention, after having conquered Taylor, to crush the Federal party, will undoubtedly lose him many adherents and much valuable support in these Departments. The people here, and in fact all along the Rio Grande and in the Departments east of the mountains, are almost universally Federalists and in favor of the constitution of 1824. The *pronunciamento* of Vera Cruz, recalling Santa Anna, evidently only declared in favor of the old constitution of 1824 for the purpose of gaining the support of the people in this section of the country in the conflict with the Americans, who were then about to march upon Monterey.

Now that almost all the disaffected provinces are in our hands, and no support in carrying on the war is to be expected from them, the real intentions of the central Departments are evinced. Santa Anna is determined (he says) to be himself the government of Mexico, that being the only means of restoring peace and tranquility to his beloved country.

Monterey, Nov. 12.

We have a report here based upon pretty good authority, that Santa Anna had been proclaimed Dictator. The Mexican portion of the people place confidence in it, and generally manifest a disposition to oppose him, although apparently he has some very warm friends among the most influential. We also learn that the Department of San Luis Potosi had proclaimed against Santa Anna, and that he was on his march from San Luis to the city of Mexico, with Gen. Valencia in pursuit of him—but I cannot learn what is the comparative strength of the two Generals.

P. S. I think there is no doubt that there is a revolution in Mexico, and that Santa Anna will have some trouble to reconcile all parties. The Mexicans are divided.

☞ Mr Charles F. Low, formerly editor of the New Hampshire Courier, is a member of Capt. Webster's company. Mr Low was a college friend of Mr. Webster.

☞ The large woollen factory on Fish Creek East Bloomfield, Ontario county, has been destroyed by fire.

☞ It is a trite remark of a modern writer that children suck their mothers when they are young, and their fathers when they grow up.

☞ We learn from the Nashua Gazette that the grading of the Nashua and Worcester Railroad, was commenced in that town on Monday last.

☞ The stock of flour in Boston market, at the present time, is about 150,000 barrels.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of suffering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we enticulate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themselves soonn relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; thus "VEGETABLE BALSAM" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Js. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sept5 A&Fly c3t

We cet the following from the Batuvin Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many families in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lungs when nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no desire to deceive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do we wish to eulogise it more than it justly deserves.—Yet when we look around and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genuine, as "Phœnix Balsam of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comfrey, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are a chieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another column. A1nov19

Ladies from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Puckard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In this city, Dec. 20th, by Rev, Mr. Springer, Mr Alvia D. Gale to Miss Amanda Hoyt.

DIED.

Mrs. Lomera, wife of Joseph H. Durgia, of Manchester, N. H.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 24th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN P. H. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twenty-third day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
Dec 26th A3t

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN Insolvency before Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County—in the matter of FRANCIS JOHNSTON of Lowell in said County Tin plate worker, an insolvent debtor.

By order of said Master in Chancery I hereby call the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent debtor to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery on Central street in said Lowell on Saturday the ninth day of January next at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims—and I also give notice of my appointment as Assignee of said Insolvent.

ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.
Lowell, December 21st, 1846. dec26A3t

NOTICE.

THE Proprietors of John St. Church in Lowell will hold their annual meeting at their Vestry on Monday the 3d day of January next at 8 o'clock P. M. to act on the following subjects:

1st To choose officers for the ensuing year. 2nd To hear and act on the Report of the Treasurer, and to transact any other business properly coming before said meeting.

W. S. MERRILL,
Lowell, Dec. 26, 1846. Prop. Clerk.

ALL MAY BE ASSURED

THAT 114 Central St. is decidedly the best place to buy BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS in this or any other city.

THEY have just Received a large assortment of Ladies' prime Kid walking Shoes and Rubbers which they are selling at prices that will defy all competition, they have a large assortment of Ladies' Shoes of every description on hand and are constantly receiving from their manufactory Boots and Shoes of every description made expressly for the retail trade, they would just say to those wishing to purchase, to give them a call, always remembering every article is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, also if an article purchased of them does not fit you can bring it back and get one that will.

Dont forget the place A. BROWN & Co's., Cheap *BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER*, Establishment 114 Central Street, Sign of

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LYMAN SWASEY, of Acton in said county, Millwright an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Swasey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY the eighteenth day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Swasey.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
dec24A3t. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED
GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.

IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrafula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.

Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.

It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.

This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whithone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.

IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.

Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Flydec5

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah. G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO STEVENS, of Bedford, in said county, butcher, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Stevens will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Stevens, and to do such other business in relation to to said estate as may then come before them

dec 22A3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of Ebenezer Sargent of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Sargent, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of December inst at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Sargent may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, Dec. 21 1846. A3t

HARPER'S PUPLICATIONS.

THE Useful Arts; considered in connection with the application of science, &c, by J. Bigelow, M. D. Robinson Crusoe, Illustrated; a new and improved edition, with fifty characteristic cuts. The Juvenile Companion, a book for the fireside, comprising historical and biographical anecdotes and other selections suitable for the young. Guide to Wisdom and Virtue or Parental instructions, designed for young persons of either sex, selected mainly from the writings of an eminent Physician.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estate of Joseph Scholfield late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOHN W. GRAVES, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 1 1846. 22A3w

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3A3w

MIDDLESEX SS. Dec 22d, 1846.—The December Term of the Court of Common Pleas, which stands adjourned to Monday, the 28th instant, will, in consequence of the election on that day, be adjourned to Tuesday, the 29th instant, at 10 o'clock.—Members of the bar, Jurors, Parties, &c., will govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the Chief Justice of said Court.
dec24A&Plt SAML. CHANDLER, Sheriff.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor no or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.
Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. At dec 30.

NOTICE. BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY next, Dec. 28th, a Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, at 6 P. M., stopping at Way Stations.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Bostan and Lowell R. R. Co.
Boston, Dec. 21st, 1846.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just recieved at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warreated of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

23Central st.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 32 Central St sep 19

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—A acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
aav28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. aov28a1m

WANTED. Three Coat Makers; one vest and one pant maker. Enquire at

HUGH MCEVOY'S.

☞ None need apply but first rate hands.
Dec. 28.

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov 28a1m.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,
LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Tyngton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*
At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sept4 a4m H. T. BUTLER.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, 3d story, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. BUTLER, Esq., and A. W. FARR, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

☞ The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in *every* department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish.

TERMS MODERATE.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.
Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. A3m

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quacks and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.
A&Plydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDESS, (Post Paid,)
B. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1under3

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet s token of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
nov14 23 Central St.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3T

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1A3m.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

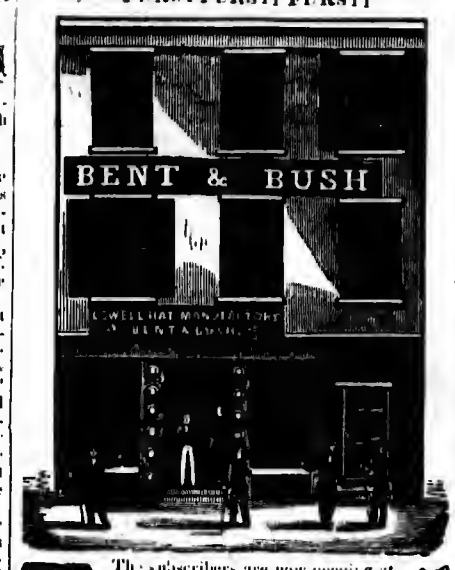
BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,
1y LOWELL, MASS.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞ *Call and examine.* ☜
No. 2 Coburn s Block, Central St. nov

HATS, CAPS, FURS, MUFFS, BOAS, ROBES FURS! FURS!! FURS!!



The subscribers are now opening at their *HAT, CAP and FUR* Store, No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,

the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Hun Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney

Muffs, Tippets and Boas,

in great variety.

CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.

BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.

☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.

☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next ferior to any.

They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish particular Hats at a few hours' notice.

Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH. A1f

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,
"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"
Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Drocutt, Central Village, on institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydropathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to
E. P. EASTMAN.
Lowell dec. 12 1846. A1f.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,
31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat, 8 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Works and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsey Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and, by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov A3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.
A3w

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of incalculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transferred to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The long enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenient agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader; but the limits of this announcement forbid. Let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Bilious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysteries,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diurrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood	Low Spirits,
to the head,	Menstruation, Suppressed
Ear Ache,	or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Neuralgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in these complaints arises from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK.

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you should have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you on the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success.

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP!

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment so strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I had my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similar testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. SINCE TRIED, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

19 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March. 4IY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and renovating preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times its quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

MESSRS. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more, so she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yang29e3t

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTER SANDSYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent* fever.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's Instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&ol-jan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates.)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and back, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, Hemorrhoidal affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

"They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia of the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Curtier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 sdly&partly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in cases of Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agocin the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been showered upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossuning, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Charles E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845. HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ys&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite all attention.

Dyspepsia. No food or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice of nature, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Tank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend: Sir; I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soreness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed, and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering impossible the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint attacked both bowels, causing alternations of costiveness, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W Bourk, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor. No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat, eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, No. 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, No 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 535 Madison st., was cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house No. 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 49 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Seymour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845

William Lipmore, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Piles. Thomas South printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her two Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up cleverly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœ, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation; incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result of the exciting cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cor Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 23, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obliged servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 165 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a5m

---

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF

The Loudon Quarterly Review,
The Edinburgh Review,
The Foreign Quarterly Review,
The Westminster Review, and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New-York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical.—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS.

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3	per annum.
For any two do.	5	"
For any three do.	7	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers; the former may always be done through a Postmaster by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt, and forwarding the receipt by mail, Post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, *Post-paid*, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The *Postage* on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post-Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal cities and towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers,
112 Fulton st., New York.

je11a6m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed

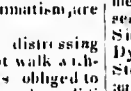
Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, JR., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Fuster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Cooper; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jumeson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower aug22&ap1oct144

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be worranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are not made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

apposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

may17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 29, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 153.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spalding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 49, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a special bargain and a special price, are allowed to keep in one square, as its changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
61 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
je13 atf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass. je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Sashes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Mansur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lawell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&Ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 *No. 78, Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washing on House.
N. B. Setting and repairing Pumps, and all kinds of jobbing done to order.
ISAAC W. BANGS,
jan8 DEAN BANGS.

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY.)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H. HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell. tfmarl



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall,*
oct23 LOWELL. atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store.....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21 1y *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Walker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE,
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(Union Bookstore,) No. 39, Central St., Lowell.
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and Newhampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
DEAN DINSMOOR. JAMES DINSMOOR.
may21 Insurances affected A&Ply

J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 34 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, on the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
adv1y*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

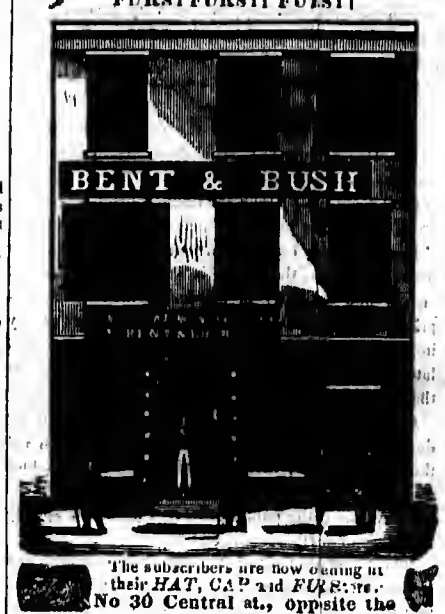
LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No. 11, Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly; but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Coonor; and by dealers in medicines generally. nov4 Aly

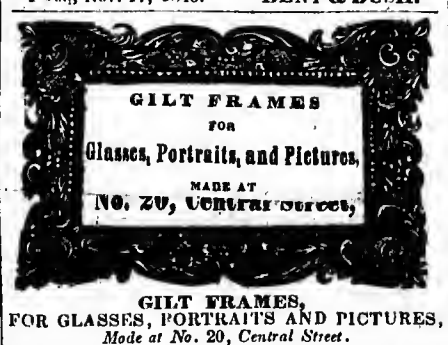
IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT



WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ly



The subscribers are now closing at their *HAT, CAP and FUR Store*,
No 30 Central st., opposite the Post Office,
the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are StoneMartin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney
Muffs, Tippets and Boas,
in great variety.
CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seel, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.
BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.
☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.
☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Molesktin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next ferior to any.
They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish not in the Hats at a few hours' notice.
Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.



GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. alyapr4

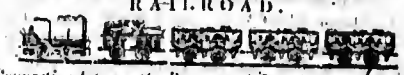
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.
GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.



These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union street, Boston.
For sale of C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.
DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED
GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.
IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.
Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.
It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.
This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.
IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.
Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plydec5

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.



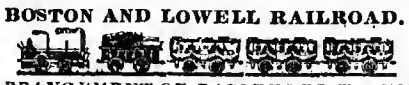
Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th, 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in Wilmington at 7½ a.m., to convoy passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9½ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8½, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily trains up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or lose beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipewich, Keene, Brattleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
Trains leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ P. M.
Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewkesbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTSS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.



FOR Coal or Wood at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*
Constootly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warranthe every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., on hand, and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. up28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analogous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those effected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, at no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&Ply*

POETRY.

For the Farmer and Ledger.

The Fate of Genius.

BY JANE E. LOCKE.

It is said that "Edgar A. Poe, the celebrated writer and poet, is now dangerously ill with brain fever, and his wife is also in the last stages of consumption. They are without money and friends, actually suffering extremely from disease and destitution."

Oh, Charity, whose feet thou fled with heavenly lustred wing
While on her low and sorrowing bed genius lies suffering!
Dost thou no cheering errand bear, to one by coldness slain,
No blest relief from pitying souls, or coffers filled with gain?
Back, to yon halls all crimsoned round with web of Persia's loom—
With quarried wealth of Egypt there, and Araby's perfume,
To mirror beauty at her shrine, when in her loviest golse;
And sprinkle o'er with fragrant drops her costly sacrifice.
Back, as she kneels on tufted flowers, with jewel-clasped hand.
And bends her brow in meekness there, pressed with the sparkling band,
Or, to her heart the bitter grief with potency reveal,
The anguish of a spirit crushed, stamped with a God-gift seal!
The deep despair of maahood's heart, when want her heavy hand
Thrust back upon his soul the thoughts that like a burning brand
Have lighted all the ether round and kindled fire within,
When coldness met the heart without, as kindness were a sin.
The deep despair the poet feels, when tuneless hangs his lyre,
And feeble falls the waster hand that swept each ballowed wire.
Whose music, tho' as angels sweet, had ever failed to bring
The murmer of its echo back, to sooth his sorrowing.
Ask but one jewel from her hand, one diamond from her brow,
And it shall raise the suffering one from want's deep stain—from woe;
And he shall smite again his lyre, and strike its softest key,
Until shall gush its heavenly strain, its loftiest melody.
Ye tempt with gold the piper's song, and speed the loitering feet
Of harper at the festival, or minstrel in the street;
But he who beats a nobler lyre, with strings of seraph tone,
Ye leave to pine in actual want, unpitied and alone!
Ye listen to the heavenly notes, and call the music rare,
And linger as it softly floats upon the midnight air.
And wonder at the minstrel's power, and wonder at his song.
And wonder at the master hand that can the strains prolong.
Then turn unto your downy couch, nor heed that all abroad
No shelter for his head is found, no pillow but the sod;
Nor heed that on his cherished lyre the midnight dew descends
In chilling drops, until at length its sweetest chord it, rends.
O, place ye favored ones of old the ring upon his hands
The chain upon his neck who near to royalty should stand;
Nor let it be that in our midst genius shall pine and die,
And the recording angel write its record in the sky!

Wameeit Cottage, Lowell, Nov. 26.

THE PORTRAIT.

"Well, my dear mother, this is happiness!" cried Walter Morton, drawing his chair still closer to his mother, and taking her hand between his. "Three whole years since I left you, and you do not look a day older than when we parted; and I declare you are handsomer than ever!"

The happy mother smiled. She was proud of her sailor son, proud of his handsome face, his gallant bearing, his true and noble heart. He was her only son, and she was a widow. She was but young at her husband's death; and many were the difficulties with which she had struggled in order to educate her child, and prepare him to make his way in the world. Her efforts procured him a situation as mate in a large merchantman; and he had now returned from his third voyage, laden with honorable testimonials of the high estimation in which his employers held him.

"I have often thought," said Walter, "that you must be very lonely when I am away. Why should I leave you again, mother? We have enough now for our two unambitious selves, and it is but trifling with our own happiness to part when we might be together. I will not go to sea again."

"And when you marry, Walter," said his mother smiling; "we must think of that probability."

"Oh, yes of course. But I will marry an heiress, so that difficulty is settled. But you have told me no village news yet. How many marriages have taken place in my absence?"

"Three, I believe. Helen Warner is married to her cousin; Emily Burton to John Morris the brewer; and your old acquaintance and favorite——but what ails you, my dear?

"Nothing, mother, go on! So Amy Sinclair is married?"

"No my dear—no such thing. What put this into your head? I have something to tell you of Amy; but I was going just now to tell you that your old favorite, Tom Purnell, had succeeded in winning the village heiress, with a fortune of a hundred pounds paid down, and wondrous wealth in perspective. We had such bell-ringing, and bonfires, and white favors!—And poor Tom, in the midst of his happiness, gained my heart by wishing 'Master Walter was here!'"

"Well done Tom. But about the Sinclairs, mother?" said Walter, somewhat impatiently.

"Ah, Walter they have had much trouble since you were here. About a year ago Mr. Sinclair died, leaving his wife and daughter, to our surprise, in much pecuniary distress. Mrs Sinclair was overwhelmed at first; but Amy, that noble girl, what strength of mind she showed in her sorrow! 'We must leave this house,' she said to her mother; 'we must part with all the elegancies and some of the comforts of life, and live in poverty and seclusion! yet let us stay here dear mamma, here in this village, where no eyes will look unkindly on us in our altered circumstances.' Her mother was passive as a child, and agreed to all that she proposed; so a small cottage was taken, the simplest articles of furniture were put into it from the manor house, and Amy brought her mother to her humble home. Poor girl! I have seen her tears fall silently, but how sadly! as she prepared the cottage for her mother's reception. Not a word of complaining

or repining, not an hour wasted in selfish grief, yet one could see her heart was aching, I did all I could to help her; and she soon made the cottage as comfortable as so poor a place could be made. But there was something more to be done. She found the pittance that remained when her father's debts were paid, (for she insisted on paying them all,) was so small as barely to suffice for the courmon necessaries of life. Mrs. Sinclair was in bad health, needing many little comforts that she had not meane to procure. Again Amy exerted herself. You remember her talent for painting?"

"Yes, yes," replied Walter hutriedly, and with emotion.

His mother was, perhaps, too much intereated in the subject on which she was speaking, to observe that his voice trembled, and the dusk of evening had prevented her seeing the agitation his countenance betrayed. She continued—

"Well, one month after Mr. Sinclair's death, I went very early to the cottage, thinking if Amy were up I might see her alone, and do my best to cheer her. I knocked softly and she opened the door, and led me into her own little room. Her drawing materials were on the table, and a half finished miniature was with them.

"You have been at work early' Amy," I said; 'I am glad to see you do not mean to forget your charming accomplishment."

"She turned to me with a calm, steady look, and answered, "You shall know my secret: I am painting this for sale. I have been told in happier days that my miniatnres were worth many guineas, and now, dear Mrs. Morton," she said, smiling, "I am going to ascertain whether or no my friends were flatterers. Do not tell my mother; her mind is weakened for the present and she might be troubled at the thought of my working for my bread. It will be a proud and happy thought to myself if I can only suceed."

"God bless her!" interrupted Walter; "and did she succeed?"

"Yes. For her first picture she received twenty guineas. It was a beautiful sight to see her lay the money before her mother, and then throw her arms about her, and soh on her bosom like a child. It was the only time I ever saw her give way to her feelings in her mother's presence."

"And where is she now mother?" asked Walter; "how does the noble creature live now?"

"She has toiled on with the same patient spirit that supported her from the first. Look, Walter; do you see a light in that cottage window? That is Amy's home, and, probably, at this moment she is sitting at her mother's feet, weary with the labors of the day, yet gentle, happy, and agectionate, as if care was unknown to her. She has been employed as a portrait painter by all the wealthy families in the neighborhood. My only fear is that she may overtask her strength; but she looks well, and there is an expression of contentment in her face that makes her very lovely."

Lights were brougot in, and Mrs. Morton changed the subject of conversation. But when she had retired for the night, Walter stole softly forth to linger about the cottage where Amy dwelt, and think over all he had heard of her conduct. It has been said that there is something not disagreeable to us in the misfortunes of our best friends. It may be so, for certain it is that Walter's meditations did not end in sadness, though their subject was Amy Sinclair and all her trials. He returned home at last, with a quick and cheerful step, and as he turned to take one last look in the direction of Amy's home, a smile passed over his face, and he murmered, "Happy!—yes, happy as a prince!"

[Continued]

Court Calendar.

Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

In the Circuit Court of the United States, yesterday the case of *Charles T. Gill v. J. J. Judkins*, was tried. This was an action brought by Mr Gill, a resident of New Hampshire, on a note made by the defendent, for about $509, payable to his own order, on demand, and by him indorsed, and delivered to the clark of Phillips & Sampson, in payment of a debt due them; and by the clerk, as their agent, sold to the plaintiff. The defendent alleged, and offeredevidence to show, that the note was obtained collusively, and that the suit could not be maimained. But the evidence did not sustain the allegation. The defendant also claimed the allowance of a demend against Phillips & Sampson, by way of set-off, under the statute af Massachusetts of 1839, amended by the statute of 1845, providing that, in an ection brought on a promissory note, payable on demend, by en indorsee against the promissor, eay metter shall be deemed a legal defence, and may be given in evidence accordingly, which would be a legal defence, to a suit on the same note, if brought by the promissee.

Sprague J. ruled that, as against the present pleintiff, the set-off could not be etlowed, on the ground that the statute in question could not affect the rights of a citizen of an other State, the note being, in effect, payable to bearer. The defendant thereupon consented to be defaulted, with leave to move to take off the default, if the Court should see fit to revise their opinion. P. W. Chandler, and A. W. Farr, of Lowell, for the plaintiff; B. F. Butler, of Lowell for the defendant.

A. W. Farr was admitted, on the recommendation af the bar, to practice as a counsellor of the Circuit Court.

Items of foreign news.—We learn that the house in which Shakspeare was born, is about to be sold in consequence of the death of its owner, and there appears to be an intention on the port of the British Government to purchase it. This act of national reverenes for its greatest bard, is not only grateful in itself, but honorable to the country and the age. It seems to us as if Shakespeare was more studied, more admired, and better appreciated at this time than at any former period. In no pert of the world are his works so extensively read as in the United States.

A dairy of Robert Burns, kept while he was an officer of the Excise, has recently been discovered. The entries are of the most most melancholly character, and record ill health, the went of sleep, dejections of spirits, and the departure of hope. There is nothing of any great importance biographically speaking, to be gained from the dairy.

Five sovereign pieces have been coined in England, and what makes the fact worthy of notice is this, that the reverse of the British Queen, as Una, guarded by the lion. This is another tribute from the Majesty of England to one of its early poets. Spenser, when writing his beautiful lines describing the scene, could have little imagined that the current coin of the realm would one day borrow its beauty from this verse.

☞ "A sort of petticoat ascendency seems coming about. Two companies of woman have been armed and equipped as an ecclesiastical guerd by the Catholic vicar of one of the vallays of Switzerland.—The Mormon women were lately formed into a regiment. Female suffrage is being advocated. A Governor's recent message recommends that ladies shall control their husbands' "going security." The proposed abolition of slavery in Turkey would give thousands of beautiful women of the East a privilege they never dreamed of—that of loving by choice. A young lady in Louisville has had $6,000 given her in a verdict, as damages in a single flirtation. Mrs Chase of Tampico, has had a battery named after her, for her heroism.—*Home Journal.*

Cape May Light House. The U. S. government has ordered a massive wall of stone to be built around this structure, to prevent the sea from undermining its foundations, which has been seriously threatened of late.

THE ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY EVENING DEC. 29, 1846.

The Northern Railroad.

About six or eight hundred persons, stockholders and invited guests, from Boston, Lowell, Nashua, Manchester, Concord and other towns, on Saturday last, rode over that portion of the great Northern Railroad now completed, from Concord to Franklin, N. H., a distance of nineteen miles. The road is to be continued to the mouth of White river, where the Vermont Central Railroad will meet it; the Vermont Central Co. continue their road to that of a company in New York, who continue the road to Ogdensburg, where they meet the immense commerce of the great lakes. The whole northern road is to be completed, according to the statament of the officers of the road, within a year.

On the way from Concord to Franklin, the train was three times saluted by the firing of guns, and the whole company warmly greeted by the citizens of Franklin on their arrival at that place. In a large building, being finished by Gilmore and Prett, for an extensive store, was spread tables, loeded with the substantials of the town for the benefit of all who had done themselves the honor of visiting Franklin.

After the repast, where their was an ebundence left, Hon. Mr Nesmith was made President, and called the meeting to order. Mr Nesmith made some very happy remerks, and was followed by several other gentlemen who represented the prospects of the road as being very flattering, and that the best understanding existed between the different routes where rivalry has heretofore created a misunderstanding, or, at least, doubt. Mr Samuel H. Walley, Treasurer of the Vermont Central Road, assured the people that that corporation was ready to meet and take by the hand the Northern Railroad Company. This statement, coming as it did from an officer of that corporation, was understood as sort of semi-officiel, and was received by very decided expressions of satisfaction. Speeches were made and toasts given, till three o'clock, the time fixed upon for departure. On starting, three chears were given from the cars, for the hospitable and liberal people of Franklin; and nothing important happened after till all reached home—and we don't know as there then did.

Republication of the North British Review. We have received the first number of this work, commencing with November, from the American publishers, Leonard Scott & Co. The Westminster and Foreign Quarterly Reviews having been united under the title of the Westminster review, it leaves the number of Leonard Scott & Co.'s Reprints one short, and the North British Review is republished to supply the deficiency. It is the representative of the Evangelical interest.

"The republications for 1847 will comprise the London Quarterly, Edinburgh, Westminster and North British Reviews, (quarterly) and Blackwood's Edinburgh Megazine (monthly.) The terms will be—for any one of the four Reviews, $2; for any two, $5; for any three, $7; for all four, $8; for Blackwood's Megazine, $3; for the Magazine and four Reviews, $10. These periodicals are reprinted by Leonard Scott & Co., 112 Fulton street, New York, in a superior manner, and the price charged for the American editions is about one-third of that charged for the foreign."

Recruiting. The Post says, Mr J. Whiting, of Sutton, having received the requisite authority for the enlistment of volunteers, has opened an office in Worcester for that purpose. Captain Carroll, of Marblehead, with similar authority, has opened an office in Marblehead. Forty men had engaged to go before he obtained his papers.

Mr Felt, Canal Block, has 74 names upon his roll, and his company will undoubtedly be mustered in this week. Messrs Abbott, Crowningshield, and Legendre have over 50 names on their respective rolls. Mr J. S. Barker, in Charlestown, is doing well with his company.

William Thompson Gale is raising a company in Lynn.

The New Englander. We have received the first and second number of a new weekly, Democratic paper, started in Boston, under this title. It is published by A. A. Melvin & Co.—at two dollars a year invariably in advance. The paper looks well, and we wish it the success it merits. It is published by the same gentleman who published the campaign paper known as the New England Democrat, from which fact we infer it will be similar to that paper.

☞ The editor of the Bingham Patriot, says the Essex Banner, some years ago, determined to celebrate the 4th of July, and succeeded to admiration. The office hands formed a procession, and marched up stairs; the editor delivered the Oration, the Jour. read the Declaration, and the Devil was toast Master. After the ceremonies the company adjourned to the office below, and went to—*serting pi!*

☞ The Legislature of Illinois have elected Hon. Stephen A. Douglass, now member of Congress, to be Senator in Congress for six years from the 4th of March next, in place of Hon. James Semple—The vote stood, Douglass, (Dem.) 100; Edwards (whig.) 41; Scat. 2.

Florida Sugar. It is stated in the St. Agustine Herald, of the 15th inst., that Col. M'Intosh has made this season, at his plantation on the St. John's *fifty hogsheads* of sugar, being an average of one hogshead to the acre; and that the crop would have been much larger, but for an unusually early frost.

Illinois. The vote for governor was—58,700 for French, 36,075 for Thomas M. Kilpatrick, 5,162 for Ellis, the abolition candidate, 94 for Thomas L. Kilpatrick, and 35 for Thomas Kilpetrick.

Rice & Whitney, of the Market House, must be the "crack" butchers of the city. At any rate they had the "tallest" beef Christmas day, and knew who was a judge.

The noon mail brings returns sufficient to render certain Daniel P. King's election to Congress from the second district, and Mr Palfrey's from the fourth very probable.

Violations of the license law. About fifty indictments were found by the Grand Jury at their sitting in Essex county—they are being tried.

☞ A young man named Savage was relieved of $593 in cash at a house of ill fame in New York on Friday night.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

Mr Editor—In an article which appeared in the Advertiser a few days since, allusion is made to some needed reforms in our Municipal affairs, to which you suggest the propriety of the writer being more specific.

That there has been a remissness in the administration of our city affairs, seems to be admitted on all hands; the tax-payers know, and feel it too, and it is confidently believed that the next Municipal Board will apply the corrective. No one wishes, (at least I do not) to give an undue notoriety to individuals who have heretofore been recipients of City favors, nor do I thing that public good requires the specification of particular instances of deliequincy, unless our next city government shall pursue a course that will call for specifications hereafter.

Those who have attended the deliberations of the lower branch of our city legislators, need not be told that sometimes there is an influence exercised in the council room, greater than the Council itself—that men do step from their proper stations to dictate to others.

People who do business on our thoroughfare, have not now to learn, that there is a *slackness*, a lack of energy and capability in dispensing the large appropriations that are made for an important branch of city improvement, & thet the repeated altarations, that of late are almost certain to follow any undertaking for the improvemet of streets, can be done for nothing.

Our constabulary comprises men—good citizens no doubt—who are known and respected as such, yet their temperament, their *undecisive characters*, and went of sageoiy, may disqualify them for the office of conservators of the public peace. I need not specify instances of infirmess.

The bestowal of city patronage upon one firm, is a subject of complaint with many citizens, who contend that the proposition to furnish stores for the poor house should be open to all, and those who will furnish the best and cheapest, should have the benefits of the trade. Besido, it is understood there is an established *usage*, if not a law, that debars any member of the city government from being a recipient of city patronage.

The many blunders and miscalculations that have occurred in the management of business which comes under the immediate control of subordinates to the city, although small in themselves, have seriously effected our city finances. Facts within the knowledge of every citizin at all acquainted with the local interests of the city, are not wanting to substantiate this assertion. We can offer no reason why the various departments of the Municipality should not be managed with as much promptness, zeal and frugality, as characterizes the husbandman in the management of his farm, or the manufacturer his cotton mill. If our next city government will look to this, and in their appointments to minor offices, give as practical, business men, that can be made to feel their responsibility—that are not constitutionally disqualified for common business transactions—men that do well for themselves; they will certainly do well for the city, and give the people satisfaction.

A forward Boy. The New Orleans Delta publishes the following letter from a new subscriber, whose notions and habits, from the indicia afforded by himself, must be rather peculiar for one so young:—

Greensboro' Ala, Nov. 24, 1845.

Messrs Editors—I am a boy of 12 years old—want to go to Mexico—from "Old Rough and Ready"—and what to shout right out that "Santa Anna is taken by Zeck!" As soon as I am big enough, if the Mexican rascals are not whipped before, I will be in the army to the end of the war.

When I settle down in the practice of the law (for Pa says I am to be a lawyer,) I want to stick up my "shingle" at Monterey, Vera Cruz or Mexico. Consider me a subscriber to your paper, and send it to this post office (Greensboro', Ala,) and as soon as the first paper comes I will get the price of subscription from Pa, or win it from some of the school-boys, and send it to you by mail, post-paid, as this letter will be.

Your obedient servant,
BURWELL J. CURRY.

Sending papers without pay in advances is not exactly the rule in the Delta office, but the editor complies in this instance, sensibly remarking, that if he should refuse Master Curry *might* come down some morning and whip him!—*Com. Adv.*

☞ How happy and judicious the delicate praise of some writers. Witness the following of Col. Schouler by Mr John Abbott, formerly of this city, now of Troy, N. Y.

"By the by, friend Young, we think it rather bad policy in you to attack one of the warmest advocates of the laboring class in New England.—We now refer to William Schouler, Esq., a man who lives in the hearts of the New England workingmen, and who would be the last men to desert them, or their interest. Col. Schouler was a practical working man himself once, but by his industry and perseverance has won for himself a position in life, which any man should be proud of. He is editor of one of the ablest political whig journals in the State. He has been twice elected a member of the Legislature, and is spoken of as the next Speaker of the Massachusetts Legislature—a place which he is abundantly able to fill."

☞ The Post thinks Mr King is elected in the second district as he has made considerable gain in Marblehead—it gives no return from that town or any other in the district.

In the fourth district Robinson had made a considerable gain. Charleston gave

Robinson	792
Palfrey	507
Others	63

Concord gave Robinson 142; Palfrey 127; Scat. 4.

We have been informed, but did not learn the vote, that Cambridge gave an increased majority for Palfrey.

☞ "*At the door of James Madison and his accomplices, lies the blood of our butchered countrymen.*" So said the old federal Salem Gazette, during the last war with England.

"*All the wrongs of the war—all the evil of it—all the sorrow it may occasion, belongs to Mr. Polk,*" says the Boston Atlas of Dec. 5, 1846.

Epigram.

Croesi, busy to reform this world,
And hasten on a "free-trade" dawning—
Lies snug in bed—perfecting his plans—
From ten, until ten in the morning!

☞ "There is a proposition in the Cincinnati Gazette, to make a tunnel under the Ohio river at that place."

☞ Mr Metcalf will repeat on New Year's night the Concert he gave on Christmas night.

Specie. There was imported in the Cambria from Liverpool $170,978.

The Sub-Treasury.

The modification of the sub-treasury, recommended by the President, it will be recollected by those who read the message, were to be found in detail in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury. It will be seen by reference to that document, that there is to be no departure from the principles of the bill—that the modifications recommended only relate to the means of carrying the bill into effect more readily, in relation to some of its details. The following is the report of the Treasurer so far as relates to the sub-treasury:

Herewith are transmitted the regulations (marked 1) adopted by this department in obedience to the provisions of the law of the 6th of August last, establishing the constitutional treasury. It will be perceived, by reference to those instructions, that this department has proceeded to carry into full effect the intentions of Congress in the enactments of this law. The rules established in relation to treasury drafts have rendered it impossible that they can ever be converted into a circulating medium. The bill, however, is defective in some of its details. No appropriation is made by the law for the payment of the salaries of the assistant treasurers, or the additional salaries of the treasurers of the mint, nor for the compensation of the examining agents authorized by the law, and whose services are so necessary, under its provisions, for the security of the public money. The provision for incidental expenses is wholly inadequate; the number of clerks also is insufficient to transact the public business under the provisions of this law; and it is thought, ought to be augmented from ten to twenty—more than five times the latter number having been required to transact the same business when these moneys were kept, transferred, and disbursed by the banks. No adequate security is provided by law for the safety of the public money in the hands of disbursing agents; and whilst transfers are required to be made from place to place, of specie, no appropriation is made by this law to pay the expenses of these transfers, or to enable disbursing agents to pay the public creditors at all times and places with punctuality and despatch. The powers of this department in relation to that portion of the public moneys which must be paid on the other side of the Atlantic, or in any foreign country, through the medium of agencies existing, or to be created there, and by the operation of foreign bills of exchange, are not sufficiently defined by law. This authority, which experience has shown to be necessary at all times, is now rendered of the highest importance by the payments and disbursements required to be made in so many portions of the republic of Mexico, and many of them so distant from any depository. The great object, in these cases, would not be to circulate paper among our troops in Mexico, but to facilitate the obtaining and transferring specie there for circulation, through the operations of foreign exchange, on terms highly advantageous to the government. It being the anxious desire of this department, even for beneficial purposes, never to exercise any doubtful powers, the propriety of some more clear and adequate provisions on this subject is submitted to the enlightened consideration of Congress.

In connection with the amendments proposed in the bill organizing the constitutional treasury, for the most important would be the establishment of a branch of the mint of the United States at the city of New York, to perform among its other functions, the duties appertaining to a depository of the public money. During a period of more than half a century, the mint and branch mints have had deposited with them about one hundred and sixteen millions of gold and silver bullions and coin, no portion of which has ever been lost to the government; and as two thirds of our whole revenue is collected at the city of New York, a branch there would place beyond all hazard the security of the public money, and at the same time greatly enlarge the circulation of gold and silver. For the reasons stated in my last annual report, foreign gold coin will not to any extent, circulate as a currency among the people.

It is necessary that this coin should receive the American stamp, by recoinage at our own mint, into eagles, half and quarter eagles, in order to enable it to pass into general circulation. When we consider the vast amount of foreign coin that is brought into the city of New York through the operations of business, as well as of the custom house there, as also by emigrants from abroad, the importance of converting all this at once there into American coin can scarcely be over estimated. If the specie now flowing within our limits remains in foreign coin, it may find its way, not into circulation, but into the vaults of the banks, where it might be made the basis as often heretofore, of bank and paper expensions; and if so, ruinous revulsions could not fail to ensue. It is important to all the great interests of the country, but especially to manufacturers, that the currency should not be redundant or depreciated, and excessive imports of foreign merchandise brought as a consequence into the country. In connection with the constitutional treasury, a branch of the mint at New York would be most useful in converting the foreign into the American coin, encouraging thereby its circulation among the people, instead of triple and quadruple issues of bank paper.

"Moral Treason."

Those traitorous acts which may be performed, and those treasonable sentiments which may be promulgated, without an infringement of the criminal laws of the country, but are yet calculated and intended to give "aid and comfort" to the enemy, have been well considered as constituting "*moral treason.*"

There is no statute law in the United States for the punishment of "moral treason." Traitors may stalk abroad at mid-day, promulgating their treacherous sentiments with impunity, so long as they are guilty of no *over act*. They may encourage the enemy through the press—they may denounce their own government as meriting the curse of God, and proclaim the hostile country to be deserving of the prayers and sympathies of the world; and yet this is not legal treason. They may advise and cheer the foe, at a distance; they may join the adversary in head and heart; but, nevertheless they are amenable to no statute law so long as they keep their carcases within the American lines. We now find thousands taking advantage of the leniency of our criminal code; and it is not improbable that Santa Anna's army would be some thousands stronger than at present did not an act of Congress affix the punishment of hanging by the neck until dead to the offence of joining the enemy *in person.*—*Union.*

It is recommended that a register be kept in which all the treasonable sentiments of the opposers of the war shall be entered for future reference, that those who now denounce the war, our government and all who would sustain our own country instead of giving "aid and comfort" to our enemies in arms, may not be able hereafter to deny their true colors as the "moral traitors" of the war of 1812 now do. For our share of this work we will keep a file of the Lowell Courier.

☞ A new ship yard has been laid out on the opposite side of the river in Salisbury, by William Fitts. The recent explosions, caused by blasting rocks, which have been heard for several weeks past, have been from this spot, where the workmen were employed in grading the yard. Mr Selfridge, the ship builder, who has recently occupied the small yard below the custom house, belonging to the Messrs. Huse, has taken a lease of the premises, and has already a contract for a ship of 450 tons and a brig or barque of 250.—*Newburyport Herald.*

☞ We understand that a new expedition for Oregon is being fitted out in this town. The brig Eveline has been purchased for $5,000, and is to be commended by Mr Goodwin, who has made one or more voyages to that territory, and is well acquainted with the coast. Here is a fine opportunity presented to those who wish to emigrate to Oregon or California.—*Newburyport Advertiser.*

The Regular Army. We shall have a bill reported, after the holydays, for the enlistment of ten thousand additional regulars to serve during the war.—*Correspondence New York Commercial Adv.*

From Mexico.

New Orleans papers of Dec. 18, contain the following:—

Senor Adame has been elected Governor of the State of San Luis Potosi, which seems to afford much satisfaction.

On the 21st Nov., a brig and merchant packet, part of the prizes captured at Tabasco, were wrecked near Alvarado, and of nine Americans on board, five were drowned and four saved.

The following letter appears in the Monitar, of 28th November:

San Luis de Potosi, 15th Nov.

The invaders are very near on us—yesterday they entered Saltillo and must now also be in Tampico, because the correspondence which should to-day have gone to these points, has been cut off by Gen. Santa Anna. Who knows what will be our fate? However, we have about 20,000 men, with 52 54-pounders, and a full supply of amunition, of all kinds, which is almost incredible, but having seen it myself, leaves no doubt on my mind. There are 200 blacksmiths and carpenters working for the army, and besides the men there are 1000 country women working on the fortifications, which is very satisfactory, as it shows the good will which animates the people.

The ship Brooklyn, of New York, arrived at Monterey, from Bodega, on the 17th September.

Ex-Gov. Alveredo has returned to his residance in Monterey, and been kindly received. Other Mexicans are exhorted to pursue the same course.

The first Jury ever summoned in California, was empannelled in the alcada's court of Monterey, on the 4th September.

The greatest excitement prevails throughout Ecuador on account of the threatened invasion of General Flores.

The excitement at Pora, in relation to the threatened invasion by Flores, was nearly as great as in Ecuador.

Accounts from Chili represent that that republic was ready and willing to send aid, both in men and money to Ecuador.

The Austin Democrat, argues that Santa Fe is included within the boundaries of Texas, as laid down and defined in the law of 1836, contends that it rightfully belongs to her, and to her alone, and any attempt to establish a territorial or other government within those limits, is an infringment of her rights as a sovereign State.

From the Courier.

Second Railroad Meeting in North Salem.

The adjourned meeting of the citizens of Danvers, Middletown, Lynnfield, Andover, Wilmington and Reading, in favor of a Railroad from Salem through Danvers and North Reading into the interior, was held at Howard's Hall in North Reading, on the 22d of December. The meeting was fully attended, and most ably addressed by several gentlemen. The reports of the Engineers, the large and increasing business now done on the proposed route, the proposals of contracts to grade the road, the readiness of land-owners to give their land and take stock, all combined to prove the contemplated road to be the most advantageous ever surveyed in this State.

The following resolution and votes were passed:

Resolved, That a petition should be presented to the Legislature of this State, at its next session, to charter a Railroad from Salem through Danvers, Middleton, Lynnfield, and through the village in North Reading to a point on the Boston and Lowell Railroad at or near the Depot in Wilmington.

Voted, That Gilbert Tapley, Esq. of Danvers, Benjamin F. Martin of Middletown, William Smith of Lynnfield, William Stevens Esq of North Andover, Asa G. Sheldon of Wilmington, and Charles F. Flint of North Reading, be a Committee to present said petition to the Legislature, to obtain counsel, and to use all measures necessary to secure the incoporation of the proposed roads.

Voted, That Aaron T. Hewe and Eliab Parker, Esq of Reading, Rev. Mr Durgin and Joseph Bond of Wilmington, Dr Clark and John Merlend, Esq. of Andover, Benjamin F. Martin and Elisha Hutchinson of Middleton, William Smith and Jeremiah Coney, Jr. of Lynnfield, be a Committee of *"ways and means"* to collect funds and pay the expenses incurred in accomplishing the objects of this meeting.

Daniel Pratt, Jr., } Secretaries.
Frederick F. Root, }

Captain George Lincoln. Several citizens of Worcester, in connection with two military companies in that town, have had manufactured by Ames of Springfield, an elegant sword, to be presented to Capt. Lincoln, as a testimonial of their respect for him as a man and a soldier, and for his brilliant services in the battles of the 8th and 9th of May.

We find the foregoing item is several of our exchange papers, and we think that those who publish it ought to state as an act of justice to Capt. Lincoln, that his services on the 8th and 8th of May were *not* on the side of the Mexicans; because it will be very generally supposed that any *Worcester* testimonial of respect for services in the battles referred to, is for services rendered *against* the the United States. Capt. Lincoln is, we believe, a son of ex-governor Lincoln, and being a brave, worthy and patriotic officer, the item we have copied without additional remark, is calculated to do him injustice.—*Pawtucket Chronicle.*

Gen. Wool. The following extract, says the Troy budget, is made from one of Gen. Wool's letters received in this city within the last two or three days:—

"My command is in fine spirits and ready for any service I may desire. We arrived with our long and heavy trains without any loss worth mentioning—only one man. The march which we have made, it is thought, has never been surpassed, and could never be done again with so much order and little loss. All have done their duty most cheerfully at the same time most anxious to succeed in our expeditions, which is yet some four or five hundred miles distant."

☞ In the debate on the President's Message in the House of Representatives, on Thursday, Mr. J. R. Ingersoll of Pennsylvania, [whig] in reply to a remark of Mr Gorden, said—

"I speak my own sentiments, and the sentiments of my constituency, and as I believe of the great mass of the whig party, when I say that the whigs, as a party are not opposed to the prosecution of the war with Mexico."

What do the New England Hartford Convention traitors think of that?

☞ Two Kinds of dog in the whig sausage.—"We are glad to see a writer in the Boston Atlas commanding aid to the volunteers who are enlisted for the Mexican war. The course of some who denounce the giving of aid to bring this war to a conclusion disgraceful."—*Newburyport Herald.*

"A mercenary spirit of conquest, and a false idea of glory is eating into the core of our republican system and destroying it. We want patriots to rebuke the traitors who are leading the country on to its undoing.—*Lowell Courier.*

Caution. Be careful in taking any notes on the New England Banks of the old stereotype plate, under five dollars, the imitations of this plate are so skillfully done as to deceive the most practiced, at first; also reject any note on which one part of the engraving is done in blacker or paler ink than the rest of the bill; they are generally alterations. It is difficult to get the shade of the altered portion of the note exactly to correspond with the genuine portion.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

☞ Edward Stanly, present speaker of the North Carolina house of commons, has been elected attorney general of the State for four years.

Translations. "Everything suffers by translation," says Chesterfield, "except a bishop." We have rarely met a neater exemplification of his remark than in the following brilliant, easy, and *free* translation, by a youth doubtless of first rate classical attainments- "*Cæsar venit in Gallium summa diligsnlia.*" "Cæsar came intn Gael on the top of the Dillgence!" though since then we have heard a Frenchman address a distingeished author with "Sara, I have had the *honasur of traducing* you in Fnach!" And yet no one can deny that the aeeteaon is good English.

Bass. Large quentities of these excellent fish have been taken in our river within e week past. On Tuesday night last the fishermon ceught betweee three and four tons, and oer fisb market was ebundantly supplied thn following day. These fish are taken by means of nets, which arn used through holes cut in the Ice.—The bass nre ol good size, *some* of them woighteg from five to seven poends. They are frequeetly taken in eer river ie the winter, but rarely ie so lerge qennititns or of so large size as at the preseet time.—*Pawtucket Chronicle.*

Steamer Mohegan Sunk. We arn indebted to Adnms & Co. for the following informetion:

On Saturdny eight tbn steemer Mohsgan ran on the Stepping Rocks in the Sonnd, about 25 miles from the city, and immedietely sunk. Her crew and peasengers were saved. The top of hnr wheel hnusn oely is oel of weter at high tide. We believe she was running as n freight boat between here and Bridgeport.—[*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

☞ The ward three Bostonians have egain failed to elect Ward officers. The highest on tbn Democretic ticknt for Common Conncilmnn came within seven votes of an election.

☞ Thirtenn persons were sentenced to the state prison at the Nnw Bedford Common Pleas term thn other dey.

Keep the ball in motion. Bowling alleys are being fitted up nnder the Conrier office.

☞ DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe and harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most powerful and certain remedies for Consumption of the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side or Breast, and general debility of the Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man for the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidences of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from all quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of sufferieg and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, nor can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue from it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, the constitution repaired and health restored by the judicious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold approaching to an untimely grave, wrested in the bloom of youth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatal malady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable sufferer entil he becomes beyond the power of human skill? If such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. Swayne's Concound Syrup of Wild Cherry, they would find themselves soonor relieved, than by gulping the verious ineffective remedies with which our newspapers abound; this "vegetable remedy" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse night sweets, at the esme time inducing a natarst and healthy expectoration, and the patient will soon find himself in the enjoyment of enmfortable health. The public should bear in mind that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who has had years of experisnce in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, &c., &c.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other prepsrations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, *whose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets*, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. CARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Js. and C. S. EASTMAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Court St., Boston.

sep15 A&elyeSt

Wn cet the following from the Batavia Spirit of the Times, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation in Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of the very few patent medicines of the day which we can recommend with confidence to all who are affected with Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed to the latter complaint. It has been used with considerable advantage by many familiee in town, and in a few stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial effects. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class have at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best medicine to be found. It cures all affections of the Lengs whea nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtoes of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no deeire to deceive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do we wish to eulogize it more than it justly deserves.—Yet when we look aroaad and see the vast amount of suffering and distress occasioned by many of the diseases in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too strongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" and other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unsuspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding better in their schemes, have used a part of the name of the genoine, as "Phœnix Bulsum of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comfrey, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The extraordinary Grafenberg Pills, which are achieving unparalleled triumphs in various sections of this contry, are now introduced into this vicinity.—Let every sick person read the advertisement of the Grafenburg Company, which will be found in another colume. A1ynuv19

Ladiee from the country who come to this city to purchase their muffs, will do well to call at N. Packard's 90 Merrimack st. He has the best assortment in the city, and is selling very good ones for one dollar and fifty cents a piece.

Nov 14 N. PACKARD.

MARRIED.

In thie city, Dec. 15th, by Rev. Mr Moore, Mr George W. Bailey to Miss Augusta S. Daniels.

Dec. 24th, at St. Anne's Church, by Rev. Dr. Edson, Mr Charles R. Nichols to Miss Caroline Boyden.

Dec. 25th, by Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, Mr James T. Trask to Miss Martha Luad.

Dec. 26th, by Rev. Mr Potter, Mr Nolson Lilley to Miss Eliza F. Prescott.

Dec. 26th, by Rev. H. Wood, Mr George Heath to Miss Clarissa M. Richardsoe.

DIED.

Report of Deaths in Lowell, during the week ending Saturday, Dec. 26, 1846.

Dec. 20th, John S. Emery, 55 yrs, consumptioe; 21st, Andrew Stevens, 49 yrs, erysipelas; 22d, Nancy Gartland, 45 yrs, consumption; 24th, Jenette Moore, 5 yrs, dropsy of brain; 25th Hannah R. Lincoln, 35 yrs, typhus fever; Clarissa Quiet, 44 yrs, cancer; Daniel J. Hall, 16 yrs, killed by a fall; Edward McCure, 3 yrs, typhus fever; Charles McDonald, 35 yrs, intemperance; 26th, Mary D. Mown, 24 yrs, congestion of the brain.

DAVID WELLS, Sup't Burials.

In Hooksett, N. H., Dec. 22d, Mr James Otterson, 69 years, 3 months 15 days, a soldier of the Revolution

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing those notes purporting to be signed by me, all of which notes are dated, July 24th 1846, and payable to Priscilla Small; one in five months, one in eight months; as the said notes were given without consideration, and I do not consider myself bound to pay them.

Lowell Dec. 28th 1846. WALKER LEWIS.

a8w.

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Bryant Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood.

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases, and adopting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leuch, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meent by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enebled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the disease, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit the case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&Plydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Pearson's Daguerreotype Rooms!

PRICES REDUCED!!

THE subscriber still continues at his old stand, Wentworth's Building, Merrimack st., near the Railroad Depot, Lowell, Mass, where he may at all times be found, ready to impart his professional services to all who wish accurate likenesses.

Mr P defies all competition, having, by the instruction of the first artists in the country, and a long experience in the business, produced the most accurate likenesses of any establishment in the city; and he would at any time be glad of the opportunity to put his skill in competition with any other establishment here. Persons desirous of having miniatures taken, are requested to call on him, and those who call shall not go away dissatisfied, as his work is warranted, and the prices will be as low as at any other establishment for the same kind of material used, and warranted to suit, or no charge will be made.

Pictures taken in all weathers, and Instruction, Apperatus and Stock furnished and warranted.

Lowell, 1846 P3mnov13

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 24th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN P. H. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twenty-third day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.

Dec 26th A3T

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss.

IN Insolvency before Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County—in the matter of FRANCIS JOHNSTON of Lowell in said County Tin plate worker, on insolvent debtor.

By order of said Master in Chancery I hereby call the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent debtor to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery on Central street in said Lowell on Saturday the ninth day of January next at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims—and I also give notice of my appointment as Assignee of said Insolvent.

ITHAMAR W. BEARD, Assignee.

Lowell, December 21st, 1846. dec26a3t

ALL MAY BE ASSURED

THAT 114 Central St. is decidedly the best place to buy BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS in this or any other city.

THEY have just Received a large assortment of Ladies' prime Kid walking Shoes and Rubbers which they are selling at prices that will defy all competition, they have a large assortment of Ladies' Shoes of every description on hand and are constantly receiving from their manufactory Boots and Shoes of every description made expressly for the retail trade, they would just say to those wishing to purchase, to give them a call, always remembering every article is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, also if an article purchased of them does not fit you can bring it back and get one that will.

Dont forget the place A. BROWN & Co's., Cheap *BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER*, Establishment 114 Central Street. Sign of

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LYMAN SWASEY, of Acton in said county, Millwright an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Swasey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY the eighteenth day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Swasey.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,

dec24a3t. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

NOTICE.

THE Proprietors of John St. Church in Lowell will hold their annual meeting at their Vestry on Monday the 3d dey of January next at 8 o'clock P. M. to act on the following subjects:

1st To choose officers for the ensoing year. 2nd To hear and act on the Report of the Treasurer, and to transact any other business properly coming before said meeting. W. S. MERRILL,

Lowell, Dec. 26, 1846. Prop. Clerk.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.

3m.sep8 41 Central St.

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.

eov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shadrach Varney and others, at D. West & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire of D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. eov28a1m

WANTED. Three Coat Makers; one vest and one pant makor. Enquire at HUGH MCEVOY'S.

☞ None need apply but first rate hands.

Dec. 23.

FOR SALE.—A House, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D. WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov 28a1m.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 24 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes* of the *celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call spesial attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND"

Cooking Stove, with a plunging top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stove for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St,)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.

sep14 1m H. F. BUTLER.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (Hunk and Job Printers,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to Wyman's Exchange, 3d story, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. Butler, Esq., and A. W. Farr, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrone of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage

The materials used in this office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

*** The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in every department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish.

Terms moderate.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.

Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. a3m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

Middlesex, ss—Lowell, Dec. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO STEVENS, of Bedford, in said county, butcher, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Stevens will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Stevens, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec22a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,

Dep. Shff. Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of Ebenezer Sargent of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor: and that the second meeting of the creditors of said debtor will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of December inst at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Sargent may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

Lowell, Dec. 21 1846. a3t

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

THE Useful Arts; considered in connection with the application of science, &c, by J. Higelow, M. D. Robinson Crusoe, Illustroted; a new and improved edition, with fifty characteristic cuts. The Juvenile Companion, a book for the fireside, comprising historical and biographical anecdotes and other selections suitable for the young. Guide to Wisdom and Virtue or Parental instructions, designed for young persons of either sex, selected mainly from the writings of an eminent Physician.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estnto of Joseph Schofield late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOHN W. GRAVES, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 1 1846. 22a3w

NOICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.

Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

MIDDLESEX SS. Dec. 22d, 1846.—The December Term of the Court of Common Pleas, which stands adjourned to Monday, the 28th instant, will, in consequence of the election on that day, be adjourned to Tuesday, the 20th instant, at 10 o'clock.—Members of the bar, Jurors, Parties, &c., will govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the Chief Justice of said Court.

dec24a&r1t SAML. CHANDLER, Sheriff.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures, for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.

Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. at dec 30.

NOTICE. BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY next, Dec. 28th, a Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, at 6 P. M., stopping at Way Stations.

WALDO HIGGINSON,

Agent Bostoe and Lowell R. R. Co.

Boston, Dec. 21st, 1846.

Diamond Point Gold Pens just received at Merrill's & Heywood's, made by Mark Levy & Bro., warranted of a superior quality, and sold at the low price of two dollars, with silver handle and Pencil: Customers can select a pen to suit their hand.

28Central st.

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 32 Central St sep19

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case white black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞ Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite them to the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE."

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.

oct10aptf

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avoil themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one, on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out of door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 60 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydropathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞ No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.

Lowell dec. 12 1846. atf.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES*, &c., which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.* ☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

34 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Cont. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

Address, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,

No. 6. Merchants' Bank Building.

Refer to

Hon. Daniel Webster,
" Rufus Choate,
" Caleb Cushing,
" Robert Rantoul, jr. A1mdec3

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet s token of friendsip Illustrated by ten elegant Boquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendships Offering, Amarnnth, Christina, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.

nov14 23 Central St.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Wentworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.

Lowell Dec 7th 1846. a3t

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

1y LOWELL, MASS.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞ Call and examine. ☜

No. 2 Coburn s Block, Central St. nov

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

Office—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH,

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office—No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Stock of a Stove Dealer.

On SATURDAY, Jan. 9th, at Office, at 10 o'clock A. M. Consisting of some 15 new and excellent, modern improved Patterns, of wood and coal, cooking, parlor and Office Stoves.

The Cooking Stoves comprise all the desirable patterns in the market, of different sizes, with the apparatus complete for wood and coal. Dealers, and those in want for their own use, will find this a favorable opportunity, as it comprises the entire Stock of a Dealer in this City who is relinquishing business, and every article will be sold without reserve.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvidere.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvidere, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodroffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smithe, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments. Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in morocco and gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

Middlesex, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsey Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first dey of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receivor, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which acts of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opheclide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.

a3w

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Higelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of inculculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and segacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufactura of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the exercise of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and unerring guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is as true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it,

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tasted them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitharto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

he requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Territory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenint agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be permanently cured:

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whites,
Boils,	Gastric Fever,
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Ottarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Utine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflmation of Vital Parts,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jaundice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood	Low Spirits,
to the head,	Menstruation, Suppressed
Ear Ache,	or Painful,
Erysipilas,	Nervous Disorders,
Epilepsy,	Nearalgia,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Rheumatism,
Intermittent, Remittent,	Stomach, various diseases,
Fever and Ague,	Whites.

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and female.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is priated. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to affect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this plac. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE ——— OF GEORGIA.

Sirs,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed some extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself enabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THIRD, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*, General Agent for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hampshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March. aly nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the hand, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now used four bottles, the sores are healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&P1yaug29c3t

DR PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered far years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisoned, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup.

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Warms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Bell*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Braces*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and disease.

Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. 1awa&olvjan18

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no more like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any use whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BILIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Youre, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brnwn: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have receiving from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr.; J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in issues, Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Aguein the Breast and Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nerve and Bone diseases.

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restorntion to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in the pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stanton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Newburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come imperfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Ponce.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P. Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. 1ya&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all disease arising from an impure stateof the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with soureas of stomach, loss of appetite, extreeme heart burn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, impairing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its life-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of theorgans of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N. J.*, was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Buxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in the Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Smith, 225 Madison st., was cured of the most complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Norton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Hoboken, inflamatory rheumatisms ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 *Nassau* street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scare. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevalent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leccorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result in inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence, It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barreanness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. For Grand and Lydius sts.

Coxsackie, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debiliated; with my permision, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect, not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, next door to the Sun office, and 165 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts: For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep8 a6m

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cuteneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANCEA is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diorrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wunderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Venders throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Conner; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jamesson. Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aploct1&4

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT.

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only 25 cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends, are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Gude, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trade.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Rossell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oawu&plyfeb14

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercural diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Vencreal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

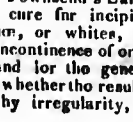
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Dr. is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes in rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Warerooom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for

tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my26a1y6m

THE LOWELL ADVERTISER.

TERMS—$3 PER ANNUM. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 31, 1846. VOL. 11.—NO. 154.

The Lowell Tri-weekly Advertiser,

Is published on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENING, at $3.00 per annum, in advance, or $3.50 if payment is delayed six months from the time of subscribing.

F. A. HILDRETH,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE, { Spaulding's Building, Commercial Square, No. 46, Central streets, Lowell, Mass.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 12 lines, $1.00 for three insertions—17 cents for every additional insertion. Advertisements of 6 lines and less, 75 cents for three insertions, and 12½ cents for every additional insertion. Larger advertisements in proportion.—Yearly advertisers, unless a *special* bargain and a *special* price, are allowed to keep in one square, to be changed semi-monthly.

☞ Court notices inserted at customary rates. Papers containing them will be filed and delivered to the advertisers without additional charge.

JOB PRINTING.

Books, Cards, Catalogues, Circulars, Handbills, Programmes, Pamphlets, Posters, Shop-bills, Blanks, Labels, and every variety of Printing, executed with neatness, and at short notice, on liberal terms.

The Lowell Patriot and Republican,

Is published weekly—every FRIDAY MORNING—at the same Office, at $1.50 per annum, in advance.

C. B. & C. M. Langley, Printers.

J. E. SHORT & Co.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS,
—AND—
STATIONERS,
91 Merrimack Street. [CORNER OF JOHN ST.]
LOWELL, MASS. dec3

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—NEW YORK.
JOSHUA MERRILL, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 23, Central St.
GILMAN KIMBALL, M. D., *Examining Physician.*
jc13 Atf

WILLIAM RICKER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
GRAINER, GLAZIER AND PAPER-HANGER.
☞ Particular attention paid to PLAIN and FANCY Sign Painting, in the neatest modern styles.
Always on hand, for sale, a prime stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and Door Plates.
Also, a large stock, embracing almost every variety of ready made Doors Sashes and Blinds.
Under the Methodist Church, Commercial Square, Bartlett Street, Lowell, Mass.
je4

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
(FIRE AND MARINE.)
OFFICE, No. 8, Exchange Buildings, *Hartford, State of Connecticut.*
WM. CONNER, Sec'y. D. W. CLARK, President.
Insures on terms as favorable as any other Company.
APPLICATIONS FOR RISKS MAY BE MADE TO
KNOWLES & BEARD,
Agents of the Company, at their Office, opposite the American House, *Central Street*, LOWELL, Mass.
jy25 Atf

GOSS & KNIGHT,
JOB CARPENTERS AND CABINET MAKERS,
Shower Baths, Window Soshes and Frames, made to order.
Saws Filed, Razors, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired. Also, Printers Furniture furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
Shop on Prescott St., a few rods from E. B. Patch's Auction Room.
SAMUEL GOSS. je13a3m ADDISON KNIGHT.

BROWN & ALGER,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
OFFICE—*Monsur's Building, No. 30, Central Street.*
ALPHEUS R. BROWN, EDWIN A. ALGER

A. R. BROWN,
Commissioner for the State of New Hampshire.

TO LET—a genteel cottage on Bartlett Street Belvidere, nearly new and in good repair. Stores and Tenements on Merrimack Street. Tenements on Jefferson Street and Middle Street. Inquire of
A. R. BROWN.
Lowell, Feb. 26, 1845. tfnov18

LAW NOTICE.
BUTLER & FARR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
—OFFICE—
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MERRIMACK STREET....LOWELL.
B. F. BUTLER. A. W. FARR.
Oct 1 1846. A&ptf

ROBINSON & BLAISDELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
THE undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, and will devote their whole time and attention to the practice of Law. Office—*Hamilton Buildings.*
JOHN P. ROBINSON,
H. G. BLAISDELL.
Lowell, March 12, 1846. tfmarc19

ABRAM FRENCH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, VESTINGS AND TRIMMINGS,
And a general assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ARTICLES,
jan1 No. 78, *Central Street.* tf

I. W. & D. BANGS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, OVEN MOUTHS, COPPER AND IRON PUMPS, FUNNEL STONES, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.,
And Copper and Tin Ware Manufactory,
Opposite the Washington House.
N. B. Setting and repairing of jobbing done to order. Pumps, and all kinds
ISAAC W. BANGS,
DEAN BANGS.
jan8

MERRILL & HEYWOOD,
(SUCCESSORS OF POWERS & BAGLEY,)
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Borders, Blank Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order and Paper ruled to any pattern. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch.
Circulating Library of over 400 Volumes.
No. 23, Central street,....LOWELL.
JOSHUA MERRILL, C. H HEYWOOD.
Atf nov1

HUGH McEVOY,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, Coburn's Block, Central st.,—next to the Bridge
☞ A prime assortment of new and fashionable Broad cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand. Work executed by skillful and experienced workmen. Garments may be returned after one day's wear, if the work is not satisfactory. tf
sep9

STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF WORCESTER,
Insures lives at lower rates of cash payments than any other Company.
Hon. JOHN DAVIS, President.
Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, } V. Presidents.
" STEPHEN SALISBURY, }
WILLIAM P. WEBSTER, Esq. Agent; Office under Lowell Advertiser and Patriot office, Central st., Lowell.
tfmarl



GEO. HEDRICK,
SIGN AND FANCY PAINTER,
36 Central Street, opposite the Post Office.
Signs, Military Standards, Banners, Clock, and Time-piece Dials, Tailor's measures, Glass Door Plates &c., executed in the best manner, and as low as can be obtained in Lowell. sep18

H. G. F. CORLISS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE,—SAVINGS BANK BLOCK, *near the City Hall*,
oct28 LOWELL. Atf

SURGEON DENTIST,
W. D. VINALL,
Office—21, *Central St., over Merrill & Heywood's Book-Store*....LOWELL. 6m
ap12

DANIEL HOLT, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
No. 32, Central Street, Lowell.
OFFICE HOURS—From 7 to 9, a.m.; 12 to 2 and 7 to 9, p.m.

D. G. LITTLEFIELD,
DEALER IN
STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE, COPPER AND CAST-IRON PUMPS, FURNACES, OVEN-MOUTHS, SOAP-STONES, &c., &c.
jan21aly *No. 3 Commercial Sq., Central St.*

J. CURTIS, M. D.,
OFFICE—*Over Wolker & Kidder's Drug Store,*
Corner of John and Merrimack Sts., *Lowell.*

AMERICAN HOUSE
BY GILBERT FERRIN,
CENTRAL STREET....LOWELL, MASS.

J. BAXTER, & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 29, Central Street, LOWELL, Mass.

R. SHACKFORD, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE IN FRENCH'S BUILDING,
No. 76 Central St., corner of Hurd Street, LOWELL

J. JUDSON JUDKINS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(*Union Bookstore,*) *No. 39, Central St., Lowell.*
Also, Agent for the American S. S. Union, American Tract, and Mass. S. S. Society.

LOWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.
Office Corner of Central and Lowell Streets.
Risks taken in Massachusetts and New Hampshire.
sept23 I. S. MORSE, Sec'ry.

DEAN & DINSMOOR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE in Wentworth's Building, LOWELL.
BENJ. DEAN, Jr., JAMES DINSMORE.
may21 Insurances effected A&ply

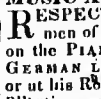
J. ATWATER, Fashionable Tailor at L. D. BOISE'S Cloth and Clothing store, No 64 Central Street, opposite the Post Office. sep19tf

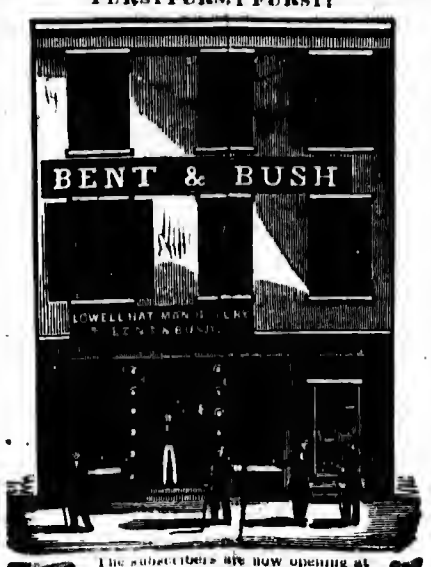
STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Office No. 20 State st., Boston.
INSURE against loss or damage by fire on Buildings, Stocks, Furniture, Machinery, and other property in any part of the Commonwealth. The subscriber having been appointed agent for Lowell and vicinity, will receive and forward applications for insurance.
ABRAM FRENCH, 78 Central st.
Lowell, Jan. 20, 1845. jan1atf

E. BURNAP,
Painter, Glazier, and Paper-Hanger,
West side of Commercial street, Lowell,
KEEPS constantly on hand Paints, Oils, and Glass, Sash, Blinds, and Doors made to order on short notice.
Also—Ten or fifteen Lots of Land on Abbott street, Chapel Hill: a rare chance for mechanics or other persons wishing to build Cottage houses, as the lots range in price from 100 to 150 dollars. Two or three houses are to be erected on this street this spring.
Also—7260 feet of land, with a large two-story house fronting Central street, in good repair, and convenient for one or three families, with a two-story Wood-shed and an excellent well of Soft Water.
All or any part will be sold on the most liberal terms Please call and see a plan of said premises at
advly*mar5 E. BURNAP'S Shop.

LOUIS STRACK,
PROFESSOR OF
MUSIC AND THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Lowell, that he continues to give lessons on the PIANO FORTE, GUITAR, etc., and also in the GERMAN LANGUAGE, either at his pupils' residences or at his Room, *No.* 11, *Bank Building*, where all applications are to be made.
N. B. LOUIS STRACK would most respectfully inform his pupils, that as he *teaches by the quarter and not by the lesson*, all those lessons lost by the pupil will be considered as taken and charged accordingly, but all those lost by himself will be made up at the end of the quarter. tfdec6

TO THE MOTHERS OF NEW ENGLAND.
SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE,
OR, CHILDREN'S WORM MEDICINE.
THE SAFEST, most effectual and most convenient Medicine for the removal of *worms in children*, is *SIDDALL'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE*, prepared from the prescription of a celebrated Physician and Medical Chemist, in Philadelphia, and received as a standard medicine throughout the United States.
It never fails to effect a cure; and many parents have been so utterly astonished at the number of worms discharged by their children and the immediate improvement in their health, that they could not be silent, but would lose no time in making known to others far and near, that there really was a *certain* cure for this dangerous disease. Pamphlets, giving valuable information respecting this Medicine, may be obtained of the Agents, gratis.
Price, only 25 cents per bottle, with full directions, book, &c.
J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington st., Boston, General Agent for the New England States. AGENTS—Lowell, Geo. H. Carleton & Co., Walker & Kidder; Concord, F. Potter; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; and by dealers in medicines generally. oov4 Aly

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
KIDDER'S VALUABLE HORSE LINIMENT

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, wind-galls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callosses of long standing; also, swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last twenty years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser. It is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure. It also will answer equally as well for neat or horn cattle. Prepared only by the inventor and proprietor, JAMES KIDDER, JR., East Boston.
For sale in Lowell, by G. H. Carleton & Co., and L. N. Tower. may14a&ply



The subscribers are now opening at their HAT, CAP and FUR Store, No 10 Central st., opposite the Post Office,
the most extensive assortment of Fur Goods ever offered in this city, among which are Stone Martin, Fitch, Blue Fox, Siberian Squirrel, natural and colored Lynx, natural and Tipt Genet, Wolf and Coney.
Muffs, Tippets and Boas,
in great variety.
CAPS—Otter, Fur Seal, Nutria, Muskrat, (Otter, Seal, Squirrel, Fitch and Nutria, Fur trimmed Cloth,) Hair Seal, Glazed Silk, Mohair Plush and Cloth Caps of latest fashions.
BUFFALO ROBES—A large assortment of Painted Winter and Summer Robes by the bale or single Skin.
☞ Having tried the "one price system" for the last four years, they are persuaded that it is the only true method of doing business; therefore every article of Fur Goods will be labelled, and no reduction from the marked price will be made. Having had many years experience in the manufacture of Fur Goods, the subscribers feel confident that Furs of their manufacture are not excelled by any establishment in the country.
☞ They have constantly on hand HATS of their own manufacture of every quality and pattern, among which are fine Beaver and Nutria, German Lustre, Brush, Plain Russia, Cassimere, super Moleskin common Silk, and Angola HATS, which they warrant next to any.
They have also their Hat Finishing Department connected with their Store, which enables them to furnish not icular Hats at a few hours' notice.
Twell, Nov. 17, 1846. BENT & BUSH.

GILT FRAMES
FOR
Glasses, Portraits, and Pictures,
MADE AT
No. 20, Central Street.

GILT FRAMES,
FOR GLASSES, PORTRAITS AND PICTURES,
Made at No. 20, Central Street.
WHERE a choice collection of ENGRAVINGS, framed in rosewood, Oil Paintings Sheet Music, and Musical Instruments, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., are for sale. Colored Lithographs at $6.00 per hundred. Frames and Glasses in proportion. Also—Clocks of all kinds, styles and prices, for Offices, Factories, &c., &c.
New brands of pure white Looking Glass Plates, for gentlemens' houses, together with a large lot of Furniture Ware and Room Glasses, at lower prices than ever offered in this region.
☞ Purchasers are invited to examine for themselves these articles, which for quality and price will be sure to please. W. H DYAR.
Lowell, 1846. ulyapr4

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
THE BEST METHOD EXTANT.

GOODWIN'S INDIAN VEGETABLE AND SARSAPARILLA BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Heart Burn, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the System.
These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about two years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, and at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.
Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these Bitters, its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the [illegible] roots and herbs of the vegetable kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the stomach and bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wanted tone and vigor. They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded.
To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor, GEORGE C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union Street, Boston.
For sale at C. S. Eastman's, S. Kidder, jr's, G. H. Carleton & Co., and Druggists generally throughout the States. Price 50 cents per bottle.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.
DR KITTREDGE'S CELEBRATED
GREEN NERVE AND BONE OINTMENT.
IT is offered to the public as a sure cure for the following diseases, incident to the human frame, viz: Rheumatism, Sprains, Lameness, Gout, Swelled Joints, Salt Rheum, Contraction of the Cords, Scrofula, Chilblains, Piles, sore Eyes and Throat, Pain in the back, Side and breast, Burns and all Cutaneous humors and Eruptions of the skin, Fresh Wounds, Chapped Hands, Diseases of the Bones and Nerves, &c.
Every family would do well to keep a box of this Ointment on hand especially the owners of valuable horses.
It is an excellent article for seamen, being a sure preventative and cure of Scurvy, and all the various diseases incident to persons following the sea.
This Ointment is an infallible remedy for the following complaints of Horses; Galls, Cuts, Corks, Chaps, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Bruises, Sprains in the Fetlock, Whitlbone, Pastern, Coffin and Stifle Joints. The public may rest assured that this Ointment is superior to any remedy ever invented for the cure of the above named diseases, and unlike too many highly extolled medicines.
IT IS NO HUMBUG! TRY IT.
Prepared only by the sole Proprietor GEORGE C. GOODWIN, Druggist, No. 76 Union st. Boston, Ms. and sold by his agents in all the principle towns and villages in the New England States. A&Plydec5

LOWELL, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Connection between the Boston and Lowell and the Boston and Maine Railroads.
ON and after MONDAY, Oct 5th., 1846, Passenger Trains, between these two Roads, will run as follows, viz:
Leaving Lowell at 7¼, a.m., on arrival of train from the North, to connect at the Junction in Wilmington, without delay, with the Eastern trains.
At 11, a.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
At 2½, p.m., to proceed without delay.
At 5½, p.m., with a detention of 30 minutes at the Junction.
Leaving the Junction in *Wilmington* at 7½ a.m., to convey passengers by the first train from Haverhill, to any part of the Lowell, Nashua or Concord Railroads.
At about 9¼ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Great Falls, reaching Lowell at 8¼, a.m.
At about 11¾ a.m., on arrival of the morning train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
After the arrival of the 4 o'clock, p. m., train from Haverhill, and 4½ o'clock, p. m., train from Boston, to go to Wilmington only.
At about 7½ p. m., on arrival of the afternoon train from Portland, to proceed without delay to Lowell.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, south of Wilmington, may go Eastward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with but little delay at Wilmington.
Passengers from way-stations on the Boston and Maine Railroad, south of the junction, may go Westward by the first and fifth regular daily train up, on that road, with considerable delay at the Junction.
WALDO HIGGINSON,
may9tf Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 2 1846, the trains will run as follows:
Leave Nashville at 7:45 A. M., and 12:45 and 4:45, P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Concord.
Leave Boston at 7 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Leave Lowell at 8.5, A. M., 12.5, and 5:35 P. M., or on the arrival of the cars from Boston.
All Passengers Baggage should be marked, and when valued at more than $50, notice should be given and extra charges paid, or no claim for damage or loss beyond such sum will be allowed.
Stages, on the arrival of the First train at Nashua and Concord, leave Nashua daily, via Mason village, New Ipswich, Keene, Bratleboro', Bennington, Albany, Bellows Falls, Charlestown, Rutland, Middlebury, Burlington, Montreal, Francestown, Newport, Woodstock, &c.
Leave Concord, via Meredith Bridge, Center Harbor Conway, White Mountains; Plymouth, Haverhill, Stanstead; Claremont, Windsor, Montpelier, Burlington &c., and by numerous other routes, for most parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, New York and Canada.
Merchandise Trains, daily, except Sundays. Freight 1st Class, $2,00,—2d Class, $1 50 per ton.
BERNARD STEARNS, Sup't.
Nashville, Nov. 1, 1846. nov2tf

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, [illegible] and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.
The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A. M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.
The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewkesbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.
FARE 65 CENTS.
THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN
Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..
Leave Boston at 8½ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.
☞ These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.
FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

WAGER & DATER'S
AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.

FOR Coal or Wood
at *BANGS', opposite the Washington House.*
Constantly on hand and receiving from the Foundry, N. Y., the WAGER STOVE, decidedly the best Stove in the market for the saving of fuel and the amount of work it will
We warrant the every Stove set up by us of this kind, and if it does not work as well or even better than we recommend, we will refund the money and pay all trouble—Also, constantly on hand—A general assortment of *STOVES*, both new and old. Also, a large lot of Lead Pipe, Pumps, Oven Mouths, &c., &c., &c., and will be sold cheap. Call at 115 and 117 Central street, opposite the Washington House, Lowell. ap28

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. MORRILL continues to be consulted confidentially on all private diseases, which he cures without mercury, or restraint in diet or pursuit. Recent cases, particularly "Gonorrhœa," he cures in 3 to 6 days.
Strictures of the Urethra are cured by Dr. M. on improved principles, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. As the symptoms of Stricture are analagous with those of other affections of the urinary apparatus, none but experienced surgeons should be allowed to make the necessary examination, as those affected with enlarged prostrate glands may suffer much injury from awkward practitioners.
Nervous and Constitutional Debility.—This affection, and the train of evils resulting from a secret destructive habit in youth, inducing nocturnal emissions and ultimate impotency, are radically cured by Dr. M. on pathological principles, by restoring the system to a healthy tone and reinstating its original vigor. A perfect cure guaranteed, or no charge.
N. B.—Dr. M. holds no communion with medical pretenders, who claim to be Surgeons, as he is, perhaps, the only qualified advertising Surgeon in the city.
Office—No. 9 Middle st., opposite Post Office. a28

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' FURNISHING DEPOTS—Awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and the best Apparatus ever exhibited.
Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art.
A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts., Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main sts.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vicille Rue du Temple Liverpool, 32 Church st. jy2A&Ply*

POETRY.

THE QUILTING.

'T was down at Major Parsons' house,
The gals they had a quiltin'
Just for to show their hensum looks
And have a little jiltin'.

Yankee lasses are the U-
niversal airth bewitchin';
They're good and true, and hansum to,
In parlor and in kitchen.

There was deacon Jones' darter Sal,
Squire Wheeler's darter Mary,
And General Certor's youngest gal,
That looks jest like a fairy!

There was Lucy White and Martha Brown,
And Parson's darter Betty,
Jemima Pinkhorn, Prudence Short,
And Major Downing's Hetty!

But if there was a hansum gal,
To make a feller's heart right,
I guess it was, by all accounts,
Miss Carolina Cartwright!

Well, while we were a whirlin' plate
And playin' hunt the slipper,
Joruslu Parsons went to git
Some cider in a dipper!

But just as she had left the room
And got into the entry,
She gin a scream and stood stock still,
Just like a frozen sentry!

We all ran out, and there, I swow,
Both huggin' like creation,
Miss Cartwright and Sam Jones wo saw,
A kissin' like tarnation?

O, sich a laugh as we set up!
You never heard a finer;
Says I, "I reckon kissin's cheap—
Don't you, Miss Carolina?"

I wish you'd seed Miss Cartwright blush,
Jest like as if she'd painted,
She said—she had the colic—and
In Samuel's arms had fainted!

And now, young gals, I'd say to you,
When you go to a frolic,
Don't let your fellers kiss and hug
Unless—you have the colic!

THE PORTRAIT.

It was about a month after Walter's return, at the close of a fine summer's day, that he induced Amy to lay aside her brush, and take a walk with him. It was a lovely evening, and the country they wandered through had much beauty even for a stranger's eye; to them, for whom some pleasant association hung upon every tree, it seemed a paradise. In the course of their walk they passed the old manor-house, and Amy paused to look lovingly on its quiet grounds. Walter watched her anxiously, but she turned to him again with her own kind smile, and said "Indeed, Walter, it is only for *his* sake—for my poor father's sake!"

Walter's long pent up feelings found voice at last, and he told Amy how he had loved her, though hopelessly, when she was rich and happy, and how he loved her more a thousandfold in poverty [illegible] words left on Amy's [illegible] tears rolled silently down her cheeks, as the secret of her own deep, yet unconscious love, was revealed to her heart?

It was late when they returned from their ramble, and Mrs. Morton was sitting with Amy's mother. The rest of the evening passed quietly yet happily, and Walter whispered to Amy, while the widows were exchanging their farewells for the night. "We will tell them all tomorrow, Amy—*my* Amy! I will come early to help you with your confessions."

But the morrow came, and Walter did not appear. Amy flushed at every sound, and her heart sank when hour after hour rolled by and still he came not. At last an old faithful servant of Mrs. Morton was seen approaching the cottage, and Amy ran forth to meet her; but as the old woman came near Amy stopped, afraid to ask what had happened.

"Oh, Miss Amy," cried the weeping woman, "I have a cruel sorrow to tell you of! My poor mistress!—her heart will break! She loved him so dearly, and, God knows, so did I!"

Amy returned in silence to the cottage, and the servant followed her. Mrs. Sinclair was upstairs, and Amy did not call her, but, after quietly closing the door, had the woman sit down near her, and tell her what had happened.

"Poor Master Walter!" cried the woman, who had been his nurse; "he was so noble, so good! Poor Master Walter!—he is gone!" and a passionate burst of tears interrupted her speech. Amy's face was pale as marble, but she pressed her hand upon her heart, and said—

"What do you mean, nurse? Is Walter Morton dead?"

"Dead!" repeated the nurse,—"dead! Yes, Miss Amy, these eyes have seen him lying pale and dead. Oh, to see his poor mother's agony! He did not come down to breakfast, and she went herself to see what ailed him. To my dying day I shall not forget her shriek. She found him dead and cold—her own, her only child!"

The nurse was too much absorbed by her own grief to observe the effect of her words on her listener, who sat like one stunned, with dry eyes and livid lips. Her mind refused to comprehend the exceeding bitterness of the sorrow that had fallen upon her. Once or twice she passed her hand across her brow, and glanced uneasily round the room, but she did not speak. At last, the nurse said,—

"I have brought a message to you, Miss Amy, from my poor mistress. She made me go on my knees to beg you to fulfil her request. She has no picture of poor Master Walter; will you make one now?"

"I?—now?" said Amy, as she was trying to understand what was asked of her. "Is it not too late? Did you not say he was dead?" and she shuddered as she spoke.

"No, dear Miss Amy, it is not too late. There he lies, calm and beautiful as an angel. Dear Miss Amy, as you hope for pity yourself, pity his mother's sorrow, and do what she asks!"

"Paint Walter's picture now—now, when he is dead! that is what you ask, is it not, nurse? I *will* do it." Then, with strange, unnatural composure, she collected her drawing materials, and prepared to leave the house, bidding the nurse tell Mrs. Sinclair of all that had happened.

In a darkened chamber of the house to which she had so lately welcomed him in health and joy, Mrs Morton watched by the bed of her dead son. There he lay, pale and still, yet with a smile lingering about his white lips, a smile of more than earthly beauty. By what strange and sudden malady the soul had been freed from its mortal tenement none might tell, but that it

passed away calmly and without suffering, the happy expression of the features seems to testify.

"My son! my son!" whispered the poor widow, as she kissed the closed eyes; "all my other children did the Lord take from me, and then he called my husband to be with him, but I deemed *thou* shouldst lay me in my grave. Thou, too art gone! His will be done!"

Again she seated herself beside the bed weeping, "yet not as one without hope." Her chastened heart grew calmer, and many a blessed thought of that country to which those she loved were gone, and to which she herself was, as she trusted, drawing near, glided accross her mind and comforted her. At length she heard a step on the stairs, and, rising to ascertain who was coming, she met Amy Sinclair at the chamber door.

"Dear, dear Amy," she whispered, "have you come to do it?"

"Yes," answered Amy, "I will do it, but I must be alone;" and she passed on into the chamber of death.

There was a hollow sadness in her voice that had alarmed Mrs. Morton, who anxiously waited at the door, listening anxiously, lest any sound should betray that Amy had over-rated her courage, or that the first sight of death had alarmed and overpowered her. She little suspected how much had passed between Amy and Walter. All was still for a few minutes, and then she thought she heard a low yet bitter groan, but when she opened the door, Amy was already seated at her task, composed and tearless, as again Mrs. Morton left her, and went down stairs to make the melancholy arrangements which she knew must claim her attention.

None watched the progress of Amy's sorrowful task; and when, long after, she confessed the tie that had bound her to Walter, she told but little of the four days she spent in the chamber of death. Something she said of the gay, mocking sunshine that filled the room when she drew aside the curtain that she might see his face; something of the cruel contrast between the merry voices that filled the summer air with life and the dreary, unbroken silence of the little room that was then her world. She hinted at moments when the passion of grief conquered her, and she wept in hopeless agony; and again the calm evening would find her kneeling beside him, his cold hand in hers, praying that her despair might be forgiven, and finding some of the comfort she so sorely needed.

The picture was finished, and two days afterwards Walter was laid in his grave. Mrs. Morton's affection for Amy appeared daily to increase; and, in a few weeks, she persuaded Amy and her mother to take up their abode in her house.

Poor Amy's patient, faithful spirit, struggled hard against despondency, and she continued her labors as a miniature-painter with the zeal of her former and happier days. But, alas! success did not, as formerly, attend her efforts. It might be that her hand was less skilful; it might be that the gay and thoughtless who had at first found a pleasant way of obtaining a character for benevolence, by patronising the pretty young miniature-painter, had found some still more interesting object on whom to bestow their so called charity. Whichever was the cause, Amy's pictures no longer gave satisfaction; and again and again they were returned to her as requiring alteration, or even rejected altogether. These disappointments added a last drop of bitterness to her cup, little thought of by those who thus heedlessly inflicted pang after pang on a worn and breaking heart.

It was about eight months after Walter's death. The early spring-flowers were shewing themselves among the grass, the birds were beginning to sing in the budding trees; to the hoppy, it was a season of hope and promise. Amy returned home after a long and lonely walk; and when her mother asked the result of her expedition, she shook her head sadly, and, laying a parcel on the table, replied—

"As usual, they are not pleased with the pictures, and I have brought them back. Dear mother, I cannot even help *you* now!"

She hid her face to her hands, but the tears forced their way between her thin fingers, and it was long before her mother could comfort her. She seemed soothed at length, and went to her room, to lie down to rest after her walk. Before that day, strangely enough, her mother had been unconscious of Amy's declining state of health, but now she could shut her eyes to it no more. Mrs. Morton, anxious to preserve that precious life, procured the best advice that the neighborhood afforded, and assisted Mrs. Sinclair in nursing the invalid with unwearied devotedness; but all care was vain, and in a very few weeks Amy Sinclair lay on her death-bed. It was then that she confessed to her mother and Mrs. Morton the love that she had borne to Walter; the grief that, for their sakes, she had so carefully concealed, even while it was consuming her life.

"I wished—I tried to live!" she said, when they knew all; "but I was weak, and it has pleased God to take me from you. I trust I have not murmured; but it was so sudden—so very sudden!"

That night, while the two widows watched her calm sleep, her spirit fled without a sigh; and till morning dawned and they saw the angelic expression that Amy's brow wore, they knew not that she was dead!

Monopoly of the Public Lands,

Charles Augustus Murray, of the Queen's household owns thirty thousand acres of land in the territory of Wisconsin,

Louis Phillippe owns seven or eight sections of Western land, of six hundred acres each, besides real estate in the city estimated to be worth two millions of dollars.

German capitalists are buying large tracts of land in the Western States, and settling them precisely as the Van Rensselaers settled their estates two hundred years ago.

The slightest of the evils to follow this license of land monopoly, will be a re-enactment on a large scale fifty or a hundred years hence, of the scenes of violence and confusion which we have been compelled to witness in this State since 1829.

If it is in harmony with our institutions to have a landed aristocracy grow up in the new States of the West, let the Government continue its present policy in reference to the public land.

But if it is in violation of the spirit of our institutions, prejudicial, if not fatal, to the existence of a free people, let us put an end to land monopoly and speculation, and make the public domain free, in limited quantities, to actual settlers. Now, is it good or bad for us to have foreign capitalists monopolizing our soil? This is the question.—*N. Y. Sunday Despatch.*

BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.

The Hon Alexander Barrow, U. S. Senator from Louisiana, died this morning at 6 o'clock, at Barnum's Hotel. He had left Washington as the friend of the Hon G. Davis of Kentucky, with a view to the adjustment of the difficulty with Mr Bayley of Va., was taken very suddenly and so violently as to baffle the skill of the best medical advisers.

☞ We understand that a letter has been received from Col. Forno of this city, who is now of General Worth's division in Mexico, saying that it was believed that the aid-de-camp of General Shields and the express rider of Gen. Taylor had been murdered on the route from Camargo to Monterey.—*N. O. Jeffersonian.*

THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 31, 1846.

Business.

With the close of the past, and the commencement of the New Year, we would say a few words upon matters of business. We now commence a new volume of both our weekly and tri-weekly papers; to support them, we depend upon subscriptions, advertising, and job work. The circulation of the Advertiser, and the "Patriot and Republican" is such as to make and the "Patriot and Republican" mediums for both City and Country—the "Advertiser" circulates mostly in the City, the "Patriot and Republican" mostly in the country. The commencement of a new Year is a good time for business men to avail themselves of the benefits of advertising, especially for those who would like to advertise by the year. From our Whig friends we of course expect no particular favors in advertising or job work further than they deem it their interest to avail themselves of our means of accommodating them—we only hope they will not allow themselves to be sufferers, from a prejudice against our political opinions.—From our Democratic, friends we ask nothing unless we can give them a full equivalent for all we receive. If we cannot advertise for them as much to their advantage, or do any kind of business in our line as cheap as it can be done at any other place we do not ask it. But if we can accommodate them as well, and at as reasonable rates as anybody else, perhaps they will feel disposed to give us a share of their patronage—this we can and will do.

Our subscription lists to the Advertiser and the Patriot and Republican, are not as large as we should be glad to see them; if they were ten times what they are perhaps we should still desire their increase, but think we should be satisfied were they what they would be if one fourth of the Democratic voters in Lowell, Middlesex County and District No. Three were our patrons. There are few Democrats who cannot afford to do so much for the cause as to take a Democratic paper. Not of much avail is that man's Democracy, who having ample means, refuses to pay the price of a years subscription towards supporting a paper of his party, published in his own County or District—such a man cant be very zealous, or if he is his zeal is misapplied. To advance the Democratic cause a man must work where he has influence, in his Town, County and District; help make and support the Candidates for office of his party, and a party organization; support the papers at home that support the candidates of the party, and bring their claims upon the people to their suffrages fully before them. If our Democratic friends will do this we shall be satisfied; and if each one of our subscribers would just tell his faulty neighbor his duty in this particular, and induce him to forward his name as a subscriber he would do us a particular favor and we trust some good to the cause of Democracy.

New Year.

To our friends and fellow citizens generally, and especially to the Democrats of Lowell, Middlesex County and District No. 3—allow us to wish you all a "happy new year." We all have reason to be thankful that the past year has been one of general plenty, prosperity and happiness. The ills, and troubles, and vicissitudes, and perplexities, and sorrows of man, have, for the last year, been as light, perhaps, as the softening, subduing and chastening of the heart requires.—May the new year, like the past, be one of joy, rational pleasure and lasting enjoyment to all who seek after the manner dictated by conscience and the golden rule of morality and christianity—"do unto others as you would that others should do unto you;" and to those who depart from it, may no more evil overtake them than will cause a return from their wanderings. May every man learn that to promote the greatest good and happiness of all, is the only way for each individual to secure his own greatest happiness and welfare.

No national calamity, or great evil for which this nation is responsible, has overtaken us. The war with Mexico, as is all war, is to be deprecated; but peace could not have been preserved without disgrace to this nation, and injustice to our people. The war is Mexico's, or rather it is the war of Mexico's military despots, and on Mexico falls its evils. While we deplore the loss of the brave and patriotic citizens who have fallen in seeking justice from Mexico, an acknowledgement of our rights, indemnity to our citizens and in defending our territory, at the same time we glory in our victories, honor the patriots who won them, and deeply sympathize with the friends of the fallen. A just war is a necessary evil; such a war are we now engaged in—may it, as there can be no doubt it will, add to the power, and honor, and glory of the Union, and the elevation and happiness of the Mexican people.

MR CLAY. We find the following paragraph in one of the New York papers. We give it for what it is worth. It is in a letter from Albany:

"The Hon. Abijah Mann, of New York, is in this city, in attendance upon one of the courts. In a conversation to-day, Mr Mann made a remark in reference to Henry Clay, which I shall take the liberty to relate. It will be recollected that a collision between Webster and Clay in 1840, which caused Harrison's nomination, was the origin of the jealousy and hostility which these first named gentlemen have ever since entertained towards each other. The Hon. Mr Mann states that Clay was so exasperated at Harrison's nomination, brought about by the trickery of Webster, that he instantly wrote to Van Buren expressing his ardent desire to see him elected, and offering Van Buren, at the same time his pledge to support his nomination by every means in his power.

Perhaps the editor of the Courier can tell us whether this report is true. Since he visited the Godlike at his residence in Marshfield, his former God, Clay, has been forsaken and Daniel alone worshipped—the above report may have been told Col. Schouler, in confidence, by Webster himself, and thus would be accounted for the apparently strange change in the object of his affections, adoration, and worship. Will the Col. explain?

☞ We have received from the Secretary of State the report of Births, Marriages and Deaths for the year 1846: and also, an Abstract of the Returns from Banks and Saving Institutions in the State for the year ending Oct. 1846.

☞ The Constitutional Convention of Wisconsin have proposed to grant the right of suffrage to colored persons.

MR. METCALF, as we before said, repeats his Christmas night Concert on New Year's night. We hope he will have a full house—the Bill he offers should insure it. See Advertisement.

For the Lowell Advertiser.

New Year.

No day of the 365 is greeted with livelier hearts than the first of the year. The past is no more; and what of us and time remains is subject to the same universal laws which have in former time caused the elevations, depressions, joys and griefs to all, under the control of that Providence which is above and over all created things. Obedience to these laws tends to enlarge, purify and elevate: disobedience diminishes, corrupts and destroys. The monitor within every rational, living breast, now, by magic, brings the events of the year just ended, in happy or grevious review before every mind. Has a nation disobeyed or neglected the laws tending to peace and happiness? it is distressed and diminished! has an individual done the same? the same result is followed.

The beginning of a new year is an era in the history of the world and of individuals—it is emphatically a proper time for reflection. Ourselves as a nation! are we high-minded and just as respects national honor? forbearing and generous in view of injuries? liberal, just and equal, in our policy and government?—then the light of our stars is decreed to eclipse all the crowns of the old world. On the other hand, should we be narrow and unequal in our policy of government—protect the rich and depress the poor, disregard the welfare of the masses, sacrifice our just rights, surrender our territory, deny the right of suffrage except to certain class, &c., then darkness will cover our land, and the great political light of the world be extinguished—another "dark age" stand on the records of time.

If there be any devotee to a licentious or intemperate life, now is a good time to count the cost and avert the consequences. A man may save himself, sometimes, by timely determination. The commencement of a new year is a fitting opportunity—who will improve it?

J. R.

MASSACAUSETTS LEGISLATURE. This body meets ere we issue another weekly paper, and we expect to see the opposing factions of the whig party quite as hostile to each other as to the Democracy.—They divide in their views upon railroads and upon the war, and it is not at all improbable that the Democrats though few in number, may hold the balance of power between them and be enabled to effect much good. If they watch narrowly and take advantage of the conflicting whig interests they may break down the monopoly in railroads and establish a wholesome, and for the interest of the public, an indispensable competition.

Caleb Cushing will be there, unless he goes to the war, ready to take a "tilt" with any *traitor* who has the hardihood to assail and denounce our country and magnify Mexico. Nor have we any luck of Democratic strength, though in number we count small; Boutwell, Hood, Hathaway, Byington and several other distinguished Democrats, who are ever ready and able to give a good account of themselves, will be there to expose if they cannot stay whig misrule. We look to the doings of our Legislature with much interest; with almost as much as to the National Government.

Police Court.

Dec. 30th. Joseph T. Hoyt—Lewdness—5 mos. in House Correction.

John M. Brown—Lewdness—6 mos. in House Correction.

Matilde Randoll—Lewdness—6 mos. in House Correction.

Joseph McCoy—Larceny—2 months in H. C.

Hannah Flanders—Lewdness—3 mos. in H. C.

Mary Sullivan—Larceny—bound over in the sum of $500. The larceny consisted in stealing a pocket-book of Mr Elliott, of the firm of Elliott & Richardson. The pocket-book contined between $200 and $300, and was left accidentaly in his room, where the prisoner found it and secreted it, leaving its contents untouched.

Now on trial—*Hugh Murphy, Catherine Flavin, and Bridget Flynn*, for larceny at Sawyer's, Middlesex village.

The above is the old way of doing such business and fellows. The complainant was induced to drink, then to take a ride in the sleigh with the two fair and frail prisoners, and the prisoner loafer, and one uncaught, to Middlesex village. Then he was asked to stand treat—taking out his pocket book to pay, the light was blown out—the pocket book snatched and he speedily left moneyless and friendless. The Pocket Book contained $55.

☞ The following is a bill of items presented to the jury in a "breach of promise" case recently tried at Sprinkleshara, viz:

MR. ELIPHALET ——,
To MISS JEHIAH ——, Dr.

To dancing three cotillons on first acquaintance,	$ 15 00
To value of three sighs and one dream that night,	250 00
To thinking of the color of his eye one day at church,	488 00
To going to the races, after refusing six other beaux,	525 00
To cutting three fine fellows to please him,	93 00
To making a watch-chain,	120 00
To cost of meterials for ditto—6 hits.	75
To five fortips and [illegible],	134 00
To tearing a gown and bursting a stocken in said romps,	7 31
To one kiss—stolen,	125 00
To allow him to kiss my cheek ten times without flinchin,—$11 each,	110 00
To a long walk by moonlight, including sentiments lost,	270 00
To 30 blushes when he *popped the question*,	600 00
To my heart—alas!	1 91
[*Post.*	$2 750 00

☞ Dea. Abbot's son has got his company of volunteers filled, and the officers of the Company have been chosen agreeably to a warrant issued by Adjutant General Oliver.

E. W. ABBOTT, Captain.
THEODORE ASHLY, 1st Lieut.
EDWARD THYNG, 2d Lieut.
GEORGE N. EASTMAN, 3d Lieut

☞ The probability is that no duty will be laid on tea and coffee.

SHAD. Two were caught at Savannah, Georgia on the 22d inst.

☞ The pilot boat Baltimore has been lost at the Capes, and nine of those on board perished.

GEN. SCOTT arrived at N. O. Dec. 19, and was to leave immediately for the Rio Grande.

☞ Gun cotton is used in blasting, on the line of the Vermont Central Railroad.

The President's annexation of New Mexico and California,

Previous to the sitting of Congress the whigs attacked the President as having, in violation of the constitution, ordered the annexation of California and New Mexico to the United States, by ordering Gen. Kearney and Com. Stockton to establish in these portions of Mexican territory, after they had conquered them, a civil government. No sooner had Congress assembled than the whigs blustered and called on the President to lay before Congress his instructions to the commanders in Mexico in relation to the government established in the conquered territory. The President forthwith complied and his instructions contain nothing like orders for annexation, but simply such as are indispensable, and recognized by the law of nations, where territory has been conquered. As entire lawlessness cannot be tolerated, some kind of a government must be established. This was done by proclamations from these commanders, in almost precisely the language of just such a proclamation issued during the war of 1812 by Wm. Henry Harrison and Oliver H. Perry:—

"*Proclamation*, by Wm. Henry Harrison, Major General in the service of the U. S., Commander-in-chief of the Northwestern Army, and Oliver Hazard Perry, Captain of the Navy, and commanding the fleet of the U. S. on Lake Erie.

"Whereas, by the combined operations of the land and naval forces under our command, those of the enemies within the upper district of Upper Canada, have been captured or destroyed, and the said district is now in quiet possession of our troops, it becomes necessary to provide for its government; therefore, we do hereby proclaim and make known, that the rights and privileges of the inhabitants, and the laws and customs of the country as they existed or were in force at the period of our arrival, shall continue to prevail. *All magistrates and other civil officers are to resume the exercise of their functions, previously taking an oath to be faithful to the government of the United States*, as long as they shall be in possession of the country.

"The authority of all military commissions is suspended in said districts, and the officers required to give their *parole* in such way *as the officers who may be appointed by the Commander General to administer the government shall direct.*

"The inhabitants of said district are promised protection for their persons and property, with the exception of those cases embraced by the Proclamation of General Proctor, of the —— ultimo, which is declared to be in force, and the powers therein transferred *to the officers appointed to administer the Government.* Given under our hands and seals, at Sandwich, this 17th October, 1813. (Signed,)

WILLIAM H. HARRISON,
OLIVER H. PERRY."

Correspondence Commercial Advertiser.

Washington, Dec. 26th.

Christmas day was observed here by all classes, from the black slave up to the occupants of the White House, and with great apparent joyousness. All the public offices and Courts were closed, and business was universally suspended. The day is no where more generally observed than in Maryland and the District of Columbia and Virginia.

It used to be a great time for cock-fighting, heretofore, among other diversions, and there exist in the vicinity the ruins of the Coliseum where the gladiator cocks were pitted against each other. But yesterday we had but one entertainment of the kind, and that ended in such a way as to disappoint the whole public. I mean the duel that was to be between Mr Garret Davis of Kentucky, and Mr J. H. Bailey of Virginia.

The cause of the difficulty was mentioned, I believe, in your paper. Mr Bailey referred in his speech on Wednesday to the advocates of Mexico on the floor, and seemed to point out particularly to Mr Davis. Mr Davis said, with great emphasis, that if Mr B. charged him with advocating Mexico, it was a falsehood. Mr Bailey retorted that if Mr Davis accused him of falsehood, it was a lie. All this was said on both sides in a quivering passion.

On Thursday Mr Barrow waited on Mr Bailey, not to ask an explanation, but to propose a settlement of the matter, in the usual way, in Baltimore, and it was arranged that the parties should repair to Baltimore, with their friends, on Friday morning.

Mr. Bailey's wife fortunately became acquainted with the transaction, by accidentally overhearing some conversation in regard to it, though all the movements were kept strictly secret, and made it known to the police. That, at least, is the current version of the matter. Mr Bailey was arrested, but Mr Davis, more alert, had already gone to Baltimore, where he was waiting for his antagonist. Mr Bailey, was, in the mean time, bound to keep the peace, in ten thousand dollars.

It is much to be hoped that here the matter will rest and that the members will use better manners in debate. There has been rather too much personal rudeness in the debates on the Mexican war.

An addition of ten regiments to the regular army is to be immediately proposed. The force is to be enlisted for the whole war. The officers are to be appointed, I presume, only for the war. There will be several additional brigadier generals and one major general.

Mr Benton is, it is said, highly delighted with the prospect of his appointment to the high office of lieutenant general. The project will no doubt succeed, though there has been some effort to prevent it.

P. S. 5 o'clock P. M. After giving the above rumors, I will mention that Mr Bailey has not left the city, and is now at his lodgings, at Mrs Wise's—that he is under bonds not to leave the city to fight a duel, and that his friends say that he will not forfeit the bond. The bond binds him and his sureties for 12 months.

Mr Davis and Mr Barrow are probably waiting at the trysting place.

Mexican Affairs.

From The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, [Whig.]

The *real* views and designs of Gen. Santa Anna are a subject of considerable newspaper discussion about these days. We have seen divers attempts to reconcile, by theory, the apparent discrepancies between his military inaction and the resolutely hostile purposes ascribed to him by all the accounts from Mexico; some arguing that in his secret soul he is sincerely anxious for peace and meditates playing a trick on the belligereney of his countrymen, while others infer that in truth he is hampered by want of resources, that the reports of large forces gathered and gathering under his command are gross exaggerations, and that if he had these thousands of men, his lack of money puts it out of his power to use them for any efficient purpose. Something is said, too, of his personal ambition and designs, to the effect that he is more intent on managing the war for his own re-establishment in dictatorial power than on conducting it to a successful issue against the enemy.

What we conceive to be the truth respecting Santa Anna's position, feelings and motives, may be told in a few words. We do not suspect him of any abstract desire for peace—nor yet of any disposition to urge on the war for the promotion of his individual interests. But we do suppose him to be a man of very considerable sagacity, who must know that *the worst possible thing for his country and himself, would be any decided military success against the North Americans.* If he should exterminate General Taylor's army of say ten thousand men, that unfortunate triumph would bring upon Mexico the whole colossal power of the United States, impelled by a rage for vengeance which nothing but the destruction of Mexico could appease. At present their is a strong feeling in this country that we have already punished the Mexicans sufficiently for the wrongs they have done us—that in prosecuting the war we are now punishing them merely for their obstinacy in refusing to negotiate. But let any great disaster befall our arms and the annihilation of Mexico is sure, no matter what it costs us in the doing.

Santa Anna must know this, and hence, as we conceive, his military inaction, his apparent settled purpose to avoid a conflict. He dreads both victory and defeat; and if he can, without exposing himself to a fatal access of suspicion and resentment on the part of his own countrymen, he will yet bring on negotiation under the authority of the Mexican Congress.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

Washington, Monday, December 28, 1846.

SENATE.—A message was received from the President. Mr Johnson of La. presented a petition from sugar planters, complaining of the tariff of 1846, which reduces the duties on foreign sugar and molasses, and asking the restoration of the former rates of duties existing under the tariff of 1842: A debate ensued after which it was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Vice President signed the bill for the admission of Iowa into the Union.

The bill providing for the purchase of the papers of Alexander Hamilton then came up for consideration. It finally passed by a vote of 26 to 12.

The Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr Sawyer obtained the floor and the debate was continued by Mr Baker, of Illinois, who has just returned from Mexico. He explained the difficulties under which the volunteers attached to the army are laboring. He adverted to the measure of the army and the vigorous prosecution of the war, and offered a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to deliver clothing to the officers of the army for the use of the volunteers. The committee then rose and the joint resolution was reported to the House.

Mr Harralson offered a joint resolution, providing for the refunding to the several States the expenditures necessary for the subsistance of the voulunteers previous to their being mustered into service of the United States. It was twice read and referred to the Military Committee.

The committee on engrossed bills reported the bill for the admission of Iowa into the Union, and it was signed by the Speaker.

The debate on the President's Message was ordered by a vote of 92 to 77, to be closed to-day at 3 o'clock.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the President's Message.

Washington, Tuesday, December 29th, 1846.

SENATE.—On Mr Mangum's motion, the Senate adjourned before reading the journal, after the announcement of the deceased of the Hon. Mr Barrow, U. States Senator from Louisiana.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr Starkweather, the joint resolution offered by Col. Davis and passed yesterday was reconsidered by a vote of 91 to 51, and referred to the Military Committee.

Mr Harralson, from the Military Committee, reported a bill to raise ten additional regiments for the regular army, to serve five years, or during the war; also, two joint resolutions for refunding to the several states the expense incurred in mustering troops, and for the subsistence of volunteers until mustered into the service; also, a bill to increase the efficiency of the regiments of the regular army, and to provide for disabled soldiers.

Sundry private bills were submitted, and a bill authorizing the erection of light houses.

Mr C. J. Ingersoll offered a resolution for the printing of 5000 extra copies of the documents of the 25th of June, on Mexican affairs.

A bill was reported providing for the settlement of the claims of New Hampshire. A memorial was presented from nine thousand members of the yearly meeting of Friends, of New England, in opposition to the war. After a debate, the motion to print was laid on the table by a vote of 77 to 65.

The States were called in order for resolution, and a large number were presented, among others, one enquiring in reference to the erection of light houses and other improvements to the harbors on Long Island; one for the repeal of the law authorizing the taking of depositions *ex parte*; one for the erection of buoys between Philedelphia and Bristol.

A resolution amending the rules so as to prevent personal explanations, &c. was taken up.

Later from the Army.

Later from Monterey—Death of Gen. Hamer—Loss of Government Steamer Gopher, &c., &c,

By the arrival this morning of the steamship McKim, Capt. Peck, we have accounts two days later from Monterey. Among the passengers in the McKim, were Col. Weller, Maj. Arther, Capt. Cooper, Drs. Chamberlain, Hoxie, and Craig; Lieuts. Steward, Dolon, McMahon, Roe, Murphy and Richmond; Messrs Linn, Lemon, Tippett, Raines and Levinskold, and sixty-one sick and discharged volunteers.

The report of a duel between two officers of the quartermaster's department was a hoax.

The steamship Virginia left the Brazos for Tampico, on Tuesday, 15th inst., with Lieut. Col. Clark and six companies of the Alabama regiment, numbering nearly 400 men, rank and file. The steamer Cincinnati and U. S. propeller James Cage, left on the 16th with Gen. Shields and staff, Mr Lumsden of the Picayune, and Capt. Shelly's company of Alabama volunteers, all bound for Tampico.

From the report of the McKim, we learn that the U. S. Steamer Gopher, broke her log chains and steam connections in crossing the bar on Sunday, the 13th. She was, however, enabled to get outside and come to anchor in five fathoms water, but the wind blowing strong from the southeast, and a heavy sea running, she was literally smashed to pieces and sank at her anchors. The U. S. Steamers De Rossett and John R. Thompson were despatched to her assistance and barely succeeded in saving some 50 lives before she went down.

The pilot boat Ariel was lost the same day, a large sea splitting open her wood ends. Cargo and crew saved. Several vessels were blown to sea in a gale on the 7th, losing anchors and cables. The bark Wm. Ivy returned on the 13th with a loss of 30 mules.

The McKim, which was nine days outside the bar before communication could be had to discharge her, reports the following vessels ready to unload at the Brazos:—ships Ocean, Liberty, and John Holland, barque Wm. Ivy, brigs Architect and Etrurian, schooners Wm. Thompson and Gen. Worth, and several other vessels.

The following letters from Mr Lumsden give all the news which has come to hand.

Brazos Santiago, Dec. 12.

I have a little news from Monterey, as late as the 29th of November. Two regiments of Indiana volunteers, the 2d and 3d, and Lieut. Mackall's (Capt. Taylor's) battery had gone to Saltillo, to join Gen Worth.

General Twiggs' division is on its march for Victoria.

Brigs. Gen. Hamer, one of Mr Polk's appointments, died at Monterey, a few days ago, of inflamation of the bowels. His illness was of very short duration—not more, I learn, than two days.

General Butler will remain in command at Monterey.

Col. Taylor arrived at Matamoras two days ago, with despatches for Gen. Patterson.

By an advertisement in the Matamoras Flag I see that Rice Garland is about opening a law office and land agency at this place and Matamoras, intending to pursue the legal profession in the courts of Texas.

Brazos Santiago, Dec. 13.

About 12 o'clock M. to-day, as the U. S. Steamer Gopher was going over the bar, laden with provisions, &c., bound to the mouth of the Rio Grande, she grounded. The De Rossett was promptly despatched to her aid, but could render no efficient assistance.

The G. had sprung a leak, and in about two hours totally disappeared. She was sent to drift into about three and a half fathams water, when her chimney, masts and everything disappeared out of sight. Fortunately not a life was lost—the De Rossett having taken every person off when she was found to be in a sinking condition.

The Gopher had on board when she went down 264 bbls. of pork, 44 do. bread, 14 do. pickles, 64 do. vinegar, 6 bales oakum, 2 coils rope and 2 bandles of cast steel—all the property of the United States. If "Uncle Sam" were a rich man this would be a pretty place to "break" him. The beach and bar are strewed with wrecks in all directions.

The pilot boat Ariel was also lost at the same time and place. Two men, Capt. King and a sailor were in her. They were also picked up by the De Rossette. A heavy sea struck the boat and literally broke her to pieces. I was a witness from the sand hills, at a short distance from the scene of destruction.

From the Delta, Dec. 20.

Gen Taylor was to move, in column, on the 8th, 9th

10th inst., for Victoria, with about 1500 men.—toria is equi-distant from Monterey and Tampico, d it is supposed that Gen. Taylor would make that ce his head quarters.

No farther demonstrations would be made towards n Luis Potosi until further orders from our governnt.

Gen. Butler was in command of the district of coun- comprised within Saltillo, Monterey, and the Rio ande.

Colonel Harney arrived at Monterey on the 24th ult.

Gen. Wool was at Paris, 100 miles north of Chihuahua, with 1000 men. Gen. Worth was at Saltillo, will shortly have under his command 2000.

Colonel Riley was at Monte Morelos with about 00 men. Gen. Pillow was moved to Victoria on the th.

Santa Anna had sent out a detachment of 2000 men destroy the water tanks between Saltillo and San is Potosi.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD ERRY is mild and pleasant to the taste, perfectly safe harmless in its operations, and yet it is one of the most werful and certain remedies for CONSUMPTION OF THE ngs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Liver Comint, Pain in the Side or Breast, and general debility of Constitution, that was ever invented by the skill of man the relief of the afflicted public. Certificates and evidence of its wonderful curative powers are daily received from quarters. It is impossible to conceive the aggregate of fering and misery that has been relieved or banished by it, can we calculate the immense benefit that shall accrue m it hereafter. All ages, sexes and constitutions are alike ected by it, and the disease is eradicated from the system, constitution repaired and HEALTH RESTORED by the juious use of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF ILD CHERRY. How many sufferers do we daily behold proaching so surely grave, wrested in the bloom of uth from their relatives and friends, afflicted with that fatmalady, CONSUMPTION, which wastes the miserable fferer until he becomes beyond the power of human skill? such sufferers would only make a trial of Dr. SWAYNE'S MPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, they would find themves sooner relieved, than by gulping the various ineffective nedies with which our newspapers abound; this "VEGETLE REMEDY" heals the ulcerated lungs, stopping profuse ht sweats, at the same time inducing a natural and healthy nectorstion, and the patient will soon find himself in the joyment of comfortable health. The public should bear in nd that Dr. Swayne is a regular practising physician, who s had years of experience in diseases of the Lungs, Chest, c., &c.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Be cautious to ask the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild erry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are illious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE. ose Office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth d Race Streets, Philadelphia.

REMEMBER! the only Agents in *Lowell* are GEO. H. ARLTON & Co., SAMUEL KIDDER, Jr. and C. S. EASTAN, also, Mrs. E. KIDDER, No. 100 Comt St., Boston.

ept5 A&eplyc3t

We cut the following from the Batavia Spirit of the imes, of June 27. It clearly shows that Wistar's alsam of Wild Cherry has attained a high reputation Batavia as well as in this city.

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This is one of e very few patent medicines of the day which we can commend with confidence to all who are affected with oughs, Colds or Consumption, or who are predisposed the latter complaint. It has been used with considable advantage by many families in town, and in a w stubborn cases has produced highly beneficial efcts. Rochester Daily Adv.

Editors, lawyers, clergymen, and almost every class ve at last found out that Wistar's Balsam of Wild herry is what "it is cracked up to be," the very best edicine to be found. It cures all affections of the ungs when nothing else will.

CAUTION. In setting forth the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, we have no desire to deive those who are laboring under affliction, nor do e wish to eulogize it more than it justly deserves.—et when we look around and see the vast amount of ffering and distress occasioned by many of the disses in which this medicine has proved so highly successful, we feel that we cannot urge its claims too rongly, or say too much in its favor.

Let the public be on their guard. Other "Balsams" d other mixtures are sometimes imposed on the unspecting for the genuine Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Some, for the purpose of succeeding etter in their schemes, have used a part of the name f the genuine, as "Phenix Balsam of Wild Cherry," Balsam of Wild Cherry, Comfrey, &c.," "Syrup of Wild Cherry."

None genuine without the written signature of I Butts.

MARRIED.

Dec. 21, by Rev. Leonnel Porter, Mr Daniel H. Garland to Miss Sarah McKenny. Dec. 25, Mr Holis Hartshorn to Miss Ann Maria Evans.

At Great Falls, Sunday morning, 20th instant, by Rev. J. C McCollum, Mr Walter S. Plummer, of Dover, Printer, to Miss Rebecca R. Wentworth, daughter of Mr. Thomas Wentworth, of Great Falls.

In Middlesex Village Dec. 29th, by Rev. Benjamin G. Clarke, Benjamin Chalbourne, Esq., of Standish, Me., to Miss Clarissa Howard, of Middlesex Village.

In North Andover, Alvan C. Turner, Esq., of Lexington, to Miss Susan Poor.

LOWELL MUSEUM.

☞Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.☜

First appearance in Lowell of Gen. TOM THUMB!

Who will appear in a Farce written expressly for him by C. H. Saunders, Esq., of Boston, called The Yankee Tom Thumb, or Much in a Little; in which General will sustain four characters!

MONDAY EVENING, and every evening during the week (except Saturday,) will be presented the Drama called

THERESE,—Or, The Orphan of Geneva!

Curwin, Mr Germon.
Therese, Mrs Germon.

To conclude with, for the first time in Lowell,

THE YANKEE TOM THUMB,—Or, Much in Little!

Tom Thumb, &c., &c., Tom Thumb,
Sally, Mrs Groves.

☞Arrangements have been made to have the House thoroughly warmed and comfortable.

Just added,—A splendid set of Cosmoramic Views, which will be brilliantly lighted each evening.

☞Good order is at all times maintained throughout the establishment, and Ladies can visit the Museum either with or without Gentlemen, with perfect propriety.

Tickets 25 cents for each person. Children under 12 years, when accompanied by parents, half price. No Boys admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

☞Museum open from 8 A. M. to 10 P M. Dec 24

NEW YEAR'S NIGHT!

GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT REPEATED, *AT THE CITY HALL.*

IN consequence of the storm on Christmas Evening, Mr. I. N. METCALF, by the urgent request of a large number of his friends, will repeat his Annual Concert at the CITY HALL,

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 1, 1847,

on which occasion several new pieces will be introduced, and no pains spared to render the entertainment worthy the patronage of the public.

Mr. M. will be assisted as before by his musical friends of Lowell and Boston.

Mr. G. F. HAYTER, of Boston, who was received with so much applause on Christmas Evening, has again been engaged, and will perform several of his choicest Piano Forte pieces and assist in accompaniments, &c.

Tickets 25 Cents, to be obtained at the Bookstores of Merrill & Heywood, Wixby, and March; at the Apothecary Stores of Carlton & Co., and Ayer; at the Merrimack and American House, and at the door.

Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock. No postponement on account of weather. dec29

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing three notes purporting to be signed by me, all of which notes are dated, July 24th 1846, and payable to Priscilla Small; one in five months, one in eight months and one in eleven months—as the said notes were given without consideration, and I do not consider myself bound to pay them.

Lowell Dec. 28th 1846. WALKER LEWIS.
a3w.

NOTICE. BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY next, Dec. 28th, a Passenger Train will leave Boston for Lowell, at 6 P. M., stopping at Way Stations.

WALDO HIGGINSON,
Agent Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Boston, Dec. 21st, 1846.

A VOICE TO THE SICK.

THE appropriate use of Mesmerism as believed and practised by Dr William Leach, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and locality of diseases and adapting medicines, accordingly. Dr Leach, during the last two years has been engaged in examinations of this kind, with much success.

Some persons do not fully understand what is meant by Mesmeric examinations, so I will simply state, first the subject is thrown into the sleep, after which the operator designs a communication between the two; then the subject possessing the power of second sight is enabled to look into the internal parts, and describe the disease, and by the same sight will tell what will cure; you see at once a subject when in the sleep has the advantage of any other physician, because they see the *disease*, and of course can adapt a medicine to suit *the* case. You see at once by applying to a source of this kind, you will not have to take twelve or fifteen kinds of medicines in order to find out which is best for you. Sick man and woman, apply to the right source if you want help! Perhaps you think it is all deception; well we do not wonder at that; why? because you have been humbugged so much by quackery and quack medicines. We say come and see for yourselves, then judge or try it, and it will recommend itself. We are making cures every day, of diseases too numerous to mention. Medicines to last the patient one month, from $1 to $3, as the case may require. Patients often need no medicine, being frequently cured by the Mesmeric and Galvanic Influence.

Rooms at No 26 Lowell street, Boston.

A&eplydec5. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Pourson's Daguerreotype Rooms!

PRICES REDUCED!!

THE subscriber still continues at his old stand, Wentworth's Building, Merrimack st., near the Railroad Depot, Lowell, Mass, where he may at all times be found, ready to impart his professional services to all who wish accurate likenesses.

Mr P defies all competition, having, by the instruction of the first artists in the country, and a long experience in the business, produced the most accurate likenesses of any establishment in the city; and he would at any time be glad of the opportunity to put his skill in competition with any other establishment here. Persons desirous of having miniatures taken, are requested to call on him, and those who call shall not go away dissatisfied, as his work is warranted, and the prices will be as low as at any other establishment for the same kind of material used, and warranted to suit, or no charge will be made.

Pictures taken in all weathers, and Instruction, Apparatus and Stock furnished and warranted.

Lowell, 1846 p3mnov13

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 24th 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of JOHN P. H. BROWN, of Lowell in said County, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Brown will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central st., in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the twenty-third day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Brown.

JOS. BUTTERFIELD, Dep. Sheriff, Messenger.
Dec 26th A3T

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

IN Insolvency before Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County—in the matter of FRANCIS JOHNSTON of Lowell in said County Tin plate worker, an insolvent debtor.

By order of said Master in Chancery I hereby call the second meeting of the creditors of said insolvent debtor to be held at the office of said Master in Chancery on Central street in said Lowell on Saturday the ninth day of January next at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims—and I also give notice of my appointment as Assignee of said Insolvent.

ITHAMAR W. HEARD, Assignee.
Lowell, December 21st, 1846. dec26A3t

ALL MAY BE ASSURED

THAT 114 Central St. is decidedly the best place to buy BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS in this or any other city.

THEY have just Received a large assortment of Ladies' prime Kid walking Shoes and Rubbers which they are selling at prices that will defy all competition, they have a large assortment of Ladies' Shoes of every description on hand and are constantly receiving from their manufactory Boots and Shoes of every description made expressly for the retail trade, they would just say to those wishing to purchase, to give them a call, always remembering every article is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, also if an article purchased of them does not fit you can bring it back and get one that will.

Dont forget the place A. BROWN & Co's., Cheap *BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER*, Establishment 114 Central Street. Sign of

THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss.—Lowell, Dec. 23d, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LYMAN SWASEY, of Acton in said county, Millwright an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of the said Swasey will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on MONDAY the eighteenth day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Swasey.

JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
dec24a3t. Dep. Sheriff Messenger.

LOWELL POWER LOOM CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE choicest patterns of the Lowell Power Loom Carpets are now daily received and offered at the very lowest market prices

By T. P. & I. N. GOODHUE.
3m.sep8 41 Central St.

A *CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.*—An acre of land in the city for sale, situated on School street, near the Nashua Railroad. Also small lots of land in different parts of the city. Inquire at DANIEL WEST & CO.'S, No. 51 1-2 Merrimack st.
nov28a1m

NOTICE.—Having disposed of most of the Varney Land according to agreement at 4 cents a foot after next spring the price will be 6 cents a foot, if any remains. DANIEL AYER,

Agent to sell for Shubrach Varney and others, at D. WEST & Co.'s store, No 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28

Ossian's Poems. Translated by James Macpherson, Esq. To which are affixed a preliminary Discourse and Dissertation on the Æra and Poems of Ossians. A new Edition, elegantly bound. Just received and for sale by MERRILL & HEYWOOD 32 Central St sep19

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.—A lot of Mortar Stone, Gravel, Loam, &c., situated on School st. Inquire at D. WEST'S, 15 1-2 Merrimack st. nov28a1m

WANTED. Three Coat Makers; one vest and one pant maker. Enquire at HUGH MCEVOY'S.

☞None need apply but first rate hands.
Dec. 22

FOR SALE.—A Horse, Wagon and Harness.—Inquire at D WEST'S, 51 1-2 Merrimack st. nov 28a1m.

BOSTON ALMANAC FOR 1847.

JUST Received and for Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co., corner of Merrimac and John St.

DOESKINS, a new lot received at No. 34 Central st. by L. D. BOISE.

BOSTON STOVE STORE.

A BRANCH OF THE LARGEST STOVE MANUFACTORY IN NEW ENGLAND.

46, CENTRAL STREET, 46,

LOWELL.

Ware-Rooms of the Taunton Iron Foundry.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING STOVES, among which may be found *twenty-three sizes of the celebrated*

HATHAWAY STOVE,

embracing the largest Stove ever made. Also, some new and beautiful patterns, for burning coal. This Stove is adapted to the use of all classes, from the smallest family to the largest Hotel, and is altogether the most simple and perfect Cooking apparatus ever put in use, of which fact there can be produced any amount of proof.

The Subscriber would also call special attention to the "BUTLER'S ECONOMIST'S FRIEND" Cooking Stove, with a changing top, so arranged that the wash boiler will go on four different ways; this being the only Stove of the kind in the market with the changeable top, those in want of the "*Economist's Friend*" Stove should see that they purchase "Butler's," to be sure of a good article that will burn wood and coal equally well. The above named Stoves are manufactured from the best of stock, and are of superior workmanship, and warranted to stand the action of the fire, and to give the most perfect satisfaction, or all of the purchase money shall be refunded after a trial of the Stoves for one month.

There are also to be found at this establishment many other patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Hall, Office and Shop Stoves, Oven, Boiler and Ash Pit Doors, Cauldron Kettles, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on the most liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

46, *Central Street, (running through to Prescott St.)*

At the Old Stand of ADAMS & LITTLEFIELD.
sep14dtu H. T. BUTLER.

"THE GREAT CORNER STORE"

CORNER OF MERRIMACK AND KIRK ST'S.

OPENED this morning at the above establishment, several Cases of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AS UNDER:

Rich and novel styles in SILKS;
1 Case wide black Silks for Mantles;
Several Cartons superb Long SHAWLS;
" " " Square do.;
3 Cases French THIBET CLOTHS, comprising every shade of color;
1 Case LIONESE CLOTHS, beautiful shades;
1 " Black ALPACCA, Silk Warp, 50 cts per yard;
1 " " ALEPINE;
3 " Rich DeLAINES, novel styles;
1 " " LAMA PLAID TARTAN, a magnificent article for Ladies' Dresses;
Ginghams, Calicos, Domestics in immense variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS of every description.

☞Our Stock embraces the most extensive and desirable assortment of useful and fashionable Goods ever introduced into this market, and we respectfully invite thereto the early attention of the Ladies of Lowell and vicinity, assuring them that their most sanguine anticipations will be more than realized in the many and special bargains we have it in our power to submit to their notice.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

PEABODY, HARRIS, & DUDLEY,

"*THE GREAT CORNER STORE.*"

Corner of Merrimac and Kirk sts.
oct10aptf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. REMOVAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing, under the name of PENHALLOW & HART, (BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,) is, by mutual consent, dissolved. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the senior partner.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW,
THOMAS HART.

N. B.—The subscriber has REMOVED his Office to WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, 3d story, immediately over the office occupied by Messrs B. F. BUTLER, Esq., and A. W. FAGE, Esq. He embraces this opportunity to extend his sincere thanks to the patrons of the late firm, for their very liberal encouragement, and hopes, by prompt and faithful attention to business, still to merit and to receive a continued and increased patronage

The materials used in his office are entirely new, and have been selected with great care, from the best foundries in the country.

*** The valuable services of Mr HART will be continued, and none but the most experienced workmen in *every* department, will be employed. Particular attention paid to accuracy and superior mechanical finish. TERMS MODERATE.

BENJAMIN H. PENHALLOW.
Lowell, Dec. 17th, 1846. A3m

MESSENGER'S NOTICE.

MIDDLESEX, ss—Lowell, Dec. 19th, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery within and for the County of Middlesex, against the estate of LORENZO STEVENS, of Bedford, in said county, butcher, an insolvent debtor, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

The first meeting of the creditors of said Stevens will be holden at the office of the said Master in Chancery, on Central street, in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when and where creditors will come prepared to prove their debts, and then proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate of the said Stevens, and to do such other business in relation to said estate as may then come before them

dec 22a3t JOS. BUTTERFIELD,
Dep. Shff. Messenger.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of Ebenezer Sargent of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, laborer, an insolvent debtor, and that the second meeting of the creditors of the said Sargent, will be holden at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott, a Master in Chancery in and for said County, on Central street, in said Lowell, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of December inst at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Sargent may be present to prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.
Lowell, Dec. 21 1846. a3t

HARPER'S PUBLICATIONS.

THE Useful Arts; considered in connection with the application of science, &c, by J. Bigelow, M. D. Robinson Crusoe, Illustrated; a new and improved edition, with fifty characteristic cuts. The Juvenile Companion, a book for the fireside, comprising historical and biographical anecdotes and other selections suitable for the young. Guide to Wisdom and Virtue or Parental instructions, designed for young persons of either sex, selected mainly from the writings of an eminent Physician.

For Sale by J. E. SHORT & Co, corner of Merrimack and John streets.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estate of Joseph Schofield late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons, indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

JOHN W. GRAVES, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 1 1846. 22a3w

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator to the estate of Maria Fagan late of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons, having demands upon the estate of the said Maria Fagan are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are called upon to make payment to

PATRICK FAGAN, Administrator.
Lowell Dec. 2, 1846 dec3a3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the city, are requested to present them, duly approved, to the Auditor on or before the 25th of Dec, as it is very desirable that all expenditures for the present year should appear in the Auditors Report for the year 1846.

JOHN G. LOCKE, Auditor.
Auditors office, Dec. 14 1846. At dec 30.

BOSTON AND LOWELL RAILROAD.



ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Boston and Lowell trains, leave Boston at 7, 9, and 11 A. M., and 2½ and 4½ and 6 P.M.

Leave Lowell at 7¼, 8½, and 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 5½ P. M., or on the arrival of the trains from Nashua and Concord.

The Trains from Boston at 11, A. M. and 4½ P. M., will not stop to leave Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The Trains from Lowell at 8½, A M., and 1½, P. M. will not stop to take Passengers at Medford or South Woburn.

The trains from Lowell at 4½ and 5½, P. M. will not stop to *leave* Lowell Passengers, at Billerica Mills, Billerica, and Tewksbury, or Wilmington; Passengers for these stations can go from Lowell by the Wilmington Branch train at 5, P. M.

FARE 65 CENTS.

THE WOBURN BRANCH TRAIN

Leave Woburn Centre at 7½ and 9½ A. M.—1½ and 4½ P. M..

Leave Boston at 8¼ and 11¾ A. M.—3 and 5 P. M.

☞These trains stop for Way Passengers at Special Stations, and new stopping places will be established when required.

FARE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

WALDO HIGGINSON, Agent
nov2tf Boston and Lowell Railroad Corporation.

NEW WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned will open on the first of January next, at Dracutt, Central Village, an institution for the treatment of diseases according to the most approved method of the Water Cure. From his experience in the practice of medicine and Surgery and his personal knowledge of the Hydropathic treatment as practiced at the best establishments in Europe, which he has recently visited, the undersigned confidently invites those who wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the system to place themselves under his care—with the assurance that no establishment of the kind possesses superior advantages.

The location is a beautiful one on the bank of the Merrimack, overlooking the city of Lowell, from which it is distant only ten minutes' walk, while at the same time it is in a beautiful rural district, affording every incentive to out-door exercises, so essential to invalids who would derive the greatest benefit from the treatment.

The house is nearly new, commodious, and well furnished throughout—sufficiently spacious to accomodate 50 patients; and so arranged and fitted up as to render the institution an attractive boarding place rather than an ordinary hospital for the sick. The water is of the best quality, abundant in quantity, and the hydropathic arrangements throughout are unsurpassed.

☞No pains will be spared to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of the patients, as well as to their restoration to health.

P. S. Letters should be addressed (post paid) to

E. P. EASTMAN.
Lowell dec. 12 1846. At f.

GREAT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c.

ANDREW C. WRIGHT, 84 Merrimack Street, will sell his new, Rich and Fashionable stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c. &c.,

as *Cheap*, or *Cheaper*, than ever before offered in this City, or elsewhere.

He has just received in addition to his former Stock, an Extensive Assortment of *BOOTS, SHOES, &c.*, which having been bought Very Low, will be sold equally low

Also, Ladies and Gentlemens' India Rubbers, selling very cheap. Those in want of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., of any description, will find it for their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞*ALL OF THE ABOVE ARE FOR CASH.*☜

Mind! Call at A. C. WRIGHT'S, No. 84 Merrimack Street, under Concert Hall, the Cheapest Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store in Lowell

L. D. BOISE,—*MERCHANT TAILOR*,

31 Central street, opposite the Post Office.

HAS just received and is now opening one of the best assorted stocks of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever offered in this city, which will be sold at extremely low prices; and having in his Tailoring department secured the services of Mr J. J. ATWATER, who has been in the employ of one of the best Tailoring establishments in the country he now feels better than ever prepared to execute orders for every description of Clothing.

Mr J. H. CHASE would improve this opportunity to say that he can be found at the above named place, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

Wanted—8 Coat. 3 Vest and 4 Pant makers, s10

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.

The undersigned will leave Boston early in December for Washington City, at which place he will remain during the session of Congress, and will be happy to attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress or either of the Executive Departments. For a number of years a resident of that City, and during a portion of that time connected with one of the Departments, his knowledge of the manner of transacting such business will give to all matters entrusted to his care great facility, and ensure a more speedy adjustment than under ordinary circumstances.

ADDESS, (Post Paid,)

B. H. CHEEVER,
No. 6. MERCHANTS' BANK BUILDING.

Refer to
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER,
" RUFUS CHOATE,
" CALEB CUSHING,
" ROBERT RANTOUL, JR. A1mdec3

ANNUALS FOR 1847.

LEAFLETS of Memory with five Illustrated engravings and seven mezzotit engravings. The Diadem with ten engravings, the Evergreen with 12 engravings, the Bouquet of tokes of friendship Illustrated by ten elegant Bouquet's of Flowers by J. Arkerman.—The Floral Year, Embellished with twelve Boquet's of flowers drawn and colored from nature. The Opal Friendship Offering, Amaranth, Christian, Keepsake Moss Rose, Rose of Sharon, Ladies Album, Forget me Not, Gift of Friendship, the Rose, the Mayflour, Christmas Blossoms. Just received and for sale by

MERRILL & HEYWOOD.
nov14 23 Central St.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed Assignee of the insolvent estate of OLIVER WENTWORTH, of Lowell in the County of Middlesex, carpenter, an insolvent debtor that, and the second meeting of the creditors of the said Wentworth, will be holden at the office of Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in Chancery, in and for said County, on Central street in said Lowell, on SATURDAY, the nineteenth day of December, inst. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the creditors of the said Westworth may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery.

E. A. ALGER, Assignee.
Lowell Dec 7th 1846. A3t

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the third meeting of the creditors of SAMUEL K. HUTCHINSON of Lowell in the county of Middlesex manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; will be holden at the office of the Hon Josiah G. Abbott, a master in chancery in and for said county on Central Street, in said Lowell on Saturday the twenty sixth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place creditors of the said Hutchinson may be present and prove their claims. Per order of said Master in Chancery,

PETER R. MOORE, Assignee.

THE HOWARD HOUSE.

BY GALUTIA HEATH,

Middlesex Street, opposite the foot of Howard Street,

1y LOWELL, MASS.

Boys' Clothes.—HUGH McEVOY has just received a large lot of Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, to be sold at the very *lowest* cash prices.

☞*Call and examine.*☜

No. 2 Cabman's Block, Central St. nov

BRYANT'S POEMS.

The Poetical Works of William Cullen Bryant—a superb edition with twenty elegant engravings, by E. Bryant Just received & for sale by Merrill & Heywood.

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. B. PATCH.

OFFICE—*Commercial Square—Opposite corner of Market and Central streets.*

On hand, at all times, a good assortment of Oak and Pine WOOD, which will be sent to any part of the city in such quantities as may be wanted. He will also buy Furniture of those who wish to sell at private sale.—Regular day for sale of Furniture is SATURDAY.

E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale—One Tenement in a Cottage of Two Tenements on North street. Said tenement contains seven well finished rooms. Connected with the same is a good garden and a well of good water, Wood Shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of E. B. PATCH or of Messrs. Fletcher & Edwards.

Also, 1 tenement on Forest street, with about 7000 ft. of Land. Said Tenement contains 6 well finished rooms and a well of good water.

Enquire of JOHN EDWARDS or of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale.—A block of Houses recently owned by J. M. SMITH, at the corner of Lowell and Adams streets—it will be sold on such terms as to make it a first rate investment. Enquire of E. B. PATCH.

At Private Sale or will be exchanged for Dry Goods about 75,000 feet of land on School street near the new Pawtucket Falls. The above is situated upon the highest point of land in that neighborhood and commands an extensive view of Lowell and the surrounding country, and is in a neighborhood where land most rapidly advances in value. *Also*, 4 pleasant Building Lots on Chapel Hill, 2 on Gorham St., and 1 on Charles street.

BY S. C. SHAPLEIGH.

Auction and General Commission Merchant.—Office —No. 1, Commercial Square.—

Stock of a Stove Dealer.

On SATURDAY, Jan. 2nd, at Office, at 10 o'clock A. M. Consisting of some 15 new and excellent, modern improved Pattets, of wood and coal, cooking, parlor and Office Stoves.

The Cooking Stoves comprise all the desirable patterns in the market, of different sizes, with the apparatus complete for wood and coal. Dealers, and those in want for their own use, will find this a favorable opportunity, as it comprises the entire Stock of a Dealer in this City who is relinquishing business, and every article will be sold without reserve.

At Private Sale. Genteel Residence in Belvideer.—That large, Commodious and substantially built house situated on the south corner of Nesmith and Chestnut Streets, Belvideer, owned and occupied by Rev Mr. Atkinson.

Said House consists of 10 neatly furnished and very conveniently arranged rooms, well supplied with closets and other conveniences, with the best of water brought into the House. The Lot of Land is large and neatly fitted up. A very delightful residence for a genteel family and will be sold at a moderate price, if applied for soon.

Possession given immediately if desired. Apply to S. C. Shapleigh.

At Private Sale.

Just received from Woodruffe's Thermometer Manufactory all sizes of Thermometers from $5.00 to 50 cts. each, various patterns, for sale by the dozen or single, and warranted correct.

PRESENTATION BOOKS FOR 1847.

The Diadem for 1847—a Present for all seasons, with ten elegant engravings. The Floral Offering—a token of friendship, edited by Frances S Osgood, and illustrated with ten beautiful boquets of flowers, The Evergreen—a Christmas, New Year's & Birthday Gift, embellished with ten elegant engravings. Friendship's Offering—a Christmas, New Year, and Birthday present, containing nine fine mezzotint engravings. Christian Keepsake and Missionary Annual—containing nine beautiful illustrations, and bound in embossed morocco.

Rose of Sharon—a Religious Souvenir—edited by Miss S C Edgarton—illustrated by nine steel plates.

The Amaranth, or Token of remembrance—a Christmas and New Year's Gift, bound in morocco, full gilt.

The Mayflower—edited by Mrs E. Oakes Smith, bound in elegant embossed morocco, and embellished by nine superb engravings. Laurel Wreath—containing ten embellishments Christmas Blossoms and New Year's Wreath—bound in cloth, full gilt, one of the finest periodical annuals that has ever been issued.

The Gift of Friendship a Token of remembrance—bound in morocco, full gilt. The Hyacinth, or Affection's Gift—a Christmas New Year's and Birthday Gift.

For sale by J. E. Short & Co. corner of Merrimack and John Streets.

MIDDLESEX, ss.

To the heirs at Law and others interested in the estate of DANIEL B. DAME, late of Lowell in said County, mason deceased. Greeting.

[L. S.] WHEREAS a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to me for Probate by Betsy Dame, the Executrix therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a court of probate to be holden at Cambridge in said county, on the second Tuesday of January next, to show cause, if any you have, either for or against the same. And the said Betsey is ordered to serve this Citation by giving personal notice thereof to all persons interested in said estate, living within thirty miles of said Court, seven days, at least previous thereto, and by publication hereof in the Lowell Advertiser, printed in Lowell, three weeks successively, the last publication to be ten days at least before said Court.

Dated at Lowell this first day of December, A. D. 1846. S. P. P. FAY, J. Prob.

RECEIVERS NOTICE.

IN the case of WILLIAM SMITH in Equity, against BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, now pending in the supreme Judicial Court in this county, the subscriber has been appointed Receiver, to take possession of the assets, books, notes, dockets, papers vouches, and personal property of the partnership heretofore existing between said parties, and to collect said debts, and convert said assets and property into money. And the said parties are severally under injunction from the Court, not to receive any money from any debtors of said partnerships until further order from the Court—but all payments from such debtors are to be made to the subscriber at his office on Central Street.

Lowell Oct. 31, 1846. SETH AMES.

BLANK BOOKS.—MERRILL & HEYWOOD, 23 Central st. manufacture and keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Blank Books of all sizes and in various styles of binding, from which sets of books can be selected which will be warranted to give satisfaction. Banks, Insurance, Railroad, Manufacturing Companies, Merchants and others furnished with Account Books made of superior paper, ruled and bound in any style required. Also, Pass Books and memorandums of all sizes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. nov19

QUADRILLE BAND.—MR. C. S. DICKINSON of Lowell, and J. K. KENDALL of Boston, Professor of the Clarionet, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lowell and its vicinity that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, &c., to any number of pieces that may be required. Their Band consists of Violin, Clarionet, Post Horn, Harp and Opherlide, with all the most approved modern Music now used for Dancing.

All orders left with Messrs Dickinson or Kendall, will receive prompt attention.

Lowell, Nov. 17 1846. nov A3m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed assignee in the matter of NEWELL R. BURBANK of Dracutt in the County of Middlesex, Painter, an insolvent debtor; and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Burbank will be held at the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott a Master in chancery for said County on Central st., in Lowell in said county, on Saturday, the twelfth day of December inst, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims. EDWARD S. LEAVITT

Lowell, Dec 3, 1846. Assignee.
A3w

MENARD AND STONE, Merchant Tailors, 91 Wash st., Boston, over Bigelow & Brothers, have just received every variety of new and desirable goods for gentleman's wear, and are prepared to manufacture to order, garments in a most perfect manner. In point of workmanship our establishment cannot be surpassed in the United States. o1a3m.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

THERE are the most conclusive reasons why that class of medicine denominated "*Patent*," should be made the means of inculculable and enduring blessings to the human family. Suppose, for example, that a high order of talent, long and sagacious observation, and great medical learning and experience are brought to bear upon the invention and manufacture of a *Pill*.—Why may not this long devotion to this division of medical science be crowned with the success that attends the sacrifice of similar talents and toil in other things? There is no reason; and it is but the simplest dictate of the simplest common sense to say, that a Pill thus produced will be as perfect an article as can be made by man. *Twenty-five years devotion* to any one subject will give a man of ability the mastery over it. This labor has been bestowed upon the

GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS;

and they are presented to the public with claims unparalleled in the whole history of medical science.

It will be seen, in tracing the history of all great inventions, that they were not made or discovered until the arrival of what may be termed *the fulness of time*.—The mariner's compass, for instance, was not invented until in the "fulness of time" it was needed. The *loadstone* always lay at man's feet, but he never knew what a wonderful and warrieg guide was treasured in its silent bosom, until the Divinely appointed time drew near when distant continents and islands were to be unveiled. Behold it now transfered to the pinnacle of the adventurous sailor, enabling him to launch far away upon unknown Oceans, instead of timidly sailing within sight of familiar land-marks!

So with the discovery of the New World, upon whose shores was to arise this Giant Nation to a power, a glory, a mission far beyond the conception of the wildest fancy. The Old World had reached its highest destiny; the "fulness of time" drew near for the revelation of the New, and behold the immortal Columbus, from the forecastle of his drenched and leaky vessel, found it! So with the invention of printing, of steam, of the magnetic telegraph. Each of these had its own "fulness of time," marked, distinct and Providential.

☞ In medical science the same great philosophical principle is equally marked. Most beautiful are the illustrations and proofs of this which are to be found in the history of the World. We can trace them from the Mosaic dispensation down to the present hour: all of them teaching us the lesson and giving us the hope that *something yet better* to heal human maladies is yet at hand. That this principle is the true of Medical as of Physical science is clearly shown in the GRAFENBERG GAZETTE, which is furnished gratuitously to all who wish it.

THE GRAEFENBERG PILLS,

are deemed by all who have tested them to be an inconceivable advance upon all other medical combinations and discoveries hitherto known, and they are announced as

THE GREAT REMEDIAL TRIUMPH.

The inventor of these Pills rests his theory upon no school nor dogma of ordinary medical teachers. Planting himself upon the revelation of the

ALMIGHTY CREATOR

THAT

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

He requires his disciples and his patients *make pure the the life-current* that leaps through their veins and arteries, before they can hope for a permanent cure. Relief he can give them, and so can others; but bright and joyous health must come from a pure blood.

But a most sad thought here comes in! So countless are the impositions which are practised upon the public by pretenders, and so numerous and boastful are the medicines advertised, that the reader may be slow to believe in this Great Remedy. A word, therefore, on this point.

In the first place, read the GRAEFENBERG GAZETTE. No matter how sceptical you may now be that paper will convince you. Thousands have been convinced in every State and Tarritory in the Union, and among them distinguished statesmen, jurists, clergymen, physicians, civilians. The bare enumeration of their names would fill this page. Let the reader send to the most convenint agency for a copy of the Gazette, which can be had GRATIS!

In the second place, *try the Pills*. It will cost but the merest trifle, and will introduce you to a medicine which you will deem a blessing to the end of your days.

A thousand things press upon the mind of the advertisers which they would rejoice to say to the reader, but the limits of this advertisement forbid. But let any one afflicted with the following diseases make trial of the Graefenberg Pills, and they will be *permanently cured!*

Asthma,	Flatulency,
Billious Complaint,	Fluor Albus, or Whitee,
Boils,	Gastric Fever.
Bowels, deficient action.	Green Sickness,
Breast Pang,	Gripes,
Catarrh,	Heartburn,
Constipation,	Head Ache,
Cough of Pregnancy,	Hysterics,
Costiveness,	Incontinence of Urine,
Diarrhœa,	Indigestion,
Difficult Breathing,	Inflamation of Vital Ports,
Dyspepsia,	Inflamation of the Stomach,
Dyspeptic Consumption,	Jeandice,
Digestion imperfect,	Liver Complaints,
Determination of Blood to the head,	Low Spirits,
	Menstreation, Suppressed or Painful,
Ear Ache,	Nervous Disorders;
Erysipilas,	Nausalgin,
Epilepsy,	Rheumatism,
Fever—Low, Nervous,	Stomech, various diseases,
Intermittent, Remitteal,	Whites.
Fever and Ague,	

In all billious or chronic disorders, these Pills achieve the most wonderful triumph. Here they defy competition. And as the susceptibility of the American constitution is to these diseases they are aptly styled by some

THE PILL OF THE NEW WORLD.

Their wonderful efficacy in those complaints arise from their power to open the Pores: cleanse and strengthen the Stomach and Bowels: make the Urine flow healthily and clear: and to give tone and strength to the system.

It is impossible within the limits of an ordinary advertisement, to give the reader the reasons for the most extraordinary success and spread of these Pills. But reasons do exist, which have abundantly satisfied the minds of thousands in this country; and among them the accomplished Physicians, Jurists, Clergymen and private citizens, male and famale.

Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of these Pills might be presented; but a certificate in these days is scarcely worth the paper on which it is printed. A few extracts from the correspondence of the Company, will however, be now given.

FROM INDIANA:

"Your enterprise is the enterprise of the day. Its magnitude will astonish its originators. It is destined to effect a complete revolution in the medical world."

FROM A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IN WESTERN NEW YORK:

"I have sold a number of boxes to the citizens of this place. They have given entire satisfaction, and they are destined to become the most popular Pill of the day."

FROM TOLEDO, OHIO:

"Having heard so much, and witnessed two or three cases treated in the mode directed by your Journal, I have thought it important you shou'd have an agent in this place. In my opinion more good can be done in this bilious climate by your medicines, than by the old modes. I address you at the instance of a friend who is making a thorough trial of your remedies, and with complete success."

FROM A DISTINGUISHED GENTLEMAN OF BOSTON.

Gentlemen,

I cannot refrain from troubling you with a few lines to express my great pleasure, in being able to say, that I have experienced the greatest relief from the effect of your Pills. For many years I have suffered much from consumption, which has disarranged my whole system, and I have not known a day's good health for many years past, and being an old man I despaired of ever again enjoying life; but a friend recommended me to try your Pills, which I did, although, without any confidence; the result, I am happy to inform you has far exceeded my expectations, the cause of my suffering is nearly removed, and I feel my health and strength daily renewed, and I am satisfied that the merits of your Pills, when tested, must be acknowledged by the whole community, and will become the most popular medicine of the day.

FROM JUDGE——OF GEORGIA.

Sir,

Since writing to you last upon the subject of my health I have been taking your medicine, and am pleased to say, that they have been of the greatest service to me and if they continue to give me the relief I have already felt, shall bless the day you sent them. I need not allude again to the sufferings I have before told you of; but intend to persevere, and hope to be able the next time I write, to give you the happy intelligence of a perfect cure. I have heard of many instances in my neighborhood wherein they have performed same extraordinary cures.

FROM AN EPISCOPAL BISHOP:

Gentlemen—I consider it to be the duty of every Christian to make known to the world any advantages that they may have derived by accident or from any discovery of their own, and with this sentiment strongly impressed on my mind, I feel great gratification in having it in my power to speak in the highest terms of the valuable discovery you have made in the production of your Pills. I was induced to try them, from the philosophical manner in which you have reasoned on the subject, and I must do myself the pleasure, and you the justice to say, that I had no conception so speedy an effect could be arrived at. My complaint has been that of the Liver, from which I despaired of getting better; but since taking your Pills, I find my general health, spirits and appetite so much improved that I hope to find myself emabled to endure, without bodily suffering, the duties of an arduous Profession.—In future I will send to your agent for more Pills when needed. With great consideration and gratitude, I am, &c.

From every section of the entire country similarf testimonials are daily received, but our limits forbid further extracts. ONCE THIRD, the GRAFENBERG PILLS SUPERCEDE ALL OTHERS.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

49 John street, New-York.

In towns where there is no branch, the Company will appoint one on application by letter, (post paid) or otherwise.

Persons wishing the Pills sent by mail, can order them.

OTIS BROADERS & CO., *Boston*. General Agent for the States, of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New Hempshire and Maine. Agent for Lowell, Olive March. ALY nov 24.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, *For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the system, viz:*—Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

The value of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending.—It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and portability, and when diluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative medicine.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary:

NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in malignant sores on the head, body and limbs.—Different physicians in Newark, Belleville and New-York prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr Oliver was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About two months ago I became acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing, only to shrink from being touched even by her mother. The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours,

C. J. WARNER,
Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.

Further Testimony.—The following is an extract from a letter received from Rev. William Galusha:

BERKSHIRE, Vt., Oct. 22d, 1845.

MESSRS. SANDS: I have been afflicted with a severe pain in my side, occasioned by a diseased liver, for the last twenty years; suffering at times what language cannot convey, but since taking your Sarsaparilla I have been greatly relieved, so much so that I have been able to attend to my business, and preach occasionally for the last fifteen months. I wholly discarded all other medicine, and thoroughly tried the Sarsaparilla, which I can recommend in truth and sincerity to all those who are in any way afflicted with any species of scrofulous complaints. There have been some remarkable cures effected by its use in this vicinity. Mrs I. Shaw, by the use of six bottles, was restored to better health than she had before enjoyed for ten years, and Mrs W. Stevens, who had been severely afflicted with Erysipelas, was entirely cured by the use of a few bottles.

Yours, truly, WM. GALUSHA.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficiency, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100, Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by G. H. CARLTON & Co., Lowell; E. S. Russell, Nashua; D. Andrews, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Brown, Andover; James Green & Co., Worcester; S. W. Fowle, Boston, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla and take no other. A&Plyaug29c3t

---

DR PEIRCE'S BITTERS AND SYRUP.

INDIAN RESTORATIVE BITTERS AND SPIKENARD AND DANDELION SYRUP.

Recommended for the cure of Jaundice—Liver Complaint—Scrofula, or King's Evil—Salt Rheum—Erysipelas—Rheumatism—Ring Worm—Scald Head—Ulcers—Inflammation of the Liver—Cutaneous Eruptions—Piles—Blotches—Cancers—Nervous Affections—Costiveness Fever and Ague—Dyspepsia—Worms—Syphilitic Diseases, &c., &c.

THE efficacy of these medicines can be shown from numerous testimonials of cures of the diseases named and others not enumerated.

Mr John Downing of Portsmouth, N H., testifies that by the use of the Bitters alone he was cured of a *violent fever*.

Mr John Foss of Dover, N H., of King's Evil, from which he nor his friends expected him to recover.

A lady in Portsmouth was cured of Ulcers on the bowels from which she had suffered for years.

Mr Alfred H. Flanders, of Lowell, had been badly poisened, was covered with large sores. Cured by the use of *two bottles* of Bitters and Syrup

Mrs White, of Fairhaven, Mass., cured of Rheumatism of long standing; and her son of Bowel complaint after having suffered its ravages for seven weeks!

Numerous other instances might be mentioned of cures in Boston, Lowell, and other places, in which patients have had violent Humors—Worms—Rheumatism—Fevers—Dyspepsia—Nervous Affections—General Debility—Diarrhea, &c., &c.

☞ Dr. Peirce is agent for the sale of Dr. Fleming's Instruments for support in cases of bodily weakness, viz.: *Patent Spring Pad Supporter*, for Piles, falling of the Womb, &c.; *Patent Spring Riding Belt*, and his improved *Elastic Shoulder Brace*. All these instruments are of superior construction, and may be advantageously employed in cases of deformity and diseases.

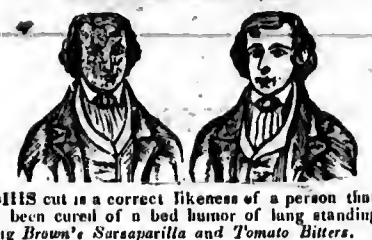
Dr. Peirce has also obtained a small *Galvanic Battery*, which enables him to employ a means remarkably efficient in the treatment of disease.

For medicine or advice, application may be made at his residence, corner of Moody and Austin sts., Lowell.

Medicine may be found also at the Store of Churchill & Thompson, No. 42, Commercial Square, Central st., (nearly opposite the Postoffice,) and of L. C. Lincoln (corner of Merrimack and Bridge Streets.

January 12, 1846. lnwa&ol+jan13

F. BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA AND TOMATO BITTERS



THIS cut is a correct likeness of a person that has been cured of a bad humor of long standing, by using *Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters*. Who will or can have the least doubt but the above named medicine is best article now in use for the following complaints, (after reading the following certificates,)—Bad Humors, Dyspepsia, Jaundice. Costiveness is cured by them in a short time, after all other medicine has failed. Give them one trial and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the above assertion. Be sure and always ask for Brown's, as there are imitations and counterfeit articles sold, which are no cure like the genuine, (which is prepared and sold by Frederick Brown,) than cold water.

These excellent Bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Jaundice, loss of Appetite, General Debility, Faintness and sinking of the Stomach, lowness of spirits, Costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, Diarrhœa, Weakness, Dizziness, Cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, Hectic Fever, night Sweats, Nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are so exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentery employments, and have been extensively used by clergymen, editors, printers, clerks, seamstresses, and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quantity of the blood and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the lovalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, *They can never do the least injury in any case whatever.*

They are kept by many persons as a *Family medicine*, and have been given to the youngest children, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

READ AND BELIEVE. A person is very apt to say, we of course would recommend our own medicine in preference to any other. For fear that remark may be said of me, I have thought it proper to subjoin a few certificates and letters from my agents, and persons that have been cured by this most valuable medicine. The following certificates and letters are from persons of the first respectability, and those that are best known in towns where they reside. Do not take my word for it, but inquire for yourselves, you will find all I have said is true. I can publish hundreds; but I think the following, which I have selected from different parts of the country, are sufficient to satisfy any unprejudiced mind.

My agent in Maine, Mr A. G. Page, sent me the following a few days since:

BATH, Me., May 28, 1844.

Mr F Brown: Dear Sir,—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful; at the same time, and for some time previous, have been troubled with a weak stomach; most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters, I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and I recommend it with much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints.

Yours, truly, WM. DONNELL.

BATH, Me., May 27, 1844.

Mr F. Brown: Dear sir,—I have some time past suffered much from jaundice and dyspepsia at the stomach, loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head, and sides, a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system.—After using a number of medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one bottle, and I feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders.

Yours, truly, FREDERICK B. SHAW.

All orders for the above Medicine addressed to the proprietor, F. BROWN, 68 Washington street, Boston, will meet with prompt attention.

Agents for Lowell—G. H. CARLTON & CO., S. KIDDER, Jr., J. C. AYER, L. N. TOWER, L. E. LINCOLN. E. Trull, Woburn; E. F. Webster, Chelmsford; S. C. Wilson, Tyngsboro'; Currier, Clark & Dearborn, Methuen; J. R. Nichols and C. B. Hall, Haverhill; Joseph Kelley, Woburn; Nicholas Winn & Co., North Woburn; J. Sawyer & Co., North Chelmsford. Sold also by Druggists and Agents generally.

*** PRICE—$1.00 a bottle,—six bottles for $5.00

apr4 adv&putly

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY,

CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, is now universally acknowledged to be the infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Spinal affections, Contraction of the Muscles, Sore Throat and Quinsy, in some Old Ulcers, Pains in the Back and Chest, Agueish Face, Tooth-ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum Burns, Croup, Frosted Feet, and all Nervous diseases

The triumphant success which has attended the application of this most wonderful medicine in curing the most severe cases of the different diseases above named, and the high encomiums that have been bestowed upon it, wherever it has been introduced, gives me the right to call on the afflicted to resort at once to the only remedy that can be relied on.

The following certificate of the restoration to health and perfect cure of a *deformed and crippled child*, who was thought to be beyond the reach of hope, shows that, no matter how appalling the case may be, there is a remedy in Hunt's Liniment, that will conquer the most desperate cases, and that, if the disease be curable, this celebrated external remedy will do it. It has *never failed* in giving immediate relief if timely applied, as proved by the abundance of high and unimpeachable testimony, the particulars of which are to be found in he pamphlets, which are to be had of every agent.

Ossining, June 10, 1845

George E. Stonton, esq.,—Sir: I feel called upon by the tie of gratitude, to offer the following testimony in favor of Hunt's Liniment. My grandson, Clarke E. Evans, who is now ten years of age, has been for the last *eight years a cripple*, caused by falling from a chair when he was two years old, and wrenching his spine. From the time of the occurrence, we have tried every means to restore him to his natural shape, but all without avail. We took him to New York and placed him under the care of a physician of skill, and after remaining there for some time, we brought him home no better than when we took him there. For several days at times he was so helpless that he could only walk by placing his hands upon his knees for support, giving him the appearance of a *deformed hunchback*. He was also taken to Nuwburg and prescribed for without any better success. At times he would be strong enough to go out doors, but after playing an hour would come in perfectly exhausted, and for several days would be again perfectly helpless. We had lost all hope of ever again seeing him restored to his natural shape or strength, but a kind Providence placed your External Remedy in my hands. I have used but four bottles, and I am rejoiced to say that the boy is now as *straight and strong* as any boy of his age. Any of my neighbors will testify to the truth of this statement. I take sincere pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of those who are suffering under the like calamity.

Yours, respectfully, RACHEL SHUTE.

This is to certify, that I am personally acquainted with the subscriber, Mrs Shute, as well as the boy alluded to, and frankly bear witness to the deformity of which he was seriously afflicted, apparently for life.—

Dated—Sing-Sing, June 9, 1845.

HENRY HARRIS, Justice of the Peace.

*** For particulars of cures, see the certificate accompanying each bottle.

HOADLY, PHELPS & CO., No. 142, Water st., wholesale Agents. Orders addressed to them, or to the proprietor, Sing-Sing, will be attended to.

Agents—GEORGE H. CARLTON & CO., JAMES C. AYER, WALKER & KIDDER, GIBBY & WILSON, Dr. SCRIBNER, C. S. EASTMAN, Lowell; E. T. Webster, Chelmsford; Henry Griffin, Westford; Wm. Kimball, Littleton; Shattuck & Co., Groton; J. P Whitney & Co., Shirley; J. B. Lane, Fitchburg

GEORGE E. STANTON.

Dated—March 19, 1846. lye&pdec16

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

DR. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

THIS Extract is put up in *quart bottles*. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient, and is particularly adapted for a Spring Medicine. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, whilst it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is successfully used in the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system.

Dr. Townsend received within the last four years, at our different agencies, more than Five Thousand certificates of cures performed, nearly one half of which were of the cases that have been pronounced incurable. We have the testimonials of Physicians, Clergymen and Statesmen, extolling its virtues. The columns of a newspaper will not allow us the opportunity of presenting but a few cases, to which we invite attention.

Dyspepsia. No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion, as this preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every case of Dyspepsia, however severe, or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we invite them to read the following indisputable testimony of gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have used it with perfect success in this and other distressing diseases.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1844.

Dr. Townsend—Sir: I have been afflicted several years with dyspepsia in its worst forms, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heartburn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomarch. I tried the usual remedies, but they had little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced about two months since to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with but little confidence—but after using nearly two bottles I find my appetite restored, the heart burn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c., W. W. VAN ZANDT.

Dr. Townsend: Being afflicted with Dyspepsia for a long time past, I have endeavored frequently to eradicate it from the system by the use of physic in various forms, but I found out at last, that the more I used physic the weaker the organs of life became, rendering uncertain the prospect of effecting a cure. Recently this complaint developed itself fearfully, causing ulcerations about the throat, trachea, imparing seriously the organs of life in their physical functions. In this state I was recommended to try your Sarsaparilla Syrup; after using two bottles I find myself relieved from this complaint and all its distressing symptoms. In my case, by its live-giving influence, it has restored the system to its natural state. My confidence in its power to effect a cure in cases of general function all derangement of the organs of life, impel me to recommend your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted. Yours &c.

JAMES McALLISTER, M. D.,
92 Broadway.

Albany, August 30, 1845.

J. W. Bouck, at the Athenæum Hotel, Broadway, son of Ex-Governor Bouck, was cured of this distressing complaint by using two bottles.

Mr Livingston, the great express Conductor, No. 10 Wall st., was relieved of the Dyspepsia of several years standing by this pleasant preparation.

Palpitation of the Heart. Mrs Sarah Collins, 200 Washington street, Brooklyn, had the palpitation of the heart, severe heartburn, fainting and sickening sensations for several years, was entirely cured by taking two bottles.

Mr Whitmore, Bergen, *N.* J., was afflicted with the palpitation of the heart, and pains in the back and shoulders so severe as to be unable to sleep nights, was entirely restored to health by using one bottle.

Sores and Ulcers. John Baxter, 117 Fulton street, cured of mercurial ulcers.

Charles Edwards, 129 Greenwich street, cured of terrible sores, which covered his whole body, attacking his throat and eyes, was eight months in Quebec Hospital, and pronounced incurable, was perfectly restored by the use of two bottles.

Severe Pains. Mrs Mc Cullum, *No.* 136 Third avenue, severe pains and dizziness in the head, informs us she is, she believes, permanently restored.

Mrs Wheelright, *No* 51 Cherry street, severe pains in the breast and side, was unable to raise a chair—took two bottles and is now enjoying good health.

Liver Complaint. Alfred T. Conklin, 335 Madison st., wife cured of the liver complaint.

Mrs White, keeps an extensive boarding house *No.* 8 State street, had liver complaint—life was despaired of—was cured by using the Sarsaparilla.

Joshua Morton, 40 Morton street, wife cured of disease of blood, and son of bad sores on head and body.

Rheumatism. The astonishing cures that this medicine has performed in cases of chronic Rheumatism, are indeed wonderful.

Dr Townsend: I was attacked with a distressing pain in my hip joint, so bad that I could not walk without crutches; and much of the time I was obliged to keep my bed. I tried several remedies, but they did not relieve me; I then called on one of the first physicians—he did not help me. I heard of your sarsaparilla, and obtained a bottle and in a few days it entirely cured me, and I am as well now as ever.

ASHBELL WALKER.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

William Lipincott, 225 Water street, was unable to leave his bed much of the time for two years, entirely cured.

Thomas P. Jones, of Haboken, inflamatory rheumatism ankles much swollen, was unable to walk without crutches—used three bottles and is now well.

Albany, Jan. 2, 1845.

Hear Mr Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from him.

Dr Townsend: I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr Semour I have conversed with two of our principal physicians and recommended your Sarsaparilla.

SETH TERRY.

Piles. Thomas Smith printer, 162 Nassau street, 3d story; cured of a long standing and aggravated case of piles.

James P Nielson, Harlem, was afflicted with the bleeding piles for seven years, was entirely relieved by using this remedy. His daughter of Erysipelas, and general female derangement.

Nervous Debility. Mrs Conquest, 137 Broom street, cured of nervous debility and a variety of complaints. This lady was so severely afflicted that part of the time she was unable to sleep, or even converse with her friends.

Small Pox. A. N. Chapin, agent for Wm Taylor, Astor House, had the smallpox very severely—he gave her this Sarsaparilla—it drove it out and dried it up directly, and left her without any scars. Mr C informs us that a friend of his residing in Jersey City, was sick with the small pox, and he advised him to use it; he done so with perfect success, and has no scars. What is most singular in these two cases is, the families used this Sarsaparilla, and all escaped the disease. From a variety of other cases that have been reported, we believe that by cleansing the blood with this Extract, it renders the person safe against this or the Erysipelas, which diseases are very prevelent and fatal at the present time in all the large cities.

Great Medicine for Females. Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, leucorrhœa, or whites, obstruction or difficult menstruation: incontinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system, no matter whether the result is inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases when families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such diseases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me—in a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefit she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public. M. D. MOOR

Albany, Aug 17, 1844. cer Grand and Lydius sts.

Canaseka, Sept 28, 1846.

Dr Townsend—To all whom this may concern: This is to certify that my wife used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla previous to her confinement, under the most alarming and delicate circumstances, being troubled with the dropsey, swelling of the feet, nervous affections, and very much debilitated; with my permission, and the recommendation of those who had used it, she was induced to try, with little or no faith—and suffice it to say, the medicine had the happy desired effect not only in the hours of confinement, but after the expiration of one week of its use, the dropsy and nervous affection gave way to an astonishing degree, and her health is now better than it had been for a long time previous. I subscribe myself your most obedient and obligde servant, S. S. JAMESON.

☞ Principal offices 126 Fulton st., New York, second door to the Sun office, and 105 South Pearl st., Albany. Wholesale and retail agent for Lowell, SAML. KIDDER, Jr., corner of Merrimack and John sts. For sale by Druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canadas.

None genuine except put in the large square bottles which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown in the glass. sep3 a6m

---

HINTS FOR THE WARM SEASON.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dissiness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea, Sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jeundice, Costiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs and Joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the skin, General Debility, &c., &c.

The DANDELION AND TOMATO PANACEA particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms. Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of *Rheumatism*, and will eradicate mercury from the system infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION AND TOMATOE PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest *Spring and Summer Medicine* now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when *Diarrhœa and Dysentery* prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief.

Jaundice Complaints are most prevalent. The symptoms of these complaints are *Drowsiness, Dimness of Sight, &c.*

It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for that worst of all maladies, *The Piles*, because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents *Costiveness*. In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil and all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and *Cleansing the Blood*, and is therefore a preventitive for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate *Humors* of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of SOUND HEALTH from the most exhausted constitutions.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail, by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., Druggist and Chemist, Easton, Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, and by all respectable Druggists and Medicine Vendors throughout the United States.

Sold at *Concord, N. H.* by Allison & Gault, McDaniel & Foster; *Manchester*, C. T. Pond, H. G. Connor; *Nashua*, T. Gay, E. S. Russell; *Nashville*, H. Jemeson.

Sold in *Lowell* by G. H. Carleton & Co., S. Kidder, Jr., and L. N. Tower. aug22&aptoctl

---

JUST PUBLISHED!

GREAT MEDICAL RE-PRINT

First American, from the Tenth English Edition.

SELF-MANAGEMENT

AND CURE OF

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS

By W. T. BUCHAN, M. D., of London, Eng.

With a portrait of the author, and engravings illustrative of the Anatomy of the Lungs. *Price only* 25 *cts.*

THIS work contains a brief and distinct description of the ANATOMY OF THE CHEST & LUNGS—an outline of Dr Buchan's *Highly Successful* method of treating Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption—an account of his NEW AND POWERFUL REMEDY—and directions for SELF-MANAGEMENT and CURE, adapted to popular use.

It is the result of nearly twenty years' practice and experiment in the city of London, and the combined experience of the most learned Physicians and Surgeons of the age forming a perfect Manual of Medical Knowledge and Advice in relation to the Anatomy of the Lungs, the Signs, Symptoms, Treatment, and Cure of Pulmonary Complaints.

This work and the Treatment which it recommends are held in the highest possible esteem in Great Britain, as the extracts from public journals, which are given in the Appendix, will abundantly show. Dr Buchan truly declares, that with this simple Gude, "*a Consumptive patient may do more for himself than any ordinary physician can do, by any of the common methods of practice.*"

Published by D. F. BRADLEE, 130, Washington street, Boston, and sold by all the Booksellers and dealers in new publications in the United States.

Price 25 cents per copy;—the usual discount to the trede.

☞ Sold in Lowell by SAM'L KIDDER, jr., G. H. CARLTON & CO.; Nashua, E. S. Russell; Manchester, H. G. Connor; Concord, N. H., Allison & Gault; Concord, Mass., F. Potter; and by all the booksellers. oavra&plyfeb14

DR. MORRILL'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA.

DR. MORRILL respectfully offers to the public this most desirable medicine, for the cure of all Impurities of the Blood:—such diseases as Rheumatism, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy, Erysipelas, Tetters, Cankers, Eruptions of the skin, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Mercurial diseases of the blood and all Chronic diseases, Swelled Joints, and all Venereal diseases, and all the various forms of secret diseases, recent or chronic.

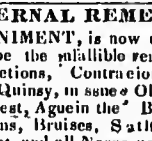
The above medicine with all his other medicine and Advice can be obtained at all times at his Office, in this city, on Middle street, or at his residence on Kirk st.

N. B. The Doctor is consulted on all diseases that the flesh is heir to. Private rooms for private patients.

Dr M. has no connection with any other Office in the city.

OFFICE, No. 9, Middle street.

PIANO-FORTES.



T. GILBERT & CO.'S Piano-fortes are of rich mahogany and rose-wood Cases, of every pattern manufactured by them, constantly kept on hand and for sale at the subscriber's Piano Wareroom, 36 Central Street. Persons wanting good instruments, and those which can be depended upon as the very best work and materials in this country, will find them in T. Gilbert & Co.'s Pianos. Every instrument will be warranted to give satisfaction and will be exchanged if they do not, or the money will be refunded. They will be kept in tune one year free of charge, by an experienced tuner from the factory, and sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

☞ These instruments are never found in an Auction Room, and they are *not* made to sell at Auction, as many are. GEO. HEDRICK,

opposite the Postoffice, Lowell, Agent for
tfmar17 T. GILBERT & CO., Boston

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS.

THE Oldest and most valuable medicine ever known for curing FITS. Sold by C. H. CARLTON & Co. City Hall; L. N. TOWER, Central st.; C. S. EASTMAN, corner of Merrimack and Central sts.; L. E. LINCOLN, Sign of the Good Samaritan, corner of Merrimack and Bridge sts., Lowell. my28A1y6m